# CITY OF OBERLIN LORAIN COUNTY, OHIO

**AUDIT REPORT** 

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

James G. Zupka, CPA, Inc.
Certified Public Accountants



88 East Broad Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 IPAReport@ohioauditor.gov (800) 282-0370

Members of City Council City of Oberlin 69 S. Main Street Oberlin, Ohio 44074

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the City of Oberlin, Lorain County, prepared by James G. Zupka, CPA, Inc., for the audit period January 1, 2021 through December 31, 2021. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The City of Oberlin is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

July 28, 2022



### **CITY OF OBERLIN** LORAIN COUNTY, OHIO **AUDIT REPORT**

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of City Council City of Oberlin Oberlin, Ohio The Honorable Keith Faber Auditor of State State of Ohio

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Oberlin, Lorain County, Ohio, (the City) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Oberlin as of December 31, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and the Sustainable Reserve Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* (Government Auditing Standards), issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and Schedules of Net Pension and Postemployment Benefit Liabilities and Pension and Postemployment Benefit Contributions, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 22, 2022, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

James G. Zupka, CPA, Inc. Certified Public Accountants

ames L. Zupka, CPA, Inc.

June 22, 2022

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Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Unaudited

The discussion and analysis of the City of Oberlin's ("the City) financial performance provides an overall review of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the City's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the City's financial performance.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for 2021 are as follows:

- □ In total, net position increased \$8,368,325. Net position of governmental activities increased \$4,666,878 from 2020. Net position of business-type activities increased \$3,701,447 from 2020.
- □ General revenues accounted for \$11.8 million in revenue or 35% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted for 65% of total revenues of \$34.3 million.
- □ The City had \$11.5 million in expenses related to governmental activities; only \$4.8 million of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services and sales, grants or contributions. General revenues (primarily taxes) of \$11.4 million were adequate to provide for these programs.
- □ Among major funds, the general fund had \$9.6 million in revenues and \$9.6 million in expenditures. The general fund's fund balance, including other financing sources and uses, decreased \$527,231 to \$14,098,681.

#### OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of two parts – management's discussion and analysis and the basic financial statements. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the City:

These statements are as follows:

- 1. <u>The Government-Wide Financial Statements</u> These statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the City's overall financial status.
- 2. <u>The Fund Financial Statements</u> These statements focus on individual parts of the City, reporting the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements.

Unaudited

#### **Government-wide Statements**

The government-wide statements report information about the City as a whole using accepted methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the government's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the City's net position and how they have changed. Net-position (the difference between the City's assets plus deferred outflows of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources) is one way to measure the City's financial health or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating.
- To assess the overall health of the City, additional nonfinancial factors such as property tax base, current property tax laws, conditions of the City's infrastructure and continued growth within the City need to be considered.

The government-wide financial statements of the City are divided into two categories:

- <u>Governmental Activities</u> Most of the City's programs and services are reported here including security of persons and property, public health and welfare services, leisure time activities, community environment, basic utility services, transportation and general government.
- <u>Business-Type Activities</u> These services are provided on a charge for services and sales basis to recover all of the expenses of the goods or services provided. The City's water, sanitary sewer, storm water, electric, refuse and cable services are reported as business-type activities.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the City's most significant funds, not the City as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the City uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

Governmental Funds – Most of the City's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance municipal services programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

Unaudited

*Proprietary Funds* – Proprietary funds use the same basis of accounting as business-type activities; therefore, these statements will essentially match.

Fiduciary Funds – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. All of the City's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and a Statement of Change in Net Position.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY AS A WHOLE

The following table provides a comparison of net position between 2021 and 2020:

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total		
	71011	rices	7 Tetty ties			<u></u>	
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	
Current and other assets	\$22,824,875	\$24,259,711	\$19,741,006	\$17,435,140	\$42,565,881	\$41,694,851	
Capital assets, Net	31,862,520	27,550,697	24,283,272	25,265,310	56,145,792	52,816,007	
Total assets	54,687,395	51,810,408	44,024,278	42,700,450	98,711,673	94,510,858	
Deferred outflows of resource	1,964,557	2,538,908	542,810	985,864	2,507,367	3,524,772	
Net pension liability	8,145,211	9,175,306	2,666,532	3,653,640	10,811,743	12,828,946	
Net OPEB liability	722,278	3,887,283	0	2,572,151	722,278	6,459,434	
Other long-term liabilities	6,599,004	6,598,135	2,780,129	2,997,082	9,379,133	9,595,217	
Other liabilities	1,218,005	620,064	467,760	478,528	1,685,765	1,098,592	
Total liabilities	16,684,498	20,280,788	5,914,421	9,701,401	22,598,919	29,982,189	
Deferred inflows of resources	4,864,875	3,632,827	2,510,419	1,544,112	7,375,294	5,176,939	
Net position:							
Net investment in capital asse	26,580,638	22,266,039	22,105,927	22,839,369	48,686,565	45,105,408	
Restricted	2,082,507	3,473,087	0	0	2,082,507	3,473,087	
Unrestricted	6,439,434	4,696,575	14,036,321	9,601,432	20,475,755	14,298,007	
Total net position	\$35,102,579	\$30,435,701	\$36,142,248	\$32,440,801	\$71,244,827	\$62,876,502	

The net pension liability (NPL) is reported by the City pursuant to GASB Statement 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an Amendment of GASB Statement 27." In 2018, the City adopted GASB Statement 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions," which significantly revises accounting for costs and liabilities related to other postemployment benefits (OPEB). For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the City's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and OPEB, the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board standards are national and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Prior accounting for pensions (GASB 27) and postemployment benefits (GASB 45) focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension and OPEB costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's *net pension liability* or *net OPEB liability*.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Unaudited

GASB 68 and GASB 75 take an earnings approach to pension and OPEB accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension/OPEB plans and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

GASB 68 and GASB 75 require the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability to equal the City's proportionate share of each plan's collective:

- 1. Present value of estimated future pension/OPEB benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service
- 2. Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits

GASB notes that pension and OPEB obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" – that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension and other postemployment benefits. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the City is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of these liabilities. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The Ohio revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer's promise is limited not by contract but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the retirement system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension/OPEB plan as against the public employer. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. The retirement system is responsible for the administration of the pension and OPEB plans.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability or the net OPEB liability. As explained above, changes in benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of these liabilities, but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability are satisfied, these liabilities are separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

In accordance with GASB 68 and GASB 75, the City's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense and an annual OPEB expense for their proportionate share of each plan's *change* in net pension liability and net OPEB liability, respectively, not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows. As a result of implementing GASB 75, the City is reporting a net OPEB liability and deferred inflows/outflows of resources related to OPEB on the accrual basis of accounting.

Unaudited

Changes in Net position – The following table shows the changes in net position for the fiscal year 2021 and 2020:

	Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities		Total	
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	
Revenues							
Program revenues:	4 500 050	<b>*** *** ** ** * * * * *</b>	44 <b>2</b> 4 <b>2</b> 400	445 440 005	*** *** ***	010010 ===	
Charges for Services and Sales	1,692,050	\$1,714,740	\$17,652,689	\$17,128,037	\$19,344,739	\$18,842,777	
Operating Grants and Contributions	331,470	1,246,201	0	0	331,470	1,246,201	
Capital Grants and Contributions	2,736,502	299,772	0	5,571	2,736,502	305,343	
General revenues:							
Property Taxes	932,374	894,670	372,264	359,092	1,304,638	1,253,762	
Municipal Income Taxes	8,213,730	7,513,608	0	0	8,213,730	7,513,608	
Grants and Entitlements not							
Restricted to Specific Programs	868,970	723,172	0	0	868,970	723,172	
Investment Earnings	52,237	710,926	0	0	52,237	710,926	
Miscellaneous	1,409,235	1,097,309	0	0	1,409,235	1,097,309	
Total revenues	16,236,568	14,200,398	18,024,953	17,492,700	34,261,521	31,693,098	
Program Expenses							
Security of Persons and Property	4,250,480	5,008,934	0	0	4,250,480	5,008,934	
Public Health and Welfare Services	163,478	238,197	0	0	163,478	238,197	
Leisure Time Activities	406,126	591,257	0	0	406,126	591,257	
Community Environment	567,226	578,257	0	0	567,226	578,257	
Basic Utility Services	202,902	298,118	0	0	202,902	298,118	
Transportation	2,372,360	2,570,087	0	0	2,372,360	2,570,087	
General Government	3,363,824	4,844,298	0	0	3,363,824	4,844,298	
Interest and Fiscal Charges	185,384	155,066	0	0	185,384	155,066	
Cable	0	0	16,726	12,265	16,726	12,265	
Water	0	0	1,341,918	1,948,319	1,341,918	1,948,319	
Sewer	0	0	1,140,637	2,167,724	1,140,637	2,167,724	
Refuse	0	0	673,784	950,719	673,784	950,719	
Electric	0	0	10,945,660	11,791,504	10,945,660	11,791,504	
Storm Water	0	0	262,691	359,618	262,691	359,618	
Total expenses	11,511,780	14,284,214	14,381,416	17,230,149	25,893,196	31,514,363	
Excess (deficiency) before							
Transfers	4,724,788	(83,816)	3,643,537	262,551	8,368,325	178,735	
Transfers In (Out)	(57,910)	(47,271)	57,910	47,271	0	0	
Total Change in Net Position	4,666,878	(131,087)	3,701,447	309,822	8,368,325	178,735	
Beginning Net Position	30,435,701	30,566,788	32,440,801	32,130,979	62,876,502	62,697,767	
<b>Ending Net Position</b>	\$35,102,579	\$30,435,701	\$36,142,248	\$32,440,801	\$71,244,827	\$62,876,502	

Unaudited

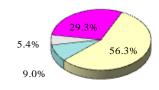
#### **Governmental Activities**

Net position of the City's governmental activities had an increase of \$4,666,878. Much of this increase was due to a plan design change with the OPERS OPEB plan. OPERS no longer offers a self-insured OPEB plan to its retirees. Instead, retirees receive a monthly fixed stipend based on their eligibility. As a result, the OPERS OPEB 2020 net liability converted to a net asset in 2021 with the offset recognized as a reduction in OPEB expense.

The City also receives a municipal income tax, which is based on 2.5% of all salaries, wages, commissions and other compensation earned from residents living within the City and from nonresidents for work done or services performed or rendered in the City.

Property taxes and municipal income taxes made up 6% and 51%, respectively, of revenues for governmental activities for the City in fiscal year 2021. The City's reliance upon tax revenues is demonstrated by the following graph indicating 56% of total revenues from general tax revenues:

		Percent
Revenue Sources	2021	of Total
Grants and Entitlements not		
Restricted to Specific Programs	\$868,970	5.4%
Program Revenues	4,760,022	29.3%
General Tax Revenues	9,146,104	56.3%
General Other	1,461,472	9.0%
Total Revenue	\$16,236,568	100.00%



#### **Business-Type Activities**

Net position of the business-type activities increased by \$3,701,447. There was a slight increase in user charges from 2020 to 2021, but just as mentioned above in the governmental activities, most of this increase can be attributed to the change in the OPERS OPEB plan for the business type City employees. User rates in the enterprise funds, other than electric, are evaluated annually by management according to rate formulas approved by the legislative body. Changes to user rates are made annually when necessary to keep pace with increased operational and capital costs. The generation component of the electric rates is adjusted monthly to reflect changes in fuel and other variable costs. Periodic rate studies are used to adjust the remaining components of the electric rates. A recent electric rate study changed rates effective January 1, 2021.

Unaudited

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

The City's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$20,410,375, which is a decrease from last year's balance of \$22,756,886. The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance by fund type as of December 31, 2021 and 2020:

	Fund Balance	Fund Balance	Increase
	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	(Decrease)
General	\$14,098,681	\$14,625,912	(\$527,231)
Sustainable Reserve	1,650,898	2,322,037	(671,139)
Income Tax	1,512,634	1,867,819	(355,185)
Other Governmental	3,148,162	3,941,118	(792,956)
Total	\$20,410,375	\$22,756,886	(\$2,346,511)

General Fund – The City's General Fund balance increase is due to many factors. The tables that follow assist in illustrating the financial activities and balance of the General Fund:

2020	Increase
Revenues	(Decrease)
\$5,954,325	\$522,228
708,470	112,682
471,233	(154,135)
198,622	60,298
749,184	(704,976)
6,260	(5,056)
540,608	94,584
1,068,883	(31,282)
\$9,697,585	(\$105,657)
	\$5,954,325 708,470 471,233 198,622 749,184 6,260 540,608 1,068,883

General Fund revenues in 2021 decreased by \$105,657, a 1.2% decrease compared to revenues in fiscal year 2020. The largest decrease took place in investment earnings. Much of this can be attributed to a downturn in the market during 2021 related to several factors such as delays in national supply chains and the COVID-19 pandemic carryover.

	2021	2020	Increase
	Expenditures	Expenditures	(Decrease)
Security of Persons and Property	\$3,881,382	\$2,950,526	\$930,856
Public Health and Welfare Services	216,080	173,829	42,251
Leisure Time Activities	560,023	420,802	139,221
Community Environment	668,418	518,093	150,325
Transportation	235,799	229,762	6,037
General Government	4,077,658	4,022,790	54,868
Total	\$9,639,360	\$8,315,802	\$1,323,558

General Fund expenditures increased by \$1,323,558 compared to the prior year mostly due to an increase in salaries for police and fire personnel. A portion of the 2020 police and fire salaries were expended from the Coronavirus Relief Fund.

For the Income Tax Fund, the fund balance decrease of \$355,185 is related to an increase in capital expenditures from 2020 to 2021.

Unaudited

Increase

The City's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2021, the City amended its General Fund budget several times, to adjust for various appropriations.

For the General Fund, final budget basis revenue of \$9.4 million, not including other financing sources, did not change from the original budget. The General Fund had an adequate fund balance to cover expenditures.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal 2021, the City had \$56,145,792 net of accumulated depreciation invested in land, improvements other than buildings, infrastructure, buildings, machinery and equipment and construction in progress. Of this total, \$31,862,520 was related to governmental activities and \$24,283,272 to the business-type activities. The following table shows fiscal year 2021 and 2020 balances:

Covernmental

	Governmental		Increase	
	Activ	ities	(Decrease)	
	2021	2020		
Land	\$2,520,437	\$2,502,285	\$18,152	
Construction in Progress	2,361,382	396,412	1,964,970	
Buildings	17,057,895	14,313,495	2,744,400	
Improvements Other Than Buildings	1,274,234	1,274,234	0	
Machinery and Equipment	8,020,458	7,925,642	94,816	
Infrastructure	38,632,927	37,696,571	936,356	
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(38,004,813)	(36,557,942)	(1,446,871)	
Totals	\$31,862,520	\$27,550,697	\$4,311,823	
	Business	s-Type	Increase	
	Busines: Activ	* *	Increase (Decrease)	
	Activ	ities		
		* *		
Land	Activ	ities		
Land Construction in Progress	Activ	2020	(Decrease)	
	2021 \$733,331	2020 \$666,812	(Decrease) \$66,519	
Construction in Progress	2021 \$733,331 427,670	2020 \$666,812 518,656	(Decrease) \$66,519 (90,986)	
Construction in Progress Buildings	2021 \$733,331 427,670 8,678,849	2020 \$666,812 518,656 8,419,583	(Decrease) \$66,519 (90,986) 259,266	
Construction in Progress Buildings Infrastructure	2021 \$733,331 427,670 8,678,849 19,062,480	2020 \$666,812 518,656 8,419,583 18,887,520	\$66,519 (90,986) 259,266 174,960	
Construction in Progress Buildings Infrastructure Improvements Other Than Buildings	2021 \$733,331 427,670 8,678,849 19,062,480 3,154,544	2020 \$666,812 518,656 8,419,583 18,887,520 3,253,013	\$66,519 (90,986) 259,266 174,960 (98,469)	
Construction in Progress Buildings Infrastructure Improvements Other Than Buildings Machinery and Eqiupment	2021 \$733,331 427,670 8,678,849 19,062,480 3,154,544 23,644,746	2020 \$666,812 518,656 8,419,583 18,887,520 3,253,013 23,677,675	\$66,519 (90,986) 259,266 174,960 (98,469) (32,929)	

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Unaudited

The governmental and business-type activities decrease in capital assets was mostly related to the annual depreciation expense and annual budgeted capital improvements. Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 11.

#### Long-Term Obligations

At December 31, 2021, the City had \$4.8 million in bonds outstanding, with \$590,000 being due within one year. The following table summarizes the City's long-term obligations outstanding as of December 31, 2021 and 2020:

	2021	2020
Governmental Activities:		
General Obligation Bonds	\$4,825,000	\$4,824,911
OPWC Loans Payable	456,882	503,431
Net Pension Liability	8,145,211	9,175,306
Net OPEB Liability	722,278	3,887,283
Compensated Absences	1,317,122	1,269,793
Total Governmental Activities	15,466,493	19,660,724
Business-Type Activities:		
OWDA Loans Payable	\$2,177,345	\$2,425,941
Net Pension Liability	2,666,532	3,653,640
Net OPEB Liability	0	2,572,151
Compensated Absences	602,784	571,141
Total Business-Type Activities	5,446,661	9,222,873
Totals	\$20,913,154	\$28,883,597

State statutes limit the amount of unvoted general obligation debt the City may issue. The aggregate amount of the City's unvoted debt is also subject to overlapping debt restrictions with other political subdivisions. The actual aggregate amount of the City's unvoted debt, when added to that of other political subdivisions within the County, is limited to ten mills. At December 31, 2021, the City's outstanding debt was below the legal limit. Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 15.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Unaudited

#### ECONOMIC FACTORS

The City's original budget for 2021 utilized conservative revenue estimates with increases in base operating costs. Expenditures were projected to exceed revenues in some of the funds, including the General Fund. City Council decided they wanted to maintain current service levels to the residents of the City by utilizing reserve fund balances. Original General Fund revenues were projected to be 2.7% more than the actual receipts for 2020. This was due primarily to conservative based budgeting.

General Fund expenditures were originally budgeted at 24.5% more than 2020 actual expenditures. Actual expenditures were higher than anticipated largely due to the non-financed cash purchase of a fire rescue vehicle.

The City took advantage of the low interest rate market in 2021 to refund the 2010 Various Purpose bonds, approximately \$3 million, the 2015 Service Center refunding bonds, approximately \$1.9 million, and issue new bonds, approximately \$1.3 million, to pay the costs of replacing the City's Fire Ladder truck.

City Council continues to pursue securing existing, and establishing new, revenue sources, while also focusing on reducing expenditures and continuing the community's commitment towards environmental sustainability. City Council continues to maintain the fiscal stability of the City by utilizing a conservative approach towards budgeting and keeping a close watch on economic conditions. The City's conservative approach and sound financial management has allowed the City government to financially sustain services throughout the COVID-19 crisis and lagging effects of the pandemic. The City will continue to monitor the financial extent of any further lagging effects of the pandemic for any extended financial effects, and if necessary, modify operations accordingly.

#### REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact the Finance Director, Sal Talarico, by calling 440-775-7210 or writing to City of Oberlin Finance Department, 69 South Main Street, Oberlin, Ohio 44074.

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# Statement of Net Position December 31, 2021

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Assets:			
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$ 19,495,020	\$ 15,963,299	\$ 35,458,319
Receivables:			
Taxes	2,816,733	379,534	3,196,267
Accounts	46,294	1,345,874	1,392,168
Intergovernmental	610,900	17,351	628,251
Interest	80,995	0	80,995
Special Assessments	6,324	4,397	10,721
Loans	195,653	0	195,653
Internal Balances	(990,063)	990,063	0
Inventory of Supplies at Cost	75,682	459,449	535,131
Prepaid Items	63,805	35,327	99,132
Capital Assets:			
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	4,881,819	1,161,001	6,042,820
Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	26,980,701	23,122,271	50,102,972
Net OPEB Asset	423,532	322,860	746,392
Investment in Joint Venture	0	222,852	222,852
<b>Total Assets</b>	54,687,395	44,024,278	98,711,673
Deferred Outflows of Resources:			
Pension	1,263,843	383,718	1,647,561
OPEB	700,714	159,092	859,806
<b>Total Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>	1,964,557	542,810	2,507,367
Liabilities:			
Accounts Payable	365,149	291,125	656,274
Accrued Wages and Benefits	131,674	69,280	200,954
Intergovernmental Payable	154,737	107,355	262,092
Due to Others	131,988	0	131,988
Unearned Revenue	429,427	0	429,427
Accrued Interest Payable	5,030	0	5,030
Long-Term Liabilities:			
Due Within One Year	1,093,449	498,074	1,591,523
Net Pension Liability	8,145,211	2,666,532	10,811,743
Net OPEB Liability	722,278	0	722,278
Due in More Than One Year	5,505,555	2,282,055	7,787,610
<b>Total Liabilities</b>	16,684,498	5,914,421	22,598,919

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	 Total
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources:</b>			
Property Tax Levy for Next Fiscal Year	1,044,282	356,738	1,401,020
Pension	2,147,082	1,167,204	3,314,286
OPEB	1,673,511	986,477	 2,659,988
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	4,864,875	2,510,419	7,375,294
Net Position:			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	26,580,638	22,105,927	48,686,565
Restricted For:			
Capital Projects	1,367,518	0	1,367,518
Debt Service	270,460	0	270,460
Other Purposes	444,529	0	444,529
Unrestricted	6,439,434	14,036,321	20,475,755
<b>Total Net Position</b>	\$ 35,102,579	\$ 36,142,248	\$ 71,244,827

# Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

			Program Revenues					
			Charges for		(	Operating	Ca	pital Grants
			S	Services and		rants and	and	
		Expenses		Sales	Contributions		Co	ontributions
<b>Governmental Activities:</b>								
Current:								
Security of Persons and Property	\$	4,250,480	\$	74,857	\$	0	\$	0
Public Health and Welfare Services		163,478		51,250		0		0
Leisure Time Activities		406,126		17,565		0		2,580,859
Community Environment		567,226		201,800		0		0
Basic Utility Services		202,902		2,516		0		0
Transportation		2,372,360	182,665		331,470		155,64	
General Government		3,363,824		1,161,397		0	0	
Interest and Fiscal Charges		185,384		0		0		0
<b>Total Governmental Activities</b>		11,511,780		1,692,050	331,470			2,736,502
<b>Business-Type Activities:</b>								
Cable		16,726		22,645		0		0
Water		1,341,918		2,002,905		0	0	
Sewer		1,140,637		1,592,682		0		0
Refuse		673,784		835,667		0		0
Electric		10,945,660	12,881,014		881,014 0			0
Storm Water		262,691		317,776	0			0
<b>Total Business-Type Activities</b>		14,381,416		17,652,689		0		0
Totals	\$	25,893,196	\$	19,344,739	\$	331,470	\$	2,736,502

#### **General Revenues**

Property Taxes

Municipal Income Taxes

Grants and Entitlements not Restricted to Specific Programs

Investment Earnings

Miscellaneous

Transfers

Total General Revenues and Transfers

Change in Net Position

Net Position Beginning of Year

Net Position End of Year

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
\$ (4,175,623)	\$ 0	\$ (4,175,623)
(112,228)	0	(112,228)
2,192,298	0	2,192,298
(365,426)	0	(365,426)
(200,386)	0	(200,386)
(1,702,582)	0	(1,702,582)
(2,202,427)	0	(2,202,427)
(185,384)	0	(185,384)
(6,751,758)	0	(6,751,758)
0	5,919	5,919
0	660,987	660,987
0	452,045	452,045
0	161,883	161,883
0	1,935,354	1,935,354
0	55,085	55,085
0	3,271,273	3,271,273
(6,751,758)	3,271,273	(3,480,485)
932,374	372,264	1,304,638
8,213,730	0	8,213,730
868,970	0	868,970
52,237	0	52,237
1,409,235	0	1,409,235
(57,910)	57,910	0
11,418,636	430,174	11,848,810
4,666,878	3,701,447	8,368,325
30,435,701	32,440,801	62,876,502
\$ 35,102,579	\$ 36,142,248	\$ 71,244,827

# Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2021

	General	Reserve	Income Tax	
Assets:				
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$ 12,918,671	\$ 1,652,099	\$ 1,077,093	
Receivables:				
Taxes	1,813,505	0	479,991	
Accounts	46,294	0	0	
Intergovernmental	249,232	0	0	
Interest	80,995	0	0	
Special Assessments	5,725	0	599	
Loans	24,334	0	0	
Interfund Loans Receivables	96,980	0	0	
Inventory of Supplies, at Cost	6,204	0	0	
Prepaid Items	62,991	0	0	
<b>Total Assets</b>	\$ 15,304,931	\$ 1,652,099	\$ 1,557,683	
Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable	121,924	0	44,450	
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable	77,748	1,201	0	
Intergovernmental Payable	154,737	0	0	
Due to Others	0	0	0	
Interfund Loans Payable	0	0	0	
Unearned Revenue	0	0	0	
Total Liabilities	354,409	1,201	44,450	
Total Lamittes	334,407			
Deferred Inflows of Resources:				
Unavailable Amounts	307,884	0	599	
Property Tax for Next Fiscal Year	543,957	0	0	
<b>Total Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>	851,841	0	599	
Fund Balances:				
Nonspendable	69,195	0	0	
Restricted	0	0	0	
Committed	555,066	1,650,898	1,512,634	
Assigned	1,932,185	0	0	
Unassigned	11,542,235	0	0	
<b>Total Fund Balances</b>	14,098,681	1,650,898	1,512,634	
<b>Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows</b>				
of Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 15,304,931	\$ 1,652,099	\$ 1,557,683	

Go	Other overnmental Funds	G	Total covernmental Funds
\$	3,716,751	\$	19,364,614
	523,237 0		2,816,733 46,294
	361,668		610,900
	0		80,995
	0		6,324
	171,319		195,653
	0		96,980
	69,478		75,682
	0		62,991
\$	4,842,453	\$	23,357,166
	100.027		255 201
	188,827 49,598		355,201 128,547
	49,398		128,347
	131,988		134,737
	67,205		67,205
	429,427		429,427
-	867,045		1,267,105
	007,043	_	1,207,103
	326,921		635,404
	500,325		1,044,282
	827,246		1,679,686
	96,737		165,932
	2,411,167		2,411,167
	722,221		4,440,819
	1,531		1,933,716
	(83,494)		11,458,741
	3,148,162		20,410,375
	2,1.0,102	_	20,.10,070
\$	4,842,453	\$	23,357,166

# Reconciliation Of Total Governmental Fund Balances To Net Position Of Governmental Activities December 31, 2021

Total Governmental Fund Balances		\$ 20,410,375
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because		
Capital Assets used in governmental activities are not		
resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		29,167,673
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-		
period expenditures and therefore are unavailable revenues in the	funds.	
Delinquent Property Taxes	59,092	
Charges for Services	195,652	
Interest Revenues	74,566	
Special Assessments	6,324	
Intergovernmental	299,770	635,404
The net pension/OPEB liability is not due and payable in the cur	rrent period	
and the net OPEB asset is not available for spending in the curre		
therefore, the liability and related deferred inflows/outflows are r		
reported in governmental funds:		
Net OPEB Asset	410,013	
Deferred Outflows - Pension	1,247,775	
Deferred Inflows - Pension	(2,098,211)	
Deferred Outflows - OPEB	694,054	
Deferred Inflows - OPEB	(1,632,205)	
Net Pension Liability	(8,033,556)	
Net OPEB Liability	(722,278)	(10,134,408)
Accrued interest on outstanding debt is not due and payable in		
the current period and, therefore, is not reported in the funds,		
it is reported when due.		(5,030)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge		
the costs of servicing vehicles and purchasing office supplies		
to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal		
service funds are included in governmental activities		
in the statement of net position.		1,603,213
in the statement of het position.		1,003,213
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due		
and pay able in the current period and therefore are not		
reported in the funds.		
General Obligation Bonds Payable	(4,825,000)	
Ohio Public Works Commission Loan Payable	(456,882)	
Compensated Absences Payable	(1,292,766)	 (6,574,648)
Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 35,102,579

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# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	General	Sustainable Reserve	Income Tax		
Revenues:	General	Reserve			
Property Taxes	\$ 563,989	\$ 0	\$ 0		
Municipal Income Tax	5,912,564	0	2,301,166		
Intergovernmental Revenues	821,152	0	0		
Charges for Services	317,098	0	0		
Licenses and Permits	258,920	0	0		
Investment Earnings	44,208	0	0		
Special Assessments	1,204	0	73		
Fines and Forfeitures	635,192	0	0		
All Other Revenue	1,037,601	2,464	415,439		
<b>Total Revenues</b>	9,591,928	2,464	2,716,678		
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Security of Persons and Property	3,881,382	0	0		
Public Health and Welfare Services	216,080	0	0		
Leisure Time Activities	560,023	0	0		
Community Environment	668,418	0	0		
Basic Utility Services	0	0	0		
Transportation	235,799 0		0		
General Government	4,077,658	673,603	0		
Capital Outlay	0	0	3,639,682		
Debt Service:					
Principal Retirement	0	0	0		
Interest & Fiscal Charges	0	0	0		
<b>Total Expenditures</b>	9,639,360	673,603	3,639,682		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over Expenditures	(47,432)	(671,139)	(923,004)		
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Sale of Capital Assets	9,462	0	0		
General Obligation Bonds Issued	0	0	1,239,805		
Transfers In	0	0	300,000		
Transfers Out	(487,557)	0	(971,986)		
<b>Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)</b>	(478,095)	0	567,819		
Net Change in Fund Balances	(525,527)	(671,139)	(355,185)		
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	14,625,912	2,322,037	1,867,819		
Decrease in Inventory Reserve	(1,704)	0	0		
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 14,098,681	\$ 1,650,898	\$ 1,512,634		

Total
vernmental
Funds
916,892
8,213,730
1,332,604
321,987
258,920
47,016
23,976
716,365
1,753,348
3,584,838
4,290,873
216,080
560,023
710,252
262,645
694,990
4,801,868
4,097,691
4,097,091
5,413,904
165,796
1,214,122
, ,
7,629,284)
7,027,204)
20.565
38,565
5,385,000
2,068,023
2,199,125)
5,292,463
2,336,821)
2,756,886
(9,690)
0,410,375

### Reconciliation Of The Statement Of Revenues, Expenditures And Changes In Fund Balances Of Governmental Funds To The Statement Of Activities For The Year Ended December 31, 2021

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$ (2,336,821)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation in the current period.  Capital Outlay  Depreciation	3,895,685 (2,115,484)	1,780,201
Governmental funds only report the disposal of assets to the extent proceeds are received from the sale. In the statement of activities, a gain or loss is reported for each disposal. This is the amount of the loss on the disposal of capital assets net of proceeds received.		(26,960)
Donations of capital assets increase net position in the statement of activities, but do not appear in the governmental funds because they are not financial resources.		2,657,051
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current		
financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	15.400	
Delinquent Property Taxes	15,482	
Charges for Services	(17,440)	
Special Assessments	5,564	
Interest	5,221	22 206
Intergovernmental  Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows:  Pension  OPEB	23,479 872,921 9,587	32,306 882,508
Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension and OPEB liabilities and net OPEB asset are reported as pension/OPEB expense in the statement of activities:	(404 200)	
Pension OPEB	(484,380) 2,347,649	1,863,269
		(Continued)

The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, but has no effect on net position. In addition, repayment of bond and loan principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.

statement of net position.		
General Obligation Bonds Principal	5,350,000	
General Obligation Bonds Issued	(5,385,000)	
OPWC Loan Principal	46,549	
Amortization of Deferred Loss on Refunding Bonds	(43,684)	
Amortization of Premium on G.O, Bonds	34,911	2,776
Interest is reported as an expenditure when due in the governmental		
funds but is accrued on outstanding debt on the statement of net position.		
Premiums are reported as revenues when the debt is first issued;		
however, these amounts are deferred and amortized on the		
statement of net position.		
Accrued Interest Payable		6,540
Some expenses reported on the statement of activities do not		
require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are		
not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Decrease in Supplies Inventory	(9,690)	
Increase in Compensated Absences Payable	(46,360)	(56,050)
The internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of		
services to individual funds and is not reported in the statement of activities.		
Governmental fund expenditures and related internal service fund		
revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal		
service funds are allocated among the governmental activities.		 (137,942)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 4,666,878

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) General Fund For The Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Property Taxes	\$ 573,332	\$ 573,332	\$ 563,989	\$ (9,343)
Municipal Income Tax	5,739,000	5,739,000	5,799,552	60,552
Intergovernmental Revenue	763,061	763,061	809,137	46,076
Charges for Services	132,500	132,500	282,227	149,727
Licenses and Permits	229,700	229,700	251,893	22,193
Investment Earnings	325,000	325,000	449,900	124,900
Special Assessments	1,000	1,000	1,204	204
Fines and Forfeitures	690,000	690,000	638,460	(51,540)
All Other Revenues	908,933	908,933	871,601	(37,332)
Total Revenues	9,362,526	9,362,526	9,667,963	305,437
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Security of Persons and Property	4,059,472	4,079,059	3,960,292	118,767
Public Health and Welfare Services	180,305	226,076	218,353	7,723
Leisure Time Activities	696,871	682,991	569,598	113,393
Community Environment	864,719	864,718	728,734	135,984
Transportation	239,920	239,920	235,799	4,121
General Government	4,408,163	4,931,542	4,444,566	486,976
Total Expenditures	10,449,450	11,024,306	10,157,342	866,964
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,086,924)	(1,661,780)	(489,379)	1,172,401
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Sale of Capital Assets	0	0	9,462	9,462
Transfers Out	(175,683)	(512,542)	(487,557)	24,985
Advances In	525,000	525,000	234,016	(290,984)
Advances Out	(525,000)	(493,846)	(96,980)	396,866
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses):	(175,683)	(481,388)	(341,059)	140,329
Net Change In Fund Balance	(1,262,607)	(2,143,168)	(830,438)	1,312,730
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	11,980,947	11,980,947	11,980,947	0
Prior Year Encumbrances	323,043	323,043	323,043	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 11,041,383	\$ 10,160,822	\$ 11,473,552	\$ 1,312,730

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Sustainable Reserve Fund For The Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
All Other Revenues	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 2,464	\$ 2,464
Total Revenues	0	0	2,464	2,464
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General Government	1,790,786	1,790,785	1,513,060	277,725
Total Expenditures	1,790,786	1,790,785	1,513,060	277,725
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,790,786)	(1,790,785)	(1,510,596)	280,189
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	1,598,535	1,598,535	1,598,535	0
Prior Year Encumbrances	726,826	726,826	726,826	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 534,575	\$ 534,576	\$ 814,765	\$ 280,189

# Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds December 31, 2021

### Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds

	Wate	er		Sewer		Electric		Refuse
Assets:								
Current Assets:								
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$ 1,87	4,594	\$	3,576,884	\$	8,948,993	\$	466,906
Receivables:								
Taxes		0		0		0		379,534
Accounts	17	0,601		136,384		960,452		73,753
Intergovernmental		0		0		0		17,351
Special Assessments		1,699		2,098		0		0
Inventory of Supplies at Cost	3	9,144		1,200		419,105		0
Prepaid Items		7,763		7,576		15,354		3,515
Total Current Assets	2,09	3,801		3,724,142		10,343,904	'	941,059
Non Current Assets:								
Capital Assets, Net	9,88	0,950		7,478,085		3,777,571		1,143,387
Investment in Joint Venture		0		0		222,852		0
Net OPEB Asset	7	5,130		57,015		155,310		20,774
<b>Total Assets</b>	12,04	9,881		11,259,242		14,499,637		2,105,220
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources:</b>								
Pension	8	9,290		67,764		184,584		24,693
OPEB	3	7,020		28,102		76,525		10,239
<b>Total Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>	12	6,310		95,866		261,109		34,932
Liabilities:								
Current Liabilities:								
Accounts Payable	5	5,302		23,958		177,794		10,321
Accrued Wages and Benefits	1	6,328		13,092		33,191		4,510
Intergovernmental Payable		0		0		0		0
Interfund Loans Payable		0		0		0		29,775
Compensated Absences Payable - Current	5	6,687		39,957		131,445		16,393
Ohio Water Development Authority Loans - Current	25	3,592		0		0		0
Total Current Liabilities	38	1,909		77,007		342,430	'	60,999
Long Term Liabilities:								
Compensated Absences Payable	7	5,337		66,891		190,237		25,837
Net Pension Liability	62	0,493		470,901		1,282,722		171,586
OWDA Loans Payable	1,92	3,753		0	_	0	_	0
Total Liabilities	3,00	1,492		614,799		1,815,389		258,422

	orm Water		Other Enterprise		Total		vernmental ctivities - ernal Service Funds
510	orm Water		interprise		10141		Fullus
\$	950,896	\$	145,026	\$	15,963,299	\$	130,406
	0		0		379,534		0
	0		4,684		1,345,874		0
	0		0		17,351		0
	600		0		4,397		0
	0		0		459,449		0
	1,119		0		35,327		814
	952,615		149,710		18,205,231		131,220
	2,003,279		0		24,283,272		2,694,847
	0		0		222,852		0
	14,631		0		322,860		13,519
	2,970,525		149,710		43,034,215		2,839,586
	17,387		0		383,718		16,068
	7,206		0		159,092		6,660
	24,593		0		542,810		22,728
	21,626		2,124		291,125		9,948
	2,159		0		69,280		3,127
	107,355		0		107,355		0
	0		0		29,775		0
	0		0		244,482		4,031
	0		0		253,592		0
	131,140		2,124		995,609		17,106
	_		_		270.25		
	0		0		358,302		20,325
	120,830		0		2,666,532		111,655
	251.070		0		1,923,753		140,096
	251,970	-	2,124		5,944,196		149,086

(Continued)

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds December 31, 2021

## Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds

	Water	Sewer	Electric	Refuse
Deferred Inflows of Resources:				
Property Tax for Next Fiscal Year	0	0	0	356,738
Pension	271,588	206,380	561,239	75,153
OPEB	229,549	174,208	474,540	63,479
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	501,137	380,588	1,035,779	495,370
Net Position:				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	7,703,605	7,478,085	3,777,571	1,143,387
Unrestricted	969,957	2,881,636	8,132,007	242,973
<b>Total Net Position</b>	\$ 8,673,562	\$ 10,359,721	\$ 11,909,578	\$ 1,386,360

Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service fund activities related to the enterprise funds. Net Position of Business-type Activities

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

### Governmental

Activities -

	Other		Internal Service
Storm Water	Enterprise	Total	Funds
0	0	356,738	0
52,844	0	1,167,204	48,871
44,701	0	986,477	41,306
97,545	0	2,510,419	90,177
2,003,279	0	22,105,927	2,694,847
642,324	147,586	13,016,483	(71,796)
\$ 2,645,603	\$ 147,586	35,122,410	\$ 2,623,051

1,019,838 \$ 36,142,248

## Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

# Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds

	Water	Sewer	Electric	Refuse
<b>Operating Revenues:</b>				
Charges for Services	1,999,028	1,632,111	12,886,200	835,397
Other Operating Revenue	4,783	1,772	9,701	270
<b>Total Operating Revenues</b>	2,003,811	1,633,883	12,895,901	835,667
Operating Expenses:				
Personal Services	509,780	315,529	1,601,874	166,264
Contractual Services	264,809	280,036	1,332,888	378,829
Materials and Supplies	124,480	47,865	16,854	0
Purchased Power	0	0	7,567,643	0
Depreciation	417,795	501,031	402,207	152,405
<b>Total Operating Expenses</b>	1,316,864	1,144,461	10,921,466	697,498
Operating Income (Loss)	686,947	489,422	1,974,435	138,169
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):				
Property Taxes	0	0	0	372,264
Interest Expense	(47,282)	0	0	0
Loss on Sale of Capital Assets	(906)	(41,201)	0	0
Capital Distribution	0	(76,192)	0	0
Loss on Investment in Joint Venture	0	0	(14,887)	0
<b>Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)</b>	(48,188)	(117,393)	(14,887)	372,264
Income (Loss) Before Transfers	638,759	372,029	1,959,548	510,433
Transfers In	0	0	0	0
Transfers Out	0	(20,793)	0	(234,105)
Change in Net Position	638,759	351,236	1,959,548	276,328
Net Position Beginning of Year	8,034,803	10,008,485	9,950,030	1,110,032
Net Position End of Year	\$ 8,673,562	\$ 10,359,721	\$ 11,909,578	\$ 1,386,360

Change in Net Position - Total Enterprise Funds

Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service fund activities related to the enterprise funds. Change in Net Position - Business-type Activities

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Storm Water	Other Enterprise	Total	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds
316,146	22,645	17,691,527	400,910
2,047	0	18,573	1,844
318,193	22,645	17,710,100	402,754
81,045	0	2,674,492	74,859
138,874	16,726	2,412,162	176,941
470	0	189,669	149,675
0	0	7,567,643	0
42,302	0	1,515,740	107,698
262,691	16,726	14,359,706	509,173
55,502	5,919	3,350,394	(106,419)
0	0	372,264	0
0	0	(47,282)	0
(417)	0	(42,524)	(2,951)
0	0	(76,192)	0
0	0	(14,887)	0
(417)	0	191,379	(2,951)
55,085	5,919	3,541,773	(109,370)
389,000	0	389,000	0
0	0	(254,898)	(3,000)
444,085	5,919	3,675,875	(112,370)
2,201,518	141,667	31,446,535	2,735,421
\$ 2,645,603	\$ 147,586	35,122,410	\$ 2,623,051

3,675,875

25,572 \$ 3,701,447

## Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

## Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds

	Water	Sewer	Electric	Refuse
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:				
Cash Received from Customers	\$1,984,695	\$1,652,165	\$12,898,099	\$827,524
Cash Payments for Goods and Services	(388,213)	(334,509)	(8,878,344)	(392,831)
Cash Payments to Employees	(1,070,905)	(869,003)	(2,673,047)	(335,011)
Net Cash Provided (Used)				<u> </u>
for Operating Activities	525,577	448,653	1,346,708	99,682
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:				
Transfers In from Other Funds	0	0	0	0
Transfers Out to Other Funds	0	(20,793)	0	(234,105)
Advances In from Other Funds	0	0	0	29,775
Advances Out to Other Funds	0	0	0	(146,475)
Receipts of Property Taxes	0	0	0	367,934
Net Cash Provided (Used) for				
Noncapital Financing Activities	0	(20,793)	0	17,129
Cash Flows from Capital and				
Related Financing Activities:				
Acquisition and Construction of Assets	(253,155)	(9,453)	(366,703)	0
Principal Paid on				
Ohio Water Development Authority Loans	(248,596)	0	0	0
Interest Paid on All Debt	(47,282)	0	0	0
Net Cash Used for Capital				
and Related Financing Activities	(549,033)	(9,453)	(366,703)	0
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:				
Sale of Investments	1,755,538	2,921,327	7,370,648	323,809
Net Cash Provided				
for Investing Activities	1,755,538	2,921,327	7,370,648	323,809
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,732,082	3,339,734	8,350,653	440,620
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	142,512	237,150	598,340	26,286
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$1,874,594	\$3,576,884	\$8,948,993	\$466,906
*				

			Governmental Activities -
Storm	Other		Internal Service
Water	Enterprise	Total	Funds
\$318,352	\$17,961	\$17,698,796	\$402,754
(199,036)	(14,602)	(10,207,535)	(334,933)
(173,976)	0	(5,121,942)	(176,210)
(54,660)	3,359	2,369,319	(108,389)
389,000	0	389,000	0
389,000	0	(254,898)	(3,000)
0	0	(234,898) 29,775	(3,000)
0	0	(146,475)	0
0	0	367,934	0
389,000	0	385,336	(3,000)
(45,471)	0	(674,782)	(12,180)
		(2.10.70.5)	
0	0	(248,596)	0
0	0	(47,282)	0
(45 471)	0	(070 660)	(12.190)
(45,471)	0	(970,660)	(12,180)
0	0	12,371,322	0
0	0	12,371,322	0
288,869	3,359	14,155,317	(123,569)
662,027	141,667	1,807,982	253,975
\$950,896	\$145,026	\$15,963,299	\$130,406

(Continued)

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

## Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds

-		- F		_
	Water	Sewer	Electric	Refuse
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash				
Provided (Used) for Operating Activities:				
Operating Income (Loss)	\$686,947	\$489,422	\$1,974,435	\$138,169
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss)				
to Net Cash Provided (Used) for Operating Activities:				
Depreciation Expense	417,795	501,031	402,207	152,405
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:				
Decrease (Increase) in Accounts Receivable	(19,116)	18,282	2,198	(8,143)
Increase in Inventory	(15,168)	(1,200)	(35,870)	0
Increase in Prepaid Items	(360)	(1,026)	(2,068)	(271)
Decrease in Deferred Outflows of Resources	102,103	93,876	198,727	31,130
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable	16,121	(3,704)	76,684	(13,840)
Decrease in Intergovernmental Payables	0	0	0	0
Decrease in Accrued Wages and Benefits	(1,622)	(2,788)	(1,009)	(975)
Increase in Net OPEB Asset	(75,130)	(57,015)	(155,310)	(20,774)
Decrease in Net Pension Liability	(225,822)	(232,053)	(421,457)	(73,485)
Decrease in Net OPEB Liability	(595,802)	(494,878)	(1,199,737)	(172,530)
Increase in Deferred Inflows of Resources	225,953	152,028	481,668	58,949
Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences	9,678	(13,322)	26,240	9,047
Total Adjustments	(161,370)	(40,769)	(627,727)	(38,487)
Net Cash Provided (Used)				
for Operating Activities	\$525,577	\$448,653	\$1,346,708	\$99,682
-			<u> </u>	

### Schedule of Noncash Investing, Capital and Financing Activities:

As of December 31, 2021, the Water Fund and the Electric Fund had outstanding liabilities of \$5,950 and \$13,707 respectively, for the purchase of certain capital assets.

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

			Governmental Activities -
Storm	Other		Internal Service
Water	Enterprise	Total	Funds
\$55,502	\$5,919	\$3,350,394	(\$106,419)
42,302	0	1,515,740	107,698
159	(4,684)	(11,304)	0
0	0	(52,238)	0
(32)	0	(3,757)	0
17,218	0	443,054	18,264
(6,072)	2,124	71,313	(8,654)
(53,663)	0	(53,663)	0
901	0	(5,493)	(348)
(14,631)	0	(322,860)	(13,519)
(34,291)	0	(987,108)	(40,238)
(109,204)	0	(2,572,151)	(106,932)
47,151	0	965,749	40,790
0	0	31,643	969
(110,162)	(2,560)	(981,075)	(1,970)
(\$54,660)	\$3,359	\$2,369,319	(\$108,389)

## Statement of Net Position Fiduciary Funds December 31, 2021

	Custodial Funds	
Assets:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	91,094
Receivables:		
Taxes		1,050,825
Intergovernmental		46,677
Total Assets	\$	1,188,596
Liabilities:		
Intergovernmental Payable		1,188,596
Total Liabilities	\$	1,188,596

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

## Statement of Changes in Net Position Fiduciary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Custodial Funds	
Additions:		
Contributions:		
Property Taxes Collected for Distribution	\$	966,485
Intergovernmental Revenues Collected for Distribution		46,677
Fines, Licenses and Permits for Distribution		1,366,898
Deposits Received		2,573
Total Additions		2,382,633
Deductions:		
Distributions to Other Governments		2,382,633
Total Deductions		2,382,633
Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position		0
Net Position at Beginning of Year		0
Net Position End of Year	\$	0

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Oberlin (City) is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio.

