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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Village of Minster Auglaize County 5 West Fourth Street Minster, Ohio 45865

To the Village Council:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the cash balances, receipts and disbursements for each governmental and proprietary fund type and the fiduciary fund type combined total as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and related notes of the Village of Minster, Auglaize County, Ohio (the Village).

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with the financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permit; this responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the Village's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note 1 of the financial statements, the Village prepared these financial statements using the accounting basis permitted by the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D), which is an accounting basis other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), to satisfy these requirements.

Although the effects on the financial statements of the variances between the regulatory accounting basis and GAAP are not reasonably determinable, we presume they are material.

Though the Village does not intend these statements to conform to GAAP, auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America require us to include an adverse opinion on GAAP. However, the adverse opinion does not imply the amounts reported are materially misstated under the accounting basis Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permit. Our opinion on this accounting basis is in the *Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting* paragraph below.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the *Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles* paragraph, the financial statements referred to above do not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the Village, as of December 31, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended.

Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the cash balances, receipts and disbursements for each governmental and proprietary fund type and the fiduciary fund type combined total as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and related notes of the Village, in accordance with the financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permit, described in Note 1.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 15 to the financial statements, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the Village. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 5, 2021, on our consideration of the Village's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Village's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

thabu

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio May 5, 2021

COMBINED STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (REGULATORY CASH BASIS) ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	General	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Totals (Memorandum Only)
Cash Receipts	#000 001	\$ 000.000			\$000.071
Property and Other Local Taxes Municipal Income Tax	\$693,081 4,051,049	\$296,893			\$989,974 4,051,049
Intergovernmental	4,031,049	648,529			760,357
Special Assessments	111,020	040,023	13,741		13,741
Charges for Services	282,989	16,672	10,741		299,661
Fines, Licenses and Permits	2,173	272			2,445
Earnings on Investments	48,760	1,809			50,569
Miscellaneous	87,018	26,221		36,131	149,370
Total Cash Receipts	5,276,898	990,396	13,741	36,131	6,317,166
Cash Disbursements					
Current:					
Security of Persons and Property	842,792	72,375			915,167
Leisure Time Activities	281,904				281,904
Community Environment	22,672				22,672
Transportation	005 (77	567,966		0.004	567,966
General Government	635,177	136,115		9,804	781,096
Capital Outlay Debt Service:	473,882	900,554		1,552,586	2,927,022
Principal Retirement			10,982	150,000	160,982
Interest and Fiscal Charges			3,154	29,207	32,361
Total Cash Disbursements	2,256,427	1,677,010	14,136	1,741,597	5,689,170
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements	3,020,471	(686,614)	(395)	(1,705,466)	627,996
Other Financing Receipts (Disbursements)					
Sale of Capital Assets	3,723			40,237	43,960
Transfers In	-,	820,000		2,202,768	3,022,768
Transfers Out	(3,025,943)			(650,000)	(3,675,943)
Total Other Financing Receipts (Disbursements)	(3,022,220)	820,000		1,593,005	(609,215)
Net Change in Fund Cash Balances	(1,749)	133,386	(395)	(112,461)	18,781
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	1,645,067	269,441	16,663	1,083,214	3,014,385
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$1,643,318	\$402,827	\$16,268	\$970,753	\$3,033,166

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

COMBINED STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (REGULATORY CASH BASIS) ALL PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Proprietary Fund Types
	Enterprise
Operating Cash Receipts	<i>¢</i> 4 4 0 4 700
Charges for Services Fines, Licenses and Permits	\$14,184,782
Miscellaneous	5,966 347,128
Miscellaneous	547,120
Total Operating Cash Receipts	14,537,876
Operating Cash Disbursements	
Personal Services	649,582
Employee Fringe Benefits	311,137
Contractual Services	10,624,809
Supplies and Materials	933,218
Total Operating Cash Disbursements	12,518,746
Operating Income	2,019,130
Non-Operating Receipts (Disbursements)	
Intergovernmental	65,377
Sale of Bonds	4,648,985
Miscellaneous Receipts	(7,675)
Capital Outlay	(1,297,562)
Principal Retirement	(5,023,000)
Interest and Other Fiscal Charges	(326,167)
Total Non-Operating Receipts (Disbursements)	(1,940,042)
Income before Transfers	79,088
Transfers In	2,159,789
Transfers Out	(1,506,614)
Net Change in Fund Cash Balances	732,263
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	7,604,760
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$8,337,023

