



#### NORWAYNE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT WAYNE COUNTY JUNE 30, 2022

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# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Norwayne Local School District Wayne County 161 South Main Street Creston, Ohio 44217

To the Board of Education:

#### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### Opinions

We have audited the cash-basis financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Norwayne Local School District, Wayne County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective cash-basis financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in cash-basis financial position thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General fund for the year then ended in accordance with the cash-basis of accounting described in Note 2.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Emphasis of Matter - Accounting Basis**

Ohio Administrative Code § 117-2-03(B) requires the District to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We draw attention to Note 2 of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

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#### Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 14D to the financial statements, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the District. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the cash basis of accounting described in Note 2, and for determining that the cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
  include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
  statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

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We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the financial statements as a whole that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements.

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements.

Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied to the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this schedule is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Information

We applied no procedures to management's discussion & analysis as listed in the table of contents. Accordingly, we express no opinion or any other assurance on it.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 26, 2023, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

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Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

January 26, 2023

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#### Norwayne Local School District Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022 Unaudited

The discussion and analysis of Norwayne Local School District's (the District) financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, within the limitations of the District's cash basis of accounting. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the notes to the basic financial statements and financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

# HIGHLIGHTS

# Key financial highlights for the fiscal year 2022 are as follows:

- Net position of governmental activities increased \$468,276.
- General cash receipts accounted for \$14,372,426 or 78.1% of all cash receipts. Program cash receipts in the form of charges for services, operating grants, contributions and interest, and capital grants and contributions accounted for \$4,027,567 or 21.9% of total cash receipts of \$18,399,993.
- The District had \$17,931,717 in cash disbursements related to governmental activities; which only \$4,027,567 of these cash disbursements were offset by program cash receipts.
- The District's major governmental funds are the general fund, the bond retirement fund and the capital projects fund.
- The general fund had \$14,258,325 in receipts and other financing receipts and \$13,805,529 in disbursements and other financing disbursements. During fiscal year 2022, the general fund's fund balance increased \$452,796 from \$6,262,638 to \$6,715,434.
- The debt service fund had \$746,886 in cash receipts and \$728,050 in cash disbursements, resulting in an increased fund balance by \$18,836.
- The capital projects fund became a major fund for 2022 due to a transfer in of \$250,000 from the general fund.

#### USING THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report is presented in a format consistent with the presentation requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, as applicable to the District's cash basis of accounting.

#### **REPORT COMPONENTS**

The *Statement of Net Position* and *Statement of Activities* provide information about the cash activities of the District as a whole.

Fund financial statements provide a greater level of detail. Funds are created and maintained on the financial records of the District as a way to segregate money whose use is restricted to a particular specific purpose. These statements present financial information by fund, presenting funds with the largest balances or most activity in separate columns.

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the government-wide and fund financial statements and provide explanation and detail regarding the information reported in the basic financial statements.

# **BASIS OF ACCOUNTING**

The basis of accounting is a set of guidelines that determines when financial events are recorded. The District has elected to present its financial statements on a cash basis of accounting. This basis of accounting is a basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. Under the District's cash basis of accounting, receipts and disbursements are recorded when cash is received or paid.

As a result of using the cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable) are not recorded in the financial statements. Therefore, when reviewing the financial information and discussion within this report, the reader must keep in mind the limitations resulting from the use of the cash basis of accounting.

# **REPORTING THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE**

#### Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities

The statement of net position and the statement of activities reflect how the District did financially during 2021, within the limitations of the cash basis of accounting. The statement of net position presents the cash balances and investments of the governmental activities of the District at year end. The statement of activities compares cash disbursements with program receipts for each governmental program. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the program's goods or services and grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. General receipts are all receipts not classified as program receipts. The comparison of cash disbursements with program receipts identifies how each governmental function draws from the District's general receipts.

These statements report the District's cash position and the changes in cash position. Keeping in mind the limitations of the cash basis of accounting, you can think of these changes as one way to measure the District's financial health. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's cash position is one indicator of whether the District's financial health is improving or deteriorating. When evaluating the District's financial condition, you should also consider other non-financial factors as well such as the District's property tax base, the condition of the District's capital assets and infrastructure, the extent of the District's debt obligations, the reliance on non-local financial resources for operations and the need for continued growth in the major local revenue sources such as property taxes.

#### Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

#### Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the District's major funds – not the District as a whole. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The District had three major funds in 2022: the general fund, the bond retirement debt service fund and the capital projects fund.

## **Governmental Funds**

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at fiscal year end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using the cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general governmental operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer cash basis financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. Since the District is reporting on the cash basis of accounting, there are no differences in the net position and fund cash balances or changes in net position and changes in fund cash balances. Therefore, no reconciliation is necessary between such financial statements. However, differences will be apparent when comparing gross revenues and expenses on the fund financial statements to the statement of activities due to transfers netted on the statement of activities. See Note 2 to the basic financial statements in the section entitled *Government-wide Financial Statements*.

#### Fiduciary Funds

The District has a private purpose trust fund. The District's cash basis fiduciary activities are reported on the statement of fiduciary net position and the statement of changes in fiduciary net position. We excluded these activities from the District's other financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. Fiduciary funds use the cash basis of accounting.

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to the full understanding of the data provided in the government wide and fund financial statements.

# THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Recall that the Statement of Net Position provides the perspective of the District as a whole on a cash basis of accounting. Table 1 provides a summary of the District's net position for 2022 compared to 2021.

Table 1

	Net I	Position					
		Governmenta					
	<u>2022</u> <u>2021</u>				Increase/ (Decrease)		
Assets							
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	9,122,051	\$	8,653,775	\$	468,276	
Total assets		9,122,051		8,653,775		468,276	
Net Position							
Restricted for capital projects		131,245		279,131		(147,886)	
Restricted for debt service		586,547		567,711		18,836	
Restricted for other purposes		717,937		774,640		(56,703)	
Unrestricted		7,686,322		7,032,293		654,029	
Total net position	\$	9,122,051	\$	8,653,775	\$	468,276	

Total assets of the District, as a whole, increased by \$468,276. The increase in total assets is not from any individually significant transaction but from the increased fund balance in the general fund.

Norwayne Local School District Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022 Unaudited

Table 2 shows the changes in net position for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

#### Table 2 Change in Net Position

	Governmental Activities			
	2022	2021		
Cash Receipts				
Program cash receipts				
Charges for services and sales	\$ 1,007,378	\$ 1,180,507		
Operating grants, contributions and interest	2,993,194	1,778,699		
Capital grants and contributions	26,995	85,000		
Total program cash receipts	4,027,567	3,044,206		
General cash receipts	.,027,007			
Property taxes	4,957,662	4,635,548		
Shared revenue restricted for permanent improvements	29,875	30,662		
Income taxes	1,522,730	1,335,119		
Grants and entitlements not restricted	1,522,750	1,555,117		
to specific programs	7,778,886	7,507,068		
Investment earnings	33,459	31,658		
Refunding bonds issued	-	4,093,323		
Premium on refunding bonds issued	-	555,848		
Miscellaneous	49,814	172,140		
Total general cash receipts	14,372,426	18,361,366		
Total cash receipts	18,399,993	21,405,572		
Program Cash Disbursements				
Instruction:				
Regular	6,302,730	6,149,134		
Special	2,876,382	2,418,381		
Vocational	246,760	195,136		
Other	220,366	826,306		
Support services:	,	,		
Pupils	654,990	571,641		
Instructional staff	474,894	477,150		
Board of education	28,851	34,390		
Administration	1,383,468	1,280,727		
Fiscal	431,318	394,304		
Operation and maintenance of plant	1,273,867	1,306,567		
Pupil transportation	1,294,858	1,047,375		
Operation of food service	696,074	573,499		
Extracurricular activities	1,065,205	734,100		
Capital outlay	266,411	126,013		
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	565,000	450,000		
Interest and fiscal charges	150,543	172,107		
Issuance costs	-	102,526		
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	-	4,540,866		
Total cash disbursements	17,931,717	21,400,222		
Change in net position	468,276	5,350		
Net position at beginning of year	8,653,775	8,648,425		
Net position at end of year	\$ 9,122,051	\$ 8,653,775		

Program cash receipts of \$4,027,567, which are represented by charges for services and sales, and operating grants, contributions and interest, and capital grants and contributions made up 21.9% of total cash receipts. General cash receipts of \$14,372,426 which are primarily represented by property taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements, made up 78.1% of total cash receipts.

Program cash disbursements for instruction were \$9,646,238 or 53.8% of all program cash disbursements. Regular instruction represents 65.3% of this amount and 35.2% of all program cash disbursements.

Other significant programs include administration, operation and maintenance of plant and pupil transportation which account for 7.7%, 7.1% and 7.2%, respectively of program cash disbursements.

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services, grants, and contributions offsetting those services. Table 3 shows the total cost of services and the net cost of services. In other words, it identifies the cost of those services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted state entitlements.

	Governmental Activities				Governmen	tal A	ctivities	
	-	Fotal Cost		Net Cost		Fotal Cost		Net Cost
	c	of Services		of Services	C	of Services		of Services
		2022		2022		2021		2021
Program Cash Disbursements								
Instruction:								
Regular	\$	6,302,730	\$	(5,308,468)	\$	6,149,134	\$	(5,263,126)
Special		2,876,382		(1,559,266)		2,418,381		(1,771,092)
Vocational		246,760		(217,596)		195,136		(142,935)
Other		220,366		(182,398)		826,306		(824,468)
Support services:								
Pupils		654,990		(601,007)		571,641		(104,729)
Instructional staff		474,894		(440,322)		477,150		(470,241)
Board of education		28,851		(28,851)		34,390		(34,390)
Administration		1,383,468		(1,333,306)		1,280,727		(1,280,727)
Fiscal		431,318		(431,318)		394,304		(394,304)
Operation and maintenance of plant		1,273,867		(1,261,374)		1,306,567		(1,195,600)
Pupil transportation		1,294,858		(1,236,818)		1,047,375		(1,045,189)
Operation of food service		696,074		150,249		573,499		(37,301)
Extracurricular activities		1,065,205		(471,721)		734,100		(400,402)
Capital outlay		266,411		(266,411)		126,013		(126,013)
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		565,000		(565,000)		450,000		(450,000)
Interest and fiscal charges		150,543		(150,543)		172,107		(172,107)
Issuance costs		-		-		102,526		(102,526)
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent		-				4,540,866		(4,540,866)
Total	\$	17,931,717	\$	(13,904,150)	\$	21,400,222	\$	(18,356,016)

#### Table 3

The dependence upon tax revenues and unrestricted state entitlements is apparent as program receipts only provided for \$4,027,567 of the total program cash disbursements of \$17,931,717 for 2022.

