



Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the year Ended December 31, 2022



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City Council City of Fairview Park 20777 Lorain Road Fairview Park, Ohio 44126

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the City of Fairview Park, Cuyahoga County, prepared by Zupka & Associates, for the audit period January 1, 2022 through December 31, 2022. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The City of Fairview Park is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

August 23, 2023

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Introductory Section

City of Fairview Park, Ohio

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Prepared by:

Jennifer R. Pae, Finance Director

and Department of Finance

CITY OF FAIRVIEW PARK

a Great Place to Grow

TABLE OF CONTENTS

I. Introductory Section

Title Page	i
Table of Contents	
Letter of Transmittal	vii
Organizational Chart	xiii
City Officials	
GFOA Certificate of Achievement	

II. Financial Section

Independent Auditor's Report	1
Management Discussion and Analysis	5
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	17
Statement of Activities	
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	
Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities	21
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual:	
General Fund.	
American Rescue Plan Fund	
Recreation Fund	
Statement of Fund Net Position – Proprietary Funds	
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position – Proprietary Funds	20
Thet Position –Proprietary Funds	
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds	

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Custodial Funds	
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – Custodial Funds	
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	
Required Supplementary Information:	
Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – Ohio Public Employees Retirement System – Last Nine Years	
Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund – Last Nine Years	
Schedule of the City Contributions – Pension-OPERS – Last Ten Years	
Schedule of the City Contributions Pension- OP&F - Last Ten Years	
Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability – Ohio Public Employees Retirement System – Last Six Years	
Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability – Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund – Last Six Years	
Schedule of the City Contributions - OPEB- OPERS – Last Eight Years	
Schedule of the City Contributions – OPEB- OP&F – Last Ten Years	
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information	
Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules:	
Combining Statements – Nonmajor Funds:	
Fund Descriptions	
Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	
Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	

Combining Statement – Fiduciary Funds: Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Custodial Funds 118 Individual Fund Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures/Expenses, and Changes in Fund Balances/Fund Equity - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual: Major Funds: Nonmajor Funds: Street Construction, Maintenance, and Repair Fund......129 Lorain Road Revitalization Fund

III. Statistical Section

Contents	S1
Net Position by Component – Last Ten Years	S2
Changes in Net Position – Last Ten Years	S4
Fund Balances, Governmental Funds – Last Ten Years	S8
Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds – Last Ten Years	.S10
Assessed Valuation and Estimated True Values of Taxable Property – Last Ten Years	.S12
Property Tax Rates – Direct and Overlapping Governments – Last Ten Years	. S 14
Property Tax Levies and Collections – Last Ten Years	.S16
Principal Real Property Taxpayers – 2020 and 2012	. S 18
Income Tax Revenue Base and Collections – Last Ten Years	.S19
Ratio of Outstanding Debt to Total Personal Income and Debt Per Capita – Last Ten Years	. S20
Legal Debt Margin – Last Ten Years	. S22
Computation of Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt	. S24
Ratio of General Obligation Bonded Debt to Estimated Actual Value and Bonded Debt Per Capita – Last Ten Years	.S25
Principal Employers – 2021 and 2012	. S26
Demographic and Economic Statistics – Last Ten Years	. S28
Capital Assets Statistics by Function/Program – Last Ten Years	.S30
Full-Time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function/Program – Last Ten Years	. \$32
Operating Indicators by Function/Program – Last Ten Years	.S34



CITY OF FAIRVIEW PARK 20777 Lorain Road Fairview Park, Ohio 44126-2018 — Established in 1910 —

June 27, 2023

Honorable Mayor Patrick J. Cooney and Members of City Council, and Citizens of Fairview Park 20777 Lorain Road Fairview Park, OH 44126

It gives me great pleasure to present the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the City of Fairview Park (City). This report enables the City to comply with Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 (B), which requires reporting on a Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) basis, and Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38, which requires the cities reporting on a GAAP basis to file an unaudited annual report with the Auditor of State within 150 days of year end. Although not required by law, management of the City has decided to prepare this Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. It is intended to provide pertinent and necessary information to the stakeholders of Fairview Park.

The information contained in this report will assist City officials in making management decisions and will provide the taxpayers of the City with comprehensive financial data in such a format as to enable them to gain a true understanding of the City's financial affairs. The general public, as well as investors, will be able to compare the financial position of the City and the results of its operations with other governmental entities.

The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report of the City for the year ended December 31, 2022, is submitted herewith. The City, and more specifically, the Department of Finance, assumes responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures contained within this report. The accuracy and completeness of the data is based upon a comprehensive framework of internal controls that it has established for this purpose. Since the cost of internal controls should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data are accurate in all material respects and are reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the City. We have included all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial activities.

State statutes require the City to be subjected to an annual examination either by the Auditor of State or an independent public accounting firm. Zupka & Associates rendered an opinion on the City's financial statements as of December 31, 2022, and the Independent Auditor's Report on the basic financial statements is included in the financial section of this report.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the Independent Auditor's Report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

This is the 24rd Annual Comprehensive Financial Report issued by the City. The report is prepared in accordance with GAAP, as set forth by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), other authoritative sources, and the guidelines set by the Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA).

REPORTING ENTITY

For financial purposes, the City includes all funds, agencies, boards and commissions, and its potential component units in accordance with the GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, and GASB Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus*. The primary government comprises all activities and services, which are not legally separate for the City. The City provides various services, such as public safety (police and fire), highways and streets, parks and recreation, public improvements, community development (planning and zoning), sewers, sanitation, and general administrative and legislative services. The operation of each of these activities is directly controlled by Council through the budgetary process.

The Rocky River Wastewater Treatment Plant is a joint venture that is discussed in Note 19 of the notes to the basic financial statements. The City is associated with the West Shore Council of Governments, Tri-City Park, S.A.F.E. Council of Governments, and West Shore Area Rescue Association, which are identified as jointly governed organizations. These organizations are presented in Note 19 of the notes to the basic financial statements.

A complete discussion of the City's reporting entity is provided in Note 1 of the notes to the basic financial statements.

AN OVERVIEW OF THE CITY OF FAIRVIEW PARK

The City is located in Cuyahoga County, approximately 10 miles west of the downtown area of the City of Cleveland. It was incorporated as the Village of Fairview in 1910 and became the City of Fairview Park in 1951. According to the 2020 Census, the City's population is 17,291. The City's area is approximately 4.77 square miles, broken down by land use as follows:

		Percent of
		Assessed
		Valuation of
	Area	Real Property
Residential	54.5%	81.1%
Commercial/Industrial	9.7%	17.6%
Public Utility	0.1%	1.3%
Governmental (including parks) and Other Tax Exempt	34.3%	(a)
Agricultural	0.0%	0.0%
Undeveloped	1.4%	(b)

(a) Not applicable. Exempt from property taxation.

(b) Included in above categories.

Source: Fairview Park Building Department and Cuyahoga County Fiscal Office.

The City is served by diversified transportation facilities, including three state and U.S. highways and Interstate 480. The City is adjacent to areas served by CSW, Norfolk Southern and Amtrak, and is served by passenger air services at Cleveland Hopkins International Airport, located within two and one-half miles of the City, and by Burke Lakefront Airport, located within thirteen miles of the City. Public mass transit for the area is provided by the Greater Cleveland Regional Transit Authority (RTA).

Banking and financial services are provided to the City by offices of local commercial banks, all of which have their principal offices elsewhere.

The City is served by one daily newspaper, the Cleveland Plain Dealer, and two weekly newspapers, West Life News and the Sun Post-Herald. The City is within the broadcast area of seven television stations and 30 AM and FM radio stations. Multi-channel cable television service, including educational, governmental, and public access channels, is provided by Cox Cable Communications, Inc., AT&T, Spectrum and Wide Open West (WOW!).

Within commuting distance are several public and private two-year and four-year colleges and universities that provide numerous educational opportunities. These education institutions include Baldwin-Wallace University, Case Western Reserve University, Cleveland State University, Cuyahoga Community College, John Carroll University, Kent State University, Lorain County Community College, Ursuline College, Notre Dame College, Oberlin College, and The University of Akron.

City residents are served by four hospitals within a 10-mile radius of the City: Fairview Hospital, MetroHealth Medical Center, Southwest General Hospital, and St. John West Shore Hospital. The City is also served by numerous other hospitals in Cuyahoga County, including The Cleveland Clinic Foundation Hospital and University Hospitals of Cleveland, two tertiary care facilities.

The City is served by a variety of recreational facilities, including the city-owned Gemini Center, a 93,000 square feet recreation and community center located in Fairview Park. The City operates a system of parks that features 54.2 acres of parkland, playgrounds, baseball diamonds and other athletic fields, playing courts, nature and jogging trails, the Bain Park Community Cabin, and picnic areas. The City's Recreation Department, in cooperation with the Fairview Park City School District, provides various recreational programs and activities for City residents in those parks. The City also operates, in conjunction with the City of Rocky River and City of Westlake, the 14-acre Tri-City Park, which offers a baseball diamond, soccer fields, basketball court, playground area, parking facility, four tennis courts and six pickleball courts. Finally, a portion of the City lies within the Rocky River Reservation of the Cleveland Metropolitan Park District (Metroparks).

THE CITY'S FORM OF GOVERNMENT

The City of Fairview Park operates under and is governed by its Charter, first adopted by the voters in 1958. The Charter has been and may be amended by the electorate and provides for a Council-Mayor form of government. Under the Ohio Constitution, the City may exercise all powers of local self-government and law enforcement to the extent they are not conflicting with applicable general laws.

Legislative authority is vested in a seven-member Council. Two members are elected at-large and the remaining five are elected from wards, each serving concurrent four-year terms. The presiding officer is the President of Council, who is one of the Council members elected at-large. City Council sets compensation for City officials and employees and enacts ordinances and resolutions relating to City services, appropriating and borrowing money, licensing and regulating businesses and trades, tax levies, and other municipal purposes. The City Charter establishes certain administrative departments. City Council may establish divisions of those departments and create additional departments.

The City's chief executive and administrative officer is the Mayor, who is elected directly by the voters to a four-year term. The Mayor appoints, subject to the approval of City Council, the directors of City departments. The Mayor also appoints members to a number of boards and commissions, and appoints and removes, in accordance with civil service requirements, all appointed officers and employees, except City Council officials and employees. The Mayor may veto any legislation passed by City Council. A veto may be overridden by a two-thirds vote of all members of City Council.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SERVICE & DEVELOPMENT

The Department of Public Service & Development continues to work diligently to bolster economic and community development in the City, improve and maintain public infrastructure and services, and generate revenue through the attainment of grant funding. In 2022 essential projects were completed and further described below.

Service

The City maintains a full-time Service Department to serve the residents and commerce of the City. The primary areas of service involve street maintenance, storm and sanitary sewer maintenance, park maintenance, building maintenance, and assistance to residents. In 2022, the Service Department replaced sewer jetting equipment and snow removal equipment that provide our community with robust health and safety services in the public right of way.

The City completed water line replacements on three (3) streets which totaled \$1,046,991 with Bain Park Drive, the last street, costing \$109,536 being completed in 2022. The City participates in the Cleveland Division of Water Main Replacement program which funds the water line replacements based upon an application process. They forward the funds for their water main rehabilitation and also for the portion of the road paving over their infrastructure. The City also completed Year 33 of the annual street repair program which made repairs and added new pavement on seven (7) streets and this publicly bid project totaled \$1,428,257.

In 2016, the City established a contractual relationship with the Cuyahoga County Public Works Department to provide sewer maintenance services. These services include sewer lining and rehabilitation, televising and cleaning, and other services deemed necessary to the City. The current contract is valued at \$250,000 and extends into 2022.

In 2022 the City also planted 32 tree lawn trees which were funded by the Ohio Department of Natural Resources with a \$7,000 grant. In 2022 another grant for \$41,000 was awarded for an additional 64 tree lawn trees to be planted in 2023. The City considers trees a natural resource and these trees protect and extend the life of the asphalt streets while slowing traffic and making our environment healthier. They also add value to our housing stock.

Development

In 2022, the City was still cautiously optimistic about post-pandemic inflation and supply chain / construction costs beginning to level off. Despite these economic concerns, many new businesses opened: Lark & Vines (housewares retail store), The Movement Project (dance studio), Raan Thai (restaurant), the W Bar (nail salon), Magnolia Cabinets & Remodeling (contractor), Umani Rice Bowls (restaurant), Dave's Hot Chicken (restaurant), Sephora (retail store), Pulp Smoothie (food industry), Beauty & the Barber (hair service), Charleys Cheesesteaks (restaurant), Earth Fare (food store), Crumble Cookies (food), Pizza DiBella (food take-out), Sara Tailoring (service). Additionally, nine (9) substantial retail remodels took place which included: Target's store-wide redesign, T-Mobile (store redesign), Rally House (expansion).

These new businesses / organizations and the improvements at existing commercial properties, increased job opportunities and diversified the commercial tax-base.

The City assisted the developer of the former NASA site (Ceres Inc.) by passing legislation necessary to secure \$15 million in Property Assessed Clean Energy (PACE) funds in 2021 to advance the redevelopment of the historic, former engineering office buildings. During the pandemic, it was a difficult time to secure financing for a boutique hotel and apartment conversion project, and the PACE funding kept the momentum of the development moving. The boutique hotel, the Orbit was formally opened in 2022 and 50% of the apartments at the Centaur became available and were leased in 2022. Occupancy at the Centaur in 2023 is expected to be 100%. This development has also brought new jobs and income to the City.

Another improvement to the City's facilities was a new restroom at Bain Park Pavilion which was funded, in part with Ohio Department of Natural Resource funding. This facility replaces an out-of-service facility. This additional resource will make rental of the Bain Park Pavilion more attractive to our region.

Building

The reason the housing stock is in demand is that the Building Department makes regular property maintenance inspections and monitors construction practices. The Building Department processed 1,346 permits for \$23 million in improvements. Of those permits 1,218 were residential and 128 were commercial. There were 1,106 related inspections made regarding those permits. The Building Department also completed 1,588 property maintenance and rental inspections. These efforts support the housing stock and values for our community. In 2022 the Building Department also legislated a sidewalk improvement program where, if the resident does not improve their sidewalk, the City will secure a contractor to repair / replace the sidewalks with costs being attached to the home as a lien. These efforts are part of the City's ongoing attention to maintaining the value of its housing stock.

During the pandemic, the City of Fairview Park saw housing prices increase 12% to 20% (generally). In addition, the City offers tax abatements for new construction including commercial, residential, additions and new garages. In 2022 there were 13 properties qualified for abatement and those values will be assigned by Cuyahoga County (the estimates a value over \$3,700,000). Also, in 2022 there were 17 abatements that expired adding \$9,856,400 worth of taxable value previously abated back into property values. In the 2022 Freddie Mac.com publication, it was observed that in 2021-22 there was a shift away from large cities into mid-size more affordable cities (in our region – Cleveland the 'adsorption rate was 49%). The pandemic saw home values increase in excess of 20% according to on-line home brokers to 12% (by Zillow). Home sales were brisk in 2021 due to families interested in upsizing due to working from home more. The City of Fairview Park housing stock offers bungalows, mid-century modern homes and 17 homes built in 2017. New townhomes built in 2018-19 and a balance of moderate to large size homes and high density housing places Fairview Park well in a housing market that anticipates shortages in the future.

LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

In order to make sound fiscal decisions, City officials closely monitor all revenues for fluctuations in collections and thoroughly review each purchase request before processing. These policies assist in providing sound financial management. In addition, a multi-year financial forecast is completed to project future revenues, expenditures, and fund balances.

The unassigned fund balance in the general fund is 66.88 percent of the total general fund expenditures. One-time revenues are to be used for financing one-time expenditures, i.e. major maintenance projects, capital improvements, debt service, and reserves for current year contingencies. Additionally, unassigned fund balances provide beginning of the year cash flow until current revenues are received.

RELEVANT FINANCIAL POLICIES

As mentioned earlier, the City operates under and is governed by its Charter. Therefore, the City Charter sets relevant financial policies that assist City officials in balancing the yearly budget while maintaining sufficient cash balances to achieve fiscal strength into the future. The City Charter is reviewed by a Mayor-appointed Charter Review Committee (Committee) every 10 years. The Committee has the authority to recommend changes to the City Charter that may be placed on the ballot for the electorate to consider.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The GFOA awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the year ended December 31, 2021. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the City had to publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Annual Comprehensive Financial Report that satisfied both GAAP and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year. We believe our current report continues to meet the requirements for the Certificate of Achievement, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The publication of this Annual Comprehensive Financial Report represents a significant achievement in the ability of the City to provide significantly enhanced financial information and accountability to its citizens, elected officials, management, and investors. This report continues the aggressive program of the Finance Department to improve the City's overall financial accounting, management, and reporting capabilities.

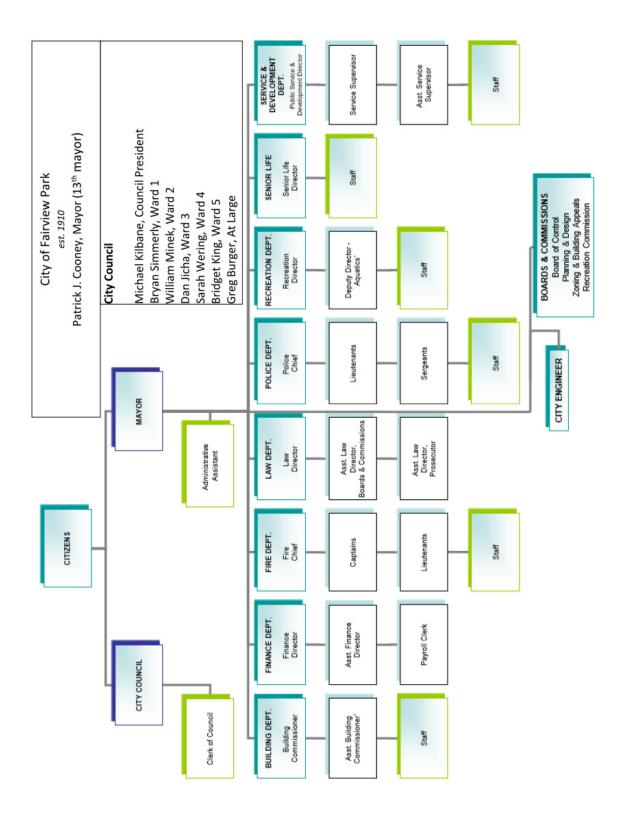
I would like to acknowledge the efforts of the entire staff of the Finance Department for their contributions to this report. Special thanks are extended to Mayor Patrick J. Cooney and members of City Council for their enthusiastic support of this project, and for the guidance and assistance provided by Zupka and Associates.

I would also like to thank all of the department heads and staff for their assistance and cooperation in the preparation of this ACFR. I ask for their continued support of this project and of my efforts toward continuing the sound financial management of the City.

Sincerely,

m. St

Gregory M. Cingle, CPA Director of Finance



CITY OF FAIRVIEW PARK, OHIO

City Officials

Elected Officials

Mayor Patrick J. Cooney

Council Members

President of Council Council – Ward I Council – Ward II Council – Ward III Council – Ward IV Council – Ward V Council at Large Michael Kilbane Bryan Simmerly William F. Minek Daniel Jicha Sarah Wering Bridget King Gregory Burger

Appointed Officials

Director of Law Finance Director Police Chief Fire Chief Recreation Director Building Commissioner Senior Life Director Public Service/Development Director Clerk of Council Timothy Riley Gregory M. Cingle* Paul Shepard Anthony Raffin Kerry Kemp Walter Maynard Laura Brondos Mary Kay Costello Liz Westbrooks

* Jennifer R. Pae, effective May 1, 2023

Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Fairview Park Ohio

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2021

Christophen P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

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Financial Section

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

City of Fairview Park Cuyahoga County 20777 Lorain Road Fairview Park, Ohio 44126

To the Members of City Council:

Report on the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Fairview Park, Cuyahoga County, Ohio, (the City) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Fairview Park as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the budgetary comparisons for the General Fund, American Rescue Plan Fund and Recreation Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* (*Government Auditing Standards*), issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

City of Fairview Park Cuyahoga County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and Schedules of Net Pension and Postemployment Benefit Liabilities and Pension and Postemployment Benefit Contributions, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

City of Fairview Park Cuyahoga County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 27, 2023, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

reptor & associates

Zupka & Associates Certified Public Accountants

June 27, 2023

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The discussion and analysis of the City of Fairview Park's (the City) financial performance provides an overall review of the City's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2022. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the City's financial performance as a whole. Readers should also review the transmittal letter and the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the City's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key Financial highlights for 2022 are as follows:

- The City's total assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded its totals liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$49,622,792 in 2022.
- The City's total net position increased \$6,010,521 or 13.78 percent in 2022. Net position of the governmental activities increased \$6,341,006 which represents a 26.01 percent from 2021. Net position of the business-type activities decreased \$330,485 or 1.72 percent from 2021.
- The City continues to closely monitor its current financial condition and is aggressively looking for economic development opportunities in order to diversify and increase the City's income tax base. In addition, expenditures are carefully reviewed to ascertain that proposed expenditures have been budgeted prior to purchase.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the basic financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to private sector businesses. The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole City, presenting both an aggregate view of the City's finances and a longer-term view of those assets. Major fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what dollars remain for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the City's most significant funds with all other funds presented in total in one column.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the City's assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, security of persons and property, transportation, community environment, basic utility services, leisure time activities, and public health services. The business-type activities include the sewer fund.

Fund Financial Statements A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Fairview Park, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental funds financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources in addition to balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for the General Fund, American Rescue Plan Fund, Recreation Fund and Capital Improvements Fund, which are major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregate presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for each of its funds. A budgetary comparison statement (non-GAAP basis) has been provided for each governmental and proprietary fund to demonstrate budgetary compliance.

Proprietary Funds The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its sewer operations. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City maintains such a fund for its health related employee benefits. Because this predominately benefits governmental rather than business functions, it has been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the sewer operations since it is considered a major fund.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements The notes provide additional information that is essential for a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other Information In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain other information that the City believes readers will find useful. After the notes to the basic financial statements, is the required supplementary information related to the net pension liability and net OPEB liability, the combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented, as well as individual detailed budgetary comparisons for all funds.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

While this document contains information about the funds used by the City to provide services to our citizens, the view of the City as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did the City do financially during 2022?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities answer this question. These statements include all assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by the private sector. The basis for this accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when the cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the City's net position and the changes in net position. The change in net position is important because it tells the reader whether, for the City as a whole, the financial position of the City has improved or diminished. However, in evaluating the overall position of the City, non-financial information, such as changes in the City's tax base, condition of City capital assets, et cetera (etc.) will also need to be evaluated.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities are divided into the following categories:

- Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources
- Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources
- Net Position (Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources minus Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources)
- Program Expenses and Revenues
- General Revenues
- Net Position Beginning and End of Year

The City of Fairview Park as a Whole

As referenced earlier, the Statement of Net Position looks at the City as a whole. The following provides a summary of the City's net position for 2022 compared to 2021:

NET POSITION

	Governmental Activities				Business-Type Activities				Total			
	2022		2021		2022		2021		2022		2021	
ASSETS												
Current and Other Assets	\$ 33,416,547	\$	30,174,271	\$	6,891,774	\$	7,076,852	\$	40,308,321	\$	37,251,123	
Capital Assets, Net	41,961,071		41,477,890		16,289,517		16,166,328		58,250,588		57,644,218	
Total Assets	75,377,618		71,652,161		23,181,291		23,243,180		98,558,909		94,895,341	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS												
OF RESOURCES												
Deferral on Refunding	171,550		245,372		-		-		171,550		245,372	
Pension	4,766,427		2,302,525		92,522		38,048		4,858,949		2,340,573	
OPEB	1,057,505		1,335,070		3,240		14,156		1,060,745		1,349,226	
Total Deferred Outflows												
of Resources	5,995,482		3,882,967		95,762		52,204		6,091,244		3,935,171	
LIABILITIES												
Current and Other Liabilities	3,091,714		2,781,474		84,307		102,554		3,176,021		2,884,028	
Long-term Liabilities:	- , ,-		,,.		- ,		- ,		- , - , - , -		, ,	
Due Within One Year	2,104,560		2,206,971		364,459		174,847		2,469,019		2,381,818	
Due in More than One Year:	, - ,		, ,						,,.		,,	
Net Pension Liability	13,451,089		16,024,898		162,955		247,810		13,614,044		16,272,708	
Net OPEB Liability	1,986,892		1,988,045		-		_		1,986,892		1,988,045	
Other Amounts	16,191,267		17,152,223		3,480,474		3,273,528		19,671,741		20,425,751	
Total Liabilities	36,825,522		40,153,611		4,092,195		3,798,739		40,917,717		43,952,350	
DEFERRED INFLOWS												
OF RESOURCES												
Property Taxes	5,066,252		5,136,778		-		-		5,066,252		5,136,778	
Pension	7,096,301		3,592,288		210,245		146,094		7,306,546		3,738,382	
OPEB	1,669,285		2,277,717		67,561		113,014		1,736,846		2,390,731	
Total Deferred Inflows	,,		, ,				- /-		,		,	
of Resources	13,831,838		11,006,783		277,806		259,108		14,109,644		11,265,891	
NET POSITION												
Net Investment in												
Capital Assets	25,000,384		23,021,394		12,457,329		13,005,345		37,457,713		36,026,739	
Restricted	6,745,583		7,851,438						6,745,583		7,851,438	
Unrestricted	(1,030,227)		(6,498,098)		6,449,723		6,232,192		5,419,496		(265,906)	
Total Net Position	\$ 30,715,740	\$	24,374,734	\$	18,907,052	\$	19,237,537	\$	49,622,792	\$	43,612,271	
	,,	-	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	-		-	.,,001	*	.,	-	,,	

The net pension liability (NPL) is one of the single largest liabilities reported by the City at December 31, 2022 and is reported pursuant to GASB Statement 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an Amendment of GASB Statement 27." The City previously adopted GASB Statement 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions," which significantly revises accounting for costs and liabilities related to other postemployment benefits (OPEB). For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the City's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and OPEB, the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board standards are national and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Prior accounting for pensions (GASB 27) and postemployment benefits (GASB 45) focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension and OPEB costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's *net pension liability* or *net OPEB liability*. GASB 68 and GASB 75 take an earnings approach to pension and OPEB accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension/OPEB plans and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

GASB 68 and GASB 75 require the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability to equal the City's proportionate share of each plan's collective:

- 1. Present value of estimated future pension/OPEB benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service
- 2. Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits

GASB notes that pension and OPEB obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" – that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension and other postemployment benefits. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the City is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of these liabilities. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The Ohio revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer's promise is limited not by contract but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the retirement system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension/OPEB plan *as against the public employer*. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. The retirement system is responsible for the administration of the pension and OPEB plans.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability or the net OPEB liability. As explained above, changes in benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of these liabilities, but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability are satisfied, these liabilities are separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

In accordance with GASB 68 and GASB 75, the City's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense and an annual OPEB expense for their proportionate share of each plan's *change* in net pension liability and net OPEB liability, respectively, not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows.

Total assets increased from the prior year primarily due to an increase in cash and cash equivalents.

The primary reason for the changes in deferred inflows of resources, deferred outflows of resources, net pension liability, net OPEB asset, and net OPEB liability were due to GASB 68 and GASB 75. The net pension liability and Net OPEB liability represent the City's proportionate share of the OPERS' and OP&F unfunded benefits for pension and OPEB. Changes in pension and OPEB benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of the net pension liability and net OPEB liability/asset.

The implementation of GASB Statement No. 68 and 75 requires the reader to perform additional calculations to determine the City's Total Net Position at December 31, 2022 without the implementation of GASB Statement No. 68 and 75. This is an important exercise, as the State Pension Systems (OPERS & OP&F) collect, hold, invest, and distribute pensions to our employees, not the City of Fairview Park. These calculations are as follows:

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities		
Total Net Position at December 31, 2022 (with GASB 68 and 75)	\$ 30,715,740	\$ 18,907,052		
GASB 68/75 Calculations:				
Add:				
Deferred Inflows related to Pension	7,096,301	210,245		
Deferred Inflows related to OPEB	1,669,285	67,561		
Net Pension Liability	13,451,089	162,955		
Net OPEB Liability	1,986,892	-		
Less:				
Net OPEB Asset	(726,514)	(55,679)		
Deferred Outflows related to Pension	(4,766,427)	(92,522)		
Deferred Outflows related to OPEB	(1,057,505)	(3,240)		
Total Net Position (without GASB 68 and 75)	\$ 48,368,861	\$ 19,196,372		

In order to further understand what makes up the changes in net position for the current year, the following table provides readers with further details regarding the results of activities for the current year:

CHANGES IN NET POSITION

	Governmen	al Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total			
	2022	2021*	2022	2021 *	2022	2021		
REVENUES								
Program Revenues:								
Charges for Services	\$ 2,546,967	\$ 2,574,699	\$ 2,152,022	\$ 2,182,671	\$ 4,698,989	\$ 4,757,370		
Operating Grants and Contributions	1,242,607	1,226,802	-	-	1,242,607	1,226,802		
Capital Grants and Contributions	53,015	1,099,542	-		53,015	1,099,542		
Total Program Revenues	3,842,589	4,901,043	2,152,022	2,182,671	5,994,611	7,083,714		
General Revenues:								
Property Taxes	5,279,216	4,444,075	-	-	5,279,216	4,444,075		
Municipal Income Taxes	12,408,119	10,874,426	-	-	12,408,119	10,874,426		
Franchise Taxes	216,173	217,990	-	-	216,173	217,990		
Grants and Entitlements	1,424,739	1,052,762	-	-	1,424,739	1,052,762		
Investment Income	368,437	14,678	-	-	368,437	14,678		
Gain on Sale of Capital Assets	999	3,456	-	-	999	3,456		
Gain on Investment in Joint Venture	-	-	117,788	107,065	117,788	107,065		
All Other Revenues	547,655	882,909	-	-	547,655	882,909		
Total General Revenues	20,245,338	17,490,296	117,788	107,065	20,363,126	17,597,361		
Total Revenues	24,087,927	22,391,339	2,269,810	2,289,736	26,357,737	24,681,075		
EXPENSES								
Program Expenses:								
Security of Persons and Property	7,560,901	7,428,129	-	-	7,560,901	7,428,129		
Public Health Services	2,410	1,855	-	-	2,410	1,855		
Leisure Time Activities	2,449,253	1,996,499	-	-	2,449,253	1,996,499		
Community Environment	351,848	169,129	-	-	351,848	169,129		
Basic Utility Services	1,250,593	1,798,811	-	-	1,250,593	1,798,811		
Transportation	2,505,006	1,857,568	-	-	2,505,006	1,857,568		
General Government	3,293,578	2,832,919	-	-	3,293,578	2,832,919		
Interest and Fiscal Charges	333,332	1,737,213	-	-	333,332	1,737,213		
Sanitary Sewer	-	-	2,600,295	2,341,725	2,600,295	2,341,725		
Total Expenses	17,746,921	17,822,123	2,600,295	2,341,725	20,347,216	20,163,848		
Change in Net Position	6,341,006	4,569,216	(330,485)	(51,989)	6,010,521	4,517,227		
Net Position - Beginning of Year	24,374,734	19,805,518	19,237,537	19,289,526	43,612,271	39,095,044		
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 30,715,740	\$ 24,374,734	\$ 18,907,052	\$ 19,237,537	\$ 49,622,792	\$ 43,612,271		

* Certain Reclassifications have been made

Governmental Activities

Governmental activities increased the City's net position by \$6,341,006 during 2022.

Several types of revenues fund our governmental activities, with the City income tax being the biggest contributor. The income tax rate was 2 percent for 2022, the same as the prior year. Both residents of the City and non-residents who work inside the City are subject to the income tax. However, if residents work in a locality that has a municipal income tax, the City provides 75 percent credit up to 1.25 percent for those who pay income tax to another city. By ordinance, City Council could choose to reduce the income tax credit in order to generate additional revenues for the City.

Income tax revenue increased in 2022 as a result of increases in employee municipal income tax withholdings, individual income tax receipts and net profit tax collections. General revenue from property taxes is also a significant source of revenue and increased in 2022 due to the re-appraisal performed which increased property values.

Capital grants and contributions decreased due to an increase in grants received in 2021 as compared to 2022. Grants and Entitlements increased due to the homestead and rollback payments increasing from property value increases. Investment income increased due to rising interest rates.

The tables on the prior page reflects how the City funds its programs, either through program or general revenues. As can be seen on the prior page, all programs have a heavy reliance on general revenues.

Governmental activities programs expenses totaled \$17,746,921 which is a \$75,202 decrease as compared to 2021. Security of persons and property, which primarily supports the operations of the police and fire departments accounted for \$7,560,901 of the total expenses of the City. The decrease in Interest and Fiscal Charges relates to the issuance of the refunding bond performed in 2021.

Business-Type Activities

The business-type activities of the City had a decrease in net position of \$330,485 in 2022, as operating expenses outpaced revenues. Charges for services revenue decreased slightly in 2022.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City of Fairview Park uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

Funds are created and segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations. An activity not required to be reported in a separate fund is included in the General Fund. Governmental funds are used to account for tax-supported activities.

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements.

Unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the year. Information about the City's governmental funds begins on page 20. These funds are accounted for by using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Fund balances are the differences between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources reported in a governmental fund. The restricted fund balance is that portion of a governmental fund's fund balance that has constraints on the use of the resources.

Fund balances that are committed include amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by formal action of Council. Assigned fund balances are intended to be used for specific purposes and reflect a government's self-imposed limitation on the use or otherwise available expendable financial resources in governmental funds. Unassigned fund balances are amounts available for appropriation. As of the end of the current year, the City of Fairview Park's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$20,340,368, which was an increase of \$2,757,821 from 2021. Of the total governmental fund balances, \$9,483,808 constitutes the general fund balance, a \$2,094,335 increase from 2021. The increase is due to increases in both property taxes and municipal income tax.

All governmental funds had total revenues and other financing sources of \$25,896,057 and expenditures and other financing uses of \$23,138,236, with revenues exceeding expenditures by \$2,757,821.

The City's Funds

General Fund

The General Fund is the main operating fund of the City. At the end of the current year, the total fund balance for the General Fund was \$9,483,808, of which \$295,528 was nonspendable, \$419,577 was committed, \$1,397,431 was assigned, and \$7,371,272 was unassigned for financial reporting purposes. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to annual fund expenditures. Unassigned general fund balance represents 66.88 percent of total General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 86.05 percent of that same amount. The General fund balance increased \$2,094,335 due to the increase in income tax collections and property tax collections.

American Rescue Plan

The American Rescue Plan Fund is another major fund for the City. The fund ended with a cash and cash equivalents balance of \$1,699,640, which is completely offset by an unearned revenue liability. The revenue is not considered earned in this fund until the expenditures have been incurred.

Recreation Fund

The Recreation Fund is another major fund for the City. At the end of the current year, the total fund balance was \$3,784,583, all of which was committed or nonspendable for financial reporting purposes. This was the twelfth full year of operations for the Gemini Recreation Center. Fund balance increased by \$953,044 in 2022 as compared to 2021 due to an increase in income tax collections and property taxes.

Recreation Construction

Recreation Construction Fund is another major fund for the City. At the end of the current year, the total fund balance was \$540,355. The fund balance increased by \$202,811 in 2022 as compared to 2021.

Capital Improvements

Capital Improvements Fund is another major fund for the City. At the end of the current year, the total fund balance was \$1,922,385. The fund balance decreased by \$556,955 in 2022 as compared to 2021, due to the City increasing the number of capital improvements and projects during 2022.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The City's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund. During 2022, the City amended its General Fund budget two times. The City does allow small interdepartmental budget changes that modify line items within the accounting system which are within their appropriation category (department level). The General Fund supports many of our major activities, i.e. police department, fire department, and administration. The General Fund is monitored closely, looking for possible revenue shortfalls or overspending by individual departments.

