Springfield Metropolitan Housing Authority Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2020



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Board of Directors Springfield Metropolitan Housing Authority 101 W. High St. Springfield, OH 45502

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Springfield Metropolitan Housing Authority, Clark County, prepared by Salvatore Consiglio, CPA, Inc., for the audit period October 1, 2019 through September 30, 2020. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Springfield Metropolitan Housing Authority is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

July 19, 2021



SPRINGFIELD METROPOLITAN HOUSING AUTHORITY AUDIT REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

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Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Commissioners Springfield Metropolitan Housing Authority

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities of Springfield Metropolitan Housing Authority, Ohio, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on my audit. I did not audit the financial statements of the component units of Springfield Metropolitan Housing Authority (see Note 1 for a description), which represent 54% and 6%, respectively, of the total assets and revenues of Springfield Metropolitan Housing Authority. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to me, and my opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the component units, is based solely on the report of such other auditors. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, I express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinions.

Opinions

In my opinion, based on my audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities of the Springfield Metropolitan Housing Authority as of September 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As disclosed in Note 13 to the financial statements, during the fiscal year 2020, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the ensuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the Authority. I did not modify my opinion regarding this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. I have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to my inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge I obtained during my audit of the basic financial statements. I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide me with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Springfield Metropolitan Housing Authority, Ohio's basic financial statements. The accompanying Financial Data Schedule - Entity Wide Balance Sheet Summary, Financial Data Schedule - Entity Wide Revenue and Expense Summary, FDS Project Balance Sheet Summary, and FDS Project Revenue and Expense Summary are not required part of the basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditure of Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is not a required part of the financial statements.

The Financial Data Schedule - Entity Wide Balance Sheet Summary, Financial Data Schedule - Entity Wide Revenue and Expense Summary, FDS Project Balance Sheet Summary, and FDS Project Revenue and Expense Summary are presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Department of Housing and Urban Development and are the responsibility of management and information was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, the Schedule of Expenditure of Federal Awards and Financial Data Schedule - Entity Wide Balance Sheet Summary, Financial Data Schedule - Entity Wide Revenue and Expense Summary, FDS Project Balance Sheet Summary, and FDS Project Revenue and Expense Summary are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, I have also issued my report dated June 30, 2021, on my consideration of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of my internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Entity's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

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Salvatore Consiglio, CPA, Inc. North Royalton, Ohio

June 30, 2021

Springfield Metropolitan Housing Authority Management's Discussion and Analysis -UNAUDITED Year Ended September 30, 2020

As management of the Springfield Metropolitan Housing Authority (the "Authority"), we offer readers of the Authority's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Authority for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the Authority's financial statements.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The financial statements provide information about the Authority's overall financial position and results of operations, including those of the blended component units. These statements, which are presented on the accrual basis, consist of the Statement of Net Position, the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position and the Statement of Cash Flows. The basic financial statements also include a "Notes to Financial Statement of Cash Flows. The basic financial statements also include a "Notes to the Financial Statements" section that provides additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the statements.

The financial statements report information about the Authority as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private sector business.

The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all of the Authority's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as Net Position. Net Position is reported in three broad categories (as applicable):

<u>Net Investments in Capital Assets</u>: This component of Net Position consists of all capital assets, reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowing that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

<u>Restricted Net Position</u>: This component of Net Position consists of restricted assets which have constraints placed on them by grantors, contributors, laws, regulations, etc.

<u>Unrestricted Net Position</u>: This component of Net Position consists of Net Position that does not meet the definition of "Net Invested in Capital Assets" or Restricted Net Position."

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Charges in Net Position include all of the revenue and expenses of the Authority regardless of when the cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Cash Flows discloses net cash provided by or used in operating activities, investing activities and capital and related financing activities.

The Authority administers several programs that are consolidated into a single proprietary type enterprise fund.

Significant programs consist of the following:

<u>Public and Indian Housing</u> – Under the conventional Public Housing Program, the Authority rents units it owns for low-income households. This program is operated under an Annual Contribution Contract (ACC) with HUD, and HUD provides Operating Subsidies to enable the PHA to provide the housing at a rent that is based upon 30 percent of adjusted gross household income.

<u>Housing Choice Voucher Program</u> – Under the Housing Choice Voucher Program, low-income tenant lease housing units directly from private landlords rather than from the Authority. Through Annual Contribution Contract (ACC) with HUD, the Authority receives funding to subsidize the rent of low-income families in the private market. The Authority earns a fixed percentage administrative fee from HUD to cover the program's operating costs.

Springfield Metropolitan Housing Authority Management's Discussion and Analysis -UNAUDITED Year Ended September 30, 2020

<u>Capital Fund Program (CFP)</u> – The Capital Fund Program provides funding to improve the physical conditions and upgraded management of operations to ensure that properties continue to be available to service low-income families. CFP funding is based on a formula allocation that takes into consideration the size and age of the Authority's housing stock. This program replaced the Comprehensive Grant Program in fiscal year 2000.

<u>Mainstream Vouchers</u> – The Mainstream Vouchers Program provides subsidies (Housing Assistance Payments) on behalf of persons with disabilities (elderly and non-elderly) to participating owners.

Revitalization of Severely Distressed Public Housing (HOPE VI) – The HOPE VI demolition program supports site acquisition, demolition, and relocation cost for the HOPE VI revitalization program. Under this program, residents of identified neighborhood are relocated to other Public Housing and Housing Choice Voucher units. Vacated public housing units are then demolished in preparation for the development under the HOPE VI revitalization program. This program seeks to rebuild public housing neighborhood through various financing and construction development agreements.

Component Units – Lincoln Park Housing Partnership LP owns and operates 40 units of low-income housing tax credit apartments at Lincoln Park in Springfield, Ohio. Lincoln Park Housing Partnership II LP owns and operates 68 units of low-income housing tax credit apartments at Lincoln Park in Springfield, Ohio. Lincoln Park Housing Partnership III LP owns and operates 24 units of low-income housing tax credit housing at Lincoln Park in Springfield, Ohio. The component units have fiscal year-ends of December 31, 2019.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

During the fiscal year ending September 30, 2020:

- Total assets decreased by \$1,177,090. Current assets increased by \$718,684, which was mostly due to an increase in cash because of unspent CARES money advanced by HUD on hand at year-end. Capital assets decreased due to depreciation expense exceeding capital additions.
- Total liabilities increased just slightly by \$33,678.
- Total revenues decreased by \$1,066,913. The decrease is primarily due to a decrease in HAP funding from HUD to be used to make rental assistance payments under the Housing Choice Voucher Program.
- Total expenses decreased by \$802,005. The decrease was mostly due to a drop in HAP expense. Rental assistance payments made under the Housing Choice Voucher Program dropped due to a drop in Program lease up from the prior period.
- In March 2020, the United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency due to the COVID-19 pandemic. HUD awarded the Authority CARES funding to help the Authority address the Authority's needs related to preparing for, preventing, and responding to the coronavirus.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes to the basis financial statement provide additional information essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the basis financial statement.

Financial Analysis of the Authority -Statement of Net Position

The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Net Positions compared to prior year. The Authority is engaged only in business-type activities:

		<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	Increase / (Decrease)
Current Assets	\$	4,982,675 \$	4,263,991	\$ 718,684
Noncurrent Assets		25,872,804	27,768,578	(1,895,774)
Deferred Outflows of Resources	_	659,992	979,848	 (319,856)
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ _	31,515,471 \$	33,012,417	\$ (1,496,946)
Current Liabilities	\$	1,078,849 \$	659,040	\$ 419,809
Noncurrent Liabilities		4,838,455	5,224,586	(386,131)
Deferred Inflows of Resources		679,045	56,172	622,873
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	6,596,349	5,939,798	656,551
Net Position:		_		
Net Investment in Capital Assets		24,644,040	26,513,723	(1,869,683)
Restricted Net Position		1,073,365	1,091,716	(18,351)
Unrestricted Net Position	_	(798,283)	(532,820)	 (265,463)
Total Net Position	-	24,919,122	27,072,619	 (2,153,497)
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Net Position	\$ _	31,515,471 \$	33,012,417	\$ (1,496,946)

For more detail information see Statement of Net Position presented elsewhere in this report.

The largest portion of the Authority's Net Position (99 percent) reflects its investments in capital assets. The Authority uses these capital assets (land, building, furniture and equipment) to provide housing services to residents and is not readily available for future spending. The unrestricted net position of the Authority is available for future use to provide program services.

In accordance with GASB 68 and GASB 75, the Housing Authority's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension and OPEB expense for their proportionate share of each plan's *change* in net pension / OPEB liability not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows and is reporting a net pension / OPEB liability and deferred inflows/outflows of resources related to pension / OPEB on the actual basis of accounting.

Springfield Metropolitan Housing Authority Management's Discussion and Analysis -UNAUDITED Year Ended September 30, 2020

The net pension liability (NPL) is reported pursuant to GASB Statement 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an Amendment of GASB Statement 27", and other post-employment benefit (OPEB) liability is reported pursuant to GASB Statement 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions". For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the Authority's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and OPEB, the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board standards are national and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Prior accounting for pensions (GASB 27) and postemployment benefits (GASB 45) focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension and OPEB costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's net pension liability or net OBEP liability. GASB 68 and GASB 75 take an earnings approach to pension and OPEB accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension/OPEB plans and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

GASB 68 and GASB 75 require the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability to equal the Authority's proportionate share of each plan's collective:

- 1. Present value of estimated future pension/OPEB benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service
- 2. Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits

GASB notes that pension and OPEB obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" – that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension and other postemployment benefits. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the Authority is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of these liabilities. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The Ohio revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer's promise is limited not by contract but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the retirement system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension/OPEB plan as against the public employer. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. The retirement system is responsible for the administration of the pension and OPEB plans.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability or the net OPEB liability. As explained above, changes in benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of these liabilities, but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability are satisfied, these liabilities are separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

Springfield Metropolitan Housing Authority Management's Discussion and Analysis -UNAUDITED Year Ended September 30, 2020

In accordance with GASB 68 and GASB 75, the Authority's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense and an annual OPEB expense for their proportionate share of each plan's change in net pension liability and net OPEB liability, respectively, not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows.

Statement of Revenue, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

The Statement of Revenue, Expense and Changes in the Net Position present the operating results of the Authority, as well as the non-operating revenues and expenses. Condensed information from the Authority, as well as the non-operating revenues and expenses. Condensed information from the Authority's statements of revenue, expenses and changes in net position follows:

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		<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	Increase / (Decrease)
Revenues				
Total Tenant Revenues	\$	2,241,884 \$	2,282,897 \$	(41,013)
Operating Subsidies		8,197,327	9,095,366	(898,039)
Capital Grants		217,895	301,812	(83,917)
Investment Income		20,136	51,859	(31,723)
Other Revenues		352,327	364,548	(12,221)
Total Revenues	_	11,029,569	12,096,482	(1,066,913)
<u>Expenses</u>				
Administrative		2,445,170	2,694,964	(249,794)
Tenant Services		233,646	125,855	107,791
Utilities		1,057,076	1,080,008	(22,932)
Maintenance		1,755,631	1,840,082	(84,451)
Protective Services		63,940	21,692	42,248
General and Interest		680,185	782,136	(101,951)
Housing Assistance Payments		4,713,775	5,332,991	(619,216)
Depreciation/Amortization		2,233,643	2,107,343	126,300
Total Expenses	_	13,183,066	13,985,071	(802,005)
Net Increases (Decreases)		(2,153,497)	(1,888,589)	(264,908)
Beginning Net Position	_	27,072,619	28,961,208	(1,888,589)
Ending Net Position	\$ _	24,919,122 \$	27,072,619 \$	(2,153,497)

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Capital Assets

The following reconciliation summarizes the changes in capital assets:

		<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
Land	\$	2,304,636 \$	3,338,757 *
Building and Improvement		57,256,829	56,161,725
Right to Use - Leased Assets		241,355	-
Equipment		2,544,279	2,496,989
Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization	_	(36,608,246)	(34,374,603)
Total	\$_	25,738,853 \$	27,622,868
Beginning Balance - September 30, 2019		\$	27,622,868
Current year additions			349,628
Current year depreciation/amortization expense		_	(2,233,643)
Ending Balance - September 30, 2020		\$_	25,738,853

^{* -} the change in land is due to a reclassification made in this period

Debt Outstanding

The Authority has \$1,000,000 debt plus \$124,930 of accrued interest payable outstanding at September 30, 2020, which represents amounts borrowed from the City of Springfield under the HOME Investment Partnership Program. The proceeds from the long-term note were used to make HOME loans to two of the component units. The balance of the debt belongs to the component units. Below is the change during the current fiscal year:

		SMHA	Comp Unit	Total Combined
Beginning Balance	\$	1,113,791 \$	6,928,545 \$	8,042,336
Current Year Accrued Interest Payable		11,139	47,527	58,666
Current Year Debt Retired	_	0	(103,534)	(103,534)
Ending Balance	\$_	1,124,930 \$	6,872,538 \$	7,997,468

Economic Factors and Planned Events

Significant economic factors affecting the Authority are as follows:

✓ Federal funding is at the discretion of the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) and the Authority received a funding proration of 112% for low income public housing for the year ending September 30, 2020.

- ✓ The Authority is facing an increasing trend of tenants being evicted for non-payment of rent, as well as increasing damages to units when tenants move out. Releasing time frame is affected because of tenants moving out of units that have been more significantly damaged and major repairs are needed to correct the damaged, as well as repairs required due to fire or calamity.
- ✓ Globally, in March of 2020, a pandemic of a respiratory disease (COVID-19) caused by a novel coronavirus (SARS-COV-2), spread dramatically all over the world, causing death and disease. For safety and health disease prevention, the Governor of Ohio issued a mandatory Stay-at-Home order and curfew hours were implemented, which had a negative economic impact and resulted in the loss of livelihood to families in need of financial assistance, as many businesses were forced to close and employees suffered job losses as a result. Therefore, under 42 CFR 70.2 (select-citation/2020/09/04-CFR-70.2), subject to the limitation under the "Applicability" section, a landlord, owner of a residential property, or other persons with a legal right to pursue eviction or possessory action, shall NOT evict any covered person from any residential property in a state or U.S. territory in which there are documented cases of COVID-19 and that provide a level of public health protection listed in the "Order of the Administrative Procedure Act (APA)", but rather an emergency action is to be taken under the existing authority of 42 CFR 70.2. Springfield MHA suffered losses in units leased in all programs of 6%-10%, while the Tenant's Account Receivable increased by 42% at the end of fiscal year 2020.

Contact Information

Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report, or requests for additional information should be addressed to: LaMonyka French, Executive Director, Springfield Metropolitan Housing Authority, 101 West High Street, Springfield, Ohio 55502, or call (937) 325-7331, extension 202.

ASSETS

Current assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,058,791
Restricted cash and cash equivalent	1,496,297
Receivables, net of allowance	262,446
Inventory, net of allowance	77,801
Prepaid expenses and other assets	87,340
Total current assets	4,982,675
Noncurrent assets	
Capital assets, not depreciated	2,304,636
Capital assets, being depreciated, net of depreciation/amortization	23,434,217
Net pension asset	31,153
Other assets	102,798
Total noncurrent assets	25,872,804
TOTAL ASSETS	 30,855,479
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Pension	374,537
OPEB	 285,455
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	659,992
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	 31,515,471

LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$	309,793
Accrued liabilities		228,382
Tenant security deposits		86,522
Unearned Revenue		308,277
Other Current Liability		121,697
Lease Payable		24,178
Total current liabilities		1,078,849
Noncurrent liabilities		
Notes and loans payable		1,000,000
Accrued compensated absences non-current		90,903
Lease Payable		70,635
Net pension liability payable		2,161,377
Net OPEB payable		1,467,450
Noncurrent liabilities - other		48,090
Total noncurrent liabilities		4,838,455
TOTAL LIABILITIES		5,917,304
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pension		469,820
OPEB		209,225
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		679,045
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets		24,644,040
Restricted net position		1,073,365
Unrestricted net position		(798,283)
Total net position		24,919,122
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION	<u>\$</u>	31,515,471

OPERATING REVENUES	
Tenant revenue	\$ 2,241,884
Government operating grants	8,197,327
Other revenue	352,327
Total operating revenues	10,791,538
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Administrative	2,445,170
Tenant services	233,646
Utilities	1,057,076
Maintenance	1,755,631
Protective Services	63,940
General and insurance	648,542
Housing assistance payment	4,713,775
Depreciation / Amortization	2,233,643
Total operating expenses	13,151,423
Operating income (loss)	(2,359,885)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	
Capital grant revenue	217,895
Interest income	20,136
Interest and Fiscal Charges	(31,643)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	206,388
Change in net position	(2,153,497)
Beginning net position	27,072,619
Total net position - ending	\$ 24,919,122

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Operating grants received	\$	8,455,957
Tenant revenue received		2,210,030
Other revenue received		243,857
General and administrative expenses paid		(5,549,462)
Housing assistance payments		(4,665,685)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		694,697
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Interest earned		35,319
Transfer from investments		1,607,770
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		1,643,089
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED ACTIVITIES		
Capital Grant Funds Received		217,895
Debt principal payment		(109,145)
Interest expense paid on debt		(20,504)
Property and equipment purchased		(349,628)
Cash from lease		241,355
Principal Paid on Lease		(146,542)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related activities		(166,569)
Net increase (decrease) in cash		2,171,217
Cash and cash equivalents - Beginning of year		2,383,871
Cash and cash equivalents - End of year	\$	4,555,088
Cush and cush equivalents End of year	Ψ	4,333,000
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED		
(USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(2,359,885)
Adjustment to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash Used by Operating Activities		
- Depreciation		2,233,643
- (Increases) Decreases in Accounts Receivable		(158,655)
- (Increases) Decreases in Prepaid Assets		15,348
- (Increases) Decreases in Inventory		(1,138)
- (Increases) Decreases in Pension Asset		(14,216)
- (Increases) Decreases in Deferred Outflows		319,856
- Increases (Decreases) in Accounts Payable		175,367
- Increases (Decreases) in Accrued Liabilities		2,062
- Increases (Decreases) in Other Current Liabilities		32,650
Increases (Decreases) in Tenant Security DepositsIncreases (Decreases) in Unearned Revenue		(7,891)
		284,852
- Increases (Decreases) in Pension and OPEB Liability		(507,060)
- Increases (Decreases) in Accrued Compensated Absences		26,387
Increases (Decreases) in Deferred InflowsIncreases (Decreases) in Noncurrent Liabilities - Other		622,873
- mercases (Decreases) in indicurrent Liabilities - Other		
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	30,504 694,697

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

The financial statements of the Springfield Metropolitan Housing Authority (the "Authority") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the Authority's accounting policies are described below.

