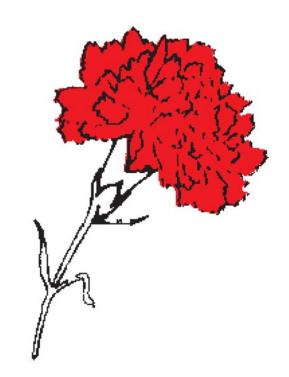
City of Alliance, Ohio "The Carnation City"



Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022



88 East Broad Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 IPAReport@ohioauditor.gov (800) 282-0370

City Council City of Alliance 504 E. Main St. Alliance, OH 44601

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the City of Alliance, Stark County, prepared by Julian & Grube, Inc., for the audit period January 1, 2022 through December 31, 2022. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The City of Alliance is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

September 06, 2023



CITY OF ALLIANCE, OHIO ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022
KEVIN KNOWLES CITY AUDITOR
PREPARED BY THE CITY AUDITOR'S OFFICE

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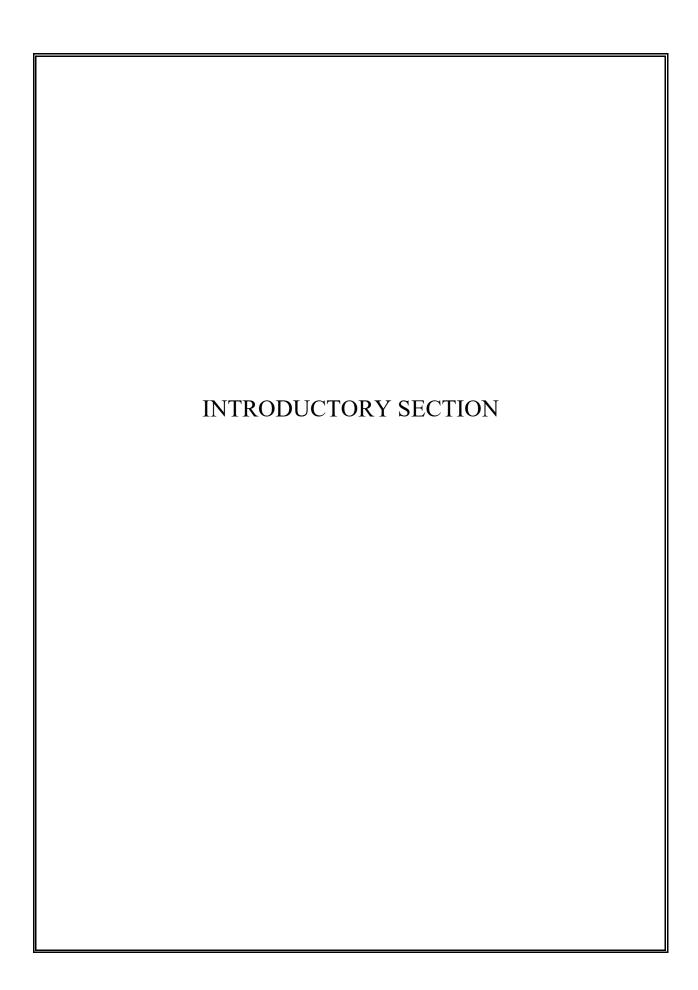
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504 East Main Street · Suite 110

Phone 330-823-5900 Fax 330-829-2243 e-mail:auditor@neo.rr.com Web Page: www.citvofalliance.com

June 21, 2023

Honorable Citizens of Alliance and Members of City Council Alliance, Ohio 44601

Transmittal Letter

The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report of the City of Alliance, Ohio (the "City") is hereby presented. This report represents the official report of the City of Alliance's operations and financial position for the year ended December 31, 2022 and has been developed to accurately detail the status of City finances to Alliance residents and elected officials, investment banks, underwriters and all other interested parties. This report includes the City's implementation of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as set forth by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the City. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial activities have been included.

Accounting Principles Generally Accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of a Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City of Alliance's MD&A can be found immediately following the Independent Auditors' Report.

Reporting Entity

The City has reviewed its reporting entity definition in order to ensure conformance with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement (GASB) No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units" and GASB Statement No. 61, "The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34". In evaluating how to define the City for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all agencies, departments and organizations making up the City of Alliance (the primary government) and its potential component units. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the City. For the City of Alliance, this includes the departments and agencies that provide the following services: police and fire protection, parks and recreation, planning, zoning, street maintenance and repair, municipal court and general administrative services. The Alliance City Health Department is a component unit of the City.

The City of Alliance

The City of Alliance is located primarily in the northeastern portion of Stark County, with a small area in the southwestern portion of Mahoning County, in Northeastern Ohio on the headwaters of the Mahoning River. The City is approximately 18 miles northeast of Canton, the Stark County seat, approximately 55 miles southeast of Cleveland and approximately 79 miles northwest of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania. It was incorporated as a village in 1854 and became a city in 1889.

The City is in the Canton Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA), comprised of the Ohio counties of Carroll and Stark, which is the 128th largest of 366 MSA's in the United States (based on the 2010 census). The City's population of 21,672 placed it as the third largest city in the County. The City's area is 8.677 square miles, of which approximately 8.6 square miles are located in Stark County and .077 square miles are located in Mahoning County.

The City is served by diversified transportation facilities, including five State and U.S. highways, which provide easy access to Interstate Highways 76, 77, and 80 (the Ohio Turnpike). It is adjacent to areas served by Norfolk-Southern Corp., and Amtrak, which provides freight and passenger rail services through a station located in the City. Passenger air service is available at the Akron-Canton Regional Airport located 25 miles west of the City, the Youngstown/Warren Regional Municipal Airport located 35 miles northeast of the City and Cleveland Hopkins International Airport located 55 miles northwest of the City.

Public Transportation is provided by Stark Area Regional Transit Authority (SARTA) which offers fixed route and curb service within and between the cities of Stark County.

The City is provided with banking and financial services by six commercial banks and banking associations operating a total of eight offices within the City (each with principal offices located elsewhere) and five credit unions.

One daily newspaper serves the City. The City is within the broadcast area of numerous television stations and AM and FM radio stations. Time Warner Cable and AT&T provide multi-channel cable TV service.

The University of Mount Union, a private four-year university with a total enrollment of approximately 2,200 students, is located in the City. Stark State College operates a satellite center within the City. In addition, within commuting distance are several public and private two-year and four-year colleges and universities, including the University of Akron, Kent State University, Northeastern Ohio College of Medicine located in Rootstown Township, Portage County, Walsh University located in the City of North Canton, Stark County, Malone College located in the City of Canton, Stark County, and Stark State College of Technology located in Jackson Township, Stark County.

The City is served by Alliance Community Hospital (ACH), a 204-bed non-profit hospital founded in 1901. Another 78-nursing home/transitional care beds are found in the attached, long-term care facility, Community Care Center. ACH is fully accredited by the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Health care Organizations (JCAHO) and offers a quality medical staff of more than 150 active and covering physicians.

Various recreational and cultural facilities are immediately available to City residents. The City operates a park system of 13 parks and parklands encompassing 190 acres with facilities that include tennis courts, baseball diamonds, basketball and volleyball courts and soccer fields. The City has a city owned pool at the Robertson Community Center.

In addition, 2,700 acres of recreational areas including lakes, reservoirs, trails and parks are located in the surrounding areas.

"Carnation Days", an annual festival, is celebrated throughout the City for ten days each August. Activities include a festival pageant, parade, concessions and games, musical events, and arts and crafts.

A Senior Citizens Center is located in the City. It offers a multitude of services and social activities for people over sixty and retirees of the community.

The City is also home to the "Carnation City Players" that produces and presents theatrical productions in the Firehouse Theater several times each season.

Water service within the City is provided by the City's water system and is purchased directly by consumers. Sewage collection and disposal is handled by the City's sewage system. Through the City's electric aggregation, First Energy (formerly the Ohio Edison Company) provides electricity and through the City's gas aggregation, natural gas is provided by Columbia Gas of Ohio, Inc. The local provider of telephone service is AT&T.

City Government

The City operates under and is governed by the mayor-council form of government in accordance with general laws. Under the Ohio Constitution, the City may exercise all powers of local self-government, and police powers to the extent not in conflict with applicable general laws.

Legislative authority is vested in a seven-member Council, of whom three are elected at-large and four are elected from wards, for two-year terms. The Council fixes compensation of City officials and employees and enacts ordinances and resolutions relating to City services, tax levies, appropriating and borrowing money, licensing and regulating businesses and trades, and other municipal purposes. The presiding officer is the President, who is elected by the voters for a two-year term.

The City's chief executive and administrative officer is the Mayor, who is elected by the voters specifically to that office for a four-year term. The other elected officials are the City Auditor, the City Treasurer, and the City Director of Law, each elected to a four-year term, and the Clerk of Courts and Judge, each elected to a six-year term.

The Mayor appoints the directors of City departments. The major appointed official is the Director of Public Service and Safety. The Mayor also appoints members to a number of boards and commissions, and appoints and removes, in accordance with civil service requirements, all appointed officers and employees, except Council officers and employees and the City Income Tax Administrator who is appointed by the City Auditor. The Mayor may veto any legislation passed by the Council. A veto may be overridden by a two-thirds vote of all members of the Council.

Financial Matters

The City's fiscal year corresponds with the calendar year. The main sources of City revenue have been from property and income taxes, charges for services, and State distributions. The responsibilities for the major functions of the City are divided among the Mayor, the City Auditor and the Council.

The City Auditor is the City's fiscal and chief accounting officer. Among his duties are to keep the books and accurate statements of all moneys received and expended and of all taxes and assessments; at the end of each fiscal year, or more often if requested by the Council, to examine all accounts of City officers and departments and not to allow the amount set aside for any appropriation to be overdrawn, or the amount appropriated for any one item to be drawn upon for any other purpose, or a voucher to be paid unless sufficient funds are in the City treasury to the credit of the fund on which the voucher is drawn. The City Treasurer is responsible for receiving, maintaining custody of and disbursing all City funds.

Investments and deposits of City funds are governed by the Uniform Depository Law (Chapter 135 of the Ohio Revised Code) applicable to all subdivisions. An investment board, comprised of the Mayor, the City Auditor, the Law Director, the Treasurer and a member of the business community, is responsible for those investments and deposits. Under recent and current practices, investments are made primarily in federal agency securities, U.S. Government money market mutual funds, commercial paper, Negotiable Certificates of Deposit (CD's), Municipal Bonds, U.S. Treasury Notes, and STAR Ohio (State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio), an investment pool for all Ohio political subdivisions, under the custody and management of the Treasurer of the State of Ohio. Investments in 2022 consist of STAR Ohio and a portfolio of investments through Meeder Investment Management.

Other important financial functions include general financial recommendations and planning by the Mayor; budget preparation by the Mayor with assistance of the City Auditor; and express approval of appropriations by the Council. For property taxation purposes, assessment of real property is performed by the Stark and Mahoning County Auditors, subject to supervision by the State Tax Commissioner, and assessment of public utility and tangible personal property is performed by the State Tax Commissioner. Property taxes and assessments are billed and collected by county officials in Stark and Mahoning Counties.

Economic Conditions and Financial Outlook

The City of Alliance, like many local government entities are dealing with revenue reductions, due to the elimination and decline of various sources, including the State of Ohio Estate Tax, Local Government Funding as well as the phase-out of payments made by the State to local governments for revenues once collected on tangible personal property and certain types of electricity generation. The combined effects of these losses along with increased costs, such as employee healthcare, wages and benefits, have been factors in the decline.

Prior to 2019, the City experienced a steady decline in its general fund cash balance, in part due to a structural deficit as expenses have consistently exceeded revenues. The general fund balance cash shrunk from a high of \$3.9 million in 2011 to a cash carryover of \$445,233 at December 31, 2018. This has rebounded in the past three years and the cash carryover at December 31, 2021 was \$2,346,903. At December 31, 2022 this amount increased to \$3,773,448. In 2017 Moody's downgraded the City's rating on its outstanding general obligation debt from A1 to A2. This came after downgrading the City from Aa3 to A1 in 2015. The City's finances were boosted in 2020 by utilizing \$1.2 million dollars of CARES Act funds towards payroll.

The City has attempted to reduce expenditures by attrition and incorporating part-time staff in virtually all departments. The City has incorporated modifications to its self-funded health care program which includes a wellness component, increased employee contributions, and spousal carveout with all bargaining units.

The Income Tax Department has increased collection efforts pursuing back taxes via civil and criminal court action. The City has also partnered with the Cleveland Income Tax Agency to pursue individuals that have not filed City income tax. The Tax Department also began certifying delinquent tax account to the Ohio Attorney General's office. The City's income tax collections are still feeling the effects due to the idling of Alliance Castings, the City's 4th largest employer in terms of withholding.

The City was placed in Fiscal Caution by the Auditor of State of Ohio based on low carryover balances especially in the General Fund. The State later elevated the City to Fiscal Watch due to City Council not approving a required recovery plan in the required timeframe.

Long-Term Financial Planning

The City will continue pursuing opportunities for development and economic growth through annexations, Tax Increment Financing (TIF), Cooperative Economic Development Areas (CEDA) and Joint Economic Development Districts (JEDD). The City's Planning and Development Department looks to provide assistance to local businesses through its Urban Development Action Grant (UDAG) program. The combination of these efforts target improving the City's tax base. The City will continue employing innovative and creative measures to reduce expenses to counter declining revenues.

City of Alliance recognized for Excellence in Financial Reporting

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) recognized the City of Alliance for its 2021 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. The City's report was honored after an impartial panel judged it to meet the high standards of the program, including demonstrating a constructive "spirit of full disclosure" to clearly communicate its accurate financial story and motivate potential users and user groups to read the report.

Major Initiatives

Expansion, attracting new business and maintaining the City's infrastructure remain an ongoing commitment. In an effort to continue to provide cost effective, quality services the City continues with the maintenance of sanitary sewers, water improvements, storm water improvements, road paving projects, and general infrastructure improvements.

American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) Funds

The City received a total of \$15.87 million of American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) funds in 2021-2022. Early uses included paving and capital expenses.

- Responding to the public health and negative economic impacts of the pandemic
- Providing premium pay to essential workers
- Providing government services to the extent of revenue loss due to the pandemic
- Making necessary investments in water, sewer, and broadband infrastructure

ODNR Parks Grant

The City received \$250,000.00 in grant funding to be used to for upgrades to the City Skate Park and to repurpose a maintenance building into a rentable facility for the public. Work is scheduled to be completed in 2023.

Meijer's coming to Alliance

Groundbreaking began on a new Meijer Superstore at the former Carnation Mall site. It is estimated to open mid-2024. Developers estimate between 250 and 270 full time equivalent jobs.

Lead Line Replacement

The City has obtained two \$1 million dollar grants to assist residents in replacing lead service lines. The program is available to residents to replace the section from the curb stop into the house at no cost.

Phase 1 Improvements to Wastewater Treatment Plant

The project involves replacing certain existing treatment units and an expansion to the secondary treatment system capacity of the plant to match the capacity of the primary treatment system. The work includes improvements to the RAS system, flow splitting and conveyance. The project includes expanding the capacity of the disinfection facility to match the new peak flow capacity of 32 MGD. Estimated cost of 14 million with funding through OPWC grant and a OWDA loan.

Contract Negotiations

All agreements for the 13 various unions representing City employees are all under contract with the exception of the FOP Police Supervisors.

Financial Information

The City's accounting system is organized on a "fund basis" in which each fund is a distinct self-balancing accounting entity. The City's day-to-day accounting and budgetary records are maintained on a basis other than GAAP. For financial reporting purposes, the accounting records are converted to the modified and full accrual basis for all applicable funds. On the modified accrual basis, revenues are recognized when measurable and available, and expenditures are recognized when measurable and incurred. The basis of accounting and presentation of the various funds utilized by the City are fully described in Note 2 of the basic financial statements.

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources and the appropriation ordinance; all are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources and the appropriations ordinance are subject to amendment throughout the year with the legal restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources, as certified. All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The legal level of budgetary control is at the fund level for all funds with salaries and wages appropriated separately by department. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by resolution of the City Council.

The City's fully automated financial system also maintains budgetary control through its purchase order/encumbrance feature. The purchase order, required before making purchases, creates the encumbrance against the current budget. Purchase orders which result in an overrun of budget are not released until additional appropriations are made available through Council ordinance. This procedure is followed when money is available to allow an increase in appropriations. If no money is available, the purchase is canceled.

The City Auditor continually monitors the encumbrances and expenditures against the budget appropriations and against the County Auditor's certificate of estimated resources. Using the budget prepared by the City the preceding July and including the carry over balances less carry over encumbrances at year end, the County Auditor arrives at and issues the certificate of estimated resources for the City. Ohio Law prohibits total fund appropriations from exceeding the amounts by fund on the County Auditor's Certificate.

Internal Accounting and Reporting Control

As part of its continuing commitment to excellence in financial reporting, the City utilizes a computerized financial accounting and reporting system. Enhancements to the present internal accounting controls and procedures are continually evaluated by the City Auditor. The City Auditor oversees the appropriateness of internal control, develops procedures to enhance internal control and consults with outside auditors to ensure that the City remains at a sound financial level of operation.

The City has built internal accounting controls into its financial accounting, budgeting and reporting system to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance regarding (1) the safeguarding of assets against loss resulting from unauthorized use or disposition; and (2) the reliability of financial records for preparing financial statements and maintaining accountability for assets. The internal accounting controls built into the City's system were developed using the concept of reasonable assurance. This concept recognizes that the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived from its implementation, and that the evaluation of costs and benefits should require estimates and judgments by management. We believe that the City's internal accounting controls adequately safeguard the City's assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording and reporting of financial transactions.

Awards

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States of America and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Alliance, Ohio for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the year ended December 31, 2021. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of State and local government financial reports.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Annual Comprehensive Financial Report, whose contents conform to program standards. Such a report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. The City of Alliance, Ohio has received a Certificate of Achievement for the last twenty-two consecutive years (1999-2021). We believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement program requirements and are submitting it to the GFOA.

Independent Audit

The firm of Julian & Grube, Inc., has audited the basic financial statements of the City, and the Auditor's Report is included herein. In addition to the financial audit, a single audit was performed as required by the Single Audit Act Amendment of 1996 and the provisions of Uniform Guidance, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. The single audit report is not included in this Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

Acknowledgments

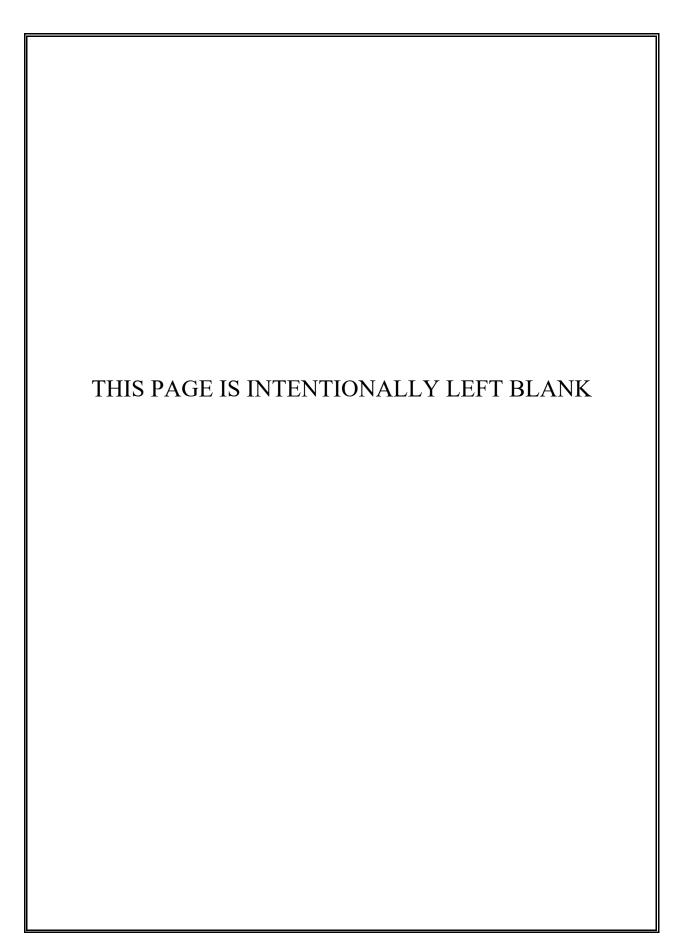
I would like to express my sincerest gratitude to the dedicated staff of the City of Alliance Auditor's office for their effort in the compilation of this report, as well as their continued commitment to providing the City of Alliance with accurate fiscal reporting. I would like to recognize the Administration, City Council, and all departments of the City of Alliance for their cooperation throughout this process.

Also, the City would like to express its appreciation to Julian & Grube, Inc., for their assistance with the preparation of this Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

Respectfully Submitted,

Kenn D Knowles

Kevin G. Knowles City Auditor



City Officials December 31, 2022

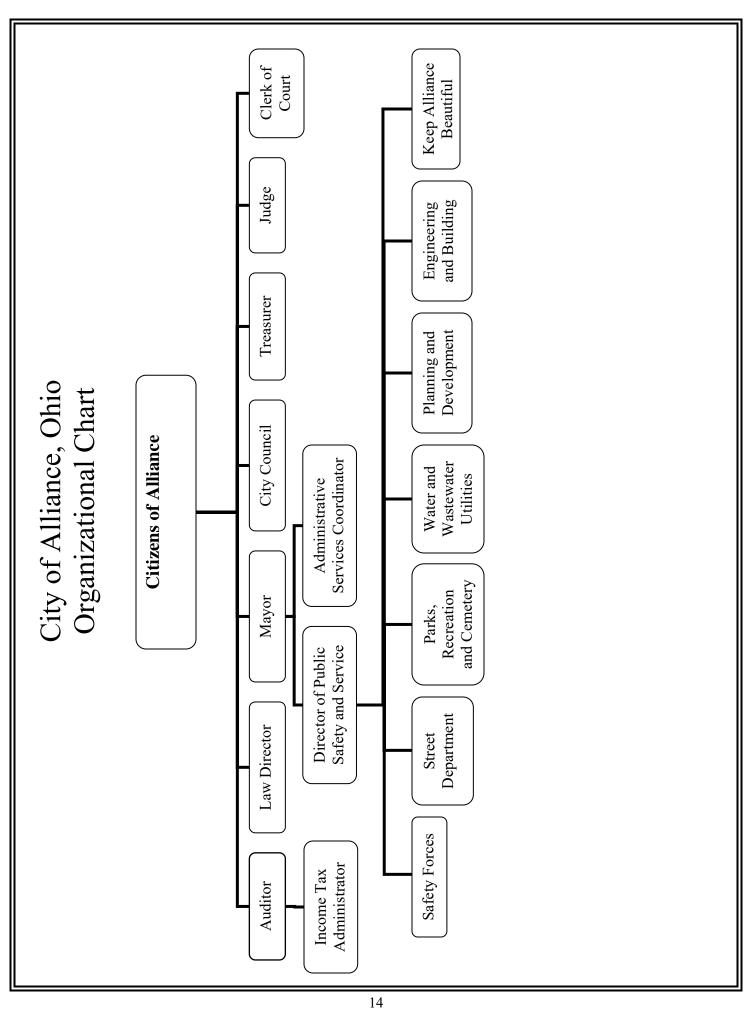
Mayor Alan Andreani President of Council Art Garnes Councilman - Ward I Sheila K. Cherry Councilman - Ward II Cindy King Councilman - Ward III Dr. Edward Lohnes Councilman - Ward IV Jim Edwards Andrew Grove Council-at-Large Council-at-Large Kris Bugara Council-at-Large Phillip Mastroianni Clerk of Council Gerald T. Yost Law Director Caity Weyer Judge Andrew Zumbar Clerk of Court Mary Anne Carper Civil Service Joyce Lamb, W. John Gross, Renee Young

Finance

Auditor Kevin Knowles
Treasurer Dennis Clunk
Income Tax Administrator David Brown

Public Safety and Service

Director of Public Safety and Service Michael Dreger Fire Chief Jason Hunt Police Chief Scott Griffith Director of Parks, Cemetery and Public Lands Kimberly Cox Water Plant Amy Elliot Wastewater Plant Kim Laquatra Water and Wastewater Distribution **Doug Hastings Utility Billing and Collection** Angie Weir Health and Human Services Randy Flint Planning and Development Joe Mazzola Senior Citizens Center Helen Miller Street Department John Bertolini Vince Mueser Engineering





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Alliance Ohio

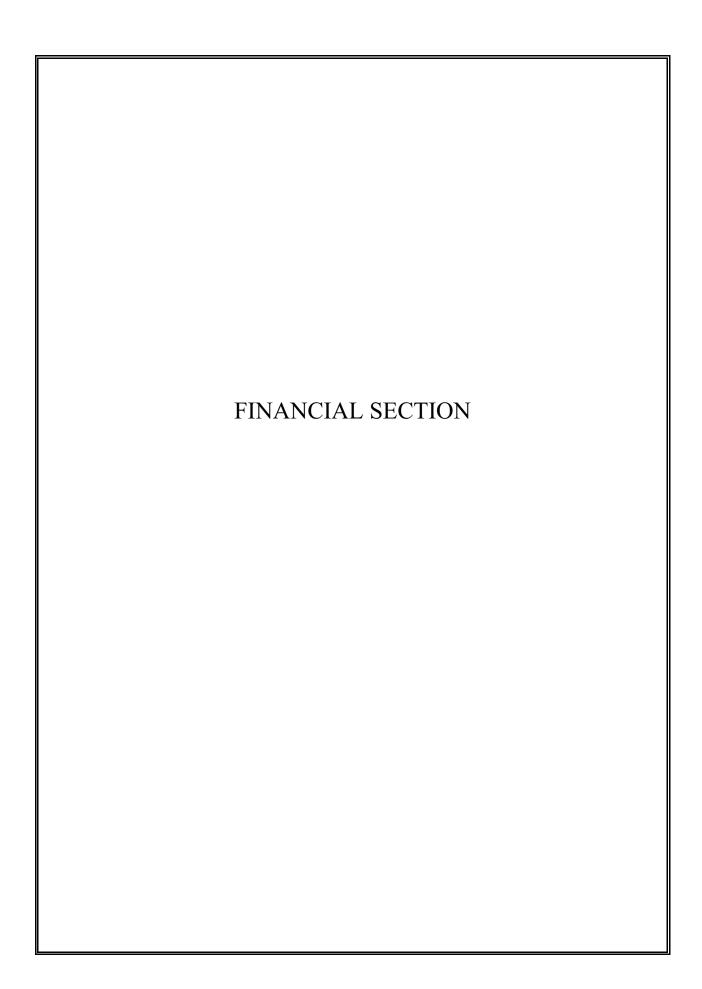
For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2021

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

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333 County Line Road, West Westerville, OH 43082 614-846-1899

jginc.biz

Independent Auditor's Report

City of Alliance Stark County 504 East Main Street Alliance, Ohio 44601

To the Members of the City Council and Mayor:

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Alliance, Stark County, Ohio, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Alliance's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Alliance, as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and the Local Fiscal Recovery Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City of Alliance and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

City of Alliance Stark County Independent Auditor's Report

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with GAAP, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Alliance's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Alliance's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Alliance's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

City of Alliance Stark County Independent Auditor's Report

Required Supplementary Information

GAAP requires that the management's discussion and analysis, schedules of net pension and other postemployment benefit assets and liabilities and pension and other postemployment benefit contributions listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Alliance's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual financial report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

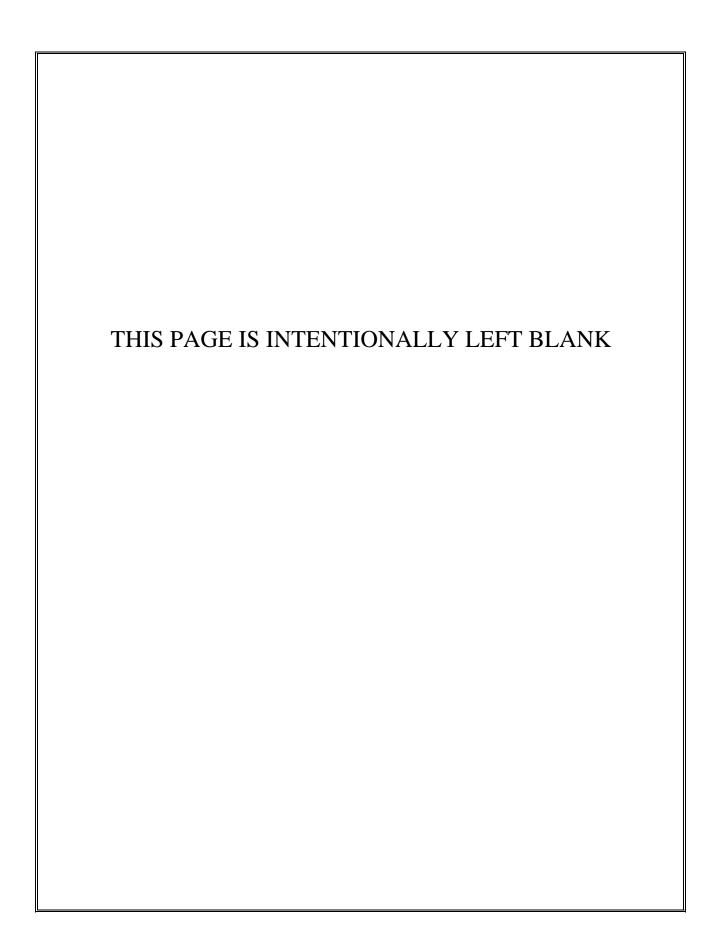
Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated June 21, 2023 on our consideration of the City of Alliance's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Alliance's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the City of Alliance's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Julian & Grube, Inc.

Julian & Sube, the.

June 21, 2023



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

The management's discussion and analysis of the City of Alliance's (the "City") financial performance provides an overall review of the City's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2022. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the City's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the City's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2022 are as follows:

- The total net position of the City increased \$8,515,561. Net position of governmental activities increased \$5,611,232 or 37.75% and net position of business-type activities increased \$2,904,329 or 8.84%.
- ➤ General revenues accounted for \$15,953,997 or 70.28% of total governmental activities revenue. Program specific revenues accounted for \$6,746,062 or 29.72% of total governmental activities revenue.
- ➤ The City had \$17,088,827 in expenses related to governmental activities; \$6,746,062 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. The remaining expenses of the governmental activities of \$10,342,765 were offset by general revenues (primarily property taxes, income taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements) of \$15,953,997.
- The general fund had revenues of \$13,215,225 in 2022. This represents an increase of \$868,128 from 2021. The expenditures and other financing uses of the general fund, which totaled \$13,102,566 in 2022, decreased \$496,392 from 2021. The net increase in fund balance for the general fund was \$112,659 or 2.83%.
- The local fiscal recovery major fund had \$2,132,488 in revenues and \$2,132,488 in expenditures in 2022.
- The capital improvements major fund had \$1,935,134 in revenues and \$2,250,669 in expenditures in 2022. The net decrease in fund balance for the capital improvements fund was \$315,535 or 17.06%.
- Net position for the business-type activities, which are made up of the water, sewer, community center, and community improvement funds, increased \$2,904,329 from a net position balance of \$32,849,695 in 2021 to a net position balance of \$35,754,024 in 2022.
- The water fund had \$5,758,653 in operating revenues and \$4,953,133 in operating expenses in 2022. The water fund also had non-operating revenues of \$1,124,970 and non-operating expenses of \$20,215. The net position of the water fund increased \$1,910,275 or 10.66%.
- The sewer fund had \$4,845,801 in operating revenues and \$3,994,062 in operating expenses in 2022. The sewer fund also had non-operating revenues of \$87,449 and non-operating expenses of \$37,612. The net position of the sewer fund increased \$901,576 or 6.21%.

Using this Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the City as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The statement of net position and statement of activities provide information about the activities of the whole City, presenting both an aggregate view of the City's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the City's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

Reporting the City as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains a large number of funds used by the City to provide programs and activities, the view of the City as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2022?" The statement of net position and the statement of activities answer this question. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows, using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the City's net position and changes in net position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the City as a whole, the financial position of the City has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the City's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required community programs and other factors.

In the statement of net position and the statement of activities, the City is divided into two distinct kinds of activities:

Governmental Activities - Most of the City's programs and services are reported here including police, fire, street and highway maintenance, HUD program operations, community and economic development and general administration. These services are funded primarily by property and income taxes and intergovernmental revenues including federal and state grants and other shared revenues.

Business-Type Activities - These services are provided on a charge for goods or services basis to recover all or a significant portion of the expenses of the goods or services provided. The City's water, sewer, community center, and community improvement funds are reported here.

Reporting the City's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the City's major funds. The City uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the City's most significant funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of the governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

The City maintains a multitude of individual governmental funds. The City has segregated these funds into major and nonmajor funds. The City's major governmental funds are the general fund, the local fiscal recovery fund and the capital improvements fund. Information for major funds is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation.

Proprietary Funds

The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its water, sewer, community center, and community improvement funds. The City reports the water and sewer funds as major enterprise funds. These major funds are presented separately in the proprietary fund financial statements. The internal service fund is an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The internal service fund is used to account for a self-insurance program for medical and dental benefits.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the City. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. Custodial funds are the City's only fiduciary fund type.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City's net pension liability/asset and net OPEB liability/asset.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

The statement of net position provides the perspective of the City as a whole. The 2021 amounts were restated in the table below due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 87 (see Note 3.A. for detail). The table below provides a summary of the City's net position at December 31, 2022 compared to December 31, 2021.

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	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total		
	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	2022	<u>2021</u>	
<u>Assets</u>							
Current assets	\$ 35,824,815	\$ 28,299,465	\$ 16,167,652	\$ 15,412,204	+ -))	\$ 43,711,669	
Capital assets, net	22,884,991	20,249,567	36,756,966	32,562,978	59,641,957	52,812,545	
Total assets	58,709,806	48,549,032	52,924,618	47,975,182	111,634,424	96,524,214	
Deferred outflows of resources							
Pension	4,500,546	2,297,195	743,807	416,054	5,244,353	2,713,249	
OPEB	1,103,283	1,390,758	8,055	173,751	1,111,338	1,564,509	
Total deferred							
outflows of resources	5,603,829	3,687,953	751,862	589,805	6,355,691	4,277,758	
Liabilities							
Current liabilities	14,919,578	8,644,469	858,175	679,549	15,777,753	9,324,018	
Long-term liabilities:							
Due within one year	826,746	828,295	617,935	871,542	1,444,681	1,699,837	
Net pension liability	13,502,225	15,824,063	1,627,925	2,738,429	15,130,150	18,562,492	
Net OPEB liability	2,026,742	1,935,985	-	-	2,026,742	1,935,985	
Other amounts	2,189,582	2,309,695	12,191,939	9,107,265	14,381,521	11,416,960	
Total liabilities	33,464,873	29,542,507	15,295,974	13,396,785	48,760,847	42,939,292	
Deferred inflows of resources							
Property taxes	2,018,354	2,010,030	-	-	2,018,354	2,010,030	
Leases	19,424	38,848	-	-	19,424	38,848	
Pension	6,709,417	3,546,674	2,017,775	1,277,341	8,727,192	4,824,015	
OPEB	1,624,767	2,233,358	608,707	1,041,166	2,233,474	3,274,524	
Total deferred							
inflows of resources	10,371,962	7,828,910	2,626,482	2,318,507	12,998,444	10,147,417	
Net Position							
Net investment in capital assets	22,097,589	19,889,769	24,552,475	23,264,663	46,650,064	43,154,432	
Restricted	6,259,760	5,212,905	1,637,978	1,939,734	7,897,738	7,152,639	
Unrestricted (deficit)	(7,880,549)	(10,237,106)	9,563,571	7,645,298	1,683,022	(2,591,808)	
Total net position	\$ 20,476,800	\$ 14,865,568	\$ 35,754,024	\$ 32,849,695	\$ 56,230,824	\$ 47,715,263	

The net pension liability/asset is reported pursuant to Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an Amendment of GASB Statement 27." The net other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liability/asset is reported pursuant to GASB Statement 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions." For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the City's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and OPEB, the net pension asset and the net OPEB liability to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB, the net pension asset and the net OPEB asset.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

Governmental Accounting Standards Board standards are national and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Prior accounting for pensions (GASB 27) and postemployment benefits (GASB 45) focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension and OPEB costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's net pension liability/asset or net OPEB liability/asset. GASB 68 and GASB 75 take an earnings approach to pension and OPEB accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension/OPEB plans and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

GASB 68 and GASB 75 require the net pension liability/asset and the net OPEB liability/asset to equal the City's proportionate share of each plan's collective:

- 1. Present value of estimated future pension/OPEB benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service.
- 2. Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits.

GASB notes that pension and OPEB obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" – that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension and other postemployment benefits. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the City is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of these liabilities. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer's promise is limited not by contract but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the retirement system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension/OPEB plan *as against the public employer*. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. The retirement system is responsible for the administration of the pension and OPEB plans.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability or the net OPEB liability. As explained above, changes in benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of these liabilities but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability are satisfied, these liabilities are separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

In accordance with GASB 68 and GASB 75, the City's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense and an annual OPEB expense for their proportionate share of each plan's *change* in net pension liability/asset and net OPEB liability/asset, respectively, not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows.

As a result of implementing GASB 75, the City is reporting a net OPEB liability/asset and deferred inflows/outflows of resources related to OPEB on the accrual basis of accounting.

Over time, net position can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At December 31, 2022, the City's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$56,230,824. At year-end, net position for governmental activities was a balance of \$20,476,800 and net position for business-type activities was a balance of \$35,754,024.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

The net pension liability/asset and net OPEB liability/asset, as well as the deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to pension and OPEB fluctuated considerably. These liabilities represent the City's share of the two state retirement systems' present value of estimated future pension benefits less the assets available to pay those benefits. This will fluctuate annually based on a number of factors including investment returns, actuarial assumptions used, and the City's proportionate share of the net pension and net OPEB cost. As a result many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the City's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and OPEB, the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability to the reported net position and subtracting the net pension asset, the net OPEB asset and deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB. The result would be net position at December 31, 2022 of \$37,970,408 for governmental activities and \$38,617,420 for business-type activities.

Other than pensions and OPEB, significant changes for governmental activities include an increase in current assets, which is mostly due to higher cash balances, increased income taxes receivable, accounts receivable and special assessments receivable. Net capital assets increased as current year additions exceeded depreciation expense. Current liabilities increased due to unearned revenue related to the local fiscal recovery fund.

The business-type activities also had an increase in current assets mainly due to an increase in accounts and intergovernmental receivable. The increase in net capital assets is primarily due to the continued construction of the Phase I wastewater improvements. Current liabilities for the business-type activities increased due higher accrued wages and accounts payable. Long-term liabilities (other than pension and OPEB) increased as a new OWDA loan was issued during 2022.

Capital assets reported on the government-wide statements represent the largest portion of the City's assets. At December 31, 2022, capital assets represented 53.43% of total assets. Capital assets include land, easements and right of ways, construction in progress (CIP), land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture, fixtures and equipment, vehicles, infrastructure and intangible right to use assets. Net investment in capital assets at December 31, 2022, was \$22,097,589 and \$24,552,475 in the governmental activities and business-type activities, respectively. These capital assets are used to provide services to citizens and are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A portion of the City's governmental net position, \$6,259,760, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. In the governmental activities, the remaining balance of unrestricted net position is a deficit of \$7,880,549.

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

The table below shows the changes in net position for 2021 and 2022.

Change in Net Position

	Governmental Activities 2022	Governmental Activities 2021	Business-type Activities 2022	Business-type Activities 2021	Total 2022	Total 2021
Revenues:	-					
Program revenues:						
Charges for services and sales	\$ 1,506,486	\$ 1,386,933	\$ 12,118,307	\$ 11,737,297	\$ 13,624,793	\$ 13,124,230
Operating grants and contributions	4,296,131	2,830,709	-	-	4,296,131	2,830,709
Capital grants and contributions	943,445	802,751			943,445	802,751
Total program revenues	6,746,062	5,020,393	12,118,307	11,737,297	18,864,369	16,757,690
General revenues:						
Property taxes	2,174,212	1,987,158	-	-	2,174,212	1,987,158
Income taxes	13,490,189	11,613,495	538,160	459,654	14,028,349	12,073,149
Unrestricted grants	854,146	881,192	497,778	-	1,351,924	881,192
Investment earnings	161,955	34,639	176,481	116,218	338,436	150,857
Fair value adjustment	(1,623,203)	(350,628)	-	-	(1,623,203)	(350,628)
Miscellaneous	896,698	806,627			896,698	806,627
Total general revenues	15,953,997	14,972,483	1,212,419	575,872	17,166,416	15,548,355
Total revenues	22,700,059	19,992,876	13,330,726	12,313,169	36,030,785	32,306,045
Expenses:						
General government	3,349,511	1,930,292	-	-	3,349,511	1,930,292
Security of persons and property	9,296,692	8,455,029	-	-	9,296,692	8,455,029
Public health services	626,899	530,164	-	-	626,899	530,164
Transportation	2,115,308	2,191,524	-	-	2,115,308	2,191,524
Community environment	701,128	1,137,043	-	-	701,128	1,137,043
Basic utility services	40,661	34,356	-	-	40,661	34,356
Leisure time activities	946,390	455,427	-	-	946,390	455,427
Interest and fiscal charges	12,238	12,715	-	-	12,238	12,715
Water	-	-	5,004,734	4,126,886	5,004,734	4,126,886
Sewer	-	-	4,072,982	3,264,203	4,072,982	3,264,203
Robertson Community Center	-	-	61,370	39,488	61,370	39,488
Community Improvement			1,287,311	1,359,907	1,287,311	1,359,907
Total expenses	17,088,827	14,746,550	10,426,397	8,790,484	27,515,224	23,537,034
Change in net position	5,611,232	5,246,326	2,904,329	3,522,685	8,515,561	8,769,011
Net position at beginning year	14,865,568	9,619,242	32,849,695	29,327,010	47,715,263	38,946,252
Net position at end of year	\$ 20,476,800	\$ 14,865,568	\$ 35,754,024	\$ 32,849,695	\$ 56,230,824	\$ 47,715,263

Governmental Activities

Governmental activities net position increased \$5,611,232 in 2022.

Total revenues increased mostly as a result of an increase in charges for services, operating grants and contributions, capital grants and contributions, income taxes, and miscellaneous general revenues.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

Expenses of the governmental activities increased \$2,342,277 or 15.88%. This increase is primarily the result of lower than normal expenses in 2021 due to the decrease in OPEB expense for the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). The 2022 governmental activities expenses are comparable to the 2020 governmental activities expenses.

General government expenses totaled \$3,349,511. General government expenses were partially funded by \$1,086,393 in direct charges to users of the services and \$2,164,508 in operating grants and contributions. Security of persons and property, which primarily supports the operations of the police and fire departments accounted for \$9,296,692 of the total expenses of the City. These expenses were partially funded by \$184,961 in direct charges to users of the services and \$98,208 in operating grants and contributions.

The State and federal government contributed to the City a total of \$4,296,131 in operating grants and contributions and \$943,445 in capital grants and contributions. These revenues are restricted to a particular program or purpose. Capital grants and contributions in 2022 subsidized transportation programs.

General revenues totaled \$15,953,997 and amounted to 70.28% of total governmental revenues. These revenues primarily consist of property and income tax revenue of \$15,664,401. Another primary source of general revenues is grants and entitlements not restricted to specific programs, including local government and homestead and rollback, making up \$854,146.

The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State grants and entitlements.

Governmental Activities

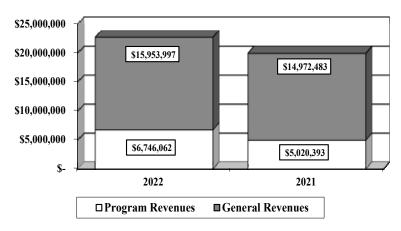
	Total Cost of Services 2022		Net Cost of Services 2022		Total Cost of Services 2021		Net Cost of Services 2021	
Program expenses:								
General government	\$	3,349,511	\$	98,610	\$	1,930,292	\$	856,835
Security of persons and property		9,296,692		9,013,523		8,455,029		8,078,839
Public health services		626,899		515,421		530,164		452,044
Transportation		2,115,308		(153,055)		2,191,524		(57,008)
Community environment		701,128		(89,367)		1,137,043		(82,985)
Basic utility services		40,661		40,661		34,356		34,356
Leisure time activities		946,390		904,734		455,427		431,361
Interest and fiscal charges		12,238		12,238		12,715		12,715
Total expenses	\$	17,088,827	\$	10,342,765	\$	14,746,550	\$	9,726,157

The dependence upon general revenues for governmental activities is apparent, with only 39.48% of expenses supported through program revenues in 2022.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

The graph below shows the City's general revenues and program revenues for 2021 and 2022.

Governmental Activities – General and Program Revenues

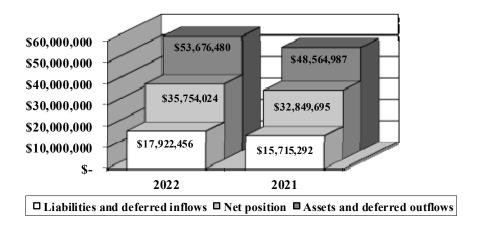


Business-Type Activities

Business-type activities include the water, sewer, community center, and community improvement enterprise funds. These programs had program revenues of \$12,118,307, general revenues of \$1,212,419 and expenses of \$10,426,397 for 2022.

The graph that follows shows the business-type activities assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows and net position at year-end.

Net Position in Business – Type Activities



Financial Analysis of the Government's Major Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the City's net resources available for spending at year-end.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

The City's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$13,499,335 which is \$753,142 greater than last year's total of \$12,746,193. The schedule that follows indicates the fund balances and the total change in fund balances as of December 31, 2022 and 2021 for all major and nonmajor governmental funds.

		nd Balances 12/31/2022	 and Balances 12/31/2021	Change		
Major funds:			 12/31/2021		Change	
General fund	\$	4,097,560	\$ 3,984,901	\$	112,659	
Local fiscal recovery fund		-	-		-	
Capital improvements fund		1,534,139	1,849,674		(315,535)	
Other nonmajor governmental funds		7,867,636	 6,911,618		956,018	
Total	\$	13,499,335	\$ 12,746,193	\$	753,142	

General Fund

The table that follows assists in illustrating the revenues of the general fund.

