SINGLE AUDIT REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Zupka & AssociatesCertified Public Accountants



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Board of Directors Eagle Elementary of Akron 2199 5th St. SW Akron, OH 44314

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of Eagle Elementary of Akron, Summit County, prepared by Zupka & Associates, for the audit period July 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. Eagle Elementary of Akron is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

May 15, 2023



EAGLE ELEMENTARY OF AKRON SUMMIT COUNTY, OHIO SINGLE AUDIT REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Eagle Elementary of Akron Summit County 2199 5th St. SW Akron, Ohio 44314

To the Members of the Board:

Report on the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Eagle Elementary of Akron, Summit County, Ohio, (the Academy) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Academy's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Eagle Elementary of Akron as of June 30, 2022, and the changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* (Government Auditing Standards), issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Academy, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Academy's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Eagle Elementary of Akron Summit County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
 include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
 statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Academy's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that
 raise substantial doubt about the Academy's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable
 period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Emphasis of Matter

As described in Note 17 to the basic financial statements, the Academy is experiencing financial difficulties and management has a plan in regard to this matter. The basic financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty. As discussed in Note 18 to the basic financial statements, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the Academy. Our opinion is not modified with respect to these matters.

Eagle Elementary of Akron Summit County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and Schedules of Net Pension and Postemployment Benefit Liabilities and Pension and Postemployment Benefit Contributions, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Academy's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 27, 2023, on our consideration of the Academy's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Academy's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Academy's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Zupka & Associates

Certified Public Accountants

Lupke & associates

April 27, 2023

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

The discussion and analysis of the Eagle Elementary of Akron's (formerly known as STEAM Academy of Akron) (the "Academy") financial performance provides an overall review of the Academy's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the Academy's financial performance as a whole. Readers should also review the financial statements and notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the Academy's financial performance. The first year of the Academy's operations was 2012. The Academy, with approval from the Ohio Department of Education, voluntarily ceased operations for one year during July 1, 2012, through June 30, 2013, due to low enrollment.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key highlights for fiscal year 2022 are as follows:

- Net position improved by \$640,749.
- Operating expenses accounted for \$1,526,782 of the Academy's expenses totaling \$1,599,201.
- Operating revenues accounted for \$1,118,695 of the Academy's revenues totaling \$2,239,950.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial report consists of three parts: required supplemental information, the basic financial statements, and the notes to the financial statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the financial position of the Academy. Enterprise accounting uses a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets, deferred outflows of resources, all liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources are included on the statement of net position.

The statement of net position answers the question of how well the Academy performed financially during 2022. The statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position presents increases (e.g., revenues) and decreases (e.g., expenses) in net position.

The statement of cash flows reflects how the Academy finances and meets its cash flow needs. Finally, the notes to the basic financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided on the basic financial statements.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF ACADEMY AS A WHOLE

The Academy is not required to present government-wide financial statements as the Academy is engaged in only business-type activities. Therefore, no condensed financial information derived from the governmental-wide financial statements is included in the discussion and analysis.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF ACADEMY AS A WHOLE (continued)

Table 1 provides a summary of Academy's net position for 2022 as compared to 2021:

(Table 1) Statement of Net Position

	 2022	ı	Restated 2021
Assets:	 		
Current Assets			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 93,992	\$	130,894
Accounts Receivable	-		26,997
State Receivable	-		2,794
Intergovernmental Receivable	110,982		52,823
Prepaid Expense	 448,325		78,775
Total Current Assets	653,299		292,283
Noncurrent Assets			
Capital Assets, net of Accumulated Depreciation	171,423		349,769
Net OPEB Asset	 105,168		77,734
Total Noncurrent Assets	276,591		427,503
Total Assets	 929,890		719,786
Deferred Outflows of Resources:			
Pension & OPEB	 487,045		360,119
Liabilities:			
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts Payable	65,613		54,597
Accrued Expenses	43,962		43,966
Accounts Payable, Related Party	136,200		127,250
Advance Payable	170,999		241,600
Current Portion of Long-Term Debt	 79,853		42,829
Total Current Assets	496,627		510,242
Noncurrent Liabilities:			
Net Pension Liablity	695,671		1,319,632
Net OPEB Liablity	30,414		84,786
Noncurrent Portion of Long-Term Debt	 371,701		596,394
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	1,097,786		2,000,812
Total Liabilities	 1,594,413		2,511,054
Deferred Inflows of Resources:			
Pension & OPEB	 1,048,806		435,884
Net Position:			
Investment in Capital Assets	9,509		7,409
Unrestricted	 (1,235,793)		(1,874,442)
Total Net Position	\$ (1,226,284)	\$	(1,867,033)

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF ACADEMY AS A WHOLE (continued)

During the year, Intergovernmental Receivables increased due to reimbursable expenses incurred but not reimbursed prior to year-end, Prepaid Expenses increased due to payments made for staffing and management services paid during the year and Advances Payable decreased based on payments made throughout the year.

The Academy has adopted GASB Statement 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an Amendment of GASB Statement 27," and GASB Statement 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions," which significantly revises accounting for costs and liabilities related to other postemployment benefits (OPEB). For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the Academy's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and OPEB, the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB and Net OPEB asset.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board standards are national and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Prior accounting for pensions (GASB 27) and postemployment benefits (GASB 45) focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension and OPEB costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's net pension liability or net OBEP liability. GASB 68 and GASB 75 take an earnings approach to pension and OPEB accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension/OPEB plans and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

GASB 68 and GASB 75 require the net pension liability and the net OPEB asset/liability to equal the Academy's proportionate share of each plan's collective:

- 1. Present value of estimated future pension/OPEB benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service
- 2. Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits

GASB notes that pension and OPEB obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" – that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension and other postemployment benefits. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the Academy is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of these liabilities. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The Ohio revised Code permits but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF ACADEMY AS A WHOLE (continued)

The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer's promise is limited not by contract but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the retirement system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension/OPEB plan as against the public employer. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. The retirement system is responsible for the administration of the pension and OPEB plans.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e., sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability or the net OPEB liability. As explained above, changes in benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of these liabilities but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability and the net OPEB asset/liability are satisfied, these liabilities are separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

In accordance with GASB 68 and GASB 75, the Academy's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense and an annual OPEB expense for their proportionate share of each plan's *change* in net pension liability and net OPEB asset/liability, respectively, not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows.

There was a significant change in net pension / OPEB liability / asset for the Academy. The fluctuations are due to changes in the actuarial liabilities / assets and related accruals that are passed through to the Academy's financial statement. All components of pension and OPEB accruals contribute to the fluctuations in deferred outflows / inflows and net pension/OPEB liabilities/assets and are described in more detail in their respective notes.

<u>Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position</u> - Table 2 shows the changes in Net Position for fiscal year 2022, as well as a listing of revenues and expenses. This change in Net Position is important because it tells the reader that, for the Academy as a whole, the financial position of the Academy has improved or diminished. The cause of this may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the current laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors. Overall, the decrease in Operating Revenues was a result of fewer students being enrolled over the prior year. Federal and State Grants increased due to the collection of Federal Emergency COVID funds. Total Operating Expenses decreased primarily due to negative pension/OPEB expense further described in notes 10 and 11.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF ACADEMY AS A WHOLE (continued)

Table 2 Change in Net Position

	2022	2021		
Operating Revenues:				
State Aid	\$ 1,111,468	\$ 1,255,591		
Miscellaneous	7,227	52		
Total Operating Revenues	1,118,695	1,255,643		
Operating Expenses:				
Salaries	775,030	721,778		
Fringe Benefits	233,675	161,420		
Fringe Benefits - GASB 68/75	(219,771)	43,174		
Purchased Services	556,551	626,444		
Materials and Supplies	93,309	80,583		
Depreciation	62,425	8,801		
Other Operating Expenses	25,563	27,169		
Total Operating Expenses	1,526,782	1,669,369		
Operating Income (Loss)	(408,087)	(413,726)		
Non-Operating Revenues and Expenses:				
Federal and State Restricted Grants	1,121,255	453,467		
Contributions and Donations	-	2,000		
Forgiveness of Debt	-	75,000		
Financing Expenses	(72,419)	(70,440)		
Net Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses	1,048,836	460,027		
Change in Position	640,749	46,301		
Net Position, Beginning of Year	(1,867,033)	(1,913,334)		
Net Position, End of Year	\$ (1,226,284)	\$ (1,867,033)		

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF ACADEMY AS A WHOLE (continued)

CAPITAL ASSETS

At the end of fiscal year 2022, the Academy had \$171,423 invested in capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) for computers and a leased building. For further information regarding the Academy's capital assets, refer to Note 5 of the basic financial statements.

