# **AUDIT REPORT**

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Zupka & Associates

Certified Public Accountants



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Board Members Zenith Academy West 3385 South Boulevard Columbus, Ohio 43204

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Zenith Academy West, Franklin County, prepared by Zupka & Associates, for the audit period July 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Zenith Academy West is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

January 26, 2023

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# ZENITH ACADEMY WEST FRANKLIN COUNTY, OHIO AUDIT REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

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# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Zenith Academy West Franklin County 3385 South Boulevard Columbus, OH 43204

To the Members of the Board:

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

#### Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Zenith Academy West, Franklin County, Ohio, (the Academy) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Academy's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Zenith Academy West as of June 30, 2022, and the changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards (Government Auditing Standards)*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Academy, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### **Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Academy's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Zenith Academy West Franklin County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Academy's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Academy's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 14 to the basic financial statements, the Academy adopted new accounting guidance in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, *Leases.* As discussed in Note 15 to the basic financial statements, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the Academy. Our opinion is not modified with respect to these matters.

Zenith Academy West Franklin County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and Schedules of Net Pension and Postemployment Benefit Liabilities and Pension and Postemployment Benefit Contributions, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 29, 2022, on our consideration of the Academy's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Academy's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Academy's internal control over financial reporting.

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Zupka & Associates Certified Public Accountants

December 29, 2022

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# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 - UNAUDITED

The discussion and analysis of the Zenith Academy West (the Academy) financial performance provides an overall review of the Academy's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the Academy's' financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the Academy's financial performance.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (the MD&A) is an element of the new reporting model adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in their Statement No. 34 <u>Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments</u>. Certain comparative information between the current fiscal year and the prior fiscal year is required to be presented in the MD&A.

# FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key Financial Highlights for the Academy for the 2021-22 Academy year are as follows:

- Total Assets decreased \$30,336.
- Total Liabilities decreased \$1,153,285.
- Total Net Position increased \$388,569.
- Total Operating and Non-Operating revenues were \$3,045,178. Total Operating expenses were \$2,656,609.

# **USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT**

This report consists of three parts: the basic financial statements, notes to those statements, and required supplemental information. The basic financial statements include a Statement of Net Position, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position, and a Statement of Cash Flows.

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position reflect how the Academy did financially during fiscal year 2022. These statements include all assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting includes all of the current year revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These statements report the Academy's Net Position and changes in those assets. This change in Net Position is important because it tells the reader whether the financial position of the Academy has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the Academy's' student enrollment, per-pupil funding as determined by the State of Ohio, change in technology, required educational programs and other factors.

The Academy uses enterprise presentation for all of its activities.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 - UNAUDITED

**Statement of Net Position** - The Statement of Net Position answers the question of how the Academy did financially during 2022. This statement includes all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term using the accrual basis of accounting and economic resource focus, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when the cash is received or paid.

Table 1 provides a summary of the Academy's Net Position for fiscal year 2022 compared to fiscal year 2021.

		2022	Re	stated 2021
Assets				
Current Assets	\$	519,303	\$	343,367
Noncurrent Assets		94,178		91,004
Capital Assets, Net	_	712,198		921,644
Total Assets		1,325,679		1,356,015
Deferred Outflows of Resources		586,337		554,948
Liabilities				
Current Liabilities		1,045,936		1,117,388
NonCurrent Liabilities		1,454,936		2,536,769
Total Liabilties		2,500,872		3,654,157
Deferred Inflows of Resources		1,287,416		520,631
Net Position				
Net Investment in Capital Assets		181,545		150,655
Unrestricted		(2,057,401)		(2,415,080)
Total Net Position	\$	(1,875,856)	\$	(2,264,425)

#### Table 1 Statement of Net Position

Current assets increased due to increases in cash from operations offset by decreases in intergovernmental receivables. Liabilities decreased due to changes in accruals related to GASB 68/75, decreases in accounts payable, and decreases in accrued wages and benefits.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 - UNAUDITED

The Academy has adopted GASB Statement 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an Amendment of GASB Statement 27," and GASB Statement 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions," which significantly revises accounting for costs and liabilities related to other postemployment benefits (OPEB). For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the Academy's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and OPEB, the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB asset.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board standards are national and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Prior accounting for pensions (GASB 27) and postemployment benefits (GASB 45) focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension and OPEB costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's *net pension liability* or *net OPEB asset/liability*. GASB 68 and GASB 75 take an earnings approach to pension and OPEB accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension/OPEB plans and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

GASB 68 and GASB 75 require the net pension liability and the net OPEB asset/liability to equal the Academy's proportionate share of each plan's collective:

- 1. Present value of estimated future pension/OPEB benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service
- 2. Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits

GASB notes that pension and OPEB obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" – that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension and other postemployment benefits. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the Academy is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of these liabilities. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The Ohio revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer's promise is limited not by contract but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the retirement system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension/OPEB plan *as against the public employer*. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. The retirement system is responsible for the administration of the pension and OPEB plans.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 - UNAUDITED

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability or the net OPEB asset/liability. As explained above, changes in benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of these liabilities, but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability and the net OPEB asset/liability are satisfied, these liabilities are separately identified within the longterm liability section of the statement of net position.

In accordance with GASB 68 and GASB 75, the Academy's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense and an annual OPEB expense for their proportionate share of each plan's *change* in net pension liability and net OPEB asset/liability, respectively, not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows.

There was a significant change in net pension / OPEB liability / asset for the Academy. The fluctuations are due to changes in the actuarial liabilities / assets and related accruals that are passed through to the Academy's financial statement. All components of pension and OPEB accruals contribute to the fluctuations in deferred outflows / inflows and net pension/OPEB liabilities/asset and are described in more detail in their respective notes.

**Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Net Position** - Table 2 shows the change in Net Position for fiscal years 2022 and 2021 as well as a listing of revenues and expenses. This change in Net Position is important because it tells the reader that, for the Academy as a whole, the financial position of the Academy has improved or diminished. The cause of this may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the current laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 - UNAUDITED

Change in Net 1	00111011			
	2022		2021	
Operating Revenues				
State Aid	\$	1,739,152	\$ 1,542,503	
Miscellaneous		5,000	 -	
Total Operating Revenues		1,744,152	1,542,503	
Operating Expenses				
Salaries		1,099,801	1,094,574	
Fringe Benefits		146,215	618,727	
Purchased Services		1,018,372	993,093	
Supplies		24,540	106,009	
Depreciation		297,916	35,095	
Other		22,101	 22,840	
Total Operating Expenses		2,608,945	2,870,338	
Operating (Loss)		(864,793)	(1,327,835)	
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)				
Federal Grants		1,008,226	708,647	
Debt Forgiveness		292,800	331,500	
Lease Interest Expense		(47,664)	 -	
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)		1,253,362	 1,040,147	
Change in Net Position	\$	388,569	\$ (287,688)	

Table 2 Change in Net Position

State aid increased due to increasing enrollment. Various operating expenses increased due to changes in accruals related to GASB 68/75 offset by annual salary increases. Non-operating revenues increased due to additional COVID-19 related funding allocations offset by decreases debt forgiveness related to the PPP loan application approved by the SBA in the prior year. Depreciation expense and lease interest expense increase due implementation of GASB 87.

#### **BUDGETING HIGHLIGHTS**

Unlike other public schools located in the State of Ohio, community schools are not required to follow budgetary provisions set forth in Ohio Rev. Code Chapter 5705 (with the exception section 5705.391 –

Five Year Forecasts), unless specifically provided in the community school's contract with its Sponsor.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 - UNAUDITED

The contract between the Academy and its Sponsor does prescribe a budgetary process. The Academy must prepare and submit a detail budget for every fiscal year to the Board of Directors and its Sponsor. The five-year forecast is also submitted to the Ohio Department of Education, annually.

# CAPITAL ASSETS

At fiscal year end, the Academy's net capital asset balance was \$712,198. This balance represents \$88,470 current year additions and offset by current year depreciation of \$297,916. For more information on capital assets, see Note 5 of the Basic Financial Statements.

#### **DEBT ADMINISTRATION**

At fiscal year end, the School had \$530,653 in outstanding lease obligations. For more information on lease obligations, see Note 6 of the Basic Financial Statements.

# **CURRENT FINANCIAL ISSUES**

In 2022, the State replaced the existing funding formula with a new formula that was implemented in January 2022 as a result of changes in Ohio law under the passage of HB110. Under the new formula, community schools are funded directly with no deductions or transfers from the student's district of residence. The funding calculation for community schools uses several concepts and formulas, some of which also apply to traditional school districts. These primarily include Base Cost, Special Education, Disadvantaged Pupil Impact Aid, English Learners and Career Technical Education. Combined, these elements make up the Core Foundation Funding and the change in calculated amounts compared to the funding received in Fiscal Year 2020 are being phased-in at 16.67% in Fiscal Year 2022. The phase-in amount will increase to 33.33% in Fiscal Year 2023. Another key provision of HB 110 provided a guarantee that no school would receive less per pupil in Fiscal Year 2022 than it did in Fiscal Year 2021 as a result of implementing this formula change. Additionally, facility related funding was increased from \$250 per pupil to \$500 per pupil in Fiscal Year 2022 and is expected to remain at this level in Fiscal Year 2023.