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

COMBINED STATEMENT OF ADDITIONS, DEDUCTIONS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (REGULATORY CASH BASIS) ALL FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Fiduciary Fund Types
	Custodial
Additions Fines, Licenses and Permits for Distribution	\$3,162
Total Additions	3,162
Deductions Distributions to Other Governments Distributions to Other Funds (Primary Gov't)	790 2,431
Total Deductions	3,221
Net Change in Fund Balances	(59)
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	476
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$417

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Description of the Entity

The Village of Minster, Auglaize County, Ohio (the Village) is a body politic and corporate established to exercise the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The Village is directed by a publicly elected six-member Council. The Village provides the following services: fire and police protection, water, electric, sewer, street maintenance and repair, as well as other general governmental services.

The Village participates in one joint venture and a public entity risk pool. Notes 9 and 10 to the financial statements provide additional information for these entities. These organizations are: the Ohio Municipal Electric Generation Agency Joint Venture 5 (OMEGA JV5) and the Ohio Plan Risk Management, Inc. public entity risk pool.

The Village's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Village is financially accountable.

B. Basis of Accounting

These financial statements follow the accounting basis permitted by the financial reporting provision of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D). The basis is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements accounting basis. The Village recognizes receipts when received in cash rather than when earned and recognizes disbursements when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e. when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permit.

C. Deposits and Investments

The Village's certificates of deposit are valued at cost.

D. Fund Accounting

The Village uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The funds of the Village are presented below:

1. General Fund

The general fund accounts for and reports all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the Village for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

2. Special Revenue Funds:

These funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The Village had the following significant Special Revenue Funds:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 (Continued)

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair Fund – This fund receives gasoline tax and motor vehicle tax money for constructing, maintaining, and repairing Village streets.

State Highway Fund – This fund receives gasoline tax and motor vehicle tax money for constructing, maintaining and repairing Village State Highways.

Permissive Motor Vehicle License Fund – This fund receives an additional fee on license plates to pay for constructing, maintaining and repairing Village roads.

3. Debt Service Funds:

These funds account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest. The Village had the following significant Debt Service Fund:

Other Debt Service – This fund accumulates special assessment resources for the payment of special assessment notes and bonds.

4. Capital Projects Funds:

These funds account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets. The Village had the following significant Capital Projects Funds:

Capital Improvement Fund – This fund provides monies for the purchase of large equipment, vehicles, and buildings for the Village.

Industrial Park Fund – This fund provides monies, primarily via a transfer, for the development of an industrial park for industrial growth.

Northeast Development Fund – This fund provides monies, primarily via a transfer, for the development in the northeast part of the Village.

State Issue 1 – This fund provides monies, primarily via a transfer, for the reconstruction of Second Street and Garfield Street for the Village.

5. Enterprise Funds:

These funds account for operations that are similar to private business enterprises where management intends that the significant costs of providing certain goods or services will be recovered through user charges. The Village had the following significant Enterprise Funds:

Water Fund – This fund receives charges for services from residents to cover the cost of providing this utility.

Sewer Fund – This fund receives charges for services from residents to cover the cost of providing this utility.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 (Continued)

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Electric Fund – This fund receives charges for services from residents to cover the cost of providing this utility.

6. Fiduciary Funds:

Fiduciary funds include private purpose trust funds and custodial funds. Trust funds account for assets held under a trust agreement meeting certain criteria.

