COVENTRY LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMIT COUNTY, OHIO

SINGLE AUDIT REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Zupka & AssociatesCertified Public Accountants



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Board of Education Coventry Local School District 3257 Cormany Road Akron, Ohio 44319

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of Coventry Local School District, Summit County, prepared by Zupka & Associates, for the audit period July 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. Coventry Local School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

February 24, 2023



COVENTRY LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT **SUMMIT COUNTY, OHIO** SINGLE AUDIT REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Coventry Local School District Summit County 3257 Cormany Road Akron, Ohio 44319

To the Members of the Board of Education:

Report on the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Coventry Local School District, Summit County, Ohio, (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Coventry Local School District as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* (*Government Auditing Standards*), issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Coventry Local School District Summit County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
 include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
 statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that
 raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable
 period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 3 to the basic financial statements, the District adopted new accounting guidance in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, *Leases*. As discussed in Note 23 to the basic financial statements, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the District. Our opinion is not modified with respect to these matters.

Coventry Local School District Summit County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and Schedules of Net Pension and Postemployment Benefit Liabilities and Pension and Postemployment Benefit Contributions, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 31, 2023, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Zupka & Associates

Certified Public Accountants

Supka & associates

January 31, 2023

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Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022 Unaudited

The discussion and analysis of Coventry Local School District's (the "School District") financial performance provides an overall review of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's financial performance as a whole. Readers should also review the financial statements and notes to those respective statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2022 are as follows:

- The increase in net position was due to the decrease in program expenses and the increase in revenues. Decreases in regular instruction and administration and pupil transportation support services expenses drove the decrease in program expenses, mainly due to a decrease in pension expense, as well as a change in the foundation funding model, the School District no longer contracting for busing, and the reduction of an elementary assistant principal position.
- During fiscal year 2022, the School District entered into a financed purchase agreement for school buses in the amount of \$1,023,467, to be paid from the general fund. The School District also purchased buses from Peterman Bus, with whom they had previously contracted for busing.
- Total governmental funds had an increase in fund balance due to the increase in revenues, primarily an increase in property taxes and intergovernmental revenues. The increase in intergovernmental revenues was primarily due to the foundation funding changes and an increase in food services funding resulting from Federal COVID-19 relief funding.
- A significant decrease in the net pension liability, as well as smaller decreases in current liabilities, the net OPEB liability, and other amounts due in more than one year, caused an overall decrease in liabilities for fiscal year 2022. The net pension and net OPEB liabilities represent the School District's proportionate share of the unfunded benefits of the SERS and STRS pension and OPEB plans. Changes in pension and OPEB benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of these liabilities.

Using this Annual Financial Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes pertaining to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand Coventry Local School District as a financial whole, or a complete operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The statement of net position and the statement of activities provide information about the activities of the whole School District, presenting both an aggregate and longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements explain how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the School District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of Coventry Local School District, the general fund is by far the most significant fund.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. These notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 21-60 of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022 Unaudited

Reporting the School District as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains all the funds used by the School District to provide programs and activities, the view of the School District as a whole considers all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during fiscal year 2022?" The statement of net position and the statement of activities answer this question. These statements include all assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources except fiduciary funds using the accrual basis of accounting, similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. Accrual accounting takes into account all of the current fiscal year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the School District's net position and changes in that net position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the School District as a whole, the financial position of the School District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the School District's performance, demographic and socioeconomic factors and the willingness of the community to support the School District.

In the statement of net position and the statement of activities, all of the School District's activities are classified as governmental. The School District's programs and services reported here include instruction, support services, non-instructional services, extracurricular activities, and interest and fiscal charges.

Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds

The analysis of the School District's major funds begins on page 11. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the School District's major funds. The School District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions; however, these fund financial statements focus on the School District's most significant funds. The School District's only major governmental fund is the general fund.

Governmental Funds All of the School District's activities are reported as governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at fiscal year-end that are available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022 Unaudited

The School District as a Whole

You may recall that the statement of net position provides the perspective of the School District as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the School District's net position for fiscal years 2022 and 2021.

Table 1 *Net Position*

| | Governmental Activities | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------|--------------|--|--|
| | | Restated | _ | | |
| | 2022 | 2021 | Change | | |
| Assets | | | | | |
| Current and Other Assets | \$25,742,967 | \$22,722,351 | \$3,020,616 | | |
| Net OPEB Asset | 1,540,215 | 1,333,536 | 206,679 | | |
| Capital Assets, Net | 29,140,737 | 28,918,944 | 221,793 | | |
| Total Assets | 56,423,919 | 52,974,831 | 3,449,088 | | |
| Deferred Outflows of Resources | | | | | |
| Deferred Charges on Refunding | 628,773 | 654,589 | (25,816) | | |
| Pension | 4,515,083 | 3,836,006 | 679,077 | | |
| OPEB | 464,163 | 585,246 | (121,083) | | |
| Total Deferred Outflows of Resources | 5,608,019 | 5,075,841 | 532,178 | | |
| Liabilities | | | | | |
| Current Liabilities | 2,368,700 | 2,613,962 | 245,262 | | |
| Long-Term Liabilities: | | | | | |
| Due Within One Year | 1,375,568 | 1,191,060 | (184,508) | | |
| Due in More Than One Year: | | | | | |
| Net Pension Liability | 11,925,396 | 23,355,475 | 11,430,079 | | |
| Net OPEB Liability | 1,370,123 | 1,710,785 | 340,662 | | |
| Other Amounts | 31,295,913 | 31,695,190 | 399,277 | | |
| Total Liabilities | 48,335,700 | 60,566,472 | 12,230,772 | | |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources | | | | | |
| Property Taxes | 12,586,235 | 12,105,475 | (480,760) | | |
| Pension | 11,087,408 | 1,633,735 | (9,453,673) | | |
| OPEB | 2,905,685 | 2,731,805 | (173,880) | | |
| Total Deferred Inflows of Resources | 26,579,328 | 16,471,015 | (10,108,313) | | |
| Net Position | | | | | |
| Net Investment in Capital Assets | (708,220) | (1,632,284) | 924,064 | | |
| Restricted | 2,898,470 | 2,854,413 | 44,057 | | |
| Unrestricted (Deficit) | (15,073,340) | (20,208,944) | 5,135,604 | | |
| Total Net Position | (\$12,883,090) | (\$18,986,815) | \$6,103,725 | | |

The net pension liability is one of the largest single liabilities reported by the School District at June 30, 2022. GASB notes that pension and OPEB obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" – that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension and other postemployment benefits. GASB noted that the

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022 Unaudited

unfunded portion of this promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange; however, the School District is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of these liabilities. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability or the net OPEB liability. As explained previously, changes in benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of these liabilities, but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability are satisfied, these liabilities are separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

By comparing assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, one can see the overall net position of the School District has increased. Unrestricted net position primarily contributed to this increase as a result of an increase in equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents and a significant decrease in the net pension liability, although partly offset by the change in deferred inflows of resources related to pension.

Total assets increased during fiscal year 2022 primarily due to the increase in equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents. Cash and cash equivalents increased due to an increase in cash basis revenues, primarily intergovernmental and property taxes, and a decrease in cash basis expenditures, mainly regular instruction and pupil transportation. A change in the State foundation funding model caused the increase in intergovernmental revenues and the decrease in regular instruction, as discussed subsequently. Property tax collections increased in fiscal year 2022 primarily due to the increase in assessed values between calendar years 2020 and 2021. Fiscal year 2022 benefited from a full fiscal year of collections on the higher assessed values. Cash expenditures for pupil transportation decreased mainly due to the School District no longer contracting out busing.

Capital assets include land, construction in progress, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, vehicles, and intangible right to use lease - equipment. These capital assets are used to provide services to students and are not available for future spending. Although the School District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Total governmental liabilities decreased during fiscal year 2022 primarily due to a decrease in the net pension liability, as well as smaller decreases in current liabilities and the net OPEB liability and other amounts due in more than one year. Current liabilities decreased mainly due to decreases in contracts payable and intergovernmental payable. The decrease in the intergovernmental payable was related to decreases in the liability for preschool services provided by the educational service center, the liability for the true-up of employer contributions owed to STRS, and the liability for excess costs. The net pension and net OPEB liabilities represent the School District's proportionate share of the unfunded benefits of the SERS and STRS pension and OPEB plans. As indicated previously, changes in pension and OPEB benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of these liabilities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022 Unaudited

In order to further understand what makes up the changes in net position for the current fiscal year, the following table gives further details regarding the results of activities for the current fiscal year.

Table 2 shows total revenues, expenses and changes in net position for fiscal years 2022 and 2021:

Table 2Change in Net Position
Governmental Activities

| | 2022 | Restated 2021 | Change |
|--|----------------|----------------|---------------|
| Revenues | | | |
| Program Revenues | | | |
| Charges for Services Operating Grants, Contributions | \$2,840,195 | \$3,872,510 | (\$1,032,315) |
| and Interest | 3,698,511 | 3,112,674 | 585,837 |
| Capital Grants and Contributions | 38,057 | 38,948 | (891) |
| Total Program Revenues | 6,576,763 | 7,024,132 | (447,369) |
| General Revenues | | | |
| Property Taxes | 13,510,150 | 13,317,525 | 192,625 |
| Grants and Entitlements | 7,092,275 | 5,534,849 | 1,557,426 |
| Investment Earnings | 106 | 38 | 68 |
| Miscellaneous | 55,633 | 482,850 | (427,217) |
| Total General Revenues | 20,658,164 | 19,335,262 | 1,322,902 |
| Total Revenues | 27,234,927 | 26,359,394 | 875,533 |
| Program Expenses | | | |
| Instruction: | | | |
| Regular | 8,915,237 | 12,100,902 | 3,185,665 |
| Special | 3,123,086 | 3,357,301 | 234,215 |
| Vocational | 79,014 | 88,320 | 9,306 |
| Support Services: | | | |
| Pupils | 1,278,087 | 1,497,580 | 219,493 |
| Instructional Staff | 154,511 | 213,197 | 58,686 |
| Board of Education | 55,351 | 141,478 | 86,127 |
| Administration | 1,212,653 | 1,793,612 | 580,959 |
| Fiscal | 755,898 | 664,031 | (91,867) |
| Business | 112,172 | 70,937 | (41,235) |
| Operation and Maintenance of Plant | 1,568,846 | 1,774,141 | 205,295 |
| Pupil Transportation | 784,189 | 1,535,976 | 751,787 |
| Central | 507,509 | 582,519 | 75,010 |
| Operation of Non-Instructional Services | 175,796 | 389,300 | 213,504 |
| Operation of Food Services | 709,715 | 608,347 | (101,368) |
| Extracurricular Activities | 581,562 | 564,395 | (17,167) |
| Intergovernmental | 2,888 | 0 | (2,888) |
| Interest and Fiscal Charges | 1,114,688 | 1,097,493 | (17,195) |
| Total Program Expenses | 21,131,202 | 26,479,529 | 5,348,327 |
| Change in Net Position | 6,103,725 | (120,135) | 6,223,860 |
| Net Position Beginning of Year | (18,986,815) | (18,866,680) | (120,135) |
| Net Position End of Year | (\$12,883,090) | (\$18,986,815) | \$6,103,725 |

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022 Unaudited

Governmental Activities

Net position increased for fiscal year 2022 due to the decrease in program expenses and the increase in revenues. The decrease in program expenses was primarily due to the decreases for regular instruction, and administration and pupil transportation support services expenses. The decrease in regular instruction was primarily due to a decrease in pension expense and the change in the foundation funding model. The decrease in pension expense also contributed to the decrease in administration support services, as did the reduction of an elementary assistant principal position. The decrease in pupil transportation support services was mainly due to the School District no longer contracting for busing.

The vast majority of revenue supporting all governmental activities is general revenue. General revenue increased over the prior fiscal year, mostly due to the increase in grants and entitlements revenue resulting from the change in the foundation funding model discussed subsequently.

For fiscal year 2022, School District foundation funding received from the State of Ohio is now funded using a direct funding model. Under this new model, community school, STEM school, scholarship, and open enrollment funding are directly funded by the State of Ohio to the respective educating school. For fiscal year 2021 and prior, the amounts related to students who were residents of the School District were funded to the School District who, in turn, made the payment to the educating school. The resulting decrease in regular instruction expenses was mostly offset with a corresponding decrease in intergovernmental revenues related to funding that used to flow through the School District to be paid to the educating schools. Also, in fiscal year 2021, the School District received tuition and fees from resident school districts which are now direct funded to the School District as the educating entity in fiscal year 2022. This resulted in a decrease in tuition and fees that was largely offset by a similar increase in intergovernmental revenue. In addition to these changes, the new foundation funding calculations yielded an overall increase in intergovernmental revenues for the School District.

The remaining amount of revenue received was in the form of program revenues. Program revenues decreased primarily due to a decrease in charges for services related to the change in the foundation funding model.

The School District carefully tracks its revenues and expenses in order to avoid creating a deficit. Although the School District relies heavily upon local property taxes to support its operations, the School District actively solicits and receives additional grant and entitlement funding to help offset some operating costs.

As one can see, some of the largest of the School District's expenses are for instructional purposes. Additional expenses include support services, such as pupils, instructional staff, general administration, maintenance, and pupil transportation; operation of non-instructional services; numerous extracurricular activities; intergovernmental; and interest and fiscal charges.

The statement of activities shows the total net cost of program services. Table 3 shows the total cost of services for governmental activities and the net cost of those services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by general revenues, primarily tax revenue and unrestricted State entitlements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022 Unaudited

Table 3Governmental Activities

| | Total Cost of Services 2022 | Net Cost of Services 2022 | Total Cost of Services 2021 | Restated Net Cost of Services 2021 |
|---|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|
| Instruction: | | | | |
| Regular | \$8,915,237 | \$6,534,184 | \$12,100,902 | \$8,464,524 |
| Special | 3,123,086 | 1,176,001 | 3,357,301 | 1,617,039 |
| Vocational | 79,014 | 78,022 | 88,320 | 76,663 |
| Support Services: | | | | |
| Pupils | 1,278,087 | 1,235,147 | 1,497,580 | 1,302,776 |
| Instructional Staff | 154,511 | 127,523 | 213,197 | 190,886 |
| Board of Education | 55,351 | 55,351 | 141,478 | 141,478 |
| Administration | 1,212,653 | 1,207,698 | 1,793,612 | 1,696,772 |
| Fiscal | 755,898 | 755,898 | 664,031 | 664,031 |
| Business | 112,172 | 112,172 | 70,937 | 70,937 |
| Operation and Maintenance of Plant | 1,568,846 | 1,339,728 | 1,774,141 | 1,648,468 |
| Pupil Transportation | 784,189 | 265,495 | 1,535,976 | 1,305,881 |
| Central | 507,509 | 506,693 | 582,519 | 578,733 |
| Operation of Non-Instructional Services | 175,796 | 44,616 | 389,300 | (1,306) |
| Operation of Food Services | 709,715 | (335,073) | 608,347 | 173,866 |
| Extracurricular Activities | 581,562 | 333,408 | 564,395 | 427,156 |
| Intergovernmental | 2,888 | 2,888 | 0 | 0 |
| Interest and Fiscal Charges | 1,114,688 | 1,114,688 | 1,097,493 | 1,097,493 |
| Total Expenses | \$21,131,202 | \$14,554,439 | \$26,479,529 | \$19,455,397 |

As one can see, the reliance upon local tax revenues for governmental activities is crucial. The majority of expenses are supported through general revenues, with property taxes making up the largest portion of general revenues. The community is by far the primary support for the School District students.

School District's Funds

Information regarding the School District's major funds can be found beginning on page 16. These funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Total governmental funds had an increase in fund balance due to the increase in revenues, primarily increases in property taxes and intergovernmental revenues. The increase in property taxes resulted from the increase in assessed values discussed previously. The increase in intergovernmental revenues was primarily due to the foundation funding changes discussed previously, as well as an increase in food services funding due to Federal COVID-19 relief funding. The increase in other financing sources was mainly due to the inception of a financed purchase for buses in fiscal year 2022, although it was offset by an equal increase in capital outlay expenditures.

The general fund also saw an increase in fund balance for fiscal year 2022 due several factors discussed previously, including the changes in the foundation funding, an increase in property taxes, and a decrease in pupil transportation expenditures. The inception of a financed purchase contributed to an increase in other financing sources but was offset by a corresponding increase in capital outlay expenditures. That increase in capital outlay was offset by a decrease in regular instruction expenditures related to foundation funding changes and a decrease in pupil transportation expenditures, yielding total expenditures that were comparable with the prior fiscal year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022 Unaudited

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The School District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant fund to be budgeted is the main operating fund of the School District, the general fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2022, the School District amended its general fund budget a few times. The School District uses a site-based style of budgeting and has in place systems that are designed to tightly control expenditures but provide flexibility for site-based decision and management.

For the general fund, the final budget basis revenue estimate increased from the original budget basis revenue estimate. Actual revenues were higher than final budgeted revenues primarily due to higher than anticipated property taxes and intergovernmental revenues. In total, the final budgeted expenditures were the same as the original budgeted expenditures. Actual expenditures were lower than final budgeted expenditures due to the School District closely monitoring expenditures to keep costs within the allowed amount. In addition, the School District was able to utilize COVID-19 relief funding to offset expenditures related to ongoing HVAC maintenance efforts.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

All capital assets, except land and construction in progress, are reported net of depreciation. Capital asset additions increased during fiscal year 2022 and included numerous buses, various computers, a color laser printer, athletic equipment, a mower, and the middle school HVAC and electrical project that continued into fiscal year 2023. For more information on capital assets, refer to Note 9 of the basic financial statements.

Debt

During the fiscal year, outstanding debt decreased as the School District continued to pay down debt.

On November 20, 2020, the School District issued a Refunding Certificate of Participation (COP) through direct placement for the purpose of currently refunding the 2011 Certificates of Participation, which had been issued for building and property renovations. The COP will be fully repaid in fiscal year 2029.

The 2013 school improvement general obligation bonds were issued for the School District's local share of the construction of a new high school, as well as furnishing, equipping and otherwise improving School District buildings and facilities. These bonds were partially refunded in fiscal year 2021. The remaining bonds will be fully repaid in fiscal year 2031.

On December 22, 2020, the School District issued school improvement refunding general obligation bonds for the purpose of advance refunding a portion of the 2013 school improvement bonds in order to take advantage of lower interest rates. The bonds will be fully repaid in fiscal year 2048.

At fiscal year end, the School District's overall legal debt margin was \$6,512,212 with an unvoted debt margin of \$366,104. At fiscal year end, the School District had a Baa3 bond rating. For more information on debt, refer to Note 10 of the basic financial statements.

In addition to the long-term debt, the School District's long-term obligations include net pension liability, net OPEB liability, financed purchases, leases payable, and compensated absences. Additional information for these items can be found in notes 10, 21 and 22.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022 Unaudited

School District Outlook

In November 2022, Moody's completed a review of the School District's credit rating. As a result, the School District rating increased from Baa3 to Baa2 with a positive outlook.

