



Dave Yost • Auditor of State

VILLAGE OF MONROEVILLE
HURON COUNTY

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Dave Yost • Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Village of Monroeville
Huron County
2 South Main Street, P.O. Box 156
Monroeville, Ohio 44847-0156

To the Village Council:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the cash balances, receipts and disbursements by fund type, and related notes of the Village of Monroeville, Huron County, Ohio (the Village) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2016.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with the financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permit; this responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the Village's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note 2 of the financial statements, the Village prepared these financial statements using the accounting basis permitted by the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D), which is an accounting basis other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), to satisfy these requirements.

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Although the effects on the financial statements of the variances between the regulatory accounting basis and GAAP are not reasonably determinable, we presume they are material.

Though the Village does not intend these statements to conform to GAAP, auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America require us to include an adverse opinion on GAAP. However, the adverse opinion does not imply the amounts reported are materially misstated under the accounting basis Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permit. Our opinion on this accounting basis is in the *Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting* paragraph below.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the *Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles* paragraph, the financial statements referred to above do not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the Village as of December 31, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position or cash flows thereof for the year then ended.

Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the cash balances, receipts and disbursements by fund type, and related notes of the Village of Monroeville, Huron County, Ohio as of December 31, 2016, for the year then ended in accordance with the financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permit, described in Note 2.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 27, 2017, on our consideration of the Village's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Village's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



Dave Yost
Auditor of State

Columbus, Ohio

October 27, 2017

Village of Monroeville
Huron County, Ohio
Combined Statement of Receipts, Disbursements,
and Changes in Fund Balances (Regulatory Cash Basis)
All Governmental Fund Types
For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

	<u>General</u>	<u>Special Revenue</u>	<u>Capital Projects</u>	<u>Totals (Memorandum Only)</u>
Cash Receipts				
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$223,326	\$21,553		\$244,879
Municipal Income Tax	577,424			577,424
Intergovernmental	62,085	117,854		179,939
Special Assessments	0		\$713	713
Charges for Services	555			555
Fines, Licenses and Permits	141,537			141,537
Earnings on Investments	6,051	1,217	1,156	8,424
Miscellaneous	21,128	49		21,177
<i>Total Cash Receipts</i>	<u>1,032,106</u>	<u>140,673</u>	<u>1,869</u>	<u>1,174,648</u>
Cash Disbursements				
Current:				
Security of Persons and Property	376,482	8,381		384,863
Public Health Services	1,149			1,149
Leisure Time Activities	27,181			27,181
Community Environment	8,644			8,644
Transportation	83,802	49,877		133,679
General Government	173,084		1,290	174,374
Capital Outlay	12,532	69,139	37,212	118,883
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement			8,447	8,447
<i>Total Cash Disbursements</i>	<u>682,874</u>	<u>127,397</u>	<u>46,949</u>	<u>857,220</u>
<i>Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements</i>	<u>349,232</u>	<u>13,276</u>	<u>(45,080)</u>	<u>317,428</u>
Other Financing Receipts (Disbursements)				
Sale of Capital Assets	1,500			1,500
Transfers In			80,975	80,975
Transfers Out	(314,417)	(9,450)		(323,867)
Advances In	363,857	30,000		393,857
Advances Out	(348,734)			(348,734)
Other Financing Sources		636		636
Other Financing Uses			(7)	(7)
<i>Total Other Financing Receipts (Disbursements)</i>	<u>(297,794)</u>	<u>21,186</u>	<u>80,968</u>	<u>(195,640)</u>
<i>Net Changes in Fund Cash Balances</i>	51,438	34,462	35,888	121,788
<i>Fund Cash Balances, January 1</i>	<u>544,381</u>	<u>301,845</u>	<u>541,896</u>	<u>1,388,122</u>
Fund Cash Balances, December 31				
Restricted		336,307	146,793	483,100
Committed			430,991	430,991
Assigned	116,203			116,203
Unassigned	479,616			479,616
<i>Fund Cash Balances, December 31</i>	<u>\$595,819</u>	<u>\$336,307</u>	<u>\$577,784</u>	<u>\$1,509,910</u>

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

Village of Monroeville
Huron County, Ohio
Combined Statement of Receipts, Disbursements,
and Changes in Fund Balances (Regulatory Cash Basis)
Proprietary Fund Type
For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

	<u>Enterprise</u>
Operating Cash Receipts	
Charges for Services	\$5,290,514
Miscellaneous	74,024
	<u>5,364,538</u>
<i>Total Operating Cash Receipts</i>	<u>5,364,538</u>
Operating Cash Disbursements	
Personal Services	472,302
Employee Fringe Benefits	129,073
Contractual Services	4,013,821
Supplies and Materials	152,727
	<u>4,767,923</u>
<i>Total Operating Cash Disbursements</i>	<u>4,767,923</u>
<i>Operating Income</i>	<u>596,615</u>
Non-Operating Receipts (Disbursements)	
Property and Other Local Taxes	11,316
Sale of Bonds	1,575,000
Sale of Notes	1,700,000
Other Debt Proceeds	653,046
Sale of Capital Assets	11,680
Capital Outlay	(648,359)
Principal Retirement	(3,731,826)
Interest and Other Fiscal Charges	(142,076)
Other Financing Sources	12,555
Other Financing Uses	(21,439)
	<u>(580,103)</u>
<i>Total Non-Operating Receipts (Disbursements)</i>	<u>(580,103)</u>
<i>Income before Transfers and Advances</i>	16,512
Transfers In	437,822
Transfers Out	(194,930)
Advances In	318,734
Advances Out	(363,857)
	<u>214,281</u>
<i>Net Changes in Fund Cash Balances</i>	<u>214,281</u>
<i>Fund Cash Balances, January 1</i>	<u>3,036,712</u>
<i>Fund Cash Balances, December 31</i>	<u>\$3,250,993</u>

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

Village of Monroeville, Ohio
Huron County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

Note 1 - Reporting Entity

The Village of Monroeville, Huron County, Ohio (the Village), is a body politic and corporate established to exercise the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. A publicly-elected six-member Council directs the Village. The Village provides general government services, water, sewer, and electric utilities, park operations, road maintenance, and police services.

