WAYNESFIELD-GOSHEN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

AUGLAIZE COUNTY, OHIO

REGULAR AUDIT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022





88 East Broad Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 IPAReport@ohioauditor.gov (800) 282-0370

Board of Education Waynesfield-Goshen Local School District 500 North Westminster Street Waynesfield, Ohio 45896

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Waynesfield-Goshen Local School District, Auglaize County, prepared by Julian & Grube, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Waynesfield-Goshen Local School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

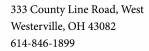
December 07, 2022



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Independent Auditor's Report

Waynesfield-Goshen Local School District Auglaize County 500 North Westminster Street Waynesfield, Ohio 45896

To the Board of Education:

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Waynesfield-Goshen Local School District, Auglaize County, Ohio, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Waynesfield-Goshen Local School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective cash basis financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Waynesfield-Goshen Local School District, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in cash-basis financial position and the budgetary comparison for the General fund for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with the cash basis of accounting described in Note 2.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Waynesfield-Goshen Local School District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter - Accounting Basis

Ohio Administrative Code § 117-2-03(B) requires the Waynesfield-Goshen Local School District to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We draw attention to Note 2 of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Emphasis of Matter – COVID-19

As discussed in Note 16 to the financial statements, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the Waynesfield-Goshen Local School District. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Waynesfield-Goshen Local School District Auglaize County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the cash basis of accounting described in Note 2, and for determining that the cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Waynesfield-Goshen Local School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Waynesfield-Goshen Local School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Waynesfield-Goshen Local School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Other Information

We applied no procedures to management's discussion & analysis as listed in the table of contents. Accordingly, we express no opinion or any other assurance on it.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Waynesfield-Goshen Local School District Auglaize County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

Julian & Sube, Elne.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 18, 2022, on our consideration of the Waynesfield-Goshen Local School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Waynesfield-Goshen Local School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Waynesfield-Goshen Local School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Julian & Grube, Inc.

November 18, 2022

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

The management's discussion and analysis of the Waynesfield-Goshen Local School District's (the "School District") financial performance provides an overall review of the School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2022. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the cash-basis financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2022 are as follows:

- The total net position of the School District increased \$116,262 or 1.96% from fiscal year 2021.
- General receipts accounted for \$6,852,363 or 80.42% of total governmental activities receipts. Program specific receipts accounted for \$1,668,847 or 19.58% of total governmental activities receipts.
- The School District had \$8,404,948 in disbursements related to governmental activities; \$1,668,847 of these disbursements were offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General receipts of \$6,852,363 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- The School District's major fund is the general fund. The general fund had total receipts of \$6,924,604 in fiscal year 2022. The disbursements and other financing uses of the general fund totaled \$6,964,433 in fiscal year 2022. The general fund's balance decreased \$39,829 or 0.82% from fiscal year 2021 to fiscal year 2022.

Using the Basic Financial Statements

This annual report is presented in a format consistent with the presentation requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, as applicable to the School District's cash basis of accounting.

The statement of net position - cash basis and statement of activities - cash basis provide information about the activities of the whole School District, presenting an aggregate view of the School District's cash basis finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the School District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the School District, the general fund is by far the most significant fund.

Basis of Accounting

The School District has elected to present its financial statements on a cash basis of accounting. This cash basis of accounting is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. The cash basis of accounting involves the measurement of cash and cash equivalents and changes in cash and cash equivalents resulting from cash receipt and disbursement transactions.

Essentially, the only assets reported on this strictly cash receipts and disbursement basis presentation in a statement of net position will be cash, cash equivalents and investments. The statement of activities reports cash receipts and disbursements, or in other words, the sources and uses of cash and cash equivalents. Therefore, when reviewing the financial information and discussion within this annual report, the reader should keep in mind the limitations resulting from the use of the cash basis of accounting.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Reporting the School District as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The statement of net position and statement of activities reflect how the School District did financially during fiscal year 2022, within the limitations of the cash basis of accounting. The statement of net position presents the cash balances and investments of the governmental type activities of the School District at the fiscal year end. The statement of activities compares cash disbursements with program receipts of each governmental program. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the program's goods or services and grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of the particular program. General receipts are all receipts not classified as program receipts. The comparison of cash disbursements with program receipts identifies how each governmental function draws from the School District's general receipts.

These statements report the School District's net cash position and the changes in cash position. Keeping in mind the limitations of the cash basis of accounting, you can think of these changes as one way to measure the School District's financial health. Over time, increases or decreases in the School District's cash position is one indicator of whether the School District's financial health is improving or deteriorating. When evaluating the School District's financial condition, you should also consider other nonfinancial factors as well such as the School District's property tax base, the condition of the School District's capital assets and infrastructure, the extent of the School District's debt obligations, the reliance on non-local financial resources for operations and the need for continued growth in the major local revenue sources such as property and income taxes.

In the statement of net position and statement of activities, the governmental activities include the School District's programs and services including instruction, support services, which include operation and maintenance and pupil transportation, extracurricular activities and food service operations.

Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the School District's major funds. The School District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the School District's most significant funds. The School District's major governmental fund is the general fund.

Governmental Funds

All of the School District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed view of the School District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be readily spent to finance various School District programs. The School District's significant governmental funds are presented on the financial statements in separate columns. The information for non-major funds (funds whose activity or balances are not large enough to warrant separate reporting) is combined and presented in a single column.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to fully understand the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

The School District as a Whole

The table below provides a summary of the School District's net position for fiscal years 2022 and 2021.

Net Position

	Governmental Activities 2022		Governmental Activities 2021	
<u>Assets</u>				
Equity in pooled cash and				
cash equivalents	\$	6,036,535	\$	5,920,273
Total assets	\$	6,036,535	\$	5,920,273
Net Cash Position				
Restricted	\$	1,219,815	\$	1,064,965
Unrestricted		4,816,720		4,855,308
Total net cash position	\$	6,036,535	\$	5,920,273

The total net position of the School District increased \$116,262, which represents a 1.96% increase from fiscal year 2021. The balance of government-wide unrestricted net position of \$4,816,720 may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

The table below shows the changes in net position for fiscal years 2022 and 2021.

Change in Net Position

	Governmental Activities 2022	Governmental Activities 2021	
Cash receipts:			
Program cash receipts:			
Charges for services and sales	\$ 314,188	\$ 732,588	
Operating grants and contributions	1,354,659	996,590	
Total program cash receipts	1,668,847	1,729,178	
General receipts:			
Property taxes	1,808,253	1,802,879	
Income tax	923,119	943,859	
Unrestricted grants	4,001,414	3,920,945	
Investment earnings	46,984	58,994	
Refunded bonds issued	-	1,928,933	
Other	72,593	25,103	
Total general receipts	6,852,363	8,680,713	
Total cash receipts	\$ 8,521,210	\$ 10,409,891	

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Change in Net Position (Continued)

	Governmental Activities 2022		Governmental Activities 2021	
Cash disbursements:				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$ 2,734,105	\$	2,611,488	
Special	1,249,600		1,017,763	
Vocational	237,389		172,808	
Other	46,042		401,543	
Support services:				
Pupil	275,115		229,558	
Instructional staff	574,486		914,883	
Board of education	22,200		16,895	
Administration	667,370		611,389	
Fiscal	277,192		278,625	
Business	42,163		44,972	
Operations and maintenance	932,671		1,013,890	
Pupil transporation	331,818		212,800	
Central	7,065		5,924	
Operation of non-instructional services:				
Food service operations	278,878		201,757	
Other non instructional services	6,199	-		
Extracurricular activities	460,785		343,070	
Facilities acquisition and construction	1,063		-	
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	235,815		185,000	
Interest and fiscal charges	24,992		41,950	
Bond issuance costs	-		52,250	
Payment to refunded bond escrow	 	_	2,456,683	
Total cash disbursements	 8,404,948	_	10,813,248	
Change in net cash position	116,262		(403,357)	
Net cash position at beginning of year	 5,920,273	_	6,323,630	
Net cash position at end of year	\$ 6,036,535	\$ 5,920,273		

Governmental Activities

Governmental assets increased by \$116,262 in fiscal year 2022 from fiscal year 2021. Total governmental disbursements of \$8,404,948 were offset by program receipts of \$1,668,847 and general receipts of \$6,852,363. Program receipts supported 19.86% of the total governmental disbursements.

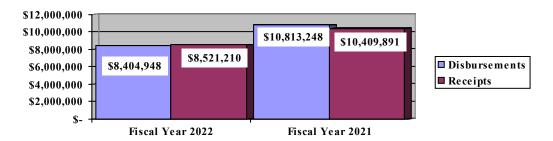
The primary sources of receipts for governmental activities are derived from property taxes, income taxes and grants and entitlements. These receipt sources represent 79.01% of total governmental receipts. Real estate property is reappraised every six years.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

The largest disbursement of the School District is for instructional programs. Instructional disbursements totaled \$4,267,136 or 50.77% of total governmental disbursements for fiscal year 2022.

The graph below presents the School District's governmental activities receipts and disbursements for fiscal years 2022 and 2021.

Governmental Activities - Total Receipts vs. Total Disbursements



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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants and contributions offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State grants and entitlements.

Governmental Activities

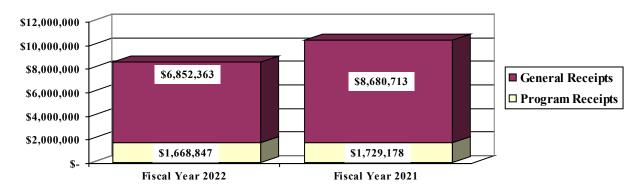
	Total Cost of Services 2022	Net Cost of Services Services 2022 2021		Net Cost of Services 2021
Cash disbursements:				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$ 2,734,105	\$ 2,542,323	\$ 2,611,488	\$ 1,937,686
Special	1,249,600	783,989	1,017,763	678,565
Vocational	237,389	223,130	172,808	131,600
Other	46,042	46,042	401,543	401,543
Support services:				
Pupil	275,115	66,945	229,558	149,015
Instructional staff	574,486	372,385	914,883	726,917
Board of education	22,200	22,200	16,895	16,895
Administration	667,370	666,352	611,389	611,389
Fiscal	277,192	277,176	278,625	278,625
Business	42,163	42,163	44,972	38,973
Operations and maintenance	932,671	873,553	1,013,890	882,844
Pupil transportation	331,818	295,634	212,800	198,208
Central	7,065	7,065	5,924	5,924
Operation of non-instructional services:				
Other non instructional services	6,199	(109)	-	-
Food service operations	278,878	(49,331)	201,757	42,910
Extracurricular activities	460,785	304,714	343,070	247,093
Facilities acquisition and construction	1,063	1,063	-	-
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	235,815	235,815	185,000	185,000
Interest and fiscal charges	24,992	24,992	41,950	41,950
Bond issuance costs	-	-	52,250	52,250
Payment to refunded bond escrow			2,456,683	2,456,683
Total	\$ 8,404,948	\$ 6,736,101	\$ 10,813,248	\$ 9,084,070

The dependence upon general receipts for instructional activities is apparent; with 84.26% of disbursements supported through taxes and other general receipts during fiscal year 2022. For all governmental activities, general receipts support is 80.14%. The School District's taxpayers and unrestricted grants and entitlements from the State of Ohio, are the primary support of the School District's students.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

The graph below presents the School District's governmental activities receipts for fiscal year 2022 and 2021.