Custodial funds are purely custodial in nature and are used to report fiduciary activity that is not required to be reported in a trust fund. The Village's custodial fund accounts for monies from collections on fines imposed from tickets issued by the Village's police protection force. Funds collected, in part, are on behalf of the State of Ohio. In addition, funds are used for safety programs, computerization and general Village operations.

E. Budgetary Process

The Ohio Revised Code requires that each fund (except certain custodial funds) be budgeted annually.

1. Appropriations

Budgetary expenditures (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the fund, function and object level of control, and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Village Council must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. Appropriations lapse at year-end.

2. Estimated Resources

Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus the cash balance as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must approve estimated resources.

3. Encumbrances

The Ohio Revised Code requires the Village to reserve (encumber) appropriations when commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are canceled, and reappropriated in the subsequent year.

A summary of 2020 budgetary activity appears in Note 3.

F. Fund Balance

Fund Balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Village must observe constraints imposed upon the use of its governmental-fund resources. The classifications are as follows:

1. Nonspendable

The Village classifies assets as *nonspendable* when legally or contractually required to maintain the amounts intact.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 (Continued)

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2. Restricted

Fund balance is *restricted* when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

3. Committed

Council can *commit* amounts via formal action (resolution). The Village must adhere to these commitments unless the Council amends the resolution. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed to satisfy contractual requirements.

4. Assigned

Assigned fund balances are intended for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as *restricted* or *committed*. For regulatory purposes, assigned fund balance in the general fund is limited to encumbrances outstanding at year end.

5. Unassigned

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes amounts not included in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

The Village applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

G. Capital Assets

The Village records disbursements for acquisitions of property, plant, and equipment when paid. The accompanying financial statements do not report these items as assets.

H. Unpaid Vacation and Sick Leave

Employees are entitled to cash payments for unused vacation and sick leave in certain circumstances such as upon leaving employment. Unpaid vacation and sick leave are not reflected as liabilities under the basis of accounting used by the Village.

NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS

To improve cash management, cash received by the Village is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits and investments. A summary of the Village's deposit accounts are as follows:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 (Continued)

NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS (continued)

Deposits:	2020
Demand Deposits	\$10,370,606
Certificate of Deposits	<u>1,000,000</u>
Total Deposits	\$11,370,606

Deposits: Deposits are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, or collateralized through the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

NOTE 3 – BUDGETARY ACTIVITY

Budgetary activity for the year ending December 31, 2020 follow:

2020 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts			
	Budgeted	Actual	
Fund Type	Receipts	Receipts	Variance
General	\$4,512,618	\$5,280,621	\$768,003
Special Revenue	1,743,301	1,810,396	67,095
Debt Service	13,416	13,741	325
Capital Projects	2,081,830	2,279,136	197,306
Enterprise	15,868,394	21,412,027	5,543,633
Total	\$24,219,559	\$30,795,921	\$6,576,362
2020 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures			

	Appropriation	Budgetary	
Fund Type	Authority	Expenditures	Variance
General	\$5,941,355	\$5,282,370	\$658,985
Special Revenue	1,878,099	1,677,010	201,089
Debt Service	14,143	14,136	7
Capital Projects	2,563,086	2,391,597	171,489
Enterprise	17,946,499	20,679,764	(2,733,265)
Total	\$28,343,182	\$30,044,877	(\$1,701,695)

NOTE 4 – DEBT OBLIGATIONS

Village debt outstanding at December 31, 2020 was as follows:

	Principal	Interest Rate
Fifth Street Renovations	\$98,839	2.98%
Sewer Improvement Bonds	4,570,000	1.58%
Capital Improvement Note	1,350,000	2.05%
Sewer Renovation Note	428,000	1.90%
Total	\$6,446,839	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 (Continued)

NOTE 4 – DEBT OBLIGATIONS (continued)

A. Capital Improvement Note:

The Village issued \$1,500,000 note in 2019 to be used for various capital improvements. Semiannual payments are due April 9 and October 9 at a rate of 2.05 percent with a maturity date of April 9, 2029. Principal balance at December 31, 2020 was \$1,350,000.00. The note will be repaid through the Capital Improvement Fund.

