



**STARK COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS
STARK COUNTY
REGULAR AUDIT
FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020-2019**

313 Second St.
Marietta, OH 45750
740 373 0056

1907 Grand Central Ave.
Vienna, WV 26105
304 422 2203

150 W. Main St., #A
St. Clairsville, OH 43950
740 695 1569

1310 Market St., #300
Wheeling, WV 26003
304 232 1358

749 Wheeling Ave., #300
Cambridge, OH 43725
740 435 3417

www.perrycpas.com

OHIO AUDITOR OF STATE
KEITH FABER



88 East Broad Street
Columbus, Ohio 43215
IPAReport@ohioauditor.gov
(800) 282-0370

Executive Committee
Stark Council of Governments
P.O. Box 21451
Canton, Ohio 44701

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of Stark Council of Governments, Stark County, prepared by Perry & Associates, Certified Public Accountants, A.C., for the audit period January 1, 2019 through December 31, 2020. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. Stark Council of Governments is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Keith Faber".

Keith Faber
Auditor of State
Columbus, Ohio

November 17, 2021

This page intentionally left blank.

**STARK COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS
STARK COUNTY**

TABLE OF CONTENTS

TITLE	PAGE
Independent Auditor's Report	1
Combined Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Balance (Regulatory Cash Basis) – All Governmental Fund Types - For the Year Ended December 31, 2020	3
Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020	4
Combined Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Balance (Regulatory Cash Basis) – All Governmental Fund Types - For the Year Ended December 31, 2019	9
Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2019	10
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	15
Schedule of Audit Findings	17
Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings (Prepared by Management)	18

This page intentionally left blank.



313 Second St.
Marietta, OH 45750
740.373.0056

1907 Grand Central Ave.
Vienna, WV 26105
304.422.2203

150 West Main St.
St. Clairsville, OH 43950
740.695.1569

1310 Market Street, Suite 300
Wheeling, WV 26003
304.232.1358

749 Wheeling Ave., Suite 300
Cambridge, OH 43725
740.435.3417

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR’S REPORT

October 8, 2021

Stark Council of Governments
Stark County
P.O. Box 21451
Canton, Ohio 44701

To the Executive Committee:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the cash balances, receipts and disbursements for each governmental fund type as of and for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, and related notes of **Stark Council of Governments**, Stark County, (the Council).

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with the financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permit; this responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States’ *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the Council’s preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the Council’s internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management’s accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

Tax - Accounting – Audit – Review – Compilation – Agreed Upon Procedure – Consultation – Bookkeeping – Payroll – Litigation Support – Financial Investigations
Members: American Institute of Certified Public Accountants
• Ohio Society of CPAs • West Virginia Society of CPAs • Association of Certified Fraud Examiners • Association of Certified Anti-Money Laundering Specialists •

RSM US Alliance member firms are separate and independent businesses and legal entities that are responsible for their own acts and omissions, and each are separate and independent from RSM US LLP. RSM US LLP is the U.S. member firm of RSM International, a global network of independent audit, tax, and consulting firms. Members of RSM US Alliance have access to RSM International resources through RSM US LLP but are not member firms of RSM International.

An independently owned member
RSM US Alliance



Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note 2 of the financial statements, the Council prepared these financial statements using the accounting basis permitted by the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D), which is an accounting basis other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), to satisfy these requirements.

Although the effects on the financial statements of the variances between the regulatory accounting basis and GAAP are not reasonably determinable, we presume they are material.

Though the Council does not intend these statements to conform to GAAP, auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America require us to include an adverse opinion on GAAP. However, the adverse opinion does not imply the amounts reported are materially misstated under the accounting basis Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permit. Our opinion on this accounting basis is in the *Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting* paragraph below.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the *Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles* paragraph, the financial statements referred to above do not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the Council as of December 31, 2020 and 2019, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the years then ended.

Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the cash balances, receipts and disbursements for each governmental fund type as of and for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, and related notes of the Council, in accordance with the financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permit, described in Note 2.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 10 in 2020 and Note 8 in 2019 to the financial statements, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the ensuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the Council. As discussed in Note 9 to the 2020 financial statements, the Council made several changes to its reporting model. We did not modify our opinion regarding these matters.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 8, 2021, on our consideration of the Council's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Council's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



Perry & Associates
Certified Public Accountants, A.C.
Marietta, Ohio

**STARK COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS
STARK COUNTY**

**COMBINED STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (REGULATORY CASH BASIS)
ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020**

	General
Cash Receipts	
Intergovernmental	\$ 913,746
Earnings on Investments	2,770
<i>Total Cash Receipts</i>	916,516
Cash Disbursements	
Current:	
Supplies	33,782
Purchased Services	174,539
Other Allocations	603,106
Capital Outlay	48,145
<i>Total Cash Disbursements</i>	859,572
<i>Net Change in Fund Cash Balances</i>	56,944
<i>Fund Cash Balances, January 1</i>	1,688,147
<i>Fund Cash Balances, December 31</i>	\$ 1,745,091

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

STARK COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS
Stark County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Note 1 – Reporting Entity

Stark Council of Governments, Stark County, Ohio, (SCOG) is established by its member political subdivisions as a regional council under Chapter 167 of the Ohio Revised Code for the purpose of providing a permanent forum for discussion and study of concerns of the county, cities, villages, and townships for development of policies and programs for implementation by one or more of the local governing bodies. The SCOG operates under the direction of a fifteen member Executive Committee, which is elected by the General Membership of the SCOG. The General membership consists of one representative designated by each political subdivision. The SCOG's current functions include but are not limited to the funding and operation of the Canton/Stark County Crime Lab.

Public Entity Risk Pools

The SCOG participates in the Public Entities Pool of Ohio (PEP), a risk-sharing pool available to Ohio local governments. Note 6 to the financial statements provide additional information for this entity. The SCOG's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the SCOG is financially accountable.

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

The SCOG's financial statements consist of a combined statement of receipts, disbursements, and changes in fund balances (regulatory cash basis) for all governmental fund types which is organized on a fund type basis.

Fund Accounting

The SCOG uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The fund of the SCOG is presented below:

General Fund

The general fund accounts for and reports all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the SCOG for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Basis of Accounting

These financial statements follow the accounting basis permitted by the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 (D). This basis is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements accounting basis. The SCOG recognizes receipts when received in cash rather than when earned, and recognizes disbursements when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 (D) permit.

STARK COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS
Stark County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Council is not required to follow the budgetary process, but has elected to adopt a formal budget annually.

Appropriations According to the bylaws of the SCOG, the General Membership shall adopt an appropriation resolution for each calendar year on or before December 31 of the preceding year. The annual appropriation shall not exceed the Certificate of Estimated Resources received from the Stark County Budget Commission.

Estimated Resources Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus unencumbered cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must approve estimated resources.

Encumbrances The SCOG reserves (encumbers) appropriations when individual commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are carried over and are not reappropriated.

A summary of 2020 budgetary activity appears in Note 3.

Deposits and Investments

The Stark County Auditor acts as the fiscal agent for the SCOG and the County Treasurer maintains a cash and investment pool, including all funds for which the County Auditor is the fiscal agent. The County Treasurer also maintains an investment in STAR Ohio (the State Treasurer's investment pool) for the SCOG which is valued at amounts reported by the State Treasurer.

Capital Assets

The SCOG records disbursements for acquisitions of property, plant and equipment when paid. The accompanying financial statements do not report these items as assets.

Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which SCOG must observe constraints imposed upon the use of its governmental-fund resources. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable The SCOG classifies assets as nonspendable when legally or contractually required to maintain the amounts intact. For regulatory purposes, nonspendable fund balance includes unclaimed monies that are required to be held for five years before they may be utilized by the Entity and the nonspendable portion of the corpus in permanent funds.

Restricted Fund balance is restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

STARK COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS
Stark County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Committed The SCOG can commit amounts via formal action (resolution). The SCOG must adhere to these commitments unless the General Membership amend the resolution. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed to satisfy contractual requirements.

Assigned Assigned fund balances are intended for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. For regulatory purposes, assigned fund balance in the general fund is limited to encumbrances outstanding at year end.

Unassigned Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes amounts not included in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

The SCOG applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

For regulatory purposes, limited disclosure related to fund balance is included in Note 8.