		2022	2021			Percentage		
		Amount	 Amount	ount Change		Change		
Revenues:								
Taxes	\$	12,093,025	\$ 10,434,990	\$	1,658,035	15.89 %		
Charges for services		280,049	211,105		68,944	32.66 %		
Licenses, permits and fees		261,877	212,077		49,800	23.48 %		
Fines and forfeitures		411,423	441,922		(30,499)	(6.90) %		
Intergovernmental		798,520	746,624		51,896	6.95 %		
Investment income		118,547	37,983		80,564	212.11 %		
Rentals		36,337	28,702		7,635	26.60 %		
Other	_	(784,553)	 229,892		(1,014,445)	(441.27) %		
Total	\$	13,215,225	\$ 12,343,295	\$	871,930	7.06 %		

Revenues of the general fund increased \$871,930 or 7.06%. Taxes revenue consists of income, property and other taxes, all of which increased in 2022 due to an increase in collections. The increase of \$68,944 or 32.66% in charges for services is due to increased reimbursement collections during 2022. The increase of \$49,800 or 23.48% in licenses and permits is due to increased building permit and refill permit revenues. Intergovernmental revenue increased \$51,896 or 6.95% due mainly to an increase in grant revenue received from the state. Investment income increased \$80,564 or 212.11% due to increased interest rates during 2022. Other revenues decreased as a result of the fair value adjustment for the City's investments.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

The table that follows assists in illustrating the expenditures of the general fund.

	2022			2021			Percentage
	_	Amount	_	Amount	nount Change		Change
Expenditures:							
General government	\$	3,188,772	\$	3,261,173	\$	(72,401)	(2.22) %
Security of persons and property		8,274,904		7,684,941		589,963	7.68 %
Public health and welfare		499,030		451,689		47,341	10.48 %
Transportation		-		1,151,806		(1,151,806)	(100.00) %
Community environment		97,935		96,952		983	1.01 %
Leisure time activities		-		1,050		(1,050)	(100.00) %
Basic utility services		53,975		64,297		(10,322)	(16.05) %
Debt service		5,932				5,932	100.00 %
Total	\$	12,120,548	\$	12,711,908	\$	(591,360)	(4.65) %

Expenditures of the general fund decreased \$591,360 or 4.65%. Security of persons and property expenditures increased as a result of increased police salaries and wages in 2022, and during 2021, the City was able to use CARES Act money to reimburse police salaries and wages that are normally paid from the general fund resulting in a decrease in 2021. Transportation expenditures decreased due to the street construction and maintenance expenditures paid out of the general fund during 2021 and the project was completed during 2021. Debt service expenditures increased during 2022 due to the payments on a lease agreement from the implementation of GASB Statement No. 87.

Local Fiscal Recovery Fund

The local fiscal recovery fund is reported as a major fund and had \$2,132,488 in revenues and \$2,132,488 in expenditures in 2022.

Capital Improvements Fund

The capital improvements fund is reported as a major fund and had \$1,935,134 in revenues and \$2,250,669 in expenditures in 2022. The capital improvements fund decreased \$315,535 from a fund balance of \$1,849,674 to a fund balance of \$1,534,139.

Budgeting Highlights - General Fund

The City's budgeting process is prescribed by the Ohio Revised Code (ORC). Essentially the budget is the City's appropriations which are restricted by the amounts of anticipated revenues certified by the Budget Commission in accordance with the ORC. Therefore, the City's plans or desires cannot be totally reflected in the original budget. If budgeted revenues are adjusted due to actual activity then the appropriations can be adjusted accordingly.

In the general fund, the actual revenues and other financing sources of \$13,816,968 was more than the final budget amount of \$13,385,586. Actual expenditures and other financing uses of \$12,412,491 were lower than the final budget amount of \$13,151,402. The decrease of \$738,911 from final budgeted amounts to actual expenditures and other financing uses is due mainly to decreased spending for general government and security of persons and property. Budgeted expenditures and other financing uses were increased \$328,162 from the original to the final budget, mostly to account for additional transfers and advances to other funds. Budgeted revenues were increased \$1,189,766 from the original to the final budget in order to more closely reflect higher collections of income taxes and intergovernmental revenue.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

Proprietary Funds

The City's proprietary fund financial statements provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements for business-type activities, except in more detail. The only difference between the amounts reported as business-type activities and the amounts reported in the proprietary fund statements are interfund eliminations between proprietary funds. The only interfund activities reported in the government wide statements are those between business-type activities and governmental activities (reported as internal balances and transfers) whereas interfund amounts between various enterprise funds are reported in the proprietary fund statements.

The City's business-type funds reported a combined net position of \$35,834,676, which is \$2,977,023 more than last year's total of \$32,857,653.

The schedule below indicates the net position and the total change in net position as of December 31, 2022 and 2021 for all major and nonmajor business-type funds.

		Net Position 12/31/22	 et Position 12/31/21	Change		
Major funds:						
Water	\$	19,830,397	\$ 17,920,122	\$	1,910,275	
Sewer		15,409,936	14,508,360		901,576	
Nonmajor funds		594,343	 429,171		165,172	
Total	<u>\$</u>	35,834,676	\$ 32,857,653	\$	2,977,023	

Water

Net position of the City's water fund increased \$1,910,275 or 10.66% during 2022 from \$17,920,122 to \$19,830,397. The table below compares the revenues, expenses, and other changes in net position for the past two years.

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

	2022 Amount	2021 Amount	Change	Percentage Change	
Operating revenues					
Charges for services	\$ 5,637,674	\$ 5,283,068	\$ 354,606	6.71 %	
Other	120,979	180,187	(59,208)	(32.86) %	
Total operating revenues	5,758,653	5,463,255	295,398	5.41 %	
Operating expenses					
Salaries and benefits	1,545,884	1,462,701	83,183	5.69 %	
Fringe benefits	(26,068)	(633,317)	607,249	(95.88) %	
Contractual services	702,237	776,701	(74,464)	(9.59) %	
Materials and supplies	2,022,605	1,792,722	229,883	12.82 %	
Depreciation	699,203	679,749	19,454	2.86 %	
Other	9,272	3,284	5,988	182.34 %	
Total operating expenses	4,953,133	4,081,840	871,293	21.35 %	
Other changes in net position					
Municipal income tax	538,160	459,654	78,506	17.08 %	
Intergovernmental revenue	497,778	· -	497,778	100.00 %	
Interest and fiscal charges	(20,215)	(21,565)	1,350	(6.26) %	
Interest revenue	89,032	57,452	31,580	54.97 %	
Total other changes in net position	\$ 1,104,755	\$ 495,541	\$ 609,214	122.94 %	

Operating revenues of the water fund increased \$295,398 or 5.41%. This increase is the result of an increase in fees being collected in the water fund offset by a decrease in other operating revenues. Operating expenses increased \$871,293 or 21.35% due mainly to increased fringe benefits expenses in 2022 as a result in the decrease in OPEB expense for the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) during 2021.

Sewer

Net position of the City's sewer fund increased \$901,576 or 6.21% during 2022 from \$14,508,360 to \$15,409,936. The table below compares the revenues, expenses, and other changes in net position for the past two years.

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

	2022	2021	CI	Percentage	
	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Change</u>	Change	
Operating revenues					
Charges for services	\$ 4,817,011	\$ 4,780,296	\$ 36,715	0.77 %	
Licenses and permits	11,353	13,448	(2,095)	(15.58) %	
Other	17,437	8,770	8,667	98.83 %	
Total operating revenues	4,845,801	4,802,514	43,287	0.90 %	
Operating expenses					
Salaries and benefits	1,577,217	1,502,642	74,575	4.96 %	
Fringe benefits	27,577	(609,420)	636,997	(104.53) %	
Contractual services	752,719	782,612	(29,893)	(3.82) %	
Materials and supplies	738,753	588,866	149,887	25.45 %	
Depreciation	895,535	895,282	253	0.03 %	
Other	2,261	3,280	(1,019)	(31.07) %	
Total operating expenses	3,994,062	3,163,262	830,800	26.26 %	
Other changes in net position					
Interest revenue	87,449	58,766	28,683	48.81 %	
Interest and fiscal charges	(37,612)	(74,948)	37,336	(49.82) %	
Total other changes in net position	\$ 49,837	\$ (16,182)	\$ 66,019	(407.98) %	

Operating revenues of the sewer fund increased \$43,287 or 0.90%. This increase can mainly be attributed to an increase in usage from the prior year and an increase in other operating revenues. Operating expenses increased \$830,800 or 26.26% due mainly to increased fringe benefits expenses in 2022 as a result in the decrease in OPEB expense for the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) during 2021.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At December 31, 2022, the City had \$59,641,957 (net of accumulated depreciation/amortization) invested in land, easements and right of ways, construction in progress (CIP), land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture, fixtures, and equipment, vehicles, infrastructure, and intangible right to use assets. Of this total, \$22,884,991 was reported in governmental activities and \$36,756,966 was reported in business-type activities. See Note 7 in the basic financial statements for additional capital asset disclosures.

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

The following table shows December 31, 2022 balances compared to December 31, 2021. The amounts at December 31, 2021 have been restated as described in Note 3.A.

Capital Assets at December 31 (Net of Depreciation/Amortization)

	Governmental Activities 2022	Governmental Activities 2021	Business-type Activities 2022	Business-type Activities 2021	Total 2022	Total2021
Land	\$ 3,397,787	\$ 3,397,787	\$ 1,159,437	\$ 1,159,437	\$ 4,557,224	\$ 4,557,224
Easements and right of ways	116,018	116,018	-	-	116,018	116,018
Buildings, structures and						
improvements	5,271,317	5,244,842	12,566,624	13,029,866	17,837,941	18,274,708
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	2,096,222	1,456,857	6,376,866	6,371,018	8,473,088	7,827,875
Vehicles	2,527,846	1,990,651	-	-	2,527,846	1,990,651
Infrastructure	5,677,080	6,183,297	-	-	5,677,080	6,183,297
Land improvements	-	-	113,328	117,260	113,328	117,260
Water and sewer lines	-	_	11,445,465	10,817,177	11,445,465	10,817,177
Construction in progress	3,787,462	1,840,805	5,085,867	1,068,220	8,873,329	2,909,025
Intangible right to use - leased equipment	11,259	19,310	9,379		20,638	19,310
Total	\$ 22,884,991	\$ 20,249,567	\$ 36,756,966	\$ 32,562,978	\$ 59,641,957	\$ 52,812,545

The overall increase for governmental activities is a result of capital asset additions of \$4,208,873 exceeding depreciation/amortization expense of \$1,573,449. For the governmental activities, the most significant capital asset activity during the year primarily involved various street improvement projects, most of which are still ongoing and reported as construction in progress (CIP). For the business-type activities, the overall increase is a result of net capital asset additions of \$5,801,395 exceeding depreciation/amortization expense of \$1,607,407. For the business-type activities, the most significant capital asset activity during the year was primarily involved the City's sewer treatment improvement project which is reported as construction in progress (CIP) at December 31, 2022.

The City's largest governmental capital asset category is infrastructure which includes roads, bridges, culverts, sidewalks, curbs, annexed roadways, street lighting, and traffic signals. These items are immovable and of value only to the City, however, the annual cost of maintaining and improving these items is quite significant. The net book value of the City's infrastructure (cost less accumulated depreciation) represents approximately 24.81% of the City's total governmental capital assets.

The City's largest business-type capital asset category is the buildings and improvements. The net book value of the City's building and improvements (cost less accumulated depreciation) represents approximately 34.19% of the City's total business-type capital assets.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

Debt Administration

The City had the following long-term debt obligations outstanding at December 31, 2022 and 2021. The amounts at December 31, 2022 have been restated as described in Note 3.A.

	Restated		
	Governmental	Governmental	
	Activities	Activities	
	2022	2021	
Police and fire pension liability	\$ 231,347	\$ 245,224	
Leases payable	11,445	19,310	
SIB Loan	23,928	47,153	
OPWC loan	280,002	293,335	
Total long-term obligations	\$ 546,722	\$ 605,022	
	Business-type	Business-type	
	Business-type Activities	Business-type Activities	
	* 1	* *	
	Activities 2022	Activities 2021	
General obligation bonds	Activities 2022 \$ 625,090	Activities	
Leases payable	Activities 2022 \$ 625,090 9,425	Activities 2021 \$ 685,100	
	Activities 2022 \$ 625,090 9,425 1,228,175	Activities 2021 \$ 685,100 - 1,319,076	
Leases payable	Activities 2022 \$ 625,090 9,425	Activities 2021 \$ 685,100	

Additions to long-term debt in 2022 included an OWDA loan in the amount of \$3,463,758 for Phase I of the wastewater improvement project and a lease obligation in business-type activities in the amount of \$10,563.

See Note 11 in the basic financial statements for additional disclosures and detail regarding the City's debt activity.

Economic Conditions and Financial Outlook

The City of Alliance, like many local government entities are dealing with revenue reductions, due to the elimination and decline of various sources, including the State of Ohio Estate Tax, Local Government Funding as well as the phase-out of payments made by the State to local governments for revenues once collected on tangible personal property and certain types of electricity generation. The combined effects of these losses along with increased costs, such as employee healthcare, wages and benefits, have been factors in the decline.

The City has experienced a continual decline in its general fund cash balance, in part due to a structural deficit as expenses have consistently exceeded revenues. The general fund balance has shrunk from a high of \$3.9 million in 2011 to a cash carryover of \$445,233 at December 31, 2018. The City's finances were boosted in 2020 by utilizing \$1.2 million dollars of CARES Act funds towards safety forces payroll. The City was awarded \$15 million of American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) funds in 2021/2022. The City has used the funding for primarily paving and capital needs to date. The general fund carryover cash balance for 2023 was \$3,773,448 aided by ARPA funds and increased income tax collections. 2022 income tax collections were 14.26% higher than 2021.

The City has attempted to reduce expenditures by attrition and incorporating part-time staff in virtually all departments. The City has incorporated modifications to its self-funded health care program which includes a wellness component, increased employee contributions, and spousal carveout with all bargaining units.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

The Income Tax Department has increased collection efforts pursuing back taxes via civil and criminal court action. The City has also partnered with the Cleveland Income Tax Agency to pursue individuals that have not filed City income tax. The Tax Department also began certifying delinquent tax account to the Ohio Attorney General's office.

Alliance voters passed a five-year 3.0 mill Parks and Recreation property tax levy in 2018. The levy allowed for Park expenses to be removed from the City's general fund. The levy is up for renewal in May of 2023.

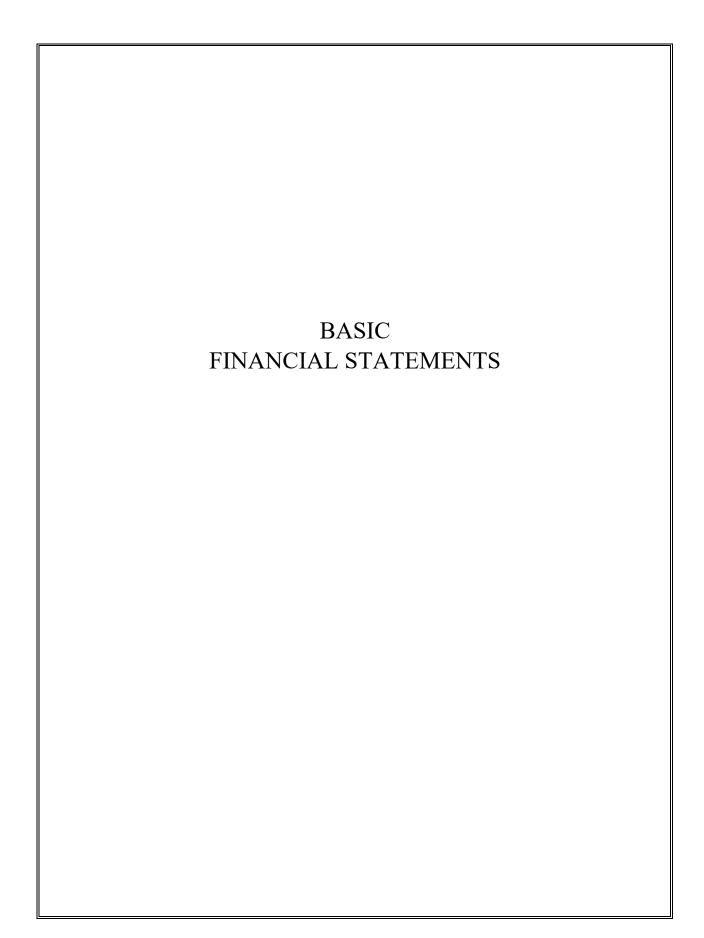
The City was placed in fiscal caution by the Auditor of State of Ohio based on low carryover balances especially in the General Fund. The State later elevated the City to Fiscal Watch due to City Council not approving a required recovery plan in the required timeframe.

Long-Term Financial Planning

The City will continue pursuing opportunities for development and economic growth through annexations, Tax Increment Financing (TIF), Cooperative Economic Development Areas (CEDA) and Joint Economic Development Districts (JEDD). The City's Planning and Development Department looks to provide assistance to local businesses through its Urban Development Action Grant (UDAG) program. The combination of these efforts target improving the City's tax base. The City will continue employing innovative and creative measures to reduce expenses to counter declining revenues.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate accountability for the money it receives. Any questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Alliance City Auditor, Kevin Knowles. You may also visit our website at http://www.cityofalliance.com or email us at auditor@allianceoh.gov.



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2022

		Primary Government		Component Unit	
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Alliance City Health Department	
Assets:	Activities	Activities	Total	Health Department	
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$ 25,485,377	\$ 11,270,698	\$ 36,756,075	\$ 88,658	
Cash in segregated accounts	36,101	-	36,101	-	
Receivables:	2.702.005	100.063	2.012.040		
Municipal income taxes	2,702,085	109,963	2,812,048	-	
Property and other taxes	2,420,585	1 142 026	2,420,585	242	
Accounts	165,171	1,142,836	1,308,007	243	
Special assessments Intergovernmental	1,825,458 1,485,264	253,213	1,825,458 1,738,477	1,757	
Accrued interest	143,554	233,213	143,554	1,737	
Loans	408,861	-	408,861	-	
Leases	19,586	_	19,586	_	
Internal balance	80,652	(80,652)	17,500	_	
Prepayments	201,322	87,078	288,400	10,183	
Materials and supplies inventory	85,085	1,107,389	1,192,474		
Net pension asset	80,901	67,529	148,430	13,039	
Net OPEB asset	684,813	571,620	1,256,433	110,376	
Restricted assets:	,	,	, ,		
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	-	1,637,978	1,637,978	=	
Capital assets:					
Non-depreciable/amortized capital assets	7,301,267	6,245,304	13,546,571	=	
Depreciable/amortized capital assets, net	15,583,724	30,511,662	46,095,386	24,787	
Total capital assets, net	22,884,991	36,756,966	59,641,957	24,787	
			-	-	
Total assets	58,709,806	52,924,618	111,634,424	249,043	
Deferred outflows of resources:					
Pension	4,500,546	743,807	5,244,353	146,778	
OPEB	1,103,283	8,055	1,111,338	3,253	
Total deferred outflows of resources	5,603,829	751,862	6,355,691	150,031	
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	64,313,635	53,676,480	117,990,115	399,074	
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	238,168	634,699	872,867	2,391	
Contracts payable	472,027	82,303	554,330	-	
Accrued wages and benefits payable	177,865	63,758	241,623	13,435	
Claims payable	371,846	-	371,846	=	
Due to other governments	153,004	40,244	193,248	16,603	
Accrued interest payable	920	37,171	38,091	-	
Deposits held and due to others	259,123	-	259,123	-	
Unearned revenue	13,246,625	-	13,246,625	-	
Long-term liabilities:					
Due within one year	826,746	617,935	1,444,681	74,547	
Due in more than one year:					
Net pension liability	13,502,225	1,627,925	15,130,150	314,342	
Net OPEB liability	2,026,742	-	2,026,742	-	
Other amounts due in more than one year	2,189,582	12,191,939	14,381,521	150,297	
Total liabilities	33,464,873	15,295,974	48,760,847	571,615	
Deferred inflows of resources:					
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year	2,018,354	-	2,018,354	_	
Leases	19,424	_	19,424	_	
Pension	6,709,417	2,017,775	8,727,192	385,018	
OPEB	1,624,767	608,707	2,233,474	114,041	
Total deferred inflows of resources	10,371,962	2,626,482	12,998,444	499,059	
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	43,836,835	17,922,456	61,759,291	1,070,674	
Net position:					
Net investment in capital assets	22,097,589	24,552,475	46,650,064	24,787	
Restricted for:	22,097,309	24,332,473	40,030,004	24,767	
Debt service	43,850	_	43,850	_	
Capital projects	89,397	_	89,397	_	
Transportation projects	356,649	_	356,649	_	
Public service programs	879,941	_	879,941	82,239	
Community development programs	3,435,510		3,435,510	02,237	
Security programs	159,909	- -	159,909	_	
Other purposes	1,294,504	-	1,294,504	-	
Replacement and surplus reserve	1,271,304	1,637,978	1,637,978	-	
Unrestricted (deficit)	(7,880,549)	9,563,571	1,683,022	(778,626)	
· · · ·					
Total net position (deficit)	\$ 20,476,800	\$ 35,754,024	\$ 56,230,824	(671,600)	

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

				Prog	ram Revenues		
	Expenses Se		Charges for Services and Sales		rating Grants Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	
Governmental activities:			 				
General government	\$	3,349,511	\$ 1,086,393	\$	2,164,508	\$	-
Security of persons and property		9,296,692	184,961		98,208		-
Public health and welfare		626,899	99,128		12,350		-
Transportation		2,115,308	-		1,324,918		943,445
Community environment		701,128	94,453		696,042		-
Basic utility services		40,661	-		-		-
Leisure time activities		946,390	41,551		105		-
Interest and fiscal charges		12,238	-		-		-
Total governmental activities		17,088,827	1,506,486		4,296,131		943,445
Business-type activities:							
Water		5,004,734	5,758,653		-		-
Sewer		4,072,982	4,845,801		-		-
Robertson Community Center		61,370	62,338		-		-
Community Improvement		1,287,311	 1,451,515		<u>-</u>		-
Total business-type activities		10,426,397	12,118,307		-		
Total primary government	\$	27,515,224	\$ 13,624,793	\$	4,296,131	\$	943,445
Component Unit:							
Alliance City Health Department	\$	773,892	\$ 142,672	\$	819,104	\$	

General revenues:

Property taxes levied for:

General purposes

Police pension

Fire pension

Park levy

Municipal income taxes levied for:

General purposes

Transportation projects

Capital improvements

Water department

Grants and entitlements not restricted

to specific programs

Investment earnings

Fair value adjustment

Miscellaneous

Total general revenues

Change in net position

Net position (deficit) at beginning of year

Net position (deficit) at end of year

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

	Primary Government	t	Component Unit			
Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Alliance City Health Department			
\$ (98,610)	\$ -	\$ (98,610)	\$ -			
(9,013,523)	-	(9,013,523)	-			
(515,421)	_	(515,421)	_			
153,055	_	153,055	_			
89,367	_	89,367	_			
(40,661)	_	(40,661)	-			
(904,734)	_	(904,734)	_			
(12,238)	_	(12,238)	_			
(10,342,765)		(10,342,765)	-			
_	753,919	753,919	_			
_	772,819	772,819	_			
_	968	968	_			
_	164,204	164,204	_			
-	1,691,910	1,691,910	-			
(10,342,765)	1,691,910	(8,650,855)				
			187,884			
			107,007			
1,114,479	_	1,114,479	-			
102,360	-	102,360	-			
102,360	-	102,360	-			
855,013	-	855,013	-			
11,175,960	-	11,175,960	-			
968,827	-	968,827	-			
1,345,402	-	1,345,402	-			
-	538,160	538,160	-			
854,146	497,778	1,351,924	3,967			
161,955	176,481	338,436	-			
(1,623,203)	-	(1,623,203)	-			
896,698		896,698				
15,953,997	1,212,419	17,166,416	3,967			
5,611,232	2,904,329	8,515,561	191,851			
14,865,568	32,849,695	47,715,263	(863,451)			
\$ 20,476,800	\$ 35,754,024	\$ 56,230,824	\$ (671,600)			

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2022

		General		ocal Fiscal Recovery	•			Nonmajor overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
Assets:						•				
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,833,523	\$	13,418,826	\$	1,649,108	\$	7,398,351	\$	25,299,808
Cash in segregated accounts		36,101		-		-		-		36,101
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles):										
Municipal income taxes		2,234,739		-		274,909		192,437		2,702,085
Property and other taxes		1,253,437		-		-		1,167,148		2,420,585
Accounts		61,578		-		8,234		33,549		103,361
Intergovernmental		411,871		-		318,356		750,273		1,480,500
Special assessments		1,798,361		-		-		27,097		1,825,458
Accrued interest		143,554		_		_		-		143,554
Leases		19,586		_		_		_		19,586
Due from other funds		26,641		_		_		_		26,641
Loans		-		_		_		408,861		408,861
Advances from other funds		5,626		_		_		-		5,626
Interfund loans receivable		158,009		_		_		_		158,009
Prepayments		166,145		_		_		35,177		201,322
Materials and supplies inventory		23,883		_		_		61,202		85,085
	\$	9,173,054	\$	13,418,826	\$	2,250,607	\$	10,074,095	\$	34,916,582
Total assets	Ψ	7,173,034	Ψ	13,410,620	Ψ	2,230,007	Ψ	10,074,073	—	34,710,362
Liabilities:										
Accounts payable	\$	128,997	\$	15,461	\$	13,926	\$	79,784	\$	238,168
Contracts payable		<u>-</u>		156,740		237,725		77,562		472,027
Accrued wages and benefits payable		151,971		-		-		25,894		177,865
Interfund loans payable		-		-		-		158,009		158,009
Due to other funds		-		-		-		26,641		26,641
Due to other governments		40,519		-		-		112,485		153,004
Advances to other funds		<u>-</u>		-		-		5,626		5,626
Deposits held and due to others		259,123		-		-		-		259,123
Unearned revenue				13,246,625		-		-		13,246,625
Total liabilities		580,610		13,418,826		251,651		486,001		14,737,088
Deferred inflows of resources:										
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year		987,958		-		-		1,030,396		2,018,354
Income tax revenue not available		1,157,039		-		146,461		102,523		1,406,023
Delinquent property tax revenue not available		232,198		-		-		136,752		368,950
Accrued interest not available		63,401		-		-		-		63,401
Special assessments revenue not available		1,798,361		-		-		27,097		1,825,458
Intergovernmental revenue not available		236,503		-		318,356		423,690		978,549
Leases		19,424								19,424
Total deferred inflows of resources		4,494,884				464,817		1,720,458		6,680,159
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources		5,075,494		13,418,826		716,468		2,206,459		21,417,247
Fund balances:										
Nonspendable		333,042		-		-		96,379		429,421
Restricted		3,652		-		-		6,514,812		6,518,464
Committed		126,868		-		1,534,139		1,447,579		3,108,586
Assigned		463,548		-		-		-		463,548
Unassigned (deficit)		3,170,450						(191,134)		2,979,316
Total fund balances		4,097,560				1,534,139		7,867,636		13,499,335
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	9,173,054	\$	13,418,826	\$	2,250,607	\$	10,074,095	\$	34,916,582

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DECEMBER 31, 2022

Total governmental fund balances		\$	13,499,335
Amounts reported for governmental activities on the statement of net position are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.			22,884,991
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are deferred inflows of resources in the funds. Municipal income taxes receivable Property and other taxes receivable Accrued interest receivable Special assessments receivable Intergovernmental receivable Total	\$ 1,406,023 368,950 63,401 1,825,458 978,549		4,642,381
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of health insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities on the statement of net position. The net position of the internal service fund, including an internal balance of \$7,958, is:			(39,051)
Accrued interest payable is not due and payable in the current period and therefore is not reported in the funds.			(920)
The net pension asset and net pension liability are not available to pay for current period expenditures and are not due and payable in the current period, respectively; therefore, the asset, liability and related deferred inflows/outflows of resources are not reported in governmental funds. Net pension asset Deferred outflows of resources Deferred inflows of resources Net pension liability Total	80,901 4,500,546 (6,709,417) (13,502,225)		(15,630,195)
The net OPEB asset and net OPEB liability are not available to pay for current period expenditures and are not due and payable in the current period, respectively; therefore, the asset, liability and related deferred inflows/outflows of resources are not reported in governmental funds. Net OPEB asset Deferred outflows of resources Deferred inflows of resources Net OPEB liability Total	684,813 1,103,283 (1,624,767) (2,026,742)		(1,863,413)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. The long-term liabilities are as follows: Police and fire pension liability Loans payable Leases payable Compensated absences	(231,347) (303,930) (11,445) (2,469,606)		(2.01/.225)
Total Not position of governmental activities		•	(3,016,328)
Net position of governmental activities		\$	20,476,800

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	General	Local Fiscal Recovery	Capital Improvements	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:					
Municipal income taxes	\$ 10,988,656	\$ -	\$ 1,321,692	\$ 925,184	\$ 13,235,532
Property and other taxes	1,104,369	-	-	1,077,264	2,181,633
Charges for services	280,049	-	-	154,080	434,129
Licenses, permits and fees	261,877	-	-	61,297	323,174
Fines and forfeitures	411,423	-	-	167,543	578,966
Intergovernmental	798,520	2,132,488	597,837	2,099,037	5,627,882
Investment income	118,547	-	-	79,873	198,420
Rental income	36,337	-	-	-	36,337
Fair value adjustment	(1,623,203)	-	-	-	(1,623,203)
Other	838,650	-	15,605	342,775	1,197,030
Total revenues	13,215,225	2,132,488	1,935,134	4,907,053	22,189,900
Expenditures: Current:					
General government	3,188,772	214,863	-	179,132	3,582,767
Security of persons and property	8,274,904	-	_	1,432,785	9,707,689
Public health and welfare	499,030	-	-	169,260	668,290
Transportation	-	_	_	1,086,043	1,086,043
Community environment	97,935	-	-	689,263	787,198
Leisure time activities	· -	-	-	990,254	990,254
Basic utility services	53,975	-	_	-	53,975
Capital outlay	-	1,917,625	2,211,774	360,641	4,490,040
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	5,552	-	37,611	15,137	58,300
Interest and fiscal charges	380	-	1,284	10,538	12,202
Total expenditures	12,120,548	2,132,488	2,250,669	4,933,053	21,436,758
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	1,094,677		(315,535)	(26,000)	753,142
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers in	-	-	-	989,395	989,395
Transfers (out)	(982,018)	-	-	(7,377)	(989,395)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(982,018)			982,018	
Net change in fund balances	112,659	-	(315,535)	956,018	753,142
Fund balances at beginning of year	3,984,901		1,849,674	6,911,618	12,746,193
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 4,097,560	\$ -	\$ 1,534,139	\$ 7,867,636	\$ 13,499,335

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds			\$	753,142
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:				
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation/amortization expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceed depreciation/amortization expense in the current period. Capital asset additions Current year depreciation/amortization Total	\$	4,208,873 (1,573,449)		2,635,424
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Municipal income taxes Property taxes Intergovernmental revenues Investment income Special assessments Total		227,611 (7,421) 168,569 43,408 77,992		510,159
Repayment of loan and lease principal and police and fire pension liability are expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net position.	es			58,300
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding debt, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due.				(36)
Contractually required pension/OPEB contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows of resources. Pension OPEB Total		1,535,561 27,532		1,563,093
Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows of resources, changes in the net pension asset/liability and net OPEB asset/liability are reported as pension/OPEB expense in the statement of activities. Pension OPEB Total		(156,440) 490,932		334,492
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.				63,362
The internal service fund used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the government-wide statement of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and the related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund, less \$72,694 allocated to the business-type activities, is allocated among the governmental activities.				(306,704)
Change in net position of governmental activities			\$	5,611,232
Change in het position of governmental activities			Φ	3,011,434

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Budgeted		Variance with Final Budget		
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:					
Municipal income taxes	\$ 9,373,916	\$ 10,200,000	\$ 10,479,349	\$ 279,349	
Property and other taxes	1,013,837	1,103,182	1,103,182	-	
Charges for services	224,150	243,903	273,741	29,838	
Licenses, permits and fees	142,564	155,128	189,457	34,329	
Fines and forfeitures	365,363	397,561	408,025	10,464	
Intergovernmental	756,450	823,113	802,214	(20,899)	
Investment income	44,113	48,000	55,675	7,675	
Rental income	25,365	27,600	38,476	10,876	
Other	250,062	272,099	351,849	79,750	
Total revenues	12,195,820	13,270,586	13,701,968	431,382	
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government:					
Mayor:	440.000	440.000	100 ===	44.000	
Salaries and wages	112,000	112,000	100,777	11,223	
Fringe benefits	43,755	44,095	42,132	1,963	
Contractual services	2,330	2,330	2,155	175	
Materials and supplies	1,816	1,816	1,169	647	
Total mayor	159,901	160,241	146,233	14,008	
Senior center:					
Salaries and wages	42,000	42,405	42,405	-	
Fringe benefits	23,554	23,779	23,381	398	
Total senior center	65,554	66,184	65,786	398	
Auditor:					
Salaries and wages	113,389	112,984	107,606	5,378	
Fringe benefits	44,925	45,305	44,706	599	
Contractual services	16,574	17,371	16,938	433	
Materials and supplies	6,016	5,466	4,182	1,284	
Total auditor	180,904	181,126	173,432	7,694	
Treasurer:					
Salaries and wages	4,390	4,390	4,381	9	
Fringe benefits	816	833	822	11	
Materials and supplies	611	611	611		
Total treasurer	5,817	5,834	5,814	20	
Law director:					
Salaries and wages	237,000	237,000	228,727	8,273	
Fringe benefits	64,130	64,870	60,667	4,203	
Contractual services	5,673	5,673	3,195	2,478	
Materials and supplies	2,800	2,800	1,364	1,436	
Total law director	309,603	310,343	293,953	16,390	
City council:					
Salaries and wages	35,317	35,317	35,314	3	
Fringe benefits	6,195	6,688	6,542	146	
Total city council	41,512	42,005	41,856	149	
				Continued	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Budge	Budgeted Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Original Final		(Negative)
Clerk of council:				
Salaries and wages	\$ 9,700	\$ 9,700	\$ 9,673	\$ 27
Fringe benefits	1,738	1,763	1,734	29
Contractual services	8,300	8,300	1,897	6,403
Materials and supplies	500	500	-	500
Total clerk of council	20,238	20,263	13,304	6,959
Judge and probation:				
Salaries and wages	273,000	273,000	243,010	29,990
Fringe benefits	105,730	106,556	98,159	8,397
Contractual services	3,917	3,717	3,295	422
Materials and supplies	6,500	6,700	4,462	2,238
Total judge and probation	389,147	389,973	348,926	41,047
Clerk of courts:				
Salaries and wages	282,500	282,500	257,777	24,723
Fringe benefits	125,329	131,979	124,001	7,978
Contractual services	57,819	57,819	23,033	34,786
Materials and supplies	23,500	23,500	15,693	7,807
Total clerk of courts	489,148	495,798	420,504	75,294
Civil service:				
Salaries and wages	16,750	16,750	15,993	757
Fringe benefits	2,865	2,865	2,638	227
Materials and supplies	7,000		23,198	177
Total civil service	26,615		41,829	1,161
Engineering:				
Salaries and wages	112,000	112,000	91,352	20,648
Fringe benefits	33,120	· ·	27,933	5,803
Contractual services	30,005		13,073	16,932
Materials and supplies	7,361		2,642	4,719
Total engineering	182,486		135,000	48,102
State examiner:				
Contractual services	17,000	17,000	15,917	1,083
Total state examiner	17,000		15,917	1,083
				Continued

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final				Fin	Variance with Final Budget		
				Final		Actual	Positive (Negative)	
Land and buildings:								
Salaries and wages	\$	48,000	\$	48,000	\$	45,441	\$	2,559
Fringe benefits		23,065		23,065		22,326		739
Contractual services		368,124		350,650		288,842		61,808
Total land and buildings		439,189		421,715		356,609		65,106
General administration:								
Salaries and wages		48,000		48,000		29,014		18,986
Fringe benefits		16,275		16,275		12,589		3,686
Contractual services		145,384		151,396		135,646		15,750
Materials and supplies		21,000		36,000		32,796		3,204
Other		26,600		28,601		25,837		2,764
Total general administration		257,259		280,272		235,882		44,390
Total general government		2,584,373		2,616,846		2,295,045		321,801
Security of persons and property: Police:								
Salaries and wages		3,208,000		3,223,303		3,128,408		94,895
Fringe benefits		727,741		726,217		701,728		24,489
Contractual services		235,645		241,944		235,825		6,119
Materials and supplies		146,686		172,444		162,557		9,887
Total police		4,318,072		4,363,908		4,228,518		135,390
Fire:								
Salaries and wages		2,406,540		2,406,540		2,376,519		30,021
Fringe benefits		564,804		564,804		535,802		29,002
Contractual services		184,084		219,950		176,547		43,403
Materials and supplies		42,245		52,830		46,578		6,252
Total fire		3,197,673		3,244,124		3,135,446		108,678
Safety administration:								
Salaries and wages		460,500		474,446		470,965		3,481
Fringe benefits		199,245		195,299		192,760		2,539
Contractual services		381,815		381,815		331,238		50,577
Total safety administration		1,041,560		1,051,560		994,963		56,597
Prisoner support:								
Contractual services		24,500		24,500		3,003		21,497
Total prisoner support		24,500	-	24,500		3,003		21,497
Total security of persons and property		8,581,805		8,684,092		8,361,930		322,162
								Continued

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Budgeted Budgeted	d Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)		
Public health services:				(*** s		
Health administration:						
Contractual services	\$ 498,050	\$ 498,050	\$ 498,050	\$ -		
Total health administration	498,050	498,050	498,050			
Total public health services	498,050	498,050	498,050			
Community environment: Tree care:						
Contractual services	5,000	5,497	5,496	1		
Total tree care	5,000	5,497	5,496	1		
Zoning and building:						
Salaries and wages	115,000	110,415	66,096	44,319		
Fringe benefits	28,550	28,550	18,973	9,577		
Contractual services	12,308	12,258	6,243	6,015		
Materials and supplies	4,940	4,493	2,010	2,483		
Total zoning and building	160,798	155,716	93,322	62,394		
Total community environment	165,798	161,213	98,818	62,395		
Basic utility services:						
Storm sewer:						
Salaries and wages	40,500	40,500	33,692	6,808		
Fringe benefits	32,714	32,714	24,938	7,776		
Total storm sewer	73,214	73,214	58,630	14,584		
Total basic utility services	73,214	73,214	58,630	14,584		
Total expenditures	11,903,240	12,033,415	11,312,473	720,942		
Excess of revenues over expenditures	292,580	1,237,171	2,389,495	1,152,324		
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers out	(920,000)	(999,987)	(982,018)	17,969		
Advances in	-	115,000	115,000			
Advances out	_	(118,000)	(118,000)	_		
Total other financing sources (uses)	(920,000)	(1,002,987)	(985,018)	17,969		
Net change in fund balance	(627,420)	234,184	1,404,477	1,170,293		
Fund balance at beginning of year	2,322,789	2,322,789	2,322,789	_		
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	24,114	24,114	24,114			
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 1,719,483	\$ 2,581,087	\$ 3,751,380	\$ 1,170,293		

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) LOCAL FISCAL RECOVERY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ 7,693,704	\$ 7,693,705	\$ 1
Investment income	8,000	8,000	-	(8,000)
Total revenues	8,000	7,701,704	7,693,705	(7,999)
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government:				
Salaries and wages	1,200,000	1,200,000	-	1,200,000
Materials and supplies	100,000	250,000	215,898	34,102
Capital outlay	3,700,260	4,130,261	2,746,274	1,383,987
Total expenditures	5,000,260	5,580,261	2,962,172	2,618,089
Net change in fund balance	(4,992,260)	2,121,443	4,731,533	2,610,090
Fund balance at beginning of year	7,686,968	7,686,968	7,686,968	-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	260	260	260	
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 2,694,968	\$ 9,808,671	\$ 12,418,761	\$ 2,610,090

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STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2022

Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds

	Water	Sewer	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Total	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund	
Assets:						
Current assets:						
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,763,236	\$ 5,943,854	\$ 563,608	\$ 11,270,698	\$ 185,569	
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):						
Accounts	656,929	485,907	-	1,142,836	61,810	
Municipal income taxes	109,963	-	-	109,963	-	
Due from other governments	253,213	-	-	253,213	4,764	
Prepayments	43,188	43,602	288	87,078	-	
Materials and supplies inventory	976,598	130,791	-	1,107,389	-	
Total current assets	6,803,127	6,604,154	563,896	13,971,177	252,143	
Noncurrent assets:						
Net pension asset	33,125	33,974	430	67,529	_	
Net OPEB asset	280,396	287,581	3,643	571,620	-	
Restricted assets:						
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	1,637,978	-	-	1,637,978	-	
Capital assets:						
Non-depreciable capital assets	834,002	5,411,302	-	6,245,304	-	
Depreciable capital assets, net	16,257,102	14,097,099	157,461	30,511,662	-	
Total capital assets, net	17,091,104	19,508,401	157,461	36,756,966		
Total noncurrent assets	19,042,603	19,829,956	161,534	39,034,093		
Total assets	25,845,730	26,434,110	725,430	53,005,270	252,143	
Deferred outflows of resources:						
Pension	375,164	356,027	12,616	743,807	_	
OPEB	3,584	1,190	3,281	8,055	_	
Total deferred outflows of resources	378,748	357,217	15,897	751,862		
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 26,224,478	\$ 26,791,327	\$ 741,327	\$ 53,757,132	\$ 252,143	

- Continued

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2022

Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds
--

		-		/ 1					6	
	Water			Enterp		Nonmajor Interprise Funds	erprise		Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund	
Liabilities:			-							
Current liabilities:										
Accounts payable	\$	365,004	\$	151,328	\$	118,367	\$	634,699	\$	-
Contracts payable		-		82,303		-		82,303		_
Accrued wages and benefits payable		29,990		33,768		-		63,758		-
Compensated absences payable		161,537		129,535		-		291,072		_
Due to other governments		18,537		19,938		1,769		40,244		-
Accrued interest payable		1,574		35,597		-		37,171		-
Claims payable		-		-		-		-		371,846
General obligation bonds payable - current		60,010		-		-		60,010		-
OWDA loans payable - current		69,877		104,091		-		173,968		-
OPWC loans payable - current		37,105		53,797		-		90,902		-
Leases payable - current		1,983		-		-		1,983		_
Total current liabilities		745,617		610,357		120,136		1,476,110		371,846
Long-term liabilities:										
General obligation bonds payable		565,080		_		_		565,080		_
OPWC loans payable		779,196		358,077		_		1,137,273		_
Compensated absences payable		174,643		217,058		_		391,701		_
OWDA loans payable		2,054,208		8,036,235		_		10,090,443		_
Leases payable		7,442		0,030,233		_		7,442		_
Net pension liability		798,544		819,006		10,375		1,627,925		_
Total long-term liabilities		4,379,113		9,430,376		10,375		13,819,864		
Total long-term habilities		4,377,113		7,430,370		10,575		13,017,004		
Total liabilities		5,124,730		10,040,733		130,511		15,295,974		371,846
Deferred inflows of resources:										
Pension		978,229		1,026,838		12,708		2,017,775		-
OPEB		291,122		313,820		3,765		608,707		-
Total deferred inflows of resources		1,269,351		1,340,658		16,473		2,626,482		-
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources		6,394,081		11,381,391		146,984		17,922,456		371,846
Net position:										
Net investment in capital assets		13,516,203		10,878,811		157,461		24,552,475		-
Restricted for:										
Replacement and surplus reserve		1,637,978		-		-		1,637,978		-
Unrestricted (deficit)		4,676,216		4,531,125		436,882		9,644,223		(119,703)
Total net position (deficit)	\$	19,830,397	\$	15,409,936	\$	594,343		35,834,676	\$	(119,703)
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of the internal	service f	fund's activiti	es rel	ated to enterpr	ise fu	nds		(80,652)		
Net position of business-type activities							\$	35,754,024		

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds

	Business-type Activities - Enter prise Funds										
	Water			Eı		Nonmajor Enterprise Funds		Total		Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund	
Operating revenues:											
Charges for services	\$	5,637,674	\$	4,817,011	\$	1,447,899	\$	11,902,584	\$	2,716,864	
Licenses, permits and fees		-		11,353		-		11,353		-	
Other		120,979		17,437		65,954		204,370		294,766	
Total operating revenues		5,758,653		4,845,801		1,513,853		12,118,307		3,011,630	
Operating expenses:											
Salaries		1,545,884		1,577,217		19,527		3,142,628		-	
Fringe benefits		(26,068)		27,577		120		1,629		-	
Contract services		702,237		752,719		1,302,148		2,757,104		-	
Materials and supplies		2,022,605		738,753		14,217		2,775,575		_	
Depreciation		699,203		895,535		12,669		1,607,407		_	
Claims		-		-		-		-		3,391,028	
Other		9,272		2,261		-		11,533		_	
Total operating expenses		4,953,133		3,994,062		1,348,681		10,295,876		3,391,028	
Operating income (loss)		805,520		851,739		165,172		1,822,431		(379,398)	
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):											
Interest revenue		89,032		87,449		_		176,481		-	
Interest expense and fiscal charges		(20,215)		(37,612)		-		(57,827)		-	
Intergovernmental		497,778		-		_		497,778		-	
Municipal income tax revenue		538,160		_		_		538,160		-	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		1,104,755		49,837		-		1,154,592		-	
Change in net position		1,910,275		901,576		165,172		2,977,023		(379,398)	
Net position at beginning of year		17,920,122		14,508,360		429,171				259,695	
Net position (deficit) at end of year	\$	19,830,397	\$	15,409,936	\$	594,343			\$	(119,703)	
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of the inte	ernal se	rvice fund's ac	tiviti	es related to en	iterpri	se funds		(72,694)			
Change in net position of business-type activities	:						\$	2,904,329			
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STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funus				
	Water	Sewer	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Total	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund
Cash flows from operating activities:					
Cash received from customers	\$ 5,418,878	\$ 4,756,639	\$ 1,447,899	\$ 11,623,416	\$ -
Cash received from licenses and permits	-	11,353	-	11,353	-
Cash received from other operations	101,726	17,437	65,954	185,117	290,463
Cash received from interfund services provided	-	-	-	-	2,716,864
Cash payments for salaries	(1,541,961)	(1,568,228)	(19,527)	(3,129,716)	-
Cash payments for fringe benefits	(292,140)	(289,397)	(2,965)	(584,502)	-
Cash payments for interfund services	(289,676)	(362,604)	-	(652,280)	-
Cash payments for contractual services	(744,332)	(755,958)	(1,299,541)	(2,799,831)	-
Cash payments for materials and supplies	(2,439,947)	(743,606)	(14,217)	(3,197,770)	-
Cash payments for claims	-	-	-	-	(3,193,199)
Cash payments for other expenses	(9,272)	(2,261)		(11,533)	
Net cash provided by (used in)					
operating activities	203,276	1,063,375	177,603	1,444,254	(185,872)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:					
Cash received from municipal income taxes	530,600	-	-	530,600	-
Cash received from OWDA grant	244,565			244,565	
Net cash provided by noncapital					
financing activities	775,165			775,165	
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:					
Acquisition of capital assets	(1.145.600)	(4 557 008)	(5,021)	(5.708.520)	
Proceeds from OWDA loan	(1,145,600)	(4,557,908)	(3,021)	(5,708,529) 3,463,758	-
	(60,000)	3,463,758	-		-
Principal retirement on general obligation bonds	(60,000)	(52.706)	-	(60,000)	-
Principal retirement on OPWC loans	(37,105)	(53,796)	-	(90,901)	-
Principal retirement on OWDA loans	(155,232)	(338,254)	-	(493,486)	-
Principal retirement on leases	(1,138)	(44.150)	=	(1,138)	=
Interest and fiscal charges	(20,334)	(44,159)		(64,493)	
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	(1,419,409)	(1,530,359)	(5,021)	(2,954,789)	
capital and related financing activities	(1,419,409)	(1,330,339)	(3,021)	(2,934,789)	
Cash flows from investing activities:					
Interest received	89,032	87,449		176,481	
Net cash provided by investing activities	89,032	87,449		176,481	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and					
cash equivalents	(351,936)	(379,535)	172,582	(558,889)	(185,872)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	6,753,150	6,323,389	391,026	13,467,565	371,441
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 6,401,214	\$ 5,943,854	\$ 563,608	\$ 12,908,676	\$ 185,569

- Continued

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds Governmental Activities -Nonmajor Enterprise Internal Water Sewer **Funds** Total Service Fund Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: \$ 805,520 \$ 851,739 \$ 165,172 1,822,431 (379,398)Operating income (loss) Adjustments: 895,535 Depreciation 699,203 12,669 1,607,407 Changes in assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources: (4,168)Accounts receivable (238,049)(60,372)(298,421)Intergovernmental receivable (135)Materials and supplies inventory (525,219)(26,594)(551,813)Prepayments (6,618)(5,045)(25)(11,688)Net pension asset (190)(15,303)(7,841)(7,272)Net OPEB asset (124,225)(122,648)(2,160)(249,033)Deferred outflows - pension (144,864)(183,702)813 (327,753)Deferred outflows - OPEB 4,494 74,225 86,977 165,696 Accounts payable 65,855 20,728 2,626 89,209 Accrued wages and benefits 3,923 8,989 12,912 Due to other governments 359 298 201 858 Compensated absences payable (14,827)17,108 2,281 Net pension liability (527,191)(2,211)(1,110,504)(581,102)Deferred inflows - pension 381,717 357,716 1,001 740,434 Deferred inflows - OPEB (199,854)(432,459)(227,818)(4,787)Claims payable 197,829 Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities 203,276 1,063,375 177,603 1,444,254 (185,872)

Noncash capital and related financing activities:

At December 31, 2022, capital assets purchased on account for the Sewer fund amounted to \$82,303.

