

EASTGATE REGIONAL COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS MAHONING COUNTY

SINGLE AUDIT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022



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Board of Directors
Eastgate Regional Council of Governments
100 E Federal St. Ste 1000
Youngstown, OH 44503

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Eastgate Regional Council of Governments, Mahoning County, prepared by Canter & Associates, for the audit period July 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Eastgate Regional Council of Governments is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

May 04, 2023



Mahoning County

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Eastgate Regional Council of Governments Mahoning County City Center One Building 100 East Federal Street, Suite 1000 Youngstown, Ohio 44503

To the Board of Directors:

Report on the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities of Eastgate Regional Council of Governments (Council), Mahoning County, Youngstown, Ohio as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Council's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities, of Eastgate Regional Council of Governments (Council), Mahoning County, Youngstown, Ohio, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Council and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 3 to the financial statements, during 2022, the Council adopted new accounting guidance in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, *Leases*. In addition, as discussed in Note 21 to the financial statements, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the Council. Our opinion is not modified with respect to these matters.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Council's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Eastgate Regional Council of Governments Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Council's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Council's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *Management's discussion and analysis*, and schedules of net pension and postemployment benefit liabilities and pension and postemployment benefit contributions listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context.

We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, consisting of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, to the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not opine or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to opine or provide any other assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Eastgate Regional Council of Government's basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements.

Eastgate Regional Council of Governments Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the schedules of fringe benefits and computation of fringe benefits rates, indirect costs and computation of indirect cost rates, and revenues and expenditures for ODOT, U.S. Department of Commerce, EPA and Appalachian Regional Development but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Contr & Assoc

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 28, 2023, on our consideration of the Council's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Council's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CANTER & ASSOCIATES

Poland, Ohio March 28, 2023

Mahoning County, Ohio

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

(Unaudited)

The discussion and analysis of Eastgate Regional Council of Governments (Eastgate) financial performance provides an overall review of Eastgate's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at Eastgate's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the notes to the basic financial statements and financial statements, themselves to enhance their understanding of Eastgate's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2022 are as follows:

Overall:

- For business-type activities, net position increased \$278,248 to \$4,015,817 from fiscal year 2021.
- Eastgate had \$4,088,377 in expenses related to business-type activities and \$352,709 of these expenses were offset by operating revenues and \$4,013,916 by non-operating revenues.
- The business-type activities revenue decreased \$598,800 or 12% to \$4,366,625.

Using this financial Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand Eastgate Regional Council of Governments as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all Eastgate's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of Eastgate's financial position.

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position presents information showing how Eastgate's net position changed during the most recent year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future periods.

Mahoning County, Ohio

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

(Unaudited)

Reporting Eastgate as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position

While this document contains the fund used by Eastgate to provide its programs, the view of Eastgate as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2022?" The statement of Net Position and the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position answers this question. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into accounts all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report Eastgate's *net position* and changes in that position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for Eastgate as a whole, the *financial position* of Eastgate has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the continued availability of grants, at the federal, state and local levels.

In the statement of Net Position and the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net position, Eastgate is presented as one activity, business-type.

• Business-type activities – These services are provided on a charge for goods or services basis to recover all of the expenses of the goods or services provided.

Reporting Eastgate's Fund

Fund Financial Statements

Eastgate has only one fund; therefore, additional fund level statements are not presented.

Eastgate as a Whole

Business-type activities

Table 1 shows net position for fiscal years 2022 and 2021 for comparison purposes.

Mahoning County, Ohio

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

(Unaudited)

Table 1

Business-Type Activities		
	2022	(Restated) 2021
Assets		
Current and Other Assets	\$ 7,789,706	\$ 7,588,277
Capital Assets	502,372	117,574
Total Assets	\$ 8,292,078	\$ 7,705,851
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Pension	1,085,122	65,510
OPEB	124,537	62,708
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 1,209,659	\$ 128,218
Liabilities		
Long-term Liabilities	\$ 656,359	¢ 1.076.291
Net Pension Liabilitiy Other Amounts	,	\$ 1,076,381
Other Liabilities	699,418	317,038
	2,099,238	1,780,445
Total Liabilities	\$ 3,455,015	\$ 3,173,864
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Pension	1,660,004	491,046
OPEB	370,901	431,590
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 2,030,905	\$ 922,636
Net Position		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 50,594	\$ 39,278
Restricted	1,030,613	\$ 1,501,936
Unrestricted Net Position	2,934,610	2,196,355
Total Net Position	\$ 4,015,817	\$ 3,737,569

Total assets increased 8% in fiscal year 2022. This increase occurred mainly due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 87 and the corresponding increase in capital assets. The increase in cash and cash equivalents is due to the Warren Holdings settlement received during the fiscal year.

Mahoning County, Ohio

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

(Unaudited)

What are Eastgate's Revenue Sources? Eastgate receives much of its revenue from operating grants. Sources of these grants are federal, state and local. Eastgate has multiple functions, with the major being transportation planning, and all revenue is used to support its mission.

Table 2Business-Type Activities

20011000 19	P	2022	2021
OPERATING REVENUE			
Membership Dues	\$	216,989	\$ 219,732
Charges for Services		135,720	224,952
Miscellaneous		_	666
Total Operating Revenue		352,709	445,350
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Salaries & Benefits		1,202,385	1,161,791
Other Expenses		3,290,500	1,728,730
Depreciation/Amortization		93,392	20,776
Unallocated Pension & OPEB Expense		(497,900)	(748,814)
Total Operating Expenses		4,088,377	2,162,483
Operating Income (Loss)		(3,735,668)	 (1,717,133)
NON-OPERATING REVENUE			
Intergovernmental		3,994,480	4,508,408
Other Non-Operating Revenues		1,458	_
Interest Income		17,978	11,667
Total Non-Operating Revenue		4,013,916	4,520,075
Changes in Net Position		278,248	2,802,942
Net Position (Deficit) Beginning of Year		3,737,569	934,627
Net Position End of Year	\$	4,015,817	\$ 3,737,569

Table 2 shows the change in net position for fiscal years 2022 and 2021 for comparison purposes.

In fiscal year 2022, revenues decreased due to decreases in federal, state and local grant revenues and also a slight decrease in charges for services. Expenditures increased from fiscal year 2022, due mostly to USGS pass-through expense increases.

Mahoning County, Ohio

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

(Unaudited)

Enterprise Fund Budgeting Highlights

Eastgate is not required to establish a budget per Ohio Revised Code.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

At the end of the fiscal year 2022, Eastgate had \$50,594 (net) invested in equipment, furniture and fixtures and intangible right to use leases.

GASB 68 Net Pension Liability and GASB 75 OPEB Liability (Asset)

Governmental Accounting Standards Board standards are national and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Prior accounting for pensions (GASB 27) and postemployment benefits (GASB 45) focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension and OPEB costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's *net pension liability* or *net OBEP liability*. GASB 68 and GASB 75 take an earnings approach to pension and OPEB accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension/OPEB plans and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability or OPEB liability. In accordance with GASB 68 and GASB 75, Eastgate's statements are prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense and OPEB expense for their proportionate share of each plan's *change* in net pension liability and net OPEB liability, respectively, not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows.

Current Financial Related Activities

Eastgate receives its funding from the Federal Highway Administration, the Federal Transit Administration, the Ohio Department of Transportation, the Ohio Public Works Commission, Mahoning, Trumbull and Columbiana Counties, and numerous public entities within the counties. Grants for fiscal years 2022 and 2023 appear certain.

Contacting Eastgate's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers and grantors with a general overview of Eastgate's finances and to show Eastgate's accountability for the monies it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Michele Ballone at Eastgate Regional Council of Governments, City Center One Building, 100 East Federal Street, Suite 1000, Youngstown, Ohio 44503.