DEBT

At June 30, 2022, the Academy had \$170,999 in advances from Charter School Capital, \$289,640 in notes payable, and \$161,914 in lease obligation payable outstanding. For further information regarding the Academy's debt obligations, refer to Notes 6 and 7 to the basic financial statements.

OPERATIONS

The Academy is a public school established pursuant to Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3314. The Academy offers education for Ohio children in kindergarten through eighth grade. The Academy is independent of any Academy and is nonsectarian in its programs, admission policies, employment practices, and all other operations. The Academy may lease or acquire facilities as needed and contract for any services necessary for the operation of the Academy.

CURRENT FINANCIAL ISSUES

The School is a Community School and is funded through the State of Ohio Foundation Program (Foundation). The School relies on Foundation, as well as State and Federal grants as its primary source of revenue. Foundation formulas for fiscal years 2022 and 2023 were completely changed from prior years with the passage of Amended Substitute House Bill Number 110 (Am. Sub. HB 110) during the 134th General Assembly of the State of Ohio.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the Academy's finances and to show the Academy's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions concerning this report, please contact the Tatonka Education Services, 2199 5th St SW, Akron, OH 44314.

Eagle Elementary of Akron Summit County, Ohio Statement of Net Position As of June 30, 2022

Assets		
Current Assets		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	93,992
Intergovernmental Receivables		110,982
Prepaid Expense		448,325
Total Current Assets		653,299
Noncurrent Assets		
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation		171,423
Net OPEB Asset		105,168
Total Noncurrent Assets		276,591
Total Assets		929,890
Deferred Outflows of Resources:		
Pension		434,215
OPEB		52,830
Total Deferred Outflow of Resources		487,045
Liabilities		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts Payable		65,613
Accrued Expenses		43,962
Wages and Benefits Payable		95,369
Withholdings Payable		40,831
Advances Payable		170,999
Current Portion of Notes Payable		30,513
Current Portion of Lease Payable		49,340
Total Current Liabilities		496,627
Noncurrent Liabilities		
Noncurrent Portion of Notes Payable		259,127
Noncurrent Portion of Lease Payable		112,574
Net Pension Liability		695,671
Net OPEB Liability		30,414
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		1,097,786
Total Liabilities		1,594,413
Deferred Inflows of Resources:		
Pension		826,017
OPEB		222,789
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		1,048,806
Net Position		
Net Investment in Capital Assets		9,509
Unrestricted	(1,235,793)
Total Net Position	\$ (1,226,284)

Eagle Elementary of Akron Summit County, Ohio Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Operating Revenues		
State Aid	\$	1,111,468
Miscellaneous		7,227
Total Operating Revenues		1,118,695
Operating Expenses		
Salaries		775,030
Fringe Benefits		233,675
Fringe Benefits - GASB 68/75		(219,771)
Purchased Services		556,551
Materials and Supplies		93,309
Depreciation		62,425
Other Operating Expenses		25,563
Total Operating Expenses	-	1,526,782
		_
Operating Loss		(408,087)
Non-Operating Revenues / (Expense)		
Federal and State Restricted Grants		1,121,255
Financing Costs		(34,813)
Interest Expense		(37,606)
Total Non-Operating Revenues / (Expense)	-	1,048,836
, , , ,	-	, ,
Change in Net Position		640,749
Net Position, Beginning of Year		(1,867,033)
Net Position, End of Year	\$	(1,226,284)

Eagle Elementary of Akron Summit County, Ohio Statement of Cash Flows For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Cash Flows Used for Operating Activities:	
State Aid Receipts	\$ 1,114,262
Other Operating Receipts	7,227
Cash Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services	(1,034,666)
Cash Payments to Employees for Services	(765,376)
Cash Payments for Employee Benefits	(206,677)
Net Cash Used for Operating Activities	(885,230)
Cash Flows Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities	
Federal and State Grant Receipts	1,063,095
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities	1,063,095
Cash Flows Used for Capital and Related Financing Activities	
Acquisition of Capital Assets	(17,794)
Charter School Capital Advances	629,900
Charter School Capital Cost of Funding	(34,813)
Charter School Capital Redemptions	(700,501)
Note Payable Principal	(7,223)
Note Payable Interest	(22,777)
Lease Payable Principal	(46,731)
Lease Payable Interest	(14,829)
Net Cash Used for Capital and Related Financing Activities	(194,268)
Net Designed in Cook and Cook Equivalents	(26.002)
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(36,903)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	130,895
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$ 93,992

Eagle Elementary of Akron Summit County, Ohio Statement of Cash Flows For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

(Continued from Previous Page)

Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Used for Operating Activities

Operating Loss	\$ (408,087)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash Flows Used for	
Operating Activities	
Depreciation	62,425
Changes in Assets, Liabilities, & Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources	
(Increase) / Decrease in Accounts Receivable	26,997
(Increase) / Decrease in State Receivable	2,794
(Increase) / Decrease in Prepaid Expenses	(369,550)
(Increase) / Decrease in Net OPEB Asset	(27,434)
(Increase) / Decrease in Deferred Outflows Pension	(149,506)
(Increase) / Decrease in Deferred Outflows OPEB	22,580
Increase / (Decrease) in Accounts Payable	11,016
Increase / (Decrease) in Accrued Expenses	(4)
Increase / (Decrease) in Accrued Wages and Benefits	2,214
Increase / (Decrease) in Withholdings Payable	6,736
Increase / (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows Pension	567,993
Increase / (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows OPEB	44,929
Increase / (Decrease) in Net Pension Liability	(623,961)
Increase / (Decrease) in Net OPEB Liability	(54,372)
Total Adjustments	(443,714)
Net Cash Flows Used for Operating Activities	\$ (885,230)

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1 – DESCRIPTION OF THE ACADEMY

Eagle Elementary of Akron (formerly known as STEAM Academy of Akron) (the "Academy") is a nonprofit corporation established pursuant to Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3314. The Academy offers education for Ohio children in kindergarten through eighth grade. The Academy is independent of any School District and is nonsectarian in its programs, admission policies, employment practices, and all other operations. The Academy may lease or acquire facilities as needed and contract for any services necessary for the operation of the Academy. The Academy is a federally recognized 501(c)(3) nonprofit corporation established pursuant to Ohio Revised Code Chapter 1702.

The Academy was approved for operation for a period of five academic years commencing after July 1, 2012, and ending June 30, 2018, through Richland Academy of the Arts. The Academy voluntarily ceased operations, with the approval of the Ohio Department of Education, for the period of July 1, 2012, through June 30, 2013, due to low enrollment, and reopened on July 1, 2013. Effective July 1, 2017, the Academy signed an agreement with Buckeye Community Hope Foundation for sponsorship through June 30, 2021, which was subsequently renewed through June 30, 2022. The Sponsor is responsible for evaluating the performance of the Academy and has the authority to deny renewal of the contract at its expiration or terminate the contract prior to its expiration.

The Academy operates under the direction of a Governing Board that consists of not less than five individuals who are not owners or employees, or immediate relatives or owners or employees of any forprofit firm that operate or manage the Academy for the Governing Board. The Board is responsible for carrying out the provisions of the contract that include, but are not limited to, state-mandated provisions regarding student population, curriculum, academic goals, performance standards, admission standards, and qualifications of teachers.

The Academy contracts with Tatonka Education Services for management services including management of personnel and human resources, the program of instruction, technology, marketing, data management, purchasing, strategic planning, public relations, financial reporting, recruiting, compliance issues, budgets, contracts, and equipment and facilities. See Note 14.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Academy have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the Academy's accounting policies are described below.