B. Sewer Improvement Bonds:

The Village issued \$6,050,000 in sewer improvement bonds in 2010. Semiannual payments were due on June 1 and December 1 through December 2040 at a varying rate of 1.25 percent to 6.85 percent. The Village also received a Federal Subsidy that reimburses 45 percent of the interest associated with these bonds. Principal balance at December 31, 2020 was \$0.

These bonds were refinanced through 15 year sewer improvement bonds for \$4,645,000 at a rate of 1.58 percent with maturity in 2035. Principal balance at December 31, 2020 was \$4,570,000. These bonds will be repaid through the waste water treatment plant debt service fund.

C. Sewer Renovation Note:

The Village issued \$1,000,000 in WWTP Renovation in 2016. Semiannual payments are due on March 1 and September 1 at a rate of 1.90 percent. Principal balance at December 31, 2020 was \$428,000. The note will be repaid through the waste water treatment plant debt service fund.

D. Fifth Street Renovations:

The Village issued a \$109,821 note in 2019 for street renovations. Semiannual payments are due April 17 and October 17 at a rate of 2.98% with a maturity date of April 2, 2029. The principal balance at December 31, 2020 was \$98,839. The note will be repaid with special assessment receipts through the debt service fund.

Amortization of the above debt, including interest, is scheduled as follows:

Year Ending	Capital Improv	vement Note	WWTP Renov	ation Bonds	WWTP Reno	vation Note	Fifth Street F	Renovation
December 31:	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2021	\$150,000	\$26,133	\$275,000	\$72,206	\$143,000	\$6,856	\$10,982	\$2,820
2022	150,000	23,058	280,000	67,861	143,000	4,102	10,982	2,488
2023	150,000	19,983	285,000	63,437	142,000	1,356	10,982	2,156
2024	150,000	16,959	285,000	58,934			10,982	1,830
2025	150,000	13,833	290,000	54,431			10,982	1,493
2026-2030	600,000	24,600	1,515,000	202,161			43,929	2,654
2031-2035			1,640,000	78,763				
Total	\$1,350,000	\$124,566	\$4,570,000	\$597,793	\$428,000	\$12,314	\$98,839	\$13,441

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 (Continued)

NOTE 4 – DEBT OBLIGATIONS (continued)

E. American Municipal Power Generating Station Project

The Village is a member of American Municipal Power (AMP) and has participated in the AMP Generating Station (AMPGS) Project. This project intended to develop a pulverized coal power plant in Meigs County, Ohio. The Village's share was 5,381 kilowatts of a total 771,281 kilowatts, giving the Village 0.70 percent share. The AMPGS Project required participants to sign "take or pay" contracts with AMP. As such, the participants are obligated to pay any cost incurred for the project.

In November 2009, the participants voted to terminate the AMPGS Project due to projected escalating costs. All project costs incurred prior to the cancellation and related to the cancellation were therefore deemed impaired and participants were obligated to pay those incurred costs. In prior years, payment of these costs was not made required due to AMP's pursuit of legal action to collect them from Bechtel. As a result of a March 2014 legal ruling, the AMP Board of Trustees on April 15, 2014 and the AMPGS participants on April 16, 2014 approved the collection of the impaired costs and provided the participants with an estimate of their liability. The Village's estimated share of the impaired costs at March 31, 2014 was \$938,132. The Village received a credit of \$70,925 related to their participation in the AMP Fremont Energy Center (AFEC) Project, and another credit of \$243,355 related to the AMPGS costs deemed to have future benefit for the project participants, classified as Plant Held for Future Use (PHFU) leaving an estimated net impaired cost balance of \$632,852. Any additional costs (including line-of-credit interest and legal fees) or amounts received related to the project will impact, either positively or negatively, the Village's net impaired cost balance. These amounts will be recorded as they become estimable.

