



**WILLIAMSBURG LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
CLERMONT COUNTY
SINGLE AUDIT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021**

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KEITH FABER



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Board of Education
Williamsburg Local School District
549-a West Main Street
Williamsburg, Ohio 45176

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Williamsburg Local School District, Clermont County, prepared by Perry & Associates, Certified Public Accountants, A.C., for the audit period July 1, 2020 through June 30, 2021. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Williamsburg Local School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Keith Faber".

Keith Faber
Auditor of State
Columbus, Ohio

January 07, 2022

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**WILLIAMSBURG LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
CLERMONT COUNTY**

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

January 3, 2022

Williamsburg Local School District
Clermont County
549-A West Main Street
Williamsburg, Ohio 45176

To the Board of Education:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of **Williamsburg Local School District**, Clermont County, Ohio (the School District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the School District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

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Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Williamsburg Local School District, Clermont County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *Management's discussion and analysis* and schedules of net pension and other post-employment benefit liabilities and pension and other post-employment benefit contributions listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, consisting of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, to the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not opine or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to opine or provide any other assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the School District's basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and is not a required part of the financial statements.

The schedule is management's responsibility, and derives from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected the schedule to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling the schedule directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this schedule is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 3, 2022, on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



Perry and Associates
Certified Public Accountants, A.C.
Marietta, Ohio

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Williamsburg Local School District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021
Unaudited

As management of the Williamsburg Local School District (the School District), we offer the readers of the School District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the additional information that we have provided in the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the School District exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at June 30, 2021 by \$4,084,014.
- The School District's net position decreased \$254,695 during this fiscal year's operations.
- General revenues accounted for \$8,721,924 or 69 percent of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants, contributions and interest accounted for \$3,925,130 or 31 percent of total revenues of \$12,647,054.
- The School District had \$12,901,749 in expenses related to governmental activities; only \$3,925,130 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services and sales, grants, contributions and interest.

Using the Basic Financial Statements

This report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to the basic financial statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the School District as a whole, an entire operating entity.

The statement of net position and the statement of activities provide information about the activities of the School District as a whole, and present a longer term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term, as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the School District's major funds, with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. The major funds of the School District are the general fund and permanent improvement capital projects fund.

Reporting the School District as a Whole

One of the most important questions asked about the School District is "How did we do financially during fiscal year 2021?" The statement of net position and the statement of activities, which appear first in the School District's financial statements, report information on the School District as a whole and its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These government-wide financial statements include all assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current fiscal year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the School District's net position and changes in net position. The change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the School District as a whole, the financial position of the School District has improved or diminished. However, the School District's goal is to provide services to our students, not to generate profits as commercial entities do. One must consider many other non-financial factors, such as the School District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, required educational programs and other factors.

Williamsburg Local School District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021
Unaudited

Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the School District's major funds begins on page 8. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the School District's major funds. The School District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the School District's major funds.

Governmental Funds - Most of the School District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at fiscal year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or difference) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

The School District as a Whole

Recall that the statement of net position provides the perspective of the School District as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the School District's net position for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2021 and 2020:

(Table 1)
Net Position
Governmental Activities

	2021	2020*
Assets		
Current and Other Assets	\$12,171,311	\$8,756,717
Capital Assets, Net	11,917,774	12,098,778
Total Assets	24,089,085	20,855,495
Deferred Outflows of Resources	2,516,829	2,639,760
Liabilities		
Current and Other Liabilities	1,061,719	1,029,025
Long-Term Liabilities	16,064,050	13,865,807
Total Liabilities	17,125,769	14,894,832
Deferred Inflows of Resources	5,396,131	4,261,714

Williamsburg Local School District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021
Unaudited

(Table 1)
 Net Position
 Governmental Activities
 (continued)

	2021	2020*
Net Position		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$11,643,289	\$11,809,840
Restricted	1,342,830	879,607
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(8,902,105)	(8,431,264)
Total Net Position	\$4,084,014	\$4,258,183

*As restated. See note 22 of the notes to the basic financial statements.

Current and other assets increased between years, due primarily to an increase in equity of pooled cash and cash equivalents and intergovernmental receivables. Cash and cash equivalents increased primarily due to unspent lease-purchase agreement proceeds at year-end. Additionally, the School District was able to reduce costs in its general fund which allowed the cash balance in that fund to increase between years. Due to the timing of draw requests, the School District's intergovernmental receivables increased between years. Capital assets, net decreased between years, due to depreciation expense and disposals in excess of additions. Deferred outflows decreased between years, related to the change in proportionate share of the state-wide net pension and OPEB liabilities (assets). Current and other liabilities remained relatively consistent between years. Long-term liabilities increased between years, due primarily to the School District entering into a new lease-purchase agreement for \$1,845,000 and due to an increase in the School District's proportionate share of the state-wide net pension liability. These increases were partially offset by a decrease in the School District's proportionate share of the state-wide net OPEB liability and due to principal payments on long-term debt. Deferred inflows increased between years, related to the change in proportionate share of the state-wide net pension and OPEB liabilities (assets).

Table 2 shows the highlights of the School District's revenues and expenses. These two main components are subtracted to yield the change in net position. This table uses the full accrual method of accounting.

Revenue is divided into two major components: Program revenues and general revenues. Program revenues are defined as charges for services and sales and restricted operating grants, capital grants, contributions, and interest. General revenues include taxes and unrestricted grants, such as State foundation support, gifts and donations, investment earnings, and miscellaneous.

Williamsburg Local School District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021
Unaudited

(Table 2)
Change in Net Position
Governmental Activities

	2021	2020
Revenues		
Program Revenues		
Charges for Services and Sales	\$1,622,352	\$1,717,659
Operating Grants, Contributions, and Interest	2,302,778	1,416,056
Total Program Revenues	3,925,130	3,133,715
General Revenues		
Property Taxes	2,969,223	3,985,326
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	80,022	0
Grants and Entitlements not Restricted to Specific Programs	5,362,377	5,325,972
Gifts and Donations not Restricted to Specific Programs	0	1,000
Investment Earnings	9,426	86,037
Miscellaneous	300,876	143,446
Total General Revenues	8,721,924	9,541,781
Total Revenues	12,647,054	12,675,496
Program Expenses		
Instruction		
Regular	\$6,429,996	\$6,036,091
Special	1,956,972	2,189,729
Vocational	38,366	47,874
Support Services		
Pupils	434,114	364,760
Instructional Staff	203,101	125,832
Board of Education	35,887	33,332
Administration	800,007	955,916
Fiscal	414,547	403,490
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,185,719	1,163,747
Pupil Transportation	507,125	551,415
Central	140,206	167,360
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	203,002	171,204
Extracurricular Activities	523,394	585,578
Interest and Fiscal Charges	7,441	30,679
Issuance Costs	21,872	0
Total Expenses	12,901,749	12,827,007
Change in Net Position	(254,695)	(151,511)
Net Position at Beginning of Year - Restated	4,338,709	N/A
Net Position at Ending of Year	\$4,084,014	\$4,338,709

Charges for services and sales decreased between years due to a decrease in rent revenue. Operating grants and contributions increased between years due to the receipt of new grant funding for COVID relief. Property taxes decreased between years due to a decrease in amounts available for advance at year-end. Miscellaneous revenues increased between years due large Ohio Bureau of Worker's Compensation rebates and dividends received in the current year.

Williamsburg Local School District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021
Unaudited

The School District experienced an increase in regular and special instruction expenses, as well as pupils and instructional staff support service expenses, due to the receipt and expenditure of COVID-related grant funds.

Governmental Activities

Grants and entitlements not restricted to specific programs made up 42 percent of total revenues for governmental activities of the School District for fiscal year 2021. Property taxes made up 23 percent of total revenues for governmental activities for a total of 65 percent of total revenues coming from property taxes and grants and entitlements not restricted to specific programs. Charges for services and sales and operating grants and contributions also comprised 13 percent and 18 percent, respectively.

Instruction comprises 65 percent of governmental program expenses, with regular instruction and special instruction comprising 50 percent and 15 percent, respectively, of program expenses. Support services expenses make up 29 percent of governmental program expenses.

The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and sales, grants, contributions and interest offsetting those services. In Table 3, the total cost of services column contains all costs related to the programs and the net cost column shows how much of the total amount is not covered by program revenues. Net costs are costs that must be covered by unrestricted state aid (state foundation) or local taxes. The difference in these two columns would represent charges for services and sales, restricted grants, donations and restricted interest.

(Table 3)
Governmental Activities

	Total Cost of Services 2021	Net Cost of Services 2021	Total Cost of Services 2020	Net Cost of Services 2020
Instruction	\$8,425,334	\$6,001,830	\$8,273,694	\$6,287,581
Support Services	3,720,706	2,625,301	3,765,852	2,908,105
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	203,002	42,574	171,204	41,803
Extracurricular Activities	523,394	277,601	585,578	425,124
Interest and Fiscal Charges	7,441	7,441	30,679	30,679
Issuance Costs	21,872	21,872	0	0
Total Expenses	\$12,901,749	\$8,976,619	\$12,827,007	\$9,693,292

The School District's Funds

Information about the School District's major funds starts on page 14. These funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. All governmental funds had total revenues and other financing sources of \$14,548,976 and expenditures and other financing uses of \$12,364,166. The net change in fund balance for the fiscal year was most significant in the permanent improvement fund, an increase of \$1,717,654, due to the School District entering into a lease-purchase agreement for \$1,845,000 that was significantly unspent at year-end. The general fund balance increased \$158,871, which is significantly less than last year's increase in fund balance due to a much larger property tax amount available for advance as compared to the current year.

General Fund - Budget Highlights

The School District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. During the course of fiscal year 2021, the School District revised its budget as it attempted to deal with unexpected changes in revenues and expenditures.

Williamsburg Local School District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021
Unaudited

The School District's ending unobligated cash balance was \$322,137 above the final budgeted amount in the general fund.

For the general fund, original budgeted revenues were \$10,902,240 and final budgeted revenues were \$11,236,255. This represents an increase in estimated revenue of \$334,715 due largely to a increase in payments in lieu of taxes and miscellaneous revenue. The difference between actual budget basis revenues and final budget basis revenues was \$63,587, due to intergovernmental revenues being less than expected.

Original budgeted expenditures in the general fund were \$9,910,672 and final budgeted expenditures were \$10,706,183. This represents an increase in estimated expenditures of \$795,511 due largely to an increase in estimates for operation and maintenance of plant and regular instruction. The difference between actual budget basis expenditures and final budgeted expenditures was \$385,724 due mainly to spending less than the budgeted amounts for regular and special instruction, operation and maintenance of plant, and pupil transportation support services.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The School District's investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2021 was \$11,917,774. This investment in capital assets includes land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture, fixtures and equipment, and vehicles. Table 4 shows fiscal year 2021 balances compared to fiscal year 2020:

(Table 4)
 Capital Assets at June 30
 (Net of Depreciation)
 Governmental Activities

	2021	2020
Land	\$830,100	\$830,100
Land Improvements	837,908	940,058
Buildings and Improvements	9,550,859	9,789,071
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	387,676	358,591
Vehicles	311,231	180,958
Totals	\$11,917,774	\$12,098,778

Net capital assets decreased \$181,004 from the prior fiscal year. This was due to capital assets depreciation expense and disposals in excess of additions.

