



Certified Public Accountants, A.C.

**MARIETTA CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
WASHINGTON COUNTY
Single Audit
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018**

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OHIO AUDITOR OF STATE KEITH FABER



Board of Education
Marietta City School District
111 Academy Drive
Marietta, Ohio 45750

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Marietta City School District, Washington County, prepared by Perry & Associates, Certified Public Accountants, A.C., for the audit period July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2018. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Marietta City School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Keith Faber".

Keith Faber
Auditor of State
Columbus, Ohio

March 5, 2019

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**MARIETTA CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
WASHINGTON COUNTY**

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WASHINGTON COUNTY

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

December 27, 2018

Marietta City School District
Washington County
111 Academy Drive
Marietta, OH 45750

To the Board of Education:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of **Marietta City School District**, Washington County, Ohio (the School District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the School District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our opinions.

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Members: American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

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Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Marietta City School District, Washington County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in its financial position thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 3 to the financial statements, during 2018 the School District has elected to change its financial presentation in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles. Also, as discussed in Note 3 to the financial statements, during 2018 the School District adopted new accounting guidance in Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*. We did not modify our opinion regarding these matters.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *Management's discussion and analysis* and schedules of net pension and other post-employment benefit liabilities and pension and other post-employment benefit contributions listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, consisting of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, to the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not opine or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to opine or provide any other assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the School District's basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The Schedule of Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures presents additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and is not a required part of the financial statements.

The schedule is management's responsibility, and derives from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected the schedule to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling the schedule directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this schedule is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 27, 2018, on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



Perry and Associates
Certified Public Accountants, A.C.
Marietta, Ohio

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Marietta City School District, Ohio
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018
Unaudited

The discussion and analysis of the Marietta City School District's financial performance provides an overall review of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for the fiscal year 2018 are as follows:

- Total net position of the School District increased \$12,627,460. Restricted net position increased \$541,180. Unrestricted net position increased \$11,969,111.
- General revenues accounted for \$23,826,174 in revenue or 81% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, operating grants, contributions, and interest accounted for \$5,685,119 or 19% of total revenues of \$29,511,293.
- The School District had \$16,883,833 in expenses related to governmental activities; only \$5,685,119 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, grants, contributions, and interest. General revenues of \$23,826,174 were adequate to provide for these programs.

Using this Annual Financial Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the Marietta City School District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities and conditions.

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole School District, presenting both an aggregate view of the School District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the School District's most significant funds with all other non-major funds presented in total in one column.

Reporting the School District as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities

While this document contains information about the large number of funds used by the School District to provide programs and activities for students, the view of the School District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during fiscal year 2018?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

Marietta City School District, Ohio
Management's Discussion and Analysis
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These two statements report the School District's net position and changes in net position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the School District as a whole, the financial position of the School District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the School District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs, and other factors.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, all of the School District's programs and services are reported as Governmental Activities including instruction, support services, operation of non-instructional services, extracurricular activities, and interest and fiscal charges.

Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The School District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The analysis of the School District's major funds begins on page 10. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the School District's major funds. The School District uses many funds to account for a multiple of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the School District's most significant funds. The School District's major governmental funds are the General Fund and Permanent Improvement Capital Projects Fund.

Governmental Funds Most of the School District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at fiscal year end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's general governmental operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

Proprietary Funds Proprietary funds use the same basis of accounting as business-type activities; therefore, these statements will essentially match. The School District's only fund of this type is the Self-Insurance Internal Service Fund. However, the activity of this fund is combined with the Governmental Activities on the entity wide financial statements.

Fiduciary Funds Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the School District. They are not reflected on the government-wide financial statements because the resources from those funds are not available to support the School District's programs. The accounting method used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for the proprietary funds.

Marietta City School District, Ohio
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018
 Unaudited

The School District as a Whole

Recall that the Statement of Net Position provides the perspective of the School District as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the School District's net position for 2018 compared to 2017.

Table 1 - Net Position

	2018	2017	Change
Assets			
Current and Other Assets	\$27,281,832	\$26,711,914	\$569,918
Capital Assets, Net	9,602,356	9,650,187	(47,831)
<i>Total Assets</i>	<u>36,884,188</u>	<u>36,362,101</u>	<u>522,087</u>
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Pension	8,694,979	7,721,094	973,885
OPEB	322,025	64,754	257,271
<i>Total Deferred Outflows of Resources</i>	<u>9,017,004</u>	<u>7,785,848</u>	<u>1,231,156</u>
Liabilities			
Current and Other Liabilities	3,640,201	3,665,762	(25,561)
Long-term Liabilities:			
Due within One Year	158,729	294,877	(136,148)
Due in More Than One Year:			
Net Pension Liability	30,197,042	43,035,045	(12,838,003)
Net OPEB Liability	7,044,133	8,903,046	(1,858,913)
Other Amounts	2,178,116	2,146,150	31,966
<i>Total Liabilities</i>	<u>43,218,221</u>	<u>58,044,880</u>	<u>(14,826,659)</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Property Taxes	14,999,787	14,399,160	600,627
Pension	2,308,317	0	2,308,317
OPEB	1,043,498	0	1,043,498
<i>Total Deferred Inflows of Resources</i>	<u>18,351,602</u>	<u>14,399,160</u>	<u>3,952,442</u>
Net Position			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	9,317,356	9,200,187	117,169
Restricted	2,793,921	2,252,741	541,180
Unrestricted (Deficits)	(27,779,908)	(39,749,019)	11,969,111
<i>Total Net Position</i>	<u>(\$15,668,631)</u>	<u>(\$28,296,091)</u>	<u>\$12,627,460</u>

The net pension liability (NPL) is the largest single liability reported by the School District at June 30, 2018, and is reported pursuant to GASB Statement 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—An Amendment of GASB Statement 27." For fiscal year 2018, the School District adopted GASB Statement 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions," which significantly revises accounting for costs and liabilities related to other postemployment benefits (OPEB). For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the School District's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and OPEB, the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB.

Marietta City School District, Ohio
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018
Unaudited

Governmental Accounting Standards Board standards are national and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Prior accounting for pensions (GASB 27) and postemployment benefits (GASB 45) focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension and OPEB costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's *net pension liability* or *net OPEB liability*. GASB 68 and GASB 75 take an earnings approach to pension and OPEB accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension/OPEB plans and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

GASB 68 and GASB 75 require the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability to equal the School District's proportionate share of each plan's collective:

1. Present value of estimated future pension/OPEB benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service
2. Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits

GASB notes that pension and OPEB obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" – that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension and other postemployment benefits. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the School District is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of these liabilities. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The Ohio revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer's promise is limited not by contract but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the retirement system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension/OPEB plan *as against the public employer*. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. The retirement system is responsible for the administration of the pension and OPEB plans.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability or the net OPEB liability. As explained above, changes in benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of these liabilities, but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability are satisfied, these liabilities are separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

Marietta City School District, Ohio
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018
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In accordance with GASB 68 and GASB 75, the School District's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense and an annual OPEB expense for their proportionate share of each plan's *change* in net pension liability and net OPEB liability, respectively, not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows.

Total assets of governmental activities increased \$522,087. Current assets increased \$569,918. Current assets increased primarily due to an increase in property taxes receivable of \$175,509 and a \$110,642 increase in materials and supplies inventory. These increases were offset by a decrease in intergovernmental receivable of \$47,524 and a decrease in accounts receivable of \$21,980.

Total liabilities decreased \$14,826,659. Current and other liabilities decreased \$25,561. Current liabilities decreased due to a decrease in intergovernmental payable of \$75,269 and a decrease in contracts payable of \$46,839. Offsetting increases include accounts payable of \$15,604 and matured compensated absences of \$8,008. Long-term liabilities decreased \$14,801,098, with a decrease in net pension liability of \$12,838,003 and a decrease in net OPEB liability of \$1,858,913.

Table 2 shows the changes in net position for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. Since the School District did not prepare financial statements in accordance with GASB Statement No. 34 in the prior fiscal year, revenue and expense comparisons between fiscal years 2018 and 2017 are not available. In future fiscal years, when prior financial information is available, a comparative analysis of government-wide data will be presented.

Marietta City School District, Ohio
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018
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Table 2
 Changes in Net Position

	2018
Revenues	
Program Revenues:	
Charges for Services and Sales	\$1,521,315
Operating Grants, Contributions, and Interest	4,163,804
Total Program Revenues	5,685,119
General Revenues:	
Property Taxes	13,396,976
Grants and Entitlements	10,076,743
Interest	13,471
Contributions and Donations	14,500
Gain on Sale of Capital Assets	1,001
Rent	42,986
Miscellaneous	280,497
Total General Revenues	23,826,174
Total Revenues	29,511,293
Program Expenses	
Instruction:	
Regular	5,500,962
Special	1,547,758
Vocational	30,220
Student Intervention	43,616
Support Services:	
Pupils	562,386
Instructional Staff	1,420,182
Board of Education	99,636
Administration	1,182,609
Fiscal	544,334
Business	186,000
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	2,343,163
Pupil Transportation	1,166,392
Central	351,081
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:	
Food Service Operations	1,193,759
Community Services	63,732
Extracurricular Activities	629,128
Interest	18,875
Total Expenses	16,883,833
Change in Net Position	12,627,460
Net Position Beginning of Year	(28,296,091)
Net Position End of Year	(\$15,668,631)

The DeRolph III decision has not eliminated the dependence on property taxes. The unique nature of property taxes in Ohio creates the need to routinely seek voter approval for operating funds. Inflation alone will not increase the amount of funds generated by a tax levy. The mills collected decreases as the property valuation increases, thus generating about the same revenue unless new construction or growth are a factor.

Marietta City School District, Ohio
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018
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Property taxes made up approximately 56% of general revenues for governmental activities for the School District in fiscal year 2018.

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services, grants, contributions, and interest earnings offsetting those services. Table 3 shows the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of those services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted state entitlements.

Table 3
 Cost of Services
 Governmental Activities

	Total Cost of Services	Net Cost of Services
	2018	2018
Program Expenses		
Instruction:		
Regular	\$5,500,962	\$4,544,105
Special	1,547,758	(552,762)
Vocational	30,220	(56,242)
Student Intervention	43,616	43,616
Support Services:		
Pupils	562,386	562,386
Instructional Staff	1,420,182	876,649
Board of Education	99,636	99,636
Administration	1,182,609	1,024,811
Fiscal	544,334	544,334
Business	186,000	186,000
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	2,343,163	2,324,666
Pupil Transportation	1,166,392	1,047,665
Central	351,081	342,535
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:		
Food Service Operations	1,193,759	(30,598)
Community Services	63,732	(70,600)
Extracurricular Activities	629,128	293,638
Interest and Fiscal Charges	18,875	18,875
Total	\$16,883,833	\$11,198,714

The dependence upon tax revenues and state subsidies for governmental activities is apparent. 66% of program expenses are supported through taxes, unrestricted grants and entitlements, and other general revenues.

The School District Funds

The School District's governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. All governmental funds had total revenues of \$29,333,421 and expenditures of \$28,551,781. The School District continued to focus its efforts to monitor expenditures, with modest increases in supply and purchased

Marietta City School District, Ohio
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services budgets, as well as maintaining current personnel staffing levels. The General Fund increased its fund balance \$309,193 while making a \$60,000 transfer to the Student Activities Special Revenue Fund. The Permanent Improvement Capital Projects Fund increased its fund balance \$517,002.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The School District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2018, the School District amended its General Fund budget. The School District uses a modified site-based budgeting technique which is designed to tightly control total site budgets but provide flexibility for site management.

