

PAIN VALLEY ALCOHOL, DRUG ADDICTION, AND MENTAL HEALTH SERVICES BOARD
ROSS COUNTY
SINGLE AUDIT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022



Millhuff-Stang

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT

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OHIO AUDITOR OF STATE
KEITH FABER



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Board of Health
Paint Valley Alcohol, Drugs, Addiction and Mental Health Services Board
3974 Chestnut Street
Chillicothe, Ohio 45601

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Paint Valley Alcohol, Drugs, Addiction and Mental Health Services Board, Ross County, prepared by Millhuff-Stang, CPA, Inc., for the audit period January 1, 2022 through December 31, 2022. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Paint Valley Alcohol, Drugs, Addiction and Mental Health Services Board is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Keith Faber".

Keith Faber
Auditor of State
Columbus, Ohio

December 08, 2023

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Paint Valley Alcohol, Drug Addiction, and Mental Health Services Board
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Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Health
Paint Valley Alcohol, Drug Addiction, and Mental Health Services Board
Ross County
3974 Chestnut Street
Chillicothe, Ohio 45601

Report on the Audit of Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the cash-basis financial statements of the governmental activities, and each major fund of the Paint Valley Alcohol, Drug Addiction, and Mental Health Services Board, Ross County, Ohio (the Board) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Board's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective cash-basis financial position of the governmental activities, and each major fund, of the Paint Valley Alcohol, Drug Addiction, and Mental Health Services, Ross County, as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in cash-basis financial position thereof and the budgetary comparison for all funds thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the cash-basis of accounting described in Note 2.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Board, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter – Accounting Basis

We draw attention to Note 2 of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Emphasis of Matter – COVID-19

As discussed in Note 11 to the financial statements, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the Board. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the cash basis of accounting described in Note 2, and for determining that the cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Board's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Board's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Board's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

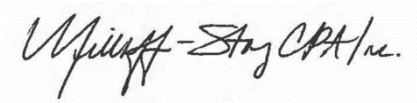
We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Board's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations (CFR)* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statement themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 18, 2023 on our consideration of the Board's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Board's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Board's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



Millhuff-Stang, CPA, Inc.
Wheelersburg, Ohio

September 18, 2023

Paint Valley Alcohol, Drug Addiction, and Mental Health Services Board
Statement of Net Position - Cash Basis
December 31, 2022

	<u>Governmental Activities</u>
Assets	
Equity in County Treasury	<u>\$9,739,796</u>
Total Assets	<u><u>\$9,739,796</u></u>
Net Position	
Restricted For:	
State Grants	\$1,328,143
Unrestricted	<u>8,411,653</u>
Total Net Position	<u><u>\$9,739,796</u></u>

See the accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Paint Valley Alcohol, Drug Addiction, and Mental Health Services Board

Statement of Activities - Cash Basis

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Cash	Program Cash Receipts	Net Receipts (Disbursements) and Changes in Net Position
	Disbursements	Operating Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities			
General Government	\$1,211,835	\$37,796	(\$1,174,039)
Public Health Services	8,594,184	6,991,575	(1,602,609)
Total Governmental Activities	\$9,806,019	\$7,029,371	(2,776,648)
General Receipts			
Property Taxes Levied for General Purposes			4,345,116
Grants and Entitlements not Restricted to Specific Programs			483,024
Other			54,475
Total General Receipts			4,882,615
Change in Net Position			2,105,967
Net Position Beginning of Year			7,633,829
Net Position End of Year			\$9,739,796

See the accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Paint Valley Alcohol, Drug Addiction, and Mental Health Services Board
Statement of Assets and Fund Balances - Cash Basis
Governmental Funds
December 31, 2022

	General Fund	Federal Grant Fund	State Grant Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Assets				
Equity in County Treasury	\$8,419,726	(\$8,073)	\$1,328,143	\$9,739,796
Total Assets	<u>\$8,419,726</u>	<u>(\$8,073)</u>	<u>\$1,328,143</u>	<u>\$9,739,796</u>
Fund Balances				
Restricted	\$0	\$0	\$1,328,143	\$1,328,143
Assigned	667,520	0	0	667,520
Unassigned (Deficit)	7,752,206	(8,073)	0	7,744,133
Total Fund Balances	<u>\$8,419,726</u>	<u>(\$8,073)</u>	<u>\$1,328,143</u>	<u>\$9,739,796</u>

