

**OREGON CITY
SCHOOL DISTRICT**
LUCAS COUNTY, OHIO

SINGLE AUDIT

**FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED
JUNE 30, 2021**

OHIO AUDITOR OF STATE
KEITH FABER



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Board of Education
Oregon City School District
5721 Seaman Road
Oregon, Ohio 43616

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Oregon City School District, Lucas County, prepared by Julian & Grube, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 2020 through June 30, 2021. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Oregon City School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Keith Faber".

Keith Faber
Auditor of State
Columbus, Ohio

February 15, 2022

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**OREGON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
LUCAS COUNTY, OHIO**

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Independent Auditor's Report

Oregon City School District
Lucas County
5721 Seaman Road
Oregon, Ohio 43616

To the Board of Education:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Oregon City School District, Lucas County, Ohio, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Oregon City School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Oregon City School District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Oregon City School District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Oregon City School District, Lucas County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position, thereof and the budgetary comparison for the general fund for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As described in Note 21 to the financial statements, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the Oregon City School District. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the *management's discussion and analysis and schedules of net pension and other post-employment benefit assets and liabilities and pension and other post-employment benefit contributions* listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Oregon City School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 28, 2021, on our consideration of the Oregon City School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Oregon City School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Oregon City School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Julian & Grube, Inc.

Julian & Grube, Inc.
December 28, 2021

**OREGON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
LUCAS COUNTY, OHIO**

**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021**

The management's discussion and analysis of the Oregon City School District's (the "District") financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2021 are as follows:

- In total, net position of governmental activities increased \$706,301 compared to fiscal year 2020's net position.
- Total revenues amounted to \$55,379,605. General revenues accounted for \$44,567,570 or 80.48% of this total, and program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted for \$10,812,035 or 19.52%.
- The District had \$54,673,304 in expenses related to governmental activities; \$10,812,035 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services and sales, grants or contributions. General revenues supporting governmental activities (primarily taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements) of \$44,567,570 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- The District's only major governmental fund is the general fund. The general fund had \$45,856,089 in revenues and other financing sources and \$43,966,758 in expenditures and other financing uses. The fund balance of the general fund increased from \$17,301,974 to \$19,191,305.

Using the Basic Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The statement of net position and statement of activities provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. The District's only major governmental fund is the general fund.

Reporting the District as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2021?" The statement of net position and the statement of activities answer this question. These statements include all non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, revenues and expenses using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in that position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the financial position of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

**OREGON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
LUCAS COUNTY, OHIO**

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

In the statement of net position and the statement of activities, the governmental activities include the District's programs and services, including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, extracurricular activities, and food service operations.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the District's major governmental funds begins on page 10. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The District's only major governmental fund is the general fund.

Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the basic financial statements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

The required supplementary information provides detailed information regarding the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability/asset of the retirement systems. It also includes a ten year schedule of the District's contributions to the retirement systems to fund pension and OPEB obligations.

The District as a Whole

The statement of net position provides the perspective of the District as a whole. The following table provides a summary of the District's net position for fiscal years 2021 and 2020.

**OREGON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
LUCAS COUNTY, OHIO**

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Net Position	
	Governmental Activities	Governmental Activities
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
<u>Assets</u>		
Current and other assets	\$ 59,486,963	\$ 55,452,313
Net OPEB asset	3,079,398	2,833,831
Capital assets, net	<u>47,160,198</u>	<u>48,466,806</u>
Total assets	<u>109,726,559</u>	<u>106,752,950</u>
<u>Deferred outflows of resources</u>		
Pension	9,671,103	8,920,566
OPEB	1,209,816	826,498
Other amounts	<u>977,252</u>	<u>2,197,375</u>
Total deferred outflows of resources	<u>11,858,171</u>	<u>11,944,439</u>
<u>Liabilities</u>		
Current liabilities	5,824,247	5,346,527
Long-term liabilities:		
Due within one year	2,617,536	2,246,548
Due in more than one year:		
Net pension liability	53,840,980	48,214,130
Net OPEB liability	3,772,518	4,413,939
Other amounts	<u>33,098,958</u>	<u>35,620,732</u>
Long-term liabilities	<u>93,329,992</u>	<u>90,495,349</u>
Total liabilities	<u>99,154,239</u>	<u>95,841,876</u>
<u>Deferred inflows of resources</u>		
Pension	860,003	3,288,801
OPEB	5,842,697	4,890,901
Other amounts	<u>26,541,304</u>	<u>26,195,625</u>
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>33,244,004</u>	<u>34,375,327</u>
<u>Net position</u>		
Net investment in capital assets	23,002,562	23,463,926
Restricted	4,274,149	3,726,383
Unrestricted (deficit)	<u>(38,090,224)</u>	<u>(38,710,123)</u>
Total net position (deficit)	<u>\$ (10,813,513)</u>	<u>\$ (11,519,814)</u>

The net pension liability (NPL) is the largest single liability reported by the District at June 30, 2021 and is reported pursuant to GASB Statement 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an Amendment of GASB Statement 27." The District has adopted GASB Statement 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions," which significantly revises accounting for costs and liabilities related to other postemployment benefits (OPEB). For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the District's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and OPEB, the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB.

**OREGON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
LUCAS COUNTY, OHIO**

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Governmental Accounting Standards Board standards are national and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Prior accounting for pensions (GASB 27) and postemployment benefits (GASB 45) focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension and OPEB costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's *net pension liability* or *net OPEB liability*. GASB 68 and GASB 75 take an earnings approach to pension and OPEB accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension/OPEB plans and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

GASB 68 and GASB 75 require the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability to equal the District's proportionate share of each plan's collective:

1. Present value of estimated future pension/OPEB benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service.
2. Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits.

GASB notes that pension and OPEB obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" – that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension and other postemployment benefits. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the District is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of these liabilities. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer's promise is limited not by contract but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the retirement system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension/OPEB plan *as against the public employer*. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. The retirement system is responsible for the administration of the pension and OPEB plans.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability or the net OPEB liability. As explained above, changes in benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of these liabilities but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability are satisfied, these liabilities are separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

In accordance with GASB 68 and GASB 75, the District's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense and an annual OPEB expense for their proportionate share of each plan's *change* in net pension liability and net OPEB liability, respectively, not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows.

Over time, net position can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2021, the District's liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$10,813,513.

As the previous table illustrates, some of the more significant changes in net position were related to the District's net pension liability and net OPEB liability/asset, and the related deferred inflows/outflows of resources. See Note 14 and Note 15 in the notes to the basic financial statements for additional information regarding these components of net position.

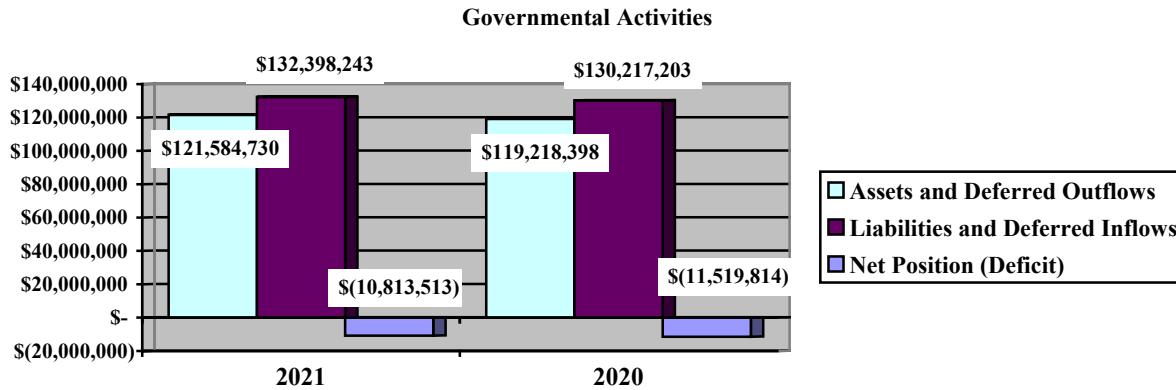
**OREGON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
LUCAS COUNTY, OHIO**

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

The overall increase in assets for the District is mostly due to increased cash balances at year-end as the District experienced a positive cash flow during the year. At year-end, capital assets represented 42.98% of total assets. Capital assets include land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, vehicles and infrastructure. The net investment in capital assets at June 30, 2021, was \$23,002,562. Capital assets are used to provide services to the students and are not available for future spending.

A portion of the District's net position, \$4,274,149, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. Of the restricted net position, \$2,192,863 is restricted for capital projects. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position is a deficit of \$38,090,224.

The chart below shows the District's governmental activities assets and deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows, and net position at June 30, 2021 and 2020.



The following table shows the change in net position for fiscal years 2021 and 2020.

	Change in Net Position	
	Governmental Activities <u>2021</u>	Governmental Activities <u>2020</u>
<u>Revenues</u>		
Program revenues:		
Charges for services and sales	\$ 3,466,187	\$ 4,938,467
Operating grants and contributions	7,280,144	5,213,068
Capital grants and contributions	65,704	49,823
General revenues:		
Property taxes	26,639,200	25,434,510
Payments in lieu of taxes	1,463,248	1,432,490
Grants and entitlements	16,309,680	16,480,512
Investment earnings	68,626	502,327
Other	86,816	313,442
Total revenues	<u>\$ 55,379,605</u>	<u>\$ 54,364,639</u>

(continued)

**OREGON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
LUCAS COUNTY, OHIO**

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Change in Net Position (Continued)

	Governmental Activities <u>2021</u>	Governmental Activities <u>2020</u>
<u>Expenses</u>		
Program expenses:		
Instruction:		
Regular	\$ 21,632,657	\$ 19,882,039
Special	6,086,340	6,016,123
Vocational	2,990,735	2,896,284
Adult/continuing	103,031	102,390
Other	163,018	32,261
Support services:		
Pupil	2,994,039	2,749,318
Instructional staff	3,829,356	3,494,086
Board of education	27,162	49,599
Administration	3,846,332	4,275,005
Fiscal	906,002	964,619
Business	436,617	376,915
Operations and maintenance	4,698,474	4,859,235
Pupil transportation	2,270,497	2,305,512
Central	5,359	3,192
Operation of non-instructional services:		
Food service operations	1,564,253	1,662,257
Other non-instructional services	572,898	499,344
Extracurricular activities	1,252,044	1,574,432
Interest and fiscal charges	<u>1,294,490</u>	<u>1,516,292</u>
Total expenses	<u>54,673,304</u>	<u>53,258,903</u>
Change in net position	706,301	1,105,736
Net position (deficit) at beginning of year	<u>(11,519,814)</u>	<u>(12,625,550)</u>
Net position (deficit) at end of year	<u><u>\$ (10,813,513)</u></u>	<u><u>\$ (11,519,814)</u></u>

Governmental Activities

Net position of the District's governmental activities increased \$706,301. Total governmental expenses of \$54,673,304 were offset by program revenues of \$10,812,035, and general revenues of \$44,567,570. Program revenues supported 19.78% of the total governmental expenses.

Total revenues for fiscal year 2021 were \$1,014,966 or 1.87% higher than the prior year. The primary sources of revenue for governmental activities are derived from property taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements. These two revenue sources, combined, accounted for 77.55% of total governmental revenue in fiscal year 2021. Taxes revenue increased, but the most significant increase was in operating grants and contributions which was due to additional Federal grant money available as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic.

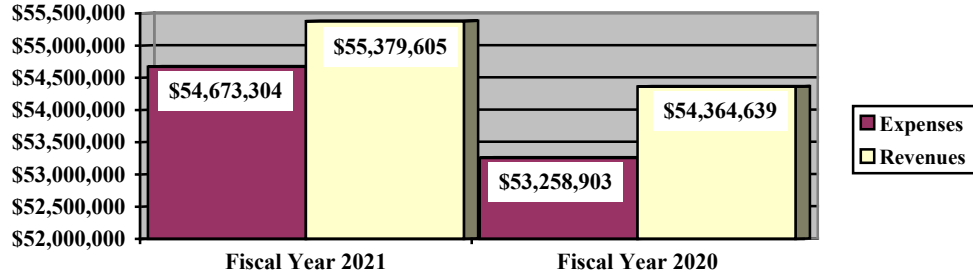
Expenses of the governmental activities increased \$1,414,401 or 2.66%. This is primarily due to higher costs for employee wages and benefits. The bulk of the District's expenses are for its instruction programs. Instruction expenses amounted to \$30,975,781 or 56.66% of total expenses in fiscal year 2021.

**OREGON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
LUCAS COUNTY, OHIO**

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenues and expenses for fiscal years 2021 and 2020.

Governmental Activities - Revenues and Expenses



The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State grants and entitlements.