For more information on capital assets, refer to note 8 of the notes to the basic financial statements.

Williamsburg Local School District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021
Unaudited

Debt

At June 30, 2021, the School District had \$245,000 in bonds outstanding with \$40,000 due within one year, and \$1,845,000 in a lease-purchase agreement outstanding with \$170,000 due within one year. Table 5 summarizes the bonds and lease-purchase agreement outstanding:

(Table 5)
 Outstanding Debt at June 30
 Governmental Activities

	2021	2020
Energy Conservation Bonds		
2012 Energy Conservation Bonds 1.150%-2.750%	\$245,000	\$280,000
Premium on Debt Issue	7,613	8,938
Lease-Purchase Agreement	1,845,000	0
Totals	\$2,097,613	\$288,938

The School District's overall legal debt margin was \$13,267,696 with an unvoted debt margin of \$147,419 and an energy conservation debt limit of \$1,081,770 at June 30, 2021.

In March 2012, the School District issued energy conservation bonds for an energy efficiency project.

In June 2021, the School District entered into a lease-purchase agreement for the purpose of improvements to School District facilities, including acquisition and installation of a new roof for the high school building.

For more information on debt, refer to note 12 of the notes to the basic financial statements.

School District Challenges for the Future

The Williamsburg Board of Education is committed to maintaining fiscal stewardship. Williamsburg is a small district that typically receives about 50 percent of its general fund revenue as state support. In 2010, the State of Ohio cut public school funding and cut tangible personal property reimbursements to schools in order to balance their budget during the recession. Williamsburg saw revenue drop by 12% and revenues stayed low until the 14/15 biennial budget increased state revenues somewhat. The School District made cuts to balance the budget during those lean years, including cuts to staffing. Finally, in the 16/17 biennial budget, Williamsburg Schools saw significant funding increases from the state as they introduced capacity aid, a new state formula line item dedicated to small rural districts with low property values. In the new 18/19 biennial budget, the state has applied a 3% cap to all state funding revenue growth! In addition, capacity aid is now figured inside the 3% cap! So now our state revenues are restricted to artificially low amounts, amounts lower than even the state says we need to educate our students!

As a small district, it is always a challenge to attract and retain highly qualified staff. We must be dedicated to keeping our salaries competitive yet remain balanced financially. Health insurance is another concern as rates continue to increase for many reasons. The School District is a member of Clermont County Insurance Consortium (CCIC) and it provides all insurance products for our staff. CCIC has voted to join EPC, another insurance consortium, and will be operating as a consortium within a consortium. It is CCIC's hope that being part of a much larger consortium will stabilize our insurance premium rates and provide security to protect the value of our insurance products.

The School District also struggles to control special education costs. It has been our plan to hire additional staff to

Williamsburg Local School District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021
Unaudited

provide a more targeted education to our special education students. At the same time, we will be reducing special education contracted costs.

In addition, the State of Ohio continues to support "School Choice" and funds those choices via deductions from public schools. Currently, Williamsburg loses almost \$125,000 per year to charter schools and over \$65,000 to scholarship costs thanks to the "School Choice" movement.

Despite this, Williamsburg continues to stay within budget. The following four years of the forecast we expect to spend into our carryover, in excess of the emergency levy.

Williamsburg Schools is seeing some industrial growth in real estate at the South Afton complex. We expect, at this time, that the property will be exempt due to abatements and TIFs. Any payment in lieu of tax will be welcome. We are seeing some recovery in real estate as our TY2017 valuation is expected to increase by 17% for residential and agricultural values! We have not seen double digit increases in property values in over a decade!

The Williamsburg Board of Education and administration remain committed to being fiscally responsible and continue to adjust budgets and look for reductions in costs. The School District has seen savings in the past five years for electric usage from browning out, updating old equipment, and negotiating lower rates with electric suppliers. The School District shares services with Child Focus for preschool. We have been able to increase the preschool students served by working with Child Focus and have reduced our preschool costs.

School District personnel continue to make strides in the area of educating students. The Department of Education continues to change the district report card rating system and Williamsburg's curriculum adjusts accordingly. Teaching and non-teaching staff remain focused on providing a quality education to students, without many of the resources available to larger school districts.

Contacting the School District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact JoAnna Carraher, Treasurer, at Williamsburg Local School District, 549-A West Main Street, Williamsburg, Ohio 45176, or email at carraher_j@burgschools.org.

Williamsburg Local School District
Statement of Net Position
June 30, 2021

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$7,125,227
Accrued Interest Receivable	413
Accounts Receivable	29,577
Intergovernmental Receivable	415,653
Property Taxes Receivable	3,934,618
Net OPEB Asset	665,823
Capital Assets:	
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	830,100
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	11,087,674
<i>Total Assets</i>	24,089,085
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Pension	2,197,147
OPEB	319,682
<i>Total Deferred Outflows of Resources</i>	2,516,829
Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	32,089
Accrued Wages and Benefits	871,206
Intergovernmental Payable	156,267
Accrued Interest Payable	2,157
Long-Term Liabilities:	
Due Within One Year	286,017
Due in More Than One Year	3,046,073
Net Pension Liability	11,827,249
Net OPEB Liability	904,711
<i>Total Liabilities</i>	17,125,769
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Property Taxes Not Levied to Finance Current Year Operations	3,531,238
Pension	548,699
OPEB	1,316,194
<i>Total Deferred Inflows of Resources</i>	5,396,131
Net Position	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	11,643,289
Restricted For:	
Capital Outlay	504,390
Other Purposes	838,440
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(8,902,105)
<i>Total Net Position</i>	\$4,084,014

See the accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Williamsburg Local School District
Statement of Activities
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Program Revenues			Net Revenues (Expenses) and Changes in Net Position
	Expenses	Charges for Services and Sales	Operating Grants, Contributions, and Interest	
Governmental Activities				
Instruction				
Regular	\$6,429,996	\$677,300	\$505,294	(\$5,247,402)
Special	1,956,972	211,425	1,002,916	(742,631)
Vocational	38,366	6,574	19,995	(11,797)
Support Services				
Pupils	434,114	33,556	453,875	53,317
Instructional Staff	203,101	9,599	123,649	(69,853)
Board of Education	35,887	4,311	0	(31,576)
Administration	800,007	92,520	0	(707,487)
Fiscal	414,547	48,420	0	(366,127)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,185,719	124,776	68,475	(992,468)
Pupil Transportation	507,125	56,221	47,430	(403,474)
Central	140,206	13,904	18,669	(107,633)
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	203,002	157,688	2,740	(42,574)
Extracurricular Activities	523,394	186,058	59,735	(277,601)
Debt Service				
Interest and Fiscal Charges	7,441	0	0	(7,441)
Issuance Costs	21,872	0	0	(21,872)
Total Governmental Activities	\$12,901,749	\$1,622,352	\$2,302,778	(8,976,619)
General Revenues				
Property Taxes Levied for				
General Purposes				2,969,223
Payments in Lieu of Taxes				80,022
Grants and Entitlements not Restricted to Specific Programs				5,362,377
Investment Earnings				9,426
Miscellaneous				300,876
Total General Revenues				8,721,924
Change in Net Position				(254,695)
Net Position Beginning of Year - Restated				4,338,709
Net Position End of Year				\$4,084,014

See the accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Williamsburg Local School District
Balance Sheet
Governmental Funds
June 30, 2021

	General Fund	Permanent Improvement Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets				
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$4,096,766	\$2,334,818	\$693,643	\$7,125,227
Accrued Interest Receivable	413	0	0	413
Accounts Receivable	14,193	0	15,384	29,577
Interfund Receivable	183,108	0	0	183,108
Intergovernmental Receivable	17,693	0	397,960	415,653
Property Taxes Receivable	3,934,618	0	0	3,934,618
<i>Total Assets</i>	<u>\$8,246,791</u>	<u>\$2,334,818</u>	<u>\$1,106,987</u>	<u>\$11,688,596</u>
Liabilities				
Accounts Payable	\$28,572	\$0	\$3,517	\$32,089
Accrued Wages and Benefits	791,386	0	79,820	871,206
Interfund Payable	0	7,300	175,808	183,108
Intergovernmental Payable	132,212	0	24,055	156,267
<i>Total Liabilities</i>	952,170	7,300	283,200	1,242,670
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Property Taxes not Levied to Finance Current Year Operations	3,531,238	0	0	3,531,238
Unavailable Revenue:				
Property Taxes	58,106	0	0	58,106
Grants	0	0	211,429	211,429
Other	19,947	0	0	19,947
Total Unavailable Revenue	<u>78,053</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>211,429</u>	<u>289,482</u>
<i>Total Deferred Inflows of Resources</i>	3,609,291	0	211,429	3,820,720
Fund Balances				
Restricted	0	2,327,518	677,701	3,005,219
Committed	45,766	0	0	45,766
Assigned	62,856	0	0	62,856
Unassigned (Deficit)	3,576,708	0	(65,343)	3,511,365
<i>Total Fund Balances</i>	<u>3,685,330</u>	<u>2,327,518</u>	<u>612,358</u>	<u>6,625,206</u>
<i>Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances</i>	<u>\$8,246,791</u>	<u>\$2,334,818</u>	<u>\$1,106,987</u>	<u>\$11,688,596</u>

See the accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Williamsburg Local School District
*Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to
 Net Position of Governmental Activities
 June 30, 2021*

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$6,625,206
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Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	11,917,774
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Some of the School District's revenues will be collected after fiscal year-end but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.

