CELINA CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

MERCER COUNTY, OHIO

SINGLE AUDIT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022





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Board of Education Celina City School District 585 East Livingston Street Celina, Ohio 45822

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of Celina City School District, Mercer County, prepared by Julian & Grube, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. Celina City School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

August 10, 2023

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CELINA CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT MERCER COUNTY, OHIO

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Independent Auditor's Report

Celina City School District Mercer County 585 East Livingston Street Celina, Ohio 45822

To the Members of the Board of Education:

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Celina City School District, Mercer County, Ohio, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Celina City School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective cash basis financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Celina City School District, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in cash basis financial position, thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with the cash basis of accounting described in Note 2.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Celina City School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matters

Ohio Administrative Code § 117-2-03(B) requires the Celina City School District to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We draw attention to Note 2 of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We also draw attention to Note 3 of the financial statements, which describes the effect of the restatement of the Celina City School District's reevaluation and reclassification of its Tri-Star Compact activity. Our opinions are not modified with respect to these matters.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the cash basis of accounting described in Note 2, and for determining that the cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Celina City School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Celina City School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Celina City School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Celina City School District Mercer County Independent Auditor's Report

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Celina City School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 23, 2023 on our consideration of the Celina City School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Celina City School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Celina City School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Julian & Sube, the.

Julian & Grube, Inc. May 23, 2023

Celina City School District Statement of Net Position - Cash Basis June 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities
<u>Assets</u> Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$85,709,832
Net Position	
Restricted for:	
Debt Service	\$905,330
Capital Projects	76,086,472
Other Purposes	1,114,434
Unrestricted	7,603,596
Total Net Position	\$85,709,832

Celina City School District Statement of Activities - Cash Basis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	_	Program Ca	Net (Disbursement) Receipt and Change in Net Position	
	Disbursements	Charges for Services	Operating Grants, Contributions, and Interest	Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$14,284,934	\$207,728	\$806,017	(\$13,271,189)
Special	7,392,762	94,111	3,448,551	(3,850,100)
Vocational	1,254,842	92,957	128,672	(1,033,213)
Adult/Continuing	26,440	29,679	0	3,239
Support Services:				
Pupils	2,864,576	0	339,295	(2,525,281)
Instructional Staff	2,127,308	0	564,837	(1,562,471)
Board of Education	147,603	0	0	(147,603)
Administration	2,292,656	0	253	(2,292,403)
Fiscal	853,706	801	51	(852,854)
Business	351,461	0	115,988	(235,473)
Operation and Maintenance				
of Plant	2,566,767	0	67,404	(2,499,363)
Pupil Transportation	1,734,784	4,255	38,387	(1,692,142)
Central	160,554	0	17,114	(143,440)
Noninstructional Services	1,719,505	77,085	2,008,474	366,054
Extracurricular Activities	1,045,728	603,952	47,008	(394,768)
Capital Outlay	53,650	0	0	(53,650)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	2,420,301	0	0	(2,420,301)
Total Governmental Activities	\$41,297,577	\$1,110,568	\$7,582,051	(\$32,604,958)

General Receipts

Statistic Pass	
Property Taxes Levied for:	
General Purposes	12,928,412
Debt Service	2,154,859
Permanent Improvements	143,656
Income Taxes	4,220,032
Payment in Lieu of Taxes	294,650
Grants and Entitlements not Restricted to Specific Programs	11,766,127
Interest	114,742
Gifts and Donations	18,169
Miscellaneous	516,307
General Obligation Bonds Issued	75,982,675
Premium on Bonds Issued	1,100,686
Total General Receipts	109,240,315
Change in Net Position	76,635,357
Net Position at Beginning of Year (Restated - Note 3)	9,074,475
Net Position at End of Year	\$85,709,832

Celina City School District Statement of Cash Basis Assets and Fund Balances Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

	General	Building	Classroom Facilities	Other Governmental	Total
Assets		0			
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents Restricted Assets	\$7,853,285	\$21,635,843	\$54,450,629	\$1,765,137	\$85,704,894
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	4,938	0	0	0	4,938
	** • * • * • *	** *			#0. .
Total Assets	\$7,858,223	\$21,635,843	\$54,450,629	\$1,765,137	\$85,709,832
Fund Balances					
Nonspendable	4,938	0	0	0	4,938
Restricted	0	21,635,843	54,450,629	2,014,826	78,101,298
Committed	552,357	0	0	952,682	1,505,039
Assigned	1,487,458	0	0	0	1,487,458
Unassigned (Deficit)	5,813,470	0	0	(1,202,371)	4,611,099
Total Fund Balances	\$7,858,223	\$21,635,843	\$54,450,629	\$1,765,137	\$85,709,832

Celina City School District

Statement of Cash Receipts, Cash Disbursements, and Changes in Cash Basis Fund Balances

Governmental Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Buchd	General	Building	Classroom Facilities	Other Governmental	Total
Receipts	\$12 028 412	\$0	\$0	\$2 208 515	\$15 226 027
Property Taxes Income Taxes	\$12,928,412 4,220,032	50 0	50 0	\$2,298,515 0	\$15,226,927 4,220,032
Payment in Lieu of Taxes	4,220,032	0	0	294,650	4,220,032 294,650
Intergovernmental	13,325,161	0	0	5,975,962	19,301,123
Intergovernmental	10,023	34,410	67,708	2,679	114,820
Tuition and Fees	335,773	,	07,708	2,079	335,773
Charges for Services	100,049	0 0	0	77,085	177,134
	· · ·	0	0		· · ·
Extracurricular Activities Gifts and Donations	119,060 22,984	0	0	484,892 42,162	603,952
Miscellaneous	455,179	0	0	42,102 61,128	65,146 516,307
Total Receipts	31,516,673	34,410	67,708	9,237,073	40,855,864
Disbursements					
Current:					
Instruction:					
Regular	13,550,829	0	0	734,451	14,285,280
Special	5,447,858	0	0	1,946,827	7,394,685
Vocational	1,236,379	0	0	18,463	1,254,842
Adult/Continuing	26,440	0	0	10,405	26,440
Support Services:	20,440	0	0	0	20,440
Pupils	1,921,354	0	0	944,521	2,865,875
Instructional Staff	1,205,913	0	0	921,682	2,127,595
Board of Education	147,603	0	0	921,082	147,603
Administration	2,110,578	0	0	182,154	2,292,732
Fiscal	807,702	0	0	46,004	853,706
Business	191,217	0	0	160,244	351,461
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	2,377,934	0	0	188,833	2,566,767
Pupil Transportation	1,363,531	0	0	371,318	1,734,849
Central	143,775	0	0	16,779	160,554
Noninstructional Services	0	0	0	1,721,800	1,721,800
Extracurricular Activities	623,520	0	0	422,208	1,045,728
Capital Outlay	025,520	0	0	53,650	53,650
Debt Service:	0	0	0	55,050	55,050
Interest and Fiscal Charges	0	0	0	2,420,301	2,420,301
-		u			
Total Disbursements	31,154,633	0	0	10,149,235	41,303,868
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements	362,040	34,410	67,708	(912,162)	(448,004)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
General Obligation Bonds Issued	0	21,599,754	54,382,921	0	75,982,675
Premium on Bonds Issued	0	0	0	1,100,686	1,100,686
Transfers In	0	0	0	5,000	5,000
Transfers Out	(5,000)	0	0	0	(5,000)
	(5.000)	21 500 754	54 282 021	1 105 (0)	77.002.261
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(5,000)	21,599,754	54,382,921	1,105,686	77,083,361
Changes in Fund Balances	357,040	21,634,164	54,450,629	193,524	76,635,357
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year (Restated - Note 3)	7,501,183	1,679	0	1,571,613	9,074,475
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$7,858,223	\$21,635,843	\$54,450,629	\$1,765,137	\$85,709,832

Celina City School District Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

				Variance with Final Budget
	Budgeted A	mounts		Over
-	Original	Final	Actual	(Under)
Receipts	8			()
Property Taxes	\$12,260,000	\$12,260,000	\$12,928,412	\$668,412
Income Taxes	2,799,613	2,799,613	4,220,032	1,420,419
Intergovernmental	14,880,000	14,880,000	13,325,161	(1,554,839)
Interest	126,400	126,400	10,023	(116,377)
Tuition and Fees	1,329,549	1,330,249	336,314	(993,935)
Charges for Services	126,000	126,000	100,049	(25,951)
Extracurricular Activities	197,600	197,600	119,060	(78,540)
Gifts and Donations	31,025	31,025	22,984	(8,041)
Miscellaneous	142,875	142,875	455,179	312,304
Total Receipts	31,893,062	31,893,762	31,517,214	(376,548)
<u>Disbursements</u>				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	13,097,697	13,097,697	13,657,454	(559,757)
Special	5,122,505	5,122,505	5,599,100	(476,595)
Vocational	2,244,570	2,244,570	1,314,622	929,948
Adult/Continuing	51,301	51,301	28,190	23,111
Student Intervention Services	7,138	7,138	59,673	(52,535)
Other	3,008,058	3,008,058	251,196	2,756,862
Support Services:				
Pupils	1,929,312	1,929,312	1,997,758	(68,446)
Instructional Staff	1,331,242	1,331,242	1,271,825	59,417
Board of Education	436,044	436,044	172,984	263,060
Administration	2,126,910	2,126,910	2,175,898	(48,988)
Fiscal	982,727	982,727	847,385	135,342
Business	222,961	222,961	227,442	(4,481)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	3,867,468	3,867,468	2,716,666	1,150,802
Pupil Transportation	1,498,796	1,498,796	1,473,069	25,727
Central	240,308	240,308	154,300	86,008
Extracurricular Activities	669,890	669,890	626,239	43,651
Capital Outlay	51,098	51,098	0	51,098
Total Disbursements	36,888,025	36,888,025	32,573,801	4,314,224
Excess of Receipts				
Under Disbursements	(4,994,963)	(4,994,263)	(1,056,587)	3,937,676
Other Financing Uses				
Transfers Out	(158,000)	(158,000)	(5,000)	153,000
Changes in Fund Balance	(5,152,963)	(5,152,263)	(1,061,587)	4,090,676
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	6,639,696	6,639,696	6,639,696	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	860,946	860,946	860,946	0
Thor Tear Encumorances Appropriated	000,940	000,940	000,940	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$2,347,679	\$2,348,379	\$6,439,055	\$4,090,676

