Annual Comprehensive Financial ReportFor the Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021



LAKE COUNTY, OHIO

Brian Falkowski President Board of Trustees Benjamin Capelle CEO Secretary-Treasurer





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Board of Trustees Laketran 555 Lakeshore Blvd Painesville, OH 44077

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of Laketran, Lake County, prepared by Zupka & Associates, for the audit period January 1, 2022 through December 31, 2022. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. Laketran is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

August 10, 2023



Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

For the Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

LAKE COUNTY, OHIO





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Introductory Section 2022

LAKETRAN LAKE COUNTY, OHIO

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

TABLE OF CONTENTS

| I. | Introductory Section | <u>PAGE</u> |
|------|--|---|
| | Table of Contents Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting Letter of Transmittal List of Principal Officials Municipalities in Lake County Organization Chart | i ii-iii iv-ix x xi xii |
| II. | Financial Section | |
| | Independent Auditor's Report Management's Discussion and Analysis Basic Financial Statements: | 1-3 5-12 |
| | Comparative Statement of Net Position Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Comparative Statement of Cash Flows Notes to Basic Financial Statements | 13 14 15 17-44 |
| | Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Laketran's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Schedule of Laketran's Contributions - Pension Schedule of Laketran's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability Schedule of Laketran's Contributions - OPEB Notes to the Required Supplementary Information | 46-47 48-49 50-51 52-53 54-55 |
| III. | Statistical Section | |
| | Net Position by Component - Last Ten Years Revenues and Expenses by Type and Changes in Net Position - Last Ten Years Fare Box Recovery Percentage - Last Ten Years Fare Structure - December 31, 2022 Revenues and Operating Assistance – | S2 S3 S4 S4 |
| | Comparison to Industry Trend Data - Last Ten Years Operating Expenses - Comparison to Industry Trend Data - Last Ten Years Sales Tax Revenue - Last Ten Years | S5 S6 S7 |
| | Operating Statistics - Last Ten Years Full Time Equivalent Employees - Last Ten Years Lake County Demographics | \$8-\$10 \$11-\$12 \$13-\$14 |





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Laketran Ohio

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2021

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Laketran, Ohio for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current Annual Comprehensive Financial Report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.



May 27, 2022

Mr. Brian Falkowski, President Members, Board of Trustees of Laketran and Residents of Lake County

We are pleased to submit to you the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) of Laketran for the year ended December 31, 2022. This is the twenty first such report issued by Laketran. It has become the standard format used in presenting the results of Laketran's operations, financial position, cash flows, and related statistical information.

Laketran takes great pride in the fact that its nineteen previous ACFRs earned the recognition of the Government Finance Officers' Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) in the form of its Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting.

Laketran also submits its annual operating and capital budget to the GFOA and has been doing so since 1998. All of these budget documents have won the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award, having satisfied the most stringent program criteria and proven its value as 1) a policy document, 2) an operations guide, 3) a financial plan and, 4) a communication device.

This report contains the basic financial statements, management's discussion and analysis (MD&A), and statistical data that provides full disclosure of all the material financial operations of Laketran. The basic financial statements, MD&A, and statistical information are the representation of Laketran's management which bears the responsibility for their accuracy, completeness, and fairness. In conformance with generally accepted accounting principles, this report was developed on the accrual basis of accounting, treating Laketran as a single enterprise fund. The CAFR is indicative of Laketran's commitment to provide accurate, concise, and high quality financial information to the residents of Lake County and other interested parties.

The MD&A immediately follows the independent accountant's report and provides a narrative summarizing and analyzing the basic financial statements. The MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

REPORTING ENTITY

Laketran is an independent political subdivision of the State of Ohio. It was created on December 23, 1974 by resolution of the Board of County Commissioners of Lake County, Ohio. Contract operations at Laketran began in 1977 using vehicles owned by STS (Special Transportation Services). On July 1, 1985, Laketran began direct operations when it placed its first two buses into service on Route 1. Either directly or through contracts with local service providers, Laketran provides virtually all public transportation services within Lake County. Laketran is a multimodal system, delivering paratransit and motor bus services.

A nine-member Board of Trustees (Board) establishes policy and sets direction for the management of Laketran. All Board members are appointed by the County Commissioners and serve overlapping three year terms. Under the provisions of GASB Statement No. 14, (as amended by GASB Statement No. 61) Laketran is considered to be a jointly governed organization.

Responsibility for the line administration rests with the CEO/General Manager/Secretary-Treasurer. He supervises ten managers assigned to three departments as follows:

Administration:

Director of Finance

Director of Human Resources

Director of Communications

Director of Information Technology

Director of Compliance & Development

Maintenance:

Director of Maintenance

Asst. Director of Vehicle Maintenance

Asst. Director of Facility Maintenance

Operations:

Director of Operations

Asst. Director of Operations

An organization chart, which depicts these relationships, follows later in this introductory section.

In 2022, Laketran had 247 active employees (167 full-time and 80 part-time). The system delivered 1,321,795 revenue miles of motor bus service and 1,926,686 revenue miles of directly operated paratransit and purchased transportation service. The service fleet was composed of 31 motor bus coaches and 67 paratransit buses.

CURRENT YEAR REVIEW

During the year, Laketran received the following national awards for financial reporting: The Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for the 2022 operating and capital budget from the GFOA.

• Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting for the 2021 ACFR from the GFOA.

Ridership changes from 2021 to 2022 for all modes of services was up 21.5 percent overall. Diala-Ride ridership increased 15.3 percent and Motor Bus ridership increased 26.7 percent netting an overall increase in ridership of 21.5 percent for 2021 vs 2022 for all modes of service. Ridership is down approximately 34.8 percent (DAR 26.2% & MB 41.4%) comparing 2022 vs 2019 ridership numbers due to the COVID-19 pandemic. March 15, 2020 the Ohio Governor shut most things down to help decrease the spread of COVID-19 and encouraged remote meetings and working from home if possible.

MISSION STATEMENT

Laketran is committed to providing quality public transportation to all Lake County residents with special emphasis on meeting the transportation needs of senior citizens and people with disabilities. We will accomplish this by:

Providing efficient, affordable, reliable, safe and clean service Employing caring, committed, capable and courteous service providers Emphasizing individual accountability Promoting teamwork Maintaining fiscal responsibility

FUTURE PLANS

The Capital Plan is to provide an overview and estimate of the projects that Laketran plans to pursue in the 2023 calendar year. What projects move forward is based upon agency priorities and grant funding. The Capital Improvement Plan is updated monthly and reported to the Board in order to reflect the status of grant applications and shifting project priorities. Actual purchases and contractual agreements over \$25,000 will be approved by the Board of Trustees on an individual basis in accordance with 2 CFR 200, FTA Circular 4220.1f, and ORC 306.43.

The Capital Plan is formed by Laketran's priorities and the agency's Transit Asset Management Plan (TAM plan). Every public transit agency in the country must develop a TAM plan if it owns, operates, or manages capital assets used to provide public transportation and receives federal financial assistance under 49 U.S.C. Chapter 53 as a recipient or sub-recipient. Per 49 CRF 625, a capital asset is defined as a unit of rolling stock, a facility, a unit of equipment, or an element of infrastructure used for providing public transportation with an acquisition value greater than \$50,000. Therefore, not all capital projects that Laketran may pursue are reflected in the TAM plan.

Laketran can reasonably expect formula funding from Federal Section 5307 and Section 5339, Congestion Mitigation Air Quality (CMAQ), and Section 5310.

Discretionary and competitive grants include Federal Low-No Emissions (Low-No) and 5339(b) Bus and bus Facilities Infrastructure Improvement and State of Ohio Transportation Partnership Program (OTP2), Diesel Emission Reduction Grant (DERG), and Volkswagen Mitigation Trust Fund (VW).

Laketran pursues all grant opportunities for which it is eligible.

Laketran's capital improvement plan was developed to provide for the future transportation needs of all Lake County residents and includes:

Fleet Improvement

- Laketran replaces a portion of the Dial-a-Ride fleet annually as vehicles reach and exceed their useful life in accordance with FTA Circular 5010.1e. Maintaining a state of good repair in the fleet improves passenger and driver safety, on-time performance, and saves money in maintenance costs.
- Laketran has CMAQ awards earmarked for 2024 through 2026 for fleet replacements for Dial-a-Ride: An application for CMAQ funding that would support vehicle replacements for 2027 is pending.

- 2023 Replace (6) Dial-a-Ride Federal \$507,877 (80%), Local \$126,969 (20%)
- 2024 Replace (16) Dial-a-Ride Federal \$2,184,000 (80%), Local \$546,000 (20%)
- 2025 Replace (16) Dial-a-Ride Federal \$2,184,000 (80%), Local \$546,000 (20%)
- 2026 Replace (16) Dial-a-Ride Federal \$1,720,000 (80%), Local \$430,000 (20%)
- 2027 Replace (16) Dial-a-Ride Federal \$1,720,000 (80%), Local \$430,000 (20%)

Constructon Projects

Laketran's Board of Trustees have formed a Special Projects Committee to review and assess
the renovation and expansion of Laketran Headquarters. FFY2021 Section 5307 and 5339a
funding was obligated in a grant for the purpose of Headquarters construction in some
capacity.

Professional Services

• Engineering and design services will be required for any construction project performed by Laketran.

Non-Revenue Vehicles

• Non-revenue vehicles include driver relief vehicles, Road Supervisor vehicles, and staff vehicles. Typically, these vehicles have a useful life of 10 years.

Miscellaneous Equipment

• Technology (including computer hardware and software) and equipment are eligible expenses for Urbanized Area Formula funds (Section 5307). Laketran earmarks funding every year from our apportionment to spend on computer purchases, technology, network upgrades, and equipment.

Transit Improvements

• Bus shelters, bus stop signs, landscaping (including benches, trash receptacles, and street lights) and bicycle storage are eligible transit improvement projects.

Operational Expenses

- A majority of Laketran's Section 5307 apportionment is allocated to Capitalized maintenance and ADA Complementary Paratransit Service.
- No more than 10% of Section 5307 apportionment can be spent on ADA Paratransit service.
- Section 5307 statues require at least 1% of the apportionment must be spent on transit enhancements such as passenger shelters, benches, and signage.
- Miscellaneous equipment includes technology, maintenance equipment, computer replacements and other hardware.

Analysis

- The total 2022 Capital Plan is \$3,028,000 which includes an estimated local share commitment of \$2,038,390.
- Projects are removed or added throughout the year based upon necessity and priority. Laketran's Board of Trustees must approve all capital projects/purchases that exceed \$25,000.

INTERNAL CONTROL

Laketran's internal controls are reviewed annually as a part of the independent audit. In developing and revising Laketran's accounting and reporting control system, consideration is given to the adequacy of internal controls to provide reasonable but not absolute assurance regarding:

- Safeguarding assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and
- Reliability of financial records for preparing financial statements and maintaining accountability for assets.

The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that:

- The cost of control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived, and
- The evaluation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

All internal control evaluations occur within the above framework. Laketran's internal accounting controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions.

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Laketran's accounting records are maintained on the accrual basis. The activities are reported through the use of a single enterprise fund.

BUDGETARY CONTROL

Responsibility for budgetary control rests with individual departments. Each department keeps track of their expenses vs. budget each month. The accounting department exercises budgetary control over administrative costs such as hospitalization and property and casualty coverage. All bank accounts are reconciled monthly.

OTHER INFORMATION

The Laketran independent audit was conducted by Zupka & Associates who has issued an unmodified opinion on the financial statements.

Laketran also participates in the federal single audit program, which consists of a single audit of all federally funded programs administered by Laketran. As a requirement for continued funding eligibility, participation in the single audit program is mandatory for most local governments, including Laketran.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

The successful completion of a report of this scope depends upon the dedicated contributions of many employees. The sincere appreciation of those primarily responsible for the completion of this ACFR is extended to all contributors, but especially those employees in the Department of Finance who have spent their time and energy on various parts of the report and to the staff from Zupka and Associates, for their assistance in compiling the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. In addition, we would like to thank the Board of Trustees for their support in striving for excellence in financial reporting and disclosure.

Benjamin Capelle

CEO/Secretary-Treasurer

Lisa Colling

Director of Finance

LAKETRAN LAKE COUNTY, OHIO BOARD OF TRUSTEES AND MANAGEMENT AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2022

Board of Trustees

Chairman Brian J. Falkowski

Vice-Chairman Chuck J. Zibbel

Trustees William Eppich

Donna P. McNamee Daniella Nunnally Laura T. Pizmoht Lane H. Sheets Kim Stenger Gary L. Swanson

Management

CEO/Secretary-Treasurer Benjamin Capelle

Director of Finance Lisa Colling

Director of Human Resources Emily Gilliam

Director of Communications

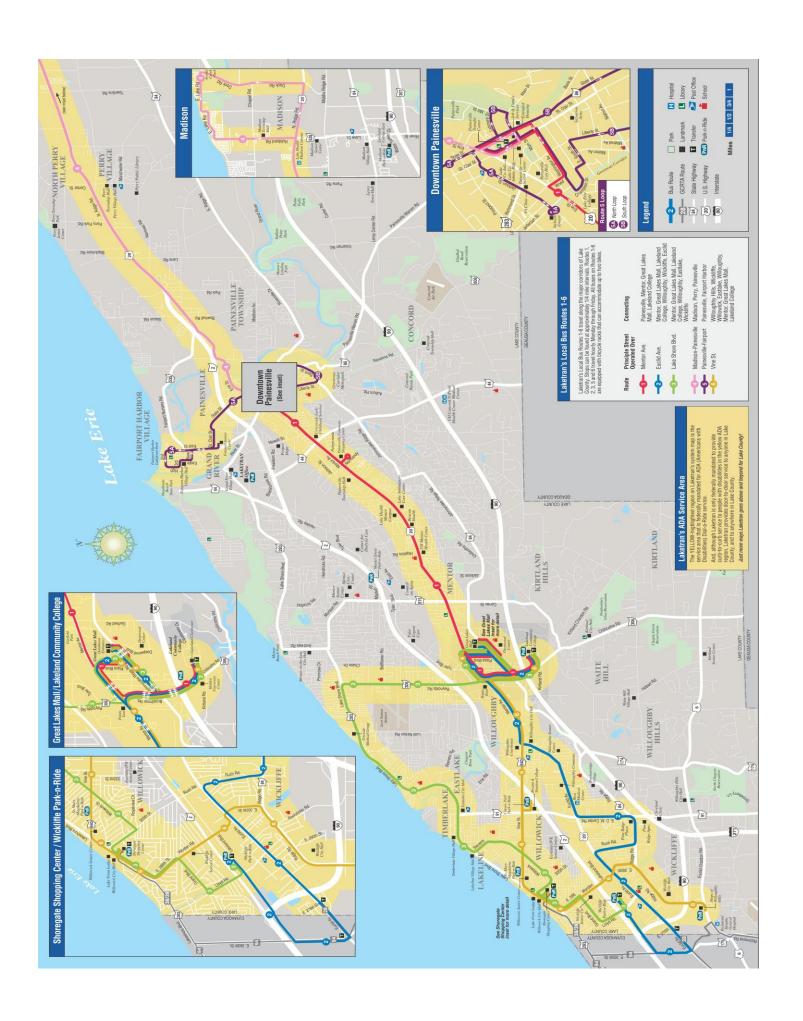
Julia Schick

Director of Compliance and Development Andrea Aaby

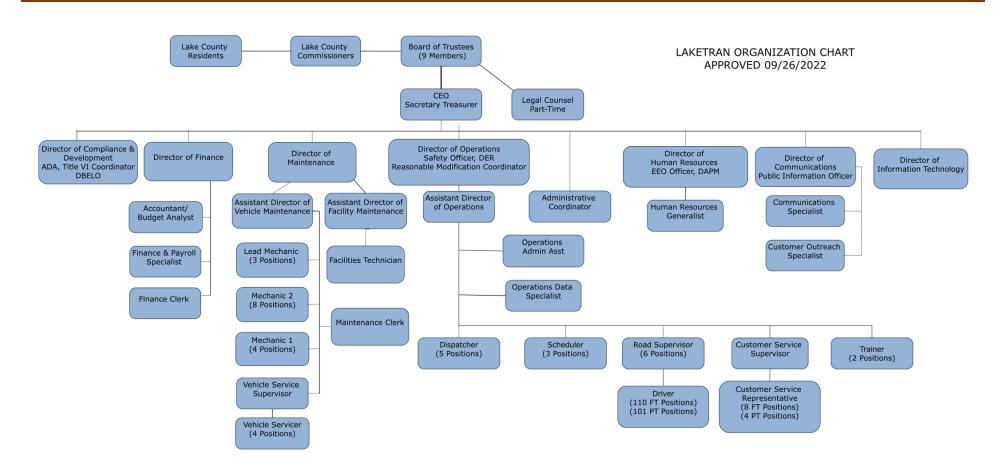
Director of Information Technology Anthony Melaragno

Director of Operations Matthew Maier

Director of Maintenance Keith Bare



LAKETRAN LAKE COUNTY, OHIO ORGANIZATION CHART AS OF SEPTEMBER 26, 2022 FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022



Financial Section

2022



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Lake County 555 Lakeshore Blvd. Painesville, Ohio 44077

To the Board of Trustees:

Report on the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Laketran, Lake County, Ohio, (the Authority) as of and for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Laketran as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* (Government Auditing Standards), issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Authority, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Authority's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Lake County
Independent Auditor's Report
Page 2

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
 include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
 statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that
 raise substantial doubt about the Authority's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable
 period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and Schedules of Net Pension and Postemployment Benefit Liabilities and Pension and Postemployment Benefit Contributions, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Lake County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 26, 2023, on our consideration of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Zupka & Associates

Certified Public Accountants

repla & Associates

June 26, 2023

As management of Laketran, we offer readers of Laketran's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of Laketran for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2022, 2021, and 2020. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Laketran's 2022 net position increased as a result of current year operations by \$14,325,634 or 19.2 percent over 2021. Net position for 2021 increased by \$33,765,085 or 83.0 percent from 2020.
- Operating expenses, exclusive of depreciation, were \$16,535,946 at December 31, 2022, \$11,199,284 at December 31, 2021, and \$19,169,793 at December 31, 2020. This represents an increase of 47.7 and a decrease of 41.6 percent, respectively.
- Net capital assets were \$39,085,372 at December 31, 2022, \$41,961,489 at December 31, 2021, and \$29,267,346 at December 31, 2020. This represents a decrease of 6.9 and an increase 43.4 percent, respectively.
- Cash and cash equivalents were \$25,171,790 at December 31, 2022, \$11,745,072 at December 31, 2021, and \$15,682,924 at December 31, 2020. This represents an increase of 114.3 percent and a decrease of 25.1 percent, respectively.
- Investments at fair value, other than those included in cash and cash equivalents, were \$26,633,878 at December 31, 2022, \$19,784,214 at December 31, 2021, and \$9,954,503 at December 31, 2020. This represents an increase of 34.6 and 98.7 percent, respectively.
- Cash and cash equivalents, and investments at fair value combined were \$51,805,668 at December 31, 2022, \$31,529,286 at December 31, 2021, and \$25,637,427 at December 31, 2020. This represents an increase of 64.3 and 23.0 percent, respectively. These cash reserves are used to pay Laketran's share of capital improvements and operating expenses as necessary.
- Laketran had current grants receivable of \$504,582 at December 31, 2022, \$6,866,117 at December 31, 2021 and \$1,240,328 at December 31, 2020. This represents a decrease of 92.7 and an increase of 453.6 percent, respectively.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to Laketran's basic financial statements. Laketran's basic financial statements are comprised of four components: 1) Statement of Net Position, 2) Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position, 3) Statement of Cash Flows, and 4) Notes to the Basic Financial Statements. The Statements of Net Position and Statements of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position provide information about the activities of Laketran and present a longer-term view of its finances.

