

MIDDLEBURY PREPARATORY ACADEMY

SUMMIT COUNTY, OHIO

AUDIT REPORT

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019





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Board of Directors
Middlebury Preparatory Academy
88 Kent Street
Akron, Ohio 44305

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Middlebury Preparatory Academy, Summit County, prepared by Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 2018 through June 30, 2019. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Middlebury Preparatory Academy is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Keith Faber
Auditor of State
Columbus, Ohio

January 20, 2020

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MIDDLEBURY PREPARATORY ACADEMY
SUMMIT COUNTY
AUDIT REPORT
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Middlebury Preparatory Academy
Summit County
88 Kent Street
Akron, Ohio 44305

To the Board of Directors:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Middlebury Preparatory Academy, Summit County, Ohio (the School), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the School's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Middlebury Preparatory Academy, Summit County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2019, and the changes in financial position and cash flows thereof, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, and schedules of net pension liabilities, other postemployment benefit liabilities, and pension and other postemployment benefit contributions listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 18, 2019, on our consideration of the School's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc.
December 18, 2019

**MIDDLEBURY PREPARATORY ACADEMY
SUMMIT COUNTY, OHIO**

**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019
(Unaudited)**

The discussion and analysis of the Middlebury Preparatory Academy (the School) financial performance provides an overall review of the School's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School's financial performance.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is an element of the reporting model adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in their Statement No. 34 *Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments* issued June 1999. Certain comparative information between the current year and the prior year is required to be presented in the MD&A.

Financial Highlights

- In total, net position increased \$176,204 which represents a 7% increase from 2018. The increase is primarily due to increase in state aid from the increase in student enrollments.
- Total assets increased \$43,131, which represents a 16% percent increase from 2018. This was primarily due to the addition of Net OPEB Asset.
- Liabilities decreased \$258,474, which represents a 11% percent decrease from 2018. The decrease in liabilities is a direct result of changes in the net pension/OPEB liabilities related to accruals under GASB 68 and 75.

Using this Financial Report

This report consists of three parts: required supplementary information, the basic financial statements, and notes to those statements. The basic financial statements include a Statement of Net Position, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position, and a Statement of Cash Flows.

The School uses enterprise presentation for all of its activities.

**MIDDLEBURY PREPARATORY ACADEMY
SUMMIT COUNTY, OHIO**

**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019
(Unaudited)**

Statement of Net Position

The Statement of Net Position answers the question of how the School did financially during 2019. This statement includes all assets, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term using the accrual basis of accounting and economic resources focus, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when the cash is received or paid.

Table 1 provides a summary of the School's net position as of June 30, 2019 and 2018.

(Table 1)
Statement of Net Position

	2019	2018
Assets		
Current Assets	\$ 138,706	\$ 116,436
Non-Current Assets	77,536	10,250
Capital Assets, Net	95,369	141,794
Total Assets	311,611	268,480
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Pension Requirements	531,578	637,635
OPEB	88,178	15,349
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	619,756	652,984
Liabilities		
Current Liabilities	435,659	344,501
Long Term Liabilities	1,755,806	2,105,438
Total Liabilities	2,191,465	2,449,939
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Pension Requirements	741,116	749,235
OPEB	250,848	150,556
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	991,964	899,791
Net Position		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	90,431	134,973
Unrestricted	(2,342,493)	(2,563,239)
Total Net Position	\$ (2,252,062)	\$ (2,428,266)

Total assets increased \$43,131, which represents a 16 percent increase from 2018. This was primarily due to the addition of a Net OPEB Asset. Liabilities decreased \$258,474, which represents a 11 percent decrease from 2018. The decrease in liabilities is a direct result of changes in the net pension/OPEB liabilities related to accruals under GASB 68 and 75. In total, net position increased \$176,204 from 2018 net position. The increase is primarily due to the increase in state aid revenues.

**MIDDLEBURY PREPARATORY ACADEMY
SUMMIT COUNTY, OHIO**

**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019
(Unaudited)**

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

Table 2 shows the changes in net position for fiscal years 2019 and 2018, as well as a listing of revenues and expenses. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, as a whole, the financial position of the School has improved or diminished. The cause of this may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the current laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs, and other factors.

(Table 2)
Change in Net Position

	2019	2018
Operating Revenue		
State Aid	\$ 2,090,528	\$ 1,556,038
Casino Aid	11,891	9,964
Facilities Aid	49,684	37,682
Non-Operating Revenue		
Grants	492,564	387,258
Miscellaneous	8,618	5,133
Interest Income	423	227
Total Revenues	2,653,708	1,996,302
Operating Expense		
Purchased Services: Salaries and Benefits	1,197,011	987,250
Purchased Services: Management Fees	384,338	296,003
Pension and OPEB Expense	(132,755)	(828,219)
Instructional Services	175,455	108,926
Sponsorship Fees	62,742	46,664
Legal	71,341	44,534
Auditing and Accounting	48,531	64,583
Other Professional Services	126,231	177,274
Other Purchased Services	397,629	339,491
Supplies	80,268	68,803
Depreciation	46,424	53,492
Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment	13,605	7,053
Other Operating Expenses	5,026	38,289
Non-Operating Expenses		
Interest and Fiscal Charges	1,658	1,785
Total Expenses	2,477,504	1,405,928
Change in Net Position	\$ 176,204	\$ 590,374

The primary reason for the increase in overall revenues from 2018 was the increase in FTE of 62 from the prior year. Two of the School's most significant expenses, "Purchased Services: Salaries and Benefits" and "Purchased Services: Management Fees", increased because of the management agreement in place between the School and Oakmont and the calculation of such fees based on the state aid received. The agreement provides that specific percentages of the revenues received by the School will be paid to Oakmont to fund operations (see the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Note 7).

**MIDDLEBURY PREPARATORY ACADEMY
SUMMIT COUNTY, OHIO**

**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019
(Unaudited)**

The School has adopted GASB Statement 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an Amendment of GASB Statement 27," and GASB Statement 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions," which significantly revises accounting for costs and liabilities related to other postemployment benefits (OPEB). For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the School's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and OPEB, the net pension liability and the net OPEB asset/liability to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board standards are national and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Prior accounting for pensions (GASB 27) and postemployment benefits (GASB 45) focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension and OPEB costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's *net pension liability* or *net OPEB asset/liability*. GASB 68 and GASB 75 take an earnings approach to pension and OPEB accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension/OPEB plans and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

GASB 68 and GASB 75 require the net pension liability and the net OPEB asset/liability to equal the School's proportionate share of each plan's collective:

1. Present value of estimated future pension/OPEB benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service
2. Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits

GASB notes that pension and OPEB obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" – that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension and other postemployment benefits. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the School is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of these liabilities. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer's promise is limited not by contract but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the retirement system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension/OPEB plan *as against the public employer*. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. The retirement system is responsible for the administration of the pension and OPEB plans.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability or the net OPEB asset/liability. As explained above, changes in benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of these liabilities, but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability and the net OPEB asset/liability are satisfied, these liabilities are separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

**MIDDLEBURY PREPARATORY ACADEMY
SUMMIT COUNTY, OHIO**

**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019
(Unaudited)**

In accordance with GASB 68 and GASB 75, the School's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense and an annual OPEB expense for their proportionate share of each plan's *change* in net pension liability and net OPEB liability, respectively, not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows.

Over time, net position can serve as a useful indicator of a governments financial position. At June 30, 2019, the School's net position totaled (\$2,252,062).

