

MIDWEST EMPLOYEE BENEFIT CONSORTIUM

MERCER COUNTY, OHIO

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(AUDITED)

***FOR THE YEARS ENDED
DECEMBER 31, 2017 and 2016***



Dave Yost • Auditor of State

Board of Trustees
Midwest Employee Benefit Consortium
220 W. Livingston Street, Room A201
Celina, Ohio 45822

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Midwest Employee Benefit Consortium, Mercer County, prepared by Julian & Grube, Inc., for the audit period January 1, 2017 through December 31, 2017. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Midwest Employee Benefit Consortium is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Dave Yost".

Dave Yost
Auditor of State

August 10, 2018

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**MIDWEST EMPLOYEE BENEFIT CONSORTIUM
MERCER COUNTY, OHIO**

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Julian & Grube, Inc.
Serving Ohio Local Governments

333 County Line Rd. West, Westerville, OH 43082 Phone: 614.846.1899 Fax: 614.846.2799

Independent Auditor's Report

Midwest Employee Benefit Consortium
Mercer County
220 W. Livingston Street
Room A201
Celina, Ohio 45822

To the Board of Trustees:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Midwest Employee Benefit Consortium, Mercer County, Ohio, as of and for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Midwest Employee Benefit Consortium's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the Midwest Employee Benefit Consortium's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the Midwest Employee Benefit Consortium's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our opinions.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Midwest Employee Benefit Consortium, Mercer County, Ohio, as of December 31, 2017 and 2016, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the fiscal years then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *Management's discussion and analysis*, listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, consisting of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries to the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not opine or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to opine or provide any other assurance.

Management has omitted the *Ten-year loss development information* that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 26, 2018, on our consideration of the Midwest Employee Benefit Consortium's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Midwest Employee Benefit Consortium's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



Julian & Grube, Inc.
June 26, 2018

MIDWEST EMPLOYEE BENEFIT CONSORTIUM

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Using this Annual Report

The Management of Midwest Employee Benefit Consortium, Inc. (MEBC) offers this overview of the organization and analysis of the financial activities of MEBC for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016. Readers are encouraged to consider the information presented here in conjunction with MEBC's financial statements and notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of MEBC's financial performance.

Financial Overview

This annual report consists of three parts - management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplemental information.

The basic financial statements, which follow this section, provide both long-term and short-term information about MEBC's financial status. MEBC uses the accrual method of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The three basic financial statements presented are as follows:

- **Statement of Net Position** - This statement presents information reflecting MEBC's assets, liabilities, and net position and is categorized into current and noncurrent assets and short term and long term liabilities.
- **Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position** - This statement reflects operating and non-operating revenue and expenses. Operating revenue consists primarily of premiums net of reinsurance premiums, with the major sources of operating expenses being claims and claims adjustment expense, and general and administrative expenses. Non-operating revenue and expenses consist primarily of investment activity.
- **Statement of Cash Flows** - This statement is presented on the direct method of reporting and reflects cash flows from operating, financing and investing activities. Cash collections and payments are reflected in this statement to arrive at the net increase or decrease in cash and cash equivalents for the fiscal year

In 1993, the County Commissioners of three counties set out to establish a health benefits program for Ohio counties. The goal was to provide the highest quality yet most cost-effective medical and related benefits for county employees. MEBC was incorporated as a non-profit, governmental health insurance pool in September, 1993. Operations and plan coverage officially began on January 1, 1994. On that date, MEBC had three member counties. Since then, two counties have joined and two have withdrawn the benefit consortium. The total counties in MEBC is three: Auglaize, Mercer and Hancock Counties. These counties have joined

MIDWEST EMPLOYEE BENEFIT CONSORTIUM

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Financial Overview (Continued)

MEBC for medical and prescription drug coverage. Two of the counties provide dental coverage and one county has vision benefits through MEBC.

MEBC is a non-profit, joint self-insurance consortium authorized pursuant to Sections 305.171 and 9.833 of the Ohio Revised Code to offer medical, dental, vision, and prescription drug coverage. Two counties offer a single High Deductible Health Plan with HSA and one county offers 2 plans: a PPO and a High Deductible Health Plan with HSA. Each county is assessed a fully insured equivalent rate on an annual basis. These premiums are paid into MEBC monthly. Initially, members sign a three-year commitment to the MEBC program.

