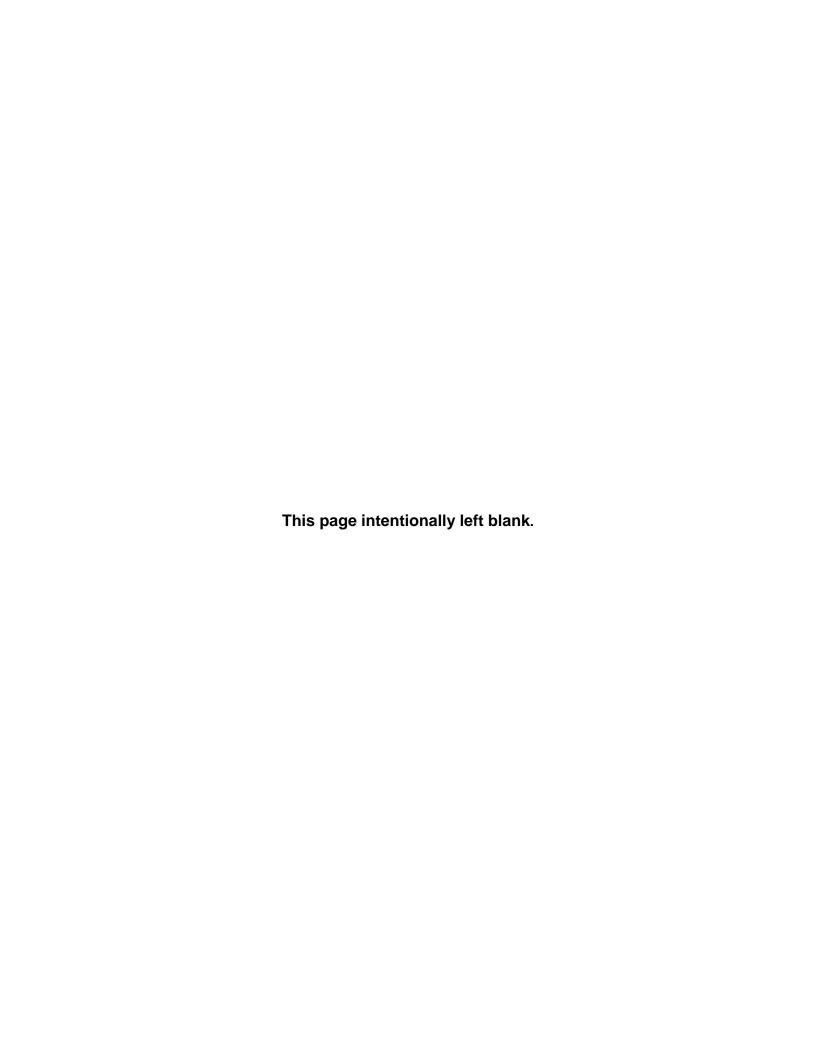




# INDIAN LAKE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT LOGAN COUNTY JUNE 30, 2019

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Indian Lake Local School District Logan County 6210 State Route 235 North Lewistown, Ohio 43333

To the Board of Education:

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying modified cash-basis financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Indian Lake Local School District, Logan County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with the modified cash accounting basis Note 2 describes. This responsibility includes determining that the modified cash accounting basis is acceptable for the circumstances. Management is also responsible for designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

Indian Lake Local School District Logan County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

#### Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective modified cash financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Indian Lake Local School District, Logan County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in modified cash financial position and the budgetary comparison for the General fund thereof for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with the accounting basis described in Note 2.

#### **Accounting Basis**

Ohio Administrative Code § 117-2-03(B) requires the District to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We draw attention to Note 2 of the financial statements, which describes the basis applied to these statements. The financial statements are prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis other than generally accepted accounting principles. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

#### Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 16 to the financial statements, during 2020, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the ensuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the District. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

#### Other Matters

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the financial statements taken as a whole.

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and is not a required part of the financial statements.

The schedule is management's responsibility, and derives from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected this schedule to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling this schedule directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this schedule is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

#### Other Information

We applied no procedures to management's discussion & analysis as listed in the table of contents. Accordingly, we express no opinion or any other assurance on it.

Indian Lake Local School District Logan County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 20, 2020, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

April 20, 2020

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#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (UNAUDITED)

The management's discussion and analysis of the Indian Lake Local School District's (the "District") financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, within the limitations of the District's modified cash basis of accounting. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the modified cash basis financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

#### **Financial Highlights**

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2019 are as follows:

- The total net cash position of the District increased \$259,467 or 1.82% from fiscal year 2018.
- ➤ General cash receipts accounted for \$19,382,797 or 84.19% of total governmental activities cash receipts. Program specific cash receipts accounted for \$3,639,424 or 15.81% of total governmental activities cash receipts.
- The District had \$22,762,754 in cash disbursements related to governmental activities; \$3,639,424 of these cash disbursements were offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General cash receipts (primarily taxes and grants and entitlements) of \$19,382,797 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- The District's major funds are the general fund, permanent improvement fund and the bond retirement fund. The general fund, the District's largest major fund, had cash receipts of \$18,402,453 in fiscal year 2019. The cash disbursements and other financing uses of the general fund totaled \$18,216,815 in fiscal year 2019. The general fund cash balance increased \$185,638 during fiscal year 2019.
- ➤ The bond retirement fund, a District major fund, had cash receipts of \$2,731,904 in fiscal year 2019. The bond retirement fund had cash disbursements of \$2,431,456 in fiscal year 2019. The bond retirement fund cash balance increased \$300,448 during fiscal year 2019.
- The permanent improvement fund, a District major fund, had cash receipts of \$32,540 in fiscal year 2019. The permanent improvement fund had cash disbursements of \$263,509 in fiscal year 2019. The permanent improvement fund cash balance decreased \$230,969 during fiscal year 2019.

#### **Using the Modified Cash Basis Basic Financial Statements (BFS)**

This annual report is presented in a format consistent with the presentation requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, as applicable to the District's modified cash basis of accounting.

The statement of net position – modified cash basis and statement of activities – modified cash basis provides information about the activities of the whole District, presenting an aggregate view of the District's modified cash basis finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the District, there are three major governmental funds. The general fund is the largest major fund.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (UNAUDITED) (CONTINUED)

#### Reporting the District as a Whole

#### Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The statement of net position – modified cash basis and the statement of activities – modified cash basis answers the question, "How did the District do financially during fiscal year 2019?" These statements include only net position using the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. This basis of accounting takes into account only the current year's receipts and disbursements if the cash is actually received or paid.

These two statements report the District's net cash position and changes in net cash position on a modified cash basis. This change in net cash position is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the modified cash basis financial position of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, mandated federal and state programs and other factors.

As a result of the use of the modified cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not collected) and liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements. Therefore, when reviewing the financial information and discussion within this annual report, the reader should keep in mind the limitations resulting from the use of the modified cash basis of accounting.

In the statement of activities – modified cash basis, the governmental activities include the District's programs and services including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, extracurricular activities, and food service operations.

The statement of net position – modified cash basis and the statement of activities – modified cash basis can be found on pages 15 - 16 of this report.

#### Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

#### Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds. The District has no proprietary funds.

Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The District's major governmental funds are the general fund, the bond retirement fund and the permanent improvement fund. The analysis of the District's major governmental funds begins on page 11.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (UNAUDITED) (CONTINUED)

#### Governmental Funds

All of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer modified cash basis financial resources that can be readily spent to finance various District programs.

Since the District is reporting on the modified cash basis of accounting, there are no differences in the net cash position and fund cash balances or changes in net cash position and changes in fund cash balances. Therefore, no reconciliation is necessary between such financial statements. The governmental fund statements can be found on pages 17-18 of this report.

The District's budgetary process accounts for certain transactions on a modified cash basis. The budgetary statement for the general fund is presented to demonstrate the District's compliance with annually adopted budgets. The budgetary statement can be found on page 19 of this report.

#### Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs. The District's only fiduciary funds are a private-purpose trust fund and an agency fund. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate statements of fiduciary net position – modified cash basis and changes in fiduciary net position – modified cash basis on pages 20 - 21. These activities are excluded from the District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the District to finance its operations.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 23 - 57 of this report.

#### **Government-Wide Financial Analysis**

Recall that the statement of net position – modified cash basis provides the perspective of the District as a whole.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (UNAUDITED) (CONTINUED)

The table below provides a summary of the District's net cash position at June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018.

#### **Net Cash Position**

	_	Activities 2019	Governmental Activities 2018			
<u>Assets</u>						
Equity in pooled cash and						
cash equivalents	\$	14,518,186	\$	14,258,719		
Total assets		14,518,186		14,258,719		
Net cash position						
Restricted		2,544,469		2,250,033		
Unrestricted		11,973,717		12,008,686		
Total net cash position	\$	14,518,186	\$	14,258,719		

The total net cash position of the District increased \$259,467, which represents a 1.82% increase from fiscal year 2018.

The balance of government-wide unrestricted net cash position of \$11,973,717 may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

The table below shows the changes in net cash position for fiscal years 2019 and 2018.

#### **Change in Net Cash Position**

	Governmental Activities 2019		-	Activities 2018
Cash receipts:				
Program cash receipts:				
Charges for services and sales	\$	1,986,682	\$	2,082,413
Operating grants and contributions		1,652,742		1,838,387
Total program cash receipts		3,639,424		3,920,800
General cash receipts:				
Property and other taxes		12,917,110		13,014,397
Payments in lieu of taxes		-		72,579
Unrestricted grants		6,116,002		6,104,200
Investment earnings		320,150		159,761
Miscellaneous		29,535		20,070
Total general cash receipts		19,382,797		19,371,007
Total cash receipts		23,022,221		23,291,807

<sup>-</sup> Continued

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (UNAUDITED) (CONTINUED)

#### **Change in Net Cash Position (Continued)**

	Governmental Activities		Activities 2018
Cash disbursements:			
Current:			
Instruction:			
Regular	\$	8,869,586	\$ 9,026,426
Special		2,202,985	1,997,806
Vocational		95,607	93,204
Other		1,219,015	1,295,998
Support services:			
Pupil		1,349,293	1,301,350
Instructional staff		549,431	397,500
Board of education		29,073	29,960
Administration		1,364,246	1,323,119
Fiscal		656,081	696,345
Operations and maintenance		1,094,836	940,276
Pupil transportation		1,454,424	1,451,657
Central		77,204	66,274
Other non-instructional services		38,944	4,062
Food service operations		836,811	834,173
Extracurricular activities		519,581	498,059
Facilities acquisition and construction		34,550	127,135
Debt service:			
Principal retirement		1,651,793	1,353,363
Interest and fiscal charges		719,294	 1,181,800
Total cash disbursements		22,762,754	 22,618,507
Change in net cash position		259,467	673,300
Net cash position at beginning of year		14,258,719	 13,585,419
Net cash position at end of year	\$	14,518,186	\$ 14,258,719

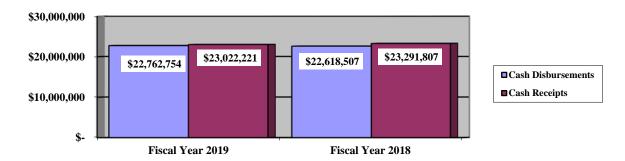
#### **Governmental Activities**

Governmental net cash position increased \$259,467 in fiscal year 2019. Total governmental cash disbursements of \$22,762,754 were offset by program cash receipts of \$3,639,424 and general cash receipts of \$19,382,797. Program cash receipts supported 15.99% of the total governmental cash disbursements.

The primary sources of receipts for governmental activities are derived from property taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements. These receipt sources represent 82.67% of total governmental cash receipts. Real estate property is reappraised every six years.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (UNAUDITED) (CONTINUED)

#### Governmental Activities - Total Cash Receipts vs. Total Cash Disbursements



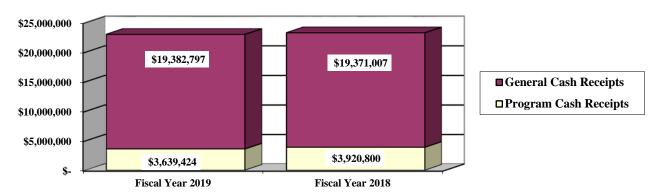
#### **Governmental Activities**

		Fotal Cost of Services 2019	vices Services		Total Cost of Services 2018		Net Cost of Services 2018	
Cash disbursements:								
Current:								
Instruction:								
Regular	\$	8,869,586	\$	7,259,518	\$	9,026,426	\$	7,164,416
Special		2,202,985		1,492,392		1,997,806		1,321,717
Vocational		95,607		84,829		93,204		82,426
Other		1,219,015		1,219,015		1,295,998		1,288,639
Support services:								
Pupil		1,349,293		1,143,606		1,301,350		1,084,153
Instructional staff		549,431		540,672		397,500		371,292
Board of education		29,073		29,073		29,960		29,960
Administration		1,364,246		1,269,748		1,323,119		1,234,691
Fiscal		656,081		656,081		696,345		682,571
Operations and maintenance		1,094,836		1,080,595		940,276		933,201
Pupil transportation		1,454,424		1,433,910		1,451,657		1,442,520
Central		77,204		77,204		66,274		66,274
Other non-instructional services		38,944		38,944		4,062		4,062
Food service operations		836,811		72,242		834,173		54,633
Extracurricular activities		519,581		319,864		498,059		274,854
Facilities acquisition and construction		34,550		34,550		127,135		127,135
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		1,651,793		1,651,793		1,353,363		1,353,363
Interest and fiscal charges	_	719,294		719,294	-	1,181,800		1,181,800
Total	\$	22,762,754	\$	19,123,330	\$	22,618,507	\$	18,697,707

The dependence upon general cash receipts for governmental activities is apparent; with 84.01% and 82.67% of cash disbursements supported through taxes and other general cash receipts during fiscal years 2019 and 2018, respectively.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (UNAUDITED) (CONTINUED)

#### **Governmental Activities - General and Program Cash Receipts**



#### Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

#### Governmental Funds

The District's governmental funds are accounted for using the modified cash basis of accounting.