See the accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Paint Valley Alcohol, Drug Addiction, and Mental Health Services Board
Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balances - Cash Basis
Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	General Fund	Federal Grant Fund	State Grant Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Receipts				
Property Taxes	\$4,345,116	\$0	\$0	\$4,345,116
Intergovernmental	483,024	1,189,212	2,614,860	4,287,096
Other Grants	77,629	3,022,670	125,000	3,225,299
Other	54,475	0	0	54,475
Total Receipts	4,960,244	4,211,882	2,739,860	11,911,986
Disbursements				
Current:				
General Government	1,174,039	37,796	0	1,211,835
Public Health Services	2,088,757	3,988,893	2,516,534	8,594,184
Total Disbursements	3,262,796	4,026,689	2,516,534	9,806,019
Net Change in Fund Balances	1,697,448	185,193	223,326	2,105,967
Beginning (Deficit) Fund Balances, January 1	6,722,278	(193,266)	1,104,817	7,633,829
Ending (Deficit) Fund Balances, December 31	<u>\$8,419,726</u>	<u>(\$8,073)</u>	<u>\$1,328,143</u>	<u>\$9,739,796</u>

See the accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Paint Valley Alcohol, Drug Addiction, and Mental Health Services Board

Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and

Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budget Basis

All Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final		
Receipts				
Property Taxes	\$4,242,000	\$4,242,000	\$4,345,116	\$103,116
Intergovernmental	3,181,190	4,147,023	4,287,096	140,073
Other Grants	2,650,051	4,679,524	3,225,299	(1,454,225)
Other	31,500	31,500	54,475	22,975
Total Receipts	10,104,741	13,100,047	11,911,986	(1,188,061)
Disbursements				
Current:				
General Government	1,386,125	1,331,125	1,211,835	119,290
Public Health Services	9,771,641	13,329,501	8,594,184	4,735,317
Total Disbursements	11,157,766	14,660,626	9,806,019	4,854,607
Net Change in Fund Balances	(1,053,025)	(1,560,579)	2,105,967	3,666,546
Beginning Fund Balances, January 1	7,633,829	7,633,829	7,633,829	0
Ending Fund Balances, December 31	\$6,580,804	\$6,073,250	\$9,739,796	\$3,666,546

See the accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Paint Valley Alcohol, Drug Addiction, and Mental Health Services Board

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Note 1 – Description of the Entity

The Paint Valley Alcohol, Drug Addiction and Mental Health Services Board, Ross County, Ohio, (the Board) is a political body and corporation established according to the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio.

The Board is directed by a Board of Directors. Board members are appointed by the Director of Ohio Mental Health & Addiction Services, and the County Commissioners of the political subdivisions making up the Board's service area. Those subdivisions are Ross, Pickaway, Fayette, Highland, and Pike Counties. The Board provides addiction and mental health services and programs to area citizens. These services are provided primarily through contracts with local licensed agencies.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the Board is financially accountable. The Board is financially accountable for an organization if the Board appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the Board is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the Board is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the Board is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide support to, the organization; or the Board is obligated for the debt of the organization. The Board is also financially accountable for any organizations that are fiscally dependent on the Board in that the Board approves their budget, the issuance of their debt or the levying of their taxes. Component units also include legally separate, tax-exempt entities whose resources are for the direct benefit of the Board, are accessible to the Board and are significant in amount to the Board. The Board has no component units.

The Board's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Board is financially accountable.

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

As further discussed in this note, these financial statements are presented on a cash basis of accounting. This cash basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Generally accepted accounting principles include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements, which have been applied to the extent they are applicable to the cash basis of accounting. Following are the more significant of the Board's accounting policies.

Basis of Presentation

The Board's basic financial statements consist of government-wide financial statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the Board as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental receipts and other non-exchange transactions.