In analyzing MEBC's financial position, it is important to recognize the mission of MEBC. From a financial perspective, MEBC's core objective is to provide cost-effective and high-quality group medical and dental coverage for Ohio counties, including employee medical, prescription drug, vision, and dental benefits. MEBC strives for stability in its premiums, so that counties can predict and maintain their budgets.

Total estimated claims incurred for the policy year consist of claim payments and an estimate of claims incurred but not reported determined by an independent actuary. The methods of making such estimates are reviewed by management and are made according to industry practice. Any changes to these estimates will have an impact on reported results of future periods.

MEBC has purchased excess insurance coverage from a reinsurer to reduce its exposure to large specific losses. The excess insurance contract permits recovery of a portion of losses from the excess insurance carrier, although it does not discharge the primary liability of MEBC as direct insured. For the year ended December 31, 2016, the excess insurance contract provided coverage for medical and prescription drug benefits in excess of \$125,000 per subscriber. For the year ended December 31, 2017 the excess insurance contract provided coverage for medical and prescription drug benefits in excess of \$125,000 per subscriber. Management reviews the stop loss coverage every year to analyze the cost benefit of the coverage versus the premiums.

MIDWEST EMPLOYEE BENEFIT CONSORTIUM

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Financial Overview (Continued)

Approximately 89 and 99 percent of total assets consist of cash, cash equivalents, and investments at December 31, 2016 and 2017 respectively. Approximately 100% percent of total liabilities consist of the reserve for unpaid claims at December 31, 2016 and 2017, respectively. MEBC participates in a joint venture for shared facility costs and has no significant investments in capital assets. MEBC carries no long-term debt. MEBC's financial position is presented below:

	December 31		
	2017	2016	2015
Current Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$4,261,810	\$3,208,129	\$3,596,627
Other assets	<u>50,941</u>	<u>430,979</u>	<u>409,964</u>
Total assets	\$4,312,751	\$3,639,108	\$4,006,591
Current Liabilities			
Reserve for unpaid claims	<u>1,367,000</u>	<u>1,525,000</u>	<u>1,777,000</u>
Total liabilities	\$1,367,000	\$1,525,000	\$1,777,000
Net Position - Unrestricted			
Unrestricted	<u>2,945,751</u>	<u>2,114,108</u>	<u>2,229,591</u>
Total net position	<u>\$2,945,751</u>	<u>\$2,114,108</u>	<u>\$2,229,591</u>

MIDWEST EMPLOYEE BENEFIT CONSORTIUM

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Financial Overview (Continued)

The following table shows the major components of income from operations:

	<u>Year Ended December 31</u>		
	2017	2016	2015
Operating Revenue			
Premiums	<u>\$ 13,567,453</u>	<u>\$ 15,775,102</u>	<u>\$ 13,708,409</u>
Operating Expenses			
Provision for claims	12,253,097	15,356,073	15,301,296
Claims administration	488,928	487,029	620,743
Other general and administrative expenses	<u>15,402</u>	<u>57,394</u>	<u>86,380</u>
Total operating expenses	<u>\$ 12,757,427</u>	<u>\$ 15,900,496</u>	<u>\$ 16,008,419</u>
Operating (Loss)/Gain	810,026	(125,394)	(2,300,010)
Non-operating Revenue (Expenses)			
Interest and dividend income	<u>21,617</u>	<u>9,911</u>	<u>12,481</u>
Total nonoperating income			
Change in Net Position	<u>\$ 831,643</u>	<u>\$ (115,483)</u>	<u>\$ (2,287,529)</u>

Condensed Comparative Financial Highlights

- Reserve for unpaid claims (reported net of estimated reinsurance recoveries), both reported and incurred but not reported, decreased by 10% for the year ended December 31, 2017.
- Overall, MEBC's net position increased by \$831,643 in 2017 compared to a decrease of \$115,483 in 2016. This increase in 2017 can be contributed in part to benefit plan changes. Two counties moved from a PPO to a High Deductible Health Plan with a Health Savings Account. The 2016 decrease was the result of an increase in the provision for claims and higher than expected claims expenses.
- Claim expenses were \$12,253,097 and \$15,356,073 for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016 respectively. The decrease was the result of decreased healthcare costs and benefit plan changes.
- Non-operating revenue increased by \$11,706 from 2016 to 2017. Changes in respective years was attributable to changes in the market value of investments and change in cash flow.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Condensed Comparative Financial Highlights (Continued)

Economic Factors and Next Year's Rates

With the uncertainty surrounding the Affordable Care Act and what it will ultimately bring to health care programs and consumers, MEBC remains committed to finding ways to enhance its benefits and programs provided for the membership and to control claims costs. Through partnerships with UMR, Medtrak RX, and various voluntary benefit carriers, MEBC continually strives to provide the most comprehensive program available so that members and their employees can achieve and maintain personal physical, mental, and social wellness.