Reporting Entity

The Authority was created under the Ohio Revised Code, Section 3735.27. The Authority contracts with the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) to provide low- and moderate-income persons with safe and sanitary housing through subsidies provided by HUD. The Authority depends on the subsidies from HUD to operate.

The accompanying financial statements comply with the provision of GASB Statement 14, the Financial Reporting Entity, in that the financial statements include all organizations, activities and functions for which the Authority is financially accountable. This report includes all activities considered by management to be part of the Authority by virtue of Section 2100 of the Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards.

Section 2100 indicates that the reporting entity consists of (a) the primary government, (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The definition of the reporting entity is based primarily on the notion of financial accountability. A primary government is financially accountable for the organizations that make up its legal entity.

It is also financially accountable for legally separate organizations if its officials appoint a voting majority of an organization's government body and either it is able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or to impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government. A primary government may also be financially accountable for governmental organizations that is fiscally dependent on it.

A primary government has the ability to impose its will on an organization if it can significantly influence the programs, projects, or activities of, or the level of services performed or provided by, the organization. A financial benefit or burden relationship exists if the primary government (a) is entitled to the organization's resources; (b) is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the obligation to finance the deficits or, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (c) is obligated in some manner for the debt of the organization.

Basis of Presentation

All activities of the Authority are accounted for within a single proprietary (enterprise) fund. Proprietary funds are used to account for operation that are (a) financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the governing body is that the cost (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods and services to the general public on continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily though user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management a control, accountability, or other purposes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Authority are rents collected from tenants and subsidies provided by federal agencies. The Authority also recognized as operating revenue and expenses the portion of interest on bonds and notes related to housing developments of the Authority and its partnerships. Operating expenses include the cost of services, administrative expenses, depreciation on capital assets and amortization of bond discounts. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to the Authority is determined by its measurement focus. The transactions of the Authority are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operations are included on the statement of net assets. Net assets (i.e., total assets net of total liabilities) are segregated into invested in capital assets, net of related debt, restricted and unrestricted components.

Fund Accounting

The Authority maintains its accounting its accounting records in accordance with the principles of fund accounting. Fund accounting is designed to meet the needs of governmental entities in which legal or other restraints require the recording of specific receipts and disbursements. The transactions of each fund are reflected in self-balancing groups of accounts and accounting entities that are separate from the activities reported in other funds.

Funds are classified into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. The Authority uses the proprietary category for its programs.

Proprietary Fund Type

Proprietary funds are used to account for the Authority's ongoing activities, which are similar to those, found in the private sector. The following is the proprietary fund type:

Enterprise Fund

This fund is used to account for the operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods and services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges or where it has been decided that periodic determination of revenue earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes.

A summary or each of the Authority's programs is provided below:

Public Housing – The Public Housing Program includes 789 units of which the Authority owns, operates and maintains 657 units. The remaining 132 units are part of the Authority's Blended Component Units. The properties were acquired through bonds and notes guaranteed by HUD and through grants, subject to the terms of an Annual Contributions Contract with HUD. Revenues consist primarily of rents and other fees collected from tenants, an Operating Subsidy from HUD. Capital funds provided by HUD are used to maintain and improve this Public Housing stocks and properties. Substantially all additions to land, structures and equipment of Public Housing are accomplished through these modernization grant funds.

Housing Choice Vouchers – Section 8 of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974, provide subsidies (Housing Assistance Payments) on behalf of lower-income families to participating housing owners. Under this program, the landlord-tenant relationship is between a housing owner and a family, rather than the Authority and a family as in Public Housing programs. For existing housing, and in some cases for new construction and substantial rehabilitation, HUD contracts with the Authority to enter into contracts with owners to make assistance payments for the difference between the approval contract rent and the actual rent paid by lower-income families.

Project-based Vouchers – Project-based vouchers are a component of a public housing agencies (PHAs) housing choice voucher program. The Authority has 34 PBV units under the tenant-based housing choice voucher program, the PHA issues an eligible family a voucher and the family selects a unit of its choice. If the family moves out of the unit, the contract with the owner ends and the family can move with continued assistance to another unit. Under the project-based voucher program, a PHA enters into an assistance contract with the owner for specified units and for a specified term. The PHA refers families from its waiting list to the project owner to fill vacancies. Because the assistance is tied to the unit, a family who moves from the project-based unit does not have any right to continued housing assistance. However, they may be eligible for a tenant-based voucher when one becomes available.

assistance is tied to the unit, a family who moves from the project-based unit does not have any right to continued housing assistance. However, they may be eligible for a tenant based voucher when one becomes available.

Mainstream Vouchers – Mainstream vouchers program provides subsidies (Housing Assistance Payments) on behalf of person with disabilities (elderly and non-elderly) to participating housing owners. Under this program, the landlord-tenant relationship is between a housing owner and a family, rather than the Authority and a family as in Public Housing programs.

Revitalization of Severely Distressed Public Housing (HOPE VI) – The HOPE VI demolition program supports site acquisition, demolition, and relocation costs for the HOPE VI revitalization program. Under this program, residents of identified neighborhoods are relocated to other Public Housing and Section 8 Voucher units. Vacated public housing units are then demolished in preparation for the development under the HOPE VI revitalization program. This program seeks to rebuild housing neighborhoods through mixed financing, including construction and construction development agreements.

Central Office Cost Center – The operating fund rule provides for a public housing authority to establish a central office cost center to account for non-project and non-federal program specific costs. The Authority's central office cost center is a cluster of activities that indirectly or directly support a project or program, but are not under direct control of a project or program manager. The costs for these activities are supported by management fees approved by HUD.

Component Units – These projects at Lincoln Park was formed as a limited partnership under the laws of the State of Ohio, developed and constructed and to operate an affordable housing project with mixed financing partnership. Each project has been allocated to low-income housing tax credits pursuant to Section 42, which regulates the use of the project as to occupant eligibility and unit gross rent, among other requirements. Each project must meet the provisions of these regulations during each of 15 consecutive years through 2022 in order to continue to qualify to receive the tax credits.

Business Activities – These non-HUD resources were developed from a variety of activities. The Authority owned 32 units (Woodford Apartments) manages under leased agreement with Interfaith Hospitality Network (IHN).

Community & Social Services – These are grants funded under ROSS towards family self-sufficiency for residents as well as Project Choice for drug and alcohol prevention programs to youth and children residing in the Housing Authority projects.

Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting

The propriety funds are accounted for on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized in the period earned and expenses are recognized in the period incurred. Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 20 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities that Use Proprietary Fund Accounting, the Authority follows GASB guidance as applicable to proprietary funds.

Capital Assets

Capital assets over the Authority's capitalization threshold of \$1,000 are recorded at cost and depreciated using the straight-line conventional method over an estimated useful life of the assets. Donated capital assets are recorded at fair market value on the date of receipt. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs, that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset life, are not capitalized. The following are the useful lives used for depreciation purposes:

Buildings – residential	27.5	Buildings – non- residential	40
Building improvements	15	Furniture – dwelling	7
Furniture – non-dwelling	7	Equipment – dwelling	5
Equipment – non-dwelling	7	Autos and trucks	5
Computer hardware	3	Computer software	3
Leasehold improvements	15	Land Improvements	15
Building improvements	15	Furniture – dwelling	7
Furniture – non-dwelling	7	Equipment – dwelling	5
Equipment – non-dwelling	7	Autos and trucks	5

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include all highly liquid debt instruments with original maturities of the three months or less.

Compensated Absences

The Authority accounts for compensated absences in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16. Sick leave and other compensated absences with similar characteristics are accurate as a liability based on the sick leave accumulated at the balance sheet date by those employees who currently are eligible to receive termination payments. To calculate the liability, these accumulations are reduced to the maximum amount allowed as a termination payment. All employees who meet the termination policy of the authority for years of service are included in the calculation of the compensated absences accrual amount.

Vacation leave and other compensated absences with similar characteristics are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned by the employees if both of the following conditions are met: 1) The employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the employer and employee, 2) It is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means, such as cash payments at termination or retirement.

The compensated absences are expensed when earned with the amount reported as a fund liability.

Budgetary Accounting

The Authority annually prepares its budget as prescribed by the Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD). This budget is submitted approved by the Board of the Housing Authority and submitted to HUD.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from the estimates.

Pension / Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension systems report investments at fair value.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statements of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the Authority, deferred outflows of resources are reported on the statement of net position for pension for pension and OPEB. The deferred outflows or resources related to pension are explained in Notes 6 and 7.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized until that time. For the Authority, deferred inflows of resources are reported on the statement of net position for pension and OPEB. The deferred inflows of resources related to pension and OPEB plans are explained in Notes 6 and 7.

Receivables - net of allowance

Bad debts are provided on the allowance method based on management evaluation of the collectability of outstanding receivable balances at the end of the year. The allowances for uncollectible tenant receivables were \$19,719 and for

Housing Choice Voucher Program fraud recovery was \$83,404. Total accounts receivable net of allowance was \$262,446 at September 30, 2020.

Inventory

Inventory consists of supplies and maintenance parts carried at cost and are expensed as they are consumed. The allowance for obsolete inventory was \$18,782 at September 30, 2020.

Accounting and Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions

Nonexchange transactions occur when the Authority receives (or gives) value without directly giving equal value in return. GASB 33 identifies four classes of nonexchange transactions as follows:

- Derived tax revenues: result from assessments imposed on exchange transactions (i.e., income taxes, sales taxes and other assessments on earnings or consumption).
- Imposed nonexchange revenues: result from assessments imposed on nongovernmental entities, including individuals, other than assessments on exchange transactions (i.e. property taxes and fines).
- Government-mandated nonexchange transactions: occur when a government at one level provides resources to a government at another level and requires the recipient to use the resources for a specific purpose (i.e. federal programs that state or local governments are mandated to perform).
- Voluntary nonexchange transactions; result from legislative or contractual agreements, other than exchanges, entered into willingly by the parties to the agreement (i.e., certain grants and private donations).

Public Housing Authority (PHA) grants and subsidies will be defined as government-mandated or voluntary nonexchange transactions.

GASB 33 establishes two distinct standards depending upon the kind of stipulation imposed by the provider.

- Time requirements specify (a) the period when resources are required to be used or when use may begin (for example, operating or capital grants for a specified period) or (b) that the resources are required to be maintained intact in perpetuity or unit a specified date or event has occurred (for example, permanent Endowments, term endowments, and similar agreements). Time requirement affect the timing or recognition or nonexchange transactions.
- Purpose restrictions specify the purpose for which resources are required to be used. (i.e., capital grants used
 for the purchase of capital assets). Purpose restrictions do not affect when a nonexchange transaction is
 recognized. However, PHAs that receive resources with purpose restrictions should report resulting net assets,
 equity, or fund balance as restricted.

The PHA will recognize assets (liabilities) when all applicable eligibility requirements are met or resources received whichever is first. Eligibility requirements established by the provider may stipulate the qualifying characteristics of recipients, time requirements, allowable costs, and other contingencies.

The PHA will recognize revenues (expenses) when all applicable eligibility requirements are met. For transactions that have a time requirement for the beginning of the following period. PHAs should record resources received prior to that period as unearned revenue and the provider of those resources would record an advance.

The PHA receives government-mandated or voluntary nonexchange transactions, which do not specify time requirements. Upon award, the entire subsidy should be recognized as a receivable and revenue in the period when applicable eligibility requirements have been met.

Change in Accounting Principle

For fiscal year 2020, the Authority implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 90, *Majority Equity Interests – an Amendment of GASB Statements Nos. 14 and No. 61*, GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, and GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*.

The primary objectives of GASB Statement No. 90, Majority Equity Interests – an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61 are to improve the consistency and comparability of reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and to improve the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units. The implementation of this Statement did not have an effect on the financial statements of the Authority.

GASB Statement No. 8r, *Fiduciary Activities* established specific criteria for identifying activities that should be reported as fiduciary activities and clarifies whether and how business-type activities should report fiduciary activities. The implementation of this Statement did not have an effect on the financial statements of the Authority.

GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases* enhances the relevance and consistency of information of the government's leasing activities. It establishes requirements for lease accounting based on the principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. A lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right to use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. These changes were incorporated in the Authority's financial statements; however, there was no effect on the beginning net position.

2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:

State statutes classify monies held by the Authority into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the Authority's Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Authority has identified as not required for use within the current two-year period of designation of depositions. Inactive deposits must either be evidence by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies, which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designated of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts.

Protection of Authority's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, but surety company bonds deposited with the treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Deposits – As of September 30, 2020, the carrying amount of the Authority's deposits totaled \$3,786,048 and its bank balances were \$3,798,646. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosure," as of September 30, 2020, \$3,548,646 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below, as \$250,000 was covered by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation and the Federal Reserve Bank Pledge. In addition to the Authority's total deposits of \$3,786,048, the financial statements include \$769,040 of cash balance for its component units.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the Authority will not be able to recover the deposits. All money market deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to at least 105% of the carrying value of the deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio Revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools as the Federal Reserve Banks or at member banks of the federal system, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the Authority.

Interest rate risk is the risk of fair value losses arising from rising interest rates. The Ohio Revised Code generally limits investment to those having maturities within five years or less. The Authority has no limits on the amount the Authority may invest with one issuer.

Blended Component Units – At December 31, 2019, each component unit maintains cash accounts at a single financial institution, respectively, where balances at times may exceed the \$250,000 insured limit. The component units also have escrows and reserves held by the mortgage lender, and the balances may exceed \$250,000. The total carrying value of cash for the component units was \$769,040.

Restricted Cash – Restricted cash consists of:

Security Deposits	\$ 86,522
Unspent CARES Funding provided by HUD	262,455
Family Self-Sufficiency Escrows	68,702
Component Unit Reserve Accounts	721,405
Unspent HAP Funding Advanced to the Authority	351,960
Restricted for Current Liabilities	5,253
	\$ 1,496,297

3. NOTES RECEIVABLE:

HOPE VI Loan – Lincoln Park Phase 1A

The Authority executed a HOPE VI Loan Agreement in the amount of \$583,529 with Lincoln Park Housing Partnership LP for the development of 40 rental units (Phase IA) on March 22, 2007. The term of the loan promissory note began March 22, 2007 and continues until fifty (50 years from the first day of the month following the Substantial Completion Date as defined in the loan agreement. Each advance under the note bears interest during its term at the rate of 2% per annum, compounded annually. The loan is secured by an Open-End Leasehold Mortgage and Security Agreement between Lincoln Park Housing Partnership LP (mortgagor) and the Authority (mortgagee). As a condition to providing funding for the loan, the Authority received the required Completion and Development Deficiency Guarantee from Penrose, Penrose GP LLC, of Lincoln Park Housing Partnership LP. Accrued interest receivable on this loan was \$175,051 at September 30, 2020.

The Authority executed an additional promissory note with the partnership in December 2008. The total loan amount the Authority agreed to lend LPHLP is \$250,000 with the interest of 1% per annum, compounded annually. No payments are to be made during the term of the loan. The balance of principal and interest are due on March 22, 2047. Accrued interest receivable on this loan was \$31,232 at September 30, 2020.

HOPE VI Loan – Lincoln Park Phase IB

The Authority executed a HOPE VI Loan Agreement in the amount of \$950,000 with Lincoln Park Housing Partnership II LP for the development of 68 units (Phase IB) on March 22, 2007. The term of the loan promissory note began on March 22, 2007 and continues until fifty (50) years from the first day of the month following the Substantial Completion Date as defined in the loan agreement. Each advance under the note bears interest during its term at the rate of 1% per annum, compounded annually. The loan is secured by an Open-End Leasehold Mortgage and Security Agreement between Lincoln Park Housing Partnership II LP (mortgagor) and The Authority (mortgagee). As a condition to providing funding for the loan, the Authority received the required Completion and Development Deficiency Guarantee from Pennrose Properties, LLC and Penrose Development LLC, each of whom is an affiliate of the general partner, Pennrose GP LLC, of Lincoln Park Housing Partnership II LP. Accrued interest receivable on this loan was \$133,855 at September 30, 2020.

The Authority executed an additional promissory note with the partnership in December 2008. The total loan amount the Authority agreed to lend LPHPIILP is \$750,000 with interest at 1% per annum, compounded annually. No payments are to be made during the term of the loan. The balance of principal and interest are due on March 22, 2047. Accrued interest payable on this loan was \$93,697 at September 30, 2020.

