



#### HARRISON HILLS CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT HARRISON COUNTY JUNE 30, 2022

#### **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

| TITLE  | PAGE |
|--|------|
| Independent Auditor's Report   | 1    |
| Prepared by Management:  |      |
| Basic Financial Statements:  |      |
| Statement of Net Position- Cash Basis  | 5    |
| Statement of Activities- Cash Basis  | 6    |
| Statement of Assets and Fund Balances- Cash Basis- Governmental Funds  | 7    |
| Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities- Cash Basis  | 8    |
| Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balances-<br>Cash Basis- Governmental Funds   | 9    |
| Reconciliation of the Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds- To the Statement of Activities- Cash Basis                      | 10   |
| Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balance-<br>Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)- General Fund  | 11   |
| Statement of Net Position- Cash Basis- Proprietary Fund  | 12   |
| Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Net Position-<br>Cash Basis- Proprietary Fund  | 13   |
| Statement of Fiduciary Net Position- Cash Basis- Fiduciary Fund  | 14   |
| Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position-<br>Cash Basis- Fiduciary Fund  | 15   |
| Notes to the Basic Financial Statements  | 17   |
| Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards   | 51   |
| Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards  | 52   |
| Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by Government Auditing Standards                        | 53   |
| Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance | 55   |
| Schedule of Findings   |      |
|  |      |

#### HARRISON HILLS CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT HARRISON COUNTY JUNE 30, 2022

### TABLE OF CONTENTS (Continued)

| TITLE                                    | PAGE |
|--|------|
| Prepared by Management:                  |      |
| Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings | 63   |
| Corrective Action Plan                   | 64   |



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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Harrison Hills City School District Harrison County 100 Huskies Way Cadiz, Ohio 43907

To the Board of Education:

#### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the cash-basis financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Harrison Hills City School District, Harrison County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the Table of Contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective cash-basis financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in cash-basis financial position and where applicable cash flows thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General for the year then ended in accordance with the cash-basis of accounting described in Note 2.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Emphasis of Matter - Accounting Basis

Ohio Administrative Code 117-2-03(B) requires the District to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We draw attention to Note 2 of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

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Harrison Hills City School District Harrison County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the cash basis of accounting described in Note 2, and for determining that the cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District 's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
  include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
  statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Harrison Hills City School District Harrison County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the financial statements as a whole that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements.

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements.

Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied to the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this schedule is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Information

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 5, 2023, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

May 5, 2023

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### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - CASH BASIS JUNE 30, 2022

|  | Governmental Activities |
|--|-------------------------|
| Assets:  |                         |
| Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents and investments | \$ 63,256,994           |
| Cash with fiscal agent                                     | 3,046,588               |
| Total assets   | 66,303,582              |
| Net position:  |                         |
| Restricted for:  |                         |
| Capital projects   | 6,501,098               |
| Permanent fund - expendable                                | 65,389                  |
| Permanent fund - nonexpendable                             | 386,180                 |
| Classroom facilities maintenance                           | 1,886,172               |
| Debt service   | 3,045,757               |
| State funded programs                                      | 994,621                 |
| Federally funded programs                                  | 74,091                  |
| Food service operations                                    | 505,475                 |
| Extracurricular  | 68,991                  |
| Other purposes   | 5,878                   |
| Unrestricted   | 52,769,930              |
| Total net position   | \$ 66,303,582           |

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - CASH BASIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Net (Disbursements)

|   |     |             |         |  |           |               | (  | eceipts and<br>Changes in |
|---|-----|-------------|---------|--|-----------|---------------|----|---------------------------|
|   |     |             |         | Program  |           |               |    | let Position              |
|   |     |             |         | arges for  | -         | rating Grants | G  | overnmental               |
|   | Dis | sbursements | Servic  | es and Sales   | and       | Contributions |    | Activities                |
| Governmental activities:                              |     |             |         |  |           |               |    |                           |
| Instruction:  |     |             |         |  |           |               |    |                           |
| Regular   | \$  | 7,489,160   | \$      | 20,750   | \$        | 123,861       | \$ | (7,344,549)               |
| Special   |     | 3,438,282   |         | 135,219  |           | 1,018,374     |    | (2,284,689)               |
| Vocational  |     | 125,666     |         | -  |           | 556           |    | (125,110)                 |
| Other   |     | 816,805     |         | -  |           | 538,716       |    | (278,089)                 |
| Support services:                                     |     |             |         |  |           |               |    |                           |
| Pupil   |     | 1,014,181   |         | -  |           | 313,574       |    | (700,607)                 |
| Instructional staff                                   |     | 522,225     |         | -  |           | -             |    | (522,225)                 |
| Board of education                                    |     | 316,134     |         | -  |           | -             |    | (316,134)                 |
| Administration  |     | 2,031,162   |         | -  |           | 9,490         |    | (2,021,672)               |
| Fiscal  |     | 1,037,999   |         | -  |           | 3,551         |    | (1,034,448)               |
| Operations and maintenance                            |     | 1,270,892   |         | 16,050   |           | 86,526        |    | (1,168,316)               |
| Pupil transportation                                  |     | 1,760,296   |         | -  |           | 116,768       |    | (1,643,528)               |
| Central   |     | 129,625     |         | _  |           | 5,050         |    | (124,575)                 |
| Operation of non-instructional                        |     | 123,020     |         |  |           | 2,020         |    | (12 1,0 70)               |
| services:   |     |             |         |  |           |               |    |                           |
| Food service operations                               |     | 933,199     |         | 119,394  |           | 1,218,169     |    | 404,364                   |
| Other non-instructional services                      |     | 24,665      |         | 117,371  |           | 14,785        |    | (9,880)                   |
| Extracurricular activities                            |     | 614,185     |         | 179,787  |           | 13,949        |    | (420,449)                 |
|   |     |             |         | 1/9,/6/  |           | 111,993       |    | ` ' '                     |
| Facilities acquisition and construction Debt service: |     | 11,323,469  |         | -  |           | 111,993       |    | (11,211,476)              |
|   |     | 445,000     |         |  |           |               |    | (445,000)                 |
| Principal retirement                                  |     | 445,000     |         | -  |           | -             |    | (445,000)                 |
| Interest and fiscal charges                           |     | 1,045,272   | -       |  |           |               |    | (1,045,272)               |
| Totals  | \$  | 34,338,217  | \$      | 471,200  | \$        | 3,575,362     |    | (30,291,655)              |
|   |     |             | Propert | al receipts:  y taxes levied for the second purposes | or:       |               |    | 18,556,111                |
|   |     |             | Deb     | t service  |           |               |    | 1,334,082                 |
|   |     |             | Clas    | sroom facilities                                     | mainten   | ance          |    | 317,429                   |
|   |     |             | Grants  | and entitlement                                      | s not res | tricted       |    | , -                       |
|   |     |             |         | cific programs                                       |           |               |    | 9,483,102                 |
|   |     |             |         | nent earnings  |           |               |    | 434,145                   |
|   |     |             | Miscell | U  |           |               |    | 33,857                    |
|   |     |             |         | eneral receipts                                      |           |               |    | 30,158,726                |
|   |     |             | Total g | eneral receipts                                      |           |               |    | 30,130,720                |
|   |     |             | Change  | e in net position                                    |           |               |    | (132,929)                 |
|   |     |             | Net po  | sition at begini                                     | ning of y | ear           |    | 66,436,511                |
|   |     |             | Net po  | sition at end of                                     | year      |               | \$ | 66,303,582                |

#### 

|   | General       | Capital<br>Projects | Nonmajor<br>Governmental<br>Funds | Total<br>Governmental<br>Funds |
|---|---------------|---------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Assets:                                 |               |                     |                                   |                                |
| Equity in pooled cash, cash equivalents |               |                     |                                   |                                |
| and investments                         | \$ 42,548,336 | \$ 7,207,680        | \$ 13,500,978                     | \$ 63,256,994                  |
| Total assets                            | \$ 42,548,336 | \$ 7,207,680        | \$ 13,500,978                     | \$ 63,256,994                  |
| Fund balances:                          |               |                     |                                   |                                |
| Nonspendable:                           |               |                     |                                   |                                |
| Permanent fund                          | \$ -          | \$ -                | \$ 386,180                        | \$ 386,180                     |
| Unclaimed monies                        | 5,878         | -                   | -                                 | 5,878                          |
| Restricted:                             |               |                     |                                   |                                |
| Debt service                            | =             | =                   | 3,045,757                         | 3,045,757                      |
| Capital improvements                    | -             | -                   | 6,501,098                         | 6,501,098                      |
| Classroom facilities maintenance        | -             | -                   | 1,886,172                         | 1,886,172                      |
| Food service operations                 | -             | -                   | 505,475                           | 505,475                        |
| State funded programs                   | -             | -                   | 994,621                           | 994,621                        |
| Federally funded programs               | -             | -                   | 74,091                            | 74,091                         |
| Extracurricular                         | -             | -                   | 68,991                            | 68,991                         |
| Other purposes                          | -             | -                   | 65,389                            | 65,389                         |
| Committed:                              |               |                     |                                   |                                |
| Capital improvements                    | -             | 7,207,680           | -                                 | 7,207,680                      |
| Other purposes                          | -             | -                   | 26,545                            | 26,545                         |
| Assigned:                               |               |                     |                                   |                                |
| Student instruction                     | 134,788       | -                   | -                                 | 134,788                        |
| Student and staff support               | 767,370       | -                   | -                                 | 767,370                        |
| Facilities acquisition and construction | 332,490       | -                   | -                                 | 332,490                        |
| Textbooks and instructional materials   | 147           | -                   | -                                 | 147                            |
| Other purposes                          | 16,137        | -                   | -                                 | 16,137                         |
| Unassigned (deficit)                    | 41,291,526    |                     | (53,341)                          | 41,238,185                     |
| Total fund balances                     | \$ 42,548,336 | \$ 7,207,680        | \$ 13,500,978                     | \$ 63,256,994                  |

## RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES - CASH BASIS JUNE 30, 2022

| Total governmental fund balances   | \$<br>63,256,994 |
|--|------------------|
| Amounts reported for governmental activities on the statement of net position are different because:   |                  |
| An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in |                  |
| governmental activities on the statement of net position.  | <br>3,046,588    |
| Net position of governmental activities  | \$<br>66,303,582 |

## STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - CASH BASIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

|   | General       | Capital<br>Projects | Nonmajor<br>Governmental<br>Funds | Total<br>Governmental<br>Funds |
|---|---------------|---------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Receipts:                                     |               |                     |                                   |                                |
| Property taxes                                | \$ 18,556,111 | \$ -                | \$ 1,651,511                      | \$ 20,207,622                  |
| Intergovernmental                             | 10,137,895    | -                   | 2,885,632                         | 13,023,527                     |
| Investment earnings                           | 345,372       | 24,525              | 52,212                            | 422,109                        |
| Tuition and fees                              | 155,969       | -                   | -                                 | 155,969                        |
| Extracurricular                               | 26,852        | -                   | 152,935                           | 179,787                        |
| Rental income                                 | 16,050        | -                   | -                                 | 16,050                         |
| Charges for services                          | -             | -                   | 117,057                           | 117,057                        |
| Contributions and donations                   | 1,450         | -                   | 29,734                            | 31,184                         |
| Miscellaneous                                 | 12,524        | <u> </u>            | 2,337                             | 14,861                         |
| Total receipts                                | 29,252,223    | 24,525              | 4,891,418                         | 34,168,166                     |
| Disbursements:                                |               |                     |                                   |                                |
| Current:                                      |               |                     |                                   |                                |
| Instruction:                                  |               |                     |                                   |                                |
| Regular                                       | 7,562,550     | -                   | 125,556                           | 7,688,106                      |
| Special                                       | 2,919,153     | -                   | 641,840                           | 3,560,993                      |
| Vocational                                    | 129,475       | -                   | -                                 | 129,475                        |
| Other   | 225,516       | -                   | 617,492                           | 843,008                        |
| Support services:                             |               |                     |                                   |                                |
| Pupil   | 970,868       | -                   | 73,088                            | 1,043,956                      |
| Instructional staff                           | 531,240       | -                   | -                                 | 531,240                        |
| Board of education                            | 316,134       | -                   | -                                 | 316,134                        |
| Administration                                | 2,047,352     | -                   | 26,086                            | 2,073,438                      |
| Fiscal  | 1,008,931     | -                   | 42,502                            | 1,051,433                      |
| Operations and maintenance                    | 1,210,588     | -                   | 92,323                            | 1,302,911                      |
| Pupil transportation                          | 1,492,597     | -                   | 326,559                           | 1,819,156                      |
| Central                                       | 127,863       | -                   | 3,600                             | 131,463                        |
| Operation of non-instructional services:      |               |                     |                                   |                                |
| Food service operations                       | -             | -                   | 955,805                           | 955,805                        |
| Other non-instructional services              | 4,857         | -                   | 19,808                            | 24,665                         |
| Extracurricular activities                    | 406,218       | -                   | 207,967                           | 614,185                        |
| Facilities acquisition and construction       | 630,670       | 10,548,313          | 144,486                           | 11,323,469                     |
| Debt service:                                 |               |                     |                                   |                                |
| Principal retirement                          | 40,000        | -                   | 405,000                           | 445,000                        |
| Interest and fiscal charges                   | 10,860        |                     | 1,034,412                         | 1,045,272                      |
| Total disbursements                           | 19,634,872    | 10,548,313          | 4,716,524                         | 34,899,709                     |
| Excess of receipts over (under) disbursements | 9,617,351     | (10,523,788)        | 174,894                           | (731,543)                      |
| Other financing sources (uses):               |               |                     |                                   |                                |
| Sale of capital assets                        | 21,333        | -                   | -                                 | 21,333                         |
| Transfers in                                  | -             | 6,350,000           | 39,603                            | 6,389,603                      |
| Transfers (out)                               | (6,389,603)   | -                   | =                                 | (6,389,603)                    |
| Advances in                                   | 852,909       | -                   | 805,641                           | 1,658,550                      |
| Advances (out)                                | (805,641)     |                     | (852,909)                         | (1,658,550)                    |
| Total other financing sources (uses)          | (6,321,002)   | 6,350,000           | (7,665)                           | 21,333                         |
| Net change in fund balances                   | 3,296,349     | (4,173,788)         | 167,229                           | (710,210)                      |
| Fund balances at beginning of year            | 39,251,987    | 11,381,468          | 13,333,749                        | 63,967,204                     |
| Fund balances at end of year                  | \$ 42,548,336 | \$ 7,207,680        | \$ 13,500,978                     | \$ 63,256,994                  |
| <b>V</b>                                      |               |                     | , , , , , , ,                     | ,                              |

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - CASH BASIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

| Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds          | \$<br>(710,210) |
|---|-----------------|
| Amounts reported for governmental activities in the             |                 |
| statement of activities are different because:                  |                 |
| An internal service fund used by management to charge           |                 |
| the costs of insurance to individual funds is not reported in   |                 |
| the district-wide statement of activities. Governmental fund    |                 |
| disbursements and the related internal service fund receipts    |                 |
| are eliminated. The net receipts (disbursement) of the internal |                 |
| service fund is allocated among the governmental activities.    | <br>577,281     |

(132,929)

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Change in net position of governmental activities

## STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

| Original Final Actual   | (Negative) |
|---|------------|
|   |            |
| Receipts:   |            |
| Property taxes \$ 18,481,030 \$ 18,556,110 \$ 18,556,111                                      | \$ 1       |
| Intergovernmental 11,058,647 10,137,894 10,137,895  | 1          |
| Investment earnings 479,138 342,431 345,372   | 2,941      |
| Tuition and fees 873,621 155,969 155,969  | -          |
| Extracurricular - 290 295   |            |
| Rental income 4,530 16,050 16,050   |            |
| Miscellaneous 46,303 12,521 12,524  |            |
| Total receipts 30,943,269 29,221,265 29,224,216   | 2,951      |
| Disbursements:  |            |
| Current:  |            |
| Instruction:  |            |
| Regular 12,388,288 8,513,189 7,684,398  | 828,791    |
| Special 3,108,710 3,221,435 2,932,079   | 289,356    |
| Vocational 198,845 175,750 130,804  | 44,946     |
| Other 880,748 273,800 225,516   | 48,284     |
| Support services:   |            |
| Pupil 1,254,949 1,212,829 998,550   |            |
| Instructional staff 842,561 888,753 653,501   | 235,252    |
| Board of education 300,602 382,266 361,869  |            |
| Administration 2,311,103 2,141,800 2,072,511  | 69,289     |
| Fiscal 1,285,609 1,151,169 1,031,613  | 119,556    |
| Operations and maintenance 1,537,040 1,597,848 1,457,420                                      | 140,428    |
| Pupil transportation 1,625,764 1,598,545 1,543,114  | 55,431     |
| Central 265,203 482,842 312,762   | 170,080    |
| Operation of non-instructional services:  |            |
| Other non-instructional services 228 20,148 18,012  |            |
| Extracurricular activities 449,821 451,108 384,087  | 67,021     |
| Facilities acquisition and construction 527,902 1,032,150 963,160                             | 68,990     |
| Debt service:   |            |
| Principal retirement 40,000 40,000 40,000   |            |
| Interest and fiscal charges 6,000 11,860 10,860   |            |
| Total disbursements 27,023,373 23,195,492 20,820,256  | 2,375,236  |
| Excess of receipts over disbursements 3,919,896 6,025,773 8,403,960                           | 2,378,187  |
| Other financing sources (uses):   |            |
| Refund of prior year's disbursements - 1,316 1,316  | =          |
| Transfers (out) (102,656) (6,389,603) (6,389,603)   | -          |
| Advances in 250,000 852,909 852,909   | -          |
| Advances (out) (700,000) (805,691) (805,641)  | ) 50       |
| Sale of capital assets - 21,333 21,333  | -          |
| Total other financing sources (uses) (552,656) (6,319,736) (6,319,686)                        | 50         |
| Net change in fund balance 3,367,240 (293,963) 2,084,274                                      | 2,378,237  |
| <b>Fund balance at beginning of year</b> 38,195,799 38,195,799 38,195,799                     | -          |
| <b>Prior year encumbrances appropriated</b> 1,011,453 1,011,453 1,011,453                     | -          |
| Fund balance at end of year         \$ 42,574,492         \$ 38,913,289         \$ 41,291,526 |            |

## STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - CASH BASIS PROPRIETARY FUND JUNE 30, 2022

|                        | A  | Governmental<br>Activities -<br>Internal<br>Service Fund |  |
|------------------------|----|--|--|
| Assets:                |    |  |  |
| Cash with fiscal agent | \$ | 3,046,588  |  |
| Total assets           |    | 3,046,588  |  |
| Net position:          |    |  |  |
| Unrestricted           |    | 3,046,588  |  |
| Total net position     | \$ | 3,046,588  |  |

# STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - CASH BASIS PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

| Operating receipts:               | _         |
|-----------------------------------|-----------|
| Sales/charges for services \$     | 4,794,674 |
| Total operating receipts          | 4,794,674 |
| Operating disbursements:          |           |
| Fringe benefits                   | 49,536    |
| Claims                            | 4,183,646 |
| Total operating disbursements     | 4,233,182 |
| Operating income                  | 561,492   |
| Nonoperating receipts             |           |
| Interest receipts                 | 15,789    |
| Total nonoperating receipts       | 15,789    |
| Change in net position            | 577,281   |
| Net position at beginning of year | 2,469,307 |
| Net position at end of year       | 3,046,588 |

## STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - CASH BASIS FIDUCIARY FUND JUNE 30, 2022

|  | C  | ustodial |
|--|----|----------|
| Assets: Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents, and investments                  | \$ | 113,107  |
| Total assets   |    | 113,107  |
| <b>Net position:</b> Restricted for individuals, organizations and other governments |    | 113,107  |
| Total net position   | \$ | 113,107  |

## STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - CASH BASIS FIDUCIARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,2022

|   | Custodial |                    |  |  |  |
|---|-----------|--------------------|--|--|--|
| Additions: Amounts received as fiscal agent Total additions       | \$        | 595,932<br>595,932 |  |  |  |
| <b>Deductions:</b> Distributions as fiscal agent Total deductions |           | 486,108<br>486,108 |  |  |  |
| Change in net position  |           | 109,824            |  |  |  |
| Net position at beginning of year                                 |           | 3,283              |  |  |  |
| Net position at end of year                                       | \$        | 113,107            |  |  |  |

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

The Harrison Hills City School District (the "District") is organized under Article VI, Sections 2 and 3 of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. The District operates under a locally-elected Board form of government consisting of five members elected at-large for staggered four year terms. The District provides educational services as authorized by State statute and/or federal guidelines.

The District was established in 1971 through the consolidation of existing land areas and school districts. The District serves an area approximately 386 square miles. It is located primarily in Harrison County; however, small portions of the District are located in Carroll County, Belmont County and Jefferson County. It is staffed by 85 non-certified employees, 120 certified employees and 10 administrators who provide services to 1,538 students and other community members. The District currently operates 1 PK-12 instructional facility that also houses the District's administrative team and 1 transportation garage.

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

As discussed in Note 2.B., these financial statements are presented on the cash basis of accounting. The cash basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). GAAP includes all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. In cases where these cash basis statements contain items that are the same as, or similar to, those items in financial statements prepared in conformity with GAAP, similar informative disclosures are provided.

#### A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "<u>Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units</u>" and GASB Statement No. 61, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>: <u>Omnibus an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34</u>". The reporting entity is composed of the primary government and component units. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's Governing Board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or (3) the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Certain organizations are also included as component units if the nature and significance of the relationship between the primary government and the organization is such that exclusion by the primary government would render the primary governments financial statements incomplete or misleading. Based upon the application of these criteria, the District (the primary government).

The District is fiscal agent for the Harrison County Family and Children First Council (the "Council"). The District is responsible for receiving and disbursing funds at the direction of the Council. This entity is legally separate from the District. The District is fiscal agent and custodian for the Council, but is not accountable; therefore, the operations of the Council have been included as a custodial fund in the District's basic financial statements. The funds invested on behalf of the Council have been included in the basic financial statements as "equity in pooled cash, cash equivalents and investments".

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The following organizations are described due to their relationship to the District:

#### JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

#### Ohio Mid-Eastern Regional Education Service Agency (OME-RESA)

OME-RESA is a computer service organization whose primary function is to provide information technology services to its member districts with the major emphasis being placed on accounting, payroll and inventory control services. Other areas of service provided by OME-RESA include pupil scheduling, attendance and grade reporting, career guidance services, special education records and test scoring.

OME-RESA is one of 23 regional service organizations serving over 600 public districts in the State of Ohio that make up the Ohio Educational Computer network (OECN). These service organizations are known as Data Acquisition Sites. The OECN is a collective group of Data Acquisition Sites, authorized pursuant to Section 3301.075 of the Ohio Revised Code and their member districts. Such sites, in conjunction with the Ohio Department of Education (ODE), comprise a statewide delivery system to provide comprehensive, cost-efficient accounting and other administrative and instructional computer services for participating Ohio districts.

