

REGULAR AUDIT

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019

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Members of Council Village of Jenera 103 South Main Street Jenera, Ohio 45841

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Village of Jenera, Hancock County, prepared by BHM CPA Group, Inc., for the audit period January 1, 2019 through December 31, 2020. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Village of Jenera is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

August 27, 2021

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Village of Jenera Hancock County 103 South Main Street Jenera, Ohio 45841

To the Village Council:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the cash balances, receipts and disbursements for each governmental and proprietary fund type and the fiduciary fund type combined total as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020 and for each governmental, proprietary and fiduciary fund type as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019, and related notes of the Village of Jenera, Hancock County, Ohio (the Village).

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with the financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permit; this responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the Village's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

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Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note 2 of the financial statements, the Village prepared these financial statements using the accounting basis permitted by the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D), which is an accounting basis other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), to satisfy these requirements.

Although the effects on the financial statements of the variances between the regulatory accounting basis and GAAP are not reasonably determinable, we presume they are material.

Though the Village does not intend these statements to conform to GAAP, auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America require us to include an adverse opinion on GAAP. However, the adverse opinion does not imply the amounts reported are materially misstated under the accounting basis Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permit. Our opinion on this accounting basis is in the *Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting* paragraph below.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the *Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles* paragraph, the financial statements referred to above do not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the Village as of December 31, 2020 and 2019, and the respective changes in financial position or cash flows thereof for the years then ended.

Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the cash balances, receipts and disbursements for each governmental and proprietary fund type and the fiduciary fund type combined total as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020 and for each governmental, proprietary and fiduciary fund type as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019, and related notes of the Village, in accordance with the financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permit, described in Note **2**.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 12 to the 2020 financial statements, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the ensuing measures will impact subsequent periods of the Village. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

The Village has suffered recurring losses from operations and has a fund balance deficiency of \$14,721 in the General Fund as of December 31, 2019. Based solely on inquiries and scanning of unaudited fund cash balances the Village may require additional receipts or cost cutting measures to continue paying obligations when due. The notes to the financial statements do not disclose management's plan for this matter, however it does not affect our opinion on these financial statements.

Village of Jenera Hancock County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 28, 2021, on our consideration of the Village's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Village's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

BHM CPA Group

BHM CPA Group, Inc. Piketon, Ohio June 28, 2021

COMBINED STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (REGULATORY CASH BASIS) ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Governmental Fund Types				_					
	General			Special Revenue	Capital Projects		Per	rmanent	(Me	Totals morandum Only)
Cash Receipts:										
Property and Other Taxes	\$	14,440	\$	6,651	\$	-	\$	-	\$	21,091
Intergovernmental		38,305		15,626		-		-		53,931
Charges for Services		5,575		-		-		-		5,575
Earnings on Investments		1,820		346		-		17		2,166
Miscellaneous		8,883		-		-		-		8,883
Total Cash Receipts		69,023		22,623		-		17		91,663
Cash Disbursements: Current:										
Security of Persons & Propery		-		5,197		-		-		5,197
Public Health Services		647		-		-		-	647	
Leisure Time Activities		5,166		-	-			-		5,166
Community Environment		356		-		-		-		356
Basic Utility		9,887		-		_		-		9,887
Transportation		-		6,007		-		-		6,007
General Government		32,477		-		-		-		32,477
Capital Outlay		3,000		-		-		-		3,000
Total Cash Disbursements		51,533		11,204		-				62,737
Excess of Receipts Over/(Under) Disbursements		17,490		11,419		-		17		28,926
Other Financing Receipts (Disbursements):										
Transfers-In		28,698		-		-		-		28,698
Transfers-Out		-		(28,698)		-		-		(28,698)
Total Other Financing Receipts (Disbursements)		28,698		(28,698)		-		-		-
Net Change in Fund Cash Balances		46,188		(17,279)		-		17		28,926
Fund Cash Balances, January 1		(14,721)		87,165		2,723		2,303		77,470
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$	31,467	\$	69,886	\$	2,723	\$	2,320	\$	106,396

COMBINED STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (REGULATORY CASH BASIS) ALL PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Proprietary Fund Type