For the General Fund, original budgeted revenues and other financing sources were \$12,360,636 and final budgeted revenues and other financing sources were \$13,451,619 and actual revenues and other financing sources were \$13,451,619. Final budgeted revenues increased from the original budgeted revenues mainly due to the increase in property taxes and municipal income taxes. General Fund original budgeted expenditures were \$12,359,449 and the final budgeted expenditures and other financing uses were \$12,596,188. Actual General Fund expenditures and other financing uses were \$12,596,188. Actual General Fund expenditures and other financing uses were \$12,596,188. The final budget, with most of the decrease occurring in security of persons and property and general government. This represents the City's proactive management and legislative action to control and reduce costs wherever practicable during 2022.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

CAPITAL ASSETS AT DECEMBER 31 (NET OF DEPRECIATION)

		Government	ctivities	Business-Type Activities					
	_	2022		2021		2022	2021		
Land	\$	1,050,943	\$	1,050,943	\$	-	\$	-	
Construction in progress		4,857,943		2,446,553		247,615		3,558,650	
Buildings		15,384,431		15,881,527		116,497		119,975	
Land improvements		1,443,140		1,515,137		35,442		37,729	
Equipment and Furniture		883,456		819,018		108,103		139,770	
Vehicles		927,699		972,850		600,783		140,296	
Waste Water Treatment									
Plant Rights		-		-		2,408,503		2,463,871	
Infrastructure		17,413,459		18,791,862		12,772,574		9,706,037	
Total	\$	41,961,071	\$	41,477,890	\$	16,289,517	\$	16,166,328	

In 2022, the City's governmental and business-type acquisitions of capital assets outpaced current year depreciation. These results were due to infrastructure improvements. The City is committed to a long-term goal of meeting the needs of its infrastructure and facilities. For additional information see Note 11 to the basic financial statements.

Debt Administration

As of December 31, 2022, the City of Fairview Park had the following in bonds, notes, loans, and leases outstanding:

	Governmental Activities					Business-Type Activities				
		2022	2021		2022		2021			
General Obligation Note	\$	750,000	\$	850,000	\$	-	\$	-		
General Obligation Bonds	·	14,875,000		15,935,000	·	-	·	-		
OPWC Loan		450,529		475,559		1,281,823		1,326,799		
OWDA Loan		-		-		157,006		-		
Intergovernmental Loan		-		-		1,965,835		2,092,007		
Financed Purchases Payable		772,735		688,583		411,186		-		
Total Outstanding Debt	\$	16,848,264	\$	17,949,142	\$	3,815,850	\$	3,418,806		

OUTSTANDING LONG-TERM DEBT AT DECEMBER 31

The City's overall legal debt margin was \$46,437,143 at December 31, 2022.

Additional information concerning the City's debt can be found in Notes 16 and 17 to the basic financial Statements.

Current Financial Related Activities

The City of Fairview Park continues to maintain the Aa2 rating from Moody's Investors Service. During 2022, the City's financial position increased due to revenues exceeding expenses and the receipt of CARES Act funding from the U.S. Treasury. Management and City Council continue to review options that will create additional revenue in order to increase cash balances to protect the long-term financial stability of the City. In addition, the City will continue its stringent budgeting and procurement standards to contain costs.

Contacting the City's Finance Department

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, creditors, and investors with a general overview of the City's finances and show the City's accountability for all money it receives, spends, or invests. If you have any questions about this report or need additional information, please contact Jennifer Pae, Finance Director, at Jennifer.pae@fairviewpark.org.

CITY OF FAIRVIEW PARK CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total		
ASSETS Equity in Decled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 19,984,022	\$ 3,270,565	\$ 23,254,587		
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents Materials and Supplies Inventory	\$ 19,984,022 69,378	\$ 3,270,565	\$ 23,254,587 69,378		
Accounts Receivable	443,773	-	443,773		
Intergovernmental Receivable	1,426,630	407,961			
Prepaid Items		3,522	1,834,591		
Municipal Income Taxes Receivable	297,425 4,475,999	3,322	300,947		
Property Taxes Receivable	5,361,069	-	4,475,999 5,361,069		
Special Assessments Receivable	324,980	-	324,980		
Assets Held for Resale	306,757	-	324,980		
Investment in Joint Venture	500,757	3,154,047	3,154,047		
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	5,908,886	247,615	6,156,501		
Depreciable Capital Assets					
Net OPEB Asset	36,052,185	16,041,902	52,094,087		
	726,514	55,679	782,193		
Total Assets	75,377,618	23,181,291	98,558,909		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferral on Refunding	171,550	-	171,550		
Pension	4,766,427	92,522	4,858,949		
OPEB	1,057,505	3,240	1,060,745		
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	5,995,482	95,762	6,091,244		
LIABILITIES	211 422	21.226	242 649		
Accounts Payable	311,422	31,226	342,648		
Contracts Payable	181,376	- 7 255	181,376		
Accrued Wages and Benefits	310,565	7,355	317,920		
Intergovernmental Payable	171,845	39,329	211,174		
Vacation Benefits Payable	94,326	3,837	98,163		
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	65,775	-	65,775		
Accrued Interest Payable	44,416	2,560	46,976		
Retainage Payable	19,933	-	19,933		
Unearned Revenue	1,792,056	-	1,792,056		
Notes Payable	100,000	-	100,000		
Long-term Liabilities:					
Due Within One Year	2,104,560	364,459	2,469,019		
Due in More than One Year:					
Net Pension Liability	13,451,089	162,955	13,614,044		
Net OPEB Liability	1,986,892	-	1,986,892		
Other Amounts Due in More than One Year	16,191,267	3,480,474	19,671,741		
Total Liabilities	36,825,522	4,092,195	40,917,717		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Property Taxes	5,066,252		5,066,252		
Pension	7,096,301	210,245	7,306,546		
OPEB	1,669,285		1,736,846		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	13,831,838	67,561 277,806	14,109,644		
	, , , , ,				
NET POSITION	25 000 20 1	10 457 000	07 457 710		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	25,000,384	12,457,329	37,457,713		
Restricted for:					
Capital Projects	4,481,227	-	4,481,227		
Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair	1,445,928	-	1,445,928		
State Highway	110,464	-	110,464		
Street Lighting	496,520	-	496,520		
Police Programs	73,342	-	73,342		
Fire Operating	70,693	-	70,693		
Waterline Repairs	23,614	-	23,614		
Other Purposes	43,795	-	43,795		
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(1,030,227)	6,449,723	5,419,496		
Total Net Position	\$ 30,715,740	\$ 18,907,052	\$ 49,622,792		

CITY OF FAIRVIEW PARK CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

			Program Revenues							
	Expenses			harges for Services	G	Operating Frants and ntributions	(Gr	Capital ants and tributions		
Primary Government:										
Governmental activities:										
Security of Persons and Property	\$	7,560,901	\$	680,344	\$	135	\$	-		
Public Health Services		2,410		-		-		-		
Leisure Time Activities		2,449,253		853,208		61,378		-		
Community Environment		351,848		207,034		-		-		
Basic Utility Services		1,250,593		740,591		-		-		
Transportation		2,505,006		6,100		1,017,051		53,015		
General Government		3,293,578		59,690		164,043		-		
Interest and Fiscal Charges		333,332		-		-		-		
Total Governmental activities		17,746,921		2,546,967		1,242,607		53,015		
Business-type activities:										
Sanitary Sewer		2,600,295		2,152,022		-		-		
Total Business-type activities		2,600,295		2,152,022		-		-		
Total Primary Government	\$	20,347,216	\$	4,698,989	\$	1,242,607	\$	53,015		

General Revenues:

Property Taxes levied for: General Purposes Permanent Improvements Recreation Police and Fire Pension Fire Operations Municipal Income Taxes levied for: **General Purposes** Capital Improvements Recreation Franchise Taxes Grants and Entitlements not Restricted to Specific Programs Investment Income Gain on Sale of Capital Assets Gain on Joint Venture All Other Revenues Total General Revenues Change in Net Position Net Position - Beginning of Year Net Position - End of Year

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position								
Governmental	Business-type							
Activities	Activities	Total						
\$ (6,880,422)	\$ -	\$ (6,880,422)						
(2,410)	-	(2,410)						
(1,534,667)	-	(1,534,667)						
(144,814)	-	(144,814)						
(510,002)	-	(510,002)						
(1,428,840)	-	(1,428,840)						
(3,069,845)	-	(3,069,845)						
(333,332)	-	(333,332)						
(13,904,332)		(13,904,332)						
-	(448,273)	(448,273)						
-	(448,273)	(448,273)						
(13,904,332)	(448,273)	(14,352,605)						
3,853,610	-	3,853,610						
402,492	-	402,492						
464,655	-	464,655						
277,569	-	277,569						
280,890	-	280,890						
7,759,569	-	7,759,569						
1,549,517	-	1,549,517						
3,099,033	-	3,099,033						
216,173	-	216,173						
1,424,739	-	1,424,739						
368,437	-	368,437						
999	-	999						
-	117,788	117,788						
547,655		547,655						
20,245,338	117,788	20,363,126						
6,341,006	(330,485)	6,010,521						
24,374,734	19,237,537	43,612,271						
\$ 30,715,740	\$ 18,907,052	\$ 49,622,792						

CITY OF FAIRVIEW PARK CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2022

		General Fund		American Rescue Plan]	Recreation Fund		Recreation onstruction	Capital Improvements	Go	Other wernmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	3,750,930	\$	1,699,640	\$	3,251,221	\$	5,047,855	\$ 1.492.476	\$	4,547,036	\$	19,789,158
Materials and Supplies Inventory	Ψ	20,488	φ		Ψ	-	Ψ		÷ 1,+2,+70	Ψ	48,890	Ψ	69,378
Accounts Receivable		4,868		-		9,536		-	-		429,369		443,773
Interfund Receivable		4,482,730		-		-		-	-				4,482,730
Intergovernmental Receivable		585,683		_		32,147		-	197,425		611,375		1,426,630
Prepaid Items		266,622		-		15,150		-			15,653		297,425
Municipal Income Taxes Receivable		2,797,499		_		1.119.000		-	559,500		-		4,475,999
Property Taxes Receivable		3,911,330		_		469,547		_	557,500		980,192		5,361,069
Special Assessments Receivable		5,711,550						_	_		324,980		324,980
Assets Held for Resale		_		_				_	_		306,757		306,757
Total Assets	\$	15,820,150	\$	1,699,640	\$	4,896,601	\$	5,047,855	\$ 2,249,401	\$	7,264,252	\$	36,977,899
i otai 1155045	Ψ	15,620,150	Ψ	1,077,040	Ψ	4,070,001	Ψ	5,047,055	\$ 2,249,401	Ψ	7,204,252	-	50,711,077
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF													
RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES													
Liabilities:													
Accounts Payable	\$	229,916	\$	-	\$	18,107	\$	-	\$ -	\$	63,399	\$	311,422
Accrued Wages and Benefits		241,214		-		27,189		-	-		42,162		310,565
Contracts Payable		-		-		-		-	40,325		141,051		181,376
Intergovernmental Payable		36,378		-		11,646		-	-		123,821		171,845
Matured Compensated Absences Payable		65,775		-		-		-	-		-		65,775
Retainage Payable		-		-		-		-	10,000		9,933		19,933
Interfund Payable		-		-		-		4,447,500	-		35,230		4,482,730
Unearned Revenue		-		1,699,640		-		60,000	-		32,416		1,792,056
Notes Payable		-		-		-		-			100,000		100,000
Total Liabilities		573,283		1,699,640		56,942		4,507,500	50,325		548,012		7,435,702
Deferred Inflows of Resources:													
Property Taxes		3,696,085		-		443,707		-	-		926,460		5,066,252
Unavailable Revenue - Delinquent Property Taxes		215,245		-		25,840		-	-		53,732		294,817
Unavailable Revenue - Income Taxes		1,383,454		-		553,382		-	276,691		-		2,213,527
Unavailable Revenue - Other		468,275		-		32,147		-	-		1,126,811		1,627,233
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		5,763,059		-		1,055,076		-	276,691		2,107,003		9,201,829
Fund Balances:													
Nonspendable		295,528		_		15,150		_	_		64.543		375.221
Restricted		295,528		-				540,355	1,922,385		3,084,438		5,547,178
Committed		419.577		-		3,769,433		5-40,555	1,922,585		1,668,335		5,857,345
Assigned		1,397,431		-		5,709,455		-	-		1,008,555		1,397,431
Unassigned (Deficit)		7,371,272		-		-		-	-		(208,079)		7,163,193
Total Fund Balances		9,483,808				3,784,583		540,355	1,922,385		4,609,237		20,340,368
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows		7,403,008			-	3,704,383		540,555	1,722,383		4,009,237		20,340,308
of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	15,820,150	\$	1,699,640	\$	4,896,601	\$	5,047,855	\$ 2,249,401	\$	7,264,252	\$	36,977,899

CITY OF FAIRVIEW PARK CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DECEMBER 31, 2022

Total Governmental Fund Balances			\$ 20,340,368
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of are different because:	f Net	Position	
Capital Assets used in Governmental Activities are not financia and, therefore, are not reported in the funds	al reso	ources	41,961,071
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-perior and, therefore, are unvailable revenue in the funds:	od ex	penditures	
Delinquent property taxes Municipal income taxes Special assessments Intergovernmental Charges for services Total	\$	294,817 2,213,527 324,980 953,471 348,782	4,135,577
Vacation benefits payable is a contractually required benefit not expected to be paid with expendable available financial resources and therefore not reported in the funds.			(94,326)
In the Statement of Activities, interest is accrued on outstandin bonds and loans, whereas in Governmental funds, an interest is reported when due.		nditure	(44,416)
An Internal Service fund is used by management to charge the of certain activities, such as insurance to individual funds. T and liabilities of the Internal Service fund is included in Gove Activities in the Statement of Net Position.	he as	sets	194,864
The net pension liability and the net OPEB liability are not due in the current period; and the net pension and net OPEB asse spending in the current period; therefore, the liability/asset ar inflows/outflows are not reported in governmental funds:	et are i	not available for	
Deferred Outflows - Pension Deferred Inflows - Pension Net Pension Liability Deferred Outflows - OPEB Deferred Inflows - OPEB Net OPEB Liability Net OPEB Asset Total	(4,766,427 (7,096,301) (13,451,089) 1,057,505 (1,669,285) (1,986,892) 726,514	(17,653,121)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:	l paya	ble in the	
General obligation bonds and notes OPWC Loan Deferral of loss on refunding Financed Purchases Payable Compensated absences Total	((15,625,000) (450,529) 171,550 (772,735) (1,447,563)	(18,124,277)
Net Position of Governmental Activities			\$ 30,715,740

CITY OF FAIRVIEW PARK CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	General Fund	American Rescue Plan	Recreation Fund	Recreation Construction	Capital Improvements	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES Property Taxes	\$ 3,747,098	s -	\$ 449,842	s -	s -	\$ 933,660	\$ 5,130,600
Municipal Income Taxes	7,913,498	-	3,160,605	÷	1,580,302	÷ ,55,666	12,654,405
Hotel Taxes	38,277		-	-	-	-	38,277
Franchise Taxes			-	-	-	216,173	216,173
Intergovernmental	1,170,611	-	64,294	98,000	292,829	1,150,586	2,776,320
Interest	287,412	-	-	-	-	81,025	368,437
Fees, Licenses, and Permits	342,822	-	-	-	-	47,536	390,358
Rentals	24,790	-	152,081	-	-	11,811	188,682
Charges for Services	16,056	-	563,215	60,000	-	964,183	1,603,454
Contributions and Donations	13,164	-	1,200	-	-	-	14,364
Special Assessments	-	-	-	-	-	276,443	276,443
All Other Revenues	270,787	-	19,814	150,000	53,374	22,852	516,827
Total Revenues	13,824,515	-	4,411,051	308,000	1,926,505	3,704,269	24,174,340
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Security of Persons and Property	5,903,037	-	-	-	-	2,001,015	7,904,052
Public Health Services	2,410	-	-	-	-	-	2,410
Leisure Time Activities	281,857	-	2,130,694	-	-	5,084	2,417,635
Community Environment	437,238	-	-	-	-	8,988	446,226
Basic Utility Services	422,630	-	-	-	-	827,963	1,250,593
Transportation	668,733	-	-	-	-	793,264	1,461,997
General Government	3,305,275	-	-	-	-	45,310	3,350,585
Capital Outlay	-	-	117,081	105,189	2,458,430	525,523	3,206,223
Debt Service:							
Principal Retirement	-	-	1,084,835	-	25,030	893,731	2,003,596
Interest and Fiscal Charges	-	-	242,478	-	-	25,269	267,747
Debt Issuance Costs		-				8,172	8,172
Total Expenditures	11,021,180	-	3,575,088	105,189	2,483,460	5,134,319	22,319,236
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	2,803,335	-	835,963	202,811	(556,955)	(1,430,050)	1,855,104
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Proceeds from Financed Purchases Payable	-	-	117,081	-	-	35,636	152,717
Bond Anticipation Notes	-	-	-	-	-	750,000	750,000
Transfers In	-	-	-	-	-	819,000	819,000
Transfers Out	(709,000)	-		-	-	(110,000)	(819,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(709,000)	-	117,081	-		1,494,636	902,717
Net Change in Fund Balances	2,094,335	-	953,044	202,811	(556,955)	64,586	2,757,821
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	7,389,473		2,831,539	337,544	2,479,340	4,544,651	17,582,547
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$ 9,483,808	\$ -	\$ 3,784,583	\$ 540,355	\$ 1,922,385	\$ 4,609,237	\$ 20,340,368

CITY OF FAIRVIEW PARK CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Net Change in Fund Balances-Total Governmental Funds		\$ 2,757,821
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activ are different because:	vities	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over the estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by capital outlay exceeded depreciation in the current period.	ir	
Depreciation Total Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current fir	\$ 2,762,542 (2,279,361) nancial	483,181
resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Delinquent property taxes Municipal income taxes Special assessments Intergovernmental Charges for services Total	148,616 (246,286) 3,215 (70,321) 81,513	(83,263)
Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows Pension OPEB		1,539,728 27,465
Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension/OPEB liability are reported as pension expense in statement of activities. Pension OPEB	n the	(6,030) 661,081
Other financing sources in the Governmental funds increase long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. These sources were attri to issuance of a note and financed purchases payable.		(902,717)
Repayment of principal on bonds, notes, loans and financed purchases in the Governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term lial Statement of Net Position.		2,003,595
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in Governmental funds.		
Compensated absences Vacation Benefits Payable Accrued interest on bonds Amortization of loss on refunding Total	(37,511) (8,370) (8,620) (73,822)	(128,323)
An Internal Service fund is used by management to charge costs to cer activities, such as insurance to individual funds. The net revenue (e of an Internal Service fund is reported in the Governmental Activitie	xpense)	 (11,532)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 6,341,006

CITY OF FAIRVIEW PARK CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Budgeted	l Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)		
Revenues:						
Property Taxes	\$ 3,443,193	\$ 3,747,098	\$ 3,747,098	\$ -		
Municipal Income Taxes	7,018,544	7,638,020	7,638,020	-		
Intergovernmental	1,051,982	1,144,833	1,144,833	-		
Interest	264,102	287,412	287,412	-		
Fines, Licenses and Permits	307,219	334,335	334,335	-		
Rentals	22,779	24,790	24,790	-		
Charges for Services	14,754	16,056	16,056	-		
Contributions and Donations	124	135	135	-		
All Other Revenues	237,939	258,940	258,940	-		
Total Revenues	12,360,636	13,451,619	13,451,619			
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Security of Persons and Property	6,151,247	6,154,811	6,021,995	132,816		
Public Health Services	2,865	2,865	2,410	455		
Leisure Time Activities	291,533	291,533	274,525	17,008		
Community Environment	446,057	446,792	422,084	24,708		
Basic Utility Services	455,801	532,401	527,382	5,019		
Transportation	745,849	785,499	762,798	22,701		
General Government	4,266,097	3,477,057	3,344,945	132,112		
Total Expenditures	12,359,449	11,690,958	11,356,139	334,819		
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)						
Expenditures	1,187	1,760,661	2,095,480	334,819		
Other Financing (Uses):						
Advances Out	-	(35,230)	(35,230)	-		
Transfers Out	-	(870,000)	(809,000)	61,000		
Total Other Financing (Uses)	-	(905,230)	(844,230)	61,000		
Net Change in Fund Balance	1,187	855,431	1,251,250	395,819		
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	1,452,025	1,452,025	1,452,025	-		
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	241,699	241,699	241,699	-		
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 1,694,911	\$ 2,549,155	\$ 2,944,974	\$ 395,819		

CITY OF FAIRVIEW PARK CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL AMERICAN RESCUE PLAN FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Budgete	d Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues:					
Intergovernmental	\$ 846,441	\$ 853,199	\$ 853,199	\$ -	
Total Revenues	846,441	853,199	853,199		
Net Change in Fund Balance	846,441	853,199	853,199	-	
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	846,441	846,441	846,441	-	
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 1,692,882	\$ 1,699,640	\$ 1,699,640	\$ -	

CITY OF FAIRVIEW PARK CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL RECREATION FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final				Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:					 _			
Property Taxes	\$	419,180	\$	449,842	\$ 449,842	\$	-	
Muncipal Income Taxes		2,842,492		3,050,414	3,050,414		-	
Intergovernmental		106,504		114,294	114,294		-	
Rentals		141,715		152,081	152,081		-	
Charges for Services		523,674		561,980	561,980		-	
Contributions and Donations		1,118		1,200	1,200		-	
All Other Revenues		18,463		19,814	19,814		-	
Total Revenues		4,053,146		4,349,625	 4,349,625		-	
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Leisure Time Activities		2,994,738		2,994,738	2,443,101		551,637	
Debt Service:								
Principal		1,060,000		1,060,000	1,060,000		-	
Interest & Fiscal Charges		242,478		242,478	242,478		-	
Total Debt Service		1,302,478		1,302,478	 1,302,478		-	
Total Expenditures		4,297,216		4,297,216	 3,745,579		551,637	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(244,070)		52,409	604,046		551,637	
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		2,378,553		2,378,553	 2,378,553		-	
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$	2,134,483	\$	2,430,962	\$ 2,982,599	\$	551,637	

CITY OF FAIRVIEW PARK CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO STATEMENT OF FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Business-Type Activities	Governmental Activities Internal Service	
	Sewer		
	Fund	Fund	
ASSETS			
Current Assets:			
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 3,270,565	\$ 194,864	
Intergovernmental Receivable	407,961	-	
Prepaid Items	3,522	-	
Total Current Assets	3,682,048	194,864	
Noncurrent Assets:			
nvestment in Joint Venture	3,154,047	-	
Construction in Progress	247,615	_	
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation	16,041,902	_	
Net OPEB Asset	55,679	_	
Total Noncurrent Assets	19,499,243	-	
Fotal Assets	23,181,291	194,864	
		191,001	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension	02.522		
OPEB	92,522	-	
	3,240		
Fotal Deferred Outflows of Resources	95,762		
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts Payable	31,226	-	
Accrued Wages and Benefits	7,355	-	
ntergovernmental Payable	39,329	-	
Intergovernmental Loan	129,269	-	
Compensated Absences Payable	4,786	-	
Accrued Interest Payable	2,560	-	
Vacation Benefits Payable	3,837	-	
OWDA Loans Payable	90,000	-	
DPWC Loans Payable	44,976	_	
Financed Purchases Payable	95,428	-	
Fotal Current Liabilities	448,766		
Noncurrent Liabilities: Compensated Absences Payable	24 207		
	24,297	-	
Intergovernmental Loan	1,836,566	-	
OWDA Loans Payable	67,006	-	
DPWC Loans Payable	1,236,847	-	
Financed Purchases Payable	315,758	-	
Net Pension Liability	162,955	-	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	3,643,429	-	
Fotal Liabilities	4,092,195		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension DPEB	210,245 67,561	-	
DPEB Fotal Deferred Inflows of Resources	277,806		
NET POSITION	10.155.000		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	12,457,329	-	
Jnrestricted	6,449,723	194,864	
Total Net Position	\$ 18,907,052	\$ 194,864	

CITY OF FAIRVIEW PARK CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Business-Type Activities	Governmental Activities Internal Service Fund	
	Sewer Fund		
OPERATING REVENUES			
Charges for Services	\$ 2,152,022	\$ 1,367,452	
Total Operating Revenues	2,152,022	1,367,452	
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Salaries	195,138	-	
Fringe Benefits	(65,828)	-	
Materials and Supplies	49,105	-	
Contractual Services	1,790,725	1,378,984	
Depreciation	578,659	-	
Total Operating Expense	2,547,799	1,378,984	
Operating Income (Loss)	(395,777)	(11,532)	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)			
Interest and Fiscal Charges	(52,496)	-	
Gain on Investment in Joint Venture	117,788	-	
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	65,292	-	
Change in Net Position	(330,485)	(11,532)	
Net Position - Beginning of Year	19,237,537	206,396	
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 18,907,052	\$ 194,864	

CITY OF FAIRVIEW PARK CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Business-Type <u>Activities</u>	Governmental Activities		
	Sanitary Sewer		Internal Service	
	Fund	Fund		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Cash Received from Charges for Services	\$ 2,118,405	\$ 1,367	,452	
Cash Payments to Employees for Services	(194,638)		-	
Cash Payments for Employee Benefits	(72,698)		-	
Cash Payments for Goods and Services	(1,790,199)	(1,378		
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	60,870	(11	,532)	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Proceeds from Financed Purchases Payable	527,091		-	
Principal Paid on Debt	(287,053)		-	
Interest Paid on Debt	(49,936)		-	
Payments for Capital Acquisitions	(772,964)		-	
Debt Proceeds	157,006		-	
Net Cash (Used in) Capital and Related				
Financing Activities	(425,856)		-	
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(364,986)	(11	,532)	
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year	3,635,551	206	5,396	
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year	\$ 3,270,565	\$ 194	,864	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ (395,777)	\$ (11	,532)	
Adjustments:				
Depreciation	578,659		-	
(Increase) Decrease in Assets:				
Intergovernmental Receivable	(33,617)		-	
Prepaid Items	(1,179)		-	
Net OPEB Asset	(27,324)			
Decrease in Deferred Outflows of Resources:				
Pension	(54,474)		-	
OPEB	10,916		-	
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities:	100.010			
Accounts Payable	102,342		-	
Accrued Wages	855		-	
Intergovernmental Payable	(53,019)		-	
Compensated Absences Payable	(355)		-	
Net Pension Liability	(84,855)		-	
Increase in Deferred Inflows of Resources: Pension	64,151			
OPEB	(45,453)		-	
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$ 60,870	\$ (11	,532)	
The cash rionada by operating rearrange	φ 00,870	φ (11	,552)	

NONCASH CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES

Net impact of accruals in the Sanitary Sewer fund related to capital assets in the amount of \$(71,116).

CITY OF FAIRVIEW PARK CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2022

Custodial Funds	
\$	11,118
	11,118
	11,118
\$	11,118

CITY OF FAIRVIEW PARK CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Custodial Funds	
ADDITIONS		
Special Assessment Collections for Other Governments	\$	662,377
Licenses, Permits, & Fees Distributions for Other Governments		3,279
Miscellaneous		7,100
Total Additions		672,756
DEDUCTIONS		
Special Assessment Collections to Other Governments		662,377
Fines and Forefietures Distributions to Other Governments		1,467
Distributions to Individuals		2,693
Total Deductions		666,537
Net Increase in Fiduciary Net Position		6,219
Net Position - Beginning of Year		4,899
Net Position - End of Year	\$	11,118

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1: **<u>REPORTING ENTITY</u>**

The City of Fairview Park (the City) is a home rule municipal corporation established under the laws of the state of Ohio which operates under its own Charter. The current Charter, which provides for a Council/Mayor form of government, was adopted on November 4, 1958.

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements are not misleading. This definition of reporting entity is found in GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Report Entity* and GASB Statement No. 61, *The Financial Report Entity Omnibus – an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 14 and No. 34*.

The City's primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and commissions that are not legally separate from the City. They include public safety (police and fire), highway and streets, parks and recreation, public improvements, community development (planning and zoning), sewers, sanitation, and general administrative and legislative services.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the City is financially accountable. The City is financially accountable for an organization if the City appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the City is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the City is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or (3) the City is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the City is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations which are fiscally dependent on the City in that the City approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes, and there is the potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government. The reporting entity of the City does not include any component units.

The Rocky River Wastewater Treatment Plant is a joint venture, owned and operated by the cities of Fairview Park, Westlake, Rocky River, and Bay Village. The mayors of each city serve during their term in office as members of the Management Committee of the Rocky River Wastewater Treatment Plant. Each City is responsible for a percentage of the operating expenses of the plant based on volume of flow into the plant (See Note 19).

The City is associated with four jointly governed organizations: the West Shore Council of Governments, Tri-City Park, S.A.F.E. Council of Governments, and West Shore Area Rescue Association. These organizations are presented in Note 19 to the basic financial statements.

The City's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the City is financially accountable.

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City of Fairview Park have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described on the following pages:

Basis of Presentation

The City's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities, and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the City as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The activity of the internal service fund is eliminated to avoid "doubling up" revenues and expenses. The statements distinguish between those activities of the City that are governmental and those that are considered business-type.

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial condition of the governmental and business-type activities of the City at year-end. The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the City's governmental activities and for the business-type activities of the City. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program or interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the City, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental program or business activity is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the City.

Fund Financial Statements During the year, the City segregates transactions related to certain City functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the City at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The internal service fund is presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statements. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

Fund Accounting

The City uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance.

The following are the City's major governmental funds:

General Fund The General Fund accounts for and reports all financial resources except those required to be accounted for and reported in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the City for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the charter of the City of Fairview Park and/or the general laws of Ohio.

American Rescue Plan Fund- This fund accounts for grant proceeds provided to the local governments to assist in the recovery from the COVID-19 pandemic. The American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) funding may only be used for specified purposes outlined by the U.S. Treasury.

Recreation Fund The Recreation Fund accounts for and reports the portion of income tax collections of the City committed for recreation and community center, revenues from recreation programs, recreation millage, and recreation expenditures.

Recreation Construction Fund - To account for and report revenues from recreation programs restricted for constructing and furnishing the new recreation center and facility.

Capital Improvements Fund - To account for and report a portion of the income tax collection, restricted for street construction projects within the City and repayment on related bonded debt.

The other governmental funds of the City account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted, committed, or assigned to a particular purpose.

Proprietary Funds Proprietary fund reporting focuses on the determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position, and cash flows. Proprietary funds are classified as either enterprise or internal service.

Enterprise Funds Enterprise funds may be used to account for any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services. The following is the City's only major enterprise fund:

Sewer Fund The Sewer Fund accounts for the provision of sanitary and storm sewer service to the residents and commercial users located within the City.

Internal Service Funds Internal service funds account for the financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the City on a cost-reimbursement basis. The City's only internal service fund is a self-insurance fund that accounts for dental and vision claims of City employees.

Fiduciary Funds Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds, and custodial funds. Trust funds are distinguished from custodial funds by the existence of a trust agreement or equivalent arrangements that have certain characteristics. Custodial funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in a trust fund. The City's fiduciary funds are custodial funds. The City's custodial funds account for collection of fees that are remitted to the State for commercial and industrial building and monies from employees for their medical expenses.

Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements The government-wide financial statements are prepared using a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the City are included on the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Activities presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net position.

Fund Financial Statements All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and deferred outflows of resources and current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources generally are included on the balance sheet. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for the governmental funds.

Like the government-wide statements, all proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and deferred outflows of resources and all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of these funds are included on the Statement of Fund Net Position. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net position. The Statement of Cash Flows provides information about how the City finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting; proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred outflows/inflows of resources and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues – Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year. For the City, available means expected to be received within 60 days of year-end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the City receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include income taxes, property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from income taxes is recognized in the period in which the income is earned. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 7). Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the City must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the City on a reimbursement basis. On the modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at year-end: income tax, state-levied locally shared taxes (including gasoline tax and motor vehicle license fees), fines and forfeitures, grants and entitlements and rentals.

Unearned revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources In addition to assets, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the City, deferred outflows of resources are reported on the government-wide Statement of Net Position for a deferred charge on refunding, for pension and OPEB. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The deferred outflows of resources related to pension and OPEB plans are explained in Notes 13 and 14.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period and will not be recognized until that time. For the City, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes, pension, OPEB and unavailable revenue. Property taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of December 31, 2022, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2023 operations. These amounts have been recorded as a deferred inflow on both the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the governmental fund financial statements. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental funds balance sheet and represents receivables which will not be collected within the available period. For the City, unavailable revenue includes delinquent property taxes, municipal income taxes, special assessments, intergovernmental grants, and charges for services. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available. The details of these unavailable revenues are identified on the Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities found on page 21. Deferred inflows of resources related to pension and OPEB plans are reported on the government-wide Statement of Net Position (See Notes 13 and 14).

Expenditures/Expenses On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of costs, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds.

For the City, these revenues are charges for services and other operating revenue for the Sewer Fund. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the good or service that are the primary activity of the fund. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating.

Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability, net OPEB asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB, and pension/OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan.

For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

Budgetary Data

All funds, except custodial funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriations resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount Council may appropriate. The appropriations resolution is Council's authorization to spend resources and set annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by Council. The legal level of control has been established by Council at the department level in the General Fund and at the object level for all other funds. Budgetary modifications may only be made by resolution of the City Council at the legal level of control.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the Finance Director. The amounts reported as the original and final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amount on the amended certificate of estimated resources in effect at the time the original and final appropriations were enacted by Council. Prior to December 31, Council requested and received an amended certificate in which estimated revenue closely reflects actual revenue for the fiscal year.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation resolution for that fund that covered the entire year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by Council during that year.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, cash received by the City is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the City's records. Interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents."

The City also has segregated bank accounts for monies held separate from the City's central bank account. These interest-bearing depository accounts are presented as cash and cash equivalents in segregated accounts.

During 2022, the City invested in STAR Ohio. STAR Ohio (the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio), is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 79, *Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants*. The City measures their investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides a NAV per share that approximates fair value.

For 2022, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, notice must be given 24 hours in advance of all deposits and withdrawals exceeding \$100 million. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$250 million, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$250 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

Investment procedures are restricted by the provisions of the Ohio Revised Code. Interest revenue credited to the General Fund during 2022 was \$287,412, which includes \$226,408 assigned from other City funds.

Investments of the cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time of purchase are presented on the financial statements as equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents.

Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond December 31, 2022 are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and an expenditure/expense is reported the year in which services are consumed.

Inventory

Inventories are presented at cost on a first-in, first-out basis and are expended/expensed when used. Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption.

Assets Held for Resale

Assets held for resale represents land purchased by the City which will be sold for development purposes.

Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets which are associated with and generally arise from governmental activities. They generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. General capital assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide Statement of Net Position but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the enterprise funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide Statement of Net Position and in the respective funds.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. The City was able to estimate the historical cost for the initial reporting of infrastructure by backtrending (i.e., estimating the current replacement cost of the infrastructure to be capitalized and using an appropriate price-level index to deflate the cost to the acquisition year or estimated acquisition year). Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition values as of the date received. The City maintains a capitalization threshold of five thousand dollars. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not. Interest incurred during the construction of proprietary fund capital assets is also capitalized.

All capital assets are depreciated except for land and construction in progress. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets.

Useful lives for infrastructure were estimated based on the City's historical records of necessary improvements and replacement. Depreciation is computed using a straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Governmental	Business-Type
	Activities	Activities
Description	Estimated Lives	Estimated Lives
Buildings	10-50 years	50 years
Land Improvements	20-50 years	20 years
Equipment and Furniture	5-20 years	10-15 years
Vehicles	8-20 years	8 years
Infrastructure	10-75 years	50-75 years
Waste Water Treatment Plant Rights	n/a	50 years

The City's infrastructure consists of roads and sidewalks, sanitary and storm sewers, fire hydrants, traffic signals, and pedestrian bridges.

Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, outstanding interfund loans and unpaid amounts for interfund services are reported as "interfund receivables/payables." Interfund loans which do not represent available expendable resources are classified as nonspendable fund balances. Interfund balance amounts are eliminated in the Statement of Net Position, except for any net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances.

Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The City records a liability for all accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all full-time employees with more than one year of service.

Since the City's policy limits the accrual of vacation time to one year from the employee's anniversary date, the outstanding liability is recorded as "vacation benefits payable" on the Statement of Net Position rather than as a long-term liability.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that is probable that benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is an estimate based on the City's past experience of making termination payments. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employees' wage rates at year-end, taking into consideration any limits specified in the City's vesting policy. The City records a liability for accumulated unused sick leave for employees after ten years of current service with the City.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments, compensated absences and net pension liability that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds, long-term notes, long-term loans, and financed purchases payables are recognized as a liability on the governmental fund financial statements when due. Net pension/OPEB liability should be recognized in the governmental funds to the extent that benefit payments are due and payable and the pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is not sufficient for payment of those benefits.

Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes property acquired for resale, unless the use of the proceeds from the sale of those properties is restricted, committed, or assigned.