Major funding for this network is derived from the State of Ohio. In addition, a majority of the software utilized by the OME-RESA is developed by the ODE.

OME-RESA is owned and operated by 49 member districts in 10 different Ohio counties. The member districts are comprised of public districts and educational service centers. Each member district pays an annual fee for services provided by OME-RESA. OME-RESA is governed by a Board of Directors, which is selected by the member districts. Each member district has one vote in all matters and each member district's control over budgeting and financing of OME-RESA is limited to its voting authority and any representation it may have on the Board of Directors.

OME-RESA is located at 2230 Sunset Blvd, Suite 2, Steubenville, Ohio 43952. The Jefferson County Educational Service Center is one of OME-RESA's member districts and acts in the capacity of fiscal agent for OME-RESA.

#### Belmont Harrison Joint Vocational School

The Belmont Harrison Joint Vocational School is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a Board consisting of one representative from each of the nine participating school districts' elected boards, which possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. To obtain financial information write to the Belmont Harrison Joint Vocational School, Treasurer's Office, at 68090 Hammond Road, St. Clairsville, Ohio 43950.

#### INSURANCE PURCHASING POOL

#### Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program

The District participates in the Ohio Association of School Business Officials (OASBO) Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP). The GRP is sponsored by OASBO and administered by CompManagements, Inc. The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The District pays a fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

The Executive Director of the OASBO, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the Plan. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrolment fee to the Plan to cover the costs of administering the program.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

#### B. Basis of Accounting

Although required by Ohio Administrative Code § 117-2-03(B) to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with GAAP, the District chooses to prepare its financial statements and notes on the cash basis of accounting. The cash basis of accounting is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than GAAP. Receipts are recognized when received in cash rather than when earned, and disbursements are recognized when paid rather than when a liability is incurred.

Budgetary presentations report budgetary cash disbursements when a commitment is made (i.e. when an encumbrance is approved). The difference between disbursements reported in the fund and entity wide statements and disbursements reported in the budgetary statements are due to current year encumbrances being added to disbursements reported on the budgetary statements. These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, in accordance with the basis of accounting described in the preceding paragraph.

#### C. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

#### GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. The following are the District's major governmental funds:

<u>General fund</u> - The general fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Capital projects fund</u> - The capital projects fund is used to account for receipts and disbursements for the District's capital projects.

Other governmental funds of the District are used to account for (a) financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to disbursements for capital outlays including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets, (b) specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to a disbursement for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects and (c) financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to disbursements for principal and interest.

#### PROPRIETARY FUND

Proprietary funds are used to account for the District's ongoing activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector. The District has no enterprise funds. The following is a description of the District's internal service fund:

<u>Internal service fund</u> - The internal service fund is used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the district, or to other governments, on a cost-reimbursement basis. The only internal service fund of the District accounts for a self-insurance program which provides medical/surgical and dental benefits to employees.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

#### FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the District's own programs. The District has no trust funds. Custodial funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in a trust fund. The District's custodial fund accounts for the Harrison County Family and Children First Council.

#### D. Basis of Presentation and Measurement Focus

<u>Government-Wide Financial Statements</u> - The statement of net position-cash basis and the statement of activities - cash basis display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. Internal service fund operating activity is eliminated to avoid overstatement of cash receipts and cash disbursements.

The government-wide statement of activities compares disbursements with program receipts for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. These disbursements are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Receipts which are not classified as program receipts are presented as general receipts of the District. The comparison of direct disbursements with program receipts identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing on the cash basis or draws from the general receipts of the District.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column, and all nonmajor funds are aggregated into one column. The internal service fund is presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statements. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

#### E. Budgets

The District is required by State statute to adopt an annual appropriated cash basis budget for all funds. The specific timetable for fiscal year 2022 is as follows:

- 1. Prior to January 15, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed disbursements and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing (or increased) tax rates.
- 2. By no later than January 20, the Board-adopted budget is filed with the Harrison County Budget Commission for tax rate determination.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

- 3. Prior to April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the Budget Commission and receives the Commission's certificate of estimated resources which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to July 1, the District must revise its budget so that total contemplated disbursements from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as a basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the certificate is amended to include any unencumbered balances from the preceding year as reported by the District Treasurer. The certificate may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The budget figures, as shown in the accompanying budgetary statement, reflect the amounts set forth in the original and final certificate of estimated resources issued for fiscal year 2022.
- 4. By July 1, the annual appropriation resolution is legally enacted by the Board of Education at the fund level of disbursements for the general fund and the fund level for all other funds, which is the legal level of budgetary control. State statute permits a temporary appropriation to be effective until no later than October 1 of each year. Resolution appropriations by fund must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of disbursements and encumbrances may not exceed the appropriation totals.
- 5. Any revisions that alter the total of any fund appropriation must be approved by the Board of Education.
- 6. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds consistent with statutory provisions. All funds completed the year within the amount of their legally authorized cash basis appropriation.
- 7. Appropriation amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Board of Education through the year by supplemental appropriations, which either reallocated or increased the original appropriated amounts. All supplemental appropriations were legally enacted by the Board prior to June 30, 2022; however, none of these amendments were significant.
- 8. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and need not be re-appropriated. Disbursements plus encumbrances may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the legal level of budgetary control.

#### F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled in a central bank account. Monies for all funds, including proprietary funds, are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash, cash equivalents and investments" on the basic financial statements.

During fiscal year 2022, the District's investments consisted of STAR Ohio, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Agriculture Mortgage Corp, Federal Farm Credit Banks, negotiable certificates of deposit, commercial paper, US treasury notes, municipal bonds, a corporate bond and a US government money market. STAR Ohio (the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio), is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 79, "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants." The District measures its investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides an NAV per share that approximates fair value.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

For fiscal year 2022, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, notice must be given 24 hours in advance of all deposits and withdrawals exceeding \$100 million. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$250 million, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$250 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes

Under existing Ohio statutes all investment earnings are assigned to the general fund unless statutorily required to be credited to a specific fund. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2022 amounted to \$345,372, \$74,279 of which was assigned from other funds.

For presentation on the basic financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

An analysis of the District's investment account at year end is provided in Note 4.

#### G. Inventory and Prepaid Items

The District reports disbursements for inventory and prepaid items when paid. These items are not reflected as assets in the accompanying financial statements.

#### H. Capital Assets

Acquisition of property, plant, and equipment purchased are recorded as disbursements when paid. These items are not reflected as assets on the accompanying financial statements under the cash basis of accounting. Depreciation has not been reported for any capital assets.

#### I. Unpaid Vacation and Sick Leave

Employees are entitled to cash payments for unused vacation and sick leave in certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment. Unpaid vacation and sick leave are not reflected as liabilities under the cash basis of accounting.

#### J. Employer Contributions to Cost-Sharing Pension Plans

The District recognizes the disbursement for employer contributions to cost-sharing pension plans when they are paid. As described in Notes 10 and 11, the employer contributions include portions for pension benefits and for postretirement health care benefits.

#### K. Long-Term Obligations

Long-term obligations are not recognized as a liability in the financial statements under the cash basis of accounting. These statements report proceeds of debt when cash is received, and debt service disbursements for debt principal payments.

#### L. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during fiscal year 2022.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

#### M. Fund Balance

The District reports classifications of fund balance based on the purpose for which resources were received and the level of constraint placed on the resources. The following categories are used:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - resources that are not in spendable form or have legal or contractual requirements to maintain the balance intact.

<u>Restricted</u> - resources that have purpose constraints placed upon them by laws, regulations, creditors, grantors, or other external parties are considered available only for the purpose for which they were received.

<u>Committed</u> - resources that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the District at its highest level of decision making authority, the Board of Education. With an affirmative vote of its members, the Board of Education may create funds for which resources are committed to the established purpose of that fund.

<u>Assigned</u> - resources that are intended to be used for specific purposes as approved through the District's formal purchasing procedure by the Treasurer. Through the District's purchasing policy, the Board of Education has given the Treasurer the authority to constrain monies for intended purposes.

<u>Unassigned</u> - residual fund balance within the general fund that is in spendable form that is not restricted, committed, or assigned.

The District applies restricted resources first when a disbursement is incurred for purposes for which restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. The District considers committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balances, respectively, to be spent when disbursements are incurred for purposes for which any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

#### N. Net Position

Net cash position is reported as restricted when enabling legislation or creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments have imposed limitations on its use.

The District first applies restricted resources when a disbursement is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted cash are available.

#### O. Restricted Assets

Assets are reported as restricted assets when limitations on their use change the normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, or laws of other governments or imposed by enabling legislation. The District had no restricted assets at June 30, 2022.

#### P. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as receipts in the seller funds and as disbursements in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund loans are reported as advances-in and advances-out. Advances are not reflected as assets and liabilities in the accompanying financial statements. Interfund transfers and advances are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular disbursements to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the basic financial statements. Interfund

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

activity between governmental funds is eliminated on the statement of net position - cash basis and the statement of activities - cash basis.

#### Q. Stabilization Arrangement

The Board of Education has \$151,803 of unassigned fund balance in the general fund set aside to be used for budget stabilization. The Board has set aside these funds to cover emergency situations or when revenue shortages or budgetary imbalances arise. The budget stabilization arrangement may be removed by action of the Board of Education at any time.

#### R. Pensions/ Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability and net OPEB asset, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

#### NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

#### A. Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2022, the District has implemented GASB Statement No. 87, "Leases", GASB Implementation Guide 2019-3, "Leases", GASB Statement No. 89, "Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period", GASB Implementation Guide 2020-1, "Implementation Guide Update - 2020", GASB Statement No. 92, "Omnibus 2020", GASB Statement No. 93, "Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates", GASB Statement No. 97, "Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a supersession of GASB Statement No. 32" and certain paragraphs of GASB Statement No. 99, "Omnibus 2022".

GASB Statement No. 87 and GASB Implementation Guide 2019-3 enhance the relevance and consistency of information of the government's leasing activities. It establishes requirements for lease accounting based on the principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. A lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right to use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. Since the District does not prepare financial statements using generally accepted accounting principles, the implementation of GASB Statement No. 87 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 89 establishes accounting requirements for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. GASB Statement No. 89 requires that interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period be recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred for financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. GASB Statement No. 89 also reiterates that financial statements prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus, interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period should be recognized as an expenditure on a basis consistent with governmental fund accounting principles. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 89 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

GASB Implementation Guide 2020-1 provides clarification on issues related to previously established GASB guidance. The implementation of GASB Implementation Guide 2020-1 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 92 enhances comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 92 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 93 establishes accounting and financial reporting requirements related to the replacement of Interbank Offered Rates (IBORs) in hedging derivative instruments and leases. It also identifies appropriate benchmark interest rates for hedging derivative instruments. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 93 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 97 is to (1) increase consistency and comparability related to the reporting of fiduciary component units in circumstances in which a potential component unit does not have a governing board and the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically would perform; (2) mitigate costs associated with the reporting of certain defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans, and employee benefit plans other than pension plans or OPEB plans (other employee benefit plans) as fiduciary component units in fiduciary fund financial statements; and (3) enhance the relevance, consistency, and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting for Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 deferred compensation plans (Section 457 plans) that meet the definition of a pension plan and for benefits provided through those plans. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 97 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 99 to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 99 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

#### B. Compliance

Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(B) requires the District to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. However, the District prepared its basic financial statements on a cash basis, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The accompanying basic financial statements omit assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, net position/fund balances, and disclosures that, while material, cannot be determined at this time. The District can be fined and various other administrative remedies may be taken against the District.