EASTGATE REGIONAL COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

ASSETS		
Cash & Cash Equivalents	\$	6,769,506
Accounts Receivable		759,410
Prepaid Expenses		28,541
Net OPEB Asset		232,249
Property and Equipment (net)		502,372
Total Assets		8,292,078
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pension	\$	1,085,122
OPEB		124,537
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		1,209,659
LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable	\$	886,806
Payroll Withholding	Ψ	8,492
Accrued Payroll		27,603
Fringe Benefits		19,126
Payroll Liabilities		19,475
Unearned Revenue		1,137,736
Long-term Liabilities:		1,137,730
Net Pension Liability		656,359
Due Within One Year		154,398
Due in more than One Year		545,020
Due in more than One Tear		343,020
Total Liabilities		3,455,015
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES		
Pension	\$	1,660,004
OPEB		370,901
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		2,030,905
NET DOSITION		
NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	50,594
Restricted	φ	1,030,613
Unrestricted		2,934,610
Onesancia		4,734,010
Total Net Position	\$	4,015,817

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of these statement.

EASTGATE REGIONAL COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

OPERATING REVENUE		
Membership Due	\$	216,989
Charges for Services	Ψ	135,720
Total Operating Revenue		352,709
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Salaries		807,684
Other Expenses		825,635
General Administrative and Fiscal Costs		175,461
Computer Updates		30,941
Travel		4,751
Telephone		6,601
Duplicating and Printing		805
Machine Rental and Maintenance		28,389
Office Supplies		10,095
Occupancy		6,443
Professional Services		34,974
Miscellaneous		81
Depreciation/Amortization		93,392
USGS Pass-through		1,920,293
Paid Leave		245,544
Hospitalization		202,593
Payroll Taxes		192,108
Repairs and Maintenance		487
Unallocated Pension Expense		(270,673)
Unallocated OPEB Expense		(227,227)
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Operating Expenses		4,088,377
Operating Income (Loss)		(3,735,668)
NON-OPERATING REVENUE		
Intergovernmental		3,994,480
Other Non-Operating Revenues		1,458
Interest Income		17,978
Total Non-Operating Revenue		4,013,916
Change in Net Position		278,248
Net Position Beginning of Year - Restated (See Note 11)		3,737,569
Net Position End of Year	\$	4,015,817

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

EASTGATE REGIONAL COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities Cash Received from Customers Cash Payments to Employees for Services Cash Payments to Employee Benefits Cash Payments for Goods and Services Other Cash Payments	\$ 352,709 (807,684) (640,245) (111,329) (2,958,157)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	(4,164,706)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activitie Other Non-operating revenues Grants Received	1,458 3,991,193
Net Cash Provided by (Used by) Noncapital Financing Activities	3,992,651
Cash Flows from Investing Activities Capital Purchases Interest on Investments	 (16,628) 17,978
Net Cash Provided by (Used by) Investing Activities	 1,350
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(170,705)
Cash and Cash Equivalents Beginning of Year	 6,940,211
Cash and Cash Equivalents End of Year	\$ 6,769,506
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ (3,735,668)
Adjustments: Depreciation/Amortization	\$ (3,735,668)
Adjustments: Depreciation/Amortization (Increase) Decrease in Assets: Accounts Receivable Prepaid Expenses	\$ 93,392 (288,351) 17,749
Adjustments: Depreciation/Amortization (Increase) Decrease in Assets: Accounts Receivable Prepaid Expenses Deferred Outflows Net OPEB Asset	\$ 93,392 (288,351)
Adjustments: Depreciation/Amortization (Increase) Decrease in Assets: Accounts Receivable Prepaid Expenses Deferred Outflows Net OPEB Asset Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities: Accounts Payable Accrued Wages and Benefits Compensated Absences Payroll Withholding Fringe Benefits Unearned Revenue Deferred Inflows Pension/OPEB Liability	\$ 93,392 (288,351) 17,749 (1,081,441) (104,706) 789,782 4,677 8,898 (9,336) 2,979 (555,685) 1,108,269 (420,022)
Adjustments: Depreciation/Amortization (Increase) Decrease in Assets: Accounts Receivable Prepaid Expenses Deferred Outflows Net OPEB Asset Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities: Accounts Payable Accrued Wages and Benefits Compensated Absences Payroll Withholding Fringe Benefits Unearned Revenue Deferred Inflows	\$ 93,392 (288,351) 17,749 (1,081,441) (104,706) 789,782 4,677 8,898 (9,336) 2,979 (555,685) 1,108,269

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING AND REPORTING POLICIES

General

Eastgate Regional Council of Governments (Eastgate) was established on January 1, 1973. Eastgate is a government entity created under the provisions of Chapter 167 of the Ohio Revised Code.

Eastgate is organized as a voluntary organization of local government subdivisions in Ashtabula, Mahoning, and Trumbull counties. Its purpose is to foster a cooperative effort in regional planning, programming, and the implementation of regional plans and programs. It is a forum for the discussion and study of common problems of a regional nature and for the development of policy and action recommendations relating thereto. Eastgate is considered a jointly governed organization since each of the participating counties has equal representation and the counties have no financial responsibility.

Eastgate derives its funds to support its operations from Federal and State grants, dues from local government bodies desiring membership in Eastgate, and contractual agreements between local government bodies and Eastgate for the performance of specific studies and surveys. Because Eastgate derives a majority of its revenues from dues and charges for services, which are services provided to other governments and are therefore intergovernmental revenues, these statements are shown as proprietary activities.

Eastgate is governed by a General Policy Board which utilizes an administrative staff headed by a director for daily operations.

Eastgate has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity", and as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units" and GASB Statement No. 61, "The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34". The reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the basic financial statements of Eastgate are not misleading. The primary government consists of all departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from Eastgate.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which a primary government is financially accountable. Eastgate is financially accountable for an organization if the primary government appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) Eastgate is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) Eastgate is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or (3) Eastgate is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance deficits of or provide financial support to the organization; or (4) Eastgate is obligated for the debt of the organization. Under the criteria specified in Statement No. 14, Eastgate has no component units. Accordingly, the accompanying financial statements include only the accounts and transactions of Eastgate.

Method of Accounting

Eastgate's funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as earned from grant agencies when the related expenses are recognized. Direct costs are billed to grantor agencies at actual cost; indirect costs are billed using the provisional rate method, which is calculated based on the most recently audited fiscal year with adjustments for projected changes. At the end of the fiscal year, an actual rate is calculated and the difference between the estimated and actual cost for the period covered by the rate is identified to specific contracts.

Variances are either billed as an additional cost or refunded to the granting agency. No carry forward provision is permitted to adjust the future rates for the variance. Local revenue funds are recognized as revenue in the period in which they are assessed. The recognition of local revenue funds received which related to assessments for subsequent events is deferred.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the cash flows statement and for presentation on the statement of net position, Eastgate considers all liquid debt instruments purchased with temporary cash that have an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Vacation and Sick Leave

Eastgate employees generally earn vacation ranging from 10 to 25 days per year based on the length of service. The amount accrued for vacation leave was \$162,275. The amount accrued for sick leave was \$85,365, using the vesting method. These two numbers are included in the long-term liabilities.

Net Position

Net Position represents the difference between assets plus deferred outflows less liabilities plus deferred inflows. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Eastgate reports no restricted net position for the fiscal year.

Deferred Outflows and Inflows

In addition to assets, the statements of net position and balance sheets will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For Eastgate, deferred outflows of resources are reported on the government-wide statement of net position for pension and OPEB. The deferred outflows of resources related to pension and OPEB are explained in Notes 3 and 4.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of net position and balance sheets report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. For Eastgate, deferred inflows of resources include pension and OPEB. Deferred inflows of resources related to pension and OPEB plans are reported on the government-wide statement of net position (see Notes 3 and 4).