The statement of net position presents the cash balance of the governmental activities of the Board at year end. The statement of activities compares disbursements with program receipts for each of the Board's governmental activities. Disbursements are reported by function. A function is a group of related activities designed to accomplish a major service or regulatory program for which the Board is responsible. Program receipts include grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational requirements of a particular program. General receipts are all receipts not classified as program receipts, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct disbursements

Paint Valley Alcohol, Drug Addiction, and Mental Health Services Board

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

with program receipts identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing on cash basis or draws from the Board's general receipts.

Fund Financial Statements

The Board segregates transactions related to certain Board functions or activities in separate funds to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the Board at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on the major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column.

Fund Accounting

The Board uses fund accounting to maintain its financial records. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Funds are used to segregate resources that are restricted as to use and demonstrate a fiduciary relationship with a third-party. The Board's funds are all classified as governmental.

Governmental Funds

The Board classifies funds financed primarily from taxes, intergovernmental receipts (e.g. grants), and other non-exchange transactions as governmental funds. The Board's major governmental funds are the general, federal grant, and state grant funds.

General Fund – The general fund accounts for all financial resources except for restricted resources requiring a separate accounting. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is disbursed or transferred according to Ohio law.

Federal Grant Funds – The federal grant fund accumulates federal grant monies to provide services in accordance with federal guidelines.

State Grant Funds – The state grant fund accumulates state grant monies to provide services in accordance with state grant guidelines.

Basis of Accounting

The Board's financial statements are prepared using the cash basis of accounting. Receipts are recorded in the Board's financial records and reported in the financial statements when cash is received rather than when earned and disbursements are recorded when cash is paid rather than when a liability is incurred.

As a result of the use of this cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements.

Budgetary Process

All funds are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriations ordinance, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount the Board may appropriate.

Paint Valley Alcohol, Drug Addiction, and Mental Health Services Board

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

The appropriations ordinance is the Board of Director's authorization to spend resources and sets limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by the Board of Directors. The legal level of control has been established at the object level within each fund and function.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statement reflects the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statement reflects the amounts on the amended certificates of estimated resources in effect at the time final appropriations were passed by the Board of Directors.

The appropriations ordinance is subject to amendment throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation ordinance for that fund that covered the entire year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board of Directors during the year.

Cash and Investments

The County Treasurer is the custodian for the Board's cash and investments. The County's cash and investment pool holds the Board's cash and investments, which are reported at the County Treasurer's carrying amount. Deposits and investments disclosures for the County as a whole may be obtained from the Ross County Treasurer, David Jeffers at 2 North Paint Street, Chillicothe, Ohio 45601.

Inventory and Prepaid Items

The Board reports disbursements for inventories and prepaid assets when paid. These items are not reflected as assets in the accompanying financial statements.

Capital Assets

Acquisitions of property, plant and equipment are recorded as disbursements when paid. These items are not reflected as assets in the accompanying financial statements.

Accumulated Leave

In certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment or retirement, employees are entitled to cash payments for unused leave. Unpaid leave is not reflected as a liability under the Board's cash basis of accounting.

Employer Contributions to Cost-Sharing Pension Plans

The Board recognizes the disbursement for their employer contributions to cost-sharing pension plans when they are paid. As described in notes 7 and 8, the employer contributions include portions for pension benefits and for post-employment health care benefits.

Net Position

Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on use either through enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Net position restricted for other purposes includes resources restricted for the various purposes of the grants received by the Board.

Paint Valley Alcohol, Drug Addiction, and Mental Health Services Board

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

The Board's policy is to first apply restricted resources when an obligation is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

Fund Balance

In the fund statements, governmental funds report aggregate amounts for five classifications of fund balances, based on the constraints imposed on the use of these resources. Fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

Nonspendable – Amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in a spendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – Amounts that can only be spent for specific purposes because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws and regulations of other governments.

Committed – Amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints by formal ordinances or resolutions of the Board, the highest level of decision making authority. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board removes the specific use by taking the same type of action as when imposing the commitment. This classification also includes use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned – Amounts constrained by the governing body's "intent" to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The Board has the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. Assigned fund balances include all remaining amounts (except negative balances) that are neither restricted nor committed.