One of the most important questions asked about Laketran's finances is, "Is Laketran better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Position, the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position, and the Statement of Cash Flows report information about Laketran and its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned as opposed to received and expenses are recorded when incurred as opposed to paid.

The basic financial statements report Laketran's net position and changes in them. Laketran's net position is the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources (what the citizens own) and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources (what the citizens owe) as one way to measure Laketran's financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in Laketran's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. Other non-financial factors need to be considered such as the condition of Laketran's capital assets (property, equipment, vehicles, etc.).

Laketran only engages in business type activities. The sole purpose of Laketran is to provide public transportation services to the citizens of Lake County. A bus fare is charged to each rider to help cover a portion of expenses.

| Table | 1 - 1 | Net | Posi | ition |
|-------|-------|-----|------|-------|
|-------|-------|-----|------|-------|

| Assets Current Assets | \$ 58,392,544 | 2021 | 2020 |
|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| | \$ 58,392,544 | | |
| Current Assets | \$ 58,392,544 | | |
| | | \$ 43,960,734 | \$ 31,683,403 |
| Grants Receivable | 8,588,668 | 11,951,742 | 11,012,998 |
| Net Pension Asset | 389,963 | 281,496 | 215,101 |
| Net OPEB Asset | 1,823,727 | 1,010,815 | 0 |
| Capital Assets, Net | 39,085,372 | 41,961,489 | 29,267,346 |
| Fair Value of Derivative Instruments | 0 | 65,777 | 0 |
| Total Assets | 108,280,274 | 99,232,053 | 72,178,848 |
| Deferred Outflows of Resources | | | |
| Pensions | 2,611,419 | 1,818,457 | 1,964,846 |
| OPEB | 172,027 | 847,135 | 1,353,812 |
| Fair Value of Derivative Instruments | 0 | 0 | 38,879 |
| Total Deferred Outflows of Resources | 2,783,446 | 2,665,592 | 3,357,537 |
| Liabilities | | | |
| Current Liabilities | 1,857,151 | 1,761,454 | 2,125,269 |
| Non-Current Liabilities | 510,018 | 511,622 | 584,335 |
| Net Pension Liability | 4,927,387 | 8,206,940 | 10,140,386 |
| Net OPEB Liability | 0 | 0 | 7,298,853 |
| Fair Value of Derivative Instruments | 0 | 0 | 38,879 |
| Total Liabilities | 7,294,556 | 10,480,016 | 20,187,722 |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources | | | |
| Grants | 7,013,668 | 10,126,742 | 11,262,998 |
| Pension | 6,108,960 | 3,667,198 | 2,294,419 |
| OPEB | 1,884,278 | 3,121,288 | 1,119,707 |
| Fair Value of Derivative Instruments | 0 | 65,777 | 0 |
| Total Deferred Inflows of Resources | 15,006,906 | 16,981,005 | 14,677,124 |
| Net Position | | | |
| Investment in Capital Assets | 39,085,372 | 41,961,489 | 29,267,346 |
| Restricted for Insurance Claims | 358,093 | 525,141 | 533,717 |
| Unrestricted | 49,318,793 | 31,949,994 | 10,870,476 |
| Total Net Position | \$ 88,762,258 | \$ 74,436,624 | \$ 40,671,539 |

The net pension liability (NPL) is the largest liability reported by Laketran at December 31, 2022 and is reported pursuant to the GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - an Amendment of GASB Statement No.* 27. For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of Laketran's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and OPEB, the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB and net pension and OPEB assets.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board standards are national and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Prior accounting for pensions (GASB 27) and postemployment benefits (GASB 45) focused on funding approach. This approach limited pension and OPEB costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's *net pension liability or net OPEB liability*. GASB 68 and GASB 75 takes an earnings approach to pension and OPEB accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension/OPEB plans and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

GASB 68 and GASB 75 require the net pension liability/asset and the net OPEB liability/asset to equal Laketran's proportionate share of each plan's collective:

- 1. Present value of estimated future pension/OPEB benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service.
- 2. Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits.

GASB notes that pension and OPEB obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" - that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension and other postemployment benefits. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, Laketran is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of these liabilities. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible recipients. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer's promise is limited not by contract but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the retirement system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension/OPEB plan *as against the public employer*. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. The retirement system is responsible for the administration of the pension and OPEB plans.

LAKETRAN LAKE COUNTY, OHIO

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021 (UNAUDITED)

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability or the net OPEB liability. As explained above, changes benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of these liabilities, but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability are satisfied, these liabilities are separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

In accordance with GASB 68 and GASB 75, Laketran's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense and an annual OPEB expense for their proportionate share of each plan's *change* in net pension liability/asset and net OPEB liability not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows.

Laketran's net position was \$88,762,258 at December 31, 2022, \$74,436,624 at December 31, 2021, and \$40,671,539 at December 31, 2020. These represent an increase of 19.2 and 83.0 percent, respectively. Unrestricted net position was \$49,318,793 at December 31, 2022, \$31,949,994 at December 31, 2021, and \$10,870,476 at December 31, 2020. This represents an increase of 54.4 and 193.9 percent, respectively.

The following financial ratios should be used to assess the financial stability of Laketran over a period of five years. The ratios of working capital and days cash and investments in reserve demonstrate the ability to finance operations with cash.

FINANCIAL RATIOS

Working capital is the amount by which current assets exceed current liabilities.

| 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 |
|----------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|
| \$ 56,535,393 | \$ 42,199,280 | \$ 29,558,134 | \$ 16,988,309 | \$ 20,518,767 |
| The current ratio, w | which compares current a | assets to current liabiliti | ies, is an indicator of the | ability to pay |
| 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 |
| 31.4 | 25.0 | 14.9 | 11.9 | 7.8 |
| Days each and invo | etmants in reserve repre | cents the number of dev | e normal operations cou | uld continue with |

Days cash and investments in reserve represents the number of days normal operations could continue with no revenue collection.

| 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 |
|-------|-------|------|------|------|
| 1,143 | 1,010 | 477 | 282 | 369 |

Liabilities and deferred inflows of resources to net position indicates the extent of borrowing.

| 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 25.1% | 38.4% | 85.7% | 96.2% | 63.5% |

In addition, Laketran has never incurred debt by borrowing (issuing bonds, obtaining a bank loan, etc.). The "borrowing" in the ratio above is solely a result of unpaid liabilities at year end. These consist of 1) payments due to vendors, 2) accrued payroll liabilities, and 3) deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources primarily consist of amounts related to pension and OPEB and of capital grant funding received before time requirements are met.

| Table 2 - | Changes | in Net | Position |
|-----------|---------|--------|----------|
|-----------|---------|--------|----------|

| Tuble 2 - Changes | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 |
|---|-----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|
| Dovonuos | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 |
| Revenues Operating Revenues | | | |
| Passenger Fares | \$ 2,272,349 | \$ 1,866,846 | \$ 1,084,931 |
| Auxiliary Transportation Revenue | 84,146 | 85,890 | 81,448 |
| Total Operating Revenue | 2,356,495 | 1,952,736 | 1,166,379 |
| Total Operating Revenue | 2,330,133 | 1,732,730 | 1,100,575 |
| Non-Operating Revenues | | | |
| Sales Tax Revenue | 23,560,929 | 22,716,865 | 16,784,614 |
| Federal Grants and Reimbursements | 8,523,335 | 10,525,727 | 8,341,956 |
| State Grants, Reimbursements, and Special Fare Assistance | 829,587 | 4,340,267 | 2,620,144 |
| Other Grants | 0 | 50,000 | 25,000 |
| Interest Income | 0 | 0 | 228,256 |
| Other | 223,308 | 234,743 | 1,128,275 |
| Total Non-Operating Revenue | 33,137,159 | 37,867,602 | 29,128,245 |
| | | | |
| Capital Funding | | | |
| Federal Grants and Reimbursements | 2,321,179 | 12,123,349 | 5,287,291 |
| Total Capital Funding | 2,321,179 | 12,123,349 | 5,287,291 |
| Total Revenues | 37,814,833 | 51,943,687 | 35,581,915 |
| | | | |
| Expenses | | | |
| Operating Expenses Other Than Depreciation | 0.000.620 | 0.150.212 | 5.22 0.0 5 0 |
| Labor | 9,080,638 | 8,160,212 | 7,239,978 |
| Fringe Benefits | 2,666,038 | (1,144,886) | 7,464,518 |
| Services | 1,442,010 | 1,351,374 | 1,567,051 |
| Fuel and Lubricants | 1,009,071 | 712,821 | 952,491 |
| Materials and Supplies Utilities | 655,512 | 817,367 | 1,062,405 |
| Claims and Insurance | 417,000 | 204,807 | 138,319 |
| | 636,656 201,663 | 475,849 195,537 | 297,960 168,270 |
| Purchased Transportation Miscellaneous | | | 278,801 |
| Total Operating Expenses Other Than Depreciation | 427,358 16,535,946 | 426,203 11,199,284 | 19,169,793 |
| Total Operating Expenses Other Than Depreciation | 10,555,940 | 11,199,204 | 19,109,793 |
| Depreciation | 5,743,903 | 5,706,489 | 4,325,471 |
| Total Operating Expenses | 22,279,849 | 16,905,773 | 23,495,264 |
| 20ml Operating 2mpenator | | 10,700,770 | 20,170,201 |
| Non-Operating Expenses | | | |
| Loss on Disposal of Assets | 170,657 | 1,095,610 | 56,879 |
| Interest Expense | 1,038,693 | 177,219 | 0 |
| Total Non-Operating Expenses | 1,209,350 | 1,272,829 | 56,879 |
| Total Expenses | 23,489,199 | 18,178,602 | 23,552,143 |
| Increase in Net Position | 14,325,634 | 33,765,085 | 12,029,772 |
| | | | |
| Total Net Position Beginning of Year | 74,436,624 | 40,671,539 | 28,641,767 |
| Total Net Position End of Year | \$ 88,762,258 | \$ 74,436,624 | \$ 40,671,539 |
| | | | |

Significant items contributing to the change in net position are as follows:

- Federal and capital grants and reimbursements decreased from 2021 to 2022 by 52.1 percent and increased from 2020 to 2021 by 66.2 percent. The increase/decrease was from ARPA funding related to the COVID-19 pandemic, used to support operating costs in 2021. Deferred inflows of resources (formerly deferred revenues) fluctuate greatly from year to year. This primarily represents grant funds approved but did not meet time requirements, which decreased from 2021 to 2022 by 11.6 percent and increased from 2020 to 2021 by 15.7 percent.
- State grants, reimbursements, and special fare assistance decreased from 2021 to 2022 by 80.9 percent and increased from 2020 to 2021 by 65.6 percent. The increase/decrease is related to additional vehicle grants made available during 2021.
- Sales tax revenues, Laketran's largest source of revenue, increased from 2021 to 2022 by 3.7 percent and increased from 2020 to 2021 by 35.3 percent. The increase in revenue during 2021 was due to a new tax levy which took effect April 1, 2020, increasing Laketran's sales tax from 1/4 percent to 1/2 percent and was fully implemented for all of 2021.
- Investment income remained at \$0 from 2021 to 2022 and decreased 177.6 percent from 2020 to 2021 due to changes in interest rates and values of investments.
- Operating revenue from passenger fares increased 21.7 percent from 2021 to 2022 and increased 72.1 percent from 2020 to 2021. The increase in 2021 and 2022 was due to a decrease in ridership in 2020 because of the COVID-19 pandemic and loosening of restrictions going into 2022.
- Operating expenses, excluding depreciation, increased 47.7 percent from 2021 to 2022 and decreased 41.6 percent from 2020 to 2021, respectively. The decrease in 2021 and increase in 2022 were the result of fringe benefit expenses related to the changes in pension and OPEB balances reported in accordance with GASB 68 and 75.
- Significant changes in operating expenses are:

Fuel and oil costs increased 41.6 percent from 2021 to 2022 and decreased 25.2 percent from 2020 to 2021. Laketran hedged its fuel costs for 2020, 2021 and 2022.

Labor costs increased 11.3 percent from 2021 to 2022 and increased 12.7 percent from 2020 to 2021. The increase in labor costs is attributed to changes in staffing/hiring as ridership increases.

Fringe benefits increased 332.9 percent from 2020 to 2021 and decreased 115.3 percent from 2020 to 2021, due primarily to the aforementioned changes in pension and OPEB expenses per GASB 68 and GASB 75.

LAKETRAN LAKE COUNTY, OHIO

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021 (UNAUDITED)

| Table 3 - | Changes | in Cash | Flows |
|-----------|---------|---------|-------|
|-----------|---------|---------|-------|

| 2022 | 2021 | 2020 |
|-----------------|---|---|
| \$ (17,219,787) | \$ (16,046,035) | \$ (14,226,226) |
| 38,355,111 | 29,881,235 | 27,299,495 |
| 336,875 | (7,671,164) | (3,023,685) |
| (7,878,433) | (10,093,312) | (9,228) |
| \$ 13,593,766 | \$ (3,929,276) | \$ 10,040,356 |
| | \$ (17,219,787) 38,355,111 336,875 (7,878,433) | \$ (17,219,787) \$ (16,046,035) 38,355,111 29,881,235 336,875 (7,671,164) (7,878,433) (10,093,312) |

Net cash used for operating activities increased 7.3 percent from 2021 to 2022 and increased 12.8 percent from 2020 to 2021 due to fluctuations in operating costs.

Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities increased 28.4 percent from 2021 to 2022 and increased 9.5 percent from 2020 to 2021 due to fluctuations in sales tax and grant revenue.

Net cash provided/(used) by capital and related financing activities changed by 104.4 percent from 2021 to 2022 and changed by -153.7 percent from 2020 to 2021 due to capital asset acquisitions in 2021.

Net cash (used) by investment activities decreased by 21.9 percent from 2021 to 2022 and increased 109,277 percent from 2020 to 2021 mostly due to changes in investment security purchases and investment proceeds.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

For years ended December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020, Laketran had invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings and improvements, equipment, office furniture/fixtures/equipment, parking lots, communication equipment, and vehicles for \$39,085,372, \$41,961,489 and \$29,267,346, (net), respectively. This represents a net decrease of \$2,876,115, or 6.9 percent from 2021 to 2022, and a net increase of \$12,694,143 or 43.4 percent from 2020 to 2021 which is attributable to the purchase of additional transportation vehicles and equipment and construction in progress in 2021 and depreciation expense exceeding capital purchases in 2022.

Table 4 - Capital Assets at Year End

| 2022 | 2021 | 2020 |
|---------------|--|---|
| \$ 1,898,151 | \$ 1,898,151 | \$ 1,898,151 |
| 16,766,372 | 15,835,459 | 15,570,099 |
| 54,791,626 | 56,397,855 | 47,032,901 |
| - | - | 391,170 |
| 1,004,428 | 855,818 | 4,823,894 |
| 74,460,577 | 74,987,283 | 69,716,215 |
| 35,375,205 | 33,025,794 | 40,448,869 |
| \$ 39,085,372 | \$ 41,961,489 | \$ 29,267,346 |
| | \$ 1,898,151 16,766,372 54,791,626 - 1,004,428 74,460,577 35,375,205 | \$ 1,898,151 \$ 1,898,151 16,766,372 15,835,459 54,791,626 56,397,855 |

For more detailed information on capital asset activity, see Note 11 of the financial statements.

All capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method of depreciation. Vehicles useful lives are either four, seven, or twelve years as specified in Federal Transit Administration regulations. All other useful lives range from five to thirty years, depending on the nature of the asset. Laketran owns one building which is being depreciated over a period of forty-five years. During 2021, Laketran combined Furniture and Equipment into Transportation Vehicles and Equipment.

LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS

Laketran has long-term obligations consisting of net pension liability, net OPEB liability and compensated absences. See Notes 6, 7, and 8 of the financial statements for additional detail.

DISCUSSION OF CURRENTLY KNOWN FACTS

During 2022, operating and non-operating revenues decreased 27.2 percent while operating expenses (other than depreciation) increased 47.7 percent. Wages and benefits are 71.0 percent of operating expenses other than depreciation, and these increased 67.4 percent. Employees pay 10 or 15 percent of their health insurance costs.

Capital grant reimbursements can be very volatile from one year to the next because they are based upon the availability of governmental funds for capital purchases rather than bus operations and any special types of projects going on in any given year.

Fuel and oil, which comprises 6.1 percent of the operating expenses, increased between 2022 and 2021, with a change of 41.6 percent. This was a result of higher gas costs during 2022.