Joint Ventures, Jointly Governed Organization, and Public Entity Risk Pool

The Village participates in joint ventures, a jointly governed organization, and a public entity risk pool. Notes 11, 17, and 7 to the financial statements, respectively, provide additional information for these entities.

The Village's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Village is financially accountable.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

The Village's financial statements consist of a combined statement of receipts, disbursements and changes in fund balances (regulatory cash basis) for all governmental fund types, and a combined statement of receipts, disbursements and changes in fund balances (regulatory cash basis) for the proprietary fund type which are organized on a fund type basis.

Fund Accounting

The Village uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The funds of the Village are presented below:

General Fund The general fund accounts for and reports all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the Village for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Special Revenue Funds These funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted to expenditure for specified purposes other than capital projects. The Village had the following significant Special Revenue Funds:

Street Construction Maintenance and Repair Fund – The street construction maintenance and repair fund accounts for and reports that portion of the State gasoline tax and motor vehicle license registration fees restricted for construction, maintenance, and repair of streets within the Village.

OBWC Grant – The OBWC grant fund accounts for the receipt and disbursement of grant monies for the purchase of a leaf vac.

Village of Monroeville, Ohio
Huron County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

Capital Project Funds These funds account for and report financial resources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets. The Village had the following significant Capital Project Funds:

Street Capital Reserve Fund – The street capital reserve fund accounts for the accumulation of monies reserved for street maintenance and repair projects.

General Fund Capital Reserve Fund – The general fund capital reserve fund accounts for the accumulation of monies reserved for capital expenditures for departments that are funded with general fund monies.

Enterprise Funds These funds account for operations that are similar to private business enterprises, where management intends to recover the significant costs of providing certain goods or services through user charges. The Village had the following significant Enterprise Fund:

Electric Operating Fund – The electric operating fund accounts for the provision of electric service to residential and commercial users.

Basis of Accounting

These financial statements follow the accounting basis permitted by the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Rev. Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Admin. Code Section 117-2-03 (D). This basis is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements accounting basis. The Village recognizes receipts when received in cash rather than when earned, and recognizes disbursements when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Rev. Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Admin. Code Section 117-2-03 (D) permit.

Budgetary Process

The Ohio Revised Code requires each fund be budgeted annually.

Appropriations Budgetary expenditures (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the fund, function or object level of control, and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Village Council must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end.

Estimated Resources Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus unencumbered cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must approve estimated resources.

Encumbrances The Ohio Revised Code requires the Village to reserve (encumber) appropriations when individual commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are carried over, and need not be reappropriated.

Village of Monroeville, Ohio
Huron County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

A summary of 2016 budgetary activity appears in Note 3.

Deposits and Investments

The Village's accounting basis includes investments as assets. This basis does not record disbursements for investment purchases or receipts for investment sales. This basis records gains or losses at the time of sale as receipts or disbursements, respectively.

The Village's investment in STAR Ohio is measured at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides an NAV per share that approximates fair value.

Capital Assets

The Village records disbursements for acquisitions of property, plant, and equipment when paid. The accompanying financial statements do not report these items as assets.

Accumulated Leave

In certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment, employees are entitled to cash payments for unused leave. The financial statements do not include a liability for unpaid leave.

Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Village must observe constraints imposed upon the use of its governmental-fund resources. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable The Village classifies assets as *nonspendable* when legally or contractually required to maintain the amounts intact.

Restricted Fund balance is *restricted* when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Committed Council can *commit* amounts via formal action (resolution). The Village must adhere to these commitments unless the Council amends the resolution. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed to satisfy contractual requirements.

Assigned Assigned fund balances are intended for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as *restricted* or *committed*. Governmental funds other than the general fund report all fund balances as *assigned* unless they are restricted or committed. In the general fund, *assigned* amounts represent intended uses established by Village Council or a Village official delegated that authority by resolution, or by State Statute.

Village of Monroeville, Ohio
Huron County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

Unassigned Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes amounts not included in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

The Village applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Note 3 - Budgetary Activity

Budgetary activity for the year ended December 31, 2016 follows:

2016 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts			
Fund Type	Budgeted Receipts	Actual Receipts	Variance
General	\$1,665,199	\$1,397,463	(\$267,736)
Special Revenue	212,835	171,309	(41,526)
Capital Projects	84,624	82,844	(1,780)
Enterprise	10,990,290	10,084,691	(905,599)
Total	\$12,952,948	\$11,736,307	(\$1,216,641)

2016 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures			
Fund Type	Appropriation Authority	Budgetary Expenditures	Variance
General	\$1,665,115	\$1,376,024	\$289,091
Special Revenue	214,359	146,742	67,617
Capital Projects	53,245	46,956	6,289
Enterprise	11,162,299	10,380,342	781,957
Total	\$13,095,018	\$11,950,064	\$1,144,954

Note 4 – Deposits and Investments

The Village maintains a deposit and investments pool all funds use. The Ohio Rev. Code prescribes allowable deposits and investments. The carrying amount of deposits and investments at December 31 was as follows:

Village of Monroeville, Ohio
Huron County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

	2016
Demand deposits	<u>\$1,568,030</u>
Certificates of deposit	2,795,836
Cash on hand	<u>200</u>
Total deposits	4,364,066
STAR Ohio	<u>396,837</u>
Total deposits and investments	<u><u>\$4,760,903</u></u>

Deposits

Deposits are insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation or collateralized by the financial institution's public entity deposit pool.

Investments

Investments in STAR Ohio are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book-entry form.

Note 5 – Taxes

Property Taxes

Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 preceding the October 1 date for which the Council adopted tax rates. The State Board of Tax Equalization adjusts these rates for inflation. Property taxes are also reduced for applicable homestead and rollback deductions. The financial statements include homestead and rollback amounts the State pays as Intergovernmental Receipts. Payments are due to the County by December 31. If the property owner elects to pay semiannually, the first half is due December 31. The second half payment is due the following June 20.