The full-time equivalent enrollment of the Academy for the year ended June 30, 2022 was 195 compared to a figure of 179 at the end of fiscal year 2021.

Overall, the Academy will continue to provide learning opportunities and apply resources to best meet the needs of the students served.

# CONTACTING THE ACADEMY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizen's, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the Academy's finances and to demonstrate accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information contact C. David Massa, CPA, of Massa Financial Solutions, LLC, 3385 South Boulevard, Columbus, Ohio 43204 or e-mail at dave@massasolutionsllc.com

# ZENITH ACADEMY WEST - FRANKLIN COUNTY, OHIO Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

Current Assets: \$ 479,303   Cash and Cash Equivalents \$ 40,000   Total Current Assets: \$ 40,000   Noncurrent Assets: \$ 41,78   Capital Assets \$ 94,178   Capital Assets \$ 94,178   Capital Assets \$ 94,178   Total Non-Current Assets \$ 806,376   Total Non-Current Assets \$ 806,376   Total Non-Current Assets \$ 806,376   Deferred Outflows of Resources: \$ 447,404   Pension (STRS & SERS) \$ 138,933   Total Deferred Outflows of Resources \$ 86,337   Liabilities: \$ 280,978   Accounts Payable, Frade \$ 99,032   Accounts Payable, Trade \$ 93,032   Accounts Payable, Balated Party -   Accounts Payable, Related Party -   Accounts Payable, Related Party -   Accounts Payable, Related Party -   Non Current Liabilities: 1,045,336   Total Current Liabilities 1,045,336   Total Current Liabilities -   Non Current Partion of Long Term Debt -   Non Current Cubilities: -	Assets:	
Intergovernmental Receivable40,000Total Current Assets513,303Noncurrent Assets94,178Net OPEB Asset94,178Capital Assets, net of Accumulated Depreciation712,198Total Non-Current Assets806,376Deferred Outflows of Resources:447,404Pension (STRS & SERS)1325,679Deferred Outflows of Resources:1325,837Total Deferred Outflows of Resources556,337Liabilities:280,978Accounts Payable, Trade280,978Accounts Payable, Trade280,978Account Devision of Long Term Debt275,889Non Current Portion of Long Term Debt275,889Net Pension tof Long Term Debt275,889Net Pension Liabilities:1,045,936Total Honcurrent Liabilities2,500,456Deferred Inflows of Resources:1,018,885Pension (STRS & SERS)1,018,885OPEB (TIRS & SERS)1,287,416Net Ponsion IC Capital Assets1,287,416Net Ponsion IC Capital Assets2,257,401O	Current Assets:	
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Noncurrent Assets: 94,178   Net OPEB Asset 94,178   Capital Assets, net of Accumulated Depreciation 712,198   Total Non-Current Assets 806,376   Total Assets 1,325,679   Deferred Outflows of Resources: 94,178   Pension (STRS & SERS) 447,404   OPEB (STRS & SERS) 138,933   Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 586,337   Liabilities: 280,978   Accounts Payable, Trade 280,978   Account Payable, Trade 280,978	Intergovernmental Receivable	40,000
Net OPEB Asset94,178 712,188Capital Assets, net of Accumulated Depreciation712,188 806,376Total Non-Current Assets1,325,679Deferred Outflows of Resources:447,404Pension (STRS & SERS)138,933 138,933Total Deferred Outflows of Resources586,337Liabilities:280,978Current Liabilities:280,978Accounts Payable, Related Party-Accounts Payable, Related Party-Accounts Payable, Related Party-Accounts Payable, Tode254,754Accounts Payable, Tode254,754Non Current Liabilities:1,045,936Total Current Liabilities:1,045,936Total Current Liabilities:1,045,936Total Current Liabilities:254,754Accounts Payable, Related Party-Accounts Payable, Tode254,754Accounts Payable, Tode254,754Accounts Payable, Total Current Liabilities:1,045,936Total Current Liabilities:1,045,936Non Current Portion of Long Term Debt275,899Net Pension Liability1,245,520Total Liabilities1,045,936Deferred Inflows of Resources:2,500,456Pension (Dirk & SERS)2,665,531Total Deferred Inflows of Resources2,265,531Total Deferred Inflows of Resources1,287,416Net Investment in Capital Assets1,81,545Unrestricted Net Position(2,057,4001)	Total Current Assets	519,303
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OPEB (STRS & SERS)138,933Total Deferred Outflows of Resources586,337Liabilities: Current Liabilities:280,978Accounts Payable, Trade280,978Accounts Payable, Related Party-Accrued Wages and Benefits193,032Withholdings Payable534Non Current Portion of Long Term Debt254,754Accrued Expenses316,638Total Current Liabilities:1,045,936Non Current Portion of Long Term Debt275,899Net Pension Liability978,983Net OPEB Liability1,9638Total Noncurrent Liabilities1,454,520Total Liabilities2,500,456Deferred Inflows of Resources:2Pension (STRS & SERS)2,68,531Total Deferred Inflows of Resources268,531Pension (STRS & SERS)2,269,346Notal Deferred Inflows of Resources2,269,346Net Investment in Capital Assets1,2187,416Net Investment in Capital Assets1,218,455Urrestricted Net Position(2,057,401)	Deferred Outflows of Resources:	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources586,337Liabilities: Current Liabilities: Accounts Payable, Related Party280,978Accounts Payable, Related Party-Accrued Wages and Benefits193,032Withholdings Payable534Non Current Portion of Long Term Debt254,754Accrued Expenses316,638Total Current Liabilities:1,045,936Non Current Portion of Long Term Debt275,899Net OPES Liability199,633Total Noncurrent Liabilities:1,454,520Total Liabilities2,500,456Deferred Inflows of Resources:2,500,456Pension (STRS & SERS)2,68,531Total Deferred Inflows of Resources2,250,456Net OPES (STRS & SERS)2,68,531Total Deferred Inflows of Resources1,287,416Net Investment in Capital Assets181,545Urrestricted Net Position(2,057,401)	Pension (STRS & SERS)	447,404
Liabilities: Current Liabilities: Accounts Payable, Trade Accounts Payable, Related Party Accounts Payable, Related Party Accounts Payable, Related Party Accrued Wages and Benefits Non Current Portion of Long Term Debt Accrued Expenses Total Current Liabilities Non Current Liabilities Non Current Dortion of Long Term Debt Non Current Dortion of Long Term Debt Non Current Portion of Long Term Debt Non Current Dortion of Long Term Debt Non Current Liability Non Current Liability Non Current Liability Total Noncurrent Liabilities Deferred Inflows of Resources: Pension (STRS & SERS) OPEB (STRS & SERS) Deferred Inflows of Resources Net Investment in Capital Assets Unrestricted Net Position Net Investment in Capital Assets Unrestricted Net Position Net Investment in Capital Assets Net Stricted Net Position Net Investment in Capital Assets Net Investment in Capital Assets Net Stricted Net Position Net Investment in Capital Assets Net Inves	OPEB (STRS & SERS)	138,933
Current Liabilities:Accounts Payable, Trade280,978Accounts Payable, Related Party-Accrued Wages and Benefits193,032Withholdings Payable534Non Current Portion of Long Term Debt254,754Accrued Expenses316,638Total Current Liabilities:1,045,936Non Current Portion of Long Term Debt275,899Net Pension Liability199,638Total Noncurrent Liabilities1,445,520Total Noncurrent Liabilities2,500,456Deferred Inflows of Resources:2,500,456Pension (STRS & SERS)1,018,885OPEB (STRS & SERS)2,85,31Total Deferred Inflows of Resources1,287,416Net Investment in Capital Assets181,545Unrestricted Net Position2,007,401	Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	586,337
Accounts Payable, Trade280,978Accounts Payable, Related Party-Accrued Wages and Benefits193,032Withholdings Payable534Non Current Portion of Long Term Debt254,754Accrued Expenses316,638Total Current Liabilities1,045,936Non Current Portion of Long Term Debt275,899Net Pension Liability978,983Net OPEB Liability199,638Total Noncurrent Liabilities1,454,520Total Liabilities2,500,456Deferred Inflows of Resources:2,500,456Pension (STRS & SERS)2,68,531Total Deferred Inflows of Resources1,287,416Net Investment in Capital Assets181,545Unrestricted Net Position2,207,401	Liabilities:	
Accounts Payable, Related PartyAccrued Wages and Benefits193,032Withholdings Payable534Non Current Portion of Long Term Debt254,754Accrued Expenses316,638Total Current Liabilities1,045,936Non Current Portion of Long Term Debt275,899Net Pension Liability978,983Net OPEB Liabilities1,454,520Total Noncurrent Liabilities1,454,520Total Liabilities2,500,456Deferred Inflows of Resources:2Pension (STRS & SERS)2,650,316OPEB (STRS & SERS)2,68,531Total Deferred Inflows of Resources1,227,416Net Investment in Capital Assets181,545Unrestricted Net Position(2,057,401)	Current Liabilities:	
Accrued Wages and Benefits193,032Withholdings Payable534Non Current Portion of Long Term Debt254,754Accrued Expenses316,638Total Current Liabilities1,045,936Non Current Portion of Long Term Debt275,899Net Pension Liability978,983Net OPEB Liabilities1,454,520Total Noncurrent Liabilities1,454,520Total Liabilities2,500,456Deferred Inflows of Resources:2Pension (STRS & SERS)1,018,885OPEB (STRS & SERS)1,018,885OPEB (STRS & SERS)2,68,531Total Deferred Inflows of Resources1,287,416Net Investment in Capital Assets181,545Unrestricted Net Position(2,057,401)	Accounts Payable, Trade	280,978
Accrued Wages and Benefits193,032Withholdings Payable534Non Current Portion of Long Term Debt254,754Accrued Expenses316,638Total Current Liabilities1,045,936Non Current Portion of Long Term Debt275,899Net Pension Liability978,983Net OPEB Liabilities1,454,520Total Noncurrent Liabilities1,454,520Total Liabilities2,500,456Deferred Inflows of Resources:2Pension (STRS & SERS)1,018,885OPEB (STRS & SERS)1,018,885OPEB (STRS & SERS)2,68,531Total Deferred Inflows of Resources1,287,416Net Investment in Capital Assets181,545Unrestricted Net Position(2,057,401)	Accounts Payable, Related Party	-
Withholdings Payable534Non Current Portion of Long Term Debt254,754Accrued Expenses316,638Total Current Liabilities1,045,936Noncurrent Liabilities:275,899Net Pension Liability978,983Net OPEB Liability199,638Total Noncurrent Liabilities1,454,520Total Liabilities2,500,456Deferred Inflows of Resources:2Pension (STRS & SERS)1,018,885OPEB (STRS & SERS)2,68,531Total Deferred Inflows of Resources2Net Position:1,287,416Net Investment in Capital Assets181,545Unrestricted Net Position(2,057,401)		193.032
Non Current Portion of Long Term Debt254,754Accrued Expenses316,638Total Current Liabilities1,045,936Non Current Portion of Long Term Debt275,899Net Pension Liability978,983Net OPEB Liability199,638Total Noncurrent Liabilities1,454,520Total Liabilities2,500,456Deferred Inflows of Resources:2Pension (STRS & SERS)1,018,885OPEB (STRS & SERS)2,68,531Total Deferred Inflows of Resources1,287,416Net Position:1,287,416Net Investment in Capital Assets181,545Unrestricted Net Position(2,057,401)	-	
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Noncurrent Liabilities:Non Current Portion of Long Term Debt275,899Net Pension Liability978,983Net OPEB Liability199,638Total Noncurrent Liabilities1,454,520Total Liabilities2,500,456Deferred Inflows of Resources:2Pension (STRS & SERS)1,018,885OPEB (STRS & SERS)268,531Total Deferred Inflows of Resources1,287,416Net Position:1Net Investment in Capital Assets181,545Unrestricted Net Position(2,057,401)	Accrued Expenses	316,638
Non Current Portion of Long Term Debt275,899Net Pension Liability978,983Net OPEB Liability199,638Total Noncurrent Liabilities1,454,520Total Liabilities2,500,456Deferred Inflows of Resources:2Pension (STRS & SERS)1,018,885OPEB (STRS & SERS)268,531Total Deferred Inflows of Resources1,287,416Net Position:1,287,416Net Investment in Capital Assets181,545Unrestricted Net Position(2,057,401)	Total Current Liabilities	1,045,936
Non Current Portion of Long Term Debt275,899Net Pension Liability978,983Net OPEB Liability199,638Total Noncurrent Liabilities1,454,520Total Liabilities2,500,456Deferred Inflows of Resources:2Pension (STRS & SERS)1,018,885OPEB (STRS & SERS)268,531Total Deferred Inflows of Resources1,287,416Net Position:1,287,416Net Investment in Capital Assets181,545Unrestricted Net Position(2,057,401)	Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Net Pension Liability978,983Net OPEB Liability199,638Total Noncurrent Liabilities1,454,520Total Liabilities2,500,456Deferred Inflows of Resources:1,018,885OPEB (STRS & SERS)268,531Total Deferred Inflows of Resources1,287,416Net Position:1,287,416Net Investment in Capital Assets181,545Unrestricted Net Position(2,057,401)	Non Current Portion of Long Term Debt	275,899
Total Noncurrent Liabilities1,454,520Total Liabilities2,500,456Deferred Inflows of Resources: Pension (STRS & SERS)1,018,885 268,531OPEB (STRS & SERS)268,531 1,287,416Net Position: Net Investment in Capital Assets181,545 (2,057,401)		
Total Liabilities2,500,456Deferred Inflows of Resources: Pension (STRS & SERS)1,018,885OPEB (STRS & SERS)268,531Total Deferred Inflows of Resources1,287,416Net Position: Net Investment in Capital Assets181,545Unrestricted Net Position(2,057,401)	Net OPEB Liability	199,638
Deferred Inflows of Resources:Pension (STRS & SERS)OPEB (STRS & SERS)Total Deferred Inflows of ResourcesNet Position:Net Investment in Capital AssetsUnrestricted Net Position(2,057,401)	Total Noncurrent Liabilities	1,454,520
Pension (STRS & SERS)1,018,885OPEB (STRS & SERS)268,531Total Deferred Inflows of Resources1,287,416Net Position:181,545Unrestricted Net Position(2,057,401)	Total Liabilities	2,500,456
OPEB (STRS & SERS)268,531Total Deferred Inflows of Resources1,287,416Net Position:181,545Unrestricted Net Position(2,057,401)	Deferred Inflows of Resources:	
OPEB (STRS & SERS)268,531Total Deferred Inflows of Resources1,287,416Net Position:181,545Unrestricted Net Position(2,057,401)	Pension (STRS & SERS)	1,018,885
Net Position:Net Investment in Capital Assets181,545Unrestricted Net Position(2,057,401)	OPEB (STRS & SERS)	268,531
Net Investment in Capital Assets181,545Unrestricted Net Position(2,057,401)	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,287,416
Unrestricted Net Position (2,057,401)	Net Position:	
Unrestricted Net Position (2,057,401)		181.545
		•
	Total Net Position	