HOPE VI Loan – Lincoln Park Phase IIA

The Authority executed a non-recourse construction and permanent loan, on March 4, 2009, with Lincoln Park Housing Partnership III LP, from Hope VI grant funds in the amount of \$4,251,152 for the development of 24 rental units (Phase II). Proceeds from the initial disbursement of the permanent loan were used to repay the predevelopment loan in full.

The Authority's permanent loan of \$4,251,152 bear's interest at 0.25% per year with a 50-year term beginning upon the completion of construction, and requiring debt service due out of cash flow pursuant to a Regulatory and Operating Agreement. Proceeds of the loan are provided for Bond Loan repayment and are secured by leasehold mortgage on the Development having second priority during construction until bonds are repaid and thereafter being a first priority leasehold mortgage. The balance due from the partnership at September 30, 2020 was \$4,144,713. Accrued interest receivable on this loan was \$99,045 at September 30, 2020.

These loan balances to the component units are eliminated from the consolidated financial statements.

4. CAPITAL ASSETS:

The following is a summary of changes in the Authority's capital assets for the year ended September 30, 2020:

	Balance 09/30/2019		1	Reclass Additions		Additions	Deletions		Balance 09/30/2020	
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated										
Land	\$ 3,	338,757	\$ (1,034,121)	\$	0	\$	0	\$	2,304,636
Construction-in-Progress		0		0		0		0		0
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	3,	338,757	(1,034,121)		0		0		2,304,636
Capital Assets Being Depreciated										
Intangible Right-to-use Lease - Buildings		0				120,000		0		120,000
Intangible Right-to-use Lease - Equipment		0				121,355		0		121,355
Buildings and Improvements	56,	161,725		1,034,121		60,983		0		57,256,829
Furniture, Equipment, and Machinery	2,	496,989				47,290		0		2,544,279
Subtotal Capital Assets Being Depreciated	58,	658,714		1,034,121	-	349,628		0		60,042,463
Accumulated Depreciation										
Intangible Right-to-use Lease - Buildings		0				(105,000)		0		(105,000)
Intangible Right-to-use Lease - Equipment		0				(41,542)		0		(41,542)
Buildings and Improvements	(32,	015,960)				(1,970,850)		0		(33,986,810)
Furniture and Equpiment	(2,	358,643)				(116,251)		0		(2,474,894)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(34,	374,603)		0		(2,233,643)		0		(36,608,246)
Depreciable Assets, Net	24,	284,111		1,034,121		(1,884,015)		0		23,434,217
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$ 27,	622,868	\$	-	\$	(1,884,015)	\$	0	\$	25,738,853

The depreciation/amortization expense for the year ended September 30, 2020 was \$2,233,643.

5. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES:

The Authority borrowed \$1,000,000 from the City of Springfield under the HOME Investment Partnership program with interest at 1% per annum, compounded annually. No payments are to be made during the term of the loan. The balance of principal and interest are due on March 22, 2047. Funds from this loan were used to make HOME loans to the Blended Components Units, as described in Note 4.

Long-term debt is as follows for the Blended Component Units as of December 31, 2019:

								Total
							C	omponent
	I	_PHPLP	I	PHPIILP	LP LPHPIIILP			Units
First Mortgage Notes (A)	\$	583,529	\$	950,000	\$ 4	,144,713	\$	5,678,242
Second Mortgage Notes (A)		250,000		750,000		0		1,000,000
		833,529		1,700,000	4	,144,713		6,678,242
Third Mortgage Notes (B)		0		0		0		0
Total Long-Term Debt	\$	833,529	\$	1,700,000	\$ 4	,144,713	\$	6,678,242

- (A) Amounts due the Authority (See Note 4). Balance is eliminated from the consolidated financial statements. Repayment is based on cash flow generated by the projects.
- (B) The Ohio Housing Finance Agency has committed to lend a principal sum up to \$1,000.000 with interest of 2% per annum. The loan was amortized over a ten-year period with annual principal and interest payments of \$111,294. Accrued interest as of December 31, 2018 is \$1,546 and the outstanding principal balance of \$109,145 was fully repaid in the year ending December 31, 2019.

The above mortgages and bonds are collateralized by all land, buildings, and equipment of the partnerships.

The Regulatory agreement with the Springfield Metropolitan Housing Authority provides that 100% of the units will be united to tenants at or below 60% of the area median gross income ("AMGI").

The Authority has the following Capital Lease commitments:

- The Authority entered into a two-year lease for office space calling for monthly payments of \$5,000.00 beginning January 1, 2019. The office space is being amortized over the life of the lease. The annual interest rate charged on the lease is 3.75%.
- The Authority entered into a five-year lease for a postage meter calling for monthly payments of \$223.01 beginning December 2, 2016. The equipment is being amortized over the life of the lease. The annual interest rate charged on the lease is 3.75%.
- The Authority entered into a one-year lease for phone equipment calling for monthly payments of \$974.61 beginning January 29, 2020. The equipment is being amortized over the life of the lease. The annual interest rate charged on the lease is 3.75%.
- The Authority entered into a three-year lease for phone equipment calling for monthly payment of \$1,167.77 beginning June 1, 2020. The equipment is being amortized over the life of the lease. The annual interest rate charged on the lease is 2.53%.
- The Authority entered into a two-year lease for copier equipment calling for monthly payments of \$1,675.00 beginning March 31, 2020. The equipment is being amortized over the life of the lease. The annual interest rate charged on the lease is 2.59%.
- The Authority entered into a two-year lease for copier equipment calling for monthly payments of \$65.00 beginning May 22, 2019. The equipment is being amortized over the life of the lease. The annual interest rate charged on the lease is 3.75%.
- The Authority entered into a two-year lease for copier equipment calling for monthly payments of \$65.00 beginning May 8, 2019. The equipment is being amortized over the life of the lease. The annual interest rate charged on the lease is 3.75%.

• The Authority entered into a two-year lease for scanning equipment calling for monthly payments of \$250.00 beginning May 13, 2020. The equipment is being amortized over the life of the lease. The annual interest rate charged on the lease is 2.60%.

Lease commitments for the years ending September 30 are as follows:

	Principal	Principal Interest	
2021	\$ 24,178	\$ 1,761	\$ 25,939
2022	32,171	647	32,818
2023	27,819	162	27,981
2024	9,735	10	9,745
2025	910	0	910
Total	\$ 94,813	\$ 2,580	\$ 97,393

Changes in long-term liabilities are as follows for the periods ended September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019 respectively:

	Balance 09/30/2019		Additions		Deletions		Balance 9/30/2020		Due Within One Year	
Loan Payable	\$	1,000,000	\$	0	\$	0	\$	1,000,000	\$	0
Accrued Interest Payable		113,791		0		(113,791)		0		0
FSS Escrow Payable		55,978		12,723		0		68,701		20,611
Compensated Absence		94,818		26,387		0		121,205		30,302
Net Pension Liability		2,825,343		0		(663,966)		2,161,377		0
Net OPEB Liability		1,310,544		156,906		0		1,467,450		0
Lease Liability		0		241,355		(146,542)		94,813		24,178
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$	5,400,474	\$	437,371	\$	(924,299)	\$	4,913,546	\$	75,091

Component Units

		Balance					Balance	Dι	ie within
Description	12	2/31/2018	Add	itions	Retired	1.	2/31/2019	C	ne Year
Long-Term	\$	6,787,387	\$	0	\$ (109,145)	\$	6,678,242	\$	109,144

6. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS:

Net Pension Liability/Asset

The net pension liability/asset reported on the statement of net position represents a liability/asset to employees for pensions. Pensions are a component of exchange transactions – between an employer and its employees – of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee – on a deferred-payment basis – as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension liability/asset represents the Authority's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability/asset calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the Authority's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The Authority cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, the Authority does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension.

GASB 68 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net pension liability*. Any liability for the contractually-required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in *accrued liabilities*.

Plan Description - Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

Authority employees participate in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS administers three separate pension plans. The traditional pension plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The member-directed plan is a defined contribution plan and the combined plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with defined contribution features. While members (e.g. Authority employees) may elect the member-directed plan and the combined plan, substantially all employee members are in OPERS' traditional plan; therefore, the following disclosure focuses on the traditional pension plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits, and annual cost of living adjustments to members of the traditional plan. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about OPERS' fiduciary net position that may be obtained by visiting https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml, by writing to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling 800-222-7377.

Senate Bill (SB) 343 was enacted into law with an effective date of January 7, 2013. In the legislation, members were categorized into three groups with varying provisions of the law applicable to each group. The following table provides age and service requirements for retirement and the retirement formula applied to final average salary (FAS) for the three member groups under the traditional plan as per the reduced benefits adopted by SB 343 (see OPERS' CAFR referenced above for additional information):

Group A Eligible to retire prior to January 7, 2013 or five years after January 7, 2013	Group B 20 years of service credit prior to January 7, 2013 or eligible to retire ten years after January 7, 2013	Group C Members not in other Groups and members hired on or after January 7, 2013
State and Local	State and Local	State and Local
Age and Service Requirements: Age 60 with 60 months of service credit or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age and Service Requirements: Age 60 with 60 months of service credit or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age and Service Requirements: Age 62 with 60 months of service credit or Age 57 with 25 years of service credit
Formula:	Formula:	Formula:
2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 30	2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 30	2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 35 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 35

Final average Salary (FAS) represents the average of the three highest years of earnings over a member's career for Groups A and B. Group C is based on the average of the five highest years of earnings over a member's career.

Members who retire before meeting the age and years of service credit requirement for unreduced benefits receive a percentage reduction in the benefit amount. The base amount of a member's pension benefit is locked in upon receipt of the initial benefit payment for calculation of the annual cost-of-living adjustment.

When a traditional plan benefit recipient has received benefits for 12 months, an annual cost of living adjustment (COLA) is provided. This COLA is calculated on the base retirement benefit at the date of retirement and is not compounded. For those retiring prior to January 7, 2013, the COLA will continue to be a 3 percent simple annual COLA. For those retiring subsequent to January 7, 2013, beginning in calendar year 2019, the COLA will be based on the average percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index, capped at 3 percent.

A death benefit of \$500 - \$2,500, determined by the number of years of service credit of the retiree, is paid to the beneficiary of a deceased retiree or disability benefit recipient under the Tradition pension plan and the Combined Plan.

The OPERS Board of Trustees approved a proposal at its October 2019 meeting to create a new tier of membership in the OPERS traditional pension plan. OPERS currently splits its non-retired membership into Group A, B or C depending on age and service criteria. Retirement Group D would consist of OPERS contributing members hired in 2022 and beyond. Group D will have its own eligibility standards, benefit structure and unique member features designed to meet the changing needs of Ohio public workers. It also will help OPERS address expected investment market volatility and adjust to the lack of available funding for health care.

Defined contribution plan benefits are established in the plan documents, which may be amended by the Board. Member-directed plan and combined plan members who have met the retirement eligibility requirements may apply for retirement benefits. The amount available for defined contribution benefits in the combined plan consists of the members' contributions plus or minus the investment gains or losses resulting from the members' investment selections. Combined plan members wishing to receive benefits must meet the requirements for both the defined benefit and defined contribution plans. Member-directed participants must have attained the age of 55, have money on deposit in the defined contribution plan and have terminated public service to apply for retirement benefits. The amount available for defined contribution benefits in the member-directed plan consists of the members' contributions, vested employer contributions and investment gains or losses resulting from the members' investment selections. Employer contributions and associated investment earnings vest over a five-year period, at a rate of 20 percent each year. At retirement, members may select one of several distribution options for payment of the vested balance in their individual OPERS accounts. Options include the purchase of a monthly defined benefit annuity from OPERS (which includes joint and survivor options), partial lump-sum payments (subject to limitations), a rollover of the vested account balance to another financial institution, receipt of entire account balance, net of taxes withheld, or a combination of these options.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

	State
	and Local
2019-2020 Statutory Maximum Contribution Rates	
Employer	14.0 %
Employee *	10.0 %
2019-2020 Actual Contribution Rates	
Employer:	
Pension **	14.0 %
Post-Employment Health Care Benefits **	0.0 %
Total Employer	14.0 %
Employee	10.0 %

- * Member contributions within combined plan are not used to fund the defined benefit retirement allowance
- ** These pension and employer health care rates are for the traditional and combined plans. The employer contributions rate for the member-directed plan is allocated 4 percent for health care with remainder going to pension.

Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The portion of employer contributions used to fund pension benefits is net of postemployment health care benefits. The portion of the employer's contribution allocated to health care was 0% for calendar years 2019-2020 for the Traditional and Combined plans. The portion of the employer's contribution allocated to health care was 4% for the Member-Directed plan for calendar years 2019-2020. The Authority's contractually required contributions used to fund pension benefits was \$203,887 for fiscal year ending September 30, 2020.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability/asset for OPERS was measured as of December 31, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability/asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Authority's proportion of the net pension liability/asset was based on the Authority's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

		OPERS	(OPERS	
	Traditional			ombined	
	P	ension Plan		Plan	Total
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability/Asset					
Prior Measurement Date		0.010316%	(0.015146%	
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability/Asset					
Current Measurement Date		0.010935%	(0.014940%	
Change in Proportionate Share		0.000619%	-0.000206%		
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension					
Liability/(Asset)	\$	2,161,377	\$	(31,153)	\$ 2,130,224
Pension Expense	\$	375,800	\$	1,415	\$ 377,215

At September 30, 2020, the Authority reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Springfield Metropolitan Housing Authority Notes to the Financial Statements – Cont'd. Year Ended September 30, 2020

	OPERS		OPERS		
	Traditional		Combined		
	Per	nsion Plan	Plan		Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources					
Changes of assumptions	\$	115,442	\$	3,213	\$ 118,655
Changes in proportion and differences between Authority between					
Authority contributions and proportionate share of contributions		100,924		266	101,190
Authority contributions subsequent to the measurement date		148,537		6,155	154,692
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	364,903	\$	9,634	\$ 374,537
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on					
pension plan investments	\$	431,146	\$	4,039	\$ 435,185
Differences between expected and actual experience		27,327		7,308	34,635
Changes in proportion and differences between Authority					
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		0		0	 0
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	458,473	\$	11,347	\$ 469,820

\$154,692 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from the Authority's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending September, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

		OPERS Traditional Pension Plan		PERS		
	T			Combined		
	Pe			Plan		Total
Year Ending September 30:						
2021	\$	21,458	\$	(1,949)	\$	19,509
2022		(110,224)		(1,873)		(112,097)
2023		17,854		(747)		17,107
2024		(171,195)		(2,224)		(173,419)
2025		0		(383)		(383)
Thereafter		0		(692)		(692)
Total	\$	(242,107)	\$	(7,868)	\$	(249,975)

Actuarial Assumptions - OPERS

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the values of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review or modification as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2019, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement in accordance with the requirements of GASB 67. Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results, are presented below:

Springfield Metropolitan Housing Authority Notes to the Financial Statements – Cont'd. Year Ended September 30, 2020

Wage Inflation
Future Salary Increases, including inflation
COLA or Ad Hoc COLA

Investment Rate of Return Actuarial Cost Method 3.25 percent
3.25 to 10.75 percent including wage inflation
Pre 1/7/2013 retirees; 3 percent, simple
Post 1/7/2013 retirees; 1.40 percent, simple
through 2020, then 2.15 percent simple
7.2 percent
Individual Entry Age

The total pension asset in the December 31, 2019, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Wage Inflation
Future Salary Increases, including inflation
COLA or Ad Hoc COLA

Investment Rate of Return Actuarial Cost Method 3.25 percent
3.25 to 8.25 percent including wage inflation
Pre 1/7/2013 retirees; 3 percent, simple
Post 1/7/2013 retirees; 1.40 percent, simple
through 2020, then 2.15 percent simple
7.2 percent
Individual Entry Age

Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Employees mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates for disabled retirees are based on the RP-2014 Disabled mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2015 mortality improvement scale to all of the previously described tables.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended December 31, 2015.

The long-term rate of return on defined benefit investment assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected real rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation.

OPERS manages investments in three investment portfolios: the Defined Benefits portfolio, the Health Care portfolio, and the Defined Contribution portfolio. The Defined Benefit portfolio includes the investment assets of the Traditional Pension Plan, the defined benefit component of the Combined Plan, the annuitized accounts of the Member-Directed Plan. Within the Defined Benefit portfolio, contributions into the plans are all recorded at the same time, and benefit payments all occur on the first of the month. Accordingly, the money-weighted rate of return is considered to be the same for all plans within the portfolio. The annual money weighted rate of return expressing investment performance, net of investments expenses and adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested, for the Defined Benefit portfolio was 17.2 percent for 2019.

The allocation of investment assets with the Defined Benefit portfolio is approved by the Board of Trustees as outlined in the annual investment plan. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the defined benefit pension plans. The table below displays the Board-approved asset allocation policy for 2019 and the long-term expected real rates of return:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return (Arithmetic)
Fixed Income	25.00 %	1.83 %
Domestic Equities	19.00	5.75
Real Estate	10.00	5.20
Private Equity	12.00	10.70
International Equities	21.00	7.66
Other investments	13.00	4.98
Total	100.00 %	5.61 %

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.2 percent, post-experience study results. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefits payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Authority's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate The following table presents the Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.2 percent, as well as what the Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.2 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (8.2 percent) than the current rate:

Authority's proportionate share	19	% Decrease	Di	scount Rate	1%	% Increase
of the net pension liability/(asset) Traditional Pension Plan	<u> </u>	3.564.810	\$	2,161,377	\$	(8.20%) 899.732
Combined Plan	\$	(18,824)	\$	(31,153)	\$	(40,039)

Changes Between Measurement Date and Report Date

Subsequent to December 31, 2019, the global economy was impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic and market volatility increased significantly. It is likely that 2020 investment market conditions and other economic factors will be negatively impacted; however, the overall impact on the OPERS investment portfolio and funding position is unknown at this time.

7. DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS:

Net OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability reported on the statement of net position represents a liability to employees for OPEB. OPEB is a component of exchange transactions – between an employer and its employees – of salaries and benefits for employee services. OPEB are provided to an employee – on a deferred-payment basis – as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for OPEB is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net OPEB liability represents the Authority's proportionate share of each OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each OPEB plan's fiduciary net

position. The net OPEB liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting these estimates annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the Authority's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The Authority cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which OPEB are financed; however, the Authority does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including OPEB.

GASB 75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because they benefit from employee services. OPEB contributions come from these employers and health care plan enrollees which pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. The Ohio revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. Any change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net OPEB liability. Resulting adjustments to the net OPEB liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net OPEB liability*. Any liability for the contractually-required OPEB contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in *accrued liabilities*.

Plan Description - Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

The Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) administers three separate pension plans: the traditional pension plan, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan; the member-directed plan, a defined contribution plan; and the combined plan, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and defined contribution plan.

OPERS maintains a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment health care trust, which funds multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage and deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement to qualifying benefit recipients of both the traditional pension and the combined plans. This trust is also used to fund health care for member-directed plan participants, in the form of a Retiree Medical Account (RMA). At retirement or refund, member directed plan participants may be eligible for reimbursement of qualified medical expenses from their vested RMA balance.

In order to qualify for postemployment health care coverage, age and service retirees under the traditional pension and combined plans must have twenty or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit. Health care coverage for disability benefit recipients and qualified survivor benefit recipients is available. The health care coverage provided by OPERS meets the definition of an Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement 75. See OPERS' CAFR referenced below for additional information.

The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require OPERS to provide health care to its eligible benefit recipients. Authority to establish and amend health care coverage is provided to the Board in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code.

Disclosures for the health care plan are presented separately in the OPERS financial report. Interested parties may obtain a copy by visiting https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml, by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling (614) 222-5601 or 800-222-7377.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code provides the statutory authority requiring public employers to fund postemployment health care through their contributions to OPERS. When funding is approved by OPERS Board of Trustees, a portion of each employer's contribution to OPERS is set aside to fund OPERS health care plans. During 2019, health care is not being funded.

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of the earnable salary of active members. In calendar years 2019-2020, state and local employers contributed at a rate of 14.0 percent of earnable salary and public safety and law

enforcement employers contributed at 18.1 percent. These are the maximum employer contribution rates permitted by the Ohio Revised Code. Active member contributions do not fund health care.

Each year, the OPERS Board determines the portion of the employer contribution rate that will be set aside to fund health care plans. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for members in the Traditional Pension Plan and Combined Plan was 0 percent during calendar years 2019-2020. The OPERS Board is also authorized to establish rules for the retiree or their surviving beneficiaries to pay a portion of the health care provided. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected. The employer contribution as a percentage of covered payroll deposited into the RMA for participants in the Member-Directed Plan for 2019-2020 was 4.0 percent.

Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll.

The Authority's contractually required contribution allocated to health care was \$0 for fiscal year 2020.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liability and total OPEB liability for OPERS were determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2018, rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2019, by incorporating the expected value of health care cost accruals, the actual health care payment, and interest accruals during the year. The Authority's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the Authority's share of contributions to the retirement plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

	OPERS
Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability:	
Prior Measurement Date	0.010052%
Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability:	
Current Measurement Date	0.010624%
Change in Proportionate Share	0.000572%
Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$ 1,467,450
OPEB Expense	\$ 198,930

At September 30, 2020, the Authority reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	OPERS
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 38
Changes of assumptions	232,282
Changes in proportion and differences between Authority contributions and	
proportionate share of contributions	53,135
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 285,455
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	\$ 74,721
Differences between expected and actual experience	134,205
Changes in proportion and differences between Authority contributions and	
proportionate share of contributions	299
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 209,225

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	 OPERS
Year Ending September 30:	
2021	\$ 73,144
2022	34,955
2023	59
2024	 (31,928)
Total	\$ 76,230

Actuarial Assumptions - OPERS

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the values of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review or modification as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan and include the types of coverage provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of costs between OPERS and plan members. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2018, rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2019. The actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions applied to all prior periods included in the measurement in accordance with the requirements of GASB 74:

Wage Inflation	3.25 percent
Projected Salary Increases,	3.25 to 10.75 percent
including inflation	including wage inflation
Single Discount Rate:	
Current measurement date	3.16 percent
Prior Measurement date	3.96 percent
Investment Rate of Return	6.00 percent
Municipal Bond Rate	2.75 percent
Health Care Cost Trend Rate	10.5 percent initial,
	3.50 percent ultimate in 2030
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age

Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Employees mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates for disabled retirees are based on the RP-2014 Disabled mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2015 mortality improvement scale to all of the above described tables.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended December 31, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on health care investment assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected real rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation.

During 2019, OPERS managed investments in three investment portfolios: the Defined Benefit portfolio, the Health Care portfolio and the Defined Contribution portfolio. The Health Care portfolio includes the assets for health care

expenses for the Traditional Pension Plan, Combined Plan and Member-Directed Plan eligible members. Within the Health Care portfolio, contributions into the plans are assumed to be received continuously throughout the year based on the actual payroll payable at the time contributions are made, and health care-related payments are assumed to occur mid-year. Accordingly, the money-weighted rate of return is considered to be the same for all plans within the portfolio. The annual money-weighted rate of return expressing investment performance, net of investment expenses and adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested for the Health Care portfolio was 19.70 percent for 2019.

The allocation of investment assets with the Health Care portfolio is approved by the Board of Trustees as outlined in the annual investment plan. Assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of continuing to offer a sustainable health care program for current and future retirees. OPERS' primary goal is to achieve and maintain a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the defined pension plans. Health care is a discretionary benefit. The table below displays the Board-approved asset allocation policy for 2019 and the long-term expected real rates of return:

		Weighted Average
		Long-Term Expected
	Target	Real Rate of Return
Asset Class	Allocation	(Arithmetic)
Fixed Income	36.00 %	1.53 %
Domestic Equities	21.00	5.75
Real Estate Investment Trust	6.00	5.69
International Equities	23.00	7.66
Other investments	14.00	4.90
Total	100.00 %	4.55 %

Discount Rate A single discount rate of 3.16 percent was used to measure the OPEB liability on the measurement date of December 31, 2019. A single discount rate of 3.96 percent was used to measure the OPEB liability on the measurement date of December 31, 2018. Projected benefit payments are required to be discounted to their actuarial present value using a single discount rate that reflects (1) a long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments (to the extent that the health care fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and (2) tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate are not met). This single discount rate was based on an expected rate of return on the health care investment portfolio of 6.00 percent and a municipal bond rate of 2.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rate. Based on these assumptions, the health care fiduciary net position and future contributions were sufficient to finance health care costs through 2034. As a result, the long-term expected rate of return on health care investments was applied to projected costs through the year 2034, and the municipal bond rate was applied to all health care costs after that date.

Sensitivity of the Authority's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate The following table presents the Authority's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the single discount rate of 3.16 percent, as well as what the Authority's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (2.16 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (4.16 percent) than the current rate:

			Current		
	 Decrease (2.16%)	Di	scount Rate (3.16%)		Increase 4.16%)
Authority's proportionate share	 	· ·	_		
of the net OPEB liability	\$ 1,772,083	\$	1,467,450	\$ 1	1,077,380

Sensitivity of the Authority's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rate Changes in the health care cost trend rate may also have a significant impact on the net OPEB liability. The following table presents the net OPEB liability calculated using the assumed trend rates, and the expected net OPEB liability if it were calculated using a health care cost trend rate that is 1.0 percent lower or 1.0 percent higher than the current rate.

Retiree health care valuations use a health care cost-trend assumption that changes over several years built into the assumption. The near-term rates reflect increases in the current cost of health care; the trend starting in 2020 is 10.50 percent. If this trend continues for future years, the projection indicates that years from now virtually all expenditures will be for health care. A more reasonable alternative is that in the not-too-distant future, the health plan cost trend will decrease to a level at, or near, wage inflation. On this basis, the actuaries project premium rate increases will continue to exceed wage inflation for approximately the next decade, but by less each year, until leveling off at an ultimate rate, assumed to be 3.50 percent in the most recent valuation.

			Curre	nt Health Care					
		Cost Trend Rate							
	1%	Decrease	Assumption		1% Increase				
Authority's proportionate share				_					
of the net OPEB liability	\$	1,331,400	\$	1,467,450	\$ 1,446,989				

Changes Between Measurement Date and Report Date

Subsequent to December 31, 2019, the global economy was impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic and market volatility increased significantly. It is likely that 2020 investment market conditions and other economic factors will be negatively impacted; however, the overall impact on the OPERS investment portfolio and funding position is unknown at this time.

On January 15, 2020, the Board approved several changes to the health care plan offered to Medicare and pre-Medicare retirees in efforts to decrease costs and increase the solvency of the health care plan. These changes are effective January 1, 2022 and include changes to base allowances and eligibility for Medicare retirees, as well as replacing OPERS-sponsored medical plans for pre-Medicare retirees with monthly allowances, similar to the program for Medicare retirees. These changes are not reflected in the current year financial statements but are expected to decrease the associated OPEB liability.

8. RISK MANAGEMENT:

The Authority maintains comprehensive insurance coverage with private carriers for health, real property, building contents, vehicles and other liability insurance. Vehicle policies include liability coverage for bodily injury and property damage. There was no significant reduction in coverage and no settlements exceeded insurance coverage during the past three years.

9. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES:

The Authority is party to various legal proceedings from the normal courses of business. No provision has been made in the financial statements for the effect, if any, of such contingencies. Although the outcome of these proceeding is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the Authority, the ultimate disposition of these matters will not materially affect the financial position of the Authority.

Under the terms of Federal grants, periodic audits are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenses under the terms of the grants. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. Except for liability described in the following paragraph, the amount, if any, of expenses which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the Authority expects such other amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

10. CONCENTRATIONS:

The Authority receives the majority of its revenue from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development and is subject to mandated changes by HUD and changes in Congressional acts.

11. BLENDED COMPONENT UNITS:

The Authority's financial statements included three entities as blended component units reported with the Public Housing Program, Lincoln Park Housing Partnership LP (LPHPLP), Lincoln Park Housing Partnership II LP (LPHPIILP), and Lincoln Park Housing Partnership III (LPHPIIILP), Description of the three blended components are as follows:

Lincoln Park Housing Partnership LP (LPHPLP)

The Authority executed a Limited Partnership Agreement with Penrose GP LLC and the Ohio Equity Fund for Housing Limited Partnership XVI to form the Lincoln Park Housing Partnership LP on March 27, 2007. The Authority is Special Limited Partner with a .001% ownership interest in this organization which developed, owns and operates 40 units of Low-Income Housing tax Credit housing at Lincoln Park. Under the terms of the Limited Partnership Agreement, no Limited Partner shall be personally liable for any loss or liability of the Partnership beyond the amount of such Limited Partner's agreed-upon Capital Contributions and no Limited Partner shall participate in the operation, management or control of the Partnership's business, transact any business in the Partnership's name or have any power to sign documents for or otherwise bind the Partnership. The Authority made Capital Contributions to the Partnership totaling \$242,527 through September 30, 2020 in HOPE VI funds for the development of 40 rental units. Lincoln Park Housing Partnership LP has executed a long-term Ground Lease, a HOPE VI Loan Agreement (see note 3), a Regulatory and Operating Agreement and various other documents with the Authority for the purpose of financing, owning and operating the rental development commonly known as Lincoln Park Phase IA.

Lincoln Park Housing Limited Partnership II LP (LPHPIILP)

The Authority executed an Amended and Restated Limited Partnership Agreement with Penrose GP LLC and the Ohio Equity Fund for Housing Limited Partnership XVI to form the Lincoln Park Housing Partnership II LP on March 27, 2007. The Authority is a Special Limited Partner with a .001% ownership interest in this organization which developed, own and operates 68 units of Low-Income Housing Tax Credit housing at Lincoln Park. Under the terms of the Limited Partnership Agreement, no Limited Partner shall be personally liable for any loss or liability of the Partnership beyond the amount of such Limited Partner's agreed-upon Capital Contributions and no Limited Partner shall participate in the operation, management or control of the Partnership's business, transact any business in the partnership's name of have any power to sign documents for or otherwise bind the Partnership. The Authority made Capital Contributions to the Partnership totaling \$50,660 through September 30, 2020 in HOPE VI funds for the development of 68 rental units. Lincoln Park Housing Partnership II LP has executed a long-term Ground Lease, a HOPE VI Loan Agreement (see note 3), a Regulatory and Operating Agreement and various other documents with the Authority for the purpose of financing, owning and operating the rental development commonly known as Lincoln Park Phase IB.

Lincoln Park Housing Limited Partnership III LP (LPHPIIILP)

The Authority executed an Amended and Restated Limited Partnership Agreement with Pennrose GP LLC and the Ohio Equity Fund for Housing Limited Partnership XVIII to form the Lincoln Park Housing Partnership III LP on December 22, 2008. The Authority is a Special Limited Partner with a .001% ownership interest in this organization which developed, owns and operates 24 units of Low-income Housing Tax Credit housing at Lincoln Park. Under the terms of the Limited Partnership Agreement, no Limited Partner shall be personally liable for any loss or liability of the Partnership beyond the amount of such Limited Partner's agreed-upon Capital Contributions and no Limited Partner shall participate in the operation, management or control of the Partnership's business, transact any business in the partnership's name or have any power to sign document for or otherwise bind the Partnership. The Authority will make a Capital Contribution to the Partnership in the amount of \$13,752, equal to the amount of the developer's fee, for the development of 24 rental units. Lincoln Lincoln Park Housing Partnership III LP has executed a long-term Ground Lease, a HOPE VI Loan Agreement (see note 3), a Regulatory and Operating Agreement and various other documents with the Authority for the purpose of financing, owning

and operating the rental development commonly known as Lincoln Park Phase II.

Additional Partnership Provisions

At the time Limited Partnership Agreements were executed, the Authority and partnerships entered into Right of Refusal and Option Agreements. During the term of the partnerships, the partnerships agree to give notice promptly to the Authority if the partnerships commence discussions with any third-party regarding sale of the property. The Authority has the continuing right of refusal to purchase the property of the partnerships in the event the partnership proposes to sell substantially all of the partnership interests after the expiration of the compliance period (15 years). In addition, the partnerships grant the Authority the option to purchase the property following the close of the compliance period. This agreement provides the terms of the option price and sale of the property under the rights of refusal and options granted.

12. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS:

Generally accepted accountings principles define subsequent events as events or transactions that occur after the statement of the financial position date, but before the financial statements as issued or are available to be issued. Management has evaluated subsequent events through the date on which the financial statements were available to be issued.

13. COVID-19

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the ensuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the Authority. The pension and other employee benefit plans in which the Authority participates fluctuate with market conditions and, due to market volatility, the amounts of gains or losses that will be recognized in subsequent periods, if any, cannot be determined. In addition, the impact on the Authority's future operating costs, revenues, and any recovery from emergency funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated.

14. CARES ACT GRANT AWARD

In fiscal year 2020, HUD provided public housing agencies supplemental operating funds pursuant to the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (CARES Act) (Public 116-136), in accordance with the Annual Contributions Grant Agreement and associated laws and regulations.

LIPH (Low Income Public Housing) received a CARES Act Grant award in the amount of \$355,480 effective March 27,2020 and received \$126,838 in revenue. The Grant will end on December 30, 2021, and any remaining amount of the Grant will be returned. The total amount expended as of September 30, 2020, is \$101,856 and was used for COVID-19 related activities.

The Housing Choice Vouchers Program received a CARES Act Grant award in the amount of \$264,361 effective March 27, 2020. This grant will end on December 30, 2021. The total amount expended as of September 30, 2020 is G\$14,614 and was used for COVID-19 related activities.

The Mainstream Voucher Program received a CARES Act Grant award in the amount of \$12,709 effective March 27, 2020.

On behalf of Ohio Governor Mike DeWine and the Ohio Bureau of Workers' Compensation, Springfield MHA received a share dividend from pooled investment returns in the amount of \$57,069, which was used for the health and safety of employees, staff, and residents served to help ease the financial pressures experienced as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic.

The CARES/COCC received revenue from COCC in the amount of \$30,362 as of September 30, 2020, and was used for program and bookkeeping fees for COVID-19 related activities and expenditures.

