

REGULAR AUDIT

FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2021-2020



88 East Broad Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 IPAReport@ohioauditor.gov (800) 282-0370

Board of Education Vanlue Local School District 301 South East Street P. O. Box 250 Vanlue, Ohio 45890

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of Vanlue Local School District, Hancock County, prepared by BHM CPA Group, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 2020 through June 30, 2021. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. Vanlue Local School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

January 25, 2022

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VANLUE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

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VANLUE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Vanlue Local School District Hancock County 301 South East Street, P.O. Box 250 Vanlue, Ohio 45890-0250

Members of the Board of Education:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying cash-basis financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Vanlue Local School District, Hancock County, Ohio (the School District), as of and for the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with the cash accounting basis Note 2 describes. This responsibility includes determining that the cash accounting basis is acceptable for the circumstances. Management is also responsible for designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the School District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

One East Campus View Blvd. Suite 300 • Columbus, OH 43235 • (614) 389-5775 • FAX (614) 467-3920 PO Box 875 • 129 Pinckney Street • Circleville, OH 43113 • (740) 474-5210 • FAX (740) 474-7319 PO Box 687 • 528 S. West Street • Piketon, OH 45661 • (740) 289-4131 • FAX (740) 289-3639 Vanlue Local School District Hancock County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective cash financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School District, as of June 30, 2021 and 2020, and the respective changes in cash financial position and the budgetary comparison for the General fund thereof for the years then ended in accordance with the accounting basis described in Note 2.

Accounting Basis

Ohio Administrative Code § 117-2-03(B) requires the School District to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We draw attention to Note 2 of the financial statements, which describes the basis applied to these statements. The financial statements are prepared on the cash basis of accounting, which is a basis other than generally accepted accounting principles. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 3 to the financial statements, during 2020, the School District adopted new accounting guidance in Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

As discussed in Note 16 to the financial statements, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the ensuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the School District. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 23, 2021, on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

BHM CPA Group

BHM CPA Group Inc. Piketon, Ohio December 23, 2021

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - CASH BASIS JUNE 30, 2021

	 vernmental Activities
Assets:	
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$ 7,309,227
Net position: Restricted for: Capital projects State funded programs Food service operations Student activities Other purposes Unrestricted Total net position	\$ 423,722 54,748 23,486 69,278 2,168 6,735,825 7,309,227

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - CASH BASIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

				D	в . ,			ursements) Receipt
		Cash Charges for Operating Gr						nges in Net Position
	Die	Cash bursements		rges for		ating Grants	G	overnmental Activities
Governmental activities:		buisements	Service	s and Sales				Activities
Instruction:								
Regular	\$	1,767,545	\$	149,101	\$	29,854	\$	(1,588,590)
Special	Ψ	386,669	Ψ	51,648	Ψ	129,825	Ψ	(205,196)
Vocational		22,864				12,059		(10,805)
Other		52,014		_		-		(52,014)
Support services:		52,011						(52,011)
Pupil		177,061		_		45,579		(131,482)
Instructional staff		128,200		_		2,947		(125,253)
Board of education		22,599		_		2,917		(22,599)
Administration		320,218		_		_		(320,218)
Fiscal		73,158		-		-		(73,158)
Operations and maintenance		1,177,843		-		14,933		(1,162,910)
Pupil transportation		115,952		-		14,955		(1,102,910) (115,952)
Operation of non-instructional		115,952		-		-		(115,952)
services:								
Food service operations		66,933		12.060		60.845		6,972
Other non-instructional services		26,034		13,060		60,845		· · · ·
Extracurricular activities		26,034 162,947		31,987		21,303 1,892		(4,731)
Debt service:		102,947		31,987		1,892		(129,068)
		141.000						(141.000)
Principal retirement		141,000 26,197		-		-		(141,000)
Interest and fiscal charges		20,197		-		-		(26,197)
Total governmental activities	\$	4,667,234	\$	245,796	\$	319,237		(4,102,201)
			Property Genera Capita Income t	receipts: taxes levied fo al purposes l outlay taxes levied for l purposes				1,278,178 84,316 477,843
				nd entitlement	s not rest	ricted		.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
				ific programs	1050			1,779,859
				ent earnings				31,085
			Miscella					41,832
				neral receipts				3,693,113
			Change	in net position				(409,088)
			Net cash	n position at b	eginning	g of year		7,718,315
				1 position at e				7,309,227

STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND FUND BALANCES - CASH BASIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	General	 ermanent provement	Gov	onmajor ernmental Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
Assets:						
Equity in pooled cash						
and cash equivalents	\$ 6,760,306	\$ 423,722	\$	125,199	\$	7,309,227
Fund balances:						
Restricted:						
Capital improvements	\$ -	\$ 423,722	\$	-	\$	423,722
Food service operations	-	-		23,486		23,486
State funded programs	-	-		54,748		54,748
Extracurricular	-	-		69,278		69,278
Other purposes	-	-		2,168		2,168
Committed:						
Termination benefits	34,637	-		-		34,637
Assigned:						
Student instruction	13,416	-		-		13,416
Student and staff support	86,005	-		-		86,005
Extracurricular activities	215	-		-		215
Subsequent year's appropriations	986,444	-		-		986,444
Unassigned (deficit)	 5,639,589	 -		(24,481)		5,615,108
Total fund balances	\$ 6,760,306	\$ 423,722	\$	125,199	\$	7,309,227

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - CASH BASIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		General	-	ermanent provement	Gov	onmajor ernmental Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
Receipts:	¢	1 070 170	¢	04.216	¢		¢	1 2 (2 404
Property taxes	\$	1,278,178	\$	84,316	\$	-	\$	1,362,494
Income taxes		477,843		-		-		477,843
Intergovernmental		1,834,920		10,589		251,685		2,097,194
Investment earnings		31,050		35		10		31,095
Tuition and fees Extracurricular		200,749		-		31,987		200,749
		-		-				31,987
Charges for services Contributions and donations		246		-		13,060		13,060
				-		1,892		2,138
Miscellaneous		41,586		-		-		41,586
Total receipts	·	3,864,572	·	94,940		298,634		4,258,146
Disbursements:								
Current:								
Instruction:								
Regular		1,733,862		-		33,683		1,767,545
Special		316,751		-		69,918		386,669
Vocational		22,864		-		-		22,864
Other		52,014		-		-		52,014
Support services:								
Pupil		145,702		-		31,359		177,061
Instructional staff		126,363		-		1,837		128,200
Board of education		22,599		-		-		22,599
Administration		320,218		-		-		320,218
Fiscal		71,455		1,703		-		73,158
Operations and maintenance		251,310		914,651		11,882		1,177,843
Pupil transportation		115,952		-		-		115,952
Operation of non-instructional services:								
Food service operations		-		-		66,933		66,933
Other non-instructional services		-		-		26,034		26,034
Extracurricular activities		113,152		-		49,795		162,947
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		141,000		-		-		141,000
Interest and fiscal charges		26,197		-		-		26,197
Total disbursements		3,459,439		916,354		291,441		4,667,234
Net change in fund balances		405,133		(821,414)		7,193		(409,088)
Fund balances at beginning of year		6,355,173		1,245,136		118,006		7,718,315
Fund balances at end of year	\$	6,760,306	\$	423,722	\$	125,199	\$	7,309,227
·				<u> </u>			<u> </u>	

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

OriginalFinalActual(Negative)Receipts: Property taxes Intergovermental\$ 1,285,903 442,500\$ 1,278,178 442,500\$ 1,278,178 442,510\$ 1,278,178 452,520\$ 1,278,178 452,520\$ 1,278,178 452,520\$ 1,278,178 452,520\$ 1,278,178 452,520\$ 1,278,178 452,520\$ 1,288,311 451,329\$ 1,278,178 452,520\$ 1,278,178 452,520\$ 1,288,313\$ 1,288,313\$ 1,288,313\$ 1,288,313\$		Budgeted Amounts					Variance with Final Budget Positive		
$\begin{array}{l c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$			Original		Final	Actual			
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	•								
Intergovernmental 1,881,292 1,875,292 1,834,920 (40,372) Investment earnings 77,836 27,836 31,050 3.214 Tution and fees 342,994 261,294 200,749 (60,545) Contributions and donations 70 70 246 176 Miscellaneous 6,471 6,474 25,686 19,215 Obstorsements:	1 5	\$		\$		\$ · · ·	\$		
Investment earnings 77,836 27,836 27,836 31,050 3.214 Tuition and fees 342,994 261,294 200,749 (60,545) Contributions and donations 70 70 246 176 Miscellaneous $6,471$ $6,471$ $25,686$ 19,215 Disbursements: $4037,066$ $3,899,366$ $3,348,672$ (50,694) Current: Instruction: Regular $2,259,723$ $2,264,224$ $1,782,308$ $481,916$ Special 436,324 495,250 316,851 178,399 Vocational $32,257$ $22,864$ $9,393$ Other $68,256$ $68,386$ 53,090 15,296 Support services: Pupil 189,287 194,036 148,853 45,183 Instructional staff 183,159 185,991 128,063 57,928 Board of education 72,285 72,160 30,159 42,001 Administration 372,353 374,775 328,736 46,039 <			,		· ·	,		· · ·	
	5					, ,			
$\begin{array}{c} \mbox{Contributions and donations} & 70 & 70 & 246 & 176 \\ \mbox{Miscellaneous} & 6471 & 6471 & 25,686 & 19,215 \\ \mbox{Contractive} & 4,037,066 & 3,899,366 & 3,848,672 & (50,694) \\ \hline \mbox{Disbursements:} & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & &$	-				· ·	,		· · ·	
Miscellaneous 6.471 6.471 $25,686$ $19,215$ Total receipts $4.037,066$ $3,899,366$ $3,848,672$ $(50,694)$ Disbursements: Current: Instruction: $82,025,025,025,025,025,025,025,025,025,02$,		· ·	,			
Total receipts $4.037,066$ $3.899,366$ $3.848,672$ $(50,694)$ Disbursements: Current: Instruction: Regular $2.259,723$ $2.264,224$ $1.782,308$ $481,916$ Special $436,324$ $495,250$ $316,851$ $178,399$ Vocational $32,2257$ $32,2257$ $22,2864$ $9,393$ Other $68,256$ $68,386$ $53,090$ $15,296$ Support services: $194,036$ $148,853$ $45,183$ Instructional staff $189,287$ $194,036$ $148,853$ $45,183$ Instructional staff $183,159$ $185,991$ $128,063$ $57,928$ Board of education $72,285$ $72,160$ $30,159$ $42,001$ Administration $372,535$ $374,775$ $328,736$ $46,039$ Operations and maintenance $542,451$ $475,083$ $292,675$ $182,408$ Pupil transportation 30666 $3,666$ $-3,666$ $-3,666$ Operation of non-instructional services: $185,525$ $185,690$									
Disbursements: Current: Image: Current: Instruction: Regular 2,259,723 2,264,224 1,782,308 481,916 Special 436,324 495,250 316,851 178,399 Vocational 32,257 32,267 22,864 9,393 Other 68,256 68,386 53,090 15,296 Support services: Pupil 189,287 194,036 148,853 45,183 Instructional staff 183,159 185,991 128,063 57,928 Board of education 72,285 72,160 30,159 42,001 Administration 372,535 374,775 328,736 46,039 Pupil transportation 308,945 215,971 122,918 93,053 Central 3,666 3,666 - 3,666 Operations and maintenance 542,451 44,955,109 141,000 - 2,323 Debt service: Principal 141,000 141,000 - 3,666 - 3,666 Other financ						 ,			
$\begin{array}{c c} \mbox{Current:} \\ \mbox{Instruction:} \\ \mbox{Regular} & 2,259,723 & 2,264,224 & 1,782,308 & 481,916 \\ \mbox{Special} & 436,324 & 495,250 & 316,851 & 178,399 \\ \mbox{Vocational} & 32,257 & 32,257 & 22,864 & 9,393 \\ \mbox{Other} & 68,256 & 68,386 & 53,090 & 15,296 \\ \mbox{Support services:} \\ \mbox{Pupil} & 189,287 & 194,036 & 148,853 & 45,183 \\ \mbox{Instructional staff} & 183,159 & 185,991 & 128,063 & 57,928 \\ \mbox{Board of education} & 72,285 & 72,160 & 30,159 & 42,001 \\ \mbox{Administration} & 72,253 & 74,775 & 328,736 & 46,039 \\ \mbox{Fiscal} & 133,499 & 133,499 & 77,791 & 55,708 \\ \mbox{Operations and maintenance} & 542,451 & 475,083 & 292,675 & 182,408 \\ \mbox{Operation fono-instructional services:} & & & & & & & & \\ \mbox{Extracurricular activities} & 185,525 & 185,690 & 113,367 & 72,323 \\ \mbox{Debt service:} & & & & & & & & & & \\ \mbox{Principal} & 141,000 & 141,000 & 141,000 & - & & & & & \\ \mbox{Interest and fiscal charges} & 26,197 & 26,197 & 26,197 & - & & & & & \\ \mbox{Curricular activities} & 185,525 & 185,690 & 113,367 & 72,323 \\ \mbox{Debt service:} & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\ \mbox{Principal} & 141,000 & 141,000 & 141,000 & - & & & & & & & \\ \mbox{Interest and fiscal charges} & 26,197 & 26,197 & 26,197 & - & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & $	Total receipts		4,037,000		3,899,300	 3,848,072	·	(30,694)	
$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	Disbursements:								
Regular $2,259,723$ $2,264,224$ $1,782,308$ $481,916$ Special $436,324$ $495,250$ $316,851$ $178,399$ Vocational $32,257$ $32,257$ $22,864$ $9,393$ Other $68,256$ $68,386$ $53,090$ $15,296$ Support services: 901 $189,287$ $194,036$ $148,853$ $45,183$ Instructional staff $183,159$ $185,991$ $128,063$ $57,928$ Board of education $72,285$ $72,160$ $30,159$ $42,001$ Administration $372,535$ $374,775$ $328,736$ $46,039$ Fiscal $133,499$ $13,499$ $77,791$ $55,708$ Operations and maintenance $542,451$ $475,083$ $292,675$ $182,408$ Pupil transportation $308,945$ $215,971$ $122,918$ $93,063$ Central $3,666$ $3,666$ - $3,666$ Operation of non-instructional services: $185,525$ $185,690$ $113,367$ $72,323$ Debt service: $92,6197$ $26,197$ $26,197$ $-$ Total disbursements $99,51,09$ $4,868,185$ $3,584,872$ $1,232,619$ Other financing sources (uses): $(13,463)$ $(194,40)$ $(12,40)$ $4,261,97$ Refund of prior year's disbursements $51,244$ $51,244$ $36,206$ $(15,038)$ Refund of prior year's disbursements $51,244$ $51,244$ $36,206$ $(15,038)$ Refund of prior year's disbursements $51,244$ $51,244$ $36,206$ <td< td=""><td>Current:</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	Current:								
Special $436,324$ $495,250$ $316,851$ $178,399$ Vocational $32,257$ $32,257$ $22,864$ $9,393$ Other $68,256$ $68,386$ $53,090$ $15,296$ Support services: $Pupil$ $189,287$ $194,036$ $148,853$ $45,183$ Instructional staff $183,159$ $185,991$ $128,063$ $57,928$ Board of education $72,285$ $72,160$ $30,159$ $42,001$ Administration $372,535$ $374,775$ $328,736$ $46,039$ Fiscal $133,499$ $133,499$ $77,791$ $55,708$ Operations and maintenance $542,451$ $475,083$ $292,675$ $182,408$ Pupil transportation $308,945$ $215,971$ $122,918$ $93,053$ Central $3,666$ $3,666$ - $3,666$ Operation of non-instructional services: $185,525$ $185,690$ $113,367$ $72,323$ Debt service: $917,791$ $26,197$ $ -$ Principal $141,000$ $141,000$ $ -$ Interest and fiscal charges $26,197$ $26,197$ $ -$ Total disbursements $(918,043)$ $(968,819)$ $263,800$ $1,232,619$ Other financing sources (uses): $2,000$ $2,000$ $2,000$ $1,5,000$ $1,232,619$ Total disbursements $51,244$ $51,244$ $36,206$ $(15,038)$ $8efund of prior year's disbursements51,24451,24436,206(15,038)Refund of prior year's di$									
Vocational $32,257$ $32,257$ $32,257$ $22,864$ $9,393$ Other 68,256 68,386 53,090 15,296 Support services: Pupil 189,287 194,036 148,853 45,183 Instructional staff 183,159 185,991 128,063 57,928 Board of education 72,285 72,160 30,159 42,001 Administration 372,535 374,775 328,736 46,039 Piscal 133,499 133,499 77,701 55,708 Operations and maintenance 542,451 475,083 292,675 182,408 Pupil transportation 308,945 215,971 122,918 93,053 Central 3,666 3,666 - 3,666 Operation of non-instructional services: 185,525 185,690 113,367 72,323 Debt service: 9 26,197 26,197 26,197 - 1,283,313 Excess (deficiency) of receipts over (under) disbursements (14,000 141,000	•				· · ·			· · ·	
Other $68,256$ $68,386$ $53,090$ $15,296$ Support services: 9upil $189,287$ $194,036$ $148,853$ $45,183$ Instructional staff $183,159$ $185,991$ $128,063$ $57,928$ Board of education $72,285$ $72,160$ $30,159$ $42,001$ Administration $372,535$ $374,775$ $328,736$ $46,039$ Piscal $133,499$ $133,499$ $77,771$ $55,708$ Operations and maintenance $542,451$ $475,083$ $292,675$ $182,408$ Pupil transportation $308,945$ $215,971$ $122,918$ $93,053$ Central $3,666$ $3,666$ $ 3,666$ Operation of non-instructional services: $185,525$ $185,690$ $113,367$ $72,323$ Debt service: $72,6197$ $26,197$ $ -$ Total disbursements $(918,043)$ $(968,819)$ $263,800$ $1,232,619$ Other financing sources (uses): $81,244$	1		· · · ·		· · · · ·	· · · ·		· · · · · ·	
Support services: Pupil 189,287 194,036 148,853 45,183 Instructional staff 183,159 185,991 128,063 57,928 Board of education 72,285 72,160 30,159 42,001 Administration 372,535 374,775 328,736 46,039 Piscal 133,499 133,499 77,791 55,708 Operations and maintenance 542,451 475,083 292,675 182,408 Pupil transportation 308,945 215,971 122,918 93,053 Central 3,666 3,666 - 3,666 Operation of non-instructional services: 185,525 185,690 113,367 72,323 Debt service: 141,000 141,000 - - - Principal 141,000 141,000 - - - Interest and fiscal charges 26,197 26,197 26,197 - - Total disbursements (12,493) (968,819) 263,800 1,232,619			,		· ·	,		· · ·	
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Total other financing sources (uses) 39,622 39,622 42,904 3,282 Net change in fund balance (878,421) (929,197) 306,704 1,235,901 Fund balance at beginning of year 6,207,820 6,207,820 6,207,820 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 111,509 111,509 - -						(9,202)		4,261	
Total other financing sources (uses) 39,622 39,622 42,904 3,282 Net change in fund balance (878,421) (929,197) 306,704 1,235,901 Fund balance at beginning of year 6,207,820 6,207,820 6,207,820 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 111,509 111,509 - -	Sale of capital assets		2,000		2,000	15,900		13,900	
Fund balance at beginning of year 6,207,820 6,207,820 6,207,820 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 111,509 111,509 111,509 -	Total other financing sources (uses)		39,622		39,622	 42,904			
Prior year encumbrances appropriated 111,509 111,509 -	Net change in fund balance		(878,421)		(929,197)	306,704		1,235,901	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated 111,509 111,509 -	Fund balance at beginning of year		6,207,820		6,207,820	6,207,820		-	
								-	
		\$		\$		\$	\$	1,235,901	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