The School District has two emergency operating levies. On November 8, 2022, the School District voters approved a renewal of the emergency operating levy that generates approximately \$2.9 million annually. The next renewal levy will expire in calendar year 2023 and will need to be renewed to continue to eliminate future deficit spending. The School District has been able to end with positive general fund cash balances in fiscal years 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021, and 2022.

Contacting the School District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Lisa Blough, Treasurer, at Coventry Local School District, 3257 Cormany Road, Akron, Ohio 44319-1425, or email at lblough@coventryschools.org.

Coventry Local School District Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

| Assets Governmental Activities Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments \$10,406,930 Investments 38,868 Accounts Receivable 1,083,329 Prepaid Items 9,319 Materials and Supplies Inventory 12,250 Property Taxes Receivable 14,190,696 Net OPEB Asset (See Note 22) 1,540,215 Nondepreciable Capital Assets 747,376 Depreciable Capital Assets, Net 28,393,361 Total Assets 56,423,919 Deferred Outflows of Resources Deferred Outflows of Resources 5,608,019 Liabilities | | |
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| Due Within One Year 1,375,568 Due in More Than One Year: 11,925,396 Net Pension Liability (See Note 21) 11,925,396 Net OPEB Liability (See Note 22) 1,370,123 Other Amounts Due in More Than One Year 31,295,913 Total Liabilities 48,335,700 Deferred Inflows of Resources Property Taxes 12,586,235 Pension 11,087,408 OPEB 2,905,685 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources Net Position Net Investment in Capital Assets (708,220) Restricted for: 577,640 Capital Outlay 957,514 Food Service Operations 647,571 Facilities Maintenance 241,421 Student Activities 267,108 Scholarships 50,534 Scholarships: Expendable 5,736 Nonexpendable 25,000 Other Purposes 125,946 Unrestricted (Deficit) (15,073,340) | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 156,274 |
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| Net Pension Liability (See Note 21) 11,925,396 Net OPEB Liability (See Note 22) 1,370,123 Other Amounts Due in More Than One Year 31,295,913 Total Liabilities 48,335,700 Deferred Inflows of Resources 12,586,235 Pension 11,087,408 OPEB 2,905,685 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 26,579,328 Net Position (708,220) Restricted for: 577,640 Debt Service 577,640 Capital Outlay 957,514 Food Service Operations 647,571 Facilities Maintenance 241,421 Student Activities 267,108 Scholarships 50,534 Scholarships: Expendable 5,736 Nonexpendable 25,000 Other Purposes 125,946 Unrestricted (Deficit) (15,073,340) | | 1,3/3,308 |
| Net OPEB Liability (See Note 22) 1,370,123 Other Amounts Due in More Than One Year 31,295,913 Total Liabilities 48,335,700 Deferred Inflows of Resources 12,586,235 Pension 11,087,408 OPEB 2,905,685 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 26,579,328 Net Position (708,220) Restricted for: 577,640 Capital Outlay 957,514 Food Service Operations 647,571 Facilities Maintenance 241,421 Student Activities 267,108 Scholarships 50,534 Scholarships: Expendable 5,736 Nonexpendable 25,000 Other Purposes 125,946 Unrestricted (Deficit) (15,073,340) | | 11 025 206 |
| Other Amounts Due in More Than One Year 31,295,913 Total Liabilities 48,335,700 Deferred Inflows of Resources 12,586,235 Pension 11,087,408 OPEB 2,905,685 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 26,579,328 Net Position (708,220) Restricted for: 577,640 Capital Outlay 957,514 Food Service Operations 647,571 Facilities Maintenance 241,421 Student Activities 267,108 Scholarships 50,534 Scholarships: Expendable 5,736 Nonexpendable 25,000 Other Purposes 125,946 Unrestricted (Deficit) (15,073,340) | • | |
| Total Liabilities 48,335,700 Deferred Inflows of Resources Property Taxes 12,586,235 Pension 11,087,408 OPEB 2,905,685 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources Net Position Net Investment in Capital Assets (708,220) Restricted for: 577,640 Capital Outlay 957,514 Food Service Operations 647,571 Facilities Maintenance 241,421 Student Activities 267,108 Scholarships 50,534 Scholarships: Expendable 5,736 Nonexpendable 25,000 Other Purposes 125,946 Unrestricted (Deficit) (15,073,340) | | |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources Property Taxes 12,586,235 Pension 11,087,408 OPEB 2,905,685 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 26,579,328 Net Position (708,220) Restricted for: 577,640 Debt Service 577,640 Capital Outlay 957,514 Food Service Operations 647,571 Facilities Maintenance 241,421 Student Activities 267,108 Scholarships 50,534 Scholarships: Expendable Nonexpendable 25,000 Other Purposes 125,946 Unrestricted (Deficit) (15,073,340) | | |
| Property Taxes 12,586,235 Pension 11,087,408 OPEB 2,905,685 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 26,579,328 Net Position Net Investment in Capital Assets (708,220) Restricted for: 577,640 Capital Outlay 957,514 Food Service Operations 647,571 Facilities Maintenance 241,421 Student Activities 267,108 Scholarships 50,534 Scholarships: Expendable 5,736 Nonexpendable 25,000 Other Purposes 125,946 Unrestricted (Deficit) (15,073,340) | Total Entollines | 10,555,700 |
| Pension 11,087,408 OPEB 2,905,685 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 26,579,328 Net Position Net Investment in Capital Assets (708,220) Restricted for: Debt Service 577,640 Capital Outlay 957,514 Food Service Operations 647,571 Facilities Maintenance 241,421 Student Activities 267,108 Scholarships 50,534 Scholarships: Expendable Nonexpendable 5,736 Nonexpendable 25,000 Other Purposes 125,946 Unrestricted (Deficit) (15,073,340) | | 12 586 235 |
| OPEB 2,905,685 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 26,579,328 Net Position (708,220) Restricted for: 577,640 Debt Service 577,640 Capital Outlay 957,514 Food Service Operations 647,571 Facilities Maintenance 241,421 Student Activities 267,108 Scholarships 50,534 Scholarships: Expendable 5,736 Nonexpendable 25,000 Other Purposes 125,946 Unrestricted (Deficit) (15,073,340) | | |
| Net Position (708,220) Net Investment in Capital Assets (708,220) Restricted for: 577,640 Debt Service 577,640 Capital Outlay 957,514 Food Service Operations 647,571 Facilities Maintenance 241,421 Student Activities 267,108 Scholarships 50,534 Scholarships: Expendable Expendable 5,736 Nonexpendable 25,000 Other Purposes 125,946 Unrestricted (Deficit) (15,073,340) | | |
| Net Investment in Capital Assets (708,220) Restricted for: 577,640 Debt Service 577,640 Capital Outlay 957,514 Food Service Operations 647,571 Facilities Maintenance 241,421 Student Activities 267,108 Scholarships 50,534 Scholarships: Expendable Nonexpendable 5,736 Nonexpendable 25,000 Other Purposes 125,946 Unrestricted (Deficit) (15,073,340) | Total Deferred Inflows of Resources | 26,579,328 |
| Net Investment in Capital Assets (708,220) Restricted for: 577,640 Debt Service 577,640 Capital Outlay 957,514 Food Service Operations 647,571 Facilities Maintenance 241,421 Student Activities 267,108 Scholarships 50,534 Scholarships: Expendable Nonexpendable 5,736 Nonexpendable 25,000 Other Purposes 125,946 Unrestricted (Deficit) (15,073,340) | Not Position | |
| Restricted for: 577,640 Debt Service 577,640 Capital Outlay 957,514 Food Service Operations 647,571 Facilities Maintenance 241,421 Student Activities 267,108 Scholarships 50,534 Scholarships: Expendable Expendable 5,736 Nonexpendable 25,000 Other Purposes 125,946 Unrestricted (Deficit) (15,073,340) | | (708 220) |
| Debt Service 577,640 Capital Outlay 957,514 Food Service Operations 647,571 Facilities Maintenance 241,421 Student Activities 267,108 Scholarships 50,534 Scholarships: Expendable Nonexpendable 5,736 Nonexpendable 25,000 Other Purposes 125,946 Unrestricted (Deficit) (15,073,340) | | (700,220) |
| Capital Outlay 957,514 Food Service Operations 647,571 Facilities Maintenance 241,421 Student Activities 267,108 Scholarships 50,534 Scholarships: Expendable Nonexpendable 5,736 Nonexpendable 25,000 Other Purposes 125,946 Unrestricted (Deficit) (15,073,340) | | 577.640 |
| Food Service Operations 647,571 Facilities Maintenance 241,421 Student Activities 267,108 Scholarships 50,534 Scholarships: Expendable Nonexpendable 25,000 Other Purposes 125,946 Unrestricted (Deficit) (15,073,340) | Capital Outlay | |
| Facilities Maintenance 241,421 Student Activities 267,108 Scholarships 50,534 Scholarships: Expendable Nonexpendable 5,736 Nonexpendable 25,000 Other Purposes 125,946 Unrestricted (Deficit) (15,073,340) | ÷ * | |
| Scholarships 50,534 Scholarships: Expendable Expendable 5,736 Nonexpendable 25,000 Other Purposes 125,946 Unrestricted (Deficit) (15,073,340) | | |
| Scholarships: 5,736 Expendable 5,700 Nonexpendable 25,000 Other Purposes 125,946 Unrestricted (Deficit) (15,073,340) | Student Activities | 267,108 |
| Expendable 5,736 Nonexpendable 25,000 Other Purposes 125,946 Unrestricted (Deficit) (15,073,340) | Scholarships | 50,534 |
| Nonexpendable 25,000 Other Purposes 125,946 Unrestricted (Deficit) (15,073,340) | Scholarships: | |
| Other Purposes 125,946 Unrestricted (Deficit) (15,073,340) | Expendable | 5,736 |
| Unrestricted (Deficit) (15,073,340) | | 25,000 |
| | • | |
| <i>Total Net Position</i> (\$12,883,090) | Unrestricted (Deficit) | (15,073,340) |
| | Total Net Position | (\$12,883,090) |

Coventry Local School District Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

| | | | Program Revenues | 3 | Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position |
|---|--------------|------------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|--|
| _ | Expenses | Charges for Services | Operating Grants, Contributions and Interest | Capital Grants and Contributions | Governmental Activities |
| Governmental Activities | | | | | |
| Instruction: | | | | | |
| Regular | \$8,915,237 | \$1,829,969 | \$551,084 | \$0 | (\$6,534,184) |
| Special | 3,123,086 | 765,414 | 1,181,671 | 0 | (1,176,001) |
| Vocational | 79,014 | 0 | 992 | 0 | (78,022) |
| Support Services: | | | | | |
| Pupils | 1,278,087 | 0 | 42,940 | 0 | (1,235,147) |
| Instructional Staff | 154,511 | 0 | 26,988 | 0 | (127,523) |
| Board of Education | 55,351 | 0 | 0 | 0 | (55,351) |
| Administration | 1,212,653 | 0 | 4,955 | 0 | (1,207,698) |
| Fiscal | 755,898 | 0 | 0 | 0 | (755,898) |
| Business | 112,172 | 0 | 0 | 0 | (112,172) |
| Operation and Maintenance of Plant | 1,568,846 | 400 | 190,661 | 38,057 | (1,339,728) |
| Pupil Transportation | 784,189 | 0 | 518,694 | 0 | (265,495) |
| Central | 507,509 | 0 | 816 | 0 | (506,693) |
| Operation of Non-Instructional Services | 175,796 | 0 | 131,180 | 0 | (44,616) |
| Operation of Food Services | 709,715 | 6,755 | 1,038,033 | 0 | 335,073 |
| Extracurricular Activities | 581,562 | 237,657 | 10,497 | 0 | (333,408) |
| Intergovernmental | 2,888 | 0 | 0 | 0 | (2,888) |
| Interest and Fiscal Charges | 1,114,688 | 0 | 0 | 0 | (1,114,688) |
| Total | \$21,131,202 | \$2,840,195 | \$3,698,511 | \$38,057 | (14,554,439) |
| | | General Revenues Property Taxes Le | | | |
| | | General Purpos | | | 11,808,681 |
| | | Debt Service | | | 1,413,740 |
| | | Capital Outlay | | | 228,321 |
| | | • | ilities Maintenance | | 59,408 |
| | | Grants and Entitle | ements not Restricte | ed | , |
| | | to Specific Progr | rams | | 7,092,275 |
| | | Investment Earnin | | | 106 |
| | | Miscellaneous | 6 | | 55,633 |
| | | Total General Rev | venues | | 20,658,164 |
| | | Change in Net Po | sition | | 6,103,725 |
| | | Net Position Begi | nning of Year - Res | tated (See Note 3) | (18,986,815) |
| | | Net Position End | of Year | | (\$12,883,090) |

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

| Assets | General | Other Governmental Funds | Total Governmental Funds |
|--|--------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents | \$7,603,479 | \$2,803,451 | \$10,406,930 |
| Investments | \$7,003, 4 79 | 38,868 | 38,868 |
| Accounts Receivable | 997 | 578 | 1,575 |
| Interfund Receivable | 187,808 | 1,268 | 189,076 |
| Intergovernmental Receivable | 791,149 | 292,180 | 1,083,329 |
| Prepaid Items | 8,799 | 520 | 9,319 |
| Materials and Supplies Inventory | 12,250 | 0 | 12,250 |
| Property Taxes Receivable | 12,335,801 | 1,854,895 | 14,190,696 |
| Troperty Taxes Receivable | 12,333,601 | 1,054,075 | 14,170,070 |
| Total Assets | \$20,940,283 | \$4,991,760 | \$25,932,043 |
| Liabilities | | | |
| Accounts Payable | \$107,968 | \$25,226 | \$133,194 |
| Accrued Wages and Benefits | 1,328,572 | 63,100 | 1,391,672 |
| Contracts Payable | 0 | 18,513 | 18,513 |
| Retainage Payable | 0 | 2,560 | 2,560 |
| Intergovernmental Payable | 609,312 | 13,982 | 623,294 |
| Interfund Payable | 1,268 | 187,808 | 189,076 |
| Matured Compensated Absences Payable | 25,703 | 0 | 25,703 |
| Matured Lease Payable | 4,507 | 0 | 4,507 |
| Matured Interest Payable | 359 | 0 | 359 |
| Total Liabilities | 2,077,689 | 311,189 | 2,388,878 |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources | | | |
| Property Taxes | 10,951,745 | 1,634,490 | 12,586,235 |
| Unavailable Revenue | 1,197,331 | 355,206 | 1,552,537 |
| Total Deferred Inflows of Resources | 12,149,076 | 1,989,696 | 14,138,772 |
| Fund Balances | | | |
| Nonspendable | 21,049 | 25,520 | 46,569 |
| Restricted | 0 | 2,950,975 | 2,950,975 |
| Committed | 248,131 | 0 | 248,131 |
| Assigned | 33,304 | 0 | 33,304 |
| Unassigned (Deficit) | 6,411,034 | (285,620) | 6,125,414 |
| Total Fund Balances | 6,713,518 | 2,690,875 | 9,404,393 |
| Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of | | | |
| Resources and Fund Balances | \$20,940,283 | \$4,991,760 | \$25,932,043 |

Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities June 30, 2022

| Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds: Delinquent Property Taxes | Total Governmental Fund Balances | | \$9,404,393 |
|--|---|-------------|----------------|
| Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds: Delinquent Property Taxes 502,740 Intergovernmental 286,154 Total 286,154 Total 286,154 Total 1,552,537 Deferred outflows of resources represent deferred charges on refunding, which are not reported in the funds. Vacation benefits payable is a contractually required benefit not expected to be paid with expendable available financial resources and therefore not reported in the funds. In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in the funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds: Certificates of Participation (845,000) General Obligation Bonds (29,134,894) Financed Purchases (1,406,062) Lease Payable (60,888) Compensated Absences (1,406,062) Lease Payable (60,888) Compensated Absences (1,406,062) Lease Payable (60,888) Compensated Absences (1,406,062) Lease Payable (70,408) Deferred outflows - Pension (84,163) Net OPEB Asset (1,50,213) Deferred Outflows - Pension (1,1987,408) Deferred Outflows - OPEB (1,1987,408) Deferred Inflows - Pension (1,1987,408) Deferred Inflows - OPEB | Amounts reported for governmental activities in the | | |
| Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds: Delinquent Property Taxes Intergovernmental Tuition and Fees Total Deferred outflows of resources represent deferred charges on refunding, which are not reported in the funds. Vacation benefits payable is a contractually required benefit not expected to be paid with expendable available financial resources and therefore not reported in the funds. In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in the funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds: Certificates of Participation General Obligation Bonds Financed Purchases (1,406,062) Lease Payable Compensated Absences Total The net pension/OPEB liabilities are not due and payable in the current period, and the net OPEB asset is not available for spending in the current period, and the net OPEB asset is not available for spending in the current period. Therefore, the asset, liabilities and related deferred outflows/inflows are not reported in the funds: Net OPEB Asset Deferred Outflows - Pension Deferred Outflows - Pension OPEB Liability (11,925,396) Net OPEB Liability Opeferred Inflows - Pension Opeferred Inflows - OPEB | | | |
| Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current- period expenditures and therefore are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds: Delinquent Property Taxes 502,740 Intergovermmental 286,154 Tuition and Fees 763,643 Total 1,552,537 Deferred outflows of resources represent deferred charges on refunding, which are not reported in the funds. 628,773 Vacation benefits payable is a contractually required benefit not expected to be paid with expendable available financial resources and therefore not reported in the funds. (12,624) In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in the funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. (156,274) Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the finds: Certificates of Participation (845,000) General Obligation Bonds (29,134,894) Financed Purchases (1,406,062) Lease Payable (60,888) Compensated Absences (1,224,637) Total (32,671,481) The net pension/OPEB liabilities are not due and payable in the current period, and the net OPEB asset is not available for spending in the current period. Therefore, the asset, liabilities and related deferred outflows/inflows are not reported in the funds: Net OPEB Asset Deferred Outflows - Pension (4,11,925,396) Net Pension Liability (11,925,396) Net Pension Liability (11,925,396) Net Pension Liability (11,970,123) Deferred Inflows - Pension (11,087,408) Deferred Inflows - Pension (11,087,408) Deferred Inflows - OPEB (2,095,685) Total (20,769,151) | | | |
| period expenditures and therefore are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds: Delinquent Property Taxes Intergovernmental 286,154 Tuition and Fees Total Deferred outflows of resources represent deferred charges on refunding, which are not reported in the funds. Vacation benefits payable is a contractually required benefit not expected to be paid with expendable available financial resources and therefore not reported in the funds. In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in the funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds: Certificates of Participation General Obligation Bonds (29,134,894) Financed Purchases (1,406,062) Lease Payable Compensated Absences Total The net pension/OPEB liabilities are not due and payable in the current period, and the net OPEB asset is not available for spending in the current period, Therefore, the asset, liabilities and related deferred outflows - Pension Deferred Outflows - Pension Deferred Outflows - Pension Deferred Inflows - OPEB Total (20,769,151) | resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. | | 29,140,737 |
| unavailable revenue in the funds: Delinquent Property Taxes Delinquent Property Taxes Intergovernmental Tuition and Fees Total Deferred outflows of resources represent deferred charges on refunding, which are not reported in the funds. Vacation benefits payable is a contractually required benefit not expected to be paid with expendable available financial resources and therefore not reported in the funds. In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in the funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds: Certificates of Participation General Obligation Bonds Centeral Obligation Bonds Financed Purchases Lease Payable Compensated Absences Total The net pension/OPEB liabilities are not due and payable in the current period, and the net OPEB asset is not available for spending in the current period, and the net OPEB asset is not available for spending in the current period. Therefore, the asset, liabilities and related deferred outflows/inflows are not reported in the funds: Net OPEB Asset Deferred Outflows - Pension Deferred Outflows - Pension Deferred Inflows - OPEB Total October 1, 552,537 1,540,215 Deferred Outflows - Pension Deferred Outflows - OPEB Total | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | |
| Delinquent Property Taxes Intergovernmental 286,154 Tuition and Fees 763,643 Total 1,552,537 Deferred outflows of resources represent deferred charges on refunding, which are not reported in the funds. 628,773 Vacation benefits payable is a contractually required benefit not expected to be paid with expendable available financial resources and therefore not reported in the funds. (12,624) In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in the funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. (156,274) Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds: Certificates of Participation (845,000) General Obligation Bonds (29,134,894) Financed Purchases (1,406,062) Lease Payable (60,888) Compensated Absences (1,224,637) Total (32,671,481) The net pension/OPEB liabilities are not due and payable in the current period, and the net OPEB asset is not available for spending in the current period. Therefore, the asset, liabilities and related deferred outflows/inflows are not reported in the funds: Net OPEB Asset Deferred Outflows - Pension 4,515,083 Deferred Outflows - OPEB 464,163 Net Pension Liability (11,925,396) Net OPEB Liability (11,925,396) Net OPEB Liability (11,925,396) Deferred Inflows - Pension (11,087,408) Deferred Inflows - OPEB (2,905,685) Total (20,769,151) | | | |
| Intergovernmental Tuition and Fees Total Tuition and Fees Total Deferred outflows of resources represent deferred charges on refunding, which are not reported in the funds. Vacation benefits payable is a contractually required benefit not expected to be paid with expendable available financial resources and therefore not reported in the funds. In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in the funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds: Certificates of Participation General Obligation Bonds (29,134,894) Financed Purchases (1,406,062) Lease Payable Compensated Absences (1,224,637) Total The net pension/OPEB liabilities are not due and payable in the current period, and the net OPEB asset is not available for spending in the current period. Therefore, the asset, liabilities and related deferred outflows/inflows are not reported in the funds: Net OPEB Asset Deferred Outflows - Pension Deferred Outflows - OPEB Net Pension Liability Net OPEB Liability (11,925,396) Net OPEB Liability (11,925,396) Net OPEB Liability (11,087,408) Deferred Inflows - OPEB Total Interpretation of the properties of | | 502 540 | |
| Tuition and Fees Total Total 1,552,537 Deferred outflows of resources represent deferred charges on refunding, which are not reported in the funds. Cacation benefits payable is a contractually required benefit not expected to be paid with expendable available financial resources and therefore not reported in the funds. In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in the funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds: Certificates of Participation General Obligation Bonds (29,134,894) Financed Purchases (1,406,062) Lease Payable (60,888) Compensated Absences Total The net pension/OPEB liabilities are not due and payable in the current period, and the net OPEB asset is not available for spending in the current period. Therefore, the asset, liabilities and related deferred outflows/inflows are not reported in the funds: Net OPEB Asset Deferred Outflows - Pension Deferred Outflows - Pension Net OPEB Liability Net OPEB Liability Net OPEB Liability (1,237,396) Net OPEB Liability (1,252,396) Net OPEB Liability (1,275,396) Net OPEB Liability (1,275,396) Net OPEB Liability (1,275,396) Net OPEB Liability (1,370,123) Deferred Inflows - Pension Deferred Inflows - Pension OPEB (2,905,685) Total | | • | |
| Deferred outflows of resources represent deferred charges on refunding, which are not reported in the funds. Vacation benefits payable is a contractually required benefit not expected to be paid with expendable available financial resources and therefore not reported in the funds. In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in the funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds: Certificates of Participation (845,000) General Obligation Bonds (29,134,894) Financed Purchases (1,406,062) Lease Payable (60,888) Compensated Absences (1,224,637) Total (32,671,481) The net pension/OPEB liabilities are not due and payable in the current period, and the net OPEB asset is not available for spending in the current period, and the net OPEB asset is not available for spending in the current period. Therefore, the asset, liabilities and related deferred outflows/inflows are not reported in the funds: Net OPEB Asset Deferred Outflows - Pension (4,515,083) Deferred Outflows - OPEB (1,197,0123) Net OPEB Liability (1,370,123) Deferred Inflows - Pension (11,087,408) Deferred Inflows - Pension (11,087,408) Deferred Inflows - OPEB (2,905,685) Total (20,769,151) | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | |
| Deferred outflows of resources represent deferred charges on refunding, which are not reported in the funds. Vacation benefits payable is a contractually required benefit not expected to be paid with expendable available financial resources and therefore not reported in the funds. (12,624) In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in the funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds: Certificates of Participation (845,000) General Obligation Bonds (29,134,894) Financed Purchases (1,406,062) Lease Payable (60,888) Compensated Absences (1,224,637) Total (32,671,481) The net pension/OPEB liabilities are not due and payable in the current period, and the net OPEB asset is not available for spending in the current period, and the net OPEB asset is not available for spending in the current period outflows are not reported in the funds: Net OPEB Asset 1,540,215 Deferred Outflows - Pension 4,515,083 Deferred Outflows - OPEB 446,163 Net Pension Liability (1,925,396) Net OPEB Liability (1,925,396) Net OPEB Liability (1,370,123) Deferred Inflows - Pension (11,087,408) Deferred Inflows - OPEB (2,905,685) Total (20,769,151) | | 763,643 | 1 550 505 |
| refunding, which are not reported in the funds. Vacation benefits payable is a contractually required benefit not expected to be paid with expendable available financial resources and therefore not reported in the funds. In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in the funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds: Certificates of Participation (845,000) General Obligation Bonds (29,134,894) Financed Purchases (1,406,062) Lease Payable (60,888) Compensated Absences (1,224,637) Total (32,671,481) The net pension/OPEB liabilities are not due and payable in the current period, and the net OPEB asset is not available for spending in the current period. Therefore, the asset, liabilities and related deferred outflows/inflows are not reported in the funds: Net OPEB Asset 1,540,215 Deferred Outflows - Pension 4,515,083 Deferred Outflows - OPEB 464,163 Net Pension Liability (11,925,396) Net OPEB Liability (11,925,396) Net OPEB Liability (11,925,396) Net OPEB Liability (11,925,396) Net OPEB Liability (11,927,396) Deferred Inflows - Pension (11,087,408) Deferred Inflows - OPEB (2,905,685) | Total | | 1,552,537 |
| Vacation benefits payable is a contractually required benefit not expected to be paid with expendable available financial resources and therefore not reported in the funds. In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in the funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds: Certificates of Participation (845,000) General Obligation Bonds (29,134,894) Financed Purchases (1,406,062) Lease Payable (60,888) Compensated Absences (1,224,637) Total (32,671,481) The net pension/OPEB liabilities are not due and payable in the current period, and the net OPEB asset is not available for spending in the current period. Therefore, the asset, liabilities and related deferred outflows/inflows are not reported in the funds: Net OPEB Asset 1,540,215 Deferred Outflows - Pension 4,515,083 Deferred Outflows - OPEB 464,163 Net Pension Liability (11,925,396) Net OPEB Liability (1370,123) Deferred Inflows - Pension (11,087,408) Deferred Inflows - OPEB (2,905,685) Total (20,769,151) | | | |
| expected to be paid with expendable available financial resources and therefore not reported in the funds. In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in the funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds: Certificates of Participation (845,000) General Obligation Bonds (29,134,894) Financed Purchases (1,406,062) Lease Payable (60,888) Compensated Absences (1,224,637) Total (32,671,481) The net pension/OPEB liabilities are not due and payable in the current period, and the net OPEB asset is not available for spending in the current period. Therefore, the asset, liabilities and related deferred outflows/inflows are not reported in the funds: Net OPEB Asset 1,540,215 Deferred Outflows - Pension 4,515,083 Deferred Outflows - OPEB 464,163 Net Pension Liability (11,925,396) Net OPEB Liability (11,925,396) Net OPEB Liability (1,370,123) Deferred Inflows - Pension (11,087,408) Deferred Inflows - OPEB (2,905,685) Total (20,769,151) | refunding, which are not reported in the funds. | | 628,773 |
| and therefore not reported in the funds. (12,624) In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in the funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. (156,274) Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds: Certificates of Participation (845,000) General Obligation Bonds (29,134,894) Financed Purchases (1,406,062) Lease Payable (60,888) Compensated Absences (1,224,637) Total (32,671,481) The net pension/OPEB liabilities are not due and payable in the current period, and the net OPEB asset is not available for spending in the current period. Therefore, the asset, liabilities and related deferred outflows/inflows are not reported in the funds: Net OPEB Asset 1,540,215 Deferred Outflows - Pension 4,515,083 Deferred Outflows - OPEB 464,163 Net Pension Liability (11,925,396) Net OPEB Liability (11,925,396) Net OPEB Liability (13,70,123) Deferred Inflows - Pension (11,087,408) Deferred Inflows - OPEB (2,905,685) Total (20,769,151) | Vacation benefits payable is a contractually required benefit not | | |
| In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in the funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds: Certificates of Participation (845,000) General Obligation Bonds (29,134,894) Financed Purchases (1,406,062) Lease Payable (60,888) Compensated Absences (1,224,637) Total (32,671,481) The net pension/OPEB liabilities are not due and payable in the current period, and the net OPEB asset is not available for spending in the current period. Therefore, the asset, liabilities and related deferred outflows/inflows are not reported in the funds: Net OPEB Asset 1,540,215 Deferred Outflows - Pension 4,515,083 Deferred Outflows - OPEB 464,163 Net Pension Liability (11,925,396) Net OPEB Liability (1,370,123) Deferred Inflows - Pension (11,087,408) Deferred Inflows - OPEB (2,905,685) Total (20,769,151) | expected to be paid with expendable available financial resources | | |
| whereas in the funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds: Certificates of Participation (845,000) General Obligation Bonds (29,134,894) Financed Purchases (1,406,062) Lease Payable (60,888) Compensated Absences (1,224,637) Total (32,671,481) The net pension/OPEB liabilities are not due and payable in the current period, and the net OPEB asset is not available for spending in the current period. Therefore, the asset, liabilities and related deferred outflows/inflows are not reported in the funds: Net OPEB Asset 1,540,215 Deferred Outflows - Pension 4,515,083 Deferred Outflows - OPEB 464,163 Net Pension Liability (11,925,396) Net OPEB Liability (13,70,123) Deferred Inflows - Pension (11,087,408) Deferred Inflows - OPEB (2,905,685) Total (20,769,151) | and therefore not reported in the funds. | | (12,624) |
| whereas in the funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds: Certificates of Participation General Obligation Bonds (29,134,894) Financed Purchases (1,406,062) Lease Payable (60,888) Compensated Absences Total The net pension/OPEB liabilities are not due and payable in the current period, and the net OPEB asset is not available for spending in the current period. Therefore, the asset, liabilities and related deferred outflows/inflows are not reported in the funds: Net OPEB Asset Deferred Outflows - Pension Deferred Outflows - OPEB Net Pension Liability Net OPEB Liability (11,925,396) Net OPEB Liability (11,370,123) Deferred Inflows - Pension Deferred Inflows - Pension (11,087,408) Deferred Inflows - OPEB Total (20,769,151) | In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, | | |
| period and therefore are not reported in the funds: Certificates of Participation General Obligation Bonds Financed Purchases Lease Payable Compensated Absences Total The net pension/OPEB liabilities are not due and payable in the current period, and the net OPEB asset is not available for spending in the current period. Therefore, the asset, liabilities and related deferred outflows/inflows are not reported in the funds: Net OPEB Asset Deferred Outflows - Pension Deferred Outflows - OPEB Net OPEB Liability Net OPEB Liability OPEB Liabil | = | | (156,274) |
| period and therefore are not reported in the funds: Certificates of Participation General Obligation Bonds Financed Purchases Lease Payable Compensated Absences Total The net pension/OPEB liabilities are not due and payable in the current period, and the net OPEB asset is not available for spending in the current period. Therefore, the asset, liabilities and related deferred outflows/inflows are not reported in the funds: Net OPEB Asset Deferred Outflows - Pension Deferred Outflows - OPEB Net OPEB Liability Net OPEB Liability OPEB Liabil | Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current | | |
| Certificates of Participation General Obligation Bonds Financed Purchases (1,406,062) Lease Payable Compensated Absences Total The net pension/OPEB liabilities are not due and payable in the current period, and the net OPEB asset is not available for spending in the current period. Therefore, the asset, liabilities and related deferred outflows/inflows are not reported in the funds: Net OPEB Asset Deferred Outflows - Pension Deferred Outflows - OPEB Net OPEB Liability (11,925,396) Net OPEB Liability (11,925,396) Net OPEB Liability (11,087,408) Deferred Inflows - OPEB Total (20,769,151) | | | |
| General Obligation Bonds Financed Purchases (1,406,062) Lease Payable (60,888) Compensated Absences Total The net pension/OPEB liabilities are not due and payable in the current period, and the net OPEB asset is not available for spending in the current period. Therefore, the asset, liabilities and related deferred outflows/inflows are not reported in the funds: Net OPEB Asset Deferred Outflows - Pension Deferred Outflows - OPEB Asset OPEB Liability | <u>-</u> | (845,000) | |
| Lease Payable Compensated Absences Total The net pension/OPEB liabilities are not due and payable in the current period, and the net OPEB asset is not available for spending in the current period. Therefore, the asset, liabilities and related deferred outflows/inflows are not reported in the funds: Net OPEB Asset Deferred Outflows - Pension Deferred Outflows - OPEB Active OPEB Liability Net OPEB Liability OPEB Liability OPEB Liability OPEB Liability OPEB Liability OPEB COPEB OPEB OPEB OPEB OPEB OPEB OPEB OPEB | | | |
| Compensated Absences Total Total (32,671,481) The net pension/OPEB liabilities are not due and payable in the current period, and the net OPEB asset is not available for spending in the current period. Therefore, the asset, liabilities and related deferred outflows/inflows are not reported in the funds: Net OPEB Asset Deferred Outflows - Pension Deferred Outflows - OPEB Net Pension Liability Net OPEB Liability (11,925,396) Net OPEB Liability (11,087,408) Deferred Inflows - Pension Deferred Inflows - OPEB Total (20,769,151) | <u> </u> | | |
| Compensated Absences Total Total (32,671,481) The net pension/OPEB liabilities are not due and payable in the current period, and the net OPEB asset is not available for spending in the current period. Therefore, the asset, liabilities and related deferred outflows/inflows are not reported in the funds: Net OPEB Asset Deferred Outflows - Pension Deferred Outflows - OPEB Net Pension Liability Net OPEB Liability Net OPEB Liability Deferred Inflows - Pension Deferred Inflows - OPEB Total (20,769,151) | Lease Payable | (60,888) | |
| The net pension/OPEB liabilities are not due and payable in the current period, and the net OPEB asset is not available for spending in the current period. Therefore, the asset, liabilities and related deferred outflows/inflows are not reported in the funds: Net OPEB Asset Deferred Outflows - Pension Deferred Outflows - OPEB Net Pension Liability Net OPEB Liability (11,925,396) Net OPEB Liability (1,370,123) Deferred Inflows - Pension Deferred Inflows - OPEB Total (20,769,151) | | (1,224,637) | |
| current period, and the net OPEB asset is not available for spending in the current period. Therefore, the asset, liabilities and related deferred outflows/inflows are not reported in the funds: Net OPEB Asset Deferred Outflows - Pension Deferred Outflows - OPEB Net Pension Liability Net OPEB Liability (11,925,396) Net OPEB Liability (1,370,123) Deferred Inflows - Pension Deferred Inflows - OPEB Total (20,769,151) | Total | | (32,671,481) |
| current period, and the net OPEB asset is not available for spending in the current period. Therefore, the asset, liabilities and related deferred outflows/inflows are not reported in the funds: Net OPEB Asset Deferred Outflows - Pension Deferred Outflows - OPEB Net Pension Liability Net OPEB Liability (11,925,396) Net OPEB Liability (1,370,123) Deferred Inflows - Pension Deferred Inflows - OPEB Total (20,769,151) | The net pension/OPER liabilities are not due and payable in the | | |
| in the current period. Therefore, the asset, liabilities and related deferred outflows/inflows are not reported in the funds: Net OPEB Asset Deferred Outflows - Pension Deferred Outflows - OPEB Net Pension Liability Net OPEB Liability OPEB Liability Deferred Inflows - Pension Deferred Inflows - OPEB Total 1,540,215 4,515,083 464,163 (11,925,396) (11,925,396) (11,370,123) (11,087,408) (29,05,685) (20,769,151) | | | |
| deferred outflows/inflows are not reported in the funds: 1,540,215 Net OPEB Asset 1,540,215 Deferred Outflows - Pension 4,515,083 Deferred Outflows - OPEB 464,163 Net Pension Liability (11,925,396) Net OPEB Liability (1,370,123) Deferred Inflows - Pension (11,087,408) Deferred Inflows - OPEB (2,905,685) Total (20,769,151) | | | |
| Net OPEB Asset 1,540,215 Deferred Outflows - Pension 4,515,083 Deferred Outflows - OPEB 464,163 Net Pension Liability (11,925,396) Net OPEB Liability (1,370,123) Deferred Inflows - Pension (11,087,408) Deferred Inflows - OPEB (2,905,685) Total (20,769,151) | | | |
| Deferred Outflows - Pension 4,515,083 Deferred Outflows - OPEB 464,163 Net Pension Liability (11,925,396) Net OPEB Liability (1,370,123) Deferred Inflows - Pension (11,087,408) Deferred Inflows - OPEB (2,905,685) Total (20,769,151) | | 1.540.215 | |
| Deferred Outflows - OPEB 464,163 Net Pension Liability (11,925,396) Net OPEB Liability (1,370,123) Deferred Inflows - Pension (11,087,408) Deferred Inflows - OPEB (2,905,685) Total (20,769,151) | | | |
| Net Pension Liability (11,925,396) Net OPEB Liability (1,370,123) Deferred Inflows - Pension (11,087,408) Deferred Inflows - OPEB (2,905,685) Total (20,769,151) | | | |
| Net OPEB Liability (1,370,123) Deferred Inflows - Pension (11,087,408) Deferred Inflows - OPEB (2,905,685) Total (20,769,151) | Net Pension Liability | • | |
| Deferred Inflows - Pension (11,087,408) Deferred Inflows - OPEB (2,905,685) Total (20,769,151) | | | |
| Deferred Inflows - OPEB Total (2,905,685) (20,769,151) | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | |
| | Deferred Inflows - OPEB | | |
| Net Position of Governmental Activities (\$12,883,090) | Total | | (20,769,151) |
| | Net Position of Governmental Activities | | (\$12,883,090) |

