



OHIO AUDITOR OF STATE
KEITH FABER



**SOUTHWEST LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
HAMILTON COUNTY**

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HAMILTON COUNTY**

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Corporate Centre of Blue Ash
11117 Kenwood Road
Blue Ash, Ohio 45242-1817
(513) 361-8550 or (800) 368-7419
SouthwestRegion@ohioauditor.gov

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Southwest Local School District
Hamilton County
230 South Elm Street
Harrison, Ohio 45030

To the Board of Education:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Southwest Local School District, Hamilton County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Southwest Local School District, Hamilton County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *management's discussion and analysis, required budgetary comparison schedule* and schedules of net pension and other post-employment benefit liabilities and pension and other post-employment benefit contributions listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, consisting of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, to the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not opine or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to opine or provide any other assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the District's basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and is not a required part of the financial statements.

The schedule is management's responsibility, and derives from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected this information to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling this information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 23, 2020, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Southwest Local School District
Hamilton County
Independent Auditor's Report
Page 3



Keith Faber
Auditor of State

Columbus, Ohio

March 24, 2020

Southwest Local School District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019
(Unaudited)

The discussion and analysis of Southwest Local School District's "the District" financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2019 are as follows:

- In total, net position increased \$7,042,173.
- General revenues accounted for \$41,911,126 in revenue or 85% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales and operating grants and contributions accounted for \$7,546,805 or 15% of total revenues of \$49,457,931.
- The District had \$42,415,758 in expenses related to governmental activities; only \$7,546,805 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services and operating grants or contributions. General revenues of \$41,911,126 were also used to provide for these programs.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The *Statement of Net position* and *Statement of Activities* provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. The General, Debt Service, Building and Classroom Facilities Funds are the major funds of the District.

Government-wide Financial Statements

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2019?" The Government-wide Financial Statements answer this question. These statements include *all assets and deferred outflows of resources*, and *liabilities and deferred inflows of resources* using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

Southwest Local School District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019
(Unaudited)

These two statements report the District's *net position* and changes in net position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the financial position has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, both financial and non-financial. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the Government-wide Financial Statements, the overall financial position of the District is presented in the following manner:

- **Governmental Activities** – Most of the District's programs and services are reported here including instruction, support services, operation of non-instructional services, extracurricular activities, and interest and fiscal charges.

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the District's major funds is presented in the Fund Financial Statements. Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds.

Governmental Funds Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual* accounting, which measures cash and all other *financial assets* that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed *short-term view* of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental *activities* (reported in the Statement of Net position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental *funds* is reconciled in the financial statements.

Fiduciary Funds Fiduciary Funds are used to account for resources held for the benefits of parties outside the government. Fiduciary Funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs.

The District as a Whole

Recall that the Statement of Net position provides the perspective of the District as a whole.

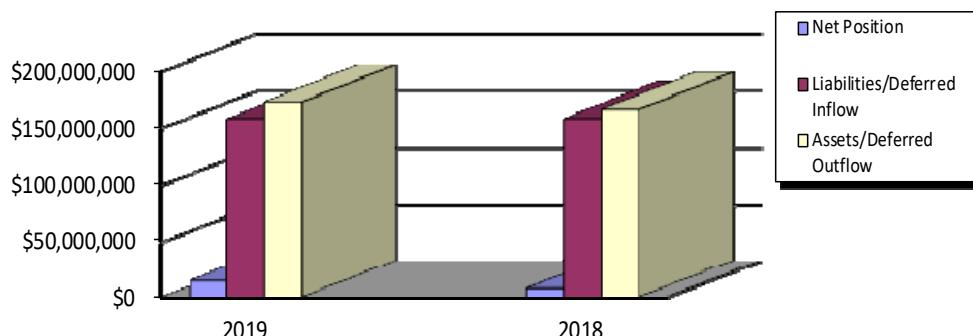
Table 1 provides a summary of the District's net position for 2019 compared to 2018:

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Southwest Local School District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019
(Unaudited)

Table 1
Net Position

	Governmental Activities	
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Assets:		
Current and Other Assets	\$135,574,151	\$134,138,882
Net OPEB Asset	2,333,324	0
Capital Assets	<u>22,188,860</u>	<u>19,190,432</u>
Total Assets	<u>160,096,335</u>	<u>153,329,314</u>
Deferred Outflows of Resources:		
Deferred Charge on Refunding	0	2,795
OPEB	1,002,956	391,958
Pension	<u>11,767,618</u>	<u>12,350,464</u>
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>12,770,574</u>	<u>12,745,217</u>
Liabilities:		
Other Liabilities	5,682,709	3,882,801
Long-Term Liabilities	<u>132,553,753</u>	<u>140,242,795</u>
Total Liabilities	<u>138,236,462</u>	<u>144,125,596</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources:		
Property Taxes	12,596,910	10,646,060
Grants and Other Taxes	507,915	498,854
OPEB	3,922,817	992,968
Pension	<u>2,581,646</u>	<u>1,832,067</u>
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>19,609,288</u>	<u>13,969,949</u>
Net Position		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	10,024,545	6,300,971
Restricted	32,625,147	34,046,373
Unrestricted	<u>(27,628,533)</u>	<u>(32,368,358)</u>
Total Net Position	<u>\$15,021,159</u>	<u>\$7,978,986</u>



Southwest Local School District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019
(Unaudited)

Over time, net position can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2019, the District's assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$15,021,159.

At year-end, capital assets represented 14% of total assets. Capital assets include land, construction in progress, land improvements, buildings and improvements, and equipment. Capital assets, net of related debt to acquire the assets at June 30, 2019, were \$10,024,545. These capital assets are used to provide services to the students and are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A portion of the District's net position, \$32,625,147, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they must be used. The external restriction will not affect the availability of fund resources for future use.

Current and Other Assets increased mainly due to an increase cash and investments. Long Term Liabilities decreased due to a decrease in the net pension liability and net other post employment benefits liability.

Table 2 shows the change in net position for fiscal year 2019 and 2018.

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Southwest Local School District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019
(Unaudited)

Table 2
Changes in Net Position

	Governmental Activities	
	2019	2018
Revenues:		
Program Revenues		
Charges for Services and Sales	\$2,052,740	\$2,199,057
Operating Grants and Contributions	5,494,065	4,922,552
General Revenue:		
Income Taxes	4,855,882	4,660,562
Property Taxes	17,983,108	16,199,353
Grants and Entitlements	15,382,037	14,599,072
Grants and Entitlements for Capital Construction	0	27,102,719
Other	<u>3,690,099</u>	<u>1,235,935</u>
Total Revenues	<u>49,457,931</u>	<u>70,919,250</u>
Program Expenses:		
Instruction	25,420,634	15,360,354
Support Services:		
Pupil and Instructional Staff	2,056,474	1,033,886
General and School Administrative		
and Fiscal	3,912,339	2,402,305
Operations and Maintenance	2,378,952	3,423,989
Pupil Transportation	1,776,072	766,484
Central	65,117	168,234
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	1,658,240	985,241
Extracurricular Activities	870,712	518,006
Interest and Fiscal Charges	<u>4,277,218</u>	<u>2,013,029</u>
Total Expenses	<u>42,415,758</u>	<u>26,671,528</u>
Change in Net Position	7,042,173	44,247,722
Beginning Net Position	<u>7,978,986</u>	<u>(36,268,736)</u>
Ending Net Position	<u>\$15,021,159</u>	<u>\$7,978,986</u>

The District revenues are mainly from two sources. Property taxes levied for general, special revenue and debt service purposes, and grants and entitlements revenue comprised 67% of the District's revenues for governmental activities.

The District depends greatly on property taxes as a revenue source. The unique nature of property taxes in Ohio creates the need to routinely seek voter approval for operating funds. The overall revenues generated by a levy will not increase solely as a result of inflation. As an example, a homeowner with a home valued at \$100,000 and taxed at 1.0 mill would pay \$35.00 annually in taxes. If three years later the home was reappraised and increased to \$200,000 (and this inflationary increase in value is comparable to other property owners) the effective tax rate would become .5 mills and the owner would still pay \$35.00.

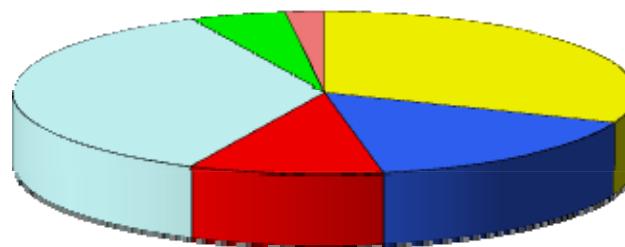
**Southwest Local School District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019
(Unaudited)**

Thus, Ohio districts do not collect additional property taxes on the increase in property value due to the increase in appraisal value and must regularly return to the voters to maintain a constant level of service. Property taxes made up 36% of revenue for governmental activities for the District in fiscal year 2019.

Governmental Activities

Revenue Sources

Revenue Sources	2019	Percentage
General Grants	\$15,382,037	31%
Program Revenues	7,546,805	16%
Income Taxes	4,855,882	10%
General Tax Revenues	17,983,108	36%
Investment Earnings	2,567,193	5%
Other Revenues	1,122,906	2%
Total Revenue Sources	<u>\$49,457,931</u>	<u>100%</u>



- General Grants
- Program Revenues
- Income Taxes
- General Tax Revenues
- Investment Earnings
- Other Revenues

Instruction comprises 60% of total governmental program expenses. Support services expenses were 24% of total governmental program expenses. All other expenses and interest and fiscal charges were 16%. Interest expense was attributable to the outstanding bond and borrowing for capital projects.

Total revenues decreased from the prior year mainly due to a decrease in grants and entitlements related to capital construction revenue. Total expenses increased mainly due to changes related to net pension liability and other post employment benefits liability.

Governmental Activities

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. Table 3 shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted state entitlements.

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Southwest Local School District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019
(Unaudited)

Table 3
Governmental Activities

	Total Cost of Services		Net Cost of Services	
	2019	2018	2019	2018
Instruction	\$25,420,634	\$15,360,354	(\$20,591,783)	(\$10,596,064)
Support Services:				
Pupil and Instructional Staff	2,056,474	1,033,886	(1,984,962)	(924,241)
General and School Administrative and Fiscal	3,912,339	2,402,305	(3,905,548)	(2,393,251)
Operations and Maintenance	2,378,952	3,423,989	(2,210,987)	(3,276,517)
Pupil Transportation	1,776,072	766,484	(1,423,752)	(733,818)
Central	65,117	168,234	(54,317)	(157,434)
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	1,658,240	985,241	77,957	709,777
Extracurricular Activities	870,712	518,006	(498,343)	(165,342)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	4,277,218	2,013,029	(4,277,218)	(2,013,029)
Total Expenses	<u>\$42,415,758</u>	<u>\$26,671,528</u>	<u>(\$34,868,953)</u>	<u>(\$19,549,919)</u>

The District's Major Funds

The District has four major governmental funds: the General Fund, Debt Service Fund, Building Fund and the Classroom Facilities Fund. Assets of these funds comprised \$133,355,607 (98%) of the total \$135,613,256 governmental funds' assets.

General Fund: Fund balance at June 30, 2019 was \$11,163,490, an increase in fund balance of \$722,916 from 2018. The primary reason for the increase in fund balance was due to an increase in property tax revenue.