Property taxes	58,106	
Intergovernmental	211,429	
Other	19,947	289,482

The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) is not due and payable in the current period. Therefore, the liability (asset) and related deferred inflows/outflows are not reported in governmental

Deferred outflows-pension	2,197,147	
Deferred outflows-OPEB	319,682	
Deferred inflows-pension	(548,699)	
Deferred inflows-OPEB	(1,316,194)	
Net pension liability	(11,827,249)	
Net OPEB asset	665,823	
Net OPEB liability	(904,711)	(11,414,201)

In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds and lease-purchase agreements, whereas in governmental funds, as interest expenditure is reported when due.	(2,157)
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Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Those liabilities consist of:

Bonds payable	(245,000)	
Lease-Purchase Agreement	(1,845,000)	
Premiums on bonds	(7,613)	
Compensated absences	(1,234,477)	(3,332,090)

Net Position of Governmental Activities	<u>\$4,084,014</u>
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See the accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Williamsburg Local School District
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Governmental Funds
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	General Fund	Permanent Improvement Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues				
Property Taxes	\$2,986,627	\$0	\$0	\$2,986,627
Intergovernmental	5,878,196	0	1,577,114	7,455,310
Interest	21,687	0	0	21,687
Increase in Fair Market Value	(12,261)	0	0	(12,261)
Tuition and Fees	1,275,645	0	0	1,275,645
Rent	450	0	0	450
Extracurricular Activities	4,186	0	181,867	186,053
Gifts and Donations	3,035	59	16,804	19,898
Customer Sales and Services	0	0	160,204	160,204
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	80,022	0	0	80,022
Miscellaneous	283,253	0	5,088	288,341
Total Revenues	10,520,840	59	1,941,077	12,461,976
Expenditures				
Current				
Instruction				
Regular	5,289,574	0	462,597	5,752,171
Special	1,490,775	0	372,946	1,863,721
Vocational	31,992	0	2,885	34,877
Support Services				
Pupils	252,887	0	166,717	419,604
Instructional Staff	77,838	0	114,760	192,598
Board of Education	34,960	0	0	34,960
Administration	750,272	0	0	750,272
Fiscal	392,652	0	0	392,652
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	955,181	0	57,500	1,012,681
Pupil Transportation	455,915	0	0	455,915
Central	112,748	0	18,669	131,417
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	93,346	0	162,284	255,630
Extracurricular Activities	22,049	748	394,136	416,933
Capital Outlay	117,561	104,785	122,298	344,644
Debt Service				
Principal Retirement	35,000	0	0	35,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges	7,219	0	0	7,219
Issuance Costs	0	21,872	0	21,872
Total Expenditures	10,119,969	127,405	1,874,792	12,122,166
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	400,871	(127,346)	66,285	339,810
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers In	0	0	242,000	242,000
Proceeds from Lease-Purchase Agreement	0	1,845,000	0	1,845,000
Transfers Out	(242,000)	0	0	(242,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(242,000)	1,845,000	242,000	1,845,000
Net Change in Fund Balances	158,871	1,717,654	308,285	2,184,810
Fund Balances Beginning of Year - Restated	3,526,459	609,864	304,073	4,440,396
Fund Balances End of Year	\$3,685,330	\$2,327,518	\$612,358	\$6,625,206

See the accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Williamsburg Local School District
*Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund
Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021*

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds \$2,184,810

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are:

Capital asset additions	344,644	
Depreciation expense	(525,648)	(181,004)

Because some revenues will not be collected for several months after the School District's fiscal year ends, they are not considered "available" revenues and are deferred in the

Delinquent property taxes	(17,404)	
Intergovernmental	189,947	
Other	12,535	185,078

Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows.

Pension	764,662	
OPEB	24,604	789,266

Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension/OPEB liability (asset) are reported as pension/OPEB expense in the statement of activities.

Pension	(1,452,531)	
OPEB	42,647	(1,409,884)

Governmental funds report premiums as expenditures, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of net position.

Amortization of bond premium		1,325
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Long-term debt proceeds are other financing sources in the governmental funds but the issuance increases the long-term liabilities on the statement of net position.

Proceeds from Lease Purchase Agreement		(1,845,000)
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Repayment of long-term debt is reported as an expenditure in governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. In the current fiscal year, these amounts consist of:

Bond principal retirement		35,000
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In the statement of activities, interest accrued on outstanding bonds and the loss on refunding are amortized over the terms of the bonds, whereas in the governmental funds, the expenditure is reported when the bonds are issued:

Increase in accrued interest		(1,547)
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Some items reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. These activities consist of:

Increase in compensated absences		(12,739)
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Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		<u>(254,695)</u>
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See the accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Williamsburg Local School District
*Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in
Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual
General Fund
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021*

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final	Actual	
Revenues				
Property Taxes	\$3,578,686	\$3,698,608	\$3,698,608	\$0
Intergovernmental	5,830,054	5,967,326	5,887,304	(80,022)
Interest	68,182	22,617	23,193	576
Tuition and Fees	1,263,391	1,213,221	1,213,221	0
Rent	1,202	450	450	0
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	0	80,022	80,022	0
Miscellaneous	160,025	254,011	269,870	15,859
<i>Total Revenues</i>	10,901,540	11,236,255	11,172,668	(63,587)
Expenditures				
Current				
Instruction				
Regular	4,680,642	5,252,876	5,214,104	38,772
Special	1,666,786	1,525,781	1,467,927	57,854
Vocational	117,809	31,946	31,761	185
Support Services				
Pupils	284,044	252,278	251,545	733
Instructional Staff	112,711	93,883	75,521	18,362
Board of Education	29,578	39,768	36,694	3,074
Administration	800,742	765,280	760,343	4,937
Fiscal	346,582	396,932	390,719	6,213
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	697,444	1,160,172	1,041,053	119,119
Pupil Transportation	498,454	496,446	459,435	37,011
Central	237,594	212,284	119,392	92,892
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	8,340	26,714	20,142	6,572
Extracurricular Activities	97,500	43	43	0
Capital Outlay	73,791	117,561	117,561	0
Debt Service				
Principal Retirement	0	35,000	35,000	0
Interest and Fiscal Charges	0	7,219	7,219	0
<i>Total Expenditures</i>	9,652,017	10,414,183	10,028,459	385,724
<i>Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures</i>	1,249,523	822,072	1,144,209	322,137
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Advances In	700	0	0	0
Transfers Out	(258,655)	(292,000)	(292,000)	0
<i>Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)</i>	(257,955)	(292,000)	(292,000)	0
<i>Net Change in Fund Balance</i>	991,568	530,072	852,209	322,137
<i>Fund Balances Beginning of Year</i>	2,764,357	2,764,357	2,764,357	0
<i>Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated</i>	445,796	445,796	445,796	0
<i>Fund Balances End of Year</i>	\$4,201,721	\$3,740,225	\$4,062,362	\$322,137

See the accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Williamsburg Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Note 1 – Description of the District and Reporting Entity

Williamsburg Local School District (the School District) is organized under Article VI, Sections 2 and 3 of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. The School District operates under a locally-elected Board form of government consisting of five members elected at-large for staggered four year terms. The School District provides educational services as authorized by State statute and federal guidelines.

The School District was established in 1922. The School District serves an area of approximately 41 square miles. It is located in Clermont County, and includes all of the Village of Williamsburg and portions of Williamsburg and Jackson Townships. The Board of Education controls the School District's two instructional support facilities staffed by 45 non-certified, 61 teaching personnel and 4 administrative employees providing education to 938 students.

Reporting Entity

The reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the School District consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For Williamsburg Local School District, this includes general operations, food services, and student related activities of the School District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the School District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes. The School District has no component units.

The School District participates in two jointly governed organizations and two insurance purchasing pools. These organizations are discussed in notes 14 and 15 of the basic financial statements. These organizations are:

Jointly Governed Organizations:

Hamilton/Clermont Cooperative Association
U.S. Grant Joint Vocational School

Insurance Purchasing Pools:

Clermont County Insurance Consortium
Ohio SchoolComp Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of Williamsburg Local School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the School District's accounting policies are described below.

Williamsburg Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Basis of Presentation

The School District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The government-wide statements usually distinguish between those activities that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities. The School District, however, has no activities which are reported as business-type activities.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the School District at fiscal year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program, and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the School District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School District.

Fund Financial Statements

During the fiscal year, the School District segregates transactions related to certain School District functions or activities into separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the School District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is reporting on major funds rather than reporting by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type, however, the School District has no fiduciary funds.

Fund Accounting

The School District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. All funds of the School District fall within one category: governmental.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the School District are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities and deferred outflows of resources is reported as fund balance.

Williamsburg Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

The following are the School District's major governmental funds:

General Fund - The general fund is the operating fund of the School District and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the School District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Permanent Improvement Fund - The permanent improvement fund is a fund provided to account for all transactions related to the acquiring, constructing, or improving of permanent improvements.

The other governmental funds of the School District account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private purpose trust funds and custodial funds. Trust funds are distinguished from custodial funds by the existence of a trust agreement or equivalent arrangements that has certain characteristics. Custodial funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in a trust fund. The School District has no fiduciary funds.

Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets, deferred inflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred outflows of resources associated with the operation of the School District are included on the statement of net position. The statement of activities presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net position.

Fund Financial Statements

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets, current liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Basis of Accounting

The basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements and the financial statements of the fiduciary funds are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and the modified accrual bases of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred inflows/outflows of resources, in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures, and the recording of net pension/OPEB liabilities (assets).

Williamsburg Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Revenue – Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. “Measurable” means that the amount of the transaction can be determined, and “available” means that the resources are collectible within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the School District, available means expected to be received within 60 days of fiscal year-end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the School District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (see note 5.) Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the fiscal year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the School District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes available as an advance, tuition and fees, interest and grants.

Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position and balance sheet report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the School District, deferred outflows of resources are reported on the government-wide statement of net position for pension and other post-employment benefits. These items are further explained in notes 9 and 10.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and balance sheet report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized until that time. For the School District, deferred inflows of resources included property taxes, pension, other post-employment benefits, and unavailable revenue. Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2021, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2022 operations, and other revenues received in advance of the year for which they were intended to finance, have been recorded as deferred inflows of resources on the statement of net position and governmental fund balance sheet. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental fund balance sheet and represents grants and entitlements and other resources not received within the available period and delinquent property taxes due at June 30, 2021. Deferred inflows of resources related to pension/OPEB are reported on the government-wide statement of net position and are further explained in notes 9 and 10.

Expenses/Expenditures

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

Williamsburg Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, all cash received by the School District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through School District records. Interest in the pool is presented as “equity in pooled cash and investments” on the financial statements.

During fiscal year 2021, the School District invested in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio), money market funds, negotiable certificates of deposit, U.S. Treasury obligations, and U.S. government agency securities. Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value which is based on quoted market prices. The School District’s money market funds are recorded at amounts reported by the respective financial institutions at June 30, 2021.

STAR Ohio (the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio), is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer’s Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 79, “Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants.” The School District measures its investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides an NAV per share that approximates fair value.

For fiscal year 2021, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. Twenty-four hours advanced noticed is appreciated for deposits and redemptions of \$100 million or more. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$250 million per day. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

Following Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2021 amounted to \$21,687. The School District also recognized a decrease in the fair value of investments of \$12,261 in the general fund.

Investments of the cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School District are presented on the financial statements as “equity in pooled cash and investments”.

Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2021, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and an expenditure/expense is reported in the fiscal year in which services are consumed. The School District had no prepaid items to report as of June 30, 2021.

Capital Assets

All capital assets of the School District are general capital assets that are associated with governmental activities. General capital assets usually result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

Williamsburg Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost which is determined by indexing the current replacement cost back to the year of acquisition) and updated for additions and retirements during the fiscal year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition values as of the date received. The School District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$2,500. The School District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized.

All reported capital assets, except land, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Estimated Lives</u>
Land Improvements	5-20 years
Buildings and Improvements	25-80 years
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	5-20 years
Vehicles	8 years

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, compensated absences and net pension/OPEB liability that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment in the current fiscal year. Bonds that will be paid from governmental funds are recognized as a liability on the governmental fund financial statements when due.

Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the School District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The School District records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all employees with more than one year of service.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is an estimate based on the School District's past experience of making termination payments.

The entire compensated absences liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

On the governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures to the extent payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. These amounts are recorded in the amount "matured compensated absences payable" in the termination benefits fund, which is presented as part of the general fund for GAAP reporting purposes. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported. The School District reported no matured compensated absences payable at June 30, 2021.

Bond Premiums/Issuance Costs

In the government-wide financial statements, bond premiums are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight-line method since the results are not significantly different from the effective interest method.

