REGULAR AUDIT

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 - 2019



88 East Broad Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 IPAReport@ohioauditor.gov (800) 282-0370

Village Council Village of Mineral City 8503 North High Street Mineral City, Ohio 44656

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditors' Report* of the Village of Mineral City, Tuscarawas County, prepared by Wilson, Phillips & Agin, CPA's, Inc., for the audit period January 1, 2019 through December 31, 2020. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Village of Mineral City is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

July 02, 2021



VILLAGE OF MINERAL CITY TUSCARAWAS COUNTY FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 - 2019

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WILSON, PHILLIPS & AGIN, CPA'S, INC. 1100 BRANDYWINE BLVD. BUILDING G ZANESVILLE, OHIO 43701

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Village of Mineral City Tuscarawas County 8503 North High Street Mineral City, Ohio 44656

To the Village Council:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the cash balances, receipts and disbursements for each governmental fund type combined total as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020 and for each governmental fund type as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019, and related notes of Village of Mineral City, Tuscarawas County, Ohio.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with the financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permit; this responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the Village's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, we express no opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinion.

Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note 2 of the financial statements, the Village prepared these financial statements using the accounting basis permitted by the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D), which is an accounting basis other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, to satisfy these requirements.

Independent Auditors' Report Page Two

Although the effects on the financial statements of the variances between the regulatory accounting basis and GAAP are not reasonably determinable, we presume they are material.

Though the Village does not intend these statements to conform to GAAP, auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America require us to include an adverse opinion on GAAP. However, the adverse opinion does not imply the amounts reported are materially misstated under the accounting basis Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permit. Our opinion on this accounting basis permitted is in the *Opinion on Regulatory Basis* of Accounting paragraph below.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the *Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles* paragraph, the financial statements referred to above do not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of Village of Mineral City, Tuscarawas County as of December 31, 2020 and 2019, or changes in financial position thereof for the years then ended.

Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the cash balances, receipts and disbursements for each governmental fund type combined total as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, and related notes of Village of Mineral City, Tuscarawas County, in accordance with the financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permit, described in Note 2.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 13 to the 2020 financial statements and Note 12 to the 2019 financial statements, during 2020, the impact of COVID-19 and the ensuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the Village. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated June 10, 2021, on our consideration of Village of Mineral City's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Village's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Wilson, Phillips & Agin, CPA's, Inc. Zanesville, Ohio June 10, 2021

COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES - ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Governmental Fund Types						_	
	General			Special Revenue		apital rojects	(Me	Totals morandum Only)
Cash Receipts:								
Property Taxes	\$	36,062	\$	29,127	\$	-	\$	65,189
Municipal Income Tax		55,422		-		-		55,422
Intergovernmental		25,876		125,948		-		151,824
Charges for Services		-		25,000		-		25,000
Fines, Licenses, Permits		7,053		-		-		7,053
Earnings on Investments		28		10		-		38
Miscellaneous		11,827		3,787				15,614
Total Cash Receipts		136,268		183,872		-		320,140
Cash Disbursements:								
Current:								
Security of Persons and Property		_		38,478		_		38,478
Public Health Services		200		5,457		_		5,657
Leisure Time Activities		3,621		603		517		4,741
Community Environment		2,087		15,000		_		17,087
Basic Utility Services		42,022		_		_		42,022
Transportation		_		32,928		_		32,928
General Government		91,475		17,615		_		109,090
Capital Outlay		1,439		3,605		_		5,044
Debt Service:		1,137		3,003				3,011
Principal Retirement		_		29,982		_		29,982
Interest and Fiscal Charges		_		2,421		_		2,421
Total Cash Disbursements		140,844		146,089	-	517		287,450
Excess of Receipts Over/(Under) Disbursements		(4,576)		37,783		(517)		32,690
Other Financing Receipts (Disbursements)								
Sale of Capital Assets		2,857		-		-		2,857
Total Other Financing Receipts (Disbursements)		2,857		-		-		2,857
Special Items		427		-		-		427
Net Change in Fund Cash Balance		(1,292)		37,783		(517)		35,974
Fund Cash Balances, January 1, restated		229,735		152,758		3,319		385,812
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$	228,443	\$	190,541	\$	2,802	\$	421,786

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2020

1. REPORTING ENTITY

Description of the Entity

The constitution and laws of the State of Ohio establish the rights and privileges of the Village of Mineral City, Tuscarawas County, (the Village) as a body corporate and politic. A publicly-elected six-member Council directs the Village. The Village provides general government, fire protection, park operations and police services. The Village contracts with the Tuscarawas County Sheriff's department to provide security of persons and property. The Village appropriates general fund money to support a volunteer fire departments.