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2019, the School had \$95,369 invested in capital assets, which represented a decrease of \$46,425 from 2018. Table 3 shows the changes in Capital Assets below.

Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)

	2019	2018
Leasehold Improvements	\$ 2,386	\$ 16,830
Furniture and Equipment	92,983	124,964
Total Capital Assets, Net	<u>\$ 95,369</u>	<u>\$ 141,794</u>

For more information on capital assets, see Note 5 in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

Current Financial Issues

Middlebury Preparatory Academy received revenue for 255 students in 2019 (an increase from 2018 of 62). State law governing community schools allows for the School to have open enrollment across traditional school district boundaries. The School receives its support almost entirely from State Aid. Per pupil revenue from State Aid for the School averaged \$8,399 in fiscal year 2019. The School receives additional revenues in the form of grant subsidies.

State law allows sponsors to assess the schools up to 3 percent of State revenues as an oversight fee. The school is sponsored by St. Aloysius Orphanage for a fee of 3% of state revenues for a five year term ending June 30, 2020, and subject to renewal.

Contacting the School's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our readers with a general overview of the School's finances and to show the School's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact C. David Massa, Fiscal Officer for the Middlebury Preparatory Academy, 219 E. Maple St., North Canton, Ohio 44720 or e-mail at dave@massasolutionsllc.com.

**MIDDLEBURY PREPARATORY ACADEMY
SUMMIT COUNTY, OHIO**

**STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
JUNE 30, 2019**

ASSETS

Current Assets

Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 72,534	
Grants Receivable	66,172	
Total Current Assets		138,706

Non-Current Assets

Leasehold Deposits	10,250	
Net OPEB Asset	67,286	
Depreciable Capital Assets, net	95,369	
Total Non-Current Assets		172,905

Total Assets		311,611
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DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Pension Requirements	531,578	
OPEB	88,178	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		619,756

LIABILITIES

Current Liabilities:

Accounts Payable	20,824	
State Funding Payable	1,732	
Grants Funding Payable	1,000	
Retirement Payable	7,583	
Continuing Fees Payable	402,269	
Capital Lease Payable	2,251	
Total Current Liabilities		435,659

Long-Term Liabilities:

Capital Lease Payable	2,687	
Net Pension Liability	1,477,925	
Net OPEB Liability	275,194	
Total Long-Term Liabilities		1,755,806

Total Liabilities		2,191,465
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DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Pension Requirements	741,116	
OPEB	250,848	
Total Deferred Inflows		991,964

NET POSITION

Net Investment in Capital Assets	90,431	
Unrestricted	(2,342,493)	
Total Net Position		\$ (2,252,062)

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

**MIDDLEBURY PREPARATORY ACADEMY
SUMMIT COUNTY, OHIO**

**STATEMENT OF REVENUES,
EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019**

OPERATING REVENUES	
State Aid	\$ 2,090,528
Casino Aid	11,891
Facilities Aid	49,684
	<u>2,152,103</u>
Total Operating Revenues	
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Purchased Services: Salaries and Benefits	1,197,011
Purchased Services: Management Fees	384,338
Pension and OPEB Expense	(132,755)
Instructional Services	175,455
Sponsorship Fees	62,742
Legal	71,341
Auditing and Accounting	48,531
Other Professional Services	126,231
Other Purchased Services	397,629
Supplies	80,268
Furniture and Equipment	13,605
Depreciation	46,424
Other Operating Expenses	5,026
	<u>2,475,846</u>
Total Operating Expenses	
Operating Loss	(323,743)
NON-OPERATING REVENUE/(EXPENSES)	
Grants	492,564
Interest and Fiscal Charges	(1,658)
Miscellaneous Non-Operating Revenue	8,618
Interest Income	423
	<u>499,947</u>
Total Non-Operating Revenue/(Expenses)	
Change in Net Position	176,204
Net Position Beginning of Year	(2,428,266)
	<u>(2,428,266)</u>
Net Position End of Year	\$ (2,252,062)
	<u>(2,252,062)</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

**MIDDLEBURY PREPARATORY ACADEMY
SUMMIT COUNTY, OHIO**

**STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019**

INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

Cash Received from State of Ohio	\$ 2,152,103
Cash Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services	<u>(2,619,708)</u>
Net Cash Used for Operating Activities	(467,605)

CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES

Miscellaneous Cash Receipts	8,618
Cash Received from Grants	<u>438,656</u>
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities	447,274

CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES

Cash Payments for Interest and Fiscal Charges	(1,658)
Cash Payments for Principal Payments on Capital Leases	<u>(1,883)</u>
Net Cash Used for Capital Financing Activities	(3,541)

CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES

Cash Received from Interest on Investments	<u>423</u>
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	<u>423</u>

Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents (23,449)

Cash and Cash Equivalents Beginning of Year 95,983

Cash and Cash Equivalents End of Year \$ 72,534

RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH USED FOR OPERATING ACTIVITIES

Operating Loss \$ (323,743)

ADJUSTMENTS TO RECONCILE OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH USED FOR OPERATING ACTIVITIES

Depreciation 46,424

Changes in Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources:

Retirement System Receivable	15,772
State Funding Payable	1,150
Accounts Payable	(31,059)
Continuing Fees Payable	113,118
Net OPEB Asset	(67,286)
Net Pension Liability	(231,720)
Deferred Outflows-Pension	106,057
Deferred Inflows-Pension	(8,119)
Net OPEB Liability	(115,662)
Deferred Outflows-OPEB	(72,829)
Deferred Inflows-OPEB	<u>100,292</u>

Net Cash Used for Operating Activities \$ (467,605)

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

**MIDDLEBURY PREPARATORY ACADEMY
SUMMIT COUNTY, OHIO**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019**

1. DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL AND REPORTING ENTITY

Middlebury Preparatory Academy (the School) is a tax exempt 501(c)(3), state nonprofit corporation established pursuant to Ohio Rev. Code Chapters 3314 and 1702 to maintain and provide a school exclusively for any educational, literary, scientific and related teaching service. The School, which is part of the State's education program, is independent of any school district. The School may sue and be sued, acquire facilities as needed, and contract for any services necessary for the operation of the School. The school changed its name from HOPE Academy University Campus in July 2013.

The School contracted with Oakmont Education, LLC, an Ohio limited liability company, for most of its functions and is the entity with which the School's board interacts regarding day-to-day operations (see Note 7). Effective July 1, 2019 the School and Oakmont agreed to assign the management agreement to Forrester Education, LLC for the remainder of the contract term.

The School signed a contract with Saint Aloysius Orphanage (Sponsor), to operate for the period of July 1, 2013 through June 30, 2015, and renews annually for one year terms through June 30, 2020.

The School operates under a self-appointing Board of Directors (the Board). The School's Code of Regulations specify that vacancies that arise on the Board will be filled by the appointment of a successor director by a majority vote of the then existing directors. The Board is responsible for carrying out the provisions of the contract with the Sponsor, which include, but are not limited to, state-mandated provisions regarding student population, curriculum, academic goals, performance standards, admission standards, and qualifications of teachers. The facility is staffed with teaching personnel employed by the Oakmont, who provide services to 255 students.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the School have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles as applied to governmental nonprofit organizations. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the School's accounting policies are described below.

Basis of Presentation

The School's basic financial statements consist of a Statement of Net Position, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position, and a Statement of Cash Flows. Enterprise fund reporting focuses on the determination of the change in net position, financial position, and cash flows.

