# HIGHLAND COUNTY JOINT TOWNSHIP DISTRICT HOSPITAL AND AFFILIATES (HIGHLAND COUNTY)

**FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** 

AND

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION** 

**DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021** 



CPAS/ADVISORS



88 East Broad Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 IPAReport@ohioauditor.gov (800) 282-0370

Board of Governors Highland County Joint Township District Hospital and Affiliates 1275 North High Street Hillsboro, Ohio 45133

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Highland County Joint Township District Hospital and Affiliates, Highland County, prepared by Blue & Co., LLC, for the audit period January 1, 2022 through December 31, 2022. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Highland County Joint Township District Hospital and Affiliates is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

June 02, 2023



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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Highland County Joint Township District Hospital and Affiliates 1275 North High Street Hillsboro, Ohio 45133

To the Board of Governors:

#### **Report on the Audit of Financial Statements**

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities of Highland County Joint Township District Hospital and Affiliates (the "Hospital"), as of and for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Hospital's financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities of the Hospital as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the respective changes in financial position, and where applicable, cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS), and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Hospital and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

## **Emphasis of Matter – Change in Accounting Principle**

As described in Note 3 to the financial statements, during 2022, the Hospital adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87 - *Leases*. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

Highland County Joint Township District Hospital and Affiliates Independent Auditor's Report

## Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Hospital's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether
  due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks.
   Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and
  disclosures in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing
  an opinion on the effectiveness of the Hospital's internal control. Accordingly, no such
  opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Hospital's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

Highland County Joint Township District Hospital and Affiliates Independent Auditor's Report

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

# **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the *management's discussion and analysis* on pages i through ix and the Required Supplemental Information on GASB 68 Pension Asset, Liabilities, and Pension Contributions and GASB 75 Other Postemployment Benefit Assets, Liabilities, and Contributions on pages 48 through 51, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by GASB, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

# **Supplementary Information**

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Hospital's financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements.

Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Highland County Joint Township District Hospital and Affiliates Independent Auditor's Report

## Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 11, 2023 on our consideration of the Hospital's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Hospital's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Hospital's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Bene 6, LLC

Westerville, Ohio May 11, 2023

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)

### **Management's Discussion and Analysis**

The discussion and analysis of Highland County Joint Township District Hospital and its blended component units, Highland District Hospital Professional Services Corporation, Highland District Hospital Foundation and Highland Joint Township District Hospital Foundation (collectively, the "Hospital") provides an overview of the Hospital's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2022, 2021, and 2020.

## **Financial Highlights**

- The Hospital's net position increased \$10,144,401 in 2022 and increased by \$34,214,706 in 2021.
- The Hospital reported an operating gain of \$12,601,353 in 2022 and an operating gain of \$25,322,215 in 2021.
- Total operating revenues decreased from 2021 to 2022 by \$3,441,301 or 5.2%. Total operating revenues increased from 2020 to 2021 by \$13,863,981 or 26.7%.
- The Hospital had an increase in operating expense of \$9,279,561 or 23% in 2022 and a decrease of \$12,190,419 or 23.2% in 2021. Included in the operating expenses for 2022 was a gain of \$755,524 relating to the continued impact of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pension (GASB 68), and a gain of \$3,256,516 relating to the continued impact of GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Other Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (GASB 75). Operating expenses for 2021 included expense of \$378,656 and a gain of \$12,539,346 relating to GASB 68 and 75, respectively.
- The Hospital recognized grants and gifts income of \$3,528,585 and \$5,085,693 from the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (CARES Act) and other grants in 2022 and 2021.
- During 2022, the Hospital adopted GASB Statement No. 87 *Leases* which requires certain leases to be recorded in the statement of net position.

#### **Using This Annual Report**

The Hospital's financial statements consist of three statements - a statement of net position, a statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position, and a statement of cash flows. These financial statements and related notes provide information about activities of the Hospital, including resources held by the Hospital, but restricted for specific purposes by creditors, contributors, grantors or enabling legislation. The Hospital is accounted for as a business-type activity and presents its financial statements using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)

# Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

One of the most important questions asked about the Hospital's finances is, "Is the Hospital as a whole better off or worse off as a result of this year's activities?" The statement of net position and statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position report information about the Hospital's resources and its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all restricted and unrestricted assets and all liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the Hospital's net position and changes in them. You can think of the Hospital's net position - the difference between assets and liabilities - as one way to measure the Hospital's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the Hospital's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. You will need to consider other nonfinancial factors, however, such as changes in the Hospital's patient base and measures of the quality of service it provides to the community, as well as local economic factors to assess the overall financial health.

#### **Net Position**

The Hospital's net position is the difference between its assets, liabilities, and deferred outflows and inflows of resources. In 2022, the Hospital's net position increased by \$10,144,401. As noted on page i, \$3,528,585 of this increase related to grants and gifts, and gains of \$755,524 and \$3,256,516 associated with GASB 68 and GASB 75, respectively. In 2021, the Hospital's net position increased by \$34,214,706. As noted on page i, \$5,085,693 of this increase related to grants and gifts, an increase in net patient service revenue of \$13,867,858, and a gain of \$12,539,346 associated with GASB 75.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)

### **Condensed Financial Information**

The following is a comparative analysis of major components of the statements of net position of the Hospital as of December 31, 2022, 2021, and 2020:

	December 31							
				2021				
	2022		(As Restated)			2020		
Assets and deferred outflows of resources								
Current assets	\$	18,429,570	\$	22,070,399	\$	23,118,150		
Noncurrent assets		41,353,737		33,663,744		17,569,993		
Capital assets, net		29,688,633		31,337,428		33,273,871		
Deferred outflows - pension		5,503,814		2,683,601		3,516,945		
Deferred outflows - other post-employment benefits		199,183		1,071,165		2,610,729		
Deferred outflows - other						23,345		
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$	95,174,937	\$	90,826,337	\$	80,113,033		
Liabilities and deferred inflows of resources					·			
Current liabilities	\$	3,455,243	\$	5,850,473	\$	13,547,969		
Long-term liabilities		11,848,509		18,330,101		40,694,333		
Deferred inflows-pension		12,774,865		7,347,089		4,828,514		
Deferred inflows - other post-employment benefits		3,980,497		6,327,252		2,285,501		
Total liabilities and deferred outflows of resources	\$	32,059,114	\$	37,854,915	\$	61,356,317		
Net position								
Net investment in capital assets	\$	29,576,670	\$	31,193,325	\$	31,578,871		
Restricted		4,874,799		2,830,654		1,132,446		
Unrestricted		28,664,354		18,947,443		(13,954,601)		
Total net position	\$	63,115,823	\$	52,971,422	\$	18,756,716		

The most significant change in the Hospital's net position in 2022, 2021 and 2020 was the result of operations during the years and the effects of GASB 68 and GASB 75.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)

# **Operating Results and Changes in Net Position**

The following is a comparative analysis of the statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position for the years ended December 31, 2022, 2021, and 2020:

	Year Ended December 31						
				2021			
		2022		2020			
Operating revenues							
Net patient service revenue	\$	61,274,473	\$	64,642,372	\$	50,774,514	
Other operating revenue		1,032,664		1,106,066		1,109,943	
Total operating revenues		62,307,137		65,748,438		51,884,457	
Operating expenses							
Salaries and wages		23,007,793		22,060,414		20,065,992	
Employee benefits	3,994,219			3,974,765		3,302,668	
Pension expense (benefits)		(755,524)		378,656		3,779,684	
Other post-employment (benefits) expenses		(3,256,516)		(12,539,346)		1,819,113	
Supplies		9,941,489		10,479,696		9,071,335	
Purchased services		6,542,520		6,225,497		6,038,211	
Physician fees		3,830,498		3,568,817		3,480,652	
Depreciation and amortization	3,626,695		3,602,944			2,653,775	
Professional fees	128,667			145,891		177,413	
Utilities		857,079		888,440		818,358	
Insurance		342,858		327,319		285,502	
Franchise fees		1,129,925		978,942		756,937	
Other operating expense		316,081		334,188		367,002	
Total operating expenses		49,705,784		40,426,223		52,616,642	
Operating gain (loss)		12,601,353		25,322,215		(732,185)	
Non-operating gains (losses)							
Investment income (losses)		(5,626,619)		(540,669)		773,749	
Grant expense		(334,171)		-		(250,000)	
Interest expense		(3,498)		(53,857)		(89,819)	
Noncapital grants and gifts		3,528,585		5,085,693		2,659,457	
Other non-operating gains (losses)		(21,249)		4,401,324		150,862	
Total non-operating gains (losses)		(2,456,952)		8,892,491		3,244,249	
Change in net position		10,144,401		34,214,706		2,512,064	
Net position - beginning of year		52,971,422		18,756,716		16,244,652	
Net position - end of year	\$	63,115,823	\$	52,971,422	\$	18,756,716	

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)

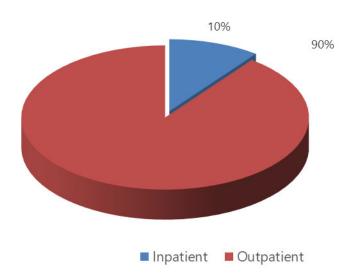
## **Operating Revenues**

Operating revenues include all transactions in the sales and/or receipts from goods and services such as inpatient services, outpatient services, and physician offices.

Operating revenue changes were a result of the following factors:

- Net patient service revenue decreased \$3,367,899 or 5.2% from 2021 to 2022.
- Net patient service revenue increased \$13,867,858 or 27.3% from 2020 to 2021.

The following is a graphic illustration of patient revenues by source:



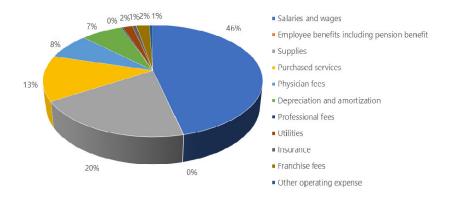
# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)

### **Operating Expenses**

Operating expenses are all the costs necessary to perform and conduct the services and primary purpose of the Hospital. The significant operating expense changes were the result of the following factors:

- Pension benefits increased approximately \$1,134,000 as a result of changes in the Hospital's proportionate share in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) retirement plans.
- Other post-employment benefits decreased \$9,282,830 as a result of changes in the Hospital's proportionate share in OPERS.
- Supplies decreased \$538,207, or 5.1%, primarily as a result of COVID-19 levels decreasing and less need for supplies and testing.
- Salaries and wages increased \$947,379, or 4.3% primarily as a result of wage increases and salary incentives.

The following is a graphic illustration of operating expenses by type:



# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)

#### **Sources of Revenue**

The Hospital derives substantially all of its revenue from patient services and other related activities. Revenues include, among other items, revenue from the Medicare and Medicaid programs, patients, insurance carriers, preferred provider organizations, and managed care programs.

The Hospital provides care to patients under payment arrangements with Medicare, Medicaid, and various managed care programs. Services provided under those arrangements are paid at predetermined rates and/or reimbursable costs as defined by the related Federal and State regulations. Provisions have been made in the financial statements for contractual adjustments which represent the difference between the standard charges for services and the actual or estimated reimbursement.

### **Non-operating Gains (Losses)**

Non-operating gains and losses are all sources and uses that are primarily non-exchange in nature. They consist primarily of investment income, including interest income, realized and unrealized gains and losses, grant income and expense, and interest expense. The change in other non-operating gains and losses from 2021 to 2022 was primarily due to noncapital grant income received and losses on investments. In December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Hospital recognized \$3,528,585 and \$5,085,693, respectively. Investment losses in 2022 and 2021 were \$5,626,619 and \$540,669, respectively.

#### **Statement of Cash Flows**

The primary purpose of the statement of cash flows is to provide relevant information about the cash receipts and cash payments of an entity during a period. The statement of cash flows helps assess:

- An entity's ability to generate future net cash flows
- Its ability to meet obligations as they come due
- Its need for financing

	Year Ended December 31						
	2022		2021			2020	
Cash provided by (used in):							
Operating activities	\$	10,258,261	\$	12,473,841	\$	2,124,081	
Capital and related financing activities		(2,027,775)		(3,285,943)		(11,442,009)	
Noncapital financing activities		872,582		2,906,144		11,458,744	
Investing activities		(11,496,450)		(14,622,648)		8,503,518	
Change in cash and cash equivalents		(2,393,382)		(2,528,606)		10,644,334	
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of year		11,627,766		14,156,372		3,512,038	
Cash and cash equivalents - end of year	\$	9,234,384	\$	11,627,766	\$	14,156,372	

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)

#### Participation in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

As discussed in Note 13 and 14 to the financial statements, the Hospital participates in the OPERS which includes multiple-employer cost-sharing defined benefit and defined contribution pension retirement plans, as well as a multiple-employer cost-sharing defined benefit plan offering postemployment benefits other than pensions.