# ZENITH ACADEMY WEST - FRANKLIN COUNTY, OHIO Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Operating Revenues:	
State Aid	\$ 1,739,152
Miscellaneous	5,000
Total Operating Revenues	1,744,152
Operating Expenses:	
Salaries	1,099,801
Fringe Benefits	146,215
Purchased Services	1,018,372
Depreciation	297,916
Supplies	24,540
Other Operating Expenses	22,101
Total Operating Expenses	2,608,945
Operating Income (Loss)	(864,793)
Non-Operating Revenues and (Expenses):	
Debt Forgiveness	292,800
Lease Interest Expense	(47,664)
Federal and State Restricted Grants	1,008,226
Net Non-operating Revenues and (Expenses)	1,253,362
Change in Net Position	388,569
Net Position - Beginning of Year	(2,264,425)
Net Position - End of Year	\$ (1,875,856)

# ZENITH ACADEMY WEST - FRANKLIN COUNTY, OHIO Statement of Cash Flows For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

State Aid Receipts Miscellaneous Cash Payments to Employees for Services Cash Payments for Employee Benefits Cash Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities	\$ 1,739,152 5,000 (1,142,133) (242,088) (815,751) (455,820)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Federal and State Grant Receipts	1,097,434
Net Cash (Used for) Provided By Noncapital Financing Activities	 1,097,434
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Lease Interest Payments	(47,664)
Lease Principal Payments	(240,336)
Purchase of Capital Assets	 (88,470)
Net Cash (Used for) Provided By Capital and Related Financing Activities	 (376,470)
Net Increase/(Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	265,144
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of the Year	 214,159
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Ending of the Year	\$ 479,303

#### Non-Cash Transaction:

During fiscal year 2022, the School received debt forgiveness of \$292,800 from the landlord related to rent obligations.