The District's governmental funds reported a combined fund cash balance of \$14,518,186, which is \$259,467 greater than last year's total of \$14,258,719. The table below indicates the fund cash balance and the total change in fund cash balance as of June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018, for all major and nonmajor governmental funds.

	Fund	d Cash Balance	Func	d Cash Balance			
	<u>June 30, 2019</u>		<u>Ju</u>	ine 30, 2018	<u>Change</u>		
Major funds:							
General	\$	10,227,155	\$	10,041,517	\$	185,638	
Bond Retirement		2,402,940		2,102,492		300,448	
Permanent Improvement		1,767,985		1,998,954		(230,969)	
Nonmajor governmental funds		120,106		115,756	_	4,350	
Total	\$	14,518,186	\$	14,258,719	\$	259,467	

#### General Fund

The general fund, the District's largest major fund, had cash receipts of \$18,402,453 in fiscal year 2019. The cash disbursements and other financing uses of the general fund totaled \$18,216,815 in fiscal year 2019. The general fund cash balance increased \$185,638 during fiscal year 2019.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (UNAUDITED) (CONTINUED)

The table that follows assists in illustrating the cash receipts of the general fund during fiscal years 2019 and 2018.

	2019	2018	Percentage	
	<u>Amount</u>	Amount	Change	
Cash receipts:				
Taxes	\$ 10,533,702	\$ 10,615,664	(0.77) %	
Payment in lieu of taxes	-	63,812	(100.00) %	
Tuition	1,378,620	1,445,988	(4.66) %	
Earnings on investments	287,610	149,799	92.00 %	
Extracurricular	6,025	5,820	3.52 %	
Classroom materials and fees	42,723	43,943	(2.78) %	
Other revenues	50,426	53,439	(5.64) %	
Intergovernmental - state	6,076,534	6,068,152	0.14 %	
Intergovernmental - federal	26,813	<u> </u>	100.00 %	
Total	<u>\$ 18,402,453</u>	\$ 18,446,617	(0.24) %	

Overall cash receipts decreased \$44,164 or 0.24% during fiscal year 2019. Earnings on investments increased \$137,811 or 92.00% primarily due to an increase in interest rates. Intergovernmental – federal increased \$26,813 or 100.00% due to Medicaid receipts. All other cash receipt classifications remained comparable to fiscal year 2018.

The table that follows assists in illustrating the cash disbursements of the general fund during fiscal years 2019 and 2018.

	2019	2018	Percentage
	Amount	Amount	Change
Cash disbursements:			
Instruction	\$ 11,815,376	\$ 11,659,253	1.34 %
Support services	6,012,299	5,755,436	4.46 %
Operation of non-instructional services	4,058	4,062	(0.10) %
Extracurricular activities	317,782	286,603	10.88 %
Facilities acquisition and construction	<del>-</del>	78,101	(100.00) %
Total	\$ 18,149,515	\$ 17,783,455	2.06 %

Overall cash disbursements increased \$366,060 or 2.06% during fiscal year 2019. Support services increased \$256,863 or 4.46% primarily due to an increase in instructional staff services. Extracurricular activities disbursements increased \$31,179 or 10.88% due to an increase in extracurricular activities staff services. Facilities acquisition and construction disbursements decreased \$78,101 or 100%, due to no site improvement and building services in fiscal year 2019. All other cash disbursement classifications remained comparable to fiscal year 2018.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (UNAUDITED) (CONTINUED)

#### **Bond Retirement Fund**

The bond retirement fund, a District major fund, had cash receipts of \$2,731,904 in fiscal year 2019. The bond retirement fund had cash disbursements of \$2,431,456 in fiscal year 2019. The bond retirement fund cash balance increased \$300,448 during fiscal year 2019. The consistent fund cash balance of the bond retirement fund is mainly attributable to the stable nature of the property tax cash receipts received by the District.

#### Permanent Improvement Fund

The permanent improvement fund, a District major fund, had cash receipts of \$32,540 in fiscal year 2019. The permanent improvement fund had cash disbursements of \$263,509 in fiscal year 2019. The permanent improvement fund cash balance decreased \$230,969 during fiscal year 2019.

#### Budgeting Highlights - General Fund

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

For the general fund, final budgetary basis receipts and other financing sources of \$18,479,973 were \$95,514 less than original budget estimates of \$18,575,487. The actual budgetary basis receipts and other financing sources of \$18,511,633 were more than final budget estimates by \$31,660. The final budgetary basis disbursements and other financing uses of \$18,534,042 were \$36,550 less than original budget estimates of \$18,570,592. The actual budgetary basis disbursements and other financing uses of \$18,363,412 were \$170,630 less than the final budget estimates of \$18,534,042.

#### **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

#### Capital Assets

The District does not record capital assets in the accompanying modified cash basis basic financial statements, but records payments for capital assets as cash disbursements. The District had facilities acquisition and construction cash disbursements of \$34,550 during fiscal year 2019.

#### **Debt Administration**

The District had the following long-term obligations outstanding at June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018.

	Governmental	Governmental
	Activities	Activities
	2019	2018
2017 General Obligation Refunding Bonds	\$ 14,375,000	\$ 15,175,000
2015 General Obligation Refunding Bonds 2008 Capital Appreciation Bonds	3,275,000	4,115,000 11,793
Total long-term obligations	\$ 17,650,000	\$ 19,301,793

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (UNAUDITED) (CONTINUED)

#### **Current Financial Related Activities**

The current financial challenge for school districts is to provide a quality education with limited or unsteady resources while the definition of quality is ever changing and revised. The State of Ohio's educational funding laws, the economy, as well as rising operating costs, are the main factors that impact the District's financial stability. While the District's current financial outlook has improved from the prior year and is healthy at the present time. The Board of Education and the District's administrative team understand that the District's finances must be continually monitored. Achieving financial sustainability is a continual process and the goal should always be to provide the best possible education for the students of Indian Lake. That effort must continue to be managed and directed because there will always be new opportunities and challenges.

As the preceding information reflects, the District relies heavily upon property taxes and intergovernmental unrestricted state aid. The residential and agricultural values of the district have risen over the last several years and projections continue that slight stable increase. The residents renewed the current emergency operating levy in May of 2018. The passage of that levy marked the fifth time the levy has been renewed since 1999 and two of those times were with an increase to account for the cost of inflation and the reduction of receiving tangible personal property taxes or its reimbursement.

The District's administrative team and Board of Education continually look at ways of reducing and or maintaining expenses while still providing quality educational services. Fiscal year 2016 was the first year in which employees received a percentage pay increase since fiscal year 2012. Employees received a pay increase in fiscal year 2018 as well and a pay increase is projected in future fiscal years to stay competitive in the market. The Board of Education, administration, and staff have been proactive and worked together to lower personnel costs by reducing staff through attrition and taking 0% wage increases for fiscal years 2012 through 2015. Concessions in personnel benefits have also been agreed upon since fiscal year 2011 and they continue to be evaluated. The staff, administration, and the Board of Education have a good working relationship with the main focus being the students of the district and their educational needs.

The local residents have taken pride in the District and have supported two bond issues since 1995 to update District facilities in conjunction with the Ohio Schools Facilities Expedited Local Partnership Program. The District now has all facilities on one campus with a new elementary building completed in August of 2009 that houses grades K-4, a middle school building completed in December of 2004 that houses grades 5-8, and an updated (2004) high school building that houses grades 9-12. These new and upgraded facilities have increased community pride while providing a more modern and enhanced learning environment for the students. The Board of Education continues to work with the Ohio Facilities Construction Commission to secure state funding assistance as the Board plans to complete the master facility plan for the District. The Board has approved a 30 year lease agreement with Clearwire to secure an annual amount of approximately \$76,800. It is the intent of the Board and the Administrative team to use those funds to maintain the facilities and capital assets of the District.

In conclusion, the Board of Education, the District's administration, staff, and the community are committed to providing a quality education for all the students of Indian Lake Local while balancing, planning, and controlling the resources available and costs for educational programs.

#### Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Ms. Coleen Reprogle, Treasurer, Indian Lake Local School District, 6210 St. Rt. 235 North, Lewistown, OH 43333.

# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS JUNE 30, 2019

	Governmental Activities			
Assets:		_		
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	14,518,186		
Total assets		14,518,186		
Net cash position:				
Restricted for:				
Debt service		2,402,940		
Locally funded programs		74,575		
State funded programs		2,383		
Extracurricular activities		62,886		
Food service operations		1,685		
Unrestricted		11,973,717		
Total net cash position	\$	14,518,186		

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Net (Disbursements) Receipts and Changes in

			Program Cash Receipts				Net Cash Position		
		Cash		harges for		rating Grants	Governmental Activities		
	Di	sbursements		ices and Sales	_	Contributions			
Governmental activities:		sour sements	<u> </u>	ices and baies	<u>ana v</u>	Contributions	1	neuvities	
Instruction:									
Regular	\$	8,869,586	\$	1,253,068	\$	357,000	\$	(7,259,518)	
Special		2,202,985		184,685		525,908		(1,492,392)	
Vocational		95,607		-		10,778		(84,829)	
Other		1,219,015		-		-		(1,219,015)	
Support services:									
Pupil		1,349,293		-		205,687		(1,143,606)	
Instructional staff		549,431		-		8,759		(540,672)	
Board of education		29,073		-		-		(29,073)	
Administration		1,364,246		-		94,498		(1,269,748)	
Fiscal		656,081		-		-		(656,081)	
Operations and maintenance		1,094,836		6,505		7,736		(1,080,595)	
Pupil transportation		1,454,424		-		20,514		(1,433,910)	
Central		77,204		-		-		(77,204)	
Operation of non-instructional									
services:									
Other non-instructional services		38,944		-		-		(38,944)	
Food service operations		836,811		342,707		421,862		(72,242)	
Extracurricular activities		519,581		199,717		-		(319,864)	
Facilities acquisition and construction.  Debt service:		34,550		-		-		(34,550)	
Principal retirement		1,651,793		-		-		(1,651,793)	
Interest and fiscal charges		719,294		-		-		(719,294)	
Total governmental activities	\$	22,762,754	\$	1,986,682	\$	1,652,742		(19,123,330)	
				al cash receipts: perty taxes levied t	for				
			_	-				10,533,702	
								2,383,408	
				nts and entitlemen				2,303,400	
								6,116,002	
								320,150	
				_				29,535	
								19,382,797	
								259,467	
						· · · · · · · · · · · ·		14,258,719	
				1	. ,			,,,,,,,,	

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	Genera	al	Bond Retirement		Permanent Improvement		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
Assets:										
Equity in pooled cash										
and cash equivalents	\$ 10,227,		\$	2,402,940	\$	1,767,985	\$	120,106	\$	14,518,186
Total assets	\$ 10,227,	,155	\$	2,402,940	\$	1,767,985	\$	120,106	\$	14,518,186
Fund cash balances: Restricted:										
Debt service	\$	_	\$	2,402,940	\$	_	\$	_	\$	2,402,940
Food service operations	Ψ	_	Ψ	2,402,740	Ψ	_	Ψ	1,685	Ψ	1,685
Extracurricular activities		-		-		-		62,886		62,886
Locally and State funded programs		-		-		-		76,958		76,958
Committed:										
Capital improvements	215,	,230		-		-		564		215,794
Termination benefits	389,	,298		-		-		-		389,298
Performance based compensation	82,	,653		-		-		-		82,653
Construction project stipends	67,	,552		-		-		-		67,552
Assigned:										
Student instruction	38,	,225		-		-		-		38,225
Student and staff support	104,	,870		-		-		-		104,870
Extracurricular activities		125		-		-		-		125
School supplies		664		-		-		-		664
Elementary school books	1,	,020		-		-		-		1,020
Capital improvements		-		-		1,767,985		-		1,767,985
Unassigned (deficit)	9,327,	,518						(21,987)		9,305,531
Total fund cash balances	\$ 10,227,	,155	\$	2,402,940	\$	1,767,985	\$	120,106	\$	14,518,186

### STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	General	Bond Retirement	Permanent Improvement	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Cash receipts:					
From local sources:					
Property taxes	\$ 10,533,702	\$ 2,383,408	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 12,917,110
Tuition	1,378,620	-	-	-	1,378,620
Earnings on investments	287,610	-	32,540	-	320,150
Charges for services	· -	-	· -	342,707	342,707
Extracurricular	6,025	-	-	185,716	191,741
Classroom materials and fees	42,723	-	-	, -	42,723
Rental income	4,480	-	-	-	4,480
Contributions and donations	, -	-	-	14,666	14,666
Contract services	16,411	_	_	747	17,158
Other local revenues	29,535	_	_	10,231	39,766
Intergovernmental - state	6,076,534	348,496	_	21,930	6,446,960
Intergovernmental - federal	26,813	-	_	1,279,327	1,306,140
Total cash receipts	18,402,453	2,731,904	32,540	1,855,324	23,022,221
Total cash receipts	10,102,133	2,731,701	32,310	1,000,021	23,022,221
Cash disbursements:					
Current:					
Instruction:					
Regular	8,517,509	-	-	352,077	8,869,586
Special	1,983,245	-	-	219,740	2,202,985
Vocational	95,607	-	-	-	95,607
Other	1,219,015	-	-	-	1,219,015
Support services:					
Pupil	1,177,609	-	-	171,684	1,349,293
Instructional staff	517,481	-	-	31,950	549,431
Board of education	29,073	-	-	-	29,073
Administration	1,182,055	-	87,724	94,467	1,364,246
Fiscal	595,712	60,369	-	-	656,081
Operations and maintenance	980,500	-	106,349	7,987	1,094,836
Pupil transportation	1,452,665	-	-	1,759	1,454,424
Central	77,204	-	-	-	77,204
Operation of non-instructional services:					
Other operation of non-instructional	4,058	-	34,886	-	38,944
Food service operations	-	-	-	836,811	836,811
Extracurricular activities	317,782	_	_	201,799	519,581
Facilities acquisition and construction	-	_	34,550	-	34,550
Debt service:			- 1,		- 1,
Principal retirement	_	1,651,793	_	_	1,651,793
Interest and fiscal charges	_	719,294	_	_	719,294
Total cash disbursements	18,149,515	2,431,456	263,509	1,918,274	22,762,754
Excess (deficiency) of cash receipts					
over (under) cash disbursements	252,938	300,448	(230,969)	(62,950)	259,467
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers in				67,300	67,300
Transfers (out)	(67,300)		_	07,300	(67,300)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(67,300)		<u>_</u>	67,300	(07,500)
-					
Net change in fund cash balances	185,638	300,448	(230,969)	4,350	259,467
Fund cash balances at beginning of year	10,041,517	2,102,492	1,998,954	115,756	14,258,719
Fund cash balances at end of year	\$ 10,227,155	\$ 2,402,940	\$ 1,767,985	\$ 120,106	\$ 14,518,186

# STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGET BASIS GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Post		Budgeted Amounts					Variance with Final Budget Positive		
Property taxes		Original			Final		Actual		
Property taxes	Budgetary basis receipts:	-							
Tuition.         1.445,000         1.379,607         1.378,620         (987)           Earnings on investments.         171,471         286,884         280,748         (6.136)           Extracurricular.         6,000         6,025         6,025           Classoom materials and fees         10,000         7,200         7,022         (178)           Rental income         5,000         4,600         4,480         (120)           Other local revenues         9,000         16,600         16,411         (189)           Intergovermental state         6,001,39         6,039,731         6,076,534         36,803           Intergovermental state copies         18,404,487         18,315,498         18,347,024         31,526           Budgetary basis disbursements:           Current:           Instruction:         88,407,024         8,671,039         8,599,496         71,543           Special.         1,764,876         2,004,533         2,003,212         1,341           Vocational.         8,984,5         100,786         9,423         2,636           Special.         1,764,876         2,004,533         2,003,212         1,341           Vocational.         8,984,5         100,786	From local sources:								
Earnings on investments         171,471         286,884         280,748         (6,136)           Extracurricular         6,000         6,025         6,025         -7           Classroom materials and fees         10,000         7,200         7,202         (178           Rental income         5,000         4,600         4,480         (120)           Contract services         29,000         16,600         16,411         (189)           Other local revenues         9,000         14,300         16,669         2,369           Intergovernmental - state         6,001,139         6,039,731         6,076,534         36,803           Intergovernmental - federal         -2,6850         2,813         (37)           Total budgetary basis disbursements         8,000         8,671,039         8,594,002         31,526           Budgetary basis disbursements           Current:           Instruction:           Regular - Span Span Span Span Span Span Span Span	Property taxes	\$	10,727,877	\$	10,533,701	\$	10,533,702	\$	1
Extracurricular.         6,000         6,025         6,025         1           Classroom materials and fees         10,000         7,200         7,022         (18)           Rental income         5,000         4,600         16,411         (189)           Other local revenues         9,000         11,400         16,669         2,689           Other local revenues         6,001,139         6,039,731         6,076,534         36,803           Intergovernmental - State         6,001,139         8,039,731         6,076,534         36,803           Intergovernmental - State         6,001,139         8,031,549         18,347,024         31,526           Budgetary basis disbursements:           Curent:           Instruction:           Regular         9,189,670         8,671,039         8,599,496         71,543           Special         1,764,876         2,004,553         2,003,212         1,341           Vocational         8,9145         100,786         98,423         2,263           Other         1,180,548         1,223,917         1,223,909         8,7           Special         1,086,131         1,167,846         1,161,923         5,923	Tuition		1,445,000		1,379,607		1,378,620		(987)
Classroom materials and fees	Earnings on investments		171,471		286,884		280,748		(6,136)
Rental income         5,000         4,600         4,480         (120)           Contract services.         29,000         16,600         16,411         (189)           Other local revenues         9,000         14,300         16,669         2,360           Intergovernmental - state         6,001,139         6,039,731         6,076,534         36,803           Intergovernmental - federal         20,830         18,347,024         31,526           Total budgetary basis disbursements:           User test instructions:           Instruction:           Regular         9,189,670         8,671,039         8,599,496         71,543           Special.         1,764,876         2,004,553         2,003,212         1,341           Vocational.         89,845         100,786         9,8423         2,363           Other.         1,180,548         1,223,917         1,223,090         827           Support services:         Pupil.         1,086,131         1,167,846         1,161,923         5,923           Instructional staff         474,823         516,408         513,278         3,130           Board of education         34,410         3,185         29,073         2,782	Extracurricular		6,000		6,025		6,025		-
Contract services.         29,000         16,600         16,411         (189)           Other local revenues.         9,000         14,300         16,669         2,369           Intergovermental - state         6,001,139         6,039,731         6,076,534         36,803           Intergovermental - federal         -         26,850         26,813         3,77           Total budgetary basis receipts.         18,404,487         18,315,498         18,347,024         31,526           Budgetary basis disbursements:           Current:           Instruction:         8,671,039         8,599,496         71,543           Special.         1,764,876         2,004,553         2,003,212         1,341           Vocational.         89,845         100,786         9,8423         2,363           Other.         1,180,548         1,223,97         1,223,090         827           Support services:         20         1,167,846         1,161,923         5,923         1,313           Support services:         20         1,167,846         1,161,923         5,923         1,313           Instructional staff         474,823         516,408         513,278         3,130           Board of education	Classroom materials and fees		10,000		7,200		7,022		(178)
Other local revenues         9,000         14,300         16,669         2,369           Intergovermental state         6,001,139         6,037,31         6,076,534         36,803         36,803           Total budgetary basis receipts         18,404,487         18,315,498         18,347,024         31,526           Budgetary basis disbursements:           Current:           Instruction:           Instruction:           Regular         9,189,670         8,671,039         8,599,496         71,543           Special         1,764,876         2,004,553         2,003,212         1,341           Vocational         89,845         100,786         98,423         2,263           Other         1,180,548         1,223,917         1,223,090         827           Support services:         80         1,167,846         1,161,923         5,923           Instructional staff         474,823         516,408         513,278         3,130           Board of education         34,410         31,855         29,073         2,782           Administration         986,290         1,156,258         1,151,318         4,940           Fiscal         616,740         599,442 <td>Rental income</td> <td></td> <td>5,000</td> <td></td> <td>4,600</td> <td></td> <td>4,480</td> <td></td> <td>(120)</td>	Rental income		5,000		4,600		4,480		(120)
Intergovernmental - state	Contract services		29,000		16,600		16,411		(189)
Intergovernmental - federal	Other local revenues		9,000		14,300		16,669		2,369
Description   18,404,487   18,315,498   18,347,024   31,526	Intergovernmental - state		6,001,139		6,039,731		6,076,534		36,803
Dark			-		26,850		26,813		(37)
Current:   Instruction:   Regular	Total budgetary basis receipts		18,404,487		18,315,498		18,347,024		31,526
Instruction:   Regular	Budgetary basis disbursements:								
Regular         9,189,670         8,671,039         8,599,496         71,543           Special         1,764,876         2,004,553         2,003,212         1,341           Vocational         89,845         100,786         98,423         2,363           Other         1,180,548         1,223,917         1,223,090         827           Support services:         Pupil.         1,086,131         1,167,846         1,161,923         5,923           Instructional staff         474,823         516,408         513,278         3,130           Board of education         34,410         31,855         29,073         2,782           Administration.         986,290         1,156,258         1,151,318         4,940           Fiscal         616,740         599,442         595,897         3,545           Operations and maintenance         1,107,229         1,026,776         986,055         40,721           Pupil transportation         1,397,625         1,485,001         1,453,990         31,011           Central.         79,125         78,661         77,204         1,457           Other operation of non-instructional services         37,844         4,135         40,58         77           Extracurricular ac	Current:								
Special.         1,764,876         2,004,553         2,003,212         1,341           Vocational.         89,845         100,786         98,423         2,363           Other.         1,180,548         1,223,917         1,223,090         827           Support services:         Pupil.         1,086,131         1,167,846         1,161,923         5,923           Instructional staff         474,823         516,408         513,278         3,130           Board of education         34,410         31,855         29,073         2,782           Administration.         986,290         1,156,228         1,151,318         4,940           Fiscal         616,740         599,442         595,897         3,545           Operations and maintenance.         1,107,229         1,026,776         986,055         40,721           Pupil transportation         1,397,625         1,485,001         145,399         31,011           Central.         79,125         78,661         77,204         1,457           Other operation of non-instructional services         37,584         4,135         4,058         77           Extracurricular activities.         273,946         318,865         317,907         958	Instruction:								
Vocational.         89,845         100,786         98,423         2,363           Other.         1,180,548         1,223,917         1,223,090         827           Support services:         87           Pupil.         1,086,131         1,167,846         1,161,923         5,923           Instructional staff.         474,823         516,408         513,278         3,130           Board of education.         34,410         31,855         29,073         2,782           Administration.         986,290         1,156,258         1,151,318         4,940           Fiscal         616,740         599,442         595,897         3,545           Operations and maintenance.         1,107,229         1,026,776         986,055         40,721           Pupil transportation.         1,397,625         1,485,001         1,453,990         31,011           Central.         79,125         78,661         77,204         1,457           Extracurricular activities.         273,946         318,865         317,907         988           Facilities acquisition and construction         41,750         -         -         -           Total budgetary basis disbursements.         43,895         (70,044)         132,100	Regular		9,189,670		8,671,039		8,599,496		71,543
Other.         1,180,548         1,223,917         1,223,090         827           Support services:         Pupil.         1,086,131         1,167,846         1,161,923         5,923           Instructional staff         474,823         516,408         513,278         3,130           Board of education         34,410         31,855         29,073         2,782           Administration.         986,290         1,156,258         1,151,318         4,940           Fiscal         616,740         599,442         595,897         3,545           Operations and maintenance.         1,107,229         1,026,776         986,055         40,721           Pupil transportation         1,397,625         1,485,001         1,453,990         31,011           Central.         79,125         78,661         77,204         1,457           Other operation of non-instructional services         37,584         4,135         4,058         77           Extracurricular activities         273,946         318,865         317,907         958           Facilities acquisition and construction         41,750         -         -         -           Total budgetary basis disbursements         43,895         (70,044)         132,100         202,144	Special		1,764,876		2,004,553		2,003,212		1,341
Pupil	Vocational		89,845		100,786		98,423		2,363
Pupil.         1,086,131         1,167,846         1,161,923         5,923           Instructional staff         474,823         516,408         513,278         3,130           Board of education         34,410         31,855         29,073         2,782           Administration.         986,290         1,156,258         1,151,318         4,940           Fiscal         616,740         599,442         595,897         3,545           Operations and maintenance.         1,107,229         1,026,776         986,055         40,721           Pupil transportation         1,397,625         1,485,001         1,453,990         31,011           Central.         79,125         78,661         77,204         1,457           Other operation of non-instructional services         37,584         4,135         4,058         77           Extracurricular activities.         273,946         318,865         317,907         958           Facilities acquisition and construction         41,750         -         -         -           Total budgetary basis disbursements         18,360,592         18,385,542         18,214,924         170,618           Excess of budgetary basis disbursements         43,895         (70,044)         132,100         202,14	Other		1,180,548		1,223,917		1,223,090		827
Pupil.         1,086,131         1,167,846         1,161,923         5,923           Instructional staff         474,823         516,408         513,278         3,130           Board of education         34,410         31,855         29,073         2,782           Administration.         986,290         1,156,258         1,151,318         4,940           Fiscal         616,740         599,442         595,897         3,545           Operations and maintenance.         1,107,229         1,026,776         986,055         40,721           Pupil transportation         1,397,625         1,485,001         1,453,990         31,011           Central.         79,125         78,661         77,204         1,457           Other operation of non-instructional services         37,584         4,135         4,058         77           Extracurricular activities.         273,946         318,865         317,907         958           Facilities acquisition and construction         41,750         -         -         -           Total budgetary basis disbursements         18,360,592         18,385,542         18,214,924         170,618           Excess of budgetary basis disbursements         43,895         (70,044)         132,100         202,14	Support services:								
Instructional staff         474,823         516,408         513,278         3,130           Board of education         34,410         31,855         29,073         2,782           Administration         986,290         1,156,258         1,151,318         4,940           Fiscal         616,740         599,442         595,897         3,545           Operations and maintenance         1,107,229         1,026,776         986,055         40,721           Pupil transportation         1,397,625         1,485,001         1,453,990         31,011           Central.         79,125         78,661         77,204         1,457           Other operation of non-instructional services         37,584         4,135         4,058         77           Extracurricular activities         273,946         318,865         317,907         958           Facilities acquisition and construction         41,750         -         -         -           Facilities acquisition and construction         41,750         -         -         -           Total budgetary basis disbursements         43,895         (70,044)         132,100         202,144           Other financing sources (uses):           Refund of prior year's expenditures         80,000<	**		1.086.131		1.167.846		1.161.923		5,923
Board of education         34,410         31,855         29,073         2,782           Administration         986,290         1,156,258         1,151,318         4,940           Fiscal         616,740         599,442         595,897         3,545           Operations and maintenance         1,107,229         1,026,776         986,055         40,721           Pupil transportation         1,397,625         1,485,001         1,453,990         31,011           Central         79,125         78,661         77,204         1,457           Other operation of non-instructional services         37,584         4,135         4,058         77           Extracurricular activities         273,946         318,865         317,907         958           Facilities acquisition and construction         41,750         -         -         -           Total budgetary basis disbursements         18,360,592         18,385,542         18,214,924         170,618           Excess of budgetary basis disbursements         43,895         (70,044)         132,100         202,144           Other financing sources (uses):         80,000         92,781         93,004         223           Transfers in         10,000         188         188         -	1								
Administration.         986,290         1,156,258         1,151,318         4,940           Fiscal         616,740         599,442         595,897         3,545           Operations and maintenance.         1,107,229         1,026,776         986,055         40,721           Pupil transportation         1,397,625         1,485,001         1,453,990         31,011           Central.         79,125         78,661         77,204         1,457           Other operation of non-instructional services         37,584         4,135         4,058         77           Extracurricular activities.         273,946         318,865         317,907         958           Facilities acquisition and construction         41,750         -         -         -           Total budgetary basis disbursements         18,360,592         18,385,542         18,214,924         170,618           Excess of budgetary basis disbursements.         43,895         (70,044)         132,100         202,144           Other financing sources (uses):         80,000         92,781         93,004         223           Refund of prior year's expenditures         80,000         92,781         93,004         223           Transfers (out).         (140,000)         (78,500) <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>									
Fiscal         616,740         599,442         595,897         3,545           Operations and maintenance.         1,107,229         1,026,776         986,055         40,721           Pupil transportation         1,397,625         1,485,001         1,453,990         31,011           Central.         79,125         78,661         77,204         1,457           Other operation of non-instructional services         37,584         4,135         4,058         77           Extracurricular activities.         273,946         318,865         317,907         958           Facilities acquisition and construction         41,750         -         -         -           Total budgetary basis disbursements         18,360,592         18,385,542         18,214,924         170,618           Excess of budgetary basis disbursements.         43,895         (70,044)         132,100         202,144           Other financing sources (uses):           Refund of prior year's expenditures         80,000         92,781         93,004         223           Transfers in         10,000         188         188         -           Transfers (out).         (140,000)         (78,500)         (78,488)         12           Advances in.         80,00									
Operations and maintenance.         1,107,229         1,026,776         986,055         40,721           Pupil transportation.         1,397,625         1,485,001         1,453,990         31,011           Central.         79,125         78,661         77,204         1,457           Other operation of non-instructional services         37,584         4,135         4,058         77           Extracurricular activities.         273,946         318,865         317,907         958           Facilities acquisition and construction         41,750         -         -         -         -           Total budgetary basis disbursements         18,360,592         18,385,542         18,214,924         170,618           Excess of budgetary basis disbursements.         43,895         (70,044)         132,100         202,144           Other financing sources (uses):           Refund of prior year's expenditures         80,000         92,781         93,004         223           Transfers (out).         (140,000)         (78,500)         (78,488)         12           Advances (out).         (140,000)         (78,500)         (78,488)         12           Advances (out).         (70,000)         (70,000)         (70,000)         (70,000)         70									
Pupil transportation         1,397,625         1,485,001         1,453,990         31,011           Central.         79,125         78,661         77,204         1,457           Other operation of non-instructional services         37,584         4,135         4,058         77           Extracurricular activities.         273,946         318,865         317,907         958           Facilities acquisition and construction         41,750         -         -         -         -           Total budgetary basis disbursements         18,360,592         18,385,542         18,214,924         170,618           Excess of budgetary basis disbursements.         43,895         (70,044)         132,100         202,144           Other financing sources (uses):           Refund of prior year's expenditures         80,000         92,781         93,004         223           Transfers (out).         (140,000)         (78,500)         (78,488)         12           Advances in.         80,000         70,000         (78,488)         12           Advances (out).         (70,000)         (70,000)         (70,000)         -           Sale of capital assets         1,000         1,506         1,417         (89)           Total other fina									
Central.         79,125         78,661         77,204         1,457           Other operation of non-instructional services         37,584         4,135         4,058         77           Extracurricular activities         273,946         318,865         317,907         958           Facilities acquisition and construction         41,750         -         -         -           Total budgetary basis disbursements         18,360,592         18,385,542         18,214,924         170,618           Excess of budgetary basis disbursements         43,895         (70,044)         132,100         202,144           Other financing sources (uses):           Refund of prior year's expenditures         80,000         92,781         93,004         223           Transfers in         10,000         188         188         -           Transfers (out)         (140,000)         (78,500)         (78,488)         12           Advances in         80,000         70,000         70,000         -           Sale of capital assets         1,000         1,506         1,417         (89)           Total other financing sources (uses)         (39,000)         15,975         16,121         146           Net change in fund cash balance         4,	-								,
Other operation of non-instructional services         37,584         4,135         4,058         77           Extracurricular activities         273,946         318,865         317,907         958           Facilities acquisition and construction         41,750         -         -         -           Total budgetary basis disbursements         18,360,592         18,385,542         18,214,924         170,618           Excess of budgetary basis receipts over budgetary basis disbursements         43,895         (70,044)         132,100         202,144           Other financing sources (uses):           Refund of prior year's expenditures         80,000         92,781         93,004         223           Transfers in         10,000         188         188         -           Transfers (out).         (140,000)         (78,500)         (78,488)         12           Advances in.         80,000         70,000         70,000         -           Advances (out)         (70,000)         (70,000)         (70,000)         -           Sale of capital assets         1,000         1,506         1,417         (89)           Total other financing sources (uses)         (39,000)         15,975         16,121         146           Net change	•								
Extracurricular activities.         273,946         318,865         317,907         958           Facilities acquisition and construction.         41,750         -         -         -         -           Total budgetary basis disbursements.         18,360,592         18,385,542         18,214,924         170,618           Excess of budgetary basis receipts         (70,044)         132,100         202,144           Other financing sources (uses):           Refund of prior year's expenditures         80,000         92,781         93,004         223           Transfers in         10,000         188         188         -           Transfers (out).         (140,000)         (78,500)         (78,488)         12           Advances in.         80,000         70,000         70,000         -           Advances (out)         (70,000)         (70,000)         (70,000)         -           Sale of capital assets         1,000         1,506         1,417         (89)           Total other financing sources (uses)         (39,000)         15,975         16,121         146           Net change in fund cash balance         4,895         (54,069)         148,221         202,290           Fund cash balance at beginning of year         <									
Facilities acquisition and construction         41,750         -         -         -           Total budgetary basis disbursements         18,360,592         18,385,542         18,214,924         170,618           Excess of budgetary basis receipts over budgetary basis disbursements         43,895         (70,044)         132,100         202,144           Other financing sources (uses):           Refund of prior year's expenditures         80,000         92,781         93,004         223           Transfers in         10,000         188         188         -           Transfers (out)         (140,000)         (78,500)         (78,488)         12           Advances in         80,000         70,000         70,000         -           Advances (out)         (70,000)         (70,000)         (70,000)         -           Sale of capital assets         1,000         1,506         1,417         (89)           Total other financing sources (uses)         (39,000)         15,975         16,121         146           Net change in fund cash balance         4,895         (54,069)         148,221         202,290           Fund cash balance at beginning of year         9,281,867         9,281,867         -           Prior year encumbrances appro	•								
Total budgetary basis disbursements         18,360,592         18,385,542         18,214,924         170,618           Excess of budgetary basis receipts over budgetary basis disbursements         43,895         (70,044)         132,100         202,144           Other financing sources (uses):           Refund of prior year's expenditures         80,000         92,781         93,004         223           Transfers in         10,000         188         188         -           Transfers (out)         (140,000)         (78,500)         (78,488)         12           Advances in         80,000         70,000         70,000         -           Advances (out)         (70,000)         (70,000)         (70,000)         -           Sale of capital assets         1,000         1,506         1,417         (89)           Total other financing sources (uses)         (39,000)         15,975         16,121         146           Net change in fund cash balance         4,895         (54,069)         148,221         202,290           Fund cash balance at beginning of year         9,281,867         9,281,867         9,281,867         -           Prior year encumbrances appropriated         252,885         252,885         252,885         -					510,005		517,507		-
Excess of budgetary basis receipts over budgetary basis disbursements.       43,895       (70,044)       132,100       202,144         Other financing sources (uses):         Refund of prior year's expenditures       80,000       92,781       93,004       223         Transfers in       10,000       188       188       -         Transfers (out).       (140,000)       (78,500)       (78,488)       12         Advances in.       80,000       70,000       70,000       -         Advances (out)       (70,000)       (70,000)       (70,000)       -         Sale of capital assets       1,000       1,506       1,417       (89)         Total other financing sources (uses)       (39,000)       15,975       16,121       146         Net change in fund cash balance       4,895       (54,069)       148,221       202,290         Fund cash balance at beginning of year       9,281,867       9,281,867       -         Prior year encumbrances appropriated       252,885       252,885       252,885       -	1				18.385.542	-	18.214.924		170.618
Other financing sources (uses):     80,000     92,781     93,004     223       Transfers in     10,000     188     188     -       Transfers (out)     (140,000)     (78,500)     (78,488)     12       Advances in     80,000     70,000     70,000     -       Advances (out)     (70,000)     (70,000)     (70,000)     -       Sale of capital assets     1,000     1,506     1,417     (89)       Total other financing sources (uses)     (39,000)     15,975     16,121     146       Net change in fund cash balance     4,895     (54,069)     148,221     202,290       Fund cash balance at beginning of year     9,281,867     9,281,867     9,281,867     -       Prior year encumbrances appropriated     252,885     252,885     252,885     -	Total daugetary dubis discussements		10,500,532		10,505,512		10,21 1,521		170,010
Other financing sources (uses):         Refund of prior year's expenditures       80,000       92,781       93,004       223         Transfers in       10,000       188       188       -         Transfers (out)       (140,000)       (78,500)       (78,488)       12         Advances in       80,000       70,000       70,000       -         Advances (out)       (70,000)       (70,000)       (70,000)       -         Sale of capital assets       1,000       1,506       1,417       (89)         Total other financing sources (uses)       (39,000)       15,975       16,121       146         Net change in fund cash balance       4,895       (54,069)       148,221       202,290         Fund cash balance at beginning of year       9,281,867       9,281,867       9,281,867       -         Prior year encumbrances appropriated       252,885       252,885       252,885       -	Excess of budgetary basis receipts								
Refund of prior year's expenditures       80,000       92,781       93,004       223         Transfers in       10,000       188       188       -         Transfers (out)       (140,000)       (78,500)       (78,488)       12         Advances in       80,000       70,000       70,000       -         Advances (out)       (70,000)       (70,000)       (70,000)       -         Sale of capital assets       1,000       1,506       1,417       (89)         Total other financing sources (uses)       (39,000)       15,975       16,121       146         Net change in fund cash balance       4,895       (54,069)       148,221       202,290         Fund cash balance at beginning of year       9,281,867       9,281,867       9,281,867       -         Prior year encumbrances appropriated       252,885       252,885       252,885       -	over budgetary basis disbursements		43,895		(70,044)		132,100		202,144
Transfers in         10,000         188         188         -           Transfers (out)         (140,000)         (78,500)         (78,488)         12           Advances in         80,000         70,000         70,000         -           Advances (out)         (70,000)         (70,000)         (70,000)         -           Sale of capital assets         1,000         1,506         1,417         (89)           Total other financing sources (uses)         (39,000)         15,975         16,121         146           Net change in fund cash balance         4,895         (54,069)         148,221         202,290           Fund cash balance at beginning of year         9,281,867         9,281,867         9,281,867         -           Prior year encumbrances appropriated         252,885         252,885         252,885         -	Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers (out).       (140,000)       (78,500)       (78,488)       12         Advances in.       80,000       70,000       70,000       -         Advances (out)       (70,000)       (70,000)       (70,000)       -         Sale of capital assets       1,000       1,506       1,417       (89)         Total other financing sources (uses)       (39,000)       15,975       16,121       146         Net change in fund cash balance       4,895       (54,069)       148,221       202,290         Fund cash balance at beginning of year       9,281,867       9,281,867       9,281,867       -         Prior year encumbrances appropriated       252,885       252,885       252,885       -	Refund of prior year's expenditures		80,000		92,781		93,004		223
Advances in.       80,000       70,000       70,000       -         Advances (out)       (70,000)       (70,000)       (70,000)       -         Sale of capital assets       1,000       1,506       1,417       (89)         Total other financing sources (uses)       (39,000)       15,975       16,121       146         Net change in fund cash balance       4,895       (54,069)       148,221       202,290         Fund cash balance at beginning of year       9,281,867       9,281,867       9,281,867       -         Prior year encumbrances appropriated       252,885       252,885       252,885       -	Transfers in		10,000		188		188		-
Advances (out)       (70,000)       (70,000)       (70,000)       -         Sale of capital assets       1,000       1,506       1,417       (89)         Total other financing sources (uses)       (39,000)       15,975       16,121       146         Net change in fund cash balance       4,895       (54,069)       148,221       202,290         Fund cash balance at beginning of year       9,281,867       9,281,867       9,281,867       -         Prior year encumbrances appropriated       252,885       252,885       252,885       -	Transfers (out)		(140,000)		(78,500)		(78,488)		12
Sale of capital assets       1,000       1,506       1,417       (89)         Total other financing sources (uses)       (39,000)       15,975       16,121       146         Net change in fund cash balance       4,895       (54,069)       148,221       202,290         Fund cash balance at beginning of year       9,281,867       9,281,867       9,281,867       -         Prior year encumbrances appropriated       252,885       252,885       252,885       -	Advances in		80,000		70,000		70,000		-
Total other financing sources (uses)         (39,000)         15,975         16,121         146           Net change in fund cash balance         4,895         (54,069)         148,221         202,290           Fund cash balance at beginning of year         9,281,867         9,281,867         9,281,867         -           Prior year encumbrances appropriated         252,885         252,885         252,885         -	Advances (out)		(70,000)		(70,000)		(70,000)		-
Net change in fund cash balance       4,895       (54,069)       148,221       202,290         Fund cash balance at beginning of year       9,281,867       9,281,867       9,281,867       -         Prior year encumbrances appropriated       252,885       252,885       252,885       -	Sale of capital assets		1,000		1,506		1,417		(89)
Fund cash balance at beginning of year       9,281,867       9,281,867       9,281,867       -         Prior year encumbrances appropriated       252,885       252,885       252,885       -	Total other financing sources (uses)		(39,000)		15,975		16,121		146
Prior year encumbrances appropriated         252,885         252,885         252,885         -	Net change in fund cash balance		4,895		(54,069)		148,221		202,290
Prior year encumbrances appropriated         252,885         252,885         252,885         -	Fund cash balance at beginning of year		9,281,867		9,281,867		9,281,867		-
									-
		\$		\$	,	\$		\$	202,290

# STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	Priva	ate-Purpose Trust	Agency		
Assets:					
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	64,446	\$	180,094	
Investments		100,000			
Total assets		164,446		180,094	
Net cash position:					
Held for student activities		-		180,094	
Held in trust for scholarships		164,446		-	
Total net cash position	\$	164,446	\$	180,094	

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS FIDUCIARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Private PurposeTrust		
Additions:			
Interest	\$	3,758	
Gifts and contributions		6,605	
Total additions		10,363	
Deductions: Operation of non-instructional services		564 5,000	
Total deductions		5,564 4,799	
Net cash position at beginning of year		159,647	
Net cash position at end of year	\$	164,446	

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

Indian Lake Local School District (the "District") is organized under Article VI, Sections 2 and 3 of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. The District operates under a locally elected Board form of government consisting of five members elected at-large for staggered four-year terms. The District provides educational services as authorized by State statute and/or federal guidelines.

The District was established in 1962 through the consolidation of existing land areas and school districts. The District serves an area of approximately 110 square miles. It is located in Logan County, and includes all of the Village of Russells Point, Village of Lakeview, and Village of Huntsville. The District is staffed by 82 non-certified employees, 100 certified full-time teaching personnel, and 12 administrative employees who provide services to 1,502 students and other community members. The District currently operates one elementary school building, one middle school building, one comprehensive high school building, which includes the administrative offices, and one bus garage.

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

As discussed in Note 2.B, these basic financial statements (BFS) are presented on the modified cash basis of accounting. The modified cash basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). GAAP includes all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. In cases where these modified cash basis statements contain items that are the same as, or similar to, those items in financial statements prepared in conformity with GAAP, similar informative disclosures are provided.

#### A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "<u>Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units</u>" and GASB Statement No. 61, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34</u>". The reporting entity is composed of the primary government and component units. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's Governing Board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or (3) the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Certain organizations are also included as component units if the nature and significance of the relationship between the primary government and the organization is such that exclusion by the primary government would render the primary government's financial statements incomplete or misleading. Based upon the application of these criteria, the District has no component units. The basic financial statements of the reporting entity include only those of the District (the primary government).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (CONTINUED)

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The following organizations are described due to their relationship to the District:

#### JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

#### Western Ohio Computer Organization (WOCO)

The District is a participant in the Western Ohio Computer Organization (WOCO), which is a Council of Governments. WOCO is an association of various public school districts within the boundaries of Auglaize, Champaign, Hardin, Logan, Shelby, and Miami Counties. The organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions of member school districts. Each of the governments of these districts supports WOCO based upon a per pupil charge dependent on the software package utilized. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, the District does not have an equity interest in WOCO, as the residual interest in net resources of the joint venture upon dissolution is not equivalent to an equity interest. WOCO is governed by a Board of Directors consisting of the Superintendents of the member school districts and the degree of control is limited to the representation on the Board of Directors. Financial information can be obtained from Marcia Wierwille, Fiscal Officer, at 129 East Court Street, Sidney, Ohio 45365.

#### Ohio Hi-Point Joint Vocational School District

The Ohio Hi-Point Joint Vocational School District (the "Vocational School") is a political subdivision of the State of Ohio, which possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. The Vocational School is governed by a Board of Education that consists of a representative from each participating school district and its degree of control is limited to its representation on the Board of Education. To obtain financial information write to the Ohio Hi-Point Joint Vocational School District, Eric Adelsberger, who serves as Treasurer, at 2280 State Route 540, Bellefontaine, Ohio 43311.

#### Logan County Education Foundation

The Logan County Education Foundation (the "Foundation") was established to secure and distribute contributions from individuals, corporations, and foundations for the benefit of students within Logan County. The Foundation promotes, sponsors, and encourages the pursuit of excellence in education for students. The Foundation is managed by a Board of Trustees composed of six trustees from each school district. These trustees are nominated by their local school Boards of Education, including Bellefontaine City School District, Benjamin Logan Local School District, Indian Lake Local School District, and Riverside Local School District.

The Executive Board is comprised of the Midwest Regional Educational Service Center Superintendent representing the three local school districts and the Bellefontaine City School District Superintendent representing the city school district. Financial information can be obtained by contacting Karen Sorreles, Executive Director, 1973 State Route 47 West, Bellefontaine, Ohio 43311.

#### INSURANCE PURCHASING POOLS

#### Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program

The District participates in the Ohio Association of School Business Officials (OASBO) Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP). The GRP is sponsored by OASBO and administered by CompManagement, Inc. The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The District pays a fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (CONTINUED)

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

#### Logan County School Employee Consortium

On January 1, 2014, the Logan County School Employee Consortium formed a regional council of governments (the "COG") for the purpose of providing benefits through a self-funded insurance pool. The COG collects premiums from the Logan County School Employee Consortium participants and pays a third-party administrator to process the claims. Financial information can be obtained by contacting Mr. Eric Adelsberger, Treasurer, Logan County School Employee Consortium, 2280 State Route 540, Bellefontaine, Ohio 43311.

#### RELATED ORGANIZATION

#### Logan County Libraries

The Logan County Libraries (the "Library") is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio created under Chapter 3375 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Library is governed by a Board of Trustees appointed by the Judge of Common Pleas Court. The Board of Trustees possesses its own contracting and budgeting authority, hires and fires personnel, and does not depend on the District for operational subsidies. Although the District does serve as the taxing authority and may issue tax related debt on behalf of the Library, its role is limited to a ministerial function. The determination to request approval of a tax, the rate, and the purpose are discretionary decisions made solely by the Board of Trustees. Financial information can be obtained from the Logan County Libraries, Stacy Sandy, Fiscal Officer, at 220 North Main Street, Bellefontaine, Ohio 43311.

#### **B.** Basis of Accounting

Although required by Ohio Administrative Code § 117-2-03(B) to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with GAAP, the District chooses to prepare its financial statements and notes on the modified cash basis of accounting. The modified cash basis of accounting is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than GAAP. Receipts are recognized when received in cash rather than when earned, and disbursements are recognized when paid rather than when a liability is incurred.

Budgetary presentations report budgetary cash disbursements when a commitment is made (i.e. when an encumbrance is approved). The difference between disbursements reported in the fund and government-wide statements and disbursements reported in the budgetary statements is due to current year encumbrances being added to disbursements reported in the budgetary statements.

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, in accordance with the basis of accounting described in the preceding paragraphs.

#### C. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to report its financial position and the results of its operations. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain District activities or functions. Funds are classified into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Each category is divided into separate fund types. The District has no proprietary funds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (CONTINUED)

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

#### GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

The District classifies funds financed primarily from taxes, intergovernmental receipts (e.g. grants) and other non-exchange transactions as governmental funds. The following are the District's major governmental funds:

<u>General fund</u> - The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund cash balance is available for any purpose provided it is disbursed or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Bond retirement fund</u> - The bond retirement fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

<u>Permanent improvement fund</u> - The permanent improvement fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the construction and improvement of school facilities as are authorized by Chapter 5705, Revised Code.

Other governmental funds of the District are used to account for (a) financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to disbursements for capital outlays including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets and (b) specific receipt sources that are restricted or committed to a disbursement for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

#### FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net cash position and changes in net cash position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for cash assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the District's own programs. The District's private-purpose trust fund accounts for programs that provide college scholarships for students after graduation. Agency funds are custodial in nature and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The District's agency fund accounts for student activities.

#### D. Basis of Presentation

<u>Government-Wide Financial Statements</u> - The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

The government-wide statement of activities compares disbursements with program receipts for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. These disbursements are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Receipts which are not classified as program receipts are presented as general receipts of the District. The comparison of direct disbursements with program receipts identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing on the modified cash basis or draws from the general receipts of the District.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (CONTINUED)

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column, and all nonmajor funds are aggregated into one column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

#### E. Budgets

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriation resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources and the appropriation resolution are subject to amendment throughout the year with the legal restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources, as certified.

All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The District budgets and appropriates its agency funds. The primary level of budgetary control is at the fund, object level for the general fund, and the fund level for all other funds. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education.

#### 1. Tax Budget

Prior to January 15, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The express purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing or increased tax rates. By no later than January 20, the Board-adopted budget is filed with the Logan County Budget Commission for rate determination.

#### 2. Estimated Resources

Prior to April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the Logan County Budget Commission and receives the Commission's certificate of estimated resources which states the projected revenue of each fund.

Prior to July 1, the District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as the basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the certificate is amended to include any unencumbered cash balances from the preceding year. The certificate may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The amounts reported in the budgetary statement reflect the amounts in the original and final amended certificates issued during fiscal year 2019.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (CONTINUED)

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

#### 3. Appropriations

Upon receipt from the County Auditor of an amended certificate of estimated resources based on final assessed values and tax rates or a certificate saying no new certificate is necessary, the annual appropriation resolution must be legally enacted by the Board of Education at the fund, object level of expenditures for the general fund, and at the fund level for all other funds, which are the legal levels of budgetary control. Prior to the passage of the annual appropriations measure, the Board may pass a temporary appropriation measure to meet the ordinary expenses of the District.

The appropriation resolution, by fund, must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of expenditures and encumbrances may not exceed the appropriation total of any level of control. Any revisions that alter the total object appropriations within a fund (for general fund), or the total of any fund appropriations (for all other funds), must be approved by the Board of Education.

The Board may pass supplemental fund appropriations so long as the total appropriations by fund do not exceed the amounts set forth in the most recent certificate of estimated resources. During the year, several supplemental appropriations were legally enacted; however, none of these amendments were significant.

The budget figures which appear in the statement of budgetary comparisons represent the original and final appropriation amounts, including all supplemental appropriations.