Debt Service Fund: Fund balance at June 30, 2019 was \$6,357,771, a decrease in fund balance of \$1,820,366 from 2018. The primary reason for the decrease in fund balance was due to an increase in principal payments made during the year.

Building Fund: Fund balance at June 30, 2019 was \$14,779,430, an increase in fund balance of \$616,692 from 2018. The primary reason for the increase was due to an increase in investment earnings revenue from 2018 to 2019.

Classroom Facilities Fund: Fund balance at June 30, 2019 was \$57,942,350, an increase in fund balance of \$219,015 from 2018. Fund balance remained relatively stable from 2018 to 2019.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

Southwest Local School District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019
(Unaudited)

During the course of fiscal year 2019, the District amended its general fund; however none of the amendments were significant. The District uses site-based budgeting and the budgeting systems are designed to tightly control total site budgets but provide flexibility for site management. During the course of the year, the District revised the budget in an attempt to deal with unexpected changes in revenues and expenditures.

For the General Fund, original budget basis revenue was \$35,621,742 and final budget basis revenue was \$37,652,262. Final budget expenditures were \$38,041,299, compared to actual budgeted expenditures of \$37,856,446. Of the \$184,853 difference, most was due to an overestimate of instruction expenditures.

The General Fund's ending unobligated cash balance was \$7,374,097.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At fiscal year end, the District had \$22,188,860 invested in land, construction in progress, land improvements, buildings and improvements and equipment. Table 4 shows fiscal year 2019 balances compared to fiscal year 2018:

Table 4
Capital Assets at Year End
(Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities	
	2019	2018
Land	\$2,990,625	\$2,990,625
Construction in Progress	3,063,487	0
Land Improvements	63,930	91,327
Buildings and Improvements	14,149,379	14,882,710
Equipment	1,921,439	1,225,770
Total Net Capital Assets	<u>\$22,188,860</u>	<u>\$19,190,432</u>

The overall increase in capital assets is due to continuation of a construction project within the District.

See Note 6 to the basic financial statements for further details on the District's capital assets.

Debt

At June 30, 2019, the District had \$84,529,219 in debt outstanding, \$783,051 due within one year. Table 5 summarizes bonds and notes outstanding.

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**Southwest Local School District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019
(Unaudited)**

**Table 5
Outstanding Debt at Year End**

	Governmental Activities	
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
General Obligation Bonds and Notes:		
2017 Refunded Bonds	\$7,955,000	\$8,005,000
2017 Refunded Bonds - Premium	724,346	804,829
2008 Refunding Bonds:		
Capital Appreciation Bonds A	55,000	55,000
Accretion of Interest A	376,500	342,192
Capital Appreciation Bonds B	50,000	50,000
Accretion of Interest B	372,595	338,651
2012 Refunding School Improvement Bonds	0	785,000
Premium on 2008 A and B Refunding Bonds	0	10,053
HB264 Series 2011	2,815,000	2,815,000
2018 Series Bonds	60,200,000	61,800,000
Premium on Series Bond	1,725,506	1,772,141
2018 School Improvement Bond Anticipation Note	9,700,000	9,900,000
Capital Lease	<u>555,272</u>	<u>367,374</u>
Total	<u>\$84,529,219</u>	<u>\$87,045,240</u>

See Notes 7 and 8 to the basic financial statements for further details on the District's long-term obligations.

For the Future

In July 2019, Governor Mike DeWine signed the 2019-20 biennial budget (House Bill 166). This budget bill discontinues the current state foundation funding formula for school districts in Ohio. Currently, Southwest Local School District is set to receive funding at fixed levels based on fiscal year 2019 state funding. Fiscal years 2022 and beyond are not known at this time, meaning that items such as state funding, tangible personal property reimbursement, and medical rates are not known at this time.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Treasurer at Southwest Local School District, 230 South Elm Street, Harrison, Ohio 45030.

Southwest Local School District
 Statement of Net Position
 June 30, 2019

	Governmental Activities
Assets:	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$86,659,246
Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agent	1,470,000
Receivables (Net):	
Taxes	21,191,867
Accounts	126,969
Interest	303,580
Intergovernmental	25,793,530
Prepaid	28,959
Net OPEB Asset	2,333,324
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	6,054,112
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	<u>16,134,748</u>
 Total Assets	 <u>160,096,335</u>
 Deferred Outflows of Resources:	
Pension	11,767,618
OPEB	<u>1,002,956</u>
 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	 <u>12,770,574</u>
 Liabilities:	
Accounts Payable	246,303
Accrued Wages and Benefits	3,704,642
Contracts Payable	431,688
Accrued Interest Payable	1,300,076
Long-Term Liabilities:	
Due Within One Year	1,302,758
Due In More Than One Year	
Net Pension Liability	38,860,851
Net OPEB Liability	3,378,032
Other Amounts	<u>89,012,112</u>
 Total Liabilities	 <u>138,236,462</u>
 Deferred Inflows of Resources:	
Property Taxes	12,596,910
Grants and Other Taxes	507,915
Pension	2,581,646
OPEB	<u>3,922,817</u>
 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	 <u>19,609,288</u>
 Net Position:	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	10,024,545
Restricted for:	
Debt Service	5,212,184
Capital Projects	26,299,890
Extracurriculars	73,409
Auxiliary Services	23,178
Food Services	406,213
Federal Grants	6,270
Other Local Grants	10,857
Classroom Facilities Maintenance	593,146
Unrestricted	<u>(27,628,533)</u>
 Total Net Position	 <u>\$15,021,159</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Southwest Local School District
 Statement of Activities
 For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Program Revenues		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
	Expenses	Charges for Services and Sales	Operating Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities:				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$17,689,716	\$745,686	\$669,676	(\$16,274,354)
Special	6,856,692	74,776	2,548,710	(4,233,206)
Vocational	10,162	0	4,987	(5,175)
Other	864,064	137,615	647,401	(79,048)
Support Services:				
Pupil	1,712,416	0	5,142	(1,707,274)
Instructional Staff	344,058	0	66,370	(277,688)
General Administration	18,856	0	0	(18,856)
School Administration	2,808,458	0	357	(2,808,101)
Fiscal	1,085,025	0	6,434	(1,078,591)
Operations and Maintenance	2,378,952	59,968	107,997	(2,210,987)
Pupil Transportation	1,776,072	6,123	346,197	(1,423,752)
Central	65,117	0	10,800	(54,317)
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	1,658,240	656,203	1,079,994	77,957
Extracurricular Activities	870,712	372,369	0	(498,343)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	4,277,218	0	0	(4,277,218)
Total Governmental Activities	<u>\$42,415,758</u>	<u>\$2,052,740</u>	<u>\$5,494,065</u>	<u>(34,868,953)</u>

General Revenues:	
Income Taxes	4,855,882
Property Taxes Levied for:	
General Purposes	13,758,422
Special Revenue Purposes	312,658
Debt Service Purposes	3,912,028
Grants and Entitlements, Not Restricted	15,382,037
Revenue in Lieu of Taxes	569,490
Unrestricted Contributions	5,550
Investment Earnings	2,567,193
Other Revenues	547,866
Total General Revenues	<u>41,911,126</u>
Change in Net Position	7,042,173
Net Position - Beginning of Year	<u>7,978,986</u>
Net Position - End of Year	<u>\$15,021,159</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Southwest Local School District
 Balance Sheet
 Governmental Funds
 June 30, 2019

	<u>General</u>	<u>Debt Service</u>	<u>Building</u>	<u>Classroom Facilities</u>	<u>Other Governmental Funds</u>	<u>Total Governmental Funds</u>
Assets:						
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$8,710,466	\$3,537,771	\$15,191,451	\$57,790,975	\$1,428,583	\$86,659,246
Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agent	0	1,470,000	0	0	0	1,470,000
Receivables (Net):						
Taxes	16,572,393	3,983,673	0	0	635,801	21,191,867
Accounts	116,396	0	0	0	10,573	126,969
Interest	44,208	0	29,587	227,727	2,058	303,580
Intergovernmental	507,915	0	0	25,107,647	177,968	25,793,530
Interfund	39,105	0	0	0	0	39,105
Prepaid	26,293	0	0	0	2,666	28,959
Total Assets	26,016,776	8,991,444	15,221,038	83,126,349	2,257,649	135,613,256
Liabilities:						
Accounts Payable	194,243	0	0	0	52,060	246,303
Accrued Wages and Benefits	3,339,371	0	0	0	365,271	3,704,642
Compensated Absences	354,683	0	0	0	0	354,683
Contracts Payable	0	0	431,688	0	0	431,688
Interfund Payable	0	0	0	0	39,105	39,105
Total Liabilities	3,888,297	0	431,688	0	456,436	4,776,421
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Property Taxes	10,097,122	2,633,673	0	0	535,801	13,266,596
Income Taxes	345,130	0	0	0	0	345,130
Grants and Other Taxes	507,915	0	0	25,107,647	145,357	25,760,919
Investment Earnings	14,822	0	9,920	76,352	690	101,784
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	10,964,989	2,633,673	9,920	25,183,999	681,848	39,474,429
Fund Balances:						
Nonspendable	26,293	0	0	0	2,666	28,959
Restricted	0	6,357,771	14,779,430	57,942,350	1,257,577	80,337,128
Committed	0	0	0	0	96,881	96,881
Assigned	974,531	0	0	0	0	974,531
Unassigned	10,162,666	0	0	0	(237,759)	9,924,907
Total Fund Balances	11,163,490	6,357,771	14,779,430	57,942,350	1,119,365	91,362,406
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Fund Balances	\$26,016,776	\$8,991,444	\$15,221,038	\$83,126,349	\$2,257,649	\$135,613,256

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Southwest Local School District
 Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balance to
 Net Position of Governmental Activities
 June 30, 2019

Total Governmental Fund Balance	\$91,362,406
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Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

Capital assets used in the operation of Governmental Funds	22,188,860
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Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.

Income Taxes	345,130
Delinquent Property Taxes	669,686
Interest	101,784
Intergovernmental	<u>25,253,004</u>

26,369,604

In the statement of net position interest payable is accrued when incurred; whereas, in the governmental funds interest is reported as a liability only when it will require the use of current financial resources.

(1,300,076)

Some liabilities reported in the statement of net position do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in governmental funds.