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

| | | Other | Total |
|---|--------------|---------------|--------------|
| | | Governmental | Governmental |
| | General | Funds | Funds |
| Revenues | | | |
| Property Taxes | \$11,917,409 | \$1,709,766 | \$13,627,175 |
| Intergovernmental | 7,531,798 | 3,147,801 | 10,679,599 |
| Interest | 106 | 1,376 | 1,482 |
| Tuition and Fees | 2,505,673 | 0 | 2,505,673 |
| Extracurricular Activities | 11,405 | 237,657 | 249,062 |
| Rentals | 400 | 0 | 400 |
| Charges for Services | 0 | 6,755 | 6,755 |
| Contributions and Donations | 0 | 48,638 | 48,638 |
| Miscellaneous | 71,890 | 0 | 71,890 |
| Total Revenues | 22,038,681 | 5,151,993 | 27,190,674 |
| Expenditures | | | |
| Current: | | | |
| Instruction: | | | |
| Regular | 8,952,182 | 546,956 | 9,499,138 |
| Special | 2,582,177 | 743,988 | 3,326,165 |
| Vocational | 104,965 | 0 | 104,965 |
| Support Services: | | | |
| Pupils | 1,511,197 | 42,522 | 1,553,719 |
| Instructional Staff | 146,398 | 26,993 | 173,391 |
| Board of Education | 55,351 | 0 | 55,351 |
| Administration | 1,530,123 | 4,800 | 1,534,923 |
| Fiscal | 734,975 | 34,063 | 769,038 |
| Business | 112,172 | 0 | 112,172 |
| Operation and Maintenance of Plant | 1,581,820 | 291,217 | 1,873,037 |
| Pupil Transportation | 837,956 | 339,462 | 1,177,418 |
| Central | 575,750 | 445 | 576,195 |
| Operation of Non-Instructional Services | 44,430 | 151,968 | 196,398 |
| Operation of Food Services | 0 | 733,061 | 733,061 |
| Extracurricular Activities | 340,659 | 223,397 | 564,056 |
| Capital Outlay | 1,023,467 | 7,900 | 1,031,367 |
| Intergovernmental | 0 | 2,888 | 2,888 |
| Debt Service: | · · | - ,000 | 2,000 |
| Principal Retirement | 350,895 | 820,420 | 1,171,315 |
| Interest and Fiscal Charges | 40,774 | 839,870 | 880,644 |
| Capital Appreciation Bonds Interest | 0 | 179,580 | 179,580 |
| • | 20.525.201 | | |
| Total Expenditures | 20,525,291 | 4,989,530 | 25,514,821 |
| Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures | 1,513,390 | 162,463 | 1,675,853 |
| Other Financing Sources | | | |
| Inception of Financed Purchase | 1,023,467 | 0 | 1,023,467 |
| Net Change in Fund Balances | 2,536,857 | 162,463 | 2,699,320 |
| The Shange in I will Balances | 2,000,007 | 102,103 | 2,077,520 |
| Fund Balances Beginning of Year | 4,176,661 | 2,528,412 | 6,705,073 |
| Fund Balances End of Year | \$6,713,518 | \$2,690,875 | \$9,404,393 |

Coventry Local School District
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes
in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

| Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: | |
|---|---------|
| Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation in the current period: Capital Outlay 1,496,858 Current Year Depreciation (1,256,795) | |
| Total 24 | 0,063 |
| Governmental funds only report the disposal of capital assets to the extent proceeds are received from the sale. In the statement of activities, a gain or loss is reported for each disposal. (1 | 8,270) |
| Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds: | |
| Delinquent Property Taxes (117,025) | |
| Intergovernmental 99,230 | |
| Tuition and Fees 78,305 | |
| Miscellaneous (16,257) Total 4 | 4,253 |
| | , |
| Repayment of principal and capital appreciation bonds interest are expenditures in the governmental funds, but the repayments reduce long-term liabilities in the statement of net position: | |
| Principal 1,171,315 | |
| Capital Appreciation Bonds Interest 179,580 | |
| <u> </u> | 0,895 |
| Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial | |
| resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds: | |
| Accrued Interest (13,460) | |
| Amortization of Deferred Charges on Refunding (25,816) | |
| Accretion (656,516) | |
| Amortization of Premium 461,748 | |
| Total (23 | 4,044) |
| Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial | |
| resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds: | |
| Vacation Benefits 55,005 | |
| Compensated Absences 82,109 | 7 1 1 4 |
| Total 13 | 7,114 |
| Some other financing sources in the governmental funds, such as inception of financed | |
| purchase, increase long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. (1,02 | 3,467) |
| Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; | |
| however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows: | |
| Pension 1,580,693 | |
| OPEB 45,679 | 6 272 |
| Total 1,62 | 6,372 |
| Except for amounts reported as deferred outflows/inflows, changes in the net pension/OPEB asset or liability are reported as pension/OPEB expense in the statement of activities: | |
| Pension 1,074,790 | |
| OPEB 206,699 | |
| Total 1,28 | 1,489 |
| Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities \$6,10 | 3,725 |

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

| | Budgeted | Amounts | | Variance with Final Budget |
|--|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|
| | Original | Final | Actual | Positive (Negative) |
| | | | | |
| Revenues | Ф11 017 000 | ф1 2 0 2 0 2 00 | Φ12 064 2 06 | #24.00 |
| Property Taxes Intergovernmental | \$11,915,000 7,452,000 | \$12,039,300 7,530,400 | \$12,064,296 7,546,042 | \$24,996 15,642 |
| Interest | 105 | 7,330,400 106 | 106 | 13,642 |
| Tuition and Fees | 2,409,000 | 2,433,900 | 2,438,922 | 5,022 |
| Rentals | 395 | 399 | 400 | 3,022 |
| Miscellaneous | 71,304 | 72,380 | 72,557 | 177 |
| Total Revenues | 21,847,804 | 22,076,485 | 22,122,323 | 45,838 |
| Expenditures | | | | |
| Current: | | | | |
| Instruction: | | | | |
| Regular | 9,157,835 | 9,157,835 | 8,738,838 | 418,997 |
| Special | 2,880,357 | 2,880,357 | 2,748,571 | 131,786 |
| Vocational | 108,082 | 108,082 | 103,137 | 4,945 |
| Support Services: | | | | |
| Pupils | 1,536,257 | 1,536,257 | 1,465,969 | 70,288 |
| Instructional Staff | 160,180 | 160,180 | 152,851 | 7,329 |
| Board of Education | 131,542 | 131,542 | 125,524 | 6,018 |
| Administration | 1,628,925 | 1,628,925 | 1,554,397 | 74,528 |
| Fiscal | 771,296 | 771,296 | 733,558 | 37,738 |
| Business | 117,550 | 117,550 | 112,172 | 5,378 |
| Operation and Maintenance of Plant | 1,817,010 | 1,817,010 | 1,733,877 | 83,133 |
| Pupil Transportation | 911,077 | 911,077 | 869,393 | 41,684 |
| Central | 631,473 | 631,473 | 602,581 | 28,892 |
| Operation of Non-Instructional Services | 44,233 | 44,233 | 42,209 | 2,024 |
| Extracurricular Activities | 348,556 | 348,556 | 332,609 | 15,947 |
| Debt Service: | 360,695 | 360,695 | 246 200 | 14,307 |
| Principal Retirement Interest and Fiscal Charges | 42,087 | 42,087 | 346,388 40,415 | 1,672 |
| interest and Fiscai Charges | 42,067 | 42,087 | 40,413 | 1,072 |
| Total Expenditures | 20,647,155 | 20,647,155 | 19,702,489 | 944,666 |
| Net Change in Fund Balance | 1,200,649 | 1,429,330 | 2,419,834 | 990,504 |
| Fund Balance Beginning of Year | 4,709,390 | 4,709,390 | 4,709,390 | 0 |
| Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated | 160,125 | 160,125 | 160,125 | 0 |
| Fund Balance End of Year | \$6,070,164 | \$6,298,845 | \$7,289,349 | \$990,504 |

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 1 – Description of the School District and Reporting Entity

Coventry Local School District (the School District) is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The School District is a local district as defined by Section 3311.03 of the Ohio Revised Code. The School District is governed by a five-member Board of Education (the Board) elected by its citizens, which is responsible for the provision of public education to residents of the School District.

The School District is located in Summit County in northeastern Ohio. The School District currently operates one elementary school (K-4), one middle school (5-8) and one high school (9-12), which are staffed by 13.25 administrators, 120 certificated full-time-equivalent teaching personnel, 66 full-time-equivalent classified employees, and 8 full-time-equivalent central office employees, who provide services to 1,540 students and other community members.

Reporting Entity

A reporting entity is composed of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements of the School District are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For the Coventry Local School District, this includes the agencies and departments that provide the following services: general operations, food service, preschool, and student related activities of the School District.

Non-public Schools Within the School District boundaries, St. Francis De Sales School is operated through the Cleveland Diocese as a non-public school. Current State legislation provides funding for the nonpublic school. These monies are received and disbursed on behalf of the non-public school by the Treasurer of the School District, as directed by the non-public school. These transactions are reported in a special revenue fund and as a governmental activity of the School District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the School District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes and there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government. The School District does not have any component units.

The School District participates in two jointly governed organizations and two insurance purchasing pools. These organizations include the Northeast Ohio Network for Educational Technology (NEONET), the Portage Lakes Career Center, the Ohio Schools Council Workers' Compensation Retrospective Group Rating Program, and the Stark County Schools Council of Government. These organizations are addressed in Notes 15 and 16 to the basic financial statements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting entity for establishing governmental accounting and financial principles. The more significant of the School District's accounting policies are described as follows.

Basis of Presentation

The School District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. These statements usually distinguish between those activities of the School District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type. The School District, however, has no business-type activities.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the School District at fiscal year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the School District with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental program is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School District.

Fund Financial Statements During the year, the School District segregates transactions related to certain School District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the School District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

Fund Accounting

The School District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. All the funds of the School District are governmental funds.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Governmental Funds Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance. The general fund is the School District's only major governmental fund.

General Fund The general fund is the general operating fund of the School District and is used to account for and report all financial resources except those required to be accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the School District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

The other governmental funds of the School District account for and report grants and other resources whose use is restricted, committed, or assigned to a particular purpose.

Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and deferred outflows of resources and all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the School District are included on the statement of net position. The statement of activities presents increases (i.e. revenues) and decreases (i.e. expenses) in total net position.

Fund Financial Statements All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and deferred outflows of resources and current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, in the recording of deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues – **Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions** Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the School District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year-end.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Nonexchange transactions, in which the School District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (see Note 8). Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the School District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School District on a reimbursement basis. On the modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at year-end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, grants, tuition and fees, rentals, and miscellaneous.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources In addition to assets, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the School District, deferred outflows of resources are reported on the government-wide statement of net position for deferred charges on refunding, pension and OPEB plans. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The deferred outflows of resources related to pension and OPEB plans are explained in Notes 21 and 22.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period and will not be recognized until that time. For the School District, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes, pension, OPEB plans, and unavailable revenue. Property taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2022, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2023 operations. These amounts have been recorded as a deferred inflow on both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental funds balance sheet and represents receivables which will not be collected within the available period. For the School District, unavailable revenue includes delinquent property taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and tuition and fees. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available. The details of these unavailable revenues are identified on the reconciliation of total governmental fund balances to net position of governmental activities found on page 17. Deferred inflows of resources related to pension and OPEB plans are reported on the government-wide statement of net position (see Notes 21 and 22).

Expenditures/Expenses On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The entitlement value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the fund financial statements as intergovernmental revenue and an expenditure of food service operations. In addition, this amount is reported on the statement of activities as an expense with a like amount reported within the "operating grants, contributions and interest" program revenue account.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, all cash received by the School District is pooled. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the School District records. Interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents" on the financial statements.

During fiscal year 2022, investments were limited to donated stocks. Investments are reported at fair value which is based on quoted market prices.

Following Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, identified the funds to receive an allocation of interest. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during the fiscal year 2022 amounted to \$106, which included \$29 assigned from other School District funds.

Investments of the cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School District are reported as cash equivalents.

Prepaids

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2022, are reported as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and an expenditure/expense is reported in the fiscal year in which services are consumed.

Inventory

Inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market value. Inventories are presented on a first-in, first-out basis and are expended/expensed when used. Inventories consist of materials and supplies held for consumption.

Capital Assets

All capital assets of the School District are classified as general capital assets. General capital assets are capital assets which are associated with and generally arise from governmental activities. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets (except for intangible right to use lease assets, which are discussed subsequently) are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition values as of the date received. The School District maintains a capitalization threshold of one thousand dollars. The School District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All reported capital assets, except land and construction in progress, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

| Description | Estimated Lives |
|----------------------------|-----------------|
| Buildings and Improvements | 10 - 30 Years |
| Furniture and Equipment | 5 - 30 Years |
| Vehicles | 10 - 20 Years |

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

The School District is reporting intangible right to use assets related to leased equipment. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, these intangible assets are being amortized in a systematic and rational manner over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset.

Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column of the statement of net position.

Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. Since the School District's policy limits the accrual of vacation time to one year from the employee's anniversary date, the outstanding liability is recorded as "vacation benefits payable" on the statement of net position rather than as a long-term liability.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is an estimate based on the School District's past experience of making termination payments.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

On the governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures to the extent payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. These amounts are recorded in the account "Matured Compensated Absences Payable" in the fund or funds from which the employees who have accumulated the leave are paid.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds; however, compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current fiscal year. Net pension/OPEB liabilities should be recognized in the governmental funds to the extent that benefit payments are due and payable and the pension/OPEB plans' fiduciary net position is not sufficient for payment of those benefits. Certificates of participation, bonds, financed purchases and leases are recognized as a liability on the governmental fund financial statements when due.

Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liabilities (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB, and pension/OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Fund Balances

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

Restricted Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Committed The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the School District Board of Education. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the School District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the School District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance includes the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. These assigned balances are established by the School District Board of Education. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the School District Board of Education or a School District official delegated that authority by resolution or by State Statute. State Statute authorizes the Treasurer to assign fund balances for purchases on order provided such amounts have been lawfully appropriated.

Unassigned Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

The School District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between all other elements in a statement of financial position. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Net position restricted for other purposes included resources which will be used for community services, educational computer network connections, instructional programs, school safety, school improvement activities, and special education.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

The School District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net positions are available.

Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Budgetary Data

All funds are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the appropriation resolution and the certificate of estimated resources, which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount that the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriations resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of control has been established by the Board of Education at the fund level for all funds. The Treasurer has been given authority to allocate Board appropriations to the function and object levels within each fund.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the School District's Treasurer. The amounts reported in the budgetary statement as the original and final budgeted amounts reflect the amounts in the amended certificate in effect when the original and final appropriations were passed by the Board of Education.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation resolution for the funds that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior fiscal years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the fiscal year.

Bond Premiums

On the government-wide financial statements, bond premiums are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight-line method since the results are not significantly different from the effective interest method. Bond premiums are presented as an increase of the face amount of the bonds payable. On governmental fund statements, bond premiums are receipted in the year the bonds are issued.

Under Ohio law, premiums on the original issuance of debt are to be deposited to the bond retirement fund to be used for debt retirement and are precluded from being applied to the project fund. Ohio law does allow premiums on refunding debt to be used as part of the payment to the bond escrow agent.

Deferred Charge on Refunding

On the government-wide financial statements, the difference between the reacquisition price (funds required to refund the old debt) and the net carrying amount of the old debt, the gain/loss on the refunding, is being amortized as a component of interest expense. This deferred amount is amortized over the life of the old or new debt, whichever is shorter, using the effective interest method and is presented as deferred outflows of resources on the statement of net position.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 3 – Changes in Accounting Principles and Restatement of Net Position

Changes in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2022, the School District implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, *Leases* and related guidance from (GASB) Implementation Guide No. 2019-3, *Leases*.

GASB Statement 87 enhances the relevance and consistency of information of the government's leasing activities. It establishes requirements for lease accounting based on the principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. A lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right to use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. These changes were incorporated in the School District's fiscal year 2022 financial statements. The School District recognized \$113,378 in leases payable at July 1, 2021, which was offset by the intangible asset, right to use lease - equipment.

The School District is also implementing *Implementation Guide No. 2020-1*, GASB Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020*, and GASB Statement No. 97, *Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans*. These changes were incorporated in the School District's fiscal year 2022 financial statements; however, there was no effect on beginning net position/fund balance.

Restatement of Net Position

For fiscal year 2022, the School District modified its approach related to the eligibility requirements of certain School District grants. The modification had no effect on fund balance, since the overstatement of the intergovernmental receivable by \$70,324 was offset by an equal overstatement of deferred inflows – unavailable revenue. The modification did result in the following restatement to net position at July 1, 2021:

| | Governmental Activities |
|---|-------------------------|
| Net Position at July 1, 2021 | (\$18,916,491) |
| Adjustment: Intergovernmental Receivable | (70,324) |
| Restated Net Position at July 1, 2021 | (\$18,986,815) |

Note 4 – Budgetary Basis of Accounting

While the School District is reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursement and encumbrances. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance – budget (non-GAAP basis) and actual for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are as follows:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
- 2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).
- 3. Budgetary revenues and expenditures of the uniform school supply and public school support funds are reclassified to the general fund for GAAP reporting.
- 4. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget basis) rather than as a restricted, committed, or assigned fund balance (GAAP basis).

The following tables summarize the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statement to the budgetary basis statement for the general fund:

Net Change in Fund Balance

| | General |
|---|-------------|
| GAAP Basis | \$2,536,857 |
| Net Adjustment for Revenue Accruals | 161,498 |
| Net Adjustment for Expenditure Accruals | 97,617 |
| Perspective Differences: | |
| Uniform School Supply | (15,698) |
| Public School Support | 1,663 |
| Adjustment for Encumbrances | (362,103) |
| Budget Basis | \$2,419,834 |

Note 5 – Compliance and Accountability

Compliance

The School District had negative cash balances at June 30, 2022, in the following funds:

| Fund | Amount |
|--|-----------|
| Special Revenue Funds: | |
| Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief | \$114,818 |
| IDEA Part B | 34,791 |
| Title I | 24,764 |
| Improving Teacher Quality | 3,209 |

The negative cash balances indicate that revenue from other sources were used to pay obligations of these funds, contrary to Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.10. The cash deficits were the result of monies being expended with the expectation that the School District will be reimbursed during fiscal year 2022. Although the cash deficits were not corrected by fiscal year end, management has indicated that cash will be closely monitored to prevent future violations.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Also, contrary to Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.41(B), the following funds had expenditures plus encumbrances exceeding appropriations plus prior year encumbrances:

| | Expenditures Plus | | | | |
|----------------------------|-------------------|--------------|-------------|--|--|
| Fund | Appropriations | Encumbrances | Variance | | |
| Bond Retirement | \$1,536,196 | \$1,803,264 | (\$267,068) | | |
| Food Service | 554,036 | 739,153 | (185,117) | | |
| Scholarships | 5,000 | 11,250 | (6,250) | | |
| Other Grants | 10,597 | 30,407 | (19,810) | | |
| Student Activities | 58,095 | 69,440 | (11,345) | | |
| Miscellaneous State Grants | 33,911 | 77,980 | (44,069) | | |
| IDEA Part B | 479,971 | 500,280 | (20,309) | | |
| Coronavirus Relief | 0 | 13,034 | (13,034) | | |

Management has indicated that appropriations and expenditures will be closely monitored to prevent future violations.

