EHOVE CAREER CENTER

ERIE COUNTY, OHIO

SINGLE AUDIT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022





88 East Broad Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 IPAReport@ohioauditor.gov (800) 282-0370

Board of Education EHOVE Career Center 316 West Mason Road Milan, Ohio 44846

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the EHOVE Career Center, Erie County, prepared by Julian & Grube, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The EHOVE Career Center is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

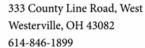
February 17, 2023



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Independent Auditor's Report

EHOVE Career Center Erie County 316 West Mason Road Milan, Ohio 44846

To the Members of the Board of Education:

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the EHOVE Career Center, Erie County, Ohio, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the EHOVE Career Center's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the EHOVE Career Center, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, thereof and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and the Adult Education Fund for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are required to be independent of the EHOVE Career Center and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

As described in Note 20 to the financial statements, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the EHOVE Career Center. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

EHOVE Career Center Erie County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the EHOVE Career Center's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the EHOVE Career Center's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the EHOVE Career Center's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

EHOVE Career Center Erie County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, and schedules of net pension and other postemployment benefit assets and liabilities and pension and other postemployment benefit contributions, listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the EHOVE Career Center's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 23, 2022 on our consideration of the EHOVE Career Center's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the EHOVE Career Center's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the EHOVE Career Center's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Julian & Grube, Inc. December 23, 2022

Julian & Sube, Elne.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

The management's discussion and analysis of the EHOVE Career Center (the "Career Center") financial performance provides an overall review of the Career Center's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the Career Center's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the Career Center's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2022 are as follows:

- The Career Center's net position of governmental activities increased \$6,031,863 which represents a 455.73% increase from 2021's net position.
- General revenues accounted for \$17,535,805 in revenue or 64.11% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, and operating grants and contributions accounted for \$9,817,967 in revenue or 35.89% of total revenues of \$27,353,772.
- The Career Center had \$21,321,909 in expenses related to governmental activities; \$9,817,967 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services and sales, grants or contributions. General revenues supporting governmental activities (primarily taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements) of \$17,535,805 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- The Career Center has three major governmental funds; the general fund, the adult education fund, and the permanent improvement fund. The general fund had \$17,681,743 in revenues and \$17,788,298 in expenditures and other financing uses. During fiscal year 2022, the general fund's fund balance decreased \$107,380 from \$8,195,617 to \$8,088,237.
- The adult education fund had \$4,170,450 in revenues and \$3,525,641 in expenditures. During fiscal year 2022, the adult education fund's fund balance increased \$644,809 from a balance of \$613,390 to a balance of \$1,258,199.
- The permanent improvement fund had \$2,440,579 in revenues and other financing sources and \$2,479,550 in expenditures. During fiscal year 2022, the permanent improvement fund's fund balance decreased \$38,971 from a balance of \$3,675,955 to a balance of \$3,636,984.

Using the Basic Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the Career Center as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The statement of net position and the statement of activities provide information about the activities of the whole Career Center, presenting both an aggregate view of the Career Center's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the Career Center's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the Career Center, the general fund, the adult education fund, and the permanent improvement fund are by far the most significant funds, and are the only governmental funds reported as major funds.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Reporting the Career Center as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the Career Center to provide programs and activities, the view of the Career Center as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did the Career Center do financially during fiscal year 2022?" The statement of net position and the statement of activities answer this question. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, revenues and expenses using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the Career Center's net position and changes in net position. The change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the Career Center as a whole, the financial position of the Career Center has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the Career Center's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the statement of net position and the statement of activities, the governmental activities include the Career Center's programs and services, including instruction, support services, and food service operations.

Reporting the Career Center's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the Career Center's major funds. The Career Center uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the Career Center's most significant funds. The Career Center's major governmental funds are the general fund, the adult education fund, and the permanent improvement fund.

Governmental Funds

Most of the Career Center's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Career Center's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the basic financial statements.

Reporting the Career Center's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The Career Center acts in a trustee capacity as an agent for individuals and/or other governments or organizations. These activities are reported in custodial funds. All of the Career Center's fiduciary activities are reported in separate fiduciary fund statements. These activities are excluded from the Career Center's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the Career Center to finance its operations.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the Career Center's net pension liability and net OPEB liability/asset.

The Career Center as a Whole

The statement of net position provides the perspective of the Career Center as a whole. The table below provides a summary of the Career Center's net position for June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021.

	Net Position				
	Governmental Activities 2022	Governmental Activities 2021			
Assets					
Current and other assets	\$ 26,630,137	\$ 25,740,705			
Net OPEB asset	1,284,486	1,086,616			
Capital assets, net	25,705,957	24,704,728			
Total assets	53,620,580	51,532,049			
Deferred Outflows of Resources					
Unamortized deferred charges on debt refunding	74,164	79,956			
Pensions	4,676,402	3,424,082			
OPEB	1,063,122	1,028,252			
Total deferred outflows of resources	5,813,688	4,532,290			
<u>Liabilities</u>					
Current liabilities	2,045,785	1,204,651			
Long-term liabilities:					
Due within one year	1,387,409	1,278,803			
Due in more than one year:					
Net pension liability	11,439,789	20,770,972			
Net OPEB liability	1,780,021	1,797,513			
Other amounts	16,319,104	17,880,936			
Total liabilities	32,972,108	42,932,875			
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Property taxes levied for next fiscal year	8,976,316	10,097,783			
Pensions	9,587,912	1,297,419			
OPEB	3,189,631	3,059,824			
Total deferred inflows of resources	21,753,859	14,455,026			
Net Position					
Net investment in capital assets	9,167,324	6,822,340			
Restricted	6,190,550	5,578,209			
Unrestricted (deficit)	(10,649,573)	(13,724,111)			
Total net position (deficit)	\$ 4,708,301	\$ (1,323,562)			

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

The net pension liability is reported pursuant to Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an Amendment of GASB Statement 27." The net other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liability/asset is reported pursuant to GASB Statement 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions." For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the Career Center's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and OPEB, the net pension liability, and the net OPEB liability to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB and the net OPEB asset.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board standards are national and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Prior accounting for pensions (GASB 27) and postemployment benefits (GASB 45) focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension and OPEB costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's *net pension liability* or *net OBEP liability*. GASB 68 and GASB 75 take an earnings approach to pension and OPEB accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension/OPEB plans and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

GASB 68 and GASB 75 require the net pension liability/asset and the net OPEB liability/asset to equal the Career Center's proportionate share of each plan's collective:

- 1. Present value of estimated future pension/OPEB benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service.
- 2. Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits.

GASB notes that pension and OPEB obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" – that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension and other postemployment benefits. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the Career Center is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of these liabilities. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The Ohio revised Code permits but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer's promise is limited not by contract but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the retirement system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension/OPEB plan as against the public employer. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. The retirement system is responsible for the administration of the pension and OPEB plans.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability or the net OPEB liability/asset. As explained above, changes in benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of these liabilities but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability/asset are satisfied, these liabilities are separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

In accordance with GASB 68 and GASB 75, the Career Center's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense and an annual OPEB expense for their proportionate share of each plan's *change* in net pension liability and net OPEB liability/asset, respectively, not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

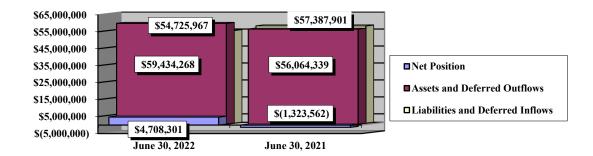
Current and other assets increased primarily due to an increase in equity in pooled cash and investments due to current year operations. At fiscal year-end, capital assets represented 47.94% of total assets. Capital assets include land, construction in progress, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, and vehicles. The Career Center's net investment in capital assets at June 30, 2022 was \$9,167,324. These capital assets are used to provide services to the students and are not available for future spending. Although the Career Center's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities. The Career Center had no bonded debt outstanding at June 30, 2022; however, the Career Center did have school improvement notes as well as certificates of participation outstanding at June 30, 2022 that were used to acquire capital assets.

Current liabilities increased due to an increase in accrued wages and benefits. Long-term liabilities decreased due to a decrease in the net pension liability which is outside the control of the Career Center and the Career Center paying down its debt obligations.

Over time, net position can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2022, the Career Center's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceed liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$4,708,301. A portion of the Career Center's net position, \$6,190,550, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining amount of the Career Center's net position was a deficit balance of \$10,649,573.

The graph below illustrates the Career Center's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position at June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021.

Governmental Activities



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

The table below shows the change in net position for fiscal years 2022 and 2021.

Change in Net Position

	Governmental Activities 2022	Governmental Activities 2021			
Revenues					
Program revenues:					
Charges for services and sales	\$ 3,582,519	\$ 3,400,368			
Operating grants and contributions	6,235,448	5,328,813			
General revenues:					
Taxes	12,900,199	12,043,550			
Grants and entitlements	4,697,909	4,039,565			
Investment earnings	72,811	28,702			
(Decrease) in fair value on investments	(210,462)	-			
Miscellaneous	75,348	48,754			
Total revenues	27,353,772	24,889,752			
<u>Expenses</u>					
Program expenses:					
Instruction:					
Regular	1,158,009	1,467,651			
Special	891,578	904,128			
Vocational	5,925,310	6,916,496			
Adult/continuing	3,894,485	3,528,356			
Support services:					
Pupil	1,323,934	1,428,725			
Instructional staff	990,436	1,061,642			
Board of education	161,972	140,176			
Administration	2,392,515	2,479,080			
Fiscal	691,323	717,738			
Business	5,843	46,895			
Operations and maintenance	2,165,415	2,500,218			
Pupil transportation	35,712	36,825			
Central	477,551	469,405			
Operation of non-instructional services:					
Food service operations	516,165	431,474			
Other non-instructional services	102,099	121,957			
Extracurricular activities	164,910	82,232			
Interest and fiscal charges	424,652	457,018			
Total expenses	21,321,909	22,790,016			
Change in net position	6,031,863	2,099,736			
Net position (deficit) at beginning of year	(1,323,562)	(3,423,298)			
Net position (deficit) at end of year	\$ 4,708,301	\$ (1,323,562)			

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

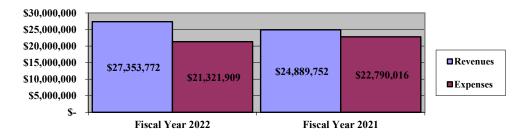
Governmental Activities

Net position of the Career Center's governmental activities has increased by \$6,031,863 or 455,73% from fiscal year 2021's net position. Total governmental expenses of \$21,321,909 were offset by program revenues of \$9,817,967 and general revenues of \$17,535,805. Program revenues supported 46.05% of the total governmental expenses. The primary sources of revenue for governmental activities are derived from taxes, and unrestricted grants and entitlements. These two revenue sources represent 64.34% of total governmental revenue. Total revenues increased 9.90%. Taxes increased as the Career Center received a full year of collections from the NEXUS pipeline. Investment earnings decreased due to decreased interest rates on investments of the Career Center. Operating grants and contributions revenue increased due to the Career Center receiving the more grant money from the State of Ohio for vocational education. Grants and entitlements increased due to the Career Center receiving increased foundation funding from the State of Ohio. All other revenues remained comparable to the prior year.

Overall, expenses of the governmental activities decreased \$1,468,107 or 6.44%. The Career Center's pension and OPEB expense decreased \$2,466,467 from \$1,791,406 in fiscal year 21 to (\$675,061). This decrease in the pension and OPEB expense is due to changes in assumptions by STRS and SERS.

The graph below presents the Career Center's governmental activities revenues and expenses for fiscal years 2022 and 2021.

Governmental Activities - Revenues and Expenses



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

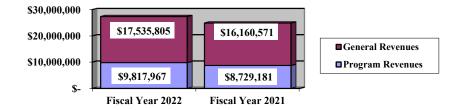
The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The table below shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services for fiscal years 2022 and 2021. It identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue, unrestricted grants and entitlements, and other general revenues.

Governmental Activities

	Total Cost of Services 2022		1	Net Cost of Services 2022	T	otal Cost of Services 2021	Net Cost of Services 2021		
Program expenses									
Instruction:									
Regular	\$	1,158,009	\$	1,158,009	\$	1,467,651	\$	1,467,651	
Special		891,578		891,578		904,128		904,128	
Vocational		5,925,310		3,395,870		6,916,496		4,124,481	
Adult/continuing		3,894,485		(1,125,207)		3,528,356		(115,731)	
Support services:									
Pupil		1,323,934		624,997		1,428,725		651,626	
Instructional staff		990,436		988,636		1,061,642		1,059,842	
Board of education		161,972		161,972		140,176		124,195	
Administration		2,392,515		1,631,396		2,479,080		1,919,256	
Fiscal		691,323		691,323		717,738		717,738	
Business		5,843		5,843		46,895		46,895	
Operations and maintenance		2,165,415		2,095,645		2,500,218		2,406,922	
Pupil transportation		35,712		35,712		36,825		36,825	
Central		477,551		477,551		469,405		450,599	
Operation of non-instructional services:									
Food service operations		516,165		(87,016)		431,474		89,309	
Other non-instructional services		102,099		82,404		121,957		(206,801)	
Extracurricular activities		164,910		62,742		82,232		(24,342)	
Interest and fiscal charges		424,652		412,487		457,018		408,242	
Total expenses	\$	21,321,909	\$	11,503,942	\$	22,790,016	\$	14,060,835	

The dependence upon taxes and other general revenues for governmental activities is apparent, as 54.75% of all governmental activities are supported through taxes and other general revenues. The Career Center's taxpayers and unrestricted grants and entitlements, as a whole, are the primary support for the Career Center's students. The graph below presents the Career Center's governmental activities revenue for fiscal years 2022 and 2021.

Governmental Activities - General and Program Revenues



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

The Career Center's Funds

At June 30, 2022, the Career Center's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$13,138,860, which is more than last year's total balance of \$12,792,693. The table below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance as of June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021.

	Fund Balance June 30, 2022	Fund Balance June 30, 2021	Increase/ (Decrease)		
General	\$ 8,088,237	\$ 8,195,617	\$ (107,380)		
Adult education	1,258,199	613,390	644,809		
Permanent improvement	3,636,984	3,675,955	(38,971)		
Nonmajor governmental	155,440	307,731	(152,291)		
Total	\$ 13,138,860	\$ 12,792,693	\$ 346,167		

An analysis of the general fund revenues and expenditures is provided below.

General Fund

The Career Center's general fund balance decreased \$107,380 from \$8,195,617 to \$8,088,237. The tables that follow assist in illustrating the fiscal year 2022 revenues and expenditures of the general fund.

	2022	2021	Percentage
	Amount	Amount	Change
Revenues			
Property taxes	\$ 10,255,314	\$ 9,541,258	7.48 %
Tuition and fees	159,272	617,935	(74.23) %
Earnings on investments	(136,612)	29,363	(565.25) %
Extracurricular	17,515	13,959	25.47 %
Other	155,020	105,984	46.27 %
Intergovernmental	7,231,234	6,307,429	14.65 %
Total	<u>\$ 17,681,743</u>	\$ 16,615,928	6.41 %
	2022	2021	Percentage
	Amount	Amount	Change
Expenditures			
Instruction	\$ 8,636,003	\$ 7,286,885	18.51 %
Support services	7,559,801	6,911,200	9.38 %
Operation of non-instructional services	102,797	121,953	(15.71) %
Extracurricular	60	-	100.00 %
Facilities acquisition and construction	312,896	284,822	9.86 %
Debt service	636,741	599,480	6.22 %
Total	\$ 17,248,298	\$ 15,204,340	13.44 %

Total revenues of the general fund increased \$1,065,815 or 6.41%. Property taxes increased due to increased collections. Tuition and fees decreased due to decreased open enrollment. Earnings on investment decreased due to decreased interest rates. Other revenues increased due to the Career Center receiving more refunds and rebates during the fiscal year. Intergovernmental receipts increased due to the Career Center receiving more money from the State of Ohio in the form of foundation payments. All other revenue classifications were comparable to the prior year or insignificant in amount.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Total expenditures of the general fund increased 13.44%. Instruction expenditures increased due mainly to an increase in vocational expenditures. Support services increased due mainly to increased administration and operations and maintenance expenditures. Facilities acquisition and construction increased as the Career Center had more repairs. Debt service expenditures increased due to the scheduled principal payments on the Career Center's debt increasing more than the interest decreased. All other expenditures remained comparable to the prior fiscal year or were an insignificant amount.