For the General Fund, budget basis revenue was \$24,566,915. Original estimated revenues remained the same throughout the year. The final revenues were \$251,032 above final budget basis revenue of \$24,315,883. This is mainly due to the result of underestimating intergovernmental revenues and property taxes. Final expenditures of \$24,412,615 were \$1,815,353 below the final appropriations of \$26,227,968. Original appropriations were decreased \$973,628. The General Fund ending fund balance was \$4,988,591.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2018, the School District had \$9,317,356 invested in capital assets. See Note 11 for more detailed information. Table 4 shows fiscal year 2018 balances compared to 2017.

Table 4
 Capital Assets
 (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities	
	2018	2017
Land	\$1,755,605	\$1,755,605
Land Improvements	109,506	107,518
Buildings and Improvements	5,789,050	5,841,039
Furniture and Equipment	853,098	957,412
Vehicles	1,095,097	988,613
Totals	\$9,602,356	\$9,650,187

Debt

During fiscal year 2018, the School District had the following changes in long-term obligations:

Marietta City School District, Ohio
Management's Discussion and Analysis
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	2018	2017
2003 Energy Conservation Improvement Bonds - 4.54%	\$0	\$75,000
2006 Energy Conservation Loan - 4.75%	285,000	375,000
Totals	\$285,000	\$450,000

See Note 17 to the basic financial statements for more information on debt.

Current Issues

The Marietta City School District is considered a mid-wealth district. The District is financially stable and has been the past several years. Marietta City is dependent heavily on property taxes and State aid. The 2018-19 Ohio Legislature biennial budget did not offer any additional aid to the District from the State of Ohio as Marietta City School District is on the guarantee. Marietta City School District has been receiving approximately the same funding dollars from the State of Ohio since 2015. This makes running the District very challenging because the cost of doing business along with negotiated agreements dictate certain increases in salaries and benefits without the additional funds.

The State Legislature accelerated the phase-out of “hold harmless” provision of the State funding for local revenue lost due to the elimination of local tax on tangible personal property in prior biennial budgets. This has accounted for over a \$400,000.00 loss to the District in just the past three years.

Marietta City School District is dedicated in providing a professional teaching staff and support staff for all students along with a healthy and sound learning environment. The District is also very dedicated in providing a competitive salary and benefit package for employees to provide the students the greatest chance to be learners for life. Marietta City School District has enacted a facility planning committee, made up of school staff and local community members in order to determine the long term vision of the District as far as buildings are concerned. Preliminary talks are ongoing with the Ohio Facilities Construction Commission. The newest building in the District is the high school, which was built in the late 1960’s.

The District currently has four elementary buildings (K-5), a middle school (6-8) and high school (9-12). As enrollment continues to decline, the District will need to continue monitoring class size and building capacity in order to provide the most effective learning environment.

Contacting the School District’s Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizen’s, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the School District’s finances and to show the School District’s accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Frank Antill, Treasurer at Marietta City School District, 11 Academy Drive, Marietta, Ohio 45750-8053.

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Marietta City School District, Ohio
Statement of Net Position
June 30, 2018

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$10,802,969
Accounts Receivable	28,677
Intergovernmental Receivable	400,411
Prepaid Items	19,242
Materials and Supplies Inventory	110,642
Inventory Held for Resale	5,629
Property Taxes Receivable	15,914,262
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	1,755,605
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	7,846,751
 Total Assets	 36,884,188
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Pension	8,694,979
OPEB	322,025
 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	 9,017,004
Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	150,208
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable	2,245,470
Intergovernmental Payable	606,285
Accrued Interest Payable	1,128
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	53,814
Claims Payable	583,296
Long-Term Liabilities:	
Due Within One Year	158,729
Due In More Than One Year:	
Net Pension Liability (See Note 15)	30,197,042
Net OPEB Liability (See Note 16)	7,044,133
Other Amounts Due in More Than One Year	2,178,116
 <i>Total Liabilities</i>	 43,218,221
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Property Taxes	14,999,787
Pension	2,308,317
OPEB	1,043,498
 <i>Total Deferred Inflows of Resources</i>	 18,351,602
Net Position	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	9,317,356
Restricted for:	
Capital Projects	1,642,482
Food Service	809,400
Student Activities	231,413
State Grant Programs	17,583
Federal Grant Programs	74,583
Local Initiatives	18,460
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(27,779,908)
 Total Net Position	 (\$15,668,631)

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Marietta City School District, Ohio
Statement of Activities
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Program Revenues			Net (Expense)
	Expenses	Charges for Services and Sales	Operating Grants, Contributions, and Interest	Revenue and Changes in Net Position
Governmental Activities				Governmental Activities
Instruction:				
Regular	\$5,500,962	\$749,268	\$207,589	(4,544,105)
Special	1,547,758	89,807	2,010,713	552,762
Vocational	30,220	0	86,462	56,242
Student Intervention	43,616	0	0	(43,616)
Support Services:				
Pupils	562,386	0	0	(562,386)
Instructional Staff	1,420,182	0	543,533	(876,649)
Board of Education	99,636	0	0	(99,636)
Administration	1,182,609	44,406	113,392	(1,024,811)
Fiscal	544,334	0	0	(544,334)
Business	186,000	0	0	(186,000)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	2,343,163	0	18,497	(2,324,666)
Pupil Transportation	1,166,392	37,588	81,139	(1,047,665)
Central	351,081	0	8,546	(342,535)
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:				
Food Service Operations	1,193,759	322,248	902,109	30,598
Community Services	63,732	1,047	133,285	70,600
Extracurricular Activities	629,128	276,951	58,539	(293,638)
Interest	18,875	0	0	(18,875)
Total Governmental Activities	\$16,883,833	\$1,521,315	\$4,163,804	(11,198,714)
General Revenues				
Property Taxes Levied for General Purposes				13,396,976
Grants and Entitlements not Restricted to Specific Programs				10,076,743
Interest				13,471
Donations not Restricted to Specific Programs				14,500
Gain on Sale of Capital Assets				1,001
Rent				42,986
Miscellaneous				280,497
Total General Revenues				23,826,174
Change in Net Position				12,627,460
Net Position Beginning of Year - Restated (See Note 3)				(28,296,091)
Net Position End of Year				(\$15,668,631)

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Marietta City School District, Ohio

*Balance Sheet
Governmental Funds
June 30, 2018*

	General	Permanent Improvement	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets				
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$5,499,402	\$1,586,318	\$1,192,766	\$8,278,486
Receivables:				
Property Taxes	14,504,502	1,303,222	106,538	15,914,262
Accounts	21,550	0	7,127	28,677
Intergovernmental	142,732	0	257,679	400,411
Interfund	46,476	0	2,215	48,691
Prepaid Items	14,844	0	4,398	19,242
Inventory Held for Resale	0	0	5,629	5,629
Materials and Supplies Inventory	108,199	0	2,443	110,642
<i>Total Assets</i>	<u>\$20,337,705</u>	<u>\$2,889,540</u>	<u>\$1,578,795</u>	<u>\$24,806,040</u>
Liabilities and Fund Balances				
Liabilities				
Accounts Payable	\$27,475	\$19,895	\$102,838	\$150,208
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable	2,100,286	0	145,184	2,245,470
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	53,814	0	0	53,814
Interfund Payable	2,215	0	46,476	48,691
Intergovernmental Payable	580,105	0	26,180	606,285
<i>Total Liabilities</i>	<u>2,763,895</u>	<u>19,895</u>	<u>320,678</u>	<u>3,104,468</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Property Taxes	13,666,086	1,227,163	106,538	14,999,787
Unavailable Revenue	494,850	37,002	143,620	675,472
<i>Total Deferred Inflows of Resources</i>	<u>14,160,936</u>	<u>1,264,165</u>	<u>250,158</u>	<u>15,675,259</u>
Fund Balances				
Nonspendable	123,043	0	6,841	129,884
Restricted	0	1,605,480	1,062,516	2,667,996
Committed	11,000	0	0	11,000
Assigned	3,278,831	0	0	3,278,831
Unassigned (Deficit)	0	0	(61,398)	(61,398)
<i>Total Fund Balance</i>	<u>3,412,874</u>	<u>1,605,480</u>	<u>1,007,959</u>	<u>6,026,313</u>
<i>Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances</i>	<u>\$20,337,705</u>	<u>\$2,889,540</u>	<u>\$1,578,795</u>	<u>\$24,806,040</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Marietta City School District, Ohio
*Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to
 Net Position of Governmental Activities
 June 30, 2018*

Total Governmental Fund Balances		\$6,026,313
 <i>Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because</i>		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		9,602,356
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are reported as deferred inflows of resources in the funds:		
Delinquent Property Taxes	446,637	
Intergovernmental Revenues	136,493	
Miscellaneous Revenues	92,342	675,472
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.		1,941,187
Interest Payable is accrued for outstanding long-term liabilities while interest is not reported until due on the balance sheet.		(1,128)
The net pension liability and net OPEB liability is not due and payable in the current period; therefore, the liability and related deferred inflows/outflows are not reported in the funds:		
Deferred Outflows - Pension	8,694,979	
Deferred Inflows - Pension	(2,308,317)	
Net Pension Liability	(30,197,042)	
Deferred Outflows - OPEB	322,025	
Deferred Inflows - OPEB	(1,043,498)	
Net OPEB Liability	(7,044,133)	(31,575,986)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
Energy Conservation Loan Payable	(285,000)	
Sick Leave Benefits Payable	(2,051,845)	(2,336,845)
Net Position (Deficit) of Governmental Activities		(\$15,668,631)

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Marietta City School District, Ohio
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Governmental Funds
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

	General	Permanent Improvement	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues				
Property Taxes	\$12,054,839	\$1,084,116	\$184,515	\$13,323,470
Intergovernmental	11,180,171	130,530	2,775,636	14,086,337
Interest	13,471	0	1,219	14,690
Tuition and Fees	764,108	0	123,859	887,967
Rent	42,986	0	0	42,986
Extracurricular Activities	38,797	0	155,309	194,106
Charges for Services and Sales	0	0	440,475	440,475
Contributions and Donations	58,113	0	63,634	121,747
Miscellaneous	221,379	0	264	221,643
Total Revenues	24,373,864	1,214,646	3,744,911	29,333,421
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	11,523,489	174,862	348,093	12,046,444
Special	3,005,959	21,147	977,301	4,004,407
Vocational	67,353	0	0	67,353
Student Intervention	132,791	0	0	132,791
Support Services:				
Pupils	1,142,627	0	0	1,142,627
Instructional Staff	1,090,850	0	523,491	1,614,341
Board of Education	99,636	0	0	99,636
Administration	2,158,610	0	95,736	2,254,346
Fiscal	545,980	29,927	0	575,907
Business	187,849	0	0	187,849
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	2,217,422	244,899	0	2,462,321
Pupil Transportation	1,084,282	226,809	0	1,311,091
Central	343,238	0	10,800	354,038
Operation of Non-Instructional Services				
Food Service Operations	0	0	1,179,757	1,179,757
Community Services	1,155	0	161,236	162,391
Extracurricular Activities	404,431	0	367,536	771,967
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	0	0	165,000	165,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges	0	0	19,515	19,515
Total Expenditures	24,005,672	697,644	3,848,465	28,551,781
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	368,192	517,002	(103,554)	781,640
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	1,001	0	0	1,001
Transfers In	0	0	60,000	60,000
Transfers Out	(60,000)	0	0	(60,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(58,999)	0	60,000	1,001
Net Change in Fund Balances	309,193	517,002	(43,554)	782,641
Fund Balances Beginning of Year - Restated (See Note 3)	3,103,681	1,088,478	1,051,513	5,243,672
Fund Balances End of Year	\$3,412,874	\$1,605,480	\$1,007,959	\$6,026,313