# Statement of Cash Flows

# For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

(Continued)

Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities Operating Income (Loss)	\$ (864,793)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to	
Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities:	
Depreciation	297,916
Changes in Assets, Liabilities, and Deferred Inflows and Outflows:	
(Increase)/ Decrease in Net OPEB Asset	(3,174)
(Increase)/ Decrease in Deferred Outflows Pension	5,269
(Increase)/ Decrease in Deferred Outflows OPEB	(37,258)
Increase/ (Decrease) in Net Pension Liability	(847,501)
Increase/ (Decrease) in Net OPEB Liability	20,006
Increase/(Decrease) in Accounts Payable, Trade	236,334
Increase/(Decrease) in Accounts Payable, Related Party	(179,264)
Increase/(Decrease) in Accrued Wages and Benefits	(42,332)
Increase/(Decrease) in Withholdings Payable	(9,576)
Increase/(Decrease) in Accrued Expenses	201,768
Increase/ (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows Pension	749,932
Increase/ (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows OPEB	 16,853
Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities	\$ (455,820)

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

# **NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE ENTITY**

Zenith Academy West (the Academy) is a federally recognized 501(C)(3) nonprofit corporation established pursuant to Ohio Revised Code Chapters 3314 and 1702. Management is not aware of any course of action or series of events that have occurred that might adversely affect the Academy's tax-exempt status. The mission of the Academy is to provide an educational environment wherein students at the Academy will build a foundation of knowledge, will master core skills, and will develop a life-long love of learning that will empower them to fulfill their roles as citizens. The Academy will accomplish this mission by focusing on knowledge, civic values, and service. The Academy is part of the State's education program, is nonsectarian in its programs, admission policies, employment practices, and all other operations.

In February 2015, the Board of Directors (the Board) entered into a contract with St. Aloysius Orphanage of Ohio (the Sponsor). The Sponsor is responsible for evaluating the performance of the Academy and has the authority to deny renewal of the contract at its expiration.

The Academy operates under the direction of a five-member Board of Directors. The Board is responsible for carrying out the provisions of the sponsor contract, which include, but are not limited to, state mandated provisions regarding student population, curriculum, academic goals, performance standards, admission standards, and qualifications of teachers.

# **NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The basic financial statements of the Academy have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental nonprofit organizations. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the Academy's accounting policies are described below.

**Basis of Presentation** - The Academy's basic financial statements consist of a Statement of Net Position, a Statement of Revenue, Expenses and Change in Net Position, and a Statement of Cash Flows. Enterprise fund reporting focuses on the determination of the changes Net Position, financial position and cash flows.

The Government Accounting Standards Board identifies the presentation of all financial activity to be reported within one enterprise fund for year-ending reporting purposes. Enterprise accounting is used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprise where the intent is that the cost (expense) of providing goods and services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

<u>Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting</u> - The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by measurement focus. Enterprise accounting uses a flow of economic resources measurement focus. Under this measurement focus, all assets, all deferred outflows of resources, all liabilities, and all deferred inflows of resources are included on the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position presents increases (e.g., revenues) and decreases (e.g., expenses) in total Net Position.

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting is used for reporting purposes. Revenues are recognized when they are earned, and expenses are recognized when they are incurred.

**Budgetary Process** - Community schools are statutorily required to adopt a budget by Ohio Revised Code 3314.032(C). However, unlike traditional public schools located in the State of Ohio, community schools are not required to follow the specific budgetary process and limits set forth in the Ohio Revised Code Chapter 5705, unless specifically provided in the contract between the Academy and its Sponsor. The contract between the Academy and its Sponsor does not require the Academy to follow the provisions Ohio Revised Code Chapter 5705; therefore, no budgetary information is presented in the basic

<u>Cash and Cash Equivalents</u> - Cash received by the Academy is reflected as "Cash and Cash Equivalents" on the Statement of Net Position. The Academy did not have any investments during the period ended June 30, 2022.

<u>Estimates</u> - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

<u>Capital Assets and Depreciation</u> - Capital assets are capitalized at cost. Donated Capital Assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The costs of additions are capitalized and expenditures for repairs and maintenance are expensed when incurred. When property is sold or retired, the related costs and accumulated depreciation are removed from the financial records and any gain or loss is included in additions to or deductions from Net Position. Capital assets were \$712,198, as of June 30, 2022, net of accumulated depreciation.

Depreciation of capital assets is calculated utilizing the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the asset which are as follows:

Asset Class	<u>Useful Life</u>
Computers & Software	3 years
Furniture, Fixtures, & Equipment	5 years
Leasehold Improvements	27 years
Building	40 years

The Academy's policy for asset capitalization threshold is \$5,000. Assets or certain asset groups not meeting the capitalization threshold are not capitalized and are not included in the assets represented in the accompany statement of Net Position.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

The School is reporting an intangible right to use assets related to leased buildings, structures, and improvements. These intangible assets are being amortized in a systematic and rational manner over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset.

<u>Intergovernmental Revenues</u> - The Academy currently participates in the State Foundation Program. Revenues received from this program are recognized as operating revenues in the accounting period in which all eligibility requirements have been met.

Grants and entitlements are recognized as non-operating revenues in the accounting period in which eligibility requirements have been met. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the Academy must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the Academy on a reimbursement basis.

The Academy also participates in various federal programs passed through the Ohio Department of Education.

Under the above programs the Academy recorded \$1,739,152 this fiscal year from the Foundation Program and Casino Taxes and \$1,008,226 from Federal and State Grants distributions.

<u>Compensated Absences</u> - Vacation is taken in a manner which corresponds with the Academy calendar; therefore, the Academy does not accrue vacation time as a liability.

Sick/personal leave benefits are earned by full-time employees at the rate of eight days per year and cannot be carried into the subsequent years. No accrual for sick time is made since unused time is not paid to employees upon employment termination.

<u>Accrued Liabilities</u> - Obligations incurred but unpaid at June 30 are reported as accrued liabilities in the accompanying financial statements. These liabilities consisted of Accounts Payable, Accrued Expenses, Accrued Wages and Benefits, Withholdings Payable, and Current Portion of Long-Term Debt and totaled \$1,045,936 at June 30, 2022.

**Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions** - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the Academy receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include grants, entitlements and donations. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the Academy must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditures requirements, in which the resources are provided to the Academy on a reimbursement basis.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

**Deferred Inflows and Deferred Outflows of Resources** In addition to assets, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the Academy, deferred outflows of resources are reported on the government-wide statement of net position for pension and OPEB. The deferred outflows of resources related to pension and OPEB plans are explained in Notes 8 and 9.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized until that time. For the Academy, deferred inflows of resources include pension and OPEB. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available. Deferred inflows of resources related to pension and OPEB plans are reported on the government-wide statement of net position. (See Notes 8 and 9)

<u>Net Position</u> - Net position represents the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources. Net Position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use through external restriction imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws and regulations of other governments. The Academy applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted Net Position are available. Net Position invested in capital assets consist of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

**Operating and Non-Operating Revenues and Expenses** - Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activities of the Academy. For the Academy, these revenues are primarily the State Foundation program. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the good or service that is the primary activity of the Academy. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating.

Non-operating revenues are those revenues that are not generated directly from the primary activities of the Academy. Various federal and state grants, interest earnings, if any, and other miscellaneous revenues comprise the non-operating revenues of the Academy. Interest and fiscal charges on outstanding obligations, as well as gain or loss on capital asset disposals, if any comprise the non-operating expenses.

#### Pensions /Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB asset/liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB, and pension/OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net positon have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

# **NOTE 3 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS**

The following information classifies deposits by category of risk as defined in GASB Statement No.3 "Deposits with Financial Institutions, Investments (including Repurchase Agreements) and Reverse Repurchase Agreements," as amended by GASB Statement No.40, "Deposit, and Investment Risk Disclosures".

The Academy maintains its cash balances at one financial institution, Fifth Third Bank, located in Ohio. The balances are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) up to \$250,000, per qualifying account. At June 30, 2022, the book amount of the Academy's deposits was \$479,303 which was also equal to the bank balance at year end. \$129,303 of the School's bank balance was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below, while \$250,000 was covered by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation.

The Academy had no deposit policy for custodial risk beyond the requirement of state statute. Ohio law requires that deposits either be insured or be protected by eligible securities pledged to and deposited either with the Academy or a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment or by a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee to secure repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution whose market value shall be at least 105% of deposits being secured.