	Project Total	14.PHC Public Housing CARES Act Funding	14.MSC Mainstream CARES Act Funding	6.2 Component Unit - Blended	14.896 PIH Family Self- Sufficiency Program	14.CCC Central Office Cost Center CARES Act Funding	1 Business Activities	14.866 Revitalization of Severely Distressed Public Housing	14.879 Mainstream Vouchers	14.239 HOME Investment Partnerships Program
111 Cash - Unrestricted	\$1,395,065	\$0	\$0	\$25,862	\$0	\$0	\$71,301	\$0	\$0	\$5,202
112 Cash - Restricted - Modernization and Development	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
113 Cash - Other Restricted	\$0	\$0	\$12,709	\$721,405	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$2,313
114 Cash - Tenant Security Deposits	\$64,749	\$0	\$0	\$21,773	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
115 Cash - Restricted for Payment of Current Liabilities	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$3,576	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
100 Total Cash	\$1,459,814	\$0	\$12,709	\$769,040	\$0	\$3,576	\$71,301	\$0	\$0	\$7,515
121 Accounts Receivable - PHA Projects	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
122 Accounts Receivable - HUD Other Projects	\$0	\$14,476	\$0	\$0	\$6,431	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$5,396	\$0
124 Accounts Receivable - Other Government	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
125 Accounts Receivable - Miscellaneous	\$1,712	\$0	\$0	\$28,106	\$779	\$0	\$48,810	\$0	\$0	\$0
126 Accounts Receivable - Tenants	\$88,113	\$0	\$0	\$15,262	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
126.1 Allowance for Doubtful Accounts -Tenants	(\$17,430)	\$0	\$0	(\$2,289)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
126.2 Allowance for Doubtful Accounts - Other	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
127 Notes, Loans, & Mortgages Receivable - Current	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
128 Fraud Recovery	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
128.1 Allowance for Doubtful Accounts - Fraud	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
129 Accrued Interest Receivable	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$532,878	\$0	\$0
120 Total Receivables, Net of Allowances for Doubtful Accounts	\$72,395	\$14,476	\$0	\$41,079	\$7,210	\$0	\$48,810	\$532,878	\$5,396	\$0
	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
131 Investments - Unrestricted	, ,				\$0			, -		, ,
132 Investments - Restricted	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0

			For the Year I	Ended September 30,	2020					
	Project Total	14.PHC Public Housing CARES Act Funding	14.MSC Mainstream CARES Act Funding	6.2 Component Unit - Blended	14.896 PIH Family Self- Sufficiency Program	14.CCC Central Office Cost Center CARES Act Funding	1 Business Activities	14.866 Revitalization of Severely Distressed Public Housing	14.879 Mainstream Vouchers	14.239 HOME Investment Partnerships Program
		T + -	1 +0		-					
135 Investments - Restricted for Payment of Current Liability	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
142 Prepaid Expenses and Other Assets	\$27,931	\$0	\$0	\$51,819	\$0	\$0	\$854	\$0	\$0	\$0
143 Inventories	\$90,183	\$0	\$0	\$2,676	\$0	\$0	\$501	\$0	\$0	\$0
143.1 Allowance for Obsolete Inventories	(\$18,037)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	(\$100)	\$0	\$0	\$0
144 Inter Program Due From	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
145 Assets Held for Sale	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
150 Total Current Assets	\$1,632,286	\$14,476	\$12,709	\$864,614	\$7,210	\$3,576	\$121,366	\$532,878	\$5,396	\$7,515
161 Land	\$1,952,171	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$197,229	\$0	\$0
162 Buildings	\$30,571,547	\$0	\$0	\$24,325,917	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$17,500	\$0	\$0
163 Furniture, Equipment & Machinery - Dwellings	\$1,085,727	\$0	\$0	\$528,821	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
164 Furniture, Equipment & Machinery - Administration	\$483,062	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$66,941	\$0	\$0
165 Leasehold Improvements	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$2,341,865	\$0	\$0
166 Accumulated Depreciation	(\$24,828,799)	\$0	\$0	(\$9,218,556)	\$0	\$0	\$0	(\$2,030,097)	\$0	\$0
167 Construction in Progress	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
168 Infrastructure	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
160 Total Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	\$9,263,708	\$0	\$0	\$15,636,182	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$593,438	\$0	\$0
171 Notes, Loans and Mortgages Receivable - Non-Current	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$6,678,242	\$0	\$0
172 Notes, Loans, & Mortgages Receivable - Non Current - Past Due	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
173 Grants Receivable - Non Current	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
174 Other Assets	\$14,603	\$0	\$0	\$102,797	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
176 Investments in Joint Ventures	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
180 Total Non-Current Assets	\$9,278,311	\$0	\$0	\$15,738,979	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$7,271,680	\$0	\$0
200 Deferred Outflow of Resources	\$309,372	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0

			For the Year I	Ended September 30,	, 2020					
	Project Total	14.PHC Public Housing CARES Act Funding	14.MSC Mainstream CARES Act Funding	6.2 Component Unit - Blended	14.896 PIH Family Self- Sufficiency Program	14.CCC Central Office Cost Center CARES Act Funding	1 Business Activities	14.866 Revitalization of Severely Distressed Public Housing	14.879 Mainstream Vouchers	14.239 HOME Investment Partnerships Program
290 Total Assets and Deferred Outflow of Resources	\$11,219,969	\$14,476	\$12,709	\$16,603,593	\$7,210	\$3,576	\$121,366	\$7,804,558	\$5,396	\$7,515
311 Bank Overdraft	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
312 Accounts Payable <= 90 Days	\$226,658	\$12,650	\$0	\$26,743	\$0	\$3,576	\$6,544	\$0	\$101	\$0
313 Accounts Payable >90 Days Past Due	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
321 Accrued Wage/Payroll Taxes Payable	\$17,118	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$767	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,433	\$0
322 Accrued Compensated Absences - Current Portion	\$13,177	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,278	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$328	\$0
324 Accrued Contingency Liability	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
325 Accrued Interest Payable	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$497,257	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$124,930	\$0	\$0
331 Accounts Payable - HUD PHA Programs	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
332 Account Payable - PHA Projects	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
333 Accounts Payable - Other Government	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
341 Tenant Security Deposits	\$64,749	\$0	\$0	\$21,773	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
342 Unearned Revenue	\$24,432	\$0	\$12,709	\$10,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
343 Current Portion of Long-term Debt - Capital Projects/Mortgage Revenue	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
344 Current Portion of Long-term Debt - Operating Borrowings	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
345 Other Current Liabilities	\$2,271	\$0	\$0	\$87,624	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
346 Accrued Liabilities - Other	\$14,275	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
347 Inter Program - Due To	\$0	\$1,826	\$0	\$0	\$1,332	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,658	\$0
348 Loan Liability - Current	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
310 Total Current Liabilities	\$362,680	\$14,476	\$12,709	\$643,397	\$3,377	\$3,576	\$6,544	\$124,930	\$3,520	\$0
351 Long-term Debt, Net of Current - Capital Projects/Mortgage Revenue	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$6,678,242	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
352 Long-term Debt, Net of Current - Operating Borrowings	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0

Pı	roject Total	14.PHC Public Housing CARES Act Funding	14.MSC Mainstream CARES Act Funding	6.2 Component Unit - Blended	14.896 PIH Family Self- Sufficiency Program	14.CCC Central Office Cost Center CARES Act Funding	1 Business Activities	14.866 Revitalization of Severely Distressed Public Housing	14.879 Mainstream Vouchers	14.239 HOME Investment Partnerships Program
353 Non-current Liabilities - Other	\$34,816	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
354 Accrued Compensated Absences - Non Current	\$39,530	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$3,833	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$985	\$0
355 Loan Liability - Non Current	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,000,000	\$0	\$0
356 FASB 5 Liabilities	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
357 Accrued Pension and OPEB Liabilities	\$1,701,013	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
350 Total Non-Current Liabilities	\$1,775,359	\$0	\$0	\$6,678,242	\$3,833	\$0	\$0	\$1,000,000	\$985	\$0
300 Total Liabilities	\$2,138,039	\$14,476	\$12,709	\$7,321,639	\$7,210	\$3,576	\$6,544	\$1,124,930	\$4,505	\$0
400 Deferred Inflow of Resources	\$318,302	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
508.4 Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$9,263,708	\$0	\$0	\$8,957,939	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$593,438	\$0	\$0
511.4 Restricted Net Position	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$721,405	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$2,313
512.4 Unrestricted Net Position	(\$500,080)	\$0	\$0	(\$397,390)	\$0	\$0	\$114,822	\$6,086,190	\$891	\$5,202
513 Total Equity - Net Assets / Position	\$8,763,628	\$0	\$0	\$9,281,954	\$0	\$0	\$114,822	\$6,679,628	\$891	\$7,515
600 Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Equity - Net	\$11,219,969	\$14,476	\$12,709	\$16,603,593	\$7,210	\$3,576	\$121,366	\$7,804,558	\$5,396	\$7,515

		roru	ne Year Ended Septer	11Del 30, 2020	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	1	1	1	
	14.871 Housing Choice Vouchers	14.870 Resident Opportunity and Supportive Services	14.238 Shelter Plus Care	14.HCC HCV CARES Act Funding	93.959 Block Grants for Prevention and Treatment of Substance Abuse	COCC	Subtotal	ELIM	Total
111 Cash - Unrestricted	\$363,542	\$0	\$17,500	\$0	\$20,975	\$1,159,344	\$3,058,791	\$0	\$3,058,791
112 Cash - Restricted - Modernization and Development	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
113 Cash - Other Restricted	\$400,919	\$0	\$17,430	\$249,746	\$0	\$0	\$1,404,522	\$0	\$1,404,522
114 Cash - Tenant Security Deposits	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$86,522	\$0	\$86,522
115 Cash - Restricted for Payment of Current Liabilities	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,677	\$0	\$0	\$5,253	\$0	\$5,253
100 Total Cash	\$764,461	\$0	\$34,930	\$251,423	\$20,975	\$1,159,344	\$4,555,088	\$0	\$4,555,088
121 Accounts Receivable - PHA Projects	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
122 Accounts Receivable - HUD Other Projects	\$0	\$494	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$26,797	\$0	\$26,797
124 Accounts Receivable - Other Government	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
125 Accounts Receivable - Miscellaneous	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$36,965	\$116,372	\$0	\$116,372
126 Accounts Receivable - Tenants	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$103,375	\$0	\$103,375
126.1 Allowance for Doubtful Accounts -Tenants	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	(\$19,719)	\$0	(\$19,719)
126.2 Allowance for Doubtful Accounts - Other	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
127 Notes, Loans, & Mortgages Receivable - Current	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
128 Fraud Recovery	\$83,404	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$83,404	\$0	\$83,404
128.1 Allowance for Doubtful Accounts - Fraud	(\$83,404)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	(\$83,404)	\$0	(\$83,404)
129 Accrued Interest Receivable	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$532,878	(\$497,257)	\$35,621
120 Total Receivables, Net of Allowances for Doubtful Accounts	\$0	\$494	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$36,965	\$759,703	(\$497,257)	\$262,446
131 Investments - Unrestricted	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
132 Investments - Restricted	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
135 Investments - Restricted for Payment of Current Liability	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
142 Prepaid Expenses and Other Assets	\$5,538	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,198	\$87,340	\$0	\$87,340
143 Inventories	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$3,223	\$96,583	\$0	\$96,583

	Housing Vouchers	14.870 Resident Opportunity and Supportive Services	14.238 Shelter Plus Care	14.HCC HCV CARES Act Funding	93.959 Block Grants for Prevention and Treatment of Substance Abuse	сосс	Subtotal	ELIM	Total
143.1 Allowance for Obsolete Inventories	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	(\$645)	(\$18,782)	\$0	(\$18,782)
144 Inter Program Due From	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$5,310	\$5,310	(\$5,310)	\$0
145 Assets Held for Sale	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
150 Total Current Assets	\$769,999	\$494	\$34,930	\$251,423	\$20,975	\$1,205,395	\$5,485,242	(\$502,567)	\$4,982,675
161 Land	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$155,236	\$2,304,636	\$0	\$2,304,636
162 Buildings	\$60,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$60,000	\$55,034,964	\$0	\$55,034,964
163 Furniture, Equipment & Machinery - Dwellings	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,614,548	\$0	\$1,614,548
164 Furniture, Equipment & Machinery - Administration	\$67,803	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$433,280	\$1,051,086	\$0	\$1,051,086
165 Leasehold Improvements	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$2,341,865	\$0	\$2,341,865
166 Accumulated Depreciation	(\$97,820)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	(\$432,974)	(\$36,608,246)	\$0	(\$36,608,246)
167 Construction in Progress	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
168 Infrastructure	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
160 Total Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	\$29,983	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$215,542	\$25,738,853	\$0	\$25,738,853
171 Notes, Loans and Mortgages Receivable - Non-Current	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$6,678,242	(\$6,678,242)	\$0
172 Notes, Loans, & Mortgages Receivable - Non Current - Past Due	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
173 Grants Receivable - Non Current	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
174 Other Assets	\$5,841	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$10,710	\$133,951	\$0	\$133,951
176 Investments in Joint Ventures	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
180 Total Non-Current Assets	\$35,824	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$226,252	\$32,551,046	(\$6,678,242)	\$25,872,804
200 Deferred Outflow of Resources	\$123,749	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$226,871	\$659,992	\$0	\$659,992
290 Total Assets and Deferred Outflow of Resources	\$929,572	\$494	\$34,930	\$251,423	\$20,975	\$1,658,518	\$38,696,280	(\$7,180,809)	\$31,515,471

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	14.871 Housing Choice Vouchers	14.870 Resident Opportunity and Supportive Services	14.238 Shelter Plus Care	14.HCC HCV CARES Act Funding	93.959 Block Grants for Prevention and Treatment of Substance Abuse	COCC	Subtotal	ELIM	Total
311 Bank Overdraft	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0 	\$0 I	\$0 	\$0
	\$11,649	\$0	\$0	\$1,677	\$94	\$20,101	\$309,793	\$0	\$309,793
312 Accounts Payable <= 90 Days	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
313 Accounts Payable >90 Days Past Due	\$21,065	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$772	\$31,995	\$73,150	\$0	\$73,150
321 Accrued Wage/Payroll Taxes Payable	\$8,319		\$0	\$0		\$7,200	\$30,302	\$0	\$30,302
322 Accrued Compensated Absences - Current Portion		\$0		·	\$0				
324 Accrued Contingency Liability	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
325 Accrued Interest Payable	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$622,187	(\$497,257)	\$124,930
331 Accounts Payable - HUD PHA Programs	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
332 Account Payable - PHA Projects	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
333 Accounts Payable - Other Government	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
341 Tenant Security Deposits	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$86,522	\$0	\$86,522
342 Unearned Revenue	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$249,746	\$0	\$11,390	\$308,277	\$0	\$308,277
343 Current Portion of Long-term Debt - Capital Projects/Mortgage Revenue	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
344 Current Portion of Long-term Debt - Operating Borrowings	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
345 Other Current Liabilities	\$20,941	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$10,861	\$121,697	\$0	\$121,697
346 Accrued Liabilities - Other	\$3,167	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$6,736	\$24,178	\$0	\$24,178
347 Inter Program - Due To	\$0	\$494	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$5,310	(\$5,310)	\$0
348 Loan Liability - Current	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
310 Total Current Liabilities	\$65,141	\$494	\$0	\$251,423	\$866	\$88,283	\$1,581,416	(\$502,567)	\$1,078,849
351 Long-term Debt, Net of Current - Capital Projects/Mortgage Revenue	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$6,678,242	(\$5,678,242)	\$1,000,000
352 Long-term Debt, Net of Current - Operating Borrowings	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
353 Non-current Liabilities - Other	\$62,349	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$21,560	\$118,725	\$0	\$118,725
354 Accrued Compensated Absences - Non Current	\$24,956	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$21,599	\$90,903	\$0	\$90,903
355 Loan Liability - Non Current	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,000,000	(\$1,000,000)	\$0

	14.871 Housing Choice Vouchers	14.870 Resident Opportunity and Supportive Services	14.238 Shelter Plus Care	14.HCC HCV CARES Act Funding	93.959 Block Grants for Prevention and Treatment of Substance Abuse	сосс	Subtotal	ELIM	Total
356 FASB 5 Liabilities	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
357 Accrued Pension and OPEB Liabilities	\$680,405	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,247,409	\$3,628,827	\$0	\$3,628,827
350 Total Non-Current Liabilities	\$767,710	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,290,568	\$11,516,697	(\$6,678,242)	\$4,838,455
300 Total Liabilities	\$832,851	\$494	\$0	\$251,423	\$866	\$1,378,851	\$13,098,113	(\$7,180,809)	\$5,917,304
400 Deferred Inflow of Resources	\$127,321	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$233,422	\$679,045	\$0	\$679,045
508.4 Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$29,983	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$215,542	\$19,060,610	\$5,678,243	\$24,738,853
511.4 Restricted Net Position	\$332,217	\$0	\$17,430	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,073,365	\$0	\$1,073,365
512.4 Unrestricted Net Position	(\$392,800)	\$0	\$17,500	\$0	\$20,109	(\$169,297)	\$4,785,147	(\$5,678,243)	(\$893,096)
513 Total Equity - Net Assets / Position	(\$30,600)	\$0	\$34,930	\$0	\$20,109	\$46,245	\$24,919,122	\$0	\$24,919,122
600 Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Equity - Net	\$929,572	\$494	\$34,930	\$251,423	\$20,975	\$1,658,518	\$38,696,280	(\$7,180,809)	\$31,515,471

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	Project Total	14.PHC Public Housing CARES Act Funding	14.MSC Mainstream CARES Act Funding	6.2 Component Unit - Blended	14.896 PIH Family Self- Sufficiency Program	14.CCC Central Office Cost Center CARES Act Funding	1 Business Activities	14.866 Revitalization of Severely Distressed Public Housing	14.879 Mainstream Vouchers	14.239 HOME Investment Partnerships Program
70300 Net Tenant Rental Revenue	\$1,522,611	\$0	\$0	\$626,108	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
70400 Tenant Revenue - Other	\$78,850	\$0	\$0	\$14,315	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
70500 Total Tenant Revenue	\$1,601,461	\$0	\$0	\$640,423	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
70600 HUD PHA Operating Grants	\$2,632,867	\$92,291	\$0	\$0	\$70,838	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$163,078	\$0
70610 Capital Grants	\$58,602	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
70710 Management Fee	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
70720 Asset Management Fee	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
70730 Book Keeping Fee	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
70740 Front Line Service Fee	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
70750 Other Fees	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
70700 Total Fee Revenue	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
70800 Other Government Grants	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$46,694
71100 Investment Income - Unrestricted	\$7,215	\$0	\$0	\$6,768	\$0	\$0	\$626	\$0	\$0	\$0
71200 Mortgage Interest Income	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
71300 Proceeds from Disposition of Assets Held for Sale	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
71310 Cost of Sale of Assets	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
71400 Fraud Recovery	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
71500 Other Revenue	\$34,498	\$0	\$0	\$50,988	\$2,072	\$17,661	\$110,278	\$0	\$705	\$0
71600 Gain or Loss on Sale of Capital Assets	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
72000 Investment Income - Restricted	\$108	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$47,326	\$0	\$0