Celina City School District Statement of Cash Basis Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2022

		Custodial
	Private Purpose Trust	Tri-Star Career Compact
<u>Assets</u> Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and Cash Equivalents in Segregated Accounts Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agents	\$56,898 0 63,551	\$2,334,950 404,920 0
Total Assets	\$120,449	\$2,739,870
<u>Net Position</u> Held in Trust for Scholarships Restricted for Pool Participants	\$120,449 0	\$0 2,739,870
Total Net Position	\$120,449	\$2,739,870

Celina City School District Statement of Cash Basis Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Custo	dial
	Private Purpose Trust	Tri-Star Career Compact	Other Custodial
<u>Additions</u> Interest Gifts and Donations Miscellaneous	\$3,760 12,657 0	\$2,342 0 0	\$0 0 175
Total Additions before Capital Transactions	16,417	2,342	175
Capital Transactions: Amounts Invested Amounts Distributed	0	5,939,971 (5,719,524)	0 0
Net Capital Transactions	0	220,447	0
Total Additions	16,417	222,789	175
Deductions Noninstructional Services Distributions to Participants	13,661	0 2,342	00
Total Deductions	13,661	2,342	0
Change in Net Position	2,756	220,447	175
Net Position (Deficit) at Beginning of Year (Restated - Note 3)	117,693	2,519,423	(175)
Net Position at End of Year	\$120,449	\$2,739,870	\$0

Note 1 - Description of the School District and Reporting Entity

Celina City School District (the "School District") is organized under Article VI, Sections 2 and 3 of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. The School District operates under a locally-elected Board form of government consisting of five members elected at-large for staggered four year terms. The School District provides educational services as authorized by state and federal guidelines.

The School District is located in Mercer County, and includes all of the City of Celina and portions of Butler, Center, Franklin, Hopewell, Jefferson, Liberty, and Washington Townships. The School District is staffed by one hundred sixty-two classified employees, two hundred seventeen certified teaching personnel, and twenty-six administrative employees who provide services to 2,838 students and other community members. The School District currently operates six instructional buildings and a bus garage.

Reporting Entity

A reporting entity is composed of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the School District consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For Celina City School District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the School District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the School District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes, and there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the School District. The School District does not have any component units.

Within the School District's boundaries, the Immaculate Conception elementary school is operated through the Cincinnati Catholic Diocese. Current State legislation provides funding to the parochial school. The money is received and disbursed on behalf of the parochial school by the Treasurer of the School District, as directed by the parochial school. The activity is reflected in a special revenue fund (nonmajor governmental fund) of the School District for financial reporting purposes.

The School District participates in one jointly governed organization, three insurance pools, and a joint venture. These organizations are the Northwest Ohio Area Computer Services Cooperative, the Ohio School Plan, the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan, the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council Insurance Program, and the Tri-Star Career Compact. These organizations are presented in Notes 21, 22, and 23 to the basic financial statements. Tri-Star Career Compact is reported as an external investment pool fund under the custodial fund classification as these amounts are not held in trust that meets the specified criteria but it represents the external portion of an investment pool.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

These financial statements are presented on a cash basis of accounting. This basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Generally accepted accounting principles include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements, which have been applied to the extent they are applicable to the cash basis of accounting. Following are the more significant of the School District's accounting policies.

A. Basis of Presentation

The School District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide financial statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. These statements usually distinguish between those activities of the School District that are governmental activities (primarily supported by taxes and intergovernmental receipts) and those that are considered business-type activities (primarily supported by fees and charges). However, the School District has no business-type activities.

The statement of net position presents the cash balance of the governmental activities of the School District at fiscal year end. The statement of activities compares disbursements with program receipts for each function or program of the School District's governmental activities. Disbursements are reported by function. A function is a group of related activities designed to accomplish a major service or regulatory program for which the School District is responsible. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the program's goods or services and grants, contributions, and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. General receipts are all receipts not classified as program receipts, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct disbursements with program receipts identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing on a cash basis or draws from the School District's general receipts.

Fund Financial Statements

During the fiscal year, the School District segregates transactions related to certain School District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the School District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

B. Fund Accounting

The School District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The funds of the School District are divided into two categories, governmental and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds

The School District classifies funds financed primarily from taxes, intergovernmental receipts (e.g. grants), and other nonexchange transactions as governmental funds. The School District's major funds are the General Fund and the Building and the Classroom Facilities capital projects funds.

<u>General Fund</u> - The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the School District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Building Fund</u> - The Building Fund is used to account for bond proceeds restricted to acquire, construct, or improve capital facilities.

<u>Classroom Facilities Fund</u> - The Classroom Facilities Fund is used to account for resources received from the Ohio Facilities Construction Commission and bond proceeds restricted for the building and equipping of classroom facilities.

The other governmental funds of the School District account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted, committed, or assigned to a particular purpose.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, investment trust funds, private purpose trust funds, and custodial funds. Trust funds are distinguished from custodial funds by the existence of a trust agreement or equivalent arrangements that have certain characteristics. The School District reports the external portion of its investment pool in a separate external investment pool fund under the custodial fund classification as these amounts are not held in a trust that meets the specified criteria. Other custodial funds are used to report activities that are not required to be reported in a trust fund.

The School District's private purpose trust fund accounts for college scholarships for students after graduation. The School District's Tri-Star Career Compact fund under the custodial fund classification accounts for the external portion of the School District's investment pool. The School District's other custodial fund is used to account for resources held on behalf of the Ohio High School Athletic Association.

C. Basis of Accounting

The School District's financial statements are prepared using the cash basis of accounting. Except for modifications having substantial support, receipts are recorded in the School District's financial records and reported in the financial statements when cash is received rather than when earned and disbursements are recorded when cash is paid rather than when a liability is incurred.

As a result of the use of the cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in the financial statements.

D. Budgetary Process

All funds, except custodial funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the alternative tax budget (five-year forecast), the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriations resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The alternative tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriations resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of budgetary control selected by the Board is at the object level for the General Fund and the fund level in all other funds. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education and object level in all other funds are made by the Treasurer.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the fiscal year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the amended certificate of estimated resources in effect at the time final appropriations were passed by the Board.

The appropriations resolution is subject to amendment throughout the fiscal year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriations resolution for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior fiscal years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the fiscal year.

E. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the School District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through School District records. Interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents".

Cash and cash equivalents that are held separately by the Mercer County Civic Foundation for the enhancement of the Tri-Star Career Compact are recorded as "Cash and Cash Equivalents in Segregated Accounts."

Cash and cash equivalents held separately by the Mercer County Civic Foundation for the investment of scholarship funds are recorded as "Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agents".

During fiscal year 2022, the School District's investments included federal agency securities, U.S. Treasury securities, and mutual funds. Investments are reported at cost, except mutual funds which are reported at current share price.

Following Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the General Fund during fiscal year 2022 was \$10,023 which included \$6,565 assigned from other School District funds.

Investments of the School District's cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School District are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months that were not purchased from the pool are reported as investments.

Investments are reported as assets. Accordingly, purchases of investments are not recorded as disbursements and sales of investments are not recorded as receipts. Gains or losses at the time of sale are recorded as receipts or negative receipts (contra revenue), respectively.

F. Restricted Assets

Assets are reported as restricted when limitations on their use change the nature or normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either externally imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, laws of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions. Restricted assets in the General Fund represent unclaimed monies that have a legal restriction on their use are also reported as restricted.

G. Capital Assets

Acquisitions of property, plant, and equipment are recorded as disbursements when paid. The financial statements do not report these assets.

H. Compensated Absences

Employees are entitled to cash payments for vacation and sick leave in certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment. Unpaid vacation and sick leave are not reflected as liabilities under the cash basis of accounting used by the School District.