#### C. Deficit Fund Balances

Fund balances at June 30, 2022 included the following individual fund deficits:

| Nonmajor governmental funds | <u>r</u> | <u> Deficit</u> |
|-----------------------------|----------|-----------------|
| Title IV-B                  | \$       | 20,812          |
| Title I                     |          | 32,066          |
| Title IV-A                  |          | 463             |

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

The deficit fund balances resulted from a lag between disbursements made by the District and reimbursements from grantors and are allowable under Ohio Revised Code Section 3315.20.

#### **NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS**

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or
  instrumentality, including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan
  Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage
  Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of
  federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the fair value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio and with certain limitations bonds and other obligations of political subdivisions of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in items (1) and (2) above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool, the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Certain banker's acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one-hundred-eighty days and two-hundred-seventy days, respectively, from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time; and,

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by the financial institutions participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

#### A. Cash on Hand

At fiscal year end, the District had \$3,038 in undeposited cash on hand which is included on the financial statements of the District as part of "equity in pooled cash, cash equivalents and investments".

#### B. Cash with Fiscal Agent

The District is self-insured through a fiscal agent. The money held by the fiscal agent cannot be identified as an investment or deposit, since it is held in a pool made up of numerous participants. The amount held by the fiscal agent at June 30, 2022 was \$3,046,588.

#### C. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2022, the carrying amount of all District deposits was \$763,457. This amount does not include the District's investments listed on the following pages. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures", as of June 30, 2022, \$711,098 of the District's bank balance of \$1,041,944 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below, while \$330,846 was covered by the FDIC.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the District will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits either be insured or protected by (1) eligible securities pledged to the District and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose fair value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured, or (2) participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total fair value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of State. For 2022, the District's financial institutions were approved for a reduced collateral rate of 102 percent through the OPCS. Although all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with Federal requirements could potentially subject the District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### **NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)**

#### D. Investments

As of June 30, 2022, the District had the following investments and maturities:

|                           |                | Investment Maturities |            |                  |    |           |          |           |              |           |
|---------------------------|----------------|-----------------------|------------|------------------|----|-----------|----------|-----------|--------------|-----------|
|                           | Balance at     | 6                     | months or  | 7 to 12 13 to 18 |    | 13 to 18  | 19 to 24 |           | Greater than |           |
| Investment type:          | Carrying Value | _                     | less       | months           | _  | months    | _        | months    | 2            | 4 months  |
| Negotiable CD's           | \$ 7,078,428   | \$                    | 741,134    | \$ 3,632,155     | \$ | 977,079   | \$       | 1,235,542 | \$           | 492,518   |
| Commercial paper          | 4,180,746      |                       | 4,180,746  | -                |    | -         |          | -         |              | -         |
| FFCB                      | 9,081,644      |                       | -          | 999,524          |    | 749,415   |          | 594,788   |              | 6,737,917 |
| FHLB                      | 2,517,982      |                       | -          | -                |    | -         |          | 529,799   |              | 1,988,183 |
| FAMC                      | 374,625        |                       | -          | -                |    | -         |          | -         |              | 374,625   |
| FNMA                      | 4,985,616      |                       | -          | -                |    | -         |          | -         |              | 4,985,616 |
| US Treasury notes         | 9,077,234      |                       | -          | 753,252          |    | 2,085,757 |          | 1,745,303 |              | 4,492,922 |
| Municipal bonds           | 1,170,000      |                       | -          | -                |    | -         |          | 1,170,000 |              | -         |
| Corporate bond            | 247,882        |                       | -          | -                |    | -         |          | -         |              | 247,882   |
| Government                |                |                       |            |                  |    |           |          |           |              |           |
| money market              | 89,096         |                       | 89,096     | -                |    | -         |          | -         |              | -         |
| Net asset value per share |                |                       |            |                  |    |           |          |           |              |           |
| STAR Ohio                 | 23,800,353     |                       | 23,800,353 |                  |    | <u>-</u>  | _        |           | _            |           |
| Total                     | \$ 62,603,606  | \$                    | 28,811,329 | \$ 5,384,931     | \$ | 3,812,251 | \$       | 5,275,432 | \$1          | 9,319,663 |

Interest Rate Risk: To the extent possible, the District will attempt to match its investment with anticipated cash flow requirements. No investment shall be made unless the Treasurer, at the time of making the investment, reasonably expects it can be held to maturity. Unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, the District will not invest directly in securities maturing more than two years from the date of settlement.

Credit Risk: STAR Ohio carries a rating of AAAm by Standard & Poor's. Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The District's investments in federal securities were rated AA+ and Aaa by Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investor Services, respectively. The investments in commercial paper were rated A-1 by Standard & Poor's. The investment in municipal bonds are rated AAA by Standard & Poor's. The investment in a corporate bond is rated AA+ by Standard & Poor's. The negotiable CDs are fully covered by FDIC. The District's investment policy does not specifically address credit risk beyond requiring the District to only invest in securities authorized by the State statute.

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### **NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)**

Concentration of Credit Risk: The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the District at June 30, 2022:

|                        | Carrying |            |            |  |  |  |  |
|------------------------|----------|------------|------------|--|--|--|--|
| <u>Investment type</u> | _        | Value      | % of Total |  |  |  |  |
| Negotiable CD's        | \$       | 7,078,428  | 11.31      |  |  |  |  |
| Commercial paper       |          | 4,180,746  | 6.68       |  |  |  |  |
| FFCB                   |          | 9,081,644  | 14.51      |  |  |  |  |
| FHLB                   |          | 2,517,982  | 4.02       |  |  |  |  |
| FAMC                   |          | 374,625    | 0.60       |  |  |  |  |
| FNMA                   |          | 4,985,616  | 7.96       |  |  |  |  |
| US Treasury notes      |          | 9,077,234  | 14.50      |  |  |  |  |
| Municipal bonds        |          | 1,170,000  | 1.87       |  |  |  |  |
| Corporate bond         |          | 247,882    | 0.40       |  |  |  |  |
| Government             |          |            |            |  |  |  |  |
| money market           |          | 89,096     | 0.14       |  |  |  |  |
| STAR Ohio              |          | 23,800,353 | 38.01      |  |  |  |  |
| Total                  | \$       | 62,603,606 | 100.00     |  |  |  |  |

#### E. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Position

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the note above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net position as of June 30, 2022:

| Cash and investments per note                      |      |            |
|--|------|------------|
| Carrying amount of deposits                        | \$   | 763,457    |
| Investments  | 6    | 2,603,606  |
| Cash with fiscal agent                             |      | 3,046,588  |
| Cash on hand                                       |      | 3,038      |
| Total  | \$ 6 | 6,416,689  |
| Cash and investments per statement of net position |      |            |
| Governmental activities                            | \$   | 66,303,582 |
| Custodial fund                                     | _    | 113,107    |
| Total  | \$   | 66,416,689 |

#### **NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS**

**A.** Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2022 consisted of the following, as reported on the fund financial statements:

| Transfers from the general fund to: | _Amount      |
|-------------------------------------|--------------|
| Capital projects                    | \$ 6,350,000 |
| Nonmajor governmental funds         | 39,603       |
| Total                               | \$ 6,389,603 |

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### **NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS - (Continued)**

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Interfund transfers between governmental funds are eliminated for reporting in the statement of activities. All transfers were made in compliance with Ohio Revised Code Sections 5705.14, 5705.15 and 5705.16.

**B.** Interfund transactions for the year ended June 30, 2022, consisted of the following, as reported on the fund financial statements:

| Advances from general fund to:                | Amount       |
|---|--------------|
| Nonmajor governmental funds                   | \$ 805,641   |
| Advances from nonmajor governmental funds to: |              |
| General fund                                  | 852,909      |
| Total   | \$ 1,658,550 |

The primary purpose of the advances to the governmental funds is to cover costs in grant funds where the requested project cash requests were not received by June 30. These advances will be repaid once the anticipated revenues are received. All outstanding advances are expected to be repaid within one year.

Interfund advances between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements; therefore, no advances are reported on the statement of activities.

#### **NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES**

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property and public utility property. Real property tax revenues received in calendar year 2022 represent the collection of calendar year 2021 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2022 were levied after April 1, 2021, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2021, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised fair value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established. Public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2022 represent the collection of calendar year 2021 taxes. Public utility real and personal property taxes received in calendar year 2022 became a lien on December 31, 2020, were levied after April 1, 2021, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The District receives property taxes from Harrison, Carroll, Tuscarawas, Belmont and Jefferson Counties. The County Auditor periodically advances to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2022, are available to finance fiscal year 2022 operations. The amount of second-half real property taxes available for advance at fiscal year-end can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### **NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)**

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2022 taxes were collected are:

|  |    | 2021 Seco    | nd      |    | 2022 First  |         |  |  |  |
|--|----|--------------|---------|----|-------------|---------|--|--|--|
|  |    | Half Collect | ions    |    | ions        |         |  |  |  |
|  | _  | Amount       | Percent | _  | Amount      | Percent |  |  |  |
| Agricultural/residential                   |    |              |         |    |             |         |  |  |  |
| and other real estate                      | \$ | 436,303,920  | 52.44   | \$ | 447,411,970 | 63.38   |  |  |  |
| Public utility personal                    |    | 395,725,600  | 47.56   | _  | 258,494,230 | 36.62   |  |  |  |
| Total                                      | \$ | 832,029,520  | 100.00  | \$ | 705,906,200 | 100.00  |  |  |  |
| Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation | \$ | 37.25        |         | \$ | 37.25       |         |  |  |  |

#### **NOTE 7 - DEBT**

A. During the fiscal year 2022, the following activity occurred in governmental activities debt:

|   | Balance<br>Outstanding<br>06/30/21 |            |    | Additions Red |   |    | eductions | Balance<br>Outstanding<br>06/30/22 |            |    | Amounts Due in One Year |  |
|---|------------------------------------|------------|----|---------------|---|----|-----------|------------------------------------|------------|----|-------------------------|--|
| Governmental activities: Energy conservation note School facilities and | \$                                 | 220,000    | \$ |               | - | \$ | (40,000)  | \$                                 | 180,000    | \$ | 40,000                  |  |
| construction improvement bonds  |                                    | 26,810,000 |    |               | _ |    | (405,000) | _                                  | 26,405,000 | _  | 420,000                 |  |
| Total debt  | \$ 2                               | 27,030,000 | \$ |               | _ | \$ | (445,000) | \$                                 | 26,585,000 | \$ | 460,000                 |  |

<u>Energy conservation note</u> - On November 23, 2010, the District issued energy conservation notes in the amount of \$565,000 for various improvements to school buildings. The notes were issued as part of the Qualified School Construction Bonds Program under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act. Under this program, all interest payments on these notes are reimbursed to the District by the federal government. These notes bear an interest rate of 5.43% and mature on December 31, 2025.

