



PATRICK HENRY LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT HENRY COUNTY JUNE 30, 2022

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Patrick Henry Local School District Henry County 6900 State Route 18 Hamler, Ohio 43524-9781

To the Board of Education:

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Patrick Henry Local School District, Henry County, Ohio (the School District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Patrick Henry Local School District, Henry County, Ohio as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General fund for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are required to be independent of the School District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 26 to the financial statements, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the School District. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Patrick Henry Local School District Henry County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
 include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
 statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that
 raise substantial doubt about the School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a
 reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Patrick Henry Local School District Henry County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, and schedules of net pension and other post-employment benefit liabilities and pension and other post-employment benefit contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 11, 2023, on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

May 11, 2023

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The discussion and analysis of Patrick Henry Local School District's financial performance provides an overall review of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and notes to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

Highlights

Highlights for fiscal year 2022 are as follows:

In total, net position increased \$2,816,946 or almost 26 percent, from the prior fiscal year.

General revenues were \$14,831,446 for fiscal year 2022, or almost 85 percent of total revenues, and reflect the School District's significant dependence on property taxes and income taxes as well as unrestricted state entitlements.

Using the Basic Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. The statements are organized so the reader can understand Patrick Henry Local School District as a financial whole, or as an entire operating entity.

The statement of net position and the statement of activities provide information about the activities of the whole School District, presenting both an aggregate view of the School District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances.

Fund financial statements provide a greater level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the School District's most significant funds, with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in a single column. For Patrick Henry Local School District, the General Fund and the Bond Retirement debt service fund are the most significant funds.

Reporting the School District as a Whole

The statement of net position and the statement of activities reflect how the School District did financially during fiscal year 2022. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting similar to that which is used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting considers all of the current fiscal year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These statements report the School District's net position and changes in net position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader whether the financial position of the School District as a whole has increased or decreased from the prior fiscal year. Over time, these increases and/or decreases are one indicator of whether the financial position is improving or deteriorating. Causes for these changes may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Nonfinancial factors include the School District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs, and other factors.

In the statement of net position and the statement of activities, all of the School District's activities are reflected as governmental activities including instruction, support services, non-instructional services, extracurricular activities, and intergovernmental activities.

Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds

Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the School District's major funds. While the School District uses many funds to account for its financial transactions, the fund financial statements focus on the School District's most significant funds. The School District's major funds are the General Fund and the Bond Retirement debt service fund.

Governmental Funds - All of the School District's activities are reported in governmental funds which focus on how monies flow into and out of those funds and the balances left at fiscal year end for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or less financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs.

Fiduciary Funds - Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the School District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected on the government-wide financial statements because the resources from these funds are not available to support the School District's programs. These funds use the accrual basis of accounting.

The School District as a Whole

Table 1 provides a summary of the School District's net position for fiscal year 2022 and fiscal year 2021:

Table 1 Net Position

		Activities	
	2022	Restated 2021	Change
Assets:			
Current and Other Assets	\$24,763,566	\$25,521,651	(\$758,085)
Net OPEB Asset	844,799	685,101	159,698
Capital Assets, Net	34,855,611	34,852,595	3,016
Total Assets	60,463,976	61,059,347	(595,371)
			(continued)

Table 1 Net Position (continued)

		Governmental Activities	
	2022	Restated 2021	Change
Deferred Outflows of Resources:			
Pension	\$2,918,217	\$2,274,735	\$643,482
OPEB	425,368	418,045	7,323
Other Amounts	716,943	727,921	(10,978)
Total Deferred Outflows of			
Resources	4,060,528	3,420,701	639,827
Liabilities:			
Current and Other Liabilities	1,868,474	1,984,084	115,610
Long-Term Liabilities			
Pension	7,051,101	12,658,590	5,607,489
OPEB	1,015,634	1,100,534	84,900
Other Amounts	27,932,818	29,267,055	1,334,237
Total Liabilities	37,868,027	45,010,263	7,142,236
Deferred Inflows of Resources:			
Pension	5,559,462	161,352	(5,398,110)
OPEB	1,571,004	1,389,921	(181,083)
Other Amounts	5,675,551	6,884,998	1,209,447
Total Deferred Inflows of			
Resources	12,806,017	8,436,271	(4,369,746)
Net Position:			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	9,412,402	8,532,346	880,056
Restricted	1,486,114	1,561,416	(75,302)
Unrestricted	2,951,944	939,752	2,012,192
Total Net Position	\$13,850,460	\$11,033,514	\$2,816,946

The net pension liability and net OPEB liability (asset) reported by the School District at June 30, 2022, is reported pursuant to Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions" and GASB Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions", respectively. For reasons discussed below, end users of these financial statements will gain a clearer understanding of the School District's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and OPEB, the net pension liability, and the net OPEB liability (asset) to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB.

GASB standards are national standards and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Prior accounting for pensions (GASB Statement No. 27) and postemployment benefits (GASB Statement No. 45) focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension and OPEB costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's net pension or net OPEB liability. GASB Statements No. 68 and No. 75 take an earnings approach to pension and OPEB accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension/OPEB plans and State law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

GASB Statements No. 68 and No. 75 require the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability (asset) to equal the School District's proportionate share of each plan's collective present value of estimated future pension/OPEB benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service minus plan assets available to pay these benefits.

GASB notes that pension and OPEB obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange", that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension and other postemployment benefits. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the School District is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of these liabilities. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, the retirement systems to provide health care to eligible benefit recipients. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contribution to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer's promise is limited not by contract but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific legal limit to its contribution to the retirement system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension/OPEB plan against the public employer. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. The retirement system is responsible for the administration of the pension and OPEB plans.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or in the case of compensated absences (i.e. vacation and sick leave) are satisfied through paid time off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability or the net OPEB liability. As explained above, changes in pension benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of these liabilities but are outside the control of the School District. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required pension/OPEB payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability are satisfied, these liabilities are separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

In accordance with GASB Statements No. 68 and No. 75, the School District's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense and an annual OPEB expense for their proportionate share of each plan's change in net pension liability and net OPEB liability (asset), respectively, not accounted for as deferred outflows/inflows.

Pension/OPEB related changes noted in the above table reflect an overall increase in deferred outflows and decrease in deferred inflows. The increase in the net pension asset and the net pension liability and decrease in the net OPEB liability represent the School District's proportionate share of the unfunded benefits. As indicated previously, changes in pension/OPEB benefits, contribution rates, return on investments, and actuarial assumptions all affect the balance of the net pension/OPEB liability (asset).

Aside from the changes related to pension/OPEB, there were several other changes of note in the above table. The decrease in current and other assets was primarily a decrease in property taxes receivable. There was significant decrease in the tax estimate provided by the County Auditor. While there was not a significant change in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization, the high school renovation project was completed (moved from construction in progress to depreciable capital assets) during fiscal year 2022. There was not a notable change in current and other liabilities, and the change in other long-term liabilities represents scheduled debt retirement.

Table 2 reflects the change in net position for fiscal year 2022 and fiscal year 2021.

Table 2 Change in Net Position

Governmental

		Governmental	
		Activities	
		Restated	
	2022	2021	Change
Revenues:		_	
Program Revenues			
Charges for Services	\$556,570	\$947,520	(\$390,950)
Operating Grants and Contributions	2,113,006	1,685,828	427,178
Capital Grants and Contributions	0	26,568	(26,568)
Total Program Revenues	2,669,576	2,659,916	9,660
General Revenues			
Property Taxes	6,727,343	6,084,025	643,318
Income Taxes	2,620,004	2,407,637	212,367
Grants and Entitlements	5,176,273	5,004,637	171,636
Interest	41,353	42,483	(1,130)
Gifts and Donations	1,250	75	1,175
Miscellaneous	265,223	263,346	1,877
Total General Revenues	14,831,446	13,802,203	1,029,243
Total Revenues	17,501,022	16,462,119	1,038,903
			(continued)

Table 2 Change in Net Position (continued)

		Governmental Activities	
	2022	Restated 2021	Change
Expenses:			
Instruction:			
Regular	\$5,748,633	\$6,684,620	\$935,987
Special	2,089,605	2,164,758	75,153
Vocational	41,047	108,597	67,550
Support Services:			
Pupils	855,215	786,174	(69,041)
Instructional Staff	207,465	208,720	1,255
Board of Education	29,478	17,565	(11,913)
Administration	918,900	974,907	56,007
Fiscal	498,646	467,173	(31,473)
Business	106,958	119,732	12,774
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,100,212	1,174,325	74,113
Pupil Transportation	635,819	666,631	30,812
Central	486,154	618,589	132,435
Non-Instructional Services	481,537	523,130	41,593
Extracurricular Activities	629,247	616,961	(12,286)
Intergovernmental	4,544	4,878	334
Interest and Fiscal Charges	850,616	890,287	39,671
Total Expenses	14,684,076	16,027,047	1,342,971
Increase in Net Position	2,816,946	435,072	2,381,874
Net Position at Beginning of Year	11,033,514	10,598,442	435,072
Net Position at End of Year	\$13,850,460	\$11,033,514	\$2,816,946

While there was not a significant change in total program revenues from the prior fiscal year, there were some noteworthy changes. The decrease in charges for services resulted from a change in the state funding formula that pays districts directly for the students they serve. The increase in operating grants and contributions was due mostly to the recognition of COVID relief funding. For general revenues, there was an increase in property tax revenue as the amount collected at the end of the fiscal year, available to be to be advanced to the School District at fiscal year end increased from the prior fiscal year. Income tax revenues increased as the at the end of fiscal year 2022, as the local economy remains strong, and grants and entitlements increased, overall, as a result of receiving direct foundation funding for all students served by the School District.

Overall, total expenses decreased almost 8 percent. This decrease in total expenses was generally due to a decrease in pension and OPEB expense of about \$1.5 million from fiscal year 2021.

Table 3 indicates the total cost of services and the net cost of services for governmental activities. The statement of activities reflects the cost of program services and the charges for services, grants, and contributions offsetting those services. The net cost of services identifies the cost of those services supported by tax revenues and unrestricted state entitlements.

Table 3
Governmental Activities

	Total Cost of Services			Cost of vices
	2022	2021	2022	Restated 2021
Instruction:				
Regular	\$5,748,633	\$6,684,620	\$5,286,322	\$5,796,254
Special	2,089,605	2,164,758	1,256,377	1,419,375
Vocational	41,047	108,597	36,406	104,611
Support Services:				
Pupils	855,215	786,174	618,115	552,646
Instructional Staff	207,465	208,720	207,465	208,720
Board of Education	29,478	17,565	29,478	17,565
Administration	918,900	974,907	906,491	974,907
Fiscal	498,646	467,173	497,945	467,173
Business	106,958	119,732	106,666	119,732
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,100,212	1,174,325	993,331	1,094,055
Pupil Transportation	635,819	666,631	598,213	636,353
Central	486,154	618,589	433,217	587,305
Non-Instructional Services	481,537	523,130	(151,148)	89,383
Extracurricular Activities	629,247	616,961	340,462	403,887
Intergovernmental	4,544	4,878	4,544	4,878
Interest and Fiscal Charges	850,616	890,287	850,616	890,287
Total Expenses	\$14,684,076	\$16,027,047	\$12,014,500	\$13,367,131

With the substantial contribution of general revenues for funding the School District's activities, only a limited number of activities are affected by program revenues. Instruction costs are partially offset by tuition and fees and grants restricted for various instruction purposes. Non-instructional services costs are supported by cafeteria sales, state and federal subsidies, and donated commodities for food service operations. Extracurricular activities costs are supported by music and athletic fees, ticket sales, and gate receipts at musical and athletic events.

The School District's Funds

The School District's governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Fund balance increased in the General Fund nearly 8 percent as revenues increased, about 4 percent while expenditures were consistent with the prior fiscal year.

Fund balance increased in the Bond Retirement debt service fund as debt service requirements exceeded property tax and related revenue and resources transferred from other funds for debt payments.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The School District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

During fiscal year 2022, the School District amended its General Fund budget as needed. For revenues, changes from the original budget to the final budget and from the final budget to actual revenues were not significant. For expenditures, changes from the original budget to the final budget were not significant; savings from the final budget to actual expenditures were generally due to conservative budgeting.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2022, the School District had \$34,855,611 invested in capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation/amortization). Additions included the completion of the high school renovation project, a bus, a handicap accessible van, a pickup truck, and equipment. Disposals consisted of land improvements (bleachers, stadium lights, and driveways); replaced athletic, educational, maintenance, and food service equipment; and three busses and a van. For further information regarding the School District's capital assets, refer to Note 10 to the basic financial statements.

<u>Debt</u>

At June 30, 2022, the School District had outstanding general obligation bonds, in the amount of \$2,440,000, and certificates of participation, in the amount of \$24,667,565. In addition, the School District's long-term obligations include the net pension/OPEB liability, compensated absences, and leases payable. For further information regarding the School District's long-term obligations, refer to Note 17 to the basic financial statements.

Current Issues

The School District's current five-year forecast indicates the School District is in a sound financial position throughout fiscal years 2022 through 2026. All of the School District's levies are continuing levies, except for the emergency levy. The emergency levy, originally passed in March 2012 was renewed in March 2015 and again in November 2018 for an additional three years. Since the original passage, the levy has been over collected twice. In October 2015 and October 2018, the County Budget Commission adjusted the millage to offset the over collection. This levy was again renewed in November 2020 for an additional five years.

In the summer of 2019, the School District installed a new HVAC system in the High School gymnasium. This was considered Phase I of a Capital Improvement Plan set forth by the Board of Education and Administration. To continue with the improvement plan, the School District issued new debt in fiscal year 2020. Phase II of the plan included renovating the entire High School and Phase III included a storage building, updating the playground, reworking the sign at the front entry and replacing the bleachers on the stage. Phase IV included resurfacing the football field, new flooring in the Middle School, and wall panels in the Music Room. The School District plans to renovate the Athletic Building in the near future, however, specific plans have not yet been approved.