During 2022 the Water fund entered into a lease transaction in the amount of \$10,563 for the right to use leased equipment.

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Cu	Custodial		
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents in segregated accounts	\$	5,195		
Total assets		5,195		
Liabilities:				
Due to other governments		5,195		
Total liabilities	\$	5,195		

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	(Custodial		
Additions: Fines and forfeitures collected for other governments Total additions	\$	1,142,856 1,142,856		
Deductions: Fines and forfeitures distributed to other governments		1,142,856		
Total deductions Change in net position		1,142,856		
Net position at beginning of year				
Net position at end of year	\$	-		

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE CITY

The City of Alliance (the "City") is a statutory municipal corporation, incorporated under the laws of the State of Ohio. The City operates under a part-time Council and full-time Mayor form of government. The Mayor, Council, Auditor, Treasurer, Judge, Clerk of Court and Law Director are elected.

The reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements of the City are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the City. For the City, this includes those departments and agencies that provide the following services: police and fire protection, parks and recreation, planning, zoning, street maintenance and repair, municipal court and general administrative services.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the City is financially accountable. The City is financially accountable for an organization if the City appoints a voting majority of the organization's Governing Board and (1) the City is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the City is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or (3) the City is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the City is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the City in that the City approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes for the organization. The City also took into consideration other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the City are such that exclusion would cause the City's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

Based on the foregoing criteria, the financial activities of the following potential component unit has been reflected in the accompanying basic financial statements as:

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT

The component unit column in the combined financial statements identifies the financial data of the City's component unit: Alliance City Health Department. It is reported separately to emphasize that it is legally separate from the City.

<u>Alliance City Health Department (the "Health Department")</u> - is a legally separate health department. The Health Department's services include communicable disease investigations, immunization clinics, tuberculosis screenings, home visits, public health nursing services and issues, health-related licenses and permits, emergency preparedness activities as well as birth certificates and death certificates. The City appoints a voting majority of the Board and the City has a financial benefit/burden relationship with the Health Department.

Separately issued financial statements can be obtained from the Health Department by contacting Kevin Knowles, Alliance City Auditor, 504 E. Main Street, Alliance, Ohio 44601.

Information related to the Health Department is presented in Note 19.

The City is associated with the Stark County Council of Governments, the Stark County Regional Planning Commission, and the Stark Area Regional Transit Authority, which are defined as jointly governed organizations. The City does not have any financial interest in or responsibility for these organizations (see Note 16).

The City is also associated with the Alliance Area Development Foundation (the "Foundation"). The Foundation is a not-for-profit corporation. The board of trustees consists of contributing trustees and elected trustees. The contributing trustees select the elected trustees. In 2022, the Mayor was an Ex-Officio non-voting member. The Foundation's goal is to retain companies, enhance company growth and capture new business for the Alliance area. The Foundation has been excluded from the reporting entity.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

A. Basis of Presentation

The City's Basic Financial Statements ("BFS") consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-Wide Financial Statements - The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the City as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The activities of the internal service fund are eliminated to avoid "doubling up" revenues and expenses. The statements distinguish between those activities of the City that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities. On the statement of activities, interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental and business-type activities of the City at year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the City's governmental activities and for the business-type activities of the City. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the City, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental functions are self-financing or draw from the general revenues of the City.

Fund Financial Statements - During the year, the City segregates transactions related to certain City functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the City at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The internal service fund is presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund financial statements. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

B. Fund Accounting

The City uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds - Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance. The following are the City's major governmental funds:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>General fund</u> - The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Local fiscal recovery fund</u> - The local fiscal recovery fund accounts for monies received from the federal government as part of the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021. This Act provides additional relief to address the continued impact of the COVID-19 pandemic.

<u>Capital improvements fund</u> - The capital improvements fund accounts for income tax monies received for the purpose of the acquisition of capital assets.

Other governmental funds of the City are used to account for (a) financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets, (b) specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to an expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects and (c) financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

Proprietary Funds - Proprietary fund reporting focuses on changes in net position, financial position and cash flows. Proprietary funds are classified as either enterprise or internal service.

<u>Enterprise funds</u> - The enterprise funds may be used to account for any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services. The following are the City's major enterprise funds:

<u>Water fund</u> - This fund accounts for the provision of water treatment and distribution to residential and commercial users in the City.

<u>Sewer fund</u> - This fund accounts for sanitary sewer services provided to residential and commercial users in the City.

The nonmajor enterprise fund of the City are used to account for Robertson Community Center operations and garbage collection services.

<u>Internal service fund</u> - The internal service fund accounts for the financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the City on a cost-reimbursement basis. The City's internal service fund reports the operations of a health self-insurance program.

Fiduciary Funds - Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and custodial funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the City under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the City's own programs. The City has no trust funds. Custodial funds are used to account for other fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in a trust fund. The City's custodial fund accounts for municipal court collections collected on behalf of and distributed to other governments.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Government-Wide Financial Statements - The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and deferred outflows of resources and all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the City are included on the statement of net position.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements - All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and deferred outflows of resources and current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the financial statements for governmental funds.

Like the government-wide statements, all proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and deferred outflows of resources and all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of net position. The statement of changes in fund net position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net position. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the City finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operation. The principal operating revenues of the City's proprietary funds are charges for sales and services. Operating expenses for the enterprise funds include personnel and other expenses related to the operations of the enterprise activities and operating expenses for the internal service fund include claims and administrative expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting these definitions are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Fiduciary funds are accounted for using a flow of economic resources measurement focus.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and custodial funds also use the accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred outflows of resources and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues - Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, are recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the City, available means expected to be received within sixty days following year-end.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Nonexchange transactions, in which the City receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include income taxes, property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from income taxes is recognized in the period in which the income is earned (See Note 6.C.). Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 6.A.). Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the City must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the City on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at year end: income taxes, State-levied locally shared taxes (including gasoline tax, local government funds and permissive tax), fines and forfeitures, fees, investment earnings and special assessments.

Unearned Revenue - Unearned revenue represents amounts under the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting for which asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not yet been met because the amounts have not yet been earned. The City recognizes unearned revenue for intergovernmental revenue from grants received before the eligibility requirements are met.

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources - In addition to assets, the government-wide statement of net position will report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net asssets that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. See Notes 12 and 13 for deferred outflows of resources related the City's net pension (asset)/liability and net OPEB (asset)/liability, respectively.

In addition to liabilities, both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. For the City, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes and unavailable revenue. Property taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of December 31, 2022, but which were levied to finance 2023 operations. These amounts have been recorded as a deferred inflow of resources on both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental funds balance sheet, and represents receivables which will not be collected within the available period. For the City, unavailable revenue includes, but is not limited to, special assessments, income taxes, delinquent property taxes and intergovernmental grants. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available. The deferred inflow of resources for leases is related to the lease receivable and is being amortized to rental revenue in a systematic and rational manner over the term of the lease.

See Notes 12 and 13 for deferred inflows of resources related to the City's net pension (asset)/liability and net OPEB (asset)/liability, respectively. This deferred inflow of resources is only reported on the government-wide statement of net position.

Expenses/Expenditures - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

E. Budgetary Data

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources and the appropriation ordinance, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources and the appropriation ordinance are subject to amendment throughout the year with the legal restriction that the appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources, as certified. All funds, except for custodial funds, are required to be budgeted and appropriated. The legal level of budgetary control is at the personal services and other level within each department within each fund. The City has chosen to show information at the object level of detail. Budgetary modifications at the legal level of control may only be made by resolution of the City Council.

Tax Budget - The Tax Budget is submitted to the County Auditor, Secretary of the County Budget Commission, by August 20 of each year for the period January 1 to December 31 of the following year.

Estimated Resources - The County Budget Commission determines if the budget substantiates a need to levy all or part of previously authorized taxes and reviews estimated revenue. The Commission certifies its actions to the City by September 1. As part of this certification, the City receives the official certificate of estimated resources, which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to December 31, the City must revise its budget so that the total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount available as stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as the basis for the annual appropriation ordinance. On or about January 1, the certificate of estimated resources is amended to include unencumbered fund balances at December 31 of the preceding year. The certificate may be further amended during the year if the City Auditor determines, and the Budget Commission agrees, that an estimate needs to be either increased or decreased. The amounts reported on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the amended official certificate of estimated resources in effect when final appropriations were passed by Council. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted.

Appropriations - A temporary appropriation ordinance to control expenditures may be passed on or about January 1 of each year for the period January 1 to March 31. An annual appropriation ordinance must be passed by April 1 of each year for the period January 1 to December 31. The appropriation ordinance fixes spending authority at the legal level of budgetary control. The appropriation ordinance may be amended during the year as new information becomes available, provided that total fund appropriations may not exceed current estimated resources, as certified. The allocation of appropriations among funds may be modified during the year by an ordinance of Council. During the year, several supplemental appropriation measures were passed. The budget figures which appear in the statements of budgetary comparisons represent the final appropriation amounts passed during the year, including all amendments and modifications. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation resolution for that fund that covered the entire year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior years.

Encumbrances - As part of formal budgetary control, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded as the equivalent of expenditures on the non-GAAP budgetary basis in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation and to determine and maintain legal compliance. The Ohio Revised Code prohibits expenditures plus encumbrances from exceeding appropriations at the level adopted by Council. On the GAAP basis, encumbrances outstanding at year end are reported as part of restricted, committed, or assigned classifications of fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements.

Lapsing of Appropriations - At the close of each year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriations. The encumbered appropriation balance is carried forward to the succeeding year and is not reappropriated.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

F. Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, cash received by the City is pooled. Monies for all funds, including proprietary funds, are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the City records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents" on the financial statements.

During 2022, investments were limited to federal agency securities, a U.S. Government money market mutual fund, commercial paper, the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio), negotiable certificates of deposit, municipal bonds, and U.S. Treasury Notes. Except for the U.S. Government money market mutual fund and STAR Ohio, as discussed below, investments are reported at fair value which is based on quoted market prices.

During 2022, the City invested in STAR Ohio. STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 79, "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants." The City measures its investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The City also measures its investment in the U.S. Government money market mutual fund at the NAV value per share. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides an NAV per share that approximates fair value.

For 2022, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, 24 hours advance notice for deposits and withdrawals of \$100 million or more is encouraged. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$250 million, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$250 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

Investment procedures are restricted by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code. Under existing Ohio statutes, all investment earnings are assigned to the general fund unless statutorily required to be credited to a specific fund. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during 2022 was \$118,547, which includes \$80,358 assigned from other City funds.

Restricted cash and cash equivalents in the water fund represent balances set-aside for the water replacement and a water surplus reserve. These amounts are restricted in their use and are presented as "restricted assets: equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents" in the water fund.

Investments of the cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the City are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months not purchased from the pool are reported as investments.

The City has segregated bank accounts for monies held separate from the City's central bank account. These monies are presented in the statement of fiduciary net position as "cash and cash equivalents in segregated accounts" since they are not required to be deposited into the City treasury. The City maintains a separate bank account held at the police department that receives certain monies from the Stark County Clerk of Courts and the Alliance Municipal Court. These monies are presented in the statement of net position as "cash in segregated accounts".

G. Interfund Assets and Liabilities

Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the year is classified as "interfund loans receivable/payable" for the current portion of interfund loans. The non-current portion of interfund loans is classified as "advances to/from other funds". Receivables and payables resulting from transactions between funds for services provided or goods received are classified as "due from other funds" or "due to other funds" on the fund financial statements. These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the statement of net position.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

H. Inventories

Inventories of governmental funds are stated at cost while the inventories of the proprietary funds are stated at the lower of cost or market. For all funds, cost is determined on a first-in, first-out basis. Inventory in governmental funds consists of expendable supplies. The costs of inventory items are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund types and as expenses in the proprietary fund types when used.

On the governmental fund financial statements, reported materials and supplies inventory is equally offset by nonspendable fund balance which indicates that it does not constitute available spendable resources even though it is a component of current assets.

I. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets in the enterprise funds and business-type activities include cash and cash equivalents set aside for the replacement and improvement of capital assets originally acquired with bond proceeds.

J. Bond Issuance Costs, Bond Premium/Discount and Accounting Gain/Loss

On government-wide financial statements and in the enterprise funds, issuance costs are expensed during the year in which they incurred.

Bond premiums/discounts are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method. Bond premiums are presented as an addition to the face amount of the bonds.

For advance refundings resulting in the defeasance of debt reported in the government-wide financial statements and enterprise funds, the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt is deferred and amortized as a component of interest expense. This accounting gain or loss is amortized over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter, and is presented as deferred outflows or inflows of resources on the statement of net position in the government-wide financial statements and enterprise funds.

On the governmental-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements, bond premiums are recognized in the current period. The reconciliation between the bond's face value and the amount reported on the statement of net position is presented in Note 11.B.

K. Prepayments

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit the City beyond December 31, 2022 are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method by recording a current asset for the prepaid amount and reflecting the expenditure/expense in the year in which it was consumed.

On the governmental fund financial statements, prepaid items are equally offset by nonspendable fund balance which indicates that they do not constitute available spendable resources even though they are a component of current assets.

L. Capital Assets and Depreciation/Amortization

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to the capital assets associated with a fund are determined by its measurement focus. General capital assets are long-lived assets of the City as a whole. When purchased, such assets are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds and not capitalized. The valuation basis for general capital assets are historical cost, or where historical cost is not available, estimated historical cost based on replacement cost. The minimum capitalization threshold is any individual item with a total cost greater than \$5,000.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Capital assets in the proprietary funds are capitalized in the fund in which they are utilized. The valuation basis for proprietary fund capital assets is the same as that used for general capital assets. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition cost.

Improvements are capitalized. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of an asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized. Improvements to fund capital assets are capitalized and depreciated/amortized over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets.

Public domain ("infrastructure") general capital assets consisting of roads, bridges, curbs and gutters, streets and sidewalks, drainage systems and lighting systems are capitalized.

All capital assets are depreciated/amortized except for land, easements and right of ways and construction in progress. Depreciation/amortization of capital assets is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Description	Estimated Lives
Land improvements	20 years
Buildings, structures and improvements	10 - 40 years
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	5 - 15 years
Vehicles	5 - 20 years
Water and sewer lines	50 - 60 years
Infrastructure	5 - 50 years
Intangible right to use - leased equipment	5 years

The City reported intangible right to use assets related to leased equipment. The intangible assets are being amortized in a systematic and rational manner of the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset.

M. Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits and compensatory time are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributed to services already rendered and it is probable that the City will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The City records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all employees with more than one year of service.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination method. An accrual for sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is an estimate based on the City's past experience of making termination payments.

On governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as a liability and expenditure to the extent payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. These amounts are recorded in the account "compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have resigned or retired will be paid.

N. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>Restricted</u> - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints are placed on the use of resources that are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (ordinance) of City Council (the highest level of decision making authority). Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless City Council removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

<u>Assigned</u> - Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the City for specific purposes, but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The City Council has by resolution authorized the City Auditor to assign fund balance. The City Council may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

<u>Unassigned</u> - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is only used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The City applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) fund balance is available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

O. Interfund Activity

Transfers between governmental and business-type activities on the government-wide statements are reported in the same manner as general revenues.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flow of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds.

P. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

O. Fair Value Measurements

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

R. Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the financial statements only to the extent that they are normally due for payment during the current year. Bonds, loans, leases and long-term notes that will be paid from governmental funds are recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements when due. Net pension/OPEB liability should be recognized in the governmental funds to the extent that benefit payments are due and payable and the pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is not sufficient for payment of those benefits.

S. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. The net position component "net investment in capital assets" consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets or related debt also should be included in this component of net position. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, laws, or regulations of other governments. Net position restricted for other purposes consist primarily of municipal court computerization, State misdemeanant programs, indigent drivers program, Brownfield programs, municipal court security and municipal court legal research.

The City applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

T. Contributions of Capital

Contributions of capital in proprietary fund financial statements arise from outside contributions of capital assets, or from grants or outside contributions of resources restricted to capital acquisition and construction. The City's proprietary funds had no contributions of capital in 2022.

U. Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability, net pension asset, net OPEB asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related pensions/OPEB, and pension/OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

V. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the City Council and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. The City had no extraordinary items or special items in 2022.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Change in Accounting Principles

For 2022, the City has implemented GASB Statement No. 87, "Leases", GASB Implementation Guide 2019-3, "Leases", GASB Implementation Guide 2020-1, "Implementation Guide Update - 2020", GASB Statement No. 91, "Conduit Debt Obligations", GASB Statement No. 92, "Omnibus 2020", GASB Statement No. 93, "Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates", GASB Statement No. 97, "Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a supersession of GASB Statement No. 32" and certain paragraphs of GASB Statement No. 99, "Omnibus 2022".

GASB Statement No. 87 and GASB Implementation Guide 2019-3 enhance the relevance and consistency of information of the government's leasing activities. It establishes requirements for lease accounting based on the principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. A lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right to use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources.

These changes were incorporated in the City's 2022 financial statements. The City recognized \$38,848 in governmental activities in leases receivable at January 1, 2022, due to the implementation of GASB 87; however, this entire amount was offset by deferred inflows of resources for leases. The City also recognized \$19,310 in governmental activities in leases payable at January 1, 2022; however, this entire amount was offset by the intangible asset, right to use lease - equipment.

GASB Implementation Guide 2020-1 provides clarification on issues related to previously established GASB guidance. The implementation of GASB Implementation Guide 2020-1 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the City.

GASB Statement No. 91 provides a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. This Statement achieves those objectives by clarifying the existing definition of a conduit debt obligation; establishing that a conduit debt obligation is not a liability of the issuer; establishing standards for accounting and financial reporting of additional commitments and voluntary commitments extended by issuers and arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations; and improving required note disclosures. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 91 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the City.

GASB Statement No. 92 enhances comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 92 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the City.

GASB Statement No. 93 establishes accounting and financial reporting requirements related to the replacement of Interbank Offered Rates (IBORs) in hedging derivative instruments and leases. It also identifies appropriate benchmark interest rates for hedging derivative instruments. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 93 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the City.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 97 is to (1) increase consistency and comparability related to the reporting of fiduciary component units in circumstances in which a potential component unit does not have a governing board and the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically would perform; (2) mitigate costs associated with the reporting of certain defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans, and employee benefit plans other than pension plans or OPEB plans (other employee benefit plans) as fiduciary component units in fiduciary fund financial statements; and (3) enhance the relevance, consistency, and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting for Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 deferred compensation plans (Section 457 plans) that meet the definition of a pension plan and for benefits provided through those plans. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 97 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the City.

GASB Statement No. 99 is to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 99 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the City.

B. Deficit Fund Balances/Net Position

Fund balances/net position at December 31, 2022 included the following individual fund deficits:

Nonmajor funds	<u>Deficit</u>
HUD Grant	\$ 94,026
Fire Pension	32,071
Police Pension	33,094
FEMA	30,000
Internal service fund	119,703

The general fund is liable for any deficit in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. The deficits resulted from adjustments for accrued liabilities.

NOTE 4 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance - budget and actual (non-GAAP budgetary basis) presented for the general fund and local fiscal recovery fund are presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (a) Revenues and other financing sources are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures and other financing uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to assigned, committed or restricted fund balance for that portion of outstanding encumbrances not already recognized as an accounts payable (GAAP basis);

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 4 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING - (Continued)

- (d) Investments are reported at fair value (GAAP basis) rather than cost basis (budget basis);
- (e) Advances-in and advances-out are operating transactions (budget basis) as opposed to balance sheet transactions (GAAP basis); and,
- (f) Some funds are included in the general fund (GAAP basis), but have separate legally adopted budgets (budget basis).

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statements (as reported in the fund financial statements) to the budgetary basis statements for all governmental funds for which a budgetary basis statement is presented:

Net Change in Fund Balance

		Local Fiscal
	General fund	Recovery fund
Budget basis	\$ 1,404,477	\$ 4,731,533
Net adjustment for revenue accruals	(1,501,296)	(5,561,217)
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals	94,251	(170,381)
Net adjustments for other financing sources and uses	3,000	-
Funds budgeted elsewhere	90,159	-
Adjustments for encumbrances	22,068	1,000,065
GAAP basis	\$ 112,659	\$ -

Certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate special revenue funds are considered part of the general fund on a GAAP basis. This includes the City income tax fund, gasoline revolving fund, supply revolving fund and auditor transfer fund.

NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the City into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the City Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the City has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories.

Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

The City's monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, and Government National Mortgage Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the fair value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio, and, with certain limitations including a requirement for maturity within ten years from the date of settlement, bonds and other obligations of political subdivisions of the State of Ohio, if training requirements have been met;
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in items (1) or (2) above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool, the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio); and,
- 8. Certain bankers' acceptances (for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days) and commercial paper notes (for a period not to exceed two hundred seventy days) in an amount not to exceed 40 percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time if training requirements have been met.

Protection of the deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by the financial institutions participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. Except as noted above, an investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the City, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the City Auditor or qualified trustee or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

A. Cash and Cash Equivalents in Segregated Accounts

At year end, the City had \$5,195 in cash held in segregated accounts for Municipal Court operations. This amount is included in deposits with financial institutions below.

Additionally, the City had \$36,101 in cash held in segregated accounts at the police department for mandatory drug fines. This amount is included in deposits with financial institutions below.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

B. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At December 31, 2022, the carrying amount of all City deposits was \$1,839,962 and the bank balance of all City deposits was \$2,242,871. Of the bank balance, \$286,101 was covered by the FDIC, \$1,720,269 was covered by the Ohio Pooled Collateral System and \$236,501 was exposed to custodial credit risk because those deposits were uninsured and uncollateralized.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the City will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits either be insured or protected by (1) eligible securities pledged to the City's and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose fair value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured, or (2) participation in the OPCS, a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total fair value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of State. For 2022, the City's financial institutions were approved for a reduced collateral rate of 50 percent through the OPCS. Although all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with Federal requirements could potentially subject the City to a successful claim by the FDIC.

C. Investments

As of December 31, 2022, the City had the following investments and maturities:

			Investment Maturities									
Measurement/	M	leasurement		6 months		7 to 12		13 to 18		19 to 24	Great	er than
Investment type	_	Amount	_	or less	_	months	_	months	_	months	24 m	onths
Fair Value:												
Commercial Paper	\$	3,599,069	\$	2,673,143	\$	925,926	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
FFCB		3,828,900		-		145,980		1,197,065		330,267	2,1	55,588
FHLB		5,103,114		346,105		-		-		1,043,675	3,7	13,334
FHLMC		1,772,344		-		-		470,270		-	1,3	02,074
FNMA		2,601,026		-		-		-		-	2,6	01,026
FAMC		445,040		-		-		-		-	4	45,040
Negotiable CDs		5,621,000		884,151		1,888,878		1,681,325		-	1,1	66,646
U.S. Treasury Notes		11,342,514		649,187		336,739		1,163,129		1,612,739	7,5	80,720
Municipal Bonds		977,016		248,680		312,518		415,818		-		-
Amortized Cost:												
U.S. Government money market												
mutual fund		80,883		80,883		-		-		-		-
STAR Ohio	_	1,313,139		1,313,139			_		_			
Total	\$	36,684,045	\$	6,195,288	\$	3,610,041	\$	4,927,607	\$	2,986,681	\$ 18,9	64,428

The City's investments in commercial paper, federal agency securities (FFCB, FHLB, FHLMC, FNMA, FAMC), negotiable CD's, U.S. Treasury Notes, and municipal bonds are valued using quoted prices in markets that are not considered to be active, dealer quotations or alternative pricing sources for similar assets or liabilities for which all significant inputs are observable, either directly or indirectly (Level 2 inputs).

Interest Rate Risk: The Ohio Revised Code generally limits security purchases to those that mature within five years of the settlement date. Interest rate risk arises because potential purchasers of debt securities will not agree to pay face value for those securities if interest rates subsequently increase.

The City's investment policy addresses interest rate risk by requiring the consideration of market conditions and cash flow requirements in determining the term of an investment.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The federal agency securities and commercial paper are exposed to custodial credit risk in that they are uninsured, unregistered and held by the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the City's name. The City has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial credit risk beyond the requirement in State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the City Auditor or qualified trustee.

Credit Risk: The Standard & Poor's (S&P) and Moody's ratings are identified in the table below for each of the City's investments.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The City's investment policy addresses concentration of credit risk by requiring investments to be diversified to reduce the risk of loss resulting from over concentration of assets in a specific issue or specific class of securities. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the City at December 31, 2022:

Measurement/	N	Measurement		Ratings				
Investment type	_	Amount	% of Total	S&P	Moody's			
Fair Value:								
Commercial Paper	\$	3,599,069	9.81	A-1/A-1+	P-1			
FFCB		3,828,900	10.44	AA+	Aaa			
FHLB		5,103,114	13.91	AA+	Aaa			
FHLMC		1,772,344	4.83	AA+	Aaa			
FNMA		2,601,026	7.09	AA+	Aaa			
FAMC		445,040	1.21	Not Rated	Not Rated			
Negotiable CDs		5,621,000	15.33	Not Rated	Not Rated			
US Treasury Note		11,342,514	30.92	AA+	Aaa			
Municipal Bonds		977,016	2.66	AAA	Aaa/Aa2			
Amortized Cost:								
U.S. Government money market								
mutual fund		80,883	0.22	AAAm	Aaa-mf			
STAR Ohio		1,313,139	3.58	AAAm	Not Rated			
Total	\$	36,684,045	100.00					

D. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Position

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the note above to cash and cash equivalents as reported on the statement of net position as of December 31, 2022:

Cash and investments per note	
Carrying amount of deposits	\$ 1,798,666
Investments Cash in segregated accounts	 36,684,045 41,296
Total	\$ 38,524,007
Cash and cash equivalents per statements of net position	
Governmental activities	\$ 25,521,478
Business-type activities	12,908,676
Fiduciary funds	5,195
Health Department (Component Unit)	 88,658
Total	\$ 38,524,007

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 6 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at December 31, 2022 consisted of taxes, accounts (billings for user charged services), loans (community development block grant and urban development action monies loaned to local businesses and low to moderate income homeowners), intergovernmental receivables arising from grants, entitlements and shared revenues, accrued interest, special assessments, and leases. All receivables are expected to be collected within one year, except loans which are repaid over a period of five to fifteen years, and special assessments which are collected over the life of the assessment.

A. Property Taxes

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility property located in the City. Taxes collected from real property taxes (other than public utility) in one calendar year are levied in the preceding calendar year on the assessed value as of January 1 of that preceding year, the lien date. Assessed values are established by the County Auditor at 35 percent of appraised market value. All property is required to be revaluated every six years. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits later payment dates to be established.

Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes collected in one calendar year are levied in the preceding calendar year on assessed values determined as of December 31 of the second year proceeding the tax collection year, the lien date. Public utility tangible personal property is assessed at varying percentages of true value; public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value. 2022 public utility property taxes became a lien December 31, 2021, are levied after October 1, 2022, and are collected in 2023 with real property taxes. Public utility property taxes are payable on the same dates as real property taxes described previously.

The County Treasurer collects property taxes on behalf of all taxing districts in the County, including the City of Alliance. The County Auditor periodically remits to the City its portion of the taxes collected. Property taxes receivable represents real property taxes, public utility taxes, delinquent tangible personal property taxes and other outstanding delinquencies which are measurable as of December 31, 2022 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. In the governmental funds, the current portion of the receivable has been offset by a deferred inflow of resources since the current taxes were not levied to finance 2022 operations and the collection of delinquent taxes has been offset by a deferred inflow of resources since the collection of the taxes during the available period is not subject to reasonable estimation. On a full accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue while on a modified accrual basis the revenue is a deferred inflow of resources.

The full tax rate for all City operations for the year ended December 31, 2022 was \$9.70 per \$1,000 of assessed value. The assessed values of real and tangible personal property upon which 2021 property tax receipts were based are as follows:

Real property

Residential/agricultural	\$ 224,416,470
Commercial/industrial/mineral	131,030,400
Public utility personal property	17,774,270
Total assessed value	\$ 373,221,140

B. Loans Receivable

Loans receivable represent the principal owed to the City for community development block grants and urban development action grants. The loans bear interest at annual rates between two and six percent. The loans are to be repaid over periods ranging from five to fifteen years. Total loans receivable at December 31, 2022 were \$408,861.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 6 – RECEIVABLES – (Continued)

C. Income Taxes

Employers within the City are required to withhold income taxes on employee compensation and remit the taxes to the City either monthly or quarterly, as required. Corporations are required to pay their estimated tax quarterly and file a declaration annually. By City ordinance, income tax proceeds in 2022, after income tax department expenditures, are to be credited to the following funds at the following percentages: 79 percent to the general fund, 10 percent to the capital improvements fund, 7 percent to the street income tax construction fund (a nonmajor governmental fund) and 4 percent to the water fund. On the fund financial statements, total income taxes receivable for 2022 was \$2,702,085 in the governmental funds and \$109,963 in the water fund.

D. Special Assessments

Special assessments include annually assessed demolition assessments and assessments for debt obligations.

Demolition special assessments are levied against all property owners which benefit from the demolitions while special assessments for debt obligations are levied against specific property owners who primarily benefited from the project.

The City's demolition assessments are billed by the County Auditor and collected by the County Treasurer. The County Auditor periodically remits these collections to the City. Special assessments collected in one calendar year are levied and certified in the preceding calendar year. At December 31, 2022, the total special assessments receivable was \$1,825,458.

E. Lease Receivable

The City has entered into a building space lease agreement which commenced on October 1, 1994 and ended on June 30, 1995. The lease automatically renews for two year periods. Payments are made monthly and are reported in the general fund.

The City reported leases receivable of \$19,586 in the general fund at December 31, 2022. For 2022, the City recognized interest revenue of \$571.

The following is a schedule of future lease payments under the agreement:

Year Ending					
December 31,	P1	incipal	_	Interest	<u>Total</u>
2023	\$	19,586	\$	214	\$ 19,800

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 7 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 87 (see Note 3.A.) for detail, the City has reported capital assets for the right to use leased equipment which are reflected in the schedule below. Capital asset activity for 2022 is as follows:

Governmental activities:	Restated Balance 12/31/21	Additions	Deductions	Balance 12/31/22
Capital assets, not being depreciated/amortized:				
Land	\$ 3,397,787	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,397,787
Easements and right of ways	116,018	_	-	116,018
Construction in progress	1,840,805	2,555,091	(608,434)	3,787,462
Total capital assets, not being depreciated/amortized	5,354,610	2,555,091	(608,434)	7,301,267
Capital assets, being depreciated/amortized:				
Buildings, structures and improvements	10,493,037	375,121	-	10,868,158
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	5,598,062	816,968	=	6,415,030
Vehicles	4,841,037	760,566	-	5,601,603
Infrastructure	37,963,193	309,561	=	38,272,754
Intangible right to use - leased equipment	19,310			19,310
Total capital assets, being depreciated/amortized	58,914,639	2,262,216		61,176,855
Less: accumulated depreciation/amortization:				
Buildings, structures and improvements	(5,248,195)	(348,646)	-	(5,596,841)
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	(4,141,205)	(177,603)	-	(4,318,808)
Vehicles	(2,850,386)	(223,371)	=	(3,073,757)
Infrastructure	(31,779,896)	(815,778)	-	(32,595,674)
Intangible right to use - leased equipment		(8,051)		(8,051)
Total accumulated depreciation/amortization	(44,019,682)	(1,573,449)		(45,593,131)
Total capital assets, being depreciated/amortized net	14,894,957	688,767		15,583,724
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 20,249,567	\$ 3,243,858	\$ (608,434)	\$ 22,884,991

Depreciation/amortization expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:

General government	\$ 235,923
Security of persons and property	310,150
Public health services	845
Transportation	860,584
Community environment	9,958
Basic utility services	2,503
Leisure time activities	 153,486
Total depreciation/amortization expense - governmental activities	\$ 1,573,449

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 7 - CAPITAL ASSETS - (Continued)

T		Balance 12/31/21		Additions	Do	ductions	Balance 12/31/22
Business-type activities:		12/31/21		Additions		ductions	 12/31/22
Capital assets, not being depreciated/amortized:							
Land	\$	1,159,437	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,159,437
Construction in progress		1,068,220		4,208,476		(190,829)	 5,085,867
Total capital assets, not being depreciated/amortized		2,227,657	_	4,208,476		(190,829)	 6,245,304
Capital assets, being depreciated/amortized:							
Land improvements		1,530,940		5,021		-	1,535,961
Buildings, structures and improvements		22,058,139		6,000		-	22,064,139
Water and sewer lines		29,033,594		1,176,118		-	30,209,712
Furniture, fixtures and equipment		13,621,915		585,866		-	14,207,781
Intangible right to use - leased equipment				10,743			 10,743
Total capital assets, being depreciated/amortized	_	66,244,588		1,783,748			 68,028,336
Less: accumulated depreciation/amortization:							
Land improvements		(1,413,680)		(8,953)		_	(1,422,633)
Buildings, structures and improvements		(9,028,273)		(469,242)		_	(9,497,515)
Water and sewer lines		(18,216,417)		(547,830)		_	(18,764,247)
Furniture, fixtures and equipment		(7,250,897)		(580,018)		_	(7,830,915)
Intangible right to use - leased equipment		<u> </u>	_	(1,364)			 (1,364)
Total accumulated depreciation/amortization		(35,909,267)		(1,607,407)		<u>-</u>	 (37,516,674)
Total capital assets, being depreciated/amortized net		30,335,321		176,341			 30,511,662
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	32,562,978	\$	4,384,817	\$	(190,829)	\$ 36,756,966

Depreciation/amortization expense was charged to functions/programs of the City as follows:

Business-type activities:

Water	\$ 699,203
Sewer	895,535
Robertson Community Center	12,167
Community Improvement	 502
Total depreciation/amortization expense - business-type activities	\$ 1,607,407

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 8 - RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Liability Insurance

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. During 2022, the City contracted with Ohio Municipal Joint Self-Insurance Pool for various types of insurance as follows:

Type of Coverage	Dec	<u>luctible</u>	<u>Limit - Aggregate</u>
General Liability	\$	1,000	\$3,000,000
Wrongful Acts		5,000	3,000,000
Law Enforcement		5,000	1,000,000
Automobile Liability		None	1,000,000
Bond		250	400,000
Crime - Theft		250	10,000
Crime - Forgery/Computer Fraud		250	100,000
Property		2,500	80,108,399
Inland Marine		1,000	3,253,770
Electronic Data Processing Equipment		1,000	593,816
Electronic Data Processing Software		1,000	75,000
Excess Liability		N/A	3,000,000

The excess liability deduction only applies to liability not covered by primary general liability, auto liability, etc. The inland marine limit includes scheduled, unscheduled and emergency portable equipment.

Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three years and there was no significant change in insurance coverage from the prior year.

B. Workers' Compensation

The City participates in the Ohio Municipal League Group Rating Plan (OML) for workers' compensation. The intent of the OML is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the participants, foster safer working environments and foster cost-effective claims management skills by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the OML. The workers' compensation experience of the participating cities is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all cities in the OML. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the OML rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings of the OML. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "equity pooling fund." This "equity pooling" arrangement ensures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the OML. Participation in the OML is limited to cities that can meet the OML's selection criteria. The firm of Aultcare provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the OML.

C. Health Insurance

The City has elected to provide health care coverage to its employees through a self-insured program. The City maintains a self-insurance internal service fund to account for and finance its uninsured risks of loss in this program. The City purchases stop-loss coverage that covers claims in excess of \$80,000 per employee. A third party administrator, Aultcare, reviews all claims which are then paid by the City.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 8 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)

The claims liability of \$371,846 reported in the self-insurance fund at December 31, 2022, is estimated by the third-party administrator and is based on the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10, "<u>Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues</u>", as amended by GASB Statement No. 30, "<u>Risk Financing Omnibus</u>", which requires that a liability for unpaid claims costs, including estimates of costs relating to incurred, but not reported claims, be reported. The estimate was not affected by incremental claim adjustment expenses and does not include other allocated or unallocated claim adjustment expenses.

Changes in the fund's claims liability amount for the last three years follow:

	Balance at	Current		Balance
	Beginning	Year	Claim	at End
	of Year	<u>Claims</u>	Payments	of Year
2020	138,884	2,847,437	(2,819,478)	166,843
2021	166,843	3,055,825	(3,048,651)	174,017
2022	174,017	3,391,028	(3,193,199)	371,846

NOTE 9 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

A. Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers are used to 1) move revenues from the fund required by statute or budget to collect them to the fund required by statute or budget to expend them, 2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund (a nonmajor governmental fund) as debt service payments become due, 3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds, 4) to provide additional resources for current operations or debt service and 5) to return money to the fund from which it was originally provided once a grant/project is complete.

A summary of interfund transfers is as follows:

<u>Transfers from</u>	<u>Transfers to</u>	_	Amount
General fund	Nonmajor governmental funds	\$	982,018
Nonmajor governmental funds	Nonmajor governmental funds		7,377
Total		\$	989,395

Transfers between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements. All transfers made in 2022 were in accordance with Ohio Revised Code sections 5705.14, 5705.15 and 5705.16.

B. Due To/From Other Funds

Interfund balances at December 31, 2022 as reported on the fund statements, consist of the following amounts due to/from other funds:

Receivable fund	Payable fund	Amount
General fund	Nonmajor governmental fund	\$ 26,641

The primary purpose of the interfund balances is to cover negative cash balances in specific funds where revenues were not received by December 31. These interfund balances will be repaid once the anticipated revenues are received.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 9 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS - (Continued)

Interfund balances between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements. Interfund balances between governmental funds and business-type activities are reported as an internal balance on the government-wide statement of activities.

C. Interfund Loans Receivable/Payable

Interfund loans receivable/payable consisted of the following at December 31, 2022, as reported on the fund financial statements.

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Α	mount
General fund	Nonmajor governmental fund	\$	158,009

These balances resulted from the lag time between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

D. Advances To/From Other Funds

The City had long-term interfund loans at December 31, 2022. These loans are not expected to be repaid in the subsequent year. The City has classified these loans as "advances to/from other funds" on the fund financial statements.

The City had the following long-term advances outstanding at year end:

Advance from	Advance to	<u>A</u> 1	mount
General fund	Nonmajor governmental fund	\$	5,626

NOTE 10 - TAX ABATEMENTS

As of December 31, 2022, the City provides tax abatements through Community Reinvestment Area (CRA). This program relates to the abatement of property taxes.

<u>CRA</u> - Under the authority of Ohio Revised Code (ORC) Section 3735.67, the CRA program is an economic development tool administered by municipal and county governments that provides real property tax exemptions for property owners who renovate existing or construct new buildings. CRA's are areas of land in which property owners can receive tax incentives for investing in real property improvements. Under the CRA program, local governments petition to the Ohio Development Services Agency (ODSA) for confirmation of a geographical area in which investment in housing is desired. Once an area is confirmed by the ODSA, local governments may offer real property tax exemptions to taxpayers that invest in that area. Property owners in the CRA can receive temporary tax abatements for renovation of existing structures and new construction in these areas. Property owners apply to the local legislative authority for approval to renovate or construct in the CRA. Upon approval and certification of completion, the amount of the abatement is deducted from the individual or entity's property tax bill.

During 2022 the City's property tax revenues were reduced by \$11,903 as a result of these agreements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

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NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A. Governmental activities

Due to the implementation of GASB Statemen No. 87 (see Note 3.A. for detail), the City has reported obligations for leases payable which are reflected in the schedule below. A schedule of changes in long-term obligations of the City during 2022 follows:

		Restated								
		Balance						Balance	Α	mounts
	(Outstanding					О	utstanding	Dι	ıe Within
		12/31/21	Α	Additions	Reductions		12/31/22		One Year	
Governmental activities OPWC loans (direct borrowing):										
MLK bridge rehabilitation	\$	293,335	\$		\$	(13,333)	\$	280,002	\$	13,333
Total OPWC loans		293,335				(13,333)		280,002		13,333
SIB loans (direct borrowing):										
MLK bridge project		47,153				(23,225)		23,928		23,928
Total SIB loans	_	47,153				(23,225)		23,928		23,928
Other long-term obligations:										
Leases payable		19,310		-		(7,865)		11,445		6,687
Police and fire pension liability		245,224		-		(13,877)		231,347		14,472
Net pension liability		15,824,063		-		(2,321,838)		13,502,225		-
Net OPEB liability		1,935,985		90,757		-		2,026,742		-
Compensated absences		2,532,968	_	258,933		(322,295)		2,469,606		768,326
Total governmental activities	\$	20,898,038	\$	349,690	\$	(2,702,433)	\$	18,545,295	\$	826,746

Ohio Public Works Commission (OPWC) Loans

The City has entered into loan agreements with the OPWC to finance the renovation of the Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr. viaduct. These loans bear no interest. Principal payments are being made from the capital improvements fund.

OPWC loans are direct borrowings that have terms negotiated directly between the City and the OPWC and are not offered for public sale. In the event of default, the OPWC may (1) charge an 8% default interest rate from the date of the default to the date of the payment and charge the City for all costs incurred by the OPWC in curing the default, (2) in accordance with Ohio Revised Code 164.05, direct the county treasurer of the county in which the City is located to pay the amount of the default from funds that would otherwise be appropriated to the City from such county's undivided local government fund pursuant to ORC 5747.51-5747.53, or (3) at its discretion, declare the entire principal amount of loan then remaining unpaid, together with all accrued interest and other charges, become immediately due and payable.

State Infrastructure Bank (SIB) Loan

The City has entered into SIB Loan agreements to finance the renovation of the Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr. viaduct. These are considered to be direct borrowings since they have terms negotiated directly between the City and the lender and are not offered for public sale. The loans bear a 3.00% interest rate and mature in 2023. Principal and interest payments will be made from the capital improvements fund. During 2022, the City made a principal payment of \$23,225.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

Leases Payable

The City has entered into lease agreements for the right to use equipment. Due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 87, the City will report an intangible capital asset and corresponding liability for the future scheduled payments under the leases. The lease payments will be paid from the general fund, capital improvements fund, and the park levy fund (a nonmajor governmental fund).

The City has entered into lease agreements for copier equipment at varying years and term as follows:

	Lease		Lease	
	Commencement		End	Payment
Lease	Date	Years	Date	Frequency
Copier equipment	2021	5	2026	Quarterly
Copier equipment	2021	3	2024	Monthly
Copier equipment	2019	5	2024	Monthly
Copier equipment	2020	5	2025	Monthly
Copier equipment	2018	5	2023	Monthly

Police and Fire Pension Liability

The City was required to begin paying past pension for police and fire pension that were incurred when the State of Ohio established the statewide system for police and firefighters in 1967. The City is required to make semi-annual payments on May 31 and November 30 of every year. The liability carries an interest rate of 4.21% and matures on November 30, 2035. The police and fire pension liability will be paid from property tax revenue in the police pension fund (a nonmajor governmental fund) and the fire pension fund (a nonmajor governmental fund).

Net Pension Liability and Net OPEB Liability

See Notes 12 and 13 for more details. The City pays obligations related to employee compensations from the fund benefitting from their service.

Compensated Absences

Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries are paid, which for the City is primarily the general fund and the street repair and maintenance fund (a nonmajor governmental fund).