Public utilities are also taxed on personal and real property located within the Village.

The County is responsible for assessing property, and for billing, collecting, and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Village.

Income Taxes

The Village levies a municipal income tax of 1 percent on substantially all earned income arising from employment, residency, or business activities within the Village as well as certain income of residents earned outside of the Village.

Employers within the Village withhold income tax on employee compensation and remit the tax to the Village either monthly or quarterly, as required. Corporations and other individual taxpayers pay estimated taxes quarterly and file a declaration annually.

Village of Monroeville, Ohio
Huron County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

Note 6 – Interfund Balances

Advances

Outstanding advances at December 31, 2016 consisted of the following:

Fund Type / Fund	Due To	Due From
General Fund	\$ 348,734	
Special Revenue:		
EPA HAB Grant Fund		\$ 30,000
Enterprise:		
Electric Capital Project Fund		318,734
	\$ 348,734	\$ 348,734

The advances were made to provide working capital for work on the projects until receipt of grant and/or debt proceeds occurs. Repayment will be made upon receipt of the anticipated grant and/or debt proceeds and is expected to be repaid within one year.

Note 7 - Risk Management

Risk Pool Membership

The Village belongs to the Ohio Plan Risk Management, Inc. (OPRM) (the "Plan"), a non-assessable, unincorporated non-profit association providing a formalized, jointly administered self-insurance risk management program and other administrative services to Ohio governments ("Members"). The Plan is legally separate from its member governments.

Pursuant to Section 2744.081 of the Ohio Rev. Code, the plan provides property, liability, errors and omissions, law enforcement, automobile, excess liability, crime, surety and bond, inland marine and other coverages to its members sold through fourteen appointed independent agents in the State of Ohio.

OPRM coverage programs are developed specific to each member's risk management needs and the related premiums for coverage are determined through the application of uniform underwriting criteria addressing the member's exposure to loss. Until November 1, 2016, the OPRM retained 47% of the premium and losses on the first \$250,000 casualty treaty and 10% of the first \$1,000,000 property treaty. Effective November 1, 2016, the OPRM retained 50% of the premium and losses on the first \$250,000 casualty treaty and 30% of the first \$1,000,000 property treaty. Members are only responsible for their self-retention (deductible) amounts, which vary from member to member. OPRM had 762 members as of December 31, 2016.

Plan members are responsible to notify the Plan of their intent to renew coverage by their renewal date. If a member chooses not to renew with the Plan, they have no other financial obligation to the Plan, but still need to promptly notify the Plan of any potential claims occurring during their membership period. The

Village of Monroeville, Ohio
Huron County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

former member's covered claims, which occurred during their membership period, remain the responsibility of the Plan.

Settlement amounts did not exceed insurance coverage for the past three fiscal years.

The Pool's audited financial statements conform with generally accepted accounting principles, and reported the following assets, liabilities and equity at December 31, 2016.

	2016
Assets	<u>\$14,765,712</u>
Liabilities	<u>(9,531,506)</u>
Members' Equity	<u>\$5,234,206</u>

You can read the complete audited financial statements for OPRM at the Plan's website, www.ohioplan.org.

Note 8 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

Village employees, other than full-time police officers, belong to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer plan. The Ohio Rev. Code prescribes this plan's benefits, which include postretirement healthcare and survivor and disability benefits.

The Ohio Rev. Code also prescribes contribution rates. OPERS members contributed 10% of their gross salaries and the Village contributed an amount equaling 14% of participants' gross salaries. The Village has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2016.

Ohio Police and Fire Retirement System

The Village's full-time police officers belong to the Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F). OP&F is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer plan. The Ohio Rev. Code prescribes this plan's benefits, which include postretirement healthcare and survivor and disability benefits.

The Ohio Rev. Code also prescribes contribution rates. OP&F participants contributed 12.25% of their wages. The Village contributed to OP&F an amount equal 19.5% of full-time police members' wages. The Village has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2016.

Note 9 - Postemployment Benefits

Both OPERS and OP&F offer cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment plans, which include multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage, deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement and Medicare Part B premium reimbursements, to qualifying benefit recipients of both the traditional pension and the combined plans. OPERS contributes 2 percent of the employer contribution to fund these benefits, and OP&F contributes 0.5 percent to fund these benefits.

Village of Monroeville, Ohio
Huron County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

Note 10 – Debt

Debt outstanding at December 31, 2016 was as follows:

	Principal	Interest Rate
Ohio Water Development Authority		
Water Line Replacement Loan #2053	\$53,611	5.66%
Sewer Line Replacement Loan #2054	60,364	5.66%
Wastewater Treatment Plant Improvements Loan #2055	6,806	5.54%
Waste Water Treatment Plant Improvements Loan #2159	167,864	5.77%
Water Line Replacement Loan #3125	32,902	6.36%
Sandusky Street Sewer/CSO Regulator Removal Loan #4524	183,665	0.00%
Elevated Storage Tank Rehab Loan #5949	219,684	2.00%
WWTP Improvements Loan #6229	3,077,174	0.00%
Monroe Street Sanity Sewer Loan #7117	1,162,475	3.19%
Ohio Public Works Commission		
WWTP Improvement Loan #CT23O	330,068	0.00%
North Street Embankment Repair Loan #CT23P	57,759	0.00%
North Street Reconstruction - Phase II Loan #CI48Q	89,035	0.00%
American Municipal Power - Electric System Improvement BAN	1,365,779	1.00%
Omega JV5 Loan	440,740	2-5%
G.O. Water System Refunding, Series 2016	1,535,000	3.25%
Total	\$8,782,926	

The Ohio Water Development Authority (OWDA) loans relate to water and sewer line replacement, wastewater treatment plant improvements, regulator removal, storage tank rehabilitation, and sanitary sewer projects that were ordered by the Ohio Environmental Protection Agency or deemed necessary by the Village. The nine loans outstanding are collateralized by water and sewer receipts.

The Ohio Public Works Commission (OPWC) loans relate to waste water treatment plant improvements, a North Street embankment repair project, and a North Street reconstruction project. The loans are interest free. The Village will repay the loans through semiannual installments through the year 2044.