Note 3 – Budgetary Activity

Budgetary activity for the year ending December 31, 2020 follows:

2020 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts			
Fund Type	Budgeted Receipts	Actual Receipts	Variance
General	\$ 893,943	\$ 916,516	\$ 22,573
Total	\$ 893,943	\$ 916,516	\$ 22,573

2020 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures			
Fund Type	Appropriation Authority	Budgetary Expenditures	Variance
General	\$ 1,158,344	\$ 1,011,981	\$ 146,363
Total	\$ 1,158,344	\$ 1,011,981	\$ 146,363

STARK COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS
Stark County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Note 4 – Deposits and Investments

Stark County, the fiscal agent for the SCOG, maintains a cash and investment pool used by all funds, including the SCOG. The County also maintains a separate STAR Ohio account for SCOG. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits and investments. The carrying amount of cash at December 31, 2020 was as follows:

	2020
Deposits with County Treasurer	\$ 1,420,891
STAR Ohio	324,200
Total	<u>\$ 1,745,091</u>

The SCOG does not use a separate payroll clearing account. The expenditures included in the accompanying financial statements reflect net payroll plus all remitted payroll withholdings.

Deposits

The fiscal agent is responsible for maintaining adequate depository collateral for all funds in the fiscal agent's pooled and deposit accounts. All risks associated with the above deposits are the responsibility of the fiscal agent.

Investments

Investments in STAR Ohio and mutual funds are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book-entry form.

Note 5 – Intergovernmental Funding

The SCOG's primary source of funding comes through a portion of Stark County's Local Government Funds from the State of Ohio. SCOG receives a designated percent of these funds through a ten-year funding agreement with SCOG members. The County withholds the appropriate percent from Stark County's Local Government Funds and distributes it to the SCOG. The financial statements present these amounts as intergovernmental receipts.

Note 6 - Risk Management

Risk Pool Membership

The Council is a member of the Ohio Township Association Risk Management Authority (the Pool). The Pool assumes the risk of loss up to the limits of the Council's policy. The Pool covers the following risks:

- General liability and casualty
- Public official's liability
- Cyber
- Law enforcement liability
- Automobile liability
- Vehicles
- Property
- Equipment breakdown

STARK COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS
Stark County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Note 6 - Risk Management (Continued)

The Pool reported the following summary of actuarially-measured liabilities and the assets available to pay those liabilities as of December 31:

	2020
Cash and investments	\$40,318,971
Actuarial liabilities	\$14,111,510

Note 7 – Contingent Liabilities

Amounts grantor agencies pay to the SCOG are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor. The grantor may require refunding any disallowed costs. Management cannot presently determine amounts grantors may disallow. However, based on prior experience, management believes any refunds would be immaterial.

Note 8 – Fund Balances

Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilities effective cash planning and control. At year end the balances of these amounts were as follows:

Fund Balances	General
Outstanding Encumbrances	\$ 152,409
Total	\$ 152,409

The fund balance of special revenue funds is either restricted or committed. The fund balance of capital project funds are restricted, committed, or assigned. These restricted, committed, and assigned amounts in the special revenue and capital projects funds would include the outstanding encumbrances. In the general fund, outstanding encumbrances are considered assigned.

Note 9 – Change in Accounting Principal

For 2020, the Council has made changes to their cash basis reporting model. These changes include removing the fund balance classifications from the Combined Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Balances (Regulatory Cash Basis) – All Governmental Fund Types.

Note 10 – COVID-19

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March of 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the Council. In addition, the impact on the Council's future operating costs, revenues, and additional recovery from emergency funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated.

**STARK COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS
STARK COUNTY**

**COMBINED STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (REGULATORY CASH BASIS)
ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019**

	General
Cash Receipts	
Intergovernmental	\$ 878,083
Earnings on Investments	7,665
Miscellaneous	112
<i>Total Cash Receipts</i>	885,860
Cash Disbursements	
Current:	
Supplies	28,323
Purchased Services	174,650
Other Allocations	548,165
Capital Outlay	4,723
<i>Total Cash Disbursements</i>	755,861
<i>Net Change in Fund Cash Balances</i>	129,999
<i>Fund Cash Balances, January 1</i>	1,558,148
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	
Assigned	197,844
Unassigned	1,490,303
<i>Fund Cash Balances, December 31</i>	\$ 1,688,147

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

STARK COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS
Stark County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

Note 1 – Reporting Entity

Stark Council of Governments, Stark County, Ohio, (SCOG) is established by its member political subdivisions as a regional council under Chapter 167 of the Ohio Revised Code for the purpose of providing a permanent forum for discussion and study of concerns of the county, cities, villages, and townships for development of policies and programs for implementation by one or more of the local governing bodies. The SCOG operates under the direction of a fifteen member Executive Committee, which is elected by the General Membership of the SCOG. The General membership consists of one representative designated by each political subdivision. The SCOG's current functions include but are not limited to the funding and operation of the Canton/Stark County Crime Lab.