The Government Accounting Standards Board identifies the presentation of all financial activity to be reported within one enterprise fund for year-ending reporting purposes. Enterprise accounting is used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprise where the intent is that the cost (expense) of providing goods and services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

**MIDDLEBURY PREPARATORY ACADEMY
SUMMIT COUNTY, OHIO**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019
(Continued)**

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. Enterprise accounting uses a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and all liabilities are included on the Statement of Net Position. Operating statements present increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net position. The accrual basis of accounting is utilized for reporting purposes. Revenues are recognized when they are earned and expenses are recognized when they are incurred.

Budgetary Process

Community schools are statutorily required to adopt a budget by Ohio Revised Code 3314.032(C). However, unlike traditional public schools located in the State of Ohio, community schools are not required to follow the specific budgetary process and limits set forth in the Ohio Revised Code Chapter 5705, unless specifically provided in the contract between the School and its Sponsor. The contract between the School and its Sponsor does not require the School to follow the provisions Ohio Revised Code Chapter 5705; therefore, no budgetary information is presented in the basic financial statements.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

All cash received by the School is maintained in demand deposit accounts, money market account, and STAR Ohio. For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows and for presentation on the Statement of Net Position, investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased are considered to be cash equivalents.

During fiscal year 2019, the School invested in STAR Ohio. STAR Ohio (the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio), is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 79, Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants. The School measures their investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides a NAV per share that approximates fair value.

For the fiscal year 2019, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, notice must be given 24 hours in advance of all deposits and withdrawals exceeding \$25 million. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$100 million, require the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$100 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

Capital Assets and Depreciation

For purposes of recording capital assets, the Board has a capitalization threshold of \$5,000.

The capital assets are recorded on the accompanying Statement of Net Position at cost, net of accumulated depreciation, of \$95,369. Depreciation is computed by the straight-line method over five years for "Furniture and Equipment" and five to twenty years for "Leasehold Improvements."

**MIDDLEBURY PREPARATORY ACADEMY
SUMMIT COUNTY, OHIO**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019
(Continued)**

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Intergovernmental Revenues

The School currently participates in the State Foundation Program, the State Disadvantaged Pupil Impact Aid (DPIA) Program, and the State Special Education Program, which are reflected under "State Aid" on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position. Revenues received from these programs are recognized as operating revenues in the accounting period in which all eligibility requirements have been met.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the School receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include grants, entitlements, and contributions. Grants, entitlements, and contributions are recognized as non-operating revenues in the accounting period in which all eligibility requirements have been met.

Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the School must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School on a reimbursement basis. Amounts awarded under the above programs for the 2019 school year totaled \$2,644,667.

Use of Estimates

In preparing the financial statements, management is sometimes required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, the disclosure of contingent assets deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Compensated Absences

Vacation is taken in a manner which corresponds with the school calendar; therefore, the School does not accrue vacation time as a liability.

Sick/personal leave benefits are earned by full-time employees at the rate of eight days per year and cannot be carried into the subsequent years. No accrual for sick time is made since unused time is not paid to employees upon employment termination.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Obligations

Obligations incurred but unpaid at June 30, 2019, are reported as accrued liabilities in the accompanying financial statements. These liabilities consisted of accounts payable of \$20,824, other payables of \$8,583, state funding payable of \$1,732 and continuing fees payable of \$402,269 at June 30, 2019. Net pension/OPEB liability should be recognized to the extent that benefit payments are due and payable and the pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is not sufficient for payment of those benefits. See notes 8 and 9.

**MIDDLEBURY PREPARATORY ACADEMY
SUMMIT COUNTY, OHIO**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019
(Continued)**

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Net Position

Net Position represents the difference between (all assets plus deferred outflows of resources) less (all liabilities, plus deferred inflows of resources). Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation reduced by any outstanding capital related debt. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use, either through enabling legislation adopted by the School or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or contracts. The School applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the School's primary activities. For the School, these revenues are primarily State facilities and Casino Aid payments. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the goods and services that are the primary activities of the School. Revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating.

Pensions and Other Post Employment Benefits

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability, net OPEB asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension/OPEB, and pension/OPEB expense; information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the School, deferred outflows of resources are reported on the statement of net position for pension/OPEB. The deferred outflows of resources related to pension/OPEB are explained in Note 8 and 9.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available. Deferred inflows of resources related to pension/OPEB are reported on the statement of net position (see Note 8 and 9).

3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2019, the carrying amount of all School deposits was \$72,507 and its bank balance was \$97,855. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures", as of June 30, 2019, All of the School's bank balance was covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC).

**MIDDLEBURY PREPARATORY ACADEMY
SUMMIT COUNTY, OHIO**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019
(Continued)**

3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

The investment and deposit of the School's monies is governed by the provisions of the ORC. In accordance with these statutes, the School is authorized to invest in United States and State of Ohio bonds, notes, and other obligations; bank certificates of deposit; and STAR Ohio.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the School's deposits may not be returned. The School has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of state statute. According to state law, public depositories must give security for all public funds on deposits. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to at least 105 percent of the carrying value of the deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio Revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at Federal Reserve Banks, or at member banks of the federal reserve system, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the School. State law does not require security for public deposits and investments to be maintained in the School's name. During 2019, the School and public depositories complied with the provisions of these statutes.

Investments

As of June 30, 2019, the School had the following investments and maturities:

<u>Investment Type</u>	<u>Measurement Value</u>	<u>Investment Maturities 6 months or less</u>
Net Asset Value (NAV):		
STAR Ohio	\$27	\$27

The School categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets. Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs. Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The above table identifies the School's recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2019. The School's investments measured at fair value are valued using methodologies that incorporate market inputs such as benchmark yields, reported trades, broker / dealer quotes, issuer spreads, two-sided markets, benchmark securities, bids, offers, and reference data including market research publications.

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the School, will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The School's investments in federal agency securities are exposed to custodial credit risk in that it is uninsured, unregistered and held by the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the School's name. The School's investment policy does not deal with investment custodial credit risk beyond the requirements in State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to delivery of the securities representing such investments to the treasurer or qualified trustee.

Interest Rate Risk: As a means of limiting its exposure to measurement value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to state law, the School's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less. The weighted average of maturity of the portfolio held by STAR Ohio as of June 30, 2019, is 53 days.

**MIDDLEBURY PREPARATORY ACADEMY
SUMMIT COUNTY, OHIO**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019
(Continued)**

3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

Credit Risk: The School's investments at June 30, 2019, in STAR Ohio are rated AAAM by Standard & Poor's.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The School places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the School at June 30, 2019:

<u>Investment Type</u>	<u>Measurement Value</u>	<u>Percent to Total</u>
Net Asset Value (NAV):		
STAR Ohio	\$27	100.00

4. RECEIVABLES / PAYABLES

The School has recorded "Grants Funding Receivable" in the amount of \$66,172 not received as of June 30, 2019.

Accounts Payable consists of obligations totaling \$20,824 at June 30, 2019, incurred during the normal course of conducting operations. State Funding Payable is \$1,732 for overpayments made on State Aid. Grant Funding Payable is \$1,000 for overpayments made on grants. Retirement System Payable consists of \$7,583 at June 30, 2019, resulting from under withholding of retirement contributions.