Williamsburg Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

On the governmental fund financial statements, bond premiums and issuance costs are recognized in the period when the debt is issued.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets plus deferred outflows or resources and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through enabling legislation adopted by the School District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Net position restricted for other purposes include resources restricted for food service, music and athletic programs, and federal and state grants restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The School District has no net position that is restricted by enabling legislation.

The School District applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

Fund Balances

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable – The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The “not in spendable form” criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amount of loans receivable, as well as property acquired for resale, unless the use of the proceeds from the collection of those receivables or from the sale of those properties is restricted, committed, or assigned.

Restricted – Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Committed – This fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the School District’s Board of Education. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the School District’s Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned – Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the School District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts would represent intended uses established by the School District’s Board of Education.

Unassigned – Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In the other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

Williamsburg Local School District
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For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

The School District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Internal Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

Transfers within the governmental activities are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements.

Internal allocations of overhead expenses from one function to another or within the same function are eliminated on the statement of activities. Payments for interfund services provided and used are not eliminated.

Short term interfund loans are classified as “interfund receivables” and “interfund payables”. These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column of the statement of net position.

Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Budgetary Process

The budgetary process is prescribed by the provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. All funds are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the appropriation resolution and the certificate of estimated resources, which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amounts that the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriation resolution is the Board’s authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at a level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of budgetary control has been established by the Board of Education at the fund/special cost center level for the general fund and at the fund level for all other funds. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education. The Treasurer has been authorized to allocate Board appropriations to the function and object level within each fund/special cost center.

The Clermont County Budget Commission has waived the requirement that school districts adopt and submit a tax budget. In lieu of the tax budget, school districts are required to submit bond fund balances.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the fiscal year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the School District Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the certificate when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as final budgeted amounts reflect the amounts in the amended certificate that was in effect at the time the final appropriations were passed by the Board of Education.

Williamsburg Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the fiscal year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated revenues. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior fiscal years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the fiscal year, including all supplemental appropriations.

Pensions/OPEB

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB, and pension/OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

Note 3 – Budgetary Basis of Accounting

While the School District is reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balances on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance - budget (non-GAAP basis) and actual for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are that:

1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).
3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget basis) rather than as a restriction, commitment, or assignment of fund balance (GAAP basis).
4. Certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate special revenue funds are considered part of the general fund on a GAAP basis. This includes the neediest kids, uniform school supplies, pre-school, centre, public school support, and termination benefits funds. These funds were excluded from the budgetary presentation for the general fund.

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP and budgetary basis statements for the general fund.

	Net Change in Fund Balance
GAAP Basis	\$158,871
Revenue Accruals	724,916
Expenditure Accruals	40,411
Encumbrances	(67,064)
(Excess) Deficit of Funds Combined with General Fund for Reporting Purposes	(4,925)
Budget Basis	\$852,209

Note 4 – Deposits and Investments

Monies held by the School District are classified by state statute into three categories.

Williamsburg Local School District
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For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Active monies are public monies determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the School District treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board has identified as not required for use within the current five-year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts, including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts, including passbook accounts.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

1. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligation or security issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, and Government National Mortgage Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio, and with certain limitations including a requirement for maturity within ten years from the date of settlement, bonds and other obligations of political subdivisions of the State of Ohio, if training requirements have been met;
5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio).
8. Certain bankers' acceptances for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days) and commercial paper notes (for a period not to exceed two hundred seventy days) in an amount not to exceed 40 percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time if training requirements have been met.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited. Except as noted above, an investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

Deposits

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the School District will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. As of June 30, 2021, the School District's bank balance of \$2,954,512 was either covered by FDIC or collateralized by the financial institution's public entity deposit pool in the manner described below.

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For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

The School District has no deposit policy for custodial risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits either be insured or be protected by:

Eligible securities pledged to the School District and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose market value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured; or

Participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total market value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of State.

Investments

As of June 30, 2021, the School District had the following investments, which are in an internal investment pool:

	Fair Value	Credit Rating	Maturity	Percent of Total Investments
STAR Ohio	\$2,687,151	AAAm	Less than one year	61.80%
First American Government Obligation Money Market Fund	5,207	AAAm	Less than one year	0.12%
Dreyfus Treasury Obligation CM Money Market Fund	90,492	AAAm	Less than one year	2.08%
Federal National Mortgage Assn.	49,487	AA+	Three to five years	1.14%
Federal Farm Credit Bank	55,036	AA+	Less than one year	1.27%
Federal Farm Credit Bank	244,254	AA+	One to two years	5.62%
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp	149,726	AA+	One to two years	3.44%
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp.	69,427	AA+	Three to five years	1.60%
Federal Home Loan Bank	154,870	AA+	One to two years	3.56%
U.S. Treasury Notes	50,000	AA+	Less than one year	1.15%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	137,270	N/A	Less than one year	3.16%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	654,945	N/A	One to two years	15.06%
Total Investments	<u>\$4,347,865</u>			<u>100.00%</u>

The School District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets. Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs. Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The above table identifies the School District's recurring fair value measurement as of June 30, 2021. As previously discussed, STAR Ohio is reported at its net asset value. All other investments of the School District are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs).

Interest Rate Risk – The School District has no investment policy that addresses interest rate risk beyond the requirements of state statute. State statute requires that an investment mature within five years from the date of purchase, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District, and that an investment must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

Credit Risk – The School District has no investment policy that addresses credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk – Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the School District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. All of the School District's securities are either insured and registered in the name of the School

Williamsburg Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

District or at least registered in the name of the School District. The School District has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial credit risk beyond the requirements in state statute that prohibit payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the treasurer or qualified trustee.

Concentration of Credit Risk – The School District places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer. However, the School District does diversify for protection of assets in a responsible manner.

Note 5 – Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis, while the School District’s fiscal year runs from July through June. First-half tax distributions are received by the School District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second-half tax distributions are received in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property, public utility property, and tangible personal (used in business) property located in the School District. Real property tax revenues received in calendar year 2021 represent the collection of calendar year 2020 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2021 were levied after April 1, 2020, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2020, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by state statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, state statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2021 represent the collection of calendar year 2020 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2021 became a lien on December 31, 2019, were levied after April 1, 2020, and are collected in calendar year 2021 with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The School District receives property taxes from Clermont and Brown Counties. The County Auditors periodically advance to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the Counties by June 30, 2021, are available to finance fiscal year 2021 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property and public utility property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2021, and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reflected as revenue at fiscal year-end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred inflows of resources.

On a full accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis the revenue has been deferred.

The assessed values upon which fiscal year 2021 taxes were collected are:

	2020 Second-Half Collections		2021 First-Half Collections	
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
Real Estate	\$132,088,810	94.68%	\$139,485,900	94.62%
Public Utility Personal	7,418,850	5.32%	7,932,940	5.38%
Total Assessed Value	\$139,507,660	100.00%	\$147,418,840	100.00%
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed value	\$44.65		\$44.27	

Williamsburg Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Note 6 - Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2021, consisted of accrued interest, accounts, intergovernmental, interfund, and property taxes. All receivable amounts, except delinquent property taxes, are expected to be received within one year. Property taxes, although ultimately collectible, include some portion of delinquencies that will not be collected within one year. The intergovernmental receivables are as follows:

<i>Major Fund:</i>	
General	\$17,693
 <i>Nonmajor Funds:</i>	
High Schools That Work	6,000
ESSER	110,542
Title VI-B	215,170
Title I	66,248
Total Nonmajor Funds	<u>397,960</u>
 Total All Funds	 <u>\$415,653</u>

Note 7 – Risk Management

Property and Liability

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft or damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2021, the School District contracted with commercial carriers for property and fleet insurance, liability insurance and inland marine coverage. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There have been no significant changes in coverage from the prior year.

Workers' Compensation

For fiscal year 2021, the School District participated in the Ohio SchoolComp (formerly Ohio Association of School Business Officials) Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool (see note 15). The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the School District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Sedgwick, Inc. provides administrative, cost control, and actuarial services to the GRP.

Employee Benefits

For fiscal year 2021, the School District participated in the Clermont County Insurance Consortium (the Consortium), a group insurance purchasing pool (see note 15), in order to provide dental, life, medical, and disability benefits to employees, their dependents and designated beneficiaries and to set aside funds for such purposes. The Directors provides insurance policies in whole or in part through one or more group insurance policies.

Williamsburg Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Note 8 – Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 was as follows:

	Balance at 6/30/20	Additions	Disposals	Balance at 6/30/21
<i>Governmental Activities</i>				
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:				
Land	\$830,100	\$0	\$0	\$830,100
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	830,100	0	0	830,100
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:				
Land Improvements	2,727,232	0	0	2,727,232
Buildings and Improvements	16,391,153	91,804	0	16,482,957
Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment	2,013,234	83,222	(27,020)	2,069,436
Vehicles	884,829	169,618	0	1,054,447
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	22,016,448	344,644	(27,020)	22,334,072
Less Accumulated Depreciation				
Land Improvements	(1,787,174)	(102,150)	0	(1,889,324)
Buildings and Improvements	(6,602,082)	(330,016)	0	(6,932,098)
Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment	(1,654,643)	(54,137)	27,020	(1,681,760)
Vehicles	(703,871)	(39,345)	0	(743,216)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(10,747,770)	(525,648)	27,020	(11,246,398)
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	11,268,678	(181,004)	0	11,087,674
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$12,098,778	(\$181,004)	\$0	\$11,917,774

Depreciation was charged to the following governmental functions:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$322,821
Special	1,838
Vocational	111
Pupils	206
Support Services:	
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	64,536
Pupil Transportation	42,445
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	6,891
Extracurricular Activities	86,800
Total Depreciation Expense	<u>\$525,648</u>

Note 9 – Defined Benefit Pension Plans

The Statewide retirement systems provide both pension benefits and other postemployment benefits (OPEB).

Net Pension Liability/Net OPEB Liability

The net pension liability and the net OPEB liability (asset) reported on the statement of net position represent liabilities to employees for pensions and OPEB, respectively. Pensions and OPEB are components of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services.

Williamsburg Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
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Pensions/OPEB are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that have already occurred.

The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) represents the School District’s proportionate share of each pension/OPEB plan’s collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension/OPEB plan’s fiduciary net position. The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting these estimates annually.

The Ohio Revised Code limits the School District’s obligation for these liabilities to annually required payments. The School District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions/OPEB are financed; however, the School District does receive the benefit of employees’ services in exchange for compensation including pension and OPEB.

GASB 68/75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires funding to come from these employers. All pension contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes pension costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits. In addition, health care plan enrollees pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. State statute requires the retirement systems to amortize unfunded pension liabilities within 30 years. If the pension amortization period exceeds 30 years, each retirement system’s board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension/OPEB liability (asset). Resulting adjustments to the net pension/OPEB liability (asset) would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients.

The proportionate share of each plan’s unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net pension/OPEB liability (asset)* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension/OPEB contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in *intergovernmental payable* on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

The remainder of this note includes the required pension disclosures. See note 10 for the required OPEB disclosures.

School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description – School District nonteaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information, and detailed information about SERS’ fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org under employers/audit resources.