Vanlue Local School District (the "School District") is organized under Article VI, Sections 2 and 3 of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. The School District operates under a locally-elected Board form of government consisting of five members elected at-large for staggered four year terms. The School District provides educational services as authorized by state and federal guidelines.

The School District was established in 1922. The School District serves an area of approximately forty-nine square miles and is located in Hancock, Seneca, and Wyandot Counties and includes all of the Village of Vanlue and portions of Amanda, Biglick, Big Spring, and Ridge Townships. The School District is staffed by 14 classified employees, 22 certified teaching personnel, and 3 administrative employees who provide services to 133 students and other community members. The School District currently operates an instructional building and a bus garage.

Reporting Entity

A reporting entity is composed of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to insure the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the School District consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For Vanlue Local School District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the School District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the School District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes. There are no component units of the Vanlue Local School District.

The School District participates in four jointly governed organizations and three insurance pools. These organizations are the Northwest Ohio Area Computer Services Cooperative, Millstream Career and Technology Center, Hancock County Local Professional Development Committee, Northwestern Ohio Educational Research Council, Inc., Schools of Ohio Risk Sharing Authority, Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan, and Hancock County Schools Health Benefit Fund.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Northwest Ohio Area Computer Services Cooperative

The School District is a participant in the Northwest Ohio Area Computer Services Cooperative (NOACSC), which is a computer consortium. NOACSC is an association of educational entities within the boundaries of Allen, Auglaize, Hancock, Hardin, Lucas, Mercer, Paulding, Putnam, Seneca, Van Wert, and Wood Counties, and the Cities of St. Marys and Wapakoneta. The organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member school districts. The governing board of NOACSC consists of two representatives from each county. During fiscal year 2021, the School District paid \$15,921 to NOACSC for various services. Financial information can be obtained from NOACSC, 4277 East Road, Lima, Ohio 45807.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Millstream Career and Technology Center

The Millstream Career and Technology Center is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio established under Section 3313.90 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Career Center provides vocational instruction to students. The Career Center operates under the direction of an Advisory Council consisting of the superintendent of each participating school district and one additional representative appointed by the Findlay City School District. The Superintendents from the Hancock and Putnam County Educational Service Centers serve in an ex-officio capacity for all meetings. Financial information can be obtained from the Findlay City School District, 2019 Broad Avenue, Findlay, Ohio 45840.

Hancock County Local Professional Development Committee

The Hancock County Local Professional Development Committee (HCLPDC) was established in 1999 to plan, promote, and facilitate effective and efficient professional educator license renewal standards and staff development activities. The HCLPDC is organized under Ohio laws as a regional council of governments pursuant to a written agreement entered into by its members. The HCLPDC is governed by a fourteen member Executive Board. Financial information can be obtained from the Hancock County Educational Service Center, who serves as fiscal agent, 7746 County Road 140, Findlay, Ohio 45840.

Northwestern Ohio Educational Research Council, Inc.

The Northwestern Ohio Educational Research Council, Inc. (NOERC) is a jointly governed organization formed to bring educational entities into a better understanding of their common educational problems, facilitate and conduct practical educational research, coordinate educational research among members, provide a means for evaluating and disseminating the results of research, serve as a repository for research and legislative materials, and provide opportunities for training. The NOERC serves a twenty-five county area in Northwest Ohio. The Board of Directors consists of superintendents from two educational service centers, two exempted village school districts, five local school districts, and five city school districts, as well as representatives from two private or parochial schools and three institutions of higher education. Each active member is entitled to one vote on all issues addressed by the Board of Directors. Financial information can be obtained from the Northwestern Ohio Educational Research Council, Inc., 441 East Market Street, Celina, Ohio, 45822.

INSURANCE POOLS

Schools of Ohio Risk Sharing Authority

The School District participates in the Schools of Ohio Risk Sharing Authority (SORSA), an insurance purchasing pool established under Section 2744.081 of the Ohio Revised Code. SORSA is an incorporated nonprofit association of its members which enables the participants to provide for a formalized joint insurance purchasing program for maintaining adequate insurance protection and provides risk management programs and other administrative services. The SORSA's business and affairs are conducted by a nine member board consisting of Superintendents, Treasurers and Business Managers. Willis Pooling is contracted to provide reinsurance brokerage, underwriting, rating, billing, consulting services, and establishing agreements between SORSA and its members. Financial information can be obtained from SORSA, 8050 North High Street, Suite 160, Columbus, Ohio 43235-6483.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan

The School District participates in Ohio SchoolComp, a Worker's Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance premium rating pool sponsored by the Ohio School Board Association (OSBA) and the Ohio Association of School Business Officials' (OASBO). The GRP's business and affairs are conducted by a three member Board of Directors consisting of the President, the President-Elect and the Immediate Past President of the OSBA. The Executive Director of the OSBA, or their designee, serves as coordinator of the Program. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the cost of administering the program.

The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the School District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP.

The workers compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of the GRP. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "Equity Pooling Fund." This "equity pooling" arrangement ensures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of CompManagement, Inc. provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

Hancock County Schools Health Benefit Fund

The Hancock County Schools Health Benefit Fund (Fund) is a public entity shared risk pool consisting of seven local school districts, the Hancock County Educational Service Center, and the Blanchard Valley Board of Developmental Disabilities. The Fund is a Voluntary Employee Benefit Association under Section 501(c)(9) of the Internal Revenue Code and provides medical, dental, and vision insurance benefits to the employees of the participants. Each participants' superintendent is appointed to an Administrative Committee which advises the Consultant, Neace Lukens, concerning aspects of the administration of the Fund.

Each participant decides which plans offered by the Administrative Committee will be extended to its employees. Participation in the Fund is by written application subject to acceptance by the Administrative Committee and payment of the monthly premiums. Financial information can be obtained from Neace Lukens, 285 Cozzins Street, Columbus, Ohio, 43215.

These financial statements are presented on a cash basis of accounting. This basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Generally accepted accounting principles include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements, which have been applied to the extent they are applicable to the cash basis of accounting. Following are the more significant of the School District's accounting policies.

A. Basis of Presentation

The School District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide financial statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

<u>Government-Wide Financial Statements</u> - The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The statement of net position presents the cash balance of the governmental activities of the School District at fiscal year end. The statement of activities compares disbursements with program receipts for each function or program of the School District's governmental activities. Disbursements are reported by function. A function is a group of related activities designed to accomplish a major service or regulatory program for which the School District is responsible. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the program's goods or services and grants, contributions, and interest restricted to meeting the operational requirements of a particular program. General receipts are all receipts not classified as program receipts, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct disbursements with program receipts identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing on a cash basis or draws from the School District's general receipts.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - During the fiscal year, the School District segregates transactions related to certain School District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the School District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

B. Fund Accounting

The School District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The funds of the School District are divided into two categories, governmental and fiduciary.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

The School District classifies funds financed primarily from taxes, intergovernmental receipts (e.g. grants), and other nonexchange transactions as governmental funds. The General fund and the Permanent Improvement fund are the School District's major governmental funds.

<u>General Fund</u> - The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the School District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Permanent Improvement Fund</u> – The Permanent Improvement fund is used to account for all transactions related to the acquiring, constructing or improving of such permanent improvements.

The other governmental funds of the School District account for (a) grants and other resources whose use is restricted, committed, or assigned to a particular purpose; and (b) financial resources to be used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of capital facilities.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private purpose trust funds and custodial funds. Trust funds are distinguished from custodial funds by the existence of a trust agreement or equivalent arrangements that have certain characteristics. The School District did not have any fiduciary funds in fiscal year 2021. Custodial funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in a trust fund.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

C. Basis of Accounting

The School District's financial statements are prepared using the cash basis of accounting. Except for modifications having substantial support, receipts are recorded in the School District's financial records and reported in the financial statements when cash is received rather than when earned and disbursements are recorded when cash is paid rather than when a liability is incurred.

As a result of the use of the cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in the financial statements.

D. Budgetary Process

All funds, except custodial funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriations resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriations resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of budgetary control is at the fund level for all funds. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education. Budgetary allocations at the function and object level within all funds are made by the School District Treasurer.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the fiscal year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the amended certificate of estimated resources in effect at the time final appropriations were passed by the Board.

The appropriations resolution is subject to amendment throughout the fiscal year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriations resolution for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior fiscal years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the fiscal year.

E. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the School District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through School District records. Interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents".

During fiscal year 2021, the School District invested in nonnegotiable certificates of deposit, negotiable certificates of deposit, federal agency securities and the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio). With the exception of STAR Ohio, investments are reported at cost.

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

During fiscal year 2021, the District invested in STAR Ohio. STAR Ohio (the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio), is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 79, "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants." The School District measures their investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides an NAV per share that approximates fair value.

There were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, notice must be given 24 hours in advance of all deposits and withdrawals exceeding \$100 million. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$100 million, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$100 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

The School District has allocated interest earnings according to State statutes. Interest revenue credited to the General Fund during fiscal year 2021 was \$31,050, which includes \$3,911 assigned from other School District funds.

Investments of the School District's cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School District are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months that were not purchased from the pool are reported as investments.

Investments are reported as assets. Accordingly, purchases of investments are not recorded as disbursements and sales of investments are not recorded as receipts. Gains or losses at the time of sale are recorded as receipts or negative receipts (contra revenue), respectively.

F. Capital Assets

Acquisitions of property, plant, and equipment are recorded as disbursements when paid. The financial statements do not report these assets.

G. Compensated Absences

Employees are entitled to cash payments for unused vacation and sick leave in certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment. Unpaid vacation and sick leave are not reflected as liabilities under the cash basis of accounting used by the School District.

H. Long-Term Obligations

Cash basis financial statements do not report liabilities for long-term obligations. Proceeds of debt are reported when cash is received and principal and interest payments are reported when disbursements are made.