At the beginning of fiscal year 2023, the School District negotiated a new three-year contract for both certified and classified employees. Both unions received a 2.65 percent increase for 2022-23, a 2.5 percent increase for 2023-24, and a 2.5 percent increase for 2024-25. The School District has been using a traditional based bargaining model of negotiating successfully over the past decade or more and will once again negotiate with both unions in the spring of 2024.

Contacting the School District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to reflect the School District's accountability for the monies it receives. Questions concerning any of the information in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to Breanna DeWit, Treasurer, Patrick Henry Local School District, 6900 State Route 18, Hamler, Ohio 43524.

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Patrick Henry Local School District Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

Assets: Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents \$17,058,856 Accounts Receivable 20,858 Accound Interest Receivable 143,362 Income Taxes Receivable 1,042,843 Prepaid Items 9,159 Inventory Held for Resale 2,592 Materials and Supplies Inventory 1,070 Property Taxes Receivable 6,481,677 Net OPEB Asset 844,799 Nondepreciable Capital Assets 591,100 Depreciable Capital Assets, Net 34,264,511 Total Assets 60,463,976 Deferred Outflows of Resources: 2918,217 Deferred Outflows of Resources: 2,918,217 OPEB 425,368 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 4,060,528 Liabilities: 42,060,528 Liabilities: 41,565 Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable 41,565 Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable 1,216 Intergovernmental Payable 26,1104 Accrued Interest Payable 7,234 Long-Term Liabilities: 3 Due in More		Governmental Activities
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	TOTAL INCL FUSITION	\$13,630,400

Patrick Henry Local School District Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	-	Program Revenues		
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	
Governmental Activities:				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$5,748,633	\$130,996	\$331,315	
Special	2,089,605	105,019	728,209	
Vocational	41,047	4,641	0	
Support Services:				
Pupils	855,215	0	237,100	
Instructional Staff	207,465	0	0	
Board of Education	29,478	0	0	
Administration	918,900	0	12,409	
Fiscal	498,646	0	701	
Business	106,958	0	292	
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,100,212	0	106,881	
Pupil Transportation	635,819	0	37,606	
Central	486,154	0	52,937	
Non-Instructional Services	481,537	57,688	574,997	
Extracurricular Activities	629,247	258,226	30,559	
Intergovernmental	4,544	0	0	
Interest and Fiscal Charges	850,616	0	0	
Total Governmental Activities	\$14,684,076	\$556,570	\$2,113,006	

General Revenues: Property Taxes Levied for General Purposes

Property Taxes Levied for Classroom Facilities Purposes

Property Taxes Levied for Debt Service
Property Taxes Levied for Permanent Improvements

Income Taxes Levied for General Purposes

Grants and Entitlements not Restricted to Specific Programs

Interest

Gifts and Donations

Miscellaneous

Total General Revenues

Change in Net Position

Net Position Beginning of Year - Restated (Note 3)

Net Position End of Year

Net (Expense) Revenue and Change in Net Position

Governmental Activities

(5,286,322) (1,256,377) (36,406) (618,115) (207,465) (29,478) (906,491) (497,945) (106,666) (993,331) (598,213) (433,217) 151,148 (340,462) (4,544) (850,616) (12,014,500)

5,931,206 69,899 355,323 370,915 2,620,004 5,176,273 41,353 1,250 265,223 14,831,446

2,816,946

11,033,514 \$13,850,460

Patrick Henry Local School District Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

				Total
		Bond	Other	Governmental
	General	Retirement	Governmental	Funds
Assets:				
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$14,517,960	\$551,184	\$1,989,712	\$17,058,856
Accounts Receivable	18,866	0	1,992	20,858
Accrued Interest Receivable	3,149	0	0	3,149
Interfund Receivable	81,964	0	0	81,964
Intergovernmental Receivable	4,455	0	138,907	143,362
Income Taxes Receivable	1,042,843	0	0	1,042,843
Prepaid Items	8,914	0	245	9,159
Inventory Held for Resale	0	0	2,592	2,592
Materials and Supplies Inventory	0	0	1,070	1,070
Property Taxes Receivable	5,708,790	344,520	428,367	6,481,677
Total Assets	21,386,941	895,704	2,562,885	24,845,530
<u>Liabilities:</u>				
Accounts Payable	\$34,239	\$0	\$8,945	\$43,184
Contracts Payable	0	0	41,565	41,565
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable	1,370,692	0	79,479	1,450,171
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	0	0	1,216	1,216
Interfund Payable	0	0	81,964	81,964
Intergovernmental Payable	237,606	0	23,498	261,104
Total Liabilities	1,642,537	0	236,667	1,879,204
Deferred Inflows of Resources:				
Property Taxes Receivable	4,997,777	299,417	378,357	5,675,551
Unavailable Revenue	325,728	9,229	118,788	453,745
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	5,323,505	308,646	497,145	6,129,296
Total Deferred lillows of Resources	3,323,303	300,040	477,143	0,127,270
Fund Balances:				
Nonspendable	8,914	0	1,315	10,229
Restricted	0	587,058	1,937,019	2,524,077
Assigned	718,701	0	0	718,701
Unassigned (Deficit)	13,693,284	0	(109,261)	13,584,023
Total Fund Balances	14,420,899	587,058	1,829,073	16,837,030
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of				
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$21,386,941	\$895,704	\$2,562,885	\$24,845,530

Patrick Henry Local School District Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities June 30, 2022

Total Governmental Fund Balances		\$16,837,030
Amounts reported for governmental activities on the statement of net position are different because of the following:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		34,855,611
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds.		
Accounts Receivable	15,163	
Accrued Interest Receivable	1,203	
Intergovernmental Receivable	109,261	
Income Taxes Receivable	165,472	
Deliquent Property Taxes Receivable	162,646	
	102,010	453,745
Deferred outflows of resources include deferred charges on		
refundings which do not provide current financial resources		
and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		716,943
Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current		
period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Accrued Interest Payable	(71,234)	
General Obligation Bonds Payable	(2,440,000)	
Certificates of Participation Payable	(24,667,565)	
Compensated Absences Payable	(774,356)	
Lease Payable	(50,897)	
		(28,004,052)
The net OPEB asset, net pension liability, and net OPEB liability are not due and payable in the current period, therefore, the asset, liability, and related deferred outflows/inflows		
are not reported in the governmental funds.	044.700	
Net OPEB Asset Deferred Outflows - Pension	844,799	
Deferred Inflows - Pension Deferred Inflows - Pension	2,918,217	
	(5,559,462)	
Net Pension Liability	(7,051,101)	
Deferred Outflows - OPEB Deferred Inflows - OPEB	425,368	
Net OPEB Liability	(1,571,004) (1,015,634)	
Net Of ED Liability	(1,013,034)	(11 000 017)
Net Position of Governmental Activities		(11,008,817) \$13,850,460

Patrick Henry Local School District Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

				Total
		Bond	Other	Governmental
	General	Retirement	Governmental	Funds
Revenues:				
Property Taxes	\$5,964,165	\$357,418	\$443,428	\$6,765,011
Income Taxes	2,602,445	0	0	2,602,445
Intergovernmental	5,563,434	34,087	1,599,982	7,197,503
Interest	40,184	0	1,189	41,373
Tuition and Fees	233,209	0	0	233,209
Extracurricular Activities	19,957	0	237,456	257,413
Charges for Services	0	0	57,688	57,688
Gifts and Donations	1,250	0	33,559	34,809
Miscellaneous	253,294	0	8,929	262,223
Total Revenues	14,677,938	391,505	2,382,231	17,451,674
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	5,377,536	0	306,602	5,684,138
Special	1,793,001	0	437,700	2,230,701
Vocational	25,521	0	0	25,521
Support Services:				ŕ
Pupils	733,251	0	165,019	898,270
Instructional Staff	184,498	0	2,566	187,064
Board of Education	29,949	0	0	29,949
Administration	1,022,443	0	21,250	1,043,693
Fiscal	494,227	13,306	4,029	511,562
Business	114,535	0	300	114,835
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	869,740	0	168,293	1,038,033
Pupil Transportation	563,356	0	174,561	737,917
Central	435,641	0	55,421	491,062
Non-Instructional Services	3,448	0	478,337	481,785
Extracurricular Activities	342,886	0	290,086	632,972
Capital Outlay	20,000	0	656,530	676,530
Intergovernmental	4,544	0	0	4,544
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	7,503	1,325,000	0	1,332,503
Interest and Fiscal Charges	625	877,564	0	878,189
Total Expenditures	12,022,704	2,215,870	2,760,694	16,999,268
Excess of Revenues Over				
	2 655 224	(1.924.265)	(279.462)	452 406
(Under) Expenditures	2,655,234	(1,824,365)	(378,463)	452,406
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Sale of Capital Assets	6,025	0	0	6,025
Inception of Lease	58,400	0	0	58,400
Transfers In	0	1,839,492	6,189	1,845,681
Transfers Out	(1,699,681)	0	(146,000)	(1,845,681)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,635,256)	1,839,492	(139,811)	64,425
Changes in Fund Balances	1,019,978	15,127	(518,274)	516,831
For I Dallace Davis CV	12 400 021	571 021		16 220 100
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	13,400,921	571,931	2,347,347	16,320,199
Fund Balances End of Year	<u>\$14,420,899</u>	\$587,058	\$1,829,073	\$16,837,030

Patrick Henry Local School District

Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to Statement of Activities

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Changes in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$516,831
Amounts reported for governmental activities on the statement of activities are different because of the following:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, on the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation in the current fiscal year.		
Capital Outlay - Nondepreciable Capital Assets Capital Outlay - Depreciable Capital Assets Depreciation	566,956 252,266 (786,476)	32.746
The book value of capital assets is removed from the capital asset		32,740
account on the statement of net position when disposed of resulting in a gain or loss on disposal of capital assets on the statement of activitic Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets Gain on Disposal of Capital Assets		
Loss on Disposal of Captial Assets	(26,705)	(29,730)
Revenues on the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in governmental fund Deliquent Property Taxes Income Taxes Intergovernmental Interest Tuition and Fees	ds. (37,668) 17,559 58,195 2 8,260	46,348
Repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net position. General Obligation Bonds Certificates of Participation Capital Leases	305,000 1,020,000 7,503	1,332,503
The inception of a lease is reported as an other financing source in the governmental funds but increases long-term liabilities on the statement of net position.		(58,400)
Interest is reported as an expenditure when due in the governmental funds but is accrued on outstanding debt on the statement of net posit Premiums are reported as revenues when the debt is first issued; however, these amounts are deferred and amortized on the statement of activities. Accounting losses are amortized over the life of the debt on the statement of activities. Accrued Interest Payable Amortization of Premium Amortization of Deferred Charge on Refunding	3,793 34,758 (10,978)	27,573
Compensated absences reported on the statement of activities do not		21,313
require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		25,376

(continued)

Patrick Henry Local School District Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022 (continued)

Except for amounts reported as deferred outflows/inflows, changes in the net pension/OPEB liability are reported as pension/OPEB expense on the statement of activities.

Pension OPEB			(\$115,160) 38,900
G	 . 1	41.	

Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds, however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows.

 Pension
 968,021

 OPEB
 31,938

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities \$2,816,946

Patrick Henry Local School District Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual General Fund

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Fir	
Budgeted Amounts	nal Budget Over
	(Under)
Original Final Actual	(Ollder)
Revenues:	
Property Taxes \$6,315,185 \$5,649,390 \$5,633,548	(\$15,842)
Income Taxes 2,400,000 2,475,000 2,474,784	(216)
Intergovernmental 4,840,496 5,590,511 5,574,333	(16,178)
Interest 45,000 45,000 39,818	(5,182)
Tuition and Fees 581,450 238,255 232,820	(5,435)
Extracurricular Activities 9,210 9,715 9,595	(120)
Gifts and Donations 7,000 4,700 1,250	(3,450)
Miscellaneous 147,714 242,914 235,765	(7,149)
Total Revenues 14,346,055 14,255,485 14,201,913	(53,572)
Expenditures:	
Current:	
Instruction:	
Regular 5,968,175 5,685,325 5,379,206	306,119
Special 1,901,100 1,974,042 1,773,781	200,261
Vocational 130,000 30,000 25,521	4,479
Support Services:	
Pupils 647,600 708,085 726,675	(18,590)
Instructional Staff 206,750 211,279 182,160	29,119
Board of Education 30,150 31,650 23,581	8,069
Administration 1,154,146 1,108,338 952,247	156,091
Fiscal 486,900 539,000 512,035	26,965
Business 126,700 128,300 119,361	8,939
Operation and Maintenance of Plant 939,599 999,844 884,248	115,596
Pupil Transportation 582,375 664,850 586,028	78,822
Central 562,621 588,221 460,015	128,206
Non-Instructional Services 3,471 3,471 3,448	23
Extracurricular Activities 361,175 364,560 337,308	27,252
Capital Outlay 10,500 20,000 20,000	0
Intergovernmental 0 0 4,878	(4,878)
Total Expenditures 13,111,262 13,056,965 11,990,492	1,066,473
Excess of Revenues Over	
Expenditures 1,234,793 1,198,520 2,211,421	1,012,901
Odlar Financia Common (Usa)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Proceeds From Sale of Capital Assets 6,025 6,025	0
*	
1	(16,054)
Refund of Prior Year Receipts (11,200) (35,260) (34,980) Transfers Out (1,705,180) (1,702,180) (1,600,681)	280
Transfers Out (1,705,189) (1,703,189) (1,699,681) (1,704,1424) (1,712,600)	3,508
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (1,680,364) (1,701,424) (1,713,690)	(12,266)
Changes in Fund Balance (445,571) (502,904) 497,731	1,000,635
Fund Balance Beginning of Year 14,025,561 14,025,561 14,025,561	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated 4,653 4,653 4,653	0
Fund Balance End of Year \$13,584,643 \$13,527,310 \$14,527,945 \$	\$1,000,635

Patrick Henry Local School District Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Private Purpose Trust Fund June 30, 2022

	Private Purpose Trust
Assets: Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$6,382
<u>Liabilities:</u> Due to Students	0
Net Position: Held in Trust for Scholarships Endowment	4,683 1,699
Total Net Position	\$6,382

Patrick Henry Local School District Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Private Purpose	
	Trust	Custodial
Additions:		
Charges Received for OHSAA	\$0	\$13,282
Interest	0	0
Gifts and Donations	2,342	0
Total Additions	2,342	13,282
<u>Deductions:</u>		
Non-Instructional Services	3,248	0
Distributions on Behalf of OHSAA	0	13,282
Total Deductions	3,248	13,282
Changes in Net Position	(906)	0
Net Position Beginning of Year	7,288	0
Net Position End of Year	\$6,382	\$0

Note 1 - Description of the School District and Reporting Entity

Patrick Henry Local School District (the "School District") is organized under Article VI, Sections 2 and 3 of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. The School District operates under a locally-elected Board form of government consisting of five members elected at-large for staggered four year terms. The School District provides educational services as authorized by state and federal guidelines.

