

**WYOMING CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT  
HAMILTON COUNTY**



**SINGLE AUDIT**

**FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022**

**PLATTENBURG**  
Certified Public Accountants



OHIO AUDITOR OF STATE  
KEITH FABER



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Board of Education  
Wyoming City School District  
420 Springfield Pike  
Wyoming, Ohio 45215

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Wyoming City School District, Hamilton County, prepared by Plattenburg & Associates, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Wyoming City School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Keith Faber".

Keith Faber  
Auditor of State  
Columbus, Ohio

January 04, 2023

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**WYOMING CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT  
HAMILTON COUNTY  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022**

**TABLE OF CONTENTS**

<b>TITLE</b>	<b>PAGE</b>
Independent Auditor’s Report.....	1
Management’s Discussion and Analysis .....	4
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position .....	12
Statement of Activities .....	13
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet	
Governmental Funds .....	14
Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities .....	15
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds .....	16
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities.....	17
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Fund .....	18
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements .....	19
Required Supplementary Information.....	52
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards .....	69
Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards .....	69
Independent Auditor’s Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by <i>Government Auditing Standards</i> .....	70
Independent Auditor’s Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by Uniform Guidance .....	72
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.....	75
Schedule of Prior Audit Findings and Questioned Costs .....	76

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**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

To the Board of Education  
Wyoming City School District

**Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

***Opinions***

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Wyoming City School District, Ohio (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

***Basis for Opinions***

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

***Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements***

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

## ***Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements***

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

### ***Required Supplementary Information***

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison schedules, and schedules of pension information and other postemployment information to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.



### ***Supplementary Information***

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

### **Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards***

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 15, 2022, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

*Plattenburg & Associates, Inc.*

Plattenburg & Associates, Inc.  
Cincinnati, Ohio  
December 15, 2022

**Wyoming City School District**  
**Management's Discussion and Analysis**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022**  
(Unaudited)

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The discussion and analysis of Wyoming City School District's financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the notes to the basic financial statements and financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's performance.

**Financial Highlights**

Key financial highlights for 2022 are as follows:

- Net position of governmental activities increased \$5,193,545 which represents a 960% increase from 2021.
- General revenues accounted for \$30,855,118 in revenue or 90% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted for \$3,613,682 or 10% of total revenues of \$34,468,800.
- The District had \$29,275,255 in expenses related to governmental activities; \$3,613,682 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenues of \$30,855,118 were also used to provide for these programs.

**Overview of the Financial Statements**

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The *Statement of Net Position* and *Statement of Activities* provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. The General Fund, Debt Service Fund, and Permanent Improvement Fund are the major funds of the District.

**Government-wide Financial Statements**

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2022?" The Government-wide Financial Statements answer this question. These statements include *all assets and deferred outflows* and *liabilities and deferred inflows* using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

**Wyoming City School District  
Management's Discussion and Analysis  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022  
(Unaudited)**

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These two statements report the District's *net position* and changes in net position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the financial position has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, both financial and non-financial. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the Government-wide Financial Statements, the overall financial position of the District is presented as Governmental Activities. All of the District's programs and services are reported here including instruction, support services, operation of non-instructional services, extracurricular activities, and interest and fiscal charges.

**Fund Financial Statements**

The analysis of the District's major funds is presented in the Fund Financial Statements. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds.

**Governmental Funds** Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual* accounting, which measures cash and all other *financial assets* that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed *short-term view* of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental *activities* (reported in the Statement of Net position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental *funds* is reconciled in the financial statements.

**Fiduciary Funds** Fiduciary Funds are used to account for resources held for the benefits of parties outside the government. Fiduciary Funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs.

**The District as a Whole**

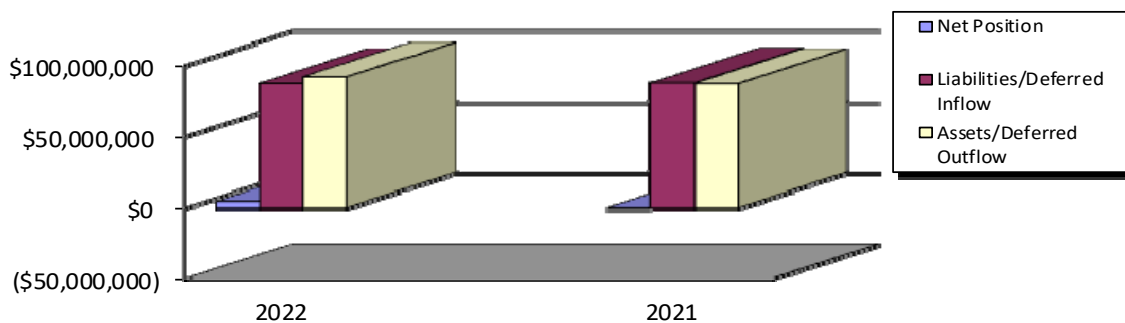
As stated previously, the Statement of Net position looks at the District as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the District's net position for 2022 compared to 2021:

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**Wyoming City School District**  
**Management's Discussion and Analysis**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022**  
(Unaudited)

**Table 1**  
**Net position**

	Governmental Activities	
	2022	2021
<b>Assets:</b>		
Current and Other Assets	\$35,122,409	\$32,384,187
Net OPEB Asset	2,372,875	1,996,156
Capital Assets	44,910,565	44,251,115
<b>Total Assets</b>	<b>82,405,849</b>	<b>78,631,458</b>
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources:</b>		
Deferred Charge on Refunding	1,368,970	1,444,280
OPEB	782,214	944,485
Pension	7,091,169	5,942,059
<b>Total Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>	<b>9,242,353</b>	<b>8,330,824</b>
<b>Liabilities:</b>		
Other Liabilities	4,106,917	3,219,769
Long-Term Liabilities	55,512,075	71,425,325
<b>Total Liabilities</b>	<b>59,618,992</b>	<b>74,645,094</b>
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources:</b>		
Property Taxes	8,500,738	8,477,554
OPEB	3,955,629	3,689,108
Pension	14,920,024	691,252
<b>Total Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>	<b>27,376,391</b>	<b>12,857,914</b>
<b>Net Position:</b>		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	11,988,892	11,863,457
Restricted	7,295,924	6,600,568
Unrestricted	(14,631,997)	(19,004,751)
<b>Total Net Position, restated</b>	<b>\$4,652,819</b>	<b>(\$540,726)</b>



**Wyoming City School District**  
**Management’s Discussion and Analysis**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022**  
(Unaudited)

Over time, net position can serve as a useful indicator of a government’s financial position. At June 30, 2022, the District’s assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$4,652,819. Capital assets increased due to the District’s depreciation expense for the year being less than current year additions. Long-term liabilities decreased mainly due to a decrease in net pension liability.

At year-end, capital assets represented 54% of total assets. Capital assets include land, construction in progress, buildings and improvements, and equipment. Capital assets, net of related debt to acquire the assets at June 30, 2022, was \$11,988,892. These capital assets are used to provide services to the students and are not available for future spending. Although the District’s investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A portion of the District’s net position, \$7,295,924 represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they must be used. The external restriction will not affect the availability of fund resources for future use.

Table 2 shows the changes in net position for fiscal years 2022 and 2021.

**Table 2**  
**Changes in Net position**

	Governmental Activities	
	2022	2021
Revenues:		
Program Revenues		
Charges for Services	\$1,303,930	\$1,107,862
Operating Grants, Contributions	2,309,752	1,738,537
Capital Grants and Contributions	0	463,645
General Revenues:		
Income Taxes	9,397,238	9,485,240
Property Taxes	14,345,991	20,298,392
Grants and Entitlements	6,887,264	6,939,026
Other	224,625	556,694
Total Revenues	<u>34,468,800</u>	<u>40,589,396</u>
Program Expenses:		
Instruction	17,520,557	20,076,069
Support Services:		
Pupil and Instructional Staff	3,431,515	4,039,223
School Administrative, General		
Administration, Fiscal and Business	2,851,537	3,728,009
Operations and Maintenance	2,479,593	2,089,897
Pupil Transportation	624,456	494,215
Central	130,060	181,416
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	72,844	150,446
Extracurricular Activities	932,909	1,104,404
Interest and Fiscal Charges	1,231,784	1,262,253
Total Program Expenses	<u>29,275,255</u>	<u>33,125,932</u>
Change in Net Position	5,193,545	7,463,464
Beginning Net Position	<u>(540,726)</u>	<u>(8,004,190)</u>
Ending Net Position	<u>\$4,652,819</u>	<u>(\$540,726)</u>

**Wyoming City School District  
Management’s Discussion and Analysis  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022  
(Unaudited)**

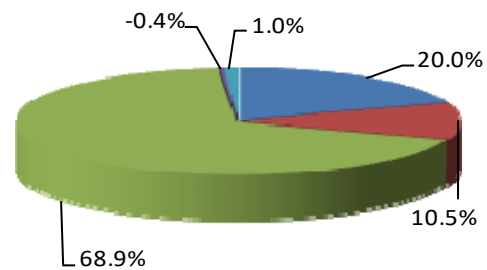
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The District revenues are mainly from three sources. Income taxes, property taxes levied for general, debt service, capital project purposes, and grants and entitlements comprised 89% of the District’s revenues for governmental activities.

The District depends greatly on property taxes as a revenue source. The unique nature of property taxes in Ohio creates the need to routinely seek voter approval for operating funds. The overall revenues generated by a levy will not increase solely as a result of inflation. As an example, a homeowner with a home valued at \$100,000 and taxed at 1.0 mill would pay \$35.00 annually in taxes. If three years later the home were reappraised and increased to \$200,000 (and this inflationary increase in value is comparable to other property owners) the effective tax rate would become .5 mills and the owner would still pay \$35.00.

Thus Ohio districts dependent upon property taxes are hampered by a lack of revenue growth and must regularly return to the voters to maintain a constant level of service. Property taxes made up 42% of revenue for governmental activities for the District in fiscal year 2022.

Revenue Sources	2022	Percent of Total
General Grants	\$6,887,264	20.0%
Program Revenues	3,613,682	10.5%
General Tax Revenues	23,743,229	68.9%
Investment Earnings	(116,390)	-0.4%
Other Revenues	341,015	1.0%
	<u>\$34,468,800</u>	<u>100.0%</u>



Instruction comprises 60% of governmental program expenses. Support services expenses were 33% of governmental program expenses. All other expenses including interest expense were 7%. Interest expense was attributable to the outstanding bond and borrowing for capital projects.

Property tax revenues decreased as a result of the timing of county collections. Total expenses decreased due to changes related to net pension liability and other post employment benefits liability.

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. Table 3 shows, for government activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State entitlements.

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**Wyoming City School District**  
**Management's Discussion and Analysis**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022**  
(Unaudited)

**Table 3**  
**Governmental Activities**

	Total Cost of Services		Net Cost of Services	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Instruction	\$17,520,557	\$20,076,069	(\$14,967,158)	(\$17,666,523)
Support Services:				
Pupil and Instructional Staff	3,431,515	4,039,223	(2,821,676)	(3,700,484)
School Administrative, General				
Administration, Fiscal and Business	2,851,537	3,728,009	(2,851,537)	(3,728,009)
Operations and Maintenance	2,479,593	2,089,897	(2,341,737)	(1,863,169)
Pupil Transportation	624,456	494,215	(609,516)	(477,559)
Central	130,060	181,416	(130,060)	(181,416)
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	72,844	150,446	(67,368)	(149,634)
Extracurricular Activities	932,909	1,104,404	(640,737)	(786,841)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	1,231,784	1,262,253	(1,231,784)	(1,262,253)
Total Expenses	<u>\$29,275,255</u>	<u>\$33,125,932</u>	<u>(\$25,661,573)</u>	<u>(\$29,815,888)</u>

**The District's Funds**

The District has three major governmental funds: the General Fund, the Debt Service Fund, and the Permanent Improvement Fund. Assets of these funds comprised \$34,628,241 (98%) of the total \$35,182,421 governmental funds' assets.