<u>Basis of Presentation</u> - The Academy's basic financial statements consist of a statement of net position; a statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position; and a statement of cash flows. The Academy uses a single enterprise presentation for its financial records. Enterprise reporting focuses on the determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position, and cash flows.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

<u>Measurement Focus</u> - The enterprise activity is accounted for using a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the Academy are included on the statement of net position. The statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position presents increases (e.g., revenues) and decreases (e.g., expenses) in net position. The statement of cash flows reflects how the Academy finances meet its cash flow needs.

Basis of Accounting - Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. The Academy's financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. Revenue resulting from nonexchange transactions, in which the Academy receives value without directly giving equal value in return, such as grants and entitlements, are recognized in the period in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the period when the resources are required to be used or the period when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the Academy must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the Academy on a reimbursement basis. Expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

<u>Budgetary Process</u> - Community schools are statutorily required to adopt a budget by Ohio Revised Code 3314.032(C). However, unlike traditional public schools located in the State of Ohio, community schools are not required to follow the specific budgetary process and limits set forth in the Ohio Revised Code Chapter 5705, unless specifically provided in the contract between the Academy and its Sponsor. The contract between the Academy and its Sponsor does not require the Academy to follow the provisions Ohio Revised Code Chapter 5705; therefore, no budgetary information is presented in the basic financial statements.

<u>Cash and Cash Equivalents</u> - Cash received by the Academy is reflected as "Cash and Cash Equivalents" on the statement of net position. The Academy had no investments during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

<u>Prepaid Items</u> - The Academy records payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2022, as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and an expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

<u>Capital Assets</u> - The Academy had capital assets of \$171,423 at the year ended June 30, 2022. All capital assets are to be capitalized at cost and updated for additions and retirements during the fiscal year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition values as of the date received. The Academy maintains a capitalization threshold of one thousand five hundred dollars. The Academy does not have any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

All capital assets are to be depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation of Computer Technology is computed using the straight-line method over an estimated useful life of the asset of five years.

The School is reporting an intangible right to use assets related to leased buildings, structures, and improvements as well as furniture, fixtures, and equipment. These intangible assets are being amortized in a systematic and rational manner over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset.

Net Position - Net position represents the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources. Net positions are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by Academy or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. The Academy applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available. The board has not adopted any enabling legislation restricted any resources. The statement of net position reflects \$271,709 invested in capital assets, which represents capital assets net of accumulated depreciation.

<u>Operating Revenues and Expenses</u> - Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the Academy. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the service that is the primary activity of the Academy. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating.

<u>Deferred Inflows and Deferred Outflows of Resources</u> - In addition to assets, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the Academy, deferred outflows of resources are reported on the statement of net position for pension and OPEB. The deferred outflows of resources related to pension and OPEB plans are explained in Note 10 and 11.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized until that time. For the Academy, deferred inflows of resources include pension and OPEB. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available. Deferred inflows of resources related to pension and OPEB plans are reported on the statement of net position. (See Note 10 and 11)

<u>Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)</u> – For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB asset/liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB, and pension/OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

<u>Estimates</u> - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

NOTE 3 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The Academy classifies deposits by category of risk as defined in GASB Statement No.3 "Deposits with Financial Institutions, Investments (including Repurchase Agreements) and Reverse Repurchase Agreements," as amended by GASB Statement No.40, "Deposit, and Investment Risk Disclosures".

The Academy maintains its cash balances at Huntington Bank in Ohio. The balances are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) for up to \$250,000, per qualifying account. At June 30, 2022, the book amount of the Academy's deposits was \$93,992 and the bank balance was \$95,168. None of the Academy's bank balance was uninsured and exposed to custodial credit risk.

NOTE 4 - RECEIVABLES

At June 30, 2022, the Academy had intergovernmental receivables, in the amount of \$110,982. These receivables represent monies due from Federal Grant programs including Title I, Title IIA, Title IV, and Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER). The receivables are expected to be collected within one year.

NOTE 5 – CAPITAL ASSETS

The Academy had \$171,423 invested in capital assets net of accumulated depreciation at June 30, 2022, as follows:

	R	estated						
	E	Balance						Balance
	0	6/30/21	A	dditions	Del	etions	0	6/30/22
Capital Assets:				_				
Computers & Software	\$	51,108	\$	17,794	\$	-	\$	68,902
Leased Building		208,645		_				208,645
				_				
Total Capital Assets		259,753		17,794				277,547
Less Accumulated Depreciation:								
Computers & Software		(43,699)		(10,264)		-		(53,963)
Leased Building				(52,161)				(52,161)
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(43,699)		(62,425) C)	-		(106,124)
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$	216,054	\$	(44,631)	\$		\$	171,423

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 6 – ADVANCES PAYABLE

During fiscal year 2022, the Academy received working capital advances from Charter School Capital through a receivables purchase agreement. As the Academy receives its monthly State funding, these advances are repaid, however, the Academy may elect to receive future advances from Charter School Capital by entering into additional agreements. The total cost of funding for the year was \$34,813.

A summary of short-term advances for the Academy at June 30, 2022, is as follows:

	E	Balance		Balance					
	6/	30/2021	A	dditions	Re	ductions	6/30/2022		
Charter School Capital	\$	241,600	\$	629,900	\$	(700,501)	\$	170,999	

NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The changes in the Academy's long-term obligations during fiscal year 2022 were as follows:

The Academy renewed their management agreement with Tatonka Education Services, and as part of that agreement received a portion of the accounts payables related party which was converted into a long-term note payable with a maturity date of April 30, 2025, and monthly payments of \$2,500 scheduled to begin October 31, 2022.

The Academy also renegotiated the lease agreement with Innovative Modular to extend the lease and convert past due payables and the balloon payment to a long term note payable. The Academy agreed to make monthly payments of \$2,500 on this balance with the remainder balloon payment of \$189,510 due on July 1, 2025.

See Note 10 and 11 for detail regarding the Academy's Net Pension and OPEB Liabilities.

	Rest	ated Balance					Balance		Due within	
	6	5/30/2021	Add	litions	Reductions	6/30/2022		One Year		
Post Employment Liability:		_								
Net Pension Liability:	\$	1,319,632	\$	-	\$ (623,961)	\$	695,671	\$	-	
Net OPEB Liability		84,786			(54,372)		30,414		-	
Total Post Employment Liability		1,404,418			(678,333)		726,085		-	
Direct Borrowing:										
Innovative Modulars- Note Payable		221,863		-	(7,223)		214,640		8,013	
Leased Building Payable		208,645		-	(46,731)		161,914		49,340	
Tatonka - Notes Payable		75,000					75,000		22,500	
Total Long-Term Obligations	\$	1,909,926	\$		\$ (732,287)	\$	1,177,639	\$	79,853	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Future Minimum Loan Payments are as follows:

	Tatonka	Innovative Modular						
Year	Principal	Principal	Interest		Total			
2023	\$ 22,500	\$ 8,013	\$ 21,987	\$	30,000			
2024	30,000	8,889	21,111		30,000			
2025	22,500	9,860	20,140		30,000			
2026	-	187,878	1,631		189,509			
Total	\$ 75,000	\$ 214,640	\$ 64,869	\$	279,509			

On July 1, 2020, the Academy entered into a new lease with Innovative Modular Solutions for two modular buildings. This lease starts on August 1, 2020 and goes through June 30, 2025. The future monthly amount per this lease due from the Academy is \$5,130 or \$61,560 annually. One Month Security Deposit of \$8,044 was paid upon execution of lease.

The Academy has outstanding agreements to lease building space. Due to the implementation of GASB Statement 87, these leases have met the criteria of leases thus requiring them to be recorded by the Academy. The future lease payments were discounted based on the interest rate implicit in the lease or using the Academy's incremental borrowing rate. This discount is being amortized over the life of the lease. Accumulated depreciation on the leased building totaled \$52,161, leaving a net book value of \$156,484.

Future minimum payments for principal and interest on the lease are as follows:

Year	P	rincipal	Interest		Total
2023	\$	49,340	\$	12,220	\$ 61,560
2024		53,835		7,725	61,560
2025		58,739		2,821	 61,560
Total	\$	161,914	\$	22,766	\$ 184,680

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 8 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The Academy is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2022, the Academy contracted with Pashley Insurance Agency to provide insurance coverage with the Hartford Casualty Insurance Company.