The School District is staffed by fifty-one classified employees, sixty-eight certified teaching personnel, and fifteen administrative employees who provide services to eight hundred thirty-nine students and other community members. The School District currently operates one instructional building.

Reporting Entity

A reporting entity is composed of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the School District consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For Patrick Henry Local School District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the School District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the School District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes, and there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the School District. There are no component units of the Patrick Henry Local School District.

The School District participates in three jointly governed organizations, a related organization, and three insurance pools. These organizations are the Northwest Ohio Computer Association, Northern Buckeye Education Council, Four County Career Center, Patrick Henry School District Public Library, the Schools of Ohio Risk Sharing Authority, the Northern Buckeye Health Plan, and the Northern Buckeye Education Council Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan. These organizations are presented in Notes 22, 23, and 24 to the basic financial statements.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The basic financial statements of Patrick Henry Local School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. Following are the more significant of the School District's accounting policies.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

A. Basis of Presentation

The School District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide financial statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. These statements usually distinguish between those activities of the School District that are governmental activities (primarily supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues) and those that are considered business-type activities (primarily supported by fees and charges). However, the School District has no business-type activities.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the School District at fiscal year end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and, therefore, clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the School District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School District.

Fund Financial Statements

During the fiscal year, the School District segregates transactions related to certain School District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the School District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

B. Fund Accounting

The School District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The funds of the School District are reported in two categories, governmental and fiduciary.

Patrick Henry Local School District Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the School District are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance. The School District's major governmental funds are the General Fund and the Bond Retirement debt service fund.

General Fund - The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the School District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Bond Retirement</u> - The Bond Retirement Fund is used to account for property taxes restricted for the payment of principal, interest, and related costs on general obligation and certificate of participation debt.

The other governmental funds of the School District account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted, committed, or assigned to a particular purpose.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, investment trust funds, private purpose trust funds, and custodial funds. Trust funds are distinguished from custodial funds by the existence of a trust agreement or equivalent arrangements that have certain characteristics. Custodial funds are used to report activities that are not required to be reported in a trust fund. The School District's private purpose trust fund accounts for programs that provide college scholarships to students after graduation. The School District's custodial fund is used to account for resources held on behalf of the Ohio High School Athletic Association.

C. Measurement Focus

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the School District are included on the statement of net position. The statement of activities presents increases (e.g. revenues) and decreases (e.g. expenses) in total net position.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Fund Financial Statements

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances reflects the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements, therefore, include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the fund financial statements for governmental funds

Like the government-wide financial statements, fiduciary funds are accounted for using a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and deferred outflows of resources and all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of fund net position. In fiduciary funds, a liability to the beneficiaries of fiduciary activity is recognized when an event has occurred that compels the government to disburse fiduciary resources. Fiduciary fund liabilities other than those to beneficiaries are recognized using the economic resources measurement focus.

Fiduciary funds present a statement of changes in fiduciary net position which reports additions to and deductions from fiduciary funds.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting; fiduciary funds use the accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues - Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On the modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the School District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Nonexchange transactions, in which the School District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, income taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On the accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from income taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which the income is earned. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the fiscal year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the School District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School District on a reimbursement basis. On the modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered both measurable and available at fiscal year end: property taxes available as an advance, income taxes, grants, interest, tuition, student fees, and charges for services.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the School District, deferred outflows of resources are reported on the government-wide statement of net position for a deferred charge on refunding, pension and OPEB. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and the reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter. The deferred outflows of resources related to pension and OPEB and explained in Notes 14 and 15.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as a deferred inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. For the School District, deferred inflows of resources consists of property taxes, unavailable revenue, pension, and OPEB. Property taxes represent amounts for which there was an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2022, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2023 operations. These amounts have been recorded as deferred inflows of resources on both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental fund balance sheet and represents receivables which will not be collected within the available period. For the School District, unavailable revenue includes accrued interest, intergovernmental revenue including grants, income taxes, delinquent property taxes, and other sources. These amounts are deferred and recognized as inflows of resources in the period when the amounts become available. For further details on unavailable revenue, refer to the Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities.

Patrick Henry Local School District Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Deferred inflows of resources related to pension and OPEB are reported on the government-wide statement of net position and are explained in Note 14 and Note 15 to the basic financial statements.

Expenses/Expenditures

On the accrual basis, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

E. Budgetary Process

All funds, except custodial funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriations resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriations resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of budgetary control selected by the Board is at fund level for all funds. Budgetary allocations at the function and object level within all funds are made by the School District Treasurer.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the fiscal year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the final amended certificate of estimated resources requested by the School District prior to fiscal year end.

The appropriations resolution is subject to amendment throughout the fiscal year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriations resolution for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior fiscal years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the fiscal year.

F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the School District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through School District records. Interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents".

Patrick Henry Local School District Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

During fiscal year 2022, investments consisted of nonnegotiable certificates of deposit and STAR Ohio. Nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are reported at cost. STAR Ohio (State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio) is an investment pool, managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 79, "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants". The School District measures the investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides a NAV that approximates fair value.

For fiscal year 2022, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, twenty-four hours advance notice for deposits and withdrawals of \$100 million or more is encouraged. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$250 million per day, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s) but only to the \$250 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for this purpose.

The Board of Education allocates interest according to State statute. Interest revenue credited to the General Fund during fiscal year 2022 was \$40,184 which includes \$6,731 assigned from other School District funds.

Investments of the School District's cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School District are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months that were not purchased from the pool are reported as investments.

G. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2022, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of purchase and an expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

H. Inventory

Inventory is presented at cost on a first-in, first-out basis and is expended/expensed when used. Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption and donated and purchased food.

I. Capital Assets

All of the School District's capital assets are general capital assets generally resulting from expenditures in governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column on the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported on the fund financial statements.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

All capital assets (except for intangible right-to-use lease assets which are discussed below) are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and reductions during the fiscal year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition value on the date donated. The School District maintains a capitalization threshold of two thousand five hundred dollars. Improvements are capitalized. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized.

All capital assets, except land and construction in progress, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Useful Lives	
Land Improvements	5 - 30 years	
Buildings and Building Improvements	15 - 99 years	
Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment	5 - 30 years	
Vehicles	8 years	

The School District is reporting intangible right to use assets related to leased equipment. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, these intangible assets are being amortized in a systematic and rational manner over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset.

J. Deferred Charge on Refunding

For advance refundings resulting in the defeasance of debt, the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt is deferred and amortized as a component of interest expense. This deferred amount is amortized over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter, and is presented as deferred outflows of resources on the statement of net position.

K. Interfund Assets/Liabilities

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from interfund loans and for services provided are classified as "Interfund Receivables/Payables". Interfund balances within governmental activities are eliminated on the statement of net position.

L. Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable the School District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The School District records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all employees with more than one year of service.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those the School District has identified as probable of receiving payment in the future. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employees' wage rates at fiscal year end, taking into consideration any limits specified in the School District's termination policy. The School District records a liability for accumulated unused sick leave for all employees after ten years of service.

The entire compensated absences liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

On governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as a liability and expenditure to the extent payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. These amounts are recorded in the account "Matured Compensated Absences Payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated unpaid leave are paid.

M. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported on the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, compensated absences that are paid from governmental funds are reported as liabilities on the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current fiscal year. The net pension/OPEB liability should be recognized in the governmental funds to the extent that benefit payments are due and payable and the pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is not sufficient for payment of those benefits. General obligation bond, certificates of participation, and leases are reported on the fund financial statements when due.

N. Unamortized Premiums

On government-wide financial statements, premiums are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the bonds-outstanding method, which approximates the effective interest method. Bond premiums are presented as an addition to the face amount of bonds payable.

On the governmental fund financial statements, bond premiums are recognized in the period when the debt is issued.

Under Ohio law, premiums on the original issuance of debt are to be deposited in the Bond Retirement Fund. Ohio law does allow premiums on refunding debt to be used as part of the payment to a bond escrow agent.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

O. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between all other elements on the statement of financial position. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balance of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Net position restricted for other purposes includes resources restricted for food service operations and federal and state grants. The School District's policy is to first apply restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

P. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - The nonspendable classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

<u>Restricted</u> - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

<u>Committed</u> - The committed classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the Board of Education. The committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned - Amounts in the assigned classification are intended to be used by the School District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds, other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. Assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the Board of Education. The Board of Education has authorized the Treasurer to assign fund balance for purchases on order provided those amounts have been lawfully appropriated. The Board of Education has also assigned fund balance to cover a gap between estimated resources and appropriations in the fiscal year 2023 budget. Certain resources have been assigned for educational activities.

<u>Unassigned</u> - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The School District first applies restricted resources when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications can be used.

Q. Interfund Transactions

Transfers within governmental activities are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements.

Internal allocations of overhead expenses from one function to another or within the same function are eliminated on the statement of activities. Payments for interfund services provided and used are not eliminated.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

R. Pension/Postemployment Benefits

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension/OPEB, pension/OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans, and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB systems report investments at fair value.

S. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Note 3 - Change in Accounting Principles and Restatement of Net Position

For fiscal year 2022, the School District implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, Leases and related guidance from (GASB) Implementation Guide No. 2019-3, "Leases."

Note 3 - Change in Accounting Principles and Restatement of Net Position (continued)

GASB Statement 87 enhances the relevance and consistency of information of the government's leasing activities. It establishes requirements for lease accounting based on the principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. A lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right to use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. These changes were incorporated in the School District's 2022 financial statements.

The School District is also implementing Implementation Guide No. 2020-1, GASB Statement No. 92 – "Omnibus 2020", and GASB Statement No. 97, "Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans". These changes were incorporated in the School District's 2022 financial statements; however, there was no effect on beginning net position/fund balance.

Restatement of Net Position

For fiscal year 2022, the School District modified its approach related to the eligibility requirements of certain School District grants resulting in the following restatement to net position at July 1, 2021:

	Governmental Activities
Net Position at June 30, 2021	\$11,109,515
Intergovernmental Receivable	(76,001)
Adjusted Net Position at June 30, 2021	\$11,033,514

Note 4 - Accountability and Compliance

A. Accountability

At June 30, 2022, the ESSER, 21st Century, and Title I, Grant special revenue funds had deficit fund balances, in the amount of \$39,920, \$26,129, and \$43,212, respectively, resulting from recognition of payables in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The General Fund provides transfers to cover deficit balances; however, this is done when cash is needed.

B. Compliance

At June 30, 2022, the Miscellaneous State Grants and ESSER Grant special revenue funds had appropriations in excess of estimated resources, in the amounts of \$135,000, and \$270,408, respectively, for fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The School District will review appropriations to ensure amounts are within available resources.

Note 5 - Budgetary Basis of Accounting

While the School District is reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balances on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual for the General Fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget.

The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are as follows:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
- 2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).
- 3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget basis) rather than as restricted, committed, or assigned fund balance (GAAP basis).

The adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP and budgetary basis statements for the General Fund are as follows:

Changes in Fund Balance

GAAP Basis	\$1,019,978
Increase (Decrease) Due To:	
Revenue Accruals:	
Accrued FY 2021, Received in Cash FY 2022	1,003,881
Accrued FY 2022, Not Yet Received in Cash	(1,454,598)
Expenditure Accruals:	
Accrued FY 2021, Paid in Cash FY 2022	(1,642,271)
Accrued FY 2022, Not Yet Paid in Cash	1,642,537
Prepaid Items	183
Encumbrances Outstanding at Fiscal Year End (Budget Basis)	(61,617)
Cash Accrual FY 2022	(10,362)
Budget Basis	\$497,731
=	

Note 6 - Deposits and Investments

Monies held by the School District are classified by State statute into three categories.

Active monies are public monies determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the School District treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts, including passbook accounts.

Protection of the School District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by the financial institutions participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

Interim monies held by the School District may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligation or security issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, and Government National Mortgage Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least 2 percent and be marked to market daily, and the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio and, with certain limitations including a requirement for maturity within ten years from the date of settlement, bonds and other obligations of political subdivisions of the State of Ohio (if training requirements have been met);
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;

Note 6 - Deposits and Investments (continued)

- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio); and
- 8. Certain bankers' acceptances for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed two hundred seventy days in an amount not to exceed 40 percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time (if training requirements have been met).

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited. Except as noted above, an investment must mature within five years from the date of settlement, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

Investments

As of June 30, 2022, the net value per share of funds on deposit with STAR Ohio was \$3,503,023. The School District's investment in STAR Ohio has an average maturity of 35.3 days. STAR Ohio carries a rating of AAA by Standard and Poor's. The School District has no investment policy dealing with interest rate or credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires STAR Ohio must maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service.

Note 7 - Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2022, consisted of accounts (student fees and billings for user charged services), accrued interest, interfund, intergovernmental, income taxes, and property taxes. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs, and the current year guarantee of federal funds. All receivables, except income taxes and property taxes, are expected to be collected within one year. Income taxes and property taxes, although ultimately collectible, include some portion of delinquencies that will not be collected within one year.