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Marietta City School District, Ohio
*Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes
in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018*

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds \$782,641

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities
are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the
statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated
useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation
exceeded capital outlays in the current period:

Capital Outlay	273,404	
Current Year Depreciation	<u>(321,235)</u>	(47,831)

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial
resources are not reported as revenues in the funds:

Delinquent Property Taxes	73,506	
Intergovernmental Revenue	51,961	
Donations	(6,217)	
Extracurricular	(146)	
Tuition and Fees	(1,087)	
Miscellaneous	<u>58,854</u>	176,871

Repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the
repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. 165,000

In the statement of activities interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in
governmental funds, interest is expended when due. 640

Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds;
however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows:

Pension	2,035,826	
OPEB	<u>79,473</u>	2,115,299

Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension/OPEB
liability are reported as pension/OPEB expense in the statement of activities:

Pension	9,467,745	
OPEB	<u>993,213</u>	10,460,958

Expenses resulting from compensated absences in the statement of activities
do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not
reported as expenditures in governmental funds. (60,818)

The internal service fund used by management to charge the costs of insurance
to individual funds is not reported in the district-wide statement of activities.
The net change of the internal service fund is reported with governmental activities. (965,300)

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities \$12,627,460

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Marietta City School District, Ohio
*Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes
in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis)
General Fund
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018*

	<u>Budgeted Amounts</u>		<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)</u>
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>		
Receipts				
Taxes	\$12,401,000	\$12,401,000	\$12,509,471	\$108,471
Intergovernmental	10,977,306	10,977,306	11,204,135	226,829
Interest	15,000	15,000	13,471	(1,529)
Tuition and Fees	696,000	696,000	670,798	(25,202)
Rent	50,000	50,000	39,786	(10,214)
Gifts and Donations	19,273	19,273	14,500	(4,773)
Miscellaneous	157,304	157,304	114,754	(42,550)
<i>Total Receipts</i>	<u>24,315,883</u>	<u>24,315,883</u>	<u>24,566,915</u>	<u>251,032</u>
Disbursements				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	12,537,473	12,088,719	11,475,866	612,853
Special	3,325,667	3,206,631	2,908,801	297,830
Vocational	84,837	81,800	73,890	7,910
Student Intervention Services	174,236	168,000	167,754	246
Support Services:				
Pupils	1,397,392	1,347,375	1,156,009	191,366
Instructional Staff	1,352,392	1,303,986	1,136,193	167,793
Board of Education	150,381	144,998	127,318	17,680
Administration	2,332,409	2,248,925	2,160,639	88,286
Fiscal	591,989	570,800	543,224	27,576
Business	253,628	244,550	199,543	45,007
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	2,717,071	2,619,819	2,467,808	152,011
Pupil Transportation	1,410,154	1,359,680	1,217,612	142,068
Central	406,277	391,735	374,707	17,028
Extracurricular Activities	467,690	450,950	403,251	47,699
<i>Total Disbursements</i>	<u>27,201,596</u>	<u>26,227,968</u>	<u>24,412,615</u>	<u>1,815,353</u>
<i>Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements</i>	<u>(2,885,713)</u>	<u>(1,912,085)</u>	<u>154,300</u>	<u>2,066,385</u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Refund of Prior Year Expenditures	50,000	50,000	110,661	60,661
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	1,317	1,317	1,001	(316)
Other Financing Uses	(738,404)	(712,032)	0	712,032
Transfers Out	(60,000)	(60,000)	(60,000)	0
<i>Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)</i>	<u>(747,087)</u>	<u>(720,715)</u>	<u>51,662</u>	<u>772,377</u>
<i>Net Change in Fund Balance</i>	(3,632,800)	(2,632,800)	205,962	2,838,762
<i>Fund Balance Beginning of Year</i>	4,530,999	4,530,999	4,530,999	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	<u>251,630</u>	<u>251,630</u>	<u>251,630</u>	<u>0</u>
<i>Fund Balance End of Year</i>	<u>\$1,149,829</u>	<u>\$2,149,829</u>	<u>\$4,988,591</u>	<u>\$2,838,762</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Marietta City School District, Ohio
Statement of Fund Net Position
Self-Insurance Internal Service Fund
June 30, 2018

Current Assets

Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$2,524,483
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Current Liabilities

Claims Payable	<u>583,296</u>
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Net Position

Unrestricted	<u><u>\$1,941,187</u></u>
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See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Marietta City School District, Ohio
*Statement of Revenues, Expenses
and Changes in Fund Net Position
Self-Insurance Internal Service Fund
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018*

Operating Revenues	
Charges for Services	<u>\$4,194,941</u>
Operating Expenses	
Purchased Services	689,648
Claims	<u>4,470,593</u>
Total Operating Expenses	<u>5,160,241</u>
Change in Net Position	(965,300)
Net Position Beginning of Year - Restated (See Note 3)	<u>2,906,487</u>
Net Position End of Year	<u><u>\$1,941,187</u></u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Marietta City School District, Ohio
Statement of Cash Flows
Self-Insurance Internal Service Fund
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash Flows from Operating Activities

Cash Received from Transactions with Other Funds	\$4,194,941
Cash Payments for Goods and Services	(689,648)
Cash Payments for Claims	<u>(4,387,440)</u>

Net Cash Used for Operating Activities (882,147)

Cash and Cash Equivalents Beginning of Year 3,406,630

Cash and Cash Equivalents End of Year \$2,524,483

**Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash
Used for Operating Activities**

Operating Loss (\$965,300)

Increase in Claims Payable 83,153

Net Cash Used for Operating Activities (\$882,147)

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Marietta City School District, Ohio
Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities
Agency Funds
June 30, 2018

Assets

Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	<u>\$55,266</u>
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Liabilities

Undistributed Monies	7,391
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Due to Students	<u>47,875</u>
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Total Liabilities	<u>\$55,266</u>
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See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Marietta City School District, Ohio
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

Note 1 - Description of the School District and Reporting Entity

Marietta City School District is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio.

The School District operates under a locally-elected five-member Board form of government and provides educational services as authorized by State statute and federal guidelines. This Board of Education controls the School District's two instructional/support facilities staffed by 117 classified employees and 195 certificated full-time teaching personnel who provide services to 2,833 students and other community members.

Reporting Entity

A reporting entity is composed of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements of the School District are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For Marietta City School District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the School District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the School District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes, and there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefit to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government. The School District has no component units.

The School District participates in three jointly governed organizations and one insurance purchasing pool. These organizations are the Metropolitan Educational Technology Association, the Washington County Career Center, the Coalition of Rural and Appalachian Schools, and the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan. These organizations are presented in Notes 18 and 19 to the basic financial statements.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the Marietta City School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the School District's accounting policies are described below:

Marietta City School District, Ohio
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

A. Basis of Presentation

The School District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for the fiduciary funds. The activity of the internal service fund is eliminated to avoid "doubling up" revenues and expenses. The statements usually distinguish between those activities that are governmental in nature and those that are considered business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental receipts, or other nonexchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services. The School District has no business-type activities.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the School District at fiscal year end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department, and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program; grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program; and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the School District. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School District.

Fund Financial Statements During the fiscal year, the School District segregates transactions related to certain School District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the School District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

B. Fund Accounting

The School District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid management by segregating transactions related to certain functions or activities. A fund is a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The School District classifies each fund as either governmental, proprietary, or fiduciary.

Governmental Funds Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance. The following is the description of the School District's major governmental funds:

Marietta City School District, Ohio
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

General Fund The General Fund accounts for and reports all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the School District for any purpose, provided it is expended and transferred to the general laws of Ohio.

Permanent Improvement Fund This fund accounts for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary and trust funds.

The other governmental funds of the School District account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

Proprietary Fund Type Proprietary fund reporting focuses on the determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position, and cash flows. Proprietary funds are classified as enterprise or internal service. The School District's only proprietary fund type is an Internal Service Fund.

Internal Service Fund The internal service fund accounts for the financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the School District on a cost reimbursement basis. The School District's only internal service fund accounts for the operation of the School District's self-insurance program for health and vision claims.

Fiduciary Fund Type Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds, and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the School District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the School District's own programs. The School District has no trust funds. The School District's agency funds account for student activities and assets held by the School District as an agent for outside activities.

C. Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the School District are included on the statement of net position. The statement of activities accounts for increases (i.e. revenues) and decreases (i.e. expenses) in total net position.

Fund Financial Statements All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Like the government-wide statements, the proprietary fund is accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of this fund are included on the statement of net position. The statement of changes in fund net position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net position. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the School District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activity.

Marietta City School District, Ohio
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the School District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the School District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes and grants, entitlements, and donations. On the accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 8). Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the School District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year end: property taxes available as an advance, investment earnings, tuition, grants, fees, and rentals.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources In addition to assets, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the School District, deferred outflows of resources are reported on the government-wide statement of net position for pension and OPEB plans. The deferred outflows of resources related to pension and OPEB plans are explained in Notes 15 and 16.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized until that time. For the School District, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes, pension, OPEB plans, and unavailable revenue. Property taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2018, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2019 operations. These amounts have been recorded as a deferred inflow on both the government-wide statement of net position and governmental fund financial statements. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental funds balance sheet, and represents receivables which will not be collected within the available period. For the School District, unavailable revenue includes delinquent property taxes, miscellaneous revenues, and intergovernmental grants. These amounts are deferred and

Marietta City School District, Ohio
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available. The details of these unavailable revenues are identified on the Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities found on page 17. Deferred inflows of resources related to pension and OPEB plans are reported on the government-wide statement of net position. (See Notes 15 and 16)

Expenses/Expenditures On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, cash received by the School District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the School District's records. Interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents" on the financial statements.

During fiscal year 2018, the School District invested in STAR Ohio. STAR Ohio (the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio), is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 79, "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants." The School District measures their investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides an NAV per share that approximates fair value.

For the fiscal year 2018, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, twenty-four hours advance notice is appreciated for deposits and withdrawals exceeding \$25 million or more. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$100 million per day, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$100 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

Following Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the General Fund during fiscal year 2018 amounted to \$13,471, which includes \$6,213 assigned from other School District funds.

Investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School District are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months not purchased from the pool are reported as investments.

F. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2018, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the

Marietta City School District, Ohio
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

time of the purchase and an expenditure/expense is reported in the fiscal year in which services are consumed.

G. Inventory

Inventories are presented at cost on a first-in, first-out basis and are expended/expensed when used. Inventories consist of materials and supplies held for consumption and donated and purchased food held for resale.

H. Capital Assets

The School District’s only capital assets are general assets. General capital assets are those assets specifically related to governmental activities. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the fiscal year. The School District was able to estimate the historical cost for the initial reporting of certain assets by back trending (i.e., estimating the current replacement cost of the asset to be capitalized and using an appropriate price-level index to deflate the cost to the acquisition year or estimated acquisition year). Donated fixed assets are recorded at their acquisition values as of the date received. The School District maintains a capitalization threshold of five thousand dollars. The School District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset’s life are not.