Pensions/Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB, and pension/OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are stated at cost. Eastgate's policy is to depreciate/amortize the cost of depreciable assets over their estimated useful lives of three to ten years computed using the straight-line method. Furniture and equipment and lease are purchased principally with local funds. Eastgate maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

2. DEPOSITS WITH FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by Eastgate into three categories.

Active Monies-Those monies required to be kept in a "cash" or "near-cash" status for immediate use by Eastgate. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in Eastgate's Treasury, in depository accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive Monies-Those monies not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits may be deposited or invested as certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or as savings or deposit account including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim Monies-Those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories.

<u>Deposits</u>-Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. Protection of Eastgate cash and deposits is provided by the federal deposit insurance corporation as well as qualified securities pledged by the institution holding the assets.

By law, financial institutions must collateralize all public deposits. The face value of the pooled collateral must equal at least 105 percent of funds deposited. Collateral is held by trustees including the Federal Reserve Bank and designated third party trustees of the financial institutions.

At year end, the carrying amount of Eastgate's deposits was \$3,011,886, and the bank balance was \$3,029,365. Of the bank balance, \$615,386 was insured by FDIC and \$2,413,979 was uninsured.

<u>Investments</u>-Eastgate had investments totaling \$3,757,520 at June 30, 2022, which included 2 repurchase (sweep) agreements of \$3,354,779 and one annuity valued at \$402,741. Eastgate also had cash on hand of \$100.

3. <u>DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN</u>

A. Net Pension Liability

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the retirement systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The retirement systems report investments at fair value.

The net pension liability reported on the statement of net position represents a liability to employees for pensions. Pensions are a component of exchange transactions - between an employer and its employees - of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee, on a deferred payment basis, as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension liability represents Eastgate's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

on investments, cost of living adjustments and other variables. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

Eastgate's share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term net pension liability on the accrual basis of accounting.

Ohio Revised Code limits Eastgate's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. Eastgate cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, Eastgate does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension.

GASB 68 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net pension liability* on the accrual basis of accounting. A liability for the contractually-required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in *intergovernmental payable* on the accrual basis of accounting.

Plan Description - Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS).

Plan Description – Eastgate participates in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS administers three separate pension plans. The traditional plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The member-directed plan is a defined contribution plan and the combined plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with defined contribution features. While members of Eastgate may elect the member-directed plan and the combined plan, substantially all employees are in OPERS' traditional plan; therefore, the following disclosure focuses on the traditional pension plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits and annual cost of living adjustments to members of the traditional pension plan. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about OPERS' fiduciary net position that may be obtained by visiting https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml, by writing to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling (800) 222-7377.

Senate Bill (SB) 343 was enacted into law with an effective date of January 7, 2013. In the legislation, members were categorized into three groups with varying provisions of the law applicable to each group. The following table provides age and service requirements for retirement and the retirement formula applied to final average salary (FAS) for the three member groups under the traditional plan as per the reduced benefits adopted by SB 343 (see OPERS ACFR referenced above for additional information):

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Group A

Eligible to retire prior to January 7, 2013 or five years after January 7, 2013

Group B

20 years of service credit prior to January 7, 2013 or eligible to retire ten years after January 7, 2013

Group C

Members not in other Groups and members hired on or after January 7, 2013

State and Local

Age and Service Requirements:

Age 60 with 60 months of service credit or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit

Formula:

2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 30

State and Local

Age and Service Requirements:

Age 60 with 60 months of service credit or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit

Formula:

2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 30

State and Local

Age and Service Requirements:

Age 57 with 25 years of service credit or Age 62 with 5 years of service credit

Formula:

2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 35 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 35

Final average salary (FAS) represents the average of the three highest years of earnings over a member's career for Groups A and B. Group C is based on the average of the five highest years of earnings over a member's career.

Members who retire before meeting the age and years of service credit requirement for unreduced benefits receive a percentage reduction in the benefit amount.

When a benefit recipient has received benefits for 12 months, an annual cost of living adjustment (COLA) is provided. This COLA is calculated on the base retirement benefit at the date of retirement and is not compounded. For those retiring prior to January 7, 2013, the COLA will continue to be 3 percent simple annual COLA. For those retiring subsequent to January 7, 2013, beginning in calendar year 2019, the COLA will be based on the average percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index, capped at 3 percent.

Defined contribution plan benefits are established in the plan documents, which may be amended by the Board. Memberdirected plan and combined plan members who have met the retirement eligibility requirements may apply for retirement benefits. The amount available for defined contribution benefits in the combined plan consists of the member's contributions plus or minus the investment gains or losses resulting from the member's investment selections. Combined plan members wishing to receive benefits must meet therequirements for both the defined benefit and defined contribution plans. Memberdirected participants must have attained the age of 55, have money on deposit in the defined contribution plan and have terminated public service to apply for retirement benefits.

The amount available for defined contribution benefits in the member directed plan consists of the members' contributions, vested employer contributions and investment gains or losses resulting from the member's investment selections. Employer contributions and associated investment earnings vest over a five-year period, at a rate of 20 percent each year. At retirement, members may select one of several distribution options for payment of the vested balance in their individual OPERS accounts. Options include the annuitization of the benefit (which includes joint and survivor options), partial lump-sum payments (subject to limitation), a rollover of the vested account balance to another financial institution, receipt of entire account balance, net of taxes withheld, or a combination of these options.

Beginning in 2022, the Combined Plan will be consolidated under the Traditional Pension Plan (definedbenefit plan) and the Combined Plan option will no longer be available for new hires beginning in 2022.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Funding Policy – The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

	State
	and Local
2021 Statutory Maximum Contribution Rates	
Employer	14.0%
Employee *	10.0%
2021 Actual Contribution Rates	
Employer:	
Pension **	14.0%
Post-Employment Health Care Benefits	0.0%
Total Employer	14.0%
Employee	10.0%

^{*}Member contributions within combined plan are not used to fund the defined benefit retirement allowance.

Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. Eastgate's required contributions to OPERS for the years ended June 30, 2022, 2021, and 2020 were \$171,304, \$131,020, and \$150,643, respectively, which represent 100 percent contributions for all three years.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. Eastgates proportion of the net pension liability was based on Eastgates share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share:

	Traditional
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	\$656,359
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset) Prior Measurement Date	0.00726900%
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset) Current Measurement Date Change in Proporationate Share	0.00754400% 0.00027500%
Pension Expense	(\$185,025)

^{**}These pension and employer health care rates are for the traditional & combined plans. The employer contribution rate for the member-directed plan is allocated 4 percent for health care with the remainder going to pension.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

At June 30, 2022, Eastgate reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and	
actual experience	\$33,461
Change of Assumptions	82,077
Change in Proportionate Share	883,932
Eastgate contributions subsequent to	
the measurement date	\$85,652
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$1,085,122
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and	
actual experience	\$14,396
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	780,717
Change in proportionate share and difference between	
Eastgate contributions and proportionate share of	
contributions	864,891
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$1,660,004

\$85,652 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from Eastgate contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Traditional
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:	
2023	(\$92,094)
2024	(260,670)
2025	(183,578)
2026	(124,192)
Total	(\$660,534)

Actuarial Assumptions - OPERS

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review or modification as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation. The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2020, using the following actuarial assumptions:

Wage Inflation 3.25 Percent

Future Salary Increases, Including Inflation 3.25 Percent to 10.75 Percent

COLA or Ad hoc COLA Pre 1/7/2013 retirees: 3 Percent Simple;

Post 1/7/2013 retirees: 3 Percent Simple through 2018,

then 2.15 Percent Simple

Current Measurement Period - Investment Rate of Return 7.20 Percent

Actuarial Cost Method Individual Entry Age

Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Employees mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Health Annuitant mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates for disabled retirees are based on the RP-2014 Disabled mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2015 mortality improvement scale to all of the above described tables.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended December 31, 2020.