During November 2019, Lake County voters overwhelmingly voted for an additional ¼ percent sales tax making Laketran's total sales to ½ of one percent. The new levy took effect April 1, 2020. Laketran has seen a 40.4 percent increase in sales tax revenue compared to 2020.

Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, Laketran has pledged statewide and national initiatives taking on additional precautions to ensure the health and safety of both our riders and employees. During 2021, Laketran Laketran continued modifications to its services and procedures to follow any new/changing safety protocols, TSA requirements and CDC recommendations. In 2022, Laketran continued to follow public health guidelines from official sources. Due to the pandemic, ridership for all modes, from 2019-2022 went as follows: 2019 to 2020 decreased 40%, 2020 to 2021 increased 2.8%, 2021 to 2022 increased 21.5%. Comparing 2019 to 2022 ridership is still down 25.8% for all modes, however ridership by mode is different after the pandemic with more people utilizing Dial-a-Ride and less using Commuter Express as of 2022.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Laketran for all those with an interest in its finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Lisa Colling, Director of Finance, Laketran, 555 Lakeshore Blvd, Painesville, Ohio 44077.

LAKETRAN LAKE COUNTY, OHIO COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

| | | 2022 | | 2021 |
|--|----|------------------------|----------|-------------------------|
| ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | | | |
| Current Assets | | | | |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | \$ | 24,813,697 | \$ | 11,219,931 |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents Held with Other Governments | | 358,093 | | 525,141 |
| Investments in Segregated Accounts | | 649,645 | | 542,658 |
| Investments | | 26,633,878 | | 19,784,214 |
| Receivables: | | 450,692 | | 5 767 079 |
| Federal Grants | | 459,682 | | 5,767,078 |
| Capital Grants | | 44,900 | | 1,099,039 |
| Trade | | 269,177 | | 348,149 |
| Sales Tax | | 3,903,875 | | 3,787,739 |
| Accrued Interest | | 82,526 | | 32,389 |
| Materials and Supplies | | 987,399 | | 696,131 |
| Prepaid Assets | | 189,672 | | 158,265 |
| Total Current Assets | | 58,392,544 | | 43,960,734 |
| New Comment Assets | | | | |
| Non-Current Assets Federal Grants Receivable | | 860,005 | | 6 162 760 |
| Capital Grants Receivable | | 6,153,663 | | 6,463,769 |
| State Grants Receivable | | | | 3,662,973 |
| Non-Depreciable Capital Assets | | 1,575,000 2,902,579 | | 1,825,000 |
| Depreciable Capital Assets, Net | | | | 2,753,969 39,207,520 |
| Fair Value of Derivative Instruments | | 36,182,793 0 | | |
| Net Pension Asset | | 389,963 | | 65,777 281,496 |
| Net OPEB Asset | | 1,823,727 | | |
| Total Non-Current Assets | | 49,887,730 | | 1,010,815 55,271,319 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | | 108,280,274 | | 99,232,053 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | | 106,260,274 | | 99,232,033 |
| Deferred Outflows of Resources | | | | |
| Pension | | 2,611,419 | | 1,818,457 |
| OPEB | | 172,027 | | 847,135 |
| Total Deferred Outflows of Resources | | 2,783,446 | | 2,665,592 |
| TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES | Φ. | | Φ. | |
| TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES | \$ | 111,063,720 | 3 | 101,897,645 |
| LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION | | | | |
| Current Liabilities | | | | |
| Accounts Payable | \$ | 298,882 | \$ | 188,365 |
| Accounts Fayable Accrued Payroll and Benefits | Ф | 982,963 | Ф | 926,626 |
| Compensated Absences | | 575,306 | | 646,463 |
| Total Current Liabilities | | 1,857,151 | | 1,761,454 |
| Total Current Liabilities | | 1,037,131 | | 1,701,434 |
| Non-Current Liabilities | | | | |
| Compensated Absences | | 510,018 | | 511,622 |
| Net Pension Liability | | 4,927,387 | | 8,206,940 |
| Total Non-Current Liabilities | - | 5,437,405 | | 8,718,562 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | | 7,294,556 | | 10,480,016 |
| | | 7,274,330 | | 10,400,010 |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources | | | | |
| Pension | | 6,108,960 | | 3,667,198 |
| OPEB | | 1,884,278 | | 3,121,288 |
| Federal Grants | | 860,005 | | 6,463,769 |
| Capital Grants | | 6,153,663 | | 3,662,973 |
| Fair Value of Derivative Instruments | | 0 | | 65,777 |
| Total Deferred Inflows of Resources | | 15,006,906 | | 16,981,005 |
| | | 10,000,700 | | 10,701,005 |
| Net Position | | | | |
| Investment in Capital Assets | | 39,085,372 | | 41,961,489 |
| Restricted for Insurance Claims | | 358,093 | | 525,141 |
| Unrestricted | | 49,318,793 | | 31,949,994 |
| Total Net Position | | 88,762,258 | | 74,436,624 |
| | | , , , | | , -,- |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION | \$ | 111,063,720 | \$ | 101,897,645 |
| | | | _ | |

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

| | 2022 | 2021 |
|---|---------------|---------------|
| Operating Revenues | | |
| Passenger Fares for Transit Service | \$ 1,047,384 | \$ 695,498 |
| Special Transit Fares | 1,224,965 | 1,171,348 |
| Auxiliary Transportation Revenue | 84,146 | 85,890 |
| Total Operating Revenues | 2,356,495 | 1,952,736 |
| Operating Expenses Other Than Depreciation | | |
| Labor | 9,080,638 | 8,160,212 |
| Fringe Benefits | 2,666,038 | (1,144,886) |
| Services | 1,442,010 | 1,351,374 |
| Fuel and Lubricants | 1,009,071 | 712,821 |
| Materials and Supplies | 655,512 | 817,367 |
| Utilities | 417,000 | 204,807 |
| Claims and Insurance | 636,656 | 475,849 |
| Purchased Transportation | 201,663 | 195,537 |
| Miscellaneous | 427,358 | 426,203 |
| Total Operating Expenses Other Than Depreciation | 16,535,946 | 11,199,284 |
| Depreciation | 5,743,903 | 5,706,489 |
| Total Operating Expenses | 22,279,849 | 16,905,773 |
| Operating Loss | (19,923,354) | (14,953,037) |
| Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses) | | |
| Sales Tax Revenue | 23,560,929 | 22,716,865 |
| Federal Grants and Reimbursements | 8,523,335 | 10,525,727 |
| State Grants, Reimbursements, and Special Fare Assistance | 829,587 | 4,340,267 |
| Other Grants | 0 | 50,000 |
| Interest Expense | (1,038,693) | (177,219) |
| Loss on Sale of Assets | (170,657) | (1,095,610) |
| Non-Transportation Revenues | 223,308 | 234,743 |
| Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses) | 31,927,809 | 36,594,773 |
| Income before Capital Contributions | 12,004,455 | 21,641,736 |
| Capital Funding | | |
| Capital Grants and Reimbursements | 2,321,179 | 12,123,349 |
| Total Capital Funding | 2,321,179 | 12,123,349 |
| Increase in Net Position | 14,325,634 | 33,765,085 |
| Total Net Position, Beginning of Year | 74,436,624 | 40,671,539 |
| Total Net Position, End of Year | \$ 88,762,258 | \$ 74,436,624 |

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

LAKETRAN LAKE COUNTY, OHIO COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

| | 2022 | 2021 |
|--|------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Cash Flows from Operating Activities | | |
| Cash Received from Customers | \$ 2,435,467 | \$ 1,815,163 |
| Cash Payments for Goods and Services | (4,970,021) (14,908,541) | (4,575,430) (13,520,511) |
| Cash Payments for Employees' Services Non-Transportation Revenue | 223,308 | 234,743 |
| Net Cash Used for Operating Activities | (17,219,787) | (16,046,035) |
| The cubic course operating the true of the cubic course of the cub | (11,21),101) | (10,0.0,000) |
| Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities | | |
| Sales Tax Received | 23,444,793 | 22,367,759 |
| Federal Grants and Reimbursements State Grants and Reimbursements | 13,830,731 1,079,587 | 5,198,209 |
| Other Grants | 1,079,387 | 2,265,267 50,000 |
| Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities | 38,355,111 | 29,881,235 |
| | | |
| Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities | | 44.000.000 |
| Capital Grants and Reimbursements | 3,375,318 | 11,825,078 |
| Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets Net Proceeds from Sale of Assets | (3,048,407) | (19,556,454) |
| Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities | 9,964 336,875 | (7,671,164) |
| Net Cash 110 raca (Osca) by Capital and Related 1 mancing Nett races | 330,073 | (7,071,104) |
| Cash Flows from Investing Activities | | |
| Interest Received | (1,088,830) | (183,488) |
| Purchase of Investment Securities | (23,309,789) | (33,000,680) |
| Proceeds from Maturities of Investments | 16,353,138 | 23,082,280 |
| Insurance Reserves Net Cash Used by Investment Activities | 167,048 (7,878,433) | 8,576 (10,093,312) |
| Net Cash Osed by investment Activities | (7,676,433) | (10,093,312) |
| Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents | 13,593,766 | (3,929,276) |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year | 11,219,931 | 15,149,207 |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year | \$ 24,813,697 | \$ 11,219,931 |
| Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Used for Operating Activities | | |
| Operating Loss | \$ (19,923,354) | \$ (14,953,037) |
| Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to | | |
| Net Cash Used for Operating Activities: | | |
| Depreciation | 5,743,903 | 5,706,489 |
| Non-Transportation Revenue | 223,308 | 234,743 |
| Change in Assets and Liabilities: (Increase) Decrease in: | | |
| Trade Accounts Receivable | 78,972 | (137,573) |
| Materials and Supplies | (291,268) | (19,781) |
| Prepaid Assets | (31,407) | (158,265) |
| Net Pension Asset | (108,467) | (66,395) |
| Net OPEB Asset | (812,912) | (1,010,815) |
| (Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows of Resources: | | |
| Deferred Outflows - Pension | (792,962) | 146,389 |
| Deferred Outflows - OPEB Increase (Decrease) in: | 675,108 | 506,677 |
| Accounts Payable | 110,517 | (371,691) |
| Accrued Payroll and Benefits | (16,424) | (64,837) |
| Net Pension Liability | (3,279,553) | (1,933,446) |
| Net OPEB Liability | 0 | (7,298,853) |
| Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows of Resources: | | |
| Deferred Inflows - Pension | 2,441,762 | 1,372,779 |
| Deferred Inflows - OPEB | (1,237,010) | 2,001,581 |
| Total Adjustments Net Cash Used for Operating Activities | 2,703,567 \$ (17,219,787) | (1,092,998) \$ (16,046,035) |
| 1.00 Canal Cook for Operating Liverines | Ψ (17,217,707) | Ţ (10,0±0,033) |
| See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements. | | |

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

NOTE 1: ORGANIZATION

Laketran was formed as the public agency responsible for public transportation in Lake County. Laketran is a political subdivision of the State of Ohio and was organized as a regional transit authority in accordance with the provisions of the Ohio Revised Code Sections 306.30 through 306.71, inclusive. Therefore, Laketran is not subject to federal, state, or local income taxes.

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of Laketran have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

The more significant of Laketran's accounting policies are described below.

Financial Reporting Entity

For financial reporting purposes, all departments and operations for which Laketran is financially accountable are included in the reporting entity. Financial accountability was evaluated based on consideration of financial interdependency, appointment of voting majority, and imposition of will. No governmental units other than Laketran itself are included in the reporting entity. There are no component units based on the consideration above.

Under the current GASB guidelines, Laketran is a jointly governed organization. All nine members of its Board are appointed by the Lake County Board of Commissioners. The Lake County Board of Commissioners did not provide any support or have any significant financial transactions with Laketran during 2022 or 2021.

Basis of Presentation

Laketran's basic financial statements consist of a statement of net position, a statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position, and a statement of cash flows.

Laketran uses a single enterprise fund to maintain its financial records on an accrual basis. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts.

Enterprise fund reporting focuses on the determination of the change in net position, financial position, and cash flows. An enterprise fund may be used to account for any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods and services.

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The enterprise fund is accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. All assets and deferred outflows of resources and all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of Laketran are included on the statement of net position. The statement of changes in net position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total position. The statement of cash flows provides information about how Laketran finances and meets the cash flow needs of its enterprise activity.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of Laketran's enterprise fund are charges to customers for passenger fare for transit services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of transit services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, Laketran considers all highly liquid investments with an initial maturity date of three months or less to be cash equivalents. The carrying amount of cash equivalents and investments is fair value. The net change in fair value of investments is recorded on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position and includes the unrealized and realized gains and losses on investments.

During 2021 and 2022, Laketran invested in STAR Ohio. STAR Ohio (the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio), is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 79 Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants. Laketran measures their investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides a NAV per share that approximates fair value.

For 2022, there were no limitation or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, notice must be given 24 hours in advance of all deposits and withdrawals exceeding \$100 million. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transactions to \$250 million, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$250 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021 (CONTINUED)

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments (Continued)

At December 31, 2022 and 2021, Laketran had \$358,093 and \$525,141, respectively, of cash and cash equivalents held with the Ohio Transit Risk Pool. These funds will be used to insure future claims. For additional information, see Note 9 of the basic financial statements.

Laketran had investments in segregated accounts at December 31, 2022 and 2021, of \$649,645 and \$542,658, respectively. These funds are used for fuel hedging.

Derivative and Hedging Activities

Laketran's derivative instruments are accounted for in accordance with GASB Statement No. 53, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments. Under GASB 53, derivatives are either categorized as hedging derivative instruments or investment derivatives. Hedging derivative instruments are associated with specific hedging transactions wherein the intent is to significantly reduce risks. Changes in fair value of hedges are reported as either deferred inflows of resources or deferred outflows of resources in the statement of net position. For accounting purposes, in order to qualify as a hedge, the relationship between the derivative and the underlying item must result in a hedge that is "effective" in mitigating risk. If the hedge transaction is considered "ineffective" the valuation of the instrument is considered investment income or loss in the flows of resources statements.

Laketran has adopted GASB 53 to account for future contracts to hedge variability in future cash flows resulting from volatility in diesel fuel prices. Fair value is determined based on quoted prices in active markets for the derivative instrument. Because the fuel hedge is an effective hedge as defined by GASB 53, the unrealized gain (loss) on the fuel hedge is reported as deferred inflow/outflow of resources in the statement of net position.

Inventory

Inventory is stated at cost.

Capital Assets and Depreciation

Property, facilities, and equipment are stated at cost. Donated property is capitalized at acquisition value at the date donated. Laketran's capitalization threshold is \$1,500.

Depreciation on all assets is computed on the straight-line method based on the following estimated useful lives:

| Description | <u>Years</u> |
|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Buildings and Improvements | 5 - 45 |
| Equipment | 5 - 10 |
| Furniture and Office Equipment | 5 - 10 |
| Parking Lots and Bus Shelters | 10 |
| Communication System | 15 |
| Vehicles | 4 -12 |

Cost of property retired and the related depreciation are removed from the asset account and accumulated depreciation account, respectively.

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Compensated Absences

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, vacation time is accrued as a liability when an employee's right to receive compensation is attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the employee will be compensated through paid time off or some other means, such as cash payments at termination or retirement. Leave time that has been earned but is unavailable for use as paid time off or as some other form of compensation because an employee has not met the minimum service time requirement, is accrued to the extent that it is considered compensation that will be met in the future.

Sick leave is accrued using the vesting method, whereby the liability is recorded on the basis of leave accumulated by employees who are eligible to receive termination payments as of the balance sheet date.

Pension

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability/asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB, and pension/OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

Net Position

Net position is the residual amount when comparing assets and deferred outflows of resources to liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. The net investment in capital assets component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. The restricted component of net position is reported when there are limitations imposed on their use either through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. The restricted component of net position at December 31, 2022 and 2021 was \$358,093 and \$525,141, respectively.

Recognition of Revenue and Receivables

Passenger fares are recorded as revenue at the time services are performed.

The Federal Transit Administration (FTA) and the Ohio Department of Transportation (ODOT) provide financial assistance and make grants directly to Laketran for acquisition of property and equipment. Operating grants and special fare assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as grant receivables and revenues over the entitlement period. Capital grants for the acquisition of property and equipment (reimbursement type grants) are recorded as grant receivables and credited to revenue when the related qualified expenditures are incurred. Capital grants received in advance of project costs being incurred are deferred inflows of resources. Subsidies from various local governments/agencies are recognized when received.

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenses/expenditures) until then. For Laketran, deferred outflows of resources include pension and OPEB (Notes 6 and 7) for 2022 and 2021.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. For Laketran, deferred inflows of resources include pension and OPEB (See Notes 6 and 7) for 2022 and 2021; grants that have not met time requirements for 2022 and 2021; and fair value of derivative instruments (Note 10) for 2021.

Investment Policy

State statutes and Board resolutions authorize Laketran's investments. Laketran is authorized to invest in U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of federal government agencies or instrumentalities, collateralized repurchase agreements, certificates of deposit, bankers' acceptances, commercial paper, savings accounts, the State Treasurer's Asset Reserve (STAR Ohio) investment pool and investment derivative instruments.

NOTE 3: **DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS**

Cash on Hand

At December 31, 2022 and 2021, Laketran had undeposited cash on hand, including petty cash, of \$500.

Deposits

At December 31, 2022, \$846,593 of Laketran's bank balance of \$23,200,114 was covered by Federal Depository Insurance, \$14,963,197 was uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in Laketran's name, and \$7,487,391 was uninsured and uncollateralized. At December 31, 2021, \$513,918 of Laketran's bank balance of \$9,677,116 was covered by Federal Depository Insurance, \$6,875,536 was uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in Laketran's name, and \$2,287,662 was uninsured and uncollateralized. One of Laketran's financial institutions was approved for a reduced collateral rate of 50 percent through the Ohio Pooled Collateral System, resulting in the uninsured and uncollateralized balance.

Custodial Credit Risk - Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, Laketran will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Laketran has no deposit policy for custodial risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits either be insured or be protected by:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021 (CONTINUED)

NOTE 3: **DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS** (Continued)

Deposits (Continued)

- 1. Eligible securities pledged to Laketran and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose fair value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured; or
- 2. Participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total fair value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of State. Laketran's financial institutions had enrolled in OPCS as of December 31, 2022.