The City gained city status in 1951 and is a home rule municipal corporation under the laws of the State of Ohio. The City operates under a council-city manager form of government and provides the following services as authorized by the charter: public safety, public services, public utilities and recreation. Educational services are provided by the Oberlin School District. The school district is a separate governmental entity and its financial statements are not included in these financial statements. The City of Oberlin Municipal Court financial results are included as a part of these financial statements.

#### A. Reporting Entity

The accompanying basic financial statements comply with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity," as amended by GASB Statement No. 61 "The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus; an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34," in that the financial statements include all organizations, activities, functions and component units for which the City (the primary government) is financially accountable. Financial accountability is defined as the appointment of a voting majority of a legally separate organization's governing body and either (1) the City's ability to impose its will over the organization, or (2) the potential that the organization will provide a financial benefit to, or impose a financial burden on, the City.

Based on the foregoing, the City's financial reporting entity has no component units but includes all funds, agencies, boards and commissions that are part of the primary government, which include the following services: police and fire protection, parks and recreation, planning, zoning, street maintenance and other governmental services. In addition, the City owns and operates a water treatment and distribution system, a wastewater treatment and collection system, an electric distribution system, provides cable programming and provides refuse collection services, all of which are reported as enterprise funds.

### 1. Joint Ventures with Equity Interest

Ohio Municipal Electric Generation Agency Joint Venture 2 (Omega JV-2) - The City is a participant with thirty-six subdivisions within the State of Ohio in a joint venture to provide supplemental reserve electric power to the participants on a cooperative basis. The Omega JV-2 was created for that purpose. The Omega JV-2 is managed by AMP which acts as the joint venture's agent. See Note 19 "Joint Ventures."

## NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## A. Reporting Entity (Continued)

#### 1. Joint Ventures with Equity Interest (Continued)

Ohio Municipal Electric Generation Agency Joint Venture 5 (Omega JV-5) - The City is a participant with forty-two subdivisions within the State of Ohio in a joint venture to construct a hydroelectric plant and associated transmission facilities in West Virginia on the Ohio River at the Belleville Locks and Dam and receive electricity from its operation. The Omega JV-5 was created for that purpose. See Note 19 "Joint Ventures."

Ohio Municipal Electric Generation Agency Joint Venture 6 (Omega JV-6) - The City is a participant with ten subdivisions within the State of Ohio in a distributive generation project using wind turbine technology. The Omega JV-6 was created for that purpose. See Note 19 "Joint Ventures."

#### B. Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The accounting policies and financial reporting practices of the City conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of its significant accounting policies:

The accounting system is organized and operated on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund equity, revenues and expenditures (expenses). The various funds are summarized by type in the basic financial statements. The following fund types are used by the City:

#### Governmental Funds

Governmental Funds - Governmental funds are those funds through which most governmental functions are typically financed. The acquisition, use and balances of the City's expendable financial resources and the related current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources (except those accounted for in the proprietary funds) are accounted for through governmental funds. The measurement focus is upon determination of "financial flow" (sources, uses and balances of financial resources). The following are the City's major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for all financial resources except those accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the City for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio and the limitations of the City Charter.

<u>Sustainable Reserve Fund</u> - To account for financial resources committed to further the City of Oberlin's progress towards the goal of becoming a climate positive community by 2050.

<u>Income Tax Fund</u> - To account for financial resources committed for the major capital projects undertaken by the City.

The other governmental funds of the City account for grants and other resources whose use is nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned for a particular purpose.

## NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### B. <u>Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting</u> (Continued)

### **Proprietary Funds**

All proprietary funds are accounted for on an "economic resources" measurement focus. This measurement focus provides that all assets and deferred outflows of resources and all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of these funds are included on the balance sheet. Proprietary fund type operating statements present increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net position.

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> - These funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, whereby the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges. The City's major enterprise funds are:

Water Fund – This fund is used to account for the operation of the City's water service.

<u>Sewer Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for the operation of the City's sanitary sewer service.

<u>Electric Fund</u> – To account for the operation of the City's electric generation and distribution service.

<u>Refuse Fund</u> – To account for the operation of the City's trash collection service.

Storm Water Fund – To account for the operation of the City's storm water service.

The other enterprise fund of the City accounts for the operation of the City's cable programming service.

<u>Internal Service Funds</u> - These funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the City, or to other governments, on a cost-reimbursement basis. The City has two internal service funds, the Garage Fund and the Office Supplies Fund. The Garage Fund is used to account for monies received from city departments to cover the cost of servicing the vehicles of the City departments. The Office Supplies Fund is used to account for monies used to purchase office supplies used by City departments.

#### Fiduciary Funds

Custodial Funds - These funds are used to account for assets held by a governmental unit in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, and/or other funds. The City's only fiduciary funds are custodial funds. These funds operate on a full accrual basis of accounting. The City has three custodial funds. The three funds are the Municipal Court Fund, which accounts for monies that flow through the municipal court office, the Library Levy Fund, which accounts for property taxes collected to fund the operations of the Library, and the Ohio Board of Building Standards Assessment Fund, which accounts for assessed funds as required by the Ohio Revised Code.

## **NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (Continued)

#### C. Basis of Presentation – Financial Statements

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> – The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the City as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the City that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities. The internal service funds are eliminated to avoid "doubling up" revenues and expenses; however, the interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the City and for each function or program of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the City, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the City.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> – Fund financial statements report detailed information about the City. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The financial statements for governmental funds are a balance sheet, which generally includes only current assets and deferred outflows of resources and current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances, which reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources.

## NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### C. Basis of Presentation – Financial Statements (Continued)

All proprietary fund types are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and deferred outflows of resources and all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of net position. The statement of changes in fund net position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net position. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the City finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

## D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting represents the methodology utilized in the recognition of revenues and expenditures or expenses in the accounts and reported in the financial statements, and relates to the timing of the measurements made. The accounting and reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is followed by the governmental funds. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available. Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the modified accrual basis when the exchange takes place and the resources are available. The term "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period, which for the City is 60 days after year end. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured interest on long-term debt which is recognized when due.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the City receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include income taxes, property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. Revenue from income taxes is recognized in the period in which the income is earned and is available. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied and the revenue is available. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the City must provide local resources to be used for a specific purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the City on a reimbursement basis. Revenue considered susceptible to accrual at year end includes income taxes withheld by employers, interest on investments, state levied locally shared taxes (including motor vehicle license fees and local government assistance). Income taxes other than those withheld by employers, licenses, permits, charges for service and other miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because generally this revenue is not measurable until received.

## NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **D. Basis of Accounting** (Continued)

Special assessment installments, which are measurable, but not available at December 31, are recorded as deferred inflow of resources – unavailable amount. Property taxes measurable as of December 31, 2021, but which are not intended to finance 2021 operations and delinquent property taxes, whose availability is indeterminate, are recorded as deferred inflow of resources as further described in Note 6 "Taxes".

The accrual basis of accounting is utilized for reporting purposes by the proprietary funds and fiduciary funds. Revenues are recognized when they are earned and expenses recognized when incurred.

## E. Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/ expenditure) until then. The City has two items that qualifies for reporting in this category. One is the deferred charge on refunding reported in the government-wide and proprietary statements of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The deferred outflows of resources related to pension and OPEB plans are explained in Notes 12 and 13.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. On the government-wide statement of net position and governmental funds balance sheet, property taxes that are intended to finance future fiscal periods are reported as deferred inflows. In addition, the governmental funds balance sheet reports deferred inflows which arise only under a modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, the item, *unavailable amounts*, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable amounts for delinquent property taxes, income taxes, special assessments, charges for services, interest and state levied shared taxes. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. Deferred inflows of resources related to pension/OPEB are reported on the government-wide statement of net position. (See Note 12 and 13)

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### F. Budgetary Process

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources and the appropriation ordinance, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources and the appropriation ordinance are subject to amendment throughout the year.

All funds other than agency funds are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated; however, only governmental funds are required to be reported. The only funds required to be reported in the basic financial statements are the general fund and any major special revenue funds. The primary level of budgetary control is between categories within each department. Budgetary modifications may be made between categories by ordinance of the City Council.

#### 1. Tax Budget

The Director of Finance and the City Manager submit an annual tax budget for the following fiscal year to City Council by July 15 for consideration and passage. The adopted budget is submitted to the County Auditor, as Secretary of the County Budget Commission, by July 20 of each year for the period January 1 to December 31 of the following year.

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## **NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (Continued)

#### F. Budgetary Process (Continued)

#### 2. Estimated Resources

The County Budget Commission reviews estimated revenue and determines if the budget substantiates a need to levy all or part of previously authorized taxes. The Budget Commission then certifies its actions to the City by September 1 of each year. As part of the certification process, the City receives an official certificate of estimated resources stating the projected receipts by fund. Prior to December 31, the City must revise its budget so that the total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing fiscal year do not exceed the amount available as stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as the basis for the annual appropriations measure. On or about January 1, the certificate of estimated resources is amended to include any unencumbered fund balances from the preceding year. The certificate may be further amended during the year if a new source of revenue is identified or if actual receipts exceed current estimates. The amounts reported on the budgetary statement reflect the amounts in the final amended official certificate of estimated resources issued during 2021.

## 3. Appropriations

A temporary appropriation ordinance to control expenditures may be passed on or about January 1 of each year for the period January 1 through March 31. An annual appropriation ordinance must be passed by April 1 of each year for the period January 1 through December 31. The appropriation ordinance establishes spending controls at the fund and category level, the legal level of control. The appropriation ordinance may be amended during the year as additional information becomes available, provided that total fund appropriations do not exceed the current estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission. The allocation of appropriations among fund and category level may be modified during the year by an ordinance of City Council. During 2021, several supplemental appropriations were necessary to budget the use of contingency funds, intergovernmental grant proceeds and capital improvement projects. Administrative control is maintained through the establishment of more detailed line-item budgets. The budgetary figures which appear in the "Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance--Budget and Actual—(Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) General and Sustainable Reserve Fund" are provided on the budgetary basis to provide a comparison of actual results with the final budget, including all amendments and modifications.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### F. Budgetary Process (Continued)

## 4. Encumbrances

As part of formal budgetary control, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for expenditures are encumbered and recorded as the equivalent of expenditures (budget basis) in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation and to determine and maintain legal compliance. However, on the GAAP basis of accounting, encumbrances do not constitute expenditures or liabilities and are reported in the fund balances for governmental funds in the accompanying basic financial statements.

### 5. <u>Lapsing of Appropriations</u>

At the close of each fiscal year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriations. The encumbered appropriation balance is carried forward to the subsequent fiscal year and need not be reappropriated.

#### 6. Budgetary Basis of Accounting

The City's budgetary process accounts for certain transactions on a basis other than generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The major differences between the budgetary basis and the GAAP basis lie in the manner in which revenues and expenditures are recorded. Under the budgetary basis, revenues and expenditures are recognized on a cash basis. Utilizing the cash basis, revenues are recorded when received in cash and expenditures when paid. Under the GAAP basis, revenues and expenditures are recorded on the modified accrual basis of accounting. On the budgetary basis investment earnings are recognized when realized, whereas on a GAAP basis unrealized gains and losses are recognized when investments are adjusted to fair value.

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## **NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (Continued)

#### F. Budgetary Process (Continued)

#### 6. Budgetary Basis of Accounting (Continued)

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statements to the budgetary basis statements for the General Fund and the major special revenue fund:

Net Change In Fu	no Bulunee	Sustainable
	General	Reserve
	Fund	Fund
GAAP Basis (as reported)	(\$525,527)	(\$671,139)
Increase (Decrease):		
Accrued Revenues at		
December 31, 2021		
received during 2022	(1,505,574)	0
Accrued Revenues at		
December 31, 2020		
received during 2021	1,476,939	0
Accrued Expenditures at		
December 31, 2021		
paid during 2022	306,577	1,201
Accrued Expenditures at		
December 31, 2020		
paid during 2021	(249,002)	(3,324)
2021 Prepaids for 2022	(62,991)	0
2020 Prepaids for 2021	77,181	0
2021 Adjustment to Fair Value	67,567	0
2020 Adjustment to Fair Value	340,139	0
Outstanding Encumbrances	(672,398)	(837,334)
Perspective Difference:		
Activity of Funds Reclassified		
for GAAP Reporting Purposes	(83,349)	0
Budget Basis	(\$830,438)	(\$1,510,596)

#### G. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include amounts in demand deposits, repurchase agreements, the State Treasury Asset Reserve (STAR Ohio) and certificates of deposit with original maturity dates of three months or less. The STAR Ohio is considered an investment for purposes of GASB Statement No. 3, but it is reported as a cash equivalent in the basic financial statements because it is a highly liquid instrument which is readily convertible to cash. The City pools its cash for investment and resource management purposes. Each fund's equity in pooled cash and investments represents the balance on hand as if each fund maintained its own cash and investment account. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the proprietary funds' shares of equity in pooled certificates of deposit are considered to be cash equivalents. See Note 5, "Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments."

## **NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (Continued)

#### **H.** Investments

Investment procedures and interest allocations are restricted by provisions of the Ohio Constitution and the Ohio Revised Code. The City allocates interest among certain funds based upon the fund's cash balance at the date of investment. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools" and GASB Statement No. 72, "Fair Value Measurement and Application," the City records all its investments at fair value except for nonparticipating investment contracts which are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. All investment income, including changes in the fair value of investments, is recognized as revenue in the operating statements. See Note 5, "Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments."

During 2021, the City invested in STAR Ohio. STAR Ohio (the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio), is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 79, "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants." The City measures their investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides an NAV per share that approximates fair value.

For 2021, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, notice must be given 24 hours in advance of all deposits and withdrawals exceeding \$100 million. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$250 million, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$250 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

#### I. Inventory

Inventory is stated at cost (first-in, first-out) in the governmental funds and at the lower of cost or market in the proprietary funds. The costs of inventory items are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds when purchased and as expenses in the proprietary funds when used.

#### J. Capital Assets and Depreciation

Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$10,000.

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### J. Capital Assets and Depreciation (Continued)

#### 1. Property, Plant and Equipment - Governmental Activities

Governmental activities capital assets are those not directly related to the business type funds. These generally are acquired or constructed for governmental activities and are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds and are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost for assets not purchased in recent years). These assets are reported in the Governmental Activities column of the Government-wide Statement of Net Position, but they are not reported in the fund financial statements. All infrastructure acquired prior to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 34, "Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments", have been reported.

Contributed capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date received. Capital assets include land, buildings, building improvements, machinery, equipment and infrastructure. Infrastructure is defined as long-lived capital assets that normally are stationary in nature and normally can be preserved for a significant number of years. Examples of infrastructure include roads, bridges, streets and sidewalks, drainage systems and lighting systems. Estimated historical costs for governmental activities capital asset values were initially determined by identifying historical costs when such information was available. In cases where information supporting original cost was not obtainable, estimated historical costs were developed. For certain capital assets, the estimates were arrived at by indexing estimated current costs back to the estimated year of acquisition.

#### 2. Property, Plant and Equipment – Business Type Activities

Property, plant and equipment acquired by the proprietary funds are stated at cost (or estimated historical cost), including interest capitalized during construction and architectural and engineering fees where applicable. Contributed capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date received. These assets are reported in both the Business-Type Activities column of the Government-wide Statement of Net Position and in the respective funds.

#### 3. Depreciation

All capital assets are depreciated, excluding land. Depreciation has been provided using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Governmental and
	<b>Business-Type Activities</b>
Description	Estimated Lives (in years)
Buildings	25 - 40
Improvements other than Buildings/Infrastructure	10 - 50
Vehicles	5 - 10
Machinery, Equipment, Furniture and Fixtures	5 - 20

## NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### K. Long-Term Obligations

Long-term liabilities are being repaid from the following funds:

Obligation	Fund
General Obligation Bonds	General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund
OPWC Loans	Income Tax Fund General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund
OWDA Loans	Water Fund Sewer Fund
Compensated Absences	General Fund Street Construction, Maintenance, and Repair Fund County Recycling Fund Electric Fund Water Fund Sewer Fund Refuse Fund Garage Fund
Pension/OPEB Liabilities	General Fund Electric Fund Water Fund Sewer Fund Refuse Fund Storm Water Fund Garage Fund

## L. Compensated Absences

Each bargaining unit and the management staff earn vacation at different rates based upon length of service. No more than the amount of vacation accrued in the previous twelve month period can be carried forward into the next calendar year without consent from the appropriate authority. Any excess is eliminated from the employee's leave balance. In case of death, termination, or retirement, an employee or his estate is paid for the unused vacation balance.

All full-time employees earn sick leave at the rate of 4.6 hours for each pay period worked. Employees who work a 35 hour work week can accumulate a maximum of 210 hours of accrued sick time. Employees working a 37.5 hour work week accumulate a maximum sick pay accrual of 225 hours and employees working a 40 hour work week can accumulate a maximum accumulated sick leave balance of 240 hours.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences," the City records a liability for vacation time and sick leave when the obligation is attributable to services previously rendered or to rights that vest or accumulate, and when payment of the obligation is probable and can be reasonably determined.

## NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### L. Compensated Absences (Continued)

For governmental funds, that portion of unpaid compensated absences that has matured and is expected to be paid using expendable, available resources is reported as an expenditure in the fund from which the individual earning the leave is paid, and a corresponding liability is reflected in the account "Compensated Absences Payable." In the government-wide statement of net position, "Compensated Absences Payable" is recorded within the "Due Within One Year" account and the long-term portion of the liability is recorded within the "Due in More Than One Year" account. Compensated absences are expensed in the proprietary funds when earned and the related liability is reported within the fund.

### M. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets plus deferred outflows of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflow of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction of improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the City or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The City applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

#### N. Fund Balances

In the fund financial statements, fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purpose for which amounts in the funds can be spent. Fund balance is reported in five components — nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned.

*Nonspendable* – Nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – Restricted fund balance consists of amounts that have constraints placed on them either externally by third parties (creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments) or by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Enabling legislation authorizes the City to assess, levy, charge or otherwise mandate payment of resources (from external resource providers) and includes a legally enforceable requirement (compelled by external parties) that those resources be used only for the specific purposes stipulated in the legislation.

## **NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (Continued)

#### N. Fund Balances (Continued)

Committed – Committed fund balance consists of amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the City's highest level of decision making authority. For the City, these constraints consist of ordinances and resolutions passed by City Council. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance, resolution) it employed previously to commit those amounts.

Assigned – Assigned fund balance consists of amounts that are constrained by the City's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed.

*Unassigned* – Unassigned fund balance consists of amounts that have not been restricted, committed or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund as well as negative fund balances in all other governmental funds.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted (committed, assigned and unassigned) resources as they are needed.

## O. Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB, and pension/OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

#### P. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

Transfers between governmental and business-type activities on the government-wide statements are reported in the same manner as general revenues. In addition, interfund transfers between governmental funds are eliminated for reporting on the government-wide financial statements. Only transfers between governmental activities and business-type activities are reported on the statement of activities.

## NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Q. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

### **R.** Operating Revenues and Expenses

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the City, these revenues are charges for services for water treatment and distribution, wastewater collection and treatment, collection of solid waste refuse, electric production and distribution and cable programming. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the good or service that is the primary activity of the fund. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

### S. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the City Council and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during fiscal year 2021.

#### T. Fair Value

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets. Active markets are those in which transactions for the asset or liability occur in sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis. Quoted prices are available in active markets for identical assets or liabilities as of the reporting date. Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs. Investments classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices. Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

#### NOTE 2 - CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE

For 2021, the City implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 89, "Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period."

GASB Statement No. 89 establishes accounting requirements for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. The implementation of this statement had no effect on beginning of year net position/fund balance.

#### NOTE 3 - COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Fund Deficits - The fund deficits at December 31, 2021 of \$2,506 in the EMS Grant Fund, \$16,289 in the Police-Fire Pension Fund (special revenue funds) and \$64,699 in the Sidewalk Improvement Fund (capital improvement fund) arise from the recognition of expenditures on the modified accrual basis of accounting which are greater than expenditures recognized on the budgetary basis. The deficits do not exist under the cash basis of accounting. The General Fund provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur.