EnterpriseOperating Cash Receipts: Charges for Services Miscellaneous\$69,933 12,596Total Operating Cash Receipts\$2,529Operating Cash Disbursements: Current: Personal Services Transportation Contractual Services9,669 1,069 24,317Total Operating Cash Disbursements\$35,055Operating Income (Loss)47,474Non-Operating Receipts (Disbursements): Principal Retirement Interest and Other Fiscal Charges(11,200) (24,513)Total Non-Operating Receipts (Disbursements)(35,713)Net Change in Fund Cash Balances11,761Fund Cash Balances, January 1335,192Fund Cash Balances, Dacember 31\$S246,053			<i>j</i>		
Charges for Services\$69,933 12,596Miscellaneous\$69,933 12,596Total Operating Cash Receipts82,529Operating Cash Disbursements: Current: Personal Services9,669 1,069 24,317Total Operating Cash Disbursements35,055Operating Income (Loss)47,474Non-Operating Receipts (Disbursements): Principal Retirement Interest and Other Fiscal Charges(11,200) (24,513)Total Non-Operating Receipts (Disbursements)(35,713)Net Change in Fund Cash Balances11,761 335,192		Enterprise			
Charges for Services\$69,933 12,596Miscellaneous\$69,933 12,596Total Operating Cash Receipts82,529Operating Cash Disbursements: Current: Personal Services9,669 1,069 24,317Total Operating Cash Disbursements35,055Operating Income (Loss)47,474Non-Operating Receipts (Disbursements): Principal Retirement Interest and Other Fiscal Charges(11,200) (24,513)Total Non-Operating Receipts (Disbursements)(35,713)Net Change in Fund Cash Balances11,761 335,192	Operating Cash Receipts.				
Miscellaneous12,596Total Operating Cash Receipts82,529Operating Cash Disbursements: Current: Personal Services9,669Transportation1,069Contractual Services24,317Total Operating Cash Disbursements35,055Operating Income (Loss)47,474Non-Operating Receipts (Disbursements):(11,200)Interest and Other Fiscal Charges(24,513)Total Non-Operating Receipts (Disbursements)(35,713)Net Change in Fund Cash Balances11,761Fund Cash Balances, January 1335,192		\$	69 933		
Total Operating Cash Receipts82,529Operating Cash Disbursements: Current: Personal Services9,669Transportation1,069Contractual Services24,317Total Operating Cash Disbursements35,055Operating Income (Loss)47,474Non-Operating Receipts (Disbursements):(11,200)Interest and Other Fiscal Charges(24,513)Total Non-Operating Receipts (Disbursements)(35,713)Net Change in Fund Cash Balances11,761Fund Cash Balances, January 1335,192		Ψ	· · · · · ·		
Operating Cash Disbursements: Current: Personal Services9,669 1,069 2,317Transportation Contractual Services9,669 1,069 2,317Total Operating Cash Disbursements35,055Operating Income (Loss)47,474Non-Operating Receipts (Disbursements):47,474Principal Retirement Interest and Other Fiscal Charges(11,200) (24,513)Total Non-Operating Receipts (Disbursements)(35,713)Net Change in Fund Cash Balances11,761 335,192			12,000		
Current: Personal Services9,669 1,069 24,317Total Operating Cash Disbursements35,055Operating Income (Loss)47,474Non-Operating Receipts (Disbursements):47,474Principal Retirement Interest and Other Fiscal Charges(11,200) (24,513)Total Non-Operating Receipts (Disbursements)(35,713)Net Change in Fund Cash Balances11,761Fund Cash Balances, January 1335,192	Total Operating Cash Receipts		82,529		
Personal Services9,669Transportation1,069Contractual Services24,317Total Operating Cash Disbursements35,055Operating Income (Loss)47,474Non-Operating Receipts (Disbursements):47,474Principal Retirement(11,200)Interest and Other Fiscal Charges(24,513)Total Non-Operating Receipts (Disbursements)(35,713)Net Change in Fund Cash Balances11,761Fund Cash Balances, January 1335,192					
Transportation1,069Contractual Services24,317Total Operating Cash Disbursements35,055Operating Income (Loss)47,474Non-Operating Receipts (Disbursements):47,474Principal Retirement(11,200)Interest and Other Fiscal Charges(24,513)Total Non-Operating Receipts (Disbursements)(35,713)Net Change in Fund Cash Balances11,761Fund Cash Balances, January 1335,192			9 669		
Contractual Services24,317Total Operating Cash Disbursements35,055Operating Income (Loss)47,474Non-Operating Receipts (Disbursements):47,474Principal Retirement(11,200)Interest and Other Fiscal Charges(24,513)Total Non-Operating Receipts (Disbursements)(35,713)Net Change in Fund Cash Balances11,761Fund Cash Balances, January 1335,192					
Total Operating Cash Disbursements35,055Operating Income (Loss)47,474Non-Operating Receipts (Disbursements):47,474Principal Retirement Interest and Other Fiscal Charges(11,200) (24,513)Total Non-Operating Receipts (Disbursements)(35,713)Net Change in Fund Cash Balances11,761Fund Cash Balances, January 1335,192	•		,		
Operating Income (Loss)47,474Non-Operating Receipts (Disbursements):11,200Principal Retirement(11,200)Interest and Other Fiscal Charges(24,513)Total Non-Operating Receipts (Disbursements)(35,713)Net Change in Fund Cash Balances11,761Fund Cash Balances, January 1335,192			,		
Non-Operating Receipts (Disbursements):Principal Retirement(11,200)Interest and Other Fiscal Charges(24,513)Total Non-Operating Receipts (Disbursements)(35,713)Net Change in Fund Cash Balances11,761Fund Cash Balances, January 1335,192	Total Operating Cash Disbursements		35,055		
Non-Operating Receipts (Disbursements):Principal Retirement(11,200)Interest and Other Fiscal Charges(24,513)Total Non-Operating Receipts (Disbursements)(35,713)Net Change in Fund Cash Balances11,761Fund Cash Balances, January 1335,192					
Principal Retirement(11,200)Interest and Other Fiscal Charges(24,513)Total Non-Operating Receipts (Disbursements)(35,713)Net Change in Fund Cash Balances11,761Fund Cash Balances, January 1335,192	Operating Income (Loss)		47,474		
Interest and Other Fiscal Charges(24,513)Total Non-Operating Receipts (Disbursements)(35,713)Net Change in Fund Cash Balances11,761Fund Cash Balances, January 1335,192	Non-Operating Receipts (Disbursements):				
Interest and Other Fiscal Charges(24,513)Total Non-Operating Receipts (Disbursements)(35,713)Net Change in Fund Cash Balances11,761Fund Cash Balances, January 1335,192	Principal Retirement		(11,200)		
Total Non-Operating Receipts (Disbursements)(35,713)Net Change in Fund Cash Balances11,761Fund Cash Balances, January 1335,192	Interest and Other Fiscal Charges				
Net Change in Fund Cash Balances11,761Fund Cash Balances, January 1335,192	č		())		
Fund Cash Balances, January 1 335,192	Total Non-Operating Receipts (Disbursements)		(35,713)		
Fund Cash Balances, January 1 335,192					
	Net Change in Fund Cash Balances		11,761		
Fund Cosh Palanaas Dacambar 21 \$ 246.052	Fund Cash Balances, January 1		335,192		
Fund Cash Palanaas December 21 \$ 246.052					
rund Cash Balances, December 51 $340,933$	Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$	346,953		