MEBC remains committed to providing a stable health insurance program to its members and is continually looking for ways to control program costs. For example, MEBC conducts a vendor Request For Proposal process every three years for claims administration providers. This competitive process occurred in 2017 to ensure the best-value program costs for vendor provided services and evaluation of opportunities to enhance services to MEBC's members.

The provision for claim payments is expected to be consistent with historical trends. All other operating expenses are expected to remain consistent with prior periods. MEBC is unaware of any economic events or legislative actions that would have a significant impact on the operations of MEBC.

Contacting MEBC's Management

This financial report is designed to provide the users of MEBC's services, governments, taxpayers and creditors with a general overview of the organization's finances. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, we welcome you to contact the

President of the MEBC Board of Directors, John Bergman
c/o Auglaize County Commissioners
209 South Blackhoof Street, Room 201
Wapakoneta, OH 45895; or

Treasurer of the MEBC Board of Directors, Jerry Laffin
c/o Mercer County Commissioners
220 W. Livingston Street, Room A201
Celina, OH 45822

MIDWEST EMPLOYEE BENEFIT CONSORTIUM

Statement of Net Position

	As of December 31,	
	2017	2016
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2)	\$ 4,261,810	\$ 3,208,129
Other receivable	50,941	430,979
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Total current assets	\$ 4,312,751	\$ 3,639,108
Total assets	\$ 4,312,751	\$ 3,639,108
Liabilities - Current		
Reserve for unpaid claims (Note 3)	<u>1,367,000</u>	<u>1,525,000</u>
Total liabilities	<u>1,367,000</u>	<u>1,525,000</u>
Equity - Net position		
Unrestricted	<u>2,945,751</u>	<u>2,114,108</u>
Total net position	\$ 2,945,751	\$ 2,114,108

MIDWEST EMPLOYEE BENEFIT CONSORTIUM

Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

	Year Ended December 31,	
	2017	2016
Operating Revenue		
Premiums	\$ 13,567,453	\$ 15,775,102
Total operating revenue	13,567,453	15,775,102
Operating Expenses		
Claims expense	11,093,435	14,237,132
Claims premiums	1,159,662	1,118,941
Claims administration	488,928	487,029
General and administrative	7,217	7,418
Legal	8,185	7,365
Transitional reinsurance fee	0	42,611
Total operating expenses	12,757,427	15,900,496
Operating (Loss) / Gain	810,026	(125,394)
Nonoperating Revenue		
Interest and dividend income	21,617	9,911
Total nonoperating revenue	21,617	9,911
Change in Net Position	831,643	(115,483)
Net Position - Beginning of year	2,114,108	2,229,591
Net Position - End of year	\$ 2,495,751	\$ 2,114,108

MIDWEST EMPLOYEE BENEFIT CONSORTIUM

Statement of Cash Flows

	Year Ended December 31,	
	2017	2016
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
Cash received for premiums and other	\$ 13,947,491	\$ 15,754,087
Cash paid for claims	(11,251,435)	(14,489,132)
Cash paid for insurance premiums	(1,159,662)	(1,118,941)
Cash paid for claims administration	(488,928)	(487,029)
Cash payments to vendors for services and goods	(15,402)	(57,394)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	1,032,064	(398,409)
Cash Flows from Investment Activities		
Interest and dividends received on investments	21,617	9,911
Net cash provided by investing activities	21,617	9,911
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,053,681	(388,498)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of year	3,208,129	3,596,627
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of year	<u>\$4,261,810</u>	<u>\$3,208,129</u>

A reconciliation of operating loss to net cash used in operating activities is as follows:

Operating (Loss)/Gain	\$810,026	(\$125,394)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash from operating activities:		
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Reserve for unpaid claims (Decrease)	(158,000)	(252,000)
Other receivable (Increase)/Decrease	380,038	(21,015)
Net cash provided by (used) in operating activities	<u>\$1,032,046</u>	<u>(\$398,409)</u>

There were no noncash transactions in 2016 and 2017.