Public Entity Risk Pools

The SCOG participates in the Public Entities Pool of Ohio (PEP), a risk-sharing pool available to Ohio local governments. Note 6 to the financial statements provide additional information for this entity. The SCOG's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the SCOG is financially accountable.

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

The SCOG's financial statements consist of a combined statement of receipts, disbursements and changes in fund balances (cash basis) for all governmental fund types which are organized on a fund type basis.

Fund Accounting

The SCOG uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The fund of the SCOG is presented below:

General Fund The general fund accounts for and reports all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the SCOG for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Basis of Accounting

These financial statements follow the accounting basis permitted by the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 (D). This basis is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements accounting basis. The SCOG recognizes receipts when received in cash rather than when earned, and recognizes disbursements when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 (D) permit.

STARK COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS
Stark County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The Council is not required to follow the budgetary process, but has elected to adopt a formal budget annually.

Appropriations According to the bylaws of the SCOG, the General Membership shall adopt an appropriation resolution for each calendar year on or before December 31 of the preceding year. The annual appropriation shall not exceed the Certificate of Estimated Resources received from the Stark County Budget Commission.

Estimated Resources Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus unencumbered cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must approve estimated resources.

Encumbrances The SCOG reserves (encumbers) appropriations when individual commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are carried over and are not reappropriated.

A summary of 2019 budgetary activity appears in Note 3.

Deposits and Investments

The Stark County Auditor acts as the fiscal agent for the SCOG and the County Treasurer maintains a cash and investment pool, including all funds for which the County Auditor is the fiscal agent. The County Treasurer also maintains an investment in STAR Ohio (the State Treasurer's investment pool) for the SCOG which is valued at amounts reported by the State Treasurer.

Capital Assets

The SCOG records disbursements for acquisitions of property, plant and equipment when paid. The accompanying financial statements do not report these items as assets.

Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which SCOG must observe constraints imposed upon the use of its governmental-fund resources. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable The SCOG classifies assets as nonspendable when legally or contractually required to maintain the amounts intact.

Restricted Fund balance is restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

STARK COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS
Stark County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Committed The SCOG can commit amounts via formal action (resolution). The SCOG must adhere to these commitments unless the General Membership amend the resolution. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed to satisfy contractual requirements.

Assigned Assigned fund balances are intended for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. For regulatory purposes, assigned fund balance in the general fund is limited to encumbrances outstanding at year end.

Unassigned Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes amounts not included in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

The SCOG applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Note 3 – Budgetary Activity

Budgetary activity for the year ending December 31, 2019 follows:

2019 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts			
Fund Type	Budgeted Receipts	Actual Receipts	Variance
General	\$ 854,080	\$ 885,860	\$ 31,780
Total	\$ 854,080	\$ 885,860	\$ 31,780

2019 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures			
Fund Type	Appropriation Authority	Budgetary Expenditures	Variance
General	\$ 1,242,648	\$ 953,705	\$ 288,943
Total	\$ 1,242,648	\$ 953,705	\$ 288,943

STARK COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS
Stark County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

Note 4 – Deposits and Investments

Stark County, the fiscal agent for the SCOG, maintains a cash and investment pool used by all funds, including the SCOG. The County also maintains a separate STAR Ohio account for SCOG. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits and investments. The carrying amount of cash at December 31, 2019 was as follows:

	2019
Deposits with County Treasurer	\$ 1,363,947
STAR Ohio	324,200
Total	\$ 1,688,147

Deposits

The fiscal agent is responsible for maintaining adequate depository collateral for all funds in the fiscal agent's pooled and deposit accounts. All risks associated with the above deposits are the responsibility of the fiscal agent.

