



AVON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT LORAIN COUNTY

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Avon Local School District Lorain County 35573 Detroit Road Avon, Ohio 44011

To the Board of Education:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Avon Local School District, Lorain County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

Avon Local School District Lorain County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Avon Local School District, Lorain County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *Management's discussion and analysis* and schedules of net pension liabilities and pension contributions listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, consisting of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, to the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not opine or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to opine or provide any other assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the District's basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and is not a required part of the financial statements.

The schedule is management's responsibility, and derives from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected this information to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling this information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Avon Local School District Lorain County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 20, 2018, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Dave Yost Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

March 20, 2018

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Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017 Unaudited

The discussion and analysis of the Avon Local School District's (the School District) financial performance provides an overall review of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's performance as a whole; readers should also review the notes to the basic financial statements and financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2017 are as follows:

- Net position decreased \$6,896,323, which represents a 40% decrease from 2016.
- Capital assets decreased \$1,615,883 during fiscal year 2017.
- During the fiscal year, outstanding debt decreased from \$66,036,776 to \$64,332,305 primarily due to principal payments made by the School District. The School District also refunded \$8,415,000 of outstanding debt during fiscal year 2017, by issuing \$7,730,000 serial bonds along with a premium of \$988,859.

Using this Annual Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. The statements are organized so the reader can understand the School District as a whole entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole School District, presenting both an aggregate view of the School District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the School District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the School District, the general fund is by far the most significant fund.

Reporting the School District as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While the basic financial statements contain the large number of funds used by the School District to provide programs and activities, the view of the School District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during fiscal year 2017?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities answer this question. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017 Unaudited

These two statements report the School District's net position and changes in net position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the School District as a whole, the financial position of the School District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the School District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio which restrict revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs, and other factors.

In the *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities*, governmental activities include the School District's programs and services, including instruction, support services, extracurricular activities, and non-instructional services, food service operations and community services.

Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The major funds financial statements begin on page 17. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the School District's major funds. The School District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions; however, these fund financial statements focus on the School District's most significant funds. The School District's major governmental funds are the general fund and the debt service fund.

Governmental Funds Most of the School District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

Proprietary Fund The School District maintains one type of proprietary fund. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the School District's various functions. The School District uses an internal service fund to account for its health insurance benefits. Because this service predominately benefits governmental functions, it has been included within the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. The proprietary fund financial statements begin on page 22.

Reporting the School District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The School District acts in a trustee capacity as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units and/or other funds. These activities are reported in an agency fund. The School District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities on page 25. These activities are excluded from the School District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the School District to finance its operations.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017 Unaudited

The School District as a Whole

Recall that the Statement of Net Position provides the perspective of the School District as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the School District's net position for 2017 compared to 2016:

Table 1 Net Position

	Governmental Activities				
		Restated			
	2017	2016			
Assets					
Current and Other Assets	\$ 48,957,184	\$ 47,909,786			
Capital Assets	81,883,287	83,499,170			
Total Assets	130,840,471	131,408,956			
Deferred Outflows of Resources					
Pension	13,698,982	5,794,279			
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	13,698,982	5,794,279			
Liabilities					
Current and Other Liabilities	6,191,399	5,109,783			
Long-Term Liabilities:					
Due Within One Year	2,454,800	2,303,607			
Due Within More Than One Year:					
Net Pension Liability	62,099,459	48,428,409			
Other Amounts	65,295,135	67,228,816			
Total Liabilities	136,040,793	123,070,615			
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Property Taxes and Other	28,698,045	26,728,620			
Deferred Charges on Refunding	0	82,990			
Pension	2,238,649	3,010,219			
Payment in Lieu of Taxes	1,653,087	1,505,589			
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	32,589,781	31,327,418			
Net Position	20.204.205				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	20,391,392	20,549,415			
Restricted	4,345,944	4,019,812			
Unrestricted	(48,828,457)	(41,764,025)			
Total Net Position	\$ (24,091,121)	\$ (17,194,798)			

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017 Unaudited

During a prior fiscal year, the School District adopted GASB Statement 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an Amendment of GASB Statement 27, which significantly revised accounting for pension costs and liabilities. For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the School District's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and the net pension liability to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board standards are national and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. When accounting for pension costs, GASB 27 focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's *net pension liability*. GASB 68 takes an earnings approach to pension accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension systems and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

Under the standards required by GASB 68, the net pension liability equals the School District's proportionate share of each plan's collective:

- 1. Present value of estimated future pension benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service
- 2. Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits

GASB notes that pension obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" - that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this pension promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the School District is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of this liability. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer's promise is limited not by contract but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the pension system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension system as against the public employer. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. The pension system is responsible for the administration of the plan.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability. As explained above, changes in pension benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of the net pension liability, but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required pension payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability is satisfied, this liability is separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017 Unaudited

In accordance with GASB 68, the School District's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense for their proportionate share of each plan's change in net pension liability not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows of resources. The School District is also reporting a net pension liability and deferred inflows/outflows related to pension on the accrual basis of accounting.

At year end, capital assets represented 63% of total assets. Capital assets include land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, and vehicles. Net investment in capital assets was \$20,391,392 at June 30, 2017. These capital assets are used to provide services to students and are not available for future spending. Although the School District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A portion of the School District's net position, \$4,345,944, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The deficit balance of government-wide unrestricted net position was (\$48,828,457), which is primarily caused from GASB 68.

Total assets showed a net decrease of \$568,485 as a result of capital asset depreciation exceeding additions. This was partially offset by an increase in taxes receivable, primarily due to a decrease in advances available, and cash equivalents with fiscal agent due to charges for services for premiums outpacing claims.

Total liabilities increased \$12,970,178. Accrued wages and benefits, as well as intergovernmental payable, increased due to increased salaries and wages. The increase in long-term liabilities was primarily due to changes in net pension liability from GASB 68, offset by principal payments made and the refunding of 2003 and 2007 School Improvement bonds.

Deferred outflows of resources increased as a result of pension liability. Deferred inflows of resources increased primarily due to accruals related to property taxes.

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Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017 Unaudited

In order to further understand what makes up the changes in net position for the current year, the following table gives readers further details regarding the results of activities for 2017 and 2016.

Table 2
Changes in Net Position

Revenues Program Revenues: Charges for Services Operating Grants Total Program Revenues	\$ 2,351,126 3,332,118 5,683,244	\$ 2,150,122 3,094,260
Program Revenues: Charges for Services Operating Grants	3,332,118	
Charges for Services Operating Grants	3,332,118	
Operating Grants	3,332,118	
· ·		3.094.260
Total Program Revenues	5,683,244	- , , 0 0
		5,244,382
General Revenues:		
Property Taxes	29,331,930	29,008,887
Grants and Entitlements Not Restricted	8,228,946	7,813,317
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	2,243,083	1,607,475
Other	346,072	345,520
Total General Revenues	40,150,031	38,775,199
Total Revenues	45,833,275	44,019,581
Program Expenses		
Instruction:		
Regular	22,550,035	18,731,242
Special	8,493,416	7,223,557
Vocational	221,469	161,091
Other	722,094	912,034
Support Services:	,	,
Pupils	2,471,939	1,638,852
Instructional Staff	1,208,734	1,203,552
Board of Education	43,009	122,957
Administration	3,198,815	2,924,114
Fiscal	1,171,968	1,135,081
Business	105,258	21,848
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	3,789,607	3,311,166
Pupil Transportation	2,579,366	2,346,084
Central	280,726	303,423
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:	200,720	303,123
Food Service Operations	1,134,600	881,758
Community Services	993,909	914,988
Extracurricular Activities	1,411,766	861,190
Debt Service:	1,411,700	001,190
Interest and Fiscal Charges	2,223,041	3,000,115
Issuance Costs	129,846	3,000,113
		45 602 052
Total Expenses	52,729,598	45,693,052
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	(6,896,323)	(1,673,471)
Net Position at Beginning of Year (Restated)	(17,194,798)	(15,521,327)
Net Position at End of Year	\$ (24,091,121)	\$ (17,194,798)

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017 Unaudited

Overall revenue increased \$1,813,694, partially due to an increase in payments in lieu of taxes accruals.

Program expenses increased \$7,036,546, which can be attributed to increases in wages and benefits and pension expenses associated with GASB 68 accruals. Also, the increase in extracurricular activities is primarily caused by improvements to the stadium's parking lot and addition of a fire lane at the stadium during 2017 that was reclassified as capital assets during 2017.

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. Table 3 shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State entitlements.

Table 3
Governmental Activities

	Total Cost	of Service	Net Cost of Service		
	2017	2016	2017	2016	
Instruction:					
Regular	\$ 22,550,035	\$ 18,731,242	\$ 21,600,907	\$ 17,711,019	
Special	8,493,416	7,223,557	6,879,456	5,722,970	
Vocational	221,469	161,091	209,850	146,457	
Other	722,094	912,034	722,094	912,034	
Support Services:					
Pupils	2,471,939	1,638,852	2,259,648	1,411,611	
Instructional Staff	1,208,734	1,203,552	1,122,590	1,104,841	
Board of Education	43,009	122,957	43,009	122,957	
Administration	3,198,815	2,924,114	3,160,918	2,854,116	
Fiscal	1,171,968	1,135,081	1,171,968	1,135,081	
Business	105,258	21,848	105,258	21,848	
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	3,789,607	3,311,166	3,789,607	3,311,166	
Pupil Transportation	2,579,366	2,346,084	2,425,173	2,164,714	
Central	280,726	303,423	271,726	293,523	
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	:				
Food Service Operations	1,134,600	881,758	61,270	(70,028)	
Community Services	993,909	914,988	(275,438)	51,097	
Extracurricular Activities	1,411,766	861,190	1,145,431	555,149	
Debt Service:					
Interest and Fiscal Charges	2,223,041	3,000,115	2,223,041	3,000,115	
Issuance Costs	129,846	0	129,846	0	
Total Expenses	\$ 52,729,598	\$ 45,693,052	\$ 47,046,354	\$ 40,448,670	

The dependence upon general revenues for governmental activities is apparent. Almost 89% of governmental activities are supported through taxes and other general revenues; such revenues are 88% of total governmental revenues. The community, as a whole, is by far the primary support for the School District students.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017 Unaudited

Governmental Funds

Information about the School District's major funds starts on page 17. These funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. All governmental funds had total revenues of \$45,911,998 and total expenditures of \$48,623,044 for the fiscal year. The net change in fund balances for the fiscal year was a decrease of \$2,581,200 for all governmental funds with the most significant decrease in the general fund.

The general fund's net change in fund balance for fiscal year 2017 was a decrease of \$3,156,287. This decrease is primarily due to increases in wages and benefits.