Restricted Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation (City ordinances).

Enabling legislation authorizes the City to assess, levy, charge, or otherwise mandate payment of resources (from external resource providers) and includes a legally enforceable requirement that those resources be used only for the specific purposes stipulated in the legislation.

Legal enforceability means that the City can be compelled by an external party-such as citizens, public interest groups, or the judiciary to use resources created by enabling legislation only for the purposes specified by the legislation.

Committed The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by formal action (ordinance or resolution, as both are equally legally binding) of City Council. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless City Council removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance or resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. In contrast to fund balance that is restricted by enabling legislation, the committed fund balance classification may be redeployed for other purposes with appropriate due process.

Constraints imposed on the use of committed amounts are imposed by City Council, separate from the authorization to raise the underlying revenue; therefore, compliance with these constraints are not considered to be legally enforceable. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the City for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. These amounts are assigned by City Council. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by City Council or a City official delegated that authority by City Charter or ordinance or by State statute. State statute authorizes the Finance Director to assign fund balance for purchases on order provided such amounts have been lawfully appropriated.

Unassigned Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit fund balance.

The City applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between all other elements in a statement of financial position. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The City applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

Interfund Activity

Transfers between governmental and business-type activities on the government-wide statements are reported in the same manner as general revenues. Transfers between governmental activities are eliminated on the governmental-wide financial statements. Internal allocations of overhead expenses from one function to another or within the same function are eliminated on the statement of activities. Interfund payments for services provided and used are not eliminated.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after non-operating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds.

Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

Bond Premium

On the government-wide financial statements, bond premiums are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight-line method since the results are not significantly different from the effective interest method. Bond premiums are presented as an increase of the face amount of the bonds payable. On the governmental fund statements, bond premiums are receipted in the year the bonds are issued. Under Ohio law, premiums on the original issuance of debt are to be deposited to the bond retirement fund to be used for debt retirement and are precluded from being applied to the project fund. Ohio law does allow premiums on refunding debt to be used as part of the payment to the bond escrow agent.

Deferred Charge on Refunding

On the government-wide financial statements, the difference between the reacquisition price (funds required to refund the old debt) and the net carrying amount of the old debt, the gain/loss on the refunding, is being amortized as a component of interest expense. This deferred amount is amortized over the life of the old or new debt, whichever is shorter, using the straight-line method and is presented as deferred outflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position.

Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

NOTE 3: CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

During the year, the City implemented the following Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements and Implementation Guides:

GASB Implementation Guide 2020-1 provides clarification on issues related to previously established GASB guidance. The implementation of GASB Implementation Guide 2020-1 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the City.

GASB Statement No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligations. The primary objectives of this Statement are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. The implementation of this Statement did not have an effect on the financial statements of the City.

GASB Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020.* The objectives of this Statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. The implementation of this Statement did not have an effect on the financial statements of the City.

GASB Statement No. 93, *Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates*. The objective of this Statement is to address those and other accounting and financial reporting implication that result from the replacement of an IBOR. The implementation of this Statement did not have an effect on the financial statements of the City.

GASB Statement No. 97, *Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans – an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a supersession of GASB Statement No. 32.* The objectives of this Statement are to (1) increase consistency and comparability related to the reporting of fiduciary component units in circumstances in which a potential component unit does not have a governing board and the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically would perform; (2) mitigate costs associated with the reporting of certain defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans, and employee benefit plans other than pension plans or OPEB plans (other employee benefit plans) as fiduciary component units in fiduciary fund financial statements; and (3) enhance the relevance, consistency, and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting for Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 deferred compensation plans (Section 457 plans) that meet the definition of a pension plan and for benefits provided through those plans. The implementation of this Statement did not have an effect on the financial statements of the City.

GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases* and GASB Implementation Guide 2019-3, *Leases*. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lesse is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. These changes were incorporated in the City's fiscal year 2022 financial statements.

NOTE 4: BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While the City is reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balances on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statements of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance – budget (non-GAAP basis) and actual presented for the General Fund and the Recreation Major Special Revenue Fund are presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget.

The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are as follows:

- (1) Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
- (2) Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).
- (3) Advances in and out is operating transactions (budget basis) as opposed to balance sheet transactions (GAAP basis).
- (4) Other funds are included in the General Fund (GAAP basis), but has a separate legally adopted budget (budget basis).
- (5) Encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget) rather than restricted, committed or assigned fund balance (GAAP basis).

The table on the following page summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statements to the budget basis statements for the General Fund, American Rescue Plan Fund, and the Recreation Special Revenue Fund.

	American Rescue					
		General		Plan	R	lecreation
GAAP Basis	\$	2,094,335	\$	-	\$	953,044
Net Adjustment for Revenue Accruals		(292,018)		853,199		(178,508)
Net Adjustment for Expenditure Accruals		(103,817)		-		98,132
Advance Out		(35,230)		-		-
Funds Budgeted Elsewhere		(80,401)		-		-
Encumbrances		(331,619)		-		(268,622)
Budget Basis	\$	1,251,250	\$	853,199	\$	604,046

NOTE 5: DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The City is a charter City and has adopted an investment policy through City Ordinance. The City has elected to follow the provisions of State statute. State statutes classify monies held by the City into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the City treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the City Treasury, in commercial accounts payable withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Council has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories.

Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies held by the City can be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury bills, bonds notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, and Government National Mortgage Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;

- 3. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 4. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- 5. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio, and with certain limitations bonds and other obligations of political subdivisions of the State of Ohio;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Certain bankers' acceptances and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days in an amount not to exceed 40 percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time if training requirements have been met; and
- 8. Written repurchase agreements in the securities described in (1) or (2) provided the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the City, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the finance director or qualified trustee or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

The City may also invest monies not required to be used for a period of six months or more in the following:

- 1. Bonds of the State of Ohio;
- 2. Bonds of any municipal corporation, village, county, township, or other political subdivision of this state, as to which there is no default of principal, interest, or coupons; and
- 3. Obligations of the City.

Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk: Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the City will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Protection of the City's cash and deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), as well as qualified securities pledged by the institution holding the assets.

Ohio law requires that deposits either be insured or protected by:

Eligible securities pledged to the City and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose market value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured; or

Participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total market value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposite being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of State. The City's financial institution had enrolled in OPCS as of December 31, 2022.

At year end, \$3,099,459 of the City's bank balance of \$3,349,459 was uninsured and collateralized. Although the securities were held by the pledging institution's trust department and all statutory requirements for the deposit of the money had been followed, noncompliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the City to a successful claim by the FDIC.

Investments

STAR Ohio is measured at net asset value per share while all other investments are measured at fair value. Fair value is determined by quoted market prices and acceptable other pricing methodologies. The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets. Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs. Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The following identify the City's recurring fair value measurement as of December 31, 2022. As previously discussed, Star Ohio is reported at its net asset value. All other investments of the City are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs).

At December 31, 2022, the City had the following investments:

	Ν	Measurement Value	
Investment Type			
STAR Ohio	\$	20,222,678	
Total Investments	\$	20,222,678	

Interest Rate Risk As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses caused by rising interest rates, the City's investment policy requires that operating funds be invested primarily in short-term investments maturing within five years from the date of purchase and that the City's investment portfolio be structured so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations and/or long-term debt payments. At December 31, 2022, the average days to maturity for STAR Ohio was 39.5 days.

Credit Risk STAR Ohio carries a credit rating of AAAm by Standard & Poor's. Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The City has no investment policy that addresses credit risk.

NOTE 6: **INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS**

Interfund Transfers

During 2022, the General Fund transferred \$709,000 to the Police and Fire Pension Fund to provide additional resources for current operations. The Recreation Construction Fund transferred \$110,000 to the General Bond Retirement for debt payments.

Interfund Receivables and Payables

Interfund balances for the year ended December 31, 2022, consisted of the following:

Receviable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	Recreation Construction Fund	4,447,500
General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	35,230
		4,482,730

The primary purpose of the interfund balances is to cover costs in specific funds where anticipated revenues were not received. These interfund balances will be repaid once the anticipated revenues are received. All interfund balances are expected to be repaid within one year.

NOTE 7: **<u>RECEIVABLES</u>**

Receivables at December 31, 2022, consisted primarily of municipal income taxes, property taxes, accounts (billings for user charged services, franchise fees, and miscellaneous), intergovernmental receivables arising from grants, entitlements and shared revenues, and special assessments. No allowance for doubtful accounts has been recorded because uncollectible amounts are expected to be insignificant. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes. All receivables except for property taxes are expected to be collected within one year. Property taxes, although ultimately collectible, include some portion of delinquencies that will not be collected within one year.

Property Taxes

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility property located in the City. Property tax revenues received in 2022 for real and public utility property represent the collection of 2021 taxes.

2022 real property taxes are levied after October 1, 2022 on the assessed value as of January 1, 2022, the lien date. Assessed values are established by State law at 35 percent of appraised market value. 2022 real property taxes are collected in and intended to finance 2023.

Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits later payment dates to be established.

Public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value; public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value. 2021 public utility property taxes which became a lien December 31, 2021, are levied after October 1, 2022, and are collected in 2023 with real property taxes.

The full tax rate for all City operations for the year ended December 31, 2022, was \$11.80 per \$1,000 of assessed value. The assessed values of real and public utility property upon which 2022 property tax receipts were based are as follows:

Real Property	\$ 443,283,360
Other Real Estate	79,277,250
Public Utility Personal Property	7,369,780
Total	\$ 529,930,390

The County Fiscal Officer collects property taxes on behalf of all taxing districts in the county, including the City. The County Fiscal Officer periodically remits to the City its portion of the taxes collected. Property taxes receivable represents real and public utility property taxes and outstanding delinquencies which were measurable as of December 31, 2022, and for which there was an enforceable legal claim. In governmental funds, the portion of the receivable not levied to finance 2022 operations is offset to deferred inflows of resources – property taxes. On the accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue while on the modified accrual basis the revenue has been reported as deferred inflows of resources – unavailable revenue.

Income Taxes

The City levies an income tax of 2 percent on all income earned within the City as well as income of residents earned outside the City. In the latter case, the City allows a credit of 75 percent of the tax on the income earned outside the City and paid to another municipality to a maximum of the total amount assessed with a limit to the credit of 1.25 percent.

Employers within the City are required to withhold income tax on employee earnings and remit the tax to the Regional Income tax Agency (RITA) at least quarterly. Corporations and other individual taxpayers are required to pay their estimated tax at least quarterly and file a final return annually. Taxes collected by RITA in one month are remitted to the City on the first and tenth business days of the following month. One and one-quarter percent is levied for general purposes, one half percent is committed to recreation programs, and one-quarter percent is restricted for capital improvements.

Intergovernmental Receivables

A summary of the principal items of intergovernmental receivables follows:

	Governmenta	Business-Type
	Activities	Activities
Homestead and Rollback	\$ 364,872	\$ -
City of Cleveland	-	407,961
Motor Vehicle Registration	49,308	-
Local Government	287,196	-
Gasoline Tax	398,136	-
Permissive License Tax	9,179	-
Ohio Department of Natural Resources	103,481	-
Northeast Ohio Areawide Coordinating Agency	-	-
Cuyahoga County	201,981	-
Other	12,477	-
Total Intergovernmental Receivables	\$ 1,426,630	\$ 407,961

Unearned Revenue

In 2011, the City entered an agreement with the Fairview Park City School District to purchase property located at 20770 Lorain Road. In exchange for payment of the property, the City will forego the annual rental of the recreation center charged to the School District of \$60,000 for 12 years for a total of \$720,000. The balance of unearned revenue at December 31, 2022 is \$1,792,056, of which \$60,000 is from this agreement. The City sold this property for \$715,128 in 2013. The remainder of the balance of unearned revenue at year end in the amount of \$32,416 is for deposits held for outstanding projects and \$1,699,640 of unspent proceeds from the ARPA Grant funding. These deposits are made by citizens, contractors, or vendors to ensure compliance with City ordinances.

NOTE 8: TAX ABATEMENTS

As of December 31, 2022, the City provides tax abatements through two programs: The Community Reinvestment Area (CRA) Tax Abatements and an Economic Incentive Grant.

Community Reinvestment Area (CRA)

Pursuant to Ohio Revised Code Chapter 5709, the City established five Community Reinvestment Areas to provide property tax abatements to encourage the construction of new structures. Abatements are obtained through application by the property owner, including proof that new construction has been made, and equal 100 percent of the additional property tax resulting from the increase in assessed value for seven years as a result of the improvement. The CRA is available to commercial and residential properties regarding new construction (and would apply to the valuation of the new addition or to the entire newly constructed building).

Economic Incentive Grant

Pursuant to Article XVIII, Section 3 of the Ohio Constitution and Article II of the Fairview Park Charter, the City established an Economic Incentive Grant to provide income tax abatements to encourage job creation in the City. The abatement is obtained through application by the employer, including proof that the minimum total annual payroll thresholds are met, and equal up to 30 percent of the income tax based on actual annual payroll that is reported. The amount of the abatement is rebated to the employer. There are recapture provisions if there is failure to maintain the structure or property.

The amount of the abatement for both programs was \$143,580 in 2022 (tax year 2021), which is deducted from the recipient's tax bill.

NOTE 9: CLEVELAND WATERLINE PROJECTS

During 2013, the City transferred ownership and replacement responsibilities of its waterlines to the City of Cleveland. The City also entered into an agreement with the Cleveland Division of Water under which the City of Fairview Park would manage and design the projects of which the Cleveland Division of Water would pay for. The expenditures for waterline improvements will not be capitalized. An agency fund has been created to account for funds received by the Cleveland Division of Water to be expensed for the design and construction of such projects.

NOTE 10: COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Vacation leave is earned at rates which vary depending upon length of service and standard work week. An employee becomes eligible for vacation leave on his/her anniversary date and vacation leave is required to be taken by the employee within 12 months thereafter. City employees are paid for earned, unused vacation leave at the time of termination of employment.

Sick leave is earned at the rate of four-and-sixth-tenths hours for every 80 hours worked. Each employee with ten or more years of service with the City is paid for one-half of the employee's earned but unused sick leave upon retirement from the City. The maximum number of hours to be paid shall not exceed 1,307 sick hours.

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NOTE 11: CAPITAL ASSETS

	Bala 12/31		Additions		Del	etions	1	Balance 12/31/2022
Governmental Activities								
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated								
Land	\$ 1,0)50,943	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,050,943
Construction in Progress	2,4	146,553		2,411,390		-		4,857,943
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	3,4	197,496		2,411,390		-		5,908,886
Capital Assets Being Depreciated								
Buildings	23,2	291,524		-		-		23,291,524
Land Improvements	3,2	266,644		-		-		3,266,644
Equipment & Furniture	2,9	992,700		218,867		-		3,211,567
Vehicles	5,0)55,540		132,285		-		5,187,825
Infrastructure:								
Roads, Sidewalks & Bridges	54,3	348,731		-		-		54,348,731
Fire Hydrants		543,167		-		-		1,543,167
Traffic Signals		365,405		-		-		3,365,405
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated		363,711		351,152		-		94,214,863
Total Capital Assets at Cost		361,207		2,762,542		-		100,123,749
Less Accumulated Depreciation:								
Buildings	(7,4	109,997)		(497,096)		_		(7,907,093)
Land Improvements	(1,7	751,507)		(71,997)		_		(1,823,504)
Equipment & Furniture		73,682)		(154,429)		_		(2,328,111)
Vehicles)82,690)		(177,436)		_		(4,260,126)
Infrastructure:		- , ,		(, ,				()) -)
Roads, Sidewalks & Bridges	(36,3	350,001)		(1,276,117)		-		(37,626,118)
Fire Hydrants)74,125)		(23,347)		-		(1,097,472)
Traffic Signals	(3,0)41,315)		(78,939)		-		(3,120,254)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(55,8	383,317)		(2,279,361)	*	-		(58,162,678)
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	37,9	980,394		(1,928,209)		-		36,052,185
Total Governmental Activities								
Capital Asset, Net	\$ 41,4	477,890	\$	483,181	\$	-	\$	41,961,071

*Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

General Government	\$ 534,731
Security of Persons and Property	198,434
Transportation	934,177
Community Environment	30,066
Leisure Time Activities	 581,953
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 2,279,361

	Balance 12/31/2021	Additions	Deletions	Balance 12/31/2022		
Business-Type Activities						
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated						
Construction in Progress	\$ 3,558,650	\$ 174,757	\$ (3,485,792)	\$ 247,615		
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	3,558,650	174,757	(3,485,792)	247,615		
Capital Assets Being Depreciated						
Buildings	252,877	-	-	252,877		
Land Improvements	52,473	-	-	52,473		
Equipment & Furniture	515,063	-	-	515,063		
Vehicles	269,285	527,091	-	796,376		
Waste Water Treatment Plant Rights - Intangible Asset	2,768,394	-	-	2,768,394		
Infrastructure:						
Sanitary Sewer	15,842,349	3,485,792	-	19,328,141		
Storm Sewer	8,749,946	-	-	8,749,946		
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	28,450,387	4,012,883	-	32,463,270		
Total Capital Assets at Cost	32,009,037	4,187,640	(3,485,792)	32,710,885		
Less Accumulated Depreciation:						
Buildings	(132,902)	(3,478)	-	(136,380)		
Land Improvements	(14,744)	(2,287)	-	(17,031)		
Equipment & Furniture	(375,293)	(31,667)	-	(406,960)		
Vehicles	(128,989)	(66,604)	-	(195,593)		
Waste Water Treatment Plant Rights - Intangible Asset	(304,523)	(55,368)	-	(359,891)		
Infrastructure:						
Sanitary Sewer	(9,078,216)	(286,211)	-	(9,364,427)		
Storm Sewer	(5,808,042)	(133,044)	-	(5,941,086)		
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(15,842,709)	(578,659)		(16,421,368)		
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	12,607,678	3,434,224		16,041,902		
Total Business-Type Activities						
Capital Asset, Net	\$ 16,166,328	\$ 3,608,981	\$ (3,485,792)	\$ 16,289,517		

NOTE 12: ASSETS HELD FOR RESALE

Assets held for resale represent 1.4 acres of land for acquisition and improvements of properties located at 20520 Lorain Road purchased by the City which will be sold for development purposes.

NOTE 13: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

The net pension liability reported on the statement of net position represents a liability to employees for pensions. Pensions are a component of exchange transactions – between an employer and its employees – of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee – on a deferred-payment basis – as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension liability represents the City's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the City's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The City cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, the City does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension.

GASB 68 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net pension liability* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in *intergovernmental payable* on both the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting.

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

Plan Description – City employees, other than full-time police and firefighters, participate in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS administers three separate pension plans. The Traditional Pension Plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The Member-Directed Plan is a defined contribution plan and the Combined Plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with defined contribution features. While members (e.g. City employees) may elect the Member-Directed Plan and the Combined Plan, substantially all employee members are in OPERS' Traditional Plan; therefore, the following disclosure focuses on the Traditional Pension Plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits, and annual cost of living adjustments to members of the Traditional Plan. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about OPERS' fiduciary net position that may be obtained by visiting <u>https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml</u>, by writing to the

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling 800-222-7377.

Senate Bill (SB) 343 was enacted into law with an effective date of January 7, 2013. In the legislation, members were categorized into three groups with varying provisions of the law applicable to each group. The following table provides age and service requirements for retirement and the retirement formula applied to final average salary (FAS) for the three member groups under the Traditional Plan as per the reduced benefits adopted by SB 343 (see OPERS' Annual Comprehensive Financial Report referenced above for additional information, including requirements for reduced and unreduced benefits):

Group A	Group B	Group C
Eligible to retire prior to	20 years of service credit prior to	Members not in other Groups
January 7, 2013 or five years	January 7, 2013 or eligible to retire	and members hired on or after
after January 7, 2013	ten years after January 7, 2013	January 7, 2013
State and Local	State and Local	State and Local
Age and Service Requirements:	Age and Service Requirements:	Age and Service Requirements:
Age 60 with 60 months of service credit	Age 60 with 60 months of service credit	Age 62 with 60 months of service credit
or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	or Age 57 with 25 years of service credit
Formula:	Formula:	Formula:
2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of	2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of	2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of
service for the first 30 years and 2.5%	service for the first 30 years and 2.5%	service for the first 35 years and 2.5%
for service years in excess of 30	for service years in excess of 30	for service years in excess of 35

Final average Salary (FAS) represents the average of the three highest years of earnings over a member's career for Groups A and B. Group C is based on the average of the five highest years of earnings over a member's career.

Members who retire before meeting the age and years of service credit requirement for unreduced benefits receive a percentage reduction in the benefit amount The base amount of a member's pension benefit is locked in upon receipt of the initial benefit payment for calculation of the annual cost-of-living adjustment.

When a traditional plan benefit recipient has received benefits for 12 months, an annual cost of living adjustment (COLA) is provided. This COLA is calculated on the base retirement benefit at the date of retirement and is not compounded. For those retiring prior to January 7, 2013, the COLA will continue to be a 3 percent simple annual COLA. For those retiring subsequent to January 7, 2013, beginning in calendar year 2019, the COLA will be based on the average percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index, capped at 3 percent. Cost-of-living adjustments for OPERS members in 2022 will be 3 percent for all those eligible to receive the annual benefit increase.

A death benefit of \$500 - \$2,500, determined by the number of years of service credit of the retiree, is paid to the beneficiary of a deceased retiree or disability benefit recipient under the Tradition pension plan and the Combined Plan.

Defined contribution plan benefits are established in the plan documents, which may be amended by the Board. Member-directed plan and combined plan members who have met the retirement eligibility requirements may apply for retirement benefits. The amount available for defined contribution benefits in the combined plan consists of the members' contributions plus or minus the investment gains or losses resulting from the members' investment selections. Combined plan members wishing to receive benefits must meet the requirements for both the defined benefit and defined contribution plans. Member-directed participants must have attained the age of 55, have money on deposit in the defined contribution plan and have terminated public service to apply for retirement benefits. The amount available for defined contribution benefits in the member-directed plan consists of the members' contributions, vested employer contributions and investment gains or losses resulting from the members' investment selections. Employer contributions and associated investment earnings vest over a five-year period, at a rate of 20 percent each year. At retirement, members may select one of several distribution options for payment of the vested balance in their individual OPERS accounts. Options include the purchase of a monthly defined benefit annuity from OPERS (which includes joint and survivor options), partial lump-sum payments (subject to limitations), a rollover of the vested account balance to another financial institution, receipt of entire account balance, net of taxes withheld, or a combination of these options.

Beginning in 2022, the combined plan will be consolidated under the traditional pension plan (defined benefit plan) and the combined plan will no longer be available for new hires beginning in 2022.

	State
	and Local
2022 Statutory Maximum Contribution Rates	
Employer	14.0 %
Employee *	10.0 %
2022 Actual Contribution Rates	
Employer:	
Pension **	14.0 %
Post-Employment Health Care Benefits **	0.0
Total Employer	14.0 %
Employee	10.0 %

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

* Member contributions within combined plan are not used to fund the defined benefit retirement allowance

** These pension and employer health care rates are for the traditional and combined plans. The employer contributions rate for the member-directed plan is allocated 4 percent for health care with remainder going to pension.

The portion of employer contributions used to fund pension benefits is net of postemployment health care benefits. The portion of the employer's contribution allocated to health care was 0% for 2022 for the Traditional and Combined plans. The portion of the employer's contribution allocated to health care was 4% for the Member-Directed plan for 2022. Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The City's contractually required contribution was \$550,772 for 2022. Of this amount, \$60,511 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

Ohio Police & Fire Pension Fund (OP&F)

Plan Description - City full-time police and firefighters participate in Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by OP&F. OP&F provides retirement and disability pension benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by the Ohio State Legislature and are codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code. OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information and detailed information about OP&F fiduciary net position. The report may be obtained by visiting the OP&F website at www.op-f.org or by writing to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164.

Upon attaining a qualifying age with sufficient years of service, a member of OP&F may retire and receive a lifetime monthly pension. OP&F offers four types of service retirement: normal, service commuted, age/service commuted and actuarially reduced. Each type has different eligibility guidelines and is calculated using the member's average annual salary. The following discussion of the pension formula relates to normal service retirement.

For members hired after July 1, 2013, the minimum retirement age is 52 for normal service retirement with at least 25 years of service credit. For members hired on or before July 1, 2013, the minimum retirement age is 48 for normal service retirement with at least 25 years of service credit.

The annual pension benefit for normal service retirement is equal to a percentage of the allowable average annual salary. The percentage equals 2.5 percent for each of the first 20 years of service credit, 2.0 percent for each of the next five years of service credit and 1.5 percent for each year of service credit in excess of 25 years. The maximum pension of 72 percent of the allowable average annual salary is paid after 33 years of service credit.

Under normal service retirement, retired members who are at least 55 years old and have been receiving OP&F benefits for at least one year may be eligible for a cost-of-living allowance adjustment. The age 55 provision for receiving a COLA does not apply to those who are receiving a permanent and total disability benefit and statutory survivors. Members participating in the DROP program have separate eligibility requirements related to COLA.

Members retiring under normal service retirement, with less than 15 years of service credit on July 1, 2013, and members whose pension benefit became effective on or after July 1, 2013, will receive a COLA equal to a percentage of the members' base pension benefit where the percentage is the lesser of three percent or the percentage increase in the consumer price index, if any, over the 12 month period that ends on the thirtieth day of September of the immediately preceding year, rounded to the nearest one-tenth of one percent.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

	Police	Firefighters
2022 Statutory Maximum Contribution Rates		
Employer	19.50 %	24.00 %
Employee	12.25 %	12.25 %
2022 Actual Contribution Rates		
Employer:		
Pension	19.00 %	23.50 %
Post-employment Health Care Benefits	0.50	0.50
Total Employer	19.50 %	24.00 %
Employee	12.25 %	12.25 %

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The City's contractually required contribution to OP&F was \$1,028,161 for 2022. Of this amount, \$114,552 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability for OPERS was measured as of December 31, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. OP&F's total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2020, and was determined by rolling forward the total pension liability as of January 1, 2020, to December 31, 2020. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities.

Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	-	OPERS Fraditional ension Plan		OP&F Police	 OP&F Fire		Total
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability/Asset Prior Measurement Date Proportion of the Net Pension Liability/Asset		0.023510%		0.0861715%	0.1014656%		
Current Measurement Date		0.026312%		0.0781728%	 0.1030987%		
Change in Proportionate Share		0.002802%		-0.0079987%	 0.0016331%		
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$	2,289,250	\$ \$	4,883,784	\$ 6,441,010	\$ \$	13,614,044
Pension Expense	\$	(505,351)	\$	131,571	\$ 343,837	\$	(29,943)

At December 31, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	OPERS	OP&F Police	OP&F Fire	Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 116,703	\$ 140,819	\$ 185,723	\$ 443,245
Changes of assumptions	286,268	892,546	1,177,140	2,355,954
Changes in proportion and differences between City contributions and				
proportionate share of contributions	346,046	31,046	103,725	480,817
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date	550,772	450,129	578,032	1,578,933
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 1,299,789	\$ 1,514,540	\$ 2,044,620	\$ 4,858,949
Deferred Inflows of Resources Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 2,722,978 50,210	\$ 1,280,456 253,890	\$ 1,688,735 334,844	\$ 5,692,169 638,944
Changes in proportion and differences between City contributions and proportionate share of contributions	180,410	644,427	150,596	975,433
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 2,953,598	\$ 2,178,773	\$ 2,174,175	\$ 7,306,546

\$1,578,933 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending December 31, 2023.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

			OP&F		OP&F		
	 OPERS		Police		Fire		Total
Year Ending December 31:							
2023	\$ (293,768)	\$	(157,445)	\$	(55,518)	\$	(506,731)
2024	(837,368)		(495,535)		(487,438)		(1,820,341)
2025	(640,282)		(279,079)		(186,231)		(1,105,592)
2026	(433,163)		(219,616)		(120,059)		(772,838)
2027	 -		37,313		141,659		178,972
Total	\$ (2,204,581)	\$	(1,114,362)	\$	(707,587)	\$	(4,026,530)

Actuarial Assumptions – OPERS

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the values of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review or modification as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2021, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement in accordance with the requirements of GASB 67. In 2021, the Board's actuarial consultants conducted an experience study for the period 2016 through 2020, comparing assumptions to actual results. The experience study incorporates both a historical review and forward-looking projections to determine the appropriate set of assumptions to keep the plan on a path toward full funding. Information from this study led to changes in both demographic and economic assumptions, with the most notable being a reduction in the actuarially assumed rate of return from 7.2% down to 6.9%, for the defined benefit investments. Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results, are presented below:

	Traditional Pension Plan	Combined Plan
Wage Inflation		
Current Measurement Date:	2.75 percent	2.75 percent
Prior Measurement Date:	3.25 percent	3.25 percent
Future Salary Increases, including inflation		
Current Measurement Date:	2.75 to 10.75 percent	2.75 to 8.25 percent
	including wage inflation	including wage inflation
Prior Measurement Date:	3.25 to 10.75 percent	3.25 to 8.25 percent
	including wage inflation	including wage inflation
COLA or Ad Hoc COLA		
Pre 1/7/2013 retirees:	3 percent, simple	3 percent, simple
Post 1/7/2013 retirees:		
Current Measurement Date:	3 percent, simple through 2022,	3 percent, simple through 2022,
	then 2.05 percent simple	then 2.05 percent simple
Prior Measurement Date:	0.50 percent, simple through 2021,	0.50 percent, simple through 2021,
	then 2.15 percent simple	then 2.15 percent simple
Investment Rate of Return		
Current Measurement Date:	6.9 percent	6.9 percent
Prior Measurement Date:	7.2 percent	7.2 percent
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age	Individual Entry Age

Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on 130% of the Pub-2010 General Employee Mortality tables (males and females) for State and Local Government divisions and 170% of the Pub-2010 Safety Employee Mortality tables (males and females) for the Public Safety and Law Enforcement divisions. Post-retirement mortality rates are based on 115% of the PubG-2010 Retiree Mortality Tables (males and females) for all divisions. Post-retirement mortality rates for disabled retirees are based on the PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree Mortality Tables (males and females) for all divisions. For all of the previously described tables, the base year is 2010 and mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2020 mortality improvement scales (males and females) to all of these tables.

The long-term expected rate of return on defined benefit investment assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected real rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation.

OPERS manages investments in three investment portfolios: the Defined Benefits portfolio, the Health Care portfolio, and the Defined Contribution portfolio. The Defined Benefit portfolio includes the investment assets of the Traditional Pension Plan, the defined benefit component of the Combined Plan, the annuitized accounts of the Member-Directed Plan. Within the Defined Benefit portfolio, contributions into the plans are all recorded at the same time, and benefit payments all occur on the first of the month. Accordingly, the money-weighted rate of return is considered to be the same for all plans within the portfolio. The annual money weighted rate of return expressing investment performance, net of investments expenses and adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested, for the Defined Benefit portfolio was a gain of 15.3 percent for 2021.

The allocation of investment assets with the Defined Benefit portfolio is approved by the Board of Trustees as outlined in the annual investment plan. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the defined benefit pension plans. The table below displays the Board-approved asset allocation policy for 2021 and the long-term expected real rates of return:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return (Geometric)
Fixed Income	24.00 %	1.03 %
Domestic Equities	21.00	3.78
Real Estate	11.00	3.66
Private Equity	12.00	7.43
International Equities	23.00	4.88
Risk Parity	5.00	2.92
Other investments	4.00	2.85
Total	100.00 %	4.21 %

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.9 percent, postexperience study results. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefits payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount *Rate* The following table presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 6.9 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower or one-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

				Current	
	1	% Decrease (5.90%)	Di	scount Rate (6.90%)	1% Increase (7.90%)
City's proportionate share		(5.5676)		(0.90%)	 (1.90%)
of the net pension liability	\$	6,035,710	\$	2,289,250	\$ 828,302

Actuarial Assumptions – OP&F

OP&F's total pension liability as of December 31, 2021 is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of January 1, 2021, and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The total pension liability is determined by OP&F's actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual valuation. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of reported amounts and assumptions about probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment mortality, salary increases, disabilities, retirements and employment terminations. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Assumptions considered were: withdrawal rates, disability retirement, service retirement, DROP elections, mortality, percent married and forms of the payment, DROP interest rate, CPI-based COLA, investment returns, salary increases and payroll growth.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of January 1, 2021, are presented below:

Valuation Date	January 1, 2021, with actuarial liabilities
	rolled forward to December 31, 2021
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Investment Rate of Return	7.50 percent
Projected Salary Increases	3.75 percent to 10.5 percent
Payroll Growth	3.25 percent per annum, compounded annually,
	consisting of inflation rate of 2.75 percent plus
	productivity increase rate of 0.5 percent
Cost of Living Adjustments	2.2 percent simple

Mortality for non-disabled participants is based on the RP-2014 Total Employee and Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables rolled back to 2006, adjusted according to the rates in the following table, and projected with the Conduent Modified 2016 Improvement Scale. Rates for surviving beneficiaries are adjusted by 120 percent.

Age	Police	Fire
67 or less	77 %	68 %
68-77	105	87
78 and up	115	120

Mortality for disabled retirees is based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Tables rolled back to 2006, adjusted according to the rates in the following table, and projected with the Conduent Modified 2016 Improvement Scale.

Age	Police	Fire
59 or less	35 %	35 %
60-69	60	45
70-79	75	70
80 and up	100	90

The most recent experience study was completed December 31, 2016

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in the Statement of Investment Policy. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted averaged of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes. Best estimates of the long-term expected geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in OP&F's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2021 are summarized below:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return **
Domestic Equity	21.00 %	3.60 %
International Equity	14.00	4.40
Core Fixed Income *	23.00	1.10
U.S. Inflation Linked Bonds *	17.00	0.80
High Yield Fixed Income	7.00	3.00
Private Real Estate	12.00	4.80
Private Markets	8.00	6.80
Midstream Energy Infrastructure	5.00	5.00
Private Credit	5.00	4.50
Real Assets	8.00	5.90
Gold	5.00	2.40
Total =	125.00 %	
Note: Assumptions are geometric * levered 2x ** numbers are net of expected int	flation	

OP&F's Board of Trustees has incorporated the "risk parity" concept into OP&F's asset liability valuation with the goal of reducing equity risk exposure, which reduces overall Total Portfolio risk without sacrificing return, and creating a more risk-balanced portfolio based on their relationship between asset classes and economic environments. From the notional portfolio perspective above, the Total Portfolio may be levered up to 1.25 times due to the application of leverage in certain fixed income asset classes.

Discount Rate The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earning were calculated using the longer-term assumed investment rate of return 7.50 percent. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future ben1efit payments of current plan members. Therefore, a long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount *Rate* Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.50 percent), or one percentage point higher (8.50 percent) than the current rate.

				Current		
	1	% Decrease	D	iscount Rate	1	% Increase
		(6.50%)		(7.50%)		(8.50%)
City's proportionate share						
of the net pension liability	\$	16,794,513	\$	11,324,794	\$	6,769,870

NOTE 14: **DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS**

Net OPEB Liability/Asset

The net OPEB liability/asset reported on the statement of net position represents a liability or asset to employees for OPEB. OPEB is a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. OPEB are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for OPEB is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net OPEB liability/asset represents the City's proportionate share of each OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net OPEB liability/asset calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting these estimates annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the City's obligation for this liability/asset to annually required payments. The City cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which OPEB are financed; however, the City does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including OPEB.

GASB 75 assumes that any liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because they benefit from employee services. OPEB contributions come from these employers and health care plan enrollees which pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. The Ohio revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. Any change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net OPEB liability.

Resulting adjustments to the net OPEB liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded and funded benefits are presented as a long-term *net OPEB liability or net OPEB asset* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required OPEB contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in *intergovernmental payable* on both the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting.

Plan Description – Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

Plan Description - The Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) administers three separate pension plans: the Traditional Pension Plan, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan; the Member-Directed Plan, a defined contribution plan; and the Combined Plan, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and defined contribution plan.

OPERS maintains a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment health care trust, which funds multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage and deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement to qualifying benefit recipients of both the traditional pension and the combined plans. This trust is also used to fund health care for member-directed plan participants, in the form of a Retiree Medical Account (RMA). At retirement or refund, member directed plan participants may be eligible for reimbursement of qualified medical expenses from their vested RMA balance.

Beginning in 2022, the combined plan will be consolidated under the traditional pension plan (defined benefit plan) and the combined plan will no longer be available for new hires beginning in 2022.