#### 4. Encumbrances

As part of formal budgetary control, purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded as the equivalent of expenditures in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation and to determine and maintain legal compliance. Expenditures plus encumbrances may not legally exceed appropriations.

#### 5. Lapsing of Appropriations

At the close of each fiscal year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriation. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and are not reappropriated.

#### F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled in a central bank account. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents" on the basic financial statements.

During fiscal year 2019, investments were limited to the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio), money markets and negotiable CDs. Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value, which is based on quoted market prices. Nonparticipating investment contracts are reported at cost.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (CONTINUED)

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

STAR Ohio (the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio), is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 79, "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants." The District measures its investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides an NAV per share that approximates fair value.

For fiscal year 2019, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, notice must be given 24 hours in advance of all deposits and withdrawals exceeding \$25 million. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$100 million, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$100 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

Under existing Ohio statutes, all investment earnings are assigned to the general fund unless statutorily required to be credited to a specific fund. The Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest receipts credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2019 amounted to \$287,610, which includes \$72,707 assigned from other funds.

For presentation on the basic financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

An analysis of the District's investment account at fiscal year-end is provided in Note 4.

#### G. Capital Assets

Acquisition of property, plant, and equipment purchased are recorded as disbursements when paid. These items are not reflected as assets on the accompanying financial statements under the modified cash basis of accounting. Depreciation has not been reported for any capital assets.

#### H. Unpaid Vacation and Sick Leave

Employees are entitled to cash payments for unused vacation and sick leave in certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment. Unpaid vacation and sick leave are not reflected as liabilities under the modified cash basis of accounting.

#### I. Long-Term Obligations

Bonds and other long-term obligations are not recognized as a liability in the financial statements under the modified cash basis of accounting. These statements report proceeds of debt when cash is received, and debt service disbursements for debt principal and interest payments.

#### J. Employer Contributions to Cost-Sharing Pension Plans

The District recognizes the disbursements for employer contributions to cost-sharing pension plans when they are paid. As described in Notes 9 and 10, the employer contributions include portions for pension benefits and for postemployment healthcare.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (CONTINUED)

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

#### K. Fund Cash Balance

Fund cash balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - The nonspendable fund cash balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

<u>Restricted</u> - Fund cash balance is reported as restricted when constraints are placed on the use of resources that are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - The committed fund cash balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the District Board of Education (the highest level of decision making authority). Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund cash balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

<u>Assigned</u> - Amounts in the assigned fund cash balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted nor committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund cash balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by policies of the District Board of Education, which includes giving the Treasurer the authority to constrain monies for intended purposes.

<u>Unassigned</u> - Unassigned fund cash balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is only used to report a deficit fund cash balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) fund cash balance is available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund cash balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund cash balance classifications could be used.

#### L. Inventory and Prepaid Items

The District reports cash disbursements for inventory and prepaid items when paid. These items are not reflected as assets in the accompanying financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (CONTINUED)

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

#### M. Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, the District reports advances in and advances out for interfund loans. These items are not reflected as assets and liabilities in the accompanying fund financial statements under the modified cash basis of accounting. Advances are eliminated in the statement of activities.

#### N. Net Cash Position

Net cash position is reported as restricted when enabling legislation or creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments have imposed limitations on its use. The District first applies restricted resources when a disbursement is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net cash position is available. The District did not have any net cash position restricted by enabling legislation at June 30, 2019.

#### O. Restricted Cash Assets

Cash assets are reported as restricted when limitations on their use change the normal understanding of the availability of the cash assets. Such constraints are either imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, or laws of other governments or imposed by enabling legislation. The District did not have any restricted cash assets at June 30, 2019.

#### P. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as receipts in the seller funds and as disbursements in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular disbursements to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the basic financial statements.

#### Q. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during fiscal year 2019.

#### R. Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability and net OPEB asset, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (CONTINUED)

#### NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

#### A. Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2019, the District has implemented GASB Statement No. 83, "<u>Certain Asset Retirement Obligations</u>" and GASB Statement No. 88, "<u>Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, Including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements</u>".

GASB Statement No. 83 addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations (AROs). An ARO is a legally enforceable liability associated with the retirement of a tangible capital asset. A government that has legal obligations to perform future asset retirement activities related to its tangible capital assets should recognize a liability. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 83 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 88 improves the information that is disclosed in notes to the basic financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements. It also clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 88 did not have an effect on the financial statement of the District.

#### **B.** Deficit Fund Balances

Fund balances at June 30, 2019 included the following individual fund deficits:

Nonmajor funds	Deficit		
IDEA Part B	\$ 3,853		
Title I, Disadvantaged Children	5,934		
Improving Teacher Quality	99		
Miscellaneous Grant Funds	12,101		

The general fund is liable for any deficit in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required. The deficit fund balances resulted when monies were requested, but were not received by June 30, 2019.

#### C. Compliance

Ohio Administrative Code, Section 117-2-03(B), requires the District to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. However, the District prepared its financial statements on a modified cash basis, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The accompanying financial statements omit assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, net position/fund balances, and disclosures that, while material, cannot be determined at this time. The District can be fined and various other administrative remedies may be taken against the District.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (CONTINUED)

#### **NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS**

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories.

Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio, or legal governments;
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in items (1) and (2) above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool, the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio);
- 8. Certain banker's acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty and two hundred seventy days, respectively, from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed forty percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time; and,

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (CONTINUED)

#### **NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)**

9. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

#### A. Cash on Hand

At fiscal year end, the District had \$225 in undeposited cash on hand, which is included on the financial statements of the District as part of "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents".

#### **B.** Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2019, the carrying amount of all District deposits was \$6,562,002. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures", as of June 30, 2019, \$3,641,654 of the District's bank balance of \$6,713,102 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below, while \$3,071,448 was covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC).

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the District will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits either be insured or protected by (1) eligible securities pledged to the District and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose market value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured, or (2) participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total market value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of State. For fiscal year 2019, certain District financial institutions did not participate in the OPCS while certain other financial institutions did participate in the OPCS. Those financial institutions that did participate were approved for a reduced collateral rate of 102 percent through the OPCS. Although all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with Federal requirements could potentially subject the District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

#### C. Investments

As of June 30, 2019, the District had the following investments and maturities:

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (CONTINUED)

#### **NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)**

				Investment Maturities								
Investment type		ance at ng Value	6	months or less		7 to 12 months		13 to 18 months		19 to 24 months		eater than 4 months
STAR Ohio Negotiable CDs Money Market Accounts		366,285 903,000 31,214	\$	6,366,285 749,000 31,214	\$	250,000	\$	311,000	\$	347,000	\$	246,000
Total	\$ 8,	300,499	\$	7,146,499	\$	250,000	\$	311,000	\$	347,000	\$	246,000

The weighted average maturity of investments is 0.02 years.

*Interest Rate Risk:* Interest rate risk arises when potential purchasers of debt securities will not agree to pay face value for those securities if interest rates subsequently increase. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to State law, the District's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

Credit Risk: Standard & Poor's has assigned STAR Ohio an AAAm money market rating. Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The negotiable CDs and money market accounts were not rated. The District's investment policy does not address investment credit risk beyond the requirements of State statutes.

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial credit risk beyond the requirement in State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the District at June 30, 2019:

<u>Investment type</u>	Carrying Value	% to Total
STAR Ohio	\$ 6,366,285	76.70
Negotiable CDs	1,903,000	22.93
Money Market Accounts	31,214	0.37
Total	\$ 8,300,499	100.00

#### D. Reconciliation of Cash to the Statement of Net Position

The following is a reconciliation of cash as reported in the note above to cash as reported on the statement of net position as of June 30, 2019:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (CONTINUED)

#### **NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)**

Cash per note		
Carrying amount of deposits	\$	6,562,002
Investments		8,300,499
Cash on hand		225
Total	<u>\$</u>	14,862,726
Cash per statement of net position		
Governmental activities	\$	14,518,186
Private-purpose trust fund		164,446
Agency fund		180,094
Total	\$	14.862.726

### **NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS**

**A.** Interfund transfers during fiscal year 2019 consisted of the following, as reported on the fund financial statements:

<u>Transfers from general fund to:</u>	 mount
Nonmajor governmental funds	\$ 67,300
Total	\$ 67,300

Transfers are used to (1) move cash receipts from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to disburse them, and (2) to use unrestricted cash receipts collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Interfund transfers between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements; therefore, no transfers are reported in the statement of activities.

**B.** During fiscal year 2019, the District advanced \$40,000 from the general fund to a nonmajor governmental fund. The nonmajor governmental fund repaid the \$40,000 advance to the general fund before fiscal year end. However, this was not presented on the fund financial statement, as the advance was repaid during the audit period.

Interfund advances between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements; therefore, no advances are reported on the statement of activities.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (CONTINUED)

#### **NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES**

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property and public utility property. Real property tax receipts received in calendar year 2019 represent the collection of calendar year 2018 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2019 were levied after April 1, 2018, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2018, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established. Public utility property tax receipts received in calendar year 2019 represent the collection of calendar year 2018 taxes. Public utility real and personal property taxes received in calendar year 2019 became a lien on December 31, 2017, were levied after April 1, 2018, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The District receives property taxes from Logan and Auglaize Counties. The County Auditors periodically advance to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the Counties by June 30, 2019, are available to finance fiscal year 2019 operations. The amount of second-half real property taxes available for advance at fiscal year-end can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2019 taxes were collected are:

	2018 Second				2019 First			
		Half Collecti	ions		Half Collections			
		Amount	Percent		Amount	Percent		
Agricultural/residential								
and other real estate	\$	406,881,460	96.73	\$ 4	108,785,790	96.58		
Public utility personal		13,752,060	3.27		14,470,460	3.42		
Total	\$	420,633,520	100.00	\$ 4	123,256,250	100.00		
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$	52.15		\$	52.15			

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (CONTINUED)

#### NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

During fiscal year 2019, the following changes occurred in the District's long-term obligations:

	Balance Outstanding July 1, 2018	Additions	Reductions	Balance Outstanding June 30, 2019	Amounts Due in One Year
Governmental activities:					
2017 General Obligation Refunding Bonds 2015 General Obligation Refunding Bonds 2008 Capital Appreciation Bonds	\$ 15,175,000 4,115,000 11,793	\$ - - -	\$ (800,000) (840,000) (11,793)	\$ 14,375,000 3,275,000	\$ 930,000 875,000
Total governmental activities	\$ 19,301,793	\$ -	\$ (1,651,793)	\$ 17,650,000	\$ 1,805,000

<u>Series 2017 General Obligation Refunding Bonds:</u> On March 18, 2017, the District issued \$12,905,000 in general obligation current refunding bonds and \$2,475,000 in advance refunding general obligation bonds with an interest rate ranging from 2.00%-5.00% for the purpose of refunding the remaining \$13,375,000 2007 advance refunding bonds and the remaining \$2,475,000 2008 school facilities construction and improvement general obligation bonds. The bonds were issued for an 18 year period with a final maturity at December 1, 2034.

<u>Series 2015 General Obligation Refunding Bonds:</u> On March 18, 2015, the District issued \$5,785,000 in general obligation refunding bonds to refund the remaining \$5,815,000 plus one interest payment of \$123,495 on the Series 2005 general obligation advance refunding bonds that were for the purpose of advance refunding \$8,420,000 of the 1996 Construction and Improvement Bonds. The bonds include serial bonds in the amount of \$5,785,000. The bonds were issued for an eight-year period, with final maturity on December 1, 2022. The bonds are being retired from the bond retirement fund.

The serial bonds maturing after December 1, 2015, are subject to redemption at the option of the District, either in whole or in part, in such order as the District shall determine, on any interest payment date on or after December 1, 2015, at 100 percent of the principal amount redeemed plus accrued interest to the redemption date. The serial bonds bear interest rates ranging from 2.00% to 4.00%.

2008 School Facilities Construction and Improvement General Obligation Bonds - On December 10, 2008, the District issued \$3,124,999 in voted general obligation bonds for construction and improvements to the school buildings, with an interest rate ranging from 3.00% - 5.25%. The bond issue included current interest serial bonds and capital appreciation bonds in the amounts of \$3,080,000 and \$44,999, respectively. The balance of the current interest serial bonds in the amount of \$2,475,000 were refunded on March 14, 2017.

The capital appreciation bonds matured in fiscal years 2017 through 2019. The maturity amounts of the bonds are \$110,000, \$110,000, and \$110,000, respectively, for a total maturity of \$330,000.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (CONTINUED)

### **NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)**

Principal and interest requirements to retire the District's long-term obligations at June 30, 2019 are as follows:

<u>June 30,</u>	_	Principal		Interest		Total	
2020	\$	1,805,000	\$	578,238	\$	2,383,238	
2021		1,835,000		541,838		2,376,838	
2022		1,860,000		500,363		2,360,363	
2023		1,575,000		460,738		2,035,738	
2024		990,000		433,100		1,423,100	
2025-2029		4,260,000		1,661,950		5,921,950	
2030-2034		4,510,000		724,081		5,234,081	
2035	_	815,000		18,338		833,338	
Total	\$	17,650,000	\$	4,918,646	\$	22,568,646	

#### **NOTE 8 - RISK MANAGEMENT**

#### A. Property and Liability

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft or damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. The District maintains comprehensive insurance coverage for real property, building contents, and vehicles. Vehicle policies include liability coverage for bodily injury and property damage. Real property and contents are fully insured. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District's comprehensive commercial insurance coverage for real property and building contents has a liability limit of \$98,390,258, a \$10,000 deductible, and a 100 percent coinsurance.