**General Fund:** Fund balance at June 30, 2022 was \$14,891,380. The fund balance increased by \$1,122,761.

**Debt Service Fund:** Fund balance at June 30, 2022 was \$4,585,221. The fund balance decreased by \$294,352.

**Permanent Improvement Fund:** Fund balance at June 30, 2022 was \$2,220,183. The fund balance increased by \$970,877.

**General Fund Budgeting Highlights**

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2022, the District amended its general fund budget. The District uses site-based budgeting and the budgeting systems are designed to tightly control total site budgets but provide flexibility for site management. During the course of the year, the District revised the Budget in an attempt to deal with unexpected changes in revenues and expenditures.

For the General Fund, final budget basis revenue was \$28,367,398, compared to original budget estimates of \$27,444,267.

**Wyoming City School District**  
**Management’s Discussion and Analysis**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022**  
(Unaudited)

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**Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

**Capital Assets**

At the end of fiscal year 2022 the District had \$44,910,565 invested in land, construction in progress, buildings and improvements and equipment. Table 4 shows fiscal year 2022 balances compared to fiscal year 2021:

**Table 4**  
**Capital Assets at June 30**  
**(Net of Depreciation)**

---

	Governmental Activities	
	2022	2021
Land	\$629,493	\$629,493
Construction in Progress	1,154,116	148,275
Buildings and Improvements	42,226,707	42,483,738
Equipment	900,249	989,609
Total Net Capital Assets	<u>\$44,910,565</u>	<u>\$44,251,115</u>

The increase in capital assets is due to current year additions exceeding current year depreciation. See Note 6 in the notes to the basic financial statements for further details on the District’s capital assets.

**Debt**

At June 30, 2022, the District had \$34,123,750 in bonds and notes payable, \$2,645,400 due within one year. Table 5 summarizes outstanding debt at year end.

**Table 5**  
**Outstanding Debt, at Year End**

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	Governmental Activities	
	2022	2021
General Obligation Bonds:		
2022 Direct Loan COPs Project	\$2,760,000	\$0
2017 Refunding Bonds	17,805,000	17,905,000
Premium on Refunding Bonds	2,541,267	2,548,817
2017 Capital Appreciation Bonds	340,000	340,000
Accretion of Interest	166,893	123,180
2013 General Obligation Bonds	4,900,000	5,180,000
Premium on General Obligation Bonds	564,676	616,010
2016 Refunding Bonds	3,960,000	5,625,000
2016 Refunding Bonds - Premium	395,214	526,951
Notes Payable	690,700	843,800
Total Outstanding Debt at Year End	<u>\$34,123,750</u>	<u>\$33,708,758</u>

See Notes 7-8 in the notes to the basic financial statements for further details on the District’s outstanding debt.



**Wyoming City School District  
Management's Discussion and Analysis  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022  
(Unaudited)**

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**For the Future**

Wyoming City Schools remains concerned about the future of State funding for public schools in Ohio. The Ohio General Assembly recently adopted the Fair School Funding Plan (FSFP) which is currently estimated to be phased in over the next several years. Political and economic pressure at the State continue to impact State funding and the uncertainty of new funding models every two years is challenging to our planning. The District will continue to advocate for additional state resources while diligently reviewing expenditures.

**Contacting the District's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Treasurer at Wyoming City School District, 420 Springfield Pike, Wyoming, Ohio 45215.

Wyoming City School District  
Statement of Net Position  
June 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities
Assets:	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$16,005,063
Receivables (Net):	
Taxes	19,014,858
Accounts	12,483
Interest	13,607
Intergovernmental	58,493
Prepays	17,905
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	1,783,609
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	43,126,956
Net OPEB Asset	2,372,875
<b>Total Assets</b>	<b>82,405,849</b>
Deferred Outflows of Resources:	
Deferred Charge on Refunding	1,368,970
Pension	7,091,169
OPEB	782,214
<b>Total Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>	<b>9,242,353</b>
Liabilities:	
Accounts Payable	149,934
Accrued Wages and Benefits	2,699,087
Contracts Payable	1,154,116
Accrued Interest Payable	103,780
Long-Term Liabilities:	
Due Within One Year	2,859,707
Due In More Than One Year	
Net Pension Liability	17,768,777
Net OPEB Liability	1,780,982
Other Amounts	33,102,609
<b>Total Liabilities</b>	<b>59,618,992</b>
Deferred Inflows of Resources:	
Property Taxes	8,500,738
OPEB	3,955,629
Pension	14,920,024
<b>Total Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>	<b>27,376,391</b>
Net Position:	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	11,988,892
Restricted for:	
Debt Service	4,576,532
Capital Projects	2,250,054
Student Activity	362,632
Federal Grants	9,435
State Grants	77,376
Other Purposes	19,895
Unrestricted	(14,631,997)
<b>Total Net Position</b>	<b>\$4,652,819</b>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Wyoming City School District  
Statement of Activities  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Expenses	Program Revenues		Net (Expense) Revenue
		Charges for Services and Sales	Operating Grants and Contributions	and Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities
<b>Governmental Activities:</b>				
<b>Instruction:</b>				
Regular	\$14,619,065	\$656,759	\$1,207,320	(\$12,754,986)
Special	2,892,120	19,201	460,311	(2,412,608)
Vocational	0	0	6,308	6,308
Other	9,372	203,500	0	194,128
<b>Support Services:</b>				
Pupil	1,968,071	0	444,761	(1,523,310)
Instructional Staff	1,463,444	0	165,078	(1,298,366)
General Administration	64,657	0	0	(64,657)
School Administration	1,440,301	0	0	(1,440,301)
Fiscal	1,247,116	0	0	(1,247,116)
Business	99,463	0	0	(99,463)
Operations and Maintenance	2,479,593	127,082	10,774	(2,341,737)
Pupil Transportation	624,456	0	14,940	(609,516)
Central	130,060	0	0	(130,060)
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	72,844	5,216	260	(67,368)
Extracurricular Activities	932,909	292,172	0	(640,737)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	1,231,784	0	0	(1,231,784)
<b>Totals</b>	<b>\$29,275,255</b>	<b>\$1,303,930</b>	<b>\$2,309,752</b>	<b>(25,661,573)</b>

**General Revenues:**

Income Taxes	9,397,238
Property Taxes Levied for:	
General Purposes	10,907,703
Debt Service Purposes	2,598,169
Capital Projects Purposes	840,119
Grants and Entitlements, Not Restricted	6,887,264
Unrestricted Contributions	139,020
Investment Earnings	(116,390)
Other Revenues	201,995

**Total General Revenues** 30,855,118

Change in Net Position 5,193,545

Net Position - Beginning of Year (540,726)

Net Position - End of Year \$4,652,819

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Wyoming City School District  
Balance Sheet  
Governmental Funds  
June 30, 2022

	General	Debt Service	Permanent Improvement	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
<b>Assets:</b>					
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$9,008,181	\$3,485,221	\$3,024,124	\$487,537	\$16,005,063
<b>Receivables (Net):</b>					
Taxes	15,417,343	2,715,363	882,152	0	19,014,858
Accounts	11,446	0	0	1,037	12,483
Interest	13,607	0	0	0	13,607
Intergovernmental	0	0	0	58,493	58,493
Interfund	53,251	0	0	6,761	60,012
Prepays	17,553	0	0	352	17,905
<b>Total Assets</b>	<b>24,521,381</b>	<b>6,200,584</b>	<b>3,906,276</b>	<b>554,180</b>	<b>35,182,421</b>
<b>Liabilities:</b>					
Accounts Payable	113,807	0	4,825	31,302	149,934
Accrued Wages and Benefits	2,646,018	0	0	53,069	2,699,087
Contracts Payable	0	0	1,154,116	0	1,154,116
Interfund Payable	0	0	0	60,012	60,012
<b>Total Liabilities</b>	<b>2,759,825</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1,158,941</b>	<b>144,383</b>	<b>4,063,149</b>
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources:</b>					
Property Taxes	6,859,136	1,615,363	527,152	0	9,001,651
Grants and Other Taxes	0	0	0	58,493	58,493
Investment Earnings	11,040	0	0	0	11,040
<b>Total Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>	<b>6,870,176</b>	<b>1,615,363</b>	<b>527,152</b>	<b>58,493</b>	<b>9,071,184</b>
<b>Fund Balances:</b>					
Nonspendable	17,553	0	0	352	17,905
Restricted	0	4,585,221	2,220,183	459,903	7,265,307
Assigned	423,543	0	0	0	423,543
Unassigned	14,450,284	0	0	(108,951)	14,341,333
<b>Total Fund Balances</b>	<b>14,891,380</b>	<b>4,585,221</b>	<b>2,220,183</b>	<b>351,304</b>	<b>22,048,088</b>
<b>Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Fund Balances</b>	<b>\$24,521,381</b>	<b>\$6,200,584</b>	<b>\$3,906,276</b>	<b>\$554,180</b>	<b>\$35,182,421</b>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Wyoming City School District  
 Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balance to  
 Net Position of Governmental Activities  
 June 30, 2022

Total Governmental Fund Balance		\$22,048,088
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Capital assets used in the operation of Governmental Funds		44,910,565
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.		
Delinquent Property Taxes	500,913	
Interest	11,040	
Intergovernmental	<u>58,493</u>	
		570,446
In the statement of net position interest payable is accrued when incurred; whereas, in the governmental funds interest is reported as a liability only when it will require the use of current financial resources.		
		(103,780)
Some liabilities reported in the statement of net position do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in governmental funds.		
Compensated Absences		(1,838,566)
Deferred charge on refunding associated with long-term liabilities that are not reported in the funds.		
		1,368,970
Deferred outflows and inflows for resources related to pensions and OPEB are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	7,091,169	
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	(14,920,024)	
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	782,214	
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	<u>(3,955,629)</u>	
		(11,002,270)
Long-term liabilities and net OPEB assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Net OPEB Asset	2,372,875	
Net Pension Liability	(17,768,777)	
Net OPEB Liability	(1,780,982)	
Other Amounts	<u>(34,123,750)</u>	
		<u>(51,300,634)</u>
Net Position of Governmental Activities		<u><u>\$4,652,819</u></u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Wyoming City School District  
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures  
and Changes in Fund Balance  
Governmental Funds  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	General	Debt Service	Permanent Improvement	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:					
Property and Other Taxes	\$10,905,212	\$2,606,350	\$839,804	\$0	\$14,351,366
Income Taxes	9,397,238	0	0	0	9,397,238
Tuition and Fees	851,702	0	0	0	851,702
Investment Earnings	(110,024)	0	(7,004)	139	(116,889)
Intergovernmental	7,087,654	408,907	64,731	1,665,386	9,226,678
Extracurricular Activities	31,379	0	0	288,552	319,931
Charges for Services	0	0	0	5,216	5,216
Other Revenues	233,126	0	100,000	134,970	468,096
<b>Total Revenues</b>	<b>28,396,287</b>	<b>3,015,257</b>	<b>997,531</b>	<b>2,094,263</b>	<b>34,503,338</b>
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Instruction:					
Regular	13,998,525	0	1,075	1,114,508	15,114,108
Special	3,122,701	0	0	112,457	3,235,158
Other	10,722	0	0	0	10,722
Support Services:					
Pupil	2,023,544	0	0	202,108	2,225,652
Instructional Staff	1,139,858	0	0	177,031	1,316,889
General Administration	67,740	0	0	0	67,740
School Administration	1,843,201	0	0	0	1,843,201
Fiscal	1,255,338	36,809	11,464	0	1,303,611
Business	159,123	0	0	0	159,123
Operations and Maintenance	2,036,459	0	155,630	30,388	2,222,477
Pupil Transportation	506,622	0	0	4,051	510,673
Central	150,465	0	0	0	150,465
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	57,665	0	0	1,839	59,504
Extracurricular Activities	613,536	0	26,542	368,162	1,008,240
Capital Outlay	99,578	0	2,549,193	23,094	2,671,865
Debt Service:					
Principal Retirement	153,100	2,045,000	0	0	2,198,100
Interest and Fiscal Charges	35,349	1,227,800	42,750	0	1,305,899
<b>Total Expenditures</b>	<b>27,273,526</b>	<b>3,309,609</b>	<b>2,786,654</b>	<b>2,033,638</b>	<b>35,403,427</b>
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	1,122,761	(294,352)	(1,789,123)	60,625	(900,089)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Issuance of Long-Term Capital-Related Debt	0	0	2,760,000	0	2,760,000
<b>Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>2,760,000</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>2,760,000</b>
Net Change in Fund Balance	1,122,761	(294,352)	970,877	60,625	1,859,911
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	13,768,619	4,879,573	1,249,306	290,679	20,188,177
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$14,891,380	\$4,585,221	\$2,220,183	\$351,304	\$22,048,088