# THE DISTRICT FUNDS

The District's governmental funds are accounted for using the cash basis of accounting. All governmental funds had total cash receipts and other financing receipts of \$18,667,102 and cash disbursements and other financing disbursements of \$18,198,826.

*General Fund* - The District's general fund cash fund balance increased by \$452,796 due in part to decrease in cash disbursements and increase cash receipts when compared to the prior year. Cash disbursements and other financing disbursements were \$644,881 less than last year.

**Bond Retirement Fund** - The District's second major governmental fund is the bond retirement fund. This debt service fund had \$746,886 in receipts and \$728,050 in disbursements. During fiscal year 2022, this fund's cash balance increased \$18,836, indicating that the receipts resulting from property tax levy are adequate to cover the cash disbursements for debt service and property tax collection fees.

*Capital Projects Fund* - The District's third major governmental fund is the capital projects fund. This capital project fund had received a transfer in from the general fund for \$250,000 for funding planned projects. No disbursements were made in 2022.

# General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund. The general fund's ending unencumbered cash balance was \$6,484,468. During the fiscal year, the original estimated receipts were increased by \$362,516 or 2.6%, and appropriations were increased by \$318,750 or 2.3%.

# CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### Capital Assets

The District does not record capital assets in the accompanying basic financial statements, but records payments for capital assets as disbursements. The District had capital outlay disbursements of \$266,411 during fiscal year 2022.

#### Debt

Under the cash basis of accounting the District does not report bonds, long-term notes or short-term notes in the accompanying cash basis financial statements. However, in order to provide information to the readers of this report, we are providing the following detailed information about the District's bonds. At June 30, 2022, the District had \$6,547,294 in bonds outstanding for governmental activities. For additional information regarding debt, please see note 8 of the notes to the basic financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022 Unaudited

#### Table 4 summarizes bonds outstanding for Governmental Activities for the past two years:

 Table 4

 General Obligation Bonds Outstanding

 Governmental Activities

	Principal Outstanding <u>2022</u>	Principal Outstanding <u>2021</u>
Bonds:		
Refunding Facility Improvement		
Serial and term bonds	\$ 6,480,000	\$ 6,655,000
Capital appreciation bonds	67,294	184,502
Total	\$ 6,547,294	\$ 6,839,502

#### **CURRENT ISSUES**

State law fixes the amount of tax revenue, forcing it to remain constant except for new valuations in the District. Management must plan expenses accordingly, staying within the District's five-year plan. The financial future of the District is not without its challenges. These challenges stem from issues that are at the local and State level. The local challenges will continue to exist, as the District must rely heavily on property taxes to fund its operations. State level challenges continue to evolve as the State of Ohio determines the outcome of the Ohio Supreme Court case dealing with the unconstitutionality of the State's educational funding system. Although the District relies heavily on its property taxpayers to support its operations, the community support for the schools is quite strong.

Due to the unsettled issues in the school funding, management is required to plan carefully and prudently to provide the resources to meet student needs over the next several years. In 2022, a new formula was used to determine funding from the State, however it is still uncertain as to whether it will have a positive or negative impact on the District's cash position. See Note 14 D in the notes to the financial statements for more information about the potential impact from the global pandemic.

#### CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Sandy Hadsell, Treasurer at Norwayne Local School District, 161 South Main Street, Creston, Ohio 44217.

# **Norwayne Local School District** Statement of Net Position - Cash Basis

June 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities		
<u>Assets:</u> Equity in pooled cash and cash investments	\$	9,122,051	
Net position: Restricted for:			
Capital projects		131,245	
Debt service		586,547	
Other purposes		717,937	
Unrestricted		7,686,322	
Total net position	\$	9,122,051	

