# **CITY OF PICKERINGTON**

# **FAIRFIELD COUNTY**

# **REGULAR AUDIT**

# JANUARY 1, 2022 – DECEMBER 31, 2022





88 East Broad Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 IPAReport@ohioauditor.gov (800) 282-0370

City Council City of Pickerington 100 Lockville Road Pickerington, Ohio 43147

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the City of Pickerington, Fairfield County, prepared by Wilson, Shannon & Snow, Inc., for the audit period January 1, 2022 through December 31, 2022. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The City of Pickerington is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

July 25, 2023

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# CITY OF PICKERINGTON FAIRFIELD COUNTY

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS This page intentionally left blank.



# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GO*VERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

City of Pickerington Fairfield County 100 Lockville Road Pickerington, Ohio 43147

To City Council:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Pickerington, Fairfield County, (the City) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 20, 2023.

# **Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purposes of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the City's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

10 West Locust Street | Newark, Ohio 43055 | Phone: 740-345-6611 | Fax: 740-345-5635 | wssinc.net

City of Pickerington Fairfield County Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and On Compliance and Other Matters Required By *Government Auditing Standards* 

# **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

# **Purpose of This Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

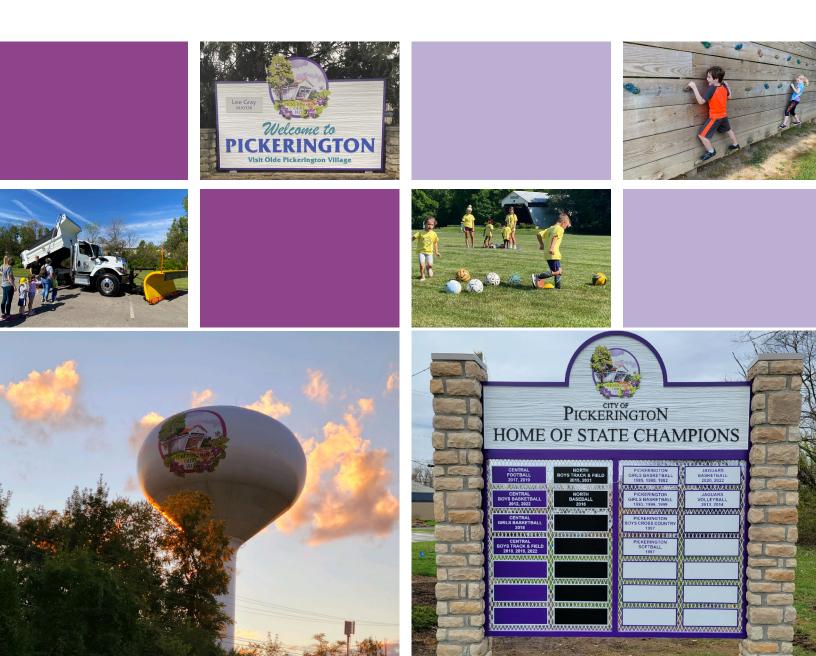
Wilson Shuman ESmon She.

Newark, Ohio June 20, 2023



# **City of Pickerington, Ohio** Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022



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# City of Pickerington, Ohio

Issued by Department of Finance Christopher P. Schornack, Director

# Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

For The Year Ended December 31, 2022

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# Introductory Section

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June 20, 2023

To the Honorable Mayor Gray and Members of City Council, And Citizens of the City of Pickerington:

The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report) of the City of Pickerington, Ohio (the City), for the year ended December 31, 2022, is submitted herewith. State law requires that each general-purpose local government publish within 150 days of the close of each year a complete set of financial statements. This report is published to fulfill that requirement for the year ended December 31, 2022. This report is prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) in the United States of America and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards.

The City's Finance Department is responsible for management's representations concerning the finances of the City. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

In developing and revising the City's accounting and reporting control systems, consideration is given to the adequacy of internal controls to provide reasonable but not absolute assurance regarding the safeguarding of assets from loss, theft or misuse, and reliability of financial records for preparing the City's financial statements in conformity with GAAP and maintaining accountability for assets. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived, and the evaluation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

As management, we believe the data presented is accurate in all material aspects and that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to acquire the maximum understanding of the City's financial activity have been included.

In compliance with State statute, the basic financial statements have been audited by Wilson, Shannon, & Snow Inc. The independent auditor concluded that the City's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022, are fairly presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report. In addition, the City coordinates the audit requirements for the "Single Audit" of all its federal funds through Wilson, Shannon, & Snow Inc.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements and complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

### **Profile of the City**

The first settlers in the attractive, growing community that is now Pickerington, arrived in the area in 1808. In 1815, Abraham Pickering laid out the original plat of old Pickerington. One hundred fifty years later relatively few people lived in the area and Pickerington slumbered as an agricultural and dairy community, seemingly distant from the County seat, Lancaster, and the state capital, Columbus.

The growth and prosperity since 1965 forever changed Pickerington from an old country village to a major city in northwest Fairfield County. Equidistant between Lancaster and Columbus, today Pickerington is both a Columbus suburban community and a transition zone leading to agricultural and open spaces to the east and southeast.

The City's 2022 population (latest available) as estimated by the United States Census Bureau was 24,524. The unincorporated Violet Township estimated population (excluding Pickerington) was 20,660. As a result of reaching an official population of over 5,000 persons, Pickerington was certified as a city by the Ohio Secretary of State in 1991. Pickerington was the second city incorporated in Fairfield County and is second in size only to Lancaster.

The Municipal Charter, which was enacted in 1980, became effective January 1, 1981, and was amended in 1990, 2000, 2003, 2005, 2007, and again in 2010. The Charter Review Board was appointed in 2020 and no charter amendments were proposed based on their meetings and discussions. This Charter provides for the Mayor-Council-Manager form of government whereby the legislative powers of the City are vested in a seven member City Council. Three members are elected at large for a four-year term each biennium and the remaining four are elected at large for a four-year term the following biennium. Council appoints the Law Director, Finance Director, City Engineer, City Clerk, and concurs on the Mayor's appointment of the City Manager. Council also makes citizen appointments to several boards and commissions. There are four standing Council Committees that Council appoints: Finance, Rules, Safety, and Service. Council sets the compensation guidelines for City officials and employees, and enacts ordinances and resolutions relating to City services, tax levies, appropriations, indebtedness, building permits and licenses, and other municipal purposes.

The City provides the following services: public safety, operation of water, sewer, and stormwater utilities, operation of an aquatic recreation center, parks and recreation, and a State Certified Building Department. Fire Department services are provided by Violet Township, of which the City is a part. Sanitation is awarded on a contract basis every five years. In the fall of 2009, the City entered into an agreement with the Franklin County District Board of Health to provide health services to City residents and this contract is renewed annually.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City's financial planning and control. The City complies with the requirements of the Ohio Revised Code in the adoption of the budget. Appropriations for the operation of various City departments are established through the passage of an ordinance by City Council. Budgetary control is facilitated through the maintenance of an encumbrance system for requisitions and purchase orders, and through the use of the City's automated financial system. All departments of the City were required to submit requests for appropriations to the Finance Director before September 30th. The Finance Director uses these requests as the starting point for developing a proposed budget. The City adopts a 5-year Capital Improvement Budget that aids in the preparation of the budget. The City also completes a 5-year financial forecast annually, as a tool to assist Council and management in the budgetary decision making process.

The Finance Director presents the proposed budget for the City Manager's review and approval. The City Manager and the Finance Director then present the proposed budget to the City Council for review, 35 days before the end of the current year. Council is required to hold a public hearing on the proposed budget and to adopt the budget by no later than December 31, the close of the City's fiscal year. Failure to do so allows the budget, as presented by the Manager, to become effective.

The legal level of budgetary control is the level passed by Council which is at the fund, program, department and object level for all funds. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by ordinance of the City Council. The Finance Director is given the authority to further allocate fund appropriations within all funds. The City Council may pass supplemental appropriations at any time by ordinance. Budget-to-actual comparisons are

provided in this report for each individual fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted. The General Fund, Police Fund, Street Fund and American Rescue Act Fund budget-to-actual comparisons are presented as part of the basic financial statements beginning on page 30. For other funds, this comparison is presented in the supplementary section of this report, which starts on page 125.

# Local Economy

The City of Pickerington is a residential suburban community with only a small portion utilized for commercial and retail activity. The City is not reliant on its own commercial base but on the larger, more diversified regional base in the Columbus metropolitan area, which includes Fairfield and Franklin counties, for its residents' workplaces. Fairfield County's and Franklin County's 2022 unemployment rate of 3.5 percent and 3.4 percent respectively, were both lower than the State's average unemployment rate of 4.0 percent. This trend has continued for the last two decades.

OhioHealth continued construction on a six-story, 220,000 square foot hospital that will include additional cancer services to the Pickerington community. The new hospital will be called OhioHealth Pickerington Methodist Hospital and will be built over 30 acres of undeveloped land on-site, expanding from the northern side of the current campus. Services in the new hospital will include:

- Cancer (Infusion)
- Women's Health
- Trauma (Level III)
- Heart and Vascular (Diagnostic and Interventional Cath Labs)
- Acute Stroke Program
- General Medicine
- General Surgery
- Ancillary Expansion (Imaging, Lab and Pharmacy)

In 2022 the hospital expansion began showing signs of catalyzing new medical related investment in Pickerington; Additionally, there has been an increase in land development inquiries in the Refugee Road Medical Corridor. Here are some 2022 large investments in medical space build-out:

- OhioHealth Neuro
- Viaquest
- Ohio Gastro
- Hugeunin Dental

Other notable commercial projects include a new multi-tenant shopping center known as the Shoppes at Ebright, and the addition of the 88 West Church Street building in Pickerington's Olde Village. Here are some 2022 large investments in commercial space build-out:

- Rule 3 Entertainment
- Private sector investment of EV Chargers in shopping centers
- Popeyes Chicken
- Porters Coffee
- Smokeout BBQ
- Corner Bar
- Lazyboy Outlet
- Fizz
- Jerk Shack

Median household incomes within the City of Pickerington are significantly higher than for the State as a whole. According to the 2022 U.S. Census estimates, the City's median family income was \$104,293, the County's was \$77,241, while the State's was \$61,938.

During 2022, the Building Department issued a total of 1,011 permits, which included 223 single family homes. Building Department permits and municipal impact fees totaled over \$1 million in 2022 with a total value of construction at over \$158 million.

### <u>Major Initiatives</u>

In 2014, the City received confirmation of \$3.5 million in grant funding from the Ohio Department of Transportation Safety Program for improvements to the intersection of State Route 256 and Refugee Road. The City also applied for an additional \$5.75 million in grant funding from the Mid- Ohio Regional Planning Commission (MORPC) for corridor improvements to Refugee Road. The City was awarded the \$5.75 million in grant funding in May 2015. In the summer of 2016, the City provided an updated grant request to MORPC for additional project funding and received an additional \$1.3 million in grant funding for the project. In July 2018, the City received additional funding in the amounts of \$250,000 from the Ohio Department of Commerce and \$404,523 from the Ohio Public Works Commission. The \$250,000 grant was in collaboration with the Fairfield County Transportation Improvement District (TID). The total grant funding in the amount of \$11.1 million along with \$4.4 million in anticipated tax increment financing revenues and \$101,123 in anticipated OPWC loan proceeds will allow the City to widen the intersection at State Route 256 and Refugee Road, widen Refugee Road in front of the Ohio Health property, and widen Refugee Road west of Ohio Health. Design work began in 2015, utility relocation was completed during 2018, and right-of-way property acquisition was completed during 2019. Construction began in late 2018, continued throughout 2019 and was essentially completed by the end of 2020, with minor punch-list items left to be completed. The project has since moved to the closeout phase performed by Ohio Department of Transportation.

In December 2018, the City purchased several parcels of land located on the City's southern periphery as part of a proactive growth effort to expand the City's boundaries via annexation, and attain direct control of developable sites. The newly acquired land located at 8185 Pickerington Road, will have a mix of land uses. The site will have roughly 80 acres devoted to new commercial and industrial businesses as proposed. This 210.268-acre property was annexed into the corporation limits in October 2020.

In April 2021, the City completed the annexation of 38.73 acres from the Foltz family. The property extended the northern boundary of the City just north of Refugee Road. The property has been zoned for single-family residential homes and will follow the City's current residential design standard guidelines.

The 2022 street repaying program includes repaying of various streets and repairs to curbs and gutters located throughout the City. The combined estimated project costs was in excess of \$1.5 million.

In 2023, the parks and recreation capital improvement plan includes improvements to Colony Park including new paved walking path and additional benches. Other improvements include maintenance and rehabilitation of the Sycamore Creek Park covered bridge.

The 2023 street repaving program will include repaving of various streets including Opportunity Way and the reconstruction of East Borland Street. The program will also include the repaving of several parking lots and repairs to curbs and gutters located throughout the City. The combined estimated project costs will be in excess of \$2.5 million.

# Long-Term Financial Planning and Relevant Financial Policies

Providing first-class municipal services to a community such as Pickerington, which has a small commercial and office tax base, creates numerous challenges, which is the reason the Mayor, City Council, and staff work consistently on the long-term financial health of the City. The City has sought various alternative means to assist in the City funding mechanisms including the use of Tax Increment Financing (TIF) areas. On February 15, 2014, the City entered into a Tax Increment Financing Agreement with Ohio Health Corporation for the purpose of constructing a two-story, approximately 47,300 square foot medical office building with an ambulatory surgical center and adjacent parking with approximately 189 parking spaces. The TIF revenues associated with this agreement will be used to help absorb the costs incurred with the ongoing Refugee Road widening project.

On April 15, 2014, the City passed several ordinances establishing three Tax Increment Financing areas along State Route 256 (Hill Road). The TIF revenues derived from these parcels will be used for future infrastructure improvements along State Route 256 (Hill Road) and Diley Road (an arterial of SR 256).

On October 18, 2016, the City passed several ordinances establishing three Tax Increment Financing areas along State Route 256 (Hill Road), Diley/Windmiller/Refugee Roads, and Yarmouth/Winderly Lane/Hill Road areas. The TIF revenues derived from these parcels will be used for future infrastructure improvements within these areas.

On November 1, 2016, the City passed an ordinance establishing a Tax Increment Financing area along Courtright Drive. The TIF revenues derived from these parcels will be used for future infrastructure improvements including the extension of Courtright Drive.

On December 6, 2016, the City passed two separate ordinances establishing two Tax Increment Financing areas along Commerce Drive/State Route 256 (Hill Road) and along Refugee Road. The TIF revenues derived from these parcels will be used for the future infrastructure improvements within these areas including the widening of Refugee Road.

On June 2, 2020, the City passed an ordinance establishing a Tax Increment Financing area along Refugee Road. The TIF revenues derived from these parcels will be used for future infrastructure improvements on Refugee Road between Milnor Road and Pickerington Road including Springcreek Drive intersection improvements.

The City of Pickerington continues to grow and outpace activity in other area cities, but the rising cost of providing critical City services to our citizens remains a concern. The cost of fuel, road salt, vehicles, police protection, and other supplies and materials is increasing faster than revenues. These increases, coupled with State-mandated collective bargaining which adds to the labor and health care costs, has led City Council to undertake a comprehensive review of all aspects of the General Fund budget. As a result, consideration is being given to contracting for some City services to reduce cost, overall reducing expenses.

In an effort to provide more cost efficient services to its residents, the City has been promoting regionalism with the local Township, County, and surrounding communities. The City has initiated discussions with several communities for cooperative road salt bidding, street paving projects, land use plans, and the sharing of specialized employees. The City's goal to remain competitive in the future is to continue to focus on the development process and to complete all projects in a timely manner.

To ensure that debt capacity is available during unforeseen and extraordinary events that may require an immediate infusion of capital into the City's infrastructure, facilities, equipment and appurtenances, the City shall make every effort to preserve unvoted general obligation debt capacity of at least \$300 per capita.

Annually, the fee schedule for the City is evaluated to make certain current costs that should be recovered for various activities are being covered by the fees being charged. The City also periodically surveys other similar cities to ensure those fees and costs are comparable.

The City has adopted several policies that are reviewed and updated on an as needed basis. These policies include an investment policy, debt policy, fund balance reserve policy, and purchasing policy.

The fund balance reserve policy designates the minimum unrestricted General fund balance be twenty-five percent (three months) of the annual operating expenditures and other financing uses (transfers) otherwise known as the annual operating budget. Replenishment should take place in a prompt manner and the government should develop a strategy and timeline for replenishing fund balance.

The Finance Department once again completed a five-year financial forecast in 2022. This forecast was reviewed by Council and Mayor as a tool for assisting with future decisions regarding the finances of the City. The forecast has been instrumental for successfully renewing the annual street resurfacing program and repealing the automatic three percent rate increase for water and sewer user fees.

When the COVID-19 pandemic began in 2020, City officials immediately recognized the need to review and reduce budgeted expenditures. Capital projects were evaluated and determined to be either crucial and would continue for the current budget, or whether they could be delayed until further data and funds were available. Fortunately, by late summer, administration evaluated and determined it was unnecessary to delay any projects as revenues were on target with budgeted amounts. The City was able to continue providing high levels of service to our residents and businesses throughout the pandemic. COVID-19 had little impact on income tax revenues as

well as property tax revenues. In fact, the City saw increases in these revenues during the pandemic. During 2021, the City received over \$1.16 million dollars under the American Rescue Plan Act – Coronavirus Local Fiscal Recovery Funds for Ohio Non-Entitlement Units of Local Government. During 2022, The City received a second tranche in the amount of \$1.17 million dollars. The City used this funding for police wages up to the maximum amount of revenue loss under the U.S. Department of Treasury guidance for non-entitlement units of local government (NEUs).

### Awards and Recognitions

The Finance Director received the Auditor of State's "Award with Distinction" for outstanding commitment to the highest standards of financial reporting for the years 2005, 2006, and 2008 through 2021 due to the filing of the Annual Report and having no audit citations.

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Pickerington for its Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 2021. This was the eighteenth year the City had filed an Annual Report and received this reward. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Annual Report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current Annual Report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Additionally, the City received the Award for Outstanding Achievement in Popular Annual Financial Reporting from GFOA for the City's 2021 Citizen's Report, a condensed, more user-friendly financial report intended to provide highlights of the City's financial condition. 2021 was the eleventh consecutive year the City completed the Popular Annual Financial Report and received this prestigious award.

The City received its 30<sup>th</sup> Tree City USA Award for the year ended December 31, 2022. This prestigious award recognized the City for its annual program of planting new trees and maintaining and removing old trees.

I would like to thank the Mayor, Members of Council, and the City Manager for their support in striving for excellence in financial reporting and disclosure.

The preparation of this Annual Report was made possible by the dedicated service of the executive staff and department heads of the City Manager. I would like to express my appreciation to all staff members who have contributed or assisted in its preparation.

In closing, I would like to thank the residents and taxpayers of the City of Pickerington for entrusting us with the fiscal accountability of the community.

Respectfully submitted,

Christopher P. Schonach

Christopher P. Schornack Director of Finance

# City of Pickerington, Ohio List of City Officials December 31, 2022

# **City Council**

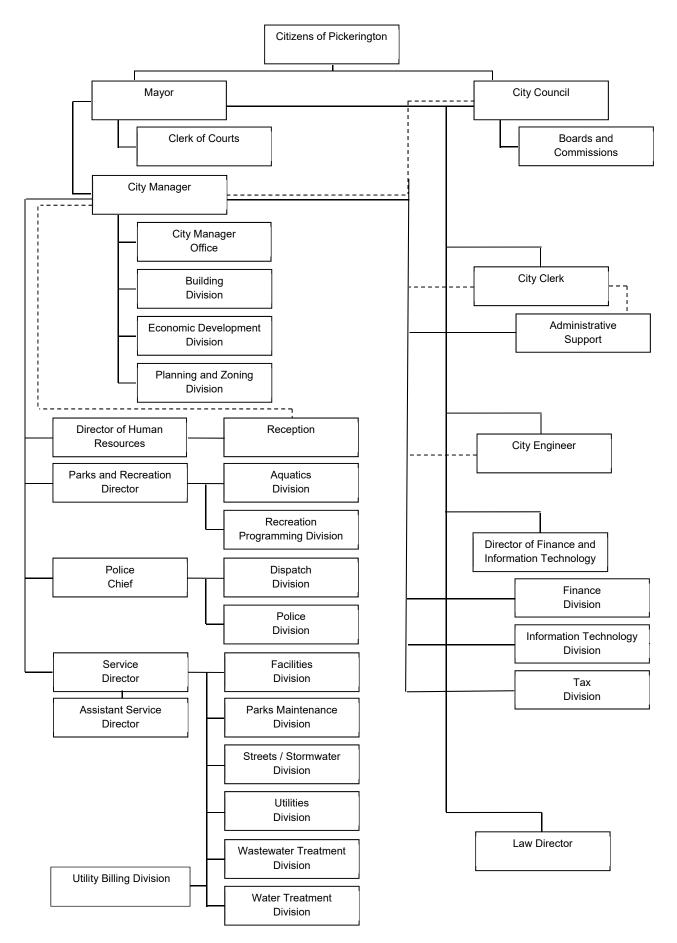
Mayor	Lee Gray
President Pro Tempore	Crystal Hicks
Vice President Pro Tempore	Jaclyn Rohaly
Council Member	Kevin Kemper
Council Member	Tricia Sanders
Council Member	Bob McCracken
Council Member	Brian Wisniewski
Council Member	Nick Derksen

# **Appointed Officials**

City Manager	Gregory Butcher
Law Director	Frost Brown Todd LLC
Municipal Clerk	Heather Moore
City Engineer	American Structurepoint Inc.
Finance Director	Christopher Schornack

# **Executive Staff**

Deputy Finance Director	Scott Stornes
Income Tax Administrator	Jenni Fausnaugh
Clerk of Court	Molly Schwartz
Parks and Recreation Director	Rebecca Medinger
Human Resource Director	Stephanie Albanese
Economic Development Director	David Gulden
Chief of Police	Tod Cheney
Service Director	Donald Rector



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

# City of Pickerington Ohio

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2021

Christophen P. Monill

Executive Director/CEO

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# **Financial Section**

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# **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

City of Pickerington Fairfield County 100 Lockville Road Pickerington, Ohio 43147

To the City Council:

# **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

### **Opinions**

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Pickerington, Fairfield County, Ohio (the City), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Pickerington, Fairfield County, Ohio as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General, Police, Street and American Rescue Act funds for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

# **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

# **Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

# Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

# **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the *management's discussion and analysis*, and schedules of net pension and other post-employment benefit liabilities/assets and pension and other post-employment benefit contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements.

City of Pickerington Fairfield County Independent Auditor's Report

We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

# Supplementary information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

# **Other Information**

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual financial report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

# Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 20, 2023, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Wilson Shanna ESano, Sue.

Newark, Ohio June 20, 2023 This page intentionally left blank

# **City of Pickerington, Ohio** Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2022 Unaudited

The discussion and analysis of the City of Pickerington's (the City) financial performance provides an overall review of the City's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2022. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the City's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the transmittal letter, the basic financial statements, and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the City's financial performance.

# Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2022 are as follows:

- The City's total net position increased by \$13,465,115, from the total net position at the beginning of the year 2022.
- At the end of the current year, the City's governmental activities reported total net position of \$90,479,993, an increase of \$8,008,106 from the prior year.
- At the end of the current year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$14,867,518, which represents approximately 91% of total General Fund balance at year-end.

# Using this Annual Financial Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the City as a financial whole or as an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities and conditions.

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole City, presenting both an aggregate view of the City's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements look at the City's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column.

# Reporting the City as a Whole

# Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities

While this document contains information about the funds used by the City to provide services to our citizens, the view of the City as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during fiscal year 2022?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities answer this question. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

# **City of Pickerington, Ohio** Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2022 Unaudited

These two statements report the City's net position and changes in the position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader whether, for the City as a whole, the financial position of the City has improved or diminished. However, in evaluating the overall position of the City, nonfinancial information such as the condition of City capital assets will also need to be evaluated.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the City is divided into three kinds of activities:

Governmental Activities – Most of the City's services are reported here including police, administration, and all departments with the exception of our Water, Sewer, Stormwater, and Aquatic Recreation Center Funds.

Business-Type Activities – Water and sewer services have charges based upon the amount of usage. The City charges fees to recoup the cost of the entire operations of our Water and Sewer Treatment Plants as well as all capital assets associated with the services. The City charges fees for stormwater services based upon set rates. The City also charges fees for pool passes for our Aquatic Recreation Center.

Discretely Presented Component Unit – The City includes financial data of the Pickerington Community Improvement Corporation (CIC). This component unit is described in Note 1 of the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements. A component unit is a legally separate entity and may buy, sell, lease, and mortgage property in its own name. It can also sue or be sued in its own name. There was no presentation of the CIC in the Statement of Net Position because there was no activity.

# Reporting the City's Most Significant Funds

# Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the City's most significant funds – not the City as a whole. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the City's major funds. Based on the restriction on the use of monies, the City has established many funds that account for the multitude of services provided to its residents. However, these fund financial statements focus on the City's most significant funds. The City's major governmental funds are the General Fund, Police Special Revenue Fund, Street Special Revenue Fund, American Rescue Act Special Revenue Fund and the Debt Service Fund.

*Governmental Funds* Governmental Funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on current sources and uses of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at the end of the year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the City's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may better understand the long-term impact of the City's near-term financial decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains a number of individual governmental funds. Information for the major funds, identified earlier, is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report. The governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 22 through 33 of this report.

**Proprietary Funds** The City uses enterprise funds to account for its water, sewer, stormwater, and aquatic recreation center operations. For water and sewer operations, the City charges a fee to customers, based upon the amount of usage, to recover the costs of the services provided, and to cover the capital assets associated with the services. For stormwater operations, the City charges a flat monthly fee. For the aquatic recreation center the City charges a fee for pool passes. The proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 34 through 41 of this report.

*Fiduciary Fund* The City accounts for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government as a fiduciary fund. This fund is not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of this fund are not available to support the City's own programs. The City uses accrual accounting for fiduciary funds, much like that of the proprietary funds. The fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 42 and 43.

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# Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2022 Unaudited

# The City as a Whole

Recall that the Statement of Net Position looks at the City as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the City's net position for 2022 compared to 2021.

## Table 1 Net Position

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Type Activities		Total	
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
Assets						
Current and Other Assets	\$35,037,261	\$31,258,631	\$24,982,936	\$21,763,005	\$60,020,197	\$53,021,636
Capital Assets, Net	82,139,723	82,608,549	73,491,281	72,739,517	155,631,004	155,348,066
Total Assets	117,176,984	113,867,180	98,474,217	94,502,522	215,651,201	208,369,702
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>						
Deferred Charge on Refunding	0	26,277	0	4,375	0	30,652
Pension	2,679,885	1,388,199	373,392	150,103	3,052,845	1,537,870
OPEB	606,806	791,233	0	86,162	606,806	877,395
Total Deferred Outflows						
of Resources	3,286,691	2,205,709	373,392	240,640	3,659,651	2,445,917
Liabilities						
Current and Other Liabilities	504,482	5,577,545	236,783	272,528	741,265	5,850,073
Long-term Liabilities:						
Due Within One Year	1,081,295	1,336,862	1,051,345	1,005,398	2,132,640	2,342,260
Due Within More than One Year:	, ,	, ,		, ,	, ,	, ,
Net Pension Liability	8,314,968	9,829,780	869,221	1,467,961	9,184,189	11,297,741
Net OPEB Liability	1,210,011	1,139,277	0	0	1,210,011	1,139,277
Other Amounts	8,015,278	8,728,527	6,096,515	7,032,134	14,111,793	15,760,661
Total Liabilities	19,126,034	26,611,991	8,253,864	9,778,021	27,379,898	36,390,012
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Property Taxes	3,213,000	3,139,000	0	0	3,213,000	3,139,000
Payment in Lieu of Taxes	988,352	733,948	0	0	988,352	733,948
Leases	1,719,439	0	0	0	1,719,439	0
Pension	3,955,559	1,741,484	1,021,003	637,179	4,976,562	2,378,231
OPEB	981,298	1,374,579	278,828	491,057	1,260,126	1,865,636
Total Deferred Inflows						
of Resources	10,857,648	6,989,011	1,299,831	1,128,236	12,157,479	8,116,815
Net Position						
Net Investment in Capital Assets	73,982,683	69,350,552	66,560,105	64,900,703	140,542,788	134,251,255
Restricted	6,211,510	8,923,042	0	0	6,211,510	8,923,042
Unrestricted (Deficit)	10,285,800	4,198,293	22,733,809	18,936,202	33,019,609	23,134,495
Total Net Position	\$90,479,993	\$82,471,887	\$89,293,914	\$83,836,905	\$179,773,907	\$166,308,792

The net pension liability (NPL) is one of the largest liabilities reported by the City at December 31, 2022. GASB notes that pension and OPEB obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" – that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension and other postemployment benefits. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the City is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of these liabilities. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with

the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The Ohio revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability/asset or the net OPEB liability/asset. As explained above, changes in benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of these liabilities/assets, but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability/asset and the net OPEB liability/asset are satisfied, these liabilities/assets are separately identified within the long-term liability or non-current asset section of the statement of net position.

Total governmental activities net position increased \$8,008,106. This increase is primarily due to an increase in cash and cash equivalents in the amount of \$984,034, the retirement of nontax special obligation note payable of \$4,000,000, and decrease in net pension liability of \$1,514,812. The increase in cash and cash equivalents is due to an increase in income tax collections of \$1,536,460, or 16%, as the City continued to see income tax increases post-pandemic.

Total governmental activities long-term liabilities decreased \$2,412,894. This decrease is primarily due the decrease in net pension liability in the amount of \$1,514,812. The net pension liability decrease represents the change in the City's proportionate share of the Ohio Public Employee Retirement and Ohio Police and Fire Pension system unfunded net position liability. Outstanding general obligation bond debt also decreased \$1,028,163 based on the retirement of debt.

Total business-type activities assets increased \$3,971,695. This increase is primarily due to a net increase in cash and cash equivalents in the amount of \$3,059,799. The increase in cash and cash equivalents is directly related to the City managing operations for water and sewer proprietary operations, which accounted for \$2,808,555 of the increase.

Total business-type activities liabilities decreased \$1,524,157. This decrease is primarily due to a decrease in the net pension liability of \$598,740, general obligation bond debt of \$290,108 and Ohio Water Development Authority loan of \$566,124.

Total governmental and business-type activities restricted net position was \$6,211,510 and unrestricted net position was \$33,019,609. Net position is restricted when constraints on the use are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Unrestricted net position consists of net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

The City's net position, when viewed over time, may provide the reader with a useful indicator of the City's economic condition.

Table 2 shows the changes in net position for 2022, compared to the changes in net position for 2021. Prior year governmental activities revenues were reclassified for consistency with current year.

# Table 2 **Changes in Net Position**

	Govern Activ		Busines Activ	s-Type vities	То	tal
Revenues	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
Program Revenues						
Charges for Services	\$3,658,887	\$2,952,674	\$7,987,730	\$7,719,084	\$11,646,617	\$10,671,758
Operating Grants						
and Contributions	3,757,507	1,366,457	0	0	3,757,507	1,366,457
Capital Grants						
and Contributions	2,140,000	3,226,912	4,514,125	6,255,127	6,654,125	9,482,039
Total Program Revenues	9,556,394	7,546,043	12,501,855	13,974,211	22,058,249	21,520,254
General Revenues						
Property and Other Taxes	3,171,653	3,294,387	0	0	3,171,653	3,294,387
Income Taxes	11,068,282	9,531,822	0	0	11,068,282	9,531,822
Franchise Taxes	226,080	166,100	0	0	226,080	166,100
Grants and Entitlements	829,368	750,215	0	0	829,368	750,215
Interest	(591,223)	(57,465)	27,439	1,454	(563,784)	(56,011)
Payment in Lieu of Taxes	1,608,212	722,274	0	0	1,608,212	722,274
Miscellaneous	193,208	616,126	19,825	282,901	213,033	899,027
Total General Revenues	16,505,580	15,023,459	47,264	284,355	16,552,844	15,307,814
Total Revenues	26,061,974	22,569,502	12,549,119	14,258,566	38,611,093	36,828,068
Program Expenses						
General Government	3,037,874	2,430,162	0	0	3,037,874	2,430,162
Security of Persons	5,057,071	2,130,102	0	Ŭ	5,057,071	2,130,102
and Property	6,960,035	8,094,377	0	0	6,960,035	8,094,377
Transportation	5,636,633	4,311,991	0	0	5,636,633	4,311,991
Leisure Time Activities	1,010,391	577,566	0	0	1,010,391	577,566
Public Health Services	228,077	230,292	0	0	228,077	230,292
Community Environment	862,294	292,419	0	0	862,294	292,419
Interest and Fiscal Charges	218,564	553,971	0	0	218,564	553,971
Water	0	0	3,007,842	2,132,832	3,007,842	2,132,832
Sewer	0	0	2,710,063	2,366,585	2,710,063	2,366,585
Stormwater	0	0	1,078,039	934,382	1,078,039	934,382
Aquatic Recreation	0	0	396,166	271,399	396,166	271,399
Total Program Expenses	17,953,868	16,490,778	7,192,110	5,705,198	25,145,978	22,195,976
Transfers	(100,000)	(75,000)	100.000	75 000	0	0
Transfers	(100,000)	(75,000)	100,000	75,000	0	0
<i>Change in Net Position</i> Net Position	8,008,106	6,003,724	5,457,009	8,628,368	13,465,115	14,632,092
Beginning of Year	82,471,887	76,468,163	83,836,905	75,208,537	166,308,792	151,676,700
Net Position End of Year	\$90,479,993	\$82,471,887	\$89,293,914	\$83,836,905	\$179,773,907	\$166,308,792

# **Governmental** Activities

Charges for services accounted for 14 percent of total governmental revenues while operating and capital grants and contributions accounted for 23 percent of total governmental revenues. During 2022, capital grants and contributions decreased in the amount of \$1,086,912 which was attributed to donated assets accepted in 2022 when compared to 2021.

Charges for services consist of direct charges to citizens which include recreation fees, court fines and forfeitures, police security services, and licenses and permits.

Property and income tax revenue provided 55 percent of total governmental revenues. Of the 55 percent, 42 percent of total governmental revenues were generated from income taxes and 13 percent was generated from property and other local taxes. These revenue sources comprise the largest components of City revenues. Income taxes, property and other taxes, and grants and contributions combined together, provided 91 percent of the City's total governmental general revenues.

The City reported negative interest revenue of (\$591,223) based on the recognition of the fair value of investments at December 31, 2022. All investments are considered "held-to-maturity" and the impact of the change in fair value does not have a significant impact on operations.

The City's security of persons and property activities accounted for \$6,960,035, or 39 percent, of total program expenses. Transportation services expenses were \$5,636,633, or 31 percent, of total program expenses.

The following table presents the total expenses and net cost of each of the City's governmental program activities. The net cost (total program activity expenses less revenues generated by the program) represents the financial burden that was placed on the City's taxpayers by each of these program activities. Costs not covered by program revenues are essentially funded with the City's general revenues, which are primarily composed of income taxes, property taxes, payment in lieu of taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and unrestricted interest earnings.

	Government	al Activities		
	Total Cost of Services	Net Cost of Services	Total Cost of Services	Net Cost of Services
	2022	2022	2021	2021
General Government	\$3,037,874	\$2,898,131	\$2,430,162	\$2,430,162
Security of Persons and Property	6,960,035	4,126,280	8,094,377	7,855,437
Transportation	5,636,633	774,219	4,311,991	(1,584,917)
Leisure Time Activities	1,010,391	686,998	577,566	229,703
Public Health Services	228,077	228,077	230,292	230,292
Community Environment	862,294	(534,795)	292,419	(769,913)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	218,564	218,564	553,971	553,971
Totals	\$17,953,868	\$8,397,474	\$16,490,778	\$8,944,735

# Table 3

Total expenses increased \$1,463,090 or 8 percent compared to 2021 with transportation and general government recognizing the largest increases. This is primarily due to the City increasing programs and activities (community environment and leisure time activities) based on post-pandemic opening. The increase in transportation expenses is based on higher salary and benefit costs and depreciation expense on existing assets.

# **Business-Type** Activities

The City's business-type activities are for water, sewer, stormwater, and aquatic recreation services. During 2022, revenues and transfers exceeded expenses by \$5,457,009.

The minimum water rate is \$4.16 per each thousand gallons of water used up to a maximum of 12,000 gallons plus a \$4.50 per month service charge. A water fee of \$6.39 is assessed for each thousand gallons used in excess of 12,000 gallons per month. Sewer fees are calculated on the amount of water used. The minimum sewer rate is \$27.38 per month up to 3,000 gallons of water. A sewer fee of \$9.13 is assessed for each thousand gallons of water used in excess of 3,000 per month. Stormwater fees are assessed at a flat rate of a \$4.50 per month.

# The City's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financerelated legal requirements.

*Governmental Funds* – The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on nearterm inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in accessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the City's net resources available for spending at the end of the year.

# **General Fund**

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the City. At the end of 2022, unassigned fund balance was \$14,867,518, while total fund balance was \$16,269,051. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance, to total expenditures and other financing uses. Unassigned fund balance represents 106 percent of total General Fund expenditures and other financing uses, while total fund balance represents 117 percent of General Fund expenditures and other financing uses.

The fund balance of the City's General Fund increased by \$348,077 during the current year. The key factors for the increase in fund balance were primarily due to an increase in total revenues of \$1,509,879, primarily income taxes of \$1,457,468, or 15%, off-set by a large decrease in interest revenue of \$550,830. Expenditures and other financing uses increased \$2,655,342 noting the largest increases transfers out of \$3,239,641. The increase in transfers out is primarily attributed to the City transferring, on a cash basis, \$4,039,889 to the Debt Service Fund for the retirement of the outstanding nontax special obligation note payable.

# **Other Major Governmental Funds**

# **Police** Fund

The fund balance of the Police Fund at December 31, 2022, is \$995,498, an increase of \$196,488 from the prior year. The increase in fund balance is primarily due to a decrease in security of persons and property expenditures of \$1,450,793, or 24%. This decrease in expenditures is primarily due to security of persons and property costs assigned to federal relief funding.

# Street Fund

The fund balance of the Street Fund at December 31, 2022 was \$1,909,636 which represents an increase of \$488,358. The increase in fund balance is primarily due to an increase in transfers from the General Fund of \$400,000 to off-set the increase in expenditures of \$112,181. The increase in expenditures is primarily due to general inflationary costs from operations, which includes salaries and benefits.

# Debt Service Fund

The fund balance of the Debt Service Fund at December 31, 2022, is \$60,032 which represents a decrease of \$27,090 and was associated with changes in total expenditures and other financing uses (increase of \$1,060,226) and operating transfers in (increase of \$2,305,491).

# American Rescue Act Fund

The fund balance of the American Rescue Act Fund at December 31, 2022 was \$0 as revenues equaled expenditures of \$2,330,340. Federal funds were used for security of persons and property operations in 2022.

# **Proprietary Funds**

The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

The City's major proprietary funds are the Water Fund, the Sewer Fund, and the Stormwater Fund. The Water Fund's net position increased \$1,118,765, the Sewer Fund's net position increased \$3,314,860, and the Stormwater Fund's net position increased \$1,090,126.

The increase in the Water Fund's net position is primarily due to a net increase in cash and cash equivalents and investments in the amount of \$676,499, a decrease in the net OPEB liability of \$268,806, and a decrease of \$290,108 in outstanding general obligation bonds payable.

The increase in the Sewer Fund's net position is primarily due to an increase in cash and cash equivalents in the amount of \$2,130,192 a decrease in the net OPEB liability of \$268,806 and a decrease of \$584,960 in outstanding OWDA Loans payable liability.

The increase in the Stormwater Fund's net position is primarily due to capital contributions from customers in the amount of \$416,678, developers in the amount of \$1,000,175 and a decrease of \$61,127 in the net pension liability.

# **Budgetary Highlights**

# **General** Fund

The City made numerous revisions to the original appropriations approved by City Council. Overall, these changes resulted in an increase in appropriations for expenditures and other financing uses from the original budget in the amount of \$4,780,328. The majority of this increase was due to an increase in general government operating expenditures in the amount of \$180,328 and transfers out of \$4,600,000 while community environment, security of persons and property, leisure time activities and public health services noted no changes from the original budget. The increase in transfers out is attributed to a cash basis transfer of \$4,039,889 to the Debt Service Fund for the retirement of the \$4 million outstanding special obligation nontax revenue bond anticipation notes. The bond anticipation notes were issued for the purpose of acquiring approximately 214 acres of real property in support of housing development, economic development, and job creation within the City.

