DANBURY LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

OTTAWA COUNTY, OHIO

SINGLE AUDIT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022





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Board of Education Danbury Local School District 9451 East Harbor Road Lakeside-Marblehead, OH 43440

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Danbury Local School District, Ottawa County, prepared by Julian & Grube, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Danbury Local School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

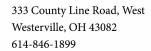
December 27, 2022



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Independent Auditor's Report

Danbury Local School District Ottawa County 9451 E. Harbor Road Lakeside-Marblehead, OH 43440

To the Board of Education:

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying cash-basis financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Danbury Local School District, Ottawa County, Ohio, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Danbury Local School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective cash-basis financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Danbury Local School District, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in cash-basis financial position and the budgetary comparison for the General fund for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with the cash-basis of accounting described in Note 2.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Danbury Local School District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matters

Ohio Administrative Code § 117-2-03(B) requires the Danbury Local School District to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We draw attention to Note 2 of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the cash-basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. As discussed in Note 17 to the financial statements, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the Danbury Local School District. Our opinions are not modified with respect to these matters.

Danbury Local School District Ottawa County Independent Auditor's Report

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the cash-basis of accounting described in Note 2, and for determining that the cash-basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Danbury Local School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Danbury Local School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Danbury Local School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Danbury Local School District Ottawa County Independent Auditor's Report

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Danbury Local School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the *management's discussion and analysis* but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 2, 2022, on our consideration of the Danbury Local School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Danbury Local School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Danbury Local School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Julian & Grube, Inc. December 2, 2022

Julian & Sube, Elne.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

The management's discussion and analysis of the Danbury Local School District's (the "District") financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2022, within the limitations of the District's cash basis of accounting. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the cash-basis financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2022 are as follows:

- The total net position of the District increased \$2,700,489 or 39.34% from fiscal year 2021.
- General receipts accounted for \$13,740,051 or 89.18% of total governmental activities receipts. Program specific receipts accounted for \$1,666,875 or 10.82% of total governmental activities receipts.
- The District had \$12,706,437 in disbursements related to governmental activities; \$1,666,875 of these disbursements were offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions.
- The District's major funds are the general fund and the building fund. The general fund had receipts of \$13,545,763 in fiscal year 2022. The disbursements and other financing uses of the general fund totaled \$12,333,871 in fiscal year 2022. The general fund's cash balance increased \$1,211,892 or 19.16% from 2021 to 2022.
- The building fund had other financing sources of \$1,538,000 and disbursements of \$246,080 in 2022. The fund balance increased \$1,291,920 from a beginning cash balance of \$0.

Using the Basic Financial Statements (BFS)

This annual report is presented in a format consistent with the presentation requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, as applicable to the District's cash basis of accounting.

The statement of net position - cash basis and statement of activities - cash basis provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting an aggregate view of the District's cash basis finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the District, the major funds are the general fund and the building fund.

Reporting the District as a Whole

Statement of Net Position - Cash Basis and the Statement of Activities - Cash Basis

The statement of net position - cash basis and statement of activities - cash basis answer the question, "How did we do financially during 2022?" These statements include *only net cash* using the *cash basis of accounting*, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. This basis of accounting takes into account only the current year's receipts and disbursements if the cash is actually received or paid.

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in those assets on a cash basis. This change in net cash assets is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the cash basis financial position of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, mandated federal and state programs and other factors.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

As a result of the use of the cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not collected) and liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements. Therefore, when reviewing the financial information and discussion within this annual report, the reader should keep in mind the limitations resulting from the use of the cash basis of accounting.

In the statement of net position - cash basis and statement of activities - cash basis the governmental activities include District's programs and services including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, extracurricular activities, and food service operations.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The District's major governmental fund is the general fund.

Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using the cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principals generally accepted in the United States of America. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides.

Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer cash basis financial resources that can be readily spent to finance various District programs. Since the District is reporting on the cash basis of accounting, there are no differences in the net cash assets and fund cash balances or changes in net cash assets and changes in fund cash balances. Therefore, no reconciliation is necessary between such financial statements.

The District's budgetary process accounts for certain transactions on a cash basis. The budgetary statement for the general fund is presented to demonstrate the District's compliance with annually adopted budgets.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs.

The District's only fiduciary funds are a private-purpose trust fund and custodial funds. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate statements of fiduciary net position cash basis and changes in fiduciary net position cash basis. These activities are excluded from the District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the District to finance its operations.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Recall that the statement of net position - cash basis provides the perspective of the District as a whole.

The table below provides a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2022.

	Ne	Net Position				
	Governmental	Governmental				
	Activities	Activities				
	2022	2021				
<u>Assets</u>						
Equity in pooled cash and						
investments	\$ 9,564,595	\$ 6,864,106				
Net Position						
Restricted	\$ 766,853	\$ 546,038				
Unrestricted	8,797,742	6,318,068				
Total net position	\$ 9,564,595	\$ 6,864,106				

The total net position of the District increased \$2,700,489 which represents a 39.34% increase from fiscal year 2021. The balance of government-wide unrestricted net position of \$8,797,742 may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

The table that follows shows the changes in net position for fiscal year 2021 and 2022.

	Change in Net Position				
	Governmental	Governmental			
	Activities	Activities			
	2022	2021			
Receipts:					
Program receipts:					
Charges for services and sales	\$ 530,377	\$ 916,969			
Operating grants and contributions	1,136,498	932,859			
Total program receipts	1,666,875	1,849,828			
General receipts:					
Property and other taxes	11,465,454	10,369,108			
Unrestricted grants:					
Operating	2,177,530	1,771,468			
Investment earnings	38,198	32,580			
Other	58,869	19,237			
Total general receipts	13,740,051	12,192,393			
Total receipts	\$ 15,406,926	\$ 14,042,221			
Disbursements:					
Instruction:					
Regular	\$ 5,052,581	\$ 4,997,394			
Special	1,541,323	1,628,005			
Vocational	35,974	46,070			
Other	63,006	24,745			
Support services:		_ 1,7 . 12			
Pupil	857,874	720,866			
Instructional staff	415,211	375,012			
Board of education	121,297	88,387			
Administration	874,418	787,086			
Fiscal	575,204	485,870			
Business	9,263	10,168			
Operations and maintenance	967,205	1,033,772			
Pupil transportation	319,405	360,262			
Central	112,635	129,580			
Operation of non instructional services	76,452	51,917			
Food service operations		289,529			
Extracurricular	313,660 549,734	420,907			
Facilities acquisition and construction	438,602				
Debt service:	438,002	388,386			
Principal retirement	375,000	370,000			
Interest and fiscal charges	7,593	15,433			
Total disbursements	12,706,437	12,223,389			
Change in net position	2,700,489	1,818,832			
Net position at beginning of year	6,864,106	5,045,274			
	\$ 9,564,595				
Net position at end of year	Ψ 2,304,323	\$ 6,864,106			

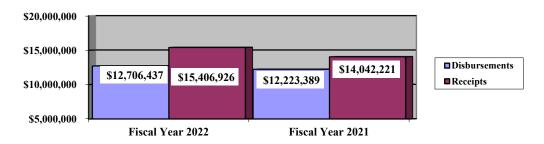
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Governmental Activities

Governmental net position increased by \$2,700,489 in fiscal year 2022 from fiscal year 2021. Total governmental disbursements of \$12,706,437 were offset by program receipts of \$1,666,875 and general receipts of \$13,740,051. Program receipts supported 13.12% of the total governmental disbursements.

The primary sources of receipts for governmental activities are derived from taxes, and unrestricted grants and entitlements. These receipt sources represent 88.55% of total governmental receipts.

Governmental Activities - Total Receipts vs. Total Disbursements



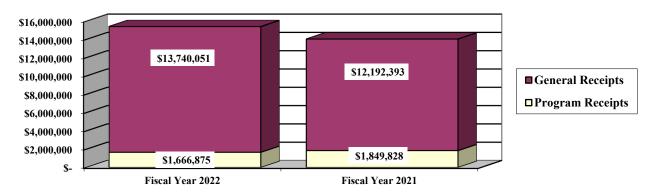
The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax receipts and unrestricted state grants and entitlements.

	Governmental Activities							
	Total Cost of		N	let Cost of	T	otal Cost of	l Cost of Net Cost	
	Services			Services		Services		Services
		2022	_	2022		2021	2021	
Disbursements:								
Instruction:								
Regular	\$	5,052,581	\$	4,505,277	\$	4,997,394	\$	4,097,298
Special		1,541,323		1,259,768		1,628,005		1,417,566
Vocational		35,974		2,758		46,070		45,680
Other		63,006		35,331		24,745		16,162
Support services:								
Pupil		857,874		737,316		720,866		518,280
Instructional staff		415,211		349,407		375,012		358,583
Board of education		121,297		121,297		88,387		88,387
Administration		874,418		863,105		787,086		782,430
Fiscal		575,204		575,204		485,870		485,870
Business		9,263		9,263		10,168		10,168
Operations and maintenance		967,205		943,815		1,033,772		975,827
Pupil transportation		319,405		309,190		360,262		357,359
Central		112,635		112,635		129,580		129,580
Operation of non instructional services		76,452		17,303		51,917		1,914
Food service operations		313,660		23,742		289,529		87,998
Extracurricular activities		549,734		352,956		420,907		310,942
Facilities acquisition and construction		438,602		438,602		388,386		304,084
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		375,000		375,000		370,000		370,000
Interest and fiscal charges		7,593	_	7,593	_	15,433		15,433
Total	\$	12,706,437	\$	11,039,562	\$	12,223,389	\$	10,373,561

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

The dependence upon general cash receipts for governmental activities is apparent; with only 13.12% of cash disbursements supported through program cash receipts during fiscal year 2022.

Governmental Activities - General and Program Receipts



Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The District's governmental funds are accounted for using the cash basis of accounting.

The District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$9,564,595, which is \$2,700,489 greater than last year's total of \$6,864,106. The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance as of June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2022, for all major and nonmajor governmental funds.

	Fund Balance	Fund Balance	
	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	Change
General	\$ 7,537,578	\$ 6,325,686	\$ 1,211,892
Building	1,291,920	-	1,291,920
Other nonmajor governmental funds	735,097	538,420	196,677
Total	\$ 9,564,595	\$ 6,864,106	\$ 2,700,489

General Fund

The general fund had receipts of \$13,545,763 in fiscal year 2022. The disbursements and other financing uses of the general fund totaled \$12,333,871 in fiscal year 2022. The general fund's balance increased \$1,211,892 or 19.16% from fiscal year 2021 to fiscal year 2022.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

The table that follows assists in illustrating the receipts of the general fund.

	2022	2021	Percentage
	Amount	Amount	Change
Receipts:			
Property taxes	\$ 10,795,424	\$ 9,707,051	11.21 %
Intergovernmental	2,255,338	1,790,247	25.98 %
Investment earnings	38,198	32,580	17.24 %
Tuition and fees	362,032	840,931	(56.95) %
Extracurricular	4,610	1,702	170.86 %
Other local revenues	90,161	23,893	277.35 %
Total	\$ 13,545,763	\$ 12,396,404	9.27 %

Overall, general fund receipts remained consistent with prior year, with an increase of 9.27%. The increase in taxes of \$1,088,373 is due to the District realizing an increase in residential property valuation growth. The increase in investment earnings is due to an increase in interest receipts received during the year. Tuition and fees revenue decreased by 56.95% primarily due to the change to a direct funding model in fiscal year 2022. All other receipts remained consistent with the prior year.

The table that follows assists in illustrating the expenditures of the general fund.