In late 2016, AMP reached a Settlement in the Bechtel Corporation litigation. On December 8, 2016, at the AMPGS Participants meeting, options for the allocation of the Settlement funds were approved. The AMPGS Participants and the AMP Board of Trustees voted to allocate the Settlement among the participants and the AMP General Fund based on each participant's original project share in kW including the AMP General Fund's project share.

Since March 31, 2014, the Village has made payments of \$657,605 to AMP toward its net impaired cost estimate. Also since March 31, 2014, the Village's allocation of additional costs incurred by the project is \$11,366 and interest expense incurred on AMP's line-of-credit of \$22,619, resulting in a net impaired cost estimate at December 31, 2020 of \$232. The Village does have a potential PHFU Liability of \$273,954 resulting in a net potential liability of \$274,186, assuming the assets making up the PHFU (principally the land comprising the Meigs County site) have no value. Stranded costs as well as PHFU costs are subject to change as well as PHFU costs are subject to change, including future borrowings on the AMP line of credit.

Activities include items such negative items as property taxes as well as positive items revenue from leases or sale of all or a portion of the Meigs County site property.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 (Continued)

NOTE 5 – PROPERTY TAX

Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 preceding the October 1 date for which rates are adopted by Village Council. The State Board of Tax Equalization adjusts these rates for inflation. Property taxes are also reduced for applicable homestead and rollback deductions. Homestead and rollback amounts are then paid by the State, and are reflected in the accompanying financial statements as Intergovernmental Receipts. Payments are due to the County by December 31. If the property owner elects to pay semiannually, the first half is due December 31. The second half payment is due the following June 20.

Public utilities are also taxed on personal and real property located within the Village.

The County is responsible for assessing property, and for billing, collecting, and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Village.

NOTE 6 – LOCAL INCOME TAX

The Village levies a municipal income tax of 1.5 percent on substantially all earned income arising from employment, residency, or business activity within the Village as well as certain income of residents earned outside of the Village. Employers within the Village withhold income tax on employee compensation and remit the tax to the Village either monthly or quarterly, as required. Corporations and other individual taxpayers pay estimated taxes quarterly and file a declaration annually. Tax receipts credited to the Village amounted to \$4,051,049 in 2020.

NOTE 7 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

Most Village employees belong to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer plan. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes this plan's benefits, which include postretirement healthcare and survivor and disability benefits.

The Ohio Revised Code also prescribes contribution rates. OPERS members contributed 10% of their gross salaries and the Village contributed an amount equaling 14% of participants' gross salaries. The Village has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2020.

Ohio Police and Fire Retirement System

The Village's full-time Police Officers belong to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F). OP&F is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer plan. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes this plan's benefits, which include postretirement healthcare and survivor and disability benefits.

The Ohio Revised Code also prescribes contribution rates. OP&F participants contributed 12.25% of their wages. The Village contributed to OP&F an amount equal to 19.5% of full-time police members' wages. The Village has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2020.

Social Security

Several Village employees contributed to Social Security. This plan provides retirement benefits, including survivor and disability benefits to participants.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 (Continued)

NOTE 7 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

Employees contributed 6.2 percent of their gross salaries. The Village contributed an amount equal to 6.2 percent of participant's gross salaries. The Village has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2020.

NOTE 8 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Both OPERS and OP&F offer cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment plans, which include multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage, deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement and Medicare Part B premium reimbursements, to qualifying benefit recipients. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for OPERS members in the Traditional Pension Plan and Combined Plan was 0 percent during calendar year 2020. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for OPERS members in the Member Directed Plan was 4.0 percent during calendar year 2020. OP&F contributes 0.5 percent to fund these benefits.