The District's fleet insurance has a liability limit of \$2,000,000, \$5,000 for medical payments. The policy includes a \$1,000 deductible for comprehensive and collision coverage with all buses covered for cash value or replacement cost if the bus is ten years old or newer.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (CONTINUED)

#### **NOTE 8 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)**

#### **B.** Workers' Compensation

For fiscal year 2019, the District participated in the Ohio Association of School Business Officials (OASBO) Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is tiered into groups based upon past workers' compensation experience. Within each tiered group, a common premium rate is applied to all school districts within that group. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of their tiered group. This "equity pooling" arrangement ensures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of CompManagement, Inc. provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

#### C. Health Insurance

The District participates in the Logan County Schools Benefit Plan through the Logan County School Employee Consortium Council of Governments (the "COG") as described in Note 2.A.

#### NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

### Net Pension Liability

Pensions are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period.

The net pension liability represents the School District's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

The Ohio Revised Code limits the District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The School District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, the School District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (CONTINUED)

#### NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

GASB 68 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable.

### Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description - The District's non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to Retire on or before August 1, 2017 *	Eligible to Retire after August 1, 2017
Full benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially reduced benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit; or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

<sup>\*</sup> Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017, will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service; 2.2% for the first thirty years of service and 2.5% for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

Effective January 1, 2018, SERS cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) changed from a fixed 3% annual increase to one based on the Consumer Price Index (CPI-W) with a cap of 2.5% and a floor of 0%. SERS also has the authority to award or suspend the COLA, or to adjust the COLA above or below CPI-W. SERS suspended the COLA increases for 2018, 2019 and 2020 for current retirees, and confirmed their intent to implement a four-year waiting period for the state of a COLA for future retirees.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (CONTINUED)

#### **NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)**

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10% of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute 14% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10% for plan members and 14% for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 13.5%. The remaining 0.5% of the employer contribution rate was allocated to the Health Care Fund.

The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$332,403 for fiscal year 2019.

#### Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description - Licensed teachers participate in STRS Ohio, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS website at <a href="https://www.strsoh.org">www.strsoh.org</a>.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307. The DB Plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation will be 2.2% of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. Effective July 1, 2017, the cost-of-living adjustment was reduced to zero. Members are eligible to retire at age 60 with five years of qualifying service credit, or age 55 with 26 years of service, or 31 years of service regardless of age. Eligibility changes will be phased in until August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five years of service credit and age 65, or 35 years of service credit and at least age 60.

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 9.53% of the 14% employer contributions into an investment account. Investment allocation decisions are determined by the member. The remaining 4.47% of the 14% employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, 12% of the 14% member rate goes to the DC Plan and the remaining 2% is applied to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity after termination of employment at age 50 or later.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (CONTINUED)

#### **NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)**

New members who choose the DC Plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. New members on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit to apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy - Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. For fiscal year 2019, plan members were required to contribute 14% of their annual covered salary. The District was required to contribute 14%; the entire 14% was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The fiscal year 2019 contribution rates were equal to the statutory maximum rates.

The District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$1,027,919 for fiscal year 2019.

#### Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities.

Following is information related to the proportionate share:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Proportion of the net pension			
liability prior measurement date	0.07476760%	0.06238512%	
Proportion of the net pension			
liability current measurement date	0.07286450%	0.06206409%	
Change in proportionate share	- <u>0.00190310</u> %	-0.00032103%	
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 4,173,085	\$ 13,646,500	\$ 17,819,585

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (CONTINUED)

### NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

#### **Actuarial Assumptions - SERS**

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2018, are presented below:

Wage inflation
Future salary increases, including inflation
COLA or ad hoc COLA

3.00% 3.50% to 18.20%

Investment rate of return Actuarial cost method 2.50%, on and after April 1, 2018, COLA's for future retirees will be delayed for three years following commencement 7.50% net of investments expense, including inflation Entry age normal (level percent of payroll)

For 2018, the mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five-year age set-back for both males and females. Mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries were based upon the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates. Mortality among disabled members was based upon the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2015.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (CONTINUED)

#### NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major assets class are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Cash	1.00 %	0.50 %
U.S. Equity	22.50	4.75
International Equity	22.50	7.00
Fixed Income	19.00	1.50
Private Equity	10.00	8.00
Real Assets	15.00	5.00
Multi-Asset Strategies	10.00	3.00
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate - The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earning were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.50%). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.50%), or one percentage point higher (8.50%) than the current rate.

	Current					
	1%	6.50%)	Dis	(7.50%)	1% Increase (8.50%)	
District's proportionate						
share of the net pension liability	\$	5,878,105	\$	4.173.085	\$	2,743,540

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (CONTINUED)

#### **NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)**

### **Actuarial Assumptions - STRS**

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the July 1, 2018, actuarial valuation are presented below:

	July 1, 2018
Inflation	2.50%
Projected salary increases	12.50% at age 20 to
	2.50% at age 65
Investment rate of return	7.45%, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Payroll increases	3.00%
Cost-of-living adjustments (COLA)	0.0%, effective July 1, 2017

For the July 1, 2018, actuarial valuation, post-retirement mortality rates for healthy retirees are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50% of rates through age 69, 70% of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90% of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100% of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90% of rates for males and 100% of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2018, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

STRS Ohio's investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation**	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return *
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00 %	

<sup>\*10-</sup>Year geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (CONTINUED)

#### **NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)**

\*\*The Target Allocation percentage is effective as of July 1, 2017. Target weights will be phased in over a 24-month period concluding on July 1, 2019.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.45% as of June 30, 2018. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs of future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members, are not included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2018. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.45% was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2018.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following table presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.45%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.45%) or one-percentage-point higher (8.45%) than the current rate:

	Current			
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase	
	(6.45%)	(7.45%)	(8.45%)	
District's proportionate				
share of the net pension liability	\$ 19,928,917	\$ 13,646,500	\$ 8,329,286	

#### NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS

### Net OPEB Liability/Asset

OPEB is a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. OPEB are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period.

The net OPEB liability/asset represents the District's proportionate share of each OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net OPEB liability/asset calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting these estimates annually.

The Ohio Revised Code limits the District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The School District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which OPEB are financed; however, the School District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including OPEB.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (CONTINUED)

#### **NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)**

GASB 75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because they benefit from employee services. OPEB contributions come from these employers and health care plan enrollees which pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. Any change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net OPEB liability/asset. Resulting adjustments to the net OPEB liability/asset would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

#### Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Health Care Plan Description - The District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 75 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. SERS' Health Care Plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of most types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage. In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree, are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of 65 and therefore enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at <a href="https://www.ohsers.org">www.ohsers.org</a> under Employers/Audit Resources.

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board established the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14% of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For fiscal year 2019, 0.5% of covered payroll was made to health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2019, this amount was \$21,600. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2% of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5% of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2019, the District's surcharge obligation was \$38,931.

The surcharge added to the allocated portion of the 14% employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$51,242 for fiscal year 2019.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (CONTINUED)

#### NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

#### Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued effective January 1, 2020. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting <a href="https://www.strsoh.org">www.strsoh.org</a> or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy – Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Nearly all health care plan enrollees, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14% of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.

#### Net OPEB Liability/Asset

The net OPEB liability/asset was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total OPEB liability/asset used to calculate the net OPEB liability/asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability/asset was based on the District's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share:

		SERS		STRS	Total
Proportion of the net OPEB					
liability prior measurement date	0.	07565100%	0.0	06238512%	
Proportion of the net OPEB					
liability/asset current measurement date	0.	07371940%	0.0	06206409%	
Change in proportionate share	-0.	00193160%	-0.0	00032103%	
Proportionate share of the net					
OPEB liability	\$	2,045,175	\$	-	\$ 2,045,175
Proportionate share of the net					
OPEB asset	\$	-	\$	997,306	\$ 997,306

#### **Actuarial Assumptions - SERS**

The total OPEB liability is determined by SERS' actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (CONTINUED)

### **NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)**

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2018, are presented below:

Wage inflation	3.00%
Future salary increases, including inflation	3.50% to 18.20%
Investment rate of return	7.50% net of investments
	expense, including inflation
Municipal bond index rate:	
Measurement date	3.62%
Prior measurement date	3.56%
Single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense,	
including price inflation:	
Measurement date	3.70%
Prior measurement date	3.63%
Medical trend assumption:	
Medicare	5.375 to 4.75%
Pre-Medicare	7.25 to 4.75%

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and Scale BB, 120% of male rates and 110% of female rates. RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table with 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates set back five years.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2015.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (CONTINUED)

### **NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)**

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the actuarial five-year experience study. The most recent study covers fiscal years 2010 through 2015, and was adopted by the Board on April 21, 2016. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return, 7.50%, by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as used in the June 30, 2015 five-year experience study, are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	1.00 %	0.50 %
U.S. Stocks	22.50	4.75
Non-U.S. Stocks	22.50	7.00
Fixed Income	19.00	1.50
Private Equity	10.00	8.00
Real Assets	15.00	5.00
Multi-Asset Strategies	10.00	3.00
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2018 was 3.70%. The discount rate used to measure total OPEB liability prior to June 30, 2018 was 3.63%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and the System at the state statute contribution rate of 2.00% of projected covered employee payroll each year, which includes a 1.50% payroll surcharge and 0.50% of contributions from the basic benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make future benefit payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2026. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan assets was used to present value the projected benefit payments through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025 and the Fidelity General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index rate of 3.62%, as of June 30, 2018 (i.e. municipal bond rate), was used to present value the projected benefit payments for the remaining years in the projection. A municipal bond rate of 3.56% was used as of June 30, 2017. The total present value of projected benefit payments from all years was then used to determine the single rate of return that was used as the discount rate. The projection of future benefit payments for all current plan members was until the benefit payments ran out.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (CONTINUED)

### **NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)**

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates - The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate. The following table presents the net OPEB liability of SERS, what SERS' net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.70%) and higher (4.70%) than the current discount rate (3.70%). Also shown is what SERS' net OPEB liability would be based on health care cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (6.25% decreasing to 3.75%) and higher (8.25% decreasing to 5.75%) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease (2.70%)		Current Discount Rate (3.70%)		1% Increase (4.70%)	
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	2,481,659	\$	2,045,175	\$	1,699,562
			(	Current		
	1%	Decrease	Tı	end Rate	1%	Increase
	(6.25 % decreasing		(7.25 % decreasing		(8.25 % decreasing	
	to	3.75 %)	to	4.75 %)	to	5.75 %)
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	1,650,081	\$	2,045,175	\$	2,568,351

#### **Actuarial Assumptions - STRS**

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the July 1, 2018, actuarial valuation, compared with July 1, 2017, are presented below:

	July 1, 2018		July 1, 2017		
Inflation	2.50%		2.50%		
Projected salary increases	12.50% at age 20 to		12.50% at age 20 to		
	2.50% at age 65		2.50% at age 65		
Investment rate of return	7.45%, net of investment expenses, including inflation				7.45%, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Payroll increases	3.00%		3.00%		
Cost-of-living adjustments (COLA)	0.00%		0.00%, effective July 1, 2017		
Discounted rate of return	7.45%		N/A		
Blended discount rate of return	N/A		4.13%		
Health care cost trends			6 to 11% initial, 4.50% ultimate		
	Initial	Ultimate			
Medical					
Pre-Medicare	6.00%	4.00%			
Medicare	5.00%	4.00%			
Prescription Drug					
Pre-Medicare	8.00%	4.00%			
Medicare	-5.23%	4.00%			

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (CONTINUED)

#### **NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)**

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

For healthy retirees the mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50% of rates through age 69, 70% of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90% of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100% of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90% of rates for males and 100% of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

Assumption Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date - The discount rate was increased from the blended rate of 4.13% to the long-term expected rate of return of 7.45% based on the methodology defined under GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB). Valuation year per capita health care costs were updated.

**Benefit Term Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date** - The subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was increased from 1.90% to 1.944% per year of service effective January 1, 2019. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2019 and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 1, 2020.

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

	Target	Long Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation**	Real Rate of Return *
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00 %	

<sup>\*10-</sup>Year geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

<sup>\*\*</sup> The Target Allocation percentage is effective as of July 1, 2017. Target weights will be phased in over a 24-month period concluding on July 1, 2019.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (CONTINUED)

#### **NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)**

**Discount Rate** - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB asset was 7.45% as of June 30, 2018. A discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 4.13% as of June 30, 2017. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes STRS Ohio continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on health care plan investments of 7.45% was used to measure the total OPEB asset as of June 30, 2018.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount and Health Care Cost Trend Rate - The following table represents the net OPEB asset as of June 30, 2018, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.45%, as well as what the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower 6.45%) or one percentage point higher (8.45%) than the current assumption. Also shown is the net OPEB asset as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates.