During 2020, OPERS managed investments in three investment portfolios: the Defined Benefit portfolio, the Health Care portfolio, and the Defined Contribution portfolio. The Defined Benefit portfolio contains the investment assets for the Traditional Pension Plan, the defined benefit component of the Combined Plan and the annuitized accounts of the Member-Directed Plan. Within the Defined Benefit portfolio, contributions into the plans are all recorded at the same time, and benefit payments all occur on the first of the month. Accordingly, the money-weighted rate of return is considered to be the same for all plans within the portfolio. The annual money-weighted rate of return expressing investment performance, net of investment expenses and adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested, for the Defined Benefit portfolio is 11.7 percent for 2020.

The allocation of investment assets with the Defined Benefit portfolio is approved by the Board of Trustees asoutlined in the annual investment plan. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the defined benefit pension plans. The table below displays the Board-approved asset allocation policy for 2020 and the long-term expected real rates of return:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Fixed Income	25.00 %	1.32 %
Domestic Equities	21.00	5.64
Real Estate	10.00	5.39
Private Equity	12.00	10.42
International Equities	23.00	7.36
Other Investments	9.00	4.75
Total	100.00 %	5.43 %

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.2 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of Eastgate's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.2 percent, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.2 percent), or one percentage point higher (8.2 percent) than the current rate.

	Current						
		1% Decrease (6.2%)		Discount Rate (7.2%)		1% Increase (8.2%)	
Eastgate's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability:							
Traditional	\$	2.130.878	\$	656.359	\$	274.149	

4. DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLANS

Net OPEB Liability (Asset)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the retirement systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The retirement systems report investments at fair value.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

The net OPEB liability (asset) reported on the statement of net position represents a liability (asset) to employees for OPEB. OPEB is a component of exchange transactions-between an employer and its employees-of salaries and benefits for employee services. OPEB is provided to an employee, on a deferred-payment basis, as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for OPEB is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net OPEB liability (asset) represents Eastgate's proportionate share of each OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net OPEB liability (asset) calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments, cost trends and other variables. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

Eastgate's share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net other postemployment benefit liability (asset)* on the accrual basis of accounting.

Ohio Revised Code limits Eastgate's obligation for liabilities to OPERS to annual required payments. Eastgate cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which OPEB from the cost-sharing, multiple-employer plans are financed; however, Eastgate does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including OPEB.

GASB Statement No. 75 assumes the liability (asset) is solely the obligation of the employer, because they benefit from employee services. OPEB contributions come from these employers and health care plan enrollees which pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. The Ohio Revised Code permits but does not require the cost-sharing, multiple-employer retirement systems to provide health care to eligible benefit recipients. Any change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net OPEB liability (asset). Resulting adjustments to the net OPEB liability (asset) would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

Plan Description—Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

OPERS administers three separate pension plans: the traditional pension plan, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan; the member-directed plan, a defined contribution plan; and the combined plan, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and defined contribution plan.

OPERS maintains a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment health care trust, which funds multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage and deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement to qualifying benefit recipients of both the traditional pension and combined plans. This trust is also used to fund health care for member-directed plan participants, in the form of a Retiree Medical Account (RMA). At retirement or refund, member-directed plan participants may be eligible for reimbursement of qualified medical expenses from their vested RMA balance.

In order to qualify for postemployment health care coverage, age and service retirees under the traditional pension and combined plans must have twenty or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit. Health care coverage for disability benefit recipients and qualified survivor benefit recipients is available. The health care coverage provided by OPERS meets the definition of an OPEB as described in GASB Statement No. 75. See OPERS' ACFR referenced below for additional information.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

The ORC permits but does not require OPERS to provide health care to its eligible benefit recipients. Authority to establish and amend health care coverage is provided to the Board in Chapter 145 of the ORC.

Disclosures for the health care plan are presented separately in the OPERS financial report. Interested parties may obtain a copy by visiting https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml, by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling (614) 222-5601 or 800-222-7377.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code provides the statutory authority requiring public employers to fund postemployment health care through their contributions to OPERS. When funding is approved by Systems' Board of Trustees, a portion of each employer's contribution to OPERS is set aside to fund OPERS health care plans.

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of the earnable salary of active members. In 2021, local employers contributed at a rate of 14.0 percent of earnable salary. This is the maximum employer contribution rate permitted by Ohio Revised Code. Active member contributions do not fund health care.

Each year, the OPERS Board determines the portion of the employer contribution rate that will be set aside to fund health care plans. The portion of Traditional Pension and Combined Plans' employer contributions allocated to health care was zero in 2021. The OPERS Board is also authorized to establish rules for the retiree or their surviving beneficiaries to pay a portion of the health care provided. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected. The employer contribution as a percentage of covered payroll deposited into the RMA for participants in the member-directed plan for 2021 was 4.0 percent.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liability (asset) for OPERS was measured as of December 31, 2020 and the total OPEB liability (asset) used to calculate the net OPEB liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2019, rolled forward to December 31, 2020 by incorporating the expected value of health care cost accruals, the actual health care payments, and interest accruals during the year. Eastgate's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset) was based on Eastgate's share of contributions to the retirement system relative to the contributions of all participating entities. The following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

	Traditional
Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability/(Asset)	(\$232,249)
Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability/(Asset) Prior Measurement Date	0.00715900%
Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability/(Asset) Current Measurement Date Change in Proporationate Share	0.00741500% 0.00025600%
OPEB Expense	(\$227,227)

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

At June 30, 2022, Eastgate reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Change in Proportionate Share	\$124,537
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$124,537
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and	
actual experience	\$35,229
Net difference between projected and	
actual earnings on pension plan investments	110,723
Change of Assumptions	94,013
Change in Proportionate Share	130,936
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$370,901

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Traditional
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:	
2023	(\$156,284)
2024	(49,984)
2025	(24,194)
2026	(15,902)
Total	(\$246,364)

Actuarial Assumptions - OPERS

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review or modification as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of health care costs for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan and include the types of coverages provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of costs between OPERS and plan members. The total OPEB liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2019, rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2020. The actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions applied to all prior periods included in the measurement in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 74.

Key Methods and Assumptions used in Valuation of the Total OPEB Liability (Asset):

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Wage Inflation 3.25 Percent

Projected Salary Increases 3.25 - 10.75 Percent (includes wage inflation)

Single Discount Rate:

Current Measurement Period 6.00 Percent
Prior Measurement Period 3.16 Percent
Investment Rate of Return 6.00 Percent

Municipal Bond Rate:

Current Measurement Period 2.00 Percent Prior Measurement Period 2.75 Percent

Health Care Cost Trend Rate:

Current Measurement Period 8.50 Percent initial, 3.50 Percent ultimate in 2035 Prior Measurement Period 10.50 Percent initial, 3.50 Percent ultimate in 2030

Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Employees mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant mortality table for males and females, adjusted for improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates for disabled retirees are based on the RP-2014 Disabled mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2015 mortality improvement scale to all of the above tables.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended December 31, 2020.

The long-term expected rate of return on health care investment assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected real rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation.

During 2020, OPERS managed investments in three investment portfolios: the Defined Benefit portfolio, the Health Care portfolio and the Defined Contribution portfolio. The Health Care portfolio includes the assets for health care expenses for the Traditional Pension Plan, Combined Plan and Member-Directed Plan eligible members. Within the Health Care portfolio, contributions into the plans are assumed to be received continuously throughout the year based on the actual payroll payable at the time contributions are made, and health care-related payments are assumed to occur mid-year. Accordingly, the money-weighted rate of return is considered to be the same for all plans within the portfolio. The annual money-weighted rate of return expressing investment performance, net of investment expenses and adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested, for the Health Care portfolio is 19.7 percent for 2019.