	2022			2021	Percentage
		Amount	_	Amount	Change
Disbursements:					
Instruction	\$	6,139,779	\$	6,395,152	(3.99) %
Support services		4,062,349		3,661,268	10.95 %
Operation of non instruction		63,050		38,634	63.20 %
Extracurricular		373,521		306,836	21.73 %
Facilities acquisition and construction		142,172		63,957	122.29 %
Total	\$	10,780,871	\$	10,465,847	3.01 %

Overall, general fund cash disbursements remained consistent with prior year, with an increase of 3.01%. Operation of non-instructional services increased \$24,416 or 63.20% due to greater repairs and equipment purchases during fiscal year 2022 compared to 2021. The increase in facilities acquisition and construction expenditures of \$78,215 or 122.29% was due to greater various capital improvements that took place during fiscal year 2022 compared to fiscal year 2021.

Building Fund

The building fund had other financing sources of \$1,538,000 and disbursements of \$246,080 in fiscal year 2022. The fund balance increased \$1,291,920 from a beginning cash balance of \$0.

Budgeting Highlights - General Fund

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

For the general fund, final budgetary basis receipts and other financing sources of \$13,436,264 were \$956,106 greater than original budget estimates and other financing sources of \$12,480,158. Actual receipts and other financing sources of \$13,444,929 were higher than final budget estimates and other financing sources by \$8,665.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

The original budgetary disbursements and other financing uses were \$11,536,946 and the final budgetary basis disbursements and other financing uses were \$13,036,946. The actual budgetary basis disbursements and other financing uses of \$12,683,826 were \$353,120 less than the final budget estimates.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The District does not record capital assets in the accompanying cash basis basic financial statements, but records payments for capital assets as disbursements. The District had facilities acquisition and construction disbursements of \$438,602 during fiscal year 2022.

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2022, the District had \$220,931 long term debt outstanding. Of this total \$70,000 is due within one year and \$150,931 is due in more than one year. The following table summarizes the obligations outstanding.

	Governmental	Governmental		
	Activities	Activities		
	2022	2021		
Energy Conservation Improvement Bonds	\$ 220,931	\$ 290,931		
Tax Anticipation Notes	<u>-</u>	305,000		
Total long-term obligations	\$ 220,931	\$ 595,931		

Refer to Note 7 to the basic financial statements for further detail.

Current Financial Related Activities

The District is heavily dependent on general property tax (residential real estate) and is currently at the 20-mil floor. The District realized a Class I real property valuation growth of 17.74% for TY21.

The District experienced a change in state funding due to a new formula implanted for the state of Ohio biennium budget and is planning and executing the expenditure of additional ESSER funding and American Recovery Plan (ARP) funding to maintain continuity of service and address learning loss.

Resident student enrollment for the District continues to decline but is supplemented by open enrollment students. Much of the new construction and development within the District is not primary family dwellings but instead vacation homes. Development of the interior of the peninsula is somewhat restricted while the quarry operations are still active. Affordable housing and year-round full-time employment opportunities in the area continue to have a significant effect on the district's enrollment.

The net financial gain to District local revenue created by open enrollment was eliminated by the new state funding formula.

The District remains the single largest full-time employer within the District, and pays a competitive wage. The percentage increases related to health care costs continue to outpace any and all percentage increases to all lines of District revenue.

For FY22 the district experienced some conversion of contracted service expense to personnel and increased expense as the district returned to per COVID service levels.

The District purchased service expenditures for FY22 declined due to the new state funding formula as well due to the elimination of payments for resident open enrollment student attending other districts, resident students attending community schools and special need student scholarships.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

The District is proactive in maintaining the communities' investments in the school's building, grounds and infrastructure while taking a measured approach with capital outlay for equipment and improvements. Some of these needs were funded from the General Fund in FY22 and supplemented by the district's permanent improvement fund.

The District is considering building projects in the future and therefore transferred funds to a specific building fund for design services and possible construction management obligations.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Mr. Shane E. Baumgardner, Treasurer, Danbury Local School District, 9451 E. Harbor Road, Lakeside, Ohio 43440. Phone (419) 798-5185 or treasurer@danburyschools.org

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - CASH BASIS JUNE 30, 2022

	 Governmental Activities			
Assets:				
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 9,564,595			
Net position:				
Restricted for:				
Capital projects	\$ 516,783			
State funded programs	62,796			
Federally funded programs	6,093			
Food service operations	1,531			
Student activities	147,549			
Other purposes	32,101			
Unrestricted	 8,797,742			
Total net position	\$ 9,564,595			

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - CASH BASIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Net (Disbursements)

					ъ .		Ř	eceipts and Changes in		
		G 1	Program Receipts					Net Position		
	Dia	Cash Disbursements		narges for ces and Sales		rating Grants Contributions		overnmental		
Governmental activities:		sour sements	Servi	tes and Sales	anu	Contributions	Activities			
Instruction:										
Regular	\$	5,052,581	\$	298,899	\$	248,405	\$	(4,505,277)		
Special	Ψ	1,541,323	Ψ	19,981	Ψ	261,574	Ψ	(1,259,768)		
Vocational		35,974		-		33,216		(2,758)		
Other		63,006				27,675		(35,331)		
Support services:		05,000		_		27,073		(33,331)		
Pupil		857,874		4,610		115,948		(737,316)		
Instructional staff		415,211		4,010		65,804		(349,407)		
Board of education		121,297		_		05,004		(121,297)		
Administration		874,418		10,792		521		(863,105)		
Fiscal		575,204		10,792		321		. , ,		
Business				-		-		(575,204)		
		9,263		20,500		2,890		(9,263)		
Operations and maintenance		967,205		20,300 917				(943,815)		
Pupil transportation		319,405		917		9,298		(309,190)		
Central		112,635		-		-		(112,635)		
Operation of non-instructional										
services:		212 ((0		10.670		270 240		(22.742)		
Food service operations		313,660		19,678		270,240		(23,742)		
Other non-instructional services		76,452		43,152		15,997		(17,303)		
Extracurricular activities		549,734		111,848		84,930		(352,956)		
Facilities acquisition and construction		438,602		=		-		(438,602)		
Debt service:		2== 000						(2== 000)		
Principal retirement		375,000		-		-		(375,000)		
Interest and fiscal charges		7,593						(7,593)		
Total governmental activities	\$	12,706,437	\$	530,377	\$	1,136,498		(11,039,562)		
				al receipts:						
				ty taxes levied f	or:			10 705 404		
				eral purposes				10,795,424		
				tal outlay		4		670,030		
				and entitlement		tricted		0 177 530		
			_	ecific programs				2,177,530		
				ment earnings				38,198		
				laneous				58,869		
			Total g	general receipts				13,740,051		
			Chang	e in net position				2,700,489		
			Net po	sition at begini	ning of y	ear		6,864,106		
			Net po	sition at end of	f year		\$	9,564,595		

STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND FUND BALANCES $\,$ - CASH BASIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS $\,$ JUNE 30, 2022

	General Building		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds		
Assets:	-		 				
Equity in pooled cash							
and investments	\$	7,537,578	\$ 1,291,920	\$	735,097	\$	9,564,595
Fund balances:							
Restricted:							
Capital improvements	\$	-	\$ -	\$	516,783	\$	516,783
Food service operations		-	-		1,531		1,531
State funded programs		-	-		62,796		62,796
Federally funded programs		-	-		6,093		6,093
Extracurricular		-	-		147,549		147,549
Other purposes		-	-		32,101		32,101
Committed:							
Capital improvements		-	1,291,920		-		1,291,920
Recreation		7,335	-		-		7,335
Assigned:							
Student instruction		156,924	-		-		156,924
Student and staff support		235,517	-		-		235,517
Facilities acquisition and construction		33,681	-		-		33,681
Unassigned (deficit)		7,104,121	 <u>-</u>		(31,756)		7,072,365
Total fund balances	\$	7,537,578	\$ 1,291,920	\$	735,097	\$	9,564,595