COMBINED STATEMENT OF ADDITIONS, DEDUCTIONS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (REGULATORY CASH BASIS) ALL FIDICUIARY FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Fiduciary Fund Types
	Custodial
	Other Custodial
Additions	
Deposits Received	5,402
Total Additions	5,402
Deductions Distributions of Deposits	6,750
Total Deductions	6,750
Net Change in Fund Balances	(1,348)
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	4,907
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$3,559

Note 1 – Reporting Entity

The constitution and laws of the State of Ohio establish the rights and privileges of the Village of Jenera, Hancock County, (the Village) as a body corporate and politic. A publicly-elected six-member Council directs the Village. The Village provides sewer utilities, park operations, and general government services. The Village appropriates general fund money to support a fire department.

The Village participates in the Public Entities Pool of Ohio public entity risk pool. Note 6 to the financial statements provides additional information for this entity.

The Village's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Village is financially accountable.

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

The Village's financial statements consist of a combined statement of receipts, disbursements and changes in fund balances (regulatory cash basis) for all governmental fund types, and a combined statement of receipts, disbursements and changes in fund balances (regulatory cash basis) for all proprietary fund types and a combined statement of additions, deductions and changes in fund balances (regulatory cash basis) all fiduciary fund types which are all organized on a fund type basis.

Fund Accounting

The Village uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The funds of the Village are presented below:

General Fund The general fund accounts for and reports all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the Village for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Special Revenue Funds These funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The Village had the following significant Special Revenue Funds:

Street Construction Maintenance and Repair

The street construction maintenance and repair fund accounts for and reports that portion of the State gasoline tax and motor vehicle license registration fees restricted for construction, maintenance, and repair of streets within the Village.

Fire Equipment Fund

This fund receives predetermined contract amounts for services provided to Orange, Eagle, and Van Buren Townships and grants for the maintenance of the volunteer fire department.

Permanent Funds These funds account for and report resources that are restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that support the reporting government's programs (for the benefit of the government or its citizenry). The Village had the following significant permanent fund:

Levi Vermillion Memorial Fund

This fund receives interest earned on the nonexpendable corpus from a trust agreement. These earnings are used for the general maintenance and upkeep of the Village's cemetery.

Enterprise Funds These funds account for operations that are similar to private business enterprises, where management intends to recover the significant costs of providing certain goods or services through user charges. The Village had the following significant Enterprise Funds:

Sewer Fund

The sewer fund accounts for the provision of sanitary sewer services to the residents and commercial users within the Village.

Sewer Debt Service Fund

This fund receives 80% of sewer service charges from residents to cover annual sewer debt service.

Sewer Reserve Fund

The sewer reserve fund accounts for the reserve mandated by the USDA.