Actual expenditures and other financing uses were less than the final budgeted expenditures and other financing uses by \$4,472,120; general government actual expenditures were \$757,918 less than budgeted, community environment expenditures were \$220,590 less than budgeted, and transfers out were \$3,451,281 less than budgeted. General government actual expenditures differences are based upon the following factors: a decrease in the annexation agreement contributions and pre-annexation agreements in the amounts of \$11,000 and \$35,000, respectively; a decrease in supplies and computer purchases in the amount of \$224,193 which was budgeted to replace outdated desktops, laptops, and software as well as capital improvements at the building department offices; a decrease in the legal department in the amount of \$89,050, due to conservative legal counsel and annexation/economic development estimates; a decrease in the finance department in the amount of \$50,197 and \$8,954, respectively, due to the transition period related to the hiring of a replacement income tax clerk and conservative income tax refund estimates; and a decrease in the administrative support department in the amount of \$31,045 due transition period related to the hiring of an administrative support specialist.

Community environment actual expenditures were \$220,590 less than budgeted primarily due to the transition period related to; the resignation of the Development Director in the amount of \$100,215, the hiring of a replacement building department specialist in the amount of \$45,831, and the hiring of a development services specialist in the amount of \$35,105.

The City's actual revenues and other financing sources were greater than the final budgeted revenues and other financing sources by \$2,438,944. This positive variance is primarily due to an increase in municipal income taxes of \$1,894,455, licenses and permits of \$323,759, interest of \$281,604 off-set by a decrease in property and other taxes of \$146,929.

At December 31, 2022, the fund balance on a budgetary basis is \$6,911,064 better than initially projected in the original budget.

# **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

# Capital Assets

As of December 31, 2022, the City had \$155,631,004 invested in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation. Table 4 shows 2022 balances compared to 2021.

	Government Activities		Business-Type Activities		Totals	
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
Land	\$11,820,943	\$11,093,588	\$1,883,347	\$1,883,347	\$13,704,290	\$12,976,935
Construction in Progress	15,470,057	15,967,721	381,180	381,180	15,851,237	16,348,901
Land Improvements	1,994,893	2,026,155	793,931	824,478	2,788,824	2,850,633
Buildings	3,403,264	3,469,278	22,235,382	22,439,841	25,638,646	25,909,119
Equipment	1,120,423	973,015	1,729,655	1,888,234	2,850,078	2,861,249
Infrastructure	47,819,168	48,565,492	46,140,622	44,930,957	93,959,790	93,496,449
Vehicles	510,975	513,300	327,164	391,480	838,139	904,780
Totals	\$82,139,723	\$82,608,549	\$73,491,281	\$72,739,517	\$155,631,004	\$155,348,066

# Table 4 Capital Assets at December 31, 2022, with comparative as of December 31, 2021 (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)

For additional information on capital assets, see Note 11 to the basic financial statements.

The total increase of \$282,938 in the City's capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, for the current year was primarily due to capital contributions from developers in the form of subdivision roads, water and sewer lines, and storm sewers off-set by increases in depreciation expense.

For information on commitments made by the City as of December 31, 2022, see Note 19 to the basic financial statements.

# Debt

As of December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the City had total long-term debt of \$15,088,216 and \$17,049,710, respectively, as follows:

# City of Pickerington, Ohio

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2022 Unaudited

# Table 5

### Outstanding Debt As of December 31, 2022, with comparative for December 31, 2021

-	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Totals	
-	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
General Obligation Bonds OWDA Loans Capital Leases	\$8,103,236 0 53,804	\$9,131,399 0 79,497	\$1,561,011 5,262,460 107,705	\$1,851,119 5,828,584 159,111	\$9,664,247 5,262,460 161,509	\$10,982,518 5,828,584 238,608
Totals	\$8,157,040	\$9,210,896	\$6,931,176	\$7,838,814	\$15,088,216	\$17,049,710

Total outstanding debt decreased \$1,961,494 which is attributed to principal retirements of outstanding debt.

See Note 17 for more detailed information of the City's outstanding debt.

# **Current Finance Related Activities**

- In March 2020, the City was financially impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic. In order to alleviate a significant impact on the City's financials the City implemented a hiring freeze in addition to non-completion of various budgeted capital improvement projects. The City received \$1,206,431 in Coronavirus State and Local Recovery Relief Funds in 2020 and received \$1,160,537 and \$1,169,803 in American Rescue Plan funding in 2021 and 2022 respectively.
- The City's income tax rate of one percent with a one-half percent credit for tax paid to other municipalities has not increased since its inception in 1976, but revenues have continued to increase each year even in times of economic downturn. This is due to mandatory filing and a diligent delinquency collection program which has resulted in strict compliance.
- A contractor registration program was instituted in 1996 that requires all general contractors and individual trades performing work in the City to register with the City. This requirement serves as a control for income tax revenues.
- A three percent hotel/motel tax was instituted in 1995.
- Fees are collected from developers for turn-lanes, traffic lights, sewer fair share, detention pond maintenance, and tree planting in subdivisions.
- Right-of-way fees were instituted in 2002 as a charge for the utility companies who use the City right-of-way for their service lines.
- Capacity fee charges for water, sewer, and stormwater increase an automatic three percent each year.
- Impact fees were instituted in 2005 on new residential and commercial construction in the City.

# **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide the City's citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report, please contact the City's Office by calling (614) 837-3974 or by writing the Finance Director at 100 Lockville Road, Pickerington, Ohio 43147.

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# City of Pickerington, Ohio

Statement of Net Position

December 31, 2022

	Primary Government		
	Governmental Activities	Business - Type Activities	Total
Assets			
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$23,792,687	\$23,530,302	\$47,322,989
Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agents	630,668	0	630,668
Property Taxes Receivable	3,240,303	0	3,240,303
Income Taxes Receivable	2,234,939	0	2,234,939
Leases	1,719,439	0	1,719,439
Intergovernmental Receivable	1,130,667	0	1,130,667
Payments in Lieu of Taxes Receivable	988,352	0	988,352
Prepaid Items	151,896	78,076	229,972
Materials and Supplies Inventory	147,708	318,459	466,167
Permissive Motor Vehicle Registration Fees Receivable	143,336	0	143,336
Accounts Receivable	107,775	693,318	801,093
Accrued Interest Receivable	105,340	0	105,340
Franchise Taxes Receivable	46,541	0	46,541
Hotel and Motel Taxes Receivable	5,705	0	5,705
Net Pension Asset	72,962	44,719	117,681
Net OPEB Asset	518,943	318,062	837,005
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets	27,291,000	2,264,527	29,555,527
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	54,848,723	71,226,754	126,075,477
Total Assets	117,176,984	98,474,217	215,651,201
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Pension	2,679,885	373,392	3,052,845
OPEB	606,806	0	606,806
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$3,286,691	\$373,392	\$3,659,651
			(continued)

(continued)

# City of Pickerington, Ohio

# Statement of Net Position (Continued)

December 31, 2022

	Primary Government			
	Governmental Activities	Business - Type Activities	Total	
Liabilities				
Accrued Wages and Benefits	\$122,052	\$35,850	\$157,902	
Intergovernmental Payable	46,577	0	46,577	
Accounts Payable	321,309	95,260	416,569	
Accrued Interest Payable	14,544	83,567	98,111	
Customer Deposits Payable	0	22,106	22,106	
Long-Term Liabilities:				
Due Within One Year	1,081,295	1,051,345	2,132,640	
Due In More Than One Year				
Net Pension Liability	8,314,968	869,221	9,184,189	
Net OPEB Liability	1,210,011	0	1,210,011	
Other Amounts Due in More Than One Year	8,015,278	6,096,515	14,111,793	
Total Liabilities	19,126,034	8,253,864	27,379,898	
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Property Taxes	3,213,000	0	3,213,000	
Payment in Lieu of Taxes	988,352	0	988,352	
Leases	1,719,439	0	1,719,439	
Pension	3,955,559	1,021,003	4,976,130	
OPEB	981,298	278,828	1,260,126	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	10,857,648	1,299,831	12,157,047	
Net Position				
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for:	73,982,683	66,560,105	140,542,788	
Capital Projects	3,124,016	0	3,124,016	
Debt Service	45,488	0	45,488	
Security of Persons and Property	311,556	0	311,556	
Transportation Services	2,664,312	0	2,664,312	
Other Purposes	61,748	0	61,748	
Perpetual Care:		3		
Expendable	2,845	0	2,845	
Non-Expendable	1,545	0	1,545	
Unrestricted	10,285,800	22,733,809	33,019,609	
Total Net Position	\$90,479,993	\$89,293,914	\$179,773,907	

# City of Pickerington, Ohio Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	_		Program Revenues	
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions
Primary Government:				
Governmental Activities				
General Government	\$3,037,874	\$139,743	\$0	\$0
Security of Persons and Property	6,960,035	486,015	2,347,740	0
Transportation	5,636,633	1,312,698	1,409,716	2,140,000
Leisure Time Activities	1,010,391	323,342	51	0
Public Health Services	228,077	0	0	0
Community Environment	862,294	1,397,089	0	0
Interest and Fiscal Charges	218,564	0	0	0
Total Governmental Activities	17,953,868	3,658,887	3,757,507	2,140,000
Business-Type Activities:				
Water	3,007,842	2,835,770	0	1,266,903
Sewer	2,710,063	4,172,889	0	1,830,369
Stormwater	1,078,039	749,647	0	1,416,853
Aquatic Recreation Center	396,166	229,424	0	0
Total Business-Type Activities	7,192,110	7,987,730	0	4,514,125
Total	\$25,145,978	\$11,646,617	\$3,757,507	\$6,654,125
Component Unit:				
	\$1,968	\$0	\$0	\$0

Property Taxes Levied for Security of Persons and Property Income Taxes Levied for General Purposes Franchise Taxes Grants and Entitlements not Restricted to Specific Programs Interest Payments in Lieu of Taxes In-Kind Contributions Other Total General Revenues Transfers Total General Revenues and Transfers

Change in Net Position

Net Position Beginning of Year

Net Position End of Year

	in Net Position	Change	
Component Unit			
Pickerington		Primary Government	
Community Improvement		Business - Type	Governmental
Corporation	Total	Activities	Activities
\$0	(\$2,898,131)	\$0	(\$2,898,131)
30 0	(4,126,280)	0	(4,126,280)
0	(774,219)	0	(774,219)
0	(686,998)	0	(686,998)
0	(228,077)	0	(228,077)
0	534,795	ů	534,795
0	(218,564)	0	(218,564)
0	(8,397,474)	0	(8,397,474)
0	1,094,831	1,094,831	0
0	3,293,195	3,293,195	0
0	1,088,461	1,088,461	0
0	(166,742)	(166,742)	0
0	5,309,745	5,309,745	0
0	(3,087,729)	5,309,745	(8,397,474)
(1,968)	0	0	0
0	1,380,181	0	1,380,181
0	1,791,472	0	1,791,472
0	11,068,282	Ő	11,068,282
0	226,080	ů 0	226,080
0	829,368	Ő	829,368
0	(563,784)	27,439	(591,223)
0	1,608,212	0	1,608,212
1,968	0	0	0
0	213,033	19,825	193,208
1,968	16,552,844	47,264	16,505,580
0	0	100,000	(100,000)
1,968	16,552,844	147,264	16,405,580
0	13,465,115	5,457,009	8,008,106
0	166,308,792	83,836,905	82,471,887
\$0	\$179,773,907	\$89,293,914	\$90,479,993

Net (Expense) Revenue and
Change in Net Position

## **City of Pickerington, Ohio** Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2022

	General	Police	Street
Assets			
Equity in Pooled Cash and	¢14540500	<b>#0.42</b> 0.00	¢1.667.001
Cash Equivalents	\$14,543,533	\$942,066	\$1,665,891
Cash and Cash Equivalents	0	0	0
with Fiscal Agents	0	0	0
Receivables:	0	0	57 224
Permissive Motor Vehicle Registration Fees	0	0	57,334
Property Taxes	1,349,503	1,890,800	0
Income Taxes Franchise Taxes	2,234,939	0	0
	46,541	0	0
Hotel and Motel Taxes	5,705	0	0
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	0	0	0
Accounts	96,074	1,846	9,487
Accrued Interest	105,340	0	0
Leases	1,719,439	0	0
Intergovernmental	220,405	250,674	610,083
Materials and Supplies Inventory	25,846	50,362	57,251
Prepaid Items	46,521	64,594	25,796
Restricted Assets:	00.000	0	0
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	98,998	0	0
Total Assets	\$20,492,844	\$3,200,342	\$2,425,842
Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities			
Accrued Wages and Benefits	\$26,378	\$82,389	\$6,925
Accounts Payable	112,976	121,895	62,890
Intergovernmental Payable	32,631	0	0
Total Liabilities	171,985	204,284	69,815
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Property Taxes	1,338,000	1,875,000	0
Payment in Lieu of Taxes	1,550,000	0	0
Leases	1,719,439	ů 0	0
Unavailable Revenue	994,369	125,560	446,391
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	4,051,808	2,000,560	446,391
Fund Balances			
Nonspendable	171,365	114,956	83,047
Restricted	0	880,542	1,826,589
Committed	0	000,512	0
Assigned	1,230,168	0	0
Unassigned (Deficits)	14,867,518	0	0
Total Fund Balances	16,269,051	995,498	1,909,636
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of			
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$20,492,844	\$3,200,342	\$2,425,842

Debt Service	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$60,032	\$6,480,622	\$23,692,144
0	630,668	630,668
0 0	86,002 0	143,336 3,240,303
0 0 0	0 0 0	2,234,939 46,541 5,705
0 0 0	988,352 368	988,352 107,775
0 0	0 0	105,340 1,719,439
0 0 0	49,505 14,249 14,985	1,130,667 147,708 151,896
0	1,545	100,543
\$60,032	\$8,266,296	\$34,445,356
<b>\$</b> 0	<b>#</b> < <b>2</b> <0	100.050
\$0 0 0	\$6,360 23,548 13,946	122,052 321,309 46,577
0	43,854	489,938
0 0 0	0 988,352 0	3,213,000 988,352 1,719,439
0	90,672	1,656,992
0	1,079,024	7,577,783
$     \begin{array}{c}       0 \\       60,032 \\       0 \\       0 \\       0 \\       0     \end{array} $	30,779 3,524,617 3,588,022 0 0	400,147 6,291,780 3,588,022 1,230,168 14,867,518
60,032	7,143,418	26,377,635
\$60,032	\$8,266,296	\$34,445,356

# City of Pickerington, Ohio

Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to

Net Position of Governmental Activities

December 31, 2022

Total Fund Balances for Governmental Funds	\$26,377,635
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital Assets used in governmental activities are not	
financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	82,139,723
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period	
expenditures and therefore are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds:	
Delinquent Property Taxes 27,303	
Municipal Income Taxes 741,882	
Intergovernmental 770,242	
Interest 59,974	
Permissive Motor Vehicle License Fees 57,591	
Total	1,656,992
Accrued Interest Payable is not due and payable in the current period and	
therefore is not reported in the funds.	(14,544)
Long-term liabilities and accrued interest are not due and payable	
in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:	
General Obligation Bonds and Unamortized Premiums (8,103,236)	
Compensated Absences (939,533)	
Capital Leases (53,804)	
Total	(9,096,573)
The net pension asset, net pension liability and net OPEB liability/(asset) are not due and payable in the current period; therefore, the asset, liability and	
related deferred inflows/outflows are not reported in governmental funds:	
Net Pension Asset 72,962	
Net OPEB Asset 518,943	
Deferred Outflows - Pension 2,679,885	
Deferred Inflows - Pension (3,955,559)	
Net Pension Liability (8,314,968)	
Deferred Outflows - OPEB 606,806	
Deferred Inflows - OPEB (981,298)	
Net OPEB Liability (1,210,011)	
Total	(10,583,240)
-	
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$90,479,993

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# City of Pickerington, Ohio Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022	2
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	General	Police	Street
Revenues		<b>*</b> 4 <b>** * * *</b>	<b>.</b>
Property Taxes	\$1,318,926	\$1,822,264	\$0
Hotel and Motel Taxes	81,846	0	0
Permissive Motor Vehicle Registration Fees	0	0	112,804
Municipal Income Taxes	10,928,363	0	0
Franchise Taxes	226,080	0	0
Charges for Services	12,648	314,459	0
Licenses and Permits	1,384,441	0	0
Leases	139,743	0	0
Impact Fees	0	0	0
Fines and Forfeitures	160,102	0	0
Intergovernmental	550,025	299,219	1,240,627
Interest	(649,831)	0	531
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	0	0	0
Rent	0	0	0
Contributions and Donations	0	500	0
Other	100,460	28,530	40,532
Total Revenues	14,252,803	2,464,972	1,394,494
Expenditures			
Current:			
General Government	3,094,757	0	0
Security of Persons and Property	83,118	4,721,714	0
Transportation	0	0	2,177,971
Leisure Time Activities	45,440	0	0
Public Health Services	228,077	0	0
Community Environment	931,809	0	0
Capital Outlay	0	197,370	0
Debt Service:			
Principal Retirement	0	0	25,693
Interest and Fiscal Charges	0	0	2,472
Total Expenditures	4,383,201	4,919,084	2,206,136
Excess of Revenues Over			
(Under) Expenditures	9,869,602	(2,454,112)	(811,642)
Other Financing Sources (Use):			
Proceeds from the Sale of Capital Assets	0	25,600	0
Transfers In	0	2,625,000	1,300,000
Transfers Out	(9,521,525)	0	0
Total Other Financing	<u> </u>		
Sources (Use)	(9,521,525)	2,650,600	1,300,000
Net Change in Fund Balances	348,077	196,488	488,358
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	15,920,974	799,010	1,421,278
Fund Balances End of Year	\$16,269,051	\$995,498	\$1,909,636

$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	American Rescue Plan	Debt Service	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$3.141.190
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	0			
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	0			
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	0		170,961	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	0	0		
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	0	0		
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	0	0	1,030,688	1,030,688
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	0	0	8,427	168,529
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2,330,340	0	451,023	4,871,234
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	0	0	4,797	(644,503)
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	0	0	1,608,212	1,608,212
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	0	0	21,300	21,300
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	0	0	0	500
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	0	0	1,886	171,408
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2,330,340	0	3,621,908	24,064,517
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2,330,340 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 66,049 833,126 0 0	7,135,172 2,244,020 878,566 228,077 931,809
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	0	1,010,000	0	1,035,693
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	0	217,692	36,565	256,729
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2,330,340	1,227,692	2,566,167	17,632,620
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	0	(1,227,692)	1,055,741	6,431,897
0         (4,039,889)         (893,966)         (14,455,380)           0         1,200,602         4,295,923         (74,400)           0         (27,090)         5,351,664         6,357,497           0         87,122         1,791,754         20,020,138	0	0	0	25,600
0         1,200,602         4,295,923         (74,400)           0         (27,090)         5,351,664         6,357,497           0         87,122         1,791,754         20,020,138	0	5,240,491	5,189,889	14,355,380
0         (27,090)         5,351,664         6,357,497           0         87,122         1,791,754         20,020,138	0	(4,039,889)	(893,966)	(14,455,380)
0 87,122 1,791,754 20,020,138	0	1,200,602	4,295,923	(74,400)
	0	(27,090)	5,351,664	6,357,497
<u>\$0</u> <u>\$60,032</u> <u>\$7,143,418</u> <u>\$26,377,635</u>	0	87,122	1,791,754	20,020,138
	\$0	\$60,032	\$7,143,418	\$26,377,635

# **City of Pickerington, Ohio** Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$6,357,497
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation in the current period.		
Capital Asset Additions Capital Contributions from Developers Depreciation Expense	1,056,176 1,807,008 (3,158,728)	(295,544)
Governmental funds only report the disposal of assets to the extent proceeds are received from the sale. In the statement of activities, a gain or loss is reported for each disposal. This is the amount of the proceeds, and the loss on disposal of assets:		
Loss on Disposal of Capital Assets		(173,282)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		
Property Taxes Income Taxes Intergovernmental Interest Permissive Motor Vehicle License Taxes	(51,383) 139,919 (8,958) 53,280 57,591	190,449
Repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.		
General Obligation Bonds General Obligation Refunding Bonds Capital Leases	650,000 360,000 25,693	1,035,693
Interest is reported as an expenditure when due in the governmental funds, but is accrued on outstanding debt on the statement of activities. Premiums are reported as revenues when the debt is first issued; however these amounts are allocated as an expense over the life of the bond on the statement of activities.		
Decrease Accrued Interest Payable Amortization on Premium of General Obligation Bonds	14,699 18,163	32,862
		(continued)

# **City of Pickerington, Ohio** Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:		
Compensated Absences Payable		(\$85,040)
Deferred outflows of resources represent the amortization of deferred charges on refundings which are not reported in the funds.		(26,277)
Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows.		
Pension OPEB	967,701 16,173	983,874
Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension/ OPEB liability are reported as pension/OPEB expense in the statement of activities.		
Pension OPEB	(260,292) 248,166	(12,126)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$8,008,106

# **City of Pickerington, Ohio** Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Revenues			1100000	(i (eguite)
Property and Other Taxes	\$1,548,000	\$1,548,000	\$1,401,071	(\$146,929)
Municipal Income Taxes	9,249,068	9,249,068	11,143,523	1,894,455
Franchise Taxes	207,000	207,000	189,919	(17,081)
Charges for Services	9,596	9,596	12,537	2,941
Licenses and Permits	1,010,000	1,010,000	1,333,759	323,759
Leases	150,000	150,000	139,743	(10,257)
Fines and Forfeitures	175,000	175,000	157,655	(17,345)
Intergovernmental	440,980	440,980	548,830	107,850
Interest	225,000	225,000	506,604	281,604
Other	44,000	44,000	133,947	89,947
Total Revenues	13,058,644	13,058,644	15,567,588	2,508,944
Expenditures Current:				
General Government	4,292,744	4,473,072	3,715,154	757,918
Security of Persons and Property	107,776	107,776	92,386	15,390
Leisure Time Activities	58,900	58,900	45,440	13,460
Public Health Services	241,558	241,558	228,077	13,481
Community Environment	1,246,725	1,246,725	1,026,135	220,590
Total Expenditures	5,947,703	6,128,031	5,107,192	1,020,839
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	7,110,941	6,930,613	10,460,396	3,529,783
Other Financing Sources (Use)				
Proceeds from the Sale of Capital Assets	100,000	100,000	0	(100,000)
Advances In	400,000	400,000	430,000	30,000
Transfers Out	(8,372,806)	(12,972,806)	(9,521,525)	3,451,281
Total Other Financing Sources (Use)	(7,872,806)	(12,472,806)	(9,091,525)	3,381,281
Net Change in Fund Balance	(761,865)	(5,542,193)	1,368,871	6,911,064
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	14,032,730	14,032,730	14,032,730	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	195,347	195,347	195,347	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$13,466,212	\$8,685,884	\$15,596,948	\$6,911,064

# City of Pickerington, Ohio Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Police Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues				
Property Taxes	\$2,048,000	\$2,048,000	\$1,822,264	(\$225,736)
Charges for Services	212,121	212,121	192,101	(20,020)
Intergovernmental	227,086	227,086	299,219	72,133
Contributions and Donations	0	0	500	500
Other	125	125	19,760	19,635
Total Revenues	2,487,332	2,487,332	2,333,844	(153,488)
<b>Expenditures</b> Current:				
Security of Persons and Property	7,543,809	7,678,809	4,800,843	2,877,966
Capital Outlay	216,437	216,437	197,370	19,067
Total Expenditures	7,760,246	7,895,246	4,998,213	2,897,033
Excess of Revenues Under Expenditures	(5,272,914)	(5,407,914)	(2,664,369)	2,743,545
Other Financing Sources				
Proceeds from the Sale of Capital Assets	0	0	25,600	25,600
Insurance Recoveries	92,000	0	28,530	28,530
Transfers In	5,125,000	5,125,000	2,625,000	(2,500,000)
Total Other Financing Sources	5,217,000	5,125,000	2,679,130	(2,445,870)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(55,914)	(282,914)	14,761	297,675
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	674,984	674,984	674,984	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	138,115	138,115	138,115	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$757,185	\$530,185	\$827,860	\$297,675

# **City of Pickerington, Ohio** Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Street Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
<b>Revenues</b> Permissive Motor Vehicle Registration Fees	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$111,511	\$11,511
Intergovernmental Interest	1,433,600 100	1,433,600 100	1,232,810 531	(200,790) 431
Other	5,000	5,000	47,278	42,278
Total Revenues	1,538,700	1,538,700	1,392,130	(146,570)
Expenditures Current:				
Transportation	2,573,092	2,648,092	2,254,910	393,182
Capital Outlay	881,185	1,216,185	906,839	309,346
Total Expenditures	3,454,277	3,864,277	3,161,749	702,528
Excess of Revenues Under Expenditures	(1,915,577)	(2,325,577)	(1,769,619)	555,958
<b>Other Financing Sources</b> Transfers In	1,700,000	1,700,000	1,300,000	(400,000)
Total Other Financing Sources	1,700,000	1,700,000	1,300,000	(400,000)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(215,577)	(625,577)	(469,619)	155,958
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	946,942	946,942	946,942	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	192,133	192,133	192,133	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$923,498	\$513,498	\$669,456	\$155,958

# **City of Pickerington, Ohio** Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual American Rescue Act Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues			<b></b>	<b>**</b> • • • •
Intergovernmental	\$1,160,537	\$1,160,537	\$1,169,803	\$9,266
Total Revenues	1,160,537	1,160,537	1,169,803	9,266
<b>Expenditures</b> Current: Security of Persons and Property	0	2,330,340	2,330,340	0
Total Expenditures	0	2,330,340	2,330,340	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	1,160,537	(1,169,803)	(1,160,537)	9,266
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	1,160,537	1,160,537	1,160,537	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$2,321,074	(\$9,266)	\$0	\$9,266

# **City of Pickerington, Ohio** Statement of Fund Net Position

# Enterprise Funds

December 31, 2022

	Water	Sewer	Stormwater
Assets:			
Current Assets:	<b>*- - * - *</b>		<b>**</b> • • <b>*</b> • • <b>*</b>
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$7,790,553	\$13,139,705	\$2,445,915
Accounts Receivable	240,900	382,532	69,886
Materials and Supplies Inventory	195,263	123,196	0
Prepaid Items	32,874	39,257	1,790
Total Current Assets	8,259,590	13,684,690	2,517,591
Noncurrent Assets:			
Restricted Assets:			
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	11,053	11,053	0
Net Pension Asset	18,829	18,829	7,061
Net OPEB Asset	133,921	133,921	50,220
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets	1,082,030	551,614	55,533
Depreciable Capital Assets, net	24,077,849	29,896,789	16,637,148
Total Noncurrent Assets	25,323,682	30,612,206	16,749,962
Total Assets	33,583,272	44,296,896	19,267,553
Deferred Outflows of Resources:			
Pension	156,859	156,859	59,674
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	156,859	156,859	59,674
Liabilities:			
Current Liabilities:			
Accrued Wages and Benefits	15,782	14,721	5,347
Accounts Payable	35,602	53,850	5,757
Accrued Interest Payable	2,905	77,280	3,382
Current Portion of:			
Compensated Absences Payable	50,961	52,554	8,174
General Obligation Bonds Payable	120,000	181,676	0
Capital Leases Payable	0	0	53,020
OWDA Loans Payable	0	584,960	0
Total Current Liabilities	225,250	965,041	75,680
Long-Term Liabilities (Net of Current Portion):			
Customer Deposits Payable from Restricted Assets	11,053	11,053	0
Compensated Absences Payable	38,202	56,330	10,463
General Obligation Bonds Payable	1,259,335	0	0
Capital Leases Payable	0	0	54,685
OWDA Loans Payable	0	4,677,500	0
Net Pension Liability	365,988	365,988	137,245
Total Long-Term Liabilities	1,674,578	5,110,871	202,393
Total Liabilities	1,899,828	6,075,912	278,073
Deferred Inflows of Resources:			
Pension	449,499	449,499	122,005
OPEB	113,836	113,836	51,156
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	563,335	563,335	173,161
Net Position:			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	23,780,544	25,004,267	16,584,976
Unrestricted	7,496,424	12,810,241	2,291,017
Total Net Position	\$31,276,968	\$37,814,508	\$18,875,993

<b>N</b> T .	T ( 1
Nonmajor	Total
Aquatic	Enterprise
Recreation Center	Funds
\$132,023	\$23,508,196
0	693,318
0	318,459
4,155	78,076
136,178	24,598,049
150,178	24,398,049
0	22,106
0	44,719
0	318,062
575,350	2,264,527
614,968	71,226,754
1,190,318	73,876,168
1,326,496	98,474,217
	,
0	373,392
0	373,392
0	35,850
51	95,260
0	83,567
0	111,689
0	301,676
Ő	53,020
ů 0	584,960
51	1,266,022
51	1,200,022
0	22,106
0	104,995
0	1,259,335
0	54,685
0	4,677,500
ů 0	869,221
0	6,987,842
51	8,253,864
	8,233,804
0	1,021,003
0	278,828
0	1,299,831
0	1,277,031
1,190,318	66,560,105
136,127	22,733,809
\$1,326,445	
\$1,320,443	\$89,293,914

# City of Pickerington, Ohio Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Enterprise Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Water	Sewer	Stormwater
Operating Revenues	<b>\$2.025.770</b>	<b># 4 152</b> 000	<b>\$740.647</b>
Charges for Services	\$2,835,770	\$4,172,889	\$749,647
Operating Expenses			
Personal Services	767,228	723,879	289,320
Contractual Services	1,236,645	1,212,822	447,699
Materials and Supplies	457,992	102,636	18,823
Utility Deposits Returned	1,326	1,326	0
Depreciation	510,725	474,535	318,815
Total Operating Expenses	2,973,916	2,515,198	1,074,657
Operating Income (Loss)	(138,146)	1,657,691	(325,010)
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)			
Interest	17,937	7,837	1,665
Interest and Fiscal Charges	(33,926)	(194,865)	(3,382)
Loss on Disposal of Capital Assets	0	0	0
Other Non-Operating Revenues	5,997	13,828	0
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	(9,992)	(173,200)	(1,717)
Operating Income (Loss)			
Before Contributions and Transfers	(148,138)	1,484,491	(326,727)
Capital Contributions from Developers	512,740	583,895	1,000,175
Capital Contributions from Customers	754,163	1,246,474	416,678
Transfers In	0	0	0
Change in Net Position	1,118,765	3,314,860	1,090,126
Net Position Beginning of Year	30,158,203	34,499,648	17,785,867
Net Position End of Year	\$31,276,968	\$37,814,508	\$18,875,993

Nonmajor Aquatic Recreation Center	Total Enterprise Funds
\$229,424	\$7,987,730
153,807	1,934,234
94,889	2,992,055
60,957	640,408
0	2,652
53,771	1,357,846
363,424	6,927,195
(134,000)	1,060,535
0	27,439
0	(232,173)
(32,742)	(32,742)
0	19,825
(32,742)	(217,651)
(166,742)	842,884
(100,712)	012,001
0	2,096,810
0	2,417,315
100,000	100,000
(66,742)	5,457,009
1,393,187	83,836,905
\$1,326,445	\$89,293,914

# **City of Pickerington, Ohio** Statement of Cash Flows Enterprise Funds

	Water	Sewer	Stormwater
Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents			
Cash Flows from Operating Activities			
Cash Received from Customers	\$2,823,617	\$4,155,171	\$747,914
Cash Payments for Employee Services and Benefits	(1,103,022)	(1,039,927)	(387,046)
Cash Payments for Goods and Services	(1,667,385)	(1,315,697)	(465,210)
Utility Deposits Returned	(1,326)	(1,326)	0
Other Non-Operating Revenues	5,997	13,828	0
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	57,881	1,812,049	(104,342)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities			
Transfers In	0	0	0
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities	0	0	0
Cash Flows from Investing Activities			
Interest on Investments	17,937	7,837	1,665
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	17,937	7,837	1,665
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities			
Acquisition of Capital Assets	0	0	0
Tap-In Fees	754,163	1,246,474	416,678
Principal Paid on General Obligation Refunding Bonds	0	(170,000)	0
Principal Paid on General Obligation Bonds	(115,000)	0	0
Principal Paid on OWDA Loans	0	(566,124)	0
Principal Paid on Capital Leases	0	0	(51,406)
Interest Paid on General Obligation Refunding Bonds	0	(12,250)	0
Interest Paid on General Obligation Bonds	(37,550)	0	0
Interest Paid on OWDA Loans	0	(186,862)	0
Interest Paid on Capital Leases	0	0	(4,996)
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Capital			
and Related Financing Activities	601,613	311,238	360,276
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	677,431	2,131,124	257,599
Cash and Cash Equivalents Beginning of Year	7,124,175	11,019,634	2,188,316
Cash and Cash Equivalents End of Year	\$7,801,606	\$13,150,758	\$2,445,915

Nonmajor Aquatic Recreation Center	Total Enterprise Funds
\$240,100 (154,610) (155,802) 0 9,499 (60,813)	\$7,966,802 (2,684,605) (3,604,094) (2,652) 29,324 1,704,775
100,000 100,000	100,000
0	27,439 27,439
(45,542) 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	$\begin{array}{c} (45,542)\\ 2,417,315\\ (170,000)\\ (115,000)\\ (566,124)\\ (51,406)\\ (12,250)\\ (37,550)\\ (186,862)\\ (4,996) \end{array}$
(45,542)	1,227,585
(6,355)	3,059,799
138,378	20,470,503
\$132,023	\$23,530,302

(continued)

# **City of Pickerington, Ohio** Statement of Cash Flows Enterprise Funds (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Water	Sewer	Stormwater
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities			
Operating Income (Loss)	(\$138,146)	\$1,657,691	(\$325,010)
Adjustments:			
Other Non-Operating Revenues	5,997	13,828	0
Depreciation	510,725	474,535	318,815
(Increases) Decreases in Assets and Deferred Outflows:			
Accounts Receivable	(12,153)	(17,718)	(1,733)
Prepaid Items	(2,680)	(4,075)	102
Materials and Supplies Inventory	(1,525)	19,616	0
Net Pension Asset	(6,893)	(6,893)	(3,331)
Net OPEB Asset	(58,131)	(58,131)	(26,536)
Deferred Outflows - Pension	(95,150)	(95,151)	(32,988)
Deferred Outflows - OPEB	37,259	37,259	11,644
Increases (Decreases) in Liabilities and Deferred Inflows:			
Accounts Payable	5,017	(19,040)	1,312
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable	3,640	2,638	546
Compensated Absences Payable	8,605	5,704	3,687
Customer Deposits Payable	932	932	0
Intergovernmental Payable	(9,647)	(9,178)	(3,642)
Net Pension Liability	(268,806)	(268,806)	(61,128)
Deferred Inflows - Pension	174,347	174,348	35,129
Deferred Inflows - OPEB	(95,510)	(95,510)	(21,209)
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	\$57,881	\$1,812,049	(\$104,342)

# Noncash Capital Financing Activities:

During 2022, developers contributed \$512,740, \$583,895, and \$1,000,175 in the form of water, sewer, and stormwater lines, respectively.

Nonmajor Aquatic Recreation Center	Total Enterprise Funds
(\$134,000)	\$1,060,535
0 53,771	19,825 1,357,846
$20,175 \\ (256) \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ $	(11,429) (6,909) 18,091 (17,117) (142,798) (223,289) 86,162
(321) 0 0 (182) 0 0 0 0	(13,032) 6,824 17,996 1,864 (22,649) (598,740) 383,824 (212,229)
(\$60,813)	\$1,704,775

# **City of Pickerington, Ohio** Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Custodial Fund December 31, 2022

Assets Cash and Cash Equivalents in Segregated Accounts	\$9,491
Total Assets	\$9,491
<b>Net Position</b> Restricted for Individuals, Organizations, and Other Governments	\$9,491

### **City of Pickerington, Ohio** Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Custodial Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Additions Fines and Forfeitures for Other Governments	\$50,998
<b>Deductions</b> Distributions to Other Governments	54,437
Net Increase in Fiduciary Net Position	(3,439)
Net Position Beginning of Year	12,930
Net Position End of Year	\$9,491

The accompanying Notes to the Basic Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

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### NOTE 1 - REPORTING ENTITY

The City of Pickerington (the "City") is a charter municipal corporation operating under the laws of the State of Ohio. Pickerington was recognized as a village by the State of Ohio in 1930. The Village of Pickerington adopted a charter on November 4, 1980. On April 29, 1991, Pickerington was declared a City.

The municipal government provided by the charter is known as a mayor-council-manager form of government. Legislative power is vested in a seven-member council, each member elected to a four year term. The Mayor is elected by the citizens of Pickerington for a four year term. The Mayor appoints, with the concurrence of a majority vote of Council, the City Manager. The City Manager is the chief executive officer and the head of the administrative agencies of the City. He appoints all department heads and employees, except as otherwise provided in the Charter. The City Manager is responsible to the Mayor for the proper administration of all affairs of the City.

### Reporting Entity

The financial reporting entity is composed of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements of the City are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds and departments that are not legally separate from the City. Services provided by the primary government include police protection, street maintenance and repairs, community and economic development, parks and recreation, and water, sewer, and stormwater services. A staff provides support (i.e., payroll processing, accounts payable, revenue collection) to the service providers. The operation and control of these activities is provided by the City Council through the budgetary process and by the City Manager through administrative and managerial requirements and procedures.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the City is financially accountable. The City is financially accountable for an organization if the City appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the City is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the City is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the City is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the City is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the City in that the City approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes, and there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefit to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government. The City has one component unit, the Pickerington Community Improvement Corporation (CIC).

The CIC was formed pursuant to Ordinance 2018-31 passed November 6, 2018. The CIC was designated as a nonprofit organization of the City under Ohio Revised Code Section 1724.10; authorizing the execution of an agreement and plan for industrial, commercial, distribution, and research development. The CIC is governed by a five member board, three are appointed by the City, including: the Mayor, the City Manager, a member of City Council, and the remaining two seats by citizens recommended by those appointed. The CIC does not operate with substantively the same governing body as the primary government. The CIC through its economic development activities exists to benefit the citizens of Pickerington. Based on the foregoing criteria, the financial activities of the Pickerington Community Improvement Corporation (CIC) have been reflected in the accompanying basic financial statements as a discretely presented component unit. Due to the nature and significance of the CIC's relationship with the City it was determined that excluding the CIC would render the City's financial statement incomplete or misleading. The CIC also meets the fiscal dependency and financial

burden criteria related to the City. The CIC will be presented as a discretely presented component unit of the City.

The City is associated with three jointly governed organizations and two insurance purchasing pools. These organizations are the Fairfield, Hocking, and Athens Counties Council of Governments on Major Crimes Investigations, the Fairfield County Regional Planning Commission, the Mid-Ohio Regional Planning Commission (MORPC), the Central Ohio Risk Management Association Inc. (CORMA), and the Ohio Municipal League Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program. These organizations are discussed in Notes 20 and 21 to the basic financial statements.

### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City of Pickerington have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to local governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial principles. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

### **Basis of Presentation**

The City's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the City as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the City that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities. The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental and business-type activities of the City. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the City's governmental activities and for the business-type activities of the City. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. The policy of the City is to not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the statement of activities. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants, and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the City, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the City.

*Fund Financial Statements* During the year, the City segregates transactions related to certain City functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the City at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

### Fund Accounting

The City uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts.

There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

*Governmental Funds* Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the City are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid.

The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance. The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – This fund is the operating fund of the City and is used to account and report for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the City for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio and the Charter of the City.

Police Fund – This fund is used to account for property taxes and transfers to pay for police protection.

Street Fund – This fund receives gasoline taxes, motor vehicle license taxes and permissive taxes for transportation related purposes throughout the City.

American Rescue Act Fund – this fund received federal intergovernmental revenue for the purposes of providing resources for the City's police department.

Debt Service Fund – This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest.

The other governmental funds of the City account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

**Proprietary funds** Proprietary fund reporting focuses on the determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position, and cash flows. Proprietary funds are classified as either enterprise or internal service; the City has no internal service funds.

Enterprise Funds – Enterprise funds may be used to account for any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services. The City reports the following major and nonmajor enterprise funds:

Water Fund – This fund is used to account for water services provided to individuals and commercial users. The costs of providing these services are financed primarily through user charges.