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - CASH BASIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Property taxes		General	Building	onmajor vernmental Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
Intergovernmental	Receipts:					
Investment earnings	Property taxes	\$ 10,795,424	\$ =	\$ 670,030	\$	11,465,454
Tuition and fees 362,032 - - 362,032 Extracurricular 4,610 - 112,765 517335 Rental income 20,500 - - 20,500 Charges for services 10,792 - 19,678 30,470 Miscellaneous 15,524 - 1,856 17,380 Total receipts 13,545,763 - 1,861,163 15,406,926 Disbursements: Use training to the ceipts Instruction: Regular 4,789,647 - 262,934 5,052,581 Special 1,315,388 - 225,935 1,541,323 Outer 33,828 - 29,178 63,006 Support services: Pupil 753,196 - 104,678 857,874 Other 33,828 - 29,178 63,006 Support services: Pupil 753,196 - 104,678 857,874 Instructional staff 346,535 <td>Intergovernmental</td> <td>2,255,338</td> <td>=</td> <td>956,428</td> <td></td> <td>3,211,766</td>	Intergovernmental	2,255,338	=	956,428		3,211,766
Extracuricular 4,610 - 112,765 117,375 Rental income 20,500 - 19,678 30,470 Contributions and donations 43,345 - 10,046 143,751 Miscellaneous 15,524 - 1,861 15,380 Total receipts 13,545,763 - 1,861,163 15,406,926 Disbursements Eurrents Universe test services Eurrents Instructions Regular 4,789,647 - 262,934 1,541,823 Special 1,315,388 - 225,935 1,541,823 Vocational 916 - 35,058 35,974 Other 33,828 - 29,178 63,006 Support services 8 29,178 63,006 Support services 8 29,178 63,006 Pupil 753,196 - 104,678 857,874 Instructional staff 346,535	Investment earnings	38,198	-	-		38,198
Rental income 20,500 - - 20,508 Charges for services 10,792 - 19,678 30,470 Contributions and donations 43,345 - 100,406 143,751 Miscellaneous 15,524 - 1,856 17,380 Total receipts 31,545,763 - 1,861,163 15,406,926 Brown and contractions Use the contractions Use the contractions Use the contractions Use the contractions Support services: 8 225,935 1,541,323 Support services: 8 225,935 1,541,323 Support services: 8 225,935 1,541,323 Support services: 8 10,4678 857,874 Instructional staff 346,535 - 104,678 857,874 Instructional staff 346,535 - 104,678 857,874 Business 9,263 - 10,4678 857,874 Fiscal<	Tuition and fees	362,032	-	-		362,032
Charges for services 10,792 - 19,678 30,470 Contributions and donations 43,345 - 100,406 143,751 Miscellaneous 15,524 - 1,861,163 15,406,926 Distribution: Current: Instruction: 8 262,934 5,052,581 Regular 4,789,647 - 262,934 5,052,581 Special 1,315,388 - 225,935 1,541,323 Vocational 916 - 35,058 35,974 Other 33,828 - 29,178 63,006 Support services: 7 104,678 857,874 Instructional staff 346,535 - 104,678 857,874 Instructional staff 346,535 - 68,676 415,211 Board of education 121,297 - - 12,1297 Administration 873,868 - 550 874,418 Dear to colspan="8">Pisson 561,309 - <td>Extracurricular</td> <td>4,610</td> <td>-</td> <td>112,765</td> <td></td> <td>117,375</td>	Extracurricular	4,610	-	112,765		117,375
Contributions and donations 43,45t Miscellaneous - 100,406 Miscellaneous 143,751 Miscellaneous Miscellaneous 15,524 Miscellaneous - 1,861,163 13,300 Miscellaneous Disbursements: Current: Unstruction: Regular 4,789,647 - 262,934 5,052,581 Special 1,315,388 - 225,935 15,41,323 Vocational 916 - 53,508 35,974 Other 33,828 - 29,178 63,000 Support services: Pupil 753,196 - 104,678 857,874 Instructional staff 346,535 - 68,676 415,211 Board of education 121,297 - 68,676 415,211 Administration 873,868 - 550 874,418 Fiscal 561,309 - 13,895 555,204 Business 9,263 - 6,67 29,623 Operations and maintenance 967,205 - 7,53 76,752 Pupil transportation 317,041 - 3,50 33,660 <td>Rental income</td> <td>20,500</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>20,500</td>	Rental income	20,500	-	-		20,500
Contributions and donations 43,345 - 100,406 143,751 Miscellaneous 15,524 - 1,856 17,380 Total receipts 13,545,763 - 1,856,163 13,380 Disbursements: Current: Instruction: Regular 4,789,647 - 262,934 5,052,881 Special 1,315,388 - 225,935 15,41,323 Other 33,828 - 29,178 63,006 Support services: Pupil 753,196 - 104,678 857,874 Instructional staff 346,535 - 68,676 415,211 Board of education 121,297 - - 62,674 Administration 873,868 - 550 874,418 Fiscal 561,309 - 13,895 555,204 Business 9,263 - - 967,205 Operations and maintenance 967,205 - <	Charges for services	10,792	-	19,678		30,470
Miscellaneous 15,524 - 1,856 17,380 Total receipts 13,545,763 - 1,861,163 15,406,926 Disbursements: Current: Instruction: Regular 4,789,647 - 262,934 5,052,581 5,952,581 5,952,581 5,962,681 1,541,323 Vocational 916 - 35,058 35,974 0,066 0,066 35,058 35,974 0,066 0,067 3,078 35,974 0,067 0,067 8,57,874 0,067 0,067 0,067 0,067 0,067 0,067 0,067 0,067 0,067 0,067 0,067 0,067 0,067 0,067 0,067 0,067 0,067 0,067 0,067 0,07	Contributions and donations		-	100,406		
Disbursements: Current: Instruction: Regular 4,789,647 - 262,934 5,052,581 5,962 1,315,388 - 225,935 1,541,323 Vocational 916 - 335,058 35,974 Other 33,828 - 29,178 63,006 Support services: Pupil 753,196 - 104,678 857,874 Instructional staff 346,535 - 68,676 415,211 Board of education 121,297 - 121,297 Administration 873,868 - 500 874,418 Fiscal 561,309 - 13,895 575,204 Business 9,263 - 967,205 Pupil transportation 317,041 - 2,364 319,405 Central 112,635 - 313,660 313,660 Other non-instructional services: Food service operations - 333,521 - 333,660 313,660 Other non-instructional services Food service operations - 3375,001 370,401 - 340,401 340,405 Central 112,635 - 313,660 313,660 Other non-instructional services 63,050 - 13,402 76,452 Extracurricular activities 373,521 - 375,000 375,000 Total other financing sources (uses) - 1,7593 7,593 7,593 Total disbursements 10,780,871 246,080 15,000 375,000 Transfers (out) - 1,553,000 1,533,000 Transfers (out) - 1,553,000 Total other financing sources (uses) 1,211,892 1,291,920 196,677 2,700,489 Euch balances at beginning of year 6,325,686 - 538,420 6,864,106 Euch balances at beginning of year 6,325,686 - 538,420 6,864,106 Euch balances at beginning of year 6,325,686 - 538,420 6,864,106 Euch balances at beginning of year 6,325,686 - 538,420 6,864,106 Euch balances at beginning of year 6,325,686 - 538,420 6,864,106 Euch balances at beginning of year 6,325,686 - 538,420 6,864,106 Euch balances at beginning of year 6,325,686 - 538,420 6,864,106 Euch balances at beginning of year 6,325,686 - 538,420 6,864,106 Euch balances at beginning of y	Miscellaneous		-	1,856		
Current:	Total receipts		-			
Regular 4,789,647 - 262,934 5,052,581 Special 1,315,388 - 225,935 1,541,323 Vocational 916 - 35,058 35,974 Other 33,828 - 29,178 63,006 Support services: - 29,178 63,006 Support services: - 104,678 857,874 Instructional staff 346,535 - 68,676 415,211 Board of education 121,297 - - 121,297 Administration 873,868 - 550 874,418 Fiscal 561,309 - 13,895 575,204 Business 9,263 - - 96,205 Pupil transportation 317,041 - 2,364 319,405 Central 112,635 - - 112,635 Operation of non-instructional services: - - 313,660 313,660 Other non-instructional services 63,050 -	Current:					
Special 1,315,388 - 225,935 1,541,323 Vocational 916 - 35,058 35,974 Other 33,828 - 29,178 63,006 Support services: - 29,178 63,006 Pupil 753,196 - 104,678 857,874 Instructional staff 346,535 - 68,676 415,211 Board of education 121,297 - - 121,297 Administration 873,868 - 550 874,418 Fiscal 561,309 - 13,895 575,204 Business 9,263 - - 9,263 Operations and maintenance 967,205 - - 967,205 Pupil transportation 317,041 - 2,364 319,405 Central 112,635 - - 112,635 Operation of non-instructional services 63,050 - 13,402 76,452 Extraccurricular activities 373,521		4 789 647	_	262 934		5 052 581
Vocational Other 916 33,828 35,058 29,178 35,074 63,006 Support services: 29,178 63,006 63,006 Support services: Pupil 753,196 - 104,678 857,874 Instructional staff 346,535 - 68,676 415,211 Board of education 121,297 121,297 - 121,297 Administration 873,868 - 550 874,418 Fiscal 561,309 - 13,895 575,204 Business 9,263 967,205 - 967,205 Pupil transportation 317,041 - 2,364 319,405 Central 112,635 2,364 319,405 Operation of non-instructional services: 313,660 313,660 Other non-instructional services 313,660 313,660 Other non-instructional services 63,050 - 134,02 76,452 Extracurricular activities 373,521 - 176,213 549,734 Facilities acquisition and construction 142,172 246,080 50,350 438,602	•		_			
Other 33,828 - 29,178 63,006 Support services: 85,1874 104,678 857,874 Instructional staff 346,535 - 68,676 415,211 Board of education 121,297 - - 121,297 Administration 873,868 - 550 874,418 Fiscal 561,309 - 13,895 575,204 Business 9,263 - - 9,263 Operations and maintenance 967,205 - - 967,205 Pupil transportation 317,041 - 2,364 319,405 Central 112,635 - - 112,635 Operation of non-instructional services: - 313,660 313,660 313,660 Other non-instructional services 63,050 - 13,402 76,452 Extracurricular activities 373,521 - 176,213 549,734 Facilities acquisition and construction 142,172 246,080 50,350 438,602	•		_			
Support services: Pupil 753,196 - 104,678 857,874 Instructional staff 346,535 - 68,676 415,211 Board of education 121,297 - - 121,297 Administration 873,868 - 550 874,418 Fiscal 561,309 - 13,895 575,204 Business 9,263 - - 9,263 Operations and maintenance 967,205 - - 967,205 Pupil transportation 317,041 - 2,364 319,405 Central 112,635 - - 112,635 Operation of non-instructional services: - - 313,660 313,660 Other non-instructional services 63,050 - 13,402 76,452 Extracturricular activities 373,521 - 176,213 549,734 Facilities acquisition and construction 142,172 246,080 50,350 438,602 Debt service: - -			_			
Pupil 753,196 - 104,678 857,874 Instructional staff 346,535 - 68,676 415,211 Board of education 121,297 - - 121,297 Administration 873,868 - 550 874,418 Fiscal 561,309 - 13,895 575,204 Business 9,263 - - 9,263 Operations and maintenance 967,205 - - 967,205 Pupil transportation 317,041 - 2,364 319,405 Central 112,635 - - 112,635 Operation of non-instructional services: - - 313,660 313,660 Other non-instructional services 63,050 - 13,402 76,452 Extracurricular activities 373,521 - 176,213 549,734 Facilities acquisition and construction 142,172 246,080 50,355 438,602 Debt service: Principal retirement - -		33,020		25,170		05,000
Instructional staff 346,535 - 68,676 415,211 Board of education 121,297 121,297 Administration 873,868 - 550 874,418 Fiscal 561,309 - 13,895 575,204 Business 9,263 - - 9,263 Operations and maintenance 967,205 - - 967,205 Pupil transportation 317,041 - 2,364 319,405 Central 112,635 - - 112,635 Operation of non-instructional services: Food service operations - - 313,660 Other non-instructional services 63,050 - 134,002 764,52 Extracurricular activities 373,521 - 176,213 549,734 Facilities acquisition and construction 142,172 246,080 50,350 438,602 Debt service: Principal retirement - - 375,000 375,000 Interest and fiscal charges - - 7,593 7,593 Total disbursements 10,780,871 246,080 16,79,486 12,706,437 Excess of receipts over (under) disbursements 2,764,892 (246,080 181,677 2,700,489 Other financing sources (uses) (1,553,000) - - (1,553,000) Transfers in - 1,538,000 15,000 1,553,000 Transfers (out) (1,553,000) 1,538,000 15,000 - - (1,553,000) Total other financing sources (uses) 1,211,892 1,291,920 196,677 2,700,489 Fund balances at beginning of year 6,325,686 - 538,420 6,864,106		753 196	_	104 678		857 874
Board of education 121,297 - - 121,297 Administration 873,868 - 550 874,418 Fiscal 561,309 - 13,895 575,204 Business 9,263 - - 9,263 Operations and maintenance 967,205 - - 967,205 Pupil transportation 317,041 - 2,364 319,405 Central 112,635 - - 112,635 Operation of non-instructional services: - - 313,660 313,660 Other non-instructional services 63,050 - 13,402 76,452 Extracurricular activities 373,521 - 176,213 549,734 Facilities acquisition and construction 142,172 246,080 50,350 438,602 Debt service: Principal retirement - - 375,000 375,000 Interest and fiscal charges - - 7,593 7,593 Total disbursements 2,764,892 <	=		_			
Administration 873,868 - 550 874,418 Fiscal 561,309 - 13,895 575,204 Business 9,263 - - 9,263 Operations and maintenance 967,205 - - 967,205 Pupil transportation 317,041 - 2,364 319,405 Central 112,635 - - 112,635 Operation of non-instructional services: - - 313,660 313,660 Other non-instructional services 63,050 - 13,402 76,452 Extracurricular activities 373,521 - 176,213 549,734 Facilities acquisition and construction 142,172 246,080 50,350 438,602 Debt service: Principal retirement - - 375,000 375,000 Interest and fiscal charges - - 7,593 7,593 Total disbursements 10,780,871 246,080 18,677 2,700,489 Other financing sources (uses):<			_	00,070		
Fiscal 561,309 - 13,895 575,204 Business 9,263 - - 9,263 Operations and maintenance 967,205 - - 967,205 Pupil transportation 317,041 - 2,364 319,405 Central 112,635 - - 112,635 Operation of non-instructional services: - - 313,660 313,660 Other non-instructional services 63,050 - 13,402 76,452 Extracurricular activities 373,521 - 176,213 549,734 Facilities acquisition and construction 142,172 246,080 50,350 438,602 Debt service: Principal retirement - - - 7,593 75,000 Interest and fiscal charges - - - 7,593 7,593 Total disbursements 2,764,892 (246,080) 181,677 2,700,489 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in - 1,538,000			-	550		
Business 9,263 - - 9,263 Operations and maintenance 967,205 - - 967,205 Pupil transportation 317,041 - 2,364 319,405 Central 112,635 - - 112,635 Operation of non-instructional services: - - 313,660 313,660 Other non-instructional services 63,050 - 13,402 76,452 Extracurricular activities 373,521 - 176,213 549,734 Facilities acquisition and construction 142,172 246,080 50,350 438,602 Debt service: - - - 375,000 375,000 Interest and fiscal charges - - - 7,593 7,593 Total disbursements 10,780,871 246,080 1,679,486 12,706,437 Excess of receipts over (under) disbursements 2,764,892 (246,080) 181,677 2,700,489 Other financing sources (uses) 1,553,000) - - - </td <td></td> <td></td> <td>=</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>			=			
Operations and maintenance 967,205 - - 967,205 Pupil transportation 317,041 - 2,364 319,405 Central 112,635 - - 112,635 Operation of non-instructional services: - - 313,660 313,660 Other non-instructional services 63,050 - 13,402 76,452 Extracurricular activities 373,521 - 176,213 549,734 Facilities acquisition and construction 142,172 246,080 50,350 438,602 Debt service: - - - 375,000 375,000 Interest and fiscal charges - - - 7,593 7,593 Total disbursements 10,780,871 246,080 1,679,486 12,706,437 Excess of receipts over (under) disbursements 2,764,892 (246,080) 181,677 2,700,489 Other financing sources (uses) Transfers (out) (1,553,000) - - - (1,553,000) -			-	13,693		
Pupil transportation 317,041 - 2,364 319,405 Central 112,635 - - 112,635 Operation of non-instructional services: - - 313,660 313,660 Food service operations - - 313,660 313,660 Other non-instructional services 63,050 - 13,402 76,452 Extracurricular activities 373,521 - 176,213 549,734 Facilities acquisition and construction 142,172 246,080 50,350 438,602 Debt service: Principal retirement - - 375,000 375,000 Interest and fiscal charges - - 7,593 7,593 7,593 Total disbursements 10,780,871 246,080 181,677 2,700,489 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in - 1,538,000 15,000 1,553,000 Total other financing sources (uses) (1,553,000) 1,538,000 15,000 - Net change in fund balances <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td>			-	-		
Central 112,635 - - 112,635 Operation of non-instructional services: Food service operations - - 313,660 313,660 Other non-instructional services 63,050 - 13,402 76,452 Extracurricular activities 373,521 - 176,213 549,734 Facilities acquisition and construction 142,172 246,080 50,350 438,602 Debt service: Principal retirement - - - 375,000 375,000 Interest and fiscal charges - - - 7,593 7,593 Total disbursements 10,780,871 246,080 1,679,486 12,706,437 Excess of receipts over (under) disbursements 2,764,892 (246,080) 181,677 2,700,489 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers (out) (1,553,000) - - (1,553,000) Total other financing sources (uses) (1,553,000) 1,538,000 15,000 - Net change in fund balances 1,211,892 1,291,9			-	2 264		
Operation of non-instructional services: - - 313,660 313,660 Other non-instructional services 63,050 - 13,402 76,452 Extracurricular activities 373,521 - 176,213 549,734 Facilities acquisition and construction 142,172 246,080 50,350 438,602 Debt service: - - - 375,000 375,000 Principal retirement - - - 7,593 7,593 Total disbursements 10,780,871 246,080 1,679,486 12,706,437 Excess of receipts over (under) disbursements 2,764,892 (246,080) 181,677 2,700,489 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in - 1,538,000 15,000 1,553,000 Total other financing sources (uses) (1,553,000) - - (1,553,000) Total other financing sources (uses) 1,211,892 1,291,920 196,677 2,700,489 Fund balances at beginning of year 6,325,686 - 538,420			-	2,304		
Food service operations Other non-instructional services 63,050 Other non-instructional services 63,050 Extracurricular activities 373,521 Facilities acquisition and construction 142,172 246,080 50,350 438,602 Debt service: Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges Total disbursements 10,780,871 Excess of receipts over (under) disbursements 2,764,892 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in Transfers (out) Total other financing sources (uses) Net change in fund balances 1,211,892 1,291,920 1313,660 313,600 315,000 37		112,033	-	-		112,033
Other non-instructional services 63,050 - 13,402 76,452 Extracurricular activities 373,521 - 176,213 549,734 Facilities acquisition and construction 142,172 246,080 50,350 438,602 Debt service: Principal retirement - - - 375,000 375,000 Interest and fiscal charges - - - 7,593 7,593 Total disbursements 10,780,871 246,080 1,679,486 12,706,437 Excess of receipts over (under) disbursements 2,764,892 (246,080) 181,677 2,700,489 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers (out) - 1,538,000 15,000 1,553,000 Total other financing sources (uses) (1,553,000) - - (1,553,000) Net change in fund balances 1,211,892 1,291,920 196,677 2,700,489 Fund balances at beginning of year 6,325,686 - 538,420 6,864,106				212 ((0		212 ((0
Extracurricular activities 373,521 - 176,213 549,734 Facilities acquisition and construction 142,172 246,080 50,350 438,602 Debt service: Principal retirement - - - 375,000 375,000 Interest and fiscal charges - - - 7,593 7,593 Total disbursements 10,780,871 246,080 1,679,486 12,706,437 Excess of receipts over (under) disbursements 2,764,892 (246,080) 181,677 2,700,489 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in - 1,538,000 15,000 1,553,000 Total other financing sources (uses) (1,553,000) - - (1,553,000) Total other financing sources (uses) (1,553,000) 1,538,000 15,000 - Net change in fund balances 1,211,892 1,291,920 196,677 2,700,489 Fund balances at beginning of year 6,325,686 - 538,420 6,864,106		-	-			
Facilities acquisition and construction 142,172 246,080 50,350 438,602 Debt service: Principal retirement - - - 375,000 375,000 Interest and fiscal charges - - - 7,593 7,593 Total disbursements 10,780,871 246,080 1,679,486 12,706,437 Excess of receipts over (under) disbursements 2,764,892 (246,080) 181,677 2,700,489 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in - 1,538,000 15,000 1,553,000 Total other financing sources (uses) (1,553,000) - - (1,553,000) - Net change in fund balances 1,211,892 1,291,920 196,677 2,700,489 Fund balances at beginning of year 6,325,686 - 538,420 6,864,106			-			
Debt service: Principal retirement -			-			
Interest and fiscal charges - - 7,593 7,593 Total disbursements 10,780,871 246,080 1,679,486 12,706,437 Excess of receipts over (under) disbursements 2,764,892 (246,080) 181,677 2,700,489 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in - 1,538,000 15,000 1,553,000 Transfers (out) (1,553,000) - - (1,553,000) Total other financing sources (uses) (1,553,000) 1,538,000 15,000 - Net change in fund balances 1,211,892 1,291,920 196,677 2,700,489 Fund balances at beginning of year 6,325,686 - 538,420 6,864,106		142,172	246,080	50,350		438,602
Interest and fiscal charges - - 7,593 7,593 Total disbursements 10,780,871 246,080 1,679,486 12,706,437 Excess of receipts over (under) disbursements 2,764,892 (246,080) 181,677 2,700,489 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in - 1,538,000 15,000 1,553,000 Transfers (out) (1,553,000) - - (1,553,000) Total other financing sources (uses) (1,553,000) 1,538,000 15,000 - Net change in fund balances 1,211,892 1,291,920 196,677 2,700,489 Fund balances at beginning of year 6,325,686 - 538,420 6,864,106	Principal retirement	-	-	375,000		375,000
Total disbursements 10,780,871 246,080 1,679,486 12,706,437 Excess of receipts over (under) disbursements 2,764,892 (246,080) 181,677 2,700,489 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in - 1,538,000 15,000 1,553,000 Transfers (out) (1,553,000) - - (1,553,000) Total other financing sources (uses) (1,553,000) 1,538,000 15,000 - Net change in fund balances 1,211,892 1,291,920 196,677 2,700,489 Fund balances at beginning of year 6,325,686 - 538,420 6,864,106		_	_			
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in - 1,538,000 15,000 1,553,000 Transfers (out) (1,553,000) - - (1,553,000) Total other financing sources (uses) (1,553,000) 1,538,000 15,000 - Net change in fund balances 1,211,892 1,291,920 196,677 2,700,489 Fund balances at beginning of year 6,325,686 - 538,420 6,864,106	e	 10,780,871	246,080			
Transfers in - 1,538,000 15,000 1,553,000 Transfers (out) (1,553,000) - - - (1,553,000) Total other financing sources (uses) (1,553,000) 1,538,000 15,000 - Net change in fund balances 1,211,892 1,291,920 196,677 2,700,489 Fund balances at beginning of year 6,325,686 - 538,420 6,864,106	Excess of receipts over (under) disbursements	 2,764,892	 (246,080)	 181,677		2,700,489
Transfers (out) (1,553,000) - - (1,553,000) Total other financing sources (uses) (1,553,000) 1,538,000 15,000 - Net change in fund balances 1,211,892 1,291,920 196,677 2,700,489 Fund balances at beginning of year 6,325,686 - 538,420 6,864,106	Other financing sources (uses):					
Total other financing sources (uses) (1,553,000) 1,538,000 15,000 - Net change in fund balances 1,211,892 1,291,920 196,677 2,700,489 Fund balances at beginning of year 6,325,686 - 538,420 6,864,106		-	1,538,000	15,000		1,553,000
Net change in fund balances 1,211,892 1,291,920 196,677 2,700,489 Fund balances at beginning of year 6,325,686 - 538,420 6,864,106		 (1,553,000)	=_			(1,553,000)
Fund balances at beginning of year 6,325,686 - 538,420 6,864,106	Total other financing sources (uses)	 (1,553,000)	1,538,000	 15,000		
	Net change in fund balances	1,211,892	1,291,920	196,677		2,700,489
	Fund balances at beginning of year	6,325.686	-	538.420		6,864,106
		\$	\$ 1,291,920	\$ 	\$	