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Wyoming City School District  
 Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes  
 in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities  
 For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Net Change in Fund Balance - Total Governmental Funds		\$1,859,911
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital asset additions as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount of the difference between capital asset additions and depreciation in the current period.		
Capital assets used in governmental activities	2,403,911	
Depreciation Expense	<u>(1,744,461)</u>	659,450
Governmental funds report district pension and OPEB contributions as expenditures. However in the Statement of Activities, the cost of pension and OPEB benefits earned net of employer contributions are reported as pension and OPEB expense.		
District pension contributions	2,519,640	
Pension expense	377,136	
District OPEB contributions	57,692	
OPEB expense	<u>230,863</u>	3,185,331
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		
Delinquent Property Taxes	(5,374)	
Interest	499	
Intergovernmental	<u>(29,663)</u>	(34,538)
Repayment of bond and note principal along with accreted interest payments is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.		
		2,198,100
In the statement of activities interest expense is accrued when incurred; whereas, in governmental funds an interest expenditure is reported when due.		
		2,517
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Compensated Absences	11,176	
Amortization of Bond Premium	190,621	
Amortization of Deferred Charge on Refunding	(75,310)	
Bond Accretion	<u>(43,713)</u>	82,774
Proceeds from debt issues are an other financing source in the funds, but a debt issue increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.		
		<u>(2,760,000)</u>
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		<u>\$5,193,545</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Wyoming City School District  
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position  
Fiduciary Fund  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

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	Custodial Fund
Additions:	
Extracurricular Collections for OHSAA	<u>\$794</u>
Total Additions	<u>794</u>
Deductions:	
Extracurricular Distributions to OHSAA	<u>794</u>
Total Deductions	<u>794</u>
Change in Net Position	0
Net Position - Beginning of Year	<u>0</u>
Net Position - End of Year	<u>\$0</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.



**Wyoming City School District**  
**Notes to the Basic Financial Statements**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022**

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**Note 1 – Description of the District**

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The Wyoming City School District (“District”) was chartered by the Ohio State Legislature in 1832 when state laws were enacted to create local Boards of Education. Today, the District operates under current standards prescribed by the Ohio State Board of Education as provided in division (D) of Section 3301.07 and Section 119.01 of the Ohio Revised Code.

The District operates under a locally elected 5 member Board form of government and provides educational services as authorized by its charter or further mandated by state and/or federal agencies. This Board controls the District's instructional and support facilities staffed by approximately 52 non-certificated personnel and approximately 170 certificated full time teaching and administrative personnel to provide services to students and other community members.

The District currently operates 3 primary schools (grades K-4), 1 middle school (grades 5-8), and 1 high school (grades 9-12).

**Reporting Entity**

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board [GASB] Statement 14, as amended by GASB Statement 39 and GASB Statement 61, the financial reporting entity consists of a primary government. The District is a primary government because it is a special-purpose government that has a separately elected governing body, is legally separate, and is fiscally independent of other state and local governments.

There are no component units combined with the District for financial statement presentation purposes, and it is not included in any other governmental reporting entity. Consequently, the District's financial statements include only the funds of those organizational entities for which its elected governing body is financially accountable. The District's major operations include education, pupil transportation, food service, and maintenance of District facilities.

The District is associated with three organizations that are defined as jointly governed organizations. These organizations include Great Oaks Career Campuses, the Hamilton/Clermont Cooperative Information Technology Center, and the Southwest Ohio Computer Association. These organizations are presented in Note 13.

**Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

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The financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

**Measurement Focus**

**Government-wide Financial Statements**

The District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

**Wyoming City School District**  
**Notes to the Basic Financial Statements**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022**

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The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the District are included on the statement of net position. Fiduciary Funds are not included in entity-wide statements.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

**Fund Financial Statements**

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

**Fund Accounting**

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid management by segregating transactions related to certain District functions or activities. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The various funds of the District are grouped into the categories governmental and fiduciary.

**Governmental Funds**

Governmental funds focus on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance. The following are the District's major governmental funds:

General Fund - The general fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

**Wyoming City School District**  
**Notes to the Basic Financial Statements**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022**

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Debt Service Fund – The debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for the payment of general obligation bond principal and interest and certain other long-term obligations from governmental resources when the District is obligated in some manner for the payment.

Permanent Improvement Fund – The Permanent Improvement Fund is used to account for financial resources, to maintain the District's facilities, as well as provide for major equipment and instructional material purchases.

**Fiduciary Funds**

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private purpose trust funds and custodial funds. The District has a custodial fund which accounts for activities related to the OHSAA.

**Basis of Accounting**

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the actual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred outflows and inflows, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

**Revenues – Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions**

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, included property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at year end: property taxes available for advance, grants and interest.

**Wyoming City School District**  
**Notes to the Basic Financial Statements**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022**

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Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the District, deferred outflows of resources include pension, other post employment benefits, and a deferred charge on refunding. The deferred outflows of resources related to a deferred charge on refunding are recorded on the governmental-wide statement of net position. The deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB plans are reported on the governmental-wide statement of net position and are explained in Notes 9 and 10.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. For the District, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes, OPEB, pension, grants and other taxes, and investment earnings. Property taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2022, but which were levied to finance year 2023 operations. These amounts have been recorded as deferred inflows on both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements. Deferred inflows of resources related to grants, and other taxes and investment earnings are reported as deferred inflows on the governmental fund financial statements. Deferred Inflows related to pension and OPEB plans are reported on the government-wide statement of net position. For more pension and OPEB related information, see Notes 9 and 10.

Expenses/Expenditures

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the operating statement as an expense with a like amount reported as donated commodities revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

**Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments**

Cash received by the District is pooled for investment purposes. Interest in the pool is presented as “Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments” on the financial statements. The District utilizes a financial institution to service bonded debt as principal and interest payments come due. The balance in this account is presented on the financial statements as “Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments”.

Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value which is based on quoted market prices. Nonparticipating investment contracts such as nonnegotiable certificates of deposits and repurchase agreements are reported at cost.

Following Ohio statutes, the Board has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund amounted to (\$110,024), (\$7,004) credited to the Permanent Improvement fund, and \$139 credited to other governmental funds.

**Wyoming City School District**  
**Notes to the Basic Financial Statements**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022**

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**Capital Assets**

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items, and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement should be reported at acquisition value rather than fair value. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of five thousand dollars (\$5,000). The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not. Interest incurred during the construction of capital assets is also capitalized.

All reported capital assets are depreciated, except land and construction in progress. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is allocated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Estimated Lives</u>
Buildings and Improvements	20 years
Equipment	5 - 20 years

**Compensated Absences**

The District reports compensated absences in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences." Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The District records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time, when earned, for all employees with more than one year of service.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental fund financial statements, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is due and payable. These amounts are recorded in the account "compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated unpaid leave are paid. Compensated absences are reported in governmental funds only if they have matured.

**Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)**

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB, and pension/OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

**Wyoming City School District**  
**Notes to the Basic Financial Statements**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022**

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**Net Position**

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets, consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The District applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available. Of the District's \$7,295,924 in restricted net position, none were restricted by enabling legislation.

**Interfund Activity**

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column on the Statement of Net position.

As a general rule the effect of interfund (internal) activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statement of activities. The interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation.

**Fund Balance**

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting*, the District classifies its fund balance based on the purpose for which the resources were received and the level of constraint placed on the resources. The following categories are used:

Nonspendable – resources that are not in spendable form (inventory) or have legal or contractual requirements to maintain the balance intact.

Restricted – resources that have external purpose restraints imposed on them by providers, such as creditors, grantors, or other regulators.

Committed – resources that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government at its highest level of decision making authority, the Board of Education.

Assigned – resources that are intended to be used for specific purposes as approved through the District's formal purchasing procedure by the Treasurer.

Unassigned – residual fund balance within the General Fund that is not restricted, committed, or assigned. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from incurred expenses for specific purposes exceeding amounts, which

**Wyoming City School District**  
**Notes to the Basic Financial Statements**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022**

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had been restricted, committed or assigned for said purposes.

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

**Prepaid Items**

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2022 are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of purchase and expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

**Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

**Note 3 – Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments**

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The District maintains a cash and investment pool used by all funds. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the combined balance sheet as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments."

State statute requires the classification of monies held by the District into three categories:

Active Monies - Those monies required to be kept in a "cash" or "near cash" status for immediate use by the District. Such monies must by law be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in depository accounts payable or withdrawable on demand.

Inactive Monies – Those monies not required for use within the current two year period of designated depositories. Ohio law permits inactive monies to be deposited or invested as certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designated depositories, or as savings or deposit accounts, including, but not limited to passbook accounts.

Interim Monies – Those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim monies held by the District can be deposited or invested in the following securities:

1. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States.
2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligation or security issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, and Government National Mortgage Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities.
3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the

**Wyoming City School District**  
**Notes to the Basic Financial Statements**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022**

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agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days.

4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio, and with certain limitations including a requirement for maturity within ten years from the date of settlement, bonds and other obligations of political subdivisions of the State of Ohio, if training requirements have been met.
5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.
6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions.
7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio).
8. Certain bankers' acceptances (for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days) and commercial paper notes (for a period not to exceed two hundred seventy days) in an amount not to exceed 40 percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time if training requirements have been met.

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by the financial institutions participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited. Except as noted above, an investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

### **Deposits**

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the District will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. As of June 30, 2022, \$8,472,698 of the District's bank balance of \$8,722,698 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and collateralized.

The District has no deposit policy for custodial risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits either be insured or be protected by:

Eligible securities pledged to the District and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose market value at all times shall be at least 105% of the deposits being secured; or

Participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the



**Wyoming City School District**  
**Notes to the Basic Financial Statements**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022**

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repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total market value of the securities pledged to be 102% of the deposits being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of State.

**Investments**

As of June 30, 2022, the District had the following investments:

<u>Investment Type</u>	<u>Value</u>	<u>Fair Value Hierarchy</u>	<u>Weighted Average Maturity (Years)</u>
Money Market Funds	\$16,156	N/A	0.00
Federal Home Loan Bank	\$109,191	Level 2	4.92
Federal Farm Credit Bank	140,024	Level 2	2.76
U.S. Treasury Notes	741,191	Level 1	2.68
Commercial Paper	2,534,312	Level 2	0.23
Negotiable CDs	3,462,286	Level 2	1.32
Federal Home Loan Mortgage	473,978	Level 2	2.57
Total Investments	<u>\$7,477,138</u>		
Portfolio Weighted Average Maturity			1.28

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets. Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs. Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The above table identifies the District's recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2022.