#### NOTE 4 – FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATION

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented below:

Fund Balances   Fund   Fund		General	Sustainable Reserve	Income Tax	Other Governmental	Total Governmental
Principal         S0         \$0         \$27,259         \$27,259           Supplies Inventory         6,204         0         0         69,478         75,682           Total Nonspendable         69,195         0         0         69,478         75,682           Total Nonspendable         0         0         0         69,737         165,082           Restricted:         U         0         0         33         33           Street Maintenance         0         0         0         355,162         355,162           State Highway Improvements         0         0         0         9,717         9,717           County Recycling         0         0         0         9,717         9,717           County Recycling         0         0         0         9,717         9,717           Community Housing         0         0         0         82,787         82,787           Community Housing         0         0         0         5,966         5,966           Home RLF         0         0         0         2,227         20,257           DARE Trust         0         0         0         1,328         1,37,878	Fund Balances	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
Prepaid Items         62,991         0         0         69,478         75,682           Total Nonspendable         69,195         0         0         96,737         165,932           Restrictet:         Testitation Improvement         0         0         0         33         33           Street Maintenance         0         0         0         355,162	Nonspendable:					
Supplies Inventory         6.204         0         69.478         75.82           Total Nonspendable         69.195         0         0         96.737         165.932           Restricted:         Test Station Improvement         0         0         0         335.162         355.162 <td>Principal</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>\$27,259</td> <td></td>	Principal				\$27,259	
Total Nonspendable   69,195	•					
Pestricted:   Fire Station Improvement	•					
Fire Station Improvement         0         0         0         33         33           Street Maintenance         0         0         0         355,62         355,657           State Highway Improvements         0         0         0         355,657         135,557           Library         0         0         0         9,717         9,717           County Recycling         0         0         0         20,268         20,268           CDBG Grant         0         0         0         82,787         82,787           Community Housing         0         0         0         14,058         14,058           DARE Grant         0         0         0         5,966         5,966           Home RLF         0         0         0         20,257         20,257           DARE Trust         0         0         0         46,408         46,408           TIF East College Street         0         0         0         103,205         103,205           Indigent Alcohol Treatment         0         0         0         17,878         1,878           Indigent Interlock Monitor         0         0         0         1,418         1,418 <td>Total Nonspendable</td> <td>69,195</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>96,737</td> <td>165,932</td>	Total Nonspendable	69,195			96,737	165,932
State Highway Improvements         0         0         355,162         355,162           Library         0         0         0         135,557         135,557           Library         0         0         0         9,717         9,717           County Recycling         0         0         0         20,268         20,268           CDBG Grant         0         0         0         82,787         28,2787           Community Housing         0         0         0         14,058         14,058           DARE Grant         0         0         0         5,966         5,966           Home RLF         0         0         0         20,257         20,257           DARE Trust         0         0         0         103,205         103,205           Indigent Alcohol Treatment         0         0         0         103,205         103,205           Indigent Interlock Monitor         0         0         0         66,442         59,249           Special Assessment Bond Retirement         0         0         0         1,268         1,288           Indigent Interlock Monitor         0         0         0         1,268         1,268	Restricted:					
State Highway Improvements         0         0         0         135,557         135,557           Library         0         0         0         9,717         9,717           County Recycling         0         0         0         20,268         20,268           CDBG Grant         0         0         0         14,058         14,058           DARE Grant         0         0         0         5,966         5,966           Home RLF         0         0         0         20,257         20,257           DARE Trust         0         0         0         46,408         46,408           TIF East College Street         0         0         0         103,205         103,205           Indigent Interlock Monitor         0         0         0         66,442         66,422           Special Assessment Bond Retirement         0         0         0         1,418         1,418           Recreation Complex         0         0         0         1,418         1,418           Recreation Complex         0         0         0         1,518         1,418           Clerk of Court Computer         0         0         0         1,518 <t< td=""><td>Fire Station Improvement</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>33</td><td>33</td></t<>	Fire Station Improvement	0	0	0	33	33
Library         0         0         0         9,717         9,717           County Recycling         0         0         0         20,268         20,257 <td>Street Maintenance</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>355,162</td> <td>355,162</td>	Street Maintenance	0	0	0	355,162	355,162
County Recycling         0         0         20,268         20,268           CDBG Grant         0         0         0         82,787         82,787           Community Housing         0         0         0         14,058         14,058           DARE Grant         0         0         0         5,966         5,966           Home RLF         0         0         0         20,257         20,257           DARE Trust         0         0         0         103,205         103,205           Indigent Alcohol Treatment         0         0         0         103,205         103,205           Indigent Interlock Monitor         0         0         0         66,442         66,442           Special Assessment Bond Retirement         0         0         0         66,442         66,442           Special Assessment Bond Retirement         0         0         0         1,148         1,418           Recreation Complex         0         0         0         1,258         1,258           Court Improvement/Computer         0         0         0         1,259,248         1,259,248           OPWC Grants         0         0         0         88,430	State Highway Improvements	0	0	0	135,557	135,557
CDBG Grant         0         0         82,787         82,787           Community Housing         0         0         0         14,088         14,088           DARE Grant         0         0         0         5,966         5,966           Home RLF         0         0         0         20,257         20,257           DARE Trust         0         0         0         103,205         103,205           Indigent Alcohol Treatment         0         0         0         103,205         103,205           Indigent Interlock Monitor         0         0         0         17,878         17,878           Indigent Interlock Monitor         0         0         0         66,442         66,442           Special Assessment Bond Retirement         0         0         0         0         275,490         275,490           Gasholder Renovation         0         0         0         1,268         1,268           Court Improvement/Computer         0         0         0         1,269,128         1,269           Clerk of Court Computer         0         0         0         137,695         137,695           OPWC Grants         0         0         0	Library	0	0	0	9,717	9,717
Community Housing         0         0         0         14,058         14,058           DARE Grant         0         0         0         5,966         6,448         46,408         46,408         46,408         11,18         11,18         11,18         11,18         11,18         11,18         11,18         11,18         11,18         11,18         11,18         11,18         11,118         <	County Recycling	0	0	0	20,268	20,268
DARE Grant         0         0         5,966         5,966           Home RLF         0         0         0         20,257         20,257           DARE Trust         0         0         0         46,408         46,408           TIF East College Street         0         0         0         103,205         103,205           Indigent Alcohol Treatment         0         0         0         17,878         17,878           Indigent Interlock Monitor         0         0         0         66,442         66,442           Special Assessment Bond Retirement         0         0         0         775,490         275,490           Gasholder Renovation         0         0         0         1,1268         1,268           Court Improvement/Computer         0         0         0         1,268         1,268           Clerk of Court Computer         0         0         0         137,695         137,695           OPWG Grants         0         0         0         88,430         88,430           Total Restricted         0         0         0         88,430           Total Restricted         0         0         0         0         555,066     <	CDBG Grant	0	0	0	82,787	82,787
Home RLF	Community Housing	0	0	0	14,058	14,058
DARE Trust         0         0         46,408         46,408           TIF East College Street         0         0         0         103,205         103,205           Indigent Alcohol Treatment         0         0         0         17,878         17,878           Indigent Interlock Monitor         0         0         0         66,442         66,442           Special Assessment Bond Retirement         0         0         0         275,490         275,490           Gasholder Renovation         0         0         0         1,268         1,268           Court Improvement/Computer         0         0         0         1,268         1,268           Clerk of Court Computer         0         0         0         137,695         137,695           OPWC Grants         0         0         0         1,629,128         1,029,128           Clerk of Court Computer         0         0         0         1,376,95         137,695           OPWC Grants         0         0         0         1,376,95         137,695           OPWC Grants         0         0         0         2,411,167         2,411,167           Committed         0         0         0	DARE Grant	0	0	0	5,966	5,966
TIF East College Street         0         0         103,205         103,205           Indigent Alcohol Treatment         0         0         0         17,878         17,878           Indigent Interlock Monitor         0         0         0         66,442         66,442           Special Assessment Bond Retirement         0         0         0         275,490         275,490           Gasholder Renovation         0         0         0         1,418         1,418           Recreation Complex         0         0         0         1,268         1,268           Court Improvement/Computer         0         0         0         1,37,695         137,695           OPWC Grants         0         0         0         88,430         88,430           Total Restricted         0         0         0         8,430         88,430           Total Restricted         555,066         0         0         0         555,066           Sustainable Reserve         0         1,650,898         0         0         1,550,898           Capital Improvements         0         0         1,512,634         0         1,512,634           War Memorial         0         0 <td< td=""><td>Home RLF</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>20,257</td><td>20,257</td></td<>	Home RLF	0	0	0	20,257	20,257
Indigent Alcohol Treatment         0         0         0         17,878         17,878           Indigent Interlock Monitor         0         0         0         66,442         66,442           Special Assessment Bond Retirement         0         0         0         275,490         275,490           Gasholder Renovation         0         0         0         1,418         1,418           Recreation Complex         0         0         0         1,268         1,268           Court Improvement/Computer         0         0         0         1,7695         137,695           OPWC Grants         0         0         0         88,430         88,430           OPWC Grants         0         0         0         88,430         88,430           Total Restricted         0         0         0         2,411,167         2,411,167           Committed:         Vacation and Sick Leave         555,066         0         0         0         555,066           Sustainable Reserve         0         1,650,898         0         0         1,512,634           Va Memorial         0         0         0         6,778         6,778           Utility Caring	DARE Trust	0	0	0	46,408	46,408
Indigent Interlock Monitor         0         0         66,442         66,442           Special Assessment Bond Retirement         0         0         0         275,490         275,490           Gasholder Renovation         0         0         0         1,418         1,418           Recreation Complex         0         0         0         1,268         1,268           Court Improvement/Computer         0         0         0         1,029,128         1,029,128           Clerk of Court Computer         0         0         0         0         137,695         137,695           OPWC Grants         0         0         0         0         88,430         88,430           Total Restricted         0         0         0         0         2,411,167         2,411,167           Committed:         Vacation and Sick Leave         555,066         0         0         0         0         555,066           Sustainable Reserve         0         1,650,898         0         0         1,512,634           War Memorial         0         0         0         6,778         6,778           Utility Caring         0         0         0         16,118         16,118     <	TIF East College Street	0	0	0	103,205	103,205
Special Assessment Bond Retirement         0         0         0         275,490         275,490           Gasholder Renovation         0         0         0         1,418         1,418           Recreation Complex         0         0         0         1,268         1,268           Court Improvement/Computer         0         0         0         1,029,128         1,029,128           Clerk of Court Computer         0         0         0         137,695         137,695           OPWC Grants         0         0         0         0         88,430         88,430           Total Restricted         0         0         0         2,411,167         2,411,167           Committed:           Vacation and Sick Leave         555,066         0         0         0         555,066           Sustainable Reserve         0         1,650,898         0         0         0         1,560,898           Capital Improvements         0         0         0         6,778         0         1,512,634         0         1,512,634           War Memorial         0         0         0         6,778         0,778         0,778         0,778         0,778	Indigent Alcohol Treatment	0	0	0	17,878	17,878
Gasholder Renovation         0         0         1,418         1,418           Recreation Complex         0         0         0         1,268         1,268           Court Improvement/Computer         0         0         0         1,029,128         1,029,128           Clerk of Court Computer         0         0         0         137,695         137,695         137,695           OPWC Grants         0         0         0         88,430         88,430           Total Restricted         0         0         0         2,411,167         2,411,167           Committed:         Vacation and Sick Leave         555,066         0         0         0         555,066           Sustainable Reserve         0         1,650,898         0         0         1,650,898           Capital Improvements         0         0         0         6,778         6,778           War Memorial         0         0         0         6,778         6,778           Utility Caring         0         0         0         16,118         16,118           Subdivision         0         0         0         13,657         13,657           Parks         0         0 <td>Indigent Interlock Monitor</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>66,442</td> <td>66,442</td>	Indigent Interlock Monitor	0	0	0	66,442	66,442
Recreation Complex         0         0         0         1,268         1,268           Court Improvement/Computer         0         0         0         1,029,128         1,029,128           Clerk of Court Computer         0         0         0         0         137,695         137,695           OPWC Grants         0         0         0         0         88,430         88,430           Total Restricted         0         0         0         2,411,167         2,411,167           Committed:         Vacation and Sick Leave         555,066         0         0         0         555,066           Sustainable Reserve         0         1,650,898         0         0         1,650,898           Capital Improvements         0         0         0         6,778         6,778           Utility Caring         0         0         0         6,778         6,778           Utility Caring         0         0         0         16,118         16,118           Subdivision         0         0         0         13,657         13,657           Parks         0         0         0         2,466         2,466           Equipment Replacement	Special Assessment Bond Retirement	0	0	0	275,490	275,490
Court Improvement/Computer         0         0         1,029,128         1,029,128           Clerk of Court Computer         0         0         0         137,695         137,695           OPWC Grants         0         0         0         88,430         88,430           Total Restricted         0         0         0         2,411,167         2,411,167           Committed:           Wacation and Sick Leave         555,066         0         0         0         555,066           Sustainable Reserve         0         1,650,898         0         0         1,650,898           Capital Improvements         0         0         0         6,778         6,778           War Memorial         0         0         0         6,778         6,778           Utility Caring         0         0         0         23,625         23,625           Open Space         0         0         0         16,118         16,118           Subdivision         0         0         0         13,657         13,657           Parks         0         0         0         2,466         2,466           Equipment Replacement         0         0 </td <td>Gasholder Renovation</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>1,418</td> <td>1,418</td>	Gasholder Renovation	0	0	0	1,418	1,418
Clerk of Court Computer         0         0         0         137,695         137,695           OPWC Grants         0         0         0         88,430         88,430           Total Restricted         0         0         0         2,411,167         2,411,167           Committed:           Vacation and Sick Leave         555,066         0         0         0         555,066           Sustainable Reserve         0         1,650,898         0         0         0         1,650,898           Capital Improvements         0         0         0         6,778         6,778           Utility Caring         0         0         0         6,778         6,778           Utility Caring         0         0         0         16,118         16,118           Subdivision         0         0         0         13,657         13,657           Parks         0         0         0         13,657         13,657           Parks         0         0         0         3,712         3,712           Total Committed         555,066         1,650,898         1,512,634         722,221         4,440,819           Assig	Recreation Complex	0	0	0	1,268	1,268
OPWC Grants         0         0         0         88,430         88,430           Total Restricted         0         0         0         2,411,167         2,411,167           Committed:           Vacation and Sick Leave         555,066         0         0         0         555,066           Sustainable Reserve         0         1,650,898         0         0         0         1,650,898           Capital Improvements         0         0         0         6,778         6,778         6,778         6,778         6,778         6,778         6,778         6,778         1,512,634         0         0         6,778         6,778         6,778         0,778         0         0         0         6,778         6,778         0         0         0         6,778         6,778         0         0         0         6,778         0         0         0         6,778         0         0         0         1,6118         16,118         16,118         18,118         0         0         0         1,650,89         1,3657         13,657         13,657         13,657         13,657         13,657         13,657         13,712         1,712         1,712         0 <td< td=""><td>Court Improvement/Computer</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>1,029,128</td><td>1,029,128</td></td<>	Court Improvement/Computer	0	0	0	1,029,128	1,029,128
Total Restricted         0         0         0         2,411,167         2,411,167           Committed:         Vacation and Sick Leave         555,066         0         0         0         555,066           Sustainable Reserve         0         1,650,898         0         0         1,650,898           Capital Improvements         0         0         0         6,778         6,778           War Memorial         0         0         0         6,778         6,778           Utility Caring         0         0         0         23,625         23,625           Open Space         0         0         0         16,118         16,118           Subdivision         0         0         0         13,657         13,657           Parks         0         0         0         2,466         2,466           Equipment Replacement         0         0         0         3,712         3,712           Total Committed         555,066         1,650,898         1,512,634         722,221         4,440,819           Assigned:         Purchase Orders for Supplies and Services         580,468         0         0         0         580,468           Budget Resource	Clerk of Court Computer	0	0	0	137,695	137,695
Committed:         Vacation and Sick Leave         555,066         0         0         0         555,066           Sustainable Reserve         0         1,650,898         0         0         1,650,898           Capital Improvements         0         0         1,512,634         0         1,512,634           War Memorial         0         0         0         6,778         6,778           Utility Caring         0         0         0         23,625         23,625           Open Space         0         0         0         16,118         16,118           Subdivision         0         0         0         13,657         13,657           Parks         0         0         0         2,466         2,466           Equipment Replacement         0         0         0         655,865         655,865           Utility Deposit         0         0         0         3,712         3,712           Total Committed         555,066         1,650,898         1,512,634         722,221         4,440,819           Assigned:         Purchase Orders for Supplies and Services         580,468         0         0         0         1,351,717           Debt Service	OPWC Grants	0	0	0	88,430	88,430
Vacation and Sick Leave         555,066         0         0         0         555,066           Sustainable Reserve         0         1,650,898         0         0         1,650,898           Capital Improvements         0         0         0         1,512,634         0         1,512,634           War Memorial         0         0         0         6,778         6,778           Utility Caring         0         0         0         23,625         23,625           Open Space         0         0         0         16,118         16,118           Subdivision         0         0         0         13,657         13,657           Parks         0         0         0         2,466         2,466           Equipment Replacement         0         0         0         3,712         3,712           Total Committed         555,066         1,650,898         1,512,634         722,221         4,440,819           Assigned:           Purchase Orders for Supplies and Services         580,468         0         0         0         580,468           Budget Resource         1,351,717         0         0         0         1,351,717	Total Restricted	0	0	0	2,411,167	2,411,167
Sustainable Reserve         0         1,650,898         0         0         1,650,898           Capital Improvements         0         0         1,512,634         0         1,512,634           War Memorial         0         0         0         6,778         6,778           Utility Caring         0         0         0         23,625         23,625           Open Space         0         0         0         16,118         16,118           Subdivision         0         0         0         13,657         13,657           Parks         0         0         0         2,466         2,466           Equipment Replacement         0         0         0         655,865         655,865           Utility Deposit         0         0         0         3,712         3,712           Total Committed         555,066         1,650,898         1,512,634         722,221         4,440,819           Assigned:         Purchase Orders for Supplies and Services         580,468         0         0         0         580,468           Budget Resource         1,351,717         0         0         0         1,351,717           Debt Service         0         0 </td <td>Committed:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Committed:					
Sustainable Reserve         0         1,650,898         0         0         1,650,898           Capital Improvements         0         0         1,512,634         0         1,512,634           War Memorial         0         0         0         6,778         6,778           Utility Caring         0         0         0         23,625         23,625           Open Space         0         0         0         16,118         16,118           Subdivision         0         0         0         13,657         13,657           Parks         0         0         0         2,466         2,466           Equipment Replacement         0         0         0         655,865         655,865           Utility Deposit         0         0         0         3,712         3,712           Total Committed         555,066         1,650,898         1,512,634         722,221         4,440,819           Assigned:         Purchase Orders for Supplies and Services         580,468         0         0         0         580,468           Budget Resource         1,351,717         0         0         0         1,351,717           Debt Service         0         0 </td <td>Vacation and Sick Leave</td> <td>555,066</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>555,066</td>	Vacation and Sick Leave	555,066	0	0	0	555,066
Capital Improvements         0         0         1,512,634         0         1,512,634           War Memorial         0         0         0         6,778         6,778           Utility Caring         0         0         0         23,625         23,625           Open Space         0         0         0         16,118         16,118           Subdivision         0         0         0         13,657         13,657           Parks         0         0         0         2,466         2,466           Equipment Replacement         0         0         0         655,865         655,865           Utility Deposit         0         0         0         3,712         3,712           Total Committed         555,066         1,650,898         1,512,634         722,221         4,440,819           Assigned:         Purchase Orders for Supplies and Services         580,468         0         0         0         580,468           Budget Resource         1,351,717         0         0         0         1,351,717           Debt Service         0         0         0         1,531         1,531           Total Assigned         1,932,185         0						*
War Memorial         0         0         6,778         6,778           Utility Caring         0         0         0         23,625         23,625           Open Space         0         0         0         16,118         16,118           Subdivision         0         0         0         13,657         13,657           Parks         0         0         0         2,466         2,466           Equipment Replacement         0         0         0         655,865         655,865           Utility Deposit         0         0         0         3,712         3,712           Total Committed         555,066         1,650,898         1,512,634         722,221         4,440,819           Assigned:         Purchase Orders for Supplies and Services         580,468         0         0         0         580,468           Budget Resource         1,351,717         0         0         0         1,351,717           Debt Service         0         0         0         1,531         1,531           Total Assigned         1,932,185         0         0         1,531         1,933,716           Unassigned         11,542,235         0         0				1,512,634	0	
Utility Caring         0         0         0         23,625         23,625           Open Space         0         0         0         16,118         16,118           Subdivision         0         0         0         13,657         13,657           Parks         0         0         0         2,466         2,466           Equipment Replacement         0         0         0         655,865         655,865           Utility Deposit         0         0         0         3,712         3,712           Total Committed         555,066         1,650,898         1,512,634         722,221         4,440,819           Assigned:         Purchase Orders for Supplies and Services         580,468         0         0         0         580,468           Budget Resource         1,351,717         0         0         0         1,351,717           Debt Service         0         0         0         1,531         1,531           Total Assigned         1,932,185         0         0         1,531         1,933,716           Unassigned         11,542,235         0         0         (83,494)         11,458,741		0	0		6,778	
Open Space         0         0         16,118         16,118           Subdivision         0         0         0         13,657         13,657           Parks         0         0         0         2,466         2,466           Equipment Replacement         0         0         0         655,865         655,865           Utility Deposit         0         0         0         3,712         3,712           Total Committed         555,066         1,650,898         1,512,634         722,221         4,440,819           Assigned:         Purchase Orders for Supplies and Services         580,468         0         0         0         580,468           Budget Resource         1,351,717         0         0         0         1,351,717           Debt Service         0         0         0         1,531         1,531           Total Assigned         1,932,185         0         0         1,531         1,933,716           Unassigned         11,542,235         0         0         (83,494)         11,458,741		0			ŕ	
Subdivision         0         0         0         13,657         13,657           Parks         0         0         0         2,466         2,466           Equipment Replacement         0         0         0         655,865         655,865           Utility Deposit         0         0         0         3,712         3,712           Total Committed         555,066         1,650,898         1,512,634         722,221         4,440,819           Assigned:         Purchase Orders for Supplies and Services         580,468         0         0         0         580,468           Budget Resource         1,351,717         0         0         0         1,351,717           Debt Service         0         0         0         1,531         1,531           Total Assigned         1,932,185         0         0         1,531         1,933,716           Unassigned         11,542,235         0         0         (83,494)         11,458,741		0			· ·	
Parks         0         0         0         2,466         2,466           Equipment Replacement         0         0         0         655,865         655,865           Utility Deposit         0         0         0         3,712         3,712           Total Committed         555,066         1,650,898         1,512,634         722,221         4,440,819           Assigned:         Purchase Orders for Supplies and Services         580,468         0         0         0         580,468           Budget Resource         1,351,717         0         0         0         1,351,717           Debt Service         0         0         0         1,531         1,531           Total Assigned         1,932,185         0         0         1,531         1,933,716           Unassigned         11,542,235         0         0         (83,494)         11,458,741		0	0		ŕ	*
Equipment Replacement         0         0         0         655,865         655,865           Utility Deposit         0         0         0         3,712         3,712           Total Committed         555,066         1,650,898         1,512,634         722,221         4,440,819           Assigned:         Purchase Orders for Supplies and Services         580,468         0         0         0         580,468           Budget Resource         1,351,717         0         0         0         1,351,717           Debt Service         0         0         0         1,531         1,531           Total Assigned         1,932,185         0         0         1,531         1,933,716           Unassigned         11,542,235         0         0         (83,494)         11,458,741		0	0	0	ŕ	*
Utility Deposit         0         0         0         3,712         3,712           Total Committed         555,066         1,650,898         1,512,634         722,221         4,440,819           Assigned:           Purchase Orders for Supplies and Services         580,468         0         0         0         580,468           Budget Resource         1,351,717         0         0         0         1,351,717           Debt Service         0         0         0         1,531         1,531           Total Assigned         1,932,185         0         0         1,531         1,933,716           Unassigned         11,542,235         0         0         (83,494)         11,458,741	Equipment Replacement	0	0	0	ŕ	*
Total Committed         555,066         1,650,898         1,512,634         722,221         4,440,819           Assigned:         Purchase Orders for Supplies and Services         580,468         0         0         0         580,468           Budget Resource         1,351,717         0         0         0         1,351,717           Debt Service         0         0         0         1,531         1,531           Total Assigned         1,932,185         0         0         1,531         1,933,716           Unassigned         11,542,235         0         0         (83,494)         11,458,741		0	0	0	ŕ	*
Purchase Orders for Supplies and Services         580,468         0         0         0         580,468           Budget Resource         1,351,717         0         0         0         1,351,717           Debt Service         0         0         0         1,531         1,531           Total Assigned         1,932,185         0         0         1,531         1,933,716           Unassigned         11,542,235         0         0         (83,494)         11,458,741	3 1	555,066	1,650,898	1,512,634		
Purchase Orders for Supplies and Services         580,468         0         0         0         580,468           Budget Resource         1,351,717         0         0         0         1,351,717           Debt Service         0         0         0         1,531         1,531           Total Assigned         1,932,185         0         0         1,531         1,933,716           Unassigned         11,542,235         0         0         (83,494)         11,458,741	Assigned:					
Budget Resource         1,351,717         0         0         0         1,351,717           Debt Service         0         0         0         1,531         1,531           Total Assigned         1,932,185         0         0         1,531         1,933,716           Unassigned         11,542,235         0         0         (83,494)         11,458,741		580,468	0	0	0	580,468
Debt Service         0         0         0         1,531         1,531           Total Assigned         1,932,185         0         0         1,531         1,933,716           Unassigned         11,542,235         0         0         (83,494)         11,458,741	* *	*				*
Total Assigned         1,932,185         0         0         1,531         1,933,716           Unassigned         11,542,235         0         0         (83,494)         11,458,741						
Unassigned 11,542,235 0 0 (83,494) 11,458,741						

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

## NOTE 5 - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

Cash resources of several individual funds are combined to form a pool of cash and investments. In addition, investments are separately held by a number of individual funds.

