



Dave Yost • Auditor of State

PETTISVILLE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT FULTON COUNTY JUNE 30, 2017 AND 2016

TABLE OF CONTENTS

TITLE	PAGE
Independent Auditor's Report	1
Prepared by Management:	
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-Wide Financial Statements: Statement of Net Position – Cash Basis – June 30, 2017	3
Statement of Activities – Cash Basis – For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017	4
Fund Financial Statements: Statement of Assets and Fund Balances - Cash Basis Governmental Funds – June 30, 2017	5
Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balances - Cash Basis Governmental Funds – For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017	6
Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balance – Budgetary Basis General Fund – For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017	7
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Cash Basis Fiduciary Funds – June 30, 2017	
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – Cash Basis Fiduciary Fund – For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017	9
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements – For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017	10
Management's Discussion and Analysis – For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016	
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-Wide Financial Statements: Statement of Net Position – Cash Basis – June 30, 2016	43
Statement of Activities – Cash Basis – For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016	
Fund Financial Statements: Statement of Assets and Fund Balances - Cash Basis Governmental Funds – June 30, 2016	45
Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balances - Cash Basis Governmental Funds – For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016	46
Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balance – Budgetary Basis General Fund – For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016	<i>۸</i> ٦
	47
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Cash Basis Fiduciary Funds – June 30, 2016	

PETTISVILLE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT FULTON COUNTY JUNE 30, 2017 AND 2016

TABLE OF CONTENTS (Continued)

TITLE	PAGE
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – Cash Basis Fiduciary Fund – For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016	
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements – For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016	
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	
Schedule of Findings	
Prepared by Management:	
Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	



Dave Yost • Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Pettisville Local School District Fulton County P.O. Box 53001 232 Summit Street Pettisville, Ohio 43553

To the Board of Education:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying cash-basis financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Pettisville Local School District, Fulton County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with the cash accounting basis Note 2 describes. This responsibility includes determining that the cash accounting basis is acceptable for the circumstances. Management is also responsible for designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

One Government Center, Suite 1420, Toledo, Ohio 43604-2246 Phone: 419-245-2811 or 800-443-9276 Fax: 419-245-2484 www.ohioauditor.gov Pettisville Local School District Fulton County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective cash financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Pettisville Local School District, Fulton County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2017 and 2016, and the respective changes in cash financial position and the budgetary comparison for the General fund thereof for the years then ended in accordance with the accounting basis described in Note 2.

Accounting Basis

Ohio Administrative Code § 117-2-03(B) requires the District to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We draw attention to Note 2 of the financial statements, which describes the basis applied to these statements. The financial statements are prepared on the cash basis of accounting, which is a basis other than generally accepted accounting principles. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

Other Matters

Other Information

We applied no procedures to management's discussion and analysis, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, as listed in the table of contents. Accordingly, we express no opinion or any other assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 12, 2018, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

Columbus, Ohio

April 12, 2018

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - CASH BASIS JUNE 30, 2017

	Governmental Activities
Assets: Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 3,492,581
Net Position:	
Restricted for Debt Service	\$ 301,161
Restricted for Capital Outlay	1,394,965
Restricted for Other Purposes	204,833
Unrestricted	1,591,622
Total Net Position	\$ 3,492,581

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - CASH BASIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

				Program	n R	eceipts		Net (Disbursements) Receipts and Changes in Net Position
	<u> </u>	Cash Disbursements	- -	Charges for Services and Sales		Operating Grants and Contributions	• •	Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities:								
Instruction:	•	0 754 0 47	•	4 0 40 00 4	•	40,000	•	(4.004.745)
Regular	\$	2,751,647	\$	1,340,234	\$	49,668	\$	(1,361,745)
Special Vocational		309,844 181,351		94,518		197,348 21,807		(17,978)
Adult/Continuing		238				21,007		(159,544) (238)
Other		20,809						(20,809)
Support Services:		20,000						(20,000)
Pupils		211,604				5,674		(205,930)
Instructional Staff		142,297				31,329		(110,968)
Board of Education		21,945						(21,945)
Administration		560,901						(560,901)
Fiscal		219,771						(219,771)
Business		1,014						(1,014)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		533,290				11,130		(522,160)
Pupil Transportation		221,126						(221,126)
Central		79,357		454.000		<u> </u>		(79,357)
Operation of Non-Instructional Services		226,912		154,326		68,928 1,040		(3,658)
Extracurricular Activities Capital Outlay		431,126 7,000		174,295		1,040		(255,791) (7,000)
Debt Service:		7,000						(7,000)
Principal		185,000						(185,000)
Interest and Fiscal Charges		123,166						(123,166)
Issuance Costs		71,930						(71,930)
Advanced Refunding Escrow		1,925						(1,925)
Discount on Bonds and Notes Issued		43,502						(43,502)
Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent		4,406,239					_	(4,406,239)
Totals	\$	10,751,994	\$	1,763,373	\$	386,924		(8,601,697)
	Gor	eral Receipts						
		Taxes:						
			. Lev	vied for General P	urp	oses		1,117,471
				vied for Capital Ou				112,481
				vied for Debt Servi				321,651
		Property Taxes						18,360
	I	ncome Taxes						534,893
	(Grants and Entitl	eme	ents not Restricted	to	Specific Programs		2,318,615
		nvestment Earni	ngs					18,843
		Miscellaneous						8,472
		Refunding Bonds						3,929,919
				ng Bonds Issued				591,752
		Refund of Prior D		irsements			-	25,066 8,997,523
		al General Recei ange in Net Posit					-	<u> </u>
		Position Beginni		of Year				3,096,755
		Position End of	-				\$	3,492,581
	1101		100				Ψ	0,702,001

STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND FUND BALANCES - CASH BASIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2017

	-	General Fund	Classroom Facilities Fund	 Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets: Current Assets: Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,591,622	\$ 1,276,071	\$ 624,888	\$ 3,492,581
Fund Balances: Restricted Assigned Unassigned	\$	210,529 1,381,093	\$ 1,276,071	\$ 624,888	\$ 1,900,959 210,529 1,381,093
Total Fund Balances	\$	1,591,622	\$ 1,276,071	\$ 624,888	\$ 3,492,581

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - CASH BASIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	General Fund	Classroom Facilities Fund	All Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Receipts:				
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$ 1,117,471		\$ 452,492	\$ 1,569,963
Income Tax	534,893			534,893
Intergovernmental	2,390,136		314,350	2,704,486
Interest	10,855	\$ 7,988	13	18,856
Tuition and Fees	1,430,083			1,430,083
Rent	275			275
Extracurricular Activities	19,473		156,716	176,189
Gifts and Donations			1,040	1,040
Customer Sales and Services	4,394		154,326	158,720
Miscellaneous	6,578		·	6,578
Total Receipts	5,514,158	7,988	1,078,937	6,601,083
Disbursements: Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	2,676,861		74,786	2,751,647
Special	227,079		82,765	309,844
Vocational	181,351		,	181,351
Adult/Continuing	238			238
Other	20,809			20,809
Support Services:	- ,			,
Pupils	205,930		5,674	211,604
Instructional Staff	110,968		31,329	142,297
Board of Education	21,945			21,945
Administration	559,511		1,390	560,901
Fiscal	209,587		10,184	219,771
Business	1,014			1,014
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	457,989		75,301	533,290
Pupil Transportation	221,126			221,126
Central	79,357			79,357
Operation of Non-Instructional Services			226,912	226,912
Extracurricular Activities	251,688		179,438	431,126
Capital Outlay		7,000		7,000
Debt Service:				
Principal	10 00		185,000	185,000
Interest	18,590		104,576	123,166
Issuance Cost			71,930	71,930
Advance Refunding Escrow			1,925	1,925
Total Disbursements	5,244,043	7,000	1,051,210	6,302,253
Excess of Receipts Over Disbursements	270,115	988	27,727	298,830
Other Financing Sources and Uses:			0.000.015	
Refunding Bonds Issued			3,929,919	3,929,919
Premium on Refunding Bonds Issued			591,752	591,752
Discount on Bonds and Issued	05 000		(43,502)	(43,502)
Refund of Prior Year Expenditures	25,066		(4 400 000)	25,066
Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent	05 000	. <u> </u>	(4,406,239)	(4,406,239)
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses	25,066		71,930	96,996
Net Change in Fund Balances	295,181	988	99,657	395,826
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	1,296,441	1,275,083	525,231	3,096,755
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 1,591,622	\$ 1,276,071	\$ 624,888	\$ 3,492,581

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGETARY BASIS GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Original Budget	_	Final Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Receipts:						
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$ 	\$	1,117,471	\$	1,117,471	
Income Tax	568,345		568,345		534,893	
Intergovernmental	2,388,080		2,391,387		2,390,136	(1,251)
Interest	2,500		9,276		9,276	
Tuition and Fees	1,259,925		1,439,589		1,430,083	(9,506)
Rent			275		275	
Extracurricular	2,100		17,100		17,100	
Gifts and Donations	150		150			(150)
Customer Sales and Service	600		2,500		2,500	
Miscellaneous	4,500	_	9,472		8,472	(1,000)
Total Receipts	5,363,200	-	5,555,565	· -	5,510,206	(45,359)
Disbursements:						
Current:						
Instruction:						
Regular	2,735,206		2,698,948		2,674,600	24,348
Special	260,065		227,094		227,079	15
Vocational	186,072		192,124		182,529	9,595
Adult/Continuing	567		567		238	329
Other	22,872		23,167		20,809	2,358
Support Services:						
Pupils	195,361		210,184		205,930	4,254
Instructional Staff	104,347		122,429		120,476	1,953
Board of Education	17,255		22,132		21,945	187
Administration	556,045		567,946		558,846	9,100
Fiscal	240,981		215,808		210,035	5,773
Business	872		1,026		1,014	12
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	467,194		507,520		465,648	41,872
Pupil Transportation	211,109		229,729		224,514	5,215
Central	75,247		79,760		79,357	403
Extracurricular Activities	234,447		249,773		247,093	2,680
Interest		_	35,996		18,590	17,406
Total Disbursements	5,307,640	_	5,384,203		5,258,703	125,500
Excess of Receipts Over Disbursements	55,560	-	171,362		251,503	80,141
Other Financing Sources and Uses:						
Transfers In	36,000		42,886		38,509	(4,377)
Insurance Recoveries	600		600			(600)
Refund of Prior Year Disbursements			25,066		25,066	
Transfers Out			(38,509)		(38,509)	
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses	36,600		30,043		25,066	(4,977)
Net Change in Fund Balance	92,160		201,405		276,569	75,164
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	1,065,276		1,065,276		1,065,276	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	38,798		38,798		38,798	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	\$	1,305,479	\$	1,380,643	5 75,164

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - CASH BASIS FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2017

	Private Purpose Trust	Agency Fund
Assets Current Assets: Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 656	\$ 66,291
Liabilities: Current Liabilities: Undistributed Monies		\$ 66,291
Net Position: Held in Trust for Scholarships	\$ 656	

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION -CASH BASIS FIDUCIARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Private Purpose Trust
Change in Net Position	
Net Position Beginning of Year	\$ 656
Net Position End of Year	\$ 656

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

1. DESCRIPTION OF THE DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY

Pettisville Local School District (the District) is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. Pettisville Local School District is a local school district as defined by §3311.22 of the Ohio Revised Code. The District operates under an elected Board of Education (5 members) and is responsible for the provision of public education to residents of the District. The Board oversees the operations of the District's one instructional/support facility staffed by 23 non-certified and 39 certified full-time teaching personnel who provide services to 520 students and other community members.

Reporting Entity

The reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to insure that the financial statements of the District are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes. The District does not have any component units.

The District is associated with organizations, which are defined as jointly governed organizations, a related organization, and group purchasing pools. These organizations include the Northwest Ohio Computer Association, Northern Buckeye Education Council, Four County Career Center, Northern Buckeye Health Plan Employee Insurance Benefits Program, Northern Buckeye Health Plan Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan, Schools of Ohio Risk Sharing Authority, and the Pettisville School Foundation. These organizations are presented in Notes 13, 14, and 15 to the basic financial statements.

The District's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the District is financially accountable.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

As discussed further in Note 2.C, these financial statements are presented on a cash basis of accounting. This basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Generally accepted accounting principles include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements, which have been applied to the extent they are applicable to the cash basis of accounting. Following are the more significant of the District's accounting policies.

A. Basis of Presentation

The District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

1. Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

The statement of net position presents the cash balance of the governmental activities of the District at fiscal yearend. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct disbursements and program receipts for each program or function of the District's governmental activities. Direct disbursements are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and, therefore, clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants, contributions, and interest that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Receipts that are not classified as program receipts are presented as general receipts of the District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct disbursements with program receipts identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

2. Fund Financial Statements

During the fiscal year, the District segregates transactions related to certain District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements report more detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental financial statements is on major funds. Fund statements present each major fund in a separate column and aggregate nonmajor funds in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the District or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets, receipts, or disbursements of that individual governmental fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
- b. Total assets, receipts, or disbursements of that individual governmental fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental funds combined.

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The funds of the District are grouped into the categories governmental and fiduciary.