The debt service fund's net change in fund balance for fiscal year 2017 was an increase of \$227,442. This increase is primarily from the timing of taxes collected as compared to when debt payments are due.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The School District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2017, the School District amended its general fund budget. The School District uses site-based budgeting and budgeting systems are designed to tightly control total site budgets but provide flexibility for site management.

For the general fund, actual budget basis revenue and other financing sources was \$195,305 higher than the final budget basis revenue and other financing sources of \$38,347,067. The overestimation of intergovernmental revenues was the primary difference.

Original budget basis revenue and other financing sources of \$38,347,067 was the same as the final budget basis revenue and other financing sources.

Final budget expenditure appropriations and other financing uses of \$41,312,646 were \$2,129,264 higher than the actual expenditures of \$39,183,382, due to conservative spending.

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Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017 Unaudited

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2017, the School District had \$81,883,287 invested in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation. Table 4 shows fiscal year 2017 balances compared with 2016.

Table 4
Capital Assets at June 30
(Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities					
				Restated		
		2017	2016			
Land	\$	3,603,900	\$	3,603,900		
Land Improvements		1,937,202		2,067,365		
Buildings and Improvements		74,847,083		76,403,063		
Furniture and Equipment		985,487		785,021		
Vehicles		509,615		639,821		
Totals	\$	81,883,287	\$	83,499,170		

The \$1,615,883 decrease in capital assets was attributable to depreciation exceeding capital asset additions. See Note 10 for more information about the capital assets of the School District.

Debt

At June 30, 2017, the School District had \$64,332,305 in debt outstanding. See Note 11 for additional details. Table 5 summarizes debt outstanding.

Table 5
Outstanding Debt at Year End

55
32
58
31
76
5 5 3

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017 Unaudited

Current Issues

The Avon Local School District has committed itself to a fiscal discipline based on long-term plans. The School District is financially stable. The Board of Education and administration have implemented fiscal management disciplines that utilize a variety of formal plans. They have kept to the plan of working within the five-year budget plan, finished the building and renovation projections and are working towards the next phases. The enrollment and community continue to grow at a steady pace.

The financial future of the School District is not without its challenges. These challenges are internal and external in nature. The internal challenges will continue to exist, as the School District must rely heavily on local property taxes to fund its operations. Thus management must diligently plan expenses staying carefully within its five-year forecast. Additional revenues than what was estimated must not be treated as a windfall to expand programs but as an opportunity to extend the time horizon of the five-year forecast. The School District has the necessary revenue base to support current program levels for the next fiscal year. Future revenue base is dependent upon the renewal of all emergency levies. Decisions on how to proceed about renewing those emergency levies and as well as seeking additional operational funds for the future will need to be made in a relatively short time frame.

The tax base has seemed to steady, consequently the housing market is continuing to grow. The valuation of the community grew higher than any other tax base in the county.

As the community continues to grow, State funding because a question, this will require management to plan carefully and prudently to provide the resources to meet student needs over the next several years. If the trend of continued enrollment growth, staffing needs, state funding reductions, and negotiated contract issues are realized, the School District will have to address the financial operating needs of the School District prior to fiscal year. These assumptions also include the renewal of prior approved emergency levies. All of the School District's financial abilities will be needed to meet the challenges of the future.

Contacting the School District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, Katie Henes, Treasurer, can be contacted at the Avon Local School District, 36600 Detroit Road, Avon, Ohio 44011.

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2017

	G	overnmental Activities
Assets		
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$	14,421,827
Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agent		1,364,421
Receivables:		
Intergovernmental		302,545
Payment in Lieu of Taxes		1,653,087
Property Taxes		31,157,683
Prepaid Items		57,621
Nondepreciable Capital Assets		3,603,900
Depreciable Capital Assets (Net)		78,279,387
Total Assets		130,840,471
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Pension		13,698,982
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		13,698,982
Liabilities		
Accounts Payable		527,781
Accrued Wages and Benefits		3,873,080
Contracts Payable		42,315
Intergovernmental Payable		1,186,291
Matured Compensated Absences Payable		49,926
Accrued Interest Payable		151,275
Claims Payable		360,731
Long Term Liabilities:		
Due Within One Year		2,454,800
Due In More Than One Year:		
Net Pension Liability		62,099,459
Other Amounts Due in More Than One Year		65,295,135
Total Liabilities		136,040,793
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Property Taxes Levied for the Next Year		28,698,045
Pension		2,238,649
Payment in Lieu of Taxes Levied for the Next Year		1,653,087
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		32,589,781
Net Position		
Net Investment in Capital Assets		20,391,392
Restricted For:		
Capital Outlay		740,347
Debt Service		2,361,214
Other Purposes		1,244,383
Unrestricted		(48,828,457)
Total Net Position	\$	(24,091,121)

Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Pogramental									Net (Expense) Revenue and
Page								Chan	iges in Net Position
Instruction: Regular \$ 22,550,035 \$ 914,565 \$ 34,563 \$ (21,600,907) Regular \$ 8,493,416 34 1,613,926 (6,879,456) Special 8,493,416 34 1,613,926 (6,879,456) Vocational 221,469 0 11,619 (209,850) Vocational 722,094 0 0 0 (722,094) Support Services: Pupils 2,471,939 41,159 171,132 (2,259,648) Instructional Staff 1,208,734 0 86,144 (1,122,590) Board of Education 43,009 0 0 0 (43,009) Administration 3,198,815 0 37,897 (3,160,918) Fiscal 1,171,968 0 0 (117,1968) Business 105,258 0 0 0 (117,1968) Business 105,258 0 0 0 (105,258) Operation and Maintenance of Plant 3,789,607 0 0 (3,789,607) Pupil Transportation 2,579,366 0 154,193 (2,425,173) Central 280,726 0 9,000 (271,726) Operation of Non-Instructional Services: Food Service Operations 1,134,600 775,257 298,073 (61,270) Community Services 993,909 357,069 912,278 275,438 Extracurricular Activities 1,411,766 263,042 3,293 (1,145,431) Debt Service 1,298,46 0 0 (2,223,041) Interest and Fiscal Charges 2,223,041 0 0 (2,223,041) Issuance Costs 129,846 0 0 (2,223,041) Issuance Costs 2,223,041 0 0 (2,223,041) Issuance Costs 2,223,041 0 0 (2,223,041) Interest and Fiscal Charges 5,2729,598 2,351,126 3,332,118 (47,046,354) General Revenues Payment in Lieu of Taxes 2,243,083 Investment Earnings 3,223,041 0 0 0 0 0 0 Capital Outlay 6,243,042 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		Expenses		Services		Grants, Contributions			
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Debt Service 3,553,089 Capital Outlay 717,844 Grants and Entitlements Not Restricted to Specific Programs 8,228,946 Payment in Lieu of Taxes 2,243,083 Investment Earnings 58,352 Miscellaneous 287,720 Total General Revenues 40,150,031 Change in Net Position (6,896,323) Net Position Beginning of Year (Restated-See Note 20) (17,194,798)		Prop	erty Taxes Levie	d for:					25,060,007
Capital Outlay 717,844 Grants and Entitlements Not Restricted to Specific Programs 8,228,946 Payment in Lieu of Taxes 2,243,083 Investment Earnings 58,352 Miscellaneous 287,720 Total General Revenues 40,150,031 Change in Net Position (6,896,323) Net Position Beginning of Year (Restated-See Note 20) (17,194,798)									
Grants and Entitlements Not Restricted to Specific Programs 8,228,946 Payment in Lieu of Taxes 2,243,083 Investment Earnings 58,352 Miscellaneous 287,720 Total General Revenues 40,150,031 Change in Net Position (6,896,323) Net Position Beginning of Year (Restated-See Note 20) (17,194,798)									
Payment in Lieu of Taxes 2,243,083 Investment Earnings 58,352 Miscellaneous 287,720 Total General Revenues 40,150,031 Change in Net Position (6,896,323) Net Position Beginning of Year (Restated-See Note 20) (17,194,798)				nte Not	Destricted to S	pacific	Dragrams		
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Total General Revenues 40,150,031 Change in Net Position (6,896,323) Net Position Beginning of Year (Restated-See Note 20) (17,194,798)			_						
Net Position Beginning of Year (Restated-See Note 20) (17,194,798)				ues				-	
		Chai	nge in Net Positi	on					
		Net 1	Position Reginni	ng of Y	ear (Restated-S	See Noti	e 20)		(17,194,798)
					(Itesiuicu-k	11011	0 /	\$	

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2017

	 General	 Debt Service	G	Other overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
Assets						
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$ 9,860,561	\$ 2,214,926	\$	2,302,380	\$	14,377,867
Receivables:						
Interfund	38,194	0		0		38,194
Intergovernmental	103,358	0		199,187		302,545
Payment in Lieu of Taxes	1,405,406	216,083		31,598		1,653,087
Property Taxes	26,686,033	3,715,786		755,864		31,157,683
Prepaid Items	 57,621	 0		0		57,621
Total Assets	\$ 38,151,173	\$ 6,146,795	\$	3,289,029	\$	47,586,997
Liabilities						
Accounts Payable	\$ 221,528	\$ 0	\$	306,253	\$	527,781
Accrued Wages and Benefits	3,693,107	0		179,973		3,873,080
Contracts Payable	0	0		42,315		42,315
Intergovernmental Payable	1,127,272	0		59,019		1,186,291
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	47,770	0		2,156		49,926
Interfund Payable	0	0		38,194		38,194
Total Liabilities	5,089,677	0		627,910		5,717,587
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Property Taxes Levied for the Next Year	24,587,400	3,418,223		692,422		28,698,045
Unavailable Revenue	179,021	24,927		139,700		343,648
Payment in Lieu of Taxes Levied for the Next Year	1,405,406	216,083		31,598		1,653,087
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	26,171,827	3,659,233		863,720		30,694,780
Fund Balances						
Nonspendable	57,621	0		0		57,621
Restricted	0	2,487,562		1,934,364		4,421,926
Committed	0	0		33,850		33,850
Assigned	2,259,238	0		0		2,259,238
Unassigned	 4,572,810	 0		(170,815)		4,401,995
Total Fund Balances	6,889,669	2,487,562		1,797,399		11,174,630
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of	 	 				
Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 38,151,173	\$ 6,146,795	\$	3,289,029	\$	47,586,997

Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities June 30, 2017

Total Governmental Fund Balances		\$ 11,174,630
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		81,883,287
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current- period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds. Intergovernmental Property Taxes	\$ 134,629 209,019	343,648
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.		1,047,650
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in the governmental funds, an interest expenditure is not reported.		(151,275)
The net pension liability is not due and payable in the current period; therefore, the liability and related deferred inflows/outflows are not reported in governmental funds: Deferred Outflows - Pension Deferred Inflows - Pension Net Pension Liability	13,698,982 (2,238,649) (62,099,459)	(50,639,126)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. General Obligation Bonds	(53,425,000)	
Capital Appreciation Bonds Bond Premium Accretion of Interest - Capital Appreciation Bonds Capital Lease Obligation Compensated Absences	(3,643,955) (4,166,655) (2,840,413) (256,282) (3,417,630)	(67,749,935)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	(5,117,050)	\$ (24,091,121)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	General	Debt Service	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues	4. 25.05 6.60 2		710.25 0	0.051.450
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$ 25,076,692	\$ 3,556,527	\$ 718,259	\$ 29,351,478
Intergovernmental	8,725,903	506,650	2,327,307	11,559,860
Investment Income	58,352	0	0	58,352
Tuition and Fees	914,565	0	0	914,565
Extracurricular Activities	41,343	0	262,893	304,236
Rentals	16,442 0	0	16,442	32,884
Charges for Services	102,642	0	1,132,326	1,132,326
Contributions and Donations	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		25,551	128,193
Payment in Lieu of Taxes Miscellaneous	1,921,268	280,926	40,889	2,243,083
Total Revenues	135,292 36,992,499	4,376 4,348,479	47,353 4,571,020	187,021 45,911,998
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	17,854,210	0	340,799	18,195,009
Special	7,170,366	0	784,633	7,954,999
Vocational	191,526	0	0	191,526
Other	722,094	0	0	722,094
Support Services:	,,,,,			,,,,
Pupils	2,114,663	0	155,498	2,270,161
Instructional Staff	972,202	0	138,619	1,110,821
Board of Education	41,947	0	0	41,947
Administration	2,742,250	0	43,221	2,785,471
Fiscal	1,030,755	64,143	12,671	1,107,569
Business	83,061	0	2,039	85,100
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	3,570,105	0	1,375	3,571,480
Pupil Transportation	2,377,951	0	0	2,377,951
Central	243,678	0	9,000	252,678
Extracurricular Activities	686,448	0	318,502	1,004,950
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:				
Food Service Operations	0	0	1,133,225	1,133,225
Community Services	10,300	0	1,184,742	1,195,042
Capital Outlay	11,011	0	335,161	346,172
Debt Service:	,		, in the second second	, in the second of the second
Principal Retirement	0	1,175,000	80,949	1,255,949
Interest and Fiscal Charges	0	2,881,894	9,160	2,891,054
Issuance Costs	0	129,846	0	129,846
Total Expenditures	39,822,567	4,250,883	4,549,594	48,623,044
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(2,830,068)	97,596	21,426	(2,711,046)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Proceeds of Refunding Bonds	0	7,730,000	0	7,730,000
Premium on Debt Issuance	0	988,859	0	988,859
Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent	0	(8,589,013)	0	(8,589,013)
Transfers In	0	0	326,219	326,219
Transfers Out	(326,219)	0	0	(326,219)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(326,219)	129,846	326,219	129,846
Net Change in Fund Balance	(3,156,287)	227,442	347,645	(2,581,200)
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	10,045,956	2,260,120	1,449,754	13,755,830
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 6,889,669	\$ 2,487,562	\$ 1,797,399	\$ 11,174,630

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$ (2,581,200)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.		
Capital Asset Additions	\$ 804,648	
Current Year Depreciation	(2,420,531)	(1,615,883)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		
Property Taxes	(19,548)	
Intergovernmental	(59,175)	(78,723)
Repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. General Obligation Bonds	980,000	
Capital Lease	80,949	
Capital Appreciation Bonds	195,000	
Accreted Interest on Capital Appreciation Bonds	1,030,000	
Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent	8,589,013	10,874,962
Debt proceeds issued in the governmental funds that increase long-term		
liabilities in the statement of net position are not reported as revenues.		
Refunding Bonds	(7,730,000)	
Premium on Refunding Bonds	(988,859)	(8,718,859)
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, and bond premium and the gain/loss on refunding are amortized over the term of the bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when bonds are issued.		
Accrued Interest Payable	6,655	
Amortization of Premium on Bonds (net of amount removed on refunded bonds)	229,052	
Amortization of Refunding Gain/(Loss)	38,187	273,894
Contractually required pension contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows.		3,028,947
Except for amount reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension		
asset/liability are reported as pension expense in the statement of activities.		(8,023,724)
The internal service fund used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the entity-wide statement of activities. Governmental expenditures and related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is		
allocated among the governmental activities.		502,127
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		70.017
Compensated Absences		78,017
Accretion on capital appreciation bonds is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but is allocated as an expense over the life of the bonds in the statement of activities.		 (635,881)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ (6,896,323)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual
General Fund
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			Actual		Variance with Final Budget Over (Under)		
Revenues and Other Financing Sources	\$	38,347,067	\$	38,347,067	\$	38,542,372	\$	195,305
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		41,312,646		41,312,646		39,183,382		2,129,264
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		(2,965,579)		(2,965,579)		(641,010)		2,324,569
Fund Balance Beginning of Year		9,442,368		9,442,368		9,442,368		0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		457,255		457,255		457,255		0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$	6,934,044	\$	6,934,044	\$	9,258,613	\$	2,324,569

Statement of Fund Net Position Proprietary Fund June 30, 2017

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund
Assets	
Current Assets	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$ 43,960
Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agent	1,364,421
Total Assets	1,408,381
Liabilities	
Current Liabilities	
Claims Payable	360,731
Net Position	
Unrestricted	\$ 1,047,650

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund
Operating Revenues	
Charges for Services	\$ 4,904,048
Operating Expenses	
Purchased Services	571,210
Claims	3,830,700
Other	11
Total Operating Expenses	4,401,921
Operating Income (Loss)	502,127
Net Position Beginning of Year	545,523
Net Position End of Year	\$ 1,047,650

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund	
Cash Flows From Operating Activities		
Cash Received for Charges for Services	\$	4,904,048
Cash Paid for Goods and Services		(571,210)
Cash Paid for Claims		(3,907,889)
Other Cash Payments		(11)
Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities		424,938
Cash and Cash Investments, Beginning of Year		983,443
Cash and Cash Investments, End of Year	\$	1,408,381
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities		
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	502,127
Adjustments:		
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities:		
Claims Payable		(77,189)
Total Adjustments		(77,189)
Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities	\$	424,938

Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2017

		Agency	
Assets Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments Total Assets	\$ \$	201,241 201,241	
Liabilities	a	1 221	
Accounts Payable Due to Others Due to Students	\$	1,321 128,586 71,334	
Total Liabilities	\$	201,241	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

NOTE 1: DESCRIPTION OF THE REPORTING ENTITY

The Avon Local School District (the School District) was established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The School District operates under an elected Board of Education, consisting of five members, and is responsible for providing public education to residents of the School District.

The reporting entity is composed of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements of the School District are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For the School District, this includes general operations, food service and student related activities of the School District.

Within the School District boundaries, there are various nonpublic schools. Current State legislation provides funding to these nonpublic schools. There monies are received and disbursed by the School District on behalf of the nonpublic schools by the Treasurer of the School District, as directed by the nonpublic schools. These transactions are reported as a governmental activity of the School District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the School District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to the organization; or the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves the budget, the issuance of the debt or levying of taxes. Based on the foregoing criteria, the School District has no component units.

The School District is associated with Connect, the Lorain County Joint Vocational School District, Great Lakes Council of Governments, and the Ohio Schools Council which are considered to be jointly governed organizations. These organizations and their relationships with the School District are described in more detail in Note 16.

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to local governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the School District's accounting policies are described below.

A. Basis of Presentation

The School District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Government-wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The activity of the internal service fund is also eliminated to avoid "doubling up" revenues and expenses.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the School District at year-end. The statement of activities present a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the School District's governmental activities of the School District. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and, therefore, clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program, and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the School District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business activity or governmental activity is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School District.

Fund Financial Statements

During the year, the School District segregates transactions related to certain School District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the School District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The internal service fund is presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statements. The fiduciary funds are reported by type.

B. Fund Accounting

The School District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance. The following are the School District's major governmental funds:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

General Fund the General Fund is the operating fund of the School District and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the School District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Debt Service Fund the Debt Service Fund receives property taxes for the payment of general obligation bonds and notes payable.

The other governmental funds of the School District account for grants and other resources to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary fund reporting focuses on the determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position, and cash flows. The School District's only proprietary fund is internal service.

Internal Service Fund The internal service fund accounts for the financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the School District, or to other governments, on a cost reimbursement basis. The School District's internal service fund is:

Self-Insurance Fund This fund accounts for monies received from other funds as payment for providing employee benefits. The self-insurance fund may make payments for services provided to employees, for reimbursements to employees who have paid providers, to third party administrators for claim payments or administration, for stop-loss coverage, or other reinsurance or other similar purpose.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private purpose trust funds, and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the School District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are, therefore, not available to support the School District's own programs. The School District has no trust funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The School District's agency funds account for student managed activities and miscellaneous agency funds.

C. Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the School District are included on the statement of net position. The statement of activities presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net position.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Fund Financial Statements

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and deferred outflows of resources and current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements, therefore, include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Like the government-wide statements, all proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and deferred outflows of resources and all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of fund net position. The statement of changes in fund net position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net position. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the School District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

The agency fund does not report a measurement focus as it does not report operations.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues – Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the School District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of the fiscal year-end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the School District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 7). Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the School District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, student fees, and rentals.

Deferred Inflows of Resources and Deferred Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the School District, deferred outflows of resources are reported on the government-wide statement of net position for pension. The deferred outflows of resources related to pension are explained in Note 14.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. For the School District, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes, payment in lieu of taxes, pension, and unavailable revenue. Property taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2017, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2018 operations. These amounts have been recorded as a deferred inflow of resources on both the government-wide statement of net position and governmental fund financial statements. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental funds balance sheet, and represents receivables which will not be collected within the available period. For the School District, unavailable revenue may include delinquent property taxes, payment in lieu of taxes, intergovernmental grants, and miscellaneous revenues. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available. Deferred inflows of resources related to pension are reported on the government-wide statement of net position. (See Note 14).

Expenses/Expenditures

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the operating statement as an expense with a like amount reported as intergovernmental revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

E. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, all cash received by the School District is pooled. Monies for all funds, including the proprietary funds, are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the School District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and investments" on the financial statements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

During fiscal year 2017, investments were limited to Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation bonds, Federal National Mortgage Association bonds, Federal Farm Credit Bank Funding Corporation bonds, mutual funds, money market, and STAR Ohio. Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value, which is based on quoted market prices. Nonparticipating investment contracts such as nonnegotiable certificates of deposit and repurchase agreements are reported at cost.

During fiscal year 2017, the School District invested in STAR Ohio. STAR Ohio (the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio), is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 79, Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants. The School District measures their investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides an NAV per share that approximates fair value.