The allocation of investment assets within the Health Care portfolio is approved by the OPERS Board as outlined in the annual investment plan. Assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of continuing to offer a sustainable health care program for current and future retirees. OPERS' primary goal is to achieve and maintain a fully funded status for benefits provided through the defined pension plans. Health care is a discretionary benefit. The table below displays the OPERS Board-approved asset allocation policy for 2019 and the long-term expected real rates of return.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return (Arithmetic)
Fixed Income	34.00 %	1.07 %
Domestic Equities	25.00	5.64
REITs	7.00	6.48
International Equities	25.00	7.36
Other Investments	9.00	4.02
Total	100.00 %	4.43 %

Discount Rate. A single discount rate of 6.00 percent was used to measure the OPEB liability (asset) on the measurement date of December 31, 2020. Projected benefit payments are required to be discounted to their actuarial present value using a single discount rate that reflects (1) a long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments (to the extent that the health care fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and (2) tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate are not met). This single discount rate was based on an expected rate of return on the health care investment portfolio of 6.0 percent and a municipal bond rate of 2.00 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rate. Based on these assumptions, the health care fiduciary net position and future contributions were sufficient to finance health care costs through 2120. As a result, the long-term expected rate of return on health care investments was applied to projected costs through the year 2120, the duration of the project period through which projected health care payments are fully funded.

Sensitivity of Eastgate's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate and Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates. The following table presents the net OPEB liability (asset) calculated using the single discount rate of 6.0 percent and the expected net OPEB liability (asset) if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1.0 percent lower (5.0 percent) or 1.0 percent higher (7.0 percent) than the current rate.

	 Current 1% Decrease Discount Rate (5.00%) (6.00%)		1% Increase (7.00%)		
Eastgate's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset:	\$ 32,848	\$	232,249	\$	213,700
	 Decrease (9.5%)	T	Current rend Rate (10.5%)		% Increase (11.5%)
Eastgate's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset:	\$ 135,324	\$	232,249	\$	128,502

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

5. ACCUMULATED FRINGE BENEFITS

Accumulated fringe benefits include accrued employee hospitalization of \$2,706 and accrued employee share of OPERS of \$16,769 for a total of \$19,475.

6. COST ALLOCATION METHOD

Eastgate annually has a Cost Allocation Plan agreement with the Ohio Department of Transportation (ODOT). This agreement establishes a preliminary fringe benefit rate and an indirect cost rate in advance of the beginning of the agreement year so that a budget can be prepared. However, the approved rates are based on estimates and will be revised by ODOT as an adjustment in future cost allocation plan agreements. Periodic billings are prepared based on the preliminary approved rates.

Costs were distributed to the projects and activities pursuant to a cost allocation plan and/or a method of allocation, as applicable, as required by The Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards.

7. CONTINGENCIES

Under the terms of federal and state grants, periodic audits are required and certain expenditures may be questioned as not appropriate under terms of the grants. Such audits could lead to reimbursement to the grantor agencies. Management believes disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

8. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, was as follows:

	(Restated)			
	Balance			Balance
	6/30/21	Additions	Reductions	6/30/22
Capital assets being depreciated/amortized:				
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	\$185,324	\$16,628	\$0	\$201,952
Intangible Right to Use Lease - Buildings	725,654	461,562	(725,654)	461,562
Intangible Right to Use Lease - Equipment	32,754	0	0	32,754
Total capital assets being depreciated/amortized	943,732	478,190	(725,654)	696,268
Accumulated depreciation/amortization:				
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	(114,288)	(19,803)	0	(134,091)
Intangible Right to Use Lease - Buildings	(704,773)	(67,038)	725,654	(46,157)
Intangible Right to Use Lease - Equipment	(7,097)	(6,551)	0	(13,648)
Total accumulated depreciation/amortization	(826,158)	(93,392) *	725,654	(193,896)
Capital assets, net	\$117,574	\$384,798	\$0	\$502,372

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

*Of the current year depreciation total of \$93,392, \$73,589 is presented as a depreciation/amortization expense on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Net Position, and are related to Eastgate's intangible asset of copiers and buildings, which are included in the table above as an Intangible Right to Use Lease. With the implementation of GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*, a lease meeting the criteria of this statement requires the lessee to recognize the lease liability and an intangible right to use asset.

9. RISK MANAGEMENT

Eastgate is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees and natural disasters. In order to minimize these components of risk, Eastgate has obtained insurance coverage for risk of loss as follows:

Liability Aggregate Limit	\$ 2,000,000
Fire and Medical Limit	1,000,000
Fire Legal Liability	250,000
Medical Expenses	5,000
Business Property	150,000
Contractor's Equipment	8,970
Automobile	1,000,000
Tenants Liability	250,000
Deductible	250

Settled claims have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the past three years. Also, Eastgate did not reduce the limits of liability significantly in the current year.

10. LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS

The change in long-term obligations of Eastgate during fiscal year 2022 were as follows:

	(Restated) Balance at 06/30/21	Increases	Decreases	Balance at 6/30/22	Amounts Due in One Year
Long-Term Obligations:					
Leases - Buildings	\$52,241	\$461,561	(\$81,708)	\$432,094	\$62,472
Leases - Equipment	26,055	0	(6,371)	19,684	6,561
Compensated Absences	238,742	89,268	(80,370)	247,640	85,365
Total Before Net Pension & OPEB Liability	317,038	550,829	(168,449)	699,418	154,398
Net Pension Liability:					
OPERS	1,076,381	0	(420,022)	656,359	0
Total	\$1,393,419	\$550,829	(\$588,471)	\$1,355,777	\$154,398

Leases Payable – The District had two lease agreements outstanding at the beginning of the year and also entered into a new lease agreement for office space in fiscal year 2022. Due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 87, these leases have met the criteria of a lease thus requiring them to be recorded by Eastgate. The new lease will be amortized over the lease term since it is shorter than the useful life due to Eastgate not taking ownership of the copiers or office space. A summary of the principal and interest amounts remaining for the lease are as follows:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Fiscal			Leases	S		
Year Ending		Copiers		Building		
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$6,561	\$591	\$7,152	\$62,472	\$51,851	\$114,323
2024	6,758	394	7,152	102,074	12,249	114,323
2025	6,365	191	6,556	91,138	23,185	114,323
2026	0	0	0	81,373	32,950	114,323
2027	0	0	0	95,037	10,296	105,333
Total	\$19,684	\$1,176	\$20,860	\$432,094	\$130,531	\$562,625

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No.16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences", vacations benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that Eastgate will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. Eastgate records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all employees with more than one year of service.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those Eastgate has identified as probable of receiving payment in the future. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employees' wage rates at year end, taking into consideration any limits in Eastgate's termination policy. Eastgate reports a liability for accumulated unused sick leave for employees who will be eligible to retire at the end of the fiscal year.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the financial statements.

There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability and net OPEB liability; however, employer pension and OPEB contributions are made from the General Fund. For additional information related to the net pension liability and net OPEB liability see Note 3 and 4.

11. CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES & RESTATEMENT OF NET POSITION

For fiscal year 2022, Eastgate has implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, "Leases", GASB Statement No. 89, "Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period", certain provisions of GASB Statement No. 93, "Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates", GASB Statement No. 97, "Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans", and GASB Statement No. 98 "The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report".

GASB Statement No. 87 requires recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that were previously classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. The changes were incorporated into Eastgate's financial statements and had an effect on beginning net position.