I. Long-Term Obligations

The School District's cash basis financial statements do not report liabilities for bonds and other longterm obligations. Proceeds of debt are reported when cash is received and principal and interest payments are reported when disbursements paid.

J. Net Position

Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Net position restricted for other purposes includes resources restricted for food service operations, music and athletic programs, student activities, and federal and state grants. The School District's policy is to first apply restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

K. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - The nonspendable classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

<u>Restricted</u> - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

<u>Committed</u> - The committed classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the Board of Education. The committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

<u>Assigned</u> - Amounts in the assigned classification are intended to be used by the School District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds, other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. Assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the Board of Education. The Board of Education has authorized the Treasurer to assign fund balance for purchases on order provided such amounts have been lawfully appropriated.

<u>Unassigned</u> - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

The School District first applies restricted resources when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications can be used.

L. Pension/Postemployment Benefits

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability (asset), information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the retirement systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The retirement systems report investments at fair value.

Note 3 - Restatement of Fund Balance/Net Position

The activity related to the Tri-Star Career Compact that is carried on the School District's books was reevaluated and had the following effect on fund balance/net position as previously reported for fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

	General	Building	Classroom Facilities	Other Governmental	Total
Fund Balance, June 30, 202 Change in Fund Structure	1 \$7,628,385 (127,202)	\$1,679 0	\$0 0	\$1,836,737 (265,124)	\$9,466,801 (392,326)
Restated Fund Balance, June 30, 2021	\$7,501,183	\$1,679	\$0	\$1,571,613	\$9,074,475
			Government Activities	al	
1	Net Position June 30	, 2021	\$9,466,80	1	
(Change in Fund Stru	cture	(392,320	6)	
I	Restated Net Position	n June 30, 2021	\$9,074,47	5	

Note 3 - Restatement of Fund Balance/Net Position (continued)

		Custodial		
		Tr-Star		
	Private	Career	Other	
	Purpose	Compact	Custodial	
Net Position (Deficit) June 30, 2021	\$117,693	\$2,127,097	(\$175)	
Change in Fund Structure	0	392,326	0	
Restated Net Position (Deficit) June 30, 2021	\$117,693	\$2,519,423	(\$175)	

In prior years, the School District reported the Tri-Star Career Compact as an investment trust fund. This presentation was reevaluated, and it was determined that the Tri-Star Career Compact should be presented as a custodial fund with an external portion. At June 30, 2021, the ending net position of the investment trust fund was \$2,127,097. This net position balance is now the beginning balance of the Tri-Star Career Compact custodial fund with an external portion.

Note 4 - Compliance and Accountability

A. Compliance

The following funds had expenditures plus encumbrances in excess of appropriations for the year ended June 30, 2022.

	Expenditures Plus			
Fund	Appropriations	Encumbrances	Excess	
Classroom Facilities Maintenance	\$0	\$2,747	\$2,747	
Student Activities	176,729	210,895	34,166	
Public Preschool	72,000	77,872	5,872	
Student Wellness Success	497,759	573,016	75,257	
Miscellaneous State Grants	95,654	117,362	21,708	
Title VI-B	763,625	819,084	55,459	
Headstart	1,099,665	1,965,231	865,566	
Title III	26,583	29,872	3,289	
Title I	497,195	541,324	44,129	
Preschool Handicap	23,478	24,918	1,440	
Classroom Reduction	97,267	103,762	6,495	
Debt Service	300	2,461,505	2,461,205	

The Treasurer will review expenditures to ensure amounts are within amounts appropriated.

Note 4 - Compliance and Accountability (continued)

Ohio Administrative Code, Section 117-2-03 (B), requires the School District to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. However, the School District prepared its financial statements on a cash basis, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The accompanying financial statements omit assets and deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows, net position/fund balances, and disclosures that, while material, cannot be determined at this time. The School District can be fined and various other administrative remedies may be taken against the School District.

B. Accountability

At June 30, 2022, the Public Preschool, Agricultural Education, Student Wellness and Success, Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Funds, Title VI-B, Headstart, Title III, Title I, Title IV-A, Preschool Handicap, and Classroom Reduction special revenue funds had deficit cash balances of \$18,477, \$9,137, \$55,257, \$130,113, \$245,601, \$591,373, \$8,944, \$107,634, \$1,363, \$9,645 and \$24,827, respectively, resulting from disbursements in advance of grant receipts. The General Fund provides transfers to cover deficit balances; however, this is done when cash is needed.

Note 5 - Budgetary Basis of Accounting

The budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on the basis of cash, receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual presented for the General Fund is prepared on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The difference between the budgetary basis and the cash basis is outstanding year end encumbrances which are treated as cash disbursements (budgetary basis) rather than as committed or assigned fund balance (cash basis). The General Fund encumbrances outstanding at year end (budgetary basis) were \$1,419,168.

Note 6 - Deposits and Investments

Monies held by the School District are classified by State statute into three categories.

Active monies are public monies determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the School District treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits the Board has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts, including passbook accounts.

Note 6 - Deposits and Investments (continued)

Protection of the School District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by the financial institutions participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

Interim monies held by the School District may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligation or security issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, and Government National Mortgage Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least 2 percent and be marked to market daily and the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio and, with certain limitations including a requirement for maturity within ten years from the date of settlement, bonds and other obligations of political subdivisions of the State of Ohio (if training requirements have been met);
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio); and
- 8. Certain bankers' acceptances for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed two hundred seventy days in an amount not to exceed 40 percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time (if training requirements have been met).

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited. Except as noted above, an investment must mature within five years from the date of settlement, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

Note 6 - Deposits and Investments (continued)

Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the School District Treasurer or qualified trustee or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

Investments

The School District reports their investments at cost or amortized cost. The fair value of these investments is not materially different from cost. As of June 30, 2022, the School District had the following investments:

Measurement/Investment	Measurement Amount	Up to Six Months	Six Months to One Year	One Year to Two Years	More Than Two Years
Cost					
Federal Farm Credit Bank					
Notes	\$8,000,000	\$0	\$5,000,000	\$1,000,000	\$2,000,000
Federal Home Loan Bank					
Notes	16,750,037	0	0	7,750,016	9,000,021
U.S. Treasury					
Bills	35,838,642	29,426,857	6,411,785	0	0
Amortized Cost					
Mutual Funds	1,712,649	1,712,649	0	0	0
Total Investments	\$62,301,328	\$31,139,506	\$11,411,785	\$8,750,016	\$11,000,021

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The investment policy restricts the School District from investing in any securities other than those identified in the Ohio Revised Code and that all investments must mature within five years from the date of investment unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District.

The Federal Farm Credit Bank Notes, Federal Home Loan Bank Notes, and mutual funds carry a rating of Aaa by Moodys. The School District has no policy dealing with credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that mutual funds in eligible securities must be rated in the highest category at the time of purchase by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service.

The following table indicates the percentage of each investment type to the School District's total portfolio:

		Percentage of
	Cost Value	Portfolio
Federal Farm Credit Bank	\$8,000,000	12.84%
Federal Home Loan Bank	16,750,037	26.89
U.S. Treasury	35,838,642	57.52

Note 7 - Investment Pool

The School District serves as fiscal agent for the Tri-Star Career Compact, a legally separate entity. The School District pools the monies of this entity with the School District's for investment purposes. Participation in the pool is voluntary. The School District cannot allocate its investments between the internal and external investment pools. The investment pool is not registered with the SEC as an investment company.

Condensed financial information for the investment pool is as follows:

Statement of Net Position For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Assets	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$88,101,680
Net Position Restricted for Pool Participants	
Internal Portion	\$85,766,730
External Portion	2,334,950
Total Net Position Restricted for Pool Participants	\$88,101,680
Statement of Changes in Net Position	L
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 202	22
Additions	
Investment Earnings	\$120.922

investment Earnings	\$120,922
Capital Transactions	76,957,272
Total Additions	77,078,194
<u>Deductions</u>	
Distributions paid to Participants	120,922
Change in Net Position	76,957,272
Net Position Beginning of Year	11,144,408
Net Position End of Year	\$88,101,680

See Note 6 for description of investments.

Note 8 - Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis, while the School District's fiscal year runs from July through June. First-half tax distributions are received by the School District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second-half tax distributions are received in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility property located in the School District. Real property tax revenues received in calendar year 2022 represent the collection of calendar year 2021 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2022 were levied after April 1, 2021, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2021, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2022 represent the collection of calendar year 2021 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2022 became a lien on December 31, 2020, were levied after April 1, 2021, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The School District receives property taxes from Mercer County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the county by June 30, 2022, are available to finance fiscal year 2022 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

	2021 Second- Half Collections		2022 First- Half Collections	
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
Real	\$457,640,440	96.92%	\$462,176,300	96.94%
Public Utility	14,529,820	3.08	14,601,310	3.06
Total Assessed Value	\$472,170,260	100.00%	\$476,777,610	100.00%
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$34.15		\$42.05	

The assessed values upon which fiscal year 2022 taxes were collected are:

In May, 2021, the voters approved a new 8.2 mill property tax bond levy for building maintenance.

Note 9 - Tax Abatements

The School District's property taxes were reduced as follows under community reinvestment area and enterprise zone agreements entered into by overlapping governments.