Principal and interest requirements to retire governmental long-term obligations outstanding at December 31, 2022 are as follows:

Year Ending		OPWC Loan	- MLK Bridge 2014 SIB Loan - M				- M	LK Project	
December 31,	_	Principal	_	Interest	_		Principal	-	Interest
2023	\$	13,333	\$		-	\$	23,928	\$	540
2024		13,333			-		-		-
2025		13,333			-		-		-
2026		13,333			-		-		_
2027		13,333			-		-		-
2028 - 2032		66,665			-		-		-
2033 - 2037		66,665			-		-		-
2038 - 2042		66,665			-		-		-
2043 - 2044		13,342							<u>-</u>
Total	\$	280,002	\$		<u>-</u>	\$	23,928	\$	540

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

Year Ending		Leases	<u>ble</u>	Police and Fire Pension Liability					
December 31,	<u>P1</u>	rincipal		Interest		<u>Principal</u>		Interest	
2023	\$	6,687	\$	453	\$	14,472	\$	9,674	
2024		3,114		234		15,093		9,052	
2025		1,161		86		15,741		8,405	
2026		483		14		16,417		7,729	
2027		-		-		17,121		7,024	
2028 - 2032		-		-		97,282		23,447	
2033 - 2035				<u> </u>		55,221		3,499	
Total	\$	11,445	\$	787	\$	231,347	\$	68,830	

B. Business-type activities

A schedule of changes in long-term obligations of the City during 2022 follows:

	Balance Outstanding 12/31/21	Additions	Reductions	Balance Outstanding 12/31/22	Amounts Due Within One Year
Business-type activities: General obligation bonds:					
2012 water works improvement bonds Unamortized premium	\$ 685,000 100		\$ (60,000) (10)	\$ 625,000 90	\$ 60,000 10
Total general obligation bonds	685,100		(60,010)	625,090	60,010
OPWC loans (direct borrowing):					
Beeson St. (2004)	41,352	_	(13,785)	27,567	13,785
WWTP clarifier (2006) OPWC loan - raw influent pump	28,420	-	(5,684)	22,736	5,684
replacement (2009)	166,823	-	(20,852)	145,971	20,853
Water UV Light Oxidation (2013)	853,406	-	(37,105)	816,301	37,105
WWTP Class A Biosolids (2018)	229,075	<u> </u>	(13,475)	215,600	13,475
Total OPWC loans	1,319,076	<u> </u>	(90,901)	1,228,175	90,902
OWDA loans (direct borrowing):					
Sludge dewatering facility (2016)	5,014,822	-	(338,254)	4,676,568	104,091
Marlington-Alliance Waterline (2017)	633,955	-	(55,875)	578,080	13,650
Carbon Feed System (2018)	712,199	-	(50,399)	661,800	11,869
TTHM Removal System (2021)	933,163	-	(48,958)	884,205	44,358
WWTP Phase I Improvements (2022)		3,463,758		3,463,758	
Total OWDA loans	7,294,139	3,463,758	(493,486)	10,264,411	173,968
Other long-term obligations:					
Leases payable	-	10,563	(1,138)	9,425	1,983
Net pension liability	2,738,429		(1,110,504)	1,627,925	-
Compensated absences	680,492	102,601	(100,320)	682,773	291,072
Total business-type activities	\$ 12,717,236	\$ 3,576,922	\$ (1,856,359)	\$ 14,437,799	\$ 617,935

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

Series 2012 Various Purpose Improvement and Refunding Bonds

On March 26, 2012, the City issued \$2,475,000 in 2012 various purpose improvement bonds. In the water enterprise fund, \$1,245,000 was issued in various improvement bonds for waterworks projects.

The waterworks improvement bonds are comprised of current interest bonds (consisting of \$330,000 of serial bonds and \$915,000 term bonds). The interest rate on the current interest bonds ranges from 1.0% to 3.225%. The bonds were issued for a nineteen year period, with a final stated maturity date of December 1, 2031. The bonds will be retired through the water fund.

The waterworks improvement bonds maturing on December 1, 2024 shall be subject to mandatory redemption requirements on December 1, 2021, December 1, 2022 and December 1, 2023, in the respective principal amounts of \$60,000, \$60,000 and \$60,000 (with the balance of \$65,000 to be paid at maturity on December 1, 2024).

The waterworks improvement bonds maturing on December 1, 2028 shall be subject to mandatory redemption requirements on December 1, 2025, December 1, 2026 and December 1, 2027, in the respective principal amounts of \$65,000, \$65,000 and \$70,000 (with the balance of \$70,000 to be paid at maturity on December 1, 2028).

The waterworks improvement bonds maturing on December 1, 2031 shall be subject to mandatory redemption requirements on December 1, 2029 and December 1, 2030, in the respective principal amounts of \$75,000 and \$75,000 (with the balance of \$80,000 to be paid at maturity on December 1, 2031).

Ohio Public Works Commission (OPWC) Loans

The City has entered into loan agreements with the OPWC to finance various water and sewer improvement projects. These loans bear no interest and are being repaid from user fees generated by the water fund and the sewer fund. Principal payments are made from the water and sewer funds.

OPWC loans are direct borrowings that have terms negotiated directly between the City and the OPWC and are not offered for public sale. In the event of default, the OPWC may (1) charge an 8% default interest rate from the date of the default to the date of the payment and charge the City for all costs incurred by the OPWC in curing the default, (2) in accordance with Ohio Revised Code 164.05, direct the county treasurer of the county in which the City is located to pay the amount of the default from funds that would otherwise be appropriated to the City from such county's undivided local government fund pursuant to ORC 5747.51-5747.53, or (3) at its discretion, declare the entire principal amount of loan then remaining unpaid, together with all accrued interest and other charges, become immediately due and payable.

Ohio Water Development Authority (OWDA) Loans

The City has entered into five loan agreements with the OWDA to finance the construction of a sludge dewatering facility, the Marlington-Alliance waterline project, a carbon feed system, a TTHM removal system and Phase I improvements of the wastewater facility. These loans accrue interest that will be capitalized as they come due. The interest rates on the loans range from 0% to 1.47%. As of December 31, 2022, the loans are still open and final amortization schedules are not yet available. The estimated repayment schedule has been provided below.

OWDA loans are direct borrowings that have terms negotiated directly between the City and the OWDA and are not offered for public sale. In the event of default, the OWDA may declare the full amount of the then unpaid original loan amount to be immediately due and payable and/or require the City to pay any fines, penalties, interest, or late charges associated with the default.

Sewer Pledged Revenue

The City has pledged future revenues, net of operating expenses, to repay OWDA loans in the sewer fund. The debt is payable solely from net revenues through 2039. Annual principal and interest payments on the debt issues are expected to require 22.97 percent of net revenues. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total net revenues available were \$421,445 and \$1,834,723, respectively.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

Water Pledged Revenue

The City has pledged future revenues, net of operating expenses, to repay OWDA loans in the water fund. The debt is payable solely from net revenues through 2039. Annual principal and interest payments on the debt issues are expected to require 9.74 percent of net revenues. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total net revenues available were \$155,232 and \$1,593,755, respectively.

Leases Payable

The City has entered into a lease agreement for the right to use equipment. Due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 87, the City will report an intangible capital asset and corresponding liability for the future scheduled payments under the lease. The lease payments will be paid from the water fund.

The City has entered into a lease agreement for copier equipment at terms as follows:

	Lease		Lease	
	Commencement		End	Payment
Lease	Date	Years	Date	Frequency
Copier equipment	2022	5	2027	Monthly

Net Pension Liability

See Note 12 for detail on the net pension liability.

Compensated absences

Compensated absences will be paid from the water fund and sewer fund.

Asset Retirement Obligation

Ohio Revised Code Section 6111.44 requires the City to submit any changes to their sewerage system to the Ohio EPA for approval. Through this review process, the City would be responsible to address any public safety issues associated with their wastewater treatment facilities. Any ARO associated with these public safety issues are not reasonably estimable. Currently, there is significant uncertainty as to what public safety items would need addressed; therefore, a reliable estimated amount could not be determined.

Principal and interest requirements to retire business-type long-term obligations outstanding at December 31, 2022 are as follows:

Year Ending	$\underline{\mathbf{W}}$	orks Im	prove	<u>ement</u>	_(OPWC - Beeson Street				OPWC - WWTP Clarifier			
December 31,	Princ	cipal_	I	nterest	<u>P</u> 1	rincipal		Interest	<u>P</u>	rincipal_	_	Interest	
2023	\$	60,000	\$	18,700	\$	13,785	\$	-	\$	5,684	\$	-	
2024		65,000		17,200		13,782		-		5,684		-	
2025		65,000		15,575		-		-		5,684		-	
2026		65,000		13,625		-		-		5,684		-	
2027	,	70,000		11,675		-		-		-		-	
2028 - 2031	30	00,000		24,687				_		_		-	
Total	\$ 62	25,000	\$	101,462	\$	27,567	\$		\$	22,736	\$	-	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

Year Ending	OPWC - Raw Influent Pump Replacement			OI	PWC - WW Light O			OPWC - WWTP Class A Biosolids				
December 31,		Principal		Interest	F	Principal_		erest		rincipal	Inter	rest
2023 2024	\$	20,853 20,853	\$	- -	\$	37,105 37,105	\$	- -	\$	13,475 13,475	\$	
2025		20,853		-		37,105		-		13,475		-
2026		20,853		-		37,105		-		13,475		-
2027		20,853		-		37,105		-		13,475		-
2028 - 2032		41,706		-		185,525		-		67,375		-
2033 - 2037 2038 - 2042		-		-		185,525		-		67,375 13,475		-
2043 - 2044		-		-		185,525 74,201		-		13,473		-
	_		_	<u>-</u>				<u>-</u>				
Total	<u>\$</u>	145,971	\$		\$	816,301	\$		\$	215,600	\$	
VE1:		OWDA -		-		OWDA - N	_			OWDA -		
Year Ending December 31,		Dewaterin Principal	_	Interest		Alliance 'Principal		erest		Feed S rincipal	ystem Intei	rect
2023	\$	104,091	\$	34,605	\$_ <u></u>	13,650	\$	cicst	\$	11,869	\$	CSL
2023	Ф	274,578	Φ	66,210	Ф	22,578	Ф	_	Φ	39,390	Φ	_
2025		278,630		62,158		22,577		_		39,390		_
2026		282,740		58,048		22,577		_		39,389		_
2027		286,912		53,876		22,577		_		39,390		_
2028 - 2032		1,499,316		204,624		112,888		-		196,949		-
2033 - 2037		1,613,233		90,707		112,886		-		196,949		-
2038 - 2042		337,068		3,720		112,885		-		98,474		-
2043 - 2047		-		-		112,885		-		-		-
2048		<u>-</u>		<u> </u>		22,577						<u>-</u>
Total	\$	4,676,568	\$	573,948	\$	578,080	\$		\$	661,800	\$	
		OWDA -										
Year Ending		Removal	_			Leases	_					
December 31,		Principal		<u>Interest</u>	<u>_ F</u>	Principal		erest				
2023	\$	44,358	\$	-	\$	1,983	\$	171				
2024		46,658		-		2,023		131				
2025		46,658		-		2,065		90				
2026		46,658		-		2,106		48				
2027 2028 - 2032		46,658 233,291		=		1,248		9				
2028 - 2032		233,291		-		-		-				
2038 - 2041		186,633		<u> </u>				<u>-</u>				
Total	\$	884,205	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	9,425	\$	449				

The estimated repayment schedule for the OWDA loan for wastewater Phase I improvements was not yet available at December 31, 2022.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

C. Legal Debt Margin

The Ohio Revised Code provides that the net debt of a municipal corporation, whether or not approved by the electors, shall not exceed 10.5% of the total value of all property in the municipal corporation as listed and assessed for taxation. In addition, the unvoted net debt of municipal corporations cannot exceed 5.5% of the total taxation value of property. The assessed valuation used in determining the City's legal debt margin has been modified by House Bill 530 which became effective March 30, 2006. In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in calculating the City's legal debt margin calculation excludes tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property, and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations. The statutory limitations on debt are measured by a direct ratio of net debt to tax valuation and expressed in terms of a percentage. At December 31, 2022, the City's total debt margin was \$39,188,220 and the unvoted debt margin was \$20,527,163.

D. Conduit Debt

The City has issued Industrial Development Revenue Bonds for private-sector entities for the acquisition and construction of facilities deemed to be in the public's interest. Servicing these debts is the sole obligation of the entities which received the debt proceeds. Neither the City, the State, nor any political subdivision thereof is obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements. The City provides a limited commitment to maintain the tax-exempt status of the conduit debt. As of December 31, 2022, \$62,210,000 had been issued and \$26,050,000 was still outstanding.

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

The Statewide retirement systems provide both pension benefits and other postemployment benefits (OPEB).

Net Pension Liability/Asset and Net OPEB Liability/Asset

The net pension liability/asset and the net OPEB liability/asset reported on the statement of net position represents a liability or asset to employees for pensions and OPEB, respectively.

Pensions and OPEB are a component of exchange transactions – between an employer and its employees – of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions and OPEB are provided to an employee – on a deferred-payment basis – as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension liability/asset and the net OPEB liability/asset represent the City's proportionate share of each pension/OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension/OPEB liability/asset calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost-of-living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the City's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The City cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions/OPEB are financed; however, the City does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension and OPEB.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

GASB 68/75 assumes the liability/asset is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires funding to come from these employers. All pension contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes pension costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits. In addition, health care plan enrollees pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. State statute requires the retirement systems to amortize unfunded pension liabilities within 30 years. If the pension amortization period exceeds 30 years, each retirement system's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension/OPEB liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension/OPEB liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, the retirement systems to provide health care to eligible benefit recipients.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term net pension/OPEB liability/asset on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension/OPEB contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in due to other governments on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

The remainder of this note includes the pension disclosures. See Note 13 for the OPEB disclosures.

Plan Description - Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

Plan Description - City employees, other than full-time police and firefighters, participate in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS administers three separate pension plans. The traditional pension plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The member-directed plan is a defined contribution plan and the combined plan is a combination cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit/defined contribution pension plan. Participating employers are divided into state, local, law enforcement and public safety divisions. While members in the state and local divisions may participate in all three plans, law enforcement and public safety divisions exist only within the traditional plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits, and annual cost of living adjustments to members of the traditional and combined plans. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about OPERS' fiduciary net position that may be obtained by visiting https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml, by writing to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling 800-222-7377.

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Senate Bill (SB) 343 was enacted into law with an effective date of January 7, 2013. In the legislation, members in the traditional and combined plans were categorized into three groups with varying provisions of the law applicable to each group. The following table provides age and service requirements for retirement and the retirement formula applied to final average salary (FAS) for the three member groups under the traditional and combined plans as per the reduced benefits adopted by SB 343 (see OPERS Annual Report referenced above for additional information, including requirements for reduced and unreduced benefits):

Groun	Δ
(*1(0)111)	\sim

Eligible to retire prior to January 7, 2013 or five years after January 7, 2013

State and Local

Age 60 with 60 months of service credit

or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit

2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of

service for the first 30 years and 2.5%

for service years in excess of 30

1% of FAS multiplied by years of

service for the first 30 years and 1.25%

Age and Service Requirements:

Traditional Plan Formula:

Combined Plan Formula:

January 7, 2013 or eligible to retire ten years after January 7, 2013 State and Local

Group B

20 years of service credit prior to

Age and Service Requirements:Age 60 with 60 months of service credit or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit

Traditional Plan Formula:

2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 30

Combined Plan Formula:

1% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 1.25% for service years in excess of 30

for service years in excess of 30 Public Safety

Age and Service Requirements:

Age 48 with 25 years of service credit or Age 52 with 15 years of service credit

Law Enforcement

Age and Service Requirements:

Age 52 with 15 years of service credit

Public Safety and Law Enforcement

Traditional Plan Formula:

2.5% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 25 years and 2.1% for service years in excess of 25

Public Safety

Age and Service Requirements:

Age 48 with 25 years of service credit or Age 52 with 15 years of service credit

Law Enforcement

Age and Service Requirements:

Age 48 with 25 years of service credit or Age 52 with 15 years of service credit

Public Safety and Law Enforcement

Traditional Plan Formula:

2.5% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 25 years and 2.1% for service years in excess of 25

Group C

Members not in other Groups and members hired on or after January 7, 2013

State and Local

Age and Service Requirements:

Age 57 with 25 years of service credit or Age 62 with 5 years of service credit

Traditional Plan Formula:

2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 35 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 35

Combined Plan Formula:

1% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 35 years and 1.25% for service years in excess of 35

Public Safety

Age and Service Requirements:

Age 52 with 25 years of service credit or Age 56 with 15 years of service credit

Law Enforcement

Age and Service Requirements:

Age 48 with 25 years of service credit or Age 56 with 15 years of service credit

Public Safety and Law Enforcement

Traditional Plan Formula:

2.5% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 25 years and 2.1% for service years in excess of 25

Final Average Salary (FAS) represents the average of the three highest years of earnings over a member's career for Groups A and B. Group C is based on the average of the five highest years of earnings over a member's career.

Members who retire before meeting the age and years of service credit requirement for unreduced benefits receive a percentage reduction in the benefit amount. The initial amount of a member's pension benefit is vested upon receipt of the initial benefit payment for calculation of an annual cost-of-living adjustment.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

When a traditional plan benefit recipient has received benefits for 12 months, current law provides for an annual cost of living adjustment (COLA). This COLA is calculated on the base retirement benefit at the date of retirement and is not compounded. Members retiring under the combined plan receive a cost—of—living adjustment on the defined benefit portion of their pension benefit. For those who retired prior to January 7, 2013, the cost of living adjustment is 3 percent. For those retiring subsequent to January 7, 2013, beginning in calendar year 2019, current law provides that the COLA will be based on the average percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index, capped at 3.00%.

Defined contribution plan benefits are established in the plan documents, which may be amended by the Board. Memberdirected plan and combined plan members who have met the retirement eligibility requirements may apply for retirement benefits. The amount available for defined contribution benefits in the combined plan consists of the member's contributions plus or minus the investment gains or losses resulting from the member's investment selections. The amount available for defined contribution benefits in the combined plan consists of the member's contributions plus or minus the investment gains or losses resulting from the member's investment selections. Combined plan members wishing to receive benefits must meet the requirements for both the defined benefit and defined contribution plans. Member-directed participants must have attained the age of 55, have money on deposit in the defined contribution plan and have terminated public service to apply for retirement benefits. The amount available for defined contribution benefits in the member-directed plan consists of the members' contributions, vested employer contributions and investment gains or losses resulting from the members' investment selections. Employer contributions and associated investment earnings vest over a five-year period, at a rate of 20 percent each year. At retirement, members may select one of several distribution options for payment of the vested balance in their individual OPERS accounts. Options include the annuitization of the benefit (which includes joint and survivor options), partial lump-sum payments (subject to limitations), a rollover of the vested account balance to another financial institution, receipt of entire account balance, net of taxes withheld, or a combination of these options. When members choose to annuitize their defined contribution benefit, the annuitized portion of the benefit is reclassified to a defined benefit.

Beginning in 2022, the Combined Plan will be consolidated under the Traditional Pension Plan (defined benefit plan) and the Combined Plan option will no longer be available for new hires beginning in 2022.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

	State		Public		Law		
	and Local		Safety		Enforcement		
2022 Statutory Maximum Contribution Rates							
Employer	14.0	%	18.1	%	18.1	%	
Employee *	10.0	%	***		****		
2022 Actual Contribution Rates							
Employer:							
Pension	14.0	%	18.1	%	18.1	%	
Post-employment Health Care Benefits **	0.0	%	0.0	%	0.0	%	
Total Employer	14.0	%	18.1	%	18.1	%	
Employee	10.0	%	12.0	%	13.0	%	

- * This rate is determined by OPERS' Board and has no maximum rate established by ORC.
- ** This employer health care rate is for the traditional and combined plans. The employer contribution for the member-directed plan is 4.00%.
- *** This rate is also determined by OPERS' Board, but is limited by ORC to not more than 2 percent greater than the Public Safety rate.
- **** Member contributions within the combined plan are not used to fund the defined benefit retirement allowance

Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

The City's contractually required contribution for the Traditional Pension Plan, the Combined Plan and Member-Directed Plan was \$913,918 for 2022. Of this amount, \$78,778 is reported as due to other governments.

Plan Description - Ohio Police & Fire Pension Fund (OP&F)

Plan Description - City full-time police and firefighters participate in Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by OP&F. OP&F provides retirement and disability pension benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by the Ohio State Legislature and are codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code. OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information and detailed information about OP&F fiduciary net position. The report may be obtained by visiting the OP&F website at www.op-f.org or by writing to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164.

Upon attaining a qualifying age with sufficient years of service, a member of OP&F may retire and receive a lifetime monthly pension. OP&F offers four types of service retirement: normal, service commuted, age/service commuted and actuarially reduced. Each type has different eligibility guidelines and is calculated using the member's average annual salary. The following discussion of the pension formula relates to normal service retirement.

For members hired after July 1, 2013, the minimum retirement age is 52 for normal service retirement with at least 25 years of service credit. For members hired on or before July 1, 2013, the minimum retirement age is 48 for normal service retirement with at least 25 years of service credit.

The annual pension benefit for normal service retirement is equal to a percentage of the allowable average annual salary. The percentage equals 2.50% for each of the first 20 years of service credit, 2.00% for each of the next five years of service credit and 1.50% for each year of service credit in excess of 25 years. The maximum pension of 72.00% of the allowable average annual salary is paid after 33 years of service credit (see OP&F Annual Comprehensive Financial Report referenced above for additional information, including requirements for Deferred Retirement Option Plan provisions and reduced and unreduced benefits).

Under normal service retirement, retired members who are at least 55 years old and have been receiving OP&F benefits for at least one year may be eligible for a cost-of-living allowance adjustment. The age 55 provision for receiving a COLA does not apply to those who are receiving a permanent and total disability benefit, surviving beneficiaries, and statutory survivors. Members participating in the DROP program have separate eligibility requirements related to COLA.

The COLA amount for members who have 15 or more years of service credit as of July 1, 2013, and members who are receiving a pension benefit that became effective before July 1, 2013, will be equal to 3.00% of the member's base pension benefit.

The COLA amount for members who have less than 15 years of service credit as of July 1, 2013, and members whose pension benefit became effective on or after July 1, 2013, will be equal to a percentage of the member's base pension benefit where the percentage is the lesser of 3.00% or the percentage increase in the consumer price index, if any, over the twelve-month period that ends on the thirtieth day of September of the immediately preceding year, rounded to the nearest one-tenth of one percent.

Members who retired prior to July 24, 1986, or their surviving beneficiaries under optional plans are entitled to cost-of-living allowance increases. The annual increase is paid on July 1st of each year. The annual COLA increase is \$360 under a Single Life Annuity Plan with proportional reductions for optional payment plans.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

	Police	Firefighters
2022 Statutory Maximum Contribution Rates		
Employer	19.50 %	24.00 %
Employee	12.25 %	12.25 %
2022 Actual Contribution Rates		
Employer:		
Pension	19.00 %	23.50 %
Post-employment Health Care Benefits	0.50 %	0.50 %
Total Employer	19.50 %	24.00 %
Employee	12.25 %	12.25 %

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The City's contractually required contribution to OP&F was \$1,037,434 for 2022. Of this amount, \$83,194 is reported as due to other governments.

In addition to current contributions, the City pays installments on a specific liability of the City incurred when the State of Ohio established the statewide pension system for police and fire fighters in 1967. As of December 31, 2022, the specific liability of the City was \$231,347 payable in semi-annual payments through the year 2035.

Net Pension Liabilities/Assets, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability and net pension asset for OPERS was measured as of December 31, 2021, and the total pension liability or asset used to calculate the net pension liability or asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. OP&F's total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2021, and was determined by rolling forward the total pension liability as of January 1, 2021, to December 31, 2021. The City's proportion of the net pension liability or asset was based on the City's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities.

Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

						OPERS -			
	(OPERS -	OPERS -		Member-				
	T	raditional		Combined		Directed		OP&F	Total
Proportion of the net pension liability/asset prior measurement date	0	.04480300%	C	0.04239000%		0.02283800%	(0.18272350%	
Proportion of the net pension liability/asset									
current measurement date	0	<u>.04474000</u> %	(0.04003200%		0.02061000 [%]	().18490720%	
Change in proportionate share	- <u>0</u>	.00006300%	-[0.00235800%	-1	0.00222800%	(0.00218370%	
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	3,578,218	\$	-	\$	-	\$	11,551,932	\$ 15,130,150
Proportionate share of the net pension asset		-		(144,990)		(3,440)		_	(148,430)
Pension expense		(684,438)		(5,231)		(552)		549,325	(140,896)

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

At December 31, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		OPERS - raditional	OPERS - Combined]	OPERS - Member- Directed		OP&F	Total	
Deferred outflows										
of resources										
Differences between										
expected and actual experience	\$	182,413	\$	899	\$	3,394	\$	333,088	\$	519,794
Changes of assumptions	Ψ	447,451	Ψ	7,285	Ψ	116	Ψ	2,111,195	Ψ	2,566,047
Changes in employer's		,		7,200				_,,		_,= ,= ,= ,,
proportionate percentage/										
difference between										
employer contributions		36,137		-		-		171,023		207,160
Contributions subsequent to the										
measurement date		881,530		19,394		12,994		1,037,434		1,951,352
Total deferred		00-,000		,		,		-,007,107		-,,,
outflows of resources	\$	1,547,531	\$	27,578	\$	16,504	\$	3,652,740	\$	5,244,353
						OPERS -				
		OPERS -		PERS -]	Member-		OD 6 F		T 4.1
Deformed inflows		OPERS - raditional		PERS -]			OP&F		Total
Deferred inflows]	Member-		OP&F		Total
Deferred inflows of resources Differences between]	Member-		OP&F		Total
of resources			Co]	Member-		OP&F		Total
of resources Differences between expected and actual experience]	Member-	\$	OP&F 600,541	\$	Total 695,247
of resources Differences between expected and actual experience Net difference between	T	raditional	Co	mbined		Member-	\$		\$	
of resources Differences between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and actual earnings	T	raditional 78,479	Co	16,227		Member- Directed	\$	600,541	\$	695,247
of resources Differences between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	T	raditional	Co	mbined		Member-	\$		\$	
of resources Differences between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and actual earnings	T	raditional 78,479	Co	16,227		Member- Directed	\$	600,541	\$	695,247
of resources Differences between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes in employer's	T	78,479 4,256,161	Co	16,227		Member- Directed	\$	600,541 3,028,741	\$	695,247
of resources Differences between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes in employer's proportionate percentage/ difference between employer contributions	T	raditional 78,479	Co	16,227		Member- Directed	\$	600,541	\$	695,247
of resources Differences between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes in employer's proportionate percentage/ difference between	T	78,479 4,256,161	Co	16,227		Member- Directed	\$	600,541 3,028,741	\$	695,247 7,316,768

\$1,951,352 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of/increase to the net pension liability/asset in the year ending December 31, 2023.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

						OPERS -				
		OPERS -		OPERS -		Member-				
	Traditional		Combined		Directed		OP&F		Total	
Year Ending December 31:										
2023	\$	(589,081)	\$	(9,526)	\$	343	\$	(220,790)	\$	(819,054)
2024		(1,467,321)		(13,172)		254		(960,651)		(2,440,890)
2025		(1,000,795)		(8,642)		307		(463,187)		(1,472,317)
2026		(677,058)		(6,390)		325		(265,637)		(948,760)
2027		(3)		(848)		423		246,730		246,302
Thereafter				(547)		1,074		1		528
Total	\$	(3,734,258)	\$	(39,125)	\$	2,726	\$	(1,663,534)	\$	(5,434,191)

Actuarial Assumptions - OPERS

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the values of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review or modification as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial-reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation. The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2021, using the following actuarial assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement in accordance with the requirements of GASB 67. Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results, prepared as of December 31, 2021, are presented below.

Wage inflation	
Current measurement date	2.75%
Prior measurement date	3.25%
Future salary increases, including inflation	
Current measurement date	2.75% to 10.75% including wage inflation
Prior measurement date	3.25% to 10.75% including wage inflation
COLA or ad hoc COLA	
Current measurement date	Pre 1/7/2013 retirees: 3.00%, simple
	Post 1/7/2013 retirees: 3.00%, simple
	through 2022, then 2.05% simple
Prior measurement date	Pre 1/7/2013 retirees: 3.00%, simple
	Post 1/7/2013 retirees: 0.50%, simple
	through 2021, then 2.15% simple
Investment rate of return	
Current measurement date	6.90%
Prior measurement date	7.20%
Actuarial cost method	Individual entry age

In July 2021, the OPERS Board adopted a change in COLA for Post-January 7, 2013 retirees, changing it from 0.50% simple through 2021 then 2.15% simple to 3.00% simple through 2022 then 2.05% simple.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on 130% of the Pub-2010 General Employee Mortality tables (males and females) for State and Local Government divisions and 170% of the Pub-2010 Safety Employee Mortality tables (males and females) for the Public Safety and Law Enforcement divisions. Post-retirement mortality rates are based on 115% of the PubG-2010 Retiree Mortality Tables (males and females) for all divisions. Post-retirement mortality rates for disabled retirees are based on the PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree Mortality Tables (males and females) for all divisions. For all of the previously described tables, the base year is 2010 and mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2020 mortality improvement scales (males and females) to all of these tables.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended December 31, 2020.

During 2021, OPERS managed investments in three investment portfolios: the Defined Benefit portfolio, the Health Care portfolio and the Defined Contribution portfolio. The Defined Benefit portfolio contains the investment assets of the Traditional Pension Plan, the defined benefit component of the Combined Plan and the annuitized accounts of the Member-Directed Plan. Within the Defined Benefit portfolio, contributions into the plans are all recorded at the same time, and benefit payments all occur on the first of the month. Accordingly, the money-weighted rate of return is considered to be the same for all plans within the portfolio. The annual money-weighted rate of return expressing investment performance, net of investment expenses and adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested, for the Defined Benefit portfolio was a gain of 15.3% for 2021.

The allocation of investment assets with the Defined Benefit portfolio is approved by the Board of Trustees as outlined in the annual investment plan. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the defined benefit pension plans. The long-term expected rate of return on defined benefit investment assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected real rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return were provided by the Board's investment consultant.

For each major asset class that is included in the Defined Benefit portfolio's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2021, these best estimates are summarized in the following table:

		Weighted Average				
		Long-Term Expected				
	Target	Real Rate of Return				
Asset Class	Allocation	(Arithmetic)				
Fixed income	24.00 %	1.03 %				
Domestic equities	21.00	3.78				
Real estate	11.00	3.66				
Private equity	12.00	7.43				
International equities	23.00	4.88				
Risk Parity	5.00	2.92				
Other investments	4.00	2.85				
Total	100.00 %	4.21 %				

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability/asset was 6.90%, post-experience study results, for the Traditional Pension Plan, the Combined Plan and Member-Directed Plan. The discount rate used to measure total pension liability prior to December 31, 2021 was 7.20%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefits payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments for the Traditional Pension Plan, Combined Plan and Member-Directed Plan was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability/Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following table presents the proportionate share of the net pension liability/asset calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 6.90%, as well as what the proportionate share of the net pension liability/asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (5.90%) or one-percentage-point higher (7.90%) than the current rate:

				Current		
	_1%	6 Decrease	Dis	count Rate	1% Increase	
City's proportionate share				_		_
of the net pension liability (asset):						
Traditional Pension Plan	\$	9,434,132	\$	3,578,218	\$	(1,294,679)
Combined Plan		(108,190)		(144,990)		(173,692)
Member-Directed Plan		(3,031)		(3,440)		(3,789)

Actuarial Assumptions - OP&F

OP&F's total pension liability as of December 31, 2021, is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of January 1, 2021, and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The total pension liability is determined by OP&F's actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual valuation. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment mortality, salary increases, disabilities, retirements and employment terminations. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Assumptions considered were: withdrawal rates, disability retirement, service retirement, DROP elections, mortality, percent married and forms of the payment, DROP interest rate, CPI-based COLA, investment returns, salary increases and payroll growth.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of January 1, 2022, are presented below.

Valuation date 1/1/21 with actuarial liabilities rolled forward to 12/31/21 Entry age normal (level percent of payroll) Actuarial cost method Investment rate of return Current measurement date 7.50% 8.00% Prior measurement date Projected salary increases 3.75% - 10.50% Payroll increases 3.25% per annum, compounded annually, consisting of inflation rate of 2.75% plus productivity increase rate of 0.50% Cost of living adjustments 2.20% per year simple

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Mortality for non-disabled participants is based on the RP-2014 Total Employee and Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables rolled back to 2006, adjusted and projected with the Buck Modified 2016 Improvement Scale. Rates for surviving beneficiaries are adjusted by 120%.

Age	Police	Fire
67 or less	77%	68%
68-77	105%	87%
78 and up	115%	120%

Mortality for disabled retirees is based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Tables rolled back to 2006, adjusted according to the rates in the following table, and projected with the Buck Modified 2016 Improvement Scale.

Age	Police	Fire
59 or less	35%	35%
60-69	60%	45%
70-79	75%	70%
80 and up	100%	90%

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended December 31, 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in the Statement of Investment Policy and Guidelines. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expected. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes.

Best estimates of the long-term expected geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in OP&F's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2021 are summarized below:

	Target	Long Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Cash and cash equivalents	0.00 %	0.00 %
Domestic equity	21.00	3.60
Non-US equity	14.00	4.40
Private markets	8.00	6.80
Core fixed income *	23.00	1.10
High yield fixed income	7.00	3.00
Private credit	5.00	4.50
U.S. inflation		
linked bonds *	17.00	0.80
Midstream energy infrastructure	5.00	5.00
Real assets	8.00	5.90
Gold	5.00	2.40
Private real estate	12.00	4.80
Total	125.00 %	

Note: assumptions are geometric.

^{*} levered 2x

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

OP&F's Board of Trustees has incorporated the risk parity concept into OP&F's asset liability valuation with the goal of reducing equity risk exposure, which reduces overall Total Portfolio risk without sacrificing return and creating a more risk-balanced portfolio based on the relationship between asset classes and economic environments. From the notional portfolio perspective above, the Total Portfolio may be levered up to 1.25 times due to the application of leverage in certain fixed income asset classes.

Discount Rate - The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%. A discount rate of 8.00% was used in the previous measurement date. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earning were calculated using the longer-term assumed investment rate of return 8.00%. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, a long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.50%), or one percentage point higher (8.50%) than the current rate.

		Current					
	1%	6 Decrease	Discount Rate		1% Increase		
City's proportionate share							
of the net pension liability	\$	17,131,355	\$	11,551,932	\$	6,905,651	

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS

Net OPEB Liability/Asset

See Note 12 for a description of the net OPEB liability/asset.

Plan Description - Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

Plan Description - The Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) administers three separate pension plans: the traditional pension plan, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan; the member-directed plan, a defined contribution plan; and the combined plan, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and defined contribution plan.

OPERS maintains a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment health care trust, which funds multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage and deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement to qualifying benefit recipients of both the traditional pension and the combined plans. Currently, Medicare-eligible retirees are able to select medical and prescription drug plans from a range of options and may elect optional vision and dental plans. Retirees and eligible dependents enrolled in Medicare Parts A and B have the option to enroll in a Medicare supplemental plan with the assistance of the OPERS Medicare Connector. The OPERS Medicare Connector is a relationship with a vendor selected by OPERS to assist retirees, spouses and dependents with selecting a medical and pharmacy plan. Monthly allowances, based on years of service and the age at which the retiree first enrolled in OPERS coverage, are deposited into an HRA. For non-Medicare retirees and eligible dependents, OPERS sponsors medical and prescription coverage through a professionally managed self-insured plan. An allowance to offset a portion of the monthly premium is offered to retirees and eligible dependents. The allowance is based on the retiree's years of service and age when they first enrolled in OPERS coverage.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Medicare-eligible retirees who choose to become re-employed or survivors who become employed in an OPERS-covered position are prohibited from participating in an HRA. For this group of retirees, OPERS sponsors secondary coverage through a professionally managed self-insured program. Retirees who enroll in this plan are provided with a monthly allowance to offset a portion of the monthly premium. Medicare-eligible spouses and dependents can also enroll in this plan as long as the retiree is enrolled.

OPERS provides a monthly allowance for health care coverage for eligible retirees and their eligible dependents. The base allowance is determined by OPERS.

The health care trust is also used to fund health care for member-directed plan participants, in the form of a Retiree Medical Account (RMA). At retirement or separation, member directed plan participants may be eligible for reimbursement of qualified medical expenses from their vested RMA balance.

Effective January 1, 2022, OPERS discontinued the group plans currently offered to non-Medicare retirees and reemployed retirees. Instead, eligible non-Medicare retirees will select an individual medical plan. OPERS will provide a subsidy or allowance via an HRA allowance to those retirees who meet health care eligibility requirements. Retirees will be able to seek reimbursement for plan premiums and other qualified medical expenses.

In order to qualify for postemployment health care coverage, age and service retirees under the traditional pension and combined plans must have twenty or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit with a minimum age of 60, or generally 30 years of qualifying service at any age. Health care coverage for disability benefit recipients and qualified survivor benefit recipients is available. Current retirees eligible (or who became eligible prior to January 1, 2022) to participate in the OPERS health care program will continue to be eligible after January 1, 2022. Eligibility requirements will change for those retiring after January 1, 2022, with differing eligibility requirements for Medicare retirees and non-Medicare retirees. The health care coverage provided by OPERS meets the definition of an Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement 75. See OPERS' Annual Comprehensive Financial Report referenced below for additional information.

The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require OPERS to provide health care to its eligible benefit recipients. Authority to establish and amend health care coverage is provided to the Board in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code.

Disclosures for the health care plan are presented separately in the OPERS financial report. Interested parties may obtain a copy by visiting https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml, by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling (614) 222-5601 or 800-222-7377.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code provides the statutory authority allowing public employers to fund postemployment health care through their contributions to OPERS. When funding is approved by OPERS' Board of Trustees, a portion of each employer's contribution to OPERS is set aside to fund OPERS health care plans. Beginning in 2018, OPERS no longer allocated a portion of its employer contributions to health care for the traditional plan and the combined plan.

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of the earnable salary of active members. In 2022, state and local employers contributed at a rate of 14.00% of earnable salary and public safety and law enforcement employers contributed at 18.10%. These are the maximum employer contribution rates permitted by the Ohio Revised Code. Active member contributions do not fund health care.

Each year, the OPERS Board determines the portion of the employer contribution rate that will be set aside to fund health care plans. For 2022, OPERS did not allocate any employer contribution to health care for members in the Traditional Pension Plan and Combined Plan. The OPERS Board is also authorized to establish rules for the retiree or their surviving beneficiaries to pay a portion of the health care provided. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected. The employer contribution as a percentage of covered payroll deposited into the RMA for participants in the Member-Directed Plan for 2022 was 4.00%.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The City's contractually required contribution was \$5,197 for 2022. Of this amount, \$448 is reported as due to other governments.

Plan Description - Ohio Police & Fire Pension Fund (OP&F)

Plan Description – The City contributes to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F) sponsored healthcare program, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined post-employment health care plan administered by a third-party provider. This program is not guaranteed and is subject to change at any time upon action of the Board of Trustees. On January 1, 2019, OP&F implemented a new model for health care. Under this new model, OP&F provides eligible retirees with a fixed stipend earmarked to pay for health care and Medicare Part B reimbursements.

OP&F contracted with a vendor who assists eligible retirees in choosing health care plans that are available where they live (both Medicare-eligible and pre-65 populations). A stipend funded by OP&F is available to these members through a Health Reimbursement Arrangement and can be used to reimburse retirees for qualified health care expenses.

A retiree is eligible for the OP&F health care stipend unless they have access to any other group coverage including employer and retirement coverage. The eligibility of spouses and dependent children could increase the stipend amount. If the spouse or dependents have access to any other group coverage including employer or retirement coverage, they are not eligible for stipend support from OP&F. Even if an OP&F member or their dependents are not eligible for a stipend, they can use the services of the third-party administrator to select and enroll in a plan. The stipend provided by OP&F meets the definition of an Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75.

OP&F maintains funds for health care in two separate accounts: one account for health care benefits and one account for Medicare Part B reimbursements. A separate health care trust accrual account is maintained for health care benefits under IRS Code Section 115 trust. IRS Code Section 401(h) account is maintained for Medicare Part B reimbursements.

The Ohio Revised Code allows, but does not mandate, OP&F to provide OPEB benefits. Authority for the OP&F Board of Trustees to provide health care coverage to eligible participants and to establish and amend benefits is codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code.

OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information for the plan. The report may be obtained by visiting the OP&F website at www.op-f.org or by writing to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164.

Funding Policy – The Ohio Revised Code provides for contribution requirements of the participating employers and of plan members to the OP&F defined benefit pension plan. Participating employers are required to contribute to the pension plan at rates expressed as percentages of the payroll of active pension plan members, currently 19.50% and 24.00% of covered payroll for police and fire employer units, respectively. The Ohio Revised Code states that the employer contribution may not exceed 19.50% of covered payroll for police employer units and 24.00% of covered payroll for fire employer units. Active members do not make contributions to the OPEB Plan.

The Board of Trustees is authorized to allocate a portion of the total employer contributions for retiree health care benefits. For 2022, the portion of employer contributions allocated to health care was 0.50% of covered payroll. The amount of employer contributions allocated to the health care plan each year is subject to the Trustees' primary responsibility to ensure that pension benefits are adequately funded.

The OP&F Board of Trustees is also authorized to establish requirements for contributions to the health care plan by retirees and their eligible dependents or their surviving beneficiaries. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected.

The City's contractually required contribution to OP&F was \$24,699 for 2022. Of this amount, \$1,980 is reported as due to other governments.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Net OPEB Liabilities/Assets, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows or Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liability/asset and total OPEB liability for OPERS were determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2020, rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2021, by incorporating the expected value of health care cost accruals, the actual health care payment, and interest accruals during the year. OP&F's total OPEB liability was measured as of December 31, 2021, and was determined by rolling forward the total OPEB liability as of January 1, 2021, to December 31, 2021. The City's proportion of the net OPEB liability/asset was based on the City's share of contributions to the retirement plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities.

Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

	OPERS	OP&F	Total
Proportion of the net			
OPEB liability/asset			
prior measurement date	0.04386700%	0.18272350%	
Proportion of the net			
OPEB liability/asset			
current measurement date	0.04363800%	0.18490720%	
Change in proportionate share	- <u>0.00022900</u> % <u>0.00218370</u> %		
Proportionate share of the net			
OPEB liability	\$ -	\$ 2,026,742	\$ 2,026,742
Proportionate share of the net			
OPEB asset	(1,256,433)	-	(1,256,433)
OPEB expense	(1,134,829)	130,466	(1,004,363)

At December 31, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	 OPERS		OP&F		Total
Deferred outflows of resources					
Differences between expected and					
actual experience	\$ -	\$	92,199	\$	92,199
Changes of assumptions	-		897,098		897,098
Changes in employer's proportionate percentage/difference between					
employer contributions	5,690		86,455		92,145
Contributions subsequent to the					
measurement date	5,197		24,699		29,896
Total deferred					
outflows of resources	\$ 10,887	\$	1,100,451	\$	1,111,338

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

	OPERS	OP&F	Total	
Deferred inflows	_	_		_
of resources				
Differences between				
expected and				
actual experience	\$ 190,582	\$ 267,866	\$	458,448
Net difference between				
projected and actual earnings				
on OPEB plan investments	598,981	183,082		782,063
Changes of assumptions	508,590	235,396		743,986
Changes in employer's				
proportionate percentage/				
difference between				
employer contributions	32,001	216,976		248,977
Total deferred				
inflows of resources	\$ 1,330,154	\$ 903,320	\$	2,233,474

\$29,896 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of/increase to the net OPEB liability/asset in the year ending December 31, 2023.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	OPERS		OP&F		Total	
Year Ending December 31:						
2023	\$	(826,482)	\$	42,855	\$	(783,627)
2024		(281,083)		15,680		(265,403)
2025		(130,876)		33,227		(97,649)
2026		(86,023)		5,590		(80,433)
2027		_		34,136		34,136
Thereafter		-		40,944		40,944
Total	\$	(1,324,464)	\$	172,432	\$	(1,152,032)

Actuarial Assumptions - OPERS

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the values of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review or modification as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of health care costs for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of coverage provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of costs between OPERS and plan members. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2020, rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2021.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

The actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions applied to all prior periods included in the measurement in accordance with the requirements of GASB 74:

Wage Inflation	
Current measurement date	2.75%
Prior Measurement date	3.25%
Projected Salary Increases,	
including inflation	
Current measurement date	2.75 to 10.75%
Prior Measurement date	including wage inflation 3.25 to 10.75%
	including wage inflation
Single Discount Rate:	
Current measurement date	6.00%
Prior Measurement date	6.00%
Investment Rate of Return	
Current measurement date	6.00%
Prior Measurement date	6.00%
Municipal Bond Rate	
Current measurement date	1.84%
Prior Measurement date	2.00%
Health Care Cost Trend Rate	
Current measurement date	5.50% initial,
	3.50% ultimate in 2034
Prior Measurement date	8.50% initial,
	3.50% ultimate in 2035
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age Normal

Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on 130% of the Pub-2010 General Employee Mortality tables (males and females) for State and Local Government divisions and 170% of the Pub-2010 Safety Employee Mortality tables (males and females) for the Public Safety and Law Enforcement divisions. Post-retirement mortality rates are based on 115% of the PubG-2010 Retiree Mortality Tables (males and females) for all divisions. Post-retirement mortality rates for disabled retirees are based on the PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree Mortality Tables (males and females) for all divisions. For all of the previously described tables, the base year is 2010 and mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2020 mortality improvement scales (males and females) to all of these tables.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended December 31, 2020.

The long-term expected rate of return on health care investment assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected real rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation.

During 2021, OPERS managed investments in three investment portfolios: the Defined Benefit portfolio, the Health Care portfolio and the Defined Contribution portfolio. The Health Care portfolio includes the assets for health care expenses for the Traditional Pension Plan, Combined Plan and Member-Directed Plan eligible members. Within the Health Care portfolio, contributions into the plans are assumed to be received continuously throughout the year based on the actual payroll payable at the time contributions are made, and health care-related payments are assumed to occur mid-year. Accordingly, the money-weighted rate of return is considered to be the same for all plans within the portfolio. The annual money-weighted rate of return expressing investment performance, net of investment expenses and adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested, for the Health Care portfolio was a gain of 14.3% for 2021.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

The allocation of investment assets within the Health Care portfolio is approved by the Board of Trustees as outlined in the annual investment plan. Assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of continuing to offer a sustainable health care program for current and future retirees. OPERS' primary goal is to achieve and maintain a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the defined pension plans. Health care is a discretionary benefit. The long-term expected rate of return on health care investment assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected real rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation.