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts				Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	(Original		Final	Actual	(Negative)
Receipts:					 	
Property taxes	\$	9,649,249	\$	10,795,422	\$ 10,795,424	\$ 2
Intergovernmental		1,850,161		2,255,340	2,255,338	(2)
Investment earnings		32,375		31,822	38,198	6,376
Tuition and fees		798,495		318,610	318,880	270
Charges for services		4,598		10,792	10,792	=
Contributions and donations		220		2,710	2,710	=
Miscellaneous		18,921		13,505	 15,524	2,019
Total receipts		12,354,019		13,428,201	 13,436,866	8,665
Disbursements:						
Current:						
Instruction:						
Regular		5,481,558		5,392,791	4,861,943	530,848
Special		1,566,795		1,529,881	1,317,837	212,044
Vocational		50,127		48,370	916	47,454
Other		17,059		17,302	33,828	(16,526)
Support services:						
Pupil		615,828		595,128	741,858	(146,730)
Instructional staff		390,947		376,116	346,727	29,389
Board of education		95,314		101,581	128,468	(26,887)
Administration		859,609		834,756	878,003	(43,247)
Fiscal		532,832		502,121	569,289	(67,168)
Business		11,723		10,675	9,263	1,412
Operations and maintenance		1,054,605		1,161,820	1,050,697	111,123
Pupil transportation Central		297,191		297,365	329,083	(31,718)
		143,822		137,220	116,889	20,331
Operation of non-instructional services: Other non-instructional services		4,266		3,918	376	3,542
Extracurricular activities		346,359		322,160	373,521	(51,361)
Facilities acquisition and construction				,	,	(271,298)
Total disbursements		68,911		100,830	 372,128 11,130,826	
		11,330,940		11,432,034	 11,130,820	301,208
Excess of receipts over						
disbursements		817,073		1,996,167	 2,306,040	309,873
Other financing sources (uses):						
Refund of prior year's disbursements		126,139		8,063	8,063	-
Transfers (out)				(1,604,912)	 (1,553,000)	51,912
Total other financing sources (uses)		126,139	-	(1,596,849)	 (1,544,937)	51,912
Net change in fund balance		943,212		399,318	761,103	361,785
Unencumbered fund balance at beginning of year		5,924,743		5,924,743	5,924,743	-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		371,275		371,275	 371,275	
Unencumbered fund balance at end of year	\$	7,239,230	\$	6,695,336	\$ 7,057,121	\$ 361,785

		te-Purpose Trust			
	Scholarship		Custodial		
Assets: Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	4,165	\$	25,614	
Net position: Restricted for individuals, organizations and other governments	\$	4,165	\$	25,614	

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - CASH BASIS FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Private-Purpose Trust				
	Scholarship	C	Custodial		
Additions: Contributions and donations Total additions	\$ 4,164 4,164	\$	23,631 23,631		
Deductions: Scholarships awarded Total deductions	3,839 3,839		6,850 6,850		
Change in net position	325		16,781		
Net position at beginning of year	3,840		8,833		
Net position at end of year	\$ 4,165	\$	25,614		

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

The Danbury Local School District (the "District") is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio.