The Village participates in two jointly governed organizations. Note 11 to the financial statements provides additional information for these entities.

The Village's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Village is financially accountable.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation

The Village's financial statements consist of a combined statement of receipts, disbursements and changes in fund balance (regulatory cash basis) for all governmental fund types, and a combined statement of receipts, disbursements and changes in fund balance (regulatory cash basis) for all proprietary fund types which are organized on a fund type basis.

Fund Accounting

The Village uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The funds of the Village are presented below:

Governmental Funds

General Fund

The General fund is the operating fund. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds

These funds are used to account for proceeds from specific sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specific purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The Village had the following significant Special Revenue Funds:

Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair Fund - This fund receives gasoline tax and motor vehicle license tax money for constructing, maintaining, and repairing Village streets.

Fire Protection Fund – This fund receives levy monies within the Village and a fire contract with Sandy Township for fire protection services within the Village and Sandy Township.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2020

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Capital Projects Funds

These funds account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned receipts that are restricted for the acquisition or construction of major capital projects (except those financed through enterprise or trust fund to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets. The Village had the following significant capital project funds:

Library Renovation Fund – This fund received grant proceeds from the Reeves Foundation and the Friends of the Library for interior renovations of the Library including painting, carpet, new cabinets and shelving, refrigerator and hot water tank..

Basis of Accounting

These financial statements follow the accounting basis permitted by the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code 117-2-03(D). This basis is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements accounting basis. The Village recognizes receipts when received in cash rather than when earned, and recognizes disbursements when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code 117-2-03(D) permit.

Budgetary Process

The Ohio Revised Code requires that each fund (except certain Agency Funds) be budgeted annually.

Appropriations

Budgetary expenditures (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the fund, function or object level of control, and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Village Council must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. The County Budget Commission must also approve the annual appropriation measure. Appropriations lapse at year end.

Estimated Resources

Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must approve estimated resources.

Encumbrances

The Ohio Revised Code requires the Village to reserve (encumber) appropriations when commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are carried over and need not be reappropriated in the subsequent year.

A summary of 2020 budgetary activity appears in Note 3.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2020

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Deposits and Investments

The Village's accounting basis includes investment as assets. This basis does not record disbursement for investment purchases or receipts for investment sales. This basis records gains or losses at the time of sale as receipts or disbursements, respectively.

Property, Plant, and Equipment

Acquisition of property, plant and equipment are recorded as disbursements when paid. These items are not reflected as assets on the accompanying financial statements.

Accumulated Leave

In certain circumstances, such as leaving employment, employees are entitled to cash payments for unused leave. The financial statements do not include a liability for unpaid leave.

Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Village must observe constraints imposed upon the use of its governmental-fund resources. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable – The Village classifies assets as *nonspendable* when legally or contractually required to maintain the amounts intact.

Restricted – Fund balance is *restricted* when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Committed – Council can *commit* via formal action (resolution). The Village must adhere to these commitments unless council amends the resolution. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed to satisfy contractual requirements.

Assigned – Assigned fund balances are intended for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as *restricted* or *committed*. Governmental funds other than general fund report all fund balances as *assigned* unless they are restricted or committed. In the general fund, *assigned* amounts represent intended uses established by Village Council or a Village official delegated that authority by ordinance, or by State Statute.

Unassigned – Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

The Village applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classification could be used.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2020

3. BUDGETARY ACTIVITY

Budgetary activity for the year ended December 31, 2020 is as follows:

2020 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts						
	Budgeted	Actual				
Fund Type	Receipts	Receipts	Variance			
General	\$ 123,910	\$ 139,552	\$ 15,642			
Special Revenue	145,642	183,872	38,230			
Total	\$ 269,552	\$ 323,424	\$ 53,872			

2020 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures						
	Appropriation	Budgetary				
Fund Type	Authority	Expenditures	Variance			
General	\$ 218,997	\$ 140,844	\$ 78,153			
Special Revenue	242,268	146,089	96,179			
Capital Projects	517	517	-			
Total	\$ 461,782	\$ 287,450	\$ 174,332			

Contrary to ORC 5705.41(D), the Village made expenditures without prior certification.

4. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

To improve cash management, cash received by the Village is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits and investments. A summary of the Village's deposits and investment accounts are as follows:

	2020
Cash Management Pool	_
Demand deposits	\$ 421,786
Total Carrying Amount of Deposits and Investments held in Pool	\$ 421,786

The Village does not use a separate payroll clearing account. The expenditures included in the accompanying financial statements reflect net payroll plus all remitted payroll withholdings. At December 31, 2020, the Village is holding \$0 in unremitted employee payroll withholdings.

Deposits: Deposits are either insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation or collateralized by the financial institution's public entity deposit pool.

5. PROPERTY TAX

Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 preceding the October 1 date for which the Council adopted rates. The State Board of Tax Equalization adjusts these rates for inflation. Property taxes are also reduced for applicable homestead and rollback deductions. The financial statements include homestead and rollback amounts the State pays as Intergovernmental Receipts. Payments are due to the County by December 31. If the property owner elects to make semiannual payment, the first half is due by December 31. The second half payment is due the following June 20.

The County is responsible for assessing property, and for billing, collecting, and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Village.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2020

6. LOCAL INCOME TAX

The Village levies a municipal income tax of 1.0 percent on substantially all earned income arising from employment, residency, or business activities within the Village as well as certain income of residents earned outside of the Village.

Employers within the Village withhold income tax on employee compensation and remit the tax to the Village either monthly or quarterly, as required. Corporations and other individual taxpayers pay estimated taxes quarterly and file a declaration annually.

7. RISK MANAGEMENT

Workers Compensation coverage is provided by the State of Ohio. The Village pays the State Workers' Compensation System a premium based on a rate per \$100 of salaries. This rate is calculated based on accident history and administrative costs.

Commercial Insurance

The Village has obtained commercial insurance for the following risks:

- Comprehensive property and general liability;
- Vehicles: and
- Errors and omissions

8. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

Some of the Village's full-time employees belong to the Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) of Ohio. OPERS is a cost-sharing, multiple employer plan. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes the plan benefits, which include postretirement healthcare, and survivor and disability benefits.

The Ohio Revised Code also prescribes contribution rates. For 2020, OPERS members contributed 10.0% of their gross wages and the Village contributed an amount equal to 14.0% of participant's gross salaries. The Village has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2020.

Social Security

Several Village employees contributed to social security. This plan provides retirement benefits, including survivor and disability benefits to participants.

Employees contributed 6.2 percent of their gross salaries. The Village contributed an amount equal to 6.2 percent of participants' gross salaries. The Village has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2020.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2020

9. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

OPERS offers cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment plans, which include multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage, deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement and Medicare Part B premium reimbursements, to qualifying benefit recipients. OPERS contributes 2 percent of the employer contribution to fund these benefits. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for OPERS members in the traditional pension plan and combined plan was 0 percent during calendar year 2020. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for OPERS members in the member-directed plan was 4.0 percent during calendar year 2020.

10. DEBT

Debt outstanding at December 31, 2020 was as follows:

		2020	
	P	rincipal	%
First State Bank – Fire Truck	\$	27,116	4.00
Ohio Public Works Commission Street paving		12,209	0.00
Total	\$	39,325	

The First State Bank lease relates to the purchase of a 2005 E-One Tradition/Typhoon Custom Pumper fire truck. The Village will repay the lease in annual installments of \$28,301 including interest from 2010 through 2021. Payments will be made from the Fire Protection Fund. The lease is secured by the fire truck.

The Ohio Public Works Commission loan was obtained to provide paving of various streets throughout the Village. It will repaid semi-annually in installments of \$1,017. Payments were deferred in 2020 due to COVID.

Amortization of the above debt, including interest, is scheduled as follows:

Year Ending	FSB	
December 31	Fire Truck	OPWC
2021	\$ 28,301	\$ 3,051
2022	-	2,035
2023	-	2,035
2024	-	2,035
2025	-	2,035
2026-2030	-	1,018
	\$ 28,301	\$ 12,209

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2020

11. JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATION

Tuscarawas County Tax Incentive Review Council

The Tuscarawas County Tax Incentive Review Council (TCTIRC) is a jointly governed organization, created as a regional council of governments pursuant to Section 5705.62 of the Ohio Revised Code. TCTIRC has 44 members, consisting of 3 members appointed by the County Commissioners, 18 members appointed by municipal corporations, 14 members appointed by township trustees, 1 member from the county auditor's office and 8 members appointed by boards of education located within the county. TCTIRC reviews and evaluates the performance of each Enterprise Zone Agreement. This body is advisory in nature and cannot directly impact an existing Enterprise Zone Agreement; however, the TCTIRC can make written recommendations to the legislative authority, which approved the agreement. There is no cost associated with being a member of this TCTIRC. The continued existence of the TCTRIRC is not dependent on the Village's continued participation and no measurable equity interest exists.