I. Net Position

Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the School District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The School District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

J. Fund Balance

Fund cash balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - The nonspendable fund cash balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

<u>Restricted</u> - Fund cash balance is reported as restricted when constraints are placed on the use of resources that are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - The committed fund cash balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the School District Board of Education (the highest level of decision making authority). Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the School District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund cash balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

<u>Assigned</u> - Amounts in the assigned fund cash balance classification are intended to be used by the School District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted nor committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund cash balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by policies of the School District Board of Education, which includes giving the Treasurer the authority to constrain monies for intended purposes.

<u>Unassigned</u> - Unassigned fund cash balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is only used to report a deficit fund cash balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The School District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) fund cash balance is available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund cash balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund cash balance classifications could be used.

K. Interfund Transactions

Transfers within governmental activities are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements.

Internal allocations of overhead expenses from one function to another or within the same function are eliminated on the statement of activities. Payments for interfund services provided and used are not eliminated.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as receipts in the seller funds and as disbursements in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular disbursements to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

L. Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability and net OPEB asset, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2021, the School District has applied GASB Statement No. 95, "<u>Postponement of the Effective Dates</u> <u>of Certain Authoritative Guidance.</u>" GASB Statement No. 95 provides temporary relief to governments and other stakeholders in light of the COVID-19 pandemic. This objective is accomplished by postponing the effective dates of certain provisions in Statements and Implementation Guides that first became effective or are scheduled to become effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2018, and later.

Certain provisions contained in the following pronouncements were scheduled to be implemented for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. Due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 95, the effective dates of certain provisions contained in these pronouncements are postponed until the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022:

- Statement No. 87, *Leases*
- Implementation Guide No. 2019-3, Leases
- Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period
- Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020*
- Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates

B. Compliance

Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(B) requires the School District to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. However, the School District prepared its basic financial statements on a cash basis, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The accompanying basic financial statements omit assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, net position/fund balances, and disclosures that, while material, cannot be determined at this time. The School District can be fined and various other administrative remedies may be taken against the District.

C. Deficit Fund Balances

Fund balances at June 30, 2021 included the following individual fund deficits:

Nonmajor funds	Ι	Deficit
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency	\$	4,731
Coronavirus Relief Fund		4,827
IDEA, Part B		3,081
School Improvement Stimulus A		10,629
Title I, Disadvantaged Children		483
IDEA Preschool Grant for the Handicapped		633
Miscellaneous Federal Grants		97

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 4 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on the basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget Basis presented for the general fund is prepared on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The difference between the budgetary basis and the cash basis are as follows:

- (a) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to assigned or committed fund balance for that portion of outstanding encumbrances (cash basis); and,
- (b) Some funds are included in the general fund (cash basis), but have separate legally adopted budgets (budget basis).

Adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations at the end of the year on the budget basis to the cash basis for the general fund is as follows:

	Ger	neral fund
Budget basis	\$	306,704
Net adjustment for revenues		15,900
Net adjustment for expenditures		27,004
Net adjustment for other sources/uses		(42,904)
Funds budgeted elsewhere		8,867
Adjustment for encumbrances		89,562
Cash basis	\$	405,133

Net Change in Fund Balance

Certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate special revenue funds are considered part of the general fund on a cash basis. This includes the uniform school supplies fund and the public school fund.

NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the School District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, and Government National Mortgage Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the fair value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio or Ohio local governments, and with certain limitations including a requirement for maturity within ten years from the date of settlement, bonds and other obligations of political subdivisions of the State of Ohio, if training requirements have been met;
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in items 1 or 2 above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool, the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio); and,
- 8. Certain banker's acceptances (for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days) and commercial paper notes (for a period not to exceed two hundred seventy days) in an amount not to exceed 40 percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time if training requirements have been met.

Protection of the School District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by the financial institutions participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. Except as noted above, an investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

A. Cash on Hand

At fiscal year end, the School District had \$3,000 in undeposited cash on hand which is included as part of "equity in pooled cash and investments."

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

B. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2021, the carrying amount of all School District deposits was \$5,257,398. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "<u>Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures</u>", as of June 30, 2021, \$3,974,236 of the School District's bank balance of \$5,277,649 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below, while \$648,349 was covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation and \$655,064 was covered by pledged collateral.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the School District will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The School District has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits either be insured or protected by (1) eligible securities pledged to the School District and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose fair value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured, or (2) participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total fair value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of State. For 2021, the School District's financial institutions did participate in the OPCS. Although all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with Federal requirements could potentially subject the School District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

C. Investments

As of June 30, 2021, the School District had the following investments and maturities:

	_	Investment Maturities						
		6 months or	13 to 18	19 to 24	Greater than			
Investment Type	Carrying Value	less	months	months	24 months			
STAR Ohio	\$ 1,068,829	\$ 1,068,829	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -			
Negotiable CDs	480,000	-	240,000	240,000	-			
FHLB	500,000				500,000			
Total	\$ 2,048,829	\$ 1,068,829	\$ 240,000	\$ 240,000	\$ 500,000			

The weighted average maturity of investments is 1.51 years.

Interest Rate Risk: Interest rate risk arises as potential purchasers of debt securities will not agree to pay face value for those securities if interest rates subsequently increase. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to State law, the School District's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

Credit Risk: STAR Ohio carries a rating of AAAm by Standard & Poor's. Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The School District's investments in federal agency securities were rated AA+ and Aaa by Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investor Services, respectively. The School District's negotiable certificates of deposit were not rated. The School District has no policy that would further limit its investment choices.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the School District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The federal agency securities are exposed to custodial credit risk in that they are uninsured, unregistered and held by the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the School District's name. The School District has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The School District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the School District at June 30, 2021:

Investment type	Ca	rrying value	<u>% of Total</u>
STAR Ohio	\$	1,068,829	52.17
Negotiable CDs		480,000	23.43
FHLB		500,000	24.40
Total	\$	2,048,829	100.00

D. Reconciliation of Cash to the Statement of Net Cash Position

The following is a reconciliation of cash as reported in the note above to cash as reported on the statement of net position as of June 30, 2021:

Cash per note	
Carrying amount of deposits	\$ 5,257,398
Investments	2,048,829
Cash on hand	 3,000
Total	\$ 7,309,227
Cash per statement of net cash position	
Governmental activities	\$ 7,309,227

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the School District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the School District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property and public utility property located in the School District. Real property tax revenues received in calendar year 2021 represent the collection of calendar year 2020 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2021 were levied after April 1, 2020, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2020, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised fair value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established. Public utility property taxe revenues received in calendar year 2021 became a lien on December 31, 2019, were levied after April 1, 2020, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property taxes is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES – (Continued)

The School District receives property taxes from Hancock, Seneca and Wyandot counties. The County Auditors periodically advance to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the Counties by June 30, 2021, are available to finance fiscal year 2021 operations. The amount of second-half real property taxes available for advance at fiscal year-end can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2021 taxes were collected are:

	2020 Sec Half Collec	2021 First Half Collections			
	Amount	Percent	 Amount	Percent	
Agricultural/residential and other real estate Public utility personal	\$ 48,677,730 2,210,430	95.66 <u>4.34</u>	\$ 49,222,590 2,309,480	95.52 <u>4.48</u>	
Total	\$ 50,888,160	100.00	\$ 51,532,070	100.00	
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$41.39		\$41.37		

NOTE 7 - INCOME TAXES

The School District levies a voted tax of 1 percent for general operations on the income of residents and of estates. The tax was effective on January 1, 2006, for a five-year period. In May 2010, the voters renewed the 1 percent income tax for a continuing period. Employers of residents are required to withhold income tax on compensation and remit the tax to the State. Taxpayers are required to file an annual return. The State makes quarterly distributions to the School District after withholding amounts for administrative fees and estimated refunds. Income tax revenue is credited to the General Fund.

NOTE 8 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2021, the School District contracted for the following insurance coverage.

Coverage provided by the Schools of Ohio Risk Sharing Authority is as follows:

General School District Liability	
Per Occurrence	\$ 15,000,000
Total per Year	17,000,000
Automobile Liability	15,000,000
Buildings and Contents - replacement cost	

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years, and there has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the prior fiscal year.

For fiscal year 2021, the School District participated in the Schools of Ohio Risk Sharing Authority (SORSA), an insurance purchasing pool. Each participant enters into an individual agreement with SORSA for insurance coverage and pays annual premiums to SORSA based on the types and limits of coverage and deductibles selected by the participant.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 8 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)

The School District participates in Ohio SchoolComp, a Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool sponsored by the Ohio School Board Association (OSBA) and the Ohio Association of School Business Officials' (OASBO). The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the School District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other school districts in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Participation in the GRP is limited to educational entities that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. Each participant must apply annually. The GRP provides the participants with a centralized program for processing, analysis and management of workers' compensation claims and a risk management program to assist in developing safer work environments. Each participant must pay its premiums, enrollment or other fees, and perform its obligations in accordance with the terms of the agreement. The firm of CompManagement, Inc. provides administrative, cost control, and actuarial services to the GRP.

The School District participates in the Hancock County Schools Health Benefit Fund (Fund), a public entity shared risk pool consisting of seven local school districts, the Hancock County Educational Service Center, and the Blanchard Valley Board of Developmental Disabilities. The School District pays monthly premiums to the Fund for employee medical, dental, and vision insurance benefits. The Fund is responsible for the management and operations of the program. Upon withdrawal from the Fund, a participant is responsible for the payment of all Fund liabilities to its employees, dependents, and designated beneficiaries accruing as a result of withdrawal.

NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

The Statewide retirement systems provide both pension benefits and other postemployment benefits (OPEB).

Net Pension Liability/Net OPEB Liability/Asset

Pensions and OPEB are a component of exchange transactions--between an employer and its employees--of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions/OPEB are provided to an employee---on a deferred-payment basis---as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period.

The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) represent the School District's proportionate share of each pension/OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting these estimates annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the School District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The School District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions/OPEB are financed; however, the School District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension and OPEB.

GASB 68/75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires funding to come from these employers. All pension contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes pension costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits. In addition, health care plan enrollees pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. State statute requires the retirement systems to amortize unfunded pension liabilities within 30 years. If the pension amortization period exceeds 30 years, each retirement system's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension/OPEB liability (asset). Resulting adjustments to the net pension/OPEB liability (asset) would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The Ohio revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

The remainder of this note includes the required pension disclosures. See Note 10 for the required OPEB disclosures.

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description - The School District's non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

Eligible to Retire on or before August 1, 2017 *		Eligible to Retire after August 1, 2017			
Full benefits	Age 65 with 5 years of services credit: or Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit			
Actuarially reduced benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit; or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit			

* Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017 will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service; 2.2% for the first thirty years of service and 2.5% for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

Effective January 1, 2018, SERS cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) changed from a fixed 3% annual increase to one based on the Consumer Price Index (CPI-W) with a cap of 2.5% and a floor of 0%. SERS also has the authority to award or suspend the COLA, or to adjust the COLA above or below CPI-W. SERS suspended the COLA increases for 2018, 2019 and 2020 for current retirees, and confirmed their intent to implement a four-year waiting period for the start of a COLA for future retirees. For 2021, the COLA was 0.5%.

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10% of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute 14% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10% for plan members and 14% for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 14.0%.

The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$57,424 for fiscal year 2021.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description - Licensed teachers participate in STRS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS website at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans: a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined (CO) Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307. The DB Plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation will be 2.2% of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. Effective July 1, 2017, the cost-of-living adjustment was reduced to zero. Members are eligible to retire at age 60 with five years of qualifying service credit, or age 55 with 28 years of service, or 33 years of service regardless of age. Eligibility changes will be phased in until August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five years of service credit and age 65, or 35 years of service credit and at least age 60.

The DC Plan allows members to place all of their member contributions and 9.53% of the 14% employer contributions into an investment account. Investment allocation decisions are determined by the member. The remaining 4.47% of the 14% employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, 12% of the 14% member rate goes to the DC Plan and the remaining 2% is applied to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity after termination of employment at age 50 and after termination of employment.

New members who choose the DC Plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. New members on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit to apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy - Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. For fiscal year 2021, plan members were required to contribute 14% of their annual covered salary. The School District was required to contribute 14%; the entire 14% was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The fiscal year 2021 contribution rates were equal to the statutory maximum rates.

The School District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$163,785 for fiscal year 2021.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the School District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities.

Following is information related to the proportionate share:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Proportion of the net pension			
liability prior measurement date	0.01391480%	0.00984097%	
Proportion of the net pension			
liability current measurement date	0.01443580%	0.00943243%	
Change in proportionate share	0.00052100%	- <u>0.00040854</u> %	
Proportionate share of the net			
pension liability	\$ 954,814	\$ 2,282,312	\$ 3,237,126

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2020, are presented below:

Wage inflation	3.00%
Future salary increases, including inflation	3.50% to 18.20%
COLA or ad hoc COLA	2.50%
Investment rate of return	7.50% net of investment expense, including inflation
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal (level percent of payroll)

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

For 2020, the mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five-year age set-back for both males and females. Mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries were based upon the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates. Mortality among disabled members was based upon the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2015.

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	2.00 %	1.85 %
US Equity	22.50	5.75
International Equity	22.50	6.50
Fixed Income	19.00	2.85
Private Equity	12.00	7.60
Real Assets	17.00	6.60
Multi-Asset Strategies	5.00	6.65
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate - The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.50%). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.50%), or one percentage point higher (8.50%) than the current rate.

				Current		
	19	6 Decrease	Discount Rate		1% Increase	
District's proportionate share						
of the net pension liability	\$	1,307,979	\$	954,814	\$	658,502

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the July 1, 2020, actuarial valuation are presented below:

July 1	, 2020
--------	--------

Inflation	2.50%
Projected salary increases	12.50% at age 20 to
	2.50% at age 65
Investment rate of return	7.45%, net of investment
	expenses, including inflation
Payroll increases	3.00%
Cost-of-living adjustments	0.00%
(COLA)	

For the July 1, 2020, actuarial valuation, post-retirement mortality rates for healthy retirees are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50% of rates through age 69, 70% of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90% of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100% of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90% of rates for males and 100% of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2020 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

STRS Ohio's investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return *
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00 %	

**10-Year geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.45% as of June 30, 2020. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs of future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members, are not included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2020. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.45% was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2020.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following table presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.45%, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.45%) or one-percentage-point higher (8.45%) than the current rate:

	Current						
	1% Decrease			Discount Rate		% Increase	
District's proportionate share							
of the net pension liability	\$	3,249,616	\$	2,282,312	\$	1,462,604	

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS

Net OPEB Liability/Asset

See Note 9 for a description of the net OPEB liability (asset).

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Health Care Plan Description - The School District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 75 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. SERS' Health Care Plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of most types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage. In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree, are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of 65 and therefore enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at <u>www.ohsers.org</u> under Employers/Audit Resources.