Beginning January 1, 2019, OP&F changed its retiree health care model to a stipend-based health care model. A stipend funded by OP&F was placed in Individual Health Reimbursement Accounts that retirees use to be reimbursed for health care expenses.

NOTE 9 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The Village belongs to the Ohio Plan Risk Management, Inc. (OPRM) (the "Plan"), a non-assessable, unincorporated non-profit associate providing a formalized, jointly administered self-insurance risk management program and other administrative services to Ohio governments ("Members"). The Plan is legally separate from its member governments.

Pursuant to Section 2744.081 of the Ohio Revised Code, the plan provides property, liability, errors and omissions, law enforcement, automobile, excess liability, crime, surety and bond, inland marine and other coverages to its members sold through fourteen appointed independent agents in the State of Ohio.

OPRM coverage programs are developed specific to each member's risk management needs and the related premiums for coverage are determined through the application of uniform underwriting criteria addressing the member's exposure to loss. Effective November 1, 2017, the OPRM retained 47% of the premium and losses on the first \$250,000 casualty treaty and 30% of the first \$1,000,000 property treaty. The OPRM is also participated in a property primary excess of loss treaty. This treaty reimbursed the OPRM 30% for losses between \$200,000 and \$1,000,000. The reimbursement is based on the amount of loss between \$200,000 and \$1,000,000. Effective November 1, 2018, the OPRM the property retention remained unchanged, however, the Plan assumed 100% of the first \$250,000 casualty treaty. Members are only responsible for their self-retention (deductible) amounts, which vary from member to member. Effective November 1, 2019, the OPRM's property retention increased from 30% to 33%, while the casualty treaty remains unchanged and still assumes 100% of the first \$250,000 casualty treaty. OPRM had 776 members as of December 31, 2019.

The Pool's audited financial statements conform with generally accepted accounting principles, and reported the following assets, liabilities and retained earnings at December 31, 2019 (the latest information available).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 (Continued)

NOTE 9 – RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

	OPRM
Assets	\$15,920,504
Liabilities	<u>(11,329,011)</u>
Members' Equity	\$4,591,493

You can read the complete audited financial statements for OPRM at the Plan's website, www.ohioplan.org.

The Village also provides health insurance and dental to full-time employees through a private carrier.

NOTE 10 – JOINT VENTURES WITH EQUITY INTEREST

The Village of Minster is a Financing Participant with an ownership percentage of 1.99 %, and shares participation with forty-one other subdivisions within the State of Ohio in the Ohio Municipal Electric Generation Agency Joint Venture 5 (OMEGA JV5). Financing Participants own undivided interests, as tenants in common, without right of partition in the OMEGA JV5 Project.

Pursuant to the OMEGA Joint Venture JV5 Agreement (Agreement), the participants jointly undertook as Financing Participants, the acquisition, construction, and equipping of OMEGA JV5, including such portions of OMEGA JV5 as have been acquired, constructed or equipped by AMP.

OMEGA JV5 was created to construct a 42 Megawatt (MW) run-of-the-river hydroelectric plant (including 40MW of backup generation) and associated transmission facilities (on the Ohio River near the Bellville, West Virginia Locks and Dam) and sells electricity from its operations to OMEGA JV5 Participants.

Also, pursuant to the Agreement each participant has an obligation to pay its share of debt service on the Beneficial Interest Certificates (Certificates) from the revenues of its electric system, subject only to the prior payment of Operating & Maintenance Expenses (O&M) of each participant's System, and shall be on a parity with any outstanding and future senior electric system revenue bonds, notes or other indebtedness payable from any revenues of the System. On dissolution of OMEGA JV5, the net assets will be shared by the financing participants on a percentage of ownership basis. Under the terms of the Agreement each participant is to fix, charge and collect rates, fees and charges at least sufficient in order to maintain a debt coverage ratio equal to 110% of the sum of OMEGA JV5 debt service and any other outstanding senior lien electric system revenue obligations. As of December 31, 2020, Minster has met their debt coverage obligation.