1. <u>Governmental Funds</u>

The District classifies funds financed primarily from taxes, intergovernmental receipts (e.g. grants), and other non-exchange transactions as governmental funds. The District's major governmental funds are the General Fund and the Classroom Facilities Fund.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

<u>General Fund</u> - The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund is available to the District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Classroom Facilities Fund</u> - The Classroom Facilities Fund is used to account for the revenues and expenditures related to the construction of the new school building.

The other governmental funds of the District account for grants and other resources, and capital projects of the District whose uses are restricted to a particular purpose.

2. Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private purpose trust funds, and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are not available to support the District's own programs. The District's private purpose trust fund accounts for college scholarships for students. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The District's agency funds account for various student-managed activities.

C. Basis of Accounting

Although Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 (B) requires the District's financial report to follow generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the District chooses to prepare its financial statements and notes in accordance with the cash basis of accounting. This basis is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles.

The District's financial statements are prepared using the cash basis of accounting. Receipts are recorded in the District's financial records and reported in the financial statements when cash is received rather than when earned and disbursements are recorded when cash is paid rather than when a liability is incurred.

As a result of the use of this cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements.

D. Budgetary Process

The budgetary process is prescribed by provision of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within established timetable. All funds, except agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriations resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriations resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at the level of control

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

selected by the Board. The District's legal level of budgetary control selected by the Board is at the fund and object level for the General Fund and the fund and special cost center for all other funds.

Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the fiscal year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the amended certificate of estimated resources in effect at the time final appropriations were passed by the Board.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation resolution for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior fiscal years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the fiscal year.

The District is required to use the encumbrance method of accounting by virtue of Ohio law. Under this system, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of funds are recorded in order to reserve the portion of the applicable appropriation. Expenditures plus encumbrances may not legally exceed appropriations.

At the close of each fiscal year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriations. The encumbered appropriation balance is carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and need not be reappropriated.

E. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents."

Investments of the District's cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months that were not purchased from the pool are reported as investments.

Investments are reported as assets. Accordingly, purchases of investments are not recorded as disbursements, and sales of investments are not recorded as receipts. Gains or losses at the time of sale are recorded as receipts or negative receipts (contra revenue), respectively.

During fiscal year 2017, the District had no investments.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

As authorized by Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the General Fund during fiscal year 2017 amounted to \$10,855 which includes \$3,591 assigned from other District funds.

F. Inventory

The District reports disbursements for inventory when paid. These items are not reflected as assets in the accompanying financial statements.

G. Capital Assets

Acquisitions of property, plant and equipment are recorded as disbursements when paid. The financial statements do not report these assets.

H. Interfund Receivables/Payables

The District reports advances-in and advances-out for interfund loans. These items are not reflected as assets and liabilities in the accompanying financial statements. Interfund balances are eliminated in the statement of net position.

I. Compensated Absences

Employees are entitled to cash payments for unused vacation and sick leave in certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment. Unpaid vacation and sick leave are not reflected as liabilities under the cash basis of accounting used by the District.

J. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension systems report investments at fair value.

K. Long-term Obligations

The District's cash basis financial statements do not report liabilities for bonds and other long-term obligations. Proceeds of debt are reported when cash is received and principal and interest payments are reported when paid. Since recording a capital asset when entering into a capital lease is not the result of a cash transaction, neither another financing source nor capital outlay expenditure are reported at inception. Lease payments are reported when paid.

L. Interfund Transactions

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as receipts in the seller funds and as disbursements in the purchaser funds. Subsidies from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular cash disbursements to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented in the financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

M. Net Position

Net position are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Net position restricted for other purposes include resources restricted for food service operations, music and athletic programs, and federal and state grants restricted to cash disbursement for specified purposes. The District's policy is to first apply restricted resources when a cash disbursement is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

N. Fund Balance

Fund Balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon use of the resources in governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable - The nonspendable classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

Restricted - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Committed - The committed classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the Board of Education. The committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned - Amounts in the assigned classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds, other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the General Fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the Board of Education.

Unassigned - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The District first applies restricted resources when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications can be used.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (Continued)

3. BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on the basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Schedule of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Budgetary Basis presented for the General Fund is prepared on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The difference between the budgetary basis and the cash basis are outstanding year end encumbrances treated as cash disbursements (budgetary basis) rather than as a restricted, committed, or assigned fund balance (cash basis) and certain funds included in the General Fund as part of the GASB 54 requirements are not included in the budgetary statement.

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile to cash basis statements to the budget basis statements for the General Fund:

Net Change in Fund Balance	General Fund
Cash Basis (as reported)	\$295,181
Outstanding Encumbrances	(26,601)
Perspective Difference: Activity of Funds Reclassified for Cash Basis Reporting Purposes	7,989
Budgetary Basis	\$276,569

4. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active monies are public monies determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the District Treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board has identified as not required for use within the current five-year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim monies are those monies, which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts, including passbook accounts.

Interim monies held by the District can be deposited or invested in the following securities:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (Continued)

4. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

- 1. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligation or security issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and to be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio or Ohio local governments;
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or
 (2) of this section and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations provided that investments in securities described in this division are made through eligible in institutions;
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio); and
- 8. Bankers' acceptance and commercial paper, if training requirements have been met.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

Cash on Hand

At year end, the District had no undeposited cash on hand.

Deposits

At June 30, 2017, the carrying amount of all District deposits was \$3,559,528. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "<u>Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures</u>", as of June 30, 2017, \$3,596,691 of the District's bank balance of \$3,596,691 was insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (Continued)

4. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the District will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District has no deposit policy for custodial risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits be either insured or be protected by eligible securities pledged to and deposited either with the District or a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution whose market value at all times shall be at least one hundred five percent of the deposits being secured.

Investments

As of June 30, 2017, the District had no investments:

Reconciliation of Cash to the Statement of Net Assets

The following is a reconciliation of cash as reported in the footnote above to cash as reported on the statement of net position as of June 30, 2017:

Cash per footnote Carrying Amount of Deposits	\$3,559,528
Cash per Statement of Net Position	
Governmental Activities	\$3,492,581
Private Purpose Trust funds	656
Agency funds	66,291
Total	\$3,559,528

5. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis, while the District's fiscal year runs from July through June. First-half tax distributions are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second-half tax distributions are received in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility property located in the District. Real and public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2017 represent the collection of calendar year 2016 taxes. Real property taxes for 2017 were levied after April 1, 2016, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2016, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenue received in calendar 2017 represents collections of calendar year 2016 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2017 became a lien December 31, 2015, were levied after April 1, 2016 and are collected in 2017 with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (Continued)

5. **PROPERTY TAXES (Continued)**

The District receives property taxes from Fulton and Henry Counties. The County Auditor periodically advances to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the county by June 30, 2017, are available to finance fiscal year 2017 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2017 taxes were collected are:

	2016 Sec Half Collec		2017 Fir Half Collec	
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
Agricultural/Residential	\$51,125,770	89%	\$51,214,540	89%
Industrial/Commercial	3,153,970	6%	3,231,890	6%
Public Utility Personal Property	2,955,890	5%	3,103,430	5%
Total Assessed Value	\$57,235,630	100%	\$57,549,860	100%
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$57.80		\$57.70	

6. INCOME TAXES

The District levies a voted tax of 1 percent for general operations on the income of residents and of estates. The tax was effective on January 1, 2009, and is a continuing tax. Employers of residents are required to withhold income tax on compensation and remit the tax to the State. Taxpayers are required to file an annual return. The State makes quarterly distributions to the District after withholding amounts for administrative fees and estimated refunds. Income tax revenue is credited to the General Fund.

7. RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Comprehensive

The District maintains comprehensive insurance coverage with private carriers for liability, real property, building contents, and vehicles. Vehicle policies include liability coverage for bodily injury and property damage. In addition, real property contents are fully insured.

Coverage provided by Schools of Ohio Risk Sharing Authority:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (Continued)

7. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

General Liability	
Bodily Injury & Property Damage	\$15,000,000
Personal Injury/Advertising Liability	15,000,000
Products/Completed Operations	15,000,000
Employee Benefits Liability	15,000,000
Employers Stop Gap Liability	, , ,
Bodily Injury by Accident (each accident)	15,000,000
Bodily Injury by Disease (policy limit)	15,000,000
Bodily Injury by Disease (each employee)	15,000,000
Aggregate Limit	15,000,000
General Annual Aggregate	17,000,000
Fire Legal Liability	500,000
Medical Payments Occurrence/Aggregate	10,000/25,000
Educators' Legal Liability	
Wrongful Acts (\$0 deductible)	15,000,000
Automobile Liability:	
Bodily Injury & Property Damage	15,000,000
Medical Payments Occurrence/Aggregate	10,000/25,000
Uninsured/Underinsured Motorist	1,000,000
Automobile Physical Damage:	
(\$0 Deductible)	Actual Cash Value
Garage Keepers Physical Damage:	Actual Cash Value
(\$0 Deductible)	(\$250,000 Maximum)
Property:	
Building & Business Personal Property	
Limit Including Property Extensions	30,556,449
Earth Movement Limit	2,000,000
(\$50,000 Deductible)	2,000,000
Flood Limit	2,000,000
(\$50,000 Deductible)	
Equipment Breakdown:	50,000,000
CFC Refrigerants	250,000
Hazardous Substance Contamination	250,000
Spoilage	250,000
Expediting Expenses	250,000
Crime Coverage: Employee Dishonesty Including Faithful	
Performance of Duty	100,000
Forgery or Alteration	100,000
Computer Fraud	100,000
Theft, Disappearance & Destruction	100,000
	100,000

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years, and there has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from last year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (Continued)

7. **RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)**

B. Employee Insurance Benefits Program

The District participates in the Northern Buckeye Health Plan (NBHP), Northwest Division of the Optimal Health Initiative (OHI) Consortium, a self insurance pool, for insurance benefits to employees (Note14). The District pays monthly premiums to NBHP for the benefits offered to its employees, which includes health, dental, and life insurance. NBHP is responsible for the management and operations of the program. The agreement with NBHP provides for additional assessment to participants if the premiums are insufficient to pay the program costs for the fiscal year. Upon withdrawal from NBHP, a participant is responsible for any claims not processed and paid and any related administrative costs

C. Workers' Compensation Group Program

The District participates in the Northern Buckeye Health Plan (NBHP), Northern Division of the Optimal Health Initiative (OHI) Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (the Plan), an insurance purchasing pool (Note 14). The Plan is intended to reduce premiums for the participants. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the Plan. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the Plan rather than its individual rate. The Executive Director of the NBHP coordinates the management and administration of the program.

Participation in the Plan is limited to educational entities that can meet the Plan's selection criteria. Each participant must apply annually. The Plan provides the participants with a centralized program for the processing, analysis and management of workers' compensation claims and a risk management program to assist in developing safer work environments. Each participant must pay its premiums, enrollment or other fees, and perform its obligations in accordance with the terms of the agreement.

8. DEFINED PENSION BENEFIT PLANS

Net Pension Liability

Pensions are a component of exchange transactions--between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis— as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period.

The net pension liability represents the District's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, the District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (Continued)

8. DEFINED PENSION BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

GASB 68 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable.

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description – District non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to Retire on or before August 1, 2017 *	Eligible to Retire on or after August 1, 2017
Full Benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially Reduced Benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

* Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017, will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on year of service; 2.2 percent for the first thirty years of service and 2.5 percent for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

One year after an effective benefit date, a benefit recipient is entitled to a three percent cost-of-living adjustment (COLA). This same COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit.

Funding Policy – Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 14.0 percent. None of the 14 percent employer contribution rate was allocated to the Health Care Fund.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (Continued)

8. DEFINED PENSION BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$135,937 for fiscal year 2017.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – District licensed teachers and other faculty members participate in STRS Ohio, a costsharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Web site at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation will be 2.2 percent of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. With certain exceptions, the basic benefit is increased each year by two percent of the original base benefit. For members retiring August 1, 2013, or later, the first two percent is paid on the fifth anniversary of the retirement benefit. Members are eligible to retire at age 60 with five year of qualifying service credit, or age 55 with 25 years of service, or 30 years of service regardless of age. Age and service requirements for retirement will increase effective August 1, 2015, and will continue to increase periodically until they reach age 60 with 35 years of service or age 65 with five year of service on August 1, 2026.

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 9.5 percent of the 14 percent employer contributions into an investment account. Investment allocation decisions are determined by the member. The remaining 4.5 percent of the 14 percent employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, 12% of the 14% member rate goes to the DC Plan and the remaining 2% goes to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity after termination of employment at age 50 or later.

New members who choose the DC Plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS Ohio plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS Ohio bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS Ohio therefore has included all three plan options in the GASB 68 schedules of employer allocations and pension amounts by employer.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (Continued)

8. DEFINED PENSION BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. New members on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit that apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy – Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. Through June 30, 2017, the employer rate was 14% and the member rate was 14% of covered payroll. The statutory employer rate for fiscal 2017 and subsequent years is 14%. The statutory member contribution rate increased to 14% on July 1, 2016. The fiscal year 2017 contribution rates were equal to the statutory maximum rates.

The District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$354,348 for fiscal year 2017.

