

ADAMS METROPOLITAN HOUSING AUTHORITY ADAMS COUNTY

SINGLE AUDIT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

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Board of Commissioners Adams Metropolitan Housing Authority 401 East Seventh Street Manchester, Ohio 45144

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Adams Metropolitan Housing Authority, Adams County, prepared by BHM CPA Group, Inc., for the audit period October 1, 2022 through September 30, 2023. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Adams Metropolitan Housing Authority is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

April 22, 2024

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Adams Metropolitan Housing Authority Table of Contents For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

TITLE	<u>PAGE</u>
Independent Auditor's Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	5
Basic Financial Statements:	
Statement of Fund Net Position	13
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position	14
Statement of Cash Flows	15
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	17
Required Supplementary Information:	
Schedule of the Authority's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Ohio Public Employees Retirement System Last Ten Fiscal Years	40
Schedule of the Authority's Contributions – Pension Ohio Public Employees Retirement System Last Ten Fiscal Years	41
Schedule of the Authority's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability Ohio Public Employees Retirement System Last Seven Fiscal Years	42
Schedule of the Authority's Contributions – OPEB Ohio Public Employees Retirement System Last Nine Fiscal Years	43
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information	44
Supplementary Information:	
Financial Data Schedules:	
Entity Wide Balance Sheet	46
Entity Wide Revenue and Expense Summary	50
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	55
Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	56
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	57
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to the Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by Uniform Guidance	59
Schedule of Findings 2 CFR § 200.515	62

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Adams Metropolitan Housing Authority Adams County 401 East Seventh Street Manchester, Ohio 45144

To the Director and Board of Commissioners

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the Adams Metropolitan Housing Authority, Adams County, Ohio (Authority), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the of the Adams Metropolitan Housing Authority, Adams County, Ohio as of September 30, 2023, and the changes in financial position and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Authority, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Authority's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

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Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Authority's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the *management's discussion and analysis*, and schedules of net pension and other post-employment benefit liabilities and pension and other post-employment benefit contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Adams Metropolitan Housing Authority Adams County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

Supplementary information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements. The Financial Data Schedules and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, Financial Data Schedules and Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 1, 2024, on our consideration of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

BHM CPA Group

BHM CPA Group, Inc. Piketon, Ohio April 1, 2024

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The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is designed to (a) assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, (b) provide an overview of the financial activity of the Adams Metropolitan Housing Authority (the Authority) for the period, (c) identify changes in the Authority's financial position from the previous year, and (d) identify individual fund issues or concerns.

Since the MD&A is designed to focus on the financial activity of the current year, resulting changes, and currently known facts, please read it in conjunction with the Authority's financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources were \$3,101,372 and \$2,962,353 in 2023 and 2022, respectively. The Authority-wide statements reflect an increase in total assets and deferred outflow of resources of \$139,019 (about 5 percent) in 2023.
- Revenues increased from \$2,057,553 in 2022 to \$2,488,865 in 2023; an increase of 21 percent.
- Expenses were \$2,217,170 in 2022 and \$2,572,650 in 2023, a change of \$355,480 (or 16 percent).

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This report includes three major sections, the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A), Basic Financial Statements, and Other Required Supplementary Information.

MD&A

-Management's Discussion and Analysis

Basic Financial Statements

-Authority-Wide Financial Statements

Other Required Supplementary Information

-Required Supplementary Information (other than the MD&A)

The Authority's financial statements are designed to be corporate-like in that all business-type activities of the Authority are consolidated into one column that summarizes all financial activity for all the Authority's programs.

These Statements include a Statement of Net Position, which is similar to a Balance Sheet. The Statement of Net Position reports all financial and capital resources of the Authority. The Statement is presented in the format where assets and deferred outflows of resources, minus liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, equals Net Position, similar to equity. Assets and liabilities are presented in order of liquidity, and are classified as "Current" (convertible into cash within one year), and "Non-Current."

The focus of the Statement of Net Position, the Unrestricted Net Position, represents the net available liquid (non-capital) assets, net of liabilities, of the Authority. Net position is reported in three broad categories:

<u>Investment in Capital Assets</u>: This component of Net Position consists of all capital assets, reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings and liabilities that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

<u>Restricted Net Position</u>: This component of Net Position consists of restricted assets, those for which constraints are placed on the asset by creditors (such as debt covenants), or by grantors, contributors, laws, regulations, etc.

<u>Unrestricted Net Position</u>: This component consists of Net Position that do not meet the definition of Investment in Capital Assets, or Restricted Net Position.

The Authority's financial statements also include a Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Change in Fund Net Position (similar to an Income Statement). This Statement reports Operating Revenues, such as rental income, Operating Expenses, such as administrative, utilities, and maintenance, and depreciation, and Non-Operating Revenue and Expenses, such as capital grant revenue, investment income, and interest expense.

The focus of the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Change in Fund Net Position is the Change in Net Position, which is similar to Net Income or Loss.

Finally, the Authority's financial statements also include a Statement of Cash Flows. This Statement reports net cash provided by or used for operating activities, non-operating financial activities, and capital and related financing activities.

Fund Financial Statements

Traditional users of governmental financial statements will find the fund financial statements presentation more familiar than these for the Authority. The Authority consists exclusively of enterprise funds rather than governmental funds. Enterprise funds utilize the full accrual basis of accounting. The enterprise method of accounting is similar to accounting utilized by the private sector accounting rather than what is more common in financial statements for other types of governmental entities.

The Authority maintains its accounting records by program consistent with how funding is provided for these programs by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD).

THE AUTHORITY'S PROGRAMS

Conventional Public Housing

Under the Conventional Public Housing Program, the Authority rents units that it owns to low-income households. The Conventional Public Housing Program is operated under an Annual Contributions Contract (ACC) with HUD, and HUD provides Operating Subsidy to enable the PHA to provide the housing at a rent that generally is based on 30 percent of household income.

Housing Choice Voucher Program

Under the Housing Choice Voucher Program, the Authority administers contracts with independent landlords that own the property. The Authority subsidizes the family's rent through a Housing Assistance Payment made to the landlord. The Program is administered under an Annual Contributions Contract (ACC) with HUD. HUD provides Annual Contributions funding to enable the Authority to provide rental assistance to landlords so participants generally pay 30 percent of household income for rent and utilities.

Capital Fund Program

The Public Housing Program also includes the Capital Fund Program, which is the primary funding source for physical and management improvements to the Authority's properties. HUD's Capital Fund Program provides grant funds for development, renovation, and construction of Public Housing projects.

AUTHORITY STATEMENTS

Statement of Net Position

The following table is a condensed Statement of Net Position compared to prior year. The Authority is engaged in only business-type activities.