The Agreement provides that the failure of any JV5 participant to make any payment due by the due date thereof constitutes a default. In the event of a default, OMEGA JV5 may take certain actions including the termination of a defaulting JV5 Participant's entitlement to Project Power. Each Participant may purchase a pro rata share of the defaulting JV5 Participant's entitlement to Project Power, which together with the share of the other non-defaulting JV5 Participants, is equal to the defaulting JV5 Participant's ownership share of the Project, in kilowatts ("Step Up Power") provided that the sum of any such increases shall not exceed, without consent of the non-defaulting JV5 Participant, an accumulated maximum kilowatts equal to 25% of such non-defaulting JV5 Participant's ownership share of the project prior to any such increases.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 (Continued)

NOTE 10 – JOINT VENTURES WITH EQUITY INTEREST (continued)

OMEGA JV5 is managed by AMP, which acts as the joint venture's agent. During 1993 and 2001 AMP issued \$153,415,000 and \$13,899,981 respectively of 30 year fixed rate Beneficial Interest Certificates (Certificates) on behalf of the Financing Participants of OMEGA JV5. The 2001 Certificates accrete to a value of \$56,125,000 on February 15, 2030. The net proceeds of the bond issues were used to construct the OMEGA JV5 Project. On February 17, 2004 the 1993 Certificates were refunded by issuing 2004 Beneficial Interest Refunding Certificates in the amount of \$116,910,000, which resulted in a savings to the membership of \$34,951,833 from the periods 2005 through 2014. On February 15, 2014, all of the 2004 BIRCs were redeemed from funds held under the trust agreement securing the 2004 BIRCs and the proceeds of a promissory note issued to AMP by OMEGA JV5. This was accomplished with a draw on AMP's revolving credit facility. The resulting balance was \$65,891,509 at February 28, 2014. On January 29, 2016, OMEGA JV5 issued the 2016 Beneficial Interest Certificates ("2016 Certificates") in the amount of \$49,745,000 for the purpose of refunding the promissory note to AMP in full. The outstanding amount on the promissory note had been reduced to \$49,243,377 at the time of refunding as compared to its value at December 31, 2015 of \$49,803,187. The promissory note represented the February 2014 redemption of the 2004 Certificates from funds held under the trust agreement securing the 2004 BIRCs.

The Village's net investment to date in OMEGA JV5 was \$59,459 at December 31, 2020. Complete financial statements for OMEGA JV5 may be obtained from AMP or from the State Auditor's website at <u>www.ohioauditor.gov</u>.

NOTE 11 - SEGMENT INFORMATION FOR THE ELECTRIC FUND

The Village maintains two enterprise funds to account for the operation of the electric utility. The table below reflects, in summarized format, the more significant financial data relating to the Electric Fund and the Electric System Upgrade Fund for the year ended December 31, 2020.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 (Continued)

Operating Revenues:	Electric Fund \$12,011,980	Electric System Upgrade \$0	Other Enterprise Funds \$2,525,896	Total Enterprise Funds \$14,537,876
Operating Expenses	007 404	0	000 000	040 500
Personal Service	327,194	0	322,388	649,582
Employee Benefits	168,424	0	142,713	311,137
Contractual Service	10,052,324	0	572,485	10,624,809
Supplies & Material	616,206	0	317,012	933,218
Total Operating Expenses	11,164,148	0	1,354,598	12,518,746
Operating Income / (Loss)	847,832	0	1,171,298	2,019,130
Intergovernmental	0	0	65,377	65,377
Miscellaneous Receipts	0	0	(7,675)	(7,675)
Capital Outlay	(239,899)	(778,667)	(278,996)	(1,297,562)
Sale of Note	0	0	4,648,985	4,648,985
Redemption of Principal	0	0	(5,023,000)	(5,023,000)
Interest Payments	0	0	(326,167)	(326,167)
Transfer In	493,175	500,000	1,166,614	2,159,789
Transfer Out	(500,000)	0	(1,006,614)	(1,506,614)
Net Receipts Over / (Under) Disbursements	601,108	(278,667)	409,822	732,263
Fund Balance, Beginning	3,700,225	641,372	3,263,163	7,604,760
Fund Balance, Ending	4,301,333	362,705	3,672,985	8,337,023