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability			
Prior Measurement Date	0.023454%	0.0226787%	
Current Measurement Date	0.024389%	0.0232031%	
Change in Proportionate Share	0.000935%	0.0005244%	
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$1,785,079	\$7,766,780	\$9,551,859

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (Continued)

8. DEFINED PENSION BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2016, are presented below:

Wage Inflation	3.25 percent
Future Salary Increases, including inflation	3.5 percent to 18.2 percent
COLA or Ad Hoc COLA	3 percent
Investment Rate of Return	7.5 percent net of investments expense, including inflation
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal

For 2016, the mortality assumptions are that mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females. For 2015, the mortality assumptions were based on the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table set back one year for both men and women. Special mortality tables were used for the period after disability retirement.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2015.

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined using a buildingblock approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating an arithmetic weighted averaged of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major assets class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	1.00 %	0.50 %
US Stocks	22.50	4.75
Non-US Stocks	22.50	7.00
Fixed Income	19.00	1.50
Private Equity	10.00	8.00
Real Assets	15.00	5.00
Multi-Asset Strategies	10.00	3.00
Total	100.00 %	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (Continued)

8. DEFINED PENSION BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

Discount Rate The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.5 percent. A discount rate of 7.75 percent was used in the prior measurement period. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earning were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.5 percent). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.5 percent, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.5 percent), or one percentage point higher (8.5 percent) than the current rate.

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(6.5%)	(7.5%)	(8.5%)
School District's proportionate share			
of the net pension liability	\$2,363,333	\$1,785,079	\$1,301,056

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2016, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.75 percent
Projected salary increases	2.75 percent at age 70 to 12.25 percent at age 20
Investment Rate of Return	7.75 percent, net of investment expenses
Cost-of-Living Adjustments	2 percent simple applied as follows: for members retiring before
(COLA)	August 1, 2013, 2 percent per year; for members retiring August 1,
	or later, 2 percent COLA paid on fifth anniversary of retirement date

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table (Projection 2022—Scale AA) for Males and Females. Males' ages are set-back two years through age 89 and no set-back for age 90 and above. Females younger than age 80 are set back four years, one year set back from age 80 through 89 and not set back from age 90 and above.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study, effective July 1, 2012.

STRS' investment consultant develops best estimates for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (Continued)

8. DEFINED PENSION BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return *
Domestic Equity	31.00 %	8.00 %
International Equity	26.00	7.85
Alternatives	14.00	8.00
Fixed Income	18.00	3.75
Real Estate	10.00	6.75
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	3.00
Total	100.00 %	

* 10-Year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.50% and does not include investment expenses. The total fund long-term expected return reflects diversification among the asset classes and therefore is not a weighted average return of the individual asset classes.

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent as of June 30, 2016. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs of future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members, are not included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2016. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.75 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2016.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.75 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.75 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate:

	Current		
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(6.75%)	(7.75%)	(8.75%)
School District's proportionate share			
of the net pension liability	\$10,321,420	\$7,766,780	\$5,611,791

Changes Between Measurement Date and Report Date - In March 2017, the STRS Board adopted certain assumption changes which impacted their annual actuarial valuation prepared as of June 30, 2017. The most significant changes are a reduction in the expected investment return to 7.45% from 7.75%. In April 2017, the STRS Board voted to suspend cost of living adjustments granted on or after July, 1, 2017. Although the exact amount of these changes is not known, the impact to the District's net pension liability is expected to be significant.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (Continued)

8. DEFINED PENSION BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the School Employees Retirement System or the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio have an option to choose Social Security or the School Retirement System. As of June 30, 2017, four members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The contribution rate is 6.2 percent of wages.

9. **POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS**

A. State Teachers Retirement System

Plan Description – The District contributes to a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit Health Care Plan administered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio) for eligible retirees who participated in the Defined Benefit or Combined pension plans offered by STRS Ohio. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs, and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in STRS Ohio's financial report which may be obtained by calling (888) 227-7877 or by visiting the STRS Ohio website at <u>www.strsoh.org</u>.

Funding Policy – Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Health Care Plan and gives the Retirement Board authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. All benefit recipients, for the most recent year, pay a monthly premium.

Under Ohio law, funding for postemployment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For fiscal year 2017, STRS Ohio allocated employer contributions equal to 0 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Stabilization Fund. For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2017, 2016, STRS Ohio did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.

B. School Employees Retirement System

Health Care Plan Description - The District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 45 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. SERS offers several types of health plans from various vendors, including HMO's, PPO's, Medicare Advantage, and traditional indemnity plans. A prescription drug program is also available to those who elect health coverage. SERS employs two third-party administrator and a pharmacy benefit manager to manage the self-insurance and prescription drug plans, respectively. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board established the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (Continued)

9. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For fiscal year 2017, no allocation of covered payroll was made to health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2017, this amount was \$23,500. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge.

The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The District contributions assigned to health care for the years ended June 30, 2017, 2016 and 2015 were \$0, \$0, and \$20,601, respectively; 0 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2017 and 100 percent for the fiscal years 2016 and 2015. The District contributions assigned to health care for the years ended June 30, 2017, 2016 and 2015 were \$0, \$0, and \$20,601, respectively; 0 percent for the years ended June 30, 2017, 2016 and 2015 were \$0, \$0, and \$20,601, respectively; 0 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2017 and 100

10. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

A. Compensated Absences

percent for the fiscal years 2016 and 2015.

Classified staff members will be eligible for vacation after the first full year of employment. Those employed for eleven (11) or more months will receive vacation with pay in accordance with State law. All twelve (12) month non-teaching employees are entitled to the following vacation:

- . After one (1) year two (2) weeks
- . After ten (10) years three (3) weeks
- . After twenty (20) years four (4) weeks

Part-time twelve (12) month non-teaching employees shall be granted ten (10) days of vacation after one (1) years' service. Vacation days shall be computed as follows: Total hours worked for preceding twelve (12) month period, divided by 260, multiplied by current hourly rate.

The Superintendent will have final approval of vacation schedules for the non-teaching staff. It will be his/her responsibility to see that vacations are scheduled to least interfere with the operation of the schools.

Employees who qualify for vacation days are requested to use them annually. Days may accumulate to no more than one and one-half (1 1/2) year's total.

Vacation days are credited to classified staff employees at the end of the contract year, June 30th. Vacation days are credited to the Treasurer on December 31st. If there is a need to request vacation days prior to the time that they are credited, such request must go to the Superintendent for action.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (Continued)

10. COMPENSATED ABSENCES (Continued)

All employees are entitled to a sick leave credit equal to one and one-quarter days for each month of service (earned on a pro rata basis for less than full-time employees). This sick leave will either be absorbed by time off due to illness or injury or, within certain limitations, be paid to the employee upon retirement. The amount paid to an employee upon retirement is limited to one-fourth of the accumulated sick leave to a maximum of 50 days.

B. Health Care Benefits

The District provides medical, dental, vision, and life insurance to most employees through the Northern Buckeye Health Plan, NW Division of the Optimal Health Incentives (OHI) Consortium.

Amount

11. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Changes in the District's long-term obligations during fiscal year 2017 were as follows:

Balance at 06/30/2016	Increase	Decrease	Balance at 06/30/2017	Amount Due In one Year
	\$3,200,000	\$45,000	\$3,155,000	\$40,000
	560,000		560,000	
	169,919		169,919	
\$625,000			625,000	
290,000		145,000	145,000	
3,785,000		3,785,000		
235,553	30,079	140,000	125,632	140,000
\$4,935,553	\$3,959,998	\$4,115,000	\$4,780,551	\$180,000
	06/30/2016 \$625,000 290,000 3,785,000 235,553	06/30/2016 Increase \$3,200,000 \$60,000 \$625,000 169,919 \$625,000 3,785,000 290,000 3,785,000 235,553 30,079	06/30/2016 Increase Decrease \$3,200,000 \$45,000 \$60,000 \$45,000 \$625,000 \$45,000 \$625,000 \$45,000 \$3,785,000 \$45,000 \$3,785,000 \$3,785,000 \$3,785,000 \$3,785,000 \$3,785,000 \$3,785,000	06/30/2016 Increase Decrease 06/30/2017 \$3,200,000 \$45,000 \$3,155,000 \$60,000 \$45,000 \$60,000 169,919 169,919 625,000 \$625,000 \$145,000 145,000 3,785,000 3,785,000 3,785,000 235,553 30,079 140,000 125,632

<u>Qualified School Construction Bond</u> – Proceeds from the bond was used for the purpose of constructing a wind turbine. The bond was issued on March 1, 2012 with an interest rate of 5.57 percent. The bond will mature on December 1, 2026.

<u>Refunding Bonds Series 2016</u> – Proceeds from the bonds were used to retire the school improvement bonds. On August 9, 2016, the District issued Refunding Bonds Series 2016. The bonds consisted of \$3,760,000 in current interest bonds (\$3,200,000 issued as serial bonds and \$560,000 issued as term bonds) and \$169,919 in capital appreciation bonds.

The Refunding Bonds, Series 2016 was undertaken to reduce the total debt service payments over the next 19 years by \$553,265 and resulted in an economic gain (difference between present values of the old and new debt service payments) of \$459,583.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (Continued)

11. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

The current interest term bonds which mature on December 1, 2035, have an interest rate of 4.00 percent per year, and are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a redemption price of 100 percent of the principal amount to be redeemed, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption, on December 1 in the years and in the respective principal amounts as follows:

	Principal Amount to	
Year	be Redeemed	
2034	\$275,000	

The remaining principal amount of such current interest term bonds (\$285,000) will be paid at stated maturity on December 1, 2035.

The capital appreciation bonds were issued in the aggregate original principal amount of \$169,919 and mature on December 1 in the years, have the original principal amounts and mature with the accreted values at maturity, as follows:

	ty Date nber 1)	Original Principal Amount	Accreted Value at Maturity
20	22	\$89,984	\$190,000
20	23	79,935	190,000

The value of the capital appreciation bonds reported at June 30, 2017 was \$169,919. The annual accretion of interest is based on the straight-line method, which approximates the equity interest method. Total accreted interest of \$0 has been included in the value. The bonds are being retired through the Bond Retirement Debt Service Fund.

<u>School Facilities Improvement Bonds</u> – Proceeds from the outstanding bonds were used for the purpose of constructing additions to and renovating and improving existing school buildings and facilities at the high school. These bonds were issued on March 17, 2009. The bonds consisted of \$4,805,000 in current interest bonds (\$1,020,000 issued as serial bonds and \$3,785,000 issued as term bonds) and \$25,000 in capital appreciation bonds. The term bonds of \$3,785,000 and Serial Bonds of \$145,000 were paid off with the Refunding Bonds Series 2016. The capital appreciation bonds will be paid off at maturity.

The serial bonds shall bear interest at the rates per year and will mature in the principal amounts and on the following dates.

Maturity Date	Principal	
(December 1)	Amount	Interest Rate
2019	\$145,000	3.70%

The capital appreciation bonds were issued in the aggregate original principal amount of \$25,000 and mature on January 15 in the years, have the original principal amounts and mature with the accreted values at maturity, as follows:

Maturity Date	Original Principal	Accreted Value at
(December 1)	Amount	Maturity
2017	\$10,665	140,000

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (Continued)

11. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

The value of the capital appreciation bonds reported at June 30, 2017 was \$125,632. The annual accretion of interest is based on the straight-line method, which approximates the equity interest method. Total accreted interest of \$114,967 has been included in the value. The bonds are being retired through the Bond Retirement Debt Service Fund.

Total expenditures for interest for the period ended June 30, 2017 was \$123,166.

The scheduled payments of principal and interest on debt outstanding at June 30, 2017 are as follows:

Year Ending				Construction		
June 30,	Serial	Term	Capital	Bonds	Interest	Total
2018	\$40,000		\$125,632		\$171,481	\$337,113
2019	185,000				159,250	344,250
2020	185,000				155,357	340,357
2021	185,000				153,043	338,043
2022	190,000				150,463	340,463
2023-2027	590,000		169,919	\$625,000	691,762	2,076,681
2028-2032	1,120,000				388,800	1,508,800
2033-2037	805,000	\$560,000			141,100	1,506,100
Total	\$3,300,000	\$560,000	\$295,551	\$625,000	\$2,011,256	\$6,791,807

General Obligation Bonds

12. SET-ASIDE CALCULATIONS AND FUND RESERVES

The District is required by State statute to annually set aside in the General Fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by yearend or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year-end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years.

The following cash basis information describes the change in the year-end set-aside amounts for capital acquisitions. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	Capital Acquisition
Set-aside Cash Balance as of June 30, 2016	
Current Year Set-aside Requirement	\$88,445
Current Year Offsets	(158,760)
Total	(\$70,315)

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (Continued)

13. JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

A. Northwest Ohio Computer Association

The District is a participant in the North West Ohio Computer Association (NWOCA), which is a computer consortium. NWOCA is an association of educational entities within the boundaries of Defiance, Fulton, Henry, Lucas, Williams, and Wood Counties. The organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member educational entities. The NWOCA Assembly consists of the superintendent from each participating educational entity and a representative from the fiscal agent. The Assembly elects the Governing Council of two representatives from each of the six counties in which member educational entities are located and the representative from the member educational entity serving as fiscal agent for NWOCA. The degree of control exercised by any participating educational entity is limited to its representation on the Governing Council. During fiscal year 2017, the District paid \$47,612 to NWOCA for various services. Financial information can be obtained from the Northwest Ohio Computer Association, 209 Nolan Parkway, Archbold, Ohio 43502.