GASB Statement No. 89 establishes accounting requirements for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period and aims to provide users with more relevant information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a particular reporting period. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 89 did not have an effect on the financial statements of Eastgate.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

GASB Statement No. 93 addresses accounting and financial reporting effects that result from the replacement of interbank offered rated (IBORs) with other reference rates in order to preserve the reliability, relevance, consistency, and comparability of reported information. The implementation of paragraphs 13 and 14 of GASB Statement No. 93 did not have an effect on the financial statements of Eastgate.

GASB Statement No. 97 focuses on more consistent financial reporting of defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution OPEB plans, and other employee benefit plans, while mitigating the costs associated with reporting those plans. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 97 did not have an effect on the financial statements of Eastgate.

GASB Statement No. 98 establishes the term annual comprehensive financial report and its acronym ACFR. That new term and acronym replace instances of comprehensive annual financial report and its acronym in generally accepted accounting principles for state and local governments. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 98 did not have an effect on the financial statements of Eastgate.

Restatement of Net Position

The implementation of GASB Statement No. 87 had the following effect on net position as of June 30, 2021:

Net Position at June 30, 2021	\$3,766,153
Adjustments due to GASB 87:	
Intangible Right to Use Lease - Capital Assets	49,712
Lease Liability	(78,296)
Restated Net Position at June 30, 2021	\$3,737,569

12. **COVID-19**

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March of 2020 due to the COVID- 19 pandemic. Ohio's state of emergency ended in June of 2021 while the national state of emergency continues. During fiscal year 2022, Eastgate did not receive Coronavirus Aid, but did receive Economic Security (CARES) Act funding that was used for disaster recovery planning. Eastgate's investment portfolio and the investments of the pension and other employee benefit plans in which Eastgate participates fluctuate with market conditions, and due to market volatility, the amount of losses that will be recognized in subsequent periods, if any, cannot be determined. In addition, the impact on Eastgate's future operating costs, revenues, and any recovery from emergency funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated.

EASTGATE REGIONAL COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS $\label{eq:June 30, 2022} \text{June 30, 2022}$

Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of EASTGATE'S Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) - Traditional Plan
Last Nine Fiscal Years (1)

<u>-</u>	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
EASTGATE'S Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.00754400%	0.00726900%	0.00699900%	0.00711800%	0.00704700%	0.00659500%	0.00677000%	0.00682700%	0.00682700%
EASTGATE'S Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$656,359	\$1,076,381	\$1,383,400	\$1,949,476	\$1,105,538	\$1,497,612	\$1,172,404	\$816,538	\$804,814
EASTGATE'S Covered-Employee Payroll	\$935,857	\$1,076,021	\$1,172,414	\$1,641,380	\$1,210,680	\$1,426,240	\$1,283,840	\$1,309,440	\$1,282,360
EASTGATE'S Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll	70.13%	100.03%	118.00%	118.77%	91.32%	105.00%	91.32%	62.36%	62.76%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	92.62%	86.88%	82.17%	74.70%	84.66%	77.25%	81.08%	86.45%	86.36%

⁽¹⁾ Information prior to 2013 is not available.

 $Amounts\ presented\ as\ of\ the\ EASTGATE'S\ measurement\ date\ which\ is\ December\ 31,2021.$

EASTGATE REGIONAL COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS June 30,2022

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Eastgate Contributions Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) - Traditional Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Contractually Required Contribution	\$171,304	\$131,020	\$150,643	\$164,138	\$121,068	\$128,362	\$117,921	\$119,908	\$117,429	\$119,254
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(\$171,304)	(\$131,020)	(\$150,643)	(\$164,138)	(\$121,068)	(\$128,362)	(\$117,921)	(\$119,908)	(\$117,429)	(\$119,254)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Eastgate Covered-Employee Payroll	\$1,223,600	\$935,857	\$1,076,021	\$1,172,414	\$1,008,900	\$1,069,683	\$982,679	\$999,237	\$978,573	\$993,782
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	13.00%	13.00%	12.00%	12.00%	12.00%	13.00%

EASTGATE REGIONAL COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS

June 30, 2022

Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of EASTGATE'S Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability
Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)
Last Six Fiscal Years (1)

_	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
EASTGATE'S Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	0.00741500%	0.00693300%	0.00693300%	0.00739700%	0.00734000%	0.00734000%
EASTGATE'S Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	(\$232,249)	(\$127,543)	\$957,627	\$964,394	\$797,070	\$741,365
EASTGATE'S Covered-Employee Payroll	\$935,857	\$1,076,021	\$1,172,414	\$1,641,380	\$1,210,680	\$1,426,240
EASTGATE'S Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll	-24.82%	-11.85%	81.68%	58.76%	65.84%	51.98%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	128.23%	115.57%	47.80%	46.33%	65.84%	N/A

⁽¹⁾ Information prior to 2016 is not available.

Amounts presented as of the EASTGATE'S measurement date which is December 31, 2021.

EASTGATE REGIONAL COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS $\label{eq:June 30, 2022} \text{June 30, 2022}$

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Eastgate Contributions Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) - OPEB Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2022 (1)	2021 (1)	2020 (1)	2019 (1)	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Contractually Required Contribution	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$10,543	\$2,037	\$9,795	\$9,156	\$9,156	\$5,209
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	(\$10,543)	(\$2,037)	(\$9,795)	(\$9,156)	(\$9,156)	(\$5,209)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Eastgate Covered-Employee Payroll	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,008,900	\$1,069,683	\$982,679	\$999,237	\$978,573	\$993,782
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	1.04%	0.19%	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%	0.52%

⁽¹⁾ Effective 2019 the contribution rate was 0%

Eastgate Regional Council of Governments

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Net Pension Liability

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions and Methods - OPERS

There were no changes in the methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarially determined contributions during 2021.

Changes in Benefit Terms - OPERS

There were no changes in the benefit terms during 2021.

Net OPEB Liability (Asset)

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions and Methods – OPERS

For 2021, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total OPEB liability (asset) since the prior measurement date:

- The single discount rate increased from 3.16 percent to 6.00 percent.
- The municipal bond rate decreased from 2.75 percent to 2.00 percent.
- The initial health care cost trend rate decreased from 10.5 percent to 8.5 percent

Changes in Benefit Terms - OPERS

There were no changes in the benefit terms during 2021.

EASTGATE REGIONAL COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS MAHONING COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

FEDERAL GRANTOR State Pass Through Grantor Program/Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass Through Entity Number	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Federal Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE				
Direct Award from Economic Development Administration				
Economic Development Support for Planning Organizations	11.302	ED19CHI3020025		\$ 69,887
COVID-19 Economic Adjustment Assistance	11.307	ED20CHI3070058		\$ 208,918
COVID-19 Economic Adjustment Assistance	11.307	EDA-EG-22-1		\$ 25,625
Economic Adjustment Assistance-GM Recovery	11.307	06-69-06143		\$ 136,691
Economic Adjustment Assistance-Broadband	11.307	06-69-06188		\$ 15,742
Total U.S. Department of Commerce				456,863
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION Federal Highway Administration:				
Highway Planning and Construction Cluster:				
Highway Planning and Construction Highway Planning and Construction	20.205			
Passed Through Ohio Department of Transportation:	20.200			
CMAQ - Air Quality Program SFY 2022		PID 106734		\$ 132,490
CMAQ - Air Quality Program SFY 2021		PID 101877		68,909
LORDSTOWN		PID 115113		236,541
CMAQ - Rideshare Program SFY 2021		PID 106736		45,056
CMAQ - Rideshare Program SFY 2022		PID 101879		17,563
STP - Regional Transportation Planning Supplement SFY 2022		PID 106731		158,295
STP - Regional Transportation Planning Supplement SFY 2021		PID 105278		26,812
Consolidated Planning Grant SFY 2022		PID 114262	39,566	715,947
Consolidated Planning Grant SFY 2021		PID 111606	20.566	32,379
Total Highway Planning and Construction Cluster		=	39,566	1,433,992
Total U.S. Department of Transportation		-	39,566	1,433,992
APPALACHIAN REGIONAL COMMISSION Direct Award				
Appalachian Local Development Assistance	23.009	N/A		74,900
Total Appalachian Regional Commission				74,900
U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY				
Passed Through Ohio Department of Environmental Protection Agency				
Water Quality Planning (EPA)	66.454	604(b)		51,657
Total U.S. Environmental Protection Agency				51,657
. ·				
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards		<u>-</u>	\$39,566	\$2,017,412

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

EASTGATE REGIONAL COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS MAHONING COUNTY

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS 2 CFR 200.510(b)(6) FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE A – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of Eastgate Regional Council of Governments (the Government's) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2022. The information on this Schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Government, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the Government.