Governmental Activities - General and Program Receipts



The School District's Funds

The School District's governmental funds reported a combined fund cash balance of \$6,036,535, which is \$116,262 more than last year's total of \$5,920,273. The schedule below indicates the fund cash balance and the total change in fund cash balance as of June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021, for all major and nonmajor governmental funds.

	Fund Cash Balance <u>June 30, 2022</u>	Fund Cash Balance June 30, 2021	Increase (decrease)	
General Other governmental funds	\$ 4,807,504 1,229,031	\$ 4,847,333 	\$ (39,829) 156,091	
Total	\$ 6,036,535	\$ 5,920,273	\$ 116,262	

General Fund

The general fund, the School District's only major fund, had total receipts of \$6,924,604 in fiscal year 2022. The disbursements and other financing uses of the general fund totaled \$6,964,433 in fiscal year 2022. The general fund's balance decreased \$39,829 or 0.82% from fiscal year 2021 to fiscal year 2022.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

The table that follows assists in illustrating the receipts of the general fund.

	2022	2021	Percentage	
	Amount	Amount	Change	
Receipts:				
Taxes	\$ 2,295,364	\$ 2,309,055	(0.59) %	
Tuition and fees	125,948	616,940	(79.59) %	
Earnings on investments	46,984	58,994	(20.36) %	
Other local revenues	92,617	40,910	126.39 %	
Intergovernmental	4,363,691	4,046,424	7.84 %	
Total	\$ 6,924,604	\$ 7,072,323	(2.09) %	

Earnings on investments decreased due to lower interest rates on investments. Intergovernmental increased and tuition revenue decreased due to changes in the State funding model. Other local revenues increased primarily due to an increase in contributions and miscellaneous receipts. All other revenue remained comparable to fiscal year 2021.

The table that follows assists in illustrating the disbursements of the general fund.

		2022	2021 Amount		Percentage <u>Change</u>	
	_	Amount				
<u>Disbursements</u>						
Instruction	\$	3,909,248	\$	3,959,173	(1.26) %)
Support services		2,720,694		2,662,430	2.19 %)
Extracurricular		325,928		258,062	26.30 %)
Facilities acquisition and construction	_	1,063		<u>-</u>	100.00 %)
Total	\$	6,956,933	\$	6,879,665	1.12 %	

Disbursements decreased by \$77,268 or 1.12%. This is primarily a result of the School District utilizing grant funding in nonmajor governmental funds for expenses that had been paid by the General fund in fiscal year 2021.

Budgeting Highlights - General Fund

The School District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

For the general fund, actual receipts and other financing sources of \$7,093,534 were more than final budgeted receipts and other financing sources by \$2,790. The final budgeted disbursements and other financing uses of \$7,602,324 were \$847,259 less than original budgeted disbursements and other financing uses of \$8,449,583. The actual disbursements and other financing uses of \$7,128,720 were \$473,604 less than the final budgeted disbursements and other financing uses.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The School District does not record capital assets in the accompanying cash basis basic financial statements, but records payments for capital assets as disbursements; however, the School District does track its capital assets through an excel spreadsheet.

Debt Administration

The School District had the following long-term obligations outstanding at June 30, 2022 and 2021:

	Governmental Activities	Governmental Activities 2021
2021 School facilities refunding bonds	\$ 1,693,118	\$ 1,928,933
Total long-term obligations	\$ 1,693,118	\$ 1,928,933

For further information regarding the School District's debt, refer to Note 11 to the financial statements.

Current Financial Related Activities

Waynesfield is a small rural community of 820 people in northwest Ohio. It has a number of small and medium businesses with agriculture having a contributing influence on the economy.

Over fifty-eight percent of the School District's general fund revenue is received from the State. Therefore, the School District must continually be aware of any changes that are being introduced into the funding calculations in order to plan carefully to meet the needs of students now and in the future.

The administration will continue to provide a quality education for all students in the most cost efficient way possible.

Contacting the School District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Ms. Tonia Hovest, Treasurer, Waynesfield-Goshen Local School District, 500 North Westminster Street, Waynesfield, Ohio 45896.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - CASH BASIS JUNE 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities		
Assets:			
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$ 6,036,535		
Total assets	6,036,535		
Net cash position:			
Restricted for:			
Capital projects	226,588		
Classroom facilities maintenance	298,181		
Debt service	575,104		
Federally funded programs	5,705		
Food service operations	49,334		
Student activities	64,903		
Unrestricted	4,816,720		
Total net cash position	\$ 6,036,535		

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - CASH BASIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Net (Cash (Disbursements) Cash Receipts and Change in

			Program Cash Receipts			and Change in Net Cash Position		
	Cash		Ch	arges for		ating Grants	Governmental	
	Dis	sbursements		es and Sales		Contributions		Activities
Governmental activities:								
Instruction:								
Regular	\$	2,734,105	\$	119,735	\$	72,047	\$	(2,542,323)
Special		1,249,600		6,442		459,169		(783,989)
Vocational		237,389		-		14,259		(223,130)
Other		46,042		-		-		(46,042)
Support services:								
Pupil		275,115		-		208,170		(66,945)
Instructional staff		574,486		-		202,101		(372,385)
Board of education		22,200		-		-		(22,200)
Administration		667,370		-		1,018		(666,352)
Fiscal		277,192		2		14		(277,176)
Business		42,163		-		-		(42,163)
Operations and maintenance		932,671		-		59,118		(873,553)
Pupil transportation		331,818		-		36,184		(295,634)
Central		7,065		-		-		(7,065)
Operation of non-instructional								
services:								
Food service operations		278,878		38,316		289,893		49,331
Other non-instructional services		6,199		-		6,308		109
Extracurricular activities		460,785		149,693		6,378		(304,714)
Facilities acquisition and construction		1,063		-		-		(1,063)
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		235,815		-		-		(235,815)
Interest and fiscal charges		24,992				<u>-</u>		(24,992)
Total governmental activities	\$	8,404,948	\$	314,188	\$	1,354,659		(6,736,101)
			Properting General Debt Capit School Income General Grants to specific to specific Miscel	al receipts: ty taxes levied for ral purposes service tal outlay of facilities e taxes levied for ral purposes and entitlement cific programs ment earnings laneous eneral receipts	r:	tricted		1,372,245 203,988 213,541 18,479 923,119 4,001,414 46,984 72,593 6,852,363
			Change	e in net cash pos	sition			116,262
			Net ca	sh position at b	eginning	g of year		5,920,273
			Net ca	sh position at e	nd of ye	ar	\$	6,036,535

STATEMENT OF CASH BASIS ASSETS AND FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS ${\tt JUNE~30,~2022}$

	General	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
Assets:	 				
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,807,504	\$	1,229,031	\$	6,036,535
Total assets	\$ 4,807,504	\$	1,229,031	\$	6,036,535
Fund cash balances:					
Restricted:					
Debt service	\$ -	\$	575,104	\$	575,104
Capital improvements	-		226,588		226,588
Classroom facilities maintenance	-		298,181		298,181
Food service operations	-		49,334		49,334
Federally funded programs	-		5,705		5,705
Extracurricular	-		64,903		64,903
Committed:					
Other purposes	-		10,163		10,163
Assigned:					
Student and staff support	26,413		-		26,413
Subsequent year's appropriations	2,234,433		-		2,234,433
Unassigned (deficit)	 2,546,658		(947)		2,545,711
Total fund cash balances	\$ 4,807,504	\$	1,229,031	\$	6,036,535

STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		General		onmajor vernmental Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
Cash receipts:						
Property taxes	\$	1,372,245	\$	436,008	\$	1,808,253
Income taxes		923,119		-		923,119
Intergovernmental		4,363,691		982,624		5,346,315
Investment earnings		46,984		119		47,103
Tuition and fees		125,948		-		125,948
Extracurricular		20,024		129,898		149,922
Charges for services		_		38,318		38,318
Contributions and donations		11,861		6,905		18,766
Miscellaneous		60,732		2,734		63,466
Total receipts		6,924,604		1,596,606		8,521,210
Cash disbursements: Current:						
Instruction:						
Regular		2,641,500		92,605		2,734,105
Special		985,317		264,283		1,249,600
Vocational		236,389		1,000		237,389
Other		46,042		-		46,042
Support services:						
Pupil		247,612		27,503		275,115
Instructional staff		349,981		224,505		574,486
Board of education		22,200		-		22,200
Administration		666,370		1,000		667,370
Fiscal		267,242		9,950		277,192
Business		42,163		-		42,163
Operations and maintenance		789,993		142,678		932,671
Pupil transportation		328,068		3,750		331,818
Central		7,065		-		7,065
Operation of non-instructional services:						
Food service operations		-		278,878		278,878
Other non-instructional services		-		6,199		6,199
Extracurricular activities		325,928		134,857		460,785
Facilities acquisition and construction		1,063		-		1,063
Debt service:						
Principal retirement		-		235,815		235,815
Interest and fiscal charges		-		24,992		24,992
Total disbursements	-	6,956,933		1,448,015		8,404,948
Excess of cash receipts over (under)						
cash disbursements		(32,329)		148,591		116,262
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in		_		7,500		7,500
Transfers (out)		(7,500)				(7,500)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(7,500)		7,500		-
Net change in fund cash balances		(39,829)		156,091		116,262
Fund cash balances at beginning of year		4,847,333		1,072,940		5,920,273
Fund cash balances at end of year	\$	4,807,504	\$	1,229,031	\$	6,036,535
variable at the Oi jett	Ψ	.,007,001	¥	1,22,001	Ψ	0,000,000

STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Budgetary basis receipts: Topical part of the property taxes Income taxes \$1,352,196 \$1,372,245 \$1,372,245 \$2,372,245 \$3,372,245		Budgeted Amounts					Variance with Final Budget Positive			
Property taxes			Original		Final		Actual			
Incente taxes										
Intergovernmental	1 2	\$		\$		\$		\$	-	
Investment earnings			,		,		,		-	
Tuition and fees 530,000 125,798 125,948 150 Contributions and donations 2,000 7,114 7,114 - Miscellaneous 10,000 58,551 58,551 - Total budgetary basis receipts 6,917,659 6,894,862 6,897,652 2,790 Budgetary basis disbursements: Current: Instruction: 8 2,984,804 2,837,382 147,422 Special 1,103,027 992,424 985,317 7,107 Vocational 277,183 249,389 236,389 13,000 Other 51,173 46,042 46,042 - Support services: 278,448 250,527 247,612 2,915 Instructional staff 428,201 385,264 349,891 35,283 Board of education 26,113 23,495 22,200 1,295 Administration 741,052 666,745 666,370 375 Fiscal 380,226 342,100 267,242 7			, ,						2 (10	
Contributions and donations 2,000 7,114 7,114 Miscellaneous 10,000 58,551 58,551 2,790 Budgetary basis disbursements: Current: Instruction: Regular 3,317,452 2,984,804 2,837,382 147,422 Special 1,103,027 992,424 985,317 7,107 Vocational 277,183 249,389 236,389 13,000 Other 51,173 46,042 46,042 - Support services:	•						,			
Miscellaneous 10,000 58,551 58,551 - Total budgetary basis receipts 6,917,659 6,894,862 6,897,652 2,790 Budgetary basis disbursements Current: Instruction: Regular 3,317,452 2,984,804 2,837,382 147,422 Special 1,103,027 992,424 985,317 7,107 Vocational 277,183 249,389 236,389 13,000 Other 51,173 46,042 46,042 - Support services: 2 2 294,849 236,389 13,000 Other 51,173 46,042 46,042 - Support services: 2 2 247,612 2,915 Instructional staff 428,201 385,264 349,818 35,283 Board of education 26,113 23,495 22,200 1,295 Administration 74,052 666,745 666,370 375 Fiscal 380,226 342			,		· ·				150	
Rougetary basis disbursements: Current:			,						-	
Budgetary basis disbursements: Current: Instruction:									2.700	
Current: Instruction: Regular 3,317,452 2,984,804 2,837,382 147,422 Special 1,103,027 992,424 985,317 7,107 Vocational 277,183 249,389 236,389 13,000 Other 51,173 46,042 46,042	Total budgetary basis receipts	-	6,917,659	-	6,894,862	-	6,897,652		2,790	
Regular 3,317,452 2,984,804 2,837,382 147,422 Special 1,103,027 992,424 985,317 7,107 Vocational 277,183 249,389 236,389 13,000 Other 51,173 46,042 46,042 - Support services: *** *** *** Pupil 278,448 250,527 247,612 2,915 Instructional staff 428,201 385,264 349,981 35,283 Board of education 26,113 23,495 22,200 1,295 Administration 741,052 666,745 666,370 375 Fiscal 380,226 342,100 267,242 74,858 Business 47,627 42,851 42,163 688 Operations and maintenance 1,023,423 920,802 789,993 130,809 Pupil transportation 369,912 332,820 328,068 4,752 Central 7,852 7,065 7,065 - Operation	- ·									
Special 1,103,027 992,424 985,317 7,107 Vocational 277,183 249,389 236,389 13,000 Other 51,173 46,042 46,042 - Support services: Pupil 278,448 250,527 247,612 2,915 Instructional staff 428,201 385,264 349,981 35,283 Board of education 26,113 23,495 22,200 1,295 Administration 741,052 666,745 666,370 375 Fiscal 380,226 342,100 267,242 74,858 Business 47,627 42,851 42,163 688 Operations and maintenance 1,023,423 920,802 789,993 130,809 Pupil transportation 369,912 332,820 328,068 4,752 Central 7,852 7,065 7,065 - Operation of non-instructional services: 837,136 294,333 294,333 - Exit accurricular activities 327,136 <td< td=""><td>Instruction:</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	Instruction:									
Vocational Other 277,183 249,389 236,389 13,000 Other Support services: 51,173 46,042 46,042 - Support services: 278,448 250,527 247,612 2,915 Instructional staff 428,201 385,264 349,981 35,283 Board of education 26,113 23,495 22,200 1,295 Administration 741,052 666,745 666,370 375 Fiscal 380,226 342,100 267,242 74,858 Business 47,627 42,851 42,163 688 Operations and maintenance 1,033,423 920,802 789,993 130,809 Pupil transportation 369,912 332,820 328,068 4,752 Central 7,852 7,065 7,065 - Operation of non-instructional services: 28 294,333 294,333 294,333 - Extracurricular activities 327,136 294,333 294,333 - - Facilities acquis	Regular		3,317,452		2,984,804		2,837,382		147,422	
Other 51,173 46,042 40,042 - Support services: 8 278,448 250,527 247,612 2,915 Instructional staff 428,201 385,264 349,981 35,283 Board of education 26,113 23,495 22,200 1,295 Administration 741,052 666,745 666,370 375 Fiscal 380,226 342,100 267,242 74,858 Business 47,627 42,851 42,163 688 Operations and maintenance 1,023,423 920,802 789,993 130,809 Pupil transportation 369,912 332,820 328,068 4,752 Central 7,852 7,065 7,065 - Operation of non-instructional services: Extracurricular activities 327,136 294,333 294,333 - Excilities acquisition and construction 6,850 6,163 1,063 5,100 Total budgetary basis disbursements 20,000 195,882 195,882 -	Special		1,103,027		992,424		985,317		7,107	
Support services: Pupil	Vocational		277,183		249,389		236,389		13,000	
Pupil Instructional staff 278,448 250,527 247,612 2,915 Instructional staff 428,201 385,264 349,981 35,283 Board of education 26,113 23,495 22,200 1,295 Administration 741,052 666,745 666,370 375 Fiscal 380,226 342,100 267,242 74,858 Business 47,627 42,851 42,163 688 Operations and maintenance 1,023,423 920,802 789,993 130,809 Pupil transportation 369,912 332,820 328,068 4,752 Central 7,852 7,065 7,065 - Operation of non-instructional services: 837,136 294,333 294,333 - Extracurricular activities 327,136 294,333 294,333 - Facilities acquisition and construction 6,850 6,163 1,063 5,100 Total budgetary basis disbursements 8,385,675 7,544,824 7,121,220 423,604 <td colsp<="" td=""><td>Other</td><td></td><td>51,173</td><td></td><td>46,042</td><td></td><td>46,042</td><td></td><td>-</td></td>	<td>Other</td> <td></td> <td>51,173</td> <td></td> <td>46,042</td> <td></td> <td>46,042</td> <td></td> <td>-</td>	Other		51,173		46,042		46,042		-
Instructional staff 428,201 385,264 349,981 35,283 Board of education 26,113 23,495 22,200 1,295 Administration 741,052 666,745 666,370 375 Fiscal 380,226 342,100 267,242 74,858 Business 47,627 42,851 42,163 688 Operations and maintenance 1,023,423 920,802 789,993 130,809 Pupil transportation 369,912 332,820 328,068 4,752 Central 7,852 7,065 7,065 7 Operation of non-instructional services: 2 7,065 7,065 7 Extracurricular activities 327,136 294,333 294,333 5 Facilities acquisition and construction 6,850 6,163 1,063 5,100 Total budgetary basis disbursements 8,385,675 7,544,824 7,121,220 423,604 Excess of budgetary basis disbursements over budgetary basis receipts (1,468,016) (649,962) (223,568) 426,3	**									
Board of education 26,113 23,495 22,200 1,295 Administration 741,052 666,745 666,370 375 Fiscal 380,226 342,100 267,242 74,858 Business 47,627 42,851 42,163 688 Operations and maintenance 1,023,423 290,802 789,993 130,809 Pupil transportation 369,912 332,820 328,068 4,752 Central 7,852 7,065 7,065 - Operation of non-instructional services: Extracurricular activities 327,136 294,333 294,333 - Facilities acquisition and construction 6,850 6,163 1,063 5,100 Total budgetary basis disbursements 8,385,675 7,544,824 7,121,220 423,604 Excess of budgetary basis receipts (1,468,016) (649,962) (223,568) 426,394 Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year's disbursements 20,000 195,882 195,882 - Transfer	1				· ·					
Administration 741,052 666,745 666,370 375 Fiscal 380,226 342,100 267,242 74,858 Business 47,627 42,851 42,163 688 Operations and maintenance 1,023,423 920,802 789,993 130,809 Pupil transportation 369,912 332,820 328,068 4,752 Central 7,852 7,065 7,065 - Operation of non-instructional services: Extracurricular activities 327,136 294,333 294,333 - Excilities acquisition and construction 6,850 6,163 1,063 5,100 Total budgetary basis disbursements 8,385,675 7,544,824 7,121,220 423,604 Excess of budgetary basis disbursements over budgetary basis receipts (1,468,016) (649,962) (223,568) 426,394 Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year's disbursements 20,000 195,882 195,882 - Transfers (out) (8,336) (7,500) (7,500) - <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>										
Fiscal 380,226 342,100 267,242 74,858 Business 47,627 42,851 42,163 688 Operations and maintenance 1,023,423 920,802 789,993 130,809 Pupil transportation 369,912 332,820 328,068 4,752 Central 7,852 7,065 7,065 7 Operation of non-instructional services: Extracurricular activities 327,136 294,333 294,333 2 Extracurricular activities 327,136 294,333 294,333 - Facilities acquisition and construction 6,850 6,163 1,063 5,100 Total budgetary basis disbursements 8,385,675 7,544,824 7,121,220 423,604 Excess of budgetary basis receipts (1,468,016) (649,962) (223,568) 426,394 Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year's disbursements 20,000 195,882 195,882 - Transfers (out) (8,336) (7,500) (7,500) - 50,000							,			
Business 47,627 42,851 42,163 688 Operations and maintenance 1,023,423 920,802 789,993 130,809 Pupil transportation 369,912 332,820 328,068 4,752 Central 7,852 7,065 7,065 - Operation of non-instructional services: Extracurricular activities 327,136 294,333 294,333 - Facilities acquisition and construction 6,850 6,163 1,063 5,100 Total budgetary basis disbursements 8,385,675 7,544,824 7,121,220 423,604 Excess of budgetary basis disbursements over budgetary basis receipts (1,468,016) (649,962) (223,568) 426,394 Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year's disbursements 20,000 195,882 195,882 - Transfers (out) (8,336) (7,500) (7,500) - Other financing uses (55,572) (50,000) - 50,000 Total other financing sources (uses) (43,908) 138,382 188,382 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>										