For the fiscal year 2017, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, notice must be given 24 hours in advance of all deposits and withdrawals exceeding \$25 million. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$50 million, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$50 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

Following Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2017 amounted to \$58,352, which includes \$14,464 assigned from other School District funds.

Investments of the cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School District are presented on the financial statements as "equity in pooled cash and investments." Investments with an original maturity of more than three months that are not made from the pool are reported as "investments."

F. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2017, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and an expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

G. Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the government activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition values as of the dates received. The School District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. The School District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized. Interest incurred during the construction of capital assets is not capitalized.

All reported capital assets except land and construction in progress are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Estimated Lives
Land Improvements	5 - 30 years
Buildings and Improvements	30 - 50 years
Furniture and Equipment	7 - 20 years
Vehicles	10 - 20 years

H. Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column of the statement of net position.

I. Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employee's rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the School District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting payment method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent it is probable that benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is an estimate based on the School District's past experience of making termination payments. The entire compensated absences liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For the governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures to the extent payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. These amounts are recorded in the account "matured compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid.

J. Pension

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension systems report investments at fair value.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

K. Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities are reported as obligations of the funds regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, claims and judgments and compensated absences and net pension liability that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current fiscal year. In general, liabilities that mature or come due for payment during the fiscal year are considered to have been made with current available financial resources. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are not recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements when due.

L. Bond Premiums

Bond premiums are recorded as another financing source on the governmental fund statements. On the government-wide financial statements, bond premiums are deferred and amortized over the term of the bond using the straight line method, which approximates the bonds outstanding method. Bond premiums are presented as an increase of the face amount of the bonds payable.

M. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets or related debt also should be included in this component of net position. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the School District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. At June 30, 2017, there was no net position restricted by enabling legislation.

The School District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

N. Fund Balance

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, the School District classifies its fund balance based on the purpose for which the resources were received and the level of constraint placed on the resources. The classifications are as follows:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Nonspendable – The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amount of loans receivable, as well as property acquired for resale, unless the use of the proceeds from the collection of those receivables or from the sale of those properties is restricted, committed or assigned.

Restricted – Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Committed – The committed fun balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the School District Board of Education. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the School District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned – Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the School District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by policies of the School District Board of Education. The Board of Education has by resolution authorized the Treasurer to assign fund balance. The Board of Education may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget.

Unassigned – Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed or assigned.

The School District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

O. Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the School District, these revenues are charges for its employee self-insurance program. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide services that are the primary activity of the fund. All revenues and expenses not meeting these definitions are reported as non-operating.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

P. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

Q. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

R. Budgetary Data

All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the appropriation resolution and the certificate of estimated resources, which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amounts that the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriation resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at a level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of budgetary control has been established by the Board of Education at the fund level for all funds. The Treasurer has been given the authority to allocate Board appropriations to the function and object levels within each fund.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the certificate when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the final amended certificate in effect when the final appropriations were passed.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the fiscal year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated revenues. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior fiscal years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the final appropriations passed by the Board during the fiscal year.

S. Implementation of New Accounting Policies

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, the School District has implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 77, Tax Abatement Disclosures, GASB Statement No. 78, Pensions Provided through Certain Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans, GASB Statement No. 80, Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 14 and GASB Statement No. 82, Pension Issues - an amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

GASB Statement No. 77 requires disclosure of tax abatement information about (1) a reporting government's own tax abatement agreements and (2) those that are entered into by other governments and that reduce the reporting government's tax revenues. These changes were incorporated in the School District's fiscal year 2017 financial statements; however, there was no effect on the beginning net position.

GASB Statement No. 78 amends the scope of GASB Statement No. 68 to exclude certain multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans provided to employees of state and local governments on the basis that obtaining the measurements and other information required by GASB Statement No. 68 was not feasible. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 78 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the School District.

GASB Statement No. 80 amends the blending requirements for the financial statement presentation of component units of all state and local governments. The additional criterion requires blending of a component unit incorporated as a not-for-profit corporation in which the primary government is the sole corporate member. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 80 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the School District.

GASB Statement No. 82 improves consistency in the application of pension accounting. These changes were incorporated in the School District's fiscal year 2017 financial statements; however, there was no effect on beginning net position.

NOTE 3: ACCOUNTABILITY

Deficit Fund Balances

The following funds had GAAP deficit balances at June 30, 2017:

Nonmajor Governmental Funds:	Func	l Balance
IDEA Part B Fund	\$	112,101
Title I Fund		58,714

These deficits were caused by the application of generally accepted accounting principles. The general fund provides transfers to cover deficit balances in other funds; however, this is when cash is needed rather than when accruals occur.

Budgetary Noncompliance

Contrary to Ohio Revised Code section 5705.39 appropriations exceeded estimated revenues in the Debt Service Fund.

NOTE 4: FUND BALANCE

Fund balance can be classified as nonspendable, restricted, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in governmental funds.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented as follows:

				(Other		
			Debt Governmental				
	General		Service]	Funds		Total
Nonspendable for:							
Unclaimed Funds	\$	57,621	\$ 0	\$	0	\$	57,621
Restricted for:							
Debt Service	\$	0	\$2,487,562	\$	0	\$	2,487,562
Capital Outlay		0	0		701,426		701,426
Food Service		0	0		688,791		688,791
Other Grants		0	0		19,986		19,986
Latchkey		0	0		355,001		355,001
Athletics		0	0		165,270		165,270
Auxiliary Services		0	0		3,890		3,890
Total Restricted		0	2,487,562	1,	,934,364		4,421,926
Committed for:							
Capital Project		0	0		33,850		33,850
Assigned for:							
Encumbrances:							
Instructional		135,362	0		0		135,362
Support Services		36,823	0		0		36,823
Extracurricular Activities		60	0		0		60
Subsequent Year Appropriations		,951,867	0		0		1,951,867
Other Purposes		135,126	0		0_		135,126
Total Assigned	2	2,259,238	0		0		2,259,238
Unassigned		1,572,810	0	([170,815]		4,401,995
Total Fund Balance	\$ (5,889,669	\$2,487,562	\$1,	,797,399	\$	11,174,630

NOTE 5: BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While the School District is reporting financial position, results of operations and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances –Budget (Non-GAAP Budget Basis) and Actual presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
- 2. Expenditures/expenses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).
- 3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures/expenses for all funds (budget basis) rather than restricted, committed or assigned of fund balance for (GAAP basis).
- 4. Some funds are included in the general fund (GAAP), but have separate legally adopted budgets.

The following tables summarize the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statements to the budgetary basis statements for the general fund:

Net Change in Fund Balance

GAAP Basis	\$ (3,156,287)
Net adjustments for revenue accruals	1,966,173
Net adjustments for expenditure accruals	937,591
Funds budgeted elsewhere**	91,103
Adjustments for encumbrances	(479,590)
Budget Basis	\$ (641,010)

^{**} As part of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate special revenue funds are considered part of the general fund on a GAAP basis. This includes miscellaneous trusts, uniform school supplies, rotary shared services, public school support, and underground storage.

NOTE 6: DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the School District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current two year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bill, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to payment of principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least 2% and marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed 30 days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio, its political subdivisions, or other units or agencies of this state or its political subdivisions;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) of this section and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Certain banker's acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred and eighty days in an amount not to exceed 40% of the interim monies available for investment at any one time; and,
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest rating classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

According to State law, public depositories must give security for all public funds on deposit. These institutions may either specifically collateralize individual accounts in lieu of amounts insured by Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), or may pledge a pool of government securities valued at least 105 percent of the total value of uninsured public monies on deposit at the institution. Repurchase agreements must be secured by the specific government securities upon which the repurchase agreements are based. These securities must be obligations of or guaranteed by the United States and mature or be redeemable within five years of the date of the related repurchase agreement. State law does not require security for public deposits and investments to be maintained in the School District's name. During fiscal year 2017, the School District and public depositories complied with the provisions of these statutes.

Deposits with Financial Institutions

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the School District's deposits may not be returned. According to state law, public depositories must give security for all public funds on deposit in excess of those funds that are insured by the FDIC or by any other agency or instrumentality of the federal government. These institutions may either specifically collateralize individual accounts in lieu of amounts insured by the FDIC, or may pledge a pool of government securities valued at least 105 percent of the total value of uninsured public monies on deposit at the institution. The School District's policy is to deposit money with financial institutions that are able to abide by the laws governing insurance and collateral of public funds.

At fiscal year-end, the carrying amount of the School District's deposits was \$913,945. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures*, as of June 30, 2017, \$1,776 of the School District's bank balance of \$1,300,741 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed above, while \$1,298,965 was covered by FDIC.

The School District had \$1,364,421 in cash with fiscal agent related to the Internal Service Fund.

Investments

As of June 30, 2017, the School District had the following investments:

S & P							
Global	M	easurement		Investmen	nt Mat	urity	Percent of
Ratings		Amount	0-	12 months	12 -36 months		Total
AAAm	\$	2,290,601	\$	2,290,601	\$	0	16.72%
AAAm		313,118		313,118		0	2.28%
AAAm		671,604		671,604		0	4.90%
AAAm		2,503,910		2,503,910		0	18.26%
AA+		3,966,600		999,900		2,966,700	28.93%
AA+		994,930		0		994,930	7.26%
AA+		2,968,360		0		2,968,360	21.65%
	\$	13,709,123	\$	6,779,133	\$	6,929,990	100.00%
	Global Ratings AAAm AAAm AAAm AAAm AAAH AA+	Global M Ratings S AAAm \$ AAAm AAAm AAAm AA+ AA+	Global Ratings Measurement Amount AAAm \$ 2,290,601 AAAm 313,118 AAAm 671,604 AAAm 2,503,910 AA+ 3,966,600 AA+ 994,930 AA+ 2,968,360	Global Ratings Measurement Amount 0- AAAm \$ 2,290,601 \$ AAAm 313,118 AAAm AAAm 671,604 AAAm AAAm 2,503,910 AA+ AA+ 396,600 AA+ AA+ 2,968,360 AA+	Global Ratings Measurement Amount Investment 0-12 months AAAm \$ 2,290,601 \$ 2,290,601 AAAm 313,118 313,118 AAAm 671,604 671,604 AAAm 2,503,910 2,503,910 AA+ 3,966,600 999,900 AA+ 994,930 0 AA+ 2,968,360 0	Global Ratings Measurement Amount Investment Investment Mat Investment Investment Mat Investment AAAm \$ 2,290,601	Global Ratings Measurement Amount Investment Investment Maturity AAAm \$ 2,290,601 \$ 2,290,601 \$ 0 AAAm 313,118 313,118 0 AAAm 671,604 671,604 0 AAAm 2,503,910 2,503,910 0 AA+ 3,966,600 999,900 2,966,700 AA+ 994,930 0 994,930 AA+ 2,968,360 0 2,968,360

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

The School District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets. Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs. Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The above table identifies the School District's recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2017. As discussed further in Note 2, STAR Ohio is reported at its net asset value (NAV). All other investments of the School District are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs).