# **Norwayne Local School District** Statement of Activities - Cash Basis

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$		1	for the Fiscal	i Yea		-	2022 um Cash Receip	ots		Dist Ca an	Net (Cash oursements) ash Receipts d Changes in let Position
Covermental Activities: Instruction:         S         6.302,730         \$         222,076         \$         745,191         \$         26,995         \$         (5,308,468)           Special         2,876,382         195,583         1,121,533         -         (1,559,266)           Other         220,366         -         37,968         -         (182,398)           Support services:         220,366         -         37,968         -         (182,398)           Pupils         654,990         40,359         13,624         -         (601,007)           Instructional staff         474,894         -         34,572         -         (443,320)           Administration         1,383,468         -         50,162         -         (1,333,300)           Fiscal         431,318         -         -         -         (128,681)           Operation and maintenance of plant         1,273,867         5,175         7,318         -         (1,26,818)           Operation of food service         696,074         20,917         825,406         -         150,249           Extracurricular activities         1,065,205         523,268         702,166         -         (471,721)           Capital outlay				C		Ĉ	ontributions	-		G	
Instruction:         S         6.302,730         S         222,076         S         745,191         S         26,995         S         (.1,559,266)           Negular         2,876,382         195,583         1,121,533         -         (.1,559,266)           Vocational         246,760         -         29,164         -         (.2,17,590)           Support services:         -         -         37,968         -         (.82,398)           David of education         2,88,511         -         -         -         (.440,322)           Board of education         1,383,468         -         50,162         -         (.1,333,306)           Fiscal         431,318         -         -         -         -         (.431,318)           Operation of food service         696,074         20,917         825,406         -         (.1,236,818)           Operation of food service         696,074         20,917         825,406         -         (.1,236,818)           Operation of food service         696,074         20,917         82,5406         -         (.1,236,818)           Operation of food service         696,074         20,917         82,5406         -         (.1,236,818) <td< th=""><th>Governmental Activities:</th><th></th><th>soursements</th><th></th><th>Services</th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th>Activities</th></td<>	Governmental Activities:		soursements		Services						Activities
Special         2,876,382         195,583         1,121,533         - (1,559,266)           Vocational         246,760         - 29,164         - (217,596)           Support services:         -         -         -         (182,398)           Pupils         654,990         40,359         13,624         - (601,007)           Instructional staff         474,894         - 34,572         - (443,322)           Board of education         2,8851          - (28,851)           Administration         1,383,468         - 50,162         - (1,333,306)           Operation and maintenance of plant         1,273,867         5,175         7,318         - (1,261,374)           Operation of food service         696,074         20,917         825,406         - 150,249           Extracurricular activities         1,065,205         523,268         70,216         - (266,411)           Debt service:         -         -         (150,543)         - (150,543)           Total governmental activities         \$ 1,007,378         \$ 2,993,194         \$ 26,995         (13,904,150)           General Purposes         4,120,864         -         -         -         (56,5030)           Interest and fiscal charges         \$ 1,793,1,717											
$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	Regular	\$	6,302,730	\$	222,076	\$	745,191	\$	26,995	\$	(5,308,468)
Other         220,366         -         37,968         -         (182,398)           Support services:         -         -         (601,007)           Instructional staff         474,894         -         34,572         -         (440,322)           Board of clucation         28,851         -         -         -         (28,851)           Administration         1,383,468         -         50,162         -         (1,233,306)           Operation of fod service         696,074         20,917         825,406         -         (12,26,818)           Operation of fod service         696,074         20,917         825,406         -         150,249           Extracurricular activities         1,065,205         523,268         70,216         -         (266,411)           Debt service:         -         -         (266,411)         -         -         (266,411)           Total governmental activities         \$ 1,005,205         523,268         70,216         -         (13,004,150)           Interest and fiscal charges         150,543         -         -         (266,411)           Total governmental activities         \$ 1,931,717         \$ 1,007,378         \$ 2,993,194         \$ 26,995         (13,904,150)<			2,876,382		195,583		1,121,533		-		(1,559,266)
	Vocational		246,760		-		29,164		-		(217,596)
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Other		220,366		-		37,968		-		(182,398)
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Support services:										
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $					40,359				-		(601,007)
Administration       1,383,468       -       50,162       -       (1,333,306)         Fiscal       431,318       -       -       -       (431,318)         Operation and maintenance of plant       1,273,867       5,175       7,318       -       (1,261,374)         Pupil transportation       1,294,858       -       58,040       -       (1,236,818)         Operation of food service       696,074       20,917       825,406       -       150,249         Extracurricular activities       1,065,205       523,268       70,216       -       -       (266,411)         Debt service:       Principal retirement       565,000       -       -       -       (150,543)         Total governmental activities       \$       17,931,717       \$       1,007,378       \$       2,993,194       \$       26,995       (13,904,150)         General Receipts:       Property taxes levied for:       -       -       -       656,930       Capital outlay       108,227         Classroom maintenance       Capital outlay       108,227       108,227       28,875       108,227       108,227         Classroom maintenance       -       -       1,522,730       7,778,886       14,372,426       14,372,					-		34,572		-		(440,322)
Fiscal         431,318         -         -         -         (431,318)           Operation and maintenance of plant         1,273,867         5,175         7,318         -         (1,261,374)           Pupil transportation         1,294,858         -         58,040         -         (1,236,813)           Operation of food service         696,074         20,917         825,406         -         150,249           Extracurricular activities         1,065,205         523,268         70,216         -         (471,721)           Capital outlay         266,411         -         -         -         (266,411)           Debt service:         -         -         -         (150,543)         -         -         -         (150,543)           Total governmental activities         \$         17,931,717         \$         1,007,378         \$         2,993,194         \$         26,995         (13,904,150)           General Receipts:         -         -         -         656,930         6         656,930         108,227         Classroom maintenance         71,641         Shared revenue restricted for:         -         169,243         169,243         -         169,243         -         -         169,252,730         77,78,					-		-		-		
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Administration				-		50,162		-		
Pupil transportation       1,294,858       -       58,040       -       (1,236,818)         Operation of food service       696,074       20,917       825,406       -       150,249         Extracurricular activities       1,065,205       523,268       70,216       -       (471,721)         Capital outlay       266,411       -       -       -       (266,411)         Debt service:       -       -       -       (565,000)         Principal retirement       565,000       -       -       -       (150,543)         Total governmental activities       \$       17,931,717       \$       1,007,378       \$       2,993,194       \$       26,995       (13,904,150)         General Receipts:       -       -       -       -       (150,543)       -       -       -       (150,543)         Total governmental activities       \$       17,931,717       \$       1,007,378       \$       2,993,194       \$       26,995       (13,904,150)         General Purposes       -       -       -       -       -       -       6       6       6       6       6       6       6       6       6       6       6       6       6					-		-		-		( )
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$					5,175				-		
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$					-				-		
Capital outlay Debt service: $266,411$ (266,411)Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges $565,000$ (565,000)Interest and fiscal charges $150,543$ (150,543)Total governmental activities $$17,931,717$ $$1,007,378$ $$2,993,194$ $$26,995$ (13,904,150)General Receipts: Property taxes levied for: General purposes4,120,864Debt service Classroom maintenance656,930656,930Capital outlay108,227108,227Classroom maintenance71,641Shared revenue restricted for: Permanent improvement projects29,875Income taxes levied for: General purposes29,875Income taxes levied for: General purposes1,522,730Grants and entitlements not restricted to specific programs7,778,886Investment earnings Miscellaneous33,459Miscellaneous49,814Total general receipts14,372,426Change in net position468,276Net position at beginning of year8,653,775									-		,
Debt service: Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges565,000 150,543(565,000) (150,543)Total governmental activities $$17,931,717$ $$1,007,378$ $$2,993,194$ $$26,995$ (13,904,150)General Receipts: Property taxes levied for: General purposes4,120,864 (18,927)Debt service665,6930 (18,927)665,6930 (18,927)Classroom maintenance71,641Shared revenue restricted for: Permanent improvement projects29,875 (13,941,41)Income taxes levied for: General purposes29,875 (13,941,41)Income taxes levied for: General purposes1,522,730 (3,3459)Grants and entilements not restricted to specific programs7,778,886 (14,372,426)Investment earnings Miscellaneous49,814 (14,372,426)Total general receipts14,372,426 (14,372,426)Net position at beginning of year8,653,775					523,268		70,216		-		
Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges $565,000$ $150,543$ $-$ $ -$ $ -$ $ (565,000)$ $(150,543)Total governmental activities$17,931,717$1,007,378$2,993,194$26,995(13,904,150)General Receipts:Property taxes levied for:General purposesProperty taxes levied for:General purposes4,120,8640ebt serviceDebt serviceClassroom maintenance656,930108,227Classroom maintenance108,227,208108,227,208108,227,208108,227,208108,227,208108,227,208108,227,208108,227,208108,227,208108,227,208108,227,208108,227,208$	1 1		266,411		-		-		-		(266,411)
Interest and fiscal charges150,543(150,543)Total governmental activities\$ 17,931,717\$ 1,007,378\$ 2,993,194\$ 26,995(13,904,150)General Receipts:Property taxes levied for:General Purposes4,120,864Debt service656,930Capital outlay108,227Classroom maintenance71,641Shared revenue restricted for:29,875Income taxes levied for:General purposes29,875Income taxes levied for:General purposes1,522,730Grants and entitlements not restricted to specific programs7,778,886Investment earnings33,45933,459Miscellaneous49,814104,372,426Change in net position468,276Net position at beginning of year8,653,775											/- /- ^ A A A A
Total governmental activities\$ 17,931,717\$ 1,007,378\$ 2,993,194\$ 26,995(13,904,150)General Receipts: Property taxes levied for: General purposes4,120,864Debt service66,630Capital outlay108,227Classroom maintenance71,641Shared revenue restricted for: General purposes29,875Income taxes levied for: General purposes29,875Income taxes levied for: General purposes1,522,730Grants and entitlements not restricted to specific programs7,778,886Investment earnings33,459Miscellaneous49,814Total general receipts14,372,426Change in net position468,276Net position at beginning of year8,653,775					-		-		-		
General Receipts:Property taxes levied for:General purposes4,120,864Debt service656,930Capital outlay108,227Classroom maintenance71,641Shared revenue restricted for:29,875Income taxes levied for:29,875Income taxes levied for:1,522,730Grants and entitlements not restricted to specific programs7,778,886Investment earnings33,459Miscellaneous49,814Total general receipts14,372,426Change in net position468,276Net position at beginning of year8,653,775	Interest and fiscal charges		,		-		-		-		(150,543)
Property taxs levied for:General purposes4,120,864Debt service656,930Capital outlay108,227Classroom maintenance71,641Shared revenue restricted for:29,875Income taxes levied for:1,522,730Grants and entitlements not restricted to specific programs7,778,886Investment earnings33,459Miscellancous49,814Total general receipts14,372,426Change in net position468,276Net position at beginning of year8,653,775	Total governmental activities	\$	17,931,717	\$	1,007,378	\$	2,993,194	\$	26,995		(13,904,150)
General purposes4,120,864Debt service656,930Capital outlay108,227Classroom maintenance71,641Shared revenue restricted for:29,875Income taxes levied for:1,522,730Grants and entitlements not restricted to specific programs7,778,886Investment earnings33,459Miscellaneous49,814Total general receipts14,372,426Change in net position468,276Net position at beginning of year8,653,775		Gen	eral Receipts:								
General purposes4,120,864Debt service656,930Capital outlay108,227Classroom maintenance71,641Shared revenue restricted for:29,875Income taxes levied for:1,522,730Grants and entitlements not restricted to specific programs7,778,886Investment earnings33,459Miscellaneous49,814Total general receipts14,372,426Change in net position468,276Net position at beginning of year8,653,775		Prop	erty taxes levi	ed for:							
Debt service656,930Capital outlay108,227Classroom maintenance71,641Shared revenue restricted for:29,875Income taxes levied for:1,522,730Grants and entitlements not restricted to specific programs7,778,886Investment earnings33,459Miscellaneous49,814Total general receipts14,372,426Change in net position468,276Net position at beginning of year8,653,775		-	-								4,120,864
Classroom maintenance71,641Shared revenue restricted for: Permanent improvement projects29,875Income taxes levied for: General purposes1,522,730Grants and entitlements not restricted to specific programs7,778,886Investment earnings33,459Miscellaneous49,814Total general receipts14,372,426Change in net position468,276Net position at beginning of year8,653,775		D	ebt service								
Shared revenue restricted for: Permanent improvement projects29,875Income taxes levied for: General purposes1,522,730Grants and entitlements not restricted to specific programs7,778,886Investment earnings33,459Miscellaneous49,814Total general receipts14,372,426Change in net position468,276Net position at beginning of year8,653,775		С	apital outlay								108,227
Permanent improvement projects29,875Income taxes levied for: General purposes1,522,730Grants and entitlements not restricted to specific programs7,778,886Investment earnings33,459Miscellaneous49,814Total general receipts14,372,426Change in net position468,276Net position at beginning of year8,653,775		С	lassroom main	tenanc	e						71,641
Income taxes levied for:1,522,730General purposes1,522,730Grants and entitlements not restricted to specific programs7,778,886Investment earnings33,459Miscellaneous49,814Total general receipts14,372,426Change in net position468,276Net position at beginning of year8,653,775		Shar	ed revenue res	tricted	for:						
General purposes1,522,730Grants and entitlements not restricted to specific programs7,778,886Investment earnings33,459Miscellaneous49,814Total general receipts14,372,426Change in net position468,276Net position at beginning of year8,653,775		Р	ermanent impro	oveme	nt projects						29,875
Grants and entitlements not restricted to specific programs7,778,886Investment earnings33,459Miscellaneous49,814Total general receipts14,372,426Change in net position468,276Net position at beginning of year8,653,775											
Investment earnings33,459Miscellaneous49,814Total general receipts14,372,426Change in net position468,276Net position at beginning of year8,653,775			· ·								
Miscellaneous49,814Total general receipts14,372,426Change in net position468,276Net position at beginning of year8,653,775					ot restricted to	o spec	ific programs				
Total general receipts14,372,426Change in net position468,276Net position at beginning of year8,653,775				s							
Change in net position468,276Net position at beginning of year8,653,775		Mis	cellaneous								49,814
Net position at beginning of year 8,653,775		Tota	l general receip	pts							14,372,426
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Cha	nge in net posit	tion							468,276
Net position at end of year 9.122.051		Net	position at beg	inning	of year						8,653,775
		Net	position at end	of yea	ır					\$	9,122,051

# **Norwayne Local School District** Statement of Cash Basis Assets and Fund Balances

Governmental Funds

June 30, 2022

	General	F	Bond Retirement	Capital Projects	Go	Other vernmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Assets:	¢ (71542)	¢	596 547	¢ 1.022.924	¢	797 246	\$	0 122 051
Equity in pooled cash and cash investments	\$ 6,715,434	\$	586,547	\$ 1,032,824	\$	787,246	\$	9,122,051
Total assets	\$ 6,715,434	\$	586,547	\$ 1,032,824	\$	787,246	\$	9,122,051
Fund balances:								
Restricted for:								
Food service	\$	• \$	-	-	\$	151,406	\$	151,406
Athletics and music			-	-		150,348		150,348
Capital improvements			-	-		131,245		131,245
Debt service			586,547	-		-		586,547
Classroom facilities maintenance			-	-		90,220		90,220
Technology			-	-		5,400		5,400
Student wellness			-	-		164,202		164,202
Student activities			-	-		156,361		156,361
Committed to:								
Capital improvements			-	1,032,824		-		1,032,824
Assigned to:								
Uniform school supplies	115,025		-	-		-		115,025
Public school support	35,294		-	-		-		35,294
Next year's budget	925,526		-	-		-		925,526
Purchases on order	54,841		-	-		-		54,841
Unassigned	5,584,748	<u> </u>	-			(61,936)		5,522,812
Total fund balances	\$ 6,715,434	\$	586,547	\$ 1,032,824	\$	787,246	\$	9,122,051