In order to qualify for postemployment health care coverage, generally age and service retirees under the Traditional Pension and Combined Plans must be at least ae sixty with twenty or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit, or thirty years of qualifying service at any age. Health care coverage for disability benefit recipients and qualified survivor benefit recipients is available. The health care coverage provided by OPERS meets the definition of an Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement 75. See OPERS' Annual Comprehensive Financial Report referenced below for additional information.

The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require OPERS to provide health care to its eligible benefit recipients. Authority to establish and amend health care coverage is provided to the Board in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code.

Disclosures for the health care plan are presented separately in the OPERS financial report. Interested parties may obtain a copy by visiting <u>https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml</u>, by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling (614) 222-5601 or 800-222-7377.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code provides the statutory authority requiring public employers to fund postemployment health care through their contributions to OPERS. When funding is approved by OPERS Board of Trustees, a portion of each employer's contribution to OPERS is set aside to fund OPERS health care plans. Beginning in 2018, health care was no longer being funded.

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. In 2022, state and local employers contributed at a rate of 14.0 percent of earnable salary and public safety and law enforcement employers contributed at 18.1 percent. These are the maximum employer contribution rates permitted by the Ohio Revised Code. Active member contributions do not fund health care.

Each year, the OPERS Board determines the portion of the employer contribution rate that will be set aside to fund health care plans. For 2022, OPERS did not allocate employer contributions to health care for members in the Traditional Pension Plan and Combined Plan. The OPERS Board is also authorized to establish rules for the retiree or their surviving beneficiaries to pay a portion of the health care provided.

Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected. The employer contribution as a percentage of covered payroll deposited into the RMA for participants in the Member-Directed Plan for 2022 was 4.0 percent.

Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The City's contractually required contribution was \$3,575 for 2022.

Plan Description – Ohio Police & Fire Pension Fund (OP&F)

Plan Description – The City contributes to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F) a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined post-employment healthcare plan that provides various levels of health care to retired, disabled and beneficiaries, as well as their dependents. On January 1, 2019, OP&F changed the way it supports retiree health care. A stipend-based health care model has replaced the self-insured group health care plan that had been in place. A stipend funded by OP&F is available to these members through a Health Reimbursement Arrangement and can be used_to reimburse retirees for qualified health care expenses. A summary of the full benefit provisions can be found in OP&F's annual comprehensive financial report.

OP&F provides access to postretirement health care coverage for any person who receives or is eligible to receive a monthly service, disability, or statutory survivor benefit, or is a spouse or eligible dependent child of such person. The health care coverage provided by OP&F meets the definition of an Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75. The Ohio Revised Code allows, but does not mandate, OP&F to provide OPEB benefits. Authority for the OP&F Board of Trustees to provide health care coverage to eligible participants and to establish and amend benefits is codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code.

OP&F issues a publicly available annual comprehensive financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information for the plan. The report may be obtained by visiting the OP&F website at <u>www.op-f.org</u> or by writing to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164.

Funding Policy – The Ohio Revised Code provides for contribution requirements of the participating employers and of plan members to the OP&F defined benefit pension plan. Participating employers are required to contribute to the pension plan at rates expressed as percentages of the payroll of active pension plan members, currently 19.5 percent and 24 percent of covered payroll for police and fire employer units, respectively.

The Ohio Revised Code states that the employer contribution may not exceed 19.5 percent of covered payroll for police employer units and 24 percent of covered payroll for fire employer units. Active members do not make contributions to the OPEB Plan.

OP&F maintains funds for health care in two separate accounts. There is one account for health care benefits and one account for Medicare Part B reimbursements. A separate health care trust accrual account is maintained for health care benefits under IRS Code Section 115 trust. An Internal Revenue Code 401(h) account is maintained for Medicare Part B reimbursements.

The Board of Trustees is authorized to allocate a portion of the total employer contributions made into the pension plan to the Section 115 trust and the Section 401(h) account as the employer contribution for retiree health care benefits. For 2022, the portion of employer contributions allocated to health care was 0.5 percent of covered payroll. The amount of employer contributions allocated to the health care plan each year is subject to the Trustees' primary responsibility to ensure that pension benefits are adequately funded and is limited by the provisions of Sections 115 and 401(h).

The City's contractually required contribution to OP&F was \$24,144 for 2022.

OPEB Liabilities/Asset, **OPEB** Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB asset and total OPEB asset for OPERS were determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2019, rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2021, by incorporating the expected value of health care cost accruals, the actual health care payment, and interest accruals during the year. OP&F's total OPEB liability was measured as of December 31, 2021, and was determined by rolling forward the total OPEB liability as of January 1, 2021, to December 31, 2021. The City's proportion of the net OPEB liability/asset was based on the City's share of contributions to the retirement plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense below:

	 OPERS	 OP&F	 Total
Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability/Asset			
Prior Measurement Date	0.022359%	0.1876370%	
Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability/Asset			
Current Measurement Date	 0.024973%	0.1812715%	
Change in Proportionate Share	 0.002614%	 -0.0063655%	
Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB			
Liability/(Asset)	\$ (782,193)	\$ 1,986,892	\$ 1,204,699
OPEB Expense	\$ (865,479)	\$ 142,791	\$ (722,688)

At December 31, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	(OPERS	OP&F	Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Differences between expected and				
actual experience	\$	-	\$ 90,386	\$ 90,386
Changes of assumptions		-	879,459	879,459
Changes in proportion and differences				
between City contributions and proportionate share of contributions		41,943	21,238	63,181
City contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date		3,575	 24,144	 27,719
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	45,518	\$ 1,015,227	\$ 1,060,745
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Differences between expected and				
actual experience	\$	118,646	\$ 262,599	\$ 381,245
Changes of assumptions		316,622	230,765	547,387
Net difference between projected and				
actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		372,895	179,483	552,378
Changes in proportion and differences between City contributions and proportionate				
share of contributions		140,967	 114,869	 255,836
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	949,130	\$ 787,716	\$ 1,736,846
		,	 ,	

The \$27,719 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability and increase of the net OPEB asset in 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

		OPERS		OP&F		Total
Year Ending December 31:						
2023	\$	(613,261)	\$	62,082	\$	(551,179)
2024		(158,896)		35,434		(123,462)
2025		(81,475)		44,145		(37,330)
2026		(53,555)		3,166		(50,389)
2027		-		30,860		30,860
Thereafter		-		27,680		27,680
Total	\$	(907,187)	\$	203,367	\$	(703,820)
I Otal	φ	(907,107)	φ	205,507	φ	(703,820)

Actuarial Assumptions - OPERS

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the values of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review or modification as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan and include the types of coverage provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of costs between OPERS and plan members. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2020, rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2021. The actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions applied to all prior periods included in the measurement in accordance with the requirements of GASB 74:

Wage Inflation Current Measurement Date: Prior Measurement Date:	2.75 percent 3.25 percent
Projected Salary Increases, including inflation Current Measurement Date: Prior Measurement Date:	2.75 to 10.75 percent, including wage inflation 3.25 to 10.75 percent, including wage inflation
Single Discount Rate:	6.00 percent
Investment Rate of Return	6.00 percent
Municipal Bond Rate Current Measurement Date: Prior Measurement Date:	1.84 percent 2.00 percent
Health Care Cost Trend Rate Current Measurement Date: Prior Measurement Date:	5.50 percent initial, 3.50 percent ultimate in 20348.50 percent initial, 3.50 percent ultimate in 2035
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age

Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on 130% of the Pub-2010 General Employee Mortality tables (males and females) for State and Local Government divisions and 170% of the Pub-2010 Safety Employee Mortality tables (males and females) for the Public Safety and Law Enforcement divisions. Post-retirement mortality rates are based on 115% of the PubG-2010 Retiree Mortality Tables (males and females) for all divisions. Post-retirement mortality rates for disabled retirees are based on the PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree Mortality Tables (males and females) for all divisions. For all of the previously described tables, the base year is 2010 and mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2020 mortality improvement scales (males and females) to all of these tables.

The long-term expected rate of return on health care investment assets was determined using a buildingblock method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected real rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation.

During 2021, OPERS managed investments in three investment portfolios: the Defined Benefit portfolio, the Health Care portfolio and the Defined Contribution portfolio. The Health Care portfolio includes the assets for health care expenses for the Traditional Pension Plan, Combined Plan and Member-Directed Plan eligible members. Within the Health Care portfolio, contributions into the plans are assumed to be received continuously throughout the year based on the actual payroll payable at the time contributions are made, and health care-related payments are assumed to occur mid-year. Accordingly, the moneyweighted rate of return is considered to be the same for all plans within the portfolio. The annual moneyweighted rate of return expressing investment performance, net of investment expenses and adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested, for the Health Care portfolio was a gain of 14.30 percent for 2021.

The allocation of investment assets with the Health Care portfolio is approved by the Board of Trustees as outlined in the annual investment plan. Assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of continuing to offer a sustainable health care program for current and future retirees. OPERS' primary goal is to achieve and maintain a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the defined pension plans. Health care is a discretionary benefit. The table below displays the Board-approved asset allocation policy for 2021 and the long-term expected real rates of return:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return (Geometric)
Fixed Income	34.00 %	0.91 %
Domestic Equities	25.00	3.78
Real Estate Investment Trust	7.00	3.71
International Equities	25.00	4.88
Risk Parity	2.00	2.92
Other investments	7.00	1.93
Total	100.00 %	3.45 %

Discount Rate A single discount rate of 6.00 percent was used to measure the OPEB asset on the measurement date of December 31, 2021. A single discount rate of 6.00 percent was used to measure the OPEB asset on the measurement date of December 31, 2020. Projected benefit payments are required to be discounted to their actuarial present value using a single discount rate that reflects (1) a long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments (to the extent that the health care fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and (2) tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate are not met). This single discount rate was based on an expected rate of return on the health care investment portfolio of 6.00 percent and a municipal bond rate of 1.84 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rate. Based on these assumptions, the health care fiduciary net position and future contributions were sufficient to finance health care costs through 2121. As a result, the long-term expected rate of return on health care investments was applied to projected costs through the year 2121, the duration of the projection period through which projected health care payments are fully funded.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following table presents the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the single discount rate of 6.00 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (5.00 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (7.00 percent) than the current rate:

	Current				
	b Decrease (5.00%)	Dis	scount Rate (6.00%)	1% Increase (7.00%)	
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	\$ 460,003	\$	782,193	\$ 1,049,615	

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rate Changes in the health care cost trend rate may also have a significant impact on the net OPEB liability. The following table presents the net OPEB asset calculated using the assumed trend rates, and the expected net OPEB liability if it were calculated using a health care cost trend rate that is 1.0 percent lower or 1.0 percent higher than the current rate.

Retiree health care valuations use a health care cost-trend assumption that changes over several years built into the assumption. The near-term rates reflect increases in the current cost of health care; the trend starting in 2022 is 5.50 percent. If this trend continues for future years, the projection indicates that years from now virtually all expenditures will be for health care. A more reasonable alternative is that in the not-too-distant future, the health plan cost trend will decrease to a level at, or near, wage inflation. On this basis, the actuaries project premium rate increases will continue to exceed wage inflation for approximately the next decade, but by less each year, until leveling off at an ultimate rate, assumed to be 3.50 percent in the most recent valuation.

	Current Health Care Cost Trend Rate					
	1% Decrease Assumption 19					6 Increase
City's proportionate share				_		
of the net OPEB asset	\$	790,645	\$	782,193	\$	772,165

Actuarial Assumptions – OP&F

OP&F's total OPEB liability as of December 31, 2021, is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of January 1, 2021, and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The total OPEB liability is determined by OP&F's actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual valuation. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of reported amounts and assumptions about probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment mortality, salary increases, disabilities, retirements and employment terminations. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results, are presented below.

Valuation Date	January 1, 2021, with actuarial liabilities rolled forward to December 31, 2021
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Investment Rate of Return	7.5 percent
Projected Salary Increases	3.75 percent to 10.5 percent
Payroll Growth	Inflation rate of 2.75 percent plus
	productivity increase rate of 0.5 percent
Single discount rate:	
Current measurement date	2.84 percent
Prior measurement date	2.96 percent
Cost of Living Adjustments	2.2 percent simple

Mortality for non-disabled participants is based on the RP-2014 Total Employee and Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables rolled back to 2006, adjusted according to the rates in the following table, and projected with the Conduent Modified 2016 Improvement Scale. Rates for surviving beneficiaries are adjusted by 120 percent.

Age	Police	Fire
(7 1	77 01	69 01
67 or less 68-77	77 % 105	68 % 87
78 and up	115	120

Mortality for disabled retirees is based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Tables rolled back to 2006, adjusted according to the rates in the following table, and projected with the Conduent Modified 2016 Improvement Scale.

Age	Police	Fire
59 or less	35 %	35 %
60-69	60	45
70-79	75	70
80 and up	100	90

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended December 31, 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in the Statement of Investment Policy. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expected. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted averaged of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes. Best estimates of the long-term expected geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in OP&F's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2021, are summarized on the following page:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return **
Cash and Cash Equivalents	0.00 %	0.00 %
Domestic Equity	21.00	3.60
Non-US Equity	14.00	4.40
Core Fixed Income *	23.00	1.10
U.S. Inflation Linked Bonds *	17.00	0.80
High Yield Fixed Income	7.00	3.00
Private Real Estate	12.00	4.80
Private Markets	8.00	6.80
Midstream Energy Infrastructure	5.00	5.00
Private Credit	5.00	4.50
Real Assets	8.00	5.90
Gold	5.00	2.40
Total	125.00 %	

Note: Assumptions are geometric * levered 2x

** numbers are net of expected inflation

OP&F's Board of Trustees has incorporated the risk parity concept into OP&F's asset liability valuation with the goal of reducing equity risk exposure, which reduces overall Total Portfolio risk without sacrificing return, and creating a more risk-balanced portfolio based on the relationship between asset classes and economic environments. From the notional portfolio perspective above, the Total Portfolio may be levered up to 1.2 times due to the application of leverage in certain fixed income asset classes in core fixed income and U.S. inflation linked bonds and the implementation approach for gold.

Discount Rate The total OPEB liability was calculated using the discount rate of 2.84 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contribution from employers and from members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by state statute. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the longer-term assumed investment rate of return 7.50 percent. Based on those assumptions, OP&F's fiduciary net position was projected to not be able to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, a municipal bond rate of 2.05 percent at December 31, 2021 and 2.12 percent at December 31, 2020, was blended with the long-term rate of 7.50 percent, which resulted in a blended discount rate of 2.84 percent. The municipal bond rate was determined using the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index. The OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected OPEB payments until 2037. The long-term expected rate of return on health care investments was applied to projected costs through 2037, and the municipal bond rate was applied to all health care costs after that date.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount *Rate* Net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 2.84 percent, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower 1.84 percent), or one percentage point higher (3.84 percent) than the current rate.

		Current					
	19	1% Decrease Discount Rate 1% In					
		(1.84%)		(2.84%)		(3.84%)	
City's proportionate share							
of the net OPEB liability	\$	2,497,567	\$	1,986,892	\$	1,567,115	

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rate The total OPEB liability is based on a medical benefit that is a flat dollar amount; therefore, it is unaffected by a health care cost trend rate. An increase or decrease in the trend rate would have no effect on the total OPEB liability.

NOTE 15: **<u>RISK MANAGEMENT</u>**

Property and Liability

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During the year the City contracted with McGowan Insurance Company for all their commercial insurance. The types of coverage and deductibles are as follows:

Type of Coverage	Coverage	Deductible
Blanket Property and Contents, Replacement	\$ 35,586,204	\$ 1,000
General Liability	1,000,000/3,000,000	0
Automobile Liability	1,000,000	0
Public Officials Liability	1,000,000/3,000,000	5,000
Police Professional Liability	1,000,000/3,000,000	5,000
Employment Practice Liability	1,000,000/3,000,000	5,000
Excess Liability	5,000,000	0
Accounts Receivable	250,000	500
Building Ordinance	1,000,000	10,000
Communication Equipment	100,000	500
Detached Signs	Included in Blanket Limit	1,000
Extra Expense and Business Income	500,000	1,000
Fine Arts	100,000	500
Property in Transit	25,000	1,000
Personal Effect and Property of Others	25,000	1,000
Valuable Papers	250,000	500
Miscellaneous Equipment	511,956	500
Hired, Leased, Borrowed Equipment	50,000	500
Public Employee Dishonesty	1,000,000	1,000
Money and Securities	25,000	500

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years, and there was no significant reduction in coverage from the prior year.

Employee Health Benefits

The City has elected to provide employee dental and vision insurance benefits through Guardian. Employee vision benefits are provided by Guardian. Medical and prescription benefits are provided through Medical Mutual. The City offers both a health savings account or a traditional plan.

The employee contribution of the monthly premium is through a payroll deduction. The monthly premiums for the various employees and the City are as follows:

	Ci	ty	Police a	and Fire		stration ervice
Type of		Health		Health		Health
Coverage	Traditional	Savings	Traditional	Savings	Traditional	Savings
Single	\$ 558.56	\$ 473.05	\$ 89.28	\$ 76.46	\$ 83.70	\$ 71.74
Family	\$ 1,675.67	\$ 1,419.17	\$ 262.36	\$ 223.88	\$ 245.60	\$ 209.68

NOTE 16: SHORT-TERM OBLIBATIONS

The original issue date, interest rate, original issuance amount and maturity date for the City's short-term obligations follow:

	Balance			Balance	Amounts Due in
	12/31/2021	Additions	Deletions	12/31/2022	One Year
Governmental Activities:					
General Obligation Note					
Building Improvement Notes	\$ 100,000	\$ 100,000	\$ 100,000	\$ 100,000	\$ 100,000
Total General Obligation Note	\$ 100,000	\$ 100,000	\$ 100,000	\$ 100,000	\$ 100,000

In 2022, the City issued Building Improvement Notes, Series 2022 in the amount of \$850,000. This note was dated February 16, 2022 and will mature on February 15, 2023. \$750,000 of the notes are being reported as long-term obligations as they are being refinanced after the balance sheet date but prior to the issuance of the financial statements.

NOTE 17: LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The original issue date, maturity date, interest rate and original issuance amount for each of the City's bonds, loans, and notes follows:

	Original Issue Date	2		Original Issue Amount
Governmental Activities:				
General Obligation Note Long-Term				
Building Improvement Note	2022	2023	0.80 %	\$ 950,000
General Obligation Bonds				
Various Purpose Refunding Bonds	2012	2030	2.75 -4.1	20,589,999
Various Purpose Refunding Bonds	2021	2035	0.097-2.401	17,135,000
Loans				
OPWC Loan	2009	2040	N/A	750,887
Desires Trues Asticition				
Business-Type Activities:				
Intergovernmental Loan	2016	2035	5.82	2,768,394
OPWC Loan	2019	2051	N/A	1,349,286
OWDA Loan*	2022			450,000

* New OWDA loan the City has entered into, however this loan is not complete and an amortization schedule has not been provided to the City. The City has begun making payments in 2023.

Changes in long-term obligations during the year ended December 31, 2022, consisted of the following:

Governmental Activities:	Balance 12/31/2021		1 Additions		Deletions		Balance 12/31/2022			Amounts Due in One Year
General Obligation Note										
Building Improvement Notes	\$	850,000	\$	750,000	\$	850,000	\$	750,000	\$	750,000
Total General Obligation Notes	¢	850,000	¢	750,000	¢	850,000	¢	750,000	- þ	750,000
Total General Obligation Notes		850,000		750,000		850,000		750,000		750,000
General Obligation Bonds										
2021 Various Purpose Refunding Bonds		15,935,000		-		1,060,000		14,875,000		1,065,000
Total General Obligation Bonds		15,935,000		-		1,060,000		14,875,000	_	1,065,000
Other Long-Term Obligations										
OPWC Loan - Direct Borrowing		475,559		-		25,030		450,529		25,030
Financed Purchases		688,583		152,717		68,565		772,735		155,103
Compensated Absences Payable		1,410,052		185,059		147,548		1,447,563		109,427
Total Other Long-Term Obligations		2,574,194		337,776		241,143	_	2,670,827	_	289,560
Net Pension Liability										
OPERS		3,233,509		-		1,107,214		2,126,295		-
OP&F		12,791,389		-		1,466,595		11,324,794		-
Total Net Pension Liability		16,024,898		-		2,573,809	_	13,451,089	_	-
Net OPEB Liability										
OP&F		1,988,045		-		1,153		1,986,892		-
Total Net OPEB Liability		1,988,045		-		1,153		1.986.892		-
Total Governmental Activities		· · · .				<u>, </u> _				
Long-Term Obligations	\$	37,372,137	\$	1,087,776	\$	4,726,105	\$	33,733,808	\$	2,104,560
Business-Type Activities:										
Intergovernmental Loan	\$	2,092,007	\$	_	\$	126,172	\$	1,965,835	\$	129,269
OPWC Loan - Direct Borrowing	Ψ	1,326,799	Ψ	_	Ψ	44,976	Ψ	1,281,823	Ψ	44,976
OWDA Loan - Direct Borrowing		1,520,799		157.006				1,281,825		90,000
Financed Purchases		_		527,091		115,905		411,186		95,428
Compensated Absences Payable		29,569		3,213		3,699		29,083		4,786
Net Pension Liability - OPERS		29,309		- 5,215		84,855		162,955		4,700
Total Business-Type Activities		247,010		-		04,033		102,933		-
Long-Term Obligations	\$	3,696,185	\$	687,310	\$	375,607	\$	4,007,888	\$	364,459

The general obligation bonds and financed purchases were paid from the Recreation, Permanent Improvement, and Capital Improvements funds and Sanitary Sewer funds, respectively.

In 2022, the City issued Building Improvement Notes, Series 2022 in the amount of \$850,000. This note was dated February 16, 2022 and will mature on February 15, 2023. The proceeds from the note will be used to assist in funding the Gemini roof replacement project. \$100,000 of these notes is considered short-term and the remaining \$750,000 is considered long-term. \$750,000 of the notes are being reported as long-term obligations as they are being refinanced after the balance sheet date but prior to the issuance of the financial statements.

The bonds were issued for a 19-year period with final maturity during fiscal year 2030. The bonds will be retired through the recreation special revenue fund.

In 2021, the City issued \$17,135,000 various purpose refunding bonds. The proceeds were used to retire the Various Purpose Refunding Bonds, Series 2012. The bonds will mature in 2035 and will be paid from the General Bond Retirement fund at an interest rate between 0.097-2.401%. The issuance resulted in a difference between the cash flows required to service the old debt and the cash flows required to service the new debt of \$84,178. The economic gain was in the amount of \$88,385. The refunded bonds were fully defeased at December 31, 2022.

On December 29, 2009, the City issued a loan with the Ohio Public Works Commission (OPWC) for sewer and various street projects around the City. The OPWC loan is paid from the Capital Improvements Capital Projects Fund.

In 2022, the City entered into a loan agreement with Ohio Water Development Authority for the West 227th Street Lift Station Area Planning Study in the amount of \$450,000. As of December 31, 2022, the project was not completed and \$157,006 had been disbursed.

The City's total direct borrowings from OPWC and OWDA contain a provision that in an event of default the amount of such default shall bear interest thereafter at the rate of 8 percent per annum until the date of payment, and outstanding amounts become immediately due. Also, OPWC and OWDA may direct the county treasurer to pay the outstanding amount from the portion of the local government fund that would otherwise be remitted to the City.

During 2016, the City entered into a contractual agreement with the City of North Olmsted for the construction and future maintenance of a wastewater treatment plant that is in North Olmsted and that Fairview Park residents will be able to tap into. All proceeds were received by the City of North Olmsted and the City of North Olmsted is responsible for the debt retirement and maintenance. The plant is a capital asset of the City of North Olmsted. The total amount owed to the City of North Olmsted as of December 31, 2022 is \$1,965,835. This amount has been recorded on the City of Fairview Park's books as a long-term liability in the Sewer Enterprise Fund. The annual interest rate of the obligation is 5.82 percent with a final maturity of July 1, 2035. A corresponding amount was recorded as an intangible asset in the Sewer Enterprise Fund. The amount will be amortized over the life of the WWTP.

During 2019, the City entered into a loan agreement with Ohio Public Works Commission (OPWC) for the Clifford Drive Storm and Sanitary replacement in the amount of \$1,349,286. The loan will be repaid using charges for services revenues from the Sanitary Sewer Fund.

Other Long-Term Obligations Compensated absences will be paid from the General Fund, Recreation Fund, and Street Maintenance and Repair Special Revenue Fund, and the Sewer Enterprise Fund. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability and net OPEB liability. However, employer pension contributions are made from the same fund as compensated absences. For additional information related to the net pension liability and net OPEB liability see Notes 13 and 14.

The City's overall legal debt margin was \$46,437,143 at December 31, 2022.

Principal and interest requirements to retire the long-term obligations outstanding at December 31, 2022, are as follows:

	 G	overnn	nental Activities			Business Type - Activties					
	 General C	bligati	on								
	Serial	Bonds		OP	WC Loan		Intergovernmental Loan			0	PWC Loan
Year	 Principal		Interest	F	rincipal		Principal Inter		Interest	Principal	
2023	\$ 1,065,000	\$	240,390	\$	25,030	\$	129,269	\$	46,839	\$	44,976
2024	1,065,000		236,694		25,030		132,443		43,665		44,976
2025	1,075,000		230,560		25,030		135,694		40,414		44,976
2026	1,080,000		221,090		25,030		139,025		37,083		44,976
2027	1,095,000		208,658		25,030		142,438		33,670		44,976
2028-2032	5,755,000		770,858		125,150		766,389		114,151		224,880
2033-2037	3,740,000		175,862		125,150		520,577		21,845		224,880
2038-2042	-		-		75,079		-		-		224,880
2043-2047	-		-		-		-		-		224,880
2048-2051	-		-		-		-		-		157,423
	\$ 14,875,000	\$	2,084,112	\$	450,529	\$	1,965,835	\$	337,667	\$	1,281,823

NOTE 18: FINANCED PURCHASES PAYABLES

In prior years, the City entered into lease agreements for an ambulance and a fire engine pumper. In 2022, the City entered into financed purchases payables agreements for copiers and a sewer jet. Financed Purchase payables payments have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service expenditures in the basic financial statements. These expenditures are reflected as program/function expenditures on a budgetary basis. The leases are secured by the related property. Capital assets acquired by lease have been capitalized and depreciated as follows as of December 31, 2022.

		overnmental Activities	Business Type
Assets being Depreciated Vehicles	\$	1,191,248	\$ 527,091
Less Accumulated Depreciation Vehicles	Ŧ	(550,831)	(32,943)
Current Book Value	\$	640,417	\$ 494,148

The following is a schedule of the future long-term minimum lease payments required under the leases and the present value of the minimum lease payments as of December 31, 2022:

Year Ending December 31:	 vernmental Activities	Business Type			
2023	\$ 187,864	\$	115,905		
2024	95,617		115,905		
2025	95,617		115,905		
2026	95,617		115,905		
2027	67,813		-		
2028-2032	318,275		-		
2033	63,656		-		
Total	924,459		463,620		
Less: Amount Representing Interest	(151,724)		(52,434)		
Present Value of Net Minimum Lease Payments	\$ 772,735	\$	411,186		

NOTE 19: JOINT VENTURE AND JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

The Rocky River Wastewater Treatment Plant (the "Plant") is a joint venture among the cities of Fairview Park, Bay Village, Rocky River, and Westlake. The plant is governed by a Management Committee consisting of the elected mayors of the four member cities and a fifth person nominated and elected by the mayors. The Management Committee has authority over all aspects of the Plant's operation; however, all employees are employees of the City of Rocky River. The Plant supplies all participating residents of the member cities with sewer services. Each city owns the sewage lines located in its city and bills its residents for usage. Continued existence of the Plant is dependent on the City's continued participation, and the City as an equity interest in the Plant. The City's equity interest is \$3,154,047 which represents 19.03 percent of the total equity in the Plant as of December 31, 2022. The Plant is not accumulating significant financial resources or experiencing fiscal stress which would cause additional financial benefit to or burden on the City. Complete financial statements can be obtained from the City of Rocky River, 21012 Hilliard Boulevard, Rocky River, Ohio 44116.

West Shore Council of Governments

The West Shore Council of Governments (Council) is a jointly governed organization that helps foster cooperation between municipalities in areas affecting health, safety, welfare, education, economic conditions and regional development. The Board is comprised of one member from each of the six participating entities. The Board exercises total control over the operation of the Council including budgeting, appropriating, contracting and designating management. Budgets are adopted by the Board. Each City's degree of control is limited to its representation on the Board. In 2022, the City contributed \$41,800 to this organization. Complete financial information statements can be obtained from the City of Rocky River, P.O. Box 16088, Rocky River, Ohio 44116-0088.

The Council has established two subsidiary organizations, the West Shore Hazardous Materials Committee (HAZMAT) which provides hazardous material protection and assistance, and the West Shore Enforcement Bureau which provides extra assistance to cities in the form of a SWAT Team.

Tri-City Park

The Tri-City Park is a jointly governed organization that provides a recreational park to the cities of Fairview Park, Westlake, and Rocky River. The park is governed by a board consisting of the elected mayors of the three cities. The Board exercises total control over the operation of the park including budgeting, appropriating, contracting, and designating management.

Budgets are adopted by the Board. Each City's degree of control is limited to its representation on the Board. The City of Fairview Park contributed \$129,500 to Tri-City Park in 2022. Complete financial statements can be obtained from the City of Rocky River, 21012 Hilliard Boulevard, Rocky River, Ohio 44116.

S.A.F.E. Council of Governments

The S.A.F.E. Council of Governments (S.A.F.E.) is a jointly governed organization that was formed by the cities of Fairview Park, Bay Village, Rocky River, and Westlake by a Board consisting of the elected mayors, which exercises total control over the operation of the COG's including budgeting, appropriating, contracting, and designating management.

Budgets are adopted by the Board. Each City's degree of control is limited to its representation on the Board. The City of Fairview Park did not make any contributions to S.A.F.E. in 2022.

West Shore Area Rescue Association

The West Shore Area Rescue Association (WESHARE) is a jointly governed organization that helps foster cooperation between municipalities and hospitals to provide optimum emergency medical services. The Board is comprised of one member from each of the nine participating entities. The Board exercises total control over the operation of WESHARE, including budgeting, appropriating, contracting, and designating management.

Budgets are adopted by the Board. Each City's degree of control is limited to its representation on the Board. The City of Fairview Park did not make any contributions to WESHARE in 2022.

NOTE 20: SIGNIFICANT COMMITMENTS

Encumbrances

Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. At year end the amount of encumbrances expected to be honored upon performance by the vendor in the next year were as follows:

Governmental Funds:		
General	\$	331,603
Recreation		268,622
Recreation Construction		82,616
Capital Improvements		873,158
Other Governmental Funds		1,140,364
Proprietary Fund:		
Sewer Fund	_	1,359,484
Total Encumbrances	\$	4,055,847

Contractual Commitments

At December 31, 2021, the City's significant commitments consisted of:

	Contract Amount			Amount Paid	aining on ontract
Police Locker Room Project	\$	283,848	\$	263,878	\$ 19,970
IT Phase I Upgrades		44,220		39,807	4,413
Gemini Natatorium Repair Project		380,453		329,285	51,168
2021 Waterline Project		388,319		254,925	133,394
Eaton/Mastick Sidewalk Project		229,026		195,425	33,600
West 210th Street Resurfacing		1,195,710		970,312	225,398
2021 Street Repair		969,740		809,218	160,522
-	\$	3,491,316	\$	2,862,850	\$ 628,466

Remaining commitments were encumbered at year-end

NOTE 21: ACCOUNTABILITY

As of December 31, 2022, the Police and Fire Pension and the General Obligation Bond Retirement had deficits of \$114,291 and \$93,788 respectively. This was due to the recording of accruals. The General Fund is liable for any deficits in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, rather than when accruals occur.

NOTE 23: FUND BALANCES

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the government funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented as follows:

Fund Balances	General	American Rescue Plan	Recreation	Recreation Construction	Capital Improvements	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Nonspendable							
Prepaid Items	\$ 266,622	\$ -	\$ 15,150	\$-	\$ -	\$ 15,653	\$ 297,425
Inventories	20,488	-	-	-	-	48,890	69,378
Unclaimed Funds	8,418	-					8,418
Total Nonspendable	295,528	-	15,150	-	-	64,543	375,221
Restricted for							
Road Improvements	-	-	-	-	-	1,245,670	1,245,670
Law Enforcement	-	-	-	-	-	75,234	75,234
Construction and Improvement of City Facilities	-	-	-	-	-	1,423,854	1,423,854
Fire Operations	-	-	-	-	-	114,125	114,125
Street Lighting	-	-	-	-	-	200,854	200,854
Waterline repairs	-	-	-	-	-	23,614	23,614
Senior Center Construction	-	-	-	-	-	1,087	1,087
Recreation Construction	-	-	-	540,355	-		540,355
Capital Improvements	-	-	-	-	1,922,385	-	1,922,385
Total Restricted	-		·	540,355	1,922,385	3,084,438	5,547,178
Committed to							
Retiree Accrued Benefits	104,090	-	-	-	-	-	104,090
Building Deposits	315,487	-	-	-	-	-	315,487
Recreation Programs	-	-	3,769,433	-	-	-	3,769,433
Cable Televeison Services	-	-	-	-	-	1,343,363	1,343,363
Emergency Medical Services	-	-	-	-	-	105,094	105,094
Solid Waste	-	-	-	-	-	12,044	12,044
Bain Park Restoration	-	-	-	-	-	123,831	123,831
Senior Center Van Replacement	-	-	-	-	-	79,079	79,079
Sidewalk Improvements	-	-	-	-	-	4,924	4,924
Total Committed	419,577		3,769,433	-		1,668,335	5,857,345
Assigned to							
Subsequent year Appropriations Purchases on Order:	1,233,578	-	-	-	-	-	1,233,578
City Administration	48,745	-	-	-	-	-	48,745
Police and Fire Department	29,561	-	-	-	-	-	29,561
Road Improvements	77,184	-	-	-	-	-	77,184
Building Department	2,358	-	-	-	-	-	2,358
Recycling and Solid Waste Disposal	3,831	-	-	-	-	-	3,831
Bain Park	2,174	-	-	-	-	-	2,174
Total Assigned	1,397,431	-	-	-	-		1,397,431
Unassigned (Deficit)	7,371,272	_	-			(208,079)	7,163,193
Total Fund Balances	\$ 9,483,808	<u> </u>	\$ 3,784,583	\$ 540,355	\$ 1,922,385	\$ 4,609,237	\$ 20,340,368
1 otar 1 unu Dalances	φ 2,403,000	Ψ -	φ 3,704,363	φ 540,555	φ 1,722,303	φ 4,009,237	φ 20,340,508

NOTE 24: CONTINGENCIES

Grants

The City received financial assistance from Federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the City.

Litigation

The City has some pending claims or lawsuits. The amount of the liability, if any, cannot be reasonably estimated at this time. However, in the opinion of management, any such claims and lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the City at December 31, 2022.

NOTE 25: **COVID-19**

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March of 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Ohio's state of emergency ended in June, 2021 while the national state of emergency ended on April 10, 2023. During 2022, the City received COVID-19 funding. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the City. The impact on the City's future operating costs, revenues, and additional recovery from emergency funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated.

NOTE 26: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On February 16, 2023, the City issued building improvement notes in the amount of \$750,000 with an interest rate of 4.50%, maturing on February 15, 2023. The notes are issued to help fund the Gemini Roof Replacement project.

CITY OF FAIRVIEW PARK CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM – TRADITIONAL PLAN LAST NINE YEARS (1)

Traditional Plan	2022		2021		2020		2019	
City's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability		0.026312%		0.023510%		0.027397%		0.027690%
City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$	2,289,250	\$	3,481,319	\$	5,415,203	\$	7,583,730
City's Covered Payroll	\$	3,817,957	\$	3,311,221	\$	3,855,993	\$	3,730,336
City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		59.96%		105.14%		140.44%		203.30%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		92.62%		86.88%		82.17%		74.70%

(1) Information prior to 2014 is not available. Schedule is intended to show ten years of information, and additional years' will be displayed as it becomes available.