Principal and interest requirements to retire the energy conservation notes at June 30, 2022, are as follows:

| Fiscal Year     |           |         |          |         |               |
|-----------------|-----------|---------|----------|---------|---------------|
| Ending June 30, | Principal |         | <u>I</u> | nterest | <br>Total     |
| 2023            | \$        | 40,000  | \$       | 8,688   | \$<br>48,688  |
| 2024            |           | 45,000  |          | 6,380   | 51,380        |
| 2025            |           | 45,000  |          | 3,937   | 48,937        |
| 2026            |           | 50,000  |          | 1,357   | <br>51,357    |
| Total           | \$        | 180,000 | \$       | 20,362  | \$<br>200,362 |

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### **NOTE 7 - DEBT - (Continued)**

<u>School facilities construction and improvement bonds</u> - On March 10, 2016, the District issued school facilities construction and improvement bonds in the amount of \$28,280,000 to fund the construction of a few school buildings. The bond issue included serial and term bonds. The bond issue included a premium of \$1,068,360. These bonds bear an interest rate that ranges from 2.00% to 5.00% and will mature on November 1, 2054.

Principal and interest required to retire the school facilities construction and improvement bonds at June 30, 2022, are as follows:

|                 | School Facilities Construction/Improvement |             |            |            |    |            |       |            |  |
|-----------------|--|-------------|------------|------------|----|------------|-------|------------|--|
| Fiscal Year     |  |             |            |            |    |            |       |            |  |
| Ending June 30, | S  | erial Bonds | Term Bonds |            |    | Interest   | Total |            |  |
| 2023            | \$   | 420,000     | \$         | _          | \$ | 1,026,313  | \$    | 1,446,313  |  |
| 2024            |  | 430,000     |            | -          |    | 1,017,912  |       | 1,447,912  |  |
| 2025            |  | 440,000     |            | -          |    | 1,009,313  |       | 1,449,313  |  |
| 2026            |  | 455,000     |            | -          |    | 991,712    |       | 1,446,712  |  |
| 2027            |  | 465,000     |            | -          |    | 981,475    |       | 1,446,475  |  |
| 2028 - 2032     |  | 2,630,000   |            | -          |    | 4,612,375  |       | 7,242,375  |  |
| 2033 - 2037     |  | 2,490,000   |            | 670,000    |    | 4,081,025  |       | 7,241,025  |  |
| 2038 - 2042     |  | -           |            | 3,890,000  |    | 3,347,625  |       | 7,237,625  |  |
| 2043 - 2047     |  | -           |            | 4,760,000  |    | 2,488,025  |       | 7,248,025  |  |
| 2048 - 2052     |  | -           |            | 5,735,000  |    | 1,510,200  |       | 7,245,200  |  |
| 2053 - 2055     |  | <u>-</u>    |            | 4,020,000  |    | 326,000    |       | 4,346,000  |  |
| Total           | \$   | 7,330,000   | \$         | 19,075,000 | \$ | 21,391,975 | \$    | 47,796,975 |  |

#### B. Legal Debt Margin

The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the District shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the District. The code further provides that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The code additionally states that unvoted indebtedness related to energy conservation debt shall not exceed 9/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The assessed valuation used in determining the District's legal debt margin has been modified by House Bill 530 which became effective March 30, 2006. In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in the District's legal debt margin calculation excluded tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property, and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations. The effects of these debt limitations at June 30, 2022, are a voted debt margin of \$39,992,315 and an unvoted debt margin of \$705,906.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### **NOTE 8 - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS**

#### A. Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave components are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees, office staff, administrative staff, and certified employees have the following sick leave and severance policies:

|                | Maximum        | Paid at 1/4    | Paid at 1/8                  | Total Allowable |
|----------------|----------------|----------------|------------------------------|-----------------|
|                | Allowable Sick | of Unused      | of Unused                    | Maximum         |
| Employee       | Leave Balance  | Sick Leave     | Sick Leave                   | Severance       |
| Status         | (Days)         | Balance        | Balance                      | (Days)          |
| Classified     | 335            | First 144 Days | Any Balance<br>Over 144 Days | 60              |
| Office Staff   | 335            | First 142 Days | Any Balance<br>Over 142 Days | 60              |
| Administrative | 335            | First 160 Days | Any Balance<br>Over 160 Days | 62              |
| Certified      | 335            | First 144 Days | Any Balance<br>Over 144 Days | 60              |

#### B. Life Insurance

The District provides life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance to most employees through MetLife as part of the Jefferson Health Plan Consortium.

#### **NOTE 9 - RISK MANAGEMENT**

#### A. Comprehensive

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft or, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees and natural disasters. The District has contracted with Ohio School Plan via Harcum-Hyre Insurance Agency for property and inland marine coverage; fleet insurance; and professional liability coverage. Coverage is provided as follows:

| <u>Description</u>  | <u>Amount</u> |
|---|---------------|
| Building and Contents-replacement cost (\$1,000 deductible) | \$96,283,033  |
| Boiler and Machinery (\$1,000 deductible)                   | 2,000,000     |
| Crime Insurance   | 100,000       |
| Coverage provided by Indiana Insurance is as follows:       |               |
| General Liability   |               |
| Per occurrence  | 2,000,000     |
| Automobile Liability (\$0 deductible)                       | 2,000,000     |
| Uninsured Motorists (\$0 deductible)                        | 1,000,000     |

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### **NOTE 9 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)**

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the prior year.

#### B. Workers' Compensation

For fiscal year 2022, the District participated in the OASBO Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is tiered into groups based upon past workers' compensation experience. Within each tiered group, a common premium rate is applied to all school districts within that group. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of their tiered group. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of CompManagement, Inc. provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

#### C. Employee Group Medical, Dental, Vision and Life Insurance

Medical/surgical, prescription, and dental insurance is offered to employees through a self-insurance internal service fund. The District is a member of a claims servicing pool, consisting of 49 school districts within the Jefferson Health Plan, in which monthly premiums are paid to the fiscal agent who in turn pays the claims in the District's behalf.

#### **NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS**

The Statewide retirement systems provide both pension benefits and other postemployment benefits (OPEB).

#### Net Pension Liability/Net OPEB Liability/Asset

Pensions and OPEB are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions/OPEB are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period.

The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) represent the District's proportionate share of each pension/OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting these estimates annually.

The Ohio Revised Code limits the District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions/OPEB are financed; however, the District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension and OPEB.

GASB 68/75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires funding to come from these employers. All pension contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes pension costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits. In addition, health care plan enrollees pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. State statute requires the retirement systems to amortize unfunded pension liabilities within 30 years. If the pension amortization period exceeds 30 years, each retirement system's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension/OPEB liability (asset). Resulting adjustments to the net pension/OPEB liability (asset) would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients.

The net pension/net OPEB liability (asset) are not reported on the face of the financial statements, but rather are disclosed in the notes because of the use of the cash basis framework.

The remainder of this note includes the required pension disclosures. See Note 11 for the required OPEB disclosures.

#### Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description - The District non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at <a href="www.ohsers.org">www.ohsers.org</a> under Employers/Audit Resources.

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

|                              | Eligible to<br>Retire on or before<br>August 1, 2017 *                              | Eligible to<br>Retire after<br>August 1, 2017  |
|------------------------------|---|--|
| Full benefits                | Any age with 30 years of service credit   | Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or<br>Age 57 with 30 years of service credit |
| Actuarially reduced benefits | Age 60 with 5 years of service credit; or<br>Age 55 with 25 years of service credit | Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or<br>Age 60 with 25 years of service credit |

<sup>\*</sup> Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017 will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service; 2.2% for the first thirty years of service and 2.5% for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

An individual whose benefit effective date is before April 1, 2018, is eligible for a cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) on the first anniversary date of the benefit. Beginning April 1, 2018, new benefit recipients must wait until the fourth anniversary of their benefit for COLA eligibility. The COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit. A three-year COLA suspension was in effect for all benefit recipients for the years 2018, 2019, and 2020. Upon resumption of the COLA, it will be indexed to the percentage increase in the CPI-W, not to exceed 2.5% and with a floor of 0%. In 2021, the Board of Trustees approved a 2.5% cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) for eligible retirees and beneficiaries in 2022.

Funding Policy – Plan members are required to contribute 10.00% of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute 14.00% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10.00% for plan members and 14.00% for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Medicare B was 14.00%. For fiscal year 2022, the Retirement Board did not allocate any employer contribution to the Health Care Fund.

The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$358,804 for fiscal year 2022.

#### Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description - Licensed teachers participate in STRS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS website at <a href="https://www.strsoh.org">www.strsoh.org</a>.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans: a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined (CO) Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307.

The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation is 2.20% of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. In April 2017, the Retirement Board made the decision to reduce COLA granted on or after July 1, 2017, to 0% to preserve the fiscal integrity of the retirement system. Benefit recipients' base benefit and past cost-of living increases are not affected by this change. Eligibility changes will be phased in until August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five year of service credit and age 65, or 35 years of service credit and at least age 60.

Eligibility changes for DB Plan members who retire with actuarially reduced benefits will be phased in until August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility will be five years of qualifying service credit and age 60, or 30 years of service credit at any age.

The DC Plan allows members to place all of their member contributions and 9.53% of the 14% employer contributions into an investment account. Investment allocation decisions are determined by the member. The remaining 4.47% of the 14% employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, 12% of the 14% member rate goes to the DC Plan and the remaining 2% is applied to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity after termination of employment at age 50 and after termination of employment.

New members who choose the DC Plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. New members must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit that apply for

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### **NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)**

disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy - Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. The fiscal year 2022 employer and employee contribution rate of 14% was equal to the statutory maximum rates. For fiscal year 2022, the full employer contribution was allocated to pension.

The District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$1,085,747 for fiscal year 2022.

#### Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities.

Following is information related to the proportionate share:

|  | SERS                | STRS         | Total         |
|--|---------------------|--------------|---------------|
| Proportion of the net pension                    |                     |              |               |
| liability prior measurement date                 | 0.07146900%         | 0.05617565%  |               |
| Proportion of the net pension                    |                     |              |               |
| liability current measurement date               | 0.08597200%         | 0.06012861%  |               |
| Change in proportionate share                    | <u>0.01450300</u> % | 0.00395296%  |               |
| Proportionate share of the net pension liability | \$ 3,172,132        | \$ 7,687,983 | \$ 10,860,115 |
| pension macinity                                 | φ 3,172,132         | Ψ 7,007,203  | Φ 10,000,115  |

#### Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2021, compared with June 30, 2020 are presented below:

Wage inflation:

Current measurement date 2.40% Prior measurement date 3.00%

Future salary increases, including inflation:

Current measurement date 3.25% to 13.58% Prior measurement date 3.50% to 18.20%

COLA or ad hoc COLA:

Current measurement date 2.00% Prior measurement date 2.50%

Investment rate of return:

Current measurement date 7.00% net of system expenses
Prior measurement date 7.50% net of system expenses

Discount rate:

Current measurement date 7.00%
Prior measurement date 7.50%

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal (level percent of payroll)

In 2021, Mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weight Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20% for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35% for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3% for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8% for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

In the prior measurement date, the mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five-year age set-back for both males and females. Mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries were based upon the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates. Mortality among disabled members was based upon the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended June 30, 2020.