# Norwayne Local School District

Statement of Cash Receipts, Cash Disbursements and Changes in Cash Basis Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Bo	nd	Capital	Other Governmental	Tota Governm	
	General	Retire	ement	Projects	Funds	Fund	ls
Cash Receipts:							
Property taxes	\$ 4,120,864	\$ 65	56,930	\$ -	\$ 179,868		57,662
Income tax	1,522,730		-	-	-		22,730
Intergovernmental	7,982,558	8	39,956	-	2,606,791		79,305
Interest	20,109		-	13,169	495		33,773
Tuition and fees	427,265		-	-	-		27,265
Extracurricular activities	-		-	-	517,992		7,992
Gifts and donations	117,480		-	-	67,383		34,863
Customer services	-		-	-	20,917	2	20,917
Rent	5,175		-	-	4,200	-	9,375
Miscellaneous	37,446		-		1,076	3	38,522
Total cash receipts	14,233,627	74	6,886	13,169	3,398,722	18,39	92,404
<u>Cash Disbursements</u> Current:							
Instruction:							
Regular	5,854,654		-	-	448,076	6,30	02,730
Special	1,782,110		-	-	1,094,272	2,87	76,382
Vocational	238,486		-	-	8,274	24	46,760
Other	182,398		-	-	37,968	22	20,366
Support services:							
Pupils	359,497		-	-	295,493	65	54,990
Instructional staff	440,322		-	-	34,572		74,894
Board of education	28,851		-	-	-	2	28,851
Administration	1,333,306		-	-	50,162	1,38	33,468
Fiscal	415,398	1	2,507	-	3,413	43	31,318
Operation and maintenance of plant	1,180,951		-	-	92,916	1,27	73,867
Pupil transportation	1,203,818		-	-	91,040	1,29	94,858
Operation of food service	-		-	-	696,074	69	96,074
Extracurricular activities	517,724		-	-	547,481	1,06	55,205
Capital outlay	18,014		-	-	248,397	26	66,411
Debt service:							
Principal retirement	-	56	5,000	-	-	56	55,000
Interest and fiscal charges	-	15	50,543	-	-	15	50,543
Total cash disbursements	13,555,529	72	28,050	-	3,648,138	17,93	31,717
Excess of cash receipts over (under) cash disbursements	678,098	1	8,836	13,169	(249,416)	46	60,687
Other financing receipts (disbursements):							
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	4,000		-	-	-		4,000
Refund of prior year expenditures	3,589		-	-	-		3,589
Advances in	17,109		-	-	-	1	7,109
Advances out	-		-	-	(17,109)		7,109)
Transfers in	-		-	250,000	-		50,000
Transfers out	(250,000)		-	-	-		50,000)
Total other financing receipts (disbursements)	(225,302)		-	250,000	(17,109)		7,589
Net change in fund balances	452,796	1	8,836	263,169	(266,525)	46	58,276
Fund balances at beginning of year	6,262,638		57,711	769,655	1,053,771	8,65	53,775
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 6,715,434	\$ 58	36,547	\$ 1,032,824	\$ 787,246	\$ 9,12	22,051

# Norwayne Local School District

# Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) - General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budgetee	1 Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Receipts:	<u> </u>	<b>•</b> • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	<b>•</b> • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	*
Property taxes	\$ 3,864,244	\$ 4,120,864	\$ 4,120,864	\$ -
Income tax	1,367,194	1,522,730	1,522,730	-
Intergovernmental	7,367,114	7,982,557	7,982,558	1
Interest	39,600	18,600	20,109	1,509
Tuition and fees	854,375	350,017	350,017	-
Rent Gifts and donations	7,500	5,175	5,175 62,527	-
Miscellaneous	86,900 54,459	62,527 5,493	5,555	62
Total receipts	13,641,386	14,067,963	14,069,535	1,572
Total receipts	15,041,500	14,007,905	14,007,555	1,572
Disbursements:				
Current:				
Instruction:	( 10( 401	( 100 054	5 77 ( ) 51	414.002
Regular	6,126,481	6,190,254	5,776,251	414,003
Special	1,887,667	1,885,773	1,814,639	71,134
Vocational Other	188,377	241,754	238,486	3,268
Support services:	194,651	183,702	182,398	1,304
Pupils	344,369	342,096	326.081	16,015
Instructional staff	460,465	455,088	434,882	20,206
Board of education	52,660	31,908	28,901	3,007
Administration	1,233,787	1,345,433	1,333,306	12,127
Fiscal	385,154	429,627	416,364	13,263
Operation and maintenance of plant	1,115,482	1,205,936	1,182,784	23,152
Pupil transportation	1,116,054	1,227,264	1,204,628	22,636
Extracurricular activities	476,440	523,488	520,378	3,110
Capital outlay	120,000	18,014	18,014	
Total disbursements	13,701,587	14,080,337	13,477,112	603,225
Excess of receipts under disbursements	(60,201)	(12,374)	592,423	604,797
Other financing receipts (disbursements): Proceeds from sale of capital assets		4,000	4,000	
Refund of prior year expenditures	29,460	4,000	3,589	-
Advances in	59,300	17,110	17,109	(1)
Transfers out	(315,000)	(255,000)	(253,228)	1,772
Total other financing receipts (disbursements)	(226,240)	(230,301)	(228,530)	1,771
		. <u></u>	<u>_</u>	
Net change in fund balance	(286,441)	(242,675)	363,893	606,568
Fund balance at beginning of year	5,940,488	5,940,488	5,940,488	-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	180,087	180,087	180,087	
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 5,834,134	\$ 5,877,900	\$ 6,484,468	\$ 606,568

**Norwayne Local School District** Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Cash Basis Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2022

	Private Purpose Trust		
	Scholarships		
<u>Assets:</u> Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	82,309	
Net position: Held in trust for scholarships	\$	82,309	

# Norwayne Local School District Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Cash Basis Private Purpose Trust Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Priva	ite Purpose Trust
	Scl	nolarship
Additions:		
Interest	\$	505
Gift and donations		4,697
Miscellaneous		32,550
Total additions		37,752
Deductions:		
Scholarship awards		27,140
Change in net position		10,612
Net position beginning of year		71,697
Net position end of year	\$	82,309

# **1. SUMMARY OF THE DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY**

#### **Description of the Entity**

Norwayne Local School District (the District), formerly known as North Central Local School District, is organized under Article VI, Sections 2 and 3 of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. The District operates under a locally-elected Board form of government consisting of five members elected at-large for staggered four-year terms. The District provides educational services to approximately 1,321 students and community members as authorized by state statute and/or federal guidelines. The District serves an area of approximately 79 square miles, is located in Medina and Wayne Counties, and includes all of the Villages of Burbank, Creston, and Sterling.

# **Reporting Entity**

The reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements of the District are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service and student related activities.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or (3) the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Certain organizations are also included as component units if the nature and significance of the relationship of the primary government and the organization is such that exclusion would render the financial statements incomplete or misleading. There are no component units of the District.

The District is associated with a jointly governed organization and a public entity risk pool. These organizations are the Tri-County Computer Services Association (TCCSA) and the Wayne County Schools Council for Health Care Benefit Program. These organizations are presented in Notes 12 and 13, respectively.

# 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### **Fund Accounting**

The District's accounts are maintained on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid management by segregating transactions related to specific functions or activities. The operation of each fund is accounted for within a separate set of self-balancing accounts.

## **Governmental Funds**

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental funds reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purpose for which they may or must be used. Cash disbursements are assigned to the fund from which they are paid. The following are the District's major governmental funds:

#### General Fund

The general fund is the general operating fund of the District and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund is available to the District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

# Bond Retirement Fund

The bond retirement fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

# Capital Projects Fund

The capital projects fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for one or more capital projects.

The other governmental funds of the District account for grants and other resources, and capital projects, whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

#### **Fiduciary Funds**

The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension and other employee benefit trust funds, investment trust funds, private purpose trust funds, and custodial funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are not available to support the District's own programs. The District's private purpose trust funds account for programs that provide college scholarships to students after graduation.

#### **Basis of Presentation**

The District uses the provisions of GASB Statement No. 34 for financial reporting on a cash basis, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and GASB Statement No. 38, for certain financial statement note disclosures. The District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements that provide a more detailed level of financial information.

#### Government-wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

The statement of net position-cash basis presents the cash basis financial condition of governmental activities of the District at year-end. The statement of activities-cash basis presents a comparison between direct cash disbursements and program cash receipts for each program or function of the District's governmental activities. Direct cash disbursements are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program cash receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Cash receipts which are not classified as program cash receipts are presented as general cash receipts of the District. The comparison of direct cash disbursements with program cash receipts identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general cash receipts of the District.

# Fund Financial Statements

During the year, the District segregates transactions related to certain District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the District at this more detailed level. The focus of fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. The District's major funds are presented in separate columns. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

#### **Basis of Accounting**

Although required by the Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 (B) to prepare its annual financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), the District chooses to prepare its financial statements and notes in accordance with standards established by the Auditor of State for governmental entities that are not required to prepare annual financial reports in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. This basis of accounting is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements basis of accounting. Receipts are recognized when received in cash rather than when earned, and disbursements are recognized when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary disbursements when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved). These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, in accordance with the basis of accounting described above.

As a result of the use of the cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements. Therefore, when reviewing the financial information and discussion within this annual report, the reader should keep in mind the limitations resulting from the use of the cash basis of accounting.