The District is organized in accordance with Sections 2 and 3, Article VI of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. Under such laws, there is no authority for a school district to have a charter or adopt local laws. The legislative power of the District is vested in the Board of Education, consisting of five members elected at large for staggered four-year terms.

The District currently operates 1 elementary school, 1 middle school and 1 comprehensive high school. With its 49 certified, 37 classified staff members, and 7 administrative employees, the District provides services to approximately 511 students in grades K through 12 and various community groups.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

As discussed in Note 2.B., these financial statements are presented on the cash basis of accounting. The cash basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). GAAP includes all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. In cases where these cash basis statements contain items that are the same as, or similar to, those items in financial statements prepared in conformity with GAAP, similar informative disclosures are provided.

A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units" and GASB Statement No. 61, "The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34". The reporting entity is composed of the primary government and component units. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's Governing Board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or (3) the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Certain organizations are also included as component units if the nature and significance of the relationship between the primary government and the organization is such that exclusion by the primary government would render the primary government's financial statements incomplete or misleading. Based upon the application of these criteria, the District has no component units.

The following organizations are described due to their relationship to the District:

JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

EHOVE Career Center (the "Center")

The Center is a separate body politic and corporate, established by the Ohio Revised Code (ORC) to provide vocational and special education needs of the students. The Center accepts non-tuition students from the District as a member school; however, it is considered a separate political subdivision and is not considered to be part of the District.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Northern Ohio Educational Computer Association (NOECA)

NOECA is a joint venture among 38 school districts. The joint venture was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to the administrative and instructional functions among member districts. Each of the governments of these schools supports NOECA based upon a per pupil charge, dependent upon the software package utilized. In the event of dissolution of the organization, all current members will share in net obligations or asset liquidations in a ratio proportionate to their last 12 months financial contributions. NOECA is governed by a Board of Directors consisting of superintendents of the member school districts. The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to its representation on the Board. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, the District does not have an equity interest in NOECA as the residual interest in the net resources of a joint venture upon dissolution is not equivalent to an equity interest. During fiscal year 2022, the District paid \$29,108 for services to NOECA. Financial information can be obtained from Matthew Bauer, Treasurer for the North Point Educational Service Center, who serves as fiscal agent, at 4918 Milan Road, Sandusky, Ohio 44870.

PUBLIC ENTITY RISK POOLS

Ohio Association of School Business Officials

The District participates in a group rating plan (GRP) for workers' compensation as established under Section 4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of CompManagement, Inc. provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP. Each year, the District pays an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program. See Note 10.B. for more information on this group rating plan.

The San-Ott Insurance Consortium (the "Consortium)

The District participates in a shared risk pool, with participants from Sandusky and Ottawa counties. The Consortium is governed by an assembly which consists of one representative from each participant (usually the superintendent or designee). The assembly exercises control over the operation of the consortium. All consortium revenues are generated from charges for services. Financial information can be obtained by writing to San-Ott Consortium, Paul Lockwood, Treasurer, 301 Sunset Avenue, Gibsonburg, Ohio 43431.

Ohio School Plan

The District participates in the Ohio School Plan (the "Plan"), an insurance purchasing pool established under Section 2744.081 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Plan is an unincorporated nonprofit association of its members which enables the participants to provide for a formalized joint insurance purchasing program for maintaining adequate insurance protection and provides risk management programs and other administrative services. The Plan's business and affairs are conducted by a fifteen member board consisting of superintendents, treasurers, the president of Harcum-Hyre Insurance Agency, Inc., and a member of the Hylant Group, Inc. The Hylant Group, Inc. is the Plan's administrator and is responsible for processing claims. Harcum-Hyre Insurance Agency, Inc. serves as the sales and marketing representative which established agreements between the Plan and its members. Financial information can be obtained from Harcum-Hyre Insurance Agency Inc., 246 East Sycamore Street, Columbus, Ohio 43205.

B. Basis of Accounting

Although required by Ohio Administrative Code § 117-2-03(B) to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with GAAP, the District chooses to prepare its financial statements and notes on the cash basis of accounting. The cash basis of accounting is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than GAAP. Receipts are recognized when received in cash rather than when earned, and disbursements are recognized when paid rather than when a liability is incurred.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Budgetary presentations report budgetary cash disbursements when a commitment is made (i.e. when an encumbrance is approved). The difference between disbursements reported in the fund and entity wide statements and disbursements reported in the budgetary statements are due to current year encumbrances being added to disbursements reported on the budgetary statements. These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, in accordance with the basis of accounting described in the preceding paragraph.

C. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. The following is the District's major governmental funds:

<u>General fund</u> - The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Building fund</u> - A fund used to account for the receipts and expenditures related to all special bond funds in the district. All proceeds from the sale of bonds, notes, or certificates of indebtedness, except premium and accrued interest, must be paid into this fund. Expenditures recorded here represent the costs of acquiring capital facilities including real property.

Other governmental funds of the District are used to account for (a) specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to an expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects and (b) financial resources that are restricted to disbursements for capital outlays including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Proprietary funds are used to account for the District's ongoing activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector. The District has no proprietary funds.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net cash position and changes in net cash position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and custodial funds. Trust funds are distinguished from custodial funds by the existence of a trust agreement or equivalent arrangements that have certain characteristics. The District's only trust fund is a private-purpose trust which accounts for scholarship programs for students. Custodial funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in a trust fund. The District's custodial funds accounts for additional scholarship programs for students in which the District does not have administrative involvement.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

D. Basis of Presentation and Measurement Focus

<u>Government-Wide Financial Statements</u> - The statement of net position - cash basis and the statement of activities - cash basis display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

The government-wide statement of activities compares disbursements with program receipts for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. These disbursements are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Receipts which are not classified as program receipts are presented as general receipts of the District. The comparison of direct disbursements with program receipts identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing on the cash basis or draws from the general receipts of the District.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column, and all nonmajor funds are aggregated into one column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

E. Budgets

The District is required by State statute to adopt an annual appropriated cash basis budget for all funds (except custodial funds). The specific timetable for fiscal year 2022 is as follows:

- 1. Prior to January 15, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing (or increased) tax rates.
- 2. By no later than January 20, the Board-adopted budget is filed with the Ottawa County Budget Commission for tax rate determination.
- 3. Prior to April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the Budget Commission and receives the Commission's certificate of estimated resources which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to July 1, the District must revise its budget so that total contemplated disbursements from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as a basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the certificate of estimated resources is amended to include any unencumbered balances from the preceding year as reported by the District Treasurer. The certificate of estimated resources may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in receipts are identified by the District Treasurer. The budget figures, as shown in the accompanying budgetary statement, reflect the amounts set forth in the original and final amended certificate of estimated resources issued for fiscal year 2022.
- 4. By July 1, the annual appropriation resolution is legally enacted by the Board of Education at the fund level of disbursements, which is the legal level of budgetary control. Although the legal level of budgetary control was established at the fund level of disbursements, the District has elected to present the general fund budgetary statement comparison at the fund and function level. Although State statute permits a temporary appropriation to be effective until no later than October 1 of each year. Resolution appropriations by fund must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of disbursements may not exceed the appropriation totals.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

- 5. Any revisions that alter the total of any fund appropriation must be approved by the Board of Education.
- 6. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds consistent with the general obligation bond indenture and other statutory provisions. All funds completed the year within the amount of their legally authorized cash basis appropriation.
- 7. Appropriation amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Board of Education through the year by supplemental appropriations, which either reallocated or increased the original, appropriated amounts. All supplemental appropriations were legally enacted by the Board prior to June 30, 2022. The budget figures, as shown in the accompanying budgetary statement, reflect the original and final appropriation amounts including all amendments and modifications.
- 8. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and need not be reappropriated. Disbursements may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level.

F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and investments" on the basic financial statements.

During fiscal year 2022, the District's investments consisted of STAR Ohio, negotiable certificates of deposits, US Government money market accounts, US Treasury note, and federal securities.

During fiscal year 2022, the District invested in STAR Ohio. STAR Ohio (the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio), is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 79, "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants." The District measures its investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides an NAV per share that approximates fair value.

For fiscal year 2022, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, notice must be given 24 hours in advance of all deposits and withdrawals exceeding \$100 million. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$250 million, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$250 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

Under existing Ohio statutes all investment earnings are assigned to the general fund unless statutorily required to be credited to a specific fund or the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2022 amounted to \$38,198, which includes \$6,047 assigned from other funds.

For presentation on the basic financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

An analysis of the District's investment account at fiscal year-end is provided in Note 4.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

G. Inventory and Prepaid Items

The District reports disbursements for inventory and prepaid items when paid. These items are not reflected as assets in the accompanying financial statements.

H. Capital Assets

Acquisition of property, plant, and equipment purchased are recorded as disbursements when paid. These items are not reflected as assets on the accompanying financial statements under the cash basis of accounting. Depreciation has not been reported for any capital assets.

I. Unpaid Vacation and Sick Leave

Employees are entitled to cash payments for unused vacation and sick leave in certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment. Unpaid vacation and sick leave are not reflected as liabilities under the cash basis of accounting.

J. Long-Term Obligations

Long-term obligations are not recognized as a liability in the financial statements under the cash basis of accounting. These statements report proceeds of debt when cash is received, and debt service disbursements for debt principal payments.

K. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during fiscal year 2022.

L. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

<u>Restricted</u> - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints are placed on the use of resources that are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the District Board of Education (the highest level of decision-making authority). Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>Assigned</u> - Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted nor committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by policies of the District Board of Education, which includes giving the Treasurer the authority to constrain monies for intended purposes.

<u>Unassigned</u> - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is only used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The District applies restricted resources first when disbursements are incurred for purposes for which restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) fund balance is available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when disbursements are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

M. Net Cash Position

Net cash position is reported as restricted when enabling legislation or creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments have imposed limitations on its use. The amount restricted for other purposes includes amounts restricted for trusts, special services, and food service.

The District first applies restricted resources when a disbursement is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net cash position is available.

N. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as receipts in the seller funds and as disbursements in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund loans are reported as advances-in and advances-out. Advances are not reflected as assets and liabilities in the accompanying financial statements. Interfund transfers and advances are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular disbursements to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the basic financial statements. Interfund activity between governmental funds is eliminated on the statement of net position - cash basis and the statement of activities - cash basis.

O. Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability and net OPEB asset, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

P. Leases

The District is the lessor in various leases related to land, buildings, vehicles, and equipment under noncancelable leases. Lease receivables are not reflected under the District's cash basis of accounting. Lease receipts are recognized when they are received.

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2022, the District has implemented GASB Statement No. 87, "Leases", GASB Implementation Guide 2019-3, "Leases", GASB Statement No. 89, "Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period", GASB Implementation Guide 2020-1, "Implementation Guide Update - 2020", GASB Statement No. 92, "Omnibus 2020", GASB Statement No. 93, "Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates", GASB Statement No. 97, "Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a supersession of GASB Statement No. 32" and certain paragraphs of GASB Statement No. 99, "Omnibus 2022".

GASB Statement No. 87 and GASB Implementation Guide 2019-3 enhance the relevance and consistency of information of the government's leasing activities. It establishes requirements for lease accounting based on the principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. A lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right to use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. Since the District does not prepare financial statements using generally accepted accounting principles, the implementation of GASB Statement No. 87 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District. The notes to the basic financial statements include the disclosure requirements under the Statement.