	1%	Decrease (6.45%)	Disc	Current count Rate (7.45%)	19	6 Increase (8.45%)
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	\$	854,785	\$	997,306	\$	1,117,089
	1%	Decrease		Current rend Rate	19	6 Increase
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	\$	1,110,327	\$	997,306	\$	882,525

#### **NOTE 11 - CONTINGENCIES**

#### A. Grants

The District receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal, State and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the District. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on the financial position of the District.

#### B. Litigation

The District is a party to legal proceedings. However, the outcome of any legal action is unknown at this time and the District is not able to estimate the financial impact, if any, on the financial condition of the District.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (CONTINUED)

#### **NOTE 11 - CONTINGENCIES - (Continued)**

#### C. Foundation Funding

District Foundation funding is based on the annualized full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment of each student. Traditional Districts must comply with minimum hours of instruction, instead of a minimum number of school days each year. The funding formula the Ohio Department of Education (ODE) is legislatively required to follow will continue to adjust as enrollment information is updated by the District, which can extend past the fiscal year-end. As of the date of this report, ODE has finalized the impact of enrollment adjustments to the June 30, 2019 Foundation funding for the District. As a result, the District owes \$4,393 to ODE. This amount has not been included in the financial statements.

#### **NOTE 12 - SET-ASIDES**

The District is required by State law to annually set-aside certain general fund cash receipt amounts, as defined by statutory formula, for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at fiscal year-end. This amount must be carried forward to be used for the same purpose in future years. Disbursements and other applicable offsets exceeding the set-aside requirement may not be carried forward to the next fiscal year.

The following cash-basis information describes the change in the fiscal year end set-aside amount for capital improvements. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	Capital provements
Set-aside balance June 30, 2018	\$ -
Current year set-aside requirement	281,075
Current year qualifying disbursements	 (716,415)
Total	\$ (435,340)
Balance carried forward to fiscal year 2020	\$ 
Set-aside balance June 30, 2019	\$ 

In prior fiscal years, the District issued \$18,001,887 in capital related debt obligations. These proceeds may be used to reduce the capital improvements set-aside amount for future years. The amount presented for prior year offset from debt proceeds is limited to an amount needed to reduce the capital improvements set-aside balance to \$0. The District is responsible for tracking the amount of debt proceeds that may be used as an offset in future periods, which was \$17,708,310 at June 30, 2019.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (CONTINUED)

#### NOTE 13 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the modified cash basis, the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances.

The statement of cash receipts, disbursements and changes in fund balance - budget and actual (budget basis) presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget.

The major differences between the budget basis and the modified cash basis are that:

- (a) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of a cash disbursement, as opposed to assigned, committed, or restricted fund cash balance for that portion of outstanding encumbrances (modified cash basis); and,
- (b) Some funds are included in the general fund (modified cash basis), but have separate legally adopted budgets (budget basis).

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the modified cash basis for the general fund is as follows:

#### **Net Change in Fund Cash Balance**

	Ge	neral fund
Budget basis	\$	148,221
Adjustment for revenues		(1)
Adjustment for expenditures		83,422
Net Adjustment for other financing sources/(uses)		(83,421)
Funds budgeted elsewhere		(61,543)
Adjustment for encumbrances		98,960
Modified cash basis	\$	185,638

Certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate fund classifications are considered part of the general fund on a modified cash basis. This includes the uniform school supplies fund, public school fund, underground storage tank fund and termination benefits fund.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (CONTINUED)

#### **NOTE 14 - COMMITMENTS**

The District utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year end may be reported as part of restricted, committed, or assigned classifications of fund cash balance. At year end, the District's commitments for encumbrances in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Y	ear End
<u>Fund</u>	<u>Enc</u>	<u>ımbrances</u>
General	\$	98,960
Nonmajor governmental funds		238,202
Total	\$	337,162

### NOTE 15 - TAX ABATEMENT AGREEMENTS ENTERED INTO BY OTHER GOVERNMENTS

Other governments entered into property tax abatement agreements with property owners under Enterprise Zone Agreements ("EZAs") with the taxing districts of the District. The EZAs are directive incentive tax exemption programs benefiting property owners who renovate or construct new buildings. Under this program, the other governments designated areas to encourage revitalization of the existing housing stock and the development of new structures. Within the taxing districts of the District, the Village of Russells Point has entered into such agreements. Under these agreements, the District's property taxes were reduced by \$65,042. The District is not receiving any amounts from these other governments in association with the forgone property tax revenue.

### **NOTE 16 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the ensuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the District. The District's investment portfolio and the investments of the pension and other employee benefit plan in which the District participates have incurred a significant decline in fair value, consistent with the general decline in financial markets. However, because the values of individual investments fluctuate with market conditions, and due to market volatility, the amount of losses that will be recognized in subsequent periods, if any, cannot be determined. In addition, the impact on the District's future operating costs, revenues, and any recovery from emergency funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated.

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# SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

FEDERAL GRANTOR Pass Through Grantor Program / Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	(1) (2) Total Federal Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Passed Through Ohio Department of Education		
Child Nutrition Cluster: School Breakfast Program: Non-Cash Assistance (Food Distribution) Cash Assistance Total School Breakfast Program	10.553 10.553	\$ 4,500 102,354 106,854
National School Lunch Program: Non-Cash Assistance (Food Distribution) Cash Assistance Total National School Lunch Program	10.555 10.555	43,426 311,070 354,496
Total Child Nutrition Cluster and U.S. Department of Agriculture		461,350
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Passed Through Ohio Department of Education		
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	391,898
Special Education Cluster (IDEA): Special Education Grants to States Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)	84.027	374,925 374,925
Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers	84.287	4,289
Rural Education	84.358	21,170
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants (formerly Improving Teacher Quality State Grants)	84.367	53,795
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	8,617
Total U.S. Department of Education		854,694
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards	\$ 1,316,044	

- (1) There were no pass through entity identifying numbers.
- (2) There were no amounts passed through to subrecipients.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

# NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS 2 CFR 200.510(b)(6) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### NOTE A - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of Indian Lake Local School District's (the District) under programs of the federal government for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. The information on this Schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position of the District.

#### NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be allowable or may be limited as to reimbursement.

#### **NOTE C - INDIRECT COST RATE**

The District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

#### **NOTE D – CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER**

The District commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the District assumes it expends federal monies first.

#### **NOTE E - FOOD DONATION PROGRAM**

The District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the entitlement value. The District allocated donated food commodities to the respective programs that benefitted from the use of those donated food commodities.



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# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Indian Lake Local School District Logan County 6210 State Route 235 North Lewistown, Ohio 43333

#### To the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the modified cash-basis financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Indian Lake Local School District, Logan County (the District) as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated April 20, 2020, wherein we noted the District uses a special purpose framework other than generally accepted accounting principles. We also noted the financial impact of COVID-19 and the ensuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the District.

### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinions on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the District's financial statements. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses may exist.

Indian Lake Local School District
Logan County
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Required by Government Auditing Standards
Page 2

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matter we must report under *Government Auditing Standards* which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings as item 2019-001.

### District's Response to Finding

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The District's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and/or corrective action plan. We did not subject the District's response to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

#### Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

April 20, 2020



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# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Indian Lake Local School District Logan County 6210 State Route 235 North Lewistown, Ohio 43333

To the Board of Education:

#### Report on Compliance for each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Indian Lake Local School District's (the District) compliance with the applicable requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could directly and materially affect each of the Indian Lake Local School District's major federal programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. The *Summary of Auditor's Results* in the accompanying schedule of findings identifies each of the District's major federal programs.

### Management's Responsibility

The District's Management is responsible for complying with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on the District's compliance for each of the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. Our compliance audit followed auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards for financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). These standards and the Uniform Guidance require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our compliance opinion on each of the District's major programs. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Indian Lake Local School District complied, in all material respects with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect each of its major federal programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

Indian Lake Local School District
Logan County
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements
Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over
Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance
Page 2

### Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

The District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our compliance audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the applicable requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures appropriate for opining on each major federal program's compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program's applicable compliance requirement. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with federal program's applicable compliance requirement that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

This report only describes the scope of our internal control over compliance tests and the results of this testing based on Uniform Guidance requirements. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

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April 20, 2020

### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS 2 CFR § 200.515 JUNE 30, 2019

### 1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	Yes
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR § 200.516(a)?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Child Nutrition Cluster
		Special Education Cluster (IDEA)
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 750,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee under 2 CFR § 200.520?	No

Indian Lake Local School District Logan County Schedule of Findings Page 2

# 2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

#### **FINDING NUMBER 2019-001**

### **Noncompliance**

Ohio Rev. Code § 117.38(A) provides, in part, that each public office, other than a state agency, "shall file a financial report for each fiscal year. The Auditor of State may prescribe forms by rule or may issue guidelines, or both, for such reports. If the Auditor of State has not prescribed a rule regarding the form for the report, the public office shall submit its report on the form utilized by the public office." Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 further clarifies the requirements of Ohio Rev. Code Section 117.38.

Ohio Admin. Code § 117-2-03(B) requires all school districts to file annual financial reports which are prepared using generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

The District prepared financial statements that, although formatted similar to financial statements prescribed by Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, report on the basis of cash receipts and cash disbursements, rather than GAAP. The accompanying financial statements and notes omit certain assets, liabilities, deferred inflows/outflows of resources, fund equities/net position, and disclosures that, while presumed material, cannot be determined at this time.

Pursuant to Ohio Rev. Code § 117.38 the District may be fined and subject to various other administrative remedies for its failure to file the required financial report. Failure to report on a GAAP basis compromises the District's ability to evaluate and monitor the overall financial condition of the District. The District should prepare its financial statements according to generally accepted accounting principles to provide users with more meaningful financial statements.

### Officials' Response:

See the Corrective Action Plan on page 68.

#### 3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None.

#### **Robert Underwood**

### **Indian Lake Schools**

Superintendent

6210 SR 235 North Lewistown, Ohio 43333 937-686-8601 · Fax: 937-686-8421 Coleen Reprogle

Treasurer

### SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS 2 CFR 200.511(b) JUNE 30, 2019

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Status	Additional Information
2018-001	Ohio Rev. Code §117.38 and Ohio Admin. Code §117-2-03(B) – Failure to report on the GAAP basis.	Not Corrected.	Repeated as Finding 2019-001.  The School District acknowledges this condition but will continue to report on the modified cash basis that is accepted by accounting and auditing standards since GAAP is not required by federal security laws in order to save District resources of time and money that will be better used to educate the students of Indian Lake Local Schools.

**Indian Lake Elementary School** 

8779 CR 91

Lewistown, Ohio 43333 Phone: 937-686-7323 Fax: 937-686-0049 Jeff Reprogle, Co-Principal Molly Hall, Co-Principal **Indian Lake Middle School** 

8920 CR 91 Lewistown, Ohio 43333 Phone: 937-686-8833 Fax: 937-686-8993 **Melissa Mefford, Co-Principal** 

Melissa Mefford, Co-Princip Erin Miller, Co-Principal Indian Lake High School 6210 SR 235 North Lewistown, Ohio 43333

Phone: 937-686-8851

Fax: 937-686-0024 Kyle Wagner, Principal David Coburn, Asst. Principal



**Robert Underwood** 

Superintendent

### **Indian Lake Schools**

6210 SR 235 North Lewistown, Ohio 43333

937-686-8601 · Fax: 937-686-8421

**Coleen Reprogle** 

Treasurer

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN 2 CFR § 200.511(c) JUNE 30, 2019

Finding Number: 2019-001

Planned Corrective Action: In response to Finding Number 2019-001 Noncompliance Citation

O.R.C. 117.38; the Indian Lake Board of Education understands that the Ohio Revised Code requires the District's financial statements to be prepared in accordance with GAAP; however, an exception has been implemented by Accounting and Auditing Standards that is accepted by the State Auditor's Office for issuance of an unmodified opinion if GAAP look-alike financial statements have been prepared by the District. Due to cost of the conversion, increased audit cost, and cost of employee resources, the Board feels money that would otherwise be spent on conversion to GAAP is better used to educate the students of Indian Lake Local Schools. In addition, federal security laws do not require GAAP financial statements, and specifically, SEC Rule 15c2-12 relating to continuing disclosure on outstanding debt (which applies to the District) does not require GAAP financial

statements.

Anticipated Completion Date: N/A

Responsible Contact Person: Coleen Reprogle

Indian Lake Elementary School 8779 CR 91 Lewistown, Ohio 43333 Phone: 937-686-7323 Fax: 937-686-0049 Jeff Reprogle, Co-Principal Molly Hall, Co-Principal

Indian Lake Middle School 8920 CR 91 Lewistown, Ohio 43333 Phone: 937-686-8833 Fax: 937-686-8993 Melissa Mefford, Co-Principal Erin Miller, Co-Principal Indian Lake High School 6210 SR 235 North Lewistown, Ohio 43333 Phone: 937-686-8851 Fax: 937-686-0024 Kyle Wagner, Principal David Coburn, Asst. Principal





### INDIAN LAKE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

### **LOGAN COUNTY**

### **CLERK'S CERTIFICATION**

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

**CLERK OF THE BUREAU** 

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED MAY 12, 2020