			For the Year I	Ended September 30,	2020					
	Project Total	14.PHC Public Housing CARES Act Funding	14.MSC Mainstream CARES Act Funding	6.2 Component Unit - Blended	14.896 PIH Family Self- Sufficiency Program	14.CCC Central Office Cost Center CARES Act Funding	1 Business Activities	14.866 Revitalization of Severely Distressed Public Housing	14.879 Mainstream Vouchers	14.239 HOME Investment Partnerships Program
70000 Total Revenue	\$4,334,751	\$92,291	\$0	\$698,179	\$72,910	\$17,661	\$110,904	\$47,326	\$163,783	\$46,694
91100 Administrative Salaries	\$228,102	\$0	\$0	\$101,923	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$22,834	\$0
91200 Auditing Fees	\$10,384	\$0	\$0	\$17,250	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
91300 Management Fee	\$594,858	\$12,262	\$0	\$51,856	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
91310 Book-keeping Fee	\$55,298	\$1,619	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
91400 Advertising and Marketing	\$1,551	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
91500 Employee Benefit contributions - Administrative	\$174,006	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$6,684	\$0
91600 Office Expenses	\$156,584	\$0	\$0	\$29,724	\$0	\$0	\$16,568	\$0	\$0	\$0
91700 Legal Expense	\$7,561	\$0	\$0	\$4,630	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
91800 Travel	\$6,657	\$0	\$0	\$706	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
91810 Allocated Overhead	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
91900 Other	\$177,703	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$63	\$0	\$0	\$0
91000 Total Operating - Administrative	\$1,412,704	\$13,881	\$0	\$206,089	\$0	\$0	\$16,631	\$0	\$29,518	\$0
92000 Asset Management Fee	\$58,920	\$0	\$0	\$22,500	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
92100 Tenant Services - Salaries	\$2,328	\$18,688	\$0	\$0	\$49,962	\$14,166	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
92200 Relocation Costs	\$1,991	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
92300 Employee Benefit Contributions - Tenant Services	\$40	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$22,948	\$3,494	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
92400 Tenant Services - Other	\$3,491	\$69,286	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$9,817	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
92500 Total Tenant Services	\$7,850	\$87,974	\$0	\$0	\$72,910	\$27,477	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
93100 Water	\$153,059	\$0	\$0	\$49,380	\$0	\$0	\$5,958	\$0	\$0	\$0
93200 Electricity	\$282,317	\$0	\$0	\$9,283	\$0	\$0	\$16,389	\$0	\$0	\$0
93300 Gas	\$122,651	\$0	\$0	\$9,807	\$0	\$0	\$8,894	\$0	\$0	\$0
93400 Fuel	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
93500 Labor	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0

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	Project Total	14.PHC Public Housing CARES Act Funding	14.MSC Mainstream CARES Act Funding	6.2 Component Unit - Blended	14.896 PIH Family Self- Sufficiency Program	14.CCC Central Office Cost Center CARES Act Funding	1 Business Activities	14.866 Revitalization of Severely Distressed Public Housing	14.879 Mainstream Vouchers	14.239 HOME Investment Partnerships Program
93600 Sewer	\$313,901	\$0	\$0	\$65,559	\$0	\$0	\$12,842	\$0	\$0	\$0
93700 Employee Benefit Contributions - Utilities	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
93800 Other Utilities Expense	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
93000 Total Utilities	\$871,928	\$0	\$0	\$134,029	\$0	\$0	\$44,083	\$0	\$0	\$0
94100 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations - Labor	\$354,995	\$0	\$0	\$101,058	\$0	\$0	\$29,510	\$0	\$0	\$0
94200 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations - Materials and Other	\$128,219	\$0	\$0	\$13,637	\$0	\$0	\$4,130	\$0	\$0	\$0
94300 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations Contracts	\$463,664	\$0	\$0	\$205,758	\$0	\$0	\$25,239	\$0	\$0	\$0
94500 Employee Benefit Contributions - Ordinary Maintenance	\$294,062	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
94000 Total Maintenance	\$1,240,940	\$0	\$0	\$320,453	\$0	\$0	\$58,879	\$0	\$0	\$0
95100 Protective Services - Labor	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
95200 Protective Services - Other Contract Costs	\$57,392	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
95300 Protective Services - Other	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
95500 Employee Benefit Contributions - Protective Services	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
95000 Total Protective Services	\$57,392	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
96110 Property Insurance	\$79,027	\$0	\$0	\$43,594	\$0	\$0	\$2,660	\$0	\$0	\$0
96120 Liability Insurance	\$45,422	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$2,001	\$0	\$0	\$0
96130 Workmen's Compensation	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
96140 All Other Insurance	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
96100 Total insurance Premiums	\$124,449	\$0	\$0	\$43,594	\$0	\$0	\$4,661	\$0	\$0	\$0
96200 Other General Expenses	\$371,582	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$6,821
96210 Compensated Absences	\$13,002	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$604	\$0
96300 Payments in Lieu of Taxes	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0

	Project Total	14.PHC Public Housing CARES Act Funding	14.MSC Mainstream CARES Act Funding	6.2 Component Unit - Blended	14.896 PIH Family Self- Sufficiency Program	14.CCC Central Office Cost Center CARES Act Funding	1 Business Activities	14.866 Revitalization of Severely Distressed Public Housing	14.879 Mainstream Vouchers	14.239 HOME Investment Partnerships Program
96400 Bad debt - Tenant Rents	\$49,060	\$0	\$0	\$31,813	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
96500 Bad debt - Mortgages	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
96600 Bad debt - Other	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
96800 Severance Expense	\$349	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
96000 Total Other General Expenses	\$433,993	\$0	\$0	\$31,813	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$604	\$6,821
96710 Interest of Mortgage (or Bonds) Payable	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$47,527	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$11,138	\$0	\$0
96720 Interest on Notes Payable (Short and Long Term)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
96730 Amortization of Bond Issue Costs	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$12,980	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
96700 Total Interest Expense and Amortization Cost	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$60,507	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$11,138	\$0	\$0
96900 Total Operating Expenses	\$4,1208,176	\$101,855	\$0	\$818,985	\$72,910	\$27,477	\$124,254	\$11,138	\$30,122	\$6,821
97000 Excess of Operating Revenue over Operating Expenses	\$126,575	(\$9,564)	\$0	(\$120,806)	\$0	(\$9,816)	(\$13,350)	\$36,188	\$133,661	\$39,873
97100 Extraordinary Maintenance	\$76,639	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
97200 Casualty Losses - Non-capitalized	\$1,500	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
97300 Housing Assistance Payments	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$135,297	\$39,873
97350 HAP Portability-In	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
97400 Depreciation Expense	\$849,585	\$0	\$0	\$1,066,173	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$157,292	\$0	\$0
97500 Fraud Losses	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
97600 Capital Outlays - Governmental Funds	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
97700 Debt Principal Payment - Governmental Funds	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
97800 Dwelling Units Rent Expense	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		\$101,855				\$27,477	\$124,254	\$168,430	\$165,419	\$46,694

			For the Year I	Ended September 30,	, 2020					
	Project Total	14.PHC Public Housing CARES Act Funding	14.MSC Mainstream CARES Act Funding	6.2 Component Unit - Blended	14.896 PIH Family Self- Sufficiency Program	14.CCC Central Office Cost Center CARES Act Funding	1 Business Activities	14.866 Revitalization of Severely Distressed Public Housing	14.879 Mainstream Vouchers	14.239 HOME Investment Partnerships Program
10010 Operating Transfer In	\$3,050	\$9,564	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$9,816	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
10020 Operating transfer Out	(\$12,614)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
10030 Operating Transfers from/to Primary Government	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
10040 Operating Transfers from/to Component Unit	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
10050 Proceeds from Notes, Loans and Bonds	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
10060 Proceeds from Property Sales	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
10070 Extraordinary Items, Net Gain/Loss	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
10080 Special Items (Net Gain/Loss)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$159,293	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
10091 Inter Project Excess Cash Transfer In	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
10092 Inter Project Excess Cash Transfer Out	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
10093 Transfers between Program and Project - In	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
10094 Transfers between Project and Program - Out	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
10100 Total Other financing Sources (Uses)	(\$9,564)	\$9,564	\$0	\$159,293	\$0	\$9,816	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
10000 Excess (Deficiency) of Total Revenue Over (Under) Total Expenses	(\$810,713)	\$0	\$0	(\$1,027,686)	\$0	\$0	(\$13,350)	(\$121,104)	(\$1,636)	\$0
11020 Required Annual Debt Principal Payments	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$109,144	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
11030 Beginning Equity	\$9,574,341	\$0	\$0	\$10,309,640	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$6,800,732	\$2,527	\$7,515
11040 Prior Period Adjustments, Equity Transfers and Correction of Errors	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$128,172	\$0	\$0	\$0
11050 Changes in Compensated Absence Balance	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
11060 Changes in Contingent Liability Balance	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
11070 Changes in Unrecognized Pension Transition Liability	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
11080 Changes in Special Term/Severance Benefits Liability	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
11090 Changes in Allowance for Doubtful Accounts - Dwelling Rents	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
11100 Changes in Allowance for Doubtful Accounts - Other	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0

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	Project Total	14.PHC Public Housing CARES Act Funding	14.MSC Mainstream CARES Act Funding	6.2 Component Unit - Blended	14.896 PIH Family Self- Sufficiency Program	14.CCC Central Office Cost Center CARES Act Funding	1 Business Activities	14.866 Revitalization of Severely Distressed Public Housing	14.879 Mainstream Vouchers	14.239 HOME Investment Partnerships Program
11170 Administrative Fee Equity	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
11180 Housing Assistance Payments Equity	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
11190 Unit Months Available	9,468	0	0	1,584	0	0	0	0	600	84
11210 Number of Unit Months Leased	8,768	0	0	1,498	0	0	0	0	522	77
11270 Excess Cash	\$833,807	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
11610 Land Purchases	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
11620 Building Purchases	\$52,334	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
11630 Furniture & Equipment - Dwelling Purchases	\$6,268	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
11640 Furniture & Equipment - Administrative Purchases	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
11650 Leasehold Improvements Purchases	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
11660 Infrastructure Purchases	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
13510 CFFP Debt Service Payments	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
13901 Replacement Housing Factor Funds	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0

		Fort	he Year Ended Septer	nber 30, 2020					
	14.871 Housing Choice Vouchers	14.870 Resident Opportunity and Supportive Services	14.238 Shelter Plus Care	14.HCC HCV CARES Act Funding	93.959 Block Grants for Prevention and Treatment of Substance Abuse	cocc	Subtotal	ELIM	Total
	40	t o	th O	40	40	40	#2.4.40.74.0	40	#2.4.40.F4.0
70300 Net Tenant Rental Revenue	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$2,148,719	\$0	\$2,148,719
70400 Tenant Revenue - Other	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$93,165	\$0	\$93,165
70500 Total Tenant Revenue	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$2,241,884	\$0	\$2,241,884
70600 HUD PHA Operating Grants	\$5,010,549	\$494	\$0	\$14,614	\$0	\$0	\$7,984,731	\$0	\$7,984,731
70610 Capital Grants	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$58,602	\$0	\$58,602
70710 Management Fee	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$755,808	\$755,808	(\$755,808)	\$0
70720 Asset Management Fee	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$66,048	\$66,048	(\$66,048)	\$0
70730 Book Keeping Fee	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$146,911	\$146,911	(\$140,272)	\$6,639
70740 Front Line Service Fee	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
70750 Other Fees	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
70700 Total Fee Revenue	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$968,767	\$968,767	(\$962,128)	\$6,639
70800 Other Government Grants	\$0	\$0	\$128,503	\$0	\$37,399	\$0	\$212,596	\$0	\$212,596
71100 Investment Income - Unrestricted	\$781	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$4,638	\$20,028	\$0	\$20,028
71200 Mortgage Interest Income	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
71300 Proceeds from Disposition of Assets Held for Sale	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
71310 Cost of Sale of Assets	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
71400 Fraud Recovery	\$20,266	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$20,266	\$0	\$20,266
71500 Other Revenue	\$44,170	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$538	\$82,173	\$343,083	(\$17,661)	\$325,422
71600 Gain or Loss on Sale of Capital Assets	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
72000 Investment Income - Restricted	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$47,434	(\$47,326)	\$108
70000 Total Revenue	\$5,075,766	\$494	\$128,503	\$14,614	\$37,937	\$1,055,578	\$11,897,391	(\$1,027,115)	\$10,870,276
91100 Administrative Salaries	\$232,968	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$476,842	\$1,062,669	\$0	\$1,062,669
91200 Auditing Fees	\$6,628	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,028	\$35,290	\$0	\$35,290

		101 t	ne rear Ended Septer	11001 30, 2020					
	14.871 Housing Choice Vouchers	14.870 Resident Opportunity and Supportive Services	14.238 Shelter Plus Care	14.HCC HCV CARES Act Funding	93.959 Block Grants for Prevention and Treatment of Substance Abuse	cocc	Subtotal	ELIM	Total
91300 Management Fee	\$122,083	\$0	\$0	\$3,780	\$0	\$0	\$784,839	(\$773,469)	\$11,370
91310 Book-keeping Fee	\$83,355	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$140,272	(\$140,272)	\$0
91400 Advertising and Marketing	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$10,536	\$12,087	\$0	\$12,087
91500 Employee Benefit contributions - Administrative	\$155,205	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$289,799	\$625,694	\$0	\$625,694
91600 Office Expenses	\$35,978	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$792	\$51,260	\$290,906	\$0	\$290,906
91700 Legal Expense	\$11,382	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$50,759	\$74,332	\$0	\$74,332
91800 Travel	\$3,838	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$178	\$13,854	\$25,233	\$0	\$25,233
91810 Allocated Overhead	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
91900 Other	\$36,879	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$77,572	\$292,217	\$0	\$292,217
91000 Total Operating - Administrative	\$688,316	\$0	\$0	\$3,780	\$970	\$971,650	\$3,343,539	(\$913,741)	\$2,429,798
92000 Asset Management Fee	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$81,420	(\$66,048)	\$15,372
92100 Tenant Services - Salaries	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$593	\$14,189	\$0	\$99,926	\$0	\$99,926
92200 Relocation Costs	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,991	\$0	\$1,991
92300 Employee Benefit Contributions - Tenant Services	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$2,188	\$0	\$28,670	\$0	\$28,670
92400 Tenant Services - Other	\$0	\$494	\$0	\$10,241	\$9,730	\$0	\$103,059	\$0	\$103,059
92500 Total Tenant Services	\$0	\$494	\$0	\$10,834	\$26,107	\$0	\$233,646	\$0	\$233,646
93100 Water	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,888	\$210,285	\$0	\$210,285
93200 Electricity	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,610	\$309,599	\$0	\$309,599
93300 Gas	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$3,254	\$144,606	\$0	\$144,606
93400 Fuel	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
93500 Labor	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
93600 Sewer	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$284	\$392,586	\$0	\$392,586
93700 Employee Benefit Contributions - Utilities	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
93800 Other Utilities Expense	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0

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	14.871 Housing Choice Vouchers	14.870 Resident Opportunity and Supportive Services	14.238 Shelter Plus Care	14.HCC HCV CARES Act Funding	93.959 Block Grants for Prevention and Treatment of Substance Abuse	COCC	Subtotal	ELIM	Total
93000 Total Utilities	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$7,036	\$1,057,076	\$0	\$1,057,076
94100 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations - Labor	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$703	\$486,266	\$0	\$486,266
94200 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations - Materials and Other	\$1,597	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,312	\$40,213	\$189,108	\$0	\$189,108
94300 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations Contracts	\$3,520	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$141	\$9,734	\$708,056	\$0	\$708,056
94500 Employee Benefit Contributions - Ordinary Maintenance	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$294,062	\$0	\$294,062
94000 Total Maintenance	\$5,117	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,453	\$50,650	\$1,677,492	\$0	\$1,677,492
95100 Protective Services - Labor	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
95200 Protective Services - Other Contract Costs	\$3,274	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$3,274	\$63,940	\$0	\$63,940
95300 Protective Services - Other	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
95500 Employee Benefit Contributions - Protective Services	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
95000 Total Protective Services	\$3,274	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$3,274	\$63,940	\$0	\$63,940
96110 Property Insurance	\$1,368	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$3,107	\$129,756	\$0	\$129,756
96120 Liability Insurance	\$1,587	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$2,367	\$51,377	\$0	\$51,377
96130 Workmen's Compensation	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
96140 All Other Insurance	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
96100 Total insurance Premiums	\$2,955	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$5,474	\$181,133	\$0	\$181,133
96200 Other General Expenses	\$39,142	\$0	\$22,121	\$0	\$0	\$48,089	\$487,755	\$0	\$487,755
96210 Compensated Absences	\$22,177	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$35,783	\$0	\$35,783
96300 Payments in Lieu of Taxes	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
96400 Bad debt - Tenant Rents	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$80,873	\$0	\$80,873
96500 Bad debt - Mortgages	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
96600 Bad debt - Other	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0