General Liability:	
Each Occurrence	\$ 1,000,000
Aggregate Limit	2,000,000
Products - Completed Operations Aggregate Limit	2,000,000
Medical Expense Limit - Any One Person/Occurrence	15,000
Damage to Rented Premises - Each Occurrence	500,000
Personal and Advertising Injury	1,000,000
Automobile Liability:	
Bodily Injury Limit	1,000,000
Excess/Umbrella Liability:	
Each Occurrence	8,000,000
Aggregate Limit	8,000,000
Excess/Umbrella Liability:	
Building & BPP	8,896,500

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in the past three years, nor has there been reduction in insurance coverage throughout the year.

NOTE 9 – PURCHASED SERVICES

For the period July 1, 2021, through June 30, 2022, purchased service expenses were as follows:

Purchased Services	Amount		
Professional Services	\$	244,540	
Property Services		93,141	
Utilities		30,760	
Communications		17,029	
Travel & Meetings		5,024	
Contractual Trade		82,618	
Pupil Transportation		83,439	
Total	\$	556,551	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability reported on the Statement of Net Position represents a liability to employees for pensions. Pensions are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension liability represents the Academy's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost-of-living adjustments, and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the Academy's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The Academy cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, the Academy does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension.

GASB 68 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net pension liability* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in *accounts payable* on the accrual basis of accounting.

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description — Academy non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries.

Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information, and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to Retire on or before August 1, 2017 *	Eligible to Retire on or after August 1, 2017
Full Benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit Age 60 with 5 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially Reduced Benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

^{*} Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017, will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service; 2.2 percent for the first thirty years of service and 2.5 percent for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

An individual whose benefit effective date is before April 1, 2018, is eligible for a cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) on the first anniversary date of the benefit. Beginning April 1, 2018, new benefit recipients must wait until the fourth anniversary of their benefit for COLA eligibility. The COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit. The COLA is indexed to the percentage increase in the CPI-W, not to exceed 2.5% and with a floor of 0.0%.

A three-year COLA suspension was in effect for all benefit recipients for calendar years 2018, 2019, and 2020. The Retirement Board approved a 0.5% COLA for calendar year 2021.

Funding Policy – Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the School is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was the entire 14.0 percent.

The Academy's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$7,040 for fiscal year 2022.

<u>Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)</u>

Plan Description – Academy licensed teachers and other faculty members participate in STRS Ohio, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information, and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Web site at www.strsoh.org.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

New members have a choice of three retirement plans: a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan, and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation is 2.2 percent of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. Eligibility changes will be phased in until August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five years of service credit and at least age 60. Eligibility changes for DB plan members who retire with actuarially reduced benefits will be phased in until August 1, 2023, when retirement eligibility will be five years of qualifying servicer credit and age 60, or 30 years or service credit at any age.

The DC Plan allows members to place all of their member contributions and 9.53 percent of the 14 percent employer contributions into an investment account. Investment allocation decisions are determined by the member. The remaining 4.47 percent of the 14 percent employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, 12.0 of the 14.0 percent member rates goes to the DC Plan and the remaining 2.0 percent goes to the DB plan. Member contributions to the DC plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of services. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity after termination of employment at age 50 or later.

New members who choose the DC plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options in the GASB 68 schedules of employer allocation and pension amounts by employer.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. New members on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit that apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Funding Policy – Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, plan members were required to contribute 14 percent of their annual covered salary. The Academy was required to contribute 14 percent; the entire 14 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The fiscal year 2022 contribution rates were equal to the statutory maximum rates.

The Academy's contractually required contributions to STRS was \$101,707 for fiscal year 2022.

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Academy's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the Academy's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	SERS			STRS	 Total
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability Prior Measurement Date Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0	.0037697%	0.0	04423360%	
Current Measurement Date	0	.0015696%	0.0	04987970%	
Change in Proportionate Share	0	.0022001%	0.0	00564610%	
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension					
Liability	\$	57,914	\$	637,757	\$ 695,671
Pension Expense	\$	(78,297)	\$	(18,430)	\$ (96,727)

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources represent the effect of changes in the net pension liability due to the difference between projected and actual investment earnings, differences between expected and actual actuarial experience, changes in assumptions and changes in the School's proportion of the collective net pension liability. The deferred outflows and deferred inflows are to be included in pension expense over current and future periods. The difference between projected and actual investment earnings is recognized in pension expense using a straight-line method over a five-year period beginning in the current year. Deferred outflows and deferred inflows resulting from changes in sources other than differences between projected and actual investment earnings are amortized over the average expected remaining service lives of all members (both active and inactive) using the straight-line method. Employer contributions to the pension plan subsequent to the measurement date are also required to be reported as a deferred outflow of resources.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

At June 30, 2022, the Academy reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	SERS	 STRS	 Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$ 5	\$ 19,701	\$ 19,706
Changes of assumptions	1,219	176,925	178,144
Changes in proportion and differences			
between contributions and proportionate			
share of contributions	-	127,618	127,618
Academy contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date	7,040	101,707	 108,747
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 8,264	\$ 425,951	\$ 434,215
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$ 1,502	\$ 3,998	\$ 5,500
Net difference between projected and			
actual earnings on pension plan investments	29,827	549,625	579,452
Changes in proportion and differences			
between contributions and proportionate			
share of contributions	 99,882	 141,183	 241,065
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 131,211	\$ 694,806	\$ 826,017

\$108,747 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from School contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	 SERS	STRS		Total		
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:						
2023	\$ (76,242)	\$	(101,019)	\$	(177,261)	
2024	(37,499)		(116,471)		(153,970)	
2025	(7,090)		(68,606)		(75,696)	
2026	(9,156)		(84,466)		(93,622)	
Total	\$ (129,987)	\$	(370,562)	\$	(500,549)	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67 as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2021, are presented below:

Wage Inflation
Future Salary Increases, including inflation
COLA or Ad Hoc COLA

Investment Rate of Return Actuarial Cost Method 2.40 percent
3.25 percent to 13.58 percent
2.0 percent, on and after April 1, 2018, COLA's for future retirees will be delayed for three years following commencement

7.00 percent net of System expenses
Entry Age Normal

Mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weight Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20% for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35% for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3% for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8% for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

The most recent experience study was completed June 30, 2020.

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' Statement of Investment Policy. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted averaged of the expected real

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Target	Long-Term Expected
Allocation	Real Rate of Return
2.00 %	(0.33) %
24.75	5.72
13.50	6.55
6.75	8.54
19.00	1.14
11.00	10.03
16.00	5.41
4.00	3.47
3.00	5.28
100.00 %	
	2.00 % 24.75 13.50 6.75 19.00 11.00 16.00 4.00 3.00

Discount Rate The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earning were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.00 percent). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00 percent), or one percentage point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate.

				Current		
	1% Decrease (6.00%)		Discount Rate		1% Increase	
				(7.00%)	(8.00%)	
Academy's proportionate share						
of the net pension liability	\$	96,354	\$	57,914	\$	25,495

Changes since measurement date Effective July 1, 2022, SERS made the following changes: Retiree Health Care — changes to monthly premium deductions associated with retiree health insurance and income related Medicare Parts B & D reimbursements. Cost-of-living adjustments — Changes to the cost-of-living adjustments made to retirees' pensions. Normal Retirement Age — changes to the "Normal Retirement Age' for members of Tiers II and IIA.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Actuarial Assumptions – STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the July 1, 2021, actuarial valuation.

Inflation 2.50 percent

Projected salary increases 12.50 percent at age 20 to 2.50 percent at age 65

Investment Rate of Return 7.00 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation

Discount Rate of Return 7.00 percent Payroll Increases 3 percent Cost-of-Living Adjustments 0.0 percent

Post-retirement mortality rates for healthy retirees are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50% of rates through age 69, 70% of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90% of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100% of rates, thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90% of rates for males and 100% of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2021, valuation is based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011, through June 30, 2016.