Adult Education Fund

The adult education fund had \$4,170,450 in revenues and \$3,525,641 in expenditures. During fiscal year 2022, the adult education fund's fund balance increased \$644,809 from a balance of \$613,390 to a balance of \$1,258,199.

Permanent Improvement Fund

The permanent improvement fund had \$2,440,579 in revenues and other financing sources and \$2,479,550 in expenditures. During fiscal year 2022, the permanent improvement fund's fund balance decreased \$38,971 from a balance of \$3,675,955 to a balance of \$3,636,984.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The Career Center's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

For the general fund, original budgeted revenues and other financing sources of \$17,117,000 were equal to final budgeted revenues and other financing sources. Actual revenues and other financing sources for fiscal year 2022 were \$17,174,860. This represents an increase of \$57,860 over the final budgeted amounts.

General fund original appropriations (appropriated expenditures plus other financing uses) of \$18,295,689 were equal to final budgeted appropriations and other financing uses of \$18,295,689. The actual budget basis expenditures and other financing uses for fiscal year 2022 totaled \$17,621,234, which was \$674,455 less than the final budgeted amounts. The Career Center had actual expenditures under final appropriations primarily in the areas of vocational instruction and administrative support services.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2022, the Career Center had \$25,705,957 invested in land, construction in progress, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, and vehicles. This entire amount is reported in governmental activities.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

The following table shows June 30, 2022 balances compared to June 30, 2021.

Capital Assets at June 30 (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities						
		2022	2021				
Land	\$	411,420	\$	411,420			
CIP		122,459		328,006			
Land improvements		354,289		300,068			
Buildings and improvements		23,663,592		22,569,631			
Furniture and equipment		765,727		786,593			
Vehicles		388,470		309,010			
Total	\$	25,705,957	\$	24,704,728			

The overall increase in capital assets of \$1,001,229 is due to current year additions of \$1,560,439 exceeding depreciation expense of \$559,210.

See Note 8 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the Career Center's capital assets.

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2022, the Career Center had \$35,000 in school improvement notes outstanding, \$360,000 in energy conservation notes outstanding, and \$16,355,000 in certificates of participation outstanding. Of this total, \$1,285,000 is due within one year and \$15,465,000 is due in more than one year. The following table summarizes the debt outstanding.

Outstanding Debt, at Year End

	Governmental Activities 2022	Governmental Activities 2021		
School improvement notes Energy conservation notes Certificates of participation	\$ 35,000 360,000 	\$ 69,000 480,000 17,465,000		
Total	\$ 16,750,000	\$ 18,014,000		

See Note 9 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the Career Center's debt administration.

Current Financial Related Activities

The Career Center is reporting an overall increase in net position of \$5,861,227 using the full accrual basis of accounting. As the financial statements report, the Career Center relies heavily upon grants, entitlements, and local property taxes (over 64% of total revenues).

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

The Career Center replaced a ½ mill levy in calendar year 2013 and made it permanent. All tax levies are now permanent, which will provide some needed stability in tax revenues moving forward. The Career Center is fortunate to enjoy this support from the local taxpayers. The Career Center passed a 1/2 mill permanent improvement levy on November 7, 2017. This levy will cost a taxpayer \$16 per year on a \$100,000 property. The levy is needed to provide the facilities and equipment necessary for state-of-the-art advanced skill training and to maintain and improve current facilities. The Career Center has recently completed a COPS issuance for 15 years to borrow \$13,000,000 for facility improvements.

To expand further on the training, it offers for students in the robotics, engineering, STEM and manufacturing career tech programs, the Career Center has partnered with Robotics and Advanced Manufacturing Technology Education Collaborative (RAMTEC). This statewide initiative has provided a \$500,000 Straight A grant to assist the Career Center with enhancing student training through the latest advanced manufacturing equipment. Local dollars will be used to add an additional 2750 sq. ft. of training space in several career tech training labs. Involved Career Center instructors will also receive high-tech training to become certified to teach the new curriculum. In addition to enhancing high school and adult education programs, customized training will be available through RAMTEC for area manufacturers to strengthen our area's workforce by training new employees and enhancing current employees' skillsets.

The Career Center has been selected to receive a 3D printing package through the General Electric (GE) Additive Education Program. The grant package includes two 3D printers, Polar Cloud Premium Membership, filament rolls, STEAMtrax license and Polar Farm access. Through Polar Cloud and STEAMtrax, EHOVE instructors and students will have access to curricula and special programming for the life of the program, be eligible to compete in GE Program Challenges, and utilize GE's bank of printers to manage overflow situations. The GE Additive Education Program provides these grant opportunities because, according to www.geadditive.com, "GE believes giving students access to additive technologies will help accelerate the adoption of advanced manufacturing worldwide. That's why GE is investing \$10 million over the next five years in educational programs aimed at developing future additive talent. It's all part of GE's passion for improving student outcome and introducing future generations to new technologies."

In conclusion, the Career Center has committed itself to excellence for many years and will continue to be both innovative, and a leader, in the education and training of students in the three-county area. These financial statements represent the continued effort to keep the residents informed of the excellent use of their tax dollars for career technical training needed by Career Center students and expected by the Career Center's business partners.

Contacting the Career Center's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the Career Center's finances and to show the Career Center's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Mr. Timothy R. Coffman, Treasurer, EHOVE Career Center, 316 W. Mason Road, Milan, Ohio 44846.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

	Ge	Governmental Activities		
Assets:	¢.	12 260 120		
Equity in pooled cash and investments Receivables:	\$	12,368,138		
Property taxes		13,225,194		
Accounts		709,498		
Accrued interest		14,781		
Intergovernmental		278,910		
Prepayments		27,623		
Materials and supplies inventory		4,073		
Inventory held for resale		1,920		
Net OPEB asset (Note 13)		1,284,486		
Capital assets:				
Nondepreciable capital assets		533,879		
Depreciable capital assets, net		25,172,078		
Capital assets, net		25,705,957		
Total assets	-	53,620,580		
Deferred outflows of resources:				
Unamortized deferred charges on debt refunding		74,164		
Pension (Note 12)		4,676,402		
OPEB (Note 13)		1,063,122		
Total deferred outflows of resources	-	5,813,688		
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable		429,021		
Contracts payable		116,336		
Retainage payable		106,461		
Accrued wages and benefits payable		1,051,296		
Intergovernmental payable		25,735		
Pension and postemployment benefits payable		245,943		
Accrued interest payable		64,801		
Unearned revenue		6,192		
Long-term liabilities:		1 297 400		
Due within one year Due in more than one year:		1,387,409		
Net pension liability (Note 12)		11,439,789		
Net OPEB liability (Note 13)		1,780,021		
Other amounts due in more than one year		16,319,104		
Total liabilities		32,972,108		
Deferred inflows of resources:		_		
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year		8,976,316		
Pension (Note 12)		9,587,912		
OPEB (Note 13)		3,189,631		
Total deferred inflows of resources		21,753,859		
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets		9,167,324		
Restricted for:		- , ,-		
Capital projects		4,053,448		
Adult education programs		1,802,008		
State funded programs		122,210		
Federally funded programs		55,288		
Food service operations		32,521		
Student activities		121,144		
Other purposes		3,931		
Unrestricted (deficit)	_	(10,649,573)		
Total net position	\$	4,708,301		

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

				Progran	ı Revei	nues	R (et (Expense) evenue and Changes in et Position
			Cl	harges for	-	rating Grants	Go	vernmental
		Expenses	Servi	ces and Sales	and	Contributions		Activities
Governmental activities:								
Instruction:								
Regular	\$	1,158,009	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(1,158,009)
Special		891,578		-		-		(891,578)
Vocational		5,925,310		69,572		2,459,868		(3,395,870)
Adult/continuing		3,894,485		2,679,065		2,340,627		1,125,207
Support services:		1 222 024		75.200		(22 (20		((24.005)
Pupil		1,323,934		75,308		623,629		(624,997)
Instructional staff		990,436		=		1,800		(988,636)
Board of education		161,972		- 57()75		104.044		(161,972)
Administration		2,392,515		576,275		184,844		(1,631,396)
Fiscal Business		691,323		-		-		(691,323)
		5,843		- 55 670		14 100		(5,843)
Operations and maintenance		2,165,415		55,670		14,100		(2,095,645)
Pupil transportation Central		35,712 477,551		-		-		(35,712)
Operation of non-instructional		4//,331		-		-		(477,551)
services:								
Food service operations		516,165		52,587		550,594		87,016
Other non-instructional services		102,099		19,695		550,571		(82,404)
Extracurricular activities		164,910		54,347		47,821		(62,742)
Interest and fiscal charges		424,652		5 1,5 17		12,165		(412,487)
interest and fiscal charges	_	121,032				12,103		(112,107)
Totals	\$	21,321,909	\$	3,582,519	\$	6,235,448		(11,503,942)
			Prope	ral revenues: rty taxes levied teral purposes	for:			10,915,980
			Cap	oital outlay s and entitlemer	nts not i	restricted		1,984,219
				ecific programs				4,697,909
				tment earnings				72,811
				ease) in fair val	ue of in	vestments		(210,462)
				ellaneous				75,348
			Total	general revenue	es.			17,535,805
			Chang	ge in net position	n			6,031,863
			Net p	osition (deficit)	at beg	inning of year		(1,323,562)
			Net p	osition at end o	of year		\$	4,708,301

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

	General		F	Adult Education	Permanent Improvement		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
Assets:										
Equity in pooled cash										
and investments	\$	7,368,984	\$	1,327,502	\$	3,345,427	\$	326,225	\$	12,368,138
Receivables:		11 415 554				1 000 100				12 225 124
Property taxes		11,415,774		-		1,809,420		-		13,225,194
Accounts		24,869		675,827		-		8,802		709,498
Accrued interest		14,781		-		-		-		14,781
Interfund loans		123,552 1,491		-		-		277,419		123,552 278,910
Intergovernmental Prepayments		22,734		1,877		-		3,012		27,623
Materials and supplies inventory		3,850		1,6//		_		223		4,073
Inventory held for resale		5,650		_		_		1,920		1,920
Total assets	\$	18,976,035	\$	2,005,206	\$	5,154,847	\$	617,601	\$	26,753,689
	Ψ	10,770,033	Ψ	2,003,200	Ψ	3,131,017	Ψ	017,001	Ψ	20,733,007
Liabilities:	_		_		_		_		_	
Accounts payable	\$	258,803	\$	91,286	\$	13,635	\$	65,297	\$	429,021
Contracts payable		-		-		116,336		-		116,336
Retainage payable		-		- 2.120		6,123		100,338		106,461
Accrued wages and benefits payable		1,002,108		2,128		-		47,060		1,051,296
Compensated absences payable		77,889		126		-		-		77,889
Intergovernmental payable		24,973		126		-		636		25,735
Pension and postemployment benefits payable		223,660		793		-		21,490		245,943
Interfund loans payable Unearned revenue		-		6 102		-		123,552		123,552
Total liabilities		1,587,433		6,192 100,525		136,094		358,373		6,192 2,182,425
Total habilities		1,367,433		100,323		130,094		336,373		2,102,423
Deferred inflows of resources:										
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year		7,788,214		-		1,188,102		-		8,976,316
Delinquent property tax revenue not available		1,499,918		-		193,667		-		1,693,585
Intergovernmental revenue not available		1,491		-		-		103,788		105,279
Accrued interest not available		2,765		-		-		-		2,765
Miscellaneous revenue not available		300		-		-		-		300
Classroom material and fees revenue not available		7,677		-		-		-		7,677
Tuition revenue not available		0.200.265		646,482		1 201 7(0		102.700		646,482
Total deferred inflows of resources		9,300,365		646,482		1,381,769		103,788		11,432,404
Fund balances:										
Nonspendable:										
Materials and supplies inventory		3,850		-		-		223		4,073
Prepaids		22,734		1,877		-		3,012		27,623
Unclaimed monies		3,931		-		-		-		3,931
Restricted:										2 (2 (0 0)
Capital improvements		-		1 056 000		3,636,984		-		3,636,984
Adult education		=		1,256,322		-		-		1,256,322
Food service operations		=		-		-		57,530		57,530
State funded programs		-		-		-		122,210		122,210
Extracurricular Committed:		-		-		-		121,144		121,144
Termination benefits		506,717								506,717
Assigned:		300,717		-		-		-		300,717
Student instruction		402,030		_		_		_		402,030
Student and staff support		606,012		_		_		_		606,012
Facilities acquisition and construction		13,758		_		_		_		13,758
Subsequent year's appropriations		1,481,200		_		_		_		1,481,200
School supplies		3,202		_		_		_		3,202
Other purposes		202,602		-		-		-		202,602
Unassigned (deficit)		4,842,201		_		-		(148,679)		4,693,522
Total fund balances		8,088,237		1,258,199		3,636,984		155,440		13,138,860
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	\$	18,976,035	\$	2,005,206	\$	5,154,847	\$	617,601	\$	26,753,689
		2,2 . 0,000	*	_,,=00		-,, /				-,,000

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2022

Total governmental fund balances		\$ 13,138,860
Amounts reported for governmental activities on the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		25,705,957
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current- period expenditures and therefore are deferred inflows in the funds. Property taxes receivable Accounts receivable Accrued interest receivable Intergovernmental receivable	\$ 1,693,585 654,459 2,765 105,279	0.454,000
Total		2,456,088
Unamortized amounts on refundings are not recognized in the funds.		74,164
Accrued interest payable is not due and payable in the current period and therefore is not reported in the funds.		(64,801)
The net pension/OPEB assets & liabilities are not due and payable in the current period; therefore, the assets, liabilities and related deferred inflows/outflows are not reported in governmental funds. Deferred outflows - pension Deferred inflows - pension Net pension liability Deferred outflows - OPEB Deferred inflows - OPEB Net OPEB asset Net OPEB liability Total	4,676,402 (9,587,912) (11,439,789) 1,063,122 (3,189,631) 1,284,486 (1,780,021)	(18,973,343)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Compensated absences Certificates of participation Notes payable Total	(878,624) (16,355,000) (395,000)	 (17,628,624)
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 4,708,301

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		General	I	Adult Education	ermanent	Nonmajor overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
Revenues:					 	 		
Property taxes	\$	10,255,314	\$	-	\$ 1,912,786	\$ -	\$	12,168,100
Intergovernmental		7,231,234		892,226	27,793	2,665,497		10,816,750
Investment earnings		73,850		-	-	-		73,850
Tuition and fees		159,272		3,228,028	_	-		3,387,300
Extracurricular		17,515		-	-	54,347		71,862
Rental income		2,280		-	-	-		2,280
Charges for services		50,550		48,705	-	52,587		151,842
Contributions and donations		26,842		-	-	47,821		74,663
Miscellaneous		75,348		1,491	-	-		76,839
(Decrease) in fair value on investments		(210,462)			 	 		(210,462)
Total revenues	-	17,681,743		4,170,450	 1,940,579	 2,820,252	-	26,613,024
Expenditures: Current:								
Instruction:		1 215 005						1 215 005
Regular		1,315,805		-	-	-		1,315,805
Special		1,014,502		-	-	20.400		1,014,502
Vocational		6,305,696		2.701.160	-	20,400		6,326,096
Adult/continuing		-		2,791,169	-	1,647,595		4,438,764
Support services:		927.554		70.450		(02.902		1 500 006
Pupil		827,554		78,459	-	602,893		1,508,906
Instructional staff		1,094,747		-	-	1,800		1,096,547
Board of education		164,662		-	-	21.022		164,662
Administration		2,088,876		600,389	22.721	31,933		2,721,198
Fiscal		726,815		-	32,731	-		759,546
Business		3,554		- 	-	-		3,554
Operations and maintenance		2,118,180		55,624	-	-		2,173,804
Pupil transportation		49,896		-	-	-		49,896
Central		485,517		-	-	-		485,517
Operation of non-instructional services:						520.220		520.220
Food service operations		102.707		-	-	530,328		530,328
Other non-instructional services		102,797		-	-	164.050		102,797
Extracurricular activities		60		-	1 205 720	164,850		164,910
Facilities acquisition and construction Debt service:		312,896		-	1,395,739	9,299		1,717,934
Principal retirement		484,000		-	780,000	-		1,264,000
Interest and fiscal charges		152,741		-	271,080	-		423,821
Total expenditures		17,248,298		3,525,641	2,479,550	3,009,098		26,262,587
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		433,445		644,809	 (538,971)	 (188,846)		350,437
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers in		-		-	500,000	40,000		540,000
Transfers (out)		(540,000)		-	-	-		(540,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(540,000)			500,000	40,000		
Net change in fund balances		(106,555)		644,809	(38,971)	(148,846)		350,437
Fund balances at beginning of year		8,195,617		613,390	3,675,955	307,731		12,792,693
Change in reserve for inventory		(825)		<u>-</u>	 <u>-</u>	 (3,445)		(4,270)
Fund balances at end of year	\$	8,088,237	\$	1,258,199	\$ 3,636,984	\$ 155,440	\$	13,138,860