B. Northern Buckeye Education Council

The Northern Buckeye Education Council (NBEC) was established in 1979 to foster cooperation among educational entities located in Defiance, Fulton, Henry, Lucas, Williams and Wood Counties. NBEC is organized under Ohio laws as a regional council of governments pursuant to a written agreement entered into by its member educational entities and bylaws adopted by the representatives of the member educational entities. NBEC is governed by an elected board consisting of two representatives from each of the six counties in which the member educational entities are located. The Board is elected from an assembly consisting of a representative from each participating educational entity. Financial information can be obtained from the Northern Buckeye Education Council, 209 Nolan Parkway, Archbold, Ohio 43502

C. Four County Career Center

The Four County Career Center (Career Center) is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio which provides vocational education to students. The Career Center is operated under the direction of a board consisting of five representatives from the Northwest Ohio Educational Service Center and one representative from the participating school districts elected boards. The Career Center possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. The degree of control exercised by the District is limited to its representation on the Board. Financial information can be obtained from the Four County Career Center, 22-900 State Route 34, Archbold, Ohio 43502.

14. GROUP PURCHASING POOLS

A. Employee Insurance Benefits Program

The District participates in the Northern Buckeye Health Plan, Northwest Division of the Optimal Health Initiative Consortium (OHI), is a public entity shared risk pool consisting of educational entities throughout the state (the Pool). The Pool is governed by OHI and its participating members. The District contributed a total of \$509,435 to Northern Buckeye Health Plan, Northwest Division of OHI for all four plans. Financial information for the period can be obtained from Jenny Jostworth, Treasurer, at 10999 Reed Hartman Highway, Suite 304E, Cincinnati, OH 45242.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (Continued)

14. GROUP PURCHASING POOLS (Continued)

B. Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan

The District participates in a group-rating plan for workers' compensation as established under §4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Northern Buckeye Health Plan, Northwest Division of OHI Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (WCGRP) was established through the OHI as a group purchasing pool. The group was formed to create a workers' compensation group rating plan which would allow employers to group together to achieve a potentially lower premium rate than they may otherwise be able to acquire as individual employers. The OHI has created a workers' compensation group rating and risk management program which will potentially reduce the workers' compensation premiums for the District.

OHI has retained Sheakley UniService as the servicing agent to perform administrative, actuarial, cost control, claims, and safety consulting services and unemployment claims services for program participants. During this fiscal year, the District paid an enrollment fee of \$0 to WCGRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

C. Schools of Ohio Risk Sharing Authority

The District participates in the Schools of Ohio Risk Sharing Authority (SORSA), which was established in 2002 pursuant to Articles of Incorporation filed under Chapter 1702 of the Ohio Revised Code – Non-Profit Corporations and functioning under authority granted by § 2744.081 of the Ohio Revised Code. SORSA's purpose is to provide a joint self-insurance pool and to assist member school districts in preventing and reducing losses and injuries to property and persons that might result in claims being made against members of SORSA, their employees or officers.

A nine-person Board of Directors manages the business and affairs of SORSA and is elected annually by the members of the pool. The Board of Directors consists of Superintendents, Treasurers, or Business Managers from the participating school districts. The insurance brokerage firm of Willis Pooling is contracted to provide reinsurance brokerage, underwriting, rating, billing and consulting services. The Frank Gates Service Company provides insurance claims settlement and adjustment services. Financial information can be obtained from SORSA Executive Director at 8050 North High Street, Suite 160, Columbus, Ohio 43235-6483.

15. RELATED ORGANIZATION

Pettisville School Foundation

The Pettisville School Foundation consists of a nine member Board of Trustees. Two of the trustees are appointed by the Pettisville Board of Education and the other seven members elected positions by the membership. The Foundation supports the District and community in various projects such as scholarship programs, the attendance incentive program, and fund raising for school facilities. Decisions to disburse money to the District are discretionary decisions made solely by the Board of Trustees of the Foundation. Financial information can be obtained from the Pettisville School Foundation, PO Box 53111, Pettisville, Ohio 43553.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (Continued)

16. CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2016.

B. School Foundation

District foundation funding is based on the annualized full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment of each student. Effective for the 2015-2016 school year, traditional school districts must comply with minimum hours of instruction instead of a minimum number of school days each year. The funding formula the Ohio Department of Education (ODE) is legislatively required to follow will continue to adjust as enrollment information is updated by the District, which can extend past the fiscal year end. As of the date of this report, ODE has not finalized the impact of enrollment adjustments to the June 30, 2017, foundation funding for the District, therefore, any financial statement impact is not determinable at this time. ODE and management believe this will result in either a receivable to or liability of the District.

C. Litigation

There are currently no matters in litigation with the District as defendant.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (Continued)

17. FUND BALANCE

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in governmental funds.

The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented below:

Fund Balance	General	Classroom Facilities Fund	Other Governmental	Total Governmental Funds
Restricted for:				
Regular			\$500	\$500
Athletics			94,833	94,833
Food Service Operations			433	433
Facilities Maintenance			52,303	52,303
Debt Retirement			301,161	301,161
Permanent Improvement			172,058	172,058
Building Construction		\$1,276,071	3,600	1,279,671
Total Restricted		1,276,071	624,888	1,900,959
Assigned for:				
Educational Activities	\$4,597			4,597
Special Projects	179,331			179,331
Unpaid Obligations				
(encumbrances)	26,601			26,601
Total Assigned	210,529			210,529
Unassigned	1,381,093			1,381,093
Total Fund Balance	\$1,591,622	\$1,276,071	\$624,888	\$3,492,581

18. INTERFUND ADVANCES

At June 30, 2017, the General Fund had an unpaid interfund cash advance in the amount of \$350,000 for a short-term loan made to the Permanent Improvement fund.

19. ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

Compliance

Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 (B) requires the District to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. However, the District prepared its financial statements on a cash basis, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The accompanying financial statements omit assets, liabilities, net position/fund balances, and disclosures that, while material, cannot be determined at this time. The District can be fined and various other administrative remedies may be taken against the District.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 UNAUDITED

The discussion and analysis of the financial performance of Pettisville Local School District (the District) provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and notes to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2016 are as follows:

In total, net position increased \$253,411.

General receipts accounted for \$4,556,877 or 72 percent of all receipts. Program specific receipts in the form of operating grants and contributions accounted for \$1,800,236 or 28 percent of total receipts of \$6,357,113.

The District's major funds include the General Fund and the Classroom Facilities Fund.

The General Fund had \$5,314,702 in receipts and other financing sources and \$5,074,988 in expenditures and other financing uses. The General Fund's balance increased \$239,714 from the prior fiscal year.

The Classroom Facilities Fund had \$1,992 in receipts and \$0 in expenditures. The Classroom Facilities Fund's balance increased \$1,992 from the prior fiscal year.

Using the Basic Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. The statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a financial whole, or as an entire operating entity.

The statement of net position and the statement of activities provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances.

Fund financial statements provide a greater level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds, with all other non-major funds presented in total in a single column. For the District, the General Fund is by far the most significant fund. The General Fund and the Classroom Facilities Fund are the only major funds.

Reporting the District as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities

The statement of net position and the statement of activities, both reported on the cash basis, reflect how the District did financially during fiscal year 2016. These statements are reported on a cash basis of accounting which reflects receipts and disbursements when cash is received or disbursed.

These statements report the District's net position and changes in those assets. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader whether the financial position of the District as a whole has increased or decreased from the prior fiscal year. Over time, these increases and/or decreases are one indicator of whether the financial position is improving or deteriorating. Causes for these changes may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs, and other factors.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 UNAUDITED (CONTINUED)

In the cash basis statement of net position and the statement of activities, the District discloses a single type of activity, its governmental activities which includes all of the District's programs and services are reported here including instruction, support services, non-instructional services, and extracurricular activities. These services are primarily funded by property tax receipts and from intergovernmental receipts, including federal and state grants and other shared receipts.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the District's major funds. While the District uses many funds to account for its multitude of financial transactions, the fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The District's major governmental funds are the General Fund and the Classroom Facilities Fund.

Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how monies flow into and out of those funds and the balances left at fiscal yearend for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using the cash basis of accounting. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or less financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected on the government-wide financial statements because the resources from these funds are not available to support the District's programs.

The District as a Whole

Table 1 provides a summary of the School District's net assets for fiscal year 2016 compared to fiscal year 2015.

Tab Net Po Government	sition	
	2016	2015
Assets:		
Current and Other Assets	\$3,096,755	\$2,843,344
Net Position:		
Restricted for Debt	\$233,783	\$198,019
Restricted for Capital Outlay	1,336,689	1,415,196
Restricted for Other Purposes	229,842	116,638
Unrestricted	1,296,441	1,113,491
Total	\$3,096,755	\$2,843,344

As mentioned previously, net position of governmental activities increased \$253,411 or 9 percent during 2016 due to an increase in General Receipts.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 UNAUDITED (CONTINUED)

Table 2 reflects the changes in net position for fiscal year 2016.

	Fable 2 in Net Position	
Receipts:	2016	2015
Program Receipts:		
Charges for Services and Sales	\$1,505,478	\$1,428,764
Operating Grants, Contributions and Interest	294,758	339,962
Total Program Receipts	1,800,236	1,768,726
General Receipts:		
Property Taxes	1,595,168	1,563,018
Income Taxes	568,345	508,396
Grants and Entitlements	2,367,555	2,048,546
Interest	130	3,549
Miscellaneous	4,738	20,646
Insurance Recoveries	3,687	559
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	35	
Refund of Prior Year Disbursements	17,219	31,263
Total General Receipts	4,556,877	4,175,977
Total Receipts	6,357,113	5,944,703
Disbursements:		
Instruction	3,249,863	2,994,156
Support Services:		
Pupils	139,019	197,289
Instructional Staff	116,212	124,133
Board of Education	16,238	14,397
Administration	536,236	511,891
Fiscal	245,368	214,069
Business	572	1,076
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	497,741	517,065
Pupil Transportation	292,450	218,444
Central	72,517	56,222
Non-Instructional	223,305	226,947
Extracurricular Activities	344,571	421,957
Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services Debt Service:	37,620	248,058
Principal	135,000	125,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges	196,990	201,038
Total Disbursements	6,103,702	6,071,742
Increase/(Decrease) in Net Position	253,411	(127,039)
Net Position at Beginning of Year	2,843,344	2,970,383
Net Position at End of Year	\$3,096,755	\$2,843,344

Program receipts account for 28 percent of total receipts and are represented by restricted intergovernmental receipts, extracurricular activities, and food service sales.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 UNAUDITED (CONTINUED)

The major program disbursements for governmental activities are for instruction, which accounts for 53 percent of all governmental disbursements. Extracurricular activities represent 6 percent of disbursements. Other programs which support the instruction process, including pupils, instructional staff, and pupil transportation account for 9 percent of governmental disbursements. Maintenance of the District's facilities also represents a significant disbursement of 8 percent. The remaining 24 percent of the District's disbursements are related to the primary functions of delivering education and providing facilities. These costs are funded almost entirely from property taxes and grants and entitlements.

Total receipts increased \$412,410 (7 percent) and disbursements increased \$31,960 (1 percent). The increase in receipts was due to the increase grants and entitlement receipts. The increase in expenditures was a result of the increase in instruction disbursements.

Table 3 indicates the total cost of services and the net cost of services for governmental activities. The statement of activities reflects the cost of program services and the charges for services and sales, grants, and contributions offsetting those services. The net cost of services identifies the cost of those services supported by tax receipts and unrestricted state entitlements.

	Table	3		
	Governmenta	I Activities		
	Total Cost of Services 2016	Net Cost of Services 2016	Total Cost of Services 2015	Net Cost of Services 2015
Instruction	\$3,249,863	\$1,876,024	\$2,994,156	\$1,636,401
Support Services:	φ <u>3</u> ,249,003	ψ1,070,024	φ <u>2</u> ,994,130	φ1,030,401
Pupils	139,019	133,450	197,289	191,714
Instructional Staff	116,212	47,672	124,133	71,571
Board of Education	16,238	16,238	14,397	14,397
Administration	536,236	536,236	511,891	511,891
Fiscal	245,368	245,368	214,069	214,069
Business	572	572	1,076	1,076
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	497,741	486,611	517,065	503,427
Pupil Transportation	292,450	292,450	218,444	218,444
Central	72,517	72,517	56,222	56,222
Non-Instructional	223,305	5,622	226,947	11,277
Extracurricular Activities	344,571	221,096	421,957	298,431
Facilities Acquisition and Construction Service	37,620	37,620	248,058	248,058
Debt Service:				
Principal	135,000	135,000	125,000	125,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges	196,990	196,990	201,038	201,038
Total Disbursements	\$6,103,702	\$4,303,466	\$6,071,742	\$4,303,016

Table 3 shows the dependence upon tax receipts and unrestricted state entitlements is apparent as 58 percent of instruction activities are supported through taxes and other general receipts. For all governmental activities, support from general revenue is 71 percent. The remaining 29 percent is derived from tuition and fees, specific grants, and donations.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 UNAUDITED (CONTINUED)

The District's Funds

The District's governmental funds are accounted for using the cash basis of accounting. The District's major governmental funds are the General Fund and the Classroom Facilities Fund. Total governmental funds had receipts and other financing sources of \$6,408,763 and disbursements and other financing uses of \$6,155,352. The net change in fund balance in the General fund reflects an increase of \$239,714. This was primarily due to overall receipts exceeding overall disbursements. The net change in fund balance in the Classroom Facilities fund was an increase of \$1,992. This was due to interest earnings.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund. During the course of fiscal year 2016, the District amended its General Fund budget as needed.