Operations and maintenance 1,023,423 920,802 789,993 130,809 Pupil transportation 369,912 332,820 328,068 4,752 Central 7,852 7,065 7,065 - Operation of non-instructional services: Extracurricular activities 327,136 294,333 294,333 - Excilities acquisition and construction 6,850 6,163 1,063 5,100 Total budgetary basis disbursements 8,385,675 7,544,824 7,121,220 423,604 Excess of budgetary basis receipts (1,468,016) (649,962) (223,568) 426,394 Other financing sources (uses): 20,000 195,882 195,882 - Refund of prior year's disbursements 20,000 195,882 195,882 - Transfers (out) (8,336) (7,500) (7,500) - Other financing uses (55,572) (50,000) - 50,000 Total other financing sources (uses) (43,908) 138,382 188,382 50,000 Net change in fund balance							,			
Pupil transportation 369,912 332,820 328,068 4,752 Central 7,852 7,065 7,065 - Operation of non-instructional services: Extracurricular activities 327,136 294,333 294,333 - Facilities acquisition and construction 6,850 6,163 1,063 5,100 Total budgetary basis disbursements 8,385,675 7,544,824 7,121,220 423,604 Excess of budgetary basis receipts (1,468,016) (649,962) (223,568) 426,394 Other financing sources (uses): 8,336 (7,500) (7,500) - Refund of prior year's disbursements 20,000 195,882 195,882 - Transfers (out) (8,336) (7,500) (7,500) - Other financing uses (55,572) (50,000) - 50,000 Total other financing sources (uses) (43,908) 138,382 188,382 50,000 Net change in fund balance (1,511,924) (511,580) (35,186) 476,394 Fund cash balance at beginnin			,		· ·					
Central 7,852 7,065 7,065 - Operation of non-instructional services: 327,136 294,333 294,333 - Extracurricular activities 327,136 294,333 294,333 - Facilities acquisition and construction 6,850 6,163 1,063 5,100 Total budgetary basis disbursements 8,385,675 7,544,824 7,121,220 423,604 Excess of budgetary basis disbursements over budgetary basis receipts (1,468,016) (649,962) (223,568) 426,394 Other financing sources (uses): 20,000 195,882 195,882 - Transfers (out) (8,336) (7,500) (7,500) - Other financing uses (55,572) (50,000) - 50,000 Total other financing sources (uses) (43,908) 138,382 188,382 50,000 Net change in fund balance (1,511,924) (511,580) (35,186) 476,394 Fund cash balance at beginning of year 4,632,556 4,632,556 4,632,556 - Prior year encumbrances ap	•				· ·				,	
Operation of non-instructional services: Extracurricular activities 327,136 294,333 294,333 - Facilities acquisition and construction 6,850 6,163 1,063 5,100 Total budgetary basis disbursements 8,385,675 7,544,824 7,121,220 423,604 Excess of budgetary basis disbursements over budgetary basis receipts (1,468,016) (649,962) (223,568) 426,394 Other financing sources (uses): 8,336 (7,500) (7,500) - Refund of prior year's disbursements 20,000 195,882 195,882 - Transfers (out) (8,336) (7,500) (7,500) - Other financing uses (55,572) (50,000) - 50,000 Total other financing sources (uses) (43,908) 138,382 188,382 50,000 Net change in fund balance (1,511,924) (511,580) (35,186) 476,394 Fund cash balance at beginning of year 4,632,556 4,632,556 4,632,556 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 183,721									4,752	
Extracurricular activities 327,136 294,333 294,333 - Facilities acquisition and construction 6,850 6,163 1,063 5,100 Total budgetary basis disbursements 8,385,675 7,544,824 7,121,220 423,604 Excess of budgetary basis disbursements over budgetary basis receipts (1,468,016) (649,962) (223,568) 426,394 Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year's disbursements 20,000 195,882 195,882 - Transfers (out) (8,336) (7,500) (7,500) - Other financing uses (55,572) (50,000) - 50,000 Total other financing sources (uses) (43,908) 138,382 188,382 50,000 Net change in fund balance (1,511,924) (511,580) (35,186) 476,394 Fund cash balance at beginning of year 4,632,556 4,632,556 4,632,556 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 183,721 183,721 183,721 -			7,852		7,065		7,065		-	
Facilities acquisition and construction 6,850 6,163 1,063 5,100 Total budgetary basis disbursements 8,385,675 7,544,824 7,121,220 423,604 Excess of budgetary basis disbursements over budgetary basis receipts (1,468,016) (649,962) (223,568) 426,394 Other financing sources (uses): 8,336 (7,500) (7,500) 7,500) 7,5000 7,5000 7,5000 7,5000 7,50000 7,500,00			227.126		204 222		204 222			
Total budgetary basis disbursements 8,385,675 7,544,824 7,121,220 423,604 Excess of budgetary basis disbursements over budgetary basis receipts (1,468,016) (649,962) (223,568) 426,394 Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year's disbursements 20,000 195,882 195,882 - Transfers (out) (8,336) (7,500) (7,500) - Other financing uses (55,572) (50,000) - 50,000 Total other financing sources (uses) (43,908) 138,382 188,382 50,000 Net change in fund balance (1,511,924) (511,580) (35,186) 476,394 Fund cash balance at beginning of year 4,632,556 4,632,556 4,632,556 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 183,721 183,721 183,721 -			,						5 100	
Excess of budgetary basis disbursements over budgetary basis receipts (1,468,016) (649,962) (223,568) 426,394 Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year's disbursements 20,000 195,882 195,882 - Transfers (out) (8,336) (7,500) (7,500) - Other financing uses (55,572) (50,000) - 50,000 Total other financing sources (uses) (43,908) 138,382 188,382 50,000 Net change in fund balance (1,511,924) (511,580) (35,186) 476,394 Fund cash balance at beginning of year 4,632,556 4,632,556 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 183,721 183,721 -	<u>*</u>									
Other financing sources (uses): 20,000 195,882 195,882 - Transfers (out) (8,336) (7,500) (7,500) - Other financing uses (55,572) (50,000) - 50,000 Total other financing sources (uses) (43,908) 138,382 188,382 50,000 Net change in fund balance (1,511,924) (511,580) (35,186) 476,394 Fund cash balance at beginning of year 4,632,556 4,632,556 4,632,556 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 183,721 183,721 183,721 -	Total budgetary basis disbursements	-	8,383,073	-	7,344,824		7,121,220		423,004	
Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year's disbursements 20,000 195,882 195,882 - Transfers (out) (8,336) (7,500) (7,500) - Other financing uses (55,572) (50,000) - 50,000 Total other financing sources (uses) (43,908) 138,382 188,382 50,000 Net change in fund balance (1,511,924) (511,580) (35,186) 476,394 Fund cash balance at beginning of year 4,632,556 4,632,556 4,632,556 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 183,721 183,721 183,721 -	Excess of budgetary basis disbursements									
Refund of prior year's disbursements 20,000 195,882 195,882 - Transfers (out) (8,336) (7,500) (7,500) - Other financing uses (55,572) (50,000) - 50,000 Total other financing sources (uses) (43,908) 138,382 188,382 50,000 Net change in fund balance (1,511,924) (511,580) (35,186) 476,394 Fund cash balance at beginning of year 4,632,556 4,632,556 4,632,556 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 183,721 183,721 183,721 -	over budgetary basis receipts		(1,468,016)		(649,962)		(223,568)		426,394	
Transfers (out) (8,336) (7,500) (7,500) - Other financing uses (55,572) (50,000) - 50,000 Total other financing sources (uses) (43,908) 138,382 188,382 50,000 Net change in fund balance (1,511,924) (511,580) (35,186) 476,394 Fund cash balance at beginning of year 4,632,556 4,632,556 4,632,556 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 183,721 183,721 183,721 -	Other financing sources (uses):									
Other financing uses (55,572) (50,000) - 50,000 Total other financing sources (uses) (43,908) 138,382 188,382 50,000 Net change in fund balance (1,511,924) (511,580) (35,186) 476,394 Fund cash balance at beginning of year 4,632,556 4,632,556 4,632,556 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 183,721 183,721 183,721 -	Refund of prior year's disbursements		20,000		195,882		195,882		-	
Total other financing sources (uses) (43,908) 138,382 188,382 50,000 Net change in fund balance (1,511,924) (511,580) (35,186) 476,394 Fund cash balance at beginning of year Prior year encumbrances appropriated 4,632,556 4,632,556 4,632,556 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 183,721 183,721 183,721 -	Transfers (out)		(8,336)		(7,500)		(7,500)		-	
Net change in fund balance (1,511,924) (511,580) (35,186) 476,394 Fund cash balance at beginning of year 4,632,556 4,632,556 4,632,556 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 183,721 183,721 183,721 -			(55,572)		(50,000)		-		50,000	
Fund cash balance at beginning of year 4,632,556 4,632,556 4,632,556 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 183,721 183,721 183,721 -	Total other financing sources (uses)		(43,908)		138,382		188,382		50,000	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated 183,721 183,721 183,721 -	Net change in fund balance		(1,511,924)		(511,580)		(35,186)		476,394	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated 183,721 183,721 183,721 -	Fund cash balance at beginning of year		4,632,556		4,632,556		4,632,556		-	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	9 9 •								_	
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	\$		\$		\$		\$	476,394	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