GASB Statement No. 89 establishes accounting requirements for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. GASB Statement No. 89 requires that interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period be recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred for financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. GASB Statement No. 89 also reiterates that financial statements prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus, interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period should be recognized as an expenditure on a basis consistent with governmental fund accounting principles. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 89 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Implementation Guide 2020-1 provides clarification on issues related to previously established GASB guidance. The implementation of GASB Implementation Guide 2020-1 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 92 enhances comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 92 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 93 establishes accounting and financial reporting requirements related to the replacement of Interbank Offered Rates (IBORs) in hedging derivative instruments and leases. It also identifies appropriate benchmark interest rates for hedging derivative instruments. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 93 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 97 is to (1) increase consistency and comparability related to the reporting of fiduciary component units in circumstances in which a potential component unit does not have a governing board and the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically would perform; (2) mitigate costs associated with the reporting of certain defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans, and employee benefit plans other than pension plans or OPEB plans (other employee benefit plans) as fiduciary component units in fiduciary fund financial statements; and (3) enhance the relevance, consistency, and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting for Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 deferred compensation plans (Section 457 plans) that meet the definition of a pension plan and for benefits provided through those plans. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 97 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 99 to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 99 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

B. Compliance

Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(B) requires the District to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. However, the District prepared its basic financial statements on a cash basis, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The accompanying basic financial statements omit assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, net position/fund balances, and disclosures that, while material, cannot be determined at this time. The District can be fined and various other administrative remedies may be taken against the District.

C. Deficit Fund Balances

Fund balances at June 30, 2022 included the following individual fund deficits:

Nonmajor funds	<u>D</u>	eficit
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER)	\$	30,767
Title I, Disadvantaged Children		989

The deficit cash balances resulted from a lag between disbursements made by the District and reimbursements from grantors and is allowable under Ohio Revised Code Section 3315.20.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five-year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, and Government National Mortgage Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the fair value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio, and with certain limitations including a requirement for maturity within ten years from the date of settlement, bonds and other obligations of political subdivisions of the State of Ohio, if training requirements have been met;
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in items (1) and (2) items and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool, the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio); and,
- 8. Certain banker's acceptances (for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days) and commercial paper notes (for a period not to exceed two hundred seventy days) in an amount not to exceed 40 percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time if training requirements have been met.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. Except as noted above, an investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

A. Cash on Hand

At fiscal year end, the District had \$856 in undeposited cash on hand which is included on the financial statements of the District as part of "equity in pooled cash and investments".

B. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2022, the carrying amount of all District deposits was \$995,936 and the bank balance of all District deposits was \$1,130,228 Of the bank balance, \$250,493 was covered by the FDIC and \$879,735 was potentially exposed to custodial credit risk discussed below because those deposits were uninsured and could be uncollateralized. Although all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with Federal requirements could potentially subject the District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the District will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits either be insured or protected by (1) eligible securities pledged to the District and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose fair value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured, or (2) participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total fair value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of State. For fiscal year 2022, certain District financial institutions did not participate in the OPCS while certain other financial institutions did participate in the OPCS. Those financial institutions that did participate were approved for a reduced collateral rate of 60 percent through the OPCS.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

C. Investments

As of June 30, 2022, the District had the following investments and maturities:

		Investment Maturities					
Investment type	Carrying <u>Value</u>	6 months or less	7 to 12 months	13 to 18 months	Greater than 24 months		
STAR Ohio	\$ 5,257,908	\$ 5,257,908	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
U.S. Government Money Market	272,502	272,502	-	-	-		
Negotiable CD's	1,646,000	454,000	-	476,000	716,000		
U.S. Treasury Note	991,172	497,656	247,256	246,260	-		
FHLB	430,000				430,000		
Total	\$ 8,597,582	\$ 6,482,066	\$ 247,256	\$ 722,260	\$ 1,146,000		

Interest Rate Risk: Interest rate risk arises as potential purchasers of debt securities will not agree to pay face value for those securities if interest rates subsequently increase. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to State law, the District's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

Credit Risk: STAR Ohio and the U.S. Government money market carry a rating of AAAm by Standard & Poor's. Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The U.S Treasury notes carry a rating of Aaa by Moody's. The federal securities carry a rating of Aaa and AA+ by Moody's and Standard & Poor's, respectively. The negotiable CD's are fully covered by the FDIC. The District's investment policy does not specifically address credit risk beyond requiring the District to only invest in securities authorized by State Statute.

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the District at June 30, 2022:

Investment type	Carrying Value	% of Total
STAR Ohio	\$ 5,257,908	61.16
U.S. Government Money Market	272,502	3.17
Negotiable CD's	1,646,000	19.14
U.S. Treasury Note	991,172	11.53
FHLB	430,000	5.00
Total	\$ 8,597,582	100.00

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

D. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Position

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the note above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net position as of June 30, 2022:

Cash and investments per note		
Carrying amount of deposits	\$	995,936
Investments		8,597,582
Cash on hand		856
Total	\$	9,594,374
Cash and cash equivalents per statement of net	positi	on
Governmental activities	\$	9,564,595
Private-purpose trust fund		4,165
Custodial funds		25,614
Total	\$	9,594,374

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund transfers for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, consisted of the following, as reported on the fund financial statements:

<u>Transfers from general fund to:</u>	Amount
Building fund	\$ 1,538,000
Nonmajor governmental funds	15,000
Total	\$ 1,553,000

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations. The transfers were made from the general fund for future building projects and to support food service operations.

Interfund transfers between governmental funds are eliminated for reporting in the statement of activities.

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property and public utility property. Real property tax receipts received in calendar year 2022 represent the collection of calendar year 2021 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2022 were levied after April 1, 2021, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2021, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised fair value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established. Public utility property tax receipts received in calendar year 2022 represent the collection of calendar year 2021 taxes. Public utility real and personal property taxes received in calendar year 2022 became a lien on December 31, 2020, were levied after April 1, 2021, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The District receives property taxes from Ottawa County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2022, are available to finance fiscal year 2022 operations. The amount of second-half real property taxes available for advance at fiscal year-end can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2022 taxes were collected are:

	2021 Seco Half Collec		2022 First Half Collections		
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent	
Agricultural/residential and other real estate Public utility personal	\$ 498,304,210 12,505,630	97.55 2.45	\$ 584,618,170 13,135,170	97.80 2.20	
Total	\$ 510,809,840	100.00	\$ 597,753,340	100.00	
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$44.90		\$44.90		

NOTE 7 - DEBT

A. During fiscal year 2022, the following activity occurred in governmental activities long-term debt:

	Οι	Balance utstanding 06/30/21	Additi	ons	R	eductions	Οι	Balance utstanding 06/30/22]	mounts Due in ne Year
Governmental activities: Energy conservation improvement bonds Tax anticipation notes	\$	290,931 305,000	\$	- -	\$	(70,000) (305,000)	\$	220,931	\$	70,000
Long-term debt, governmental activities	\$	595,931	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	(375,000)	\$	220,931	\$	70,000

Tax Anticipation Notes - See Note 8

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 7 - DEBT - (Continued)

<u>Energy Conservation Improvement Bonds</u> - On February 10, 2010, the District issued Energy Conservation Improvement Bonds (Qualified School Construction Bonds), Series 2010 to provide long-term financing of installations, modifications and remodeling of school buildings to conserve energy. The \$1,005,931 issuance is made up of current interest bonds and bear interest at a rate of 1.65 percent annually. Principal and interest is paid from the Permanent Improvement Fund (a nonmajor governmental fund).

Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The final stated maturity of the current interest bonds is December 1, 2024.

Principal and interest requirements to retire the long-term obligations outstanding at June 30, 2022, are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	I	Principal	I	nterest	_	Total
2023	\$	70,000	\$	3,068	\$	73,068
2024 2025		75,000 75,931		1,871 626		76,871 76,557
Total	\$	220,931	\$	5,565	\$	226,496

B. Legal Debt Margin

The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the District shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the District. The code further provides that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The code additionally states that unvoted indebtedness related to energy conservation debt shall not exceed 9/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The assessed valuation used in determining the District's legal debt margin has been modified by House Bill 530 which became effective March 30, 2006. In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in the District's legal debt margin calculation excluded tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property, and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations. The effects of these debt limitations at June 30, 2022, are a voted debt margin of \$53,797,801 and an unvoted debt margin of \$597,753.

NOTE 8 - TAX ANTICIPATION NOTES

On August 28, 2014, the District issued \$2,000,000 in tax anticipation notes to fund capital expenditures. The notes will be repaid with future tax receipts. The notes had a 3.5% interest rate and matured on December 31, 2021. Principal and interest was paid from the Permanent Improvement Fund (a nonmajor governmental fund).

NOTE 9 - COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave components are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees earn 10 to 20 days of vacation per year, depending upon length of service. Accumulated, unused vacation time is paid to classified employees and administrators upon termination of employment. Teachers do not earn vacation time.

Teachers, administrators, and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave may accumulate without limit for all personnel. Upon retirement, payment is made for one-fourth of the accrued, but unused, sick leave balance to a maximum of 58 days for classified employees and 66 days for certified/teacher staff.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 10 - RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Comprehensive

The District maintains comprehensive insurance coverage with private carriers for liability, real property, building contents, boiler/machinery and vehicles. Vehicle policies include liability coverage for bodily injury and property damage. In addition, real property contents are 100% coinsured. The following is a description of the District's insurance coverage:

	Limits of		
Coverage	<u>Insurer</u>	<u>Coverage</u>	<u>Deductible</u>
General liability:	Ohio School Plan		
Each occurrence		\$ 3,000,000	\$ 0
Aggregate		5,000,000	0
Errors and Omissions			
Each occurrence		3,000,000	2,500
Aggregate		5,000,000	
Employee Practices			
Each occurrence		3,000,000	2,500
Aggregate		5,000,000	
Property	Ohio School Plan	38,245,645	1,000
Fleet:			
Comprehensive	Ohio School Plan	3,000,000	1,000 buses/250 other
Collision		3,000,000	1,000 buses/500 other
Cyber Coverage:	Ohio School Plan		
Aggregate		1,000,000	100,000
Policy Aggregate		50,000,000	
Violence:	Ohio School Pan	1,000,000	
Aggregate		1,000,000	

Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three years and there has not been a significant reduction in coverage from the prior year.

B. OASBO Group Workers' Compensation Rating Plan

For fiscal year 2022, the District participated in the Ohio Association of School Business Officials Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (the "Plan"), an insurance purchasing pool (Note 2.A.). The intent of the Plan is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the Plan. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the Plan. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the Plan rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of the Plan.

Participation in the Plan is limited to school districts that can meet the Plan's selection criteria. Comp Management provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the Plan.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 10 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)

C. Group Health Insurance

The District has joined together with other school districts in the area to form the San-Ott School Employees Welfare Benefit Association (the "Association"), whose purpose is to provide health coverage and benefits to and for the eligible employees of Association members and their dependents. The District pays premiums to the Association based upon the benefits structure selected. The Association Trust Agreement provides that the Association will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure through commercial companies for specific claims in excess of \$200,000 and aggregate claims in excess of 120% of expected claims.

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

The Statewide retirement systems provide both pension benefits and other postemployment benefits (OPEB).

Net Pension Liability/Net OPEB Liability/Asset

Pensions and OPEB are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions/OPEB are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period.

The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) represent the District's proportionate share of each pension/OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting these estimates annually.

The Ohio Revised Code limits the District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions/OPEB are financed; however, the District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension and OPEB.

GASB 68/75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires funding to come from these employers. All pension contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes pension costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits. In addition, health care plan enrollees pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. State statute requires the retirement systems to amortize unfunded pension liabilities within 30 years. If the pension amortization period exceeds 30 years, each retirement system's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension/OPEB liability (asset). Resulting adjustments to the net pension/OPEB liability (asset) would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients.

The net pension/net OPEB liability (asset) are not reported on the face of the financial statements, but rather are disclosed in the notes because of the use of the cash basis framework.