The American Municipal Power – Electric System Improvement BAN were issued to finance upgrades to the Village’s electric system. The Omega JV5 loan relates to the purchase of Ohio Municipal Electric Generation Agency Joint Venture 5 (OMEGA JV5) distributive generation project.

The G.O. Water System Refunding, Series 2016 bonds were issued to refinance Mortgage Revenue Bonds related to acquisition and construction improvements to the Village’s water treatment plant, water

Village of Monroeville, Ohio
Huron County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

storage facilities, and water distribution and supply system.

Amortization of the above debt, including interest, is scheduled as follows:

Year ending December 31:	OWDA Loans	Omega JV5 Loan	G.O. Water System Refunding	OPWC Loans
2017	\$167,214	\$91,533	\$89,888	\$10,451
2019	334,994	91,397	88,588	20,902
2019	333,961	91,305	92,288	20,902
2020	332,951	91,245	90,825	20,902
2021	323,005	91,158	89,363	20,902
2022-2026	1,534,330	272,979	458,088	104,512
2027-2031	1,298,889		453,402	104,512
2032-2036	769,753		451,402	86,590
2037-2041	308,715		450,463	62,277
2042-2044	277,843			24,912
Total	\$5,681,655	\$729,617	\$2,264,307	\$476,862

Note 11 – Joint Ventures

Ohio Municipal Electric Generation Agency Joint Venture 1 (OMEGA JV1)

The Village is a participant with twenty-one subdivisions within the State of Ohio in a joint venture to provide a source of supplemental capacity to the participant. On dissolution of the joint venture, the net position of the JV1 will be shared by the participants on a percentage basis. The JV1 is managed by AMP who acts as the joint venture’s agent. The Village’s net investment and its share of the operating results of JV1 ownership share of the project is 1.85 percent. Complete financial statements for JV1 can be obtained from AMP at 1111 Schrock Road, Columbus, Ohio 43229, or from the State Auditor’s website at www.ohioauditor.gov.

Ohio Municipal Electric Generation Agency Joint Venture 2 (OMEGA JV2)

The Village is a Non-Financing Participant and an Owner Participant with an ownership percentage of .57% and shares participation with thirty-five other subdivisions within the State of Ohio in the Ohio Municipal Electric Generation Agency (OMEGA JV2). Owner Participants own undivided interests, as tenants in common, in the OMEGA JV2 Project in the amount of their respective Project Shares. Purchaser Participants agree to purchase the output associated with their respective Project shares, ownership of which is held in trust for such Purchaser Participants.

Pursuant to the OMEGA JV2 Agreement, the participants jointly undertook as either Financing Participants or Non-Financing Participants and as either Owner Participants or Purchaser Participants, the acquisition, construction, and equipping of OMEGA JV2, including such portions of OMEGA JV2 as have been acquired, constructed or equipped by AMP and to pay or incur the costs of the same in

Village of Monroeville, Ohio
Huron County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

accordance with the JV2 Agreement.

OMEGA JV2 was created to provide additional sources of reliable, reasonably priced electric power and energy when prices are high or during times of generation shortages or transmission constraints, and to improve the reliability and economic status of the participants' respective municipal electric utility system. The Project consists of 138.65 MW of distributed generation of which 134.081MW is the participants' entitlement and 4.569MW are held in reserve. On dissolution of OMEGA JV2, the net assets will be shared by the participants on a percentage of ownership basis. OMEGA JV2 is managed by AMP, which acts as the joint venture's agent. During 2001, AMP issued \$50,260,000 of 20 year fixed rate bonds on behalf of the Financing Participants of OMEGA JV2. The net proceeds of the bond issue of \$45,904,712 were contributed to OMEGA JV2. On January 3, 2011, AMP redeemed all of the \$31,110,000 OMEGA JV2 Project Distributive Generation Bonds then outstanding by borrowing on AMP's revolving credit facility. As such, the remaining outstanding bond principal of the OMEGA JV2 indebtedness was reduced to zero, with the remaining principal balance now residing on the AMP credit facility. As of December 31, 2016, the outstanding debt was \$4,142,633. The Village's net investment in OMEGA JV2 was \$75,869 at December 31, 2016. Complete financial statements for OMEGA JV2 may be obtained from AMP or from the State Auditor's website at www.ohioauditor.gov.

The thirty-six participating subdivisions and their respective ownership shares at December 31, 2016 are:

Municipality	Percent Ownership	kW Entitlement	Municipality	Percent Ownership	kW Entitlement
Hamilton	23.87%	32,000	Grafton	0.79%	1,056
Bowling Green	14.32%	19,198	Brewster	0.75%	1,000
Niles	11.49%	15,400	Monroeville	0.57%	764
Cuyahoga Falls	7.46%	10,000	Milan	0.55%	737
Wadsworth	5.81%	7,784	Oak Harbor	0.55%	737
Painesville	5.22%	7,000	Elmore	0.27%	364
Dover	5.22%	7,000	Jackson Center	0.22%	300
Galion	4.29%	5,753	Napoleon	0.20%	264
Amherst	3.73%	5,000	Lodi	0.16%	218
St. Mary's	2.98%	4,000	Genoa	0.15%	199
Montpelier	2.98%	4,000	Pemberville	0.15%	197
Shelby	1.89%	2,536	Lucas	0.12%	161
Versailles	1.24%	1,660	South Vienna	0.09%	123
Edgerton	1.09%	1,460	Bradner	0.09%	119
Yellow Springs	1.05%	1,408	Woodville	0.06%	81
Oberlin	0.91%	1,217	Haskins	0.05%	73
Pioneer	0.86%	1,158	Arcanum	0.03%	44
Seville	0.79%	1,066	Custar	0.00%	4
	<u>95.20%</u>	<u>127,640</u>		<u>4.80%</u>	<u>6,441</u>
			Grand Total	<u>100.00%</u>	<u>134,081</u>

Village of Monroeville, Ohio
Huron County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

Ohio Municipal Electric Generation Agency Joint Venture 5 (OMEGA JV5)

The Village is a Financing Participant with an ownership percentage of 1.02 %, and shares participation with forty-one other subdivisions within the State of Ohio in the Ohio Municipal Electric Generation Agency Joint Venture 5 (OMEGA JV5). Financing Participants own undivided interests, as tenants in common, without right of partition in the OMEGA JV5 Project.