For each major asset class that is included in the Health Care's portfolio's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2021, these best estimates are summarized in the following table:

		Weighted Average
		Long-Term Expected
	Target	Real Rate of Return
Asset Class	Allocation	(Arithmetic)
Fixed Income	34.00 %	0.91 %
Domestic equities	25.00	3.78
Real Estate Investment Trusts (REITs)	7.00	3.71
International equities	25.00	4.88
Risk parity	2.00	2.92
Other investments	7.00	1.93
Total	100.00 %	3.45 %

Discount Rate - A single discount rate of 6.00% was used to measure the total OPEB liability on the measurement date of December 31, 2021. A single discount rate of 6.00% was used to measure the total OPEB liability on the measurement date of December 31, 2021. Projected benefit payments are required to be discounted to their actuarial present value using a single discount rate that reflects (1) a long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments (to the extent that the health care fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and (2) a tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate are not met). This single discount rate was based on the actuarial assumed rate of return on the health care investment portfolio of 6.00% and a municipal bond rate of 1.84%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rate. Based on these assumptions, the health care fiduciary net position and future contributions were sufficient to finance health care costs through the year 2121. As a result, the actuarial assumed long-term expected rate of return on health care investments was applied to projected costs through the year 2121, the duration of the projection period through which projected health care payments are fully funded.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following table presents the proportionate share of the net OPEB asset calculated using the single discount rate of 6.00%, as well as what the proportionate share of the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (5.00%) or one-percentage-point higher (7.00%) than the current rate:

	Current					
	1% Decrease		Discount Rate		1% Increase	
City's proportionate share						
of the net OPEB asset	\$	738,901	\$	1,256,433	\$	1,685,993

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rate - Changes in the health care cost trend rate may also have a significant impact on the net OPEB asset. The following table presents the net OPEB asset calculated using the assumed trend rates, and the expected net OPEB asset if it were calculated using a health care cost trend rate that is 1.00% lower or 1.00% higher than the current rate.

Retiree health care valuations use a health care cost trend assumption with changes over several years built into that assumption. The near-term rates reflect increases in the current cost of healthcare; the trend starting in 2022 is 5.50%. If this trend continues for future years, the projection indicates that years from now virtually all expenditures will be for health care. A more reasonable alternative is the health care cost trend will decrease to a level at, or near, wage inflation. On this basis, the actuaries project premium rate increases will continue to exceed wage inflation for approximately the next decade, but by less each year, until leveling off at an ultimate rate, assumed to be 3.50% in the most recent valuation.

	Current Health						
	Care Trend Rate						
	_1%	1% Decrease		Assumption		1% Increase	
City's proportionate share							
of the net OPEB asset	\$	1,270,010	\$	1,256,433	\$	1,240,326	

Actuarial Assumptions - OP&F

OP&F's total OPEB liability as of December 31, 2021, is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of January 1, 2021, and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The total OPEB liability is determined by OP&F's actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual valuation. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, salary increases, disabilities, retirements and employment terminations. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results, are presented below.

Valuation Date	January 1, 2021, with actuarial liabilities rolled forward to December 31, 2021
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal (Level Percent of Payroll)
Investment Rate of Return	
Current measurement date	7.50%
Prior measurement date	8.00%
Projected Salary Increases	3.75% to 10.50%
Payroll Growth	3.25%
Single discount rate:	
Current measurement date	2.84%
Prior measurement date	2.96%
Cost of Living Adjustments	2.20% simple per year

Mortality for non-disabled participants is based on the RP-2014 Total Employee and Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables rolled back to 2006, adjusted according to the rates in the following table, and projected with the Buck Modified 2016 Improvement Scale. Rates for surviving beneficiaries are adjusted by 120%.

Age	Police	Fire
67 or less	77%	68%
68-77	105%	87%
78 and up	115%	120%

Mortality for disabled retirees is based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Tables rolled back to 2006, adjusted according to the rates in the following table, and projected with the Buck Modified 2016 Improvement Scale.

Age	Police	Fire
59 or less	35%	35%
60-69	60%	45%
70-79	75%	70%
80 and up	100%	90%

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended December 31, 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in the Statement of Investment Policy. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expected. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted averaged of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Best estimates of the long-term expected geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in OP&F's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2020, are summarized below:

	Target	Long Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Cash and cash equivalents	0.00 %	0.00 %
Domestic equity	21.00	3.60
Non-US equity	14.00	4.40
Private markets	8.00	6.80
Core fixed income *	23.00	1.10
High yield fixed income	7.00	3.00
Private credit	5.00	4.50
U.S. inflation		
linked bonds *	17.00	0.80
Midstream energy infrastructure	5.00	5.00
Real assets	8.00	5.90
Gold	5.00	2.40
Private real estate	12.00	4.80
Total	125.00 %	

Note: assumptions are geometric.

OP&F's Board of Trustees has incorporated the risk parity concept into OP&F's asset liability valuation with the goal of reducing equity risk exposure, which reduces overall Total Portfolio risk without sacrificing return, and creating a more risk-balanced portfolio based on their relationship between asset classes and economic environments. From the notional portfolio perspective above, the Total Portfolio may be levered up to 1.25 times due to the application of leverage in certain fixed income asset classes.

Discount Rate - For 2021, the total OPEB liability was calculated using the discount rate of 2.84%. For 2020, the total OPEB liability was calculated using the discount rate of 2.96%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contribution from employers and from members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the longer-term assumed investment rate of return 7.50%. Based on those assumptions, OP&F's fiduciary net position was projected to not be able to make all future benefit payment of current plan members. Therefore, a municipal bond rate of 2.05% at December 31, 2021 and 2.12% at December 31, 2020 was blended with the long-term rate of 7.50%, which resulted in a blended discount rate of 2.84%.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - Net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 2.84%, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (1.84%), or one percentage point higher (3.84%) than the current rate.

	Current							
	1%	6 Decrease	Dis	count Rate	1% Increase			
City's proportionate share								
of the net OPEB liability	\$	2,547,660	\$	2,026,742	\$	1,598,546		

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rate - The total OPEB liability is based on a medical benefit that is a flat dollar amount; therefore, it is unaffected by a health care cost trend rate. An increase or decrease in the trend rate would have no effect on the total OPEB liability.

^{*} levered 2x

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 14 - OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave components are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Employees earn two to six weeks of vacation per year, depending upon length of service. Vacation accumulation is limited to one year. All accumulated unused vacation time is paid upon termination of employment.

Employees earn sick leave at the rate of 2.3 hours for every forty hours of service. Upon retirement or death, most employees receive up to 960 hours of such time on credit plus 25% of the next 600 hours on credit for a maximum not to exceed 1,110 hours. Several union contracts have additional language limiting employees hired within the past 15 years to either 960 hours or 25% of all hours on credit, whichever is less, or 25% of all hours on credit not to exceed 240 hours paid.

If any employee leaves the City for any reason, the City will pay the employee a maximum of 240 hours, except for IAFF employees who will be paid a maximum of 480 hours, for the compensatory time. As of December 31, 2022, the total liability for unpaid compensated absences was \$2,469,606 for the governmental activities and \$682,773 for the business-type activities.

NOTE 15 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The City received financial assistance from Federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the City at December 31, 2022.

B. Litigation

The City is not a party to legal proceedings that, in the opinion of management, would have a material adverse effect on the financial statements.

NOTE 16 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Stark County Council of Governments (SCOG) - The City participates in the Stark County Council of Governments (SCOG), which is a regional council of governments formed under Chapter 167 of the Ohio Revised Code. Currently, SCOG's functions include the funding and operation of the Stark County Metropolitan Narcotics Unit and the Canton Crime Lab. SCOG is governed by the membership, including Stark County, and other cities, villages and townships. The membership elects a nine member executive committee. Based on recommendations of the executive committee, the membership approves its own budget, appoints personnel and oversees accounting and finance related activities. Each participant's control is limited to its membership shares. During 2022, the City did not contribute to SCOG. Complete financial statements may be obtained from the Stark County Council of Governments, P.O. Box 21451, Canton, Ohio 44701-1451.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 16 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS - (Continued)

Stark County Regional Planning Commission - The City participates in the Stark County Regional Planning Commission (Commission) which is a statutorily created political subdivision of the State. The Commission is jointly governed among Stark County, and other cities, villages, and townships. Of the 85 member Board, the City appoints two members. The degree of control exercised by any participating government is limited to its representation on the Board. The principal aim of the Commission is to provide comprehensive planning, both long and short range, dealing with the economic and physical environment of Stark County. The Board exercises total authority for the day-to-day operations of the Commission. These include budgeting, appropriating, contracting, and designating management. The City has no financial responsibility for any of the Commission's liabilities. During 2022, the City did not contribute to the Commission. Complete financial statements may be obtained from the Stark County Regional Planning Commission, 201 3rd Street NE, Suite 201, Canton, Ohio 44702.

Stark Area Regional Transit Authority - The City participates in the Stark Area Regional Transit Authority (Authority), which is a jointly governed organization between Stark County and the cities of Canton, Massillon, and Alliance. A nine member board of trustees oversees the operation of the Authority. Of the nine members, the City appoints one member. Each member's control over the operation of the Authority is limited to its representation on the Board. The Board exercises total authority for the day-to-day operations of the Authority. These include budgeting, appropriating, contracting, and designating management. The City has no financial responsibility for any of the Authority's liabilities. The Authority provides transportation services in Stark County. Complete financial statements may be obtained from the Stark Area Regional Transit Authority, 1600 Gateway Boulevard, SE, Canton, Ohio 44707.

NOTE 17 - OTHER COMMITMENTS

A. Encumbrances

The City utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end may be reported as part of restricted, committed, or assigned classifications of fund balance. At year-end, the City's commitments for encumbrances in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Y	ear-End
<u>Fund</u>	Enc	<u>umbrances</u>
General fund	\$	30,982
Local fiscal recovery fund		830,624
Capital improvements fund		561,229
Nonmajor governmental funds		378,270
Total	\$	1,801,105

B. Contractual Commitments

The City has entered into services agreements with various contractors for upgrades to and maintenance on the City's water tanks on Clark Street and 23rd Street and the Mid Park tank. The agreements are cancelable upon 90 days written notice after 5 years, 6 years and 7 years for Clark Street, 23rd Street and Mid Park, respectively. Payments are made from the water fund. The following is a schedule of the future minimum payments required under the agreements:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 17 - OTHER COMMITMENTS – (Continued)

<u>Year</u>	<u>C1</u>	ark Street	23	3rd Street	<u>N</u>	Mid Park	R	osemont	WI	TP Clar 1	W	TP Clar 2	<u>Total</u>
2023	\$	29,404	\$	132,608	\$	130,051	\$	10,845	\$	2,388	\$	212,187	\$ 517,483
2024		30,445		27,724		130,051		11,229		4,896		2,448	206,793
2025		31,523		28,705		28,323		11,626		2,509		5,018	107,704
2026		32,639		29,722		29,326		12,038		5,144		2,572	111,441
2027		33,794		30,774		30,364		12,464		2,636		5,272	115,304
2028		34,990		31,863		31,439		12,905		5,404		2,702	 119,303
Total	\$	192,795	\$	281,396	\$	379,554	\$	71,107	\$	22,977	\$	230,199	\$ 1,178,028

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 18 - FUND BALANCE

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of resources in the governmental funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented below:

Fund balance	General	Local Fiscal Recovery Fund	Capital Improvements Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
Nonspendable:						
Materials and supplies inventory	\$ 23,883	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 61,202	\$ 85,085	
Prepaids	166,145	-	-	35,177	201,322	
Unclaimed monies	143,014	-	-	-	143,014	
Total nonspendable	333,042			96,379	429,421	
Restricted:						
Judicial operations	-	-	-	650,768	650,768	
Security programs	-	-	-	159,909	159,909	
K-9 collections	2,822	-	-	-	2,822	
Drones	830	-	-	-	830	
Public health service programs	-	-	-	894,454	894,454	
Transportation projects	-	-	-	1,163,747	1,163,747	
Community environment programs	-	-	-	3,052,470	3,052,470	
Leisure time activities	-	-	-	51,356	51,356	
Capital projects	-	-	-	89,397	89,397	
Long-term loans	-	-	-	408,861	408,861	
Debt service	<u>-</u>			43,850	43,850	
Total restricted	3,652			6,514,812	6,518,464	
Committed:						
General government operations	126,868	-	-	20,652	147,520	
Community environment programs	-	-	-	4,144	4,144	
Leisure time activities	-	-	-	1,082	1,082	
Transportation	-	-	-	7,122	7,122	
Capital projects	<u>-</u>		1,534,139	1,414,579	2,948,718	
Total committed	126,868		1,534,139	1,447,579	3,108,586	
Assigned:						
General government operations	181,113	-	-	-	181,113	
Security programs	6,864	-	-	-	6,864	
Community environment programs	766	-	-	-	766	
Subsequent year appropriations	274,805	<u>-</u> _			274,805	
Total assigned	463,548				463,548	
Unassigned (deficit)	3,170,450			(191,134)	2,979,316	
Total fund balances	\$ 4,097,560	\$ -	\$ 1,534,139	\$ 7,867,636	\$ 13,499,335	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 19 - ALLIANCE CITY HEALTH DEPARTMENT

The Alliance City Health Department Board is directed by a five member Board and a Health Commissioner. The Health Department services include communicable disease investigations, immunization clinics, environmental inspections, food inspections, mosquito control, housing inspection and demolition, vital statistics, public health nursing services, WIC Nutrition Program, and health-related licenses and permits.

The Health Department's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Health Department is financially accountable. The Health Department has no component units. The Health Department is a discretely presented component unit of the City of Alliance.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the Health Department have been prepared in conformity with GAAP as applied to governmental units. GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the Health Department's accounting policies are described as follows.

Basis of Presentation - Government-Wide Financial Statements - The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the Health Department as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The Health Department has no fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the Health Department that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities. The Health Department has no business-type activities.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities and business-type activities for the Health Department at year end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the Health Department's activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operation of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the Health Department, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental program is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the Health Department.

Measurement Focus - Government-Wide Financial Statements - The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the Health Department are included on the statement of net position. The statement of activities presents increases (e.g., revenues) and decreases (e.g., expenses) in total net position.

Basis of Accounting - Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues-Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions - Revenues resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, are recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the Health Department receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include intergovernmental contractual allocations from participating local governments, grants, entitlements, and donations. Revenue from intergovernmental contractual allocations, grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the Health Department must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the Health Department on a reimbursement basis.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 19 - ALLIANCE CITY HEALTH DEPARTMENT - (Continued)

Expenses - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

Deferred Outflows of Resources/Deferred Inflows of Resources - In addition to assets, the statement of net position will report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the Health Department, deferred outflows of resources are reported on the government-wide statement of net position for pension and OPEB.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. For the Health Department, deferred inflows of resources are reported on the government-wide statement of net position for pension and OPEB.

Estimates - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported on the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Capital Assets - Capital assets are reported in the government-wide financial statements. In accordance with the City's policy, all capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition values as of the date received. The Health Department maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000, in accordance with the City's policy.

All reported capital assets are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Estimated Lives
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	5 - 20 years

Compensated Absences - Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the Health Department will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The Health Department records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all employees with more than one year of service.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination method. An accrual for sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is an estimate based on the Department's past experience of making termination payments.

Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) - For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability/asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB, and pension/OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

Net Position - Net position represents the difference between all other elements on the statement of net position. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. The Health Department's policy is to first apply restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted resources are available.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 19 - ALLIANCE CITY HEALTH DEPARTMENT - (Continued)

Deposits and Investments

The City Auditor is the custodian for the Health Department's cash. The City's cash and investment pool holds the Health Department's cash, which is included in the City's carrying amount reported in Note 5.

Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method by recording a current asset for the prepaid amount and reflecting the expenditure in the year in which the service is consumed.

Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2022, for the Health Department was as follows:

	Balance			Balance		
	12/31/21	Additions	<u>Disposals</u>	12/31/22		
Capital assets, being depreciated:						
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	\$ 62,637	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 62,637		
Less: accumulated depreciation:						
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	(33,280)	(4,570)		(37,850)		
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	29,357	(4,570)		24,787		
Health Department capital assets, net	\$ 29,357	\$ (4,570)	\$ -	\$ 24,787		

Long-Term Obligations

Changes in the Health Department's long-term obligations during the year consisted of the following:

	Balance 12/31/21		<u>A</u>	<u>dditions</u>	<u>R</u>	eductions	Balance 12/31/22	Due Within One Year	
Compensated absences Net pension liability	\$	219,804 528,283	\$	78,385 -	\$	(73,345) (213,941)	\$ 224,844 314,342	\$	74,547 -
Total governmental-type long-term obligations	\$	748,087	\$	78,385	\$	(287,286)	\$ 539,186	\$	74,547

Risk Management

The Health Department is exposed to various risks of loss during the normal course of its operations including, but not limited to, loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and injuries to employees. The Health Department is included under the City's programs for property and liability and workers' compensation, see Note 8 for detail.

Employee Benefits

The Health Department is included under the City's programs for life/health insurance and compensated absences, see Note 8.C and Note 14 for detail.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 19 - ALLIANCE CITY HEALTH DEPARTMENT - (Continued)

Defined Benefit Pension Plans

Plan descriptions and actuarial information for the Health Department's defined benefit pension plans are the same as the City's (see Note 12 for detail).

The Health Department's contractually required contribution for the Traditional Pension Plan, the Combined Plan and Member-Directed Plan was \$80,287 for 2022. Of this amount, \$6,362 is reported as due to other governments.

The net pension liability and net pension asset for OPERS was measured as of December 31, 2021, and the total pension liability or asset used to calculate the net pension liability or asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Health Department's proportion of the net pension liability or asset was based on the Health Departments' share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities.

Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense of the Health Department:

					OP	ERS -	
	C	PERS -		OPERS -	Me	mber-	
	Tr	aditional		Combined	Dit	rected	Total
Proportion of the net							
pension liability/asset							
prior measurement date	0.0	00356800%	(0.00337500%	0.00	0181900%	
Proportion of the net							
pension liability/asset							
current measurement date	0.0	00361300%	0.00323300%		0.00166400%		
Change in proportionate share	0.0	00004500%	-(0.00014200%	-0.00	0015500%	
Proportionate share of the net							
pension liability	\$	314,342	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 314,342
Proportionate share of the net							
pension asset		-		(12,737)		(302)	(13,039)
Pension expense		(40,969)		(460)		(49)	(41,478)

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 19 - ALLIANCE CITY HEALTH DEPARTMENT - (Continued)

At December 31, 2022, the Health Department reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

					OF	PERS -		
	OPERS -		OPERS -		Member-			
	Traditional		Co	Combined		Directed		Total
Deferred outflows								
of resources								
Differences between expected and								
actual experience	\$	16,025	\$	79	\$	298	\$	16,402
Changes of assumptions		39,308		640		10		39,958
Changes in employer's proportionate percentage/difference between								
employer contributions		10,131		-		-		10,131
Contributions subsequent to the								
measurement date		77,442		1,704		1,141		80,287
Total deferred		, , , ,		1,70.		1,1 .1		00,207
outflows of resources	\$	142,906	\$	2,423	\$	1,449	\$	146,778
	OPERS -		OPERS -		OPERS - Member-			
D.C. I. d.	<u> 1 r</u>	aditional		mbined	Dı	rected		Total
Deferred inflows								
of resources Differences between expected and								
actual experience	\$	6,894	\$	1,426	\$	-	\$	8,320
Net difference between projected and actual earnings								
on pension plan investments Total deferred		373,898		2,731		69		376,698
inflows of resources	\$	380,792	\$	4,157	\$	69	\$	385,018

\$80,287 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from Health Department contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of/increase to the net pension liability/asset in the year ending December 31, 2023.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 19 - ALLIANCE CITY HEALTH DEPARTMENT - (Continued)

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

			PERS -						
	C	OPERS -		OPERS -		lember-			
	Tr	aditional	C	Combined		irected	Total		
Year Ending December 31:									
2023	\$	(50,276)	\$	(837)	\$	30	\$	(51,083)	
2024		(121,851)		(1,157)		22		(122,986)	
2025		(85,415)		(759)		27		(86,147)	
2026		(57,786)		(562)		28		(58,320)	
2027		-		(75)		37		(38)	
Thereafter				(48)		95		47	
Total	\$	(315,328)	\$	(3,438)	\$	239	\$	(318,527)	

Sensitivity of the Health Department's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability/Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following table presents the Health Department's proportionate share of the net pension liability/asset calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.20%, as well as what the Health Department's proportionate share of the net pension liability/asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.20%) or one-percentage-point higher (8.20%) than the current rate:

	Current							
_	1%	Decrease	Dis	count Rate	19⁄	6 Increase		
Health Department's proportionate share				_				
of the net pension liability (asset):								
Traditional Pension Plan	\$	828,777	\$	314,342	\$	(113,736)		
Combined Plan		(9,504)		(12,737)		(15,259)		
Member-Directed Plan		(266)		(302)		(333)		

Defined Benefit OPEB Plan

Plan descriptions and actuarial information for the Health Department's defined benefit OPEB plan are the same as the City's (see Note 13 for detail).

Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The Health Department's contractually required contribution was \$457 for 2022. Of this amount, \$36 is reported as due to other governments.

The net OPEB asset and total OPEB asset for OPERS were determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2020, rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2021, by incorporating the expected value of health care cost accruals, the actual health care payment, and interest accruals during the year. OP&F's total OPEB liability was measured as of December 31, 2021, and was determined by rolling forward the total OPEB liability as of January 1, 2021, to December 31, 2021. The Health Department's proportion of the net OPEB liability/asset was based on the Health Department's share of contributions to the retirement plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 19 - ALLIANCE CITY HEALTH DEPARTMENT - (Continued)

Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

		OPERS
Proportion of the net		
OPEB liability/asset		
prior measurement date	0.	.00349300%
Proportion of the net		
OPEB liability/asset		
current measurement date	0	.00352400%
Change in proportionate share	0	.00003100%
Proportionate share of the net		
OPEB asset	\$	(110,376)
OPEB expense		(90,072)

At December 31, 2022, the Health Department reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	OPERS			
Deferred outflows				
of resources				
Changes in employer's				
proportionate percentage/				
difference between				
employer contributions	\$	2,796		
Contributions				
subsequent to the				
measurement date		457		
Total deferred				
outflows of resources	\$	3,253		
		OPERS		
Deferred inflows				
of resources				
Differences between				
expected and				
actual experience	\$	16,742		
Net difference between				
projected and actual earnings				
on OPEB plan investments		52,620		
Changes of assumptions		44,679		
Total deferred				
inflows of resources	\$	114,041		

\$457 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from Health Department contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of/increase to the net OPEB asset in the year ending December 31, 2023.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 19 - ALLIANCE CITY HEALTH DEPARTMENT - (Continued)

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	OPERS			
Year Ending December 31:				
2023	\$	(70,978)		
2024		(21,640)		
2025		(11,240)		
2026		(7,387)		
Total	\$	(111,245)		

Sensitivity of the Health Department's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following table presents the proportionate share of the net OPEB asset calculated using the single discount rate of 6.00%, as well as what the proportionate share of the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (5.00%) or one-percentage-point higher (7.00%) than the current rate:

	Current							
	1%	Decrease	Disc	count Rate	1% Increase			
Health Department's proportionate share	2	_						
of the net OPEB asset	\$	64,912	\$	110,376	\$	148,113		

Sensitivity of the Health Department's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rate - Changes in the health care cost trend rate may also have a significant impact on the net OPEB asset. The following table presents the net OPEB asset calculated using the assumed trend rates, and the expected net OPEB asset if it were calculated using a health care cost trend rate that is 1.00% lower or 1.00% higher than the current rate.

Retiree health care valuations use a health care cost trend assumption with changes over several years built into that assumption. The near-term rates reflect increases in the current cost of healthcare; the trend starting in 2022 is 5.50%. If this trend continues for future years, the projection indicates that years from now virtually all expenditures will be for health care. A more reasonable alternative is the health care cost trend will decrease to a level at, or near, wage inflation. On this basis, the actuaries project premium rate increases will continue to exceed wage inflation for approximately the next decade, but by less each year, until leveling off at an ultimate rate, assumed to be 3.50% in the most recent valuation.

			Curi	ent Health		
			Care	Trend Rate		
	_1%	Decrease	As	sumption	1% Increase	
Health Department's proportionate share	2	_				
of the net OPEB asset	\$	111,569	\$	110,376	\$	108,961

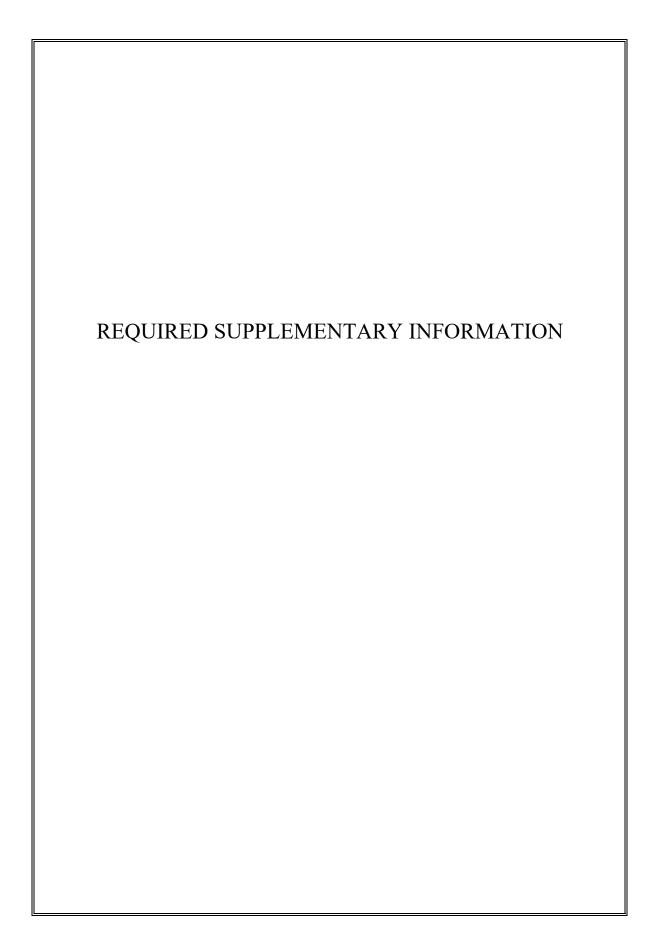
Contingencies

Grants - The Health Department received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect, if any, on the financial condition of the Health Department.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 19 - ALLIANCE CITY HEALTH DEPARTMENT - (Continued)

Litigation - The Health Department is not party to any legal proceedings that, in the opinion of management, will have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the Health Department.



SCHEDULES OF THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY/NET PENSION ASSET OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (OPERS)

LAST NINE YEARS

	2022		2021		 2020	2019	
Traditional Plan:							
City's proportion of the net pension liability		0.044740%		0.044803%	0.045045%		0.046253%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	3,578,218	\$	6,106,066	\$ 8,217,876	\$	11,711,738
City's covered payroll	\$	5,976,107	\$	5,758,643	\$ 5,864,329	\$	5,779,421
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		59.88%		106.03%	140.13%		202.65%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		92.62%		86.88%	82.17%		74.70%
Combined Plan:							
City's proportion of the net pension asset		0.040032%		0.042390%	0.042546%		0.043291%
City's proportionate share of the net pension asset	\$	144,990	\$	112,620	\$ 81,888	\$	44,755
City's covered payroll	\$	167,964	\$	172,429	\$ 175,100	\$	171,243
City's proportionate share of the net pension asset as a percentage of its covered payroll		86.32%		65.31%	46.77%		26.14%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension asset		169.88%		157.67%	145.28%		126.64%
Member Directed Plan:							
City's proportion of the net pension asset		0.020610%		0.022838%	0.028319%		0.027864%
City's proportionate share of the net pension asset	\$	3,440	\$	3,832	\$ 988	\$	587
City's covered payroll	\$	118,920	\$	126,600	\$ 155,640	\$	146,370
City's proportionate share of the net pension asset as a percentage of its covered payroll		2.89%		3.03%	0.63%		0.40%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension asset		171.84%		188.21%	118.84%		113.42%

Note: Information prior to 2014 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the City's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

 2018	2017	2016	 2015	 2014
0.045608%	0.048872%	0.048789%	0.048044%	0.048044%
\$ 7,155,011	\$ 11,097,999	\$ 8,450,870	\$ 5,794,643	\$ 5,663,762
\$ 5,746,500	\$ 6,345,067	\$ 6,022,642	\$ 5,899,225	\$ 5,845,338
124.51%	174.91%	140.32%	98.23%	96.89%
84.66%	77.25%	81.08%	86.45%	86.36%
0.042204%	0.045284%	0.043680%	0.043697%	0.043697%
\$ 57,453	\$ 25,204	\$ 21,256	\$ 16,824	\$ 4,585
\$ 172,846	\$ 176,275	\$ 158,975	\$ 153,433	\$ 119,669
33.24%	14.30%	13.37%	10.97%	3.83%
137.28%	116.55%	116.90%	114.83%	104.56%
0.030049%	0.043375%	0.043228%	n/a	n/a
\$ 1,049	\$ 181	\$ 165	n/a	n/a
\$ 164,700	\$ 178,258	\$ 240,742	n/a	n/a
0.64%	0.10%	0.07%	n/a	n/a
124.45%	103.40%	103.91%	n/a	n/a

SCHEDULES OF THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY OHIO POLICE AND FIRE (OP&F) PENSION FUND

LAST NINE YEARS

	2022			2021		2020		2019
City's proportion of the net pension liability	0.18490720%		0.18272350%			0.18989990%	0.20053100%	
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	11,551,932	\$	12,456,425	\$	12,792,672	\$	16,368,628
City's covered payroll	\$	4,765,425	\$	4,506,894	\$	4,581,775	\$	4,598,780
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		242.41%		276.39%		279.21%		355.93%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		75.03%		70.65%		69.89%		63.07%

Note: Information prior to 2014 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the City's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

 2018		2017	2016		2015		 2014
0.19721500%	0.20455100%		0.20491200%			0.21463130%	0.21463130%
\$ 12,103,989	\$	12,956,102	\$	13,182,132	\$	11,118,796	\$ 10,453,218
\$ 4,093,300	\$	4,552,466	\$	4,233,608	\$	4,341,884	\$ 4,175,541
295.70%		284.60%		311.37%		256.08%	250.34%
70.91%		68.36%		66.77%		72.20%	73.00%

SCHEDULES OF THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CITY PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (OPERS)

LAST TEN YEARS

	 2022	 2021	 2020	2019		
Traditional Plan:	_		_		_	
Contractually required contribution	\$ 881,530	\$ 836,655	\$ 806,210	\$	821,006	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 (881,530)	(836,655)	(806,210)		(821,006)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$		
City's covered payroll	\$ 6,296,643	\$ 5,976,107	\$ 5,758,643	\$	5,864,329	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%		14.00%	
Combined Plan:						
Contractually required contribution	\$ 19,394	\$ 23,515	\$ 24,140	\$	24,514	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 (19,394)	 (23,515)	 (24,140)		(24,514)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ _	\$ 	\$		
City's covered payroll	\$ 138,529	\$ 167,964	\$ 172,429	\$	175,100	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%		14.00%	
Member Directed Plan:						
Contractually required contribution	\$ 12,993	\$ 11,892	\$ 12,660	\$	15,564	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 (12,993)	(11,892)	 (12,660)		(15,564)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$		
City's covered payroll	\$ 129,930	\$ 118,920	\$ 126,600	\$	155,640	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	10.00%	10.00%	10.00%		10.00%	

 2018	 2017	 2016	 2015	 2014	 2013
\$ 874,838	\$ 747,045	\$ 761,408	\$ 722,717	\$ 707,907	\$ 759,894
 (874,838)	 (747,045)	 (761,408)	 (722,717)	 (707,907)	 (759,894)
\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$
\$ 5,779,421	\$ 5,746,500	\$ 6,345,067	\$ 6,022,642	\$ 5,899,225	\$ 5,845,338
13.00%	12.00%	12.00%	12.00%	12.00%	13.00%
\$ 25,921	\$ 22,470	\$ 21,153	\$ 19,077	\$ 18,412	\$ 15,557
 (25,921)	 (22,470)	 (21,153)	 (19,077)	 (18,412)	 (15,557)
\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$
\$ 171,243	\$ 172,846	\$ 176,275	\$ 158,975	\$ 153,433	\$ 119,669
14.00%	13.00%	12.00%	12.00%	12.00%	13.00%
\$ 15,826	\$ 16,470	\$ 21,391	\$ 28,889		
 (15,826)	 (16,470)	 (21,391)	 (28,889)		
\$ _	\$ _	\$ _	\$ _		
\$ 146,370	\$ 164,700	\$ 178,258	\$ 240,742		
10.00%	10.00%	12.00%	12.00%		

SCHEDULES OF THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CITY PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS OHIO POLICE AND FIRE (OP&F) PENSION FUND

LAST TEN YEARS

		2022		2021	 2020	2019		
Police:								
Contractually required contribution	\$	521,261	\$	516,525	\$ 491,779	\$	504,789	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(521,261)		(516,525)	(491,779)		(504,789)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	
City's covered payroll	\$	2,743,479	\$	2,718,553	\$ 2,588,311	\$	2,656,784	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	19.00%			19.00%	19.00%		19.00%	
Fire:								
Contractually required contribution	\$	516,173	\$	481,015	\$ 450,867	\$	452,373	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(516,173)		(481,015)	 (450,867)		(452,373)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$ 	\$	-	
City's covered payroll	\$	2,196,481	\$	2,046,872	\$ 1,918,583	\$	1,924,991	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		23.50%		23.50%	23.50%		23.50%	

Note: although the OP&F Pension Fund is a single pension plan, the City has elected to present contributions information for Police and Fire separately.

2018	2017	2016	2015 2014		2013		
\$ 509,379	\$ 439,734	\$ 524,512	\$ 475,279	\$	497,799	\$	397,100
 (509,379)	 (439,734)	 (524,512)	 (475,279)		(497,799)		(397,100)
\$ _	\$ 	\$ _	\$ _	\$	_	\$	_
\$ 2,680,942	\$ 2,314,389	\$ 2,760,589	\$ 2,501,468	\$	2,619,995	\$	2,500,105
19.00%	19.00%	19.00%	19.00%		19.00%		15.88%
\$ 450,692	\$ 418,044	\$ 421,091	\$ 407,053	\$	404,644	\$	341,347
 (450,692)	 (418,044)	 (421,091)	 (407,053)		(404,644)		(341,347)
\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$	
\$ 1,917,838	\$ 1,778,911	\$ 1,791,877	\$ 1,732,140	\$	1,721,889	\$	1,674,638
23.50%	23.50%	23.50%	23.50%		23.50%		20.38%

SCHEDULES OF THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY/NET OPEB ASSET OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (OPERS)

LAST SIX YEARS

	2022 2021		2021	2020		2019		
City's proportion of the net OPEB liability/asset		0.043638%		0.043867%		0.044318%		0.045453%
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability/(asset)	\$	(1,256,433)	\$	(719,294)	\$	5,650,109	\$	5,478,770
City's covered payroll	\$	6,262,991	\$	6,057,672	\$	6,195,069	\$	6,097,034
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability/asset as a percentage of its covered payroll		20.06%		11.87%		91.20%		89.86%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability/asset		128.23%		115.57%		47.80%		46.33%

Note: Information prior to 2017 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the City's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

 2018	2017							
0.044930%		0.048448%						
\$ 4,879,067	\$	4,893,407						
\$ 6,084,046	\$	6,699,600						
80.19%		73.04%						
54.14%		54.05%						

SCHEDULES OF THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY OHIO POLICE AND FIRE (OP&F) PENSION FUND

LAST SIX YEARS

		2022	2021		2020			2019
City's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.18490720%		0.18272350%		0.18989990%		(0.20053100%
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	2,026,742	\$	1,935,985	\$	1,875,780	\$	1,826,142
City's covered payroll	\$	4,765,425	\$	4,506,894	\$	4,581,775	\$	4,598,780
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		42.53%		42.96%		40.94%		39.71%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		46.86%		45.42%		47.08%		46.57%

Note: Information prior to 2017 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the City's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

2018		2017
0.19721500%	(0.20455100%
\$ 11,173,943	\$	9,709,576
\$ 4,093,300	\$	4,552,466
272.98%		213.28%
14.13%		15.96%

SCHEDULES OF THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CITY OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (OPERS)

LAST TEN YEARS

	 2022	 2021	 2020	 2019
Contractually required contribution	\$ 5,198	\$ 4,757	\$ 5,064	\$ 6,225
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 (5,198)	(4,757)	(5,064)	 (6,225)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ _	\$ 	\$
City's covered payroll	\$ 6,565,102	\$ 6,262,991	\$ 6,057,672	\$ 6,195,069
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	0.08%	0.08%	0.08%	0.10%

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

 2018	 2017	 2016	 2015	 2014	 2013
\$ 6,331	\$ 65,781	\$ 140,558	\$ 123,632	\$ 120,949	\$ 59,624
 (6,331)	 (65,781)	 (140,558)	 (123,632)	 (120,949)	 (59,624)
\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$
\$ 6,097,034	\$ 6,084,046	\$ 6,699,600	\$ 6,422,359	\$ 6,052,658	\$ 5,965,007
0.10%	1.08%	2.10%	1.93%	2.00%	1.00%

SCHEDULES OF THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CITY OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS OHIO POLICE AND FIRE (OP&F) PENSION FUND

LAST TEN YEARS

	2022	2021	2020	2019
Police:	 			
Contractually required contribution	\$ 13,717	\$ 13,593	\$ 12,942	\$ 13,284
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 (13,717)	 (13,593)	(12,942)	 (13,284)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$
City's covered payroll	\$ 2,743,479	\$ 2,718,553	\$ 2,588,311	\$ 2,656,784
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%
Fire:				
Contractually required contribution	\$ 10,982	\$ 10,234	\$ 9,593	\$ 9,625
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 (10,982)	 (10,234)	 (9,593)	 (9,625)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$
City's covered payroll	\$ 2,196,481	\$ 2,046,872	\$ 1,918,583	\$ 1,924,991
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%

Note: although the OP&F Pension Fund is a single pension plan, the City has elected to present contributions information for Police and Fire separately.

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

 2018	2017	2016	2015	 2014	2013
\$ 13,405	\$ 11,572	\$ 14,176	\$ 12,845	\$ 13,036	\$ 85,960
 (13,405)	 (11,572)	 (14,176)	 (12,845)	 (13,036)	 (85,960)
\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$
\$ 2,680,942	\$ 2,314,389	\$ 2,760,589	\$ 2,501,468	\$ 2,619,995	\$ 2,500,105
0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	3.44%
\$ 9,589	\$ 8,895	\$ 8,959	\$ 8,661	\$ 8,564	\$ 61,940
 (9,589)	(8,895)	(8,959)	(8,661)	 (8,564)	 (61,940)
\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$
\$ 1,917,838	\$ 1,778,911	\$ 1,791,877	\$ 1,732,140	\$ 1,721,889	\$ 1,674,638
0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	3.70%

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

PENSION

OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (OPERS)

Changes in benefit terms:

There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2014-2022.

Changes in assumptions:

- $^{\scriptscriptstyle \square}$ There were no changes in assumptions for 2014-2016.
- ^a For 2017, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) reduction in the actuarially assumed rate of return from 8.00% down to 7.50%, (b) for defined benefit investments, decreasing the wage inflation from 3.75% to 3.25% and (c) changing the future salary increases from a range of 4.25%-10.05% to 3.25%-10.75%.
- There were no changes in assumptions for 2018.
- ^a For 2019, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the assumed rate of return and discount rate were reduced from 7.50% down to 7.20%.
- □ There were no changes in assumptions for 2020-2021.
- For 2022, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) wage inflation was changed from 3.25% to 2.75%, (b) future salary increases, including inflation were changed from 3.25%-10.75% to 2.75%-10.75%, (c) COLA for post 1/7/2013 retirees were changed from 0.50%, simple through 2021, then 2.15% simple to 3.00%, simple through 2022, then 2.05% simple and (d) the actuarially assumed rate of return was changed from 7.20% to 6.90%.

OHIO POLICE AND FIRE (OP&F) PENSION FUND

Changes in benefit terms:

• There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2014-2022.

Changes in assumptions:

- ⁿ There were no changes in assumptions for 2014-2017.
- For 2018, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) reduction in the actuarially assumed rate of return from 8.25% down to 8.00%, (b) changing the future salary increases from a range of 4.25%-11.00% to 3.75%-10.50%, (c) reduction in payroll increases from 3.75% down to 3.25%, (d) reduction in inflation assumptions from 3.25% down to 2.75% and (e) Cost of Living Adjustments (COLA) were reduced from 2.60% and 3.00% simple to 2.20% and 3.00% simple.
- □ There were no changes in assumptions for 2019-2021.
- For 2022, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the actuarially assumed rate of return was changed from 8.00% to 7.50%.

(Continued)

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (OPERS)

Changes in benefit terms:

- ^a There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2017-2020.
- For 2021, the following were the most significant changes in benefit terms since the prior measurement date: the Board approved several changes to the health care plan offered to Medicare and non-Medicare retirees in efforts to decrease costs and increase the solvency of the health care Plan. These changes are effective January 1, 2022 and include changes to base allowances and eligibility for Medicare retirees, as well as replacing OPERS-sponsored medical plans for non-Medicare retirees with monthly allowances, similar to the program for Medicare retirees. These changes are reflected in the December 31, 2020 measurement date health care valuation. These changes significantly decreased the total OPEB liability for the measurement date December 31, 2020.
- ^a There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2022.

Changes in assumptions:

- ¹ There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for 2017.
- ^a For 2018, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) reduction in the actuarially assumed rate of return from 4.23% down to 3.85%.
- For 2019, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affect the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was increased from 3.85% up to 3.96%, (b) The investment rate of return was decreased from 6.50% percent down to 6.00%, (c) the municipal bond rate was increased from 3.31% up to 3.71% and (d) the health care cost trend rate was increased from 7.50%, initial/3.25%, ultimate in 2028 up to 10.00%, initial/3.25% ultimate in 2029.
- For 2020, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affect the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was decreased from 3.96% up to 3.16%, (b) the municipal bond rate was decreased from 3.71% up to 2.75% and (c) the health care cost trend rate was increased from 10.00%, initial/3.25%, ultimate in 2029 up to 10.50%, initial/3.50% ultimate in 2030.
- For 2021, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affect the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was increased from 3.16% up to 6.00%, (b) the municipal bond rate was decreased from 2.75% up to 2.00% and (c) the health care cost trend rate was decreased from 10.00%, initial/3.50%, ultimate in 2030 down to 8.50%, initial/3.50% ultimate in 2035.
- For 2022, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affect the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) wage inflation changed from 3.25% to 2.75%, (b) projected salary increases, including inflation changed from 3.25%-10.75% to 2.75%-10.75%, (c) the municipal bond rate was changed from 2.00% to 1.84% and (d) the health care cost trend rate was changed from 8.50% initial, 3.50% ultimate in 2035 to 5.50% initial, 3.50% ultimate in 2034.

OHIO POLICE AND FIRE (OP&F) PENSION FUND

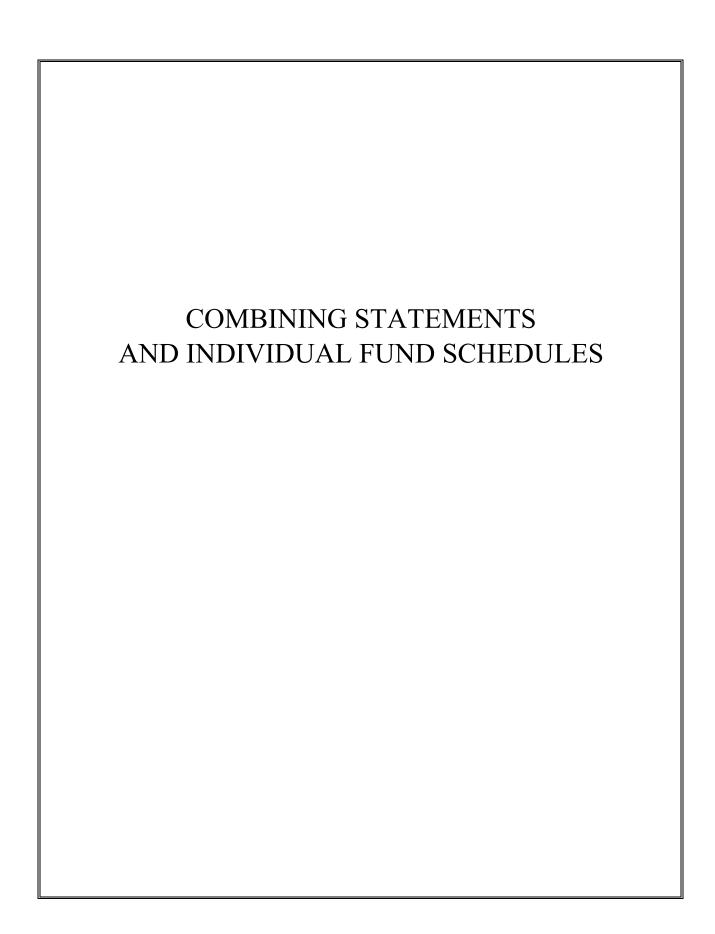
Changes in benefit terms:

- ⁿ There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2017-2018.
- For 2019, OP&F changed its retiree health care model from a self-insured health care plan to a stipend-based health care model.
- ^a There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2020-2022.

Changes in assumptions:

- ⁿ There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for 2017.
- For 2018, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) DROP interest rate was reduced from 4.50% to 4.00%, (b) CPI-based COLA was reduced from 2.60% to 2.20%, (c) investment rate of return was reduced from 8.25% to 8.00%, (d) salary increases were reduced from 3.75% to 3.25% and (e) payroll growth was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%.
- For 2019, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affect the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was increased from 3.24% up to 4.66%.
- ^a For 2020, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affect the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was decreased from 4.66% up to 3.56%.
- For 2021, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affect the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was decreased from 3.56% down to 2.96%.
- ^a For 2022, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affect the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the investment rate of return was changed from 8.00% to 7.50% and (b) the discount rate was changed from 2.96% to 2.84%.