During 2020, no monies were paid to the TCTIRC from the Village.

The Village does not retain an ongoing financial interest or an ongoing financial responsibility with the TCTIRC.

Mineral Sandy Joint Ambulance District

The Mineral Sandy Joint Ambulance District is a jointly governed organization created as a joint ambulance district pursuant to Section. 505.71 of the Ohio Revised Code. The District has two Board of Directors, consisting of one member appointed by the Village of Mineral City and one member appointed by Sandy Township. The District provides rescue services within the District and by contract to areas outside of the District. There is no cost associated with being a member of the District. The continued existence of the District is not dependent on the Village's continued participation and no measurable equity interest exists.

During 2020, no monies were paid to the TCTIRC from the Village.

The Village does not retain an ongoing financial interest or an ongoing financial responsibility with the District.

12. FUND BALANCES

Included in fund balance are amounts the Village cannot spend, including the balance of unclaimed monies, which cannot be spent for five years and the expendable corpus of the permanent funds. Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilities effective cash planning and control. At year end, the balances of those amounts were as follows:

			Spe	ecial	Ca	pital		
Fund Balances	Ger	neral	Rev	enue	Pro	jects	7	otal
Nonspendable:								
Corpus	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Outstanding Encum.		-		-		-		-
Total	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2020

12. FUND BALANCES (Continued)

The fund balance of special revenue funds is either restricted or committed. The fund balance of debt service funds and capital projects funds are restricted, committed, or assigned. The fund balance of permanent funds that is not part of the nonspendable corpus is either restricted or committed. These restricted, committed and assigned amounts in the special revenue, debt service, capital projects and permanent funds would include the outstanding encumbrances. In the general fund, outstanding encumbrances are considered assigned.

13. COVID-19

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the ensuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the Village. The impact on the Village's future operating costs, revenues, and any recovery from emergency funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated.

During 2020, The Village received CARES Act funding. Of the amounts received, \$15,000 was subgranted to other governments. These amounts are reflected as general government expenditures in the Coronavirus Relief Special Revenue Fund on the accompanying financial statements.

During 2020, the Township received \$56,437 as an on-behalf grant from another government. These amounts are recorded in the Coronavirus Relief Special Revenue Fund.

14. RESTATEMENT OF FUND BALANCE

Fund balance in the General Fund has been restated for the year beginning January 1, 2020 as voided checks were added back:

	General
	Fund
Fund Balance at December 31, 2019	\$ 228,342
Adjustments	1,393
Fund Balance at January 1, 2020	\$ 229,735

COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES - ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	Governmental Fund Types						_	
Code Brasines	General			Special Revenue	Capital Projects		(Me	Totals morandum Only)
Cash Receipts:	\$	36,245	\$	30,361	\$		\$	66,606
Property Taxes	2	/ -	3	30,361	\$	-	\$,
Municipal Income Tax		70,352		-		-		70,352
Intergovernmental		25,791		62,371		=		88,162
Charges for Services		6,730		25,000		-		31,730
Fines, Licenses, Permits		6,874		-		-		6,874
Earnings on Investments		30		12		=		42
Miscellaneous		1,705		10,101		16,766		28,572
Total Cash Receipts		147,727		127,845		16,766		292,338
Cash Disbursements:								
Current:								
Security of Persons and Property		-		26,543		-		26,543
Public Health Services		115		-		-		115
Leisure Time Activities		23,783		-		17,979		41,762
Community Environment		2,321		_		_		2,321
Basic Utility Services		20,688		_		_		20,688
Transportation		-		94,330		_		94,330
General Government		81,821		14,798		_		96,619
Capital Outlay		1,320		14,302				15,622
Debt Service:		1,320		14,302		-		13,022
				29.020				20.020
Principal Retirement		-		38,929		-		38,929
Interest and Fiscal Charges		-		2,475				2,475
Total Cash Disbursements		130,048		191,377		17,979		339,404
Excess of Receipts Over/(Under) Disbursements		17,679		(63,532)		(1,213)		(47,066)
Other Cash Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers In		-		30,000		2,000		32,000
Transfers Out		(32,000)		-		_		(32,000)
Total Other Cash Financing Sources (Uses)		(32,000)		30,000		2,000		-
Special Items		300		-		-		300
Net Change in Fund Cash Balance		(14,021)		(33,532)		787		(46,766)
Fund Cash Balances, January 1		242,363		186,290		2,532		431,185
Fund Cash Balances, December 31								
Restricted		-		152,758		3,319		156,077
Assigned		228,342		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		228,342
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$	228,342	\$	152,758	\$	3,319	\$	384,419
						,		,