	Total Cost of Services <u>2021</u>	Net Cost of Services <u>2021</u>	Total Cost of Services <u>2020</u>	Net Cost of Services <u>2020</u>
Program expenses:				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$ 21,632,657	\$ 19,123,797	\$ 19,882,039	\$ 17,206,177
Special	6,086,340	2,454,577	6,016,123	2,906,155
Vocational	2,990,735	2,491,699	2,896,284	2,403,323
Adult/continuing	103,031	64,321	102,390	57,895
Other	163,018	163,018	32,261	32,261
Support services:				
Pupil	2,994,039	2,413,935	2,749,318	2,377,395
Instructional staff	3,829,356	3,124,732	3,494,086	3,183,069
Board of education	27,162	27,162	49,599	49,599
Administration	3,846,332	3,463,501	4,275,005	3,987,654
Fiscal	906,002	906,002	964,619	964,619
Business	436,617	436,617	376,915	376,915
Operations and maintenance	4,698,474	4,458,285	4,859,235	4,819,885
Pupil transportation	2,270,497	2,115,612	2,305,512	2,176,940
Central	5,359	4,596	3,192	(6,978)
Operation of non-instructional services:				
Food service operations	1,564,253	302,345	1,662,257	103,680
Other non-instructional services	572,898	57,023	499,344	13,935
Extracurricular activities	1,252,044	959,557	1,574,432	888,729
Interest and fiscal charges	1,294,490	1,294,490	1,516,292	1,516,292
Total	<u>\$ 54,673,304</u>	<u>\$ 43,861,269</u>	<u>\$ 53,258,903</u>	<u>\$ 43,057,545</u>

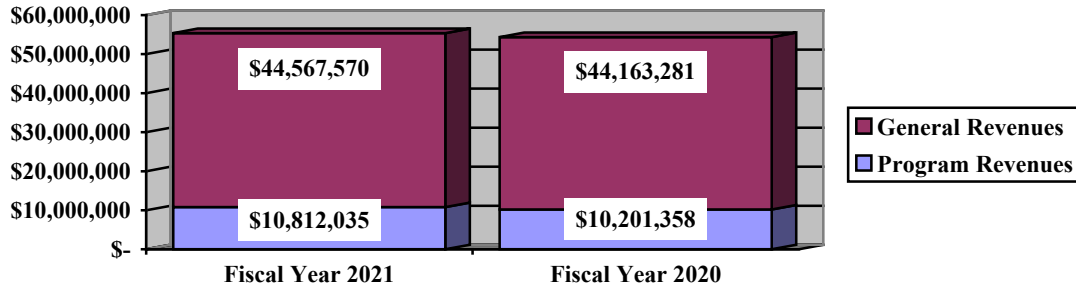
The dependence upon tax and other general revenues for governmental activities is apparent; 78.44% of instruction activities are supported through taxes and other general revenues. For all governmental activities, general revenue support is 80.22%. The District's taxpayers and unrestricted grants and entitlements, as a whole, are by far the primary support for District students.

**OREGON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
LUCAS COUNTY, OHIO**

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue for fiscal years 2021 and 2020.

Governmental Activities - General and Program Revenues



The District's Funds

The District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$25,124,403, which is \$2,223,855 higher than last year's total of \$22,900,548. The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance as of June 30, 2021 and 2020.

	Fund Balance <u>June 30, 2021</u>	Fund Balance <u>June 30, 2020</u>	<u>Change</u>
General fund	\$ 19,191,305	\$ 17,301,974	\$ 1,889,331
Nonmajor governmental funds	<u>5,933,098</u>	<u>5,598,574</u>	<u>334,524</u>
Total	<u>\$ 25,124,403</u>	<u>\$ 22,900,548</u>	<u>\$ 2,223,855</u>

General Fund

During fiscal year 2021, the District's general fund balance increased \$1,889,331 or 10.92%. The table that follows assists in illustrating the revenues of the general fund.

	<u>2021</u> Amount	<u>2020</u> Amount	<u>Percentage</u> Change
Revenues:			
Property taxes	\$ 23,385,052	\$ 22,310,378	4.82 %
Payment in lieu of taxes	1,266,435	1,286,091	(1.53) %
Tuition and fees	3,159,532	3,678,859	(14.12) %
Earnings on investments	40,425	466,974	(91.34) %
Intergovernmental	17,824,056	18,006,101	(1.01) %
Other revenues	<u>179,685</u>	<u>297,012</u>	(39.50) %
Total	<u>\$ 45,855,185</u>	<u>\$ 46,045,415</u>	(0.41) %

In total, general fund revenues for fiscal year 2021 were comparable to the prior year. The general fund's single largest revenue source, property taxes, increased in fiscal year 2021. This is due to an increase in cash collections, as well as fluctuations in the amount of taxes collected by the County Auditor by year-end and available for advance to the District. This amount is recorded as revenue and can vary based upon when the County distributes the tax bills and receives payment. Most other general fund revenue sources saw decreases in fiscal year 2021. The decrease in tuition and fees is primarily a result of higher collections for delinquent tuition in the prior year. Earnings on investments also decreased considerably due to declining interest rates and also fluctuations in the fair value of the District's investments. Any change in fair value of investments also increases or decreases earnings on investments accordingly.

**OREGON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
LUCAS COUNTY, OHIO**

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

The table that follows assists in illustrating the expenditures of the general fund.

	2021 <u>Amount</u>	2020 <u>Amount</u>	Percentage <u>Change</u>
<u>Expenditures:</u>			
Instruction	\$ 26,577,317	\$ 26,233,691	1.31 %
Support services	16,007,614	16,593,958	(3.53) %
Operation of non-instructional services	-	50,000	(100.00) %
Extracurricular activities	824,653	887,067	(7.04) %
Debt service	<u>302,250</u>	<u>303,100</u>	(0.28) %
Total	<u>\$ 43,711,834</u>	<u>\$ 44,067,816</u>	(0.81) %

As the table above shows, general fund expenditures for fiscal year 2021 were nearly identical to the prior year. Although total wages and benefits costs continue to increase slightly, the District was able to use additional grant funding in fiscal year 2021 to finance these costs that would otherwise primarily be paid with general fund dollars.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2021, the District amended its general fund budget as needed. Original budgeted revenues and other financing sources of \$42,343,361 were increased to \$47,175,414 in the final budget. This was primarily to account for an increase in property tax collections and an increased allocation of State funding. Actual revenues and other financing sources for fiscal year 2021 were \$46,877,818 which is \$297,596 (0.63%) less than the final budget.

General fund original appropriations (appropriated expenditures plus other financing uses) of \$48,462,628 were decreased slightly to \$1,305,922 in the final budget. The actual budget basis expenditures and other financing uses for fiscal year 2021 totaled \$46,429,961, which is \$726,745 (1.54%) less than the final budget appropriations. This variance is a primarily due to the District's conservative "worst case scenario" approach to budgeting. The District over-appropriates from excess available resources in case significant, unexpected expenditures arise during the fiscal year.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2021, the District had \$47,160,198 invested in land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, vehicles and infrastructure. This entire amount is reported in governmental activities.

**OREGON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
LUCAS COUNTY, OHIO**

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

The following table shows fiscal year 2021 balances compared to 2020:

Capital Assets at June 30 (Net of Depreciation)

	<u>Governmental Activities</u>	
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Land	\$ 490,206	\$ 490,206
Construction in progress	-	98,440
Land improvements	75,411	93,219
Buildings and improvements	43,458,336	44,534,112
Furniture and equipment	1,314,276	1,496,277
Vehicles	1,482,583	1,401,983
Infrastructure	<u>339,386</u>	<u>352,569</u>
Total	<u>\$ 47,160,198</u>	<u>\$ 48,466,806</u>

The overall decrease in capital assets is due to depreciation expense of \$1,619,058 and disposals (net of accumulated depreciation) of \$9,943 exceeding capital outlays of \$322,393 in fiscal year 2021. See Note 9 in the notes to the basic financial statements for more detail on the District's capital assets.

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2021, the District had \$26,163,974 in general obligation bonds and energy conservation bonds outstanding. Of this total, \$2,393,306 is due within one year and \$23,770,668 is due in more than one year. The following table summarizes the governmental activities debt outstanding.

Outstanding Debt, at Year End

	<u>June 30, 2021</u>	<u>June 30, 2020</u>
General obligation bonds	\$ 25,948,974	\$ 27,301,273
Energy conservation bonds	<u>215,000</u>	<u>510,000</u>
Total	<u>\$ 26,163,974</u>	<u>\$ 27,811,273</u>

The District issued refunding bonds of \$22.45 million in fiscal year 2021 to take advantage of lower interest rates. See Note 10 in the notes to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's debt administration.

Current Related Financial Activities

The District is a primarily suburban school district located on the eastern edge of Lucas County, which relies heavily on the local taxpayers for general fund revenue. The District receives approximately 27% of its revenue from the State Educational Foundation funding formula. The elimination of tangible personal property taxes under House Bill 66 and reductions in the State's temporary reimbursement of the loss has been a major loss for the District. The District has also suffered the unintended consequences of House Bill 66 with the loss of monies previously abated from local companies of over \$1.3 million per year. The State did not compensate the District for this lost revenue. These legislative changes have pushed a larger liability onto District Residents.

In fiscal year 2021, the District received 2.4 million dollars in replacement monies for tangible personal property taxes. The legislature is reducing these payments at a rate of 5/8th mill per year until these "hold harmless" funds are gone.

Oregon's State Foundation aide is also capped. This prevents the District from realizing the full growth in our foundation collections due to the tangible personal property valuations lost thru House Bill 66.

**OREGON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
LUCAS COUNTY, OHIO**

**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021**

A bond levy for 4.4 mills was approved by District's residents in November 2004 with proceeds being used to renovate three elementary schools and Clay High School along with construction of one new elementary school. District also demolished the old Elementary School and several sections of Clay High School.

The District has continued to experience dropping enrollment in the last several years. The Board of Education approved allowing open enrollment of students according to space during the 2009-2010 school year as well as school employees' children regardless of grade level. This was done to increase operational efficiencies and we received an additional \$1,678,338 in State funds in fiscal year 2021. The District serves approximately 3,412 students and employs 249 certified, 197 classified, and 25 administrative staff members. All employees are paying higher deductibles for medical insurance along with paying a 15% share of medical premiums. This cooperation greatly improved the financial picture for the District. Union contracts were opened up for negotiations again during the spring of 2019 with a settlement reached for fiscal years 2020 through 2022.

The Oregon Community approved a new 5.9 mill operating levy in March 2008. Fiscal year 2010 was the first full year of collection for this new operating levy. Unfortunately, property values continued to decline in the Oregon district which meant that this levy brought in less money than originally anticipated. The Board of Education approved additional budgetary reductions for fiscal year 2010 totaling approximately \$3.5 million to ensure the District's financial stability for another year. The Board passed a 3.95 mil operating levy on the November 3, 2015 ballot. This levy along with long awaited increases in property valuations and a Natural Gas Plant under construction with abatement payments on the way in fiscal year 2018 have the District in stable financial condition for the first time since House Bill 66 was pushed through the legislature. Oregon City Schools received the first payment from the newly constructed Natural Gas Plant in July, 2017. This infusion of a projected \$17,500,000 over the next 15 years is a huge step in assuring financial stability for the District. There are discussions for a second plant in the District's future.

The Oregon and Jerusalem community passed a renewal of a 2.0 mill permanent improvement levy in the November 7, 2017 election. This renewal (continually for 50 years) enables the District to continue to maintain our properties and invest in additional technology for another 5 -year term. This levy will maintain uninterrupted collection of these funds until 2023.

The COVID-19 pandemic impacted Oregon City Schools during the last quarter of fiscal year 2020 as Governor Dewine declared Ohio schools physically closed and students were sent home to learn remotely with district supplied Chromebooks and Macs. This created a major budgetary impact the State of Ohio reduced our Foundation funding during the last 3 months of fiscal year 2020 by \$642,000 to get ahead of projected budgetary shortfalls at the State level. We had one quarter with no supplies, substitute costs, utilities were down, no bus fuel was used, no field trip, no athletic events or programs of any kind, services were provided to students but our district looked much different. Prior to the pandemic the Oregon Board had placed a 4.75 mill levy on the March 17, 2020 Ballot to offset anticipated funding shortfalls. This levy was voted down by our community and our Board adjusted for the upcoming school year by working to eliminate \$2 million in expenditures for the 2020-2021 school year.

COVID-19 has continued to impact finances during the 2020-2021 school year. Students learned remotely until 10/5/2020 then we brought them back in a hybrid manner. Grade levels varied schedules trying to keep student numbers in buildings down. We also began receiving Funding from Federal Resources through ODE. The first funding Covid Relief Funds (CRF) were used to help purchase cleaning supplies, masks and the various barriers that were put into place to help prevent the spread of the disease.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Jane Fruth, Treasurer, Oregon City School District, 5721 Seaman Road, Oregon, Ohio 43616.