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### **NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)**

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

|                             | Target     | Long-Term Expected  |
|-----------------------------|------------|---------------------|
| Asset Class                 | Allocation | Real Rate of Return |
| Cash                        | 2.00 %     | (0.33) %            |
| US Equity                   | 24.75      | 5.72                |
| Non-US Equity Developed     | 13.50      | 6.55                |
| Non-US Equity Emerging      | 6.75       | 8.54                |
| Fixed Income/Global Bonds   | 19.00      | 1.14                |
| Private Equity              | 11.00      | 10.03               |
| Real Estate/Real Assets     | 16.00      | 5.41                |
| Multi-Asset Strategy        | 4.00       | 3.47                |
| Private Debt/Private Credit | 3.00       | 5.28                |
| Total                       | 100.00 %   |                     |

**Discount Rate** - The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by state statute. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.00%). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%), or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate.

|                                |    | Current    |     |            |    |            |
|--------------------------------|----|------------|-----|------------|----|------------|
|                                | 1% | 6 Decrease | Dis | count Rate | 19 | 6 Increase |
| District's proportionate share |    |            |     |            |    |            |
| of the net pension liability   | \$ | 5,277,624  | \$  | 3,172,132  | \$ | 1,396,451  |

#### Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2021, compared with June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation are presented below:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

|                                   | June 30, 2021  | June 30, 2020  |
|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| Inflation                         | 2.50%  | 2.50%  |
| Projected salary increases        | 12.50% at age 20 to                                    | 12.50% at age 20 to                                    |
|                                   | 2.50% at age 65  | 2.50% at age 65  |
| Investment rate of return         | 7.00%, net of investment expenses, including inflation | 7.45%, net of investment expenses, including inflation |
| Discount rate of return           | 7.00%  | 7.45%  |
| Payroll increases                 | 3.00%  | 3.00%  |
| Cost-of-living adjustments (COLA) | 0.00%  | 0.00%  |

For the June 30, 2021, actuarial valuation, post-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Tables with 50% of rates through age 69, 70% of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90% of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100% of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Preretirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Tables with 90% of rates for males and 100% of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

STRS Ohio's investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

| Asset Class          | Target Allocation | Long-Term Expected<br>Real Rate of Return * |
|----------------------|-------------------|---|
| Domestic Equity      | 28.00 %           | 7.35 %                                      |
| International Equity | 23.00             | 7.55  |
| Alternatives         | 17.00             | 7.09  |
| Fixed Income         | 21.00             | 3.00  |
| Real Estate          | 10.00             | 6.00  |
| Liquidity Reserves   | 1.00              | 2.25  |
| Total                | 100.00 %          |   |

<sup>\*10-</sup>Year geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

**Discount Rate** - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00% as of June 30, 2021. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with the rates described previously. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Based on those assumptions, STRS Ohio's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2021. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00% was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2021.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following table represents the net pension liability as of June 30, 2021, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.00%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current assumption:

|                                |    | Current    |     |            |    |            |
|--------------------------------|----|------------|-----|------------|----|------------|
|                                | 19 | 6 Decrease | Dis | count Rate | 19 | 6 Increase |
| District's proportionate share |    |            |     |            |    |            |
| of the net pension liability   | \$ | 14,396,714 | \$  | 7,687,983  | \$ | 2,019,119  |

**Changes Between Measurement Date and Reporting Date** - STRS approved a one-time 3.00% cost-of-living adjustment to eligible benefit recipients effective July 1, 2022. It is unknown what the effect this change will have on the net pension liability.

#### NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS

#### Net OPEB Liability/Asset

See Note 10 for a description of the net OPEB liability (asset).

#### Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Health Care Plan Description - The District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for noncertificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 75 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. SERS' Health Care Plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of most types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage. In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree, are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of 65 and therefore enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at <a href="https://www.ohsers.org">www.ohsers.org</a> under Employers/Audit Resources.

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board established the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14% of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, SERS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2022, this amount was \$25,000. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

2% of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5% of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2022, the District's surcharge obligation was \$54,760.

The surcharge added to the allocated portion of the 14% employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$54,760 for fiscal year 2022.

#### Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description - The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting <a href="https://www.strsoh.org">www.strsoh.org</a> or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy - Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Nearly all health care plan enrollees, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14% of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.

#### Net OPEB Liability/Asset

The net OPEB liability/asset was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total OPEB liability/asset used to calculate the net OPEB liability/asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability/asset was based on the District's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities.

Following is information related to the proportionate share:

|  | SERS         | STRS                       | Total        |
|--|--------------|----------------------------|--------------|
| Proportion of the net OPEB               |              |                            |              |
| liability/asset prior measurement date   | 0.07453100%  | 0.05617565%                |              |
| Proportion of the net OPEB               |              |                            |              |
| liability/asset current measurement date | 0.08848000%  | $\underline{0.06012861}\%$ |              |
| Change in proportionate share            | 0.01394900%  | 0.00395296%                |              |
| Proportionate share of the net           |              |                            |              |
| OPEB liability                           | \$ 1,674,561 | \$ -                       | \$ 1,674,561 |
| Proportionate share of the net           |              |                            |              |
| OPEB asset                               | \$ -         | \$ 1,267,762               | \$ 1,267,762 |

#### Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

The total OPEB liability is determined by SERS' actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2021, compared with June 30, 2020 are presented below:

| Wage inflation:  |                              |
|--|------------------------------|
| Current measurement date   | 2.40%                        |
| Prior measurement date   | 3.00%                        |
| Future salary increases, including inflation:                    |                              |
| Current measurement date   | 3.25% to 13.58%              |
| Prior measurement date   | 3.50% to 18.20%              |
| Investment rate of return:                                       |                              |
| Current measurement date   | 7.00% net of investment      |
|  | expense, including inflation |
| Prior measurement date   | 7.50% net of investment      |
|  | expense, including inflation |
| Municipal bond index rate:                                       |                              |
| Current measurement date   | 1.92%                        |
| Prior measurement date   | 2.45%                        |
| Single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense, |                              |
| including price inflation:                                       |                              |
| Current measurement date   | 2.27%                        |
| Prior measurement date   | 2.63%                        |
| Medical trend assumption:  |                              |
| Current measurement date   |                              |
| Medicare   | 5.125 to 4.400%              |
| Pre-Medicare   | 6.750 to 4.400%              |
| Prior measurement date   |                              |
| Medicare   | 5.25 to 4.75%                |
| Pre-Medicare   | 7.00 to 4.75%                |
|  |                              |

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

In 2021, Mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weight Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20% for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35% for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3% for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8% for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

In the prior measurement date, the mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five-year age set-back for both males and females. Mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries were based upon the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates. Mortality among disabled members was based upon the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended June 30, 2020.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the actuarial five-year experience study. The most recent study covers fiscal years 2015 through 2020 and was adopted by the Board in 2021. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return, 7.00%, by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as used in the June 30, 2020 five-year experience study, are summarized as follows:

|                             | Target     | Long-Term Expected  |
|-----------------------------|------------|---------------------|
| Asset Class                 | Allocation | Real Rate of Return |
| Cash                        | 2.00 %     | (0.33) %            |
| US Equity                   | 24.75      | 5.72                |
| Non-US Equity Developed     | 13.50      | 6.55                |
| Non-US Equity Emerging      | 6.75       | 8.54                |
| Fixed Income/Global Bonds   | 19.00      | 1.14                |
| Private Equity              | 11.00      | 10.03               |
| Real Estate/Real Assets     | 16.00      | 5.41                |
| Multi-Asset Strategy        | 4.00       | 3.47                |
| Private Debt/Private Credit | 3.00       | 5.28                |
| Total                       | 100.00 %   |                     |

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2021 was 2.27%. The discount rate used to measure total OPEB liability prior to June 30, 2021 was 2.63%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and the System at the contribution rate of 1.50% of projected covered payroll each year, which includes a 1.50% payroll surcharge and no contributions from the basic benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current System members by SERS actuaries. The Municipal Bond Index Rate is used in the determination of the SEIR for both the June 30, 2020 and the June 30, 2021 total OPEB liability. The Municipal Bond Index rate is the single rate that will generate a present value of benefit payments equal to the sum of the present value determined by the long-term expected rate of return, and the present value determined by discounting those benefits after the date of depletion. The Municipal Bond Index Rate is 1.92% at June 30, 2021 and 2.45% at June 30, 2020.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates - The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate. The following table presents the net OPEB liability, what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (1.27%) and higher (3.27%) than the current discount rate (2.27%). Also shown is what the net OPEB liability would be based on health care cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (5.75% decreasing to 3.40%) and higher (7.75% decreasing to 5.40%) than the current rate (6.75% decreasing to 4.40%).

|  | 19⁄ | 6 Decrease | Dis | Current count Rate   | 19 | % Increase |
|--|-----|------------|-----|----------------------|----|------------|
| District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability | \$  | 2,074,978  | \$  | 1,674,561            | \$ | 1,354,671  |
|  | 19/ | 6 Decrease | T   | Current<br>rend Rate | 19 | % Increase |
| District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability | \$  | 1,289,271  | \$  | 1,674,561            | \$ | 2,189,179  |

#### Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2021, actuarial valuation, compared with June 30, 2020, compared with June 30, 2020 are presented below:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

|                                   | June 30, 2021     |                | June 3                   | 0, 2020        |  |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------|----------------|--------------------------|----------------|--|
| Inflation                         | 2.50%             |                | 2.50%                    |                |  |
| Projected salary increases        | 12.50% at age 20  | ) to           | 12.50% at age 20 to      |                |  |
| •                                 | 2.50% at age 65   |                | 2.50% at age 65          |                |  |
| Investment rate of return         | 7.00%, net of inv | estment        | 7.45%, net of investment |                |  |
|                                   | expenses, inclu   | ding inflation | expenses, inclu-         | ding inflation |  |
| Payroll increases                 | 3.00%             |                | 3.00%                    | -              |  |
| Cost-of-living adjustments (COLA) | 0.00%             |                | 0.00%                    |                |  |
| Discount rate of return           | 7.00%             |                | 7.45%                    |                |  |
| Blended discount rate of return   | N/A               |                | N/A                      |                |  |
| Health care cost trends           |                   |                |                          |                |  |
|                                   | Initial           | Ultimate       | Initial                  | Ultimate       |  |
| Medical                           |                   |                |                          |                |  |
| Pre-Medicare                      | 5.00%             | 4.00%          | 5.00%                    | 4.00%          |  |
| Medicare                          | -16.18%           | 4.00%          | -6.69%                   | 4.00%          |  |
| Prescription Drug                 |                   |                |                          |                |  |
| Pre-Medicare                      | 6.50%             | 4.00%          | 6.50%                    | 4.00%          |  |
| Medicare                          | 29.98%            | 4.00%          | 11.87%                   | 4.00%          |  |

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

For healthy retirees the mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Tables with 50% of rates through age 69, 70% of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90% of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100% of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Tables with 90% of rates for males and 100% of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

Assumption Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date - The discount rate was adjusted to 7.00% from 7.45% for the June 30, 2021 valuation.

**Benefit Term Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date** - The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2022 from 2.055% to 2.100%. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2022. The Medicare Part D subsidy was updated to reflect it is expected to be negative in CY2022. The Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

| Asset Class          | Target Allocation | Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return * |
|----------------------|-------------------|--|
| Domestic Equity      | 28.00 %           | 7.35 %                                   |
| International Equity | 23.00             | 7.55                                     |
| Alternatives         | 17.00             | 7.09                                     |
| Fixed Income         | 21.00             | 3.00                                     |
| Real Estate          | 10.00             | 6.00                                     |
| Liquidity Reserves   | 1.00              | 2.25                                     |
| Total                | 100.00 %          |  |

<sup>\*10-</sup>Year geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

**Discount Rate** - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB asset was 7.00% as of June 30, 2021. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed STRS Ohio continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2021. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on health care fund investments of 7.00% was applied to all periods of projected health care costs to determine the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2021.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount and Health Care Cost Trend Rate - The following table represents the net OPEB asset as of June 30, 2021, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.00%, as well as what the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current assumption. Also shown is the net OPEB asset as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates.

|  |     |            |     | Current              |    |            |
|--|-----|------------|-----|----------------------|----|------------|
|  | 19  | 6 Decrease | Dis | count Rate           | 19 | % Increase |
| District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset | \$  | 1,069,796  | \$  | 1,267,762            | \$ | 1,433,134  |
|  | 19⁄ | 6 Decrease | T   | Current<br>rend Rate | 19 | % Increase |
| District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset | \$  | 1,426,433  | \$  | 1,267,762            | \$ | 1,071,551  |

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### **NOTE 12 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING**

While the District is reporting financial position, results of operations and changes in fund balances on the cash basis, the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The statement of receipts, disbursements and changes in fund balance - budget and actual (budgetary basis) presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The difference between the budget basis and the cash basis is outstanding year end encumbrances are treated as disbursements (budget) rather than an assignment of fund balance (cash).