A summary of the principal items of intergovernmental receivables follows:

	Amount	
Governmental Activities		
General Fund		
Medicaid	\$1,934	
Northwest Ohio ESC	2,396	
Holgate LSD	125	
Total General Fund	4,455	
Other Governmental Funds		
High Schools That Work	3,681	
ESSER Grant	60,666	
21st Century	26,129	
Title I	43,211	
Emergency Connectivity	5,220	
Total Other Governmental Funds	138,907	
Total Governmental Activities	\$143,362	

Note 8 - Income Taxes

The School District levies a voted tax of 1.75 percent for general operations on the income of residents and of estates. The tax was effective on January 1, 1991, and is for a continuing period. Employers of residents are required to withhold income tax on compensation and remit the tax to the State. Taxpayers are required to file an annual return. The State makes quarterly distributions to the School District after withholding amounts for administrative fees and estimated refunds. Income tax revenue is credited to the General Fund.

Note 9 - Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis, while the School District's fiscal year runs from July through June. First-half tax distributions are received by the School District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second-half tax distributions are received in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Note 9 - Property Taxes (continued)

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility property located in the School District. Real property tax revenues received in calendar year 2022 represent the collection of calendar year 2021 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2022 were levied after April 1, 2021, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2021, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2022 represent the collection of calendar year 2021 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2022 became a lien on December 31, 2020, were levied after April 1, 2021, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The School District receives property taxes from Henry, Putnam, and Wood Counties. The County Auditors periodically advance to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the counties by June 30, 2022, are available to finance fiscal year 2022 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable represents real and public utility property taxes which were measurable as of June 30, 2022, and for which there was an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and are reflected as revenue at fiscal year end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred inflows of resources - property taxes.

The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2022, was \$567,123 in the General Fund, \$6,163 in the Classroom Maintenance special revenue fund, \$35,874 in the Bond Retirement debt service fund, and \$34,320 in the Permanent Improvement capital projects fund. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2021, was \$236,506 in the General Fund, \$2,681 in the Classroom Maintenance special revenue fund, \$14,719 in the Bond Retirement debt service fund, and \$14,549 in the Permanent Improvement capital projects fund.

On the accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue. On a modified accrual basis, the revenue has been recorded as deferred inflows of resources - unavailable revenue.

Note 9 - Property Taxes (continued)

The assessed values upon which fiscal year 2022 taxes were collected are:

	2021 Second- Half Collections		2022 First- Half Collections	
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
Agricultural/Residential	\$142,261,850	52.10%	\$143,089,440	52.82%
Industrial/Commercial	7,371,840	2.70	7,252,060	2.68
Public Utility Real	379,470	.14	729,180	.27
Public Utility Personal	123,040,410	45.06	119,818,030	44.23
Total Assessed Value	\$273,053,570	100.00%	\$270,888,710	100.00%
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$40.30		\$40.30	

Note 10 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, was as follows:

	Balance at 6/30/21	Additions	Reductions	Balance at 6/30/22
Governmental Activities				
Nondepreciable Capital Assets				
Land	\$591,100	\$0	\$0	\$591,100
Construction in Progress	15,982,299	566,956	(16,549,255)	0
Total Nondepreciable Capital Assets	16,573,399	566,956	(16,549,255)	591,100
Depreciable Capital Assets				
Land Improvements	926,261	0	(268,232)	658,029
Buildings and Building				
Improvements	22,387,509	16,549,255	0	38,936,764
Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment	1,615,060	26,381	(396,446)	1,244,995
Vehicles	1,587,802	167,485	(154,654)	1,600,633
Intangible Right to Use Lease –			, ,	
Equipment	0	58,400	0	58,400
Total Depreciable Capital Assets	26,516,632	16,801,521	(819,332)	42,498,821
•				(continued)

Note 10 - Capital Assets (continued)

	Balance at 6/30/21	Additions	Reductions	Balance at 6/30/22
Governmental Activities (continued)				
Less Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization				
Land Improvements	(\$489,870)	(\$25,754)	\$268,232	(\$247,392)
Buildings and Building				
Improvements	(5,202,874)	(603,806)	0	(5,806,680)
Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment	(1,223,979)	(64,891)	376,061	(912,809)
Vehicles	(1,320,713)	(84,522)	145,309	(1,259,926)
Intangible Right to Use Lease –				
Equipment	0	(7,503)	0	(7,503)
Total Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization	(8,237,436)	(786,476)	789,602	(8,234,310)
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	18,279,196	16,015,045	(29,730)	34,264,511
Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets, Net	\$34,852,595	\$16,582,001	(\$16,578,985)	\$34,855,611

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$383,700
Special	20,087
Vocational	15,526
Support Services:	
Pupils	4,055
Instructional Staff	23,387
Administration	36,263
Fiscal	2,686
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	107,600
Pupil Transportation	100,909
Central	26,988
Non-Instructional Services	17,519
Extracurricular Activities	47,756
Total Depreciation Expense	\$786,476

Of the current year depreciation total of \$786,476, \$7,503 is presented as administration expense on the Statement of Activities related to the School District's intangible assets of copiers, which is included as an Intangible Right to Use Lease. With the implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 87, Leases, a lease meeting the criteria of this statement requires the lessee to recognize the lease liability and an intangible right to use asset.

Note 11 - Interfund Assets/Liabilities

At June 30, 2022, the General Fund had an interfund receivable from other governmental funds, in the amount of \$81,964, for short-term loans made to those funds. This amount is expected to be repaid within one year.

Note 12 - Risk Management

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2022, the School District contracted for the following insurance coverage.

Coverage provided through Schools of Ohio Risk Sharing Authority is as follows:

General School District Liability

Per Occurrence	\$15,000,000
Total Per Year	17,000,000
Vehicle Liability	15,000,000
Building and Contents	47,558,979

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years and there has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the prior fiscal year.

For fiscal year 2022, the School District participated in the Schools of Ohio Risk Sharing Authority (SORSA), an insurance purchasing pool. Each participant enters into an individual agreement with the SORSA for insurance coverage and pays annual premiums to the SORSA based on the types and limits of coverage and deductibles selected by the participant.

The School District participates in the Northern Buckeye Health Plan (Plan), a public entity shared risk pool consisting of educational entities within Defiance, Fulton, Henry, Lucas, Williams, and Wood Counties. The School District pays monthly premiums to the Northern Buckeye Education Council for the benefits offered to its employees including medical, dental, vision, and life insurance. The Northern Buckeye Education Council is responsible for the management and operations of the Plan. The agreement for the Plan provides for additional assessments to participants if the premiums are insufficient to pay the program costs for the fiscal year. Upon withdrawal from the Plan, a participant is responsible for any claims not processed and paid and any related administrative costs.

The School District participates in the Northern Buckeye Education Council Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (Plan), an insurance purchasing pool. The Plan is intended to reduce premiums for the participants. The workers' compensation experience of the participants is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all participants in the Plan. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the Plan rather than its individual rate. Participation in the Plan is limited to participants that can meet the Plan's selection criteria. Each participant must apply annually. The Plan provides the participants with a centralized program for the processing, analysis, and management of workers' compensation claims and a risk management program to assist in developing safer work environments. Each participant must pay its premiums, enrollment or other fees, and perform its obligations in accordance with the terms of the agreement.

Note 13 - Contractual Commitments

At fiscal year end, the amount of significant encumbrances expected to be honored upon performance by the vendor in fiscal year 2023 are as follows:

General Fund	\$61,617
Other Governmental Funds	324,812
Total	\$386,429

Note 14 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans

The Statewide retirement systems provide both pension benefits and other postemployment benefits (OPEB).

Net Pension Liability/Net OPEB Liability (Asset)

The net pension liability and the net OPEB liability (asset) reported on the statement of net position represent liabilities to employees for pensions and OPEB, respectively. Pensions/OPEB are a component of exchange transactions, between an employer and its employees, of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions/OPEB are provided to an employee on a deferred payment basis as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that have already occurred.

The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) represents the School District's proportionate share of each pension/OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments, and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

The Ohio Revised Code limits the School District's obligation for these liabilities to annually required payments. The School District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions/OPEB are financed; however, the School District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation, including pension and OPEB.

GASB Statements No. 68 and No. 75 assume the liability is solely the obligation of the employer because (1) they benefit from employee services and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from the employers. All pension contributions to date have come solely from the employer (which also includes pension costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contribution to provide for OPEB benefits. In addition, health care plan enrollees pay a portion of the health care cost in the form of a monthly premium. State statute requires the retirement systems to amortize unfunded pension liabilities within thirty years. If the amortization period exceeds thirty years, each retirement system's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension/OPEB liability (asset). Resulting adjustments to the net pension/OPEB liability (asset) would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, the retirement systems to provide health care to eligible benefit recipients.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a net OPEB asset or long-term net pension/OPEB liability on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually required pension/OPEB contribution outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is included as an intergovernmental payable on both the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting. The remainder of this note includes the required pension disclosures. See Note 15 for the required OPEB disclosures.

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description - School District nonteaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information, and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. The report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org under employers/audit resources.

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows.

	Eligible to	Eligible to
	Retire on or before	Retire on or after
	August 1, 2017 *	August 1, 2017
Full Benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially Reduced Benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

^{*} Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017, will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service; 2.2 percent for the first thirty years of service and 2.5 percent for years of service credit over thirty years. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

An individual whose benefit effective date is before April 1, 2018, is eligible for a cost of living adjustment (COLA) on the first anniversary date of the benefit. Beginning April 1, 2018, new benefit recipients must wait until the fourth anniversary of their benefit for COLA eligibility. The COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit. A three year COLA suspension is in effect for all benefit recipients for 2018, 2019, and 2020. Upon resumption of the COLA, it will be indexed to the percentage increase in the CPI-W not to exceed 2.5 percent and with a floor of 0 percent. The Retirement Board approved a .5 percent cost of living adjustment for eligible retirees and beneficiaries for calendar year 2021.

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 14 percent. For fiscal year 2022, the Retirement Board did not allocate any employer contributions to the Health Care Fund.

The School District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$247,745 for fiscal year 2022. Of this amount, \$47,274 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

<u>Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)</u>

Plan Description - School District licensed teachers and other certified faculty members participate in STRS Ohio, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a publicly available stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information, and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. The report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS website at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit Plan (DBP), a Defined Contribution Plan (DCP), and a Combined Plan (CP). Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307.

The DBP offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation is 2.2 percent of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. In April 2017, the Retirement Board made the decision to reduce COLA granted on or after July 1, 2017, to 0 percent to preserve the fiscal integrity of the retirement system. Benefit recipients base benefit and past cost of living increases are not affected by this change. Eligibility changes will be phased in until August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five years of service credit and age sixty-five or thirty-five years of service credit and at least age sixty. Eligibility changes for DBP members who retire with actuarially reduced benefits will be phased in until August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility will be five years of qualifying service credit and age sixty or thirty years of service credit at any age.

Note 14 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

The DCP allows members to place all of their member contributions and 9.53 percent of the 14 percent employer contribution into an investment account. Investment allocation decisions are determined by the member among the various investment choices offered by STRS. The remaining 4.47 percent of the 14 percent employer contribution rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age fifty and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The CP offers features of both the DBP and the DCP. In the CP, 12 percent of the 14 percent member rate is deposited into the member's DCP account and the remaining 2 percent is applied to the DBP. Member contributions to the DCP are allocated among investment choices by the member and contributions to the DBP from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DBP. The defined benefit portion of the CP payment is payable to a member on or after age sixty with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age fifty and after termination of employment.

New members who choose the DCP or CP will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's CP account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB Statement No. 68 reporting purposes.

A DBP or CP member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. New members on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit to apply for disability benefits. Members in the DCP who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. If a member of the DCP dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy - Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the employer and employee rate of 14 percent was equal to the statutory maximum rates. For fiscal year 2022, the full employer contribution was allocated to pension.

The School District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$720,276 for fiscal year 2022. Of this amount. \$138,859 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

<u>Pension Liability, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the School District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense.

	SERS	STRS	Total
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability:			
Prior Measurement Date	0.04878050%	0.038981540%	
Current Measurement Date	0.05225500%	0.040067924%	
Change in Proportionate Share	0.00347450%	0.001086384%	
Proportionate Share of the Net			
Pension Liability	\$1,928,058	\$5,123,043	\$7,051,101
Pension Expense	\$59,142	\$56,018	\$115,160

At June 30, 2022, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources.

	SERS	STRS	Total	
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Differences Between Expected and				
Actual Experience	\$186	\$158,277	\$158,463	
Changes of Assumptions	40,599	1,421,224	1,461,823	
Changes in Proportionate Share and				
Difference Between School District Contribution	ns			
and Proportionate Share of Contributions	137,764	192,146	329,910	
School District Contributions Subsequent to the				
Measurement Date	247,745	720,276	968,021	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$426,294	\$2,491,923	\$2,918,217	
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Differences Between Expected and				
Actual Experience	\$50,002	\$32,111	\$82,113	
Net Difference Between Projected and	\$30,002	\$32,111	\$62,113	
Actual Earnings on Pension Plan Investments	993,006	4,415,084	5,408,090	
Changes in Proportionate Share and	<i>775</i> ,000	1,113,001	3,100,070	
Difference Between School District Contributions				
and Proportionate Share of Contributions	0	69,259	69,259	
and I reportionate share of Contributions		07,237	07,237	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$1,043,008	\$4,516,454	\$5,559,462	

\$968,021 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized as pension expense as follows.

	SERS	STRS	Total
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:			
2023	(\$155,742)	(\$693,013)	(\$848,755)
2024	(167,823)	(596,839)	(764,662)
2025	(236,101)	(623,274)	(859,375)
2026	(304,793)	(831,681)	(1,136,474)
Total	(\$864,459)	(\$2,744,807)	(\$3,609,266)

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67 as part of the annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation prepared as of June 30, 2021, compared with June 30, 2020, are presented below.