The remainder of this note includes the required pension disclosures. See Note 12 for the required OPEB disclosures.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description - The District's non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to Retire on or before August 1, 2017 *	Eligible to Retire after August 1, 2017
Full benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially reduced benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit; or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

^{*} Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017 will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service; 2.2% for the first thirty years of service and 2.5% for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

An individual whose benefit effective date is before April 1, 2018, is eligible for a cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) on the first anniversary date of the benefit. Beginning April 1, 2018, new benefit recipients must wait until the fourth anniversary of their benefit for COLA eligibility. The COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit. A three-year COLA suspension was in effect for all benefit recipients for the years 2018, 2019, and 2020. Upon resumption of the COLA, it will be indexed to the percentage increase in the CPI-W, not to exceed 2.5% and with a floor of 0%. In 2021, the Board of Trustees approved a 2.5% cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) for eligible retirees and beneficiaries in 2022.

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10.00% of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute 14.00% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10.00% for plan members and 14.00% for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 14.00%. For fiscal year 2022, the Retirement Board did not allocate any employer contribution to the Health Care Fund.

The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$240,591 for fiscal year 2022.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description - Licensed teachers participate in STRS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS website at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans: a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined (CO) Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307.

The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation is 2.20% of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. In April 2017, the Retirement Board made the decision to reduce COLA granted on or after July 1, 2017, to 0% to preserve the fiscal integrity of the retirement system. Benefit recipients' base benefit and past cost-of living increases are not affected by this change. Eligibility changes will be phased in until August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five year of service credit and age 65, or 35 years of service credit and at least age 60.

Eligibility changes for DB Plan members who retire with actuarially reduced benefits will be phased in until August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility will be five years of qualifying service credit and age 60, or 30 years of service credit at any age.

The DC Plan allows members to place all of their member contributions and 9.53% of the 14% employer contributions into an investment account. Investment allocation decisions are determined by the member. The remaining 4.47% of the 14% employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, 12% of the 14% member rate goes to the DC Plan and the remaining 2% is applied to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity after termination of employment at age 50 and after termination of employment.

New members who choose the DC Plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. New members must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit that apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Funding Policy - Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. The fiscal year 2022 employer and employee contribution rate of 14% was equal to the statutory maximum rates. For fiscal year 2022, the full employer contribution was allocated to pension.

The District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$707,697 for fiscal year 2022.

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities.

Following is information related to the proportionate share:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Proportion of the net pension			
liability prior measurement date	0.04544700%	0.03624865%	
Proportion of the net pension			
liability current measurement date	0.04432600%	0.03738794%	
Change in proportionate share	- <u>0.00112100</u> %	0.00113929%	
Proportionate share of the net			
pension liability	\$ 1,635,501	\$ 4,780,384	\$ 6,415,885

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2021, are presented below:

Wage inflation:

Current measurement date 2.40% Prior measurement date 3.00%

Future salary increases, including inflation:

Current measurement date 3.25% to 13.58% Prior measurement date 3.50% to 18.20%

COLA or ad hoc COLA:

Current measurement date 2.00% Prior measurement date 2.50%

Investment rate of return:

Current measurement date 7.00% net of system expenses
Prior measurement date 7.50% net of system expenses

Discount rate:

Current measurement date 7.00% Prior measurement date 7.50%

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal (level percent of payroll)

In 2021, Mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weight Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20% for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35% for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3% for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8% for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

In the prior measurement date, the mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five-year age set-back for both males and females. Mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries were based upon the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates. Mortality among disabled members was based upon the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended June 30, 2020.

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Cash	2.00 %	(0.33) %
US Equity	24.75	5.72
Non-US Equity Developed	13.50	6.55
Non-US Equity Emerging	6.75	8.54
Fixed Income/Global Bonds	19.00	1.14
Private Equity	11.00	10.03
Real Estate/Real Assets	16.00	5.41
Multi-Asset Strategy	4.00	3.47
Private Debt/Private Credit	3.00	5.28
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate - The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by state statute. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.00%). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%), or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate.

				Current		
	19	1% Decrease Discount Rate		1% Increase		
District's proportionate share						
of the net pension liability	\$	2,721,072	\$	1,635,501	\$	719,992

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2021, actuarial valuation are presented below:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020
Inflation	2.50%	2.50%
Projected salary increases	12.50% at age 20 to	12.50% at age 20 to
	2.50% at age 65	2.50% at age 65
Investment rate of return	7.00%, net of investment expenses, including inflation	7.45%, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Discount rate of return	7.00%	7.45%
Payroll increases	3.00%	3.00%
Cost-of-living adjustments (COLA)	0.00%	0.00%

For the June 30, 2021, actuarial valuation, post-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Tables with 50% of rates through age 69, 70% of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90% of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100% of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Preretirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Tables with 90% of rates for males and 100% of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

STRS Ohio's investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return *
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00 %	

^{*10-}Year geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00% as of June 30, 2021. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with the rates described previously. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Based on those assumptions, STRS Ohio's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2021. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00% was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2021.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following table represents the net pension liability as of June 30, 2021, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.00%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current assumption:

	Current						
	19	1% Decrease Discount Rate		1% Increase			
District's proportionate share							
of the net pension liability	\$	8,951,870	\$	4,780,384	\$	1,255,487	

Changes Between Measurement Date and Reporting Date - STRS approved a one-time 3.00% cost-of-living adjustment to eligible benefit recipients effective July 1, 2022. It is unknown what the effect this change will have on the net pension liability.

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS

Net OPEB Liability/Asset

See Note 11 for a description of the net OPEB liability (asset).

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Health Care Plan Description - The District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for noncertificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 75 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. SERS' Health Care Plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of most types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage. In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree, are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of 65 and therefore enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board established the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14% of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, SERS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2022, this amount was \$25,000. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2% of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5% of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2022, the District's surcharge obligation was \$29,409.

The surcharge added to the allocated portion of the 14% employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$29,409 for fiscal year 2022.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description - The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy - Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Nearly all health care plan enrollees, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14% of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.

Net OPEB Liability/Asset

The net OPEB liability/asset was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total OPEB liability/asset used to calculate the net OPEB liability/asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability/asset was based on the District's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities.

Following is information related to the proportionate share:

		SERS		STRS	Total
Proportion of the net OPEB					
liability/asset prior measurement date	0.0	04719010%	0	.03624865%	
Proportion of the net OPEB					
liability/asset current measurement date	0.0	04571480%	0	.03738794%	
Change in proportionate share	-0.	00147530%	0	.00113929%	
Proportionate share of the net			_		
OPEB liability	\$	865,190	\$	=	\$ 865,190
Proportionate share of the net					
OPEB asset	\$	-	\$	(657,093)	\$ (657,093)

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

The total OPEB liability is determined by SERS' actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2021 are presented below:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Wage inflation:	
Current measurement date	2.40%
Prior measurement date	3.00%

Future salary increases, including inflation:

Current measurement date 3.25% to 13.58% Prior measurement date 3.50% to 18.20%

Investment rate of return:

Current measurement date 7.00% net of investment expense, including inflation

Prior measurement date
7.50% net of investment expense, including inflation

Municipal bond index rate:

Current measurement date 1.92% Prior measurement date 2.45%

Single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense,

including price inflation:

Current measurement date 2.27% Prior measurement date 2.63%

Medical trend assumption:

Current measurement date

 Medicare
 5.125 to 4.400%

 Pre-Medicare
 6.750 to 4.400%

Prior measurement date

 Medicare
 5.25 to 4.75%

 Pre-Medicare
 7.00 to 4.75%

In 2021, Mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weight Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20% for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35% for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3% for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8% for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

In the prior measurement date, the mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five-year age set-back for both males and females. Mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries were based upon the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates. Mortality among disabled members was based upon the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended June 30, 2020.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the actuarial five-year experience study. The most recent study covers fiscal years 2015 through 2020 and was adopted by the Board in 2021. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return, 7.00%, by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as used in the June 30, 2020 five-year experience study, are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	2.00 %	(0.33) %
US Equity	24.75	5.72
Non-US Equity Developed	13.50	6.55
Non-US Equity Emerging	6.75	8.54
Fixed Income/Global Bonds	19.00	1.14
Private Equity	11.00	10.03
Real Estate/Real Assets	16.00	5.41
Multi-Asset Strategy	4.00	3.47
Private Debt/Private Credit	3.00	5.28
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2021 was 2.27%. The discount rate used to measure total OPEB liability prior to June 30, 2021 was 2.63%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and the System at the contribution rate of 1.50% of projected covered payroll each year, which includes a 1.50% payroll surcharge and no contributions from the basic benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current System members by SERS actuaries. The Municipal Bond Index Rate is used in the determination of the SEIR for both the June 30, 2020 and the June 30, 2021 total OPEB liability. The Municipal Bond Index rate is the single rate that will generate a present value of benefit payments equal to the sum of the present value determined by the long-term expected rate of return, and the present value determined by discounting those benefits after the date of depletion. The Municipal Bond Index Rate is 1.92% at June 30, 2021 and 2.45% at June 30, 2020.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates - The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate. The following table presents the net OPEB liability, what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (1.27%) and higher (3.27%) than the current discount rate (2.27%). Also shown is what the net OPEB liability would be based on health care cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (5.75% decreasing to 3.40%) and higher (7.75% decreasing to 5.40%) than the current rate (6.75% decreasing to 4.40%).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

				Current		
	19	% Decrease	Dis	scount Rate	1	% Increase
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	1,072,075	\$	865,190	\$	699,915
	19	% Decrease		Current rend Rate	1	% Increase
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	666,125	\$	865,190	\$	1,131,079

Actuarial Assumptions – STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2021, actuarial valuation, compared with June 30, 2020, are presented below:

	June 30, 2021		June 30, 2020		
Inflation	2.50%		2.50%		
Projected salary increases	12.50% at age 20	to	12.50% at age 20 to		
	2.50% at age 65		2.50% at age 65		
Investment rate of return	7.00%, net of inv	estment	7.45%, net of inv	estment	
	expenses, includ	ding inflation	expenses, include	ding inflation	
Payroll increases	3.00%		3.00%		
Cost-of-living adjustments (COLA)	0.00%		0.00%		
Discount rate of return	7.00%		7.45%		
Blended discount rate of return	N/A		N/A		
Health care cost trends					
	Initial	Ultimate	Initial	Ultimate	
Medical					
Pre-Medicare	5.00%	4.00%	5.00%	4.00%	
Medicare	-16.18%	4.00%	-6.69%	4.00%	
Prescription Drug					
Pre-Medicare	6.50%	4.00%	6.50%	4.00%	
Medicare	29.98%	4.00%	11.87%	4.00%	

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

For healthy retirees the mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Tables with 50% of rates through age 69, 70% of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90% of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100% of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Tables with 90% of rates for males and 100% of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Assumption Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date - The discount rate was adjusted to 7.00% from 7.45% for the June 30, 2021 valuation.

Benefit Term Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date - The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2022 from 2.055% to 2.100%. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2022. The Medicare Part D subsidy was updated to reflect it is expected to be negative in CY2022. The Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return *
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00 %	

^{*10-}Year geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB asset was 7.00% as of June 30, 2021. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed STRS Ohio continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2021. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on health care fund investments of 7.00% was applied to all periods of projected health care costs to determine the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2021.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount and Health Care Cost Trend Rate - The following table represents the net OPEB asset as of June 30, 2021, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.00%, as well as what the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current assumption. Also shown is the net OPEB asset as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

				Current		
	1%	Decrease	Dis	scount Rate	19	% Increase
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	\$	554,485	\$	657,093	\$	742,807
	1%	Decrease		Current Frend Rate	19	% Increase
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	\$	739,333	\$	657,093	\$	555,395

NOTE 13 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While the District is reporting financial position, results of operations and changes in fund balances on the cash basis, the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The statement of receipts, disbursements and changes in fund balance - budget and actual (budgetary basis) presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget.

The difference between the budget basis and the cash basis is outstanding year end encumbrances are treated as disbursements (budget) rather than a reservation of fund balance (cash).