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2019

1. REPORTING ENTITY

Description of the Entity

The constitution and laws of the State of Ohio establish the rights and privileges of the Village of Mineral City, Tuscarawas County, (the Village) as a body corporate and politic. A publicly-elected six-member Council directs the Village. The Village provides general government, fire protection, park operations and police services. The Village contracts with the Tuscarawas County Sheriff's department to provide security of persons and property. The Village appropriates general fund money to support a volunteer fire departments.

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Basis of Presentation

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2019

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Capital Projects Funds

These funds account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned receipts that are restricted for the acquisition or construction of major capital projects (except those financed through enterprise or trust fund to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets. The Village had the following significant capital project funds:

Library Renovation Fund – This fund received grant proceeds from the Reeves Foundation and the Friends of the Library for interior renovations of the Library including painting, carpet, new cabinets and shelving, refrigerator and hot water tank..

Basis of Accounting

These financial statements follow the accounting basis permitted by the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code 117-2-03(D). This basis is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements accounting basis. The Village recognizes receipts when received in cash rather than when earned, and recognizes disbursements when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code 117-2-03(D) permit.

Budgetary Process

The Ohio Revised Code requires that each fund (except certain Agency Funds) be budgeted annually.

Appropriations

Budgetary expenditures (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the fund, function or object level of control, and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Village Council must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. The County Budget Commission must also approve the annual appropriation measure. Appropriations lapse at year end.

Estimated Resources

Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must approve estimated resources.

Encumbrances

The Ohio Revised Code requires the Village to reserve (encumber) appropriations when commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are carried over and need not be reappropriated in the subsequent year.

A summary of 2019 budgetary activity appears in Note 3.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2019

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Deposits and Investments

The Village's accounting basis includes investment as assets. This basis does not record disbursement for investment purchases or receipts for investment sales. This basis records gains or losses at the time of sale as receipts or disbursements, respectively.

Property, Plant, and Equipment

Acquisition of property, plant and equipment are recorded as disbursements when paid. These items are not reflected as assets on the accompanying financial statements.

Accumulated Leave

In certain circumstances, such as leaving employment, employees are entitled to cash payments for unused leave. The financial statements do not include a liability for unpaid leave.

Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Village must observe constraints imposed upon the use of its governmental-fund resources. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable – The Village classifies assets as *nonspendable* when legally or contractually required to maintain the amounts intact.

Restricted – Fund balance is *restricted* when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Committed – Council can *commit* via formal action (resolution). The Village must adhere to these commitments unless council amends the resolution. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed to satisfy contractual requirements.

Assigned – Assigned fund balances are intended for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as *restricted* or *committed*. Governmental funds other than general fund report all fund balances as *assigned* unless they are restricted or committed. In the general fund, *assigned* amounts represent intended uses established by Village Council or a Village official delegated that authority by ordinance, or by State Statute.

Unassigned – Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

The Village applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classification could be used.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2019

3. BUDGETARY ACTIVITY

Budgetary activity for the year ended December 31, 2019 is as follows:

2019	Budgeted	vs. Actual	Receipts

	Budgeted	Actual		
Fund Type	Receipts	Receipts	Variance	
General	\$ 120,870	\$ 148,027	\$ 27,157	
Special Revenue	122,204	157,845	35,641	
Capital Projects	18,766	18,766	-	
Total	\$ 261,840	\$ 324,638	\$ 62,798	

2019 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures

	Appropriation	Budgetary	
Fund Type	Authority	Expenditures	Variance
General	\$ 192,729	\$ 162,048	\$ 30,681
Special Revenue	245,149	191,377	53,772
Capital Projects	18,766	17,979	787
Total	\$ 456,644	\$ 371,404	\$ 85,240

Contrary to ORC 5705.41(D), the Village made expenditures without prior certification.