Table 1- Condensed Statement of Net 1 ost	aon		
		2023	2022
Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Current Assets	\$	488,539	\$ 508,882
Capital Assets		2,304,753	2,289,090
Other Non-current Assets		0	56,661
Deferred Outflows of Resources		308,080	 107,720
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	3,101,372	\$ 2,962,353
Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Current Liabilities	\$	124,576	\$ 99,455
Non-Current Liabilities		808,379	329,563
Deferred Inflows of Resources		4,341	 285,474
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources		937,296	 714,492
Net Position			
Investment in Capital Assets		2,304,753	2,289,090
Restricted		221	32,282
Unrestricted		(140,898)	 (73,511)
Total Net Position		2,164,076	 2,247,861
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position	\$	3,101,372	\$ 2,962,353

Table 1- Condensed Statement of Net Position

For more detailed information see Statement of Net Position presented elsewhere in this report

Current assets decreased modestly from the prior fiscal year-end, by \$20,343 (or 4%). The current asset decreasing most was restricted cash, reflecting the reduction in restricted net position. Restricted net position is unspent funding provided by HUD to make housing assistance payments (HAPs) on behalf of families being assisted through the Authority's Housing Choice Voucher program. HUD provides the funding to pay HAPs based on what the Authority reports it has spent for this purpose in recent months to try to reduce unspent cash in the system without limiting the ability of the Authority to meet its HAP commitments, so these changes are the result of normal fluctuations in the timing of when funding provided for the payments of HAPs is spent. And current assets did not decrease as much as restricted net position in part because of an increase in current liabilities of \$25,121, another change due to normal changes in the timing of when liabilities are incurred versus when they are paid.

As has been typical since the implementation of accounting standards GASB 68 and GASB 75 in fairly recent years, the largest changes on the statement are due to changes in balances reported in accordance with these standards. GASB 68 is an accounting standard that essentially requires the Authority to report as a noncurrent liability, the net pension liability (NPL), what is estimated to be its share of the unfunded pension liability, and other balances caused by changes in the pension liability of the of the pension system, the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). And GASB 75 is an accounting standard that essentially requires the Authority to report as a noncurrent liability, the net OPEB liability, what is estimated to be its share of the other postemployment benefits liability, and balances caused by changes in the OPEB liability, what is estimated to be its share of the other postemployment benefits liability, and balances caused by changes in the OPEB liability/asset, of the of the pension system, the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPEB refers to the healthcare plan of the pension system. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources are caused by changes in the NPL and OPEB liability/asset. Some changes in the NPL and OPEB balances are amortized over a five-year period and those amortized balances are reported as deferred outflows of resources, noncurrent liabilities and deferred inflows of resources are primarily related to changes in balances reported in accordance with GASB 68 and GASB 75.

Employees of the Authority are required by state law to be members of OPERS, and the Authority is required to make retirement contributions to OPERS for all of its employees. The Net Pension Liability is unlike other liabilities the agency has in that these liabilities do not represent invoices to be paid by the agency but rather is an attempt to estimate the extent to which contributions to OPERS would have to increase in order for OPERS to fully fund its future obligations. In Ohio there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension plan against a public employer like Adams MHA. Contribution rates for employees and employers are set by state law, so any change in the Net Pension Liability is unlike other liabilities the agency has in that these liabilities do not represent invoices to be paid by the agency but rather is an attempt to estimate the extent to which contributions to OPERS would have to increase in order for OPERS to fully fund its future obligations. The reporting of the balances in accordance with GASB 68 and GASB 75 has a significant effect on unrestricted net position. Unrestricted net position as of September 30, 2023 is (\$140,898) and is \$331,348 less than what it would be without balances reported in accordance with GASB 68 and GASB 75.

Table 2 presents details on the changes in Unrestricted Net Position:

Table 2- Change in Unrestricted Net Position	
Beginning Balance at October 1, 2022	\$ (73,511)
Change in Net Position 2023	(83,785)
Adjustments:	
Current Year Depreciation Expense (1)	345,317
Capital Revenue (1)	(320,980)
Capital Additions from Operations	(40,000)
Change in Restricted Net Position	32,061
Ending Balance at September 30, 2023	\$ (140,898)

(1) Revenues and expenses that affect the results of operations but do not have an impact on on Unrestricted Net Position.

While the change in net position is a significant measure of the Authority's activities, the analysis of the changes in Unrestricted Net Position provides, for some, a clearer indication of the change in the financial well-being of the Authority. See the discussion in the following section where changes in revenues and expenses are addressed.

The following schedule compares the revenues and expenses for the current and previous fiscal years. The Authority is engaged only in business-type activities.

Table 3 - Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Change in Net Position					
	2023	2022			
Revenues					
Tenant Revenues - Rents and Others	\$ 335,948	\$ 296,084			
Operating Subsidies and Grants	1,788,134	1,717,637			
Capital Grants	320,980	43,381			
Investment Income	81	76			
Other Revenues	43,722	375			
Total Revenues	2,488,865	2,057,553			
Expenses					
Administrative	608,252	416,625			
Tenant Services	42,945	35,743			
Utilities	173,041	155,772			
Maintenance	394,923	299,242			
General	114,341	68,364			
Housing Assistance Payments	893,831	893,185			
Depreciation	345,317	348,239			
Total Expenses	2,572,650	2,217,170			
Net (Decrease) in Net Position	(83,785)	(159,617)			
Beginning Net Position	2,247,861	2,407,478			
Ending Net Position	\$ 2,164,076	\$ 2,247,861			

For more detailed information see Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Change in Net Position presented elsewhere in this report.

Major Factors Affecting the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Change in Net Position

Incomes overall increased \$431,312 (or 21%), noting increases in every income line with the largest increase being in capital grant revenue. Capital grant revenue is the portion of the Capital Fund Program (CFP) grant revenue spent on capital expenditures, improvements to the Authority owned rental housing stock. HUD provides CFP grant funds annually on a formula basis based on the size, age and type of housing the Authority owns. Housing Authorities typically have up to four years to spend CFP grant program funds to permit for time to plan work items to be conducted with residents and other interested parties, and sometimes to allow for enough funds to accumulate to carry out larger work projects. So this increase in capital grant revenue is due to a normal fluctuation in when funds made available for this purpose are spent. Tenant rents are based on tenant families' ability to pay so the increase in tenant revenue reflects increases on average of tenant family incomes. The modest increase in operating subsidy income was largely due to the increase in subsidy the Authority's Public Housing program. HUD uses a formula to calculate the Public Housing operating subsidy eligibility each calendar year, and that did not change much from calendar year 2022 to 2023, so this increase is just the result of timing of when funds were drawn. The increase in other income is due to insurance proceeds received by the Authority in the period for a property loss.