#### **Cash Receipts – Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions**

Cash receipts resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the cash basis when the exchange takes place. On a cash basis, receipts are recorded in the year in which the resources are received.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, income taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On a cash basis, receipts from property taxes and income taxes are recognized in the year in which the taxes are received. Receipts from grants, entitlements and donations are recognized in the year in which the monies have been received.

#### Cash Disbursements

On the cash basis of accounting, disbursements are recognized at the time payments are made.

#### **Budgetary Process**

#### Budget

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriation resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources and the appropriation resolution are subject to amendment throughout the year with the legal restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources, as certified. All funds, other than custodial funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The primary level of budgetary control is at the fund level. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education.

#### **Tax Budget**

Prior to January 15, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The express purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing (or increased) tax rates. By no later than January 20, the Board-adopted budget is filed with the Wayne County Budget Commissions for rate determination.

### **Estimated Resources**

Prior to April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the County Budget Commission and receives the Commission's certificate of estimated resources, which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to June 30, the District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as the basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the certificate is amended to include any unencumbered cash balances from the preceding year. Budget receipts as shown in the accompanying financial statements do not include July 1, 2021 unencumbered fund balances. However, those fund balances were available for appropriation. The certificate may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statement reflect the amounts in the certificate when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts reflect the amounts in the amended certificate in effect when the final appropriations for the fiscal year were passed.

# Appropriations

Upon receipt from the County Auditor of an amended certificate of estimated resources based on final assessed values and tax rates or a certificate saying no new certificate is necessary, the annual appropriation resolution must be legally enacted by the Board of Education at the fund level of expenditures, which is the legal level of budgetary control. Prior to the passage of the annual appropriation measure, the Board may pass a temporary appropriation measure to meet the ordinary expenses of the District. The appropriation resolutions, by fund, must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of expenditures and encumbrances may not exceed the appropriation totals at any level of control. Any revisions that alter the total of any fund appropriation must be approved by the Board of Education. The Board may pass supplemental fund appropriations so long as the total appropriations by fund do not exceed the amounts set forth in the most recent certificate of estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire year, including amounts carried over from prior years. The budget figures that appear as the final budget, in the statement of budgetary comparisons, represent the final appropriation amounts, including all supplemental appropriations. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds other than custodial funds, consistent with statutory provisions.

# Encumbrances

As part of formal budgetary control, purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the disbursement of funds are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation and to determine and maintain legal compliance.

# **Lapsing of Appropriations**

At the close of each fiscal year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriation. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and are not reappropriated.

# **Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments**

Cash and cash equivalents consist of the total of fund cash balances of all funds as of June 30, 2022. To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled. Individual fund integrity is maintained throughout the District's records. Balances of all funds are maintained in these accounts or are temporarily used to purchase certificates of deposit or investments. Interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash investments" on the financial statements. Investments of the District's cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are presented on the financial statements as part of "equity in pooled cash and cash investments".

During the fiscal year, investments were limited to U.S. treasury notes, federal securities, government sponsored enterprise securities, money market funds and an interest in STAR Ohio, the State Treasurer's Investment Pool. The District's investment in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio) is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company and is recognized as an external investment pool by the District. The District measures their investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides a NAV per share that approximates fair value.

For the fiscal year 2022, there were no limitation or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, notice must be given 24 hours in advance of all deposits and withdrawals exceeding \$25 million. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$100 million, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$100 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

#### **Capital Assets**

Property, plant, and equipment acquired or constructed by the District are recorded as disbursements at the time of acquisition. However, under the cash basis of accounting as described in Note 2, capital assets and the related depreciation are not reported separately on the financial statements.

#### Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB asset/liability, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

#### **Compensated Absences**

Accumulated unpaid vacation leave, sick leave, and personal leave are not accrued under the cash basis of accounting as described in Note 2. All leave will either be utilized by time off from work or, within certain limitations, be paid to employees.

#### **Long-term Obligations**

In general, bonds and long-term loans are recorded as cash disbursements in the basic financial statements when paid and are not accrued under the cash basis of accounting as previously described in Note 2.

#### **Fund Balance**

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

*Nonspendable:* The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amount of loans and notes receivable, as well as property acquired for resale, unless the use of the proceeds from the collection of those receivables or from the sale of those properties is restricted, committed, or assigned.

**Restricted:** The restricted fund balance category includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation. Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

**Committed:** The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action (resolution) of the District Board of Education. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for the use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

*Assigned* Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. The purpose constraint that represents the intended use is established by the Board of Education or by their designated official. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by policies of the District or by State statute. The Treasurer is authorized to assign fund balance using encumbrances for planned purchases, provided such amounts have been lawfully appropriated. The Board of Education may also assign fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget.

**Unassigned:** The unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which the amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

## **Net Position**

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. On the cash basis of accounting net position equals assets since liabilities are not recorded. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Restricted for other purposes is comprised of net position restricted for food service, athletics and music, classroom facilities maintenance, and technology. The District applies restricted and unrestricted net position is available. The District does not have net position restricted by enabling legislation.

# **Interfund Transactions**

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as cash receipts in the seller funds and as cash disbursements in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing receipts/disbursements in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular cash disbursements to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements. In the government-wide financial statements transfers within governmental activities are eliminated.

# 3. FUND BALANCES

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in governmental funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented on the statement of cash basis assets and fund balances.

# 4. **DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS**

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies that are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing within five years from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies may be invested in the following obligations provided they mature or are redeemable within five years from the date of settlement, unless the investment is matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District and the investment is not a commercial paper note, a banker's acceptance or a repurchase agreement:

- 1. United States Treasury bills, notes, bonds, or any other obligations or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements for a period not to exceed thirty days in securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in item (1) or (2) above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Commercial paper notes, limited to 40 percent (5 percent for a single issuer) in total of the interim monies available for investment at any one time and for a period not to exceed two hundred seventy days; and
- 8. Bankers acceptances, limited to 40 percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time and for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days.

According to state law, public depositories must provide security for the repayment of all public deposits. These institutions shall give security for all public funds on deposit in excess of those funds that are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). The security for these deposits will be made under an agreement using a surety bond and/or by means of pledging allowable securities as collateral to be held by a qualified trustee. The pledged collateral can be held for each public depositor or in a pool for multiple public depositors and must have a market value of at least 105 percent of the total value of public monies on deposit at the institution. If the institution participates in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), the total market value of the securities pledged can be 102 percent or lower if permitted by the Treasurer of State.

Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

During fiscal year 2022, investments were limited to an interest in STAR Ohio. Investments are reported at cost or fair value, which is not materially different than measurement value.

All interest receipts are reported in the general fund except those specifically related to those funds deemed appropriate according to Board policy. For fiscal year 2022, interest receipts in the general fund are \$20,109 and of that amount, \$3,418 was assigned from other funds.

#### **Deposits:**

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. At June 30, 2022, the District's deposits were either covered by FDIC or collateralized in the District's name. The District's financial institution designates a qualified trustee to maintain safekeeping of eligible securities pledged as collateral.

#### Investments:

On June 30, 2022, the District had an investment with Star Ohio for \$6,355,175. The investment has an average days to maturity of 35.3 days.

Interest rate risk - As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses caused by rising interest rates, the District attempts, to the extent possible, to match investments with anticipated cash flow requirements. Unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, the District will not directly invest in securities maturing more than five years from the date of investment.

Credit risk - is the possibility that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligation. Standard and Poor's has assigned STAR Ohio and the Federated Treasury Obligation money market an AAAm rating. Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard service rating. The District limits their investments to those authorized by state statute.

#### 5. BUDGETARY BASIS FUND BALANCES

Differences between the budgetary basis fund balances and cash fund balances are due to encumbrances and perspective differences. The cash fund balance, as well as the cash receipts, cash disbursements, and other financing receipts and disbursements of the general fund include activity that is budgeted within special revenue funds. However, on the budgetary basis, the activity of special revenue funds is excluded resulting in perspective differences. The table below presents those differences for the District's general fund:

	General Fund		
Budgetary basis fund balance	\$	6,484,468	
Budgeted as part of special revenue funds:			
Beginning cash fund balances		142,063	
Receipts		167,320	
Disbursements		(133,258)	
Encumbrances		54,841	
Cash basis fund balance	\$	6,715,434	

# 6. **PROPERTY TAX**

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible personal property (used in public utility) located in the District. Real property tax revenue received in calendar year 2022 represents collections of calendar year 2021 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2022 were levied after April 1, 2021, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2021, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenue received in calendar year 2022 represents collections of calendar year 2021 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2022 became a lien December 31, 2020, were levied after October 1, 2021 and are collected in 2022 with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The Wayne County and Medina County Treasurers collect property tax on behalf of all taxing districts within the respective counties. The District receives property taxes from both counties. The County Auditors periodically advances to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2022, are available to finance fiscal year 2022 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

The assessed values upon which the second half of fiscal year 2022 taxes collected are:

2021 Property Category	Wayne County	M edina County		Totals
Real Property				
Residential and agricultural	\$ 174,467,750	\$ 5,904,020	\$	180,371,770
Commercial, industrial				
and minerals	14,479,960	6,561,360	\$	21,041,320
Tangible Personal Property				
Public utilities	7,664,250	581,390		8,245,640
Total	\$ 196,611,960	\$ 13,046,770	\$	209,658,730

#### 7. SCHOOL DISTRICT INCOME TAX

The District passed a 0.75 percent earned income only tax for general operations of the District beginning January 1, 2014 and ending December 31, 2018. During November 2017, the voters approved a renewal of the income tax until December 31, 2028. Employers of residents are required to withhold income tax on compensation and remit the tax to the State. Taxpayers are required to file an annual return. The State makes quarterly distributions to the District after withholding amounts for administrative fees and estimated refunds. Income tax revenue is credited to the general fund and amounted to \$1,522,730 during fiscal year 2022.

#### 8. LONG-TERM DEBT

Under the cash basis of accounting as described in Note 2, the District does not record debt in the accompanying basic financial statements.