The Ohio Revised Code establishes statutory authority for determining employer contributions to the state's cost-sharing retirement plans. The Hospital remits the statutorily required contributions to the retirement system in the month subsequent to the related pay periods. These statutorily required contributions constitute the full legal funding requirements of the Hospital for the participation of its employees in the pension and other post-employment benefits (OPEB) retirement plans. Although accounting standards require the recognition of the net pension and OPEB liability, net pension asset, and the related deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and additional actuarially determined defined benefit pension and defined benefit OPEB expense, they do not represent legal claims on the Hospital's resources and there are no additional cash flows or funding requirements outside of the statutorily required contributions.

### **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

At December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Hospital had \$29,576,67 and \$31,193,325, respectively, invested in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and related liabilities. The Hospital acquired or constructed capital assets in the amount of \$1,995,737 and \$1,534,469 during 2022 and 2021, respectively.

### **Long-Term Debt Obligations**

During 2021, the Hospital paid all of its debt off and as of December 31, 2022 and 2021 has no outstanding long-term debt obligations. More detailed information about the Hospital's long-term debt obligations are further discussed in Note 11 to the financial statements.

#### **Economic Factors that Will Affect the Future**

The Hospital will be impacted by outside factors into the future. Some of these factors may include:

- Changes in the local economy, which may cause volumes to significantly increase or decrease. Bad debts, charity care, financial mix and utilization may also be impacted.
- Federal and state governmental budget changes, which could change the funding for Medicare and Medicaid.
- Physician relationships/alignment will continue to develop, and impact quality, cost, and services to the community.
- Hospital labor shortages and increased personnel costs.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)

The Hospital will continue to meet these challenges in healthcare through improved efficiencies, continued quality improvement, physician and staff relations, and technology.

## **Contacting the Hospital's Management**

This financial report is intended to provide the reader with a general overview of the Hospital's finances. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, we welcome you to contact the President/CEO and Vice President of Finance/ CFO at 1275 North High Street, Hillsboro, Ohio 45133.

Meghann Ackley Chief Financial Officer

# STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

# **Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources**

		2021		
	2022	(As Restated)		
Current assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 8,931,146	\$ 11,371,391		
Patient accounts receivable, net of allowances for				
uncollectible accounts; \$3,508,968 and \$4,188,534				
as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively	7,166,020	7,964,294		
Notes receivable, current portion	188,415	179,245		
Other receivables	1,267,345	1,109,126		
Supplies	598,692	543,635		
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	277,952	902,708		
Total current assets	18,429,570	22,070,399		
Assets limited as to use				
Internally designated for specific purpose	446,288	500,569		
Restricted by donors for capital improvements	409,376	326,946		
Total assets limited as to use, net current portion	855,664	827,515		
Long-term investments	35,954,823	30,066,278		
Notes receivable, net current portion	77,827	266,243		
Capital assets, net	29,688,633	31,337,428		
Net other post-employment benefits asset	3,852,580	2,070,837		
Net pension asset	612,843	432,871		
Total assets	89,471,940	87,071,571		
Deferred outflows of resources				
Pension	5,503,814	2,683,601		
Other post-employment benefits	199,183	1,071,165		
Total deferred outflows of resources	5,702,997	3,754,766		
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 95,174,937	\$ 90,826,337		

# STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

# Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position

			2021	
	2022		(As Restated)	
Current liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$ 1,830,308	\$	1,846,094	
Accrued expenses	1,521,015		1,408,315	
Estimated amounts due to third-party payors	70,719		249,103	
Refundable advances	-		2,314,820	
Current portion lease liability	33,201		32,141	
Total current liabilities	3,455,243		5,850,473	
Accrued compensated absences	1,408,957		1,573,998	
Long-term lease liability	78,762		111,962	
Net pension liability	 10,360,790		16,644,141	
Total liabilities	15,303,752		24,180,574	
Deferred inflows of resources				
Pension	12,774,865		7,347,089	
Other post-employment benefits	3,980,497		6,327,252	
Total deferred inflows of resources	 16,755,362		13,674,341	
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	32,059,114		37,854,915	
Net position				
Net investment in capital assets	29,576,670		31,193,325	
Restricted - expendable for				
Capital improvements	409,376		326,946	
Other post-employement benefit	3,852,580		2,070,837	
Pensions	612,843		432,871	
Unrestricted	 28,664,354		18,947,443	
Total net position	 63,115,823		52,971,422	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources				
and net position	\$ 95,174,937	\$	90,826,337	

# STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

	2022			2021 (As Restated)		
Operating revenues						
Net patient service revenue	\$	61,274,473	\$	64,642,372		
Other operating revenue		1,032,664		1,106,066		
Total operating revenue		62,307,137		65,748,438		
Operating expenses						
Salaries and wages		23,007,793		22,060,414		
Employee benefits		3,994,219		3,974,765		
Pension expenses (benefits)		(755,524)		378,656		
Other post-employment benefits		(3,256,516)		(12,539,346)		
Supplies		9,941,489		10,479,696		
Purchased services		6,542,520		6,225,497		
Physician fees		3,830,498		3,568,817		
Depreciation and amortization		3,626,695		3,602,944		
Professional fees		128,667		145,891		
Utilities		857,079		888,440		
Insurance		342,858		327,319		
Franchise fees		1,129,925		978,942		
Other operating expense		316,081		334,188		
Total operating expenses		49,705,784		40,426,223		
Operating gains		12,601,353		25,322,215		
Non-operating gains (losses)						
Investment losses		(5,626,619)		(540,669)		
Grant expense		(334,171)		-		
Interest expense		(3,498)		(53,857)		
Noncapital grants and gifts		3,528,585		5,085,693		
Other non-operating gains (losses)		(21,249)		4,401,324		
Total non-operating gains (losses)		(2,456,952)		8,892,491		
Change in net position		10,144,401		34,214,706		
Net position - beginning of year		52,971,422		18,756,716		
Net position - end of year	\$	63,115,823	\$	52,971,422		

# STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

		2022	()	2021 As Restated)
Cash flows from operating activities		2022	(/	As Restateu)
Cash received from patients and third-party payors	\$	61,894,363	\$	63,530,854
Cash paid to employees for wages and benefits	Ψ	(30,154,589)	Ψ	(28,600,717)
Cash paid to vendors for services and goods		(22,535,204)		(23,465,950)
Other receipts (payments), net		1,053,691		1,009,654
Net cash provided by operating activities		10,258,261		12,473,841
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities				
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(1,995,737)		(1,534,469)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		3,600		28,500
Principal payments on long-term debt		-		(1,695,000)
Principal payments of lease obligations		(32,140)		(31,117)
Interest paid		(3,498)		(53,857)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities		(2,027,775)		(3,285,943)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities				
Noncapital grants and gifts		1,213,765		2,936,132
Other noncapital financing receipts and payments, net		(341,183)		(29,988)
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities		872,582		2,906,144
Cash flows from investing activities				
Interest and dividends on investments		800,180		429,431
Purchase of investments and assets limited as to use		(12,456,100)		(16,027,720)
Proceeds from sale and maturity of investments				
and assets limited as to use		159,470		975,641
Net cash flows used in investing activities		(11,496,450)		(14,622,648)
Change in cash and cash equivalents		(2,393,382)		(2,528,606)
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of year		11,627,766		14,156,372
Cash and cash equivalents - end of year	\$	9,234,384	\$	11,627,766
Statement of net position classification of cash and cash equivalents				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	8,931,146	\$	11,371,391
Cash included in assets limited as to use		303,238		256,375
Total	\$	9,234,384	\$	11,627,766
Supplemental cash flow information				
Change in fair value of interest rate swap	\$	-	\$	(23,345)
Gain on Paycheck Protection Program loan forgiveness	\$	-	\$	4,446,000

# STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

# A reconciliation of operating gain to net cash from operating activities follows:

	2022	2021		
Reconciliation of operating gain to net cash				
provided by operating activities:				
Operating gain	\$ 12,601,353	\$	25,322,215	
Adjustments to reconcile operating gain				
to net cash flows from operating activities:				
Depreciation and amortization	3,626,695		3,602,944	
Provision for uncollectible accounts	6,210,023		7,943,627	
Changes in assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities				
and deferred inflows of resources:				
Patient accounts receivable	(5,411,749)		(8,769,230)	
Estimated amounts due from and to third-party payors	(178,384)		(285,915)	
Net pension asset and net pension liability	(6,463,323)		(5,483,773)	
Net other post-employment benefits asset and liability	(1,781,743)		(16,049,824)	
Deferred outflows of resources - pension	(2,820,213)		833,344	
Deferred outflows of resources - other post employment benefits	871,982		1,539,564	
Deferred inflows of resources - pension	5,427,776		2,518,575	
Deferred inflows of resources - other post-employment benefits	(2,346,755)		1,970,914	
Other assets and liabilities	522,599		(668,600)	
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 10,258,261	\$	12,473,841	

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

#### 1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND REPORTING ENTITY

### Organization and Principles of Combination

Highland County Joint Township District Hospital is a critical access hospital located in Hillsboro, Ohio. The Highland County Joint Township District Hospital is a political subdivision of the State of Ohio and was formed under the provisions of the Ohio revised code. Trustees from each of the 17 townships of Highland County constitute the Highland County Joint Township District Hospital Board of Trustees who appoints the Highland County Joint Township District Hospital Board of Governors, which is composed of one member from each township and three at-large members. Highland County Joint Township District Hospital primarily earns revenues by providing inpatient, outpatient, and emergency care services to patients in the Highland County area. It also operates a home health agency in the same geographic area.

In 1999, Highland County Joint Township District Hospital formed Highland District Professional Services Corporation (PSC) and Highland District Hospital Foundation, Inc. (HDH Foundation) as not-for-profit corporations under Internal Revenue Code Section 501(c)(3). HDH Foundation is controlled by Highland County Joint Township District Hospital's Board of Trustees and was formed to promote health in Highland County, Ohio and surrounding areas and serve for the exclusive benefit of Highland County Joint Township District Hospital. PSC was formed under HDH Foundation to further the charitable purpose of HDH Foundation and Highland County Joint Township District Hospital formed Highland Joint Township District Hospital Foundation (HJTDH Foundation) as a not-for-profit corporation under Internal Revenue Code Section 501(c)(3) to raise and hold contributions for the benefit of Highland County Joint Township District Hospital. The financial statements of these organizations have been presented as blended component units. Collectively, Highland County Joint Township District Hospital, PSC, HDH Foundation, and HJTDH Foundation are referred to as the Hospital.

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Basis of Presentation

The financial statements of the Hospital have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments, issued in June 1999. The Hospital follows the "business-type" activities reporting requirements of GASB Statement No. 34 that provide a comprehensive look at the Hospital's financial activities. The financial statements include PSC, HDH Foundation, and HJTDH Foundation as blended component units in the financial statements.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and deferred outflows and inflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

# **Proprietary Fund Accounting**

The Hospital utilizes the propriety fund method of accounting whereby revenue and expenses are recognized on the full accrual basis. Substantially all revenue and expenses are subject to accrual.

# Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash and highly liquid investments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less. Cash and cash equivalents included in assets limited as to use are considered cash and cash equivalents for the purposes of the statements of cash flows.

### Patient Accounts Receivable

The Hospital reports patient accounts receivable for services rendered at net realizable amounts from third-party payors, patients and others. The Hospital provides an allowance for uncollectible accounts based upon a review of outstanding receivables, historical collection information and existing economic conditions. Uncollectable amounts are written off against the allowance for doubtful accounts in the period they are determined to be uncollectible. An allowance for contractual adjustments is based on expected payment rates from payors based on current reimbursement methodologies.

#### Supplies

Supplies inventory, which consist of medical and office supplies and pharmaceutical products, are stated at lower of the market or cost, determined on a first-in, first-out basis.

#### Other Receivables

Other receivables consist of refunds from vendors, and receivables from physicians and other third-parties expected to be collected within one year and reported at fair value.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

### Notes Receivable

Notes receivable relates to loans agreements between the Hospital and Highland Health Providers Corporation (HHPC), a third party. The loans include interest at a rate of 5% and are payable to the Hospital through June 2024.

#### Capital Assets

Capital assets are recorded at cost or, if donated, at fair value at the date of receipt. Depreciation is computed principally on the straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets, ranging from 3 to 40 years. Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term or their respective estimated useful lives. Costs of maintenance and repairs are charged to expense when incurred

### <u>Investments</u>

Investments include equity securities, certificates of deposit, corporate bonds, and government securities, and are recorded at fair value on the statement of net position. Investment income or loss (including realized and unrealized gains and losses on investments, interest, and dividends) is included in other non-operating gains (losses) on the statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position when earned.