Cash Held with Other Governments

At December 31, 2022 and 2021, Laketran has cash held with other governments of \$358,093 and \$525,141, respectively.

Investments

Laketran has a formal investment policy. Laketran follows GASB Statement No. 31, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools*, and records all its investments at fair value. At December 31, 2022, fair value was \$1,368,990 below Laketran's net cost for investments, and at December 31, 2021 fair value was \$304,912 below Laketran's net cost for investments. Fair value is determined by quoted market prices and acceptable other pricing methodologies.

Interest Rate Risk

As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value of losses caused by rising interest rates, Laketran's investment policy requires that operating funds be invested primarily in short-term investments maturing within 5 years from the date of purchase and that its investment portfolio be structured so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations and/or long-term debt payments. The stated intent of the policy is to avoid the need to sell securities prior to maturity.

Credit Risk

The credit risk of Laketran's investments are in the table on the following page. Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. Laketran has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Custodial Credit Risk

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, Laketran will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Laketran has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirements in State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to delivery of the securities representing such balances to the controller or qualified trustee. Laketran's investments in negotiable certificates of deposit at December 31, 2022, and December 31, 2021, were fully insured by Federal Depository Insurance.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021 (CONTINUED)

NOTE 3: **DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS** (Continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk

Laketran places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer. At December 31, 2022, Laketran's investment in Star Ohio, money market mutual fund, negotiable certificates of deposit, municipal bonds, and U.S. Government and agency securities represent 5.71, 1.51, 12.02, 8.22, and 72.54 percent, respectively, of Laketran's total investments. At December 31, 2021, Laketran's investment in Star Ohio, money market mutual fund, negotiable certificates of deposit, municipal bonds and U.S. Government and agency securities represent 7.42, 0.06, 18.10, 16.93, and 57.49 percent, respectively, of Laketran's total investments.

Cash and investments at 2022 year-end were as follows:

| | Balance | GASB 3 | Measurement | Credit Ra | ating | Level | Investr | nent Maturities (in | n Years) |
|---------------------------------------|---------------|--------------|---------------|------------|---------|-------|---------------|---------------------|---------------|
| Measurement/Investment | Sheet | Reclass | Amount | Standard | | Input | <1 | 1-2 | >2-5 |
| • | | | | & Poor's M | Moody's | | | | |
| NAV Share: | | | | | | | | | |
| STAR Ohio | \$ 0 | \$ 1,613,082 | \$ 1,613,082 | AAAm | N/A | N/A | \$ 1,613,082 | \$ 0 | \$ 0 |
| Fair Value: | | | | | | | | | |
| Money Market Mutual Fund | 426,081 | 0 | 426,081 | N/A | N/A | 1 | 426,081 | 0 | 0 |
| Certificates of Deposit | 3,394,043 | 0 | 3,394,043 | N/A | N/A | 2 | 491,270 | 1,172,703 | 1,730,070 |
| Municipal Bonds: | | | | | | | | | |
| City of Uhrichsville, Ohio | 1,455,087 | 0 | 1,455,087 | SP-1+ | N/A | 2 | 1,455,087 | 0 | 0 |
| Riversouth Authority, Ohio | 866,940 | 0 | 866,940 | AA+ | Aa2 | 2 | 866,940 | 0 | 0 |
| U.S. Government and Agency Securities | 20,491,727 | 0 | 20,491,727 | AA+ | Aaa | 2 | 6,067,305 | 2,765,970 | 11,658,451 |
| Total Investments | 26,633,878 | 1,613,082 | 28,246,960 | • | | | \$ 10,919,765 | \$ 3,938,673 | \$ 13,388,521 |
| Carrying Amount of Deposits | 24,813,197 | (1,613,082) | 23,200,115 | | | | | | |
| Cash Held with Other Governments | 358,093 | 0 | 358,093 | | | | | | |
| Investments in Segregated Accounts | 649,645 | 0 | 649,645 | | | | | | |
| Petty Cash | 500 | 0 | 500 | | | | | | |
| Totals | \$ 52,455,313 | \$ 0 | \$ 52,455,313 | : | | | | | |

N/A- Not Available/Rated

Cash and investments at 2021 year-end were as follows:

| | Balance | GASB 3 | Measurement | Credit | Rating | Level | Investr | nent Maturities (in | n Years) |
|---|---------------|--------------|---------------|----------|---------|-------|--------------|---------------------|---------------|
| Measurement/Investment | Sheet | Reclass | Amount | Standard | | Input | <1 | 1-2 | >2-5 |
| | · | | | & Poor's | Moody's | | | | |
| NAV Share: | | | | | | | | | |
| STAR Ohio | \$ 0 | \$ 1,585,949 | \$ 1,585,949 | AAAm | N/A | N/A | \$ 1,585,949 | \$ 0 | \$ 0 |
| Fair Value: | | | | | | | | | |
| Money Market Mutual Fund | 13,159 | 0 | 13,159 | N/A | N/A | 1 | 13,159 | 0 | 0 |
| Certificates of Deposit | 3,868,656 | 0 | 3,868,656 | N/A | N/A | 2 | 499,180 | 503,100 | 2,866,376 |
| Municipal Bonds: | | | | | | | | | |
| City of Uhrichsville, Ohio | 1,462,363 | 0 | 1,462,363 | SP-1+ | N/A | 2 | 1,462,362 | 0 | 0 |
| City of Mayfield Heights, Ohio | 351,546 | 0 | 351,546 | N/A | Aa2 | 2 | 351,546 | 0 | 0 |
| Ohio St Dept Administrative Services | 634,524 | 0 | 634,524 | AA | Aa2 | 2 | 634,524 | 0 | 0 |
| Little Miami Ohio Local School District | 251,715 | 0 | 251,715 | N/A | Aa3 | 2 | 251,715 | 0 | 0 |
| Riversouth Authority, Ohio | 916,476 | 0 | 916,476 | AA+ | Aa2 | 2 | 0 | 916,476 | 0 |
| U.S. Government and Agency Securities | 12,285,775 | 0 | 12,285,775 | AA+ | Aaa | 2 | 0 | 0 | 12,285,775 |
| Total Investments | 19,784,214 | 1,585,949 | 21,370,163 | | | | \$ 4,798,435 | \$ 1,419,576 | \$ 15,152,151 |
| Carrying Amount of Deposits | 11,219,431 | (1,585,949) | 9,633,482 | | | | | | |
| Cash Held with Other Governments | 525,141 | 0 | 525,141 | | | | | | |
| Investments in Segregated Accounts | 542,658 | 0 | 542,658 | | | | | | |
| Petty Cash | 500 | 0 | 500 | | | | | | |
| Totals | \$ 32,071,944 | \$ 0 | \$ 32,071,944 | | | | | | |

N/A- Not Available/Rated

NOTE 3: **DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS** (Continued)

STAR Ohio is measured at net asset value per share while all other investments are measured at fair value. Fair value is determined by quoted market prices and acceptable other pricing methodologies. Laketran categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value of hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets. Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs. Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The Money Market Mutual Fund is measured at fair value and is valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs). Laketran's remaining investments measured at fair value are valued using methodologies that incorporate market inputs such as benchmark yields, reported trades, broker/dealer quotes, issuer spreads, two-sided markets, benchmark securities, bids, offers, and reference data including market research publications. Market indicators and industry and economic events are also monitored, which could require the need to acquire further market data (Level 2 inputs).

NOTE 4: GRANT ASSISTANCE

Federal and Capital Grants

Preventive maintenance operating expenses became eligible for federal capital assistance under the Department of Transportation's 1998 Appropriations Act. Revenues are recognized in the year earned, which is the year in which eligible expenses are incurred. For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, Laketran recognized \$2,251,659 and \$1,663,611, respectively. In addition, Laketran recognized capital grants reimbursements as revenue in 2022 and 2021 of \$2,321,179 and \$12,123,349, respectively.

In 2022 and 2021, Laketran additionally received \$6,271,676 and \$8,862,116, respectively in operating assistance under the CARES Act, ARPA, and CRRSSA in response to the COVID-19 pandemic.

State Grants

The Ohio Department of Transportation typically enacts very similar regulations to those of the U.S. Department of Transportation. Preventive maintenance operating expenses are eligible for state capital assistance with certain restrictions which depend upon availability of federal funds. For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, Laketran recognized revenue of \$429,829 and \$1,313,075, respectively.

In 2022 and 2021, Laketran additionally received \$68,890 and \$7,790, respectively for COVID-19 revenue assistance.

State of Ohio Elderly and Disabled Transit Fare Assistance

The State of Ohio provides a grant each year to help defray the high costs of transporting Lake County residents who are elderly or have disabilities. For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 Laketran received \$250,000 and \$500,000, respectively.

NOTE 4: **GRANT ASSISTANCE** (Continued)

Ohio Transit Partnership Program

Laketran was awarded grant funding through the Ohio Transit Partnership Program (OTP2). The goals of OPT2 are to modernize and adapt service to increase transit competitiveness, expand service availability and improve service quality, increase ridership, address local needs, and develop integrated regional transit networks. Laketran's use of funds include capitalized maintenance, renovations at Lakeland Community College for a new transit center, and computer upgrades. For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, Laketran recognized revenue of \$26,568 and \$876,523, respectively.

Transportation for Livable Communities Initiative Program

Laketran was awarded grant funding through the Northeast Ohio Areawide Coordinating Agency's Transportation for Livable Communities Initiative (TLCI) Program. The purpose of the TLCI Program is to improve livability in Northeast Ohio's communities through transportation. Laketran will be using the funds in planning of the Vine Street Corridor, which runs from Erie Street in Downtown Willoughby to Lakeshore Boulevard in Willowick. The plan will include bringing new streetscape, lighting and transportation down the entire corridor. For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, Laketran recognized revenue of \$26,822 and \$15,359, respectively.

Paradox Prize

The Fund for Our Economic Future has provided funding to Laketran through the Paradox Prize project. The goal of the Paradox Prize is to increase transportation options for low-income residents in Northeast Ohio, in a way that increases access to jobs, ultimately promoting social welfare and combatting community deterioration. Laketran is using the funding for Transit GO, a new employee benefit program for Lake County employers to offer employees free transportation to work. For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, Laketran recognized revenue of \$0 and \$50,000, respectively.

VW Diesel Mitigation Trust Fund

Ohio EPA developed a Beneficiary Mitigation Plan, as required for the state to accept and distribute funds allocated to Ohio from the Volkswagen settlement. The plan directs these funds to eligible projects to achieve the maximum air quality benefits for the people of Ohio. Ohio EPA reached out to the public, fleet owners, interest groups, government officials and transportation organizations for information and ideas about how the settlement money should be spent within the allowable uses. Laketran used the funding to replace six model year 2009 diesel powered transit buses with six model year 2021 all-electric buses. For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, Laketran recognized revenue of \$0 and \$1,605,000, respectively.

NOTE 5: OTHER REVENUE

Sales Tax

In November 2013, Lake County electorate voted to renew a levy of 1/4 percent sales tax, and make it continuing beginning August 1, 2014, to provide local funding for all transit purposes. In November 2019, Lake County voters overwhelmingly voted for an additional 1/4 percent sales tax making Laketran's total sales to 1/2 of one percent. The new levy took effect April 1, 2020. For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, sales tax revenues totaled \$23,560,929 and \$22,716,865, respectively. Laketran records sales tax revenues and receivables as the sales taxes are earned, which is the year in which the related exchange transaction is incurred.

NOTE 6: **DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN**

Net Pension Liability/Asset

The net pension liability/(asset) reported on the statement of net position represents a liability to employees for pensions. Pensions are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension liability/asset represents Laketran's proportionate share of the pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of the pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability/asset calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits Laketran's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. Laketran cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, Laketran does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension.

GASB 68 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature.

Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable.

The proportionate share of the plan's unfunded and funded benefits is presented as a long-term *net pension liability or net pension asset* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included *in accrued payroll and benefits* on the accrual basis of accounting.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021 (CONTINUED)

NOTE 6: **DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN** (Continued)

Plan Description - Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

Plan Description - Laketran employees participate in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS administers three separate pension plans. The traditional pension plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The member-directed plan is a defined contribution plan and the combined plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with defined contribution features. While members (e.g. Laketran employees) may elect the member-directed plan and the combined plan, substantially all employee members are in the OPERS' traditional plan; therefore, the following disclosure focuses on the traditional pension plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits, and annual cost of living adjustments to members of both the traditional pension and combined plans. Members of the member-directed plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about OPERS' fiduciary net position that may be obtained by visiting https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml, by writing to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling 800-222-7377.

Senate Bill (SB) 343 was enacted into law with an effective date of January 7, 2013. In the legislation, members were categorized into three groups with varying provisions of the law applicable to each group. The following table provides age and service requirements for retirement and the retirement formula applied to final average salary (FAS) for the three member groups under the traditional plan as per the reduced benefits adopted by SB 343 (see OPERS' Annual Comprehensive Financial Report referenced above for additional information, including requirements for reduced and unreduced benefits):

| Group A | Group B | Group C |
|---|---|--|
| Eligible to retire prior to | 20 years of service credit prior to | Members not in other Groups |
| January 7, 2013 or five years | January 7, 2013 or eligible to retire | and members hired on or after |
| after January 7, 2013 | ten years after January 7, 2013 | January 7, 2013 |
| State and Local | State and Local | State and Local |
| Age and Service Requirements: | Age and Service Requirements: | Age and Service Requirements: |
| Age 60 with 60 months of service credit | Age 60 with 60 months of service credit | Age 62 with 60 months of service credit |
| or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit | or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit | or Age 62 with 5 years of service credit |
| Formula: | Formula: | Formula: |
| 2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of | 2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of | 2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of |
| service for the first 30 years and 2.5% | service for the first 30 years and 2.5% | service for the first 35 years and 2.5% |
| for service years in excess of 30 | for service years in excess of 30 | for service years in excess of 35 |

Final average Salary (FAS) represents the average of the three highest years of earnings over a member's career for Groups A and B. Group C is based on the average of the five highest years of earnings over a member's career.

NOTE 6: **DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN** (Continued)

Plan Description - Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) (Continued)

Members who retire before meeting the age and years of service credit requirement for unreduced benefits receive a percentage reduction in the benefit amount. The base amount of a member's pension benefit is locked in upon receipt of the initial benefit payment for calculation of the annual cost of living adjustment.

When a traditional plan benefit recipient has received benefits for 12 months, an annual cost of living adjustment (COLA) is provided. This COLA is calculated on the base retirement benefit at the date of retirement and is not compounded. For those retiring prior to January 7, 2013, the COLA will continue to be a 3 percent simple annual COLA. For those retiring subsequent to January 7, 2013, beginning in calendar year 2019, the COLA will be based on the average percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index, capped at 3 percent. Cost-of-living adjustments for OPERS members in 2022 will be 3 percent for all those eligible to receive the annual benefit increase.

A death benefit of \$500 - \$2,500, determined by the number of years of service credit of the retiree, is paid to the beneficiary of a deceased retiree or disability benefit recipient under the Tradition pension plan and the Combined Plan.

Defined contribution plan benefits are established in the plan documents, which may be amended by the Board. Member-directed plan and combined plan members who have met the retirement eligibility requirements may apply for retirement benefits. The amount available for defined contribution benefits in the combined plan consists of the members' contributions plus or minus the investment gains or losses resulting from the members' investment selections. Combined plan members wishing to receive benefits must meet the requirements for both the defined benefit and defined contribution plans.

Member-directed participants must have attained the age of 55, have money on deposit in the defined contribution plan and have terminated public service to apply for retirement benefits. The amount available for defined contribution benefits in the member-directed plan consists of the members' contributions, vested employer contributions and investment gains or losses resulting from the members' investment selections. Employer contributions and associated investment earnings vest over a five-year period, at a rate of 20 percent each year.

At retirement, members may select one of several distribution options for payment of the vested balance in their individual OPERS accounts. Options include the purchase of a monthly defined benefit annuity from OPERS (which includes joint and survivor options), partial lump-sum payments (subject to limitations), a rollover of the vested account balance to another financial institution, receipt of entire account balance, net of taxes withheld, or a combination of these options.

Beginning in 2022, the combined plan will be consolidated under the traditional pension plan (defined benefit plan) and the combined plan will no longer be available for new hires beginning in 2022.

NOTE 6: **DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN** (Continued)

Plan Description - Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) (Continued)

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

| | State and Local |
|---|--------------------|
| 2021 Statutory Maximum Contribution Rates | |
| Employer | 14.0 % |
| Employee * | 10.0 % |
| 2021 Actual Contribution Rates | |
| Employer: | |
| Pension | 14.0 % |
| Post-employment Health Care Benefits** | 0.0 |
| Total Employer | 14.0 % |
| Employee | 10.0 % |

- * Member contributions within combined plan are not used to fund the defined benefit retirement allowance
- ** The pension and employer health care rates are for the traditional and combined plans. The employer contributions rate for the member-directed plan is allocated 4 percent for health care with remainder going to pension.

The portion of employer contributions used to fund pension benefits is net of postemployment health care benefits. The portion of the employer's contribution allocated to health care was 0% for 2022 for the Traditional and Combined plans. The portion of the employer's contribution allocated to health care was 4% for the Member-Directed plan for 2022. Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. Laketran's contractually required contribution was \$1,364,919 for 2022 and \$1,213,864 for 2021. Of these amounts, \$117,913 and \$104,073, for 2022 and 2021 respectively, is reported as accrued payroll and benefits.