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COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2022

		Nonmajor cial Revenue Funds	Deb	onmajor ot Service Fund		Nonmajor oital Projects Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Assets:	Ф	5 022 200	¢.	42.050	¢.	1 421 211	¢.	7 200 251
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,933,290	\$	43,850	\$	1,421,211	\$	7,398,351
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles):						102 427		102 427
Municipal income taxes		1 167 140		-		192,437		192,437
Property and other taxes Accounts		1,167,148		-		1,746		1,167,148
		31,803		-				33,549
Intergovernmental		635,626		-		114,647		750,273
Special assessments		400.061		-		27,097		27,097
Loans		408,861		-		-		408,861
Prepayments		35,177		-		-		35,177
Materials and supplies inventory	•	61,202	•	12 950	•	1 757 120	•	61,202
Total assets	\$	8,273,107	\$	43,850	\$	1,757,138	\$	10,074,095
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	74,242	\$	-	\$	5,542	\$	79,784
Contracts payable		77,562		-		-		77,562
Accrued wages and benefits payable		25,894		-		-		25,894
Interfund loans payable		40,009		-		118,000		158,009
Due to other funds		26,641		-		-		26,641
Due to other governments		112,485		-		-		112,485
Advances to other funds		5,626		-		-		5,626
Total liabilities		362,459		-		123,542		486,001
Deferred inflows of resources:								
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year		1,030,396		_		_		1,030,396
Income tax revenue not available		-		_		102,523		102,523
Delinquent property tax revenue not available		136,752		_		-		136,752
Special assessments revenue not available		-		_		27,097		27,097
Intergovernmental revenue not available		423,690		_				423,690
Total deferred inflows of resources		1,590,838		_		129,620		1,720,458
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources		1,953,297			-	253,162	-	2,206,459
Total flabilities and deterred filliows of resources		1,733,277				233,102		2,200,437
Fund balances:								
Nonspendable		96,379		-		-		96,379
Restricted		6,381,565		43,850		89,397		6,514,812
Committed		33,000		-		1,414,579		1,447,579
Unassigned (deficit)		(191,134)						(191,134)
Total fund balances		6,319,810		43,850		1,503,976		7,867,636
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources								
and fund balances	\$	8,273,107	\$	43,850	\$	1,757,138	\$	10,074,095

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Nonmajor Debt Service Fund	Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Revenues:					
Municipal income taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 925,184	\$ 925,184	
Property and other taxes	1,077,264	-	-	1,077,264	
Charges for services	154,080	-	-	154,080	
Licenses, permits and fees	40,675	-	20,622	61,297	
Fines and forfeitures	165,797	-	1,746	167,543	
Intergovernmental	1,984,390	-	114,647	2,099,037	
Investment income	79,873	-	-	79,873	
Other	342,775			342,775	
Total revenues	3,844,854		1,062,199	4,907,053	
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government	179,132	-	-	179,132	
Security of persons and property	1,432,785	-	-	1,432,785	
Public health and welfare	169,260	-	-	169,260	
Transportation	1,086,043	-	-	1,086,043	
Community environment	689,263	-	-	689,263	
Leisure time activities	990,254	-	-	990,254	
Capital outlay	-	-	360,641	360,641	
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	15,137	-	-	15,137	
Interest and fiscal charges	10,538			10,538	
Total expenditures	4,572,412		360,641	4,933,053	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	(727,558)		701,558	(26,000)	
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers in	989,395	-		989,395	
Transfers (out)	(7,377)	-		(7,377)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	982,018			982,018	
Net change in fund balances	254,460	-	701,558	956,018	
Fund balances at beginning of year	6,065,350	43,850	802,418	6,911,618	
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 6,319,810	\$ 43,850	\$ 1,503,976	\$ 7,867,636	

FUND DESCRIPTIONS - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are established to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) that are restricted by law or administrative action to expenditures for specified purposes.

Street Repair and Maintenance Fund

This fund accounts for 92.5 percent of the State gasoline tax and motor vehicle registration fees designated for maintenance and repair of streets within the City.

State Highway Fund

This fund accounts for 7.5 percent of the State gasoline tax and motor vehicle registration fees designated for maintenance and repair of State highways within the City.

Law Enforcement Block Grant Fund

This fund accounts for monies received from fines related to drug cases. Expenditures are used for the education of the community.

Motor Vehicle License Fund

This fund accounts for the City's share of the motor vehicle license tax levied by the City.

Municipal Court Computerization Fund

This fund accounts for court fees and fines used for the purchase and maintenance of computers for the municipal court.

Health Fund

This fund accounts for monies received from State and Federal grant funds used for various health education, prevention and treatment programs in the City.

Litter Control Fund

This fund accounts for monies received from the State to be used for litter prevention in the City.

State Misdemeanant Grant Fund

This fund accounts for monies received for payment of the Misdemeanant Community Sanctions Coordinator Project Program. Sanction Coordinators work one on one with individuals to fulfill their obligation to the court.

Cemetery Fund

This fund accounts for monies received from the sale of cemetery lots, burial permits, and general funds for burial services and upkeep of the City Cemetery.

HUD Grant Fund

This fund accounts for Federal grant monies received directly from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development through its Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants program.

Revolving Loan Fund

This fund accounts for intergovernmental grants and principal and interest received from previous revolving loans intended to spur economic development in the City.

Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Housing Rehab Loan Fund

This fund accounts for intergovernmental grants and principal and interest received from previous housing rehabilitation project loans within the City.

Fire Pension Fund

This fund accounts for property taxes collected to pay for a portion of the employer's share of fire pension benefits.

(continued)

FUND DESCRIPTIONS - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds - continued

Police Pension Fund

This fund accounts for property taxes collected to pay for a portion of the employer's share of police pension benefits.

Park Levy Fund

This fund accounts for proceeds of a voted 5 year property tax levy to be used for the expenses of the parks and recreation department.

FEMA Fund

This fund accounts for grants from the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA): Staffing for Adequate Fire and Emergency Response (SAFER) Grant and Fire Prevention and Safety (FP&S) Grant.

Carnation Cable Channel Fund

This fund accounts for monies received from cable franchise fees prescribed by City Ordinance for local cable access.

Other

Smaller Special Revenue Funds maintained by the City. These funds are as follows:

L.E. Professional Training Fund
Byrne Justice Assistance Grant Fund
Federal Equitable Sharing Fund
Indigent Driver Interlock and Alcohol Monitoring Fund
Indigent Driver Alcohol Treatment Fund
Enforcement and Education Fund
Municipal Court Legal Research Fund
E-Cite Fund
Alliance Area Senior Citizens Fund
Home Administration Fund
Tax Incentive Review Fund
Land Use Study Fund
Court ADR Fund
Court Security Grant Fund
Municipal Court Security Fund

OneOhio Grant Fund Parking Lot Maintenance Fund Land Reutilization Fund

Court Immobilization Fund

Park Resources Fund

Funds Included in the General Fund

The following funds are included in the general fund (GAAP basis), but have separate legally adopted budgets (budget basis):

City Income Tax Fund

This fund accounts for the City's income tax collections and related expenditures.

Gasoline Revolving Fund

This fund accounts for the City's diesel fuel tanks and related expenditures.

Supply Revolving Fund

This fund accounts for services provided related to repairs and maintenance.

Auditor Transfer Fund

This fund accounts for unclaimed funds, fire loss deposits, property foreclosure deposits, and contributions.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2022

		Street Repair and aintenance	E	State Iighway		Law forcement ock Grant	•	Motor Vehicle License
Assets:								
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles):	\$	855,852	\$	145,927	\$	64,151	\$	72,521
Property and other taxes		-		=		-		-
Accounts		-		-		-		-
Intergovernmental		527,618		42,780		-		-
Loans		-		-		-		- 10.740
Prepayments		-		-		-		19,749
Materials and supplies inventory		61,202						
Total assets	\$	1,444,672	\$	188,707	\$	64,151	\$	92,270
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	2,539	\$	89	\$	1,325	\$	1,801
Contracts payable	*	77,562	*	-	*	-,	4	-,
Accrued wages and benefits payable		10,679		_		_		_
Interfund loans payable		-		_		_		_
Due to other funds		_		_		_		_
Due to other junes Due to other governments		6,184				2,000		_
Advances to other funds		0,104		_		2,000		_
Advances to other rands		_			-			
Total liabilities	-	96,964	-	89	-	3,325	-	1,801
Deferred inflows of resources:								
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year		-		-		-		-
Delinquent property tax revenue not available		-		-		-		-
Intergovernmental revenue not available		353,439		28,658		-		
Total deferred inflows of resources		353,439		28,658		_		
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources		450,403		28,747		3,325		1,801
Fund balances:								
Nonspendable		61,202						19,749
Restricted		933,067		159,960		60,826		70,720
Committed		933,067		139,900		00,820		70,720
		-		-		-		-
Unassigned (deficit)		-		-				
Total fund balances (deficit)		994,269		159,960		60,826		90,469
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources								
and fund balances	\$	1,444,672	\$	188,707	\$	64,151	\$	92,270

Iunicipal Court puterization	<u>I</u>	Health	Litter Misdem		State Misdemeanant Grant Cemetery					HUD Grant
\$ 110,378	\$	4,423	\$	13,198	\$	10,568	\$	869,769	\$	-
-		-		-		-		-		-
5,224		-		6,434		-		-		-
-		-		236		-		2,320		1,943
 		-				<u></u>		<u>-</u>		-
\$ 115,602	\$	4,423	\$	19,868	\$	10,568	\$	872,089	\$	1,943
\$ 455	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,646	\$	59,329
-		-		334		-		1,641		2,540
-		-		11,000		-		-		26,641
<u>-</u>		- -		749 -		- -		1,339		7,459
 455		<u></u>		12,083				4,626		95,969
-		-		-		-		-		-
 <u> </u>		<u>-</u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>
 	-									-
 455				12,083				4,626		95,969
115,147		4,423		236 7,549		10,568		2,320 865,143		1,943
 <u>-</u>		<u> </u>		- -		- -		<u>-</u>		(95,969)
115,147		4,423		7,785		10,568		867,463		(94,026)
\$ 115,602	\$	4,423	\$	19,868	\$	10,568	\$	872,089	\$	1,943

Continued

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2022

	1	Revolving Loan	Dev	mmunity relopment ck Grant		Fire Pension	1	Police Pension
Assets:					_			
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,998,161	\$	40,228	\$	10,000	\$	10,000
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles):						102.572		102.572
Property and other taxes		-		-		103,573		103,573
Accounts		-		-		4,181		4,181
Intergovernmental Loans		408,861		-		4,101		4,101
Prepayments		405,801		_		-		-
Materials and supplies inventory				_		_		_
Waterials and supplies inventory	-							
Total assets	\$	3,407,427	\$	40,228	\$	117,754	\$	117,754
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Contracts payable		-		-		-		-
Accrued wages and benefits payable		380		-		-		-
Interfund loans payable		-		-		-		-
Due to other funds		-		-		-		-
Due to other governments Advances to other funds		234		-		42,071		43,094
Advances to other funds								
Total liabilities		614				42,071		43,094
Deferred inflows of resources:								
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year		-		-		103,573		103,573
Delinquent property tax revenue not available		-		-		-		-
Intergovernmental revenue not available						4,181		4,181
Total deferred inflows of resources				-		107,754		107,754
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources		614				149,825		150,848
Fund balances:								
Nonspendable		405		-		-		-
Restricted		3,406,408		40,228		-		-
Committed		-		-		-		-
Unassigned (deficit)						(32,071)		(33,094)
Total fund balances (deficit)		3,406,813		40,228		(32,071)		(33,094)
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources								
and fund balances	\$	3,407,427	\$	40,228	\$	117,754	\$	117,754

	Park Levy]	FEMA		arnation le Channel		Other		Total
\$	74,040	\$	-	\$	-	\$	654,074	\$	5,933,290
	960,002		-		-		-		1,167,148
	-		-		20,652		5,927		31,803
	33,231		-		-		17,201		635,626
	-		-		-		-		408,861
	7,338		-		-		3,186		35,177
									61,202
\$	1,074,611	\$		\$	20,652	\$	680,388	\$	8,273,107
\$	5 615	\$		\$		\$	1 442	\$	74 242
Ф	5,615	Э	-	Ф	-	Э	1,443	Э	74,242 77,562
	8,931		_		_		1,389		25,894
	0,731		30,000		_		(991)		40,009
	_		-		_		(551)		26,641
	8,138		_		_		1,217		112,485
							5,626		5,626
	22,684		30,000				8,684	-	362,459
	922 250								1.020.206
	823,250 136,752		-		-		-		1,030,396 136,752
	33,231		- -		-		-		423,690
	993,233		-		-		_		1,590,838
	1,015,917		30,000				8,684		1,953,297
	7,338		-		-		3,186		96,379
	51,356		-		-		656,170		6,381,565
	-		(20,000)		20,652		12,348		33,000
			(30,000)						(191,134)
	58,694		(30,000)		20,652		671,704		6,319,810
\$	1,074,611	\$	_	\$	20,652	\$	680,388	\$	8,273,107

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Property and other taxes \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$		Street Repair and Maintenance	State Highway	Law Enforcement Block Grant	Motor Vehicle License	
Charges for services -					•	
Licenses, permits and fees - </th <th></th> <th>\$ -</th> <th>\$ -</th> <th>\$ -</th> <th>\$ -</th>		\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Fines and forfeitures - 30,881 - Intergovernmental 1,070,336 86,784 - 215,023 Investment income 11,366 1,833 974 - Other 14,660 - - - Total revenues 1,096,365 88,617 31,855 215,023 Expenditures: Curent: General government - - - - - General government -		-	-	-	-	
Intergovernmental Intergovernmental Interest Interes		-	-	-	-	
Investment income 11,369 1,833 974		1.070.226	-	30,881	-	
Other 14,660 -	=			-	215,023	
Total revenues 1,096,365 88,617 31,855 215,023			1,833	974	-	
Expenditures: Current: General government G						
Current: General government - <th>Total revenues</th> <th>1,096,365</th> <th>88,617</th> <th>31,855</th> <th>215,023</th>	Total revenues	1,096,365	88,617	31,855	215,023	
General government -	Expenditures:					
Security of persons and property 68,700 - 39,497 - Public health and welfare - - - - Transportation 830,844 10,869 - 244,330 Community environment - - - - Leisure time activities - - - - Debt service: - - - - - Principal retirement - - - - - - Interest and fiscal charges - <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>						
Public health and welfare - <td>•</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td>	•	-	-	-	-	
Transportation 830,844 10,869 - 244,330 Community environment - - - - Leisure time activities - - - - - Debt service: -	• • • • • •	68,700	-	39,497	-	
Community environment -		-	-	-	-	
Leisure time activities - - - - Debt service: Principal retirement - - - - Interest and fiscal charges -		830,844	10,869	-	244,330	
Debt service: Principal retirement - <		-	-	-	-	
Principal retirement -		-	-	-	-	
Interest and fiscal charges -<						
Total expenditures 899,544 10,869 39,497 244,330 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 196,821 77,748 (7,642) (29,307) Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in -		-	-	-	-	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 196,821 77,748 (7,642) (29,307) Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in						
over (under) expenditures 196,821 77,748 (7,642) (29,307) Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in - </td <td>Total expenditures</td> <td>899,544</td> <td>10,869</td> <td>39,497</td> <td>244,330</td>	Total expenditures	899,544	10,869	39,497	244,330	
over (under) expenditures 196,821 77,748 (7,642) (29,307) Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in - </td <td>Excess (deficiency) of revenues</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
Transfers in Transfers (out) -		196,821	77,748	(7,642)	(29,307)	
Transfers in Transfers (out) -	Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers (out) -		_	_	-	_	
Total other financing sources (uses) -		-	-	_	-	
Fund balances (deficit) at beginning of year 797,448 82,212 68,468 119,776		-		-		
	Net change in fund balances	196,821	77,748	(7,642)	(29,307)	
	Fund balances (deficit) at beginning of year	797,448	82,212	68,468	119,776	
		\$ 994,269	\$ 159,960	\$ 60,826	\$ 90,469	

(inicipal Court uterization	H	ealth	Litter Control	State Misdemeanant Grant		C	emetery		HUD Grant
\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	-		-	-		-		40,675		-
	56,053		-	-		-		40,073		-
	-		_	36,287		-		-		471,861
	-		-	-		-		12,350		-
	213		-	 131		-		33,565		-
	56,266			 36,418		-		86,590	-	471,861
	63,549		-	-		-		-		-
	-		-	-		-		-		-
	-		-	-		-		169,260		-
	-		-	73,758		-		-		521,355
	-		-	-		-		-		-
	-		-	-		-		-		-
	63,549		-	 73,758	-	-		169,260		521,355
_	03,317			73,730				107,200		321,333
	(7,283)			 (37,340)				(82,670)		(49,494)
	-		-	45,000		-		100,000		-
				 -				-		
				 45,000	-			100,000		
	(7,283)		-	7,660		-		17,330		(49,494)
	122,430		4,423	125		10,568		850,133		(44,532)
\$	115,147	\$	4,423	\$ 7,785	\$	10,568	\$	867,463	\$	(94,026)

Continued

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Revolving Loan	Community Development Block Grant	Fire Pension	Police Pension	
Revenues:					
Property and other taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 102,360	\$ 102,360	
Charges for services	-	-	-	-	
Licenses, permits and fees	-	-	-	-	
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-	
Intergovernmental	-	-	11,119	11,119	
Investment income	51,862	738	-	-	
Other	139,117	15,760	-	-	
Total revenues	190,979	16,498	113,479	113,479	
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government	-	-	-	-	
Security of persons and property	-	-	559,613	572,766	
Public health and welfare	-	-	-	-	
Transportation	-	-	-	-	
Community environment	77,491	16,659	-	-	
Leisure time activities	-	-	-	-	
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	-	-	7,876	6,001	
Interest and fiscal charges			5,829	4,441	
Total expenditures	77,491	16,659	573,318	583,208	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	113,488	(161)	(459,839)	(469,729)	
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers in Transfers (out)	-	-	417,764	426,631	
Total other financing sources (uses)			417,764	426,631	
Total odici iliminenig sources (uses)			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	720,031	
Net change in fund balances	113,488	(161)	(42,075)	(43,098)	
Fund balances (deficit) at beginning of year	3,293,325	40,389	10,004	10,004	
Fund balances (deficit) at end of year	\$ 3,406,813	\$ 40,228	\$ (32,071)	\$ (33,094)	

	Park			Car	nation				
	Levy	FEMA		Cable	Channel		Other		Total
\$	872,544	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	1,077,264
Ψ	-	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	154,080	Ψ	154,080
	_		_		_		-		40,675
	_		_		_		78,863		165,797
	24,455		45,308		_		12,098		1,984,390
	-		-		_		747		79,873
	105		-		107,417		31,807		342,775
	897,104		45,308		107,417		277,595		3,844,854
	_		-		86,765		28,818		179,132
	_		37,931		-		154,278		1,432,785
	-		-		-		-		169,260
	-		-		-		-		1,086,043
	-		-		-		-		689,263
	990,254		-		-		-		990,254
	1,260		-		-		_		15,137
	268		-		-		-		10,538
	991,782		37,931		86,765		183,096		4,572,412
	(94,678)		7,377		20,652		94,499		(727,558)
	-		-		-		-		989,395
			(7,377)				<u> </u>		(7,377)
-	-		(7,377)				-		982,018
	(94,678)		-		20,652		94,499		254,460
	153,372		(30,000)		-		577,205	\$	6,065,350
\$	58,694	\$	(30,000)	\$	20,652	\$	671,704	\$	6,319,810

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

STREET REPAIR AND MAINTENANCE FUND

					Fin	iance with al Budget Positive
	Fi	nal Budget		Actual	(N	egative)
Revenues:						
Intergovernmental	\$	1,075,000	\$	1,072,954	\$	(2,046)
Investment income		3,800		11,369		7,569
Other		2,000		14,778		12,778
Total revenues		1,080,800		1,099,101		18,301
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Security of persons and property: Street security:						
Salaries and wages		41,300		39,008		2,292
Fringe benefits		7,336		6,825		511
Contractual services		26,000		24,761		1,239
Total security of persons and property		74,636		70,594		4,042
Transportation:						
Street transportation:						
Salaries and wages		631,000		555,349		75,651
Fringe benefits		117,750		98,954		18,796
Contractual services		10,833		7,755		3,078
Materials and supplies		87,632		81,301		6,331
Capital outlay		316,500		257,867		58,633
Total transportation		1,163,715	-	1,001,226		162,489
Total expenditures		1,238,351		1,071,820		166,531
Net change in fund balance		(157,551)		27,281		184,832
Fund balance at beginning of year		319,168		319,168		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		258,665		258,665		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	420,282	\$	605,114	\$	184,832

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

STATE HIGHWAY FUND

	Fin	al Budget	Actual	Fin:	iance with al Budget Positive egative)
Revenues:					
Intergovernmental	\$	88,000	\$ 86,996	\$	(1,004)
Investment income		500	1,833		1,333
Total revenues		88,500	88,829		329
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Transportation:					
Capital outlay		60,000	12,780		47,220
Total expenditures		60,000	12,780		47,220
Net change in fund balance		28,500	76,049		47,549
Fund balance at beginning of year		67,878	67,878		_
Fund balance at end of year	\$	96,378	\$ 143,927	\$	47,549

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

LAW ENFORCEMENT BLOCK GRANT FUND

	Fin	al Budget	 Actual	Fin I	iance with al Budget Positive Jegative)
Revenues:					
Fines and forfeitures	\$	45,000	\$ 30,881	\$	(14,119)
Investment income		400	974		574
Total revenues		45,400	31,855		(13,545)
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Security of persons and property:					
Police:					
Materials and supplies		45,428	41,239		4,189
Capital outlay		52,000	51,000		1,000
Total expenditures		97,428	 92,239		5,189
Net change in fund balance		(52,028)	(60,384)		(8,356)
Fund balance at beginning of year		69,350	69,350		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		428	428		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	17,750	\$ 9,394	\$	(8,356)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

MOTOR VEHICLE LICENSE FUND

	Fir	nal Budget	Actual	Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive egative)
Revenues:		an Bunger	 		egati, c)
Intergovernmental	\$	239,000	\$ 233,528	\$	(5,472)
Total revenues		239,000	 233,528		(5,472)
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Transportation:					
Street maintenance:					
Fringe benefits		19,000	13,093		5,907
Contractual services		136,163	129,296		6,867
Capital outlay		137,762	115,311		22,451
Total expenditures		292,925	257,700		35,225
Net change in fund balance		(53,925)	(24,172)		29,753
Fund balance at beginning of year		69,763	69,763		_
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		20,725	20,725		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	36,563	\$ 66,316	\$	29,753
					,

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

MUNICIPAL COURT COMPUTERIZATION FUND

	Fin	al Budget	F	Actual	Fin:	ance with al Budget Positive egative)
Revenues:	· ·					_
Fines and forfeitures	\$	53,000	\$	54,915	\$	1,915
Other		-		213		213
Total revenues		53,000		55,128		2,128
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government:						
Clerk of courts:						
Contractual services		65,060		47,937		17,123
Materials and supplies		21,434		15,961		5,473
Capital outlay		15,000		453		14,547
Total expenditures		101,494		64,351		37,143
Net change in fund balance		(48,494)		(9,223)		39,271
Fund balance at beginning of year		115,752		115,752		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		3,494		3,494		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	70,752	\$	110,023	\$	39,271

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

HEALTH FUND

				Final	ice with Budget itive
	Final	Budget	 Actual	(Neg	ative)
Fund balance at beginning of year		4,423	4,423		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	4,423	\$ 4,423	\$	_

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

LITTER CONTROL FUND

Fringe benefits 7,380 6,613 76 Materials and supplies 34,218 34,069 14 Total expenditures 82,598 79,017 3,58 Excess of expenditures over revenues (38,593) (37,339) 1,25 Other financing sources: Transfers in 45,000 45,000 Total other financing sources 45,000 45,000		73				Fina Po	ance with I Budget ositive
Intergovernmental	D.	Fin	al Budget		Actual	(N	egative)
Other - 131 13 Total revenues 44,005 41,678 (2,32) Expenditures: Current: Community environment: Litter control: Salaries and wages 41,000 38,335 2,66 Fringe benefits 7,380 6,613 76 Materials and supplies 34,218 34,069 14 Total expenditures 82,598 79,017 3,58 Excess of expenditures over revenues (38,593) (37,339) 1,25 Other financing sources: Transfers in 45,000 45,000 Total other financing sources 45,000 45,000 Net change in fund balance 6,407 7,661 1,25		Φ.	44.005	Ф	41.547	ф	(2.450)
Total revenues 44,005 41,678 (2,32) Expenditures: Current:	e	\$	44,005	\$,	\$	
Expenditures: Current: Community environment: Litter control: 38,335 2,66 Salaries and wages 41,000 38,335 2,66 Fringe benefits 7,380 6,613 76 Materials and supplies 34,218 34,069 14 Total expenditures 82,598 79,017 3,58 Excess of expenditures over revenues (38,593) (37,339) 1,25 Other financing sources: 45,000 45,000 Total other financing sources 45,000 45,000 Net change in fund balance 6,407 7,661 1,25		-	- 44.005				
Current: Community environment: Litter control: Salaries and wages 41,000 38,335 2,66 Fringe benefits 7,380 6,613 76 Materials and supplies 34,218 34,069 14 Total expenditures 82,598 79,017 3,58 Excess of expenditures over revenues (38,593) (37,339) 1,25 Other financing sources: Transfers in 45,000 45,000 Total other financing sources 45,000 45,000 Net change in fund balance 6,407 7,661 1,25	Total revenues		44,005		41,678		(2,327)
Community environment: Litter control: 38,335 2,66 Salaries and wages 41,000 38,335 2,66 Fringe benefits 7,380 6,613 76 Materials and supplies 34,218 34,069 14 Total expenditures 82,598 79,017 3,58 Excess of expenditures over revenues (38,593) (37,339) 1,25 Other financing sources: 45,000 45,000 Total other financing sources 45,000 45,000 Net change in fund balance 6,407 7,661 1,25	Expenditures:						
Litter control: 341,000 38,335 2,66 Fringe benefits 7,380 6,613 76 Materials and supplies 34,218 34,069 14 Total expenditures 82,598 79,017 3,58 Excess of expenditures over revenues (38,593) (37,339) 1,25 Other financing sources: Transfers in 45,000 45,000 Total other financing sources 45,000 45,000 45,000 Net change in fund balance 6,407 7,661 1,25	Current:						
Salaries and wages 41,000 38,335 2,66 Fringe benefits 7,380 6,613 76 Materials and supplies 34,218 34,069 14 Total expenditures 82,598 79,017 3,58 Excess of expenditures over revenues (38,593) (37,339) 1,25 Other financing sources: Transfers in 45,000 45,000 Total other financing sources 45,000 45,000 Net change in fund balance 6,407 7,661 1,25	Community environment:						
Fringe benefits 7,380 6,613 76 Materials and supplies 34,218 34,069 14 Total expenditures 82,598 79,017 3,58 Excess of expenditures over revenues (38,593) (37,339) 1,25 Other financing sources: Transfers in 45,000 45,000 Total other financing sources 45,000 45,000 45,000 Net change in fund balance 6,407 7,661 1,25	Litter control:						
Materials and supplies 34,218 34,069 14 Total expenditures 82,598 79,017 3,58 Excess of expenditures over revenues (38,593) (37,339) 1,25 Other financing sources: Transfers in 45,000 45,000 Total other financing sources 45,000 45,000 Net change in fund balance 6,407 7,661 1,25	Salaries and wages		41,000		38,335		2,665
Total expenditures 82,598 79,017 3,58 Excess of expenditures over revenues (38,593) (37,339) 1,25 Other financing sources: Transfers in 45,000 45,000 Total other financing sources 45,000 45,000 Net change in fund balance 6,407 7,661 1,25	Fringe benefits		7,380		6,613		767
Excess of expenditures over revenues (38,593) (37,339) 1,25 Other financing sources: 45,000 45,000 45,000 Total other financing sources 45,000 45,000 45,000 Net change in fund balance 6,407 7,661 1,25	Materials and supplies		34,218		34,069		149
Other financing sources: Transfers in 45,000 45,000 Total other financing sources 45,000 45,000 Net change in fund balance 6,407 7,661 1,25-	Total expenditures		82,598		79,017		3,581
Transfers in 45,000 45,000 Total other financing sources 45,000 45,000 Net change in fund balance 6,407 7,661 1,254	Excess of expenditures over revenues		(38,593)		(37,339)		1,254
Total other financing sources 45,000 45,000 Net change in fund balance 6,407 7,661 1,25-	Other financing sources:						
Net change in fund balance 6,407 7,661 1,25-	Transfers in		45,000		45,000		-
	Total other financing sources		45,000		45,000		-
Fund balance at beginning of year 5,537 5,537	Net change in fund balance		6,407		7,661		1,254
			5,537				
Fund balance at end of year \$ 11,944 \$ 13,198 \$ 1,25	Fund balance at end of year	\$	11,944	\$	13,198	\$	1,254

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

STATE MISDEMEANANT GRANT FUND

	Fins	al Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Fund balance at beginning of year	\$	10,568	\$ 10,568	\$	-	
Fund balance at end of year	\$	10,568	\$ 10,568	\$		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) CEMETERY FUND

	Fin	al Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:		Duuget	 11000001		egau. (e)
Licenses and permits	\$	30,000	\$ 40,675	\$	10,675
Investment income		8,000	12,350		4,350
Other		30,000	33,565		3,565
Total revenues		68,000	86,590		18,590
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Public health services:					
Cemetery:					
Salaries and wages		119,168	110,469		8,699
Fringe benefits		35,366	32,466		2,900
Contractual services		21,448	18,335		3,113
Materials and supplies		8,239	7,829		410
Other		600	600		
Total expenditures		184,821	 169,699		15,122
Excess of expenditures over revenues		(116,821)	 (83,109)		33,712
Other financing sources:					
Transfers in		105,000	100,000		(5,000)
Total other financing sources		105,000	 100,000		(5,000)
Net change in fund balance		(11,821)	16,891		28,712
Fund balance at beginning of year		852,479	852,479		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	-	87	 87		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	840,745	\$ 869,457	\$	28,712

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

HUD GRANT FUND

	Fir	1al Budget	Actual	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
Revenues:		<u> </u>			
Intergovernmental	\$	665,933	\$ 503,590	\$	(162,343)
Total revenues		665,933	 503,590		(162,343)
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Community environment:					
HUD:					
Salaries and wages		122,433	122,367		66
Fringe benefits		74,657	49,770		24,887
Contractual services		134,430	116,592		17,838
Materials and supplies		12,797	4,079		8,718
Capital outlay		22,812	1,935		20,877
Other		225,932	193,790		32,142
Total expenditures		593,061	 488,533		104,528
Net change in fund balance		72,872	15,057		(57,815)
Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of year		(123,376)	(123,376)		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		66,601	66,601		-
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year	\$	16,097	\$ (41,718)	\$	(57,815)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

REVOLVING LOAN FUND

	Fir	nal Budget		Actual	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
Revenues:		iai Buuget		71ctuai		regative)
Investment income	\$	37,000	\$	51,862	\$	14,862
Other	Ψ	190,000	Ψ	225,737	Ψ	35,737
Total revenues		227,000		277,599		50,599
Total revenues	-	227,000	-	211,377		30,377
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Community environment:						
UDAG:						
Salaries and wages		19,235		19,235		-
Fringe benefits		7,205		5,767		1,438
Contractual services		442,900		38,117		404,783
Capital outlay		2,216,000		18,857		2,197,143
Total expenditures		2,685,340		81,976		2,603,364
Net change in fund balance		(2,458,340)		195,623		2,653,963
Fund balance at beginning of year		2,777,732		2,777,732		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		23,400		23,400		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	342,792	\$	2,996,755	\$	2,653,963

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT (CDBG) HOUSING REHAB LOAN FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Fin	al Budget	 Actual	Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive egative)
Revenues:					
Investment income	\$	400	\$ 738	\$	338
Other		15,760	 15,760		<u> </u>
Total revenues		16,160	16,498		338
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Community environment:					
CDBG:					
Capital outlay		55,000	16,659		38,341
Total expenditures		55,000	16,659		38,341
Net change in fund balance		(38,840)	(161)		38,679
Fund balance at beginning of year		40,389	40,389		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	1,549	\$ 40,228	\$	38,679

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

FIRE PENSION FUND

				Final	nce with Budget sitive
	Fin	al Budget	Actual	(Ne	gative)
Revenues:					
Property and other taxes	\$	101,000	\$ 102,360	\$	1,360
Intergovernmental		10,000	 11,119		1,119
Total revenues		111,000	 113,479		2,479
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Security of persons and property:					
Fire:					
Fringe benefits		529,420	529,420		-
Contractual services		1,827	 1,827		
Total expenditures		531,247	 531,247		
Excess of expenditures over revenues		(420,247)	 (417,768)		2,479
Other financing sources:					
Transfers in		417,764	 417,764		
Total other financing sources		417,764	 417,764		
Net change in fund balance		(2,483)	(4)		2,479
Fund balance at beginning of year		10,004	 10,004		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	7,521	\$ 10,000	\$	2,479

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

POLICE PENSION FUND

					Fin	iance with al Budget Positive
	Fin	al Budget		Actual	(N	(egative)
Revenues:						
Property and other taxes	\$	101,000	\$	102,360	\$	1,360
Intergovernmental		10,000		11,119		1,119
Total revenues		111,000	-	113,479	-	2,479
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Security of persons and property:						
Police:						
Fringe benefits		538,287		538,287		-
Contractual services		1,827		1,827		
Total expenditures		540,114		540,114		-
Excess of expenditures over revenues		(429,114)		(426,635)		2,479
Other financing sources:						
Transfers in		450,000		426,631		(23,369)
Total other financing sources		450,000		426,631		(23,369)
Net change in fund balance		20,886		(4)		(20,890)
Fund balance at beginning of year		10,004		10,004		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	30,890	\$	10,000	\$	(20,890)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

PARK LEVY FUND

	Fin	al Budget	Actual	Fina Po	ance with I Budget ositive egative)
Revenues:			 		<i>8 /</i>
Property and other taxes	\$	858,075	\$ 872,544	\$	14,469
Intergovernmental		30,733	24,455		(6,278)
Other		-	105		105
Total revenues		888,808	897,104		8,296
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Leisure time activities:					
Park Levy:					
Salaries and wages		539,315	511,585		27,730
Fringe benefits		159,633	151,913		7,720
Contractual services		123,908	108,072		15,836
Materials and supplies		70,101	63,140		6,961
Capital outlay		165,708	161,069		4,639
Total expenditures		1,058,665	 995,779		62,886
Net change in fund balance		(169,857)	(98,675)		71,182
Fund balance at beginning of year		159,303	159,303		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		10,567	 10,567		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	13	\$ 71,195	\$	71,182

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

FEMA FUND

				Variance w Final Budg Positive	
	Final Budget		 Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:		_	 _		
Intergovernmental	\$	45,308	\$ 45,308	\$	
Total revenues		45,308	 45,308	-	
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Security of persons and property:					
Fire:					
Salaries and wages		31,660	31,660		-
Fringe benefits		6,271	6,271		
Total expenditures		37,931	 37,931	-	
Excess of revenues over expenditures		7,377	 7,377		
Other financing uses:					
Transfers out		(7,377)	(7,377)		-
Total other financing uses		(7,377)	(7,377)		-
Net change in fund balance		-	-		-
Fund balance at beginning of year			 <u>-</u>		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	-	\$ -	\$	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

CARNATION CABLE CHANNEL FUND

	Fina	al Budget	2	Actual	Variand Final B Posit (Nega	udget ive
Revenues:						
Other	\$	87,578	\$	87,578	\$	-
Total revenues		87,578		87,578		-
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government:						
Carnation Cable:						
Other		87,578		87,578		<u>-</u>
Total expenditures		87,578		87,578		
Net change in fund balance		-		-		-
Fund balance at beginning of year					-	
Fund balance at end of year	\$		\$		\$	-

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

L.E. PROFESSIONAL TRAINING FUND

	Fin	al Budget		Actual	Final Po	nce with Budget sitive gative)
Revenues:						B
Charges for services	\$	152,500	\$	154,080	\$	1,580
Intergovernmental	·	10,020	,	11,600	*	1,580
Total revenues		162,520		165,680		3,160
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Security of persons and property:						
Police:						
Salaries and wages		135,739		125,557		10,182
Fringe benefits		4,859		4,857		2
Contractual services		15,000		12,506		2,494
Materials and supplies		14,100		13,627		473
Total expenditures		169,698		156,547		13,151
Net change in fund balance		(7,178)		9,133		16,311
Fund balance at beginning of year		12,663		12,663		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		598		598		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	6,083	\$	22,394	\$	16,311

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

BYRNE JUSTICE ASSISTANCE GRANT FUND

	Fins	al Budget		Actual	Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive egative)
Revenues:			,			
Intergovernmental	\$	7,243	\$	5,133	\$	(2,110)
Investment income		-		51		51
Total revenues		7,243		5,184		(2,059)
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Security of persons and property:						
Police:						
Capital outlay		8,962		5,133		3,829
Total expenditures		8,962		5,133		3,829
Net change in fund balance		(1,719)		51		1,770
Fund balance at beginning of year		4,697		4,697		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	2,978	\$	4,748	\$	1,770

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

FEDERAL EQUITABLE SHARING FUND

	Fin	al Budget	Ac	etual	Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive egative)
Revenues:						3 /
Fines and forfeitures	\$	1,000	\$	-	\$	(1,000)
Investment income		200		696		496
Total revenues		1,200		696		(504)
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Security of persons and property:						
Police:						
Materials and supplies		47,500		1,800		45,700
Total expenditures		47,500	-	1,800		45,700
Net change in fund balance		(46,300)		(1,104)		45,196
Fund balance at beginning of year		47,559		47,559		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	1,259	\$	46,455	\$	45,196

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) INDIGENT DRIVERS INTERLOCK AND ALCOHOL MONITORING FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Fin	al Budget	1	Actual	Fina Po	ance with I Budget ositive egative)
Revenues:						
Other	\$	11,280	\$	12,515	\$	1,235
Total revenues		11,280		12,515		1,235
Net change in fund balance		11,280		12,515		1,235
Fund balance at beginning of year		-		_		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	11,280	\$	12,515	\$	1,235

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

INDIGENT DRIVER ALCOHOL TREATMENT FUND

	Fin	al Budget		Actual	Fina Po	ance with Il Budget ositive egative)
Revenues:			_			
Other	\$	12,800	\$	11,187	\$	(1,613)
Total revenues		12,800		11,187		(1,613)
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government:						
Clerk of courts:						
Materials and supplies		25,000		-		25,000
Total expenditures		25,000		-		25,000
Net change in fund balance		(12,200)		11,187		23,387
Fund balance at beginning of year		291,188		291,188		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	278,988	\$	302,375	\$	23,387

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

ENFORCEMENT AND EDUCATION FUND

	Fina	al Budget	A	Actual	Fina Po	ance with I Budget ositive gative)
Revenues:	<u></u>					
Other	\$	2,300	\$	2,583	\$	283
Total revenues		2,300		2,583		283
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government:						
Clerk of courts:						
Materials and supplies		4,000		3,000		1,000
Total expenditures		4,000		3,000		1,000
Net change in fund balance		(1,700)		(417)		1,283
Fund balance at beginning of year		11,436		11,436		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	9,736	\$	11,019	\$	1,283

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

MUNICIPAL COURT LEGAL RESEARCH FUND

				Fina	ance with al Budget ositive
	Fin	al Budget	 Actual	(N	egative)
Revenues:					
Fines and forfeitures	\$	15,000	\$ 14,759	\$	(241)
Total revenues		15,000	 14,759	-	(241)
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government:					
Municipal court:					
Materials and supplies		20,434	6,184		14,250
Capital outlay		25,000	1,954		23,046
Total expenditures		45,434	8,138		37,296
Net change in fund balance		(30,434)	6,621		37,055
Fund balance at beginning of year		51,008	51,008		_
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		434	 434		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	21,008	\$ 58,063	\$	37,055

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

E-CITE FUND

	Fina	ıl Budget	A	Actual	Final Po	nce with Budget sitive gative)
Revenues:						
Fines and forfeitures	\$	2,200	\$	2,611	\$	411
Total revenues		2,200		2,611		411
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government:						
Judge:						
Materials and supplies		3,000		1,308		1,692
Total expenditures		3,000		1,308		1,692
Net change in fund balance		(800)		1,303		2,103
Fund balance at beginning of year		14,257		14,257		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	13,457	\$	15,560	\$	2,103

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

ALLIANCE AREA SENIOR CITIZENS FUND

	Fina	al Budget	 Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:						
Other	\$	4,500	\$ 4,500	\$	-	
Total revenues		4,500	4,500		-	
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government:						
Senior center:						
Salaries and wages		10,500	10,500		-	
Fringe benefits		1,670	612		1,058	
Total expenditures		12,170	11,112		1,058	
Net change in fund balance		(7,670)	(6,612)		1,058	
Fund balance at beginning of year		9,382	9,382		-	
Fund balance at end of year	\$	1,712	\$ 2,770	\$	1,058	
						

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

HOME ADMINISTRATION FUND

	F:	ID 1.4			Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Fina	l Budget	<i>F</i>	Actual		(Negative)
Fund balance at beginning of year	\$	4,491	\$	4,491	\$	
Fund balance at end of year	\$	4,491	\$	4,491	\$	-

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

TAX INCENTIVE REVIEW FUND

					Final Po	nce with Budget sitive
	Fina	l Budget	A	ctual	(Ne	gative)
Fund balance at beginning of year	\$	1,000	\$	1,000	\$	
Fund balance at end of year	\$	1,000	\$	1,000	\$	-

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

LAND USE STUDY FUND

	Fins	al Budget	A	Variance wi Final Budge Positive Actual (Negative)		
Fund balance at beginning of year	\$	4,144	\$	4,144	\$	-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	4,144	\$	4,144	\$	-

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

COURT ADR FUND

	Fina	al Budget	A	Actual	Final Po	nce with Budget sitive gative)
Revenues:						
Fines and forfeitures	\$	7,800	\$	8,765	\$	965
Total revenues		7,800		8,765		965
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government:						
Municipal court:						
Contractual services		2,000		1,950		50
Total expenditures	-	2,000		1,950		50
Net change in fund balance		5,800		6,815		1,015
Fund balance at beginning of year		22,225		22,225		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	28,025	\$	29,040	\$	1,015

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

COURT SECURITY GRANT FUND

	Fin	al Budget	Acti	ual	Fin 1	iance with al Budget Positive Jegative)
Revenues:				_		
Intergovernmental	\$	26,000	\$	-	\$	(26,000)
Total revenues		26,000		-		(26,000)
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government:						
Judge:						
Capital outlay	\$	2	\$		\$	2
Total expenditures		2				2
Net change in fund balance		25,998		-		(25,998)
Fund balance at beginning of year		2		2		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	26,000	\$	2	\$	(25,998)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

MUNICIPAL COURT SECURITY FUND

					Fina	ance with al Budget ositive	
	Final Budget Actual			Actual	(Negative)		
Revenues:							
Fines and forfeitures	\$	32,500	\$	25,517	\$	(6,983)	
Total revenues		32,500		25,517		(6,983)	
Expenditures:							
Current:							
General government:							
Municipal court:							
Fringe benefits		1,232		1,231		1	
Contractual services		4,000		-		4,000	
Capital outlay		14,000		-		14,000	
Total expenditures		19,232		1,231		18,001	
Net change in fund balance		13,268		24,286		11,018	
Fund balance at beginning of year		76,089		76,089		-	
Fund balance at end of year	\$	89,357	\$	100,375	\$	11,018	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

COURT IMMOBILIZATION FUND

Revenues: Fines and forfeitures \$ 300 \$ 500 \$	200
Fines and forfeitures \$ 300 \$ 500 \$	
	200
Total revenues 300 500	
Expenditures:	
Current:	
General government:	
Municipal court:	
Materials and supplies 10,000 1,467	8,533
Total expenditures 10,000 1,467	8,533
Net change in fund balance (9,700) (967)	8,733
Fund balance at beginning of year 16,276 16,276	-
Fund balance at end of year \$ 6,576 \$ 15,309	8,733

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

ONEOHIO GRANT FUND

	Fina	ıl Budget	A	Actual	Final Pos	ice with Budget itive ative)
Revenues:						
Fines and forefeitures	\$	7,687	\$	7,687	\$	-
Total revenues		7,687		7,687		-
Net change in fund balance		7,687		7,687		-
Fund balance at beginning of year		-		-		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	7,687	\$	7,687	\$	-

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

PARKING LOT MAINTENANCE FUND

	Fina	ıl Budget	A	ctual	Final Po	nce with Budget sitive gative)
Revenues:						
Other	\$	1,400	\$	1,180	\$	(220)
Total revenues		1,400		1,180		(220)
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General Government:						
Parking facilities:						
Contractual services		6,391		-		6,391
Total expenditures		6,391		-		6,391
Net change in fund balance		(4,991)		1,180		6,171
Fund balance at beginning of year		5,942		5,942		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	951	\$	7,122	\$	6,171

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

LAND REUTILIZATION FUND

	Fina	I Budget	A	ctual	Fina Po	ince with I Budget ositive gative)
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Leisure time activities:						
Land reutilization:						
Contractual services	\$	983	\$	-	\$	983
Total expenditures		983		-		983
Net change in fund balance		(983)		-		983
Fund balance at beginning of year		983		983		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	-	\$	983	\$	983

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

PARK RESOURCES FUND

	Final	Budget	Ac	tual	Final Pos	nce with Budget sitive gative)
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government:						
Capital outlay	\$	99	\$	-	\$	99
Total expenditures		99		-		99
Net change in fund balance		(99)		-		99
Fund balance at beginning of year		99		99		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	-	\$	99	\$	99

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

CITY INCOME TAX FUND

	F	inal Budget		Actual	Fin I	iance with al Budget Positive Jegative)
Revenues:						
Municipal income taxes	\$	13,792,916	\$	13,787,545	\$	(5,371)
Other		1,100		3,044		1,944
Total revenues		13,794,016		13,790,589		(3,427)
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government:						
Income tax:						
Salaries and wages		153,475		150,056		3,419
Fringe benefits		57,127		56,449		678
Contractual services		51,455		29,685		21,770
Materials and supplies		7,916		6,092		1,824
Capital outlay		5,647		5,647		-
Other		254,229		254,228		1
Total expenditures		529,849		502,157		27,692
Excess of revenues over expenditures		13,264,167		13,288,432		24,265
Other financing uses:						
Transfers out		(13,264,999)		(13,264,999)		-
Total other financing uses		(13,264,999)		(13,264,999)		-
Net change in fund balance		(832)		23,433		24,265
Fund balance at beginning of year		112,393		112,393		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		146		146		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	111,707	\$	135,972	\$	24,265
			_		_	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

GASOLINE REVOLVING FUND

	Fina	al Budget	Actual	Final Pos	nce with Budget sitive gative)
Revenues:	-				
Other	\$	88,000	\$ 88,709	\$	709
Total revenues		88,000	 88,709		709
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government:					
Revolving:					
Materials and supplies		89,139	89,139		-
Total expenditures		89,139	89,139		-
Net change in fund balance		(1,139)	(430)		709
Fund balance at beginning of year		2,583	2,583		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		2,289	2,289		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	3,733	\$ 4,442	\$	709
			 •		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

SUPPLY REVOLVING FUND

	Fin	al Budget	Actual	Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
Revenues:					
Other	\$	190,605	\$ 237,460	\$	46,855
Total revenues	-	190,605	 237,460		46,855
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government:					
Maintenance:					
Contractual services		5,000	-		5,000
Materials and supplies		338,674	248,342		90,332
Capital outlay		15,000	4,728		10,272
Total expenditures		358,674	253,070		105,604
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		(168,069)	(15,610)		152,459
Other financing sources:					
Transfers in		10,000	-		(10,000)
Total other financing sources		10,000	 -		(10,000)
Net change in fund balance		(158,069)	(15,610)		142,459
Fund balance at beginning of year		155,395	155,395		_
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		22,068	22,068		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	19,394	\$ 161,853	\$	142,459

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

AUDITOR TRANSFER FUND

				Fin	iance with al Budget Positive
	<u>Fir</u>	nal Budget	 Actual	(N	legative)
Revenues:					
Licenses, permits and fees	\$	95,000	\$ 72,000	\$	(23,000)
Other		30,500	90,794		60,294
Total revenues		125,500	 162,794		37,294
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government:					
Auditor:					
Materials and supplies		20,000	12,541		7,459
Other		377,000	117,102		259,898
Total expenditures		397,000	129,643		267,357
Net change in fund balance		(271,500)	33,151		304,651
Fund balance at beginning of year		372,638	 372,638		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	101,138	\$ 405,789	\$	304,651

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FUND DESCRIPTION - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND

Debt Service Fund

The debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of financial resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

DEBT SERVICE FUND

	Fin	al Budget	Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Debt service:							
Principal retirement:							
Bond	\$	610,510	\$	610,510	\$	-	
Interest and fiscal charges:							
Bond		106,000		105,311		689	
Total expenditures		716,510		715,821		689	
Excess of expenditures over revenues		(716,510)		(715,821)		689	
Other financing sources:							
Transfers in		716,000		715,821		(179)	
Total other financing sources		716,000		715,821		(179)	
Net change in fund balance		(510)		-		510	
Fund balance at beginning of year		43,850		43,850		-	
Fund balance at end of year	\$	43,340	\$	43,850	\$	510	

FUND DESCRIPTIONS - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Capital Projects Funds

Capital projects funds are established to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds).