Compensated Absences	(5,430,968)
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Deferred outflows and inflows or resources related to pensions and OPEB are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	11,767,618
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	(2,581,646)
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	1,002,956
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	<u>(3,922,817)</u>

6,266,111

Long-term liabilities and net OPEB assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

Net OPEB Asset	2,333,324
Net Pension Liability	(38,860,851)
Net OPEB Liability	(3,378,032)
Other Amounts	<u>(84,529,219)</u>

(124,434,778)

Net Position of Governmental Activities	<u>\$15,021,159</u>
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See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Southwest Local School District
 Statement of Revenues, Expenditures
 and Changes in Fund Balance
 Governmental Funds
 For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	General	Debt Service	Building	Classroom Facilities	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:						
Property and Other Taxes	\$13,691,088	\$3,899,069	\$0	\$0	\$311,017	\$17,901,174
Income Taxes	4,831,562	0	0	0	0	4,831,562
Tuition and Fees	964,200	0	0	0	0	964,200
Investment Earnings	694,894	0	347,840	1,546,193	15,148	2,604,075
Intergovernmental	17,309,873	340,254	0	1,995,072	3,287,708	22,932,907
Extracurricular Activities	70,727	0	0	0	301,642	372,369
Charges for Services	0	0	0	0	707,234	707,234
Revenue in Lieu of Taxes	560,332	8,479	0	0	679	569,490
Other Revenues	401,830	0	0	10,090	50,424	462,344
Total Revenues	38,524,506	4,247,802	347,840	3,551,355	4,673,852	51,345,355
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Instruction:						
Regular	18,932,639	0	0	0	741,495	19,674,134
Special	6,087,381	0	0	0	1,030,907	7,118,288
Vocational	10,162	0	0	0	0	10,162
Other	864,064	0	0	0	0	864,064
Support Services:						
Pupil	1,825,329	0	0	0	9,333	1,834,662
Instructional Staff	328,030	0	0	0	52,185	380,215
General Administration	20,509	0	0	0	0	20,509
School Administration	3,055,431	0	0	0	387	3,055,818
Fiscal	1,091,888	50,540	0	0	4,027	1,146,455
Operations and Maintenance	2,721,297	0	0	0	141,895	2,863,192
Pupil Transportation	2,146,955	0	0	0	294,615	2,441,570
Central	59,092	0	0	0	10,800	69,892
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:						
500	0	0	0	0	1,663,261	1,663,761
Extracurricular Activities	635,252	0	0	0	306,598	941,850
Capital Outlay	85,048	0	648,341	2,415,147	0	3,148,536
Debt Service:						
Principal Retirement	183,687	2,635,000	0	0	0	2,818,687
Interest and Fiscal Charges	9,725	3,143,417	0	0	0	3,153,142
Total Expenditures	38,056,989	5,828,957	648,341	2,415,147	4,255,503	51,204,937
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditure:	467,517	(1,581,155)	(300,501)	1,136,208	418,349	140,418
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Proceeds of Capital Leases	371,585	0	0	0	0	371,585
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	100,000	0	0	0	0	100,000
Transfers In	0	210,789	917,193	0	5,397	1,133,379
Transfers (Out)	(216,186)	0	0	(917,193)	0	(1,133,379)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	255,399	210,789	917,193	(917,193)	5,397	471,585
Net Change in Fund Balance	722,916	(1,370,366)	616,692	219,015	423,746	612,003
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	10,440,574	7,728,137	14,162,738	57,723,335	695,619	90,750,403
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$11,163,490	\$6,357,771	\$14,779,430	\$57,942,350	\$1,119,365	\$91,362,406

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Southwest Local School District
 Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes
 in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities
 For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Net Change in Fund Balance - Total Governmental Funds \$612,003

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital asset additions as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount of the difference between capital asset additions and depreciation in the current period.

Capital assets used in governmental activities	\$4,141,547
Depreciation Expense	(1,143,109)
	2,998,438

Governmental funds only report the disposal of assets to the extent proceeds are received from the sale. In the statement of activities, a gain or loss is reported for each disposal. The amount of the proceeds must be removed and the gain or loss on the disposal of capital assets must be recognized. This is the amount of the difference between the proceeds and the gain or loss. 10

Governmental funds report district pension and OPEB contributions as expenditures. However in the Statement of Activities, the cost of pension benefits earned net of employer contributions are reported as pension and OPEB expense

Pension Contributions	3,004,206
Pension Expense	(3,995,498)
OPEB Contributions	86,063
OPEB Expense	4,843,638
	3,938,409

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.

Income Taxes	\$24,320
Delinquent Property Taxes	81,935
Interest	(36,882)
Intergovernmental	(2,056,807)
	(1,987,434)

Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. 2,818,687

In the statement of activities interest expense is accrued when incurred; whereas, in governmental funds an interest expenditure is reported when due. (1,190,200)

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Compensated Absences	\$157,721
Amortization of Bond Premium	137,171
Amortization of Deferred Charge on Refunding	(2,795)
Bond Accretion	(68,252)
	223,845

Proceeds from debt issues are an other financing source in the funds, but a debt issue increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. (371,585)

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities \$7,042,173

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Southwest Local School District
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position
Fiduciary Funds
June 30, 2019

	Private Purpose	
	Trust	Agency
Assets:		
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$37,709	\$136,415
Total Assets	37,709	<u>136,415</u>
Liabilities:		
Accounts Payable	0	281
Other Liabilities	0	136,134
Total Liabilities	0	<u>\$136,415</u>
Net Position:		
Held in Trust	<u>37,709</u>	
Total Net Position	<u>\$37,709</u>	

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Southwest Local School District
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position
Fiduciary Fund
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Private Purpose Trust
Additions:	
Donations	<u>\$35,304</u>
Total Additions	<u>35,304</u>
Deductions:	
Scholarships	<u>7,064</u>
Total Deductions	<u>7,064</u>
Change in Net Position	28,240
Net Position - Beginning of Year	<u>9,469</u>
Net Position - End of Year	<u>\$37,709</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

**Southwest Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019**

Note 1 – Description of the District

The Southwest Local School District (the “District”) was formed in 1954 with the consolidation of Harrison, Crosby and Whitewater School Districts. Today, the District operates under current standards prescribed by the Ohio State Board of Education as provided in division (D) of Section 3301.07 and Section 119.01 of the Ohio Revised Code.

The District operates under a locally elected five member Board form of government and provides educational services as authorized by its charter or further mandated by state and/or federal agencies. This Board controls the District's instructional and support facilities staffed by 174 non-certificated personnel and 218 certificated full time teaching and administrative personnel to provide services to students and other community members.

The District enrollment was 4,009. It currently operates six elementary schools, one junior school (grades 7-8), and one comprehensive high school (grades 9-12).

Reporting Entity

The financial reporting entity consists of a primary government. The District is a primary government because it is a special-purpose government that has a separately elected governing body, is legally separate, and is fiscally independent of other state and local governments.

There are no component units combined with the District for financial statement presentation purposes, and it is not included in any other governmental reporting entity. Consequently, the District's financial statements include only the funds of those organizational entities for which its elected governing body is financially accountable. The District's major operations include education, pupil transportation, food service, and maintenance of District facilities.

The District is associated with two jointly governed organizations. These organizations are:

Jointly Governed Organizations:
Hamilton Clermont Cooperative Information Technology Center
Great Oaks Career Campuses

These organizations are presented in Note 13.

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements

The District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Southwest Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and liabilities associated with the operation of the District are included on the statement of net position. Fiduciary Funds are not included in entity-wide statements.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Fund Financial Statements

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets, deferred outflows of resources, current liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The private purpose trust fund is reported using the economic resources measurement focus.

Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid management by segregating transactions related to certain District functions or activities. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The various funds of the District are grouped into the categories governmental and fiduciary. The focus of government fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds focus on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance. The following are the District's major governmental funds:

General Fund - The general fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

**Southwest Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019**

Debt Service Fund – The debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for the payment of general obligation bond principal and interest and certain other long-term obligations from governmental resources when the District is obligated in some manner for the payment.

Building Fund – A fund used to account for the receipts and expenditures related to all special bond funds in the district. All proceeds from the sale of bonds, notes, or certificates of indebtedness, except premium and accrued interest, must be paid into this fund. Expenditures recorded here represent the costs of acquiring capital facilities including real property.

Classroom Facilities Fund – A fund provided to account for monies received and expended in connection with contracts entered into by the District and Ohio Facilities Construction Commission for equipment and the building of classroom facilities.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the District's own programs. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The District has a student activity fund which accounts for assets and liabilities generated by student managed activities. The District's only trust fund is a private purpose trust which accounts for scholarship programs for students.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the actual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues – Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, included property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing

**Southwest Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019**

requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at year end: property taxes available for advance, grants and interest.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the District, deferred outflows of resources includes pension and other post employment benefits. These amounts are reported on the government-wide statement of net position. The deferred outflows of resources related to pension and OPEB plans are explained in Notes 10 and 11.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. For the District, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes, OPEB, pension, grants and other taxes (which includes tax incremental financing 'TIF'), income taxes, and investment earnings. Property taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2019, but which were levied to finance year 2020 operations. These amounts have been recorded as deferred inflows on both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements. Other taxes (TIFs) have been recorded as deferred inflows on both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements. Income taxes, grants, and investment earnings have been recorded as deferred inflows on the governmental fund financial statements. Deferred inflows of resources related to pension and OPEB plans are reported on the government-wide statement of net position. For more pension and OPEB related information, see Notes 10 and 11.

Expenses/Expenditures

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the operating statement as an expense with a like amount reported as donated commodities revenue. Unused donated commodities are reported as deferred inflows.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

**Southwest Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019**

Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments

Cash received by the District is pooled for investment purposes. Interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments" on the financial statements.

Investments are reported at fair value which is based on quoted market prices.

STAR Ohio (the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio), is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 79, "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants." The District measures their investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides an NAV per share that approximates fair value.

There were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, 24 hours advance notice is appreciated for deposits and withdrawals of \$25 million or more. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$100 million per day, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$100 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

Following Ohio statutes, the Board has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue during fiscal year 2019 amounted to \$694,894 in the General Fund, \$347,840 in the Building Fund, \$1,546,193 in the Classroom Facilities Fund, and \$15,148 in all other funds.

For presentation on the financial statements, all investments of the cash management pool are considered to be cash equivalents.

Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2019 are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of purchase and expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

Capital Assets

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District has a capitalization threshold of \$2,500. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All reported capital assets are depreciated, except land. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is allocated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Estimated Lives</u>
Land Improvements	10-45 years
Buildings and Improvements	10-45 years
Equipment	5-20 years

**Southwest Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019**

Compensated Absences

The District reports compensated absences in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences." Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The District records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time, when earned, for all employees with more than one year of service.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental fund financial statements, the expenditures for compensated absences are recognized when paid, or in the case of termination benefits, when due for payment. These amounts due at year end are recorded in the account "compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated unpaid leave are paid. Compensated absences are reported in governmental funds only if they have matured.

The District's policies regarding compensated absences are determined by the state laws and/or negotiated agreements. In summary, the policies are as follows:

<u>Vacation</u>	<u>Certified</u>	<u>Administrators</u>	<u>Non-certificated</u>
How earned	Not Eligible	20 days	11-26 days for each service year depending on length of service
Maximum Accumulation	Not Applicable	20 days	26 days
Vested	Not Applicable	As Earned	As Earned
Termination Entitlement	Not Applicable	None	None
<u>Sick Leave</u>	<u>Certified</u>	<u>Administrators</u>	<u>Non-certificated</u>
How Earned	1 1/4 days per month of employment (15 days per year)	1 1/4 days per month of employment (15 days per year)	1 1/4 days per month of employment (15 days per year)
Maximum Accumulation	300 days	300 days	300 days
Vested	As Earned	As Earned	As Earned
Termination Entitlement	Per Contract	Per Contract	Per Contract

**Southwest Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019**

Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB, and pension/OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflow of resources. Net investment in capital assets, consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The District applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available. Of the District's \$32,625,147 in restricted net position, none were restricted by enabling legislation.

Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column on the Statement of Net position.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund (internal) activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statement of activities. The interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation.

Fund Balance

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, the District classifies its fund balance based on the purpose for which the resources were received and the level of constraint placed on the resources. The following categories are used:

Nonspendable – resources that are not in spendable form (inventory) or have legal or contractual requirements to maintain the balance intact.

**Southwest Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019**

Restricted – resources that have external purpose restraints imposed on them by providers, such as creditors, grantors, or other regulators.

Committed – resources that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government at its highest level of decision making authority, the Board of Education. The formal action that is required to establish (and modify or rescind) a fund balance commitment is a Board Resolution.