Interest Rate Risk. Is the possibility that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The School District's investment policy does not address limits on investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

STAR Ohio is an investment pool operated by the Ohio State Treasurer. It is unclassified since it is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. Ohio law requires STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The weighted average of maturity of the portfolio held by STAR Ohio as of June 30, 2017, is 46 days and carries a rating of AAAm by S&P Global Ratings.

Custodial Credit Risk. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the School District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The School District's policy is to invest money with financial institutions that are able to abide by the laws governing insurance and collateral of public funds.

Concentration of Credit Risk. The School District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer.

NOTE 7: PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the School District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the School District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility property located in the School District. Real property tax revenue received in calendar year 2017 represents collections of calendar year 2016 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2017 were levied after April 1, 2016, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2016, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenue received in calendar year 2017 represents collections of calendar year 2016 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2017 became a lien December 31, 2015, were levied after April 1, 2016 and are collected in 2017 with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

The School District receives property taxes from Lorain County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2017, are available to finance fiscal year 2017 operations. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2017 in the general, bond retirement and permanent improvement funds was \$1,919,612, \$272,636, and \$58,371, respectively. The amount available for advance at June 30, 2016, in the general, bond retirement and permanent improvement funds was \$3,377,637, \$499,787, and \$92,397, respectively. The amount of second-half real property taxes available for advance at fiscal year-end can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and delinquent tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2017 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year-end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred inflows of resources.

On the accrual basis of accounting, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis of accounting the revenue has been reported as a deferred inflow of resources.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2017 taxes were collected are:

	2016 Se	cond	2017 F	irst	
	Half Colle	ections	Half Colle	ections	
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent	
Agricultural/Residential	\$ 633,809,990	77.67%	\$ 647,598,650	77.88%	
Commercial/Industrial	168,060,590	20.60%	168,353,000	20.25%	
Public Utilities	14,083,250	1.73%	15,573,110	1.87%	
	\$ 815,953,830	100.00%	\$ 831,524,760	100.00%	
Full Tax Rate per \$1,000					
of assessed value	\$ 58.53		\$ 57.93		

NOTE 8: RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2017 consisted of property taxes, payment in lieu of taxes, interfund and intergovernmental. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs, and the current year guarantee of federal funds. Property taxes, although ultimately collectible, include some portion of delinquencies that will not be collected within one year.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

NOTE 9: INTERFUND ACTIVITY

Interfund Balances

Interfund balances at June 30, 2017 consisted of the following:

	In	terfund	In	terfund	
	Re	ceivable	Payable		
General Fund	\$	38,194	\$	0	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:					
IDEA Part B		0		24,510	
Title I		0		11,369	
Title V		0		2,315	
	\$	38,194	\$	38,194	

The primary purpose of the interfund balances is to cover costs in specific funds where revenues were not received by June 30. These interfund balances will be repaid once the anticipated revenues are received. All interfund balances are expected to be repaid within one year.

Interfund balances between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements; therefore, no internal balances are reported on the Statement of Net Position.

Interfund Transfers

Transfers made during fiscal year 2017 were as follows:

	T	Transfers			ransfers		
	In				Out		
General Fund	\$	0		\$	326,219		
Nonmajor Governmental Funds		326,219		326,219			0
	\$	326,219		\$	326,219		

These transfers were made to move unrestricted balances to support programs and projects accounted for in other funds. The general fund transferred \$326,219 to the building fund.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

NOTE 10: CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 was as follows:

	Restated Balance June 30, 2016	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2017
Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated				
Land	\$ 3,603,900	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 3,603,900
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated				
Land Improvements	2,532,927	0	0	2,532,927
Buildings and Improvements	95,308,799	481,991	0	95,790,790
Furniture and Equipment	1,786,892	322,657	(43,804)	2,065,745
Vehicles	3,260,550	0	(74,000)	3,186,550
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated	102,889,168	804,648	(117,804)	103,576,012
Accumulated Depreciation				
Land Improvements	(465,562)	(130,163)	0	(595,725)
Buildings and Improvements	(18,905,736)	(2,037,971)	0	(20,943,707)
Furniture and Equipment	(1,001,871)	(122,191)	43,804	(1,080,258)
Vehicles	(2,620,729)	(130,206)	74,000	(2,676,935)
Total Accumulated Depreciated	(22,993,898)	(2,420,531)	117,804	(25,296,625)
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	79,895,270	(1,615,883)	0	78,279,387
Governmental Activities, Capital Assets, Net	\$ 83,499,170	\$ (1,615,883)	\$ 0	\$ 81,883,287

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$ 1,924,665
Special	1,017
Support Services:	
Pupils	715
Instructional Staff	17,891
Administration	18,527
Fiscal	25
Operations and Maintenance of Plant	74,811
Pupil Transportation	98,605
Central	1,922
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:	
Food Service Operation	12,807
Community Services	7,479
Extracurricular Activities	 262,067
Total Depreciation	\$ 2,420,531

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

NOTE 11: LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The original issue date, interest rate, original issuance and date of maturity for each of the School District's long-term obligations follow:

	Original		Original	
	Issue	Interest	Issue	Date of
	Date	Rate	Amount	Maturity
General Obligation Bonds:				
School Improvement Capital Appreciation	2003	10.49% - 10.80%	\$ 395,000	12/01/18
School Improvement Refunding Capital Appreciation	2004	17.62% - 17.93%	190,000	12/01/17
School Improvement Refunding				
Serial and Term	2007	4.00% - 4.50%	12,329,999	12/01/29
Capital Appreciation	2007	17.43%	119,991	12/01/20
School Improvement Refunding Taxable Serial	2013B	.40% - 4.00%	3,260,000	12/01/20
School Improvement				
Serial and Term	2013A	2.00% - 3.00%	33,945,000	12/01/41
Capital Appreciation	2013A	2.53% - 17.22%	3,073,980	12/01/30
School Improvement Refunding				
Serial and Term	2014	1.00% - 4.00%	9,000,000	12/01/29
Capital Appreciation	2014	2.00%	134,895	12/01/21
School Improvement Refunding				
Serial and Term	2016	1.00% - 4.00%	7,730,000	12/01/29

The original amount of bonds issued in 2003 was \$14,950,000. The general obligation bonds included serial and capital appreciation bonds. The serial bonds have matured.

The original amount of bonds issued in 2004 was \$ 6,540,000. The general obligation bonds included serial and capital appreciation bonds. The serial bonds have matured.

During 2013, the School District issued \$3,260,000 of general obligation refunding bonds to provide resources to purchase US government securities that were placed in an escrow account for the purpose of generating resources for all future debt service payments. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability has been removed from the governmental activities of the statement of net position.

During 2015, the School District advance refunded portions of certain general obligation bonds issued in 2006 with a new general obligation bond issue. The School District issued \$9,134,985 of general obligation school refunding bonds to provide resources to purchase U.S. government securities that were placed in escrow for the purpose of generating resources for all future debt service payments of the refunded debt. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability has been removed from the financial statements. The advance refunding was undertaken to reduce total debt service payments over the 22 years by \$1,346,018 and to obtain an economic gain of \$147,940.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

The School District defeased 1996 general obligation bonds in 2004, in 2007 defeased 2000 and 2003 general obligation bonds, by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds and in 2013 defeased 2004 refunding general obligation bonds by placing the proceeds of the new bonds in an escrow fund. Accordingly, the trust/escrow fund account assets and liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the School District's financial statements. At June 30, 2017, \$22,435,000 of bonds outstanding are considered to be defeased.

During fiscal year 2017, the School District issued \$7,730,000 of school improvement refunding bonds. The bond proceeds were used to retire the 2007 School Improvement Refunding and the 2006 School Improvement Bond. The bonds were issued with a premium of \$988,859. Interest payments are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The final maturity stated on the issue is December 1, 2029.

The issuance resulted in a difference (savings) between the cash flows required to service the old debt and the cash flows required to service the new debt of \$1,433,693. The issuance resulted in an economic gain of \$1,299,216.

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Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Changes in the School District's long-term obligations during fiscal year 2017 were as follows:

	Restated Balance 6/30/16	Additions	Reductions	Refunding	Balance 6/30/17	Amounts Due in One Year
Governmental Activities:	0/30/10	Additions	reductions	Retunding	0/30/17	One rear
General Obligation Bonds:						
School Improvement Bonds - 2003						
Capital Appreciation Bonds	\$ 320,000	\$ 0	\$ 95,000	0	\$ 225,000	\$ 105,000
Accretion on Capital Appreciation Bonds	871,824	107,174	270,000	0	708,998	340,141
Unamortized Premium	273,321	0	21,008	0	252,313	0
Total School Improvement Refunding Bonds - 2003	1,465,145	107,174	386,008	0	1,186,311	445,141
School Improvement Refunding Bonds - 2004						
Capital Appreciation Bonds	190,000	0	100,000	0	90,000	90,000
Accretion on Capital Appreciation Bonds	1,308,071	187,200	760,000	0	735,271	735,271
Total School Improvement Refunding Bonds - 2004	1,498,071	187,200	860,000	0	825,271	825,271
School Improvement Refunding Bonds - 2007	7 000 000	0	445,000	7.545.000	0	
Serial Bonds	7,990,000	0	445,000	7,545,000	0	0
Capital Appreciation Bonds	119,990	0	0	0	119,990	0
Accretion on Capital Appreciation Bonds	455,613	104,718	0	0	560,331	0
Unamortized Premium	129,210	0	129,210	0	0	0
Total School Improvement Bonds - 2007	8,694,813	104,718	574,210	7,545,000	680,321	0
School Improvement Bond - 2013						
Serial Bond	1,230,000	0	360,000	870,000	0	0
Cabaal Immersion and David 2012						
School Improvement Bond - 2013 Serial Bond	2 005 000	0	5,000	0	3,000,000	5,000
Sei ai Boild	3,005,000	U	3,000	U	3,000,000	3,000
School Improvement Refunding Bonds - 2013						
Serial Bonds	33,925,000	0	10,000	0	33,915,000	10,000
Capital Appreciation Bonds	3,073,980	0	0	0	3,073,980	0
Accretion on Capital Appreciation Bonds	556,072	200,805	0	0	756,877	0
Unamortized Premium	2,357,559	0	94,302	0	2,263,257	0
Total School Improvement Refunding Bonds - 2013	39,912,611	200,805	104,302	0	40,009,114	10,000
School Improvement Refunding Bonds - 2014						
Serial Bonds	8,940,000	0	60,000	0	8,880,000	60,000
Capital Appreciation Bonds	134,985	0	0	0	134,985	0
Accretion on Capital Appreciation Bonds	42,952	35,984	0	0	78,936	0
Unamortized Premium	775,968	0	43,109	0	732,859	0
Total School Improvement Refunding Bonds - 2014	9,893,905	35,984	103,109	0	9,826,780	60,000
C. I. II. (D. C. I. D. I. 2016						
School Improvement Refunding Bonds - 2016	0	7 720 000	100 000	0	7.620.000	950,000
Serial Bonds Unamortized Premium	0	7,730,000 988,859	100,000 70,633	0	7,630,000 918,226	850,000 0
Total School Improvement Refunding Bonds - 2016	0	8,718,859	170,633	0	8,548,226	850,000
1						
Total General Obligation Bonds	65,699,545	9,354,740	2,563,262	8,415,000	64,076,023	2,195,412
Net Pension Liability:						
STRS	39,993,542	10,659,005	0	0	50,652,547	0
SERS	8,434,867	3,012,045	0	0	11,446,912	0
Total Net Pension Liability	48,428,409	13,671,050	0	0	62,099,459	0
Other Long-term Obligations:						
Compensated Absences	3,495,647	0	78,017	0	3,417,630	176,240
Capital Leases	337,231	0	80,949	0	256,282	83,148
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 117,960,832	\$ 23,025,790	\$ 2,722,228	\$ 8,415,000	\$ 129,849,394	\$ 2,454,800