Sewer Fund - This fund is used to account for sanitary sewer services provided to

individuals and commercial users. The costs of providing these services are financed primarily through user charges.

Stormwater Fund – This fund is used to account for stormwater services provided to individuals and commercial users.

The costs of providing these services are financed primarily through a flat rate monthly charge.

The nonmajor Aquatic Recreation Center Enterprise Fund is used to account for monies collected from fees charged for pool passes and expenditures related to the upkeep and operation and maintenance of the facility.

*Fiduciary funds* Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds, and custodial funds. Trust funds are distinguished from custodial funds by the existence of a trust agreement or equivalent arrangement that has certain characteristics. The City does not have any trust funds. Custodial funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in a trust fund.

The City's fiduciary fund is a custodial fund. The City's custodial fund accounts for cash or surety bonds and court costs collected from individuals and distributed on behalf to other governments.

#### Measurement Focus

*Government-wide Financial Statements* The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and deferred outflows of resources and all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the City are included on the statement of net position. The statement of activities presents increases (e.g. revenues) and decreases (e.g. expenses) in total net position.

*Fund Financial Statements* All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Like the government-wide statements, all proprietary and fiduciary fund types are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and deferred outflows of resources and all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of net position. In fiduciary funds, a liability to the beneficiaries of fiduciary activity is recognized when an event has occurred that compels the government to disburse fiduciary resources. Fiduciary fund liabilities other than those to beneficiaries are recognized using the economic resources measurement focus.

The statement of changes in revenues, expenses, and changes in fund net position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total position. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the City finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

Fiduciary funds present a statement of changes in fiduciary net position which reports additions to and deductions from investment trust, private purpose trust funds, and custodial funds.

#### Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements and the statements presented for proprietary and fiduciary funds are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, in the recording of deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

**Revenues – Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions** Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and received essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year. For the City, available means expected to be received within sixty-days of year-end.

The non-exchange transactions, in which the City receives value without directly giving equal value in return, includes income taxes, property taxes, hotel and motel taxes, franchise taxes, impact fees, intergovernmental grants, payment in lieu of taxes, and donations. Revenue from income taxes, hotel and motel taxes, and franchise taxes are recognized in the period in which the income is earned. Revenue from property taxes and payments in lieu of taxes is recognized in the year in which the taxes are levied. Revenues from impact fees are recognized in the year in which resources are required to be used or when use is first permitted. Revenues from intergovernmental grants are recognized in the year eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the City must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the City on a reimbursable basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue resources are considered to be both measurable and available at year end: interest, federal and state grants, state-levied local shared taxes (including motor vehicle registration fees and gasoline taxes), income taxes, fees, and rentals.

**Deferred Outflows/ Inflows of Resources** In addition to assets, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the City, deferred outflows of resources are reported on the government-wide statement of net position for pension. The deferred outflows of resources related to pension and OPEB plans are explained in Notes 12 and 13.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period and will not be recognized until that time. For the City, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes, payment in lieu of taxes, leases, pension, OPEB, and unavailable revenue. Property taxes, leases, and payment in lieu of taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of December 31, 2022, but which were levied to finance 2022 operations. These amounts have been recorded as a deferred inflow on both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental funds balance sheet and represents receivables which will not be collected within the available period. For the City, unavailable revenue includes delinquent property taxes, income taxes, interest, other revenues, and intergovernmental grants. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available. The details of these unavailable revenues are identified on the Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities found on page 28. Deferred inflows of resources related to pension and OPEB plans are reported on the government-wide statement of net position (See Notes 12 and 13).

*Expenses/Expenditures* On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

### **Budgetary Process**

All funds, except custodial funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The Indigent Drivers Interlock and Alcohol Monitoring Special Revenue Fund was not budgeted because the City did not anticipate any financial activity within these funds. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriations resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates.

The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount the City Council may appropriate. The appropriations resolution is the City Council's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on the expenditures plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by the City Council. The legal level of budgetary control is at the fund, program, department, and object level. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by resolution of the City Council.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the Finance Director. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the final amended certificate approved.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the first appropriation resolution for the fund that covered the entire year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior years. The amounts reported as the final

budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements represent the final appropriations passed by City Council during the year.

### Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, cash received by the City is pooled. Cash balances, except cash by a fiscal agent or held in segregated accounts, are pooled and invested in short term investments in order to provide improved cash management. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the City's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents" on the financial statements. Cash with fiscal agents represents monies on deposit with the Ohio Department of Transportation for the utility relocation and construction phases of the Refugee Road Widening Project. Investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time of purchase and investments of the cash management pool are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents.

During 2022, investments were limited to federal agency securities, commercial paper, money markets, negotiable certificates of deposit, Ohio local government bonds, and the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio).

Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value which is based on quoted market prices. Nonparticipating investment contracts such as nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are reported at cost. The City had no nonnegotiable certificates of deposit at December 31, 2022.

STAR Ohio (the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio), is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 79, *Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants*. The City measures their investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides an NAV per share that approximates fair value.

For 2022, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, notice must be given 24 hours in advance of all deposits and withdrawals exceeding \$100 million. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$250 million, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$250 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

Provisions of the Ohio Revised Code restrict investment procedures. During 2022, interest was distributed to the General Fund, certain special revenue funds, capital projects funds, permanent fund, and enterprise funds according to City ordinances. There was no interest credited to the General Fund during 2022.

The City has a segregated bank account for monies held separate from the City's central bank account. This bank account is presented on the financial statements as "Cash and Cash Equivalents in Segregated Accounts", for the mayor's court bank account since the funds are not deposited into the City treasury.

### Receivables and Payables

Receivables and payables to be recorded on the City's financial statements are recorded to the extent that the

amounts are determined material and substantiated not only by supporting documentation, but also by a reasonable, systematic method of determining their existence, completeness, valuation and in the case of receivables, collectibility.

#### Materials and Supplies Inventory

Inventories represent supplies held for consumption, are presented at cost on a first-in, first-out basis and are expended/expensed when used.

#### Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond December 31, 2022, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method recording a current asset for the prepaid amount and reflecting the expenditure/expense in the year in which services are consumed.

#### Restricted Assets

Restricted cash and cash equivalents in the General Fund represent the amount of unclaimed monies and developer deposits that are not available for appropriation. Restricted cash and cash equivalents in the Cemetery Permanent Fund represent the principal portion of cemetery funds bequeathed to the City. Restricted cash and cash equivalents in the Water and Sewer Enterprise Funds represent resources set aside by the City for the repayment of water and sewer deposits.

### Capital Assets and Depreciation

General capital assets are capital assets which are associated with and generally arise from governmental activities. These generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. General capital assets are reported in the governmental activities columns of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the enterprise funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net position and in the respective funds.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. The City was able to estimate the historical cost for the initial reporting of infrastructure by backtrending (i.e., estimating current replacement cost of the infrastructure to be capitalized and using an appropriate price-level index to deflate the cost to the acquisition year or estimated acquisition year). Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition values as of the date received. The City maintains a capitalization threshold of five thousand dollars. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All capital assets are depreciated except for land and construction in progress. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful life of the related capital assets. Useful lives for infrastructure were estimated based on the City's historical records of necessary improvements and replacement.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

# **City of Pickerington, Ohio** Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Governmental Activities	<b>Business-Type Activities</b>
Description	Estimated Lives	Estimated Lives
Land Improvements	20 years	20 years
Buildings	50 years	50 -60 years
Equipment	3-15 years	3-20 years
Infrastructure	10-75 years	65 years
Vehicles	4-15 years	8-15 years

The City's infrastructure consists of streets, curbs and gutters, traffic lights, water, sewer, and stormwater lines, and does not include infrastructure (roads) acquired prior to December 31, 1980.

#### Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the City will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those the City has identified as probable of receiving payment in the future. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employees' wage rates at year end, taking into consideration any limits specified in the City's termination policy. The City records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all employees. The vacation balances are to be used by employees within a year and a half after the benefit has been earned. The City records a liability for accumulated unused sick leave for employees after five years of service.

The entire compensated absences liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. On governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as a liability and expenditure to the extent payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. These amounts are recorded in the account "Matured Compensated Absences Payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid. For enterprise funds, the entire amount of compensated absences is reported as a fund liability.

#### Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB asset/liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension/OPEB, and pension/OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

### Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

The City reports all payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations in the government-wide financial statements and it reports all payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds in the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgements and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that these liabilities are due for payment during the current year. Net pension/OPEB liability/asset should be recognized in the governmental funds to the extent that benefit payments are due and payable and the pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is not sufficient for payment of those benefits.

Bonds, long-term notes, and capital leases are recognized as a liability on the fund financial statements when due.

#### Bond Premiums and Issuance Costs

On government-wide financial statements, bond premiums are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bond premiums are presented as an increase of the face amount of the bonds payable. On the governmental fund statements, bond premiums are recorded in the year the bonds are issued. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources.

Under Ohio law, premiums on the original issuance of debt are to be deposited into the bond retirement fund to be used for debt retirement and are precluded from being applied to the project fund. Ohio law does allow premiums on refunding debt to be used as part of the payment to the bond escrow agent.

Bond issuance costs are shown as expensed in the year of the debt issuance.

#### Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable – The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amount of loans and notes receivable, prepaids, as well as property acquired for resale, unless the use of the proceeds from the collection of those receivables or from the sale of those properties is restricted, committed, or assigned.

Restricted – The restricted fund balance category includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by State constitution or external resource providers. Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation (City ordinances).

Enabling legislation authorizes the City to assess, levy, charge, or otherwise mandate payment of resources (from external resource providers) and includes a legally enforceable requirement that those resources be used only for the specific purposes stipulated in the legislation. Legal enforceability means that the City can be compelled by an external party such as citizens, public interest groups, or the judiciary to use resources created by enabling legislation only for the purposes specified by the legislation.

Committed – The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by formal action (ordinance) of City Council. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless City Council removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for the use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned – Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the City for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. These amounts are assigned by the City Council. In the General Fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by City Council or a City official delegated that authority by City Charter or ordinance, or by State Statute. State Statute authorizes the finance director to assign fund balance for purchases on order provided such amounts have been lawfully appropriated. The City Council assigned fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in 2023's appropriated budget.

Unassigned – Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

The City applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first, followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

### Net Position

Net position represents the difference between all other elements in a statement of financial position. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations or other governments. Net position restricted for other purposes primarily include activities related to the City's law enforcement and community development.

The City applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

#### Contributions of Capital

Contributions of capital in the proprietary fund financial statements arise from outside contributions of capital assets or resources restricted for capital acquisition or construction and from tap-in fees to the extent they exceed the cost of the connection to the system, or from grants or outside contributions of resources for capital acquisition or construction.

# Internal Activity

Transfers between governmental and business-type activities on the government-wide statements are reported in the same manner as general revenues. Internal allocations of overhead expenses from one program to another or within the same program are eliminated on the Statement of Activities. Payments for interfund services provided and used are not eliminated.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/ expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment should be reported as internal transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and non-operating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

# Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans or interfund services provided and used are classified as "interfund receivables/payables". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the statement of net position, except for any net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances. The City did not report interfund receivables/payables at December 31, 2022.

Deferred inflows of resources and deferred outflows of resources from the change in internal proportionate share related to pension items are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities column of the statement of net position, except for any net residual amounts between governmental and business-type activities. These residual amounts are eliminated in the total column of the entity wide statement of net position.

# Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

### **Operating Revenues and Expenses**

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the City, these revenues are charges for services for water, sewer, stormwater utility services, and aquatic recreation pool passes. Operating expenses are necessary costs that have been incurred in order to provide the good or service that is the primary activity of the fund. Revenues and expenses not meeting the definition are reported as non-operating.

### Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the City that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of item occurred during 2022.

### NOTE 3 - CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

For 2022, the City has implemented GASB Statement No. 87, "<u>Leases</u>", GASB Implementation Guide 2019-3, "<u>Leases</u>", GASB Implementation Guide 2020-1, "<u>Implementation Guide Update - 2020</u>", GASB Statement No. 91, "<u>Conduit Debt Obligations</u>", GASB Statement No. 92, "<u>Omnibus 2020</u>", GASB Statement No. 93, "<u>Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates</u>", GASB Statement No. 97, "<u>Certain Component Unit Criteria, and</u> <u>Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans</u> <u>an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a supersession of GASB Statement No. 32</u>" and certain paragraphs of GASB Statement No. 99, "<u>Omnibus 2022</u>".

GASB Statement No. 87 and GASB Implementation Guide 2019-3 enhance the relevance and consistency of information of the government's leasing activities. It establishes requirements for lease accounting based on the principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. A lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right to use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. These changes were incorporated in the City's 2022 financial statements; however, the changes had no effect on net position or fund balance as previously reported.

GASB Implementation Guide 2020-1 provides clarification on issues related to previously established GASB guidance. The implementation of GASB Implementation Guide 2020-1 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the City.

GASB Statement No. 91 provides a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. This Statement achieves those objectives by clarifying the existing definition of a conduit debt obligation; establishing that a conduit debt obligation is not a liability of the issuer; establishing standards for accounting and financial reporting of additional commitments and voluntary commitments extended by issuers and arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations; and improving required note disclosures. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 91 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the City.

GASB Statement No. 92 enhances comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 92 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the City.

GASB Statement No. 93 establishes accounting and financial reporting requirements related to the replacement of Interbank Offered Rates (IBORs) in hedging derivative instruments and leases. It also identifies appropriate benchmark interest rates for hedging derivative instruments. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 93 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the City.

GASB Statement No. 97 is to (1) increase consistency and comparability related to the reporting of fiduciary component units in circumstances in which a potential component unit does not have a governing board and the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically would perform; (2) mitigate costs associated with the reporting of certain defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans, and employee benefit plans other than pension plans or OPEB plans (other employee benefit plans) as fiduciary component units in fiduciary fund financial statements; and (3) enhance the relevance, consistency, and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting for Internal

Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 deferred compensation plans (Section 457 plans) that meet the definition of a pension plan and for benefits provided through those plans. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 97 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the City.

GASB Statement No. 99 is to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 99 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the City.

### NOTE 4 - FUND BALANCES

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the government funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented below:

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# **City of Pickerington, Ohio** Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

		D 1'		Debt	Other Governmental	T ( 1
Fund Balances	General	Police	Street	Service	Funds	Total
Nonspendable:						
Prepaids	\$46,521	\$64,594	\$25,796	\$0	\$14,985	\$151,896
Materials and Supplies Inventory	25,846	50,362	57,251	0	14,249	147,708
Unclaimed Monies	16,928	0	0	0	0	16,928
Developer Deposits	82,070	0	0	0	0	82,070
Perpetual Care	0	0	0	0	1,545	1,545
Total Nonspendable	171,365	114,956	83,047	0	30,779	400,147
Restricted for:						
Security of Persons and Property	0	880,542	0	0	22,678	903,220
Transportation Services	0	0	1,826,589	0	3,403,474	5,230,063
Debt Service	0	0	0	60,032	0	60,032
Perpetual Care	0	0	0	0	2,845	2,845
Other Purposes	0	0	0	0	95,620	95,620
Total Restricted	0	880,542	1,826,589	60,032	3,524,617	6,291,780
Committed to:						
Security of Persons and Property	0	0	0	0	146,378	146,378
Transportation Services	0	0	0	0	827,382	827,382
Parks and Recreation	0	0	0	0	1,747,211	1,747,211
Urban Forestry	0	0	0	0	442,364	442,364
Municipal Improvements	0	0	0	0	424,687	424,687
Total Committed	0	0	0	0	3,588,022	3,588,022
Assigned to:						
Purchases on Order:						
General Government Administration	16,310	0	0	0	0	16,310
Security of Persons and Property	415	0	0	0	0	415
Community Environment	78,030	0	0	0	0	78,030
Subsequent Year's Appropriations	1,135,413	0	0	0	0	1,135,413
Total Assigned	1,230,168	0	0	0	0	1,230,168
Unassigned (Deficits):	14,867,518	0	0	0	0	14,867,518
Total Fund Balances	\$16,269,051	\$995,498	\$1,909,636	\$60,032	\$7,143,418	\$26,377,635

On January 2, 2013, City Council approved a minimum unassigned fund balance policy in the General Fund equal to 25 percent, three months, of the adopted annual operating expenditures and other financing uses. The fund balance policy is to ensure that the City can continue its necessary public service operations regardless of any unanticipated event that could adversely affect the financial condition of the City. If the fund balance falls below the targeted range, the City's replenishment plan will be to control operating expenditures and use budget surpluses. The plan is to replenish the General Fund unassigned fund balance within a three year period. The City will set a goal to replenish 80 percent the first year, 90 percent in two years, and 100 percent in three years.

### NOTE 5 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance/fund equity on the basis of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), the budgetary basis, as provided by law, is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances.

The Statements of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual, for the General Fund and each Major Special Revenue Fund are presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget.

The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
- 2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).
- 3. Outstanding year-end encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget basis) rather than restricted, committed, or assigned fund balance.
- 4. Unreported cash and fair value adjustments are reported on the GAAP basis, but not on the budgetary basis.
- 5. Advances in are operating transactions (budget basis) as opposed to balance sheet transactions (GAAP basis).

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the GAAP basis to the budget basis are as follows:

	General	Police	Street	American Rescue Plan
Net change in fund balances - budget basis	\$ 1,368,871	\$ 14,761	\$ (469,619)	\$ (1,160,537)
Net adjustment for revenue accruals	(1,314,785)	131,128	2,364	1,160,537
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals	511,377	(35,077)	(40,822)	-
Net adjustment for other sources/uses	(430,000)	(28,530)	-	-
Adjustment for encumbrances	212,614	 114,206	 996,435	
Net change in fund balances - GAAP basis	\$ 348,077	\$ 196,488	\$ 488,358	<u>\$</u>

### NOTE 6 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Monies held by the City are classified by State Statute into three categories.

Active deposits are public monies determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the City treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the City treasury, in commercial accounts payable or

withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that Council has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Protection of the City's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by the financial institutions participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

Interim monies held by the City can be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligation or security issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, and Government National Mortgage Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations describe in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 4. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- 5. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio or Ohio; and with certain limitations including a requirement for maturity within ten years from the date of settlement, bonds and other obligations of political subdivisions of the State of Ohio, if training requirements have been met;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Certain bankers' acceptances (for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days) and commercial paper notes (for a period not to exceed two hundred seventy days) in an amount

not to exceed 40 percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time if training requirements have been met; and

8. Written repurchase agreements in the securities described in (1) or (2) provided the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited.

Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

The City has passed an ordinance allowing the City to invest monies not required to be used for a period of six months or more in the following:

- 1. Bonds of the State of Ohio;
- 2. Bonds of any municipal corporation, village, county, township, or other political subdivision of this State, as to which there is no default of principal, interest, or coupons;
- 3. Obligations of the City.

At December 31, 2022, the City's Ohio Health Medical Office Building Tax Increment Financing Capital Projects Fund had a balance of \$630,668 with fiscal agents. The cash balance was held in a bank account under the control of the Ohio Department of Transportation. The City deposited money into the account for the utility relocation and construction phases of the Refugee Road Widening Project.

### Cash on Hand

At year end, the City had \$750 in undeposited cash on hand which is included on the financial statements of the City as part of "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents".

**Deposits:** Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the City will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At December 31, 2022, the City's custodial risk was \$1,068,639.

The City has no deposit policy for custodial risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits be either insured or be protected by:

Eligible securities pledged to the City and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose market value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured; or

Participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total market value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposite being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of State.

**Investments:** Investments are reported at fair value. As of December 31, 2022, the City had the following investments.

		Percent of	
Measurement		Total	Moody's
Amount	Maturity	Investments	Rating
\$6,546,079	Average 31.9 Days	14.15%	Aaa
36,218	Less than one year	0.08%	n/a
7,034,100	Less than three years	15.21%	Aaa
4,047,617	Less than three years	8.75%	Aaa
704,320	Less than one year	1.52%	Aaa
2,421,134	Less than three years	5.23%	Aaa
3,711,574	Less than three years	8.02%	Aaa
12,163,396	Less than one year	26.30%	P-1
1,859,279	Less than three years	4.02%	Aaa
7,727,353	Less than three years	16.71%	n/a
39,668,773	-		
\$46,251,070			
	Amount \$6,546,079 36,218 7,034,100 4,047,617 704,320 2,421,134 3,711,574 12,163,396 1,859,279 7,727,353 39,668,773	AmountMaturity\$6,546,079Average 31.9 Days36,218Less than one year7,034,100Less than one year4,047,617Less than three years704,320Less than one year2,421,134Less than three years3,711,574Less than three years12,163,396Less than one year1,859,279Less than three years7,727,353Less than three years39,668,773Less than three years	Measurement AmountTotal Maturity $\underline{Amount}$ MaturityTotal Investments $\underline{\$6,546,079}$ Average 31.9 Days14.15% $\underline{36,218}$ Less than one year0.08%7,034,100Less than three years15.21%4,047,617Less than three years8.75%704,320Less than one year1.52%2,421,134Less than three years5.23%3,711,574Less than one year26.30%12,163,396Less than three years4.02%7,727,353Less than three years16.71%39,668,773Less than three years16.71%

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets. Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The above chart identifies the City's recurring fair value measurements as of December 31, 2022. The First American Treasury Money Market is measured at fair value and is valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs). Other than Star Ohio and the First American Treasury Money Market, all of the City's remaining investments are measured at fair value and are valued using methodologies that incorporate market inputs such as benchmark yields, reported trades, broker/dealer quotes, issuer spreads, two-sided markets, benchmark securities, bids, offers and reference data including market research publications. Market indicators and industry and economic events are also monitored, which could require the need to acquire further market data. (Level 2 inputs).

### Interest Rate Risk

The City's investment policy addresses interest rate risk to the extent that it allows the Finance Director to invest funds primarily in short-term securities so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities on the open market prior to maturity. State statute requires that an investment mature within five years from the date of purchase, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the City, and that an investment must be purchased with the expectation that it will be

held to maturity. The stated intent of the policy is to avoid the need to sell securities prior to maturity.

### Credit Risk

The City's investment policy addresses credit risk to the extent that it limits the Finance Director to invest public funds in a diversified portfolio to minimize potential losses on individual investments and provide maximum security with the highest investment return.

### Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board as having five percent or more invested in the securities of a single issuer. The City places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer. The percentage of total investments is listed in the table above.

### NOTE 7 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility property located in the City. Property tax revenue received during 2022 for real and public utility property taxes represents collections of 2021 taxes. 2022 real property taxes are levied after October 1, 2022 on assessed value as of January 1, 2022, the lien date. Real property taxes which are levied in 2022 are collected in and intended to finance 2023. Assessed values are established by State law at 35 percent of the appraised market value.

Real property taxes are payable annually and semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits later payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenues received in 2022 represent the collection of 2021 taxes. Public utility property taxes received in 2022 became a lien on December 31, 2021, were levied after October 1, 2022, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentage of true value.

The County Treasurer collects property taxes on behalf of Fairfield County, including the City of Pickerington. The County Auditor periodically remits to the City its portion of the taxes collected. Property taxes receivable represents real and public utility property taxes and outstanding delinquencies which are measurable as of December 31, 2022 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. In governmental funds, the portion of the receivable not levied to finance 2022 operations is offset to deferred inflows of resources – property taxes. On the accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue while on the modified accrual basis the revenue has been reported as deferred inflows of resources – unavailable revenue.

The full tax rate for all City operations for the year ended December 31, 2022, was \$7.80 per \$1,000 of assessed value. The assessed values of real and public utility tangible personal property upon which 2022 property tax receipts were based are as follows:

	2022
Real Property/ Public Utiltiy Real	\$668,079,100
Public Utility Personal	4,433,280
Total Assessed Value	\$672,512,380

#### NOTE 8 - TAX ABATEMENT DISCLOSURES

As of December 31, 2022, the City provides tax abatements through The Community Reinvestment Area (CRA) Tax Abatement Program.

On June 19, 1984, pursuant to Ohio Revised Code Chapter 5709, the City established a Community Reinvestment Area to encourage revitalization of existing buildings and the construction of new structures including residential, commercial, and industrial improvements. CRA's established prior to July 1994 can have an exemption period up to 10 years for the remodeling of one and two family residential projects which invest at least \$2,500, 12 years for the remodeling of multi-family dwellings of three or more residential units or commercial or industrial properties where the investment is at least \$5,000, and 15 years for the new construction of residential, commercial and industrial structures. 100 percent of the value of the real improvements are exempt for Pre-1994 CRA's. Upon the completion of the real property improvements, the property owner must complete an application to the City's designated Housing Officer, the Economic Development Director. The Housing Officer must verify the costs and the elements of the application. If the exemption requirements are met, the Housing Officer shall provide the County Auditor a copy of the application and certify that the improvements are exempt pursuant to the CRA Program for the term designated in the City's CRA authorizing legislation. The Housing Officer is required to notify all Boards of Education affected by the exemption at least 14 days prior to certifying the property exempt to the County Auditor. Annually the Housing Officer must inspect the property and determine that the property has been maintained. The exemption may be revoked if the property has not been maintained. A pre-July, 1994 CRA authorizing legislation can only be amended twice after July 1994 and still continue operation under the pre-1994 laws. The City amended their CRA legislation on November 2, 2010, and April 19, 2011. No further amendments have been made; therefore the City's CRA still operates under pre-1994 laws.

Below is the information relevant to the disclosure of the CRA program for the year ended December 31, 2022.

	Amount of 2022
Tax Abatement Program	Taxes Abated

Community Reinvestment Area (CRA) Professional Buildings

\$46,038

2022

### NOTE 9 - INCOME TAX

The City levies a municipal income tax of one percent on substantially all income earned within the City. In addition, the residents of the City are required to pay income tax on income earned outside of the City; however, the City allows a credit for income taxes paid to another municipality equal to 50 percent of the amount obtained by multiplying the lower of the tax rate of such other municipality or of the City by the taxable income earned in or attributable to the municipality of employment.

Employers within the City are required to withhold income tax on employee compensation and remit the tax to the City quarterly. Corporations and other individual taxpayers are required to pay their estimated tax quarterly and file a declaration semi-annually. Income tax proceeds are used for general municipal operations, maintenance, new equipment, extension and enlargement of municipal services and facilities and capital improvements of the City of Pickerington. In 2022, the proceeds were receipted into the General Fund.

### NOTE 10 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at December 31, 2022, consisted primarily of taxes, payment in lieu of taxes, leases, intergovernmental receivables arising from grants, entitlements and shared revenues, interest on investments, and utility accounts. All receivables except property taxes and payment in lieu of taxes are expected to be received within one year. Property taxes, although ultimately collectible, include some portion of delinquencies that will not be collected within one year.

A summary of intergovernmental receivables follows:

Governmental Activities	
Homestead and Rollback	\$215,141
Local Government Subsidies	114,604
Gasoline Tax	576,916
Motor Vehicle License Tax	82,470
Other	622
Law Enforcement Assistance	140,914
Total Governmental Activities	\$1,130,667

#### Payment in Lieu of Taxes

Historically, the City has entered into Tax Increment Financing Agreements with various developers for the purpose of constructing several retail and commercial centers.

To encourage these improvements, the property owners are granted an exemption from paying real property taxes on the new construction; however, the property owner is required to make payments in lieu of taxes. Payment in lieu of taxes are made to Fairfield County and distributed to the City in an amount equal to the real property taxes that otherwise would have been due in that current year. These payments are being used to finance public improvements, payment in lieu of taxes are receipted into the appropriate Tax Increment Financing Fund for the area in which the improvements can be made, and will continue over ten to thirty years.

A receivable has been recorded in the Hill/Diley Roads Tax Increment Financing Capital Projects Fund in the amount of \$133,620 which represents the amount measurable at December 31, 2022. The City is not able to record a receivable for all future payments because the payments are based upon projected collections.

A receivable has been recorded in the SR 256 Municipal Public Improvement Tax Increment Financing Capital Projects Fund in the amount of \$12,102 which represents the amount measurable at December 31, 2022. The City is not able to record a receivable for all future payments because the payments are based upon projected collections.

As of December 31, 2022, the Equity Construction Tax Increment Financing Agreement remains outstanding. A receivable has been recorded in the Tax Increment Financing Agreement Equity Construction Capital Projects Fund in the amount of \$113,396 which represents amounts measurable at December 31, 2022.

On February 15, 2014, the City entered into a Tax Increment Financing Agreement with Ohio Health Corporation for the purpose of constructing a two-story, approximately 47,300 square foot medical office building with an ambulatory surgical center and adjacent parking containing approximately 189 parking spaces. A receivable has been recorded in the Ohio Health MOB Tax Increment Financing Capital Projects Fund in the amount of \$161,562, which represents amounts measurable at December 31, 2022.

As of December 31, 2022, the Courtright Municipal Tax Increment Financing Agreement remains outstanding. A receivable has been recorded in the Courtright Municipal Improvement Tax Increment Financing Capital Projects Fund in the amount of \$207,174.

The City established the Diley/Refugee Road Tax Increment Financing Fund to account for payments in lieu of taxes associated during 2022. The amount received at December 31, 2022 is \$360,498 and is considered the measurable amount.

### Lease Receivable

The revenues related to all leases, tenancy, or occupancy agreements and security deposits and guarantees are included in these financial statements. Lease revenue is accounted for by the straight-line method whereby such revenue is reflected over the period of the related leases. Revenue on these agreements is recognized when the lessees report the amounts owed, which approximates the period in which the revenue was earned.

The City leases cellular tower space to tenants under noncancelable operating leases with various terms contingent on the tenant. Management expects to negotiate and extend tenant leases once they have expired. The following is a schedule of estimated future minimum rentals under the current tenant lease terms:

Year Ending				
December 31,	 Principal Interest		 Total	
2023	\$ 80,124	\$	24,904	\$ 105,028
2024	80,110		23,718	103,828
2025	92,194		22,429	114,623
2026	95,759		21,065	116,824
2027	99,442		19,648	119,090
2028-2032	580,217		74,539	654,756
2033-2037	524,788		31,720	556,508
2038-2042	166,805		2,068	168,873
Total	\$ 1,719,439	\$	220,091	\$ 1,939,530

### NOTE 11 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2022, was as follows:

	Balance December 31, 2021	Additions	Reductions	Balance December 31, 2022
<b>Governmental Activities:</b>				
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets:				
Land	\$11,093,588	\$727,355	\$0	\$11,820,943
Construction in Progress	15,967,721	342,727	(840,391)	15,470,057
Total Non Depreciable				
Capital Assets	27,061,309	1,070,082	(840,391)	27,291,000
Depreciable Capital Assets:				
Land Improvements	3,974,081	80,927	(287,578)	3,767,430
Buildings	5,854,711	45,738	0	5,900,449
Equipment	2,446,976	553,081	0	3,000,057
Infrastructure	90,218,271	1,726,081	0	91,944,352
Vehicles	1,771,917	227,666	(65,340)	1,934,243
Total Depreciable Capital Assets	104,265,956	2,633,493	(352,918)	106,546,531
Accumulated Depreciation:				
Land Improvements	(1,804,137)	(82,696)	114,296	(1,772,537)
Buildings	(2,385,433)	(111,752)	0	(2,497,185)
Equipment	(1,617,750)	(261,884)	0	(1,879,634)
Infrastructure	(41,652,779)	(2,472,405)	0	(44,125,184)
Vehicles	(1,258,617)	(229,991)	65,340	(1,423,268)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(48,718,716)	(3,158,728) *	179,636	(51,697,808)
Total Depreciable				
Capital Assets, Net	55,547,240	(525,235)	(173,282)	54,848,723
Governmental Capital Assets, Net	\$82,608,549	\$544,847	(\$1,013,673)	\$82,139,723

During 2022, developers contributed \$1,807,008 in infrastructure and this amount is reflected within Capital Grants and Contributions on the Statement of Activities.

\*Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

<b>Governmental Activities:</b>	
General Government	\$58,743
Security of Persons and Property	334,991
Transportation	2,630,842
Leisure Time Activities	134,152
Total Depreciation Expense	\$3,158,728

# **City of Pickerington, Ohio** Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Balance December 31, 2021	Additions	Reductions	Balance December 31, 2022
<u>Business - Type Activities:</u>				
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets:				
Land	\$1,883,347	\$0	\$0	\$1,883,347
Construction in Progress	381,180	0	0	381,180
Total Non Depreciable				
Capital Assets	2,264,527	0	0	2,264,527
Depreciable Capital Assets:				
Land Improvements	1,137,969	45,542	(39,688)	1,143,823
Buildings	27,902,828	0	0	27,902,828
Equipment	5,735,533	0	0	5,735,533
Infrastructure	58,700,769	2,096,810	0	60,797,579
Vehicles	874,282	0	0	874,282
Total Depreciable Capital Assets	94,351,381	2,142,352	(39,688)	96,454,045
Accumulated Depreciation:				
Land Improvements	(313,491)	(43,347)	6,946	(349,892)
Buildings	(5,462,987)	(204,459)	0	(5,667,446)
Equipment	(3,847,299)	(158,579)	0	(4,005,878)
Infrastructure	(13,769,812)	(887,145)	0	(14,656,957)
Vehicles	(482,802)	(64,316)	0	(547,118)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(23,876,391)	(1,357,846)	6,946	(25,227,291)
Total Depreciable				
Capital Assets, Net	70,474,990	784,506	(32,742)	71,226,754
Business - Type Activities				
Capital Assets, Net	\$72,739,517	\$784,506	(\$32,742)	\$73,491,281

During 2022, developers contributed \$512,740, \$583,895, and \$1,000,175 in the form of water, sewer, and stormwater infrastructure, respectively.

### NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

The Statewide retirement systems provide both pension benefits and other postemployment benefits (OPEB).

#### Net Pension Liability/Net OPEB Liability (Asset)

The net pension liability (asset) and the net OPEB liability reported on the statement of net position represent liabilities to employees for pensions and OPEB, respectively. Pensions/OPEB are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions/OPEB are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) represents the City's proportionate share of each pension/OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments, and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the City's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The City cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, the City does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension and OPEB.

GASB 68/75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All pension contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits. In addition, health care plan enrollees pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the pension amortization period exceeds 30 years, each retirement system's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension/OPEB liability (asset). Resulting adjustments to the net pension/OPEB liability (asset) would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The Ohio revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a *net pension asset* or a long-term *net pension/OPEB liability/(asset)* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension/OPEB contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in *intergovernmental payable* on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting. The remainder of this note includes the required pension disclosures. See Note 13 for the required OPEB disclosures.

#### Plan Description - Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

Plan Description - City employees, other than full-time police officers, participate in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS administers three separate pension plans. The traditional pension plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The member-directed plan is a defined contribution plan and the combined plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit/defined contribution pension plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits, and annual cost of living adjustments to members of the traditional plan. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about OPERS' fiduciary net position that may be obtained by visiting <u>https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml</u>, by writing to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling 800-222-7377.

Senate Bill (SB) 343 was enacted into law with an effective date of January 7, 2013. In the legislation, members in the traditional and combined plans were categorized into three groups with varying provisions of the law applicable to each group. The following table provides age and service requirements for retirement

and the retirement formula applied to final average salary (FAS) for the three member groups under the traditional and combined plans as per the reduced benefits adopted by SB 343 (see OPERS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report referenced above for additional information, including requirements for reduced and unreduced benefits):

<b>Group A</b>	<b>Group B</b>	Group C
Eligible to retire prior to	20 years of service credit prior to	Members not in other Groups
January 7, 2013 or five years	January 7, 2013 or eligible to retire	and members hired on or after
after January 7, 2013	ten years after January 7, 2013	January 7, 2013
State and Local	State and Local	State and Local
Age and Service Requirements:	Age and Service Requirements:	Age and Service Requirements:
Age 60 with 60 months of service credit	Age 60 with 60 months of service credit	Age 57 with 25 years of service credit
or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	or Age 62 with 5 years of service credit
<ul> <li>Traditional Plan Formula:</li> <li>2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 30</li> <li>Combined Plan Formula:</li> <li>1% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 1.25% for service years in excess of 30</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Traditional Plan Formula:</li> <li>2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 30</li> <li>Combined Plan Formula:</li> <li>1% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 1.25% for service years in excess of 30</li> </ul>	Traditional Plan Formula: 2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 35 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 35 Combined Plan Formula: 1% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 35 years and 1.25% for service years in excess of 35

Final average Salary (FAS) represents the average of the three highest years of earnings over a member's career for Groups A and B. Group C is based on the average of the five highest years of earnings over a member's career.

Members who retire before meeting the age and years of service credit requirement for unreduced benefits receive a percentage reduction in the benefit amount. The initial amount of a member's pension benefit is vested upon receipt of the initial benefit payment for calculation of an annual cost-of-living adjustment.

When a traditional plan benefit recipient has received benefits for 12 months, an annual cost of living adjustment (COLA) is provided. This COLA is calculated on the base retirement benefit at the date of retirement and is not compounded. Members retiring under the combined plan receive a cost–of–living adjustment of the defined benefit portion of their pension benefit. For those retiring prior to January 7, 2013, the COLA will continue to be a 3 percent simple annual COLA. For those retiring subsequent to January 7, 2013, beginning in calendar year 2019, the COLA will be based on the average percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index, capped at 3 percent.

Defined contribution plan benefits are established in the plan documents, which may be amended by the Board. Member-directed plan and combined plan members who have met the retirement eligibility requirements may apply for retirement benefits. The amount available for defined contribution benefits in the combined plan consists of the member's contributions plus or minus the investment gains or losses resulting from the member's investment selections. The amount available for defined contribution benefits in the combined plan consists of the member's contributions plus or minus the investment gains or losses resulting from the member's investment selections. Combined plan members wishing to receive benefits must meet the requirements for both the defined benefit and defined contribution plans. Member-directed participants must have attained the age of 55, have money on deposit in the defined contribution plan and have terminated public service to apply for retirement benefits. The amount available for defined contribution benefits in the member-directed plan consists of the members' contributions, vested employer contributions and investment

gains or losses resulting from the members' investment selections. Employer contributions and associated investment earnings vest over a five-year period, at a rate of 20 percent each year. At retirement, members may select one of several distribution options for payment of the vested balance in their individual OPERS accounts. Options include the annuitization of the benefit (which includes joint and survivor options), partial lump-sum payments (subject to limitations), a rollover of the vested account balance to another financial institution, receipt of entire account balance, net of taxes withheld, or a combination of the sentit is reclassified to a defined benefit.

Beginning in 2022, the Combined Plan will be consolidated under the Traditional Pension Plan (defined benefit plan) and the Combined Plan option will no longer be available for new hires beginning in 2022.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

	State and Local			
2022 Statutory Maximum Contribution Rates				
Employer	14.0 %			
Employee *	10.0 %			
2022 Actual Contribution Rates				
Employer:				
Pension **	14.0 %			
Post-employment Health Care Benefits **	0.0			
Total Employer	14.0 %			
Employee	10.0 %			

\* Member contributions within the combined plan are not used to fund the defined benefit retirement allowance.

\*\* These pension and employer health care rates are for the traditional and combined plans. The employer contributions rate for the member-directed plan is allocated 4 percent for health care with the remainder going to pension.

Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. For 2022, the City's contractually required contribution was \$543,559 for the traditional plan and \$28,247 for the combined plan.

#### Plan Description - Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F)

Plan Description – City full-time police participate in the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F), a costsharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. OP&F provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by the Ohio State Legislature and are codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code. OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information and detailed information about OP&F fiduciary net position. That report may be obtained by visiting the OP&F website at <u>www.op-f-org</u> or by writing to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164. Upon attaining a qualifying age with sufficient years of service, a member of OP&F may retire and receive a lifetime monthly pension. OP&F offers four types of service retirement: normal, service commuted, age/service commuted and actuarially reduced. Each type has different eligibility guidelines and is calculated using the member's average annual salary. The following discussion of the pension formula relates to normal service retirement.

For members hired after July 1, 2013, the minimum retirement age is 52 for normal service retirement with at least 25 years of service credit. For members hired on or before after July 1, 2013, the minimum retirement age is 48 for normal service retirement with at least 25 years of service credit.

The annual pension benefit for normal service retirement is equal to a percentage of the allowable average annual salary. The percentage equals 2.5 percent for each of the first 20 years of service credit, 2.0 percent for each of the next five years of service credit, and 1.5 percent for each year of service credit in excess of 25 years. The maximum pension of 72 percent of the allowable average annual salary is paid after 33 years of service credit. (See OP&F Annual Comprehensive Financial Report referenced above for additional information, including requirements for Deferred Retirement Option Plan provisions and reduced and unreduced benefits.)