Final estimated receipts and other financing sources exceeded original estimated resources and other financing sources by \$653,484 (13 percent). The variance between final estimated receipts and other financing sources and actual was \$246,405 (4 percent). The difference is primarily due to a conservative "worst case scenario" approach.

Final budget disbursements and other financing uses were greater than original budget disbursements and other financing uses by \$383,195 (8 percent). The variance between the final budgeted disbursements and other financing uses and the actual was \$153,773 (3 percent). The difference is primarily due to a conservative "worst case scenario" approach.

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2016, the District had \$4,935,553 in school facilities improvement general obligation bonds (serial, term and capital appreciation bonds), qualified school construction bonds for construction and building improvements.

The school improvement general obligation bonds were originally issued in the amount of \$4,830,000 for a twentyeight year period, with final maturity on December 1, 2036. These bonds are being retired through the Bond Retirement fund.

The qualified school construction bonds were originally issued in the amount of \$625,000 for a fifteen year period, with final maturity on December 1, 2026. The bonds are being retired through the Bond Retirement fund.

At June 30, 2016, the District's overall legal debt margin was \$215,654 with an un-voted debt margin of \$57,236.

For further information regarding the District's long-term obligations, refer to Note 11 to the basic financial statements.

Current Issues

The District is holding its own in the state of uncertainty in State funding. Pettisville is a small rural community of 2,500 people in Northwest Ohio. It has a number of small and medium businesses with agriculture having a contributing influence on the economy.

The District is currently operating in the first year of the state biennium budget. 56 percent of District revenue sources are from local funds, 36 percent is from state funds, 4 percent is from federal funds and 4 percent from other sources. The total expenditure per pupil was calculated at \$10,323.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 UNAUDITED (CONTINUED)

In 2008, the District passed a continuing 1 percent income tax. This levy provides a source of funds for the financial operations and stability of the District. The income from this tax continues to grow for the district. However, future finances are not without challenges as our community changes and state funding is revised.

Construction of the new pre-kindergarten through twelfth grade school was completed in 2011. The new school is rated LEED Gold and is operated more efficiently than the old facility. Management and the Board of Education continue to look for ways to keep operating costs down and be more environmentally friendly through the use of the facility's state-of-the-art equipment.

In the spring of 2013, the construction of a 750 Kw wind turbine was competed on the school campus. This turbine construction was completed with funds provided by a Federal ARRA grant, a State Capital Grant and local funds. The turbine supplies most of the District's electrical needs.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to reflect the District's accountability for the monies it receives. Questions concerning any of the information in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to Christopher Lee, Treasurer, Pettisville Local School District, 232 Summit Street, PO Box 53001, Pettisville, Ohio 43553.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - CASH BASIS JUNE 30, 2016

	-	Governmental Activities
Assets: Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	3,096,755
Net Position: Restricted for Debt Service	¢	222 702
Restricted for Capital Outlay Restricted for Other Purposes	\$	233,783 1,336,689 229,842
Unrestricted Total Net Position	\$	<u> </u>

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - CASH BASIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

				Progra	m R	eceipts		Net (Disbursements) Receipts and Changes in Net Position
	D	Cash isbursements		Charges for Services and Sales	_	Operating Grants and Contributions		Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities:								
Instruction:								
Regular	\$	2,720,572	\$	1,211,616	\$	46,963	\$	(1,461,993)
Special		321,805		14,749		79,175		(227,881)
Vocational		179,330				21,336		(157,994)
Adult/Continuing		545						(545)
Other		27,611						(27,611)
Support Services:		139,019				5,569		(122,450)
Pupils Instructional Staff		116,212				68,540		(133,450) (47,672)
Board of Education		16,238				00,040		(16,238)
Administration		536,236						(536,236)
Fiscal		245,368						(245,368)
Business		572						(572)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		497,741				11,130		(486,611)
Pupil Transportation		292,450						(292,450)
Central		72,517						(72,517)
Operation of Non-Instructional Services		223,305		157,012		60,671		(5,622)
Extracurricular Activities		344,571		122,101		1,374		(221,096)
Capital Outlay		37,620						(37,620)
Debt Service:								
Principal		135,000						(135,000)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	<u> </u>	196,990		4 505 470	-			(196,990)
Totals	\$	6,103,702	- \$	1,505,478	\$	294,758		(4,303,466)
	Gene	eral Receipts						
		axes:						
				vied for General P				1,132,183
				vied for Capital Ou				115,768
				vied for Debt Servi	се			328,556
		Property Taxes	, Lev	lied for Other				18,661
		come laxes		nto not Doctrictod	+o (Programa		568,345 2,367,555
		vestment Earni		nis not Resincted	10 3	Specific Programs		2,307,333
		iscellaneous	nys					4,738
		surance Recov	eries	s				3,687
				of Capital Assets				35
		efund of Prior D		•				17,219
		General Recei		-			-	4,556,877
		ge in Net Posit	-				-	253,411
		osition Beginni		of Year				2,843,344
	Not I	Desition End of	Vaa	-			¢.	2,006,755

See Accompanying Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

\$

3,096,755

Net Position End of Year

STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND FUND BALANCES - CASH BASIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2016

	-	General Fund	<u>.</u>	Classroom Facilities Fund	•	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets: Current Assets: Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,296,441	\$	1,275,083	\$	525,231 \$	3,096,755
Fund Balances: Restricted Assigned Unassigned (Deficit) <i>Total Fund Balances</i>	\$	231,164 1,065,277 1,296,441	\$	1,275,083	\$	525,282 \$ (51) 525,231 \$	1,800,365 231,164 <u>1,065,226</u> 3,096,755

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - CASH BASIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	General Fund	_	Classroom Facilities Fund		All Other Governmental Funds	-	Total Governmental Funds
Receipts:							
Property and Other Local Taxes \$	1,132,183			\$	462,985	\$	1,595,168
Income Tax	568,345						568,345
Intergovernmental	2,324,021				336,910		2,660,931
Interest	2,746	\$	1,992		8		4,746
Tuition and Fees	1,223,681						1,223,681
Extracurricular Activities	473				123,780		124,253
Gifts and Donations	130				1,374		1,504
Customer Sales and Services	2,684				157,012		159,696
Miscellaneous	1,535	_		_		_	1,535
Total Receipts	5,255,798	_	1,992		1,082,069	-	6,339,859
Disbursements: Current:							
Instruction:							
Regular	2,625,087				95,485		2,720,572
Special	242,631				79,174		321,805
Vocational	179,330				- ,		179,330
Adult/Continuing	545						545
Other	27,611						27,611
Support Services:							·
Pupils	133,450				5,569		139,019
Instructional Staff	82,153				34,059		116,212
Board of Education	16,238						16,238
Administration	532,966				3,270		536,236
Fiscal	234,569				10,799		245,368
Business	572						572
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	447,845				49,896		497,741
Pupil Transportation	204,712				87,738		292,450
Central	72,517						72,517
Operation of Non-Instructional Services					223,305		223,305
Extracurricular Activities	232,431				112,140		344,571
Capital Outlay	30,000				7,620		37,620
Debt Service:					105 000		(05.000
Principal					135,000		135,000
Interest	2,331	_			194,659	-	196,990
Total Disbursements	5,064,988				1,038,714	-	6,103,702
Excess of Receipts Over Disbursements	190,810	-	1,992	•	43,355	-	236,157
Other Financing Sources and Uses:							
Transfers In	41,650				10,000		51,650
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	35						35
Refund of Prior Year Disbursements	17,219						17,219
Transfers Out	(10,000)				(41,650)	-	(51,650)
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses	48,904				(31,650)	-	17,254
Net Change in Fund Balances	239,714		1,992		11,705		253,411
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	1,056,727		1,273,091	~	513,526		2,843,344
Fund Balances at End of Year \$	1,296,441	= \$	1,275,083	\$	525,231	\$	3,096,755

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGETARY BASIS GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Original Budget	Final Budget	 Actual		Variance with Final Budget
Receipts:					()
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$ 1,126,977 \$		\$, ,	\$	(389)
	508,396	568,345	568,345		(70,404)
Intergovernmental	2,084,677 1,600	2,397,425	2,324,021		(73,404)
Interest Tuition and Fees	1,152,937	2,483 1,225,399	2,483		(1 710)
Gifts and Donations	1,152,957	1,225,399	1,223,681 130		(1,718)
Customer Sales and Service		532	532		
Miscellaneous	1,800	3,687	3,687		
Total Receipts	4,876,387	5,330,573	 5,255,062	-	(75,511)
Total Receipts	4,070,307	5,550,575	 5,255,002	_	(75,511)
Disbursements:					
Current:					
Instruction:					<i>(</i> - - <i>-</i> - - - - - - - - - -
Regular	2,462,836	2,622,603	2,626,443		(3,840)
Special	200,657	242,631	242,631		
Vocational	176,750	181,033	181,033		
Adult/Continuing	04 700	545	545		
Other	24,763	27,611	27,611		
Support Services:	100.010	400.450	100.150		
Pupils	196,010	133,450	133,450		
Instructional Staff	94,777	91,681	91,681		
Board of Education	16,073	17,418	17,418		
Administration	519,799	534,635	534,635		
Fiscal	207,088	234,569	234,569		
Business	1,250	624	624		
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	439,493	464,420	464,420		
Pupil Transportation	226,855	205,598	205,598		
Central	59,045	72,517	72,517		
Extracurricular Activities	225,799	222,517	222,517		
Interest	17,406	32,331	 32,331	_	
Total Disbursements	4,868,601	5,084,183	 5,088,023	_	(3,840)
Excess of Receipts Over Disbursements	7,786	246,390	 167,039	_	(79,351)
Other Financing Sources and Uses:					
Transfers In		199,263	41,650		(157,613)
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	500	535	35		(500)
Refund of Prior Year Disbursements	30,000	30,000	17,219		(12,781)
Transfers Out		(167,613)	 (10,000)		157,613
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses	30,500	62,185	 48,904		(13,281)
Net Change in Fund Balance	38,286	308,575	 215,943	_	(92,632)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	826,557	826,557	826,557		
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	22,776	22,776	 22,776	_	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 887,619 \$	1,157,908	\$ 1,065,276	\$	(92,632)

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - CASH BASIS FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2016

	Private Purpose Trust	Agency Fund
Assets Current Assets: Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 656	\$ 45,175
Liabilities: Current Liabilities: Undistributed Monies		\$ 45,175
Net Position: Held in Trust for Scholarships	\$ 656	

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION -CASH BASIS FIDUCIARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Priva	ate Purpose Trust
Change in Net Position Net Position Beginning of Year Net Position End of Year	\$ 	<u>656</u> 656

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

1. DESCRIPTION OF THE DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY

Pettisville Local School District (the District) is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. Pettisville Local School District is a local school district as defined by §3311.22 of the Ohio Revised Code. The District operates under an elected Board of Education (5 members) and is responsible for the provision of public education to residents of the District. The Board oversees the operations of the District's one instructional/support facility staffed by 23 non-certified and 39 certified full-time teaching personnel who provide services to 513 students and other community members.

Reporting Entity

The reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to insure that the financial statements of the District are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes. The District does not have any component units.

The District is associated with organizations, which are defined as jointly governed organizations, a related organization, and group purchasing pools. These organizations include the Northwest Ohio Computer Association, Northern Buckeye Education Council, Four County Career Center, Northern Buckeye Health Plan Employee Insurance Benefits Program, Northern Buckeye Health Plan Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan, Schools of Ohio Risk Sharing Authority, and the Pettisville School Foundation. These organizations are presented in Notes 13, 14, and 15 to the basic financial statements.

The District's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the District is financially accountable.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

As discussed further in Note 2.C, these financial statements are presented on a cash basis of accounting. This basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Generally accepted accounting principles include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements, which have been applied to the extent they are applicable to the cash basis of accounting. Following are the more significant of the District's accounting policies.

A. Basis of Presentation

The District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

1. Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

The statement of net position presents the cash balance of the governmental activities of the District at fiscal yearend. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct disbursements and program receipts for each program or function of the District's governmental activities. Direct disbursements are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and, therefore, clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants, contributions, and interest that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Receipts that are not classified as program receipts are presented as general receipts of the District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct disbursements with program receipts identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

2. Fund Financial Statements

During the fiscal year, the District segregates transactions related to certain District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements report more detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental financial statements is on major funds. Fund statements present each major fund in a separate column and aggregate nonmajor funds in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the District or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets, receipts, or disbursements of that individual governmental fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
- b. Total assets, receipts, or disbursements of that individual governmental fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental funds combined.

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The funds of the District are grouped into the categories governmental and fiduciary.