Basis of Accounting

These financial statements follow the accounting basis permitted by the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 (D). This basis is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements accounting basis. The Board recognizes receipts when received in cash rather than when earned, and recognizes disbursements when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 (D) permit.

Budgetary Process

The Ohio Revised Code requires that each fund be budgeted annually.

Appropriations Budgetary expenditures (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the object level of control, and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Village Council must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end.

Estimated Resources Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus unencumbered cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must approve estimated resources.

Encumbrances The Ohio Revised Code requires the Village to reserve (encumber) appropriations when individual commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are carried over, and need not be reappropriated.

A summary of 2020 budgetary activity appears in Note 3.

Deposits and Investments

The Village's accounting basis includes investments as assets. This basis does not record disbursements for investment purchases or receipts for investment sales. This basis records gains or losses at the time of sale as receipts or disbursements, respectively.

Capital Assets

The Village records disbursements for acquisitions of property, plant, and equipment when paid. The accompanying financial statements do not report these items as assets.

Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Village must observe constraints imposed upon the use of its governmental-fund resources. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable The Village classifies assets as *nonspendable* when legally or contractually required to maintain the amounts intact. For regulatory purposes nonspendable fund balance includes unclaimed monies that are required to be held for five years before they may be utilized by the Village and the nonexpendable portion of the corpus in permanent funds.

Restricted Fund balance is *restricted* when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Committed Council can *commit* amounts via formal action (resolution). The Village must adhere to these commitments unless the Council amends the resolution. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed to satisfy contractual requirements.

Assigned Assigned fund balances are intended for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as *restricted* or *committed*. For regulatory purposes, assigned fund balance in the general fund is limited to encumbrances outstanding at year end.

Unassigned Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes amounts not included in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

The Village applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

For regulatory purposes, limited disclosure related to fund balance is included in Note 10.

Note 3 – Budgetary Activity

2020 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts							
	Budgeted Actual						
Fund Type	Receipts	Receipts	Variance				
General	\$97,743	\$97,721	(\$22)				
Special Revenue	22,627	22,623	(4)				
Enterprise	82,529	82,529	0				
Permanent	17	17	0				
Total	\$202,917	\$202,892	(\$25)				

Budgetary activity for the year ending 2020 follows:

2020 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures							
	Appropriation Budgetary						
Fund Type	Authority	Expenditures	Variance				
General	\$61,033	\$61,033	\$0				
Special Revenue	39,902	39,902	0				
Enterprise	70,768	70,768	0				
Permanent	0	0	0				
Total	\$171,703	\$171,703	\$0				

Note 4 – Deposits and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the Village is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits and investments.

A summary of the Village's deposit and investment accounts are as follows:

	2020
Cash Management Pool:	
Demand deposits	\$458,357
Certificates of deposit	2,000
Total carrying amount of deposits and investments held in the Pool	456,908

The Village does not use a separate payroll clearing account. The expenditures included in the

accompanying financial statement reflect net payroll plus all remitted payroll withholdings. At December 31, 2020, the village is holding \$0 in unremitted employee payroll withholdings.

Deposits

Deposits are collateralized by securities specifically pledged by the financial institution to the Village; *and* collateralized through the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

Note 5 – Taxes

Property Taxes

Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 preceding the October 1 date for which the Council adopted tax rates. The State Board of Tax Equalization adjusts these rates for inflation. Property taxes are also reduced for applicable non-business, owner occupancy, and homestead exemption credits and/or homestead and rollback deductions. The financial statements include these credits and/or deduction amounts the State pays as Intergovernmental Receipts. Payments are due to the County by December 31. If the property owner elects to pay semiannually, the first half is due December 31. The second half payment is due the following June 20.

Public utilities are also taxed on personal and real property located within the Village

The County is responsible for assessing property and for billing, collecting, and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Village.

Note 6 – Risk Management

The Village is exposed to various risks of property and casualty losses, and injuries to employees.

The Village insures against injuries to employees through the Ohio Bureau of Worker's Compensation.

Risk Pool Membership

The Village is a member of the Public Entities Pool of Ohio (The Pool). The Pool assumes the risk of loss up to the limits of the Village's policy. The Pool covers the following risks:

- -General liability and casualty
- Public official's liability
- Cyber
- Law enforcement liability
- Automobile liability
- Vehicles
- Property
- Equipment breakdown

The Pool reported the following summary of assets and actuarially-measured liabilities available to pay those liabilities as of December 31:

	<u>2020</u>
Cash and investments	\$ 40,318,971
Actuarial liabilities	\$14,111,510

Note 7 – Defined Benefit Pension Plans

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

6 Village employees belong to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer plan. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes this plan's benefits, which include postretirement health care and survivor and disability benefits.