Expenses overall also increased, increasing by \$355,480 (or 16%), with the largest increases being noted in administrative expense, maintenance expense and general expense. While the increase in administrative expense was partly due to routine increases in salaries and office costs, and the increase in maintenance expense was partly due to increases in the costs of materials and contract costs, the increase in pension expense is the largest component of the increase in administrative and maintenance expenses over the prior fiscal period. Pension expense is what is realized when there are changes in balances reported in accordance with GASB 68 and GASB 75, discussed in the section following Table 1. The \$171,750 increase in pension expense from the prior fiscal year-end is allocated as a benefit expense between administrative and maintenance based on salaries expense in each category. So this increase reflects changes in the retirement system and not in operations at the Authority. And the increase in general expense was largely due to increases in insurance costs, which is an insurance industry trend, and bad debt expense.

CAPITAL ASSETS

As of year-end, the Authority had \$2,304,753 invested in a variety of capital assets as reflected in the following schedule, which represents a net increase (current purchases less depreciation) of \$15,663 (or 1 percent) from the end of last year. Capital additions in the period totaled \$360,980.

Table 4 - Capital Assets at Year-End (Net of Depreciation)						
		2023		2023		2022
Land and Land Rights	\$	379,202	\$	379,202		
Buildings and Improvements		10,871,429		10,871,429		
Equipment		351,833		351,833		
Construction in Progress		360,980		0		
Accumulated Depreciation		(9,658,691)	_	(9,313,374)		
Total	\$	2,304,753	\$	2,289,090		

DEBT

As of the year-end, the Authority had no debt.

ECONOMIC FACTORS

Significant economic factors affecting the Authority are as follows:

- Federal funding provided by Congress to the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development is subject to cuts due to the tight Federal budget situation.
- Local labor supply and demand, which can affect salary and wage rates.
- Local inflationary, recessionary, and employment trends, which can affect resident incomes and therefore the amount of rental income.
- Inflationary pressure on utility rates, supplies, and other costs.

FINANCIAL CONTACT

The individual to be contacted regarding this report is James R. Bowman III, Executive Director of the Adams Metropolitan Housing Authority, at (937) 549-2648. Specific requests may be submitted to the Adams Metropolitan Housing Authority at 401 East Seventh Street, Manchester, Ohio 45144-1401.

Basic Financial Statements

ADAMS METROPOLITAN HOUSING AUTHORITY ADAMS COUNTY, OHIO STATEMENT OF FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Current Assets	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 345,703
Restricted Cash	101,980
Receivables, Net	34,823
Prepaid Expenses	6,033
Total Current Assets	488,539
	100,555
Non-Current Assets	
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets	740,182
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation	1,564,571
Total Capital Assets	2,304,753
Total Assets	2,793,292
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred Outflows of Resources - Pension	269,745
Deferred Outflows of Resources - OPEB	38,335
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	308,080
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$ 3,101,372
LIABILITIES. DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION	
Current Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	\$ 51,444
Accrued Liabilities	14,283
Intergovernmental Payables	36,247
Tenant Security Deposits	22,602
Total Current Liabilities	124,576
Non-Current Liabilities	
Accrued Compensated Absences Non-Current	100,989
Other Non-Current Liabilities	72,303
Net Pension Liability	622,704
Net OPEB Liability	12,383
Total Non-Current Liabilities	808,379
Total Liabilities	932,955
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred Inflows of Resources - OPEB	4,341
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	4,341
Net Position	
Investment in Capital Assets	2,304,753
Restricted Net Position	221
Unrestricted Net Position	(140,898)
Total Net Position	2,164,076
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION	\$ 3,101,372

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

ADAMS METROPOLITAN HOUSING AUTHORITY ADAMS COUNTY, OHIO STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGE IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

Operating Revenues	
Tenant Revenue	\$ 335,948
Government Operating Grants	1,788,134
Other Revenue	 130
Total Operating Revenues	 2,124,212
Operating Expenses	
Administrative	608,252
Tenant Services	42,945
Utilities	173,041
Maintenance	391,323
General	114,341
Housing Assistance Payment	893,831
Depreciation	 345,317
Total Operating Expenses	 2,569,050
Operating Income (Loss)	 (444,838)
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	
Interest and Investment Revenue	81
Casualty Loss Revenue	43,592
Casualty Loss Expense	(3,600)
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	 40,073
Income (Loss) Before Contributions	(404,765)
	220.000
Capital Grants	 320,980
Change in Net Position	(83,785)
Total Net Position - Beginning of Year	 2,247,861
Total Net Position - End of Year	\$ 2,164,076

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

ADAMS METROPOLITAN HOUSING AUTHORITY ADAMS COUNTY, OHIO STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

Cash Flows from Operating Activities	
Operating Grants Received	\$ 1,806,987
Tenant Revenue Received	345,064
Other Revenue Received	130
General and Administrative Expenses Paid	(1,257,548)
Housing Assistance Payments	(889,430)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	 5,203
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities	
Acquisition of Capital Assets	(360,980)
Capital Grants Received	320,980
Casualty Loss Proceeds	43,592
Casualty Loss Non-Capital Expended	(3,600)
Net Cash Used by Capital and Related Financing Activities	 (8)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities	
Interest Earned	81
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	 81
Net Increase in Cash	 5,276
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year	442,407
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year	\$ 447,683
Reconciliation of Net Operating Loss to <u>Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities</u>	
Net Operating Income (Loss)	\$ (444,838)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to	
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities:	
Depreciation	345,317
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable	
Accounts Receivable	25,619
OPEB Assets	56,661
Deferred Outflows	(200,360)
Increase (Decrease) in:	
Accounts Payable	20,092
Accrued Expenses Payable	(4,945)
Tenant Security Deposits	1,948
Unearned Income	402
Other Current Liabilities	2,765
Compensated Absences	16,001
Deferred Inflows	(281,133)
Pension Liability	453,655
OPEB Liability	12,383
Non-Current Liabilities - Other	 1,636
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$ 5,203

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the Adams Metropolitan Housing Authority (the Authority) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the Authority's accounting policies are described below.

Reporting Entity

The Authority was created under the Ohio Revised Code Section 3735.27. The Authority contracts with the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) to provide low- and moderate-income persons with safe and sanitary housing through rent subsidies provided by HUD. The Authority depends on the subsidies from HUD to operate.

The accompanying basic financial statements comply with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, (as amended by GASB Statement No. 61) in that the financial statements include all organizations, activities, and functions for which the Authority is financially accountable. This report includes all activities considered by management to be part of the Authority by virtue of Section 2100 of the Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards.

Section 2100 indicates that the reporting entity consists of a) the primary government, b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

A primary government has the ability to impose its will on an organization if it can significantly influence the programs, projects, or activities of, or the level of services performed or provided by, the organization. The financial benefit or burden relationship exists if the primary government a) is entitled to the organization's resources; b) is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the obligation to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or c) is obligated in some manner for the debt of the organization.