NOTE B – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards,* wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be allowable or may be limited as to reimbursement. The Government has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE C - MATCHING REQUIREMENTS

Certain Federal programs require Eastgate to contribute non-Federal funds (matching funds) to support the Federally-funded programs. Eastgate has met its matching requirements. The Schedule does not include the expenditure of non-Federal matching funds.

NOTE D – SUBRECIPIENTS

Eastgate passes certain federal awards received from the Ohio Department of Transportation to other governments or not-for-profit agencies (subrecipients). As Note B describes, Eastgate reports expenditures of Federal awards to subrecipients when accrued.

As a subrecipient, Eastgate has certain compliance responsibilities, such as monitoring its subrecipients to help assure they use these subawards as authorized by laws, regulations, and the provisions or contracts or grant agreements, and that subrecipients achieve the award's performance goals.



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CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Eastgate Regional Council of Governments Mahoning County City Center One Building 100 East Federal Street, Suite 1000 Youngstown, OH 44503

To the Board of Directors:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the business-type activities of the Eastgate Regional Council of Governments (Council), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Council's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 28, 2023, wherein we noted Eastgate adopted (GASB) Statement No. 87, *Leases*, and we also noted the financial impact of COVID-19 and the ensuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the Eastgate.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Council's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Council's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Council's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Council's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Eastgate Regional Council of Governments
Independent Auditors' Report On Internal Control Over Financial
Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On
An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance
With Government Auditing Standards
Page 2

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Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CANTER & ASSOCIATES

Poland, Ohio

March 28, 2023



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR THE MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Eastgate Regional Council of Governments Mahoning County City Center One Building 100 East Federal Street, Suite 1000 Youngstown, OH 44503

To the Board of Directors:

Report on Compliance for The Major Federal Program

Opinion on The Major Federal Program

We have audited Eastgate Regional Council of Government's (the Council) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on the Council's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2022. The Council's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings.

In our opinion, the Council complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on The Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Eastgate and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Eastgate's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Eastgate's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Eastgate's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists.

The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

Eastgate Regional Council of Governments Independent Auditor's Report On Compliance For The Major Program and On Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance Page 2

Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Eastgate's compliance with the requirements of its major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding Eastgate's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Eastgate's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to
 design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control
 over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of Eastgate internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

CANTER & ASSOCIATES

County & Associ

Poland, Ohio March 28, 2023

EASTGATE REGIONAL COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS SCHEDULE OF FRINGE BENEFITS AND COMPUTATION OF FRINGE BENEFIT RATES

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Actual Rates		ODOT Approve Provisional Rat		
Fringe Benefits					
Sick, Vacation and Holiday Pay	\$	245,544	\$	180,977	
Hospitalization and Life Insurance		202,383		193,685	
OPERS		171,304		170,364	
Worker's Compensation, Unemployment & Medicare		20,805		24,145	
Total Fringe Benefit Costs (A)		640,036		569,171	
Direct and Administrative Salaries					
Direct Salaries	\$	807,684	\$	865,007	
Indirect Salaries - Administrative		174,188		170,901	
Total Direct & Administrative Salaries (B)		981,872		1,035,908	
Fringe Benefits Rate (A/B)		65.19%		54.94%	

EASTGATE REGIONAL COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS SCHEDULE OF INDIRECT COSTS AND COMPUTATION OF INDIRECT COST RATES

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Ac	tual Rates	T Approved isional Rate
INDIRECT COSTS			
Administrative and Fiscal Management	\$	174,188	\$ 170,901
Fringe Benefits for Indirect Salaries		113,545	93,900
Postage		81	200
Travel		24	1,500
Telephone		6,601	5,550
Duplication and Printing		805	9,800
Office Supplies		8,421	3,500
Depreciation		19,803	16,400
Office Rent, Utilities & Insurance		108,422	122,220
Legal/Audit/Bookkeeping		34,974	41,100
Computer Supplies/Equipment		30,941	30,000
Dues		753	1,000
Office Insurance		250	3,050
Parking		4,728	1,100
Internet		1,424	1,550
Subscriptions/Bank Service Charges/Maintenance & Repair		1,007	1,400
TOTAL INDIRECT COSTS (A)		505,967	503,171
DIRECT SALARIES (B)		807,684	865,007
INDIRECT COST RATE (A/B)		62.64%	58.17%

EASTGATE REGIONAL COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS FHWA/ODOT GRANT - PID 114262 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	 CTUAL
Revenue: FHWA Grant Funds ODOT Grant Funds Local Match	\$ 715,947 89,493 89,581
Total Revenue	895,021
Expenditures: Direct Salaries Direct Expenditures Fringe Benefits Indirect Costs	359,888 83,228 227,913 223,992
Total Expenditures	 895,021
Revenue Over/Under Expenditures	
Grant Funds Received	805,440
Total Federal Expenditures	 715,947
Amount in Excess of 80%	\$ 89,493

EASTGATE REGIONAL COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS FHWA/ODOT GRANT CARRYOVER - PID 111606 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	A	CTUAL
Revenue: FHWA Grant Funds ODOT Grant Funds Local Match	\$	32,379 4,047 4,047
Total Revenue		40,473
Expenditures: Direct Salaries Direct Expenditures Fringe Benefits Indirect Costs Total Expenditures Revenue Over/Under Expenditures		16,896 4,465 9,283 9,829 40,473
Grant Funds Received		36,426
Total Federal Expenditures		32,379
Amount in Excess of 80%	\$	4,047

EASTGATE REGIONAL COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS ODOT STP - PID 106731

SCHEDULE OF REVENUE AND EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	 CTUAL
Revenue: Grant Funds Total Revenue	\$ 158,295 158,295
Expenditures: Direct Salaries Direct Expenditures Fringe Benefits Indirect Costs	69,888 650 44,260 43,497
Total Expenditures	158,295
Revenue Over/Under Expenditures	
Grant Funds Received	158,295
100% of Total Expenditures	 158,295
Amount in Excess of 100%	\$

EASTGATE REGIONAL COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS FHWA/ODOT STP CARRYOVER-PID 105278 SCHEDULE OF REVENUE AND EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	A(CTUAL
Revenue: Grant Funds	\$	26,812
Expenditures: Direct Salaries Direct Expenditures Fringe Benefits Indirect Costs		12,584 - 6,913 7,319
Total Expenditures		26,816
Revenue Over/Under Expenditures		(4)
Grant Funds Received		26,812
100% of Total Expenditures		26,816
Amount in Excess of 100%	\$	26,812

EASTGATE REGIONAL COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS ODOT CMAQ OZONE - PID 106734 SCHEDULE OF REVENUE AND EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		CTUAL
Revenue: Grant Funds	\$	132,490
	Ψ	
Total Revenue		132,490
Expenditures: Direct Salaries Direct Expenditures Fringe Benefits Indirect Costs		10,403 109,024 6,588 6,475
Total Expenditures		132,490
Revenue Over/Under Expenditures		
Grant Funds Received		132,490
100% of Total Expenditures		132,490
Amount in Excess of 100%	\$	