Waynesfield-Goshen Local School District (the "School District") is organized under Article VI, Sections 2 and 3 of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. The School District operates under a locally elected Board form of government consisting of five members elected at-large for staggered four-year terms. The School District provides educational services as authorized by State statute and/or federal guidelines.

The School District was established during 1958 through the consolidation of existing land areas and school districts. The School District serves an area of approximately ninety-four square miles. It is located in Allen, Auglaize, and Logan Counties, and includes all of the Village of Waynesfield, and Wayne and Goshen Townships, and parts of Union and Clay Townships.

During fiscal year 2022, the School District was staffed by 30 non-certified employees, 42 certified teaching personnel and 11 administrators who provided services to 441 students and other community members.

Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units" and GASB Statement No. 61, "The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34". The reporting entity is composed of the primary government and component units. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For the School District, this includes general operations and student related activities of the School District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organization's Governing Board and (1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the School District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or (3) the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Certain organizations are also included as component units if the nature and significance of the relationship between the primary government and the organization is such that exclusion by the primary government would render the primary government's financial statements incomplete or misleading. Based upon the application of these criteria, the School District (the primary government).

The School District is associated with five jointly governed organizations and three public entity risk pools. These organizations are the Western Ohio Computer Organization (WOCO), Ohio Hi-Point Career Center, Auglaize County Local Professional Development Committee, the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council, the Northwestern Ohio Educational Research Council, Inc., the Ohio School Plan, the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council Member Benefit Plan Trust and the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan. These organizations are presented in Notes 13 and 14 to the basic financial statements.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

As discussed further in Note 2.A, these financial statements are presented on a cash basis of accounting. This cash basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Generally accepted accounting principles include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements, which have been applied to the extent they are applicable to the cash basis of accounting. The following are the more significant of the School District's accounting policies.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

A. Basis of Accounting

Although Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 (B) requires the School District's financial report to follow generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the School District chooses to prepare its financial statements and notes in accordance with the cash basis of accounting. The School District recognizes receipts when received in cash rather than when earned, and recognizes disbursements when paid rather than when a liability is incurred.

As a result of the use of this cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related receipts (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements.

Budgetary presentations report budgetary disbursements when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved). Differences between disbursements reported in the government-wide and fund financial statements versus budgetary disbursements result from encumbrances outstanding at the beginning and end of the fiscal year and funds budgeted elsewhere.

B. Basis of Presentation

The School District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide financial statements, including a statement of net position - cash basis and a statement of activities - cash basis, and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

<u>Government-Wide Financial Statements</u> - The statement of net position - cash basis and the statement of activities - cash basis display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

The statement of net position - cash basis presents the cash balance of the governmental activities of the School District at fiscal year end. The statement of activities - cash basis compares disbursements with program receipts for each function or program of the School District's governmental activities. Disbursements are reported by function. A function is a group of related activities designed to accomplish a major service or regulatory program for which the government is responsible. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the program's goods or services and grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. General receipts are all receipts not classified as program receipts, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct disbursements with program receipts identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing on a cash basis or draws from the School District's general receipts.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - During the fiscal year, the School District segregates transactions related to certain School District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the School District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

C. Fund Accounting

The School District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The funds of the School District are divided into two categories, governmental and fiduciary.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

The School District classifies funds financed primarily from taxes, intergovernmental receipts (e.g. grants), and other non-exchange transactions as governmental funds. The general fund was the School District's major governmental fund during fiscal year 2022.

<u>General fund</u> - The general fund is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the School District for any purpose provided it is expended and transferred according to the general laws

Other governmental funds of the School District are used to account for (a) financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets, (b) specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to an expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private purpose trust funds, and custodial funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the School District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are not available to support the School District's own programs. Custodial funds are custodial in nature and are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. The School District does not have any fiduciary funds.

D. Budgetary Process

All funds, except custodial funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriations resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriations resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on disbursements plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of budgetary control selected by the Board is at the fund level for all funds. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education. Budgetary allocations at the function and object level within funds are made by the School District Treasurer. Although the legal level of control within the General Fund was established at the fund level of expenditures, the District has elected to present the budgetary statement comparison at the fund and function level of expenditures.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the fiscal year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the amended certificate of estimated resources in effect at the time final appropriations were passed by the Board.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation resolution for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior fiscal years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the fiscal year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

1. Encumbrances

As part of formal budgetary control, purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded as the equivalent of disbursements on the budgetary basis in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation and to determine and maintain legal compliance. Disbursements plus encumbrances may not legally exceed appropriations.

2. Lapsing of Appropriations

At the close of each fiscal year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriation. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and are not re-appropriated.

E. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the School District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through School District records. Interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents."

During fiscal year 2022, the School District's investment consisted of the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio), negotiable certificates of deposit, U.S. Government money market, U.S. Treasury Notes and federal agency securities.

During fiscal year 2022, the School District invested in STAR Ohio. STAR Ohio (the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio), is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 79, "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants." The District measures its investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides an NAV per share that approximates fair value.

For fiscal year 2022, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, notice must be given 24 hours in advance of all deposits and withdrawals exceeding \$100 million. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$250 million, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$250 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

As authorized by Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2022 amounted to \$46,984, which includes \$8,949 assigned from other School District funds.

For presentation on the cash basis basic financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

F. Capital Assets

Acquisitions of property, plant and equipment are recorded as disbursements when paid. The financial statements do not report these assets.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

G. Compensated Absences

Employees are entitled to cash payments for unused vacation and sick leave in certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment. Unpaid vacation and sick leave are not reflected as liabilities under the cash basis of accounting used by the School District.

H. Leases

The School District is the lessee in various leases related to equipment under noncancelable leases. Lease payables are not reflected under the District's cash basis of accounting. Lease disbursements are recognized when they are paid.

I. Long-Term Obligations

The School District's cash basis financial statements do not report liabilities for bonds and other long-term obligations. Proceeds of debt are reported when cash is received and principal and interest payments are reported when paid. Since recording a capital asset (including the intangible right to use) when entering into a lease or financed purchase transaction is not the result of a cash transaction, neither an other financing source nor a capital outlay expenditure is reported at inception. Lease payments and financed purchase payments are reported when paid.

J. Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability and net OPEB asset, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

K. Net Cash Position

Net cash position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the School District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The School District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net cash position is available.

L. Interfund Activity

Transfers within governmental activities are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Loans between funds are reported as advances.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

M. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally required to be maintained intact.

<u>Restricted</u> - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints are placed on the use of resources that are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the School District Board of Education (the highest level of decision making authority). Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the School District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

<u>Assigned</u> - Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the School District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted nor committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by policies of the School District Board of Education, which includes giving the Treasurer the authority to constrain monies for intended purposes.

<u>Unassigned</u> - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is only used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The School District applies restricted resources first when disbursements are incurred for purposes for which restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) fund balance is available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2022, the School District has implemented GASB Statement No. 87, "Leases", GASB Implementation Guide 2019-3, "Leases", GASB Statement No. 89, "Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period", GASB Implementation Guide 2020-1, "Implementation Guide Update - 2020", GASB Statement No. 92, "Omnibus 2020", GASB Statement No. 93, "Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates", GASB Statement No. 97, "Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a supersession of GASB Statement No. 32" and certain paragraphs of GASB Statement No. 99, "Omnibus 2022".

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 87 and GASB Implementation Guide 2019-3 enhance the relevance and consistency of information of the government's leasing activities. It establishes requirements for lease accounting based on the principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. A lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right to use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. Since the School District does not prepare financial statements using generally accepted accounting principles, the implementation of GASB Statement No. 87 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the School District. The notes to the basic financial statements include the disclosure requirements under the Statement.

GASB Statement No. 89 establishes accounting requirements for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. GASB Statement No. 89 requires that interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period be recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred for financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. GASB Statement No. 89 also reiterates that financial statements prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus, interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period should be recognized as an expenditure on a basis consistent with governmental fund accounting principles. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 89 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the School District.

GASB Implementation Guide 2020-1 provides clarification on issues related to previously established GASB guidance. The implementation of GASB Implementation Guide 2020-1 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the School District.

GASB Statement No. 92 enhances comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 92 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the School District.

GASB Statement No. 93 establishes accounting and financial reporting requirements related to the replacement of Interbank Offered Rates (IBORs) in hedging derivative instruments and leases. It also identifies appropriate benchmark interest rates for hedging derivative instruments. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 93 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the School District.

GASB Statement No. 97 is to (1) increase consistency and comparability related to the reporting of fiduciary component units in circumstances in which a potential component unit does not have a governing board and the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically would perform; (2) mitigate costs associated with the reporting of certain defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans, and employee benefit plans other than pension plans or OPEB plans (other employee benefit plans) as fiduciary component units in fiduciary fund financial statements; and (3) enhance the relevance, consistency, and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting for Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 deferred compensation plans (Section 457 plans) that meet the definition of a pension plan and for benefits provided through those plans. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 97 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the School District.

GASB Statement No. 99 to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 99 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the School District.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

B. Compliance

Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(B) requires the School District to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. However, the School District prepared its basic financial statements on a cash basis, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The accompanying basic financial statements omit assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, net position/fund balances, and disclosures that, while material, cannot be determined at this time. The School District can be fined and various other administrative remedies may be taken against the District.

C. Deficit Fund Balance

Fund balances at June 30, 2022 included the following individual fund deficit:

Nonmajor fund

Title I

\$ 947

The general fund is liable for any deficit in this fund. The deficit cash fund balance occurred in a grant fund for which grant funding is provided on a reimbursement basis.

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Monies held by the School District are classified by State statute into three categories.

Active monies are public monies determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the School District Treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board has identified as not required for use within the current five-year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim monies are those monies, which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts, including passbook accounts.

Protection of the School District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution, or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Interim monies held by the School District can be deposited or invested in the following securities:

1. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligation or security issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least 2 percent and be marked to market daily, and the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio or Ohio local governments;
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio); and,
- 8. Commercial paper and bankers acceptances if training requirements have been met.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payments for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

A. Deposits

At fiscal year-end 2022, the carrying amount of the School District's deposits was \$831,229. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement 40, "Deposits and Investments Risk Disclosure," as of June 30, 2022, \$138,862 of the School District's bank balance of \$902,755 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below, while \$763,893 was covered by Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the School District will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The School District has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits either be insured or protected by (1) eligible securities pledged to the School District and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose market value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured, or (2) participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total market value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of State. For 2022, the School District 's financial institutions did not participate in the OPCS. Although all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with Federal requirements could potentially subject the School District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

B. Investments

As of June 30, 2022, the School District had the following investments and maturities:

			Investment Maturity				
			6 months or	7 to 12	13 to 18	19 to 24	Greater than
Investment type	Carrying Value	Fair Value	less	months	months	months	24 months
Negotiable CDs	\$ 494,869	\$ 485,151	\$ 245,765	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 149,625	\$ 99,479
U.S. Government							
Money Market	58,370	58,370	58,370	-	-	-	-
FFCB	603,176	594,191	228,972	179,262	-	50,008	144,934
FHLB	904,434	871,056	-	-	-	524,663	379,771
FHLMC	119,853	118,930	-	-	73,392	-	46,461
FNMA	48,267	47,959	-	-	48,267	-	-
U.S. Treasury Note	1,968,519	1,907,458	-	433,573	247,328	396,343	891,275
Star Ohio	1,007,818	1,007,818	1,007,818				
Total	\$ 5,205,306	\$ 5,090,933	\$ 1,540,925	\$ 612,835	\$ 368,987	\$1,120,639	\$1,561,920

Interest Rate Risk - Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The School District's investment policy and State statute require that an investment mature within five years from the date of purchase, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District, and that an investment must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

Credit Risk - Standard & Poor's has assigned STAR Ohio an AAAm money market rating. Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The School District's investments in federal agency securities were rated AA+ and Aaa by Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investor Services, respectively. Standard & Poor's has assigned the money market mutual fund and the U.S. Treasury Note an AAAm money market rating. Ohio law requires the money market mutual fund be rated in the highest category at the time of purchase by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The negotiable CD's were not rated. The School District has no investment policy dealing with investment credit risk beyond the requirements in State statute.