Overlapping Government	Amount of Fiscal Year 2022 Taxes Abated
Community Reinvestment Area	
City of Celina	\$193,693
Enterprise Zone Tax Exemption	
Mercer County	178,440
	\$372,133

Note 10 - Income Taxes

The School District levies a voted tax of 1 percent for general operations on the income of residents and of estates. The tax levy was effective on January 1, 2019, for a five-year period. Employers of residents are required to withhold income tax on compensation and remit the tax to the State. Taxpayers are required to file an annual return. The State makes quarterly distributions to the School District after withholding amounts for administrative fees and estimated refunds. Income tax revenue is credited to the General Fund.

Note 11 - Payment in Lieu of Taxes

In accordance with agreements related to tax increment financing districts, Mercer County and the City of Celina have entered into agreements with a number of property owners under which Mercer County and the City of Celina have granted property tax exemptions to those property owners. The property owners have agreed to make payments which reflect all or a portion of the property taxes which the property owners would have paid if their taxes had not been exempted. The agreements provide for a portion of these payments to be made to the School District. The property owners' contractually promise to make these payments in lieu of taxes until the agreement expires.

Note 12 - Risk Management

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2022, the School District contracted with the Ohio School Plan for the following insurance coverage:

Building and Contents - Replacement Cost	\$116,439,095
Automobile Liability	5,000,000
General Liability	
Per Occurrence	5,000,000
Aggregate	7,000,000

Note 12 - Risk Management (continued)

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years and there has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the prior fiscal year.

For fiscal year 2022, the School District participated in the Ohio School Plan (Plan), an insurance purchasing pool. Each participant enters into an individual agreement with the Plan for insurance coverage and pays annual premiums to the Plan based on the types and limits of coverage and deductibles selected by the participant.

The School District participates in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the School District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participants is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all participants in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Participation in the GRP is limited to participants that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of CompManagement provides administrative, cost control, and actuarial services to the plan.

The School District participates in the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council Insurance Program (SOEPC), a public entity shared risk pool, for medical and dental insurance. The Executive Committee of SOEPC is responsible for its management and operation.

Note 13 - Contractual Commitments

At fiscal year end, the amount of significant encumbrances expected to be honored upon performance by the vendor in fiscal year 2023 are as follows:

General Fund	\$1,419,168
Other Governmental Funds	870,067
Total	\$2,289,235

Note 14 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans

The Statewide retirement systems provide both pension benefits and other postemployment benefits (OPEB).

Net Pension Liability/Net OPEB Liability (Asset)

Pensions and OPEB are a component of exchange transactions, between an employer and its employees, of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions/OPEB are provided to an employee on a deferred payment basis as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period.

The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) represents the School District's proportionate share of each pension/OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments, and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

The Ohio Revised Code limits the School District's obligation for these liabilities to annually required payments. The School District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions/OPEB are financed; however, the School District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation, including pension and OPEB.

GASB Statements No. 68 and No. 75 assume the liability is solely the obligation of the employer because (1) they benefit from employee services and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from the employers. All pension contributions to date have come solely from the employer (which also includes pension costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contribution to provide for OPEB benefits. In addition, health care plan enrollees pay a portion of the health care cost in the form of a monthly premium. State statute requires the retirement systems to amortize unfunded pension liabilities within thirty years. If the amortization period exceeds thirty years, each retirement system's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension/OPEB liability (asset). Resulting adjustments to the net pension/OPEB liability (asset) would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, the retirement systems to provide health care to eligible benefit recipients.

The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) is not reported on the face of the financial statements but are rather disclosed in the notes because of the use of the cash basis framework.

The remainder of this note includes the required pension disclosures. See Note 15 for the required OPEB disclosures.

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description - School District nonteaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multipleemployer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information, and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. The report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at <u>www.ohsers.org</u> under employers/audit resources.

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows.

	Eligible to retire on or before August 1, 2017 *	Eligible to retire on or after August 1, 2017
Full Benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially Reduced Benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit; Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

* Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017, will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on the final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service; 2.2 percent for the first thirty years of service and 2.5 percent for years of service credit over thirty years. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

An individual whose benefit effective date is before April 1, 2018, is eligible for a cost of living adjustment (COLA) on the first anniversary date of the benefit. Beginning April 1, 2018, new benefit recipients must wait until the fourth anniversary of their benefit for COLA eligibility. The COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit. A three year COLA suspension is in effect for all benefit recipients for 2018, 2019, and 2020. Upon resumption of the COLA, it will be indexed to the percentage increase in the CPI-W not to exceed 2.5 percent and with a floor of 0 percent. In 2021, the Board of Trustees approved a .5 percent cost of living adjustment for eligible retirees and beneficiaries in 2022.

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 14 percent. For fiscal year 2022, the Retirement Board did not allocate any employer contributions to the Health Care Fund.

The School District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$664,326 for fiscal year 2022.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description - School District licensed teachers and other certified faculty members participate in STRS Ohio, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a publicly available stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information, and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. The report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS website at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit Plan (DBP), a Defined Contribution Plan (DCP), and a Combined Plan (CP). Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307.

The DBP offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation is 2.2 percent of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. In April 2017, the Retirement Board made the decision to reduce COLA granted on or after July 1, 2017, to 0 percent to preserve the fiscal integrity of the retirement system. Benefit recipients base benefit and past cost of living increases are not affected by this change. Eligibility changes will be phased in until August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five years of service credit and age sixty-five or thirty-five years of service credit and at least age sixty.

Eligibility changes for DBP members who retire with actuarially reduced benefits will be phased in until August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility will be five years of qualifying service credit and age sixty or thirty years of service credit at any age.

The DCP allows members to place all of their member contributions and 9.53 percent of the 14 percent employer contribution into an investment account. Investment allocation decisions are determined by the member among the various investment choices offered by STRS. The remaining 4.47 percent of the 14 percent employer contribution rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age fifty and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The CP offers features of both the DBP and the DCP. In the CP, 12 percent of the 14 percent member rate is deposited into the member's DCP account and the remaining 2 percent is applied to the DBP. Member contributions to the DCP are allocated among investment choices by the member and contributions to the DBP from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DBP. The defined benefit portion of the CP payment is payable to a member on or after age sixty with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age fifty and after termination of employment.

New members who choose the DCP or CP will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's CP account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB Statement No. 68 reporting purposes.

A DBP or CP member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. New members, on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit to apply for disability benefits. Members in the DCP who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. If a member of the DCP dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy - Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the employer and employee rate of 14 percent was equal to the statutory maximum rates. For fiscal year 2022, the full employer contribution was allocated to pension.

The School District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$2,113,436 for fiscal year 2022.

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the School District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share.

	SERS	STRS	Total
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability			
Prior Measurement Date	0.12937540%	0.11613668%	
Current Measurement Date	0.13729952%	0.11720616%	
Change in Proportionate Share	0.00792412%	0.00106948%	
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$5,065,954	\$14,985,861	\$20,051,815

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67 as part of the annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modification as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation prepared as of June 30, 2021, compared with June 30, 2020, are presented below.

	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020
Inflation Future Salary Increases,	2.4 percent	3 percent
including inflation	3.25 percent to 13.58 percent	3.5 percent to 18.2 percent
COLA or Ad Hoc COLA	2 percent, on or after April 1, 2018, COLAs for future retirees will be delayed for three years following commencement	2.5 percent
Investment Rate of Return	7 percent net of System expenses	7.5 percent net of investment expenses, including inflation
Actuarial Cost Method	entry age normal (level percent of payroll)	entry age normal (level percent of payroll)

Mortality rates for 2021 were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weight Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward one year and adjusted 94.2 percent for males and set forward two years and adjusted 81.35 percent for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward five years and adjusted 103.3 percent for males and set forward three years and adjusted 106.8 percent for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

Mortality rates for 2020 were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females. Mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries were based upon the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120 percent of male rates, and 110 percent of female rates. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90 percent for male rates and 100 percent for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2020.

Note 14 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

The long-term return expectation for the pension plan investments has been determined using a buildingblock approach and assumes a time horizon as defined in SERS' Statement of Investment Policy. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating an arithmetic weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalanced uncorrelated asset classes.

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Cash	2.00%	(0.33)%
U.S. Equity	24.75	5.72
Non-U.S. Equity Developed	13.50	6.55
Non-U.S. Equity Emerging	6.75	8.54
Fixed Income/Global Bonds	19.00	1.14
Private Equity	11.00	10.03
Real Estate/Real Assets	16.00	5.41
Multi-Asset Strategies	4.00	3.47
Private Debt/Private Credit	3.00	5.28
Total	100.00%	

Discount Rate - The total pension liability for 2021 was calculated using the discount rate of 7 percent. The discount rate for 2020 was 7.5 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7 percent). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and to illustrate the potential impact, the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7 percent as well as what the plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6 percent) or one percentage point higher (8 percent) than the current rate.

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(6.%)	(7%)	(8%)
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$8,428,504	\$5,065,954	\$2,230,169

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the June 30, 2021, actuarial valuation compared to those used in the June 30, 2020, actuarial valuation are present below.