Under the terms of the management agreement with Oakmont Education, LLC, (see note 7) a related "Continuing Fees Payable" in the amount of \$229,248 has been recorded by the School for any State and Federal monies unpaid to Oakmont as of June 30, 2019. Additionally, under the terms of the former management agreement, the School has recorded a liability to White Hat Management Company (WHLS, LLC) in the amount of \$173,021 for 100 percent of any State and Federal grant monies uncollected or unpaid to WHLS, LLC as of June 30, 2019.

5. CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEPRECIATION

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the School's capital assets consisted of the following:

	<u>Balance 06/30/18</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	<u>Balance 06/30/19</u>
Capital Assets:				
Furniture and Equipment	\$ 283,251	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 283,251
Leasehold Improvements	147,289	-	-	147,289
Total Capital Assets	<u>430,540</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>430,540</u>
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Furniture and Equipment	(158,287)	(31,981)	-	(190,268)
Leasehold Improvements	(130,459)	(14,444)	-	(144,903)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	<u>(288,746)</u>	<u>(46,425)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(335,171)</u>
Capital Assets, Net	<u>\$ 141,794</u>	<u>\$ (46,425)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 95,369</u>

**MIDDLEBURY PREPARATORY ACADEMY
SUMMIT COUNTY, OHIO**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019
(Continued)**

6. RISK MANAGEMENT

Property and Liability - The School is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft or damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. As part of its management agreement with Oakmont, has contracted with an insurance company for property and general liability insurance pursuant to the Management Agreement (see Note 7). There was no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the prior year and claims have not exceeded insurance coverage over the past three years.

Director and Officer - Coverage has been purchased by the School with a \$1,000,000 aggregate limit and a \$2,500 deductible.

7. AGREEMENT WITH OAKMONT EDUCATION, LLC

Effective July 1, 2013, the School entered into a multi-year Management Agreement (Agreement) with Midwest Education Partners, LLC, a Florida limited liability company dba Cambridge Education Partners, LLC (Cambridge), which is an educational consulting and management company. The Agreement's term was through June 30, 2016. Effective July 1, 2018 the School agreed to assign the Agreement with Cambridge to Oakmont Education, LLC for the remainder of the term of the Agreement. Substantially most functions of the School have been contracted to Oakmont. Thereafter, the agreement will automatically renew for additional successive three (3) year terms. Substantially most functions of the School have been contracted to Cambridge. Cambridge is responsible and accountable to the School's Board of Directors for the administration and day-to-day operations. As part of the terms of this agreement, the "Continuing Fee" percentage of the School is 16 percent.

"Continuing Fees" are defined in the Agreement as the Schools Qualified Gross Revenues, "...the revenue per student received by the School from the State of Ohio Department of Education pursuant to Title 33 and other provisions of the Ohio Revised Code...". With regard to grant funding, the agreement reads as follows: "Federal Title Programs, lunch programs revenue, and other such federal, state and local government grant funding designated to compensate the school for the education of its students shall be maintained by the School." Qualified Gross Revenue does not include facilities funding from any source, charitable contributions, proceeds from fundraisers, casino revenue, or fees charged to students. The continuing fee is paid to Oakmont based on the previous month's qualified gross revenues.

The Board shall be responsible for paying fees to its Authorizer pursuant to the Charter plus its own directors and officers insurance, Facility payments, the Board's other contractual obligations, if any, and its own legal, accounting, auditing and professional fees. Company acknowledges that pursuant to Ohio law, Company's State Teachers Retirement System ("STRS") and State Employees Retirement System ("SERS") contributions on behalf of the Company employees employed at the School will be withheld by the State of Ohio.

The School had purchased service expenses for the year ended June 30, 2019, to Oakmont of \$1,581,349, payables to Oakmont of \$146,553 and payables to Cambridge at June 30, 2019 aggregating \$101,548. Oakmont is responsible for all costs incurred in providing the educational program at the School, which include but are not limited to, salaries and benefits of all personnel, curriculum materials, textbooks, library books, computers and other equipment, software, supplies, maintenance, capital, and insurance.

**MIDDLEBURY PREPARATORY ACADEMY
SUMMIT COUNTY, OHIO**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019
(Continued)**

8. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability reported on the statement of net position represents a liability to employees for pensions. Pensions are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension liability represents the School's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

The Ohio Revised Code limits the School's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The School cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, the School does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension.

GASB 68 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net pension liability* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in continuing fees payable.

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description – the School non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a statewide, cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

**MIDDLEBURY PREPARATORY ACADEMY
SUMMIT COUNTY, OHIO**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019
(Continued)**

8. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to Retire before August 1, 2017*	Eligible to Retire on or after August 1, 2017
Full Benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit Age 65 with 5 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially Reduced Benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

*Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017, will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on year of service; 2.2 percent for the first 30 years of service and 2.5 percent for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

One year after an effective benefit date, a benefit recipient is entitled to a 2.5 percent cost-of-living adjustment (COLA). This same COLA is added each year to the based benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit.

An individual whose benefit effective date is before April 1, 2018, is eligible for a cost of living adjustment (COLA) on the first anniversary date of the benefit. Beginning April 1, 2018, new benefit recipients must wait until the fourth anniversary of their benefit for COLA eligibility. The COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit. A three-year COLA suspension is in effect for all benefit recipients for the years 2018, 2019, and 2020. Upon resumption of the COLA, it will be indexed to the percentage increase in the CPI-W, not to exceed 2.5% and with a floor of 0%.

Funding Policy – Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 13.5 percent with a .5 percent allocation made to the Health Care Fund.

The School's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$47,745 for fiscal year 2019.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – The School's licensed teachers and other faculty members participate in STRS Ohio, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Web site at www.strsoh.org.

**MIDDLEBURY PREPARATORY ACADEMY
SUMMIT COUNTY, OHIO**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019
(Continued)**

8. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation was 2.2 percent of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. Members are eligible to retire at age 60 with five years of qualifying service credit, or at age 55 with 27 years of service, or 30 years of service regardless of age. Eligibility changes will be phased in until August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five years of service credit and age 65, or 35 years of service credit and at least age 60. Retirement eligibility for reduced benefits will be 5 years of service credit and age 60, or 30 years of service credit regardless of age.

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 9.53 percent of the 14 percent employer contributions into an investment account. Investment allocation decisions are determined by the member. The remaining 4.47 percent of the 14 percent employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, 12 percent of the 14 percent member rate goes to the DC Plan and the remaining 2 percent is applied to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity after termination of employment at age 50 or later.

New members who choose the DC plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. New members on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit to apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy – Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, plan members were required to contribute 14 percent of their annual covered salary. The School was required to contribute 14 percent; the entire 14 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The fiscal year 2019 contribution rates were equal to the statutory maximum rates.

The School's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$100,354 for fiscal year 2019.

**MIDDLEBURY PREPARATORY ACADEMY
SUMMIT COUNTY, OHIO**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019
(Continued)**

8. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an independent actuarial valuation as of that date. The School's employer allocation percentage of the net pension liability was based on the employer's share of employer contributions in the pension plan relative to the total employer contributions of all participating employers. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability Prior Measurement Date	0.00703290%	0.00542805%	
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability Current Measurement Date	0.00972950%	0.00418733%	
Change in Proportionate Share	0.00269660%	-0.00124072%	
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 557,226	\$ 920,699	\$ 1,477,925
Pension Expense	\$ 55,544	\$ (41,227)	\$ 14,317

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources represent the effect of changes in the net pension liability due to the difference between projected and actual investment earnings, differences between expected and actual actuarial experience, changes in assumptions and changes in the School proportion of the collective net pension liability. The deferred outflows and deferred inflows are to be included in pension expense over current and future periods. The difference between projected and actual investment earnings is recognized in pension expense using a straight-line method over a five year period beginning in the current year. Deferred outflows and deferred inflows resulting from changes in sources other than differences between projected and actual investment earnings are amortized over the average expected remaining service lives of all members (both active and inactive) using the straight-line method. Employer contributions to the pension plan subsequent to the measurement date are also required to be reported as a deferred outflow of resources.