Pursuant to the OMEGA Joint Venture JV5 Agreement (Agreement), the participants jointly undertook as Financing Participants, the acquisition, construction, and equipping of OMEGA JV5, including such portions of OMEGA JV5 as have been acquired, constructed or equipped by AMP.

OMEGA JV5 was created to construct a 42 Megawatt (MW) run-of-the-river hydroelectric plant (including 40MW of backup generation) and associated transmission facilities (on the Ohio River near the Bellville, West Virginia Locks and Dam) and sells electricity from its operations to OMEGA JV5 Participants.

Also pursuant to the Agreement, each participant has an obligation to pay its share of debt service on the Beneficial Interest Certificates (Certificates) from the revenues of its electric system, subject only to the prior payment of Operating & Maintenance Expenses (O&M) of each participant's System, and shall be on a parity with any outstanding and future senior electric system revenue bonds, notes or other indebtedness payable from any revenues of the System. On dissolution of OMEGA JV5, the net assets will be shared by the financing participants on a percentage of ownership basis. Under the terms of the Agreement each participant is to fix, charge and collect rates, fees and charges at least sufficient in order to maintain a debt coverage ratio equal to 110% of the sum of OMEGA JV5 debt service and any other outstanding senior lien electric system revenue obligations. As of December 31, 2016 the Village has met its debt coverage obligation.

The Agreement provides that the failure of any JV5 participant to make any payment due by the due date thereof constitutes a default. In the event of a default, OMEGA JV5 may take certain actions including the termination of a defaulting JV5 Participant's entitlement to Project Power. Each Participant may purchase a pro rata share of the defaulting JV5 Participant's entitlement to Project Power, which together with the share of the other non-defaulting JV5 Participants, is equal to the defaulting JV5 Participant's ownership share of the Project, in kilowatts ("Step Up Power") provided that the sum of any such increases shall not exceed, without consent of the non-defaulting JV5 Participant, an accumulated maximum kilowatts equal to 25% of such non-defaulting JV5 Participant's ownership share of the project prior to any such increases.

OMEGA JV5 is managed by AMP, which acts as the joint venture's agent. During 1993 and 2001 AMP issued \$153,415,000 and \$13,899,981 respectively of 30 year fixed rate Beneficial Interest Certificates (Certificates) on behalf of the Financing Participants of OMEGA JV5. The 2001 Certificates accrete to a value of \$56,125,000 on February 15, 2030. The net proceeds of the bond issues were used to construct the OMEGA JV5 Project. On February 17, 2004 the 1993 Certificates were refunded by issuing 2004 Beneficial Interest Refunding Certificates in the amount of \$116,910,000, which resulted in a savings to the membership of \$34,951,833 from the periods 2005 through 2024. On February 15, 2014, all of the 2004 BIRCs were redeemed from funds held under the trust agreement securing the 2004 BIRCs and the proceeds of a promissory note issued to AMP by OMEGA JV5. This was accomplished with a draw on AMP's revolving credit facility. The resulting balance was \$65,891,509 at February 28, 2014. On

Village of Monroeville, Ohio
Huron County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

January 29, 2016, OMEGA JV5 issued the 2016 Beneficial Interest Certificates (“2016 Certificates”) in the amount of \$49,745,000 for the purpose of refunding the promissory note to AMP in full. The outstanding amount on the promissory note had been reduced to \$49,243,377 at the time of refunding as compared to its value at December 31, 2015 of \$49,803,187. The promissory note represented the February 2014 redemption of the 2004 Certificates from funds held under the trust agreement securing the 2004 BIRCs.

The Village’s net investment to date in OMEGA JV5 was \$30,476 at December 31, 2016. Complete financial statements for OMEGA JV5 may be obtained from AMP or from the State Auditor’s website at www.ohioauditor.gov.

Ohio Municipal Electric Generation Agency Joint Venture 6 (OMEGA JV6)

The Village is a Non-Financing Financing Participant with an ownership percentage of 1.39%, and shares participation with nine other subdivisions within the State of Ohio in the Ohio Municipal Electric Generation Agency Joint Venture 6 (OMEGA JV6). Financing Participants, after consideration of the potential risks and benefits can choose to be Owner Participants or Purchaser Participants. Owner Participants own undivided interests, as tenants in common in the Project in the amount of its Project Share. Purchaser Participants purchase the Project Power associated with its Project Share.

Pursuant to the OMEGA Joint Venture JV6 Agreement (Agreement), the participants agree jointly to plan, acquire, construct, operate and maintain the Project, and hereby agree, to pay jointly for the electric power, energy and other services associated with the Project.

OMEGA JV6 was created to construct four (4) wind turbines near Bowling Green Ohio. Each turbine has a nominal capacity of 1.8 MW and sells electricity from its operations to OMEGA JV6 Participants.

Pursuant to the Agreement each participant has an obligation to pay its share of debt service on the Adjustable Rate Revenue Bonds (Bonds) from the revenues of its electric system, subject only to the prior payment of Operating & Maintenance Expenses (O&M) of each participant’s System, and shall be on a parity with any outstanding and future senior electric system revenue bonds, notes or other indebtedness payable from any revenues of the System. On dissolution of OMEGA JV6, any excess funds shall be refunded to the Non-Financing Participants in proportion to each Participant’s Project Share and to Financing Participant’s respective obligations first by credit against the Financing Participant’s respective obligations. Any other excess funds shall be paid to the Participants in proportion to their respective Project Shares. Under the terms of the Agreement each financing participant is to fix, charge and collect rates, fees, charges, including other available funds, at least sufficient in order to maintain a debt coverage ratio equal to 110% of the sum of OMEGA JV6 debt service and any other outstanding senior lien electric system revenue obligations.