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board established the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14% of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, SERS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2021, this amount was \$23,000. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2% of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5% of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2021, the School District's surcharge obligation was \$9,313.

The surcharge added to the allocated portion of the 14% employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The School District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$9,313 for fiscal year 2021.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued effective January 1, 2021. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy – Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Nearly all health care plan enrollees, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14% of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.

Net OPEB Liability/Asset

The net OPEB liability/asset was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total OPEB liability/asset used to calculate the net OPEB liability/asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School District's proportion of the net OPEB liability/asset was based on the School District's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities.

Following is information related to the proportionate share:

	SERS			STRS		Total
Proportion of the net OPEB						
liability/asset prior measurement date	0.	01422090%	0	.00984097%		
Proportion of the net OPEB						
liability/asset current measurement date	0.	01492220%	0	.00943243%		
Change in proportionate share	0.	00070130%	-0	.00040854%		
Proportionate share of the net						
OPEB liability	\$	324,308	\$	-	\$	324,308
Proportionate share of the net	<u>_</u>		÷		.	(1 -)
OPEB asset	\$	-	\$	(165,775)	\$	(165,775)

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

The total OPEB liability is determined by SERS' actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2020 are presented below:

Wage inflation	3.00%
Future salary increases, including inflation	3.50% to 18.20%
Investment rate of return	7.50% net of investment
	expense, including inflation
Municipal bond index rate:	
Measurement date	2.45%
Prior measurement date	3.13%
Single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense,	
including price inflation:	
Measurement date	2.63%
Prior measurement date	3.22%
Medical trend assumption:	
Measurement date	
Medicare	5.25 to 4.75%
Pre-Medicare	7.00 to 4.75%
Prior measurement date	
Medicare	5.25 to 4.75%
Pre-Medicare	7.00 to 4.75%

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and Scale BB, 120% of male rates and 110% of female rates. RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table with 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates set back five years.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2015.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the actuarial five-year experience study. The most recent study covers fiscal years 2010 through 2015, and was adopted by the Board on April 21, 2016. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return, 7.50%, by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as used in the June 30, 2015 five-year experience study, are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	2.00 %	1.85 %
US Equity	22.50	5.75
International Equity	22.50	6.50
Fixed Income	19.00	2.85
Private Equity	12.00	7.60
Real Assets	17.00	6.60
Multi-Asset Strategies	5.00	6.65
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2020 was 2.63%. The discount rate used to measure total OPEB liability prior to June 30, 2019 was 3.22%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and the System at the state statute contribution rate of 2.00% of projected covered employee payroll each year, which includes a 1.50% payroll surcharge and 0.50% of contributions from the basic benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make future benefit payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan assets was used to present value the projected benefit payments through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024 and the Fidelity General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index rate of 2.45%, as of June 30, 2020 (i.e. municipal bond rate), was used to present value the projected benefit payments for the remaining years in the projection. A municipal bond rate of 3.13% was used as of June 30, 2019. The total present value of projected benefit payments from all years was then used to determine the single rate of return that was used as the discount rate. The projection of future benefit payments for all current plan members was until the benefit payments ran out.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates - The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate. The following table presents the net OPEB liability of SERS, what SERS' net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (1.63%) and higher (3.63%) than the current discount rate (2.63%). Also shown is what SERS' net OPEB liability would be based on health care cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (6.00% decreasing to 3.75%) and higher (8.00% decreasing to 5.75%) than the current rate (7.00% decreasing to 4.75%).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

	Current							
	1%	Decrease	Dis	count Rate	1% Increase			
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	396,945	\$	324,308	\$	266,562		
	1% Decrease		Current Trend Rate		1% Increase			
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	255,368	\$	324,308	\$	416,499		

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the July 1, 2020, actuarial valuation, compared with July 1, 2019, are presented below:

	July 1	, 2020	July 1, 2019				
Inflation	2.50%		2.50%				
Projected salary increases	12.50% at age 20) to	12.50% at age 20) to			
	2.50% at age 65		2.50% at age 65				
Investment rate of return	7.45%, net of inv expenses, inclue		7.45%, net of investment expenses, including inflation				
Payroll increases	3.00%		3.00%				
Cost-of-living adjustments (COLA)	0.00%		0.00%				
Discount rate of return	7.45%		7.45%				
Blended discount rate of return	N/A		N/A				
Health care cost trends							
	Initial	Ultimate	Initial	Ultimate			
Medical							
Pre-Medicare	5.00%	4.00%	5.87%	4.00%			
Medicare	-6.69% 4.00%		4.93%	4.00%			
Prescription Drug							
Pre-Medicare	6.50%	4.00%	7.73%	4.00%			
Medicare	11.87%	4.00%	9.62%	4.00%			

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

For healthy retirees the mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50% of rates through age 69, 70% of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90% of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100% of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90% of rates for males and 100% of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

Assumption Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date - There were no changes in assumptions since the prior measurement date of June 30, 2019.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Benefit Term Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date - There was no change to the claims costs process. Claim curves were updated to reflect the projected fiscal year end 2021 premium based on June 30, 2020 enrollment distribution. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2021 from 1.984% to 2.055% per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2021. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1% for the AMA Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return *
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00 %	

**10-Year geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB asset was 7.45% as of June 30, 2020. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes STRS Ohio continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on health care plan investments of 7.45% was used to measure the total OPEB asset as of June 30, 2020.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount and Health Care Cost Trend Rate - The following table represents the net OPEB asset as of June 30, 2020, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.45%, as well as what the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.45%) or one percentage point higher (8.45%) than the current assumption. Also shown is the net OPEB asset as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates.

	Current							
	1%	Decrease	Dis	count Rate	1% Increase			
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	\$	144,235	\$	165,775	\$	184,051		
	1% Decrease		Current Trend Rate		1% Increase			
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	\$	182,916	\$	165,775	\$	144,894		

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 11 - OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

A. Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees earn ten to twenty days of vacation per fiscal year, depending upon length of service. Accumulated unused vacation time is paid to classified employees upon termination of employment. Teachers do not earn vacation time.

Teachers, administrators, and classified employees earn sick leave at a rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated up to a maximum of one hundred eighty-five days for teachers and one hundred eighty days for classified employees. Upon retirement, payment is made for one-fourth of accrued but unused sick leave credit up to a maximum of thirty days for all employees. Teachers receive an additional severance payment of up to thirty days for accumulated sick leave in excess of one-hundred eighty-five days.

B. Employee Insurance Benefits

The School District provides medical, dental, and vision insurance to all employees through the Hancock County Schools Health Benefit Fund. Depending upon the plan chosen, the employees share the cost of monthly premium with the Board. The premium varies with employee depending on the terms of the union contract.

NOTE 12 – LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

During the year ended June 30, 2021, the following changes occurred in the School District's long-term obligations:

	Balance Outstanding			Balance Outstanding	Amounts Due in
	06/30/20	Additions	Reductions	06/30/21	One Year
Governmental Activities:					
Lease Purchase Agreement	<u>\$ 1,436,000</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (141,000)</u>	\$ 1,295,000	\$ 134,000
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 1,436,000	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ (141,000)</u>	\$ 1,295,000	\$ 134,000

Lease-Purchase Agreement

During fiscal year 2020, the School District entered into a lease-purchase agreement with Robert W. Baird & Co. for the purpose of facilitating certain energy conservation measures and related improvements to school district facilities. The \$1,436,000 in proceeds are to be repaid over nine years with a final maturity of December 1, 2029 and an interest rate of 1.7%. Principal and interest payments related to this agreement are made from the general fund.

Principal and interest requirements to retire the lease-purchase obligation at June 30, 2021 follows:

Fiscal Year	Lease Purchase Agreement						
Ending June 30,	I	Principal	_]	Interest	Total		
2022	\$	134,000	\$	20,876	\$	154,876	
2023		137,000		18,573		155,573	
2024		139,000		16,227		155,227	
2025		141,000		13,847		154,847	
2026		144,000		11,424		155,424	
2027 - 2030		600,000		20,622		620,622	
Total	\$	1,295,000	\$	101,569	\$	1,396,569	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 13 - SET-ASIDES

The School District is required by State law to annually set-aside certain general fund revenue amounts, as defined by statutory formula, for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at fiscal year-end. This amount must be carried forward to be used for the same purpose in future years. Expenditures exceeding the set-aside requirement may not be carried forward to the next fiscal year.

The following cash-basis information describes the change in the fiscal year-end set-aside amount for capital improvements. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	oital vements
Set-aside balance June 30, 2020	\$ -
Current year set-aside requirement	30,260
Current year offsets	 (30,260)
Set-aside balance June 30, 2021	\$ -

NOTE 14 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The School District received financial assistance from federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2021.

B. Litigation

There are currently no matters in litigation with the School District as defendant.

C. Foundation Funding

Foundation funding is based on the annualized full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment of each student. Traditional districts must comply with minimum hours of instruction, instead of a minimum number of school days each year. The funding formula the Ohio Department of Education (ODE) is legislatively required to follow will continue to adjust as enrollment information is updated by the School District, which can extend past the fiscal year-end. As of the date of this report, ODE has not finalized the impact of enrollment adjustments to the June 30, 2021 Foundation funding for the School District; therefore, the financial statement impact is not determinable at this time. ODE and management believe this will result in either a receivable to or liability of the School District.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 15 - COMMITMENTS

The School District utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year end may be reported as part of restricted, committed, or assigned classifications of fund balance. At year end, the School District's commitments for encumbrances in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Y	ear-End
Fund	Enc	umbrances
General fund	\$	89,965
Permanent improvement fund		237,862
Other nonmajor governmental		125,736
Total	\$	453,563

NOTE 16 - COVID-19

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March of 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the School District. The School District's investment portfolio and the pension and other employee benefits plan in which the School District participate fluctuates with market conditions, and due to market volatility, the amount of gains or losses that will be realized in subsequent periods, if any, cannot be determined. In addition, the impact on the School District's future operating costs, revenues, and additional recovery from emergency funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated.

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STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - CASH BASIS JUNE 30, 2020

	Governmental Activities		
Assets:			
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	7,718,315	
Net position:			
Restricted for:			
Capital projects	\$	1,245,136	
Locally funded programs		225	
State funded programs		39,706	
Federally funded programs		1	
Student activities		85,194	
Other purposes		16,514	
Unrestricted		6,331,539	
Total net position.	\$	7,718,315	

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - CASH BASIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

				Program Ca	ash Rec	eipts	Rece	(Disbursement) cipt and Changes n Net Position	
		Cash	Ch	arges for		ating Grants	(Jovernmental	
	Dis	bursements	Services and Sales		and C	ontributions	Activities		
Governmental activities:									
Instruction:									
Regular	\$	1,792,585	\$	172,803	\$	13,399	\$	(1,606,383)	
Special		422,462		50,884		105,231		(266,347)	
Vocational		22,573		-		12,059		(10,514)	
Other		54,579		33,232		-		(21,347)	
Support services:									
Pupil		128,636		-		3,600		(125,036)	
Instructional staff		149,955		-		21,794		(128,161)	
Board of education		26,772		-		-		(26,772)	
Administration.		309,741		407		-		(309,334)	
Fiscal		93,466		-		-		(93,466)	
Operations and maintenance		690,931		-		12,045		(678,886)	
Pupil transportation		353,952		97,886		582		(255,484)	
Operation of non-instructional services:									
Other non-instructional services		96		-		96		-	
Food service operations		86,462		31,219		21,727		(33,516)	
Extracurricular activities		171,362		63,619		3,398		(104,345)	
Total governmental activities	\$	4,303,572	\$	450,050	\$	193,931		(3,659,591)	

General receipts:

Property taxes levied for:	
General purposes	1,277,013
Permanent improvements	83,077
Income taxes levied for General Purposes .	485,126
Grants and entitlements not restricted	
to specific programs	1,760,881
Investment earnings	72,911
Proceeds of lease purchase transaction	1,436,000
Miscellaneous	7,326
Total general receipts	5,122,334
Change in net position	1,462,743
Net position at beginning of year (restated)	6,255,572
Net position at end of year	\$ 7,718,315

STATEMENTS OF CASH BASIS ASSETS AND FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	Permanent General Improvement		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds		
Assets:							
Equity in pooled cash							
and cash equivalents	\$	6,355,173	\$ 1,245,136	\$	118,006	\$	7,718,315
Fund balances:							
Restricted:							
Capital improvements	\$	-	\$ 1,245,136	\$	-	\$	1,245,136
Food service operations		-	-		16,514		16,514
Special education		-	-		1		1
Extracurricular		-	-		85,194		85,194
Other purposes		-	-		6,699		6,699
Student wellness and success		-	-		33,232		33,232
Committed:							
Termination benefits		25,435	-		-		25,435
Assigned:							
Student instruction		59,847	-		-		59,847
Student and staff support		60,930	-		-		60,930
Extracurricular activities.		1,141	-		-		1,141
Subsequent year's appropriations		690,346	-		-		690,346
Unassigned (deficit)		5,517,474	 -		(23,634)		5,493,840
Total fund balances	\$	6,355,173	\$ 1,245,136	\$	118,006	\$	7,718,315

STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN CASH BASIS FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Receipts: Image: Construct of the second secon		General	Permanent Improvement	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Property taxes \$ 1.277,013 \$ 83,077 \$ $-$ \$ 1,360,090 Income taxes 9485,126 $-$ 218,977 $-$ 218,977 Transportation fees. 97,886 $ -$ <	Receipts:				
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	From local sources:				
Tuition 218.977 - - 218.977 Transportation fees 97,886 - - 97,886 - 97,886 Earnings on investments 72,897 14 593 73,504 Charges for services - - 63,619 64,026 Clastroom materials and fees 4,710 - - 4,710 Contributions and donations 1,320 - 3,968 5,228 Other local revenues 6,006 - - 6,006 Intergovernmental - state 1,817,005 10,108 45,475 1,872,585 Total receipts 3,981,347 93,199 255,769 4,330,315 Disbursements: - 1,778,721 13,864 1,792,585 Special . 22,573 - 22,573 Other . . 54,579 - 28,160 Instruction: Regular 121,436 7,200 128,636 Instructional staff . 121,795 28,160 149,955 Special . 309,741 - 309,7	Property taxes	\$ 1,277,013	\$ 83,077	\$ -	\$ 1,360,090
Transportation fees. 97.886 - - 97.886 Earnings on investments 72.897 14 593 73,504 Charges for services - - 31,219 31,219 Extracurricular 407 - 63,619 64,026 Classroom materials and fees 4,710 - - 4,710 Contributions and donations 1,320 - 3,968 5,288 Other local revenues - - 6,006 - - - 6,006 Intergovernmental - stet 1,817.005 10,108 45,475 1,872.588 110.895 110.895 110.895 Total receipts 3,981,347 93,199 255,769 4,330,315 10 10.895	Income taxes	485,126	-	-	485,126
Earnings on investments 72,897 14 593 73,504 Charges for services - - 31,219 31,219 Extracurricular 407 - 63,619 64,026 Classroom materials and fees 4,710 - - 4,710 Contributions and donations 1,320 - 3,968 5,288 Other local revenues 6,006 - - 6,006 Intergovernmental - state 1,817,005 10,108 45,475 1,872,588 Intergovernmental - federal - - 110,895 110,895 10,395 10,395 10,395 10,395 10,395 10,295 1,22,573 - 22,573 - 22,573 - 22,573 - 22,573 - 24,579 Support services: Pupil 121,436 - 7,200 128,636 184,579 - 36,4579 - 26,772 - 26,772 - 26,772 - 26,772 - 309,741 - 309,741 - 309,741 - 309,741 - 309,741 - <t< td=""><td>Tuition</td><td>218,977</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>218,977</td></t<>	Tuition	218,977	-	-	218,977
Earnings on investments 72,897 14 593 73,504 Charges for services - - 31,219 31,219 Extracurricular 407 - 63,619 64,026 Classroom materials and fees 4,710 - - 4,710 Contributions and donations 1,320 - 3,968 5,288 Other local revenues 6,006 - - 6,006 Intergovernmental - state 1,817,005 10,108 45,475 1,872,588 Intergovernmental - federal - - 110,895 110,895 10,395 10,395 10,395 10,395 10,395 10,295 1,22,573 - 22,573 - 22,573 - 22,573 - 22,573 - 24,579 Support services: Pupil 121,436 - 7,200 128,636 184,579 - 36,4579 - 26,772 - 26,772 - 26,772 - 26,772 - 309,741 - 309,741 - 309,741 - 309,741 - 309,741 - <t< td=""><td>Transportation fees.</td><td>97,886</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>97,886</td></t<>	Transportation fees.	97,886	-	-	97,886
Extracurricular 407 - 63,619 64,026 Classroom materials and fees 4,710 - 4,710 Contributions and donations 1,320 - 3,968 5,288 Other local revenues 6,006 - - 6,006 Intergovermental - faderal 1,817,005 10,108 45,475 1,872,588 Intergovermental - faderal - - 110,895 110,895 Total receipts 3,981,347 93,199 255,769 4,330,315 Disbursements: Current: - 13,864 1,792,585 Special . 22,573 - 22,573 Other . 54,579 - 54,579 Support services: - 121,436 - 7,200 128,636 Instructional staff 121,795 28,160 149,955 Board of education . 26,772 - 26,772 Administration 39,741 - . 33,952 - .		72,897	14	593	73,504
Extracurricular 407 - 63,619 64,026 Classroom materials and fees 4,710 - 4,710 Contributions and donations 1,320 - 3,968 5,288 Other local revenues 6,006 - - 6,006 Intergovermental - faderal 1,817,005 10,108 45,475 1,872,588 Intergovermental - faderal - - 110,895 110,895 Total receipts 3,981,347 93,199 255,769 4,330,315 Disbursements: Current: - 13,864 1,792,585 Special . 22,573 - 22,573 Other . 54,579 - 54,579 Support services: - 121,436 - 7,200 128,636 Instructional staff 121,795 28,160 149,955 Board of education . 26,772 - 26,772 Administration 39,741 - . 33,952 - .	Charges for services	-	-	31,219	31,219
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Extracurricular	407	-	63,619	64,026
Other local revenues 6,006 - - 6,006 Intergovernmental - state 1,817,005 10,108 45,475 1,872,358 Intergovernmental - federal - - 110,895 110,895 Total receipts 3,981,347 93,199 255,769 4,330,315 Disbursements: - 13,864 1,792,585 Special - 22,573 - 22,573 Current: - 361,435 - 61,027 422,462 Vocational 22,573 - 22,573 Support services: - - 54,579 - 54,579 - 54,579 Pupil 121,436 - 7,200 128,636 1849,955 Board of education 26,772 - 26,772 Administration 309,741 - - 309,741 - 309,741 - 309,741 - 339,352 - 333,952 - 333,952 - 333,952 - 333,952 - 353,952 0peration of non-instructional services: 049,955 53,206 171,362 70de	Classroom materials and fees	4,710	-	-	4,710
Intergovernmental - state	Contributions and donations	1,320	-	3,968	5,288
Intergovernmental - federal - - - 110,895 110,895 Total receipts $3,981,347$ $93,199$ $255,769$ $4,330,315$ Disbursements: Current: Instruction: Regular $1,778,721$ - $13,864$ $1,792,585$ Special $361,435$ - $61,027$ $422,462$ Vocational $22,573$ - $22,573$ Other $54,579$ - $54,579$ Support services: Pupil 121,436 - $7,200$ $128,636$ Instructional staff 121,795 28,160 149,955 $26,772$ - $26,772$ Administration $309,741$ - $309,741$ $309,741$ $309,741$ $309,741$ $309,741$ $353,952$ - $353,952$ - $353,952$ - $353,952$ - $353,952$ - $353,952$ $ 353,952$ - $353,052$ $ 353,052$ - $353,052$ $ 353,052$ $ 86,462$ $86,462$	Other local revenues	6,006	-	-	6,006
Total receipts. $3,981,347$ $93,199$ $255,769$ $4,330,315$ Disbursements: Current: Instruction: Regular. $1,778,721$ $ 13,864$ $1,792,585$ Special $361,435$ $ 61,027$ $422,462$ Vocational. $22,573$ $ 22,573$ Other $54,579$ $ 54,579$ Support services: 7 200 $128,636$ Instructional staff $121,436$ $ 7,200$ $128,636$ Instructional staff $121,795$ $28,160$ $149,955$ Board of education $26,772$ $ 28,160$ $149,955$ Board of education $26,772$ $ 28,160$ $149,955$ Deard of education $26,772$ $ 28,160$ $128,636$ Instructional staff $309,741$ $ 399,741$ $ 399,741$ Fiscal $300,605$ $377,700$ $12,626$ $690,931$ $90,710$ $ 96$ 96 Prood service operation of non-instructional. $ 96$	Intergovernmental - state	1,817,005	10,108	45,475	1,872,588
Total receipts. $3,981,347$ $93,199$ $255,769$ $4,330,315$ Disbursements: Current: Instruction: Regular. $1,778,721$ $ 13,864$ $1,792,585$ Special $361,435$ $ 61,027$ $422,462$ Vocational. $22,573$ $ 22,573$ Other $54,579$ $ 54,579$ Support services: 7 200 $128,636$ Instructional staff $121,436$ $ 7,200$ $128,636$ Instructional staff $121,795$ $28,160$ $149,955$ Board of education $26,772$ $ 28,160$ $149,955$ Board of education $26,772$ $ 28,160$ $149,955$ Deard of education $26,772$ $ 28,160$ $128,636$ Instructional staff $309,741$ $ 399,741$ $ 399,741$ Fiscal $300,605$ $377,700$ $12,626$ $690,931$ $90,710$ $ 96$ 96 Prood service operation of non-instructional. $ 96$	Intergovernmental - federal	-	-	110,895	110,895
Current: Instruction: Regular		3,981,347	93,199	255,769	4,330,315
Instruction: 1,778,721 - 13,864 1,792,585 Regular. 361,435 - 61,027 422,462 Vocational. 22,573 - 22,573 Other 54,579 - 54,579 Pupil 121,436 - 7,200 128,636 Instructional staff 121,795 - 28,160 149,955 Board of education 26,772 - 26,772 Administration 309,741 - 309,741 Fiscal 91,776 1,690 - 93,466 Operations and maintenance. 300,605 377,700 12,626 690,931 Pupil transportation 353,952 - - 333,952 Operation of non-instructional services: - 96 96 Other operation of non-instructional. - - 96 96 Food service operations - - 86,462 86,462 States - 33,661,541 379,390 262,641 4,303,572 Excess (deficiency) of receipts over (under) - - <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>					
Regular 1,778,721 - 13,864 1,792,585 Special 361,435 - 61,027 422,462 Vocational. 22,573 - - 22,573 Other 54,579 - - 54,579 Support services: - 121,436 - 7,200 128,636 Instructional staff . 121,795 - 28,636 Instructional staff . 26,772 - 26,772 Administration . 309,741 - - 309,741 Fiscal . 91,776 1,690 - 93,466 Operations and maintenance . 300,605 377,700 12,626 690,931 Pupil transportation . - - 96 96 Food service operations of non-instructional - - 86,462 86,462 Extracurricular activities . 118,156 - 53,206 171,362 Total disbursements . . . 1,436,000 . 1,436,000 disburs					
Special 361,435 - 61,027 422,462 Vocational 22,573 - 22,573 Other 54,579 - 54,579 Support services: - 54,579 - 54,579 Pupil 121,436 - 7,200 128,636 Instructional staff 121,795 - 28,160 149,955 Board of education 26,772 - - 26,772 Administration 309,741 - - 309,741 Fiscal 91,776 1,690 - 93,466 Operations and maintenance 300,605 377,700 12,626 690,931 Pupil transportation 353,952 - - 353,952 Operation of non-instructional services: - - 96 96 Food service operations - - 96 96 Food service operations - - 53,206 171,362 Total disbursements - 14,36,000 - 1,436,000 disbursements - - 1,436,					
Vocational. 22,573 - - 22,573 Other 54,579 - 54,579 Pupil 121,436 - 7,200 128,636 Instructional staff 121,795 - 28,160 149,955 Board of education 26,772 - 26,772 Administration 309,741 - - 309,741 Fiscal 91,776 1,690 - 93,466 Operations and maintenance 300,605 377,700 12,626 690,931 Pupil transportation . - - 96 96 Food service operations of non-instructional services: - - 86,462 86,462 Extracurricular activities . - - 86,462 86,462 Extracurricular activities . . - 53,206 171,362 Total disbursements 1,436,000 . 1,436,000 Total disbursements 1,436,000 . 1,436,000		, ,	-	,	
Other $54,579$ - - $54,579$ Support services: 121,436 - 7,200 128,636 Instructional staff 121,795 - 28,160 149,955 Board of education 26,772 - 26,772 - 26,772 Administration 309,741 - - 309,741 Fiscal 91,776 1,690 - 93,466 Operations and maintenance 300,605 377,700 12,626 690,931 Pupil transportation . . . 353,952 - . 353,952 Operation of non-instructional services: .<	•		-	61,027	,
Support services: 121,436 7,200 128,636 Instructional staff			-	-	
Pupil 121,436 - 7,200 128,636 Instructional staff 121,795 - 28,160 149,955 Board of education 26,772 - - 26,772 Administration 309,741 - - 309,741 Fiscal 91,776 1,690 - 93,466 Operations and maintenance 300,605 377,700 12,626 690,931 Pupil transportation 353,952 - - 353,952 Operation of non-instructional services: - 96 96 Other operation of non-instructional - - 96 96 Food service operations - - 86,462 86,462 Extracurricular activities 118,156 - 53,206 171,362 Total disbursements 319,806 (286,191) (6,872) 26,743 Other financing sources: - 1,436,000 - 1,436,000 Lease purchase agreement - 1,436,000 - 1,436,000 Total other financing sources - 1,436,000 -		54,579	-	-	54,579
Instructional staff					
Board of education. 26,772 - - 26,772 Administration. 309,741 - - 309,741 Fiscal 91,776 1,690 - 93,466 Operations and maintenance. 300,605 377,700 12,626 690,931 Pupil transportation . . 353,952 - - 353,952 Operation of non-instructional services: 0ther operation of non-instructional. - - 96 96 Food service operations - - 96 96 171,362 Total disbursements . . . - 53,206 171,362 Total disbursements .	-		-		,
Administration. $309,741$ - - $309,741$ Fiscal $91,776$ $1,690$ - $93,466$ Operations and maintenance. $300,605$ $377,700$ $12,626$ $690,931$ Pupil transportation $353,952$ - - $353,952$ Operation of non-instructional services: - - 96 96 Pool service operations - - - 96 96 Food service operations - - - $86,462$ $86,462$ Extracurricular activities 118,156 - 53,206 $171,362$ Total disbursements . . $319,806$ (286,191) (6,872) $26,743$ Other financing sources: Lease purchase agreement - $1,436,000$ - $1,436,000$ Total other financing sources - 1,436,000 - $1,436,000$ Net change in fund balances 319,806 $1,149,809$ (6,872) $1,462,743$ Fund balances at beginning of year (restated) $6,035,367$ $95,327$ $124,878$ <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td>28,160</td><td></td></t<>			-	28,160	
Fiscal 91,776 1,690 - 93,466 Operations and maintenance. 300,605 377,700 12,626 690,931 Pupil transportation 353,952 - - 353,952 Operation of non-instructional services: - - 96 96 Food service operations - - 96 96 Food service operations - - - 96 96 Food service operations - - - 96 96 Food service operations - - - 86,462 86,462 Extracurricular activities 118,156 - 53,206 171,362 Total disbursements 3,661,541 379,390 262,641 4,303,572 Excess (deficiency) of receipts over (under) 319,806 (286,191) (6,872) 26,743 Other financing sources: - 1,436,000 - 1,436,000 Lease purchase agreement - 1,436,000 - 1,436,000 Net change in fund balances 319,806 1,149,809 (6,872) 1,462,743			-	-	
Operations and maintenance. $300,605$ $377,700$ $12,626$ $690,931$ Pupil transportation $353,952$ - - $353,952$ Operation of non-instructional services: - - 96 96 Food service operations - - 96 96 Food service operations - - 86,462 86,462 Extracurricular activities 118,156 - 53,206 171,362 Total disbursements 3,661,541 379,390 262,641 4,303,572 Excess (deficiency) of receipts over (under) disbursements 319,806 (286,191) (6,872) 26,743 Other financing sources: - 1,436,000 - 1,436,000 Lease purchase agreement - 1,436,000 - 1,436,000 Net change in fund balances 319,806 1,149,809 (6,872) 1,462,743 Fund balances at beginning of year (restated) 6,035,367 95,327 124,878 6,255,572			-	-	
Pupil transportation $353,952$ - - $353,952$ Operation of non-instructional services: Other operation of non-instructional. - - 96 96 Food service operations - - - 86,462 86,462 Extracurricular activities 118,156 - 53,206 171,362 Total disbursements 3,661,541 379,390 262,641 4,303,572 Excess (deficiency) of receipts over (under) 319,806 (286,191) (6,872) 26,743 Other financing sources: - 1,436,000 - 1,436,000 Lease purchase agreement - - 1,436,000 - 1,436,000 Net change in fund balances 319,806 1,149,809 (6,872) 1,462,743 Fund balances at beginning of year (restated) 6,035,367 95,327 124,878 6,255,572			,	-	
Operation of non-instructional services: Other operation of non-instructional9696Food service operations86,46286,462Extracurricular activities118,156-53,206171,362Total disbursements3,661,541379,390262,6414,303,572Excess (deficiency) of receipts over (under) disbursements319,806(286,191)(6,872)26,743Other financing sources: Lease purchase agreement-1,436,000-1,436,000Total other financing sources-1,436,000-1,436,000Net change in fund balances319,8061,149,809(6,872)1,462,743Fund balances at beginning of year (restated)6,035,36795,327124,8786,255,572			377,700	12,626	
Other operation of non-instructional. - - 96 96 Food service operations - - 86,462 86,462 Extracurricular activities 118,156 - 53,206 171,362 Total disbursements 3,661,541 379,390 262,641 4,303,572 Excess (deficiency) of receipts over (under) 319,806 (286,191) (6,872) 26,743 Other financing sources: - 1,436,000 - 1,436,000 Total other financing sources - 1,436,000 - 1,436,000 Net change in fund balances 319,806 1,149,809 (6,872) 1,462,743 Fund balances at beginning of year (restated) 6,035,367 95,327 124,878 6,255,572		353,952	-	-	353,952
Food service operations - - 86,462 86,462 Extracurricular activities 118,156 - 53,206 171,362 Total disbursements 3,661,541 379,390 262,641 4,303,572 Excess (deficiency) of receipts over (under) disbursements 319,806 (286,191) (6,872) 26,743 Other financing sources: - 1,436,000 - 1,436,000 Total other financing sources - 1,436,000 - 1,436,000 Net change in fund balances 319,806 1,149,809 (6,872) 1,462,743 Fund balances at beginning of year (restated) 6,035,367 95,327 124,878 6,255,572					
Extracurricular activities 118,156 - 53,206 171,362 Total disbursements 3,661,541 379,390 262,641 4,303,572 Excess (deficiency) of receipts over (under) disbursements 319,806 (286,191) (6,872) 26,743 Other financing sources: Lease purchase agreement - 1,436,000 - 1,436,000 Total other financing sources - 1,436,000 - 1,436,000 Net change in fund balances 319,806 1,149,809 (6,872) 1,462,743 Fund balances at beginning of year (restated) 6,035,367 95,327 124,878 6,255,572		-	-		
Total disbursements 3,661,541 379,390 262,641 4,303,572 Excess (deficiency) of receipts over (under) disbursements. 319,806 (286,191) (6,872) 26,743 Other financing sources: 1,436,000 - 1,436,000 - 1,436,000 Total other financing sources . - 1,436,000 - 1,436,000 Net change in fund balances . 319,806 1,149,809 (6,872) 1,462,743 Fund balances at beginning of year (restated) 6,035,367 95,327 124,878 6,255,572	Food service operations	-	-		86,462
Excess (deficiency) of receipts over (under) disbursements. 319,806 (286,191) (6,872) 26,743 Other financing sources: Lease purchase agreement. - 1,436,000 - 1,436,000 Total other financing sources . - 1,436,000 - 1,436,000 Net change in fund balances . 319,806 1,149,809 (6,872) 1,462,743 Fund balances at beginning of year (restated) 6,035,367 95,327 124,878 6,255,572			-		
disbursements. 319,806 (286,191) (6,872) 26,743 Other financing sources: - 1,436,000 - 1,436,000 Total other financing sources . - 1,436,000 - 1,436,000 Net change in fund balances . 319,806 1,149,809 (6,872) 1,462,743 Fund balances at beginning of year (restated) 6,035,367 95,327 124,878 6,255,572	Total disbursements	3,661,541	379,390	262,641	4,303,572
Other financing sources: - 1,436,000 - 1,436,000 Total other financing sources - 1,436,000 - 1,436,000 Net change in fund balances 319,806 1,149,809 (6,872) 1,462,743 Fund balances at beginning of year (restated) 6,035,367 95,327 124,878 6,255,572	Excess (deficiency) of receipts over (under)				
Lease purchase agreement - 1,436,000 - 1,436,000 Total other financing sources - 1,436,000 - 1,436,000 Net change in fund balances 319,806 1,149,809 (6,872) 1,462,743 Fund balances at beginning of year (restated) 6,035,367 95,327 124,878 6,255,572	disbursements	319,806	(286,191)	(6,872)	26,743
Total other financing sources - 1,436,000 - 1,436,000 Net change in fund balances 319,806 1,149,809 (6,872) 1,462,743 Fund balances at beginning of year (restated) 6,035,367 95,327 124,878 6,255,572	Other financing sources:				
Net change in fund balances	Lease purchase agreement		1,436,000		1,436,000
Fund balances at beginning of year (restated) 6,035,367 95,327 124,878 6,255,572	Total other financing sources		1,436,000	-	1,436,000
	Net change in fund balances	319,806	1,149,809	(6,872)	1,462,743
Fund balances at end of year					
	Fund balances at end of year	\$ 6,355,173	\$ 1,245,136	\$ 118,006	\$ 7,718,315