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. Capital asset additions Current year depreciation Total Governmental funds report expenditures for inventory when purchased. However, in the statement of activities, they are reported as an expense when consumed. Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Property taxes Truiton Integovernmental Total Total Total Repayment of bond and lease principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of activities. Interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. The following items resulted in additional interest being reported in the statement of activities: Decrease in accrued interest payable Amortization of deferred charges Total Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. The following items resulted in additional interest being reported in the statement of activities: Decrease in accrued interest payable Amortization of deferred outflows. Pension OPEB Total Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds, however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows. Pension OPEB Total Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not		/ -		
Satement of activities are different because: Governmental funds perort capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. Capital asset additions Current year depreciation Total Governmental funds report expenditures for inventory when purchased. However, in the statement of activities, they are reported as an expense when consumed. Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Property taxes Property taxes Tuition Classroom materials and fees (1,039) Classroom materials and fees (1,039) Total Repayment of bond and lease principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. The following items resulted in additional interest being reported in the statement of activities. Decrease in accrued interest payable Amortization of deferred charges Total Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds, however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows. Pension OPEB Total Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows. Pension OPEB Total Some expenses reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension/OPEB liability/asset are reported as pension OPEB expense in the statement of activities. Some expenses reported in the statement of activities as of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the net pension/OPEB spayers in the statement of activities.	vet change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	350,437
However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. Capital asset additions Current year depreciation Total Governmental funds report expenditures for inventory when purchased. However, in the statement of activities, they are reported as an expense when consumed. Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Property taxes Tuition Earnings on investments Classroom materials and fees Intergovernmental Intergovernmental Total Total Total Repayment of bond and lease principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. The following items resulted in additional interest being reported in the statement of activities: Interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. The following items resulted in additional interest being reported in the statement of activities: Interest is accrued on personal personal funds, and interest payable Amortization of deferred charges Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds, however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows. Pension OPEB Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension/OPEB gexpense in the statement of activities. Pension OPEB Total Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures.				
purchased. However, in the statement of activities, they are reported as an expense when consumed. Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Property taxes 732,099 Tuition 109,057 Earnings on investments (1,039) Classroom materials and fees (138,070) Miscellaneous (1,797) Intergovernmental Total 40,498 Repayment of bond and lease principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net position. In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. The following items resulted in additional interest being reported in the statement of activities: Decrease in accrued interest payable 4,961 Amortization of deferred charges (5,792) Total (8; Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds, and interest points in the statement of activities in the net pension of performental funds, where the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows. Pension 1,717,401 OPEB 2,0,973 Total 1,738,37 Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension/OPEB liability/asset are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; and the statement of activities. Pension 575,609 OPEB 9,9,452 Total 6,575,609 OPEB 99,452 Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures	However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. Capital asset additions Current year depreciation	\$		1,001,229
the funds. Property taxes 732,099 Tuition 109,057 Earnings on investments (1,039) Classroom materials and fees (138,070) Miscellaneous (1,797) Intergovernmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net position. In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. The following items resulted in additional interest being reported in the statement of activities of feer deharges (5,792) Total 4,961 Amortization of deferred charges (5,792) Total (83) Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows. Pension 1,717,401 OPEB 20,973 Total 1,738,37 Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension/OPEB liability/asset are reported as expenditures. Pension 9,9452 Total 5,756,609 OPEB 9,9452 Total 6,75,000 Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures	purchased. However, in the statement of activities, they are			(4,270)
governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net position. In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. The following items resulted in additional interest being reported in the statement of activities: Decrease in accrued interest payable Amortization of deferred charges Total Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows. Pension OPEB Total Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension/OPEB liability/asset are reported as pension/OPEB expense in the statement of activities. Pension OPEB Total 575,609 OPEB Total Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures	current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Property taxes Tuition Earnings on investments Classroom materials and fees Miscellaneous Intergovernmental		109,057 (1,039) (138,070) (1,797)	740,748
whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. The following items resulted in additional interest being reported in the statement of activities: Decrease in accrued interest payable 4,961 Amortization of deferred charges (5,792) Total (83) Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows. Pension 1,717,401 OPEB 20,973 Total 1,738,33 Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension/OPEB liability/asset are reported as pension/OPEB expense in the statement of activities. Pension 575,609 OPEB 99,452 Total 5,700 Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures	governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities			1,264,000
Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows. Pension 1,717,401 OPEB 20,973 Total 1,738,33 Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension/OPEB liability/asset are reported as pension/OPEB expense in the statement of activities. Pension 575,609 OPEB 99,452 Total 575,009 OPEB 99,452 Total 675,000 Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures	whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. The following items resulted in additional interest being reported in the statement of activities: Decrease in accrued interest payable Amortization of deferred charges		*	(831)
OPEB Total Total Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension/OPEB liability/asset are reported as pension/OPEB expense in the statement of activities. Pension OPEB Posion OPEB Total Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures	Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows.		1.717.401	(651)
pension/OPEB expense in the statement of activities. Pension OPEB OPEB Total Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures	Total Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes		20,973	1,738,374
such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures	pension/OPEB expense in the statement of activities. Pension OPEB		*	675,061
207,11	such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures			267,115
Change in net position of governmental activities \$ 6,031,86			•	6,031,863

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budgeted	l Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive		
_	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)		
Revenues:	Ф 0.750.000	Φ 0.750.000	Ф 0.627.660	ф (122 221)		
Property taxes	\$ 9,750,000	\$ 9,750,000	\$ 9,627,669	\$ (122,331)		
Intergovernmental	6,350,000	6,350,000	7,370,328	1,020,328		
Investment earnings Tuition and fees	75,000 745,000	75,000 745,000	72,066 17,724	(2,934)		
Rental income	2,000	2,000	2,280	(727,276) 280		
Contributions and donations	2,000	2,000	2,383	2,383		
Miscellaneous	90,000	90,000	53,737	(36,263)		
Total revenues	17,012,000	17,012,000	17,146,187	134,187		
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Instruction:						
Regular	1,409,002	1,409,002	1,186,013	222,989		
Special	1,025,060	1,025,060	949,002	76,058		
Vocational	6,018,560	6,018,560	6,010,193	8,367		
Support services:						
Pupil	835,731	835,731	814,529	21,202		
Instructional staff	1,143,799	1,143,799	1,078,532	65,267		
Board of education	142,445	142,445	171,708	(29,263)		
Administration	2,216,864	2,216,864	2,110,327	106,537		
Fiscal	725,048	725,048	724,213	835		
Business	7,280	7,280	6,540	740		
Operations and maintenance	2,451,934	2,451,934	2,291,993	159,941		
Pupil transportation	39,171	39,171	50,644	(11,473)		
Central	504,774	504,774	532,435	(27,661)		
Facilities acquisition and construction Debt service:	419,021	419,021	370,375	48,646		
Principal	475,000	475,000	484,000	(9,000)		
Interest and fiscal charges	130,000	130,000	148,098	(18,098)		
Bond issuance costs	2,000	2,000	2,632	(632)		
Total expenditures	17,545,689	17,545,689	16,931,234	614,455		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over						
(under) expenditures	(533,689)	(533,689)	214,953	748,642		
Other financing sources (uses):						
Refund of prior year's expenditures	80,000	80,000	13,569	(66,431)		
Transfers (out)	(750,000)	(750,000)	(690,000)	60,000		
Sale of assets	25,000	25,000	15,104	(9,896)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	(645,000)	(645,000)	(661,327)	(16,327)		
Net change in fund balance	(1,178,689)	(1,178,689)	(446,374)	732,315		
Fund balance at beginning of year	5,941,821	5,941,821	5,941,821	-		
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	646,269	646,269	646,269	-		
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 5,409,401	\$ 5,409,401	\$ 6,141,716	\$ 732,315		

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) ADULT EDUCATION FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		Budgeted	Amo	unts		Fin	ance with
	Original Final		Actual	Positive (Negative)			
Revenues:							<u> </u>
Intergovernmental	\$	705,000	\$	705,000	\$ 892,226	\$	187,226
Tuition and fees		3,058,000		3,058,000	3,207,468		149,468
Charges for services		62,500		62,500	47,454		(15,046)
Miscellaneous		2,500		2,500	1,491		(1,009)
Total revenue		3,828,000		3,828,000	4,148,639		320,639
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Instruction:							
Adult/continuing		3,249,050		3,249,050	2,880,365		368,685
Support services:							-
Pupil		82,610		82,610	83,049		(439)
Administration		464,230		464,230	610,126		(145,896)
Operations and maintenance		57,100		57,100	55,624		1,476
Total expenditures		3,852,990		3,852,990	3,629,164		223,826
Net change in fund balance		(24,990)		(24,990)	519,475		544,465
Fund balance at beginning of year		592,167		592,167	592,167		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		31,255		31,255	31,255		<u> </u>
Fund balance at end of year	\$	598,432	\$	598,432	\$ 1,142,897	\$	544,465

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

	Custodial		
Assets: Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	2,200	
Liabilities: Due to other governments	\$	2,200	

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Custodial		
Additions: Sales tax collections for other governments	\$	94	
Deductions: Sales tax distributions to other governments		94	
Change in net position		-	
Net position at beginning of year			
Net position at end of year	\$		

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE CAREER CENTER

The EHOVE Career Center ("Career Center") is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The Career Center is a joint vocational school district as defined by 3311.16 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Career Center operates under an appointed Board of Education (nine members) and is responsible for the provision of public education to residents of the Career Center.

Average daily membership (ADM) as of October 1, 2021, was 832. The Career Center employed 11 administrative and supervisory personnel, 56 certified employees, and 69 non-certified employees.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements (BFS) of the Career Center have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The Career Center's significant accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "<u>Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units</u>" and GASB Statement No. 61, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>: <u>Omnibus an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34</u>". The reporting entity is composed of the primary government and component units. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the Career Center. For the Career Center, this includes general operations, food service and student related activities of the Career Center.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the Career Center is financially accountable. The Career Center is financially accountable for an organization if the Career Center appoints a voting majority of the organization's Governing Board and (1) the Career Center is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the Career Center is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or (3) the Career Center is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the Career Center is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the Career Center in that the Career Center approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Certain organizations are also included as component units if the nature and significance of the relationship between the primary government and the organization is such that exclusion by the primary government would render the primary government's financial statements incomplete or misleading. Based upon the application of these criteria, the Career Center has no component units. The basic financial statements of the reporting entity include only those of the Career Center (the primary government).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The following organizations are described due to their relationship to the Career Center:

JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

The Northern Ohio Educational Computer Association

The Northern Ohio Educational Computer Association (NOECA) is a jointly governed organization among area schools. The jointly governed organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to the administrative and instructional functions among members. Each of the governments of these schools supports NOECA based upon a per pupil charge dependent upon the software package utilized. In the event of a dissolution of the organization, all current members will share in net obligations or asset liquidations in a ratio proportionate to their last twelve months financial contributions. The NOECA Assembly consists of the Superintendent from each participating school and a representative from the fiscal agent. NOECA is governed by a Board of Directors chosen from the general membership of the NOECA Assembly. The Board of Directors consists of a representative from the fiscal agent, the Chairman of each of the operating committees, and two NOECA Assembly members from each county in which participating schools are located. The degree of control exercised by any participating school is limited to its representation on the Board of Directors. The Career Center paid \$28,481 to NOECA for services during fiscal year 2022. Financial information can be obtained by contacting Matthew Bauer, who serves as Controller, at 4918 Milan Road, Sandusky, Ohio 44870.

Bay Area Council of Governments

The Bay Area Council of Governments (the "Council") consists of numerous school districts representing seven counties (Crawford, Erie, Huron, Ottawa, Sandusky, Seneca, and Wood). This jointly governed organization was formed for the purpose of purchasing goods and services at a lower cost. The items currently being purchased through the Council are natural gas and insurance. The only cost to the Career Center is an administrative charge if it purchases something through the Council. The Council consists of the Superintendent of each school. The Board of Directors consists of one elected representative from each county, the Superintendent of the fiscal agent, and two non-voting members (Administrator and Fiscal Officer).

Members of the Board of Directors serve two-year terms, which are staggered. The Career Center paid \$35,303 to the Council for services provided during fiscal year 2022. Financial information can be obtained by contacting Matthew Bauer, who serves as Fiscal Officer, at 4918 Milan Road, Sandusky, Ohio 44870.

PUBLIC ENTITY RISK POOLS

Health Benefits

The Huron-Erie School Employees Insurance Association (the "Association") is a shared risk pool, with participants from Erie and Huron Counties. The Association is governed by an Assembly, which consists of one representative from each participant (usually the Superintendent or designee). The Assembly elects officers for two-year terms to serve as the Board of Directors. The Assembly exercises control over the operation of the Association. All of the Association revenues are generated from charges for services. Financial information can be obtained by contacting Betty Schwiefert, who serves as the treasurer, at 4918 Milan Road, Sandusky, Ohio 44870.

Workers' Compensation

The Career Center participates in a retrospective group rating plan (the "Plan") for workers' compensation as established under Section 4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code.

Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the Plan to cover the costs of administering the program.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

B. Fund Accounting

The Career Center uses funds to report its financial position and the results of its operations. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain Career Center activities or functions. Funds are classified into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Each category is divided into separate fund types. The Career Center has no proprietary funds.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets plus deferred outflows of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance. The following are the Career Center's major governmental funds:

<u>General fund</u> - The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Adult education fund</u> - The adult education special revenue fund is used to account for transactions made in connection with adult education classes. Revenues include, but are not limited to, tuition from patrons and students and reimbursements from the State Department of Education. Expenditures include supplies, salaries and textbooks.

<u>Permanent improvement fund</u> - The permanent improvement capital projects fund accounts for levy collections used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of capital facilities.

Nonmajor governmental funds of the Career Center are used to account for financial resources that are restricted or committed to an expenditure for specified purposes.

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Proprietary funds are used to account for activities that are similar to those often found in the private sector, where the determination of operating income, changes in net position, overall financial position and cash flows is necessary or useful to sound financial administration. The Career Center has no proprietary funds.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private purpose trust funds and custodial funds. Trust funds are distinguished from custodial funds by the existence of a trust agreement or equivalent arrangements that have certain characteristics. Custodial funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in a trust fund. The Career Center's only fiduciary funds are a custodial fund. The Career Center's custodial fund accounts for Career Center collections and distributions of sales tax to other governments.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

C. Basis of Presentation and Measurement Focus

<u>Government-Wide Financial Statements</u> - The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the Career Center as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the governmental activities of the Career Center. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include amounts paid by the recipient of goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the Career Center.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the Career Center are included on the statement of net position.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the Career Center. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column, and all nonmajor funds are aggregated into one column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and deferred outflows of resources and current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Fiduciary funds present a statement of changes in fiduciary net position which reports additions to and deductions from custodial funds.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred inflows of resources and deferred outflows of resources, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

<u>Revenues - Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions</u> - Revenues resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, are recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On the modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the Career Center, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Nonexchange transactions, in which the Career Center receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On the accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 6).

Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the fiscal year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the Career Center must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the Career Center on a reimbursement basis. On the modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year end: property taxes available as an advance, tuition, grants, interest and charges for services.