Amounts presented as of the City's measurement date which is the prior year end.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information

2018		2017	2016			2015	2014		
	0.027785%	 0.028237%		0.028058%		0.028490%		0.028490%	
\$	4,358,928	\$ 6,412,143	\$	4,859,999	\$	3,436,213	\$	3,358,600	
\$	3,672,431	\$ 3,650,158	\$	3,492,108	\$	3,492,908	\$	3,413,354	
	118.69%	175.67%		139.17%		98.38%		98.40%	
	84.66%	77.25%		81.08%		86.45%		86.36%	

CITY OF FAIRVIEW PARK CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY OHIO POLICE AND FIRE PENSION FUND LAST NINE YEARS (1)

	 2022	 2021	 2020	 2019
City's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.181272%	0.187637%	0.191119%	0.196102%
City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 11,324,794	\$ 12,791,389	\$ 12,874,785	\$ 16,007,105
City's Covered Payroll	\$ 4,673,173	\$ 4,600,429	\$ 4,940,142	\$ 4,803,984
City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	242.34%	278.05%	260.62%	333.20%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	75.03%	70.65%	69.89%	63.07%

(1) Information prior to 2014 is not available. Schedule is intended to show ten years of information, and additional years' will be displayed as it becomes available.

Amounts presented as of the City's measurement date which is the prior year end.

2018	2017	 2016	 2015	 2014
0.197303%	0.196067%	0.206141%	0.207288%	0.207288%
\$ 12,109,368	\$ 12,418,658	\$ 13,261,195	\$ 10,738,398	\$ 10,095,590
\$ 4,696,479	\$ 4,647,832	\$ 4,565,721	\$ 3,829,805	\$ 3,992,829
257.84%	267.19%	290.45%	280.39%	252.84%
70.91%	68.36%	66.77%	71.71%	73.00%

CITY OF FAIRVIEW PARK CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE CITY CONTRIBUTIONS - PENSION OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM – TRADITIONAL PLAN LAST TEN YEARS

	 2022	2021	 2020	-	2019
Contractually Required Contributions	\$ 550,772	\$ 534,514	\$ 463,571	\$	539,839
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	 (550,772)	 (534,514)	 (463,571)		(539,839)
Contribution Deficiency / (Excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$	
City's Covered Payroll	\$ 3,934,086	\$ 3,817,957	\$ 3,311,221	\$	3,855,993
Pension Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%		14.00%

 2018	 2017	 2016	 2015	 2014	 2013
\$ 522,247	\$ 477,416	\$ 438,019	\$ 419,053	\$ 419,149	\$ 443,736
 (522,247)	 (477,416)	 (438,019)	 (419,053)	 (419,149)	 (443,736)
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
\$ 3,730,336	\$ 3,672,431	\$ 3,650,158	\$ 3,492,108	\$ 3,492,908	\$ 3,413,354
14.00%	13.00%	12.00%	12.00%	12.00%	13.00%

CITY OF FAIRVIEW PARK CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE CITY CONTRIBUTIONS – PENSION OHIO POLICE AND FIRE PENSION FUND LAST TEN YEARS

		2022	 2021	 2020	 2019
Contractually Required Contributions	\$	1,028,161	\$ 996,027	\$ 977,773	\$ 938,627
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution		(1,028,161)	 (996,027)	 (977,773)	 (938,627)
Contribution Deficiency / (Excess)	\$	_	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
City's Covered Payroll	\$	4,828,811	\$ 4,673,173	\$ 4,600,429	\$ 4,940,142
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee	•			21.25%	19.00%

 2018	 2017	 2016	 2015	 2014	 2013
\$ 912,757	\$ 892,331	\$ 883,088	\$ 867,487	\$ 727,663	\$ 628,072
 (912,757)	 (892,331)	 (883,088)	 (867,487)	 (727,663)	 (628,072)
\$ _	\$ _	\$ _	\$ _	\$ -	\$ _
\$ 4,803,984	\$ 4,696,479	\$ 4,647,832	\$ 4,565,721	\$ 3,829,805	\$ 3,992,829
19.00%	19.00%	19.00%	19.00%	19.00%	15.73%

CITY OF FAIRVIEW PARK CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST SIX YEARS (1)

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
City's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability/Asset	0.024973%	0.022359%	0.026645%	0.026877%	0.027160%	0.027570%
City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability/(Asset)	\$ (782,193)	\$ (398,343)	\$3,680,367	\$3,504,126	\$2,949,376	\$2,784,664
City's Covered Payroll	\$3,893,657	\$3,381,111	\$4,026,760	\$3,897,579	\$3,847,733	\$3,810,666
City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability/Asset as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	-20.09%	-11.78%	91.40%	89.91%	76.65%	73.08%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability/Asset	128.23%	115.57%	47.80%	46.33%	54.14%	54.04%

(1) Information prior to 2017 is not available. Schedule is intended to show ten years of information, and additional years' will be displayed as it becomes available.

Amounts presented as of the City's measurement date, which is the prior calendar year end.

CITY OF FAIRVIEW PARK CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY OHIO POLICE AND FIRE PENSION FUND LAST SIX YEARS (1)

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
City's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability	0.1812715%	0.1876370%	0.1911188%	0.1961025%	0.1973029%	0.1960670%
City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$ 1,986,892	\$ 1,988,045	\$ 1,887,820	\$ 1,785,814	\$11,178,904	\$ 9,307,002
City's Covered Payroll	\$4,673,173	\$ 4,600,429	\$ 4,940,142	\$4,803,984	\$ 4,696,479	\$4,647,832
City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	42.52%	43.21%	38.21%	37.17%	238.03%	200.24%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	46.86%	45.42%	47.08%	46.57%	14.13%	15.96%

(1) Information prior to 2017 is not available. Schedule is intended to show ten years of information, and additional years' will be displayed as it becomes available.

Amounts presented as of the City's measurement date, which is the prior calendar year end.

CITY OF FAIRVIEW PARK CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE CITY CONTRIBUTIONS - OPEB OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST EIGHT YEARS (1)

	 2022	 2021	 2020	 2019
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 3,575	\$ 3,028	\$ 2,737	\$ 6,598
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	 (3,575)	 (3,028)	 (2,737)	 (6,598)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 	\$ _	\$ 	\$ _
City Covered Payroll	\$ 4,023,450	\$ 3,893,657	\$ 3,381,111	\$ 4,026,760
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	0.09%	0.08%	0.08%	0.16%

(1) Information prior to 2015 is not available. Schedule is intended to show ten years of information, and additional years' will be displayed as it becomes available.

 2018	 2017	 2016	 2015
\$ 6,422	\$ 43,563	\$ 79,192	\$ 71,970
 (6,422)	 (43,563)	 (79,192)	 (71,970)
\$ -	\$ 	\$ 	\$ -
\$ 3,897,579	\$ 3,847,733	\$ 3,810,666	\$ 3,789,838
0.16%	1.13%	2.08%	1.90%

CITY OF FAIRVIEW PARK CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE CITY CONTRIBUTIONS – OPEB OHIO POLICE AND FIRE PENSION FUND LAST TEN YEARS

	2022		 2021	 2020	2019		
Contractually Required Contribution	\$	24,144	\$ 23,366	\$ 23,002	\$	22,670	
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution		(24,144)	 (23,366)	 (23,002)		(22,670)	
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	_	\$ _	\$ _	\$	-	
City Covered Payroll	\$	4,828,811	\$ 4,673,173	\$ 4,600,429	\$	4,940,142	
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		0.50%	0.50%	0.50%		0.50%	

 2018	 2017	 2016	 2015	 2014	 2013
\$ 22,114	\$ 21,552	\$ 21,018	\$ 20,828	\$ 20,419	\$ 141,652
 (22,114)	 (21,552)	 (21,018)	 (20,828)	 (20,419)	 (141,652)
\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ -
\$ 4,803,984	\$ 4,696,479	\$ 4,647,832	\$ 4,565,721	\$ 3,829,805	\$ 3,992,829
0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	3.62%

CITY OF FAIRVIEW PARK CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (OPERS)

Net Pension Liability

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2014-2022.

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for 2014-2016 and 2018. For 2017, the following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the expected investment return was reduced from 8.00% to 7.50%, (b) the expected long-term average wage inflation rate was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%, (c) the expected long-term average price inflation rate was reduced from 3.00% to 2.50%, (d) Rates of withdrawal, retirement and disability were updated to reflect recent experience, (e) mortality rates were updated to the RP-2014 Health Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observant period base year of 2006 and then established the base year as 2015 (f) mortality rates used in evaluating disability allowances were updated to the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality tables, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation base year of 2006 and a base year of 2015 for males and 2010 for females (g) Mortality rates for a particular calendar year for both healthy and disabled retiree mortality tables are determined by applying the MP-2015 mortality improvement scale to the above described tables. For 2019, the following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the expected investment return was reduced from 7.50% to 7.20%. For 2020, the following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the cost-of-living adjustments for post-1/7/2013 retirees were reduced from 3.00% simple through 2018 to 1.40% simple through 2020, then 2.15% simple. For 2021, the following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the cost-of-living adjustments for post-1/7/2013 retirees were reduced from 1.40% simple through 2020 to 0.50% simple through 2021, then 2.15% simple. For 2022, the following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the expected long-term average wage inflation rate was reduced from 3.25% to 2.75% (b) the cost-of-living adjustments for post-1/7/2013 retirees were increased from 0.50% simple through 2021 to 3.00% simple through 2022, then 2.05% simple (c) the expected investment return was reduced from 7.20% to 6.90%.

Net OPEB Liability

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2018-2022.

Changes in assumptions: For 2018, the single discount rate changed from 4.23% to 3.85%. For 2019, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the expected investment return was reduced from 6.50% to 6.00% (b) In January 2019, the Board adopted changes to health care coverage for Medicare and pre-Medicare retirees. It will include discontinuing the PPO plan for pre-Medicare retirees and replacing it with a monthly allowance to help participants pay for a health care plan of their choosing. The base allowance for Medicare eligible retirees will be reduced. The specific effect of these changes on the net OPEB liability and OPEB expense are unknown at this time (c) the single discount rate changed from 3.85% to 3.96%. For 2020, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the single discount rate changed from 3.16% to 6.00% (b) the municipal bond rate changed from 2.75% to 2.00% (c) the health care cost trend rate changed from 10.50% initial and 3.50% ultimate in 2035. For 2022, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the single discount rate changed from 3.16% to 6.00% (b) the municipal bond rate changed from 2.75% to 2.00% (c) the health care cost trend rate changed from 10.50% initial and 3.50% ultimate in 2035. For 2022, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the expected long-term average wage inflation rate was reduced from 3.25% to 2.75%. (b) the municipal bond rate changed from 2.00% to 1.84% (c) the health care cost trend rate changed from 8.50% initial and 3.50% ultimate in 2035 to 5.50% initial and 3.50% ultimate in 2034.

CITY OF FAIRVIEW PARK CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

OHIO POLICE AND FIRE (OP&F) PENSION FUND

Net Pension Liability

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2014-2022.

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for 2014-2017. For 2018, the following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the investment rate of return was reduced from 8.25 percent to 8.00 percent (b) the projected salary increases was reduced from 4.25% to 3.75% (c) the payroll increases was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25% (d) the inflation assumptions was reduced from 3.25% to 2.75% (e) the cost of living adjustments was reduced from 2.60% to 2.20% (f) rates of withdrawal, disability and service retirement were updated to reflect recent experience (g) mortality rates were updated to the RP-2014 Total Employee and Health Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observant period base year of 2006 and then established the base year as 2016 (h) mortality rates used in evaluating disability allowances were updated to the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality tables, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation base year of 2006 and a base year of 2016. For 2019-2021, there have been no OP&F pension plan amendments adopted or changes in assumptions between the measurement date and the report date that would have impacted the actuarial valuation of the pension plan as of the measurement date. For 2022, the investment rate of return was reduced from 8.00 percent to 7.50 percent.

Net OPEB Liability

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2018 and 2020-2022. For 2019, see below regarding changes to stipend-based model.

Changes in assumptions: For 2018, the single discount rate changed from 3.79 percent to 3.24 percent. For 2019, the changes of assumptions were: (a) beginning January 1, 2019 OP&F changed its retiree health care model and the current self-insured health care plan is no longer offered. In its place will be a stipend-based health care model. OP&F has contracted with a vendor who will assist eligible retirees in choosing health care plans from their marketplace (both Medicare-eligible and pre-Medicare populations). A stipend funded by OP&F will be placed in individual Health Reimbursement Accounts that retirees will use to be reimbursed for health care expenses. As a result of changing from the current health care model to the stipend-based health care model, management expects that it will be able to provide stipends to eligible participants for the next 15 years (b) beginning in 2020 the Board approved a change to the Deferred Retirement Option Plan. The minimum interest rate accruing will be 2.5% (c) the single discount rate changed from 3.24 percent to 4.66 percent. For 2020, the single discount rate changed from 4.66 to 3.56. For 2021, the single discount rate changed from 3.56 to 2.96. For 2022, the single discount rate changed from 2.96 to 2.84.

Combining Statements and Individual Fund Schedules

Fund Descriptions - Nonmajor Governmental and Enterprise Funds

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

To account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted, committed or nonspendable to expenditures for specific purposes other than debt services or capital projects.

Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair Fund - To account for and report that portion of the State gasoline tax and motor vehicle registration fees restricted for street maintenance and repair.

State Highway Fund - To account for and report that portion of the State gasoline tax and motor vehicle registration fees restricted for maintenance of State highways within the City.

Police and Fire Pension Fund - To account for and report restricted property taxes levied for the payment of current employer contributions for police and fire disability and pension benefits and the accrued liability.

Street Lighting Fund - To account for and report the revenues of restricted special assessment monies levied for the providing of street lighting of City roads.

Solid Waste Fund - To account for and report the revenues of restricted special assessment monies levied for waste management.

Fire Operating Levy Fund - To account for and report the property taxes collected restricted to pay salaries and fringe benefits of the fire department.

Waterline Repair Fund - To account for and report costs and subsequent reimbursements restricted for street repairs made by the City as a result of waterline repairs made by the City of Cleveland.

Fairview Park Sidewalk Fund - To account for and report the transfer of general fund monies committed to be used in the improvement of City sidewalks. This fund did not have any budgetary activity in 2022, therefore, budgetary information is not provided.

Bain Park Restoration Fund - To account for and report rental income and donations committed to be used in Bain Cabin.

Law Enforcement Trust Fund - To account for and report funds seized in the commitment of a felony and awarded to the City of Fairview Park restricted for purchases of capital equipment for use in the Police Department.

D.U.I. Education Fund - To account for and report grants received from Federal Government, State of Ohio, or Cuyahoga County, and restricted for Driving Under Influence (D.U.I.) education and equipment used in D.U.I. enforcement.

Police on Patrol Arresting Speeders Fund - To account for and report monies received from traffic violations issued by Auxiliary Police and impound fees from motor vehicles. These funds are restricted for the purchases of police equipment and other police related expenditures.

(continued)

Fund Descriptions - Nonmajor Governmental and Enterprise Funds (continued)

Retiree Accrued Benefits Fund - This fund accounts for the revenue set-aside by City Council used for the payment of accumulated sick and vacation leave balances upon the termination of employment by employees of the City. Due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 54, this fund was combined with the General Fund on the governmental fund financial statements but remained a separate fund in the budgetary schedules because it has a separate legally adopted budget.

Cable TV Franchise Fee Fund - To account for and report franchise fees received from the cable franchises restricted for expenditures allowed by City Council, and debt proceeds for expenditures for principal and interest.

Juvenile Diversion Fund - To account for and report monies received and expenditures restricted for a community-based program to sanction and assist certain juvenile misdemeanor and unruly offenders.

Senior Life Donations Fund - This fund accounts for donations to Senior Life Program from residents who utilize the senior center. Due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 54, this fund was combined with the General Fund on the governmental fund financial statements but remained a separate fund in the budgetary schedules because it has a separate legally adopted budget.

Required Deposits Fund - This fund accounts for deposits made by citizens, contractors or vendors held by the City to ensure compliance with various City ordinances.

Emergency Medical System Fund - To account for and report ambulance service fees committed for Fire Department equipment.

Cleveland Waterline Projects Fund - This fund accounts for monies from the City of Cleveland to be used for the design and construction of waterlines within the City.

Special Hold Account Fund - This fund accounts for monies from Senior Life center, building department that is held by the City for specific purpose and to ensure compliance with City ordinances. Due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 54, this fund was combined with the General Fund on the governmental fund financial statements but remained a separate fund in the budgetary schedules because it has a separate legally adopted budget.

OneOhio Opioid Settlement- This fund is to account for distributions to be received from the State of Ohio, as well as allowable expenditures, consistent with the City's participation in the OneOhio Memorandum of Understanding resulting from the National Opioid Settlement Agreement and litigation.

Nonmajor Debt Service Fund

Debt Service fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund - To account for and report property taxes restricted for the payment of principal and interest and fiscal charges on general obligation debt.

Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds

Capital project funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays including the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and other capital assets, other than those financed by proprietary funds or for assets that will be held in trust.

Permanent Improvement Fund - To account for and report the receipt of property taxes and borrowing restricted for capital equipment.

Lorain Road Revitalization Fund - To account for and report loan proceeds restricted for the purchase of property in the revitalization project.

Senior Center Construction Fund - To account for bond proceeds restricted for the construction of a new senior center.

CITY OF FAIRVIEW PARK CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2022

]	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds		onmajor Debt Service Fund	I 	Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds		Total Nonmajor vernmental Funds
ASSETS Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	3,163,836	\$	6.212	\$	1,376,988	\$	4,547,036
Materials and Supplies Inventory	φ	48.890	φ	0,212	φ	-	φ	48.890
Accounts Receivable		429,369						429,369
Intergovernmental Receivable		493,598				117,777		611,375
Prepaid Items		15,653				-		15,653
Property Taxes Receivable		571,687				408,505		980,192
Special Assessments Receivable		324,980		_				324,980
Assets Held for Resale		-				306,757		306,757
Total Assets	\$	5,048,013	\$	6,212	\$	2,210,027	\$	7,264,252
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:								
	\$	34.658	\$		\$	28,741	\$	62 200
Accounts Payable	Э	-)	Ф	-	\$	28,741	Э	63,399
Accrued Wages and Benefits		42,162		-				42,162
Contracts Payable Intergovernmental Payable		- 123,821		-		141,051		141,051 123,821
		123,821		-		-		,
Retainage Payable		- 35.230		-		9,933		9,933
Interfund Payable		,		-		-		35,230
Unearned Revenue		32,416		-		-		32,416
Notes Payable Total Liabilities		- 268,287		100,000 100,000		- 179,725		100,000 548,012
Deferred Inflows of Resources:								
Property Taxes		540,436		_		386,024		926,460
Unavailable Revenue - Delinquent Property Taxes		31,251		_		22,481		53,732
Unavailable Revenue - Other		1,009,034		-		117,777		1,126,811
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		1,580,721		-		526,282		2,107,003
Fund Balances:								
Reserved for:								
Nonspendable		64,543		-		-		64,543
Restricted		1,659,497		-		1,424,941		3,084,438
Committed		1,589,256		-		79,079		1,668,335
Unassigned (Deficit)		(114,291)		(93,788)		-		(208,079)
Total Fund Balances		3,199,005		(93,788)		1,504,020		4,609,237
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows								
of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	5,048,013	\$	6,212	\$	2,210,027	\$	7,264,252

CITY OF FAIRVIEW PARK CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

		Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds		onmajor Debt Service Fund		onmajor Capital Projects Funds	Total Nonmajor vernmental Funds
REVENUES	\$	542 202	¢		¢	201.277	\$ 022 ((0
Property Taxes Franchise Taxes	Э	542,293	\$	-	\$	391,367	\$ 933,660
		216,173		-		-	216,173
Intergovernmental		1,094,649		-		55,937	1,150,586
Interest		81,025		-		-	81,025
Fees, Licenses, and Permits		47,536		-		-	47,536
Rentals		11,811		-		-	11,811
Charges for Services		964,183		-		-	964,183
Special Assessments		276,443		-		-	276,443
All Other Revenues		13,609		-		9,243	 22,852
Total Revenues		3,247,722		-		456,547	 3,704,269
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Security of Persons and Property		2,001,015		-		-	2,001,015
Leisure Time Activities		5,084		-		-	5,084
Community Environment		8,988		-		-	8,988
Basic Utility Services		827,963		-		-	827,963
Transportation		793,264		-		-	793,264
General Government		45,310		-		-	45,310
Capital Outlay		-		-		525,523	525,523
Debt Service:		-					
Principal Retirement		-		850,000		43,731	893,731
Interest and Fiscal Charges		-		2,375		22,894	25,269
Bond Issuance Costs		-		8,172		-	 8,172
Total Expenditures		3,681,624		860,547		592,148	5,134,319
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(433,902)		(860,547)		(135,601)	 (1,430,050)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES							
Proceeds from Financed Purchases Payable		-		-		35,636	35,636
Bond Anticipation Notes Issued		-		750,000		-	750,000
Transfers In		709,000		110,000		-	819,000
Transfers Out		(110,000)		-		-	(110,000)
Total Other Financing Sources		599,000		860,000		35,636	 1,494,636
Net Change in Fund Balances		165,098		(547)		(99,965)	64,586
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		3,033,907		(93,241)		1,603,985	 4,544,651
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$	3,199,005	\$	(93,788)	\$	1,504,020	\$ 4,609,237

CITY OF FAIRVIEW PARK CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Μ	Street nstruction, aintenance nd Repair	Н	State lighway	a	Police and Fire Pension
ASSETS						
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,094,051	\$	32,557	\$	261
Materials and Supplies Inventory		-		48,890		-
Accounts Receivable		-		-		-
Intergovernmental Receivable		422,365		34,258		19,288
Prepaid Items		8,513		-		-
Property Taxes Receivable		-		-		281,729
Special Assessments Receivable		-		-		-
Total Assets	\$	1,524,929	\$	115,705	\$	301,278
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:						
Accounts Payable	\$	897	\$	5,241	\$	-
Accrued Wages and Benefits	Ŷ	24,742	Ŷ	-	Ŷ	-
Intergovernmental Payable		8,385		_		114,552
Interfund Payable		-		_		-
Unearned Revenue		-		_		_
Total Liabilities		34,024		5,241		114,552
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Property Taxes						266,225
Unavailable Revenue - Delinquent Property Taxes		-		-		15,504
Unavailable Revenue - Other		275,916		22,380		19,288
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		275,916		22,380		301,017
Fund Balances:						
Nonspendable		8,513		48,890		-
Restricted		1,206,476		39,194		-
Committed		-		-		-
Unassigned (Deficits)		-		-		(114,291)
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)		1,214,989		88,084		(114,291)
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of						
Resources and Fund Balances	\$	1,524,929	\$	115,705	\$	301,278

Street Lighting		Solid Waste		Fire Operating Levy		aterline Sepair	view Park dewalk	Re	Bain Park estoration	Law Enforceme Trust	
\$	228,554	\$	12,044	\$	123,786	\$ 8,317	\$ 4,924	\$	123,831	\$	25,600
	-		-		-	-	-		-		-
	-		-		-	-	-		-		-
	-		-		17,687	-	-		-		-
	-		-		4,333	-	-		-		-
	-		-		289,958	-	-		-		-
	295,666		29,314		-	 -	 -		-		-
\$	524,220	\$	41,358	\$	435,764	\$ 8,317	\$ 4,924	\$	123,831	\$	25,600
\$	27,700	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
	-		-		9,661	-	-		-		-
	-		-		-	-	-		-		-
	-		-		-	-	-		-		-
	-		-		-	 -	 -		-		-
	27,700				9,661	 	 		-		-
	-		-		274,211	-	-		-		-
	-		-		15,747	-	-		-		-
	295,666		29,314		17,687	 -	 -		-		-
	295,666		29,314		307,645	 -	 -		-		-
	-		-		4,333	-	-		-		-
	200,854		-		114,125	8,317	-		-		25,600
	-		12,044		-	-	4,924		123,831		-
	-		-		-	 -	 -		-		-
	200,854		12,044		118,458	 8,317	 4,924		123,831		25,600
\$	524,220	\$	41,358	\$	435,764	\$ 8,317	\$ 4,924	\$	123,831	\$	25,600

CITY OF FAIRVIEW PARK CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2022 (CONTINUED)

ASSETS		D.U.I. ucation	Police on Patrol Arresting Speeders		Cable TV Franchise Fee		-	ıvenile version
ASSETS Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	9,276	\$	24,999	\$	1,292,788	\$	13,467
Materials and Supplies Inventory	φ	9,270	φ	24,999	φ	1,292,788	φ	15,407
Accounts Receivable		-		-		- 50,575		-
Intergovernmental Receivable		_		_				_
Prepaid Items		_		_		_		_
Property Taxes Receivable		_		_		_		_
Special Assessments Receivable		_		_		_		_
Total Assets	\$	9,276	\$	24,999	\$	1,343,363	\$	13,467
Total Assets	φ	9,270	Ŷ	24,999	φ	1,545,505	φ	15,407
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:								
Accounts Payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Accrued Wages and Benefits		-		-		-		-
Intergovernmental Payable		-		-		-		-
Interfund Payable		-		-		-		-
Unearned Revenue		-		-		-		-
Total Liabilities		-		-		-		-
Deferred Inflows of Resources:								
Property Taxes		-		-		-		-
Unavailable Revenue - Delinquent Property Taxes		-		-		-		-
Unavailable Revenue - Other		-		-				-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources						-		
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-
Restricted		9,276		24,999		-		13,467
Committed		-		-		1,343,363		-
Unassigned (Deficits)		-		-		-		-
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)		9,276		24,999		1,343,363		13,467
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of								
Resources and Fund Balances	\$	9,276	\$	24,999	\$	1,343,363	\$	13,467

	Required Deposits		Emergency Medical System		Cleveland Waterline Project		neOhio pioid tlement		Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
\$	32,416	\$	83,726	\$	51,347	\$	1,892	\$	3,163,836
Ŧ	-	Ŷ	-	Ŷ	-	Ŷ	-	Ŷ	48,890
	-		378,794		-		-		429,369
	-		-		-		-		493,598
	-		2,807		-		-		15,653
	-		-		-		-		571,687
	-		-		-		-		324,980
\$	32,416	\$	465,327	\$	51,347	\$	1,892	\$	5,048,013
\$	32,416	\$	- 7,759 884 - - - 8,643	\$	820 - - 35,230 - 36,050	\$	- - - - -	\$	34,658 42,162 123,821 35,230 32,416 268,287
									540.426
	-		-		-		-		540,436 31,251
	-		- 348,783		-		-		1,009,034
	-		348,783		-		-		1,009,034
			510,705						1,300,721
	-		2,807		-		-		64,543
	-		-		15,297		1,892		1,659,497
	-		105,094		-		_		1,589,256
	-		-		-		-		(114,291)
	-		107,901		15,297		1,892		3,199,005
\$	32,416	\$	465,327	\$	51,347	\$	1,892	\$	5,048,013

CITY OF FAIRVIEW PARK CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Construction, MaintenancePolie and Fire PensionREVENUES\$-\$269,897Property Taxes\$-\$Intergovernmental944,14576,55638,575Interest79,5051,520-Fees, Licenses, and PermitsRentalsCharges for ServicesSpecial AssessmentsAll Other Revenues2,522Total Revenues1,026,17278,076308,472EXPENDITURESCurrent:Security of Persons and PropertyDasic Utility ServicesTata RevenuesCommunity EnvironmentBasic Utility ServicesTatasportation730,48162,783General GovernmentTotal Expenditures295,69115,293(749,085)OTHER FINANCING SOURCESTransfer InTotal Other Financing SourcesTotal Assees in Fund Balances295,69115,293(40,085)Fund Balances (Deficits)- End of Year\$ 1,214,989\$ 8,084\$ (114,211)			Street				
and Repair Highway Pension REVENUES \$ - \$ 269,897 Franchise Taxes - - - - - Intergovernmental 944,145 76,556 38,575 - <th></th> <th>Co</th> <th>onstruction,</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>Polie</th>		Co	onstruction,				Polie
REVENUES \$<		Μ	aintenance		State	á	and Fire
Property Taxes \$ - \$ - \$ 269,897 Franchise Taxes -		a	nd Repair	Н	lighway		Pension
Franchise Taxes - - - Intergovernmental 944,145 76,556 38,575 Interest 79,505 1,520 - Rentals - - - - Rentals - - - - Rentals - - - - Charges for Services - - - - Special Assessments - - - - All Other Revenues 2,522 - - - Total Revenues 2,522 - - - Current: Security of Persons and Property - - 1,057,557 Leisure Time Activities - - - - Security of Persons and Property - - 1,057,557 Leisure Time Activities - - - - General Government - - - - Transportation 730,481 62,783 - - General Government - - - -	REVENUES						
Intergovernmental 944,145 76,556 38,575 Interest 79,505 1,520 - Fees, Licenses, and Permits - - - Rentals - - - - Charges for Services - - - - Special Assessments - - - - All Other Revenues 2,522 - - - Total Revenues 2,522 - - - Current: - 1,026,172 78,076 308,472 EXPENDITURES - - - - Current: - - - - Security of Persons and Property - - 1,057,557 Leisure Time Activities - - - - Security of Persons and Property - - - - Basic Utility Services - - - - - Transportation 730,481 6	Property Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	269,897
Interest 79,505 1,520 - Fees, Licenses, and Permits - - - Rentals - - - Charges for Services - - - Special Assessments - - - All Other Revenues 2,522 - - Total Revenues 1,026,172 78,076 308,472 EXPENDITURES - - 1,057,557 Leisure Time Activities - - - Corrent: - - - - Basic Utility Services - - - - Transportation 730,481 62,783 - - General Government - - - - Total Expenditures 730,481 62,783 1,057,557 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 295,691 15,293 (749,085) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES - - - - - Transfer In - - - - - Total Other Financing Sources	Franchise Taxes		-		-		-
Fees, Licenses, and Permits - - - Rentals - - - Charges for Services - - - Special Assessments - - - All Other Revenues 2,522 - - Total Revenues 1,026,172 78,076 308,472 EXPENDITURES - - 1,057,557 Leisure Time Activities - - - Community Environment - - - Basic Utility Services - - - Transportation 730,481 62,783 - - General Government - - - - Transfort In - 730,481 62,783 1,057,557 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 295,691 15,293 (749,085) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES - - - - Transfer In - - - - Total Other Financing Sources - - - - Total Other Financing Sources	Intergovernmental		944,145		76,556		38,575
Rentals - - - Charges for Services - - - Special Assessments - - - All Other Revenues 2,522 - - Total Revenues 1,026,172 78,076 308,472 EXPENDITURES - - - Current: - - - Security of Persons and Property - - 1,057,557 Leisure Time Activities - - - Community Environment - - - Basic Utility Services - - - Transportation 730,481 62,783 - General Government - - - Total Expenditures 295,691 15,293 (749,085) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES - - - - Transfer In - - - - - Total Other Financing Sources - - - - - Net Change in Fund Balances 295,691 15,293 (40,085) </td <td>Interest</td> <td></td> <td>79,505</td> <td></td> <td>1,520</td> <td></td> <td>-</td>	Interest		79,505		1,520		-
Charges for Services - - - Special Assessments - - - All Other Revenues 2,522 - - Total Revenues 1,026,172 78,076 308,472 EXPENDITURES - - 1,057,557 Current: - - - Security of Persons and Property - - 1,057,557 Leisure Time Activities - - - Community Environment - - - Basic Utility Services - - - Transportation 730,481 62,783 - - General Government - - - - Total Expenditures 730,481 62,783 1,057,557 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 295,691 15,293 (749,085) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES - - - - Transfer In - - - - - Total Other Financing Sources - - - - -	Fees, Licenses, and Permits		-		-		-
Special Assessments - - - All Other Revenues 2,522 - - Total Revenues 1,026,172 78,076 308,472 EXPENDITURES Current: - - 1,057,557 Leisure Time Activities - - - Community Environment - - - Basic Utility Services - - - Transportation 730,481 62,783 - General Government - - - Total Expenditures 730,481 62,783 1,057,557 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 295,691 15,293 (749,085) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES - - - - Transfer In - - - - Total Other Financing Sources - - - - Other Ginage in Fund Balances 295,691 15,293 (40,085) Fund Balances (Deficits) - Beginning of Year 919,298 72,791 (74,206)	Rentals		-		-		-
All Other Revenues $2,522$ Total Revenues $1,026,172$ $78,076$ $308,472$ EXPENDITURESCurrent:Security of Persons and Property $1,057,557$ Leisure Time ActivitiesCommunity EnvironmentBasic Utility ServicesTransportation730,481 $62,783$ -General GovernmentTotal Expenditures $730,481$ $62,783$ 1,057,557Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures $295,691$ $15,293$ $(749,085)$ OTHER FINANCING SOURCESTransfer InTotal Other Financing SourcesNet Change in Fund Balances $295,691$ $15,293$ $(40,085)$ -Fund Balances (Deficits) - Beginning of Year $919,298$ $72,791$ $(74,206)$	Charges for Services		-		-		-
Total Revenues 1,026,172 78,076 308,472 EXPENDITURES Current: Security of Persons and Property - - 1,057,557 Leisure Time Activities - - - - Community Environment - - - - Basic Utility Services - - - - Transportation 730,481 62,783 - - General Government - - - - Total Expenditures 730,481 62,783 1,057,557 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 295,691 15,293 (749,085) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES - - - - Transfer In - - - - Total Other Financing Sources - - - - Net Change in Fund Balances 295,691 15,293 (40,085) Fund Balances (Deficits) - Beginning of Year 919,298 72,791 (74,206)	Special Assessments		-		-		-
EXPENDITURES Current: Security of Persons and Property Leisure Time Activities Community Environment Basic Utility Services Transportation General Government - Total Expenditures Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 295,691 Transfer In - Total Other Financing Sources - - Total Balances (Deficits) - Beginning of Year 919,298 72,791 (74,206)	All Other Revenues		2,522		-		-
Current: Security of Persons and Property - - 1,057,557 Leisure Time Activities - - - - Community Environment - - - - Basic Utility Services - - - - Transportation 730,481 62,783 - - Transportation - - - - Total Expenditures 730,481 62,783 1,057,557 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 295,691 15,293 (749,085) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES - - - - Transfer In - - - - Transfer Out - - - - Total Other Financing Sources - - - - Net Change in Fund Balances 295,691 15,293 (40,085) Fund Balances (Deficits) - Beginning of Year 919,298 72,791 (74,206)	Total Revenues		1,026,172		78,076		308,472
Security of Persons and Property - - 1,057,557 Leisure Time Activities - - - Community Environment - - - Basic Utility Services - - - Transportation 730,481 62,783 - General Government - - - Total Expenditures 730,481 62,783 1,057,557 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 295,691 15,293 (749,085) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES - - - - Transfer In - - - - - Total Other Financing Sources - - - - - Net Change in Fund Balances 295,691 15,293 (40,085) - <td< td=""><td>EXPENDITURES</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	EXPENDITURES						
Leisure Time Activities - - - Community Environment - - - Basic Utility Services - - - Transportation 730,481 62,783 - General Government - - - Total Expenditures 730,481 62,783 1,057,557 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 295,691 15,293 (749,085) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES - - - - Transfer In - - - - Transfer Out - - - - Total Other Financing Sources - - - - Net Change in Fund Balances 295,691 15,293 (40,085) Fund Balances (Deficits) - Beginning of Year 919,298 72,791 (74,206)	Current:						
Community Environment - - - - Basic Utility Services - - - - Transportation 730,481 62,783 - - General Government - - - - Total Expenditures 730,481 62,783 1,057,557 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 295,691 15,293 (749,085) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES - - - - Transfer In - - - - Transfer Out - - - - Total Other Financing Sources - - - - Net Change in Fund Balances 295,691 15,293 (40,085) Fund Balances (Deficits) - Beginning of Year 919,298 72,791 (74,206)	Security of Persons and Property		-		-		1,057,557
Basic Utility Services - - - - Transportation 730,481 62,783 - - General Government - - - - - Total Expenditures 730,481 62,783 1,057,557 -	Leisure Time Activities		-		-		-
Transportation 730,481 62,783 - General Government - - - - Total Expenditures 730,481 62,783 1,057,557 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 295,691 15,293 (749,085) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES - - 709,000 Transfer In - - - Total Other Financing Sources - - - Net Change in Fund Balances 295,691 15,293 (40,085) Fund Balances (Deficits) - Beginning of Year 919,298 72,791 (74,206)	Community Environment		-		-		-
Transportation 730,481 62,783 - General Government - - - - Total Expenditures 730,481 62,783 1,057,557 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 295,691 15,293 (749,085) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES - - 709,000 Transfer In - - - Total Other Financing Sources - - - Net Change in Fund Balances 295,691 15,293 (40,085) Fund Balances (Deficits) - Beginning of Year 919,298 72,791 (74,206)	Basic Utility Services		-		-		-
Total Expenditures 730,481 62,783 1,057,557 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 295,691 15,293 (749,085) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES - - 709,000 Transfer In - - - Total Other Financing Sources - - - Net Change in Fund Balances 295,691 15,293 (40,085) Fund Balances (Deficits) - Beginning of Year 919,298 72,791 (74,206)			730,481		62,783		-
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 295,691 15,293 (749,085) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES - - 709,000 Transfer In - - - Total Other Financing Sources - - - Net Change in Fund Balances 295,691 15,293 (40,085) Fund Balances (Deficits) - Beginning of Year 919,298 72,791 (74,206)	General Government		-		-		-
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 295,691 15,293 (749,085) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES - - 709,000 Transfer In - - - Total Other Financing Sources - - - Net Change in Fund Balances 295,691 15,293 (40,085) Fund Balances (Deficits) - Beginning of Year 919,298 72,791 (74,206)	Total Expenditures		730,481		62,783		1,057,557
Transfer In - - 709,000 Transfer Out - - - Total Other Financing Sources - - - Net Change in Fund Balances 295,691 15,293 (40,085) Fund Balances (Deficits) - Beginning of Year 919,298 72,791 (74,206)	Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		295,691		15,293		(749,085)
Transfer OutTotal Other Financing Sources-709,000Net Change in Fund Balances295,69115,293(40,085)Fund Balances (Deficits) - Beginning of Year919,29872,791(74,206)	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES						
Total Other Financing Sources - - 709,000 Net Change in Fund Balances 295,691 15,293 (40,085) Fund Balances (Deficits) - Beginning of Year 919,298 72,791 (74,206)	Transfer In		-		-		709,000
Net Change in Fund Balances 295,691 15,293 (40,085) Fund Balances (Deficits) - Beginning of Year 919,298 72,791 (74,206)	Transfer Out		-		-		-
Net Change in Fund Balances 295,691 15,293 (40,085) Fund Balances (Deficits) - Beginning of Year 919,298 72,791 (74,206)	Total Other Financing Sources		-		-		709,000
	0		295,691		15,293		
	Fund Balances (Deficits) - Beginning of Year		919,298		72,791		(74,206)
		\$		\$		\$	