Assigned – resources that are intended to be used for specific purposes as approved through the District's formal purchasing procedure by the Treasurer.

Unassigned – residual fund balance within the General Fund that is not restricted, committed, or assigned. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from incurred expenses for specific purposes exceeding amounts, which had been restricted, committed or assigned for said purposes.

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agent

The District has cash with fiscal agent in the debt service fund for the District's HB264 QSCB's principal payments made to a sinking fund. The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Co. is the paying agent and maintains the sinking fund.

Note 3 – Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments

The District maintains a cash and investment pool used by all funds. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the combined balance sheet as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments."

State statute requires the classification of monies held by the District into three categories:

Active Monies - Those monies required to be kept in a "cash" or "near cash" status for immediate use by the District. Such monies must by law be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in depository accounts payable or withdrawable on demand.

Inactive Monies – Those monies not required for use within the current two year period of designated depositories. Ohio law permits inactive monies to be deposited or invested as certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designated depositories, or as savings or deposit accounts, including, but not limited to passbook accounts.

**Southwest Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019**

Interim Monies – Those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim monies held by the District can be deposited or invested in the following securities:

1. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States.
2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligation or security issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, and Government National Mortgage Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities.
3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days.
4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio, and with certain limitations including a requirement for maturity within ten years from the date of settlement, bonds and other obligations of political subdivisions of the State of Ohio, if training requirements have been met.
5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.
6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions.
7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio).
8. Certain bankers' acceptances for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days) and commercial paper notes (for a period not to exceed two hundred seventy days) in an amount not to exceed 40 percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time if training requirements have been met.

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by the financial institutions participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited. Except as noted above, an investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

Southwest Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Deposits

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the District will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. As of June 30, 2019, \$5,034,436 of the District's bank balance of \$5,534,436 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and collateralized.

The District has no deposit policy for custodial risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits either be insured or be protected by:

Eligible securities pledged to the District and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose market value at all times shall be at least 105% of the deposits being secured; or

Participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total market value of the securities pledged to be 102% of the deposits being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of State.

Investments

As of June 30, 2019, the District had the following investments:

Investment Type	Fair Value	Fair Value Hierarchy	Weighted Average Maturity (Years)
Federal Home Loan Mortgage	\$21,743,634	Level 2	1.55
Federal National Mortgage Association	1,545,804	Level 2	0.30
Federal Home Loan Bank	20,455,870	Level 2	0.87
Negotiable CDs	500,048	Level 2	0.25
STAR Ohio	19,571	N/A	0.14
Money Market Funds	12,187,446	N/A	0.00
Commercial Paper	9,927,890	Level 2	0.30
Federal Farm Credit Bank	12,513,400	Level 2	0.73
Treasury Bill	3,335,487	Level 1	0.14
Total Fair Value	<u>\$82,229,150</u>		
Portfolio Weighted Average Maturity			0.73

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets. Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs. Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The above table identifies the District's recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2019. STAR Ohio is reported at its share price (Net Asset value per share). All other investments of the District are valued using quoted market prices.

Interest Rate Risk - In accordance with the investment policy, the District manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the weighted average maturity of its investment portfolio to three years.

**Southwest Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019**

Credit Risk – It is the District's policy to limit its investments that are not obligations of the U.S. Government or obligations explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. Government to investments, which have the highest credit quality rating issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The District's investments in the Federal Home Loan Mortgage, Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Farm Credit Bank, and Federal Home Loan Bank were rated AA+ by Standard and Poor's and Aaa by Moody's Investor Service. Commercial Paper is rated A-1 by Standard and Poor's and P-1 by Moody's. Investments in STAROhio were rated AAAm by Standard & Poors. Money Market Funds, Negotiable CDs, and Treasury Bills were not rated.

Concentration of Credit Risk – The District's investment policy allows investments in Federal Agencies or Instrumentalities. The District has invested 26.4% in Federal Home Loan Mortgage, 1.9% in Federal National Mortgage Association, 24.9% in Federal Home Loan Bank, 0.6% Negotiable CDs, 14.8% in Money Market Funds, less than 0.1% in STAR Ohio, 12.1% in Commercial Paper, 15.2% in Federal Farm Credit Bank, and 4.0% in Treasury Bills.

Custodial Credit Risk – It is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. All of the District's securities are either insured and registered in the name of the District or at least registered in the name of the District.

Note 4 – Property and Income Taxes

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis. Second half distributions occur in a new fiscal year. Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility located in the District. Real property taxes are levied after April 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1, the lien date. Public utility property taxes attached as a lien on December 31 of the prior year, were levied April 1 and are collected with real property taxes. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at 35 percent of appraised market value. All property is required to be revalued every six years. Public utility property taxes are assessed on real property at 35 percent of true value.

Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established. The District receives property taxes from Hamilton County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2019, are available to finance fiscal year 2020 operations. The amount available for advance can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable represents delinquent taxes outstanding and real property and public utility taxes that became measurable as of June 30, 2019. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount available as an advance at June 30 is intended to finance current fiscal year operations.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2019 taxes were collected are:

	<u>Amount</u>
Agricultural/Residential	
and Other Real Estate	\$562,920,300
Public Utility Personal	<u>63,465,770</u>
Total	<u>\$626,386,070</u>

**Southwest Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019**

Income Tax

The District levies a voted tax of 0.75 percent for general operations on the earned income of residents. The tax was effective on January 1, 2007, and is a continuous levy. Employers of residents are required to withhold income tax on compensation and remit the tax to the State. Taxpayers are required to file an annual return. The State makes quarterly distributions to the District after withholding amounts for administrative fees and estimated refunds. Income tax revenue is credited to the General Fund.

Note 5 – Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2019, consisted of taxes, accounts, interest, intergovernmental grants, and interfund. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs, and the current year guarantee of federal funds.

Note 6 – Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, was as follows:

	<u>Beginning Balance</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	<u>Ending Balance</u>
Governmental Activities				
<i>Capital Assets, not being depreciated:</i>				
Land	\$2,990,625	\$0	\$0	\$2,990,625
Construction in Progress	0	3,063,487	0	3,063,487
<i>Capital Assets, being depreciated:</i>				
Land Improvements	2,686,299	0	38,163	2,648,136
Buildings and Improvements	34,701,942	0	212,285	34,489,657
Equipment	<u>6,477,741</u>	<u>1,078,060</u>	<u>246,519</u>	<u>7,309,282</u>
Totals at Historical Cost	<u>46,856,607</u>	<u>4,141,547</u>	<u>496,967</u>	<u>50,501,187</u>
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Land Improvements	2,594,972	27,397	38,163	2,584,206
Buildings and Improvements	19,819,232	733,331	212,285	20,340,278
Equipment	<u>5,251,971</u>	<u>382,381</u>	<u>246,509</u>	<u>5,387,843</u>
Total Accumulated Depreciation	<u>27,666,175</u>	<u>1,143,109</u>	<u>496,957</u>	<u>28,312,327</u>
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	<u>\$19,190,432</u>	<u>\$2,998,438</u>	<u>\$10</u>	<u>\$22,188,860</u>

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Southwest Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:

Regular	\$864,939
Special	58,677

Support Services:

Pupils	1,634
Instructional Staff	2,241
School Administration	49,152
Fiscal	483
Operations and Maintenance	57,936
Pupil Transportation	60,896
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	28,411
Extracurricular Activities	18,740
Total Depreciation Expense	<u><u>\$1,143,109</u></u>

Note 7 – Long-Term Liabilities

	Interest Rate	Issuance Date	Maturity Date	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities								
General Obligation Bonds:								
2017 Refunded General Obligation Bonds	5.05%	5/1/99	12/1/18	\$8,005,000	\$0	\$50,000	\$7,955,000	\$410,000
2017 Refunded General Obligation Bonds - Premium Refunding A:				804,829	0	80,483	724,346	0
\$55,000 - Capital Appreciation	4.00%	12/1/07	12/1/19	55,000	0	0	55,000	55,000
Accretion of Interest	0.00%	12/1/07	12/1/19	342,192	34,308	0	376,500	0
Refunding B:								
\$50,000 - Capital Appreciation	4.00%	12/1/07	12/1/20	50,000	0	0	50,000	0
Accretion of Interest	0.00%	12/1/07	12/1/20	338,651	33,944	0	372,595	0
2012 Refunding School Improvement Bonds	0.00%	12/1/11	12/1/18	785,000	0	785,000	0	0
\$475,136 - Premium on A and B Refunding	0.00%	12/1/07	12/1/20	10,053	0	10,053	0	0
\$2,815,000 - HB264	6.00%	3/10/11	12/1/25	2,815,000	0	0	2,815,000	0
2018 Series Bonds				61,800,000	0	1,600,000	60,200,000	5,000
2018 Series Bonds Premium				1,772,141	0	46,635	1,725,506	0
2018 School Improvement Bond Anticipation Notes				9,900,000	0	200,000	9,700,000	50,000
Subtotal Bonds				86,677,866	68,252	2,772,171	83,973,947	520,000
Capital Lease				367,374	371,585	183,687	555,272	263,051
Compensated Absences				5,702,291	443,941	360,581	5,785,651	519,707
Subtotal Bonds and Other Amounts				92,747,531	883,778	3,316,439	90,314,870	1,302,758
Net Pension Liability								
STRS				32,815,142	0	887,438	31,927,704	0
SERS				6,386,842	546,305	0	6,933,147	0
Subtotal Net Pension Liability				39,201,984	546,305	887,438	38,860,851	0
Net OPEB Liability								
STRS				5,389,661	0	5,389,661	0 (a)	0
SERS				2,903,619	474,413	0	3,378,032	0
Subtotal Net OPEB Liability				8,293,280	474,413	5,389,661	3,378,032	0
Total Long-Term Obligations				\$140,242,795	\$1,904,496	\$9,593,538	\$132,553,753	\$1,302,758

(a) OPEB for STRS has a Net OPEB asset in the amount of \$2,333,324 as of June 30, 2019.

Southwest Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

General obligation bonds will be paid from the debt service fund. Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the person is paid. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability and net OPEB liability; however, employer pension and OPEB contributions are made from the fund benefitting from their service.

2018 Series A Bonds were issued for \$60,200,000 with varying interest rates between 2.5%-4.0%. They have a final maturity of 1/15/2055.

2018 Series B Bonds were issued for \$1,600,000 with an interest rate of 3.0%. The maturity date is 1/15/2019.

2018 School Improvement Bond Anticipation Notes

In November 2018, the District issued \$9,700,000 of 2019 bond anticipation notes payable to renew the 2018 School Improvement Bond Anticipation Notes, less \$200,000 of principal retirement. As the new notes extended the maturity date of the bond anticipation notes past 12 months after the date of the financial statements, the bond anticipation notes will be treated as long-term obligation of the District.