MIDWEST EMPLOYEE BENEFIT CONSORTIUM

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2017 and 2016

Note I - Nature of Business and Significant Accounting Policies

The Midwest Employee Benefit Consortium of Ohio, Inc. (MEBC) is an Ohio non-profit organization formed by the County Commissioners of Mercer, Auglaize and Hancock Counties to provide cost effective employee benefit programs for Ohio county governments. MEBC is a self-funded, group purchasing consortium that offers medical, dental, vision, and prescription drug coverage. Various plan options are available to members. Each county chooses its own plan design. These plans vary primarily by deductibles, coinsurance levels, office visit copays, and out-of-pocket maximums. MEBC is governed by a Board of Directors comprised mainly of representatives of counties that participate in the program. MEBC was incorporated as a governmental health insurance pool on September 17, 1993. Operations and plan coverage officially began on January 1, 1994.

Pursuant to participation agreements with MEBC, each member agrees to pay all funding rates associated with the coverage it elects; as such funding rates are set and billed to the members by MEBC. The assigned funding rates consist of the following components: administrative fees, stop loss fees, expected claim costs, and reserves. Reserves are actuarially determined and allocated based on expected claim activity. Rates are calculated to cover the administrative expenses and expected claims costs of the program.

As of December 31, 2017, three Ohio counties were members of MEBC as medical coverage participants.

MEBC follows all applicable GASB pronouncements. The accompanying financial statements are presented using the accrual method of accounting.

MEBC distinguishes operating revenue and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenue and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with MEBC's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenue relates to premiums. Operating expenses include the provision for claims, cost of services, and administrative expenses. All revenue and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenue and expenses.

Cash and Cash Equivalents - MEBC considers all investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. Cash and cash equivalents consist of funds in interest-bearing checking accounts, demand deposit accounts (2017 only), and non-negotiable certificates of deposit (2016 only).

Investments - Investments consist of non-negotiable certificates of deposit (2016 only), which are stated at fair value. Investment income, including changes in the fair value of investments, is recognized as non-operating revenue in the statement of revenue, expenses, and changes in net position.

Note I - Nature of Business and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Premium Revenue and Unearned Premiums - Premiums are paid monthly by participating entities and are recognized as revenue over the policy period. Receivables are recorded when earned. Management has determined amounts are collectible, and no allowance for doubtful accounts is required. Premiums collected in advance of applicable coverage periods are classified as unearned premiums. MEBC had no unearned premiums as of December 31, 2017 or 2016.

Reserve for Unpaid Claims - MEBC's reserve for unpaid claims is determined using actuarial analysis and is computed in accordance with accepted loss reserving standards. The reserve represents an estimate of the ultimate net cost of all claims incurred which were unpaid at December 31, 2017 and 2016. This includes an estimate of claims incurred but not yet reported (IBNR) as of December 31, 2017 and 2016. A 10% margin has been added to the IBNR to reflect expected variability.

Although MEBC considers its experience and industry data in determining such reserves, assumptions and projections as to future events are necessary and ultimate losses may differ significantly from amounts projected. The effects of changes in reserve estimates are included in the statements of revenue, expenses, and changes in net position in the period in which estimates are changed. Reserves are not discounted.

Capital Assets – MEBC has no capital assets.

Risk Management - MEBC is exposed to various risks of loss from torts; theft; business interruption; errors and omissions; employee injuries and illnesses; natural disasters; and employee health, dental, and accident benefits. The MEBC provides crime and management liability protection through its joint five-county liability insurance program, Midwest Pool Risk Management Agency. There has been no claims in excess of coverage in the past three years.

Net Position - Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities in the statement of net position. Net position is reported as unrestricted, net investment in capital assets, or restricted when there are legal limitations imposed on their use by external restrictions by creditors, grantors, laws, or regulations of other governments. After the IBNR required valuation and at the discretion of the board of directors, net position may be designated for MEBC's reserve fund. The reserve fund is to be used only in cases of unexpected and unusually high claims payments, or when claims are such that a deficit is created in the claims fund.