**MIDDLEBURY PREPARATORY ACADEMY
SUMMIT COUNTY, OHIO**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019
(Continued)**

8. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

At June 30, 2019 the School reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	<u>SERS</u>	<u>STRS</u>	<u>Total</u>
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 30,560	\$ 21,250	\$ 51,810
Changes of assumptions	12,583	163,166	175,749
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate share of contributions	93,278	62,552	155,830
School contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>47,745</u>	<u>100,354</u>	<u>148,099</u>
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u><u>\$ 184,166</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 347,322</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 531,488</u></u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ 6,013	\$ 6,013
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investment	15,438	55,829	71,267
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate share of contributions	<u>65,148</u>	<u>598,688</u>	<u>663,836</u>
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u><u>\$ 80,586</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 660,530</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 741,116</u></u>

\$148,099 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from the School contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	<u>SERS</u>	<u>STRS</u>	<u>Total</u>
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:			
2020	\$ 47,321	\$ (48,840)	\$ (1,519)
2021	31,534	(137,263)	(105,729)
2022	(18,285)	(169,317)	(187,602)
2023	<u>(4,735)</u>	<u>(58,142)</u>	<u>(62,877)</u>
Total	<u><u>\$ 55,835</u></u>	<u><u>\$ (413,562)</u></u>	<u><u>\$ (357,727)</u></u>

**MIDDLEBURY PREPARATORY ACADEMY
SUMMIT COUNTY, OHIO**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019
(Continued)**

8. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2018, are presented below:

Wage Inflation	3.00 percent
Future Salary Increases, including inflation	3.50 percent to 18.20 percent
COLA or Ad Hoc COLA	2.50 percent
Investment Rate of Return	7.50 percent net of investment expense, including inflation
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal (Level Percent of Payroll)

Mortality rates among active members were based upon the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females. Mortality among service retired members and beneficiaries were based upon the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120 percent of male rates and 110 percent of female rates. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90 percent for male rates and 100 percent for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

The most recent experience study was completed June 30, 2015.

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined by using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating an arithmetic weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes.

**MIDDLEBURY PREPARATORY ACADEMY
SUMMIT COUNTY, OHIO**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019
(Continued)**

8. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major assets class are summarized in the following table:

<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Target Allocation</u>	<u>Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return</u>
Cash	1.00 %	0.50 %
US Stocks	22.50	4.75
Non-US Stocks	22.50	7.00
Fixed Income	19.00	1.50
Private Equity	10.00	8.00
Real Assets	15.00	5.00
Multi-Asset Strategies	10.00	3.00
Total	<u>100.00 %</u>	

Discount Rate The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.50 percent). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the School proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.50 percent), or one percentage point higher (8.50 percent) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease (6.50%)	Current Discount Rate (7.50%)	1% Increase (8.50%)
School's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 784,896	\$ 557,226	\$ 366,341

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2018, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.50 percent
Projected salary increases	12.50 percent at age 20 to 2.50 percent at age 65
Investment Rate of Return	7.45 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Payroll Increases	3 percent
Cost-of-Living Adjustments (COLA)	0.00 percent effective July 1, 2017

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8. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

Post-retirement mortality rates for healthy retirees are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2018 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

STRS Ohio's investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation*	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return**
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00 %	

* The target allocation percentage is effective as of July 1, 2017. Target weights will be phased in over a 24-month period concluding on July 1, 2019.

**10 year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25 percent and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.45 percent as of June 30, 2018. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2018. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.45 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2018.

**MIDDLEBURY PREPARATORY ACADEMY
SUMMIT COUNTY, OHIO**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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(Continued)**

8. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

Sensitivity of the School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate The following table presents the School proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.45 percent, as well as what the School proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.45 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (8.45 percent) than the current assumption:

	1% Decrease (6.45%)	Current Discount Rate (7.45%)	1% Increase (8.45%)
School's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 1,344,561	\$ 920,699	\$561,959

9. DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS

Net OPEB Liability/Asset

The net OPEB liability and net OPEB asset reported on the statement of net position represents a liability or asset to employees for OPEB. OPEB is a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. OPEB are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for OPEB is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net OPEB liability and net OPEB asset represents the School's proportionate share of each OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net OPEB liability and net OPEB asset calculations are dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting these estimates annually.

The Ohio Revised Code limits the School's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The School cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which OPEB are financed; however, the School does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including OPEB.

GASB 75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because they benefit from employee services. OPEB contributions come from these employers and health care plan enrollees which pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. The Ohio revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. Any change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net OPEB liability and net OPEB asset. Resulting adjustments to the net OPEB liability and net OPEB asset would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net OPEB liability* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required OPEB contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in continuing fees payable.

**MIDDLEBURY PREPARATORY ACADEMY
SUMMIT COUNTY, OHIO**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019
(Continued)**

9. DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (continued)

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Health Care Plan Description - The School contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 75 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. SERS' Health Care Plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of most types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage. In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree, are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of 65 and therefore enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board established the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

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(Continued)**

9. DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (continued)

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For fiscal year 2019, .5 percent of covered payroll was made to health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2019, this amount was \$21,600. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2019, the School surcharge obligation was \$6,645.

The surcharge, added to the allocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The School contractually required contribution to SERS was \$8,413 for fiscal year 2019.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued effective January 1, 2020. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy – Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Nearly all health care plan enrollees, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Assets, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liability and net OPEB asset were measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total OPEB liability and asset used to calculate the net OPEB liability and net OPEB asset were determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School's proportion of the net OPEB liability and net OPEB asset were based on the School's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

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(Continued)**

9. DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (continued)

	<u>SERS</u>	<u>STRS</u>	<u>Total</u>
Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability			
Prior Measurement Date	0.00712360%	0.00511779%	
Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability/asset			
Current Measurement Date	<u>0.00991950%</u>	<u>0.00418733%</u>	
Change in Proportionate Share	<u>0.00279590%</u>	<u>-0.00093046%</u>	
Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB			
Liability/(asset)	\$ 275,194	\$ (67,286)	\$ 207,908
OPEB Expense	\$ 22,148	\$ (169,220)	\$ (147,072)

At June 30, 2019, the School reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	<u>SERS</u>	<u>STRS</u>	<u>Total</u>
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 4,492	\$ 7,859	\$ 12,351
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate share of contributions	67,414	-	67,414
School contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>8,413</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>8,413</u>
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>\$ 80,319</u>	<u>\$ 7,859</u>	<u>\$ 88,178</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ 3,921	\$ 3,921
Changes of assumptions	24,724	91,683	116,407
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	413	7,687	8,100
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate share of contributions	<u>480</u>	<u>121,940</u>	<u>122,420</u>
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>\$ 25,617</u>	<u>\$ 225,231</u>	<u>\$ 250,848</u>

\$8,413 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from the School's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability and net OPEB asset in the year ending June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