Custodial Credit Risk - For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the School District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The School District has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the treasurer or qualified trustee.

Concentration of Credit Risk - The School District places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer, however School District policy and State statute limits investments in commercial paper and bankers' acceptances to 25% of the interim monies available for investment at any one time.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the School District at June 30, 2022:

Investment type	Carrying Value	% of Total
Negotiable CDs	\$ 494,869	9.50
U.S. Government		
Money Market	58,370	1.12
FFCB	603,176	11.59
FHLB	904,434	17.38
FHLMC	119,853	2.30
FNMA	48,267	0.93
U.S. Treasury Note	1,968,519	37.82
Star Ohio	1,007,818	19.36
Total	\$ 5,205,306	100.00

C. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Position

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the note above to cash and cash equivalents as reported on the statement of net position as of June 30, 2022:

C 1 1	•	
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Casii ana	III v Cottificitto	per note

Carrying amount of deposits	\$ 831,229
Investments	 5,205,306
Total	\$ 6,036,535

Cash and cash equivalents per statement of net position

Governmental activities	\$ 6,036,535
Total	\$ 6,036,535

NOTE 5 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the School District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the School District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property and public utility property located in the School District. Real property tax revenues received in calendar year 2022 represent the collection of calendar year 2021 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2022 were levied after April 1, 2021, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2021, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2022 represent the collection of calendar year 2021 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2022 became a lien on December 31, 2020, were levied after April 1, 2021, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 5 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)

The School District receives property taxes from Auglaize, Allen and Logan Counties. The County Auditors periodically advance to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2022, are available to finance fiscal year 2022 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date tax bills are sent.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2022 taxes were collected are:

	2021 Seco	ond	2022 First Half Collections		
	Half Collect	tions			
	Amount	Percent	<u>Amount</u>	Percent	
Agricultural/residential					
and other real estate	\$ 65,054,570	98.01	\$ 65,784,430	97.95	
Public utility personal	1,321,980	1.99	1,378,130	2.05	
Total	\$ 66,376,550	100.00	\$ 67,162,560	100.00	
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$42.30		\$42.30		

NOTE 6 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Transfers for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, as reported on the fund financial statements, consist of the following:

<u>Transfers to nonmajor governmental funds from:</u>	<u>Ar</u>	nount
General fund	\$	7,500

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget required to collect them to the fund that statute or (1) budget requires to expend them and (2) to use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Interfund transfers between governmental funds are eliminated for reporting purposes in the statement of activities - cash basis. All transfers were made in compliance with Ohio Revised Code Sections 5705.14, 5705.15 and 5705.16.

NOTE 7 - INCOME TAX

The School District levies a voted tax of 1 percent for general operations on the income of residents and of estates. In May 2021, the voters renewed the one percent income tax levy for a five-year period, from January 1, 2022 through December 31, 2026. Employers of residents are required to withhold income tax on compensation and remit the tax to the State. Taxpayers are required to file an annual return. The State makes quarterly distributions to the School District after withholding amounts for administrative fees and estimated refunds. Income tax revenue is credited to the general fund.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 8 - RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Property and Liability Insurance

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2022, the School District contracted with Ohio School Plan (through the Stolly Insurance Group) for property, fleet insurance, liability insurance and violence coverage. Coverages provided by Ohio School Plan are as follows:

	Ma	aximum		
	Dec	ductible	Coverage	
Building and Contents - replacement cost				
(Includes boiler and machinery)	\$	1,000	\$ 35,429,374	
Automobile		1,000	6,000,000	
General Liability				
Per Occurrence		N/A	\$ 6,000,000	
Total Per Year		N/A	8,000,000	

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years, and there has been no significant reduction in coverage from the prior fiscal year.

For fiscal year 2022, the School District participated in the Ohio School Plan (Plan), an insurance purchasing pool. Each participant enters into an individual agreement with the Plan for insurance coverage and pays annual premiums to the Plan based on the types and limits of coverage and deductibles selected by the participant.

B. Insurance Risk Pool

The School District participates in the Mercer-Auglaize Employee Welfare Trust (the "Trust"), a public entity shared risk pool consisting of eleven local school districts and two educational service centers. The School District pays monthly premiums to Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council for employee medical, dental and vision insurance coverage. The Trust is responsible for the management and operations of the program. Upon withdrawal from the Trust, a participant is responsible for the payment of all Trust liabilities to its employees, dependents, and designated beneficiaries accruing as a result of withdrawal. For additional information see Note 14.A.

C. Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan

The School District participates in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (the Plan), an insurance purchasing pool. The Plan's business and affairs are conducted by a three member Board of directors consisting of the President, the President-Elect and the Immediate Past President of the OSBA.

The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the plan. Each year, the participating districts pay an enrollment fee to the Program to cover the costs of administering the plan.

The intent of the Plan is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the School District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the Program. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the Plan. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the Plan rather than its individual rate. Participation in the Plan is limited to participants that can meet the Plan's selection criteria. The firm of CompManagement provides administrative, cost control, and actuarial services to the Plan.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

The Statewide retirement systems provide both pension benefits and other postemployment benefits (OPEB).

Net Pension Liability/Net OPEB Liability/Asset

Pensions and OPEB are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions/OPEB are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period.

The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) represent the School District's proportionate share of each pension/OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting these estimates annually.

The Ohio Revised Code limits the School District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The School District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions/OPEB are financed; however, the School District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension and OPEB.

GASB 68/75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires funding to come from these employers. All pension contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes pension costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits. In addition, health care plan enrollees pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. State statute requires the retirement systems to amortize unfunded pension liabilities within 30 years. If the pension amortization period exceeds 30 years, each retirement system's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension/OPEB liability (asset). Resulting adjustments to the net pension/OPEB liability (asset) would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients.

The net pension/net OPEB liability (asset) are not reported on the face of the financial statements, but rather are disclosed in the notes because of the use of the cash basis framework.

The remainder of this note includes the required pension disclosures. See Note 10 for the required OPEB disclosures.

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description - The School District non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to Retire on or before	Eligible to Retire after
	August 1, 2017 *	August 1, 2017
Full benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially reduced benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit; or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

^{*} Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017 will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service; 2.2% for the first thirty years of service and 2.5% for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

An individual whose benefit effective date is before April 1, 2018, is eligible for a cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) on the first anniversary date of the benefit. Beginning April 1, 2018, new benefit recipients must wait until the fourth anniversary of their benefit for COLA eligibility. The COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit. A three-year COLA suspension was in effect for all benefit recipients for the years 2018, 2019, and 2020. Upon resumption of the COLA, it will be indexed to the percentage increase in the CPI-W, not to exceed 2.5% and with a floor of 0%. In 2021, the Board of Trustees approved a 2.5% cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) for eligible retirees and beneficiaries in 2022.

Funding Policy – Plan members are required to contribute 10.00% of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute 14.00% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10.00% for plan members and 14.00% for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 14.00%. For fiscal year 2022, the Retirement Board did not allocate any employer contribution to the Health Care Fund.

The School District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$174,277 for fiscal year 2022.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description - Licensed teachers participate in STRS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS website at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans: a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined (CO) Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation is 2.20% of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. In April 2017, the Retirement Board made the decision to reduce COLA granted on or after July 1, 2017, to 0% to preserve the fiscal integrity of the retirement system. Benefit recipients' base benefit and past cost-of living increases are not affected by this change. Eligibility changes will be phased in until August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five year of service credit and age 65, or 35 years of service credit and at least age 60.

Eligibility changes for DB Plan members who retire with actuarially reduced benefits will be phased in until August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility will be five years of qualifying service credit and age 60, or 30 years of service credit at any age.

The DC Plan allows members to place all of their member contributions and 9.53% of the 14% employer contributions into an investment account. Investment allocation decisions are determined by the member. The remaining 4.47% of the 14% employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, 12% of the 14% member rate goes to the DC Plan and the remaining 2% is applied to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity after termination of employment at age 50 and after termination of employment.

New members who choose the DC Plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. New members must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit that apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy - Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. The fiscal year 2022 employer and employee contribution rate of 14% was equal to the statutory maximum rates. For fiscal year 2022, the full employer contribution was allocated to pension.

The School District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$418,693 for fiscal year 2022.

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the School District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Following is information related to the proportionate share:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Proportion of the net pension			
liability prior measurement date	0.02979940%	0.02188709%	
Proportion of the net pension			
liability current measurement date	0.03131070%	0.02197468%	
Change in proportionate share	0.00151130%	0.00008759%	
Proportionate share of the net			
pension liability	\$ 1,155,274	\$ 2,809,660	\$ 3,964,934

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2021, are presented below:

Wage inflation:

Current measurement date 2.40% Prior measurement date 3.00%

Future salary increases, including inflation:

Current measurement date 3.25% to 13.58% Prior measurement date 3.50% to 18.20%

COLA or ad hoc COLA:

Current measurement date 2.00% Prior measurement date 2.50%

Investment rate of return:

Current measurement date 7.00% net of system expenses
Prior measurement date 7.50% net of system expenses

Discount rate:

Current measurement date 7.00%
Prior measurement date 7.50%

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal (level percent of payroll)

In 2021, Mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weight Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20% for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35% for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3% for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8% for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

In the prior measurement date, the mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five-year age set-back for both males and females. Mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries were based upon the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates. Mortality among disabled members was based upon the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended June 30, 2020.

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	2.00 %	(0.33) %
US Equity	24.75	5.72
Non-US Equity Developed	13.50	6.55
Non-US Equity Emerging	6.75	8.54
Fixed Income/Global Bonds	19.00	1.14
Private Equity	11.00	10.03
Real Estate/Real Assets	16.00	5.41
Multi-Asset Strategy	4.00	3.47
Private Debt/Private Credit	3.00	5.28
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate - The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by state statute. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.00%). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%), or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate.