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

The bonds payable and the capital lease will be repaid from the Debt Service Fund and Permanent Improvement Fund, respectively. The compensated absences will be repaid from the funds from which employees' salaries are paid. Obligations related to employee compensation will be paid from the fund benefitting from their service.

Debt service requirements, including principal and interest, to retire bonds payable at June 30, 2017, consisted of:

	Gen	eral Obligation B	onds	Capit	al Appreciation I	Bonds	Total			
Fiscal Year								Interest/	_	
Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Accretion	Total	Principal	Accretion	Total	
2018	\$ 925,000	\$ 1,904,810	\$ 2,829,810	\$ 195,000	\$ 1,155,000	\$ 1,350,000	\$ 1,120,000	\$ 3,059,810	\$ 4,179,810	
2019	1,860,000	1,868,527	3,728,527	120,000	445,000	565,000	1,980,000	2,313,527	4,293,527	
2020	1,665,000	1,816,801	3,481,801	86,598	648,402	735,000	1,751,598	2,465,203	4,216,801	
2021	2,115,000	1,764,474	3,879,474	33,393	301,607	335,000	2,148,393	2,066,081	4,214,474	
2022	585,000	1,727,401	2,312,401	551,801	458,199	1,010,000	1,136,801	2,185,600	3,322,401	
2023-2027	6,235,000	8,107,923	14,342,923	2,340,275	1,179,725	3,520,000	8,575,275	9,287,648	17,862,923	
2028-2032	8,665,000	6,749,725	15,414,725	316,888	4,673,112	4,990,000	8,981,888	11,422,837	20,404,725	
2033-2037	15,625,000	4,210,387	19,835,387	0	0	0	15,625,000	4,210,387	19,835,387	
2038-2042	15,750,000	1,390,851	17,140,851	0	0	0	15,750,000	1,390,851	17,140,851	
	\$ 53,425,000	\$ 29,540,899	\$ 82,965,899	\$ 3,643,955	\$ 8,861,045	\$ 12,505,000	\$ 57,068,955	\$ 38,401,944	\$ 95,470,899	

NOTE 12: CAPITAL LEASES – LESSEE DISCLOSURE

The School District has entered into capitalized leases for five buses. The leases meet the criteria of a capital lease since they transfer benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee. Capital lease payments have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service expenditures in the basic financial statements for the governmental funds.

Equipment acquired by lease has been capitalized in the government wide financial statements in the amount of \$427,340, which is equal to the present value of the minimum lease payments at the time of acquisition. Accumulated depreciation was \$105,945 as of June 30, 2017, leaving a current book value of \$321,395.

Future minimum lease payments are as follows:

	Lease		
Year Ending June 30,	Year Ending June 30, Pa		
2018	\$	90,109	
2019		90,110	
2020		90,110	
Total Minimum Lease Payments		270,329	
Less: Amount Representing Interest		14,047	
Present Value of Minimum Lease Payments		256,282	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

NOTE 13: RISK MANAGEMENT

Property and Liability

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2017, the School District contracted with Schools of Ohio Risk Sharing Authority (SORSA) for their insurance needs. The plan covered a liability aggregate limit of \$7,000,000. Vehicles were covered at a \$5,000,000 combined single limit liability. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years and there has not been a significant reduction in coverage from the prior year.

Performance bonds are maintained for the Superintendent and Treasurer. The bond for the Treasurer is held by Hartford Plaza in the amount of \$25,000. The Superintendent's bond is held by Cincinnati Insurance Company in the amount of \$20,000.

Worker's Compensation

The School District participates in the Ohio Bureau of Workers Compensation (BWC). During fiscal year 2017, the School District was involved with Comp Management Health Systems for both Third Party Administrator and Managed Care Organization services.

Employee Medical Benefits

The School District participates in the Great Lakes Council of Governments (the Council), to process and pay health benefit claims incurred by its members. The Council contracted with a third party administrator, Medical Mutual Services, LLC for the year ended June 30, 2017. Payments are made by members to the Council for monthly health insurance premiums, monthly stop-loss premiums, and administrative charges. The Fiscal Officer approves monthly payments to the third party administrators for actual insurance claims processed, stop—loss premiums and administrative charges incurred on behalf of the Council members. If the members aggregate contributions less expenses cause it to have a negative cash balance, the Council shall direct the Fiscal Agent to promptly notify in writing each member of any additional funds necessary to correct the deficiency. Whereupon each Member shall appropriate (pursuant to Chapter 5705 of the Revised Code) the amount stated in that notice and remit the same to the Fiscal Agent within the time periods determined by the Council. The Council employs reinsurance agreements (stop-loss coverage) to reduce its risk that large losses may be incurred on medical claims. This allows the Council to recover a portion of losses on claims from re-insurers, although it does not discharge their primary liability.

As of June 30, 2017, claims outstanding were \$360,731. The liability is the School District's best estimate based on available information. Changes in claims activity for fiscal years ended June 30, 2016 and 2017 are as follows:

	I	Balance					I	Balance
	В	eginning		Current		Claims		End of
		of Year		Year Claims		Payments		Year
2016	\$	353,050	\$	4,058,950	\$	3,974,080	\$	437,920
2017	\$	437,920	\$	3,830,700	\$	3,907,889	\$	360,731

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

NOTE 14: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability reported on the statement of net position represents a liability to employees for pensions. Pensions are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension liability represents the School District's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the School District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The School District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, the School District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension.

GASB 68 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net pension liability* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in intergovernmental payable.

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description – School District non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to Retire on or before	Eligible to Retire on or after
	August 1, 2017*	August 1, 2017
Full Benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or
		Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially Reduced	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or
Benefits	Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

^{*}Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017, will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on year of service; 2.2 percent for the first 30 years of service and 2.5 percent for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

One year after an effective benefit date, a benefit recipient is entitled to a three percent cost-of-living adjustment (COLA). This same COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit.

Funding Policy – Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 14 percent. SERS did not allocate any employer contributions to the Health Care Fund for fiscal year 2017.

The School District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$741,749 for fiscal year 2017. Of this amount, \$63,526 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – School District licensed teachers and other faculty members participate in STRS Ohio, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Web site at www.strsoh.org.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation was 2.2 percent of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. Members are eligible to retire at age 60 with five years of qualifying service credit, or at age 55 with 26 years of service, or 31 years of service regardless of age. Eligibility changes will be phased in until August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five years of service credit and age 65, or 35 years of service credit and at least age 60.

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 9.5 percent of the 14 percent employer contributions into an investment account. Investment allocation decisions are determined by the member. The remaining 4.5 percent of the 14 percent employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, 12 percent of the 14 percent member rate goes to the DC Plan and the remaining 2 percent is applied to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity after termination of employment at age 50 or later.

New members who choose the DC plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. New members on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit to apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy – Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, plan members were required to contribute 14 percent of their annual covered salary. The School District was required to contribute 14 percent; the entire 14 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The fiscal year 2017 contribution rates were equal to the statutory maximum rates.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

The School District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$2,287,198 for fiscal year 2017. Of this amount, \$390,880 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability was measured as of July 1, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an independent actuarial valuation as of that date. The School District's employer allocation percentage of the net pension liability was based on the employer's share of employer contributions in the pension plan relative to the total employer contributions of all participating employers. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

		STRS	 SERS	 Total
Proportionate Share of the Net	· ·		 	
Pension Liability	\$	50,652,547	\$ 11,446,912	\$ 62,099,459
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability:				
Current Measurement Date		0.15132353%	0.15639830%	
Prior Measurement Date		0.14470975%	 0.14782200%	
Change in Proportionate Share		0.00661378%	0.00857630%	
Pension Expense	\$	6,480,554	\$ 1,543,170	\$ 8,023,724

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources represent the effect of changes in the net pension liability due to the difference between projected and actual investment earnings, differences between expected and actual actuarial experience, changes in assumptions and changes in the School District's proportion of the collective net pension liability. The deferred outflows and deferred inflows are to be included in pension expense over current and future periods. The difference between projected and actual investment earnings is recognized in pension expense using a straight line method over a five year period beginning in the current year. Deferred outflows and deferred inflows resulting from changes in sources other than differences between projected and actual investment earnings are amortized over the average expected remaining service lives of all members (both active and inactive) using the straight line method. Employer contributions to the pension plan subsequent to the measurement date are also required to be reported as a deferred outflow of resources.