Principal and interest requirements to retire debt outstanding at year end are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	General Obligation Bonds			Capital Appreciation Bonds		
	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$415,000	\$2,890,558	\$3,305,558	\$55,000	\$395,000	\$450,000
2021	395,000	2,874,033	3,269,033	50,000	430,000	480,000
2022	905,000	2,858,308	3,763,308	0	0	0
2023	930,000	2,822,183	3,752,183	0	0	0
2024	975,000	2,785,058	3,760,058	0	0	0
2025-2029	8,585,000	12,683,532	21,268,532	0	0	0
2030-2034	7,250,000	10,884,315	18,134,315	0	0	0
2035-2039	8,815,000	9,311,574	18,126,574	0	0	0
2040-2044	10,655,000	7,424,568	18,079,568	0	0	0
2045-2049	12,880,000	5,156,328	18,036,328	0	0	0
2050-2054	15,650,000	2,317,000	17,967,000	0	0	0
2055	3,515,000	70,300	3,585,300	0	0	0
Total	<u>\$70,970,000</u>	<u>\$62,077,757</u>	<u>\$133,047,757</u>	<u>\$105,000</u>	<u>\$825,000</u>	<u>\$930,000</u>

Note 8 – Capitalized Leases – Lessee Disclosure

The District entered into a capitalized lease agreement for the acquisition of computers. Capital assets acquired by lease have been capitalized as equipment in the amount of \$551,061, which is equal to the present value of the future minimum lease payments on the government-wide financial statements.

The District entered into a capitalized lease agreement for the acquisition of buses. Capital assets acquired by lease have been capitalized as vehicles in the amount of \$371,585, which is equal to the present value of the future minimum lease payments on the government-wide financial statements.

The following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments required under the capital leases and the present value of the minimum lease payments at year-end.

**Southwest Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019**

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Lease
2020	\$273,802
2021	82,587
2022	80,316
2023	77973
2024	<u>75,554</u>
Total Minimum Lease Payments	\$590,232
Amount Representing Interest	<u>(34,960)</u>
Present Value of Minimum Lease Payments	<u><u>\$555,272</u></u>

Note 9 – Operating Lease – Lessor Disclosure

The District collectively (the “lessor”) entered into an agreement to lease two modular from Williams Scotsman Inc. The lease was effective April 12, 2017 through April 12, 2020. Monthly payments were established at \$2,300 per month and \$4,500 per month, respectively.

Note 10 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans

The Statewide retirement systems provide both pension and other postemployment benefits (OPEB).

Net Pension Liability/Net OPEB Liability (Asset)

Pensions and OPEB are a component of exchange transactions between an employer and its employees of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions and OPEB are provided to an employee on a deferred payment basis as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions and OPEB are a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) represent the District’s proportionate share of each pension and OPEB plan’s collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension and OPEB plan’s fiduciary net position. The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting these estimates annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the District’s obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions and OPEB are financed; however, the District does receive the benefit of employees’ services in exchange for compensation including pension and OPEB.

GASB Statements No. 68/75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires funding to come from these employers. All pension contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes pension costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits. In addition, health care plan enrollees pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. State statute requires the retirement systems to amortize unfunded pension liabilities within 30 years. If the

Southwest Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

pension amortization period exceeds 30 years, each retirement system's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension/OPEB liability (asset). Resulting adjustments to the net pension/OPEB liability (asset) would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term net pension/OPEB liability (asset) on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension/OPEB contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in accrued wages and benefits on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

The remainder of this note includes the required pension disclosures. See Note 11 for the required OPEB disclosures.

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description

District non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to Retire on or before August 1, 2017 *	Eligible to Retire on or after August 1, 2017
Full Benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially Reduced Benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

* Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017, will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service; 2.2 percent for the first thirty years of service and 2.5 percent for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

An individual whose benefit effective date is before April 1, 2018, is eligible for a cost of living adjustment (COLA) on the first anniversary date of the benefit. Beginning April 1, 2018, new benefit recipients must wait until the fourth anniversary of their benefit for COLA eligibility. The COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit. A three-year COLA suspension is in effect for all benefit recipients for the years 2018, 2019, and 2020. Upon resumption of the COLA, it will be indexed to the percentage increase in the CPI-W, not to exceed 2.5 percent and with a floor of 0 percent.

**Southwest Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019**

Funding Policy

Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 13.5 percent. The remaining .5 percent was allocated to the Health Care Fund.

The contractually required contribution to SERS was \$517,542 for fiscal year 2019. Of this amount \$19,860 is reported as accrued wages and benefits.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description

District licensed teachers and other faculty members participate in STRS Ohio, a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information, and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Web site at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan, and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307.

The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation is 2.2 percent of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. In April 2017, the Retirement Board made the decision to reduce COLA granted on or after July 1, 2017, to 0 percent to preserve the fiscal integrity of the retirement system. Benefit recipients' base benefit and past cost-of living increases are not affected by this change. Members are eligible to retire at age 60 with five years of qualifying service credit, or age 55 with 27 years of service, or 30 years of service regardless of age. Eligibility changes will be phased in until August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five years of service credit and age 65, or 35 years of service credit and at least age 60.

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 9.53 percent of the 14 percent employer contributions into an investment account. Investment allocation decisions are determined by the member. The remaining 4.47 percent of the 14 percent employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, 12 percent of the 14 percent member rate goes to the DC Plan and the remaining 2 percent goes to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan

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payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity after termination of employment at age 50 or later.

New members who choose the DC plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. New members on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit to apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy

Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the employer rate was 14 percent and the plan members were also required to contribute 14 percent of covered salary. For fiscal year 2019, the contributions rates were equal to the statutory maximum rates and the full employer contribution was allocated to pension.

The contractually required contribution to STRS was \$2,486,664 for fiscal year 2019. Of this amount \$418,428 is reported as accrued wages and benefits.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$6,933,147	\$31,927,704	\$38,860,851
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability:			
Current Measurement Date	0.12105680%	0.14520675%	
Prior Measurement Date	0.10689670%	0.13813869%	
Change in Proportionate Share	0.01416010%	0.00706806%	
Pension Expense	\$811,343	\$3,184,155	\$3,995,498

Southwest Local School District
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At June 30 2019, reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$380,239	\$736,989	\$1,117,228
Changes of assumptions	156,565	5,658,192	5,814,757
Changes in employer proportionate share of net pension liability	485,945	1,345,482	1,831,427
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	517,542	2,486,664	3,004,206
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$1,540,291	\$10,227,327	\$11,767,618
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$0	\$208,507	\$208,507
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	192,096	1,936,061	2,128,157
Changes in employer proportionate share of net pension liability	49,001	195,981	244,982
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$241,097	\$2,340,549	\$2,581,646

\$3,004,206 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30:	SERS	STRS	Total
2020	\$803,559	\$2,946,989	\$3,750,548
2021	264,534	2,175,859	2,440,393
2022	(227,527)	428,284	200,757
2023	(58,914)	(151,018)	(209,932)
Total	\$781,652	\$5,400,114	\$6,181,766

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

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Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30 2018, are presented below:

Inflation	3.00%
Future Salary Increases, including inflation	3.50% to 18.20%
COLA or Ad Hoc COLA	2.50%
Investment Rate of Return	7.50% net of investments expense, including inflation
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal (Level Percent of Payroll)

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females. Mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries were based upon the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120 percent of male rates, and 110 percent of female rates. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90 percent for male rates and 100 percent for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement. The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2015.

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined by using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating an arithmetic weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalanced uncorrelated asset classes.

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	1.00%	0.50%
US Stocks	22.50%	4.75%
Non-US Stocks	22.50%	7.00%
Fixed Income	19.00%	1.50%
Private Equity	10.00%	8.00%
Real Assets	15.00%	5.00%
Multi-Asset Strategies	10.00%	3.00%
Total	<u>100.00%</u>	

Discount Rate

The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute.

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Projected inflows from investment earning were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.50 percent). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.50 percent), or one percentage point higher (8.50 percent) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease 6.50%	Current Discount Rate 7.50%	1% Increase 8.50%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$9,765,861	\$6,933,147	\$4,558,107

Assumption and Benefit Changes since the Prior Measurement Date

With the authority granted the Board under Senate Bill 8, the Board has enacted a three year COLA delay for future benefit recipients commencing benefits on or after April 1, 2018.

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the July 1 2018, actuarial valuation, are presented below:

Inflation	2.50%
Projected Salary Increases	12.50% at age 20 to 2.50% at age 65
Investment Rate of Return	7.45%, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Discount Rate of Return	7.45%
Payroll Increases	3.00%
Cost-of-Living Adjustments (COLA)	0%, effective July 1, 2017

Post-retirement mortality rates for healthy retirees are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2018 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

STRS Ohio's investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

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Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return *
Domestic Equity	28.00%	7.35%
International Equity	23.00%	7.55%
Alternatives	17.00%	7.09%
Fixed Income	21.00%	3.00%
Real Estate	10.00%	6.00%
Liquidity Reserves	<u>1.00%</u>	2.25%
Total	<u><u>100.00%</u></u>	

*10-Year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25 percent and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.45 percent as of June 30, 2018. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with the rates described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Based on those assumptions, STRS fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2018. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.45 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2018.

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following table represents the net pension liability as of June 30, 2018, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.45 percent, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower 6.45 percent or one percentage point higher 8.45 percent than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease 6.45%	Current Discount Rate 7.45%	1% Increase 8.45%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$46,626,209	\$31,927,704	\$19,487,414

Assumption and Benefit Changes since the Prior Measurement Date

There were no changes in assumptions or benefit terms since the prior measurement date.

Note 11 - Defined Benefit OPEB Plans

See note 10 for a description of the net OPEB liability (asset).

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Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Health Care Plan Description

The District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 75 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. SERS' Health Care Plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of most types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage. In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree, are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of 65 and therefore enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board established the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

Funding Policy

State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For fiscal year 2019, .5 percent of covered payroll was made to health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2019, this amount was \$21,600. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2019, the District's surcharge obligation was \$66,895.

The surcharge, added to the allocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The contractually required contribution to SERS was \$86,063 for fiscal year 2019. Of this amount \$19,860 is reported as accrued wages and benefits.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description

The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued effective January 1, 2020. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Southwest Local School District
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Funding Policy

Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Nearly all health care plan enrollees, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.

OPEB Liabilities (Assets), OPEB Expense (Income), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liability (asset) was measured as of June 30 2018, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset) was based on the District's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$3,378,032	\$0	\$3,378,032
Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB (Asset)	0	(2,333,324)	(2,333,324)
Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability/Asset:			
Current Measurement Date	0.12176290%	0.14520675%	
Prior Measurement Date	0.10819310%	0.13813869%	
Change in Proportionate Share	<u>0.01356980%</u>	<u>0.00706806%</u>	
OPEB Expense	\$178,315	(\$5,021,953)	(\$4,843,638)

At June 30 2019, reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	SERS	STRS	Total
<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$55,141	\$272,536	\$327,677
Changes in employer proportionate share of net OPEB liability	337,343	251,873	589,216
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>86,063</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>86,063</u>
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>\$478,547</u>	<u>\$524,409</u>	<u>\$1,002,956</u>
<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$0	\$135,947	\$135,947
Changes of assumptions	303,491	3,179,340	3,482,831
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	5,068	266,562	271,630
Changes in employer proportionate share of net OPEB liability	<u>17,246</u>	<u>15,163</u>	<u>32,409</u>
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>\$325,805</u>	<u>\$3,597,012</u>	<u>\$3,922,817</u>

Southwest Local School District
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\$86,063 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability (adjustment to net OPEB asset) in the year ending June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30:	SERS	STRS	Total
2020	(\$70,958)	(\$553,547)	(\$624,505)
2021	(41,641)	(553,546)	(595,187)
2022	51,195	(553,547)	(502,352)
2023	53,352	(493,008)	(439,656)
2024	53,001	(471,771)	(418,770)
Thereafter	21,730	(447,184)	(425,454)
Total	<u>\$66,679</u>	<u>(\$3,072,603)</u>	<u>(\$3,005,924)</u>