STRS Ohio's investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

	Target	Long-Term Expected				
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return *				
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %				
International Equity	23.00	7.55				
Alternatives	17.00	7.09				
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00				
Real Estate	10.00	6.00				
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25				
Total	100.00 %					

^{* 10-}Year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS Ohio's investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00 percent as of June 30, 2021. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2021. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2021.

Sensitivity of the School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate The following table presents the School's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.00 percent, as well as what the School's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.00 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate:

	Current							
	1% Decrease		Discount Rate		1% Increase			
		(6.00%) (7.00%)		7.00%)	(8.00%)			
Academy's proportionate share		_			'	_		
of the net pension liability	\$	1,194,280	\$	637,757	\$	167,496		

Changes since measurement date In March 2022, the board eliminated the age 60 requirement for retirement age and service eligibility that was set to take effect in 2026. The final change to the phased-in age and service requirements will be made Aug. 1, 2023, when 35 years of service will be required for an unreduced retirement.

NOTE 11 – DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS

Net OPEB Liability/Asset

The net OPEB liability and net OPEB asset reported on the statement of net position represents a liability or asset to employees for OPEB. OPEB is a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. OPEB are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for OPEB is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net OPEB liability and net OPEB asset represent the Academy's proportionate share of each OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net OPEB liability and net OPEB asset calculations are dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost-of-living adjustments, and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting these estimates annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the Academy's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The Academy cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which OPEB are financed; however, the Academy does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including OPEB.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

GASB 75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because they benefit from employee services. OPEB contributions come from these employers and health care plan enrollees which pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. The Ohio revised Code permits but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. Any change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net OPEB liability and net OPEB asset. Resulting adjustments to the net OPEB liability and net OPEB asset would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net OPEB liability* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually required OPEB contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in *accounts payable* on the accrual basis of accounting.

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Health Care Plan Description - The Academy contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 75 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. SERS' Health Care Plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of most types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage. In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree, are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of 65 and therefore enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board established the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For fiscal year 2022, there was no contribution made to health care. A health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2022, this amount was \$25,000. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the total statewide SERS-covered

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

payroll for the health care surcharge.

The surcharge is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The School's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$977 for fiscal year 2022.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy — Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Nearly all health care plan enrollees, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Asset, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liability and net OPEB asset were measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total OPEB liability and asset used to calculate the net OPEB liability and net OPEB asset were determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School's proportion of the net OPEB liability and net OPEB asset were based on the School's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

		SERS		STRS		Total
Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability/asset Prior Measurement Date Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability/asset	0.	0039010%	0.	00442300%		
Current Measurement Date	0.	0016070%	0.	00498000%		
Change in Proportionate Share	-0.	0022940%	0.	00055700%		
Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability/(asset) OPEB Expense	\$ \$	30,414 (8,620)	\$ \$	(105,168) (4,700)	\$ \$	(74,754) (13,320)

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

At June 30, 2022, the Academy reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		SERS	STRS	 Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Differences between expected and				
actual experience	\$	326	\$ 3,747	\$ 4,073
Changes of assumptions		4,769	6,719	11,488
Changes in proportion and differences				
between contributions and proportionate				
share of contributions		21,808	14,484	36,292
Academy contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date		977	 -	 977
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	27,880	\$ 24,950	\$ 52,830
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Differences between expected and				
actual experience	\$	15,149	\$ 19,270	\$ 34,419
Changes in assumptions		4,165	62,740	66,905
Net difference between projected and				
actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		662	29,149	29,811
Changes in proportion and differences				
between contributions and proportionate				
share of contributions		83,444	8,210	91,654
			 	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	103,420	\$ 119,369	\$ 222,789

\$977 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from Academy contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		SERS		STRS		Total
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:						
2023	\$	(11,409)	\$	(26,077)	\$	(37,486)
2024	·	(11,412)	•	(26,346)	•	(36,758)
2025		(15,048)		(24,812)		(39,860)
2026		(18,087)		(14,171)		(32,258)
2027		(14,628)		(4,156)		(18,784)
Thereafter		(5,933)		143		(5,790)
Total	\$	(76,517)	\$	(94,419)	\$	(170,936)

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

The total OPEB liability is determined by SERS' actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2021, are presented below:

Wage Inflation

2.40 percent

Future Salary Increases, including inflation

3.25 percent to 13.58 percent

Investment Rate of Return

7.00 percent net of investments expense, including inflation

Municipal Bond Index Rate:

Measurement Date 1.92 percent
Prior Measurement Date 2.45 percent

Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of plan investment expense,

including price inflation

Measurement Date 2.27 percent
Prior Measurement Date 2.63 percent

Medical Trend Assumption

Measurement Date

Medicare5.125 to 4.400 percentPre-Medicare6.750 to 4.400 percent

Prior Measurement Date

Medicare5.25 to 4.75 percentPre-Medicare7.00 o 4.75 percent

Base Mortality: Healthy Retirees - PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20% for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35% for females. Disabled Retirees - PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3% for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8% for females. Contingent Survivors - PUB-2010 General Amount Weighted Below Median Contingent Survivor mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 105.5% for males and adjusted 122.5% for females. Actives - PUB-2010 General Amount Weighted Below Median Employee mortality table.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended June 30, 2020.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the actuarial five-year experience study. The most recent study covers fiscal years 2015 through 2020 and was adopted by the Board in 2021. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return, 7.00 percent, by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as used in the June 30, 2020, five-year experience study, are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	2.00 %	(0.33) %
US Equity	24.75	5.72
Non-US Equity Developed	13.50	6.55
Non-US Equity Emerging	6.75	8.54
Fixed Income/Global Bonds	19.00	1.14
Private Equity	11.00	10.03
Real Estate/Real Assets	16.00	5.41
Multi-Asset Strategy	4.00	3.47
Private Debt/Private Credit	3.00	5.28
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2021, was 2.27 percent. The discount rate used to measure total OPEB liability prior to June 30, 2021, was 2.63 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and the System at the state statute contribution rate of 1.50 percent of projected covered employee payroll each year, which includes a 1.50 percent payroll surcharge and no contributions from the basic benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make future benefit payments of current System members by SERS actuaries. The Municipal Bond Index Rate is used in the determination for the SEIR for both the June 30, 2020, and the June 30, 2021, total OPEB liability. The Municipal Bond Index rate is the single rate that will generate a present value of benefit payments equal to the sum of the present value determined by the long-term expected rate of return, and the present value determined by discounting those benefits after the date of depletion. The Municipal Bond Index rate is 1.92% at June 30, 2021, and 2.45% at June 30, 2020.

Sensitivity of the Academy's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate. The following table presents the net OPEB liability of SERS, what SERS' net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (1.27%) and higher (3.27%) than the current discount rate (2.27%). Also shown is what SERS' net OPEB liability would be based on health care cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (5.75% decreasing to 3.40%) and higher (7.75% decreasing to 5.40%) than the current rate.

			C	urrent				
	1%	Decrease	Disc	ount Rate	1%	Increase		
	(1.27%)	2.27%)	(3.27%)				
Academy's proportionate share								
of the net OPEB liability	\$	37,686	\$	30,414	\$	24,604		
			C	urrent				
	1%	Decrease	Tre	nd Rate	1% Increase			
	(5.75 % d	ecreasing	(6.75 %	decreasing	(7.75 % d	ecreasing		
	to	3.40%)	to	4.40%)	to	5.40%)		
Academy's proportionate share		_		_				
of the net OPEB liability	\$	23,416	\$	30,414	\$	39,761		

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Actuarial Assumptions – STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2021, actuarial valuation is presented below:

Projected salary increases 12.50 percent at age 20 to 2.50 percent at age 65

Investment Rate of Return 7.00 percent, net of investmen

nvestment Rate of Return 7.00 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation

Payroll Increases 3 percent
Cost-of-Living Adjustments 0 percent
Inflation 2.50 percent
Discount Rate of Return 7.00 percent

Health Care Cost Trends Initial Ultimate
Medical

 Pre-Medicare
 4.93 percent
 4.00 percent

 Medicare
 -16.18 percent
 4.00 percent

 Prescription Drug
 -10.18 percent
 -10.18 percent

 Pre-Medicare
 6.33 percent
 4.00 percent

 Medicare
 29.98 percent
 4.00 percent

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

For healthy retirees, the mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates, thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021, valuation is based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011, through June 30, 2016.