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

Williamsburg Local School District
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For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Eligible to Retire on or before August 1, 2017 *	Eligible to Retire on or after August 1, 2017
Full Benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially Reduced Benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

* Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017, will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service; 2.2 percent for the first thirty years of service and 2.5 percent for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

An individual whose benefit effective date is before April 1, 2018, is eligible for a cost of living adjustment (COLA) on the first anniversary date of the benefit. Beginning April 1, 2018, new benefit recipients must wait until the fourth anniversary of their benefit for COLA eligibility. The COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit. A three-year COLA suspension is in effect for all benefit recipients for the years 2018, 2019, and 2020. Upon resumption of the COLA, it will be indexed to the percentage increase in the CPI-W, not to exceed 2.5 percent and with a floor of 0 percent. In 2020, the Board of Trustees approved a 0.5 percent cost of living adjustment for eligible retirees and beneficiaries in 2021.

Funding Policy – Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 14.0 percent. For fiscal year 2021, the Retirement Board did not allocate any employer contribution to the Health Care Fund.

The School District's contractually required contributions to SERS were \$174,083 for fiscal year 2021. Of this amount, \$0 was reported as an intergovernmental payable.

State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – School District licensed teachers and other certified faculty members participate in STRS Ohio, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information, and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS website at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan, and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307.

The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation is 2.2 percent of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. In April 2017, the Retirement Board made the decision to reduce COLA granted on or after July 1, 2017, to 0 percent to preserve the fiscal integrity of the retirement system. Benefit recipients' base benefit and past cost-of-living increases are not affected by this change.

Williamsburg Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Eligibility changes will be phased in until August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five years of service credit and age 65, or 35 years of service credit and at least age 60.

Eligibility changes for DB Plan members who retire with actuarially reduced benefits will be phased in until August 1, 2023, when retirement eligibility will be five years of qualifying service credit and age 60, or 30 years of service credit at any age.

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 9.53 percent of the 14 percent employer contributions into an investment account. The member determines how to allocate the member and employer money among various investment choices offered by STRS. The remaining 4.47 percent of the 14 percent employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, 12 percent of the 14 percent member rate goes to the DC Plan and the remaining 2 percent goes to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50 and after termination of employment.

New members who choose the DC plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. New members must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit to apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy – Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. The fiscal year 2021 employer and employee contribution rate was 14 percent was equal to the statutory maximum rates. For fiscal year 2021, the full employer contribution was allocated to pension.

The School District's contractually required contributions to STRS were \$590,579 for fiscal year 2021. Of this amount, \$111,232 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the School District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

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	<u>SERS</u>	<u>STRS</u>	<u>Total</u>
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability Current Measurement Date	0.04022400%	0.03788470%	
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability Prior Measurement Date	<u>0.04110980%</u>	<u>0.03997439%</u>	
Change in Proportionate Share	<u>-0.00088580%</u>	<u>-0.00208969%</u>	
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$2,660,500	\$9,166,749	\$11,827,249
Pension Expense	\$237,883	\$1,214,648	\$1,452,531

At June 30, 2021, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	<u>SERS</u>	<u>STRS</u>	<u>Total</u>
<i>Deferred Outflows of Resources</i>			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$5,169	\$20,569	\$25,738
Changes of assumptions	0	492,077	492,077
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	168,887	445,780	614,667
Changes in proportion and differences between School District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	0	300,003	300,003
School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>174,083</u>	<u>590,579</u>	<u>764,662</u>
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>\$348,139</u>	<u>\$1,849,008</u>	<u>\$2,197,147</u>
<i>Deferred Inflows of Resources</i>			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$0	\$58,616	\$58,616
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	0	0	0
Changes in proportion and differences between School District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	<u>51,164</u>	<u>438,919</u>	<u>490,083</u>
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>\$51,164</u>	<u>\$497,535</u>	<u>\$548,699</u>

\$764,662 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

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	SERS	STRS	Total
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:			
2022	(\$36,001)	\$343,172	\$307,171
2023	35,621	133,643	169,264
2024	70,395	186,809	257,204
2025	52,877	97,270	150,147
Total	\$122,892	\$760,894	\$883,786

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2020, are presented below:

Wage Inflation	3 percent
Future Salary Increases, including inflation	3.5 percent to 18.2 percent
COLA or Ad Hoc COLA	2.5 percent
Investment Rate of Return	7.5 percent net of investments expense, including inflation
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal (Level Percent of Payroll)

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females. Mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries were based upon the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120 percent of male rates, and 110 percent of female rates. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90 percent for male rates and 100 percent for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2015.

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The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined by using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating an arithmetic weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalanced uncorrelated asset classes.

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	2.00 %	1.85 %
US Stocks	22.50	5.75
Non-US Stocks	22.50	6.50
Fixed Income	19.00	2.85
Private Equity	12.00	7.60
Real Assets	17.00	6.60
Multi-Asset Strategies	5.00	6.65
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earning were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.50 percent). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.50 percent), or one percentage point higher (8.50 percent) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease (6.5%)	Current Discount Rate (7.5%)	1% Increase (8.5%)
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$3,644,560	\$2,660,500	\$1,834,855

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the July 1, 2020, actuarial valuation, are presented below:

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Inflation	2.50 percent
Projected salary increases	12.50 percent at age 20 to 2.50 percent at age 65
Investment Rate of Return	7.45 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Discount Rate of Return	7.45 percent
Payroll Increases	3 percent
Cost-of-Living Adjustments (COLA)	0.0 percent, effective July 1, 2017

Post-retirement mortality rates for healthy retirees are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2020 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Target Allocation</u>	<u>Long-Term Expected Rate of Return *</u>
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	<u>1.00</u>	2.25
Total	<u><u>100.00 %</u></u>	

*10 year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25 percent and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.45 percent as of June 30, 2020. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2020. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.45 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2020.

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Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate
The following table presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.45 percent, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.45 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (8.45 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.45%)	Current Discount Rate (7.45%)	1% Increase (8.45%)
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$13,051,855	\$9,166,749	\$5,874,446

Note 10 – Other Postemployment Benefits

See note 9 for a description of the net OPEB liability (asset).

School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Health Care Plan Description - The School District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 75 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. SERS' Health Care Plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of most types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage. In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree, are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of 65 and therefore enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under employers/audit resources.

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board established the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For fiscal year 2021, no allocation was made to health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2021, this amount was \$23,000. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2021, the School District's surcharge obligation was \$24,604. The surcharge, added to the allocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The School District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$24,604 for fiscal year 2021. Of this amount, \$24,604 was reported as an intergovernmental payable for health care.

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State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians’ fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy – Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. All benefit recipients pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.

Net OPEB Liability (Asset), OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School District's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset) was based on the School District's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share:

	<u>SERS</u>	<u>STRS</u>	<u>Total</u>
Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) Current Measurement Date	0.04162790%	0.03788470%	
Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) Prior Measurement Date	<u>0.04196630%</u>	<u>0.03997439%</u>	
Change in Proportionate Share	<u>-0.00033840%</u>	<u>-0.00208969%</u>	
Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$904,711	\$0	\$904,711
Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset	\$0	(\$665,823)	(\$665,823)
OPEB Expense	(\$12,828)	(\$29,819)	(\$42,647)

At June 30, 2021, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

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	SERS	STRS	Total
<i>Deferred Outflows of Resources</i>			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$11,882	\$42,663	\$54,545
Changes of assumptions	154,222	10,991	165,213
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	10,194	23,333	33,527
Changes in proportionate share and difference between School District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	0	41,793	41,793
School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	24,604	0	24,604
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$200,902	\$118,780	\$319,682
<i>Deferred Inflows of Resources</i>			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$460,109	\$132,619	\$592,728
Changes of assumptions	22,789	632,420	655,209
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	0	0	0
Changes in proportionate share and difference between School District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	65,338	2,919	68,257
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$548,236	\$767,958	\$1,316,194

\$24,604 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability or an increase in the net OPEB asset in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:			
2022	(\$77,293)	(\$162,162)	(\$239,455)
2023	(249,705)	(146,368)	(396,073)
2024	7,788	(140,827)	(133,039)
2025	(36,289)	(137,408)	(173,697)
2026	(16,439)	(29,749)	(46,188)
Thereafter	0	(32,664)	(32,664)
Total	(\$371,938)	(\$649,178)	(\$1,021,116)

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

The total OPEB liability is determined by SERS' actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

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Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2020, are presented below:

Wage Inflation	3.00 percent
Future Salary Increases, including inflation	3.50 percent to 18.20 percent
Investment Rate of Return	7.50 percent net of investments expense, including inflation
Municipal Bond Index Rate:	
Measurement Date	2.45 percent
Prior Measurement Date	3.13 percent
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation	
Measurement Date	2.63 percent
Prior Measurement Date	3.22 percent
Medical Trend Assumption	
Medicare	5.25 to 4.75 percent
Pre-Medicare	7.00 to 4.75 percent

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and Scale BB, 120 percent of male rates and 110 percent of female rates. RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent for male rates and 100 percent for female rates set back five years.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended June 30, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the actuarial five-year experience study. The most recent study covers fiscal years 2010 through 2015 and was adopted by the Board on April 21, 2016. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return, 7.50 percent, by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

The SERS health care plan follows the same asset allocation and long-term expected real rate of return for each major asset class as the pension plan discussed in note 9.

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Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2020 was 2.63 percent. The discount rate used to measure total OPEB liability prior to June 30, 2020 was 3.22 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and the System at the state statute contribution rate of 2.00 percent of projected covered employee payroll each year, which includes a 1.50 percent payroll surcharge and 0.50 percent of contributions from the basic benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make future benefit payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan assets was used to present value the projected benefit payments through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024 and the Fidelity General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index rate of 2.45 percent, as of June 30, 2020 (i.e. municipal bond rate), was used to present value the projected benefit payments for the remaining years in the projection. The total present value of projected benefit payments from all years was then used to determine the single rate of return that was used as the discount rate. The projection of future benefit payments for all current plan members was until the benefit payments ran out.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate. The following table presents the net OPEB liability of SERS, and what SERS' net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (1.63%) and higher (3.63%) than the current discount rate (2.63%). Also shown is what SERS' net OPEB liability would be based on health care cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (6.00% decreasing to 3.75%) and higher (8.00% decreasing to 5.75%) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease (1.63%)	Current Discount Rate (2.63%)	1% Increase (3.63%)
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$1,107,343	\$904,711	\$743,618
	1% Decrease (6.00% decreasing to 3.75%)	Current Trend Rate (7.00% decreasing to 4.75%)	1% Increase (8.00% decreasing to 5.75%)
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$712,391	\$904,711	\$1,161,891

Actuarial Assumptions – STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2020, actuarial valuation are presented below:

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Projected salary increases	12.50 percent at age 20 to 2.50 percent at age 65
Investment Rate of Return	7.45 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Payroll Increases	3 percent
Discount Rate of Return	7.45 percent
Health Care Cost Trends	
Medical	
Pre-Medicare	5 percent initial, 4 percent ultimate
Medicare	-6.69 percent initial, 4 percent ultimate
Prescription Drug	
Pre-Medicare	6.5 percent initial, 4 percent ultimate
Medicare	11.87 initial, 4 percent ultimate

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

For healthy retirees the mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

Since the prior measurement date, there was no change to the claims costs process. Claim curves were updated to reflect the projected fiscal year ending June 30, 2021 premium based on the June 30, 2020 enrollment distribution. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2021 from 1.984 percent to 2.055 percent per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2021. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1 percent for the AMA Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.