NOTE 6: **DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN** (Continued)

Pension Liabilities/Pension Assets, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability/asset for OPERS was measured as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability/asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of those dates. Laketran's proportion of the net pension liability/asset was based on Laketran's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

| | | 2022 | | | 2021 | |
|---|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|------------|
| | OPERS | OPERS | | OPERS | OPERS | |
| | Traditional | Combined | | Traditional | Combined | |
| | Pension Plan | Pension Plan | Total | Pension Plan | Pension Plan | Total |
| Proportion of the Net Pension Liability/Asset | | | | | | |
| Prior Measurement Date | 0.055423% | 0.097517% | | 0.051303% | 0.103154% | |
| Proportion of the Net Pension Liability/Asset | | | | | | |
| Current Measurement Date | 0.056634% | 0.098974% | | 0.055423% | 0.097517% | |
| Change in Proportionate Share | 0.001211% | 0.001457% | | 0.004120% | -0.005637% | |
| | | | | | | |
| Proportionate Share of the Net Pension | | | | | | |
| Liability/(Asset) | \$ 4,927,387 | \$ (389,963) | | \$ 8,206,940 | \$ (281,496) | |
| Pension Expense | \$ (360,678) | \$ (13,623) | \$ (374,301) | \$ 725,693 | \$ 7,498 | \$ 733,191 |

At December 31, 2022 and 2021, Laketran reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

| | 2022 | | | | | | 2021 | | | | | |
|---|------|-------------|-------|------------|-----|-----------|-------------|-------------|--------------|---------|-------|----------|
| | | OPERS | OPERS | | · · | OPERS OI | | OPERS | | | | |
| | Γ | raditional | C | Combined | | | Traditional | | Combined | | | |
| | P | ension Plan | Per | nsion Plan | | Total | P | ension Plan | Pension Plan | | Total | |
| Deferred Outflows of Resources | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Differences between expected and | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| actual experience | \$ | 251,191 | \$ | 2,419 | \$ | 253,610 | \$ | 0 | \$ | 0 | \$ | 0 |
| Changes of assumptions | | 616,165 | | 19,599 | | 635,764 | | 0 | | 17,578 | | 17,578 |
| Changes in proportion and differences | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| between Laketran contributions and | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| proportionate share of contributions | | 339,040 | | 18,086 | | 357,126 | | 565,868 | | 21,147 | | 587,015 |
| Laketran contributions subsequent to the | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| measurement date | | 1,295,479 | | 69,440 | | 1,364,919 | | 1,150,693 | | 63,171 | 1 | ,213,864 |
| Total Deferred Outflows of Resources | \$ | 2,501,875 | \$ | 109,544 | \$ | 2,611,419 | \$ | 1,716,561 | \$ | 101,896 | \$ 1 | ,818,457 |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Net difference between projected and | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| actual earnings on pension plan investments | \$ | 5,860,950 | \$ | 83,601 | \$ | 5,944,551 | \$ | 3,198,826 | \$ | 41,863 | \$ 3 | ,240,689 |
| Differences between expected and | Ψ. | 2,000,720 | Ψ | 05,001 | Ψ | 0,5,001 | Ψ. | 2,170,020 | Ψ | 11,000 | Ψ. | ,2 .0,00 |
| actual experience | | 108,069 | | 43,619 | | 151,688 | | 343,303 | | 53,108 | | 396,411 |
| Changes in proportion and differences | | 100,000 | | 15,017 | | 101,000 | | 3.0,505 | | 23,100 | | 570,.11 |
| between Laketran contributions and | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| proportionate share of contributions | | 0 | | 12,721 | | 12,721 | | 18,179 | | 11,919 | | 30,098 |
| Total Deferred Inflows of Resources | \$ | 5,969,019 | \$ | 139,941 | \$ | 6,108,960 | \$ | 3,560,308 | \$ | 106,890 | \$ 3 | ,667,198 |

NOTE 6: **DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN** (Continued)

Pension Liabilities/Pension Assets, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

At of December 31, 2022, \$1,364,919 is reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from Authority contributions subsequent to the measurement date, and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending December 31, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

| | OPERS Traditional Pension Plan | | S Combined nsion Plan | Total | |
|--------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------|---------------------------|-------|-------------|
| Year Ending December 31: | | | | | _ |
| 2023 | \$ | (478,741) | \$ (25,176) | \$ | (503,917) |
| 2024 | | (1,973,395) | (34,976) | | (2,008,371) |
| 2025 | | (1,378,147) | (22,515) | | (1,400,662) |
| 2026 | | (932,340) | (16,383) | | (948,723) |
| 2027 | | - | (1,227) | | (1,227) |
| Thereafter | | - | 440 | | 440 |
| Total | \$ | (4,762,623) | \$ (99,837) | \$ | (4,862,460) |

Actuarial Assumptions - OPERS

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the values of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review or modification as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2021, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement in accordance with the requirements of GASB 67. In 2021, the Board's actuarial consultants conducted an experience study for the period 2016 through 2020, comparing assumptions to actual results. The experience study incorporates both a historical review and forward-looking projections to determine the appropriate set of assumptions to keep the plan on a path toward full funding. Information from this study led to changes in both demographic and economic assumptions, with the most notable being a reduction in the actuarially assumed rate of return from 7.2% down to 6.9%, for the defined benefit investments. Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results, are presented on the following page:

NOTE 6: **DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN** (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions – OPERS (Continued)

| | Traditional Pension Plan | Combined Plan |
|---------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Wage Inflation | | • |
| Current Measurement Date: | 2.75 percent | 2.75 percent |
| Prior Measurement Date: | 3.25 percent | 3.25 percent |
| Future Salary Increases, | | |
| including inflation | | |
| Current Measurement Date: | 2.75 to 10.75 percent | 2.75 to 8.25 percent |
| | including wage inflation | including wage inflation |
| Prior Measurement Date: | 3.25 to 10.75 percent | 3.25 to 8.25 percent |
| | including wage inflation | including wage inflation |
| COLA or Ad Hoc COLA | | |
| Pre 1/7/2013 retirees: | 3 percent, simple | 3 percent, simple |
| Post 1/7/2013 retirees: | | |
| Current Measurement Date: | 3 percent, simple through 2022, | 3 percent, simple through 2022, |
| | then 2.05 percent simple | then 2.05 percent simple |
| Prior Measurement Date: | 0.50 percent, simple through 2021, | 0.50 percent, simple through 2021, |
| | then 2.15 percent simple | then 2.15 percent simple |
| Investment Rate of Return | | |
| Current Measurement Date: | 6.9 percent | 6.9 percent |
| Prior Measurement Date: | 7.2 percent | 7.2 percent |
| Actuarial Cost Method | Individual Entry Age | Individual Entry Age |

Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on 130% of the Pub-2010 General Employee Mortality tables (males and females) for State and Local Government divisions and 170% of the Pub-2010 Safety Employee Mortality tables (males and females) for the Public Safety and Law Enforcement divisions. Post-retirement mortality rates are based on 115% of the PubG-2010 Retiree Mortality Tables (males and females) for all divisions. Post-retirement mortality rates for disabled retirees are based on the PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree Mortality Tables (males and females) for all divisions. For all of the previously described tables, the base year is 2010 and mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2020 mortality improvement scales (males and females) to all of these tables.

The long-term expected rate of return on defined benefit investment assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected real rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation.

OPERS manages investments in three investment portfolios: the Defined Benefits portfolio, the Health Care portfolio, and the Defined Contribution portfolio. The Defined Benefit portfolio includes the investment assets of the Traditional Pension Plan, the defined benefit component of the Combined Plan, the annuitized accounts of the Member-Directed Plan. Within the Defined Benefit portfolio, contributions into the plans are all recorded at the same time, and benefit payments all occur on the first of the month. Accordingly, the money-weighted rate of return is considered to be the same for all plans within the portfolio. The annual money weighted rate of return expressing investment performances, net of investments expenses and adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested, for the Defined Benefit portfolio was at a gain of 15.3 percent for 2021.

NOTE 6: **DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN** (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions – OPERS (Continued)

The allocation of investment assets with the Defined Benefit portfolio is approved by the Board of Trustees as outlined in the annual investment plan. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the defined benefit pension plans.

The table below displays the Board-approved asset allocation policy for 2021 and the long-term expected real rates of return:

| Asset Class | Target Allocation | Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return (Geometric) |
|------------------------|-------------------|--|
| Fixed Income | 24.00 % | 1.03 % |
| Domestic Equities | 21.00 | 3.78 |
| Real Estate | 11.00 | 3.66 |
| Private Equity | 12.00 | 7.43 |
| International Equities | 23.00 | 4.88 |
| Risk Parity | 5.00 | 2.92 |
| Other investments | 4.00 | 2.85 |
| Total | 100.00 % | 4.21 % |

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.9 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefits payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of Laketran's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate The following table presents Laketran's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 6.9 percent, as well as what Laketran's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (5.9 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (7.9 percent) than the current rate:

| | | 2022 | | | | | 2021 | | |
|---|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|----|-----------------------|----|---------------------|----|-----------------------|
| | | Current | | | | | Current | | |
| Laketran's proportionate share of the net pension liability/(asset) | 1% Decrease (5.90%) | Discount Rate (6.90%) | 1% Increase (7.90%) | 1 | % Decrease (6.20%) | Di | scount Rate (7.20%) | 1 | % Increase (8.20%) |
| Traditional Pension Plan | \$ 12,991,273 | \$ 4,927,387 | \$ 1,782,838 | \$ | 15,654,781 | \$ | 8,206,940 | \$ | 2,014,072 |
| Combined Plan | \$ (290,984) | \$ (389,963) | \$ (467,157) | \$ | (196,009) | \$ | (281,496) | \$ | (345,210) |

NOTE 7: **DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLAN**

Net OPEB Asset

The net OPEB asset reported on the statement of net position represents an asset to employees for OPEB. OPEB is a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. OPEB are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for OPEB is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net OPEB asset represents Laketran's proportionate share of the OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net OPEB asset calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting these estimates annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits Laketran's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. Laketran cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which OPEB are financed; however, Laketran does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including OPEB.

GASB 75 assumes that any liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because they benefit from employee services. OPEB contributions come from these employers and health care plan enrollees which pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. The Ohio revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. Any change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net OPEB liability/asset. Resulting adjustments to the net OPEB liability/asset would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The proportionate share of the plan's funded benefits are presented as a long-term *net OPEB* asset on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required OPEB contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in accrued payroll and benefits on the accrual basis of accounting.

Plan Description – Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

Plan Description - The Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) administers three separate pension plans: the traditional pension plan, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan; the member-directed plan, a defined contribution plan; and the combined plan, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and defined contribution plan.

NOTE 7: **DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLAN** (Continued)

Plan Description – Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) (Continued)

OPERS maintains a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment health care trust, which funds multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage and deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement to qualifying benefit recipients of both the traditional pension and the combined plans. This trust is also used to fund health care for member-directed plan participants, in the form of a Retiree Medical Account (RMA). At retirement or refund, member directed plan participants may be eligible for reimbursement of qualified medical expenses from their vested RMA balance.

Effective January 1, 2022, OPERS will discontinue the group plans currently offered to non-Medicare retirees and re-employed retirees. Instead, eligible non-Medicare retirees will select an individual medical plan. OPERS will provide a subsidy or allowance via an HRA allowance to those retirees who meet health care eligibility requirements. Retirees will be able to seek reimbursement for plan premiums and other qualified medical expenses. These changes are reflected in the December 31, 2021, measurement date health care valuation.

In order to qualify for postemployment health care coverage, generally age and service retirees under the traditional pension and combined plans must be at least age sixty with twenty or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit, or thirty years of qualifying service at any age. Health care coverage for disability benefit recipients and qualified survivor benefit recipients is available. The health care coverage provided by OPERS meets the definition of an Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement 75. See OPERS' Annual Comprehensive Financial Report referenced below for additional information.

The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require OPERS to provide health care to its eligible benefit recipients. Authority to establish and amend health care coverage is provided to the Board in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code.

Disclosures for the health care plan are presented separately in the OPERS financial report. Interested parties may obtain a copy by visiting https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling (614) 222-5601 or 800-222-7377.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code provides the statutory authority requiring public employers to fund postemployment health care through their contributions to OPERS. When funding is approved by OPERS Board of Trustees, a portion of each employer's contribution to OPERS is set aside to fund OPERS health care plans. Beginning in 2018, health care was no longer being funded.

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. In 2022, state and local employers contributed at a rate of 14.0 percent of earnable salary and public safety and law enforcement employers contributed at 18.1 percent. These are the maximum employer contribution rates permitted by the Ohio Revised Code. Active member contributions do not fund health care.

NOTE 7: **DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLAN** (Continued)

Plan Description - Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) (Continued)

Each year, the OPERS Board determines the portion of the employer contribution rate that will be set aside to fund health care plans. For 2022, OPERS did not allocate employer contributions to health care for members in the Traditional Pension Plan and Combined Plan. The OPERS Board is also authorized to establish rules for the retiree or their surviving beneficiaries to pay a portion of the health care provided. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected. The employer contribution as a percentage of covered payroll deposited into the RMA for participants in the Member-Directed Plan for 2022 was 4.0 percent.

Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. Laketran's contractually required contribution was \$18,617 for 2022 and \$16,372 for 2021.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Asset, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB asset and total OPEB liability for OPERS were determined by actuarial valuations as of December 31, 2020, rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2021, and as of December 31, 2019, rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2020, by incorporating the expected value of health care cost accruals, the actual health care payment, and interest accruals during the year. Laketran's proportion of the net OPEB liability/asset was based on Laketran's share of contributions to the retirement plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

| | 2022 | 2021 |
|---|-------------------|-------------------|
| | OPERS | OPERS |
| Proportion of the Net OPEB Asset | _ | _ |
| Prior Measurement Date | 0.056737% | 0.052842% |
| Proportion of the Net OPEB Asset | | |
| Current Measurement Date | 0.058226% | 0.056737% |
| Change in Proportionate Share | 0.001489% | 0.003895% |
| | | |
| Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB (Asset) | \$ (1,823,727) | \$ (1,010,815) |
| OPEB Expense | \$ (1,356,197) | \$ (5,785,038) |

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021 (CONTINUED)

NOTE 7: **DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLAN** (Continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Asset, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

At December 31, 2022 and 2021, Laketran reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

| | 2022 | 2021 |
|---|-------------|-------------|
| | OPERS | OPERS |
| Deferred Outflows of Resources | | |
| Changes of assumptions | \$0 | \$496,928 |
| Changes in proportion and differences | | |
| between Laketran contributions and | | |
| proportionate share of contributions | 153,410 | 333,835 |
| Laketran contributions subsequent to the | | |
| measurement date | 18,617 | 16,372 |
| Total Deferred Outflows of Resources | \$172,027 | \$847,135 |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources | | |
| Net difference between projected and | | |
| actual earnings on pension plan investments | \$869,424 | \$538,376 |
| Differences between expected and | | |
| actual experience | 276,630 | 912,253 |
| Changes of assumptions | 738,224 | 1,637,823 |
| Changes in proportion and differences | | |
| between Laketran contributions and | | |
| proportionate share of contributions | 0 | 32,836 |
| Total Deferred Inflows of Resources | \$1,884,278 | \$3,121,288 |

At December 31, 2022, \$18,617 is reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from Laketran contributions subsequent to the measurement date, and will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability and increase of the net OPEB asset in 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

| | OPERS |
|--------------------------|-------------------|
| Year Ending December 31: | |
| 2023 | \$ (1,020,832) |
| 2024 | (395,209) |
| 2025 | (189,965) |
| 2026 | (124,862) |
| Total | \$ (1,730,868) |

NOTE 7: **DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLAN** (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - OPERS

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the values of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review or modification as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan and include the types of coverage provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of costs between OPERS and plan members. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2020, rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2021. The actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions applied to all prior periods included in the measurement in accordance with the requirements of GASB 74:

Wage Inflation

Current Measurement Date: 2.75 percent Prior Measurement Date: 3.25 percent 3.25 percent

Projected Salary Increases, including inflation

Current Measurement Date: 2.75 to 10.75 percent, including wage inflation Prior Measurement Date: 3.25 to 10.75 percent, including wage inflation

Single Discount Rate: 6.00 percent
Investment Rate of Return 6.00 percent

Municipal Bond Rate

Current Measurement Date: 1.84 percent Prior Measurement Date: 2.00 percent

Health Care Cost Trend Rate

Current Measurement Date: 5.50 percent initial, 3.50 percent ultimate in 2034
Prior Measurement Date: 8.50 percent initial, 3.50 percent ultimate in 2035

Actuarial Cost Method Individual Entry Age

Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on 130% of the Pub-2010 General Employee Mortality tables (males and females) for State and Local Government divisions and 170% of the Pub-2010 Safety Employee Mortality tables (males and females) for the Public Safety and Law Enforcement divisions. Post-retirement mortality rates are based on 115% of the PubG-2010 Retiree Mortality Tables (males and females) for all divisions. Post-retirement mortality rates for disabled retirees are based on the PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree Mortality Tables (males and females) for all divisions. For all of the previously described tables, the base year is 2010 and mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2020 mortality improvement scales (males and females) to all of these tables.

NOTE 7: **DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLAN** (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions – OPERS (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on health care investment assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected real rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation.

During 2021, OPERS managed investments in three investment portfolios: the Defined Benefit portfolio, the Health Care portfolio and the Defined Contribution portfolio. The Health Care portfolio includes the assets for health care expenses for the Traditional Pension Plan, Combined Plan and Member-Directed Plan eligible members. Within the Health Care portfolio, contributions into the plans are assumed to be received continuously throughout the year based on the actual payroll payable at the time contributions are made, and health care-related payments are assumed to occur mid-year. Accordingly, the money-weighted rate of return is considered to be the same for all plans within the portfolio. The annual money-weighted rate of return expressing investment performance, net of investment expenses and adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested, for the Health Care portfolio is 14.30 percent for 2021.