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**OREGON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
LUCAS COUNTY, OHIO**

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
JUNE 30, 2021

	Governmental Activities
Assets:	
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 29,660,567
Receivables:	
Property taxes	27,348,767
Payment in lieu of taxes	1,412,611
Accounts	59,814
Accrued interest	29,319
Intergovernmental	809,612
Prepayments	156,208
Materials and supplies inventory	6,964
Inventory held for resale	3,101
Net OPEB asset	3,079,398
Capital assets:	
Nondepreciable capital assets	490,206
Depreciable capital assets, net	46,669,992
Capital assets, net	47,160,198
Total assets	109,726,559
Deferred outflows of resources:	
Unamortized deferred charges on debt refunding	977,252
Pension	9,671,103
OPEB	1,209,816
Total deferred outflows of resources	11,858,171
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	948,353
Accrued wages and benefits payable	4,042,580
Intergovernmental payable	99,976
Pension obligation payable	678,407
Accrued interest payable	54,931
Long-term liabilities:	
Due within one year	2,617,536
Due in more than one year:	
Net pension liability	53,840,980
Net OPEB liability	3,772,518
Other amounts due in more than one year	33,098,958
Total liabilities	99,154,239
Deferred inflows of resources:	
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year	25,128,693
Payment in lieu of taxes levied for the next fiscal year	1,412,611
Pension	860,003
OPEB	5,842,697
Total deferred inflows of resources	33,244,004
Net position:	
Net investment in capital assets	23,002,562
Restricted for:	
Capital projects	2,192,863
State funded programs	773,547
Federally funded programs	5,606
Food service operations	565,778
Extracurricular activities	304,852
Other purposes	431,503
Unrestricted (deficit)	(38,090,224)
Total net position (deficit)	\$ (10,813,513)

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**OREGON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
LUCAS COUNTY, OHIO**

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Program Revenues			Capital Grants and Contributions	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities
	Expenses	Charges for Services and Sales	Operating Grants and Contributions		
Governmental activities:					
Instruction:					
Regular	\$ 21,632,657	\$ 1,853,477	\$ 655,383	\$ -	\$ (19,123,797)
Special	6,086,340	1,303,468	2,328,295	-	(2,454,577)
Vocational	2,990,735	272	498,764	-	(2,491,699)
Adult/continuing	103,031	38,710	-	-	(64,321)
Other	163,018	-	-	-	(163,018)
Support services:					
Pupil	2,994,039	-	580,104	-	(2,413,935)
Instructional staff	3,829,356	3,380	701,244	-	(3,124,732)
Board of education	27,162	-	-	-	(27,162)
Administration	3,846,332	-	382,831	-	(3,463,501)
Fiscal	906,002	-	-	-	(906,002)
Business	436,617	-	-	-	(436,617)
Operations and maintenance	4,698,474	6,496	215,693	18,000	(4,458,285)
Pupil transportation	2,270,497	-	115,181	39,704	(2,115,612)
Central	5,359	-	763	-	(4,596)
Operation of non-instructional services:					
Food service operations	1,564,253	11,371	1,250,537	-	(302,345)
Other non-instructional services	572,898	-	515,875	-	(57,023)
Extracurricular activities	1,252,044	249,013	35,474	8,000	(959,557)
Interest and fiscal charges	1,294,490	-	-	-	(1,294,490)
Totals	\$ 54,673,304	\$ 3,466,187	\$ 7,280,144	\$ 65,704	(43,861,269)

General revenues:

Property taxes levied for:	
General purposes	23,472,634
Debt service	2,196,640
Capital outlay	969,926
Payments in lieu of taxes	1,463,248
Grants and entitlements not restricted	
to specific programs	16,309,680
Investment earnings	68,626
Miscellaneous	86,816
Total general revenues	44,567,570
Change in net position	706,301
Net position (deficit) at beginning of year	(11,519,814)
Net position (deficit) at end of year	\$ (10,813,513)

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**OREGON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
LUCAS COUNTY, OHIO**

BALANCE SHEET
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
JUNE 30, 2021

	General	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets:			
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 22,153,996	\$ 7,506,571	\$ 29,660,567
Receivables:			
Property taxes	24,151,797	3,196,970	27,348,767
Payment in lieu of taxes	1,216,025	196,586	1,412,611
Accounts	25,357	34,457	59,814
Accrued interest	29,319	-	29,319
Interfund loans	1,011,955	-	1,011,955
Intergovernmental	105,983	703,629	809,612
Prepayments	154,896	1,312	156,208
Materials and supplies inventory	-	6,964	6,964
Inventory held for resale	-	3,101	3,101
Total assets	\$ 48,849,328	\$ 11,649,590	\$ 60,498,918
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$ 400,858	\$ 547,495	\$ 948,353
Accrued wages and benefits payable	3,885,629	156,951	4,042,580
Compensated absences payable	224,230	-	224,230
Intergovernmental payable	98,323	1,653	99,976
Pension obligation payable	658,618	19,789	678,407
Interfund loans payable	-	1,011,955	1,011,955
Total liabilities	5,267,658	1,737,843	7,005,501
Deferred inflows of resources:			
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year	22,190,984	2,937,709	25,128,693
Payment in lieu of taxes levied for the next fiscal year	1,216,025	196,586	1,412,611
Delinquent property tax revenue not available	867,309	115,725	983,034
Intergovernmental revenue not available	105,983	698,629	804,612
Accrued interest not available	10,064	-	10,064
Miscellaneous revenue not available	-	30,000	30,000
Total deferred inflows of resources	24,390,365	3,978,649	28,369,014
Fund balances:			
Nonspendable:			
Materials and supplies inventory	-	6,964	6,964
Prepays	154,896	1,312	156,208
Restricted:			
Debt service	-	2,100,532	2,100,532
Capital improvements	-	2,126,806	2,126,806
Food service operations	-	741,735	741,735
Non-public schools	-	14,364	14,364
State funded programs	-	754,613	754,613
Federally funded programs	-	3,945	3,945
Extracurricular activities	-	304,852	304,852
Other purposes	-	431,503	431,503
Committed:			
Termination benefits	426,764	-	426,764
Assigned:			
Student instruction	289,628	-	289,628
Student and staff support	768,077	-	768,077
Extracurricular activities	2,333	-	2,333
Non-instructional services	15,000	-	15,000
Computer purchases	4,460	-	4,460
Other purposes	52,749	-	52,749
Unassigned (deficit)	17,477,398	(553,528)	16,923,870
Total fund balances	19,191,305	5,933,098	25,124,403
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	\$ 48,849,328	\$ 11,649,590	\$ 60,498,918

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**OREGON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
LUCAS COUNTY, OHIO**

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO
NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES
JUNE 30, 2021

Total governmental fund balances		\$	25,124,403
<i>Amounts reported for governmental activities on the statement of net position are different because:</i>			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.			47,160,198
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are deferred inflows in the funds.			
Property taxes receivable	\$	983,034	
Accounts receivable		30,000	
Accrued interest receivable		10,064	
Intergovernmental receivable		804,612	
Total		804,612	1,827,710
Unamortized premiums on bonds issued are not recognized in the funds.			(1,588,952)
Unamortized amounts on refundings are not recognized in the funds.			977,252
Accrued interest payable is not due and payable in the current period and therefore is not reported in the funds.			(54,931)
The net pension/OPEB assets & liabilities are not due and payable in the current period; therefore, the assets, liabilities and related deferred inflows/outflows are not reported in governmental funds.			
Deferred outflows - pension		9,671,103	
Deferred inflows - pension		(860,003)	
Net pension liability		(53,840,980)	
Deferred outflows - OPEB		1,209,816	
Deferred inflows - OPEB		(5,842,697)	
Net OPEB asset		3,079,398	
Net OPEB liability		(3,772,518)	
Total		(50,355,881)	(50,355,881)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.			
General obligation bonds		(25,948,974)	
Compensated absences		(7,739,338)	
Energy conservation bonds		(215,000)	
Total		(33,903,312)	(33,903,312)
Net position of governmental activities		\$	(10,813,513)

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**OREGON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
LUCAS COUNTY, OHIO**

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	General	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:			
Property taxes	\$ 23,385,052	\$ 3,157,954	\$ 26,543,006
Intergovernmental	17,824,056	5,054,561	22,878,617
Investment earnings	40,425	66,207	106,632
Tuition and fees	3,159,532	38,710	3,198,242
Extracurricular	61,209	156,009	217,218
Rental income	6,496	-	6,496
Charges for services	272	11,077	11,349
Contributions and donations	32,588	148,472	181,060
Payment in lieu of taxes	1,266,435	196,813	1,463,248
Miscellaneous	79,120	578	79,698
Total revenues	45,855,185	8,830,381	54,685,566
Expenditures:			
Current:			
Instruction:			
Regular	18,656,264	750,524	19,406,788
Special	4,984,655	692,680	5,677,335
Vocational	2,702,996	5,000	2,707,996
Adult/continuing	70,384	31,555	101,939
Other	163,018	-	163,018
Support services:			
Pupil	2,720,231	230,707	2,950,938
Instructional staff	2,817,185	843,655	3,660,840
Board of education	26,024	-	26,024
Administration	3,170,642	364,131	3,534,773
Fiscal	833,820	46,299	880,119
Business	386,779	-	386,779
Operations and maintenance	4,041,882	255,037	4,296,919
Pupil transportation	2,005,692	256,490	2,262,182
Central	5,359	-	5,359
Operation of non-instructional services:			
Food service operations	-	1,527,635	1,527,635
Other non-instructional services	-	572,898	572,898
Extracurricular activities	824,653	321,235	1,145,888
Facilities acquisition and construction	-	241,233	241,233
Debt service:			
Principal retirement	295,000	564,035	859,035
Interest and fiscal charges	7,250	2,033,456	2,040,706
Bond issuance costs	-	109,500	109,500
Total expenditures	43,711,834	8,846,070	52,557,904
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	2,143,351	(15,689)	2,127,662
Other financing sources (uses):			
Premium on refunding bonds	-	1,643,340	1,643,340
Issuance of refunding bonds	-	22,450,000	22,450,000
Proceeds from sale of assets	904	-	904
Transfers in	-	326,996	326,996
Transfers (out)	(254,924)	(72,072)	(326,996)
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	-	(23,980,529)	(23,980,529)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(254,020)	367,735	113,715
Net change in fund balances	1,889,331	352,046	2,241,377
Fund balances at beginning of year	17,301,974	5,598,574	22,900,548
Change in reserve for inventory	-	(17,522)	(17,522)
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 19,191,305	\$ 5,933,098	\$ 25,124,403

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**OREGON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
LUCAS COUNTY, OHIO**

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	2,241,377
<i>Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:</i>		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.		
Capital asset additions	\$ 322,393	
Current year depreciation	<u>(1,619,058)</u>	
Total		(1,296,665)
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, disposals, trade-ins, and donations) is to decrease net position.		
		(9,943)
Governmental funds report expenditures for inventory when purchased. However, in the statement of activities, they are reported as an expense when consumed.		
		(17,522)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		
Property taxes	96,194	
Earnings on investments	(13,369)	
Intergovernmental	<u>726,851</u>	
Total		809,676
Repayment of principal on long-term debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net position.		
		859,035
The issuance of refunding bonds is included in other financing sources in the funds; however, in the statement of activities, is not reported as a financing source as it increases liabilities on the statement of net position.		
		(22,450,000)
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent for the retirement of bonds is an other financing use in the governmental funds but the payment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net position.		
		23,980,529
Premiums on bonds are amortized over the life of the issuance in the statement of activities		
		(1,643,340)
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. The following items resulted in less interest being reported in the statement of activities:		
Decrease in accrued interest payable	11,396	
Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds	(677,701)	
Payment of accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds	1,465,965	
Amortization of bond premiums	194,955	
Amortization of deferred charges on refunding	<u>(138,899)</u>	
Total		855,716
Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows.		
Pension	3,864,303	
OPEB	<u>112,861</u>	
Total		3,977,164
Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension/OPEB liability/asset are reported as pension/OPEB expense in the statement of activities.		
Pension	(6,311,818)	
OPEB	<u>205,649</u>	
Total		(6,106,169)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
		<u>(493,557)</u>
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	<u>706,301</u>

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**OREGON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
LUCAS COUNTY, OHIO**

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN
FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)
GENERAL FUND
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	<u>Budgeted Amounts</u>			Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	<u>Actual</u>	
Revenues:				
Property taxes	\$ 21,402,750	\$ 23,021,350	\$ 23,055,873	\$ 34,523
Intergovernmental	15,423,439	17,905,186	17,824,056	(81,130)
Investment earnings	128,800	158,800	195,895	37,095
Tuition and fees	3,471,297	3,499,103	3,417,694	(81,409)
Extracurricular	96,000	74,400	48,430	(25,970)
Rental income	18,000	18,000	6,496	(11,504)
Charges for services	2,000	2,000	272	(1,728)
Contributions and donations	-	-	30,000	30,000
Payment in lieu of taxes	1,216,025	1,216,025	1,266,435	50,410
Miscellaneous	61,550	19,050	12,839	(6,211)
Total revenues	<u>41,819,861</u>	<u>45,913,914</u>	<u>45,857,990</u>	<u>(55,924)</u>
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	18,656,680	19,365,169	19,102,601	262,568
Special	5,387,654	5,357,662	5,268,857	88,805
Vocational	2,826,293	2,837,203	2,939,878	(102,675)
Adult/continuing	61,115	73,207	70,024	3,183
Other	135,931	97,611	164,018	(66,407)
Support services:				
Pupil	3,211,953	2,786,078	2,706,963	79,115
Instructional staff	2,701,374	2,943,023	2,887,167	55,856
Board of education	117,057	56,282	33,563	22,719
Administration	2,925,858	3,077,709	3,272,420	(194,711)
Fiscal	1,288,807	915,811	859,442	56,369
Business	375,135	385,464	380,538	4,926
Operations and maintenance	6,840,136	4,646,780	4,316,616	330,164
Pupil transportation	2,402,407	2,032,174	1,989,948	42,226
Central	9,174	5,000	3,981	1,019
Operation of non-instructional services:				
Other non-instructional services	12,522	15,000	15,000	-
Extracurricular activities	693,282	788,208	741,900	46,308
Debt service:				
Principal	295,000	295,000	295,000	-
Interest and fiscal charges	7,250	7,250	7,250	-
Total expenditures	<u>47,947,628</u>	<u>45,684,631</u>	<u>45,055,166</u>	<u>629,465</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	<u>(6,127,767)</u>	<u>229,283</u>	<u>802,824</u>	<u>573,541</u>
Other financing sources (uses):				
Refund of prior year's expenditures	15,000	643,000	658,924	15,924
Refund of prior year's receipts	(15,000)	(120,000)	(117,796)	2,204
Transfers in	250,000	-	-	-
Transfers (out)	(350,000)	(350,000)	(254,924)	95,076
Advances in	250,000	610,000	360,000	(250,000)
Advances (out)	(150,000)	(1,002,075)	(1,002,075)	-
Proceeds from sale of assets	8,500	8,500	904	(7,596)
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>8,500</u>	<u>(210,575)</u>	<u>(354,967)</u>	<u>(144,392)</u>
Net change in fund balance	(6,119,267)	18,708	447,857	429,149
Fund balance at beginning of year	19,024,297	19,024,297	19,024,297	-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	959,465	959,465	959,465	-
Fund balance at end of year	<u>\$ 13,864,495</u>	<u>\$ 20,002,470</u>	<u>\$ 20,431,619</u>	<u>\$ 429,149</u>

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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**OREGON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
LUCAS COUNTY, OHIO**

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

Oregon City School District (the “District”) is organized under Article VI, Sections 2 and 3 of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. The District operates under a locally-elected Board form of government consisting of five members elected at-large for staggered four year terms. The District provides educational services as authorized by State and federal guidelines.