The COLA amount for members who have less than 15 years of service credit as of July 1, 2013, and members whose pension benefit became effective on or after July 1, 2013, will be equal to a percentage of the member's base pension benefit where the percentage is the lesser of 3.00% or the percentage increase in the consumer price index, if any, over the twelve-month period that ends on the thirtieth day of September of the immediately preceding year, rounded to the nearest one-tenth of one percent.

Members who retired prior to July 24, 1986, or their surviving beneficiaries under optional plans are entitled to cost-of-living allowance increases. The annual increase is paid on July 1st of each year. The annual COLA increase is \$360 under a Single Life Annuity Plan with proportional reductions for optional payment plans.

Funding Policy – The City has no firefighters. The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

	Police
2022 Statutory Maximum Contribution Rates	
Employer	19.50 %
Employee	12.25 %
2022 Actual Contribution Rates	
Employer:	
Pension	19.00 %
Post-employment Health Care Benefits	0.50
Total Employer	19.50 %
Employee	12.25 %

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The City's contractually required contribution to OP&F was \$613,181 for 2022. Of this amount, \$79,497 is reported as a liability.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability (asset) for OPERS was measured as of December 31, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. OP&F's total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2021, and was determined by rolling forward the total pension liability as of January 1, 2021, to December 31, 2021. The City's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) was based on the City's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense of the City's defined benefit pension plans:

	OPERS Traditional Plan	OPERS Combined Plan	OP&F	
Proportion of the Net Pension	Traditional Train			
Liability/Asset:				
Current Measurement Date	0.026291%	0.029868%	0.1103938%	
Prior Measurement Date	0.026793%	0.025843%	0.1075280%	
Change in Proportionate Share	-0.000502%	0.004025%	0.002866%	
				Total
Proportionate Share of the:			•	
Net Pension Liability	\$2,287,423	\$0	\$6,896,766	\$9,184,189
Net Pension (Asset)	0	(117,681)	0	(117,681)
Pension Expense	(514,072)	(12,050)	637,400	111,278

At December 31, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

# **City of Pickerington, Ohio** Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	OPERS Traditional Plan	OPERS Combined Plan	OP&F	Total
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>				
Differences between expected and				
actual experience	\$116,609	\$0	\$198,862	\$315,471
Changes of assumptions	286,040	5,914	1,260,433	1,552,387
City contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date	543,559	28,247	613,181	1,184,987
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$946,208	\$34,161	\$2,072,476	\$3,052,845
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>				
Differences between expected and				
actual experience	\$50,169	\$13,162	\$358,537	\$421,868
Net difference between projected				
and actual earnings on pension				
plan investments	2,720,807	25,229	1,808,226	4,554,262
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$2,770,976	\$38,391	\$2,166,763	\$4,976,130

\$1,184,987 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability or increase to the net pension asset in 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending December 31:	OPERS Traditional Plan	OPERS Combined Plan	OP&F	Total
2023	(\$359,860)	(\$7,736)	(\$12,631)	(\$380,227)
2024	(935,877)	(10,694)	(488,846)	(1,435,417)
2025	(639,770)	(7,013)	(196,389)	(843,172)
2026	(432,820)	(5,180)	(146,950)	(584,950)
2027	0	(684)	137,348	136,664
Thereafter	0	(1,170)	0	(1,170)
Total	(\$2,368,327)	(\$32,477)	(\$707,468)	(\$3,108,272)

# Actuarial Assumptions - OPERS

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the values of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review or modification as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation. The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2021, using the following actuarial assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement in accordance with the requirements of GASB 67. Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results, prepared as of December 31, 2021, are presented below.

Wage inflation	
Current measurement date	2.75%
Prior measurement date	3.25%
Future salary increases, including inflation	
Current measurement date	2.75% to 10.75% including wage inflation
Prior measurement date	3.25% to 10.75% including wage inflation
COLA or ad hoc COLA	
Current measurement date	Pre 1/7/2013 retirees: 3.00%, simple
	Post 1/7/2013 retirees: 3.00%, simple
	through 2022, then 2.05% simple
Prior measurement date	Pre 1/7/2013 retirees: 3.00%, simple
	Post 1/7/2013 retirees: 0.50%, simple
	through 2021, then 2.15% simple
Investment rate of return	
Current measurement date	6.90%
Prior measurement date	7.20%
Actuarial cost method	Individual entry age

In July 2021, the OPERS Board adopted a change in COLA for Post-January 7, 2013 retirees, changing it from 0.50% simple through 2021 then 2.15% simple to 3.00% simple through 2022 then 2.05% simple.

Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Employees mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year of 2006. The base year of 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates for disabled retirees are based on the RP-2014 Disabled mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2015 mortality improvement scale to all of the above described tables.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended December 31, 2020.

During 2021, OPERS managed investments in three investment portfolios: the Defined Benefit portfolio, the Health Care portfolio, and the Defined Contribution portfolio. The Defined Benefit portfolio contains the investment assets for the Traditional Pension Plan, the defined benefit component of the Combined Plan and the annuitized accounts of the Member-Directed Plan. Within the Defined Benefit portfolio, contributions into the plans are all recorded at the same time, and benefit payments all occur on the first of the month. Accordingly, the money-weighted rate of return is considered to be the same for all plans within the portfolio. The annual money-weighted rate of return expressing investment performance, net of investment expenses

and adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested, for the Defined Benefit portfolio was 15.3% for 2021.

The allocation of investment assets with the Defined Benefit portfolio is approved by the Board of Trustees as outlined in the annual investment plan. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the defined benefit pension plans. The long-term expected rate of return on defined benefit investment assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return were provided by the Board's investment consultant. For each major asset class that is included in the Defined Benefit portfolio's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2021, these best estimates are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return (Arithmetic)
Fixed income	24.00 %	1.03 %
Domestic equities	21.00	3.78
Real estate	11.00	3.66
Private equity	12.00	7.43
International equities	23.00	4.88
Risk parity	5.00	2.92
Other investments	4.00	2.85
Total	100.00 %	4.21 %

**Discount Rate** - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability/asset was 6.90%, postexperience study results, for the Traditional Pension Plan, the Combined Plan and Member-Directed Plan. The discount rate used to measure total pension liability prior to December 31, 2021 was 7.20%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefits payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments for the Traditional Pension Plan, Combined Plan and Member-Directed Plan was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability/Asset to Changes in the Discount **Rate** - The following table presents the proportionate share of the net pension liability/asset calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 6.90%, as well as what the proportionate share of the net pension liability/asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (5.90%) or one-percentage-point higher (7.90%) than the current rate:

# **City of Pickerington, Ohio** Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Current					
	10	% Decrease	Di	scount Rate	10	% Increase
City's proportionate share						
of the net pension liability (asset): Traditional Pension Plan	\$	6,030,892	\$	2,287,423	\$	(827,641)
Combined Plan	Φ	(87,812)	Ψ	(117,681)	ψ	(140,977)

### Actuarial Assumptions - OP&F

OP&F's total pension liability as of December 31, 2020, is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of January 1, 2021, and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The total pension liability is determined by OP&F's actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual valuation. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of reported amounts and assumptions about probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment mortality, salary increases, disabilities, retirements and employment terminations. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Assumptions considered were: withdrawal rates, disability retirement, service retirement, DROP elections, mortality, percent married and forms of the payment, DROP interest rate, CPI-based COLA, investment returns, salary increases and payroll growth.

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results, prepared as of January 1, 2022 are presented below.

Valuation date	1/1/20 with actuarial liabilities rolled forward to 12/31/20
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal (level percent of payroll)
Investment rate of return	
Current measurement date	7.50%
Prior measurement date	8.00%
Projected salary increases	3.75% - 10.50%
Payroll increases	3.25% per annum, compounded annually, consisting of
	inflation rate of 2.75% plus productivity increase rate of 0.50%
Cost of living adjustments	2.20% per year simple

Mortality for non-disabled participants is based on the RP-2014 Total Employee and Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables rolled back to 2006, adjusted according to the rates in the following table, and projected with the Conduent Modified 2016 Improvement Scale. Rates for surviving beneficiaries are adjusted by 120 percent.

Age	Police	
67 or less	77 %	6
68-77	105	
78 and up	115	

Mortality for disabled retirees is based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Tables rolled back to 2006, adjusted according to the rates in the following table, and projected with the Conduent Modified 2016 Improvement Scale.

Age	Police
59 or less	35 %
60-69	60
70-79	75
80 and up	100

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended December 31, 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in the Statement of Investment Policy. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expected. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted averaged of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes. Best estimates of the long-term expected geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in OP&F's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2021, are summarized below:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return **
13501 01055	mocation	Real Rate of Retain
Cash and Cash Equivalents	0.00 %	0.00 %
Domestic Equity	21.00	3.60
Non-US Equity	14.00	4.40
Private Markets	8.00	6.80
Core Fixed Income *	23.00	1.10
High Yield Fixed Income	7.00	3.00
Private Credit	5.00	4.50
U.S. Inflation		
Linked Bonds *	17.00	0.80
Midstream Energy Infrastructure	5.00	5.00
Real Assets	8.00	0.90
Gold	5.00	2.40
Private Real Estate	12.00	4.80
Total	125.00 %	
Note: assumptions are geometric.		

\* levered 2x

\*\* numbers include inflation

OP&F's Board of Trustees has incorporated the risk parity concept into OP&F's asset liability valuation with the goal of reducing equity risk exposure, which reduces overall Total Portfolio risk without sacrificing return, and creating a more risk-balanced portfolio based on their relationship between asset classes and economic environments. From the notional portfolio perspective above, the Total Portfolio may be levered up to 1.25 times due to the application of leverage in certain fixed income asset classes.

**Discount Rate** The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earning were calculated using the longer-term assumed investment rate of

return 8.00 percent. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, a long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.50 percent), or one percentage point higher (8.50 percent) than the current rate.

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
City's proportionate share			
of the net pension liability	\$10,476,661	\$6,896,766	\$5,055,942

## NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS

#### Plan Description - Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

Plan Description - The Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) administers three separate pension plans: the traditional pension plan, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan; the member-directed plan, a defined contribution plan; and the combined plan, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and defined contribution plan.

OPERS maintains a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment health care trust, which funds multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage and deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement to qualifying benefit recipients of both the traditional pension and the combined plans. This trust is also used to fund health care for member-directed plan participants, in the form of a Retiree Medical Account (RMA). At retirement or refund, member directed plan participants may be eligible for reimbursement of qualified medical expenses from their vested RMA balance.

In order to qualify for postemployment health care coverage, age and service retirees under the traditional pension and combined plans must have twenty or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit. Health care coverage for disability benefit recipients and qualified survivor benefit recipients is available. The health care coverage provided by OPERS meets the definition of an Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement 75. See OPERS' Annual Comprehensive Financial Report referenced below for additional information.

The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require OPERS to provide health care to its eligible benefit recipients. Authority to establish and amend health care coverage is provided to the Board in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code.

Disclosures for the health care plan are presented separately in the OPERS financial report. Interested parties may obtain a copy by visiting <u>https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml</u>, by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling (614) 222-5601 or 800-222-7377.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code provides the statutory authority requiring public employers to fund postemployment health care through their contributions to OPERS. When funding is approved by OPERS Board of Trustees, a portion of each employer's contribution to OPERS is set aside to fund OPERS health care plans. Beginning in 2018, health care was no longer being funded.

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of the earnable salary of active members. In 2021, state and local employers contributed at a rate of 14.0 percent of earnable salary. This is the maximum employer contribution rate permitted by the Ohio Revised Code. Active member contributions do not fund health care.

Each year, the OPERS Board determines the portion of the employer contribution rate that will be set aside to fund health care plans. As recommended by OPERS' actuary, beginning January 1, 2018, OPERS no longer allocated a portion of its employer contributions to health care for the traditional plan and the combined plan.

The OPERS Board is also authorized to establish rules for the retiree or their surviving beneficiaries to pay a portion of the health care provided. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected. The employer contribution as a percentage of covered payroll deposited into the RMA for participants in the Member-Directed Plan for 2021 was 4.0 percent. Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The City's contractually required contribution was \$0 for 2022.

#### Plan Description - Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F)

Plan Description – The City contributes to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F) sponsored healthcare program, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined post-employment healthcare plan administered by a third-party provider. This program is not guaranteed and is subject to change at any time upon action of the Board of Trustees. On January 1, 2019, OP&F implemented a new model for health care. Under this new model, OP&F provides eligible retirees with a fixed stipend earmarked to pay for health care and Medicare Part B reimbursements.

A retiree is eligible for the OP&F health care stipend unless they have access to any other group coverage including employer and retirement coverage. The eligibility of spouses and dependent children could increase the stipend amount. If the spouse or dependents have access to any other group coverage including employer or retirement coverage, they are not eligible for stipend support from OP&F. Even if an OP&F member or their dependents are not eligible for a stipend, they can use the services of the third-party administrator to select and enroll in a plan. The stipend provided by OP&F meets the definition of an Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75. The Ohio Revised Code allows, but does not mandate, OP&F to provide OPEB benefits. Authority for the OP&F Board of Trustees to provide health care coverage to eligible participants and to establish and amend benefits is codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code.

OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information for the plan. The report may be obtained by visiting the OP&F website at <u>www.op-f.org</u> or by writing to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164.

Funding Policy – The Ohio Revised Code provides for contribution requirements of the participating employers and of plan members to the OP&F defined benefit pension plan. Participating employers are required to contribute to the pension plan at rates expressed as percentages of the payroll of active pension plan members, currently 19.5 percent of covered payroll for police employer units. The Ohio Revised Code states that the employer contribution may not exceed 19.5 percent of covered payroll for the police employer unit. Active members do not make contributions to the OPEB Plan.

The Board of Trustees is authorized to allocate a portion of the total employer contributions for retiree health care benefits. For 2021, the portion of employer contributions allocated to health care was 0.5 percent of covered payroll. The amount of employer contributions allocated to the health care plan each year is subject to the Trustees' primary responsibility to ensure that pension benefits are adequately funded.

The OP&F Board of Trustees is also authorized to establish requirements for contributions to the health care plan by retirees and their eligible dependents or their surviving beneficiaries. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected.

The City's contractually required contribution to OP&F was \$16,173 for 2022. Of this amount, \$2,099 is reported as a liability.

# OPEB Liabilities/(Assets), OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liability/(asset) and total OPEB liability for OPERS were determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2020, rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2021, by incorporating the expected value of health care cost accruals, the actual health care payment, and interest accruals during the year. OP&F's total OPEB liability was measured as of December 31, 2021, and was determined by rolling forward the total OPEB liability as of January 1, 2021, to December 31, 2021. The City's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the City's share of contributions to the retirement plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities:

	OPERS	OP&F	
Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability:			
Current Measurement Date	0.0267230%	0.110394%	
Prior Measurement Date	0.0265880%	0.107528%	
Change in Proportionate Share	0.000135%	0.002866%	
			Total
Proportionate Share of the Net			
Pension Liability/(Asset)	(\$837,005)	\$1,210,011	\$373,006
OPEB Expense	(\$727,388)	\$45,321	(\$682,067)

At December 31, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

# City of Pickerington, Ohio

# Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	OPERS	OP&F	Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$0	\$55,045	\$55,045
Changes of assumptions	0	535,588	535,588
City contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date	0	16,173	16,173
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$0	\$606,806	\$606,806
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$126,961	\$159,920	\$286,881
Changes of assumptions	338,810	140,536	479,346
Net difference between projected and			
actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	384,595	109,304	493,899
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$850,366	\$409,760	\$1,260,126

\$16,173 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability/(asset) in 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	OPERS	OP&F	Total
Year Ending December 31:			
2023	(\$534,832)	\$47,737	(\$487,095)
2024	(185,473)	31,513	(153,960)
2025	(87,184)	37,538	(49,646)
2026	(42,877)	11,363	(31,514)
2027	0	26,634	26,634
Thereafter	0	26,088	26,088
Total	(\$850,366)	\$180,873	(\$669,493)

## Actuarial Assumptions - OPERS

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the values of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review or modification as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of health care costs for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of coverage provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of costs between OPERS and plan members. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2020, rolled forward to the

measurement date of December 31, 2021. The actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions applied to all prior periods included in the measurement in accordance with the requirements of GASB 74:

Wage Inflation	
Current measurement date	2.75%
Prior Measurement date	3.25%
Projected Salary Increases,	
including inflation	
Current measurement date	2.75 to 10.75%
	including wage inflation
Prior Measurement date	3.25 to 10.75%
	including wage inflation
Future Salary Increases, including infl	
Single Discount Rate:	
Current measurement date	6.00%
Prior Measurement date	6.00%
Investment Rate of Return	
Current measurement date	6.00%
Prior Measurement date	6.00%
Municipal Bond Rate	
Current measurement date	1.84%
Prior Measurement date	2.00%
Health Care Cost Trend Rate	
Current measurement date	5.50% initial,
	3.50% ultimate in 2034
Prior Measurement date	8.50% initial,
	3.50% ultimate in 2035
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age Normal

Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on 130% of the Pub-2010 General Employee Mortality tables (males and females) for State and Local Government divisions and 170% of the Pub-2010 Safety Employee Mortality tables (males and females) for the Public Safety and Law Enforcement divisions. Post-retirement mortality rates are based on 115% of the PubG-2010 Retiree Mortality Tables (males and females) for all divisions. Post-retirement mortality rates for disabled retirees are based on the PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree Mortality Tables (males and females) for all divisions. For all of the previously described tables, the base year is 2010 and mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2020 mortality improvement scales (males and females) to all of these tables.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended December 31, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on health care investment assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected real rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation.

During 2021, OPERS managed investments in three investment portfolios: the Defined Benefit portfolio, the Health Care portfolio and the Defined Contribution portfolio. The Health Care portfolio includes the assets for health care expenses for the Traditional Pension Plan, Combined Plan and Member-Directed Plan eligible

members. Within the Health Care portfolio, if any contribution are made into the plans, the contributions are assumed to be received continuously throughout the year based on the actual payroll payable at the time contributions are made. Health care-related payments are assumed to occur mid-year. Accordingly, the money-weighted rate of return is considered to be the same for all plans within the portfolio. The annual money-weighted rate of return expressing investment performance, net of investment expenses and adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested, for the Health Care portfolio was 14.3% for 2021.

The allocation of investment assets within the Health Care portfolio is approved by the Board of Trustees as outlined in the annual investment plan. Assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of continuing to offer a sustainable health care program for current and future retirees. OPERS' primary goal is to achieve and maintain a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the defined pension plans. Health care is a discretionary benefit. The long-term expected rate of return on health care investment assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected real rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation.

For each major asset class that is included in the Health Care's portfolios target asset allocation as of December 31, 2021, these best estimates are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return (Arithmetic)
Fixed Income	34.00 %	0.91 %
Domestic Equities	25.00	3.78
Real Estate Investment Trust	7.00	3.71
International Equities	25.00	4.88
Risk parity	2.00	2.92
Other investments	7.00	1.93
Total	100.00 %	3.45 %

**Discount Rate** - A single discount rate of 6.00% was used to measure the total OPEB liability on the measurement date of December 31, 2021. A single discount rate of 6.00% was used to measure the total OPEB liability on the measurement date of December 31, 2021. Projected benefit payments are required to be discounted to their actuarial present value using a single discount rate that reflects (1) a long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments (to the extent that the health care fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and (2) a tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate are not met). This single discount rate was based on the actuarial assumed rate of return on the health care investment portfolio of 6.00% and a municipal bond rate of 1.84%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate. Based on these assumptions, the health care fiduciary net position and future contributions were sufficient to finance health care costs through the year 2121. As a result, the actuarial assumed long-term expected rate of return on health care investments was applied to projected costs through the year 2121, the duration of the projection period through which projected health care payments are fully funded.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following table presents the proportionate share of the net OPEB asset calculated using the single discount rate of 6.00%, as well as what the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (5.00%) or one-percentage-point higher (7.00%) than the current rate:

		Current			
	1%	6 Decrease	Dis	scount Rate	1% Increase
City's proportionate share					
of the net OPEB (asset)	\$	(492,238)	\$	(837,005)	\$ (1,123,168)

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rate - Changes in the health care cost trend rate may also have a significant impact on the net OPEB asset. The following table presents the net OPEB asset calculated using the assumed trend rates, and the expected net OPEB asset if it were calculated using a health care cost trend rate that is 1.00% lower or 1.00% higher than the current rate.

Retiree health care valuations use a health care cost-trend assumption that changes over several years built into the assumption. The near-term rates reflect increases in the current cost of health care; the trend starting in 2022 is 5.50%. If this trend continues for future years, the projection indicates that years from now virtually all expenditures will be for health care. A more reasonable alternative is that in the not-too-distant future, the health plan cost trend will decrease to a level at, or near, wage inflation. On this basis, the actuaries project premium rate increases will continue to exceed wage inflation for approximately the next decade, but by less each year, until leveling off at an ultimate rate, assumed to be 3.50% in the most recent valuation.

			Cu	rrent Health		
		Care Trend Rate				
	1%	6 Decrease	Α	ssumption	1	% Increase
City's proportionate share						
of the net OPEB (asset)	\$	(846,050)	\$	(837,005)	\$	(826,275)

#### Actuarial Assumptions - OP&F

OP&F's total OPEB liability as of December 31, 2021, is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of January 1, 2021, and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The total OPEB liability is determined by OP&F's actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual valuation. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, salary increases, disabilities, retirements and employment terminations. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results, are presented below.

Valuation Date	January 1, 2020, with actuarial liabilities rolled forward to December 31, 2020
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal (Level Percent of Payroll)
Investment Rate of Return	
Current measurement date	7.50%
Prior measurement date	8.00%
Projected Salary Increases	3.75% to 10.50%
Payroll Growth	3.25%
Single discount rate:	
Current measurement date	2.84%
Prior measurement date	2.96%
Cost of Living Adjustments	2.20% simple per year

Mortality for non-disabled participants is based on the RP-2014 Total Employee and Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables rolled back to 2006, adjusted according to the rates in the following table, and projected with the Conduent Modified 2016 Improvement Scale. Rates for surviving beneficiaries are adjusted by 120 percent.

Age	Police
67 or less	77 %
68-77	105
78 and up	115

Mortality for disabled retirees is based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Tables rolled back to 2006, adjusted according to the rates in the following table, and projected with the Conduent Modified 2016 Improvement Scale.

Age	Police		
59 or less	35 %		
60-69	60		
70-79	75		
80 and up	100		

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended December 31, 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in the Statement of Investment Policy. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expected. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has

been determined by calculating a weighted averaged of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes.

Best estimates of the long-term expected geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in OP&F's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2021, are summarized below:

	Target	Long Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return **
Cash and Cash Equivalents	0.00 %	0.00 %
Domestic Equity	21.00	3.60
Non-US Equity	14.00	4.40
Private Markets	8.00	6.80
Core Fixed Income *	23.00	1.10
High Yield Fixed Income	7.00	3.00
Private Credit	5.00	4.50
U.S. Inflation		
Linked Bonds *	17.00	0.80
Midstream Energy Infrastructure	5.00	5.00
Real Assets	8.00	5.90
Gold	5.00	2.40
Private Real Estate	12.00	4.80
Total	125.00 %	
Note: assumptions are geometric.		

\* levered 2.5x

\*\* numbers include inflation

OP&F's Board of Trustees has incorporated the risk parity concept into OP&F's asset liability valuation with the goal of reducing equity risk exposure, which reduces overall Total Portfolio risk without sacrificing return, and creating a more risk-balanced portfolio based on their relationship between asset classes and economic environments. From the notional portfolio perspective above, the Total Portfolio may be levered up to 1.25 times due to the application of leverage in certain fixed income asset classes.

**Discount Rate** - For 2021, the total OPEB liability was calculated using the discount rate of 2.84%. For 2020, the total OPEB liability was calculated using the discount rate of 2.96%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contribution from employers and from members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the longer-term assumed investment rate of return of 7.50%. Based on those assumptions, OP&F's fiduciary net position was projected to not be able to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, a municipal bond rate of 2.05% at December 31, 2021 and 2.12% at December 31, 2020, was blended with the long-term rate of 7.50%. Based on those assumptions, OP&F's fiduciary net position was projected to not be able to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, a municipal bond rate of 2.05% at December 31, 2021 and 2.12% at December 31, 2020, was blended with the long-term rate of 7.50%. Based on those assumptions, OP&F's fiduciary net position was projected to not be able to make all future benefit payment of current plan members. Therefore, a municipal bond rate of 2.05% at December 31, 2021 and 2.12% at December 31, 2020 was blended with the long-term rate of 7.50%, which resulted in a blended discount rate of 2.84%.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate -Net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 2.84%, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (1.84%), or one percentage point higher (3.84%) than the current rate.

		Current				
	19	% Decrease	Di	scount Rate	1%	6 Increase
City's proportionate share						
of the net OPEB liability	\$	1,521,011	\$	1,210,011	\$	954,369

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rate - The total OPEB liability is based on a medical benefit that is a flat dollar amount; therefore, it is unaffected by a health care cost trend rate. An increase or decrease in the trend rate would have no effect on the total OPEB liability.

## NOTE 14 - OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

#### Compensated Absences

Vacation leave is earned at varying rates based upon length of service. A maximum number of vacation hours may be accumulated based on length of service. Any unused vacation exceeding the maximum allowance is eliminated from the employee's leave balance. At the time of termination of employment or death, an employee (or his estate) is paid for his unused vacation leave.

City employees, except Police Officers, earn sick leave at the rate of three and one tenths hours per eighty hours of service and can be accumulated without limit. Police Officers earn sick leave at the rate of four hours per eighty hours of service and can be accumulated without limit. In the case of death or retirement all employees, except Police Officers, hired prior to July 1, 2012, who have ten years of service, are paid fifty percent of their accumulated sick leave up to a maximum payment equal to seventy-five days. In the case of death or retirement all employees, except Police Officers, hired on or after July 1, 2012, who have ten years of service, are paid twenty-five percent of their accumulated sick leave up to a maximum payment equal to thirty-seven and a half days. In the case of death all Police Officers shall be paid a lump sum of all unused sick leave to his or her surviving spouse or estate. In the case of retirement Police Officers hired prior to January 1, 2013, who have ten or more years of service, are paid fifty percent of their accumulated sick leave up to a maximum of payment equal to seventy-five days. In the case of retirement Police Officers hired on or after January 1, 2013, who have ten or more years of service, are paid twenty-five percent of their accumulated sick leave up to a maximum of payment equal to seventy-five days. In the case of retirement Police Officers hired on or after January 1, 2013, who have ten or more years of service, are paid twenty-five percent of their accumulated sick leave up to a maximum of payment equal to seventy-five days. In the case of service, are paid twenty-five percent of their accumulated sick leave up to a maximum of payment equal to seventy-five days. In the case of retirement Police Officers hired on or after January 1, 2013, who have ten or more years of service, are paid twenty-five percent of their accumulated sick leave up to a maximum payment equal to thirty-seven and a half days.

After sixty or more days have been accumulated, City employees, except Police Officers, are eligible to sell back sick leave at one-third of their current hourly rate, retaining not less than sixty days accumulation. The maximum annual sell back for City employees, except Police Officers, is thirty days. After seventy-five or more days have been accumulated Police Officers are eligible to sell back one-third of their annual accrued sick leave at their current hourly rate, retaining not less than seventy days accumulation. Police Officers expecting to retire in three years or less may sell back their accrued sick leave over forty-five days at one-fourth their current hourly rate. The formula depends on the number of sick days taken in the preceding calendar year.

## Insurance Options

The City provides health and major medical insurance for all eligible employees through Anthem Blue Cross Blue Shield. The City also provides prescription drug insurance to its employees through the same insurance carrier. The City offers dental coverage through Superior Dental, life insurance coverage through The Hartford, and vision coverage through the Vision Service Plan, Inc.

## NOTE 15 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During 2022, the City contracted with CORMA for the following insurance coverages:

*This space intentionally left blank.* 

## **City of Pickerington, Ohio** Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Coverage	Limit of Insurance	Deductible
Property Insurance	\$100,000,000	\$200,000
Inland Marine		
Earthquake, Volcanic Eruption, Landslide and Mine Subsidence	25,000,000	100,000
Flood	10,000,000	200,000
Contractors Equipment	23,563,309	25,000
Electronic Data Processing Data and Media	200,000,000	25,000
Business Income with Extra Expense	5,000,000	200,000
Boiler and Machinery	100,000,000	100,000
Commercial Umbrella Liability		
Aggregate Limit	15,000,000	n/a
Each Claim Limit	15,000,000	n/a
Commercial General Liability:	, ,	
Aggregate Limit	2,000,000	150,000
Each Claim Limit	1,000,000	150,000
Commercial Auto Coverage:	, ,	,
Liability	1,000,000	150,000
Comprehensive Limit	Actual Cash Value	50,000
Collision Limit	Actual Cash Value	50,000
Professional Liability Coverage		
Public Officials Liability		
Per Occurance	1,000,000	150,000
Aggregate	1,000,000	150,000
Law Enforcement Liability	, ,	,
Per Occurance	1,000,000	150,000
Aggregate	1,000,000	150,000
Commercial Crime Policy		
Employee Theft-Per Loss Coverage	1,000,000	25,000
Forgery Alterations	500,000	25,000
Computer Fraud	500,000	25,000
Funds Transfer Fraud	500,000	25,000
Cyber Liability Policy	,	- )
Cyber Extortion	1,000,000	5,000
Security and Privacy Liability Insurance	1,000,000	5,000
Regulatory Action Sublimit of Liability	1,000,000	5,000
Event Management Insurance	1,000,000	5,000
	1,000,000	2,000

Settlements have not exceeded coverage in any of the last three years.

Any member may withdraw from CORMA at any term anniversary date upon ninety days prior written notice. Such notice shall be addressed to the President of CORMA and shall be accompanied by a resolution or ordinance of the governing body of the member determining to withdraw. Upon withdraw from CORMA the City would have no further obligation.

The City participates in the Ohio Municipal League Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (the Program), an insurance purchasing pool (see Note 21). The Program is intended to achieve lower workers' compensation rates while establishing safer working conditions and environments for the participants. The

workers' compensation experience of the participating municipalities is calculated as one experience in order to create a lower workers' compensation premium rate. Each municipality pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the Program rather than the municipality's individual rate.

In order to allocate the savings derived by the formation of the Program, and to maximize the number of participants in the Program, annual calculations are made of the total savings accrued to the Program through its formation. This savings is then compared to the overall savings percentage of the Program. Collections of rate contributions from or payments of rate equalization rebates to the various participants are then made. Participation in the Program is limited to municipalities that can meet the Program's selection criteria. The firm of Gates McDonald & Company performs claims administration, actuarial cost control, and consulting services for participants. Each year the City pays an enrollment fee to the Program to cover the costs of administering the program.

#### NOTE 16 - CAPITAL LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE

The City has outstanding capital leases for dump trucks and a street sweeper. Each lease meets the criteria of a capital lease as defined as transferring benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee. Capital lease payments are reflected as debt service expenditures in the basic financial statements for governmental funds.

A dump truck and street sweeper acquired by lease has been capitalized in the government-wide statements governmental activities in the amount of \$396,415 and business-type activities in the amount of \$288,375, which is equal to the present value of the future minimum lease payments at the time of acquisition.

A corresponding liability for all capitalized assets, was recorded in the government-wide statements for governmental activities and business-type activities; respectively. Governmental and business-type activities capitalized leased assets are reflected net of accumulated depreciation. Principal payments toward governmental activities capital leases during 2022 totaled \$25,693. Principal payments toward business-type activities capital leases during 2022 totaled \$51,406. The following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments at December 31, 2022 for governmental and business-type activities:

	Government	Governmental Activities		Activities
Year	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2023	\$26,492	\$1,673	\$53,020	\$3,382
2024	27,312	853	54,685	1,717
Total	\$53,804	\$2,526	\$107,705	\$5,099

## NOTE 17 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Changes in the City's long-term obligations during 2022 consist of the following:

	Outstanding			Outstanding	Amounts Due Within
Governmental Activities:	12/31/2021	Additions	Reductions	12/31/2022	One Year
General Obligation Bonds: Street Improvement Advance Refunding Bonds 2012 - \$1,045,000					
Serial Bonds - 2.0%-2.25%	\$330,000	\$0	\$110,000	\$220,000	\$110,000
Unamortized Premium on Serial Bonds	9,657	0	3,219	6,438	0
Various Purpose General Obligation Bonds 2012 - \$5,660,000					
Police Facility Serial Bonds - 2.0% Courtight Road Street Improvement	295,000	0	295,000	0	0
Serial Bonds - 2.0%-2.5%	550,000	0	105,000	445,000	110,000
Windmiller/Diley TIF Serial Bonds - 2.0%-2.5%	315,000	0	60,000	255,000	60,000
Windmiller/Diley TIF Term Bonds - 2.5% - 3.0%	440,000	0	0	440,000	0
Real Estate Acquisition Serial Bonds - 2.0% - 2.5%	75,000	0	15,000	60,000	15,000
Real Estate Acquisition Term Bonds - 2.5% - 3.0%	100,000	0	0	100,000	0
Unamortized Premium on Serial and Term Bonds	105,103	0	9,554	95,549	0
Street Improvement General Obligation Bonds 2019 - \$4,440,000					
Serial Bonds - 3.0%-4.0%	1,795,000	0	175,000	1,620,000	180,000
Term Bonds - 3.3%	2,090,000	0	0	2,090,000	0
Unamortized Premium on Serial and Term Bonds	91,639	0	5,390	86,249	0
2021 Street Improvement Bonds <i>(Direct Placement)</i> 2021 - \$2,935,000 Serial Bonds - 1.47%	2,935,000	0	250,000	2,685,000	250,000
Total General Obligation Bonds	9,131,399	0	1,028,163	8,103,236	725,000
<u>Net Pension Liability:</u> OPERS OP&F	2,499,500 7,330,280	0 0	1,081,298 433,514	1,418,202 6,896,766	0 0
Total Net Pension Liability	\$9,829,780	\$0	\$1,514,812	\$8,314,968	\$0
•					

(continued)

## **City of Pickerington, Ohio** Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

(continued)	Outstanding 12/31/21	Additions	Reductions	Outstanding 12/31/22	Amounts Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:	12,51,21	ridditions	Iteductions	12/01/22	
<u>Net OPEB Liability</u> OP&F	\$1,139,277	\$70,734	\$0	\$1,210,011	\$0
Total Net OPEB Liability	1,139,277	70,734	0	1,210,011	0
Compensated Absences	854,493	202,312	117,272	939,533	329,803
Capital Leases Payable	79,497	0	25,693	53,804	26,492
Total Governmental Activities	\$21,034,446	\$273,046	\$2,685,940	\$18,621,552	\$1,081,295
Business-Type Activities:					
<u>General Obligation Bonds:</u> Sanitary Sewer Current Refunding Bonds 2011 - \$1,955,000 Term Bonds - 2.8%-3.5% Unamortized Premium on Serial Bonds	\$350,000 3,350	\$0 0	\$170,000 1,674	\$180,000 1,676	\$180,000 1,676
Various Purpose General Obligation Bonds 2012 - \$2,410,000 - Water Serial Bonds - 2.0%-2.5% Term Bonds - 2.5%-3.0% Unamortized Premium on Serial and Term Bonds	610,000 850,000 37,769	0 0 0	115,000 0 3,434	495,000 850,000 34,335	120,000 0 0
Total General Obligation Bonds	1,851,119	0	290,108	1,561,011	301,676
OWDA Loans from direct borrowings: 2008 - OWDA Sewer Loan \$10,973,040 - 3.30%	5,828,584	0	566,124	5,262,460	584,960
Total OWDA Loans from direct borrowings	5,828,584	0	566,124	5,262,460	584,960
<u>Net Pension Liability - OPERS</u> Water Sewer Stormwater	634,794 634,794 198,372	0 0 0	268,806 268,806 61,127	365,988 365,988 137,245	0 0 0
Total Net Pension Liability - OPERS	1,467,960	0	598,739	869,221	0
Compensated Absences Payable	198,718	38,914	20,948	216,684	111,689
Capital Leases Payable	159,111	0	51,406	107,705	53,020
Total Business-Type Activities	\$9,505,492	\$38,914	\$1,527,325	\$8,017,081	\$1,051,345

#### **Governmental Activities:**

#### **General Obligation Bonds**

On November 21, 2012, the City issued \$1,045,000 in street improvement general obligation advance refunding bonds to partially advance refund the 2004 street improvement general obligation serial bonds. The \$1,045,000 general obligation advance refunding bonds were issued for a twelve year period with a final maturity at December 1, 2024. The \$1,045,000 bond issue consists of serial bonds which were issued at a premium in the amount of \$38,621. The amount of premium amortized during 2022 was \$3,219. Issuance costs associated with the bond issue were \$21,441. The partial advance refunding resulted in a difference between the net carrying amount of the debt and the acquisition price, in the amount of \$105,099.

On November 21, 2012, the date of the refunding, \$1,085,273 was deposited in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the partially advance refunded 2004 street improvement general obligation serial bonds. As all of the legal steps had been taken to refund the debt, the balance of the outstanding bonds refunded was removed from the City's financial statements. On December 1, 2014, the debt was called, paid in full, and the escrow account was closed.

	2012 Street Improvement General Obligation Advance Refunding Bonds			
Year	Principal	Interest	Total	
2023	\$110,000	\$4,950	\$114,950	
2024	110,000	2,475	112,475	
Total	\$220,000	\$7,425	\$227,425	

General obligation bonded debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

On November 21, 2012, the City issued \$8,070,000 in various purpose general obligation bonds. The various purpose general obligation bonds issued include \$5,660,000 in governmental general obligation bonds and \$2,410,000 in business-type general obligation bonds. The business-type activity is addressed below in the business-type activity section of this note.

The various purpose general obligation bonds include the following: \$2,715,000 of these various purpose general obligation bonds was issued to refinance the 2002 police facilities lease for the purpose of acquiring, constructing, equipping, and furnishing a police building. \$1,405,000 of these various purpose general obligation bonds was issued to retire the Courtright Road street improvement bond anticipation notes for the purpose of constructing street improvements known as the Courtright Road realignment and sidewalks, curbs and gutters, and other street improvements in the downtown area of the City. \$1,245,000 of these various purpose general obligation bonds include both serial and term bonds originally issued in the amount of \$805,000 and \$440,000, respectively. The \$1,245,000 various purpose general obligation bonds was issued to retire the TIF Windmiller/Diley Road revenue anticipation notes for the purpose of street improvements in the Windmiller/ Diley Road areas including constructing turn lane improvements for State Route 256 to establish an exit point for the realignment of Diley Road. \$295,000 of these various purpose general obligation bonds include both serial and term bonds originally issued in the amount of \$195,000 and \$195,000 and \$195,000 and \$195,000 and \$200 and \$2

\$100,000, respectively. The \$295,000 various purpose general obligation bonds were issued to retire the Real Estate Acquisition bond anticipation notes for the purpose of acquiring real property for the City.

The \$5,660,000 various purpose general obligation bonds were sold at a premium of \$191,089 that is being amortized over the term of the bonds. The amount of premium amortized during 2022 was \$9,554. Issuance costs associated with the bond issue were \$103,716.

General obligation bonded debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

	2012 Various Purpose General Obligation Bonds			
Year	Principal	Interest	Total	
2023	\$185,000	\$32,975	\$217,975	
2024	190,000	28,813	218,813	
2025	190,000	24,538	214,538	
2026	195,000	19,788	214,788	
2027	85,000	14,913	99,913	
2028-2032	455,000	40,477	495,477	
Total	\$1,300,000	\$161,504	\$1,461,504	

The various purpose general obligation bonds maturing on December 1, 2028, 2030, and 2032 are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a redemption price of 100 percent of the principal amount to be redeemed, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption, on December 1 in the years and in the respective principal amounts as follows:

	Issue			
Year	\$435,000	\$455,000	\$500,000	
2027	\$215,000	\$0	\$0	
2029	0	225,000	0	
2031	0	0	250,000	
Total mandatory sinking fund payments	215,000	225,000	250,000	
Amount due at stated maturity	220,000	230,000	250,000	
Total	\$435,000	\$455,000	\$500,000	
Stated Maturity	12/1/2028	12/1/2030	12/1/2032	

The bonds maturing on and after December 1, 2023, are subject to optional redemption, at the option of the City, in whole or in part in such order of maturity as the City shall determine, in integral multiples of \$5,000 and by lot within a maturity, on any date commencing December 1, 2022, at the redemption price of 100 percent of the principal amount to be redeemed, plus accrued interest to the redemption date.