At June 30, 2017, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	 STRS	 SERS	 Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Differences between Expected and			
Actual Experience	\$ 2,046,606	\$ 154,391	\$ 2,200,997
Net Difference between Projected and			
Actual Earnings on Pension Plan Investments	4,205,521	944,204	5,149,725
Changes of Assumptions	0	764,144	764,144
Changes in Proportion and Differences between			
School District Contributions and Proportionate			
Share of Contributions	2,118,387	436,782	2,555,169
School District Contributions Subsequent to the			
Measurement Date	 2,287,198	 741,749	 3,028,947
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 10,657,712	\$ 3,041,270	\$ 13,698,982
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Changes in Proportion and Differences between			
School District Contributions and Proportionate			
Share of Contributions	\$ 2,052,430	\$ 186,219	\$ 2,238,649

\$3,028,947 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	 STRS		SERS		Total	
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:	 	·	_		_	
2018	\$ 894,533	\$	542,182	\$	1,436,715	
2019	894,533		541,501		1,436,034	
2020	2,508,306		758,200		3,266,506	
2021	 2,020,712		271,419		2,292,131	
	\$ 6,318,084	\$	2,113,302	\$	8,431,386	

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2016, are presented below:

Wage Inflation 3.00 percent

Future Salary Increases, including Inflation 3.50 percent to 18.20 percent

COLA or Ad Hoc COLA 3.00 percent

Investment Rate of Return 7.50 percent net of investment expense, including inflation

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal (Level Percent of Payroll)

Mortality rates among active members were based upon the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females. Mortality among service retired members and beneficiaries were based upon the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120 percent of male rates and 110 percent of female rates. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90 percent for male rates and 100 percent for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period ending July 1, 2010 to June 30, 2015. The assumed rate of inflation, payroll growth assumption and assumed real wage growth were reduced in the June 30, 2016 actuarial valuation. The rates of withdrawal, retirement and disability updated to reflect recent experience and mortality rates were also updated.

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined by using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating an arithmetic weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major assets class are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Cash	1.00 %	0.50 %
US Stocks	22.50	4.75
Non-US Stocks	22.50	7.00
Fixed Income	19.00	1.50
Private Equity	10.00	8.00
Real Assets	15.00	5.00
Multi-Asset Strategies	10.00	3.00
Total	100.00 %	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Discount Rate The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.50 percent). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.50 percent), or one percentage point higher (8.50 percent) than the current rate.

				Current		
	19	6 Decrease	Di	scount Rate	19	6 Increase
		(6.50%)		(7.50%)		(8.50%)
School District's Proportionate Share						
of the Net Pension Liability	\$	15,154,999	\$	11,446,912	\$	8,343,090

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2016, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.75 percent

Projected Salary Increase 12.25 percent at age 20 to 2.75 percent at age 70

Investment Rate of Return 7.75 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation Cost-of-Living Adjustments 2 percent simple applied as follows: for members retiring before

(COLA) August 1, 2013, 2 percent per year; for members retiring August 1, 2013,

or later, 2 percent COLA commences on the fifth anniversary of the retirement date

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table (Projection 2022—Scale AA) for Males and Females. Males' ages are set-back two years through age 89 and no set-back for age 90 and above. Females younger than age 80 are set back four years, one year set back from age 80 through 89 and no set back from age 90 and above.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study, effective July 1, 2012.

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Target	Long Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return*
Domestic Equity	31.00 %	8.00 %
International Equity	26.00	7.85
Alternatives	14.00	8.00
Fixed Income	18.00	3.75
Real Estate	10.00	6.75
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	3.00
Total	100.00 %	<u>7.61</u> %

^{*10-}year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.50 percent and does not include investment expenses. The total fund long-term expected return reflects diversification among the asset classes and therefore is not a weighted average return of the individual asset classes.

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent as of June 30, 2016. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs of future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members, are not included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2016. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.75 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2016.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate The following table presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as of June 30, 2016, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.75 percent, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.75 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate:

				Current		
	19	6 Decrease	Di	scount Rate	19	% Increase
		(6.75%)		(7.75%)		(8.75%)
School District's Proportionate Share		_		_		
of the Net Pension Liability	\$	67,313,119	\$	50,652,547	\$	36,598,372

Changes Between Measurement Date and Report Date In March 2017, the STRS Board adopted certain assumption changes which will impact their annual actuarial valuation prepared as of June 30, 2017. The most significant change is a reduction in the discount rate from 7.75 percent to 7.45 percent. In April 2017, the STRS Board voted to suspend cost of living adjustments granted on or after July 1, 2017. Although the exact amount of these changes is not known, the overall decrease to School District's net pension liability is expected to be significant.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

NOTE 15 - POSTEMPLOYEMENT BENEFITS

A. School Employees Retirement System

Health Care Plan Description - The School District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 45 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. The Health Care Plan includes hospitalization and physicians' fees through several types of plans including HMO's, PPO's, Medicare Advantage, and traditional indemnity plans as well as a prescription drug program. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Health care is financed through a combination of employer contributions and retiree premiums, copays and deductibles on covered health care expenses, investment returns, and any funds received as a result of SERS' participation in Medicare programs. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Retirees and their beneficiaries are required to pay a health care premium that varies depending on the plan selected, the number of qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility and retirement status.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required basic benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund. For fiscal year 2017, SERS did not allocate any employer contributions to the Health Care fund. In addition, employers pay a surcharge for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated according to service credit earned. For fiscal year 2017, this amount was \$23,500. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2017, the School District's surcharge obligation was \$71,001.

For fiscal years 2016 and 2017, SERS did not allocate employer contributions to the Health Care fund. The School District's contributions for health care for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, was \$32,684. The full amount has been contributed for fiscal year 2015.

B. State Teachers Retirement System

Plan Description – The School District participates in the cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit Health Plan administered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Funding Policy – Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. All benefit recipients, for the most recent year, pay a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For fiscal years 2017, 2016 and 2015, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care; therefore, the School District did not contribute to health care in the last three fiscal years.

NOTE 16: JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Connect

Connect, is a jointly governed computer service bureau known as an Information Technology Center (ITC) that was formed for the purpose of providing data services to its members. Major areas of service provided by Connect include accounting, payroll, inventory, career guidance services, handicapped student tracking, pupil scheduling, attendance reporting and grade reporting. The Education Service Center of Cuyahoga County continues to serve as the fiscal agent of Connect. Participating school districts pay for services provided by the ITC based upon a per pupil charge dependent upon the software packages and services used. In fiscal year 2017, the School District paid \$106,473 to Connect. Financial information can be obtained by contacting the Treasurer of the fiscal agent at 6393 Oak Tree Boulevard, Suite 377, Independence, Ohio 44131.

Lorain County Joint Vocational School District

The Lorain County Joint Vocational School District is a separate body politic and corporate, established by the Ohio Revised Code to provide for the vocational and special education needs of the students. Its Board of Education consists of representatives from the board of each participating school district. The Board is responsible for approving its own budgets, appointing personnel, and accounting and financing related activities. Avon Local School District students may attend the vocational school. Each school district's control is limited to its representation on the board. Financial information can be obtained by contacting the Treasurer at the Lorain County Joint Vocational School District located at 15181 State Route 58, Oberlin, Ohio 44074.

Ohio Schools Council

The Ohio Schools Council (Council) is a jointly governed organization among eighty-three school districts. The Council was formed to offer supplies and services at the lowest possible cost to the member districts. Each district supports the Council by paying an annual participation fee for the services provided. The Council's Board consists of seven superintendents of the participating districts whose term rotates every fiscal year. The degree of control exercised by any school district is limited to its representation on the Board. In fiscal year 2017, the School District paid \$56,556 for participation in the prepaid natural gas program.

The School District participates in the Council's electric purchase program.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

The School District participates in the Council's prepaid natural gas program which was implemented during fiscal year 2011. This program allows school districts to purchase natural gas at reduced rates, if the school districts will commit to participating for a twelve year period. The participants make monthly payments based on estimated usage. Each June these estimated payments are compared to their actual usage and any necessary adjustments are made.

The School District of Hamilton, a municipal corporation and political subdivision duly organized and existing under the laws of the State of Ohio, issued \$89,450,000 in debt to purchase twelve years of natural gas from CMS Energy Corporation for the participants. The participating school districts are not obligated in any manner for this debt. If a participating school district terminates its agreement, the district is entitled to recover that amount, if any, of its contributions to the operating fund which are not encumbered for its share of program administrative costs. Financial information can be obtained by contacting the Executive Secretary at the Ohio Schools Council at 6133 Rockside Road, Independence, Ohio 44131.

Great Lakes Council of Governments

The Great Lakes Council of Governments, (the Council) is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio as defined by Chapter 167 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Council is a claims-servicing pool as defined by Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No.10 as amended by GASB statement 30. It was formed to carry out a cooperative program for the provisions and administration of health care benefits for member employees in accordance with the Council-by-laws. The Council is directed by a Governing Board, consisting of the Superintendents or designee of the participating school districts. As of June 30, 2017, there were three participating members of the Council.

The Council is committed to providing its member districts with the advantages of a large buying cooperative, while maintaining control by the local district leadership. Underwriting considerations are of utmost importance in reviewing new membership applications, as the Council is committed to protecting the long -term financial interests of its core members, and will not admit a new member that will adversely impact premiums and claims payments.

Members pay monthly premiums (program costs) that are placed in a common fund from which eligible claims are paid for member employees and their covered dependents. Claims are paid for all participants regardless of claims flow. The Board of Directors annually estimate and set the amount of funds necessary in order to have funds available to pay all claims which could be made under the Health Benefits Plan by covered persons which would not be paid aggregate and specific stop-loss insurance coverage, and said amounts will be placed in a reserve fund.

The Council issues its own financial statements. Fiscal information can be obtained by contacting the Treasurer of the Fairview Park School District, Fiscal Officer, Great Lakes Council of Government, 21620 Mastick Road, A, Fairview Park, Ohio 44126.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

NOTE 17: CONTINGENCIES

Grants

The School District received financial assistance from federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, the effect of any such disallowed claims on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2017, if applicable, cannot be determined at this time.

Litigation

The School District is not party to any claims or lawsuits that would, in the School District's opinion, have a material effect of the basic financial statements.

School District Funding

School district foundation funding is based on the annualized full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment of each student. The Ohio Department of Education (ODE) is legislatively required to adjust/reconcile funding as enrollment information is updated by schools throughout the State, which can extend past the fiscal year end. As of the date of this report, additional ODE adjustments for fiscal year 2017 are not finalized. As a result, the impact of future FTE adjustments on the fiscal year 2017 financial statements is not determinable, at this time. Management believes this may result in either an additional receivable to, or a liability of, the School District.

NOTE 18: SET-ASIDES

The School District is required by State statute to annually set aside in the general fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by year-end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year-end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years.

The following cash basis information describes the change in the fiscal year end set aside amounts for capital acquisition. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	Capi	
	Improvemen	
	1	Reserve
Set-Aside Restricted Balance, June 30, 2016	\$	0
Current Year Set-Aside Requirement		746,671
Current Year Offset		(905,196)
Total	\$	(158,525)
Balance Carried Forward to Fiscal Year 2018	\$	0
Set-Aside Restricted Balance June 30, 2017	\$	0

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Although the School District had offsets during the fiscal year that reduced the set aside amount to below zero for the capital acquisition set-aside, this amount may not be used to reduce the set-aside requirements of future years. This negative balance is therefore not presented as being carried forward to future years.

NOTE 19: COMMITMENTS

The School District utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year end may be reported as part of restricted, committed or assigned classifications of fund balance.