Major Capital Project Funds

Capital Improvements Fund

This fund accounts for income tax monies received for the purpose of the acquisition of capital assets.

Nonmajor Capital Project Funds

Street Income Tax Construction Fund

This fund accounts for income tax monies used for improvements to various City roads.

Municipal Road Fund

This fund accounts for specific tax or other earmarked monies designated to finance annual street maintenance projects.

Municipal Court Special Projects Fund

This fund accounts for the monies received for the purpose of expenditures related to the capital acquisitions, improvements and replacements and any and all other special projects determined by the court or as authorized by law.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Street Income Tax Construction		•		Muni. Court Special Projects			Total
Assets:								
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,330,107	\$	3,353	\$	87,751	\$	1,421,211
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles):								
Municipal income taxes		192,437		-		-		192,437
Accounts		-		-		1,746		1,746
Intergovernmental		-		114,647		-		114,647
Special assessments		27,097		-		-		27,097
Total assets	\$	1,549,641	\$	118,000	\$	89,497	\$	1,757,138
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	5,442	\$	-	\$	100	\$	5,542
Interfund loans payble		-		118,000		-		118,000
Total liabilities		5,442		118,000		100		123,542
Deferred inflows of resources:								
Income tax revenue not available		102,523		-		-		102,523
Special assessments revenue not available		27,097		-		-		27,097
Total deferred inflows of resources		129,620		-				129,620
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources		135,062		118,000		100		253,162
Fund balances:								
Restricted		-		-		89,397		89,397
Committed		1,414,579		-		-		1,414,579
Total fund balances		1,414,579		-		89,397		1,503,976
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	1,549,641	\$	118.000	\$	89,497	\$	1,757,138
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COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

		Street come Tax nstruction	Municipal Road		Muni. Court Special Projects		Total
Revenues:							
Municipal income taxes	\$	925,184	\$ -	\$	-	\$	925,184
Licenses, permits and fees		-	-		20,622		20,622
Fines and forfeitures		-	-		1,746		1,746
Intergovernmental		-	114,647		-		114,647
Total revenues		925,184	 114,647		22,368		1,062,199
Expenditures:							
Capital outlay		239,029	114,647		6,965		360,641
Total expenditures		239,029	114,647		6,965		360,641
Net change in fund balances		686,155	-		15,403		701,558
Fund balances at beginning of year Fund balances at end of year	\$	728,424 1,414,579	\$ -	\$	73,994 89,397	\$	802,418 1,503,976
I min ominious no sina or jour	<u> </u>	, ,-	 			_	, , , , , , , ,

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS FUND

	Fin	al Budget		Actual	Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive egative)
Revenues:		an Bunger	-	1100001		eguir ()
Intergovernmental	\$	761,100	\$	712,837	\$	(48,263)
Other		, -		7,371		7,371
Total revenues		761,100		720,208		(40,892)
Expenditures:						
Capital outlay:						
Capital improvements:						
Capital outlay		3,204,755		2,562,580		642,175
Total expenditures		3,204,755		2,562,580		642,175
Excess of expenditures over revenues		(2,443,655)		(1,842,372)		601,283
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in		1,315,000		1,326,500		11,500
Transfers (out)		(37,801)		(37,800)		1
Total other financing sources (uses)		1,277,199		1,288,700		11,501
Net change in fund balance		(1,166,456)		(553,672)		612,784
Fund balance at beginning of year		305,185		305,185		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		1,320,517		1,320,517		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	459,246	\$	1,072,030	\$	612,784

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

STREET INCOME TAX CONSTRUCTION FUND

	E:	ol Pudgot		Actual	Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive
Expenditures:		al Budget		Actual		Negative)
Current:						
Capital outlay:						
Street income tax:						
Fringe benefits	\$	150,000	\$	_	\$	150,000
Capital outlay	*	500,000	4	285,587	*	214,413
Total expenditures		650,000		285,587		364,413
Excess of expenditures over revenues		(650,000)		(285,587)		364,413
Other financing sources:						
Transfers in		920,000		928,550		8,550
Total other financing sources:		920,000		928,550		8,550
Net change in fund balance		270,000		642,963		372,963
Fund balance at beginning of year		635,144		635,144		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	905,144	\$	1,278,107	\$	372,963
			_			-

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

MUNICIPAL ROAD FUND

	F:	al Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Davanuage		ai Buuget		Actual	(Negative)	_
Revenues:	Ф	115 000	¢.	115,000	¢.	
Intergovernmental	\$	115,000	\$	115,000	\$ -	-
Total revenues		115,000		115,000		-
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Capital outlay:						
Capital outlay	\$	118,000	\$	118,000	\$ -	
Total expenditures		118,000		118,000	-	_
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		(3,000)		(3,000)		_
Other financing sources (uses):						
Advance in		118,000		118,000	-	
Advance out		(115,000)		(115,000)	-	
Total other financing sources (uses)		3,000		3,000		_
Net change in fund balance		-		-	-	
Fund balance at beginning of year		-		-	-	
Fund balance at end of year	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	_

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

MUNICIPAL COURT SPECIAL PROJECT FUND

Final Budget Actual	Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:	
Licenses, permits, and fees \$ 21,000 \$ 22,036 \$	1,036
Total revenues 21,000 22,036	1,036
Expenditures:	
Current:	
Capital outlay:	
Capital improvements:	
Contractual services 5,000 -	5,000
Capital outlay 115,000 6,865	108,135
Total expenditures 120,000 6,865	113,135
Net change in fund balance (99,000) 15,171	114,171
Fund balance at beginning of year 72,580 72,580	-
Fund balance at end of year \$ (26,420) \$ 87,751 \$	114,171

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FUND DESCRIPTIONS

Enterprise funds are established to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private sector business enterprises where the intent is that the cost (expenses, including depreciation) of providing services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges or where it has been decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriated for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes.

Major Enterprise Funds

Water Fund

This fund accounts for revenues generated from charges for the distribution of water to residential and commercial users of the City.

Sewer Fund

This fund accounts for revenues generated from charges for sanitary services provided to residential and commercial users of the City.

Nonmajor Enterprise Funds

Robertson Community Center Fund

This fund accounts for revenues generated from charges for use of the facilities at the Robertson Community Center.

Community Improvement Fund

This fund accounts for revenues generated from charges for garbage collection services.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Robertson Community Center			ommunity provement		Totals
Assets:						
Current assets:						
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	104,297	\$	459,311	\$	563,608
Prepayments		288		450.211		288
Total current assets		104,585	-	459,311		563,896
Noncurrent assets:						
Net pension asset		430		-		430
Net OPEB asset		3,643		-		3,643
Depreciable capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)		152,942		4,519		157,461
Total noncurrent assets		157,015		4,519		161,534
Total assets		261,600		463,830		725,430
Deferred outflows of resources:						
Pension		12,616		-		12,616
OPEB		3,281		-		3,281
Total deferred outflows of resources		15,897		-		15,897
Total assets deferred outflows of resources	\$	277,497	\$	463,830	\$	741,327
Liabilities:						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	483	\$	117,884	\$	118,367
Due to other governments		1,769		-		1,769
Total current liabilities		2,252		117,884		120,136
Long-term liabilities:						
Net pension liability		10,375				10,375
Total liabilities		12,627		117,884		130,511
Deferred inflows of resources:						
Pension		12,708		-		12,708
OPEB		3,765		-		3,765
Total deferred inflows of resources		16,473		-		16,473
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources		29,100		117,884		146,984
Net position:						
Net investment in capital assets		152,942		4,519		157,461
Unrestricted		95,455		341,427		436,882
Total net position	\$	248,397	\$	345,946	\$	594,343
•		<u> </u>	====		-	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Robertson Community Center		ommunity provement		Totals
Operating revenues:				-	
Charges for services	\$	-	\$ 1,447,899	\$	1,447,899
Other		62,338	3,616		65,954
Total operating revenues		62,338	 1,451,515		1,513,853
Operating expenses:					
Salaries		19,366	161		19,527
Fringe benefits		95	25	12	
Contract services		15,976	1,286,172		1,302,148
Materials and supplies		13,766	451		14,217
Depreciation		12,167	502		12,669
Total operating expenses		61,370	 1,287,311		1,348,681
Change in net position		968	164,204		165,172
Net position at beginning of year		247,429	 181,742		429,171
Net position at end of year	\$	248,397	\$ 345,946	\$	594,343

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

		obertson unity Center	ommunity provement	Totals		
Cash flows from operating activities:	<u>, </u>					
Cash received from customers	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ 1,447,899	\$	1,447,899	
Cash received from other operations		62,338	3,616		65,954	
Cash payments for salaries		(19,366)	(161)		(19,527)	
Cash payments for fringe benefits		(2,940)	(25)		(2,965)	
Cash payments for contractual services		(15,959)	(1,283,582)		(1,299,541)	
Cash payments for materials and supplies		(13,766)	 (451)		(14,217)	
Net cash provided by operating activities		10,307	 167,296		177,603	
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:						
Aquisition of capital assets			 (5,021)		(5,021)	
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities		<u>-</u>	 (5,021)		(5,021)	
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		10,307	162,275		172,582	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		93,990	297,036		391,026	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	104,297	\$ 459,311	\$	563,608	
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:						
Operating income	\$	968	\$ 164,204	\$	165,172	
Adjustments:						
Depreciation		12,167	502		12,669	
Changes in assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources:						
Prepayments		(25)	-		(25)	
Net pension asset		(190)	-		(190)	
Net OPEB asset		(2,160)	-		(2,160)	
Deferred outflows - pension		813	-		813	
Deferred outflows - OPEB		4,494	-		4,494	
Accounts payable		36	2,590		2,626	
Due to other governments		201	-		201	
Net pension liability		(2,211)	-		(2,211)	
Deferred outflows - pension		1,001	-		1,001	
Deferred outflows - OPEB		(4,787)			(4,787)	
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	10,307	\$ 167,296	\$	177,603	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) $\mathbf{WATER\ FUND}$

	Fin	al Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Operating revenues:		- 406 000	- 440 0-0		(57.400)	
Charges for services	\$	5,486,000	\$ 5,418,878	\$	(67,122)	
Other		106,500	 101,726		(4,774)	
Total operating revenues	-	5,592,500	 5,520,604		(71,896)	
Operating expenses:						
Salaries and benefits		1,744,681	1,541,961		202,720	
Fringe benefits		663,390	581,241		82,149	
Contract services		1,221,279	845,125		376,154	
Materials and supplies		1,716,206	1,362,861		353,345	
Capital outlay		3,173,463	2,495,751		677,712	
Other		10,316	9,272		1,044	
Total operating expenses		8,529,335	6,836,211		1,693,124	
Operating loss		(2,936,835)	 (1,315,607)		1,621,228	
Nonoperating revenues:						
Interest revenue		39,500	89,032		49,532	
Intergovernmental revenue		213,840	213,840		-	
Total nonoperating revenues		253,340	302,872		49,532	
Loss before transfers		(2,683,495)	 (1,012,735)		1,670,760	
Transfers in		1,595,000	1,630,600		35,600	
Transfers (out)		(1,451,000)	 (1,341,812)		109,188	
Net change in net position		(2,539,495)	(723,947)		1,815,548	
Net position beginning of year		6,056,744	6,056,744		-	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		696,406	696,406		-	
Net position end of year	\$	4,213,655	\$ 6,029,203	\$	1,815,548	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) $\mathbf{SEWER} \ \mathbf{FUND}$

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Operating revenues:			
Charges for services	\$ 4,700,000	\$ 4,756,639	\$ 56,639
Licenses, permits and fees	18,000	11,353	(6,647)
Other		17,437	17,437
Total operating revenues	4,718,000	4,785,429	67,429
Operating expenses:			
Salaries and benefits	1,648,633	1,568,228	80,405
Fringe benefits	689,568	652,001	37,567
Contract services	1,274,410	814,261	460,149
Materials and supplies	796,729	419,530	377,199
Capital outlay	2,576,766	2,514,107	62,659
Other	10,000	2,261	7,739
Total operating expenses	6,996,106	5,970,388	1,025,718
Operating loss	(2,278,106)	(1,184,959)	1,093,147
Nonoperating revenues:			
Interest revenue	70,000	87,449	17,449
Loss before transfers	(2,208,106)	(1,097,510)	1,110,596
Transfers in	1,700,000	1,700,000	_
Transfers (out)	(2,160,000)	(2,136,209)	23,791
Net change in net position	(2,668,106)	(1,533,719)	1,134,387
Net position beginning of year	4,719,828	4,719,828	-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	1,603,561	1,603,561	
Net position end of year	\$ 3,655,283	\$ 4,789,670	\$ 1,134,387

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

ROBERTSON COMMUNITY CENTER FUND

	Fin:	al Budget	Actual	Fin:	ance with al Budget cositive egative)
Operating revenues:					
Other	\$	41,500	\$ 62,338	\$	20,838
Total operating revenues		41,500	62,338		20,838
Operating expenses:					
Salaries and benefits		21,131	19,366		1,765
Fringe benefits		3,630	2,940		690
Contract services		20,098	16,342		3,756
Materials and supplies		11,341	8,779		2,562
Capital outlay		5,000	4,987		13
Total operating expenses		61,200	52,414		8,786
Net change in net position		(19,700)	9,924		29,624
Net position beginning of year		93,701	93,701		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		289	289		-
Net position end of year	\$	74,290	\$ 103,914	\$	29,624

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

COMMUNITY IMPROVEMENT FUND

	Fi	Final Budget Actual				iance with al Budget Positive (egative)
Operating revenues:						
Charges for services	\$	1,425,000	\$	1,447,899	\$	22,899
Other		2,000		3,616		1,616
Total operating revenues		1,427,000		1,451,515		24,515
Operating expenses:						
Salaries and benefits		14,800		161		14,639
Fringe benefits		2,518		25		2,493
Contract services		1,564,138		1,283,582		280,556
Materials and supplies		10,000		5,472		4,528
Capital outlay		50,000		-		50,000
Total operating expenses		1,641,456		1,289,240		352,216
Net change in net position		(214,456)		162,275		376,731
Net position beginning of year		282,898		282,898		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		14,138		14,138		-
Net position end of year	\$	82,580	\$	459,311	\$	376,731

FUND DESCRIPTION

Internal Service Fund

The internal service fund is used to account for the financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the City on a cost reimbursement basis. Specifically, the internal service fund accounts for a medical benefit self-insurance program for employees of the City.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

INTERNAL SERVICE FUND

	Fi	nal Budget	Actual	Fin	iance with al Budget Positive Jegative)
Operating revenues:					
Charges for services	\$	2,790,000	\$ 2,716,864	\$	(73,136)
Other		240,000	290,463		50,463
Total operating revenues		3,030,000	3,007,327		(22,673)
Operating expenses:					
Claims		3,238,736	3,195,211		43,525
Total operating expenses		3,238,736	3,195,211		43,525
Net change in net position		(208,736)	(187,884)		20,852
Net position beginning of year		367,705	367,705		_
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		3,736	3,736		-
Net position end of year	\$	162,705	\$ 183,557	\$	20,852

FUND DESCRIPTION

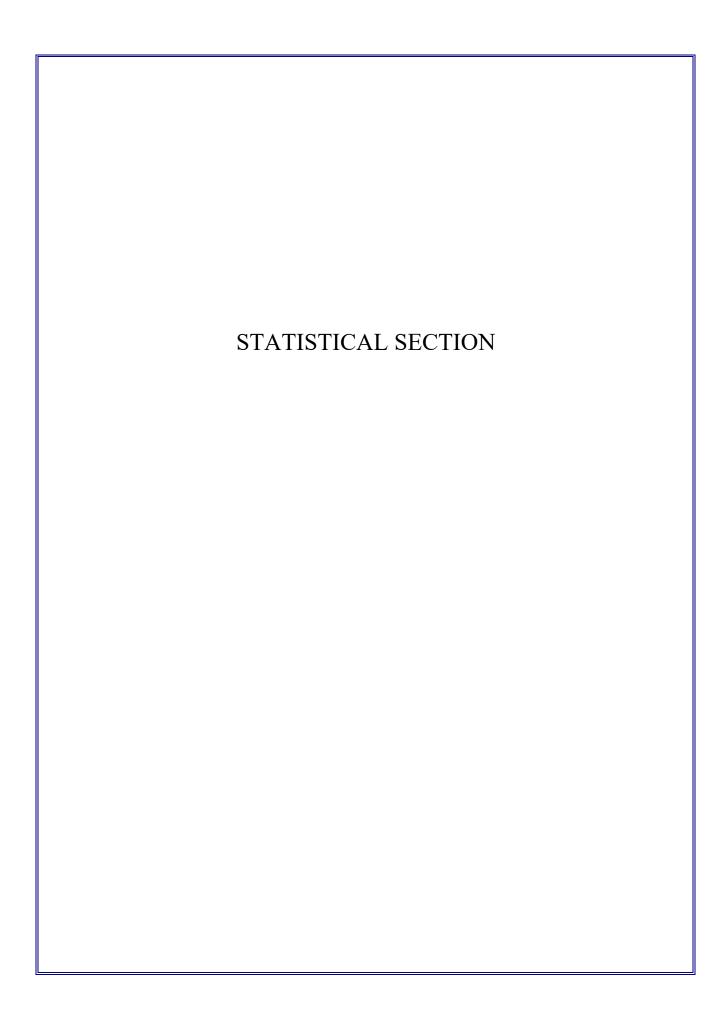
Custodial Fund

Custodial funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in a trust fund. This fund does not account for the City's own source revenue. The following is a description of the City's custodial fund.

Municipal Court Fund

This fund accounts for monies received from the municipal court which are distributed to various agencies.

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STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Alliance's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

<u>Contents</u>	<u>Page</u>
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	223-232
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, the income tax.	233
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	234-240
Demographic and Economic Information These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which	
the City's financial activities take place and to provide information that facilitates comparisons of financial information over time and among governments.	241-242
Operating Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's	
financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	243-250

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the annual comprehensive financial reports for the relevant year.

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	2022		2021		2020			2019
Governmental activities								
Net investment in capital assets	\$	22,097,589	\$	19,889,769	\$	18,214,085	\$	17,381,872
Restricted for:								
Debt service		43,850		43,850		45,655		66,957
Capital projects		89,397		73,994		55,024		38,390
Transportation projects		356,649		229,948		190,262		143,503
Public service programs		879,941		676,087		555,986		548,571
Community development programs		3,435,510		3,313,037		3,447,536		3,327,370
Police and fire pension		-		-		-		-
Security programs		159,909		227,825		209,657		218,959
Other purposes		1,294,504		648,164		837,277		466,429
Unrestricted (deficit)		(7,880,549)		(10,237,106)		(13,936,240)		(16,370,181)
Total governmental activities net position	\$	20,476,800	\$	14,865,568	\$	9,619,242	\$	5,821,870
Business-type activities								
Net investment in capital assets	\$	24,552,475	\$	23,264,663	\$	23,113,403	\$	20,478,007
Restricted:	Ψ.	21,002,170	Ψ	25,201,005	Ψ	20,110,.00	Ψ	20,.70,007
Debt service		_		_		4		225,734
Replacement and surplus reserve		1,637,978		1,939,734		1,866,743		1,652,595
Unrestricted		9,563,571		7,645,298		4,346,860		5,310,928
Total business-type activities net position	\$	35,754,024	\$	32,849,695	\$	29,327,010	\$	27,667,264
Total primary government								
Net investment in capital assets	\$	46,650,064	\$	43,154,432	\$	41,327,488	\$	37,859,879
Restricted for:	Ψ	40,030,004	Ψ	73,137,732	Ψ	41,327,400	Ψ	37,637,677
Capital projects		89,397		73,994		55,024		38,390
Debt service		43,850		43,850		45,659		292,691
Replacement and surplus reserve		1,637,978		1,939,734		1,866,743		1,652,595
Transportation projects		356,649		229,948		190,262		143,503
Public service programs		879,941		676,087		555,986		548,571
Community environment programs		3,435,510		3,313,037		3,447,536		3,327,370
Security programs		159,909		227,825		209,657		218,959
Police and fire pension		137,707		227,023		207,037		210,737
Other purposes		1,294,504		648,164		837,277		466,429
Unrestricted (deficit)		1,683,022		(2,591,808)		(9,589,380)		(11,059,253)
Total primary government net position	\$	56,230,824	\$	47,715,263	\$	38,946,252	\$	33,489,134
Total primary government net position	Ψ	30,230,624	Ψ	77,713,203	Ψ	30,770,232	Ψ	33,707,134

Source: City financial records.

Notes: The net position at December 31, 2014 has been restated for the implementation of GASB Statement No. 68 and 71.

The net position at December 31, 2017 has been restated for the implementation of GASB Statement No. 75.

The net position at December 31, 2019 has been restated for the implementation of GASB Statement No. 84.

	2018		2017		2016		2015		2014		2013
\$	17,926,582	\$	18,803,807	\$	19,802,449	\$	19,340,616	\$	19,325,774	\$	19,528,061
	66,216		65,369		64,617		145,057		425,849		191,036
	15,879		-		-		-		86,105		936,012
	206,857		156,417		89,780		117,694		357,951		375,369
	843,181		982,136		1,016,857		1,048,390		1,175,610		759,389
	3,233,795		2,854,058		3,184,299		3,184,160		3,329,142		3,318,742
	20,000		66,555		34,220		24,686		38,397		69,984
	290,587		347,508		344,515		355,439		392,320		232,414
	288,369		189,666		302,795		148,897		119,585		903,606
	(26,438,433)		(25,204,668)		(10,943,407)		(8,403,601)		(7,859,134)		2,743,270
\$	(3,546,967)	\$	(1,739,152)	\$	13,896,125	\$	15,961,338	\$	17,391,599	\$	29,057,883
\$	18,528,115	\$	17,053,900	\$	15,854,399	\$	14,314,561	\$	13,620,315	\$	12,266,157
	407,837		439,150		449,748		520,304		548,950		573,116
	1,063,822		1,132,890		866,353		878,195		522,362		1,152,065
	6,205,777		6,240,242		8,420,942		8,390,452		7,305,450		9,757,719
\$	26,205,551	\$	24,866,182	\$	25,591,442	\$	24,103,512	\$	21,997,077	\$	23,749,057
\$	36,454,697	\$	35,857,707	\$	35,656,848	\$	33,655,177	\$	32,946,089	\$	31,794,218
	15.050								06.105		026.012
	15,879		504.510		514265		-		86,105		936,012
	474,053		504,519		514,365		665,361		974,799		764,152
	1,063,822 206,857		1,132,890 156,417		866,353 89,780		878,195 117,694		522,362		1,152,065 375,369
	843,181		982,136		1,016,857		1,048,390		357,951 1,175,610		759,389
	3,233,795						, ,		, ,		
	290,587		2,854,058 347,508		3,184,299 344,515		3,184,160 355,439		3,329,142 392,320		3,318,742 232,414
	20,000		547,508 66,555		344,313		333,439 24,686		392,320		69,984
	288,369		189,666		34,220		24,686 148,897		38,397 119,585		903,606
	(20,232,656)		(18,964,426)		(2,522,465)		(13,149)		(553,684)		12,500,989
\$	22,658,584	\$	23,127,030	\$	39,487,567	\$	40,064,850	\$	39,388,676	\$	52,806,940
φ	22,030,304	φ	23,127,030	φ	33,401,301	φ	70,004,030	φ	33,300,070	φ	32,000,340

CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	2022		2021		2020		2019	
Program revenues:								
Governmental activities:								
Charges for services:								
General government	\$	1,086,393	\$	1,026,462	\$	1,435,730	\$	1,401,813
Security of persons and property		184,961		168,575		156,181		180,066
Public health and welfare		99,128		70,240		87,783		77,246
Transportation	-			-		-		-
Community environment		94,453		97,590		113,156		168,148
Leisure time activities		41,551		24,066		15,594		30,502
Subtotal - charges for services		1,506,486		1,386,933		1,808,444		1,857,775
Operating grants and contributions:								
General government		2,164,508		46,995		32,639		31,100
Security of persons and property		98,208		207,615		1,940,143		205,603
Public health and welfare		12,350		7,880		-		-
Transportation		1,324,918		1,445,781		1,439,406		1,156,195
Community environment		696,042		1,122,438		839,337		1,522,364
Leisure time activities		105		_				-
Subtotal - operating grants and contributions		4,296,131		2,830,709		4,251,525		2,915,262
Capital grants and contributions:								
General government		-		_		-		-
Security of persons and property		-		-		-		-
Transportation		943,445		802,751		1,622,699		350,218
Leisure time activities		_		_		-		212,700
Subtotal - capital grants and contributions		943,445		802,751		1,622,699		562,918
Total governmental activities program revenues		6,746,062		5,020,393		7,682,668		5,335,955
Business-type activities:								
Charges for services:								
Water		5,758,653		5,463,255		5,547,357		5,682,228
Sewer		4,845,801		4,802,514		5,047,117		5,096,377
Robertson Community Center		62,338		49,956		11,169		49,807
Community Improvement		1,451,515		1,421,572		1,351,111		1,302,326
Capital grants and contributions		<u>-</u>		<u> </u>		<u>-</u>		-
Total business-type activities program revenues		12,118,307		11,737,297		11,956,754		12,130,738
Total primary government	\$	18,864,369	\$	16,757,690	\$	19,639,422	\$	17,466,693
Expenses:								
Governmental activities:								
General government	\$	3,349,511	\$	1,930,292	\$	3,794,432	\$	4,094,336
Security of persons and property		9,296,692		8,455,029		9,749,781		1,187,041
Public health and welfare		626,899		530,164		907,648		724,395
Transportation		2,115,308		2,191,524		2,414,065		2,824,884
Community environment		701,128		1,137,043		1,054,128		1,138,812
Basic utility services		40,661		34,356		74,544		79,816
Leisure time activities		946,390		455,427		875,940		1,009,135
Interest and fiscal charges		12,238		12,715		13,924		15,093
Total governmental activities expenses		17,088,827		14,746,550		18,884,462		11,073,512

	2018		2017		2016		2015		2014		2013
\$	1,554,322	\$	1,043,042	\$	1,282,857	\$	1,657,019	\$	1,572,870	\$	1,090,395
	220,814		164,757		107,598		76,764		65,939		464,505
	180,031		169,774		179,096		200,787		161,864 272		162,282
	168,491		129,587		124,538		158,407		59,609		64,284
	31,343		26,935		28,699		7,420		26,106		24,022
	2,155,001		1,534,095		1,722,788		2,100,397		1,886,660		1,805,488
	40,235		100,439		520,850		49,925		56,207		199,541
	116,727		54,318		68,815		88,367		119,213		185,490
	165,934		136,102		127,350		122,410		133,115		148,884
	989,818		1,062,884		939,324		986,928		975,748		997,472
	1,842,178		1,249,650		1,086,050		731,338		999,489		645,228
	3,154,892		2,603,393		2,742,389		1,978,968		2,283,772		2,176,615
	3,10 1,032		2,000,000		2,7 (2,50)		1,5 / 0,5 00		2,200,772		2,170,015
	-		-		-		12,500		263		-
	15,000		-		-		-		-		-
	218,320		366,748		1,279,658		331,606		543,314		660,617
	233,320		305,627 672,375		1,279,658		344,106		543,577		660,617
	5 542 212		4 800 862		5 744 925		4 402 471		4.714.000		4 (42 720
	5,543,213		4,809,863	-	5,744,835	-	4,423,471		4,714,009		4,642,720
	5,692,737		5,026,836		5,336,229		5,244,227		5,027,585		5,080,395
	4,964,122		4,398,714		4,446,894		4,546,914		4,245,435		4,516,682
	48,031		48,188		54,348		44,928		47,494		43,062
	1,255,875 269,500		526,604 675,292		-		-		-		-
	12,230,265		10,675,634		9,837,471		9,836,069		9,320,514		9,640,139
\$	17,773,478	\$	15,485,497	\$	15,582,306	\$	14,259,540	\$	14,034,523	\$	14,282,859
Ψ	17,773,170	Ψ	13,103,177	<u> </u>	13,502,500	<u> </u>	11,239,310	<u> </u>	11,031,323	Ψ	11,202,000
\$	3,617,085	\$	3,688,938	\$	4,360,652	\$	3,786,152	\$	3,530,481	\$	3,429,427
	10,483,887		9,688,773		9,647,261		9,005,619		8,983,758		8,727,248
	1,058,035		1,099,398		1,038,202		952,886		944,102		961,188
	2,295,904		2,411,821		2,582,067		2,584,976		1,946,535		1,852,335
	1,583,160		1,699,760		1,410,889		941,453		1,132,317		1,419,894
	47,541 739,664		65,837		61,731 765,229		41,870 748,255		68,828		72,018
	16,497		777,138 19,154		26,933		28,195		741,638 39,947		711,074 45,757
	19,841,773		19,450,819		19,892,964		18,089,406		17,387,606	-	17,218,941
	17,011,773		17,100,017		17,072,704		10,007,100		17,507,000		17,210,771

CHANGES IN NET POSITION (CONTINUED) LAST TEN YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	2022		2021			2020		2019
Business-type activities:								
Water	\$	5,004,734	\$	4,126,886	\$	4,373,005	\$	4,576,875
Sewer		4,072,982		3,264,203		5,020,317		5,409,140
Robertson Community Center		61,370		39,488		14,561		83,696
Community Improvement		1,287,311		1,359,907		1,488,547		1,233,768
Total business-type activities expenses		10,426,397		8,790,484		10,896,430		11,303,479
Total primary government	\$	27,515,224	\$	23,537,034	\$	29,780,892	\$	22,376,991
Net (expense) revenue:								
Governmental activities	\$	(10,342,765)	\$	(9,726,157)	\$	(11,201,794)	\$	(5,737,557)
Business-type activities		1,691,910		2,946,813		1,060,324		827,259
Total primary government net expense	\$	(8,650,855)	\$	(6,779,344)	\$	(10,141,470)	\$	(4,910,298)
General revenues and other changes in net positio	n:							
Governmental activities:								
Municipal income taxes	\$	13,490,189	\$	11,613,495	\$	10,136,657	\$	10,702,325
Property and other local taxes		2,174,212		1,987,158		2,020,389		1,988,388
Grants and entitlements								
not restricted to specific programs		854,146		881,192		546,126		649,164
Investment earnings		161,955		34,639		30,624		22,766
Gain (loss) on fair value adjustment		(1,623,203)		(350,628)		206,711		199,082
Gain on sale of capital assets		-		184,087		-		-
Miscellaneous		896,698		622,540		2,058,659		518,124
Transfers		-		-		-		-
Special item								1,025,474
Total governmental activities		15,953,997		14,972,483		14,999,166		15,105,323
Business-type activities:								
Municipal income taxes		538,160		459,654		397,548		432,114
Grants and entitlements								
not restricted to specific programs		497,778		-		-		-
Investment earnings		176,481		116,218		201,874		202,340
Transfers				<u>-</u>				<u>-</u>
Total business-type activities		1,212,419		575,872		599,422		634,454
Total primary government	\$	17,166,416	\$	15,548,355	\$	15,598,588	\$	15,739,777
Change in net position:								
Governmental activities	\$	5,611,232	\$	5,246,326	\$	3,797,372	\$	9,367,766
Business-type activities	•	2,904,329		3,522,685	*	1,659,746	•	1,461,713
Total primary government	\$	8,515,561	\$	8,769,011	\$	5,457,118	\$	10,829,479
	_				_		_	

Source: City financial records.

	2018		2017		2016		2015		2014		2013
\$	5,060,457 5,086,176 65,137 1,243,119	\$	4,721,033 4,729,283 350,405 80,802	\$	4,574,627 4,194,853 63,466	\$	4,222,774 3,932,292 54,428	\$	4,490,494 4,364,930 60,546	\$	4,518,463 4,186,816 55,503
	11,454,889		9,881,523		8,832,946		8,209,494		8,915,970		8,760,782
\$	31,296,662	\$	29,332,342	\$	28,725,910	\$	26,298,900	\$	26,303,576	\$	25,979,723
\$	(14,298,560) 775,376 (13,523,184)	\$	(14,640,956) 794,111 (13,846,845)	\$	(14,148,129) 1,004,525 (13,143,604)	\$	(13,665,935) 1,626,575 (12,039,360)	\$	(12,673,597) 404,544 (12,269,053)	\$	(12,576,221) 879,357 (11,696,864)
\$	10,366,624 1,057,126	\$	9,728,707 934,726	\$	10,156,552 955,825	\$	10,305,849 893,577	\$	10,739,033 905,285	\$	10,118,478 917,317
	659,829		547,218		606,027		630,859		592,068		967,436
	26,599		23,077		18,684		18,707		25,442		4,166
	17,869		(68,725)		(8,977)		14,262		-		-
	362,698		329,524		354,805		372,420		537,100 546,889		246,946
	12,490,745		11,494,527		12,082,916		12,235,674		13,345,817		12,254,343
	405,720		380,242		399,981		404,207		420,332		394,602
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	158,273		128,274		83,424		75,653		115,162		9,165
	563,993		508,516		483,405		479,860		(546,889)		403,767
\$	13,054,738	\$	12,003,043		12,566,321	\$	12,715,534	\$	13,334,422	\$	12,658,110
Ψ	10,00 1,730	<u> </u>	12,003,013	Ψ	12,500,521	Ψ	12,713,334	Ψ	10,00 1,122	<u> </u>	12,000,110
\$	(1,807,815) 1,339,369 (468,446)	\$	(3,146,429) 1,302,627 (1,843,802)	\$	(2,065,213) 1,487,930 (577,283)	\$	(1,430,261) 2,106,435 676,174	\$	672,220 393,149 1,065,369	\$	(321,878) 1,283,124 961,246
								_		_	

FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	 2022		2021		2020		2019
General fund:							
Nonspendable	\$ 333,042	\$	245,012	\$	296,770	\$	329,865
Restricted	3,652		7,741		13,243		8,193
Committed	126,868		104,255		121,422		87,828
Assigned	463,548		895,850		2,090,115		799,469
Unassigned	 3,170,450		2,732,043		2,715,212		1,702,053
Total general fund	 4,097,560		3,984,901		5,236,762		2,927,408
All other governmental funds:							
Nonspendable	96,379		93,131		91,247		117,310
Restricted	6,514,812		6,155,579		6,102,424		5,769,013
Committed	2,981,718		2,589,266		1,263,896		648,707
Assigned	-		-		-		-
Unassigned (deficit)	 (191,134)		(76,684)		(18,210)		(119,965)
Total all other governmental funds	 9,401,775		8,761,292		7,439,357		6,415,065
Total governmental funds	\$ 13,499,335	\$	12,746,193	\$	12,676,119	\$	9,342,473

Source: City financial records.

Note: The City implemented GASB 54 in 2011. The City implemented GASB 84 in 2020.

 2018	 2017	-	2016	 2015	 2014	 2013
\$ 246,779	\$ 262,989	\$	256,700	\$ 386,149	\$ 98,029	\$ 100,473
10,710	7,719		4,586	-	-	-
180,757	87,966		27,592	59,451	103,593	86,927
245,393	877,671		186,256	1,299,804	1,566,149	1,380,734
 1,083,006	 		916,477	 1,159,618	 1,130,672	 1,237,121
 1,766,645	 1,236,345		1,391,611	 2,905,022	 2,898,443	 2,805,255
87,916	75,111		109,983	53,784	31,068	15,867
5,468,424	5,033,095		5,125,523	5,372,753	5,859,314	5,671,080
223,888	455,388		787,042	760,187	1,057,921	825,390
-	-		-	-	1,000	1,000
 (116,568)	 (12,107)		(203,737)	 (352,810)	 	 (3,292)
 5,663,660	 5,551,487		5,818,811	 5,833,914	 6,949,303	 6,510,045
\$ 7,430,305	\$ 6,787,832	\$	7,210,422	\$ 8,738,936	\$ 9,847,746	\$ 9,315,300

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	2022		 2021	 2020	 2019
Revenues					
Municipal income taxes	\$	13,235,532	\$ 11,585,481	\$ 10,152,933	\$ 10,652,126
Property and other taxes		2,181,633	1,988,868	1,975,539	1,880,731
Charges for services		434,129	328,234	515,061	620,870
Licenses, permits and fees		323,174	269,645	292,027	373,359
Fines and forfeitures		578,966	606,796	576,797	651,658
Intergovernmental		5,627,882	3,790,249	6,029,425	3,831,182
Special assessments		-	-	-	-
Investment income		198,420	92,452	336,694	314,876
Rental income		36,337	28,702	14,794	24,446
Contributions and donations		-	-	-	6,457
Fair value adjustment		(1,623,203)	(350,628)	-	-
Other		1,197,030	 1,105,119	 2,374,391	 719,049
Total revenues		22,189,900	 19,444,918	 22,267,661	 19,074,754
Expenditures					
Current:					
General government		3,582,767	3,487,217	3,414,288	3,394,151
Security of persons and property		9,707,689	9,221,442	8,898,206	8,728,149
Public health and welfare		668,290	604,717	894,058	679,361
Transportation		1,086,043	2,238,246	1,535,638	1,596,567
Community environment		787,198	1,312,061	1,092,996	1,095,380
Leisure time activities		990,254	843,671	741,445	770,218
Basic utility services		53,975	64,297	67,004	64,144
Capital outlay		4,490,040	1,822,495	2,229,506	697,734
Debt service:					
Principal retirement		58,300	49,183	47,973	53,474
Interest and fiscal charges		12,202	 12,764	 13,972	 15,138
Total expenditures		21,436,758	 19,656,093	 18,935,086	 17,094,316
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures		753,142	(211,175)	3,332,575	1,980,438
Other financing sources (uses)					
Sale of capital assets		-	281,249	-	-
SIB loan proceeds		-	-	-	-
OPWC loan proceeds		-	-	-	-
Transfers in		989,395	925,630	1,477,454	1,206,019
Transfers (out)		(989,395)	 (925,630)	 (1,477,454)	 (1,206,019)
Total other financing sources (uses)			 281,249	 	
Special item					((0.270)
Transfer of operations		<u> </u>	 	 	 (68,270)
Net change in fund balances	\$	753,142	\$ 70,074	\$ 3,332,575	\$ 1,912,168
Capital expenditures	\$	4,208,873	\$ 3,268,206	\$ 2,342,706	\$ 1,076,787
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures		0.41%	0.38%	0.37%	0.43%

Source: City financial records.

	2018		2017		2016		2015		2014		2013
\$	10,357,967	\$	9,808,805	\$	10,183,234	\$	10,272,590	\$	10,701,172	\$	10,065,525
Φ	1,053,399	Ф	948,761	Φ	954,561	Φ	897,035	Ф	897,977	Φ	916,991
	608,412		515,589		376,950		325,908		378,773		428,359
	573,871		429,225		396,001		658,533		225,825		226,663
	654,796		543,521		638,352		831,263		851,808		977,143
	3,662,860		3,629,004		4,153,323		2,758,634		2,796,166		3,390,528
	-		-		-		_		67,295		69,216
	102,375		18,485		58,434		61,429		44,593		44,886
	29,486		36,586		26,313		44,546		74,834		99,211
	4,842		4,645		17,812		10,498		13,092		42,346
	754,170		599,485		943,409		678,148		1,095,294		657,936
	17,802,178		16,534,106	_	17,748,389		16,538,584		17,146,829		16,918,804
	3,237,050		3,069,659		3,912,589		3,279,554		3,104,014		3,085,737
	8,727,810		8,368,210		8,582,751		8,420,148		8,618,050		8,548,046
	997,751		955,889		964,767		960,431		926,077		949,521
	1,029,882		848,817		1,287,637		1,304,365		897,753		867,372
	1,534,117		1,620,921		1,366,506		929,267		1,129,378		1,412,050
	597,735		588,435		614,440		626,454		613,020		627,704
	42,758		55,032		55,108		61,384		64,775		68,584
	944,556		1,331,645		2,234,305		1,778,871		1,382,029		1,833,204
	45,679		119,591		283,542		263,673		551,581		324,507
	16,540		18,854		23,503		32,081		42,434		48,033
	17,173,878		16,977,053		19,325,148		17,656,228		17,329,111		17,764,758
	628,300		(442,947)		(1,576,759)		(1,117,644)		(182,282)		(845,954)
	14,173		20,357		48,245		8,834		-		_
	-		-		-		-		167,839		-
	-		-		-		-		-		95,040
	1,056,630		890,824		975,197		823,331		1,734,266		1,243,765
	(1,056,630)		(890,824)		(975,197)		(823,331)		(1,187,377)		(1,243,765)
	14,173		20,357		48,245		8,834		714,728		95,040
	-		-		-		-		-		-
\$	642,473	\$	(422,590)	\$	(1,528,514)	\$	(1,108,810)	\$	532,446	\$	(750,914)
\$	646,138	\$	1,087,878	\$	2,153,633	\$	1,625,458	\$	1,189,258	\$	1,871,185
	0.38%		0.87%		1.79%		1.84%		3.68%		2.34%

INCOME TAX REVENUE BASE AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN YEARS

Tax	Indi	vidual	Total			Tax
Year (1)	Withholding	Non-withholding	Individual	Business	Total	Rate
2022	\$ 9,564,408	\$ 1,616,777	\$ 11,181,185	\$ 2,519,861	13,701,046	2.00%
2021	8,966,427	1,395,778	10,362,205	1,629,155	11,991,360	2.00%
2020	7,969,484	1,375,886	9,345,369	886,809	10,232,179	2.00%
2019	8,223,459	1,489,420	9,712,879	1,240,004	10,952,883	2.00%
2018	8,106,422	1,349,692	9,456,114	1,201,548	10,657,662	2.00%
2017	7,945,320	1,360,127	9,305,447	985,722	10,291,169	2.00%
2016	8,960,233	927,033	9,887,266	1,490,436	11,377,702	2.00%
2015	8,065,388	1,474,251	9,539,640	1,116,699	10,656,339	2.00%
2014	8,049,056	1,443,002	9,492,058	1,470,963	10,963,021	2.00%
2013	7,678,323	1,377,277	9,055,600	1,227,886	10,283,486	2.00%

Source: City of Alliance Income Tax Department.

Note: The City is prohibited by statute from presenting information regarding individual taxpayers.

(1) Amounts reported above are on the cash basis of accounting.

CITY OF ALLIANCE, OHIO

INCOME TAX WITHHOLDINGS BY SECTOR LAST TEN YEARS

Sector	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Industrial	50%	51%	45%	43%	43%	45%	48%	47%	47%	46%
Medical	15%	13%	18%	18%	17%	18%	17%	17%	17%	17%
Education	14%	13%	15%	15%	14%	14%	13%	13%	12%	12%
Retail	6%	7%	6%	7%	7%	6%	5%	6%	6%	8%
Service	5%	5%	5%	5%	6%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%
Food/Restaurant	3%	3%	3%	4%	3%	3%	4%	4%	3%	4%
Carnation Mall Area	3%	4%	4%	3%	4%	5%	4%	4%	4%	4%
Financial	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%
Construction	1%	1%	1%	2%	2%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%
Other	1%	1%	1%	1%	2%	1%	1%	1%	3%	1%
	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

Source: City of Alliance Income Tax Department.

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN YEARS

Governmental Activities Business-Type Activities

Year	General Obligation Bonds/Notes	Special Assessment Bonds	OPWC Loans	SIB Loans	Leases	General Obligation Bonds	Revenue Bonds	OWDA Loans	OPWC Loans	Leases	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income	Per Capita
2022	\$ -	s -	\$ 280,002	\$ 23,928	\$ 11,445	\$ 625,090	\$ -	\$ 10,264,411	\$ 1,228,175	\$ 9,425	12,442,476	2.50%	574
2021	-	-	293,335	47,153	19,310	685,100	-	7,294,139	1,319,076	-	9,658,113	2.11%	446
2020	-	-	306,668	69,697	-	745,111	-	6,731,394	1,421,735	-	9,274,605	2.36%	412
2019	-	-	320,001	91,579	-	805,121	1,447,258	6,967,255	1,515,303	-	11,146,517	2.84%	495
2018	-	-	340,001	112,820	-	860,131	2,840,553	6,382,842	1,626,088	-	12,162,435	3.10%	540
2017	-	-	353,334	133,437	-	915,141	4,178,848	4,918,213	1,436,678	-	11,935,651	3.04%	530
2016	75,000	-	366,667	153,449	-	970,151	5,467,143	744,614	1,516,768	-	9,293,792	2.37%	413
2015	315,000	-	380,000	167,839	-	1,025,161	6,715,438	-	1,596,858	-	10,200,296	2.60%	453
2014	555,000	-	393,333	167,839	-	1,080,171	7,923,733	-	1,581,084	-	11,701,160	2.98%	520
2013	1,029,591	70,000	400,000	-	-	2,197,181	9,092,028	-	1,555,078	-	14,343,878	3.65%	637

Source: City financial records.