Management believes the financial statements included in this report represent all of the funds of the Authority over which the Authority is financially accountable.

Basis of Presentation

The Authority's basic financial statements consist of a Statement of Net Position, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Change in Fund Net Position, and a Statement of Cash Flows.

Fund Accounting

The Authority uses the proprietary fund to report on its financial position and the results of its operations for the HUD programs. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Fund Accounting (Continued)

Funds are classified into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. The Authority uses the proprietary category for its programs.

Proprietary Fund Types

Proprietary funds are used to account for the Authority's ongoing activities which are similar to those found in the private sector. The following is the proprietary fund type:

<u>Enterprise Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for the operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges or where it has been decided that periodic determination of revenue earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting

The proprietary funds are accounted for on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized in the period earned and expenses are recognized in the period incurred. Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 62, *Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance, contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements*, the Authority follows GASB guidance as applicable to enterprise funds.

Description of Programs

The following are the various programs which are included in the single enterprise fund of the Authority:

A. <u>Public Housing Program</u>

The Public Housing Program is designed to provide low-cost housing within Adams County. Under this Program, HUD provides funding via an annual contribution contract. These funds, combined with the rental income received from tenants, are available solely to meet the operating expenses of the Program.

B. Capital Fund Program

The Capital Fund Program provides funds annually, via a formula, to public housing agencies for capital and management activities, including modernization and development of housing owned by the Authority.

C. Housing Choice Voucher Program

The Housing Choice Voucher Program is authorized by Section 8 of the National Housing Act and provides housing assistance payments to private, not-for-profit, or public landlords to subsidize rentals for low-income persons.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Investments

The provisions of HUD Regulations restrict investments. There were no investments at September 30, 2023. Interest income earned in fiscal year ending September 30, 2023 totaled \$81.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are stated at cost. The capitalization policy of the Authority is to depreciate all non-expendable personal property having a useful life of more than one year and purchase price of \$5,000 or more per unit. Expenditures for repairs and maintenance are charged directly to expense as they are incurred. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings	40 years
Building Improvements	15 years
Furniture, Equipment, and Machinery	3-7 years

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balance of any borrowing and other liabilities incurred for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net position is recorded as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use by internal or external restrictions.

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues and expenses are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activities of the Proprietary Fund and expenses incurred for the day to day operation. For the Authority, operating revenues are tenant rent charges, operating subsidy from HUD, and other miscellaneous revenue.

Capital Contributions

This represents contributions made available to the Authority by HUD, which were used by the Authority to make capital improvements to its federally aided projects.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purpose of the Statement of Cash Flows, cash and cash equivalents include all highly liquid debt instruments with original maturities of three months or less.

Compensated Absences

The Authority accounts for compensated absences in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16. Sick leave and other compensated absences with similar characteristics are accrued as a liability using the vested method whereby the liability is recorded based on the sick leave accumulated at the balance sheet date by those employees who currently are expected to receive termination payouts. To calculate the liability, these accumulations are reduced to the maximum amount allowed as a termination payment.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Compensated Absences (Continued)

Vacation leave and other compensated absences with similar characteristics are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned by the employees if both of the following conditions are met: (1) the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the employeer and employee; and (2) it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means, such as cash payments at termination or retirement.

In the Proprietary Fund, the compensated absences are expensed when earned with the amount reported as a fund liability.

Budgetary Accounting

The Authority is required by contractual agreements to adopt annual operating budgets for all of its HUD funded programs. The budgets for its programs are prepared on a HUD basis, which is materially consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Board adopts the budget through passage of an Authority budget resolution.

Accounting and Reporting for Non-Exchange Transactions

The Authority accounts for non-exchange transactions in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 33, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Non-Exchange Transactions*. Non-exchange transactions occur when the Authority receives (or gives) value without directly giving (or receiving) equal value in return.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability(asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB, and pension/OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB systems report investments at fair value.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the Authority, deferred outflows of resources are reported on the government-wide statement of net position for pension and OPEB. The deferred outflows of resources related to pension and OPEB are explained in Notes 6 and 7.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized until that time. For the Authority, deferred inflows of resources include pension and OPEB. Deferred inflows of resources related to pension and OPEB are reported on the government-wide statement of net position. (See Notes 6 and 7)

Change in Accounting Principle

GASB Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*. This statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). This Statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset - an intangible asset - and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. These changes were incorporated in the Authority's financial statements; however, there was no effect on the beginning net position.

NOTE 2: **DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS**

Deposits

State statutes classify monies held by the Authority into three categories.

- 1. Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the Authority's treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawal on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.
- 2. Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Authority has identified as not required for use within the current two periods of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificate of deposits maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of the depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.
- 3. Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificate of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

NOTE 2: **DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS** (Continued)

Deposits (Continued)

Protection of the Authority's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by collateral held by the Authority, or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

At fiscal year-end September 30, 2023, the carrying amount of the Authority's deposits totaled \$447,683 (including \$75 petty cash) and its bank balance was \$480,655. Based on criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposits and Investments Risk Disclosures*, as of September 30, 2023, all \$480,655 was covered by Federal Depository Insurance.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the Authority will not be able to recover the deposits. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to 102 percent of the carrying value of deposits.

Such collateral, as permitted by Chapter 135 of the Ohio Revised Code, is held in a single financial institution's collateral pools at Federal Reserve banks, or at member banks of the Federal Reserve system, in the name of the respective depository bank, and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds, or as specific collateral held at the Federal Reserve bank in the name of the Authority. No deposits were subject to custodial credit risk at September 30, 2023.

NOTE 3: **<u>RESTRICTED CASH</u>**

Restricted cash balance as of September 30, 2023 of \$101,980 represents cash on hand for the following:

Unspent Funding to make Rental Assistance Payments	\$ 221
FSS Escrow Funds Held for Tenants	72,303
Tenant Security Deposit	22,602
HAP Payable	6,452
Unearned HUD Revenue	402
Total Restricted Cash	\$ 101,980

NOTE 4: **<u>NET RECEIVABLES</u>**

Receivable balances net of allowances for doubtful accounts as of September 30, 2023 of \$34,823 represents amounts due to the Authority from the following:

HUD	\$ 16,352
Current and Former Tenants	26,321
Allowance for Doubtful Accounts	 (7,850)
Total	\$ 34,823

NOTE 5: CAPITAL ASSETS

	Balance 9/30/22		Additions		tions	Balance 09/30/23
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated						
Land	\$ 379,202	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 379,202
Construction in Progress	0		360,980		0	360,980
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	 379,202		360,980		0	 740,182
Capital Assets Being Depreciated						
Buildings and Improvements	10,871,429		0		0	10,871,429
Furniture, Equipment, and Machinery -						
Dwelling	256,843		0		0	256,843
Administrative	94,990		0		0	94,990
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	 11,223,262		0		0	 11,223,262
Accumulated Depreciation						
Buildings and Improvements	(9,002,350)		(336,309)		0	(9,338,659)
Furniture and Equipment	(311,024)		(9,008)		0	(320,032)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	 (9,313,374)		(345,317)		0	 (9,658,691)
Depreciable Assets, Net	 1,909,888		(345,317)		0	 1,564,571
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$ 2,289,090	\$	15,663	\$	0	\$ 2,304,753

NOTE 6: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability reported on the statement of net position represents a liability to employees for pensions. Pensions are a component of exchange transactions – between an employer and its employees – of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee – on a deferred-payment basis – as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension liability represents the Authority's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the Authority's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The Authority cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, the Authority does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension.