The District is located in Lucas County, and includes all of the City of Oregon, and portions of surrounding townships. It is staffed by 197 classified employees, 249 certified teaching personnel, and 25 administrative employees who provide services to approximately 3,412 students and other community members. The District currently operates three elementary schools, two middle schools, and one comprehensive high school.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of Oregon City School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

Following are the more significant of the District’s accounting policies:

A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, “The Financial Reporting Entity” as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, “Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units” and GASB Statement No. 61, “The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34”. The reporting entity is composed of the primary government and component units. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District.

The following activity is also included within the District’s reporting entity:

Within the District boundaries, Cardinal Stritch High School is operated as a private school. Current State legislation provides funding to this parochial school. The monies are received and disbursed on behalf of the parochial school by the Treasurer of the District, as directed by the parochial school. This activity is reflected in a nonmajor governmental fund for financial reporting purposes by the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization’s Governing Board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization’s resources; or (3) the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Certain organizations are also included as component units if the nature and significance of the relationship between the primary government and the organization is such that exclusion by the primary government would render the primary government’s financial statements incomplete or misleading. Based upon the application of these criteria, the District has no component units.

**OREGON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
LUCAS COUNTY, OHIO**

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The following organizations are described due to their relationship to the District:

JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Northwest Ohio Computer Association

The District is a participant in the Northwest Ohio Computer Association (NWOCA), which is a computer consortium. NWOCA is an association of educational entities within the boundaries of Defiance, Fulton, Henry, Lucas, Williams, and Wood Counties. The organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member educational entities.

The NWOCA Assembly consists of the superintendent from each participating educational entity and a representative from the fiscal agent. The Assembly elects the governing council of two representatives from each of the six counties in which member educational entities are located and the representative from the member educational entity serving as fiscal agent for NWOCA. The degree of control exercised by any participating educational entity is limited to its representation on the Board. Financial information can be obtained from the Northwest Ohio Computer Association, 209 Nolan Parkway, Archbold, Ohio 43502.

Northern Buckeye Education Council

The Northern Buckeye Education Council (NBEC) was established in 1979 to foster cooperation among educational entities located in Defiance, Fulton, Henry, Lucas, Williams, and Wood Counties. NBEC is organized under Ohio laws as a regional council of governments pursuant to a written agreement entered into by its member educational entities and bylaws adopted by the representatives of the member educational entities. NBEC is governed by an elected Board consisting of two representatives from each of the six counties in which the member educational entities are located. The Board is elected from an Assembly consisting of a representative from each participating educational entity. Financial information can be obtained from the Northern Buckeye Education Council, 209 Nolan Parkway, Archbold, Ohio 43502.

Northwestern Ohio Educational Research Council, Inc.

The Northwestern Ohio Educational Research Council, Inc. (NOERC) is a jointly governed organization formed to bring educational entities into a better understanding of their common educational problems, facilitate and conduct practical educational research, coordinate educational research among members, provide a means for evaluating and disseminating the results of research, serve as a repository for research and legislative materials, and provide opportunities for training. The NOERC serves a twenty-five county area in northwest Ohio. The Board of Directors consists of superintendents from two educational service centers, two exempted village school districts, five local school districts, and five city school districts, as well as representatives from two private or parochial schools, and three institutions of higher education. Each active member is entitled to one vote on all issues addressed by the Board of Directors. Financial information can be obtained from the Northwestern Ohio Educational Research Council, Inc., Box 456, Ashland, Ohio 44805.

Northwest Ohio Regional Professional Development Center

The Northwest Ohio Regional Professional Development Center (RPDC) is a jointly governed organization among the school districts in Defiance, Erie, Fulton, Henry, Lucas, Ottawa, Sandusky, Williams, and Wood counties. The RPDC focuses on the implementation of academic content standards and the deployment of State initiatives. All activities reflect definition of high quality professional development, including job-embedded, connected to strategic goals, sustained, intensive skill building, and measurement of impact on student learning.

The Center is governed by a fifteen member board made up of representatives from the participating school districts, the business community, and two institutions of higher learning. The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to its representation on the Board. Financial information can be obtained from the Northwest Ohio Regional Professional Development Center, 414 Emerald Street, 2nd Floor, Toledo, Ohio 43602.

**OREGON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
LUCAS COUNTY, OHIO**

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

PUBLIC ENTITY RISK POOL

Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council

The District participates in the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council (EPC) which is an insurance purchasing pool. The EPC's business and affairs are conducted by a six member committee consisting of various EPC representatives that are selected by the general assembly. The purpose of the EPC is to provide or obtain casualty, property, employer liability, general liability, risk management, professional liability, group coverage and other protections for participants.

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. All of the District's funds are classified as governmental funds.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the District are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid.

The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance.

The following is the District's major governmental fund:

General fund - The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Other governmental funds of the District are used to account for (a) financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets, (b) specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to an expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects and (c) financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

C. Basis of Presentation and Measurement Focus

Government-Wide Financial Statements - The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the governmental activities of the District. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include amounts paid by the recipient of goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District.

**OREGON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
LUCAS COUNTY, OHIO**

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows associated with the operation of the District are included on the statement of net position.

Fund Financial Statements - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column, and all nonmajor funds are aggregated into one column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and deferred outflows and current liabilities and deferred inflows generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Custodial funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus, in which all assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources are reported.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, payments in lieu of taxes (PILOTs), grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 6).

Revenues from PILOTs, grants, entitlements and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, student fees and rentals.

**OREGON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
LUCAS COUNTY, OHIO**

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources - In addition to assets, the government-wide statement of net position will report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. See Note 14 and Note 15 for deferred outflows of resources related the District's net pension liability and net OPEB liability/asset. In addition, deferred outflows of resources include a deferred charge on debt refunding. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

In addition to liabilities, both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. For the District, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes, payments in lieu of taxes and unavailable revenue. Property taxes and payments in lieu of taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2021, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2022 operations. These amounts have been recorded as a deferred inflow of resources on both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental funds balance sheet, and represents receivables which will not be collected within the available period. For the District unavailable revenue includes, but is not limited to, delinquent property taxes and intergovernmental grants. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available.

See Note 14 and Note 15 for deferred inflows of resources related to the District's net pension liability and net OPEB liability/asset. This deferred inflow of resources is only reported on the government-wide statement of net position.

Expenses/Expenditures - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The entitlement value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances as an expenditure with a like amount reported as intergovernmental revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

E. Budgetary Process

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriation resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources and the appropriations resolution are subject to amendment throughout the year with the legal restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources, as certified. All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The legal level of budgetary control is at the fund level for all funds. Any budgetary modifications at these levels may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education. Although the legal level of budgetary control was established at the fund level of expenditures, the District has elected to present budgetary statement comparisons at the fund and function level of expenditures.

**OREGON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
LUCAS COUNTY, OHIO**

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Tax Budget:

Prior to January 15, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing (or increased) tax rates. By no later than January 20, the Board-adopted budget is filed with Lucas County Budget Commission for rate determination. The Lucas County Budget Commission waived the tax budget filing requirement for fiscal year 2021.

Estimated Resources:

By April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the Budget Commission and receives the Commission's certificate of estimated resources, which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to July 1, the District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as the basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the certificate of estimated resources is amended to include any unencumbered cash balances from the preceding year. The certificate of estimated resources may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The amounts reported in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the original and final amended certificate of estimated resources issued during the fiscal year.

Appropriations:

Upon receipt from the County Auditor of an amended certificate of estimated resources based on final assessed values and tax rates or a certificate saying no new certificate of estimated resources is necessary, the annual appropriation resolution is enacted by the Board of Education. Prior to the passage of the annual appropriation measure, the Board may pass a temporary appropriation measure to meet the ordinary expenses of the District. The appropriation resolution, by fund, must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of expenditures may not exceed the appropriation totals at the fund legal level of control. Any revisions that alter appropriations at the fund level must be approved by the Board of Education.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated revenues. The amounts reported as the original budget amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior year. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the year.

F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through District records. Interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and investments".

During fiscal year 2021, investments included federal agency securities and negotiable certificates of deposit. Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value which is based on quoted market prices. Nonparticipating investment contracts, such as nonnegotiable certificates of deposits, are reported at cost.

Following Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. The District did not credit interest to any fund during fiscal year 2021 that was assigned from other District funds.

**OREGON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
LUCAS COUNTY, OHIO**

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Investments of the District’s cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months that were not purchased from the pool are reported as investments.

An analysis of the District’s investment account at year end is provided in Note 4.

G. Inventory

On government-wide financial statements, inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market and are expensed when used. On fund financial statements, inventories are valued at cost. Donated commodities are presented at their entitlement value. Inventories are accounted for using the purchase method on the fund financial statements and using the consumption method on the government-wide financial statements. Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption, donated food and purchased food.

H. Capital Assets

All of the District’s capital assets are general capital assets generally resulting from expenditures in governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column on the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported on the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost and updated for additions and reductions during the fiscal year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition value on the date donated. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. Improvements are capitalized. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset’s life are not capitalized.

All capital assets except land are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Governmental Activities Estimated Lives
Land/improvements	10 - 40 years
Buildings/improvements	30 - 100 years
Furniture/equipment	8 - 40 years
Vehicles	10 - 15 years
Infrastructure	50 years

I. Interfund Balances

On the fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as “interfund loans receivable/payable”. These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column on the statement of net position.

J. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences of the District consist of vacation leave and sick leave to the extent that payments to the employee for these absences are attributable to services already rendered and are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the District and the employee.

**OREGON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
LUCAS COUNTY, OHIO**

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences", a liability for vacation leave is accrued if a) the employees' rights to payment are attributable to services already rendered; and b) it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or other means, such as cash payment at termination or retirement. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination (severance) payments. A liability for sick leave is accrued using the vesting method; i.e., the liability is based on the sick leave accumulated at the balance sheet date by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination (severance) payments, as well as those employees expected to become eligible in the future. For purposes of establishing a liability for sick leave on employees expected to become eligible to retire in the future, all employees with at least ten years of service were considered expected to become eligible to retire in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16.

The total liability for vacation and sick leave payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at June 30, 2021 and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus any additional salary related payments.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental fund financial statements, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is the amount expected to be paid using expendable available resources. These amounts are recorded in the account "compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated unpaid leave are paid. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported.

K. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds and leases are recognized as a liability on the fund financial statements when due. Net pension/OPEB liability should be recognized in the governmental funds to the extent that benefit payments are due and payable and the pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is not sufficient for payment of those benefits.

L. Unamortized Bond Premium and Deferred Charges on Debt Refunding

On government-wide financial statements, bond premiums are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method. Bond premiums are presented as an addition to the face amount of the bonds. On the governmental fund financial statements, bond premiums are recognized in the current period. A reconciliation between the bonds face value and the amount reported on the statement of net position is presented in Note 10.

For advance refundings resulting in the defeasance of debt, the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt is deferred and amortized as a component of interest expense in the statement of activities. This amount is amortized over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter, and is presented as a deferred inflow or outflow of resources on the statement of net position.

**OREGON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
LUCAS COUNTY, OHIO**

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

M. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable - The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally required to be maintained intact. The “not in spendable form” criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

Restricted - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints are placed on the use of resources that are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the District Board of Education (the highest level of decision making authority). Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned - Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted nor committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by policies of the District Board of Education, which includes giving the Treasurer the authority to constrain monies for intended purposes.

Unassigned - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is only used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) fund balance is available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

N. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows. The net position component “net investment in capital assets,” consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets or related debt also should be included in this component of net position. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Net position restricted for other purposes primarily consists of restricted for student scholarships and miscellaneous grants.

**OREGON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
LUCAS COUNTY, OHIO**

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

O. Prepayments

Certain payments to vendors reflect the costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the balance sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of the purchase and the expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

P. Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Q. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the basic financial statements.

R. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. The District had no extraordinary or special items during fiscal year 2021.

S. Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability, net OPEB asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related pensions/OPEB, and pension/OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

T. Fair Value

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

**OREGON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
LUCAS COUNTY, OHIO**

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2021, the District has applied GASB Statement No. 95, "*Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance*." GASB Statement No. 95 provides temporary relief to governments and other stakeholders in light of the COVID-19 pandemic. This objective is accomplished by postponing the effective dates of certain provisions in Statements and Implementation Guides that first became effective or are scheduled to become effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2018, and later.

Certain provisions contained in the following pronouncements were scheduled to be implemented for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. Due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 95, the effective dates of certain provisions contained in these pronouncements are postponed until the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022:

- Statement No. 87, *Leases*
- Implementation Guide No. 2019-3, *Leases*
- Statement No. 89, *Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period*
- Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020*
- Statement No. 93, *Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates*

B. Deficit Fund Balances

Fund balances at June 30, 2021 included the following individual fund deficits:

<u>Nonmajor funds</u>	<u>Deficit</u>
Oregon CSD Foundation	\$ 3,693
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief	377,498
Coronavirus Relief	23,569
IDEA Part B	117,658
Vocational Education	26,793
Miscellaneous Federal Grants	4,317

The general fund is liable for any deficit in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. The deficit fund balances resulted from adjustments for accrued liabilities.

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Monies held by the District are classified by State statute into three categories.

Active monies are public monies determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the District treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories.

Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts, including passbook accounts.

**OREGON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
LUCAS COUNTY, OHIO**

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

1. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligation or security issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, and Government National Mortgage Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the fair value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio, and with certain limitations including a requirement for maturity within ten years from the date of settlement, bonds and other obligations of political subdivisions of the State of Ohio, if training requirements have been met;
5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
7. The State Treasurer's investment pool, the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio); and,
8. Certain banker's acceptance for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days) and commercial paper notes (for a period not to exceed two hundred seventy days) in an amount not to exceed 40 percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time if training requirements have been met.