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
Receipts:	0				
From local sources:					
Property taxes	\$ 1,285,903	\$ 1,285,903	\$ 1,277,013	\$ (8,890)	
Income taxes.	442,500	442,500	485,126	42,626	
Tuition	247,826	247,826	218,978	(28,848)	
Transportation fees.	87,999	87,999	97,886	9,887	
Earnings on investments	77,836	77,836	72,897	(4,939)	
Classroom materials and fees	7,169	7,169	4,710	(2,459)	
Contributions and donations	70	70	320	250	
Other local revenues	6,471	6,471	6,006	(465)	
Intergovernmental - state	1,881,292	1,881,292	1,817,004	(64,288)	
Total receipts	4,037,066	4,037,066	3,979,940	(57,126)	
Disbursements:					
Current:					
Instruction:					
Regular	2,178,853	2,115,232	1,853,457	261,775	
Special	430,909	434,419	370,040	64,379	
Vocational	33,283	32,257	22,573	9,684	
Other	58,083	56,056	54,579	1,477	
Support services:					
Pupil	141,803	143,940	123,002	20,938	
Instructional staff.	176,116	170,454	124,700	45,754	
Board of education	66,590	62,810	29,247	33,563	
Administration	368,192	355,558	316,068	39,490	
Fiscal	143,816	127,375	97,900	29,475	
Operations and maintenance	1,044,108	510,693	324,314	186,379	
Pupil transportation	490,987	448,346	360,942	87,404	
Central	3,666	3,666	-	3,666 65,527	
Extracurricular activities	160,003 5,296,408	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	849,511	
Excess (deficiency) of receipts over (under) disbursements.	(1,259,342)	(608,564)	183,821	792.385	
	(1,239,342)	(008,304)	185,821	192,383	
Other financing sources (uses):					
Refund of prior year's expenditures	51,244	51,244	23,233	(28,011)	
Refund of prior year's receipts	(159)	(159)	-	159	
Transfers (out)	(13,463)	(13,463)	(7,700)	5,763	
Sale of capital assets.	2,000	2,000	261	(1,739)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	39,622	39,622	15,794	(23,828)	
Net change in fund balance	(1,219,720)	(568,942)	199,615	768,557	
Fund balance at beginning of year	5,815,617	5,815,617	5,815,617	-	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	192,588	192,588	192,588	-	
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 4,788,485	\$ 5,439,263	\$ 6,207,820	\$ 768,557	
•	. ,				

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - CASH BASIS FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Custo	odial
Additions: Extracurricular	\$	300
Deductions: Extracurricular activities		300
Change in net position		-
Net position at beginning of year (restated)		-
Net position at end of year	\$	-

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

Vanlue Local School District (the "School District") is organized under Article VI, Sections 2 and 3 of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. The School District operates under a locally-elected Board form of government consisting of five members elected at-large for staggered four year terms. The School District provides educational services as authorized by state and federal guidelines.

The School District was established in 1922. The School District serves an area of approximately forty-nine square miles and is located in Hancock, Seneca, and Wyandot Counties and includes all of the Village of Vanlue and portions of Amanda, Biglick, Big Spring, and Ridge Townships. The School District is staffed by 11 classified employees, 22 certified teaching personnel, and 5 administrative employees who provide services to 179 students and other community members. In addition, 4 employees are assigned to Vanlue Transportation, which serves Hancock County for MRDD pickup and is funded (reimbursed) by the County. The School District currently operates an instructional building and a bus garage.

Reporting Entity

A reporting entity is composed of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to insure the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the School District consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For Vanlue Local School District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the School District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the School District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes. There are no component units of the Vanlue Local School District.

The School District participates in four jointly governed organizations and three insurance pools. These organizations are the Northwest Ohio Area Computer Services Cooperative, Millstream Career and Technology Center, Hancock County Local Professional Development Committee, Northwestern Ohio Educational Research Council, Inc., Schools of Ohio Risk Sharing Authority, Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan, and Hancock County Schools Health Benefit Fund.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Northwest Ohio Area Computer Services Cooperative

The School District is a participant in the Northwest Ohio Area Computer Services Cooperative (NOACSC), which is a computer consortium. NOACSC is an association of educational entities within the boundaries of Allen, Auglaize, Hancock, Hardin, Lucas, Mercer, Paulding, Putnam, Seneca, Van Wert, and Wood Counties, and the Cities of St. Marys and Wapakoneta. The organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member school districts. The governing board of NOACSC consists of two representatives from each county. During fiscal year 2020, the School District paid \$21,086 to NOACSC for various services. Financial information can be obtained from NOACSC, 4277 East Road, Lima, Ohio 45807.

Millstream Career and Technology Center

The Millstream Career and Technology Center is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio established under Section 3313.90 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Career Center provides vocational instruction to students. The Career Center operates under the direction of an Advisory Council consisting of the superintendent of each participating school district and one additional representative appointed by the Findlay City School District. The Superintendents from the Hancock and Putnam County Educational Service Centers serve in an ex-officio capacity for all meetings. Financial information can be obtained from the Findlay City School District, 2019 Broad Avenue, Findlay, Ohio 45840.

Hancock County Local Professional Development Committee

The Hancock County Local Professional Development Committee (HCLPDC) was established in 1999 to plan, promote, and facilitate effective and efficient professional educator license renewal standards and staff development activities. The HCLPDC is organized under Ohio laws as a regional council of governments pursuant to a written agreement entered into by its members. The HCLPDC is governed by a fourteen member Executive Board. Financial information can be obtained from the Hancock County Educational Service Center, who serves as fiscal agent, 7746 County Road 140, Findlay, Ohio 45840.

Northwestern Ohio Educational Research Council, Inc.

The Northwestern Ohio Educational Research Council, Inc. (NOERC) is a jointly governed organization formed to bring educational entities into a better understanding of their common educational problems, facilitate and conduct practical educational research, coordinate educational research among members, provide a means for evaluating and disseminating the results of research, serve as a repository for research and legislative materials, and provide opportunities for training. The NOERC serves a twenty-five county area in Northwest Ohio. The Board of Directors consists of superintendents from two educational service centers, two exempted village school districts, five local school districts, and five city school districts, as well as representatives from two private or parochial schools and three institutions of higher education. Each active member is entitled to one vote on all issues addressed by the Board of Directors. Financial information can be obtained from the Northwestern Ohio Educational Research Council, Inc., 441 East Market Street, Celina, Ohio, 45822.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

INSURANCE POOLS

Schools of Ohio Risk Sharing Authority

The School District participates in the Schools of Ohio Risk Sharing Authority (SORSA), an insurance purchasing pool established under Section 2744.081 of the Ohio Revised Code. SORSA is an incorporated nonprofit association of its members which enables the participants to provide for a formalized joint insurance purchasing program for maintaining adequate insurance protection and provides risk management programs and other administrative services. The SORSA's business and affairs are conducted by a nine member board consisting of Superintendents, Treasurers and Business Managers. Willis Pooling is contracted to provide reinsurance brokerage, underwriting, rating, billing, consulting services, and establishing agreements between SORSA and its members. Financial information can be obtained from SORSA, 8050 North High Street, Suite 160, Columbus, Ohio 43235-6483.

Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan

The School District participates in Ohio SchoolComp, a Worker's Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance premium rating pool sponsored by the Ohio School Board Association (OSBA) and the Ohio Association of School Business Officials' (OASBO). The GRP's business and affairs are conducted by a three member Board of Directors consisting of the President, the President-Elect and the Immediate Past President of the OSBA. The Executive Director of the OSBA, or their designee, serves as coordinator of the Program. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the cost of administering the program.

The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the School District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP.

The workers compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of the GRP. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "Equity Pooling Fund." This "equity pooling" arrangement ensures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of CompManagement, Inc. provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

Hancock County Schools Health Benefit Fund

The Hancock County Schools Health Benefit Fund (Fund) is a public entity shared risk pool consisting of seven local school districts, the Hancock County Educational Service Center, and the Blanchard Valley Board of Developmental Disabilities. The Fund is a Voluntary Employee Benefit Association under Section 501(c)(9) of the Internal Revenue Code and provides medical, dental, and vision insurance benefits to the employees of the participants. Each participants' superintendent is appointed to an Administrative Committee which advises the Consultant, Neace Lukens, concerning aspects of the administration of the Fund.

Each participant decides which plans offered by the Administrative Committee will be extended to its employees. Participation in the Fund is by written application subject to acceptance by the Administrative Committee and payment of the monthly premiums. Financial information can be obtained from Neace Lukens, 285 Cozzins Street, Columbus, Ohio, 43215.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

These financial statements are presented on a cash basis of accounting. This basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Generally accepted accounting principles include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements, which have been applied to the extent they are applicable to the cash basis of accounting. Following are the more significant of the School District's accounting policies.

A. Basis of Presentation

The School District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide financial statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

<u>Government-Wide Financial Statements</u> - The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

The statement of net position presents the cash balance of the governmental activities of the School District at fiscal year end. The statement of activities compares disbursements with program receipts for each function or program of the School District's governmental activities. Disbursements are reported by function. A function is a group of related activities designed to accomplish a major service or regulatory program for which the School District is responsible. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the program's goods or services and grants, contributions, and interest restricted to meeting the operational requirements of a particular program. General receipts are all receipts not classified as program receipts, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct disbursements with program receipts identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing on a cash basis or draws from the School District's general receipts.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - During the fiscal year, the School District segregates transactions related to certain School District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the School District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

B. Fund Accounting

The School District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The funds of the School District are divided into two categories, governmental and fiduciary.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

The School District classifies funds financed primarily from taxes, intergovernmental receipts (e.g. grants), and other nonexchange transactions as governmental funds. The General fund and the Permanent Improvement fund are the School District's major governmental funds.

<u>General Fund</u> - The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the School District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>Permanent Improvement Fund</u> – The Permanent Improvement fund is used to account for all transactions related to the acquiring, constructing or improving of such permanent improvements.