At fiscal year end, the School District's commitments for encumbrances in the governmental funds were as follows:

Fund	 Amount		
General Nonmajor Governmental	\$ 187,705 121,532		
	\$ 309,237		

NOTE 20: RESTATEMENT OF NET POSITION

Net position has been restated for an error in reporting debt and capital assets.

	Governmental			
		Activities		
Net position, June 30, 2016	\$	(14,770,994)		
Adjustments:				
Depreciable Capital Assets		(1,193,804)		
Long-Term Liabilities:				
Due Within One Year		(360,000)		
Due In More Than One Year		(870,000)		
Beginning net position, July 1, 2016	\$	(17,194,798)		

NOTE 21: TAX ABATEMENTS

School District property taxes were reduced under Enterprise Zone agreements entered into by an overlapping government – the City of Avon. As a result of the agreements, the School District had \$1,202,158 in taxes abated for fiscal year 2017.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Last Four Fiscal Years (1)

State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)	2017	2016	2015	2014
School District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.15132353%	0.14470975%	0.14056987%	0.14056987%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 50,652,547	\$ 39,993,542	\$ 34,191,457	\$ 40,728,640
School District's Covered Payroll	\$ 15,095,921	\$ 15,912,014	\$ 14,636,462	\$ 13,911,054
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	335.54%	251.34%	233.60%	292.78%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	66.80%	72.10%	74.70%	69.30%
School Employees Retirement System (SERS)				
School District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.15639830%	0.14782200%	0.14687600%	0.14687600%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 11,446,912	\$ 8,434,867	\$ 7,433,311	\$ 8,734,244
School District's Covered Payroll	\$ 5,290,686	\$ 6,133,991	\$ 4,130,512	\$ 3,946,040
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	216.36%	137.51%	179.96%	221.34%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	62.98%	69.16%	71.70%	65.52%

⁽¹⁾ Information prior to 2014 is not available.

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date, which is the prior fiscal year.

Notes:

School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Changes of Benefit Terms: None.

Changes of Assumptions: Amounts reported in 2017 reflect an adjustment of the rates of withdrawal, retirement and disability to more closely reflect actual experience and the expectation of retired life mortality was based on RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Tables and RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table. The following reductions were also made to the actuarial assumptions:

- \bullet Discount rate from 7.75% to 7.50%
- Assumed rate of inflation from 3.25% to 3.00%
- Payroll growth assumption from 4.00% to 3.50%
- Assumed real wage growth from 0.75% to 0.50%

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of School District Contributions Last Ten Fiscal Years

Cont. To a long Dation and Contage (CTDC)	2017	 2016	2015	2014
State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)				
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 2,287,198	\$ 2,113,429	\$ 2,227,682	\$ 1,902,740
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(2,287,198)	(2,113,429)	(2,227,682)	(1,902,740)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
School District's Covered Payroll	\$ 16,337,129	\$ 15,095,921	\$ 15,912,014	\$ 14,636,462
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	13.00%
School Employees Retirement System (SERS)				
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 741,749	\$ 740,696	\$ 808,460	\$ 572,489
Contributions in Relation to the				
Contractually Required Contribution	 (741,749)	 (740,696)	 (808,460)	 (572,489)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
School District's Covered Payroll	\$ 5,298,207	\$ 5,290,686	\$ 6,133,991	\$ 4,130,512
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	14.00%	14.00%	13.18%	13.86%

 2013	 2012	 2011	 2010	 2009	 2008
\$ 1,808,437	\$ 1,617,680	\$ 1,721,042	\$ 1,689,680	\$ 1,580,750	\$ 1,478,102
 (1,808,437)	 (1,617,680)	 (1,721,042)	 (1,689,680)	 (1,580,750)	 (1,478,102)
\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
\$ 13,911,054	\$ 12,443,692	\$ 13,238,785	\$ 12,997,538	\$ 12,159,615	\$ 11,370,015
13.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%
\$ 546,132	\$ 483,865	\$ 455,180	\$ 491,485	\$ 346,855	\$ 323,185
 (546,132)	(483,865)	 (455,180)	 (491,485)	(346,855)	 (323,185)
\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
\$ 3,946,040	\$ 3,597,509	\$ 3,621,161	\$ 3,629,874	\$ 3,524,949	\$ 3,291,090
13.84%	13.45%	12.57%	13.54%	9.84%	9.82%

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AVON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT LORAIN

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

		Pass Through	1
FEDERAL GRANTOR	Federal	Enity	
Pass Through Grantor	CFDA	Identifying	Total Federal
Program / Cluster Title	Number	Number	Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			
Passed Through Ohio Department of Education			
Child Nutrition Cluster:			
School Breakfast Program (SBP)	10.553	N/A	\$28,977
National School Lunch Program (NSLP)	10.555	N/A	203,616
National School Lunch Program (NSLP) - Non-Cash	10.555	N/A	82,691
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			315,284
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			315,284
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			
Passed Through Ohio Department of Education			
Title I Grants to Local Education Agencies (Title I, Part A of the ESEA) - 2016	84.010	N/A	49,094
Title I Grants to Local Education Agencies (Title I, Part A of the ESEA) - 2017	84.010	N/A	237,945
Total Title I Grants to Local Education Agencies (Title I, Part A of the ESEA)			287,039
Special Education - Grant to States (IDEA, Part B) - 2016	84.027	N/A	79,285
Special Education - Grant to States (IDEA, Part B) - 2017	84.027	N/A	673,895
Total Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)			753,180
Title III, Part A, English Language Acquisition State Grants - 2017	84.365	N/A	12,305
Title II, Part A, Improving Teacher Quality State Grants - 2017	84.367	N/A	26,280
Total U.S. Department of Education			1,078,804
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$1,394,088

CFDA - Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance N/A - Not Applicable

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

AVON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT LORAIN COUNTY

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS 2 CFR 200.510(b)(6) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE A – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of Avon Local School District (the District's) under programs of the federal government for the year ended 2017. The information on this Schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the District.

NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards,* wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be allowable or may be limited as to reimbursement. The District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE C - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

The District commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the District assumes it expends federal monies first.

NOTE D - FOOD DONATION PROGRAM

The District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the entitlement value. The District allocated donated food commodities to the respective program that benefitted from the use of those donated food commodities.

NOTE E - MATCHING REQUIREMENTS

Certain Federal programs require the District to contribute non-Federal funds (matching funds) to support the Federally-funded programs. The District has met its matching requirements. The Schedule does not include the expenditure of non-Federal matching funds

AVON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT LORAIN COUNTY

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS 2 CFR 200.510(b)(6) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (Continued)

NOTE F - TRANSFERS BETWEEN PROGRAM YEARS

Federal regulations require schools to obligate certain federal awards by June 30. However, with ODE's consent, schools can transfer unobligated amounts to the subsequent fiscal year's program. The District transferred the following amounts from 2016 to 2017programs:

	CFDA	Amount
Program Title	<u>Number</u>	Transferred
Title I Grants to Local Education Agencies	84.010	\$ 12,828
Special Education - Grant to States	84.027	\$ 41,647
Title II, Part A, Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	\$ 1,253

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Avon Local School District Lorain County 35573 Detroit Road Avon, Ohio 44011

To the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Avon Local School District, Lorain County, Ohio (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 20, 2018.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinions on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the District's financial statements. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Therefore, unidentified material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings that we consider a material weakness. We consider finding 2017-001 to be a material weakness.

Avon Local School District
Lorain County
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Required by Government Auditing Standards
Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards* which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings as item 2017-001.

District's Response to Findings

The District's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings. We did not audit the District's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Dave Yost Auditor of State Columbus. Ohio

March 20, 2018

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO THE MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Avon Local School District Lorain County 35573 Detroit Road Avon, Ohio 44011

To the Board of Education:

Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program

We have audited the Avon Local School District's (the District) compliance with the applicable requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could directly and materially affect the Avon Local School District's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2017. The *Summary of Auditor's Results* in the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the District's major federal program.

Management's Responsibility

The District's Management is responsible for complying with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on the District's compliance for the District's major federal program based on our audit of the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. Our compliance audit followed auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards for financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). These standards and the Uniform Guidance require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our compliance opinion on the District's major program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

Opinion on the Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Avon Local School District complied, in all material respects with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect the major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2017.

Avon Local School District
Lorain County
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements
Applicable to the Major Federal Program and on Internal Control
Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance
Page 2

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

The District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our compliance audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the applicable requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures appropriate for opining on the major federal program's compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program's applicable compliance requirement. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with federal program's applicable compliance requirement that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

This report only describes the scope of our internal control over compliance tests and the results of this testing based on Uniform Guidance requirements. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Dave Yost Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

March 20, 2018

AVON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT LORAIN COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS 2 CFR § 200.515 JUNE 30, 2017

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	Yes
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	Yes
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR § 200.516(a)?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Special Education-Grants to States / CFDA #84.027
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 750,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee under 2 CFR § 200.520?	Yes

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

Finding 2017-001

Appropriations Limited by Estimated Resources – Material Weakness and Noncompliance Finding

Ohio Rev. Code § 5705.39 provides, in part, that total appropriations from each fund shall not exceed the total estimated resources. No appropriation measure is effective until the county auditor files a certificate that the total appropriations from each fund do not exceed the total official estimate or amended official estimate. The District's legal level of control is at the fund level.

AVON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT LORAIN COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS 2 CFR § 200.515 JUNE 30, 2017 (Continued)

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

Finding 2017-001 (Continued)

Appropriations Limited by Estimated Resources – Material Weakness and Noncompliance Finding (Continued)

The following fund had appropriations exceeding estimated resources at the legal level of budgetary control at June 30, 2017:

Fund	Appropriations	Estimated Resources	Variance
Debt Service Fund	\$12,916,470	\$6,101,426	(\$6,815,044)

The District did not follow the provisions of Ohio Rev. Code § 5705.41-(A) and include the appropriated amounts for the \$7,730,000 bond issue and \$988,859 premium on the bond issue on the (amended certificate).

This weakness could allow expenditures to exceed total available fund balances plus current year revenues, which would result in negative fund balances.

We recommend the District include the appropriated amounts for authorized bond issues on the amended certificate.

Official's Response: Going forward, if the District refunds any debt, we will obtain an amended certificate of estimate resources to account for any refunding proceeds to ensure compliance.

3. FINDINGS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None.



AVON BOARD OF EDUCATION

36600 Detroit Road Avon, Ohio 44011 • Fax: (440) 937-4688

Corrective Action Plan 2 CFR § 200.511(c) June 30, 2017

Finding Number	Planned Corrective Action	Anticipated Completion Date	Responsible Contact Person
2017- 001	Going forward, if the District refunds any debt, we will obtain an amended certificate of estimate resources to account for any refunding proceeds to ensure compliance.	2018	Treasurer





AVON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

LORAIN COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED MARCH 29, 2018