Note 14 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

Inflation2.5 percent2.5 percentProjected Salary Increases12.5 percent at age 20 to 2.5 percent at age 6512.5 percent at age 20 to 2.5 percent at age 65Investment Rate of Return7 percent net of investment7.45 percent net of investment		June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020
Projected Salary Increases12.5 percent at age 20 to 2.5 percent at age 6512.5 percent at age 20 to 2.5 percent at age 65			
2.5 percent at age 652.5 percent at age 65	Inflation	2.5 percent	2.5 percent
	Projected Salary Increases	12.5 percent at age 20 to	12.5 percent at age 20 to
Investment Rate of Return 7 percent net of investment 7.45 percent net of investment		2.5 percent at age 65	2.5 percent at age 65
	Investment Rate of Return	7 percent net of investment	7.45 percent net of investment
expenses, including inflation expenses, including inflation		expenses, including inflation	expenses, including inflation
Discount Rate of Return 7 percent 7.45 percent	Discount Rate of Return	7 percent	7.45 percent
Payroll Increases 3 percent 3 percent	Payroll Increases	3 percent	3 percent
Cost of Living Adjustments0 percent0 percent(COLA)000	6 5	0 percent	0 percent

Postretirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age sixty-nine, 70 percent of rates between ages seventy and seventy-nine, 90 percent of rates between ages eighty and eighty-four, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2016. Postretirement disabled mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2014 Employee Mortality Table, projected forward generationally using Mortality Table, projected forward ge

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011, through June 30, 2016.

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows.

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return *
Domestic Equity	28.00%	7.35%
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
	100.00%	

* 10 year annualized geometric nominal returns include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25 percent and does not include investment expenses. Over a thirty year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return without net value added by management.

Note 14 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7 percent as of June 30, 2021, and was 7.45 percent as of June 30, 2020. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2021. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2021.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following table presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7 percent as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6 percent) or one percentage point higher (8 percent) than the current rate.

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(6%)	(7%)	(8%)
School District's Proportionate Share of	<u>.</u>	· · ·	· · · · ·
the Net Pension Liability	\$28,062,908	\$14,985,861	\$3,935,783

Changes Between the Measurement Date and the Reporting Date - In February 2022, the Board approved changes to demographic measures that will impact the June 30, 2022, actuarial valuation. These demographic measures include retirement, salary increase, disability/termination and mortality assumptions. In March 2022, the STRS Board approved benefit plan changes to take effect on July 1, 2022. These changes include a one-time three percent cost-of-living increase (COLA) to be paid to eligible benefit recipients and the elimination of the age sixty requirement for retirement age and service eligibility that was set to take effect in 2026. The effect of these changes is unknown.

Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the State Teachers Retirement System or the School Employees Retirement System have an option to choose Social Security or the State Teachers Retirement System/School Employees Retirement System. As of June 30, 2022, none of the Board of Education members has elected Social Security. The Board's liability is 6.2 percent of wages paid.

Note 15 - Defined Benefit OPEB Plans

See Note 14 for a description of the net OPEB liability (asset).

School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description - The School District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund administered by SERS for nonteaching retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB Statement No. 75 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. The SERS Health Care Plan provides health care benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need ten years of service credit, exclusive of most types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage. The following types of credit purchased after January 29, 1981 do not count toward health care coverage eligibility: military, federal, out-of-state, municipal, private school, exempted, and early retirement incentive credit. In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of sixtyfive and, therefore, enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by State statute. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report which can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org under employers/audit resources.

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). The SERS Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board establishes the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For fiscal year 2022, no allocation was made to health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, prorated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2022, this amount was \$25,000. State statute provides that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2 percent of that employer's SERS covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the total statewide SERS covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2022, the School District's surcharge obligation was \$87,617.

The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate is the amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The School District's contribution for health care was \$103,656 for fiscal year 2022.

State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description - The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing health care plan for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit and combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer the plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs, and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the STRS financial report which can be obtained by visiting the STRS website at www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy - Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the health care plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the health care plan. All benefit recipients pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for postemployment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to postemployment health care.

Net OPEB Liability (Asset)

The net OPEB liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School District's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset) was based on the School District's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share.

	SERS	STRS	Total
Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability			
Prior Measurement Date	0.13386960%	0.11613668%	
Current Measurement Date	0.14085060%	0.11720616%	
Change in Proportionate Share	0.00698099%	0.00106948%	
Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$2,665,713	(\$2,471,195)	\$194,518

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

The total OPEB liability is determined by SERS' actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74 as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modification as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2021, compared with June 30, 2020, are presented below.

	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020
Inflation Future Salary Increase, including inflation	2.4 percent	3 percent
Wage Increases	3.25 percent to 13.58 percent	3.5 percent to 18.2 percent
Investment Rate of Return	7 percent net of investment expenses, including inflation	7.5 percent net of investment expenses, including inflation
Municipal Bond Index Rate		-
Measurement Date	1.92 percent	2.45 percent
Prior Measurement Date	2.45 percent	3.13 percent
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of plan		
investment expense, including		
inflation		
Measurement Date	2.27 percent	2.63 percent
Prior Measurement Date	2.63 percent	3.22 percent
Medical Trend Assumption		
Medicare	5.125 to 4.40 percent	5.25 to 4.75 percent
Pre-Medicare	6.75 to 4.40 percent	7 to 4.75 percent

For 2021, mortality rates among healthy retirees were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward one year and adjusted 94.2 percent for males and set forward two years and adjusted 81.35 percent for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward five years and adjusted 103.3 percent for males and set forward three years and adjusted 106.8 percent for females. Mortality rates for contingent survivors were based on PUB-2010 General Amount Weighted Below Median Contingent Survivor mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward one year and adjusted 105.5 percent for males and adjusted 122.5 percent for females. Mortality rates for actives is based on PUB-2010 General Amount Weighted Below Median Employee mortality table.

For 2020, mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projections with Scale BB; 120 percent of male rates and 110 percent of female rates and the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent for male rates and 100 percent for female rates, set back five years.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2020.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the actuarial five year experience study. The most recent study covers fiscal years 2015 through 2020 and was adopted by the Board in 2021. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return, 7 percent, by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a ten year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

The SERS Health Care Plan follows the same asset allocation and long-term expected real rate of return for each major asset class as the pension plan, see Note 14.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2021, was 2.27 percent. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability prior to June 30, 2021, was 2.63 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and the retirement system at the State statute contribution rate of 1.5 percent of projected covered employee payroll each year which includes a 1.5 percent payroll surcharge and no contributions from the basic benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current System members by SERS actuaries. The Municipal Bond Index Rate is used in the determination of the SEIR for both the June 30, 2020 and the June 30, 2021 total OPEB liability. The Municipal Bond Index rate is the single rate that will generate a present value of benefit payments equal to the sum of the present value determined by the long-term expected rate of return, and the present value determined by discounting those benefits after the dates of depletion. The Municipal Bond Index Rate is 1.92 percent at June 30, 2021 and 2.45 percent at June 30, 2020.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates - The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate. The following table presents the net OPEB liability of SERS and what SERS' net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (1.27 percent) or one percentage point higher (3.27 percent) than the current discount rate (2.27 percent). Also shown is what SERS' net OPEB liability would be based on health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower (5.75 percent decreasing to 3.40 percent) and one percentage point higher (7.75 percent decreasing to 5.40 percent) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease (1.27%)	Current Discount Rate (2.27%)	1% Increase (3.27%)
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$3,303,141	\$2,665,713	\$2,156,490
		Current	
	1% Decrease (5.75%	Trend Rate (6.75%	1% Increase (7.75%
	Decreasing to 3.40%)	Decreasing to 4.40%)	Decreasing to 5.40%)
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$2,052,381	\$2,665,713	\$3,484,937

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the June 30, 2021, actuarial valuation and the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation are presented below.

	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020
Projected Salary Increases	12.5 percent at age 20 to 2.5 percent at age 65	12.5 percent at age 20 to 2.5 percent at age 65
Investment Rate of	7 percent net of investment	7.45 percent net of investment
Return	expenses, including inflation	expenses, including inflation
Payroll Increases	3 percent	3 percent
Discount Rate of Return	7 percent	7.45 percent
Health Care Cost Trends		
Medical		
Pre-Medicare	5 percent initial, 4 percent ultimate	5 percent initial, 4 percent ultimate
Medicare	-16.18 percent initial, 4 percent ultimate	-6.69 percent initial, 4 percent ultimate
Prescription Drug		
Pre-Medicare	6.5 percent initial, 4 percent ultimate	6.5 percent initial, 4 percent ultimate
Medicare	29.98 percent initial, 4 percent ultimate	11.87 percent initial, 4 percent ultimate

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

For healthy retirees, the mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age sixty-nine, 70 percent of rates between ages seventy and seventy-nine, 90 percent of rates between ages eighty and eighty-four, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2016. Postretirement disabled mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011, through June 30, 2016.

The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2022 from 2.055 percent to 2.1 percent per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2022. The Medicare Part D subsidy was updated to reflect it is expected to be negative in CY 2022. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.