The allocation of investment assets with the Health Care portfolio is approved by the Board of Trustees as outlined in the annual investment plan. Assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of continuing to offer a sustainable health care program for current and future retirees. OPERS' primary goal is to achieve and maintain a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the defined pension plans. Health care is a discretionary benefit. The table below displays the Board-approved asset allocation policy for 2021 and the long-term expected real rates of return:

| Asset Class | Target Allocation | Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return (Geometric) |
|------------------------------|----------------------|--|
| Fixed Income | 34.00 % | 0.91 % |
| Domestic Equities | 25.00 | 3.78 |
| Real Estate Investment Trust | 7.00 | 3.71 |
| International Equities | 25.00 | 4.88 |
| Risk Parity | 2.00 | 2.92 |
| Other investments | 7.00 | 1.93 |
| Total | 100.00 % | 3.45 % |

NOTE 7: **DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLAN** (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions – OPERS (Continued)

Discount Rate A single discount rate of 6.00 percent was used to measure the OPEB asset on the measurement date of December 31, 2021. A single discount rate of 6.00 percent was used to measure the OPEB asset on the measurement date of December 31, 2020. Projected benefit payments are required to be discounted to their actuarial present value using a single discount rate that reflects (1) a long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments (to the extent that the health care fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and (2) tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate are not met). This single discount rate was based on an expected rate of return on the health care investment portfolio of 6.00 percent and a municipal bond rate of 1.84 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rate. Based on these assumptions, the health care fiduciary net position and future contributions were sufficient to finance health care costs through 2121. As a result, the long-term expected rate of return on health care investments was applied to projected costs through the year 2121, the duration of the projection period through which projected health care payments are fully funded.

Sensitivity of Laketran's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate The following table presents Laketran's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset calculated using the single discount rate as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, as well as what Laketran's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower or one-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

| | | 2022 | | | 2021 | | |
|--|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|--|
| | Current | | | Current | | | |
| | 1% Decrease (5.00%) | Discount Rate (6.00%) | 1% Increase (7.00%) | 1% Decrease (5.00%) | Discount Rate (6.00%) | 1% Increase (7.00%) | |
| Laketran's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability/(asset) | \$ (1,072,523) | \$ (1,823,727) | \$ (2,447,239) | \$ (251,345) | \$ (1,010,815) | \$ (1,635,160) | |

Sensitivity of Laketran's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rate Changes in the health care cost trend rate may also have a significant impact on the net OPEB asset. The following table presents the net OPEB asset calculated using the assumed trend rates, and the expected net OPEB asset if it were calculated using a health care cost trend rate that is 1.0 percent lower or 1.0 percent higher than the current rate.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021 (CONTINUED)

NOTE 7: **DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLAN** (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions – OPERS (Continued)

Retiree health care valuations use a health care cost-trend assumption that changes over several years built into the assumption. The near-term rates reflect increases in the current cost of health care; the trend starting in 2022 is 5.50 percent. If this trend continues for future years, the projection indicates that years from now virtually all expenditures will be for health care. A more reasonable alternative is that in the not-too-distant future, the health plan cost trend will decrease to a level at, or near, wage inflation. On this basis, the actuaries project premium rate increases will continue to exceed wage inflation for approximately the next decade, but by less each year, until leveling off at an ultimate rate, assumed to be 3.50 percent in the most recent valuation.

| | | 2022 | | 2021 | | | |
|--|---------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------|--------------|--|
| | Current Health Care | | | (| Current Health Care | e | |
| | | Cost Trend Rate Cost Trend Rate | | | | | |
| | 1% Decrease | Assumption | 1% Increase | 1% Decrease | Assumption | 1% Increase | |
| Laketran's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability/(asset) | \$ (1.843.435) | \$ (1,823,727) | \$ (1,800,348) | \$ (135,450) | \$ (1,010,815) | \$ (983.252) | |
| of the net of ED hability/(asset) | Φ (1,045,455) | Ψ (1,023,727) | ψ (1,000,5 4 0) | φ (155, 4 50) | Φ (1,010,013) | Ψ (903,232) | |

NOTE 8: COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Employees of Laketran earn vacation and sick leave at various rates under Laketran policy. In case of death, termination, or retirement, an employee or their estate is paid for portions of these benefits. Laketran records a liability for vacation, holiday, and sick hours earned but not used at year-end at the employees' current wage rate. Laketran's obligations for these amounts at December 31, 2022 and 2021 amounted to approximately \$1,085,324 and \$1,158,085, respectively.

Changes in compensated absences liabilities are as follows:

| | Balance at | | | | | |
|------|--------------|-----------|---------------|--------------|----|-----------|
| | Beginning | | | Balance at | Dι | ie Within |
| | of Year | Additions | Deletions | End of Year | C | ne Year |
| 2022 | \$ 1,158,085 | \$ 573,70 | \$ 646,463 | \$ 1,085,324 | \$ | 575,306 |
| 2021 | \$ 1,334,900 | \$ 573,75 | 50 \$ 750,565 | \$ 1,158,085 | \$ | 646,463 |

NOTE 9: **RISK MANAGEMENT**

Since 1996. Laketran has been a member of the Ohio Transit Risk Pool (OTRP), a joint self-insurance pool, created pursuant to Section 2744.081 of the Ohio Revised Code. OTRP has been in existence since 1994 and operates pursuant to by-laws and a Board of Trustees to provide self-insurance through risk retention and to purchase property and liability coverage from A rated, or greater, commercial carriers.

NOTE 9: **RISK MANAGEMENT** (Continued)

During the loss year of December 1, 2021 - November 30, 2022, OTRP provided to Laketran commercial property coverage with limits of \$250,000,000. The pool retained the first \$100,000 of these losses. For auto-physical damage, the pool provided \$100,000,000 in coverage and retained \$250,000. Crime coverage limits are \$4,000,000. The following coverages were also provided: auto/transit liability, general liability, E&O, and EBL \$10,000,000. These limits are per occurrence no aggregate limits apply. For each of these lines the pool retained \$2,000,000.

Laketran's deductible for all claims was \$1,000 except for auto physical damage which was \$25,000.

OTRP provides the Treasurer of Laketran a Bond as required by Ohio law.

As of December 31, 2022, Laketran has met all obligations to OTRP. There are no special assessments being billed at this time and there are no known loss developments which would lead to an unfunded special assessment.

Laketran pays OTRP through an initial contribution for reinsurance and/or excess insurance and quarterly payments for their loss and administrative fee. Laketran's contribution percentage for 2021 and 2022 was 110.429 percent.

Laketran participates in the State of Ohio Workers' Compensation plan, paying premiums directly to the State.

Laketran provides medical and life insurance to its employees by participating in the self-insured pooled network offered by the Health Transit Pool of Ohio.

Laketran is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Settled claims resulting from the previously noted risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 10: **DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS**

Pursuant to Ohio Revised Code Sections 9.835 (A), (B), and (C) and Section 135.14, Laketran utilizes futures contracts to manage the volatility of fuel costs. These techniques are traditionally used to limit exposure to price fluctuations. Management recognized that fluctuations in fuel prices could have a negative impact on Laketran's financial affairs. Accordingly, Laketran has utilized futures contracts and firm-fixed price contracts to offset the price volatility of diesel fuel in accordance with the Energy Price Risk Management Policy established by the Board of Trustees. The futures contracts are in the form of derivative investments.

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2 (CONTINUED)

NOTE 10: **DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS** (Continued)

The fair value balances and notional amounts of derivative instruments outstanding at December 31, 2022 and 2021, classified by type, and the changes in fair value of such derivative instruments for the year then ended as reported in the financial statement are as follows:

| | Changes in Fa | ir Value | ue Fair Value at 12/31/2022 | | |
|-------------------|---------------------|-------------|-----------------------------|-----------|----------|
| | Classification | Amount | Classification | Amount | Notional |
| Cash Flow Hedges: | | · | | | |
| Futures contracts | Deferred outflow/ | | Derivative | | |
| | inflow of resources | \$ (65,777) | Instruments | \$ - | 0 |
| | Changes in Fa | ir Value | Fair Value at 1 | 2/31/2021 | |
| | Classification | Amount | Classification | Amount | Notional |
| Cash Flow Hedges: | | | | | |
| Futures contracts | | | - · · | | 04.000 |
| | Deferred outflow/ | | Derivative | | 84,000 |

The hedging instruments are New York Harbor Ultra Low Sulfur Diesel (NYHRBRULSD) futures contracts with a notional amount of 42,000 gallons each as listed on the NYMEX. As of December 31, 2022, and December 31, 2021, Laketran had zero and two futures contracts, respectively. The aggregate fuel hedge contracts cover a 3-year period.

Basis Risk – Laketran is exposed to basis risk on its expected fuel hedge contracts because the future fuel purchases are based on a pricing point different from the pricing point at which the future contracts are expected to settle (New York Harbor Ultra Low Sulfur Diesel).

NOTE 11: CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets consist of the following at December 31, 2022 and 2021:

| Beginning | | | Ending |
|---------------|--|--|---|
| Balance | Increases | Decreases | Balance |
| | | | |
| \$ 1,898,151 | \$ 0 | \$ 0 | \$ 1,898,151 |
| 855,818 | 171,310 | (22,700) | 1,004,428 |
| 2,753,969 | 171,310 | (22,700) | 2,902,579 |
| | | | |
| 15,835,459 | 930,913 | 0 | 16,766,372 |
| 56,397,855 | 1,948,601 | (3,554,830) | 54,791,626 |
| 72,233,314 | 2,879,514 | (3,554,830) | 71,557,998 |
| | | | |
| (11,526,857) | (562,694) | 0 | (12,089,551) |
| (21,498,937) | (5,181,209) | 3,394,492 | (23,285,654) |
| (33,025,794) | (5,743,903) | 3,394,492 | (35,375,205) |
| 39,207,520 | (2,864,389) | (160,338) | 36,182,793 |
| \$ 41,961,489 | \$ (2,693,079) | \$ (183,038) | \$ 39,085,372 |
| | \$ 1,898,151 855,818 2,753,969 15,835,459 56,397,855 72,233,314 (11,526,857) (21,498,937) (33,025,794) 39,207,520 | Balance Increases \$ 1,898,151 \$ 0 855,818 171,310 2,753,969 171,310 15,835,459 930,913 56,397,855 1,948,601 72,233,314 2,879,514 (11,526,857) (562,694) (21,498,937) (5,181,209) (33,025,794) (5,743,903) 39,207,520 (2,864,389) | Balance Increases Decreases \$ 1,898,151 \$ 0 \$ 0 855,818 171,310 (22,700) 2,753,969 171,310 (22,700) 15,835,459 930,913 0 56,397,855 1,948,601 (3,554,830) 72,233,314 2,879,514 (3,554,830) (11,526,857) (562,694) 0 (21,498,937) (5,181,209) 3,394,492 (33,025,794) (5,743,903) 3,394,492 39,207,520 (2,864,389) (160,338) |

NOTE 11: CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

| | Beginning | | | Ending |
|--|---------------|---------------|----------------|---------------|
| 2021 | Balance | Increases | Decreases | Balance |
| Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated | | | | |
| Land | \$ 1,898,151 | \$ 0 | \$ 0 | \$ 1,898,151 |
| Construction in Progress | 4,823,894 | 2,125,547 | (6,093,623) | 855,818 |
| Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated | 6,722,045 | 2,125,547 | (6,093,623) | 2,753,969 |
| Capital Assets Being Depreciated | | | | |
| Buildings | 15,570,099 | 265,360 | 0 | 15,835,459 |
| Transportation Vehicles and Equipment | 47,032,901 | 23,259,170 | (13,894,216) | 56,397,855 |
| Furniture and Office Equipment | 391,170 | 0 | (391,170) | 0 |
| Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated | 62,994,170 | 23,524,530 | (14,285,386) | 72,233,314 |
| Less: Accumulated Depreciation | | | | |
| Buildings | (11,034,095) | (492,762) | 0 | (11,526,857) |
| Transportation Vehicles and Equipment | (29,059,173) | (5,213,727) | 12,773,963 | (21,498,937) |
| Furniture and Office Equipment | (355,601) | 0 | 355,601 | 0 |
| Total Accumulated Depreciation | (40,448,869) | (5,706,489) | 13,129,564 | (33,025,794) |
| Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net | 22,545,301 | 17,818,041 | (1,155,822) | 39,207,520 |
| Total Capital Assets, Net | \$ 29,267,346 | \$ 19,943,588 | \$ (7,249,445) | \$ 41,961,489 |

NOTE 12: CONTINGENCIES

Litigation

In the normal course of operations, Laketran may be subject to litigations and claims. It is the opinion of Laketran's management that any judgment against Laketran would not have a material adverse effect, if any, on Laketran's financial position.

Grants

Laketran received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of Laketran at December 31, 2022 or 2021.

NOTE 13: **COVID-19**

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of Laketran. The investments of the pension and other employee benefit plan in which Laketran participates fluctuate with market conditions, and due to market volatility, the amounts of gains or losses that will be recognized in subsequent periods, if any, cannot be determined. In addition, the impact on Laketran's future operating costs, revenues, and any recovery from emergency funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated.

Required Supplementary Information

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF LAKETRAN'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

LAST NINE YEARS (1)

| Traditional Plan | | 2022 | | 2021 | | 2020 |
|---|----------|-----------------------|----------|-----------------------|----------|------------------------|
| Laketran's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability | | 0.056634% | | 0.055423% | | 0.051303% |
| Laketran's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability | \$ | 4,927,387 | \$ | 8,206,940 | \$ | 10,140,386 |
| Laketran's Covered Payroll | \$ | 8,219,236 | \$ | 7,805,986 | \$ | 7,218,329 |
| Laketran's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll | | 59.95% | | 105.14% | | 140.48% |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability | | 92.62% | | 86.88% | | 82.17% |
| | | | | | | |
| Combined Plan | | 2022 | | 2021 | | 2020 |
| Combined Plan Laketran's Proportion of the Net Pension (Asset) | | 2022 0.098974% | | 2021 0.097517% | | 2020 0.103154% |
| | \$ | | \$ | | \$ | |
| Laketran's Proportion of the Net Pension (Asset) | \$ \$ | 0.098974% | \$ \$ | 0.097517% | \$ \$ | 0.103154% |
| Laketran's Proportion of the Net Pension (Asset) Laketran's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension (Asset) | | 0.098974% (389,963) | | 0.097517% (281,496) | · | 0.103154% (215,101) |

⁽¹⁾ Information prior to 2014 is not available. Schedule is intended to show ten years of information, and additional years' will be displayed as it becomes available.

Amounts presented as of the Laketran's measurement date which is the prior year end.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information

| | 2019 | | 2018 | | 2017 | | 2016 | | 2015 | 2014 | | |
|----------|------------------------|----------|------------------------|-----------|-----------------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------|--------------------|-----------|-------------------|--|
| | 0.051679% | | 0.047370% | 0.0472459 | | 0.046532% | | | 0.044494% | 0.044494% | | |
| \$ | 14,153,830 | \$ | 7,431,435 | \$ | 10,728,536 | \$ | 8,059,929 | \$ | 5,366,474 | \$ | 5,245,263 | |
| \$ | 6,985,207 | \$ | 6,256,969 | \$ | 6,108,075 | \$ | 5,799,475 | \$ | 5,473,033 | \$ | 5,220,008 | |
| | 202.63% | | 118.77% | | 175.65% | | 138.98% | | 98.05% | | 100.48% | |
| | 74.70% | | 84.66% | | 77.25% | | 81.08% | | 86.45% | | 86.36% | |
| | 2019 | | 2018 | | 2017 | | 2016 | | 2015 | | 2014 | |
| | 2019 | | 2018 | | 2017 | | 2010 | | 2013 | | 2014 | |
| | 2019 0.118315% | | 0.105137% | | 0.098810% | | 0.101700% | | 0.086530% | | 0.086537% | |
| \$ | | \$ | | \$ | | \$ | | \$ | | \$ | | |
| \$ \$ | 0.118315% | \$ \$ | 0.105137% | \$ \$ | 0.098810% | \$ \$ | 0.101700% | \$ \$ | 0.086530% | \$ \$ | 0.086537% | |
| | 0.118315% (132,303) | | 0.105137% (143,125) | | 0.098810% (54,995) | · | 0.101700% (49,491) | | 0.086530% (33,320) | | 0.086537% (9,080) | |

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF LAKETRAN'S CONTRIBUTION - PENSION OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST TEN YEARS

| | | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 |
|--|----|-------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Contractually Required Contributions Traditional Plan | \$ | 1,295,479 | \$ 1,150,693 | \$ 1,092,838 | \$ 1,010,566 |
| Combined Plan | | 69,440 | 63,171 | 60,166 | 64,287 |
| Total Required Contributions | \$ | 1,364,919 | \$ 1,213,864 | \$ 1,153,004 | \$ 1,074,853 |
| Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution | • | (1,364,919) | (1,213,864) | (1,153,004) | (1,074,853) |
| Contribution Deficiency / (Excess) | \$ | - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ _ |
| Laketran's Covered Payroll | | | | | |
| Traditional Plan | \$ | 9,253,421 | \$ 8,219,236 | \$ 7,805,986 | \$ 7,218,329 |
| Combined Plan | \$ | 496,000 | \$ 451,221 | \$ 429,757 | \$ 459,193 |
| Pension Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll | | | | | |
| Traditional Plan | | 14.00% | 14.00% | 14.00% | 14.00% |
| Combined Plan | | 14.00% | 14.00% | 14.00% | 14.00% |

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information

| 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 |
|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| \$ 977,929 70,544 | \$ 813,406 55,976 | \$ 732,969 46,154 | \$ 695,937 43,832 | \$ 656,764 38,246 | \$ 678,601 38,950 |
| \$ 1,048,473 | \$ 869,382 | \$ 779,123 | \$ 739,769 | \$ 695,010 | \$ 717,551 |
| (1,048,473) | (869,382) | (779,123) | (739,769) | (695,010) | (717,551) |
| \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| \$ 6,985,207 | \$ 6,256,969 | \$ 6,108,075 | \$ 5,799,475 | \$ 5,473,033 | \$ 5,220,008 |
| \$ 503,886 | \$ 430,585 | \$ 384,617 | \$ 365,267 | \$ 318,717 | \$ 299,615 |
| 14.00% | 13.00% | 12.00% | 12.00% | 12.00% | 13.00% |
| 14.00% | 13.00% | 12.00% | 12.00% | 12.00% | 13.00% |

LAKETRAN LAKE COUNTY, OHIO

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF LAKETRAN'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

LAST SIX YEARS (1)

| | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 |
|---|-------------------|-------------------|-----------------|
| Laketran's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability/Asset | 0.058226% | 0.056737% | 0.052842% |
| Laketran's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability/(Asset) | \$ (1,823,727) | \$ (1,010,815) | \$ 7,298,853 |
| Laketran's Covered Payroll | \$ 9,079,750 | \$ 8,580,549 | \$ 7,895,904 |
| Laketran's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability/Asset as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll | -20.09% | -11.78% | 92.44% |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability | 115.57% | 115.57% | 47.80% |

(1) Information prior to 2017 is not available. Schedule is intended to show ten years of information, and additional years' will be displayed as it becomes available.