On January 3, 2013, the City issued \$4,740,000 in street improvement general obligation refunding bonds to refund the 2005 State Infrastructure Bank Loan. The \$4,740,000 were issued for a twenty year period with a

final maturity at December 1, 2032. The \$4,740,000 were issued at a premium in the amount of \$226,032. The amount of premium amortized during 2020 was \$11,302. Issuance costs associated with the bond issuance were \$59,840. In 2015, the City would have been required to make a balloon payment in the amount of \$3,608,277; therefore, the City refinanced the debt by issuing a twenty year bond. The issuance resulted in an increase in total debt service by \$931,274, these payments will be spread over the next twenty years rather than over the next two years. The issuance resulted in a total economic gain of \$40,198.

During 2022, these bonds were refunded by the issuance of the 2021 street refunding bonds in the amount of \$2,935,000 which included the premium expense of \$135,616.

On January 29, 2019, the City issued \$4,400,000 in street improvement general obligation bonds to retire the \$4,400,000 in 2018 street improvement general obligation bond anticipation notes. The \$4,400,000 street improvement general obligation bonds were issued for a twenty year period with a final maturity at December 1, 2038. The \$4,400,000 street improvement general obligation bonds were issued at a premium in the amount of \$107,809. The amount of premium amortized during 2019 was \$5,390. Issuance costs associated with the bond issuance were \$107,809. The 2018 street improvement general obligation bond anticipation notes were issued for the purpose of paying the costs to design, construct, improve, and widen Refugee Road; improve and widen the intersection of Refugee Road and State Route 256 including but not limited to the construction and addition of thru lanes and turn lanes; and design, improve, and construct the intersection of Refugee Road and Stonecreek Drive South extension including but not limited to the construction of thru lanes and curbs related thereto, the acquisition of right-of-way, landscaping, and other necessary street improvements. The street improvement general obligation bonds include both serial and term bonds originally issued in the amount of \$2,310,000 and \$2,090,000, respectively.

	2019 Street Improvement General Obligation Refunding Bonds			
Year	Principal	Interest	Total	
2023	\$180,000	\$121,470	\$301,470	
2024	185,000	116,070	301,070	
2025	190,000	110,520	300,520	
2026	200,000	102,920	302,920	
2027	205,000	94,920	299,920	
2028-2032	1,135,000	376,995	1,511,995	
2033-2037	1,325,000	181,665	1,506,665	
2038	290,000	9,570	299,570	
Total	\$3,710,000	\$1,114,130	\$4,824,130	

General obligation bonded debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

The bonds maturing on December 1, 2038, are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption in part by lot pursuant to the terms of the mandatory sinking fund redemption requirements of the authorizing legislation, at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount redeemed, plus interest accrued to the redemption date, on December 1 of the years shown in, and according to, the following schedule:

Year	Amount		
2031	\$235,000		
2032	240,000		
2033	250,000		
2034	255,000		
2035	265,000		
2036-2038	845,000		
Total	\$2,090,000		

Term bonds redeemed by other than mandatory redemption, or purchased for cancellation, may be credited against the applicable mandatory redemption requirement for the corresponding term bonds. The bonds maturing on or after December 1, 2027, are also subject to prior redemption, by and at the sole option of the City, either in whole or in part (as selected by the City) on any date on or after June 1, 2027, in integral multiples of \$5,000, at par plus, in each case, accrued interest to the redemption date.

On January 16, 2021, the City issued \$2,935,000 in street improvement refunding general obligation bonds to retire the \$4,470,000 2013 street improvement refunding general obligation bonds. The \$2,935,000 street improvement refunding general obligation bonds were issued for a ten year period with a final maturity at December 1, 2032. These serial bonds were issued at an interest rate of 1.47%.

	2021 Street Improvement Refunding						
	General Ob	ligation Refund	ling Bonds				
Year	Principal Interest Total						
2023	\$250,000	\$39,470	\$289,470				
2024	255,000	35,795	290,795				
2025	255,000	32,046	287,046				
2026	265,000	28,298	293,298				
2027	270,000	24,402	294,402				
2028-2032	1,390,000						
Total	\$2,685,000	\$221,972	\$2,906,972				

#### Net Pension/OPEB Liability/Asset

There is no repayment schedule for the net pension/OPEB liability/asset. However, employer pension contributions are made from the General Fund and the Street, Police, State Highway, and Parks and Recreation Special Revenue Funds. For additional information related to the net pension/OPEB liability, see Notes 12 and 13.

#### **Compensated Absences Payable**

The City will pay compensated absences from the General Fund and the Street, Police, State Highway, and Parks and Recreation Special Revenue Funds.

## Capital Leases Payable

The City has outstanding capital leases for a street sweeper and dump trucks. These leases will be repaid through the Street Special Revenue Fund.

#### **Business-Type Activities:**

## **General Obligation Bonds**

The 2011 general obligation current refunding bonds originally were issued in the amount of \$1,955,000 with interest rates varying from 2.8 percent to 3.5 percent. The proceeds were used to refund \$1,920,000 of outstanding 1999 sanitary sewer improvement general obligation bonds. The general obligation bonds were sold at a premium of \$21,764, which will be amortized over the life of the bonds. The amount of premium amortized during 2022 was \$1,674. Issuance costs associated with the bond issue were \$50,331. The current refunding resulted in a difference between the net carrying amount of the debt and the acquisition price, in the amount of \$28,453. This difference is being reported in the accompanying financial statements as deferred outflow of resources – deferred charge on refunding and is being amortized to interest expense over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. The amount amortized during 2022 was \$1,674. These general obligation bonds will be paid from Sewer Enterprise revenues.

The general obligation current refunding bonds maturing on December 1, 2021 and 2023 are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a redemption price of 100 percent of the principal amount to be redeemed, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption, on December 1 in the years and in the respective principal amounts as follows:

	Issue		
Year	\$325,000	\$350,000	
2020	\$160,000	\$0	
2022	0	170,000	
Total mandatory sinking fund payments	160,000	170,000	
Amount due at stated maturity	165,000	180,000	
Total	\$325,000	\$350,000	
Stated Maturity	12/1/2021	12/1/2023	

The bonds maturing on and after December 1, 2022, are subject to optional redemption, at the option of the City, in whole or in part in such order of maturity as the City shall determine, in integral multiples of \$5,000 and by lot within a maturity, on any date commencing December 1, 2020, at the redemption price of 100 percent of the principal amount to be redeemed, plus accrued interest to the redemption date.

On November 21, 2012, the City issued \$8,070,000 in various purpose general obligation bonds. The various purpose general obligation bonds issued include \$2,410,000 in business-type general obligation bonds and \$5,660,000 in governmental general obligation bonds. The governmental activity and the term bond disclosure are addressed above in the governmental activity section of this note.

The \$2,410,000 various purpose general obligation bonds were sold at a premium of \$68,675 that is being

amortized over the term of the bonds. The amount of premium amortized during 2022 was \$3,434. Issuance costs associated with the bond issue were \$43,683. Principal and interest requirements to retire the City's general obligation bonds payable from the Sewer and Water Enterprise Funds outstanding at December 31, 2022 were:

	Sew General Ob Bond	oligation	Wate General Ob Bone	oligation	Tot	al
Year	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2023	\$180,000	\$6,300	\$120,000	\$35,250	\$300,000	\$41,550
2024	0	0	120,000	32,550	120,000	32,550
2025	0	0	125,000	29,850	125,000	29,850
2026	0	0	130,000	26,725	130,000	26,725
2027	0	0	130,000	23,475	130,000	23,475
2028-2032	0	0	720,000	63,875	720,000	63,875
Total	\$180,000	\$6,300	\$1,345,000	\$211,725	\$1,525,000	\$218,025

## **OWDA** Loans

The City's outstanding OWDA Loans from direct borrowings related to business-type activities contain provisions that in an event of default (1) the amount of such default shall bear interest at the default rate from the due date until the date of payment, (2) if any of the charges have not been paid within 30 days, in addition to the interest calculated at the default rate, a late charge of 1 percent on the amount of each default shall also be paid to the OWDA, and (3) for each additional 30 days during which the charges remain unpaid, the City shall continue to pay an additional late charge of 1 percent on the amount of the default until such charges are paid.

The City has pledged future sewer customer revenues, net of specified operating expenses, to repay sewer system OWDA Loans issued in 2008. Proceeds from these loans provided financing for various sewer projects. The loan is payable solely from sewer customer net revenues and are payable through 2030. Annual principal and interest payments on the loan are expected to require less than 35 percent of net revenues. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the loans is \$5,960,842 related to finalized terms and amortization schedules. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total customer net revenues were \$752,986 and \$2,132,226, respectively.

Principal and interest requirements to retire the City's OWDA loans outstanding at December 31, 2022 were:

	Sewer OWDA				
Year	Principal	Interest			
2023	\$584,960	\$153,522			
2024	604,423	135,829			
2025	624,534	117,547			
2026	645,313	98,656			
2027	666,784	79,137			
2028-2030	2,136,446	113,692			
Total	\$5,262,460	\$698,383			

#### Net Pension/OPEB Liability

There is no repayment schedule for the net pension/OPEB liability. However, employer pension contributions are made from the Water, Sewer, and Stormwater Enterprise Funds. For additional information related to the net pension/OPEB liability, see Notes 12 and 13.

#### **Compensated Absences Payable**

The City will pay compensated absences from the Water, Sewer, and Stormwater Enterprise Funds.

#### Capital Leases Payable

The City has an outstanding capital leases for a street sweeper. This lease will be repaid from the Stormwater Enterprise Funds.

#### Legal Debt Margin

As of December 31, 2022, the City's overall legal debt margin (the ability to issue additional amounts of general obligation bonded debt) was \$62,758,832.

#### NOTE 18 - SHORT-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A summary of the short-term note transactions for the year ended December 31, 2022, follows:

	Outstanding 12/31/2021	Additions	Reductions	Outstanding 12/31/2022
Governmental Activities:				
Nontax Revenue Bond Anticipation Notes Special Obligation Nontax Revenue Notes				
2021 - \$4,000,000 - 1.0%	\$4,000,000	\$0	\$4,000,000	\$0
Total Nontax Revenue Bond Anticipation Notes	\$4,000,000	\$0	\$4,000,000	\$0

The special obligation nontax revenue bond anticipation notes issued on November 30, 2021 for \$4,000,000 were retired in 2022. The special obligation nontax revenue bond anticipation notes were issued for the purpose of paying the costs of the acquisition of approximately 214 acres of real property located west of

Pickerington Road and south of Busey Road, including buildings and structures located thereon, all in support of housing development, economic development, and job creation within the City.

#### NOTE 19 - SIGNIFICANT COMMITMENTS

#### Encumbrances

Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. At year end the amount of cash basis encumbrances expected to be honored upon performance by the vendor in the next year were as follows:

Governmental Funds	
General	\$212,614
Police	114,206
Street	996,435
Other Governmental Funds	254,193
Total Governmental Funds	1,577,448
Proprietary Funds	
Water	214,826
Sewer	621,072
Stormwater	78,816
Other Enterprise Funds	722
Total Proprietary Funds	915,436
Total	\$2,492,884

#### Contractual Commitments

As of December 31, 2022, the City had the following material contractual purchase commitments. The amount for each project is as follows:

				Amount
		Purchase	Amount Paid as of	Remaining
Project	Fund	Commitments	December 31, 2022	on Contracts
E. Borland Street Reconstruction	Street	\$700,000	\$44,147	\$655,853
Pickerington Hills Sanitary Sewer	Sewer	385,800	260	385,540
Ohio Health Refugee Road	Ohio Health MOB TIF	10,514,909	10,497,593	17,316
City Hall Improvements Design	Municipal Facility Impact Fee	72,500	13,766	58,734
Miscellaneous Sewer Projects	Sewer	109,340	0	109,340
Miscellaenous Stormwater Projects	Stormwater	46,950	24,950	22,000
Total		\$11,829,499	\$10,580,716	\$1,248,783

## NOTE 20 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

#### Fairfield, Hocking, and Athens Council of Governments on Major Crimes Investigations

The Fairfield, Hocking, and Athens Counties Council of Governments on Major Crimes Investigations was created in 2001 under Ohio Revised Code Section 167.01. Its stated purpose is to provide additional police protection to the citizens of Fairfield, Hocking, and Athens counties to reduce the influence and effects of illegal drug trafficking activities, as well as other major crimes activities. The Unit has a seven-member Governing Board that consists of one County Commissioner or designee from each county, and the Mayor, City Manager, or designee from the cities of Lancaster, Pickerington, Logan, and Athens. The Unit also has a twelve member Operating Board that handles the daily operations and reports to the Governing Board. The Operating Board is made up of the Fairfield, Hocking, and Athens County Sheriffs and Prosecuting Attorneys, as well as the Chiefs of Police from the four cities listed above, and the Chiefs of Police from the City of Nelsonville and of the Ohio University. The Unit's revenues will consist of an annual grant applied for by the Fairfield County Commissioners, which is in turn given to the Unit. Continued existence of the Board is not dependent upon the City's continued participation, no equity interest exists, and no debt is outstanding.

#### Fairfield County Regional Planning Commission

The City is a participant in the Fairfield County Regional Planning Commission, a statutorily created political subdivision of the State. Fairfield County, its municipalities, and its townships jointly govern the Commission. There are 42 board members that govern the Commission. The City of Pickerington has one member on the Board. Each member's control over the operation of the Commission is limited to its representation of the board. The Commission makes studies, maps, plans, recommendations, and reports concerning the physical, environmental, social, economic, and governmental characteristics, functions, and services of the County. The City contributed \$5,774 to the Commission during 2022. Continued existence of the Board is not dependent upon the City's continued participation, no equity interest exists, and no debt is outstanding. Financial statements can be obtained from the Fairfield County Regional Planning Commission 210 East Main Street, Lancaster, Ohio 43130.

#### Mid-Ohio Regional Planning Commission (MORPC)

The City is a participant in the Mid-Ohio Regional Planning Commission (MORPC), a jointly governed organization. The organization is composed of 74 representatives appointed by member governments who make up the Commission, the policy-making body of the organization, and the oversight board. MORPC is a voluntary association of local governments in central and south central Ohio and a regional planning agency whose membership includes 42 political subdivisions in and around Franklin, Ross, Fayette, Delaware, Pickaway, Madison, Licking, and Fairfield counties, Ohio. The purpose of the organization is to improve the quality of life for member communities by improving housing conditions, to promote and support livability/ sustainability measures as a means of addressing regional growth challenges, and to administer and facilitate the availability of regional environmental infrastructure program funding to the full advantage of MORPC's members. Each participant's degree of control is limited to its representation on the Board. The City contributed \$14,037 in membership dues to the Mid-Ohio Regional Planning Commission during 2022.

#### NOTE 21 - POOLS

#### Central Ohio Risk Management Association Inc. (CORMA)

The Central Ohio Risk Management Association Inc. (CORMA) is a shared risk pool which is administered by nine cities in Central Ohio. Its present members in addition to the City of Pickerington are the Cities of Canal Winchester, Dublin, Grandview Heights, Grove City, Groveport, Powell, Upper Arlington, and Westerville. CORMA was formed as an Ohio non-profit corporation for the purpose of establishing the CORMA Insurance/Self-Insurance Program, a group primary and excess insurance/self-insurance and risk management program. Each member has a representative on the Board of Trustees that approves bylaws, establish policies and contract with service providers for the best savings. Member cities agree to jointly participate in coverage of losses and pay all contributions necessary for the specified insurance, crime insurance, employee benefits liability, law enforcement liability, public officials' liability, automotive liability, and healthcare professional liability.

#### Ohio Municipal League Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program

The City is participating in a group rating plan for workers' compensation called The Ohio Municipal League Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program, as established under Section 4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code. The group rating plan is sponsored by the Ohio Municipal League. The Ohio Municipal League is governed by a Board of Trustees, elected by membership. The Board consists of all past presidents of the League, as long as they are municipal officials, and 28 trustees (also municipal officials) elected for two year terms. The Board exercises general oversight over operation of the workers' compensation group. League staff maintains direct and on-going liaison with the program contract operator, Gates McDonald.

#### NOTE 22 - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

#### Litigation

The City is of the opinion that the ultimate disposition of claims and legal proceedings will not have a material effect, if any, on the financial condition of the City.

#### Federal and State Grants

For the period January 1, 2022 to December 31, 2022, the City received federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by grantor agencies or their designee. Such audits could lead to a request for reimbursement to the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under the terms of the grant. Based on prior experience, the City believes such disallowance, if any, would be immaterial.

#### Asset Retirement Obligation

Ohio Revised Code Section 6111.44 requires the City to submit any changes to their sewerage system to the Ohio EPA for approval. Through this review process, the City would be responsible to address any public safety issues associated with the waste water treatment facilities. Any ARO associated with these public safety issues are not reasonably estimable. Currently, there is significant uncertainty as to what public safety items would need addressed; therefore, a reliable estimated amount could not be determined.

#### NOTE 23 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTION

The Pickerington Community Improvement Corporation, a discretely presented component unit of the City, received on-behalf payments from the City for professional liability insurance costs. The on-behalf payments are reflected as operating revenues in the basic financial statements in the amount of \$1,968.

## NOTE 24 - INTERFUND ACTIVITY

#### Balances

The City uses an internal proportionate share to allocate its net pension liability and corresponding deferred outflows/inflows of resources and pension expense to its various funds. This allocation creates a change in internal proportionate share. The effects of the internal proportionate share are eliminated from the pension deferred outflows/inflows of resources in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the statement of net position, except for any net residual amounts between governmental and business-type activities. These residual amounts are eliminated in the total column of the entity wide statement of net position, thus allowing the total column to present the change in proportionate share for the City as a whole.

Interfund transfers during 2022 consisted of the following:

			Transfer to		
		Major Funds			Nonmajor
	Police	Street	Debt Service	Other Nonmajor Governmental	Enterprise Aquatic Recreation Center
Transfer from				. <u> </u>	
Major Fund:					
General Fund	\$2,625,000	\$1,300,000	\$4,346,525	\$1,150,000	\$100,000
Debt Service	0	0	0	4,039,889	0
Other Nonmajor Governmental	0	0	893,966	0	0
Totals	\$2,625,000	\$1,300,000	\$5,240,491	\$5,189,889	\$100,000

The transfer from/to were used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to spend them; to move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments come due; and to use unrestricted revenue collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations. All transfers are considered allowable in accordance with Ohio Revised Code Sections 5705.14, 5705.15, and 5705.16.

## NOTE 25 - DONOR RESTRICTED ENDOWMENTS

The City's permanent fund includes donor restricted endowments for the perpetual care of certain cemetery lots which are located in the City. The net position-non-expendable amounts of \$1,545 represent the principal portion of the endowments. The net position-expendable amount of \$2,845 represents the interest earnings on donor-restricted investments and is available for expenditure by the City, for purposes consistent with the endowment's intent. State law permits the City to appropriate, for purposes consistent with the endowment's intent, net appreciation realized and unrealized unless the endowment terms specify otherwise.

#### NOTE 26 - PICKERINGTON COMMUNITY IMPROVEMENT CORPORATION (CIC)

#### SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the Pickerington Community Improvement Corporation (CIC) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The CIC's significant accounting policies are described below.

<u>Basis of Accounting</u> - The basic financial statements of the CIC are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting in conformity with GAAP.

<u>Basis of Presentation</u> - The CIC's basic financial statements consist of a statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position. The CIC distinguishes operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the CIC's principal ongoing operation. The principal operating revenues of the CIC are on-behalf payments from the City. Operating expenses for the CIC include professional liability insurance.

<u>Federal Income Tax</u> - The CIC is exempt from federal income tax under Section 501 (c) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code.

<u>Estimates</u> - The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

#### RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The CIC, a discretely presented component unit of the City, received on-behalf payments from the City for professional liability insurance costs. The on-behalf payments are reflected as operating revenues in the basic financial statements in the amount of \$1,968.

#### CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The CIC believes there is no pending claims or lawsuits.

#### RISK MANAGEMENT

The CIC is subjected to certain types of risk related to torts and errors and omissions in the performance of its normal functions. The CIC has in place Director's and Officer's liability insurance coverage of up to \$1,000,000 per occurrence and \$1,000,000 in aggregate. Settlements did not exceed insurance coverage in the past three years. There was no reduction in insurance coverage from the prior year.

Required Supplementary Information

#### City of Pickerington, Ohio

#### Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Ohio Public Employees Retirement System - Traditional Plan Last Nine Years (1)

	2022	2021	2020	2019
City's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.026291%	0.026793%	0.025170%	0.025226%
City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$2,287,423	\$3,967,460	\$4,975,021	\$6,908,891
City's Covered Payroll	\$3,642,857	\$3,725,607	\$3,553,171	\$3,395,471
City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	62.79%	106.49%	140.02%	203.47%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	96.62%	86.88%	82.17%	74.70%

(1) Although this schedule is intended to reflect information for ten years, information prior to 2014 is not available. An additional column will be added each year.

Amounts presented each fiscal year were determined as of the City's measurement date which is the prior year end.

See accompanying notes to required supplmentary information.

2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
0.027264%	0.026534%	0.027238%	0.027656%	0.027656%
\$4,277,193	\$6,025,419	\$4,717,964	\$3,335,622	\$3,260,282
\$3,603,031	\$3,430,075	\$3,390,029	\$3,390,642	\$3,196,831
118.71%	175.66%	139.17%	98.38%	101.98%
84.66%	77.25%	81.08%	86.45%	86.36%

#### City of Pickerington, Ohio

#### Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset Ohio Public Employees Retirement System - Combined Plan Last Five Years (1)

	2022	2021	2020	2019
City's Proportion of the Net Pension Asset	0.029868%	0.025843%	0.024439%	0.024573%
City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset	\$117,681	\$74,599	\$50,962	\$27,478
City's Covered Payroll	\$136,171	\$65,871	\$108,793	\$105,093
City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	86.42%	113.25%	46.84%	26.15%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Asset	169.88%	157.67%	145.28%	126.64%

(1) Amounts for the combined plan are not presented prior to 2018 as the City's participation in this plan was considered immaterial in previous years.

Amounts presented for each year were determined as of the City's measurement date which is the prior year end.

See accompanying notes to required supplementary information.

2018

0.024915%

\_\_\_\_\_

\$33,917

\$102,038

33.24%

137.28%

#### City of Pickerington, Ohio

#### Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability/(Asset) Ohio Public Employees Retirement System - OPEB Plan Last Six Years (1)

_	2022	2021	2020	2019
City's Proportion of the Net OPEB				
Liability/(Asset)	0.026723%	0.026588%	0.025318%	0.025192%
City's Proportionate Share of the Net				
OPEB Liability/(Asset)	(\$837,005)	(\$473,686)	\$3,497,074	\$3,284,442
City's Covered Payroll	\$3,642,857	\$3,725,607	\$3,824,964	\$3,654,039
City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability/(Asset) as a Percentage				
of its Covered Payroll	-22.98%	-12.71%	91.43%	89.89%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a				
Percentage of the Total OPEB	120.220/	115.570/	47.000/	46 220/
Liability/(Asset)	128.23%	115.57%	47.80%	46.33%

(1) Although this schedule is intended to reflect information for ten years, information prior to 2017 is not available. An additional column will be added each year.

Amounts presented each fiscal year were determined as of the City's measurement date which is the prior year end.

See accompanying notes to required supplementary information.

2018	2017
0.027120%	0.026190%
\$2,945,032	\$2,645,279
\$3,841,244	\$3,619,508
76.67%	73.08%
54.14%	54.04%

#### City of Pickerington, Ohio

#### Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund Last Nine Years (1)

	2022	2021	2020	2019
City's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.1103938%	0.1075280%	0.1022196%	0.1037550%
City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$6,896,766	\$7,330,281	\$6,886,058	\$8,469,150
City's Covered Payroll	\$3,027,453	\$2,949,884	\$2,361,826	\$2,275,742
City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	227.81%	248.49%	291.56%	372.15%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	75.03%	70.65%	69.89%	63.07%

(1) Although this schedule is intended to reflect information for ten years, information prior to 2014 is not available. An additional column will be added each year.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the City's measurement date which is the prior year end.

See accompanying notes to required supplementary information.

2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
0.1039860%	0.0961720%	0.0969940%	0.0979014%	0.0979014%
\$6,382,090	\$6,091,459	\$6,239,692	\$5,071,701	\$4,768,105
\$1,921,405	\$2,075,263	\$2,189,706	\$2,156,374	\$2,086,027
332.16%	293.53%	284.96%	235.20%	228.57%
70.91%	68.36%	66.77%	71.71%	73.00%

#### City of Pickerington, Ohio

#### Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund Last Six Years (1)

	2022	2021	2020	2019
City's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability	0.110394%	0.107528%	0.102220%	0.103755%
City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$1,210,011	\$1,139,277	\$1,009,698	\$944,848
City's Covered Payroll	\$3,027,400	\$2,522,000	\$2,361,800	\$2,275,742
City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	39.97%	45.17%	42.75%	41.52%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	46.86%	45.42%	47.08%	46.57%

(1) Although this schedule is intended to reflect information for ten years, information prior to 2017 is not available. An additional column will be added each year.

Amounts presented each fiscal year were determined as of the City's measurement date which is the prior year end.

See accompanying notes to required supplementary information.

2018	2017
0.103986%	0.961720%
\$5,891,701	\$4,565,069
\$1,921,405	\$2,075,263
306.64%	219.98%
14.13%	15.96%

#### City of Pickerington, Ohio

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of City Contributions Ohio Public Employees Retirement System Last Ten Years (1)

	2022	2021	2020	2019
Net Pension Liability - Traditional Plan				
Contractually Required Contribution	\$543,559	\$510,000	\$521,585	\$497,444
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(543,559)	(510,000)	(521,585)	(497,444)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
City Covered Payroll	\$3,882,564	\$3,642,857	\$3,725,607	\$3,553,171
Pension Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%
Net Pension Liability - Combined Plan				
Contractually Required Contribution	\$28,247	\$19,064	\$9,222	\$15,231
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(28,247)	(19,064)	(9,222)	(15,231)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
City Covered Payroll	\$201,764	\$136,171	\$65,871	\$108,793
Pension Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%
Net OPEB Liability/(Asset) - OPEB Plan (2)				
Contractually Required Contribution	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$6,520
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	0	0	0	(6,520)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
City Covered Payroll (2)	\$3,882,564	\$3,642,857	\$3,725,607	\$3,824,964
OPEB Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.17%

(1) Beginning in 2016, OPERS used one trust fund as the funding vehicle for all health care plans; therefore, information prior to 2016 is not presented.

(2) The OPEB plan includes the members from the traditional plan, the combined plan and the member directed plan. The member directed pension plan is a defined contribution pension plan; therefore, the pension side is not included above.

See accompanying notes to required supplementary information.

2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
\$475,366	\$468,394	\$411,609	\$406,804	\$406,877	\$415,588
(475,366)	(468,394)	(411,609)	(406,804)	(406,877)	(415,588)
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
\$3,395,471	\$3,603,031	\$3,430,075	\$3,390,029	\$3,390,642	\$3,196,831
14.00%	13.00%	12.00%	12.00%	12.00%	13.00%
\$14,713	\$13,265	\$11,299	\$10,978	\$9,823	\$7,352
(14,713)	(13,265)	(11,299)	(10,978)	(9,823)	(7,352)
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
\$105,093	\$102,038	\$94,158	\$91,483	\$81,858	\$56,554
14.00%	13.00%	12.00%	12.00%	12.00%	13.00%
\$6,139	\$5,447	\$3,811			
(6,139)	(5,447)	(3,811)			
\$0	\$0	\$0			
\$3,654,039	\$3,841,244	\$3,619,508			
0.17%	0.14%	0.11%			

**City of Pickerington, Ohio** Required Supplementary Information Schedule of City Contributions Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund Last Ten Years

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Net Pension Liability		_			
Contractually Required Contribution	\$613,181	\$575,216	\$560,478	\$448,747	\$432,391
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(613,181)	(575,216)	(560,478)	(448,747)	(432,391)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
City Covered Payroll (1)	\$3,227,268	\$3,027,453	\$2,949,884	\$2,361,826	\$2,275,742
Pension Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	19.00%	19.00%	19.00%	19.00%	19.00%
Net OPEB Liability					
Contractually Required Contribution	\$16,173	\$15,137	\$12,610	\$11,809	\$11,379
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(16,173)	(15,137)	(12,610)	(11,809)	(11,379)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
City Covered Payroll	\$3,234,600	\$3,027,400	\$2,522,000	\$2,361,800	\$2,275,742
OPEB Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%
Total Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	19.50%	19.50%	19.50%	19.50%	19.50%

(1) The City's covered payroll is the same for pension and OPEB.

See accompanying notes to required supplementary information.

2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
\$365,067	\$394,300	\$416,044	\$409,711	\$331,332
(365,067)	(394,300)	(416,044)	(409,711)	(331,332)
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
\$1,921,405	\$2,075,263	\$2,189,706	\$2,156,374	\$2,086,027
19.00%	19.00%	19.00%	19.00%	15.88%
\$9,607	\$10,376	\$10,949	\$10,782	\$75,445
(9,607)	(10,376)	(10,949)	(10,782)	(75,445)
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
\$1,921,405	\$2,075,263	\$2,189,706	\$2,156,374	\$2,086,027
0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	3.62%
19.50%	19.50%	19.50%	19.50%	19.50%

#### **Changes in Benefit Terms – OPERS Pension**

There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2014-2022.

#### **Changes in Assumptions – OPERS Pension**

There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for 2014-2016. For 2017, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) reduction in the actuarially assumed rate of return from 8.00% down to 7.50%, (b) for defined benefit investments, decreasing the wage inflation from 3.75% to 3.25% and (c) changing the future salary increases from a range of 4.25%-10.05% to 3.25%-10.75%. There were no changes in assumptions for 2018. For 2019, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the assumed rate of return and discount rate were reduced from 7.50% down to 7.20%. There were no changes in assumptions for 2018 were the most significant changes of assumptions for 2020 or 2021. For 2022, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the prior measurement date: (a) wage inflation was changed from 3.25% to 2.75%, (b) future salary increases, including inflation were changed from 3.25%-10.75% to 2.75%-10.75% to 2.75%, (c) COLA for post 1/7/2013 retirees were changed from 0.50%, simple through 2021, then 2.15% simple to 3.00%, simple through 2022, then 2.05% simple and (d) the actuarially assumed rate of return was changed from 7.20% to 6.90%.

#### **Changes in Benefit Terms – OP&F Pension**

There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2014-2022.

#### **Changes in Assumptions – OP&F Pension**

There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for 2014-2017. For 2018, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total pension since the prior measurement date: (a) reduction in the actuarially assumed rate of return from 8.50% down to 8.00%, (b) changing the future salary increases from a range of 4.25%-11.00% to 3.75%-10.50%, (c) reduction in payroll increases from 3.75% down to 3.25%, (d) reduction in inflation assumptions from 3.25% down to 2.75% and (e) Cost of Living Adjustments (COLA) were reduced from 2.60% and 3.00% simple to 2.20% and 3.00% simple. There were no changes in assumptions for 2019-2021. For 2022, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the actuarially assumed rate of return was changed from 8.00% to 7.50%.

#### **Changes in Benefit Terms – OPERS OPEB**

There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2017-2020. For 2021, the following were the most significant changes in benefit terms since the prior measurement date: the Board approved several changes to the health care plan offered to Medicare and non-Medicare retirees in efforts to decrease costs and increase the solvency of the health care Plan. These changes are effective January 1, 2022 and include changes to base allowances and eligibility for Medicare retirees, as well as replacing OPERS-sponsored medical plans for non-Medicare retirees with monthly allowances, similar to the program for Medicare retirees. These changes are not reflected in the current year financial statements, however, they are reflected in the December 31, 2020 measurement date health care valuation. These changes is significantly decreased the total OPEB liability for the measurement date December 31, 2020. There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2022.

#### **Changes in Assumptions – OPERS OPEB**

There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for 2017. For 2018, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) reduction in the actuarially assumed rate of return from 4.23% down to 3.85%. For 2019, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affect the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was increased from 3.85% up to 3.96%, (b) The investment rate of return was decreased from 6.50% percent down to 6.00%, (c) the municipal bond rate was increased from 3.31% up to 3.71% and (d) the health care cost trend rate was increased from 7.50%, initial/3.25%, ultimate in 2028 up to 10.00%, initial/3.25% ultimate in 2029. For 2020, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affect the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was decreased from 3.96% up to 3.16%, (b) the municipal bond rate was decreased from 3.71% up to 2.75% and (c) the health care cost trend rate was increased from 10..%, initial/3.25%, ultimate in 2029 up to 10.50%, initial/3.50% ultimate in 2030. For 2021, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affect the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was increased from 3.16% up to 6.00%, (b) the municipal bond rate was decreased from 2.75% up to 2.00% and (c) the health care cost trend rate was decreased from 10.00%, initial/3.50%, ultimate in 2030 down to 8.50%, initial/3.50% ultimate in 2035. For 2022, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affect the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) wage inflation changed from 3.25% to 2.75%, (b) projected salary increases, including inflation changed from 3.25%-10.75% to 2.75%-10.75%, (c) the municipal bond rate was changed from 2.00% to 1.84% and (d) the health care cost trend rate was changed from 8.50% initial, 3.50% ultimate in 2035 to 5.50% initial, 3.50% ultimate in 2034.

#### Changes in Benefit Terms – OP&F OPEB

There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2017-2018. For 2019, OP&F changed its retiree health care model from a self-insured health care plan to a stipend-based health care model. There were no changes in benefit terms for 2020 through 2022.

#### **Changes in Assumptions – OP&F OPEB**

There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for 2017. For 2018, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) DROP interest rate was reduced from 4.50% to 4.00%, (b) CPI-based COLA was reduced from 2.60% to 2.20%, (c) investment rate of return was reduced from 8.25% to 8.00%, (d) salary increases were reduced from 3.75% to 3.25% and (e) payroll growth was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%. For 2019, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affect the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was increased from 3.24% up to 4.66%. For 2020, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affect the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was decreased from 4.66% up to 3.56%. For 2021, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affect the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was decreased from 3.56%. For 2021, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affect the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was decreased from 3.56% down to 2.96%. For 2022, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affect the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was decreased from 3.56% down to 2.96%. For 2022, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affect the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was decreased from 3.56% down to 2.96%. For 2022, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affect the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the investment rate of return was changed from 8.00% to 7.50% and (b) the discount rate was changed from 2.96% to 2.84%.

The General Fund accounts for and reports all financial resources received and used for services traditionally provided by a city government and not required to be accounted for in other funds.

#### **City of Pickerington, Ohio** Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Budgeted Amount Final	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues			
Property and Other Taxes	\$1,548,000	\$1,401,071	(\$146,929)
Municipal Income Taxes	9,249,068	11,143,523	1,894,455
Franchise Taxes	207,000	189,919	(17,081)
Charges for Services	9,596	12,537	2,941
Licenses and Permits	1,010,000	1,333,759	323,759
Leases	150,000	139,743	(10,257)
Fines and Forfeitures	175,000	157,655	(17,345)
Intergovernmental	440,980	548,830	107,850
Interest	225,000	506,604	281,604
Other	44,000	133,947	89,947
Total Revenues	13,058,644	15,567,588	2,508,944
Expenditures			
Current:			
General Government			
Council			
Personal Services	160,384	126,089	34,295
Contractual Services	20,599	9,223	11,376
Materials and Supplies	1,550	394	1,156
Total Council	182,533	135,706	46,827
Mayor			
Personal Services	125,085	94,388	30,697
Contractual Services	4,430	1,925	2,505
Materials and Supplies	4,024	3,084	940
Total Mayor	133,539	99,397	34,142
City Manager			
Personal Services	143,340	138,158	5,182
Contractual Services	10,500	5,131	5,369
Materials and Supplies	750	136	614
Total City Manager	154,590	143,425	11,165
Receptionist Personal Services	75 006	44.051	21.045
	75,096	44,051	31,045
Materials and Supplies	1,351	44,823	579
Total Receptionist	76,447	44,823	31,624
Facilities Operations Administration			
Personal Services	115,804	113,919	1,885
Contractual Services	1,023	277	746
Materials and Supplies	750	0	750
Total Facilities Operations Administration	117,577	114,196	3,381
Human Resources Department	00 744	05 070	<b>7</b> 460
Personal Services	92,746	85,278	7,468
Contractual Services	40,536	34,017	6,519
Materials and Supplies	2,590	1,586	1,004
Total Human Resources Department	\$135,872	\$120,881	\$14,991

#### **City of Pickerington, Ohio** Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual General Fund (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Budgeted Amount		Variance Positive
	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Public Information			
Contractual Services	\$53,500	\$25,843	\$27,657
Land and Buildings			
Contractual Services	505,837	350,648	155,189
Materials and Supplies	216,593	166,587	50,006
Capital Outlay	84,000	54,370	29,630
Total Land and Buildings	806,430	571,605	234,825
Engineer			
Personal Services	21,063	17,234	3,829
Contractual Services	752,780	680,962	71,818
Materials and Supplies	1,053	211	842
Total Engineer	774,896	698,407	76,489
Law Director			
Contractual Services	340,516	251,457	89,059
Mayor's Court Clerk			
Personal Services	123,251	122,419	832
Contractual Services	65,300	46,589	18,711
Materials and Supplies	5,800	3,422	2,378
Total Mayor's Court Clerk	194,351	172,430	21,921
Administrative Assistant			
Personal Services	63,495	62,173	1,322
Contractual Services	2,000	100	1,900
Materials and Supplies	500	0	500
Total Administrative Assistant	65,995	62,273	3,722
Finance Director			
Personal Services	547,216	497,019	50,197
Contractual Services	471,000	434,559	36,441
Materials and Supplies	15,500	11,707	3,793
Total Finance Director	1,033,716	943,285	90,431
Municipal Clerk			
Personal Services	129,659	127,614	2,045
Contractual Services	16,500	8,800	7,700
Materials and Supplies	3,000	1,392	1,608
Total Municipal Clerk	\$149,159	\$137,806	\$11,353

#### **City of Pickerington, Ohio** Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual General Fund (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Budgeted Amount		Variance
	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Miscellaneous			
Personal Services	\$31,769	\$28,316	\$3,453
Contractual Services	222,182	165,304	56,878
Total Miscellaneous	253,951	193,620	60,331
Total General Government	4,473,072	3,715,154	757,918
Security of Persons and Property Street Lighting			
Contractual Services	107,026	92,386	14,640
Materials and Supplies	750	0	750
Total Security of Persons and Property	107,776	92,386	15,390
Leisure Time Activities			
Contractual Services	58,900	45,440	13,460
Total Leisure Time Activities	58,900	45,440	13,460
Public Health Services			
Contractual Services	241,558	228,077	13,481
Total Public Health Services	241,558	228,077	13,481
Community Environment			
Development Department			
Personal Services	164,668	94,640	70,028
Contractual Services	74,869	38,383 0	36,486
Materials and Supplies Total Development Department	1,000 240,537	133,023	$\frac{1,000}{107,514}$
· ·			
Building Inspection	240.000	202.054	45.000
Personal Services	248,806	202,974	45,832
Contractual Services	378,229	360,419	17,810
Materials and Supplies Total Building Inspection	4,200 \$631,235	3,626 \$567,019	<u>574</u> \$64,216
Total building inspection	φ0 <i>5</i> 1,2 <i>55</i>	φ307,019	φ <b>0</b> <del>1</del> ,210

#### **City of Pickerington, Ohio** Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual General Fund (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Budgeted Amount		Variance
	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Planning and Zoning			
Personal Services	\$309,577	\$274,472	\$35,105
Contractual Services	59,660	47,891	11,769
Materials and Supplies	5,716	3,730	1,986
Total Planning and Zoning	374,953	326,093	48,860
Total Community Environment	1,246,725	1,026,135	220,590
Total Expenditures	6,128,031	5,107,192	1,020,839
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	6,930,613	10,460,396	3,529,783
Other Financing Sources (Use)			
Proceeds from the Sale of Capital Assets	100,000	0	(100,000)
Advances In	400,000	430,000	30,000
Transfers Out	(12,972,806)	(9,521,525)	3,451,281
Total Other Financing Sources (Use)	(12,472,806)	(9,091,525)	3,381,281
Net Change in Fund Balance	(5,542,193)	1,368,871	6,911,064
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	14,032,730	14,032,730	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	195,347	195,347	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$8,685,884	\$15,596,948	\$6,911,064

#### Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

#### Capital Projects Funds

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for capital outlay, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets (other than those financed by proprietary funds).