The other governmental funds of the School District account for (a) grants and other resources whose use is restricted, committed, or assigned to a particular purpose; and (b) financial resources to be used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of capital facilities.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private purpose trust funds and custodial funds. Trust funds are distinguished from custodial funds by the existence of a trust agreement or equivalent arrangements that have certain characteristics. The School District did not have any trust funds in fiscal year 2020. Custodial funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in a trust fund.

C. Basis of Accounting

The School District's financial statements are prepared using the cash basis of accounting. Except for modifications having substantial support, receipts are recorded in the School District's financial records and reported in the financial statements when cash is received rather than when earned and disbursements are recorded when cash is paid rather than when a liability is incurred.

As a result of the use of the cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in the financial statements.

D. Budgetary Process

All funds, except custodial funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriations resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriations resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of budgetary control is at the fund level for all funds. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education. Budgetary allocations at the function and object level within all funds are made by the School District Treasurer.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the fiscal year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the amended certificate of estimated resources in effect at the time final appropriations were passed by the Board.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The appropriations resolution is subject to amendment throughout the fiscal year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriations resolution for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior fiscal years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the fiscal year.

E. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the School District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through School District records. Interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents".

During fiscal year 2020, the School District invested in nonnegotiable certificates of deposit, negotiable certificates of deposit, federal agency securities and a U.S. Government money market. Nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are reported at cost.

The School District has allocated interest earnings according to State statutes. Interest revenue credited to the General Fund during fiscal year 2020 was \$72,897, which includes \$8,065 assigned from other School District funds.

Investments of the School District's cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School District are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months that were not purchased from the pool are reported as investments.

Investments are reported as assets. Accordingly, purchases of investments are not recorded as disbursements and sales of investments are not recorded as receipts. Gains or losses at the time of sale are recorded as receipts or negative receipts (contra revenue), respectively.

F. Capital Assets

Acquisitions of property, plant, and equipment are recorded as disbursements when paid. The financial statements do not report these assets.

G. Compensated Absences

Employees are entitled to cash payments for unused vacation and sick leave in certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment. Unpaid vacation and sick leave are not reflected as liabilities under the cash basis of accounting used by the School District.

H. Long-Term Obligations

Cash basis financial statements do not report liabilities for long-term obligations. Proceeds of debt are reported when cash is received and principal and interest payments are reported when disbursements are made.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

I. Net Position

Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the School District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Net cash position restricted for other purposes includes amounts restricted for food service operations.

The School District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

J. Fund Balance

Fund cash balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - The nonspendable fund cash balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

<u>Restricted</u> - Fund cash balance is reported as restricted when constraints are placed on the use of resources that are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - The committed fund cash balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the School District Board of Education (the highest level of decision making authority). Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the School District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund cash balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

<u>Assigned</u> - Amounts in the assigned fund cash balance classification are intended to be used by the School District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted nor committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund cash balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by policies of the School District Board of Education, which includes giving the Treasurer the authority to constrain monies for intended purposes.

<u>Unassigned</u> - Unassigned fund cash balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is only used to report a deficit fund cash balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The School District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) fund cash balance is available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund cash balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund cash balance classifications could be used.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

K. Interfund Transactions

Transfers within governmental activities are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements.

Internal allocations of overhead expenses from one function to another or within the same function are eliminated on the statement of activities. Payments for interfund services provided and used are not eliminated.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as receipts in the seller funds and as disbursements in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular disbursements to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

L. Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability and net OPEB asset, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Change in Accounting Principles/Restatement of Fund Balances/Restatement of Net Position

For fiscal year 2020, the School District has implemented GASB Statement No. 84 "Fiduciary Activities" and GASB Statement No. 90 "*Majority Equity Interests an amendment of GASB Statements* No. 14 and No. 61".

GASB Statement No. 84 establishes specific criteria for identifying activities that should be reported as fiduciary activities and clarifies whether and how business-type activities should report their fiduciary activities. Due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 84, the School District will no longer be reporting agency funds. The School District reviewed its agency funds and certain funds will be reported in the new fiduciary classification of custodial funds, while other funds have been reclassified as governmental funds. These fund reclassifications resulted in the restatement of the School District's financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 90 improves consistency in the measurement and comparability of the financial statement presentation of majority equity interests in legally separate organizations. This Statement also provides guidance for reporting a component unit if a government acquires a 100 percent equity interest in that component unit. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 90 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the School District.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

A fund cash balance restatement is required in order to implement GASB Statement No 84. The June 30, 2019, fund cash balances have been restated as follows:

		Pe	ermanent	Gov	Other vernmental	Go	Total overnmental
	General	Imp	provement		Funds		Funds
Fund cash balance as							
previously reported	\$ 6,035,367	\$	95,327	\$	89,712	\$	6,220,406
GASB Statement No. 84	 -		-		35,166		35,166
Restated Fund Cash Balance,							
at June 30, 2019	\$ 6,035,367	\$	95,327	\$	124,878	\$	6,255,572

A net cash position restatement is required in order to implement GASB Statement No 84. The governmental activities at June 30, 2019 have been restated as follows:

	Governmental Activities	
Net cash position as		
previously reported	\$ 6,220,406	
GASB Statement No. 84	 35,166	
Restated net cash position,		
at June 30, 2019	\$ 6,255,572	

Due to the implementation of GASB Statement No 84, the School District will no longer be reporting agency funds. At June 30, 2019, agency funds reported assets and net cash position of \$35,166. The new classification of custodial funds is reporting a beginning net position of \$0.

B. Compliance

Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(B) requires the School District to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. However, the School District prepared its basic financial statements on a cash basis, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The accompanying basic financial statements omit assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, net position/fund balances, and disclosures that, while material, cannot be determined at this time. The School District can be fined and various other administrative remedies may be taken against the School District.

C. Deficit Fund Balances

Fund balances at June 30, 2020 included the following individual fund deficits:

Nonmajor funds	I	Deficit
IDEA Part B	\$	10,361
School Improvement Stimulus A		11,553
Title I Disadvantaged Children		4
Improving Teacher Quality		1,199
Miscellaneous Federal Grants		517

The general fund is liable for any deficit in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. The deficit fund balances resulted from adjustments for accrued liabilities.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 4 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on the basis of cash, receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) presented for the general fund is prepared on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The difference between the budgetary basis and the cash basis is outstanding year end encumbrances which are treated as cash disbursements (budgetary basis) rather than as committed or assigned fund balance (cash basis) and some funds are included in the general fund (cash basis), but have separate legally adopted budgets (budgetary basis). The general fund encumbrances outstanding at year end (budgetary basis) were \$111,509. Funds budgeted elsewhere were \$8,682.

NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the School District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the fair value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio or Ohio local governments;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in items 1 or 2 above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool, the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio);

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS – (Continued)

- 7. Certain banker's acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one-hundred- eighty days and two-hundred-seventy days, respectively, from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed forty percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time; and,
- 8. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Protection of the School District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

A. Cash on Hand

At fiscal year end, the School District had \$3,000 in undeposited cash on hand which is included as part of "equity in pooled cash and investments."

B. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2020, the carrying amount of all School District deposits was \$6,628,921. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures", as of June 30, 2020, \$4,830,782 of the School District's bank balance of \$6,648,017 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below, while \$1,817,235 was covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation and \$1,020,750 was covered by pledged collateral.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the School District will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The School District has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits either be insured or protected by (1) eligible securities pledged to the School District and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose fair value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured, or (2) participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total fair value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of State. For 2020, the School District's financial institutions were approved for a reduced collateral rate of 102 percent through the OPCS. Although all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with Federal requirements could potentially subject the School District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

C. Investments

As of June 30, 2020, the School District had the following investments and maturities:

			Investment Maturities					
			6	months or		7 to 12	G	reater than
Measurement/Investment type	Car	rying Value	_	less	_	months	2	24 months
Carrying Value								
U.S Government Money Market	\$	96,394	\$	96,394	\$	-	\$	-
Negotiable CDs		740,000		-		740,000		-
FHLMC		250,000				-		250,000
Total	\$	1,086,394	\$	96,394	\$	740,000	\$	250,000

The weighted average maturity of investments is 1.30 years.

Interest Rate Risk: Interest rate risk arises as potential purchasers of debt securities will not agree to pay face value for those securities if interest rates subsequently increase. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to State law, the School District's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

Credit Risk: The U.S. Government money market mutual fund carries a rating of AAAm by Standard & Poor's. The School District's investments in federal agency securities were rated AA+ and Aaa by Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investor Services, respectively. The School District has no policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the School District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The federal agency securities are exposed to custodial credit risk in that they are uninsured, unregistered and held by the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the School District's name. The School District has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The School District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the School District at June 30, 2020:

Investment type	Car	rrying value	<u>% of Total</u>
Carrying Value:			
U.S. Government Money Market	\$	96,394	8.87
Negotiable CDs		740,000	68.12
FHLMC		250,000	23.01
Total	\$	1,086,394	100.00

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

D. Reconciliation of Cash to the Statement of Net Cash Position

The following is a reconciliation of cash as reported in the note above to cash as reported on the statement of net position as of June 30, 2020:

Cash per note	
Carrying amount of deposits	\$ 6,628,921
Investments	1,086,394
Cash on hand	 3,000
Total	\$ 7,718,315
Cash per statement of net cash position	
Governmental activities	\$ 7,718,315
Total	\$ 7,718,315

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the School District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the School District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property and public utility property located in the School District. Real property tax revenues received in calendar year 2020 represent the collection of calendar year 2019 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2020 were levied after April 1, 2019, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2019, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised fair value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established. Public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2020 represent the collection of calendar year 2019 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 31, 2019, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property taxes.

The School District receives property taxes from Hancock, Seneca and Wyandot counties. The County Auditors periodically advance to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the Counties by June 30, 2020, are available to finance fiscal year 2020 operations. The amount of second-half real property taxes available for advance at fiscal year-end can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES – (Continued)

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2020 taxes were collected are:

	2019 Second Half Collections	2020 First Half Collections		
	Amount Percent	Amount Percent		
Agricultural/residential and other real estate Public utility personal	\$ 53,239,320 96.65 <u>1,847,110</u> <u>3.35</u>	\$ 48,677,730 95.66 2,210,430 4.34		
Total	\$ 55,086,430 100.00	\$ 50,888,160 100.00		
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$39.90	\$41.39		

NOTE 7 - INCOME TAXES

The School District levies a voted tax of 1 percent for general operations on the income of residents and of estates. The tax was effective on January 1, 2006, for a five-year period. In May 2010, the voters renewed the 1 percent income tax for a continuing period. Employers of residents are required to withhold income tax on compensation and remit the tax to the State. Taxpayers are required to file an annual return. The State makes quarterly distributions to the School District after withholding amounts for administrative fees and estimated refunds. Income tax revenue is credited to the General Fund.

NOTE 8 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2020, the School District contracted for the following insurance coverage.

Coverage provided by the Schools of Ohio Risk Sharing Authority is as follows:

General School District Liability	
Per Occurrence	\$ 15,000,000
Total per Year	17,000,000
Automobile Liability	15,000,000
Buildings and Contents - replacement cost	

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years, and there has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the prior fiscal year.

For fiscal year 2020, the School District participated in the Schools of Ohio Risk Sharing Authority (SORSA), an insurance purchasing pool. Each participant enters into an individual agreement with SORSA for insurance coverage and pays annual premiums to SORSA based on the types and limits of coverage and deductibles selected by the participant.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 8 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)

The School District participates in Ohio SchoolComp, a Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool sponsored by the Ohio School Board Association (OSBA) and the Ohio Association of School Business Officials' (OASBO). The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the School District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other school districts in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Participant must apply annually. The GRP provides the participants with a centralized program for processing, analysis and management of workers' compensation claims and a risk management program to assist in developing safer work environments. Each participant must pay its premiums, enrollment or other fees, and perform its obligations in accordance with the terms of the agreement. The firm of CompManagement, Inc. provides administrative, cost control, and actuarial services to the GRP.

The School District participates in the Hancock County Schools Health Benefit Fund (Fund), a public entity shared risk pool consisting of seven local school districts, the Hancock County Educational Service Center, and the Blanchard Valley Board of Developmental Disabilities. The School District pays monthly premiums to the Fund for employee medical, dental, and vision insurance benefits. The Fund is responsible for the management and operations of the program. Upon withdrawal from the Fund, a participant is responsible for the payment of all Fund liabilities to its employees, dependents, and designated beneficiaries accruing as a result of withdrawal.

NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

Net Pension Liability

Pensions are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis— as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period.

The net pension liability represents the School District's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

The Ohio Revised Code limits the School District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The School District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, the School District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension.

GASB 68 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description - The School District non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multipleemployer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at <u>www.ohsers.org</u> under Employers/Audit Resources.

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to Retire on or before August 1, 2017 *	Eligible to Retire after August 1, 2017
Full benefits	Age 65 with 5 years of services credit: or Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially reduced benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit; or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

* Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017, will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service; 2.2% for the first thirty years of service and 2.5% for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

Effective January 1, 2018, SERS cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) changed from a fixed 3% annual increase to one based on the Consumer Price Index (CPI-W) with a cap of 2.5% and a floor of 0%. SERS also has the authority to award or suspend the COLA, or to adjust the COLA above or below CPI-W. SERS suspended the COLA increases for 2018, 2019 and 2020 for current retirees, and confirmed their intent to implement a four-year waiting period for the state of a COLA for future retirees.

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10% of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute 14% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10% for plan members and 14% for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 14.0%.

The School District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$71,059 for fiscal year 2020.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description - Licensed teachers participate in STRS Ohio, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS website at <u>www.strsoh.org</u>.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307. The DB Plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation will be 2.2% of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. Effective July 1, 2017, the cost-of-living adjustment was reduced to zero. Members are eligible to retire at age 60 with five years of qualifying service credit, or age 55 with 26 years of service, or 31 years of service regardless of age. Eligibility changes will be phased in until August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five years of service credit and age 65, or 35 years of service credit and at least age 60.

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 9.53% of the 14% employer contributions into an investment account. Investment allocation decisions are determined by the member. The remaining 4.47% of the 14% employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, 12% of the 14% member rate goes to the DC Plan and the remaining 2% is applied to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity after termination of employment at age 50 or later.

New members who choose the DC Plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. New members on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit to apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Funding Policy - Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. For fiscal year 2020, plan members were required to contribute 14% of their annual covered salary. The School District was required to contribute 14%; the entire 14% was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The fiscal year 2020 contribution rates were equal to the statutory maximum rates.

The School District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$159,698 for fiscal year 2020.

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the School District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities.

Following is information related to the proportionate share:

	Total
\$	3,008,818
_	\$

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2019, are presented below:

Wage inflation	3.00%
Future salary increases, including inflation	3.50% to 18.20%
COLA or ad hoc COLA	2.50%
Investment rate of return	7.50% net of investments expense, including inflation
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal (level percent of payroll)

For 2019, the mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five-year age set-back for both males and females. Mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries were based upon the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates. Mortality among disabled members was based upon the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2015.