All reported capital assets, except land, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Estimated Lives
Land Improvements	20 years
Buildings and Improvements	20 - 150 years
Furniture and Equipment	5 - 25 years
Vehicles	15 years

I. Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees’ rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the School District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The School District records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time when earned for vacation eligible employees.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees that are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those the School District has identified as probable of receiving payment in the future. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employees’ wage rates at fiscal year end, taking into consideration any limits specified in the School

Marietta City School District, Ohio
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
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District's termination policy. The School District records a liability for accumulated unused sick leave after twenty years of current service with the School District.

The entire compensated absences liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

On the governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures to the extent payments come due each person upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. These amounts are recorded in the accounts "matured compensated absences payable" in the funds from which these payments will be made.

J. Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current fiscal year. Loans are recognized as a liability on the governmental fund financial statements when due. Net pension/OPEB liability should be recognized in the governmental funds to the extent that benefit payments are due and payable and the pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is not sufficient for payment of those benefits.

K. Internal Activity

Transfers within governmental activities are eliminated on the government-wide statements. Internal allocations of overhead expenses from one program to another or within the same program are eliminated on the Statement of Activities. Payments of interfund services provided and used are not eliminated.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

L. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable: The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

Restricted: Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Marietta City School District, Ohio
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

Committed: The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action (resolution) of the School District Board of Education. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the School District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for the use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned: Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the School District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the General Fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the School District Board of Education or a School District official delegated that authority by resolution or by State Statute. State statute authorizes the School District's Treasurer to assign fund balance for purchases on order provided such amounts have been lawfully appropriated. The School District's Board of Education assigned the fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenues and appropriations in fiscal year 2019's appropriated budget.

Unassigned: The unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

The School District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first, followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which the amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

M. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

The School District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

N. Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB, and pension/OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

Marietta City School District, Ohio
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

O. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence.

P. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Q. Budgetary Process

All funds, other than the agency fund, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the appropriation resolution, and the certificate of estimated resources, which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amounts that the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriation resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and set annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at a level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of control has been established by the Board of Education at the fund level for all funds except the General Fund where the legal level of control is at the fund, function, and object level. The Treasurer maintains budgetary information at the fund, function, and object level and has the authority to allocate appropriations to the function and object level for all funds.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the fiscal year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the School District Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statement are based on estimates made before the end of the prior fiscal year. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statement reflect the amounts in the amended certificate in effect when final appropriations for the fiscal year were passed.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the fiscal year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated revenues. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior fiscal years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the fiscal year.

Note 3 - Changes in Accounting Principles and Restatement of Prior Year Balances

For fiscal year 2018, the School District implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 85, *Omnibus 2017*, Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions*, and related guidance from (GASB) Implementation Guide No. 2017-3, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits other Than Pensions (and Certain Issues Related to OPEB Plan Reporting)*.

Marietta City School District, Ohio
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

For fiscal year 2018, the School District also implemented the Governmental Accounting Standards Board's (GASB) *Implementation Guide No. 2017-1*. These changes were incorporated in the School District's fiscal year 2018 financial statements; however, there was no effect on beginning net position/fund balance.

GASB 85 addresses a variety of topics including issues related to blending component units, goodwill, fair value measurement and application, and postemployment benefits (pensions and other postemployment benefits (OPEB)). These changes were incorporated in the School District's fiscal year 2018 financial statements; however, there was no effect on beginning net position/fund balance.

GASB 75 established standards for measuring and recognizing Postemployment benefit liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources and expense/expenditure. Other than employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date, the School District made no restatement for deferred inflows/outflows of resources as the information needed to generate these restatements was not available.

For fiscal year 2018, the School District has presented financial statements in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for the first time since fiscal year 2003. The following reflects the adjustments made to restate beginning year fund balance/net position.

Marietta City School District, Ohio
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

	General	Food Service	Permanent Improvement	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Fund Balances, June 30, 2017	\$4,826,422	\$771,324	\$1,054,314	\$391,042	\$7,043,102
Equity in Cash and					
Cash Equivalents	694	0	0	4,306	5,000
Accounts Receivable	43,961	0	0	6,696	50,657
Interfund Receivable	48,104	0	0	2,730	50,834
Intergovernmental Receivable	166,057	0	0	281,878	447,935
Prepaid Items	19,197	0	0	640	19,837
Property Taxes Receivable	14,267,615	0	1,286,623	184,515	15,738,753
Accounts Payable	(96,888)	(13,915)	0	(23,801)	(134,604)
Contracts Payable	0	0	(46,839)	0	(46,839)
Accrued Wages and					
Benefits Payable	(2,034,275)	0	0	(220,773)	(2,255,048)
Interfund Payable	(2,730)	0	0	(48,104)	(50,834)
Intergovernmental Payable	(661,040)	0	0	(20,514)	(681,554)
Matured Compensated					
Absences Payable	(45,806)	0	0		(45,806)
Deferred Inflows of Resources:					
Property Taxes	(13,040,011)	0	(1,174,634)	(184,515)	(14,399,160)
Unavailable Revenue	(387,619)	0	(30,986)	(79,996)	(498,601)
Previously Reported					
Major Fund	0	(757,409)	0	757,409	0
Restated Fund					
Balance, June 30, 2017	\$3,103,681	\$0	\$1,088,478	\$1,051,513	\$5,243,672
Net Position Adjustments:					
Internal Service Fund					\$2,906,487
Capital Assets					9,650,187
Deferred Outflows Pension					7,721,094
Deferred Outflows OPEB					64,754
Net Pension Liability					(43,035,045)
Net OPEB Liability					(8,903,046)
Accrued Interest Payable					(1,768)
Long-Term Debt					(450,000)
Compensated Absences					(1,991,027)
Unavailable Revenue					498,601
Governmental Activities					
Net Position, June 30, 2017					(\$28,296,091)

	Internal Service Fund
Net Position 6/30/17	\$3,406,630
Claims Payable	(500,143)
Restated Net Position 6/30/17	\$2,906,487

Marietta City School District, Ohio
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

Note 4 - Fund Deficits

The Federal Grants Special Revenue Fund had a deficit fund balance as of June 30, 2018, of \$61,360 as a result of over-expended grant resources and accrued liabilities. The General Fund provides transfers to cover deficit balances in the special revenue fund; however, this is done when cash is needed rather than when accruals occur.

Note 5 - Fund Balances

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in governmental funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented below:

Fund Balances	General Fund	Permanent Improvement	Other Governmental Funds	Total
Nonspendable:				
Prepays	\$14,844	\$0	\$4,398	\$19,242
Materials and Supplies Inventory	108,199	0	2,443	110,642
<i>Total Nonspendable</i>	<u>123,043</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>6,841</u>	<u>129,884</u>
Restricted for:				
Local Initiatives	0	0	18,460	18,460
State Grant Programs	0	0	17,033	17,033
Food Service	0	0	796,195	796,195
Student Activities	0	0	230,688	230,688
Capital Projects	0	1,605,480	0	1,605,480
Debt Service	0	0	140	140
<i>Total Restricted</i>	<u>0</u>	<u>1,605,480</u>	<u>1,062,516</u>	<u>2,667,996</u>
Committed:				
Underground Storage Tanks	11,000	0	0	11,000
Assigned to:				
Purchases on Order	414,076	0	0	414,076
Public School Support	110,744	0	0	110,744
Fiscal Year 2019 Appropriations	2,754,011	0	0	2,754,011
<i>Total Assigned</i>	<u>3,278,831</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>3,278,831</u>
Unassigned (Deficit):	0	0	(61,398)	(61,398)
<i>Total Fund Balances</i>	<u><u>\$3,412,874</u></u>	<u><u>\$1,605,480</u></u>	<u><u>\$1,007,959</u></u>	<u><u>\$6,026,313</u></u>

Marietta City School District, Ohio
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

Note 6 - Budgetary Basis of Accounting

While the School District is reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) presented for the General Fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP (modified accrual) basis are as follows:

1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).
3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget basis) rather than as an assignment of fund balance (GAAP basis).
4. Cash deficits and prepaid items are reported on the balance sheet (GAAP basis), but not on the budgetary basis.
5. Budgetary revenues and expenditures of the Public School Support Fund are reclassified to the General Fund for GAAP reporting.

The following tables summarize the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statements to the budgetary basis statements for the General Fund.

Net Change in Fund Balance	
GAAP Basis	\$309,193
Revenue Accruals	439,272
Expenditure Accruals	(127,691)
Beginning:	
Prepaid Items	18,991
Ending:	
Prepaid Items	(14,844)
Advances to Other Funds for Cash Deficits	46,476
To reclassify excess of expenditures over revenues into financial statement fund types	(23,813)
Encumbrances	<u>(441,622)</u>
Budget Basis	<u><u>\$205,962</u></u>

Marietta City School District, Ohio
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

Note 7 - Deposits and Investments

Monies held by the School District are classified by State statute into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the School District treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts, including passbook accounts.

Interim monies held by the School District can be deposited or invested in the following securities:

1. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligation or security issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, and Government National Mortgage Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio, and with certain limitations bonds and other obligations of political subdivisions of the State of Ohio;
5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio).

Marietta City School District, Ohio
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8. Certain bankers' acceptances and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days in an amount not to exceed 40 percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time if training requirements have been met

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

Protection of the School District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by the financial institutions participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

Deposits

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the School District will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At June 30, 2018, \$10,429,727 of the School District's total bank balance of \$10,929,727 was exposed to custodial credit risk because those deposits were uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution.

The School District has no deposit policy for custodial risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits either be insured or be protected by:

Eligible securities pledged to the School District and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose market value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured; or

Participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total market value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of State.

Investments As of June 30, 2018, the School District had the following investment:

	Measurement Amount	Maturity	Standard & Poor's Rating
Net Asset Value Per Share Star Ohio	\$2,984	Average 48.9 days	AAAm

Marietta City School District, Ohio
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
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Interest Rate Risk The School District's investment policy addresses interest rate risk to the extent that it allows the Treasurer to invest funds to a maximum maturity of five years, and allows for the withdrawal of funds from approved public depositories or sell negotiable instruments prior to maturity in accord with the law. State statute requires that an investment mature within five years from the date of purchase, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District, and that an investment must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

Credit Risk STAR Ohio carries a rating of AAAM by Standard and Poor's. Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The School District has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Note 8 - Property Taxes and Abatements

A. Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the School District's fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the School District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility property located in the School District. Real property tax revenue received in calendar 2018 represents collections of calendar year 2017 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2018 were levied after April 1, 2017, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2017, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at thirty-five percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenue received in calendar 2018 represents collections of calendar year 2017 taxes. Public utility real property taxes received in calendar year 2018 became a lien December 31, 2016, were levied after April 1, 2017, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at thirty-five percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The School District receives property taxes from Washington County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2018, are available to finance fiscal year 2018 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property and public utility taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2018, and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reflected as revenue at fiscal year end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred inflows of resources – property taxes.

The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2018, was \$428,781 in the General Fund and \$39,057 in the Permanent Improvement Fund. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2017, was \$885,459 in the General Fund and \$81,003 in the Permanent Improvement Fund.

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On an accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis the revenue has been reported as deferred inflows of resources – unavailable revenue.