#### Permanent Fund

The permanent fund is used to account for and report resources that are restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that support the reporting government's programs – that is for the benefit of the government or its citizenry.

# **City of Pickerington, Ohio** Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds December 31, 2022

	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	Nonmajor Permanent Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Assets				
Equity in Pooled Cash and				
Cash Equivalents Cash and Cash Equivalents in	\$1,166,958	\$5,310,819	\$2,845	\$6,480,622
with Fiscal Agents Receivables:	0	630,668	0	630,668
Permissive Motor Vehicle Registration Fees	0	86,002	0	86,002
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	0	988,352	0	988,352
Accounts	368	0	0	368
Intergovernmental	49,505	0	0	49,505
Materials and Supplies Inventory	14,249	0	0	14,249
Prepaid Items	12,147	2,838	0	14,985
Restricted Assets: Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	0	0	1,545	1,545
Total Assets	\$1,243,227	\$7,018,679	\$4,390	\$8,266,296
Liabilities				
Accrued Wages and Benefits	\$6,360	\$0	\$0	\$6,360
Accounts Payable	18,794	4,754	0	23,548
Intergovernmental Payable	0	13,946	0	13,946
Total Liabilities	25,154	18,700	0	43,854
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Payment in Lieu of Taxes	0	988,352	0	988,352
Unavailable Revenue	33,081	57,591	0	90,672
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	33,081	1,045,943	0	1,079,024
Fund Balances				
Fund Balances:				
Nonspendable	26,396	2,838	1,545	30,779
Restricted	397,756	3,124,016	2,845	3,524,617
Committed	760,840	2,827,182	0	3,588,022
Total Fund Balances	1,184,992	5,954,036	4,390	7,143,418
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of				
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$1,243,227	\$7,018,679	\$4,390	\$8,266,296

## **City of Pickerington, Ohio** Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	Nonmajor Permanent Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues				
Permissive Motor Vehicle Registration Fees	\$0	\$169,206	\$0	\$169,206
Charges for Services	170,961	0	0	170,961
Licenses and Permits	155,408	0	0	155,408
Impact Fees Fines and Forfeitures	0 8,427	1,030,688 0	0 0	1,030,688 8,427
Intergovernmental	118,031	332,992	0	451,023
Interest	110,051	4,635	3	4,797
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	0	1,608,212	0	1,608,212
Rent	0	21,300	0	21,300
Other	1,886	0	0	1,886
Total Revenues	454,872	3,167,033	3	3,621,908
Expenditures				
Current:				
General Government	9,232	0	0	9,232
Transportation	66,049	0	0	66,049
Leisure Time Activities	833,126	0	0	833,126
Capital Outlay Debt Service:	0	1,621,195	0	1,621,195
Interest and Fiscal Charges	0	36,565	0	36,565
Total Expenditures	908,407	1,657,760	0	2,566,167
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(453,535)	1,509,273	3	1,055,741
Other Financing Sources (Use)				
Transfers In	550,000	4,639,889	0	5,189,889
Transfers Out	0	(893,966)	0	(893,966)
Total Other Financing Sources (Use)	550,000	3,745,923	0	4,295,923
Net Changes in Fund Balances	96,465	5,255,196	3	5,351,664
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	1,088,527	698,840	4,387	1,791,754
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$1,184,992	\$5,954,036	\$4,390	\$7,143,418

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

The following are reported as special revenue funds:

#### **Major Special Revenue Funds:**

Police Fund - To account for property taxes and transfers restricted to pay for police protection.

<u>Street Fund</u> - To account for the portion of state gasoline tax and motor vehicle registration fees restricted for maintenance and repair of dedicated streets within the City.

<u>American Rescue Act Fund</u> - To account for restricted federal grant monies which will provide additional relief to address the continued impact of COVID-19 (i.e., coronavirus disease 2019) on the economy, public health, state and local governments, individuals, and businesses.

#### Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds:

<u>State Highway Fund</u> - To account for that portion of state gasoline tax and motor vehicle registration fees restricted for maintenance of state highways within the City.

<u>Parks and Recreation Fund</u> - To account for the revenue received from charges for services, donations, and transfers from the General Fund committed to provide leisure time activities for the citizens of the City.

<u>Computer Fund</u> - To account for the receipt and disbursement of computer funds restricted for the clerk of courts office.

Operation of a Motor Vehicle Under the Influence Enforcement and Education Fund - The OMVI Enforcement and Education Fund is created as authorized per section 4511.99, Ohio Revised Code. To account for restricted funds to be used by the City for informing the public of the laws governing the operation of a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, and other information relating to the operation of a motor vehicle and the consumption of alcoholic beverages.

<u>Law Enforcement Assistance Fund</u> - To account for funds received from the Attorney General that are restricted to pay for reimbursements for continuing professional training programs for peace officers and troopers as established by section 109.802, Ohio Revised Code.

<u>Law Enforcement Trust Fund</u> - To account for seized contraband and intergovernmental receipts restricted for law enforcement purposes as established by section 2981.13, Ohio Revised Code.

<u>Mandatory Drug Law Enforcement Fund</u> - To account for fine monies collected and restricted for subsidizing law enforcement efforts that pertain to drug offenses.

<u>Immobilization Fund</u> - To account for the deposit of restricted fees and intergovernmental receipts received by the police department as a result of the immobilization of motor vehicles.

<u>Urban Forestry Fund</u> - To account for committed funds which are received from developers for the costs of planting trees.

<u>Community Development Block Grant Revolving Loan Fund</u> - To account for restricted federal grant monies received and expenditures incurred associated with commercial development projects.

<u>Indigent Drivers Interlock and Alcohol Monitoring Fund</u> - To account for restricted driver license reinstatement fees collected and disbursed by the Ohio Department of Public Safety to be used for an immobilizing or disabling device, including a certified ignition interlock device, or an alcohol monitoring device used by an offender or juvenile offender who is ordered to use the device and determined by a county, juvenile, or municipal court judge not to have the means to pay for the person's use of the device. No budgetary schedule was presented because no activity occurred during 2022.

<u>Ohio EPA Volkswagen Mitigation Fund</u> - To account for state grant and other local monies for electric vehicle infrastructure improvements.

<u>OneOhio Opioid Settlement Fund</u> - This fund accounts for state fines received to assist with the opioid pandemic in the State of Ohio.

## City of Pickerington, Ohio

#### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Police Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Budgeted Amount		Variance
	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Revenues			
Property Taxes	\$2,048,000	\$1,822,264	(\$225,736)
Charges for Services	212,121	192,101	(20,020)
Intergovernmental	227,086	299,219	72,133
Contributions and Donations	0	500	500
Other	125	19,760	19,635
Total Revenues	2,487,332	2,333,844	(153,488)
Expenditures Current: Security of Persons and Property			
Personal Services	6,531,475	3,798,673	2,732,802
Contractual Services	817,861	712,117	105,744
Materials and Supplies	329,473	290,053	39,420
Capital Outlay	216,437	197,370	19,067
Total Expenditures	7,895,246	4,998,213	2,897,033
Excess of Revenues Under Expenditures	(5,407,914)	(2,664,369)	2,743,545
Other Financing Sources			
Proceeds from the Sale of Capital Assets	0	25,600	25,600
Insurance Recoveries	0	28,530	28,530
Transfers In	5,125,000	2,625,000	(2,500,000)
Total Other Financing Sources	5,125,000	2,679,130	(2,445,870)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(282,914)	14,761	297,675
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	674,984	674,984	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	138,115	138,115	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$530,185	\$827,860	\$297,675

## City of Pickerington, Ohio

#### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Street Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Revenues				
Permissive Motor Vehicle Registration Fees	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$111,511	\$11,511
Intergovernmental	1,433,600	1,433,600	1,232,810	(200,790)
Interest	100	100	531	431
Other	5,000	5,000	47,278	42,278
Total Revenues	1,538,700	1,538,700	1,392,130	(146,570)
Expenditures				
Current:				
Transportation				
Personal Services	618,023	618,023	537,215	80,808
Contractual Services	1,682,686	1,742,686	1,498,395	244,291
Materials and Supplies	272,383	287,383	219,300	68,083
Capital Outlay	881,185	1,216,185	906,839	309,346
Total Expenditures	3,454,277	3,864,277	3,161,749	702,528
Excess of Revenues Under Expenditures	(1,915,577)	(2,325,577)	(1,769,619)	555,958
Other Financing Sources				
Transfers In	1,700,000	1,700,000	1,300,000	(400,000)
Total Other Financing Sources	1,700,000	1,700,000	1,300,000	(400,000)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(215,577)	(625,577)	(469,619)	155,958
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	946,942	946,942	946,942	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	192,133	192,133	192,133	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$923,498	\$513,498	\$669,456	\$155,958

#### **City of Pickerington, Ohio** Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual American Rescue Act Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues	¢1 160 527	¢1 160 902	¢0.266
Intergovernmental	\$1,160,537	\$1,169,803	\$9,266
Total Revenues	1,160,537	1,169,803	9,266
Expenditures Current: Security of Persons and Property Law Enforcement Personal Services	2,330,340	2,330,340	0
Total Security of Persons and Property	2,330,340	2,330,340	0
Total Expenditures	2,330,340	2,330,340	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,169,803)	(1,160,537)	9,266
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	1,160,537	1,160,537	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	(\$9,266)	\$0	\$9,266

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## City of Pickerington, Ohio Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds December 31, 2022

	State Highway	Parks and Recreation	Computer	Operation of a Motor Vehicle Under the Influence Enforcement and Education	Law Enforcement Assistance	OneOhio Opioid Settlement
Assets			•			
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables:	\$327,255	\$329,491	\$25,776	\$9,174	\$21,600	\$3,027
Accounts	0	0	343	25	0	0
Intergovernmental	49,454	51	0	0	0	0
Materials and Supplies Inventory	0	14,249	0	0	0	0
Prepaid Items	0	9,255	2,892	0	0	0
Total Assets	\$376,709	\$353,046	\$29,011	\$9,199	\$21,600	\$3,027
Liabilities						
Accrued Wages and Benefits	\$233	\$6,127	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Accounts Payable	10,414	4,939	3,441	0	0	0
Total Liabilities	10,647	11,066	3,441	0	0	0
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>						
Unavailable Revenue	33,081	0	0	0	0	0
Fund Balances						
Nonspendable	0	23,504	2,892	0	0	0
Restricted	332,981	0	22,678	9,199	21,600	3,027
Committed	0	318,476	0	0	0	0
Total Fund Balances	332,981	341,980	25,570	9,199	21,600	3,027
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of						
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$376,709	\$353,046	\$29,011	\$9,199	\$21,600	\$3,027

Law Enforcement Trust	Mandatory Drug Law Enforcement	Immobilization	Urban Forestry	Community Development Block Grant Revolving Loan	Indigent Drivers Interlock and Alcohol Monitoring	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
\$1,886	\$692	\$3,166	\$442,364	\$372	\$2,155	\$1,166,958
0	0	0	0	0	0	368
0	0	0	0	0	0	49,505
0	0	0	0	0	0	14,249
0	0	0	0	0	0	12,147
\$1,886	\$692	\$3,166	\$442,364	\$372	\$2,155	\$1,243,227
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$6,360
0	0	0	0	0	0	18,794
0	0	0	0	0	0	25,154
0	0	0	0	0	0	33,081
0	0	0	0	0	0	26,396
1,886	692	3,166	0	372	2,155	397,756
0	0	0	442,364	0	0	760,840
1,886	692	3,166	442,364	372	2,155	1,184,992
\$1,886	\$692	\$3,166	\$442,364	\$372	\$2,155	\$1 243 227
\$1,000	\$092	\$5,100	9 <del>44</del> 2,304	\$372	\$2,155	\$1,243,227

#### City of Pickerington, Ohio Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Revenues	State Highway	Parks and Recreation	Computer	Operation of a Motor Vehicle Under the Influence Enforcement and Education	Law Enforcement Assistance
Charges for Services Licenses and Permits Fines and Forfeitures Intergovernmental Interest	\$0 0 100,580 158	\$170,961 0 51 0	\$0 0 7,987 0 0	\$0 0 440 0 0	\$0 0 17,090 0
Other Total Revenues	<u> </u>	1,225	0 7,987	<u> </u>	017,090
Expenditures	<u>, </u> _				
Current: General Government Transportation Leisure Time Activities	0 66,049 0	0 0 752,336	9,232 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
Total Expenditures	66,049	752,336	9,232	0	0
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	35,350	(580,099)	(1,245)	440	17,090
Other Financing Sources					
Transfers In	0	550,000	0	0	0
Total Other Financing Sources	0	550,000	0	0	0
Net Changes in Fund Balances	35,350	(30,099)	(1,245)	440	17,090
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	297,631	372,079	26,815	8,759	4,510
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$332,981	\$341,980	\$25,570	\$9,199	\$21,600

OneOhio Opioid Settlement	Law Enforcement Trust	Mandatory Drug Law Enforcement	Immobilization	Urban Forestry	Community Development Block Grant Revolving Loan	Indigent Drivers Interlock and Alcohol Monitoring	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	¢170.061
3,027	0 0	30 0	\$0 0	152,381	30 0	30 0	\$170,961 155,408
5,027	0	0	0	0	0	0	8,427
0	0	0	310	0	0	0	118,031
0 0	1	0	0	0	0	0	110,051
ů 0	0	0	0	ů 0	0	ů 0	1,886
3,027	1	0	310	152,381	0	0	454,872
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	9,232
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	66,049
0	0	0	0	80,790	0	0	833,126
0	0	0	0	80,790	0	0	908,407
3,027	1	0	310	71,591	0	0	(453,535)
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	550,000
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	550,000
3,027	1	0	310	71,591	0	0	96,465
0	1,885	692	2,856	370,773	372	2,155	1,088,527
\$3,027	\$1,886	\$692	\$3,166	\$442,364	\$372	\$2,155	\$1,184,992

#### **City of Pickerington, Ohio** Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual State Highway Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues			
Intergovernmental	\$92,000	\$99,958	\$7,958
Interest	15	158	143
Other	0	661	661
Total Revenues	92,015	100,777	8,762
Expenditures			
Current:			
Transportation			
State Highway			
Personal Services	25,019	20,763	4,256
Contractual Services	18,581	17,500	1,081
Materials and Supplies	51,627	48,828	2,799
Total Expenditures	95,227	87,091	8,136
Net Change in Fund Balance	(3,212)	13,686	16,898
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	281,294	281,294	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	1,209	1,209	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$279,291	\$296,189	\$16,898

#### **City of Pickerington, Ohio** Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Parks and Recreation Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Final		Variance Positive
Revenues	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Charges for Services	\$159,000	\$185,010	\$26,010
Contributions and Donations	3,500	\$185,010	(3,500)
Other	2,200	4,241	2,041
Total Revenues	164,700	189,251	24,551
Expenditures			
Current:			
Leisure Time Activities			
Parks and Recreation			
Personal Services	567,351	389,446	177,905
Contractual Services	333,777	298,981	34,796
Materials and Supplies	118,007	65,595	52,412
Capital Outlay	6,000	4,192	1,808
Total Expenditures	1,025,135	758,214	266,921
Excess of Revenues Under Expenditures	(860,435)	(568,963)	291,472
Other Financing Sources			
Proceeds from the Sale of Capital Assets	0	1,225	1,225
Transfers In	820,000	550,000	(270,000)
Total Other Financing Sources	820,000	551,225	(268,775)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(40,435)	(17,738)	22,697
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	329,878	329,878	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	4,414	4,414	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$293,857	\$316,554	\$22,697

#### **City of Pickerington, Ohio** Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Computer Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues			
Fines and Forfeitures	\$7,000	\$8,202	\$1,202
Expenditures Current: General Government			
Computer Contractual Services	0.646	0 550	1.004
	9,646	8,552	1,094 941
Materials and Supplies	2,000	1,059	
Capital Outlay	20,259	259	20,000
Total Expenditures	31,905	9,870	22,035
Net Change in Fund Balance	(24,905)	(1,668)	23,237
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	26,627	26,627	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	305	305	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$2,027	\$25,264	\$23,237

#### **City of Pickerington, Ohio** Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Operation of a Motor Vehicle Under the Influence Enforcement and Education Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues			
Fines and Forfeitures	\$1,000	\$815	(\$185)
Expenditures			
Current:			
Security of Persons and Property			
Operation of a Motor Vehicle Under the			
Influence Enforcement and Education			
Contractual Services	500	0	500
Materials and Supplies	2,000	0	2,000
Total Expenditures	2,500	0	2,500
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,500)	815	2,315
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	8,359	8,359	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$6,859	\$9,174	\$2,315

#### City of Pickerington, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Law Enforcement Assistance Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues	20050		(1(0guil(0)
Intergovernmental	\$0	\$17,935	\$17,935
Expenditures Current: Security of Persons and Property Law Enforcement Assistance Personal Services	3,664	0	3,664
Net Change in Fund Balance	(3,664)	17,935	21,599
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	3,665	3,665	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$1	\$21,600	\$21,599

#### City of Pickerington, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Law Enforcement Trust Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues Interest	\$1	\$1	\$0
<b>Expenditures</b> Current: Security of Persons and Property <i>Total Expenditures</i>	0	0	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	1	1	0
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	1,885	1,885	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$1,886	\$1,886	\$0

#### City of Pickerington, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Mandatory Drug Law Enforcement Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues			
Total Revenues	\$0	\$0	\$0
Expenditures Current: Security of Persons and Property Mandatory Drug Law Enforcement Materials and Supplies	0	0	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	0	0	0
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	692	692	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$692	\$692	\$0

#### **City of Pickerington, Ohio** Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Immobilization Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
<b>Revenues</b> Intergovernmental	\$350	\$310	(\$40)
<b>Expenditures</b> Current: Security of Persons and Property <i>Total Expenditures</i>	0	0	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	350	310	(40)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	2,856	2,856	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$3,206	\$3,166	(\$40)

#### City of Pickerington, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Urban Forestry Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues			
Licenses and Permits	\$105,211	\$152,381	\$47,170
Expenditures Current: Leisure Time Activities Urban Forestry			
Contractual Services	91,194	80,790	10,404
Total Expenditures	91,194	80,790	10,404
Net Change in Fund Balance	14,017	71,591	57,574
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	369,579	369,579	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	1,194	1,194	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$384,790	\$442,364	\$57,574

#### **City of Pickerington, Ohio** Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Community Development Block Grant Revolving Loan Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Final		Variance Positive
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues			
Interest	\$0	\$2	\$2
Expenditures Current: Community Environment			
Total Expenditures	0	0	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	0	2	2
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	370	370	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$370	\$372	\$2

### **City of Pickerington, Ohio** Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Ohio EPA Volkswagen Mitigation Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues			
Total Revenues	\$0	\$0	\$0
<b>Expenditures</b> Current: Transportation			
Total Expenditures	0	0	0
-			
Excess of Revenues Under Expenditures	0	0	0
Other Financing Uses			
Advances Out	(30,000)	(30,000)	0
Total Other Financing Uses	(30,000)	(30,000)	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	(30,000)	(30,000)	0
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	30,000	30,000	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$0	\$0	\$0

### **City of Pickerington, Ohio** Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual OneOhio Opioid Settlement Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues Intergovernmental	\$0	\$3,027	\$3,027
<b>Expenditures</b> Current: Security of Persons and Property			
Total Expenditures	0	0	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	0	3,027	3,027
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	0	0	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$0	\$3,027	\$3,027

Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources, and the accumulation of resources, that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for principal and interest on general obligation debt.

The following is included in the debt service fund:

#### **Major Debt Service Fund:**

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> - To account for revenue restricted for the retirement of principal, interest, and related costs for general obligation bonds, general obligation refunding bonds, and loans.

#### **City of Pickerington, Ohio** Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Debt Service Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Final	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues	\$0	\$0	\$0
Expenditures			
Debt Service:			
Refunded Notes	4,000,000	4,000,000	0
Principal Retirement	1,010,000	1,010,000	0
Interest and Fiscal Charges	274,108	257,581	16,527
Issuance Costs	35,000	0	35,000
Total Expenditures	5,319,108	5,267,581	51,527
Excess of Revenues Under Expenditures	(5,319,108)	(5,267,581)	51,527
Other Financing Sources			
Transfers In	5,289,108	5,240,491	(48,617)
Total Other Financing Sources	5,289,108	5,240,491	(48,617)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(30,000)	(27,090)	2,910
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	87,122	87,122	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$57,122	\$60,032	\$2,910

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for capital outlay, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets (other than those financed by proprietary funds).

#### Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds:

<u>Community Economic Development Improvements Fund</u> - To account for the issuance and sale of notes in the anticipation of the issuance of bonds, for the purpose of paying the costs associated with the acquisition of real property for housing development, economic development, and job creation within the City.

<u>State Route 256 Highway Fund</u> - To account for the permissive motor vehicle registration fees restricted for expenditures related to the widening and improvement of State Route 256.

<u>Street Impact Fee Fund</u> - To account for the committed street impact fee revenues and expenditures related to street capital improvement projects.

<u>Police Impact Fee Fund</u> - To account for committed police impact fee revenues and expenditures associated with the building and maintenance of the police station.

<u>Street Construction Fund</u> - To account for restricted revenues and expenditures associated with street construction projects.

<u>Diley/Refugee Roads Tax Increment Financing Fund</u> - A tax increment financing fund to account for payment in lieu of taxes received from Fairfield County restricted for the purpose of paying for costs associated with public infrastructure improvements within the designated area.

<u>Tax Increment Financing Agreement Equity Construction Fund</u> - A tax increment financing agreement to account for payment in lieu of taxes received from Fairfield County and directly distributed to the developer to retire debt issued by the developer for the construction of private improvements including three to five office buildings, a strip center of retail stores, and an outlot development consisting of two to three buildings.

<u>Street Improvement Trust Fund</u> - To account for monies received from developers committed by the City for future capital improvements to the City.

<u>Sidewalk Improvement Trust Fund</u> - To account for monies received from developers committed by the City for future capital improvements to the City.

<u>Park Impact Fee Fund</u> - To account for park impact fee revenues committed by the City for expenditures related to park capital improvements.

<u>Municipal Facility Impact Fee Fund</u> - To account for municipal facility impact fee revenues committed by the City for expenditures related to municipal facility capital improvements.

<u>Ohio Health Medical Office Building Tax Increment Financing Fund</u> - A tax increment financing agreement with Ohio Health restricted for the purpose of constructing a left turn lane and a right turn lane and to install traffic signals at the intersection of Refugee Road and the Stonecreek Drive Extension.

(continued)

<u>State Route 256 Municipal Public Improvement Tax Increment Financing Fund</u> - A tax increment financing fund to account for payment in lieu of taxes received from Fairfield County restricted for the purpose of paying for costs associated with public infrastructure improvements from the northern boundary of State Route 256 to the intersection of State Route 256 and Refugee Road.

<u>Hill/Diley Roads Tax Increment Financing Fund</u> - A tax increment financing fund to account for payment in lieu of taxes received from Fairfield County restricted for the purpose of paying for costs associated with public infrastructure improvements within the designated area.

<u>Safe Routes to Schools Fund</u> – This fund receives restricted grant money and transfers in to improve infrastructure around the various school districts within the corporate limits.

<u>Courtight Municipal Improvement Tax Increment Financing Fund</u> - A tax increment financing fund to account for payment in lieu of taxes received from Fairfield County restricted for the purpose of paying for costs associated with public infrastructure improvements within the designated area.

#### **City of Pickerington, Ohio** Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds December 31, 2022

	State Route 256 Highway	Street Impact Fee	Police Impact Fee	Street Construction
Assets				
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and Cash Equivalents with	\$381,216	\$421,035	\$146,378	\$268,891
Fiscal Agents Receivables:	0	0	0	0
Permissive Motor Vehicle Registration Fees Payments in Lieu of Taxes Prepaid Items	86,002 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
Total Assets	\$467,218	\$421,035	\$146,378	\$268,891
Liabilities				
Accounts Payable Intergovernmental Payable	\$0 0	\$0 0	\$0 0	\$4,754
Total Liabilities	0	0	0	4,754
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Payment in Lieu of Taxes Unavailable Revenue	0 57,591	0 0	0 0	0
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	57,591	0	0	0
Fund Balances				
Nonspendable Restricted Committed	0 409,627 0	0 0 421,035	0 0 146,378	0 264,137 0
Total Fund Balances (Deficit)	409,627	421,035	146,378	264,137
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$467,218	\$421,035	\$146,378	\$268,891

Tax Increment Financing Agreement Equity Construction	Street Improvement Trust	Sidewalk Improvement Trust	Park Impact Fee	Municipal Facility Impact Fee
\$48,130	\$404,626	\$1,721	\$1,428,735	\$424,687
0	0	0	0	0
0 113,396 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
\$161,526	\$404,626	\$1,721	\$1,428,735	\$424,687
\$0 3,014	\$0 0	\$0 0	\$0 0	\$0 0
3,014	0	0	0	0
	0_	0_	0	0
113,396 0	0	0	0	0 0
113,396	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0
45,116 0	0 404,626	0 1,721	0 1,428,735	0 424,687
45,116	404,626	1,721	1,428,735	424,687
¢1(1,50)	<b># 10.1 (2</b> )	¢1.701	¢1.400.705	<b># 40.4</b> CCZ
\$161,526	\$404,626	\$1,721	\$1,428,735	\$424,687
				(continued)

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## City of Pickerington, Ohio Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds (Continued) December 31, 2022

	Ohio Health Medical Office Building Tax Increment Financing	Hill/Diley Roads Tax Increment Financing	State Route 256 Municipal Public Improvement Tax Increment Financing	Diley/Refugee Road Tax Increment Financing
Assets				
Equity in Pooled Cash and				
Cash Equivalents	\$381,718	\$590,777	\$48,538	\$135,056
Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agents	630,668	0	0	0
Receivables:	050,008	0	0	0
Permissive Motor Vehicle Registration Fees	0	0	0	0
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	161,562	133,620	12,102	360,498
Prepaid Items	0	0	0_	0
Total Assets	\$1,173,948	\$724,397	\$60,640	\$495,554
Liabilities				
Accounts Payable	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Intergovernmental Payable	2,018	1,670	152	4,504
Total Liabilities	2,018	1,670	152	4,504
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Payment in Lieu of Taxes	161,562	133,620	12,102	360,498
Unavailable Revenue	0	0	0	0
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	161,562	133,620	12,102	360,498
Fund Balances				
Nonspendable	0	0	0	0
Restricted	1,010,368	589,107	48,386	130,552
Committed	0	0	0	0
Total Fund Balances (Deficit)	1,010,368	589,107	48,386	130,552
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of				
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$1,173,948	\$724,397	\$60,640	\$495,554

Safe Routes to Schools	Courtright Municipal Improvement TIF	Community Economic Development Improvements	Total Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds
\$2,312	\$573,476	\$53,523	\$5,310,819
0	0	0	630,668
0	0	0	86,002
0 0	207,174 0	0 2,838	988,352 2,838
\$2,312	\$780,650	\$56,361	\$7,018,679
ψ2,312	\$780,000	\$50,501	\$7,010,075
\$0 0	\$0 2,588	\$0 0	\$4,754 13,946
0	2,588	0	18,700
0	207,174	0	988,352
0	0	0	57,591
0	207,174	0	1,045,943
0	0	2,838	2,838
2,312	570,888	53,523	3,124,016
0	0	0	2,827,182
2,312	570,888	56,361	5,954,036
\$2,312	\$780,650	\$56,361	\$7,018,679

#### City of Pickerington, Ohio Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Revenues	State Route 256 Highway	Street Impact Fee	Community Economic Development Improvement	Police Impact Fee	Street Construction
Permissive Motor Vehicle Registration Fees	\$169,206	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Impact Fees	\$109,200	276,681	30 0	207,972	30 0
Intergovernmental	Ő	0	Ő	0	Ő
Interest	0	235	0	119	0
Payment in Lieu of Taxes	0	0	0	0	0
Rent	0	0	21,300	0	0
Total Revenues	169,206	276,916	21,300	208,091	0
Expenditures					
Capital Outlay	34,125	0	20,704	0	397,368
Debt Service:					
Interest and Fiscal Charges	0	0	36,565	0	0
Total Expenditures	34,125	0	57,269	0	397,368
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)					
Expenditures	135,081	276,916	(35,969)	208,091	(397,368)
Other Financing Source (Use)					
Transfers In	0	0	4,039,889	0	600,000
Transfers Out	(130,000)	(288,066)	0	(300,900)	0
Total Other Financing Source (Use)	(130,000)	(288,066)	4,039,889	(300,900)	600,000
Net Changes in Fund Balances	5,081	(11,150)	4,003,920	(92,809)	202,632
Fund Balances (Deficit) at Beginning of Year	404,546	432,185	(3,947,559)	239,187	61,505
Fund Balances (Deficit) at End of Year	\$409,627	\$421,035	\$56,361	\$146,378	\$264,137
					(

(continued)

Diley/Refugee Road Tax Increment Financing	Tax Increment Financing Agreement Equity Construction	Street Improvement Trust	Sidewalk Improvement Trust	Park Impact Fee
\$0 0 0 927,128 0	\$0 0 0 86,821 0	\$0 0 3,359 0 0	\$0 0 1 0 0	\$0 389,269 0 675 0 0
927,128	86,821	3,359	1	389,944
456,439	40,741	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0
456,439	40,741	0	0	0
470,689	46,080	3,359	1	389,944
0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0
470,689	46,080	3,359	1	389,944
(340,137)	(964)	401,267	1,720	1,038,791
\$130,552	\$45,116	\$404,626	\$1,721	\$1,428,735

#### City of Pickerington, Ohio Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Revenues:	Municipal Facility Impact Fee	Ohio Health Medical Office Building Tax Increment Financing	State Route 256 Municipal Public Improvement Tax Increment Financing
Permissive Motor Vehicle Registration Fees Impact Fees Intergovernmental Interest Payment in Lieu of Taxes Rent	\$0 156,766 0 246 0 0	\$0 0 163,571 0	\$0 0 0 12,238 0
Total Revenues	157,012	163,571	12,238
Expenditures:			
Capital Outlay	334,937	2,044	154
Debt Service: Interest and Fiscal Charges	0	0	0
Total Expenditures	334,937	2,044	154
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(177,925)	161,527	12,084
Other Financing Sources (Use)			
Transfers In Transfers Out	0 0	0 (175,000)	0 0
Total Other Financing Sources (Use)	0	(175,000)	0
Net Changes in Fund Balances	(177,925)	(13,473)	12,084
Fund Balances (Deficit) at Beginning of Year	602,612	1,023,841	36,302
Fund Balances (Deficits) at End of Year	\$424,687	\$1,010,368	\$48,386

Hill/Diley Roads Tax Increment Financing	Safe Routes to Schools	Courtright Municipal Improvement Tax Increment Financing	Total NonMajor Capital Projects
\$0 0 0 135,132 0	\$0 0 332,992 0 0 0	\$0 0 0 283,322 0	\$169,206 1,030,688 332,992 4,635 1,608,212 21,300
135,132	332,992	283,322	3,167,033
1,691	332,992	0	1,621,195
0	0	0	36,565
1,691	332,992	0	1,657,760
133,441	0	283,322	1,509,273
0	0	0	4,639,889
0	0	0	(893,966)
0	0	0	3,745,923
133,441	0	283,322	5,255,196
455,666	2,312	287,566	698,840
\$589,107	\$2,312	\$570,888	\$5,954,036

#### **City of Pickerington, Ohio** Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual State Route 256 Highway Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues			
Permissive Motor Vehicle Registration Fees	\$160,000	\$167,266	\$7,266
Total Revenues	160,000	167,266	7,266
<b>Expenditures</b> Current: Capital Outlay State Route 256 Highway			
Capital Outlay	150,000	34,125	115,875
Total Expenditures	150,000	34,125	115,875
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	10,000	133,141	123,141
<b>Other Financing Source (Use)</b> Transfers Out	(130,000)	(130,000)	0
Total Other Financing Source (Use)	(130,000)	(130,000)	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	(120,000)	3,141	123,141
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	378,075	378,075	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$258,075	\$381,216	\$123,141

### **City of Pickerington, Ohio** Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Street Construction Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

D	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
<b>Revenues</b> Total Revenues	\$0	\$0	\$0
<b>Expenditures</b> Current: Capital Outlay Street Construction			
Capital Outlay	600,000	600,000	0
Total Expenditures	600,000	600,000	0
Excess of Revenues Under Expenditures	(600,000)	(600,000)	0
<b>Other Financing Source</b> Transfers In <i>Total Other Financing Source</i>	600,000 600,000	600,000 600,000	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	0	0	0
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	61,505	61,505	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$61,505	\$61,505	\$0

#### **City of Pickerington, Ohio** Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Street Impact Fee Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Final		Variance Positive
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues			
Impact Fees	\$125,000	\$276,681	\$151,681
Interest	50	235	185
Total Revenues	125,050	276,916	151,866
Expenditures			
Capital Outlay			
Street Impact Fee			
Contractual Services	3,500	0	3,500
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	121,550	276,916	155,366
Other Financing Use			
Transfers Out	(304,483)	(288,066)	16,417
Net Change in Fund Balance	(182,933)	(11,150)	171,783
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	432,185	432,185	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$249,252	\$421,035	\$171,783

#### **City of Pickerington, Ohio** Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Police Impact Fee Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Final		Variance Positive
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues			
Impact Fees	\$130,000	\$207,972	\$77,972
Interest	45	119	74
Total Revenues	130,045	208,091	78,046
Expenditures			
Capital Outlay			
Police Impact Fee			
Contractual Services	3,500	0	3,500
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	126,545	208,091	81,546
Other Financing Use			
Transfers Out	(300,900)	(300,900)	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	(174,355)	(92,809)	81,546
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	239,187	239,187	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$64,832	\$146,378	\$81,546

#### **City of Pickerington, Ohio** Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Safe Routes to Schools Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues	¢ 400.000	¢222.002	
Intergovernmental	\$400,000	\$332,992	(\$67,008)
Expenditures			
Current:			
Capital Outlay Street Construction			
Capital Outlay	539,102	335,283	203,819
	500.100	225.202	202 010
Total Expenditures	539,102	335,283	203,819
Excess of Revenues Under Expenditures	(139,102)	(2,291)	136,811
Other Financing Source			
Transfers In	139,081	0	(139,081)
Total Other Financing Source	139,081	0	(139,081)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(21)	(2,291)	(2,270)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	21	21	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	2,291	2,291	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$2,291	\$21	(\$2,270)

## City of Pickerington, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Diley/Refugee Road Tax Increment Financing Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues			
Payment in Lieu of Taxes	\$938,616	\$927,128	(\$11,488)
Other	100,000	0	100,000
Total Revenues	1,038,616	927,128	111,488
Expenditures			
Current:			
Capital Outlay			
Diley/Refugee Road Tax Increment Financing			
Contractual Services	12,100	12,019	81
Capital Outlay	750,243	465,159	285,084
Total Expenditures	762,343	477,178	285,165
Excess of Revenues Under Expenditures	276,273	449,950	173,677
Other Financing Source			
Advances Out	(400,000)	(400,000)	0
Total Other Financing Source	(400,000)	(400,000)	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	(123,727)	49,950	173,677
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	59,863	59,863	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	25,243	25,243	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	(\$38,621)	\$135,056	\$173,677

## **City of Pickerington, Ohio** Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Tax Increment Financing Agreement Equity Construction Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues	8		(8)
Payment in Lieu of Taxes	\$110,000	\$86,822	(\$23,178)
Expenditures Capital Outlay Tax Increment Financing Agreement Equity Construction Contractual Services Capital Outlay	3,500 106,500	1,114 37,578	2,386 68,922
Total Expenditures	110,000	38,692	71,308
Net Change in Fund Balance	0	48,130	48,130
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	0	0	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$0	\$48,130	\$48,130

#### **City of Pickerington, Ohio** Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Street Improvement Trust Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues	0		
Interest	\$105	\$3,359	\$3,254
Other	0	0	0
Total Revenues	105	3,359	3,254
<b>Expenditures</b> <i>Total Expenditures</i>	0	0	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	105	3,359	3,254
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	401,267	401,267	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$401,372	\$404,626	\$3,254

#### City of Pickerington, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Sidewalk Improvement Trust Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues Interest	\$0	\$1	\$1
<b>Expenditures</b> Total Expenditures	0	0	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	0	1	1
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	1,720	1,720	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$1,720	\$1,721	\$1

#### **City of Pickerington, Ohio** Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Park Impact Fee Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Final		Variance Positive
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues			
Impact Fees	\$310,000	\$389,269	\$79,269
Interest	90	675	585
Total Revenues	310,090	389,944	79,854
Expenditures			
Capital Outlay			
Park Impact Fee			
Contractual Services	2,500	0	2,500
Total Expenditures	2,500	0	2,500
Net Change in Fund Balance	307,590	389,944	82,354
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	1,038,791	1,038,791	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$1,346,381	\$1,428,735	\$82,354

#### City of Pickerington, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Municipal Facility Impact Fee Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues			
Impact Fees	\$95,000	\$156,766	\$61,766
Interest	50	246	196
Total Revenues	95,050	157,012	61,962
Expenditures			
Capital Outlay			
Municipal Facility Impact Fee			
Contractual Services	0	0	0
Capital Outlay	365,000	334,937	30,063
Total Expenditures	365,000	334,937	30,063
Net Change in Fund Balance	(269,950)	(177,925)	92,025
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	602,612	602,612	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$332,662	\$424,687	\$92,025

# **City of Pickerington, Ohio** Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Ohio Health Medical Office Building Tax Increment Financing Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues Payment in Lieu of Taxes	\$170,000	\$163,571	(\$6,429)
	\$170,000	\$10 <i>3</i> , <i>3</i> / 1	(\$0,127)
Expenditures			
Current:			
Capital Outlay Obio Health Medical Office Building			
Ohio Health Medical Office Building Tax Increment Financing			
Contractual Services	3,500	2,096	1,404
Total Expenditures	3,500	2,096	1,404
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	166,500	161,475	(5,025)
Other Financing Uses			
Transfers Out	(175,000)	(175,000)	0
Advances Out	0	0	0
Total Other Financing Uses	(175,000)	(175,000)	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	(8,500)	(13,525)	(5,025)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	395,243	395,243	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$386,743	\$381,718	(\$5,025)

## City of Pickerington, Ohio

#### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual State Route 256 Municipal Public Improvement Tax Increment Financing Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues	Dudget	Tietuur	(reguive)
Payment in Lieu of Taxes	\$12,000	\$12,238	\$238
<b>Expenditures</b> Current: Capital Outlay Diley/Refugee Road Tax Increment Financing			
Capital Outlay	500	156	344
Net Change in Fund Balance	11,500	12,082	582
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	36,456	36,456	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$47,956	\$48,538	\$582

#### City of Pickerington, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Hill/Diley Roads Tax Increment Financing Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues Payment in Lieu of Taxes	\$135,000	\$135,132	\$132
Expenditures Current: Capital Outlay Hill/Diley Road Tax Increment Financing Contractual Services	4,500	1,731	2,769
Net Change in Fund Balance	130,500	133,401	2,901
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	457,376	457,376	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$587,876	\$590,777	\$2,901

### City of Pickerington, Ohio

#### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Courtright Municipal Improvement Tax Increment Financing Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues	Dudget	Tietuur	(ivegutive)
Payment in Lieu of Taxes	\$210,000	\$278,204	\$68,204
Expenditures			
Current:			
Capital Outlay			
Courtright Municipal Road Tax Increment Fin	ancing		
Contractual Services	20,000	10,422	9,578
Total Expenditures	20,000	10,422	9,578
Net Change in Fund Balance	190,000	267,782	77,782
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	305,694	305,694	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$495,694	\$573,476	\$77,782

## City of Pickerington, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Community Economic Development Improvements Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Final		Variance Positive
D	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues	¢10.000	<b>#21 2</b> 00	<b>*2 2 0 0</b>
Other	\$18,000	\$21,300	\$3,300
Expenditures			
Current:			
Capital Outlay			
Community Economic Development Improvements			
Contractual Services	110,750	19,506	91,244
Total Expenditures	110,750	19,506	91,244
Excess of Revenues Under Expenditures	(92,750)	1,794	94,544
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Transfers In	100,000	0	(100,000)
Transfers Out	(40,000)	0	(40,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	60,000	0	(60,000)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(32,750)	1,794	34,544
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	51,729	51,729	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$18,979	\$53,523	\$34,544

The permanent fund is used to account for and report resources that are restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that support the reporting government's programs – that is for the benefit of the government or its citizenry.