<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> - In addition to assets, the government-wide statement of net position will report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the Career Center, see Notes 12 and 13 for deferred outflows of resources related the Career Center's net pension liability and net OPEB liability/asset, respectively. In addition, deferred outflows of resources include a deferred charge on debt refunding. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

In addition to liabilities, both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. For the Career Center, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes, and unavailable revenue. Property taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2022, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2023 operations. These amounts have been recorded as a deferred inflow of resources on both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental funds balance sheet and represents receivables which will not be collected within the available period. For the Career Center unavailable revenue includes, but is not limited to, delinquent property taxes and intergovernmental grants. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available.

For the Career Center, see Notes 12 and 13 for deferred inflows of resources related to the Career Center's net pension liability and net OPEB liability/asset, respectively. This deferred inflow of resources is only reported on the government-wide statement of net position.

<u>Expenses/Expenditures</u> - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The entitlement value of donated commodities used during the fiscal year is reported in the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances as an expenditure with an equal amount reported as intergovernmental revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

E. Budgets

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriation resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources and the appropriations resolution are subject to amendment throughout the year with the legal restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources, as certified. All funds, other than custodial funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The primary level of budgetary control is at the fund level. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education (the "Board"). Although the legal level of budgetary control was established at the fund level of expenditures, the Career Center has elected to present the budgetary statement comparisons at the fund and function level of expenditures.

Tax Budget:

Prior to January 15, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit to the Board a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing or increased tax rates. By no later than January 20, the Board-adopted budget is filed with the Eric County Budget Commission (the "Commission") for rate determination.

Estimated Resources:

By April 1, the Board accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the Commission and receives the Commission's certificate of estimated resources, which states the projected revenue of each fund. On or prior to June 30, the Career Center must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as the basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the certificate of estimated resources is amended to include any unencumbered cash balances from the preceding year. The certificate of estimated resources may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the Career Center Treasurer. The amounts reported in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the original and final amended certificates of estimated resources issued during the fiscal year.

Appropriations:

Upon receipt from the County Auditor of an amended certificate of estimated resources based on final assessed values and tax rates or a certificate of estimated resources saying no new certificate of estimated resources is necessary, the annual appropriation resolution is enacted by the Board. Prior to the passage of the annual appropriation measure, the Board may pass a temporary appropriation measure to meet the ordinary expenses of the Career Center. The appropriation resolution, by fund, must be within the certificate of estimated resources as certified by the Commission and the total of expenditures may not exceed the appropriation totals at the fund level. Any revisions that alter the fund level must be approved by the Board.

The Board may pass supplemental fund appropriations so long as the total appropriations by fund do not exceed the amounts set forth in the most recent certificate of estimated resources. During the year, all supplemental appropriations were legally enacted.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated revenues. The amounts reported as the original budget amounts reflect the first appropriation amounts that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior year. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Lapsing of Appropriations:

At the close of each year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriations. The encumbered appropriation balance is carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and need not be reappropriated.

F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the Career Center is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the Career Center's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and investments" on the basic financial statements.

During 2022, the Career Center has invested funds in negotiable certificates of deposits (negotiable CD's), Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB) securities, Federal Farm Credit Bank (FFCB) securities, Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA) securities, a U.S. Government Money Market Mutual Fund and the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio). Except for investments in STAR Ohio and the U.S. Government Money Market Mutual Fund, investments are reported at fair value which is based on quoted market prices.

During fiscal year 2022, the Career Center invested in STAR Ohio. STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 79, "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants." The Career Center measures its investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The Career Center measures its investment in U.S. Government Money Market Mutual Fund at the NAV per share. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides a NAV per share that approximates fair value.

For fiscal year 2022, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, notice must be given 24 hours in advance of all deposits and withdrawals exceeding \$100 million. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$250 million, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$250 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

Under existing Ohio statutes, all investment earnings are assigned to the general fund unless statutorily required to be credited to a specific fund. The Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2022 amounted to \$73,850, which includes \$29,208 assigned from other Career Center funds.

For presentation on the basic financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the Career Center are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

An analysis of the Career Center's investments at fiscal year end is provided in Note 4.

G. Inventory

On government-wide and fund financial statements, inventories of supplies are reported at cost, inventories held for resale are reported at the lower of cost or market, and donated commodities are presented at their entitlement value. Inventories are recorded on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when received. Inventories are accounted for using the purchase method on the fund statements and using the consumption method on the government-wide statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

On the fund financial statements, reported materials and supplies inventory is equally offset by nonspendable fund balance in the governmental funds which indicates that it does not constitute available spendable resources even though it is a component of net current assets.

Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption, donated food and purchased food.

H. Capital Assets

General capital assets result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position, but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and deductions during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition values as of the date received. The Career Center's capitalization threshold is \$10,000. The Career Center does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All reported capital assets except land and construction in progress are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Governmental Activities Estimated Lives
Land improvements	20 - 30 years
Buildings and improvements	10 - 50 years
Furniture and equipment	5 - 20 years
Vehicles	5 - 15 years

I. Interfund Balances

On the fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund loans receivable/payable". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column on the statement of net position. Interfund transactions are summarized in Note 5.

J. Compensated Absences

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences", a liability for vacation leave is accrued if a) the employees' rights to payment are attributable to services already rendered; and b) it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or other means, such as cash payment at termination or retirement. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination (severance) payments. A liability for sick leave is accrued using the vesting method; i.e., the liability is based on the sick leave accumulated at June 30, 2022, by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination (severance) payments, as well as those employees expected to become eligible in the future.

The total liability for vacation and sick leave payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at June 30, 2022 and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus any applicable additional salary related payments.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental fund financial statements, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is the amount expected to be paid using expendable available resources. These amounts are recorded in the account "compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated unpaid leave are paid. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported.

K. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, compensated absences and claims and judgements that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability on the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Notes payable, certificates of participation outstanding, and tap-in fees payable are recognized as a liability on the fund financial statements when due. Net pension/OPEB liability should be recognized in the governmental funds to the extent that benefit payments are due and payable and the pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is not sufficient for payment of those benefits.

L. Certificates of Participation Premiums

On the government-wide financial statements, certificates of participation premiums are deferred and amortized over the term of the certificates of participation using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method. Certificates of participation premiums are presented as an addition to the face amount of the certificates of participation. On the governmental fund financial statements, certificates of participation premiums are recognized in the period in which they are incurred.

M. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Career Center is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

<u>Restricted</u> - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints are placed on the use of resources that are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the Career Center Board of Education (the highest level of decision making authority). Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Career Center Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>Assigned</u> - Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the Career Center for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted nor committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by policies of the Career Center Board of Education, which includes giving the Treasurer the authority to constrain monies for intended purposes.

<u>Unassigned</u> - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is only used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The Career Center applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) fund balance is available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

N. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets plus deferred outflows of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources. The net position component "net investment in capital assets," consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing or liabilities used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets or related debt also should be included in this component of net position. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, laws, or regulations of other governments. The Career Center had no net position restricted through enabling legislation. The amount restricted for other purposes represents amounts restricted for unclaimed monies.

The Career Center applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

O. Prepayments

Certain payments to vendors reflect the costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the balance sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of the purchase and the expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

On the fund financial statements, prepaid items are equally offset by nonspendable fund balance in the governmental funds, which indicates that they do not constitute available spendable resources even though they are a component of net current assets.

P. Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Q. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the basic financial statements. Interfund transactions are summarized in Note 5.

R. Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability, net OPEB asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB, and pension/OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

S. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during fiscal year 2022.

T. Fair Value Measurements

The Career Center categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2022, the Career Center has implemented GASB Statement No. 87, "<u>Leases</u>", GASB Implementation Guide 2019-3, "<u>Leases</u>", GASB Statement No. 89, "<u>Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period</u>", GASB Implementation Guide 2020-1, "<u>Implementation Guide Update - 2020</u>", GASB Statement No. 92, "<u>Omnibus 2020</u>", GASB Statement No. 93, "<u>Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates</u>", GASB Statement No. 97, "<u>Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a supersession of GASB Statement No. 32" and certain paragraphs of GASB Statement No. 99, "<u>Omnibus 2022</u>".</u>

GASB Statement No. 87 and GASB Implementation Guide 2019-3 enhance the relevance and consistency of information of the government's leasing activities. It establishes requirements for lease accounting based on the principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. A lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right to use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 87 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the Career Center.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 89 establishes accounting requirements for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. GASB Statement No. 89 requires that interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period be recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred for financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. GASB Statement No. 89 also reiterates that financial statements prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus, interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period should be recognized as an expenditure on a basis consistent with governmental fund accounting principles. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 89 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the Career Center.

GASB Implementation Guide 2020-1 provides clarification on issues related to previously established GASB guidance. The implementation of GASB Implementation Guide 2020-1 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the Career Center.

GASB Statement No. 92 enhances comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 92 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the Career Center.

GASB Statement No. 93 establishes accounting and financial reporting requirements related to the replacement of Interbank Offered Rates (IBORs) in hedging derivative instruments and leases. It also identifies appropriate benchmark interest rates for hedging derivative instruments. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 93 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the Career Center.

GASB Statement No. 97 is to (1) increase consistency and comparability related to the reporting of fiduciary component units in circumstances in which a potential component unit does not have a governing board and the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically would perform; (2) mitigate costs associated with the reporting of certain defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans, and employee benefit plans other than pension plans or OPEB plans (other employee benefit plans) as fiduciary component units in fiduciary fund financial statements; and (3) enhance the relevance, consistency, and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting for Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 deferred compensation plans (Section 457 plans) that meet the definition of a pension plan and for benefits provided through those plans. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 97 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the Career Center.

GASB Statement No. 99 to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 99 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the Career Center.

B. Deficit Fund Balances

Fund balances at June 30, 2022 included the following individual fund deficits:

Nonmajor funds Deficit
Miscellaneous federal grants fund \$ 47,589
Building fund 100,338

The general fund is liable for any deficit in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. The deficit fund balances resulted from adjustments for accrued liabilities.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

C. Compliance

The Career Center had appropriations in excess of estimated and actual resources, in non compliance with Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.36, 5705.39, and 5705.36(A)(4).

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the Career Center into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the Career Center treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories.

Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligation or security issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, and Government National Mortgage Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio, and with certain limitations including a requirement for maturity within ten years from the date of settlement, bonds and other obligations of political subdivisions of the State of Ohio, if training requirement have been met;
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool, the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio); and,

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

8. Certain bankers' acceptances (for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days) and commercial paper notes (for a period not to exceed two hundred seventy days) in an amount not to exceed 40 percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time if training requirements have been met. The investment in commercial paper notes of a single issuer shall not exceed in the aggregate five percent of interim moneys available for investment at the time of purchase.

Protection of the Career Center's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by the financial institutions participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. Except as noted above, an investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the Career Center, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

A. Cash on Hand

At fiscal year end, the Career Center had \$300 in undeposited cash on hand, which is included on the financial statements of the Career Center as part of "equity in pooled cash and investments".

B. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2022, the carrying amount of all Career Center deposits was \$350,918 and the bank balance of all Career Center deposits was \$932,362. Of the bank balance, \$250,000 was covered by the FDIC and \$682,362 was covered by the OPCS.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the Career Center will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Career Center has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits either be insured or protected by (1) eligible securities pledged to the Career Center and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose fair value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured, or (2) participation in the OPCS, a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total fair value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of State. For 2022, the Career Center's financial institutions were approved for a collateral rate of 102 percent through the OPCS. Although all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with Federal requirements could potentially subject the Career Center to a successful claim by the FDIC.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

C. Investments

As of June 30, 2022, the Career Center had the following investments and maturity:

			Investment Maturities										
Measurement/	M	easurement	6	Months or		7 to 12		13 to 18	G	reater Than			
Investment type		Amount	Less			Months		Months		8 Months			
Fair Value:													
Negotiable CDs	\$	1,977,730	\$	306,102		730,335		-		941,293			
FHLB		952,205		-		-		-		952,205			
FFCB		857,091		-		-		386,476		470,615			
FNMA		333,613		-		-		-		333,613			
Net asset value per share:													
U.S. Government Money													
Market Mutual Fund		671,716		671,716		-		-		-			
STAR Ohio		7,226,765		7,226,765		<u> </u>				<u> </u>			
Total	\$	12,019,120	\$	8,204,583	\$	730,335	\$	386,476	\$	2,697,726			

The weighted average maturity of investments is 0.73 years.

The Career Center's investments in negotiable CDs and federal agency securities (FHLB, FFCB, and FNMA) are valued using quoted prices in markets that are not considered to be active, dealer quotations or alternative pricing sources for similar assets or liabilities for which all significant inputs are observable, either directly or indirectly (Level 2 inputs). As discussed in Note 2.F, investments in STAR Ohio and the U.S. Government Money Market Mutual Fund are measured at their net asset value per share.

Interest Rate Risk: Interest rate risk arises because potential purchasers of debt securities will not agree to pay face value for those securities if interest rates substantially increase. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the Career Center's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to approximately five years or less. State statute requires that an investment must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. The Career Center's investment policy permits investments in any security specifically authorized by Ohio Revised Code Sections 135.14, 135.142 and 135.45 as amended.

Credit Risk: Standard & Poor's has assigned STAR Ohio and the U.S Government Money Market Mutual Fund an AAAm money market rating. Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The Career Center's investments in federal agency securities (FHLB, FFCB, and FNMA) are rated AA+ and Aaa by Standard & Poor's and Moddy's Investor Services, respectively. The negotiable certificates of deposit are not rated, but are fully insured by the FDIC. The Career Center's investment policy does not address investment credit risk beyond the requirements of State statutes.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk: The Career Center places no dollar limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. However, the Career Center's investment policy requires an effort to diversify its holdings of investments by avoiding concentrations of specific issuers. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the Career Center at June 30, 2022:

Measurment/ Investment type	M	easurement Amount	% of Total
Fair Value:			
Negotiable CDs	\$	1,977,730	16.45
FHLB		952,205	7.92
FFCB		857,091	7.13
FNMA		333,613	2.78
Net asset value per share:			
U.S. Government Money			
Market Mutual Fund		671,716	5.59
STAR Ohio		7,226,765	60.13
Total	\$	12,019,120	100.00

D. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Position

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the note above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net position as of June 30, 2022:

Cash and investments per note	
Carrying amount of deposits	\$ 350,918
Investments	12,019,120
Cash on hand	 300
Total	\$ 12,370,338
Cash and investments per statement of net position	
Governmental activities	\$ 12,368,138
Custodial fund	 2,200
Total	\$ 12,370,338

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

A. Interfund balances at June 30, 2022 as reported on the fund financial statements, consist of the following individual interfund loans receivable and payable:

Receivable fund	Payable fund	 Amount
General fund	Nonmajor governmental funds	\$ 123,552

The primary purpose of interfund balances is to cover costs in specific funds where revenues were not received by June 30. Interfund balances will be repaid once the anticipated revenues are received. All interfund balances are expected to be repaid within one year.

Interfund balances between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements; therefore, no internal balances at June 30, 2022 are reported on the statement of net position.

B. Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2022, consisted of the following as reported on the fund financial statements:

<u>Transfers from general fund to:</u>	_Amount_
Permanent Improvement fund	\$ 500,000
Nonmajor governmental funds	40,000
Total	\$ 540,000

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Interfund transfers between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements; therefore, no transfers are reported in the statement of activities.

All transfers were made in compliance with Ohio Revised Code Sections 5705.14, 5705.15 and 5705.16.

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the Career Center fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the Career Center in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property and public utility property. Real property tax revenues received in calendar year 2022 represent the collection of calendar year 2021 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2022 were levied after April 1, 2021, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2021, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised fair value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established. Public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2022 represent the collection of calendar year 2021 taxes. Public utility real and personal property taxes received in calendar year 2022 became a lien on December 31, 2020, were levied after April 1, 2021, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)

The Career Center receives property taxes from Erie, Huron, Ottawa, Sandusky, Seneca, Ashland, Richland and Lorain Counties. The County Auditors periodically advance to the Career Center their portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the Counties by June 30, 2022, are available to finance fiscal year 2022 operations. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2022 was \$2,127,642 in the general fund and \$427,651 in the permanent improvement fund. This amount is recorded as revenue. The amount available for advance at June 30, 2021 was \$1,499,997 in the general fund and \$305,951 in the permanent improvement fund. The amount of second-half real property taxes available for advance at fiscal year-end can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and delinquent tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2022 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year-end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred inflows.