	Current						
		1% Decrease		Discount Rate		1% Increase	
School District's proportionate share							
of the net pension liability	\$	1,922,092	\$	1,155,274	\$	508,583	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2021, actuarial valuation are presented below:

	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020
Inflation	2.50%	2.50%
Projected salary increases	12.50% at age 20 to	12.50% at age 20 to
	2.50% at age 65	2.50% at age 65
Investment rate of return	7.00%, net of investment expenses, including inflation	7.45%, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Discount rate of return	7.00%	7.45%
Payroll increases	3.00%	3.00%
Cost-of-living adjustments (COLA)	0.00%	0.00%

For the June 30, 2021, actuarial valuation, post-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Tables with 50% of rates through age 69, 70% of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90% of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100% of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Preretirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Tables with 90% of rates for males and 100% of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

STRS Ohio's investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return *
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00 %	

^{*10-}Year geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00% as of June 30, 2021. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with the rates described previously. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Based on those assumptions, STRS Ohio's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2021. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00% was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2021.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following table represents the net pension liability as of June 30, 2021, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.00%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current assumption:

	Current						
	1% Decrease		Discount Rate		1% Increase		
School District's proportionate share							
of the net pension liability	\$	5,261,443	\$	2,809,660	\$	737,910	

Changes Between Measurement Date and Reporting Date - STRS approved a one-time 3.00% cost-of-living adjustment to eligible benefit recipients effective July 1, 2022. It is unknown what the effect this change will have on the net pension liability.

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS

Net OPEB Liability/Asset

See Note 9 for a description of the net OPEB liability (asset).

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Health Care Plan Description - The School District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 75 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. SERS' Health Care Plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of most types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage. In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree, are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of 65 and therefore enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board established the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14% of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, SERS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2022, this amount was \$25,000. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2% of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5% of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2022, the School District's surcharge obligation was \$21,430.

The surcharge added to the allocated portion of the 14% employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The School District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$21,430 for fiscal year 2022.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description - The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy - Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Nearly all health care plan enrollees, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14% of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.

Net OPEB Liability/Asset

The net OPEB liability/asset was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total OPEB liability/asset used to calculate the net OPEB liability/asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School District's proportion of the net OPEB liability/asset was based on the School District's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities.

Following is information related to the proportionate share:

		SERS		STRS	Total
Proportion of the net OPEB					
liability/asset prior measurement date	0.	03091020%	0	.02188709%	
Proportion of the net OPEB					
liability/asset current measurement date	0.	03241640%	0	.02197468%	
Change in proportionate share	0.	00150620%	0	.00008759%	
Proportionate share of the net			_		
OPEB liability	\$	613,507	\$	-	\$ 613,507
Proportionate share of the net					
OPEB asset	\$	-	\$	(463,318)	\$ (463,318)

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

The total OPEB liability is determined by SERS' actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2021 are presented below:

Wage inflation:	
Current measurement date	2.40%
Prior measurement date	3.00%
Future salary increases, including inflation:	
Current measurement date	3.25% to 13.58%
Prior measurement date	3.50% to 18.20%
Investment rate of return:	
Current measurement date	7.00% net of investment
	expense, including inflation
Prior measurement date	7.50% net of investment
	expense, including inflation
Municipal bond index rate:	
Current measurement date	1.92%
Prior measurement date	2.45%
Single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense,	
including price inflation:	
Current measurement date	2.27%
Prior measurement date	2.63%
Medical trend assumption:	
Current measurement date	
Medicare	5.125 to 4.400%
Pre-Medicare	6.750 to 4.400%
Prior measurement date	
Medicare	5.25 to 4.75%
Pre-Medicare	7.00 to 4.75%

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

In 2021, Mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weight Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20% for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35% for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3% for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8% for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

In the prior measurement date, the mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five-year age set-back for both males and females. Mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries were based upon the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates. Mortality among disabled members was based upon the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended June 30, 2020.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the actuarial five-year experience study. The most recent study covers fiscal years 2015 through 2020 and was adopted by the Board in 2021. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return, 7.00%, by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as used in the June 30, 2020 five-year experience study, are summarized as follows:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Cash	2.00 %	(0.33) %
US Equity	24.75	5.72
Non-US Equity Developed	13.50	6.55
Non-US Equity Emerging	6.75	8.54
Fixed Income/Global Bonds	19.00	1.14
Private Equity	11.00	10.03
Real Estate/Real Assets	16.00	5.41
Multi-Asset Strategy	4.00	3.47
Private Debt/Private Credit	3.00	5.28
Total	100.00 %	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2021 was 2.27%. The discount rate used to measure total OPEB liability prior to June 30, 2021 was 2.63%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and the System at the contribution rate of 1.50% of projected covered payroll each year, which includes a 1.50% payroll surcharge and no contributions from the basic benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current System members by SERS actuaries. The Municipal Bond Index Rate is used in the determination of the SEIR for both the June 30, 2020 and the June 30, 2021 total OPEB liability. The Municipal Bond Index rate is the single rate that will generate a present value of benefit payments equal to the sum of the present value determined by the long-term expected rate of return, and the present value determined by discounting those benefits after the date of depletion. The Municipal Bond Index Rate is 1.92% at June 30, 2021 and 2.45% at June 30, 2020.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates - The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate. The following table presents the net OPEB liability, what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (1.27%) and higher (3.27%) than the current discount rate (2.27%). Also shown is what the net OPEB liability would be based on health care cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (5.75% decreasing to 3.40%) and higher (7.75% decreasing to 5.40%) than the current rate (6.75% decreasing to 4.40%).

	Current					
	1% Decrease		Disc	count Rate	1% Increase	
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	760,209	\$	613,507	\$	496,311
	1%	Decrease		Current rend Rate	1%	Increase
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	472,350	\$	613,507	\$	802,049

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2021, actuarial valuation, compared with June 30, 2020, are presented below:

	June 30, 2021		June 30, 2020		
Inflation Projected salary increases	2.50% 12.50% at age 20 to		2.50% 12.50% at age 20 to		
	2.50% at age 65		2.50% at age 65		
Investment rate of return	7.00%, net of investment expenses, including inflation		7.45%, net of investment expenses, including inflation		
Payroll increases	3.00%		3.00%		
Cost-of-living adjustments (COLA)	0.00%		0.00%		
Discount rate of return	7.00%		7.45%		
Blended discount rate of return	N/A		N/A		
Health care cost trends					
	Initial	Ultimate	Initial	Ultimate	
Medical					
Pre-Medicare	5.00%	4.00%	5.00%	4.00%	
Medicare	-16.18% 4.00%		-6.69%	4.00%	
Prescription Drug					
Pre-Medicare	6.50%	4.00%	6.50%	4.00%	
Medicare	29.98% 4.00%		11.87%	4.00%	

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

For healthy retirees the mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Tables with 50% of rates through age 69, 70% of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90% of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100% of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Tables with 90% of rates for males and 100% of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

Assumption Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date - The discount rate was adjusted to 7.00% from 7.45% for the June 30, 2021 valuation.

Benefit Term Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date - The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2022 from 2.055% to 2.100%. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2022. The Medicare Part D subsidy was updated to reflect it is expected to be negative in CY2022. The Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return *
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00 %	

^{*10-}Year geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB asset was 7.00% as of June 30, 2021. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed STRS Ohio continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2021. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on health care fund investments of 7.00% was applied to all periods of projected health care costs to determine the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2021.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount and Health Care Cost Trend Rate - The following table represents the net OPEB asset as of June 30, 2021, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.00%, as well as what the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current assumption. Also shown is the net OPEB asset as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates.

			(Current		
	1%	Decrease	Disc	count Rate	1%	Increase
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	\$	390,969	\$	463,318	\$	523,755
	1%	Decrease		Current end Rate	1%	Increase
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	\$	521,306	\$	463,318	\$	391,611

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Changes in long-term obligations of the School District during fiscal year 2022 were as follows:

	Balance Outstanding 06/30/21	Additions	Reductions	Balance Outstanding 06/30/22	Amounts Due in One Year
Governmental activities: Current issue bonds - direct borrowing	\$ 1,928,933	<u>\$</u> -	\$ (235,815)	\$ 1,693,118	\$ 228,984
Total long-term obligations	\$ 1,928,933	\$ -	\$ (235,815)	\$ 1,693,118	\$ 228,984

<u>2021 School Facilities Refunding Bonds</u> - On February 26, 2021, the School District issued \$1,928,933 in voted general obligation bonds for refunding the 2013 School Facilities Refunding Bonds. The bonds were issued for a nine year period, with final maturity in fiscal year 2029. The bonds consisted of \$1,928,933 in term bonds. The bonds are being retired through the bond retirement debt service fund (a non-major governmental fund). This is a direct borrowing fully and unconditionally guaranteed as to the timely payment of principal and interest.

<u>Legal Debt Margin:</u> The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the District shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the District. The code further provides that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The code additionally states that unvoted indebtedness related to energy conservation debt shall not exceed 9/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The assessed valuation used in determining the District's legal debt margin has been modified by House Bill 530 which became effective March 30, 2006. In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in the District's legal debt margin calculation excluded tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property, and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations. The effects of these debt limitations at June 30, 2022, are a voted debt margin of \$4,926,616 (including available funds of \$575,104) and an unvoted debt margin of \$67,163.

The interest payment dates on the current interest term bonds is June 1 and December 1, each year.

Principal and interest requirements to retire general long-term obligations at June 30, 2022, were as follows:

Fiscal Year	Current Issue Bonds - Refunding 2021					
Ending June 30,	_	Principal	_	Interest	_	Total
2023	\$	228,984	\$	21,785	\$	250,769
2024		238,107		18,562		256,669
2025		236,793		15,285		252,078
2026		250,061		11,926		261,987
2027		243,136		8,523		251,659
2028 - 2029		496,037	_	6,875		502,912
Total	\$	1,693,118	\$	82,956	\$	1,776,074

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 12 - SET-ASIDES

The School District is required by State law to annually set-aside certain general fund revenue amounts, as defined by statutory formula, for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at fiscal year-end. This amount must be carried forward to be used for the same purpose in future years. Disbursements exceeding the set-aside requirement may not be carried forward to the next fiscal year.