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by the financial institutions participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledge to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. Except as noted above, an investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

A. Cash on Hand

At fiscal year end, the District had \$11,400 in undeposited cash on hand, which is included on the financial statements of the District as part of "equity in pooled cash and investments".

**OREGON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
LUCAS COUNTY, OHIO**

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

B. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2021, the carrying amount of all District deposits was \$16,906,026 and the bank balance of all District deposits was \$17,583,992. Of the bank balance, \$516,911 was covered by the FDIC and \$17,067,081 was potentially exposed to custodial credit risk as discussed below because those deposits were uninsured and could be uncollateralized. Although all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with Federal requirements could potentially subject the District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. The District has no deposit policy for custodial risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits either be insured or protected by: (1) eligible securities pledged to the District and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose fair value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured; or (2) participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total fair value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of State. For 2021, the District's financial institutions were approved for a reduced collateral rate of 60 percent through the OPCS.

C. Investments

As of June 30, 2021, the District had the following investments:

<u>Investment type</u>	<u>Fair value</u>	<u>Investment maturities</u>				
		<u>6 months or less</u>	<u>7 to 12 months</u>	<u>13 to 18 months</u>	<u>19 to 24 months</u>	<u>Greater than 24 months</u>
FFCB	\$ 567,912	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 567,912
FHLB	2,402,490	-	-	-	-	2,402,490
FHLMC	99,869	-	-	-	-	99,869
Negotiable CDs	<u>9,672,870</u>	<u>993,808</u>	<u>2,107,096</u>	<u>2,585,062</u>	<u>622,367</u>	<u>3,364,537</u>
Total	<u>\$ 12,743,141</u>	<u>\$ 993,808</u>	<u>\$ 2,107,096</u>	<u>\$ 2,585,062</u>	<u>\$ 622,367</u>	<u>\$ 6,434,808</u>

The weighted average maturity of investments is 1.89 years.

The District's investments are valued using market-corroborated inputs other than quoted market prices (Level 2 inputs).

Interest Rate Risk: Interest rate risk arises as potential purchasers of debt securities will not agree to pay face value for those securities if interest rates subsequently increase. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to State law, the District's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

Credit Risk: The District's investments in federal agency securities (FFCB, FHLB and FHLMC) were rated AA+ and Aaa by Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investor Services, respectively. The negotiable CDs were not rated. The District's investment policy does not specifically address credit risk beyond the adherence to all relevant sections of the Ohio Revised Code.

**OREGON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
LUCAS COUNTY, OHIO**

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The negotiable CDs are fully insured by the FDIC. The federal agency securities are exposed to custodial credit risk in that they are uninsured, unregistered and held by the counterparty's trust department or agent, but not in the District's name. The District has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The District places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer. The following table indicates the percentage of investments to the District's total portfolio:

<u>Investment type</u>	<u>Fair value</u>	<u>% of total</u>
FFCB	\$ 567,912	4.46
FHLB	2,402,490	18.85
FHLMC	99,869	0.78
Negotiable CDs	<u>9,672,870</u>	<u>75.91</u>
Total	<u>\$ 12,743,141</u>	<u>100.00</u>

D. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Position

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the note above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net position as of June 30, 2021:

<u>Cash and investments per note</u>	
Carrying amount of deposits	\$ 16,906,026
Investments	12,743,141
Cash on hand	<u>11,400</u>
Total	<u>\$ 29,660,567</u>
 <u>Cash and investments per financial statements</u>	
Governmental activities	<u>\$ 29,660,567</u>

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

- A. Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2021 consisted of the following as reported on the fund financial statements:

<u>Transfers from</u>	<u>Transfers to</u>	<u>Amount</u>
General fund	Nonmajor governmental funds	\$ 254,924
Nonmajor governmental funds	Nonmajor governmental funds	<u>72,072</u>
Total		<u>\$ 326,996</u>

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget required to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and to use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations. Transfers between governmental funds are eliminated in the statement of activities.

**OREGON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
LUCAS COUNTY, OHIO**

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS - (Continued)

B. Interfund balances at June 30, 2021 as reported on the fund statements, consist of the following individual interfund loans receivable and payable:

<u>Receivable fund</u>	<u>Payable funds</u>	<u>Amount</u>
General fund	Nonmajor governmental funds	<u>\$ 1,011,955</u>

The primary purpose of the interfund balances is to cover costs in specific funds where revenues were not received by June 30. These interfund balances will be repaid once the anticipated revenues are received. All interfund balances are expected to be repaid within one year. Interfund balances between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements; therefore, no internal balances at June 30, 2021 are reported on the statement of net position.

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property and public utility property. Real property tax revenues received in calendar year 2021 represent the collection of calendar year 2020 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2021 were levied after April 1, 2020, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2020, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised fair value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established. Public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2021 represent the collection of calendar year 2020 taxes. Public utility real and personal property taxes received in calendar year 2021 became a lien on December 31, 2019, were levied after April 1, 2020, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The District receives property taxes from Lucas County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2021, are available to finance fiscal year 2021 operations. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2021 was \$1,093,504 in the general fund, and \$98,696 and \$44,840 in the bond retirement fund and permanent improvement fund, respectively (both nonmajor governmental funds). This amount is recorded as revenue. The amount available for advance at June 30, 2020 was \$764,325 in the general fund, and \$75,115 and \$32,157 in the bond retirement fund and permanent improvement fund, respectively (both nonmajor governmental funds). The amount of second-half real property taxes available for advance at fiscal year-end can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and delinquent tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2021 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred inflows.

On the accrual basis of accounting, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis of accounting the revenue has been reported as a deferred inflow.

**OREGON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
LUCAS COUNTY, OHIO**

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2021 taxes were collected are:

	2020 Second Half Collections		2021 First Half Collections	
	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Percent</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Percent</u>
Agricultural/residential and other real estate	\$ 513,322,260	90.24	\$ 521,601,230	89.49
Public utility personal	<u>55,531,480</u>	<u>9.76</u>	<u>61,265,150</u>	<u>10.51</u>
Total	<u>\$ 568,853,740</u>	<u>100.00</u>	<u>\$ 582,866,380</u>	<u>100.00</u>
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$ 69.30		\$ 69.10	

NOTE 7 - PAYMENT IN LIEU OF TAXES

According to State law, the District has entered into agreements with a number of property owners, and the property owners have agreed to make payments to the District which reflect all or a portion of the property taxes which the property owners would have paid if their taxes had not been abated. The payment is received annually for the amount of estimated taxes that would have been due in that fiscal year. The agreements are for ten to fifteen year periods. The property owners contractually promise to make these payments in lieu of taxes until the agreement expires.

NOTE 8 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2021 consisted of property taxes, payment in lieu of taxes, accounts (billings for user charged services and student fees), intergovernmental grants and entitlements, and accrued interest. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs and the current year guarantee of federal funds. Receivables have been disaggregated on the face of the basic financial statements. All receivables are expected to be collected within the subsequent year.

**OREGON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
LUCAS COUNTY, OHIO**

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 9 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, was as follows:

	<u>Balance</u> <u>06/30/20</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Disposals</u>	<u>Balance</u> <u>06/30/21</u>
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 490,206	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 490,206
Construction in progress	98,440	37,790	(136,230)	-
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	<u>588,646</u>	<u>37,790</u>	<u>(136,230)</u>	<u>490,206</u>
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Land improvements	847,485	-	-	847,485
Buildings and improvements	63,665,777	136,230	-	63,802,007
Furniture and equipment	4,775,873	26,408	(20,023)	4,782,258
Vehicles	3,414,618	258,195	(184,809)	3,488,004
Infrastructure	489,242	-	-	489,242
Total capital assets, being depreciated	<u>73,192,995</u>	<u>420,833</u>	<u>(204,832)</u>	<u>73,408,996</u>
<i>Less: accumulated depreciation:</i>				
Land improvements	(754,266)	(17,808)	-	(772,074)
Buildings and improvements	(19,131,665)	(1,212,006)	-	(20,343,671)
Furniture and equipment	(3,279,596)	(200,129)	11,743	(3,467,982)
Vehicles	(2,012,635)	(175,932)	183,146	(2,005,421)
Infrastructure	(136,673)	(13,183)	-	(149,856)
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>(25,314,835)</u>	<u>(1,619,058)</u>	<u>194,889</u>	<u>(26,739,004)</u>
Governmental activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 48,466,806</u>	<u>\$ (1,160,435)</u>	<u>\$ (146,173)</u>	<u>\$ 47,160,198</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

<u>Instruction:</u>	
Regular	\$ 681,686
Special	145,483
Vocational	110,222
<u>Support services:</u>	
Pupil	52,865
Instructional staff	74,909
Administration	106,406
Fiscal	9,586
Business	4,726
Operations and maintenance	142,478
Pupil transportation	199,591
Food service operations	33,782
Extracurricular activities	<u>57,324</u>
Total depreciation expense	<u>\$ 1,619,058</u>

**OREGON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
LUCAS COUNTY, OHIO**

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The District's long-term obligations activity during fiscal year 2021 consisted of the following:

	<u>Balance</u> <u>06/30/20</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Reductions</u>	<u>Balance</u> <u>06/30/21</u>	<u>Amounts</u> <u>Due in</u> <u>One Year</u>
Governmental activities:					
<u>General obligation bonds:</u>					
2013 School improvement refunding					
Serial bonds, 1 - 4%	\$ 22,450,000	\$ -	\$ (22,450,000)	\$ -	\$ -
Capital appreciation bonds	1,444,971	-	(564,035)	880,936	477,940
Accretion on capital appreciation bonds	3,406,302	677,701	(1,465,965)	2,618,038	1,420,366
2021 School improvement refunding					
Serial bonds, 2.917%	-	22,450,000	-	22,450,000	280,000
Total general obligation bonds	<u>27,301,273</u>	<u>23,127,701</u>	<u>(24,480,000)</u>	<u>25,948,974</u>	<u>2,178,306</u>
<u>Energy conservation bonds:</u>					
2012 energy conservation refunding					
Current interest bonds	510,000	-	(295,000)	215,000	215,000
Total energy conservation bonds	<u>510,000</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(295,000)</u>	<u>215,000</u>	<u>215,000</u>
<u>Other long-term obligations:</u>					
Compensated absences	7,303,687	955,759	(295,878)	7,963,568	224,230
Net pension liability	48,214,130	5,626,850	-	53,840,980	-
Net OPEB liability	4,413,939	-	(641,421)	3,772,518	-
Total other long-term obligations	<u>59,931,756</u>	<u>6,582,609</u>	<u>(937,299)</u>	<u>65,577,066</u>	<u>224,230</u>
Total governmental activities long-term liabilities	<u>\$ 87,743,029</u>	<u>\$ 29,710,310</u>	<u>\$ (25,712,299)</u>	91,741,040	<u>\$ 2,617,536</u>
			Unamortized premium on bonds	1,588,952	
			Total on statement of net position	<u>\$ 93,329,992</u>	

Compensated absences, net pension liability, and net OPEB liability will be paid from the general fund and the following nonmajor governmental funds: food service, Title VI-B and Title I.

Series 2013 School Improvement Refunding Bonds: - On April 18, 2013, the District issued \$33,959,971 in voted general obligation bonds to advance refund the callable portion of the 2005 school improvement bonds. The bond issue included serial bonds in the amount of \$32,515,000, and capital appreciation bonds, par value \$1,444,971. The callable serial bonds were refunded during fiscal year 2021.

The issuance proceeds of \$38,291,434 were used to purchase securities which were placed in an irrevocable trust to provide resources for all future debt service payments on the refunded debt. This refunded debt is considered defeased (in substance) and accordingly has been removed from the statement of net position.

The capital appreciation refunding bonds are not subject to redemption prior to maturity. The capital appreciation bonds mature on December 1, 2020, 2021 and 2022 at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal, plus accrued interest to the redemption date. The accreted value at maturity for the bonds is \$6,095,000. For fiscal year 2021, \$2,618,038 was accreted on the capital appreciation bonds for a total outstanding bond value of \$3,498,974 at fiscal year-end.

**OREGON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
LUCAS COUNTY, OHIO**

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

Series 2021 School Improvement Refunding Bonds: - On February 25, 2021, the District issued \$22,450,000 in voted general obligation bonds to advance refund the callable serial bonds from the series 2013 school improvement bonds. The bond issue included serial bonds in the amount of \$22,450,000 which carry an interest rate of 2.917%. The bonds are being retired through the bond retirement fund, a nonmajor governmental fund, with a final maturity of December 1, 2032.

The issuance proceeds of \$23,980,528 were used to purchase securities which were placed in an irrevocable trust to provide resources for all future debt service payments on the refunded debt. This refunded debt is considered defeased (in substance) and accordingly has been removed from the statement of net position.

The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$1,012,918. This amount is amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt, which is equal to the life of the new debt issued, and is reported as a deferred outflow of resources on the statement of net position.

Principal and interest requirements to retire the general obligation bonds outstanding at June 30, 2021, are as follows:

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	<u>Serial Bonds</u>			<u>Capital Appreciation Bonds</u>		
	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2022	\$ 280,000	\$ 650,783	\$ 930,783	\$ 477,940	\$ 1,557,060	\$ 2,035,000
2023	9,000	646,568	655,568	402,996	1,627,004	2,030,000
2024	1,930,000	618,287	2,548,287	-	-	-
2025	1,988,000	561,143	2,549,143	-	-	-
2026	2,045,000	502,322	2,547,322	-	-	-
2027 - 2031	11,226,000	1,564,183	12,790,183	-	-	-
2032 - 2033	4,972,000	146,142	5,118,142	-	-	-
Total	<u>\$ 22,450,000</u>	<u>\$ 4,689,428</u>	<u>\$ 27,139,428</u>	<u>\$ 880,936</u>	<u>\$ 3,184,064</u>	<u>\$ 4,065,000</u>

Energy Conservation Refunding Bonds FY 2012: - On May 23, 2012, the District issued \$2,500,341 in energy conservation refunding bonds to currently refund the outstanding energy conservation bonds from the prior issue.