#### **NOTE 4 - RECEIVABLES**

The Academy had intergovernmental receivables of \$40,000 at June 30, 2022. These receivables primarily represented FTE adjustments and federal grant draws due to the Academy, but not received as of June 30, 2022.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

### NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS

For the period ending June 30, 2022, the Academy's capital assets consisted of the following:

	Balance 06/30/21 Additions		Deletions	Balance 06/30/22
Capital Assets:				
Computers & Software	\$ 62,913	\$ 67,396	\$-	\$ 130,309
Furniture & Equipment	53,562	-	-	53,562
Leased Buildings	770,989	-	-	770,989
Leasehold Improvements	124,933	21,074	-	146,007
Total Capital Assets	1,012,397	88,470	-	1,100,867
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Computers & Software	(35,141)	(15,691)	-	(50,832)
Furniture & Equipment	(37,773)	(13,479)	-	(51,252)
Leased Buildings	-	(256,996)	-	(256,996)
Leasehold Improvements	(17,839)	(11,750)	-	(29,589)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(90,753)	(297,916)	-	(388,669)
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$ 921,644	\$ (209,446)	\$-	\$ 712,198

#### **NOTE 6 – LEASE OBLIGATIONS**

On July 1, 2019, the School entered into a lease with Prestige Solutions Inc. for 40,000 square feet of space located at 3385 South Boulevard Columbus, Ohio 43204. The term of the lease is for a period of five years Base rent will be \$24,000 throughout the subsequent periods of the lease. The incremental borrowing rate on the lease is 8%. At year end, accumulated depreciation on the leased buildings totaled \$256,966, with a net book value of \$513,993. The School has outstanding agreements to lease building [space]. Due to the implementation of GASB Statement 87, these leases have met the criteria of leases thus requiring them to be recorded by the School. The future lease payments were discounted based on the interest rate implicit in the lease or using the School's incremental borrowing rate. This discount is being amortized over the life of the lease. The table below discloses the current year activity on the lease obligation.

	E	estated Balance 30/2021	Addi	itions	Re	eductions	-	Balance 30/2022	 e Within ne Year
Direct Borrowing: Building Lease Payable Total Lease Payable	\$	770,989 770,989	\$	-	\$	(240,336) (240,336)	\$	530,653 530,653	\$ 254,754 254,754
Total Long-Term Obligations	\$	770,989	\$	-	\$	(240,336)	\$	530,653	\$ 254,754

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Year	P	Principal		nterest	 Total
2023	\$	254,754	\$	33,246	\$ 288,000
2024		275,899		12,101	288,000
Total	\$	530,653	\$	45,347	\$ 576,000

Future minimum payments for principal and interest on the lease are as follows:

# **NOTE 7 - RISK MANAGEMENT**

**Property & Liability** - The Academy is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2022, the Academy contracted with Morgan, Trevathan, & Gunn, Inc. for property and general liability insurance, respectively, with a \$1,000,000 single occurrence limit, \$3,000,000 annual aggregate, and \$1,000 deductible. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage since inception.

<u>Workers' Compensation</u> - The Academy pays the State Worker's Compensation System a premium for employee injury coverage. The premium is calculated by multiplying the monthly total gross payroll by a factor that is calculated by the State.

**Employee Medical and Dental Benefits** - The Academy provides health, drug, and dental insurance for all eligible employees through United Healthcare. The Academy pays 75% of the monthly premium and employees pay the remaining 25%. The Academy does not provide life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance to employees.

#### **NOTE 8 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN**

#### Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability reported on the Statement of Net Position represents a liability to employees for pensions. Pensions are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension liability represents the School's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost-of-living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Ohio Revised Code limits the School's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The School cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, the School does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension.

GASB 68 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net pension liability* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in *accounts payable* on the accrual basis of accounting.

#### Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

**Plan Description** –School non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries.

Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information, and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to Retire on or before August 1, 2017 *	Eligible to Retire on or after August 1, 2017
Full Benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit Age 60 with 5 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially Reduced Benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

\* Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017, will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service; 2.2 percent for the first thirty years of service and 2.5 percent for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

An individual whose benefit effective date is before April 1, 2018, is eligible for a cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) on the first anniversary date of the benefit. Beginning April 1, 2018, new benefit recipients must wait until the fourth anniversary of their benefit for COLA eligibility. The COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit. The COLA is indexed to the percentage increase in the CPI-W, not to exceed 2.5% and with a floor of 0.0%.

A three-year COLA suspension was in effect for all benefit recipients for calendar years 2018, 2019, and 2020. The Retirement Board approved a 0.5% COLA for calendar year 2021.

Funding Policy – Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the School is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was the entire 14.0 percent.

The School's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$69,628 for fiscal year 2022.

# Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

**Plan Description** –School licensed teachers and other faculty members participate in STRS Ohio, a costsharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information, and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Web site at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan, and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation is 2.2 percent of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. Eligibility changes will be phased in until August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five years of service credit and age 65, or 35 years of service credit and at least age 60. Eligibility changes for DB plan members who retire with actuarially reduced benefits will be phased in until August 1, 2023 when retirement eligibility will be five years of qualifying servicer credit and age 60, or 30 years or service credit at any age.

The DC Plan allows members to place all of their member contributions and 9.53 percent of the 14 percent employer contributions into an investment account. Investment allocation decisions are determined by the member. The remaining 4.47 percent of the 14 percent employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, 12.0 of the 14.0 percent member rates goes to the DC Plan and the remaining 2.0 percent goes to the DB plan. Member contributions to the DC plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of services. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity after termination of employment at age 50 or later.

New members who choose the DC plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options in the GASB 68 schedules of employer allocation and pension amounts by employer.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. New members on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit that apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

**Funding Policy** – Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, plan members were required to contribute 14 percent of their annual covered salary. The School was required to contribute 14 percent; the entire 14 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The fiscal year 2022 contribution rates were equal to the statutory maximum rates.

The School's contractually required contributions to STRS was \$92,209 for fiscal year 2022.

# <u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of</u> <u>Resources Related to Pensions</u>

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the School's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

		SERS		STRS	 Total
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability Prior Measurement Date Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	C	0.0086948%	0.0	05171800%	
Current Measurement Date	C	).0110542%	0.0	04466769%	
Change in Proportionate Share		0.0023594%	-0.0	00705031%	
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension					
Liability	\$	407,868	\$	571,115	\$ 978,983
Pension Expense	\$	63,541	\$	5,996	\$ 69,537

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources represent the effect of changes in the net pension liability due to the difference between projected and actual investment earnings, differences between expected and actual actuarial experience, changes in assumptions and changes in the School's proportion of the collective net pension liability. The deferred outflows and deferred inflows are to be included in pension expense over current and future periods. The difference between projected and actual investment earnings is recognized in pension expense using a straight line method over a five year period beginning in the current year. Deferred outflows and deferred inflows resulting from changes in sources other than differences between projected and actual investment earnings are amortized over the average expected remaining service lives of all members (both active and inactive) using the straight line method. Employer contributions to the pension plan subsequent to the measurement date are also required to be reported as a deferred outflow of resources.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

At June 30, 2022, the School reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	SERS		STRS		Total	
Deferred Outflows of Resources						
Differences between expected and						
actual experience	\$	39	\$	17,647	\$	17,686
Changes of assumptions		8,588		158,438		167,026
Changes in proportion and differences						
between contributions and proportionate						
share of contributions		100,855		-		100,855
Academy contributions subsequent to the						
measurement date		69,628		92,209		161,837
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	179,110	\$	268,294	\$	447,404
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Differences between expected and						
actual experience	\$	10,577	\$	3,580	\$	14,157
Changes of assumptions		-		-		
Net difference between projected and						
actual earnings on pension plan investments		210,062		492,194		702,256
Changes in proportion and differences						
between contributions and proportionate						
share of contributions		-		302,472		302,472
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	220,639	\$	798,246	\$	1,018,885

\$161,837 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from School contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	SERS	STRS		 Total
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:				
				· · · · · · · · · · · ·
2023	\$ 15,926	\$	(191,553)	\$ (175,627)
2024	(12,662)		(157,110)	(169,772)
2025	(49,945)		(145,023)	(194,968)
2026	(64,476)		(128,475)	 (192,951)
Total	\$ (111,157)	\$	(622,161)	\$ (733,318)
2025 2026	\$ (49,945) (64,476)	\$	(145,023) (128,475)	\$ (194,968) (192,951)

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### **Actuarial Assumptions - SERS**

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67 as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2021, are presented below:

Wage Inflation	2.40 percent
Future Salary Increases, including inflation	3.25 percent to 13.58 percent
COLA or Ad Hoc COLA	2.0 percent, on and after April 1, 2018, COLA's for future
	retirees will be delayed for three years following commencement
Investment Rate of Return	7.00 percent net of System expenses
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal

Mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weight Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20% for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35% for females. Mortality among disable members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3% for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8% for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

The most recent experience study was completed June 30, 2020.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined using a buildingblock approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted averaged of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	2.00 %	(0.33) %
US Equity	24.75	5.72
Non-US Equity Developed	13.50	6.55
Non-US Equity Emerging	6.75	8.54
Fixed Income/Global Bonds	19.00	1.14
Private Equity	11.00	10.03
Real Estate/Real Assets	16.00	5.41
Multi-Asset Strategies	4.00	3.47
Private Debt/Private Credit	3.00	5.28
Total	100.00 %	

**Discount Rate** The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earning were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.00 percent). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount *Rate* Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00 percent), or one percentage point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate.