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined using a buildingblock approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major assets class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	1.00 %	0.50 %
US Equity	22.50	4.75
International Equity	22.50	7.00
Fixed Income	19.00	1.50
Private Equity	10.00	8.00
Real Assets	15.00	5.00
Multi-Asset Strategies	10.00	3.00
Total	100.00 %	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Discount Rate - The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earning were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.50%). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.50%), or one percentage point higher (8.50%) than the current rate.

	Current					
	1% Decrease (6.50%)		Discount Rate (7.50%)		1% Increase (8.50%)	
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 1,166,696		\$	832,547	\$	552,321

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the July 1, 2019, actuarial valuation are presented below:

	July 1, 2019
Inflation	2.50%
Projected salary increases	12.50% at age 20 to
	2.50% at age 65
Investment rate of return	7.45%, net of investment
	expenses, including inflation
Payroll increases	3.00%
Cost-of-living adjustments	0.00%
(COLA)	

For the July 1, 2019, actuarial valuation, post-retirement mortality rates for healthy retirees are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50% of rates through age 69, 70% of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90% of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100% of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90% of rates for males and 100% of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2019, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

STRS Ohio's investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation*	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return **
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00 %	

*Target weights will be phased in over a 24-month period concluding on July 1, 2019.

**10-Year geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.45% as of June 30, 2019. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs of future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members, are not included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2019. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.45% was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2019.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following table presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.45%, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.45%) or one-percentage-point higher (8.45%) than the current rate:

	Current				
	19	% Decrease	D	iscount Rate	1% Increase
		(6.45%)		(7.45%)	(8.45%)
School District's proportionate					
share of the net pension liability	\$	3,180,378	\$	2,176,271	\$ 1,326,244

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS

Net OPEB Liability/Asset

OPEB is a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. OPEB are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period.

The net OPEB liability/asset represents the School District's proportionate share of each OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net OPEB liability/asset calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting these estimates annually.

The Ohio Revised Code limits the School District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The School District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which OPEB are financed; however, the School District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including OPEB.

GASB 75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because they benefit from employee services. OPEB contributions come from these employers and health care plan enrollees which pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. Any change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net OPEB liability/asset. Resulting adjustments to the net OPEB liability/asset would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Health Care Plan Description - The School District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 75 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. SERS' Health Care Plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of most types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage. In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree, are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of 65 and therefore enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board established the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14% of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For fiscal year 2020, SERS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2020, this amount was \$19,600. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2% of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5% of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2020, the School District's surcharge obligation was \$8,497.

The surcharge added to the allocated portion of the 14% employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The School District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$8,497 for fiscal year 2020.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued effective January 1, 2021. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy – Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Nearly all health care plan enrollees, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14% of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.

Net OPEB Liability/Asset

The net OPEB liability/asset was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total OPEB liability/asset used to calculate the net OPEB liability/asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School District's proportion of the net OPEB liability/asset was based on the School District's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share:

		SERS		STRS	 Total
Proportion of the net OPEB					
liability prior measurement date	0.0)1440900%	0.	00989905%	
Proportion of the net OPEB					
liability/asset current measurement date	0.0	01422090%	0.	00984097%	
Change in proportionate share	-0.0	00018810%	-0.	00005808%	
Proportionate share of the net					
OPEB liability	\$	357,626	\$	-	\$ 357,626
Proportionate share of the net					
OPEB asset	\$	-	\$	(162,990)	\$ (162,990)

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

The total OPEB liability is determined by SERS' actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2019, are presented below:

Wage inflation	3.00%
Future salary increases, including inflation	3.50% to 18.20%
Investment rate of return	7.50% net of investments
	expense, including inflation
Municipal bond index rate:	
Measurement date	3.13%
Prior measurement date	3.62%
Single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense,	
including price inflation:	
Measurement date	3.22%
Prior measurement date	3.70%
Medical trend assumption:	
Measurement date	
Medicare	5.25 to 4.75%
Pre-Medicare	7.00 to 4.75%
Prior measurement date	
Medicare	5.375 to 4.75%
Pre-Medicare	7.25 to 4.75%

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and Scale BB, 120% of male rates and 110% of female rates. RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table with 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates set back five years.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2015.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the actuarial five-year experience study. The most recent study covers fiscal years 2010 through 2015, and was adopted by the Board on April 21, 2016. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return, 7.50%, by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as used in the June 30, 2015 five-year experience study, are summarized as follows:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Cash	1.00 %	0.50 %
US Stocks	22.50	4.75
Non-US Stocks	22.50	7.00
Fixed Income	19.00	1.50
Private Equity	10.00	8.00
Real Assets	15.00	5.00
Multi-Asset Strategies	10.00	3.00
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2019 was 3.22%. The discount rate used to measure total OPEB liability prior to June 30, 2019 was 3.70%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and the System at the state statute contribution rate of 2.00% of projected covered employee payroll each year, which includes a 1.50% payroll surcharge and 0.50% of contributions from the basic benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make future benefit payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan assets was used to present value the projected benefit payments through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019 (i.e. municipal bond rate), was used to present value the projected benefit payments for the remaining years in the projection. A municipal bond rate of 3.62% was used as of June 30, 2018. The total present value of projected benefit payments from all years was then used to determine the single rate of return that was used as the discount rate. The projection of future benefit payments for all current plan members was until the benefit payments ran out.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates - The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate. The following table presents the net OPEB liability of SERS, what SERS' net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.22%) and higher (4.22%) than the current discount rate (3.22%). Also shown is what SERS' net OPEB liability would be based on health care cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (6.00% decreasing to 3.75%) and higher (8.00% decreasing to 5.75%) than the current rate.

	- / •	Decrease (2.22%)	Dis	Current count Rate (3.22%)	- /	6 Increase (4.22%)
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	434,090	\$	357,626	\$	296,828
	(6.0 %	Decrease 6 decreasing 0 3.75 %)	Tı (7.0 9	Current rend Rate % decreasing () 4.75 %)	(8.0 9	6 Increase 6 decreasing 9 5.75 %)
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	286,531	\$	357,626	\$	451,952

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the July 1, 2019, actuarial valuation, compared with July 1, 2018, are presented below:

	July	1, 2019	July 1	, 2018
Inflation	2.50%		2.50%	
Projected salary increases	12.50% at age 20	0 to	12.50% at age 20) to
	2.50% at age 65	i	2.50% at age 65	
Investment rate of return	7.45%, net of in	vestment	7.45%, net of inv	vestment
	expenses, inclu	ding inflation	expenses, inclu	ding inflation
Payroll increases	3.00%		3.00%	
Cost-of-living adjustments (COLA)	0.00%		0.00%	
Discounted rate of return	7.45%		7.45%	
Blended discount rate of return	N/A		N/A	
Health care cost trends				
	Initial	Ultimate	Initial	Ultimate
Medical				
Pre-Medicare	5.87%	4.00%	6.00%	4.00%
Medicare	4.93%	4.00%	5.00%	4.00%
Prescription Drug				
Pre-Medicare	7.73%	4.00%	8.00%	4.00%
Medicare	9.62%	4.00%	-5.23%	4.00%

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

For healthy retirees the mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50% of rates through age 69, 70% of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90% of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100% of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90% of rates for males and 100% of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

Assumption Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date - There were no changes in assumptions since the prior measurement date of June 30, 2018.

Benefit Term Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date – There was no change to the claims costs process. Claim curves were trended to the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020 to reflect the current price renewals. The subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was increased from 1.944% to 1.984% per year of service effective January 1, 2020. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2020. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1% for the Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed to January 1, 2021.

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation*	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return **
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00 %	

* Target weights will be phased in over a 24-month period concluding on July 1, 2019.

**10-Year geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB asset was 7.45% as of June 30, 2019. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes STRS Ohio continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on health care plan investments of 7.45% was used to measure the total OPEB asset as of June 30, 2019.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount and Health Care Cost Trend Rate - The following table represents the net OPEB asset as of June 30, 2019, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.45%, as well as what the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower 6.45%) or one percentage point higher (8.45%) than the current assumption. Also shown is the net OPEB asset as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates.

	- / •	Decrease (6.45%)	Dis	Current count Rate (7.45%)	- /	6 Increase (8.45%)
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	\$	139,080	\$	162,990	\$	183,093
	1%	Decrease		Current rend Rate	19	6 Increase
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	\$	184,823	\$	162,990	\$	136,250

NOTE 11 - OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

A. Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees earn ten to twenty days of vacation per fiscal year, depending upon length of service. Accumulated unused vacation time is paid to classified employees upon termination of employment. Teachers do not earn vacation time.

Teachers, administrators, and classified employees earn sick leave at a rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated up to a maximum of one hundred eighty-five days for teachers and one hundred eighty days for classified employees. Upon retirement, payment is made for one-fourth of accrued but unused sick leave credit up to a maximum of thirty days for all employees. Teachers receive an additional severance payment of up to thirty days for accumulated sick leave in excess of one-hundred eighty-five days.

B. Employee Insurance Benefits

The School District provides medical, dental, and vision insurance to all employees through the Hancock County Schools Health Benefit Fund. Depending upon the plan chosen, the employees share the cost of monthly premium with the Board. The premium varies with employee depending on the terms of the union contract.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 12 – LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

During the year ended June 30, 2020, the following changes occurred in the School District's long-term obligations:

	Balance Outstanding 06/30/19	Additions	Reductions	Balance Outstanding 06/30/20	Amounts Due in One Year
Governmental Activities: Lease Purchase Agreement		1,436,000		1,436,000	141,000
Total Governmental Activities	\$ -	\$ 1,436,000	\$	<u>\$ 1,436,000</u>	<u>\$ 141,000</u>

Lease-Purchase Agreement

During fiscal year 2020, the School District entered into a lease-purchase agreement with Robert W. Baird & Co. for the purpose of facilitating certain energy conservation measures and related improvements to school district facilities. The \$1,436,000 in proceeds are to be repaid over nine years with a final maturity of December 1, 2029 and an interest rate of 1.7%. Principal and interest payments related to this agreement are made from the general fund.

Principal and interest requirements to retire the lease-purchase obligation at June 30, 2020 follows:

Fiscal Year		Lease Purchase Agreement				
Ending June 30.	Princi	pal	Interest		Total	
2021	\$ 141	,000 \$	26,197	\$	167,197	
2022	134	,000	20,876		154,876	
2023	137	,000	18,573		155,573	
2024	139	,000	16,227		155,227	
2025	141	,000	13,847		154,847	
2026 - 2030	744	,000	32,046		776,046	
Total	<u>\$ 1,436</u>	<u>5,000</u> <u>\$</u>	127,766	\$	1,563,766	

NOTE 13 - SET-ASIDES

The School District is required by State law to annually set-aside certain general fund revenue amounts, as defined by statutory formula, for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at fiscal year-end. This amount must be carried forward to be used for the same purpose in future years. Expenditures exceeding the set-aside requirement may not be carried forward to the next fiscal year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 13 - SET-ASIDES - (Continued)

The following cash-basis information describes the change in the fiscal year-end set-aside amount for capital improvements. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	C	Capital
	<u>Impr</u>	ovements
Set-aside balance June 30, 2019	\$	-
Current year set-aside requirement		31,070
Current year offsets		(31,070)
Set-aside balance June 30, 2020	\$	

NOTE 14 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The School District received financial assistance from federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2020.

B. Litigation

There are currently no matters in litigation with the School District as defendant.

C. Foundation Funding

District Foundation funding is based on the annualized full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment of each student. Traditional Districts must comply with minimum hours of instruction, instead of a minimum number of school days each year. The funding formula the Ohio Department of Education (ODE) is legislatively required to follow will continue to adjust as enrollment information is updated by the School District, which can extend past the fiscal year-end. As of the date of this report, ODE has not finalized the impact of enrollment adjustments to the June 30, 2020. Foundation funding for the School District; therefore, the financial statement impact is not determinable at this time.

NOTE 15 - COMMITMENTS

The School District utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year end may be reported as part of restricted, committed, or assigned classifications of fund balance. At year end, the School District's commitments for encumbrances in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Year-End
Fund	Encumbrances
General fund	\$ 111,509
Other nonmajor governmental	1,077,648
Total	\$ 1,189,157

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 16 - SUBSEQUENT EVENT

A. COVID-19

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the ensuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the School District. The School District's investment portfolio and the investments of the pension and other employee benefit plans are subject to increased market volatility, which could result in a significant decline in fair value, consistent with the general decline in financial markets. However, because the values of individual investments fluctuate with market conditions, the amount of losses that will be recognized in subsequent periods, if any, cannot be determined. In addition, the impact on the School District's future operating costs, revenues, and any recovery from emergency funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Vanlue Local School District Hancock County 301 South East Street, P.O. Box 250 Vanlue, Ohio 45890-0250

Members of the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the cash-basis financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Vanlue Local School District, Hancock County, (the School District) as of and for the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 23, 2021, wherein we noted the School District uses a special purpose framework other than generally accepted accounting principles. We noted the School District adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities and noted the financial impact of COVID-19 and the ensuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the School District.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinion on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the School District's financial statements. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses may exist.

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Vanlue Local School District Hancock County Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by Government Auditing Standards Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the financial statements. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards* which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings as item 2021-001.

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

BHM CPA Group

BHM CPA Group Inc. Piketon, Ohio December 23, 2021

Vanlue Local School District Hancock County

Schedule of Findings June 30, 2021 and 2020

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

FINDING NUMBER 2021-001

Noncompliance Citation

Ohio Revised Code § 117.38 provides that each public office shall file a financial report for each fiscal year. The Auditor of State may prescribe forms by rule or may issue guidelines, or both, for such reports. If the Auditor of State has not prescribed a rule regarding the form for the report, the public office shall submit its report on the form utilized by the public office. Ohio Administrative Code § 117-2-03 further clarifies the requirements of Ohio Revised Code § 117.38.

Ohio Administrative Code § 117-2-03(B) requires the District to file annual financial reports which are prepared using generally accepted accounting principles. However, the District prepared its financial statements in accordance with the cash accounting basis which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. The accompanying financial statements and note omit assets, liabilities, fund equities, and disclosures that, while material, cannot be determined at this time.

The District should prepare its statement in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Vanlue Local School District Hancock County Schedule of Prior Audit Findings June 30, 2021 and 2020

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Fully Corrected?	Not Corrected, Partially Corrected; Significantly Different Corrective Action Taken; or Finding No Longer Valid; Explain:
2019-001	Material Non-Compliance: OAC 117-2-03(B) – failed to prepare financial statement using generally accepted accounting principals	No	Not Corrected. Reissued as finding 2021-001



VANLUE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

HANCOCK COUNTY

AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 2/8/2022

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370