The Ohio Revised Code also prescribes contribution rates. OPERS members contributed 10 percent of their gross salaries, and the Village contributed an amount equaling 14 percent of participants' gross salaries. The Village has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2020.

Social Security

6 Village employees contributed to Social Security. This plan provides retirement benefits, including survivor and disability benefits to participants.

Employees contributed 6.2 percent of their gross salaries. The Village contributed an amount equal to 6.2 percent of participants' gross salaries. The Village has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2020.

Note 8 – Postemployment Benefits

OPERS offers cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment plans, which include multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage, deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement, and Medicare Part B premium reimbursements, to qualifying benefit recipients. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for OPERS members in the Traditional Pension Plan and Combined Plan was 0 percent during calendar year 2020. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for OPERS members in the Member Directed Plan was 4.0 percent during calendar year 2020.

Note 9 – Debt

Debt outstanding at December 31, 2020, was as follows:

	Principal	Interest Rate
Mortgage Revenue Bonds	\$573,704	4.25%
Total	\$573,704	

The Mortgage Revenue Bonds relate to a sewer plant project the Ohio Environmental Protection Agency mandated. The Village will repay the bonds in annual installments over 40 years. Sewer receipts collateralize the bonds. The Village has agreed to set utility rates sufficient to cover Mortgage Revenue Bonds debt service requirements.

Amortization

Amortization of the above debt, including interest, is scheduled as follows:

	Mortgage			
Year ending	Revenue			
December 31:	Bond			
2021	38,790			
2022	38,790			
2023	38,790			
2024	38,790			
2025	38,790			
2026-2030	193,952			
2031-2035	193,952			
2036-2040	193,952			
2041-2044	147,347			
Total	\$ 923,153			

Note 10 – Fund Balances

Included in fund balance are amounts the Village cannot spend, including the unexpendable corpus of the permanent funds. Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. At year end the balances of these amounts were as follows:

Fund Balances	General	Permanent	Total		
Nonspendable:					
Corpus	0	2,000	2,000		
Outstanding Encumbrances	9,500	0	9,500		
Total	\$9,500	\$2,000	\$11,500		

The fund balance of special revenue funds is either restricted or committed. The fund balance of capital projects fund are restricted committed or assigned. The fund balance of permanent funds that is not part of the nonspendable corpus is either restricted or committed. In the general fund, outstanding encumbrances are considered assigned.

Note 11 – Change in Accounting Principles

For 2020, the Village has made changes to their cash basis reporting model. These changes include modifications to the definition of fiduciary funds, adding a separate Combined Statement of Additions, Deductions and Changes in Fund Balances (Regulatory Cash Basis) -- All Fiduciary Fund Types, and removing the fund balance classifications from the Combined Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balances (Regulatory Cash Basis) – All Governmental Fund Types.

Note 12 – COVID-19

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March of 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the Village. In addition, the impact on the Village's future operating costs, revenues, and additional recovery from emergency funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated.

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COMBINED STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (REGULATORY CASH BASIS) ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	Governmental Fund Types								
	General		Special Revenue		Capital Projects	Pe	Permanent		Totals emorandum Only)
Cash Receipts: Property and Other Taxes Intergovernmental Charges for Services Earnings on Investments Miscellaneous	\$	12,004 39,639 9,869 5,720 11,964	\$	6,120 16,221 1,090	\$ - - - -	\$	- - 19 -	\$	18,124 55,860 9,869 6,810 11,964
Total Cash Receipts		79,196		23,431		<u> </u>	19		102,646
Cash Disbursements: Current: Security of Persons & Propery Public Health Services Leisure Time Activities Community Environment Basic Utility Transportation General Government Capital Outlay Total Cash Disbursements		699 686 14,522 100 11,670 38,743 6,925 73,345		5,769 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- - - - - - - - - - - - - 				6,468 686 14,522 100 11,670 6,167 38,743 9,286 87,642
Net Change in Fund Cash Balances		5,851		9,134			19		15,004
Fund Cash Balances, January 1 (as restated - see Note 13)		(20,572)		78,031	2,723		2,284		62,466
Fund Cash Balances, December 31 Nonspendable Restricted Unassigned Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$		\$	87,165	\$ 2,723		2,000 303 - 2,303	\$	2,000 90,191 (14,721) 77,470