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

The total OPEB liability is determined by SERS' actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation date of June 30 2018, are presented below:

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Inflation	3.00%
Wage Increases	3.50% to 18.20%
Investment Rate of Return	7.50% net of investment expense, including inflation
Municipal Bond Index Rate:	
Measurement Date	3.62%
Prior Measurement Date	3.56%
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation:	
Measurement Date	3.70%
Prior Measurement Date	3.63%
Medical Trend Assumption:	
Medicare	5.375% to 4.75%
Pre-Medicare	7.25% to 4.75%

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and Scale BB, 120 percent of male rates and 110 percent of female rates. RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent for male rates and 100 percent for female rates set back five years. The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the actuarial five-year experience study. The most recent study covers fiscal years 2010 through 2015, and was adopted by the Board on April 21, 2016. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return, 7.50 percent, by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as used in the June 30, 2015 five-year experience study, are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term	
		Expected Real	Rate of Return
Cash	1.00%	0.50%	
US Stocks	22.50%	4.75%	
Non-US Stocks	22.50%	7.00%	
Fixed Income	19.00%	1.50%	
Private Equity	10.00%	8.00%	
Real Assets	15.00%	5.00%	
Multi-Asset Strategies	<u>10.00%</u>	3.00%	
Total	<u><u>100.00%</u></u>		

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Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2018 was 3.70 percent. The discount rate used to measure total OPEB liability prior to June 30, 2018 was 3.63 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and the System at the state statute contribution rate of 2.00 percent of projected covered employee payroll each year, which includes a 1.50 percent payroll surcharge and 0.50 percent of contributions from the basic benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make future benefit payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan assets was used to present value the projected benefit payments through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024 and the Fidelity General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index rate of 3.62 percent, as of June 30, 2018 (i.e. municipal bond rate), was used to present value the projected benefit payments for the remaining years in the projection. The total present value of projected benefit payments from all years was then used to determine the single rate of return that was used as the discount rate. The projection of future benefit payments for all current plan members was until the benefit payments ran out.

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates

The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate. The following table presents the net OPEB liability of SERS, what SERS' net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.70 percent) and higher (4.70 percent) than the current discount rate (3.70 percent). Also shown is what SERS' net OPEB liability would be based on health care cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (6.25 percent decreasing to 3.75 percent) and higher (8.25 percent decreasing to 5.75 percent) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease (2.70%)	Current Discount Rate (3.70%)	1% Increase (4.70%)
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$4,098,976	\$3,378,032	\$2,807,179
	1% Decrease (6.25% decreasing to 3.75%)	Current Trend Rate (7.25% decreasing to 4.75%)	1% Increase (8.25% decreasing to 5.75%)
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$2,725,452	\$3,378,032	\$4,242,165

Assumption and Benefit Changes since the Prior Measurement Date

The following changes in key methods and assumptions as presented below:

(1) Discount Rate:

Prior Measurement Date	3.63%
Measurement Date	3.70%

(2) Municipal Bond Index Rate:

Prior Measurement Date	3.56%
Measurement Date	3.62%

(3) Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation:

Prior Measurement Date	3.63%
Measurement Date	3.70%

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Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30 2018, actuarial valuation are presented below:

Projected Salary Increases	12.50% at age 20 to 2.50% at age 65
Investment Rate of Return	7.45%, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Payroll Increases	3%
Discount Rate of Return	7.45%

Health Care Cost Trends:

Medical:

Pre-Medicare	6% initial, 4% ultimate
Medicare	5% initial, 4% ultimate

Prescription Drug:

Pre-Medicare	8% initial, 4% ultimate
Medicare	(5.23%) initial, 4% ultimate

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

For healthy retirees the mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return*
Domestic Equity	28.00%	7.35%
International Equity	23.00%	7.55%
Alternatives	17.00%	7.09%
Fixed Income	21.00%	3.00%
Real Estate	10.00%	6.00%
Liquidity Reserves	1.00%	2.25%
Total	<u>100.00%</u>	

*10 year annualized geometric nominal returns, which includes the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25 percent and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actual rate of return, without net value added by management.

Southwest Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.45 percent as of June 30, 2018. The blended discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 4.13 percent as of June 30, 2017. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes STRS Ohio continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on health care plan investments of 7.45 percent was used to measure the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2018. The blended discount rate of 4.13 percent, which represents the long-term expected rate of return of 7.45 percent for the funded benefit payments and the Bond Buyer 20-year municipal bond rate of 3.58 percent for the unfunded benefit payments, was used to measure the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2017.

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB (Asset) to Changes in the Discount and Health Care Cost Trend Rate

The following table represents the net OPEB (asset) as of June 30, 2018, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.45 percent, as well as what the net OPEB (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.45 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.45 percent) than the current assumption. Also shown is the net OPEB (asset) as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates.

	1% Decrease (6.45%)	Current Discount Rate (7.45%)	1% Increase (8.45%)
Proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset)	(\$1,999,877)	(\$2,333,324)	(\$2,613,570)
	1% Decrease	Current Trend Rate	1% Increase
Proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset)	(\$2,597,750)	(\$2,333,324)	(\$2,064,779)

Assumption and Benefit Changes since the Prior Measurement Date

The discount rate was increased from the blended rate of 4.13 percent to the long-term expected rate of return of 7.45 percent based on the methodology defined under GASB Statement No. 74, *Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB)*. Valuation year per capita health care costs were updated.

The subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was increased from 1.900 percent to 1.944 percent per year of service effective January 1, 2019. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2019 and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements were scheduled to be discontinued beginning January 1, 2020. However, in June of 2019, the STRS Board voted to extend the current Medicare Part B partial reimbursement for one year.

Note 12 – Contingent Liabilities

Foundation Funding

School District foundation funding is based on the annualized full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment of each student. The Ohio Department of Education (ODE) is legislatively required to adjust/reconcile funding as enrollment information is updated by schools throughout the State, which can extend past

**Southwest Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019**

the fiscal year end. Management believes this may result in either an additional receivable to, or a liability of, the School District.

Grants

The District receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal, state and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds.

However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on any of the financial statements of the individual fund types included herein or on the overall financial position of the District as of June 30, 2019.

Litigation

The District's attorney estimates that all other potential claims against the District not covered by insurance resulting from all other litigation would not materially affect the financial statements of the District.

Note 13 – Jointly Governed Organizations

Hamilton Clermont Cooperative Information Technology Center (HCC) - The Hamilton Clermont Cooperative Information Technology Center is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a Board consisting of one representative from each of the twenty-four participating school districts' elected boards, which possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. To obtain financial information write to the Hamilton Clermont Cooperative Information Technology Center, the Executive Director, 7615 Harrison Avenue, Cincinnati, Ohio 45231.

Great Oaks Career Campuses - Great Oaks Career Campuses is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a Board consisting of thirty-five members representing thirty-six affiliated school districts, which possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. To obtain financial information, write to the Great Oaks Career Campuses, the Chief Financial Officer, at 3254 East Kemper Road, Cincinnati, Ohio 45241.

Note 14 – Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft or damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During the fiscal year, the District contracted with Indiana Insurance for fleet and liability insurance and Inland Marine coverage for property insurance.

Coverages provided by Indiana Insurance are as follows:

Building and Contents-replacement cost (\$10,000 deductible)	\$88,476,997
Inland Marine Coverage (\$1,000 deductible)	
Musical Instruments (\$250 deductible)	50,650
Lawn Equipment (\$500 deductible)	7,000
Automobile Liability (\$1,000 deductible)	1,000,000
Uninsured Motorists (\$1,000 deductible)	1,000,000

Southwest Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

General Liability	
Per occurrence	1,000,000
Aggregate	2,000,000
Umbrella Liability	10,000,000

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years.

Note 15 – Set-Asides

The District is required by State statute to annually set aside in the general fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by year-end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year-end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years.

The following cash basis information describes the change in the year-end set-aside amounts for capital acquisition. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	<u>Capital</u> <u>Acquisition</u>
Set-aside Reserve Balance as of June 30, 2018	\$0
Current Year Set-aside Requirement	680,268
Qualified Disbursements	<u>(2,552,715)</u>
Set-aside Reserve Balance as of June 30, 2019	<u><u>(\$1,872,447)</u></u>
Restricted Cash as of June 30, 2019	<u><u>\$0</u></u>

Expenditures for capital activity during the year totaled \$3,233,307 above, which exceeded the required set-aside and the reserve balance. Although the District had qualifying disbursements during the year that reduced the Capital Acquisition set-aside amounts to below zero, these extra amounts may not be used to reduce the set-aside requirements of future years. Negative amounts are therefore not presented as being carried forward to the next fiscal year.

Note 16 - Interfund Transactions

Interfund transactions at fiscal year end, consisted of the following individual fund transfers in and out, and interfund receivables and payables:

	Transfers		Interfund	
	<u>In</u>	<u>Out</u>	<u>Receivable</u>	<u>Payable</u>
General Fund	\$0	\$216,186	\$39,105	\$0
Debt Service Fund	210,789	0	0	0
Building Fund	917,193	0	0	0
Classroom Facilities Fund	0	917,193	0	0
Other Governmental Funds	<u>5,397</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>39,105</u>
Total All Funds	<u><u>\$1,133,379</u></u>	<u><u>\$1,133,379</u></u>	<u><u>\$39,105</u></u>	<u><u>\$39,105</u></u>

Southwest Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations; to segregate money for anticipated capital projects; to provide additional resources for current operations or debt service; and to return money to the fund from which it was originally provided once a project is completed.

Note 17 – Accountability

The following funds had a deficit in fund balance:

<u>Fund</u>	<u>Deficit</u>
Other Governmental Funds:	
Title VI-B	\$132,416
Title I	85,210
Improving Teacher Quality	18,116

The deficit in fund balance was due to accruals in GAAP. The general fund is liable for any deficit in these funds and will provide operating transfers when cash is required not when accruals occur.

Note 18 – Construction and Other Commitments

The District utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year end may be reported as part of restricted, committed or assigned classifications of fund balance. At year end, the District's commitments for encumbrances in the governmental funds were as follows:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Remaining Commitment</u>
General	\$979,407
Building	1,182,097
Classroom Facilities	4,615,491
Other Governmental	134,032

Note 19 – Fund Balances

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the government funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented below:

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Southwest Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Fund Balances	General	Debt Service	Building	Classroom Facilities	Other Governmental Funds	Total
Nonspendable:						
Prepaid	\$26,293	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$2,666	\$28,959
Total Nonspendable	26,293	0	0	0	2,666	28,959
Restricted for:						
Other Grants	0	0	0	0	10,857	10,857
Student Activities	0	0	0	0	73,409	73,409
Auxiliary Services	0	0	0	0	23,079	23,079
Classroom Facilities	0	0	0	57,942,350	0	57,942,350
Food Service	0	0	0	0	569,757	569,757
Debt Service	0	6,357,771	0	0	0	6,357,771
Building	0	0	14,779,430	0	0	14,779,430
Permanent Improvement	0	0	0	0	580,475	580,475
Total Restricted	0	6,357,771	14,779,430	57,942,350	1,257,577	80,337,128
Committed to:						
Permanent Improvements	0	0	0	0	96,881	96,881
Total Committed	0	0	0	0	96,881	96,881
Assigned to:						
Encumbrances	803,316	0	0	0	0	803,316
Public School	83,121	0	0	0	0	83,121
Budgetary Resources	88,094	0	0	0	0	88,094
Total Assigned	974,531	0	0	0	0	974,531
Unassigned (Deficit)	10,162,666	0	0	0	(237,759)	9,924,907
Total Fund Balance	\$11,163,490	6,357,771	\$14,779,430	\$57,942,350	\$1,119,365	\$91,362,406

Note 20 – Tax Abatements Entered Into By Other Governments

Other governments entered into property tax abatement agreements with property owners under the Ohio Community Reinvestment Area (“CRA”) and Enterprise Zone (EZ) programs with the taxing districts of the District. The CRA and EZ programs are directive incentive tax exemption programs benefiting property owners who renovate or construct new buildings. Under these programs, the other governments designated areas to encourage revitalization of the existing housing stock and the development of new structures. Within the taxing districts of the District, the Hamilton County has entered into such an agreement. Under this agreement the District’s property taxes were reduced by approximately \$39,973. The District is not receiving any other amounts from this other government in association with the forgone property tax revenue.