## Assets Limited as to Use

Assets whose use is limited consist of (1) funds designated by the Board of Governors for future capital improvements and special operating needs over which the Board of Governors retains control and may at its discretion subsequently use for other purposes and (2) assets externally restricted by donors. Amounts required to meet current obligations are recognized as current assets.

### **Deferred Outflows of Resources**

The Hospital reports increases in net position that relate to future periods as deferred outflows of resources in a separate section of its statements of net position.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

## **Compensated Absences**

The Hospital's policies permit most employees to accumulate vacation and sick leave benefits that may be realized as paid time off or, in limited circumstances, as a cash payment. Expense and the related liability are recognized as vacation benefits are earned whether the employee is expected to realize the benefit as time off or in cash. Expense and the related liability for sick leave benefits are recognized when earned to the extent the employee is expected to realize the benefit in cash determined using the termination payout method. Sick leave benefits expected to be realized as paid time off are recognized as expense when the time off occurs, and no liability is accrued for such benefits employees have earned but not yet realized. Compensation absence liabilities are computed using the regular pay and termination rates in effect at the reporting date plus an additional amount for compensation related payments such as social security and Medicare taxes computed using rates in effect at that date.

#### **Deferred Inflows of Resources**

The Hospital reports decreases in net position that relate to future periods as deferred inflows of resources in a separate section of its statements of net position.

### **Restricted Resources**

When the Hospital has both restricted and unrestricted resources available to finance a particular program, it is the Hospital's policy to use restricted resources before unrestricted resources.

### **Net Position**

The net position of the Hospital is classified in three components: (1) Net invested in capital assets consist of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and is reduced by the current balance of any outstanding borrowings used to finance the purchase or construction of those assets; (2) Restricted expendable net position are assets that must be used for a particular purpose, as specified by creditors, grantors, or contributors external to the Hospital; (3) Unrestricted net position is remaining net position that does not meet the definition of invested in capital assets net of related debt or restricted.

## Operating Revenue and Expenses

The Hospital's statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position distinguishes between operating and nonoperating revenue and expenses. Operating revenue results from exchange transactions associated with providing health care services – the Hospital's principal activity. Nonexchange revenue, including grants and contributions received for purposes other than capital asset acquisition, are reported as nonoperating revenue. Operating expenses are all expenses incurred as a result of providing health care services within the surrounding area.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

### Net Patient Service Revenue

The Hospital has agreements with third-party payors that provide for payments to the Hospital at amounts different from its established rates. Payment arrangements include prospectively determined rates per discharge, reimbursed costs, discounted charges, and per diem payments. Net patient service revenue is reported at the estimated net realizable amounts from patients, third-party payors, and others for service rendered, including estimated retroactive adjustments under reimbursement agreements with third-party payors. Retroactively calculated adjustments arising under reimbursement agreements with third-party payors are accrued on an estimated basis in the period the related services are rendered and adjusted in future periods as final settlements are determined.

Laws and regulations governing the Medicare and Medicaid programs are complex and subject to interpretation. Management believes that it is in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations. Final determination of compliance of such laws and regulations is subject to future government review and interpretation. Violations may result in significant regulatory action including fines, penalties, and exclusions from the Medicare and Medicaid programs.

The Hospital estimates an allowance for doubtful accounts based on an evaluation of historical losses, current economic conditions, and other factors unique to the Hospital.

### **Charity Care**

The Hospital provides care to patients who meet certain criteria under its charity care policy without charge or at amounts less than established rates. Because the Hospital does not pursue collection of amounts determined to qualify as charity care, they are not reported as net patient service revenue.

Of the Hospital's total reported operating expenses (approximately \$49,706,000 and \$40,426,000 during 2022 and 2021, respectively), an estimated \$290,000 and \$277,000 arose from providing services to charity patients during 2022 and 2021, respectively. The estimated costs of providing charity services are based on a calculation which applies a ratio of costs to charges to the gross uncompensated charges associated with providing care to charity patients. The ratio of cost to charges is calculated based on the Hospital's total expenses divided by gross patient service revenue. The Hospital participates in the Hospital Care Assurance Program (HCAP) which provides for additional payments to hospitals that provide a disproportionate share of uncompensated services to the indigent and uninsured. Net amounts received through this program totaled approximately \$638,000 and \$558,000 for 2022 and 2021, respectively, and is reported as net patient service revenue in the financial statements.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

### **Contributions**

Contributions of cash and other assets, including unconditional promises to give in the future, are reported as revenue when received and measured at fair value. Contributions with donor-imposed time or purpose restrictions are reported as restricted support. All other contributions are reported as unrestricted support.

# Pension and Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

Substantially all of the Hospital's employees are eligible to participate in defined benefit and defined contribution plans sponsored by Ohio Public Employees' Retirement System (OPERS). The Hospital funds pension costs accrued based on contribution rates determined by OPERS. For purposes of measuring the net pension and OPEB liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the pension and OPEB, and pension and OPEB expense, information about the net position of the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) and addition to/deduction from the OPERS's net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the OPERS.

### Federal Income Tax

Highland County Joint Township District Hospital, as a political subdivision of the State of Ohio, is exempt from federal and state income taxes under Section 115 of the Internal Revenue Code and a similar provision of state law. PSC, HDH Foundation, and HJTDH Foundation are exempt from taxation under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. PSC, HDH Foundation, and HJTDH Foundation are subject to federal income tax on any unrelated business taxable income. During the calendar years ending December 31, 2022 and 2021, the entities did not report any unrelated business income.

### Risk Management

The Hospital is exposed to various risks of loss from torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; business interruption; errors and omissions; health, dental, and accident benefits. Commercial insurance coverage is purchased for claims arising from such matters other than employee health claims.

The Hospital is self-insured for a portion of its exposure to risk of loss from employee health claims. Annual estimated provisions are accrued for the self-insured portion of employee health claims and include an estimate of the ultimate costs for both reported claims and claims incurred but not yet reported.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

## **Reclassifications**

Certain reclassifications of operating expenses have been made to the 2021 financial statements to conform to the 2022 presentation. The reclassifications had no effect on the changes in net position.

### **Subsequent Events**

The Hospital has evaluated subsequent events through May 11, 2023, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

### 3. CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE

On January 1, 2022, the Hospital implemented GASB Statement No. 87 – *Leases*, which requires all leases that have a maximum possible term greater than 12 months to be recorded in the statement of net position. Previously, leases classified as operating leases were not recorded in the statement of net position. The following table outlines the prior period adjustments necessary to implement this standard.

Net position - December 31, 2021, as	
previously reported	\$ 52,973,682
Gross right-to-use intangible asset	175,218
Accumulated amortization	(33,375)
Lease liablities	(144,103)
Net change in beginning net position	(2,260)
Net position - December 31, 2021, as	
restated	\$ 52,971,422

## 4. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Chapter 135 of the Ohio Uniform Depositor Act authorizes local and governmental units to make deposits in any national bank located in the state subject to inspection by the superintendent of financial institutions eligible to become a public depository. Section 135.14 of the Ohio Revised Code allows the local government to invest in United States treasury bills, notes, bonds or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States of America and bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio. Investments in no-load money market mutual funds, repurchase agreements, commercial paper, and bankers' acceptances are permitted subject to certain limitations that include completion of additional training, approved by the Auditor of State, or by the treasurer or governing board investing in these instruments.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

#### **Custodial Credit Risk**

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Hospital's deposits may not be returned to it. The Hospital's deposit policy for custodial credit risk requires compliance with the provisions of state law. State law requires collateralization of all deposits with federal depository insurance; bonds and other obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. agencies or instrumentalities or the state of Ohio; bonds of any city, county, school district or special road district of the state of Ohio; bonds of any state; or a surety bond having an aggregate value at least equal to the amount of the deposits.

At December 31, 2022 and 2021, \$9,873,856 and \$11,521,169 of the Hospital's bank balances of \$12,339,453 and \$12,582,521 were exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

	2022	2021		
Uninsured and uncollateralized Uninsured and collateral held by pledging financial institution's	\$ -	\$	1,930	
trust department or agent in other than the Hospital's name	 9,873,856		11,519,239	
Total	\$ 9,873,856	\$	11,521,169	

#### Investments

The Hospital may legally invest in direct obligations of and other obligations guaranteed as to principal by the U.S. Treasury and U.S. government agencies and instrumentalities and in bank repurchase agreements. It may also invest to a limited extent in corporate bonds and equity securities.

At December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Hospital had the following assets whose use is limited, investments and maturities:

	Carrying		Maturities				
December 31, 2022	Amount		< than 1 year		>	than 1 year	
Certificates of deposit	\$ 1,814,854		\$	1,566,301	\$	248,553	
U.S. government agency bonds		34,223,337		-		34,223,337	
Corporate bond		181,579		-		181,579	
		36,219,770	\$	1,566,301	\$	34,653,469	
Mutual funds		44,983			-		
Corporate stocks		242,496					
Cash and cash equivalents		303,238					
Total	\$	36,810,487					

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

	Carrying			Matu	S	
December 31, 2021	Amount		< than 1 year		>	than 1 year
Certificates of deposit	\$ 583,430		\$	583,430	\$	-
U.S. government agency bonds		29,733,865		_		29,733,865
		30,317,295	\$	583,430	\$	29,733,865
Mutual funds		58,395				
Corporate stocks		261,728				
Cash and cash equivalents		256,375				
Total	\$	30,893,793				

## **Interest Rate Risk**

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of investments will decrease as a result of a rise in interest rates. The Hospital has an investment policy that meets the compliance requirements of state law. The investment policy guides the investment of funds in order to mitigate risk and generate investment income while preserving and maintaining sufficient liquidity to meet the objectives of the Hospital.

### Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that the issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. At December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Hospital's investments in U.S. government agency securities not directly guaranteed by the U.S. government were as follows:

Туре	Fair Value	Rating	Rating Organization
December 31, 2022	 		_
U.S. government agency bonds	\$ 25,448,419	AA+	Standard & Poor's
Corporate bonds	\$ 181,579	AAA	Standard & Poor's
December 31, 2021			
U.S. government agency bonds	\$ 20,653,376	AA+	Standard & Poor's

### **Custodial Credit Risk**

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of failure of the counterparty, the Hospital will be unable to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Hospital's investment policy meets the compliance requirements of the provisions of state law.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

Cash deposits and investments of the Hospital are composed of the following as of December 31, 2022 and 2021:

	2022		2021
Deposits and money market accounts	\$	9,234,384	\$ 11,627,766
Certificates of deposit		1,814,854	583,430
U.S. government agency bonds		34,223,337	29,733,865
Mutual funds		44,983	58,395
Corporate bond		181,579	-
Corporate stocks		242,496	261,728
Total	\$	45,741,633	\$ 42,265,184
		2022	2021
Amounts summarized by fund type:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	8,931,146	\$ 11,371,391
Assets limited as to use		855,664	827,515
Investments		35,954,823	30,066,278
Total	\$	45,741,633	\$ 42,265,184

#### 5. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The framework for measuring fair value provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (level 3). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are described as follows:

Level 1: Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the Hospital has the ability to access.

Level 2: Inputs to the valuation methodology include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets; inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability; inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means. If the asset or liability has a specified (contractual) term, the level 2 input must be observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

Level 3: Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

The asset or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques maximize the use of relevant observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

Following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for assets and liabilities measured at fair value. There have been no changes in the methodologies used at December 31, 2022 and 2021.

U.S. government agency bonds: Valued using pricing models maximizing the use of observable inputs for similar securities.

Mutual funds: Valued at the daily closing price as reported by the fund. Mutual funds held by the Hospital are open-end mutual funds that are registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission. These funds are required to publish their daily net asset value and to transact at that price. The mutual funds held by the Hospital are deemed to be actively traded.

Corporate stocks: Valued at the closing price reported on the active market on which the individual securities are traded.

Corporate bonds: Valued using pricing models maximizing the use of observable inputs for similar securities.

The Hospital's policy is to recognize transfers, if any, between levels as of the actual date of the event or change in circumstances. No transfers between levels occurred in 2022 and 2021.

Assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of December 31, 2022 are as follows:

		Level 1 Level 2		Level 3		Total		
Assets:	·			_		_		_
U.S. government agency bonds	\$	-	\$	34,223,337	\$	-	\$	34,223,337
Mutual funds		44,983		-		-		44,983
Corporate bonds		-		181,579		-		181,579
Corporate stocks		242,496		-		-		242,496
	\$	287,479	\$	34,404,916	\$	-		34,692,395
Cash and cash equivalents								303,238
Certificates of deposit								1,814,854
Total							\$	36,810,487

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

Assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of December 31, 2021 are as follows:

	Level 1 Level 2		Level 3		Total		
Assets:		_	 _		_		
U.S. government agency bonds	\$	-	\$ 29,733,865	\$	-	\$	29,733,865
Mutual funds		58,395	-		-		58,395
Corporate stocks		261,728	-		-		261,728
	\$	320,123	\$ 29,733,865	\$	-		30,053,988
Cash and cash equivalents	·						256,375
Certificates of deposit							583,430
Total						\$	30,893,793

## 6. PATIENT ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

The details of patient accounts receivable are set forth below as of December 31:

 2022		2021
\$ 19,896,810	\$	23,519,607
(3,508,968)		(4,188,534)
(9,221,822)		(11,366,779)
\$ 7,166,020	\$	7,964,294
\$	\$ 19,896,810 (3,508,968) (9,221,822)	\$ 19,896,810 \$ (3,508,968) (9,221,822)

The Hospital provides services without collateral to patients, most of whom are local residents and are insured under third-party payor agreements. The composition of revenue and receivables from patients and third-party payors follows:

	202	22	2021			
	Accounts	Gross	Accounts	Gross		
	Receivable	Revenue	Receivable	Revenue		
Medicare	35%	49%	34%	49%		
Medicaid	16%	22%	14%	22%		
Self-pay	24%	3%	24%	4%		
Commercial and other	25%	26%	28%	25%		
	100%	100%	100%	100%		

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

#### 7. ESTIMATED AMOUNTS DUE TO THIRD-PARTY PAYORS

The Hospital has agreements with payors that provide for reimbursement to the Hospital at amounts different from its established rates. Contractual adjustments under third-party reimbursement programs represent the difference between the Hospital's established rates for service and amounts reimbursed by third-party payors. The basis of reimbursements with these third-party payors follows:

**Medicare** - Inpatient, acute-care services rendered to Medicare program beneficiaries are paid at prospectively determined rates per discharge. These rates vary according to a patient classification system that is based on clinical, diagnostic, and other factors. Certain outpatient services, including ambulatory surgery, radiology, and laboratory services are reimbursed on an established fee-for-service methodology. Reimbursement for other outpatient services is based on the prospectively determined ambulatory payment classification system.

**Medicaid** - Inpatient, acute-care services rendered to Medicaid program beneficiaries are also paid at prospectively determined rates per discharge. Capital costs relating to Medicaid patients are paid on a cost reimbursement method. Outpatient and physician services are reimbursed on an established fee-for-service methodology.

The Medicaid payment system in Ohio is prospective, whereby rates for the following state fiscal year beginning July 1 are based upon filed cost reports for the preceding calendar year. The continuity of this system is subject to the uncertainty of the fiscal health of the State of Ohio, which can directly impact future rates and the methodology currently in place. Any significant changes in rates, or the payment system itself, could have a material impact on the future Medicaid funding to providers.

Cost report settlements result from the adjustment of interim payments to final reimbursement under these programs and are subject to audit by fiscal intermediaries. Laws and regulations governing the Medicare and Medicaid programs are extremely complex and subject to interpretation. Although these audits may result in some changes in these amounts, they are not expected to have a material effect on the accompanying financial statements. Cost reports have been final settled through 2020 for Medicare.

The Hospital has also entered into payment arrangements with certain commercial insurance carriers, health maintenance organizations and preferred provider organizations. The basis for payment to the Hospital under these arrangements include prospectively determined rates per discharge, discounts from established charges, and prospectively determined daily rates.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

## 8. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2022 were as follows:

		2021	Additions	Disposals	Т	Transfers		2022
Non-depreciable capital assets:			,			,		
Land	\$	290,137	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	290,137
Construction in progress		102,975	32,704			(102,975)		32,704
Total non-depreciable capital assets		393,112	32,704	-		(102,975)		322,841
Depreciable capital assets:								
Land improvements		1,089,825	-	-		-		1,089,825
Buildings and leasehold improvements		39,534,626	508,169	-		101,862		40,144,657
Equipment		32,116,842	1,454,864	(1,116,408)		1,113		32,456,411
Total depreciable capital assets		72,741,293	1,963,033	(1,116,408)		102,975		73,690,893
Less accumulated depreciation:								
Land improvements		(791,315)	(38,585)	-		-		(829,900)
Buildings and leasehold improvements	(	(15,908,384)	(1,856,862)	-		-		(17,765,246)
Equipment	(	(25,239,121)	(1,697,873)	1,098,571		-		(25,838,423)
Total accumulated depreciation	-	(41,938,820)	(3,593,320)	1,098,571		-		(44,433,569)
Total depreciable assets, net		30,802,473	(1,630,287)	(17,837)		102,975		29,257,324
Intangible right-to-use assets:								
Leased equipment		175,218	-	-		-		175,218
Less leased equipment, accumulated amortization		(33,375)	(33,375)	-		-		(66,750)
Intangible right-to-use assets, net		141,843	(33,375)	-		-		108,468
Capital assets, net	\$	31,337,428	\$ (1,630,958)	\$ (17,837)	\$	_	\$	29,688,633

## Capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2021 were as follows:

	2020	Additions	Disposals	T	ransfers	2021
Non-depreciable capital assets:						
Land	\$ 290,137	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 290,137
Construction in progress	45,861	102,975	-		(45,861)	102,975
Total non-depreciable capital assets	335,998	 102,975	 -		(45,861)	 393,112
Depreciable capital assets:						
Land improvements	1,089,825	-	-		-	1,089,825
Buildings and leasehold improvements	39,465,529	142,939	(93,238)		19,396	39,534,626
Equipment	31,047,549	1,288,555	(245,727)		26,465	32,116,842
Total depreciable capital assets	71,602,903	 1,431,494	(338,965)		45,861	72,741,293
Less accumulated depreciation						
Land improvements	(752,688)	(38,627)	-		-	(791,315)
Buildings and leasehold improvements	(14,098,774)	(1,860,877)	51,267		-	(15,908,384)
Equipment	(23,813,568)	(1,670,065)	244,512		-	(25,239,121)
Total accumulated depreciation	(38,665,030)	(3,569,569)	295,779		-	(41,938,820)
Total depreciable assets, net	32,937,873	 (2,138,075)	(43,186)		45,861	30,802,473
Intangible right-to-use assets:						
Leased equipment	175,218	-	-		-	175,218
Less leased equipment, accumulated amortization	-	(33,375)	-		-	(33,375)
Intangible right-to-use assets, net	175,218	(33,375)	-		-	141,843
Capital assets, net	\$ 33,449,089	\$ (2,068,475)	\$ (43,186)	\$	-	\$ 31,337,428

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

### Intangible right-to-use assets

In 2022, the Hospital implemented the guidance in GASB Statement No. 87 - *Leases* and recognized the value of copiers leased under long-term contracts.

As of December 31, 2020, the Hospital had one lease agreement in place for copiers. Terms of the lease are described in Note 9.

#### 9. INTANGIBLE RIGHT-TO-USE LIABILITIES

In 2022, the Hospital implemented the guidance of GASBS No. 87, *Leases*, for accounting and reporting leases that had previously been reported as operating leases.

#### Copier Lease

The Hospital leases a variety of copier/printers from Wells Fargo for a term of 63 months. The lease requires a minimum monthly lease payment of \$3,029. The Hospital will continue to make the payments on the previous lease until that agreement expires in March 2026. For purposes of discounting future payments on the lease, the Hospital used an estimated incremental borrowing rate of 3.25% as the discount rate. The leased equipment and accumulated amortization of the right-to-use assets are outlined in Note 8. The prior period adjustment is discussed in Note 3.

Remaining payments on the lease include:

Lease Payments to Maturity

_		,										
	Copier Lease											
•	Principal	Ir	terest	Total								
2023	\$ 33,201	\$	3,147	\$	36,348							
2024	34,296		2,052		36,348							
2025	35,427		921		36,348							
2026	9,038		49		9,087							
Totals	\$ 111,963	\$	6,169	\$	118,131							

Lease liability activity for year ended December 31, 2022 is summarized as follows:

Begin	nning Balance	Additions	Remeasurements	Re	eductions	Ending Balance	Curr	ent Portion
\$	144 103 \$	_	\$ -	\$	(32 141)	\$ 111.963	\$	33 201

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

Lease liability activity for year ended December 31, 2021 is summarized as follows:

Begin	ning Balance	Additions	Ren	neasurements	Reductions	Enc	ling Balance	Cu	rrent Portion
\$	175,220	\$ -	\$	-	\$ (31,117)	\$	144,103	\$	32,141

#### 10. ACCRUED EXPENSES

The details of accrued liabilities at December 31, 2022 and 2021 were as follows:

	2022	2021
Payroll and related amounts	\$ 650,281	\$ 707,752
Employee health insurance	464,338	422,409
Pension	406,396	278,154
Total accrued liabilities	\$ 1,521,015	\$ 1,408,315

#### 11. LONG-TERM DEBT

The Hospital did not have debt activity in its fiscal year 2022. Information regarding the Hospital's long-term debt activity and balances as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021 were as follows:

	Beginning				Enc	ding	Cur	rent
	Balance	Additions		Reductions	Balance		Por	tion
Direct placements								
Revenue bonds payable:								
Series 2004	\$ 1,020,000	\$	-	\$ (1,020,000)	\$	-	\$	-
Series 2007	675,000		-	(675,000)		-		-
	1,695,000			(1,695,000)		·		
Direct borrowings	4,446,000		-	(4,446,000)		_		-
Total long-term debt	\$ 6,141,000	\$	-	\$ (6,141,000)	\$		\$	

**Hospital Facilities Revenue Bonds, Series 2004** - The Series 2004 revenue bonds consisted of Hospital Facilities Revenue and Refunding Bonds (2004 Bonds) in the original amount of \$3,905,000 dated August 15, 2004, with interest at a variable rate determined weekly. Proceeds from the issuance of the 2004 Bonds were used to finance the recladding of Hospital facilities and to retire the Series 2001 bonds. As of December 31, 2021, the Series 2004 revenue bonds was paid in full.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

Hospital Facilities Revenue Bonds, Series 2007 - The Series 2007 revenue bonds consisted of Hospital Facilities Revenue and Refunding Bonds (2007 Bonds) in the original amount of \$10,180,000 dated June 7, 2007, with interest at a variable rate determined weekly. At December 31, 2020 the interest rate was 0.14%. The 2007 Bonds were payable in varying annual installments through December 1, 2021. Proceeds from the issuance of the 2007 Bonds were used to retire the Series 1999 bonds. The 2007 Bonds were secured by an irrevocable bank letter of credit, which expired on July 1, 2021. As of December 31, 2021, the Series 2007 revenue bonds was paid in full.

#### 12. NET PATIENT SERVICE REVENUE

Net patient service revenue for the year ending December 31 consists of the following:

	2022	 2021
Revenue:	_	_
Inpatient services:		
Routine services	\$ 5,376,362	\$ 6,910,356
Ancillary services	11,527,457	14,939,556
Outpatient services	147,243,259	146,343,826
Total patient revenue	164,147,078	168,193,738
Revenue deductions:		
Provision for contractual allowances	95,705,597	94,456,599
Provision for bad debt allowances	6,210,023	7,943,627
Provision for charity care	 956,985	 1,151,140
Total revenue deductions	102,872,605	103,551,366
Total net patient service revenue	\$ 61,274,473	\$ 64,642,372

#### 13. RETIREMENT PLANS

The Hospital is a participating employer contributing to the OPERS, which administers two costsharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plans, and one defined contribution pension plan.

- 1) The Traditional Pension Plan a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan.
- 2) The Member-Directed Plan a defined contribution plan.
- 3) The Combined Plan a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and defined contribution plan.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

In order to qualify for health care coverage, age-and-service retirees under the Traditional Pension and Combined Plans must have 20 or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit. Please see the Plan Statement in the OPERS 2021 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for details.

OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report. Interested parties may obtain a copy by visiting https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml#CAFR, by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus OH 43215-4642, or by calling (614) 222-5601 or (800) 222-7377.

<u>Assets, Liabilities, Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of</u> Resources Related to Retirement Plans

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, employers participating in cost-sharing multiple-employer plans are required to recognize a proportionate share of the collective net pension liabilities of the plans. Although changes in the net pension liabilities and assets generally are recognized as expense in the current period, certain items are deferred and recognized as expense in future periods. Deferrals for differences between projected and actual investment returns are amortized to pension expense over five years. Deferrals for employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date are amortized in the following period (one year). Other deferrals are amortized over the estimated remaining service lives of both active and inactive employees (amortization periods range from 2 to 10 years).