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the cash basis statement to the budgetary basis statement:

#### **Net Change in Fund Balance**

|                             | General fund |
|-----------------------------|--------------|
| Cash basis                  | \$ 3,296,349 |
| Funds budgeted elsewhere**  | (5,876)      |
| Adjustment for encumbrances | (1,206,199)  |
| Budget basis                | \$ 2,084,274 |

<sup>\*\*</sup> As part of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting", certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate special revenue funds are considered part of the general fund on a GAAP basis. This includes the uniform school supplies fund, public school support fund, adult education fund, rotary fund and unclaimed monies fund.

#### **NOTE 13 - CONTINGENCIES**

#### A. Grants

The District receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal, State and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the District. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on the financial position of the District.

#### B. Litigation

The District is involved in no material litigation as either plaintiff or defendant.

#### **NOTE 14 - SET-ASIDES**

The District is required by State law to annually set-aside certain general fund revenue amounts, as defined by statutory formula, for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at fiscal year-end. This amount must be carried forward to be used for the same purpose in future years. Disbursements exceeding the set-aside requirement may not be carried forward to the next fiscal year.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### **NOTE 14 - SET-ASIDES (Continued)**

The following cash-basis information describes the change in the fiscal year-end set-aside amount for capital improvements. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

|   | (           | Capital  |             |
|---|-------------|----------|-------------|
|   | <u>Impr</u> | ovemer   | <u>ıts</u>  |
| Set-aside balance June 30, 2021             | \$          |          | -           |
| Current year set-aside requirement          |             | 264,98   | 30          |
| Current year qualifying expenditures        |             | (374,21  | 9)          |
| Current year offsets                        | (6          | 5,671,98 | <u>87</u> ) |
| Total                                       | \$ (6       | ,781,22  | <u>26</u> ) |
| Balance carried forward to fiscal year 2023 | \$          |          | _           |
| Set-aside balance June 30, 2022             | \$          |          | _           |

During fiscal year 2016, the District issued \$28,280,000 in capital related school improvement bonds. These proceeds may be used to reduce the capital improvements set-aside amount to below zero for future years. The District is responsible for tracking the amount of bond proceeds that may be used as an offset in future periods.

#### **NOTE 15 - OTHER COMMITMENTS**

The District utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reservations of fund balance for subsequent-year disbursements and may be reported as part of restricted, committed, or assigned classifications of fund balance. At year end, the District's commitments for encumbrances in the governmental funds were as follows:

|                             | •   | Year-End          |
|-----------------------------|-----|-------------------|
| <u>Fund</u>                 | Enc | <u>eumbrances</u> |
| General fund                | \$  | 1,216,087         |
| Capital projects            |     | 5,572,900         |
| Nonmajor governmental funds |     | 753,539           |
| Total                       | \$  | 7,542,526         |

#### **NOTE 16 - TAX ABATEMENT**

The District, along with the Harrison County Commissioners, entered into a Tax Incentive Donation agreement and an Ohio Enterprise Zone Agreement on July 31, 2018 and August 2, 2018, respectively, with Harrison Power, LLC. Harrison Power, LLC will construct a new energy generation facility within the Enterprise Zone. These agreements are Enterprise Zone Tax exemptions under Ohio Revised Code Section 5709.63 for an exemption of improvements to real property and certain personal property. As a result, the District will receive payments in lieu of taxes for a 15-year period. This will result in a loss of revenue as compared to receiving the projected property tax revenue under the current millage.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### **NOTE 17 - COVID-19**

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March of 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Ohio's state of emergency ended in June, 2021 while the national state of emergency continues. During fiscal year 2022, the District received COVID-19 funding. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the District. The impact on the District's future operating costs, revenues, and additional recovery from emergency funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated.

#### **NOTE 18- SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

#### Outdoor Learning Area Project

On January 12, 2023, the Board approved and awarded the contract for the outdoor learning area project to Border Patrol, LLC in the amount of \$1,552,136.

#### Family and Children First Council Fiscal Agent

On April 27, 2023, the Board approved Harrison County Ohio Department of Jobs and Family Services as the administrative/fiscal agent for the Harrison County Family and Children First Council effective July 1, 2023.

## SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

| FEDERAL GRANTOR<br>Pass Through Grantor<br>Program / Cluster Title  | Federal<br>AL<br>Number    | Pass Through<br>Entity Identifying<br>Number       | Provided<br>Through to<br>Subrecipients | Total Federal<br>Expenditures |
|---|----------------------------|--|---|-------------------------------|
| U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE  Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:  Child Nutrition Cluster:  Non-Cash Assistance:  |                            |  |   |                               |
| Non-Cash Assistance: National School Lunch Program - Food Donation Cash Assistance:   | 10.555                     | N/A  | \$0                                     | \$49,944                      |
| School Breakfast Program National School Lunch Program COVID-19 National School Lunch Program   | 10.553<br>10.555<br>10.555 | 045245-05PU-22<br>045245-LLP4-22<br>045245-LLP4-22 | 0<br>0<br>0                             | 392,844<br>531,403<br>30,963  |
| Cash Assistance Total   | .0.000                     | 0.102.10.22. 1.22                                  | 0                                       | 955,210                       |
| Total Child Nutrition Cluster   |                            |  | 0                                       | 1,005,154                     |
| Pandemic Electronic Benefits Transfer (P-EBT)   | 10.649                     | N/A  | 0                                       | 614                           |
| Total U.S. Department of Agriculture  |                            |  | 0                                       | 1,005,768                     |
| U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION  Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:  Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies  | 84.010A                    | 045245-C1S1-21<br>045245-C1S1-22<br>N/A            | 0<br>0<br>0                             | 82,486<br>439,394             |
| Total Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies  |                            | N/A  | 0                                       | 9,726<br>531,606              |
| Special Education Cluster (IDEA) Special Education, Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)   | 84.027A                    | 045245-6BSF-21<br>045245-6BSF-22                   | 0                                       | 43,175<br>331.618             |
| COVID-19 Special Education, Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)<br>Special Education, Grants to States (IDEA, Part B) Subtotal  | 84.027X                    | N/A  | 0                                       | 44,005<br>418,798             |
| Special Education, Preschool Grants   | 84.173A                    | 045245-21<br>045245-22                             | 0                                       | 1,650<br>9,894                |
| Special Education, Preschool Grants Subtotal  |                            | 0.102.10.22  | 0                                       | 11,544                        |
| otal Special Education Cluster  |                            |  | 0                                       | 430,342                       |
| Supporting Effective Instruction Grants   | 84.367A                    | 045245-TSR1-21<br>045245-TSR1-22                   | 0                                       | 29,051<br>53,654              |
| Total Supporting Effective Instruction Grants   |                            |  | 0                                       | 82,705                        |
| Student Support Academic Enrichment Grant   | 84.424A                    | 045245-21<br>045245-22                             | 0                                       | 1,722<br>36,617               |
| Total Student Support Academic Enrichment Grant   |                            |  | 0                                       | 38,339                        |
| COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief   | 84.425D                    | 045245-21<br>045245-22                             | 0                                       | 65,928<br>229,271             |
| Total Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief  |                            |  | 0                                       | 295,199                       |
| Passed Through Ohio Department of Developmental Disabilities: Special Education - Grants for Infants and Families Special Education - Grants for Infants and Families/EL Outreach Total Special Education-Grants for Infants and Families | 84.181A<br>84.181          | 045245-22<br>045245-22                             | 9,856<br>25,166<br>35,022               | 9,856<br>25,166<br>35,022     |
| Total U.S. Department of Education  |                            |  | 35,022                                  | 1,413,213                     |
| J.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES Passed Through Ohio Department of Mental Health and Addiction Services: Promoting Safe and Stable Families   | 93.556                     | 5AU-21-C0034<br>5AU-22-C0034                       | 4,871<br>14,632                         | 4,871<br>14,632               |
| Total Promoting Safe and Stable Families  |                            | 0/10 ZZ 00004                                      | 19,503                                  | 19,503                        |
| Stephanie Tubbs Child Welfare Services Program  | 93.645                     | 5AU-21-C0034<br>5AU-22-C0034                       | 602<br>1,808                            | 602<br>1,808                  |
| Total Stephanie Tubbs Child Welfare Services Program  |                            | 0/10 ZZ 00004                                      | 2,410                                   | 2,410                         |
| Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Projects of Regional and National Significance   | 93.243                     | N/A  | 120                                     | 120                           |
| Affordable Care Act, Maternal, Infant, & Early Childhood Home Visiting Progra   | 93.505                     | 0345011MH0921                                      | 149,529                                 | 149,529                       |
| otal U.S. Department of Health and Human Services   |                            |  | 171,562                                 | 171,562                       |
| J.S. DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY  Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:  COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief Fund  COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief Fund - Broadband Connectivity  Total Coronavirus Relief Fund                                     | 21.019                     | N/A<br>N/A   | 0<br>0<br>0                             | 2,906<br>6,342<br>9,248       |
| Total U.S. Department of Treasury   |                            |  | 0                                       | 9,248                         |
| Total Expenditures of Federal Awards  |                            |  | \$206,584                               | \$2,599,791                   |

# NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS 2 CFR 200.510(b)(6) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### **NOTE A - BASIS OF PRESENTATION**

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of Harrison Hills City School District (the District) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2022. The information on this Schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the District.

#### NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be allowable or may be limited as to reimbursement.

#### **NOTE C - INDIRECT COST RATE**

The District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

#### **NOTE D - SUBRECIPIENTS**

The District passes certain federal awards received from U.S. Department of Education and U.S. Department of Health and Human Services to other governments or not-for-profit agencies (subrecipients). As Note B describes, the District reports expenditures of Federal awards to subrecipients when paid in cash.

As a subrecipient, the District has certain compliance responsibilities, such as monitoring its subrecipients to help assure they use these subawards as authorized by laws, regulations, and the provisions of contracts or grant agreements, and that subrecipients achieve the award's performance goals.

#### **NOTE E - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER**

The District commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the District assumes it expends federal monies first.

#### **NOTE F - FOOD DONATION PROGRAM**

The District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the entitlement value. The District allocated donated food commodities to the respective program that benefitted from the use of those donated food commodities.



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# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Harrison Hills City School District Harrison County 100 Huskies way Cadiz, Ohio 43907

#### To the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to the financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (Government Auditing Standards), the cash-basis financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Harrison Hills City School District, Harrison County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated May 5, 2023, wherein we noted the District uses a special purpose framework other than generally accepted accounting principles.

#### Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

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Harrison Hills City School District
Harrison County
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Required by Government Auditing Standards
Page 2

#### Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matter that is required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards and which is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings as item 2022-001.

#### District's Responses to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the District's responses to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying Corrective Action Plan. The District's responses were not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the responses.