On the accrual basis of accounting, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis of accounting the revenue has been reported as a deferred inflow.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2022 taxes were collected are:

		2021 Secon	d	2022 Firs	t
		Half Collection	ons	Half Collect	ions
	_	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
Agricultural/residential					
and other real estate	\$	3,366,683,950	86.41	\$ 3,709,553,190	88.06
Public utility personal		529,271,750	13.59	503,037,260	11.94
Total	\$	3,895,955,700	100.00	\$ 4,212,590,450	100.00
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$	4.45		\$ 4.45	

NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2022 consisted of property taxes, accounts (billings for user charged services and student fees), accrued interest and intergovernmental grants and entitlements. All receivables, with the possible exception of accounts receivable related to the Career Center's adult education services, are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs and the current year guarantee of federal funds.

A summary of the principal items of receivables reported on the statement of net position follows:

Governmental activities:

Property taxes	\$ 13,225,194
Accounts	709,498
Accrued interest	14,781
Intergovernmental	278,910
Total	\$ 14,228,383

Receivables have been disaggregated on the face of the basic financial statements. All receivables are expected to be collected within the subsequent year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2021	Additions	<u>Deductions</u>	Balance June 30, 2022
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 411,420	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 411,420
Construction in progress	328,006	784,973	(990,520)	122,459
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	739,426	784,973	(990,520)	533,879
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Land improvements	388,519	83,000	-	471,519
Buildings and improvements	28,187,774	1,510,730	-	29,698,504
Furniture and equipment	2,545,117	58,771	(24,000)	2,579,888
Vehicles	785,840	113,485		899,325
Total capital assets, being depreciated	31,907,250	1,765,986	(24,000)	33,649,236
Less: accumulated depreciation:				
Land improvements	(88,451)	(28,779)	-	(117,230)
Buildings and improvements	(5,618,143)	(416,769)	-	(6,034,912)
Furniture and equipment	(1,758,524)	(79,637)	24,000	(1,814,161)
Vehicles	(476,830)	(34,025)		(510,855)
Total accumulated depreciation	(7,941,948)	(559,210)	24,000	(8,477,158)
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 24,704,728	\$ 1,991,749	\$ (990,520)	\$ 25,705,957

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

<u>Instruction</u> :	
Regular	\$ 40,622
Special	20,106
Vocational	359,496
Adult/continuing	4,870
Support services:	
Pupil	11,172
Instructional staff	31,838
Board of education	300
Administration	26,844
Fiscal	45
Business	1,105
Operations and maintenance	34,807
Central	8,466
Operation of non-instructional:	
Food service operations	19,539
Total depreciation expense	\$559,210

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

During fiscal year 2022, the following changes occurred in governmental activities' long-term obligations.

		Balance				Balance	Amounts Due in
	Ju	ıly 1, 2021	Additions	Reductions	Jı	ine 30, 2022	 One Year
Governmental activities:							
School improvement notes - direct borrowing	\$	69,000	\$ -	\$ (34,000)	\$	35,000	\$ 35,000
Energy conservation notes		480,000	-	(120,000)		360,000	120,000
Certificates of participation		17,465,000	-	(1,110,000)		16,355,000	1,130,000
Net OPEB liability		1,797,513	-	(17,492)		1,780,021	-
Net pension liability		20,770,972	-	(9,331,183)		11,439,789	-
Compensated absences		1,145,739	 24,520	(213,746)		956,513	102,409
Total governmental activities	\$	41,728,224	\$ 24,520	\$ (10,826,421)	\$	30,926,323	\$ 1,387,409

<u>School Improvement Notes</u>: On June 12, 2008, the Career Center entered into a note agreement with the Columbus Regional Airport Authority (through the OASBO Expanded Asset Pooled Financing Program) for the purpose of improving, renovating, furnishing and equipping school buildings. This issuance is considered a direct borrowing in that the terms have been negotiated between the Career Center and the lender and are not offered for public sale. The proceeds of the note were received on June 12, 2008. The initial principal amount of the notes was \$400,000, with an interest rate of 4.11% and a maturity date of December 1, 2022.

Principal and interest payments in fiscal year 2022 totaled \$34,000 and \$2,319, respectively. These amounts are reported as debt service expenditures in the general fund. The following is a summary of the future debt service requirements to maturity for the school improvement notes:

Fiscal Year	P	rincipal	In	terest	Total			
2023	\$	35,000	\$	780	\$	35,780		

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

<u>Energy Conservation Notes</u>: On June 10, 2010, the Career Center entered into a note agreement with the Ohio School Facilities Commission (through the Qualified School Construction Bonds Program) for the purpose of purchasing and installing energy conservation measures. The proceeds of the note were received on June 24, 2010. The initial principal amount of the notes was \$1,800,000, with an interest rate of 5.375% and a maturity date of June 1, 2025. Principal and interest payments in fiscal year 2022 totaled \$120,000 and \$25,800, respectively. These amounts are reported as debt service expenditures in the general fund. The following is a summary of the future debt service requirements to maturity for the energy conservation notes:

Fiscal Year	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	Total
2023	120,000	19,350	139,350
2024	120,000	12,900	132,900
2025	120,000	6,450	126,450
Total	\$ 360,000	\$ 38,700	\$ 398,700

The energy conservation project was for building maintenance and repairs, which have not been capitalized by the Career Center.

Refunding Certificates of Participation Series 2019 - On October 18, 2019, the Career Center issued Refunding Certificates of Participation (Series 2019 COPs) to refund the current remaining portion of the Series 2018 Certificates of Participation (principal \$12,325,000; interest rate of 3.45%). Issuance proceeds of \$12,445,000 were used to purchase securities which were placed in an irrevocable trust to provide resources for the debt service payment due on October 15, 2019 when the refunded debt was called. The Series 2018 Certificates of Participation have been defeased and removed from the statement of net position. At June 30, 2022 the remaining balance of the defeased debt was \$10,900,000.

The par value of the Series 2019 refunding issuance was \$12,445,000, with an interest rate of 2.40%.

The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt (including unamortized deferred charges and unamortized premiums) by \$21,514. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt, which is equal to the life of the new debt issued. The refunding was undertaken to reduce future debt service payments by \$949,709 resulting in a current economic gain of \$803,853.

Payments related to the Series 2019 COPs refunding are recorded as debt service expenditures in the permanent improvement fund. Principal payments on the Series 2019 COPs are due each October 15, beginning October 15, 2020, through and including October 15, 2033. Interest payments are due on April 15 and October 15 each year. Principal and interest payments in fiscal year 2022 totaled \$780,000 and \$271,080, respectively. These amounts are reported as debt service expenditures in the permanent improvement fund. The final maturity stated in the issue is October 15, 2033.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

The Series 2019 COPs refunding are not a general obligation of the Career Center and are payable only from appropriations by the Career Center for annual lease payments. The following is a summary of the future debt service requirements to maturity for the Series 2019 COPs refunding:

Fiscal Year	Principal		Interest		Total		
2023	\$	795,000	\$	252,180	\$	1,047,180	
2024		815,000		232,860		1,047,860	
2025		830,000		213,120		1,043,120	
2026		855,000		192,900		1,047,900	
2027		875,000		172,140		1,047,140	
2028 - 2032		4,700,000		531,480		5,231,480	
2033 - 2034	_	2,035,000		49,140		2,084,140	
Total	\$	10,905,000	\$	1,643,820	\$	12,548,820	

Refunding Certificates of Participation Series 2020 - On August 5, 2020, the Career Center issued Refunding Certificates of Participation (Series 2020 COPs) to refund the current remaining portion of the Series 2012 Certificates of Participation (principal \$5,685,000; interest rate of 3.00 % - 3.75%). Issuance proceeds of \$5,850,000 were used to purchase securities which were placed in an irrevocable trust to provide resources for the debt service payment due on October 15, 2020, when the refunded debt was called. The Series 2012 Certificates of Participation have been defeased and removed from the statement of net position. At June 30, 2022 the remaining balance of the defeased debt was \$5,425,000.

The par value of the Series 2020 refunding issuance was \$5,850,000, with an interest rate of 2.14%.

The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt (including unamortized deferred charges and unamortized premiums) by \$64,906. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt, which is equal to the life of the new debt issued. The refunding was undertaken to reduce future debt service payments by \$780,155 resulting in a current economic gain of \$535,393.

Payments related to the Series 2020 COPs refunding are recorded as debt service expenditures in the general fund. Principal payments on the Series 2020 COPs are due each October 15, beginning October 15, 2020, through and including October 15, 2035. Interest payments are due on April 15 and October 15 each year. Principal and interest payments in fiscal year 2022 totaled \$330,000 and \$120,160, respectively. These amounts are reported as debt service expenditures in the general fund. The final maturity stated in the issue is October 15, 2035.

The Series 2020 COPs refunding are not a general obligation of the Career Center and are payable only from appropriations by the Career Center for annual lease payments. The following is a summary of the future debt service requirements to maturity for the Series 2020 COPs refunding:

Fiscal Year	_]	Principal		Interest	Total		
2023	\$	335,000	\$	113,045	\$	448,045	
2024		345,000		105,770		450,770	
2025		350,000		98,333		448,333	
2026		360,000		90,736		450,736	
2027		370,000		82,925		452,925	
2028 - 2032		1,965,000		291,522		2,256,522	
2033 - 2036		1,725,000		74,847		1,799,847	
Total	\$	5,450,000	\$	857,178	\$	6,307,178	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

<u>Compensated Absences</u>: Compensated absences will be paid from the funds from which the employees' salaries are paid, which consists primarily of the general fund and the adult education fund.

<u>Net Pension Liability</u>: The Career Center pays obligations related to employee compensation from the fund benefitting from their service. See Note 12 for more information on the Career Center's net pension liability.

<u>Net OPEB Liability</u>: The Career Center pays obligations related to employee compensation from the fund benefitting from their service. See Note 13 for more information on the Career Center's net OPEB liability.

<u>Legal Debt Margin:</u> The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the Career Center shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the Career Center. The code further provides that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the Career Center. The code additionally states that unvoted indebtedness related to energy conservation debt shall not exceed 9/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the Career Center. The assessed valuation used in determining the Career Center's legal debt margin has been modified by House Bill 530, which became effective March 30, 2006. In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in the Career Center's legal debt margin calculation excluded tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property, and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations. The effects of these debt limitations at June 30, 2022, are a voted debt margin of \$379,133,141 and an unvoted debt margin of \$4,212,590.

NOTE 10 - OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

A. Sick Leave

Each full time professional staff member is entitled to 15 days sick leave with pay for each year under contract and accrues sick leave at the rate of 1½ days for each calendar month under contract. Sick leave is cumulative to 330 days for both certified and non-certified employees.

B. Service Retirement Benefits

- 1. Certified employees are eligible for service retirement pay after the Board of Education accepts the employee's resignation. Service retirement pay is 25% of the certified employee's accrued, but unused sick leave days at the time of retirement based on their daily rate times the value of the employee's eligible (82.50 days maximum) accrued, but unused sick leave days. Employees must have at least ten years of total retirement service and at least five years of service with the Career Center to become eligible to be entitled to the maximum of 82.50 days.
- 2. Certified employees who retire during the current contract will be paid \$225 for every year of service with the EHOVE Board of Education.
- 3. Non-certified employees are eligible for service retirement pay after the Board of Education accepts the employee's resignation. Service retirement is 25% of the non-certified employee's accrued, but unused sick leave days at the time of retirement based on their daily rate times the value of the employee's eligible (82.50 days maximum) accrued, but unused sick leave days. Non-certified employees must have ten or more years of public service and at least five years of service with the Career Center to become eligible for the maximum of 82.50 days.
- 4. Non-certified employees who retire during the current contract will be paid \$225 for every year of service with the EHOVE Board of Education.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 10 - OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS - (Continued)

5. Administration employees, certified, and non-certified non-union staff are eligible for service retirement pay after the Board of Education accepts the employee's resignation. Service retirement is that as set forth in the EHOVE Education Association contract for administrators and as set forth in the Ohio Association of Public School Employees (OAPSE) contract for non-certified employees.

NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Comprehensive

The Career Center is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees and natural disasters. The Career Center maintains comprehensive insurance coverage with private carriers for general liability, real property, building contents and vehicles. Vehicle policies include liability coverage for bodily injury and property damage. Real property and contents are fully insured. Losses have not exceeded insurance coverage for the last three years and there has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from last year.

B. Health, Prescription Drug and Dental Insurance

The Career Center is a member of the Huron-Erie School Employees Insurance Association (the "Association"), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and health insurance program for 13 member schools. The Career Center pays a monthly premium to this pool for health, prescription drug and dental. The pool agreement provides that the Association will be self-sustaining through member premiums, and the pool purchased stop-loss coverage from private insurance carriers to cover claims in excess of \$250,000 for any employee in a year or to cover aggregate claims in excess of 120% of the prior year's total claims. Individual coverage per person cannot exceed \$1,000,000 in claims during his or her lifetime.

In the event of a withdrawal, the Career Center shall assume and be responsible for payment of all claims of its eligible employees, families and dependents from the effective date of withdrawal, regardless of when such claims were incurred, processed, or presented to the Association, insurance provider, insurance consultant, or any other appropriate or authorized person or representative; provided further, any such claims, which are paid after the effective date of withdrawal by the Association insurance provider or insurance consultant, or charged to such parties, shall be reimbursed in full by any withdrawing member upon demand of the Association.

C. Workers' Compensation Rating Plan

The Career Center participates in a workers' compensation retrospective group rating plan (the "Plan"), an insurance purchasing pool (See Note 2.A.). The intent of the Plan is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the Career Center by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the Plan. Participants in the Plan are placed on tiers according to their loss history. Participants with low loss histories are rewarded with greater savings than participants with higher loss histories. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for its Plan tier rather than its individual rate. Participation in the Plan is limited to schools than can meet the Plan's selection criteria. The firm of Sheakley Uniservice, Inc. provides administrative, cost control, assistance with safety programs, and actuarial services to the Plan.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

The Statewide retirement systems provide both pension benefits and other postemployment benefits (OPEB).

Net Pension Liability/Net OPEB Liability/Asset

The net pension liability/asset and the net OPEB liability/asset reported on the statement of net position represents a liability or asset to employees for pensions and OPEB, respectively.

Pensions and OPEB are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions/OPEB are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) represent the Career Center's proportionate share of each pension/OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting these estimates annually.

The Ohio Revised Code limits the Career Center's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The Career Center cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions/OPEB are financed; however, the Career Center does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension and OPEB.

GASB 68/75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires funding to come from these employers. All pension contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes pension costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits. In addition, health care plan enrollees pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. State statute requires the retirement systems to amortize unfunded pension liabilities within 30 years. If the pension amortization period exceeds 30 years, each retirement system's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension/OPEB liability (asset). Resulting adjustments to the net pension/OPEB liability (asset) would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients.

The remainder of this note includes the required pension disclosures. See Note 13 for the required OPEB disclosures.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net pension/OPEB liability (asset)* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in pension and postemployment benefits payable on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description - The Career Center's non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

Eligible to Retire on or before August 1, 2017 *		Eligible to Retire after August 1, 2017			
Full benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit			
Actuarially reduced benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit; or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit			

^{*} Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017 will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service; 2.2% for the first thirty years of service and 2.5% for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

An individual whose benefit effective date is before April 1, 2018, is eligible for a cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) on the first anniversary date of the benefit. Beginning April 1, 2018, new benefit recipients must wait until the fourth anniversary of their benefit for COLA eligibility. The COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit. A three-year COLA suspension was in effect for all benefit recipients for the years 2018, 2019, and 2020. Upon resumption of the COLA, it will be indexed to the percentage increase in the CPI-W, not to exceed 2.5% and with a floor of 0%. In 2021, the Board of Trustees approved a 2.5% cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) for eligible retirees and beneficiaries in 2022.

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10.00% of their annual covered salary and the Career Center is required to contribute 14.00% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10.00% for plan members and 14.00% for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 14.00%. For fiscal year 2022, the Retirement Board did not allocate any employer contribution to the Health Care Fund.