The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2021, from 1.984% to 2.055% per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2021. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021, to 2.1% for the AMA Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return *
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
	_	
Total	100.00 %	

^{* 10} year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25 percent and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actual rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.00 percent as of June 30, 2021. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes STRS Ohio continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on health care plan investments of 7.00 percent was used to measure the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2021.

Sensitivity of the School's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount and Health Care Cost Trend Rate The following table represents the net OPEB asset as of June 30, 2021, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.00 percent, as well as what the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.00 percent) than the current assumption. Also shown is the net OPEB asset as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates.

	_, -	Current 1% Decrease Discount Rate (6.00%) (7.00%)						
Academy's proportionate share								
of the net OPEB asset	\$	(88,745)	\$	(105,168)	\$	(118,886)		
	10/	Dogrado		Current	10	/ In ero oco		
	1%	Decrease		rend Rate	19	6 Increase		
Academy's proportionate share								
of the net OPEB asset	\$	(118,331)	\$	(105, 168)	\$	147,446		

Benefit Term Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date

In February 2022, the Board approved changes to the demographic measures that will impact the June 30, 2022, actuarial valuation. The effect on the net OPEB liability is unknown.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 12 - CONTINGENCIES

<u>Grants</u> - The Academy received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the Academy.

<u>Litigation</u> - There are currently no matters in litigation with the Academy as defendant.

<u>Full-time Equivalency</u> - Academy foundation funding is based on the annualized full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment of each student. However, there is an important nexus between attendance and enrollment for Foundation funding purposes. Community schools must provide documentation that clearly demonstrates students have participated in learning opportunities. The Ohio Department of Education (ODE) is legislatively required to adjust/reconcile funding as enrollment information is updated by schools throughout the State, which can extend past the fiscal year end.

Under Ohio Rev. Code Section 3314.08, ODE may also perform an FTE Review subsequent to the fiscal year end that may result in an additional adjustment to the enrollment information as well as claw backs of Foundation funding due to a lack of evidence to support student participation and other matters of noncompliance. ODE did not perform such a review on the Academy for fiscal year 2022.

As of the date of this report, all ODE adjustments for fiscal year 2022 have been finalized.

NOTE 13 – BUILDING LEASES

The Academy entered into a 4-year lease agreement in August 2013 to lease a building from Saint Paul Missionary Baptist Church for the use of the building and grounds as a school facility. The renewed lease term was due to expire on July 31, 2018, however the Academy entered into an extension of the lease for an additional term of one year due to expire in July 31, 2019. The initial annual base rent was \$3,000 per month. Under the extended lease agreement, the Academy agreed to a one year of rent at a reduced rate of \$2,000 per month. The Academy renewed the lease with Saint Paul Missionary Baptist Church through June 30, 2022, for \$1,000 month. The Academy is responsible for payment of all utilities, repairs, and maintenance.

In addition, effective September 1, 2020, with Saint Paul Missionary Baptist Church for the additional use of land on location for placement of the modular units. The term is effective through June 30, 2023, at a rate of \$2,000 per month.

Total Rent paid for these two leases are \$62,319 for fiscal year 2022.

NOTE 14 - MANAGEMENT COMPANY AND MANAGEMENT COMPANY EXPENSES

On August 17, 2015, the Academy entered into an interim management agreement with Tatonka Education Services for an initial term of three months. In exchange for providing certain educational, administrative, and fiscal services, the Academy agree to pay Tatonka Schools a flat fee of \$10,000 per month. In December 15, 2015, the Academy entered into a new agreement for a term of 3 years. The

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

management fee was reduced to \$8,500 per month due to decreased enrollment with increases based on future enrollment growth. For fiscal year 2022 the management fee was \$6,250 per month. On May 28, 2020, the Academy entered into an agreement with Tatonka Education Services to provide fiscal officer services for the Academy for the term of June 1, 2020, through June 30, 2021, which has been extended for an additional year. The fee for the fiscal officer services for fiscal year 2022 is \$1,000 month.

The Academy contracts with Tatonka Education Services for a variety of services including management of personnel and human resources, board relations, financial management, marketing, technology services, the program of instruction, purchasing, strategic planning, public relations, financial reporting, recruiting, compliance issues, budgets, contracts, and equipment and facilities. Financial management services include, but are not limited to, financial statement, budget preparation, accounts payable, and payroll preparation. The management fee for fiscal year 2022 was \$122,000.

Also, per the management agreement there are expenses that will be billed to the Academy based on the actual costs incurred by Tatonka Education. These expenses include salaries of Tatonka employees working at the Academy and other costs related to providing education and administrative services. The total amount billed during fiscal year was \$911,605.

Eagle Elementary of Akron	Ins (1100	Regular struction) Function codes)	-	al Instruction 00 Function codes)	 port Services 00 Function Codes)	Non-Ir (3000 tl Funct	Total	
Direct expenses:								
Salaries & wages (100 object codes)	\$	523,032	\$	98,170	\$ 159,481	\$	-	\$ 780,683
Employees' benefits (200 object codes)		44,464		8,810	9,975		-	63,249
Professional & technical services (410 object codes)		-		-	7,095		-	7,095
Property services (420 object codes)		-		-	-		165	165
Contracted craft or trade services (460 object codes)		-		-	-		1,582	1,582
Supplies (500 object codes)		896		-	78		-	974
Other direct costs (All other object codes)		-		-	-		-	-
Overhead		35,000		-	22,857		-	57,857
Total expenses	\$	603,392	\$	106,980	\$ 199,486	\$	1,747	\$ 911,605

Note to the Schedule of Management Company Expenses:

Tatonka Education Services charges expenses benefiting more than one school (i.e., overhead) on a pro rated basis based on full time equivalent (FTE) head count as of June 30, 2022 by each school it manages.

NOTE 15 - SPONSOR

The Academy was approved for operation under a contract with its sponsor, Buckeye Community Hope Foundation for a period of two academic years commencing July 2016. This agreement has been extended through 2020, and subsequently renewed for an additional two years through 2022. As part of this contract, the Sponsor is entitled to 3% of the total state foundation funds. Total amount due and paid for fiscal year 2022 was \$30,057.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 16 - IMPLEMENTATION OF NEW ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES AND RESTATEMENT OF NET POSITION

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the Academy has implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, Leases, certain provisions of GASB Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates and certain provisions of GASB Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a supersession of GASB Statement No. 32.

GASB Statement No. 87 requires recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. These changes were incorporated in the Academy's 2022 financial statements; however, there was no effect on beginning net position.

GASB Statement No. 93 addresses accounting and financial reporting effects that result from the replacement of interbank offered rates (IBORs) with other reference rates in order to preserve the reliability, relevance, consistency, and comparability of reported information. The implementation of paragraphs 13 and 14 of GASB Statement No. 93 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the Academy.

GASB Statement No. 97 requirements that are related to 1) the accounting and financial reporting for Section 457 plans and 2) determining whether a primary government is financially accountable for a potential component unit were implemented for fiscal year 2022. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 97 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the Academy.

NOTE 17 - MANAGEMENT PLAN

At fiscal year-end 2022, the Academy had a deficit net asset position of \$(1,226,284), which includes the impact of net pension and OPEB liabilities and related accruals. The Academy's net deficit in fiscal year 2022 improved from the \$(1,867,033) net deficit in fiscal 2021. Enrollment decreased in fiscal year 2022 to 124, down from 145 in fiscal year 2021. The Academy's ability to maintain a stable administrative and instructional team along with active advertising via print, radio, mailings and through referrals of current parents is anticipated to help produce the likelihood of future enrollment growth leading to surpluses and provide an opportunity for the academy to recover from its prior deficits.

NOTE 18 – COVID-19

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March of 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Ohio's state of emergency ended in June 2021 while the national state of emergency continues. During fiscal year 2022, the Academy received COVID-19 funding. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing recovery measures will impact subsequent periods of the Academy. The impact on the Academy's future operating costs, revenues, and additional recovery from funding, either

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

federal or state, cannot be estimated.