**MIDDLEBURY PREPARATORY ACADEMY
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(Continued)**

9. DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (continued)

	SERS	STRS	Total
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:			
2020	\$ 2,126	\$ (40,367)	\$ (38,241)
2021	4,389	(40,367)	(35,978)
2022	11,553	(40,366)	(28,813)
2023	11,726	(49,677)	(37,951)
2024	11,699	(32,489)	(20,790)
Thereafter	4,796	(14,106)	(9,310)
Total	\$ 46,289	\$ (217,372)	\$ (171,083)

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

The total OPEB liability is determined by SERS' actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

**MIDDLEBURY PREPARATORY ACADEMY
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9. DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (continued)

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2018, are presented below:

Wage Inflation	3.00 percent
Future Salary Increases, including inflation	3.50 percent to 18.20 percent
Investment Rate of Return	7.50 percent net of investment expense, including inflation
Municipal Bond Index Rate:	
Measurement Date	3.62 percent
Prior Measurement Date	3.56 percent
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation	
Measurement Date	3.70 percent
Prior Measurement Date	3.63 percent
Medical Trend Assumption	
Medicare	5.375 to 4.75 percent
Pre-Medicare	7.25 to 4.75 percent

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and Scale BB, 120 percent of male rates and 110 percent of female rates. RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent for male rates and 100 percent for female rates set back five years.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended June 30, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the actuarial five-year experience study. The most recent study covers fiscal years 2010 through 2015, and was adopted by the Board on April 21, 2016. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return, 7.50 percent, by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

**MIDDLEBURY PREPARATORY ACADEMY
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**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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(Continued)**

9. DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (continued)

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as used in the June 30, 2015 five-year experience study, are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	1.00 %	0.50 %
US Stocks	22.50	4.75
Non-US Stocks	22.50	7.00
Fixed Income	19.00	1.50
Private Equity	10.00	8.00
Real Assets	15.00	5.00
Multi-Asset Strategies	10.00	3.00
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2018 was 3.70 percent. The discount rate used to measure total OPEB liability prior to June 30, 2018 was 3.63 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and the System at the state statute contribution rate of 2.00 percent of projected covered employee payroll each year, which includes a 1.50 percent payroll surcharge and 0.50 percent of contributions from the basic benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make future benefit payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan assets was used to present value the projected benefit payments through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024 and the Fidelity General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index rate of 3.62 percent, as of June 30, 2018 (i.e. municipal bond rate), was used to present value the projected benefit payments for the remaining years in the projection. The total present value of projected benefit payments from all years was then used to determine the single rate of return that was used as the discount rate. The projection of future benefit payments for all current plan members was until the benefit payments ran out.

Sensitivity of the School's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate. The following table presents the net OPEB liability of SERS, what SERS' net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.70%) and higher (4.70%) than the current discount rate (3.70%). Also shown is what SERS' net OPEB liability would be based on health care cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (6.25% decreasing to 3.75%) and higher (8.25% decreasing to 5.75%) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease (2.70%)	Current Discount Rate (3.70%)	1% Increase (4.70%)
School's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 333,926	\$ 275,194	\$ 228,689
	1% Decrease (6.25 % decreasing to 3.75%)	Current Trend Rate (7.25 % decreasing to 4.75%)	1% Increase (8.25 % decreasing to 5.75%)
School's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 222,031	\$ 275,194	\$ 345,591

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**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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(Continued)**

9. DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions – STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2018, actuarial valuation are presented below:

Projected salary increases	12.50 percent at age 20 to 2.50 percent at age 65	
Investment Rate of Return	7.45 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation	
Payroll Increases	3 percent	
Cost-of-Living Adjustments (COLA)	0.0 percent, effective July 1, 2017	
Discount Rate of Return	7.45 percent	
Health Care Cost Trends		
Medical		
Pre-Medicare	6.00 percent	4.00 percent
Medicare	5.00 percent	4.00 percent
Prescription Drug		
Pre-Medicare	8.00 percent	
Medicare	-5.23 percent	4.00 percent

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

For healthy retirees the mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

Assumption Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date The discount rate was increased from the blended rate of 4.13% to the long-term expected rate of return of 7.45% based on the methodology defined under GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB). Valuation year per capita health care costs were updated.

Benefit Term Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date The subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was increased from 1.9% to 1.944% per year of service effective January 1, 2019. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2019 and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 1, 2020.

**MIDDLEBURY PREPARATORY ACADEMY
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**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019
(Continued)**

9. DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (continued)

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Target Allocation*</u>	<u>Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return**</u>
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	<u>100.00 %</u>	

* The target allocation percentage is effective as of July 1, 2017. Target weights will be phased in over a 24-month period concluding on July 1, 2019.

**10 year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25 percent and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actual rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.45 percent as of June 30, 2018. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes STRS Ohio continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on health care plan investments of 7.45 percent was used to measure the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2018.

**MIDDLEBURY PREPARATORY ACADEMY
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**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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(Continued)**

9. DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (continued)

Sensitivity of the School's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount and Health Care Cost Trend Rate The following table represents the net OPEB asset as of June 30, 2017, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 4.13 percent, as well as what the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (3.13 percent) or one percentage point higher (5.13 percent) than the current assumption. Also shown is the net OPEB asset as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates.

	1% Decrease (6.45%)	Current Discount Rate (7.45%)	1% Increase (8.45%)
School's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	\$ 57,671	\$ 67,286	\$ 75,368

	1% Decrease	Current Trend Rate	1% Increase
School's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	\$ 74,911	\$ 67,286	\$ 59,542

10. CONTINGENCIES

Grants

Amounts received from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor. Any disallowed costs may require refunding to the grantor. Amounts which may be disallowed, if any, are not presently determinable. However, in the opinion of the School, any such adjustments will not have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the School.

Full Time Equivalency

Foundation funding is based on the annualized full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment of each student. However, there is an important nexus between attendance and enrollment for Foundation funding purposes. Community schools must provide documentation that clearly demonstrates students have participated in learning opportunities. The Ohio Department of Education (ODE) is legislatively required to adjust/reconcile funding as enrollment information is updated by schools throughout the State, which can extend past the fiscal year end.

Under Ohio Rev. Code Section 3314.08, ODE may also perform a FTE Review subsequent to the fiscal year end that may result in an additional adjustment to the enrollment information as well as claw backs of Foundation funding due to a lack of evidence to support student participation and other matters of noncompliance. ODE did not perform such a review on the School for fiscal year 2019.

As of the date of this report, additional ODE adjustments for fiscal year 2019 are not finalized. As a result, the impact of future FTE adjustments on the fiscal year 2019 financial statements is not determinable, at this time. Management believes this may result in either an additional receivable to, or a liability of, the School.

**MIDDLEBURY PREPARATORY ACADEMY
SUMMIT COUNTY, OHIO**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019
(Continued)**

10. CONTINGENCIES (continued)

In addition, the School's contracts with their Sponsor and Management Company require payment based on revenues received from the State. As discussed above, all ODE adjustments through fiscal year 2019 are not finalized. Until such adjustments are finalized by ODE, the impact of the fiscal year 2019 financial statement related to additional reconciliation necessary with this contract, is not determinable. Management believes this may result in either an additional receivable to, or liability of, the Academy.

Litigation

In February 2009, the School Filed a Lawsuit against the WHLS and its affiliates for matters related to the management agreement. The effect of this lawsuit is presently not determinable.