Statutes require the classification of funds held by the City into three categories:

Category 1 consists of "active" funds - those funds required to be kept in "cash" or "near cash" status for immediate use by the City. Such funds must be maintained either as cash in the City Treasury or in depository accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts.

Category 2 consists of "inactive" funds - those funds not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive funds may be deposited or invested only as certificates of deposit maturing no later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories.

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Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

## NOTE 5 - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Category 3 consists of "interim" funds - those funds not needed for immediate use but needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim funds may be invested or deposited in the following securities:

- United States treasury notes, bills, bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal or interest by the United States:
- Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal
  government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the federal national
  mortgage association, federal home loan bank, federal farm credit bank, federal home loan
  mortgage corporation, government national mortgage association, and student loan marketing
  association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government
  agencies or instrumentalities;
- Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- Interim deposits in eligible institutions applying for interim funds;
- Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in the
  first two bullets of this section and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations,
  provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through
  eligible institutions, and
- The State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio).
- Certain bankers' acceptances and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred and eighty days from the date of purchase in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim moneys available for investment at any one time.

## NOTE 5 - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

#### A. Deposits

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the City will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. Although the securities were held by the pledging financial institutions' trust department and all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with Federal requirements could potentially subject the City to a successful claim by the FDIC.

The City has no deposit policy for custodial risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits be either insured or protected by:

Eligible securities pledged to the City and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose market value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured; or

Participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total market value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of State.

All of the City's financial institutions have enrolled in OPCS as of December 31, 2021.

At year end the carrying amount of the City's deposits was \$9,422,489 and the bank balance was \$9,746,502. Federal depository insurance covered \$6,916,218 of the bank balance and \$2,830,284 was exposed to custodial risk and was collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institutions trust department or agent but not in the City's name and securities held in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System.

## NOTE 5 - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

#### **B.** Investments

The City's investments at December 31, 2021 are summarized below:

	Fair Value			N	Investment laturities (in Years	s)
	Fair Value	Credit Rating	Hierarchy	less than 1	1-3	3-5
STAR Ohio *	\$1,101,785	AAAm	N/A	\$1,101,785	\$0	\$0
FNMA	3,218,639	$AAA^{1}/Aaa^{2}$	Level 2	0	943,154	2,275,485
FFCB	10,216,815	$AAA^{1}/Aaa^{2}$	Level 2	2,242,537	5,438,298	2,535,980
U.S. Treasury Note	5,807,774	N/A	Level 2	0	3,475,091	2,332,683
U.S. Treasury Bond	625,935	N/A	Level 2	0	625,935	0
FHLB	3,260,549	$AAA^{1}/Aaa^{2}$	Level 2	761,145	753,701	1,745,703
FHLMC	1,895,427	$AAA^{1}/Aaa^{2}$	Level 2	722,470	436,322	736,635
Total Investments	\$26,126,924			\$4,827,937	\$11,672,501	\$9,626,486

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Standard & Poor's

*Interest Rate Risk* – The Ohio Revised Code generally limits security purchases to those that mature within five years of settlement date.

Credit Risk – The City's investment in Star Ohio was rated AAAm¹ by Standard & Poor's.

Concentration of Credit Risk – The City places no limit on the amount the City may invest in one issuer.

### C. Reconciliation of Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

The classification of cash, cash equivalents and investments on the combined financial statements is based on criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 9. STAR Ohio is treated as a cash equivalent. The classification of cash and cash equivalents (deposits) for purposes of this note are based on criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 3.

A reconciliation between classifications of cash and investments on the combined financial statements and the classifications per items A and B of this note are as follows:

	Cash and Cash	
	Equivalents *	Investments
Per Financial Statements	\$35,549,413	\$0
Investments:		
Investments (Other)	(25,025,139)	25,025,139
STAR Ohio	(1,101,785)	1,101,785
Per GASB Statement No. 3	\$9,422,489	\$26,126,924

<sup>\*</sup> Includes cash on hand.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Moody's Investor Service

<sup>\*</sup> Star Ohio is reported at its share price (Net asset value per share)

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

#### **NOTE 6 - TAXES**

#### A. Property Taxes

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real estate and public utility property, and tangible personal property used in business and located in the City. Real property taxes (other than public utility) collected during 2021 were levied after October 1, 2020 on assessed values as of January 1, 2020, the lien date. Assessed values were established by the County Auditor at 35% of appraised market value. All property is required to be reappraised every six years, and equalization adjustments are made in the third year following reappraisal. The last revaluation was completed in 2020. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. The first payment is due January 20; the remainder is payable by June 20.

Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes collected in one calendar year are levied in the preceding calendar year on assessed values determined as of December 31 of the second year preceding the tax collection year, the lien date. Certain public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at 100% of its true value. Public utility property taxes are payable on the same dates as real property described previously.

The Lorain County Treasurer collects property taxes on behalf of all taxing districts in the County including the City of Oberlin. The County Auditor periodically remits to the City its portion of the taxes collected.

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Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

## **NOTE 6 - TAXES** (Continued)

#### A. Property Taxes (Continued)

The full tax rate for the City's operations for the year ended December 31, 2021 was \$9.74 per \$1,000 of assessed value. The assessed value upon which the 2021 receipts were based was \$141,232,120. This amount constitutes \$137,590,290 in real property assessed value and \$3,641,830 in public utility assessed value.

Ohio law prohibits taxation of property from all taxing authorities in excess of 1% of assessed value without a vote of the people. Under current procedures, the City's share is .974% (9.74 mills) of assessed value.

### B. Income Tax

The City levies a tax of 2.5% on all salaries, wages, commissions and other compensation and on net profits earned within the City as well as on incomes of residents earned outside the City. In the latter case, the City allows a credit of 100% of the tax paid to another municipality to a maximum of 2.5% of taxable salaries, wages, commissions and other compensation.

Employers within the City are required to withhold income tax on employees compensation and remit the tax to the City either monthly or quarterly, as required. Corporations and other individual taxpayers are required to pay their estimated tax quarterly and file a declaration annually.

#### **NOTE 7 – TAX ABATEMENT DISCLOSURES**

As of December 31, 2021, the City provides tax incentives under various programs as follows:

#### A. Tax Increment Financing

Pursuant to Ohio Revised Code Chapter 5709, the City established an Incentive District to pay for public improvements funded through Tax Increment Financing (TIF). One TIF was approved in 2005, TIF proceeds began in 2011. The incremental increase in property value from the mixed use development was nearly \$10 million. The City also entered into an agreement with the School District to pay, from the TIF proceeds, 50% of what they would have received for the improvements without the TIF. The TIF was established for a term of 19 years with 100% exemption on the incremental property value. The TIF is active and in compliance. Although the TIF is scheduled to end by 2029, for the related public improvements, the last year of the debt service was accelerated in 2021, the City paid the remaining debt balance in 2021 with funds accumulated in the TIF fund through 2021. Remaining TIF proceeds will be used for prior and future public improvements in the TIF district. In 2021 TIF Proceeds were \$208,164.46 and expenses included \$2,650.71 in county collection costs, \$52,406.70 payment to the school district and \$739,582.02 in debt service leaving a net balance of (\$586,474.97) for the year and \$103,205.50 cumulative year-end balance.

## B. Economic Development Incentive

The City of Oberlin established an Economic Development Business Incentive Program, also referred to as the Oberlin Business Incentive Program (OBIP), to provide incentives to businesses moving into the City of Oberlin or expanding in the City and creating jobs. The incentive is based on total jobs and payroll dollars added in the city. The incentive is made of two components, one is an upfront incentive, not to exceed \$10,000 based on projected new or expanded payrolls. A claw back provision is part of the upfront incentive to ensure performance. The second component is based on non-tax dollars, if available, the city will provide an annual incentive in the amount of up-to 50% of the Income Taxes collection from withholdings and net profits. This component is based on a contract that includes maintaining certain full-time equivalent jobs within the City and minimum payroll levels. Since the inception of this program, we have received four applications. All were approved by the City Manager in accordance with the legislation creating the program and memorialized by an agreement between the City and the Company. Monitoring of the agreements is handled by the Finance Office. One of the companies was terminated for noncompliance in 2019. The second company reached the end of their agreement, with a final payment in 2019. A third agreement was approved in late 2019 for PartnerShip, LLC, a company who moved their 66 employees to Oberlin. Due to the impact of COVID-19 on their business, PartnerShip requested cancellation of their incentive agreement prior to any payments to the company and the city granted the cancellation. They did not receive the one-time upfront incentive, therefore there was no need to claw back any one-time incentive payment. A fourth agreement was approved in 2021 for Bistro Bella Luna, LLC, this agreement consisted of only an upfront incentive of \$4,000, and no on-going financial incentive. The agreements with ongoing incentives have caps on their incentives of \$50,000 each, per year, as well as caps on their incentive periods of no more than 10 years. In 2021 the city paid \$4,000 in OBIP upfront/incentives.

## **NOTE 7 – TAX ABATEMENT DISCLOSURES** (Continued)

### C. Community Reinvestment Area

The City of Oberlin established a Community Reinvestment Area (CRA) on August 8, 2003 by Ordinance No. 03-51 in accordance with Ohio Revised Code 3735.65-3735.70. The CRA has no expiration date although the City Council reserves the right to re-evaluate the CRA on an annual basis. The CRA was certified by the State of Ohio on October 28, 2003. Terms of abatement for commercial and industrial projects are negotiated on a case-by-case basis. Residential projects are 50% for 10 years for new construction or remodeling of dwellings containing not more than 2 housing units, provided that the cost of construction or remodeling is at least \$2500. 50% for 10 years for new construction or remodeling containing more than 2 housing units and fewer than 6 units, provided that the cost of construction or remodeling is at least \$5,000. The City has no property tax exemptions currently in place under the CRA.

### **D.** Enterprise Zone

The City of Oberlin established an Enterprise Zone in 1991 pursuant to Ohio Revised Code Section 5709, and affirmed by the Lorain County Commissioners and the State Department of Development. The City has two Enterprise Zone tax exemption agreements in place for the same company that exempt 75% of the property taxes for 10 years. The first agreement done in 2015 was for two building additions where the actual investment was \$1.48 million. Associated construction began prior to July 2015 and it was completed by December 2016. In return, the company agreed to retain their current 25 full-time jobs and create 8 new full-time jobs, which they have already done. The new positions have created \$197,000 in new payroll. The new positions were to be created within 3 years of the project completion. The second agreement done in 2017 was for a building addition valued between \$630,000 and \$820,000. This addition was completed in May of 2018. For this project, the company agreed to retain its 37 full-time jobs and create 3 additional full-time jobs, which they have already done. The new jobs created approximately \$150,000 in new payroll. These new positions also were to be created within 3 years of project completion. The Oberlin School District and the Lorain County Joint Vocational School were notified of both exemption applications and were provided copies in accordance with Revised Code Section 5709.83. The County Tax Incentive Review Council annually monitors the performance of any Enterprise Zone tax exemptions. In 2016 no taxes were exempted. The abatement began for the first agreement in 2017. The abatement for the second agreement began in 2019.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

## **NOTE 8 - RECEIVABLES**

Receivables at December 31, 2021 consisted of taxes, interest, accounts receivable, interfund loans, loans, special assessments and intergovernmental receivables arising from shared revenues.

## NOTE 9 - INTERFUND BALANCES

Individual interfund balances at December 31, 2021 that are expected to be paid within one year are as follows:

	Interfund Loans	Interfund Loans
Fund	Receivable	Payable
Governmental Funds:		
General Fund	\$96,980	\$0
EMS Grant Fund	0	2,506
Sidewalk Improvement Fund	0	64,699
Total Governmental Funds	96,980	67,205
Proprietary Funds:		
Refuse Fund	0	29,775
Totals	\$96,980	\$96,980

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

### **NOTE 10 - TRANSFERS**

Following is a summary of transfers in and out for all funds for 2021:

			Tra	ansfers Out:			
			Other	Internal			
	General	Income Tax	Governmental	Service	Sewer	Refuse	
Transfers In:	Fund	Fund	Funds	Fund	Fund	Fund	Total
Income Tax Fund	\$300,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$300,000
Other Governmental Funds	42,557	727,986	739,582	3,000	20,793	234,105	1,768,023
Storm Water	145,000	244,000	0	0	0	0	389,000
Total	\$487,557	\$971,986	\$739,582	\$3,000	\$20,793	\$234,105	\$2,457,023

Transfers are used to (1) move unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations; (2) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget required to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them; (3) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due; (4) for capital purchases authorized by council; and (5) move revenues to the Equipment Replacement Fund.

During 2021, a capital distribution was made from the Sewer Fund to the governmental capital assets in the amount of \$76,192 for land assets, and is reported as a transfer on the entity-wide statements.

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## **NOTE 11 - CAPITAL ASSETS**

## A. Governmental Activities Capital Assets

Summary by category of changes in governmental activities capital assets at December 31, 2021:

### Historical Cost:

	December 31,				December 31,
Class	2020	Transfers	Additions	Deletions	2021
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$2,502,285	\$76,192	\$27,840	(\$85,880)	\$2,520,437
Construction in Progress	396,412	0	3,266,832	(1,301,862)	2,361,382
Subtotal	2,898,697	76,192	3,294,672	(1,387,742)	4,881,819
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Buildings	14,313,495	14,850	2,729,550	0	17,057,895
Improvements Other than Buildings	1,274,234	0	0	0	1,274,234
Machinery and Equipment	7,925,642	0	613,095	(518,279)	8,020,458
Infrastructure	37,696,571	0	1,229,461	(293,105)	38,632,927
Subtotal	61,209,942	14,850	4,572,106	(811,384)	64,985,514
Total Cost	\$64,108,639	\$91,042	\$7,866,778	(\$2,199,126)	\$69,867,333
Accumulated Depreciation:					
-	December 31,				December 31,
Class	2020	Transfers	Additions	Deletions	2021
Buildings	(\$5,128,677)	(\$14,850)	(\$368,897)	\$0	(\$5,512,424)
Improvements Other than Buildings	(405,714)	0	(60,347)	0	(466,061)
Machinery and Equipment	(6,134,417)	0	(442,122)	500,513	(6,076,026)
Infrastructure	(24,889,134)	0	(1,351,816)	290,648	(25,950,302)
Total Depreciation	(\$36,557,942)	(\$14,850)	(\$2,223,182) *	\$791,161	(\$38,004,813)
Net Value:	\$27,550,697				\$31,862,520

# \* Depreciation expenses were charged to governmental functions as follows:

Security of Persons and Property	\$378,512
Public Health and Welfare Services	49,794
Leisure Time Activities	143,574
Community Development	1,941
Basic Utility Services	37,535
Transportation	1,409,745
General Government	94,383
Total Depreciation Expense recorded within the Governmental Activities Amount of Depreciation Expense	2,115,484
recorded in the Internal Service Fund	107,698
Total Depreciation Expense	\$2,223,182

# NOTE 11 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

## B. Business-Type Activities Capital Assets

Summary by category of changes in business-type activities capital assets at December 31, 2021:

### Historical Cost:

	December 31,				December 31,
Class	2020	Transfers	Additions	Deletions	2021
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$666,812	(\$76,192)	\$142,711	\$0	\$733,331
Construction in Progress	518,656	0	391,831	(482,817)	427,670
Subtotal	1,185,468	(76,192)	534,542	(482,817)	1,161,001
Capital assets being depreciated:				_	
Buildings	8,419,583	(14,850)	244,416	0	8,649,149
Infrastructure	18,887,520	0	178,903	(3,943)	19,062,480
Improvements Other than Buildings	3,253,013	0	0	(98,469)	3,154,544
Machinery and Equipment	23,677,675	0	176,813	(209,742)	23,644,746
Subtotal	54,237,791	(14,850)	600,132	(312,154)	54,510,919
Total Cost	\$55,423,259	(\$91,042)	\$1,134,674	(\$794,971)	\$55,671,920
Accumulated Depreciation:					
	December 31,				December 31,
Class	2020	Transfers	Additions	Deletions	2021
Buildings	(\$4,354,781)	\$14,850	(\$183,758)	\$0	(\$4,523,689)
Infrastructure	(4,882,761)	0	(225,401)	2,620	(5,105,542)
Improvements Other than Buildings	(1,079,817)	0	(161,210)	57,829	(1,183,198)
Machinery and Equipment	(19,840,590)	0	(945,371)	209,742	(20,576,219)
Total Depreciation	(\$30,157,949)	\$14,850	(\$1,515,740)	\$270,191	(\$31,388,648)
Net Value:	\$25,265,310				\$24,283,272

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### NOTE 12 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

### Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability reported on the statement of net position represents a liability to employees for pensions. Pensions are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension liability represents the City's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the City's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The City cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, the City does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension.

GASB 68 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net pension liability* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in *intergovernmental payable* on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

### Plan Description – Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

Plan Description - City employees, other than full-time police and firefighters, participate in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS administers three separate pension plans. The traditional pension plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The member-directed plan is a defined contribution plan and the combined plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with defined contribution features. While members (e.g. City employees) may elect the member-directed plan and the combined plan, substantially all employee members are in OPERS' traditional plan; therefore, the following disclosure focuses on the traditional pension plan.

### **NOTE 12 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS** (Continued)

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits, and annual cost of living adjustments to members of the traditional plan. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about OPERS' fiduciary net position that may be obtained by visiting <a href="https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml">https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml</a>, by writing to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling 800-222-7377.

Senate Bill (SB) 343 was enacted into law with an effective date of January 7, 2013. In the legislation, members were categorized into three groups with varying provisions of the law applicable to each group. The following table provides age and service requirements for retirement and the retirement formula applied to final average salary (FAS) for the three member groups under the traditional plan as per the reduced benefits adopted by SB 343 (see OPERS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report referenced above for additional information, including requirements for reduced and unreduced benefits):

#### Group A

Eligible to retire prior to January 7, 2013 or five years after January 7, 2013

### State and Local

## Age and Service Requirements:

Age 60 with 60 months of service credit or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit

### Formula:

2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 30

### **Public Safety**

### Age and Service Requirements:

Age 48 with 25 years of service credit or Age 52 with 15 years of service credit

### Law Enforcement

### Age and Service Requirements:

Age 52 with 15 years of service credit

# **Public Safety and Law Enforcement**

### Formula:

2.5% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 25 years and 2.1% for service years in excess of 25

### Group B

20 years of service credit prior to January 7, 2013 or eligible to retire ten years after January 7, 2013

## State and Local

### Age and Service Requirements:

Age 60 with 60 months of service credit or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit

### Formula:

2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 30

### **Public Safety**

### Age and Service Requirements:

Age 48 with 25 years of service credit or Age 52 with 15 years of service credit

### Law Enforcement

### Age and Service Requirements:

Age 48 with 25 years of service credit or Age 52 with 15 years of service credit

### **Public Safety and Law Enforcement**

### Formula:

2.5% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 25 years and 2.1% for service years in excess of 25

#### Group C

Members not in other Groups and members hired on or after January 7, 2013

### State and Local

### Age and Service Requirements:

Age 57 with 25 years of service credit or Age 62 with 5 years of service credit

### Formula:

2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 35 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 35

### **Public Safety**

### Age and Service Requirements:

Age 52 with 25 years of service credit or Age 56 with 15 years of service credit

### Law Enforcement

### Age and Service Requirements:

Age 48 with 25 years of service credit or Age 56 with 15 years of service credit

### **Public Safety and Law Enforcement**

### Formula:

2.5% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 25 years and 2.1% for service years in excess of 25

### NOTE 12 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Final average Salary (FAS) represents the average of the three highest years of earnings over a member's career for Groups A and B. Group C is based on the average of the five highest years of earnings over a member's career.

Members who retire before meeting the age and years of service credit requirement for unreduced benefits receive a percentage reduction in the benefit amount. The initial amount of a member's pension benefit is vested upon receipt of the initial benefit payment for calculation of an annual cost-of-living adjustment.

When a traditional plan benefit recipient has received benefits for 12 months, an annual cost of living adjustment (COLA) is provided. This COLA is calculated on the base retirement benefit at the date of retirement and is not compounded. For those retiring prior to January 7, 2013, the COLA will continue to be a 3.00% simple annual COLA. For those retiring subsequent to January 7, 2013, beginning in calendar year 2019, the COLA will be based on the average percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index, capped at 3.00%.

Benefits in the Combined Plan consist of both an age-and-service formula benefit (defined benefit) and a defined contribution element. The defined benefit element is calculated on the basis of age, FAS, and years of service. Eligibility regarding age and years of service in the Combined Plan is the same as the Traditional Pension Plan. The benefit formula for the defined benefit component of the plan for State and Local members in transition Groups A and B applies a factor of 1.00% to the member's FAS for the first 30 years of service.

A factor of 1.25% is applied to years of service in excess of 30. The benefit formula for transition Group C applies a factor of 1.0% to the member's FAS and the first 35 years of service and a factor of 1.25% is applied to years in excess of 35. Persons retiring before age 65 with less than 30 years of service credit receive a percentage reduction in benefit. The defined contribution portion of the benefit is based on accumulated member contributions plus or minus any investment gains or losses on those contributions. Defined contribution plan benefits are established in the plan documents, which may be amended by the OPERS's Board of Trustees. Member-Directed Plan and Combined Plan members who have met the retirement eligibility requirements may apply for retirement benefits. The amount available for defined contribution benefits in the Combined Plan consists of the member's contributions plus or minus the investment gains or losses resulting from the member's investment selections. Combined plan members wishing to receive benefits must meet the requirements for both the defined benefit and defined contribution plans. Member-directed participants must have attained the age of 55, have money on deposit in the defined contribution plan and have terminated public service to apply for retirement benefits. The amount available for defined contribution benefits in the Member-Directed Plan consists of the members' contributions, vested employer contributions and investment gains or losses resulting from the members' investment selections. Employer contributions and associated investment earnings vest over a five-year period, at a rate of 20% each year. At retirement, members may select one of several distribution options for payment of the vested balance in their individual OPERS accounts. Options include the annuitization of the benefit (which includes joint and survivor options), partial lump-sum payments (subject to limitations), a rollover of the vested account balance to another financial institution, receipt of entire account balance, net of taxes withheld, or a combination of these options. For additional information, see the Plan Statement in the OPERS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

## **NOTE 12 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS** (Continued)

Beginning in 2022, the Combined Plan will be consolidated under the Traditional Pension Plan (defined benefit plan) and the Combined Plan option will no longer be available for new hires beginning in 2022.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

	State		Law	
	and Loca	1_	Enforcem	nent
2021 Statutory Maximum Contribution Rates				
Employer	14.0	%	18.1	%
Employee	10.0	%	*	
2021 Actual Contribution Rates				
Employer:				
Pension	14.0	%	18.1	%
Post-employment Health Care Benefits	0.0		0.0	
Total Employer	14.0	%	18.1	%
Employee	10.0	<u>%</u>	13.0	%

<sup>\*</sup> This rate is determined by OPERS' Board, but is limited by ORC to not more than 2 percent greater than the Public Safety rate.

Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The City's contractually required contribution was \$887,078 for 2021.

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Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

### NOTE 12 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

### Plan Description – Ohio Police & Fire Pension Fund (OPF)

Plan Description - City full-time police and firefighters participate in Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OPF), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by OPF. OPF provides retirement and disability pension benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by the Ohio State Legislature and are codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPF issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information and detailed information about OPF fiduciary net position. The report that may be obtained by visiting the OPF website at <a href="https://www.op-f.org">www.op-f.org</a> or by writing to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164.