The changes in the District's long-term obligations during fiscal year 2022 were as follows:

	Principal Outstanding 7/1/2021		Additions		Reductions		Principal Outstanding 6/30/2022		Due Within One Year	
General Obligation Bonds:										
2021 Refunding										
Facility Improvement										
Serial bonds 1.55 - 2.35%	\$	3,955,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,955,000	\$	-
Capital appreciation bonds		138,323		-		(71,029)		67,294		27,735
Compounded interest		591,677		-		(33,971)		557,706		47,265
2015 Refunding										
Facility Improvement										
Serial and term bonds 1.00 - 4.00%	\$	2,700,000	\$	-	\$	(175,000)		2,525,000	\$	465,000
Capital appreciation bonds		46,179		-		(46,179)		-		-
Compounded interest		238,821		-		(238,821)		-		-
Total	\$	7,670,000	\$	-	\$	(565,000)	\$	7,105,000	\$	540,000

Capital appreciation bonds are issued at a significant discount and consist of a principal portion and a compounded interest portion. The compounded interest portion is the discounted principal portion and is bond principal at retirement.

In January 2015, the District issued \$8,776,179 in refunding general obligation bonds which included serial, term and capital appreciation bonds. The capital appreciation bonds matured in fiscal year 2022 with a par value of \$460,000. The 2015 Refunding Facility Improvement Bonds proceeds consisted of bond principal and \$839,226 of premium. The net proceeds of \$9,435,437 (after payment of underwriting fees, insurance, and other issuance costs) was deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for future debt service payments of the portion of the 2007 Classroom Facility Improvement Bonds refunded and the 2007 Various Purpose Bonds refunded. As a result, the bonds are considered to be defeased by the District. The old bonds were called on December 1, 2016 and subsequently redeemed. The District advance refunded the old bonds to reduce their total debt service payments over the next nineteen years and to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present values of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$496,178. The new bonds will be retired from the debt service fund.

In April 2021, the District issued \$4,093,323 in refunding general obligation bonds which included serial and capital appreciation bonds. The bonds, including a premium of \$555,848, were used to refund a portion of the 2015 Refunding Facility Improvement Bonds. The net proceeds of \$4,540,866 (after payment of underwriting fees, insurance, and other issuance costs) was deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for future debt service payments of the portion of the 2015 Refunding Facility Improvement Bonds. The old bonds are considered defeased and will ultimately be repaid from the escrow agent on December 1, 2023, the call date. The refunding resulted in an economic gain (difference between the present values of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$157,988. The new bonds will be retired from the debt service fund.

Principal and interest requirements to retire general obligation bonds outstanding at June 30, 2022 are as follows:

	2015 and 2021 Various Purpose Refunding Bonds								
Fiscal Year		Compounded							
Ending June 30		Principal	]	Interest		Interest	Total		
2023	\$	492,735	\$	47,265	\$	140,942	\$	680,942	
2024		491,173		63,827		126,843		681,843	
2025		498,288		66,712		113,592		678,592	
2026		509,531		70,469		101,155		681,155	
2027		260,567		309,433		93,404		663,404	
2028-2032		2,985,000		-		321,464		3,306,464	
2033-2034		1,310,000		-		30,698		1,340,698	
Total	\$	6,547,294	\$	557,706	\$	928,098	\$	8,033,098	

# 9. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District maintains comprehensive insurance coverage with an independent third party for real property, building contents and vehicles. Vehicle policies include liability coverage for bodily injury and property damage. Real property and building contents are 100 percent coinsured. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three years. There has been no significant reduction in coverage from the prior year.

The District participates in the Ohio Association of School Business Officials Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP). The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of the GRP. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "Equity Pooling Fund". This arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria.

The District also participates in the Medina and Wayne County Health Trust in order to provide dental, life, medical, and disability benefits to employees, their dependents and designated beneficiaries. The Trustee provides insurance policies in whole or in part through one or more group insurance policies.

# 10. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

# Net Pension Liability/Net OPEB Liability (Asset)

Pensions and OPEB are a component of exchange transactions between an employer and its employees of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions/OPEB are provided to an employee on a deferred-payment basis as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period.

The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) represent the District's proportionate share of each pension/OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting these estimates annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions/OPEB are financed; however, the District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension and OPEB.

GASB 68/75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires funding to come from these employers. All pension contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes pension costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits. In addition, health care plan enrollees pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. State statute requires the retirement systems to amortize unfunded pension liabilities within 30 years. If the pension amortization period exceeds 30 years, each retirement system's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension/OPEB liability (asset). Resulting adjustments to the net pension/OPEB liability (asset) would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The Ohio revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients.

The net pension/net OPEB liability (asset) are not reported on the face of the financial statements, but rather are disclosed in the notes because of the use of the cash basis framework.

The remainder of this note includes the required pension and OPEB disclosures.

# A. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

#### School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - District non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multipleemployer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at <u>www.ohsers.org</u> under Employers/Audit Resources.

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to Retire on or before <u>August 1, 2017 *</u>	Eligible to Retire on or after August 1, 2017
Full benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially reduced benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

\* Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017, will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on year of service; 2.2 percent for the first thirty years of service and 2.5 percent for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

An individual whose benefit effective date is before April 1, 2018, is eligible for a cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) on the first anniversary date of the benefit. New benefit recipients must wait until the fourth anniversary of their benefit for COLA eligibility. The COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit. The COLA is indexed to the percentage increase in the CPI-W, not to exceed 2.5 percent and with a floor of 0 percent. A three-year COLA suspension was in effect for all benefit recipients for the years 2018, 2019, and 2020. The Retirement Board approved a 0.5 percent COLA for calendar year 2021.

Funding Policy – Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 14.0 percent. For fiscal year 2022, the Retirement Board did not allocate any employer contribution to the Health Care Fund.

The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$257,167 for fiscal year 2022.

#### **State Teachers Retirement System**

Plan Description – District licensed teachers and other faculty members participate in STRS Ohio, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Web site at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307.

The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation is 2.2 percent of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. In April 2017, the Retirement Board made the decision to reduce COLA granted on or after July 1, 2017, to 0 percent to preserve the fiscal integrity of the retirement system. Benefit recipients' base benefit and past cost-of living increases are not affected by this change. Eligibility changes will be phased in until August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five years of service credit and age 65, or 35 years of service credit and at least age 60.

Eligibility changes for CB Plan members who retire with actuarially reduced benefits will be phased in until August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility will be five years of qualifying service credit and age 60, or 30 years of service credit at any age.

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 9.53 percent of the 14 percent employer contributions into an investment account. Investment allocation decisions are determined by the member. The remaining 4.47 percent of the 14 percent employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, 12 percent of the 14 percent member rate goes to the DC Plan and the remaining 2 percent is applied to the DB Plan. Member contributions are allocated among investment choices by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of services. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50 or later after termination of employment.

New members who choose the DC plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. New members on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit that apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy – Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. The fiscal year 2022 employer and employee contribution rate of 14 percent was equal to the statutory maximum rates. For fiscal year 2022, the full employer contribution was allocated to pension.

The District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$937,048 for fiscal year 2022.

#### Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share:

# Norwayne Local School District Wayne County Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	SERS	STRS	Total
Proportion of the net pension liability - prior measurement date	0.0480492%	0.04756594%	
Proportion of the net pension liability - current measurement date Change in proportionate share	0.0507524% 0.0027032%	0.04759792% 0.00003198%	
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$1,872,616	\$6,085,821	\$7,958,437

#### **Actuarial Assumptions - SERS**

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations. Future benefits for all current plan members were projected through 2130.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2021, are presented below:

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Mortality rates for 2021 were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weight Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20 percent for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35 percent for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3 percent for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8 percent for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

The most recent experience study was completed June 30, 2020.

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted averaged of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major assets class are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Cash	2.00 %	(0.33) %
US equity	24.75	5.72
International equity developed	13.50	6.55
International equity emerging	6.75	8.54
Fixed income/Global bonds	19.00	1.14
Private equity	11.00	10.03
Real estate/Real assets	16.00	5.41
Multi-asset strategies	4.00	3.47
Private debt/Private credit	3.00	5.28
Total	100.00 %	

**Discount Rate** The total pension liability for 2021 was calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent. The discount rate for 2020 was 7.5 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.00 percent). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00 percent), or one percentage point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate.

	Current		
			1% Increase
	<u>(6.00%)</u>	<u>(7.00%)</u>	<u>(8.00%)</u>
District's proportionate share			
of the net pension liability	\$ 3,115,574	\$1,872,616	\$824,376

#### **Actuarial Assumptions - STRS**

The total pension liability in the July 1, 2021, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.5 percent	
Projected salary increases	12.5 percent at age 20 to 2.5 percent at age 65	
Investment rate of return	7.0 percent, net of investment expenses,	
	including inflation	
Discount rate of return	7.0 percent	
Payroll increases	3.0 percent	
Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA)	0.0 percent	

Post-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return*
Domestic equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed income	21.00	3.00
Real estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00 %	

\*10 year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30 year period, STRS's investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

**Discount Rate** The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00 percent as of June 30, 2021, and was 7.45 percent as of June 30, 2020. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2021. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2021.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate The following table presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.00 percent, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.00 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)
District's proportionate share			
of the net pension liability	\$11,396,466	\$6,085,821	\$1,598,338

**Changes Between the Measurement Date and the Reporting date** In February 2022, the Board approved changes to demographic measures that will impact the June 30, 2022, actuarial valuation. These demographic measures include retirement, salary increase, disability/termination and mortality assumptions. In March 2022, the STRS Board approved benefit plan changes to take effect on July 1, 2022. These changes include a one-time three percent cost-of-living increase (COLA) to be paid to eligible benefit recipients and the elimination of the age 60 requirement for retirement age and service eligibility that was set to take effect in 2026. The effect on the net pension liability is unknown.