	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020
Inflation Future Salary Increases, including inflation	2.4 percent 3.25 percent to 13.58 percent	3 percent 3.5 percent to 18.2 percent
COLA or Ad Hoc COLA	2 percent to 13.33 percent 2 percent, on or after April 1, 2018, COLAs for future retirees will be delayed for three	2.5 percent
Investment Rate of Return	years following commencement 7 percent net of System expenses	7.5 percent net of investment expense, including inflation
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal (Level Percent of Payroll)	Entry Age Normal (Level Percent of Payroll)

Mortality rates for 2021 were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weight Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward one year and adjusted 94.2 percent for males and set forward two years and adjusted 81.35 percent for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3 percent for males and set forward three years and adjusted 106.8 percent for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

Mortality rates for 2020 were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projections and a five year set back for both males and females. Mortality among service retired members and beneficiaries was based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projections with Scale BB; 120 percent of male rates and 110 percent of female rates. Mortality among disabled members was based on the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table; 90 percent for male rates and 100 percent for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2020.

The long-term return expectation for the pension plan investments has been determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon as defined in SERS' Statement of Investment Policy. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating an arithmetic weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalanced uncorrelated asset classes.

Note 14 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Cash	2.00 %	(0.33) %
US Equity	24.75	5.72
Non-US Equity Developed	13.50	6.55
Non-US Equity Emerging	6.75	8.54
Fixed Income/Global Bonds	19.00	1.14
Private Equity	11.00	10.03
Real Estate/Real Assets	16.00	5.41
Multi-Asset Strategy	4.00	3.47
Private Debt/Private Credit	3.00	5.28
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate - The total pension liability for 2021 was calculated using the discount rate of 7 percent. The discount rate for 2020 was 7.5 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7 percent). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and to illustrate the potential impact, the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7 percent as well as what the plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6 percent) or one percentage point higher (8 percent) than the current rate.

	Current		
	1% Decrease Discount Rate 1% Incre		
	(6%)	(7%)	(8%)
School District's Proportionate Share			
of the Net Pension Liability	\$3,207,815	\$1,928,058	\$848,783

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the June 30, 2021, actuarial valuation compared to those used in the June 30, 2020, actuarial valuation are presented below.

Note 14 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

_	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020
Inflation	2.5 percent	2.5 percent
Projected salary increases	12.5 percent at age 20 to	12.5 percent at age 20 to
	2.5 percent at age 65	2.5 percent at age 65
Investment Rate of Return	7 percent, net of investment	7.45 percent, net of investment
	expenses, including inflation	expenses, including inflation
Discount Rate of Return	7 percent	7.45 percent
Payroll Increases	3 percent	3 percent
Cost-of-Living Adjustments (COLA)	0 percent	0 percent

Postretirement mortality rates for healthy retirees were based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age sixty-nine, 70 percent of rates between ages seventy and seventy-nine, 90 percent of rates between ages eighty and eighty-four, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2016. Postretirement disabled mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2016. Preretirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table, projected forward generationally using Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2021, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011, through June 30, 2016.

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows.

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return *
Domestic Equity	28.00%	7.35%
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00%	

^{* 10} year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25 percent, and is net of investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7 percent as of June 30, 2021, and was 7.45 percent as of June 30, 2020. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2021. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2021.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following table presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7 percent as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6 percent) or one percentage point higher (8 percent) than the current rate.

	Current		
	1% Decrease Discount Rate 1% Increase		
_	(6%)	(7%)	(8%)
School District's Proportionate Share	2		
of the Net Pension Liability	\$9,593,545	\$5,123,043	\$1,345,481

Changes Between the Measurement Date and the Reporting date - In February 2022, the Board approved changes to demographic measures that will impact the June 30, 2022, actuarial valuation. These demographic measures include retirement, salary increase, disability/termination and mortality assumptions. In March 2022, the STRS Board approved benefit plan changes to take effect on July 1, 2022. These changes include a one-time three percent cost-of-living increase (COLA) to be paid to eligible benefit recipients and the elimination of the age sixty requirement for retirement age and service eligibility that was set to take effect in 2026. The effect on the net pension liability is unknown.

Social Security

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the State Teachers Retirement System or the School Employees Retirement System have an option to choose Social Security or the State Teachers Retirement System/School Employees Retirement System. As of June 30, 2022, one of the Board of Education members has elected Social Security. The Board's liability is 6.2 percent of wages paid.

Note 15 - Defined Benefit OPEB Plans

See Note 14 for a description of the net OPEB liability (asset).

School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description - The School District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund administered by SERS for nonteaching retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB Statement No. 75 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. The SERS Health Care Plan provides health care benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need ten years of service credit, exclusive of most types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage. The following types of credit purchased after January 29, 1981 do not count toward health care coverage eligibility: military, federal, out-of-state, municipal, private school, exempted, and early retirement incentive credit. In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of sixtyfive and, therefore, enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by State statute. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Annual Financial Report which can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org under employers/audit resources.

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). The SERS Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board establishes the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For fiscal year 2022, no allocation was made to health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, prorated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2022, this amount was \$25,000. State statute provides that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2 percent of that employer's SERS covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the total statewide SERS covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2022, the School District's surcharge obligation was \$31,938.

The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate, is the amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The School District's contribution to SERS for health care was \$31,938 for fiscal year 2022. Of this amount, \$31,938 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description - The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing health care plan for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit and combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer the plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs, and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the STRS financial report which can be obtained by visiting the STRS website at www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy - Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the health care plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the health care plan. All benefit recipients pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for postemployment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to postemployment health care.

OPEB Liability (Asset), OPEB Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School District's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset) was based on the School District's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense.

	SERS	STRS	Total
Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability:			
Prior Measurement Date	0.05063820%	0.038981540%	
Current Measurement Date	0.05366390%	0.040067924%	
Change in Proportionate Share	0.00302570%	0.001086384%	
Proportionate Share of the:			
Net OPEB Liability	\$1,015,634	\$0	\$1,015,634
Net OPEB Asset	\$0	\$844,799	\$844,799
OPEB Expense	\$10,300	(\$49,200)	(\$38,900)

At June 30, 2022, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources.

	SERS	STRS	Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Differences Between Expected and			
Actual Experience	\$10,826	\$30,080	\$40,906
Changes of Assumptions	159,329	53,963	213,292
Changes in Proportionate Share and			
Difference Between School District Contributions			
and Proportionate Share of Contributions	113,799	25,433	139,232
School District Contributions Subsequent to the			
Measurement Date	31,938	0	31,938
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$315,892	\$109,476	\$425,368
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences Between Expected and			
Actual Experience	\$505,831	\$154,782	\$660,613
Changes of Assumptions	139,082	503,984	643,066
Net Difference Between Projected and			
Actual Earnings on OPEB Plan Investments	22,065	234,164	256,229
Changes in Proportionate Share and			
Difference between School District Contributions			
and Proportionate Share of Contributions	8,742	2,354	11,096
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$675,720	\$895,284	\$1,571,004

\$31,938 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability or increase in the net OPEB asset in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized as OPEB expense as follows.

	SERS	STRS	Total
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:			
2023	(\$93,174)	(\$220,944)	(\$314,118)
2024	(93,328)	(215,085)	(308,413)
2025	(89,924)	(218,733)	(308,657)
2026	(74,315)	(98,736)	(173,051)
2027	(33,327)	(33,172)	(66,499)
Thereafter	(7,698)	862	(6,836)
Total	(\$391,766)	(\$785,808)	(\$1,177,574)

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

The total OPEB liability is determined by SERS' actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74 as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modification as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2021, compared with June 30, 2020, are presented below.

	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020
Inflation	2.4 percent	3 percent
Future Salary Increases, including inflation Wage Increases	3.25 percent to 13.58 percent	3.5 percent to 18.2 percent
Investment Rate of Return	7 percent net of investment expense, including inflation	7.5 percent net of investment expense, including inflation
Municipal Bond Index Rate:		
Measurement Date	1.92 percent	2.45 percent
Prior Measurement Date	2.45 percent	3.13 percent
Single Equivalent Interest Rate,		
net of plan investment expense,		
including price inflation		
Measurement Date	2.27 percent	2.63 percent
Prior Measurement Date	2.63 percent	3.22 percent
Medical Trend Assumption		
Medicare	5.125 to 4.4 percent	5.25 to 4.75 percent
Pre-Medicare	6.75 to 4.4 percent	7 to 4.75 percent

Note 15 - Defined Benefit OPEB Plans (continued)

For 2021, mortality rates among healthy retirees were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward one year and adjusted 94.20 percent for males and set forward two years and adjusted 81.35 percent for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward five years and adjusted 103.3 percent for males and set forward three years and adjusted 106.8 percent for females. Mortality rates for contingent survivors were based on PUB-2010 General Amount Weighted Below Median Contingent Survivor mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward one year and adjusted 105.5 percent for males and adjusted 122.5 percent for females. Mortality rates for actives is based on PUB-2010 General Amount Weighted Below Median Employee mortality table.

For 2020, mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projections with Scale BB; 120 percent of male rates and 110 percent of female rates and the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent for male rates and 100 percent for female rates, set back five years.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2020.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the actuarial five year experience study. The most recent study covers fiscal years 2015 through 2020 and was adopted by the Board in 2021. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return, 7 percent, by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a ten year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

The SERS Health Care Plan follows the same asset allocation and long-term expected real rate of return for each major asset class as the pension plan, see Note 14.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2021, was 2.27 percent. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability prior to June 30, 2021, was 2.63 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and the retirement system at the State statute contribution rate of 1.5 percent of projected covered employee payroll each year which includes a 1.5 percent payroll surcharge and no contributions from the basic benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current System members by SERS actuaries. The Municipal Bond Index Rate is used in the determination of the SEIR for both the June 30, 2020 and the June 30, 2021 total OPEB liability. The Municipal Bond Index Rate is the single rate that will generate a present value of benefit payments equal to the sum of the present value determined by the long-term expected rate of return, and the present value determined by discounting those benefits after the date of depletion. The Municipal Bond Index Rate is 1.92 percent at June 30, 2021 and 2.45 percent at June 30, 2020.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates - The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rates. The following table presents the net OPEB liability of SERS and what SERS' net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (1.27 percent) or one percentage point higher (3.27 percent) than the current discount rate (2.27 percent). Also shown is what SERS' net OPEB liability would be based on health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower (5.75 percent decreasing to 3.4 percent) and one percentage point higher (7.75 percent decreasing to 5.4 percent) than the current rate.

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(1.27%)	(2.27%)	(3.27%)
School District's Proportionate Sh	nare		
of the Net OPEB Liability	\$1,258,493	\$1,015,634	\$821,620
		Current	
	1% Decrease	Trend Rate	1% Increase
((5.75% Decreasing	(6.75% Decreasing	(7.75% Decreasing
_	to 3.4%)	to 4.4%)	to 5.4%)
School District's Proportionate Share			
of the Net OPEB Liability	\$781,954	\$1,015,634	\$1,327,757

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the June 30, 2021, actuarial valuation and the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation are presented below.

	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020
	10.5	10.5
Projected salary increases	12.5 percent at age 20 to	12.5 percent at age 20 to
	2.5 percent at age 65	2.5 percent at age 65
Investment Rate of Return	7 percent, net of investment	7.45 percent, net of investment
	expenses, including inflation	expenses, including inflation
Payroll Increases	3 percent	3 percent
Discount Rate of Return	7 percent	7.45 percent
Health Care Cost Trends		
Medical		
Pre-Medicare	5 percent initial, 4 percent ultimate	5 percent initial, 4 percent ultimate
Medicare	-16.18 percent initial, 4 percent ultimate	-6.69 percent initial, 4 percent ultimate
Prescription Drug		
Pre-Medicare	6.50 percent initial, 4 percent ultimate	6.50 percent initial, 4 percent ultimate
Medicare	29.98 initial, 4 percent ultimate	11.87 initial, 4 percent ultimate

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

For healthy retirees, the mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age sixty-nine, 70 percent of rates between ages seventy and seventy-nine, 90 percent of rates between ages eighty and eighty-four, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2016. For disabled retirees, mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011, through June 30, 2016.

The non Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2022 from 2.055 percent to 2.1 percent per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2022. The Medicare Part D Subsidy was updated to reflect it is expected to be negative in calendar year 2022. The Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.

The STRS Health Care Plan follows the same asset allocation and long-term expected real rate of return for each major asset class as the pension plan, see Note 14.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7 percent as of June 30, 2021, and was 7.45 percent as of June 30, 2020. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes STRS continues to allocate no employer contributions to the Health Care Fund. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2021. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on health care plan investments of 7 percent was used to measure the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2021.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate and the Health Care Cost Trend Rates - The following table represents the net OPEB asset as of June 30, 2021, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7 percent as well as what the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6 percent) or one percentage point higher (8 percent) than the current assumption. Also shown is the net OPEB asset as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates.

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(6%)	(7%)	(8%)
School District's Proportionate Share			
of the Net OPEB Asset	\$712,880	\$844,799	\$954,998
		Current	
_	1% Decrease	Trend Rate	1% Increase
School District's Proportionate Share			
of the Net OPEB Asset	\$950,533	\$844,799	\$714,050

Changes Between the Measurement Date and the Reporting date - In February 2022, the Board approved changes to demographic measures that will impact the June 30, 2022, actuarial valuation. The effect on the net OPEB liability is unknown.

Note 16 - Other Employee Benefits

A. Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees earn ten to twenty days of vacation per year, depending upon length of service. Accumulated unused vacation time is paid to eligible employees upon termination of employment. Teachers do not earn vacation time.

Teachers, administrators, and classified employees earn sick leave at a rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated up to a maximum of two hundred fifty-six days for certified employees and two hundred thirty days for classified employees. Upon retirement, payment is made for one-fourth of accrued but unused sick leave credit to a maximum of sixty-four days for certified employees and fifty-seven and one-half days for classified employees.