The collective net pension asset and liability of the retirement systems (GASB 68) and the Hospital's proportionate share of the net pension asset and liability as of December 31 were as follows:

Traditional Plan	 2022	 2021			
Net pension liability - all employers Proportion of the net pension liability - Hospital	\$ 8,700,404,651 0.119084%	\$ 14,807,822,857 0.112401%			
apara a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a	\$ 10,360,790	\$ 16,644,141			
Combined Plan	2021	2020			
Net pension asset - all employers	\$ 394,005,071	\$ 288,663,526			
Proportion of the net pension asset - Hospital	0.155542%	0.149957%			
	\$ 612,843	\$ 432,871			

The decrease in pension liability is primarily due to actual earnings on investments being more than projected earnings on investments.

Pension (income) and expense for the years ending December 31, 2022 and 2021, was (\$755,524) and \$378,656, respectively.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

At December 31, 2022, the Hospital reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

						20	22					
	Traditional Plan					Combin	ed Pl	an		efit Plans		
	C	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	0	Deferred utflows of esources	Ir	Deferred offlows of esources	0	Deferred utflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and actual	\$	528,178	\$	227,238	\$	3,802	\$	68,544	\$	531,980	\$	295,782
earnings on pension plan assets		-		12,323,783		-		131,384		-		12,455,167
Assumption changes		1,295,606		=		30,797		=.		1,326,403		=
Change in proportionate share Difference between Hospital contributions and		881,917		-		3,323		18,108		885,240		18,108
proportionate share of contributions Employer contributions subsequent to the		=		3,768		-		2,040		=		5,808
measurement date		2,662,049		-		98,142		-		2,760,191		-
Total	\$	5,367,750	\$	12,554,789	\$	136,064	\$	220,076	\$	5,503,814	\$	12,774,865

At December 31, 2021, the Hospital reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		2021										
		Traditio	nal F	Plan		Combin	ed Pla	an		efit Plans		
	Deferred Outflows of			Deferred	Deferred			Deferred	Deferred			Deferred
			Outflows of Inflows of		0	Outflows of Inflows of			0	utflows of	- 1	nflows of
	F	Resources Resource		Resources	Resources		Resources		Resources		Resources	
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	696,238	\$	-	\$	81,665	\$	-	\$	777,903
Net difference between projected and actual												
earnings on pension plan assets		-		6,487,400		-		64,374		-		6,551,774
Assumption changes		-		=		27,032		-		27,032		=
Change in proportionate share		133,549		(12,249)		4,165		23,852		137,714		11,603
Difference between Hospital contributions and												
proportionate share of contributions		-		3,957		-		1,852		-		5,809
Employer contributions subsequent to the												
measurement date		2,419,580		-		99,275		-		2,518,855		-
Total	\$	2,553,129	\$	7,175,346	\$	130,472	\$	171,743	\$	2,683,601	\$	7,347,089
					_						_	

Net deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense during the years ending December 31 as follows:

					To	otal Defined
	Tra	ditional Plan	Con	nbined Plan	В	enefit Plans
2023	\$	994,683	\$	45,116	\$	1,039,799
2024		4,002,619		60,517		4,063,136
2025		2,897,820		41,339		2,939,159
2026		1,953,966		20,194		1,974,160
2027		-		8,335		8,335
Thereafter				6,653		6,653
Total	\$	9,849,088	\$	182,154	\$	10,031,242
			_		_	

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

#### **Statutory Authority**

Ohio Revised Code (ORC) Chapter 145

#### Benefit Formula

Benefits are calculated on the basis of age, final average salary (FAS), and service credit. State and Local members in transition Groups A and B are eligible for retirement benefits at age 60 with 60 contributing months of service credit or at age 55 with 25 or more years of service credit. Group C for State and Local is eligible for retirement at age 57 with 25 years of service or at age 62 with 5 years of service. For Groups A and B, the annual benefit is based on 2.2% of FAS multiplied by the actual years of service for the first 30 years of service credit and 2.5% for years of service in excess of 30 years. For Group C, the annual benefit applies a factor of 2.2% for the first 35 years and a factor of 2.5% for the years of service in excess of 35. Group C is based on the average of the five highest years of earnings over a member's career. The base amount of a member's pension benefit is locked in upon receipt of the initial benefit payment for calculation of an annual cost-of-living adjustment.

#### **Contribution Rates**

The ORC provides the statutory authority requiring public employers to fund health care through their contributions to OPERS. A portion of each employer's contribution to OPERS may be set aside to fund OPERS health care plans.

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of earnable salary of active members. In 2022 and 2021, State and Local employers contributed a rate of 14.0% of earnable salary and Public Safety and Law Enforcement employers contributed at 18.1%. These are the maximum employer contribution rates permitted by the ORC.

Each year, the OPERS Board determines the portion of the employer contribution rate that will be set aside to fund health care plans. The portion of employer contributions allocated to healthcare for the Traditional Pension Plan was 0.0% during calendar year 2022 and 2021. For the Combined Plan, the portion of employer contributions allocated to healthcare was 0% from January 1, 2021 to June 30, 2022, and was 2% from July 1, 2022 to December 31, 2022. As recommended by OPERS' actuary, the portion of employer contributions allocated to health care beginning January 1, 2022 remained consistent at 0.0% for both plans. The OPERS Board is also authorized to establish rules for the retiree or their surviving beneficiaries to pay a portion of the health care provided. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected. The employer contribution as a percentage of covered payroll deposited for Member-Directed Plan participants for 2022 and 2021 was 4%.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

## **Cost-of-Living Adjustments**

Once a benefit recipient retiring under the Traditional Pension Plan has received benefits for 12 months, an annual cost-of-living adjustment is provided on the member's base pension benefit at the date of retirement and is not compounded. For those members retiring under the Combined Plan, they will receive a 3% cost-of-living adjustment for the defined benefit portion of their pension benefit. Current law provides for a 3% cost-of-living adjustment for benefit recipients retiring prior to January 7, 2013. For those benefit recipients retiring subsequent to January 7, 2013, beginning in calendar year 2019, current law provides that the cost-of-living adjustment will be based on the average percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index, capped at 3%.

#### Measurement Date

December 31, 2021

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

Valuation Date: December 31, 2021

Actuarial Cost Method: Individual entry age

Investment Rate of Return: 6.90%

Inflation: 2.75%

Projected Salary Increases: 2.75% - 10.75% for traditional plan, 2.75% - 8.25% for combined plan Cost-of-Living Adjustments: 3.00% Simple for those retiring before January 7, 2013, 3.00%

Simple for those retiring after January 7, 2013 through 2022, then 2.05% Simple.

#### Date of Last Experience Study

December 31, 2020

#### Mortality Rates

Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on 130% of the Pub-2010 General Employee Mortality tables (males and females) for State and Local Government divisions and 170% of the Pub-2010 Safety Employee Mortality tables (males and females) for the Public Safety and Law Enforcement divisions. Post-retirement mortality rates are based on 115% of the PubG-2010 Retiree Mortality Tables (males and females) for all divisions. Post-retirement mortality rates for disabled retirees are based on the PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree Mortality Tables (males and females) for all divisions. For all of the previously described tables, the base year is 2010 and mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2020 mortality improvement scales (males and females) to all of these tables.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

### **Investment Return Assumptions**

The long term expected rate of return on defined benefit investment assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation.

The following table displays the OPERS Board-approved asset allocation policy for defined benefit pension assets for 2021 and the long-term expected real rates of return:

		Long Term
	Target Allocation	Expected Return *
Fixed Income	24%	1.0%
Domestic Equity	21%	3.8%
Real Estate	11%	3.7%
Private Equity	12%	7.4%
International Equity	23%	4.9%
Risk Parity	5%	2.9%
Other Investments	4%	2.9%
Total	100%	

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.9% for the Traditional Pension Plan, the Combined Plan and the Member-Directed Plan. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined.

Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension assets and liabilities.

#### Sensitivity of Traditional Plan Net Pension (Asset) Liability to Changes in Discount Rate

19	% Decrease	C	urrent Rate	1	% Increase
(5.9%) (6.9%)			(6.9%)		(7.9%)
\$	27,316,679	\$	10,360,790	\$	(3,748,764)

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

### Sensitivity of Combined Plan Net Pension Asset to Changes in Discount Rate

1%	6 Decrease	C	urrent Rate	1	% Increase		
	(5.9%)		(6.9%)		(6.9%)		(7.9%)
\$	457,293	\$	612,843	\$	734,158		

The amount of contributions recognized by the Hospital relating to the pensions for the years ending December 31, 2022 and 2021, were approximately \$2,760,000 and \$2,519,000, respectively.

#### 14. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The Hospital is a participating employer contributing to the OPERS, which maintains a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit post-employment healthcare trust, which funds multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug program and deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement to qualifying benefit recipients of both the Traditional Pension and the Combined Plans. This trust is also used to fund health care for Member Directed Plan participants, in the form of a Retiree Medical Account (RMA). At retirement or refund, Member-Directed Plan participants may be eligible for reimbursement of qualified medical expenses from their vested RMA balance.

The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not mandate, OPERS to provide health care to its eligible benefit recipients. Authority to establish and amend health care coverage is provided to the OPERS Board of Trustees (OPERS Board) in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code.

OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report. Interested parties may obtain a copy by visiting https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml#CAFR, by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus OH 43215-4642, or by calling (614) 222-5601 or (800) 222-7377.

Assets, Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 75, employers participating in cost-sharing multipleemployer plans are required to recognize a proportionate share of the collective OPEB assets and liabilities of the plan.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

The collective net OPEB asset of the retirement systems (GASB 75) and the Hospital's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset as of December 31 were as follows:

	2022			2021
Net OPEB asset - all employers	\$	3,132,153,063	\$	1,781,579,865
Proportion of the net OPEB asset - Hospital		0.123001%		0.116236%
	\$	3,852,580	\$	2,070,837

OPEB income for the years ending December 31, 2022 and 2021, was 3,256,516 and \$12,539,346, respectively.

At December 31, 2022, the Hospital reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources for OPEB from the following sources:

	 red Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$	584,377		
Net difference between projected and actual					
earnings on OPEB plan assets	-		1,836,639		
Assumption changes	-		1,559,481		
Change in proportionate share	115,096		-		
Difference between Hospital contributions					
and proportionate share of contributions	28,048		-		
Employer contributions subsequent to the					
measurement date	56,039		-		
Total	\$ 199,183	\$	3,980,497		

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

At December 31, 2021, the Hospital reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources for OPEB from the following sources:

	Defe	red Outflows	Defe	rred Inflows of		
	of	Resources	Resources			
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	1,868,919		
Net difference between projected and actual						
earnings on OPEB plan assets		-		1,102,956		
Assumption changes		1,018,047		3,355,377		
Change in proportionate share		5,925		-		
Difference between Hospital contributions						
and proportionate share of contributions		9,317		-		
Employer contributions subsequent to the						
measurement date		37,876		-		
Total	\$	1,071,165	\$	6,327,252		

Net deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in pension expense during the years ending December 31 as follows:

2023	\$ 2,375,822
2024	811,217
2025	401,296
2026	249,018
2027	-
Thereafter	-
Total	\$ 3,837,353

### **Statutory Authority**

Ohio Revised Code (ORC) Chapter 145

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

#### **Benefit Formula**

The ORC permits, but does not require, OPERS to offer post-employment health care coverage. The ORC allows a portion of the employers' contributions to be used to fund health care coverage. The health care portion of the employer contribution rate for the Traditional Pension Plan and the Combined Pension Plan is comparable, as the same coverage options are provided to participants in both plans. Beginning January 1, 2015, the service eligibility criteria for health care coverage increased from 10 years to 20 years with a minimum age of 60, or 30 years of qualifying service at any age. Beginning with January 2016 premiums, Medicare-eligible retirees could select supplemental coverage through the connector, and may be eligible for monthly allowances deposited to a health reimbursement account to be used for reimbursement of eligible health care expenses. Coverage for non-Medicare retirees includes hospitalization, medical expenses and prescription drugs. The OPERS determines the amount, if any of the associated health care costs that will be absorbed by the OPERS and attempts to control costs by using managed care, case management, and other programs. Effective January 1, 2022, eligible non-Medicare retirees are part of a connector program, similar to Medicare-enrolled retirees.

#### **Contribution Rates**

The ORC provides the statutory authority requiring public employers to fund health care through their contributions to OPERS. A portion of each employer's contribution to OPERS may be set aside to fund OPERS health care plans.

Employee contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of earnable salary of active members. In 2022 and 2021, State and Local employers contributed a rate of 14.0% of earnable salary and Public Safety and Law Enforcement employers contributed at 18.1%. These are the maximum employer contribution rates permitted by the ORC. Active member contributions do not fund health care.