	Current					
		Decrease (6.00%)	Discount Rate (7.00%)			
Academy's proportionate share						
of the net pension liability	\$	67,592	\$	407,868	\$	179,554

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

**Changes since measurement date** Effective July 1, 2022 SERS made the following changes: Retiree Health Care – changes to monthly premium deductions associated with retiree health insurance and income related Medicare Parts B & D reimbursements. Cost-of-living adjustments – Changes to the cost-of-living adjustments made to retirees' pensions. Normal Retirement Age – changes to the "Normal Retirement Age' for members of Tiers II and IIA.

#### **Actuarial Assumptions – STRS**

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the July 1, 2021, actuarial valuation.

Inflation	2.50 percent
Projected salary increases	12.50 percent at age 20 to 2.50 percent at age 65
Investment Rate of Return	7.00 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Discount Rate of Return	7.00 percent
Payroll Increases	3 percent
Cost-of-Living Adjustments	0.0 percent

Post-retirement mortality rates for healthy retirees are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50% of rates through age 69, 70% of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90% of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100% of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90% of rates for males and 100% of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2021 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

STRS Ohio's investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return *
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00 %	

\* 10-Year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS Ohio's investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

**Discount Rate** The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00 percent as of June 30, 2021. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2021. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2021.

Sensitivity of the School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount **Rate** The following table presents the School's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.00 percent, as well as what the School's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.00 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate:

	Current						
	1% Decrease (6.00%)		Discount Rate (7.00%)		1% Increase (8.00%)		
Academy's proportionate share							
of the net pension liability	\$	1,069,488	\$	571,115	\$	149,994	

**Changes since measurement date** In March 2022, the board eliminated the age 60 requirement for retirement age and service eligibility that was set to take effect in 2026. The final change to the phasedin age and service requirements will be made Aug. 1, 2023, when 35 years of service will be required for an unreduced retirement.

#### NOTE 9 – DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS

#### Net OPEB Liability/Asset

The net OPEB liability and net OPEB asset reported on the statement of net position represents a liability or asset to employees for OPEB. OPEB is a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. OPEB are provided to an employee— on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for OPEB is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net OPEB liability and net OPEB asset represent the School 's proportionate share of each OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net OPEB liability and net OPEB asset calculations are dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost-of-living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting these estimates annually.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Ohio Revised Code limits the School's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The School cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which OPEB are financed; however, the School does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including OPEB.

GASB 75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because they benefit from employee services. OPEB contributions come from these employers and health care plan enrollees which pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. The Ohio revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. Any change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net OPEB liability and net OPEB asset. Resulting adjustments to the net OPEB liability and net OPEB asset would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net OPEB liability* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required OPEB contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in *accounts payable* on the accrual basis of accounting.

## Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Health Care Plan Description - The School contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 75 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. SERS' Health Care Plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of most types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage. In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree, are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of 65 and therefore enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board established the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For fiscal year 2022, there was no contribution made to health care. A health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2022, this amount was \$23,000. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge.

The surcharge, is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The School's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$5,882 for fiscal year 2022.

## Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting <u>www.strsoh.org</u> or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy – Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Nearly all health care plan enrollees, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.

# OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Asset, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liability and net OPEB asset were measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total OPEB liability and asset used to calculate the net OPEB liability and net OPEB asset were determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School's proportion of the net OPEB liability and net OPEB asset were based on the School's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

		SERS		STRS		Total
Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability/asset Prior Measurement Date Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability/asset	C	0.0082653%	0.0	00517800%		
Current Measurement Date	0	.0105485%	0.0	00446677%		
Change in Proportionate Share	0	0.0022832%	-0.0	00071123%		
Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB	4	100 000				
Liability/(asset) OPEB Expense	\$ \$	199,638 (2,881)	\$ \$	(94,178) 5,190	\$ \$	105,460 2,309
OF LD LAPENSE	ç	(2,001)	ڔ	5,190	ډ	2,309

At June 30, 2022, the School reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		SERS	STRS	Total			
Deferred Outflows of Resources							
Differences between expected and							
actual experience	\$	2,128	\$ 3,352	\$	5,480		
Changes of assumptions		31,317	6,016		37,333		
Changes in proportion and differences							
between contributions and proportionate							
share of contributions		58,209	32,029		90,238		
Academy contributions subsequent to the							
measurement date		5,882	 -		5,882		
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	Ş	97,536	\$ 41,397	\$	138,933		
Deferred Inflows of Resources							
Differences between expected and							
actual experience	\$	99,428	\$ 17,256	\$	116,684		
Changes of assumptions		27,340	56,184		83,524		
Net difference between projected and							
actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		4,336	26,103		30,439		
Changes in proportion and differences							
between contributions and proportionate							
share of contributions		24,198	 13,686		37,884		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	155,302	\$ 113,229	\$	268,531		

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

\$5,882 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from School contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30:	 SERS	 STRS	 Total
risear rear Enang suite so.			
2023	\$ (33,179)	\$ (13,957)	\$ (47,136)
2024	(14,320)	(13,302)	(27,622)
2025	(11,420)	(28,918)	(40,338)
2026	(7 <i>,</i> 898)	(11,691)	(19,589)
2027	765	(3,990)	(3,225)
Thereafter	 2,404	 26	 2,430
Total	\$ (63,648)	\$ (71,832)	\$ (135,480)

## **Actuarial Assumptions - SERS**

The total OPEB liability is determined by SERS' actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2021, are presented below:

Wage Inflation	2.40 percent
Future Salary Increases, including inflation	3.25 percent to 13.58 percent
Investment Rate of Return	7.00 percent net of investments expense, including inflation
Municipal Bond Index Rate:	
Measurement Date	1.92 percent
Prior Measurement Date	2.45 percent
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of plan investment expense,	
including price inflation	
Measurement Date	2.27 percent
Prior Measurement Date	2.63 percent
Medical Trend Assumption	
Measurement Date	
Medicare	5.125 to 4.400 percent
Pre-Medicare	6.750 to 4.400 percent
Prior Measurement Date	
Medicare	5.25 to 4.75 percent
Pre-Medicare	7.00 o 4.75 percent

Base Mortality: Healthy Retirees - PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20% for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35% for females. Disabled Retirees - PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3% for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8% for females. Contingent Survivors - PUB-2010 General Amount Weighted Below Median Contingent Survivor mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 105.5% for males and adjusted 122.5% for females. Actives - PUB-2010 General Amount Weighted Below Median Employee mortality table.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended June 30, 2020.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the actuarial five-year experience study. The most recent study covers fiscal years 2015 through 2020, and was adopted by the Board in 2021. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return, 7.00 percent, by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as used in the June 30, 2020 five-year experience study, are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	2.00 %	(0.33) %
US Equity	24.75	5.72
Non-US Equity Developed	13.50	6.55
Non-US Equity Emerging	6.75	8.54
Fixed Income/Global Bonds	19.00	1.14
Private Equity	11.00	10.03
Real Estate/Real Assets	16.00	5.41
Multi-Asset Strategy	4.00	3.47
Private Debt/Private Credit	3.00	5.28
Total	100.00 %	

**Discount Rate** The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2021 was 2.27 percent. The discount rate used to measure total OPEB liability prior to June 30, 2021 was 2.63 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and the System at the state statute contribution rate of 1.50 percent of projected covered employee payroll each year, which includes a 1.50 percent payroll surcharge and no contributions from the basic benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make future benefit payments of current System members by SERS actuaries. . The Municipal Bond Index Rate is used in the determination for the SEIR for both the June 30, 2020 and the June 30, 2021 total OPEB liability. The Municipal Bond Index rate is the single rate that will generate a present value of benefit payments equal to the sum of the present value determined by the long-term expected rate of return, and the present value determined by discounting those benefits after the date of depletion. The Municipal Bond Index rate is 1.92% at June 30, 2021 and 2.45% at June 30, 2020.