Street Lighting	Solid Waste		Fire Operating Levy		aterline Repair	view Park dewalk	Re	Bain Park estoration	Law orcement Trust
\$ -	\$	-	\$	272,396	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -
-		-		-	-	-		-	-
-		-		35,373	-	-		-	-
-		-		-	-	-		-	-
-		-		-	-	-		-	17,339
-		-		-	-	-		11,811	-
-		742,986		-	-	-		-	-
276,443		-		-	-	-		-	-
 -		-		1,498	 6,699	 -		-	 -
 276,443		742,986	. <u> </u>	309,267	 6,699	 -		11,811	 17,339
276,960		-		364,637	-	-		-	7,343
-		-		-	-	-		5,084	-
-		-		-	-	-		-	-
-		697,467		-	-	-		-	-
-		-		-	-	-		-	-
27,700		7,361		-	10,249	-		-	 -
 304,660		704,828		364,637	 10,249	-		5,084	 7,343
 (28,217)		38,158		(55,370)	 (3,550)	 		6,727	 9,996
_		_		_	_	_		-	_
-		-		-	-	-		_	-
 			-		 _	 			 -
 (28,217)		38,158		(55,370)	 (3,550)	 -		6,727	 9,996
 229,071		(26,114)		173,828	 11,867	4,924		117,104	 15,604
\$ 200,854	\$	12,044	\$	118,458	\$ 8,317	\$ 4,924	\$	123,831	\$ 25,600

CITY OF FAIRVIEW PARK CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 (CONTINUED)

	D.U.I. ucation	or Ai	Police Patrol resting peeders	Cable TV Tranchise Fee	-	venile
REVENUES						
Property Taxes	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Franchise Taxes	-		-	216,173		-
Intergovernmental	-		-	-		-
Interest	-		-	-		-
Fees, Licenses, and Permits	4,215		16,994	-		-
Rentals	-		-	-		-
Charges for Services	-		-	-		-
Special Assessments	-		-	-		-
All Other Revenues	 -		-	 -		-
Total Revenues	 4,215		16,994	 216,173		-
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Security of Persons and Property	280		48,105	-		-
Leisure Time Activities	-		-	-		-
Community Environment	-		-	-		-
Basic Utility Services	-		-	-		-
Transportation	-		-	-		-
General Government	 -		-	 -		-
Total Expenditures	 280		48,105	-		-
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	3,935		(31,111)	 216,173		-
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES						
Transfer In	-		-	-		-
Transfer Out	-		-	(110,000)		-
Total Other Financing Sources	-		-	 (110,000)		-
Net Change in Fund Balances	3,935		(31,111)	106,173		-
Fund Balances (Deficits) - Beginning of Year	5,341		56,110	1,237,190		13,467
Fund Balances (Deficits)- End of Year	\$ 9,276	\$	24,999	\$ 1,343,363	\$	13,467

equired eposits	Emergency Medical System	Wate	Cleveland Waterline Project		eOhio pioid lement	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
\$ _	\$-	\$	_	\$	-	\$ 542,293
-	-		-		-	216,173
-	-		-		-	1,094,649
-	-		-		-	81,025
8,988	-		-		-	47,536
-	-		-		-	11,811
-	221,197	7	-		-	964,183
-	-		-		-	276,443
-	998	8	-		1,892	13,609
8,988	222,193	5	-		1,892	3,247,722
- - 8,988	246,13: - -	3	- -		- - -	2,001,015 5,084 8,988
-	-	1	30,496		-	827,963
-	-		-		-	793,264
-			-		-	45,310
 8,988	246,133	3 1	30,496		-	3,681,624
 _	(23,93	8) (1)	30,496)		1,892	 (433,902)
_	_		_		_	709,000
-	-		_		_	(110,000)
 _			_		_	 599,000
 -	(23,93)	8) (1	30,496)		1,892	 165,098
 -	131,83		45,793		-	 3,033,907
\$ -	\$ 107,90	1 \$	15,297	\$	1,892	\$ 3,199,005

CITY OF FAIRVIEW PARK CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Permanent Improvement	Lorain Road italization	Senior Center 1struction	Total Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds
ASSETS				
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,020,779	\$ 355,122	\$ 1,087	\$ 1,376,988
Intergovernmental Receivable	117,777	-	-	117,777
Property Taxes Receivable	408,505	-	-	408,505
Assets Held for Resale	-	 306,757	 -	 306,757
Total Assets	\$ 1,547,061	\$ 661,879	\$ 1,087	\$ 2,210,027
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts Payable Contracts Payable Retainage Payable Total Liabilities	\$ 28,741 141,051 9,933 179,725	\$ - - -	\$ - - - -	\$ 28,741 141,051 9,933 179,725
Deferred Inflows of Resources:				
Property Taxes	386,024	-	-	386,024
Unavailable Revenue - Delinquent Property Taxes	22,481	-	-	22,481
Unavailable Revenue - Other	117,777	-	 -	 117,777
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	526,282	 -	 -	 526,282
Fund Balances:				
Restricted	761,975	661,879	1,087	1,424,941
Committed	79,079	-	-	79,079
Total Fund Balances	841,054	 661,879	1,087	 1,504,020
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of				
Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 1,547,061	\$ 661,879	\$ 1,087	\$ 2,210,027

CITY OF FAIRVIEW PARK CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Permanent Improvement	Lorain Road Revitalization	Senior Center Construction	Total Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds		
REVENUES						
Property Taxes	\$ 391,367	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 391,367		
Intergovernmental	55,937	-	-	55,937		
All Other Revenues	9,243			9,243		
Total Revenues	456,547			456,547		
EXPENDITURES Current: Capital Outlay Debt Service: Principal Retirement	522,812 43,731	2,711	- -	525,523 43,731		
Interest and Fiscal Charges	22,894	-	-	22,894		
Total Expenditures	589,437	2,711		592,148		
Excess of Revenues (Under) Expenditures	(132,890)	(2,711)	-	(135,601)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES						
Proceeds from Financed Purchase Payables	35,636			35,636		
Total Other Financing Sources	35,636			35,636		
Net Change in Fund Balances	(97,254)	(2,711)	-	(99,965)		
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year Fund Balances - End of Year	938,308 \$ 841,054	664,590 \$ 661,879	1,087 \$ 1,087	1,603,985 \$ 1,504,020		

Fund Descriptions - Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds, and custodial funds. Trust funds are distinguished from custodial funds by the existence of a trust agreement or equivalent arrangements that have certain characteristics. Custodial funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in a trust fund. The City's fiduciary funds are custodial funds.

Custodial Funds

Building Assessment Fees Fund - This fund was established in accordance with Senate Bill 359 that states that all political subdivisions that collect fees for acceptance and approval of plans for commercial and industrial building must collect and remit monthly 3 percent of building permit fees collected each month to the State on behalf of the Ohio Board of Building Standards.

Employee Section M 125 Fund - This fund reflects resources that belong to the City employees to be used for medical expenses.

Survey/Sanitary and Storm Sewer Fund - This fund accounts for construction deposits associated with sanitary and storm sewer.

CITY OF FAIRVIEW PARK CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Building Assessment Fees		Employee Section M 125		Survey/Sanitary and Storm Sewer		Total	
ASSETS								
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,812	\$	4,407	\$	4,899	\$	11,118
Total Assets		1,812		4,407		4,899		11,118
NET POSITION								
Restricted For:								
Individuals, Organizations, and Other Governments		1,812		4,407		4,899		11,118
Total Net Position	\$	1,812	\$	4,407	\$	4,899	\$	11,118

CITY OF FAIRVIEW PARK CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Building Assessment Fees		ESID Assessment		Employee Section M 125		Survey/Sanitary and Storm Sewer		 Total
ADDITIONS									
Special Assessment Collections for Other Governments	\$	-	\$	662,377	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 662,377
Licenses, Permits, & Fees Distributions for Other Governments		3,279		-		-		-	3,279
Miscellaneous		-		-		7,100		-	7,100
Total Additions		3,279		662,377		7,100		-	 672,756
DEDUCTIONS									
Special Assessment Collections to Other Governments		-		662,377		-		-	662,377
Fines and Forefietures Distributions to Other Governments		1,467		-		-		-	1,467
Distributions to Individuals		-		-		2,693		-	 2,693
Total Deductions		1,467		662,377		2,693		-	 666,537
Net Increase (Decrease) in Fiduciary Net Position		1,812		-		4,407		-	 6,219
Net Position - Beginning of Year		-		-		_		4,899	 4,899
Net Position - End of Year	\$	1,812	\$	-	\$	4,407	\$	4,899	\$ 11,118

Individual Fund Schedules of Revenues, Expenses/Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance/Fund Equity Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual This page intentionally left blank.

CITY OF FAIRVIEW PARK CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Dudaatad	Amounto		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Amounts Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:	Original	1 mai	Tetuar	(itegative)
Property Taxes	\$ 3,443,193	\$ 3,747,098	\$ 3,747,098	\$ -
Municipal Income Taxes	7,018,545	7,638,020	7,638,020	-
Intergovernmental	1,051,982	1,144,833	1,144,833	-
Interest	264,102	287,412	287,412	-
Fines, Licenses and Permits	307,219	334,335	334,335	-
Rentals	22,779	24,790	24,790	-
Charges for Services	14,754	16,056	16,056	-
Contributions and Donations	124	135	135	-
All Other Revenues	237,938	258,939	258,939	-
Total Revenues	12,360,636	13,451,618	13,451,618	
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Security of Persons and Property				
Police				
Personal Services	3,024,782	3,024,782	2,951,815	72,967
Other	369,910	369,910	343,320	26,590
Total Police	3,394,692	3,394,692	3,295,135	99,557
Fire				
Personal Services	2,344,412	2,344,412	2,311,500	32,912
Other	52,143	52,143	51,796	347
Total Fire	2,396,555	2,396,555	2,363,296	33,259
Corrections				
Other	360,000	363,564	363,564	
Total Corrections	360,000	363,564	363,564	
Total Security of Persons and Property	6,151,247	6,154,811	6,021,995	132,816
Public Health				
Health				
Other	2,865	2,865	2,410	455
Total Public Health	2,865	2,865	2,410	455
Home Day Celebration				
Personal Services	234,577	234,577	223,758	10,819
Other Expenses	35,106	35,106	31,820	3,286
Total Home Day Celebration	269,683	269,683	255,578	14,105
Leisure Time Activities				
Other	21,850	21,850	18,947	2,903
Total Leisure Time Activities	21,850	21,850	18,947	2,903
Total Leisure Time Activities	291,533	291,533	274,525	17,008

(continued)

CITY OF FAIRVIEW PARK CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

				Variance with
	Budgeted A	mounts		Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Community Enviorment			·	
Planning and Design Commission				
Other	3,203	3,203	2,594	609
Total Planning Commission	3,203	3,203	2,594	609
Building Standards				
Personal Services	428,105	428,105	406,161	21,944
Other	14,749	15,484	13,329	2,155
Total Building Stardards	442,854	443,589	419,490	24,099
Total Community Environment	446,057	446,792	422,084	24,708
Basic Utility Services				
Recycling and Solid Waste Disposal				
Other Expenses	455,801	532,401	527,382	5,019
Total Recycling and Solid Waste Disposal	455,801	532,401	527,382	5,019
Total Basic Utility Services	455,801	532,401	527,382	5,019
Transportation				
Motor Vehicle Maintenance				
Personal Services	185,468	185,468	185,172	296
Other Expenses	311,186	360,236	350,797	9,439
Total Street Cleaning	496,654	545,704	535,969	9,735
Traffic Control				
Personal Services	195,178	168,178	161,366	6,812
Other Expenses	54,017	71,617	65,463	6,154
Total Traffic Control	249,195	239,795	226,829	12,966
Total Transportation	745,849	785,499	762,798	22,701
General Government				
Board of Appeals				
Other	1,369	1,369	1,059	310
Total Board of Appeals	1,369	1,369	1,059	310
Mayor's Office				
Personal Services	196,249	196,249	193,586	2,663
Other Expenses	10,947	10,947	6,322	4,625
Total Mayor's Office	207,196	207,196	199,908	7,288
Service Director				
Personal Services	523,685	523,685	500,667	23,018
Other Expenses	48,818	35,618	15,663	19,955
Total Service Director	572,503	559,303	516,330	42,973
Finance Department				
Personal Services	307,112	260,612	257,201	3,411
Other	32,707	32,707	31,404	1,303
Total Finance Department	339,819	293,319	288,605	4,714

(continued)

CITY OF FAIRVIEW PARK CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Budgeted A			Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Legal Department	Original	Tillal	Actual	(Negative)
Personal Services	137,654	137,654	137,042	612
Other	7,926	7,926	2,140	5,786
Total Legal Department	145,580	145,580	139,182	6,398
Engineering				
Other	42,692	42,692	42,692	-
Total Engineering	42,692	42,692	42,692	
Municipal Lands and Building				
Personal Services	446,560	468,970	465,675	3,295
Other	359,962	414,752	402,485	12,267
Total Municpal Lands and Building	806,522	883,722	868,160	15,562
Civil Service Personal Services	1.940	1,940	1,408	532
Other	2,950	4,500	1,408	2,599
Total Civil Service	4,890	6,440	3,309	3,131
	4,890	0,440	5,509	5,151
County and State Fees				
Personal Services	93,025	100,783	100,783	-
Other	431,661	468,513	460,391	8,122
Total County and State Fees	524,686	569,296	561,174	8,122
Legislative				
Personal Services	206,962	206,962	201,148	5,814
Other	15,180	15,180	2,136	13,044
Total Legislative	222,142	222,142	203,284	18,858
Other Administrative	1 200 600	545 008	521 242	24 756
Other Expenses Total Other General Government	1,398,698	545,998	521,242	24,756
Total Other General Government	1,398,698	545,998	521,242	24,756
Total General Government	4,266,097	3,477,057	3,344,945	132,112
otal Expenditures	12,359,449	11,690,958	11,356,139	334,819
xcess of Revenues Over				
(Under) Expenditures	1,187	1,760,660	2,095,479	334,819
other Financing Sources (Uses)				
ale of Capital Assets	-	1	1	-
dvances Out	-	(35,230)	(35,230)	-
ransfers Out	-	(870,000)	(809,000)	61,000
otal Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(905,229)	(844,229)	61,000
et Change in Fund Balance	1,187	855,431	1,251,250	395,819
und Balance - Beginning of Year	1 452 025	1 452 025	1 452 025	
rior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	1,452,025 241,699	1,452,025 241,699	1,452,025 241,699	-
				\$ 395,819
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 1,694,911	\$ 2,549,155	\$ 2,944,974	\$ 395,

CITY OF FAIRVIEW PARK CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL AMERICAN RESCUE PLAN FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

		Budgeted Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Intergovernmental	\$ 846,441	\$ 853,199	\$ 853,199	\$ -
Total Revenues	846,441	853,199	853,199	-
Net Change in Fund Balance	846,441	853,199	853,199	-
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	846,441	846,441	846,441	
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 1,692,882	\$ 1,699,640	\$ 1,699,640	\$ -

CITY OF FAIRVIEW PARK CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL RECREATION FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

		l Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
_	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Property Taxes	\$ 419,180	\$ 449,842	\$ 449,842	\$ -
Municipal Income Taxes	2,842,492	3,050,414	3,050,414	-
Intergovernmental	106,504	114,294	114,294	-
Rentals	141,715	152,081	152,081	-
Charges for Services	523,674	561,980	561,980	-
Contributions and Donations	1,118	1,200	1,200	-
All Other Revenues	18,463	19,814	19,814	-
Total Revenues	4,053,146	4,349,625	4,349,625	
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Leisure Time Activities				
Personal Services	1,224,834	1,224,834	1,153,482	71,352
Other	1,769,904	1,769,904	1,289,619	480,285
Total Leisure Time Activities	2,994,738	2,994,738	2,443,101	551,637
Debt Service:				
Principal	1,060,000	1,060,000	1,060,000	-
Interest & Fiscal Charges	242,478	242,478	242,478	-
Total Debt Service	1,302,478	1,302,478	1,302,478	
Total Expenditures	4,297,216	4,297,216	3,745,579	551,637
Net Change in Fund Balance	(244,070)	52,409	604,046	551,637
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	2,378,553	2,378,553	2,378,553	-
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 2,134,483	\$ 2,430,962	\$ 2,982,599	\$ 551,637

CITY OF FAIRVIEW PARK CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL RECREATION CONSTRUCTION FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Revenues: $1150,000$ \$ 98,000 \$ 98,000 \$ - All Other Revenues $150,000$ $150,000$ - Total Revenues $248,000$ $248,000$ - Expenditures: $248,000$ $248,000$ - Current: Capital Outlay: 0 0 Other 198,608 192,779 5,829 Total Expenditures 198,608 192,779 5,829 Excess of Revenues Over 198,608 192,779 5,829 Excess of Revenues Over 49,392 55,221 5,829 Net Change in Fund Balance 49,392 55,221 5,829 Fund Balance - Beginning of Year 4,747,424 4,747,424 - Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated 162,593 162,593 - Fund Balance - End of Year \$ 4,959,409 \$ 4,965,238 \$ 5,829		Budgeted Amounts Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
All Other Revenues 150,000 - Total Revenues 248,000 248,000 - Expenditures: 248,000 248,000 - Current: Capital Outlay: 0 198,608 192,779 5,829 Total Expenditures 198,608 192,779 5,829 5,829 Total Expenditures 198,608 192,779 5,829 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 49,392 55,221 5,829 Net Change in Fund Balance 49,392 55,221 5,829 Fund Balance - Beginning of Year Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated 4,747,424 4,747,424 - 162,593 162,593 - -	Revenues:			
All Other Revenues $150,000$ $150,000$ $-$ Total Revenues $248,000$ $248,000$ $-$ Expenditures: $248,000$ $248,000$ $-$ Current: $Capital Outlay:$ $198,608$ $192,779$ $5,829$ Other $198,608$ $192,779$ $5,829$ Total Expenditures $198,608$ $192,779$ $5,829$ Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures $49,392$ $55,221$ $5,829$ Net Change in Fund Balance $49,392$ $55,221$ $5,829$ Fund Balance - Beginning of Year Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated $4,747,424$ $4,747,424$ $-$ Fund Balance - Beginning of Year Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated $462,593$ $ -$	Intergovernmental	\$ 98,000	\$ 98,000	\$-
Expenditures: Current: Capital Outlay: Other Total Expenditures 198,608 192,779 5,829 Total Expenditures 198,608 192,779 5,829 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 49,392 S5,221 5,829 Net Change in Fund Balance 49,392 55,221 Fund Balance - Beginning of Year 4,747,424 4,747,424 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated 162,593 162,593	-	150,000	150,000	-
Current: Capital Outlay: Other 198,608 192,779 5,829 Total Expenditures 198,608 192,779 5,829 Excess of Revenues Over 198,608 192,779 5,829 (Under) Expenditures 49,392 55,221 5,829 Net Change in Fund Balance 49,392 55,221 5,829 Fund Balance - Beginning of Year 4,747,424 4,747,424 - Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated 162,593 162,593 -	Total Revenues	248,000	248,000	-
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures49,39255,2215,829Net Change in Fund Balance49,39255,2215,829Fund Balance - Beginning of Year4,747,4244,747,424-Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated162,593162,593-	Current: Capital Outlay: Other			
(Under) Expenditures 49,392 55,221 5,829 Net Change in Fund Balance 49,392 55,221 5,829 Fund Balance - Beginning of Year 4,747,424 4,747,424 - Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated 162,593 162,593 -	Total Experiations	198,008	192,119	5,829
Net Change in Fund Balance49,39255,2215,829Fund Balance - Beginning of Year4,747,4244,747,424-Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated162,593162,593-	Excess of Revenues Over			
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year4,747,4244,747,424-Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated162,593162,593-	(Under) Expenditures	49,392	55,221	5,829
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated 162,593 -	Net Change in Fund Balance	49,392	55,221	5,829
	Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	4,747,424	4,747,424	-
Fund Balance - End of Year \$ 4,959,409 \$ 4,965,238 \$ 5,829	Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	162,593	162,593	
	Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 4,959,409	\$ 4,965,238	\$ 5,829

CITY OF FAIRVIEW PARK CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Budge Amou Fina	nts	Actual	Variance w Final Budg Positive (Negative	get
Revenues:	ф 1 <i>.</i>	25.207 ¢	1 505 007	ф.	
Income Taxes		25,207 \$	1,525,207	\$	-
Intergovernmental		96,404	296,404		-
All Other Revenues		53,374	53,374		-
Total Revenues	1,8	74,985	1,874,985		-
Expenditures: Capital Outlay					
Other	3,8	08,198	3,407,199	400,9	999
Total Capital Outlay	-	08,198	3,407,199	400,9	999
Total Expenditures		08,198	3,407,199	400,9	999
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,9	33,213)	(1,532,214)	400,9	999
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	2,1	51,532	2,151,532		
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 2	18,319 \$	619,318	\$ 400,9	999

CITY OF FAIRVIEW PARK CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND EQUITY – BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL SEWER FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Revenues:	Budgeted Amounts Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	\$ 2,117,438	\$ 2,117,438	\$ -
Charges for Services Other Services	\$ 2,117,438 967	\$ 2,117,438 967	э –
Total Revenues	2,118,405	2,118,405	
Total Revenues	2,118,405	2,110,405	
Expenses			
Current:	255 145	0(7.007	07.000
Personal Services Contractual Services	355,145 2,791,033	267,337 2,736,739	87,808 54,294
Materials and Supplies	2,791,033	62,439	17,006
Capital Outlay	837,686	712,281	125,405
Capital Outlay	837,080	/12,281	125,405
Debt Service:			
Principal Retirement	171,148	171,148	-
Interest and Fiscal Charges	49,936	49,936	
Total Expenses	4,284,393	3,999,880	284,513
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenses	(2,165,988)	(1,881,475)	284,513
(Under) Expenses	(2,105,988)	(1,001,475)	204,515
Other Financing Sources			
OPWC Loans Issued	157,006	157,006	-
Total Other Financing Sources	157,006	157,006	
Net Change in Fund Equity	(2,008,982)	(1,724,469)	284,513
Fund Equity - Beginning of Year	2,939,595	2,939,595	-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	695,956	695,956	
Fund Equity - End of Year	\$ 1,626,569	\$ 1,911,082	\$ 284,513

CITY OF FAIRVIEW PARK CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL STREET CONSTRUCTION, MAINTENANCE, AND REPAIR FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:			
Intergovernmental	\$ 945,610	\$ 945,610	\$ -
Interest	79,505	79,505	-
All Other Revenues	2,522	2,522	
Total Revenues	1,027,637	1,027,637	
Expenditures:			
Current:			
Transportation			
Personal Services	674,622	661,630	12,992
Other	654,774	388,574	266,200
Total Expenditures	1,329,396	1,050,204	279,192
Net Change in Fund Balance	(301,759)	(22,567)	279,192
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	963,323	963,323	
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 661,564	\$ 940,756	\$ 279,192

CITY OF FAIRVIEW PARK CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL STATE HIGHWAY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Description	Budgetec Amounts Final	3	ctual	Final Po	nce with Budget sitive gative)
Revenues: Intergovernmental	\$ 76,6	571 \$	76,671	\$	-
Interest	1,5	520	1,520		-
Total Revenues	78,1	191	78,191		-
Expenditures: Current:					
Transportation					
Other	82,5	558	78,290		4,268
Total Expenditures	82,5	558	78,290		4,268
Net Change in Fund Balance	(4,3	367)	(99)		4,268
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	27,1	156	27,156		-
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 22,7	789 \$	27,057	\$	4,268

CITY OF FAIRVIEW PARK CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL POLICE AND FIRE PENSION FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

_	Budgeted Amounts Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:	* • • • • • • • • • •	* • • • • • • • •	ф.
Property Taxes	\$ 269,897	\$ 269,897	\$ -
Intergovernmental	38,575	38,575	
Total Revenues	308,472	308,472	
Expenditures: Current: Security of Persons and Property Police and Others Personal Services	1,065,429	1,011,952	53,477
Other	5,693	5,692	1
Total Expenditures	1,071,122	1,017,644	53,478
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(762,650)	(709,172)	53,478
Other Financing Sources			
Transfers In	770,000	709,000	(61,000)
Total Other Financing Sources	770,000	709,000	(61,000)
Net Change in Fund Balance	7,350	(172)	(7,522)
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	433	433	-
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 7,783	\$ 261	\$ (7,522)
	+ .,	,	(, , = =)

CITY OF FAIRVIEW PARK CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL STREET LIGHTING FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:			
Special Assessments	\$ 276,443	\$ 276,443	\$ -
Total Revenues	276,443	276,443	
Expenditures: Current: Security of Persons and Property Other Total Expenditures	<u>302,151</u> <u>302,151</u>	<u> </u>	<u>1,759</u> 1,759
Net Change in Fund Balance	(25,708)	(23,949)	1,759
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year Fund Balance - End of Year	252,503 \$ 226,795	252,503 \$ 228,554	\$ 1,759

CITY OF FAIRVIEW PARK CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL SOLID WASTE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Revenues:	Budgeted Amounts Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Charges for Services	\$ 742,986	\$ 742,986	\$ -
Total Revenues	742,986	742,986	
Expenditures: Current: General Government Other Total General Government	7,472	7,361	<u> </u>
Basic Utility Services Other Total Basic Utility Services Total Expenditures	801,233 801,233 808,705	789,378 789,378 796,739	11,855 11,855 11,966
Net Change in Fund Balance	(65,719)	(53,753)	11,966
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year Fund Balance - End of Year	65,797 \$ 78	65,797 \$ 12,044	\$ 11,966

CITY OF FAIRVIEW PARK CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL FIRE OPERATING LEVY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

		Budgeted Amounts Final			Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:	¢	070 200	¢	070 200	¢	
Property Taxes	\$	272,396	\$	272,396	\$	-
Intergovernmental		35,373		35,373		-
All Other Revenues Total Revenues		1,498 309,267		<u>1,498</u> 309,267		-
Expenditures: Current: Security of Persons and Property Police and Others Personal Services		328,362		210.047		17,515
Other		62,898		310,847 61,934		964
Total Expenditures		391,260		372,781		18,479
Net Change in Fund Balance		(81,993)		(63,514)		18,479
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year Fund Balance - End of Year	\$	185,665 103,672	\$	185,665 122,151	\$	- 18,479

CITY OF FAIRVIEW PARK CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL WATERLINE REPAIR FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts Final A			Actual		ance with al Budget ositive egative)
Revenues:						
All Other Revenues	\$	15,000	\$	6,699	\$	(8,301)
Total Revenues		15,000		6,699		(8,301)
Expenditures: Current: General Government						
Other		25,250		10,250		15,000
Total Expenditures		25,250		10,250		15,000
Excess of Revenues Over						
(Under) Expenditures		(10,250)		(3,551)		6,699
Net Change in Fund Balance		(10,250)		(3,551)		6,699
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		1,617		1,617		-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		10,250		10,250		-
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$	1,617	\$	8,316	\$	6,699

CITY OF FAIRVIEW PARK CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL BAIN PARK RESTORATION FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts Final Actual		Amounts		Amounts		Amounts			Amounts				Fir I	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:																
Rentals	\$	11,811	\$	11,811	\$	_										
Total Revenues		11,811		11,811		-										
Expenditures: Current: Leisure Time Activities Other Total Expenditures		<u>111,524</u> 111,524		5,085 5,085		106,439 106,439										
Net Change in Fund Balance		(99,713)		6,726		106,439										
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year Fund Balance - End of Year	\$	117,104 17,391	\$	117,104 123,830	\$	- 106,439										

CITY OF FAIRVIEW PARK CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL LAW ENFORCEMENT TRUST FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Amou	Budgeted Amounts Final Actual		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:	¢ 1	7 220	¢	17 220	¢		
Licenses and Permits Total Revenues		7,339	\$	17,339	\$		
l otal Revenues	1	7,339		17,339		-	
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Security of Persons and Property							
Police and Others							
Other	2	27,408		16,741		10,667	
Total Expenditures	2	27,408		16,741		10,667	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1	0,069)		598		10,667	
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	1	4,398		14,398		-	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	1	0,604		10,604		-	
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 1	4,933	\$	25,600	\$	10,667	

CITY OF FAIRVIEW PARK CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL D.U.I. EDUCATION FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	A	udgeted mounts Final Actual			Variance wir Final Budge Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:							
Licenses and Permits	\$	4,215	\$	4,215	\$	-	
Total Revenues		4,215		4,215		-	
Expenditures: Current: Security of Persons and Property Police and Others Other Total Expenditures		1,800 1,800		780 780		1,020 1,020	
Net Change in Fund Balance		2,415		3,435		1,020	
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated Fund Balance - End of Year	\$	5,541 300 8,256	\$	5,541 300 9,276	\$		

CITY OF FAIRVIEW PARK CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL POLICE ON PATROL ARRESTING SPEEDERS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

P	Budgeted Amounts Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues: Fines	\$ 16,994	\$ 16,994	\$-
Total Revenues	16,994	16,994	φ -
Expenditures:			
Current:			
Security of Persons and Property			
Personal Services	8,071	2,425	5,646
Other	46,794	46,274	520
Total Expenditures	54,865	48,699	6,166
Net Change in Fund Balance	(37,871)	(31,705)	6,166
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	13,816	13,816	-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	42,294	42,294	
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 18,239	\$ 24,405	\$ 6,166

CITY OF FAIRVIEW PARK CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL RETIREE ACCRUED BENEFITS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Budgeted Fin		BudgetedFiAmounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Expenditures: Current:					
General Government					
Personal Services	\$ 48,300	\$ 48,222	\$ 78		
Total Expenditures	48,300	48,222	78		
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(48,300)	(48,222)	78		
Other Financing Sources					
Transfers In	100,000	100,000	-		
Total Other Financing Sources	100,000	100,000			
Net Change in Fund Balance	51,700	51,778	78		
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	52,312	52,312	-		
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 104,012	\$ 104,090	\$ 78		

CITY OF FAIRVIEW PARK CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL CABLE TV FRANCHISE FEE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Revenues:	Budgeted Amounts Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Franchise Taxes	¢ 206 727	¢ 206 727	¢
Total Revenues	<u>\$ 206,737</u> 206,737	<u>\$ 206,737</u> 206,737	\$ -
Total Revenues	200,737	200,737	
Other Financing (Uses)			
Transfers Out	(110,000)	(110,000)	
Total Other Financing (Uses)	(110,000)	(110,000)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	96,737	96,737	-
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	1,196,051	1,196,051	-
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 1,292,788	\$ 1,292,788	\$ -

CITY OF FAIRVIEW PARK CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL JUVENILE DIVERSION FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	A	Budgeted Amounts Final			Fina P	ance with Il Budget ositive egative)
Expenditures:						
Public Health and Welfare:						
Personal Services	\$	1,155	\$	-	\$	1,155
Other		50		-		50
Total Expenditures		1,205		-		1,205
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		13,467		13,467		-
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$	12,262	\$	13,467	\$	1,205

CITY OF FAIRVIEW PARK CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL SENIOR LIFE DONATION FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Descussor	Budgeted Amounts Final		nts		Final Pos	nce with Budget sitive gative)
Revenues: Contributions and Donations	\$	5,719	\$	5,719	\$	_
All Other Revenues	Ψ	3,608	Ψ	3,608	Ψ	-
Total Revenues		9,327		9,327		-
Expenditures: Current: Leisure Time Activities Other Total Expenditures		10,600 10,600		9,627 9,627		973 973
Net Change in Fund Balance		(1,273)		(300)		973
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year Fund Balance - End of Year	\$	47,883 46,610	\$	47,883 47,583	\$	973

CITY OF FAIRVIEW PARK CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL REQUIRED DEPOSITS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:					
Licenses and Permits	\$ 12,695	\$ 12,695	\$ -		
Total Revenues	12,695	12,695			
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Community Environment					
Other	39,609	20,680	18,929		
Total Expenditures	39,609	20,680	18,929		
Net Change in Fund Balance	(26,914)	(7,985)	18,929		
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	28,709	28,709			
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 1,795	\$ 20,724	\$ 18,929		

CITY OF FAIRVIEW PARK CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL EMERGENCY MEDICAL SYSTEM FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues: Charges for Services	\$ 225,169	\$ 225,169	\$ -
All Other Revenues	⁽⁴⁾ 223,109 998	\$ 225,109 998	φ -
Total Revenues	226,167	226,167	
Expenditures: Current: Security of Persons and Property Police and Others Personal Services Other Total Expenditures	243,112 21,667 264,779	229,526 21,664 251,190	13,586 <u>3</u> 13,589
Net Change in Fund Balance	(38,612)	(25,023)	13,589
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated Fund Balance - End of Year	91,917 11,667 \$ 64,972	91,917 11,667 \$ 78,561	\$ 13,589

CITY OF FAIRVIEW PARK CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL CLEVELAND WATERLINE PROJECTS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Expenditures:			
Current:			
Basic Utilities			
Other	\$ 485,473	\$ 485,473	\$ -
Total Expenditures	485,473	485,473	
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(485,473)	(485,473)	-
Other Financing Sources			
Advances In	35,230	35,230	
Total Other Financing Sources	35,230	35,230	-
Net Change in Fund Balance	(450,243)	(450,243)	-
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	-	-	_
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	450,243	450,243	-
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

CITY OF FAIRVIEW PARK CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL SPECIAL HOLD ACCOUNT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts Final	Amounts	
Revenues:			
Other Taxes	\$ 34,486	\$ 34,486	\$ -
Intergovernmental	13,649	13,649	-
Fines, Licenses and Permits	5,900	5,900	-
Contributions and Donations	6,233	6,233	-
All Other Revenues	3,300	3,300	-
Revenues	63,568	63,568	_
Expenditures:			
Current:			
Security of Persons and Property			
Other	31,650	30,385	1,265
Leisure Time Activities			
Other	2,996	1,397	1,599
Community Development			
Other	33,275	14,250	19,025
General Government			
Other	475	221	254
Total Expenditures	68,396	46,253	22,143
Net Change in Fund Balance	(4,828)	17,315	22,143
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	286,529	286,529	-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	3,150	3,150	
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 284,851	\$ 306,994	\$ 22,143

CITY OF FAIRVIEW PARK CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL ONEOHIO OPIOID SETTLEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	An	dgeted nounts Final	A	Actual	Final Pos	nce with Budget sitive gative)
Revenues: All Other Revenues Total Revenues	\$	1,892 1,892	\$	1,892 1,892	\$	-
Net Change in Fund Balance		1,892		1,892		-
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year Fund Balance - End of Year	\$	- 1,892	\$	- 1,892	\$	-

CITY OF FAIRVIEW PARK CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL GENERAL OBLIGATION BOND RETIREMENT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts Final A		Actual		ce with Budget sitive gative)
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Debt Service:					
Principal	\$ 950,494	\$	950,000	\$	494
Interest & Fiscal Charges	2,376		2,375		1
Bond Issuance Costs	 8,526		8,522		4
Total Expenditures	 961,396		960,897		499
Excess of Revenues Over					
(Under) Expenditures	(961,396)		(960,897)		499
Other Financing Sources					
Bond Anticipation Notes Issued	850,350		850,350		-
Transfers In	110,000		110,000		-
Total Other Financing Sources	 960,350		960,350		-
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,046)		(547)		499
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	6,759		6,759		-
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 5,713	\$	6,212	\$	499

CITY OF FAIRVIEW PARK CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL PERMANENT IMPROVEMENT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

_		udgeted mounts Final		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:	¢	201 267	¢	201 267	¢	
Property Taxes	\$	391,367	\$	391,367	\$	-
Intergovernmental		55,937		55,937		-
All Other Revenues		6,093		6,093		-
Total Revenues		453,397		453,397		_
Expenditures: Current: Capital Outlay Other Total Expenditures		1,326,962 1,326,962		1,279,575 1,279,575		47,387 47,387
Excess of Revenues Over						
(Under) Expenditures		(873,565)		(826,178)		47,387
Net Change in Fund Balance		(873,565)		(826,178)		47,387
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		976,200		976,200		
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$	102,635	\$	150,022	\$	47,387

CITY OF FAIRVIEW PARK CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL LORAIN ROAD REVITALIZATION FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts Final		Actual		ance with l Budget ositive egative)
Expenditures:					
Capital Outlay					
Other	\$	8,306	\$ 3,307	\$	4,999
Total Expenditures		8,306	 3,307		4,999
Net Change in Fund Balance		(8,306)	(3,307)		4,999
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		357,833	357,833		-
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$	349,527	\$ 354,526	\$	4,999

CITY OF FAIRVIEW PARK CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL SENIOR CENTER CONSTRUCTION FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Aı	ndgeted mounts FinalActual		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	\$	1,087	\$	1,087	\$	-
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$	1,087	\$	1,087	\$	-

CITY OF FAIRVIEW PARK CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND EQUITY – BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL HEALTH INSURANCE RESERVE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

-	Budgeted Amounts Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:	¢ 1 2(7 450	¢ 1.2(7.452	¢
Charges for Services	\$ 1,367,452	\$ 1,367,452	\$ -
Total Revenues	1,367,452	1,367,452	-
Expenses: Current:			
Contractual Services	1,398,500	1,378,984	19,516
Total Expenses	1,398,500	1,378,984	19,516
Net Change in Fund Equity	(31,048)	(11,532)	19,516
Fund Equity - Beginning of Year	206.396	206,396	-
Fund Equity - End of Year	\$ 175,348	\$ 194,864	\$ 19,516
Fund Equity - Beginning of Year	206,396	206,396	

Statistical Section

Statistical Section

This part of the City of Fairview Park, Ohio's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Contents	Pages(s)
<i>Financial Trends</i>	S2 – S11
<i>Revenue Capacity</i> These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenues, the property tax and the municipal income tax.	S12 – S19
<i>Debt Capacity</i>	S20 - S25
<i>Economic and Demographic Information</i> These schedules offer economic and demographic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	S26 – S29
<i>Operating Information</i>	

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the Annual Comprehensive Financial Reports for the relevant year.