At June 30, 2021, the issue is comprised of current interest bonds, par value \$215,000.

Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year, beginning December 1, 2012. The bonds are being retired by the general fund. The final maturity stated in the issue is December 1, 2021.

Principal and interest requirements to retire the energy conservation refunding bonds outstanding at June 30, 2021, are as follows:

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	<u>Current Interest Bonds</u>		
	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2022	215,000	2,150	217,150
Total	<u>\$ 215,000</u>	<u>\$ 2,150</u>	<u>\$ 217,150</u>

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LUCAS COUNTY, OHIO**

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

Legal Debt Margin

The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the District shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the District. The code further provides that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The code additionally states that unvoted indebtedness related to energy conservation debt shall not exceed 9/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The assessed valuation used in determining the District's legal debt margin has been modified by House Bill 530 which became effective March 30, 2006. In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in the District's legal debt margin calculation excluded tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property, and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations. The effects of these debt limitations at June 30, 2021, are a voted debt margin of \$31,227,570 (including available funds of \$2,100,532) and an unvoted debt margin of \$582,866.

NOTE 11 - OPERATING LEASE - LESSEE DISCLOSURE

On December 6, 2011, the District entered into a lease agreement, under which the District makes monthly payments in exchange for the use of three wind turbines which were constructed on the District's property. The monthly payments of \$32,100 are due on the 15th of each month, beginning September 15, 2012. The term of the lease is 15 years, with a final payment date of November 15, 2026. Payments on the lease are made from the general fund. The following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments required under the lease agreement.

<u>Fiscal Year Ending June 30,</u>	<u>Amount</u>
2022	\$ 385,200
2023	385,200
2024	385,200
2025	385,200
2026	385,200
2027	<u>160,500</u>
Total future payments	<u>\$ 2,086,500</u>

NOTE 12 - OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

A. Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees earn ten to twenty-five days of vacation per year, depending upon length of service. Accumulated unused vacation time is paid to classified employees and administrators upon termination of employment. Teachers do not earn vacation time.

Teachers, administrators, and classified employees earn sick leave at a rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated to an unlimited amount. Upon retirement, payment is made for one-half of their accrued, but unused sick leave credit to a maximum of one hundred fifty days for certified and classified employees hired prior to August 1, 2010. For employees hired after August 1, 2010, payment is made for one-half of the unused sick leave days to a maximum of 75 days for certified employees and 100 days for classified employees. Year-round administrative employees, such as the superintendent and treasurer, will receive one hundred fifty days of severance pay or one-half of unused sick leave to a maximum of one hundred seventy days. Other administrative employees will receive one hundred forty-five days of severance pay or one-half of unused sick leave to a maximum of one hundred sixty-five days.

B. Health Care Benefits

The District offers employee life, medical, dental and vision benefits through Aetna.

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 13 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2021, the District contracted for the following insurance coverage:

Coverage provided by Great American Insurance Company is as follows:

General School District Liability:	
Per occurrence	\$ 1,000,000
Aggregate	3,000,000
Automobile Liability	1,000,000
Building and Contents	50,000,000
Umbrella Liability	10,000,000

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years, and there has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the prior fiscal year.

For fiscal year 2021, the District participated in the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council (EPC), an insurance purchasing pool (See Note 2). Through the EPC, the District obtained the insurance coverage listed above.

Workers' compensation coverage is provided by the State of Ohio. The District pays the State Workers' Compensation System a premium based on a rate per \$100 of salaries. This rate is calculated based on accident history and administrative costs.

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

The statewide retirement systems provide both pension benefits and other postemployment benefits (OPEB).

Net Pension Liability/Net OPEB Liability/Asset

Pensions and OPEB are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions/OPEB are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period.

The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) represent the District's proportionate share of each pension/OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting these estimates annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions/OPEB are financed; however, the District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension and OPEB.

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LUCAS COUNTY, OHIO**

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

GASB 68/75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires funding to come from these employers. All pension contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes pension costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits. In addition, health care plan enrollees pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. State statute requires the retirement systems to amortize unfunded pension liabilities within 30 years. If the pension amortization period exceeds 30 years, each retirement system’s board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension/OPEB liability (asset). Resulting adjustments to the net pension/OPEB liability (asset) would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients.

The remainder of this note includes the required pension disclosures. See Note 15 for the required OPEB disclosures.

The proportionate share of each plan’s unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net pension/OPEB liability (asset)* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in pension obligation payable on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description - The District’s non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS’ fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to Retire on or before August 1, 2017 *	Eligible to Retire after August 1, 2017
Full benefits	Age 65 with 5 years of services credit; or Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially reduced benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit; or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

* Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017 will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service; 2.2% for the first thirty years of service and 2.5% for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

Effective January 1, 2018, SERS cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) changed from a fixed 3% annual increase to one based on the Consumer Price Index (CPI-W) with a cap of 2.5% and a floor of 0%. SERS also has the authority to award or suspend the COLA, or to adjust the COLA above or below CPI-W. SERS suspended the COLA increases for 2018, 2019 and 2020 for current retirees, and confirmed their intent to implement a four-year waiting period for the start of a COLA for future retirees. For 2021, the COLA was 0.5%.

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10% of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute 14% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10% for plan members and 14% for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 14.0%.

The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$826,416 for fiscal year 2021. Of this amount, \$38,545 is reported as a liability.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description - Licensed teachers participate in STRS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS website at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans: a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined (CO) Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307. The DB Plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation will be 2.2% of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. Effective July 1, 2017, the cost-of-living adjustment was reduced to zero. Members are eligible to retire at age 60 with five years of qualifying service credit, or age 55 with 28 years of service, or 33 years of service regardless of age. Eligibility changes will be phased in until August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five years of service credit and age 65, or 35 years of service credit and at least age 60.

The DC Plan allows members to place all of their member contributions and 9.53% of the 14% employer contributions into an investment account. Investment allocation decisions are determined by the member. The remaining 4.47% of the 14% employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, 12% of the 14% member rate goes to the DC Plan and the remaining 2% is applied to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity after termination of employment at age 50 and after termination of employment.

New members who choose the DC Plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. New members on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit to apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy - Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. For fiscal year 2021, plan members were required to contribute 14% of their annual covered salary. The District was required to contribute 14%; the entire 14% was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The fiscal year 2021 contribution rates were equal to the statutory maximum rates.

The District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$3,037,887 for fiscal year 2021. Of this amount, \$527,000 is reported as a liability.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities.

Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	<u>SERS</u>	<u>STRS</u>	<u>Total</u>
Proportion of the net pension liability prior measurement date	0.17342520%	0.17110027%	
Proportion of the net pension liability current measurement date	<u>0.17304030%</u>	<u>0.17521473%</u>	
Change in proportionate share	<u>-0.00038490%</u>	<u>0.00411446%</u>	
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 11,445,250	\$ 42,395,730	\$ 53,840,980
Pension expense	\$ 1,313,363	\$ 4,998,455	\$ 6,311,818

**OREGON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

At June 30, 2021, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	<u>SERS</u>	<u>STRS</u>	<u>Total</u>
Deferred outflows of resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 22,231	\$ 95,127	\$ 117,358
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	726,539	2,061,708	2,788,247
Changes of assumptions	-	2,275,831	2,275,831
Difference between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions/ change in proportionate share	-	625,364	625,364
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>826,416</u>	<u>3,037,887</u>	<u>3,864,303</u>
Total deferred outflows of resources	<u>\$ 1,575,186</u>	<u>\$ 8,095,917</u>	<u>\$ 9,671,103</u>
	<u>SERS</u>	<u>STRS</u>	<u>Total</u>
Deferred inflows of resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ 271,090	\$ 271,090
Difference between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions/ change in proportionate share	<u>34,995</u>	<u>553,918</u>	<u>588,913</u>
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>\$ 34,995</u>	<u>\$ 825,008</u>	<u>\$ 860,003</u>

\$3,864,303 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	<u>SERS</u>	<u>STRS</u>	<u>Total</u>
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:			
2022	\$ (29,817)	\$ 1,303,147	\$ 1,273,330
2023	213,286	636,011	849,297
2024	302,835	1,201,260	1,504,095
2025	<u>227,471</u>	<u>1,092,604</u>	<u>1,320,075</u>
Total	<u>\$ 713,775</u>	<u>\$ 4,233,022</u>	<u>\$ 4,946,797</u>

**OREGON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2020, are presented below:

Wage inflation	3.00%
Future salary increases, including inflation	3.50% to 18.20%
COLA or ad hoc COLA	2.50%
Investment rate of return	7.50% net of investment expense, including inflation
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal (level percent of payroll)

For 2020, the mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five-year age set-back for both males and females. Mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries were based upon the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates. Mortality among disabled members was based upon the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2015.

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes.

**OREGON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
LUCAS COUNTY, OHIO**

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	2.00 %	1.85 %
US Equity	22.50	5.75
International Equity	22.50	6.50
Fixed Income	19.00	2.85
Private Equity	12.00	7.60
Real Assets	17.00	6.60
Multi-Asset Strategies	5.00	6.65
Total	<u>100.00 %</u>	

Discount Rate - The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.50%). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.50%), or one percentage point higher (8.50%) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 15,678,595	\$ 11,445,250	\$ 7,893,393

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2020, actuarial valuation are presented below:

	June 30, 2020
Inflation	2.50%
Projected salary increases	12.50% at age 20 to 2.50% at age 65
Investment rate of return	7.45%, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Payroll increases	3.00%
Cost-of-living adjustments (COLA)	0.00%

**OREGON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

For the June 30, 2020, actuarial valuation, post-retirement mortality rates for healthy retirees are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50% of rates through age 69, 70% of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90% of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100% of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90% of rates for males and 100% of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

STRS Ohio's investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Target Allocation</u>	<u>Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return *</u>
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	<u>100.00 %</u>	

**10-Year geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.45% as of June 30, 2020. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs of future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members, are not included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2020. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.45% was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2020.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.45%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.45%) or one-percentage-point higher (8.45%) than the current rate:

	<u>1% Decrease</u>	<u>Current Discount Rate</u>	<u>1% Increase</u>
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 60,364,139	\$ 42,395,730	\$ 27,169,000

**OREGON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS

Net OPEB Liability/Asset

See Note 14 for a description of the net OPEB liability (asset).

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Health Care Plan Description - The District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 75 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. SERS' Health Care Plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of most types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage. In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree, are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of 65 and therefore enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board established the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14% of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, SERS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2021, this amount was \$23,000. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2% of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5% of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2021, the District's surcharge obligation was \$112,861.

The surcharge added to the allocated portion of the 14% employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$112,861 for fiscal year 2021. This entire amount is reported as a liability.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued effective January 1, 2021. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

**OREGON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
LUCAS COUNTY, OHIO**

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Funding Policy – Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Nearly all health care plan enrollees, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14% of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.

OPEB Liabilities/Assets, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liability/asset was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total OPEB liability/asset used to calculate the net OPEB liability/asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability/asset was based on the District's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities.

Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

	<u>SERS</u>	<u>STRS</u>	<u>Total</u>
Proportion of the net OPEB liability/asset prior measurement date	0.17551920%	0.17110027%	
Proportion of the net OPEB liability/asset current measurement date	<u>0.17358260%</u>	<u>0.17521473%</u>	
Change in proportionate share	<u>-0.00193660%</u>	<u>0.00411446%</u>	
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 3,772,518	\$ -	\$ 3,772,518
Proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	\$ -	\$ 3,079,398	\$ 3,079,398
OPEB expense	\$ (4,949)	\$ (200,700)	\$ (205,649)

At June 30, 2021, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	<u>SERS</u>	<u>STRS</u>	<u>Total</u>
Deferred outflows of resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 49,548	\$ 197,313	\$ 246,861
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	42,507	107,923	150,430
Changes of assumptions	643,083	50,833	693,916
Difference between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions/ change in proportionate share	-	5,748	5,748
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>112,861</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>112,861</u>
Total deferred outflows of resources	<u>\$ 847,999</u>	<u>\$ 361,817</u>	<u>\$ 1,209,816</u>

**OREGON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

	<u>SERS</u>	<u>STRS</u>	<u>Total</u>
Deferred inflows of resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 1,918,589	\$ 613,374	\$ 2,531,963
Changes of assumptions	95,022	2,924,913	3,019,935
Difference between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions/ change in proportionate share	<u>218,694</u>	<u>72,105</u>	<u>290,799</u>
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>\$ 2,232,305</u>	<u>\$ 3,610,392</u>	<u>\$ 5,842,697</u>

\$112,861 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability/asset in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	<u>SERS</u>	<u>STRS</u>	<u>Total</u>
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:			
2022	\$ (306,674)	\$ (812,789)	\$ (1,119,463)
2023	(303,601)	(739,738)	(1,043,339)
2024	(304,097)	(714,118)	(1,018,215)
2025	(288,976)	(692,180)	(981,156)
2026	(216,651)	(141,904)	(358,555)
Thereafter	<u>(77,168)</u>	<u>(147,846)</u>	<u>(225,014)</u>
Total	<u>\$ (1,497,167)</u>	<u>\$ (3,248,575)</u>	<u>\$ (4,745,742)</u>

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

The total OPEB liability is determined by SERS' actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

**OREGON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
LUCAS COUNTY, OHIO**

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2020 are presented below:

Wage inflation	3.00%
Future salary increases, including inflation	3.50% to 18.20%
Investment rate of return	7.50% net of investment expense, including inflation
Municipal bond index rate:	
Measurement date	2.45%
Prior measurement date	3.13%
Single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation:	
Measurement date	2.63%
Prior measurement date	3.22%
Medical trend assumption:	
Measurement date	
Medicare	5.25 to 4.75%
Pre-Medicare	7.00 to 4.75%
Prior measurement date	
Medicare	5.25 to 4.75%
Pre-Medicare	7.00 to 4.75%

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and Scale BB, 120% of male rates and 110% of female rates. RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table with 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates set back five years.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the actuarial five-year experience study. The most recent study covers fiscal years 2010 through 2015, and was adopted by the Board on April 21, 2016. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return, 7.50%, by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

**OREGON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
LUCAS COUNTY, OHIO**

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as used in the June 30, 2015 five-year experience study, are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	2.00 %	1.85 %
US Equity	22.50	5.75
International Equity	22.50	6.50
Fixed Income	19.00	2.85
Private Equity	12.00	7.60
Real Assets	17.00	6.60
Multi-Asset Strategies	5.00	6.65
Total	<u>100.00 %</u>	

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2020 was 2.63%. The discount rate used to measure total OPEB liability prior to June 30, 2019 was 3.22%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and the System at the state statute contribution rate of 2.00% of projected covered employee payroll each year, which includes a 1.50% payroll surcharge and 0.50% of contributions from the basic benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make future benefit payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan assets was used to present value the projected benefit payments through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024 and the Fidelity General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index rate of 2.45%, as of June 30, 2020 (i.e. municipal bond rate), was used to present value the projected benefit payments for the remaining years in the projection. A municipal bond rate of 3.13% was used as of June 30, 2019. The total present value of projected benefit payments from all years was then used to determine the single rate of return that was used as the discount rate. The projection of future benefit payments for all current plan members was until the benefit payments ran out.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates - The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate. The following table presents the net OPEB liability of SERS, what SERS' net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (1.63%) and higher (3.63%) than the current discount rate (2.63%). Also shown is what SERS' net OPEB liability would be based on health care cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (6.00% decreasing to 3.75%) and higher (8.00% decreasing to 5.75%) than the current rate (7.00% decreasing to 4.75%).

	1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 4,617,468	\$ 3,772,518	\$ 3,100,784
	1% Decrease	Current Trend Rate	1% Increase
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 2,970,571	\$ 3,772,518	\$ 4,844,926

**OREGON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
LUCAS COUNTY, OHIO**

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June, 30, 2020, actuarial valuation, compared with June 30, 2019, are presented below:

	June 30, 2020		June 30, 2019	
	Initial	Ultimate	Initial	Ultimate
Inflation	2.50%		2.50%	
Projected salary increases	12.50% at age 20 to 2.50% at age 65		12.50% at age 20 to 2.50% at age 65	
Investment rate of return	7.45%, net of investment expenses, including inflation		7.45%, net of investment expenses, including inflation	
Payroll increases	3.00%		3.00%	
Cost-of-living adjustments (COLA)	0.00%		0.00%	
Discount rate of return	7.45%		7.45%	
Blended discount rate of return	N/A		N/A	
Health care cost trends				
Medical				
Pre-Medicare	5.00%	4.00%	5.87%	4.00%
Medicare	-6.69%	4.00%	4.93%	4.00%
Prescription Drug				
Pre-Medicare	6.50%	4.00%	7.73%	4.00%
Medicare	11.87%	4.00%	9.62%	4.00%

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

For healthy retirees the mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50% of rates through age 69, 70% of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90% of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100% of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90% of rates for males and 100% of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

Assumption Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date - There were no changes in assumptions since the prior measurement date of June 30, 2019.

Benefit Term Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date - There was no change to the claims costs process. Claim curves were updated to reflect the projected fiscal year end 2021 premium based on June 30, 2020 enrollment distribution. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2021 from 1.984% to 2.055% per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2021. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1% for the AMA Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.

**OREGON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
LUCAS COUNTY, OHIO**

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return *
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	<u>100.00 %</u>	

**10-Year geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB asset was 7.45% as of June 30, 2020. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes STRS Ohio continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on health care plan investments of 7.45% was used to measure the total OPEB asset as of June 30, 2020.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount and Health Care Cost Trend Rate - The following table represents the net OPEB asset as of June 30, 2020, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.45%, as well as what the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.45%) or one percentage point higher (8.45%) than the current assumption. Also shown is the net OPEB asset as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates.

	1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	\$ 2,679,275	\$ 3,079,398	\$ 3,418,884

	1% Decrease	Current Trend Rate	1% Increase
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	\$ 3,397,811	\$ 3,079,398	\$ 2,691,519

NOTE 16 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

**OREGON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
LUCAS COUNTY, OHIO**

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 16 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING - (Continued)

The statement of revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balance - budget and actual (non-GAAP budgetary basis) presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (a) Revenues and other financing sources are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures and other financing uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the application, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to assigned or committed fund balance for that portion of outstanding encumbrances not already recognized as an account payable (GAAP basis);
- (d) Investments are reported at fair value (GAAP basis) as opposed to cost (budget basis);
- (e) Advances-in and advances-out are operating transactions (budget basis) as opposed to balance sheet transactions (GAAP basis); and,
- (f) Some funds are included in the general fund (GAAP basis), but have separate legally adopted budgets (budget basis).

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis for the general fund is as follows:

Net Change in Fund Balance

	<u>General fund</u>
Budget basis	\$ 447,857
Net adjustment for revenue accruals	(76,631)
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals	361,760
Net adjustment for other sources/uses	100,947
Funds budgeted elsewhere	(55,616)
Adjustment for encumbrances	<u>1,111,014</u>
GAAP basis	<u>\$ 1,889,331</u>

Certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate special revenue funds are considered part of the general fund on a GAAP basis. This includes the special trust fund, special rotary fund, public school support fund, technology insurance fund, termination benefits fund and employee benefits self-insurance fund.

NOTE 17 - SET-ASIDES

The District is required by State law to annually set-aside certain general fund revenue amounts, as defined by statutory formula, for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at fiscal year-end. This amount must be carried forward to be used for the same purpose in future years. Expenditures exceeding the set-aside requirement may not be carried forward to the next fiscal year.

**OREGON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
LUCAS COUNTY, OHIO**

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 17 - SET-ASIDES - (Continued)

The following cash-basis information describes the change in the fiscal year-end set-aside amount for capital improvements. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	<u>Capital Improvements</u>
Set-aside balance June 30, 2020	\$ -
Current year set-aside requirement	633,070
Current year offsets	<u>(1,087,144)</u>
Total	<u>\$ (454,074)</u>
Balance carried forward to fiscal year 2022	<u>\$ -</u>
Set-aside balance June 30, 2021	<u>\$ -</u>

NOTE 18 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District received financial assistance from federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds. However, the effect of any such disallowed claims on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2021, if applicable, cannot be determined at this time.

B. Litigation

The District is a party to legal proceedings seeking damages or injunctive relief generally incidental to its operations and spending projects. The District management is of the opinion that disposition of the claim and legal proceedings will not have a material effect, if any, on the financial condition of the District.

NOTE 19 - OTHER COMMITMENTS

The District utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year end may be reported as part of restricted, committed, or assigned classifications of fund balance. At year end, the District's commitments for encumbrances in the governmental funds were as follows:

<u>Fund</u>	<u>Year-End Encumbrances</u>
General fund	\$ 857,097
Nonmajor governmental funds	<u>1,153,534</u>
Total	<u>\$ 2,010,631</u>

**OREGON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
LUCAS COUNTY, OHIO**

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 20 - TAX ABATEMENTS ENTERED INTO BY OTHER GOVERNMENTS

The Cities of Oregon and Toledo provide tax abatements through Community Reinvestment Area and Enterprise Zone agreements. Under the agreements, various businesses receive the abatement of property taxes in exchange for bringing jobs and economic development to the City. The agreements affect the property tax receipts collected and distributed to the District. Under the agreements, the District's property taxes were reduced by \$506,893 during fiscal year 2021.

NOTE 21 - COVID-19

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March of 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the District. The District's investment portfolio and the pension and other employee benefits plan in which the District participate fluctuates with market conditions, and due to market volatility, the amount of gains or losses that will be realized in subsequent periods, if any, cannot be determined. In addition, the impact on the District's future operating costs, revenues, and additional recovery from emergency funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated.

NOTE 22 - SUBSEQUENT EVENT

For fiscal year 2022, District foundation funding received from the State of Ohio will be funded using a direct funding model. Under this new model, community school, STEM school, scholarship, and open enrollment funding will be directly funded by the State of Ohio to the respective educating schools. For fiscal year 2021 and prior, the amounts related to students who were residents of the District were funded to the District who, in turn, made the payment to the educating school. For fiscal year 2021, the District reported \$1,384,861 in revenues and expenditures/expenses related to these programs. Also, during fiscal year 2021, the District reported \$1,678,338 in tuition and fees from the resident school districts which will be direct funded to the District as the educating entity in fiscal year 2022. This new funding system calculates a unique base cost and a unique "per-pupil local capacity amount" for each District. The District's state core foundation funding is then calculated. Any change in funding will be subject to a phase in percentage of 16.67 percent for fiscal year 2022 and 33.33 percent for fiscal year 2023.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

**OREGON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
LUCAS COUNTY, OHIO**

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF
THE NET PENSION LIABILITY
SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.17304030%	0.17342520%	0.17519750%	0.17761940%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 11,445,250	\$ 10,376,334	\$ 10,033,885	\$ 10,612,367
District's covered payroll	\$ 6,051,350	\$ 5,970,844	\$ 5,868,185	\$ 5,748,293
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	189.14%	173.78%	170.99%	184.62%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	68.55%	70.85%	71.36%	69.50%

Note: Information prior to 2014 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the District's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

2017	2016	2015	2014
0.17234630%	0.17290690%	0.17089100%	0.17089100%
\$ 12,614,159	\$ 9,866,235	\$ 8,648,696	\$ 10,162,339
\$ 5,342,779	\$ 5,205,402	\$ 4,965,750	\$ 4,571,264
236.10%	189.54%	174.17%	222.31%
62.98%	69.16%	71.70%	65.52%

**OREGON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
LUCAS COUNTY, OHIO**

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF
THE NET PENSION LIABILITY
STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.17521473%	0.17110027%	0.17360075%	0.17535957%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 42,395,730	\$ 37,837,796	\$ 38,170,907	\$ 41,657,042
District's covered payroll	\$ 21,409,879	\$ 19,885,321	\$ 20,263,564	\$ 18,962,636
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	198.02%	190.28%	188.37%	219.68%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	75.48%	77.40%	77.31%	75.30%

Note: Information prior to 2014 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the District's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

2017	2016	2015	2014
0.17615867%	0.18096032%	0.17897586%	0.17897586%
\$ 58,965,617	\$ 50,012,139	\$ 43,533,121	\$ 51,856,371
\$ 18,863,221	\$ 19,166,979	\$ 18,286,385	\$ 18,491,515
312.60%	260.93%	238.06%	280.43%
66.80%	72.10%	74.70%	69.30%

**OREGON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
LUCAS COUNTY, OHIO**

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS
SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Contractually required contribution	\$ 826,416	\$ 847,189	\$ 806,064	\$ 792,205
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	<u>(826,416)</u>	<u>(847,189)</u>	<u>(806,064)</u>	<u>(792,205)</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
District's covered payroll	\$ 5,902,971	\$ 6,051,350	\$ 5,970,844	\$ 5,868,185
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	14.00%	14.00%	13.50%	13.50%

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>
\$ 804,761	\$ 747,989	\$ 686,072	\$ 688,253	\$ 632,663	\$ 632,263
<u>(804,761)</u>	<u>(747,989)</u>	<u>(686,072)</u>	<u>(688,253)</u>	<u>(632,663)</u>	<u>(632,263)</u>
<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
\$ 5,748,293	\$ 5,342,779	\$ 5,205,402	\$ 4,965,750	\$ 4,571,264	\$ 4,700,840
14.00%	14.00%	13.18%	13.86%	13.84%	13.45%

**OREGON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
LUCAS COUNTY, OHIO**

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS
STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Contractually required contribution	\$ 3,037,887	\$ 2,997,383	\$ 2,783,945	\$ 2,836,899
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	<u>(3,037,887)</u>	<u>(2,997,383)</u>	<u>(2,783,945)</u>	<u>(2,836,899)</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
District's covered payroll	\$ 21,699,193	\$ 21,409,879	\$ 19,885,321	\$ 20,263,564
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>
\$ 2,654,769	\$ 2,640,851	\$ 2,683,377	\$ 2,377,230	\$ 2,403,897	\$ 2,503,083
<u>(2,654,769)</u>	<u>(2,640,851)</u>	<u>(2,683,377)</u>	<u>(2,377,230)</u>	<u>(2,403,897)</u>	<u>(2,503,083)</u>
<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
\$ 18,962,636	\$ 18,863,221	\$ 19,166,979	\$ 18,286,385	\$ 18,491,515	\$ 19,254,485
14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%

**OREGON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
LUCAS COUNTY, OHIO**

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF
THE NET OPEB LIABILITY
SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.17358260%	0.17551920%	0.17776380%	0.18005740%	0.17432618%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 3,772,518	\$ 4,413,939	\$ 4,931,648	\$ 4,832,268	\$ 4,968,941
District's covered payroll	\$ 6,051,350	\$ 5,970,844	\$ 5,868,185	\$ 5,748,293	\$ 5,342,779
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	62.34%	73.92%	84.04%	84.06%	93.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	18.17%	15.57%	13.57%	12.46%	11.49%

Note: Information prior to 2017 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the District's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