The STRS Health Care Plan follows the same asset allocation and long-term expected real rate of return for each major asset class as the pension plan, see Note 13.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7 percent as of June 30, 2021, and was 7.45 percent as of June 30, 2020.. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes STRS continues to allocate no employer contributions to the Health Care Fund. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members as of June 30, 2021. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on health care plan investments of 7 percent was used to measure the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2021.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate and the Health Care Cost Trend Rates - The following table represents the net OPEB asset as of June 30, 2021, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7 percent as well as what the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6 percent) or one percentage point higher (8 percent) than the current assumption. Also shown is the net OPEB asset as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates.

	1% Decrease (6%)	Current Discount Rate (7%)	1% Increase (8 %)
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset	\$2,085,307	\$2,471,195	\$2,793,548
School District's Proportionate Share of	1% Decrease	Current Trend Rate	1% Increase
the Net OPEB Asset	\$2,780,486	\$2,471,195	\$2,088,730

Changes Between the Measurement Date and the Reporting Date - In February 2022, the STRS Board approved changes to demographic measures that will impact the June 30, 2022, actuarial valuation. The effect on these changes is unknown.

Note 16 - Other Employee Benefits

A. Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees earn five to twenty days of vacation per year, depending upon length of service. The superintendent, treasurer, and administrators earn twenty-five days of vacation per year. Accumulated unused vacation time is paid to classified employees, the superintendent, the treasurer, and the administrators upon termination of employment. Teachers do not earn vacation time.

Teachers, administrators, and classified employees earn sick leave at a rate of one and one-fourth days per month. For teachers and administrators upon retirement, the School District maintains three severance leave banks as described below and severance leave is based on the same accumulation factor as sick leave. For the purpose of the severance calculation, sick leave accumulation will be unlimited. Upon retirement, payment will be made as follows:

Bank A - The first one hundred sixty days of accumulated sick leave will be payable at the rate of 25 percent of the per diem rate.

Bank B - The next one hundred sixty days of accumulated sick leave will be payable at the rate of 20 percent of the per diem rate.

Bank C - All additional days shall be payable at the rate of 15 percent of the per diem rate.

For classified employees, sick leave may be accumulated to a maximum of two hundred days; however, accumulation is unlimited for severance purposes. Upon retirement, classified employees are paid for 33 percent of the accumulated sick leave balance up to two hundred twenty-five days.

B. Employee Insurance Benefits

The School District provides medical and dental insurance benefits to all employees through the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council. The Board of Education will pay 80% of the monthly premium for employees enrolled in the PPO plan and the Board will pay 92.5% of the monthly premium for employees enrolled in the HDHP/HAS plan.

The School District also provides life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance through American United Life Insurance.

For all employees an optical expense reimbursement provides each employee and their immediate family, based on actual receipts, up to \$200 annually.

Note 17 - Long-Term Obligations

Changes in the School District's long-term obligations during fiscal year 2022 were as follows:

					Amounts Due
	Balance at			Balance at	Within
	6/30/2021	Additions	Reductions	6/30/2022	One Year
Governmental Activities					
General Obligation Bonds					
School Facilities Constuction					
and Improvement Bonds					
FY 2022					
Serial Bonds 4-5%	\$0	\$11,875,000	\$0	\$11,875,000	\$915,000
Term Bonds 2-2.876%	0	63,460,000	0	63,460,000	0
Capital Appreciation					
Bonds 21.124%	0	647,675	0	647,675	0
Accretion on Capital					
Appreciation Bonds	0	94,551	0	94,551	0
Bond Premium	0	1,100,686	0	1,100,686	0
Total Governmental Activities					
Long-Term Obligations	\$0	\$77,177,912	\$0	\$77,177,912	\$915,000

<u>FY 2022 School Facilities Construction and Improvement Bonds</u> - On October 28, 2021, the School District issued general obligation bonds, in the amount of \$75,982,675, for improving and constructing school buildings and facilities. The bond issue includes of serial, term, and capital appreciation bonds, in the amount of \$11,875,000, \$63,460,000, and \$647,675, respectively. The bonds were issued at a premium of \$1,100,686. The bonds were issued for a thirty-seven fiscal year period, with final maturity in fiscal year 2059. The bonds are being retired through the Bond Retirement debt service fund.

The bonds maturing on December 1, 2033, are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption, at a redemption price equal to 100 percent of the principal amount redeemed plus accrued interest to the date of redemption, on December 1 in the years and the respective principal amounts as follows:

Year	Amount
2033	\$1,695,000

The remaining principal, in the amount of \$1,725,000, will be paid at stated maturity on December 1, 2033.

Note 17 - Long-Term Obligations (continued)

The bonds maturing on December 1, 2036, are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption, at a redemption price equal to 100 percent of the principal amount redeemed plus accrued interest to the date of redemption, on December 1 in the years and the respective principal amounts as follows:

Year	Amount
2034	\$1,760,000
2035	1,800,000

The remaining principal, in the amount of \$1,840,000, will be paid at stated maturity on December 1, 2036.

The bonds maturing on December 1, 2041, are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption, at a redemption price equal to 100 percent of the principal amount redeemed plus accrued interest to the date of redemption, on December 1 in the years and the respective principal amounts as follows:

Year	Amount
2037	\$1,875,000
2038	1,920,000
2039	1,965,000
2040	2,015,000

The remaining principal, in the amount of \$2,060,000, will be paid at stated maturity on December 1, 2041.

The bonds maturing on December 1, 2046, are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption, at a redemption price equal to 100 percent of the principal amount redeemed plus accrued interest to the date of redemption, on December 1 in the years and the respective principal amounts as follows:

Year	Amount
2042	\$2,110,000
2043	2,165,000
2044	2,225,000
2045	2,280,000

.....

The remaining principal, in the amount of \$2,340,000, will be paid at stated maturity on December 1, 2046.

Note 17 - Long-Term Obligations (continued)

The bonds maturing on December 1, 2051, are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption, at a redemption price equal to 100 percent of the principal amount redeemed plus accrued interest to the date of redemption, on December 1 in the years and the respective principal amounts as follows:

Year	Amount
2047	\$2,400,000
2048	2,470,000
2049	2,535,000
2050	2,605,000

The remaining principal, in the amount of \$2,680,000, will be paid at stated maturity on December 1, 2051.

The bonds maturing on December 1, 2058, are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption, at a redemption price equal to 100 percent of the principal amount redeemed plus accrued interest to the date of redemption, on December 1 in the years and the respective principal amounts as follows:

Year	Amount
2052	\$2,750,000
2053	2,830,000
2054	2,910,000
2055	2,995,000
2056	3,080,000
2057	3,170,000

The remaining principal, in the amount of \$3,260,000, will be paid at stated maturity on December 1, 2058.

The serial bonds are subject to prior redemption on or after December 1, 2031, by and at the sole option of the School District, either in whole on any date or in part on any interest payment date, and in integral multiples of \$5,000, at 100 percent of the principal amount redeemed plus accrued interest to the redemption date.

The capital appreciation bonds are not subject to prior redemption. The capital appreciation bonds will mature in fiscal year 2025. The maturity amount of the bonds is \$1,205,000. For fiscal year 2022, \$94,551 was accreted on the capital appreciation bonds for a total value of \$742,226, at fiscal year end.

The School District's overall debt margin was (\$32,167,360) with an unvoted debt margin of \$476,778 at June 30, 2022.

Note 17 - Long-Term Obligations (continued)

Principal and interest requirements to retire general obligation debt outstanding at June 30, 2022, were as follows:

Fiscal Year		Capital			
Ending June 30,	Serial	Term	Appreciation	Interest	Total
2023	\$915,000	\$0	\$0	\$2,215,963	\$3,130,963
2024	1,155,000	0	0	2,174,562	3,329,562
2025	0	0	647,675	2,708,787	3,356,462
2026	1,205,000	0	0	2,121,338	3,326,338
2027	1,265,000	0	0	2,059,587	3,324,587
2028-2032	7,335,000	0	0	9,258,938	16,593,938
2033-2037	0	8,820,000	0	7,862,337	16,682,337
2038-2042	0	9,835,000	0	6,817,403	16,652,403
2043-2047	0	11,120,000	0	5,507,750	16,627,750
2048-2052	0	12,690,000	0	3,909,581	16,599,581
2053-2057	0	14,565,000	0	1,994,890	16,559,890
2058-2059	0	6,430,000	0	186,157	6,616,157
	\$11,875,000	\$63,460,000	\$647,675	\$46,817,293	\$122,799,968

Note 18 - Fund Balance

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in governmental funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented below.