Note 16 - Other Employee Benefits (continued)

B. Health Care Benefits

The School District provides medical, dental, vision, and life insurance to all employees through the Northern Buckeye Health Plan.

Note 17 - Long-Term Obligations

Changes in the School District's long-term obligations during fiscal year 2022 were as follows:

	Balance at 6/30/21	Additions	Reductions	Balance at 6/30/22	Amounts Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities					
General Obligation Bonds through D	irect Placement				
FY 2017 School Facilities Construct Improvement Refunding	etion and				
Term Bonds 3.65 - 2.24%	\$2,745,000	\$0	\$305,000	\$2,440,000	\$300,000
FY 2015 Certificates of Participation					
Serial Certificates 2 - 4%	1,780,000	0	140,000	1,640,000	200,000
Premium	159,790	0	12,568	147,222	0
2020A Certificates of Participation					
Serial Certificates 2.00-5.00%	9,240,000	0	835,000	8,405,000	830,000
Term Certificates 2.75-3.13%	6,660,000	0	0	6,660,000	0
Premium	422,533	0	22,190	400,343	0
2020B Certificates of Participation					
Serial Certificates 2.95-3.15%	1,075,000	0	0	1,075,000	0
Term Certificates 2.40-3.78%	6,385,000	0	45,000	6,340,000	45,000
Total Certificates of Participation	25,722,323	0	1,054,758	24,667,565	1,075,000
Net Pension Liability					
SERS	3,226,445	0	1,298,387	1,928,058	0
STRS	9,432,145	0	4,309,102	5,123,043	0
Total Net Pension Liability	12,658,590	0	5,607,489	7,051,101	0
					(continued)

Note 17 - Long-Term Obligations (continued)

	Balance at 6/30/21	Additions	Reductions	Balance at 6/30/22	Amounts Due Within One Year
Net OPEB Liability					
SERS	1,100,534	0	84,900	1,015,634	0
Compensated Absences Payable	799,732	19,907	45,283	774,356	125,937
Lease Payable	0	58,400	7,503	50,897	11,415
Total Governmental Activities Long-Term Liabilities	\$43,026,179	\$78,307	\$7,104,933	\$35,999,553	\$1,512,352

FY 2017 School Facilities Construction and Improvement Refunding Bonds - On April 11, 2017, the School District issued general obligation bonds through a direct placement, in the amount of \$2,915,000, to currently refund a portion of the FY 2007 School Facilities Construction and Improvement Refunding Bonds. The refunding bond issue consists of term bonds, in the original amount of \$2,915,000. The bonds were issued for a thirteen fiscal year period, with final maturity in fiscal year 2030. The bonds are being retired through the Bond Retirement debt service fund.

The term bonds are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a redemption price equal to 100 percent of the principal amount redeemed plus accrued interest to the redemption date, on December 1 in the years and in the respective principal amounts as follows:

Year	Amount
2022	\$300,000
2023	305,000
2024	315,000
2025	325,000
2026	330,000
2027	335,000
2028	345,000

The remaining principal, in the amount of \$185,000, will be paid at stated maturity on December 1, 2029.

<u>FY 2015 Certificates of Participation</u> - On November 5, 2014, the School District issued certificates of participation, in the amount of \$9,000,000, to acquire, construct, improve, furnish, and equip school facilities. The issue included serial and term certificates. The certificates were issued for a twenty-nine year period, with final maturity in fiscal year 2044. During fiscal year 2020, the term certificates were refunded. The certificates are being retired through the Bond Retirement debt service fund. During fiscal year 2022, principal, in the amount of \$140,000, was paid.

The serial certificates maturing on or after December 1, 2023, are subject to redemption, at the option of the School District, either in whole or in part, in such order of maturity as the School District shall determine, on any interest payment date on or after December 1, 2022, at a redemption price equal to 100 percent of the principal amount redeemed plus accrued interest to the redemption date.

Note 17 - Long-Term Obligations (continued)

FY 2020A Certificates of Participation - On December 12, 2019, the School District issued certificates of participation, in the amount of \$17,000,000, to acquire, construct, improve, furnish, and equip school facilities. The issue includes serial and term certificates, in the original amount of \$10,340,000 and \$6,660,000, respectively. The certificates were issued for a thirty year period, with final maturity in fiscal year 2050. The certificates are being retired through the Bond Retirement debt service fund.

The serial certificates maturing on or after December 1, 2026, are subject to redemption, at the option of the School District, either in whole or in part, in such order of maturity as the School District shall determine, on any interest payment date on or after December 1, 2026, at a redemption price equal to 100 percent of the principal amount redeemed plus accrued interest to the redemption date.

The term certificates maturing on December 1, 2034 are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a redemption price equal to 100 percent of the principal amount redeemed plus accrued interest to the redemption date, on December 1 in the years and in the respective principal amounts as follows:

Year	Amount
2033	\$635,000

The remaining principal, in the amount of \$610,000, will be paid at stated maturity on December 1, 2034.

The term certificates maturing on December 1, 2036 are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a redemption price equal to 100 percent of the principal amount redeemed plus accrued interest to the redemption date, on December 1 in the years and in the respective principal amounts as follows:

Year	Amount
2035	\$585,000

The remaining principal, in the amount of \$560,000, will be paid at stated maturity on December 1, 2036.

The term certificates maturing on December 1, 2039 are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a redemption price equal to 100 percent of the principal amount redeemed plus accrued interest to the redemption date, on December 1 in the years and in the respective principal amounts as follows:

Year	Amount
2037	\$530,000
2038	505,000

The remaining principal, in the amount of \$475,000, will be paid at stated maturity on December 1, 2039.

Note 17 - Long-Term Obligations (continued)

The term certificates maturing on December 1, 2044 are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a redemption price equal to 100 percent of the principal amount redeemed plus accrued interest to the redemption date, on December 1 in the years and in the respective principal amounts as follows:

Year	Amount
2040	\$450,000
2041	420,000
2042	390,000
2043	360,000

The remaining principal, in the amount of \$280,000, will be paid at stated maturity on December 1, 2044.

The term certificates maturing on December 1, 2049 are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a redemption price equal to 100 percent of the principal amount redeemed plus accrued interest to the redemption date, on December 1 in the years and in the respective principal amounts as follows:

Year	Amount
2045	\$245,000
2046	210,000
2047	175,000
2048	135,000

The remaining principal, in the amount of \$95,000, will be paid at stated maturity on December 1, 2049.

As of June 30, 2022, \$450,745 of these proceeds had not been spent.

FY 2020B Refunding Certificates of Participation - On December 12, 2019, the School District issued certificates of participation, in the amount of \$7,510,000, to advance refund certificates previously issued in fiscal year 2015 to acquire, construct, improve, furnish, and equip school facilities. The refunding issue consists of serial and term certificates, in the original amount of \$1,075,000 and \$6,435,000, respectively. The certificates were issued for a twenty-four fiscal year period, with maturity in fiscal year 2044. The certificates are being retired through the Bond Retirement debt service fund.

The serial certificates are subject to prior redemption on or after December 1, 2029, by and at the sole option of the School District, either in whole on any date or in part on any interest payment date, and in integral multiples of \$5,000, at 100 percent of the principal amount redeemed plus accrued interest to the redemption date.

The term certificates maturing on December 1, 2024 are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a redemption price equal to 100 percent of the principal amount redeemed plus accrued interest to the redemption date, on December 1 in the years and in the respective principal amounts as follows:

Year	Amount
2022	\$45,000
2023	45,000

Note 17 - Long-Term Obligations (continued)

The remaining principal, in the amount of \$50,000, will be paid at stated maturity on December 1, 2024.

The term certificates maturing on December 1, 2028 are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a redemption price equal to 100 percent of the principal amount redeemed plus accrued interest to the redemption date, on December 1 in the years and in the respective principal amounts as follows:

Year	Amount
2025	\$50,000
2026	50,000
2027	50,000

The remaining principal, in the amount of \$55,000, will be paid at stated maturity on December 1, 2028.

The term certificates maturing on December 1, 2034 are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a redemption price equal to 100 percent of the principal amount redeemed plus accrued interest to the redemption date, on December 1 in the years and in the respective principal amounts as follows:

Year	Amount
2032	\$390,000
2033	405,000

The remaining principal, in the amount of \$420,000, will be paid at stated maturity on December 1, 2034.

The term certificates maturing on December 1, 2039 are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a redemption price equal to 100 percent of the principal amount redeemed plus accrued interest to the redemption date, on December 1 in the years and in the respective principal amounts as follows:

Year	Amount
2035	\$440,000
2036	460,000
2037	480,000
2038	505,000

The remaining principal, in the amount of \$530,000, will be paid at stated maturity on December 1, 2039.

The term certificates maturing on December 1, 2043 are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a redemption price equal to 100 percent of the principal amount redeemed plus accrued interest to the redemption date, on December 1 in the years and in the respective principal amounts as follows:

Year	Amount
2040	\$555,000
2041	575,000
2042	605,000

The remaining principal, in the amount of \$630,000, will be paid at stated maturity on December 1, 2043.

Note 17 - Long-Term Obligations (continued)

<u>Net Pension/OPEB Liability</u> - There is no repayment schedule for the net pension/OPEB liability; however, employer pension/OPEB contributions are made from the General Fund and the Food Service, Student Wellness, ESSER, Athletic and Music, and Title I special revenue funds. For additional information related to the net pension/OPEB liability, see Notes 14 and 15 to the basic financial statements.

Compensated absences will be paid from the General Fund and the Food Service, the Student Wellness, ESSER, Athletic, and Title I special revenue funds.

The School District's overall debt margin was \$22,527,042 with an unvoted debt margin of \$270,889 at June 30, 2022.

Principal and interest requirements to retire general obligation debt outstanding at June 30, 2022, were as follows:

	General Obligation Bonds			
Fiscal Year	From Direct 1	Placement		
Ending June 30,	Term	Interest		
2023	\$300,000	\$51,296		
2024	305,000	44,520		
2025	315,000	37,576		
2026	325,000	30,408		
2027	330,000	23,072		
2028-2030	865,000	25,704		
	\$2,440,000	\$212,576		

Fiscal Year	Certificates of Participation			
Ending June 30,	Serial	Term	Interest	
2023	\$1,030,000	\$45,000	\$780,012	
2024	1,030,000	45,000	739,783	
2025	1,030,000	50,000	699,592	
2026	1,025,000	50,000	654,293	
2027	1,040,000	50,000	603,590	
2028-2032	5,305,000	105,000	2,534,740	
2033-2037	660,000	4,505,000	1,789,942	
2038-2042	0	5,025,000	960,651	
2043-2047	0	2,720,000	211,560	
2048-2050	0	405,000	16,484	
	\$11,120,000	\$13,000,000	\$8,990,647	

Note 17 - Long-Term Obligations (continued)

The School District has outstanding agreement to lease copiers. Due to the implementation of GASB Statement 87, this lease has met the criteria of leases thus requiring them to be recorded by the School District. The future lease payments were discounted based on the interest rate implicit in the lease or using the School District's incremental borrowing rate. This discount is being amortized using the interest method over the life of the lease. A summary of the principal and interest amounts for the remaining leases is as follows:

Year	Principal	Interest
2023	\$11,415	\$777
2024	11,611	581
2025	11,810	382
2026	12,012	180
2027	4,049	14
	\$50,897	\$1,934

Note 18 - Fund Balance

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in governmental funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented below:

Fund Balance	General	Bond Retirement	Other Governmental	Total Governmental Funds
Nonspendable for:				
Prepaid Items	\$8,914	\$0	\$245	\$9,159
Materials and Supplies Inventory	0	0	1,070	1,070
Total Nonspendable	8,914	0	1,315	10,229
Restricted for:				
Athletics and Music	0	0	148,912	148,912
Building Construction	0	0	344,712	344,712
Debt Retirement	0	587,058	0	587,058
Facilities Maintenance	0	0	443,408	443,408
Non-Instructional Activities	0	0	184,633	184,633
Permanent Improvements	0	0	731,264	731,264
Regular Instruction	0	0	2,081	2,081
				(continued)

Note 18 - Fund Balance (continued)

Fund Balance	General	Bond Retirement	Other Governmental	Total Governmental Funds
Restricted for:				
Student Activities	0	0	68,568	68,568
Student Wellness	0	0	13,441	13,441
Total Restricted	0	587,058	1,937,019	2,524,077
Assigned for:				
Educational Activities	50,126	0	0	50,126
Projected Budget Shortage	616,541	0	0	616,541
Unpaid Obligations	52,034	0	0	52,034
Total Assigned	718,701	0	0	718,701
Unassigned (Deficit)	13,693,284	0	(109,261)	13,584,023
Total Fund Balance	\$14,420,899	\$587,058	\$1,829,073	\$16,837,030

Note 19 - Set Asides

The School District is required by State statute to annually set aside, in the General Fund, an amount based on a statutory formula for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. The amount not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the fiscal year must be held in cash at fiscal year end. This amount must be carried forward and used for the same purpose in future years. The following cash basis information identifies the change in the fund balance set aside for capital improvements during fiscal year 2022.

Balance June 30, 2021	\$0
Current Year Set Aside Requirement	157,989
Current Year Offsets	(157,989)
Reserve Balance June 30, 2022	\$0

Note 20 - Interfund Transfers

During fiscal year 2022, the General Fund made transfers to the Bond Retirement debt service fund, in the amount of \$1,693,492, as debt payments came due and to other governmental funds, in the amount of \$6,189, to subsidize activities in other funds. Other governmental funds made transfers to the Bond Retirement debt service fund, in the amount of \$146,000, as debt payments came due.

Note 21 - Donor Restricted Endowments

The School District's private purpose trust fund includes donor restricted endowments. Endowment, in the amount of \$1,699, represents the principal portion. The amount of net appreciation in donor restricted investments that is available for expenditures by the School District is \$4,683 and is included as held in trust for scholarships. State law permits the School District to appropriate, for purposes consistent with the endowment's intent, net appreciation, realized and unrealized, unless the endowment terms specify otherwise. The endowment indicates that the interest should be used to provide a scholarship each year.