NOTE 6: **DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN** (Continued)

Net Pension Liability (Continued)

GASB 68 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The Ohio Revised Code permits but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a *net pension asset* or a long-term *net pension liability*. Any liability for the contractually-required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in *Current Liabilities*.

Plan Description – Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

Authority employees participate in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS is a cost-sharing, multiple employer public employee retirement system which administers three separate pension plans. The traditional pension plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The member-directed plan is a defined contribution plan and the combined plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with defined contribution features. Participating employers are divided into state, local, law enforcement and public safety divisions. While members in the state and local divisions may participate in all three plans, law enforcement and public safety divisions exist only within the traditional plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits, and annual cost of living adjustments to members of the traditional and combined plans. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a standalone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about OPERS' fiduciary net position that may be obtained by visiting <u>https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml</u>, by writing to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling 800-222-7377.

Senate Bill (SB) 343 was enacted into law with an effective date of January 7, 2013. In the legislation, members in the traditional and combined plans were categorized into three groups with varying provisions of the law applicable to each group. The following table provides age and service requirements for retirement and the retirement formula applied to final average salary (FAS) for the three member groups under the traditional and combined plans as per the reduced benefits adopted by SB 343 (see OPERS' Annual Comprehensive Financial Report referenced above for additional information, including requirements for reduced and unreduced benefits):

NOTE 6: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Plan Description – Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) (Continued)

Group A	Group B	Group C
Eligible to retire prior to	20 years of service credit prior to	Members not in other Groups
January 7, 2013 or five years	January 7, 2013 or eligible to retire	and members hired on or after
after January 7, 2013	ten years after January 7, 2013	January 7, 2013
State and Local	State and Local	State and Local
Age and Service Requirements:	Age and Service Requirements:	Age and Service Requirements:
Age 60 with 60 months of service credit	Age 60 with 60 months of service credit	Age 62 with 60 months of service credit
or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	or Age 57 with 25 years of service credit
Traditional Plan Formula:	Traditional Plan Formula:	Traditional Plan Formula:
2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of	2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of	2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of
service for the first 30 years and 2.5%	service for the first 30 years and 2.5%	service for the first 35 years and 2.5%
for service years in excess of 30	for service years in excess of 30	for service years in excess of 35
Combined Plan Formula:	Combined Plan Formula:	Combined Plan Formula:
1% of FAS multiplied by years of	1% of FAS multiplied by years of	1% of FAS multiplied by years of
service for the first 30 years and 1.25%	service for the first 30 years and 1.25%	service for the first 35 years and 1.25%
for service years in excess of 30	for service years in excess of 30	for service years in excess of 35

Final average Salary (FAS) represents the average of the three highest years of earnings over a member's career for Groups A and B. Group C is based on the average of the five highest years of earnings over a member's career.

Members who retire before meeting the age and years of service credit requirement for unreduced benefits receive a percentage reduction in the benefit amount. The base amount of a member's pension benefit is locked in upon receipt of the initial benefit payment for calculation of the annual cost-of-living adjustment.

When a traditional plan benefit recipient has received benefits for 12 months, an annual cost of living adjustment (COLA) is provided. This COLA is calculated on the base retirement benefit at the date of retirement and is not compounded. Members retiring under the combined plan receive a cost-of-living adjustment on the defined benefit portion of their pension benefit. For those who retired prior to January 7, 2013, the COLA is 3 percent. For those retiring on or after January 7, 2013, beginning in 2019, the adjustment is based on the average percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index, capped at 3 percent.

Defined contribution plan benefits are established in the plan documents, which may be amended by the Board. Member-directed plan and combined plan members who have met the retirement eligibility requirements may apply for retirement benefits. The amount available for defined contribution benefits in the combined plan consists of the members' contributions plus or minus the investment gains or losses resulting from the members' investment selections. Combined plan members wishing to receive benefits must meet the requirements for both the defined benefit and defined contribution plans. Member-directed participants must have attained the age of 55, have money on deposit in the defined contribution plan and have terminated public service to apply for retirement benefits.

NOTE 6: **DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN** (Continued)

Plan Description – Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) (Continued)

The amount available for defined contribution benefits in the member-directed plan consists of the members' contributions, vested employer contributions and investment gains or losses resulting from the members' investment selections. Employer contributions and associated investment earnings vest over a five-year period, at a rate of 20 percent each year. At retirement, members may select one of several distribution options for payment of the vested balance in their individual OPERS accounts. Options include the annuitization of their benefit account (which includes joint and survivor options and will continue to be administered by OPERS), partial lump-sum payments (subject to limitations), a rollover of the vested account balance to another financial institution, receipt of entire account balance, net of taxes withheld, or a combination of these options. When members choose to annuitize their defined contribution benefit, the annuitized portion of the benefit is reclassified to a defined benefit.

Effective January 1, 2022, the Combined Plan is no longer available for member selection.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

	State		
	and Local		
2022-2023 Statutory Maximum Contribution Rates			
Employer	14.0 %		
Employee *	10.0 %		
2022-2023 Actual Contribution Rates			
Employer:			
Pension **	14.0 %		
Post-Employment Health Care Benefits **	0.0 %		
Total Employer	14.0 %		
Employee	10.0 %		

* Member contributions within combined plan are not used to fund the defined benefit retirement allowance.

** These pension and employer health care rates are for the traditional plan. Beginning July 1, 2022, the employer contribution rate for the combined plan is allocated 2 percent health care with the remainder going to pension. The employer contributions rate for the member-directed plan allocated 4 percent for health care with remainder going to pension.

Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll.

For fiscal year ending September 30, 2023, the Authority's contractually required contributions used to fund pension benefits was \$48,747 for the traditional plan.