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	14.871 Housing Choice Vouchers	14.870 Resident Opportunity and Supportive Services	14.238 Shelter Plus Care	14.HCC HCV CARES Act Funding	93.959 Block Grants for Prevention and Treatment of Substance Abuse	cocc	Subtotal	ELIM	Total
96800 Severance Expense	\$350	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$16,165	\$16,864	\$0	\$16,864
96000 Total Other General Expenses	\$61,669	\$0	\$22,121	\$0	\$0	\$64,254	\$621,275	\$0	\$621,275
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96710 Interest of Mortgage (or Bonds) Payable	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$58,665	(\$47,326)	\$11,339
96720 Interest on Notes Payable (Short and Long Term)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
96730 Amortization of Bond Issue Costs	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$12,980	\$0	\$12,980
96700 Total Interest Expense and Amortization Cost	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$71,645	(\$47,326)	\$24,319
96900 Total Operating Expenses	\$761,331	\$494	\$22,121	\$14,614	\$28,530	\$1,102,338	\$7,331,166	(\$1,027,115)	\$6,304,051
97000 Excess of Operating Revenue over Operating Expenses	\$4,314,435	\$0	\$106,382	\$0	\$9,407	(\$46,760)	\$4,566,225	\$0	\$4,566,225
97100 Extraordinary Maintenance	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$76,639	\$0	\$76,639
97200 Casualty Losses - Non-capitalized	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,500	\$0	\$1,500
97300 Housing Assistance Payments	\$4,430,637	\$0	\$105,316	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$4,711,123	\$0	\$4,711,123
97350 HAP Portability-In	\$2,652	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$2,652	\$0	\$2,652
97400 Depreciation Expense	\$7,670	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$6,381	\$2,087,101	\$0	\$2,087,101
97500 Fraud Losses	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
97600 Capital Outlays - Governmental Funds	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
97700 Debt Principal Payment - Governmental Funds	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
97800 Dwelling Units Rent Expense	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
90000 Total Expenses	\$5,202,290	\$494	\$127,437	\$14,614	\$28,530	\$1,108,719	\$14,210,181	(\$1,027,115)	\$13,183,066
10010 Operating Transfer In	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$22,430	(\$22,430)	\$0
10020 Operating transfer Out	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	(\$9,816)	(\$22,430)	\$22,430	\$0
10030 Operating Transfers from/to Primary Government	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0

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	14.871 Housing Choice Vouchers	14.870 Resident Opportunity and Supportive Services	14.238 Shelter Plus Care	14.HCC HCV CARES Act Funding	93.959 Block Grants for Prevention and Treatment of Substance Abuse	COCC	Subtotal	ELIM	Total
10040 Operating Transfers from/to Component Unit	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
10050 Proceeds from Notes, Loans and Bonds	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
10060 Proceeds from Property Sales	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
10070 Extraordinary Items, Net Gain/Loss	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
10080 Special Items (Net Gain/Loss)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$159,293	\$0	\$159,293
10091 Inter Project Excess Cash Transfer In	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
10092 Inter Project Excess Cash Transfer Out	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
10093 Transfers between Program and Project - In	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
10094 Transfers between Project and Program - Out	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
10100 Total Other financing Sources (Uses)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	(\$9,816)	\$159,293	\$0	\$159,293
10000 Excess (Deficiency) of Total Revenue Over (Under) Total Expenses	(\$126,524)	\$0	\$1,066	\$0	\$9,407	(\$62,957)	(\$2,153,497)	\$0	(\$2,153,497)
11020 Required Annual Debt Principal Payments	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$109,144	\$0	\$109,144
11030 Beginning Equity	\$95,924	\$0	\$33,864	\$0	\$10,702	\$237,374	\$27,072,619	\$0	\$27,072,619
11040 Prior Period Adjustments, Equity Transfers and Correction of Errors	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	(\$128,172)	\$0	\$0	\$0
11050 Changes in Compensated Absence Balance	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
11060 Changes in Contingent Liability Balance	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
11070 Changes in Unrecognized Pension Transition Liability	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
11080 Changes in Special Term/Severance Benefits Liability	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
11090 Changes in Allowance for Doubtful Accounts - Dwelling Rents	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
11100 Changes in Allowance for Doubtful Accounts - Other	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
11170 Administrative Fee Equity	(\$362,817)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	(\$362,817)	\$0	(\$362,817)
11180 Housing Assistance Payments Equity	\$332,217	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$332,217	\$0	\$332,217

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	14.871 Housing Choice Vouchers	14.870 Resident Opportunity and Supportive Services	14.238 Shelter Plus Care	14.HCC HCV CARES Act Funding	93.959 Block Grants for Prevention and Treatment of Substance Abuse	cocc	Subtotal	ELIM	Total
11190 Unit Months Available	15,588	0	288	0	0	0	27,612	0	27,612
11190 Unit Months Avanable					U				
11210 Number of Unit Months Leased	11,114	0	255	0	0	0	22,234	0	22,234
11270 Excess Cash	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$833,807	\$0	\$833,807
11610 Land Purchases	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
11620 Building Purchases	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$52,334	\$0	\$52,334
11630 Furniture & Equipment - Dwelling Purchases	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$6,268	\$0	\$6,268
11640 Furniture & Equipment - Administrative Purchases	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
11650 Leasehold Improvements Purchases	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
11660 Infrastructure Purchases	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
13510 CFFP Debt Service Payments	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
13901 Replacement Housing Factor Funds	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0

	OH021000022	ОН021000023	OH021000024	ОН021000025	OTHER PROJ	Total
111 Cash - Unrestricted	\$201,283	\$504,699	\$144,357	\$343,048	\$201,678	\$1,395,065
112 Cash - Restricted - Modernization and Development	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
113 Cash - Other Restricted	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
114 Cash - Tenant Security Deposits	\$15,000	\$16,180	\$16,975	\$16,594	\$0	\$64,749
115 Cash - Restricted for Payment of Current Liabilities	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
100 Total Cash	\$216,283	\$520,879	\$161,332	\$359,642	\$201,678	\$1,459,814
121 Accounts Receivable - PHA Projects	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
122 Accounts Receivable - HUD Other Projects	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
124 Accounts Receivable - Other Government	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
125 Accounts Receivable - Miscellaneous	\$0	\$1,712	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,712
126 Accounts Receivable - Tenants	\$12,602	\$19,436	\$21,891	\$34,184	\$0	\$88,113
126.1 Allowance for Doubtful Accounts - Tenants	-\$2,328	-\$3,887	-\$4,378	-\$6,837	\$0	-\$17,430
126.2 Allowance for Doubtful Accounts - Other	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
127 Notes, Loans, & Mortgages Receivable - Current	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
128 Fraud Recovery	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
128.1 Allowance for Doubtful Accounts - Fraud	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
129 Accrued Interest Receivable	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
120 Total Receivables, Net of Allowances for Doubtful Accounts	\$10,274	\$17,261	\$17,513	\$27,347	\$0	\$72,395
131 Investments - Unrestricted						
	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
132 Investments - Restricted	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
135 Investments - Restricted for Payment of Current Liability	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
142 Prepaid Expenses and Other Assets	\$4,689	\$6,910	\$8,766	\$7,566	\$0	\$27,931

	OH021000022	ОН021000023	ОН021000024	OH021000025	OTHER PROJ	Total
143 Inventories	\$7,445	\$23,153	\$43,327	\$16,258	\$0	\$90,183
143.1 Allowance for Obsolete Inventories	-\$1,489	-\$4,631	-\$8,665	-\$3,252	\$0	-\$18,037
144 Inter Program Due From	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
145 Assets Held for Sale	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
150 Total Current Assets	\$237,202	\$563,572	\$222,273	\$407,561	\$201,678	\$1,632,286
161 Land	\$210,838	\$404,648	\$759,463	\$577,222	\$0	\$1,952,171
162 Buildings	\$8,349,619	\$7,008,823	\$7,632,296	\$7,570,984	\$9,825	\$30,571,547
163 Furniture, Equipment & Machinery - Dwellings	\$648,308	\$155,021	\$195,469	\$86,929	\$0	\$1,085,727
164 Furniture, Equipment & Machinery - Administration	\$68,084	\$108,317	\$166,575	\$125,155	\$14,931	\$483,062
165 Leasehold Improvements	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
166 Accumulated Depreciation	-\$7,082,742	-\$5,561,763	-\$6,289,955	-\$5,875,812	-\$18,527	-\$24,828,799
167 Construction in Progress	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
168 Infrastructure	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
160 Total Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	\$2,194,107	\$2,115,046	\$2,463,848	\$2,484,478	\$6,229	\$9,263,708
171 Notes, Loans and Mortgages Receivable - Non-Current	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
172 Notes, Loans, & Mortgages Receivable - Non Current - Past	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
173 Grants Receivable - Non Current	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
174 Other Assets	\$3,378	\$3,934	\$3,690	\$3,601	\$0	\$14,603
176 Investments in Joint Ventures	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
180 Total Non-Current Assets	\$2,197,485	\$2,118,980	\$2,467,538	\$2,488,079	\$6,229	\$9,278,311
200 Deferred Outflow of Resources	\$71,558	\$83,345	\$78,178	\$76,291	\$0	\$309,372
290 Total Assets and Deferred Outflow of Resources	\$2,506,245	\$2,765,897	\$2,767,989	\$2,971,931	\$207,907	\$11,219,969
311 Bank Overdraft	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0

	ОН021000022	OH021000023	ОН021000024	ОН021000025	OTHER PROJ	Total
312 Accounts Payable <= 90 Days	\$44,321	\$73,207	\$51,697	\$57,433	\$0	\$226,658
313 Accounts Payable >90 Days Past Due	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
321 Accrued Wage/Payroll Taxes Payable	\$2,193	\$6,304	\$5,236	\$3,385	\$0	\$17,118
322 Accrued Compensated Absences - Current Portion	\$2,396	\$2,073	\$6,458	\$2,250	\$0	\$13,177
324 Accrued Contingency Liability	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
325 Accrued Interest Payable	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
331 Accounts Payable - HUD PHA Programs	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
332 Account Payable - PHA Projects	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
333 Accounts Payable - Other Government	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
341 Tenant Security Deposits	\$15,000	\$16,180	\$16,975	\$16,594	\$0	\$64,749
342 Unearned Revenue	\$4,160	\$6,402	\$7,646	\$6,224	\$0	\$24,432
343 Current Portion of Long-term Debt - Capital	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
344 Current Portion of Long-term Debt - Operating Borrowings	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
345 Other Current Liabilities	\$304	\$304	\$504	\$1,159	\$0	\$2,271
346 Accrued Liabilities - Other	\$3,569	\$3,569	\$3,568	\$3,569	\$0	\$14,275
347 Inter Program - Due To	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
348 Loan Liability - Current	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
310 Total Current Liabilities	\$71,943	\$108,039	\$92,084	\$90,614	\$0	\$362,680
351 Long-term Debt, Net of Current - Capital Projects/Mortgage	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
352 Long-term Debt, Net of Current - Operating Borrowings	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
353 Non-current Liabilities - Other	\$7,306	\$7,306	\$10,102	\$10,102	\$0	\$34,816
354 Accrued Compensated Absences - Non Current	\$7,188	\$6,219	\$19,373	\$6,750	\$0	\$39,530
355 Loan Liability - Non Current	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
356 FASB 5 Liabilities	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
357 Accrued Pension and OPEB Liabilities	\$393,445	\$458,252	\$429,846	\$419,470	\$0	\$1,701,013
350 Total Non-Current Liabilities	\$407,939	\$471,777	\$459,321	\$436,322	\$0	\$1,775,359

	OH021000022	OH021000023	OH021000024	OH021000025	OTHER PROJ	Total
300 Total Liabilities	\$479,882	\$579,816	\$551,405	\$526,936	\$0	\$2,138,039
400 Deferred Inflow of Resources	\$73,624	\$85,750	\$80,435	\$78,493	\$0	\$318,302
508.4 Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$2,194,107	\$2,115,046	\$2,463,848	\$2,484,478	\$6,229	\$9,263,708
511.4 Restricted Net Position	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
512.4 Unrestricted Net Position	-\$241,368	-\$14,715	-\$327,699	-\$117,976	\$201,678	-\$500,080
513 Total Equity - Net Assets / Position	\$1,952,739	\$2,100,331	\$2,136,149	\$2,366,502	\$207,907	\$8,763,628
600 Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Equity -	\$2,506,245	\$2,765,897	\$2,767,989	\$2,971,931	\$207,907	\$11,219,969
70300 Net Tenant Rental Revenue	\$307,366	\$432,773	\$384,235	\$398,237	\$0	\$1,522,611
70400 Tenant Revenue - Other	\$18,941	\$14,999	\$16,245	\$28,665	\$0	\$78,850
70500 Total Tenant Revenue	\$326,307	\$447,772	\$400,480	\$426,902	\$0	\$1,601,461
70600 HUD PHA Operating Grants	\$562,692	\$623,059	\$537,509	\$510,815	\$398,792	\$2,632,867
70610 Capital Grants	\$0	\$23,346	\$6,268	\$28,988	\$0	\$58,602
70710 Management Fee	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
70720 Asset Management Fee	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
70730 Book Keeping Fee	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
70740 Front Line Service Fee	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
70750 Other Fees	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
70700 Total Fee Revenue	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
70800 Other Government Grants	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
71100 Investment Income - Unrestricted	\$888	\$1,349	\$532	\$4,446	\$0	\$7,215
71200 Mortgage Interest Income	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
71300 Proceeds from Disposition of Assets						
Held for Sale	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
71310 Cost of Sale of Assets	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
71400 Fraud Recovery	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
71500 Other Revenue	\$9,373	\$7,254	\$8,006	\$9,865	\$0	\$34,498
71600 Gain or Loss on Sale of Capital Assets	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
72000 Investment Income - Restricted	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$108	\$108
70000 Total Revenue	\$899,260	\$1,102,780	\$952,795	\$981,016	\$398,900	\$4,334,751

	OH021000022	OH021000023	OH021000024	OH021000025	OTHER PROJ	Total
91100 Administrative Salaries	\$56,456	\$57,607	\$57,226	\$56,813	\$0	\$228,10
91200 Auditing Fees	\$2,596	\$2,596	\$2,596	\$2,596	\$0	\$10,38
91300 Management Fee	\$141,257	\$157,451	\$149,723	\$146,427	\$0	\$594,85
91310 Book-keeping Fee	\$12,840	\$14,978	\$13,958	\$13,522	\$0	\$55,29
91400 Advertising and Marketing	\$309	\$309	\$309	\$624	\$0	\$1,55
91500 Employee Benefit contributions -	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				
Administrative	\$40,759	\$41,470	\$47,783	\$43,994	\$0	\$174,00
91600 Office Expenses	\$30,995	\$50,759	\$41,237	\$33,593	\$0	\$156,58
91700 Legal Expense	\$3,550	\$0	\$1,050	\$2,961	\$0	\$7,56°
91800 Travel	\$1,794	\$1,200	\$1,807	\$1,856	\$0	\$6,65 ⁻
91810 Allocated Overhead	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$(
91900 Other	\$44,166	\$46,779	\$38,379	\$48,379	\$0	\$177,703
91000 Total Operating - Administrative	\$334,722	\$373,149	\$354,068	\$350,765	\$0	\$1,412,704
92000 Asset Management Fee	\$18,240	\$21,240	\$0	\$19,440	\$0	\$58,920
92100 Tenant Services - Salaries	\$538	\$627	\$589	\$574	\$0	\$2,328
92200 Relocation Costs	\$0	\$89	\$0	\$1,902	\$0	\$1,99 ⁻
92300 Employee Benefit Contributions -	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Y	ŢŬ.	<u> </u>		y .,, <u>o</u>
Tenant Services	\$9	\$11	\$10	\$10	\$0	\$40
92400 Tenant Services - Other	\$0	\$1,340	\$619	\$1,532	\$0	\$3,49 ⁻
92500 Total Tenant Services	\$547	\$2,067	\$1,218	\$4,018	\$0	\$7,850
93100 Water	\$36,103	\$34,279	\$51,839	\$30,838	\$0	\$153,059
93200 Electricity	\$71,049	\$66,166	\$69,838	\$75,264	\$0	\$282,31
93300 Gas	\$33,030	\$28,926	\$30,927	\$29,768	\$0	\$122,65 ⁻
93400 Fuel	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$(
93500 Labor	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$(
93600 Sewer	\$83,363	\$69,961	\$96,033	\$64,544	\$0	\$313,90
93700 Employee Benefit Contributions -	400,000	400,00 .	400,000	40. ,0	¥3	ψο.ο,οο
Utilities	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
93800 Other Utilities Expense	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$(
93000 Total Utilities	\$223,545	\$199,332	\$248,637	\$200,414	\$0	\$871,92
94100 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations -	#04.000	#400 F74	ф 77 7 00	#0 E 070	40	#0 E4.00
Labor 94200 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations -	\$91,328	\$100,571	\$77,720	\$85,376	\$0	\$354,99
Materials and	\$31,181	\$21,401	\$27,718	\$47,919	\$0	\$128,21
94300 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations	T - 17 - 21	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	Ŧ :: , = . ·	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	+ := = y, = ·
Contracts	\$112,255	\$103,110	\$122,430	\$125,869	\$0	\$463,66
94500 Employee Benefit Contributions -	\$73,900	\$92,488	\$63,868	\$63,806	\$0	\$294,062