<u>Cemetery Fund</u> - To account for receiving and disbursing funds restricted for the perpetual care of certain cemetery lots which are located in the City.

#### **City of Pickerington, Ohio** Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Cemetery Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues Interest Income	\$0	\$3	\$3
<b>Expenditures</b> Total Expenditures	0	0	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	0	3	3
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	4,387	4,387	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$4,387	\$4,390	\$3

The enterprise funds are maintained to account for the operations of city government that provide goods or services to the general public in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The costs of providing these goods or services are financed through user charges.

#### **Major Enterprise Funds:**

Water Fund - To account for water services provided to individuals and commercial users.

Sewer Fund - To account for sewer services provided to individuals and commercial users.

<u>Stormwater Fund</u> - To account for monies collected from stormwater utility charges to be utilized for the safe and efficient capture and conveyance of stormwater.

#### Nonmajor Enterprise Fund:

<u>Aquatic Recreation Center Fund</u> - To account for monies collected from fees charged for pool passes and concessions and expenditures related to the upkeep and operation and maintenance of the facility.

#### **City of Pickerington, Ohio** Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Equity - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Water Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Charges for Services	\$2,769,262	\$2,821,359	\$52,097
Tap-in Fees	459,493	754,163	294,670
Utility Deposits Received	600	2,258	1,658
Interest	5,000	17,937	12,937
Other Non-Operating Revenues	0	5,997	5,997
Total Revenues	3,234,355	3,601,714	367,359
Expenses			
Current:			
Personal Services	1,138,938	1,103,353	35,585
Contractual Services	1,026,211	932,277	93,934
Materials and Supplies	733,369	579,249	154,120
Utility Deposits Returned	4,500	1,326	3,174
Capital Outlay	826,517	371,286	455,231
Debt Service:			
Principal Retirement	115,000	115,000	0
Interest and Fiscal Charges	37,550	37,550	0
Total Expenses	3,882,085	3,140,041	742,044
Net Change in Fund Equity	(647,730)	461,673	1,109,403
Fund Equity at Beginning of Year	6,480,191	6,480,191	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	633,863	633,863	0
Fund Equity at End of Year	\$6,466,324	\$7,575,727	\$1,109,403

#### **City of Pickerington, Ohio** Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Equity - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Sewer Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Charges for Services	\$4,031,746	\$4,152,913	\$121,167
Tap-in Fees	468,090	1,246,474	778,384
Utility Deposits Received	600	2,258	1,658
Interest	3,000	7,837	4,837
Other Non-Operating Revenues	2,500	13,828	11,328
Total Revenues	4,505,936	5,423,310	917,374
Expenses			
Current:			
Personal Services	1,137,889	1,040,258	97,631
Contractual Services	1,389,057	1,175,121	213,936
Materials and Supplies	191,801	134,092	57,709
Utility Deposits Returned	4,500	1,326	3,174
Capital Outlay	1,896,896	644,373	1,252,523
Debt Service:			
Principal Retirement	736,125	736,124	1
Interest and Fiscal Charges	182,897	182,896	1
Total Expenses	5,539,165	3,914,190	1,624,975
Net Change in Fund Equity	(1,033,229)	1,509,120	2,542,349
Fund Equity at Beginning of Year	10,747,187	10,747,187	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	262,326	262,326	0
Fund Equity at End of Year	\$9,976,284	\$12,518,633	\$2,542,349

### **City of Pickerington, Ohio** Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Equity - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Stormwater Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues			
Charges for Services	\$986,000	\$747,914	(\$238,086)
Tap-in Fees	0	416,678	416,678
Interest	65	1,665	1,600
Other Non-Operating Revenues	0	723	723
Total Revenues	986,065	1,166,980	180,915
Expenses			
Current:			
Personal Services	406,183	387,302	18,881
Contractual Services	486,441	350,297	136,144
Materials and Supplies	78,978	23,314	55,664
Capital Outlay	229,902	227,329	2,573
Total Expenses	1,201,504	988,242	213,262
Net Change in Fund Equity	(215,439)	178,738	394,177
Fund Equity at Beginning of Year	2,138,924	2,138,924	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	49,392	49,392	0
Fund Equity at End of Year	\$1,972,877	\$2,367,054	\$394,177

### **City of Pickerington, Ohio** Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Equity - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Aquatic Recreation Center Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues			
Charges for Services	\$179,500	\$240,100	\$60,600
Other Non-Operating Revenues	435	9,499	9,064
Total Revenues	179,935	249,599	69,664
Expenses Current:			
Personal Services	167,859	154,610	13,249
Contractual Services	129,227	106,109	23,118
Materials and Supplies	86,150	60,957	25,193
Capital Outlay	35,000	35,000	0
Total Expenses	418,236	356,676	61,560
Excess of Revenues Under Expenses Before Transfers	(238,301)	(107,077)	131,224
Transfers In	185,000	100,000	(85,000)
Excess of Revenues Under Expenses After Transfers	(53,301)	(7,077)	46,224
Fund Equity at Beginning of Year	103,198	103,198	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	35,180	35,180	0
Fund Equity at End of Year	\$85,077	\$131,301	\$46,224



# Statistical Section

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# **Statistical Section**

This part of the City of Pickerington, Ohio's annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Contents	Page(s)
<b>Financial Trends</b> These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	S2 - S15
<b>Revenue Capacity</b> These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue sources, income taxes and property taxes.	S17 - S27
<b>Debt Capacity</b> These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	S28 - S35
<b>Economic and Demographic Information</b> These schedules offer economic and demographic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place and to provide information that facilitates comparisons of financial information over time and among governments.	S36 - S38
<b>Operating Information</b> These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the city provides and the activities it performs.	S40 - S49

**Sources:** Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

#### City of Pickerington, Ohio Net Position by Component Last Ten Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2022	2021	2020	2019
Governmental Activities				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$73,982,683	\$69,350,552	\$67,577,703	\$64,569,465
Restricted:				
Capital Projects	3,124,016	6,271,738	5,720,395	390,144
Debt Service	45,488	63,160	167,180	0
Security of Persons and Property	311,556	314,027	150,846	9,113
Transportation Services	2,664,312	2,221,686	1,927,256	1,722,947
Other Purposes	61,748	48,044	57,025	213,224
Perpetual Care:				
Expendable	2,845	2,842	2,842	2,838
Non-Expendable	1,545	1,545	1,545	1,545
Unrestricted	10,285,800	4,198,293	863,371	1,443,990
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	90,479,993	82,471,887	76,468,163	68,353,266
Business-Type-Activities				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	66,560,105	64,900,703	60,957,298	56,348,616
Unrestricted	22,733,809	18,936,202	14,251,239	11,654,539
Total Business-Type Activities Net Position	89,293,914	83,836,905	75,208,537	68,003,155
Primary Government				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	140,542,788	134,251,255	128,535,001	120,918,081
Restricted	6,211,510	8,923,042	8,027,089	2,339,811
Unrestricted	33,019,609	23,134,495	15,114,610	13,098,529
Total Primary Government Net Position	\$179,773,907	\$166,308,792	\$151,676,700	\$136,356,421

(1) The City reported the impact of GASB Statement No. 68 beginning in 2014.

(2) The City reported the impact of GASB Statement No. 75 beginning in 2017.

2018	2017 (2)	2016	2015	2014 (1)	2013
\$56,962,956	\$55,036,788	\$51,952,725	\$49,930,677	\$43,834,353	\$43,715,619
296,621	539,918	676,766	811,411	594,249	523,154
0	0	0	7,900	99,644	111,923
140,068	54,193	96,531	32,162	0	10,347
1,413,217	1,162,317	1,435,636	1,315,509	946,862	865,901
144,785	162,199	170,954	212,087	151,759	273,098
2,834	2,830	2,826	2,823	2,819	2,814
1,545	1,545	1,545	1,545	1,545	1,545
(4,482,318)	(4,546,575)	812,448	375,926	149,214	5,488,686
54,479,708	52,413,215	55,149,431	52,690,040	45,780,445	50,993,087
53,361,251	51,147,010	49,701,418	48,321,170	45,510,929	43,755,897
10,819,239	8,348,909	8,264,895	6,584,879	6,839,295	7,367,724
64,180,490	59,495,919	57,966,313	54,906,049	52,350,224	51,123,621
110,324,207	106,183,798	101,654,143	98,251,847	89,345,282	87,471,516
1,999,070	1,923,002	2,384,258	2,383,437	1,796,878	1,788,782
6,336,921	3,802,334	9,077,343	6,960,805	6,988,509	12,856,410
\$118,660,198	\$111,909,134	\$113,115,744	\$107,596,089	\$98,130,669	\$102,116,708

City of Pickerington, Ohio Changes in Net Position Last Ten Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2022	2021	2020 (3)	2019 (3)
Program Revenues				
Governmental Activities: Charges for Services:				
General Government	\$139,743	\$0	\$137,830	\$146,232
Security of Persons and Property	486,015	237,785	270,748	433,421
Transportation	1,312,698	1,304,694	1,317,450	975,440
Leisure Time Activities	323,342	347,863	233,449	282,554
Community Environment	1,397,089	1,062,332	1,165,854	1,122,885
Subtotal Charges for Services	3,658,887	2,952,674	3,125,331	2,960,532
Operating Grants and Contributions:				
General Government	0	0	57,536	12,174
Security of Persons and Property	2,347,740	1,155	996,437	16,037
Transportation	1,409,716	1,365,302	1,366,923	1,134,256
Leisure Time Activities Utilities	51 0	0 0	51,157 66,725	3,950 0
Subtotal Operating Grants and Contributions	3,757,507	1,366,457	2,538,778	1,166,417
Capital Grants and Contributions:				
General Government	0	0	0	199,150
Security of Persons and Property	0	0	0	7,658
Transportation Leisure Time Activities	2,140,000	3,226,912	5,685,133	7,673,706
Community Environment	0	0	0	0 0
Subtotal Capital Grants and Contributions	2,140,000	3,226,912	5,685,133	7,880,514
Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues	9,556,394	7,546,043	11,349,242	12,007,463
Dusinger Type Astivities				
Business-Type Activities: Charges for Services:				
Water	2,835,770	2,748,227	2,706,913	2,481,979
Sewer	4,172,889	4,033,944	4,027,734	3,723,518
Stormwater	749,647	742,533	739,551	725,256
Aquatic Recreation	229,424	194,380	113,249	216,269
Subtotal Charges for Services	7,987,730	7,719,084	7,587,447	7,147,022
Operating Grants and Contributions:				
Stormwater	0	0	0	0
Subtotal Operating Grants and Contributions	0	0	0	0
Capital Grants and Contributions:				
Water	1,266,903	2,435,254	1,643,718	1,124,474
Sewer	1,830,369	2,128,907	2,350,329	1,229,980
Stormwater	1,416,853	1,690,966	1,974,137	856,349
Subtotal Capital Grants and Contributions	4,514,125	6,255,127	5,968,184	3,210,803
Total Business-Type Activities Program Revenues	12,501,855	13,974,211	13,555,631	10,357,825
Total Primary Government Program Revenues	\$22,058,249	\$21,520,254	\$24,904,873	\$22,365,288

(1) Expenses are first impacted by the implementation of GASB Statement No. 68 beginning in 2015
 (2) Expenses are first impacted by the implementation of GASB Statement No. 75 beginning in 2018
 (3) Impact fees were reclassified as program revenues based on 2021 presentation

2018 (2)(3)	2017 (3)	2016 (3)	2015 (1)(3)	2014 (3)	2013 (3)
\$141,314	\$139,754	\$133,906	\$17,647	\$15,521	\$16,001
449,946	403,282	369,618	343,811	345,909	360,825
1,629,467	1,035,789	1,013,242	682,832	633,604	759,372
286,250	216,863	165,222	178,356	164,588	173,020
1,234,053	982,770	825,577	565,992	846,025	835,911
3,741,030	2,778,458	2,507,565	1,788,638	2,005,647	2,145,129
20,725	49,576	18,644	41,428	62,461	48,934
201,929	222,579	209,315	201,595	215,055	196,721
827,871	813,652	783,583	771,002	738,003	720,682
3,800	6,500	6,000	4,200	21,425	14,050
0	0	0	0	0	0
1,054,325	1,092,307	1,017,542	1,018,225	1,036,944	980,387
38,500	0	0	0	0	0
43,330	0	0	0	0	0
2,804,389	2,678,078	1,895,619	6,761,252	1,027,826	368,548
0	191,066	0	43,527	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
2,886,219	2,869,144	1,895,619	6,804,779	1,027,826	368,548
7,681,574	6,739,909	5,420,726	9,611,642	4,070,417	3,494,064
2,416,234	2,392,308	2,414,289	2,345,456	2,294,327	2,341,402
3,666,020	3,740,292	3,654,726	3,473,543	3,433,951	3,445,634
708,522	702,085	683,101	663,249	646,971	630,931
196,192	193,273	183,814	161,777	161,743	169,595
6,986,968	7,027,958	6,935,930	6,644,025	6,536,992	6,587,562
0	0	0	0	0	139,537
0	0	0	0	0	139,537
1,146,284	795,232	1,012,297	846,676	1,079,407	760,559
1,016,876	404,003	1,074,315	463,182	507,182	395,887
1,693,789	1,281,590	614,513	238,495	326,173	582,008
3,856,949	2,480,825	2,701,125	1,548,353	1,912,762	1,738,454
10,843,917	9,508,783	9,637,055	8,192,378	8,449,754	8,465,553
\$18,525,491	\$16,248,692	\$15,057,781	\$17,804,020	\$12,520,171	\$11,959,617

#### City of Pickerington, Ohio

Changes in Net Position (Continued) Last Ten Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2022	2021	2020(3)	2019(3)
Expenses				
Governmental Activities:				
General Government	\$3,037,874	\$2,430,162	\$2,852,442	\$3,204,706
Security of Persons and Property	6,960,035	8,094,377	7,562,299	2,247,487
Transportation	5,636,633	4,311,991	3,621,227	3,490,565
Leisure Time Activities	1,010,391	577,566	1,050,758	968,183
Public Health Services	228,077	230,292	217,034	200,946
Community Environment	862,294	292,419	1,066,348	964,274
Utilities	0	0	66,725	0
Interest and Fiscal Charges	218,564	553,971	409,216	477,984
Total Governmental Activities Expenses	17,953,868	16,490,778	16,846,049	11,554,145
Duringer True Activities				
Business-Type Activities: Water	3,007,842	2,132,832	2 520 177	2 612 286
Sewer	2,710,063	2,152,852	2,539,177 2,791,131	2,643,386 2,870,403
Stormwater	1,078,039	934,382	1,070,855	2,870,403 935,117
Aquatic Recreation	396,166	271,399	192,909	266,202
Aquatic Recreation	590,100	2/1,399	192,909	200,202
Total Business-Type Activities Expenses	7,192,110	5,705,198	6,594,072	6,715,108
Total Primary Government Program Expenses	25,145,978	22,195,976	23,440,121	18,269,253
Net (Expense)/ Revenue				
Governmental Activities	(8,397,474)	(8,944,735)	(5,496,807)	453,318
Business-Type Activities	5,309,745	8,269,013	6,961,559	3,642,717
Total Primary Government Net Expense	(\$3,087,729)	(\$675,722)	\$1,464,752	\$4,096,035

(1) Expenses are first impacted by the implementation of GASB Statement No. 68 beginning in 2015.
 (2) Expenses are first impacted by the implementation of GASB Statement No. 75 beginning in 2018.
 (3) Impact fees were reclassified as program revenues based on 2021 presentation.

2018 (2)(3)	2017(3)	2016(3)	2015 (1)(3)	2014(3)	2013(3)
\$3,218,547	\$3,041,585	\$2,539,460	\$2,344,441	\$2,580,590	\$2,580,817
6,752,600	5,850,092	5,596,622	4,958,894	4,815,421	4,613,122
4,847,026	3,678,218	3,152,322	3,018,986	3,123,529	3,056,389
888,853	344,442	727,661	741,811	762,756	715,567
182,928	171,960	167,789	158,281	151,150	121,588
840,218	1,346,118	947,600	713,456	755,498	638,098
0	0	0	0	0	0
346,124	279,674	253,014	276,826	239,011	291,767
17,076,296	14,712,089	13,384,468	12,212,695	12,427,955	12,017,348
2,433,164	2,689,472	2,553,612	2,540,304	2,413,968	2,460,768
2,797,039	3,350,807	3,127,684	2,672,994	2,891,843	3,032,690
877,678	711,749	708,486	641,289	640,955	738,935
222,168	249,072	227,495	166,278	159,850	130,794
6,330,049	7,001,100	6,617,277	6,020,865	6,106,616	6,363,187
23,406,345	21,713,189	20,001,745	18,233,560	18,534,571	18,380,535
(9,394,722)	(7,972,180)	(7,963,742)	(2,601,053)	(8,357,538)	(8,523,284)
4,513,868	2,507,683	3,019,778	2,171,513	2,343,138	2,102,366
(\$4,880,854)	(\$5,464,497)	(\$4,943,964)	(\$429,540)	(\$6,014,400)	(\$6,420,918)

City of Pickerington, Ohio Changes in Net Position (Continued) Last Ten Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2022	2021	2020 (3)	2019 (3)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position				
Governmental Activities:				
Property and Other Taxes Levied	** *** ***			
for General Purposes	\$1,380,181	\$1,307,615	\$1,479,241	\$1,183,860
Property Taxes Levied				
for Security of Persons and Property	1,791,472	1,986,772	1,735,223	1,731,165
Income Taxes Levied for General Purposes	11,068,282	9,531,822	7,887,473	8,204,007
Franchise Taxes	226,080	166,100	222,652	227,437
Grants and Entitlements not Restricted				<
to Specific Programs	829,368	750,215	658,370	610,741
Interest	(591,223)	(57,465)	562,808	882,785
Payment in Lieu of Taxes	1,608,212	722,274	437,685	398,709
Gain on Sale of Capital Assets	0	0	0	28,849
Other	193,208	616,126	681,252	232,687
Total Governmental Activities	16,505,580	15,023,459	13,664,704	13,500,240
Business-Type Activities:				
Investment Earnings	27,439	1,454	8,596	31,344
Gain on Sale of Capital Assets	27,439	0	35,000	22,833
Other	19,825	282,901	147,227	45,771
ould	17,025	202,901	147,227	
Total Business-Type Activities	47,264	284,355	190,823	99,948
Total Primary Government General Revenues				
and Other Changes in Net Position	16,552,844	15,307,814	13,855,527	13,600,188
	10,002,011	10,007,011	10,000,027	10,000,100
Increase Before Transfers				
Governmental Activities	8,108,106	6,078,724	8,167,897	13,953,558
Business-Type Activities	5,357,009	8,553,368	7,152,382	3,742,665
	-,,		,,,	
Total Primary Government Increase				
Before Transfers	13,465,115	14,632,092	15,320,279	17,696,223
Transfers In (Out)				
Governmental Activities	(100,000)	(75,000)	(53,000)	(80,000)
Business-Type Activities	100,000	75,000	53,000	80,000
Dusiness-Type Activities	100,000	75,000	55,000	80,000
Increase (Decrease) After Transfers				
Governmental Activities	8,008,106	6,003,724	8,114,897	13,873,558
Business-Type Activities	5,457,009	8,628,368	7,205,382	3,822,665
Total Primary Government Increase				
After Transfers	\$12 465 115	\$14 622 002	\$15 220 270	\$17 606 222
Ajier Trunsjers	\$13,465,115	\$14,632,092	\$15,320,279	\$17,696,223

(1) Expenses are first impacted by the implementation of GASB Statement No. 68 beginning in 2015.
 (2) Expenses are first impacted by the implementation of GASB Statement No. 75 beginning in 2018.

(3) Impact fees were reclassified as program revenues based on 2021 presentation.

2018 (2)(3)	2017 (3)	2016 (3)	2015 (1)(3)	2014 (3)	2013 (3)
\$1,143,417	\$1,125,961	\$1,045,437	\$1,023,641	\$959,759	\$1,017,220
1,677,859	1,651,147	1,619,111	1,592,716	1,494,333	1,528,904
6,993,683	7,348,344	6,478,485	5,931,529	5,760,828	5,220,794
216,933	223,141	244,610	257,515	242,630	250,997
337,101	328,677	306,616	406,475	303,657	321,059
509,148	250,502	93,295	97,950	58,193	19,398
329,517	252,208	384,545	115,174	133,817	71,004
0	24,126	1,151	5,799	5,573	0
320,757	175,017	249,883	427,916	228,009	186,992
11,528,415	11,379,123	10,423,133	9,858,715	9,186,799	8,616,368
17,813	10,253	17,603	7,872	4,414	4,646
0	10,235	107	11,352	14,326	0
85,690	26,754	22,776	17,021	34,621	19,013
102 502	27.007	40.486	36,245	53,361	22 (50
103,503	37,007	40,480	30,243	55,501	23,659
11,631,918	11,416,130	10,463,619	9,894,960	9,240,160	8,640,027
2,133,693	3,406,943	2,459,391	7,257,662	829,261	93.084
4,617,371	2,544,690	3,060,264	2,207,758	2,396,499	2,126,025
1,017,571	2,511,070	3,000,201	2,207,700	2,390,199	2,120,025
< <b></b>			0.467.400		• • • • • • • •
6,751,064	5,951,633	5,519,655	9,465,420	3,225,760	2,219,109
(67,200)	0	0	(348,067)	0	22,234
67,200	0	0	348,067	0	(22,234)
2,066,493	3,406,943	2,459,391	6,909,595	829,261	115,318
4,684,571	2,544,690	3,060,264	2,555,825	2,396,499	2,103,791
т,00т,571	2,344,090	5,000,204	2,333,023	2,390,499	2,103,791
\$6,751,064	\$5,951,633	\$5,519,655	\$9,465,420	\$3,225,760	\$2,219,109

City of Pickerington, Ohio Program Revenues by Function/ Program Last Ten Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2022	2021	2020	2019
Program Revenues				
Governmental Activities:				
General Government	\$139,743	\$0	\$195,366	\$357,556
Security of Persons and Property	2,833,755	238,940	1,267,185	457,116
Transportation	4,862,414	5,896,908	7,326,054	9,064,993
Leisure Time Activities	323,393	347,863	284,606	286,504
Community Environment	1,397,089	1,062,332	1,165,854	1,122,885
Utilities	0	0	66,725	0
Total Governmental Activities	9,556,394	7,546,043	10,305,790	11,289,054
Business-Type Activities:				
Water	4,102,673	5,183,481	4,350,631	3,606,453
Sewer	6,003,258	6,162,851	6,378,063	4,953,498
Stormwater	2,166,500	2,433,499	2,713,688	1,581,605
Aquatic Recreation	229,424	194,380	113,249	216,269
Total Business-Type Activities	12,501,855	13,974,211	13,555,631	10,357,825
Total Primary Government	\$22,058,249	\$21,520,254	\$23,861,421	\$21,646,879

2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
\$200,539	\$189,330	\$152,550	\$59,075	\$77,982	\$64,935
695,205	625,861	578,933	545,406	560,964	557,546
3,878,955	3,743,227	3,016,651	7,799,767	1,985,101	1,300,748
290,050	414,429	171,222	226,083	186,013	187,070
1,234,053	982,770	825,577	565,992	846,025	835,911
0	0	0	0	0	0
6,298,802	5,955,617	4,744,933	9,196,323	3,656,085	2,946,210
3,562,518	3,187,540	3,426,586	3,192,132	3,373,734	3,101,961
4,682,896	4,144,295	4,729,041	3,936,725	3,941,133	3,841,521
2,402,311	1,983,675	1,297,614	901,744	973,144	1,352,476
196,192	193,273	183,814	161,777	161,743	169,595
10,843,917	9,508,783	9,637,055	8,192,378	8,449,754	8,465,553
\$17,142,719	\$15,464,400	\$14,381,988	\$17,388,701	\$12,105,839	\$11,411,763

**City of Pickerington, Ohio** Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Years

(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
General Fund					
Nonspendable	\$171,365	\$162,216	\$246,052	\$230,889	\$163,097
Assigned	1,230,168	627,663	1,027,188	806,222	738,156
Unassigned	14,867,518	15,131,095	13,154,194	9,444,303	7,081,842
Total General Fund	16,269,051	15,920,974	14,427,434	10,481,414	7,983,095
All Other Governmental Funds					
Nonspendable	228,782	209,482	199,351	185,541	210,477
Restricted	6,291,780	4,748,538	3,928,124	4,057,772	4,722,030
Committed	3,588,022	3,433,840	2,599,089	2,216,595	2,324,296
Unassigned (Deficits)	0	(4,292,696)	(4,038,463)	(4,062,487)	(3,852,877)
Total All Other Governmental Funds	10,108,584	4,099,164	2,688,101	2,397,421	3,403,926
Total Governmental Funds	\$26,377,635	\$20,020,138	\$17,115,535	\$12,878,835	\$11,387,021



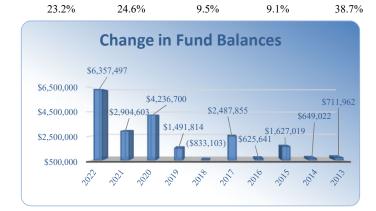
2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
\$174,396	\$186,999	\$184,221	\$112,377	\$128,029
1,600,219	551,284	648,280	955,515	124,946
5,189,226	4,819,325	4,014,459	3,489,721	3,525,785
6,963,841	5,557,608	4,846,960	4,557,613	3,787,225
213,608	188,283	188,919	157,057	157,577
3,175,098	2,335,170	2,866,274	1,466,933	1,482,237
1,958,927	1,758,690	1,293,928	1,598,878	1,483,958
(91,350)	(107,482)	(89,453)	(300,872)	(80,410)
5,256,283	4,174,661	4,259,668	2,921,996	3,043,362
\$12,220,124	\$9,732,269	\$9,106,628	\$7,479,609	\$6,830,587

City of Pickerington, Ohio Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting) (1)

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Revenues					
Property and Other Taxes	\$3,141,190	\$3,144,606	\$3,124,861	\$2,775,531	\$2,698,992
Hotel and Motel Taxes	81,846	111,134	73,868	137,371	134,947
Permissive Motor Vehicle Registration Fees	282,010	291,998	273,998	257,031	246,695
Municipal Income Taxes	10,928,363	9,470,895	7,988,209	7,942,803	7,082,357
Franchise Taxes (2)	226,080	166,100	250,568	224,547	214,670
Charges for Services	498,068	307,136	511,284	769,474	656,059
Licenses and Permits	1,539,849	1,222,367	1,157,862	943,881	1,189,062
Leases	139,743	0	0	0	0
Impact Fees	1,030,688	1,012,696	1,043,452	718,409	1,382,772
Fines and Forfeitures	168,529	118,477	145,537	265,378	258,653
Intergovernmental	4,871,234	2,050,168	6,634,849	7,559,172	2,630,441
Interest	(644,503)	(64,159)	583,911	869,785	505,841
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	1,608,212	722,274	437,685	398,709	329,517
Rent	21,300	17,960	18,460	19,955	80
Contributions and Donations	500	500	21,768	16,174	25,595
Other	171,408	601,911	661,816	226,434	301,973
Total Revenues	24,064,517	19,174,063		23,124,654	
	24,004,317	19,1/4,005	22,928,128	23,124,034	17,657,654
Expenditures Current:					
General Government	3,103,989	3,608,754	2,504,459	3,045,563	3,032,636
Security of Persons and Property	7,135,172	6,269,067	5,964,528	6,042,996	5,913,444
Transportation	2,244,020	2,077,879	1,883,947	1,796,288	2,014,654
Leisure Time Activities	878,566	782,728	766,181	809,802	764,632
Public Health Services	228,077	230,292	217,034	200,946	182,928
Community Environment	931,809	1,024,320	927,953	843,404	782,512
Utilities	951,809	1,024,520	66,725	0+3,+04	0
Capital Outlay	1,818,565	803,127	4,983,338	7,283,678	5,779,810
Debt Service:	1,818,505	803,127		7,285,078	3,779,810
Refunded Notes/ Bonds/ Loans Redeemed	0	3,100,000	0	4,400,000	3,300,000
Current Refunding Principal Retirement	0	0	0	0	0
Principal Retirement	1,035,693	821,873	1,026,194	1,070,036	797,807
Interest and Fiscal Charges	256,729	334,425	299,045	582,710	328,693
Bond Issuance Costs	0	76,995	133,693	107,809	0
Total Expenditures	17,632,620	19,129,460	18,773,097	26,183,232	22,897,116
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	6,431,897	44,603	4,155,031	(3,058,578)	(5,239,462)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Proceeds from the Sale of Capital Assets	25,600	0	2,415	30,564	6,359
Insurance Recoveries	25,000	Ő	2,419	21,102	0,559
Inception of a Capital Lease	0	0	132,254	21,102	0
Refunding Bonds Issued	0	2,935,000	152,254	0	0
Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent	0	2,935,000	0	0	0
	0	0	0	0	0
Premium on Refunding Bond Issuance	0	0	0	*	0
General Obligation Bonds Issued	Ŭ			4,400,000	*
Premium on General Obligation Bond Issuance	0	0	0	107,809	0
Notes Issued	0	0	0	0	4,400,000
Loans Issued	0	0	0	70,917	0
Transfers In	14,355,380	6,910,404	5,263,453	6,486,847	6,440,799
Transfers Out	(14,455,380)	(6,985,404)	(5,316,453)	(6,566,847)	(6,440,799)
Total Other Financing			_		
Sources (Uses)	(74,400)	2,860,000	81,669	4,550,392	4,406,359
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$6,357,497	\$2,904,603	\$4,236,700	\$1,491,814	(\$833,103)
Debt Service as a Percentage of	0.007		10.101	<b>2 5</b> 001	<b>05</b> 664
Noncapital Expenditures	8.8%	28.6%	10.1%	35.9%	25.8%
	· · D1/0	1.1 D	(F) 1		

Includes, General, Special Revenue, Capital Projects, Debt Service, and the Permanent Fund.
 Prior to 2016, franchise taxes were combined with other revenues

2017		2016	2015	2014	2013
\$2,649,5	15	\$2,531,831	\$2,506,630	\$2,398,110	\$2,428,550
140,4		140,788	130,927	131,414	123,573
238,4		237,449	229,371	219,272	211,518
7,215,0		6,522,957	5,950,233	5,629,111	5,160,857
222,7		222,193	420.264	0	0 570 005
729,3		704,239	439,364	655,088	578,885
856,2		579,921	526,674	552,266	635,913
1.026 5	0	0	0	0	0
1,036,5		675,793	415,319	414,332	547,854
190,1		172,947	170,056	163,208	168,184
2,815,6		2,335,972	6,876,217	1,437,964	1,622,373
253,4		96,683	93,073	57,178	19,330
255,2		233,456	176,696	80,223	171,537
50.2	0	0	0	0	0
58,3		26,639	45,928	91,461	49,084
175,0		366,585	685,431	486,846	459,624
16,836,1	66	14,847,453	18,245,919	12,316,473	12,177,282
2,859,9	37	2,435,430	2,310,224	2,518,065	2,521,939
5,341,3		5,082,397	4,860,311	4,746,507	4,563,421
1,892,9		1,906,604	1,354,746	1,076,791	1,448,963
991,0		756,445	758,162	762,477	678,486
171.9		167,789	158,281	151,150	121,588
1,263,4		923,284	740,544	753,043	676,204
1,203,4	0	923,284	740,344	155,045	070,204
2,082,6		2,078,347	7,764,998	716,828	485,257
2,082,0	50	2,078,347	/,/04,998	/10,828	405,257
2,300,0	00	2,300,000	0	0	4,875,204
	0	0	0	0	0
791,8		731,883	727,601	717,704	704,276
261,2	16	264,098	273,382	256,424	329,249
_	0	0	0	0	59,840
17,956,4	50	16,646,277	18,948,249	11,698,989	16,464,427
(1,120,2	84)	(1,798,824)	(702,330)	617,484	(4,287,145)
24,5	12	2,111	15,351	23,341	33,075
155,8	18	0	0	0	0
127,8	09	122,354	13,998	8,197	0
ŕ	0	0	0	0	4,740,000
	0	0	0	0	0
	0	0	0	0	226,032
	0	0	0	0	0
	0	0	0	0	0
3,300,0	00	2,300,000	2,300,000	0	0
,,-	0	0	0	0	0
5,379,8	39	5,457,378	5,474,568	4,352,066	4,447,291
(5,379,8		(5,457,378)	(5,474,568)	(4,352,066)	(4,447,291)
		., , -)			
3,608,1	39	2,424,465	2,329,349	31,538	4,999,107
\$2,487,8	55	\$625,641	\$1,627,019	\$649,022	\$711,962
22	20/	24 60/	0.50/	0.10/	20 70/



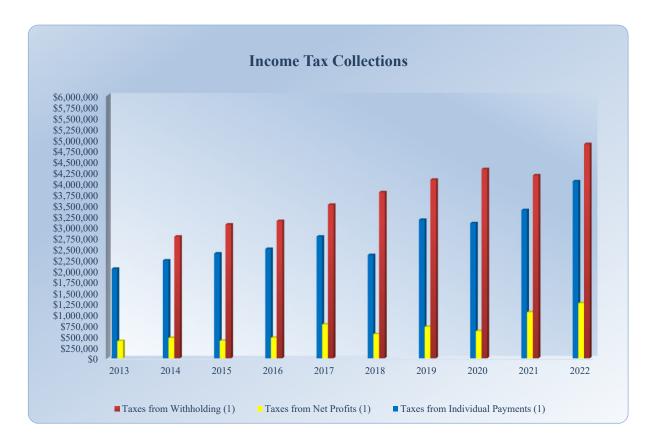
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#### City of Pickerington, Ohio Income Tax Revenue Base and Collections Last Ten Years

Tax Year	Tax Rate	Total Tax Collected	Taxes from Withholding (1)	Percentage of Taxes from Withholding	Taxes from Net Profits (1)	Percentage of Taxes from Net Profits	Taxes from Individual Payments (1)	Percentage of Taxes from Individual Payments
2022	1%	\$11,143,523	\$5,840,320	52.41%	\$1,260,332	11.31%	\$4,042,870	36.28%
2021	1%	9,333,413	4,891,642	52.41%	1,055,609	11.31%	3,386,162	36.28%
2020	1%	7,887,473	4,177,669	52.97%	621,528	7.88%	3,088,276	39.15%
2019	1%	8,204,007	4,319,752	52.65%	719,478	8.77%	3,164,777	38.58%
2018	1%	6,993,683	4,080,238	58.34%	551,888	7.89%	2,361,557	33.77%
2017	1%	7,348,344	3,793,273	51.62%	774,498	10.54%	2,780,573	37.84%
2016	1%	6,478,485	3,508,026	54.15%	470,084	7.26%	2,500,375	38.60%
2015	1%	5,931,529	3,137,199	52.89%	399,681	6.74%	2,394,649	40.37%
2014	1%	5,760,828	3,057,322	53.07%	466,037	8.09%	2,237,469	38.84%
2013	1%	5,220,794	2,779,983	53.25%	393,592	7.54%	2,047,219	39.21%

(1) Cash basis of accounting.

Source: Income Tax Reports, City Income Tax Department



### **City of Pickerington, Ohio** Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Years

		Real Property		Tangible Perso	
	Assessed	Value	Estimated	Public	Utility Estimated
Collection Year	Residential/ Agricultural	Commercial/ Industrial/PU	Actual Value	Assessed Value	Actual Value
2022	\$550,892,520	\$117,186,580	\$1,908,797,429	\$4,433,280	\$17,733,120
2021	523,987,760	121,020,780	1,842,881,543	4,286,590	17,146,360
2020	500,792,240	117,954,420	1,767,847,600	4,181,830	16,727,320
2019	393,243,900	109,431,320	1,436,214,914	3,793,780	15,175,120
2018	378,898,920	108,915,140	1,393,754,457	2,989,510	11,958,040
2017	370,106,780	103,560,110	1,353,333,971	2,881,050	11,524,200
2016	330,813,860	115,660,780	1,275,641,829	2,544,370	10,177,480
2015	322,316,580	106,107,190	1,224,067,914	2,432,110	9,728,440
2014	316,206,460	101,475,730	1,193,377,686	2,354,830	9,419,320
2013	330,707,500	100,510,450	1,232,051,286	2,194,040	8,776,160

Real property is reappraised every six years with a State mandated update of the current market value in the third year following each reappraisal.

The assessed value of real property (including public utility real property) is 35 percent of estimated true value. The assessed value of public utility personal property ranges from 25 percent of true value for railroad property to 88 percent for electric transmission and distribution property.

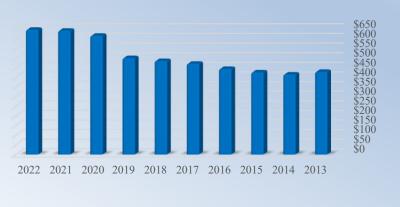
The tangible personal property values associated with each year were the values that, when multiplied by the applicable rates, generated the property tax revenue billed in that year. For real property, the amounts generated by multiplying the assessed values by the applicable rates would be reduced by a 10 percent and a 2 1/2 percent rollback, and homestead exemptions before being billed.

Values are shown net of exempt property.

Source: Fairfield County, Ohio; County Auditor

	Total		
Assessed Value	Estimated Actual Value	Ratio	Weighted Average Tax Rate
\$672,512,380	\$1,926,530,549	35%	\$5.494556
649,295,130	1,860,027,903	35%	\$5.548416
506,469,000	1,784,574,920	28%	\$6.103595
476,547,940	1,451,390,034	33%	\$6.122736
449,019,010	1,364,858,171	33%	\$6.148970
430,855,880	1,285,819,309	34%	\$6.419270
420,037,020	1,233,796,354	34%	\$6.410920
433,411,990	1,202,797,006	36%	\$6.426140
419,306,830	1,240,827,446	34%	\$6.245325
417,550,250	1,200,452,314	35%	\$6.251845

# Assessed Value of Real Property Millions of Dollars



#### **City of Pickerington, Ohio** Property Tax Rates, Direct and Overlapping Government: (per \$1,000 of assessed value)

Last Ten Years (1)

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Unvoted Millage					
Operating	2.300000	2.300000	2.300000	2.300000	2.300000
Voted Millage - by levy					
2000 Police					
Residential/Agricultural Real	3.001136	3.029741	3.045763	3.754619	3.784737
Commercial/Industrial/Public Utility/Mineral Real	4.016606	4.115469	4.114946	3.920780	3.908889
General Business/Public Utility Personal	5.500000	5.500000	5.500000	5.500000	5.500000
<u>Total Millage By Type of Property</u>					
Residential/Agricultural Real	5.301136	5.329741	5.345763	6.054619	6.084737
Commercial/Industrial/Public Utility/Mineral Real	6.316606	6.415469	6.414946	6.220780	6.208889
General Business/Public Utility Personal	7.800000	7.800000	7.800000	7.800000	7.800000
Total Direct Rate	5.494556	5.548416	5.564485	6.103595	6.122736
		5.5 10 110	0.001100	0.105575	0.122750
<b>Overlapping Rates by Taxing District</b> Fairfield County					
Residential/Agricultural Real	10.172275	10.206394	10.221749	10.287534	10.306597
Commercial/Industrial/Public Utility/Mineral Real	12.154404	12.197331	12.177830	10.838181	10.787046
General Business/Public Utility Personal	12.700000	12.700000	12.700000	11.400000	11.400000
	121,00000	121/00000	121,00000	11100000	1111000000
Violet Township					
Residential/Agricultural Real	9.028883	9.087762	9.131645	10.839003	10.894062
Commercial/Industrial/Public Utility/Mineral Real	10.904354	11.028299	11.024179	10.780531	10.666599
General Business/Public Utility Personal	16.150000	16.150000	16.150000	16.150000	16.150000
Pickerington Local School District					
Residential/Agricultural Real	34.729624	34.890193	35.609259	42.841724	42.942679
Commercial/Industrial/Public Utility/Mineral Real	40.567581	40.831899	41.768571	43.375313	43.169108
General Business/Public Utility Personal	79.700000	79.700000	80.300000	82.700000	82.700000
Eastland Joint Vocational School					
Residential/Agricultural Real	2.000000	2.000000	2.000000	2.000000	2.000000
Commercial/Industrial/Public Utility/Mineral Real	2.000000	2.000000	2.000000	2.000000	2.000000
General Business/Public Utility Personal	2.000000	2.000000	2.000000	2.000000	2.000000
General Busiless/1 ubic Ounty 1 ersonal	2.000000	2.000000	2.000000	2.000000	2.000000

(1) Property tax rates shown are based on collection year

Real property tax rates are reduced so that inflationary increases in value do not generate additional taxes. Real property is reappraised every six years and property values are updated in the third year following each reappraisa

Rates may only be raised by obtaining the approval of the majority of the voters at a public election.