1. <u>Governmental Funds</u>

The District classifies funds financed primarily from taxes, intergovernmental receipts (e.g. grants), and other non-exchange transactions as governmental funds. The District's major governmental funds are the General Fund and the Classroom Facilities Fund.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

<u>General Fund</u> - The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund is available to the District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Classroom Facilities Fund</u> - The Classroom Facilities Fund is used to account for the revenues and expenditures related to the construction of the new school building.

The other governmental funds of the District account for grants and other resources, and capital projects of the District whose uses are restricted to a particular purpose.

2. Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private purpose trust funds, and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are not available to support the District's own programs. The District's private purpose trust fund accounts for college scholarships for students. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The District's agency funds account for various student-managed activities.

C. Basis of Accounting

Although Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 (B) requires the District's financial report to follow generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the District chooses to prepare its financial statements and notes in accordance with the cash basis of accounting. This basis is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles.

The District's financial statements are prepared using the cash basis of accounting. Receipts are recorded in the District's financial records and reported in the financial statements when cash is received rather than when earned and disbursements are recorded when cash is paid rather than when a liability is incurred.

As a result of the use of this cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements.

D. Budgetary Process

The budgetary process is prescribed by provision of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within established timetable. All funds, except agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriations resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriations resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at the level of control

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

selected by the Board. The District's legal level of budgetary control selected by the Board is at the fund and object level for the General Fund and the fund and special cost center for all other funds.

Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the fiscal year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the amended certificate of estimated resources in effect at the time final appropriations were passed by the Board.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation resolution for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior fiscal years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the fiscal year.

The District is required to use the encumbrance method of accounting by virtue of Ohio law. Under this system, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of funds are recorded in order to reserve the portion of the applicable appropriation. Expenditures plus encumbrances may not legally exceed appropriations.

At the close of each fiscal year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriations. The encumbered appropriation balance is carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and need not be reappropriated.

E. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents."

Investments of the District's cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months that were not purchased from the pool are reported as investments.

Investments are reported as assets. Accordingly, purchases of investments are not recorded as disbursements, and sales of investments are not recorded as receipts. Gains or losses at the time of sale are recorded as receipts or negative receipts (contra revenue), respectively.

During fiscal year 2016, the District had no investments.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

As authorized by Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the General Fund during fiscal year 2016 amounted to \$2,746 which includes \$947 assigned from other District funds.

F. Inventory

The District reports disbursements for inventory when paid. These items are not reflected as assets in the accompanying financial statements.

G. Capital Assets

Acquisitions of property, plant and equipment are recorded as disbursements when paid. The financial statements do not report these assets.

H. Interfund Receivables/Payables

The District reports advances-in and advances-out for interfund loans. These items are not reflected as assets and liabilities in the accompanying financial statements. Interfund balances are eliminated in the statement of net position.

I. Compensated Absences

Employees are entitled to cash payments for unused vacation and sick leave in certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment. Unpaid vacation and sick leave are not reflected as liabilities under the cash basis of accounting used by the District.

J. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension systems report investments at fair value.

K. Long-term Obligations

The District's cash basis financial statements do not report liabilities for bonds and other long-term obligations. Proceeds of debt are reported when cash is received and principal and interest payments are reported when paid. Since recording a capital asset when entering into a capital lease is not the result of a cash transaction, neither another financing source nor capital outlay expenditure are reported at inception. Lease payments are reported when paid.

L. Interfund Transactions

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as receipts in the seller funds and as disbursements in the purchaser funds. Subsidies from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular cash disbursements to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented in the financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

M. Net Position

Net position are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Net position restricted for other purposes include resources restricted for food service operations, music and athletic programs, and federal and state grants restricted to cash disbursement for specified purposes. The District's policy is to first apply restricted resources when a cash disbursement is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

N. Fund Balance

Fund Balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon use of the resources in governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable - The nonspendable classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

Restricted - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Committed - The committed classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the Board of Education. The committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned - Amounts in the assigned classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds, other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the General Fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the Board of Education.

Unassigned - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The District first applies restricted resources when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications can be used.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (Continued)

3. BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on the basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Schedule of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Budgetary Basis presented for the General Fund is prepared on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The difference between the budgetary basis and the cash basis are outstanding year end encumbrances treated as cash disbursements (budgetary basis) rather than as a restricted, committed, or assigned fund balance (cash basis) and certain funds included in the General Fund as part of the GASB 54 requirements are not included in the budgetary statement.

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile to cash basis statements to the budget basis statements for the General Fund:

Net Change in Fund Balance	General Fund
Cash Basis (as reported)	\$239,714
Outstanding Encumbrances	(38,798)
Perspective Difference: Activity of Funds Reclassified for Cash Basis Reporting Purposes	15,027
Budgetary Basis	\$215,943

4. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active monies are public monies determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the District Treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board has identified as not required for use within the current five-year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim monies are those monies, which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts, including passbook accounts.

Interim monies held by the District can be deposited or invested in the following securities:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (Continued)

4. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

- 1. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligation or security issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and to be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio or Ohio local governments;
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) of this section and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations provided that investments in securities described in this division are made through eligible in institutions;
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio); and
- 8. Bankers' acceptance and commercial paper, if training requirements have been met.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

Cash on Hand

At year end, the District had no undeposited cash on hand.

Deposits

At June 30, 2016, the carrying amount of all District deposits was \$3,142,586. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "<u>Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures</u>", as of June 30, 2016, \$2,917,056 of the District's bank balance of \$3,167,056 was protected by eligible securities pledged to the District and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment. The remaining \$250,000 was insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (Continued)

4. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the District will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District has no deposit policy for custodial risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits be either insured or be protected by eligible securities pledged to and deposited either with the District or a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution whose market value at all times shall be at least one hundred five percent of the deposits being secured.

Investments

As of June 30, 2016, the District had no investments:

Reconciliation of Cash to the Statement of Net Assets

The following is a reconciliation of cash as reported in the footnote above to cash as reported on the statement of net position as of June 30, 2016:

Cash per footnote Carrying Amount of Deposits	\$3,142,586
Cash per Statement of Net Position	
Governmental Activities	\$3,096,755
Private Purpose Trust funds	656
Agency funds	45,175
Total	\$3,142,586

5. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis, while the District's fiscal year runs from July through June. First-half tax distributions are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second-half tax distributions are received in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility property located in the District. Real and public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2016 represent the collection of calendar year 2015 taxes. Real property taxes for 2016 were levied after April 1, 2015, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2015, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenue received in calendar 2016 represents collections of calendar year 2015 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2016 became a lien December 31, 2014, were levied after April 1, 2015 and are collected in 2016 with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (Continued)

5. **PROPERTY TAXES (Continued)**

The District receives property taxes from Fulton and Henry Counties. The County Auditor periodically advances to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the county by June 30, 2016, are available to finance fiscal year 2017 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2016 taxes were collected are:

	2015 Second- Half Collections		2016 First- Half Collections	
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
Agricultural/Residential	\$51,040,690	89%	\$51,125,770	89%
Industrial/Commercial	3,212,050	6%	3,153,970	6%
Public Utility Personal Property	2,881,870	5%	2,955,890	5%
Total Assessed Value	\$57,134,610	100%	\$57,235,630	100%
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$57.80		\$57.80	

6. INCOME TAXES

The District levies a voted tax of 1 percent for general operations on the income of residents and of estates. The tax was effective on January 1, 2009, and is a continuing tax. Employers of residents are required to withhold income tax on compensation and remit the tax to the State. Taxpayers are required to file an annual return. The State makes quarterly distributions to the District after withholding amounts for administrative fees and estimated refunds. Income tax revenue is credited to the General Fund.

7. RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Comprehensive

The District maintains comprehensive insurance coverage with private carriers for liability, real property, building contents, and vehicles. Vehicle policies include liability coverage for bodily injury and property damage. In addition, real property contents are fully insured.

Coverage provided by Schools of Ohio Risk Sharing Authority:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (Continued)

7. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

General Liability	
Bodily Injury & Property Damage	\$15,000,000
Personal Injury/Advertising Liability	15,000,000
Products/Completed Operations	15,000,000
Employers Stop Gap Liability	
Bodily Injury by Accident (each accident)	15,000,000
Bodily Injury by Disease (policy limit)	15,000,000
Bodily Injury by Disease (each employee)	15,000,000
Aggregate Limit	15,000,000
General Annual Aggregate	17,000,000
Fire Legal Liability	500,000
Medical Payments Occurrence/Aggregate	10,000/25,000
Educators' Legal Liability	
Wrongful Acts (\$0 deductible)	15,000,000
Automobile Liability:	
Bodily Injury & Property Damage	15,000,000
Medical Payments Occurrence/Aggregate	10,000/25,000
Uninsured/Underinsured Motorist	1,000,000
Automobile Physical Damage:	
(\$0 Deductible)	Actual Cash Value
Garage Keepers Physical Damage:	Actual Cash Value
(\$0 Deductible)	(\$250,000 Maximum)
Property:	
Building & Business Personal Property	
Limit Including Property Extensions	30,556,449
Earth Movement Limit	2,000,000
(\$50,000 Deductible)	2,000,000
Flood Limit	2,000,000
(\$50,000 Deductible)	
Equipment Breakdown:	50,000,000
CFC Refrigerants	250,000
Hazardous Substance Contamination	250,000
Spoilage	250,000
Expediting Expenses	250,000
Crime Coverage:	
Employee Dishonesty Including Faithful	100,000
Performance of Duty	
Forgery or Alteration	100,000
Computer Fraud	100,000
Theft, Disappearance & Destruction	100,000

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years, and there has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from last year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (Continued)

7. **RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)**

B. Employee Insurance Benefits Program

The District participates in the Northern Buckeye Health Plan (NBHP), Northwest Division of the Optimal Health Initiative (OHI) Consortium, a self insurance pool, for insurance benefits to employees (Note14). The District pays monthly premiums to NBHP for the benefits offered to its employees, which includes health, dental, and life insurance. NBHP is responsible for the management and operations of the program. The agreement with NBHP provides for additional assessment to participants if the premiums are insufficient to pay the program costs for the fiscal year. Upon withdrawal from NBHP, a participant is responsible for any claims not processed and paid and any related administrative costs

C. Workers' Compensation Group Program

The District participates in the Northern Buckeye Health Plan (NBHP), Northern Division of the Optimal Health Initiative (OHI) Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (the Plan), an insurance purchasing pool (Note 14). The Plan is intended to reduce premiums for the participants. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the Plan. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the Plan rather than its individual rate. The Executive Director of the NBHP coordinates the management and administration of the program.

Participation in the Plan is limited to educational entities that can meet the Plan's selection criteria. Each participant must apply annually. The Plan provides the participants with a centralized program for the processing, analysis and management of workers' compensation claims and a risk management program to assist in developing safer work environments. Each participant must pay its premiums, enrollment or other fees, and perform its obligations in accordance with the terms of the agreement.

8. DEFINED PENSION BENEFIT PLANS

Net Pension Liability

Pensions are a component of exchange transactions--between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis— as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period.

The net pension liability represents the District's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, the District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (Continued)

8. DEFINED PENSION BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

GASB 68 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable.

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description – District non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to Retire on or before August 1, 2017 *	Eligible to Retire on or after August 1, 2017
Full Benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially Reduced Benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

* Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017, will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on year of service; 2.2 percent for the first thirty years of service and 2.5 percent for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

One year after an effective benefit date, a benefit recipient is entitled to a three percent cost-of-living adjustment (COLA). This same COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit.

Funding Policy – Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 14.0 percent. None of the 14 percent employer contribution rate was allocated to the Health Care Fund.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (Continued)

8. DEFINED PENSION BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$129,933 for fiscal year 2016.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – District licensed teachers and other faculty members participate in STRS Ohio, a costsharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Web site at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, the calculation will be 2.2 percent of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. With certain exceptions, the basic benefit is increased each year by two percent of the original base benefit. For members retiring August 1, 2013, or later, the first two percent is paid on the fifth anniversary of the retirement benefit. Members are eligible to retire at age 60 with five year of qualifying service credit, or age 55 with 25 years of service, or 30 years of service regardless of age. Age and service requirements for retirement will increase effective August 1, 2015, and will continue to increase periodically until they reach age 60 with 35 years of service or age 65 with five year of service on August 1, 2026.

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 9.5 percent of the 14 percent employer contributions into an investment account. Investment allocation decisions are determined by the member. The remaining 4.5 percent of the 14 percent employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, 11% of the 12% member rate goes to the DC Plan and 1% goes to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity after termination of employment at age 50 or later.

New members who choose the DC Plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS Ohio plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS Ohio bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS Ohio therefore has included all three plan options in the GASB 68 schedules of employer allocations and pension amounts by employer.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (Continued)

8. DEFINED PENSION BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. New members on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit that apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy – Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. Through June 30, 2015, the employer rate was 14% and the member rate was 12% of covered payroll. The statutory employer rate for fiscal 2016 and subsequent years is 14%. The statutory member contribution rate increased to 13% on July 1, 2015 and will increase to 14% on July 1, 2016.

The District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$340,638 for fiscal year 2016.