11. SPONSORSHIP FEES

The School contracted with Saint Aloysius Orphanage (SAO) as its sponsor effective July 1, 2012. In June of 2016, the School extended the agreement through 2020. The Sponsor provides oversight, monitoring, and technical assistance for the School. The school will pay SAO three percent of State Aid as its sponsorship fee in fiscal year 2019. Total fees for fiscal year 2019 were \$62,742.

12. TAX EXEMPT STATUS

The School was approved under §501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code as a tax-exempt organization.

13. LEASE DEPOSIT

The School entered into a facility lease agreement during 2015 with Roman Catholic Diocese of Cleveland. The term of the lease is for five years expiring June 2021, at \$10,250 per month. The School paid a lease deposit of \$10,250 to secure the facility. Total payments made during 2019 were \$123,000. In January 2019, the School and Diocese agreed to the first amendment of the lease for the payment of \$1,300/month beginning January 2019 through the end of the lease term, June 2021.

14. CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the School has implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 83, *Certain Asset Retirement Obligations* and GASB No. 88, *Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements*.

GASB Statement No. 83 establishes criteria for determining timing and pattern of recognition of a liability and a corresponding deferred outflow of resources for asset retirement obligations. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 83 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the School.

GASB Statement No. 88 establishes additional financial statement note disclosure requirements related to debt obligations of governments, including direct borrowings and direct placements. These changes were incorporated in the School's fiscal year 2019 financial statements; however, there was no effect on beginning net position.

**MIDDLEBURY PREPARATORY ACADEMY
SUMMIT COUNTY, OHIO**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019
(Continued)**

15. CAPITAL LEASE

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the School's capital leases consisted of the following:

Capital Lease	Balance 6/30/2018	Additions	Deductions	Balance 6/30/2019	Due in One Year
Copier	\$ 6,821	\$ -	\$ (1,883)	\$ 4,938	\$ 2,251
Total Lease Activity	<u>\$ 6,821</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (1,883)</u>	<u>\$ 4,938</u>	<u>\$ 2,251</u>

Copiers are recorded as Equipment (see Note 5) of \$31,718 with accumulated depreciation of \$28,475. The School paid \$1,883 in principal and \$1,072 in interest for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

Fiscal Year	Capital Lease
2020	\$ 2,956
2021	2,956
Total	5,912
Less: Amount Representing Interest Present Value of minimum payments	(974)
	<u>\$ 4,938</u>

16. MANAGEMENT COMPANY EXPENSES

For the year ended June 30, 2019, Oakmont Education, LLC and its affiliates incurred the following expenses on behalf of the School:

	Regular Instruction (1100 Function codes)	Special Instruction (1200 Function codes)	Other Instruction (1400 and 1900 Function Codes)	Support Services (2000 Function Codes)	Non-Instructional (3000 through 7000 Function Codes)	Total
Direct expenses:						
Salaries & wages (100 object codes)	\$ 525,991	\$ 111,198	\$ 214,422	\$ 220,000	\$ -	\$1,071,611
Employees' benefits (200 object codes)	75,032	13,340	25,109	15,179	-	128,661
Professional & technical services (410 object codes)	-	-	-	-	10,688	10,688
Property services (420 object codes)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Travel (430 object codes)	-	-	-	-	3,928	3,928
Communications (440 object codes)	-	-	-	-	491	491
Contracted craft or trade services (460 object codes)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Supplies (500 object codes)	327	-	-	-	5,074	5,401
Other direct costs (All other object codes)	-	-	-	-	3,928	3,928
Overhead	-	-	-	136,751	54,995	191,746
Total expenses	<u>\$ 601,350</u>	<u>\$ 124,538</u>	<u>\$ 239,531</u>	<u>\$ 371,930</u>	<u>\$ 79,104</u>	<u>\$1,416,454</u>

Oakmont charges expenses benefiting more than one school (i.e. overhead) are pro-rated based on full time equivalent (FTE) head count as of June 30, 2019 by each school it manages. Employee Benefits do not include pension expenses. Under management agreement with the school, the school is responsible for pension expenses for direct school staff.

**MIDDLEBURY PREPARATORY ACADEMY
SUMMIT COUNTY, OHIO**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019
(Continued)**

17. OTHER PURCHASED SERVICES

For the period July 1, 2018 through June 30, 2019, other purchased service expenses were for the following services:

	<u>2019</u>
Property Services	\$ 178,211
Travel and Professional Development	813
Communications	28,506
Utilities	26,176
Trade Services	145,752
Transportation	5,180
Insurance	<u>12,991</u>
Total	<u>\$ 397,629</u>

18. MANAGEMENT'S PLAN REGARDING DEFICIT NET POSITION

For fiscal year 2019, the School had an increase in net position of \$176,204, and a cumulative net position deficit of \$(2,252,062). The deficit net position includes the effect of the net pension liability, net OPEB liability and related accruals totaling \$1,753,119.

Management continues to take steps towards increasing student enrollment and containing costs, which would provide additional State funding and reduce expenses respectively, enabling the School to return to financial stability.

Middlebury Preparatory Academy
Summit County, Ohio
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
Last Six Fiscal Years (1)

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
School Employees Retirement System (SERS)						
School's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.0097295%	0.0070329%	0.0077668%	0.0125199%	0.016420%	0.016420%
School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 557,226	\$ 420,200	\$ 568,458	\$ 714,398	\$ 538,586	\$ 632,846
School's Covered Payroll	\$ 327,815	\$ 223,414	\$ 612,514	\$ 594,689	\$ 431,176	\$ 338,757
School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	169.98%	188.08%	92.81%	120.13%	124.91%	186.81%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	71.36%	69.50%	62.98%	69.16%	71.70%	65.52%
School Teachers Retirement System (STRS)						
School's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.00418733%	0.00542805%	0.00761723%	0.00789537%	0.00680136%	0.00680136%
School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 920,699	\$ 1,289,445	\$ 2,549,716	\$ 2,182,049	\$ 1,654,326	\$ 1,970,622
School's Covered Payroll	\$ 618,950	\$ 598,321	\$ 860,764	\$ 806,657	\$ 861,577	\$ 906,008
School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	148.75%	215.51%	296.22%	270.51%	192.01%	217.51%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	77.31%	75.29%	66.80%	72.10%	74.70%	69.30%

(1) Information prior to 2014 is not available. Schedule is intended to show ten years of information, and additional years' will be displayed as it becomes available.

Amounts presented as of the School's measurement date which is the prior fiscal period end.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information

Middlebury Preparatory Academy
Summit County, Ohio
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of School Contributions - Pension
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
School Employees Retirement System (SERS)										
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 47,745	\$ 44,255	\$ 31,278	\$ 85,752	\$ 78,380	\$ 59,761	\$ 46,884	\$ 42,989	\$ 35,580	\$ 55,533
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(47,745)	(44,255)	(31,278)	(85,752)	(78,380)	(59,761)	(46,884)	(42,989)	(35,580)	(55,533)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
School Covered Payroll	\$ 353,667	\$ 327,815	\$ 223,414	\$ 612,514	\$ 594,689	\$ 431,176	\$ 338,757	\$ 319,621	\$ 283,055	\$ 410,140
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	13.50%	13.50%	14.00%	14.00%	13.18%	13.86%	13.84%	13.45%	12.57%	13.54%
State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)										
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 100,354	\$ 86,653	\$ 83,765	\$ 120,507	\$ 112,932	\$ 112,005	\$ 117,781	\$ 113,330	\$ 120,240	\$ 106,202
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(100,354)	(86,653)	(83,765)	(120,507)	(112,932)	(112,005)	(117,781)	(113,330)	(120,240)	(106,202)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
School Covered Payroll	\$ 716,814	\$ 618,950	\$ 598,321	\$ 860,764	\$ 806,657	\$ 861,577	\$ 906,008	\$ 871,769	\$ 924,923	\$ 816,938
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information

Middlebury Preparatory Academy
Summit County, Ohio
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the School's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability
Last Three Fiscal Years (1)

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
<i>School Employees Retirement System (SERS)</i>			
School/s Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability	0.0099195%	0.0071236%	0.0070404%
School's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$ 275,194	\$ 191,179	\$ 200,679
School's Covered Payroll	\$ 327,814	\$ 223,414	\$ 612,514
School's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	83.95%	85.57%	32.76%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	13.57%	12.46%	11.49%

(1) Information prior to 2017 is not available. Schedule is intended to show ten years of information, and additional years' will be displayed as it becomes available.