NOTE 6: **DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN** (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability for OPERS was measured as of December 31, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Authority's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the Authority's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	OPERS	
Tr	aditional	
Pension Plan		
0.001943%		
0.002108%		
0.000165%		
\$	622,704	
\$	117,492	
	Tr Per	

At September 30, 2023, the Authority reported deferred outflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		OPERS Traditional		
	Pension Plan			
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Net difference between projected and				
actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$	177,493		
Differences between expected and				
actual experience		20,684		
Changes of assumptions		6,579		
Changes in proportion and differences				
between Authority contributions and				
proportionate share of contributions		28,868		
Authority contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date		36,121		
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	269,745		

\$36,121 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from the Authority's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending September 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

		OPERS		
	Traditional			
	Pe	Pension Plan		
Year Ending September 30:				
2024	\$	47,355		
2025		47,077		
2026		52,244		
2027		86,948		
Total	\$	233,624		

NOTE 6: **DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN** (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - OPERS

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the values of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review or modification as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2022, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement in accordance with the requirements of GASB 67. Key actuarial assumptions and methods used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results, are presented below:

	Traditional Pension Plan
Wage Inflation	
Current Measurement Date:	2.75 percent
Prior Measurement Date:	2.75 percent
Future Salary Increases,	
including inflation	
Current Measurement Date:	2.75 to 10.75 percent
	including wage inflation
Prior Measurement Date:	2.75 to 10.75 percent
	including wage inflation
COLA or Ad Hoc COLA	
Pre 1/7/2013 retirees:	3 percent, simple
Post 1/7/2013 retirees:	
Current Measurement Date:	3 percent, simple through 2023,
	then 2.05 percent simple
Prior Measurement Date:	3 percent, simple through 2022,
	then 2.05 percent simple
Investment Rate of Return	
Current Measurement Date:	6.9 percent
Prior Measurement Date:	6.9 percent
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age

NOTE 6: **DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN** (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - OPERS (Continued)

Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on 130% of the Pub-2010 General Employee Mortality tables (males and females) for State and Local Government divisions and 170% of the Pub-2010 Safety Employee Mortality tables (males and females) for the Public Safety and Law Enforcement divisions. Post-retirement mortality rates are based on 115% of the PubG-2010 Retiree Mortality Tables (males and females) for all divisions. Post-retirement mortality rates for disabled retirees are based on the PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree Mortality Tables (males and females) for all divisions. For all of the previously described tables, the base year is 2010 and mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2020 mortality improvement scales (males and females) to all of these tables.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended December 31, 2020.

OPERS manages investments in three investment portfolios: the Defined Benefits portfolio, the Health Care portfolio, and the Defined Contribution portfolio. The Defined Benefit portfolio includes the investment assets of the Traditional Pension Plan, the defined benefit component of the Combined Plan, and the annuitized accounts of the Member-Directed Plan. Within the Defined Benefit portfolio, contributions into the plans are all recorded at the same time, and benefit payments all occur on the first of the month. Accordingly, the moneyweighted rate of return is considered to be the same for all plans within the portfolio. The annual money weighted rate of return expressing investment performance, net of investments expenses and adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested, for the Defined Benefit portfolio was a loss of 12.1 percent for 2022.

The allocation of investment assets with the Defined Benefit portfolio is approved by the Board of Trustees as outlined in the annual investment plan. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the defined benefit pension plans. The long-term expected rate of return on defined benefit investment assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected real rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation. Best estimates of the geometric real rates of return were provided by the Board's investment consultant. For each major asset class that is included in the Defined Benefit portfolio's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2022, these best estimates are summarized in the following table:

		Weighted Average Long-Term Expected			
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Real Rate of Return (Geometric)			
Fixed Income	22.00 %	2.62 %			
Domestic Equities	22.00	4.60			
Real Estate	13.00	3.27			
Private Equity	15.00	7.53			
International Equities	21.00	5.51			
Risk Parity	2.00	4.37			
Other investments	5.00	3.27			
Total	100.00 %				

NOTE 6: **DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN** (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions – OPERS (Continued)

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.9 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefits payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Authority's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate The following table presents the Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 6.9 percent, as well as what the Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or one percent higher than the current rate:

	Current					
	1% Decrease (5.90%)		Discount Rate (6.90%)		1% Increase (7.90%)	
Authority's proportionate share		(
of the net pension liability	\$	932,790	\$	622,704	\$	364,768

NOTE 7: **DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS**

Net OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability reported on the statement of net position represents a liability to employees for OPEB. OPEB is a component of exchange transactions – between an employer and its employees – of salaries and benefits for employee services. OPEB are provided to an employee – on a deferred-payment basis – as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for OPEB is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net OPEB liability represents the Authority's proportionate share of each OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net OPEB liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting these estimates annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the Authority's obligation related to this liability to annually required payments. The Authority cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which OPEB are financed; however, the Authority does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including OPEB.

NOTE 7: **DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS** (Continued)

Net OPEB Liability (Continued)

GASB 75 assumes any liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because they benefit from employee services. OPEB contributions come from these employers and health care plan enrollees which pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. Any change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net OPEB liability. Resulting adjustments to the net OPEB liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net OPEB liability*. Any liability for the contractually-required OPEB contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in *intergovernmental payables*.

Plan Description – Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

The Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) administers three separate pension plans: the traditional pension plan, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan; the member-directed plan, a defined contribution plan; and the combined plan, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and defined contribution plan.

OPERS maintains a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment health care trust, which funds multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage and deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement (HRA) to qualifying benefit recipients of both the traditional pension and the combined plans.

Currently, Medicare-eligible retirees can select medical and prescription drug plans from a range of options and may elect optional vision and dental plans. Retirees and eligible dependents enrolled in Medicare Parts A and B have the option to enroll in a Medicare supplemental plan with the assistance of the OPERS Medicare Connector. The OPERS Medicare Connector is a relationship with a vendor selected by OPERS to assist retirees, spouses, and dependents with selecting a medical and pharmacy plan. Monthly allowances, based on years of service and the age at which the retiree first enrolled in OPERS coverage, are deposited into an HRA.

For non-Medicare retirees and eligible dependents, OPERS sponsors medical and prescription coverage through a professionally managed self-insured plan. An allowance to offset a portion of the monthly premium is offered to retirees and eligible dependents. The allowance is based on the retiree's years of service and age when they first enrolled in OPERS coverage.

The base HRA allowance is determined by OPERS. Retirees receive a percentage of the base allowance, calculated based on years of qualifying service credit and age when the retiree first enrolled in OPERS health care. Monthly allowances range between 51 percent and 90 percent of the base allowance.

NOTE 7: DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (Continued)

Plan Description – Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) (Continued)

The health care trust is also used to fund health care for member-directed plan participants, in the form of a Retiree Medical Account (RMA). At retirement or refund, member directed plan participants may be eligible for reimbursement of qualified medical expenses from their vested RMA balance.