Investments

Investments in STAR Ohio and mutual funds are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book-entry form.

Note 5 – Intergovernmental Funding

The SCOG's primary source of funding comes through a portion of Stark County's Local Government Funds from the State of Ohio. SCOG receives a designated percent of these funds through a ten-year funding agreement with SCOG members. The County withholds the appropriate percent from Stark County's Local Government Funds and distributes it to the SCOG. The financial statements present these amounts as intergovernmental receipts.

Note 6 – Risk Management

Risk Pool Membership

The Township is a member of the Ohio Township Risk Management Authority (the Pool). The Pool assumes the risk of loss up to the limits of the Township's policy. The Pool may make supplemental assessments if the experience of the overall pool is unfavorable. Pool covers the following risks:

- General liability and casualty
- Public official's liability
- Cyber
- Law enforcement liability
- Automobile liability
- Vehicles
- Property
- Equipment breakdown

STARK COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS
Stark County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

Note 6 – Risk Management (Continued)

The Pool reported the following summary of actuarially-measured liabilities and the assets available to pay those liabilities as of December 31:

	<u>2019</u>
Cash and investments	\$38,432,610
Actuarial liabilities	\$14,705,917

Note 7 – Contingent Liabilities

Amounts grantor agencies pay to the SCOG are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor. The grantor may require refunding any disallowed costs. Management cannot presently determine amounts grantors may disallow. However, based on prior experience, management believes any refunds would be immaterial.

Note 8 – COVID-19

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March of 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the Council. In addition, the impact on the Council of Government's future operating costs, revenues, and additional recovery from emergency funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated.

**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER
FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS
REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS**

October 8, 2021

Stark Council of Governments
Stark County
P.O. Box 21451
Canton, Ohio 44701

To the Executive Committee:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the cash balances, receipts and disbursements by fund type of Stark Council of Governments, Stark County, (the Council) as of and for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 8, 2021, wherein we noted the Council followed financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permit, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures which may impact subsequent periods of the Council, and that the Council made several changes to its reporting model.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the Council's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinions on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the Council's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the Council's financial statements. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the Council's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the financial statements. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Governments Auditing Standards* which is described in the accompanying schedule of audit findings as item 2020-001.

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the Council's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Council's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Perry & Associates CPAs A.C.".

Perry and Associates
Certified Public Accountants, A.C.
Marietta, Ohio

STARK COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS
STARK COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF AUDIT FINDINGS
FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

FINDING NUMBER 2020-001

NONCOMPLIANCE

Ohio Revised Code Section 149.43 states, in part, all public records shall be promptly prepared and made available to any member of the general public at all reasonable times during regular business hours for inspection. Upon request, a person responsible for public records shall make copies available at cost, within a reasonable period of time. Every public office must have a policy in place for compliance with Public Records Laws. There are three specific items that public offices cannot have in their public records policies. They policy cannot: (1) limit the number of public records it will make available to a single person; (2) limit the number of public records it will make available during a fixed period of time; or (3) establish a fixed period of time before it will respond to a request for inspection/copying of public records unless that period is less than eight hours. All public offices are required to distribute their Public Records Policy to the employee who is the records custodian/manager of otherwise has custody of the records of that office.

By September 29, 2007, all public offices were required to create a poster describing its public records policy. In addition, the public office is required to post the poster in a conspicuous place in the public office and in all locations where the public office has branch offices. Finally, if the public office has an employee policies and procedures manual or handbook, it is required that the public records policy be included in such manual or handbook. [Ohio Rev. Code §149.43(E)(2)]

The Council did not have a public records policy or a public records retention schedule on file, nor did the Council designate an employee to be the custodian.

We recommend the Council adopt a public records policy and records retention schedule and comply with the posting requirements mandated by Ohio Rev Code Section 149.43.

This comment is intended for the information and use of the Council Executive Committee, management and others within the Council and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Management's Response – We did not receive a response from officials to this finding.

**STARK COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS
STARK COUNTY**

**SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS
DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019**

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Status	Additional Information
2018-001	Financial reporting	Corrected	N/A

OHIO AUDITOR OF STATE KEITH FABER



STARK COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS

STARK COUNTY

AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 11/30/2021

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215
Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370

This report is a matter of public record and is available online at
www.ohioauditor.gov