The STRS health care plan follows the same asset allocation and long-term expected real rate of return for each major asset class as the pension plan discussed in note 9.

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.45 percent as of June 30, 2020. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes STRS Ohio continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2020. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on health care plan investments of 7.45 percent was used to measure the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2020.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount and Health Care Cost Trend Rate The following table represents the net OPEB asset as of June 30, 2020, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.45 percent, as well as what the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.45 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.45 percent) than the current assumption. Also shown is the net OPEB asset as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates.

Williamsburg Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	1% Decrease (6.45%)	Current Discount Rate (7.45%)	1% Increase (8.45%)
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	(\$579,309)	(\$665,823)	(\$739,227)

	1% Decrease	Current Trend Rate	1% Increase
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	(\$734,670)	(\$665,823)	(\$581,957)

Note 11 – Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Eligible classified employees earn 10 to 20 days of vacation per fiscal year, depending upon length of service. Teachers do not earn vacation time. Accumulated, unused vacation time is paid to classified employees and administrators upon termination of employment.

Teachers, administrators, and non-certified employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated up to a maximum of 230 days for all employees. For non-certified employees, upon retirement, payment is made for 25 percent of accrued, but unused sick leave credit to a maximum of 62.5 days. If certified employees do not elect retirement in their first year of eligibility, payment is made for 25 percent (one payment) or 35 percent (two payments) of accrued, but unused sick leave credit to a maximum of 75 and 105 days, respectively.

Note 12 – Long-Term Obligations

The changes in the School District’s long-term obligations during fiscal year 2021 were as follows:

	Amount Outstanding 6/30/20	Additions	Deductions	Amount Outstanding 6/30/21	Amounts Due Within One Year
<i>Governmental Activities</i>					
2012 Energy Conservation Bonds – 1.150%-2.750%	\$280,000	\$0	(\$35,000)	\$245,000	\$40,000
Premium on Debt Issue	8,938	0	(1,325)	7,613	0
Total Long-Term Bonds	288,938	0	(36,325)	252,613	40,000
2021 Lease-Purchase Agreement	0	1,845,000	0	1,845,000	170,000
Compensated Absences	1,221,738	347,631	(334,892)	1,234,477	76,017
Net Pension Liability	11,299,767	527,482	0	11,827,249	0
Net OPEB Liability	1,055,364	0	(150,653)	904,711	0
Total Governmental Activities Long-Term Obligations	\$13,865,807	\$2,720,113	(\$521,870)	\$16,064,050	\$286,017

Energy Conservation Bonds - In March 2012, the School District received \$544,869 in loan proceeds, which included \$19,869 in premiums, for an energy efficiency project. The bonds carry coupon rates between 1.15 percent and 2.75 percent for a 15-year period with the final payment due in fiscal year 2027. The bonds will be repaid from the general fund.

Williamsburg Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Compensated absences will be paid from the termination benefits fund, which has been presented as part of the general fund for GAAP reporting purposes. The School District pays obligations related to employee compensation from the fund benefitting from their service.

In June 2021, the School District entered into a lease-purchase agreement for the purpose of improvements to School District facilities, including acquisition and installation of a new roof for the high school building. This lease-purchase agreement was entered into for an amount up to \$1,845,000. This agreement carries a 2.15% interest rate and a final maturity date of December 1, 2030. This lease-purchase agreement is a general obligation of the School District and will be paid out of the permanent improvement fund.

The School District's overall legal debt margin was \$13,267,696 with an unvoted debt margin of \$147,419 and an energy conservation debt limit of \$1,081,770 at June 30, 2021.

Principal and interest requirements to retire debt outstanding at June 30, 2021, are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Energy Conservation Bonds		Lease-Purchase Agreement	
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2022	\$40,000	\$6,738	\$170,000	\$36,297
2023	40,000	5,638	170,000	34,185
2024	40,000	4,537	175,000	30,477
2025	40,000	3,437	180,000	26,660
2026	40,000	2,337	180,000	22,790
2027-2031	45,000	1,237	970,000	52,997
Total	\$245,000	\$23,924	\$1,845,000	\$203,406

Note 13 – Set-Aside Calculations

The School District is required by state statute to annually set aside, in the general fund, an amount based on a statutory formula for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by fiscal year-end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the fiscal year must be held in cash at fiscal year-end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future fiscal years.

The following cash basis information describes the change in the fiscal year-end set-aside amounts for capital acquisitions. Disclosure of this information is required by state statute.

	<u>Capital</u>
	<u>Acquisitions</u>
Set-Aside Balance as of June 30, 2020	\$0
Current Fiscal Year Set-Aside Requirement	183,556
Qualifying Disbursements	<u>(327,213)</u>
Totals	<u>(\$143,657)</u>
Set-Aside Balance Carried Forward to Future Fiscal Years	<u>\$0</u>
Set-Aside Balance as of June 30, 2021	<u>\$0</u>

Amounts of offsets and qualifying disbursements presented in the table for capital acquisitions were limited to those necessary to reduce the fiscal year-end balance to zero. Although the School District may have had additional offsets and qualifying disbursements for capital acquisitions during the fiscal year, this extra amount may not be used to reduce the set-aside requirements of future fiscal years.

Williamsburg Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Note 14 – Jointly Governed Organizations

Hamilton/Clermont Cooperative Association

The School District is a participant in a two-county consortium of school districts to operate the Hamilton/Clermont Cooperative Association (H/CCA). H/CCA is an association of public districts in a geographic area determined by the Ohio Department of Education. The organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member districts. The Board of H/CCA consists of one representative from each of the participating members. The School District paid \$208,134 for services provided during the fiscal year. Complete financial statements for H/CCA can be obtained from Vince Colaluca, Executive Director, at their administrative offices at 1007 Cottonwood Drive, Loveland, Ohio 45140.

U.S. Grant Joint Vocational School

The U.S. Grant Joint Vocational School is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a Board consisting of one representative from each of the four participating school districts' elected boards with an additional representative rotated among the four schools. The Vocational School possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. To obtain financial information write to the U.S. Grant Joint Vocational School, Patricia Patton, who serves as Treasurer, at 718 West Plane Street, Bethel, Ohio 45106.

Note 15 – Insurance Purchasing Pools

Clermont County Insurance Consortium

The Williamsburg Local School District is a member of the Clermont County Insurance Consortium, an insurance purchasing pool. A number of Clermont County school districts and the Clermont County Educational Service Center have entered into an agreement to form the Clermont County Insurance Consortium. The overall objectives of the Consortium are to formulate and administer a program of health, dental, life, and/or other insurance benefits for the Consortium members' employees and their dependents. The Consortium's business and affairs are managed by a Board of Directors, consisting of the superintendents (or their designees) from each of the participating school districts and the educational service center.

The School District pays premiums based on what the Consortium estimates will cover the costs of all claims for which the Consortium is obligated. If the School District's claims exceeded its premiums, there is no individual supplemental assessment; on the other hand, if the School District's claims are low, it will not receive a refund. The Consortium views its activities in the aggregate, rather than on an individual entity basis. To obtain financial information, write to the current fiscal agent, Clermont County Educational Service Center at 2400 Clermont Center Drive, Suite 100, Batavia, Ohio 45103.

On January 1, 2017, Clermont County Insurance Consortium joined the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council (EPC) for health, dental, vision, and life insurances. The Clermont County Insurance Consortium is no longer self-funded as of January 1, 2017. The Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council (EPC) is a council of governments with over 40 years of service experience, pooling the purchase power of 180 Ohio School Districts. All insurances operate as if they are a fully insured plan where districts pay an annual premium (as determined by EPC) for their coverages. As of January 1, 2017 districts pay monthly premiums directly to EPC.

Ohio SchoolComp (formerly Ohio Association of School Business Officials) Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan

The School District participates in a group rating plan for workers' compensation as established under Section 4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Ohio SchoolComp Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP) was established as a group insurance purchasing pool. The GRP's business and affairs are conducted by a five member

Williamsburg Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Board of Directors. Each fiscal year, the participants pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

Note 16 – Interfund Activity

Interfund Transfers

Transfers made during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 were as follows:

	Transfers To	Transfers From
<i>Major Fund:</i>		
General Fund	\$0	\$242,000
 <i>Nonmajor Funds:</i>		
Student Activities	42,000	0
Athletics	200,000	0
Total Nonmajor Funds	242,000	0
Total All Funds	\$242,000	\$242,000

Transfers were made from the general fund to move unrestricted balances to support programs and projects accounted for in other funds.

Interfund Receivables/Payables

At June 30, 2021, the School District had the following outstanding interfund balances:

	Receivables	Payables
<i>Major Funds:</i>		
General Fund	\$183,108	\$0
Permanent Improvement		7,300
 <i>Nonmajor Funds:</i>		
Food Service Fund	0	4,993
High Schools that Work	0	2,945
ESSER	0	75,869
Title VI-B	0	91,999
Title I	0	2
Total Nonmajor Funds	0	175,808
Total All Funds	\$183,108	\$183,108

The general fund advanced funds to the permanent improvement fund to provide funding for change orders to the Abrams Stadium project. This advance was made in a prior year but was not yet repaid. The general fund advanced funds to other special revenue funds in anticipation of grant revenues. These funds are expected to be repaid in the subsequent fiscal year.

Williamsburg Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Note 17 - Contingencies

Litigation

The School District is not currently party to legal proceedings.

Grants

The School District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2021.

State Foundation Funding

School District foundation funding is based on the annualized full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment of each student. The Ohio Department of Education (ODE) is legislatively required to adjust/reconcile funding as enrollment information is updated by schools throughout the State, which can extend past the fiscal year end. As of the date of this report, ODE adjustments for fiscal year 2021 have been finalized. Final adjustments are included in the November 12, 2021 Foundation Statement.

Note 18 – Fund Deficits

The following funds had deficit fund balances as of June 30, 2021:

<i>Nonmajor Funds:</i>	
Lunchroom	\$14,653
Title VI-B	18,579
Title I	32,111

These deficits resulted from payables recorded in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The general fund provides transfers to cover deficit balances; however, this is done when cash is needed rather than when accruals occur.