Notes: See the Demographics and Economic Statistics table for population and personal income data.

The City implemented GASB 87 in 2022.

RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING LAST TEN YEARS

			 Во	onded D	ebt Outstandi	Ratio of			
Year	Population (1)	 sessed Value of Taxable Property (2)	Gross Bonded Debt (3)		bt Service able Balance	Ne	et Bonded Debt	Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Value of Taxable Property	Net Bonded Debt Per Capita
2022	21,672	\$ 373,221,140	\$ 625,090	\$	43,850	\$	581,240	0.16%	26.82
2021	21,672	325,043,390	685,100		43,850		641,250	0.20%	29.59
2020	22,522	325,394,320	745,111		43,850		701,261	0.22%	31.14
2019	22,522	328,137,090	805,121		43,850		761,271	0.23%	33.80
2018	22,522	285,398,790	860,131		43,850		816,281	0.29%	36.24
2017	22,522	280,881,810	915,141		43,850		871,291	0.31%	38.69
2016	22,522	280,881,810	1,045,151		43,850		1,001,301	0.36%	44.46
2015	22,522	278,005,220	1,340,161		126,550		1,213,611	0.44%	53.89
2014	22,522	264,521,390	1,635,171		396,305		1,238,866	0.47%	55.01
2013	22,522	259,506,760	3,226,772		96,408		3,130,364	1.21%	138.99

Sources:

Note: (3) Includes all general obligation bonded debt with the exception of special assessment debt.

⁽¹⁾ U.S. Census Bureau - 2013-2020 from 2010 Federal Census; U.S. Census Bureau - 2021-2022 from 2020 Federal Census

⁽²⁾ County Auditor.

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2022

Governmental Unit	Activi	rnmental ties Debt tanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable (1)	Amount Applicable to City		
irect - City of Alliance OPWC loans SIB loans Leases verlapping debt: Alliance City Schools Marlington Local School District Stark County						
OPWC loans	\$	280,002	100.00%	\$	280,002	
SIB loans		23,928	100.00%		23,928	
Leases		11,445	100.00%		11,445	
		315,375			315,375	
Overlapping debt:						
Alliance City Schools		40,000	87.61%		35,044	
Marlington Local School District		170,733	18.79%		32,081	
Stark County		13,208,690	3.68%		486,080	
Mahoning County		29,185,000	0.01%		2,919	
		42,604,423			556,124	
Total direct and overlapping debt	\$	42,919,798		\$	871,499	

Source: Ohio Municipal Advisory Council.

Note: (1) Percentages were determined by dividing the overlapping subdivision's assessed valuation within the City by its total valuation.

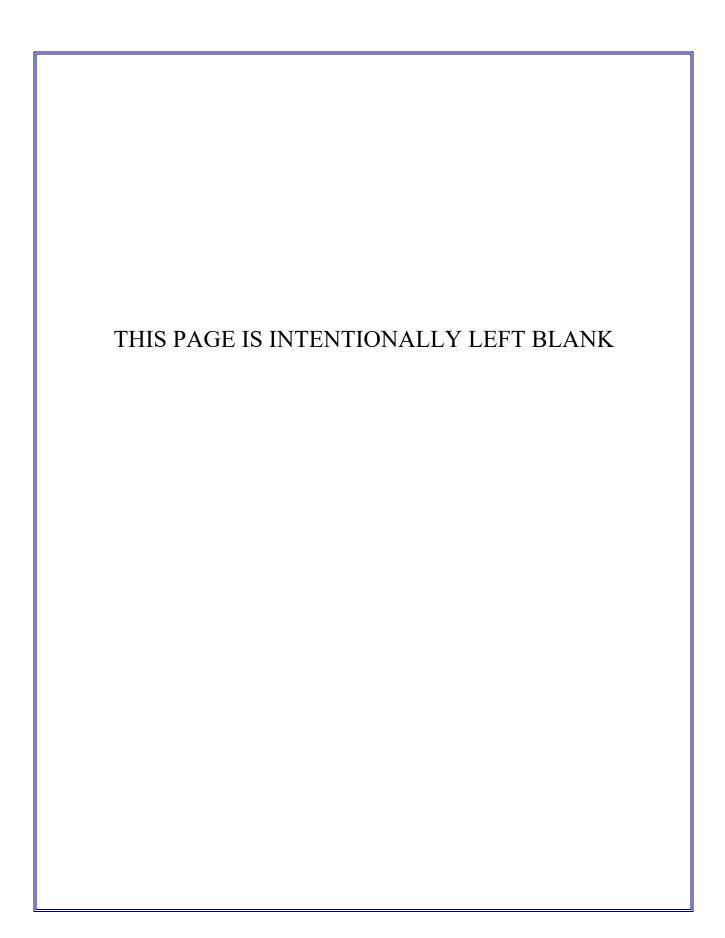
LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN YEARS

		2022	 2021		2020	 2019
Total assessed property value	\$	373,221,140	\$ 325,043,390	\$	325,394,320	\$ 328,137,090
Overall legal debt limit (10 1/2 % of assessed valuation)		39,188,220	 34,129,556		34,166,404	 34,454,394
Debt outstanding:						
General obligation bonds		_	-		_	-
Special assessment bonds		-	-		-	-
SIB loans		23,928	47,153		69,697	91,579
Enterprise general obligation bonds		625,090	685,100		745,111	805,121
OPWC loans		1,508,177	1,612,411		1,421,735	1,515,303
Revenue bonds			 -			 1,447,258
Total gross indebtedness		2,157,195	 2,344,664	_	2,236,543	 3,859,261
Less:						
Special assessment bonds		_	-		_	_
SIB loans		23,928	47,153		69,697	91,579
Enterprise general obligation bonds		625,090	685,100		745,111	805,121
OPWC loans		1,508,177	1,612,411		1,421,735	1,515,303
Revenue bonds			 			 1,447,258
Total net debt applicable to debt limit			 			
Legal debt margin within 10 1/2 % limitation	\$	39,188,220	\$ 34,129,556	\$	34,166,404	\$ 34,454,394
Legal debt margin as a percentage						
of the debt limit		100.00%	100.00%		100.00%	100.00%
Unvoted debt limitation	\$	20,527,163	\$ 17,877,386	\$	17,896,688	\$ 18,047,540
(5 1/2 % of assessed valuation)						
Total gross indebtedness		2,157,195	2,344,664		2,236,543	3,859,261
Less:						
Special assessment bonds		-	-		-	-
SIB loans		23,928	47,153		69,697	91,579
Enterprise general obligation bonds OPWC loans		625,090 1,508,177	685,100 1,612,411		745,111 1,421,735	805,121 1,515,303
Revenue bonds		1,306,177	1,012,411		1,421,733	1,313,303
Net debt within 5 1/2 % limitations			 		<u>-</u>	 1,447,236
The deet main 5 1/2 /v initiations	-		 			
Unvoted legal debt margin within						
5 1/2 % limitations	\$	20,527,163	\$ 17,877,386	\$	17,896,688	\$ 18,047,540
Univoted legal debt margin as a margantage						
Unvoted legal debt margin as a percentage of the unvoted debt limitation		100.00%	100.00%		100.00%	100.00%
		200.0070	- 50.0070		- 30.00.0	- 30.00.0

Source: City financial records.

Note: Ohio Bond Law sets a limit of 10.5% for voted debt and 5.5% for unvoted debt.

 2018	 2017	 2016	 2015		2014	 2013
\$ 285,398,790	\$ 280,881,810	\$ 278,005,220	\$ 264,521,390	\$	259,506,760	\$ 262,059,330
 29,966,873	 29,492,590	 29,190,548	 27,774,746		27,248,210	 27,516,230
-	-	75,000	315,000		555,000	1,029,591
112,820	133,437	153,449	167,839		167,839	70,000
860,131	915,141	970,151	1,025,161		1,080,171	2,197,181
1,626,088	1,790,012	1,883,435	1,976,858		1,974,417	1,955,078
2,840,553	 4,178,848	 5,467,143	 6,715,438		7,923,733	 9,092,028
 5,439,592	 7,017,438	8,549,178	 10,200,296	_	11,701,160	 14,343,878
-	-	-	-		-	70,000
112,820 860,131	133,437	153,449	167,839		167,839	2 107 191
1,626,088	915,141 1,790,012	970,151 1,883,435	1,025,161 1,976,858		1,080,171 1,974,417	2,197,181 1,955,078
2,840,553	4,178,848	5,467,143	6,715,438		7,923,733	9,092,028
2,040,333		75,000	 315,000		555,000	1,029,591
\$ 29,966,873	\$ 29,492,590	\$ 29,115,548	\$ 27,459,746	\$	26,693,210	\$ 26,486,639
100.000/	100.000/	00.740/	00.070/		07.060/	06.2607
100.00%	100.00%	99.74%	98.87%		97.96%	96.26%
\$ 15,696,933	\$ 15,448,500	\$ 15,290,287	\$ 14,548,676	\$	14,272,872	\$ 14,413,263
5,439,592	7,017,438	8,549,178	10,200,296		11,701,160	14,343,878
_	_	_	_		_	70,000
112,820	133,437	153,449	167,839		_	-
860,131	915,141	970,151	1,025,161		1,080,171	2,197,181
1,626,088	1,790,012	1,883,435	1,976,858		1,974,417	1,955,078
 2,840,553	 4,178,848	 5,467,143	 6,715,438		7,923,733	 9,092,028
 	 -	 75,000	 315,000		722,839	 1,029,591
\$ 15,696,933	\$ 15,448,500	\$ 15,215,287	\$ 14,233,676	\$	13,550,033	\$ 13,383,672
100.00%	100.00%	99.51%	97.83%		94.94%	92.86%



PLEDGED REVENUE COVERAGE WATER REVENUE BONDS LAST TEN YEARS

	Operating					Cash and cash Net Revenues quivalents with Available				Debt S			
Year		Revenues	Ex	xpenses (1)	fisca	al agent	for l	Debt Service	Pı	rincipal	I	nterest	Coverage (2)
2022	\$	5,758,653	\$	4,253,930	\$	-	\$	1,504,723	\$	-	\$	-	N/A
2021		5,463,255		3,402,091		-		2,061,164		-		-	N/A
2020		5,547,357		3,648,940		4		1,898,421		1,440,000		57,600	1.27
2019		5,682,228		3,816,124		1,680,352		3,546,456		1,385,000		113,000	2.37
2018		5,692,737		4,273,708		1,695,753		3,114,782		1,330,000		166,200	2.08
2017		5,026,836		4,419,831		1,679,224		2,286,229		1,280,000		214,200	1.53
2016		5,336,229		4,223,454		1,226,707		2,339,482		1,240,000		257,600	1.56
2015		5,244,227		3,245,642		1,678,905		3,677,490		1,200,000		299,600	2.45
2014		5,027,585		3,406,534		1,678,985		3,300,036		1,160,000		338,750	2.20
2013		5,080,395		3,365,400		1,678,808		3,393,803		1,125,000		375,313	2.26

Source: City financial records.

Notes:

(1) Direct operating expenses do not include depreciation and amortization expense.

Net Revenue Available for Debt Service is computed by subtracting direct operating expenses from operating revenues for the reporting period. The Net Revenue Available for Debt Service also includes restricted cash held by a fiscal agent to meet the Rate Covenant as described in the Trust Agreement.

⁽²⁾ The water revenue bonds were retired during 2020.

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN YEARS

<u>Year</u>	Population (1)	T	otal Personal Income (2)	Iı	ersonal ncome Capita (1)	Н	Median ousehold come (1)	Median Age (1)	Stark County Unemployment Rate (3)
2022	21,672	\$	497,957,544	\$	22,977	\$	44,862	35.9	3.2%
2021	21,672		456,737,400		21,075		36,883	35.9	3.6%
2020	22,522		392,490,894		14,427		32,048	35.9	5.2%
2019	22,522		392,490,894		14,427		32,048	35.9	4.5%
2018	22,522		392,490,894		17,427		32,048	35.9	4.9%
2017	22,522		392,490,894		17,427		32,048	35.9	5.2%
2016	22,522		392,490,894		17,427		32,048	35.9	6.4%
2015	22,522		392,490,894		17,427		32,048	35.9	6.4%
2014	22,522		392,490,894		17,427		32,048	35.9	4.5%
2013	22,522		392,490,894		17,427		32,048	35.9	6.9%

Sources:

Notes:

(2) Computation of per capita personal income multiplied by population.

Unemployment rate information is not available for the City; therefore, the Stark County rate is disclosed.

⁽¹⁾ U.S. Census Bureau - 2013-2020 from 2010 Federal Census; U.S. Census Bureau - 2021-2022 from 2020 Federal Census

⁽³⁾ Ohio Department of Job and Family Services labor market information, annual average.

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

December 31, 2022

	Detember 31, 2022							
Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage Employment					
University of Mount Union	1,554	1	14.13%					
Alliance Comm Hospital	1,189	2	10.81%					
Coastal Pet Products	796	3	7.24%					
Alliance City Schools	747	4	6.79%					
Walmart Associates	430	5	3.91%					
Mac Trailer	326	6	2.96%					
City of Alliance	310	7	2.82%					
Alliance Tubular Products LLC	242	8	2.20%					
Wally Armour	128	9	1.16%					
Alliance Community Medical	118	10	1.07%					
Total	5,840		53.09%					
Total City Employment (1)	11,000							

December 31, 2013

Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total		
University of Mount Union	1,851	1	16.10%		
Alliance Community Hospital	1,122	2	9.76%		
Coastal Pet Products	897	3	7.80%		
Alliance City Schools	846	4	7.36%		
Alliance Castings	690	5	6.00%		
Walmart Associates	522	6	4.54%		
Alliance Tubular Products LLC	345	7	3.00%		
City of Alliance	307	8	2.67%		
Terry's Tire Town	229	9	1.99%		
Alliance Community Medical	74	10	0.64%		
Total	6,883	:	59.86%		
Total City Employment (1)	11,500				

Source: City of Alliance Income Tax Department & U.S. Department of Labor.

Notes:

(1) Total City Employment is estimated by the City.

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN YEARS

Function/Program	 2022	_	2021	 2020	 2019
General Government					
Council and clerk					
Number of ordinances passed	76		72	84	73
Number of resolutions passed	11		10	11	9
Number of planning commission docket items	37		24	34	30
Zoning board of appeals docket items	20		28	18	8
Finance Department					
Number of checks/vouchers issued	4,144		4,414	4,198	4,180
Number of payroll checks issued (1)	8,586		8,415	8,223	9,102
Interest earnings for fiscal year					
(cash basis, includes water & sewer)	\$ 303,835	\$	192,848	\$ 322,116	\$ 316,160
Number of receipts issued	2,342		2,256	2,072	2,500
Number of journal entries issued	920		335	337	224
Number of budget adjustments issued	42		33	27	28
Agency ratings - Moody's Financial Services	A2		A2	A2	A2
Health insurance costs- Medical	\$ 2,484,999	\$	2,346,072	\$ 2,147,362	\$ 2,345,207
Health insurance costs- Dental	\$ 99,360	\$	97,511	\$ 86,056	\$ 113,205
Health insurance costs- Administration	\$ 608,841	\$	605,067	\$ 585,718	\$ 483,822
Health insurance total	\$ 3,193,199	\$	3,048,651	\$ 2,819,136	\$ 2,942,234
General fund receipts (budgetary-basis)	\$ 13,701,968	\$	11,894,380	\$ 12,754,306	\$ 12,852,232
General fund expenditures (budgetary-basis)	\$ 11,312,473	\$	11,635,807	\$ 9,733,338	\$ 10,919,501
General fund cash balance	\$ 3,773,448	\$	2,346,903	\$ 3,069,464	\$ 1,390,089
Income Tax Department					
Number of individual returns	6,453		6,752	6,647	7,079
Number of business returns	1,294		1,423	1,262	1,247
Number of business withholding accounts	12,159		10,802	10,176	10,293
Annual number of corporate witholding forms processed	4,387		4,235	4,175	4,080
Annual number of estimated payment forms processed	3,123		3,216	3,353	2,584
Annual number of reconciliation of withholdings processed	3,480		3,456	3,423	3,572
Engineer Contracted Services					
Dollar amount of construction overseen by engineer	n/a		n/a	n/a	n/a
Private construction overseen/inspected	\$ 491,816	\$	1,890,328	\$ 577,955	n/a
Engineering design contracts	n/a		n/a	n/a	n/a
Municipal Court					
Number of civil cases filed	1,184		1,108	1,019	1,494
Number of criminal cases filed	1,918		1,810	1,808	2,069
Number of traffic cases filed	3,007		2,931	2,370	3,234
Total cases filed	6,109		5,849	5,197	6,797
Number of civil cases disposed	1,122		1,063	1,101	1,414
Number of criminal cases disposed	2,080		1,847	1,863	2,136
Number of traffic cases disposed	3,057		2,975	2,379	3,245
Total cases disposed	6,259		5,885	5,343	6,795
Vital Statistics					
Certificates filed	376		429	436	345
Number of births (2)	10		-	-	-
Number of deaths	366		429	436	345
	200				
Certificates issued	3,128		3,723	3,264	3,383

2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
62	61	69	69	80	75
12	8	13	2	6	11
37	26	35	32	11	27
13	17	32	22	22	4
4,184	4,012	4,188	3,961	3,593	3,830
9,142	7,830	2,126	2,242	2,577	2,522
\$ 206,284	\$ 180,622	\$ 127,697	\$ 104,325	\$ 14,844	\$ 17,116
2,495	2,633	289	292	284	329
173	251	283	201	212	326
40	32	15	20	29	20
A2	A2	A2	Al	Aaa	Aaa
\$ 1,862,967	\$ 1,897,930	\$ 2,227,464	\$ 2,283,972	\$ 1,759,447	\$ 2,202,445
\$ 111,442	\$ 106,401	\$ 116,824	\$ 111,121	\$ 124,595	\$ 123,818
\$ 509,462	\$ 495,409	\$ 455,148	\$ 368,918	\$ 358,408	\$ 310,190
\$ 2,483,871	\$ 2,499,740	\$ 2,799,436	\$ 2,764,011	\$ 2,242,450	\$ 2,636,453
\$ 12,157,619	\$ 11,533,809	\$ 12,057,771	\$ 11,796,835	\$ 11,713,463	\$ 11,188,999
\$ 10,927,448	\$ 10,941,075	\$ 11,585,501	\$ 12,361,924	\$ 10,870,256	\$ 10,663,936
\$ 445,233	\$ 230,043	\$ 373,777	\$ 651,973	\$ 1,197,685	\$ 1,249,079
		0.045	0.440		
7,266	7,809	8,045	8,418	8,372	8,070
1,281	1,328	1,389	1,259	1,224	1,304
9,771	9,438	9,238	4,459	4,683	4,989
4,324	3,523	3,447	3,422	3,612	3,451
1,048	2,700	2,851	2,735	2,898	2,680
5,204	3,621	3,608	3,925	3,612	3,550
\$ 540,573	\$ 800,000	\$ 898,839	\$ 953,981	\$ 550,000	\$ 954,950
\$ 809,350	\$ 897,129	\$ 931,250	\$ 857,900	\$ 1,056,500	n/a
\$ 104,649	\$ 160,000	\$ 650	\$ 52,975	\$ 28,600	\$ 20,625
1,443	1,317	1,290	1,389	1,476	1,371
1,943	1,547	2,237	1,995	2,042	2,290
3,475	2,285	3,407	4,544	5,528	4,844
6,861	5,149	6,934	7,928	9,046	8,505
1,410	1,204	1,324	1,396	1,453	1,402
2,022	1,667	2,307	2,058	2,127	2,402
3,523	2,350	3,462	4,581	5,537	4,858
6,955	5,221	7,093	8,035	9,117	8,662
336	314	459	714	694	754
-	-	140	387	385	416
336	314	319	309	309	338
2,993	2,942	2,877	3,176	3,172	3,255
398	364	n/a	323	365	n/a

CITY OF ALLIANCE, OHIO

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM (CONTINUED) $LAST\ TEN\ YEARS$

Function/Program	 2022	 2021	 2020	2019
Civil Service				
Number of police entry tests administered	_	_	1	_
Number of fire entry tests administered	1	1	-	1
Number of police promotional tests administered	3	_	_	-
Number of fire promotional tests administered	1	2	_	_
Number of hires of police officers from certified lists	1	4	_	3
Number of hires of fire/medics from certified lists	3	1	_	6
Number of promotions from police certified lists	6	-	-	-
Number of promotions from fire certified lists	5	2	-	-
Building Department Indicators				
Construction permits issued	162	114	117	170
Estimated value of construction	\$ 2,984,676	\$ 3,809,683	\$ 8,530,358	\$ 13,514,943
Number of permits issued	824	460	847	1,148
Amount of revenue generated from permits	\$ 83,563	\$ 70,582	\$ 96,084	\$ 14,769
Number of contract registrations issued	294	305	299	322
Security of Persons & Property				
Police				
Total calls for services	31,629	32,927	33,948	35,953
Number of traffic citations issued	2,818	3,003	2,359	2,556
Number of parking citations issued	305	312	345	321
Number of criminal arrests	3,601	3,134	3,226	3,341
Number of accident reports completed	482	480	405	458
Felony offenses (F1-F5)	739	728	734	807
Misdemeanor offenses (M1-MM)	2,862	2,406	2,492	2,534
Police dept. auxiliary hours worked	362	317	207	586
DUI arrests	149	163	198	108
Prisoners	1,152	894	1,183	745
Motor vehicle accidents	482	480	405	458
Property damage accidents	482	480	405	458
Fatalities from motor vehicle accidents	-	1	-	-
Gasoline costs of fleet	\$ 104,119	\$ 83,195	\$ 64,145	\$ 76,184
Community diversion program - community service hours	n/a	5,841	n/a	n/a
Fire				
EMS/Rescue calls	2,531	2,275	982	911
Structure fires	29	21	29	31
Fires other than structure	51	55	65	50
Other fire calls (electrical, smoke/odor, hazardous mat.)	-	692	461	489
Total calls for services	2,611	3,043	1,537	1,481
Fire with loss	37	35	54	54
Fires with losses exceeding \$10,000	10	6	6	9
Fire losses	\$ 349,255	\$ 348,262	\$ 225,650	\$ 1,528,530
Fire safety inspections	254	150	161	487
Number of times mutual aid given to fire and EMS	19	5	8	3
Number of times mutual aid received for fire and EMS	7	8	4	3
Fire department receipts from fees & permits	n/a	n/a	n/a	\$ 15,080
Fire department total receipts	n/a	n/a	n/a	\$ 24,773
Public Health and Welfare				
Number of health inspections	n/a	740	749	1,069
Cemetery burials	49	48	51	40
Cemetery cremations	24	27	44	28
Cemetery sale of lots	52	44	67	42
Cemetery receipts	\$ 74,240	\$ 70,240	\$ 71,260	\$ 60,355

	2018		2017		2016		2015		2014		2013
	-		1		-		1		-		1
	-		1 2		1		1 1		2		-
	-		-		-		1		1		1
	2		1		2		3		4		1
	3		-		1		2		1		-
	-		4		1		3		-		-
	4		-		-		3		-		2
	223		242		260		252		278		295
\$ 1	1,917,227	\$	8,425,614	\$ 1	2,082,854	\$ 1	4,100,000	\$ 1	8,635,280	\$ 2	6,214,855
	1,071		999		939		967		894		720
\$	120,933	\$	104,138	\$	105,491	\$	103,103	\$	86,670	\$	52,130
	349		308		272		253		290		308
	49 402		57.250		50.971		50 206		66,092		42 221
	48,493 2,959		57,259 1,345		59,871 2,444		58,286 4,268		66,082 6,188		43,231 4,122
	333		1,343		128		505		166		125
	3,671		3,057		4,697		3,843		3,248		2,883
	535		515		578		572		567		547
	691		536		423		641		668		583
	2,980		1,836		1,729		2,465		2,580		1,981
	535		820		844		834		1,230		1,723
	124		125		171		141		220		215
	764		1,863		2,413		2,063		2,056		1,498
	535		543		578		834		587		557
	535		543		99		817		587		557
	1		-		2		1		-		1
\$	76,352	\$	70,038	\$	65,464	\$	76,952	\$	127,200	\$	146,593
	n/a		n/a		n/a		n/a		n/a		n/a
	1,881		2,209		2,184		2,337		2,311		2,142
	23		20		32		35		40		39
	46		55		46		49		46		39
	734		767		729		719		645		620
	2,684		3,059		3,021		3,150		3,042		2,840
	31		32		51		47		55		21
e	12	ø	129 420	ď	9 710,007	ø	9 477 400	ď	10	ø	7
\$	329,520 416	\$	138,420 1,069	\$	1,045	\$	477,490	\$	325,149 1,090	\$	285,280 909
	5		1,069		1,043		1,217 8		1,090		909 27
	4		8		3		2		4		11
\$	14,745	\$	605	\$	820	\$	1,040	\$	630	\$	920
\$	14,745	\$	5,349	\$	820	\$	5,418	\$	3,374	\$	2,421
	747		n/a		1,009		678		633		910
	37		37		46		53		59		80
	24		32		18		34		17		22
	36		n/a		74		75		35		48
\$	46,880	\$	52,350	\$	48,782	\$	62,855	\$	58,665	\$	52,300

CITY OF ALLIANCE, OHIO

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM (CONTINUED) $LAST\ TEN\ YEARS$

Function/Program	2022			2021		2020		2019	
eisure Time Activities									
Recreation									
Recreation mens & womens league receipts	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Other fees	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Cabin rentals	\$	34,991	\$	15,005	\$	5,845	\$	21,630	
Robertson community center facility rentals	\$	19,500	\$	3,275	\$	10,425	\$	13,574	
Robertson community center swimming pool receipts	\$	36,338	\$	-	\$	-	\$	36,232	
Total recreation department receipts	\$	90,829	\$	18,280	\$	16,270	\$	71,436	
asic Utility Services									
Refuse disposal per year (in tons) January - December		8,824		9,472		8,861		8,754	
Refuse disposal costs per year January - December	\$	998,241	\$	1,348,977	\$	1,309,880	\$	1,361,088	
Annual recycling tonnage (excluding leaf and compost)		1,081		1,134		749		958	
Percentage of waste recycled		12.25%		11.97%		8.45%		10.94%	
ransportation									
Total area within corporation limit (square miles)		8,677		8,677		8,677		8,677	
Total area within Stark County (square miles)		8.600		8.600		8.600		8.600	
Total area within Mahoning County (square miles)		0.077		0.077		0.077		0.077	
Total dedicated streets (miles)		106.462		106.462		106.462		106.462	
Total paved street (miles)		79.343		79.343		79.343		79.343	
Total unpaved street (miles)		27.119		27.119		27.119		27.119	
Total number of street intersections		735		735		735		735	
		4,750		5,300		7.140			
Street repair (curb, apron, berms, asphalt) (hours) Guardrail repair (hours)		4,730		5,300		/,140 -		4,860	
Paint striping (hours)		96		1,325		410		1,380	
Street sweeper (hours)		345		386		135		402	
Cold patch (hours)		1,800		1,650		1,800		2,500	
Snow and ice removal regular hours		1,725		1,725		1,245		2,640	
Snow and ice removal overtime hours		1,252		368		574		785	
Tons of snow melting salt purchased (Nov-Mar)		1,233		1,075		900		631	
Cost of salt purchased	\$	58,853	\$	76,871	\$	66.816	\$	46,845	
Sewer and sanitary calls for service	Ψ	n/a	Ψ	n/a	Ψ	n/a	Ψ	26	
After hours sewer calls (hours)		n/a		n/a		n/a		8	
Sewer crew (hours)		n/a		n/a		n/a		11,315	
Sewer jet, vac-all, other services (hours)		n/a		n/a		n/a		n/a	
Landscaping, stump-chipper service (hours)		14		25		201		175	
Leaf collection (hours)		1,516		1,540		1,142		1,655	
Sign department (hours)		230		320		500		920	
vater Department									
Water rates per 1st 300 Cu. ft. of water used (inside City rate)	\$	6.36	\$	6.36	\$	6.36	\$	6.36	
Water rates per 1st 300 Cu. ft. of water used (outside City rate)	\$	11.13	\$	11.13	\$	11.13	\$	11.13	
Avg. number of water accounts billed monthly (Cu. Ft.)	4	9,896	Ψ	9,727	Ψ	9,744	Ψ	9,740	
Total water collections annually (including P&I)	\$	5,568,518	\$	5,545,663	\$	6,373,484	\$	5,729,395	
Payments for bulk water purchases	\$	47,052	\$	61,356	\$	90,154	\$	51,684	
'astewater Department									
Vastewater Department Wastewater rates per 1st 300 Cu. ft. of water used (inside City rate)	<u> </u>	3.94	\$	3.86		n/a	\$	3.74	
Wastewater rates per 1st 300 Cu. ft. of water used (inside City rate)	\$ \$		\$ \$	3.86 4.20	\$		\$ \$		
Wastewater rates per 1st 300 Cu. ft. of water used (inside City rate) Wastewater rates per 1st 300 Cu. ft. of water used (outside City rate)	\$ \$	4.28	\$ \$	4.20	\$	4.20	\$ \$	4.06	
Wastewater rates per 1st 300 Cu. ft. of water used (inside City rate)					\$			3.74 4.06 1.60 4.40	

Source: Various City of Alliance departments.

Notes: (1) Beginning in 2017, this figure includes direct deposit checks.
(2) The Alliance Community Hospital ceased its birth center operations in 2016.

	2018		2017		2016		2015		2014		2013
\$	-	\$	-	\$	760	\$	-	\$	1,115	\$	1,470
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
\$	19,200	\$	18,905	\$	23,055	\$	18,920	\$	30,565	\$	8,160
\$	14,165	\$	12,458	\$	11,463	\$	11,284	\$	12,343	\$	10,962
\$	33,866	\$	35,730	\$	42,886	\$	33,643	\$	34,976	\$	32,077
\$	67,231	\$	67,093	\$	78,163	\$	63,847	\$	78,999	\$	52,669
	8,092		7,353		7,974		6,828		8,095		6,887
\$	1,130,991	\$	904,490	\$	859,771	\$	863,604	\$	836,118	\$	748,953
Ψ	998	Ψ	651	Ψ	559	Ψ	583	Ψ	730	Ψ	579
	12.33%		8.85%		7.00%		8.54%		9.02%		8.41%
	8,677		8,677		8,677		8,677		8,677		8,677
	8.600		8.600		8.600		8.600		8.600		8.600
	0.077		0.077		0.077		0.077		0.077		0.077
	106.462		106.462		106.462		106.462		106.462		106.462
	79.343		79.343		79.343		79.343		79.343		79.343
	27.119		27.119		27.119		27.119		27.119		27.119
	735		735		735		735		735		735
	5,160		6,915		3,305 3		5,120		3,695		3,095 37
	1,110		310		462		640		932		1,065
	1,314		409		213		623		485		378
	2,812		409		2,845		3,840		3,453		3,785
	2,412		2,563		3,012		3,915		3,820		4,865
	600		384		714		882		834		748
	2,079		1,603		2,300		2,742		2,990		2,603
\$	123,696	\$	65,825	\$	90,137	\$	153,970	\$	82,209	\$	96,658
	18		n/a		51		84		86		100
	48		n/a		14		57		75		54
	13,636		n/a		21,005		21,490		18,391		19,055
	n/a		n/a		1,101		1,359		1,280		1,455
	56		131		101		193		89		171
	2,176		811		1,445		1,474		1,481		1,041
	882		1,568		1,782		1,165		943		1,295
\$	6.36	\$	6.35	\$	5.99	\$	5.82	\$	5.65	\$	5.65
\$	11.13	\$	11.13	\$	10.49	\$	10.18	\$	9.89	\$	9.89
	9,752		9,780		9,703		9,640		9,846		9,850
\$	5,767,277	\$	5,337,028	\$	5,400,479	\$	5,175,035	\$	5,014,397	\$	5,091,119
\$	79,604	\$	31,371	\$	47,276	\$	29,615	\$	20,394	\$	27,752
•	3.74	•	2.67	ø	2.46	•	2.26	•	2.20	e	2 20
\$ \$	3.74 4.06	\$ \$	3.67 3.99	\$ \$	3.46 3.76	\$ \$	3.36 3.65	\$ \$	3.20 3.48	\$ \$	3.20 3.48
Þ	1.72	Ф	3.99 1.46	Ф	1.42	Э	1.90	Э	1.93	э	1.10
	4.80		4.00		3.90		5.20		5.30		3.00
	1,977		1,294		730		840		993		960
	-,		-,, '		, 50		0.0		,,,		, , , ,

CITY OF ALLIANCE, OHIO

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN YEARS

Function/Program	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
General Government										
	57.001	55.001	55.001	55.001	57.001	55.001	55.001	55.001	55.001	55.001
Square footage occupied	57,231	57,231	57,231	57,231	57,231	57,231	57,231	57,321	57,321	57,321
Police										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Square footage of building	21,600	21,600	21,600	21,600	21,600	21,600	21,600	21,600	21,600	21,600
Vehicles	43	43	43	43	43	43	43	42	45	45
Fire										
Stations	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Square footage of building	13,351	13,351	13,351	13,351	13,351	13,351	13,351	13,351	13,351	13,351
Vehicles	10,551	10,551	10,551	10,551	10,331	10,551	10,551	10,551	10,551	10,551
venicies	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Recreation										
Number of parks	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24
Acres of parks	220	220	220	220	220	220	220	220	220	220
Other Public Works										
Streets	107	107	107	107	107	107	107	107	107	107
Traffic lights	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39
Wastewater										
Sanitary sewers (miles)	119	119	119	119	119	119	119	119	119	119
Storm sewers (miles)	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
, ,										
Water Department										
Water lines (miles)	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120

Soure: Various City of Alliance departments.

 $\label{eq:city} \textbf{CITY OF ALLIANCE, OHIO}$ FULL-TIME-EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENTAL EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN YEARS

Function/Program	20	22	20	21	20	20	20	19	20	18	20	17	20	16	20	15	2014	2013
	FT	PT																
General Government																		
Mayor	5.00	3.00	5.00	4.00	4.00	3.00	4.00	3.00	4.00	1.00	4.00	0.00	4.00	0.00	4.00	0.00	4.00	4.00
Auditor	5.00	0.00	5.00	0.00	4.50	0.00	4.50	0.00	3.50	0.00	4.50	0.00	4.50	0.00	4.50	0.00	4.50	4.50
Law Director	3.00	2.00	2.00	5.00	2.00	5.00	2.00	5.00	2.00	5.00	2.00	5.00	2.00	5.00	2.00	5.00	4.00	4.50
Council	0.00	9.00	0.00	9.00	0.00	9.00	0.00	9.00	0.00	9.00	0.00	9.00	0.00	9.00	0.00	9.00	4.50	4.50
Judge	7.00	3.00	5.00	4.00	6.00	3.00	6.00	3.00	6.00	1.50	6.00	2.00	6.00	2.00	5.00	2.00	6.50	5.50
Clerk of Courts	8.00	0.00	8.00	0.00	8.00	0.00	8.00	0.00	8.00	0.00	7.00	1.00	7.00	1.00	7.00	1.00	7.50	6.50
Civil Service	0.00	4.00	0.00	4.00	0.00	4.00	0.00	4.00	0.00	4.00	0.00	4.00	0.00	4.00	0.00	4.00	2.00	2.00
Engineering	4.00	2.00	4.00	3.00	4.00	3.00	4.00	3.00	4.00	0.50	6.00	3.00	6.00	3.00	6.00	1.50	8.00	6.50
City Hall Maintenance	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	2.00	1.00	2.00	1.00	2.00	1.00	2.00	1.00	2.00	1.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Income Tax	3.00	0.00	3.00	0.00	3.00	0.00	3.00	0.00	2.50	1.00	2.50	1.00	2.50	1.00	3.50	0.00	3.50	3.50
Treasurer	0.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.50	0.50
Senior Center & Agency on Aging	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	1.00
Security of Persons and Property																		
Police	37.00	2.00	37.00	0.00	37.00	0.00	37.00	3.00	37.00	3.00	37.00	3.00	40.00	3.00	40.00	3.00	41.00	43.00
Police - auxiliary/guards	0.00	18.00	0.00	17.00	0.00	17.00	0.00	17.00	0.00	17.00	0.00	17.00	0.00	17.00	0.00	20.00	11.00	10.00
Police - dispatchers/office/other	12.00	4.00	12.00	4.00	12.00	4.00	12.00	4.00	12.00	5.00	12.00	5.00	12.00	5.00	13.00	5.00	14.50	14.00
Fire	30.50	0.00	30.00	1.00	32.00	1.00	33.00	0.00	32.00	0.00	26.00	0.00	28.00	0.00	28.00	0.00	31.00	31.00
Public Health Services																		
Health	10.00	3.00	12.00	8.00	9.00	5.00	9.00	5.00	9.00	2.00	9.00	5.00	9.00	5.00	9.00	2.00	12.50	12.50
Cemetery	1.00	2.00	1.00	2.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	6.00	1.00	6.00	1.00	7.00	1.00	7.00	1.00	2.00	3.00	3.00
Leisure Time Activities																		
Parks and recreation	5.00	6.00	5.00	8.00	5.00	12.00	5.00	13.00	5.00	14.00	5.00	25.00	5.00	25.00	5.00	4.50	23.00	21.00
Litter	0.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.50	0.50	0.50
Community Development																		
Building (CDBG)	5.00	0.00	5.00	1.00	5.00	0.00	5.00	0.00	4.00	0.00	4.00	0.00	4.00	0.00	3.00	0.00	4.00	4.00
Transportation																		
Street maintenance & repair	11.50	0.00	11.00	4.00	11.00	7.00	11.00	6.00	11.00	3.00	11.00	1.00	11.00	1.00	12.00	0.00	12.00	11.00
Basic Utility Services																		
Sewer	23.00	1.50	22.00	4.00	23.00	6.00	24.00	7.00	24.00	5.00	23.00	0.25	23.00	0.25	28.00	0.00	28.50	29.00
Water	24.00	1.50	24.00	1.00	25.00	0.00	25.00	0.00	26.00	0.50	23.00	0.25	23.00	0.25	23.00	0.00	25.50	25.00
Billing and collection	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	5.00	3.00	5.00	3.00	5.00	2.00	8.00	0.00	8.00	0.00	6.00	0.00	5.50	5.50
Total	199.00	67.00	196.00	85.00	198.50	85.00	200.50	95.00	198.00	83.50	193.00	92.50	198.00	92.50	202.00	62.50	260.00	254.50

Source: City Payroll Department W-2 Audit Listing.

Note: In 2015, the City began accounting for full-time employees (FT) and part-time employees (PT) separately.

CITY OF ALLIANCE STARK COUNTY, OHIO

SINGLE AUDIT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022



CITY OF ALLIANCE STARK COUNTY, OHIO

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CITY OF ALLIANCE STARK COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

FEDERAL GRANTOR/ PASS THROUGH GRANTOR/ PROGRAM/CLUSTER TITLE	PASS-THROUGH ENTITY IDENTIFYING NUMBER / ADDITIONAL AWARD IDENTIFICATION	ASSISTANCE LISTING NUMBER	PASSED THROUGH TO SUBRECIPIENTS	TOTAL FEDERAL EXPENDITURES
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE				
Passed Through City of Canton Health Department				
Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children (WIC) Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children (WIC) Total Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children (WIC)	07620011WA1522 07620011WA1623	10.557 10.557	\$ - -	\$ 94,437 29,106 123,543
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture				123,543
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT				
Direct				
CDBG - Entitlement Grants Cluster				
Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants	B-17-MC-39-0031	14.218	-	3,760
Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants	B-18-MC-39-0031	14.218	-	10,809
Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants	B-19-MC-39-0031	14.218	-	6,347
Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants	B-20-MC-39-0031	14.218	2,000	2,000
COVID-19 - Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants	COVID-19, B-20-MW-39-0031	14.218	3,385	8,138
Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants	B-21-MC-39-0031	14.218	91,209	411,746
Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants	B-22-MC-39-0031	14.218	- 06.504	27,230
Total CDBG - Entitlement Grants Cluster			96,594	470,030
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			96,594	470,030
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE				
Passed Through the Ohio Department of Public Safety, Office of Criminal Justice Services				
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	2021-JG-A03-6463E	16.738		5,133
Direct				
Equitable Sharing Program	ОН0760100	16.922		1,800
Total U.S. Department of Justice				6,933
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY				
Direct				
COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	COVID-19, SLFRP3765	21.027	140,000	1,962,106
Total U.S. Department of Treasury			140,000	1,962,106
				(Continued)

CITY OF ALLIANCE STARK COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

FEDERAL GRANTOR/ PASS THROUGH GRANTOR/ PROGRAM/CLUSTER TITLE	PASS-THROUGH ENTITY IDENTIFYING NUMBER / ADDITIONAL AWARD IDENTIFICATION	ASSISTANCE LISTING NUMBER	PASSED THROUGH TO SUBRECIPIENTS	TOTAL FEDERAL EXPENDITURES
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES				
Passed Through Stark County Combined General Health District	-			
Immunization Cooperative Agreements	07610012GV0122	93.268	_	5,057
Immunization Cooperative Agreements	07610012GV0223	93.268	-	1,777
COVID-19 - Immunization Cooperative Agreements - Vaccination Grant	COVID-19, 07610012CN0122	93.268		18,481
Total Immunization Cooperative Agreements				25,315
Passed Through Stark County Combined General Health District				
COVID-19 - Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity for Infectious Diseases (ELC) - FY21				
Enhanced Operations Grant	COVID-19, 07610012EO0121	93.323	-	13,171
COVID-19 - Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity for Infectious Diseases (ELC) - FY22				
Enhanced Operations Grant	COVID-19, 07610012EO0222	93.323		3,732
Total Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity for Infectious Diseases (ELC)				16,903
Passed Through Stark County Combined General Health District				
Public Health Crisis Response - FY22 Public Health Workforce Grant	07610012WF0122	93.354		62,103
Passed Through City of Canton Health Department				
HIV Prevention Activities - Health Department Based	07620012HP1522	93.940		7,000
Passed Through Stark County Combined General Health District				
Preventive Health and Health Services Block Grant	07610014IC0422	93.991	_	1,628
Preventive Health and Health Services Block Grant	07610014IC0523	93.991	-	125
Total Preventive Health and Health Services Block Grant				1,753
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services				113,074
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY				
Direct	_			
	EMW 2010 EC 04792	07.044		220.950
Assistance to Firefighters Grant Propgram COVID-19 - Assistance to Firefighters Grant Program - Supplemental	EMW-2019-FG-04782 COVID-19, EMW-2020-FG-00932	97.044 97.044	-	230,859 46,955
Total Preventive Health and Health Services Block Grant	CO VID-19, EM W-2020-1 G-00932	97.044		277,814
Total Treventive Tearin and Tearin Services Block Grant			-	277,011
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security				277,814
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 236,594	\$ 2,953,500

 ${\it The\ accompanying\ notes\ are\ an\ integral\ part\ of\ this\ schedule}.$

CITY OF ALLIANCE STARK COUNTY, OHIO

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS 2 CFR 200.510(b)(6) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 1 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION & SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the City of Alliance (the "City") under programs of the federal government for the year ended December 31, 2022. The information on this Schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the City, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the City. Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be limited to as to reimbursement.

NOTE 2 – DE MINIMIS INDIRECT COST RATE

The City has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE 3 – SUBRECIPIENTS

The City passes certain federal awards received from U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development and the U.S. Department of Treasury to other governments or not-for-profit agencies (subrecipients). As Note 1 describes, the City reports expenditures of federal awards to subrecipients when paid in cash.

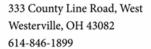
As a subrecipient, the City has certain compliance responsibilities, such as monitoring its subrecipients to help assure they use these subawards as authorized by laws, regulations, and the provisions of contracts or grant agreements, and that subrecipients achieve the award's performance goals.

NOTE 4 – MATCHING REQUIREMENTS

Certain Federal programs require the City to contribute non-Federal funds (matching funds) to support the Federally-funded programs. The City has met its matching requirements. The Schedule does not include the expenditure of non-Federal matching funds.

NOTE 5 - REPORTING OF EXPENDITURES FOR GRANT DELIVERABLES

The City receives certain Federal grant funds some of which are paid on what is known as the "deliverable" basis. Deliverable grants are grants where funds are received only after certain goals are achieved as opposed to reimbursements for expenditures incurred. The City reports amounts received as expenditures for those grants.





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Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

City of Alliance Stark County 504 East Main Street Alliance, Ohio 44601

To the Members of the City Council and Mayor:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Alliance, Stark County, Ohio, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Alliance's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 21, 2023.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Alliance's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Alliance's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Alliance's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements, on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the City of Alliance's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

City of Alliance Stark County

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Alliance's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

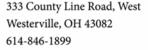
Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Alliance's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Alliance's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Julian & Grube, Inc.

Julian & Kube, Elne.

June 21, 2023





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Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance and on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

City of Alliance Stark County 504 East Main Street Alliance, Ohio 44601

To the Members of the City Council and Mayor:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Alliance's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB), *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City of Alliance's major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2022. The City of Alliance's major federal programs are identified in the *Summary of Auditor's Results* section of the accompanying schedule of findings.

In our opinion, the City of Alliance complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance" section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the City of Alliance and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City of Alliance's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the City of Alliance's federal programs.

City of Alliance Stark County

Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance and on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the City of Alliance's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the City of Alliance's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the City of Alliance's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of the City of Alliance's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in
 order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal
 control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Alliance's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such
 opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance" section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

City of Alliance Stark County

Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance and on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Alliance, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Alliance's basic financial statements. We issued our unmodified report thereon dated June 21, 2023. Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Uniform Guidance and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Julian & Grube, Inc.

Julian & Krube, Elne.

June 21, 2023

CITY OF ALLIANCE STARK COUNTY, OHIO

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS 2 CFR § 200.515 DECEMBER 31, 2022

	1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS									
(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified								
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No								
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No								
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No								
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No								
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No								
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified								
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR § 200.516(a)?	No								
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Program(s) (listed):	Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds – ALN 21.027								
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A/B Programs	Type A: >\$750,000 Type B: all others								
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee 2 CFR § 200.520?	Yes								

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None.

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None.



CITY OF ALLIANCE

STARK COUNTY

AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 9/19/2023

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370