The assessed values upon which fiscal year 2018 taxes were collected are:

	2017 Second Half Collections		2018 First Half Collections	
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
Agricultural/Residential	\$345,323,200	68.07%	\$346,458,840	67.92%
Commerical/Industrial and Public Utility Real	141,784,480	27.95%	143,733,270	28.17%
Public Utility Personal	20,206,560	3.98%	19,954,030	3.91%
	\$507,314,240	100.00%	\$510,146,140	100.00%
Tax Rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation		\$49.57	\$49.54	

B. Tax Abatements

The School District property taxes were reduced as follows under community reinvestment area and enterprise zone agreements entered into by overlapping governments:

Washington County	Amount of Fiscal Year 2018 Taxes Abated
<i>Community Reinvestment Areas:</i>	
Hipodrome/Colony Historical Theatre	\$5,900
Perry and Associates	10,868
<i>Total Community Reinvestment Areas</i>	\$16,768
 <i>Enterprise Zone Tax Exemptions:</i>	
Washington Co-op	\$21,660

Note 9 - Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2018, consisted of property taxes, accounts (billings for user charged services and tuition and fees), interfund, and intergovernmental grants. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs, and the current fiscal year guarantee of federal funds. Except for property taxes, all receivables are expected to be collected within one year. Property taxes, although ultimately collectible, include some portion of delinquencies that will not be received within one year. The delinquent property taxes amounted to \$446,637.

A summary of principal items of intergovernmental receivables follows:

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	Amounts
Governmental Activities	
School Employees Retirement System	\$75,735
School Improvements	72,995
Title VI-B Rural and Low Income	71,451
Part B Idea	44,960
Workers' Compensation Refund	38,254
Title I - School Improvement Sub A	22,475
Title II-A	17,344
Medicaid	13,537
Title I-A	12,474
Miscellaneous Federal Grants	9,446
Summer Youth Employment	6,988
Foundation Receivable	6,042
Miscellaneous State Grants	4,193
Miscellaneous	2,396
Juvenile Center Charges	2,121
Total	\$400,411

Note 10 - Interfund Activity

A. Transfers

The General Fund made a transfer to the Student Activities Special Revenue Fund in the amount of \$60,000.

B. Interfund Balances

Unpaid interfund cash advances at June 30, 2018, were as follows:

	Receivables	Payables
General Fund	\$46,476	\$2,215
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds:		
Other Grants	2,215	0
Miscellaneous Federal Grants	0	46,476
Total All Funds	\$48,691	\$48,691

The interfund payable in the Miscellaneous Federal Grants Fund is due to cash deficits. The interfund balance in the Other Grants Fund results from an interfund payable and receivable for services provided.

Note 11 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, was as follows:

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	Balance 6/30/2017	Additions	Deductions	Balance 6/30/2018
Capital Assets:				
Capital Assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$1,755,605	\$0	\$0	\$1,755,605
Depreciable Capital Assets:				
Land Improvements	865,873	8,000	0	873,873
Buildings and Improvements	9,757,222	22,730	0	9,779,952
Furniture and Equipment	1,902,964	21,915	0	1,924,879
Vehicles	2,058,989	220,759	(91,010)	2,188,738
Total Capital Assets being Depreciated	14,585,048	273,404	(91,010)	14,767,442
Less Accumulated Depreciation				
Land Improvements	(758,355)	(6,012)	0	(764,367)
Buildings and Improvements	(3,916,183)	(74,719)	0	(3,990,902)
Furniture and Equipment	(945,552)	(126,229)	0	(1,071,781)
Vehicles	(1,070,376)	(114,275)	91,010	(1,093,641)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(6,690,466)	(321,235) *	91,010	(6,920,691)
Total Capital Assets being Depreciated, Net	7,894,582	(47,831)	0	7,846,751
Capital Assets, Net	\$9,650,187	(\$47,831)	\$0	\$9,602,356

* Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$67,555
Special	10,954
Vocational	949
Support Services:	
Pupils	2,919
Instructional Staff	9,494
Administration	9,651
Fiscal	487
Business	2,421
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	24,370
Pupil Transportation	110,630
Central	243
Food Service Operations	14,002
Extracurricular Activities	67,560
Total Depreciation Expense	<u>\$321,235</u>

Marietta City School District, Ohio
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
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Note 12 - Significant Commitments

A. Contractual Commitments

As of June 30, 2018, the School District has a contractual purchase commitment as follows:

<u>Project</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Contract Amount</u>	<u>Amount Expended</u>	<u>Balance at 6/30/2018</u>
Putnam Elementary Roof	Permanent Improvement	\$198,400	\$0	\$198,400

B. Encumbrances

Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. At fiscal year end, the amount of governmental encumbrances expected to be honored upon performance by the vendor in the next fiscal year were as follows:

General Fund	\$441,622
Permanent Improvement Fund	288,179
Nonmajor Funds	248,209
Total	<u><u>\$978,010</u></u>

Note 13 - Risk Management

A. Property and Liability

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2018, the School District contracted with Peoples Insurance Agency through Oho Casualty Insurance for general liability, vehicle, and property insurance. Coverage provided by the Liberty Mutual Insurance Company is as follows:

Building and Contents-replacement cost (\$5,000 deductible)	\$90,772,500
Boiler and Machinery (\$5,000 deductible)	90,772,500
Inland Marine:	
Cameras and audio-visual equipment (\$250 deductible)	50,000
Signs (\$250 deductible)	10,000
Music Instruments (\$250 deductible)	250,000
Band Uniforms (\$250 deductible)	50,000
Computers per Building (\$500 deductible)	200,000
Miscellaneous School Equipment and Property (\$250 deductible)	50,000
Athletic Equipment (\$250 deductible)	500,000
Rented Equipment (\$1000 deductible)	50,000

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Crime (\$1000 deductible) -	
Public Employee Dishonesty	\$100,000
Money and Securities –	
Inside Premises – Per Occurrence	15,000
Outside Premises – Per Messenger	15,000
Forgery or Alteration	100,000
Automobile Liability (no deductible):	
Bodily Injury and Property Damage – combined single limit	1,000,000
Medical Payments – each person	5,000
Hired Auto Liability	1,000,000
Non-owned Auto Liability	1,000,000
Hired Car Physical Damage	50,000
General Liability (no deductible):	
Each Occurrence	1,000,000
Aggregate Limit	2,000,000
Medical Expense Limit – per person/accident	15,000
Employee Benefits Liability (\$1,000 deductible):	
Per Claim	1,000,000
Aggregate Limit	3,000,000
Educators Legal Liability (\$5,000 deductible):	
Per Claim	1,000,000
Aggregate Limit	1,000,000
Umbrella:	
Each Occurrence	4,000,000
Aggregate Limit	4,000,000

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from coverage in fiscal year 2017.

B. Worker’s Compensation

For fiscal year 2018, the School District participated in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers’ Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool (Note 19). The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the School District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers’ compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers’ compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP’s selection criteria. The firm of Sheakley UniService, Inc. provides administrative, cost control, and actuarial services to the GRP.

C. Health and Vision Insurance

Health and vision insurance are offered to employees through a self-insurance internal service fund. Monthly premiums for cost of claims are remitted to the fiscal agent who in turn pays the claims on the School District’s behalf. The claims liability of \$583,296 reported in the internal service fund at June 30,

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2018, is based on an estimate provided by the third party administrator and the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 30 which requires that a liability for unpaid claims cost, including estimates of costs related to incurred but not reported claims, be reported. The estimate was not affected by the incremental claims adjustment expenses and does not include other allocated or unallocated claim adjustment expenses. Changes in claims activity for 2017 and 2018 were:

	Balance Beginning of Fiscal Year	Current Fiscal Year Claims	Claim Payments	Balance End of Fiscal Year
2017	\$553,000	\$3,026,008	\$3,078,865	\$500,143
2018	500,143	4,470,593	4,387,440	583,296

Note 14 - Employee Benefits

A. Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees earn ten to twenty days of vacation per fiscal year, depending upon length of service. Vacation can be accumulated up to eight weeks. Accumulated, unused vacation time is paid to classified employees and administrators upon termination of employment. Teachers do not earn vacation time.

Teachers, administrators, and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated up to a maximum of 260 days for all personnel. Upon retirement, classified employees receive payment for fifty percent of their accumulated sick days to a maximum of 170 days. Certified employees receive payment for thirty-three percent of their accumulated sick days up to a maximum of 260 days.

B. Insurance

The School District provides life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance to most employees through CoreSource in the amount of \$20,000. Dental coverage is also provided through CoreSource. Premiums for this coverage are \$84.26 monthly for family and \$36.11 for single coverage. The School District also provides vision insurance through CoreSource at rates of \$15.68 for family and \$7.26 for single coverage.

Note 15 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans

The Statewide retirement systems provide both pension benefits and other postemployment benefits (OPEB).

A. Net Pension Liability/Net OPEB Liability

The net pension liability and the net OPEB liability reported on the statement of net position represent liabilities to employees for pensions and OPEB, respectively. Pensions/OPEB are a component of

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exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions/OPEB are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension/OPEB liability represent the School District’s proportionate share of each pension/OPEB plan’s collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension/OPEB plan’s fiduciary net position. The net pension/OPEB liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting these estimates annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the School District’s obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The School District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, the School District does receive the benefit of employees’ services in exchange for compensation including pension and OPEB.

GASB 68/75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires funding to come from these employers. All pension contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes pension costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits. In addition, health care plan enrollees pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. State statute requires the retirement systems to amortize unfunded pension liabilities within 30 years. If the pension amortization period exceeds 30 years, each retirement system’s board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension/OPEB liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension/OPEB liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The Ohio revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients.

The proportionate share of each plan’s unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net pension/OPEB liability* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension/OPEB contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in *intergovernmental payable* on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting. The remainder of this note includes the required pension disclosures. See Note 16 for the required OPEB disclosures.

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description – School District non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS’ fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

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	Eligible to Retire on or before August 1, 2017 *	Eligible to Retire on or after August 1, 2017
Full Benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially Reduced Benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

* Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017, will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service; 2.2 percent for the first thirty years of service and 2.5 percent for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

One year after an effective benefit date, a benefit recipient is entitled to a three percent cost-of-living adjustment (COLA). This same COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit.

Funding Policy – Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 13.5 percent. The remaining .5 percent was allocated to the Health Care Fund.

The School District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$505,654 for fiscal year 2018. Of this amount, \$93,382 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – School District licensed teachers and other faculty members participate in STRS Ohio, a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information, and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Web site at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan, and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307.

The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation is 2.2 percent of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. Effective

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July 1, 2017, the cost-of-living adjustment was reduced to zero. Members are eligible to retire at age 60 with five years of qualifying service credit, or age 55 with 26 years of service, or 31 years of service regardless of age. Eligibility changes will be phased in until August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five years of service credit and age 65, or 35 years of service credit and at least age 60.

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 9.5 percent of the 14 percent employer contributions into an investment account. Investment allocation decisions are determined by the member. The remaining 4.5 percent of the 14 percent employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, 12 percent of the 14 percent member rate goes to the DC Plan and the remaining 2 percent goes to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity after termination of employment at age 50 or later.

New members who choose the DC plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. New members on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit to apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy – Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the employer rate was 14 percent and the plan members were also required to contribute 14 percent of covered salary. The fiscal year 2018 contribution rates were equal to the statutory maximum rates.