NOTE 19 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Effective July 2022 the Academy entered into a lease with EJ Kenmore LLC, for use of the building located at 2199 5th Street SW located in Akron, OH. The term of the lease is for 20 years through June 30, 2042, at \$2,400 per month for the first base term through June 30, 2024. Upon commencement date the Academy had to pay a deposit of \$400,000 advanced fixed rent payment upon which \$24,000 will be held in escrow.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the Academy's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Last Eight Fiscal Years (1)

School Employees Retirement System (SERS)	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Academy's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.0015696%	0.0037697%	0.0049863%	0.0047013%	0.0033587%	0.0037310%	0.0046124%	0.0030830%
Academy's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 57,914	\$ 249,336	\$ 298,339	\$ 269,251	\$ 200,675	\$ 273,075	\$ 263,188	\$ 156,029
Academy's Covered Payroll	\$ 54,179	\$ 132,157	\$ 184,444	\$ 147,904	\$ 102,621	\$ 143,657	\$ 138,862	\$ 90,483
Academy's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	106.89%	188.67%	161.75%	182.04%	195.55%	190.09%	189.53%	172.44%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	82.86%	68.55%	70.85%	71.36%	69.50%	62.98%	69.16%	71.70%
State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)								
Academy's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.00498797%	0.00442336%	0.00468267%	0.00610670%	0.00530977%	0.00532089%	0.00498696%	0.00261071%
Academy's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 637,757	\$ 1,070,296	\$ 1,035,544	\$ 1,342,727	\$ 1,261,347	\$ 1,781,062	\$ 1,353,377	\$ 635,015
Academy's Covered Payroll	\$ 615,486	\$ 533,829	\$ 549,764	\$ 694,229	\$ 583,743	\$ 556,414	\$ 510,914	\$ 287,262
Academy's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	103.62%	200.49%	188.36%	193.41%	216.08%	320.10%	264.89%	221.06%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	87.80%	75.50%	77.40%	77.31%	75.30%	66.80%	72.10%	74.70%

⁽¹⁾ Information prior to 2015 is not available. Schedule is intended to show ten years of information, and additional years' will be displayed as it becomes available.

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date, which is the prior fiscal year.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Academy Contributions - Pension Last Ten Fiscal Years

School Employees Retirement System (SERS)	 2022	 2021	 2020	 2019	 2018	 2017	 2016	 2015	 2014	2013
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 7,040	\$ 7,585	\$ 18,502	\$ 24,900	\$ 19,967	\$ 14,367	\$ 20,112	\$ 18,302	\$ 12,541	n/a
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(7,040)	(7,585)	 (18,502)	(24,900)	(19,967)	(14,367)	(20,112)	(18,302)	(12,541)	n/a
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ _	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 	\$ -	\$ 	\$ -	n/a
Academy's Covered Payroll	\$ 50,286	\$ 54,179	\$ 132,157	\$ 184,444	\$ 147,904	\$ 102,621	\$ 143,657	\$ 138,862	\$ 90,483	n/a
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	13.50%	13.50%	14.00%	14.00%	13.18%	13.86%	n/a
State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)										
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 101,707	\$ 86,168	\$ 74,736	\$ 76,967	\$ 97,193	\$ 81,724	\$ 77,898	\$ 71,528	\$ 37,344	n/a
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	\$ (101,707)	\$ (86,168)	\$ (74,736)	 (76,967)	 (97,193)	 (81,724)	 (77,898)	 (71,528)	 (37,344)	n/a
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 	\$ -	n/a
Academy's Covered Payroll	\$ 726,479	\$ 615,486	\$ 533,829	\$ 549,764	\$ 694,229	\$ 583,743	\$ 556,414	\$ 510,914	\$ 287,262	n/a
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	13.00%	n/a

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the Academy's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset/Liability Last Four Fiscal Years (1)

School Employees Retirement System (SERS)		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018	2017		
Academy's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability		0.1607000%		0.0039010%	0.0051860%		(0.0047693%	C	0.0034223%	C	0.0037891%	
Academy's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$	30,414	\$	84,786	\$ 130,417		\$	\$ 132,312		91,846	\$	108,002	
Academy's Covered Payroll	\$	54,179	\$	132,157	\$	184,444	\$	147,904	\$	102,621	\$	143,657	
Academy's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		56.14%		64.16%		70.71%		89.46%		89.50%		75.18%	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability		24.08%		18.17%		15.57%		13.57%		12.46%		11.49%	
State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)													
Academy's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)		0.004988%		0.004423%	0.	00468300%	0.	.00610670%	0.	00530977%	0.	00532089%	
Academy's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	(105,168)	\$	(77,734)	\$	(77,562)	\$	(98,129)	\$	207,168	\$	284,563	
Academy's Covered Payroll	\$	615,486	\$	533,829	\$	549,764	\$	694,229	\$	583,743	\$	556,414	
Academy's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		-17.09%		-14.56%		-14.11%		-14.13%		35.49%		51.14%	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability		174.73%		182.10%		174.70%		176.00%		47.10%		37.30%	

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date, which is the prior fiscal year.

⁽¹⁾ Information prior to 2017 is not available. Schedule is intended to show ten years of information, and additional years' will be displayed as it becomes available.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the Academy's Contributions - OPEB Last Nine Fiscal Years (2)

School Employees Retirement System (SERS)	 2022	2021	2020	2019	 2018	2017	 2016	2015	 2014	2013
Contractually Required Contribution (1)	\$ 977	\$ 979	\$ 2,456	\$ 4,444	\$ 3,316	\$ 2,225	\$ 1,952	\$ 1,139	\$ 125	n/a
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	 (977)	 (979)	 (2,456)	(4,444)	(3,316)	(2,225)	(1,952)	(1,139)	(125)	n/a
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)		\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ -	\$ -	n/a
Academy's Covered Payroll	\$ 50,286	\$ 54,179	\$ 132,157	\$ 184,444	\$ 147,904	\$ 102,621	\$ 143,657	\$ 138,862	\$ 90,483	n/a
OPEB Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (1)	1.94%	1.81%	1.86%	2.41%	2.24%	2.17%	1.36%	0.82%	0.14%	n/a
State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)										
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,873	n/a
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	 	 	 	 					(2,873)	n/a
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	n/a
Academy's Covered Payroll	\$ 726,479	\$ 615,486	\$ 533,829	\$ 549,764	\$ 694,229	\$ 583,743	\$ 556,414	\$ 510,914	\$ 287,262	n/a
OPEB Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	1.00%	n/a

(1) Includes surcharge

⁽²⁾ Information prior to 2012 is not available. Schedule is intended to show ten years of information, and additional years' will be displayed as it becomes available.

Eagle Elementary of Akron Summit County, Ohio

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 1 - Net Pension Liability

Changes of benefit terms- SERS

There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal years 2014-2017 and 2019-2022.

The following changes were made to the benefit terms in 2018 as identified: The COLA was changed from a fixed 3.00% to a COLA that is indexed to CPI-W not greater than 2.5% with a floor of 0% beginning January 1, 2018. In addition, with the authority granted the Board under HB 49, the Board has enacted a three-year COLA suspension for benefit recipients in calendar years 2018-2020.

Changes in assumptions- SERS

There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal years 2014-2016 and 2018-2021. For fiscal year 2017, the following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%, (b) payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.50%, (c) assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75% to 0.50%, (d) Rates of withdrawal, retirement and disability were updated to reflect recent experience, (e) mortality among active members was updated to RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females, (f) mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries was updated to the following RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates and (g) mortality among disable member was updated to RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement (h) change in discount rate from 7.75% to 7.5%. For fiscal year 2022, the following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.00% to 2.40%, (b) assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.% to 0.85%, (c) Cost-of-Living-Adjustments was reduced from 2.50% to 2.00% (d) Rates of withdrawal, retirement and disability were updated to reflect recent experience, (e) mortality amount active members, service retirees and beneficiaries, and disabled members were updated (f) change in discount rate from 7.50% to 7.00%.

Changes in benefit terms – STRS

There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal years 2014-2022.