# **B. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS**

#### School Employees Retirement System

The District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 75 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. SERS' Health Care Plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of most types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage. In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree, are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of 65 and therefore enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board established the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For fiscal year 2022, no allocation was made to health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2022, this amount was \$25,000. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2022, the District's surcharge obligation was \$32,900.

The surcharge, added to the allocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The District's contractually required health care contribution to SERS was \$32,900 for fiscal year 2022.

#### **State Teachers Retirement System**

Plan Description – The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued effective January 1, 2021. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting <u>www.strsoh.org</u> or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy – Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Nearly all health care plan enrollees, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.

# Net OPEB Liability (Asset)

The net OPEB liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset) was based on the District's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Proportion of the net OBEB liability or (asset) - prior measurement date	0.0500001%	0.04756594%	
Proportion of the net OBEB liability or (asset) - current measurement date Change in proportionate share	0.0523514% 0.0023513%	<u>0.04759792%</u> <u>0.00003198%</u>	
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	\$990,793	(\$1,003,563)	(\$12,770)

#### **Actuarial Assumptions - SERS**

The total OPEB liability is determined by SERS' actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2021, are presented below:

Wage Inflation	2.40 percent
Future Salary Increases, including inflation	3.25 percent to 13.58 percent
Investment Rate of Return	7.00 percent net of investments expense, including inflation
Municipal Bond Index Rate:	
Measurement Date	1.92 percent
Prior Measurement Date	2.45 percent
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of plan investment expense,	
including price inflation	
Measurement Date	2.27 percent
Prior Measurement Date	2.63 percent
Medical Trend Assumption	
Medicare	5.125 to 4.40 percent
Pre-Medicare	6.75 to 4.40 percent

For 2021, mortality rates among healthy retirees were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20 percent for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35 percent for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3 percent for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8 percent for females. Mortality rates for contingent survivors were based on PUB-2010 General Amount Weighted Below Median Contingent Survivor mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 105.5 percent for males and adjusted 122.5 percent for females. Mortality rates for actives is based on PUB-2010 General Amount Weighted Below Median Disabled to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 105.5 percent for males and adjusted 122.5 percent for females. Mortality rates for actives is based on PUB-2010 General Amount Weighted Below Median Disabled to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 105.5 percent for males and adjusted 122.5 percent for females. Mortality rates for actives is based on PUB-2010 General Amount Weighted Below Median Disabled to 2010 General

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2020.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the actuarial five-year experience study. The most recent study covers fiscal years 2015 through 2020, and was adopted by the Board in 2021. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the longterm expected rate of return, 7.00 percent, by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as used in the June 30, 2020 five-year experience study, are summarized as follows:

	Target	Long Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Cash	2.00 %	(0.33) %
US equity	24.75	5.72
International equity developed	13.50	6.55
International equity emerging	6.75	8.54
Fixed income/Global bonds	19.00	1.14
Private equity	11.00	10.03
Real estate/Real assets	16.00	5.41
Multi-asset strategies	4.00	3.47
Private debt/Private credit	3.00	5.28
Total	100.00 %	

**Discount Rate** The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2021 was 2.27 percent. The discount rate used to measure total OPEB liability prior to June 30, 2021, was 2.63 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and the System at the contribution rate of 1.50 percent of projected covered payroll each year, which includes a 1.50 percent payroll surcharge and no contributions from the basic benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current System members by SERS actuaries. The Municipal Bond Index Rate is used in the determination of the SEIR for both the June 30, 2020 and the June 30, 2021 total OPEB liability. The Municipal Bond Index rate is the single rate that will generate a present value of benefit payments equal to the sum of the present value determined by the long-term expected rate of return, and the present value determined by discounting those benefits after the date of depletion. The Municipal Bond Index Rate is 1.92 percent at June 30, 2021 and 2.45 percent at June 30, 2020.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate. The following table presents the net OPEB liability of SERS, what SERS' net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (1.27%) and higher (3.27%) than the current discount rate (2.27%). Also shown is what SERS' net OPEB liability would be based on health care cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (5.75% decreasing to 3.40%) and higher (7.75% decreasing to 5.40%) than the current rate.

District's proportionate share	1% Decrease (1.27%)	Current Discount Rate (2.27%)	1% Increase (3.27%)
of the net OPEB liability	\$1,227,713	\$990,793	\$801,525
	1% Decrease	Current Trend Rate	1% Increase
	(6.75 % decreaing to 3.40%	(7.75 % decreaing to 4.40%	(8.75 % decreaing to 5.40%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$762,830	\$990,793	\$1,295,283

#### **Actuarial Assumptions - STRS**

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2021, actuarial valuation are presented below:

Projected salary increases	12.50 percent at age 20 to
	2.50 percent at age 65
Investment Rate of Return	7.00 percent, net of investment
	expenses, including inflation
Payroll Increases	3.00 percent
Discount rate of return	7.00 percent
Health Care Cost Trends:	
Medical	
Pre-Medicare	5.00 percent initial, 4.00 percent ultimate
Medicare	-16.18 percent initial, 4.00 percent ultimate
Prescription Drug	
Pre-Medicare	6.50 percent initial, 4.00 percent ultimate
Medicare	29.98 percent initial, 4.00 percent ultimate

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

For healthy retirees the mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2022 from 2.055 percent to 2.1 percent per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2022. The Medicare Part D Subsidy was updated to reflect it is expected to be negative in CY 2022. The Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return *
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	<u>1.00</u>	2.25
Total	<u>100.00</u> %	

\* 10 year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25 percent and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actual rate of return, without net value added by management.

**Discount Rate** The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.00 percent as of June 30, 2021, and was 7.45 percent as of June 30, 2020. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes STRS continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2021. Therefore, the longterm expected rate of return on health care plan investments of 7.00 percent was used to measure the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2021.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount and Health Care Cost Trend Rate The following table represents the net OPEB asset as of June 30, 2021, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.00 percent, as well as what the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.00 percent) than the current assumption. Also shown is the net OPEB asset as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates.

	1% Decrease (6.00%)	Current Discount Rate (7.00%)	1% Increase (8.00%)
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	(\$846,852)	(\$1,003,563)	(\$1,134,472)
District's proportionate share	<u>1% Decrease</u>	Current Trend Rate	<u>1% Increase</u>
of the net OPEB asset	(\$1,129,167)	(\$1,003,563)	(\$848,242)

**Changes Between the Measurement Date and the Reporting date** In February 2022, the Board approved changes to demographic measures that will impact the June 30, 2022, actuarial valuation. The effect on the net OPEB liability is unknown.

# 11. REQUIRED SET-ASIDES

The District is required by the state law to annually set aside in the general fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by fiscal year end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the fiscal year must be held in cash at fiscal year end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future fiscal years. The following information describes the change in the year-end set-aside amounts for capital maintenance.

	apital ntenance
Set-aside reserve balance as of June 30, 2021 Current year set-aside requirement Current year offsets Totals	\$ 247,456 (791,067) (543,611)
Set-aside balance carried forward to future fiscal years	\$ 

Although, the District had current year offsets during the fiscal year that reduced the set-aside amount to below zero for the capital maintenance reserve, this amount may not be used to reduce the set aside requirement for future years. This negative balance is, therefore, not presented as being carried forward to future years.

# 12. JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATION

The Tri-County Computer Services Association (TCCSA) is a jointly governed organization comprised of 28 school districts. The jointly governed organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions for member districts. Each of the governments of these districts support TCCSA based on a per-pupil charge dependent upon the software package utilized. The TCCSA assembly consists of a superintendent or designated representative from each participating district and a representative from the fiscal agent. TCSSA is governed by a board of directors chosen from the general membership of the TCCSA assembly. The board of directors consists of a representative from the fiscal agent, the chairman of each operating committee, and at least one assembly member from each county from which participating districts are located. Financial information can be obtained by contacting the executive director at TCCSA located in Wooster, Ohio. During the year, the District paid approximately \$110,464 to TCCSA for various services.

# **13. PUBLIC ENTITY RISK POOL**

The Wayne County Schools Council for Health Care Benefit Program is a shared risk pool created pursuant to state statute for the purpose of administering health care benefits. The Council is governed by an assembly which consists of one representative from each participating school district (usually superintendent, treasurer or executive member of governing body). The Council elects officers to serve on the Board of Directors. The assembly exercises control over the operation of the Council. Council revenues are generated from charges for services received from participating school district reserves the right to terminate the plan in whole or in part, at any time. If it is terminated, no further contributions will be made, but the benefits under the insurance contract shall be paid in accordance with the terms of the contract.

#### 14. CONTINGENCIES

#### A. Grants

The District received financial assistance from Federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The disbursements of funds received under these programs generally require compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds. However, the effect of any disallowed claims on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2022, if applicable, cannot be determined at this time.

#### B. Litigation

The District is party to legal proceedings. The District is of the opinion that ultimate disposition of claims will not have a material effect, if any, on the financial condition of the District.

# C. Full Time Equivalency

District foundation funding is based on the annualized full-time equivalent ("FTE") enrollment of each student. The Ohio Department of Education ("ODE") is legislatively required to adjust/reconcile funding as enrollment information is updated by schools throughout the State, which can extend past the fiscal year end. All adjustments have been finalized and are not material.

# D. State of Emergency Pandemic

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March of 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Ohio's state of emergency ended in June of 2021 while the national state of emergency continues. During fiscal year 2022, the School District received COVID-19 funding. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing recovery measures will impact subsequent periods of the School District. The impact on the School District's future operating costs, revenues, and additional recovery from funding, either federal or State, cannot be estimated.

# **15. INTERFUND ACTIVITY**

# **Interfund Transfers and Advances**

Transfers made during the year ended June 30, 2022, were as follows:

Transfers from general fund to: Nonmajor governmental fund \$ 250,000

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the fund collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

All transfers were made in compliance with Ohio Revised Code sections 5705.14, 5705.15 and 5705.16.