CITY OF FAIRVIEW PARK CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN YEARS (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2022	2021	2020	2019
Governmental Activities				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$25,000,384	\$23,021,394	\$24,154,558	\$24,225,683
Restricted:	\$23,000,584	\$25,021,594	\$24,154,558	\$24,223,083
Capital Projects	4,481,227	5,188,907	4,238,077	3,338,127
Debt Service	4,481,227	5,188,907	4,238,077	5,556,127
Street Construction,	-	-	-	-
Maintenance and Repair	1,445,928	1,353,970	973,856	571,866
1	, ,		,	
State Highway	110,464	95,437	95,251	111,386
Street Lighting	496,520	519,127	509,771	446,794
Recreation	-	-	-	-
Police Programs	73,342	90,522	128,621	119,652
Fire Operating	70,693	121,106	171,793	83,817
Police and Fire Pensions	-	-	35,747	-
Solid Waste	-	-	-	-
Waterline Repairs	23,614	476,774	119,991	8,045
Cable TV	-	-	-	-
Other Purposes	43,795	5,595	-	1,366
Unrestricted	(1,030,227)	(6,498,098)	(10,622,147)	(12,385,955)
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	\$30,715,740	\$24,374,734	\$19,805,518	\$16,520,781
Business Type - Activities				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$12,457,329	\$13,005,345	\$13,005,345	\$13,210,184
Unrestricted	6,449,723	6,232,192	6,284,181	6,427,291
Total Business-Type Activities Net Position	\$18,907,052	\$19,237,537	\$19,289,526	\$19,637,475
Deimone Comment				
Primary Government	\$27 157 712	\$26 026 720	\$27,150,002	\$27 125 967
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$37,457,713	\$36,026,739	\$37,159,903	\$37,435,867
Restricted	6,745,583	7,851,438	6,273,107	4,681,053
Unrestricted	5,419,496	(265,906)	(4,337,966)	(5,958,664)
Total Primary Government Net Position	\$49,622,792	\$43,612,271	\$39,095,044	\$36,158,256

(1) The City reported the impact of GASB Statement No.68 beginning in 2015

(2) The City reported the impact of GASB Statement No.75 beginning in 2017

2018	2017 (2)	2016	2015 (1)	2014	2013
\$23,022,489	\$22,531,465	\$22,031,755	\$22,367,626	\$21,750,920	\$22,115,990
2,638,496	2,199,938	2,269,234	1,588,795	1,740,765	1,743,868
-	-	-	-	176	176
305,080	263,331	351,529	339,189	326,805	334,592
77,719	69,242	78,700	94,344	75,007	60,905
392,000	355,673	265,018	167,062	207,685	227,856
2,277,207	2,156,296	-	-	-	-
116,663	113,597	133,991	101,378	54,526	125,684
190,903	192,681	214,416	194,347	154,998	-
-	-	48,107	37,289	98,489	-
-	-	_	409,335	495,834	-
53,637	32,685	25,807	21,144	47,776	-
1,185,259	1,131,777	828,481	691,095	599,080	-
94,684	82,694	2,689	2,707	2,707	752,825
(23,987,646)	(22,799,232)	(7,976,275)	(6,750,355)	(5,378,255)	7,820,356
\$6,366,491	\$6,330,147	¢10 072 450	\$10,262,056	\$20,176,512	\$33,182,252
\$0,500,491	\$0,550,147	\$18,273,452	\$19,263,956	\$20,176,513	\$55,162,252
\$11,768,180	\$11,852,986	\$11,587,605	\$12,040,360	\$12,262,495	\$11,937,085
6,701,881	6,819,334	6,536,098	5,567,833		5,324,288
0,701,881	0,819,534	0,330,098	3,307,833	5,097,438	5,524,288
\$18,470,061	\$18,672,320	\$18,123,703	\$17,608,193	\$17,359,933	\$17,261,373
\$34,790,669	\$34,384,451	\$33,619,360	\$34,407,986	\$34,013,415	\$34,053,075
7,331,648	6,597,914	4,217,972	3,646,685	3,803,848	3,245,906
(17,285,765)	(15,979,898)	(1,440,177)	(1,182,522)	(280,817)	13,144,644
\$24,836,552	\$25,002,467	\$36,397,155	\$36,872,149	\$37,536,446	\$50,443,625

CITY OF FAIRVIEW PARK CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN YEARS (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2022	2021	2020	2019
Program Revenues				
Governmental Activities:				
Charges for Services and Operating Assessments:				
General Government	\$59,690	\$62,423	\$63,176	\$70,793
Security of Persons and Property	680,344	685,644	387,273	650,390
Transportation	6,100	1,057,029	309,545	311,509
Community Environment	207,034	163,577	277,930	342,002
Basic Utility Services	740,591	742,489	743,311	738,631
Leisure Time Activities	853,208	913,116	603,296	1,417,359
Public Health Services	-	-	-	-
Subtotal - Charges for Services	2,546,967	3,624,278	2,384,531	3,530,684
Operating Grants and Contributions:				
General Government	164,043	31,426	268,464	4,783
Security of Persons and Property	135	36,785	893,989	13,089
Transportation	1,017,051	22,831	966,108	960,623
Community Environment	-	9,065	20,006	45,658
Basic Utility Services	-	-	360,845	373,367
Leisure Time Activities	61,378	77,116	152,711	168,287
Public Health Services	-	-	59,969	-
Subtotal - Operating Grants and Contributions	1,242,607	177,223	2,722,092	1,565,807
Capital Grants and Contributions:				
General Government	-	5,000	63,456	-
Security of Persons and Property	-	-	-	118,456
Transportation	53,015	210,822	759,261	849,387
Community Environment	-	813,994	116,548	-
Basic Utility Services	-	-	-	48,909
Leisure Time Activities	-	69,726	1,753	216,886
Subtotal - Capital Grants and Contributions	53,015	1,099,542	941,018	1,233,638
Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues	3,842,589	4,901,043	6,047,641	6,330,129
Business-Type Activities:				
Charges for Services	2,152,022	2,152,022	2,145,194	2,157,751
Capital Grants and Contributions	-	-	2,113,174	1,643,606
•	<u> </u>			
Total Business-Type Activities Program Revenues	2,152,022	2,152,022	2,145,194	3,801,357
Total Primary Government Program Revenues	\$5,994,611	\$7,053,065	\$8,192,835	\$10,131,486

2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
\$75,893	\$82,673	\$130,240	\$132,931	\$5,149	\$268,836
569,566	810,241	1,087,814	945,815	685,210	1,402,208
310,956	311,199	232,214	15,454	561	56,280
212,414	213,853	15,509	16,653	672	47,918
738,416	736,254	343,113	737,038	1,171,695	155,829
1,375,531	1,351,732	1,279,145	1,335,012	1,319,874	1,483,370
3,282,776	3,505,952	<u>61</u> 3,088,096	30 3,182,933	3,183,161	<u> </u>
5,282,770	5,505,952	5,088,090	5,162,955	5,185,101	5,414,015
8,443	2,297	-	-	-	34,989
5,005	10,972	312,404	122,908	76,452	108,687
795,121	764,177	537,852	747,294	737,346	751,994
353,541	538	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
362,643	125,968	244,951	74,590	185,083	65,451
					-
1,524,753	903,952	1,095,207	944,792	998,881	961,121
-	-	44,991	42,572	68,083	122,826
133,164	-	-	-	-	-
146,769	372,500	252,611	397,032	-	-
-	50,000	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
279,933	422,500	297,602	439,604	68,083	122,826
5,087,462	4,832,404	4,480,905	4,567,329	4,250,125	4,498,560
2,211,646	2,592,552	2,260,448	2,145,416	2,189,245	2,198,234
152,524	314,731		4,189		
2,364,170	2,907,283	2,260,448	2,149,605	2,189,245	2,198,234
\$7,451,632	\$7,739,687	\$6,741,353	\$6,716,934	\$6,439,370	\$6,696,794

CITY OF FAIRVIEW PARK CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN YEARS (Accrual Basis of Accounting) (CONTINUED)

	2022	2021	2020	2019
	2022		2020	2019
Expenses				
Governmental Activities:				
General Government	3,293,578	\$3,293,578	\$4,167,686	\$3,959,562
Security of Persons and Property:	7,560,901	7,560,901	8,533,483	44,215
Transportation Community Environment	2,505,006 351,848	2,505,006 351,848	2,672,678 464,916	2,643,764 609,319
Basic Utility Services	1,250,593	1,250,593	1,299,067	1,439,018
Leisure Time Activities	2,449,253	2,449,253	2,729,586	3,989,318
Public Health Services	2,410	2,410	61,629	920
Interest and Fiscal Charges	333,332	333,332	692,592	749,135
Total Governmental Activities Expenses	17,746,921	17,746,921	20,621,637	13,435,251
Business-Type Activities				
Sewer	2,600,295	2,600,295	2,611,396	2,657,129
Gilles-Sweet				-
Total Business-Type Activities Expenses	2,600,295	2,600,295	2,611,396	2,657,129
Total Primary Government Program Expenses	20,347,216	20,347,216	23,233,033	16,092,380
Net (Expense)/Revenue				
Governmental Activities	(13,904,332)	(12,845,878)	(14,573,996)	(7,105,122)
Business-Type Activities	(448,273)	(448,273)	(466,202)	1,144,228
Total Primary Government Net Expense	(\$14,352,605)	(\$13,294,151)	(\$15,040,198)	(\$5,960,894)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities Taxes:				
Property Taxes Levied For:				
General Purposes	\$3,853,610	\$3,853,610	\$3,219,744	\$3,242,353
Permanent Improvements	402,492	402,492	336,275	336,063
Recreation	464,655	464,655	386,519	386,291
Police and Fire Pension	277,569	277,569	231,904	231,760
Fire Operations Municipal Income Taxes Levied For:	280,890	280,890	280,336	279,691
General Purposes	7,759,569	7,759,569	6,694,623	6,515,715
Capital Improvements	1,549,517	1,549,517	1,337,137	1,297,890
Recreation	3,099,033	3,099,033	2,674,273	2,596,417
Franchise Taxes	216,173	216,173	260,927	273,014
Grants and Entitlements not Restricted to				
Specific Programs	1,424,739	1,424,739	1,048,573	1,101,311
Unrestricted Contribution and Donations	-	-	-	-
Investment Income Gain (Loss) on Sale of Capital Assets	368,437 999	368,437 999	89,214	265,014 30,779
Other	547,655	-	1,299,208	703,114
Transfers	-			-
Total Governmental Activities	20,245,338	19,697,683	17,858,733	17,259,412
Business-Type Activities				
Gain on Investment in Joint Venture	117,788	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	-	-	118,253	23,186
Transfers				-
Total Business-Type Activities	117,788		118,253	23,186
				,
Total Primary Government General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position	20,363,126	19,697,683	17,976,986	17,282,598
Change in Net Assets				
Governmental Activities	6,341,006	6,851,805	3,284,737	10,154,290
Business-Type Activities	(330,485)	(448,273)	(347,949)	1,167,414
Total Primary Government Change in Net Position	\$6,010,521	\$6,403,532	\$2,936,788	\$11,321,704

2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	
¢2 470 951	¢2 422 805	¢2 744 042	¢2 770 001	¢2 (14 5(0	¢2 (82 077	
\$3,472,851	\$3,422,805	\$3,744,943	\$3,770,801	\$3,614,569	\$2,682,977	
8,853,807	7,901,743	8,228,263	7,360,859	6,723,713	7,078,086	
2,568,015	2,743,853	2,339,841	2,259,606	2,239,324	2,458,167	
434,806	415,725	320,418	423,279	409,230	382,877	
952,905	860,716	833,601	842,067	882,300	1,203,374	
3,836,177	3,683,442	3,492,833	3,303,474	3,422,491	3,626,538 1,256	
1,450 736,725	1,145 767,358	1,393 789,502	667 832,401	695 862,807	890,625	
750,725	707,558	789,302	652,401	802,807	890,023	
20,856,736	19,796,787	19,750,794	18,793,154	18,155,129	18,323,900	
20,020,720	17,770,707	17,700,771	10,770,101	10,100,125	10,020,000	
2,569,191	2,058,420	1,892,378	1,901,616	1,809,393	1,840,375	
-	356	-	-	-	-	
2,569,191	2,058,776	1,892,378	1,901,616	1,809,393	1,840,375	
23,425,927	21,855,563	21,643,172	20,694,770	19,964,522	20,164,275	
	(14.064.202)	(15 0(0 000)	(14 005 005)	(12,005,004)	(12,025,240)	
(15,769,274)	(14,964,383)	(15,269,889)	(14,225,825)	(13,905,004)	(13,825,340)	
(205,021)	848,507	368,070	247,989	379,852	357,859	
(\$15,974,295)	(\$14,115,876)	(\$14,901,819)	(\$13,977,836)	(\$13,525,152)	(\$13,467,481)	
(\$13,974,293)	(\$14,113,870)	(\$14,901,819)	(\$13,977,830)	(\$15,525,152)	(\$13,407,481)	
\$2,858,395	\$2,845,586	\$2,860,341	\$2,622,747	\$2,566,235	\$2,647,422	
298,533	297,204	293,252	273,929	268,047	276,545	
343,148	341,604	337,058	314,863	308,132	317,815	
205,870	204,959	202,250	188,899	186,019	190,877	
278,069	277,015	272,925	264,401	257,474	265,334	
,	,	,	,			
6,285,267	5,719,790	5,544,081	5,239,613	5,078,058	5,122,164	
1,254,182	1,143,650	1,113,099	1,034,957	1,002,859	1,009,760	
2,507,736	2,287,300	2,226,200	2,069,914	2,005,717	2,019,519	
288,482	303,296	322,287	324,113	300,312	275,387	
960,404	1,009,971	722,560	851,661	863,390	3,459,471	
-	-	150	1,366	300	-	
163,163	77,605	37,289	11,751	10,715	5,627	
7,028	8,549	64,515	-	-	-	
355,341	335,981	283,378	115,054	81,436	335,990	
			-	20,546	(84,712)	
15 005 (10	14.052 510	14 070 205	12 212 260	12 0 40 2 40	15 0 41 100	
15,805,618	14,852,510	14,279,385	13,313,268	12,949,240	15,841,199	
-	_	147,318	-	_	_	
2,762	15,608	122	271	-	4,259	
	-	-	-	(20,546)	84,712	
				(_0,0.0)	• 1,1 =	
2,762	15,608	147,440	271	(20,546)	88,971	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · ·	<i>,</i>			·	
15,808,380	14,868,118	14,426,825	13,313,539	12,928,694	15,930,170	
36,344	(111,873)	(990,504)	(912,557)	(955,764)	2,015,859	
(202,259)	864,115	515,510	248,260	359,306	446,830	
(\$165.015)	\$750.040	(\$ 474.004)	(\$664.007)	(\$E06 450)	¢0 460 600	
(\$165,915)	\$752,242	(\$474,994)	(\$664,297)	(\$596,458)	\$2,462,689	

CITY OF FAIRVIEW PARK CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN YEARS (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2022	2021	2020	2019
General Fund				
Nonspendable	\$295,528	\$243,127	\$267,466	\$250,126
Committed	419,577	341,991	474,651	-
Assigned	1,397,431	183,677	453,244	908,974
Unassigned	7,371,272	6,620,678	6,012,920	3,910,320
Total General Fund	9,483,808	7,389,473	7,208,281	5,069,420
All Other Governmental Funds				
Nonspendable	79,693	56,184	93,252	102,219
Restricted	5,547,178	5,950,702	4,956,162	3,391,901
Committed	5,437,768	4,379,749	3,814,971	3,025,312
Unassigned (Deficit)	(208,079)	(193,561)	(134,297)	(135,620)
Total All Other Governmental Funds	10,856,560	10,193,074	8,730,088	6,383,812
Total Governmental Funds	\$20,340,368	\$17,582,547	\$15,938,369	\$11,453,232

2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
\$268,522	\$124,643	\$113,445	\$109,256	\$105,959	\$92,569
- 78,659	- 888,967	- 604,441	- 996,202	- 1,628,782	- 1,930,351
3,227,698	2,106,769	1,755,862	1,544,632	1,577,686	2,207,502
3,574,879	3,120,379	2,473,748	2,650,090	3,312,427	4,230,422
75,224	17,354	23,616	21,856	29,810	24,120
3,914,906	3,450,905	3,309,173	2,590,361	2,685,043	2,532,620
1,876,339	1,914,179	1,692,731	1,612,438	1,980,961	1,892,731
(109,286)	(103,500)	(128,277)	(26,602)		
5,757,183	5,278,938	4,897,243	4,198,053	4,695,814	4,449,471
\$9,332,062	\$8,399,317	\$7,370,991	\$6,848,143	\$8,008,241	\$8,679,893

CITY OF FAIRVIEW PARK CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN YEARS (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2022	2021	2020	2019
Revenues				
Municipal Income Taxes	\$12,654,405	\$11,066,395	\$10,465,793	\$10,397,732
Property Taxes	5,130,600	4,429,133	4,441,434	4,461,749
Hotel Taxes	38,277	-	-	-
Franchise Taxes	216,173	217,990	260,927	273,014
Charges for Services	1,603,454	1,643,904	1,421,710	1,486,645
Fees, Licenses and Permits	390,358	334,698	458,192	579,545
Intergovernmental	2,776,320	3,436,198	4,034,449	3,643,592
Special Assessments	276,443	303,255	302,745	1,041,938
Contributions and Donations Interest	14,364 368,437	38,268 14,678	66,713 89,214	181,293 265,014
Rentals	188,682	219,097	147,025	262,563
Other	516,827	875,008	1,301,446	720,838
Total Revenues	24,174,340	22,578,624	22,989,648	23,313,923
·	7 7 7	7 7-		
Expenditures Current:				
General Government	3,350,585	3,366,287	3,299,821	2,940,060
Security of Persons and Property	7,904,052	7,717,032	7,506,171	7,429,663
Transportation	1,461,997	1,547,620	1,210,360	1,329,206
Community Environment	446,226	417,155	371,595	487,812
Basic Utility Services	1,250,593	1,798,811	1,299,067	1,439,018
Leisure Time Activities	2,417,635	2,420,775	1,963,175	2,932,793
Public Health Services	2,410	1,855	61,629	920
Capital Outlay	3,206,223	1,895,613	1,035,576	3,821,591
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	2,003,596	2,214,304	2,075,358	1,226,726
Interest and Fiscal Charges	267,747	414,988	633,270	648,708
Bond Issuance Costs	8,172	256,152	9,871	11,525
Total Expenditures	22,319,236	22,050,592	19,465,893	22,268,022
Excess of Revenues Over	1 055 104	500.000	0.500.555	1 0 4 5 0 0 1
(Under) Expenditures	1,855,104	528,032	3,523,755	1,045,901
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Bond Premium		4 207	11 292	12,213
Bond Anticipation Notes	- 750,000	4,207 850,000	11,382 950,000	1,050,000
Refunding Bonds Issued	750,000	17,135,000	950,000	1,050,000
Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Account	-	(16,888,216)	_	_
Economic Development Notes Issued	-	(10,000,210)	-	-
Sale of Capital Assets	-	15,155	-	13,056
Inception of Capital Lease/Financed Purchases Payables	152,717		-	-
Transfers In	819,000	781,500	1,181,000	1,375,000
Transfers Out	(819,000)	(781,500)	(1,181,000)	(1,375,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	902,717	1,116,146	961,382	1,075,269
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$2,757,821	\$1,644,178	\$4,485,137	\$2,121,170
Debt Service as a Percentage of Noncapital Expenditures	11.6% -S10-	13.1%	17.3%	10.1%

2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
2018	2017	2010	2013	2014	2013
¢0.725.442	¢0.259.002	¢0.001.000	¢0.510.025	¢0 174 001	¢7 752 (00
\$9,725,442	\$9,258,903	\$9,001,268	\$8,510,935	\$8,174,821	\$7,752,690
3,994,709	3,955,908	3,962,829	3,667,099	3,668,973	3,628,771
- 288,482	303,296	322,287	324,113	300,312	275,387
1,497,286	1,525,160	1,465,025	1,639,630	1,719,720	2,629,470
499,025	499,770	710,363	477,451	505,856	514,246
2,589,683	2,244,299	1,891,193	2,204,114	1,985,134	4,499,697
1,041,918	1,039,884	945,312	955,352	988,155	229,521
22,500	70,550	17,047	20,014	18,085	-
163,163	77,605	37,289	11,751	10,715	5,627
225,274	245,610	213,166	109,974	-	5,027
359,508	331,814	283,378	120,389	81,436	335,990
					·
20,406,990	19,552,799	18,849,157	18,040,822	17,453,207	19,871,399
2,640,902	2,418,319	2,972,991	3,030,710	2,988,236	2,028,783
7,359,464	7,461,073	7,417,988	7,080,468	6,851,769	6,817,934
1,314,927	1,311,334	1,099,971	1,092,672	1,059,139	1,215,153
364,318	325,194	293,534	408,325	381,000	318,989
952,905	884,584	836,054	839,660	906,108	1,105,803
3,244,086	3,011,658	3,033,921	3,382,046	3,084,895	3,133,752
1,450	1,145	1,393	655	715	1,225
2,548,083	1,456,983	805,889	1,473,722	946,854	1,122,449
1,117,243	1,034,794	1,207,562	1,134,971	1,131,604	1,593,238
657,767	697,733	721,521	757,691	795,085	823,842
037,707	097,733	721,321	757,091	795,085	623,642
·	<u> </u>				
20,201,145	18,602,817	18,390,824	19,200,920	18,145,405	18,161,168
205,845	949,982	458,333	(1,160,098)	(692,198)	1,710,231
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	550,000
8,369	78,344	64,515	-	-	-
718,531	-	-	-	-	133,444
1,083,600	603,000	683,880	628,100	814,112	900,000
(1,083,600)	(603,000)	(683,880)	(628,100)	(793,566)	(970,876)
726,900	78,344	64,515		20,546	612,568
\$932,745	\$1,028,326	\$522,848	(\$1,160,098)	(\$671,652)	\$2,322,799
10.1%	10.3%	11.2%	11.0%	11.3%	14.1%
			-S1		

CITY OF FAIRVIEW PARK CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO ASSESSED VALUATION AND ESTIMATED TRUE VALUES OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN YEARS

-	Real Property			Tangible Personal Property		
				Public Utility		
-	Assessed	d Value	Estimated		Estimated	
Collection	Residential/	Commercial	Actual	Assessed	Actual	
Year	Agricultural	Industrial/PU	Value	Value	Value	
2022	\$443,283,360	\$79,277,250	\$1,493,030,314	\$7,369,780	\$8,374,750	
2021	362,743,540	75,006,840	1,250,715,371	6,896,640	7,837,091	
2020	363,598,860	75,445,780	1,254,413,257	6,566,930	7,462,420	
2019	363,984,340	74,314,170	1,252,281,457	6,119,490	6,953,966	
2018	319,447,210	68,419,740	1,108,191,286	5,805,310	6,596,943	
2017	318,782,070	68,533,530	1,106,616,000	5,424,840	6,164,591	
2016	317,677,550	69,005,770	1,104,809,486	5,119,790	5,817,943	
2015	298,898,670	60,914,970	1,028,038,971	5,003,170	5,685,420	
2014	299,039,400	63,502,020	1,035,832,629	4,779,910	5,431,716	
2013	299,182,420	58,992,630	1,023,357,286	4,364,670	4,959,852	

Real property is reappraised every six years with a State mandated update of the current market value in the third year following each reappraisal.

The assessed value of real property (including public utility real property) is 35 percent of estimated true value. The assessed value of public utility personal property ranges from 25 percent of true value for railroad property to 88 percent for electric transmission and distribution property. The tangible personal property values associated with each year are the values that, when multiplied by the applicable rates, generated the property tax revenue billed in that year. For real property, the amounts generated by multiplying the assessed values by the applicable rates would be reduced by the 10%, 2 1/2 percent rollback and homestead exemptions before being billed.

	Total		
Assessed	Estimated Actual		Direct
Value	Value	Ratio	Tax Rate
 \$529,930,390	\$1,501,405,064	35 %	\$11.80
444,647,020	1,258,552,462	35	11.80
445,611,570	1,261,875,678	35	11.80
444,418,000	1,259,235,423	35	11.80
393,672,260	1,114,788,229	35	11.80
392,740,440	1,112,780,591	35	11.80
391,803,110	1,110,627,429	35	11.80
364,816,810	1,033,724,392	35	11.80
367,321,330	1,041,264,344	35	11.80
362,539,720	1,028,317,138	35	11.80

CITY OF FAIRVIEW PARK CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO PROPERTY TAX RATES – DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS (PER \$1,000 OF ASSESSED VALUATION) LAST TEN YEARS

	2022	2021	2020	2019
Inside Millage			2020	2017
Operating	\$3.3300	\$3.3300	\$3.3300	\$3.3300
Fire Pension	0.3000	0.3000	0.3000	0.3000
Police Pension	0.3000	0.3000	0.3000	0.3000
Total Inside Millage	3.9300	3.9300	3.9300	3.9300
Charter Millage				
1976 Charter/Current Expense	5.0000	5.0000	5.0000	5.0000
1994 Charter/Permanent Improvement	0.8700	0.8700	0.8700	0.8700
1996 Charter/Fire	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
1996 Charter/Recreational	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Tetal Charter Million	7.8700	7.8700	7 9700	7.9700
Total Charter Millage	7.8700	7.8700	7.8700	7.8700
Total Charter Millage	\$11.8000	\$11.8000	\$11.8000	\$11.8000
Overlapping Rates by Taxing District				
Fairview Park City School District				
Residential/Agricultural Real	\$51.3209	\$59.6803	\$51.7515	\$52.3514
Commercial/Industrial and Public Utility Real	65.4136	70.2891	61.8702	62.4503
General Business and Public Utility Personal	105.2200	106.0200	98.1200	98.7200
Rocky River City School District				
Residential/Agricultural Real	35.4701	41.9205	41.9428	42.1700
Commercial/Industrial and Public Utility Real	60.1462	65.3214	65.5433	65.9288
General Business and Public Utility Personal	90.2700	91.2700	91.3700	91.5700
Berea City School District				
Residential/Agricultural Real	36.8300	44.4869	44.6639	44.7861
Commercial/Industrial and Public Utility Real	51.8479	54.3227	54.5484	54.7450
General Business and Public Utility Personal	81.9000	81.9000	82.1000	82.2000
Cuyahoga County Commissioners				
Residential/Agricultural Real	12.2552	14.0063	12.8011	12.7973
Commercial/Industrial and Public Utility Real	13.6706	14.3037	13.2303	13.0770
General Business and Public Utility Personal	14.8500	14.8500	14.0500	14.0500
General Business and Fublic Ounty Fersonal	14.8500	14.8500	14.0300	14.0500
Special Taxing Districts (1)		. –		
Residential/Agricultural Real	11.5510	17.0050	15.9954	15.5849
Commercial/Industrial and Public Utility Real	12.9877	18.9048	17.8620	17.3592
General Business and Public Utility Personal	14.3700	20.4700	19.4700	19.0700

Source: Cuyahoga County Fiscal Officer

Note: The rates presented for a particular calendar year are the rates that, when applied to the assessed values presented in the Assed Value Table, generated the property tax revenue billed in that year.

The City's basic property tax rate may be increased only by a majority vote of the City's residents.

Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply to property owners within the City. Real property tax rates are reduced so that inflationary increases in value do not generate additional revenue.

The City has 13 mills (including inside millage) of charter millage authorized; through 2011 only 11.8 mills has been levied. The 11.8 mills includes 3.93 mills of inside millage.

(1) Includes the Metro Parks, Cuyahoga County Library, Rocky River Library, and Polaris Joint Vocational School District, Port Authority, and Cuyahoga Community College.

2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
\$3.3300	\$3.3300	\$3.3300	\$3.3300	\$3.3300	\$3.3300
0.3000	0.3000	0.3000	0.3000	0.3000	0.3000
0.3000	0.3000	0.3000	0.3000	0.3000	0.3000
	010000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	010000
3.9300	3.9300	3.9300	3.9300	3.9300	3.9300
5.0000	5.0000	5.0000	5.0000	5.0000	5.0000
0.8700	0.8700	0.8700	0.8700	0.8700	0.8700
1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
7.8700	7.8700	7.8700	7.8700	7.8700	7.8700
\$11.8000	\$11.8000	\$11.8000	\$11.8000	\$11.8000	\$11.8000
\$57.0090	\$56.9658	\$54.4973	\$57.0919	\$57.0551	\$58.2264
66.2745	66.0402	63.5433	62.0500	61.1419	62.5649
98.7200	98.6200	96.1700	96.4700	96.4700	97.7000
47.2883	46.3521	46.2970	49.5457	49.5067	49.3321
68.4795	67.0791	67.2385	64.8023	64.6202	64.4748
90.4700	89.5500	89.5500	89.5500	89.5500	89.4500
10 1000					
48.6823	48.6417	44.4553	44.7135	44.7727	44.8302
56.0458	56.8991	52.7196	51.8216	51.5507	51.4777
82.2000	82.2000	78.0000	78.8000	78.8000	78.9000
13.9140	13.8802	13.8698	14.0500	14.0500	13.2200
14.0060	14.0124	14.0500	14.0195	13.9495	12.9968
14.0500	14.0500	14.0500	14.0500	14.0500	13.2200
17.5312	16.8478	11.5328	19.5385	15.8801	14.9634
17.5312	16.8478	11.6375	19.5385	15.8801	14.9634
19.0700	18.5200	11.7800	20.6300	16.9800	16.0800
17.0700	10.5200	11./000	20.0300	10.2000	10.0000

CITY OF FAIRVIEW PARK CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS (1) LAST TEN YEARS

Tax/ Collection Year 2022	Current Tax Levy (2) \$6,030,223	Current Tax Collections (2) \$5,725,924	Percent of Current Tax Collections To Tax Levy 94.95 %	Delinquent Tax Collections \$134,416	Total Tax Collections (1) \$5,860,340
2021	5,108,556	4,961,581	97.12	95,285	5,056,866
2020	5,100,580	4,987,095	97.78	84,640	5,071,735
2019	5,086,142	4,995,768	98.22	114,670	5,110,438
2018	4,567,007	4,489,953	98.31	82,331	4,572,284
2017	4,552,301	4,456,449	97.89	80,729	4,537,178
2016	4,510,435	4,421,973	98.04	74,487	4,496,460
2015	4,247,194	4,151,873	97.76	81,402	4,233,275
2014	4,243,283	4,135,110	97.45	94,700	4,229,810
2013	4,280,430	4,112,114	96.07	80,784	4,192,898

Source: Office of the County Fiscal Officer, Cuyahoga County, Ohio

(1) Information for Real and Personal Property only.

(2) State reimbursement of rollback and homestead exemptions are included.

(3) Penalties and interest are included, since by Ohio law they become part of the tax obligation as assessment occurs.