Sensitivity of the School's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate. The following table presents the net OPEB liability of SERS, what SERS' net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (1.27%) and higher (3.27%) than the current discount rate (2.27%). Also shown is what SERS' net OPEB liability would be based on health care cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (5.75% decreasing to 3.40%) and higher (7.75% decreasing to 5.40%) than the current rate.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

			C	Current			
	1%	Decrease	Disc	ount Rate	1%	Increase	
		(1.27%)	(	2.27%)		(3.27%)	
Academy's proportionate share							
of the net OPEB liability	\$	247,377	\$	199,638	\$	161,503	
			C	Current			
	1%	Decrease	Tre	end Rate	1% Increase		
	(5.75 %	% decreasing	(6.75 %	% decreasing	(7.75 % decreasing		
	to	o 3.40%)	to	o 4.40%)	to 5.40%)		
Academy's proportionate share							
of the net OPEB liability	\$	153,706	\$	199,638	\$	260,992	

## Actuarial Assumptions – STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2021, actuarial valuation is presented below:

Projected salary increases	12.50 percent at age 20 to 2.50 percent at age 65	
Investment Rate of Return		
Payroll Increases	3 percent	
Cost-of-Living Adjustments	0 percent	
Inflation	2.50 percent	
Discount Rate of Return	7.00 percent	
Health Care Cost Trends	Initial	Ultimate
Medical		
Pre-Medicare	4.93 percent	4.00 percent
Medicare	-16.18 percent	4.00 percent
Prescription Drug		
Pre-Medicare	6.33 percent	4.00 percent
Medicare	29.98 percent	4.00 percent

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

For healthy retirees the mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation is based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2021 from 1.984% to 2.055% per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1,

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

2021. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1% for the AMA Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return *
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00 %	

\* 10 year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25 percent and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actual rate of return, without net value added by management.

**Discount Rate** The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.00 percent as of June 30, 2021. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes STRS Ohio continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on health care plan investments of 7.00 percent was used to measure the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2021.

Sensitivity of the School's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount and Health Care Cost Trend Rate The following table represents the net OPEB asset as of June 30, 2021, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.00 percent, as well as what the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.00 percent) than the current assumption. Also shown is the net OPEB asset as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	1%		1% Increase (8.00%)			
Academy's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	\$	79,472	\$	94,178	\$	106,463
	1%	Decrease	-	Current end Rate	1%	Increase
Academy's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	\$	105,965	\$	94,178	\$	79,602

## Benefit Term Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date

In February 2022, the Board approved changes to the demographic measures that will impact the June 30, 2022, actuarial valuation. The effect on the net OPEB liability is unknown.

## **NOTE 10 - CONTINGENCIES**

<u>Grants</u> - The Academy received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. Amount received from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor. Any disallowed costs may require refunding to the grantor. Amount which may be disallowed, if any, are not presently determinable. However, in the opinion of the Academy, any such adjustments will not have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the Academy.

*Litigation* - There are currently no matters in litigation with the Academy as defendant.

## NOTE 11 - SPONSOR CONTRACT

The Academy contracted with The St. Aloysius Orphanage of Ohio as its sponsor and oversight services as required by law. Sponsorship fees are calculated as a three percent of state funds received by the Academy from the State of Ohio. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the total sponsorship fees paid totaled \$48,911.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

## **NOTE 12 - PURCHASED SERVICES**

For the period of July 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022, the Academy made the following purchased services commitments.

Purchased Services	Amount			
Professional Services	\$	701,782		
Property Services		26,819		
Utilities		68,402		
Communications		3,091		
Contractual Trade		193,978		
Pupil Transportation		24,300		
Total	\$	1,018,372		

## NOTE 13 – DEBT FORGIVENESS

In fiscal year 2022, the Academy's management company, Prestige Solutions paid for a portion of the Academy's rent obligation to improve the financial position of the Academy. This action was at the election of the management company and there are no established terms for repayment. The amount paid of \$292,800 is reflected as "Debt Forgiveness" on the Academy's Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position.

# NOTE 14 – IMPLEMENTATION OF NEW ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

## Implementation of New Accounting Principles

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the School has implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, *Leases,* certain provisions of GASB Statement No. 93, *Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates* and certain provisions of GASB Statement No. 97, *Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a supersession of GASB Statement No. 32.* 

GASB Statement No. 87 requires recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. These changes were incorporated in the School's 2022 financial statements; however, there was no effect on beginning net position.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

GASB Statement No. 93 addresses accounting and financial reporting effects that result from the replacement of interbank offered rates (IBORs) with other reference rates in order to preserve the reliability, relevance, consistency, and comparability of reported information. The implementation of paragraphs 13 and 14 of GASB Statement No. 93 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the School.

GASB Statement No. 97 requirements that are related to a) the accounting and financial reporting for Section 457 plans and 2) determining whether a primary government is financially accountable for a potential component unit were implemented for fiscal year 2022. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 97 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the School.

## <u>NOTE 15 – COVID-19</u>

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March of 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Ohio's state of emergency ended in June 2021 while the national state of emergency continues. During fiscal year 2022, the School received COVID-19 funding. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing recovery measures will impact subsequent periods of the School. The impact on the School's future operating costs, revenues, and additional recovery from funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated.

# Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the Academy's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability School Employees Retirement System of Ohio Last Six Fiscal Years (1)

		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017	
Academy's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	(	).0110542%	(	).0086948%	(	0.0078496%	(	).0080387%	(	).0099318%	(	0.0083004%	
Academy's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$	407,868	\$	575,093	\$	469,655	\$	460,391	\$	593,403	\$	607,513	
Academy's Covered Payroll	\$	381,564	\$	304,821	\$	269,289	\$	287,126	\$	304,571	\$	264,000	
Academy's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		106.89%		188.67%		174.41%		160.34%		194.83%		230.12%	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		82.86%		68.55%		70.85%		71.36%		69.50%		62.98%	

(1) Information prior to 2017 is not available. Schedule is intended to show ten years of information, and additional information will be displayed as it becomes available.

Amounts presented as of the Academy's measurement date which is the prior fiscal period end.

# Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the Academy's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio Last Six Fiscal Years (1)

	2022		2021 2020		2020	2019			2018		2017	
Academy's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.0	04466769% 0.00		0.00517180%		0.00615255%		0.00662328%		0.00720608%		.00510991%
Academy's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$	571,115	\$	1,251,391	\$	1,360,600	\$	1,456,310	\$	1,711,819	\$	1,710,441
Academy's Covered Payroll	\$	551,171	\$	624,157	\$	722,336	\$	752,957	\$	792,221	\$	537,657
Academy's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		103.62%		200.49%		188.36%		193.41%		216.08%		318.13%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		87.80%		75.50%		77.40%		77.31%		75.29%		66.80%

(1) Information prior to 2017 is not available. Schedule is intended to show ten years of information, and additional information will be displayed as it becomes available.

Amounts presented as of the Academy's measurement date which is the prior fiscal period end.

Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of Academy Contributions - Pension
School Employees Retirement System of Ohio
Last Seven Fiscal Years (1)

	 2022	 2021	 2020	 2019	 2018	 2017	 2016
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 69,628	\$ 53,419	\$ 42,675	\$ 36,354	\$ 38,762	\$ 42,640	\$ 36,960
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	 (69,628)	 (53,419)	 (42,675)	 (36,354)	 (38,762)	 (42,640)	 (36,960)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ _	\$ -
Academy Covered Payroll	\$ 497,343	\$ 381,564	\$ 304,821	\$ 269,289	\$ 287,126	\$ 304,571	\$ 264,000
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	13.50%	13.50%	14.00%	14.00%

(1) Information prior to 2016 is not available. Schedule is intended to show ten years of information, and additional information will be displayed as it becomes available.

Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of Academy Contributions - Pension State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio Last Seven Fiscal Years (1)														
		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016
Contractually Required Contribution	\$	92,209	\$	77,164	\$	87,382	\$	101,127	\$	105,414	\$	110,911	\$	75,272
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution		(92,209)		(77,164)		(87,382)		(101,127)		(105,414)		(110,911)		(75,272)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	\$	_	\$		\$	-	\$	
Academy Covered Payroll	\$	658,636	\$	551,171	\$	624,157	\$	722,336	\$	752,957	\$	792,221	\$	537,657
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		14.00%		14.00%		14.00%		14.00%		14.00%		14.00%		14.00%

(1) Information prior to 2016 is not available. Schedule is intended to show ten years of information, and additional information will be displayed as it becomes available.

# Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the Academy's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability School Employees Retirement System of Ohio Last Six Fiscal Years (1)

		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018	2017		
Academy's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability	C	0.0105485%	0	.0082653%	0	.0079814%	(	0.0082362%	0.0101197%		0	.0084296%	
Academy's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$	199,638	\$	179,632	\$	200,716	\$	228,496	\$	271,587	\$	240,275	
Academy's Covered Payroll	\$	381,564	\$	304,821	\$	269,289	\$	287,126	\$	304,571	\$	264,000	
Academy's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		52.32%		58.93%		74.54%		79.58%		89.17%		91.01%	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability		24.08%		18.17%		15.57%		13.57%		12.46%		11.49%	

(1) Information prior to 2017 is not available. Schedule is intended to show ten years of information, and additional information will be displayed as it becomes available.