Each year, the OPERS Board determines the portion of the employer contribution rate that will be set aside to fund health care plans. The portion of employer contributions allocated to healthcare for the Traditional Pension Plan was 0.0% during calendar year 2022 and 2021. For the Combined Plan, the portion of employer contributions allocated to healthcare was 0% from January 1, 2021 to June 30, 2022, and was 2% from July 1, 2022 to December 31, 2022. The OPERS Board is also authorized to establish rules for the retiree or their surviving beneficiaries to pay a portion of the health care provided. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected. The employer contribution as a percentage of covered payroll deposited for Member-Directed Plan participants for 2022 and 2021 was 4%.

#### Measurement Date

December 31, 2021, rolled forward from December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation date

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

### **Actuarial Assumptions**

Valuation Date: December 31, 2020

Rolled Forward Measurement Date: December 31, 2021

Actuarial Cost Method: Individual entry age

Investment Rate of Return: 6.00%

Inflation: 2.75%

Projected Salary Increases: 2.75% - 10.75%

Health Care Cost Trend: 5.50% initial, 3.50% ultimate through 2034

#### **Date of Last Experience Study**

December 31, 2020

#### Mortality Rates

Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on 130% of the Pub-2010 General Employee Mortality tables (males and females) for State and Local Government divisions and 170% of the Pub-2010 Safety Employee Mortality tables (males and females) for the Public Safety and Law Enforcement divisions. Post-retirement mortality rates are based on 115% of the PubG-2010 Retiree Mortality Tables (males and females) for all divisions. Post-retirement mortality rates for disabled retirees are based on the PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree Mortality Tables (males and females) for all divisions. For all of the previously described tables, the base year is 2010 and mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2020 mortality improvement scales (males and females) to all of these tables.

#### **Investment Return Assumptions**

The long term expected rate of return on defined benefit investment assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

The following table displays the OPERS Board-approved asset allocation policy for health care assets for 2021 and the long-term expected real rates of return:

		Long Term
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Expected Return *
Fixed Income	34%	0.9%
Domestic Equity	25%	3.8%
Real Estate	7%	3.7%
International Equity	25%	4.9%
Risk Parity	2%	2.9%
Other Investments	7%	1.9%
Total	100%	

#### **Discount Rate**

A single discount rate of 6.00% was used to measure the total OPEB asset on the measurement date of December 31, 2021. Projected benefit payments are required to be discounted to their actuarial present value using a single discount rate that reflects (1) a long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments (to the extent that the health care fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and (2) a tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate are not met). This single discount rate was based on the actuarial assumed rate of return on the health care investment portfolio of 6.00% and a municipal bond rate of 1.84%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rate. Based on these assumptions, the health care fiduciary net position and future contributions were sufficient to finance health care costs through the year 2121. As a result, the actuarial assumed long-term expected rate of return on health care investments was applied to projected costs through the year 2121, the duration of the projection period through which projected health care payments are fully funded.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

#### **Health Care Cost Trend Rate**

Retiree health care valuations use a health care cost trend assumption with changes over several years built into that assumption. The near-term rates reflect increases in the current cost of health care; the trend starting in 2022 is 5.50%. If this trend continues for future years, the projection indicates that years from now virtually all expenditures will be for health care. A more reasonable alternative is the health care cost trend will decrease to a level at, or near, wage inflation. On this basis, the actuaries project premium rate increases will continue to exceed wage inflation for approximately the next decade, but by less each year, until leveling off at an ultimate rate, assumed to be 3.50% in the most recent valuation.

#### Sensitivity of Net OPEB Asset to Changes in Discount Rate

19	% Decrease	Current Rate		1	% Increase
	(5.0%) (6.0%)			(7.0%)	
\$	2,265,678	\$	3,852,580	\$	5,169,732

#### Sensitivity of Net OPEB Asset to Changes in Health Care Cost Trend Rate

19	% Decrease	C	urrent Rate	1	% Increase
	(7.5%)		(8.5%)		(9.5%)
\$	3,894,212	\$	3,852,580	\$	3,803,191

#### 15. MEDICAL MALPRACTICE CLAIMS

Based on the nature of its operations, the Hospital is at times subject to pending or threatened legal actions, which arise in the normal course of its activities. the Hospital is insured against medical malpractice claims under a claims-based policy, whereby only the claims reported to the insurance carrier during the policy period are covered regardless of when the incident giving rise to the claim occurred. Under the terms of the policy, the Hospital bears the risk of the ultimate costs of any individual claims exceeding \$1,000,000, or aggregate claims \$3,000,000, for claims asserted in the policy year. In addition, the Hospital has an umbrella policy with an additional \$7,000,000 of coverage.

Should the claims-made policy not be renewed or replaced with equivalent insurance, claims based on the occurrences during the claims-made term, but reported subsequently, will be uninsured.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

The Hospital is not aware of any medical malpractice claims, either asserted or unasserted, that would exceed the policy limits. The cost of this insurance policy represents the Hospital's cost for such claims for the year, and it has been charged to operations as a current expense.

#### 16. SELF-INSURED BENEFITS

The Hospital is partially self-insured under a plan covering substantially all employees and dependents for health benefits. The plan is covered by a stop-loss policy that covers claims over \$100,000 per covered person, with an unlimited maximum annual payment amount. Claims in excess of employee premiums are charged to operations. A provision is accrued for self-insured employee health claims including both claims reported and claims incurred but not yet reported. The accrual is estimated based on consideration of prior claims experience, recently settled claims, frequency of claims and other economic and social factors.

Activity in the Hospital's accrued employee health claims liability during 2022 and 2021 is summarized as follows:

	2022	2021
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 422,409	\$ 766,327
Current year claims incurred and changes in		
estimates for claims incurred in prior years	2,740,704	2,925,993
Claims and expenses paid	(2,698,775)	(3,269,911)
Balance, end of year	\$ 464,338	\$ 422,409

#### 17. BLENDED COMPONENT UNITS

The financial statements include PSC, HDH Foundation, and HJTDH Foundation, which are blended component units of Highland County Joint Township Hospital as determined by GASB Statements No. 61 and No. 80.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

The following is a summary of the financial position and activities of the blended component units as of and for the year ending December 31, 2022:

115.1		ncc		HDH Foundation		HJTDH		en i i		T-1-1	
Current assets	Hospital	 PSC		Foundation		oundation	Eliminations			Total	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 8,649,667	\$ 167,695	\$	4.045	\$	109.739	\$	=.	\$	8,931,146	
Patient accounts receivable, net of allowances	6,883,969	282,051		-		=		=.	Ċ	7,166,020	
Notes receivable, current portion	188,415	-		-		-		-		188,415	
Other receivables	1,141,875	125,470		-		-		-		1,267,345	
Supplies	598,692	-		-		-		-		598,692	
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	227,261	50,691		-		-		-		277,952	
Due from affiliate	2,152	 		-				(2,152)			
Total current assets	17,692,031	625,907		4,045		109,739		(2,152)		18,429,570	
Assets limited as to use											
Internally designated for specific purpose	446,288	-		-		-		-		446,288	
Restricted by donors for capital improvements	92,375	 =		-		317,001		-		409,376	
Total assets limited as to use	538,663	=		=		317,001		=		855,664	
Long-term investments	35,516,847	=		437,976		=		=		35,954,823	
Notes receivable, net current portion	77,827	-		-		-		-		77,827	
Capital assets, net	28,720,156	255,923		712,554		=		=		29,688,633	
Net other post-employment benefits asset	3,852,580	=		-		-		-		3,852,580	
Net pension asset	612,843	 -		=		-		=		612,843	
Total assets	87,010,947	881,830		1,154,575		426,740		(2,152)		89,471,940	
Deferred outflows of resources											
Pension	5,503,814	-		=		-		-		5,503,814	
Other post-employment benefits	199,183	 -		-		-		-		199,183	
Total deferred outflows of resources	5,702,997	 -		-		-				5,702,997	
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 92,713,944	\$ 881,830	\$	1,154,575	\$	426,740	\$	(2,152)	\$	95,174,937	

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

	Hospital			PSC	F	HDH oundation		HJTDH Foundation Eliminations		ninations		Total
Current liabilities Accounts payable	\$	1,706,891	\$	123.417	\$		\$		\$		\$	1,830,308
Accounts payable Accrued expenses	Þ	1,706,691	Þ	151,163	Þ	-	Þ	-	Þ	-	Þ	1,521,015
Estimated amounts due to third-party payors		70,719		131,103		_		_		_		70.719
Refundable advances		-		_		_		_		_		-
Current portion lease liability		33,201		_		_		-		_		33,201
Due to affiliate		-		2,152		-		-		(2,152)		-
Total current liabilities		3,180,663		276,732		-		-		(2,152)		3,455,243
Accrued compensated absences		1,408,957		-		-		-		-		1,408,957
Long-term lease liability		78,762		-		-		-		-		78,762
Net pension liability		10,360,790		_								10,360,790
Total liabilities		15,029,172		276,732		-		-		(2,152)		15,303,752
Deferred inflows of resources												
Pension		12,774,865		-		-		-		-		12,774,865
Other post-employment benefits	_	3,980,497		-	_	-				-	_	3,980,497
Total deferred inflows of resources		16,755,362		-		-		-				16,755,362
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources		31,784,534		276,732		-		-		(2,152)		32,059,114
Net position												
Net investment in capital assets		28,608,193		255,923		712,554		-		-		29,576,670
Restricted - expendable for												
Capital improvements		92,375		-		-		317,001		-		409,376
Debt service				-		-		-		-		-
Other post-employment benefit		3,852,580		-		-		-		-		3,852,580
Pensions Unrestricted		612,843 27,763,419		- 349,175		- 442.021		- 109.739		-		612,843 28,664,354
Onlestricted	_	21,103,419		349,175	_	442,021		109,739			_	20,004,354
Total net position	_	60,929,410		605,098		1,154,575		426,740		-		63,115,823
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources	_	00.742.0		004.033		4 45 4 5 5 5		106710		(2.452)		05.474.637
and net position	\$	92,713,944	\$	881,830	\$	1,154,575	\$	426,740	\$	(2,152)	\$	95,174,937

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

	Hospital		PSC F		HDH Foundation		HJTDH oundation	EI	iminating		Total
Operating revenues		_			ounaution.		-anadion		g	_	. Ottai
Net patient service revenue	\$ 59,587,570	\$	2,324,212	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(637,309)	\$	61,274,473
Other operating revenue	1,307,226	_	22,639		32,947		-		(330,148)	_	1,032,664
Total operating revenue	60,894,796		2,346,851		32,947		-		(967,457)		62,307,137
Operating expenses											
Salaries and wages	20,963,278		2,044,515		-		-		-		23,007,793
Employee benefits	3,706,727		287,492		-		-		-		3,994,219
Pension benefits	(755,524)		-		-		-		-		(755,524)
Other post-employment benefits	(3,256,516)		-		-		-		-		(3,256,516)
Supplies	9,844,401		81,924		-		15,164		-		9,941,489
Purchased services	5,393,688		1,303,849		-		37,364		(192,381)		6,542,520
Physician fees	4,467,807		-		-		-		(637,309)		3,830,498
Depreciation and amortization	3,587,564		16,633		22,498		-		-		3,626,695
Professional fees	128,667		-		-		-		-		128,667
Utilities	854,679		2,400		-		-		-		857,079
Insurance	294,728		48,130		-		-		-		342,858
Franchise fees	1,129,925		-		-		-		-		1,129,925
Other operating expense	257,651	_	192,668		-		3,529		(137,767)		316,081
Total operating expenses	46,617,075	_	3,977,611		22,498		56,057		(967,457)	_	49,705,784
Operating gains (losses)	14,277,721		(1,630,760)		10,449		(56,057)		-		12,601,353
Non-operating gains (losses)											
Investment income (loss)	(5,628,543)		_		1,924		_		_		(5,626,619)
Grant expense	(336,712)		_		-		2,541		_		(334,171)
Interest expense	(3,498)		_		_		-/		_		(3,498)
Noncapital grants and gifts	3,184,771		174,472		-		169,342		_		3,528,585
Other non-operating gains (losses)	(13,940)		13		(7,322)		-		-		(21,249)
Total non-operating gains (losses)	(2,797,922)		174,485		(5,398)		171,883		-		(2,456,952)
Excess (deficit) of revenues over (under) expenses	11,479,799		(1,456,275)		5,051		115,826		-		10,144,401
Transfer to affiliates	(1,500,000)		1,500,000		-		-				-
Change in net position	9,979,799		43,725		5,051		115,826		-		10,144,401
Net position - beginning of year	50,949,611		561,373		1,149,524		310,914		-		52,971,422
Net position - end of year	\$ 60,929,410	\$	605,098	\$	1,154,575	\$	426,740	\$	-	\$	63,115,823
					LIBII		LUTDU				
	Hospital		PSC		HDH oundation		HJTDH oundation	E1	minations		Total
Cook amounted add by Cook of the Co	Hospital	_	PSC		bundation		undation	EII	minations	_	TOTAL
Cash provided by (used in):	£ 11.070.12E	*	(1.507.656)		22.047	*	(56.155)	*		+	10.250.261
Operating activities	\$ 11,879,125 (11,410,663)	\$	(1,597,656)	\$	32,947 (99,512)	\$	(56,155) 13,725	\$	-	\$	10,258,261 (11,496,450)
Investing activities  Noncapital financing activities	(11,410,663)		- 118,507		(7,322)		13,725		-		872,582
. 3					(7,322)		1/1,002		-		
Capital financing activities  Change in cash and cash equivalents	(3,527,775) (2,469,798)	_	1,500,000 20,851		(73,887)		129,452			_	(2,027,775) (2,393,382)
Change in cash and cash equivalents	(2,403,130)		20,031		(13,001)		163,436		-		(2,333,302)
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of year	11,150,373		146,844		77,932		252,617		-		11,627,766
Cash and cash equivalents - end of year	\$ 8,680,575	\$	167,695	\$	4,045	\$	382,069	\$	-	\$	9,234,384