**Interest Rate Risk** - In accordance with the investment policy, the District manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the weighted average maturity of its investment portfolio to three years.

**Credit Risk** – It is the District's policy to limit its investments that are not obligations of the U.S. Government or obligations explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. Government to investments, which have a credit quality rating of the top 2 ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The District's investments in Federal Farm Credit Bank and Federal Home Loan Mortgage were rated AA+ by Standard & Poor's and Fitch Ratings and Aaa by Moody's Investors Service. Commercial Paper is rated A-1 by Standard & Poor's and P-1 by Moody's. Money Market Funds and Negotiable CD's are not rated.

**Concentration of Credit Risk** – The District's investment policy allows investments in Federal Agencies or Instrumentalities. The District has invested less than 1% in Money Market Funds, 2% in Federal Home Loan Bank, 2% in Federal Farm Credit Bank, 10% in U.S. Treasury Notes, 46% in Negotiable CD's, 34% in Commercial Paper, and 6% in Federal Home Loan Mortgage.

**Custodial Credit Risk** is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. All of the District's securities are either insured and registered in the name of the District or at least registered in the name of the District.

**Wyoming City School District**  
**Notes to the Basic Financial Statements**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022**

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**Note 4 – Property Taxes**

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Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis. Second half distributions occur in a new fiscal year. Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility property located in the District. Real property taxes are levied after April 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1, the lien date. Public utility property taxes attached as a lien on December 31 of the prior year, were levied April 1 and are collected with real property taxes. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at 35 percent of appraised market value. All property is required to be revalued every six years. Public utility property taxes are assessed on real property at 35 percent of true value.

Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20. The District receives property taxes from Hamilton County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2022, are available to finance fiscal year 2023 operations. The amount available for advance can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable represents delinquent taxes outstanding and real property and public utility taxes that became measurable as of June 30, 2022. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount available as an advance at June 30 is intended to finance current fiscal year operations. The amount available for advance was \$4,635,000 in the General Fund, \$1,100,000 in the Debt Service Fund, and \$355,000 in Other Governmental Funds.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2022 taxes were collected are:

	<u>Amount</u>
Agricultural/Residential and Other Real Estate	\$344,777,190
Public Utility Personal	<u>6,040,620</u>
Total	<u><u>\$350,817,810</u></u>

**Income Tax**

The District levies a voted tax of 1.25% for general operations on the income of residents and of estates. The tax was first approved in 1989 at 0.75%. In 1994, the community approved an additional 0.50% income tax. Employers of residents are required to withhold income tax on compensation and remit the tax to the State. Taxpayers are required to file an annual return. The State makes quarterly distributions to the District after withholding amounts for administrative fees and estimated refunds. Income tax revenue is credited to the General Fund.

**Note 5 – Receivables**

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Receivables at June 30, 2022, consisted of taxes, accounts, interest, intergovernmental grants and interfund. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs, and the current year guarantee of federal funds.

**Wyoming City School District**  
**Notes to the Basic Financial Statements**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022**

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**Note 6 – Capital Assets**

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Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
<b>Governmental Activities</b>				
<b><i>Capital Assets, not being depreciated:</i></b>				
Land	\$629,493	\$0	\$0	\$629,493
Construction in Progress	148,275	1,154,116	148,275	1,154,116
<b><i>Capital Assets, being depreciated:</i></b>				
Buildings and Improvements	65,729,743	1,299,721	0	67,029,464
Equipment	4,257,320	98,349	0	4,355,669
Totals at Historical Cost	<u>70,764,831</u>	<u>2,552,186</u>	<u>148,275</u>	<u>73,168,742</u>
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Buildings and Improvements	23,246,005	1,556,752	0	24,802,757
Equipment	3,267,711	187,709	0	3,455,420
Total Accumulated Depreciation	<u>26,513,716</u>	<u>1,744,461</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>28,258,177</u>
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	<u>\$44,251,115</u>	<u>\$807,725</u>	<u>\$148,275</u>	<u>\$44,910,565</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$875,144
Special	42,974
Support Services:	
Pupil	15,092
Instructional Staff	245,001
School Administration	45,818
Fiscal	15,021
Operations and Maintenance	252,355
Pupil Transportation	119,425
Central	16,374
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	11,346
Extracurricular Activities	105,911
Total Depreciation Expense	<u>\$1,744,461</u>

**Wyoming City School District**  
**Notes to the Basic Financial Statements**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022**

**Note 7 – Long-Term Liabilities**

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due In One Year
2013 General Obligation Bonds	\$5,180,000	\$0	(\$280,000)	\$4,900,000	\$290,000
Premium On General Obligation Bonds	616,010	0	(51,334)	564,676	0
2016 Refunding Bonds	5,625,000	0	(1,665,000)	3,960,000	1,755,000
2016 Refunding Bonds - Premium	526,951	0	(131,737)	395,214	0
2017 Refunding Bonds	17,905,000	0	(100,000)	17,805,000	100,000
2017 Capital Appreciation Bonds-Principal	340,000	0	0	340,000	0
Accretion of Interest	123,180	43,713	0	166,893	0
2017 Refunding Bonds - Premium	2,548,817	0	(7,550)	2,541,267	0
2022 Direct Loan COPs Project	0	2,760,000	0	2,760,000	340,000
<b>Subtotal</b>	<b>32,864,958</b>	<b>2,803,713</b>	<b>(2,235,621)</b>	<b>33,433,050</b>	<b>2,485,000</b>
Notes Payable	843,800	0	(153,100)	690,700	160,400
Compensated Absences	1,849,742	246,953	(258,129)	1,838,566	214,307
<b>Subtotal Bonds &amp; Other Amounts</b>	<b>35,558,500</b>	<b>3,050,666</b>	<b>(2,646,850)</b>	<b>35,962,316</b>	<b>2,859,707</b>
Net Pension Liability	33,745,216	0	(15,976,439)	17,768,777	0
Net OPEB Liability	2,121,609	0	(340,627)	1,780,982	0
<b>Total Long-term Obligations</b>	<b>\$71,425,325</b>	<b>\$3,050,666</b>	<b>(\$18,963,916)</b>	<b>\$55,512,075</b>	<b>\$2,859,707</b>

General obligation bonds will be paid from the Debt Service Fund. Notes Payable will be paid from the General Fund. Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the person is paid. Net pension liability and Net OPEB liability represents the long-term portion of the accrued liability associated with STRS and SERS pension liability. These items will be repaid from the funds from which the employees work to whom the liability is associated with or the General Fund if no such funds are available.

Principal and interest requirements to retire outstanding debt at year end are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	General Obligation Bonds & COPs			Capital Appreciation Bonds		
	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$2,485,000	\$1,200,748	\$3,685,748	0	0	0
2024	2,575,000	1,084,152	3,659,152	0	0	0
2025	1,155,000	1,004,106	2,159,106	0	0	0
2026	815,000	970,718	1,785,718	0	0	0
2027	835,000	945,242	1,780,242	0	0	0
2028-2032	4,150,000	4,329,184	8,479,184	0	0	0
2033-2037	2,275,000	2,276,240	4,551,240	340,000	2,699,024	3,039,024
2038-2042	4,735,000	2,999,144	7,734,144	0	0	0
2043-2047	6,030,000	1,671,377	7,701,377	0	0	0
2048-2050	4,370,000	251,707	4,621,707	0	0	0
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$29,425,000</b>	<b>\$16,732,618</b>	<b>\$46,157,618</b>	<b>\$340,000</b>	<b>\$2,699,024</b>	<b>\$3,039,024</b>

**Wyoming City School District**  
**Notes to the Basic Financial Statements**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022**

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Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Notes Payable		
	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 160,400	\$34,057	\$ 194,457
2024	168,000	25,916	193,916
2025	177,000	17,239	194,239
2026	185,300	8,155	193,455
2027	0	0	0
Total	\$ 690,700	\$85,367	\$ 776,067

**Note 8 – Debt Refunding**

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On December 20, 2017 the District issued \$18,600,000 in Current Interest Bonds with an interest rate between 2.00% and 5.00% which was used to refund \$18,600,000 of the outstanding 2012 General Obligation Bonds with an interest rate between 2.00% and 5.00%. The net proceeds of \$21,153,444 (after payment of underwriting fees, insurance and other issuance costs) were used to purchase U.S. government securities. Those securities were deposited into an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide all future debt service payments on the bond issues. As a result, \$18,600,000 of the 2012 General Obligation Bonds were considered to be defeased and the related liability for those bonds have been removed from the Statement of Net Position.

The District refunded 2012 General Obligation Bonds to reduce its total debt service payments by \$1,945,914 and to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present value of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$1,007,699.

**Note 9 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans**

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The Statewide retirement systems provide both pension benefits and other postemployment benefits (OPEB).

**Net Pension Liability/Net OPEB Liability (Asset)**

Pensions and OPEB are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions/OPEB are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period.

The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) represent the District’s proportionate share of each pension/OPEB plan’s collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension/OPEB plan’s fiduciary net position. The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting these estimates annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the District’s obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions/OPEB are financed; however, the District does receive the benefit of employees’ services in exchange for compensation including pension and OPEB.

**Wyoming City School District**  
**Notes to the Basic Financial Statements**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022**

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GASB 68/75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires funding to come from these employers. All pension contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes pension costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits. In addition, health care plan enrollees pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. State statute requires the retirement systems to amortize unfunded pension liabilities within 30 years. If the pension amortization period exceeds 30 years, each retirement system’s board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension/OPEB liability (asset). Resulting adjustments to the net pension/OPEB liability (asset) would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The Ohio revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients.

The remainder of this note includes the required pension disclosures. See Note 10 for the required OPEB disclosures.

**Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)**

**Plan Description**

District non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS’ fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at [www.ohsers.org](http://www.ohsers.org) under Employers/Audit Resources.

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to Retire on or before August 1, 2017 *	Eligible to Retire on or after August 1, 2017
Full Benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially Reduced Benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

\* Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017, will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service; 2.20% for the first thirty years of service and 2.50% for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

An individual whose benefit effective date is before April 1, 2018, is eligible for a cost of living adjustment (COLA) on the first anniversary date of the benefit. New benefit recipients must wait until the fourth anniversary of their benefit for COLA eligibility. The COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit. The COLA is indexed to the percentage increase in the CPI-W, not to exceed 2.50% and with a floor of 0.00%. A three-year COLA suspension was in effect for all benefit recipients for the years 2018, 2019, and 2020. The Retirement Board approved a 0.50% COLA for calendar year 2021 and 2.50% for 2022.

**Wyoming City School District**  
**Notes to the Basic Financial Statements**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022**

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**Funding Policy**

Plan members are required to contribute 10.00% of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute 14.00% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10.00% for plan members and 14.00% for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 14.00%. For fiscal year 2022, the Retirement Board did not allocate any employer contribution to the Health Care Fund.

The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$463,803 for fiscal year 2022. Of this amount \$0 is reported as accrued wages and benefits.

**Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)**

**Plan Description**

District licensed teachers and other faculty members participate in STRS Ohio, a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information, and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Web site at [www.strsoh.org](http://www.strsoh.org).

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan, and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307.

The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation is 2.20% of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. In April 2017, the Retirement Board made the decision to reduce COLA granted on or after July 1, 2017, to 0.00% to preserve the fiscal integrity of the retirement system. Benefit recipients' base benefit and past cost-of living increases are not affected by this change. Eligibility changes will be phased in until August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five years of service credit and age 65, or 35 years of service credit and at least age 60.

Eligibility changes for DB Plan members who retire with actuarially reduced benefits will be phased in until August 1, 2023, when retirement eligibility will be five years of qualifying service credit and age 60, or 30 years of service credit at any age.