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability			
Prior Measurement Date	0.022641%	0.0228180%	
Current Measurement Date	0.023454%	0.0226787%	
Change in Proportionate Share	0.000813%	-0.0001393%	
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$1,338,319	\$6,267,727	\$7,606,046

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (Continued)

8. DEFINED PENSION BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2015, are presented below:

Wage Inflation	3.25 percent
Future Salary Increases, including inflation	4.00 percent to 22 percent
COLA or Ad Hoc COLA	3 percent
Investment Rate of Return	7.75 percent net of investments expense, including inflation
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal

For post-retirement mortality, the table used in evaluating allowances to be paid is the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table set back one year for both men and women. Special mortality tables are used for the period after disability retirement.

The most recent experience study was completed June 30, 2015.

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined using a buildingblock approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted averaged of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major assets class are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Cash	1.00 %	0.00 %
US Stocks	22.50	5.00
Non-US Stocks	22.50	5.50
Fixed Income	19.00	1.50
Private Equity	10.00	10.00
Real Assets	10.00	5.00
Multi-Asset Strategies	15.00	7.50
Total	100.00 %	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (Continued)

8. DEFINED PENSION BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

Discount Rate The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earning were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.75 percent). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.75 percent), or one percentage point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate.

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(6.75%)	(7.75%)	(8.75%)
School District's proportionate share			
of the net pension liability	\$1,855,768	\$1,338,319	\$902,585

Changes between Measurement Date and Report Date

In April 2016, the SERS Board adopted certain assumption change which impacted their annual actuarial valuation prepared as of June 30, 2016. The most significant change is a reduction in the discount rate from 7.75 percent to 7.5 percent. Although the exact amount of these changes is not known, the impact to the District's net pension liability is expected to be significant.

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2015, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.75 percent
Projected salary increases	2.75 percent at age 70 to 12.25 percent at age 20
Investment Rate of Return	7.75 percent, net of investment expenses
Cost-of-Living Adjustments	2 percent simple applied as follows: for members retiring before
(COLA)	August 1, 2013, 2 percent per year; for members retiring August 1,
	or later, 2 percent COLA paid on fifth anniversary of retirement date

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table (Projection 2022—Scale AA) for Males and Females. Males' ages are set-back two years through age 89 and no set-back for age 90 and above. Females younger than age 80 are set back four years, one year set back from age 80 through 89 and not set back from age 90 and above.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study, effective July 1, 2012.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (Continued)

8. DEFINED PENSION BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

STRS Ohio's investment consultant develops best estimates for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	31.00 %	8.00 %
International Equity	26.00	7.85
Alternatives	14.00	8.00
Fixed Income	18.00	3.75
Real Estate	10.00	6.75
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	3.00
T _(-1	400.00.0/	
Total	100.00 %	

10-Year annualized geometric nominal returns include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.50%.

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent as of June 30, 2014. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members, are not included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2015. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.75 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2015.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.75 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.75 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate:

	Current		
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(6.75%)	(7.75%)	(8.75%)
School District's proportionate share			
of the net pension liability	\$8,706,345	\$6,267,727	\$4,205,511

Changes between Measurement Date and Report Date

In March 2017, the STRS Board adopted certain assumption change which will impact their annual actuarial valuation prepared as of June 30, 2017. The most significant change is a reduction in the discount rate from 7.75 percent to 7.45 percent. In April 2017, the STRS Board voted to suspend cost of living adjustments granted on or after July 1, 2017. Although the exact amount of these changes is not known, the overall decrease to the District's net pension liability is expected to be significant.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (Continued)

8. DEFINED PENSION BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the School Employees Retirement System or the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio have an option to choose Social Security or the School Retirement System. As of June 30, 2016, four members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The contribution rate is 6.2 percent of wages.

9. **POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS**

A. State Teachers Retirement System

Plan Description – The District contributes to a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit Health Care Plan administered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio) for eligible retirees who participated in the Defined Benefit or Combined pension plans offered by STRS Ohio. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs, and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in STRS Ohio's financial report which may be obtained by calling (888) 227-7877 or by visiting the STRS Ohio website at <u>www.strsoh.org</u>.

Funding Policy – Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Health Care Plan and gives the Retirement Board authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. All benefit recipients, for the most recent year, pay a monthly premium.

Under Ohio law, funding for postemployment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For fiscal year 2016, STRS Ohio allocated employer contributions equal to 0 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Stabilization Fund. The District's contribution for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2016, 2015, and 2014 was \$0, \$0, and \$23,822, respectively; 100 percent has been contributed for fiscal years 2016, 2015, and 2014.

B. School Employees Retirement System

In addition to a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, the School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS) administers two postemployment benefit plans.

Medicare Part B Plan

The Medicare B plan reimburses Medicare Part B premiums paid by eligible retirees and beneficiaries as set forth in Ohio Revised Code (ORC) 3309.69.Qualified benefit recipients who pay Medicare Part B premiums may apply for and receive a monthly reimbursement from SERS. The reimbursement amount is limited by statute to the lesser of the January 1, 1999 Medicare Part B premium or the current premium. The Medicare Part B premium for calendar year 2015 was \$104.90 for most participants, but could be as high as \$335.70 per month depending on their income. SERS' reimbursement to retirees was \$45.50 if they participated in one of SERS' health care plans.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (Continued)

9. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates a portion of the current employer contribution rate to the Medicare B Fund. For fiscal year 2016, the actuarially required allocation was 0.74 percent of covered payroll. The District's contributions for the year ended June 30, 2016, 2015, and 2014 were \$7,251, \$7,251, and \$7,232, respectively; 95 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2016 and 100 percent for the fiscal years 2015 and 2014.

Health Care Plan

ORC 3309.375 and 3309.69 permit SERS to offer health care benefits to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. SERS offers several types of health plans from various vendors, including HMO's, PPO's, Medicare Advantage and traditional indemnity plans. A prescription drug program is also available to those who elect health coverage. SERS employs two third-party administrators and a pharmacy benefit manager to manage the self-insurance and prescription drug plans, respectively.

The ORC provides the statutory authority to fund SERS' postemployment benefits through employer contributions. Active members do not make contributions to the postemployment benefit plans.

The Health Care Fund was established under, and is administered in accordance with, Internal Revenue Code 105(e).Each year after the allocation for statutorily required benefits; the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer 14 percent contribution to the Health Care Fund. For the year ended June 30, 2016, the health care allocation was 0.0 percent. An additional surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated according to service credit earned. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2016, the minimum compensation level was established at \$23,000. The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The District contributions assigned to health care for the years ended June 30, 2016, 2015 and 2014 were \$0, \$20,601, and \$12,990, respectively; 0 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2016 and 100 percent for the fiscal years 2015 and 2014.

The SERS Retirement Board establishes the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

The financial reports of SERS' Health Care and Medicare B plans are included in its *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report*. The report can be obtained on SERS' website at <u>www.ohsers.org</u> Employers/Audit Resources.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (Continued)

10. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

A. Compensated Absences

Classified staff members will be eligible for vacation after the first full year of employment. Those employed for eleven (11) or more months will receive vacation with pay in accordance with State law. All twelve (12) month non-teaching employees are entitled to the following vacation:

- . After one (1) year two (2) weeks
- . After ten (10) years three (3) weeks
- . After twenty (20) years four (4) weeks

Part-time twelve (12) month non-teaching employees shall be granted ten (10) days of vacation after one (1) years' service. Vacation days shall be computed as follows: Total hours worked for preceding twelve (12) month period, divided by 260, multiplied by current hourly rate.

The Superintendent will have final approval of vacation schedules for the non-teaching staff. It will be his/her responsibility to see that vacations are scheduled to least interfere with the operation of the schools.

Employees who qualify for vacation days are requested to use them annually. Days may accumulate to no more than one and one-half (1 1/2) year's total.

Vacation days are credited to classified staff employees at the end of the contract year, June 30th. Vacation days are credited to the Treasurer on December 31st. If there is a need to request vacation days prior to the time that they are credited, such request must go to the Superintendent for action.

All employees are entitled to a sick leave credit equal to one and one-quarter days for each month of service (earned on a pro rata basis for less than full-time employees). This sick leave will either be absorbed by time off due to illness or injury or, within certain limitations, be paid to the employee upon retirement. The amount paid to an employee upon retirement is limited to one-fourth of the accumulated sick leave to a maximum of 50 days.

B. Health Care Benefits

The District provides medical, dental, vision, and life insurance to most employees through the Northern Buckeye Health Plan, NW Division of the Optimal Health Incentives (OHI) Consortium.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (Continued)

11. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Changes in the District's long-term obligations during fiscal year 2016 were as follows:

Balance at 06/30/2015	Increase	Decrease	Balance at 06/30/2016	Amount Due In one Year
\$625,000			\$625,000	
425,000		\$135,000	290,000	
3,785,000			3,785,000	
205,474	\$30,079		235,553	\$124,292
\$5,040,474	\$30,079	\$135,000	\$4,935,553	\$124,292
	06/30/2015 \$625,000 425,000 3,785,000 205,474	06/30/2015 Increase \$625,000 425,000 3,785,000 \$30,079	06/30/2015 Increase Decrease \$625,000 \$135,000 425,000 \$135,000 3,785,000 \$30,079	06/30/2015 Increase Decrease 06/30/2016 \$625,000 \$625,000 \$625,000 425,000 \$135,000 290,000 3,785,000 3,785,000 3,785,000 205,474 \$30,079 235,553

<u>Qualified School Construction Bond</u> – Proceeds from the bond was used for the purpose of constructing a wind turbine. The bond was issued on March 1, 2012 with an interest rate of 5.57 percent. The bond will mature on December 1, 2026.

<u>School Facilities Improvement Bonds</u> – Proceeds from the outstanding bonds were used for the purpose of constructing additions to and renovating and improving existing school buildings and facilities at the high school. These bonds were issued on March 17, 2009. The bonds consisted of \$4,805,000 in current interest bonds (\$1,020,000 issued as serial bonds and \$3,785,000 issued as term bonds) and \$25,000 in capital appreciation bonds.

The serial bonds shall bear interest at the rates per year and will mature in the principal amounts and on the following dates.

	Maturity Date	Principal	
	(December 1)	Amount	Interest Rate
_	2018	\$145,000	3.50%
	2019	145,000	3.70%

The current interest term bonds which mature on December 1, 2024, have an interest rate of 4.30 percent per year, and are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a redemption price of 100 percent of the principal amount to be redeemed, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption, on December 1 in the years and in the respective principal amounts as follows:

	Principal Amount to	
Year	be Redeemed	
2020	\$150,000	
2021	160,000	
2022	165,000	
2023	170,000	

The remaining principal amount of such current interest term bonds (\$180,000) will be paid at stated maturity on December 1, 2024.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (Continued)

11. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

The current interest term bonds which mature on December 1, 2029, have an interest rate of 4.875 percent per year, and are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a redemption price of 100 percent of the principal amount to be redeemed, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption, on December 1 in the years and in the respective principal amounts as follows:

Year	Principal Amount to be Redeemed
2025	\$185,000
2026	195,000
2027	205,000
2028	215,000

The remaining principal amount of such current interest term bonds (\$225,000) will be paid at stated maturity on December 1, 2029.

The current interest term bonds which mature on December 1, 2036, have an interest rate of 5.00 percent per year, and are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a redemption price of 100 percent of the principal amount to be redeemed, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption, on December 1 in the years and in the respective principal amounts as follows:

Year	Principal Amount to be Redeemed
2030	\$235,000
2031	250,000
2032	260,000
2033	275,000
2034	290,000
2035	305,000

The remaining principal amount of such current interest term bonds (\$320,000) will be paid at stated maturity on December 1, 2036.

The capital appreciation bonds were issued in the aggregate original principal amount of \$25,000 and mature on January 15 in the years, have the original principal amounts and mature with the accreted values at maturity, as follows:

Maturity Date (December 1)	Original Principal Amount	Accreted Value at Maturity
2016	\$14,335	\$140,000
2017	10,665	140,000

The value of the capital appreciation bonds reported at June 30, 2016 was \$235,553. The annual accretion of interest is based on the straight-line method, which approximates the equity interest method. Total accreted interest of \$210,553 has been included in the value. The bonds are being retired through the Bond Retirement Debt Service Fund.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (Continued)

11. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

Total expenditures for interest for the period ended June 30, 2016 was \$196,990.

The scheduled payments of principal and interest on debt outstanding at June 30, 2016 are as follows:

Year Ending				Construction		
June 30,	Serial	Term	Capital	Bonds	Interest	Total
2017			\$124,292		\$50,520	\$174,812
2018			111,261		63,552	174,813
2019	145,000				224,908	369,908
2020	145,000				219,689	364,689
2021		\$150,000			213,781	363,781
2022-2026		860,000			962,595	1,822,595
2027-2031		1,075,000		\$625,000	579,618	2,279,618
2032-2036		1,380,000			259,500	1,639,500
2037		320,000			8,000	328,000
Total	\$290,000	\$3,785,000	\$235,553	\$625,000	\$2,582,163	\$7,517,716

General Obligation Bonds

12. SET-ASIDE CALCULATIONS AND FUND RESERVES

The District is required by State statute to annually set aside in the General Fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by yearend or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year-end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years.

The following cash basis information describes the change in the year-end set-aside amounts for capital acquisitions. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

. .