Amounts presented as of the Laketran's measurement date, which is the prior calendar year end.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information

| 2019 | 2018 | 2017 |
|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| 0.053901% | 0.048990% | 0.048650% |
| \$ 7,027,418 | \$ 5,319,953 | \$ 4,913,815 |
| \$ 7,818,416 | \$ 6,939,037 | \$ 6,723,447 |
| 89.88% | 76.67% | 73.08% |
| 46.33% | 54.14% | 54.04% |

LAKETRAN LAKE COUNTY, OHIO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF LAKETRAN'S CONTRIBUTIONS – OPEB OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST EIGHT YEARS (1)

| | 2022 | | | 2021 | 2020 | | |
|---|------|------------|----|-----------|------|-----------|--|
| Contractually Required Contribution | \$ | 18,617 | \$ | 16,372 | \$ | 13,792 | |
| Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution | | (18,617) | | (16,372) | | (13,792) | |
| Contribution Deficiency (Excess) | \$ | _ | \$ | | \$ | _ | |
| Laketran Covered Payroll | \$ | 10,214,853 | \$ | 9,079,750 | \$ | 8,580,549 | |
| Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll | | 0.18% | | 0.18% | | 0.16% | |

⁽¹⁾ Information prior to 2015 is not available. Schedule is intended to show ten years of information, and additional years' will be displayed as it becomes available.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information

| 2019 2018 | | 2017 | | | 2016 | 2015 | | |
|-----------------|----|-----------|----|-----------|------------|-----------|----|-----------|
| \$ 12,229 | \$ | 13,173 | \$ | 76,844 | \$ 139,099 | | \$ | 123,229 |
| (12,229) | | (13,173) | | (76,844) | | (139,099) | | (123,229) |
| \$ | \$ | _ | \$ | _ | \$ | | \$ | |
| \$ 7,895,904 | \$ | 7,818,416 | \$ | 6,939,037 | \$ | 6,723,447 | \$ | 6,313,569 |
| 0.15% | | 0.17% | | 1.11% | | 2.07% | | 1.95% |

LAKETRAN LAKE COUNTY, OHIO NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (OPERS)

Net Pension Liability

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2014-2022.

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for 2014-2016 and 2018. For 2017, the following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the expected investment return was reduced from 8.00% to 7.50%, (b) the expected long-term average wage inflation rate was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%, (c) the expected longterm average price inflation rate was reduced from 3.00% to 2.50%, (d) Rates of withdrawal, retirement and disability were updated to reflect recent experience, (e) mortality rates were updated to the RP-2014 Health Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observant period base year of 2006 and then established the base year as 2015 (f) mortality rates used in evaluating disability allowances were updated to the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality tables, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation base year of 2006 and a base year of 2015 for males and 2010 for females (g) Mortality rates for a particular calendar year for both healthy and disabled retiree mortality tables are determined by applying the MP-2015 mortality improvement scale to the above described tables. For 2019, the following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the expected investment return was reduced from 7.50% to 7.20%. For 2020, the following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the cost-of-living adjustments for post-1/7/2013 retirees were reduced from 3.00% simple through 2018 to 1.40% simple through 2020, then 2.15% simple. For 2021, the following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the cost-of-living adjustments for post-1/7/2013 retirees were reduced from 1.40% simple through 2020 to 0.50% simple through 2021, then 2.15% simple. For 2022, the following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the expected long-term average wage inflation rate was reduced from 3.25% to 2.75% (b) the cost-of-living adjustments for post-1/7/2013 retirees were increased from 0.50% simple through 2021 to 3.00% simple through 2022, then 2.05% simple (c) the expected investment return was reduced from 7.20% to 6.90%.

LAKETRAN LAKE COUNTY, OHIO NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

Net OPEB Liability

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2018-2022.

Changes in assumptions: For 2018, the single discount rate changed from 4.23% to 3.85%. For 2019, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the expected investment return was reduced from 6.50% to 6.00% (b) In January 2019, the Board adopted changes to health care coverage for Medicare and pre-Medicare retirees. It will include discontinuing the PPO plan for pre-Medicare retirees and replacing it with a monthly allowance to help participants pay for a health care plan of their choosing. The base allowance for Medicare eligible retirees will be reduced. The specific effect of these changes on the net OPEB liability and OPEB expense are unknown at this time (c) the single discount rate changed from 3.85% to 3.96%. For 2020, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the single discount rate changed from 3.96% to 3.16%. For 2021, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the single discount rate changed from 3.16% to 6.00% (b) the municipal bond rate changed from 2.75% to 2.00% (c) the health care cost trend rate changed from 10.50% initial and 3.50% ultimate in 2030 to 8.50% initial and 3.50% ultimate in 2035. For 2022, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the expected long-term average wage inflation rate was reduced from 3.25% to 2.75%. (b) the municipal bond rate changed from 2.00% to 1.84% (c) the health care cost trend rate changed from 8.50% initial and 3.50% ultimate in 2035 to 5.50% initial and 3.50% ultimate in 2034.

Statistical Section 2022

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of Laketran's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about Laketran's overall financial health.

| <u>Contents</u> | <u>Page</u> |
|---|-------------|
| Financial Trends | |
| These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how Laketran's financial performance and well being have changed over time. | S2-S3 |
| Revenue Capacity | |
| These schedules contain information to help the reader assess Laketran's operating revenues and comparisons to the transportation industry. | S4-S7 |
| Operating Information | |
| These schedules contain service data to help the reader understand how the information in Laketran's financial report relates to the services Laketran provides and the activities it performs. | S8-S10 |
| Demographic and Economic Information | |
| These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which Laketran's financial activities take place. | S11-S14 |

LAKETRAN LAKE COUNTY, OHIO NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN YEARS

| | 2013 | 2014 (1) | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 (2) | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 |
|----------------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Net Investment in Capital Assets | \$ 22,732,058 | \$ 23,007,176 | \$ 22,392,621 | \$ 28,533,635 | \$ 26,324,591 | \$ 27,147,851 | \$ 26,106,586 | \$ 29,267,346 | \$ 41,961,489 | \$ 39,085,372 |
| Unrestricted | 16,878,213 | 13,464,453 | 14,927,462 | 13,977,753 | 8,367,749 | 7,343,251 | 2,117,139 | 10,870,476 | 31,949,994 | 49,318,793 |
| Restricted for Insurance Claims | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 227,973 | 227,977 | 418,042 | 533,717 | 525,141 | 358,093 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total Net Position | \$ 39,610,271 | \$ 36,471,629 | \$ 37,320,083 | \$ 42,511,388 | \$ 34,920,313 | \$ 34,719,079 | \$ 28,641,767 | \$ 40,671,539 | \$ 74,436,624 | \$ 88,762,258 |

⁽¹⁾ Restated for GASB Statement No. 68 Implementation.

⁽²⁾ Restated for GASB Statement No. 75 Implementation.

LAKETRAN LAKE COUNTY, OHIO REVENUE AND EXPENSES BY TYPE AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN YEARS

| | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 |
|-------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|----------------|--------------|----------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Operating Revenues | | | | | | | | | | |
| Fares | \$ 2,063,623 | \$ 2,169,712 | \$ 2,266,754 | \$ 2,578,993 | \$ 2,519,175 | \$ 2,711,452 | \$ 2,787,979 | \$ 1,084,931 | \$ 1,866,846 | \$ 2,272,349 |
| Auxiliary Transportation Revenue | 89,234 | 118,933 | 100,954 | 81,683 | 80,584 | 86,863 | 84,703 | 81,448 | 85,890 | 84,146 |
| Total Operating Revenues | 2,152,857 | 2,288,645 | 2,367,708 | 2,660,676 | 2,599,759 | 2,798,315 | 2,872,682 | 1,166,379 | 1,952,736 | 2,356,495 |
| Non Operating Revenues | | | | | | | | | | |
| Sales Tax | 8,152,976 | 8,592,079 | 8,890,398 | 9,291,442 | 9,281,207 | 9,504,880 | 9,615,330 | 16,784,614 | 22,716,865 | 23,560,929 |
| Federal Grants and Reimbursements | 2,222,531 | 2,032,462 | 2,583,970 | 2,312,824 | 2,406,505 | 2,329,763 | 1,672,789 | 8,341,956 | 10,525,727 | 8,523,335 |
| State Grants, Reimbursements, | | | | | | | | | | |
| and Special Fare Assistance | 998,468 | 1,025,496 | 1,015,728 | 1,001,943 | 867,502 | 757,975 | 1,919,074 | 2,620,144 | 4,340,267 | 829,587 |
| Other Grants | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 25,000 | 50,000 | 0 |
| Interest Income (Expense) | (20,666) | 129,858 | 87,693 | 77,309 | 88,428 | 220,271 | 335,408 | 228,256 | (177,219) | (1,038,693) |
| Gain on Disposal of Capital Assets | 0 | 25,771 | 4,174 | 0 | 0 | 162,032 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Non-Transportation Revenue | 2,302 | 41,699 | 16,266 | 9,573 | 128,786 | 162,607 | 185,204 | 1,128,275 | 234,743 | 223,308 |
| Total Non-Operating Revenues | 11,355,611 | 11,847,365 | 12,598,229 | 12,693,091 | 12,772,428 | 13,137,528 | 13,727,805 | 29,128,245 | 37,690,383 | 32,098,466 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| Capital Funding | | | | | | | | | | |
| Capital Grants and Reimbursements | 2,589,114 | 2,104,454 | 1,892,460 | 7,543,724 | 1,460,535 | 4,498,331 | 2,242,787 | 5,287,291 | 12,123,349 | 2,321,179 |
| Total Capital Funding | 2,589,114 | 2,104,454 | 1,892,460 | 7,543,724 | 1,460,535 | 4,498,331 | 2,242,787 | 5,287,291 | 12,123,349 | 2,321,179 |
| Total Revenues | 16,097,582 | 16,240,464 | 16,858,397 | 22,897,491 | 16,832,722 | 20,434,174 | 18,843,274 | 35,581,915 | 51,766,468 | 36,776,140 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| Operating Expenses | | | | | | | | | | |
| Labor | 4,881,371 | 5,165,363 | 5,588,600 | 6,047,861 | 6,185,758 | 6,811,645 | 7,063,745 | 7,239,978 | 8,160,212 | 9,080,638 |
| Fringe Benefits | 3,107,366 | 3,207,603 | 3,151,044 | 3,744,019 | 5,287,015 | 5,246,450 | 8,351,435 | 7,464,518 | (1,144,886) | 2,666,038 |
| Services | 722,139 | 741,945 | 1,062,125 | 1,069,254 | 1,137,955 | 1,209,679 | 1,353,478 | 1,567,051 | 1,351,374 | 1,442,010 |
| Fuel and Lubricants | 1,207,040 | 1,277,228 | 1,458,161 | 617,090 | 768,323 | 1,087,095 | 939,024 | 952,491 | 712,821 | 1,009,071 |
| Materials and Supplies | 511,588 | 568,017 | 655,246 | 675,621 | 809,242 | 724,789 | 675,948 | 1,062,405 | 817,367 | 655,512 |
| Utilities | 165,311 | 195,902 | 200,415 | 205,210 | 238,139 | 198,613 | 235,528 | 138,319 | 204,807 | 417,000 |
| Claims and Insurance | 473,198 | 466,908 | 489,963 | 415,128 | 374,728 | 464,329 | 1,185,297 | 297,960 | 475,849 | 636,656 |
| Purchased Transportation | 733,470 | 255,594 | 262,528 | 263,897 | 264,456 | 275,562 | 285,402 | 168,270 | 195,537 | 201,663 |
| Miscellaneous | 348,459 | 320,883 | 334,109 | 349,378 | 365,761 | 356,275 | 328,020 | 278,801 | 426,203 | 427,358 |
| Total Operating Expense | 12,149,942 | 12,199,443 | 13,202,191 | 13,387,458 | 15,431,377 | 16,374,437 | 20,417,877 | 19,169,793 | 11,199,284 | 16,535,946 |
| Excluding Depreciation | | | | | | | | | | |
| Depreciation | 2,711,924 | 2,638,490 | 2,807,752 | 3,611,857 | 4,009,596 | 4,260,971 | 4,349,343 | 4,325,471 | 5,706,489 | 5,743,903 |
| Total Operating Expenses | 14,861,866 | 14,837,933 | 16,009,943 | 16,999,315 | 19,440,973 | 20,635,408 | 24,767,220 | 23,495,264 | 16,905,773 | 22,279,849 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| Non-Operating Expenses | | | | | | | | | | |
| Loss on Disposal of Capital Assets | 6,990 | 0 | 0 | 706,871 | 145,853 | 0 | 153,366 | 56,879 | 1,095,610 | 170,657 |
| Total Expenses | 14,868,856 | 14,837,933 | 16,009,943 | 17,706,186 | 19,586,826 | 20,635,408 | 24,920,586 | 23,552,143 | 18,001,383 | 22,450,506 |
| Change in Net Position | \$ 1,228,726 | \$ 1,402,531 | \$ 848,454 | \$ 5,191,305 | \$ (2,754,104) | \$ (201,234) | \$ (6,077,312) | \$ 12,029,772 | \$ 33,765,085 | \$ 14,325,634 |

LAKETRAN LAKE COUNTY, OHIO FAREBOX RECOVERY AND PERCENTAGE LAST TEN YEARS

| | Percentage |
|------|------------|
| 2013 | 13.89 |
| 2014 | 14.62 |
| 2015 | 11.60 |
| 2016 | 11.30 |
| 2017 | 10.47 |
| 2018 | 9.20 |
| 2019 | 8.63 |
| 2020 | 0.03 |
| 2021 | 3.40 |
| 2022 | 8.00 |

Note: Fare box recovery is calculated by dividing fare box revenues into direct operating expenses.

Fare Structure - December 31, 2022

| | | ŕ | | - | Local mmuter |
|--|-------------------------|-------|------------|----|-----------------|
| | Dial-A-Ride Fixed Route | | Express | | |
| Regular Adult Fare | \$ | 10.00 | \$ 1.75 | \$ | 3.75 |
| Citizens with Buckeye or Medicare Cards | | | | | |
| (Senior citizens and those with disabilities) | | 2.50 | 0.75 | | N/A |
| Children ages 2-12 | | 2.50 | 0.75 | | N/A |
| Children under 2 | | FREE | FREE | | N/A |
| Monthly Pass | | N/A | N/A | | 135.00 |
| All Day Pass - Fixed Route | | | | | |
| Seniors and Disabled | | N/A | 2.00 | | N/A |
| Regular Fare | | N/A | \$ 4.00 | | N/A |
| Electronic Fare Boxes accept cash/fare media | | | | | |
| - will return value card if excess cash is deposited | | | | | |
| Transfers | | N/A | FREE | | FREE |

LAKETRAN LAKE COUNTY, OHIO REVENUES AND OPERATING ASSISTANCE COMPARISON TO INDUSTRY TREND DATA – LAST TEN YEARS (expressed in percent)

Transportation Industry (1)

Operating and Other

| Year | Misce | llaneous Reve | enue | (| | | |
|------|-------|---------------|-------|---------|---------------|-------|-------------------|
| | Force | Other | Total | Federal | State & Local | Total | Total Revenues |
| 2009 | 31.5 | 12.4 | 43.9 | 8.2 | 47.9 | 56.1 | 100.0 |
| 2010 | 32.1 | 11.9 | 44.0 | 9.4 | 46.6 | 56.0 | 100.0 |

Laketran:

Operating and Other Miscellaneous Revenue

Operating Assistance

| | | | | | Sperating 1 issistance | | | | | |
|------|-------|-----------|-------|---------|------------------------|-------|-------------------|--|--|--|
| Year | Fares | Other (2) | Total | Federal | State & Local (3) | Total | Total Revenues | | | |
| 2013 | 13.4 | (0.1) | 13.3 | 29.9 | 56.8 | 86.7 | 100.0 | | | |
| 2014 | 14.1 | 1.2 | 15.3 | 25.5 | 59.2 | 84.7 | 100.0 | | | |
| 2015 | 14.0 | 0.6 | 14.6 | 26.6 | 58.8 | 85.4 | 100.0 | | | |
| 2016 | 11.6 | 0.4 | 12.0 | 43.0 | 45.0 | 88.0 | 100.0 | | | |
| 2017 | 15.6 | 0.4 | 16.0 | 23.2 | 60.8 | 84.0 | 100.0 | | | |
| 2018 | 13.3 | 3.1 | 16.4 | 33.4 | 50.2 | 83.6 | 100.0 | | | |
| 2019 | 14.8 | 3.2 | 18.0 | 20.8 | 61.2 | 82.0 | 100.0 | | | |
| 2020 | 4.8 | 9.6 | 14.4 | 29.0 | 62.3 | 91.3 | 100.0 | | | |
| 2021 | 1.6 | 0.5 | 2.1 | 28.7 | 65.1 | 93.8 | 100.0 | | | |
| 2022 | 2.6 | 1.4 | 4.0 | 29.2 | 66.8 | 96.0 | 100.0 | | | |

- (1) Source: <u>2012 Public Transportation Fact Book</u>, table 63. This book contains data through 2010 which is the latest available.
- (2) Other miscellaneous revenue includes advertising, interest income and other non-operating income.
- (3) State and local operating assistance includes sales tax, operating grants, and special fare assistance.