4. EQUITY IN POOLED CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The Village maintains a cash and investments pool used by all funds. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits and investments. The carrying amount of cash and investments at December 31 was as follows:

	 2019
Demand Deposits	\$ 384,419
Total Deposits	\$ 384,419

Deposits: Deposits are insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation; or collateralized by the financial institutions public entity deposit pool.

5. PROPERTY TAX

Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 preceding the October 1 date for which the Council adopted rates. The State Board of Tax Equalization adjusts these rates for inflation. Property taxes are also reduced for applicable homestead and rollback deductions. The financial statements include homestead and rollback amounts the State pays as Intergovernmental Receipts. Payments are due to the County by December 31. If the property owner elects to make semiannual payment, the first half is due by December 31. The second half payment is due the following June 20.

The County is responsible for assessing property, and for billing, collecting, and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Village.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2019

6. LOCAL INCOME TAX

The Village levies a municipal income tax of 1.0 percent on substantially all earned income arising from employment, residency, or business activities within the Village as well as certain income of residents earned outside of the Village.

Employers within the Village withhold income tax on employee compensation and remit the tax to the Village either monthly or quarterly, as required. Corporations and other individual taxpayers pay estimated taxes quarterly and file a declaration annually.

7. RISK MANAGEMENT

Workers Compensation coverage is provided by the State of Ohio. The Village pays the State Workers' Compensation System a premium based on a rate per \$100 of salaries. This rate is calculated based on accident history and administrative costs.

Commercial Insurance

The Village has obtained commercial insurance for the following risks:

- Comprehensive property and general liability;
- Vehicles: and
- Errors and omissions

8. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

Some of the Village's full-time employees belong to the Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) of Ohio. OPERS is a cost-sharing, multiple employer plan. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes the plan benefits, which include postretirement healthcare, and survivor and disability benefits.

The Ohio Revised Code also prescribes contribution rates. For 2019, OPERS members contributed 10.0% of their gross wages and the Village contributed an amount equal to 14.0% of participant's gross salaries. The Village has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2019.

Social Security

Several Village employees contributed to social security. This plan provides retirement benefits, including survivor and disability benefits to participants.

Employees contributed 6.2 percent of their gross salaries. The Village contributed an amount equal to 6.2 percent of participants' gross salaries. The Village has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2019.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2019

9. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

OPERS offers cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment plans, which include multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage, deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement and Medicare Part B premium reimbursements, to qualifying benefit recipients. OPERS contributes 2 percent of the employer contribution to fund these benefits. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for OPERS members in the traditional pension plan and combined plan was 0 percent during calendar year 2019. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for OPERS members in the member-directed plan was 4.0 percent during calendar year 2019.

2010

10. DEBT

Debt outstanding at December 31, 2019 was as follows:

	2019		
	Principal		%
First State Bank – Fire Truck	\$	53,098	4.00
First National Bank of Dennison – Fire Truck		4,000	5.00
Ohio Public Works Commission Street paving		12,209	0.00
Total	\$	69,307	

The First State Bank lease relates to the purchase of a 2005 E-One Tradition/Typhoon Custom Pumper fire truck. The Village will repay the lease in annual installments of \$28,301 including interest from 2010 through 2021. Payments will be made from the Fire Protection Fund. The lease is secured by the fire truck.

The First National Bank of Dennison lease relates to the purchase of a 1997 E-One Rescue fire truck. The Village will repay the lease in annual installments of \$5,000 plus interest through 2021. An additional payment of \$7,000 was made in 2019 so the final payment will be made in 2020. Payment will be made from the Fire Protection Fund. The lease is secured by the fire truck.

The Ohio Public Works Commission loan was obtained to provide paving of various streets throughout the Village. It will repaid semi-annually in installments of \$1,017.