Note 1 - Nature of Business and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Use of Estimates - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Significant estimates exist relating to the valuation of investments and reserve for unpaid claims as described in Notes 2 and 3, respectively.

Tax Status - MEBC's income is exempt from taxation under Internal Revenue Code Section 115. Accordingly, no provision for income taxes is reflected in the financial statements.

Premium Deficiency - Anticipated investment income is considered in determining if a premium deficiency exists. No premium deficiency reserve was required at December 31, 2017 or 2016.

Subsequent Events - MEBC has evaluated events or transactions occurring subsequent to the statement of net position date for recognition and disclosure in the accompanying financial statements through the date the financial statements are available to be issued, which is June 26, 2018, and noted no significant matters to disclose.

Note 2 - Deposits and Investments

MEBC's investments are held in MEBC's name. MEBC has designated The Peoples Bank Co. and First Financial Bank to serve as public depositories. The checking account is either (1) insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (2) collateralized by securities specifically pledged by the financial institution to the Consortium, or (3) collateralized by the financial institutions' public entity deposit pool.

Deposits - Cash and cash equivalents include operating and claims checking accounts, demand deposit accounts (2017 only), and non-negotiable certificates of deposit (2016 only). Cash and cash equivalents totaled \$4,261,810 and \$3,208,129 for 2017 and 2016 respectively.

Custodial Credit Risk of Bank Deposits - Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, MEBC's deposits may not be returned to it. MEBC does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At year end, MEBC had bank deposits of \$4,261,810. Of this amount, \$500,000 was insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC). Pursuant to the agreement with the financial institutions, the bank will secure all public deposits at the bank's option under either Section 135.18, Section 135.181, or Section 135.182 in an amount sufficient to meet the requirements of Chapter 135.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2017 and 2016

Note 3 – Reserve for Unpaid Claims

MEBC established a reserve liability that includes a provision for reported and unreported insured events and an estimate of future payments of losses and related loss adjustment expenses. The claims liability as required by GASB Statement No. 10, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues", as amended by GASB Statement No. 30, "Risk Financing Omnibus", was provided by MEBC's independent actuary, Arthur J. Gallagher's Healthcare Analytics Consulting. The following represents changes in those liabilities for MEBC:

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	<u>Beginning Balance</u>	<u>Claims</u>	<u>Payments</u>	<u>Ending Balance</u>
2017	\$ 1,525,000	\$ 11,093,435	\$ 11,251,435	\$ 1,367,000
2016	\$ 1,777,000	\$ 14,237,132	\$ 14,489,132	\$ 1,525,000

Year ended December 31, 2016 was the Consortium's first year presenting financial statements in accordance with GAAP. As such, the information needed to present the changes in the aggregate liabilities for the year ended December 31, 2015 was not available.

Note 4 – Excess Insurance Coverage

MEBC has purchased specific excess insurance coverage from a reinsurer to reduce its exposure to large specific losses. The excess insurance contract permits recovery of a portion of losses in excess of \$125,000 per subscriber. This cost is included in the claims administration expense.

Note 5 – Litigation

MEBC is not party to any litigation.



Julian & Grube, Inc.
Serving Ohio Local Governments

333 County Line Rd. West, Westerville, OH 43082 Phone: 614.846.1899 Fax: 614.846.2799

**Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and
on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards***

Midwest Employee Benefit Consortium
Mercer County
220 W. Livingston Street
Room A201
Celina, Ohio 45822

To the Board of Trustees:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the Midwest Employee Benefit Consortium, Mercer County, Ohio, as of and for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Midwest Employee Benefit Consortium's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 26, 2018.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the Midwest Employee Benefit Consortium's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinions on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the Midwest Employee Benefit Consortium's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the Midwest Employee Benefit Consortium's financial statements. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses may exist.

Board of Trustees
Midwest Employee Benefit Consortium

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the Midwest Employee Benefit Consortium's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results and does not opine on the effectiveness of the Midwest Employee Benefit Consortium's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Midwest Employee Benefit Consortium's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Julian & Grube, Inc.".

Julian & Grube, Inc.
June 26, 2018



Dave Yost • Auditor of State

MIDWEST EMPLOYEE BENEFIT CONSORTIUM

MERCER COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbitt

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

**CERTIFIED
AUGUST 23, 2018**