LAKETRAN LAKE COUNTY, OHIO OPERATING EXPENSES COMPARISON TO INDUSTRY TREND DATA – LAST TEN YEARS (expressed in percent)

Transportation Industry (1) (2) (3):

| | Salaries | Fringe | | Materials | | Casualty | Purchased | Other | Total |
|------|-----------|----------|----------|--------------|-----------|---------------|----------------|----------|----------|
| Year | and Wages | Benefits | Services | and Supplies | Utilities | and Liability | Transportation | Expenses | Expenses |
| 2009 | 38.2 | 26.7 | 6.6 | 11.3 | 3.5 | 2.3 | 14.0 | (2.6) | 100.0 |
| 2010 | 37.8 | 27.4 | 6.6 | 10.7 | 3.4 | 2.6 | 13.8 | (2.3) | 100.0 |

Laketran:

| | Salaries | Fringe | | Materials | | Casualty | Purchased | Other | Total |
|------|-----------|----------|----------|--------------|-----------|---------------|----------------|----------|----------|
| Year | and Wages | Benefits | Services | and Supplies | Utilities | and Liability | Transportation | Expenses | Expenses |
| 2013 | 40.2 | 25.6 | 5.9 | 14.1 | 1.4 | 3.9 | 6.0 | 2.9 | 100.0 |
| 2014 | 42.3 | 26.3 | 6.1 | 15.2 | 1.6 | 3.8 | 2.1 | 2.6 | 100.0 |
| 2015 | 42.3 | 23.9 | 8.1 | 16.0 | 1.5 | 3.7 | 2.0 | 2.5 | 100.0 |
| 2016 | 45.2 | 28.0 | 8.0 | 9.6 | 1.5 | 3.1 | 2.0 | 2.6 | 100.0 |
| 2017 | 40.1 | 34.3 | 7.4 | 10.2 | 1.5 | 2.4 | 1.7 | 2.4 | 100.0 |
| 2018 | 41.6 | 32.0 | 7.4 | 11.1 | 1.2 | 2.8 | 1.7 | 2.2 | 100.0 |
| 2019 | 34.6 | 40.9 | 6.6 | 7.9 | 1.2 | 5.8 | 1.4 | 1.6 | 100.0 |
| 2020 | 37.8 | 38.9 | 8.2 | 10.5 | 0.7 | 1.6 | 0.9 | 1.4 | 100.0 |
| 2021 | 38.1 | 37.0 | 8.7 | 10.3 | 3.4 | 0.0 | 1.1 | 1.4 | 100.0 |
| 2022 | 37.9 | 37.8 | 5.9 | 9.3 | 3.5 | 0.5 | 1.0 | 4.1 | 100.0 |

⁽¹⁾ Source: 2012 Public Transportation Fact Book, table 51. This book contains data through 2010 which is the latest available.

⁽²⁾ Excludes depreciation expense

⁽³⁾ No information available after 2010.

LAKETRAN LAKE COUNTY, OHIO SALES TAX REVENUE LAST TEN YEARS

| | | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 |
|----------------------|------|----------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Sales Tax Revenue | \$ 8 | ,152,976 | \$ 8,592,079 | \$ 8,890,398 | \$ 9,291,442 | \$ 9,281,207 | \$ 9,504,880 | \$ 9,615,330 | \$ 16,784,614 | \$ 22,716,865 | \$ 23,560,929 |
| Population * | | 230,041 | 229,857 | 229,230 | 229,245 | 230,041 | 230,117 | 230,514 | 230,041 | 232,023 | 232,023 |
| Sales Tax Per Capita | \$ | 35.44 | \$ 37.38 | \$ 38.78 | \$ 40.53 | \$ 40.35 | \$ 41.30 | \$ 41.71 | \$ 72.96 | \$ 97.91 | \$ 101.55 |

*Census.gov OHIO.gov

LAKETRAN LAKE COUNTY, OHIO OPERATING STATISTICS LAST TEN YEARS

| | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 |
|--------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| System Ridership | | | | | | | | | | |
| Motor Bus (directly operated) | 502,092 | 496,030 | 475,320 | 473,310 | 463,609 | 452,456 | 433,679 | 265,352 | 242,068 | 306,739 |
| Dial-A-Ride (directly operated) | 182,824 | 227,565 | 243,346 | 260,500 | 261,810 | 268,911 | 271,877 | 158,389 | 193,575 | 222,172 |
| Dial-A-Ride (contract service) | 67,776 | 31,977 | 32,444 | 29,882 | 29,762 | 25,711 | 21,990 | 8,268 | 8,421 | 10,755 |
| Average Dial System Ridership | | | | | | | | | | |
| Motor Bus (directly operated) | 2,076 | 1,758 | 1,835 | 1,842 | 1,818 | 1,523 | 1,623 | 972 | 938 | 2,018 |
| Dial-A-Ride (directly operated) | 793 | 837 | 932 | 1,010 | 853 | 905 | 1,020 | 583 | 626 | 1,461 |
| Dial-A-Ride (contract service) | 265 | 124 | 128 | 116 | 116 | 104 | 86 | 32 | 33 | 70 |
| Average Daily Vehicle Miles operated | | | | | | | | | | |
| Motor Bus (directly operated) | 4,398 | 4,463 | 4,465 | 4,514 | 4,504 | 4,380 | 4,442 | 4,584 | 5,520 | 5,139 |
| Dial-A-Ride (directly operated) | 7,381 | 8,211 | 9,118 | 9,915 | 8,601 | 10,096 | 10,181 | 7,515 | 7,313 | 7,431 |
| Dial-A-Ride (contract service) | 1,301 | 269 | 298 | 259 | 252 | 229 | 215 | 119 | 123 | 116 |
| Revenue Miles | | | | | | | | | | |
| Motor Bus (directly operated) | 778,583 | 781,349 | 804,284 | 856,648 | 843,652 | 856,121 | 886,763 | 963,061 | 1,168,542 | 1,926,686 |
| Dial-A-Ride (directly operated) | 1,599,600 | 1,937,517 | 2,120,358 | 2,315,442 | 2,326,700 | 2,292,847 | 2,312,091 | 1,656,405 | 1,869,755 | 1,895,678 |
| Dial-A-Ride (contract service) | 272,074 | 62,206 | 68,773 | 60,414 | 57,475 | 53,424 | 50,017 | 25,812 | 27,100 | 31,008 |

Source: Laketran Section 15 Statistics Report

LAKETRAN LAKE COUNTY, OHIO OPERATING STATISTICS LAST TEN YEARS (CONTINUED)

| | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 |
|---------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Passenger Miles | | | | | | | | | | |
| Motor Bus (directly operated) | 6,011,047 | 5,808,334 | 5,410,394 | 5,665,800 | 5,558,646 | 5,378,412 | 5,113,915 | 2,209,999 | 1,949,284 | 2,108,607 |
| Dial-A-Ride (directly operated) | 2,417,184 | 2,244,900 | 2,413,977 | 2,572,199 | 2,550,249 | 2,541,302 | 2,590,782 | 1,440,540 | 1,812,064 | 2,049,454 |
| Dial-A-Ride (contract service) | 562,966 | 175,983 | 178,442 | 164,351 | 163,691 | 141,410 | 120,945 | 45,474 | 46,315 | 59,512 |

Source: Public Transportation Fact Book

LAKETRAN LAKE COUNTY, OHIO OPERATING STATISTICS LAST TEN YEARS (CONTINUED)

| | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 |
|---------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Energy Consumption | | | | | | | | | | |
| Motor Bus | | | | | | | | | | |
| Gallons of diesel | 182,348 | 189,663 | 195,245 | 203,505 | 196,924 | 199,889 | 197,396 | 206,160 | 208,079 | 133,189 |
| Gallons of natural gas | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Gallons of purinox | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Gallons of Gas | 3,841 | 3,777 | 3,764 | 3,836 | 5,565 | 10,612 | 7,688 | 2,625 | 3,442 | 2,839 |
| Dial-A-Ride | | | | | | | | | | |
| Gallons of diesel | 199,247 | 195,555 | 212,282 | 232,899 | 228,995 | 230,025 | 187,938 | 86,430 | 48,736 | 31,611 |
| Gallons of purinox | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Gallons of Gas | 4,870 | 10,268 | 6,895 | 10,157 | 9,291 | 14,562 | 20,915 | 32,058 | 54,797 | 77,589 |
| Gallons of Propane | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 876 | 14,541 | 91,447 | 169,099 | 247,779 | 263,603 |
| Fleet Requirement | | | | | | | | | | |
| Motor Bus (directly operated) | 25 | 26 | 25 | 25 | 25 | 27 | 27 | 31 | 31 | 32 |
| Dial-A-Ride (directly operated) | 53 | 60 | 72 | 73 | 71 | 68 | 67 | 67 | 67 | 64 |
| Dial-A-Ride (contract service) | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total Active Vehicles | | | | | | | | | | |
| Motor Bus (directly operated) | 40 | 40 | 40 | 40 | 40 | 38 | 39 | 38 | 39 | 47 |
| Dial-A-Ride (directly operated) | 66 | 75 | 75 | 80 | 86 | 88 | 97 | 104 | 93 | 85 |
| Dial-A-Ride (contract service) | 11 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Van Pool (contract service) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

*2010 - stopped CNG early in year (January 2010) - Replaced by New Flyers - Diesel

Source: Financials and Ohio Department of Development

LAKETRAN LAKE COUNTY, OHIO FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT EMPLOYEES LAST TEN YEARS

| | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 |
|-----------------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| <u>Administration</u> | | | | | | | | | | |
| Chief Executive Officer | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Executive Secretary | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Director of Finance | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Compliance & Development Director | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Director of Human Resources | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Human Resources Generalist | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Director of Communications | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Communications Specialist | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Accountant/Budget Analyst | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Finance & Payroll Specialist | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Finance Clerk | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Customer Outreach Specialist | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 11 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Total Administrative | 9 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 12 | 12 | 12 |

Source: Operations Department stats

LAKETRAN LAKE COUNTY, OHIO FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT EMPLOYEES LAST TEN YEARS (CONTINUED)

| | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 |
|-----------------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Maintenance | | | | | | | | | | |
| Director of Maintenance | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Assistant Director of Maintenance | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Facilities Technician | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Maintenance Clerk | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Mechanic Supervisor | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| Mechanic I | 6 | 7 | 7 | 6 | 6 | 3 | 4 | 7 | 7 | 4 |
| Mechanic II | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 5 | 6 |
| Vehicle Servicer Supervisor | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Vehicle Servicer | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 4 |
| Total Maintenance | 13 | 14 | 14 | 14 | 14 | 17 | 16 | 21 | 21 | 22 |
| Operations | | | | | | | | | | |
| Director of Operations | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Assistant Director of operations | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Administrative Assistant | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Data Specialist | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Dispatchers/Schedulers | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 8 |
| Clerk Receptionist | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Customer Service Supervisor | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Customer Service Representatives | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 10 |
| Road Supervisors | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 6 |
| Trainer | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Drivers | 133 | 135 | 144 | 139 | 155 | 153 | 136 | 170 | 160 | 161 |
| Total Operations | 151 | 156 | 165 | 161 | 179 | 179 | 163 | 198 | 188 | 193 |
| Grand Total | 173 | 180 | 190 | 186 | 204 | 207 | 191 | 231 | 221 | 227 |

Source: Operations Department stats

LAKETRAN LAKE COUNTY, OHIO

LAKE COUNTY DEMOGRAPHICS (Continued)

County Population by Decade and Future Projections

| | | Percent |
|-----------------|-------------------|-----------|
| <u>Decade</u> | <u>Population</u> | of Change |
| 1900 | 21,680 | |
| 1910 | 22,927 | 5.75 |
| 1920 | 28,667 | 25.04 |
| 1930 | 41,674 | 45.37 |
| 1940 | 50,020 | 20.03 |
| 1950 | 75,979 | 51.90 |
| 1960 | 148,700 | 95.71 |
| 1970 | 197,200 | 32.62 |
| 1980 | 212,801 | 7.91 |
| 1990 | 215,499 | 1.27 |
| 2000 | 227,511 | 5.57 |
| 2010 | 230,041 | 1.11 |
| 2015 | 229,602 | (0.19) |
| 2020 | 232,603 | 1.31 |
| 2030 Projection | 222,388 | (4.39) |

Source: Actual figures from Ohio Department of Development Projections from Lake County Job and Family Services Profile

Age and Population Distribution - 2022

| | Age | Percentage |
|-------------|---------|------------|
| Under 5 | 11,137 | 4.8 |
| Under 18 | 45,244 | 19.5 |
| 18-64 | 126,686 | 54.6 |
| 65 and Over | 48,956 | 21.1 |
| Total | 232,023 | 100.0 |

Source: quickfacts.census.gov

LAKETRAN LAKE COUNTY, OHIO

LAKE COUNTY DEMOGRAPHICS (Continued)

| Population By Race - 2022 Estimate | | |
|---|---------|------------|
| Race | Total | Percentage |
| White | 200,932 | 86.6 |
| African American | 12,297 | 5.3 |
| Two or more races | 4,640 | 2.0 |
| Asian | 3,712 | 1.6 |
| Latino/Other | 9,978 | 4.3 |
| Native American | 464 | 0.2 |
| Total | 232,023 | 100.0 |
| Source: development.ohio.gov Largest Populations in the County | | |
| Mentor | | 47,221 |
| Willoughby | | 23,898 |
| Eastlake | | 17,499 |
| Painesville | | 20,591 |
| Madison Township | | 15,599 |
| Concord Township | | 18,245 |
| Painesville Township | | 16,900 |
| Willowick | | 14,145 |
| Wickliffe | | 12,616 |

9,970

Source: quickfacts.census.gov

Willoughby Hills



LAKE COUNTY, OHIO



LAKETRAN LAKE COUNTY, OHIO

SINGLE AUDIT REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Zupka & Associates Certified Public Accountants

LAKETRAN LAKE COUNTY, OHIO SINGLE AUDIT REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

TABLE OF CONTENTS

| | rage |
|---|----------------------|
| Independent Auditor's Report | Under Separate Cover |
| Annual Comprehensive Financial Report | Under Separate Cover |
| Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards | 1 |
| Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards | 2 |
| Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i> | 3-4 |
| Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance; and Report on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance | 5-7 |
| Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs | 8 |
| Schedule of Prior Audit Findings and Recommendations | 9 |

LAKETRAN LAKE COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

| Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title | Federal Assistance Listing Number | Grantor Number | Total Federal Expenditures |
|---|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Flogram of Cluster Title | Listing Number | Nullibel | Expenditures |
| U.S. Department of Transportation | | | |
| Direct Awards: | | | |
| Federal Transit Cluster: | | | |
| Federal Transit Formula Grants | 20.507 | OH-90-0086 | \$ 7,840 |
| Federal Transit Formula Grants | 20.507 | OH-90-0099 | 23,171 |
| Federal Transit Formula Grants | 20.507 | OH-90-0110 | 135,478 |
| Federal Transit Formula Grants | 20.507 | OH-90-0122 | 1,622,835 |
| Federal Transit Formula Grants | 20.507 | OH-95-0039 | 2,311,583 |
| COVID-19 Federal Transit Formula Grants | 20.507 | OH-90-0111 | 6,271,676 |
| Total CFDA #20.507 | | | 10,372,583 |
| Bus and Bus Facilities Formula, Competitive, and Low or No Emissions Programs | 20.526 | OH-34-0084 | 143,468 |
| Bus and Bus Facilities Formula, Competitive, and Low of No Emissions Programs | 20.526 | OH-34-0084 OH-34-0091 | 328,464 |
| Total CFDA 20.526 | 20.320 | OH-34-0091 | |
| Total Federal Transit Cluster | | | 471,932 |
| | | | 10,844,515 |
| Total U.S. Department of Transportation | | | 10,844,515 |
| TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS | | | \$ 10,844,515 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

LAKETRAN LAKE COUNTY, OHIO NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 1: **BASIS OF PRESENTATION**

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of Laketran under programs of the federal government for the year ended December 31, 2022. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Laketran, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of Laketran.

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

NOTE 3: **INDIRECT COST RATE**

Laketran has elected not to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Laketran Lake County 555 Lakeshore Blvd. Painesville, Ohio 44077

To the Board of Trustees:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Laketran, Lake County, Ohio, (the Authority) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 26, 2023.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Authority's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Authority's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Authority's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Laketran
Lake County
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting
and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial
Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards
Page 2

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Authority's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Zupka & Associates

Certified Public Accountants

supka & associates

June 26, 2023



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM; REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE; AND REPORT ON THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Laketran Lake County 555 Lakeshore Blvd. Painesville, Ohio 44077

To the Board of Trustees:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Laketran, Lake County, Ohio's (the Authority) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on the Authority's major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2022. The Authority's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

In our opinion, Laketran complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted an audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Laketran, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Laketran's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements to Laketran's federal programs.

Laketran
Lake County
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program;
Report on Internal Control Over Compliance; and Report on the Schedule of
Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance
Page 2

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Laketran's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Laketran's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we

- · exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design
 and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a
 test basis, evidence regarding Laketran's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to
 above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of Laketran's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to
 design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal
 control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Laketran's internal control over compliance.
 Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Laketran
Lake County
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program;
Report on Internal Control Over Compliance; and Report on the Schedule of
Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance
Page 3

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

We have also audited the financial statements of the Authority as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements. We issued our report thereon dated June 26, 2023, which contained unmodified opinions on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for the purpose of additional analysis as required by the Uniform Guidance and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Zupka & Associates

Certified Public Accountants

sipka & Associates

June 26, 2023

LAKETRAN LAKE COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS UNIFORM GUIDANCE DECEMBER 31, 2022

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

| 2022(i) | Type of Financial Statement Opinion | Unmodified | |
|------------|--|---|--|
| 2022(ii) | Were there any material control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)? | No | |
| 2022(ii) | Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)? | No | |
| 2022(iii) | Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)? | No | |
| 2022(iv) | Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs? | No | |
| 2022(iv) | Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs? | No | |
| 2022(v) | Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinions | Unmodified | |
| 2022(vi) | Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR 200.516(a)? | No | |
| 2022(vii) | Major Programs (list): | | |
| | Federal Transit Cluster: Federal Transit Formula Grants - ALN #20.507 Bus and Bus Facilities Formula Program - ALN #20.526 | | |
| 2022(viii) | Dollar Threshold: A/B Program | Type A: >\$750,000 Type B: >All Others | |
| 2022(ix) | Low Risk Auditee? | Yes | |

2. <u>FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS</u>

None.

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None.

LAKETRAN LAKE COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

The prior audit report, as of December 31, 2021, included no findings or instances of noncompliance. Management letter recommendations have been corrected, repeated, or procedures instituted to prevent occurrences in this audit period.



LAKETRAN

LAKE COUNTY

AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 8/22/2023

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370