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 9.53% of the 14.00% employer contributions into an investment account. The member determines how to allocate the member and employer money among various investment choices offered by STRS. The remaining 4.47% of the 14.00% employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

**Wyoming City School District**  
**Notes to the Basic Financial Statements**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022**

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The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, 12.00% of the 14.00% member rate is deposited into the member's DC account and the remaining 2.00% is applied to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50 and after termination of employment.

New members who choose the DC plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. New members on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit that apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

**Funding Policy**

Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. The fiscal year 2022 employer and employee contribution rate of 14.00% was equal to the statutory maximum rates. For fiscal year 2022, the full employer contribution was allocated to pension.

The District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$2,055,837 for fiscal year 2022. Of this amount \$327,199 is reported as accrued wages and benefits.

**Net Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions**

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	<u>SERS</u>	<u>STRS</u>	<u>Total</u>
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$3,379,158	\$14,389,619	\$17,768,777
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability:			
Current Measurement Date	0.09158330%	0.11254288%	
Prior Measurement Date	<u>0.09469100%</u>	<u>0.11357932%</u>	
Change in Proportionate Share	-0.00310770%	-0.00103644%	
Pension Expense	(\$27,059)	(\$350,078)	(\$377,136)



**Wyoming City School District**  
**Notes to the Basic Financial Statements**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022**

At June 30 2022, reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	SERS	STRS	Total
<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$326	\$444,570	\$444,896
Changes of assumptions	71,155	3,991,938	4,063,093
Changes in employer proportionate share of net pension liability	63,540	0	63,540
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	463,803	2,055,837	2,519,640
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>\$598,824</u>	<u>\$6,492,345</u>	<u>\$7,091,169</u>
<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$87,635	\$90,194	\$177,829
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	1,740,365	12,401,097	14,141,462
Changes in employer proportionate share of net pension liability	117,932	482,801	600,733
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>\$1,945,932</u>	<u>\$12,974,092</u>	<u>\$14,920,024</u>

\$2,519,640 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30:	SERS	STRS	Total
2023	(\$439,146)	(\$2,289,250)	(\$2,728,396)
2024	(423,782)	(1,802,618)	(2,226,400)
2025	(413,796)	(1,942,256)	(2,356,052)
2026	(534,186)	(2,503,461)	(3,037,648)
Total	<u>(\$1,810,911)</u>	<u>(\$8,537,584)</u>	<u>(\$10,348,495)</u>

**Actuarial Assumptions - SERS**

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

**Wyoming City School District**  
**Notes to the Basic Financial Statements**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022**

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Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee’s entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2021, compared with June 30, 2020, are presented below:

	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020
Inflation	2.40%	3.00%
Future Salary Increases, including inflation	3.25% to 13.58%	3.50% to 18.20%
COLA or Ad Hoc COLA	2.00%, on or after April 1, 2018, COLAs for future retirees will be delayed for three years following commencement	2.50%
Investment Rate of Return	7.00% net of system expenses	7.50% net of investments expense, including inflation
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal (Level Percent of Payroll)	Entry Age Normal (Level Percent of Payroll)

Mortality rates for 2021 were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weight Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20% for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35% for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.30% for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.80% for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

Mortality rates for 2020 were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females. Mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries were based upon the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120.00% of male rates, and 110.00% of female rates. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90.00% for male rates and 100.00% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2020.

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined by using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS’ *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating an arithmetic weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes.

**Wyoming City School District**  
**Notes to the Basic Financial Statements**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022**

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Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	2.00%	-0.33%
US Equity	24.75%	5.72%
Non-US Equity Developed	13.50%	6.55%
Non-US Equity Emerging	6.75%	8.54%
Fixed Income/Global Bonds	19.00%	1.14%
Private Equity	11.00%	10.03%
Real Estate/Real Assets	16.00%	5.41%
Multi-Asset Strategy	4.00%	3.47%
Private Debt/Private Credit	3.00%	5.28%
Total	100.00%	

**Discount Rate**

The total pension liability for 2021 was calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%. The discount rate for 2020 was 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.00%). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

**Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate**

Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%), or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease 6.00%	Current Discount Rate 7.00%	1% Increase 8.00%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$5,622,089	\$3,379,158	\$1,487,596

**Actuarial Assumptions - STRS**

Key methods and assumptions used in the June 30, 2021, actuarial valuation compared to those used in the June 30, 2020, actuarial valuation are presented below:

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**Wyoming City School District**  
**Notes to the Basic Financial Statements**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022**

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Inflation	2.50%	2.50%
Projected Salary Increases	12.50% at age 20 to 2.50% at age 65	12.50% at age 20 to 2.50% at age 65
Investment Rate of Return	7.00% net of investments expense, including inflation	7.45% net of investments expense, including inflation
Discount Rate of Return	7.00%	7.45%
Payroll Increases	3.00%	3.00%
Cost-of-Living Adjustments (COLA)	0.00%	0.00%

Post-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50.00% of rates through age 69, 70.00% of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90.00% of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100.00% of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90.00% of rates for males and 100.00% of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Target Allocation</u>	<u>Long-Term Expected Rate of Return *</u>
Domestic Equity	28.00%	7.35%
International Equity	23.00%	7.55%
Alternatives	17.00%	7.09%
Fixed Income	21.00%	3.00%
Real Estate	10.00%	6.00%
Liquidity Reserves	<u>1.00%</u>	2.25%
Total	<u><u>100.00%</u></u>	

\*10 Year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25%, and is net of investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

**Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00% as of June 30, 2021, and was 7.45% as of June 30, 2020. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to

**Wyoming City School District**  
**Notes to the Basic Financial Statements**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022**

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fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2021. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00% was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2021.

**Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate**

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.00%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.00%) or one-percentage-point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease 6.00%	Current Discount Rate 7.00%	1% Increase 8.00%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$26,946,371	\$14,389,619	\$3,779,191

**Changes Between the Measurement Date and the Reporting date**

In February 2022, the Board approved changes to demographic measures that will impact the June 30, 2022, actuarial valuation. These demographic measures include retirement, salary increase, disability/termination and mortality assumptions. In March 2022, the STRS Board approved benefit plan changes to take effect on July 1, 2022. These changes include a one-time three percent cost-of-living increase (COLA) to be paid to eligible benefit recipients and the elimination of the age 60 requirement for retirement age and service eligibility that was set to take effect in 2026. The effect on the net pension liability is unknown.

**Note 10 - Defined Benefit OPEB Plans**

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See Note 9 for a description of the net OPEB liability (asset).

**Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)**

**Health Care Plan Description**

The District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 75 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. SERS' Health Care Plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of most types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage. The following types of credit purchased after January 29, 1981 do not count toward health care coverage eligibility: military, federal, out-of-state, municipal, private school, exempted, and early retirement incentive credit. In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree, are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of 65 and therefore enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at [www.ohsers.org](http://www.ohsers.org) under Employers/Audit Resources.

**Wyoming City School District**  
**Notes to the Basic Financial Statements**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022**

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Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board established the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

**Funding Policy**

State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14.00% of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For fiscal year 2022, no allocation was made to health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2022, this amount was \$25,000. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2.00% of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.50% of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2022, the District's surcharge obligation was \$57,692.

The surcharge, added to the allocated portion of the 14.00% employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$57,692 for fiscal year 2022.

**Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)**

**Plan Description**

The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting [www.strsoh.org](http://www.strsoh.org) or by calling (888) 227-7877.

**Funding Policy**

Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. All benefit recipients pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14.00% of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.

**Net OPEB Liabilities (Assets), OPEB Expense (Income), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB**

The net OPEB liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset) was based on the District's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is

**Wyoming City School District**  
**Notes to the Basic Financial Statements**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022**

information related to the proportionate share:

	<u>SERS</u>	<u>STRS</u>	<u>Total</u>
Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$1,780,982	\$0	\$1,780,982
Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB (Asset)	0	(2,372,875)	(2,372,875)
Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability/Asset:			
Current Measurement Date	0.09410330%	0.11254288%	
Prior Measurement Date	<u>0.09762030%</u>	<u>0.11357932%</u>	
Change in Proportionate Share	-0.00351700%	-0.00103644%	
OPEB Expense	(\$47,254)	(\$183,607)	(\$230,861)

At June 30 2022, reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	<u>SERS</u>	<u>STRS</u>	<u>Total</u>
<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$18,984	\$84,492	\$103,476
Changes of assumptions	279,394	151,569	430,963
Changes in employer proportionate share of net OPEB liability	169,630	20,453	190,084
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>57,692</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>57,692</u>
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>\$525,700</u>	<u>\$256,514</u>	<u>\$782,214</u>
<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$887,009	\$434,755	\$1,321,764
Changes of assumptions	243,891	1,415,596	1,659,487
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	38,692	657,719	696,411
Changes in employer proportionate share of net OPEB liability	<u>196,269</u>	<u>81,698</u>	<u>277,967</u>
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>\$1,365,862</u>	<u>\$2,589,767</u>	<u>\$3,955,629</u>

\$57,692 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability (adjustment to net OPEB asset) in the year ending June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

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**Wyoming City School District**  
**Notes to the Basic Financial Statements**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022**

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Fiscal Year Ending June 30:	SERS	STRS	Total
2023	(\$219,256)	(\$666,002)	(\$885,259)
2024	(219,527)	(649,543)	(869,070)
2025	(190,486)	(649,601)	(840,087)
2026	(148,044)	(276,447)	(424,490)
2027	(86,641)	(93,733)	(180,375)
Thereafter	(33,899)	2,073	(31,826)
<b>Total</b>	<b>(\$897,854)</b>	<b>(\$2,333,254)</b>	<b>(\$3,231,107)</b>

**Actuarial Assumptions - SERS**

The total OPEB liability is determined by SERS' actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2021, compared with June 30, 2020, are presented below:

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**Wyoming City School District**  
**Notes to the Basic Financial Statements**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022**

	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020
Inflation	2.40%	3.00%
Future Salary Increases, Including Inflation		
Wage Increases	3.25% to 13.58%	3.50% to 18.20%
Investment Rate of Return	7.00% net of investment expense, including inflation	7.50% net of investment expense, including inflation
Municipal Bond Index Rate:		
Measurement Date	1.92%	2.45%
Prior Measurement Date	2.45%	3.13%
Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR), net of plan investment expense, including price inflation:		
Measurement Date	2.27%	2.63%
Prior Measurement Date	2.63%	3.22%
Medical Trend Assumption:		
Medicare	5.125% to 4.40%	5.25% to 4.75%
Pre-Medicare	6.75% to 4.40%	7.00% to 4.75%

For 2021, mortality rates among healthy retirees were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20% for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35% for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.30% for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.80% for females. Mortality rates for contingent survivors were based on PUB-2010 General Amount Weighted Below Median Contingent Survivor mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 105.50% for males and adjusted 122.50% for females. Mortality rates for actives is based on PUB-2010 General Amount Weighted Below Median Employee mortality table.

For 2020, mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and Scale BB, 120.00% of male rates and 110.00% of female rates. RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table with 90.00% for male rates and 100.00% for female rates set back five years.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2020.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the actuarial five-year experience study. The most recent study covers fiscal years 2015 through 2020, and was adopted by the Board in 2021. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return, 7.00%, by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

**Wyoming City School District**  
**Notes to the Basic Financial Statements**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022**

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The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as used in the June 30, 2020 five-year experience study, are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	2.00%	-0.33%
US Equity	24.75%	5.72%
Non-US Equity Developed	13.50%	6.55%
Non-US Equity Emerging	6.75%	8.54%
Fixed Income/Global Bonds	19.00%	1.14%
Private Equity	11.00%	10.03%
Real Estate/Real Assets	16.00%	5.41%
Multi-Asset Strategy	4.00%	3.47%
Private Debt/Private Credit	3.00%	5.28%
Total	100.00%	

**Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2021 was 2.27%. The discount rate used to measure total OPEB liability prior to June 30, 2021, was 2.63%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and the System at the contribution rate of 1.50% of projected covered payroll each year, which includes a 1.50% payroll surcharge and no contributions from the basic benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current System members by SERS actuaries. The Municipal Bond Index Rate is used in the determination of the SEIR for both the June 30, 2020 and the June 30, 2021 total OPEB liability. The Municipal Bond Index rate is the single rate that will generate a present value of benefit payments equal to the sum of the present value determined by the long-term expected rate of return, and the present value determined by discounting those benefits after the date of depletion. The Municipal Bond Index Rate is 1.92% at June 30, 2021 and 2.45% at June 30, 2020.

**Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates**

The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate. The following table presents the net OPEB liability of SERS, what SERS' net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (1.27%) and higher (3.27%) than the current discount rate (2.27%). Also shown is what SERS' net OPEB liability would be based on health care cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (5.75% decreasing to 3.40%) and higher (7.75% decreasing to 5.40%) than the current rate.

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**Wyoming City School District**  
**Notes to the Basic Financial Statements**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022**

	1% Decrease (1.27%)	Current Discount Rate (2.27%)	1% Increase (3.27%)
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$2,206,852	\$1,780,982	\$1,440,767
	1% Decrease (5.75% decreasing to 3.40%)	Current Trend Rate (6.75% decreasing to 4.40%)	1% Increase (7.75% decreasing to 5.40%)
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$1,371,210	\$1,780,982	\$2,328,311

**Actuarial Assumptions - STRS**

Key methods and assumptions used in the June 30, 2021, actuarial valuation and the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation are presented below:

	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020
Projected salary increases	12.50% at age 20 to 2.50% at age 65	12.50% at age 20 to 2.50% at age 65
Investment Rate of Return	7.00%, net of investment expenses, including inflation	7.45%, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Payroll Increases	3.00%	3.00%
Discount Rate of Return	7.00%	7.45%
Health Care Cost Trends:		
Medical		
Pre-Medicare	5.00% initial, 4.00% ultimate	5.00% initial, 4.00% ultimate
Medicare	-16.18% initial, 4.00% ultimate	-6.69% initial, 4.00% ultimate
Prescription Drug		
Pre-Medicare	6.50% initial, 4.00% ultimate	6.50% initial, 4.00% ultimate
Medicare	29.98% initial, 4.00% ultimate	11.87% initial, 4.00% ultimate

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

For healthy retirees the mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50.00% of rates through age 69, 70.00% of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90.00% of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100.00% of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90.00% of rates for males and 100.00% of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2022 from 2.055% to 2.10% per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2022. The Medicare Part D Subsidy was updated to reflect it is expected to be negative in CY 2022. The Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.

**Wyoming City School District**  
**Notes to the Basic Financial Statements**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022**

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return*
Domestic Equity	28.00%	7.35%
International Equity	23.00%	7.55%
Alternatives	17.00%	7.09%
Fixed Income	21.00%	3.00%
Real Estate	10.00%	6.00%
Liquidity Reserves	1.00%	2.25%
Total	100.00%	

\*10 Year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25%, and is net of investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

**Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.00% as of June 30, 2021, and was 7.45% as of June 30, 2020. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes STRS continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2021. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on health care plan investments of 7.00% was used to measure the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2021.

**Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB (Asset) to Changes in the Discount and Health Care Cost Trend Rate**

The following table represents the net OPEB asset as of June 30, 2021, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.00%, as well as what the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current assumption. Also shown is the net OPEB asset as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates.

	1% Decrease (6.00%)	Current Discount Rate (7.00%)	1% Increase (8.00%)
Proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset)	(\$2,002,339)	(\$2,372,875)	(\$2,682,401)
	1% Decrease	Current Trend Rate	1% Increase
Proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset)	(\$2,669,859)	(\$2,372,875)	(\$2,005,626)

**Wyoming City School District**  
**Notes to the Basic Financial Statements**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022**

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**Changes Between the Measurement Date and the Reporting date**

In February 2022, the Board approved changes to demographic measures that will impact the June 30, 2022, actuarial valuation. The effect on the net OPEB liability (asset) is unknown.

**Note 11 – Contingent Liabilities**

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**School Foundation**

District foundation funding for fiscal year 2022 was based on the annualized full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment of each student. The Ohio Department of Education (ODE) is legislatively required to adjust/reconcile funding as enrollment information is updated by schools throughout the State, which can extend past the fiscal year end. As of the date of this report, additional ODE adjustments for fiscal year 2022 are not finalized. As a result, the impact of future FTE adjustments on the fiscal year 2022 financial statements is not determinable, at this time. Management believes this may result in either an additional receivable to, or a liability of, the District.

**Grants**

The School District received financial assistance from federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. This also encompasses the Auditor of State's ongoing review of student attendance data. However, the effect of any such disallowed claims on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2022, if applicable, cannot be determined at this time.

**Litigation**

The District's attorney estimates that there are no potential claims against the District that are not covered by insurance resulting from litigation.

**Note 12 – Risk Management**

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The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft or damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2021, the District contracted with Liberty Mutual for property and fleet insurance, liability insurance, and inland marine coverage. Coverage's provided by Liberty Mutual are as follows:

Building and Contents - Replacement Cost	\$67,020,344
Inland Marine Coverage	1,480,750
Boiler and Machinery	No Limit
Crime Insurance	100,000
Automobile Liability	1,000,000
Uninsured Motorist	1,000,000
General Liability	
Per Occurrence	1,000,000
Aggregate Umbrella Liability	1,000,000
Per Year	3,000,000

**Wyoming City School District**  
**Notes to the Basic Financial Statements**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022**

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Settled claims have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year.

For fiscal year 2022, the District participated in the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "Equity Pooling Fund." This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Sedwick provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

**Note 13 – Jointly Governed Organizations**

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Great Oaks Career Campuses (Great Oaks), a jointly governed organization, is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio which operates under the direction of a Board consisting of one representative from each participating school district's elected board. The Board possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. Great Oaks provides academic preparation and job training which leads to employment and/or further education upon graduation from high school. The District has no ongoing financial interest in or responsibility for Great Oaks.

The District is a participant in the Hamilton Clermont Cooperative Information Technology Center (HCC) and the Southwest Ohio Computer Association (SWOCA). HCC is used for student/EMIS and SWOCA is used for finance. These organizations were formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member districts.

**Note 14 – Claims Servicing Pool**

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The District participates as one of 14 members of the Greater Cincinnati Insurance Consortium (GCIC), a shared risk pool, comprised of thirteen Hamilton County school districts and the Hamilton County Educational Service Center. Decisions concerning the operation of the consortium are made by a Board of Directors consisting of the Superintendent or a designated representative from each of the 14 GCIC members. GCIC transitioned from a fully insured plan with Anthem Blue Cross and Blue Shield to a self-insured plan in 2007, and now pay premiums based on expected costs developed by an independent actuary. This fund arrangement allows the plan to avoid paying state premium taxes and additional expenses associated with a fully insured plan. The consortium's financial success since 2007 has been shared with the member districts and their employees by passing on only a portion of the required annual premium increases, if any.

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**Wyoming City School District**  
**Notes to the Basic Financial Statements**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022**

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**Note 15 – Accountability**

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The following individual fund had a deficit in fund balance at year end:

<u>Other Governmental Funds</u>	<u>Deficit</u>
Food Service	\$46,063
Title I	45,862
Special Education	501
ESSER	16,173

The deficits in fund balances were primarily due to accruals in GAAP. The general fund is liable for any deficit in these funds and will provide operating transfers when cash is required not when accruals occur.

**Note 16 – Fund Balance Reserves for Set-Asides**

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The District is required by State statute to annually set aside in the general fund an amount based on a statutory formula the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by year-end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year-end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years.

The following cash basis information describes the change in the year-end set-aside amounts for capital acquisition. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	<u>Capital Acquisition</u>
Set-aside Reserve Balance as of June 30, 2021	\$0
Current Year Set-aside Requirement	347,680
Qualified Disbursements	(443,970)
Current Year Offsets	0
Set-aside Reserve Balance as of June 30, 2022	<u><u>(\$96,290)</u></u>

**Note 17 – Interfund Transactions**

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Interfund transactions at June 30, 2022, consisted of the following interfund receivable and interfund payables:

	<u>Interfund</u>	
	<u>Receivable</u>	<u>Payable</u>
General Fund	\$53,251	\$0
Other Governmental Funds	6,761	60,012
Total All Funds	<u><u>\$60,012</u></u>	<u><u>\$60,012</u></u>

Interfund balance/transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budget authorizations; to segregate and to return money to the fund from which it was originally provided once a project is completed.

**Wyoming City School District**  
**Notes to the Basic Financial Statements**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022**

**Note 18 – Fund Balances**

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the government funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented below:

Fund Balances	General	Debt Service	Permanent Improvement	Other Governmental Funds	Total
Nonspendable:					
Prepays	\$17,553	\$0	\$0	\$352	\$17,905
<b>Total Nonspendable</b>	<b>17,553</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>352</b>	<b>17,905</b>
Restricted for:					
Other Grants	0	0		13,225	13,225
Student Activity	0	0	0	181,656	181,656
Student Wellness and Success	0	0	0	77,376	77,376
Student Managed Activity	0	0	0	180,976	180,976
Private Purpose Trust	0	0		6,670	6,670
Debt Service	0	4,585,221	0	0	4,585,221
Permanent Improvement	0	0	2,220,183	0	2,220,183
<b>Total Restricted</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>4,585,221</b>	<b>2,220,183</b>	<b>459,903</b>	<b>7,265,307</b>
Assigned to:					
Public School Support	136,466	0	0	0	136,466
Budgetary Variance	287,077	0	0	0	287,077
<b>Total Assigned</b>	<b>423,543</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>423,543</b>
Unassigned (Deficit)	14,450,284	0	0	(108,951)	14,341,333
<b>Total Fund Balance</b>	<b>\$14,891,380</b>	<b>\$4,585,221</b>	<b>\$2,220,183</b>	<b>\$351,304</b>	<b>\$22,048,088</b>

**Note 19 – Implementation of New Accounting Principles**

**New Accounting Principles**

For fiscal year 2022, the School District implemented GASB Statement No. 87, Leases and related guidance from (GASB) Implementation Guide No. 2019-3, and GASB Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred Before the End of a Construction Period.

GASB Statement No. 87 sets out to improve the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a



**Wyoming City School District**  
**Notes to the Basic Financial Statements**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022**

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deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 87 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the School District.

GASB Statement No. 89 establishes accounting requirements for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. Such interest cost includes all interest that previously was accounted for in accordance with the requirements of paragraphs 5–22 of Statement No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements, which are superseded by this Statement. This Statement requires that interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period be recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred for financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. As a result, interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period will not be included in the historical cost of a capital asset reported in a business-type activity or enterprise fund. This Statement also reiterates that in financial statements prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus, interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period should be recognized as an expenditure on a basis consistent with governmental fund accounting principles. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 89 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the School District.

**Note 20 – COVID-19**

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The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March of 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Ohio's state of emergency ended in June of 2021 while the national state of emergency continues. During fiscal year 2022, the School District received COVID-19 funding. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing recovery measures will impact subsequent periods of the School District. The impact on the School District's future operating costs, revenues, and additional recovery from funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated.

***REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION***

Wyoming City School District  
 Required Supplementary Information  
 Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability  
 School Employees Retirement System of Ohio  
 Last Nine Fiscal Years (1) (2)

Year	District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	District's Covered Payroll	District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
2022	0.09158330%	\$3,379,158	\$3,153,593	107.15%	82.86%
2021	0.09469100%	6,263,062	3,221,407	194.42%	68.55%
2020	0.08997000%	5,383,063	3,086,481	174.41%	70.85%
2019	0.08778010%	5,027,329	2,951,844	170.31%	71.36%
2018	0.09741610%	5,820,397	3,130,093	185.95%	69.50%
2017	0.09992640%	7,313,690	3,103,343	235.67%	62.98%
2016	0.09623300%	5,491,148	3,398,058	161.60%	69.16%
2015	0.09485800%	4,800,709	2,784,242	172.42%	71.70%
2014	0.09485800%	5,642,594	3,579,017	157.66%	65.52%

(1) The schedule is intended to show information for the past 10 years and the additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available. Information prior to 2014 is not available.

(2) Amounts presented as of the District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

Wyoming City School District  
 Required Supplementary Information  
 Schedule of the District's Contributions for Net Pension Liability  
 School Employees Retirement System of Ohio  
 Last Ten Fiscal Years

Year	District's Contractually Required Contribution	District's Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contributions	District's Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	District's Covered Payroll	District's Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2022	\$463,803	(\$463,803)	\$0	\$3,312,879	14.00%
2021	441,503	(441,503)	0	3,153,593	14.00%
2020	450,997	(450,997)	0	3,221,407	14.00%
2019	416,675	(416,675)	0	3,086,481	13.50%
2018	398,499	(398,499)	0	2,951,844	13.50%
2017	438,213	(438,213)	0	3,130,093	14.00%
2016	434,468	(434,468)	0	3,103,343	14.00%
2015	447,864	(447,864)	0	3,398,058	13.18%
2014	385,896	(385,896)	0	2,784,242	13.86%
2013	495,336	(495,336)	0	3,579,017	13.84%

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

Wyoming City School District  
 Required Supplementary Information  
 Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability  
 State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio  
 Last Nine Fiscal Years (1) (2)

Year	District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	District's Covered Payroll	District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
2022	0.11254288%	\$14,389,619	\$13,887,057	103.62%	87.78%
2021	0.11357932%	27,482,154	13,823,400	198.81%	75.48%
2020	0.11455840%	25,333,902	13,690,029	185.05%	77.40%
2019	0.11476514%	25,234,277	13,250,057	190.45%	77.30%
2018	0.11921256%	28,319,199	12,898,629	219.55%	75.30%
2017	0.11787397%	39,455,971	12,761,229	309.19%	66.80%
2016	0.11654307%	32,209,096	12,236,314	263.23%	72.10%
2015	0.11277709%	27,431,291	12,409,062	221.06%	74.70%
2014	0.11277709%	32,587,978	12,878,123	253.05%	69.30%

(1) The schedule is intended to show information for the past 10 years and the additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available. Information prior to 2014 is not available.

(2) Amounts presented as of the District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

Wyoming City School District  
 Required Supplementary Information  
 Schedule of the District's Contributions for Net Pension Liability  
 State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio  
 Last Ten Fiscal Years

Year	District's Contractually Required Contribution	District's Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contributions	District's Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	District's Covered Payroll	District's Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2022	\$2,055,837	(\$2,055,837)	\$0	\$14,684,550	14.00%
2021	1,944,188	(1,944,188)	0	13,887,057	14.00%
2020	1,935,276	(1,935,276)	0	13,823,400	14.00%
2019	1,916,604	(1,916,604)	0	13,690,029	14.00%
2018	1,855,008	(1,855,008)	0	13,250,057	14.00%
2017	1,805,808	(1,805,808)	0	12,898,629	14.00%
2016	1,786,572	(1,786,572)	0	12,761,229	14.00%
2015	1,713,084	(1,713,084)	0	12,236,314	14.00%
2014	1,613,178	(1,613,178)	0	12,409,062	13.00%
2013	1,674,156	(1,674,156)	0	12,878,123	13.00%

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

Wyoming City School District  
 Required Supplementary Information  
 Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability  
 School Employees Retirement System of Ohio  
 Last Six Fiscal Years (1) (2)

Year	District's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability	District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	District's Covered Payroll	District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability
2022	0.09410330%	\$1,780,982	\$3,153,593	56.47%	24.08%
2021	0.09762030%	2,121,609	3,221,407	65.86%	18.17%
2020	0.09186360%	2,310,176	3,086,481	74.85%	15.57%
2019	0.08869170%	2,460,547	2,951,844	83.36%	13.57%
2018	0.09858650%	2,645,803	3,130,093	84.53%	12.46%
2017	0.10082433%	2,873,866	3,103,343	92.61%	11.49%

(1) The schedule is intended to show information for the past 10 years and the additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available. Information prior to 2017 is not available.

(2) Amounts presented as of the District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

Wyoming City School District  
 Required Supplementary Information  
 Schedule of the District's Contributions for Net OPEB Liability  
 School Employees Retirement System of Ohio  
 Last Seven Fiscal Years (1) (2)

Year	District's Contractually Required Contribution (2)	District's Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contributions	District's Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	District's Covered Payroll	District's Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2022	\$57,692	(57,692)	0	\$3,312,879	1.74%
2021	58,924	(58,924)	0	3,153,593	1.87%
2020	59,685	(59,685)	0	3,221,407	1.85%
2019	69,919	(69,919)	0	3,086,481	2.27%
2018	61,070	(61,070)	0	2,951,844	2.07%
2017	52,491	(52,491)	0	3,130,093	1.68%
2016	49,128	(49,128)	0	3,103,343	1.58%

(1) The schedule is intended to show information for the past 10 years and the additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available. Information prior to 2016 is not available.

(2) Includes surcharge.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.



Wyoming City School District  
 Required Supplementary Information  
 Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB (Asset)/Liability  
 State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio  
 Last Six Fiscal Years (1) (2)

Year	District's Proportion of the Net OPEB (Asset)/Liability	District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB (Asset)/Liability	District's Covered Payroll	District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB (Asset)/Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB (Asset)/Liability
2022	0.11254288%	(\$2,372,875)	\$13,887,057	(17.09%)	174.73%
2021	0.11357932%	(1,996,156)	13,823,400	(14.44%)	182.13%
2020	0.11455840%	(1,897,362)	13,690,029	(13.86%)	174.74%
2019	0.11476514%	(1,844,158)	13,250,057	(13.92%)	176.00%
2018	0.11921256%	4,651,234	12,898,629	36.06%	47.10%
2017	0.11787400%	6,303,933	12,761,229	49.40%	37.30%

(1) The schedule is intended to show information for the past 10 years and the additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available. Information prior to 2017 is not available.

(2) Amounts presented as of the District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

Wyoming City School District  
 Required Supplementary Information  
 Schedule of the District's Contributions for Net OPEB (Asset)/Liability  
 State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio  
 Last Seven Fiscal Years (1)

Year	District's Contractually Required Contribution	District's Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contributions	District's Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	District's Covered Payroll	District's Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2022	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$14,684,550	0.00%
2021	0	0	0	13,887,057	0.00%
2020	0	0	0	13,823,400	0.00%
2019	0	0	0	13,690,029	0.00%
2018	0	0	0	13,250,057	0.00%
2017	0	0	0	12,898,629	0.00%
2016	0	0	0	12,761,229	0.00%

(1) The schedule is intended to show information for the past 10 years and the additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available. Information prior to 2016 is not available.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

Wyoming City School District  
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance  
Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	General Fund			
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance from Final Budget
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$11,115,532	\$11,489,409	\$11,520,212	\$30,803
Income Taxes	8,478,712	8,763,898	8,787,394	23,496
Tuition and Fees	817,724	845,229	847,495	2,266
Investment Earnings	96,163	99,398	99,664	266
Intergovernmental	6,838,680	7,068,703	7,087,654	18,951
Gifts and Donations	13,105	13,573	13,582	9
Other Revenues	84,351	87,188	87,422	234
Total Revenues	<u>27,444,267</u>	<u>28,367,398</u>	<u>28,443,423</u>	<u>76,025</u>
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	14,396,684	14,365,191	14,122,506	242,685
Special	3,196,088	3,189,096	3,135,220	53,876
Other	10,930	10,906	10,722	184
Support Services:				
Pupil	2,090,990	2,086,416	2,051,168	35,248
Instructional Staff	1,251,251	1,248,514	1,227,422	21,092
General Administration	72,024	71,866	70,652	1,214
School Administration	2,047,305	2,042,826	2,008,315	34,511
Fiscal	1,292,208	1,289,382	1,267,599	21,783
Business	168,402	168,034	165,195	2,839
Operations and Maintenance	2,022,449	2,018,024	1,983,932	34,092
Pupil Transportation	515,539	514,411	505,721	8,690
Central	174,674	174,291	171,347	2,944
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	13,030	13,002	12,782	220
Extracurricular Activities	613,744	612,402	602,056	10,346
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	156,072	155,731	153,100	2,631
Interest and Fiscal Charges	36,035	35,956	35,349	607
Total Expenditures	<u>28,057,425</u>	<u>27,996,048</u>	<u>27,523,086</u>	<u>472,962</u>
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	<u>(613,158)</u>	<u>371,350</u>	<u>920,337</u>	<u>548,987</u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Advances In	54,667	56,506	56,657	151
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>54,667</u>	<u>56,506</u>	<u>56,657</u>	<u>151</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	(558,491)	427,856	976,994	549,138
Fund Balance Beginning of Year (includes prior year encumbrances appropriated)	<u>7,689,574</u>	<u>7,689,574</u>	<u>7,689,574</u>	<u>0</u>
Fund Balance End of Year	<u><u>\$7,131,083</u></u>	<u><u>\$8,117,430</u></u>	<u><u>\$8,666,568</u></u>	<u><u>\$549,138</u></u>

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

**Wyoming City School District**  
**Notes to the Required Supplementary Information**  
**For The Year Ended June 30, 2022**

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**Note 1 – Budgetary Process**

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All funds, except agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the appropriations resolution and the certificate of estimated resources which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount that the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriation resolution is Board's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by Board. The legal level of control has been established by Board at the fund level. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the School District Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the final amended certificate of estimated resources issued during the fiscal year 2022.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation resolution for that fund that covered the entire year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by Board during the year.

While the District is reporting financial position, results of operations and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are as follows:

1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).
3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures for all funds (budget basis) rather than as an assignment of fund balance for governmental fund types and expendable trust funds (GAAP basis).
4. Advances in and advances out are operating transactions (budget basis) as opposed to balance sheet transactions.
5. Some funds are reported as part of the general fund (GAAP basis) as opposed to the general fund being reported alone (budget basis).

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statements to the budgetary basis statements for the general fund.

**Wyoming City School District**  
**Notes to the Required Supplementary Information**  
**For The Year Ended June 30, 2022**

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**Net Change in Fund Balance**

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	<u>General</u>
GAAP Basis	\$1,122,761
Revenue Accruals	47,136
Expenditure Accruals	(260,913)
Advances (In)	56,657
Funds Budgeted Elsewhere	11,353
Budget Basis	<u>\$976,994</u>

**Note 2 - Net Pension Liability**

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**School Employees Retirement System (SERS)**

**Changes in Benefit Terms:**

2022: Cost of Living Adjustments (COLA) increased from 0.50% to 2.50%.

2020-2021: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for this fiscal year.

2019: With the authority granted the Board under Senate Bill 8, the Board has enacted a three year COLA delay for future benefit recipients commencing benefits on or after April 1, 2018.

2018: SERS changed from a fixed 3.00% annual increase to a Cost of Living Adjustments (COLA) based on the changed in the Consumer Price Index Index (CPI-W), with a cap of 2.50% and a floor of 0.00%.

2014-2017: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for these fiscal years.