COMBINED STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (REGULATORY CASH BASIS) ALL PROPRIETARY AND FIDICUIARY FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	Proprietary Fund Type	Fiduciary Fund Type	Totals
	Enterprise	Custodial	(Memorandum Only)
Operating Cash Receipts: Charges for Services	\$ 72,323	<u>\$</u>	\$ 72,323
Total Operating Cash Receipts	72,323		72,323
Operating Cash Disbursements: Current:			
Personal Services	10,877	-	10,877
Transportation	3,006	-	3,006
Contractual Services	22,970	_	22,970
Total Operating Cash Disbursements	36,853	<u>-</u>	36,853
Operating Income (Loss)	35,470	-	35,470
Non-Operating Receipts (Disbursements):			
Principal Retirement	(10,600)	-	(10,600)
Interest and Other Fiscal Charges	(27,059)	-	(27,059)
Other Financing Sources	-	5,329	5,329
Other Financing Uses		(4,200)	(4,200)
Total Non-Operating Receipts (Disbursements)	(37,659)	1,129	(36,530)
Net Change in Fund Cash Balances	(2,189)	1,129	(1,060)
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	337,381	3,778	341,159
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$ 335,192	\$ 4,907	\$ 340,099

Note 1 – Reporting Entity

The constitution and laws of the State of Ohio establish the rights and privileges of the Village of Jenera, Hancock County, (the Village) as a body corporate and politic. A publicly-elected six-member Council directs the Village. The Village provides sewer utilities, park operations, and general government services. The Village appropriates general fund money to support a fire department.

The Village participates in the Public Entities Pool of Ohio public entity risk pool. Note 6 to the financial statements provides additional information for this entity.

The Village's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Village is financially accountable.

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

The Village's financial statements consist of a combined statement of receipts, disbursements and changes in fund balances (regulatory cash basis) for all governmental fund types, and a combined statement of receipts, disbursements and changes in fund balances (regulatory cash basis) for all proprietary and fiduciary fund types which are organized on a fund type basis.

Fund Accounting

The Village uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The funds of the Village are presented below:

General Fund The general fund accounts for and reports all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the Village for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Special Revenue Funds These funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The Village had the following significant Special Revenue Funds:

Street Construction Maintenance and Repair

The street construction maintenance and repair fund accounts for and reports that portion of the State gasoline tax and motor vehicle license registration fees restricted for construction, maintenance, and repair of streets within the Village.

Fire Equipment Fund

This fund receives predetermined contract amounts for services provided to Orange, Eagle, and Van Buren Townships and grants for the maintenance of the volunteer fire department.

Permanent Funds These funds account for and report resources that are restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that support the reporting government's programs (for the benefit of the government or its citizenry). The Village had the following significant permanent fund:

Levi Vermillion Memorial Fund

This fund receives interest earned on the nonexpendable corpus from a trust agreement. These earnings are used for the general maintenance and upkeep of the Village's cemetery.

Enterprise Funds These funds account for operations that are similar to private business enterprises, where management intends to recover the significant costs of providing certain goods or services through user charges. The Village had the following significant Enterprise Funds:

Sewer Fund

The sewer fund accounts for the provision of sanitary sewer services to the residents and commercial users within the Village.

Sewer Debt Service Fund

This fund receives 80% of sewer service charges from residents to cover annual sewer debt service.

Sewer Reserve Fund

The sewer reserve fund accounts for the reserve mandated by the USDA.

Basis of Accounting

These financial statements follow the accounting basis permitted by the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 (D). This basis is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements accounting basis. The Board recognizes receipts when received in cash rather than when earned, and recognizes disbursements when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 (D) permit.

Budgetary Process

The Ohio Revised Code requires that each fund be budgeted annually.

Appropriations Budgetary expenditures (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the object level of control, and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Village Council must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end.

Estimated Resources Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus unencumbered cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must approve estimated resources.

Encumbrances The Ohio Revised Code requires the Village to reserve (encumber) appropriations when individual commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are carried over, and need not be reappropriated.

A summary of 2019 budgetary activity appears in Note 3.

Deposits and Investments

The Village's accounting basis includes investments as assets. This basis does not record disbursements for investment purchases or receipts for investment sales. This basis records gains or losses at the time of sale as receipts or disbursements, respectively.

Capital Assets

The Village records disbursements for acquisitions of property, plant, and equipment when paid. The accompanying financial statements do not report these items as assets.

Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Village must observe constraints imposed upon the use of its governmental-fund resources. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable The Village classifies assets as *nonspendable* when legally or contractually required to maintain the amounts intact.

Restricted Fund balance is *restricted* when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Committed Council can *commit* amounts via formal action (resolution). The Village must adhere to these commitments unless the Council amends the resolution. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed to satisfy contractual requirements.

Assigned Assigned fund balances are intended for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as *restricted* or *committed*. Governmental funds other than the general fund report all fund balances as *assigned* unless they are restricted or committed. In the general fund, *assigned* amounts represent intended uses established by Village Council or a Village official delegated that authority by resolution or by State Statute.