The Agreement provides that the failure of any JV6 participant to make any payment due by the due date constitutes a default. In the event of a default and one in which the defaulting Participant failed to cure its default as provided for in the Agreement, the remaining participants would acquire the defaulting Participant’s interest in the project and assume responsibility for the associated payments on a pro rata basis up to a maximum amount equal to 25% of such non-defaulting Participant’s Project share (“Step Up Power”).

Village of Monroeville, Ohio
Huron County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

OMEGA JV6 is managed by American Municipal Power, Inc., which acts as the joint venture's agent. On July 30, 2004 AMP issued \$9,861,000 adjustable rate bonds that mature on August 15, 2019. The interest rate on the bonds will be set every six months until maturity. No fixed amortization schedule exists. The net proceeds of the bond issues were used to construct the OMEGA JV6 Project. On August 15, 2015 the remaining balance was paid on the OMEGA JV6 Bonds.

The Village's net investment to date in OMEGA JV6 was \$75,867 at December 31, 2016. Complete financial statements for OMEGA JV6 may be obtained from AMP or from the State Auditor's website at www.ohioauditor.gov.

The ten participating subdivisions and their respective ownership shares at December 31, 2016 are:

Participant	KW Amount	% of Financing
Bowling Green	4,100	56.94%
Cuyahoga Falls	1,800	25.00%
Napoleon	300	4.17%
Oberlin	250	3.47%
Wadsworth	250	3.47%
Edgeton	100	1.39%
Elmore	100	1.39%
Montpelier	100	1.39%
Pioneer	100	1.39%
Monroeville	100	1.39%
Total	7,200	100.00%

Note 12 – Prairie State Energy Campus (68 Members)

On December 20, 2007, AMP acquired 368,000 kW or an effective 23.26% undivided ownership interest (the "PSEC Ownership Interest") in the Prairie State Energy Campus ("PSEC"), a planned 1,600 MW coal-fired power plant and associated facilities in southwest Illinois. The PSEC Ownership Interest is held by AMP 368 LLC, a single-member Delaware limited liability company ("AMP 368 LLC"). AMP is the owner of the sole membership interest in AMP 368 LLC. Construction of the PSEC commenced in October 2007.

On June 12, 2012, Unit 1 of the PSEC began commercial operation and on November 2, 2012 Unit 2 of the PSEC began commercial operation.

The Village has executed a take-or-pay power sales contract with AMP for a Project Share of 995 kW or 0.27% kW of capacity and associated energy from the Prairie State facility.

AMP sells the power and energy from the PSEC Ownership Interest pursuant to a take-or-pay power sales contract (the "Prairie State Power Sales Contract") with 68 Members (the "Prairie State Participants"). The Prairie State Power Sales Contract is, in all material respects, comparable to the Power Sales Contract for the Project. The Prairie State Bonds are net revenue obligations of AMP, secured by a master trust

Village of Monroeville, Ohio
Huron County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

indenture, payable primarily from the payments to be made by the Prairie State Participants under the terms of the Prairie State Power Sales Contract.

AMP's share of the total Project costs, including AMP's share of PSEC capital improvements through 2016, resulted in the issuance by AMP of approximately \$1.697 billion of debt. These costs include (i) AMP's costs of acquisition of its Ownership Interest and its share of the cost of construction of the PSEC, including an allowance for contingencies, (ii) capitalized interest during and after the scheduled in service dates of the two PSEC Units, (iii) costs of issuance associated with both the interim and long-term financing for the Project and (iv) deposits to the Parity Common Reserve Account for the Bonds issued to permanently finance the Project. As of December 31, 2016 the outstanding obligation on Prairie State project is \$1,576,845,000.

Note 13 – American Municipal Power Generating Station Project

The Village is a member of American Municipal Power (AMP) and has participated in the AMP Generating Station (AMPGS) Project. This project was intended to develop a pulverized coal power plant in Meigs County, Ohio. The Village's project share was 1,500 kilowatts (kW) of a total 771,281 kW, giving the Village a 0.19 percent project share. The AMPGS Project required participants to sign "take or pay" contracts with AMP. As such, the participants are obligated to pay any costs incurred for the project. In November 2009, the participants voted to terminate the AMPGS Project due to projected escalating costs. All project costs incurred prior to the cancellation and related to the cancellation were therefore deemed *impaired* and participants were obligated to pay those incurred costs. In prior years, payment of these costs was not required due to AMP's pursuit of legal action to collect them from Bechtel. As a result of a March 2014 legal ruling, the AMP Board of Trustees on April 15, 2014 and the AMPGS participants on April 16, 2014 approved the collection of the impaired costs and provided the participants with an estimate of their liability. The Village's estimated share of the impaired costs at March 31, 2014 was \$258,333. The Village received a credit of \$94,567 related to their participation in the AMP Fremont Energy Center (AFEC) Project, and another credit of \$67,837 related to the AMPGS costs deemed to have future benefit for the project participants, classified as Plant Held for Future Use (PHFU). Additionally, the Village made payments of \$165,551, leaving an estimated net credit balance of impaired costs of \$69,622. The Village has opted to leave the credit balance with AMP to offset any additional AMPGS Project costs in the future. Any additional costs (including line-of-credit interest and legal fees) or amounts received related to the project will impact, either positively or negatively, the Village's credit balance. These amounts will be recorded as they become estimable.

In late 2016, AMP reached a Settlement in the Bechtel Corporation litigation. On December 8, 2016, at the AMPGS Participants meeting, options for the allocation of the Settlement funds were approved. The AMPGS Participants and the AMP Board of Trustees voted to allocate the Settlement among the participants and the AMP General Fund based on each participant's original project share in kW including the AMP General Fund's project share.

Since March 31, 2014, the Village's allocation of additional costs incurred by the project is \$2,614, and interest on the credit balance credited to the Village has been \$1,979, resulting in a net credit balance at December 31, 2016 of \$68,987. The Village does have a potential PHFU Liability of \$69,769 resulting in a net total potential liability of \$782, assuming the assets making up the PHFU (principally the land comprising the Meigs County site) have no value and also assuming the Village's credit balance would earn zero interest. Stranded costs as well as PHFU costs are subject to change, including future borrowing

Village of Monroeville, Ohio
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Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

costs on the AMP line of credit. Activities include items such negative items as property taxes as well as positive items revenue from leases or sale of all or a portion of the Meigs County site property.