Advances made during the year ended June 30, 2022, were as follows:

А	dvance	A	dvance
	<u>To:</u>	Ī	From:
\$	17,109	\$	-
	-		17,109
\$	17,109	\$	17,109
	\$	\$    17,109 	<u>To:</u> <u>I</u> \$ 17,109 \$

All balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, or (3) payments between funds are made.

# **16. OTHER COMMITMENTS**

The District utilizes encumbrances as part of their accounting and budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end may be reported as part of restricted, committed or assigned classification of fund balance. At year-end, the District's commitments for encumbrances in the governmental funds were as follows:

Fund:EncumbrancesGeneral fund\$ 54,841Nonmaior governmental funds181,252		Year-end
	Fund:	Encumbrances
Nonmajor governmental funds 181 252	General fund	\$ 54,841
	Nonmajor governmental funds	181,252
Total \$ 236,093	Total	\$ 236,093

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### NORWAYNE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT WAYNE COUNTY

# SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

FEDERAL GRANTOR Pass Through Grantor Program / Cluster Title	Federal AL Number	Total Federal Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE		
Passed Through Ohio Department of Education		
Child Nutrition Cluster:		
Non-Cash Assistance (Food Distribution):		
National School Lunch Program	10.555	\$ 36,402
Cash Assistance		
School Breakfast Program	10.553	160,097
National School Lunch Program	10.555	529,016
COVID-19 - National School Lunch Program	10.555	6,961
Total Child Nutrition Cluster		732,476
COVID-19 - Pandemic EBT Administrative Costs	10.649	614
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture		733,090
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION		
Passed Through Ohio Department of Education		
Education Stabilization Fund:		
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER I and II) Fund COVID-19 - American Rescue Plan Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief	84.425D	641,753 445,157
(ARP ESSER) Fund	84.425U	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Total Education Stabilization Fund		1,086,910
Special Education Cluster:		
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027A	309,052
COVID-19 - American Rescue Plan (ARP) Special Education - Grants to States	84.027X	28,690
Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173A	9,130
Total Special Education Cluster		346,872
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010A	242,353
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424A	11,517
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365A	1,873
Improving Teacher Quality Grants to States	84.367A	38,716
Total U.S. Department of Education		1,728,241
Total Federal Awards Expenditures		\$ 2,461,331

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

#### NORWAYNE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT WAYNE COUNTY

#### NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS 2 CFR 200.510(b)(6) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### NOTE A – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of Norwayne Local School District, Wayne County, (the District) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2022. The information on this Schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position of the District.

#### NOTE B – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be allowable or may be limited as to reimbursement.

#### NOTE C – INDIRECT COST RATE

The District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

#### NOTE D - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

The District commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the School District assumes it expends federal monies first.

#### NOTE E – FOOD DONATION PROGRAM

The District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the entitlement value. The District allocated donated food commodities to the respective program that benefitted from the use of those donated food commodities.



88 East Broad Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 ContactUs@ohioauditor.gov (800) 282-0370

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Norwayne Local School District Wayne County 161 South Main Street Creston, Ohio 44217

To the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to the financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States the cash-basis financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Norwayne Local School District, Wayne County, (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 26, 2023, wherein we noted the District uses a special purpose framework other than generally accepted accounting principles. We also noted the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures which may impact subsequent periods of the District.

#### Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purposes of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Norwayne Local School District Wayne County Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by Government Auditing Standards Page 2

#### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards* which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings as item 2022-001.

#### District's Response to Finding

*Government Auditing Standards* requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the District's response to the finding identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and corrective action plan. The District's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

talu

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

January 26, 2023



88 East Broad Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 ContactUs@ohioauditor.gov (800) 282-0370

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO THE MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Norwayne Local School District Wayne County 161 South Main Street Creston, Ohio 44217

To the Board of Education:

#### Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program

#### **Opinion on the Major Federal Program**

We have audited Norwayne Local School District's (the District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on Norwayne Local School District's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2022. Norwayne Local School District's major federal program is identified in the *Summary of Auditor's Results* section of the accompanying schedule of findings

In our opinion, Norwayne Local School District complied, in all material respects with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2022.

#### Basis for Opinion on the Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Districts compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Norwayne Local School District Wayne County Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to the Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance Page 2

#### **Responsibilities of Management for Compliance**

The District's Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of the major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design
  and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a
  test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred
  to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in
  order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report
  on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the
  purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over
  compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control other compliance with a type of compliance is a noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Norwayne Local School District Wayne County Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to the Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance Page 3

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance* section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of this testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

January 26, 2023

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#### NORWAYNE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT WAYNE COUNTY

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS 2 CFR § 200.515 JUNE 30, 2022

# 1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	Yes
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR § 200.516(a)?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	AL # 84.425 – Education Stabilization Fund
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 750,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee under 2 CFR § 200.520?	No

#### NORWAYNE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT WAYNE COUNTY

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS 2 CFR § 200.515 JUNE 30, 20212 (Continued)

#### 2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

#### FINDING NUMBER 2022-001

#### Noncompliance – Annual Financial Report

**Ohio Rev. Code §117.38** provides that each public office shall file a financial report for each fiscal year. The Auditor of State may prescribe forms by rule or may issue guidelines, or both, for such reports. If the Auditor of State has not prescribed a rule regarding the form for the report, the public office shall submit its report on the form utilized by the public office.

**Ohio Admin. Code § 117-2-03(B)**, which further clarifies the requirements of Ohio Rev. Code § 117.38, requires the District to file annual financial reports which are prepared using generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

The District prepared financial statements that, although formatted similar to financial statements prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, report on the cash basis of accounting rather than GAAP. The accompanying financial statements and notes omit certain assets, liabilities, deferred inflows/outflows of resources, fund equities/net position, and disclosures that, while presumed material, cannot be determined at this time.

Pursuant to Ohio Rev. Code § 117.38 the District may be fined and subject to various other administrative remedies for its failure to file the required financial report. Failure to report on a GAAP basis compromises the District's ability to evaluate and monitor the overall financial condition of the District. To help provide the users with more meaningful financial statements, the District should prepare its annual financial statements according to generally accepted accounting principles.

Officials' Response: See Corrective Action Plan.

#### 3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None



# NORWAYNE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Superintendent Kevin Leatherman keleatherman@norwayne.net 350 SOUTH MAIN STREET CRESTON, OHIO 44217 (330) 435-6382 FAX (330) 435-4633 www.norwayne.net

Treasurer Sandy Hadsell nrcn\_shadsell@tccsa.net



# "Providing excellence that stands the test of time."

#### BOARD OF EDUCATION

ANGIE SMITH President DOUG INGOLD Vice President EARL RUPP JON WIDMER WINSTON WYCKOFF, III

#### NORWAYNE HIGH SCHOOL

DOUGLAS ZIMMERLY Principal 350 S Main St Creston, OH 44217 (330) 435-6384

#### NORWAYNE MIDDLE SCHOOL

DAVID DREHER Principal 350 S Main St Creston, OH 44217 (330) 435-1195

#### NORWAYNE ELEMENTARY

VINCE SETTE Principal NICOLE McQUATE Assistant Principal 286 S Main St Creston, OH 44217 (330) 435-6383

# TRANSPORTATION COORDINATOR

LORI WEINMAN 161 S Main St PO Box 4443 Creston, OH 44217 Phone (330) 435-1141 Fax (330) 435-6478

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Status	Additional Information
2021-001	ORC 117.38 and OAC 117-2-03(b) – Filing GAAP Financial Statements (First issued in 2003)	Not Corrected	The District filed their financial statements on the OCBOA basis. See Finding 2022-001.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

2 CFR 200.511(b)

JUNE 30, 2022

 $\label{eq:linear} All Norwayne educational programs are offered without regard to race, age, color, national origin, sex, religion, or handicap.$ 

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# NORWAYNE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Superintendent Kevin Leatherman keleatherman@norwayne.net 350 SOUTH MAIN STREET CRESTON, OHIO 44217 (330) 435-6382 FAX (330) 435-4633 www.norwayne.net

Treasurer Sandy Hadsell nrcn\_shadsell@tccsa.net



# "Providing excellence that stands the test of time."

BOARD OF EDUCATION		
ANGIE SMITH President DOUG INGOLD Vice President EARL RUPP JON WIDMER WINSTON WYCKOFF, III		ORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN 2 CFR § 200.511(c) JUNE 30, 2022 2022-001
windfold wrendfr, in	Finding Number:	2022-001
NORWAYNE HIGH SCHOOL DOUGLAS ZIMMERLY Principal 350 S Main St Creston, OH 44217 (330) 435-6384	Planned Corrective Action:	Cash Based reporting with consideration of encumbrances, reserves, and adequate footnotes effectively and efficiently meet the needs of our Board and Citizens. The use of GAAP does not ensure integrity or does GAAP application make accounting "better" to the user.
NORWAYNE MIDDLE SCHOOL DAVID DREHER Principal 350 S Main St Creston, OH 44217 (330) 435-1195		All of the District's legal appropriations and forecasts as required by the state are on a cash basis presentation and not on a GAAP basis. The rising complexity and cost associated with GAAP rules, interpretations, presentation and subsequent audits are driving a movement to the use of Special Purpose Framework presentation.
NORWAYNE ELEMENTARY VINCE SETTE Principal NICOLE McQUATE Assistant Principal 286 S Main St Creston, OH 44217		The Norwayne Local School's Board of Education has determined that the use of OCBOA or Special Purpose Framework presentation is cost effective and provides users a clear picture of the District's results, and is consistent with legal requirements of other state submissions such as the five-year forecast and annual required tax budget.
(330) 435-6383	Anticipated Completion Date:	N/A
TRANSPORTATION COORDINATOR LORI WEINMAN 161 S Main St PO Box 4443 Creston, OH 44217 Phone (330) 435-1141 Fax (330) 435-6478	Responsible Contact Person:	Sandy Hadsell, Treasurer

 $\label{eq:linear} All \textit{Nowayne} educational origin, sex, religion, or handicap.$ 

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# NORWAYNE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

# WAYNE COUNTY

# AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 3/2/2023

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370