	Capital Acquisition
Set-aside Cash Balance as of June 30, 2015	
Current Year Set-aside Requirement	\$89,462
Current Year Offsets	(162,260)
Total	(\$72,798)

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (Continued)

13. JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

A. Northwest Ohio Computer Association

The District is a participant in the North West Ohio Computer Association (NWOCA), which is a computer consortium. NWOCA is an association of educational entities within the boundaries of Defiance, Fulton, Henry, Lucas, Williams, and Wood Counties. The organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member educational entities. The NWOCA Assembly consists of the superintendent from each participating educational entity and a representative from the fiscal agent. The Assembly elects the Governing Council of two representatives from each of the six counties in which member educational entities are located and the representative from the member educational entity serving as fiscal agent for NWOCA. The degree of control exercised by any participating educational entity is limited to its representation on the Governing Council. During fiscal year 2016, the District paid \$27,630 to NWOCA for various services. Financial information can be obtained from the North West Ohio Computer Association, 209 Nolan Parkway, Archbold, Ohio 43502.

B. Northern Buckeye Education Council

The Northern Buckeye Education Council (NBEC) was established in 1979 to foster cooperation among educational entities located in Defiance, Fulton, Henry, Lucas, Williams and Wood Counties. NBEC is organized under Ohio laws as a regional council of governments pursuant to a written agreement entered into by its member educational entities and bylaws adopted by the representatives of the member educational entities. NBEC is governed by an elected board consisting of two representatives from each of the six counties in which the member educational entities are located. The Board is elected from an assembly consisting of a representative from each participating educational entity. Financial information can be obtained from the Northern Buckeye Education Council, 209 Nolan Parkway, Archbold, Ohio 43502

C. Four County Career Center

The Four County Career Center (Career Center) is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio which provides vocational education to students. The Career Center is operated under the direction of a board consisting of five representatives from the Northwest Ohio Educational Service Center and one representative from the participating school districts elected boards. The Career Center possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. The degree of control exercised by the District is limited to its representation on the Board. Financial information can be obtained from the Four County Career Center, 22-900 State Route 34, Archbold, Ohio 43502.

14. GROUP PURCHASING POOLS

A. Employee Insurance Benefits Program

The District participates in the Northern Buckeye Health Plan, Northwest Division of the Optimal Health Initiative Consortium (OHI), is a public entity shared risk pool consisting of educational entities throughout the state (the Pool). The Pool is governed by OHI and its participating members. The District contributed a total of \$501,688 to Northern Buckeye Health Plan, Northwest Division of OHI for all four plans. Financial information for the period can be obtained from Jenny Jostworth, Treasurer, at 10999 Reed Hartman Highway, Suite 304E, Cincinnati, OH 45242.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (Continued)

14. GROUP PURCHASING POOLS (Continued)

B. Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan

The District participates in a group-rating plan for workers' compensation as established under §4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Northern Buckeye Health Plan, Northwest Division of OHI Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (WCGRP) was established through the OHI as a group purchasing pool. The group was formed to create a workers' compensation group rating plan which would allow employers to group together to achieve a potentially lower premium rate than they may otherwise be able to acquire as individual employers. The OHI has created a workers' compensation group rating and risk management program which will potentially reduce the workers' compensation premiums for the District.

OHI has retained Sheakley UniService as the servicing agent to perform administrative, actuarial, cost control, claims, and safety consulting services and unemployment claims services for program participants. During this fiscal year, the District paid an enrollment fee of \$0 to WCGRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

C. Schools of Ohio Risk Sharing Authority

The District participates in the Schools of Ohio Risk Sharing Authority (SORSA), which was established in 2002 pursuant to Articles of Incorporation filed under Chapter 1702 of the Ohio Revised Code – Non-Profit Corporations and functioning under authority granted by § 2744.081 of the Ohio Revised Code. SORSA's purpose is to provide a joint self-insurance pool and to assist member school districts in preventing and reducing losses and injuries to property and persons that might result in claims being made against members of SORSA, their employees or officers.

A nine-person Board of Directors manages the business and affairs of SORSA and is elected annually by the members of the pool. The Board of Directors consists of Superintendents, Treasurers, or Business Managers from the participating school districts. The insurance brokerage firm of Willis Pooling is contracted to provide reinsurance brokerage, underwriting, rating, billing and consulting services. The Frank Gates Service Company provides insurance claims settlement and adjustment services. Financial information can be obtained from SORSA Executive Director at 8050 North High Street, Suite 160, Columbus, Ohio 43235-6483.

15. RELATED ORGANIZATION

Pettisville School Foundation

The Pettisville School Foundation consists of a nine member Board of Trustees. Two of the trustees are appointed by the Pettisville Board of Education and the other seven members elected positions by the membership. The Foundation supports the District and community in various projects such as scholarship programs, the attendance incentive program, and fund raising for school facilities. Decisions to disburse money to the District are discretionary decisions made solely by the Board of Trustees of the Foundation. Financial information can be obtained from the Pettisville School Foundation, PO Box 53111, Pettisville, Ohio 43553.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (Continued)

16. CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2016.

B. Litigation

There are currently no matters in litigation with the District as defendant.

17. FUND BALANCE

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in governmental funds.

The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented below:

Fund Delense	Conoral	Classroom Facilities	Other	Total Governmental
Fund Balance Restricted for:	General	Fund	Governmental	Funds
			\$404 540	<i>ФАОА БАО</i>
Athletics			\$101,512	\$101,512
Food Service Operations			2,552	2,552
Facilities Maintenance			69,065	69,065
Debt Retirement			233,783	233,783
Permanent Improvement			118,370	118,370
Building Construction		\$1,275,083		1,275,083
Total Restricted		1,275,083	525,282	1,800,365
Assigned for:				
Educational Activities	\$12,213			12,213
Special Projects	180,153			180,153
Unpaid Obligations				
(encumbrances)	38,798			38,798
Total Assigned	231,164			231,164
Unassigned	1,065,277		(51)	1,065,226
Total Fund Balance	\$1,296,441	\$1,275,083	\$525,231	\$3,096,755

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (Continued)

18. ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

Accountability

At June 30, 2016, the Title I special revenue fund had a deficit fund balances of \$51.

Compliance

Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 (B) requires the District to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. However, the District prepared its financial statements on a cash basis, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The accompanying financial statements omit assets, liabilities, net position/fund balances, and disclosures that, while material, cannot be determined at this time. The District can be fined and various other administrative remedies may be taken against the District.

19. INTERFUND ADVANCES

At June 30, 2016, the General Fund had an unpaid interfund cash advance in the amount of \$350,000 for a short-term loan made to the Permanent Improvement fund.

20. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

During the year ended June 30, 2016, the General fund transferred \$10,000 to the Lunchroom fund, which was made to cover current year expenditures. The Wind Turbine Project fund transferred \$41,650 to the General fund to close out the fund due to the project's completion.

21 SUBSEQUENT EVENT

On March 14, 2016, the Board passed a resolution authorizing the issuance of bonds not to exceed \$3,930,000 for the purpose of advance refunding a portion of the bonds issued in March 2009 for the purpose of constructing a school facility under the Classroom Facilities Assistance Program of the Ohio School Facilities Commission. The Bonds were issued on August 9, 2016.

This page intentionally left blank



Dave Yost · Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Pettisville Local School District Fulton County P.O. Box 53001 232 Summit Street Pettisville, Ohio 43553

To the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the cash-basis financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Pettisville Local School District, Fulton County, Ohio (the District) as of and for the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated April 12, 2018, wherein we noted the District uses a special purpose framework other than generally accepted accounting principles.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinions on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the District's financial statements. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Therefore, unidentified material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings that we consider a material weakness. We consider finding 2017-002 to be a material weakness.

One Government Center, Suite 1420, Toledo, Ohio 43604-2246 Phone: 419-245-2811 or 800-443-9276 Fax: 419-245-2484 www.ohioauditor.gov Pettisville Local School District Fulton County Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards* which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings as items 2017-001 and 2017-003.

District's Responses to Findings

The District's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings. We did not audit the District's responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

here Yost

Dave Yost Auditor of State

Columbus, Ohio

April 12, 2018

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS JUNE 30, 2016 AND 2017

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

FINDING NUMBER 2017-001

Noncompliance

Ohio Rev. Code § 117.38 provides that each public office shall file a financial report for each fiscal year. The auditor of state may prescribe forms by rule or may issue guidelines, or both, for such reports. If the auditor of state has not prescribed a rule regarding the form for the report, the public office shall submit its report on the form utilized by the public office.

Ohio Admin. Code § 117-2-03(B) adds to the requirements of Ohio Rev. Code § 117.38 and requires the District to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

As a cost saving measure, management decided to prepare the District's 2017 and 2016 financial statements on a cash basis of accounting in a format similar to financial statements by Governmental Accounting Board Statement No. 34. This presentation differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The accompanying financial statements and notes omit material assets, liabilities, fund equities, and disclosures. Variances on the financial statements between the District's accounting practice and GAAP, while presumably material, cannot reasonably be determined at this time. The District may be fined and various other administrative remedies may be taken against the District.

We recommend the District take the necessary steps to ensure the financial report is prepared and filed in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Officials' Response:

Management believes reporting on a basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) is more cost efficient.

FINDING NUMBER 2017-002

Material Weakness – Financial Reporting

In our audit engagement letter, as required by AU-C Section 210, *Terms of Engagement*, paragraph .06, management acknowledged its responsibility for the preparation and fair presentation of their financial statements; this responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error as discussed in AU-C Section 210 paragraphs .A14 & .A16.

A finding for adjustment noted in the last audit in the amount of \$56,764 was corrected as a refund of prior year receipts recorded in the General fund and a reduction of prior year expenditures in the Maintenance fund on the 2016 financial statements. This entry should have been reversed and recorded against the July 1, 2016 beginning fund balances for the General and Maintenance Funds.

These errors were due to a deficiency in policies and procedures over monitoring the financial statements. A final review of the financial statements may have detected these errors.

Pettisville Local School District Fulton County Schedule of Findings Page 2

Adjustments were recorded on the financial statements to correct these errors

To help ensure the District's financial statements are complete and accurate, the District should adopt policies and procedures requiring a final review of the statement to identify and correct errors and omissions.

Officials' Response:

Management has worked, and will continue to work to take corrective action on this finding.

FINDING NUMBER 2017-003

Finding for Recovery Repaid Under Audit

Section II, (F) of the professional agreement between the Pettisville Local Board of Education and the Pettisville Teacher Association for the period July 1, 2014 through June 30, 2016, sets the limit for payment of unused sick leave as part of the severance pay at retirement for certified staff members to 25 percent of accrued, but unused sick leave credit up to 200 days, or a maximum of 50 days. This agreement also allows for the payment of ten additional days if the employee submits a letter of resignation to the superintendent by March 15.

Richard Reid retired in 2016 and notified the District prior to March 15th. His severance pay should have been \$22,027.20 (60 days at a daily rate of \$367.12). He received a total severance payment of \$23,862.67 from the District on July 13, 2016, resulting in an overpayment of \$1,835.47.

This error was due to a deficiency in policies and procedures over monitoring severance. We recommend the District develop policies and procedures requiring a final review of all severance payments.

In accordance with the forgoing facts, and pursuant to Ohio Rev. Code §117.28, a finding for recovery for public money illegally expended is hereby issued against Richard Reid, former Pettisville Local School District Teacher, in the amount of \$1,835 and in favor of the Pettisville Local School District General Fund.

On February 22, 2018, Richard Reid, retired teacher, issued a personal check to the Pettisville Local School District in the amount of \$1,835.59. This finding for recovery is considered repaid under audit.

Officials' Response:

Management has worked, and will continue to work to take corrective action on this finding.



P.O. Box 53001, 232 Summit Street, Pettisville, OH 43553 Telephone 419-446-2705 Fax 419-445-2992 Pettisvilleschools.org

Board of Education

Daniel Bruner, President Brent King, Vice President John King Rick Graber Brent Hoylman Christopher Lee, Treasurer Administration

Stephen Switzer, Ph. D., Superintendent Michael Lane, High School Principal Jason Waldvogel, Elementary Principal Amanda Wyman, High School Counselor Matthew Shumaker, Psychologist Brian Leppelmeier, Director of Athletics

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS JUNE 30, 2017 AND 2016

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Status	Additional Information
2015-001	Finding first reported in 2012. Ohio Rev. Code § 117.38 and Ohio Admin. Code § 117-2- 03 (B) – for not reporting in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.	Not corrected, reissued as finding 2017- 001 in this report.	Management believes reporting on a basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) is more cost efficient.
2015-002	Ohio Rev. Code § 5705.10 (D) and Ohio Rev. Code § 5721.21 (C) (12) – for tangible personal property tax being posted to an incorrect fund.	Corrective action taken and finding is fully corrected.	
2015-003	Ohio Rev. Code § 5705.10 (I) and Ohio Rev. Code § 5721.21 (C) (12) – for Classroom Maintenance fund balance being understated and negative cash fund balances	Corrective action taken and finding is fully corrected.	
2015-004	Material weakness due to overstatement of General Fund unassigned fund balance on the Statement of Cash Basis Assets and Fund Balances.	Corrective action taken and finding is fully corrected.	

This page intentionally left blank.



Dave Yost • Auditor of State

PETTISVILLE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

FULTON COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbett

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

CERTIFIED MAY 10, 2018

> 88 East Broad Street, Fourth Floor, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3506 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370 Fax: 614-466-4490 www.ohioauditor.gov