Williamsburg Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Note 19 – Fund Balances

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The constraints placed on the fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented below:

	General Fund	Permanent Improvement Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
<i>Restricted for</i>				
Other Purposes	\$0	\$0	\$170,311	\$170,311
Capital Projects	0	2,327,518	0	2,327,518
State Grants	0	0	32,784	32,784
Student Wellness and Success	0	0	474,606	474,606
Total Restricted	0	2,327,518	677,701	3,005,219
 <i>Committed for</i>				
Severance Benefits	45,766	0	0	45,766
Total Committed	45,766	0	0	45,766
 <i>Assigned to</i>				
Student and Staff Support	15,550	0	0	15,550
Other Purposes	47,306	0	0	47,306
Total Assigned	62,856	0	0	62,856
 <i>Unassigned (Deficit)</i>	 3,576,708	 0	 (65,343)	 3,511,365
<i>Total Fund Balances</i>	 \$3,685,330	 \$2,327,518	 \$612,358	 \$6,625,206

Note 20 - Encumbrances

At June 30, 2021, the School District had encumbrance commitments in governmental funds as follows:

<i>Major Funds:</i>	
General	\$67,064
Permanent Improvement	2,198,710
 <i>Nonmajor Funds:</i>	
Mental Health Grant	500
Student Activities	3,539
Athletics	16,605
Student Wellness and Success	2,000
ESSER	235,050
Title VI-B	8,636
Total Nonmajor Funds	266,330
Total Encumbrances	\$2,532,104

Williamsburg Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Note 21 – COVID-19

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March of 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Ohio’s state of emergency ended in June of 2021 while the national state of emergency continues. During fiscal year 2021, the School District received Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act funding. Additional funding has been made available through the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2021, passed by Congress on December 21, 2020 and/or the American Rescue Plan Act, passed by Congress on March 11, 2021.

During fiscal year 2021, the School District received Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act funding in the amount of \$582,381. None of the amounts received was subgranted to other governments or organizations, returned to the granting agency, or spent on-behalf of other governments. Additionally, the School District did not receive a significant amount of donated personal protective equipment as an on-behalf of grant from another government.

Note 22 – New Accounting Principles and Restatement of Balances

For fiscal year 2021, the School District implemented GASB Statement No. 84, “Fiduciary Activities” and related guidance from (GASB) Implementation Guide No. 2019-2, “Fiduciary Activities.” GASB Statement No. 84 established specific criteria for identifying activities that should be reported as fiduciary activities and clarifies whether and how business type activities should report their fiduciary activities. Due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 84, the School District will no longer be reporting agency funds. The School District reviewed its agency funds and determined that certain funds should be reclassified as governmental funds. These fund reclassifications resulted in the restatement of the School District’s financial statements.

Restatement of Fund Balances and Net Position

The implementation of GASB Statement No. 84 had the following effect on fund balance as of June 30, 2020:

	General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Fund Balance, As Reported, June 30, 2020	\$3,528,899	\$830,971
Major Fund Reclassification	0	(609,864)
<i>Adjustments:</i>		
GASB 84	(2,440)	82,966
Fund Balance, As Restated, July 1, 2020	\$3,526,459	\$304,073

The implementation of GASB Statement No. 84 had the following effects on net position as of June 30, 2020:

	Governmental Activities
Net Position, As Reported, June 30, 2020	\$4,258,183
<i>Adjustments:</i>	
GASB 84	80,526
Net Position, As Restated, July 1, 2020	\$4,338,709

Note 23 – Subsequent Event

For fiscal year 2022, School District foundation funding received from the State of Ohio will be funded using a direct funding model. Under this new model, community school, STEM school, scholarship and open enrollment funding will be directly funded by the State of Ohio to the respective educating schools. For fiscal year 2021 and prior, the amounts related to students who were residents of the School District were funded to the School District

Williamsburg Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

who, in turn, made the payment to the educating school. This new funding system calculates a unique base cost and a unique “per-pupil local capacity amount” for each School District. The School District’s state core foundation funding is then calculated. Any change in funding will be subject to a phase in percentage of 16.67 percent for fiscal year 2022 and 33.33 percent for fiscal year 2023.

Note 24 – Tax Abatements Entered Into By Other Governments

Williamsburg Township, Clermont County, (the Township) has entered into an Enterprise Zone Agreement (EZA) with a property owner located within the taxing district of the School District. EZAs provide for property tax abatements to encourage job growth and economic development in the Township. The EZA provides for direct incentive property tax exemptions benefiting property owners who renovate or construct new buildings. As a result of the EZA, the School District’s property taxes were reduced by \$133,370 during fiscal year 2021. The School District received \$80,022 in compensation payments associated with the forgone property tax revenue.

Williamsburg Local School District
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)
Last Eight Fiscal Years

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
<i>State Teachers Retirement System</i>								
School District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.03519986%	0.03519986%	0.03606014%	0.03636769%	0.03729429%	0.03882037%	0.03997439%	0.03788470%
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$10,198,789	\$8,561,824	\$9,965,968	\$12,173,362	\$8,859,339	\$8,535,728	\$8,840,096	\$9,166,749
School District's covered-employee payroll	\$3,623,400	\$3,633,715	\$3,700,686	\$3,946,743	\$4,164,057	\$4,462,143	\$4,713,207	\$4,031,471
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	281.5%	235.6%	269.3%	308.4%	212.8%	191.3%	187.6%	227.4%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	69.3%	74.7%	72.1%	66.8%	75.3%	77.3%	77.4%	75.5%
<i>School Employees Retirement System</i>								
School District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.04095699%	0.04095699%	0.04332470%	0.04354030%	0.04277620%	0.04178600%	0.04110980%	0.04022400%
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$2,435,581	\$2,072,810	\$2,472,149	\$3,186,748	\$2,555,783	\$2,393,162	\$2,459,671	\$2,660,500
School District's covered-employee payroll	\$1,084,566	\$1,170,007	\$1,280,918	\$1,316,400	\$1,377,943	\$1,293,170	\$1,318,185	\$1,305,021
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	224.6%	177.2%	193.0%	242.1%	185.5%	185.1%	186.6%	203.9%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	65.5%	71.7%	69.2%	63.0%	69.5%	71.4%	70.9%	68.6%

The amounts presented are as of the School District's measurement date, which is the prior fiscal year end.
Information not available prior to 2014.
See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

Williamsburg Local School District
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)
Last Five Fiscal Years

	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
<i>State Teachers Retirement System</i>					
School District's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset)	0.03636769%	0.03729430%	0.03882040%	0.03997439%	0.03788470%
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	\$1,994,508	\$1,455,086	(\$623,804)	(\$662,072)	(\$665,823)
School District's covered-employee payroll	\$3,946,743	\$4,164,057	\$4,462,143	\$4,713,207	\$4,031,471
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	50.5%	34.9%	-14.0%	-14.0%	-16.5%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability (asset)	37.3%	47.1%	176.0%	174.7%	182.1%
<i>School Employees Retirement System</i>					
School District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.04354030%	0.04339340%	0.04238610%	0.04196630%	0.04162790%
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$1,236,872	\$1,164,565	\$1,175,905	\$1,055,364	\$904,711
School District's covered-employee payroll	\$1,316,400	\$1,377,943	\$1,293,170	\$1,318,185	\$1,305,021
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	94.0%	84.5%	90.9%	80.1%	69.3%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	11.5%	12.5%	13.6%	15.6%	18.2%

The amounts presented are as of the School District's measurement date, which is the prior fiscal year end.
Information not available prior to 2017.
See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

Williamsburg Local School District
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of School District Contributions
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
<i>State Teachers Retirement System</i>										
Contractually required contribution - pension	\$508,371	\$471,042	\$472,383	\$518,096	\$552,544	\$582,968	\$624,700	\$659,849	\$564,406	\$590,579
Contractually required contribution - OPEB	39,105	36,234	36,337	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Contractually required contribution - total	547,476	507,276	508,720	518,096	552,544	582,968	624,700	659,849	564,406	590,579
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	547,476	507,276	508,720	518,096	552,544	582,968	624,700	659,849	564,406	590,579
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
School District's covered-employee payroll	\$3,910,546	\$3,623,400	\$3,633,715	\$3,700,686	\$3,946,743	\$4,164,057	\$4,462,143	\$4,713,207	\$4,031,471	\$4,218,421
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll - pension	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll - OPEB	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll - total	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%
<i>School Employees Retirement System</i>										
Contractually required contribution - pension	\$152,364	\$150,104	\$162,163	\$168,825	\$184,296	\$192,912	\$174,578	\$177,955	\$182,703	\$174,083
Contractually required contribution - OPEB (1)	6,230	1,735	1,638	10,504	0	0	6,466	6,591	0	0
Contractually required contribution - total	158,594	151,839	163,801	179,329	184,296	192,912	181,044	184,546	182,703	174,083
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	158,594	151,839	163,801	179,329	184,296	192,912	181,044	184,546	182,703	174,083
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
School District's covered-employee payroll	\$1,132,818	\$1,084,566	\$1,170,007	\$1,280,918	\$1,316,400	\$1,377,943	\$1,293,170	\$1,318,185	\$1,305,021	\$1,243,450
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll - pension	13.45%	13.84%	13.86%	13.18%	14.00%	14.00%	13.50%	13.50%	14.00%	14.00%
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll - OPEB	0.55%	0.16%	0.14%	0.82%	0.00%	0.00%	0.50%	0.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll - total	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%

(1) Excludes surcharge.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

Williamsburg Local School District
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

State Teachers Retirement System

Pension

Changes in benefit terms

There were no changes to benefit terms for fiscal years 2015 through 2017. For fiscal year 2018, the cost of living adjustment (COLA) was reduced to 0 percent effective July 1, 2017. There were no changes to benefit terms for fiscal years 2019 through 2021.

Changes in assumptions

There were no changes in assumptions for fiscal years 2015 through 2017.

For fiscal year 2018, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date:

- Inflation assumptions were lowered from 2.75 percent to 2.50 percent.
- Investment return assumptions were lowered from 7.75 percent to 7.45 percent.
- Total salary increases rates were lowered by decreasing merit component of the individual salary increases, as well as by 0.25 percent due to lower inflation.
- Payroll growth assumptions were lowered from 3.50 percent to 3.00 percent.
- Updated the health and disability mortality assumption to the RP-2014 mortality tables with generational improvement scale MP-2016.
- Rates of retirement, termination and disability were modified to better reflect anticipated future experience.

There were no changes in assumptions for fiscal years 2019 through 2021.

OPEB

Changes in benefit terms

There were no changes to benefit terms for fiscal year 2017.

For fiscal year 2018, STRS has the following changes in benefit terms since the previous measurement date:

- The HealthSpan HMO plans were eliminated.
- The subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was reduced to 1.9 percent per year of service from 2.1 percent.
- Medicare Part B premium reimbursements were discontinued for survivors and beneficiaries who were age 65 by 2008 and either receiving a benefit or named as a beneficiary as of January 1, 2008.
- The remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be phased out over a three-year period.

For fiscal year 2019, the following was the most significant change in benefit terms that affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date:

- The subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients increased from 1.9 percent to 1.944 percent per year of service effective January 1, 2019. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium increased effective January 1, 2019 and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements were scheduled to be discontinued beginning January 1, 2020, though the STRS Board voted in June 2019 to extent the current Medicare Part B partial reimbursement for one year.

Williamsburg Local School District
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

For fiscal year 2020, there was no change to the claims costs process. Claim curves were trended to the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020 to reflect the current price renewals. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2020 from 1.944 percent to 1.984 percent per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2020. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1 percent for the Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed to January 1, 2021.