The Career Center's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$503,057 for fiscal year 2022. Of this amount, \$22,744 is reported as pension and postemployment benefits payable.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description - Licensed teachers participate in STRS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS website at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans: a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined (CO) Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation is 2.20% of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. In April 2017, the Retirement Board made the decision to reduce COLA granted on or after July 1, 2017, to 0% to preserve the fiscal integrity of the retirement system. Benefit recipients' base benefit and past cost-of living increases are not affected by this change. Eligibility changes will be phased in until August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five year of service credit and age 65, or 35 years of service credit and at least age 60.

Eligibility changes for DB Plan members who retire with actuarially reduced benefits will be phased in until August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility will be five years of qualifying service credit and age 60, or 30 years of service credit at any age.

The DC Plan allows members to place all of their member contributions and 9.53% of the 14% employer contributions into an investment account. Investment allocation decisions are determined by the member. The remaining 4.47% of the 14% employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, 12% of the 14% member rate goes to the DC Plan and the remaining 2% is applied to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity after termination of employment at age 50 and after termination of employment.

New members who choose the DC Plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. New members must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit that apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy - Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. The fiscal year 2022 employer and employee contribution rate of 14% was equal to the statutory maximum rates. For fiscal year 2022, the full employer contribution was allocated to pension.

The Career Center's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$1,214,344 for fiscal year 2022. Of this amount, \$202,226 is reported as pension and postemployment benefits payable.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Career Center's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the Career Center's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities.

Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

		SERS		STRS	 Total
Proportion of the net pension					
liability prior measurement date	0.0	087855500%	0.0	061827370%	
Proportion of the net pension					
liability current measurement date	0.0	098934300 <u></u> %	0.0	060921806 <mark>%</mark>	
Change in proportionate share	0.0	011078800 <mark></mark> %	-0.0	000905564 <u></u> %	
Proportionate share of the net					
pension liability	\$	3,650,389	\$	7,789,400	\$ 11,439,789
Pension expense	\$	(221,947)	\$	(353,662)	\$ (575,609)

At June 30, 2022, the Career Center reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

·	SERS	STRS	Total
Deferred outflows of resources			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$ 352	\$ 240,658	\$ 241,010
Changes of assumptions	76,866	2,160,920	2,237,786
Difference between employer contributions			
and proportionate share of contributions/			
change in proportionate share	442,402	37,803	480,205
Contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date	503,057	1,214,344	1,717,401
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$1,022,677	\$3,653,725	\$4,676,402
	SERS	STRS	Total
Deferred inflows of resources			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$ 94,669	\$ 48,823	\$ 143,492
Net difference between projected and			
actual earnings on pension plan investments	1,880,059	6,712,974	8,593,033
Difference between employer contributions			
and proportionate share of contributions/			
1 1			
change in proportionate share	_	851,387	851,387

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

\$1,717,401 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from Career Center contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	SERS		STRS		Total	
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:				_		
2023	\$	(174,177)	\$	(1,386,705)	\$	(1,560,882)
2024		(256,856)		(1,250,732)		(1,507,588)
2025		(447,011)		(1,118,354)		(1,565,365)
2026	_	(577,064)		(1,418,012)		(1,995,076)
Total	\$	(1,455,108)	\$	(5,173,803)	\$	(6,628,911)

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2021, are presented below:

Wage inflation:

Current measurement date 2.40% Prior measurement date 3.00%

Future salary increases, including inflation:

Current measurement date 3.25% to 13.58% Prior measurement date 3.50% to 18.20%

COLA or ad hoc COLA:

Current measurement date 2.00% Prior measurement date 2.50%

Investment rate of return:

Current measurement date 7.00% net of system expenses
Prior measurement date 7.50% net of system expenses

Discount rate:

Current measurement date 7.00% Prior measurement date 7.50%

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal (level percent of payroll)

In 2021, Mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weight Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20% for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35% for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3% for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8% for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

In the prior measurement date, the mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five-year age set-back for both males and females. Mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries were based upon the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates. Mortality among disabled members was based upon the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended June 30, 2020.

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Cash	2.00 %	(0.33) %
US Equity	24.75	5.72
Non-US Equity Developed	13.50	6.55
Non-US Equity Emerging	6.75	8.54
Fixed Income/Global Bonds	19.00	1.14
Private Equity	11.00	10.03
Real Estate/Real Assets	16.00	5.41
Multi-Asset Strategy	4.00	3.47
Private Debt/Private Credit	3.00	5.28
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate - The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by state statute. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.00%). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Career Center's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%), or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate.

	Current						
	19	1% Decrease		Discount Rate		1% Increase	
Career Center's proportionate share							
of the net pension liability	\$	6,073,350	\$	3,650,389	\$	1,606,999	

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2021, actuarial valuation are presented below:

	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020
Inflation	2.50%	2.50%
Projected salary increases	12.50% at age 20 to	12.50% at age 20 to
	2.50% at age 65	2.50% at age 65
Investment rate of return	7.00%, net of investment expenses, including inflation	7.45%, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Discount rate of return	7.00%	7.45%
Payroll increases	3.00%	3.00%
Cost-of-living adjustments (COLA)	0.00%	0.00%

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

For the June 30, 2021, actuarial valuation, post-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Tables with 50% of rates through age 69, 70% of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90% of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100% of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Preretirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Tables with 90% of rates for males and 100% of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

STRS Ohio's investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return *
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00 %	

^{*10-}Year geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00% as of June 30, 2021. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with the rates described previously. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Based on those assumptions, STRS Ohio's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2021. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00% was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2021.

Sensitivity of the Career Center's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following table represents the net pension liability as of June 30, 2021, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.00%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current assumption:

	Current					
	1% Decrease		Discount Rate		1% Increase	
Career Center's proportionate share						
of the net pension liability	\$	14,586,632	\$	7,789,400	\$	2,045,755

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Changes Between Measurement Date and Reporting Date - In February 2022, the Board approved changes to demographic measures that will impact the June 30, 2022, actuarial valuation. These demographic measures include retirement, salary increase, disability/termination and mortality assumptions. In March 2022, the STRS Board approved benefit plan changes to take effect on July 1, 2022. These changes include a one-time three percent cost-of-living increase (COLA) to be paid to eligible benefit recipients and the elimination of the age 60 requirement for retirement age and service eligibility that was set to take effect in 2026. The effect on the net pension liability is unknown.

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS

Net OPEB Liability/Asset

See Note 12 for a description of the net OPEB liability (asset).

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Health Care Plan Description - The Career Center contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 75 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. SERS' Health Care Plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of most types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage. In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree, are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of 65 and therefore enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board established the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14% of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, SERS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2022, this amount was \$25,000. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2% of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5% of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2022, the Career Center's surcharge obligation was \$20,973.

The surcharge added to the allocated portion of the 14% employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The Career Center's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$20,973 for fiscal year 2022. Of this amount, \$20,973 is reported as pension and postemployment benefits payable.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description - The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy - Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Nearly all health care plan enrollees, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14% of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.

OPEB Liabilities/Assets, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liability/asset was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total OPEB liability/asset used to calculate the net OPEB liability/asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Career Center's proportion of the net OPEB liability/asset was based on the Career Center's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities.

Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

		SERS		STRS	 Total
Proportion of the net OPEB					
liability/asset prior measurement date	0.0	082707900%	0.0	061827370%	
Proportion of the net OPEB					
liability/asset current measurement date	0.0	094052500 <u></u> %	0.0	060921806%	
Change in proportionate share	0.0	011344600 <u></u> %	-0.0	000905564%	
Proportionate share of the net		<u> </u>			
OPEB liability	\$	1,780,021	\$	-	\$ 1,780,021
Proportionate share of the net					
OPEB asset	\$	-	\$	1,284,486	\$ 1,284,486
OPEB expense	\$	(9,887)	\$	(89,565)	\$ (99,452)

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

At June 30, 2022, the Career Center reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	 SERS		STRS		Total
Deferred outflows of resources					
Differences between expected and					
actual experience	\$ 18,973	\$	45,736	\$	64,709
Changes of assumptions	279,244		82,047		361,291
Difference between employer contributions					
and proportionate share of contributions/					
change in proportionate share	590,696		25,453		616,149
Contributions subsequent to the					
measurement date	 20,973				20,973
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$ 909,886	\$	153,236	\$	1,063,122
	SERS		STRS		Total
Deferred inflows of resources		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
Differences between expected and					
actual experience	\$ 886,530	\$	235,343	\$	1,121,873
Net difference between projected and					
actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	38,671		356,038		394,709
Changes of assumptions	243,760		766,291		1,010,051
Difference between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions/					
change in proportionate share	 637,136		25,862		662,998
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$ 1,806,097	\$	1,383,534	\$	3,189,631

\$20,973 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from Career Center contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of/increase to the net OPEB liability/asset in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	 SERS STRS		Total		
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:			_		_
2023	\$ (194,981)	\$	(350,694)	\$	(545,675)
2024	(195,249)		(341,786)		(537,035)
2025	(278,637)		(333,689)		(612,326)
2026	(214,770)		(154,479)		(369,249)
2027	(45,901)		(50,747)		(96,648)
Thereafter	 12,354		1,097		13,451
Total	\$ (917,184)	\$	(1,230,298)	\$	(2,147,482)

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

The total OPEB liability is determined by SERS' actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2021 are presented below:

Wage inflation:	
Current measurement date	2.40%
Prior measurement date	3.00%
Future salary increases, including inflation:	
Current measurement date	3.25% to 13.58%
Prior measurement date	3.50% to 18.20%
Investment rate of return:	
Current measurement date	7.00% net of investment
	expense, including inflation
Prior measurement date	7.50% net of investment
	expense, including inflation
Municipal bond index rate:	
Current measurement date	1.92%
Prior measurement date	2.45%
Single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense,	
including price inflation:	
Current measurement date	2.27%
Prior measurement date	2.63%
Medical trend assumption:	
Current measurement date	
Medicare	5.125 to 4.400%
Pre-Medicare	6.750 to 4.400%
Prior measurement date	
Medicare	5.25 to 4.75%
Pre-Medicare	7.00 to 4.75%

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

In 2021, Mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weight Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20% for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35% for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3% for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8% for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

In the prior measurement date, the mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five-year age set-back for both males and females. Mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries were based upon the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates. Mortality among disabled members was based upon the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended June 30, 2020.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the actuarial five-year experience study. The most recent study covers fiscal years 2015 through 2020 and was adopted by the Board in 2021. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return, 7.00%, by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as used in the June 30, 2020 five-year experience study, are summarized as follows:

A COL	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Cash	2.00 %	(0.33) %
US Equity	24.75	5.72
Non-US Equity Developed	13.50	6.55
Non-US Equity Emerging	6.75	8.54
Fixed Income/Global Bonds	19.00	1.14
Private Equity	11.00	10.03
Real Estate/Real Assets	16.00	5.41
Multi-Asset Strategy	4.00	3.47
Private Debt/Private Credit	3.00	5.28
Total	100.00 %	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2021 was 2.27%. The discount rate used to measure total OPEB liability prior to June 30, 2021 was 2.63%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and the System at the contribution rate of 1.50% of projected covered payroll each year, which includes a 1.50% payroll surcharge and no contributions from the basic benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current System members by SERS actuaries. The Municipal Bond Index Rate is used in the determination of the SEIR for both the June 30, 2020 and the June 30, 2021 total OPEB liability. The Municipal Bond Index rate is the single rate that will generate a present value of benefit payments equal to the sum of the present value determined by the long-term expected rate of return, and the present value determined by discounting those benefits after the date of depletion. The Municipal Bond Index Rate is 1.92% at June 30, 2021 and 2.45% at June 30, 2020.

Sensitivity of the Career Center's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates - The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate. The following table presents the net OPEB liability, what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (1.27%) and higher (3.27%) than the current discount rate (2.27%). Also shown is what the net OPEB liability would be based on health care cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (5.75% decreasing to 3.40%) and higher (7.75% decreasing to 5.40%) than the current rate (6.75% decreasing to 4.40%).

				Current		
	1% Decrease		Discount Rate		1% Increase	
Career Center's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	2,205,661	\$	1,780,021	\$	1,439,989
	19	% Decrease		Current Trend Rate	1	% Increase
Career Center's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	1,370,470	\$	1,780,021	\$	2,327,055

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2021, actuarial valuation, compared with June 30, 2020, are presented below:

	June 30, 2021		June 30, 2020		
Inflation	2.50%		2.50%		
Projected salary increases	12.50% at age 20) to	12.50% at age 20 to		
	2.50% at age 65		2.50% at age 65		
Investment rate of return	7.00%, net of inverses, include		7.45%, net of investment expenses, including inflation		
Payroll increases	3.00%		3.00%		
Cost-of-living adjustments (COLA)	0.00%		0.00%		
Discount rate of return	7.00%		7.45%		
Blended discount rate of return	N/A		N/A		
Health care cost trends					
	Initial	Ultimate	Initial	Ultimate	
Medical					
Pre-Medicare	5.00%	4.00%	5.00%	4.00%	
Medicare	-16.18%	4.00%	-6.69%	4.00%	
Prescription Drug					
Pre-Medicare	6.50%	4.00%	6.50%	4.00%	
Medicare	29.98%	4.00%	11.87%	4.00%	

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

For healthy retirees the mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Tables with 50% of rates through age 69, 70% of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90% of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100% of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Tables with 90% of rates for males and 100% of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

Assumption Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date - The discount rate was adjusted to 7.00% from 7.45% for the June 30, 2021 valuation.

Benefit Term Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date - The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2022 from 2.055% to 2.100%. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2022. The Medicare Part D subsidy was updated to reflect it is expected to be negative in CY2022. The Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return *
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00 %	

^{*10-}Year geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB asset was 7.00% as of June 30, 2021. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed STRS Ohio continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2021. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on health care fund investments of 7.00% was applied to all periods of projected health care costs to determine the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2021.

Sensitivity of the Career Center's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount and Health Care Cost Trend Rate - The following table represents the net OPEB asset as of June 30, 2021, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.00%, as well as what the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current assumption. Also shown is the net OPEB asset as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates.

				Current		
	1% Decrease		Discount Rate		1% Increase	
Career Center's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	\$	1,083,908	\$	1,284,486	\$	1,452,040
	1%	√o Decrease		Current Trend Rate	1	% Increase
Career Center's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	\$	1,445,250	\$	1,284,486	\$	1,085,687

Changes Between the Measurement Date and the Reporting Date - In February 2022, the Board approved changes to demographic measures that will impact the June 30, 2022, actuarial valuation. The effect on the net OPEB liability is unknown.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 14 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances.

The statements of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance - budget and actual (non-GAAP budgetary basis) presented for the general fund and the adult education fund are presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (a) Revenues and other financing sources are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures and other financing uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to assigned or committed fund balance for that portion of outstanding encumbrances not already recognized as an account payable (GAAP basis);
- (d) Advances-in and advances-out are operating transactions (budget basis) as opposed to balance sheet transactions (GAAP basis);
- (e) Investments are reported at fair value (GAAP basis) rather than cost (budget basis); and,
- (f) Some funds are included in the general fund (GAAP basis), but have separate legally adopted budgets (budget basis).

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis for the general fund and the adult education fund are as follows:

Net Change in Fund Balance

	General	<u>Adul</u>	lt Education
Budget basis	\$ (446,374)	\$	519,475
Net adjustment for revenue accruals	395,404		21,811
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals	(943,173)		(81,082)
Net adjustment for other sources/uses	(28,673)		-
Funds budgeted elsewhere	172,060		-
Adjustment for encumbrances	744,201	-	184,605
GAAP basis	<u>\$ (106,555)</u>	\$	644,809

Certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate Career Center fund classifications are considered part of the general fund on a GAAP basis. This includes the special trust fund, uniform school supplies fund, special rotary fund, and termination benefits fund.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 15 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The Career Center receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal, State and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the Career Center. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on the financial position of the Career Center.

B. Litigation

The Career Center is involved in no material litigation as either plaintiff or defendant.