Amounts presented as of the School's measurement date which is the prior fiscal period end.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information

Middlebury Preparatory Academy
Summit County, Ohio
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the School's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability
Last Three Fiscal Years (1)

	2019	2018	2017
State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)			
School's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability/Asset	0.00418733%	0.00511779%	0.00744190%
School's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability/(Asset)	\$ (67,286)	\$ 199,677	\$ 397,995
School's Covered Payroll	\$ 618,950	\$ 598,321	\$ 860,764
School's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability/Asset as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	-10.87%	33.37%	46.24%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability/Asset	176.00%	47.11%	37.30%

(1) Information prior to 2017 is not available. Schedule is intended to show ten years of information, and additional years' will be displayed as it becomes available.

Amounts presented as of the School's measurement date which is the prior fiscal period end.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information

Middlebury Preparatory Academy
Summit County, Ohio
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of School Contributions - OPEB
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
School Employees Retirement System (SERS)										
Contractually Required Contribution (1)	\$ 8,413	\$ 3,822	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,826	\$ 10,578	\$ 5,423	\$ 8,605	\$ 2,151	\$ 3,117
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	<u>(8,413)</u>	<u>(3,822)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(5,826)</u>	<u>(10,578)</u>	<u>(5,423)</u>	<u>(8,605)</u>	<u>(2,151)</u>	<u>(3,117)</u>
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
School Covered Payroll	\$ 353,667	\$ 327,814	\$ 223,414	\$ 612,514	\$ 594,689	\$ 431,176	\$ 338,757	\$ 319,621	\$ 283,055	\$ 410,140
OPEB Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (1)	2.38%	1.17%	0.00%	0.00%	0.98%	2.45%	1.60%	2.69%	0.76%	0.76%
State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)										
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8,616	\$ 5,961	\$ 8,718	\$ 9,249	\$ 8,169
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(8,616)</u>	<u>(5,961)</u>	<u>(8,718)</u>	<u>(9,249)</u>	<u>(8,169)</u>
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
School Covered Payroll	\$ 716,814	\$ 618,950	\$ 598,321	\$ 860,764	\$ 806,657	\$ 861,577	\$ 906,008	\$ 871,769	\$ 924,923	\$ 816,938
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%

(1) Includes Surcharge

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information

Middlebury Preparatory Academy
Summit County, Ohio
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

NET PENSION LIABILITY

SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

Changes of benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal years 2014-2017 and 2019.

The following changes were made to the benefit terms in 2018 as identified: The COLA was changed from a fixed 3.00% to a COLA that is indexed to CPI-W not greater than 2.5% with a floor of 0% beginning January 1, 2018. In addition, with the authority granted the Board under HB 49, the Board has enacted a three-year COLA suspension for benefit recipients in calendar years 2018, 2019 and 2020.

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal years 2014-2016 and 2018-2019. For fiscal year 2017, the following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%, (b) payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.50%, (c) assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75% to 0.50%, (d) Rates of withdrawal, retirement and disability were updated to reflect recent experience, (e) mortality among active members was updated to RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females, (f) mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries was updated to the following RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates and (g) mortality among disable member was updated to RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement (h) change in discount rate from 7.75% to 7.5%.

STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal years 2014-2019.

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal years 2014-2017 and 2019. For fiscal year 2018, the following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) inflation assumption lowered from 2.75% to 2.50%, (b) investment return assumption lowered from 7.75% to 7.45%, (c) total salary increases rates lowered by decreasing the merit component of the individual salary increases, as well as by 0.25% due to lower inflation, (d) payroll growth assumption lowered to 3.00%, (e) updated the healthy and disable mortality assumption to the "RP-2014" mortality tables with generational improvement scale MP-2016, (f) rates of retirement, termination and disability were modified to better reflect anticipated future experience.

Middlebury Preparatory Academy
Summit County, Ohio
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

NET OPEB LIABILITY

Changes in Assumptions – SERS

Amounts reported for fiscal year 2018 and 2019 incorporate changes in key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability as presented below:

Municipal Bond Index Rate:	
Fiscal year 2019	3.62 percent
Fiscal year 2018	3.56 percent
Fiscal year 2017	2.92 percent
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation	
Fiscal year 2019	3.70 percent
Fiscal year 2018	3.63 percent
Fiscal year 2017	2.98 percent
Medicare Trend Assumption	
Medicare	
Fiscal year 2019	5.375 percent decreasing to 4.75 percent
Fiscal year 2018	5.50 percent decreasing to 5.00 percent
Pre - Medicare	
Fiscal year 2019	7.25 percent decreasing to 4.75 percent
Fiscal year 2018	7.50 percent decreasing to 5.00 percent

Changes in Assumptions – STRS

For fiscal year 2018, the discount rate was increased from 3.26 percent to 4.13 percent and in fiscal year 2019 the discount rate was increased from the blended rate of 4.13 percent to the long-term expected rate of return of 7.45 percent, based on the methodology defined under GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB) and the long term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75 percent to 7.45 percent. Valuation year per capita health care costs were updated, and the salary scale was modified.

The percentage of future retirees electing each option was updated based on current data and the percentage of future disabled retirees and terminated vested participants electing health coverage were decreased. The assumed mortality, disability, retirement, withdrawal and future health care cost trend rates were modified along with the portion of rebated prescription drug costs.

Changes in Benefit Terms – STRS

Also, for fiscal year 2018, the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was reduced from 2.1 percent to 1.9 percent per year of service, and increased from 1.9 percent to 1.944 percent per year of service effective January 1, 2019. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2019 and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 1, 2020.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER
FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS
BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN
ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Middlebury Preparatory Academy
Summit County
88 Kent Street
Akron, Ohio 44305

To the Board of Directors:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the Middlebury Preparatory Academy, Summit County, Ohio (the School), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 18, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the School's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

However, we noted a certain matter not requiring inclusion in this report that we reported to the School's management in a separate letter dated December 18, 2019.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.



Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc.
December 18, 2019

MIDDLEBURY PREPARATORY ACADEMY
SUMMIT COUNTY, OHIO

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS – Prepared by Management
June 30, 2019

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Status	Additional Information
2018-001	Material Weakness – incorrect amount used in reporting GASB 68 in the audit report	Corrected	
2018-002	Material Non-compliance: Ohio Rev. Code 3314.03(A)(6)(b) and (A) (27-28) – EMIS documents	Corrected	

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OHIO AUDITOR OF STATE
KEITH FABER



MIDDLEBURY PREPARATORY ACADEMY

SUMMIT COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbitt

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

**CERTIFIED
FEBRUARY 4, 2020**