Note: We are aware of the requirement to report delinquent tax collections by levy year

	Accumulated	
Percent of Total	Outstanding	Percentage of
Tax Collections	Delinquent	Delinquent Taxes
to Tax Levy	Taxes (3)	to Current Tax Levy
97.18 %	\$294,816	4.89 %
98.99	121,289	2.37
	,	
99.43	131,259	2.57
100.48	117,915	2.32
100.12	103,506	2.27
99.67	114,200	2.51
99.69	103,740	2.30
99.67	100,743	2.37
	,	
99.68	103,003	2.43
	,	
97.96	186,068	4.35

CITY OF FAIRVIEW PARK CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO PRINCIPAL REAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS 2020 AND 2012

	2020	(2)
Taxpayer	Real Property Assessed Valuation (1)	Percentage of Real Assessed Valuation
Westgate Mall, LLC	\$20,113,360	4.52 %
Z and Sons Limited Partnership	6,560,510	1.48
Cleveland Electric Illuminating Company	4,300,550	0.97
Target Corporation	3,804,050	0.86
Fairview Shopping Center Corporation	3,565,590	0.80
Lawn Village Incorporated	2,966,220	0.67
200 West Apartments	1,973,580	0.44
West Valley Medical	1,717,560	0.39
American Transmission System	1,391,280	0.31
Fairview Office Land Holdings, LLC	1,266,170	0.28
Total	\$47,658,870	10.72 %
Total Assessed Valuation	\$444,647,020	
	201	12
Taxpayer	Real Property Assessed Valuation (1)	Percentage of Real Assessed Valuation
Westgate Mall, LLC	\$9,695,640	2.58 %
Z and Sons Limited Partnership	5,930,960	1.58
Fairview Shopping Center Corporation	3,580,990	0.95
Cleveland Electric Illuminating Company	3,087,620	0.82
Lawn Village Incorporated	2,404,290	0.64
200 West Apartments	1,765,680	0.47
West Valley Medical	1,764,950	0.47
Target Corporation	1,605,940	0.43
Stallard-Schrier Family Limited Partnership	917,560	0.24
McGowan Real Estate	906,570	0.24
Total	\$31,660,200	8.44 %
Total Assessed Valuation	\$375,741,030	

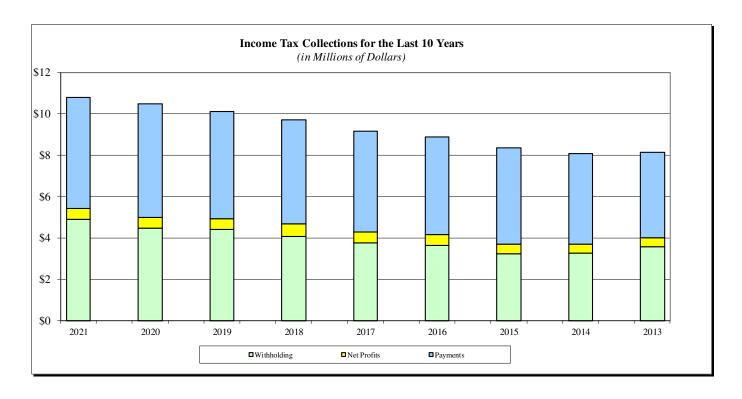
Source: Office of the County Fiscal Officer, Cuyahoga County, Ohio

(1) The amounts presented represent the assessed values upon which 2012 and 2020 collections were based.(2) This was the most recent information available

CITY OF FAIRVIEW PARK CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO INCOME TAX REVENUE BASE AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN YEARS

Tax Year(1)	Tax Rate	Total Tax collected(1)	-	axes from ithholding	Percentage of Taxes from Withholding	xes From et Profits	Percentage of Taxes from Net Profits	Iı	Taxes (1) From ndividuals Payments	Percentage of Taxes from Individuals
2022	2.00 %	\$ 12,028,482	\$	5,980,375	49.72 %	\$ 739,622	6.15 %	\$	5,308,484	44.13 %
2021	2.00	10,806,755		4,905,157	45.39	516,162	4.78		5,385,436	49.83
2020	2.00	10,477,080		4,481,024	42.77	506,442	4.83		5,489,614	52.40
2019	2.00	10,119,082		4,404,652	43.53	544,124	5.38		5,170,306	51.09
2018	2.00	9,712,865		4,083,269	42.04	594,917	6.13		5,034,679	51.84
2017	2.00	9,150,740		3,749,528	40.98	546,372	5.97		4,854,840	53.05
2016	2.00	8,883,380		3,625,307	40.81	536,556	6.04		4,721,516	53.15
2015	2.00	8,344,484		3,228,481	38.69	479,808	5.75		4,636,195	55.56
2014	2.00	8,086,634		3,268,240	40.43	442,531	5.47		4,375,863	54.11
2013	2.00	8,151,443		3,574,069	43.85	430,565	5.27		4,146,809	50.87

Source: Regional Income Tax Agency (RITA)



CITY OF FAIRVIEW PARK CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO RATIO OF OUTSTANDING DEBT TO TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME AND DEBT PER CAPITA LAST TEN YEARS

				Governmental Activi	ties		
Year	General Obligation Bonds	Lorain Road Revitalization Loan	OPWC Loans	Intergovernmental Loan	Commercial Redevelopment Loans	Economic Development Note	Financed Purcahses Payable
2022	\$ 15,625,000	\$ -	\$ 450,529	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 772,735
2021	16,785,000	-	475,559	-	-	-	688,583
2020	16,638,684	-	500,589	-	-	-	727,858
2019	17,663,759	-	513,104	-	-	-	765,701
2018	18,853,834	-	538,134	-	-	-	827,397
2017	19,943,909	-	563,164	-	-	-	161,079
2016	20,938,984	-	588,194	-	14,536	-	211,307
2015	21,829,059	-	613,222	52,941	43,605	183,334	288,497
2014	22,611,391	42,665	638,252	103,326	72,677	366,667	362,983
2013	23,388,495	82,654	663,282	160,135	101,749	550,000	435,354

Note: Population and Personal Income data are presented on page S28.

	Business-Ty	pe Activities				
OPWC Loan \$ 1,281,823	OWDA Loan \$ 157,006	Financed Purchases Payable \$ 411,186	Contractual Debt \$ 1,965,835	Total Debt \$ 20,664,114	Percentage of Personal Income 3.21 %	Per Capita \$1,195
1,326,799	-	-	2,092,007	21,367,948	3.32	1,236
1,347,484	-	-	2,215,156	21,429,771	3.57	1,274
1,330,400	-	-	2,335,354	22,608,318	3.77	1,344
-	-	-	2,452,672	22,672,037	4.08	1,347
-	-	-	2,654,393	23,322,545	4.31	1,386
-	-	-	2,768,394	24,521,415	4.59	1,457
-	-	-	-	23,010,658	4.43	1,368
9,458	-	-	-	24,207,419	4.72	1,439
45,492	-	-	-	25,427,161	4.70	1,511

CITY OF FAIRVIEW PARK CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO LEGAL DEBT MARGIN LAST TEN YEARS

	2022	2021	2020	2019
Total Assessed Property Value	\$529,930,390	\$444,647,020	\$445,611,570	\$444,418,000
	\$329,930,390	\$111,017,020	φ ++3 ,011,570	φ +++ ,+10,000
General Bonded Debt Outstanding:				
General Obligation Bonds	\$14,875,000	\$15,935,000	\$16,150,000	\$17,125,000
Lorain Road Revitalization Loan OPWC Loans	-	-	- 1.848.073	-
OWDA Loans	1,732,352 157,006	1,802,358	1,848,073	1,843,504
Intergovernmental Loan	137,000	-	-	-
Commercial Redevelopment Loans	-	-	-	-
Economic Development Note	-	-	-	-
Contractual Debt	1,965,835	1,965,835	2,215,156	2,335,354
Total Gross Indebtedness	18,730,193	19,703,193	20,213,229	21,303,858
Less:				
2021 Various Purpose Refunding Bonds	(14,875,000)	(15,935,000)	(16,150,000)	(17,125,000)
Lorain Road Revitalization Loan	-	-	-	-
OPWC Loans	(1,732,352)	(1,802,358)	(1,848,073)	(1,843,504)
Intergovernmental Loan	-	-	-	-
Commercial Redevelopment Loans	-	-	-	-
Economic Development Note	-	-	-	-
Contractual Debt	(1,965,835)	(2,092,007)	(2,215,156)	(2,335,354)
General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund Balance	93,788	93,241	94,521	(1,364)
Total Net Debt Applicable to Debt Limit	250,794	(32,931)	94,521	(1,364)
Overall Legal Debt Limit				
(10 ¹ / ₂ % of Assessed Valuation)	55,642,691	46,687,937	46,789,215	46,663,890
Legal Debt Margin Within 10 1/2 % Limitations	\$55,391,897	\$46,720,868	\$46,694,694	\$46,665,254
Legal Debt Margin as a Percentage of the Debt Limit	99.55%	100.07%	99.80%	100.00%
Unvoted Debt Limitation	\$29,146,171	\$24,455,586	\$24,508,636	\$24,442,990
$(5 \frac{1}{2} \% \text{ of Assessed Valuation})$	<i>\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\</i>	÷21,155,566	¢21,500,050	<i>\\\</i>
Total Gross Indebtedness	18,730,193	19,703,193	20,213,229	21,303,858
Less: 2021 Various Purpose Refunding Bonds	(14,875,000)	(15,935,000)	(16,150,000)	(17,125,000)
Economic Development Loan	-	-	-	-
Lorain Road Revitalization Loan	-	-	-	-
Commercial Redevelopment Loans	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental Loan General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund Balance	- 93,788	- 93,241	- 94,521	- (1.264)
				(1,364)
Net Debt Within 5 ½ % Limitations Unvoted Legal Debt Margin Within 5 ½ % Limitations	<u>3,948,981</u> \$25,197,190	<u>3,861,434</u> \$20,594,152	4,157,750 \$20,350,886	4,177,494 \$20,265,496
	ψ23,177,170	ψ20,377,132	ψ20,330,000	ψ20,205,490
Unvoted legal Debt Margin as a Percentage of the Unvoted Debt Limitation	86.45%	84.21%	83.04%	82.91%

2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
\$393,672,260	\$392,740,440	\$391,803,110	\$364,816,810	\$367,321,330	\$362,539,720
\$18,265,000	\$19,305,000	\$20,250,000	\$21,090,000	\$21,820,000	\$22,545,000
-	-	-	-	42,665	82,654
538,134	563,164	588,194	613,222	638,252	663,282
-	-	-	52,941	103,326	160,135
-	-	14,536	43,605	72,677	101,749
2,452,672	- 2,654,393	- 2,768,394	183,334	366,667	550,000
21,255,806	22,522,557	23,621,124	21,983,102	23,043,587	24,102,820
21,255,000	22,322,337	23,021,121	21,903,102	23,013,307	21,102,020
(17.005.000)	(18,770,000)	(10,455,000)	(20, 0.40, 0.00)	(20.540.000)	(21,040,000)
(17,995,000)	(18,770,000)	(19,455,000)	(20,040,000)	(20,540,000) (42,665)	(21,040,000) (82,654)
(538,134)	(563,164)	(588,194)	(613,222)	(638,252)	(663,282)
-	-	-	(52,941)	(103,326)	(160,135)
-	-	(14,536)	(43,605)	(72,677)	(101,749)
-	-	-	(183,334)	(366,667)	(550,000)
(2,452,672)	(2,654,393)	(2,768,394)	-	-	-
(176)	(176)	(176)	(176)	(176)	(176)
269,824	534,824	794,824	1,049,824	1,279,824	1,504,824
41,335,587	41,237,746	41,139,327	38,305,765	38,568,740	38,066,671
\$41,065,763	\$40,702,922	\$40,344,503	\$37,255,941	\$37,288,916	\$36,561,847
99.35%	98.70%	98.07%	97.26%	96.68%	96.05%
\$21,651,974	\$21,600,724	\$21,600,724	\$21,549,171	\$20,202,673	\$19,939,685
21,255,806	22,522,557	23,621,124	21,983,102	23,043,587	24,102,820
21,255,800	22,322,337	25,021,124	21,965,102	23,043,387	24,102,820
(17,995,000)	(18,770,000)	(19,455,000)	(20,040,000)	(20,540,000)	(21,040,000)
-	-	-	(183,334)	(366,667)	(550,000)
-	-	- (14 526)	- (42.605)	(42,665)	(82,654)
-	-	(14,536)	(43,605) (52,941)	(72,677) (103,326)	(101,749) (160,135)
(176)	(176)	(176)	(176)	(105,520) (176)	(176)
3,260,630	3,752,381	4,151,412	1,663,046	1,918,076	2,168,106
\$18,391,344	\$17,848,343	\$17,449,312	\$19,886,125	\$18,284,597	\$17,771,579
84.94%	82.63%	80.78%	92.28%	90.51%	89.13%

CITY OF FAIRVIEW PARK CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO COMPUTATION OF DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITES DEBT DECEMBER 31, 2021

Jurisdiction	Governmental Activities Debt Outstanding	Percentage Applicable to City (1)	Amount Applicable to City
Direct Debt			
City of Fairview Park			
General Obligation Bonds	\$15,625,000	100.00%	\$15,625,000
OPWC Loan	450,529	100.00%	450,529
Financed Purchases	772,735	100.00%	772,735
Total Direct Debt	16,848,264		16,848,264
Overlapping			
Fairview Park City School District	23,750,000	100.00%	23,750,000
Rocky River City School District	48,642,806	3.59%	1,745,355
Berea City School District	106,649,500	0.03%	27,009
Cuyahoga County	240,795,000	1.53%	3,673,642
Cuyahoga County Community College	189,980,000	1.53%	2,898,393
Total Overlapping Debt	609,817,306		32,094,399
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt	\$626,665,570		\$48,942,663

Source: Cuyahoga County, Ohio; County Fiscal Officer

(1) Percentages were determined by dividing each overlapping subdivision's assessed valuation within the City by its total assessed valuation.

CITY OF FAIRVIEW PARK CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO RATIO OF GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDED DEBT TO ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE AND BONDED DEBT PER CAPITA LAST TEN YEARS

Year	Population (1	Estimated Actual Values of Taxable) Property (2)	Bonded Debt	Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property	Bonded Debt Per Capita
2022	18,291 (a	a) \$1,501,405,064	\$15,625,000	1.04 %	\$854.25
2021	18,291 (a	a) 1,258,552,462	16,785,000	1.33 %	917.66
2020	16,826 (1) 1,261,875,678	16,638,684	1.32	988.87
2019	16,826 (1	b) 1,259,235,423	17,663,759	1.40	1049.79
2018	16,826 (1	b) 1,114,788,229	18,853,834	1.69	1120.52
2017	16,826 (1	b) 1,112,780,591	19,943,909	1.79	1185.30
2016	16,826 (1	b) 1,110,627,429	20,938,984	1.89	1244.44
2015	16,826 (1	b) 1,033,724,392	21,829,059	2.11	1297.34
2014	16,826 (1	b) 1,041,264,344	22,611,391	2.17	1343.84
2013	16,826 (1) 1,028,317,138	23,388,495	2.27	1390.02

Sources:

(1) U. S. Bureau of Census, Census of Population.

(a) - 2020 Census

(b) - 2010 Census

CITY OF FAIRVIEW PARK CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS 2021 AND 2012

2022		
Employer	Employees	Percentage of Total City Employment
Target Corporation	437	4.57%
Fairview Park City School District	336	3.51%
Cleveland Metroparks	272	2.84%
O'Neill Management, LLC	183	1.91%
City of Fairview Park	175	1.83%
Cleveland Clinic Foundation	165	1.72%
Cuyahoga County Auditor	152	1.59%
McGowan & Company Inc.	132	1.38%
Western Reserve Care Solutions	105	1.10%
KeyBank National Association	86	0.90%
Total	2,043	21.33%
Total Employment within the City	9,588	
2013	}	
2013	3	Percentage of
		Total City
2013 Employer	Employees	-
		Total City
Employer	Employees	Total City Employment
Employer Fairview Park City School District	Employees 407	Total City Employment 9.98%
Employer Fairview Park City School District Target Corporation	Employees 407 349	Total City Employment 9.98% 8.56%
Employer Fairview Park City School District Target Corporation Kohl's Department Stores, Inc.	Employees 407 349 293	Total City Employment 9.98% 8.56% 7.19%
Employer Fairview Park City School District Target Corporation Kohl's Department Stores, Inc. Cleveland Metroparks	Employees 407 349 293 236	Total City Employment 9.98% 8.56% 7.19% 5.79%
Employer Fairview Park City School District Target Corporation Kohl's Department Stores, Inc. Cleveland Metroparks Cuyahoga County	Employees 407 349 293 236 184	Total City Employment 9.98% 8.56% 7.19% 5.79% 4.51%
Employer Fairview Park City School District Target Corporation Kohl's Department Stores, Inc. Cleveland Metroparks Cuyahoga County Riser Foods Company City of Fairview Park	Employees 407 349 293 236 184 139 127	Total City Employment 9.98% 8.56% 7.19% 5.79% 4.51% 3.41%
Employer Fairview Park City School District Target Corporation Kohl's Department Stores, Inc. Cleveland Metroparks Cuyahoga County Riser Foods Company City of Fairview Park McGowan & Company Inc.	Employees 407 349 293 236 184 139 127 102	Total City Employment 9.98% 8.56% 7.19% 5.79% 4.51% 3.41% 3.12% 2.50%
Employer Fairview Park City School District Target Corporation Kohl's Department Stores, Inc. Cleveland Metroparks Cuyahoga County Riser Foods Company City of Fairview Park	Employees 407 349 293 236 184 139 127	Total City Employment 9.98% 8.56% 7.19% 5.79% 4.51% 3.41% 3.12%
Employer Fairview Park City School District Target Corporation Kohl's Department Stores, Inc. Cleveland Metroparks Cuyahoga County Riser Foods Company City of Fairview Park McGowan & Company Inc. St. Angelas Church	Employees 407 349 293 236 184 139 127 102 93	Total City Employment 9.98% 8.56% 7.19% 5.79% 4.51% 3.41% 3.12% 2.50% 2.28%
Employer Fairview Park City School District Target Corporation Kohl's Department Stores, Inc. Cleveland Metroparks Cuyahoga County Riser Foods Company City of Fairview Park McGowan & Company Inc. St. Angelas Church Cuyahoga County Educational Service Center	Employees 407 349 293 236 184 139 127 102 93 82	Total City Employment 9.98% 8.56% 7.19% 5.79% 4.51% 3.41% 3.12% 2.50% 2.28% 2.01%

Source: Number of employees obtained from the W2's from RITA

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CITY OF FAIRVIEW PARK CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN YEARS

Year	Population (1)	Total Personal Income (5)	Personal Income Per Capita (1)	Median Household Income (1)	Median Age (1)
2022	17,291	а	\$644,055,168	\$37,248	\$63,744	40.5
2021	17,291	a	644,055,168	37,248	63,744	40.5
2020	16,826	b	599,745,944	35,644	57,752	39.7
2019	16,826	b	599,745,944	35,644	57,752	39.7
2018	16,826	b	556,183,430	33,055	54,534	42.6
2017	16,826	b	541,309,246	32,171	54,431	42.6
2016	16,826	b	534,023,588	31,738	54,134	42.6
2015	16,826	b	519,973,878	30,903	53,425	42.4
2014	16,826	b	513,243,478	30,503	52,844	42.1
2013	16,826	b	540,854,944	32,144	53,693	42.1

(1) Source: U. S. Census

(a) - 2020 Census

(b) - 2010 Census

(2) Source: Fairview Park City School District Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

(3) Source: U.S. Department of Labor/Bureau of Labor Statistics.

(4) Source: Cuyahoga County Fiscal Officer

(5) Total Personal Income is computed by multiplying Personal Income per Capita

School Enrollment (2)	Cuyahoga County Unemployment Rate (6)	Average Sales Price of Residential Property (3)	Total Assessed Property Value (4)
1,625	4.9%	\$237,500	\$529,930,390
1,625	4.9	237,500	444,647,020
1,625	6.8	198,400	445,611,570
1,653	5.1	184,600	444,418,000
1,731	5.0	176,000	393,672,260
1,807	5.9	172,737	392,740,440
1,845	5.4	152,000	391,803,110
1,782	4.0	142,800	364,816,810
1,795	5.0	144,600	367,321,330
1,800	7.2	148,000	362,539,720

CITY OF FAIRVIEW PARK CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO CAPITAL ASSETS STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN YEARS

Function/Program	2022	2021	2020	2019
General Government				
City Hall and Police Station (square				
footage occupied)	40,489	40,489	40,489	40,489
Senior Center(square feet)	9,600	9,600	9,600	9,600
City Service Garage - Front (square feet)	4,000	4,000	4,000	4,000
City Service Garage - Rear (square feet)	4,000	4,000	4,000	4,000
Nelson Russ Center (square feet)	864	864	864	864
Bain Cabin	3,880	3,880	3,880	3,880
Administrative Vehicles	4	4	4	4
Inspection Vehicles	3	3	3	3
Police				
Stations	1	1	1	1
Vehicles	12	12	12	12
Fire				
Stations	1	1	1	1
Number of fire hydrants	866	866	866	866
Vehicles	7	7	7	7
Recreation				
Number of Parks	6	6	6	5
Number of Pools	2	2	2	2
Number of Tennis Courts	6	6	6	6
Number of Baseball Diamonds	7	7	7	7
Number of Soccer Fields	4	4	4	4
Number of Stadiums	1	1	1	1
Square Footage of Recreation Center	93,000	93,000	93,000	93,000
Other Public Works				
Streets (Miles)	52.90	52.90	52.90	52.90
Number of Streetlights (per light bill)	1,265	1,265	1,265	1,265
Service Department Large Vehicles/Trucks	25	25	25	25
Wastewater				
Sanitary Sewers (miles)	53.05	53.05	53.05	53.05
Storm Sewers (Miles)	53.05	53.05	53.05	53.05
Vehicles	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00

Source: City of Fairview Park Departments

2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
2018	2017	2010	2013	2014	2015
40,489	40,489	40,489	40,489	40,489	40,489
9,600	9,600	9,600	9,600	9,600	9,600
4,000	4,000	4,000	4,000	4,000	4,000
4,000	4,000	4,000	4,000	4,000	4,000
864	864	2,400	2,400	2,400	2,400
3,880	3,880	3,880	3,880	3,880	3,880
4	4	4	4	4	4
3	3	2	2	2	2
1	1	1	1	1	1
12	12	12	13	13	16
1	1	1	1	1	1
866	866	866	866	866	866
7	7	7	7	7	7
7	7	7	,	I I	1
5	5	5	5	5	5
2	2	2	2	2	2
6	6	6	6	6	6
7	7	7	7	7	7
4	4	4	4	4	4
1	1	1	1	1	1
93,000	93,000	93,000	93,000	93,000	93,000
52.90	52.90	52.90	52.90	52.90	52.90
1,265	1,265	1,262	1,262	1,262	1,262
25	25	29	29	29	29
					_>
53.05	53.05	52.90	52.90	52.90	52.90
53.05	53.05	52.90	52.90	52.90	52.90
4.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00

CITY OF FAIRVIEW PARK CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN YEARS

Function/Program	2022	2021	2020	2019
General Government				
Council	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50
Finance	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50
Administration	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
Planning Design	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Payroll/Civil Service	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50
Security of Persons and Property	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50
Police	24.00	26.00	25.00	27.00
Police - Auxiliary/Guards	13.50	14.50	14.50	14.50
Police - Dispatchers/Office/Other	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Animal Wardens	2.00	2.00 0.50	0.50	0.50
Fire	25.00	23.00	25.00	25.00
	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Fire Secretary Leisure Time Activities	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
	0.00	7.00	7.00	0.00
Recreation	8.00	7.00	7.00	8.00
Senior Life	5.00	4.50	3.50	6.00
Community Environment	4.00	4.00	1.00	4.00
Building	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00
Economic Development	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Transportation				
Service	25.00	24.00	25.00	25.00
Totals:	122.50	121.00	122.00	127.50

Source: City of Fairview Park, Department of Finance

Method: Using 1.0 for each full-time employees and 0.50 for each

part-time employee at December 31. Seasonal employees are not included.

2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50
2.50	2.50	3.00	2.50	3.00	3.00
3.00	3.00	3.00	3.50	5.00	3.50
1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50
26.00	27.00	27.00	26.00	27.00	26.00
14.00	14.50	15.00	14.00	14.00	14.00
2.00	1.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	1.50
0.50	0.50	0.50	0.00	0.50	0.50
25.00	25.00	25.00	25.00	25.00	25.00
1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	10.00	10.00
6.50	6.50	6.00	7.00	5.50	6.00
3.50	3.50	3.00	2.00	4.00	4.00
2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
23.00	22.00	23.00	25.00	23.00	24.00
125.00	124.50	126.50	126.00	129.00	127.50

CITY OF FAIRVIEW PARK CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN YEARS

Function/Program	2022	2021	2020	2019
General Government				
Council and Clerk				
Number of Ordinances Passed	95	81	60	49
Number of Resolutions Passed	15 32	10 37	19 26	23 26
Number of Planning Commission docket items Zoning Board of Appeals docket items	52 24	20	20	26 26
Finance Department				
Number of payroll checks issued	564	630	884	959
Number of checks/vouchers issued	1,808	1,746	1,781	2,417
Amount of checks written	\$11,987,768	\$8,595,148	\$9,887,212	\$14,047,438
Interest earnings for fiscal year (cash basis)	\$368,437 1,720	\$14,679 1,571	\$90,011 1,206	\$264,087 1,714
Number of Receipts issued Number of Budget Adjustments issued	1,720	1,5/1	1,200	1,714
Agency Ratings - Moody's Financial Services	Aa2	Aa2	Aa2	Aa2
Health Insurance Costs vs. General Fund Expenditures %	11.62%	8.83%	14.69%	13.58%
General Fund Receipts (cash basis)	\$13,451,619	\$11,652,694	\$12,354,922	\$11,492,252
General Fund Expenditures	\$11,868,749	\$15,621,313	\$10,001,925	\$10,583,520
General Fund Cash Balances	\$3,276,590	\$1,693,720	\$5,662,339	\$3,309,342
Engineer Contacted Services				
Dollar Amount of Construction overseen by engineer	\$1,723,101	\$1,704,685	\$596,947	\$4,084,698
Civil Service				
Number of police entry tests administered	1	0	1	1
Number of fire entry tests administered	0	1	0	0
Number of police promotional tests administered	0	0	3	0
Number of fire promotional tests administered	0	0	1	0
Number of Police Officers hired	3	3	0	4
Number of Fire/Medics hired	1	1	2	0
Building Department Indicators				
New Construction Permits Issued	22	24	11	20
Estimate Value of Construction	\$23,204,705	\$13,660,152	\$603,400	\$14,763,949
Number of electrical/plumbing/remodeling permits issued	1,346	1,396	1,331	1,352
Amount of Revenue generated from permits Number of contract registrations issued	\$178,784 587	\$142,286 555	\$290,291 577	\$162,288 575
Number of contract registrations issued Number of rental inspections performed	61	34	159	44
Annual Apartment/Rooming House License Fees	25,804	21,662	38,672	39,892
Security of Persons & Property				
Police				
Total Calls for Services	9,822	9,853	9,382	10,848
Number of traffic citations issued Number of parking citations issued	666 478	1,489 873	1,220 685	2,545 919
Number of criminal arrests	266	278	238	427
Number of accident reports completed	256	204	169	269
Part 1 Offenses (major offenses)	185	159	177	248
Animal Warden service calls responded to per annual report	477	1,129	577	329
Police Dep. Auxiliary hours worked	1,188	1,418	1,373	2,678
DUI arrests	46	71	42	48
Prisoners Prisoner meal cost	266	278	326	508
Motor Vehicle Accidents	0 357	660 400	951 261	4,132 460
Fatalities from Motor Vehicle Accidents	0	400	0	400
Gasoline costs of fleet	73,847	74,274	41,338	38,542
Community Diversion Program Youths (1)	2	0	0	9
Community Diversion Program - community service hours	20.0	0.0	0.0	138.5
Fire				
EMS Calls	2,076	2,154	1,882	1,995
Ambulance Billing Collections (net)	\$255,169	\$214,460	\$261,561	\$330,743
Fire Calls	146	112	334	151
Fires with Loss	4	5	4	3
Fires with Losses exceeding \$10,000	2 \$120,000	3 \$00.900	\$222,000	\$155.000
Fire Losses \$ Fire Safety Inspections	\$120,000 717	\$98,000 647	\$222,000 792	\$155,000 757
Number of times Mutual Aid given to Fire and EMS	140	183	143	170
Number of times Mutual Aid received for Fire and EMS	38	47	39	54

2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
61 19	59 13	48 31	53 34	61 24	55 30
26 26	32 15	20 16	28 10	48 13	20 19
923 2,453 \$13,298,310 \$163,164 1,740 3	1,068 2,262 \$12,438,000 \$78,118 1,751 2	1,135 2,305 \$13,316,379 \$36,776 1,710 2	1,483 2,560 \$11,739,562 \$11,750 1,761 3	1,756 2,469 \$12,105,865 \$10,715 1,840 3	1,592 2,465 \$9,339,571 \$4,873 1,875 3
Aa2 13.01% \$10,626,761 \$10,379,171 \$2,400,610	Aa2 14.01% \$10,255,537 \$9,654,229 \$2,153,020	Aa2 13.43% \$9,752,874 \$10,004,317 \$1,551,712	A- 12.32% \$9,247,696 \$10,318,215 \$1,801,527	A- 12.70% \$9,250,630 \$10,421,991 \$2,741,896	A- 15.54% \$12,481,613 \$10,488,377 \$3,895,005
\$1,263,657	\$1,629,762	\$4,897,167	\$426,414	\$1,189,512	\$410,996
0 0 0 0 0 1	0 1 0 0 1 1	0 0 0 2 2	1 0 1 0 4 1	0 1 0 3 2 1	1 0 3 0 3 0
11 \$42,940,526 1,349 \$234,299 554 48 20,568	15 \$20,459,741 1,397 \$192,534 554 83 19,702	330 \$10,454,168 1,439 \$176,038 520 62 \$14,762	350 \$13,223,287 1,376 \$168,386 518 99 \$16,924	339 \$12,782,725 1,410 \$173,998 568 98 \$20,106	358 \$20,467,573 1,462 \$189,539 516 102 \$20,536
11,6383,9051,2124662592573691,525505904,788443043,10811175	$13,152 \\ 3,106 \\ 1,359 \\ 356 \\ 267 \\ 328 \\ 383 \\ 2,801 \\ 59 \\ 759 \\ 4,890 \\ 479 \\ 0 \\ 39,442 \\ 8 \\ 120 \\$	$\begin{array}{c} 13,479\\ 3,841\\ 1,378\\ 295\\ 249\\ 123\\ 385\\ 2,857\\ 68\\ 739\\ 7,397\\ 464\\ 0\\ 39,779\\ 0\\ 0\\ 0\end{array}$	12,8593,2621,412173249913632,933506354,981523036,792424	$13,652 \\ 3,152 \\ 1,963 \\ 174 \\ 236 \\ 79 \\ 353 \\ 2,433 \\ 71 \\ 638 \\ 7,995 \\ 497 \\ 1 \\ 56,740 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\$	12,239 3,690 1,263 191 224 42 381 2,718 45 684 7,099 392 0 50,973 0 0
$1,957 \\ \$362,761 \\ 164 \\ 7 \\ 3 \\ \$216,500 \\ 703 \\ 165 \\ 53$	2,023 \$409,665 137 9 6 \$433,500 630 198 54	2,044 372,209 176 5 2 \$265,300 599 206 126	1,911 \$384,419 171 4 2 \$131,800 565 179 145	1.668 \$361,475 152 3 \$79,000 484 145 174	1,590 \$359,309 126 6 4 \$263,010 509 144 52

Function/Program	 2022	 2021	 2020	2019
Leisure Time Activities				
Recreation				
Recreation Swimming pool receipts	\$0	\$51,341	\$26,936	\$88,054
Recreation Mens & Womens Leagues receipts	4,550	3,307	5,010	15,695
Recreation programs	141,349	151,130	50,371	199,988
Youth Soccer League	25,045	23,285	5,030	19,025
Youth Basketball League	18,085	14,270	7,220	17,770
Facilities rentals	50,081	37,281	25,884	86,559
Recreation center memberships	277,515	297,660	202,837	463,121
Miscellaneous	 79,118	 24,900	 28,165	85,139
Total Recreation Department receipts	\$ 595,743	\$ 603,174	\$ 351,453	\$ 975,351
Community Development				
Grant amounts received due to Economic Development Dept.	\$ 581,721	\$ 421,167	\$ -	\$ 150,000
Basic Utility Services				
Refuse disposal per year (in tons) January through December	6,800	6,976	7,757	5,927
Refuse disposal costs per year January through December	\$ 1,295,645	\$ 1,108,454	\$ 1,042,339	\$ 1,000,304
Percentage of waste recycled	38.00%	33.50%	23.00%	25.47%
Annual recycle tonnage (excluding leaf and compost items)	1,273	597	1,646	1,490
Transportation				
Street Repair (Concrete, asphalt, crack sealing) (hours)	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200
Mowing (hours)	1,950	1,950	1,950	1,950
Street Sweeper (hours)	320	320	320	320
Cold Patch (hours)	450	450	450	450
Snow & Ice Removal regular hours	1,350	1,350	1,350	1,350
Sewer and Sanitary calls for service	4,000	275	4,000	4,000
Fire hydrants (hours)	100	100	100	100
Catch basin (hours)	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000
Leaf collection (hours)	2,500	2,500	2,500	2,500
Holiday lights setup (hours)	200	40	200	200
Burial Services (hours)	0	0	0	8
Equipment repair/body shop (hours)	4,000	4,000	4,000	4,000
Sign department (hours)	1,200	1,040	1,200	1,200
Paint striping (hours)	800	800	800	800
Building maintenance (hours)	11,000	5,000	11,000	11,000
Landscaping (hours)	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,080
Other (hours)	2,080	2,080	2,080	2,080
Tree Pruning and Care	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500
Parks and main street garbage	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000
Recycling crews	0	0	0	0
Traffic Department (hours)	2,080	2,080	0	0
Summerfest	500	500	0	0
Wastewater Department				
Waste Rates per 1st 1000 Cu ft of water used	\$39.00	\$39.00	\$39.00	\$39.00
	4.90	6.64	5.90	5.90
Total flow of wastewater treatment plants (Billions of Gallons)	4.90	0.04	5.70	5.70
Total flow of wastewater treatment plants (Billions of Gallons) Average daily flow (Millions of gallons per day)	4.90 16.00	20.73	16.14	16.14

Source: City of Fairview Departments

	2018		2017		2016		2015		2014		2013
	\$120,884		\$116,683		\$119,210		\$131,860		\$104,668		\$120,279
	12,250		14,625		16,750		16,800		18,340		20,430
	204,680		201,461		204,022		217,962		202,302		200,264
	20,935		19,775		19,025		19,394		20,085		18,196
	18,508		25,010		28,419		17,233		18,550		22,466
	80,172		82,536		83,757		97,748		99,814		90,382
	451,238		453,953		449,675		459,350		480,599		507,057
	121,699		149,544		140,838		146,966		122,223		112,469
\$	1,030,366	\$	1,063,587	\$	1,061,696	\$	1,107,313	\$	1,066,581	\$	1,091,543
\$	150,000	\$	350,000	\$	450,000	\$	50,000	\$	50,000	\$	50,000
φ	120,000	Ψ	220,000	Ψ	120,000	Ψ	20,000	Ψ	20,000	Ψ	50,000
	A ((1		4.952		6.000		E 050		5 100		5 101
¢	4,661	¢	4,853	¢	6,092	¢	5,250	¢	5,192	¢	5,191
\$	950,187 25.47%	\$	888,996 25.57%	\$	841,568 26.88%	\$	823,930 45.09%	\$	182,770 45.87%	\$	830,581 30.00%
	1,573		1,667		1,637		43.09%		43.87%		1,500
	1,575		1,007		1,037		1,397		1,742		1,500
	1 4(0		1 450		1 400		1 400		1 1 (0		1 1 (0
	1,460		1,450		1,400		1,400		1,160		1,160
	1,950		1,950		1,950		1,950		1,950		1,950
	320 350		320 700		320 600		320 600		320 400		320 400
	1,500		1,600		1,200		1,200		400 1,600		400 1,600
	4,000		4,000		4,000		4,000		4,000		4,000
	100		100		1,000		1,000		1,000		1,000
	2,000		2,000		2,000		2,000		2,000		2,000
	2,500		2,500		2,500		2,500		2,500		2,500
	50		50		50		50		50		50
	8		0		16		16		16		16
	4,160		4,160		5,000		5,000		5,000		5,000
	1,040		1,040		250		250		250		250
	480		480		700		700		700		700
	9,500		9,500		9,011		9,011		9,011		9,011
	2,080		2,080		2,280		2,280		2,280		2,280
	2,080		2,080		2,240		2,240		2,240		2,240
	1,500		1,500		1,500		1,500		1,500		1,500
	2,000		2,000		2,000		2,000		2,000		2,000
	0		0		0		0		0		4,160
	1,040		1,040		2,080		2,080		2,080		2,080
	272		272		272		272		272		272
											
	\$39.00		\$39.00		\$39.00		\$39.00		\$39.00		\$39.00
	5.90		5.90		5.88		5.88		5.88		5.88
	16.14		16.14		16.13		16.13		16.13		16.13
	1,691.72		1,691.72		1,686.05		1,686.05		1,686.05		1,686.05

CITY OF FAIRVIEW PARK

a Great Place to Grow

CITY OF FAIRVIEW PARK CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO

AUDIT REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Zupka & Associates

Certified Public Accountants

CITY OF FAIRVIEW PARK CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO AUDIT REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

TABLE OF CONTENTS

PAGE

Independent Auditor's Report	Under Separate Cover
Annual Comprehensive Financial Report	Under Separate Cover
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	1-2
Status of Prior Audit Findings and Recommendations	3



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

City of Fairview Park Cuyahoga County 20777 Lorain Road Fairview Park, Ohio 44126

To the Members of City Council:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Fairview Park, Cuyahoga County, Ohio, (the City) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 27, 2023.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the City's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control with a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control will not be prevented of the City's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

City of Fairview Park Cuyahoga County Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards Page 2

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

reptor & associates

Zupka & Associates Certified Public Accountants

June 27, 2023

CITY OF FAIRVIEW PARK CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

The prior issued audit report, as of December 31, 2021, included no citations or management letter recommendations.

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CITY OF FAIRVIEW PARK

CUYAHOGA COUNTY

AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 9/5/2023

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370