The School District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$1,530,172 for fiscal year 2018. Of this amount, \$203,162 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

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Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the School District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	<u>SERS</u>	<u>STRS</u>	
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability Prior Measurement Date	0.11900220%	0.10254584%	
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability Current Measurement Date	<u>0.12016430%</u>	<u>0.09689448%</u>	
Change in Proportionate Share	<u>0.00116210%</u>	<u>-0.00565136%</u>	
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$7,179,551	\$23,017,491	<u>Total</u> \$30,197,042
Pension Expense	(\$247,964)	(\$9,219,781)	(\$9,467,745)

At June 30, 2018, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	<u>SERS</u>	<u>STRS</u>	<u>Total</u>
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$308,983	\$888,827	\$1,197,810
Changes of assumptions	371,260	5,034,178	5,405,438
Changes in proportionate Share and difference between School District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	55,905	0	55,905
School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>505,654</u>	<u>1,530,172</u>	<u>2,035,826</u>
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>\$1,241,802</u>	<u>\$7,453,177</u>	<u>\$8,694,979</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$0	\$185,512	\$185,512
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	34,080	759,604	793,684
Changes in Proportionate Share and Difference between School District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	<u>0</u>	<u>1,329,121</u>	<u>1,329,121</u>
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>\$34,080</u>	<u>\$2,274,237</u>	<u>\$2,308,317</u>

\$2,035,826 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension

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liability in the year ending June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30:	SERS	STRS	Total
2019	\$298,394	\$703,671	\$1,002,065
2020	447,683	1,736,993	2,184,676
2021	123,362	1,138,282	1,261,644
2022	(167,371)	69,822	(97,549)
Total	\$702,068	\$3,648,768	\$4,350,836

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2017, are presented below:

Wage Inflation	3.00 percent
Future Salary Increases, including inflation	3.50 percent to 18.20 percent
COLA or Ad Hoc COLA	2.5 percent
Investment Rate of Return	7.50 percent net of investments expense, including inflation
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal

Prior to 2017, an assumption of 3 percent was used for COLA or Ad Hoc COLA.

For 2017, the mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females. Mortality among service

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retired members, and beneficiaries were based upon the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120 percent of male rates, and 110 percent of female rates. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90 percent for male rates and 100 percent for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2015.

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined by using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating an arithmetic weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalanced uncorrelated asset classes.

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	1.00 %	0.50 %
US Stocks	22.50	4.75
Non-US Stocks	22.50	7.00
Fixed Income	19.00	1.50
Private Equity	10.00	8.00
Real Assets	15.00	5.00
Multi-Asset Strategies	10.00	3.00
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earning were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.50 percent). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.50 percent), or one percentage point higher (8.50 percent) than the current rate.

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	1% Decrease (6.50%)	Current Discount Rate (7.50%)	1% Increase (8.50%)
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$9,963,352	\$7,179,551	\$4,847,551

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the July 1, 2017, actuarial valuation, compared with July 1, 2016 are presented below:

	July 1, 2017	July 1, 2016
Inflation	2.50 percent	2.75 percent
Projected salary increases	12.50 percent at age 20 to 2.50 percent at age 65	12.25 percent at age 20 to 2.75 percent at age 70
Investment Rate of Return	7.45 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation	7.75 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Payroll Increases	3 percent	3.5 percent
Cost-of-Living Adjustments (COLA)	0.0 percent, effective July 1, 2017	2 percent simple applied as follows: for members retiring before August 1, 2013, 2 percent per year; for members retiring August 1, 2013, or later, 2 percent COLA commences on fifth anniversary of retirement date.

For the July 1, 2017, actuarial valuation, post-retirement mortality rates for healthy retirees are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

For the July 1, 2016 actuarial valuation, mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table (Projection 2022—Scale AA) for Males and Females. Males' ages are set-back two years through age 89 and no set-back for age 90 and above. Females younger than age 80 are set back four years, one year set back from age 80 through 89, and no set back from age 90 and above.

Actuarial assumptions used in the July 1 2017, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016. Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study, effective July 1, 2012.

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

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Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return *
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00 %	

* 10 year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25 percent and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.45 percent as of June 30, 2017. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent as of June 30, 2016. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2017. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.45 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2017.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate The following table presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.45 percent, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.45 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (8.45 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.45%)	Current Discount Rate (7.45%)	1% Increase (8.45%)
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$32,994,791	\$23,017,491	\$14,613,112

B. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the School Employees Retirement System or the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio have an option to choose Social Security or the School Employees Retirement System. As of June 30, 2018, one Board Member has elected Social Security. The contribution rate is 6.2 percent of wages.

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Note 16 - Postemployment Benefits

See Note 15 for a description of the net OPEB liability.

A. School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Health Care Plan Description - The School District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 75 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. SERS' Health Care Plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of most types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage. In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree, are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of 65 and therefore enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board established the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For fiscal year 2018, .5 percent of covered payroll was made to health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2018, this amount was \$23,700. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2018, the School District's surcharge obligation was \$60,745.

The surcharge, added to the allocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The School District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$79,473 for fiscal year 2018. Of this amount, \$62,058 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

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B. State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians’ fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued effective January 1, 2020. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy – Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Nearly all health care plan enrollees, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the School District's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

	SERS	STRS	
Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability			
Prior Measurement Date	0.11994470%	0.10254584%	
Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability			
Current Measurement Date	0.12160910%	0.09689448%	
Change in Proportionate Share	0.00166440%	-0.00565136%	
Proportionate Share of the Net			Total
OPEB Liability	\$3,263,668	\$3,780,465	\$7,044,133
OPEB Expense	\$203,558	(\$1,196,771)	(\$993,213)

At June 30, 2018, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

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	<u>SERS</u>	<u>STRS</u>	<u>Total</u>
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$0	\$218,232	\$218,232
Changes in proportionate Share and difference between School District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	24,320	0	24,320
School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>79,473</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>79,473</u>
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>\$103,793</u>	<u>\$218,232</u>	<u>\$322,025</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Changes of assumptions	\$309,705	\$304,529	\$614,234
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	8,619	161,586	170,205
Changes in Proportionate Share and Difference between School District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	<u>0</u>	<u>259,059</u>	<u>259,059</u>
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>\$318,324</u>	<u>\$725,174</u>	<u>\$1,043,498</u>

\$79,473 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30:	<u>SERS</u>	<u>STRS</u>	<u>Total</u>
2019	(\$105,555)	(\$97,957)	(\$203,512)
2020	(105,555)	(97,957)	(203,512)
2021	(80,740)	(97,957)	(178,697)
2022	(2,154)	(97,958)	(100,112)
2023	0	(57,560)	(57,560)
2024	<u>0</u>	<u>(57,553)</u>	<u>(57,553)</u>
Total	<u>(\$294,004)</u>	<u>(\$506,942)</u>	<u>(\$800,946)</u>

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

The total OPEB liability is determined by SERS' actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

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Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2017, are presented below:

Wage Inflation	3.00 percent
Future Salary Increases, including inflation	3.50 percent to 18.20 percent
Investment Rate of Return	7.50 percent net of investments expense, including inflation
Municipal Bond Index Rate:	
Measurement Date	3.56 percent
Prior Measurement Date	2.92 percent
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation	
Measurement Date	3.63 percent
Prior Measurement Date	2.98 percent
Medical Trend Assumption	
Medicare	5.50 to 5.00 percent
Pre-Medicare	7.50 to 5.00 percent

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and Scale BB, 120 percent of male rates and 110 percent of female rates. RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent for male rates and 100 percent for female rates set back five years.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the actuarial five-year experience study. The most recent study covers fiscal years 2010 through 2015, and was adopted by the Board on April 21, 2016. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return, 7.50 percent, by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

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The SERS health care plan follows the same asset allocation and long-term expected real rate of return for each major asset class as the pension plan, see Note 15.

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2017, was 3.63 percent. The discount rate used to measure total OPEB liability prior to June 30, 2017, was 2.98 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and the System at the state statute contribution rate of 2.00 percent of projected covered employee payroll each year, which includes a 1.50 percent payroll surcharge and 0.50 percent of contributions from the basic benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make future benefit payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan assets was used to present value the projected benefit payments through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024 and the Fidelity General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index rate of 3.56 percent, as of June 30, 2017 (i.e. municipal bond rate), was used to present value the projected benefit payments for the remaining years in the projection. The total present value of projected benefit payments from all years was then used to determine the single rate of return that was used as the discount rate. The projection of future benefit payments for all current plan members was until the benefit payments ran out.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate. The following table presents the net OPEB liability of SERS, what SERS' net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.63%) and higher (4.63%) than the current discount rate (3.63%). Also shown is what SERS' net OPEB liability would be based on health care cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (6.5% decreasing to 4.0%) and higher (8.5% decreasing to 6.0%) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease (2.63%)	Current Discount Rate (3.63%)	1% Increase (4.63%)
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$3,941,296	\$3,263,668	\$2,726,815
	1% Decrease (6.5 % decreasing to 4.0 %)	Current Trend Rate (7.5 % decreasing to 5.0 %)	1% Increase (8.5 % decreasing to 6.0 %)
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$2,648,223	\$3,263,668	\$4,078,222

Actuarial Assumptions – STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2017, actuarial valuation are presented below:

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Inflation	2.50 percent
Projected salary increases	12.50 percent at age 20 to 2.50 percent at age 65
Investment Rate of Return	7.45 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Payroll Increases	3 percent
Cost-of-Living Adjustments (COLA)	0.0 percent, effective July 1, 2017
Blended Discount Rate of Return	4.13 percent
Health Care Cost Trends	6 to 11 percent initial, 4.5 percent ultimate

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

For healthy retirees the mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

Since the prior measurement date, the discount rate was increased from 3.26 percent to 4.13 percent based on the methodology defined under *GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB)* and the long term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75 percent to 7.45 percent. Valuation year per capita health care costs were updated, and the salary scale was modified. The percentage of future retirees electing each option was updated based on current data and the percentage of future disabled retirees and terminated vested participants electing health coverage were decreased. The assumed mortality, disability, retirement, withdrawal and future health care cost trend rates were modified along with the portion of rebated prescription drug costs.

Also since the prior measurement date, the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was reduced from 2.1 percent to 1.9 percent per year of service. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements were discontinued for certain survivors and beneficiaries and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 2019. Subsequent to the current measurement date, the date for discontinuing remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements was extended to January 2020.

The STRS health care plan follows the same asset allocation and long-term expected real rate of return for each major asset class as the pension plan, see Note 15.

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 4.13 percent as of June 30, 2017. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes STRS Ohio continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was not projected to be sufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. The OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make future benefit payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2037. Therefore, the long-term

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expected rate of return on OPEB plan assets was used to determine the present value of the projected benefit payments through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2036 and the Bond Buyer 20-year municipal bond rate of 3.58 percent as of June 30, 2017 (i.e. municipal bond rate), was used to determine the present value of the projected benefit payments for the remaining years in the projection. The total present value of projected benefit payments from all years was then used to determine the single rate of return that was used as the discount rate. The blended discount rate of 4.13 percent, which represents the long-term expected rate of return of 7.45 percent for the funded benefit payments and the Bond Buyer 20-year municipal bond rate of 3.58 percent for the unfunded benefit payments, was used to measure the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2017. A blended discount rate of 3.26 percent which represents the long term expected rate of return of 7.75 percent for the funded benefit payments and the Bond Buyer 20-year municipal bond rate of 2.85 percent for the unfunded benefit payments was used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2016.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount and Health Care Cost Trend Rate The following table represents the net OPEB liability as of June 30, 2017, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 4.13 percent, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (3.13 percent) or one percentage point higher (5.13 percent) than the current assumption. Also shown is the net OPEB liability as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates.