					Total
			Classroom	Other	Governmental
Fund Balance	General	Building	Facilities	Governmental	Funds
Nonspendable:					
Unclaimed Monies	\$4,938	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$4,938
					(continued)

Note 18 - Fund Balance (continued)

			Classroom	Other	Governmental
Fund Balance	General	Building	Facilities	Governmental	Funds
Restricted for:					
Athletics and Music	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$282,335	\$282,335
Capital Improvements	0	21,635,843	54,450,629	0	76,086,472
Debt Service	0	0	0	905,330	905,330
Food Service					
Operations	0	0	0	447,512	447,512
Network Connectivity	0	0	0	10,800	10,800
Non-Public Schools	0	0	0	32,591	32,591
Regular Instruction	0	0	0	1,000	1,000
School Facilities					
Maintenance	0	0	0	162,141	162,141
Secondary Transition	0	0	0	45,983	45,983
Student Activities	0	0	0	127,134	127,134
Total Restricted	0	21,635,843	54,450,629	2,014,826	78,101,298
Committed to:					
Capital Improvements	0	0	0	952,533	952,533
Future Severance					
Payments	552,357	0	0	0	552,357
Preschool	0	0	0	149	149
Total Committed	552,357	0	0	952,682	1,505,039
Assigned for:					
Educational Activities	175,783	0	0	0	175,783
Staff	17,856	0	0	0	17,856
Unpaid Obligations	1,293,819	0	0	0	1,293,819
Total Assigned	1,487,458	0	0	0	1,487,458
Unassigned	5,813,470	0	0	(1,202,371)	4,611,099
Total Fund Balance	\$7,858,223	\$21,635,843	\$54,450,629	\$1,765,137	\$85,709,832

Note 19 - Interfund

During fiscal year 2022, the General Fund made transfers to other governmental funds, in the amount of \$5,000, to subsidize operations of other governmental funds.

Note 20 - Set Asides

The School District is required by State statute to annually set aside, in the General Fund, an amount based on a statutory formula for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. The amount not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the fiscal year must be held in cash at fiscal year end. This amount must be carried forward and used for the same purpose in future years.

Note 20 - Set Asides (continued)

The following cash basis information identifies the change in the set aside amount for capital improvements during fiscal year 2022.

	Capital
	Improvements
Balance June 30, 2021	\$976,971
Current Year Set Aside Requirement	478,543
Offsets	(1,015,356)
Qualifying Expenditures	(440,158)
Balance June 30, 2022	\$0

Note 21 - Jointly Governed Organization

The School District is a participant in the Northwest Ohio Area Computer Services Cooperative (NOACSC), which is a computer consortium. NOACSC is an association of educational entities within the boundaries of Allen, Auglaize, Hancock, Hardin, Lucas, Mercer, Paulding, Putnam, Seneca, Van Wert, and Wood Counties, and the Cities of St. Marys and Wapakoneta. The organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member educational entities. The governing board of NOACSC consists of two representatives from each county elected by majority vote of all charter member educational entities within each county. During fiscal year 2022, the School District paid \$86,249 to NOACSC for various services. Financial information can be obtained from the Northwest Ohio Area Computer Services Cooperative, 4277 East Road, Elida, Ohio 45807.

Note 22 - Insurance Pools

A. Ohio School Plan

The School District participates in the Ohio School Plan (Plan), an insurance purchasing pool established under Section 2744.081 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Plan is an unincorporated nonprofit association of its members which enables the participants to provide for a formalized joint insurance purchasing program for maintaining adequate insurance protection and provides risk management programs and other administrative services. The Plan's business and affairs are conducted by a fifteen member board consisting of superintendents, treasurers, the president of Harcum-Schuett Insurance Agency, Inc., and a member of the Hylant Group, Inc. The Hylant Group, Inc. is the Plan's administrator and is responsible for processing claims. Harcum-Schuett Insurance Agency serves as the sales and marketing representative which establishes agreements between the Plan and its members. Financial information can be obtained from Harcum-Schuett Insurance Agency, 246 East Sycamore Street, Columbus, Ohio 43206.

Note 22 - Insurance Pools (continued)

B. Ohio School Boards Association (OSBA) Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan

The School District participates in a group rating plan for workers' compensation as established under Section 4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP) was established through the Ohio School Boards Association (OSBA) as an insurance purchasing pool. The GRP's business and affairs are conducted by a three member Board of Directors consisting of the President, the President-Elect, and the Immediate Past President of the OSBA. The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the GRP. Each year, the participants pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

C. Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council Insurance Program

The School District participates in a public entity shared risk pool, the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council Insurance Program (SOEPC) for medical and dental insurance. SOEPC's business and affairs are conducted by an Executive Council of participating school administrators and the director of the SOEPC. Participation in SOEPC is by written application subject to acceptance by the Executive Council and the payment of premiums. The Administrator of SOEPC is Arthur J. Gallagher Risk Management Services which coordinates the management, administration, claims management, and actuarial studies of SOEPC. Insurance premiums are paid to SOEPC. Financial information can be obtained from Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council Insurance Program, 303 Corporate Center Drive, Suite 208, Vandalia, Ohio 45377.

Note 23 - Joint Venture

The School District participates in the Tri-Star Career Compact, a joint venture with eight other school districts. The nine participating school districts comprise a "qualifying partnership" as defined by Ohio Revised Code Section 3318.71. The purpose of the Compact is to establish and maintain a career technical education program in accordance with standards adopted by the State Board of Education.

The joint venture is governed by a board of directors consisting of each superintendent of the nine participating school districts. The board of directors serves at the discretion of the Boards of Education of the participating school districts and is not responsible to serve the electorate in any legal capacity.

In fiscal year 2016, the joint venture issued \$16,999,987 in classroom facilities bonds to acquire classroom facilities. The bonds are a general obligation of the "qualifying partnership". The bonds have an interest rate ranging from 2 percent to 4.2 percent and mature in fiscal year 2032. The bonds will be repaid from the resources of a property tax levied by the qualifying partnership and the qualifying partnership is obligated to pay all debt service on the bonds. If the proceeds of the tax collection are less than anticipated in any particular year resulting in insufficient resources to pay the principal and interest requirements of the bonds, the school districts making up the partnership are obligated to make up the amount of any shortfall.

In addition, each participating school district is required to contribute a service fee and a reserve capital fee for each participating student from their school district and may also incur excess costs for operations of the Tri-Star Career Compact.

Note 23 - Joint Venture (continued)

The joint venture has not currently accumulated significant financial resources nor is the joint venture experiencing fiscal stress that would cause an additional financial benefit to or burden on the participants; however, all participants have an ongoing financial responsibility as outlined above. Financial information may be obtained from the Celina City School District who serves as fiscal agent for the joint venture.

Note 24 - Contingencies

A. Grants

The School District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2022.

B. Litigation

There are currently no matters in litigation with the School District as defendant.

<u>Note 25 - COVID-19</u>

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March of 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Ohio's state of emergency ended in June, 2021 while the national state of emergency ended in May of 2023. During fiscal year 2022, the School District received COVID-19 funding. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing recovery measures will impact subsequent periods of the School District. The impact on the School District's future operating costs, revenues, and additional recovery from funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CELINA CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT MERCER COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

FEDERAL GRANTOR/ PASS THROUGH GRANTOR/ PROGRAM/CLUSTER TITLE	ASSISTANCE LISTING NUMBER	PASS-THROUGH ENTITY IDENTIFYING NUMBER / ADDITIONAL AWARD IDENTIFICATION	TOTAL FEDERAL EXPENDITURES
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			
Passed Through the Ohio Department of Education			
Child Nutrition Cluster School Breakfast Program	10.553	2022	\$ 214,875
COVID-19 - National School Lunch Program - CNP COVID3 EMERGENCY CST	10.555	COVID-19, 2022	4,267
COVID-19 - National School Lunch Program - CN COVID FOOD PRO MANF	10.555	COVID-19, 2022	52,111
National School Lunch Program National School Lunch Program - Food Donation	10.555	2022	1,135,352
Total National School Lunch Program	10.555	2022	85,988 1,277,718
Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program	10.582	2022	11,899
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			1,504,492
COVID-19 - Child and Adult Care Food Program (CACFP) - Emergency Operating Costs-CACFP Centers	10.558	COVID-19, 2022	11,752
Child and Adult Care Food Program (CACFP) - Child Care Meals	10.558	2022	10,186
Child and Adult Care Food Program (CACFP) - Cash-in-Lieu	10.558	2022	3,152
Child and Adult Care Food Program (CACFP) - Child Care Food Program	10.558	2022	63,357
Total Child and Adult Care Food Program (CACFP)			88,447
COVID-19 - State Pandemic Electronic Benefit Transfer (P-EBT) Administrative Costs Grant	10.649	COVID-19, 2022	3,063
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			1,596,002
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Passed Through the Ohio Department of Education			
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010A	84.010A, 2022	429,215
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies - Supplemental School Improvement	84.010A	84.010A, 2021	21,263
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies - Supplemental School Improvement	84.010A	84.010A, 2022	29,173
Total Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies			479,651
Special Education Cluster (IDEA)	04.027.1	04.007 + 2001	150 501
Special Education-Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)	84.027A	84.027A, 2021	170,731
Special Education-Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)	84.027A	84.027A, 2022	607,415
Total Special Education-Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)	04.150.1	041504 0000	778,146
Special Education-Preschool Grants (IDEA Preschool)	84.173A	84.173A, 2022	23,521
Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)			801,667
Tri-Star Career Compact Career and Technical Education Basic Grants to States	84.048A	84.048A, 2021	4,894
Career and Technical Education Basic Grants to States	84.048A 84.048A	84.048A, 2021 84.048A, 2022	117,295
Total Career and Technical Education Basic Grants to States	0101011	01101011,2022	122,189
English Language Acquisition State Grants - Title III - Language Instruction for English Learners	84.365A	84.365A, 2021	9,642
English Language Acquisition State Grants - Title III - Language Instruction for English Learners	84.365A	84.365A, 2022	20,214
Total English Language Acquisition State Grants - Title III			29,856
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367A	84.367A, 2021	15,635
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367A	84.367A, 2022	87,521
Total Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants			103,156
Title IV-A Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424A	84.424A, 2021	21,412
Title IV-A Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424A	84.424A, 2022	23,019
Total Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program			44,431
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER II) Fund	84.425D	COVID-19, 84.425D, 2022	274,371
COVID-19 - American Rescue Plan - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ARP ESSER) Fund	84.425U	COVID-19, 84.425U, 2022	1,107,944
COVID-19 - American Rescue Plan - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ARP ESSER) Fund - Homeless Round II Total Education Stabilization Fund (ESF)	84.425W	COVID-19, 84.425W, 2022	<u>6,796</u> 1,389,111
			2,970,061
Total U.S. Department of Education			2,770,001
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES Direct			
Head Start Cluster	02 (00	COMP 10 050E000122	2 700
COVID-19 - Head Start - Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriations Act (CRSSA) COVID-19 - Head Start - American Rescue Plan Act	93.600 93.600	COVID-19, 05HE000132 COVID-19, 05HE000132	2,790 42,366
Head Start	93.600	05CH011273, 2021	759,421
Head Start	93.600	05CH011273, 2022	933,385
Total Head Start Cluster			1,737,962
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			1,737,962
Total Federal Expenditures			\$ 6,304,025
The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.			