Accountability

Fund balances at June 30, 2022, included individual fund deficits in the following funds:

| | Fund |
|--|-------------|
| Fund | Deficits |
| Special Revenue Funds: | |
| Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief | (\$152,932) |
| IDEA Part B | (67,381) |
| Title I | (56,528) |
| Improving Teacher Quality | (8,779) |

These deficits are the result of the recognition of payables in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles as well as short-term interfund loans from the general fund needed for operations until the receipt of grant monies. The general fund provides transfers to cover deficit balances; however, this is done when cash is needed rather than when accruals occur.

Note 6 – Deposits and Investments

Monies held by the School District are classified by State statute into three categories.

Active monies are public monies determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the School District treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board has identified as not required for use within the current five-year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts, including passbook accounts.

Interim monies held by the School District can be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligation or security issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, and Government National Mortgage Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed previously, provided the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio, and with certain limitations including a requirement for maturity within ten years from the date of settlement, bonds and other obligations of political subdivisions of the State of Ohio, if training requirements have been met;
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts:
- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio); and
- 8. Certain bankers' acceptances (for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days) and commercial paper notes (for a period not to exceed two hundred seventy days) in an amount not to exceed 40 percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time, if training requirements have been met. The investment in commercial paper notes of a single issuer shall not exceed in the aggregate five percent of interim moneys available for investment at the time of purchase.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the School District will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At June 30, 2022, \$4,555,202 of the School District's total bank balance of \$10,669,158 was exposed to custodial credit risk because those deposits were uninsured and uncollateralized. One of the School District's financial institutions participates in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS) and was approved for a reduced collateral floor of 50 percent resulting in the uninsured and uncollateralized balance.

The School District has no deposit policy for custodial risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits either be insured or be protected by:

Eligible securities pledged to the School District and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose market value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured; or

Participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total market value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of State.

Investments

As of June 30, 2022, the School District had the following investments:

| Measurement/Investment | Measurement Amount | Maturity | Standard & Poor's Rating | Percent of Total Investments |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Fair Value - Level 1 Inputs: | | | | |
| Proctor and Gamble Company Stock | \$18,693 | Less than one year | A-1+ | 48.09 % |
| Dominion Energy, Incorporated, Stock | 10,774 | Less than one year | A-2 | 27.72 |
| Wells Fargo and Company New Stock | 9,401 | Less than one year | A-2 | 24.19 |
| Total Portfolio | \$38,868 | | | 100.00 % |

The School District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets. Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The preceding chart identifies the School District's recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2022. The donated stocks are measured at fair value and are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs).

Interest Rate Risk State statute requires that an investment mature within five years from the date of purchase, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District and that investment must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. It is the School District's policy to evaluate market conditions, interest rate forecasts, and cash flow requirements to consider the term of an investment, with the goal being to buy where relative value exists along the maturity spectrum.

Credit Risk The School District's investments are rated as shown in the preceding table. The School District has no investment policy that further limits its investment choices.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Concentration of Credit Risk The School District investment policy is to be diversified enough to eliminate the risk of loss resulting from over-concentration of assets in a specific maturity, a specific issue or a specific class of securities. The preceding table shows the allocation of investments.

Note 7 – Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2022, consisted of accounts, interfund, intergovernmental grants and entitlements, and property taxes. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs, and the current year guarantee of federal funds. All receivables except for delinquent property taxes are expected to be collected within one year. Property taxes, although ultimately collectible, include some portion of delinquencies that will not be collected within one year.

A summary of the principal items of intergovernmental receivables follows:

| Governmental Activities | Amounts |
|---|-------------|
| Excess Costs | \$586,491 |
| Regular Tuition | 122,102 |
| American Recovery Plan Elementary and | |
| Secondary School Emergency Relief | 118,330 |
| IDEA-B Grant | 67,985 |
| Title I-A Grant | 56,367 |
| Special Education Tuition | 55,050 |
| Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief II | 34,602 |
| School Foundation Payment Report Adjustment | 26,912 |
| Title II-A Grant | 8,779 |
| Title I Funds | 6,026 |
| Medicaid | 594 |
| Parent Mentor Project Grant | 55 |
| American Recovery Plan IDEA Part B Grant | 36 |
| Total | \$1,083,329 |

Note 8 – Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the School District's fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the School District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility property located in the School District. Real property tax revenue received in calendar year 2022 represents collections of calendar year 2021 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2022 were levied after April 1, 2021, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2021, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Public utility property tax revenue received in calendar year 2022 represents collections of calendar year 2021 taxes. Public utility real property taxes received in calendar year 2022 became a lien December 31, 2020, were levied after April 1, 2021, and are collected in calendar year 2022 with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The School District receives property taxes from Summit County. The County Fiscal Officer periodically advances to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2022, are available to finance fiscal year 2022 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property and public utility property taxes, which are measurable as of June 30, 2022, and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year-end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset to deferred inflows of resources – property taxes.

The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2022, was \$950,368 in the general fund, \$127,042 in the bond retirement debt service fund, and \$24,311 in the permanent improvements capital projects fund. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2021, was \$1,097,255 in the general fund, \$128,112 in the bond retirement debt service fund, and \$28,079 in the permanent improvement capital projects fund. The difference was in the timing and collection by the County Fiscal Officer.

On an accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis the revenue has been reported as deferred inflows of resources – unavailable revenue.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2022 taxes were collected are as follows:

| | 2021 Second Half Collections | | 2022 First Half Collections | |
|--|------------------------------|----------|-----------------------------|----------|
| | Amount | Percent | Amount | Percent |
| Real Estate | \$346,460,650 | 94.58 % | \$345,565,400 | 94.39 % |
| Public Utility Personal Property | 19,841,960 | 5.42 | 20,538,800 | 5.61 |
| Total | \$366,302,610 | 100.00 % | \$366,104,200 | 100.00 % |
| Tax Rate per \$1,000 of Assessed Valuation | \$74.83 | | \$75.45 | |

The tax rate increased in fiscal year 2022 primarily due to an increase in the bond levy collection amount in order to cover higher debt payments. Also, a small decrease in property tax values in the School District during fiscal year 2022 caused the tax rate to increase so that the emergency and bond levies would meet their collection amounts.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 9 – Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, was as follows:

| | Restated Balance 6/30/21 | Additions | Deletions | Balance 6/30/22 |
|---|--------------------------------|---------------|------------|-----------------|
| Governmental Activities | | | | |
| Nondepreciable Capital Assets: | | | | |
| Land | \$604,186 | \$0 | \$0 | \$604,186 |
| Construction in Progress | 0 | 143,190 | 0 | 143,190 |
| Total Nondepreciable Capital Assets | 604,186 | 143,190 | 0 | 747,376 |
| Depreciable Capital Assets: | | | | |
| Buildings and Improvements | 42,361,154 | 4,043 | 0 | 42,365,197 |
| Furniture and Equipment | 6,033,657 | 33,958 | 0 | 6,067,615 |
| Vehicles | 343,486 | 1,315,667 | (136, 126) | 1,523,027 |
| Intangible Right to Use Lease - Equipment** | 113,378 | 0 | 0 | 113,378 |
| Total Depreciable Capital Assets | 48,851,675 | 1,353,668 | (136,126) | 50,069,217 |
| Less Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization: | | | | |
| Buildings and Improvements | (15,292,480) | (993,606) | 0 | (16,286,086) |
| Furniture and Equipment | (4,939,958) | (175,822) | 0 | (5,115,780) |
| Vehicles | (304,479) | (35,039) | 117,856 | (221,662) |
| Intangible Right to Use Lease - Equipment** | 0 | (52,328) | 0 | (52,328) |
| Total Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization | (20,536,917) | (1,256,795) * | 117,856 | (21,675,856) |
| Total Depreciable Capital Assets, Net | 28,314,758 | 96,873 | (18,270) | 28,393,361 |
| Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net | \$28,918,944 | \$240,063 | (\$18,270) | \$29,140,737 |

^{*} Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

| Instruction: | |
|---|-------------|
| Regular | \$1,000,104 |
| Special | 817 |
| Support Services: | |
| Pupils | 1,764 |
| Instructional Staff | 10,504 |
| Administration | 2,568 |
| Fiscal | 59,200 |
| Operation and Maintenance of Plant | 14,440 |
| Pupil Transportation | 49,395 |
| Central | 2,218 |
| Operation of Non-Instructional Services | 233 |
| Operation of Food Services | 40,266 |
| Extracurricular Activities | 75,286 |
| Total Depreciation Expense | \$1,256,795 |

^{**} Of the current year depreciation total of \$1,256,795, \$52,328 is presented as fiscal support services expense on the statement of activities related to the School District's intangible asset of copiers, which is included as an intangible right to use lease. With the implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 87, *Leases*, a lease meeting the criteria of this statement requires the lessee to recognize the lease liability and an intangible right to use asset.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 10 – Long-Term Obligations

The changes in the School District's long-term obligations during the year consisted of the following:

| | Restated Principal Outstanding 6/30/21 | Additions | Reductions | Principal Outstanding 6/30/22 | Amount Due in One Year |
|--|---|-------------|----------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------|
| Governmental Activities | | | | | |
| Certificates of Participation: | | | | | |
| 2020 Refunding Certificate of | | | | | |
| Participation from Direct Placement: | | | | | |
| Term Certificate | \$890,000 | \$0 | (\$45,000) | \$845,000 | \$110,000 |
| General Obligation Bonds: 2013 School Improvement Bonds: | | | | | |
| Serial Bonds | 270,000 | 0 | (270,000) | 0 | 0 |
| Capital Appreciation Bonds | 8,425 | 0 | 0 | 8,425 | 0 |
| Accretion on Capital Appreciation Bonds | 137,875 | 65,123 | (720) | 202,998 | 0 |
| Premium | 6,812 | 0 | (730) | 6,082 | 0 |
| 2020 School Improvement Refunding Bonds | | | | | |
| Serial Bonds | 9,115,000 | 0 | 0 | 9,115,000 | 0 |
| Term Bonds | 16,985,000 | 0 | 0 | 16,985,000 | 0 |
| Capital Appreciation Bonds | 1,516,197 | 0 | (505,420) | 1,010,777 | 450,460 |
| Accretion on Capital Appreciation Bonds | 319,089 | 591,393 | (179,580) | 730,902 | 419,540 |
| Premium | 1,536,728 | 0 | (461,018) | 1,075,710 | 0 |
| Total General Obligation Bonds | 29,895,126 | 656,516 | (1,416,748) | 29,134,894 | 870,000 |
| Other Long-Term Obligations: | | | | | |
| Net Pension Liability: | | | | | |
| SERS | 4,995,951 | 0 | (2,410,748) | 2,585,203 | 0 |
| STRS | 18,359,524 | 0 | (9,019,331) | 9,340,193 | 0 |
| Total Net Pension Liability | 23,355,475 | 0 | (11,430,079) | 11,925,396 | 0 |
| Net OPEB Liability - SERS | 1,710,785 | 0 | (340,662) | 1,370,123 | 0 |
| Financed Purchases Payable from Direct Borrowings | 681,000 | 1,023,467 | (298,405) | 1,406,062 | 285,049 |
| Lease Payable | 113,378 | 0 | (52,490) | 60,888 | 56,049 |
| Compensated Absences | 1,306,746 | 31,853 | (113,962) | 1,224,637 | 54,470 |
| Total Other Long-Term Obligations | 27,517,789 | 1,055,320 | (12,235,598) | 15,987,106 | 395,568 |
| Total Governmental Activities Long-Term Liabilities | \$58,302,915 | \$1,711,836 | (\$13,697,346) | \$45,967,000 | \$1,375,568 |

On November 20, 2020, the School District issued \$890,000 in Refunding Certificate of Participation (COP) through direct placement for the purpose of currently refunding the 2011 Certificates of Participation, which had been issued for building and property renovations. The COP included a term certificate of \$890,000. The COP was issued for an eight-year period with a final maturity in fiscal year 2029. The certificates will be paid from property taxes from the permanent improvement fund and the general fund. The COP was issued through a series of lease agreements and trust indentures in accordance

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

with Section 3313.375 of the Ohio Revised Code. The COP has been designated to be a "qualified tax exempt obligation" within the meaning of 265(b)(3) of the Ohio Revised Code. In accordance with the lease terms, the project assets are leased to the Ohio School Building Leasing Corporation, and then subleased back to the School District. The COP was issued through a series of annual leases with an initial lease term through June 30, 2021, which includes the right to renew for eight successive one-year terms through fiscal year 2029 subject to annual appropriations. To satisfy the trustee agreements, the School District is required to make annual base rent payments, subject to the lease terms and appropriations, semi-annually. The base rent includes an interest component of 2.30 percent.

Optional Redemption The certificates are subject to optional redemption by the School District on any date on or after October 1, 2026, in whole but not in part, after the exercise by the School District of its option to purchase the Project Facilities pursuant to the lease from the available proceeds of such purchase or in whole or in part in connection the refunding of certificates, at a redemption price of 100 percent of the principal amount to be redeemed, plus interest accrued to the redemption date.

Mandatory Sinking Fund Redemption The term certificate maturing on October 1, 2028, is subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a redemption price of 100 percent of the principal amount to be redeemed, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption, on October 1 in the years and in the respective principal amounts as follows:

| | Issue |
|--------------------------------------|-----------|
| Year | \$890,000 |
| 2022 | \$110,000 |
| 2023 | 115,000 |
| 2024 | 115,000 |
| 2025 | 125,000 |
| 2026 | 125,000 |
| 2027 | 125,000 |
| Total Mandatory Sinking Fund Payment | 715,000 |
| Amount Due at Stated Maturity | 130,000 |
| Total | \$845,000 |
| Stated Maturity | 10/1/2028 |

On October 16, 2013, the School District issued school improvement general obligation bonds for the School District's local share of the construction of a new high school, as well as furnishing, equipping, and otherwise improving School District buildings and facilities. The bonds were issued with a premium of \$914,375. The amount is being amortized to interest expense over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. The bonds consisted of serial, term and capital appreciation (deep discount) bonds in the amounts of \$7,705,000, \$20,595,000, and \$8,425 and were issued for a period of 34 years with final maturity on November 1, 2047. The serial bonds were issued at interest rates ranging from 3 to 5 percent, and the term bonds were issued at interest rates ranging from 5 to 5.25 percent. A portion of the serial bonds and all of the remaining term bonds were advance refunded on December 22, 2020.

The capital appreciation bonds were originally sold at a discount of \$2,266,575, which is being accreted annually until the point of maturity of the capital appreciation bonds, which will be repaid during fiscal years 2028 through 2031. The final maturity amount of outstanding capital appreciation bonds at June 30, 2022, is \$2,275,000. The accretion recorded for fiscal year 2022 was \$65,123, for a total outstanding bond liability of \$211,423.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Optional Redemption The current interest bonds maturing on or after November 1, 2022, are subject to optional redemption by the School District prior to their stated maturity, in whole or in part, as selected by the Board, on any date on or after November 1, 2021, at a redemption price equal to 100 percent of the principal amount to be redeemed plus interest accrued to the redemption date.

On December 22, 2020, the School District issued \$27,616,197 in school improvement refunding general obligation bonds which included serial, term, and capital appreciation bonds in the amounts of \$9,115,000, \$16,985,000, and \$1,516,197, respectively. The capital appreciation bonds were issued at a premium of \$1,767,237. The bonds were issued to refund a portion of the remaining 2013 school improvement general obligation bonds in order to take advantage of lower interest rates. The serial and term refunding bonds were issued with interest rates ranging from 1.376 to 3.960 percent. The bonds were issued for a 27-year period with a final maturity on November 1, 2047. The bonds will be retired through the bond retirement fund.

As a result of the refunding, \$27,630,000 of the 2013 bonds are considered defeased and the liability for the refunded bonds has been removed from the School District's financial statements. At June 30, 2022, none of the refunded bonds remain outstanding.

The capital appreciation bonds were originally sold at a discount of \$1,868,803, which is being accreted annually until the point of maturity of the capital appreciation bonds, which will be repaid during fiscal years 2022 through 2025. The final maturity amount of outstanding capital appreciation bonds at June 30, 2022, is \$2,700,000. The accretion recorded for fiscal year 2022 was \$591,393, for a total outstanding bond liability of \$1,741,679.

Optional Redemption The current interest bonds maturing on or after November 1, 2031, are subject to optional redemption by the School District prior to their stated maturity, in whole or in part, as selected by the Board (in whole multiples of \$5,000), on any date on or after November 1, 2030, at a redemption price equal to 100 percent of the principal amount to be redeemed. plus interest accrued to the redemption date.

Mandatory Sinking Fund Redemption The term bonds maturing on November 1, 2038, 2041, 2044, and 2047 are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a redemption price of 100 percent of the principal amount to be redeemed, plus interest accrued to the redemption date, on November 1 of the years and in the respective principal amounts as follows:

| | Issue | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--|
| Year | \$3,635,000 | \$3,990,000 | \$4,420,000 | \$4,940,000 | |
| 2036 | \$1,175,000 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | |
| 2037 | 1,210,000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 2039 | 0 | 1,285,000 | 0 | 0 | |
| 2040 | 0 | 1,330,000 | 0 | 0 | |
| 2042 | 0 | 0 | 1,420,000 | 0 | |
| 2043 | 0 | 0 | 1,475,000 | 0 | |
| 2045 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,585,000 | |
| 2046 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,645,000 | |
| Total Mandatory Sinking Fund Payment | 2,385,000 | 2,615,000 | 2,895,000 | 3,230,000 | |
| Amount Due at Stated Maturity | 1,250,000 | 1,375,000 | 1,525,000 | 1,710,000 | |
| Total | \$3,635,000 | \$3,990,000 | \$4,420,000 | \$4,940,000 | |
| Stated Maturity | 11/1/2038 | 11/1/2041 | 11/1/2044 | 11/1/2047 | |

The certificates of participation will be paid from the permanent improvement fund. The general obligation bonds will be paid from the bond retirement fund. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension/OPEB liabilities; however, employer pension/OPEB contributions are made from the general fund

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

and the food service, other grants, athletics and music, auxiliary services, and miscellaneous State grants special revenue funds. For additional information related to the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability, see Notes 21 and 22. The lease payable will be paid from the general fund. The compensated absences liability will be paid from the general fund and the food service special revenue fund.