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the cash basis statement to the budgetary basis statement:

Net Change in Fund Balance

	General fund
Budget basis	\$ 761,103
Funds budgeted elsewhere**	32,514
Adjustment for encumbrances	418,275
Cash basis	\$ 1,211,892

^{**} Certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate special revenue funds are considered part of the general fund on a GAAP basis. This includes the public school support fund and the recreation fund.

NOTE 14 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal, state and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies.

Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the District. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on the financial position of the District.

B. Litigation

The District is involved in no material litigation as either plaintiff or defendant.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 15 - SET-ASIDES

The District is required by State law to set-aside certain general fund receipt amounts, as defined by statute, into various set-asides. These set-asides are calculated and presented on a cash basis. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the set-aside activity was as follows:

	C	Capital
	<u>Impr</u>	ovements
Set-aside balance June 30, 2021	\$	-
Current year set-aside requirement		88,203
Current year offsets		(88,203)
Total	\$	
Balance carried forward to fiscal year 2023	\$	
Set-aside balance June 30, 2022	\$	

During fiscal year 2010, the District issued \$1,005,931 in capital related qualified school construction bonds. These proceeds may be used to reduce the capital improvements set-aside amount to below zero for future years. The amount presented for prior year offset from bond proceeds is limited to an amount needed to reduce the capital improvements set-aside balance to \$0. The District is responsible for tracking the amount of bond proceeds that may be used as an offset in future periods, which was \$1,005,931 at June 30, 2022.

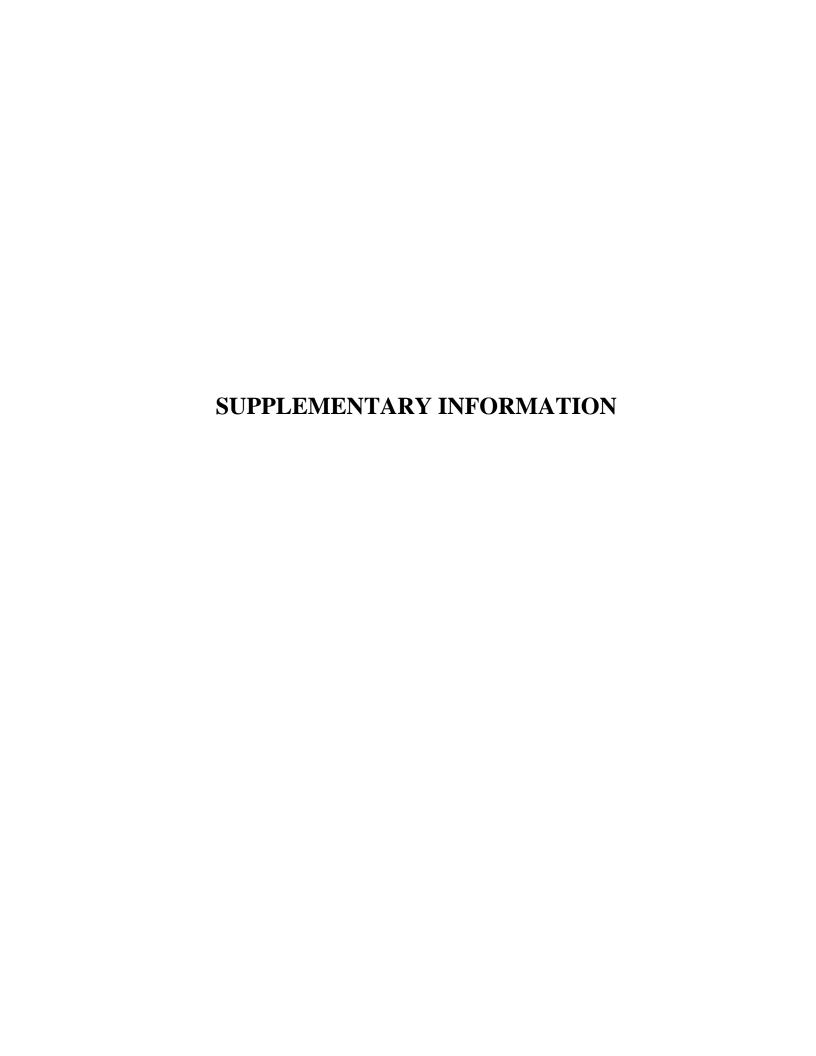
NOTE 16 - COMMITMENTS

The District utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end may be reported as part of restricted, committed, or assigned classifications of fund balance. At year end, the District's commitments for encumbrances in the governmental funds were as follows:

		Year-End	
<u>Fund</u>	Enc	umbrances	
General	\$	418,591	
Building fund		1,291,920	
Other nonmajor governmental		387,977	
Total	\$	2,098,488	

NOTE 17 - COVID-19

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March of 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Ohio's state of emergency ended in June, 2021 while the national state of emergency continues. During fiscal year 2022, the District received COVID-19 funding. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the District. The impact on the District's future operating costs, revenues, and additional recovery from emergency funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated.



DANBURY LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT OTTAWA COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

FEDERAL GRANTOR/ SUB GRANTOR/ PROGRAM TITLE	ASSISTANCE LISTING NUMBER	PASS-THROUGH ENTITY IDENTIFYING NUMBER/ ADDITIONAL AWARD IDENTIFICATION	CASH FEDERAL DISBURSEMENTS
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE PASSED THROUGH THE OHIO DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION	_		
Child Nutrition Cluster:			
School Breakfast Program Total School Breakfast Program	10.553	2022	\$ 45,881 45,881
National School Lunch Program COVID-19 - National School Lunch Program National School Lunch Program - Food Donation Total National School Lunch Program	10.555 10.555 10.555	2022 COVID-19, 2022 2022	197,321 22,501 23,859 243,681
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			289,562
COVID-19 - State Pandemic Electronic Benefit Transfer (P-EBT) Administrative Costs Grant	10.649	COVID-19, 2022	614
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			290,176
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION PASSED THROUGH THE OHIO DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION	_		
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010A	84.010A, 2022	82,065
Special Education Cluster (IDEA): Special Education_Grants to States (IDEA, Part B) COVID-19 - Special Education_Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)- ARP Special Education_Grants to States (IDEA, Part B) Total Special Education_Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)	84.027A 84.027X 84.027A	84.027A, 2022 COVID-19, 84.027X, 2022 84.027A, 2021	107,046 23,870 12,912 143,828
Special Education_Preschool Grants (IDEA, Preschool) COVID-19 - Special Education_Preschool Grants (IDEA, Preschool)- ARP Special Education_Preschool Grants (IDEA, Preschool) Total Special Education_Preschool Grants (IDEA, Preschool)	84.173A 84.173X 84.173A	84.173A, 2022 COVID-19, 84.173X, 2022 84.173A, 2021	2,244 1,767 302 4,313
Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)			148,141
Supporting Effetive Instruction State Grants	84.367A	84.367A, 2022	14,034
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424A	84.424A, 2022	10,000
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER II) Fund COVID-19 - American Rescue Plan - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ARP ESSER) Fund Total Education Stabilization Fund	84.425D 84.425U	COVID-19, 84.425D, 2022 COVID-19, 84.425U, 2022	346,992 93,501 440,493
Total U.S. Department of Education			694,733
Total Federal Financial Assistance			\$ 984,909

THE ACCOMPANYING NOTES ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THIS SCHEDULE

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS 2 CFR 200.510(b)(6)
FOR THE FISCALYEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION & SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the Danbury Local School District under programs of the federal government for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 and is prepared in accordance with the cash basis of accounting. The information on this Schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Danbury Local School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position of the Danbury Local School District. Such expenditures are recognized following cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be limited to as to reimbursement.

NOTE 2 – DE MINIMIS COST RATE

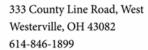
CFR Section 200.414 of the Uniform Guidance allows a non-federal entity that has never received a negotiated indirect cost rate to charge a de minimis rate of 10% of modified total direct costs to indirect costs. The Danbury Local School District has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE 3 - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

The Danbury Local School District commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the Danbury Local School District assumes it expends federal monies first.

NOTE 4 – FOOD DONATION PROGRAM

The Danbury Local School District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the entitlement value. The Danbury Local School District allocated donated food commodities to the respective program that benefitted from the use of those donated food commodities.





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Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Danbury Local School District Ottawa County 9451 E. Harbor Road Lakeside-Marblehead, OH 43440

To the Members of the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the cash-basis financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Danbury Local School District, Ottawa County, Ohio, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Danbury Local School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 2, 2022, wherein we noted the Danbury Local School District uses a special purpose framework other than generally accepted accounting principles. Furthermore, as discussed in Note 17 to the financial statements, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Danbury Local School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Danbury Local School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Danbury Local School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements, on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Danbury Local School District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Danbury Local School District Ottawa County

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*Page 2

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Danbury Local School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings as item 2022-001.

Danbury Local School District's Response to Finding

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the Danbury Local School District's response to the finding identified in our audit and described in the accompanying corrective action plan. The Danbury Local School District's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Danbury Local School District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Danbury Local School District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Julian & Grube, Inc.

Julian & Sube, Elne.





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Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Danbury Local School District Ottawa County 9451 E. Harbor Road Lakeside-Marblehead, OH 43440

To the Members of the Board of Education:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Danbury Local School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Danbury Local School District's major federal programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The Danbury Local School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings.

In our opinion, the Danbury Local School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance" section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Danbury Local School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Danbury Local School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the Danbury Local School District's federal programs.

Danbury Local School District Ottawa County Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance Page 2

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the Danbury Local School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the Danbury Local School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the Danbury Local School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of the Danbury Local School District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Danbury Local School District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance" section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Danbury Local School District Ottawa County Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance Page 3

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Julian & Grube, Inc.

Julian & Sube, Elne.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS 2 CFR § 200.515 JUNE 30, 2022

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS			
(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified	
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No	
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No	
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	Yes	
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?	No	
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No	
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified	
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR §200.516(a)?	No	
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Program (listed):	COVID 19 – Education Stabilization Fund (ALN 84.425)	
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A/B Programs	Type A: >\$750,000 Type B: all others	
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee under 2 CFR § 200.520?	No	

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS 2 CFR § 200.515 JUNE 30, 2022

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS		
Finding Number	2022-001	

Noncompliance - Annual Financial Report

Ohio Rev. Code Section 117.38 provides each public office shall file a financial report for each fiscal year. The Auditor of State may prescribe forms by rule or may issue guidelines, or both, for such reports. If the Auditor of State has not prescribed a rule regarding the form for the report, the public office shall submit its report on the form utilized by the public office. Ohio Admin. Code Section 117-2-03 further clarifies the requirements of Ohio Rev. Code Section 117.38. Ohio Admin. Code Section 117-2-03(B) requires the District to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).

The District prepares its financial statements in accordance with the cash basis of accounting in a report format similar to the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 34, *Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments*. This presentation differs from (GAAP). There would be variances on the financial statements between this accounting practice and GAAP that, while presumably material, cannot be reasonably determined at this time.

Failure to prepare proper GAAP financial statements may result in the District being fined or other administrative remedies.

The District should prepare its financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None



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DANBURY LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT OTTAWA COUNTY, OHIO

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS 2 CFR § 200.511(b) JUNE 30, 2022

Finding Number	Year Initially Occurred	Finding Summary	Status	Additional Information
2021-001	2011	Noncompliance: Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(B) required the District to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with GAAP; however, the District prepared its annual financial report with the cash basis of accounting in a report format similar to the requirements in GASB Statement No. 34.	Not Corrected	Finding repeated as 2022-001 as the District did not prepare its annual report in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.



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CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN 2 CFR § 200.511(c) JUNE 30, 2022

Finding Number	Planned Corrective Action	Anticipated Completion Date	Responsible Contact Person
2022-001	The District is aware of the requirements to file financial statements in accordance with GAAP; however, after performing a cost-benefit analysis, the District has elected to prepare its financial statements utilizing the cash basis of accounting.	TBD	Shane Baumgardner, Treasurer





AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 1/10/2023

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370