NOTE 16 - SET-ASIDES

The Career Center is required by State law to annually set-aside certain general fund revenue amounts, as defined by statutory formula, for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at fiscal year-end. This amount must be carried forward to be used for the same purpose in future years. Expenditures and other applicable offsets exceeding the set-aside requirement may not be carried forward to the next fiscal year.

The following cash basis information describes the change in the fiscal year-end set-aside amount for capital improvements. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

		Capital				
	Improvemen					
Set-aside balance June 30, 2021	\$	-				
Current year set-aside requirement		142,750				
Current year qualifying expenditures		(565,210)				
Current year offsets		(2,318,879)				
Total	\$	(2,741,339)				
Balance carried forward to fiscal year 2023	\$	-				
Set-aside balance June 30, 2022	\$	-				

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 17 - OTHER COMMITMENTS

The Career Center utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year end may be reported as part of restricted, committed, or assigned classifications of fund balance. At year end, the Career Center's commitments for encumbrances (less amounts already recorded in payables) in the governmental funds were as follows:

	•	Year-End
Fund	En	cumbrances
General	\$	528,947
Adult education		93,224
Permanent improvement		676,786
Nonmajor governmental funds		351,654
Total	\$	1,650,611

NOTE 18 - TAX ABATEMENTS ENTERED INTO BY OTHER GOVERNMENTS

Other governments entered into property tax abatement agreements with property and business owners under Enterprise Zone Agreements ("EZAs") and the Ohio Community Reinvestment Area ("CRA") program with the taxing districts of the Career Center. The EZAs and CRA program are directive incentive tax exemption programs benefiting property and business owners who renovate or construct new buildings or bring new jobs into the area. Under these programs, the other governments designated areas to encourage revitalization of the existing housing stock, the development of new structures, and economic growth. Within the taxing districts of the Career Center, certain municipal governments located in the counties of Huron, Erie, Sandusky, and Lorain have entered into such agreements. Under these agreements, the Career Center's property taxes were reduced by \$31,577 in Huron County, \$36,761 in Erie County, \$30,219 in Sandusky County, and \$7,956 in Lorain County. The Career Center is not receiving any amounts from the other governments in association with the forgone property tax revenue.

NOTE 19 - CONTRACTUAL COMMITMENTS

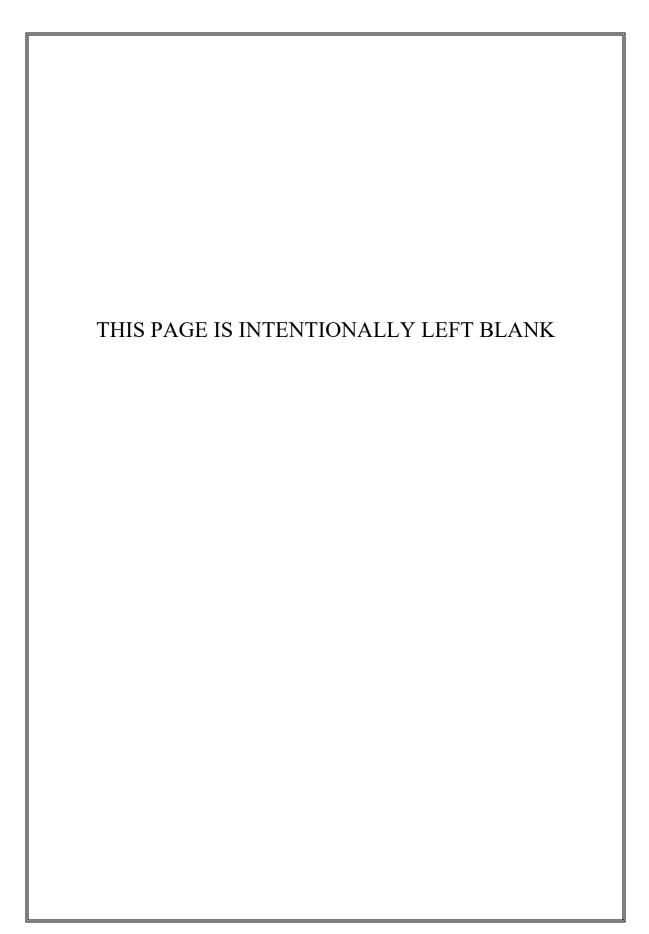
The Career Center had the following significant contractual commitment at June 30, 2022:

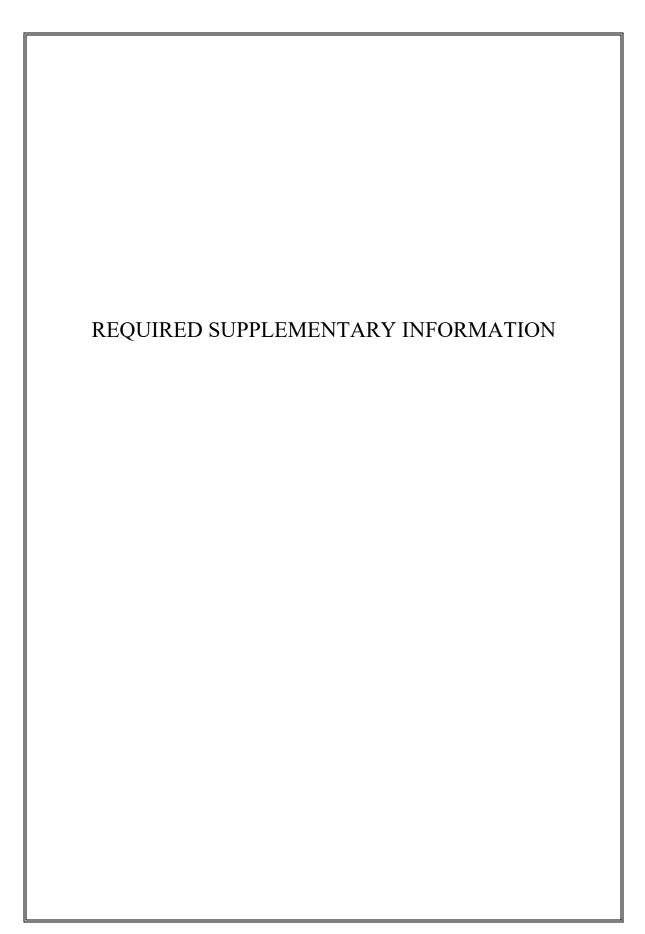
		Contract	A	mount	I	Balance at	
Vendor	Project	Amount	Ex	pended	June 30, 2022		
Telamon Construction	Building A Renovation Project	\$ 1,055,700	\$		\$	1,055,700	

NOTE 20 - COVID-19

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March of 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Ohio's state of emergency ended in June 2021 while the national state of emergency continues. During fiscal year 2022, the Career Center received COVID-19 funding. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the Career Center. The impact on the Career Center's future operating costs, revenues, and additional recovery from emergency funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated.

The Career Center's investment portfolio fluctuates with market conditions, and due to market volatility, the amount of gains or losses that will be realized in subsequent periods, if any, cannot be determined.





SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE CAREER CENTER'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

LAST NINE FISCAL YEARS

		2022	 2021		2020		2019
Career Center's proportion of the net pension liability	0.09893430%		0.08785550%	().08562540%	(0.12694260%
Career Center's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	3,650,389	\$ 5,810,948	\$	5,123,118	\$	7,270,238
Career Center's covered payroll	\$	3,345,993	\$ 3,030,264	\$	2,992,533	\$	2,872,081
Career Center's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		109.10%	191.76%		171.20%		253.13%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		82.86%	68.55%		70.85%		71.36%

Note: Information prior to 2014 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the Career Center's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

	2018		2017		2016		2015		2014
(0.08763580%	(0.08823890%	(0.08971200%	(0.08992800%	(0.08992800%
\$	5,236,045	\$	6,458,273	\$	5,119,054	\$	4,551,205	\$	5,347,730
\$	2,986,893	\$	2,736,543	\$	2,700,797	\$	2,613,139	\$	2,371,611
	175.30%		236.00%		189.54%		174.17%		225.49%
	69.50%		62.98%		69.16%		71.70%		65.52%

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE CAREER CENTER'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

LAST NINE FISCAL YEARS

	2022			2021		2020	 2019
Career Center's proportion of the net pension liability	0.060921806%			0.06182737%		0.06227147%	0.06740358%
Career Center's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 7,789,400		\$	\$ 14,960,024		13,770,961	\$ 14,820,534
Career Center's covered payroll	\$ 6,139,464		\$ 7,438,229		\$ 6,978,793		\$ 7,317,514
Career Center's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		126.87%		201.12%		197.33%	202.54%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		87.78%		75.48%		77.40%	77.31%

Note: Information prior to 2014 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the Career Center's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

 2018	2018			2016		2015	 2014
0.06597509%	0.0663142		0.06588238%			0.06724957%	0.06724957%
\$ 15,672,524	\$	22,197,368	\$	18,207,963	\$	16,357,423	\$ 19,484,855
\$ 7,297,979	\$	6,624,007	\$	6,873,721	\$	6,871,054	\$ 6,783,500
214.75%		335.10%		264.89%		238.06%	287.24%
75.30%		66.80%		72.10%		74.70%	69.30%

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CAREER CENTER PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2022			2021		2020	2019		
Contractually required contribution	\$ 503,057		\$	468,439		424,237	\$	403,992	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(503,057)		(468,439)		(424,237)		(403,992)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$		\$		
Career Center's covered payroll	\$	3,593,264	\$	3,345,993	\$	3,030,264	\$	2,992,533	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		14.00%		14.00%		14.00%		13.50%	

 2018	 2017	2016		 2015		2014	2013		
\$ 387,731	\$ 418,165	\$	383,116	\$ 355,965	\$	362,181	\$	328,231	
 (387,731)	 (418,165)		(383,116)	(355,965)		(362,181)		(328,231)	
\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$ 	\$		\$		
\$ 2,872,081	\$ 2,986,893	\$	2,736,543	\$ 2,700,797	\$	2,613,139	\$	2,371,611	
13.50%	14.00%		14.00%	13.18%		13.86%		13.84%	

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CAREER CENTER PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2022			2021	 2020	2019		
Contractually required contribution	\$	1,214,344	\$	859,525	\$ 1,041,352	\$	977,031	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(1,214,344)		(859,525)	 (1,041,352)		(977,031)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$ 	\$		
Career Center's covered payroll	\$	8,673,886	\$	6,139,464	\$ 7,438,229	\$	6,978,793	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		14.00%		14.00%	14.00%		14.00%	

 2018	 2017	2016		 2015	 2014	2013			
\$ 1,024,452	\$ 1,021,717	\$	927,361	\$ 962,321	\$ 893,237	\$	881,855		
 (1,024,452)	 (1,021,717)		(927,361)	 (962,321)	 (893,237)	_	(881,855)		
\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$ 	\$ 	\$			
\$ 7,317,514	\$ 7,297,979	\$	6,624,007	\$ 6,873,721	\$ 6,871,054	\$	6,783,500		
14.00%	14.00%		14.00%	14.00%	13.00%		13.00%		

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE CAREER CENTER'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS

		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017
Career Center's proportion of the net OPEB liability	(0.09405250%		0.08270790%		0.08196310%		0.11940860%	(0.08504350%		0.08841089%
Career Center's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	1,780,021	\$	1,797,513	\$	2,061,200	\$	3,312,717	\$	2,282,344	\$	2,520,038
Career Center's covered payroll	\$	3,345,993	\$	3,030,264	\$	2,992,533	\$	2,872,081	\$	2,986,893	\$	2,736,543
Career Center's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		53.20%		59.32%		68.88%		115.34%		76.41%		92.09%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		24.08%		18.17%		15.57%		13.57%		12.46%		11.49%

Note: Information prior to 2017 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the Career Center's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE CAREER CENTER'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY/ASSET STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS

		2022	_	2021	 2020	_	2019	 2018		2017
Career Center's proportion of the net OPEB liability/asset	0	.060921806%		0.06182737%	0.06227147%		0.06740358%	0.06597509%	,	0.06631422%
Career Center's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability/(asset)	\$	(1,284,486)	\$	(1,086,616)	\$ (1,031,365)	\$	(1,083,107)	\$ 2,574,105	\$	3,546,502
Career Center's covered payroll	\$	6,139,464	\$	7,438,229	\$ 6,978,793	\$	7,317,514	\$ 7,297,979	\$	6,624,007
Career Center's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability/asset as a percentage of its covered payroll		20.92%		14.61%	14.78%		14.80%	35.27%		53.54%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability/asset		174.73%		182.10%	174.70%		176.00%	47.10%		37.33%

Note: Information prior to 2017 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the Career Center's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CAREER CENTER OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	 2022	 2021	 2020	 2019
Contractually required contribution	\$ 20,973	\$ 23,660	\$ 13,121	\$ 37,874
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 (20,973)	 (23,660)	 (13,121)	 (37,874)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$
Career Center's covered payroll	\$ 3,593,264	\$ 3,345,993	\$ 3,030,264	\$ 2,992,533
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	0.58%	0.71%	0.43%	1.27%

 2018	 2017	 2016	 2015	 2014	 2013
\$ 37,235	\$ 28,373	\$ 40,405	\$ 55,240	\$ 39,352	\$ 39,595
 (37,235)	(28,373)	(40,405)	(55,240)	 (39,352)	 (39,595)
\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$
\$ 2,872,081	\$ 2,986,893	\$ 2,736,543	\$ 2,700,797	\$ 2,613,139	\$ 2,371,611
1.30%	0.95%	1.48%	2.05%	1.51%	1.67%

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CAREER CENTER OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	 2022	2021	2020	 2019
Contractually required contribution	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 <u> </u>		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$
Career Center's covered payroll	\$ 8,673,886	\$ 6,139,464	\$ 7,438,229	\$ 6,978,793
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

 2018	 2017	 2016	2015 2014		2013		
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 67,650	\$	67,835
 	 	 			 (67,650)		(67,835)
\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$ 	\$	
\$ 7,317,514	\$ 7,297,979	\$ 6,624,007	\$	6,873,721	\$ 6,871,054	\$	6,783,500
0.00%	0.00%	0.00%		0.00%	1.00%		1.00%

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

PENSION

SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms:

- ⁿ There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal years 2014-2017.
- For fiscal year 2018, SERS changed from a fixed 3% annual increase to a Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) based on the changes in the Consumer Price Index (CPI-W), with a cap of 2.5% and a floor of 0%.
- ^a There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2019.
- ^a There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2020.
- ^o There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2021.
- ^a For fiscal year 2022, SERS changed from a Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) of 2.5% to 2.0%.

Changes in assumptions:

- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal years 2014-2016.
- For fiscal year 2017, the following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%, (b) payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.50%, (c) assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75% to 0.50%, (d) rates of withdrawal, retirement and disability were updated to reflect recent experience, (e) mortality among active members was updated to RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females, (f) mortality among service retired members and beneficiaries was updated to the following RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates and 110% of female rates, (g) mortality among disabled members was updated to RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement and (h) the discount rate was reduced from 7.75% to 7.50%.
- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2018.
- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2019.
- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2020.
- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2021
- For fiscal year 2022, the following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) wage inflation decreased from 3.00% to 2.40%, (b) future salary increases changed from 3.50%-18.20% to 3.25%-13.58%, (c) investment rate of return decreased from 7.50% to 7.00%, (d) discount rate decreased from 7.50% to 7.00% and (e) mortality tables changed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar mortality table to the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weight Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table.

STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms:

- ^a There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal years 2014-2017.
- ^a For fiscal year 2018, STRS decreased the Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) to zero.
- ⁿ There were no changes in benefit terms from amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2019.
- ^a There were no changes in benefit terms from amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2020.
- ^a There were no changes in benefit terms from amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2021.
- ⁿ There were no changes in benefit terms from amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2022.

(Continued)

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (CONTINUED) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

PENSION (CONTINUED)

$Changes\ in\ assumptions:$

- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal years 2014-2017.
- For fiscal year 2018, the following changes of assumption affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the long-term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75% to 7.45%, (b) the inflation assumption was lowered from 2.75% to 2.50%, (c) the payroll growth assumption was lowered to 3.00%, (d) total salary increases rate was lowered by decreasing the merit component of the individual salary increases, in addition to a decrease of 0.25% due to lower inflation, (e) the healthy and disabled mortality assumptions were updated to the RP-2014 mortality tables with generational improvement scale MP-2016 and (f) rates of retirement, termination and disability were modified to better reflect anticipated future experience.
- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2019
- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2020.
- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2021.
- ^a For fiscal year 2022, the following changes of assumption affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the long-term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.45% to 7.00% and (b) the discount rate of return was reduced from 7.45% to 7.00%.

OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms:

¹⁰ There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal years 2014-2022.

Changes in assumptions:

- ^a There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2017.
- For fiscal year 2018, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%, (b) payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.50%, (c) assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75% to 0.50%, (d) rates of withdrawal, retirement, and disability were updated to reflect recent experience, (e) mortality among active members was updated to the following: RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five-year age set-back for both males and females, (f) mortality among service retired members and beneficiaries was updated to the following: RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates, (g) mortality among disabled members was updated to the following: RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement, (h) the municipal bond index rate increased from 2.92% to 3.56% and (i) the single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation increased from 2.98% to 3.63%.
- For fiscal year 2019, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate increased from 3.63% to 3.70%, (b) the health care cost trend rates for Medicare were changed from a range of 5.50%-5.00% to a range of 5.375%-4.75% and Pre-Medicare were changed from a range of 7.50%-5.00% to a range of 7.25%-4.75%, (c) the municipal bond index rate increased from 3.56% to 3.62% and (d) the single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation increased from 3.63% to 3.70%.
- For fiscal year 2020, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate decreased from 3.70% to 3.22%, (b) the health care cost trend rates for Medicare were changed from a range of 5.375%-4.75% to a range of 5.25%-4.75% and Pre-Medicare were changed from a range of 7.25%-4.75% to a range of 7.00%-4.75%, (c) the municipal bond index rate decreased from 3.62% to 3.13% and (d) the single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation decreased from 3.70% to 3.22%.
- For fiscal year 2021, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate decreased from 3.22% to 2.63% and (b) the municipal bond index rate decreased from 3.13% to 2.45%.
- For fiscal year 2022, the following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) wage inflation decreased from 3.00% to 2.40%, (b) future salary increases changed from 3.50%-18.20% to 3.25%-13.58%, (c) investment rate of return decreased from 7.50% to 7.00%, (d) discount rate decreased from 7.50% to 7.00% and (e) mortality tables changed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar mortality table to the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weight Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table.

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (CONTINUED) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms:

- ^a There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2017.
- For fiscal year 2018, STRS reduced the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients from 2.1% to 1.9% per year of service. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements were discontinued for certain survivors and beneficiaries and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 2019.
- For fiscal year 2019, STRS increased the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients from 1.9% to 1.944% per year of service effective January 1, 2019. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased January 1, 2019 and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 1, 2020.
- ^a For fiscal year 2020, STRS increased the subsidy percentage from 1.944% to 1.984% effective January 1, 2020. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1% for the Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed to January 1, 2021.
- For fiscal year 2021, the non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2021 from 1.984% to 2.055% per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2021. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1% for the AMA Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.
- For fiscal year 2022, the non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2022 from 2.055% to 2.100%. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2022. The Medicare Part D subsidy was updated to reflect it is expected to be negative in CY2022. The Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.

Changes in assumptions:

- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2017.
- ^a For fiscal year 2018, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was increased from 3.26% to 4.13% based on the methodology defined under GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB), (b) the long term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75% to 7.45%, (c) valuation year per capita health care costs were updated, and the salary scale was modified, (d) the percentage of future retirees electing each option was updated based on current data and the percentage of future disabled retirees and terminated vested participants electing health coverage were decreased and (e) the assumed mortality, disability, retirement, withdrawal and future health care cost trend rates were modified along with the portion of rebated prescription drug costs.
- For fiscal year 2019, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability/asset since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was increased from the blended rate of 4.13% to the long-term expected rate of return of 7.45% based on the methodology defined under GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB) and (b) decrease in health care cost trend rates from 6.00%-11.00% initial; 4.50% ultimate down to Medical Pre-Medicare 6.00% and Medicare 5.00% initial; 4.00% ultimate and Prescription Drug Pre-Medicare 8.00% and Medicare (5.23%) initial; 4.00% ultimate.
- For fiscal year 2020, health care cost trend rates were changed to the following: medical pre-Medicare from 6.00% initial 4.00% ultimate down to 5.87% initial 4.00% ultimate; medical Medicare from 5.00% initial 4.00% ultimate down to 4.93% initial 4.00% ultimate; prescription drug pre-Medicare from 8.00% initial 4.00% ultimate down to 7.73% initial 4.00% ultimate and (5.23%) initial 4.00% ultimate up to 9.62% initial 4.00% ultimate.
- For fiscal year 2021, health care cost trend rates were changed to the following: medical pre-Medicare from 5.87% initial 4.00% ultimate down to 5.00% initial 4.00% ultimate; medical Medicare from 4.93% initial 4.00% ultimate down to -6.69% initial 4.00% ultimate; prescription drug pre-Medicare from 7.73% initial 4.00% ultimate down to 6.50% initial 4.00% ultimate; prescription drug Medicare from 9.62% initial 4.00% ultimate up to 11.87% initial 4.00% ultimate.
- ^a For fiscal year 2022, the following changes of assumption affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the long-term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.45% to 7.00%, (b) the discount rate of return was reduced from 7.45% to 7.00% and (c) health care cost trend rates were changed to the following: medical Medicare from -6.69% initial 4.00% ultimate down to -16.18% initial 4.00% ultimate; prescription drug Medicare from 11.87% initial 4.00% ultimate up to 29.98% initial 4.00% ultimate.



EHOVE CAREER CENTER ERIE COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

FEDERAL GRANTOR/ SUB GRANTOR/ PROGRAM TITLE	ASSISTANCE LISTING NUMBER	PASS-THROUGH ENTITY IDENTIFYING NUMBER / ADDITIONAL AWARD IDENTIFICATION	EXPEN	OTAL DITURES OF AL AWARDS
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE				
Passed Through the Ohio Department of Education				
Child Nutrition Cluster				
School Breakfast Program	10.553	2022	\$	82,812
COVID-19 - National School Lunch Program - CNP COVID3 EMERGENCY CST	10.555	COVID-19, 2022		20,426
COVID-19 - National School Lunch Program - CN COVID PRO MANF	10.555	COVID-19, 2022		18,376
National School Lunch Program	10.555	2022		353,041
National School Lunch Program - Food Donation	10.555	2022		37,634
Total National School Lunch Program				429,477
Total Child Nutrition Cluster				512,289
COVID-19 - State Pandemic Electronic Benefit Transfer (P-EBT) Administrative Costs Grant	10.649	COVID-19, 2022		614
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture				512,903
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY				
Passed Through the Ohio Department of Higher Education				
COVID-19 - Coronavirus Relief Fund - Public Higher Education	21.019	COVID-19, 2021		7,550
Total U.S. Department of Treasury				7,550
U.S. FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION				
Direct COVID-19 - Emergency Connectivity Fund (ECF) Program - Equipment	32.009	COVID-19, ECOECF219001519811		20,400
Total U.S. Federal Communications Commission				20,400
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION				
Passed Through the Ohio Department of Education				
Adult Education - Basic Grants to States - Aspire Instructional	84.002A	84.002A, 2021		592
Passed Through the Ohio Department of Higher Education				
Career and Technical Education Basic Grants to States	84.048A	84.048A, 2021		34,887
Career and Technical Education Basic Grants to States	84.048A	84.048A, 2022		213,733
Career and Technical Education Basic Grants to States - Adult	84.048A	84.048A, 2021		19,340
Career and Technical Education Basic Grants to States - Adult	84.048A	84.048A, 2022		141,227
Total Career and Technical Education Basic Grants to States				409,187
Direct				
Student Financial Assistance Cluster				
Federal Pell Grant Program	84.063	N/A		669,848
Federal Direct Student Loans (Direct Loan)	84.268	N/A		1,138,641
Total Student Financial Assistance Cluster				1,808,489
Direct				
Rural Education	84.358B	84.358B, S358A213113		66,309
Direct				
COVID-19 - Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund (HEERF III) - Student Aid Portion	84.425E	COVID-19, 84.425E, P425E202842		451,227
COVID-19 - Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund (HEERF II) - Institutional Aid Portion	84.425F	COVID-19, 84.425F, P425F202737		120,876
COVID-19 - Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund (HEERF III) - Institutional Aid Portion	84.425F	COVID-19, 84.425F, P425F202737		350,580
COVID-19 - Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund (HEERF) Fund for the Improvement of	04.4007	COLUD 10 04 4221 P42212CCCCC		45.652
Postsecondary Education (FIPSE) Forumla Grant	84.425N	COVID-19, 84.425N, P425N200806		47,653
Total Education Stabilization Fund (ESF)				970,336
Total U.S. Department of Education				3,254,913
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$	3,795,766

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS 2 CFR 200.510(b)(6)
FOR THE FISCALYEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION & SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the EHOVE Career Center under programs of the federal government for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 and is prepared in accordance with the cash basis of accounting. The information on this Schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the EHOVE Career Center, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, or changes in net position of the EHOVE Career Center. Such expenditures are recognized following cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be limited as to reimbursement.

NOTE 2 – DE MINIMIS COST RATE

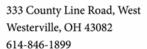
CFR Section 200.414 of the Uniform Guidance allows a non-federal entity that has never received a negotiated indirect cost rate to charge a de minimis rate of 10% of modified total direct costs to indirect costs. The EHOVE Career Center has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE 3 – CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

The EHOVE Career Center commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the EHOVE Career Center assumes it expends federal monies first.

NOTE 4 – FOOD DONATION PROGRAM

The EHOVE Career Center reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the entitlement value. The EHOVE Career Center allocated donated food commodities to the respective program that benefitted from the use of those donated food commodities.





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Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

EHOVE Career Center Erie County 316 West Mason Road Milan, Ohio 44846

To the Members of the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the EHOVE Career Center, Erie County, Ohio, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the EHOVE Career Center's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 23, 2022, wherein we noted as described in Note 20 to the financial statements, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the EHOVE Career Center's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the EHOVE Career Center's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the EHOVE Career Center's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements, on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the EHOVE Career Center's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We identified a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings as item 2022-002 that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the EHOVE Career Center's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matters that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* as item 2022-001 in the accompanying schedule of findings.

EHOVE Career Center

Erie County

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

EHOVE Career Center's Responses to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the EHOVE Career Center's responses to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying corrective action plan. The EHOVE Career Center's responses were not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the responses.

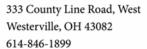
Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the EHOVE Career Center's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the EHOVE Career Center's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Julian & Grube, Inc.

Julian & Sube, Elne.

December 23, 2022





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Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

EHOVE Career Center Erie County 316 West Mason Road Milan, Ohio 44846

To the Members of the Board of Education:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the EHOVE Career Center's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the EHOVE Career Center's major federal programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The EHOVE Career Center's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings.

In our opinion, the EHOVE Career Center complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance" section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the EHOVE Career Center and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the EHOVE Career Center's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the EHOVE Career Center's federal programs.

EHOVE Career Center
Erie County
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program
and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the EHOVE Career Center's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the EHOVE Career Center's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the EHOVE Career Center's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of the EHOVE Career Center's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit
 in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal
 control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the EHOVE Career Center's internal control over compliance. Accordingly,
 no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance" section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

EHOVE Career Center

Erie County

Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Julian & Grube, Inc.

Julian & Sube, Elne.

December 23, 2022

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS 2 CFR § 200.515 JUNE 30, 2022

	1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS								
(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified							
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material weaknesses in	No							
	internal control reported at the								
	financial statement level (GAGAS)?								
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies	Yes							
	in internal control reported at the								
	financial statement level (GAGAS)?								
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material	Yes							
	noncompliance at the financial								
	statement level (GAGAS)?								
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material weaknesses in	No							
	internal control reported for major								
	federal programs?								
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies	No							
	in internal control reported for major								
	federal programs?								
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Program's Compliance	Unmodified							
	Opinion								
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings	No							
	under 2 CFR §200.516(a)?								
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Program (listed):	Education Stabilization Fund (ALN:							
		84.425)							
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A/B Programs	Type A: \$750,000							
		Type B: all others							
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee under 2 CFR §								
	200.520?	Yes							

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS 2 CFR § 200.515 JUNE 30, 2022

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS							
REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS							
Finding Number	2022-001						

Noncompliance – Ohio Revised Code 5705.39, 5705.36, and 5705.36(A)(4)

Ohio Revised Code Sections 5705.39, 5705.36, and 5705.36(A)(4) require that a subdivision's total appropriations from each fund should not exceed total estimated resources, that subdivisions request increased or reduced amended certificates of estimated resources upon determination that revenue to be collected will be greater or less than the amount in the last certified amended certificate, and that upon determination that the revenue to be collected by the subdivision will be less than the amount included in an official certificate and that the amount of the deficiency will reduce available resources below the level of current appropriations certify the amount of the deficiency to the commission, and the commission shall certify an amended certificate reflecting the deficiency.

The Career Center had total appropriations exceeding total estimated resources and thus did not request timely amended certificates throughout the fiscal year upon notice of increased or decreased resources or reduce appropriations, and had appropriations in excess of actual resources, which consists of actual revenues and beginning unencumbered fund balance, in the Vocational Education – Carl Perkins Fund and the Miscellaneous Federal Grants Fund.

The Career Center is not properly monitoring its most current appropriations in comparison to its most current certificate of estimated resources, and thus causing appropriations to exceed estimated resources, throughout the fiscal year and at fiscal year-end. Additionally, with appropriations exceeding actual resources, the Career Center is at risk of spending more money than is available, which may result in negative fund balances.

We recommend that the Career Center review its available resources versus its appropriations throughout the fiscal year and file amended certificates when necessary. This will facilitate the Career Center's appropriation process. The Career Center may want to review the applicable Ohio Revised Code Sections and Auditor of State Bulletin 97-010. If it is determined that resources will be different than initially anticipated, the Career Center should amend its estimated resources and also amend the appropriations as necessary; however, appropriations should not exceed estimated resources. We further recommend the Career Center monitor estimated resources in comparison with actual resources and appropriations, and if necessary, obtain a decreased amended certificate and amend appropriations accordingly.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS 2 CFR § 200.515 JUNE 30, 2022

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS								
REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS - (CONTINUED)								
Finding Number	2022-002							

Significant Deficiency - Financial Statement Presentation

Accurate financial reporting is required in order to provide management and the Board of Education with objective and timely information to enable well-informed decisions.

The following adjustments were made to properly record activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022:

- To properly state the fund financial statements, an adjustment was necessary to increase Miscellaneous Federal Grants Fund (a nonmajor governmental fund) intergovernmental receivables by \$170,636, deferred inflows intergovernmental revenues by \$47,589, and intergovernmental revenues and unassigned fund balance by \$123,047.
- To properly state intergovernmental receivable on the government-wide financial statements, an adjustment was necessary to increase intergovernmental receivables, program revenues: operating grants and contributions, and unrestricted net position by \$170,636.

The Career Center's financial statements and notes have been adjusted to reflect these adjustments.

A lack of proper policies and procedures for control and monitoring activities associated with the periodend financial reporting process could lead to financial statement and note disclosure adjustments, which if uncorrected, could lead to a misrepresentation of the Career Center's activity.

We recommend the Career Center implement additional control procedures that enable management to more timely prevent or detect and correct potential misstatements in the basic financial statements prior to filing them in the Hinkle system.

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None



CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN 2 CFR § 200.511(c) JUNE 30, 2022

Finding Number	Planned Corrective Action	Anticipation Completion Date	Responsible Contact Person
2022-001	The Career Center will as usual closely monitor its appropriations and certificate of estimated resources to ensure compliance, this occurred primarily due to a conversion to a new software system.	2022	Tim Coffman, Treasurer
2022-002	The Career Center will as usual closely monitor all activity to ensure accurate financial reporting in the future and continue to review GAAP reports with the compilation provider to help ensure accuracy of HINKLE filings.	2022	Tim Coffman, Treasurer

CAREER CENTER





ERIE HURON OTTAWA VOCATIONAL EDUCATION (EHOVE) CAREER CENTER ERIE COUNTY

AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 3/2/2023

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370