Unassigned – This is the residual classification for the general fund. It is also used to report negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available, the Board considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When expenditures are incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the Board considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds as needed, unless the Board has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

Interfund Transactions

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as receipts in the seller funds and as disbursements in the purchaser funds. Subsidies from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. The Board had no interfund transactions in 2022.

Note 3 – Deposits and Investments

As required by the Ohio Revised Code, the Ross County Treasurer is custodian for the Board's deposits. The County's deposit and investment pool holds the Board's assets, valued at the Treasurer's reported carrying amount.

Paint Valley Alcohol, Drug Addiction, and Mental Health Services Board

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Note 4 – Property Taxes

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property and public utility property located in the Board’s area. Real property tax revenues received in 2022 represent the collection of 2021 taxes. 2022 real property taxes are levied after October 1, 2022, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2022, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. 2022 real property taxes are collected in and intended to finance 2023. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits later payment dates to be established.

Public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value; public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value. 2022 public utility property taxes which became a lien December 31, 2021, are levied after October 1, 2022, and are collected in 2023 with real property taxes.

The assessed values of real property and public utility property upon which 2022 property tax receipts were based, come from the assessed values of the five participating counties of the Board, which are Ross, Fayette, Highland, Pickaway, and Pike Counties.

Note 5 – Risk Management

The Board is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During 2022, the Board contracted with commercial carriers for professional and general liability insurance and property insurance. Coverages provided are as follows:

Building (\$500 Deductible)	\$1,294,814
Business Personal Property (\$500 Deductible)	147,667
Computer Equipment (\$500 Deductible)	125,000
Software (\$500 Deductible)	36,500
General Liability and Medical Expenses	
Per Occurrence (\$0 deductible)	1,000,000
Aggregate Limit	2,000,000
Director/Officer Liability (\$2,500 deductible)	2,000,000

Settled claims have not exceeded these commercial coverages in any of the past three years and there was no significant reduction in coverage from the prior year.

The Board also provides health insurance and dental and vision coverage to full-time employees through a private carrier.

Note 6 – Budgetary Basis of Accounting

The budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on the basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The statement of receipts, disbursements, and changes in fund balance-budget and actual-budgetary basis presented for all funds is prepared on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. All funds are budgeted together as one fund on the statement of receipts, disbursements, and changes in fund balance-budget and actual-budgetary basis; however, the funds are segregated on the statement of cash receipts, disbursements and changes in cash basis fund balances-governmental funds for financial reporting purposes. The difference between the budgetary basis and the cash basis is (are) outstanding year end encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budgetary basis) rather than as restricted, committed, or assigned fund balance (cash basis) (and outstanding year end advances are treated as an other

Paint Valley Alcohol, Drug Addiction, and Mental Health Services Board

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

financing source or use (budgetary basis) rather than as an interfund receivable or payable (cash basis)). The Board had no encumbrances outstanding at year end (budgetary basis).

Note 7 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan

The Statewide retirement systems provide both pension benefits and other postemployment benefits (OPEB).

Plan Description – Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

Plan Description – All Board employees participate in the Ohio Public Employee Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS is a cost-sharing, multiple employer public employee retirement system which administers three separate pension plans. The Traditional Pension Plan is a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The Member-Directed Plan is a defined contribution plan and the Combined Plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit/defined contribution plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits, and annual cost of living adjustments to members of the traditional and combined plans. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about OPERS’ fiduciary net position that may be obtained by visiting <https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml>, by writing to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling 800-222-7377.