**OREGON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
LUCAS COUNTY, OHIO**

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF
THE NET OPEB LIABILITY/ASSET
STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability/asset	0.17521473%	0.17110027%	0.17360075%	0.17535957%	0.17615867%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability/asset	\$ (3,079,398)	\$ (2,833,831)	\$ (2,789,587)	\$ 6,841,883	\$ 9,421,011
District's covered payroll	\$ 21,409,879	\$ 19,885,321	\$ 20,263,564	\$ 18,962,636	\$ 18,863,221
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability/asset as a percentage of its covered payroll	14.38%	14.25%	13.77%	36.08%	49.94%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability/asset	182.10%	174.70%	176.00%	47.10%	37.30%

Note: Information prior to 2017 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the District's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

**OREGON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
LUCAS COUNTY, OHIO**

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS
SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Contractually required contribution	\$ 112,861	\$ 83,224	\$ 126,640	\$ 125,492
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	<u>(112,861)</u>	<u>(83,224)</u>	<u>(126,640)</u>	<u>(125,492)</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
District's covered payroll	\$ 5,902,971	\$ 6,051,350	\$ 5,970,844	\$ 5,868,185
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	1.91%	1.38%	2.12%	2.14%

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>
\$ 97,279	\$ 86,803	\$ 84,743	\$ 83,408	\$ 82,821	\$ 99,266
<u>(97,279)</u>	<u>(86,803)</u>	<u>(84,743)</u>	<u>(83,408)</u>	<u>(82,821)</u>	<u>(99,266)</u>
<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
\$ 5,748,293	\$ 5,342,779	\$ 5,205,402	\$ 4,965,750	\$ 4,571,264	\$ 4,700,840
1.69%	1.62%	1.63%	1.68%	1.81%	2.11%

**OREGON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
LUCAS COUNTY, OHIO**

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS
STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Contractually required contribution	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
District's covered payroll	\$ 21,699,193	\$ 21,409,879	\$ 19,885,321	\$ 20,263,564
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 188,483	\$ 184,915	\$ 192,545
-	-	-	(188,483)	(184,915)	(192,545)
<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
\$ 18,962,636	\$ 18,863,221	\$ 19,166,979	\$ 18,286,385	\$ 18,491,515	\$ 19,254,485
0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%

**OREGON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
LUCAS COUNTY, OHIO**

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

PENSION

SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal years 2014-2017. For fiscal year 2018, SERS changed from a fixed 3% annual increase to a Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) based on the changes in the Consumer Price Index (CPI-W), with a cap of 2.5% and a floor of 0%. There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts previously reported for fiscal years 2019-2021.

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal years 2014-2016. For fiscal year 2017, the following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%, (b) payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.50%, (c) assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75% to 0.50%, (d) rates of withdrawal, retirement and disability were updated to reflect recent experience, (e) mortality among active members was updated to RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females, (f) mortality among service retired members and beneficiaries was updated to the following RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates and 110% of female rates, (g) mortality among disabled members was updated to RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement and (h) the discount rate was reduced from 7.75% to 7.50%. There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal years 2018-2021.

STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal years 2014-2017. For fiscal year 2018, STRS decreased the Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) to zero. There were no changes in benefit terms from amounts previously reported for fiscal years 2019-2021.

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal years 2014-2017. For fiscal year 2018, the following changes of assumption affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the long-term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75% to 7.45%, (b) the inflation assumption was lowered from 2.75% to 2.50%, (c) the payroll growth assumption was lowered to 3.00%, (d) total salary increases rate was lowered by decreasing the merit component of the individual salary increases, in addition to a decrease of 0.25% due to lower inflation, (e) the healthy and disabled mortality assumptions were updated to the RP-2014 mortality tables with generational improvement scale MP-2016 and (f) rates of retirement, termination and disability were modified to better reflect anticipated future experience. There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal years 2019-2021.

OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts previously reported for fiscal years 2017-2021.

(Continued)

**OREGON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
LUCAS COUNTY, OHIO**

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (CONTINUED)
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2017. For fiscal year 2018, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%, (b) payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.50%, (c) assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75% to 0.50%, (d) rates of withdrawal, retirement, and disability were updated to reflect recent experience, (e) mortality among active members was updated to the following: RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five-year age set-back for both males and females, (f) mortality among service retired members and beneficiaries was updated to the following: RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates, (g) mortality among disabled members was updated to the following: RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement, (h) the municipal bond index rate increased from 2.92% to 3.56% and (i) the single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation increased from 2.98% to 3.63%. For fiscal year 2019, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate increased from 3.63% to 3.70%, (b) the health care cost trend rates for Medicare were changed from a range of 5.50%-5.00% to a range of 5.375%-4.75% and Pre-Medicare were changed from a range of 7.50%-5.00% to a range of 7.25%-4.75%, (c) the municipal bond index rate increased from 3.56% to 3.62% and (d) the single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation increased from 3.63% to 3.70%. For fiscal year 2020, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate decreased from 3.70% to 3.22%, (b) the health care cost trend rates for Medicare were changed from a range of 5.375%-4.75% to a range of 5.25%-4.75% and Pre-Medicare were changed from a range of 7.25%-4.75% to a range of 7.00%-4.75%, (c) the municipal bond index rate decreased from 3.62% to 3.13% and (d) the single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation decreased from 3.70% to 3.22%. For fiscal year 2021, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate decreased from 3.22% to 2.63% and (b) the municipal bond index rate decreased from 3.13% to 2.45%.

STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2017. For fiscal year 2018, STRS reduced the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients from 2.1% to 1.9% per year of service. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements were discontinued for certain survivors and beneficiaries and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 2019. For fiscal year 2019, STRS increased the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients from 1.9% to 1.944% per year of service effective January 1, 2019. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased January 1, 2019 and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 1, 2020. For fiscal year 2020, STRS increased the subsidy percentage from 1.944% to 1.984% effective January 1, 2020. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1% for the Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed to January 1, 2021. For fiscal year 2021, the non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2021 from 1.984% to 2.055% per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2021. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1% for the AMA Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2017. For fiscal year 2018, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was increased from 3.26% to 4.13% based on the methodology defined under GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB), (b) the long term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75% to 7.45%, (c) valuation year per capita health care costs were updated, and the salary scale was modified, (d) the percentage of future retirees electing each option was updated based on current data and the percentage of future disabled retirees and terminated vested participants electing health coverage were decreased and (e) the assumed mortality, disability, retirement, withdrawal and future health care cost trend rates were modified along with the portion of rebated prescription drug costs. For fiscal year 2019, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability/asset since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was increased from the blended rate of 4.13% to the long-term expected rate of return of 7.45% based on the methodology defined under GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB) and (b) decrease in health care cost trend rates from 6.00%-11.00% initial; 4.50% ultimate down to Medical Pre-Medicare 6.00% and Medicare 5.00% initial; 4.00% ultimate and Prescription Drug Pre-Medicare 8.00% and Medicare (5.23%) initial; 4.00% ultimate. For fiscal year 2020, health care cost trend rates were changed to the following: medical pre-Medicare from 6.00% initial - 4.00% ultimate down to 5.87% initial - 4.00% ultimate; medical Medicare from 5.00% initial - 4.00% ultimate down to 4.93% initial - 4.00% ultimate; prescription drug pre-Medicare from 8.00% initial - 4.00% ultimate down to 7.73% initial - 4.00% ultimate and (5.23%) initial - 4.00% ultimate up to 9.62% initial - 4.00% ultimate. For fiscal year 2021, health care cost trend rates were changed to the following: medical pre-Medicare from 5.87% initial - 4.00% ultimate down to 5.00% initial - 4.00% ultimate; medical Medicare from 4.93% initial - 4.00% ultimate down to 9.62% initial - 4.00% ultimate up to 11.87% initial - 4.00% ultimate.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

**OREGON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
LUCAS COUNTY, OHIO
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021**

FEDERAL GRANTOR/ PASS THROUGH GRANTOR/ PROGRAM/CLUSTER TITLE	ASSISTANCE LISTING NUMBER	PASS-THROUGH ENTITY IDENTIFYING NUMBER / ADDITIONAL AWARD IDENTIFICATION	TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			
<i>Passed Through the Ohio Department of Education</i>			
Child Nutrition Cluster:			
COVID-19 - School Breakfast Program	10.553	COVID-19, 2021	\$ 52,166
School Breakfast Program	10.553	2021	<u>253,130</u>
Total School Breakfast Program			<u>305,296</u>
COVID-19 - National School Lunch Program	10.555	COVID-19, 2021	60,674
National School Lunch Program	10.555	2021	757,435
National School Lunch Program - Food Donation	10.555	2021	<u>102,579</u>
Total National School Lunch Program			<u>920,688</u>
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture and Child Nutrition Cluster:			<u>1,225,984</u>
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY			
<i>Passed Through the Ohio Department of Education</i>			
COVID-19 - Coronavirus Relief Fund - Rural and Small Town School Districts	21.019	COVID-19, 2021	<u>190,798</u>
Total U.S. Department of Treasury			<u>190,798</u>
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			
<i>Passed Through the Ohio Department of Education</i>			
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	2020	1,748
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010A	84.010A, 2021	<u>549,900</u>
Total Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies			<u>551,648</u>
Special Education Cluster (IDEA):			
Special Education-Grants to States	84.027	2020	7,357
Special Education-Grants to States	84.027A	84.027A, 2021	878,193
Special Education-Grants to States - Restoration	84.027A	84.027A, 2021	<u>7,597</u>
Total Special Education-Grants to States and Special Education Cluster (IDEA)			<u>893,147</u>
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	2020	24,795
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048A	84.048A, 2021	<u>22,304</u>
Total Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States			<u>47,099</u>
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367A	84.367A, 2021	<u>121,447</u>
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424A	84.424A, 2021	<u>35,681</u>
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER I) Fund	84.425D	COVID-19, 84.425D, 2021	232,820
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER II) Fund	84.425D	COVID-19, 84.425D, 2022	<u>153,279</u>
Total Education Stabilization Fund (ESF)			<u>386,099</u>
Total U.S. Department of Education			<u>2,035,121</u>
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			<u>\$ 3,451,903</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

**OREGON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
LUCAS COUNTY, OHIO**

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS
2 CFR 200.510(b)(6)
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 1 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION & SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the Oregon City School District under programs of the federal government for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 and is prepared in accordance with the cash basis of accounting. The information on this Schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Oregon City School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, or changes in net position of the Oregon City School District. Such expenditures are recognized following cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be limited to as to reimbursement.

NOTE 2 – DE MINIMIS COST RATE

CFR Section 200.414 of the Uniform Guidance allows a non-federal entity that has never received a negotiated indirect cost rate to charge a de minimis rate of 10% of modified total direct costs to indirect costs. Oregon City School District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE 3 - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

The Oregon City School District commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the Oregon City School District assumes it expends federal monies first.

NOTE 4 – FOOD DONATION PROGRAM

The Oregon City School District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the entitlement value. The Oregon City School District allocated donated food commodities to the respective program that benefitted from the use of those donated food commodities.

NOTE 5 – PASS THROUGH FUNDS

The Oregon City School District was awarded federal program allocations to be administered on their behalf by area Educational Service Centers (ESC). For 2021, the allocations are as follows:

IDEA Early Childhood Special Education (ALN 84.173A; North Point ESC)	\$15,596
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**Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other
Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with
*Government Auditing Standards***

Oregon City School District
Lucas County
5721 Seaman Road
Oregon, Ohio 43616

To the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Oregon City School District, Lucas County, Ohio, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Oregon City School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 28, 2021, wherein we noted as described in Note 21 to the financial statements, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Oregon City School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Oregon City School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Oregon City School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Oregon City School District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Oregon City School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Oregon City School District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Oregon City School District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Julian & Grube, Inc.".

Julian & Grube, Inc.
December 28, 2021

**Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for the Major Program
and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance**

Oregon City School District
Lucas County
5721 Seaman Road
Oregon, Ohio 43616

To the Board of Education:

Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program

We have audited the Oregon City School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on the Oregon City School District's major federal program for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. The Oregon City School District's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for the Oregon City School District's major federal program based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Oregon City School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Oregon City School District's compliance.

Opinion on the Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Oregon City School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on the major federal program for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the Oregon City School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Oregon City School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on the major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for the major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Oregon City School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. *A material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. *A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.



Julian & Grube, Inc.
December 28, 2021

**OREGON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
LUCAS COUNTY, OHIO**

**SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS
2 CFR § 200.515
JUNE 30, 2021**

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS		
<i>(d)(1)(i)</i>	<i>Type of Financial Statement Opinion</i>	Unmodified
<i>(d)(1)(ii)</i>	<i>Were there any material control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?</i>	No
<i>(d)(1)(ii)</i>	<i>Were there any other significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?</i>	No
<i>(d)(1)(iii)</i>	<i>Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?</i>	No
<i>(d)(1)(iv)</i>	<i>Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?</i>	No
<i>(d)(1)(iv)</i>	<i>Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?</i>	No
<i>(d)(1)(v)</i>	<i>Type of Major Program's Compliance Opinion</i>	Unmodified
<i>(d)(1)(vi)</i>	<i>Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR §200.516(a)?</i>	No
<i>(d)(1)(vii)</i>	<i>Major Program (listed):</i>	Special Education Cluster (IDEA)
<i>(d)(1)(viii)</i>	<i>Dollar Threshold: Type A/B Programs</i>	Type A: > \$750,000 Type B: all others
<i>(d)(1)(ix)</i>	<i>Low Risk Auditee under 2 CFR § 200.520?</i>	Yes

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS
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None

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OHIO AUDITOR OF STATE KEITH FABER



OREGON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

LUCAS COUNTY

AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 3/1/2022

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215
Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370

This report is a matter of public record and is available online at
www.ohioauditor.gov