EASTGATE REGIONAL COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS ODOT CMAQ OZONE CARRYOVER - PID 101877 SCHEDULE OF REVENUE AND EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	A(CTUAL
Revenue: Grant Funds	\$	68,909
Total Revenue		68,909
Expenditures: Direct Salaries Direct Expenditures Fringe Benefits Indirect Costs		11,681 44,016 6,418 6,794
Total Expenditures		68,909
Revenue Over/Under Expenditures		
Grant Funds Received		68,909
100% of Total Expenditures		68,909
Amount in Excess of 100%	\$	_

EASTGATE REGIONAL COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS ODOT CMAQ-Gohio - PID 106736 SCHEDULE OF REVENUE AND EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	ACTUAL	
Revenue: Grant Funds	\$	45,056
Expenditures:		,
Direct Salaries		7,138 28,956
Direct Expenditures Fringe Benefits		4,520
Indirect Costs		4,442
Total Expenditures		45,056
Revenue Over/Under Expenditures		<u>-</u>
Grant Funds Received		45,056
100% of Total Expenditures		45,056
Amount in Excess of 100%	\$	

Note:

EASTGATE REGIONAL COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS ODOT CMAQ-Gohio CARRYOVER - PID 101879 SCHEDULE OF REVENUE AND EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	ACTUAL	
Revenue:		
Grant Funds	\$	17,563
Expenditures:		
Direct Salaries		6,078
Direct Expenditures		4,610
Fringe Benefits		3,339
Indirect Costs		3,536
Total Expenditures		17,563
Revenue Over/Under Expenditures		
Grant Funds Received		17,563
100% of Total Expenditures		17,563
Amount in Excess of 100%	\$	

Note:

EASTGATE REGIONAL COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS ODOT LORDSTOWN FEASIBILITY - PID 115113 SCHEDULE OF REVENUE AND EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	 CTUAL
Revenue: Grant Funds Local Match	\$ 236,541 59,135
Total Revenue	295,676
Expenditures: Direct Salaries Direct Expenditures Fringe Benefits Indirect Costs Total Expenditures	295,676 - - 295,676
Revenue Over/Under Expenditures	<u>-</u>
Grant Funds Received	295,676
100% of Total Expenditures	 295,676
Amount in Excess of 100%	\$

Note:

EASTGATE REGIONAL COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE (EDA) SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	ACTUAL	
Revenue:		
Grant Funds	\$	70,000
Local Match		70,000
Total Revenue		140,000
Expenditures:		
Direct Salaries		61,869
Direct Expenditures		7,925
Fringe Benefits Indirect Costs		33,991 35,989
mandet deste		00,000
Total Expenditures		139,774
Revenue Over/Under Expenditures		226
Grant Funds Received		70,000
50% of Total Expenditures		69,887
Amount in Excess of 50 %	\$	113

Note:

EASTGATE REGIONAL COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE (EDA)-ARPA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	A	CTUAL
Revenue: Grant Funds	\$	25,265
Total Revenue		25,265
Expenditures: Direct Salaries Direct Expenditures Fringe Benefits Indirect Costs		- 25,265 - -
Total Expenditures		25,265
Revenue Over/Under Expenditures		
Grant Funds Received		25,265
100% of Total Expenditures		25,265
Amount in Excess of 100 %	\$	<u>-</u>

Note:

EASTGATE REGIONAL COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE (EDA)-CARES SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	 CTUAL
Revenue: Grant Funds	\$ 200,000
Total Revenue	200,000
Expenditures: Direct Salaries Direct Expenditures Fringe Benefits Indirect Costs Total Expenditures	27,921 149,415 15,340 16,242 208,918
Revenue Over/Under Expenditures	(8,918)
Grant Funds Received	200,000
100% of Total Expenditures	208,918
Amount in Excess of 100 %	\$ (8,918)

Note:

EASTGATE REGIONAL COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE (EDA)-GM RECOVERY SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	ACTUAL	
Revenue: Grant Funds	\$	109,353
Local Match	_	27,338
Total Revenue		136,691
Expenditures:		
Direct Salaries		47,744
Direct Expenditures		45,058
Fringe Benefits Indirect Costs		20,489 23,400
municot oosts		20,400
Total Expenditures		136,691
Revenue Over/Under Expenditures		
Grant Funds Received		109,353
80% of Total Expenditures		109,353
Amount in Excess of 80%	\$	0

Note:

EASTGATE REGIONAL COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE (EDA)-BROADBAND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	ACTUAL	
Revenue: Grant Funds Local Match	\$	16,026 -
Total Revenue		16,026
Expenditures: Direct Salaries Direct Expenditures Fringe Benefits Indirect Costs		- 15,742 - -
Total Expenditures	-	15,742
Revenue Over/Under Expenditures		284
Grant Funds Received		16,026
47.47% of Total Expenditures		7,473
Amount in Excess of 47.47 %	\$	8,553

Note:

EASTGATE REGIONAL COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS EPA-WATER QUALITY PLANNING - 604(B) SCHEDULE OF REVENUE AND EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Д	CTUAL
Revenue:		
Grant Funds	\$	126,657
Total Revenue		126,657
Expenditures:		
Element #1200.01		04.470
Direct Salaries		24,178 132
Direct Expenditures Fringe Benefits		13,283
Indirect Costs		14,064
		,
Total Expenditures Element #1200.01		51,657
Element #1200.02		
Direct Salaries		34,541
Direct Expenditures		1,339
Fringe Benefits		18,993
Indirect Costs		20,109
Total Expenditures Element #1200.02		- 74,982
Total Expenditures		126,639
Revenue Over/Under Expenditures		18
Cront Funda Bassiyad		106 657
Grant Funds Received		126,657
100% of Total Expenditures		126,639
Amount in Excess of 100%	\$	18

Note:

EASTGATE REGIONAL COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS APPALACHIAN REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT-FEDERAL SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	A(CTUAL
Revenue: Grant Funds	\$	74,900
Total Revenue		74,900
Expenditures: Direct Salaries Direct Expenditures Fringe Benefits Indirect Costs Total Expenditures		32,416 5,187 17,810 18,857 74,270
Revenue Over/Under Expenditures		630
Grant Funds Received		74,900
100% of Total Expenditures		74,270
Amount in Excess of 100%	\$	630

EASTGATE REGIONAL COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS APPALACHIAN REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT-STATE SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	ACTUAL	
Revenue: Grant Funds	\$	170,000
Total Revenue		170,000
Expenditures: Direct Salaries Direct Expenditures Fringe Benefits Indirect Costs Total Expenditures		58,840 44,606 32,327 34,227 170,000
Revenue Over/Under Expenditures		
Grant Funds Received		170,000
100% of Total Expenditures		170,000
Amount in Excess of 100%	\$	

EASTGATE REGIONAL COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS MAHONING COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS 2 CFR § 200.515 YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	UNMODIFIED
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	NO
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any other significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	NO
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	NO
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?	NO
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any other significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	NO
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	UNMODIFIED
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR § 200.516(a)?	NO
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Highway Planning and Construction CFDA # 20.205
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 750,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee UNDER 2 CFR §200.520?	NO

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

NONE

NONE



LOCATION

City Center One Building% 100 East Federal Street, Suite 1000 Youngstown, OH 44503

EASTGATECOG.ORG 330.779.3800

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

2 CFR 200.511(b)

JUNE 30, 2022

Finding	Finding		
Number	Summary	Status	Additional Information
2021-001	Financial Reporting	Corrected	





EASTGATE REGIONAL COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS

MAHONING COUNTY

AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 5/16/2023

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370