Unassigned Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes amounts not included in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

The Village applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Note 3 – Budgetary Activity

Budgetary activity for the year ending 2019 follows:

2019 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts				
	Budgeted	Actual		
Fund Type	Receipts	Receipts	Variance	
General	\$79,198	\$79,196	(\$2)	
Special Revenue	23,441	23,431	(10)	
Enterprise	72,323	72,323	0	
Permanent	19	19	0	
Total	\$174,981	\$174,969	(\$12)	

2019 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures

	Appropriation	Budgetary	
Fund Type	Authority	Expenditures	Variance
General	\$51,833	\$73,345	(\$21,512)
Special Revenue	38,658	14,297	24,361
Enterprise	63,612	74,512	(10,900)
Permanent	0	0	0
Total	\$154,103	\$162,154	(\$8,051)

Note 4 – Deposits and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the Village is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits and investments.

A summary of the Village's deposit and investment accounts are as follows:

	2019
Demand deposits	\$415,669
Certificates of deposit	2,000
Total deposits	417,669

Deposits

Deposits are collateralized by securities specifically pledged by the financial institution to the Village; *and* collateralized through the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

Note 5 – Taxes

Property Taxes

Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 preceding the October 1 date for which the Council adopted tax rates. The State Board of Tax Equalization adjusts these rates for inflation. Property taxes are also reduced for applicable non-business, owner occupancy, and homestead exemption credits and/or homestead and rollback deductions. The financial statements include these credits and/or deduction amounts the State pays as Intergovernmental Receipts. Payments are due to the County by December 31. If the property owner elects to pay semiannually, the first half is due December 31. The second half payment is due the following June 20.

Public utilities are also taxed on personal and real property located within the Village

The County is responsible for assessing property and for billing, collecting, and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Village.

Note 6 – Risk Management

The Village is exposed to various risks of property and casualty losses, and injuries to employees.

The Village insures against injuries to employees through the Ohio Bureau of Worker's Compensation.

Risk Pool Membership

The Village is a member of the Public Entities Pool of Ohio (The Pool). The Pool assumes the risk of loss up to the limits of the Village's policy. The Pool covers the following risks:

- -General liability and casualty
- Public official's liability
- Cyber
- Law enforcement liability
- Automobile liability
- Vehicles
- Property
- Equipment breakdown

The Pool reported the following summary of assets and actuarially-measured liabilities available to pay those liabilities as of December 31:

	<u>2019</u>
Cash and investments	\$ 38,432,610
Actuarial liabilities	\$14,705,917

Note 7 – Defined Benefit Pension Plans

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

The Village's employees belong to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS is a costsharing, multiple-employer plan. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes this plan's benefits, which include postretirement health care and survivor and disability benefits.

The Ohio Revised Code also prescribes contribution rates. OPERS members contributed 10 percent of their gross salaries, and the Village contributed an amount equaling 14 percent of participants' gross salaries. The Village has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2019.

Note 8 – Postemployment Benefits

OPERS offers cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment plans, which include multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage, deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement, and Medicare Part B premium reimbursements, to qualifying benefit recipients. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for OPERS members in the Traditional Pension Plan and Combined Plan was 0 percent during calendar year 2019. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for OPERS members in the Member Directed Plan was 4.0 percent during calendar year 2019.

Note 9 – Debt

Debt outstanding at December 31, 2019, was as follows:

	Principal	Interest Rate
Mortgage Revenue Bonds	\$584,904	4.25%
Total	\$584,904	

The Mortgage Revenue Bonds relate to a sewer plant project the Ohio Environmental Protection Agency mandated. The Village will repay the bonds in annual installments over 40 years. Sewer receipts collateralize the bonds. The Village has agreed to set utility rates sufficient to cover Mortgage Revenue Bonds debt service requirements.

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Amortization

Amortization of the above debt, including interest, is scheduled as follows:

	Mortgage
Year ending	Revenue
December 31:	Bond
2020	38,790
2021	38,790
2022	38,790
2023	38,790
2024	38,790
2025-2029	193,952
2030-2034	193,952
2035-2039	193,952
2040-2044	186,137
Total	\$ 961,943

Note 13 – Restatement of Beginning Balances

The beginning fund balances for the General F	und was	restated as follows:
	General Fund:	
2019 Beginning Fund Balances:	\$	(22,030)
Prior period accounting errors:		1,458
2019 Restated Beginning Fund Balances:	\$	(20,572)



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

Village of Jenera Hancock County 103 South Main Street Jenera, Ohio 45841

To the Village Council:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the cash balances, receipts, and disbursements for each governmental and proprietary fund type and the fiduciary fund type combined total as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020 and for each governmental, proprietary and fiduciary fund type as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019, and related notes of the Village of Jenera, Hancock County, (the Village) and have issued our report thereon dated June 28, 2021, wherein we noted the Village followed financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permit. We also noted the financial impact of COVID-19 and the ensuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the Village.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the Village's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinions on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the Village's financial statements. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Therefore, unidentified material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings that we consider material weaknesses. We consider findings 2020-001 and 2020-003 to be material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

One East Campus View Blvd. Suite 300 • Columbus, OH 43235 • (614) 430-0590 • FAX (614) 448-4519 PO Box 875 • 129 Pinckney Street • Circleville, OH 43113 • (740) 474-5210 • FAX (740) 474-7319 PO Box 687 • 528 S. West Street • Piketon, OH 45661 • (740) 289-4131 • FAX (740) 289-3639 Village of Jenera Hancock County Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

As part of reasonably assuring whether the Village's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the financial statements. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards* which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings as items 2020-002 and 2020-003.