Amounts presented as of the Academy's measurement date, which is the prior fiscal year end.

# Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the Academy's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability/Asset State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio Last Six Fiscal Years (1)

		<u>2022</u> 0.00446677%		2021		2020		2019		2018	2017		
Academy's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability/Asset	0.0			0.00517800%		0.00615255%		00720608%	0.00720608%		0.0	00510991%	
Academy's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability/(Asset)	\$	(94,178)	\$	(91,004)	\$	(101,900)	\$	(106,429)	\$	281,154	\$	273,279	
Academy's Covered Payroll	\$	551,171	\$	624,157	\$	722,336	\$	752,957	\$	792,221	\$	537,657	
Academy's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability/Asset as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		-17.09%		-14.58%		-14.11%		-14.13%		35.49%		50.83%	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability/Asset		174.73%		182.13%		174.74%		176.00%		47.11%		37.30%	

(1) Information prior to 2017 is not available. Schedule is intended to show ten years of information, and additional information will be displayed as it becomes available.

Amounts presented as of the Academy's measurement date, which is the prior fiscal year end.

Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of Academy Contributions - OPEB
School Employees Retirement System of Ohio
Last Seven Fiscal Years (1)

	 2022	2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		 2016
Contractually Required Contribution (1)	\$ 5,882	\$	2,852	\$	1,728	\$	5,923	\$	6,245	\$	2,579	\$ 4,343
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	 (5,882)		(2,852)		(1,728)		(5,923)		(6,245)		(2,579)	 (4,343)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	 -				-		-		-		-	 -
Academy Covered Payroll	\$ 497,343	\$	381,564	\$	304,821	\$	269,289	\$	287,126	\$	304,571	\$ 264,000
OPEB Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (1)	1.18%		0.75%		0.57%		2.20%		2.18%		0.85%	1.65%

(1) Includes Surcharge

(2) Information prior to 2016 is not available. Schedule is intended to show ten years of information, and additional information will be displayed as it becomes available.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Academy Contributions - OPEB State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio Last Seven Fiscal Years (1)

	 2022	2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		 2016
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	 				-				-		-	 
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ _	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Academy Covered Payroll	\$ 658,636	\$	551,171	\$	624,157	\$	722,336	\$	752,957	\$	792,221	\$ 537,657
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%	0.00%

(1) Information prior to 2016 is not available. Schedule is intended to show ten years of information, and additional information will be displayed as it becomes available.

## ZENITH ACADEMY WEST - FRANKLIN COUNTY, OHIO NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

## Note 1 - Net Pension Liability

## Changes of benefit terms- SERS

There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal years 2014-2017 and 2019-2022.

The following changes were made to the benefit terms in 2018 as identified: The COLA was changed from a fixed 3.00% to a COLA that is indexed to CPI-W not greater than 2.5% with a floor of 0% beginning January 1, 2018. In addition, with the authority granted the Board under HB 49, the Board has enacted a three-year COLA suspension for benefit recipients in calendar years 2018-2020.

## Changes in assumptions- SERS

There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal years 2014-2016 and 2018-2021. For fiscal year 2017, the following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%, (b) payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.50%, (c) assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75% to 0.50%, (d) Rates of withdrawal, retirement and disability were updated to reflect recent experience, (e) mortality among active members was updated to RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females, (f) mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries was updated to the following RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates and (g) mortality among disable member was updated to RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement (h) change in discount rate from 7.75% to 7.5%. For fiscal year 2022, the following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.00% to 2.40%, (b) assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.% to 0.85%, (c) Cost-of-Living-Adjustments was reduced from 2.50% to 2.00% (d) Rates of withdrawal, retirement and disability were updated to reflect recent experience, (e) mortality amount active members, service retirees and beneficiaries, and disabled members were updated (i) change in discount rate from 7.50% to 7.00%.

## Changes in benefit terms – STRS

There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal years 2014-2022.

## Changes in assumptions – STRS

There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal years 2014-2017 and 2019-2021. For fiscal year 2018, the following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) inflation assumption lowered from 2.75% to 2.50%, (b) investment return assumption lowered from 7.75% to 7.45%, (c) total salary increases rates lowered by decreasing the merit component of the individual salary increases, as well as by 0.25% due to lower inflation, (d) payroll growth assumption lowered to 3.00%, (e) updated the healthy and disable mortality assumption to the "RP-2014" mortality tables with generational improvement scale MP-2016, (f) rates of retirement, termination and disability were modified to better reflect anticipated future experience. For fiscal year 2022, the following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) investment return assumption lowered from 7.45% to 7.00%, (b) discount rate of return reduced from 7.45% to 7.00%.

### ZENITH ACADEMY WEST - FRANKLIN COUNTY, OHIO NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

## Note 2 - Net OPEB Liability

## Changes of benefit terms- SERS

There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal years 2018-2022.

## Changes in Assumptions – SERS

Amounts reported for fiscal years 2018-2022 incorporate changes in key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability as presented below:

Municipal Bond Index Rate:	
Fiscal year 2022	1.92 percent
Fiscal year 2021	2.45 percent
Fiscal year 2020	3.13 percent
Fiscal year 2019	3.62 percent
Fiscal year 2018	3.56 percent
Fiscal year 2017	2.92 percent
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of plan investment ex	pense,
including price inflation	
Fiscal year 2022	2.27 percent
Fiscal year 2021	2.63 percent
Fiscal year 2020	3.22 percent
Fiscal year 2019	3.70 percent
Fiscal year 2018	3.63 percent
Fiscal year 2017	2.98 percent
Medicare Trend Assumption	
Medicare	
Fiscal year 2022	5.125 percent decreasing to 4.40 percent
Fiscal year 2020	5.25 percent decreasing to 4.75 percent
Fiscal year 2019	5.375 percent decreasing to 4.75 percent
Fiscal year 2018	5.50 percent decreasing to 5.00 percent
Pre – Medicare	
Fiscal year 2022	6.75 percent decreasing to 4.40 percent
Fiscal year 2020	7.00 percent decreasing to 4.75 percent
Fiscal year 2019	7.25 percent decreasing to 4.75 percent
Fiscal year 2018	7.50 percent decreasing to 5.00 percent

## Changes in Assumptions – STRS

For fiscal year 2018, the discount rate was increased from 3.26 percent to 4.13 percent based on the methodology defined under GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB) and the long term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75 percent to 7.45 percent. Valuation year per capita health care costs were updated, and the salary scale was modified. The percentage of future retirees electing each option was updated based on current data and the percentage of future disabled retirees and terminated vested participants electing health coverage were decreased. The assumed mortality, disability, retirement, withdrawal and future health care cost trend rates were modified along with the portion of rebated prescription drug costs.

## ZENITH ACADEMY WEST - FRANKLIN COUNTY, OHIO NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

For fiscal year 2019, the discount rate was increased from the blended rate of 4.13 percent to the long-term expected rate of return of 7.45.

For fiscal year 2020 and 2021, the health care cost trend rates were modified.

For fiscal year 2022, the discount rate was decreased from 7.45 percent to 7.00 percent. The health care cost trend rates modified.

## Changes in Benefit Terms – STRS

For fiscal year 2018, the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was reduced from 2.1 percent to 1.9 percent per year of service. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements were discontinued for certain survivors and beneficiaries and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 2020.

For fiscal year 2019, the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was increased from 1.9 percent to 1.944 percent per year of service effective January 1, 2019. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2019 and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 1, 2020.

For fiscal year 2020, claims curves were trended to the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020 to reflect the current price renewals. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2020 from 1.944% to 1.984 per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2020. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1,2021 to 2.1% for the Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed to January 1, 2021.

For fiscal year 2021, Claim curves were updated to reflect the projected fiscal year end 2021 premium based on June 30, 2020 enrollment distribution. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2021 from 1.984% to 2.055% per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2021. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1% for the AMA Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.

There were no benefit term changes from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2022.



## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Zenith Academy West Franklin County 3385 South Boulevard Columbus, OH 43204

To the Members of the Board:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the Zenith Academy West, Franklin County, Ohio, (the Academy) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Academy's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 29, 2022, wherein we noted the Academy adopted new accounting guidance in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, *Leases.* We also noted the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the Academy.

## **Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Academy's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Academy's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Academy's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Academy's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Academy's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

Zenith Academy West Franklin County Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards Page 2

#### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Academy's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

#### **Purpose of This Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Academy's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Academy's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

repka & associates

Zupka & Associates Certified Public Accountants

December 29, 2022

# ZENITH ACADEMY WEST FRANKLIN COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

The prior audit report, as of June 30, 2021, included no findings or management letter recommendations.

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## ZENITH ACADEMY WEST

## FRANKLIN COUNTY

## AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 2/7/2023

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370