During fiscal year 2008, the School District entered into a financed purchase agreement for modular buildings in the amount of \$1,500,000, to be paid from the general fund. During fiscal year 2022, the School District entered into a financed purchase agreement for school buses in the amount of \$1,023,467, to be paid from the general fund.

The School District's overall debt margin was \$6,512,212 with an unvoted debt margin of \$366,104 at June 30, 2022. Principal and interest requirements to retire outstanding long-term obligations at June 30, 2022, are as follows:

| | | | General Obli | gation Bonds | | |
|-------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|
| | Ser | ial | Te | rm | Capital Ap | preciation |
| Fiscal Year | Principal | Interest | Principal | Interest | Principal | Interest |
| 2023 | \$0 | \$209,988 | \$0 | \$602,691 | \$450,460 | \$419,540 |
| 2024 | 0 | 209,988 | 0 | 602,691 | 314,281 | 550,719 |
| 2025 | 0 | 209,988 | 0 | 602,691 | 246,036 | 718,964 |
| 2026 | 965,000 | 203,349 | 0 | 602,691 | 0 | 0 |
| 2027 | 980,000 | 188,620 | 0 | 602,691 | 0 | 0 |
| 2028-2032 | 2,775,000 | 791,559 | 0 | 3,013,455 | 8,425 | 2,266,575 |
| 2033-2037 | 4,395,000 | 247,038 | 1,175,000 | 2,995,478 | 0 | 0 |
| 2038-2042 | 0 | 0 | 6,450,000 | 2,335,116 | 0 | 0 |
| 2043-2047 | 0 | 0 | 7,650,000 | 1,097,902 | 0 | 0 |
| 2048 | 0 | 0 | 1,710,000 | 33,858 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | \$9,115,000 | \$2,060,530 | \$16,985,000 | \$12,489,264 | \$1,019,202 | \$3,955,798 |

| | Certificate of Participation | | Financed Purch | ases Payable |
|-------------|------------------------------|-----------|----------------|--------------|
| | from Direct | Placement | from Direct I | Borrowings |
| Fiscal Year | Principal | Interest | Principal | Interest |
| 2023 | \$110,000 | \$18,170 | \$285,049 | \$44,783 |
| 2024 | 115,000 | 15,583 | 293,460 | 35,986 |
| 2025 | 115,000 | 12,938 | 301,971 | 26,896 |
| 2026 | 125,000 | 10,178 | 310,582 | 17,513 |
| 2027 | 125,000 | 7,303 | 105,000 | 7,833 |
| 2028-2029 | 255,000 | 5,923 | 110,000 | 2,651 |
| Total | \$845,000 | \$70,095 | \$1,406,062 | \$135,662 |

The School District has an outstanding agreement to lease copiers. Due to the implementation of GASB Statement 87, this lease has met the criteria of a lease thus requiring it to be recorded by the School District. The future lease payments were discounted based on the interest rate implicit in the lease or using the School District's incremental borrowing rate. This discount is being amortized using the interest method over the life of the lease. A summary of the principal and interest amounts for the remaining lease is as follows:

| Fiscal Year | Principal | Interest |
|-------------|-----------|----------|
| 2023 | \$56,049 | \$2,336 |
| 2024 | 4,839 | 27 |
| Total | \$60,888 | \$2,363 |
| | | |

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 11 – Other Employee Benefits

Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees earn ten to twenty-five days of vacation per year, depending upon length of service and hours worked. Vacation days are credited to twelve-month non-certified employees on the anniversary of their employment and must be used within the next twelve months. An employee may carry over no more than one week of vacation per year unless otherwise approved by the Superintendent. Accumulated unused vacation time is paid to twelve month classified employees and administrators upon termination of employment. Teachers do not earn vacation time.

Teachers, administrators, and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated up to a maximum of 300. Upon retirement per OAPSE negotiated union contract, classified staff with at least ten years of service with the School District receive payment for one-fourth of the total sick leave accumulation, up to a maximum accumulation of 160 days, plus one-half of the days in excess of 200 days, not to exceed 300 days for classified employees. Upon retirement per negotiated CEA union contract, certified employees are paid for one-fourth of the total sick leave accumulation up to a maximum accumulation of 160 days, plus one-half of the days in excess of 215 days, not to exceed 285 days.

Life Insurance Benefits

The School District provides life insurance to full time equivalent employees. Life insurance is provided through the Stark County Schools Council of Government's Health Benefits Program.

Note 12 – Contingencies

Grants

The School District received financial assistance from Federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The disbursements of funds received under these programs generally require compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds; however, in the opinion of management, the effect of any such disallowed claims on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2022, if applicable, cannot be determined at this time.

School Foundation

School District foundation funding is based on the annualized full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment of each student. The Ohio Department of Education (ODE) is legislatively required to adjust/reconcile funding as enrollment information is updated by schools throughout the State, which can extend past the fiscal year end. As of the date of this report, additional ODE adjustments for fiscal year 2022 are finalized, and a receivable has been recorded on the financial statements.

Litigation

The School District is not party to any legal proceedings.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 13 – Risk Management

Property and Liability

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2022, the School District contracted with Liberty Mutual Insurance for various types of insurance as follows:

| | Coverage | | |
|-------------------------------|--------------|------------|----|
| Type of Coverage | Amount | Deductible | _ |
| Property | \$79,970,599 | \$2,500 | |
| Commercial Inland Marine | 2,500,000 * | 2,500 | |
| General Liability: | | | |
| Per Occurrence | 1,000,000 | 0 | |
| Aggregate | 2,000,000 | 0 | |
| Violent Event Coverage | 1,000,000 | 0 | |
| Employee Benefits Liability | 1,000,000 | 1,000 | |
| Employer's Liability | 1,000,000 | 0 | |
| Sexual Misconduct | 1,000,000 | 5,000 | |
| Commercial Umbrella Liability | 4,000,000 | 0 | ** |
| Commercial Auto Coverage | 1,000,000 | 1,000 | |

^{*}Commercial inland marine coverage is included in the property coverage.

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the last three years and there have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from last fiscal year.

Workers' Compensation

For fiscal year 2022, the School District participated in the Ohio Schools Council Workers' Compensation Retrospective Group Rating Program (the GRP), an insurance purchasing pool (see Note 16). The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the School District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated, and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings of the GRP. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "Equity Pooling Fund." This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP. The firm of Sheakley provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

Employee Medical Benefits

The School District has contracted with the Stark County Schools Council of Government's Health Benefit Program, a shared risk pool (see Note 16) to provide employee medical/surgical, vision, and dental benefits. Rates are set through an annual calculation process. The School District pays a monthly contribution which is paid in a common fund from which claim payments are made for all participants regardless of claims flow. The board of directors has the right to return monies to an existing school district subsequent to the settlements of all expenses and claims. The School District pays premiums of \$2,528.46 for family coverage and \$1,038.96 for single coverage per employee per month.

^{**}Self-insured retention of \$10,000 each occurrence.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 14 – Interfund Balances

Interfund balances at June 30, 2022, consisted of the following:

| _ | Interfund Receivable | | |
|--|----------------------|--------------|--------------|
| | Other Total | | Total |
| | | Governmental | Governmental |
| Interfund Payable | General | Funds | Funds |
| General | \$0 | \$1,268 | \$1,268 |
| Other Governmental Funds: | | | |
| Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief | 114,818 | 0 | 114,818 |
| IDEA Part B | 34,791 | 0 | 34,791 |
| Title I | 24,764 | 0 | 24,764 |
| Improving Teacher Quality | 3,457 | 0 | 3,457 |
| Miscellaneous Federal Grants | 1,846 | 0 | 1,846 |
| Scholarship Endowment | 8,132 | 0 | 8,132 |
| Total | \$187,808 | \$1,268 | \$189,076 |
| | | | |

Interfund receivables and payables are due to the timing of the receipt of grant monies, a temporary cash advance, or other reimbursements. The general fund provides money to operate the programs until grants are received for the special revenue funds and investments are sold for the permanent fund and the advances can be repaid. The general fund interfund payable is for a reimbursement of expenditure due to the miscellaneous state grants other governmental fund. The advances are expected to be repaid within one year.

Note 15 – Jointly Governed Organizations

Northeast Ohio Network for Educational Technology

The Northeast Ohio Network for Educational Technology (NEONET) is the computer service organization or Data Acquisition Site (DAS) used by the School District. NEONET is a jointly governed organization among numerous school districts, three career centers, and the Summit and Medina County Educational Service Centers. The Metropolitan Regional Service Council acts as the fiscal agent for the consortium. The jointly governed organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member school districts. The Board of Directors consists of member district superintendents and treasurers. The manager/director is a permanent, non-voting member of the Board of Directors. Each participant's degree of control is limited to its representation on the board. The Board of Directors exercises total control over the operations of the association including budgeting, appropriating, contracting and designating management. All association revenues are generated from charges for services and State funding. The School District does not retain an ongoing financial interest or an ongoing financial responsibility in NEONET. During fiscal year 2022, the School District made \$229,520 in payments to NEONET. Financial information can be obtained by writing to the Northeast Ohio Network for Educational Technology, 700 Graham Road, Cuyahoga Falls, Ohio 44221.

Portage Lakes Career Center

Portage Lakes Career Center is a jointly governed organization created to provide for the vocational and special education needs of the students. The Board is composed of representatives from the elected board of each participating school district. The Board is responsible for approving its own budgets, appointing personnel, and accounting and finance related activities. Coventry Local School District students may

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

attend the vocational school. Each school district's control is limited to its representation on the Board. During fiscal year 2022, the School District made no payments to Portage Lakes Career Center. Financial information can be obtained by writing to the Portage Lakes Career Center, 4401 Shriver Road, Uniontown, Ohio 44685.

Note 16 – Insurance Purchasing Pools

Ohio Schools Council Worker's Compensation Retrospective Group Rating Program

The School District participates in the Ohio Schools Council Workers' Compensation Retrospective Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The GRP's business and affairs are conducted by a nine-member Board of Directors. Five members of the Board are selected by the Assembly from among the member districts, and the remaining four are representatives of the president, president-elect, past president and treasurer of the Greater Cleveland School Superintendents' Association. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

Stark County Schools Council of Government

The Stark County Schools Council of Government (the Council) is a shared risk pool which is governed by an assembly which consists of one representative from each participating member. The assembly elects officers for one-year terms to serve as the Board of Directors. The assembly exercises control over the operation of the Council. All Council revenues are generated from charges for services. The Council has a Health Benefits Program, which is a shared risk pool.

Note 17 – Set-Asides

The School District is required by State statute to annually set aside in the general fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by fiscal year end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at fiscal year-end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years.

The following cash basis information describes the change in the fiscal year end set-aside amounts for capital acquisitions. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

| | Capital |
|--|-------------|
| | Improvement |
| Set-aside Balances as of June 30, 2021 | \$0 |
| Current Year Set-Aside Requirement | 303,189 |
| Current Year Offsets | (332,364) |
| Totals | (\$29,175) |
| Set-aside Balance Carried Forward to Future Fiscal Years | \$0 |
| Set-aside Balance as of June 30, 2022 | \$0 |
| | |

The offset from bond proceeds is limited to an amount needed to reduce the capital improvement set-aside balance to \$0. The School District is responsible for tracking the amount of bond proceeds that may be used as an offset for future periods. The available balance remaining for future use as of June 30, 2022, was \$27,392,359.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 18 – Fund Balances

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the government funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented as follows:

| | | Other | |
|--|-------------|--------------|-------------|
| | | Governmental | |
| Fund Balances | General | Funds | Total |
| Nonspendable: | | | |
| Inventory | \$12,250 | \$0 | \$12,250 |
| Prepaids | 8,799 | 520 | 9,319 |
| Endowment | 0 | 25,000 | 25,000 |
| Total Nonspendable | 21,049 | 25,520 | 46,569 |
| Restricted for: | | | |
| Debt Service | 0 | 682,036 | 682,036 |
| Capital Outlay | 0 | 946,422 | 946,422 |
| Food Service Operations | 0 | 670,353 | 670,353 |
| Facilities Maintenance | 0 | 241,421 | 241,421 |
| Student Activities | 0 | 267,108 | 267,108 |
| Scholarships | 0 | 56,270 | 56,270 |
| Other Purposes: | | | |
| Community Services | 0 | 7,663 | 7,663 |
| Educational Computer Network Connections | 0 | 2,473 | 2,473 |
| Instructional Programs | 0 | 65,736 | 65,736 |
| School Safety | 0 | 11,019 | 11,019 |
| Special Education | 0 | 474 | 474 |
| Total Restricted | 0 | 2,950,975 | 2,950,975 |
| Committed to: | | | |
| Purchases on Order: | | | |
| Instruction | 33,094 | 0 | 33,094 |
| Support Services | 204,037 | 0 | 204,037 |
| Underground Storage Tank | 11,000 | 0 | 11,000 |
| Total Committed | 248,131 | 0 | 248,131 |
| Assigned to: | | | |
| Purchases on Order: | | | |
| Instruction | 1,198 | 0 | 1,198 |
| Support Services | 32,106 | 0 | 32,106 |
| Total Assigned | 33,304 | 0 | 33,304 |
| Unassigned (Deficit) | 6,411,034 | (285,620) | 6,125,414 |
| Total Fund Balances | \$6,713,518 | \$2,690,875 | \$9,404,393 |

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 19 – Donor Restricted Endowments

The School District's scholarship endowment permanent fund includes a donor restricted endowment. The net position – non-expendable amount of \$25,000 represents the principal portion of the endowment. The net position – expendable amount of \$5,736 represents the interest earnings on donor-restricted investments and is available for expenditure by the governing board, for purposes consistent with the endowment's intent. State law permits the governing board to appropriate, for purposes consistent with the endowment's intent, net appreciation, realized and unrealized, unless the endowment terms specify otherwise.

Note 20 – Significant Commitments

Contractual Commitments

The School District had the following contractual commitments outstanding at June 30, 2022:

| | Contract | Amount | Remaining |
|---|-----------|----------|-------------|
| Project | Amount | Paid | on Contract |
| Middle School HVAC & Electrical Project | \$419,700 | \$91,197 | \$328,503 |

All of the remaining commitment amounts were encumbered at fiscal year end.

Payables in the amount of \$37,802 have been capitalized.

Encumbrances

Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. At fiscal year end, the amount of encumbrances expected to be honored upon performance by the vendor in the next fiscal year were as follows:

| General | \$362,103 |
|--------------------------|-----------|
| Other Governmental Funds | 622,904 |
| Total | \$985,007 |

Note 21 – Defined Benefit Pension Plans

The Statewide retirement systems provide both pension benefits and other postemployment benefits (OPEB).

Net Pension Liability/Net OPEB Liability (Asset)

The net pension liability and the net OPEB liability (asset) reported on the statement of net position represent liabilities (asset) to employees for pensions and OPEB, respectively. Pensions/OPEB are a component of exchange transactions – between an employer and its employees – of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions/OPEB are provided to an employee – on a deferred-payment basis – as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions/OPEB is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) represents the School District's proportionate share of each pension/OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting these estimates annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the School District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The School District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions/OPEB are financed; however, the School District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension and OPEB.

GASB 68/75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires funding to come from these employers. All pension contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also include pension costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits. In addition, health care plan enrollees pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. State statute requires the retirement systems to amortize unfunded pension liabilities within 30 years. If the pension amortization period exceeds 30 years, each retirement system's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension/OPEB liability (asset). Resulting adjustments to the net pension/OPEB liability (asset) would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide health care to eligible benefit recipients.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a *net OPEB asset* or long-term *net pension/OPEB liability* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension/OPEB contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in *intergovernmental payable* on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting. The remainder of this note includes the required pension disclosures. See Note 22 for the required OPEB disclosures.

School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description – School District non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

| | Eligible to Retire on or before August 1, 2017 * | Eligible to Retire on or after August 1, 2017 |
|------------------------------|--|--|
| Full Benefits | Age 65 with 5 years of service credit; or Any age with 30 years of service credit | Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit |
| Actuarially Reduced Benefits | Age 60 with 5 years of service credit Age 55 with 25 years of service credit | Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit |

^{*} Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017, will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service; 2.2 percent for the first 30 years of service and 2.5 percent for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

An individual whose benefit effective date is before April 1, 2018, is eligible for a cost of living adjustment (COLA) on the first anniversary date of the benefit. New benefit recipients must wait until the fourth anniversary of their benefit for COLA eligibility. The COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit. The COLA is indexed to the percentage increase in the CPI-W, not to exceed 2.5 percent and with a floor of 0 percent. A three-year COLA suspension was in effect for all benefit recipients for the years 2018, 2019, and 2020. The Retirement Board approved a 0.5 percent COLA for calendar year 2021.

Funding Policy – Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary, and the School District is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 14.0 percent. For fiscal year 2022, the Retirement Board did not allocate any employer contribution to the Health Care Fund.

The School District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$340,030 for fiscal year 2022. Of this amount \$40,286 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – School District licensed teachers and other faculty members participate in STRS Ohio, a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information, and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS website at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan, and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation is 2.2 percent of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. In April 2017, the Retirement Board made the decision to reduce COLA granted on or after July 1, 2017, to 0 percent to preserve the fiscal integrity of the retirement system. Benefit recipients' base benefit and past cost of living increases are not affected by this change. Eligibility changes will be phased in until August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be 5 years of service credit and age 65, or 35 years of service credit and at least age 60.

Eligibility changes for DB Plan members who retire with actuarially reduced benefits will be phased in until August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility will be 5 years of qualifying service credit and age 60, or 30 years of service credit at any age.

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 9.53 percent of the 14 percent employer contributions into an investment account. The member determines how to allocate the member and employer money among various investment choices offered by STRS. The remaining 4.47 percent of the 14 percent employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, 12 percent of the 14 percent member rate is deposited into the member's DC account and the remaining 2 percent is applied to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50 and after termination of employment.

New members who choose the DC plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. New members on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit that apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy – Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. The fiscal year 2022 employer and employee contribution rate of 14 percent was equal to the statutory maximum rates. For fiscal year 2022, the full employer contribution was allocated to pension.