Changes in assumptions – STRS

There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal years 2014-2017 and 2019-2021. For fiscal year 2018, the following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) inflation assumption lowered from 2.75% to 2.50%, (b) investment return assumption lowered from 7.75% to 7.45%, (c) total salary increases rates lowered by decreasing the merit component of the individual salary increases, as well as by 0.25% due to lower inflation, (d) payroll growth assumption lowered to 3.00%, (e) updated the healthy and disable mortality assumption to the "RP-2014" mortality tables with generational improvement scale MP-2016, (f) rates of retirement, termination and disability were modified to better reflect anticipated future experience. For fiscal year 2022, the following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) investment return assumption lowered from 7.45% to 7.00%, (b) discount rate of return reduced from 7.45% to 7.00%.

Note 2 - Net OPEB Liability

Changes of benefit terms- SERS

There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal years 2018-2022.

Eagle Elementary of Akron Summit County, Ohio

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Changes in Assumptions - SERS

Amounts reported for fiscal years 2018-2022 incorporate changes in key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability as presented below:

Municipal Bond Index Rate:					
Fiscal year 2022	1.92 percent				
Fiscal year 2021	2.45 percent				
Fiscal year 2020	3.13 percent				
Fiscal year 2019	3.62 percent				
Fiscal year 2018	3.56 percent				
Fiscal year 2017	2.92 percent				
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of plan investment expense,					
including price inflation					
Fiscal year 2022	2.27 percent				
Fiscal year 2021	2.63 percent				
Fiscal year 2020	3.22 percent				
Fiscal year 2019	3.70 percent				
Fiscal year 2018	3.63 percent				
Fiscal year 2017	2.98 percent				
Medicare Trend Assumption					
Medicare					
Fiscal year 2022	5.125 percent decreasing to 4.40 percent				
Fiscal year 2020	5.25 percent decreasing to 4.75 percent				
Fiscal year 2019	5.375 percent decreasing to 4.75 percent				
Fiscal year 2018	5.50 percent decreasing to 5.00 percent				
Pre – Medicare					
Fiscal year 2022	6.75 percent decreasing to 4.40 percent				
Fiscal year 2020	7.00 percent decreasing to 4.75 percent				
Fiscal year 2019	7.25 percent decreasing to 4.75 percent				
Fiscal year 2018	7.50 percent decreasing to 5.00 percent				

Changes in Assumptions - STRS

For fiscal year 2018, the discount rate was increased from 3.26 percent to 4.13 percent based on the methodology defined under GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB) and the long term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75 percent to 7.45 percent. Valuation year per capita health care costs were updated, and the salary scale was modified. The percentage of future retirees electing each option was updated based on current data and the percentage of future disabled retirees and terminated vested participants electing health coverage were decreased. The assumed mortality, disability, retirement, withdrawal, and future health care cost trend rates were modified along with the portion of rebated prescription drug costs.

For fiscal year 2019, the discount rate was increased from the blended rate of 4.13 percent to the long-term expected rate of return of 7.45.

For fiscal year 2020 and 2021, the health care cost trend rates were modified.

For fiscal year 2022, the discount rate was decreased from 7.45 percent to 7.00 percent. The health care cost trend rates modified.

Eagle Elementary of Akron Summit County, Ohio

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Changes in Benefit Terms - STRS

For fiscal year 2018, the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was reduced from 2.1 percent to 1.9 percent per year of service. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements were discontinued for certain survivors and beneficiaries and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 2020.

For fiscal year 2019, the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was increased from 1.9 percent to 1.944 percent per year of service effective January 1, 2019. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2019, and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 1, 2020.

For fiscal year 2020, claims curves were trended to the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020, to reflect the current price renewals. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2020, from 1.944% to 1.984 per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2020. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1,2021 to 2.1% for the Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed to January 1, 2021.

For fiscal year 2021, Claim curves were updated to reflect the projected fiscal year end 2021 premium based on June 30, 2020, enrollment distribution. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2021, from 1.984% to 2.055% per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2021. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021, to 2.1% for the AMA Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.

There were no benefit term changes from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2022.

EAGLE ELEMENTARY OF AKRON SUMMIT COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Federal Grantor/	Assistance	
Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Listing Number	Expenditures
Program of Cluster Title	Number	Expellultures
U.S. Department of Agriculture		
Passed through Ohio Department of Education		
Child Nutrition Cluster:		
School Breakfast Program	10.553	\$ 20,017
National School Lunch Program	10.555	35,266
COVID-19 - National School Lunch Program	10.555	23,772
Total Child Nutrition Cluster		79,055
COVID-19 - Pandemic EBT Administrative Costs	10.649	614
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture		79,669
U.S. Depositment of Education		
U.S. Department of Education		
Passed through Ohio Department of Education Title I - Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	171 007
Title I - Grants to Local Educational Agencies Title I - Grants to Local Educational Agencies - Expanding Opportunities	84.010A	171,097 4,899
Total ALN #84.010	84.010A	175,996
10ιαι ΑΔΝ π04.010		173,990
Special Education Cluster (IDEA):		
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027	31,987
COVID-19 - Special Education Grants to States - ARP IDEA Part B	84.027X	681
Total Special Education Cluster		32,668
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	12,702
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	11,652
COVID-19 - Education Stabilization Fund - ESSER II	84.425D	380,131
COVID-19 - Education Stabilization Fund - ARP ESSER	84.425U	452,969
Total ALN #84.425	o20 C	833,100
Total U.S. Department of Education		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS		\$ 1,145,787

See accompanying notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

EAGLE ELEMENTARY OF AKRON SUMMIT COUNTY, OHIO NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1: **BASIS OF PRESENTATION**

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of Eagle Elementary of Akron under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2022 and is prepared in accordance with the accrual basis of accounting. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Columbus Preparatory and Fitness Academy, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of Eagle Elementary of Akron.

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

NOTE 3: INDIRECT COST RATE

Eagle Elementary of Akron has elected not to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE 4: CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

Cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture are commingled with State grants. It is assumed federal monies are expended first.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Eagle Elementary of Akron Summit County 2199 5th St. SW Akron, Ohio 44314

To the Members of the Board:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Eagle Elementary of Akron, Summit County, Ohio, (the Academy) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Academy's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated April 27, 2023, wherein we noted the Academy is experiencing financial difficulties and management has a plan in regard to this matter, and the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the Academy.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Academy's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Academy's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Academy's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Academy's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

Eagle Elementary of Akron
Summit County
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting
and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial
Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards
Page 2

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Academy's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Academy's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Academy's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Zupka & Associates

Certified Public Accountants

siphe & associates

April 27, 2023



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Eagle Elementary of Akron Summit County 2199 5th St. SW Akron, Ohio 44314

To the Members of the Board:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Eagle Elementary of Akron, Summit County, Ohio's (the Academy) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on the Academy's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2022. The Academy's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

In our opinion, Eagle Elementary of Akron complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted an audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Eagle Elementary of Akron, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Eagle Elementary of Akron's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements to the Eagle Elementary of Akron's federal programs.

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Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the Eagle Elementary of Akron's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the Eagle Elementary of Akron's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we

- · exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design
 and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a
 test basis, evidence regarding the Eagle Elementary of Akron's compliance with the compliance
 requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in
 the circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of the Eagle Elementary of Akron's internal control over compliance relevant
 to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test
 and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for
 the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Eagle Elementary of Akron's internal
 control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

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Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Zupka & Associates

Certified Public Accountants

zupka & associates

April 27, 2023

EAGLE ELEMENTARY OF AKRON SUMMIT COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

1.	1. <u>SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS</u>						
	2022(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified				
	2022(ii)	Were there any material control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No				
	2022(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No				
	2022(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No				
	2022(iv)	Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?	No				
	2022iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No				
	2022(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinions	Unmodified				
	2022(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	No				
	2022(vii)	Major Programs (list):					
		Education Stabilization Fund - ESSER II - ALN #84.425D and ARP ESSER - ALN #84.425U					
	2022(viii)	Dollar Threshold: A/B Program	Type A: \$750,000 Type B: All Others less than \$750,000				
	2022(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	No				

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None.

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None.

EAGLE ELEMENTARY OF AKRON SUMMIT COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

The prior audit report, as of June 30, 2021, included no citations or instances of noncompliance.



EAGLE ELEMENTARY OF AKRON

SUMMIT COUNTY

AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 5/25/2023

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