Senate Bill (SB) 343 was enacted into law with an effective date of January 7, 2013. In the legislation, members in the traditional and combined plans were categorized into three groups with varying provisions of the law applicable to each group. The following table provides age and service requirements for retirement and the retirement formula applied to final average salary (FAS) for the three member groups under the traditional and combined plans as per the reduced benefits adopted by SB 343 (see OPERS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report referenced above for additional information, including requirements for reduced and unreduced benefits):

Group A	Group B	Group C
Eligible to retire prior to January 7, 2013, or five years after January 7, 2013	20 years of service credit prior to January 7, 2013, or eligible to retire ten years after January 7, 2013	Members not in other Groups and members hired on or after January 7, 2013
State and Local	State and Local	State and Local
Age and Service Requirements: Age 60 with 60 months of service credit or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age and Service Requirements: Age 60 with 60 months of service credit or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age and Service Requirements: Age 57 with 25 years of service credit or Age 62 with 5 years of service credit
Traditional Plan Formula: 2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 30	Traditional Plan Formula: 2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 30	Traditional Plan Formula: 2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 35 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 35
Combined Plan Formula: 1% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 1.25% for service years in excess of 30	Combined Plan Formula: 1% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 1.25% for service years in excess of 30	Combined Plan Formula: 1% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 35 years and 1.25% for service years in excess of 35

Final average salary (FAS) represents the average of the three highest years of earnings over a member’s career for Groups A and B. Group C is based on the average of the five highest years of earnings over a member’s career.

Members who retire before meeting the age and years of service credit requirement for unreduced benefits receive a percentage reduction in the benefit amount. The amount of a member’s pension benefit vests upon receipt of the

Paint Valley Alcohol, Drug Addiction, and Mental Health Services Board

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

initial benefit payment. The options for Public Safety and Law Enforcement permit early retirement under qualifying circumstances as early as age 48 with a reduced benefit.

When a traditional plan benefit recipient has received benefits for 12 months, the member is eligible for an annual cost of living adjustment (COLA). This COLA is calculated on the base retirement benefit at the date of retirement and is not compounded. Members retiring under the combined plan receive a cost-of-living adjustment on the defined benefit portion of their pension benefit. For those who retired prior to January 7, 2013, the cost-of-living adjustment is 3 percent. For those retiring on or after January 7, 2013, beginning in calendar year 2019, the adjustment is based on the average percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index, capped at 3 percent.

Defined contribution plan benefits are established in the plan documents, which may be amended by the Board. Member-directed plan and combined plan members who have met the retirement eligibility requirements may apply for retirement benefits. The amount available for defined contribution benefits in the combined plan consists of the member's contributions plus or minus the investment gains or losses resulting from the member's investment selections. Combined plan members wishing to receive benefits must meet the requirements for both the defined benefit and defined contribution plans. Member-directed participants must have attained the age of 55, have money on deposit in the defined contribution plan and have terminated public service to apply for retirement benefits. The amount available for defined contribution benefits in the member-directed plan consists of the members' contributions, vested employer contributions and investment gains or losses resulting from the members' investment selections. Employer contributions and associated investment earnings vest over a five-year period, at a rate of 20 percent each year. At retirement, members may select one of several distribution options for payment of the vested balance in their individual OPERS accounts. Options include the annuitization of the benefit (which includes joint and survivor options and will continue to be administered by OPERS), partial lump-sum payments (subject to limitations), a rollover of the vested account balance to another financial institution, receipt of entire account balance, net of taxes withheld, or a combination of these options. When members choose to annuitize their defined contribution benefit, the annuitized portion of the benefit is reclassified to a defined benefit.

Effective January 1, 2022, the Combined Plan is no longer available for member selection.

Funding Policy – The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

	<u>State and Local</u>
2022 Statutory Maximum Contribution Rates	
Employer	14.0 %
Employee *	10.0 %
 2022 Actual Contribution Rates	
Employer:	
Pension	14.0 %
Post-employment Health Care Benefits ****	<u>0.0</u>
Total Employer	<u>14.0 %</u>
Employee	<u>10.0 %</u>

* Member contributions within the combined plan are not used to fund the defined benefit retirement allowance.

Paint Valley Alcohol, Drug Addiction, and Mental Health Services Board

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

**** These pension and employer health care rates are for the traditional and combined plans. The employer contributions rate for the member-directed plan is allocated 4 percent for health care with the remainder going to pension.

Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll.

For 2022 The Health District's contractually required contribution was \$78,313.

Note 8 – Postemployment Benefits

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

Plan Description – The Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) administers three separate pension plans: the traditional pension plan, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan; the member-directed plan, a defined contribution plan; and the combined plan, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and defined contribution plan.