**Changes in Assumptions:**

2022: The following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date:

- (1) The assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.00% to 2.40%,
- (2) Payroll growth assumption was reduced from 3.50% to 1.75%,
- (3) Assumed real wage growth was increased from 0.50% to 0.85%,
- (4) Cost of Living Adjustments (COLA) was reduced from 2.50% to 2.00%,
- (5) The discount rate was reduced from 7.50% to 7.00%,
- (6) Rates of withdrawal, compensation, participation, spouse coverage assumption, retirement, and disability were updated to reflect recent experience, and,
- (7) Mortality among active members, service retirees and beneficiaries, and disabled members were updated.

2018-2021: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for these fiscal years.

2017: The following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date:

- (1) The assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%,
- (2) Payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.50%,
- (3) Assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75% to 0.50%,

**Wyoming City School District**  
**Notes to the Required Supplementary Information**  
**For The Year Ended June 30, 2022**

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- (4) Rates of withdrawal, retirement and disability were updated to reflect recent experience,
- (5) Mortality among active members was updated to RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females,
- (6) Mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries was updated to the following RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates,
- (7) Mortality among disabled members was updated to RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement, and
- (8) The discount rate was reduced from 7.75% to 7.50%.

2014-2016: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for these fiscal years.

**State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)**

**Changes in Benefit Terms:**

2019-2022: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for these fiscal years.

2018: STRS decreased the Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) to zero.

2014-2017: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for these fiscal years.

**Changes in Assumptions:**

2022: There were changes in assumptions since the prior measurement date, which the discount rate was adjusted to 7.00% from 7.45%.

2019-2021: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for these fiscal years.

2018: The following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date:

- (1) The long term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75% to 7.45%,
- (2) The inflation assumption was lowered from 2.75% to 2.50%,
- (3) The payroll growth assumption was lowered to 3.00%,
- (4) Total salary increases rate was lowered by decreasing the merit component of the individual salary increases, in addition to a decrease of 0.25% due to lower inflation,
- (5) The healthy and disabled mortality assumptions were updated to the RP-2014 mortality tables with generational improvement scale MP-2016, and
- (6) Rates of retirement, termination and disability were modified to better reflect anticipated future experience.

2014-2017: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for these fiscal years.

**Wyoming City School District**  
**Notes to the Required Supplementary Information**  
**For The Year Ended June 30, 2022**

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**Note 3 - Net OPEB (Asset)/Liability**

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**School Employees Retirement System (SERS)**

**Changes in Benefit Terms:**

2017-2022: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for these fiscal years.

**Changes in Assumptions:**

2022: Amounts reported for the fiscal year incorporate changes in key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability as presented below:

- (1) Discount Rate:
  - Prior Measurement Date 2.63%
  - Measurement Date 2.27%
- (2) Investment Rate of Return:
  - Prior Measurement Date 7.50%
  - Measurement Date 7.00%
- (3) Assumed Rate of Inflation:
  - Prior Measurement Date 3.00%
  - Measurement Date 2.40%
- (4) Payroll Growth Assumption:
  - Prior Measurement Date 3.50%
  - Measurement Date 1.75%
- (5) Assumed Real Wage Growth:
  - Prior Measurement Date 0.50%
  - Measurement Date 0.85%
- (6) Municipal Bond Index Rate:
  - Prior Measurement Date 2.45%
  - Measurement Date 1.92%
- (7) Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation:
  - Prior Measurement Date 2.63%
  - Measurement Date 2.27%
- (8) Rates of withdrawal, retirement and disability were updated to reflect recent experience.
- (9) Rate of health care participation for future retirees and spouses was updated to reflect recent.
- (10) Mortality among active members was updated to the following:
  - a. PUB-2010 General Amount Weighted Below Median Employee mortality table.
- (11) Mortality among service retired members was updated to the following:
  - a. PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20% for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35% for females.
- (12) Mortality among beneficiaries was updated to the following:
  - a. PUB-2010 General Amount Weighted Below Median Contingent Survivor mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 105.5% for males and adjusted 122.5% for females.
- (13) Mortality among disabled member was updated to the following:
  - a. PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3% for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8% for females.
- (14) Mortality rates are projected using a fully generational projection with Scale MP-2020.

**Wyoming City School District**  
**Notes to the Required Supplementary Information**  
**For The Year Ended June 30, 2022**

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2021: Amounts reported for the fiscal year incorporate changes in key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability as presented below:

- (1) Discount Rate:
  - Prior Measurement Date 3.22%
  - Measurement Date 2.63%
- (2) Municipal Bond Index Rate:
  - Prior Measurement Date 3.13%
  - Measurement Date 2.45%
- (3) Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation:
  - Prior Measurement Date 3.22%
  - Measurement Date 2.63%

2020: Amounts reported for the fiscal year incorporate changes in key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability as presented below:

- (1) Discount Rate:
  - Prior Measurement Date 3.70%
  - Measurement Date 3.22%
- (2) Municipal Bond Index Rate:
  - Prior Measurement Date 3.62%
  - Measurement Date 3.13%
- (3) Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation:
  - Prior Measurement Date 3.70%
  - Measurement Date 3.22%

2019: Amounts reported for the fiscal year incorporate changes in key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability as presented below:

- (1) Discount Rate:
  - Prior Measurement Date 3.63%
  - Measurement Date 3.70%
- (2) Municipal Bond Index Rate:
  - Prior Measurement Date 3.56%
  - Measurement Date 3.62%
- (3) Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation:
  - Prior Measurement Date 3.63%
  - Measurement Date 3.70%

2018: Amounts reported for the fiscal year incorporate changes in key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability as presented below:

- (1) Discount Rate:
  - Fiscal Year 2018 3.63%
  - Fiscal Year 2017 2.98%
- (2) Municipal Bond Index Rate:
  - Fiscal Year 2018 3.56%
  - Fiscal Year 2017 2.92%
- (3) Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation:
  - Fiscal Year 2018 3.63%
  - Fiscal Year 2017 2.98%



**Wyoming City School District**  
**Notes to the Required Supplementary Information**  
**For The Year Ended June 30, 2022**

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2017: The following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date:

- (1) The assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%,
- (2) Payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.50%,
- (3) Assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75% to 0.50%,
- (4) Rates of withdrawal, retirement and disability were updated to reflect recent experience,
- (5) Mortality among active members was updated to RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females,
- (6) Mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries was updated to the following RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates, and
- (7) Mortality among disabled members was updated to RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

**State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)**

**Changes in Benefit Terms:**

2022: The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2022 from 2.055% to 2.100%. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2022. The Medicare Part D subsidy was updated to reflect it is expected to be negative in CY2022. The Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.

2021: There was no change to the claims costs process. Claim curves were updated to reflect the projected fiscal year end 2021 premium based on June 30, 2020 enrollment distribution. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2021 from 1.984% to 2.055% per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2021. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1% for the AMA Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.

2020: There was no change to the claims costs process. Claim curves were trended to the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020 to reflect the current price renewals. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2020 from 1.944% to 1.984% per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2020. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1% for the Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed to January 1, 2021.

2019: The subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was increased from 1.900% to 1.944% per year of service effective January 1, 2019. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2019 and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 1, 2020. The Board is extending the current Medicare Part B partial reimbursement program for one year. Under this program, benefit recipients currently enrolled in the STRS Ohio Health Care Program and Medicare Part B receive \$29.90 per month to reimburse a portion of the Medicare Part B premium. The reimbursement was set to be reduced to \$0 beginning January 1, 2020. This impacts about 85,000 benefit recipients.

2018: The subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was reduced from 2.10% to 1.90% per year of service. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements were discontinued for certain survivors and beneficiaries and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued

**Wyoming City School District**  
**Notes to the Required Supplementary Information**  
**For The Year Ended June 30, 2022**

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beginning January 1, 2019.

2017: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for this fiscal year.

**Changes in Assumptions:**

2022: There were changes in assumptions since the prior measurement date, which the discount rate was adjusted to 7.00% from 7.45%.

2021: There were changes in assumptions during the measurement year, which decreased the total OPEB liability by approximately \$0.26 billion. The assumption changes included changes in healthcare costs and trends.

2020: There were changes in assumptions during the measurement year, which increased the total OPEB liability by approximately \$0.04 billion. The assumption changes included changes in healthcare costs and trends.

2019: The discount rate was increased from the blended rate of 4.13% to the long-term expected rate of return of 7.45% based on the methodology defined under GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB). Valuation year per capita health care costs were updated.

2018: The discount rate was increased from 3.26% to 4.13% based on the methodology defined under GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB) and the long term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75% to 7.45%. Valuation year per capita health care costs were updated, and the salary scale was modified. The percentage of future retirees electing each option was updated based on current data and the percentage of future disabled retirees and terminated vested participants electing health coverage were decreased. The assumed mortality, disability, retirement, withdrawal and future health care cost trend rates were modified along with the portion of rebated prescription drug costs.

2017: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for this fiscal year.

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**WYOMING CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT  
HAMILTON COUNTY  
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022**

Federal Grant/ Pass Through Grantor Program Title	Pass Through Entity Number	Assistance Listing Number	Federal Expenditures
<b>U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION</b>			
Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:			
Special Education Cluster:			
Special Education-Grants to States	3M20	84.027	\$293,977
COVID-19 Special Education-Grants to States	3IA0	84.027X	23,094
Special Education-Preschool Grants	3C50	84.173	3,393
COVID-19 Special Education-Preschool Grants	3IA0	84.173X	4,051
Total Special Education Cluster			<u>324,515</u>
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	3M00	84.010	170,852
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	3Y60	84.367	35,000
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	3HI0	84.424	13,401
COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	3HS0	84.425D	476,046
COVID-19 American Rescue Plan - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	3HS0	84.425U	571,833
Total Education Stabilization Fund			<u>1,047,879</u>
Total U.S. Department of Education			<u>1,591,647</u>
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			<u><u>\$1,591,647</u></u>

**NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS**

**NOTE A -- SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is a summary of the activity of the District's federal award programs. The schedule has been prepared using the cash basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). The District did not elect to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING  
AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS***

To the Board of Education  
Wyoming City School District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Wyoming City School District (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 15, 2022.

**Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

*A deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. *A material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. *A significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

**Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

## Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

*Plattenburg & Associates, Inc.*

Plattenburg & Associates, Inc.  
Cincinnati, Ohio  
December 15, 2022

**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS  
APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL  
OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY UNIFORM GUIDANCE**

To the Board of Education  
Wyoming City School District

**Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program**

***Opinion on Each Major Federal Program***

We have audited the Wyoming City School District's (the District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the District, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

***Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program***

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

***Responsibilities of Management for Compliance***

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.

## ***Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance***

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

### **Report on Internal Control over Compliance**

*A deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. *A material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. *A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor’s Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

*Plattensburg & Associates, Inc.*

Plattensburg & Associates, Inc.  
Cincinnati, Ohio  
December 15, 2022



**WYOMING CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT  
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS  
Year Ended June 30, 2022**

**Section I – Summary of Auditor’s Results**

**Financial Statements**

Type of auditor’s report issued on whether the financial statements audited were prepared in accordance with GAAP: Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

- Material weakness(es) identified? No
- Significant Deficiency(s) identified? None reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? No

**Federal Awards**

Internal control over major federal programs:

- Material weakness(es) identified? No
- Significant Deficiency(s) identified? None reported

Type of auditor’s report issued on compliance for major federal programs: Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)? No

Identification of major federal programs:

Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund 84.425D and 84.425U

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B Programs \$750,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? No

**Section II – Findings Related to the Financial Statements Required to be reported in Accordance with GAGAS**

None

**Section III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs**

None

**WYOMING CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT  
SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS  
JUNE 30, 2022**

**Summary of Prior Audit Findings and Questioned Costs:**

None noted.

# OHIO AUDITOR OF STATE KEITH FABER



**WYOMING CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT**

**HAMILTON COUNTY**

**AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION**

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



**Certified for Release 1/17/2023**

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215  
Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370

This report is a matter of public record and is available online at  
[www.ohioauditor.gov](http://www.ohioauditor.gov)