Note 21 – Implementation of New Accounting Principles

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the following have been implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 83, *Certain Asset Retirement Obligations* and GASB No. 88, *Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements*.

GASB Statement No. 83 sets out to address the accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations (AROs). An ARO is a legally enforceable liability associated with the retirement of a tangible capital asset. A government that has legal obligations to perform future asset retirement activities related to its tangible capital assets should recognize a liability based on the guidance in this

Southwest Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Statement. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 83 did not have an effect on the financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 88 sets out to improve the information that is disclosed in notes to government financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements. It also clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt. The Statement defines debt for purposes of disclosure in notes to financial statements as a liability that arises from a contractual obligation to pay cash (or other assets that may be used in lieu of cash) in one or more payments to settle an amount that is fixed at the date the contractual obligation is established. This Statement requires that additional essential information related to debt be disclosed in notes to financial statements, including unused lines of credit; assets pledged as collateral for the debt; and terms specified in debt agreements related to significant events of default with finance-related consequences, significant termination events with finance-related consequences, and significant subjective acceleration clauses. For notes to financial statements related to debt, this Statement also requires that existing and additional information be provided for direct borrowings and direct placements of debt separately from other debt. If applicable, GASB Statement No. 88 has been implemented in the notes to financial statements.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Southwest Local School District
 Required Supplementary Information
 Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
 State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio
Last Six Fiscal Years (1) (2)

Year	District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	District's Covered Payroll	District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position Percentage as a of the Total Pension Liability
2019	0.14520675%	\$31,927,704	\$16,294,114	195.95%	77.30%
2018	0.13813869%	32,815,142	14,915,486	220.01%	75.30%
2017	0.13853562%	46,372,048	14,637,514	316.80%	66.80%
2016	0.13595540%	37,574,096	14,310,686	262.56%	72.10%
2015	0.13816082%	33,605,493	15,202,085	221.06%	74.70%
2014	0.13816082%	39,923,138	14,685,943	271.85%	69.30%

(1) The schedule is intended to show information for the past 10 years and the additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available. Information prior to 2014 is not available.

(2) Amounts presented as of the District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

Southwest Local School District
 Required Supplementary Information
 Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
 School Employees Retirement System of Ohio
Last Six Fiscal Years (1) (2)

Year	District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	District's Covered Payroll	District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position Percentage as a of the Total Pension Liability
2019	0.12105680%	\$6,933,147	\$3,942,185	175.87%	71.36%
2018	0.10689670%	6,386,842	3,516,807	181.61%	69.50%
2017	0.10844780%	7,937,378	3,469,714	228.76%	62.98%
2016	0.10663530%	6,084,714	3,446,495	176.55%	69.16%
2015	0.10908800%	5,520,882	3,201,912	172.42%	71.70%
2014	0.10908800%	6,489,060	3,032,916	213.95%	65.52%

(1) The schedule is intended to show information for the past 10 years and the additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available. Information prior to 2014 is not available.

(2) Amounts presented as of the District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

Southwest Local School District
 Required Supplementary Information
 Schedule of District's Contributions for Net Pension Liability
 State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Year	District's Contractually Required Contribution	District's Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contributions	District's Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	District's Covered Payroll	District's Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2019	\$2,486,664	(\$2,486,664)	\$0	\$17,761,886	14.00%
2018	2,281,176	(2,281,176)	0	16,294,114	14.00%
2017	2,088,168	(2,088,168)	0	14,915,486	14.00%
2016	2,049,252	(2,049,252)	0	14,637,514	14.00%
2015	2,003,496	(2,003,496)	0	14,310,686	14.00%
2014	1,976,271	(1,976,271)	0	15,202,085	13.00%
2013	1,963,380	(1,963,380)	0	14,685,943	13.37%
2012	2,110,680	(2,110,680)	0	14,956,717	14.11%
2011	2,209,896	(2,209,896)	0	16,016,221	13.80%
2010	2,216,292	(2,216,292)	0	15,944,840	13.90%

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

Southwest Local School District
 Required Supplementary Information
 Schedule of District's Contributions for Net Pension Liability
 School Employees Retirement System of Ohio
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Year	District's Contractually Required Contribution	District's Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contributions	District's Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	District's Covered Payroll	District's Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2019	\$517,542	(\$517,542)	\$0	\$3,833,644	13.50%
2018	532,195	(532,195)	0	3,942,185	13.50%
2017	492,353	(492,353)	0	3,516,807	14.00%
2016	485,760	(485,760)	0	3,469,714	14.00%
2015	454,248	(454,248)	0	3,446,495	13.18%
2014	443,785	(443,785)	0	3,201,912	13.86%
2013	472,440	(472,440)	0	3,032,916	15.58%
2012	504,648	(504,648)	0	3,410,568	14.80%
2011	574,654	(574,654)	0	3,919,501	14.66%
2010	533,124	(533,124)	0	3,741,477	14.25%

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

Southwest Local School District

Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB (Asset)/Liability

State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Last Three Fiscal Years (1) (2)

Year	District's Proportion of the Net OPEB (Asset)/Liability	District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB (Asset)/Liability	District's Covered Payroll	District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB (Asset)/Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position Percentage as a of the Total OPEB (Asset)/Liability
2019	0.14520675%	(\$2,333,324)	\$16,294,114	(14.32%)	176.00%
2018	0.13813869%	5,389,661	14,915,486	36.13%	47.10%
2017	0.13853562%	7,408,920	14,637,514	50.62%	37.30%

(1) The schedule is intended to show information for the past 10 years and the additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available. Information prior to 2017 is not available.

(2) Amounts presented as of the District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

Southwest Local School District
 Required Supplementary Information
 Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability
 School Employees Retirement System of Ohio
Last Three Fiscal Years (1) (2)

Year	District's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability	District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	District's Covered Payroll	District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position Percentage as a of the Total OPEB Liability
2019	0.12176290%	\$3,378,032	\$3,942,185	85.69%	13.57%
2018	0.10819310%	2,903,619	3,516,807	82.56%	12.46%
2017	0.10948570%	3,120,748	3,469,714	89.94%	11.49%

(1) The schedule is intended to show information for the past 10 years and the additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available. Information prior to 2017 is not available.

(2) Amounts presented as of the District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

Southwest Local School District
 Required Supplementary Information
 Schedule of District's Contributions for Net OPEB (Asset)/Liability
 State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio
Last Four Fiscal Years (1)

Year	District's Contractually Required Contribution	District's Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contributions	District's Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	District's Covered Payroll	District's Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2019	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$17,761,886	0.00%
2018	0	0	0	16,294,114	0.00%
2017	0	0	0	14,915,486	0.00%
2016	0	0	0	14,637,514	0.00%

(1) The schedule is intended to show information for the past 10 years and the additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available. Information prior to 2016 is not available.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

Southwest Local School District

Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of District's Contributions for Net OPEB Liability

School Employees Retirement System of Ohio

Last Four Fiscal Years (1) (2)

Year	District's Contractually Required Contribution (2)	District's Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contributions	District's Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	District's Covered Payroll	District's Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2019	\$86,063	(\$86,063)	\$0	\$3,833,644	2.24%
2018	80,833	(80,833)	0	3,942,185	2.05%
2017	57,662	(57,662)	0	3,516,807	1.64%
2016	53,621	(53,621)	0	3,469,714	1.55%

(1) The schedule is intended to show information for the past 10 years and the additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available. Information prior to 2016 is not available.

(2) Includes surcharge.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

Southwest Local School District
 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
 Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)
 For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	General Fund			
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance from Final Budget
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$17,451,828	\$18,446,622	\$18,281,325	(\$165,297)
Revenue in lieu of taxes	534,907	565,398	560,332	(5,066)
Tuition and Fees	605,061	639,551	633,820	(5,731)
Investment Earnings	248,946	263,137	260,779	(2,358)
Intergovernmental	16,535,655	17,478,224	17,321,605	(156,619)
Extracurricular Activities	67,518	71,367	70,727	(640)
Other Revenues	176,692	186,764	185,090	(1,674)
Total Revenues	35,620,607	37,651,063	37,313,678	(337,385)
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	18,426,295	18,971,462	18,879,275	92,187
Special	6,212,579	6,396,387	6,365,305	31,082
Vocational	9,918	10,212	10,162	50
Other	843,334	868,285	864,066	4,219
Support Services:				
Pupil	1,611,924	1,659,616	1,651,551	8,065
Instructional Staff	325,292	334,916	333,289	1,627
General Administration	20,017	20,609	20,509	100
School Administration	3,021,477	3,110,872	3,095,755	15,117
Fiscal	1,136,000	1,169,610	1,163,927	5,683
Operations and Maintenance	2,706,407	2,786,480	2,772,940	13,540
Pupil Transportation	1,846,415	1,901,044	1,891,806	9,238
Central	65,513	67,452	67,124	328
Extracurricular Activities	624,731	643,215	640,089	3,126
Capital Outlay	98,233	101,139	100,648	491
Total Expenditures	36,948,135	38,041,299	37,856,446	184,853
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,327,528)	(390,236)	(542,768)	(152,532)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	95,463	100,904	100,000	(904)
Advances (Out)	(22,930)	(23,609)	(23,494)	115
Transfers (Out)	(210,999)	(217,242)	(216,186)	1,056
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(138,466)	(139,947)	(139,680)	267
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,465,994)	(530,183)	(682,448)	(152,265)
Fund Balance Beginning of Year (includes prior year encumbrances appropriated)	8,056,545	8,056,545	8,056,545	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$6,590,551	\$7,526,362	\$7,374,097	(\$152,265)

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

Southwest Local School District
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information
For The Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 1 – Budgetary Process

All funds, except agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the appropriations resolution and the certificate of estimated resources which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount that the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriation resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of control has been established by the Board at the fund level. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by resolution of the Board.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the final amended certificate of estimated resources issued during the fiscal year 2019.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation resolution for that fund that covered the entire year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the year.

While the District is reporting financial position, results of operations and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are as follows:

1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).
3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures for all funds (budget basis) rather than as assigned to a fund balance for governmental fund types and expendable trust funds (GAAP basis).
4. Advances in and advances out are operating transactions (budget basis) as opposed to balance sheet transactions.
5. Some funds are reported as part of the general fund (GAAP basis) as opposed to the general fund being reported alone (budget basis).

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis to the budgetary basis for the general fund.