Note 22 - Jointly Governed Organizations

A. Northwest Ohio Computer Association

The School District is a participant in the Northwest Ohio Computer Association (NWOCA), which is a computer consortium. NWOCA is an association of educational entities within the boundaries of Defiance, Fulton, Henry, Lucas, Williams, and Wood Counties. The organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member educational entities. The NWOCA Assembly consists of the superintendent from each participating educational entity and a representative from the fiscal agent. The Assembly elects the governing Council of two representatives from each of the six counties in which member educational entities are located and the representative from the member educational entity serving as fiscal agent for NWOCA. The degree of control exercised by any participating educational entity is limited to its representation on the Board. During fiscal year 2022, the School District paid \$124,510 to NWOCA for various services. Financial information can be obtained from the Northwest Ohio Computer Association, 209 Nolan Parkway, Archbold, Ohio 43502.

B. Northern Buckeye Education Council

The Northern Buckeye Education Council (NBEC) was established in 1979 to foster cooperation among educational entities located in Defiance, Fulton, Henry, Lucas, Williams, and Wood counties. NBEC is organized under Ohio laws as a regional council of governments pursuant to a written agreement entered into by its member educational entities and bylaws adopted by the representatives of the member educational entities. NBEC is governed by an elected Board consisting of two representatives from each of the six counties in which the member educational entities are located. The board is elected from an Assembly consisting of a representative from each participating educational entity. Financial information can be obtained from the Northern Buckeye Educational Council, 209 Nolan Parkway, Archbold, Ohio 43502.

Note 22 - Jointly Governed Organizations (continued)

C. Four County Career Center

The Four County Career Center (Career Center) is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio which provides vocational education to students. The Career Center is operated under the direction of a board consisting of five representatives from the Northwest Ohio Educational Service Center and one representative from the participating school districts elected boards. The Career Center possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. The degree of control exercised by the School District is limited to its representation on the Board. Financial information can be obtained from the Four County Career Center, 22-900 State Route 34, Archbold, Ohio 43502.

Note 23 - Related Organization

The Patrick Henry School District Public Library is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio created under Chapter 3375 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Library is governed by a Board of Trustees appointed by the Patrick Henry Local School District Board of Education. The Board of Trustees possesses its own contracting and budgeting authority, hires and fires personnel, and does not depend on the School District for operational subsidies. Although the School District does serve as the taxing authority and may issue tax related debt on behalf of the Library, its role is limited to a ministerial function. The determination to request approval of a tax, the rate, and the purpose are discretionary decisions made solely by the Board of Trustees. Financial information can be obtained from the Patrick Henry School District Public Library, 208 North East Street, Deshler, Ohio 43516.

Note 24 - Insurance Pools

A. Schools of Ohio Risk Sharing Authority

The School District participates in the Schools of Ohio Risk Sharing Authority (SORSA), an insurance purchasing pool established under Section 2744.081 of the Ohio Revised Code. SORSA is an incorporated nonprofit association of its members which enables the participants to provide for a formalized joint insurance purchasing program for maintaining adequate insurance protection and provides risk management programs and other administrative services. SORSA's business and affairs are conducted by a board consisting of nine superintendents and treasurers, as well as an attorney, accountant, and four representatives from the pool's administrator, Willis Pooling. Willis Pooling is responsible for processing claims and establishing agreements between SORSA and its members. Financial information can be obtained from Willis Pooling, 775 Yard Street, Suite 200, Grandview Heights, Ohio 43212.

B. Northern Buckeye Health Plan

The School District participates in the Northern Buckeye Health Plan (NBHP), Northwest Division of OHI, a self-insurance pool, for insurance benefits to employees. The School District pays monthly premiums to NBHP for the benefits offered to its employees, which includes health, dental, and vision life insurance. NBHP is responsible for the management and operations of the program. The agreement with NBHP provides for additional assessment to participants if the premiums are insufficient to pay the program costs for the fiscal year. Upon withdrawal from NBHP, a participant is responsible for any claims not processed and paid and any related administrative costs.

Note 24 - Insurance Pools (continued)

C. Northern Buckeye Education Council Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan

The School District participates in a group rating plan for workers' compensation as established under Section 4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Northern Buckeye Education Council Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (Plan) was established through the Northern Buckeye Education Council (NBEC) as an insurance purchasing pool. The Plan is governed by the NBEC and the participants of the Plan. The Executive Director of the NBEC coordinates the management and administration of the Plan. Each year, the participants pay an enrollment fee to the Plan to cover the costs of administering the program.

Note 25 - Contingencies

A. Grants

The School District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2022.

B. School Foundation

Foundation funding is based on the annualized full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment of each student. Traditional districts must comply with minimum hours of instruction, instead of a minimum number of school days each year. The funding formula the Ohio Department of Education (ODE) is legislatively required to follow will continue to adjust as enrollment information is updated by the School District, which can extend past the fiscal year end. The School District's August 26, 2022, foundation settlement receipt included the FTE adjustment for fiscal year 2022. The adjustment was an increase of \$41. This amount is not material to the financial statements and was not included in the financial statements as an intergovernmental receivable as of June 30, 2022.

C. Litigation

There are currently no matters in litigation with the School District as defendant.

Note 26 - COVID-19

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March of 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Ohio's state of emergency ended in June, 2021 while the national state of emergency continues. During fiscal year 2022, the School District received COVID-19 funding. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing recovery measures may impact subsequent periods of the School District. The impact on the School District's future operating costs, revenues, and additional recovery from funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated.

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Patrick Henry Local School District Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability School Employees Retirement System of Ohio Last Nine Fiscal Years (1)

-	2022	2021	2020	2019
School District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.05225500%	0.04878050%	0.04837140%	0.04712250%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$1,928,058	\$3,226,445	\$2,894,146	\$2,698,793
School District's Employee Payroll	\$1,808,543	\$1,718,629	\$1,667,748	\$1,594,696
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Employee Payroll	106.61%	187.73%	173.54%	169.24%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	82.86%	68.55%	70.85%	71.36%

⁽¹⁾ Information prior to 2014 is not available.

Amounts presented as of the School District's measurement date which is prior fiscal year end.

2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
0.04753970%	0.04707810%	0.04510470%	0.04440500%	0.04440500%
\$2,840,391	\$3,445,683	\$2,573,718	\$2,247,312	\$2,640,623
\$1,515,707	\$1,507,907	\$1,362,049	\$1,135,160	\$1,099,763
187.40%	228.51%	188.96%	197.97%	240.11%
69.50%	62.98%	69.16%	71.70%	65.52%

Patrick Henry Local School District Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio Last Nine Fiscal Years (1)

	2022	2021	2020	2019
School District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.040067924%	0.03898154%	0.03900860%	0.03961305%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$5,123,043	\$9,432,145	\$8,626,516	\$8,710,020
School District's Employee Payroll	\$5,021,207	\$4,698,493	\$4,634,071	\$4,499,107
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Employee Payroll	102.03%	200.75%	186.15%	193.59%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	87.80%	75.50%	77.40%	77.30%

⁽¹⁾ Information prior to 2014 is not available.

Amounts presented as of the School District's measurement date which is prior fiscal year end.

2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
0.03903293%	0.03808750%	0.03840519%	0.03849641%	0.03849641%
\$9,272,355	\$12,746,775	\$10,614,071	\$9,363,660	\$11,153,930
\$4,339,564	\$4,042,800	\$3,985,107	\$3,959,415	\$3,974,562
213.67%	315.30%	266.34%	236.49%	280.63%
75.30%	66.80%	72.10%	74.70%	69.30%

Patrick Henry Local School District Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability School Employees Retirement System of Ohio Last Six Fiscal Years (1)

	2022	2021	2020	2019
School District's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability	0.05366390%	0.05063820%	0.04946270%	0.04780000%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$1,015,634	\$1,100,534	\$1,243,883	\$1,326,101
School District's Employee Payroll	\$1,808,543	\$1,718,629	\$1,667,748	\$1,594,696
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Employee Payroll	56.16%	64.04%	74.58%	83.16%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	24.08%	18.17%	15.57%	13.57%

⁽¹⁾ Information prior to 2017 is not available.

Amounts presented as of the School District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

2018	2017
0.04809760%	0.04764460%
\$1,290,813	\$1,358,047
\$1,515,707	\$1,507,907
85.16%	90.06%
12.46%	11.49%

Patrick Henry Local School District Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio Last Six Fiscal Years (1)

	2022	2021	2020	2019
School District's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	0.040067924%	0.03898154%	0.03900860%	0.03961305%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	(\$844,799)	(\$685,101)	(\$646,076)	(\$636,541)
School District's Employee Payroll	\$5,021,207	\$4,698,493	\$4,634,071	\$4,499,107
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Employee Payroll	-16.82%	-14.58%	-13.94%	-14.15%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	174.70%	182.10%	174.70%	176.00%
(1) Information prior to 2017 is not available.				

Amounts presented as of the School District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

2018	2017
0.03903293%	0.03808075%
\$1,522,921	\$2,036,568
\$4,339,564	\$4,042,800
35.09%	50.38%
47.10%	37.30%

Patrick Henry Local School District Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the School District's Contributions School Employees Retirement System of Ohio Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2022	2021	2020	2019
Net Pension Liability				
Contractually Required Contribution	\$247,745	\$253,196	\$240,608	\$225,146
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(247,745)	(253,196)	(240,608)	(225,146)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
School District Employee Payroll	\$1,769,607	\$1,808,543	\$1,718,629	\$1,667,748
Contributions as a Percentage of Employee Payroll	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	13.50%
Net OPEB Liability				
Contractually Required Contribution (2)	\$31,938	\$33,468	\$32,620	\$38,021
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(31,938)	(33,468)	(32,620)	(38,021)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
OPEB Contributions as a Percentage of Employee Payroll	1.80%	1.85%	1.90%	2.28%
Total Contributions as a Percentage of Employee Payroll (2)	15.80%	15.85%	15.90%	15.78%

⁽¹⁾ The School District's covered payroll is the same for Pension and OPEB

⁽²⁾ Includes Surcharge

2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
\$215,284	\$212,199	\$211,107	\$179,518	\$157,333	\$152,207
(215,284)	(212,199)	(211,107)	(179,518)	(157,333)	(152,207)
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
\$1,594,696	\$1,515,707	\$1,507,907	\$1,362,049	\$1,135,160	\$1,099,763
13.50%	14.00%	14.00%	13.18%	13.86%	13.84%
000 501	005.545	#22.02.4	024.016	000.050	400.450
\$33,731	\$25,547	\$23,834	\$34,916	\$23,872	\$22,450
(33,731)	(25,547)	(23,834)	(34,916)	(23,872)	(22,450)
\$0	\$0	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	\$0	\$0
2.12%	1.69%	1.58%	2.56%	2.10%	2.04%
	110370				
15.62%	15.69%	15.58%	15.74%	15.96%	15.88%

Patrick Henry Local School District Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the School District's Contributions State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2022	2021	2020	2019
Net Pension Liability				
Contractually Required Contribution	\$720,276	\$702,969	\$657,789	\$648,770
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(720,276)	(702,969)	(657,789)	(648,770)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
School District Employee Payroll	\$5,144,829	\$5,021,207	\$4,698,493	\$4,634,071
Contributions as a Percentage of Employee Payroll	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%
Net OPEB Liability				
Contractually Required Contribution	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	0	0	0	0
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
OPEB Contributions as a Percentage of Employee Payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Total Contributions as a Percentage of Employee Payroll	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%

_						
	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
	\$629,875	\$607,539	\$565,992	\$557,915	\$514,724	\$516,693
	(629,875)	(607,539)	(565,992)	(557,915)	(514,724)	(516,693)
	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
	\$4,499,107	\$4,339,564	\$4,042,800	\$3,985,107	\$3,959,415	\$3,974,562
	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	13.00%	13.00%
	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$39,594	\$39,746
	0	0	0	0	(39,594)	(39,746)
	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	1.00%	1.00%
	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%

Net Pension Liability

Changes in Assumptions - SERS

Beginning in fiscal year 2022, an assumption of 2 percent was used for COLA or Ad Hoc COLA. For fiscal years 2018 through 2021, an assumption of 2.5 percent was used. Prior to 2018, an assumption of 3 percent was used.

Amounts reported in 2022 incorporate changes in assumptions used by SERS in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation. These assumptions compared with those used in prior years are presented below.

	Fiscal Year 2022	Fiscal Years 2021-2017	Fiscal Year 2016 and Prior
Wage Inflation Future Salary Increases,	2.4 percent	3 percent	3.25 percent
including inflation Investment Rate of Return	3.25 percent to 13.58 percent 7 percent net of system expenses	3.5 percent to 18.2 percent7.5 percent net of investments expense, including inflation	4 percent to 22 percent 7.75 percent net of investments expense, including inflation

Amounts reported for 2022 use mortality rates based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weight Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward one year and adjusted 94.2 percent for males and set forward two years and adjusted 81.35 percent for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward five years and adjusted 103.3 percent for males and set forward three years and adjusted 106.8 percent for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

Amounts report for 2017 through 2021 use mortality rates that are based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females. Amounts reported for fiscal year 2016 and prior, use mortality assumptions that are based on the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table set back one year for both men and women. Special mortality tables were used for the period after disability retirement.

Changes in Assumptions - STRS

Beginning with fiscal year 2022, amounts reported incorporate changes in assumptions and changes in benefit terms used by STRS in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation. These new assumptions compared with those used in fiscal years 2018-2021 and fiscal year 2017 and prior are presented below.