	1% Decrease (3.13%)	Current Discount Rate (4.13%)	1% Increase (5.13%)
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$5,075,214	\$3,780,465	\$2,757,191
	1% Decrease	Current Trend Rate	1% Increase
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$2,626,505	\$3,780,465	\$5,299,211

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Note 17 - Long-Term Obligations

The changes in the School District's long-term obligations during the fiscal year consist of the following:

	Principal Outstanding 6/30/17	Additions	Reductions	Principal Outstanding 6/30/18	Amounts Due in One Year
Governmental Activities					
2003 Energy Conservation					
Improvement Bonds - 4.54%	\$75,000	\$0	\$75,000	\$0	\$0
2006 Energy Conservation					
Loan - 4.75%	375,000	0	90,000	285,000	93,000
Total	450,000	0	165,000	285,000	93,000
Net Pension Liability:					
SERS	8,709,862	0	1,530,311	7,179,551	0
STRS	34,325,183	0	11,307,692	23,017,491	0
Total Net Pension Liability	43,035,045	0	12,838,003	30,197,042	0
Net OPEB Liability:					
SERS	3,418,868	0	155,200	3,263,668	0
STRS	5,484,178	0	1,703,713	3,780,465	0
Total Net OPEB Liability	8,903,046	0	1,858,913	7,044,133	0
Compensated Absences Payable	1,991,027	176,788	115,970	2,051,845	65,729
Total Governmental Activities Long-Term Liabilities	<u>\$54,379,118</u>	<u>\$176,788</u>	<u>\$14,977,886</u>	<u>\$39,578,020</u>	<u>\$158,729</u>

All Compensated Absences Payable will be paid from the General. There are no repayment schedules for the net pension and OPEB liability. However, employer pension contributions are made from the following funds: General Fund and the Food Service and Federal Grants Special Revenue Funds. For additional information related to the net pension and OPEB liabilities, see Notes 15 and 16.

On August 22, 2003 the school district issued \$821,529 in School Energy Conservation Improvement Bonds under House Bill 264 School Energy Conservation Financing Program. The bonds were repaid using energy savings.

During fiscal year 2006, the School District obtained a School Energy Conservation Loan and drew down the remaining \$542,445 in proceeds during fiscal year 2007. The loan will be repaid using energy savings.

Principal and interest requirements to retire the debt outstanding at June 30, 2018, are as follows:

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Fiscal Year	2006 Energy Conservation	
Ending	Principal	Interest
2019	\$93,000	\$13,538
2020	95,000	9,120
2021	97,000	4,608
Total	\$285,000	\$27,266

The overall debt margin of the School District as of June 30, 2018, was \$45,903,094, with an unvoted debt margin of \$510,033.

Note 18 - Jointly Governed Organizations

A. Metropolitan Educational Technology Association (META)

The School District participates in the Metropolitan Educational Technology Association (META), formed from the merger of the Metropolitan Educational Council (MEC) and the Southeastern Ohio Voluntary Education Cooperative (SEOVEC) during fiscal year 2016, which is a jointly governed organization, created as a regional council of governments pursuant to Chapter 167 of the Ohio Revised Code. META operates as, and has all the powers of, a data acquisition site/information technology center pursuant to applicable provisions of the Ohio Revised Code. The organization was formed for the purpose of identifying, developing, and providing to members and nonmembers innovative educational and technological services and products, as well as expanded opportunities for cooperative purchasing. The General Assembly of META consists of one delegate from every member school district. The delegate is the superintendent of the school district or the superintendent's designee. The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to its representation on the General Assembly. The General Assembly exercises total control over the operation of META including budgeting, appropriating, contracting, and designating management. During 2018, the School District paid \$88,638 for services with META/MEC/SEOVEC. Financial information can be obtained from Metropolitan Educational Technology Association at 100 Executive Drive, Marion, Ohio 43302.

B. Washington County Career Center

The Washington County Career Center, a joint vocational school, is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a Board consisting of one representative from each of the six participating school districts' elected boards and one representative from the Ohio Valley Educational Service Center's Board. The Board possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. To obtain financial information write to the Washington County Career Center, Joe Crone, Treasurer, at 21740 SR 676, Marietta, Ohio 45750.

C. Coalition of Rural and Appalachian Schools

The Coalition of Rural and Appalachian Schools is a jointly governed organization composed of over 130 school districts and other educational institutions in the 35-county region of Ohio designated as Appalachia. The Coalition is operated by a Board which is composed of seventeen members. One elected and one appointed from each of the seven regions into which the 35 Appalachian counties are divided; and three from Ohio University College of Education. The Coalition provides various in-service training programs for school district administrative personnel; gathers data regarding the level of

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education provided to children in the region; cooperates with other professional groups to assess and develop programs designed to meet the needs of member districts; and provides staff development programs for school district personnel. The Coalition is not dependent on the continued participation of the School District and the School District does not maintain an equity interest in or financial responsibility for the Coalition. The School District's membership fee was \$325 for fiscal year 2018. The financial information for the Coalition can be obtained from the Executive Director, at McCracken Hall, Ohio University, Athens, Ohio 45701.

Note 19 - Insurance Purchasing Pool

Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan

The School District participates in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The GRP's business and affairs are conducted by a three member Board of directors consisting of the President, the President-Elect, and the Immediate Past President of the OSBA. The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the program. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the plan.

Note 20 - Set asides

The School District is required by State statute to annually set aside in the General Fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by year end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years. In prior fiscal years, the School District was also required to set-aside money for textbooks.

The following cash basis information describes the change in the fiscal year end set aside amounts for capital improvements. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	Capital Improvements
Set-aside Balance as of June 30, 2017	\$0
Current Year Set-aside Requirement	488,093
Offsetting Credits	(474,771)
Qualifying Disbursements	(464,830)
Total	(\$451,508)
Set-aside Balance Carried Forward to Future Fiscal Years	\$0

The School District had offsets and qualifying disbursements during the fiscal year that reduced the set-aside amount below zero. The excess in the capital maintenance set-aside may not be carried forward to reduce the set-aside requirement in future years.

Marietta City School District, Ohio
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

Note 21 - Contingencies

A. Grants

The School District received financial assistance from federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, the effect of any such disallowed claims on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2018, if applicable, cannot be determined at this time.

B. Litigation

The School District is not currently party to pending litigation seeking damages and/or injunctive relief.

C. School Foundation

School District foundation funding is based on the annualized full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment of each student. The Ohio Department of Education (ODE) is legislatively required to adjust/reconcile funding as enrollment information is updated by schools throughout the State, which can extend past the fiscal year end. As of the date of this report, additional ODE adjustments for fiscal year 2018 are not finalized. As a result, the impact of future FTE adjustments on the fiscal year 2018 financial statements is not determinable, at this time. Management believes this may result in either an additional receivable to, or a liability of, the School District.

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Marietta City School District, Ohio
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
School Employees Retirement System of Ohio
*Last Four Fiscal Years (1)**

	2018	2017	2016	2015
School District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.1201643%	0.1190022%	0.1201382%	0.1169920%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$7,179,551	\$8,709,862	\$6,855,202	\$5,920,899
School District's Covered Payroll	\$4,050,514	\$3,695,764	\$3,616,783	\$3,399,553
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	177.25%	235.67%	189.54%	174.17%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	69.50%	62.98%	69.16%	71.70%

(1) Although this schedule is intended to reflect information for ten years, information prior to 2015 is not available. An additional column will be added each fiscal year.

*Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the School District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information

Marietta City School District, Ohio
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio
*Last Four Fiscal Years (1)**

	2018	2017	2016	2015
School District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.09689448%	0.10254584%	0.10123166%	0.10286011%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$23,017,491	\$34,325,183	\$27,977,470	\$25,019,139
School District's Covered Payroll	\$10,713,314	\$10,789,793	\$10,561,829	\$10,509,462
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	214.85%	318.13%	264.89%	238.06%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	75.30%	66.80%	72.10%	74.70%

(1) Although this schedule is intended to reflect information for ten years, information prior to 2015 is not available. An additional column will be added each fiscal year.

*Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the School District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information

Marietta City School District, Ohio
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability
School Employees Retirement System of Ohio
Last Two Fiscal Years (1)

	2018	2017
School District's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability	0.12160910%	0.11994470%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$3,263,668	\$3,418,868
School District's Covered Payroll	\$4,050,514	\$3,695,764
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	80.57%	92.51%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	12.46%	11.49%

(1) Although this schedule is intended to reflect information for ten years, information prior to 2017 is not available. An additional column will be added each fiscal year.

*Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the School District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information

Marietta City School District, Ohio
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability
State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio
Last Two Fiscal Years (1)

	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
School District's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability	0.09689448%	0.10254584%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$3,780,465	\$5,484,178
School District's Covered Payroll	\$10,713,314	\$10,789,793
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	35.29%	50.83%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	47.10%	37.30%

(1) Although this schedule is intended to reflect information for ten years, information prior to 2017 is not available. An additional column will be added each fiscal year.

*Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the School District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information

Marietta City School District, Ohio
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the School District's Contributions
School Employees Retirement System of Ohio
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2018	2017	2016	2015
Net Pension Liability				
Contractually Required Contribution	\$505,654	\$567,072	\$517,407	\$476,692
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	<u>(505,654)</u>	<u>(567,072)</u>	<u>(517,407)</u>	<u>(476,692)</u>
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
School District Covered Payroll (1)	\$3,745,585	\$4,050,514	\$3,695,764	\$3,616,783
Pension Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	<u>13.50%</u>	<u>14.00%</u>	<u>14.00%</u>	<u>13.18%</u>
Net OPEB Liability				
Contractually Required Contribution (2)	\$79,473	\$64,754	\$57,900	\$89,668
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	<u>(79,473)</u>	<u>(64,754)</u>	<u>(57,900)</u>	<u>(89,668)</u>
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
OPEB Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	<u>2.12%</u>	<u>1.60%</u>	<u>1.57%</u>	<u>2.48%</u>
Total Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (2)	<u>15.62%</u>	<u>15.60%</u>	<u>15.57%</u>	<u>15.66%</u>

(1) The School District's covered payroll is the same for Pension and OPEB.