#### **Purpose of This Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

May 5, 2023



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# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Harrison Hills City School District Harrison County 100 Huskies Way Cadiz, Ohio 43907

To the Board of Education:

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

#### **Qualified and Unmodified Opinions**

We have audited Harrison Hills City School District's, Harrison County, Ohio (the District), compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Harrison Hills City School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. Harrison Hills City School District's major federal programs are identified in the *Summary of Auditor's Results* section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings.

#### Qualified Opinion on Education Stabilization Fund

In our opinion, except for the noncompliance described in the *Basis for Qualified and Unmodified Opinions* section of our report, Harrison Hills City School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on the Education Stabilization Fund for the year ended June 30, 2022.

#### Unmodified Opinion on the Other Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Harrison Hills City School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its other major federal program identified in the *Summary of Auditor's Results* section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings for the year ended June 30, 2022.

#### Basis for Qualified and Unmodified Opinions

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

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Harrison Hills City School District
Harrison County
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements
Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance
Required by the Uniform Guidance
Page 2

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified and unmodified opinions on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Matter Giving Rise to Qualified Opinion on Education Stabilization Fund

As described in finding 2022-002 in the accompanying Schedule of Findings, the District did not comply with requirements regarding Special Tests and Provisions - Wage Rate Requirements applicable to its AL #84.425 Education Stabilization Fund major federal program.

Compliance with such requirements is necessary, in our opinion, for the District to comply with requirements applicable to that program.

#### Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

The District's Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design
  and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a
  test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred
  to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in
  order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report
  on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the
  purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over
  compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Harrison Hills City School District
Harrison County
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements
Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance
Required by the Uniform Guidance
Page 3

#### **Other Matters**

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the District's response to the noncompliance finding identified in our compliance audit described in the accompanying Corrective Action Plan. The District's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance* section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as discussed below, we did identify a certain deficiency in internal control over compliance that we consider to be a material weakness.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings as item 2022-002 to be a material weakness.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the District's response to the internal control over compliance finding identified in our audit described in the accompanying Corrective Action Plan. The District's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of this testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

May 5, 2023

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#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS 2 CFR § 200.515 JUNE 30, 2022

#### 1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

| (d)(1)(i)    | Type of Financial Statement Opinion   | Unmodified                                     |
|--------------|---|--|
| (d)(1)(ii)   | Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?           | No   |
| (d)(1)(ii)   | Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?      | No   |
| (d)(1)(iii)  | Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?                             | Yes  |
| (d)(1)(iv)   | Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported for major federal programs?                         | Yes  |
| (d)(1)(iv)   | Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?                    | No   |
| (d)(1)(v)    | Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion  | Qualified for the Education Stabilization Fund |
|              |   | Unmodified for Child Nutrition Cluster         |
| (d)(1)(vi)   | Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR § 200.516(a)?   | Yes  |
| (d)(1)(vii)  | Major Programs (list):  Child Nutrition Cluster – CFDA #10.553 / #10.5  Education Stabilization Fund- CFDA #84.425D |  |
| (d)(1)(viii) | Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs   | Type A: > \$ 750,000<br>Type B: all others     |
| (d)(1)(ix)   | Low Risk Auditee under 2 CFR § 200.520?   | No   |

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS 2 CFR § 200.515 JUNE 30, 2022 (Continued)

## 2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

#### **FINDING NUMBER 2022-001**

#### **Noncompliance**

**Ohio Rev. Code § 117.38** provides that each public office shall file a financial report for each fiscal year. The Auditor of State may prescribe forms by rule or may issue guidelines, or both, for such reports. If the Auditor of State has not prescribed a rule regarding the form for the report, the public office shall submit its report on the form utilized by the public office.

**Ohio Admin. Code § 117-2-03(B)**, which further clarifies the requirements of Ohio Rev. Code § 117.38, requires the District to file annual financial reports which are prepared using generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

The District prepared financial statements that, although formatted similar to financial statements prescribed by Governmental Accounting Standards Board, report on the cash basis of accounting rather than GAAP. The accompanying financial statements and notes omit certain assets, liabilities, deferred inflows/outflows of resources, fund equities/net position, and disclosures that, while presumed material, cannot be determined at this time.

Pursuant to Ohio Rev. Code § 117.38 the District may be fined and subject to various other administrative remedies for its failure to file the required financial report. Failure to report on a GAAP basis compromises the District's ability to evaluate and monitor the overall financial condition of the District. To help provide the users with more meaningful financial statements, the District should prepare its annual financial statements according to generally accepted accounting principles.

Officials' Response: See Corrective Action Plan on page 64.

#### 3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

#### Prevailing Wage Rates - Noncompliance/ Material Weakness

Finding Number: 2022-002

Assistance Listing Number and Title: AL # 84.425D Education Stabilization Fund

Federal Award Identification Number / Year: None/2022

Federal Agency: US Department of Education

Compliance Requirement: Special Tests and Provisions – Wage Rate

Requirements

Pass-Through Entity: Ohio Department of Education

Repeat Finding from Prior Audit? No

**2 CFR § 3474.1** gives regulatory effect to the Department of Education for Appendix II to 2 CFR § 200 which states that, in addition to other provisions required by the Federal agency or non-Federal entity, all contracts made by the non-Federal entity under the Federal award must contain provisions covering the following, as applicable:

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS 2 CFR § 200.515 JUNE 30, 2022 (Continued)

#### 3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS (Continued)

## FINDING NUMBER 2022-002 (Continued)

#### Prevailing Wage Rates - Noncompliance/ Material Weakness (Continued)

(D) Davis-Bacon Act, as amended (40 U.S.C. 3141-3148). When required by Federal program legislation, all prime construction contracts in excess of \$2,000 awarded by non-Federal entities must include a provision for compliance with the Davis-Bacon Act (40 U.S.C. 3141-3144, and 3146-3148) as supplemented by Department of Labor regulations (29 CFR Part 5, "Labor Standards Provisions Applicable to Contracts Covering Federally Financed and Assisted Construction"). In accordance with the statute, contractors must be required to pay wages to laborers and mechanics at a rate not less than the prevailing wages specified in a wage determination made by the Secretary of Labor. In addition, contractors must be required to pay wages not less than once a week. The non-Federal entity must place a copy of the current prevailing wage determination issued by the Department of Labor in each solicitation. The decision to award a contract or subcontract must be conditioned upon the acceptance of the wage determination. The non-Federal entity must report all suspected or reported violations to the Federal awarding agency. The contracts must also include a provision for compliance with the Copeland "Anti-Kickback" Act (40 U.S.C. 3145), as supplemented by Department of Labor regulations (29 CFR Part 3, "Contractors and Subcontractors on Public Building or Public Work Financed in Whole or in Part by Loans or Grants from the United States"). The Act provides that each contractor or subrecipient must be prohibited from inducing, by any means, any person employed in the construction, completion, or repair of public work, to give up any part of the compensation to which he or she is otherwise entitled. The non-Federal entity must report all suspected or reported violations to the Federal awarding agency.

29 CFR § 5.5(a)(3)(ii)(A) requires, in part, that a contract in excess of \$2,000 which is entered into for the actual construction, alteration and/or repair of a public building or public work, or building or work financed in whole or in part from Federal funds or in accordance with guarantees of a Federal agency or financed from funds obtained by pledge of any contract of a Federal agency to make a loan, grant or annual contribution shall require a clause that the contractor shall submit weekly for each week in which any contract work is performed a copy of all payrolls to the appropriate agency if the agency is a party to the contract, but if the agency is not such a party, the contractor will submit the payrolls to the applicant, sponsor, or owner, as the case may be, for transmission to the agency. Agencies which do not directly enter into such contracts shall promulgate the necessary regulations or procedures to require the recipient of the Federal assistance to insert in its contracts the provisions of § 5.5.

**29 CFR § 5.6** further states, in part, that no payment, advance, grant, loan, or guarantee of funds shall be approved by the Federal agency unless the agency insures that the clauses required by § 5.5 and the appropriate wage determination of the Secretary of Labor are contained in such contracts.

Sound accounting practices require public officials to design and operate a system of internal control that is adequate to provide reasonable assurance over the reliability of federal information provided for federal reimbursement.

The District entered into a contract with Game Time for the installation and purchase of playground equipment using Education Stabilization Funds with a total project cost of \$86,234. As a result of a lack of proper internal controls, the required clauses concerning prevailing wage rate and the requirement that the contractor shall submit weekly for each week in which any contract work is performed a copy of all payrolls to the District were not included in the contract. In addition, none of the required clauses of 29 CFR 5.5 were included in the contract.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS 2 CFR § 200.515 JUNE 30, 2022 (Continued)

#### 3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS (Continued)

## FINDING NUMBER 2022-002 (Continued)

#### Prevailing Wage Rates - Noncompliance/ Material Weakness (Continued)

Without proper controls over wage rate requirements, there is an increased risk that the District and its contractors and subcontractors are not in compliance with applicable federal regulations. Additionally, noncompliance could result in federal funding being reduced or taken away, or other sanctions imposed by the federal grantor agency.

The District should establish (or perform existing) controls to include the required clauses of 29 CFR 5.5, particularly those concerning prevailing wage rate and the requirement that the contractor shall submit weekly for each week in which any contract work is performed a copy of all payrolls to (or for transmission to, where applicable) the District, in its construction contracts (and subcontracts) greater than \$2,000 that are covered by the wage rate requirements and take steps to ensure contractors (and subcontractors, if applicable) are in compliance with all labor standards by collecting the required certified payroll documentation in a timely manner. The District should obtain the necessary information from the contractor to document compliance with the program.

Officials' Response: See Corrective Action Plan on page 64.

### Harrison Hills City School District

100 Huskies Way Cadiz, OH 43907 740-942-7800

Duran Morgan, Superintendent

Roxane Harding, Treasurer

#### SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS 2 CFR 200.511(b) JUNE 30, 2022

| Finding<br>Number | Finding<br>Summary  | Status           | Additional Information   |
|-------------------|---|------------------|--|
| 2021-001          | Ohio Rev. Code § 117.38<br>and Ohio Admin. Code §<br>117-2-03(B), failure to file<br>GAAP statements. | Not<br>Corrected | The Board of Education voted on March 31, 2011 that the District would no longer prepare a GAAP statement. Instead, the District has entered into contract with Julian and Grube, Inc., to prepare cash basis GASB 34 look-alike statements. This was done to reduce costs related to the preparation of GAAP statements as well as audit costs. At this time, the board will continue to prepare look-alike statements. |
| 2021-002          | Significant Deficiency-<br>Budgetary  | Corrected        | The necessary adjustment to original appropriations has been made.   |

### Harrison Hills City School District

100 Huskies Way Cadiz, OH 43907 740-942-7800

Duran Morgan, Superintendent

Roxane Harding, Treasurer

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN 2 CFR § 200.511(c) JUNE 30, 2022

Finding Number: 2022-001

Planned Corrective Action: The Board of Education voted on March 31, 2011 that the District would no

longer prepare a GAAP statement. Instead, the District has entered into contract with Julian and Grube, Inc., to prepare cash basis GASB 34 look-alike statements. This was done to reduce costs related to the preparation of GAAP statements as well as audit costs. At this time, the board will continue to

prepare look-alike statements.

**Anticipated Completion Date:** 06/30/2023

**Responsible Contact Person:** Roxane Harding, Treasurer

Finding Number: 2022-002

Planned Corrective Action: In the future, the Treasurer will ensure that prevailing wage rate requirements

are included on all applicable contracts.

**Anticipated Completion Date:** 6/30/2023

**Responsible Contact Person:** Roxane Harding, Treasurer



### HARRISON HILLS CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

#### **HARRISON COUNTY**

#### **AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION**

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 5/25/2023

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370