Southwest Local School District
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information
For The Year Ended June 30, 2019

Net Change in Fund Balance

	<u>General</u>
GAAP Basis	\$722,916
Revenue Accruals	(1,210,828)
Expenditure Accruals	1,116,650
Proceeds of Capital Assets	(371,585)
Advances (Out)	(23,494)
Encumbrances	(916,107)
Budget Basis	<u><u>(\$682,448)</u></u>

Note 2 - Net Pension Liability

School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Changes in Benefit Terms:

2019: With the authority granted the Board under Senate Bill 8, the Board has enacted a three year COLA delay for future benefit recipients commencing benefits on or after April 1, 2018.

2018: SERS changed from a fixed 3% annual increase to a Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) based on the change in the Consumer Price Index Index (CPI-W), with a cap of 2.5% and a floor of 0%.

2014-2017: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for these fiscal years.

Changes in Assumptions:

2018-2019: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for these fiscal years.

2017: The following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date:

- (1) The assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%,
- (2) Payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.50%,
- (3) Assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75% to 0.50%,
- (4) Rates of withdrawal, retirement and disability were updated to reflect recent experience,
- (5) Mortality among active members was updated to RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females,
- (6) Mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries was updated to the following RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates,
- (7) Mortality among disabled members was updated to RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement, and
- (8) The discount rate was reduced from 7.75% to 7.50%.

2014-2016: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for these fiscal years.

**Southwest Local School District
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information
For The Year Ended June 30, 2019**

State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Changes in Benefit Terms:

2019: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for this fiscal year.

2018: STRS decreased the Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) to zero.

2014-2017: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for these fiscal years.

Changes in Assumptions:

2019: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for this fiscal year.

2018: The following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date:

- (1) The long term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75% to 7.45%,
- (2) The inflation assumption was lowered from 2.75% to 2.50%,
- (3) The payroll growth assumption was lowered to 3.00%,
- (4) Total salary increases rate was lowered by decreasing the merit component of the individual salary increases, in addition to a decrease of 0.25% due to lower inflation,
- (5) The healthy and disabled mortality assumptions were updated to the RP-2014 mortality tables with generational improvement scale MP-2016, and
- (6) Rates of retirement, termination and disability were modified to better reflect anticipated future experience.

2014-2017: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for these fiscal years.

Note 3 - Net OPEB (Asset)/Liability

School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Changes in Benefit Terms:

2017-2019: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for these fiscal years.

Changes in Assumptions:

2019: Amounts reported for the fiscal year incorporate changes in key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability as presented below:

- (1) Discount Rate:

Prior Measurement Date	3.63%
Measurement Date	3.70%
- (2) Municipal Bond Index Rate:

Prior Measurement Date	3.56%
Measurement Date	3.62%
- (3) Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation:

Prior Measurement Date	3.63%
Measurement Date	3.70%

2018: Amounts reported for the fiscal year incorporate changes in key methods and assumptions used

**Southwest Local School District
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information
For The Year Ended June 30, 2019**

in calculating the total OPEB liability as presented below:

(1) Discount Rate:

Fiscal Year 2018	3.63%
Fiscal Year 2017	2.98%

(2) Municipal Bond Index Rate:

Fiscal Year 2018	3.56%
Fiscal Year 2017	2.92%

(3) Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation:

Fiscal Year 2018	3.63%
Fiscal Year 2017	2.98%

2017: The following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date:

- (1) The assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%,
- (2) Payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.50%,
- (3) Assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75% to 0.50%,
- (4) Rates of withdrawal, retirement and disability were updated to reflect recent experience,
- (5) Mortality among active members was updated to RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females,
- (6) Mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries was updated to the following RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates, and
- (7) Mortality among disabled members was updated to RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Changes in Benefit Terms:

2019: The subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was increased from 1.900% to 1.944% per year of service effective January 1, 2019. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2019 and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 1, 2020. The Board is extending the current Medicare Part B partial reimbursement program for one year. Under this program, benefit recipients currently enrolled in the STRS Ohio Health Care Program and Medicare Part B receive \$29.90 per month to reimburse a portion of the Medicare Part B premium. The reimbursement was set to be reduced to \$0 beginning January 1, 2020. This impacts about 85,000 benefit recipients.

2018: The subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was reduced from 2.1 percent to 1.9 percent per year of service. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements were discontinued for certain survivors and beneficiaries and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 1, 2019.

2017: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for this fiscal year.

Changes in Assumptions:

2019: The discount rate was increased from the blended rate of 4.13% to the long-term expected rate of return of 7.45% based on the methodology defined under GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB). Valuation year per capita health care costs were updated.

Southwest Local School District
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information
For The Year Ended June 30, 2019

2018: The discount rate was increased from 3.26 percent to 4.13 percent based on the methodology defined under GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB) and the long term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75 percent to 7.45 percent. Valuation year per capita health care costs were updated, and the salary scale was modified. The percentage of future retirees electing each option was updated based on current data and the percentage of future disabled retirees and terminated vested participants electing health coverage were decreased. The assumed mortality, disability, retirement, withdrawal and future health care cost trend rates were modified along with the portion of rebated prescription drug costs.

2017: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for this fiscal year.

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**SOUTHWEST LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
HAMILTON COUNTY**
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Federal Grant/ Pass Through Grantor Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass Through Entity Number	Total Federal Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			
Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:			
Child Nutrition Cluster:			
Non-Cash Assistance (Food Distribution):			
National School Lunch Program	10.555	3L60	\$143,478
Cash Assistance:			
School Breakfast Program	10.553	3L70	159,386
National School Lunch Program	10.555	3L60	590,591
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			893,455
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			893,455
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			
Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:			
Special Education Cluster:			
Special Education-Grants to States	84.027	3M20	940,685
Special Education-Preschool Grants	84.173	3C50	15,611
Total Special Education Cluster			956,296
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	3Y60	113,790
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	3M00	787,960
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	3H10	47,120
Total U.S. Department of Education			1,905,166
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION			
Passed Through Ohio Department of Transportation:			
Highway Planning and Construction Cluster:			
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	PID 104913	294,615
Total Highway Planning and Construction Cluster			294,615
Total U.S. Department of Transportation			294,615
Total Federal Assistance			\$3,093,236

See accompanying notes to the schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

**SOUTHWEST LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
HAMILTON COUNTY**
NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE A – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of Southwest Local School District (the District) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2019. The information on this Schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the District.

NOTE B – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be allowable or may be limited as to reimbursement. The District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE C - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

The District commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the District assumes it expends federal monies first.

NOTE D – FOOD DONATION PROGRAM

The District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the fair value. The District allocated donated food commodities to the respective program that benefitted from the use of those donated food commodities.



Corporate Centre of Blue Ash
11117 Kenwood Road
Blue Ash, Ohio 45242-1817
(513) 361-8550 or (800) 368-7419
SouthwestRegion@ohioauditor.gov

**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER
FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS
REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS**

Southwest Local School District
Hamilton County
230 South Elm Street
Harrison, Ohio 45030

To the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Southwest Local School District, Hamilton County, (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 24, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinion on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the District's financial statements. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Therefore, unidentified material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings that we consider a material weakness. We consider finding 2019-001 to be a material weakness.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Southwest Local School District
Hamilton County

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

Page 2

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.



Keith Faber
Auditor of State

Columbus, Ohio

March 24, 2020



Corporate Centre of Blue Ash
11117 Kenwood Road
Blue Ash, Ohio 45242-1817
(513) 361-8550 or (800) 368-7419
SouthwestRegion@ohioauditor.gov

**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS
APPLICABLE TO THE MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER
COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE**

Southwest Local School District
Hamilton County
230 South Elm Street
Harrison, Ohio 45030

To the Board of Education:

Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program

We have audited the Southwest Local School District, Hamilton County, Ohio (the District's) compliance with the applicable requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could directly and materially affect the Southwest Local School District's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2019. The *Summary of Auditor's Results* in the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the District's major federal program.

Management's Responsibility

The District's Management is responsible for complying with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal program.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on the District's compliance for the District's major federal program based on our audit of the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. Our compliance audit followed auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards for financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). These standards and the Uniform Guidance require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our compliance opinion on the District's major program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

Opinion on the Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Southwest Local School District, Hamilton County, Ohio, complied, in all material respects with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Southwest Local School District
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements
Applicable to the Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over
Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance
Page 2

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

The District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our compliance audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the applicable requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures appropriate for opining on each major federal program's compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program's applicable compliance requirement. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program's compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected or corrected. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies in internal control over compliance with a federal program's applicable compliance requirement that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

This report only describes the scope of our tests of internal control over compliance and the results of this testing based on the Uniform Guidance requirements. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.



Keith Faber
Auditor of State

Columbus, Ohio

March 24, 2020

**SOUTHWEST LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
HAMILTON COUNTY**

**SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS
2 CFR § 200.515
JUNE 30, 2019**

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	Yes
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR § 200.516(a)?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Child Nutrition Cluster CFDA# 10.553 and 10.555
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 750,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee under 2 CFR § 200.520?	Yes

**2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS**

FINDING NUMBER 2019-001

Material Weakness

In our audit engagement letter, as required by AU-C Section 210, Terms of Engagement, paragraph .06, management acknowledged its responsibility for the preparation and fair presentation of their financial statements; this responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error as discussed in AU-C Section 210 paragraphs .A14 & .A16. Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Cod. 1100 paragraph .101 states a governmental accounting system must make it possible both: (a) to present fairly and with full disclosure the funds and activities of the governmental unit in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, and (b) to determine and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions.

FINDING NUMBER 2019-001
(Continued)

The District posted \$450,000 of County Auditor Advance Tax Payments to the General Fund (001) instead of to the Bond Fund (002). The District has corrected this error in the accounting system ledgers and on the financial statements.

This error indicates a lack of monitoring of the District's financial activity. Failure to accurately and post financial activity can lead to material misstatements in financial reporting, and increases the risk that errors, theft and fraud could occur and not be detected in a timely manner.

We recommend due care be exercised during financial statement preparation to prevent errors and assist in properly reflecting the District's financial activity in the financial statements.

Officials' Response:

During fiscal year 2019, a keying error was made which resulted in the posting of part of a tax advance to the incorrect fund. The District has corrected this and instituted a reconciliation process for tax postings to prevent these errors in the future. New monthly reviews and tax settlement reconciliations are now in place to prevent subsequent occurrences of such errors.

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None noted.



SOUTHWEST LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

230 South Elm Street Harrison, Ohio 45030 (513) 367-4139 Fax (513) 367-2287

John C. Hamstra
Superintendent

Thomas J. Lowe
Treasurer

Corinne M. Hayes
Assistant Superintendent

Adam D. Lohbeck
Director of Operations

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN

**2 CFR §
200.515**

Finding Number	Planned Corrective Action	Anticipated Completion Date	Responsible Contact Person
2019-001	During fiscal year 2019 a keying error was made which resulted in the posting of part of a tax advance to the incorrect fund. The district has corrected this and instituted a reconciliation process for tax postings to prevent these errors in the future. New monthly reviews and tax settlement reconciliations are now in place to prevent subsequent events.	03/19/2020	Thomas J. Lowe

Mission: “Academic and Social growth for all students, EVERY DAY!
Motto: “Excellence through Relationships!”
Core Values: Trust, Respect, Ownership, and Leadership

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OHIO AUDITOR OF STATE KEITH FABER



SOUTHWEST LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

HAMILTON COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Susan Babbitt".

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

CERTIFIED
APRIL 7, 2020