The following cash-basis information describes the change in the fiscal year-end set-aside amount for capital improvements. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	Capit <u>Improve</u> i	
Set-aside balance June 30, 2021	\$	-
Current year set-aside requirement	82	2,420
Current year offsets	(82	2,420)
Set-aside balance June 30, 2022	\$	

NOTE 13 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

A. Western Ohio Computer Organization

The School District is a participant in the Western Ohio Computer Organization (WOCO), which is a computer consortium. WOCO is an association of public school districts within the boundaries of Auglaize, Champaign, Hardin, Logan, and Shelby Counties. The organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member school districts. The Organization is governed by a board of directors consisting of 14 members: the Superintendent of the Fiscal Agent, two Superintendents from each county that is represented, one treasurer representative, a student services representative, and non-voting independent district representative.

The degree of control exercised by any participating member is limited to its representation on the board. Financial information can be obtained from Donn Walls, Director, at 129 E. Court St., Sidney, Ohio 45365.

B. Ohio Hi-Point Career Center

The Ohio Hi-Point Career Center (Center) is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio that provides vocational education to students. The Center is operated under the direction of a Board consisting of one representative from each of the eleven participating school districts' elected boards. The degree of control exercised by the School District is limited to its representation on the Board. The Board possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. Financial information can be obtained from the Ohio Hi-Point Career Center, Eric Adelsberger, who serves as Treasurer, 2280 State Route 540, Bellefontaine, Ohio 43311.

C. Auglaize County Local Professional Development Committee

The Auglaize County Local Professional Development Committee (LPDC) was established to plan, promote, and facilitate effective and efficient professional educator license renewal standards and staff development activities. The LPDC is organized under Ohio laws as a regional council of governments pursuant to a written agreement entered into by its members. The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to its representation on the governing board. Financial information can be obtained from the Auglaize County Educational Service Center, who serves as fiscal agent, 1045 Dearbaugh Avenue, Wapakoneta, Ohio 45895.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 13 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS - (Continued)

D. Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council (SWEPC)

Beginning January 1, 2019, the School District participated in the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council Medical Benefits Plan (the "MBP"), an insurance purchasing pool. The intent of the MBP is to achieve the benefit of reduced health insurance premiums for the School District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the MBP. The health insurance experience of the participating school districts is calculated and a premium rate is applied to all school districts in the MBP. Each participant pays its health insurance premiums to Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council Medical Benefits Plan. Participation in the MBP is limited to school districts that can meet the MBP's selection criteria.

The School district participates in the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council Medical Benefits Plan. The MBP's business and affairs are conducted by an eleven member committee consisting of various EPC representatives that are elected by the general assembly. Either the superintendent or treasurer from each participating each educational service center or school district serves on the general assembly. Each year, the participating educational service centers and school districts pay an enrollment fee to the MBP to cover the costs of administering the program.

The Trust meets quarterly to discuss their performance within the MBP and plan design. Financial information can be obtained from the MBP, 303 Corporate Center Drive, Suite 208, Vandalia, Ohio 45377.

E. Northwestern Ohio Educational Research Council, Inc. (NOERC)

The Northwestern Ohio Educational Research Council, Inc. (the "NOERC") is a jointly governed organization formed to bring educational entities into a better understanding of their common educational problems, facilitate and conduct practical educational research, coordinate educational research among members, provide a means for evaluating and disseminating the results of research, serve as a repository for research and legislative materials, and provide opportunities for training.

The NOERC serves a twenty-five county area in Northwest Ohio. The Board of Directors consists of superintendents from two educational service centers, two exempted village school districts, five local school districts, and five city school districts, as well as representatives from two private or parochial schools and three institutions of higher education. Each active member is entitled to one vote on all issues addressed by the Board of Directors. Financial information can be obtained from Gene Linton, 121 W. Main St., Ashland, Ohio 44805.

NOTE 14 - GROUP PURCHASING POOLS

A. Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council Medical Benefit Plan Trust

The School District participates in the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council Benefit Plan Trust (EPC). The EPC is a public entity shared risk pool consisting of 55 school districts. The EPC is organized as a Voluntary Employee Benefit Association under Section 501C(9) of the Internal Revenue Code and provides medical, dental, and vision insurance benefits to the employees of the participants. The EPC is governed by the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Cooperative and its participating members. Each participant decides which plan offered by the EPC will be extended to its employees. Participation in the EPC is by written application subject to acceptance by the EPC and payment of the monthly premiums. Financial information may be obtained from the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council, at 303 Coporate Center Drive, Suite 208, Vandalia, Ohio 45377.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 14 - GROUP PURCHASING POOLS - (Continued)

B. Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan

The School District participates in a group-rating plan for worker's compensation as established under Section 4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP), was established through the Ohio School Boards Association (OSBA) as an insurance purchasing pool. The GRP's business and affairs are conducted by a three-member Board of Directors consisting of the President, the President-Elect, and the Immediate Past President of the OSBA. The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the GRP. Each year, the participants pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

C. Ohio School Plan

The District participates in the Ohio School Plan (the "Plan"), an insurance purchasing pool established under Section 2744.081 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Plan is an unincorporated nonprofit association of its members which enables the participants to provide for a formalized joint insurance purchasing program for maintaining adequate insurance protection and provides risk management programs and other administrative services. The Plan's business and affairs are conducted by a fifteen member board consisting of superintendents and treasurers. The Hylant Group, Inc. is the Plan's administrator and is responsible for processing claims. Financial information can be obtained from The Hylant Group, 811 Madison Avenue, Toledo, Ohio 43604.

NOTE 15 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The School District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds. However, the effect of any such disallowed claims on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2022, if applicable, cannot be determined at this time.

NOTE 16 - COVID-19

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March of 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Ohio's state of emergency ended in June, 2021 while the national state of emergency continues. During fiscal year 2022, the School District received COVID-19 funding. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the School District. The impact on the School District's future operating costs, revenues, and additional recovery from emergency funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated.

NOTE 17 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While the School District is reporting financial position, results of operations and changes in fund balances on the cash basis, the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The statement of receipts, disbursements and changes in fund balance - budget and actual (budgetary basis) presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The difference between the budget basis and the cash basis is the outstanding year end encumbrances are treated as disbursements (budget) rather than as assigned fund balance (cash) and funds budgeted elsewhere.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

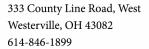
NOTE 17 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING - (Continued)

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the budgetary basis statement to the cash basis statement for the general fund:

Net Change in Fund Balance

	General fund
Budget basis	\$ (35,186)
Funds budgeted elsewhere **	(4,643)
Adjustment for encumbrances	_
Cash basis	\$ (39,829)

^{**} As part of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting", certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate special revenue funds are considered part of the general fund on a GAAP basis. This includes the public school support fund.





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Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Waynesfield-Goshen Local School District Auglaize County 500 North Westminster Street Waynesfield, Ohio 45896

To the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to the financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Waynesfield-Goshen Local School District, Auglaize County, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Waynesfield-Goshen Local School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 18, 2022, wherein we noted the Waynesfield-Goshen Local School District uses a special purpose framework other than generally accepted accounting principles. We also noted as described in Note 16 to the financial statements, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Waynesfield-Goshen Local School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purposes of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Waynesfield-Goshen Local School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Waynesfield-Goshen Local School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Waynesfield-Goshen Local School District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We identified a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as item 2022-002 that we consider to be a material weakness.

Waynesfield-Goshen Local School District Auglaize County

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Waynesfield-Goshen Local School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as item 2022-001.

Waynesfield-Goshen Local School District's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the Waynesfield-Goshen Local School District's responses to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. The Waynesfield-Goshen Local School District's responses were not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the responses.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Waynesfield-Goshen Local School District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Waynesfield-Goshen Local School District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Julian & Grube, Inc. November 18, 2022

Julian & Sube, Elne.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES JUNE 30, 2022

	ASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS N ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS			
Finding Number 2022-001				

Noncompliance

Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 provides each public office shall file a financial report for each fiscal year. The Auditor of State may prescribe forms by rule or may issue guidelines, or both, for such reports. If the Auditor of State has not prescribed a rule regarding the form for the report, the public office shall submit its report on the form utilized by the public office. Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 further clarifies the requirements of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38. Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(B) requires the School District to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).

The School District prepares its financial statements in accordance with the cash basis of accounting in a report format similar to the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 34, Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments. This presentation differs from GAAP. There would be variances on the financial statements between this accounting practice and GAAP that, while presumably material, cannot be reasonably determined at this time.

Failure to prepare proper GAAP financial statements may result in the School District being fined or other administrative remedies.

The School District should prepare its financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).

<u>Client Response</u>: The Board of Education has elected not to prepare its annual financial reports in accordance with the generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) to save the School District the additional costs required to prepare and audit GAAP financial statements. We believe that the OCBOA (Other Comprehensive Basis of Accounting) statements meet the alternative requirements of financial reporting.

Finding Number 2022-002

Material Weakness - Extracurricular/Athletic Receipt Controls

All receipts of funds through the School District should be substantiated by detailed activity receipt ledgers, which should include (but is not limited) to: date received, payor, amount, indication of type of receipt (ie. cash/check), etc., cumulative daily cash register summaries, pre-numbered tickets, ticket reconciliations, or other easily auditable records. This detailed supporting documentation should accompany all receipts submitted to the School District Treasurer's office or be easily available for proper accounting treatment. A well-documented audit trail is crucial.

The School District was unable to properly substantiate \$5,964 of extracurricular/athletic receipts. Lack of substantiating documents was due to athletic ticket sales being handled primarily on-line since COVID-19; however the School District continued to accept in – person cash ticket sales for those that did not purchase tickets on-line in advance; however no ticket reconciliations were utilized to substantiate the in-person cash sales and deposits.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES JUNE 30, 2022

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS			
Finding Number	2022-002 – (continued)		

Lack of easily obtainable detailed receipt (ex. game ticket reconciliations) information could inhibit the School District's ability to ensure all receipts are both timely deposited and adequately supported to assist in ensuring all collections were properly presented for recording in the bank and funds. In addition, a detailed policy and standardized forms should be utilized for all such receipts.

We recommend the School District evaluate their current policies and procedures regarding extracurricular/athletic receipt internal controls. We further recommend using the standardized ticket reconciliation form that was utilized prior to COVID-19 for all in-person ticket sales. This form includes all applicable collection information and also indicates when the receipt is submitted to the School District Treasurer's Office to help ensure timely deposit.

<u>Client Response</u>: The School District has immediately reinstituted the use of the ticket reconciliation for in person cash sales.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS JUNE 30, 2022

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Status	Additional Information
2021-001	Noncompliance - Ohio Admin. Code § 117-2-03(B) requires the District to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). However, the District prepares its financial statements on a cash basis, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than GAAP.	Not Corrected	Finding repeated as 2022-001 as the District did not prepare its annual financial report in accordance with GAAP.





AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 12/20/2022

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370