The School District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$1,240,663 for fiscal year 2022. Of this amount \$124,307 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the School District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

| | SERS | STRS | Total |
|--|--------------|--------------|---------------|
| Proportion of the Net Pension Liability: | | | |
| Current Measurement Date | 0.07006520% | 0.07305074% | |
| Prior Measurement Date | 0.07553360% | 0.07587696% | |
| Change in Proportionate Share | -0.00546840% | -0.00282622% | |
| | | | |
| Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability | \$2,585,203 | \$9,340,193 | \$11,925,396 |
| Pension Expense | (\$350,928) | (\$723,862) | (\$1,074,790) |

At June 30, 2022, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

| | SERS | STRS | Total |
|--|-------------|-------------|--------------|
| Deferred Outflows of Resources | | | |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | \$249 | \$288,567 | \$288,816 |
| Changes of assumptions | 54,437 | 2,591,137 | 2,645,574 |
| School District contributions subsequent to the | | | |
| measurement date | 340,030 | 1,240,663 | 1,580,693 |
| Total Deferred Outflows of Resources | \$394,716 | \$4,120,367 | \$4,515,083 |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources | | | |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | \$67,045 | \$58,544 | \$125,589 |
| Net difference between projected and | | | |
| actual earnings on pension plan investments | 1,331,455 | 8,049,459 | 9,380,914 |
| Changes in proportionate share and | | | |
| difference between School District contributions | | | |
| and proportionate share of contributions | 265,475 | 1,315,430 | 1,580,905 |
| Total Deferred Inflows of Resources | \$1,663,975 | \$9,423,433 | \$11,087,408 |

\$1,580,693 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

| | SERS | STRS | Total |
|-----------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Fiscal Year Ending June 30: | | | |
| 2023 | (\$516,497) | (\$1,733,490) | (\$2,249,987) |
| 2024 | (367,544) | (1,510,882) | (1,878,426) |
| 2025 | (316,572) | (1,566,905) | (1,883,477) |
| 2026 | (408,676) | (1,732,452) | (2,141,128) |
| Total | (\$1,609,289) | (\$6,543,729) | (\$8,153,018) |

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Actuarial Assumptions – SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2021, compared with June 30, 2020, are presented as follows:

| | June 30, 2021 | June 30, 2020 |
|--|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Inflation | 2.4 percent | 3.00 percent |
| Future Salary Increases, including inflation | 3.25 percent to 13.58 percent | 3.50 percent to 18.20 percent |
| COLA or Ad Hoc COLA | 2.0 percent, on or after | 2.5 percent |
| | April 1, 2018, COLAs for future | |
| | retirees will be delayed for three | |
| | years following commencement | |
| Investment Rate of Return | 7.00 percent net of | 7.50 percent net of investment |
| | System expenses | expense, including inflation |
| Actuarial Cost Method | Entry Age Normal | Entry Age Normal |
| | (Level Percent of Payroll) | (Level Percent of Payroll) |

Mortality rates for 2021 were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weight Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20 percent for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35 percent for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3 percent for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8 percent for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

Mortality rates for 2020 were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females. Mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries were based upon the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120 percent of male rates, and 110 percent of female rates. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90 percent for male rates and 100 percent for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2020.

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined by using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating an arithmetic weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes.

| | Target | Long-Term Expected |
|-----------------------------|------------|---------------------|
| Asset Class | Allocation | Real Rate of Return |
| Cash | 2.00 % | (0.33) % |
| US Equity | 24.75 | 5.72 |
| Non-US Equity Developed | 13.50 | 6.55 |
| Non-US Equity Emerging | 6.75 | 8.54 |
| Fixed Income/Global Bonds | 19.00 | 1.14 |
| Private Equity | 11.00 | 10.03 |
| Real Estate/Real Assets | 16.00 | 5.41 |
| Multi-Asset Strategy | 4.00 | 3.47 |
| Private Debt/Private Credit | 3.00 | 5.28 |
| Total | 100.00 % | |

Discount Rate The total pension liability for 2021 was calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent. The discount rate for 2020 was 7.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.00 percent). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00 percent), or one percentage point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate.

| | Current | | |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|-------------|
| | 1% Decrease (6.00%) | 1% Increase (8.00%) | |
| School District's proportionate share | | | |
| of the net pension liability | \$4,301,142 | \$2,585,203 | \$1,138,076 |

Actuarial Assumptions – STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the June 30, 2021, actuarial valuation compared to those used in the June 30, 2020, actuarial valuation are presented as follows:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

| | June 30, 2021 | June 30, 2020 |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Inflation | 2.50 percent | 2.50 percent |
| Projected Salary Increases | 12.50 percent at age 20 to | 12.50 percent at age 20 to |
| | 2.50 percent at age 65 | 2.50 percent at age 65 |
| Investment Rate of Return | 7.00 percent, net of investment | 7.45 percent, net of investment |
| | expenses, including inflation | expenses, including inflation |
| Discount Rate of Return | 7.00 percent | 7.45 percent |
| Payroll Increases | 3.00 percent | 3.00 percent |
| Cost of Living Adjustments (COLA) | 0.0 percent | 0.0 percent |

Post-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011, through June 30, 2016.

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

| | Target | Long-Term Expected |
|----------------------|------------|--------------------|
| Asset Class | Allocation | Rate of Return * |
| Domestic Equity | 28.00% | 7.35% |
| International Equity | 23.00 | 7.55 |
| Alternatives | 17.00 | 7.09 |
| Fixed Income | 21.00 | 3.00 |
| Real Estate | 10.00 | 6.00 |
| Liquidity Reserves | 1.00 | 2.25 |
| Total | 100.00% | |

^{* 10} year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25 percent, and are net of investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00 percent as of June 30, 2021, and was 7.45 percent as of June 30, 2020. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described previously. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2021. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2021.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate The following table presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.00 percent, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate:

| | Current | | |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|
| | 1% Decrease Discount Rate 1% Incre | | |
| | (6.00%) | (7.00%) | (8.00%) |
| School District's proportionate share | | | |
| of the net pension liability | \$17,490,686 | \$9,340,193 | \$2,453,044 |

Changes Between the Measurement Date and the Reporting Date In February 2022, the Board approved changes to demographic measures that will impact the June 30, 2022, actuarial valuation. These demographic measures include retirement, salary increase, disability/termination and mortality assumptions. In March 2022, the STRS Board approved benefit plan changes to take effect on July 1, 2022. These changes include a one-time 3 percent cost of living increase (COLA) to be paid to eligible benefit recipients and the elimination of the age 60 requirement for retirement age and service eligibility that was set to take effect in 2026. The effect on the net pension liability is unknown.

Note 22 – Defined Benefit OPEB Plans

See Note 21 for a description of the net OPEB liability (asset).

School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Health Care Plan Description - The School District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 75 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. SERS' Health Care Plan provides health care benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of most types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage. The following types of credit purchased after January 29, 1981, do not count toward health care coverage eligibility: military, federal, out-of-state, municipal, private school, exempted, and early retirement incentive credit. In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree, are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of 65 and therefore enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report, which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board established the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Funding Policy — State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For fiscal year 2022, no allocation was made to health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2022, this amount was \$25,000. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2022, the School District's surcharge obligation was \$45,679.

The surcharge, added to the allocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The School District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$45,679 for fiscal year 2022, which is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS, which can be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy – Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. All benefit recipients pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for postemployment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to postemployment health care.

OPEB Liability (Asset), OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School District's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset) was based on the School District's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

| | SERS | STRS | Total |
|---|--------------|---------------|---------------|
| Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability/Asset: | | | |
| Current Measurement Date | 0.07239440% | 0.07305074% | |
| Prior Measurement Date | 0.07871730% | 0.07587696% | |
| Change in Proportionate Share | -0.00632290% | -0.00282622% | |
| Proportionate Share of the: | | | |
| Net OPEB Liability | \$1,370,123 | \$0 | \$1,370,123 |
| Net OPEB (Asset) | \$0 | (\$1,540,215) | (\$1,540,215) |
| OPEB Expense | (\$64,411) | (\$142,288) | (\$206,699) |

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

At June 30, 2022, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

| | SERS | STRS | Total |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Deferred Outflows of Resources | | | |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | \$14,605 | \$54,842 | \$69,447 |
| Changes of assumptions | 214,940 | 98,383 | 313,323 |
| Changes in proportionate share and | | | |
| difference between School District contributions | | | |
| and proportionate share of contributions | 35,126 | 588 | 35,714 |
| School District contributions subsequent to the | | | |
| measurement date | 45,679 | 0 | 45,679 |
| Total Deferred Outflows of Resources | \$310,350 | \$153,813 | \$464,163 |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources | | | |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | \$682,383 | \$282,195 | \$964,578 |
| Changes of assumptions | 187,627 | 918,850 | 1,106,477 |
| Net difference between projected and | | | |
| actual earnings on OPEB plan investments | 29,766 | 426,921 | 456,687 |
| Changes in proportionate share and | | | |
| difference between School District contributions | | | |
| and proportionate share of contributions | 303,985 | 73,958 | 377,943 |
| Total Deferred Inflows of Resources | \$1,203,761 | \$1,701,924 | \$2,905,685 |

\$45,679 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability or an increase to the net OPEB asset in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

| | SERS | STRS | Total |
|-----------------------------|-------------|---------------|---------------|
| Fiscal Year Ending June 30: | | | |
| 2023 | (\$203,970) | (\$455,405) | (\$659,375) |
| 2024 | (204,179) | (444,719) | (648,898) |
| 2025 | (211,071) | (405,960) | (617,031) |
| 2026 | (182,620) | (181,092) | (363,712) |
| 2027 | (102,037) | (62,102) | (164,139) |
| Thereafter | (35,213) | 1,167 | (34,046) |
| Total | (\$939,090) | (\$1,548,111) | (\$2,487,201) |

Actuarial Assumptions – SERS

The total OPEB liability is determined by SERS' actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2021, compared with June 30, 2020, are presented as follows:

| | June 30, 2021 | June 30, 2020 |
|---|---|---|
| Inflation | 2.40 percent | 3.00 percent |
| Future Salary Increases, including inflation Wage Increases | 3.25 percent to 13.58 percent | 3.50 percent to 18.20 percent |
| Wage Increases | 3.25 percent to 13.36 percent | 5.50 percent to 10.20 percent |
| Investment Rate of Return | 7.00 percent net of investment expense, including inflation | 7.50 percent net of investment expense, including inflation |
| Municipal Bond Index Rate: | | |
| Measurement Date | 1.92 percent | 2.45 percent |
| Prior Measurement Date | 2.45 percent | 3.13 percent |
| Single Equivalent Interest Rate, | | |
| net of plan investment expense, | | |
| including price inflation: | | |
| Measurement Date | 2.27 percent | 2.63 percent |
| Prior Measurement Date | 2.63 percent | 3.22 percent |
| Medical Trend Assumption: | | |
| Medicare | 5.125 to 4.40 percent | 5.25 to 4.75 percent |
| Pre-Medicare | 6.75 to 4.40 percent | 7.00 to 4.75 percent |

For 2021, mortality rates among healthy retirees were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20 percent for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35 percent for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3 percent for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8 percent for females. Mortality rates for contingent survivors were based on PUB-2010 General Amount Weighted Below Median Contingent Survivor mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 105.5 percent for males and adjusted 122.5 percent for females. Mortality rates for actives is based on PUB-2010 General Amount Weighted Below Median Employee mortality table.

For 2020, mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and Scale BB, 120 percent of male rates and 110 percent of female rates. RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent for male rates and 100 percent for female rates set back five years.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2020.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the actuarial five-year experience study. The most recent study covers fiscal years 2015 through 2020, and was adopted by the Board in 2021. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return, 7.00 percent, by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans, which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

The SERS health care plan follows the same asset allocation and long-term expected real rate of return for each major asset class as the pension plan (see Note 21).

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2021, was 2.27 percent. The discount rate used to measure total OPEB liability prior to June 30, 2021, was 2.63 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and the System at the contribution rate of 1.50 percent of projected covered payroll each year, which includes a 1.50 percent payroll surcharge and no contributions from the basic benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current System members by SERS actuaries. The Municipal Bond Index Rate is used in the determination of the SEIR for both the June 30, 2020, and the June 30, 2021, total OPEB liability. The Municipal Bond Index rate is the single rate that will generate a present value of benefit payments equal to the sum of the present value determined by the long-term expected rate of return, and the present value determined by discounting those benefits after the date of depletion. The Municipal Bond Index Rate is 1.92 percent at June 30, 2021, and 2.45 percent at June 30, 2020.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate. The following table presents the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability for SERS and what the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (1.27 percent) and higher (3.27 percent) than the current discount rate (2.27 percent). Also shown is what the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be based on health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower (5.75 percent decreasing to 3.40 percent) and higher (7.75 percent decreasing to 5.40 percent) than the current rate.

| | Current | |
|-------------------|---|--|
| 1% Decrease | Discount Rate | 1% Increase |
| (1.27%) | (2.27%) | (3.27%) |
| \$1,697,749 | \$1,370,123 | \$1,108,393 |
| | Current | |
| 1% Decrease | Trend Rate | 1% Increase |
| (5.75% decreasing | (6.75% decreasing | (7.75% decreasing |
| to 3.40%) | to 4.40%) | to 5.40%) |
| \$1,054,883 | \$1,370,123 | \$1,791,188 |
| | (1.27%) \$1,697,749 1% Decrease (5.75% decreasing to 3.40%) | 1% Decrease (1.27%) Discount Rate (2.27%) \$1,697,749 \$1,370,123 Current 1% Decrease (5.75% decreasing to 3.40%) Trend Rate (6.75% decreasing to 4.40%) |

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Actuarial Assumptions – STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the June 30, 2021, actuarial valuation and the June 30, 2020, actuarial valuation are presented as follows:

| | June 30, 2021 | June 30, 2020 |
|----------------------------|---|---|
| Ducinated Calamy Impropage | 12.50 managert at ago 20 to | 12.50 managet at age 20 to |
| Projected Salary Increases | 12.50 percent at age 20 to 2.50 percent at age 65 | 12.50 percent at age 20 to 2.50 percent at age 65 |
| Investment Rate of Return | 7.00 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation | 7.45 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation |
| Payroll Increases | 3 percent | 3 percent |
| Discount Rate of Return | 7.00 percent | 7.45 percent |
| Health Care Cost Trends: | | |
| Medical: | | |
| Pre-Medicare | 5.00 percent initial, 4 percent ultimate | 5.00 percent initial, 4 percent ultimate |
| Medicare | -16.18 percent initial, 4 percent ultimate | -6.69 percent initial, 4 percent ultimate |
| Prescription Drug: | | |
| Pre-Medicare | 6.50 percent initial, 4 percent ultimate | 6.50 percent initial, 4 percent ultimate |
| Medicare | 29.98 initial, 4 percent ultimate | 11.87 initial, 4 percent ultimate |

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

For healthy retirees the mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011, through June 30, 2016.

The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2022, from 2.055 percent to 2.1 percent per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2022. The Medicare Part D Subsidy was updated to reflect it is expected to be negative in calendar year 2022. The Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.

The STRS health care plan follows the same asset allocation and long-term expected real rate of return for each major asset class as the pension plan (see Note 21).

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.00 percent as of June 30, 2021, and was 7.45 percent as of June 30, 2020. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes STRS continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2021. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on health care plan investments of 7.00 percent was used to measure the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2021.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount and Health Care Cost Trend Rates The following table represents the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset as of June 30, 2021, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.00 percent, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.00 percent) than the current assumption. Also shown is the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates.

| | | Current | |
|---------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| | 1% Decrease | Discount Rate | 1% Increase |
| | (6.00%) | (7.00%) | (8.00%) |
| School District's proportionate share | | | |
| of the net OPEB asset | (\$1,299,703) | (\$1,540,215) | (\$1,741,126) |
| | | Current | |
| | 1% Decrease | Trend Rate | 1% Increase |
| School District's proportionate share | | | |
| of the net OPEB asset | (\$1,732,986) | (\$1,540,215) | (\$1,301,836) |

Changes Between the Measurement Date and the Reporting Date In February 2022, the Board approved changes to demographic measures that will impact the June 30, 2022, actuarial valuation. The effect on the net OPEB liability (asset) is unknown.

Note 23 – COVID-19

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Ohio's state of emergency ended in June 2021, while the national state of emergency continues. During fiscal year 2022, the School District received COVID-19 funding. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing recovery measures will impact subsequent periods of the School District. The impact on the School District's future operating costs, revenues, and additional recovery from funding, either Federal or State, cannot be estimated.

Note 24 – Subsequent Events

Levy Renewal

On November 8, 2022, voters of the School District approved the renewal of an existing emergency levy. The levy was first approved in 2003 and collects \$2,880,700 annually for the operations of the School District. The School District maintains two ongoing emergency levies. The second levy will go back to the voters for approval before its expiration at the end of the 2025 calendar year.

Credit Rating Upgrade

The credit profile for the School District continues to strengthen following the School District's termination from State fiscal emergency. The School District closed fiscal year 2022 with an operating surplus, marking the fourth consecutive year of this trend. As a result, Moody's Investor Service upgraded the School District's issuer and general obligation unlimited tax (GOULT) rating from "Baa3" to "Baa2," with a positive outlook. The positive outlook reflects the probability that the School District's financial standing will continue to strengthen over the next twelve to twenty-three month period.