OPERS members enrolled in the Traditional Pension Plan or Combined Plan retiring with an effective date of January 1, 2022 or after must meet the following health care eligibility requirements to receive an HRA allowance:

- 1. Medicare Retirees Medicare-eligible with a minimum of 20 years of qualifying service credit.
- 2. Non-Medicare Retirees Non-Medicare retirees qualify based on the following age-and-service criteria:
 - a. Group A 30 years of qualifying service credit at any age;
 - b. Group B 32 years of qualifying service credit at any age or 31 years of qualifying service credit and minimum age 52;
 - c. Group C 32 years of qualifying service credit and minimum age 55; or,
 - d. A retiree from groups A, B or C who qualifies for an unreduced pension, but a portion of their service credit is not health care qualifying service, can still qualify for health care at age 60 if they have at least 20 years of qualifying health care service credit.

Retirees who don't meet the requirement for coverage as a non-Medicare participant can become eligible

for coverage at age 65 if they have at least 20 years of qualifying service. Members with a retirement date prior to January 1, 2022 who were eligible to participate in the OPERS health care program will continue to be eligible after January 1, 2022, as summarized in the following table:

Retirement Date	Gro	up A	Gro	up B	Group C			
Ketti elilelit Date	Age Service		Age	Service	Age	Service		
December 1, 2014 or Prior	Any	10	Any	10	Any	10		
January 1, 2015 through December	60	20	52 60	31 20	55	32		
31, 2021	Any	30	Any	32	60	20		

The health care coverage provided by OPERS meets the definition of an Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement 75. See OPERS' Annual Comprehensive Financial Report referenced below for additional information.

NOTE 7: **DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS** (Continued)

Plan Description – Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) (Continued)

The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require OPERS to provide health care to its eligible benefit recipients. Authority to establish and amend health care coverage is provided to the Board in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code.

Disclosures for the health care plan are presented separately in the OPERS financial report. Interested parties may obtain a copy by visiting <u>https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml</u>, by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling (614) 222-5601 or 800-222-7377.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code provides the statutory authority requiring public employers to fund postemployment health care through their contributions to OPERS. When funding is approved by OPERS Board of Trustees, a portion of each employer's contribution to OPERS is set aside to fund OPERS health care plans.

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. In 2022 and 2023, state and local employers contributed at a rate of 14.0 percent of earnable salary and public safety and law enforcement employers contributed at 18.1 percent. These are the maximum employer contribution rates permitted by the Ohio Revised Code. Active member contributions do not fund health care.

Each year, the OPERS Board determines the portion of the employer contribution rate that will be set aside to fund health care plans. For 2022 and 2023, OPERS did not allocate any employer contributions to health care for members in the Traditional Pension Plan. Effective July 1, 2022, OPERS began allocating 2.0 percent of the employer contribution rate to health care funding for the Combined Plan. The OPERS Board is also authorized to establish rules for the retiree or their surviving beneficiaries to pay a portion of the health care provided. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected. The employer contribution as a percentage of covered payroll deposited into the RMA for participants in the Member-Directed Plan for 2022 and 2023 was 4.0 percent.

Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll.

None of the Authority's contractually required contribution were allocated to health care for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2023.

OPEB Liability, **OPEB** Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liability and total OPEB liability for OPERS were determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2021, rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2022, by incorporating the expected value of health care cost accruals, the actual health care payment, and interest accruals during the year. The Authority's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the Authority's share of contributions to the retirement plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

NOTE 7: DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (Continued)

OPEB Liability, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

		OFERS			
Proportion of the Net OPEB (Asset):					
Prior Measurement Date	(0.001809%			
Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability:					
Current Measurement Date	0.001964%				
Change in Proportionate Share	0.000155%				
Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$	12,383			
OPEB Expense	\$	(27,537)			

At September 30, 2023, the Authority reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	(OPERS
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Net difference between projected and		
actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	\$	24,595
Changes of assumptions		12,095
Changes in proportion and differences		
between Authority contributions and		
proportionate share of contributions		1,645
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	38,335
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and		
actual experience	\$	3,090
Changes of assumptions		995
Changes in proportion and differences		
between Authority contributions and		
proportionate share of contributions		256
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	4,341

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	(OPERS
Year Ending September 30:		
2024	¢	5 520
2024	\$	5,539
2025		8,905
2026		7,670
2027		11,880
Total	\$	33,994

NOTE 7: **DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS** (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - OPERS

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the values of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review or modification as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of health care costs for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan and include the types of coverage provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of costs between OPERS and plan members. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2021, rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2022. The actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions and methods applied to all prior periods included in the measurement in accordance with the requirements of GASB 74:

	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Wees Inflation	2.75 meresent	2.75 menoset
Wage Inflation	2.75 percent	2.75 percent
Projected Salary Increases	2.75 to 10.75 percent, including wage inflation	2.75 to 10.75 percent, including wage inflation
Single Discount Rate	5.22 percent	6.00 percent
Investment Rate of Return	6.00 percent	6.00 percent
Municipal Bond Rate	4.05 percent	1.84 percent
Health Care Cost Trend Rate	5.50 percent initial, 3.50 percent ultimate in 2036	5.50 percent initial, 3.50 percent ultimate in 2034
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age	Individual Entry Age

Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on 130% of the Pub-2010 General Employee Mortality tables (males and females) for State and Local Government divisions and 170% of the Pub-2010 Safety Employee Mortality tables (males and females) for the Public Safety and Law Enforcement divisions. Post-retirement mortality rates are based on 115% of the PubG-2010 Retiree Mortality Tables (males and females) for all divisions. Post-retirement mortality rates for disabled retirees are based on the PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree Mortality Tables (males and females) for all divisions. For all of the previously described tables, the base year is 2010 and mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2020 mortality improvement scales (males and females) to all of these tables.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended December 31, 2020.

NOTE 7: **DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS** (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions – OPERS (Continued)

During 2022, OPERS managed investments in three investment portfolios: the Defined Benefit portfolio, the Health Care portfolio and the Defined Contribution portfolio. The Health Care portfolio includes the assets for health care expenses for the Traditional Pension Plan, Combined Plan and Member-Directed Plan eligible members. Within the Health Care portfolio, contributions into the plans are assumed to be received continuously throughout the year based on the actual payroll payable at the time contributions are made, and health care-related payments are assumed to occur mid-year. Accordingly, the money-weighted rate of return is considered to be the same for all plans within the portfolio. The annual money-weighted rate of return expressing investment performance, net of investment expenses and adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested, for the Health Care portfolio was a loss of 15.6 percent for 2022.