Upon attaining a qualifying age with sufficient years of service, a member of OPF may retire and receive a lifetime monthly pension. OPF offers four types of service retirement: normal, service commuted, age/service commuted and actuarially reduced. Each type has different eligibility guidelines and is calculated using the member's average annual salary. The following discussion of the pension formula relates to normal service retirement.

For members hired after July 1, 2013, the minimum retirement age is 52 for normal service retirement with at least 25 years of service credit. For members hired on or before July 1, 2013, the minimum retirement age is 48 for normal service retirement with at least 25 years of service credit.

The annual pension benefit for normal service retirement is equal to a percentage of the allowable average annual salary. The percentage equals 2.5 percent for each of the first 20 years of service credit, 2.0 percent for each of the next five years of service credit and 1.5 percent for each year of service credit in excess of 25 years. The maximum pension of 72 percent of the allowable average annual salary is paid after 33 years of service credit. (see OP&F Annual Comprehensive Financial Report referenced above for additional information, including requirements for Deferred Retirement Option Plan provisions and reduced and unreduced benefits).

Under normal service retirement, retired members who are at least 55 years old and have been receiving OPF benefits for at least one year may be eligible for a cost-of-living allowance adjustment. The age 55 provision for receiving a COLA does not apply to those who are receiving a permanent and total disability benefit and statutory survivors. Members participating in the DROP program have separate eligibility requirements related to COLA.

Members retiring under normal service retirement, with less than 15 years of service credit on July 1, 2013, will receive a COLA equal to either 3.00% or the percent increase, if any, in the consumer price index (CPI) over the 12-month period ending on September 30 of the immediately preceding year, whichever is less. The COLA amount for members with at least 15 years of service credit as of July 1, 2013 is equal to 3.00% of their base pension or disability benefit.

## **NOTE 12 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS** (Continued)

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

_	Police	Firefighters
2021 Statutory Maximum Contribution Rates	_	
Employer	19.50 %	24.00 %
Employee	12.25 %	12.25
2021 Actual Contribution Rates		
Employer:		
Pension	19.00 %	23.50 %
Post-employment Health Care Benefits	0.50	0.50
Total Employer	19.50 %	24.00 %
Employee	12.25 %	12.25 %

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The City's contractually required contribution to OPF was \$385,627 for 2021.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability for OPERS was measured as of December 31, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. OPF's total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2020, and was determined by rolling forward the total pension liability as of January 1, 2020, to December 31, 2020. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	OPERS	OP&F	Total
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$6,164,493	\$4,647,250	\$10,811,743
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability-2021	0.041630%	0.068171%	
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability-2020	0.041558%	0.068503%	
Percentage Change	0.0000720%	(0.00033%)	
Pension Expense	\$69,963	\$326,551	\$396,514

## **NOTE 12 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS** (Continued)

At December 31, 2021, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

,933
,272
,651
,705
,561
,168
,907
,211
,286
,2 ,6 ,7 ,5

\$1,272,705 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending December 31, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	OPERS	OP&F	Total
Year Ending December 31:			
2022	(\$1,051,002)	(\$52,996)	(\$1,103,998)
2023	(339,168)	61,047	(278,121)
2024	(979,440)	(225,025)	(1,204,465)
2025	(327,697)	(31,494)	(359,191)
2026	0	6,345	6,345
Total	(\$2,697,307)	(\$242,123)	(\$2,939,430)

### **Actuarial Assumptions - OPERS**

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the values of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review or modification as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

### NOTE 12 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2020 and December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

	December 31, 2020
Wage Inflation	3.25 percent
Future Salary Increases, including inflation	3.25 to 10.75 percent including wage inflation
COLA or Ad Hoc COLA (Pre 1/7/13 retirees)	3 percent simple
COLA or Ad Hoc COLA (Post 1/7/13 retirees)	0.5 percent simple through 2021. 2.15 percent simple, thereafter
Investment Rate of Return	7.2 percent
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age
	December 31, 2019
Wage Inflation	December 31, 2019 3.25 percent
Wage Inflation Future Salary Increases, including inflation	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
e	3.25 percent
Future Salary Increases, including inflation	3.25 percent 3.25 to 10.75 percent including wage inflation
Future Salary Increases, including inflation COLA or Ad Hoc COLA (Pre 1/7/13 retirees)	3.25 percent 3.25 to 10.75 percent including wage inflation 3 percent simple

Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Employees mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates for disabled retirees are based on the RP-2014 Disabled mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2015 mortality improvement scale to all of the above described tables.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended December 31, 2015.

The long-term rate of return on defined benefit investment assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected real rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation.

OPERS manages investments in three investment portfolios: the Defined Benefits portfolio, the Health Care portfolio and the Defined Contribution portfolio. The Defined Benefit portfolio includes the investment assets of the Traditional Pension Plan, the defined benefit component of the Combined Plan, the annuitized accounts of the Member-Direct Plan. Within the Defined Benefit portfolio, contributions into the plans are all recorded at the same time, and benefit payments all occur on the first of the month. Accordingly, the money-weighted rate of return is considered to be the same for all plans within the portfolio. The annual money weighted rate of return expressing investment performance, net of investments expenses and adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested, for the Defined Benefit portfolio was 11.7 for 2020.

### NOTE 12 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

The allocation of investment assets with the Defined Benefit portfolio is approved by the Board of Trustees as outlined in the annual investment plan. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the defined benefit pension plans. The table below displays the Board-approved asset allocation policy for 2020 and the long-term expected real rates of return:

		Weighted Average
		Long-Term Expected
	Target	Real Rate of Return
Asset Class	Allocation	(Arithmetic)
Fixed Income	25.00 %	1.32 %
Domestic Equities	21.00	5.64
Real Estate	10.00	5.39
Private Equity	12.00	10.42
International Equities	23.00	7.36
Other investments	9.00	4.75
Total	100.00 %	5.43 %

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.2 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefits payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate The following table presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.2 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.2 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (8.2 percent) than the current rate:

	Current		
	1% Decrease Discount Rate 1% Incre		
	(6.20%)	(7.20%)	(8.20%)
City's proportionate share			
of the net pension liability	\$11,758,810	\$6,164,493	\$1,512,834

## **NOTE 12 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS** (Continued)

### Actuarial Assumptions – OPF

OPF's total pension liability as of December 31, 2020 is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of January 1, 2020, and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The total pension liability is determined by OPF's actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual valuation. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of reported amounts and assumptions about probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment mortality, salary increases, disabilities, retirements and employment terminations. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Assumptions considered were: withdrawal rates, disability retirement, service retirement, DROP elections, mortality, percent married and forms of the payment, DROP interest rate, CPI-based COLA, investment returns, salary increases and payroll growth.

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results, prepared as of January 1, 2020, compared with January 1, 2019, are presented below.

	January 1, 2020	January 1, 2019
Valuation Date	January 1, 2020, with actuarial liabilities rolled forward to December 31, 2020	January 1, 2019, with actuarial liabilities rolled forward to December 31, 2019
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal
Investment Rate of Return	8.0 percent	8.0 percent
Projected Salary Increases	3.75 percent to 10.5 percent	3.75 percent to 10.5 percent
Payroll Growth	Inflation rate of 2.75 percent plus productivity increase rate of 0.5	Inflation rate of 2.75 percent plus productivity increase rate of 0.5
Cost of Living Adjustments	2.2 percent simple	3.00 percent simple; 2.2 percent simple
		for increases based on the lesser of the
		increase in CPI and 3 percent

For the January 1, 2020 valuation, mortality for non-disabled participants is based on the RP-2014 Total Employee and Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables rolled back to 2006, adjusted according to the rates in the following table, and projected with the Buck Modified 2016 Improvement Scale. Rates for surviving beneficiaries are adjusted by 120 percent.

Age	Police		Fire	
67 or less	77	%	68	%
68-77	105		87	
78 and up	115		120	

For the January 1, 2020 valuation, mortality for disabled retirees is based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Tables rolled back to 2006, adjusted according to the rates in the following table, and projected with the Buck Modified 2016 Improvement Scale.

**NOTE 12 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS** (Continued)

Age	Police	Fire
59 or less	35 %	35 %
60-69	60	45
70-79	75	70
80 and up	100	90

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended December 31, 2016. The prior experience study was completed December 31, 2011.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in the Statement of Investment Policy. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted averaged of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes.

Best estimates of the long-term expected geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in OPF's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2020 are summarized below:

	Target	Long Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Cash and Cash Equivalents	0.00 %	0.00 %
Domestic Equity	21.00	4.10
Non-US Equity	14.00	4.80
Private Markets	8.00	6.40
Core Fixed Income *	23.00	0.90
High Yield Fixed Income	7.00	3.00
Private Credit	5.00	4.50
U.S. Inflation Linked Bonds*	17.00	0.70
Midstream Energy Infrastructure	5.00	5.60
Real Assets	8.00	5.80
Gold	5.00	1.90
Private Real Estate	12.00	5.30
Total	125.00 %	

<sup>\*</sup> levered 2x

Note: Assumptions are geometric

OPF's Board of Trustees has incorporated the "risk parity" concept into OPF's asset liability valuation with the goal of reducing equity risk exposure, which reduces overall Total Portfolio risk without sacrificing return, and creating a more risk-balanced portfolio based on their relationship between asset classes and economic environments. From the notional portfolio perspective above, the Total Portfolio may be levered up to 1.25 times due to the application of leverage in certain fixed income asset classes.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

## **NOTE 12 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS** (Continued)

Discount Rate For 2020, the total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 8.00 percent. The discount rate used for 2019 was 8.00 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earning were calculated using the longer-term assumed investment rate of return 8.00 percent. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, a long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 8.00 percent, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (7.00 percent), or one percentage point higher (9.00 percent) than the current rate.

	Current			
	1% Decrease Discount Rate 1% Inc			
	(7.00%)	(8.00%)	(9.00%)	
City's proportionate share				
of the net pension liability	\$6,469,569	\$4,647,250	\$3,122,155	

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### **NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS**

### Net OPEB Liability (Asset)

The net OPEB liability (asset) reported on the statement of net position represents a liability to employees for OPEB. OPEB is a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. OPEB are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for OPEB is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net OPEB liability (asset) represents the City's proportionate share of each OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net OPEB liability (asset) calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting these estimates annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the City's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The City cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which OPEB are financed; however, the City does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including OPEB.

GASB 75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because they benefit from employee services. OPEB contributions come from these employers and health care plan enrollees which pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. The Ohio revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. Any change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net OPEB liability. Resulting adjustments to the net OPEB liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net OPEB liability* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required OPEB contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in *intergovernmental payable* on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

### **NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS**

## Plan Description – Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

Plan Description - The Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) administers three separate pension plans: the traditional pension plan, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan; the member-directed plan, a defined contribution plan; and the combined plan, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and defined contribution plan.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

### NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (Continued)

## Plan Description – Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) (Continued)

OPERS maintains a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment health care trust, which funds multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage and deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement to qualifying benefit recipients of both the traditional pension and the combined plans. This trust is also used to fund health care for member-directed plan participants, in the form of a Retiree Medical Account (RMA). At retirement or refund, member directed plan participants may be eligible for reimbursement of qualified medical expenses from their vested RMA balance.

Effective January 1, 2022, OPERS will discontinue the group plans currently offered to non-Medicare retirees and re-employed retirees. Instead, eligible non-Medicare retirees will select an individual medical plan. OPERS will provide a subsidy or allowance via an HRA allowance to those retirees who meet health care eligibility requirements. Retirees will be able to seek reimbursement for plan premiums and other qualified medical expenses. These changes are reflected in the December 31, 2020, measurement date health care valuation.

In order to qualify for postemployment health care coverage, age and service retirees under the traditional pension and combined plans must have 20 or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit with a minimum age of 60, or generally 30 years of qualifying service at any age. Health care coverage for disability benefit recipients and qualified survivor benefit recipients is available. The health care coverage provided by OPERS meets the definition of an Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement 75. See OPERS' Annual Comprehensive Financial Report referenced below for additional information.

The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require OPERS to provide health care to its eligible benefit recipients. Authority to establish and amend health care coverage is provided to the Board in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code.

Disclosures for the health care plan are presented separately in the OPERS financial report. Interested parties may obtain a copy by visiting <a href="https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml">https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml</a>, by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling (614) 222-5601 or 800-222-7377.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code provides the statutory authority requiring public employers to fund postemployment health care through their contributions to OPERS. When funding is approved by OPERS' Board of Trustees, a portion of each employer's contribution to OPERS is set aside to fund OPERS health care plans. Beginning in 2018, health care is not being funded.

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of the earnable salary of active members. In 2021, state and local employers contributed at a rate of 14.0 percent of earnable salary and public safety and law enforcement employers contributed at 18.1 percent. These are the maximum employer contribution rates permitted by the Ohio Revised Code. Active member contributions do not fund health care.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

### **NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS** (Continued)

Each year, the OPERS Board determines the portion of the employer contribution rate that will be set aside to fund health care plans. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for members in the Traditional Pension Plan and Combined Plan was 0 percent during calendar year 2021. The OPERS Board is also authorized to establish rules for the retiree or their surviving beneficiaries to pay a portion of the health care provided. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected. The employer contribution as a percentage of covered payroll deposited into the RMA for participants in the Member-Directed Plan for 2021 was 4.0 percent.

Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The City's contractually required contribution was \$0 for 2021.

## Plan Description – Ohio Police & Fire Pension Fund (OP&F)

Plan Description – The City contributes to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F) sponsored healthcare program, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined post-employment health care plan administered by a third-party provider. This program is not guaranteed and is subject to change at any time upon action of the Board of Trustees. On January 1, 2019, OP&F implemented a new model for health care. Under this new model, OP&F provides eligible retirees with a fixed stipend earmarked to pay for health care and Medicare Part B reimbursements.

A retiree is eligible for the OP&F health care stipend unless they have access to any other group coverage including employer and retirement coverage. The eligibility of spouses and dependent children could increase the stipend amount. If the spouse or dependents have access to any other group coverage including employer or retirement coverage, they are not eligible for stipend support from OP&F. Even if an OP&F member or their dependents are not eligible for a stipend, they can use the services of the third-party administrator to select and enroll in a plan. The stipend provided by OP&F meets the definition of an Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75.

The Ohio Revised Code allows, but does not mandate, OP&F to provide OPEB benefits. Authority for the OP&F Board of Trustees to provide health care coverage to eligible participants and to establish and amend benefits is codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code.

OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information for the plan. The report may be obtained by visiting the OP&F website at <a href="https://www.op-f.org">www.op-f.org</a> or by writing to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164.

Funding Policy – The Ohio Revised Code provides for contribution requirements of the participating employers and of plan members to the OP&F defined benefit pension plan. Participating employers are required to contribute to the pension plan at rates expressed as percentages of the payroll of active pension plan members, currently 19.5 percent and 24 percent of covered payroll for police and fire employer units, respectively. The Ohio Revised Code states that the employer contribution may not exceed 19.5 percent of covered payroll for police employer units and 24 percent of covered payroll for fire employer units. Active members do not make contributions to the OPEB Plan.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

### **NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (Continued)**

The Board of Trustees is authorized to allocate a portion of the total employer contributions made into the pension plan to the Section 115 trust and the Section 401(h) account as the employer contribution for retiree health care benefits. For 2021, the portion of employer contributions allocated to health care was 0.5 percent of covered payroll. The amount of employer contributions allocated to the health care plan each year is subject to the Trustees' primary responsibility to ensure that pension benefits are adequately funded and is limited by the provisions of Sections 115 and 401(h).

The OP&F Board of Trustees is also authorized to establish requirements for contributions to the health care plan by retirees and their eligible dependents or their surviving beneficiaries. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected.

The City's contractually required contribution to OP&F was \$9,587 for 2021.

# OPEB Liabilities (Asset), OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liability (asset) and total OPEB liability for OPERS were determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2019, rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2020, by incorporating the expected value of health care cost accruals, the actual health care payment, and interest accruals during the year. OP&F's total OPEB liability was measured as of December 31, 2020, and was determined by rolling forward the total OPEB liability as of January 1, 2020, to December 31, 2020. The City's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset) was based on the City's share of contributions to the retirement plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

	OPERS	OP&F	Total
Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	(\$746,392)	\$722,278	(\$24,114)
Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)-2021	0.041895%	0.068171%	
Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability-2020	0.041866%	0.068503%	
Percentage Change	0.0000290%	(0.00033%)	
OPEB Expense	(\$4,513,859)	\$57,408	(\$4,456,451)

## NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (Continued)

At December 31, 2021, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	OPERS	OP&F	Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Changes in assumptions	\$366,933	\$399,016	\$765,949
Change in proportionate share	840	83,430	84,270
City contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date	0	9,587	9,587
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$367,773	\$492,033	\$859,806
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Net difference between projected and			
actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	\$397,539	\$26,845	\$424,384
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	673,615	119,136	792,751
Changes in assumptions	1,209,381	115,144	1,324,525
Change in proportionate share	0	118,328	118,328
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$2,280,535	\$379,453	\$2,659,988

\$9,587 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	OPERS	OP&F	Total
Year Ending December 31:			
2022	(\$998,248)	\$18,812	(\$979,436)
2023	(694,911)	25,167	(669,744)
2024	(172,754)	15,148	(157,606)
2025	(46,849)	22,312	(24,537)
2026	0	11,346	11,346
2027	0	7,888	7,888
2028	0	2,320	2,320
Total	(\$1,912,762)	\$102,993	(\$1,809,769)

### **NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (Continued)**

## Actuarial Assumptions - OPERS

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the values of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review or modification as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan and include the types of coverage provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of costs between OPERS and plan members. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2019, rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2020. The actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions applied to all prior periods included in the measurement in accordance with the requirements of GASB 74:

Wage Inflation	3.25 percent
Projected Salary Increases,	3.25 to 10.75 percent
including inflation	including wage inflation
Single Discount Rate:	

Current measurement date 6.00 percent Prior Measurement date 3.16 percent

Investment Rate of Return:
Current measurement date 6.00 percent

Prior Measurement date 6.00 percent Municipal Bond Rate: Current measurement date 2.00 percent

Prior Measurement date 2.75 percent Health Care Cost Trend Rate:

Current measurement date 8.5 percent initial,
3.5 percent ultimate in 2035
Prior Measurement date 10.5 percent initial,

3.5 percent ultimate in 2030

Actuarial Cost Method Individual Entry Age Normal

Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Employees mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates for disabled retirees are based on the RP-2014 Disabled mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2015 mortality improvement scale to all of the above described tables.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended December 31, 2015.

## NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on health care investment assets was determined using a buildingblock method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected real rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation.

OPERS manages investments in three investment portfolios: the Defined Benefits portfolio, the Health Care portfolio and the Defined Contribution portfolio. The Health Care portfolio includes the assets for health care expenses for the Traditional Pension Plan, Combined Plan and Member-Directed Plan eligible members. Within the Health Care portfolio, contributions into the plans are assumed to be received continuously throughout the year based on the actual payroll payable at the time contributions are made, and health care-related payments are assumed to occur mid-year. Accordingly, the money-weighted rate of return is considered to be the same for all plans within the portfolio. The annual money weighted rate of return expressing investment performance, net of investments expenses and adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested, for the Health Care portfolio was 10.5 for 2020.

The allocation of investment assets with the Health Care portfolio is approved by the Board of Trustees as outlined in the annual investment plan. Assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of continuing to offer a sustainable health care program for current and future retirees. OPERS' primary goal is to achieve and maintain a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the defined pension plans. Health care is a discretionary benefit. The table below displays the Board-approved asset allocation policy for 2020 and the long-term expected real rates of return:

		Weighted Average
		Long-Term Expected
	Target	Real Rate of Return
Asset Class	Allocation	(Arithmetic)
Fixed Income	34.00 %	1.07 %
Domestic Equities	25.00	5.64
Real Estate Investment Trust	7.00	6.48
International Equities	25.00	7.36
Other investments	9.00	4.02
Total	100.00 %	4.43 %

Discount Rate A single discount rate of 6.00 percent was used to measure the OPEB liability on the measurement date of December 31, 2020. A single discount rate of 3.16 percent was used to measure the OPEB liability on the measurement date of December 31, 2019. Projected benefit payments are required to be discounted to their actuarial present value using a single discount rate that reflects (1) a long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments (to the extent that the health care fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and (2) tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate are not met). This single discount rate was based on an expected rate of return on the health care investment portfolio of 6.00 percent and a municipal bond rate of 2.00 percent.

### NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (Continued)

The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rate. Based on these assumptions, the health care fiduciary net position and future contributions were sufficient to finance health care costs through 2120. As a result, the long-term expected rate of return on health care investments was applied to projected costs through the year 2120, and the municipal bond rate was applied to all health care costs after that date.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate The following table presents the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) calculated using the single discount rate of 6.00 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (5.00 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (7.00 percent) than the current rate:

	Cullent		
	1% Decrease (5.00%)	Discount Rate (6.00%)	1% Increase (7.00%)
City's proportionate share		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
of the net OPEB liability (asset)	(\$185,595)	(\$746,392)	(\$1,207,414)

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rate Changes in the health care cost trend rate may also have a significant impact on the net OPEB liability (asset). The following table presents the net OPEB liability (asset) calculated using the assumed trend rates and the expected net OPEB liability (asset) if it were calculated using a health care cost trend rate that is 1.0 percent lower or 1.0 percent higher than the current rate.

Retiree health care valuations use a health care cost-trend assumption that changes over several years built into the assumption. The near-term rates reflect increases in the current cost of health care; the trend starting in 2021 is 8.50 percent. If this trend continues for future years, the projection indicates that years from now virtually all expenditures will be for health care. A more reasonable alternative is that in the not-too-distant future, the health plan cost trend will decrease to a level at, or near, wage inflation. On this basis, the actuaries project premium rate increases will continue to exceed wage inflation for approximately the next decade, but by less each year, until leveling off at an ultimate rate, assumed to be 3.50 percent in the most recent valuation.

	Current Health Care			
	Cost Trend Rate			
	1% Decrease Assumption 1% Increase			
City's proportionate share				
of the net OPEB liability (asset)	(\$764,584)	(\$746,392)	(\$726,040)	

### Changes between Measurement Date and Reporting Date

On January 15, 2020, the Board approved several changes to the health care plan offered to Medicare and pre-Medicare retirees in efforts to decrease costs and increase the solvency of the health care plan. These changes are effective January 1, 2022, and include changes to base allowances and eligibility for Medicare retirees, as well as replacing OPERS-sponsored medical plans for pre-Medicare retirees with monthly allowances, similar to the program for Medicare retirees. These changes are not reflected in the current year financial statements but are expected to decrease the associated OPEB liability.

## NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (Continued)

### Actuarial Assumptions – OP&F

OP&F's total OPEB liability as of December 31, 2020, is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of January 1, 2020, and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The total OPEB liability is determined by OP&F's actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual valuation. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of reported amounts and assumptions about probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment mortality, salary increases, disabilities, retirements and employment terminations. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results, are presented below.