Note 14 – Combined hydroelectric projects (79 members)

AMP recently completed construction of three hydroelectric facilities, the Cannelton, the Smithland and the Willow Island hydroelectric generating facilities (the “Combined Hydroelectric Project”), all on the Ohio River, with an aggregate generating capacity of approximately 208 MW. Each of the Combined Hydroelectric Project facilities entailed the installation of run-of-the-river hydroelectric generating facilities on existing United States Army Corps of Engineers’ dams and includes associated transmission facilities. The Combined Hydroelectric Project, including associated transmission facilities, are operated by AMP. AMP holds the licenses from FERC for the Combined Hydroelectric Project.

The Cannelton Hydro facility, 88MW, in operation as of June 7, 2016, is located on the Kentucky shore of the Cannelton Locks and Dam on federal land. AMP has a FERC license for the project that expires May 31, 2041. The hydro project diverts water from the locks and dam through bulb turbines, which have a horizontal shaft and Kaplan-type turbines. The site includes an intake channel, a reinforced concrete powerhouse (to house turbine and 3 generator units), and a tailrace or downstream channel.

The Willow Island Hydro facility, 44MW, in operation as of February 4, 2016, diverts water from the existing Willow Island Locks and Dam through bulb turbines. The FERC license for the Willow Project expires August 31, 2030. Average gross annual output is 279 million kWh. The powerhouse houses two horizontal 29.3 MW bulb type turbines and generating units.

The Smithland Hydro facility, 76MW, in operation as of September 1, 2017, is located 62.5 miles upstream of the confluence of the Ohio and Mississippi Rivers. The Smithland project has a FERC license that expires May 31, 2038. The powerhouse houses three horizontal 29.3 MW bulb type turbines and generating units. Average gross annual output is 379 million kWh.

To provide financing for the Combined Hydroelectric Project, in 2009 and 2010 AMP issued in seven series \$2,045,425,000 of its Combined Hydroelectric Project Revenue Bonds (the “Combined Hydroelectric Bonds”), consisting of taxable, tax-exempt and tax advantaged obligations (Build America Bonds, Clean Renewable Energy Bonds and New Clean Renewable Energy Bonds). The Combined Hydroelectric Bonds are net revenue obligations of AMP, secured by a master trust indenture and payable from amounts received by AMP under a take-or-pay power sales contract with 79 of its Members.

In addition, AMP issued the Combined Hydro Project Revenue Bonds, Series 2016A (Green Bonds) (the “Series 2016A Bonds”) for \$209,530,000 on October 6, 2016. The bonds were used to finance final completion costs and also reimbursement to the AMP credit line, which provided interim financing for costs related to construction, fund a deposit to the Parity Common Reserve Account, deposit to Escrow Account and pay the cost of issuance of the Series 2016A. The purpose of the “Green bonds” label is to allow investors to invest in an environmentally beneficial project.

As of December 31, 2016 the total outstanding Hydro Project debt on AMP’s books is approximately \$2,175,339,706.

The Village has executed a take-or-pay power sales contract with AMP for 1,399 kW or .67% of capacity

Village of Monroeville, Ohio
Huron County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

and associated energy from the Combined hydro facilities.

Note 15 – AMP Fremont Energy Center (87 Members)

On February 3, 2011 American Municipal Power, Inc. (AMP) entered into a non-binding memorandum of understanding (MOU) with FirstEnergy Corp. regarding the Fremont Energy Center (“AFEC”). AFEC is a 707 MW natural gas fired combined cycle generation plant with a Base Capacity of 512 MW, located near the city of Fremont, Ohio. The closing date to purchase was July 28, 2011. AMP's acquisition of the plant was financed with draws on an additional line of credit for \$600,000,000 secured solely for the purpose of purchasing the plant.

To provide permanent financing for the AFEC Project on June 29, 2012 AMP issued in two series \$546,085,000 of its AMP Fremont Center Project Revenue Bonds consisting of taxable and tax-exempt obligations to (i) with other available funds, to repay the \$600,000,000 principal amount of an interim loan that financed the acquisition of the AMP Fremont Energy Center (“AFEC”) and development costs and completion of construction and commissioning of AFEC; (ii) to make deposits to the Construction Accounts under the Indenture to finance additional capital expenditures allocable to AMP's 90.69% undivided ownership interest in AFEC; (iii) to fund deposits to certain reserve accounts; and (iv) to pay the costs of issuance of the Series 2012 Bonds.

The Village has executed a take-or-pay power sales contract with AMP for a Project Share of 880 kW or 0.19% of capacity and associated energy from the AFEC facility.

On January 21, 2012 the AFEC began commercial operation. The total cost of construction of the AFEC at the date it was placed in service was \$582,200,642. This amount included a development fee of \$35,535,448 paid by AFEC participants for the account of AMP Generating Station participants who are also AFEC participants. The amount was previously recorded as a noncurrent regulatory asset at December 31, 2011. In June 2012, AMP sold 26.419 MW or 5.16% undivided ownership interest in AFEC to Michigan Public Power Agency ("MPPA") and entered into a power sales contract with Central Virginia Electric Cooperative ("CVEC") for the output of a 21.248 MW or 4.15% interest in AFEC. AMP has sold the output of the remaining 464.355 MW or 90.69% interest to the AFEC participants, which consist of the 87 members, pursuant to a take-or-pay power sales contract. As of August 31, 2016 the outstanding obligation on the Fremont Energy Center (“AFEC”) on AMP's books is \$520,620,000.

As of December 31, 2016 the outstanding AMP's outstanding debt for the AFEC Project was approximately \$520,620,000.