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS 2 CFR 200.510(b)(6) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION & SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the Celina City School District under programs of the federal government for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 and is prepared in accordance with the cash basis of accounting. The information on this Schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Celina City School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, or changes in net position of the Celina City School District. Such expenditures are recognized following cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be limited as to reimbursement.

NOTE 2 – DE MINIMIS COST RATE

CFR Section 200.414 of the Uniform Guidance allows a non-federal entity that has never received a negotiated indirect cost rate to charge a de minimis rate of 10% of modified total direct costs to indirect costs. The Celina City School District has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE 3 – CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

The Celina City School District commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the Celina City School District assumes it expends federal monies first.

NOTE 4 – FOOD DONATION PROGRAM

The Celina City School District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the entitlement value. The Celina City School District allocated donated food commodities to the respective program that benefitted from the use of those donated food commodities.

NOTE 5 – MATCHING REQUIREMENTS

Certain Federal programs require the Celina City School District to contribute non-Federal funds (matching funds) to support the Federally-funded programs. The Celina City School District has met its matching requirements. The Schedule does not include the expenditure of non-Federal matching funds.

NOTE 6 – TRANSFERS BETWEEN PROGRAM YEARS

Federal regulations require schools to obligate certain federal awards by June 30, however, with the Ohio Department of Education's consent, School Districts can transfer unobligated amounts to the subsequent program/fiscal year or a similar program. During fiscal year 2022, the Celina City School District, with the Ohio Department of Education's consent, made the following transfer:

		Grant/Progr	•am Year	
Grant/Program Name	ALN	Transferred From	Transferred To	Amount
Special Education-Preschool Grants (IDEA Preschool)	84.173A	2022	2023	\$ 184



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Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

Celina City School District Mercer County 585 East Livingston Street Celina, Ohio 45822

To the Members of the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Celina City School District, Mercer County, Ohio, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Celina City School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated May 23, 2023, wherein we noted the Celina City School District uses a special purpose framework other than generally accepted accounting principles and restated its beginning balances due to a reevaluation and reclassification of its Tri-Star Compact activity.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Celina City School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Celina City School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Celina City School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements, on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Celina City School District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Celina City School District Mercer County Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Celina City School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings as items 2022-001 and 2022-002.

Celina City School District's Responses to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the Celina City School District's responses to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying corrective action plan. The Celina City School District's responses were not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the responses.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Celina City School District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Celina City School District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Julian & Sube, the.

Julian & Grube, Inc. May 23, 2023



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Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Celina City School District Mercer County 585 East Livingston Street Celina, OH 45822

To the Members of the Board of Education:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Celina City School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Celina City School District's major federal programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The Celina City School District's major federal programs are identified in the Summary of Auditor's Results section of the accompanying schedule of findings.

In our opinion, the Celina City School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance" section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Celina City School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Celina City School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the Celina City School District's federal programs.

Celina City School District Mercer County Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the Celina City School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the Celina City School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the Celina City School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of the Celina City School District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Celina City School District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance" section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Celina City School District Mercer County Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Julian & Sube, the.

Julian & Grube, Inc. May 23, 2023

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS 2 CFR § 200.515 JUNE 30, 2022

	1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS			
(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified		
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No		
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No		
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	Yes		
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any weaknesses in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No		
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No		
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified		
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR §200.516(a)?	No		
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (listed):	Education Stabilization Fund (ALN 84.425); Child Nutrition Cluster		
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A/B Programs	Type A: >\$750,000 Type B: all others		
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee under 2 CFR § 200.520?	No		

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS 2 CFR § 200.515 JUNE 30, 2022

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

Finding Number

2022-001

Noncompliance - Annual Financial Report

Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 provides each public office shall file a financial report for each fiscal year. The Auditor of State may prescribe forms by rule or may issue guidelines, or both, for such reports. If the Auditor of State has not prescribed a rule regarding the form for the report, the public office shall submit its report on the form utilized by the public office. Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 further clarifies the requirements of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38. Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(B) requires the Celina City School District to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).

The Celina City School District prepares its financial statements in accordance with the cash basis of accounting in a report format similar to the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 34, *Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments*. This presentation differs from GAAP. There would be variances on the financial statements between this accounting practice and GAAP that, while presumably material, cannot be reasonably determined at this time.

Failure to prepare proper GAAP financial statements may result in the Celina City School District being fined or other administrative remedies.

The District should prepare its financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).

Finding Number 2022-002	
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Noncompliance – Expenditures in Excess of Appropriations

Ohio Revised Code Sections 5705.41(B) and 5705.40 state that no subdivision is to expend money unless it has been appropriated and outlines the requirements for amending and supplementing appropriations, respectively. The latter section states that any amendments to an appropriation measure be made by Board of Education resolution and comply with the same provisions of the law as used in making the original appropriations.

The School District had expenditures in excess of appropriations in twelve funds in varying amounts at year end, and thus did not properly modify its appropriations throughout the year. Further appropriation amendments were posted to the accounting system without the approval of the Board of Education via a resolution which resulted in expenditures plus current year encumbrances exceeding appropriations.

With expenditures exceeding appropriations the School District is expending monies that have not been appropriated and approved by the Board of Education. This may result in unnecessary purchases or overspending which may lead to a fund deficit. Additionally, by not timely and properly modifying the School District's appropriations, the School District is not adequately monitoring appropriations versus disbursements within the accounting system.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS 2 CFR § 200.515 JUNE 30, 2022

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS – (Continued)

Finding Number

2022-002

We recommend the School District comply with Ohio Revised Code and Auditor of State Bulletin 97-010 by having all appropriation amendments approved by the Board via resolution, and verifying system appropriations are supported by properly approved Board of Education resolutions.

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None

Celina City Schools

585 E. Livingston Street Celina, OH 45822 419-586-8300 Ext. 1000 FAX 419-586-7046 www.celinaschools.org



DR. KEN SCHMIESING, Superintendent MICHELLE MAWER, Treasurer VAUGHN RAY, Curriculum Dir. TRACEY DAMMEYER, Special Education Dir. PHIL METZ, Facilities Director

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS 2 CFR § 200.511(b) JUNE 30, 2022

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Fully Corrected?	Not Corrected, Partially Corrected; Significantly Different Corrective Action Taken; or Finding No Longer Valid
2021-001	<u>Noncompliance</u> - Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code 117-2-03(B) – The School District did not file annual financial reports in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP).	No	Repeated as Finding 2022-001

Celina City Schools

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DR. KEN SCHMIESING, Superintendent MICHELLE MAWER, Treasurer VAUGHN RAY, Curriculum Dir. TRACEY DAMMEYER, Special Education Dir. PHIL METZ, Facilities Director

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN 2 CFR § 200.511(c) June 30, 2022

Finding Number	Planned Corrective Action	Anticipated Completion Date	Responsible Contact Person
2022-001	No Corrective Action Plan – The School District believes that the filing of OCBOA financial statements is adequate and the cost effectiveness outweighs the filing of GAAP financial statements	N/A	Michelle Mawer, Treasurer
2022-002	The School District will monitor the budget on a continual basis and make modifications as necessary to ensure expenditures do not exceed appropriations and follow up on requested amended certificates when submitted to the County Auditor but not returned.	Fiscal Year 2023	Michelle Mawer, Treasurer

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CELINA CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

MERCER COUNTY

AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 8/22/2023

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370