NOTE 12 – TRANSFERS

All of the Village transfers are shown. These transfers require a resolution or ordinance by the Village Council in order for the transfer to be made:

Fund	Transfer In	Transfer Out
General Fund		\$3,025,943
Special Revenue:		
Public Works Department	\$440,000	
Pickleball/Basketball Grant	\$380,000	
Capital Projects:		
Capital Improvements	\$1,552,768	\$650,000
State Issue 1	\$500,000	
Sanitary Sewer Replacement	\$25,000	
Northeast Development	\$125,000	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 (Continued)

Fund Transfer In Transfer Out Enterprise: Water Operating \$500,000 Sewer Operating \$506.614 Electric Operating \$493,175 \$500,000 Swimming Pool \$160,000 Water Plant Expansion \$500,000 WWTP Renovation \$3,614 Debt Service on WWTP \$503,000 Electric System Upgrade \$500,000 \$5,182,557 Total \$5,182,557

NOTE 12 - TRANSFERS (continued)

Transfers out of the Capital Improvement Fund were to pay for capital improvements in other capital projects funds. Transfers out of Enterprise Funds were to other Enterprise Funds for capital improvements or debt service.

NOTE 13 – FUND BALANCES

The fund balance of special revenue funds is restricted. The fund balance of debt service funds and capital projects fund are restricted, committed, or assigned. These restricted, committed, and assigned amounts in the special revenue, debt service, and capital projects funds would include outstanding encumbrances. In the general fund, outstanding encumbrances are considered assigned.

NOTE 14 – CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

For 2020, the Village has made changes to their cash basis reporting model. These changes include modifications to the definition of fiduciary funds, adding a separate Combined Statement of Additions, Deductions and Changes in Fund Balances (Regulatory Cash Basis) -- All Fiduciary Fund Types, and removing the fund balance classifications from the Combined Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balances (Regulatory Cash Basis) -- All Governmental Fund Types.

NOTE 15 – COVID-19 PANDEMIC

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the Village. The impact on the Village's future operating costs, revenues, and any recovery from emergency funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated.

During 2020, the Village received CARES Act funding. Of the amounts received, \$110,000 was subgranted to other governments and local businesses. This amount is reflected as general government expenditures in the Coronavirus Relief Special Revenue Fund on the accompanying financial statements. This page intentionally left blank.



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Village of Minster Auglaize County 5 West Fourth Street Minster, Ohio 45865

To the Village Council:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the cash balances, receipts, and disbursements for each governmental and proprietary fund type and the fiduciary fund type combined total as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and related notes of the Village of Minster, Auglaize County, (the Village) and have issued our report thereon dated May 5, 2021, wherein we noted the Village followed financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permit. We also noted the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures, which may impact subsequent periods of the Village.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the Village's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinions on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the Village's financial statements. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses may exist.

Village of Minster Auglaize County Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the Village's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the financial statements. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Village's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

May 5, 2021



SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2020

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Status	Additional Information
2019-001	Material Weakness – Accuracy of Financial Reporting	Partially Corrected	The Village is working on correcting this issue.
2019-002	Noncompliance Citation / Significant Deficiency – Ohio Rev. Code § 5705.10(D)	Fully Corrected	None



VILLAGE OF MINSTER

AUGLAIZE COUNTY

AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 6/3/2021

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