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results and does not opine on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Village's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

BHM CPA Group

BHM CPA Group, Inc. Piketon, Ohio June 28, 2021

Village of Jenera Hancock County Schedule of Findings December 31, 2020 and 2019

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

FINDING NUMBER 2020-001

Financial Reporting – Material Weakness

Sound financial reporting is the responsibility of the fiscal officer and Village Council and is essential to ensure information provided to the readers of the financial statements is complete and accurate.

Material misstatements were identified during the course of the audit which have not been prevented or detected by the Village's internal controls over financial reporting. Misstatements were identified in the following areas:

- Property Taxes
- Intergovernmental
- Charges for Services
- Special Assessments
- Miscellaneous Receipts
- Security of Persons and Property
- Transfers In
- Transfers Out
- Other Financing Sources
- Other Financing Uses
- Fund Balance
- Note disclosures required corrections and updates

All of the above noted adjustments have been posted to the Village's financial statements and accounting system.

We recommend the Village's Fiscal Officer take steps to ensure the accurate posting of all transactions to the ledgers. By exercising accuracy in recording financial activity, the Village can reduce posting errors and increase the reliability of the financial data throughout the year.

Officials' Response: We did not receive a response to this finding.

FINDING NUMBER 2020-002

Noncompliance

Ohio Rev. Code § 5705.41(B) prohibits a subdivision or taxing unit from making any expenditure of money unless it has been appropriated in accordance with the Ohio Revised Code. The total expenditures from each fund shall not exceed the total of the appropriations. Appropriations shall be made from each fund only for the purposes for which such fund is established. No subdivision or taxing unit is to expend money unless it has been appropriated.

Upon comparison of appropriations to actual expenditures the auditor noted expenditures in excess of appropriations. Noncompliance was noted in the following funds:

	Appropriations	Expenditures	Variance
General Fund	\$51,833	\$73,345	(\$21,512)
Street Construction Maintenance and Repair	\$4,250	\$5,917	(\$1,667)
Sewer Fund	\$15,612	\$36,853	(\$21,241)

FINDING NUMBER 2020-002 (continued)

Noncompliance

We recommend that the Village periodically make amendments to the appropriations throughout the year when appropriations need to be increased as to not allow actual expenditures to exceed appropriations.

Officials' Response: We did not receive a response to this finding.

FINDING NUMBER 2020-003

Noncompliance and Material Weakness

Ohio Rev. Code § 5705.10(D) requires all revenue derived from a specific source to be credited to a special fund for the purpose for which the monies were received. Furthermore, the aforementioned section requires all revenue derived from a source other than general property tax which the law prescribes shall be used for a particular purpose be paid into a special fund for such purpose.

In addition, **Ohio Rev. Code § 5705.10(I)** provides that money paid into a fund must be used only for the purposes for which such fund has been established. As a result, a negative fund cash balance indicates that money from one fund was used to cover the expenses of another fund.

At December 31, 2019, the Village's General Fund had a deficit balance of (\$14,721).

The lack of a policy regarding financial review contributed to the above errors occurring without detection. The accounting records and financial statements were adjusted to correct these misstatements.

Improper posting of revenues could cause management to draw incorrect conclusions regarding its fiscal position. Financial activity should be properly posted in the accounting ledgers so that Council can better assess whether financial goals are being met on an ongoing basis. As part of the monitoring process Village Council should review financial records to make sure that amounts are reflected in the appropriate funds and that there are sufficient funds to pay obligations.

Officials' Response: We did not receive a response to this finding.

Village of Jenera Hancock County Schedule of Prior Audit Findings December 31, 2020 and 2019

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Fully Corrected?	Not Corrected, Partially Corrected; Significantly Different Corrective Action Taken; or Finding No Longer Valid; Explain:
2018-001	Material Weakness – Monitoring of Financial Statements	No	Reissued as Finding 2020-001
2018-002	Material Weakness– Budgeted Receipts Posted and Approved	Yes	
2018-003	Noncompliance – ORC 5705.41(B)	No	Reissued as Finding 2020-002
2018-004	Noncompliance and Material Weakness	No	Reissued as Finding 2020-003

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VILLAGE OF JENERA

HANCOCK COUNTY

AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 9/9/2021

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370