Valuation Date

Actuarial Cost Method Investment Rate of Return Projected Salary Increases Payroll Growth

Single discount rate Cost of Living Adjustments January 1, 2020, with actuarial liabilities rolled forward to December 31, 2020 Entry Age Normal 8.0 percent

3.75 percent to 10.5 percent
Inflation rate of 2.75 percent plus
productivity increase rate of 0.5
2.96 percent
2.2 percent simple

8.0 percent
t 3.75 percent to 10.5 percent
olus Inflation rate of 2.75 percent plus
productivity increase rate of 0.5
3.56 percent
3.00 percent simple; 2.2 percent simple
for increases based on the lesser of the
increase in CPI and 3 percent

January 1, 2019, with actuarial liabilities

rolled forward to December 31, 2019

Entry Age Normal

## NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (Continued)

Mortality for non-disabled participants is based on the RP-2014 Total Employee and Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables rolled back to 2006, adjusted according to the rates in the following table, and projected with the Buck Modified 2016 Improvement Scale. Rates for surviving beneficiaries are adjusted by 120 percent.

Age	Police	Fire	
67 or less	77 9	% 68 %	
68-77	105	87	
78 and up	115	120	

Mortality for disabled retirees is based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Tables rolled back to 2006, adjusted according to the rates in the following table, and projected with the Buck Modified 2016 Improvement Scale.

Age	Police	Fire		
59 or less	35 %	35 %		
60-69	60	45		
70-79	75	70		
80 and up	100	90		

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended December 31, 2016. The prior experience study was completed December 31, 2011.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in the Statement of Investment Policy. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expected. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted averaged of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes. Best estimates of the long-term expected geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in OP&F's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2020, are summarized below:

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (Continued)

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash and Cash Equivalents	0.00 %	0.00 %
Domestic Equity	21.00	4.10
Non-US Equity	14.00	4.80
Private Markets	8.00	6.40
Core Fixed Income *	23.00	0.90
High Yield Fixed Income	7.00	3.00
Private Credit	5.00	4.50
U.S. Inflation Linked Bonds*	17.00	0.70
Midstream Energy Infrastructure	5.00	5.60
Real Assets	8.00	5.80
Gold	5.00	1.90
Private Real Estate	12.00	5.30
Total	125.00 %	

<sup>\*</sup> levered 2x

Note: Assumptions are geometric

OP&F's Board of Trustees has incorporated the risk parity concept into OP&F's asset liability valuation with the goal of reducing equity risk exposure, which reduces overall Total Portfolio risk without sacrificing return, and creating a more risk-balanced portfolio based on their relationship between asset classes and economic environments. From the notional portfolio perspective above, the Total Portfolio may be levered up to 1.25 times due to the application of leverage in certain fixed income asset classes.

Discount Rate For 2020, the total OPEB liability was calculated using the discount rate of 2.96 percent. For 2019, the total OPEB liability was calculated using the discount rate of 3.56 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contribution from employers and from members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the longer-term assumed investment rate of return of 8 percent. Based on those assumptions, OP&F's fiduciary net position was projected to not be able to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, a municipal bond rate of 2.12 percent at December 31, 2020 and 2.75 percent at December 31, 2019, was blended with the long-term rate of 8 percent, which resulted in a blended discount rate of 2.96 percent for 2020 and 3.56 percent for 2019. The municipal bond rate was determined using the Bond Buyers General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index Rate.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

## NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (Continued)

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 2.96 percent, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (1.96 percent), or one percentage point higher (3.96 percent) than the current rate.

	Current			
	1% Decrease (1.96%)	Discount Rate (2.96%)	1% Increase (3.96%)	
City's proportionate share				
of the net OPEB liability	\$900,640	\$722,278	\$575,151	

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rate The total OPEB liability is based on a medical benefit that is a flat dollar amount; therefore, it is unaffected by a health care cost trend rate. An increase or decrease in the trend rate would have no effect on the total OPEB liability.

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Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

### **NOTE 14 – COMPENSATED ABSENCES**

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences," vacation and compensatory time are accrued as liabilities when an employee's right to receive compensation is attributable to services already rendered and it is probable the employee will be compensated through paid time off or some other means, such as cash payments at termination or retirement. Leave time that has been earned but is unavailable for use as paid time off or as some other form of compensation because an employee has not met the minimum service time requirement, is accrued to the extent that it is considered to be probable that the conditions for compensation will be met in the future.

Sick leave is accrued using the vesting method, whereby the liability is recorded on the basis of leave accumulated by employees who are eligible to receive termination payments as of the balance sheet date, and on leave balances accumulated by other employees who are expected to become eligible in the future to receive such payments.

At December 31, 2021, the City's accumulated, unpaid compensated absences amounted to \$1,919,906 of which \$1,317,122 is recorded as a liability of the Governmental Activities and \$602,784 is recorded as a liability of the Business-Type Activities.

## **NOTE 15 - LONG-TERM DEBT**

Long-term debt of the City at December 31, 2021 was as follows:

Discrision	Date Purchased	Interest Rate	Description	Maturity Date	Balance December 31, 2020	Additions	(Reductions)	Balance December 31, 2021	Amount Due Within One Year	
Direct Borowing   Ohio Water Development Authority Loans (OWDA):   2009   \$2,425,941   \$0 (\$248,596)   \$2,177,345   \$253,592   \$2009   \$0,000	Business-T	ype Activitie	es:							
2008         2,000%         OWDA - Project #4875         2029         \$2,425,941         \$0         (\$248,596)         \$2,177,345         \$253,592           Compensated Absences         571,141         602,784         (\$71,141)         602,784         244,482           Net OPEB Liability - OPERS         3,653,640         0         (\$87,108)         2,666,532         0           Total Business - Type Long-Term Debt         \$9,222,873         \$602,784         (\$4,378,996)         \$5,446,661         \$498,074           Governmental Activities           Covernmental Activities           Constant Digation Bonds           Constant Digation Bonds           Covernmental Activities           2021         1,250%         Various Purpose Improvement Bonds         2030         0         5,385,000         (\$60,000)         4,825,000         50           2015         3,000%         Municipal Service Center         2027         1,840,00         0         (\$4,941)         0         0           Colspan="8">Colspan="8">Premium         34,941         5,385,000         (\$5,384,911)         4,825,000         50           Obitation Bonds         2030         2,950,000         0         (										
Propession   Pr	Ohio Water	Developmen	nt Authority Loans (OWDA):							
Net Pension Liability - OPERS				2029	\$2,425,941	\$0	(\$248,596)	\$2,177,345	\$253,592	
Net OPEB Liability - OPER	Compensate	ed Absences	S		571,141	602,784	(571,141)	602,784	244,482	
Total Business-Type Long-Term Debt   \$9,222,873   \$602,784   \$(\$4,378,996)   \$5,446,661   \$498,074   \$Covernmental Activities:	Net Pension	Liability - C	OPERS .		3,653,640	0	(987,108)	2,666,532	0	
Covernmental Activities:   Ceneral Obligation Bonds   Coneral Obligation	Net OPEB L	iability - OP	ERS		2,572,151	0	(2,572,151)	0	0	
Ceneral Obligation Bonds   Capability   Compensation   Compensat		Total Bu	siness-Type Long-Term Debt		\$9,222,873	\$602,784	(\$4,378,996)	\$5,446,661	\$498,074	
Ceneral Obligation Bonds   Capability   Compensation   Compensat	Government	tal Activities	:							
2021   1.250%   Various Purpose Improvement Bonds   2030   0   5,385,000   (560,000)   4,825,000   590,000   2015   3.000%   Municipal Service Center   2027   1,840,000   0   (1,840,000)   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0										
2015   3,000%   Municipal Service Čenter   2027   1,840,000   0   (1,840,000)   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0				2030	0	5,385,000	(560,000)	4,825,000	590,000	
Direct Borrowing	2015	3.000%	Municipal Service Center	2027	, ,			0	0	
Direct Borrowing					,		. , ,			
Direct Borrowing           Ohio Public Works Commission Loans:           2006         0.000% North Professor Street         2021         2,962         0         (1,969)         993         993           2010         0.000% North Professor Street         2029         144,925         0         (15,253)         129,672         15,256           2011         0.000% North Professor, Union Street         2027         81,200         0         (11,600)         69,600         11,600           2013         0.000% South Professor Street         2034         138,702         0         (9,909)         128,793         9,907           2017         0.000% West College Street         2037         96,719         0         (5,528)         91,191         5,526           2017         0.000% Oberlin Road Resurfacing         2030         38,923         0         (2,290)         36,633         2,290           Total Ohio Public Commission Loans         503,431         0         (46,549)         456,882         45,787           Net Pension Liability - OPERS         4,560,578         0         (1,062,617)         3,497,961         0           Net Pension Liability - OPERS         4,614,728         32,522         0         4,647,250			-	2030						
Ohio Public Works Commission Loans:         2006         0.000%         North Professor Street         2021         2,962         0         (1,969)         993         993           2010         0.000%         North Professor Street         2029         144,925         0         (15,253)         129,672         15,256           2011         0.000%         North Professor, Union Street         2027         81,200         0         (11,600)         69,600         11,600           2013         0.000%         South Professor Street         2034         138,702         0         (9,909)         128,793         9,907           2017         0.000%         West College Street         2037         96,719         0         (5,528)         91,191         5,526           2017         0.000%         West College Street         2037         96,719         0         (5,528)         91,191         5,526           2017         0.000%         West College Street         2037         96,719         0         (2,290)         36,633         2,290           Total Ohio Public Commission Loans         503,431         0         (46,549)         456,882         45,787           Net Pension Liability - OPERS         4,640,578		Total Gener	al Obligation Bonds		4,824,911	5,385,000	(5,384,911)	4,825,000	590,000	
2006         0.000%         North Professor Street         2021         2.962         0         (1,969)         993         993           2010         0.000%         North Pleas ant/Walnut Street         2029         144,925         0         (15,253)         129,672         15,256           2011         0.000%         North Professor, Union Street         2027         81,200         0         (11,600)         69,600         11,600           2013         0.000%         South Professor Street         2034         138,702         0         (9,909)         128,793         9,907           2017         0.000%         West College Street         2037         96,719         0         (5,528)         91,191         5,526           2017         0.000%         Oberlin Road Resurfacing         2030         38,923         0         (2,290)         36,633         2,290           Total Ohio Public Commission Loans         503,431         0         (46,549)         456,882         45,727           Compensated Absences         1,269,793         1,317,123         (1,062,617)         3,497,961         0           Net Pension Liability - OPF         4,614,728         32,522         0         4,647,250         0 <td>Direct Borro</td> <td>owing</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Direct Borro	owing								
2010         0.000%         North Pleasant/Walnut Street         2029         144,925         0         (15,253)         129,672         15,256           2011         0.000%         North Professor, Union Street         2027         81,200         0         (11,600)         69,600         11,600           2013         0.000%         South Professor Street         2034         138,702         0         (9,909)         128,793         9,907           2017         0.000%         West College Street         2037         96,719         0         (5,528)         91,191         5,526           2017         0.000%         Oberlin Road Resurfacing         2030         38,923         0         (2,290)         36,633         2,290           Total Ohio Public Commission Loans         503,431         0         (46,549)         456,882         45,572           Compensated Absences         1,269,793         1,317,123         (1,269,794)         1,317,122         457,877           Net Pension Liability - OPERS         4,614,728         32,522         0         4,647,250         0           Net OPEB Liability - OPERS         3,210,629         0         (3,210,629)         0         0 <td colsp<="" td=""><td>Ohio Public</td><td>Works Com</td><td>mission Loans:</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td>	<td>Ohio Public</td> <td>Works Com</td> <td>mission Loans:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Ohio Public	Works Com	mission Loans:						
2011         0.000%         North Professor, Union Street         2027         81,200         0         (11,600)         69,600         11,600           2013         0.000%         South Professor Street         2034         138,702         0         (9,909)         128,793         9,907           2017         0.000%         West College Street         2037         96,719         0         (5,528)         91,191         5,526           2017         0.000%         Oberlin Road Resurfacing         2030         38,923         0         (2,290)         36,633         2,290           Total Ohio Public Commission Loans         503,431         0         (46,549)         456,882         45,772           Compensated Absences         1,269,793         1,317,123         (1,269,794)         1,317,122         457,877           Net Pension Liability - OPERS         4,560,578         0         (1,062,617)         3,497,961         0           Net OPEB Liability - OPF         4,614,728         32,522         0         4,647,250         0           Net OPEB Liability - OPF         3,210,629         0         (3,210,629)         0         0           Net OPEB Liability - OPF         676,654         45,624 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>										
2013         0.000%         South Professor Street         2034         138,702         0         (9,909)         128,793         9,907           2017         0.000%         West College Street         2037         96,719         0         (5,528)         91,191         5,526           2017         0.000%         Oberlin Road Resurfacing         2030         38,923         0         (2,290)         36,633         2,290           Total Ohio Public Commission Loans         503,431         0         (46,549)         456,882         45,572           Compensated Absences         1,269,793         1,317,123         (1,269,794)         1,317,122         457,877           Net Pension Liability - OPERS         4,560,578         0         (1,062,617)         3,497,961         0           Net OPEB Liability - OPF         4,614,728         32,522         0         4,647,250         0           Total Net OPERS         3,210,629         0         (3,210,629)         0         0           Net OPEB Liability - OPF         676,654         45,624         0         722,278         0           Total Net OPEB Liability         3,887,283         45,624         (3,210,629)         722,278         0					,			- ,	,	
2017         0.000%         West College Street         2037         96,719         0         (5,528)         91,191         5,526           2017         0.000%         Oberlin Road Resurfacing         2030         38,923         0         (2,290)         36,633         2,290           Total Ohio Public Commission Loans         503,431         0         (46,549)         456,882         45,572           Compensated Absences         1,269,793         1,317,123         (1,269,794)         1,317,122         457,877           Net Pension Liability - OPERS         4,560,578         0         (1,062,617)         3,497,961         0           Net Pension Liability - OPF         4,614,728         32,522         0         4,647,250         0           Total Net Pension Liability - OPERS         3,210,629         0         (3,210,629)         0         0           Net OPEB Liability - OPF         676,654         45,624         0         722,278         0           Total Net OPEB Liability         3,887,283         45,624         (3,210,629)         722,278         0										
2017         0.000%         Oberlin Road Resurfacing Total Ohio Public Commission Loans         2030         38,923         0         (2,290)         36,633         2,290           Compensated Absences         1,269,793         1,317,123         (1,269,794)         1,317,122         457,877           Net Pension Liability - OPERS         4,560,578         0         (1,062,617)         3,497,961         0           Net Pension Liability - OPF         4,614,728         32,522         0         4,647,250         0           Total Net Pension Liability - OPERS         3,210,629         0         (3,210,629)         0         0           Net OPEB Liability - OPER Liability - OPF         676,654         45,624         0         722,278         0           Total Net OPEB Liability         3,887,283         45,624         (3,210,629)         722,278         0										
Total Ohio Public Commission Loans         503,431         0         (46,549)         456,882         45,572           Compensated Absences         1,269,793         1,317,123         (1,269,794)         1,317,122         457,877           Net Pension Liability - OPERS         4,560,578         0         (1,062,617)         3,497,961         0           Net Pension Liability - OPF         4,614,728         32,522         0         4,647,250         0           Total Net Pension Liability         9,175,306         32,522         (1,062,617)         8,145,211         0           Net OPEB Liability - OPERS         3,210,629         0         (3,210,629)         0         0           Net OPEB Liability - OPF         676,654         45,624         0         722,278         0           Total Net OPEB Liability         3,887,283         45,624         (3,210,629)         722,278         0										
Compensated Absences         1,269,793         1,317,123         (1,269,794)         1,317,122         457,877           Net Pension Liability - OPERS         4,560,578         0         (1,062,617)         3,497,961         0           Net Pension Liability - OPF         4,614,728         32,522         0         4,647,250         0           Total Net Pension Liability         9,175,306         32,522         (1,062,617)         8,145,211         0           Net OPEB Liability - OPERS         3,210,629         0         (3,210,629)         0         0           Net OPEB Liability - OPF         676,654         45,624         0         722,278         0           Total Net OPEB Liability         3,887,283         45,624         (3,210,629)         722,278         0	2017		5	2030						
Net Pension Liability - OPERS         4,560,578         0         (1,062,617)         3,497,961         0           Net Pension Liability - OPF         4,614,728         32,522         0         4,647,250         0           Total Net Pension Liability         9,175,306         32,522         (1,062,617)         8,145,211         0           Net OPEB Liability - OPERS         3,210,629         0         (3,210,629)         0         0           Net OPEB Liability - OPF         676,654         45,624         0         722,278         0           Total Net OPEB Liability         3,887,283         45,624         (3,210,629)         722,278         0						_	, , ,	,		
Net Pension Liability - OPF         4,614,728         32,522         0         4,647,250         0           Total Net Pension Liability         9,175,306         32,522         (1,062,617)         8,145,211         0           Net OPEB Liability - OPERS         3,210,629         0         (3,210,629)         0         0           Net OPEB Liability - OPF         676,654         45,624         0         722,278         0           Total Net OPEB Liability         3,887,283         45,624         (3,210,629)         722,278         0	Compensate	ed Absences	8		1,269,793	1,317,123	(1,269,794)	1,317,122	457,877	
Total Net Pension Liability         9,175,306         32,522         (1,062,617)         8,145,211         0           Net OPEB Liability - OPERS         3,210,629         0         (3,210,629)         0         0           Net OPEB Liability - OPF         676,654         45,624         0         722,278         0           Total Net OPEB Liability         3,887,283         45,624         (3,210,629)         722,278         0		•								
Net OPEB Liability - OPERS         3,210,629         0         (3,210,629)         0         0           Net OPEB Liability - OPF         676,654         45,624         0         722,278         0           Total Net OPEB Liability         3,887,283         45,624         (3,210,629)         722,278         0	Net Pension	Liability - C	)PF		4,614,728		0	4,647,250	0	
Net OPEB Liability - OPF         676,654         45,624         0         722,278         0           Total Net OPEB Liability         3,887,283         45,624         (3,210,629)         722,278         0		Total Net Po	ension Liability		9,175,306	32,522	(1,062,617)	8,145,211	0	
Total Net OPEB Liability 3,887,283 45,624 (3,210,629) 722,278 0	Net OPEB L	iability - OP	ERS		3,210,629	0	(3,210,629)	0	0	
<u></u>	Net OPEB Liability - OPF				676,654	45,624	0	722,278	0	
		Total Net O	PEB Liability		3,887,283	45,624	(3,210,629)	722,278	0	
			· ·		\$19,660,724	\$6,780,269	(\$10,974,500)	\$15,466,493	\$1,093,449	

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## **NOTE 15 - LONG-TERM DEBT** (Continued)

The City's direct borrowings from OWDA in the amount of \$2,177,345 contains a provision that in the event of default, the amount of such default shall bear interest at the default rate from the due date until the date of the payment. In addition to the interest, a late charge of one percent on the amount of each default shall also be paid to OWDA by the City.

The City's total direct borrowings from OPWC in the amount of \$456,882 contains a provision that in the event of default, the amount of such default shall bear interest thereafter at the rate of 8 percent per annum until the date of payment, and outstanding amounts become immediately due. Also, OPWC may direct the county treasurer to pay the outstanding amount from a portion of the local government fund that would otherwise be appropriated to the City.

**Refunding Bonds, Series 2021** - On June 16, 2021, the City refunded \$4,790,000 of outstanding improvement bonds (the "2010 and 2015 Bonds") with an interest rate ranging from 2.00% - 3.00% with \$5,385,000 of refunding bonds issued in June 2021. The entire principal amount of the 2010 and 2015 bonds was paid off during 2021. The refunding was undertaken for the purpose of reducing interest rates and debt service on the prior bonds. This transaction resulted in a net present value of savings to the City of \$374,324.

### A. Future Long-Term Financing Requirements

A summary of the City's future long-term debt funding requirements, including principal and interest payments as of December 31, 2021 follows:

	Gene	eral				
	Obligation	n Bonds	OWDA Loans		OPWC:	Loans
Years	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2022	\$590,000	\$60,360	\$253,592	\$42,285	\$45,572	\$0
2023	600,000	52,980	258,690	37,189	44,579	0
2024	620,000	45,474	263,889	31,988	44,579	0
2025	620,000	37,718	269,193	26,684	44,579	0
2026	630,000	29,962	274,604	21,274	44,579	0
2027-2031	1,765,000	50,354	857,377	30,257	138,355	0
2032-2036	0	0	0	0	68,801	0
2037	0	0	0	0	25,838	0
Totals	\$4,825,000	\$276,848	\$2,177,345	\$189,677	\$456,882	\$0

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## **NOTE 16 - CONSTRUCTION COMMITMENTS**

As of December 31, 2021 the City had the following commitments with respect to capital projects:

	Remaining	Expected
	Construction	Date of
Project	Commitment	Completion
Police Dept. Communications Upgrade	\$49,730	2022
Police Dept. Communications Upgrade	5,610	2022
Police Dept. Communications Upgrade	22,595	2022
Morgan St. Reservoir Design	7,477	2022
Morgan St. Reservoir Design	271,423	2022
OMLPS Switch Station Breaker	10,000	2022
Spring Street Playground	7,120	2022
Engine # 4 Controls Upgrade	8,490	2022
PS02 Breaker Replacement	12,086	2022
Lorain/Pleasant and Park Traffic Signal	62,281	2022
Fire Dept Aerial Ladder Truck	17,000	2022
Food Waste Compost Program (5 years)	261,280	2022
S.Park / Grafton Paving	249,145	2022
S.Park / Grafton Paving	28,010	2022
RAS Pump Pipe Installation	47,500	2022
RAS Pump Pipe Installation	13,146	2022
RAS Pump Pipe Installation	29,700	2022
69 S. Main 2nd Floor Window Installation	24,990	2022
Hillcreek Drive Substation	7,500	2022
OMLPS Unit 4 Engine Control System	297,933	2022
Gasholder Underground Railroad Center	135,000	2022
Total	\$1,568,016	

### **NOTE 17 - RISK MANAGEMENT**

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to property and casualty, general liability, workers' compensation and employee health and dental benefits.

The City maintains comprehensive insurance coverage with private carriers for real property, building contents and vehicles. Vehicle policies include liability coverage for bodily injury and property damage.

The City participates in the Buckeye Ohio Risk Management Agency, Inc., (BORMA, Inc.); a public entity shared risk pool consisting of several cities in northern Ohio. The City pays monthly premiums for health care coverage for its employees to BORMA. The City pays annual premiums to the Public Entities Pool (PEP) and other insurance carriers for general liability and property insurance. BORMA is responsible for the management and operations of the health insurance programs. Member Cities agree to share in coverage of losses and pay all premiums necessary for the specified health insurance coverage. Member Cities are subject to supplemental assessments.

Workers' Compensation claims are covered through the City's participation in the State of Ohio's program. The City pays the State Workers' Compensation System a premium based upon a rate per \$100 of payroll plus administrative costs. The rate is determined based on accident history of the North Central Ohio Municipal Finance Officers Association. The City also pays unemployment claims to the State of Ohio as incurred.

There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverages compared to the prior year. In addition, settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverages in any of the past three fiscal years.

### **NOTE 18 - CONTINGENCIES**

### A. Litigation

The City is a party to various legal proceedings, which seek damages or injunctive relief generally incidental to its operations and pending projects. The City's management is of the opinion that the ultimate disposition of various claims and legal proceedings will not have a material effect, if any, on the financial condition of the City.

### **B.** Asset Retirement Obligations

GASB Statement No. 83 "Certain Asset Retirement Obligations" establishes criteria for determining the recognition of a liability for an Asset Retirement Obligation (ARO). An ARO is a legally enforceable liability associated with the retirement of a tangible capital asset. Recognition of the ARO occurs when the liability is both incurred and reasonably estimable. An ARO is incurred based on external laws, regulations, or contracts.