(2) Includes Surcharge

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information

2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
\$471,178	\$414,553	\$402,775	\$372,458	\$400,234	\$288,138
<u>(471,178)</u>	<u>(414,553)</u>	<u>(402,775)</u>	<u>(372,458)</u>	<u>(400,234)</u>	<u>(288,138)</u>
<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
\$3,399,553	\$2,995,328	\$2,994,606	\$2,963,074	\$2,955,939	\$2,928,229
<u>13.86%</u>	<u>13.84%</u>	<u>13.45%</u>	<u>12.57%</u>	<u>13.54%</u>	<u>9.84%</u>
\$61,563	\$61,945	\$66,840	\$92,211	\$63,316	\$171,067
<u>(61,563)</u>	<u>(61,945)</u>	<u>(66,840)</u>	<u>(92,211)</u>	<u>(63,316)</u>	<u>(171,067)</u>
<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
<u>1.81%</u>	<u>2.07%</u>	<u>2.23%</u>	<u>3.11%</u>	<u>2.14%</u>	<u>5.84%</u>
<u>15.67%</u>	<u>15.91%</u>	<u>15.68%</u>	<u>15.68%</u>	<u>15.68%</u>	<u>15.68%</u>

Marietta City School District, Ohio
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the School District's Contributions
State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Net Pension Liability				
Contractually Required Contribution	\$1,530,172	\$1,499,864	\$1,510,571	\$1,478,656
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	<u>(1,530,172)</u>	<u>(1,499,864)</u>	<u>(1,510,571)</u>	<u>(1,478,656)</u>
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
School District Covered Payroll (1)	\$10,929,800	\$10,713,314	\$10,789,793	\$10,561,829
Pension Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	<u>14.00%</u>	<u>14.00%</u>	<u>14.00%</u>	<u>14.00%</u>
Net OPEB Liability				
Contractually Required Contribution	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
OPEB Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	<u>0.00%</u>	<u>0.00%</u>	<u>0.00%</u>	<u>0.00%</u>
Total Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	<u>14.00%</u>	<u>14.00%</u>	<u>14.00%</u>	<u>14.00%</u>

(1) The School District's covered payroll is the same for Pension and OPEB.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information

2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
\$1,366,230	\$1,364,102	\$1,361,768	\$1,369,660	\$1,412,489	\$1,409,303
<u>(1,366,230)</u>	<u>(1,364,102)</u>	<u>(1,361,768)</u>	<u>(1,369,660)</u>	<u>(1,412,489)</u>	<u>(1,409,303)</u>
<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
\$10,509,462	\$10,493,092	\$10,475,138	\$10,535,846	\$10,865,300	\$10,840,792
<u>13.00%</u>	<u>13.00%</u>	<u>13.00%</u>	<u>13.00%</u>	<u>13.00%</u>	<u>13.00%</u>
\$105,095	\$104,931	\$104,751	\$105,358	\$108,653	\$108,408
<u>(105,095)</u>	<u>(104,931)</u>	<u>(104,751)</u>	<u>(105,358)</u>	<u>(108,653)</u>	<u>(108,408)</u>
<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
<u>1.00%</u>	<u>1.00%</u>	<u>1.00%</u>	<u>1.00%</u>	<u>1.00%</u>	<u>1.00%</u>
<u>14.00%</u>	<u>14.00%</u>	<u>14.00%</u>	<u>14.00%</u>	<u>14.00%</u>	<u>14.00%</u>

Marietta City School District, Ohio
Notes to Required Supplementary Information
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

Net Pension Liability

Changes in Assumptions – SERS

For fiscal year 2018, an assumption of 2.5 percent was used for COLA or Ad Hoc Cola. Prior to 2018, an assumption of 3 percent was used.

Beginning with fiscal year 2017, amounts reported incorporate changes in assumptions used by SERS in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation. These new assumptions compared with those used in fiscal year 2016 and prior are presented below:

	Fiscal Year 2017	Fiscal Year 2016 and Prior
Wage Inflation	3.00 percent	3.25 percent
Future Salary Increases, including inflation	3.50 percent to 18.20 percent	4.00 percent to 22.00 percent
Investment Rate of Return	7.50 percent net of investments expense, including inflation	7.75 percent net of investments expense, including inflation

Beginning with fiscal year 2017, mortality assumptions use mortality rates that are based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females. Amounts reported for fiscal year 2016 and prior, use mortality assumptions that are based on the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table set back one year for both men and women. Special mortality tables were used for the period after disability retirement.

Changes in Assumptions - STRS

Amounts reported for fiscal year 2018 incorporate changes in assumptions and changes in benefit terms used by STRS in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation. These new assumptions compared with those used in fiscal year 2017 and prior are presented below:

	Fiscal Year 2018	Fiscal Year 2017 and Prior
Inflation	2.50 percent	2.75 percent
Projected salary increases	12.50 percent at age 20 to 2.50 percent at age 65	12.25 percent at age 20 to 2.75 percent at age 70
Investment Rate of Return	7.45 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation	7.75 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Payroll Increases	3 percent	3.5 percent
Cost-of-Living Adjustments (COLA)	0.0 percent, effective July 1, 2017	2 percent simple applied as follows: for members retiring before August 1, 2013, 2 percent per year; for members retiring August 1, 2013, or later, 2 percent COLA commences on fifth anniversary of retirement date.

For fiscal year 2018 post-retirement mortality rates for healthy retirees are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70% of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014

Marietta City School District, Ohio
Notes to Required Supplementary Information
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

For fiscal year 2017 and prior actuarial valuation, mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table (Projection 2022—Scale AA) for Males and Females. Males' ages are set-back two years through age 89 and no set-back for age 90 and above. Females younger than age 80 are set back four years, one year set back from age 80 through 89, and no set back from age 90 and above.

Net OPEB Liability

Changes in Assumptions – SERS

Amounts reported for fiscal year 2018 incorporate changes in key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability as presented below:

Municipal Bond Index Rate:	
Fiscal year 2018	3.56 percent
Fiscal year 2017	2.92 percent
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation	
Fiscal year 2018	3.63 percent
Fiscal year 2017	2.98 percent

Changes in Assumptions – STRS

For fiscal year 2018, the discount rate was increased from 3.26 percent to 4.13 percent based on the methodology defined under GASB *Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB)* and the long term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75 percent to 7.45 percent. Valuation year per capita health care costs were updated, and the salary scale was modified. The percentage of future retirees electing each option was updated based on current data and the percentage of future disabled retirees and terminated vested participants electing health coverage were decreased. The assumed mortality, disability, retirement, withdrawal and future health care cost trend rates were modified along with the portion of rebated prescription drug costs.

Also for fiscal year 2018, the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was reduced from 2.1 percent to 1.9 percent per year of service. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements were discontinued for certain survivors and beneficiaries and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 2019.

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**MARIETTA CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
WASHINGTON COUNTY**

SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Number	Receipts	Expenditures
<u>U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE</u>				
<i>Passed Through State Department of Education:</i>				
Child Nutrition Cluster:				
Non-Cash Assistance (Food Distribution):				
National School Lunch Program	10.555	2018	\$ 78,649	\$ 78,649
Cash Assistance:				
School Breakfast Program	10.553	2018	281,085	281,085
National School Lunch Program	10.555	2018	<u>541,199</u>	<u>541,199</u>
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			<u>900,933</u>	<u>900,933</u>
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			<u>900,933</u>	<u>900,933</u>
<u>U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION</u>				
<i>Passed through State Department of Education:</i>				
Title I, Part A Cluster:				
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	2015	(4,436)	-
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	2016	(10,894)	-
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	2017	142,045	95,305
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	2018	<u>837,661</u>	<u>874,387</u>
Total Title I, Part A Cluster			<u>964,376</u>	<u>969,692</u>
Special Education Cluster (IDEA):				
Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)	84.027	2017	37,643	39,262
Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)	84.027	2018	<u>594,341</u>	<u>592,059</u>
Total Special Education Cluster			<u>631,984</u>	<u>631,321</u>
Education for Homeless Children and Youth	84.196	2017	7,543	116
Title VI-B - Rural and Low Income	84.358	2017	17,101	7,441
Title VI-B - Rural and Low Income	84.358	2018	<u>-</u>	<u>6,778</u>
Total Title VI-B - Rural and Low Income			<u>17,101</u>	<u>14,219</u>
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	2017	15,019	15,059
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	2018	<u>109,007</u>	<u>112,968</u>
Total Improving Teacher Quality State Grants			<u>124,026</u>	<u>128,027</u>
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	2018	<u>18,415</u>	<u>18,415</u>
Total U.S. Department of Education			<u>1,763,445</u>	<u>1,761,790</u>
Total Federal Financial Assistance			<u>\$ 2,664,378</u>	<u>\$ 2,662,723</u>

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THIS SCHEDULE

**MARIETTA CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
WASHINGTON COUNTY**

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Note A – Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of Marietta City School District (the School District) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2018. The information on this Schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position of the School District.

Note B – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be allowable or may be limited as to reimbursement.

Note C – Indirect Cost Rate

The School District has elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Note D – Child Nutrition Cluster

The School District comingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the District assumes it expends federal monies first.

Note E – Food Donation Program

The School District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the fair value. The School District allocated donated food commodities to the respective program that benefitted from the use of those donated food commodities.



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**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER
FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS
REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS**

December 27, 2018

Marietta City School District
Washington County
111 Academy Drive
Marietta, OH 45750

To the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of **Marietta City School District**, Washington County, (the School District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 27, 2018, wherein we noted the School District elected to change its financial presentation in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles and wherein we noted the School District adopted new accounting guidance in Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinions on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the School District's financial statements. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses may exist.

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Tax – Accounting – Audit – Review – Compilation – Agreed Upon Procedures – Consultation – Bookkeeping – Payroll – Litigation Support – Financial Investigations

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Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.



Perry and Associates
Certified Public Accountants, A.C.
Marietta, Ohio



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**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS
APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL
CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE**

December 27, 2018

Marietta City School District
Washington County
111 Academy Drive
Marietta, OH 45750

To the Board of Education:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited **Marietta City School District's** (the School District) compliance with the applicable requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could directly and materially affect each of the School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2018. The *Summary of Auditor's Results* in the accompanying schedule of audit findings identifies the School District's major federal programs.

Management's Responsibility

The School District's Management is responsible for complying with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on the School District's compliance for each of the School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. Our compliance audit followed auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards for financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). These standards and the Uniform Guidance require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our compliance opinion on each of the School District's major programs. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the School District's compliance.

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Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Marietta City School District complied, in all material respects with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

The School District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our compliance audit, we considered the School District's internal control over compliance with the applicable requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures appropriate for opining on each major federal program's compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program's applicable compliance requirement. *A material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected. *A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with federal program's applicable compliance requirement that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

This report only describes the scope of our tests of internal control over compliance and the results of this testing based on the Uniform Guidance requirements. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.



Perry and Associates
Certified Public Accountants, A.C.
Marietta, Ohio

**MARIETTA CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
WASHINGTON COUNTY**

**SCHEDULE OF AUDIT FINDINGS
2 CFR § 200.515
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018**

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

<i>(d)(1)(i)</i>	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
<i>(d)(1)(ii)</i>	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
<i>(d)(1)(ii)</i>	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
<i>(d)(1)(iii)</i>	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
<i>(d)(1)(iv)</i>	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
<i>(d)(1)(iv)</i>	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
<i>(d)(1)(v)</i>	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified
<i>(d)(1)(vi)</i>	Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR § 200.516(a)?	No
<i>(d)(1)(vii)</i>	Major Programs (list):	Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies, CFDA #84.010 Child Nutrition Cluster, CFDA #10.553 and #10.555
<i>(d)(1)(viii)</i>	Dollar Threshold: Type A/B Programs	Type A: > \$ 750,000 Type B: all others
<i>(d)(1)(ix)</i>	Low Risk Auditee under 2 CFR § 200.520?	No

**2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS**

None

3. FINDINGS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None

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**SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018**

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Status	Additional Information
2017-001	Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 – Filing of Annual Financial Report	Corrected	N/A
2017-002	Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirement, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards §200.508 – Schedule of Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures	Corrected	N/A

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OHIO AUDITOR OF STATE KEITH FABER



MARIETTA CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

WASHINGTON COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbitt

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

**CERTIFIED
MARCH 19, 2019**