	OH021000022	OH021000023	OH021000024	OH021000025	OTHER PROJ	Total
Ordinary Maintenance						
94000 Total Maintenance	\$308,664	\$317,570	\$291,736	\$322,970	\$0	\$1,240,940
95100 Protective Services - Labor	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
95200 Protective Services - Other Contract						
Costs	\$14,348	\$14,348	\$14,348	\$14,348	\$0	\$57,392
95300 Protective Services - Other	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
95500 Employee Benefit Contributions - Protective Services	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
95000 Total Protective Services						, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
95000 Total Protective Services	\$14,348	\$14,348	\$14,348	\$14,348	\$0	\$57,392
96110 Property Insurance	\$6,303	\$18,860	\$30,375	\$23,489	\$0	\$79,027
96120 Liability Insurance	\$10,208	\$12,279	\$11,504	\$11,431	\$0	\$45,422
96130 Workmen's Compensation	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
96140 All Other Insurance	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
96100 Total insurance Premiums	\$16,511	\$31,139	\$41,879	\$34,920	\$0	\$124,449
	7	7.7.7.	T.:./	T = :/: = =	T. T.	T. = : 1, : : -
96200 Other General Expenses	\$6,024	\$6,024	\$8,570	\$7,312	\$343,652	\$371,582
96210 Compensated Absences	\$1,202	\$0	\$10,498	\$1,302	\$0	\$13,002
96300 Payments in Lieu of Taxes	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
96400 Bad debt - Tenant Rents	\$15,678	\$19,317	\$7,113	\$6,952	\$0	\$49,060
96500 Bad debt - Mortgages	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
96600 Bad debt - Other	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
96800 Severance Expense	\$81	\$94	\$88	\$86	\$0	\$349
96000 Total Other General Expenses	\$22,985	\$25,435	\$26,269	\$15,652	\$343,652	\$433,993
					7	1
96710 Interest of Mortgage (or Bonds) Payable	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
96720 Interest on Notes Payable (Short and	7.7	T. 7	T.7	T.7	T. 7	T. Z.
Long Term)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
96730 Amortization of Bond Issue Costs	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
96700 Total Interest Expense and						
Amortization Cost	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
0.0000 = 10						
96900 Total Operating Expenses	\$939,562	\$984,280	\$978,155	\$962,527	\$343,652	\$4,208,176
97000 Excess of Operating Revenue over						
Operating Expenses	-\$40,302	\$118,500	-\$25,360	\$18,489	\$55,248	\$126,575

97100 Extraordinary Maintenance	\$18,727	\$22,376	\$18,855	\$16,681	\$0	\$76,639
97200 Casualty Losses - Non-capitalized	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,500	\$0	\$1,500

	OH021000022	OH021000023	OH021000024	OH021000025	OTHER PROJ	Total
97300 Housing Assistance Payments	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
97350 HAP Portability-In	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
97400 Depreciation Expense	\$238,311	\$195,317	\$211,927	\$203,376	\$654	\$849,585
97500 Fraud Losses	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
97600 Capital Outlays - Governmental Funds	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
97700 Debt Principal Payment - Governmental						
Funds	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
97800 Dwelling Units Rent Expense	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
90000 Total Expenses	\$1,196,600	\$1,201,973	\$1,208,937	\$1,184,084	\$344,306	\$5,135,900
10010 Operating Transfer In	\$2,987	\$21	\$21	\$21	\$0	\$3,050
10020 Operating transfer Out	-\$4,982	-\$1,906	-\$2,682	-\$1,829	-\$1,215	-\$12,614
10030 Operating Transfers from/to Primary	7 : 7	7.7	T = 2 - 2 - 2	T : 12 = 2	T : /= : -	
Government	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
10040 Operating Transfers from/to	•	•	•	••	•	••
Component Unit	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
10050 Proceeds from Notes, Loans and Bonds	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
10060 Proceeds from Property Sales	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
10070 Extraordinary Items, Net Gain/Loss	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
10080 Special Items (Net Gain/Loss)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
10091 Inter Project Excess Cash Transfer In	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
10092 Inter Project Excess Cash Transfer Out	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
10093 Transfers between Program and Project						
- In	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
10094 Transfers between Project and Program	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
- Out 10100 Total Other financing Sources (Uses)	······································					
10100 Total Other Infancing Sources (Uses)	-\$1,995	-\$1,885	-\$2,661	-\$1,808	-\$1,215	-\$9,564
10000 Excess (Deficiency) of Total Revenue						
Over (Under) Total	-\$299,335	-\$101,078	-\$258,803	-\$204,876	\$53,379	-\$810,713
11020 Required Annual Debt Principal						
Payments	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
11030 Beginning Equity	\$2,252,074	\$2,201,409	\$2,394,952	\$2,571,378	\$154,528	\$9,574,341
11040 Prior Period Adjustments, Equity	ΨΖ,Ζ3Ζ,074	ΨΖ,ΖΟ1,ΨΟΘ	ΨΖ,ΟΘΨ,ΘΟΖ	ΨΖ,371,370	ψ104,020	Ψ3,374,341
Transfers and	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
11050 Changes in Compensated Absence						
Balance	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
11060 Changes in Contingent Liability Balance	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
11070 Changes in Unrecognized Pension Transition Liability	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
11080 Changes in Special Term/Severance	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0	\$0	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0
11000 changes in special reflit/severance	\$ U	\$ U [\$ U	\$0	\$0	\$0

	ОН021000022	OH021000023	ОН021000024	ОН021000025	OTHER PROJ	Total
Benefits Liability						
11090 Changes in Allowance for Doubtful						
Accounts - Dwelling	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
11100 Changes in Allowance for Doubtful						
Accounts - Other	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
11170 Administrative Fee Equity	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
11180 Housing Assistance Payments Equity	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
11190 Unit Months Available	1,824	2,124	1,992	1,944	1,584	9,468
11210 Number of Unit Months Leased	1,712	1,997	1,861	1,803	1,395	8,768
11270 Excess Cash	\$80,054	\$351,810	\$8,989	\$219,913	\$173,041	\$833,807
11610 Land Purchases	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
11620 Building Purchases	\$0	\$23,346	\$0	\$28,988	\$0	\$52,334
11630 Furniture & Equipment - Dwelling						
Purchases	\$0	\$0	\$6,268	\$0	\$0	\$6,268
11640 Furniture & Equipment -						
Administrative Purchases	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
11650 Leasehold Improvements Purchases	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
11660 Infrastructure Purchases	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
13510 CFFP Debt Service Payments	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
13901 Replacement Housing Factor Funds	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0

FEDERAL GRANTOR / PASS THROUGH GRANTOR PROGRAM TITLES	CFDA NUMBER	EXPENDITURES
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development: Direct Programs:		
Public Housing Program:	14.850	ф 0.274.0E4
Low Rent Public Housing Public Housing Capital Fund	14.872	\$ 2,374,254 317,215
PIH Family Self-Sufficiency	14.896	70,838
Residence Opportunity Self Sufficiency	14.870	494
Public Housing CARES Act Funding	14.850	92,291
r dane riodaling of the officer dinamig	11.000	2,855,092
		, ,
Housing Choice Voucher - Cluster:		
Housing choice vouchers	14.871	5,010,549
Mainstream vouchers	14.879	163,078
HCV CARES Act Funding	14.871	14,614
Total Housing Choice Voucher - Cluster		5,188,241
December 1 th annuals Office of One in a field		
Passed through City of Springfield: Shelter Plus Care	44.000	100 500
HOME Investment Partnership Program	14.238 14.239	128,503 46,694
HOME investment Partnership Program	14.239	175,197
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development		8,218,530
Total 0.0. Department of Flousing and Orban Development		0,210,330
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services: Passed through Ohio Department Alcohol, Drug Addiction Services Passed through Mental Health and Recovery Board of Clark, Madison and Greene Counties:		
Block Grant for Prevention and Treatment of Substance Abuse	93.959	37,399
Total Expenditure of Federal Award		\$ 8,255,929

Springfield Metropolitan Housing Authority Notes to the Schedule of Expenditure of Federal Awards For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the federal grant activity of the Authority and is presented on the full accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Authority, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the Authority.

The Authority has elected not to use the 10-percent de minims indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE B – SUBRECIPIENTS

The Authority provided no federal awards to subrecipients during the fiscal year ending September 30, 2020.

NOTE C – DISCLOSURE OF OTHER FORMS OF ASSISTANCE

The Authority received no federal awards of non-monetary assistance that are required to be disclosed for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020.

The Authority had no loans, loan guarantees, or federally restricted endowment funds required to be disclosed for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020.

Metropolitan Housing Authority Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the Authority's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System Last Seven Fiscal Years (1)

Traditional Plan		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014
Authority's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability		0.010935%		0.010316%		0.009949%		0.010028%		0.009973%		0.006927%		0.006927%
Authority's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$	2,161,377	\$	2,825,341	\$	1,560,805	\$	2,277,188	\$	1,727,449	\$	1,161,124	\$	1,134,898
Authority's Covered Payroll	\$	1,538,553	\$	1,393,299	\$	1,314,731	\$	1,296,263	\$	1,241,215	\$	1,180,320	\$	1,200,819
Authority's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		140.48%		202.78%		118.72%		175.67%		139.17%		98.37%		94.51%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		82.17%		74.70%		84.66%		77.25%		81.08%		86.45%		86.36%
Combined Plan		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014
Combined Plan Authority's Proportion of the Net Pension Asset		2020 0.014940%		2019 0.015146%		2018 0.015251%		2017 0.015475%		2016 0.015460%		2015 0.015625%		2014 0.015625%
	<u> </u>	-	\$		\$	•	\$		\$		\$		\$	
Authority's Proportion of the Net Pension Asset		0.014940%	\$ \$	0.015146%	\$ \$	0.015251%	\$ \$	0.015475%	\$ \$	0.015460%	\$ \$	0.015625%	\$ \$	0.015625%
Authority's Proportion of the Net Pension Asset Authority's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension (Asset)	\$	0.014940% (31,153)	•	0.015146% (16,937)		0.015251% (20,762)		0.015475% (8,613)		0.015460% (7,523)		0.015625% (6,016)		0.015625% (1,640)

^{(1) -} Information prior to 2014 is not available. Schedule is intended to show ten years of information, and additional years will be displayed as the information becomes available.

Amounts presented as of the Authority's measurement date, which is the prior calendar year end.

Springfield Metropolitan Housing Authority Schedule of the Authority's Contributions – Pension Ohio Public Employees Retirement System Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Contractually Required Contributions										
Traditional Plan	\$ 195,542	\$ 216,675	\$ 186,773	\$ 173,446	\$ 154,327	\$ 145,731	\$ 147,017	\$ 198,204	\$ 166,626	\$ 203,514
Combined Plan	8,345	9,247	8,803	8,205	7,209	6,600	4,187	5,644	4,745	5,795
Total Required Contributions	203,887	225,922	195,576	181,651	161,536	152,331	151,204	203,848	171,371	209,309
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(203,887)	(225,922)	(195,576)	(181,651)	(161,536)	(152,331)	(151,204)	(203,848)	(171,371)	(209,309)
Contribution Deficiency / (Excess)	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Authority's Covered Payroll										
Traditional Plan	\$ 1,396,729	\$ 1,547,679	\$1,356,068	\$ 1,361,415	\$1,286,058	\$ 1,214,425	\$ 1,225,142	\$ 1,524,646	\$ 1,666,260	\$ 2,035,140
Combined Plan	\$ 59,607	\$ 66,050	\$ 63,905	\$ 64,403	\$ 60,075	\$ 55,000	\$ 34,892	\$ 43,415	\$ 59,686	\$ 72,893
Pension Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll										
Traditional Plan	14.00%	14.00%	13.77%	12.74%	12.00%	12.00%	12.00%	13.00%	10.00%	10.00%
Combined Plan	14.00%	14.00%	13.78%	12.74%	12.00%	12.00%	12.00%	13.00%	7.95%	7.95%

Springfield Metropolitan Housing Authority Schedule of the Authority's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability Ohio Public Employees Retirement System Last Four Fiscal Years (1)

		2020	2019	 2018	2017
Authority's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability		0.010624%	0.010052%	0.009720%	0.009820%
Authority's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$	1,467,450	\$ 1,310,544	\$ 1,055,520	\$ 991,853
Authority's Covered Payroll	\$	1,605,059	\$ 1,458,076	\$ 1,377,194	\$ 1,356,499
Authority's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		91.43%	89.88%	76.64%	73.12%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability		47.80%	46.33%	54.14%	54.05%

(1) Information prior to 2017 is not available. Schedule is intended to show ten years of information, and additional years will be displayed as the information becomes available.

Amounts presented as of the Authority's measurement date, which is the prior calendar year end.

Springfield Metropolitan Housing Authority Schedule of the Authority's Contributions – OPEB Ohio Public Employees Retirement System Last Six Fiscal Years (1)

	 2020	2019	2018	2017	 2016		2015
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 3,220	\$ 17,964	\$ 26,923	\$	25,388
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	 0	 0	(3,220)	(17,964)	 (26,923)	_	(25,388)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$	0
Authority Covered Payroll	\$ 1,456,336	\$ 1,613,729	\$ 1,419,973	\$ 1,425,818	\$ 1,346,133 (\$	1,269,425
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.23%	1.26%	2.00%		2.00%

⁽¹⁾ Information prior to 2015 is not available. Schedule is intended to show ten years of information, and additional years will be displayed as the information becomes available.

Springfield Metropolitan Housing Authority Notes to the Required Supplementary Information September 30, 2020

Net Pension Liability

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2014-2020.

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for 2014-2016 and 2018. For 2017, the following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the expected investment return was reduced from 8.00% to 7.50%, (b) the expected long-term average wage inflation rate was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%, (c) the expected long-term average price inflation rate was reduced from 3.00% to 2.50%, (d) Rates of withdrawal, retirement and disability were updated to reflect recent experience, (e) mortality rates were updated to the RP-2014 Health Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observant period base year of 2006 and then established the base year as 2015 (f) mortality rates used in evaluating disability allowances were updated to the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality tables, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation base year of 2006 and a base year of 2015 for males and 2010 for females (g) Mortality rates for a particular calendar year for both healthy and disabled retiree mortality tables are determined by applying the MP-2015 mortality improvement scale to the above described tables. For 2019, the following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the expected investment return was reduced from 7.50% to 7.20%. For 2020, the following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the cost-of-living adjustments for post-1/7/2013 retirees were reduced from 3.00% simple through 2018 to 1.40% simple through 2020, then 2.15% simple.

Net OPEB Liability

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2018-2020.

Changes in assumptions: For 2018, the single discount rate changed from 4.23% to 3.85%. For 2019, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the expected investment return was reduced from 6.50% to 6.00% (b) In January 2020, the Board adopted changes to health care coverage for Medicare and pre-Medicare retirees. It will include discontinuing the PPO plan for pre-Medicare retirees and replacing it with a monthly allowance to help participants pay for a health care plan of their choosing. The base allowance for Medicare eligible retirees will be reduced. The specific effect of these changes on the net OPEB liability and OPEB expense are unknown at this time (c) the single discount rate changed from 3.85% to 3.96%. For 2020, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the single discount rate changed from 3.96% to 3.16%.



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Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by Government Auditing Standards

Board of Commissioners Springfield Metropolitan Housing Authority

I have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the business-type activities of the Springfield Metropolitan Housing Authority, Ohio, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Springfield Metropolitan Housing Authority, Ohio's basic financial statements, and have issued my report thereon dated June 30, 2021. My report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of Lincoln Park Housing Partnership LP, Lincoln Park Housing Partnership III LP, as described in my report on the Springfield Metropolitan Housing Authority financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements, I considered Springfield Metropolitan Housing Authority, Ohio's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing my opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Springfield Metropolitan Housing Authority, Ohio's, internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Springfield Metropolitan Housing Authority, Ohio's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Therefore, unidentified material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist. Given these limitations, during my audit I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that I consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Springfield Metropolitan Housing Authority, Ohio's financial statements are free from material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit, and accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Salvatore Consiglio, CPA, Inc.

Salvatore Consiglio

North Royalton, Ohio

June 30, 2021



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Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Board of Commissioners Springfield Metropolitan Housing Authority

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

I have audited Springfield Metropolitan Housing Authority's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on the Springfield Metropolitan Housing Authority's major federal program for the year ended September 30, 2020. The Authority's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for the Springfield Metropolitan Housing Authority's major federal program based on my audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. I conducted my audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirement of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Authority's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as I considered necessary in the circumstances.

I believe that my audit provides a reasonable basis for my opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, my audit does not provide a legal determination of the Authority's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In my opinion, Springfield Metropolitan Housing Authority, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2020.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the Springfield Metropolitan Housing Authority is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing my audit of compliance, I considered the Authority's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that I consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Salvatore Consiglio, CPA, Inc.

Salvatore Consiglio

North Royalton, Ohio

June 30, 2021

Springfield Metropolitan Housing Authority Schedule of Findings 2 CFR § 200.515 September 30, 2020

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
Were there any material weakness reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
Were there any other significant control deficiencies reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
Was there any reported non-compliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
Were there any material internal control weakness reported for any major federal programs?	No
Were there any other significant internal control deficiency reported for the major federal programs?	No
Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified
Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR § 200.516(a)?	No
Major Programs (list):	CFDA # 14.871 Housing Choice Voucher Program; 14.879 Mainstream Voucher Program
Dollar Threshold: Type A/B Programs	Type A: > \$750,000 Type B: All Others
Low Risk Auditee under 2 CFR § 200.520?	Yes

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

There are no findings or questioned costs for the year ended September 30, 2020.

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

There are no findings or questioned costs for the year ended September 30, 2020.



SPRINGFIELD METROPOLITAN HOUSING AUTHORITY

CLARK COUNTY

AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 7/29/2021

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