Source: Fairfield County, Ohio; County Auditor

2.300000         2.300000         2.300000         2.300000         2.300000           3.816890         4.179654         4.183113         4.188839         3.949935           3.917689         3.916187         3.859785         3.898884         3.896222           5.500000         5.500000         5.500000         5.500000         5.500000
3.816890       4.179654       4.183113       4.188839       3.949935         3.917689       3.916187       3.859785       3.898884       3.896222
3.917689 3.916187 3.859785 3.898884 3.896222
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7.800000 7.800000 7.800000 7.800000 7.800000
6.148970 6.419270 6.410920 6.426140 6.245325
9.330501 9.702280 7.859879 7.857379 7.940718
9.751416 9.780568 7.901993 7.768445 7.796534
10.400000 10.400000 8.550000 8.550000 8.550000
10.950420 11.722621 11.741320 7.951975 7.711161
10.854558 10.857629 10.806266 6.877246 6.897248
16.150000 16.150000 16.150000 12.350000 12.350000
43.590731 46.209015 47.347988 47.362613 47.352162
44.068755 44.462280 45.314184 44.732973 46.307840
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#### **City of Pickerington, Ohio** Principal Taxpayers Real Estate Tax 2022 and 2013 (1)

	2022		
Name of Taxpayer	Assessed Value	Percent of Real Property Assessed Value	
Pickerington Ridge	\$5,623,500	0.84%	
AERC Turnberry Holdings LLC	5,145,750	0.77%	
The Kroger Company	4,565,850	0.68%	
Lakepoint Ohio Partners LLC	3,530,450	0.52%	
Pickerington Plaza Limited Partnership	3,155,790	0.47%	
CRI Pickerington Square LLC	3,005,270	0.45%	
Pickerington Assisted Living LLC	2,518,520	0.37%	
Walkers Corner II LLC	2,433,850	0.36%	
Waterstone Landing One LLC	2,162,670	0.32%	
B & G Realty LLC	2,135,000	0.32%	
Totals	\$34,276,650	5.10%	
Total Assessed Valuation	\$672,512,380		

	2013		
Name of Taxpayer	Assessed Value	Percent of Real Property Assessed Value	
Pickerington Apartments LLC	\$6,232,190	1.49%	
Lakes Edge LLC	5,057,920	1.21%	
Regency Centers LP	4,654,980	1.12%	
B & G Realty Inc.	4,116,030	0.99%	
Pickerington Square	4,102,440	0.98%	
Pickerington Plaza Limited Part	3,687,890	0.88%	
AERC Turnberry Inc.	3,683,990	0.88%	
Noble Free Standing Group LTD	2,382,300	0.58%	
Pickerington Assisted Living LLC	2,318,260	0.57%	
Kohls	2,022,020	0.46%	
Totals	\$38,258,020	9.16%	
Total Assessed Valuation	\$417,550,250		

(1) The amounts presented represent the assessed values upon which 2022 and 2013 collections were based.

Source: Fairfield County, Ohio; County Auditor

## City of Pickerington, Ohio

Principal Taxpayers Public Utilities Tax 2022 and 2013 (1)

	2022		
Name of Taxpayer	Assessed Value	Percent of Public Utility Assessed Value	
Columbia Gas of Ohio Inc.	\$1,982,300	44.71%	
South Central Power Co.	1,289,710	29.09%	
Ohio Power Co.	778,770	17.57%	
Eastern Gas Transmission	282,600	6.37%	
Total	\$4,333,380	97.75%	
Total Assessed Valuation	\$4,433,280		

	20	2013		
Name of Taxpayer	Assessed Value	Percent of Public Utility Assessed Value		
Columbia Gas of Ohio Inc. South Central Power Co. Columbus Southern Power Co.	\$914,450 548,670 527,820	41.68% 25.01% 24.06%		
Total	\$1,990,940	90.74%		
Total Assessed Valuation	\$2,194,040			

(1) The amounts presented represent the assessed values upon which 2022 and 2013 collections were based.

Source: Fairfield County, Ohio; County Auditor

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#### City of Pickerington, Ohio Property Tax Levies and Collections (1) Real, Public Utility, and Tangible Personal Property Last Ten Years (3)

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
<b>Real and Public Utility Property</b>					
Current Tax Levy	\$3,623,590	\$3,387,140	\$3,422,685	\$3,084,660	\$2,999,933
Current Tax Collections	3,223,335	3,144,606	3,370,028	3,052,197	2,961,668
Percent of Current Collections to Levy	88.95%	92.84%	98.46%	98.95%	98.72%
Delinquent Tax Collections (2)	(65,259)	51,236	45,151	42,440	50,113
Total Tax Collections	3,158,076	3,195,842	3,415,179	3,094,637	3,011,781
Ratio of Total Collections to Levy	87.15%	94.35%	99.78%	100.32%	100.39%
Outstanding Delinquent Taxes (4)	74,191	78,686	73,526	24,304	22,181
Ratio of Outstanding Delinquent Taxes to Tax Levy	2.05%	2.32%	2.15%	0.79%	0.74%

Source: Fairfield County, Ohio; County Auditor

(1) Includes State reimbursements of homestead and rollback exemptions

(2) Delinquent tax collections include amounts collected from penalties, interest, and other delinquent collections.

The County does not identify delinquent tax collections by tax year.

(3) The year presented represents the collection year.

(4) Outstanding Delinquent Taxes exclude penalties and other additional delinquent charges.

Note: Fairfield County's current reporting system does not track delinquency tax collections by tax year. Outstanding delinquencies are tracked in total by the date the parcel is first certified delinquent. Penalties and interest are applied to the total outstanding delinquent balance. The presentation will be updated as new information becomes available.

2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
\$2,925,430	\$2,879,015	\$2,758,980	\$2,696,129	\$2,688,390
2,895,330	2,764,518	2,717,953	2,619,187	2,626,923
98.97%	96.02%	98.51%	97.15%	97.71%
58,467	57,220	73,859	59,347	63,832
2,953,797	2,821,738	2,791,812	2,678,534	2,690,755
100.97%	98.01%	101.19%	99.35%	100.09%
34,844	47,655	55,727	76,927	132,697
1.19%	1.66%	2.02%	2.85%	4.94%

#### City of Pickerington, Ohio Ratio of Outstanding Debt to Total Personal Income and Debt Per Capita Last Ten Years

	Governmental Activities				
Year	General Obligation Bonds (2), (3), & (5)	Bond Anticipation Notes (4)	Capital Leases (3)		
2022	\$8,103,236	\$0	\$53,804		
2021	9,131,399	0	79,497		
2020	10,195,178	0	156,370		
2019	11,169,643	0	105,310		
2018	7,636,298	4,400,000	159,429		
2017	8,405,372	3,300,000	212,236		
2016	9,164,446	2,300,000	141,325		
2015	9,913,520	2,300,000	25,854		
2014	10,632,594	0	44,457		
2013	11,342,171	0	68,964		

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

(1) See S36 and S37 for personal income and population data

(2) During 2005, the City entered into a State Infrastructure Bank Loan agreement with the Ohio Department of Transportation in the amount of \$7,737,113 for the purpose of financing the Diley Road Widening and Realignment Project.

(3) During 2013, the City retired the outstanding State Infrastructure Bank Loan with proceeds from the issuance of general obligation bonds.
(4) During 2015, the City issued \$2,300,000 in general obligation bond anticipation notes for the Refugee Road widening project. During 2017, the City issued an additional \$1,000,000 in general obligation bond anticipation notes for the Refugee Road widening project. During 2018, the City issued an additional \$1,100,000 in general obligation bond anticipation notes for the Refugee Road widening project. During 2018, the City issued an additional \$1,100,000 in general obligation bond anticipation notes for the Refugee Road widening project.
(5) During 2019, the City retired the outstanding \$4,400,000 general obligation bond anticipation notes for the Refugee Road widening project with proceeds from the issuance of \$4,400,000 in general obligation bonds.

-	Business-Type Activities					
	General Obligation Bonds	OWDA Loan	Capital Leases	Total Debt	Percentage of Personal Income (1)	Per Capita (1)
	\$1,561,011	\$5,262,460	\$107,705	\$15,088,216	1.54%	\$605
	1,851,119	5,828,584	159,111	17,049,710	1.80%	683
	2,136,227	6,620,433	208,952	19,317,160	2.46%	872
	2,411,335	7,388,096	4,504	21,078,888	2.68%	951
	2,681,443	8,128,410	9,268	23,014,848	3.33%	1,128
	2,946,551	8,843,627	13,880	23,721,666	3.62%	1,182
	3,206,659	9,534,607	18,345	24,365,382	3.82%	1,234
	3,461,767	10,202,178	22,667	25,925,986	4.20%	1,336
	3,903,131	10,847,143	1,627	25,428,952	4.25%	1,332
	4,464,996	11,470,272	2,765	27,349,168	4.73%	1,463

#### City of Pickerington, Ohio Ratio of General Obligation Bonded Debt to Estimated Actual Property Value and Per Capita Last Ten Years

Year	Population (1)	Estimated Actual Property Value	General Obligation Bonded Debt (2) (3)	General Obligation Bonded Debt to Estimated Actual Property Value	General Obligation Bonded Debt Per Capita
2022	24,524	\$1,926,530,549	\$9,664,247	0.50%	\$394.07
2021	24,954	\$1,860,027,903	\$10,982,518	0.59%	\$440.11
2020	22,158	1,784,574,920	\$12,331,405	0.69%	\$556.52
2019	22,158	1,451,390,034	13,580,978	0.94%	\$612.92
2018	20,402	1,405,712,497	10,317,741	0.73%	505.72
2017	20,069	1,364,858,171	11,351,923	0.83%	565.64
2016	19,745	1,285,819,309	12,371,105	0.96%	626.54
2015	19,408	1,233,796,354	13,375,287	1.08%	689.16
2014	19,085	1,202,797,006	14,535,725	1.21%	761.63
2013	18,692	1,240,827,446	15,807,167	1.27%	845.66

(1) Population estimates from the U.S. Census Bureau.

(2) The City implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 63 in 2012.(3) Although the general obligation debt service fund is restricted for debt service, it is not

specifically restricted to the payment of principal; therefore, these resources are not shown as a deduction from general obligation bonded debt.

Source: City financial records

### City of Pickerington, Ohio

### Computation of Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt December 31, 2022

Jurisdiction	Governmental Activities Debt Outstanding	Percentage Applicable to City of Pickerington	Amount Applicable to the City of Pickerington
<u> Direct - City of Pickerington</u>			
General Obligation Bonds	\$8,103,236	100%	\$8,103,236
Capital Leases	161,509	100%	161,509
Total Direct Debt	8,264,745		8,264,745
Overlapping Debt Fairfield County	34,834,000	14.31%	4,984,745
Violet Township	5,070,000	45.39%	2,301,273
Pickerington Local School District Total Overlapping Debt Total Direct and Overlapping Debt	<u>60,384,956</u> <u>100,288,956</u> \$108,553,701	41.58%	<u>25,108,065</u> <u>32,394,083</u> \$40,658,828
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt	\$108,553,701		\$40,658,828

Note: The percentage of gross indebtedness of the City's overlapping political subdivisions was determined by dividing each overlapping subdivision's assessed value within the City by the subdivision's total assessed valuation.

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# City of Pickerington, Ohio Pledged Revenue Coverage Revenue Debt - Sewer Last Ten Years

		Less:	Net	Sewe OWD Debt Ser	A	
Year	Gross Revenues (1)	Operating Expenses (2)	Available Revenue	Principal	Interest	Coverage
2022	\$4,194,554	\$2,040,663	\$2,153,891	\$566,124	\$186,862	2.86
2021	4,273,492	1,901,843	2,371,649	607,715	188,600	2.98
2020	4,094,590	2,127,926	1,966,664	590,053	205,052	2.47
2019	3,740,207	2,224,117	1,516,090	568,997	223,629	1.91
2018	3,680,995	2,133,306	1,547,689	549,969	240,269	1.96
2017	3,752,874	2,221,941	1,530,933	531,587	256,354	1.94
2016	3,662,584	1,849,766	1,812,818	513,825	271,902	2.31
2015	3,479,463	1,880,252	1,599,211	496,666	320,490	1.96
2014	3,449,685	2,096,017	1,353,668	480,085	337,070	1.66
2013	3,456,971	2,176,523	1,280,448	478,766	353,503	1.54

Includes investment income and other non-operating revenues.
 Direct operating expenses does not include depreciation.

#### City of Pickerington, Ohio Legal Debt Margin Last Ten Years

	2022	2021	2020	2019
Total Assessed Property Value	\$672,512,380	\$649,295,130	\$622,928,490	\$506,469,000
Overall Legal Debt Limit (10 ½ % of Assessed Valuation)	70,613,800	68,175,989	65,407,491	53,179,245
Debt Outstanding: General Obligation Bonds Payable Notes Payable OWDA Loans Payable	\$9,440,000 0 5,262,460	\$10,735,000 4,000,000 5,828,584	\$11,160,000 4,000,000 6,620,433	\$13,140,000 4,000,000 7,388,096
Total Gross Indebtedness Outstanding	14,702,460	20,563,584	21,780,433	24,528,096
Less: Debt Exempt from Limitatior General Obligation Bonds Payable Notes Payable OWDA Loans Payable Amount Available in Debt Service Fund for General Obligations	(1,525,000) 0 (5,262,460) (60,032)	(1,810,000) (4,000,000) (5,828,584) (87,122)	(2,090,000) (4,000,000) (6,620,433) (189,862)	(2,360,000) (4,000,000) (7,388,096) (168,524)
Total Net Debt Applicable to Debt Limit	7,854,968	8,837,878	8,880,138	10,611,476
Legal Debt Margin Within 10 ½ % Limitations	\$62,758,832	\$59,338,111	\$56,527,353	\$42,567,769
Legal Debt Margin as a Percentage of the Debt Limit	88.88%	87.04%	86.42%	80.05%
Unvoted Debt Limitation (5 ½ % of Assessed Valuation)	\$36,988,181	\$35,711,232	\$34,261,067	\$27,855,795
Total Gross Indebtedness	14,702,460	20,563,584	21,780,433	24,528,096
Less: General Obligation Bonds Payable Notes Payable OWDA Loans Payable Amount Available in Debt Service Fund for General Obligations	(1,525,000) 0 (5,262,460) (60,032)	(1,810,000) (4,000,000) (5,828,584) (87,122)	(2,090,000) (4,000,000) (6,620,433) (189,862)	(2,360,000) (4,000,000) (7,388,096) (168,524)
Net Debt Within 5 1/2 % Limitations	7,854,968	8,837,878	8,880,138	10,611,476
Unvoted Legal Debt Margin Within 5 ½ % Limitations	\$29,133,213	\$26,873,354	\$25,380,929	\$17,244,319
Unvoted legal Debt Margin as a Percentage of the Unvoted Debt Limitation	78.76%	75.25%	74.08%	61.91%

Sources: Fairfield County, Ohio; County Auditor, and City financial records

2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
\$490,803,570	\$476,547,940	\$449,019,010	\$430,855,880	\$420,037,020	\$433,411,990
51,534,375	50,037,534	47,146,996	45,239,867	44,103,887	45,508,259
\$9,950,000 8,400,000	\$10,955,000 3,300,000	\$11,945,000 2,300,000	\$12,920,000 2,300,000	\$14,050,000 0	\$15,290,000 0
8,128,410	8,843,627	9,534,607	10,202,178	10,847,143	11,470,272
26,478,410	23,098,627	23,779,607	25,422,178	24,897,143	26,760,272
(2,625,000)	(2,885,000)	(3,140,000)	(3,390,000)	(3,825,000)	(4,380,000)
(4,000,000) (8,128,410)	0 (8,843,627)	0 (9,534,607)	0 (10,202,178)	0 (10,847,143)	0 (11,470,272)
(8,128,410)	(8,845,027)	(9,334,007)	(10,202,178)	(10,847,143)	(11,470,272)
(44,810)	(92,459)	(129,537)	(194,339)	(207,093)	(274,430)
11,680,190	11,277,541	10,975,463	11,635,661	10,017,907	10,635,570
\$39,854,185	\$38,759,993	\$36,171,533	\$33,604,206	\$34,085,980	\$34,872,689
77.34%	77.46%	76.72%	74.28%	77.29%	76.63%
\$26,994,196	\$26,210,137	\$24,696,046	\$23,697,073	\$23,102,036	\$23,837,659
26,478,410	23,098,627	23,779,607	25,422,178	24,897,143	26,760,272
(2,625,000)	(2,885,000)	(3,140,000)	(3,390,000)	(3,825,000)	(4,380,000)
(4,000,000)	0	0	0	0	0
(8,128,410)	(8,843,627)	(9,534,607)	(10,202,178)	(10,847,143)	(11,470,272)
(44,810)	(92,459)	(129,537)	(194,339)	(207,093)	(274,430)
11,680,190	11,277,541	10,975,463	11,635,661	10,017,907	10,635,570
\$15,314,006	\$14,932,596	\$13,720,583	\$12,061,412	\$13,084,129	\$13,202,089
56.73%	56.97%	55.56%	50.90%	56.64%	55.38%

#### City of Pickerington, Ohio Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Years

Year	Population (1)	Total Personal Income (4)	Personal Income Per Capita (1)	Median Household Income (1)	Median Age (1)
2022	24,524	\$962,199,140	\$39,235	\$104,293	36.3
2021	23,971	908,740,610	37,910	101,577	35.0
2020	22,158	785,589,732	35,454	97,192	35.0
2019	22,158	786,564,684	35,498	92,783	35.3
2018	20,402	690,403,680	33,840	85,320	35.1
2017	20,069	654,771,194	32,626	84,410	35.5
2016	19,745	637,368,600	32,280	82,569	35.9
2015	19,408	616,922,096	31,787	82,247	35.3
2014	19,085	598,257,495	31,347	81,540	36
2013	18,692	578,087,484	30,927	81,480	35.3

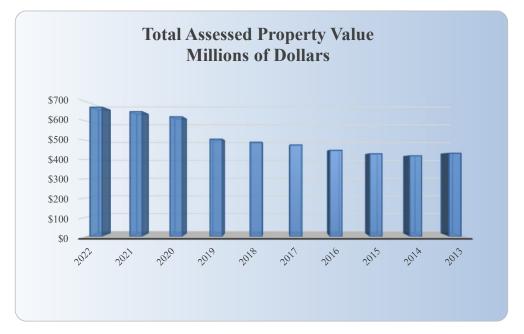
(1) Source: U.S. Census Estimates

(2) Source: Ohio Department of Education.

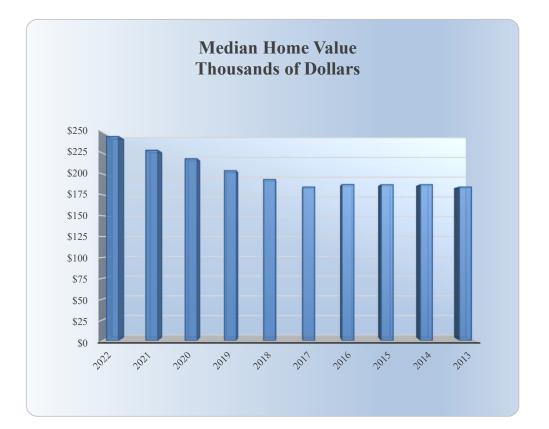
(3) Source: Ohio Bureau of Employment Services. The unemployment rate for the City is not available; therefore, the County rate was used.

(4) Computation of per capita personal income multiplied by population.

(5) Source: Fairfield County, Ohio; County Auditor.



Educational Attainment: Bachelor's Degree or Higher (1)	School Enrollment (2)	Fairfield County Unemployment Rate (3)	Median Home Value (1)	Total Assessed Property Value (5)
47.2%	10,820	3.5%	\$245,100	\$672,512,380
49.0%	10,602	3.0%	228,600	649,295,130
44.6%	10,487	4.0	218,400	622,928,490
43.8	10,739	3.7	204,100	506,469,000
40.1	10,658	4.3	193,500	490,803,570
38.6	10,468	4.3	184,500	476,547,940
36.3	10,236	4.2	187,500	449,019,010
39.3	10,042	4.3	187,300	430,855,880
38.8	10,080	4.8	187,400	420,037,020
40.1	10,116	5.6	184,500	433,411,990



# **City of Pickerington, Ohio** Principal Employers 2022 and 2013

2	022	

Employer	Nature of Business	Employees	Percentage of Total City Employment
Pickerington Local School District	School System	1,256	11.38%
Ohio Health Corporation	Health Care Facility	551	4.99%
Kroger Company, Inc.	Supermarket	461	4.18%
Roosters	Restaurant	319	2.89%
Kohl's Department Store	Retail	314	2.85%
Cracker Barrel Restaurant	Restaurant	262	2.37%
The Tamarkin Company	Supermarket	260	2.36%
Wendys	Restaurant	256	2.32%
Raising Cane's	Restaurant	178	1.61%
Embassy Pickerington	Health Care Facility	167	1.51%
Total		4,024	36.60%
Total Employment within the City		11,036	

2013

Employer	Nature of Business	Employees	Percentage of Total City Employment
		<u> </u>	
Pickerington Local School District	School System	1,150	12.58%
Kroger Company, Inc.	Supermarket	329	3.60%
Kohl's Department Stores	Retail	319	3.49%
Roosters	Restaurant	266	2.91%
Tamarkin Co Inc.	Supermarket	260	2.84%
Cracker Barrel Restaurant	Restaurant	247	2.70%
Pickerington Assisted Living LLC	Health Care Facility	187	2.05%
Kindred Nursing Center	Health Care Facility	150	1.64%
Steak N' Shake	Restaurant	146	1.60%
McDonalds	Restaurant	139	1.52%
Total		3,193	34.94%
Total Employment within the City		9,139	

Source: City Income Tax Department.

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#### **City of Pickerington, Ohio** Full-Time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function/Program Last Ten Years

Function/Program	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
General Government					
Council	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00
Mayor	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Clerk of Courts	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
City Manager	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Finance Director	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Human Resources	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Income Tax	4.50	4.50	4.50	2.50	3.50
Municipal Records	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Finance Department	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Facilities Operations	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Secretary/ Administrative	4.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
City Engineer	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Staff Engineer	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Engineer Inspectors	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Security of Persons and Property					
Police Chief	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Police Commanders	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Police Patrol Officers	30.00	27.00	25.00	25.00	24.00
Police Detectives	4.00	4.00	4.00	5.00	4.00
Police Dispatchers/Office	10.00	11.00	10.00	11.00	9.00
Leisure Time Activities					
Parks & Recreation Director	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Recreation	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Parks	2.50	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Community Development					
Building	2.50	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.50
Development/Planning/Code Enforcement	3.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00
Transportation					
Street Maintenance & Repair	7.50	5.50	5.50	5.50	5.00
Basic Utility Services					
Service Director	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Assistant Service Director	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Secretary/ Administrative	3.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00
Water	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00
Sewer	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
Stormwater	4.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
Totals:	109.00	104.00	101.00	101.00	98.00

Source: City financial records

Method: Using 1.0 for each full-time employee and 0.50 for each

permanent part-time employee at year end (excludes temporary and seasonal employees). Amounts include elected officials.

2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00
1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
1.00	1.00	1.50	1.50	1.50
3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50
2.00	3.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
3.00	3.00	2.50	2.50	2.50
1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
24.00	23.00	22.00	22.00	22.00
3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
10.00	9.00	11.00	11.00	11.00
1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
	• • • •	• • • •	• • • •	• • • •
2.50	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00
5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
4.00	5.00	4.00	4.00	4.00
6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00
3.00	3.00	4.00	5.00	6.00
3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	2.00
99.00	97.50	97.50	98.50	98.50

# Operating Indicators by Function/Program

Last Ten Years

Function/Program	2022	2021	2020	2019
neral Government				
Council and Clerk				
Number of Ordinances Passed	32	39	34	29
Number of Resolutions Passed	21	23	29	25
Finance Department				
Number of checks/ vouchers issued	3,613	3,217	3,829	3,523
Number of P.O.'s issued	2,277	2,302	2,626	2,410
Interest earnings for fiscal year (1)	\$506,604	\$263,131	\$689,397	\$710,940
General Fund Receipts (1)	\$15,997,588	\$13,236,190	\$12,424,976	\$11,960,010
General Fund Expenditures (1)	\$14,628,717	\$11,354,151	\$9,416,405	\$9,982,848
General Fund Cash Balances	\$15,501,272	\$14,132,401	\$12,615,731	\$9,059,497
Income Tax Department				
Forms Prepared/ Mailed				
Individual Postcards	14911	14364	14,261	13,534
Withholding Postcards	5760	4824	4,506	4,055
Estimate Statements	3,021	2,494	2,706	2,798
Federal 1099-G	2031	1939	1,871	2,159
Collections				
Tax (2)	\$11,068,282	\$9,531,822	\$7,887,473	\$8,204,007
Refunds	\$302,537	\$285,527	\$320,361	\$260,848
Utilities Billing				
Shut-off notices processed	2,414	2,287	3,158	4,174
Work Orders Processed	1,736	2,209	2,213	1,831
New Accounts Added	202	263	114	152
Utility Bills Mailed/ Emailed	86,809	83,227	76,771	75,674
<b>Building Department Indicators</b>				
Construction Permits Issued				
New Residential	223	260	250	156
Commercial	122	109	138	251
Minor	724	617	615	498
Inspection Statistics				
Residential	5,935	5,652	4,637	4,490
Commercial	296	262	955	2,048
Contractor Registration Statistics				2
Registrations	607	522	477	537

(1) Cash basis of accounting.

(2) Accrual basis of accounting. Collections include delinquencies, penalties, interest, and late fees.

(3) During 2014, the City began offering day passes at the Aquatic Recreation Center.

(4) During 2015, the City began tracking the amount of caustic and bisulfite used annually.

(5) During 2018, the City began tracking the number of zoning certificates issued, the number of zoning inspections that occurred, and the number of conditional use pemits issued.

2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
38	60	52	44	67	81
33	30	25	50	41	30
3,984	4,078	4,139	4,286	4,346	4,158
2,543	3,337	2,570	3,255	3,279	3,285
\$471,718	\$226,409	\$141,459	\$74,285	\$60,953	\$40,631
\$10,791,616	\$10,615,164	\$9,314,280	\$9,019,315	\$8,376,598	\$7,973,116
\$10,669,560	\$9,464,880	\$9,028,000	\$8,559,589	\$7,965,622	\$8,116,822
\$6,538,914	\$6,097,300	\$4,624,365	\$4,223,426	\$3,726,214	\$3,185,607
12,579	12,569	10,868	10,439	12,331	10,346
3,709	3,413	3,193	3,005	2,699	2,684
2,143	2,539	2,552	2,986	3,007	2,686
2,137	2,019	2,003	2,220	2,217	2,153
\$6,993,683	\$7,348,344	\$6,478,485	\$5,931,529	\$5,760,828	\$5,220,794
\$335,695	\$333,523	\$278,748	\$245,768	\$298,232	\$223,352
4,192	4,660	4,436	3,977	3,940	3,651
1,819	1,412	1,456	1,744	1,808	2,138
166	111	161	137	138	102
73,725	72,340	71,440	70,067	67,624	66,795
189	130	85	104	108	104
331	224	213	165	213	172
468	402	322	396	335	319
3,975	3,290	2,361	2,970	2,564	2,343
2,643	1,140	820	708	914	697
_,~	-,- · ·				
520	483	461	445	427	468

Operating Indicators by Function/Program (Continued)

Last Ten Years

Function/Program	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Security of Persons & Property					
Police					
Total Calls for Services	30,996	30,488	27,477	37,790	34,299
Total Reports Taken	1,769	1,620	1,455	1,973	2,081
OMVI/DUI	64	58	34	95	72
Juvenile/ Adult Traffic Citations	1,114	662	951	3,652	3,402
Juvenile Education Enforcement	0	0	0	0	0
Serious Crime/ Incidents					
Accidents	848	828	710	862	514
Homicides	2	0	1	0	0
Fatal Accidents	0	1	2	1	0
Rapes	4	7	6	4	11
Auto Theft	15	20	16	27	16
Robbery	7	5	7	10	9
Burglary	19	21	35	44	34
Assaults	77	63	73	97	42
Suicides	1	4	2	2	C
Leisure Time Activities					
Parks & Recreation					
Park Land and Acreage	158.13	158.13	158.13	158.13	158.13
Number of street trees planted	98	82	116	78	115
Number of street trees pruned	78	237	416	412	370
Number of street trees removed	104	57	55	25	26
Recreation Activities					
Basketball Leagues	0	0	0	0 teams	0 teams
Co-Rec Volleyball League	ů 0	0	0	9 teams	7 teams
Softball Leagues	13	11	11	20 teams	21 teams
Community Development	10			20 00000	21 00000
Planning & Zoning Indicators					
Comprehensive Sign Plans	3	5	1	7	9
Rezonings	0	0	2	0	2
Annexations	1	1	1	1	2
Certificates of Appropriateness	5	8	3	6	5
Lot Splits	3	8	2	5	5
Subdivision Plats	3 7	4	4	1	2
Planned Unit Developments	2	4 2	4	1	4
Complaints Received	86	291	101	301	262
Inspections Completed	456	291	101	297	202
Unresolved Issues	450	0	2	4	274
Zoning Certificates Issued (5)	695	673	723	4	4
Residential	548	572	659	467	510
					510
Commercial	147	101	68	161	189
Zoning Inspections (5) Residential	244	220	212	202	277
	344	339	313	382	277
Commercial	5	1	4	4	7
Conditional Use Permits (5)	5	10	4	9	11
Streets and Equipment Maintenance					
Storm Sewers					
Inlets	40	12	12	17	29
Collapsed Lines	8	260	260	201	70
Ditches	580	75	75	698	125

(1) Cash basis of accounting.

(2) Accrual basis of accounting. Collections include delinquencies, penalties, interest, and late fees.

(3) During 2014, the City began offering day passes at the Aquatic Recreation Center.

(4) During 2015, the City began tracking the amount of caustic and bisulfite used annually.

(5) During 2018, the City began tracking the number of zoning certificates issued, the number of zoning inspections that occurred, and the number of conditional use pemits issued.

2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
33,291	32,972	32,735	34,488	32,829
2,315	2,462	2,746	2,053	2,031
75	112	53	66	45
3,382	3,082	2,603	2,626	2,516
0	0	0	0	0
510	554	595	560	564
0	0	0	1	0
0	0	1	2	0
2	5	11	2	7
21	13	12	17	19
10	8	12	4	6
20	36	39	41	55
46	43	42	40	40
0	4	0	3	3
158.13	158.13	157.33	157.33	157.33
138.15	202	503	250	233
195	280	600	138	262
112	53	233	52	75
0 teams				
7 teams	8 teams	8 teams	5 teams	5 teams
23 teams	27 teams	29 teams	24 teams	24 teams
12	9	13	7	17
0	1	2	0	4
0	0	1	0	0
8	25	9	8	14
8	6	1	1	1
5	6	3	0	1
2	2	1	1	0
321 319	422 413	383 377	433 424	294 270
2	413 9	6	424 9	270
0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0
F	27	2	17	1
5 0	27 0	3 0	17 70	1 320
573	860	230	70 969	320 0

Operating Indicators by Function/Program (Continued)

Last Ten Years

Function/Program	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Streets and Equipment Maintenance (continued)	)				
Leaf Pick Up					
Loads	132	0	192	135	15
Days	30	0	45	42	3
Snow Removal					
Salt (tons)	1,500.00	0.00	304.00	406.31	1,474.8
Hours	1,173.0	0.0	350.0	352.8	621.
Sand/Chloride (gallons)	100.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0
Signs					
Repair/Replace	14	0	72	69	10
New	39	0	58	65	4
Mosquito Fogging (hrs)	30.00	0.00	50.00	0.00	140.7
Street Maintenance					
Striped (miles)	4.00	0.00	14.00	12.36	2.5
Street Sweeping (cu. yd.)	45	0	47	37	4
Crack Sealing (sq. yards or tons)	1,100	0	0	0	
Water Department					
Revenue Collected (1)	\$3,601,714	\$3,481,814	\$3,481,814	\$3,104,115	\$2,431,46
Water Processed (Million Gallons Per Day)					
Raw Water	939.81	928.73	928.73	883.00	799.8
Avg./Day	2.57	2.53	2.53	2.42	2.1
Water to System	642.07	621.03	621.03	578.42	537.0
Avg./Day	1.76	1.70	1.70	1.59	1.4
Chemical Usage (in 1000s)					
Chlorine	6,930	6,732	6,732	6,949	6,73
Avg./Day	19.00	18.44	18.44	19.04	18.4
Fluoride	24,391	23,802	23,802	24,762	22,98
Avg./Day	67.00	65.21	65.21	67.84	62.9
Phosphate	28,098	26,588	26,588	28,294	25,54
Avg./Day	77.00	72.84	72.84	77.52	69.9
Potassium	30,747	39,447	39,447	34,609	34,51
Avg./Day	84.00	108.07	108.07	94.82	94.5
Caustic (6)	15,388	17,630	17,630	17,663	16,92
Avg./Day	42.00	48.30	48.30	48.39	46.3
Bisulfite (4)	5,565	4,096	4,096	26,477	19,43
Avg./Day	15.00	11.22	11.22	72.54	53.2
Avg./Day Annual Water Pumpage (in 1000s)	15.00	11.22	11.22	72.34	55.2
Raw Water	939.809	924.732	924.732	883.004	799.828
Treated Water	709.927	691.028	691.028	653.530	606.40
Plant Use	1.950	1.895	1.895	153.640	151.970
Sewer Department	¢5 400 010	¢4.959.760	¢4.959.760	¢4.269.022	\$2 (00.71
Revenue Collected (1)	\$5,423,310	\$4,858,760	\$4,858,760	\$4,268,922	\$3,690,71
Treated Water (total for year)	970.52	934.28	934.28	998.17	774.3
Average (Gallons Per Day)	2.660	2.560	2.560	2.710	2.12
Sludge Hauled (tons)	262.93	276.90	276.90	330.22	287.3
Aquatic Recreation Center	<b>***</b>	<b>\$264.01</b>	¢122.017	<b>***</b>	A107
Revenue Collected (1)	\$249,599	\$204,816	\$132,816	\$228,689	\$196,19
Number of Memberships Sold	450	397	0	501	53
Number of Day Passes Sold (3)	13,678	10,032	13,875	9,237	7,48
Number of Patrons	1,471	0	0	1,492	1,56

(1) Cash basis of accounting.

(2) Accrual basis of accounting. Collections include delinquencies, penalties, interest, and late fees.

(3) During 2014, the City began offering day passes at the Aquatic Recreation Center.

(4) During 2015, the City began tracking the amount of caustic and bisulfite used annually.

(5) During 2018, the City began tracking the number of zoning certificates issued, the number of

zoning inspections that occurred, and the number of conditional use pemits issued.

2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
65	118	104	82	98
51	45	33	44	31
1 12( 00	1 022 20	1 (00 00	1 122 75	1 294 (2
1,136.00 369.0	1,023.20 647.0	1,600.00 1,125.5	1,123.75 661.0	1,284.62 698.5
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
175	16	10	93	153
64	37	62	43	19
104.00	78.00	176.00	104.00	31.50
2.01	3.44	8.00	12.78	10.80
44	22	26	130	21
72,017	50,554	153,662	137,703	60,737
\$2,360,493	\$2,421,929	\$2,332,796	\$2,308,794	\$2,327,814
700 50		(02.50	(= 0.00	500.00
792.58	757.87	693.72	678.22	720.03
2.17	2.07	1.90	1.85	1.97
529.59	500.53	459.93	483.80	499.60
1.45	1.37	1.26	1.33	1.37
5,860	5,825	5,685	5,577	6,090
16.05	15.91	15.57	15.28	16.68
22,479	21,816	20,444	20,290	20,736
61.58	59.60	56.01	55.59	56.81
25,282	26,877	25,859	24,371	24,537
69.27	73.43	70.84	66.77	67.22
26,561	29,696	20,916	21,808	19,967
72.77	81.13	57.30	59.75	54.70
15,000	14,281	12,930	n/a	n/a
40.99	39.02	35.42	n/a	n/a
12,389	13,804	16,601	n/a	n/a
33.94	37.72	45.48	n/a	n/a
792.580	757.865	693.720	678.223	720.033
589.980	500.527	459.929	532.328	546.520
116.200	129.900	64.000	277.000	68.000
\$3,692,138	\$3,652,695	\$3,489,617	\$3,430,884	\$3,428,190
763.38	756.14	775.96	716.97	795.42
2.091	2.072	2.130	1.964	2.180
288.88	254.58	241.14	254.33	183.69
\$193,273	\$183,814	\$161,777	\$161,743	\$169,595
544	427	387	457	559
6,663	7,493	5,098	1,760	0
1,593	1,335	1,300	1,588	1,887
,	, -			,

#### Capital Assets Statistics by Function/Program

Last Ten Years

Function/Program	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
General Government					
Square Footage of Municipal Building	9,280	9,280	9,280	9,280	9,280
Square Footage of Building Department	2,547	2,547	2,547	2,547	2,547
Vehicles	4	4	4	4	5
Police					
Stations	1	1	1	1	1
Square Footage of Building	20,531	20,531	20,531	20,531	20,531
Vehicles	22	22	22	20	19
Motorcycle	0	0	0	0	0
Leisure Time Activities					
Number of Parks	7	7	7	7	7
Number of Tennis Courts	3	3	3	3	3
Number of Skateboarding Areas	1	1	1	1	1
Number of Baseball and Softball Diamonds	4	4	4	4	4
Number of Soccer Fields	3	3	3	3	3
Disc Golf Course	1	1	1	1	1
Vehicles	2	2	2	2	1
Basketball Courts	3	3	3	3	3
Transportation					
Streets (miles)	81.32	81.00	81.00	79.84	78.40
Service Vehicles	2	21	20	18	19
Service Complex					
Square Footage of Cold Storage Building	4,368	4,368	4,368	4,368	4,368
Sewer					
Sanitary Sewers (feet)	479,302	468,412	457,522	441,917	433,792
Square Footage of Building	800	800	800	800	800
Vehicles	3	3	3	3	3
Water					
Water Lines (feet)	393,224	380,285	367,346	360,272	355,692
Square Footage of Building	13,667	13,667	13,667	13,667	13,667
Vehicles	3	3	3	3	3
Stormwater					
Storm Sewers (feet)	287,194	274,357	261,520	247,401	240,078
Utilities					
Square Footage of Utilities Complex	1,658	1,658	1,658	1,658	1,658
Aquatic Recreation Center					
Acreage	3.89	3.89	3.89	3.89	3.89
Square Footage of Adult Swimming Pool	9,350	9,350	9,350	9,350	9,350
Square Footage of Youth Swimming Pool (1)	0	0	0	0	0
Square Footage of Splashpad (2)	2,036	2,036	2,036	2,036	2,036

(1) During 2015, the City enclosed the youth swimming pool with concrete since it did not meet ADA requirements.

(2) During 2015, the City installed a Splashpad at the Aquatic Recreation Center.

2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
9,280	9,280	9,280	9,280	9,280
2,547	2,547	2,547	2,547	2,547
5	5	5	5	6
1	1	1	1	1
20,531	20,531	20,531	20,531	20,531
18	18	17	16	17
0	0	0	0	0
7	7	7	7	7
3	3	3	3	5
1	1	1	1	1
4	4	4	4	4
3	3	3	3	3
1	1	1	1	1
1	2	2	2	4
3	3	3	3	2
76.95	75.54	74.49	73.80	73.80
17	17	17	17	16
1,	1,	1,	1,	10
4,368	4,368	4,368	4,368	4,368
431,236	431,236	424,618	423,945	421,299
800	800	800	800	800
3	3	3	3	3
354,008	350,921	346,857	345,094	341,101
13,667	13,667	13,667	13,667	13,667
3	3	3	3	3
228,116	223,319	218,200	218,072	218,072
1,658	1,658	1,658	1,658	1,658
3.89	3.89	3.89	3.89	3.89
9,350	9,350	9,350	9,350	9,350
0	0	0	250	250
2,036	2,036	2,036	0	0

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# **CITY OF PICKERINGTON**

# FAIRFIELD COUNTY

# AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 8/8/2023

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370