Note 16 – Combustion Turbine Project (33 Members)

In August 2003, AMP financed, with a draw on its Line of Credit, the acquisition of three gas turbine installations, located in Bowling Green, Galion and Napoleon, Ohio (each of which is an AMP Member), plus an inventory of spare parts. Each installation consists of two gas-fired turbine generators, one 32MW and one 16.5 MW, with an aggregate nameplate capacity for all three installations of 145.5 MW. On December 13, 2006, AMP refinanced its obligations on the Line of Credit attributable to the purchase with the issuance of its \$13,120,000 Multi-Mode Variable Rate Combustion Turbine Project Revenue Bonds, Series 2006 (the “CT Bonds”). The CT Bonds are payable from amounts received by AMP from the participating Members under power schedules. The CT Bonds are secured by an

Village of Monroeville, Ohio
Huron County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

irrevocable, direct-pay letter of credit (the “CT Letter of Credit”) issued by KeyBank. AMP is liable under a reimbursement agreement to pay all amounts drawn under the CT Letter of Credit to the extent not paid by the participating Members. The debt was retired in April, 2016. The Village has subscribed for 2,500 kW.

Note 17 – Jointly Governed Organization

Huron River Joint Fire District

The Village is a member of Huron River Joint Fire District (the District). A four-member Board of Trustees governs the District, with each member of the District appointing one board member. The member subdivisions are the Village of Monroeville, Peru Township, Ridgefield Township, and Sherman Township, all of which are located in Huron County. The District provides fire protection and rescue services within the District and by contract to areas outside the District. Financial information can be obtained by contacting the District Fiscal Officer at 130 North West Street, Norwalk, Ohio, 44857.

Note 18 – AMP Ohio Revenue Coverage

To provide electric service to the citizens, the Village is a member of Ohio Municipal Electric Generation Agency (OMEGA) Joint Ventures as described in Note 11. The Village is liable for debt related to the financing of the OMEGA joint ventures. The activity is accounted for in the Village’s Electric Operating Fund, which is reported as part of the combined Enterprise Fund Type in the financial statements. Summary financial information for the Electric Operating Fund is presented below:

Village of Monroeville, Ohio
Huron County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

	2016
Total Fund Cash Balance	\$1,474,395
Total Long-Term Debt	1,806,519
 Condensed Operating Information:	
Operating Receipts	
Charges for Services	4,214,429
Other Operating Receipts	71,658
Total Operating Receipts	4,286,087
 Operating Expenses	 3,972,690
 Operating Income	 313,397
 Nonoperating Receipts (Disbursements)	
Property and Other Local Taxes	11,316
Sale of Notes	1,700,000
Sale of Assets	11,680
Capital Outlay	(12,695)
Principal Payments	(1,790,412)
Interest Payments	(17,189)
Other Nonoperating (Disbursements)	(108)
Transfers	134,254
Change in Fund Cash Balance	350,243
Beginning Fund Cash Balance	1,124,152
Ending Fund Cash Balance	\$1,474,395

Village of Monroeville, Ohio
Huron County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

Condensed Cash Flows Information:	2016
Net Cash Provided by:	
Operating Activities	\$313,397
Noncapital Financing Activities	
Other Noncapital Financing Activities	157,142
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities	157,142
Capital and Related Financing Activities	
Proceeds of Capital and Related Debt	1,700,000
Principal Payments on Capital and Related Debt	(1,790,412)
Interest Payments on Capital and Related Debt	(17,189)
Other Capital and Related Financing Activities	(12,695)
Net Cash Used by Capital and Related Financing Activities	(120,296)
Net Decrease	350,243
Beginning Fund Cash Balance	1,124,152
Ending Fund Cash Balance	\$1,474,395

Note 19 – Contingent Liabilities

Amounts grantor agencies pay to the Village are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor. The grantor may require refunding any disallowed costs. Management cannot presently determine amounts grantors may disallow. However, based on prior experience, management believes any refunds would be immaterial.

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Dave Yost • Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Village of Monroeville
Huron County
2 South Main Street, P.O. Box 156
Monroeville, Ohio 44847-0156

To the Village Council:

We have audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the cash balances, receipts, and disbursements by fund type of the Village of Monroeville, Huron County, Ohio (the Village) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 27, 2017 wherein we noted the Village followed financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permit.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the Village's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinion on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the Village's financial statements. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Therefore, unidentified material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings that we consider a material weakness. We consider finding 2016-001 to be a material weakness.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the Village's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Entity's Response to Finding

The Village's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings. We did not audit the Village's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Village's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.



Dave Yost
Auditor of State

Columbus, Ohio

October 27, 2017

VILLAGE OF MONROEVILLE
HURON COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS
DECEMBER 31, 2016

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

FINDING NUMBER 2016-001

Material Weakness – Financial Reporting

Sound financial reporting is the responsibility of the Fiscal Officer and Village Council and is essential to ensure the information provided to the readers of the financial statements is complete and accurate.

We identified the following errors requiring adjustment to the financial statements and/or notes to the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2016:

- General Fund property and other local taxes receipts in the amount of \$179,253 were incorrectly classified as intergovernmental receipts; and
- General Fund advances in and advances out were each increased in the amount of \$348,734 in order to bring amounts reported in the annual financial report in line with actual advances in and out activity.

Additional insignificant errors were also noted for the year ended December 31, 2016. These errors were not identified and corrected prior to the Village preparing its financial statements due to deficiencies in the Village's internal controls over financial statement monitoring. The accompanying financial statements and notes to the financial statements have been adjusted to reflect the change noted above.

To help ensure the Village's financial statements and notes to the financial statements are complete and accurate, the Village should adopt policies and procedures, including a final review of the financial statements and notes to the financial statements by the Fiscal Officer and Village Council, to identify and correct errors and omissions. The Fiscal Officer can refer to the Village Officer's Handbook at the following website address for guidance on the recording of transactions:

<http://www.ohioauditor.gov/publications/AMENDEDVillageOfficerHandbook%207-12-17.pdf>

Officials' Response:

The Fiscal Officer will implement additional procedures, including but not limited to, a final review of the draft financial statements to ensure similar errors are identified and corrected before final submission of the annual report.

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VILLAGE OF MONROEVILLE

HURON COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbitt

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

CERTIFIED
NOVEMBER 16, 2017