Required Supplementary Information

Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
School Employees Retirement System of Ohio
Last Nine Fiscal Years (1) *

| | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| School District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability | 0.07006520% | 0.07553360% | 0.07989330% |
| School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability | \$2,585,203 | \$4,995,951 | \$4,780,156 |
| School District's Covered Payroll | \$2,427,114 | \$2,658,493 | \$2,772,148 |
| School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll | 106.51% | 187.92% | 172.44% |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability | 82.86% | 68.55% | 70.85% |

⁽¹⁾ Although this schedule is intended to reflect information for ten years, information prior to fiscal year 2014 is not available. An additional column will be added each year.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information

^{*} Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the School District's measurement date, which is the prior fiscal year end.

| 2019 | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 |
|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| 0.08541230% | 0.08095130% | 0.08461760% | 0.09117520% | 0.08881500% | 0.08881500% |
| \$4,891,721 | \$4,836,661 | \$6,193,228 | \$5,202,545 | \$4,494,877 | \$5,281,543 |
| \$2,658,341 | \$2,534,836 | \$2,402,914 | \$3,243,460 | \$2,950,166 | \$2,710,896 |
| 184.01% | 190.81% | 257.74% | 160.40% | 152.36% | 194.83% |
| 71.36% | 69.50% | 62.98% | 69.16% | 71.70% | 65.52% |

Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio
Last Nine Fiscal Years (1) *

| | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 |
|--|-------------|--------------|--------------|
| School District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability | 0.07305074% | 0.07587696% | 0.08113600% |
| School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability | \$9,340,193 | \$18,359,524 | \$17,942,739 |
| School District's Covered Payroll | \$8,927,086 | \$9,141,243 | \$9,187,921 |
| School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll | 104.63% | 200.84% | 195.29% |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability | 87.80% | 75.50% | 77.40% |

⁽¹⁾ Although this schedule is intended to reflect information for ten years, information prior to fiscal year 2014 is not available. An additional column will be added each year.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information

^{*} Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the School District's measurement date, which is the prior fiscal year end.

| 2019 | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 |
|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| 0.08168107% | 0.08164796% | 0.08585734% | 0.08824592% | 0.08875798% | 0.08875798% |
| \$17,959,833 | \$19,395,648 | \$28,739,040 | \$24,388,591 | \$21,589,012 | \$25,716,690 |
| \$8,981,321 | \$8,820,200 | \$10,107,750 | \$8,754,400 | \$9,418,569 | \$9,581,962 |
| 199.97% | 219.90% | 284.33% | 278.59% | 229.22% | 268.39% |
| 77.30% | 75.30% | 66.80% | 72.10% | 74.70% | 69.30% |

Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability
School Employees Retirement System of Ohio
Last Six Fiscal Years (1) *

| | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 |
|---|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| School District's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability | 0.07239440% | 0.07871730% | 0.08196270% |
| School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability | \$1,370,123 | \$1,710,785 | \$2,061,190 |
| School District's Covered Payroll | \$2,427,114 | \$2,658,493 | \$2,772,148 |
| School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll | 56.45% | 64.35% | 74.35% |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability | 24.08% | 18.17% | 15.57% |

⁽¹⁾ Although this schedule is intended to reflect information for ten years, information prior to fiscal year 2017 is not available. An additional column will be added each year.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information

^{*} Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the School District's measurement date, which is the prior fiscal year end.

| 2019 | 2018 | 2017 |
|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| 0.08616250% | 0.08203780% | 0.08569280% |
| \$2,390,381 | \$2,201,679 | \$2,442,562 |
| \$2,658,341 | \$2,534,836 | \$2,402,914 |
| 89.92% | 86.86% | 101.65% |
| 13.57% | 12.46% | 11.49% |

Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)
State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio
Last Six Fiscal Years (1) *

| | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 |
|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| School District's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) | 0.07305074% | 0.07587696% | 0.08113600% |
| School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) | (\$1,540,215) | (\$1,333,536) | (\$1,343,807) |
| School District's Covered Payroll | \$8,927,086 | \$9,141,243 | \$9,187,921 |
| School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll | (17.25%) | (14.59%) | (14.63%) |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability | 174.70% | 182.10% | 174.70% |

⁽¹⁾ Although this schedule is intended to reflect information for ten years, information prior to fiscal year 2017 is not available. An additional column will be added each year.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information

^{*} Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the School District's measurement date, which is the prior fiscal year end.

| 2019 | 2018 | 2017 |
|---------------|-------------|--------------|
| 0.08168107% | 0.08164796% | 0.08585734% |
| (\$1,312,531) | \$3,185,602 | \$4,591,673 |
| \$8,981,321 | \$8,820,200 | \$10,107,750 |
| (14.61%) | 36.12% | 45.43% |
| 176.00% | 47.10% | 37.30% |

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the School District's Contributions School Employees Retirement System of Ohio Last Ten Fiscal Years

| | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 |
|---|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Net Pension Liability | | | | |
| Contractually Required Contribution | \$340,030 | \$339,796 | \$372,189 | \$374,240 |
| Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution | (340,030) | (339,796) | (372,189) | (374,240) |
| Contribution Deficiency (Excess) | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| School District Covered Payroll (1) | \$2,428,786 | \$2,427,114 | \$2,658,493 | \$2,772,148 |
| Pension Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll | 14.00% | 14.00% | 14.00% | 13.50% |
| Net OPEB Liability | | | | |
| Contractually Required Contribution (2) | \$45,679 | \$47,191 | \$52,160 | \$64,300 |
| Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution | (45,679) | (47,191) | (52,160) | (64,300) |
| Contribution Deficiency (Excess) | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| OPEB Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll | 1.88% | 1.94% | 1.96% | 2.32% |
| Total Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (2) | 15.88% | 15.94% | 15.96% | 15.82% |

⁽¹⁾ The School District's covered payroll is the same for Pension and OPEB.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information

⁽²⁾ Includes surcharge

| 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 |
|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| \$358,876 | \$354,877 | \$336,408 | \$427,488 | \$408,893 | \$375,188 |
| (358,876) | (354,877) | (336,408) | (427,488) | (408,893) | (375,188) |
| \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| \$2,658,341 | \$2,534,836 | \$2,402,914 | \$3,243,460 | \$2,950,166 | \$2,710,896 |
| 13.50% | 14.00% | 14.00% | 13.18% | 13.86% | 13.84% |
| \$57,672 | \$44,208 | \$43,113 | \$74,853 | \$49,630 | \$45,775 |
| (57,672) | (44,208) | (43,113) | (74,853) | (49,630) | (45,775) |
| \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| 2.17% | 1.74% | 1.79% | 2.31% | 1.68% | 1.69% |
| 15.67% | 15.74% | 15.79% | 15.49% | 15.54% | 15.53% |

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the School District's Contributions State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio Last Ten Fiscal Years

| | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 |
|---|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Net Pension Liability | _ | | | |
| Contractually Required Contribution | \$1,240,663 | \$1,249,792 | \$1,279,774 | \$1,286,309 |
| Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution | (1,240,663) | (1,249,792) | (1,279,774) | (1,286,309) |
| Contribution Deficiency (Excess) | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| School District Covered Payroll (1) | \$8,861,879 | \$8,927,086 | \$9,141,243 | \$9,187,921 |
| Pension Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll | 14.00% | 14.00% | 14.00% | 14.00% |
| Net OPEB Liability (Asset) | | | | |
| Contractually Required Contribution | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Contribution Deficiency (Excess) | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| OPEB Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% |
| Total Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll | 14.00% | 14.00% | 14.00% | 14.00% |

⁽¹⁾ The School District's covered payroll is the same for Pension and OPEB.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information

| 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 |
|-------------|-------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| \$1,257,385 | \$1,234,828 | \$1,415,085 | \$1,225,616 | \$1,224,414 | \$1,245,655 |
| (1,257,385) | (1,234,828) | (1,415,085) | (1,225,616) | (1,224,414) | (1,245,655) |
| \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| \$8,981,321 | \$8,820,200 | \$10,107,750 | \$8,754,400 | \$9,418,569 | \$9,581,962 |
| 14.00% | 14.00% | 14.00% | 14.00% | 13.00% | 13.00% |
| \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$94,186 | \$95,820 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | (94,186) | (95,820) |
| \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 1.00% | 1.00% |
| 14.00% | 14.00% | 14.00% | 14.00% | 14.00% | 14.00% |

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Net Pension Liability

Changes in Assumptions – SERS

Beginning in fiscal year 2022, an assumption of 2.0 percent was used for COLA or Ad Hoc Cola. For fiscal years 2018 through 2021, an assumption of 2.5 percent was used. Prior to 2018, an assumption of 3 percent was used.

Amounts reported in 2022 incorporate changes in assumptions used by SERS in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation. These assumptions compared with those used in prior years are presented as follows:

| | Fiscal Year 2022 | Fiscal Years 2021-2017 | Fiscal Year 2016 and Prior |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Wage Inflation | 2.4 percent | 3.00 percent | 3.25 percent |
| Future Salary Increases, | | | |
| including inflation | 3.25 percent to 13.58 percent | 3.50 percent to 18.20 percent | 4.00 percent to 22.00 percent |
| Investment Rate of Return | 7.0 percent net of | 7.50 percent net of investments | 7.75 percent net of investments |
| | system expenses | expense, including inflation | expense, including inflation |

Amounts reported for 2022 use mortality rates based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weight Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20 percent for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35 percent for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3 percent for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8 percent for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

Amounts report for 2017 through 2021 use mortality rates that are based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females. Amounts reported for fiscal year 2016 and prior, use mortality assumptions that are based on the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table set back one year for both men and women. Special mortality tables were used for the period after disability retirement.

Changes in Assumptions – STRS

Beginning with fiscal year 2022, amounts reported incorporate changes in assumptions and changes in benefit terms used by STRS in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation. These new assumptions compared with those used in fiscal years 2018-2021 and fiscal year 2017 and prior are presented as follows:

| | Fiscal Year 2022 | Fiscal Years 2021-2018 | Fiscal Year 2017 and Prior |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| Inflation | 2.50 percent | 2.50 percent | 2.75 percent |
| Projected Salary Increases | 12.50 percent at age 20 to | 12.50 percent at age 20 to | 12.25 percent at age 20 to |
| | 2.50 percent at age 65 | 2.50 percent at age 65 | 2.75 percent at age 70 |
| Investment Rate of Return | 7.00 percent, net of investment | 7.45 percent, net of investment | 7.75 percent, net of investment |
| | expenses, including inflation | expenses, including inflation | expenses, including inflation |
| Payroll Increases | 3 percent | 3 percent | 3.5 percent |
| Cost of Living Adjustments | 0.0 percent, effective July 1, 2017 | 0.0 percent, effective July 1, 2017 | 2 percent simple applied as follows: |
| (COLA) | | | for members retiring before |
| | | | August 1, 2013, 2 percent per year; |
| | | | for members retiring August 1, 2013, |
| | | | or later, 2 percent COLA commences |
| | | | on fifth anniversary of retirement date. |

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Beginning with fiscal year 2018, post-retirement mortality rates for healthy retirees are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

For fiscal year 2017 and prior actuarial valuation, mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table (Projection 2022—Scale AA) for Males and Females. Males' ages are set back two years through age 89 and no set back for age 90 and above. Females younger than age 80 are set back four years, one year set back from age 80 through 89, and no set back from age 90 and above.

Net OPEB Liability (Asset)

Changes in Assumptions – SERS

Beginning with fiscal year 2022, amounts reported incorporate changes in assumptions and changes in benefit terms used by SERS in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation. These new assumptions compared with those used in fiscal year 2021 and prior are presented as follows:

| | 2022 | 2021 and Prior |
|--|---|---|
| Inflation Future Salary Increases, including inflation | 2.40 percent | 3.00 percent |
| Wage Increases | 3.25 percent to 13.58 percent | 3.50 percent to 18.20 percent |
| Investment Rate of Return | 7.00 percent net of investment expense, including inflation | 7.50 percent net of investment expense, including inflation |

Amounts reported incorporate changes in key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability as presented as follows:

| Municipal Bond Index Rate: | |
|--|--------------|
| Fiscal year 2022 | 1.92 percent |
| Fiscal year 2021 | 2.45 percent |
| Fiscal year 2020 | 3.13 percent |
| Fiscal year 2019 | 3.62 percent |
| Fiscal year 2018 | 3.56 percent |
| Fiscal year 2017 | 2.92 percent |
| Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of plan investment expense, | |
| including price inflation: | |
| Fiscal year 2022 | 2.27 percent |
| Fiscal year 2021 | 2.63 percent |
| Fiscal year 2020 | 3.22 percent |
| Fiscal year 2019 | 3.70 percent |
| Fiscal year 2018 | 3.63 percent |
| Fiscal year 2017 | 2.98 percent |
| | |

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Changes in Assumptions – STRS

For fiscal year 2018, the discount rate was increased from 3.26 percent to 4.13 percent based on the methodology defined under GASB Statement No. 74, *Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB)*, and the long term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75 percent to 7.45 percent. Valuation year per capita health care costs were updated, and the salary scale was modified. The percentage of future retirees electing each option was updated based on current data and the percentage of future disabled retirees and terminated vested participants electing health coverage were decreased. The assumed mortality, disability, retirement, withdrawal and future health care cost trend rates were modified along with the portion of rebated prescription drug costs.

For fiscal year 2019, the discount rate was increased from the blended rate of 4.13 percent to the long-term expected rate of return of 7.45.

For fiscal year 2022, the discount rate was decreased from 7.45 percent to the long-term expected rate of return of 7.00.

Changes in Benefit Terms – STRS

For fiscal year 2018, the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was reduced from 2.1 percent to 1.9 percent per year of service. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements were discontinued for certain survivors and beneficiaries, and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements were scheduled to be discontinued beginning January 2020.

For fiscal year 2019, the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was increased from 1.9 percent to 1.944 percent per year of service effective January 1, 2019. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2019, and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements were scheduled to be discontinued beginning January 1, 2020.

For fiscal year 2020, there was no change to the claims costs process. Claim curves were trended to the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020, to reflect the current price renewals. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2020, from 1.944 percent to 1.984 percent per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2020. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021, to 2.1 percent for the Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed to January 1, 2021.

For fiscal year 2021, there was no change to the claims costs process. Claim curves were updated to reflect the projected fiscal year ending June 30, 2021, premium based on June 30, 2020, enrollment distribution. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2021, from 1.984 percent to 2.055 percent per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2021. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021, to 2.1 percent for the AMA Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.

For fiscal year 2022, there was no change to the claims costs process. Claim curves were updated to reflect the projected fiscal year ending June 30, 2022, premium based on June 30, 2021, enrollment distribution. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2022, from 2.055 percent to 2.1 percent per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2022. The Medicare Part D Subsidy was updated to reflect it is expected to be negative in calendar year 2022. The Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.

COVENTRY LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMIT COUNTY, OHIO

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

| Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title | Assistance Listing Number | Expenditures | Non-Cash Expenditures |
|--|---------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|
| Trogram of Cluster Title | Number | Expenditures | Expellatures |
| U.S. Department of Agriculture | | | |
| Passed through Ohio Department of Education | | | |
| Child Nutrition Cluster: | | | |
| School Breakfast Program | 10.553 | \$ 190,726 | \$ 0 |
| National School Lunch Program | 10.555 | 748,813 | 0 |
| COVID-19 - National School Lunch Program | 10.555 | 71,427 | 76,467 |
| Total Child Nutrition Cluster | | 1,010,966 | 76,467 |
| State Pandemic EBT Administrative Grants | 10.649 | 614 | 0 |
| Total U.S. Department of Agriculture | | 1,011,580 | 76,467 |
| U.S. Department of the Treasury | | | |
| Passed Through the Ohio Department of Education | | | |
| COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief Fund - Rural and Small Town School Districts | 21.019 | 13,034 | 0 |
| Total ALN #21.019 | | 13,034 | 0 |
| Total U.S. Department of the Treasury | | 13,034 | 0 |
| U.S. Department of Education | | | |
| Passed through Ohio Department of Education | | | |
| Title I - Grants to Local Educational Agencies | 84.010 | 357,433 | 0 |
| Special Education Cluster (IDEA): | | | |
| Special Education - Grants to States | 84.027 | 424,712 | 0 |
| Covid-19 - Special Education - Grants to States ARP | 84.027 | 75,272 | 0 |
| COVID-19 - Special Education Preschool Grant ARP | 84.173 | 6,918 | 0 |
| Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA) | | 506,902 | 0 |
| Improving Teacher Quality State Grants | 84.367 | 52,407 | 0 |
| Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program | 84.424 | 12,101 | 0 |
| Education Stabilization Fund | | | |
| Education Stabilization Fund - | 84.425D | 450,000 | 0 |
| COVID 19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund I COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund II | 84.425D 84.425D | 450,000 | 0 |
| | | 116,741 137,903 | 0 |
| COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund ARP COVID-19 - ARP Homeless | 84.425U | , | 0 |
| | 84.425W | 6,046 | |
| Total M.S. Department of Education | | 710,690 | 0 |
| Total U.S. Department of Education | | 1,639,533 | |
| U.S. Federal Commumnications Commission | | | |
| Direct Program | 22.000 | 207.720 | 0 |
| Emergency Connectivity Fund Program | 32.009 | 306,720 | 0 |
| Total U.S. Federal Communications Commission | | 306,720 | 0 |
| TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS | | \$ 2,970,867 | \$ 76,467 |

See accompanying notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

COVENTRY LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMIT COUNTY, OHIO NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1: BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of Coventry Local School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2022. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Coventry Local School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position of the Coventry Local School District.

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

NOTE 3: INDIRECT COST RATE

Coventry Local School District has elected not to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE 4: CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

Cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture are commingled with State grants. It is assumed federal monies are expended first.

NOTE 5: **FOOD DONATION PROGRAM**

Program regulations do not require the District to maintain separate inventory records for purchased food and food received from the U.S. Department of Agriculture. This non-monetary assistance (expenditures) is reported in the Schedule at the fair value of the commodities received.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Coventry Local School District Summit County 3257 Cormany Road Akron, Ohio 44319

To the Members of the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Coventry Local School District, Summit County, Ohio, (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 31, 2023, wherein we noted the District adopted new accounting guidance in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, *Leases*. We also noted the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the District.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

Coventry Local School District
Summit County
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting
and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial
Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards
Page 2

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matters that is required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards and which is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as item **2022-001**.

District's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the District's response to the finding identified in our audit and described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. The District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Zupka & Associates

Certified Public Accountants

repke & associates

January 31, 2023



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Coventry Local School District Summit County 3257 Cormany Road Akron, Ohio 44319

To the Members of the Board of Education:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Coventry Local School District, Summit County, Ohio's (the District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on the District's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2022. The District's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

In our opinion, the Coventry Local School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted an audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Coventry Local School District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Coventry Local School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements to the Coventry Local School District's federal programs.

Coventry Local School District
Summit County
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program
and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance
Page 2

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the Coventry Local School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the Coventry Local School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design
 and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a
 test basis, evidence regarding the Coventry Local School District's compliance with the compliance
 requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in
 the circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of the Coventry Local School District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Coventry Local School District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Coventry Local School District
Summit County
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program
and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance
Page 3

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Zupka & Associates

Certified Public Accountants

supka & associates

January 31, 2023

COVENTRY LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMIT COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS DECEMBER 31, 2022

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS 2022(i) Type of Financial Statement Opinion Unmodified 2022(ii) Were there any material control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)? No 2022(ii) Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)? No 2022(iii) Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)? Yes 2022(iv) Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs? No 2022(iv) Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs? No Unmodified 2022(v) Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinions 2022(vi) Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR 200.516(a)? No 2022(vii) Major Programs (list):

Type A: \$750,000 Type B: All Others less

than \$750,000

Child Nutrition Cluster - ALN# 10.553 and ALN# 10.555

Dollar Threshold: A/B Program

2022(viii)

COVENTRY LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMIT COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS DECEMBER 31, 2022

2. <u>FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE</u> REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAGS

Finding No. 2022-001 - Material Non-Compliance - Expenditures Exceeding Appropriations

Statement of Condition/Criteria

Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.41(B) prohibits a city from expending money unless it has been appropriated.

Cause/Effect

During our review of budgetary procedures, we noted that the following funds had expenditures plus encumbrances that exceeded appropriations plus prior year encumbrances, which is contrary to Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.41(B).

| | | Expenditures Plus | |
|--------------------------------|----------------|-------------------|--------------|
| Fund | Appropriations | Encumbrances | Variance |
| Bond Retirement Fund | \$ 1,536,196 | \$ 1,803,264 | \$ (267,068) |
| Food Service Fund | 554,036 | 739,153 | (185,117) |
| Scholarships Fund | 5,000 | 11,250 | (6,250) |
| Local Grants Fund | 10,597 | 30,407 | (19,810) |
| Student Activities Fund | 58,095 | 69,440 | (11,345) |
| Miscellaneous State Grant Fund | 33,911 | 77,980 | (44,069) |
| IDEA-B Fund | 479,971 | 500,280 | (20,309) |
| Coronavirus Relief Fund | 0 | 13,034 | (13,034) |

Recommendation

We recommend that the District exercise due care to ensure expenditures plus encumbrances do not exceed appropriations plus prior year encumbrances. This will assist the District in avoiding negative fund balances and also ensure the District is in compliance with Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.41(B).

District's Response

The District will closely regulate any timing matters of all funds and monitor the fund activity.

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None.

COVENTRY LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMIT COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

The audit report for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021, included no citations or instance of noncompliance. Management letter recommendations have been corrected, repeated, or procedures instituted to prevent occurrences this audit period.



COVENTRY LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

SUMMIT COUNTY

AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 3/9/2023

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