	Fiscal Year 2022	Fiscal Years 2021-2018	Fiscal Year 2017 and Prior
Inflation	2.5 percent	2.5 percent	2.75 percent
Projected salary increases	12.5 percent at age 20 to 2.5 percent at age 65	12.5 percent at age 20 to 2.5 percent at age 65	12.25 percent at age 20 to 2.75 percent at age 70
Investment Rate of Return	7 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation	7.45 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation	7.75 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Payroll Increases	3 percent	3 percent	3.5 percent
Cost-of-Living Adjustments (COLA)	0 percent, effective July 1, 2017	0 percent, effective July 1, 2017	2 percent simple applied as follows: for members retiring before August 1, 2013, 2 percent per year; for members retiring August 1, 2013 or later, 2 percent COLA commences on fifth anniversary of retirement date

Beginning with fiscal year 2018, postretirement mortality rates for healthy retirees were based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age sixty-nine, 70 percent of rates between ages seventy and seventy-nine, 90 percent of rates between ages eighty and eighty-four, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2016. Postretirement disabled mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2016. Preretirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table, projected forward generationally using Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2016.

For fiscal year 2017 and prior actuarial valuation, mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table (Projection 2022-Scale AA) for males and females. Males ages were set back two years through age eighty-nine and no set back for age ninety and above. Females younger than age eighty were set back four years, one year set back from age eighty through eighty-nine, and no set back from age ninety and above.

Net OPEB Liability

Changes in Assumptions - SERS

Beginning with fiscal year 2022, amounts reported incorporate changes in assumptions and changes in benefit terms used by SERS in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation. These new assumptions compared with those used in fiscal year 2021 and prior are presented below.

	2022	2021 and Prior
Inflation Future Salary Increases, including inflation	2.4 percent	3 percent
Wage Increases	3.25 percent to 13.58 percent	3.5 percent to 18.2 percent
Investment Rate of Return	7 percent net of investment expense, including inflation	7.5 percent net of investment expense, including inflation

Amounts reported incorporate changes in key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability as presented below.

Municipal Bond Index Rate:	
Fiscal year 2022	1.92 percent
Fiscal year 2021	2.45 percent
Fiscal year 2020	3.13 percent
Fiscal year 2019	3.62 percent
Fiscal year 2018	3.56 percent
Fiscal year 2017	2.92 percent
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of plan investment expense,	
including price inflation	
Fiscal year 2022	2.27 percent
Fiscal year 2021	2.63 percent
Fiscal year 2020	3.22 percent
Fiscal year 2019	3.70 percent
Fiscal year 2018	3.63 percent
Fiscal year 2017	2.98 percent

Changes in Assumptions - STRS

For fiscal year 2018, the discount rate was increased from 3.26 percent to 4.13 percent based on the methodology defined under GASB Statement No. 74, "Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB)", and the long-term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75 percent to 7.45 percent. Valuation year per capita health care costs were updated and the salary scale was modified. The percentage of future retirees electing each option was updated based on current data and the percentage of future disabled retirees and terminated vested participants electing health coverage were decreased. The assumed mortality, disability, retirement, withdrawal, and future health care cost trend rates were modified along with the portion of rebated prescription drug costs.

For fiscal year 2019, the discount rate was increased from the blended rate of 4.13 percent to the long-term expected rate of return of 7.45.

For fiscal year 2022, the discount rate was decreased from 7.45 percent to the long-term expected rate of return of 7.

Changes in Benefit Terms - STRS OPEB

For fiscal year 2018, the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was reduced from 2.1 percent to 1.9 percent per year of service. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements were discontinued for certain survivors and beneficiaries and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 2020.

For fiscal year 2019, the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was increased from 1.9 percent to 1.944 percent per year of service effective January 1, 2019. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2019, and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 1, 2020.

For fiscal year 2020, there was no change to the claims cost process. Claim curves were trended to the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020, to reflect the current price renewals. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2020, from 1.944 percent to 1.984 percent per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2020. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021, to 2.1 percent for the Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed to January 1, 2021.

For fiscal year 2021, there was no change to the claims cost process. Claim curves were updated to reflect the projected fiscal year ending June 30, 2021, premium based on the June 30, 2020, enrollment distribution. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2021, from 1.984 percent to 2.055 percent per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2021. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021, to 2.1 percent for the AMA Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.

For fiscal year 2022, there was no change to the claims costs process. Claim curves were updated to reflect the projected fiscal year ending June 30, 2022 premium based on June 30, 2021 enrollment distribution. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2022 from 2.055 percent to 2.1 percent per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2022. The Medicare Part D Subsidy was updated to reflect it is expected to be negative in CY 2022. The Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

FEDERAL GRANTOR Pass Through Grantor Program / Cluster Title	Federal AL Number	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Total Federal Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Passed Through Ohio Department of Education			
<u>Child Nutrition Cluster:</u> School Breakfast Program	10.553		\$53,825
National School Lunch Program Cash Assistance COVID-19 - Cash Assistance Non-Cash Assistance (Food Distribution) Total National School Lunch Program	10.555		366,400 15,144 39,621 421,165
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			474,990
Pandemic EBT Administrative Costs	10.649		614
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			475,604
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Passed Through Ohio Department of Education			
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010		171,245
Special Education Cluster (IDEA): Special Education Grants to States (IDEA, Part B) Special Education Preschool Grants (IDEA, Preschool) Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)	84.027 84.173	\$201,520 4,800 206,320	201,520 4,800 206,320
Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers	84.287		120,473
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424		13,544
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367		23,346
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365	341	341
COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund: Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Fund American Rescue Plan - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ARP ESSER) Total COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund	84.425D 84.425U		291,374 136,201 427,575
Total U.S. Department of Education		206,661	962,844
FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION Direct Assistance			
Emergency Connectivity Fund Program	32.009		42,314
Total Federal Communications Commission			42,314
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards		\$206,661	\$1,480,762

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS 2 CFR 200.510(b)(6) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE A - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of Patrick Henry Local School District, Henry County, Ohio (the School District) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2022. The information on this Schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position of the School District.

NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be allowable or may be limited as to reimbursement.

NOTE C - INDIRECT COST RATE

The School District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE D - SUBRECIPIENTS

The School District passes certain federal awards received from the Ohio Department of Education to other governments or not-for-profit agencies (subrecipients). As Note B describes, the School District reports expenditures of Federal awards to subrecipients when paid in cash.

As a pass-through entity, the School District has certain compliance responsibilities, such as monitoring its subrecipients to help assure they use these subawards as authorized by laws, regulations, and the provisions of contracts or grant agreements, and that subrecipients achieve the award's performance goals.

NOTE E – CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

The School District commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the School District assumes it expends federal monies first.

NOTE F - FOOD DONATION PROGRAM

The School District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the entitlement value. The School District allocated donated food commodities to the respective program that benefitted from the use of those donated food commodities.

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS 2 CFR 200.510(b)(6) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (Continued)

NOTE G - TRANSFERS BETWEEN PROGRAM YEARS

Federal regulations require schools to obligate certain federal awards by June 30. However, with the Ohio Department of Education's consent, schools can transfer unobligated amounts to the subsequent fiscal year's program. The School District transferred the following amounts from 2022 to 2023 programs:

	<u>CFDA</u>		<u>Amt.</u>
Program Title	<u>Number</u>	<u>Tra</u>	<u>nsferred</u>
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84 010	\$	8 283



88 East Broad Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 ContactUs@ohioauditor.gov (800) 282-0370

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Patrick Henry Local School District Henry County 6900 State Route 18 Hamler, Ohio 43524-9781

To the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Patrick Henry Local School District, Henry County, Ohio, (the School District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated May 11, 2023, wherein we noted the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures which may impact subsequent periods of the School District.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the School District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

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Patrick Henry Local School District
Henry County
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Required by Government Auditing Standards
Page 2

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings as item 2022-001.

District's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the School District's response to the finding identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings corrective action plan. The School District's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

May 11, 2023



88 East Broad Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 ContactUs@ohioauditor.gov (800) 282-0370

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Patrick Henry Local School District Henry County 6900 State Route 18 Hamler, Ohio 43524-9781

To the Board of Education:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Patrick Henry Local School District, Henry County, Ohio's (the School District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Patrick Henry Local School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. Patrick Henry Local School District's major federal programs are identified in the *Summary of Auditor's Results* section of the accompanying schedule of findings.

In our opinion, Patrick Henry Local School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance* section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Patrick Henry Local School District
Henry County
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements
Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over
Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance
Page 2

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

The School District's Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the School District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design
 and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a
 test basis, evidence regarding the School District's compliance with the compliance requirements
 referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the
 circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of the School District's internal control over compliance relevant to the
 audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and
 report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the
 purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over
 compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Patrick Henry Local School District
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Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements
Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over
Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance
Page 3

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance* section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of this testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

May 11, 2023

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SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS 2 CFR § 200.515 JUNE 30, 2022

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	Yes
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR § 200.516(a)?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Education Stabilization Fund – AL #84.425
		Child Nutrition Cluster
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 750,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee under 2 CFR § 200.520?	No

Patrick Henry Local School District Henry County Schedule of Findings Page 2

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

FINDING 2022-001

Noncompliance Citation

Ohio Rev. Code § 5705.39 provides that total appropriations from each fund shall not exceed the total of the estimated revenue available for expenditure there-from, as certified by the county budget commission, or in case of appeal, by the board of tax appeals. No appropriation measure shall become effective until the county auditor files with the appropriating authority a certificate that the total appropriations from each fund, taken together with all other outstanding appropriations, do not exceed such official estimate or amended official estimate. For purposes of this section of the Ohio Revised Code, estimated revenue is commonly referred to as "estimated resources" because it includes unencumbered fund balances.

At June 30, 2022 the District's appropriations exceeded the amount certified as available by the budget commission in the Miscellaneous State Grants and ESSER Grant funds by \$135,000, and \$270,408 respectively.

Failure to limit appropriations to the amount certified by the budget commission due to deficiencies in the District's compliance monitoring policies and procedures could result in overspending and negative cash fund balances.

The District should draft, approve, and implement procedures to compare appropriations to estimated resources and, if adequate resources are available for additional appropriations, the District should submit an amended certificate of estimated resources to the budget commission for certification. If the resources are not available to cover the appropriations, an amendment to the appropriation resolution should be passed by the Board of Education to reduce the appropriations.

Officials' Response:

See Corrective Action Plan

3. FINDINGS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None

4. OTHER - FINDING FOR RECOVERY

In addition, we identified the following other issues related to Findings for Recovery. These issues did not impact our GAGAS or Single Audit Compliance and Controls reports.

FINDING NUMBER 2022-002

Finding for Recovery Repaid or Resolved Under Audit

Ohio Rev. Code § 3307.26(A)(5) requires each teacher to contribute fourteen per cent of the teacher's earned compensation to the State Teachers Retirement System.

Patrick Henry Local School District Henry County Schedule of Findings Page 3

Ohio Rev. Code § 3307.26(C) states the contribution for all teachers shall be deducted by the employer on each payroll in an amount equal to the applicable per cent of the teachers' paid compensation for such payroll period or other period as the board may approve. All contributions on paid compensation for teachers shall be remitted at intervals required by the State Teachers Retirement System.

Due to deficiencies in internal controls over pension withholdings, the District did not withhold the employee portion of State Teachers Retirement System contributions for all pay periods in fiscal year 2022 for the employees identified below. Instead, these required withholdings were incorrectly paid to the employees as wages for the following amounts:

Employee Name:	Amount Owed:
Alexander Vandebussche	\$388
Michaela Haugen	1,464
Abigail Babcock	126
Alec Wagner	273
Callie Seedorf	227
Taylor Ulik	438
Shannon George	5,100
Total	\$8,016

In accordance with the forgoing facts and pursuant to Ohio Rev. Code § 117.28, a Finding for Recovery for public monies illegally expended is hereby issued against Alexander Vandebussche, Michaela Haugen, Abigail Babcock, Alec Wagner, Callie Seedorf, Taylor Ulik, and Shannon George in the amounts of \$388, \$1,464, \$126, \$273, \$227, \$438, and \$5,100, respectively, and in favor of Patrick Henry Local School District's General Fund in the amount of \$8,016.

Failure to withhold the required withholdings could result in the District being assessed penalties, interest and late fees, along with additional findings for recovery being issued.

The Treasurer should ensure all employees under STRS have the proper contribution amounts withheld.

Alec Wagner, Abigail Babcock, and Alexander Vandebussche repaid the District \$273, \$126, and \$388 on March 15, 2023, April 5, 2023, and May 5, 2023, respectively. These findings for recovery are considered repaid under audit.

Callie Seedorf, Michaela Haugen, Taylor Ulik, and Shannon George have entered into repayment plans with the District to repay \$227, \$1,464, \$438, and \$5,100, respectively. These repayment plans were entered into with the District on March 16, 2003, May 5, 2023, May 5, 2023, and May 5, 2023, respectively. These findings for recovery are considered resolved under audit.

Officials' Response:

See Corrective Action Plan



Patrick Henry Local Schools

Create an environment where all students discover their personal best in every opportunity.

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN 2 CFR § 200.511(c) JUNE 30, 2022

Patrick Henry Local Schools Phone: 419.274.3015 Fax: 877.275.8939 https://www.phpatriots.org/

Superintendent Dr. Josh Biederstedt jbiederstedt@phpatriots.org

Treasurer Breanna DeWit bdewit@phpatriots.org Finding Number: 2022-001

Planned Corrective Action: The Treasurer will review the District's

appropriations at end of the year to ensure that funds do not have appropriations that exceed the amount certified as available by the Budget

Commission.

Anticipated Completion Date: 6/30/2023
Responsible Contact Person: Breanna DeWit

Finding Number: 2022-002

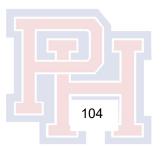
Planned Corrective Action: The Treasurer and Assistant Treasurer will

review the District's payroll ledgers for pension

withholding on the employees.

Anticipated Completion Date: 6/30/2023

Responsible Contact Person: Breanna DeWit, Celest Breece





PATRICK HENRY LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

HENRY COUNTY

AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 5/25/2023

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370