Amortization of the above debt, including interest, is scheduled as follows:

Year Ending	FSB	FNBD	
December 31	Fire Truck	Fire Truck	OPWC
2020	\$ 28,301	\$ 4,103	\$ -
2021	28,301	-	3,051
2022	-	-	2,035
2023	-	-	2,035
2024	-	-	2,035
2025-2029	-	-	3,053
	\$ 56,602	\$ 4,103	\$ 12,209

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2019

11. JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATION

Tuscarawas County Tax Incentive Review Council

The Tuscarawas County Tax Incentive Review Council (TCTIRC) is a jointly governed organization, created as a regional council of governments pursuant to Section 5705.62 of the Ohio Revised Code. TCTIRC has 44 members, consisting of 3 members appointed by the County Commissioners, 18 members appointed by municipal corporations, 14 members appointed by township trustees, 1 member from the county auditor's office and 8 members appointed by boards of education located within the county. TCTIRC reviews and evaluates the performance of each Enterprise Zone Agreement. This body is advisory in nature and cannot directly impact an existing Enterprise Zone Agreement; however, the TCTIRC can make written recommendations to the legislative authority, which approved the agreement. There is no cost associated with being a member of this TCTIRC. The continued existence of the TCTRIRC is not dependent on the Village's continued participation and no measurable equity interest exists.

During 2019, no monies were paid to the TCTIRC from the Village.

The Village does not retain an ongoing financial interest or an ongoing financial responsibility with the TCTIRC.

Mineral Sandy Joint Ambulance District

The Mineral Sandy Joint Ambulance District is a jointly governed organization created as a joint ambulance district pursuant to Section. 505.71 of the Ohio Revised Code. The District has two Board of Directors, consisting of one member appointed by the Village of Mineral City and one member appointed by Sandy Township. The District provides rescue services within the District and by contract to areas outside of the District. There is no cost associated with being a member of the District. The continued existence of the District is not dependent on the Village's continued participation and no measurable equity interest exists.

During 2019, no monies were paid to the TCTIRC from the Village.

The Village does not retain an ongoing financial interest or an ongoing financial responsibility with the District.

12. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the ensuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the Village. The impact on the Village's future operating costs, revenues, and any recovery from emergency funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated.

WILSON, PHILLIPS & AGIN, CPA'S, INC. 1100 BRANDYWINE BLVD. BUILDING G ZANESVILLE, OHIO 43701

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS.

Village of Mineral City Tuscarawas County 8503 North High Street Mineral City, Ohio 44656

To the Village Council:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards general accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements the cash balances, receipts and disbursements for each governmental fund type combined total as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020 and for each governmental fund type as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019 and related notes of Village of Mineral City, Tuscarawas County and have issued our report thereon dated June 10, 2021, wherein we noted the Village followed financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permit.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered Village of Mineral City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinions on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the Village's financial statements. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Therefore, unidentified material weakness or significant deficiencies may exist. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings that we consider a significant deficiency. We consider finding 2020-001 to be a significant deficiency.

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by Government Auditing Standards Page Two

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether Village of Mineral City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the financial statements. However, opining on compliance was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Entity's Response to Finding

The Village's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings. We did not audit the Village's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Village's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Wilson, Phillips & Agin, CPA's, Inc. Zanesville, Ohio June 10, 2021

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

FINDING NUMBER 2020-001

Significant Deficiency

All public offices shall maintain an accounting system and accounting records sufficient to enable the public office to identify, assemble, analyze, classify, record and report its transaction, maintain accountability for the related assets, document compliance with finance-related legal and contractual requirements and prepare financial statements.

As a result of audit procedures, errors were noted that required reclassification and adjustments to the financial statement as follows:

- A reclassification from Miscellaneous Revenue to Intergovernmental Revenue in the amount of \$19,500 in the Fire Protection Fund in 2019.
- A reclassification from Interest and Fiscal Charges to Principal Retirement in the amount of \$1,530 in the Fire Protection Fund in 2019.
- A reclassification from Extraordinary Item to Intergovernmental Revenue in the amount of \$56,437 in the Coronavirus Relief Fund in 2020.
- A reclassification from Principal Retirement to Interest and Fiscal Charges in the amount of \$366 in the Fire Protection Fund in 2020.
- A reclassification from Special Items to Sale of Capital Assets in the amount of \$2,857 in the General Fund for 2020.

Sound financial reporting is the responsibility of the Village and is essential to help ensure the information provided to the readers of financial statements is complete and accurate. To help ensure the Village's financial statements and notes to the financial statements are complete and accurate, the Village should adopt policies and procedures to identify and correct errors and omissions. In addition, the Village should review the financial statements and notes prior to submission for audit.

Client Response: We will classify the village transactions as the state requires to provide sound financial reporting.



VILLAGE OF MINERAL CITY

TUSCARAWAS COUNTY

AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 7/15/2021

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370