Ohio Revised Code Section 6111.44 requires the City to submit any changes to their sewage treatment system to the Ohio EPA for approval. Through this permitting process, the City would be responsible to address any public safety issues associated with their sewage treatment facilities and the permit would specify the procedures required to dispose of all or part of the sewage treatment plant. At this time, the City does not have an approved permit from the Ohio EPA to dispose of all or part of their sewage treatment plants. Due to the lack of specific legal requirements for retiring the sewage treatment plants, the City has determined that the amount of the Asset Retirement Obligation cannot be reasonably estimated.

### **NOTE 19 - JOINT VENTURES**

### A. Ohio Municipal Electric Generation Agency Joint Venture 2 (Omega JV-2)

The City of Oberlin is a Financing Participant and an Owner Participant with percentages of liability and ownership of 1.16% and .91%, respectively, and shares participation with thirty-five other subdivisions within the State of Ohio in the Ohio Municipal Electric Generation Agency (OMEGA JV2). Owner Participants own undivided interests, as tenants in common, in the OMEGA JV2 Project in the amount of their respective Project Shares. Purchaser Participants agree to purchase the output associated with their respective Project shares, ownership of which is held in trust for such Purchaser Participants.

Pursuant to the OMEGA JV2 Agreement (Agreement), the participants jointly undertook as either Financing Participants or Non-Financing Participants and as either Owner Participants or Purchaser Participants, the acquisition, construction, and equipping of OMEGA JV2, including such portions of OMEGA JV2 as have been acquired, constructed or equipped by AMP and to pay or incur the costs of the same in accordance with the Agreement.

Pursuant to the Agreement each participant has an obligation to pay its share of debt service on the Distributive Generation Bonds (Bonds) from the revenues of its electric system, subject only to the prior payment of Operating & Maintenance Expenses (O&M) of each participant's System, and shall be on a parity with any outstanding and future senior electric system revenue bonds, notes or other indebtedness payable from any revenues of the System. Under the terms of the Agreement each Financing Participant is to fix, charge and collect rates, fees and charges at least sufficient in order to maintain a debt coverage ratio equal to 110% of the sum of OMEGA JV2 debt service and any other outstanding senior lien electric system revenue obligations. As of December 31, 2021 the City of Oberlin has met their debt coverage obligation.

OMEGA JV2 was created to provide additional sources of reliable, reasonably priced electric power and energy when prices are high or during times of generation shortages or transmission constraints, and to improve the reliability and economic status of the participants' respective municipal electric utility system. The Project consists of 138.65 MW of distributed generation of which 134.081MW is the participants' entitlement and 4.569MW are held in reserve. dissolution of OMEGA JV2, the net assets will be shared by the participants on a percentage of ownership basis. OMEGA JV2 is managed by AMP, which acts as the joint venture's agent. During 2001, AMP issued \$50,260,000 of 20 year fixed rate bonds on behalf of the Financing Participants of OMEGA JV2. The net proceeds of the bond issue of \$45,904,712 were contributed to OMEGA JV2. On January 3, 2011, AMP redeemed all of the \$31,110,000 OMEGA JV2 Project Distributive Generation Bonds then outstanding by borrowing on AMP's revolving credit facility. As such, the remaining outstanding bond principal of the OMEGA JV2 indebtedness was reduced to zero, with the remaining principal balance now residing on the AMP credit facility. The City's net investment and its share of operating results of OMEGA JV2 are reported in the City's electric fund (an enterprise fund). The City's net investment in OMEGA JV2 was (\$4,777) at December 31, 2021. Complete financial statements for OMEGA JV2 may be obtained from AMP or from the State Auditor's website at www.auditor.state.oh.us.

# NOTE 19 - JOINT VENTURES (Continued)

# A. Ohio Municipal Electric Generation Agency Joint Venture 2 (Omega JV-2) (Continued)

The thirty-six participating subdivisions and their respective ownership shares at December 31, 2021 are:

	Percent	Kw		Percent	Kw
Municipality	Ownership	<b>Entitlement</b>	Municipality	Ownership	<b>Entitlement</b>
Hamilton	23.87%	32,000	Grafton	0.79%	1,056
<b>Bowling Green</b>	14.32%	19,198	Brewster	0.75%	1,000
Niles	11.49%	15,400	Monroeville	0.57%	764
Cuyahoga Falls	7.46%	10,000	Milan	0.55%	737
Wadsworth	5.81%	7,784	Oak Harbor	0.55%	737
Painesville	5.22%	7,000	Elmore	0.27%	364
Dover	5.22%	7,000	Jackson Center	0.22%	300
Galion	4.29%	5,753	Napoleon	0.20%	264
Amherst	3.73%	5,000	Lodi	0.16%	218
St. Mary's	2.98%	4,000	Genoa	0.15%	199
Montpelier	2.98%	4,000	Pemberville	0.15%	197
Shelby	1.89%	2,536	Lucas	0.12%	161
Versailles	1.24%	1,660	South Vienna	0.09%	123
Edgerton	1.09%	1,460	Bradner	0.09%	119
Yellow Springs	1.05%	1,408	Woodville	0.06%	81
Oberlin	0.91%	1,217	Haskins	0.05%	73
Pioneer	0.86%	1,158	Arcanum	0.03%	44
Seville	0.79%	1,066	Custar	0.00%	4
	<u>95.20%</u>	<u>127,640</u>		4.80%	<u>6,441</u>
			<b>Grand Total</b>	100.00%	134,081

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

#### **NOTE 19 - JOINT VENTURES** (Continued)

#### B. Ohio Municipal Electric Generation Agency Joint Venture 5 (Omega JV-5)

The City of Oberlin is a Financing Participant with an ownership percentage of 3.02%, and shares participation with forty-one other subdivisions within the State of Ohio in the Ohio Municipal Electric Generation Agency Joint Venture 5 (OMEGA JV5). Financing Participants own undivided interests, as tenants in common, without right of partition in the OMEGA JV5 Project.

Pursuant to the OMEGA Joint Venture JV5 Agreement (Agreement), the participants jointly undertook as Financing Participants, the acquisition, construction, and equipping of OMEGA JV5, including such portions of OMEGA JV5 as have been acquired, constructed or equipped by AMP.

OMEGA JV5 was created to construct a 42 Megawatt (MW) run-of-the-river hydroelectric plant (including 40MW of backup generation) and associated transmission facilities (on the Ohio River near the Bellville, West Virginia Locks and Dam) and sells electricity from its operations to OMEGA JV5 Participants.

Pursuant to the Agreement each participant has an obligation to pay its share of debt service on the Beneficial Interest Certificates (Certificates) from the revenues of its electric system, subject only to the prior payment of Operating & Maintenance Expenses (O&M) of each participant's System, and shall be on a parity with any outstanding and future senior electric system revenue bonds, notes or other indebtedness payable from any revenues of the System. On dissolution of OMEGA JV5, the net assets will be shared by the financing participants on a percentage of ownership basis. Under the terms of the Agreement each participant is to fix, charge and collect rates, fees and charges at least sufficient in order to maintain a debt coverage ratio equal to 110% of the sum of OMEGA JV5 debt service and any other outstanding senior lien electric system revenue obligations. As of December 31, 2021 the City of Oberlin has met their debt coverage obligation.

The Agreement provides that the failure of any JV5 participant to make any payment due by the due date thereof constitutes a default. In the event of a default, OMEGA JV5 may take certain actions including the termination of a defaulting JV5 Participant's entitlement to Project Power. Each Participant may purchase a pro rata share of the defaulting JV5 Participant's entitlement to Project Power, which together with the share of the other non-defaulting JV5 Participants, is equal to the defaulting JV5 Participant's ownership share of the Project, in kilowatts ("Step Up Power") provided that the sum of any such increases shall not exceed, without consent of the non-defaulting JV5 Participant, an accumulated maximum kilowatts equal to 25% of such non-defaulting JV5 Participant's ownership share of the project prior to any such increases.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

#### **NOTE 19 - JOINT VENTURES** (Continued)

#### B. Ohio Municipal Electric Generation Agency Joint Venture 5 (Omega JV-5) (Continued)

OMEGA JV5 is managed by AMP, which acts as the joint venture's agent. During 1993 and 2001 AMP issued \$153,415,000 and \$13,899,981 respectively of 30 year fixed rate Beneficial Interest Certificates (Certificates) on behalf of the Financing Participants of OMEGA JV5. The 2001 Certificates accrete to a value of \$56,125,000 on February 15, 2030. The net proceeds of the bond issues were used to construct the OMEGA JV5 Project. On February 17, 2004 the 1993 Certificates were refunded by issuing 2004 Beneficial Interest Refunding Certificates in the amount of \$116,910,000, which resulted in a savings to the membership of \$34,951,833 from the periods 2005 through 2024. On February 15, 2014, all of the 2004 BIRCs were redeemed from funds held under the trust agreement securing the 2004 BIRCs and the proceeds of a promissory note issued to AMP by OMEGA JV5. This was accomplished with a draw on AMP's revolving credit facility. The resulting balance was \$65,891,509 at February 28, 2014. On January 29, 2016, OMEGA JV5 issued the 2016 Beneficial Interest Certificates ("2016 Certificates") in the amount of \$49,745,000 for the purpose of refunding the promissory note to AMP in full. The outstanding amount on the promissory note had been reduced to \$49,243,377 at the time of refunding as compared to its value at December 31, 2015 of \$49,803,187. The promissory note represented the February 2014 redemption of the 2004 Certificates from funds held under the trust agreement securing the 2004 BIRCs.

The City's net investment and its share of operating results of OMEGA JV5 are reported in the City's electric fund (an enterprise fund). The City's net investment to date in OMEGA JV5 was \$90,234 at December 31, 2021. Complete financial statements for OMEGA JV5 may be obtained from AMP or from the State Auditor's website at <a href="https://www.auditor.state.oh.us">www.auditor.state.oh.us</a>.

#### C. Ohio Municipal Electric Generation Agency Joint Venture 6 (Omega JV-6)

The City of Oberlin is a Financing Participant with an ownership percentage of 3.47%, and shares participation with nine other subdivisions within the State of Ohio in the Ohio Municipal Electric Generation Agency Joint Venture 6 (OMEGA JV6). Financing Participants, after consideration of the potential risks and benefits can choose to be Owner Participants or Purchaser Participants. Owner Participants own undivided interests, as tenants in common in the Project in the amount of its Project Share. Purchaser Participants purchase the Project Power associated with its Project Share.

Pursuant to the OMEGA Joint Venture JV6 Agreement (Agreement), the participants agree jointly to plan, acquire, construct, operate and maintain the Project, and hereby agree, to pay jointly for the electric power, energy and other services associated with the Project.

OMEGA JV6 was created to construct four (4) wind turbines near Bowling Green Ohio. Each turbine has a nominal capacity of 1.8 MW and sells electricity from its operations to OMEGA JV6 Participants.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

#### **NOTE 19 - JOINT VENTURES** (Continued)

#### C. Ohio Municipal Electric Generation Agency Joint Venture 6 (Omega JV-6) (Continued)

Pursuant to the Agreement each participant has an obligation to pay its share of debt service on the Adjustable Rate Revenue Bonds (Bonds) from the revenues of its electric system, subject only to the prior payment of Operating & Maintenance Expenses (O&M) of each participant's System, and shall be on a parity with any outstanding and future senior electric system revenue bonds, notes or other indebtedness payable from any revenues of the System. On dissolution of OMEGA JV6, any excess funds shall be refunded to the Non-Financing Participants in proportion to each Participant's Project Share and to Financing Participant's respective obligations first by credit against the Financing Participant's respective obligations. Any other excess funds shall be paid to the Participants in proportion to their respective Project Shares. Under the terms of the Agreement each financing participant is to fix, charge and collect rates, fees, charges, including other available funds, at least sufficient in order to maintain a debt coverage ratio equal to 110% of the sum of OMEGA JV6 debt service and any other outstanding senior lien electric system revenue obligations. As of December 31, 2021 the City of Oberlin has met their debt coverage obligation.

The Agreement provides that the failure of any JV6 participant to make any payment due by the due date constitutes a default. In the event of a default and one in which the defaulting Participant failed to cure its default as provided for in the Agreement, the remaining participants would acquire the defaulting Participant's interest in the project and assume responsibility for the associated payments on a pro rata basis up to a maximum amount equal to 25% of such non-defaulting Participant's Project share ("Step Up Power").

The City's net investment and its share of operating results of OMEGA JV6 are reported in the City's electric fund (an enterprise fund). The City's net investment to date in OMEGA JV6 was \$137,395 at December 31, 2021. Complete financial statements for OMEGA JV6 may be obtained from AMP or from the State Auditor's website at www.auditor.state.oh.us.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

#### NOTE 19 - JOINT VENTURES (Continued)

#### C. Ohio Municipal Electric Generation Agency Joint Venture 6 (Omega JV-6) (Continued)

The ten participating subdivisions and their respective ownership shares at December 31, 2021 are:

Participant	KW Amount	% of Financing
Bowling Green	4,100	56.94%
Cuyahoga Falls	1,800	25.00%
Napoleon	300	4.17%
Oberlin	250	3.47%
Wadsworth	250	3.47%
Edgeton	100	1.39%
Elmore	100	1.39%
Montpelier	100	1.39%
Pioneer	100	1.39%
Monroeville	100	1.39%
Total	7,200	100.00%

# $R_{\it EQUIRED}$ $S_{\it UPPLEMENTARY}$ $I_{\it NFORMATION}$

#### Schedule of City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Last Eight Years

Year	2014	2015	2016
City's proportion of the net pension liability	0.042842%	0.042842%	0.042177%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$5,050,514	\$5,167,224	\$7,305,626
City's covered payroll	\$5,801,092	\$5,294,200	\$5,773,150
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	87.06%	97.60%	126.54%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	86.36%	86.45%	81.08%

Source: Finance Director's Office and the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

#### **Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund**

Year	2014	2015	2016
City's proportion of the net pension liability	0.0729048%	0.0729048%	0.072947%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$3,550,692	\$3,776,773	\$4,692,704
City's covered payroll	\$1,818,004	\$1,495,555	\$1,654,022
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	195.31%	252.53%	283.71%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension			
liability	73.00%	72.20%	66.77%

Source: Finance Director's Office and the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

Notes: The City implemented GASB Statement 68 in 2015.

Information prior to 2014 is not available.

The schedule is reported as of the measurement date of the Net Pension Liability.

2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
0.043795%	0.042145%	0.042338%	0.041558%	0.041630%
\$9,945,161	\$6,611,695	\$11,595,516	\$8,214,218	\$6,164,493
\$5,661,467	\$5,546,300	\$5,803,529	\$5,969,443	\$5,963,421
175.66%	119.21%	199.80%	137.60%	103.37%
77.25%	84.66%	74.70%	82.17%	86.88%
2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
0.071314%	0.067761%	0.069628%	0.068503%	0.068171%
\$4,516,956	\$4,158,799	\$5,683,485	\$4,614,728	\$4,647,250
\$1,610,806	\$1,557,954	\$1,656,670	\$1,710,956	\$1,656,958
280.42%	266.94%	343.07%	269.72%	280.47%
68.36%	70.91%	63.07%	69.89%	70.65%

#### Schedule of City Pension Contributions Last Nine Years

#### **Ohio Public Employees Retirement System**

Year	2013	2014	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$754,142	\$635,304	\$692,778
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	754,142	635,304	692,778
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0
City's covered payroll	\$5,801,092	\$5,294,200	\$5,773,150
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	13.00%	12.00%	12.00%

#### **Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund**

Year	2013	2014	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$310,515	\$304,495	\$332,293
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	310,515	304,495	332,293
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0
City's covered payroll	\$1,818,004	\$1,495,555	\$1,654,022
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	17.08%	20.36%	20.09%

Notes: The City implemented GASB Statement 68 in 2015. Information prior to 2013 is not available.

2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
\$679,376	\$734,034	\$812,494	\$835,722	\$834,879	\$887,080
679,376	734,034	812,494	835,722	834,879	887,080
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
\$5,661,467	\$5,546,300	\$5,803,529	\$5,969,443	\$5,963,421	\$6,336,286
12.00%	13.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%
2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
\$323,611	\$312,993	\$332,825	\$343,731	\$352,932	\$385,627
323,611	312,993	332,825	343,731	352,932	385,627
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
\$1,610,806	\$1,557,954	\$1,656,670	\$1,710,956	\$1,656,958	\$1,810,455
20.09%	20.09%	20.09%	20.09%	21.30%	21.30%

# Schedule of City's Proportionate Share of the Net Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Liability

Last Five Years

#### **Ohio Public Employees Retirement System**

Year	2017	2018	2019
City's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset)	0.042170%	0.041399%	0.041855%
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	\$4,181,720	\$4,495,599	\$5,456,899
City's covered payroll	\$5,661,467	\$5,546,300	\$5,803,529
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	73.86%	81.06%	94.03%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	54.50%	54.14%	46.33%

Source: Finance Director's Office and the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

#### **Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund**

Year	2017	2018	2019
City's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset)	0.071314%	0.067761%	0.069628%
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	\$3,385,114	\$3,839,243	\$634,069
City's covered payroll	\$1,610,806	\$1,557,954	\$1,656,670
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	210.15%	246.43%	38.27%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB			
liability	15.96%	14.13%	46.57%

Source: Finance Director's Office and the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

Notes: The City implemented GASB Statement 75 in 2018.

Information prior to 2016 is not available.

The schedule is reported as of the measurement date of the Net OPEB Liability.

0.041866%	0.041895%
\$5,782,780	(\$746,392)
\$5,969,443	\$5,963,421
96.87%	(12.52%)
47.80%	115.57%
2020	2021
2020	2021 0.068171%
0.068503%	0.068171%
0.068503% \$676,654	0.068171% \$722,278
0.068503% \$676,654	0.068171% \$722,278
0.068503% \$676,654 \$1,710,956	0.068171% \$722,278 \$1,656,958

2020

2021

#### Schedule of City's Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Contributions Last Nine Years

#### **Ohio Public Employees Retirement System**

Year	2013	2014	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$58,011	\$105,884	\$115,463
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	58,011	105,884	115,463
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0
City's covered payroll	\$5,801,092	\$5,294,200	\$5,773,150
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	1.00%	2.00%	2.00%

Source: Finance Director's Office and the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

#### **Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund**

Year	2013	2014	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$9,090	\$7,478	\$8,270
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	9,090	7,478	8,270
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0
City's covered payroll	\$1,818,004	\$1,495,555	\$1,654,022
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%

Source: Finance Director's Office and the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

Notes: The City implemented GASB Statement 75 in 2018.

Information prior to 2013 is not available.

2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
\$113,229	\$55,463	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
113,229	55,463	0	0	0	0
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
\$5,661,467	\$5,546,300	\$5,803,529	\$5,969,443	\$5,963,421	\$6,336,286
2.00%	1.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
2016	2017	2010	2010	2020	2021
		2018	2019	2020	
\$8,054	\$7,787	\$8,307	\$8,562	\$8,779	\$9,587
8,054	7,787	8,307	8,562	8,779	9,587
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
\$1,610,806	\$1,557,954	\$1,656,670	\$1,710,956	\$1,656,958	\$1,810,455
0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%

Notes to the Required Supplemental Information For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

#### **NET PENSION LIABILITY**

#### OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (OPERS)

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms for the period 2014-2021.

Changes in assumptions:

2014-2016: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions.

2017: The following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date:

- Reduction in actuarial assumed rate of return from 8.00% to 7.50%
- Decrease in wage inflation from 3.75% to 3.25%
- Change in future salary increases from a range of 4.25%-10.02% to 3.25%-10.75%
- Amounts reported beginning in 2017 use mortality rates based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant mortality Table.

2018: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions.

2019: The following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date:

- Reduction in actuarial assumed rate of return from 7.50% to 7.20%

2020: The following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date:

- Change in COLA from 3.00% to 1.4% for post 1/7/13 retirees.

2021: The following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date:

- Change in COLA from 1.4% to 0.5% for post 1/7/13 retirees.

#### OHIO POLICE AND FIRE (OP&F) PENSION FUND

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms for the period 2014-2021.

Changes in assumptions:

2014-2017: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions.

# Notes to the Required Supplemental Information For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

#### **NET PENSION LIABILITY** (Continued)

#### OHIO POLICE AND FIRE (OP&F) PENSION FUND (Continued)

2018: The following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected total pension liability since the prior measurement date:

- Reduction in actuarial assumed rate of return from 8.25% to 8.00%
- Decrease salary increases from 3.75% to 3.25%
- Change in payroll growth from 3.75% to 3.25%
- Reduce DROP interest rate from 4.5% to 4.0%
- Reduce CPI-based COLA from 2.6% to 2.2%
- Inflation component reduced from 3.25% to 2.75%
- For the January 1, 2017, valuation, mortality for non-disabled participants is based on the RP-2014 Total Employee and Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables rolled back to 2006
- For the January 1, 2017, valuation, mortality for disabled retirees is based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Tables rolled back to 2006

2019-2021: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions.

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Notes to the Required Supplemental Information For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

#### **NET OPEB LIABILITY (ASSET)**

#### OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (OPERS)

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms for the periods 2018-2021.

Changes in assumptions:

For 2018, the single discount rate changed from 4.23% to 3.85%.

2019: The following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date:

- The single discount rate changed from 3.85% to 3.96%.
- Reduction in actuarial assumed rate of return from 6.50% to 6.00%
- Change in health care cost trend rate from 7.5% to 10%
- The Municipal Bond Rate changed from 3.31% to 3.71%

2020: The following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date:

- The single discount rate changed from 3.96% to 3.16%.
- Change in health care cost trend rate from 10.0% to 10.5%
- The Municipal Bond Rate changed from 3.71% to 2.75%

2021: The following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date:

- The single discount rate changed from 3.16% to 6.00%.
- Change in health care cost trend rate from 10.5% to 8.5%
- The Municipal Bond Rate changed from 2.75% to 2.00%

#### OHIO POLICE AND FIRE (OP&F) PENSION FUND

Changes in benefit terms:

2018: There were no changes in benefit terms.

2019: The retiree health care model and the current self-insured health care plan were replaced with a stipend-based health care model.

# Notes to the Required Supplemental Information For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

#### **NET OPEB LIABILITY (ASSET)** (Continued)

#### OHIO POLICE AND FIRE (OP&F) PENSION FUND (Continued)

Changes in assumptions:

2018: The single discount rate changed from 3.79% to 3.24%.

2019: The following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date:

- The single discount rate changed from 3.24% to 4.66%.

2020: The following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date:

- The single discount rate changed from 4.66% to 3.56%.

2021: The following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date:

- The single discount rate changed from 3.56% to 2.96%.

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#### JAMES G. ZUPKA, C.P.A., INC.

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Ohio Society of Certified Public Accountants

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Members of City Council City of Oberlin Oberlin, Ohio The Honorable Keith Faber Auditor of State State of Ohio

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Oberlin, Lorain County, Ohio, (the City) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 22, 2022.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the City's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of This Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

James G. Zupka, CPA, Inc. Certified Public Accountants

ames L. Zupka, CPA, Inc.

June 22, 2022

#### CITY OF OBERLIN LORAIN COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

The prior audit report, as of December 31, 2020, included no findings or instances of noncompliance.



#### **CITY OF OBERLIN**

#### **LORAIN COUNTY**

#### **AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION**

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 8/9/2022

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370