For fiscal year 2021, there was no change to the claims costs process. Claim curves were updated to reflect the projected fiscal year ending June 30, 2021 premium based on June 30, 2020 enrollment distribution. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2021 from 1.984 percent to 2.055 percent per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2021. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1 percent for the AMA Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.

Changes in assumptions

There were no changes in assumptions for fiscal year 2017.

For fiscal year 2018, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date:

- The discount rate was increased from 3.26 percent to 4.13 percent based on the methodology defined under GASB 74.
- The long-term rate of return was reduced to 7.45 percent.
- Valuation-year per capita health costs were updated.
- The percentage of future retirees electing each option was updated based on current data.
- The assumed future trend rates were modified.
- Decrement rates including mortality, disability, retirement, and withdrawal were modified.
- The assumed percentage of future disabled retirees assumed to elect health coverage was decreased from 84 percent to 65 percent, and the assumed percentage of terminated vested participants assumed to elect health coverage at retirement was decreased from 47 percent to 30 percent.
- The assumed salary scale was modified.

For fiscal year 2019, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date:

- The discount rate increased from a 4.13 percent blended discount rate to 7.45 percent.
- The health care trend assumption rate changed from 6 to 11 percent initial, 4.5 percent ultimate to:
 - Medical Medicare – 6 percent initial, 4 percent ultimate
 - Medical Pre-Medicare – 5 percent initial, 4 percent ultimate
 - Prescription Drug Medicare – 8 percent initial, 4 percent ultimate
 - Prescription Drug Pre-Medicare – -5.23 percent initial, 4 percent ultimate

For fiscal year 2020, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date:

- The health care trend assumption rate changed as follows:
 - Medical Medicare – from 6 percent to 5.87 percent initial, 4 percent ultimate
 - Medical Pre-Medicare – from 5 percent to 4.93 percent initial, 4 percent ultimate
 - Prescription Drug Medicare – from 8 percent to 7.73 percent initial, 4 percent ultimate
 - Prescription Drug Pre-Medicare – from -5.23 percent to 9.62 initial, 4 percent ultimate

Williamsburg Local School District
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

For fiscal year 2021, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date:

- The health care trend assumption rate changed as follows:
 - Medical Medicare – from 4.93 percent to -6.69 percent initial, 4 percent ultimate
 - Medical Pre-Medicare – from 5.87 percent to 5 percent initial, 4 percent ultimate
 - Prescription Drug Medicare – from 7.73 percent to 6.5 percent initial, 4 percent ultimate
 - Prescription Drug Pre-Medicare – from 9.62 percent to 11.87 initial, 4 percent ultimate

School Employees Retirement System

Pension

Changes in benefit terms

There were no changes to benefit terms for fiscal years 2015 through 2017.

For fiscal year 2018, the following were the most significant changes in benefit that affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date:

- The cost-of-living adjustment was changed from a fixed 3.00 percent to a cost-of-living adjustment that is indexed to CPI-W not greater than 2.5 percent with a floor of 0 percent beginning January 1, 2018. In addition, with the authority granted the Board under HB 49, the Board has enacted a three-year COLA suspension for benefit recipients in calendars 2018, 2019, and 2020.

There were no changes to benefit terms for fiscal years 2019 through 2021.

Changes in assumptions

There were no changes in assumptions for fiscal years 2015 through 2017.

For fiscal year 2018, the following changes were made to the actuarial assumptions as identified. These new assumptions compared with those used in fiscal year 2016 and prior are presented below:

- Assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25 percent to 3.00 percent
- Payroll Growth Assumption was reduced from 4.00-22.00 percent to 3.50-18.20 percent
- Assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75 percent to 0.50 percent
- Rates of withdrawal, retirement and disability were updated to reflect recent experience.
- Mortality among active members was updated to the following:
 - RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females. The above rates represent the base rates used.
- Mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries was updated to the following:
 - RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120 percent of male rates, and 110 percent of female rates.
- Mortality among disable member was updated to the following:
 - RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90 percent for male rates and 100 percent for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

There were no changes in assumptions for fiscal years 2019 through 2021.

Williamsburg Local School District
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

OPEB

Changes in benefit terms

There were no changes to benefit terms for fiscal years 2017 through 2021.

Changes in assumptions

For fiscal year 2017, the following was the most significant change of assumptions that affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date:

- Assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25 percent to 3.00 percent
- Payroll Growth Assumption was reduced from 4.00-22.00 percent to 3.50-18.2 percent
- Assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75 percent to 0.50 percent
- Rates of withdrawal, retirement and disability were updated to reflect recent experience.
- Mortality among active members was updated to the following:
 - RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females.
- Mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries was updated to the following:
 - RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120 percent of male rates, and 110 percent of female rates.
- Mortality among disabled members was updated to the following:
 - RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90 percent for male rates and 100 percent for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

For fiscal year 2018, the following was the most significant change of assumptions that affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date:

- The discount rate was increased from 2.98 percent to 3.63.
- The municipal bond index rate increased from 2.95 percent to 3.56 percent.

For fiscal year 2019, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date:

- The discount rate was changed from 3.63 percent to 3.70 percent.
- The municipal bond index rate increased from 3.56 percent to 3.62 percent.
- The single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation increased from 3.63 percent to 3.70 percent.
- The medical trend assumption rate changed as follows:
 - Medicare – 2018 – 5.50 to 5.00 percent, 2019 – 5.375 to 4.75 percent
 - Pre-Medicare – 2018 – 7.50 to 5.00 percent, 2019 – 7.25 to 4.75

For fiscal year 2020, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date:

- The municipal bond index rate decreased from 3.62 percent to 3.13 percent.
- The single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation decreased from 3.70 percent to 3.22 percent.
- The medical trend assumption rate changed as follows:
 - Medicare – 2019 – 5.375 to 4.75 percent, 2020 – 5.25 to 4.75 percent
 - Pre-Medicare – 2019 – 7.25 to 4.75, 2020 – 7 to 4.75 percent

Williamsburg Local School District
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

For fiscal year 2021, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date:

- The municipal bond index rate decreased from 3.13 percent to 2.45 percent.
- The single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation decreased from 3.22 percent to 2.63 percent.
 - 20 – 7 to 4.75 percent

**WILLIAMSBURG LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
CLERMONT COUNTY
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021**

Federal Grantor/ Pass Through Grantor / Program Title	Grant Year	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY			
<i>Passed Through The Ohio Department of Education:</i>			
Coronavirus Relief Fund	2021	21.019	<u>\$ 107,197</u>
Total U.S. Department of Treasury			<u>107,197</u>
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			
<i>Passed Through The Ohio Department of Education:</i>			
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	2020	84.010	26,580
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	2021	84.010	<u>233,715</u>
Total Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies			<u>260,295</u>
Special Education Cluster (IDEA):			
Special Education Grants to States	2020	84.027	23,492
Special Education Grants to States	2021	84.027	<u>226,014</u>
Total Special Education Grants to States			<u>249,506</u>
Special Education Preschool Grant	2021	84.173	<u>1,761</u>
Total Special Education Preschool Grant			<u>1,761</u>
Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)			<u>251,267</u>
Rural Education	2021	84.358	<u>18,669</u>
Title II-A Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	2021	84.367	<u>35,942</u>
Title IV-A Student Support and Academic Enrichment	2021	84.424	<u>25,142</u>
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	2021	84.425	<u>475,185</u>
Total – U.S. Department of Education			<u>1,066,500</u>
Total Federal Financial Assistance			<u>\$ 1,173,697</u>

See the accompanying notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

**WILLIAMSBURG LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
CLERMONT COUNTY**

**NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021**

Note A – Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of **Williamsburg Local School District**, Clermont County, Ohio (the School District) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2021. The information on this Schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position of the School District.

Note B – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be allowable or may be limited as to reimbursement. The School District has elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Note C – Matching Requirements

Certain federal programs require that the School District contribute non-Federal funds (matching funds) to support the Federally-funded programs. The School District has complied with the matching requirements. The expenditure of non-Federal matching funds is not included in the Schedule.



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150 West Main St.
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1310 Market Street, Suite 300
Wheeling, WV 26003
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749 Wheeling Ave., Suite 300
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**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER
FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS
REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS**

January 3, 2022

Williamsburg Local School District
Clermont County
549-A West Main Street
Williamsburg, Ohio 45176

To the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the **Williamsburg Local School District**, Clermont County, (the School District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 3, 2022.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinion on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the School District's financial statements. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses may exist.

Tax - Accounting - Audit - Review - Compilation - Agreed Upon Procedure - Consultation - Bookkeeping - Payroll - Litigation Support - Financial Investigations
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Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the financial statements. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Perry & Associates CPAs A.C." in a cursive script.

Perry and Associates
Certified Public Accountants, A.C.
Marietta, Ohio



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**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS
APPLICABLE TO THE MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL
CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE**

January 3, 2022

Williamsburg Local School District
Clermont County
549-A West Main Street
Williamsburg, Ohio 45176

To the Board of Education:

Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program

We have audited **Williamsburg Local School District's** (the School District) compliance with the applicable requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could directly and materially affect Williamsburg Local School District's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2021. The *Summary of Auditor's Results* in the accompanying schedule of audit findings identifies the School District's major federal program.

Management's Responsibility

The School District's Management is responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal program.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on the School District's compliance for the School District's major federal program based on our audit of the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. Our compliance audit followed auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards for financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). These standards and the Uniform Guidance require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our compliance opinion of the School District's major program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the School District's compliance.

Tax - Accounting - Audit - Review - Compilation - Agreed Upon Procedure - Consultation - Bookkeeping - Payroll - Litigation Support - Financial Investigations
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Opinion on the Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Williamsburg Local School District complied, in all material respects with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

The School District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our compliance audit, we considered the School District's internal control over compliance with the applicable requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures appropriate for opining on each major federal program's compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program's applicable compliance requirement. *A material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected. *A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with federal program's applicable compliance requirement that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

This report only describes the scope of our internal control compliance tests and the results of this testing based on Uniform Guidance requirements. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.



Perry and Associates
Certified Public Accountants, A.C.
Marietta, Ohio

**WILLIAMSBURG LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
CLERMONT COUNTY**

**SCHEDULE OF AUDIT FINDINGS
2 CFR § 200.515
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021**

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

<i>(d)(1)(i)</i>	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
<i>(d)(1)(ii)</i>	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
<i>(d)(1)(ii)</i>	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
<i>(d)(1)(iii)</i>	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
<i>(d)(1)(iv)</i>	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
<i>(d)(1)(iv)</i>	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
<i>(d)(1)(v)</i>	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified
<i>(d)(1)(vi)</i>	Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR § 200.516(a)?	No
<i>(d)(1)(vii)</i>	Major Programs (list):	Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund, AL #84.425
<i>(d)(1)(viii)</i>	Dollar Threshold: Type A/B Programs	Type A: > \$ 750,000 Type B: all others
<i>(d)(1)(ix)</i>	Low Risk Auditee?	No

**2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS**

None

3. FINDINGS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None

OHIO AUDITOR OF STATE KEITH FABER



**WILLIAMSBURG LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
CLERMONT COUNTY**

AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 1/20/2022

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215
Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370

This report is a matter of public record and is available online at
www.ohioauditor.gov