OPERS maintains a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment health care trust, which funds multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage and deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement (HRA) to qualifying benefit recipients of both the traditional pension and the combined plans. Currently, Medicare-eligible retirees are able to select medical and prescription drug plans from a range of options and may elect optional vision and dental plans. Retirees and eligible dependents enrolled in Medicare Parts A and B have the option to enroll in a Medicare supplemental plan with the assistance of the OPERS Medicare Connector. The OPERS Medicare Connector is a relationship with a vendor selected by OPERS to assist retirees, spouses and dependents with selecting a medical and pharmacy plan. Monthly allowances, based on years of service and the age at which the retiree first enrolled in OPERS coverage, are deposited into an HRA. For non-Medicare retirees and eligible dependents, OPERS sponsors medical and prescription coverage through a professionally managed self-insured plan. An allowance to offset a portion of the monthly premium is offered to retirees and eligible dependents. The allowance is based on the retiree's years of service and age when they first enrolled in OPERS coverage.

OPERS provides a monthly allowance for health care coverage for eligible retirees and their eligible dependents. The base allowance is determined by OPERS. For those retiring on or after January 1, 2015, the allowance has been determined by applying a percentage to the base allowance. The percentage applied is based on years of qualifying service credit and age when the retiree first enrolled in OPERS health care. Monthly allowances range between 51 percent and 90 percent of the base allowance. Those who retired prior to January 1, 2015, will have an allowance of at least 75 percent of the base allowance.

The health care trust is also used to fund health care for member-directed plan participants, in the form of a Retiree Medical Account (RMA). At retirement or separation, member directed plan participants may be eligible for reimbursement of qualified medical expenses from their vested RMA balance.

Effective January 1, 2022, OPERS discontinued the group plans currently offered to non-Medicare retirees and re-employed retirees. Instead, eligible non-Medicare retirees will select an individual medical plan. OPERS will provide a subsidy or allowance via an HRA allowance to those retirees who meet health care eligibility requirements. Retirees will be able to seek reimbursement for plan premiums and other qualified medical expenses.

In order to qualify for postemployment health care coverage, age and service retirees under the traditional pension and combined plans must have twenty or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit with a minimum age of 60. Members in Group A are eligible for coverage at any age with 30 or more years of qualifying service. Members in Group B are eligible at any age with 32 years of qualifying service, or at age 52 with 31 years of qualifying service. Members in Group C are eligible for coverage with 32 years of qualifying service and a minimum age of 55. Current retirees eligible (or who became eligible prior to January 1, 2022) to participate in the OPERS health care program

Paint Valley Alcohol, Drug Addiction, and Mental Health Services Board

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

will continue to be eligible after January 1, 2022. Eligibility requirements change for those retiring after January 1, 2022, with differing eligibility requirements for Medicare retirees and non-Medicare retirees. The health care coverage provided by OPERS meets the definition of an Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement 75. See OPERS' Annual Comprehensive Financial Report referenced below for additional information.

The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, OPERS to provide health care to its eligible benefit recipients. Authority to establish and amend health care coverage is provided to the Board in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code.

Disclosures for the health care plan are presented separately in the OPERS financial report. Interested parties may obtain a copy by visiting <https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml>, by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling (614) 222-5601 or 800-222-7377.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code provides the statutory authority allowing public employers to fund postemployment health care through their contributions to OPERS. When funding is approved by OPERS Board of Trustees, a portion of each employer's contribution to OPERS is set aside to fund OPERS health care plans. Beginning in 2018, OPERS no longer allocated a portion of its employer contributions to health care for the traditional plan and the combined plan.

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of the earnable salary of active members. In 2022, state and local employers contributed at a rate of 14.0 percent of earnable salary and public safety and law enforcement employers contributed at 18.1 percent. These are the maximum employer contribution rates permitted by the Ohio Revised Code. Active member contributions do not fund health care.

Each year, the OPERS Board determines the portion of the employer contribution rate that will be set aside to fund health care plans. For 2022, OPERS did not allocate any employer contribution to health care for members in the Traditional Pension Plan and Combined Plan. The OPERS Board is also authorized to establish rules for the retiree or their surviving beneficiaries to pay a portion of the health care provided. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected. The employer contribution as a percentage of covered payroll deposited into the RMA for participants in the member-directed plan for 2022 was 4.0 percent.

Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The Health District's contractually required contribution was \$0 for the year 2022.

Note 9 – Contingent Liabilities

The Board is not currently party to legal proceedings.

Amounts grantor agencies pay to the Board are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor, principally the federal government. Grantors may require refunding any disallowed costs. Management cannot presently determine amounts grantors may disallow. However, based on prior experience, management believes any refunds would be immaterial.

Note 10 – Fund Balances

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the Board is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds are presented below:

Paint Valley Alcohol, Drug Addiction, and Mental Health Services Board

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Fund Balances	General Fund	Federal Grant Fund	State Grant Fund	Total
Restricted for:				
Drug Court Addiction Treatment	\$0	\$0	\$153,901	\$153,901
Recovery Housing Program	0	0	42,550	42,550
Crisis Flex Funding	0	0	405,849	405,849
Community Linkage Program	0	0	66,864	66,864
SUD Treatment and Recovery Support	0	0	359,560	359,560
Crisis Infrastructure	0	0	120,900	120,900
Multi-System Adult	0	0	58,369	58,369
Mental Health Crisis Stabilization	0	0	51,150	51,150
AOD Crisis Stabilization	0	0	69,000	69,000
<i>Total Restricted</i>	0	0	1,328,143	1,328,143
Assigned for:				
Future Appropriations	667,520	0	0	667,520
Unassigned (Deficit)				
	7,752,206	(8,073)	0	7,744,133
Total	\$8,419,726	(\$8,073)	\$1,328,143	\$9,739,796

The Board has established a cash reserve policy. The cash reserve is to be equal to or greater than 90 (ninety) days of cash needed. Cash needed is defined as cash required to be able to pay all invoices, services approved for payment, debt payments, payroll, payroll taxes, and etc. At December 31, 2022, the Board had a \$9,739,796 total cash fund balance with \$8,013,073 in budgeted appropriations for calendar year 2023. The Board was in compliance with their cash reserve policy.

Note 11 – COVID-19

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March of 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Ohio’s state of emergency ended in June 2021 while the national state of emergency ended in April 2023. During 2022, the District received COVID-19 funding. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the District. The impact on the District’s future operating costs, revenues, and additional recovery from funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated.

The Board did not subgrant amounts to other governments or organizations. The Board also did not return amounts to the granting agency or spend amounts on-behalf of other governments. The Board also did not receive amounts as an on-behalf of grant from another government.

Note 12 – Accountability

The Board had a deficit fund balance in the federal grant fund at December 31, 2022. This deficit is the result of grant requirements that funds must be spent before requests for reimbursement can be submitted. The Board had a reimbursement request pending at December 31, 2022 to cover this deficit.

**PAINT VALLEY ALCOHOL, DRUG ADDICTION, AND MENTAL HEALTH SERVICES BOARD
ROSS COUNTY**

**SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022**

FEDERAL GRANTOR Pass Through Grantor Program / Cluster Title	Federal AL Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Total Federal Expenditures
<u>U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE</u>				
<i>Passed Through Ohio Department of Public Safety:</i>				
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant	16.738	2020-JG-B01-6315	N	5,814
<i>Total Passed Through the Ohio Department of Public Safety</i>				5,814
Total U.S. Department of Justice				\$ 5,814
<u>U.S. DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY</u>				
<i>Passed Through Ohio Department of Mental Health & Addiction Services:</i>				
COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief Fund	21.019	N/A	N	15,700
<i>Total Passed Through the Ohio Department of Mental Health & Addiction Services</i>				15,700
Total U.S. Department of the Treasury				\$ 15,700
<u>U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES</u>				
<i>Passed Through Ohio Department of Mental Health & Addiction Services:</i>				
Opioid STR	93.788	2300607, 2200736	N	\$ 2,918,461
Block Grants for Community Mental Health Services	93.958	N/A	N	219,820
COVID-19 - Block Grants for Community Mental Health Services	93.958	N/A	N	31,706
Total Block Grants for Community Mental Health Services				251,526
COVID-19 - Emergency Grants to Address Mental and Substance Abuse Disorders During COVID-19	93.665	H79FG000645	N	2,340
Social Services Block Grant (Title XX)	93.667	N/A	N	201,523
Block Grant for Prevention and Treatment of Substance Abuse	93.959	N/A	N	633,821
COVID-19 - Block Grant for Prevention and Treatment of Substance Abuse	93.959	N/A	N	3,309
Total Block Grant for Prevention and Treatment of Substance Abuse				637,130
<i>Total Passed Through the Ohio Department of Mental Health & Addiction Services</i>				\$ 4,010,980
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services				\$ 4,010,980
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards				\$ 4,032,494