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

The following is a summary of the restated financial position and activities (restated) of the blended component units as of and for the year ending December 31, 2021:

	Hospital	PSC		HDH Foundation		HJTDH undation	Eliminations		Total
Current assets	ноѕрітаі	 rsc		Ouridation		unuation	EIIII	IIIIauoiis	TOTAL
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 11,071,901	\$ 146,844	\$	77,932	\$	74,714	\$	-	\$ 11,371,391
Patient accounts receivable, net of allowances	7,670,085	294,209		-		-		-	7,964,294
Notes receivable, current portion	179,245	-		-		-		-	179,245
Other receivables	994,492	114,634		-		-		-	1,109,126
Supplies	543,635	-		-		-		-	543,635
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	868,293	34,415		-		-		-	902,708
Due from affiliate	6,557	-						(6,557)	
Total current assets	21,334,208	590,102		77,932		74,714		(6,557)	22,070,399
Assets limited as to use									
Internally designated for specific purpose	500,569	-		-		-		-	500,569
Restricted by donors for capital improvements	90,648	 -				236,298		-	326,946
Total assets limited as to use, net current portion	591,217	-		-		236,298		-	827,515
Long-term investments	29,729,738	-		336,540		-		-	30,066,278
Notes receivable, net current portion	266,243	-		-		-		-	266,243
Capital assets, net	30,329,819	272,557		735,052		-		-	31,337,428
Net other post-employment benefits assets	2,070,837	-		-		-		-	2,070,837
Net pension asset	432,871	-	_	-		_		-	432,871
Total assets	84,754,933	862,659		1,149,524		311,012		(6,557)	87,071,571
Deferred outflows of resources									
Pension	2,683,601	-		-		-		-	2,683,601
Other post-employment benefits	1,071,165	 -						-	1,071,165
Total deferred outflows of resources	3,754,766					=		-	3,754,766
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 88,509,699	\$ 862,659	\$	1,149,524	\$	311,012	\$	(6,557)	\$ 90,826,337

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

Current liabilities		Hospital		PSC	F	HDH oundation		HJTDH Foundation		ninations		Total
Accounts payable	\$	1,714,778	\$	131.316	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	1,846,094
Accrued expenses	Ψ	1,300,783	Ψ	107,532	4	_	Ψ	_	4	_	Ψ	1,408,315
Estimated amounts due to third-party payors		249,103		-		_		_		_		249,103
Refundable advances		2,258,841		55,979		-		-		-		2,314,820
Current portion lease liability		32,141		-		-		-		-		32,141
Due to affiliate	_	-		6,459		-		98		(6,557)		-
Total current liabilities		5,555,646		301,286		-		98		(6,557)		5,850,473
Accrued compensated absences		1,573,998		-		-		-		-		1,573,998
Long-term lease liability		111,962		-		-		-		-		111,962
Net pension liability		16,644,141		-		-				-		16,644,141
Total liabilities		23,885,747		301,286		=		98		(6,557)		24,180,574
Deferred inflows of resources												
Pension		7,347,089		-		-		-		-		7,347,089
Other post-employment benefits		6,327,252				-				-	_	6,327,252
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	13,674,341		-		-		-		-		13,674,341
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources		37,560,088		301,286		=		98		(6,557)		37,854,915
Net position												
Net investment in capital assets		30,185,716		272,557		735,052		-		-		31,193,325
Restricted - expendable for												
Capital improvements		90,648		-		-		236,298		-		326,946
Other post-employment benefits		2,070,837		-		-		-		-		2,070,837
Pensions		432,871		-						-		432,871
Unrestricted		18,169,539		288,816		414,472		74,616		-		18,947,443
Total net position		50,949,611		561,373		1,149,524		310,914		-		52,971,422
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources												
and net position	\$	88,509,699	\$	862,659	\$	1,149,524	\$	311,012	\$	(6,557)	\$	90,826,337

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

				HDH			НЈТДН				
	Hospital	PSC		F	oundation	Fc	oundation	Е	liminating		Total
Operating revenues	- rospitai		. 50		ouridation.	<u> </u>	- Januarion	_	ucg	_	. Ottai
Net patient service revenue	\$ 63,017,714	\$	2,176,510	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(551,852)	\$	64,642,372
Other operating revenue	1,654,289		22,417		32,301		-		(602,941)		1,106,066
Total operating revenue	64,672,003		2,198,927		32,301		-		(1,154,793)		65,748,438
Operating expenses											
Salaries and wages	20,026,571		2,033,843		-		-		-		22,060,414
Employee benefits	3,767,132		207,633		-		-		-		3,974,765
Pension expense	378,656		-		-		-		-		378,656
Other post-employment benefits	(12,539,346)		-		-		-		-		(12,539,346)
Supplies	10,399,499		66,694		-		13,503		-		10,479,696
Purchased services	5,278,533		1,089,299		-		23,754		(166,089)		6,225,497
Physician fees	4,120,669		-		-		-		(551,852)		3,568,817
Depreciation and amortization	3,563,141		17,305		22,498		-		-		3,602,944
Professional fees	145,891		-		-		-		-		145,891
Utilities	879,911		8,529		-		-		-		888,440
Insurance	264,435		62,884		-		-		-		327,319
Franchise fees	978,942		-		-		-		-		978,942
Other operating expense	252,808		214,961				1,058		(134,639)	_	334,188
Total operating expenses	37,516,842	_	3,701,148		22,498		38,315		(852,580)		40,426,223
Operating gains (losses)	27,155,161		(1,502,221)		9,803		(38,315)		(302,213)		25,322,215
Non-operating gains (losses)											
Investment income (losses)	(542,344)		-		1,675		-		-		(540,669)
Grant expense	-		-		-		(302,213)		302,213		-
Interest expense	(53,857)		-		_		_		_		(53,857)
Noncapital grants and gifts	4,922,289		3,191		-		160,213		-		5,085,693
Other non-operating gains (losses)	4,201,705		206,971		(7,352)		-		-		4,401,324
Total non-operating gains (losses)	8,527,793		210,162		(5,677)		(142,000)		302,213		8,892,491
Excess (deficit) of revenues over											
(under) expenses	35,682,954		(1,292,059)		4,126		(180,315)		-		34,214,706
Transfer to affiliates	(900,000)		900,000	_							-
Change in net position	34,782,954		(392,059)		4,126		(180,315)		-		34,214,706
Net position - beginning of year	16,166,657		953,432		1,145,398		491,229		-		18,756,716
Net position - end of year	\$ 50,949,611	\$	561,373	\$	1,149,524	\$	310,914	\$	-	\$	52,971,422
					HDH		HJTDH				
	Hospital		PSC	E.	oundation	Ec	oundation	Eli	iminations		Total
Tach provided by (used in).	поѕрітаі	_	rsc		Junuation		diluation	EII	IIIIIIations		TOtal
Cash provided by (used in):	\$ 14,342,500	¢	(1 556 077)	\$	32,301	\$	(41.070)	\$	(202 212)	\$	12,473,841
Operating activities Investing activities	\$ 14,342,500 (14,564,416)	\$	(1,556,877)	Þ	32,301 162	Þ	(41,870) (58,394)	Þ	(302,213)	4	(14,622,648)
Noncapital financing activities	2,743,440		9,844		(7,352)		(142,001)		302,213		2,906,144
			9,044		(1,332)		(142,001)		302,213		
Capital financing activities Change in cash and cash equivalents	(4,185,943)		(647,033)		25,111		(242,265)			_	(3,285,943) (2,528,606)
zgz cash and cash equivalents	(.,00.,413)		(0,055)		23,		(= :=;=00)				(=,525,500)
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of year	12,814,792		793,877		52,821		494,882		-		14,156,372
Cash and cash equivalents - end of year	\$ 11,150,373	\$	146,844	\$	77,932	\$	252,617	\$	-	\$	11,627,766

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

#### 18. REFUNDABLE ADVANCES

During the Hospital's fiscal year 2022 and 2021, the Provider Relief Fund (PRF) grants authorized under the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security ("CARES") Act were distributed to healthcare providers impacted by the outbreak of COVID-19 pandemic under Assurance Listing #93.498. The Hospital received grants of \$118,493 and \$2,725,610 during 2022 and 2021, respectively. Revenues from PRF grants are recognized to the extent of patient revenues lost as a result of the pandemic and COVID-19 related additional expenses. This revenue is included in the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position as non-operating revenue. Patient revenues lost represent the deficiency in net patient service revenues recognized over the period impacted by the pandemic when compared with patient care service revenues recognized over the same period in the previous year. These funds are subject to recoupment by the grantor in the event that the conditions for recognition are not met.

As of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, revenues recognized and refundable advances were as follows:

	Revenue	Refundable	
	Recognized	Advances	Total
Provider relief fund	\$ 2,433,313	\$ -	\$ 2,433,313
Ending balance as of December 31, 2022	\$ 2,433,313	\$ -	\$ 2,433,313

As of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, revenues recognized and refundable advances were as follows:

	Revenue	Refundable	
	Recognized	Advances	Total
Provider relief fund	\$ 4,785,781	\$ 2,314,820	\$ 7,100,601
Coronavirus relief fund	39,891		39,891
Ending balance as of December 31, 2021	\$ 4,825,672	\$ 2,314,820	\$ 7,140,492

#### 19. GRANTS AND LOANS TO AFFILIATED ORGANIZATIONS

HHPC was a previous component unit of the Hospital until 2014, when HHPC restructured its organization. As a result of the restructuring, HHPC is no longer a component unit of the Hospital as it has a separate board, rate setting powers and the ability to enter into financing arrangements independently.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

During 2014, the Hospital entered into a grant agreement with HHPC, whereby HHPC's operating losses, not to exceed \$1,500,000 on an annual basis, will be funded for the next two years with renewal options for successive one-year periods. Grant expense for 2022 and 2021 was \$334,171 and \$0, respectively, and is included in the statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position. The agreement was renewed and in effect as of the date of the independent auditor's report.

During 2019, the Hospital executed two loan agreements with HHPC for \$26,250 and \$61,500. The loans are payable in forty-eight and sixty monthly installments beginning July 1, 2019 and March 1, 2019. Both agreements have an interest rate of 5%. During 2018, the Hospital executed a loan agreement with HHPC for \$775,000. The loan is payable in sixty monthly installments beginning July 1, 2019 at an interest rate of 5%. Notes receivable due from HHPC as of December 31, 2022 and 2021 were \$266,242 and \$445,488, respectively.

#### 20. CONTINGENCIES

#### **Compliance Risks**

The healthcare industry is subject to numerous laws and regulations of federal, state, and local governments. Compliance with these laws and regulations is subject to future government review and interpretation, as well as regulatory actions unknown or unasserted at this time. Government activity continues to increase with respect to investigations and allegations concerning possible violations by healthcare providers of fraud and abuse statutes and significant repayments for patient services previously billed. Management is not aware of any material incidents of noncompliance that have not been provided for in the financial statements; however, the possible future financial effects of this matter on the Hospital, if any, are not presently determinable.



## REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION ON GASB 68 PENSION ASSETS, PENSION LIABILITIES, AND PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS (UNAUDITED)

DECEMBER 31, 2022, 2021, 2020, 2019, 2018, 2017, 2016, AND 2015

Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset/Liability (rounding to the nearest 1,000)	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Hospital's proportion of the collective net pension liability	0.119084%	0.112401%	0.111355%	0.111603%	0.111383%	0.111762%	0.108875%	0.106145%
Hospital's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 10,361,000	\$ 16,644,000	\$ 22,010,000	\$ 30,566,000	\$ 17,474,000	\$ 25,379,000	\$ 18,859,000	\$ 13,073,000
Hospital's proportion of the collective net pension asset	0.155542%	0.149957%	0.151075%	0.143324%	0.122397%	0.106786%	0.119100%	0.101665%
Hospital's proportionate share of the net pension asset	\$ 613,000	\$ 433,000	\$ 315,000	\$ 160,000	\$ 167,000	\$ 59,000	\$ 58,000	\$ 49,000
Hospital's covered payroll	\$ 16,492,000	\$ 16,776,000	\$ 16,328,000	\$ 15,687,000	\$ 15,221,000	\$ 14,869,000	\$ 13,992,000	\$ 13,385,000
Hospital's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	62.82%	99.21%	134.80%	194.85%	114.80%	170.68%	134.78%	97.67%
Hospital's proportionate share of the net pension asset as a percentage of its covered payroll	3.72%	2.58%	1.93%	1.02%	1.10%	0.40%	0.41%	0.37%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	92.99%	87.19%	82.44%	74.90%	84.85%	77.38%	81.19%	81.19%
Schedule of Hospital's Contributions								
Contractually required contribution	\$ 2,760,000	\$ 2,519,000	\$ 2,309,000	\$ 2,286,000	\$ 2,149,000	\$ 1,979,000	\$ 1,784,000	\$ 1,679,000
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ 2,760,000	\$ 2,519,000	\$ 2,309,000	\$ 2,286,000	\$ 2,149,000	\$ 1,979,000	\$ 1,784,000	\$ 1,679,000
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -						
Covered payroll	\$ 19,770,000	\$ 16,492,000	\$ 16,776,000	\$ 16,328,000	\$ 15,687,000	\$ 15,221,000	\$ 14,869,000	\$ 13,992,000
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	13.7%	13.8%	13.8%	13.7%	13.7%	13.0%	12.0%	12.0%

Note: This schedule is intended to present ten years of the proportionate share of the net pension asset and liability. Currently, only those years with information available are presented.

## REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION ON GASB 75 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND CONTRIBUTIONS (UNAUDITED)

DECEMBER 31, 2022, 2021, 2020, 2019, 2018, 2017, 2016, AND 2015

Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB (Asset) Liability (rounding to the nearest 1,000)		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016	2015
Hospital's proportion of the collective net OPEB (asset) liability		0.123001%	C	).116236%	0	.116197%	C	).116130%	0.1	15610%		*		*	*
Hospital's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset) liability	\$	3,853,000	\$	2,071,000	\$ 10	6,050,000	\$ 1	5,141,000	\$ 12	2,554,000		*		*	*
Hospital's covered payroll	\$ 1	6,492,000	\$ 1	6,776,000	\$ 10	6,328,000	\$ 1	5,687,000	\$ 15	,221,000	\$ 1	4,869,000	\$ 1	3,992,000	\$ 13,385,000
Hospital's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset) liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		(23.36%)		(12.35%)		98.30%		96.52%		82.48%		*		*	*
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB (asset) liability		128.23%		115.57%		47.80%		46.30%		54.10%		*		*	*
Schedule of Hospital's Contributions															
Contractually required OPEB contribution	\$	56,000	\$	38,000	\$	40,000	\$	48,000	\$	46,000	\$	198,000	\$	335,000	\$ 280,000
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$	56,000	\$	38,000	\$	40,000	\$	48,000	\$	46,000	\$	198,000	\$	335,000	\$ 280,000
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Covered payroll	\$ 1	9,770,000	\$ 1	6,492,000	\$ 10	6,776,000	\$ 1	6,328,000	\$ 15	,687,000	\$ 1	5,221,000	\$ 1	4,869,000	\$ 13,992,000
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		0.3%		0.2%		0.2%		0.3%		0.3%		1.0%		2.0%	2.0%

Note: This schedule is intended to present ten years of the proportionate share of the net pension liability. Currently, only those years with information available are presented.

<sup>\*</sup>This information is not available as information for GASB 75 was only obtained in 2018.

#### NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

#### 1. Defined Benefit Pension Plans

Changes of Benefit Terms:

Amounts reported in 2015 for OPERS reflect the following plan changes:

- The minimum age and number of years of service required to receive an unreduced benefit were each increased by two years for members in the state and local divisions. The minimum retirement age required for law enforcement members did not change, however, the minimum retirement age was increased by two years.
- Final average salary (FAS) increased to the highest five years (up from three years).
- The benefit multiplier used for the first 30 years (2.2% of FAS) was increased to the first 35 years of service.
- Age and service reduction factors changed to represent actuarially determined rates for each year a member retires before attaining full retirement.
- The Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) was changed for new retirees from a simple 3% applied to the benefit value at date of retirement, to a rate based on the change in the Consumer Price Index, not to exceed 3%.

#### Changes of Assumptions:

In 2021, the OPERS' Board of Trustees' actuarial consultants conducted an experience study for the period of 2016 through 2020, comparing assumptions to actual results. The experience study incorporates both a historical review and forward-looking projections to determine the appropriate set of assumptions to keep the plan on a path toward full funding. Information from this study led to changes in both demographic and economic assumptions for the actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2020, used for the Hospital's 2021 fiscal year. Amounts reported in the Hospital's 2022 fiscal year for the OPERS pension plans reflect the following change of assumptions from the amounts reported for the 2020 fiscal year based on the experience study.

- Actuarially assumed expected rate of investment return decreased to 6.9%
- o Projected salary decreased to 2.75% 10.75% for the Traditional Pension Plan in 2022 and at 2.75% 8.25% for the Combined Plan in 2022.

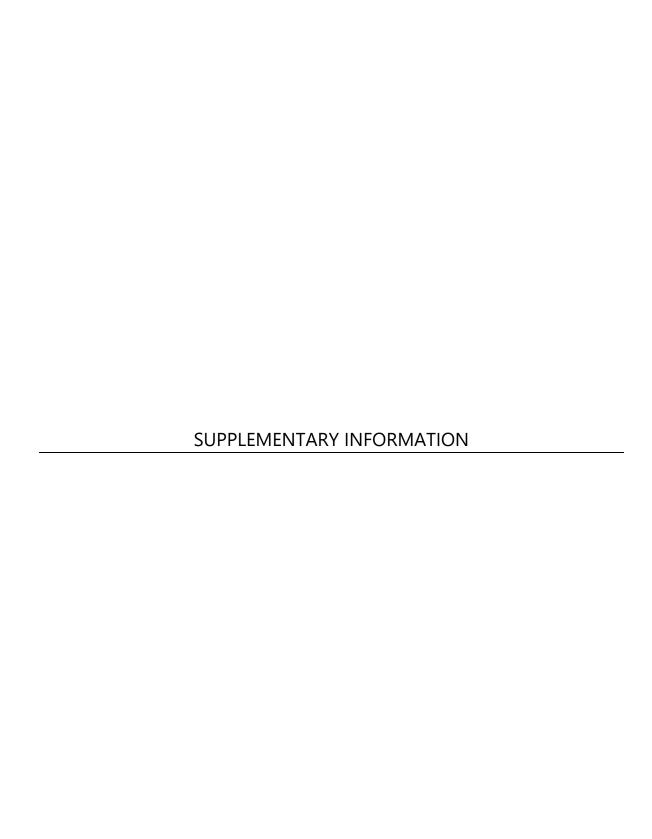
#### NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

2. Defined Benefit Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions

Changes of Assumptions:

Amounts reported in 2022 for OPERS reflect the following changes in assumptions based on an experience study for the five year period ending December 31, 2015:

- Wage inflation assumption decreased from 3.25% to 2.75%.
- o Actuarially assumed discount rate increased from 6.0% to 6.9%
- Health care cost trend rate decreased from 8.5% initial, 3.5% ultimate in 2035 to 5.5% initial, 3.5% ultimate in 2034.



## SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS DECEMBER 31, 2022

Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	t	hrough to cipients	Total Federal Expenditures	
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Health Resources and Services Administration: COVID-19 - Provider Relief Funding	93.498	-	\$	-	\$ 2,725,610	
COVID-19 - Uninsured Relief Fund	93.461	-		-	6,416	
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services/ Ohio Department of Health: COVID-19 - Small Rural Hospital Improvement Program	93.301				102 270	
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services/ University of Cincinnati	93.301	-		-	182,278	
Rurual Communities Opiod Response - Implementation	93.912	012401-00012		-	24,034	
					\$ 2,938,338	

#### Note A - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards for the year ended December 31, 2022 includes the federal grant activity of Highland County Joint Township District Hospital (the "Hospital") and Highland District Professional Services Corporation (PSC), and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with requirements of the Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards ("Uniform Guidance"). Therefore, some of the amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements.

#### Note B – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. The Hospital and PSC have elected not to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

## SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### Note C - Provider Relief Fund Reporting

Under the terms and conditions of the Provider Relief Funds (PRF) under the Coronavirus Aids, Relief, and Economic Security Act, the Hospital and PSC were required to report the Coronavirus (COVID-19) related expenses and lost revenue to the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (HHS). Guidance from HHS has required the reporting of the COVID-19 related expenses and lost revenue in certain reporting periods based on when the funds were received. The 2022 SEFA includes PRF of approximately \$2,725,610, which was received by the Hospital and PSC between January, 1, 2021 and December 31, 2021, the date designated by HHS for its third and fourth PRF reporting periods. The Hospital and PSC recognized \$2,433,313 and \$4,785,781 as revenue in its 2022 and 2021 statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position as the terms and conditions of the PRF grant were satisfied by the Hospital and PSC. HHS required \$2,725,610 to be reported on the 2022 SEFA.

#### Note D – Fair Market Value of Donated Personnel Protective Equipment (Unaudited)

During 2022, the Hospital did not receive donated personnel protective equipment from federal sources.



Blue & Co., LLC / 9200 Worthington Road Suite 200 / Westerville, OH 43082 main 614.885.2583 website blueandco.com

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Highland County Joint Township District Hospital and Affiliates 1275 North High Street Hillsboro, Ohio 45133

To the Board of Governors:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), the financial statements of the business-type activities of Highland County Joint Township District Hospital and Affiliates (the "Hospital"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Hospital's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated May 11, 2023.

#### Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Hospital's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Hospital's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Hospital's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Hospital's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

Highland County Joint Township District Hospital and Affiliates Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by Government Auditing Standards

#### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Hospital's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

## **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Hospital's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Hospital's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Bene 6, LLC

Westerville, Ohio May 11, 2023



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# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO THE MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Highland County Joint Township District Hospital and Affiliates 1275 North High Street Hillsboro, Ohio 45133

To the Board of Governors:

### **Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program**

#### **Opinion on Each Major Federal Program**

We have audited Highland County Joint Township District Hospital and Affiliates (the "Hospital") compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the U.S. Office of Management Budget (OMB) Compliance Supplement that could directly and materially effect the Hospital's major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2022. The Hospital's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the Hospital complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above is that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2022.

#### Basis for Opinion on the Major Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance* section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Hospital and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Hospital's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Highland County Joint Township District Hospital and Affiliates Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to the Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by The Uniform Guidance

### Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

The Hospital's management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the Hospital's federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the Hospital's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the Hospital's compliance with the requirements of the major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and
  design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
  examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the Hospital's compliance with the compliance
  requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered
  necessary in the circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of the Hospital's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit
  in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and
  report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for
  the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Hospital's internal control over
  compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Highland County Joint Township District Hospital and Affiliates Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to the Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by The Uniform Guidance

### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance* section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Bener G. LLC

Westerville, Ohio May 11, 2023

## SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

## <u>Section I – Summary of Auditor's Results</u>

Financial Statements	
Type of auditor's report issued:	Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified?	yesx none reported
Significant deficiency(s) identified that are not considered to be material weakness(es)?	? yesx none reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements no	oted? yesx none reported
Federal Awards	
Internal controls over major programs:	
Material weakness(es) identified?	yesx_ none reported
Significant deficiency(s) identified that are not considered to be material weakness(es)?	? yesx_ none reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance fo major programs:	or Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to Reported in accordance with section 200.516 Au findings paragraph (a) of the Uniform Grant Guid	dit
Identification of major programs:	
<u>CFDA Number</u> 93.498	lame of Federal Program or Cluster Provider Relief Funds
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and B programs:	\$750,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	x ves no

## SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

## Section II - Findings related to financial statements reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*:

No matters reported.

Section III - Findings and questioned costs relating to Federal awards:

No matters reported.

**Section IV – Summary schedule of prior audit findings:** 

No matters reported.



#### HIGHLAND COUNTY JOINT TOWNSHIP DISTRICT HOSPITAL

#### **HIGHLAND COUNTY**

#### **AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION**

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 6/15/2023

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370