N/A - pass-through entity number not available
N - no subrecipients

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

**PAINT VALLEY ALCOHOL, DRUG ADDICTION AND MENTAL HEALTH SERVICES BOARD
ROSS COUNTY**

**NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS
2 CFR 200.510(b)(6)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022**

NOTE A – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of Paint Valley Alcohol, Drug Addiction and Mental Health Services Board (the Board's) under programs of the federal government for the year ended December 31, 2022.

The information on this Schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Board, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of the Board.

NOTE B – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be allowable or may be limited as to reimbursement. The Board has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance. The Board does not use an indirect cost rate.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Health
Paint Valley Alcohol, Drug Addiction, and Mental Health Services Board
3974 Chestnut Street
Chillicothe, Ohio 45601

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Paint Valley Alcohol, Drug Addiction, and Mental Health Services Board, Ross County (the Board) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Board's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 18, 2023, wherein we noted the Board followed the cash basis of accounting rather than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We also noted the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the Board.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Board's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Board's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Board's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Board's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

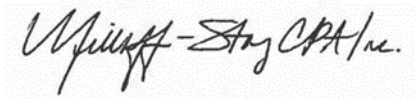
Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Board's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Board's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Board's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.



Millhuff-Stang, CPA, Inc.
Wheelersburg, Ohio

September 18, 2023



**Report on Compliance For Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance
Required by the Uniform Guidance**

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Health
Paint Valley Alcohol, Drug Addiction, and Mental Health Services Board
3974 Chestnut Street
Chillicothe, Ohio 45601

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Paint Valley Alcohol, Drug Addiction, and Mental Health Services Board (the Board) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on the Board's major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2022. The Board's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the Board complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Board and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Board's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the Board's federal programs.

Paint Valley Alcohol, Drug Addiction, and Mental Health Services Board
Report on Compliance For Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance
Required by the Uniform Guidance

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the Board's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the Board's compliance with the requirements of the major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the Board's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of the Board's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Board's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

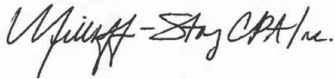
A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. *A material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. *A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Paint Valley Alcohol, Drug Addiction, and Mental Health Services Board
Report on Compliance For Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance
Required by the Uniform Guidance

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.



Millhuff-Stang, CPA, Inc.
Wheelersburg, Ohio

September 18, 2023

Paint Valley Alcohol, Drug Addiction, and Mental Health Services Board

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

2 CFR § 200.515

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Section I – Summary of Auditor’s Results

<i>Financial Statements</i>	
Type of report the auditor issued on whether the financial statements audited were prepared in accordance with GAAP:	Unmodified (Cash Basis)
Internal control over financial reporting:	
Material weakness(es) identified?	No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	None reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	No
<i>Federal Awards</i>	
Internal control over major program(s):	
Material weakness(es) identified?	No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	None reported
Type of auditor’s report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unmodified
Any auditing findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	No
Identification of major program(s):	Opioid STR – AL #93.788
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:	Type A: >\$750,000 Type B: All Others
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	No

Section II – Financial Statement Findings

None

Section III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None

OHIO AUDITOR OF STATE KEITH FABER



PAINT VALLEY ALCOHOL, DRUG ADDICTION AND MENTAL HEALTH SERVICES BOARD

ROSS COUNTY

AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 12/21/2023

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215
Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370

This report is a matter of public record and is available online at
www.ohioauditor.gov