The allocation of investment assets with the Health Care portfolio is approved by the Board of Trustees as outlined in the annual investment plan. Assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of continuing to offer a sustainable health care program for current and future retirees. OPERS' primary goal is to achieve and maintain a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the defined pension plans. Health care is a discretionary benefit. The long-term expected rate of return on health care investment assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected real rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation. The table below displays the Board-approved asset allocation policy for 2022 and the long-term expected real rates of return:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return (Geometric)
Fixed Income	34.00 %	2.56 %
Domestic Equities	26.00	4.60
Real Estate Investment Trust	7.00	4.70
International Equities	25.00	5.51
Risk Parity	2.00	4.37
Other investments	6.00	1.84
Total	100.00 %	

NOTE 7: DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions – OPERS (Continued)

Discount Rate A single discount rate of 5.22 percent was used to measure the OPEB liability on the measurement date of December 31, 2022; however, the single discount rate used at the beginning of the year was 6.00 percent. Projected benefit payments are required to be discounted to their actuarial present value using a single discount rate that reflects (1) a longterm expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments (to the extent that the health care fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and (2) tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate are not met). This single discount rate was based on an expected rate of return on the health care investment portfolio of 6.00 percent and a municipal bond rate of 4.05 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rate. Based on these assumptions, the health care fiduciary net position and future contributions were sufficient to finance health care costs through 2054. As a result, the actuarial long-term expected rate of return on health care investments was applied to projected costs through the year 2054, and the municipal bond rate was applied to all health care costs after that date.

Sensitivity of the Authority's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate The following table presents the Authority's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the single discount rate of 5.22 percent, as well as what the Authority's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1.0 percent lower or 1.0 percent higher than the current rate:

	Decrease 4.22%)	count Rate 5.22%)	1% Increase (6.22%)			
Authority's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 42,147	\$ 12,383	\$	(12,177)		

Sensitivity of the Authority's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rate Changes in the health care cost trend rate may also have a significant impact on the net OPEB liability. The following table presents the net OPEB liability calculated using the assumed trend rates, and the expected net OPEB liability if it were calculated using a health care cost trend rate that is 1.0 percent lower or 1.0 percent higher than the current rate.

NOTE 7: DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions – OPERS (Continued)

Retiree health care valuations use a health care cost-trend assumption that changes over several years built into the assumption. The near-term rates reflect increases in the current cost of health care; the trend starting in 2023 is 5.50 percent. If this trend continues for future years, the projection indicates that years from now virtually all expenditures will be for health care. A more reasonable alternative is the health plan cost trend will decrease to a level at, or near, wage inflation. On this basis, the actuaries project premium rate increases will continue to exceed wage inflation for approximately the next decade, but by less each year, until leveling off at an ultimate rate, assumed to be 3.50 percent in the most recent valuation.

	Current Health Care										
			Cost	Trend Rate							
	1%	Decrease	As	sumption	1% Increase						
Authority's proportionate share											
of the net OPEB asset	\$	11,607	\$	12,383	\$	13,257					

NOTE 8: SUMMARY OF CHANGES IN LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended September 30, 2023:

							Amounts			
	Ba	alance at					B	alance at	D	Due in
Description	9/30/2022		Additions]	Retired		9/30/2023		le Year
Net Pension Liability	\$	169,049	\$	453,655	\$	0	\$	622,704	\$	0
Net OPEB Liability		0	\$	12,383	\$	0	\$	12,383		0
Compensated Absences		89,847		31,546		(15,545)		105,848		4,859
Family Self-Sufficiency Escrows		70,667		23,525		(21,889)		72,303		0
	\$	329,563	\$	521,109	\$	(37,434)	\$	813,238	\$	4,859

NOTE 9: **<u>RISK MANAGEMENT</u>**

The Authority is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; damage to and theft or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees, and natural disasters. The Authority is covered for property damage, general liability, automobile liability, law enforcement liability, public officials' liability, and other crime liabilities through membership in the State Housing Authority Risk Pool Association, Inc. (SHARP). SHARP is an insurance risk pool comprised of thirty-nine (39) Ohio housing authorities.

Additionally, Workers' Compensation insurance is maintained through the State of Ohio Bureau of Workers' Compensation, which transitioned to prospective billing January 1, 2016. Rates were previously calculated retrospectively. Employers must reconcile their actual payroll for the prior policy year within 45 days after the close of the policy year.

There was no significant reduction in coverage and settled claims have not exceeded insurance held in any of the past three years.

NOTE 10: CONTINGENCIES

Grants

Amounts grantor agencies pay to the Authority are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor, principally the Federal government. Grantors may require refunding any disallowed costs or excess reserve balances. Management cannot presently determine amounts grantors may disallow or recapture. However, based on prior experience, management believes any such disallowed claims or recaptures amounts would not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the Authority at September 30, 2023.

Litigations and Claims

In the normal course of operations, the Authority may be subject to litigation and claims. At September 30, 2023, the Authority was not aware of any such matters that would have a material effect on the financial statements.

ADAMS METROPOLITAN HOUSING AUTHORITY ADAMS COUNTY, OHIO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE AUTHORITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Traditional Plan	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Authority's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.002108%	0.001943%	0.001619%	0.001906%	0.001937%	0.001799%	0.001735%	0.001885%	0.002412%	0.002412%
Authority's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 622,704	\$ 169,049	\$ 239,739	\$ 376,734	\$ 530,503	\$ 282,228	\$ 393,989	\$ 326,506	\$ 290,914	\$ 284,343
Authority's Covered Payroll	\$ 326,840	\$ 282,026	\$ 228,041	\$ 268,136	\$ 242,671	\$ 237,743	\$ 224,322	\$ 234,654	\$ 295,731	\$ 310,199
Authority's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	190.52%	59.94%	105.13%	140.50%	218.61%	118.71%	175.64%	139.14%	98.37%	91.66%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	75.74%	92.62%	86.88%	82.17%	74.70%	84.66%	77.25%	81.08%	86.45%	86.36%

Amounts presented as of the Authority's measurement date, which is the prior calendar year end.

ADAMS METROPOLITAN HOUSING AUTHORITY ADAMS COUNTY, OHIO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE AUTHORITY'S CONTRIBUTIONS – PENSION OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIRMENT SYSTEM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Contractually Required Contributions	\$ 48,747	\$ 43,263	\$ 37,400	\$ 34,322	\$ 37,610	\$ 33,961	\$ 31,483	\$ 27,734	\$ 31,426	\$ 36,424
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(48,747)	(43,263)	(37,400)	(34,322)	(37,610)	(33,961)	(31,483)	(27,734)	(31,426)	(36,424)
Contribution Deficiency / (Excess)	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Authority's Covered Payroll	\$ 348,193	\$ 309,021	\$ 267,143	\$ 245,157	\$ 268,643	\$ 246,925	\$ 231,117	\$ 231,117	\$ 261,883	\$ 303,533
Pension Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	13.75%	13.62%	12.00%	12.00%	12.00%

ADAMS METROPOLITAN HOUSING AUTHORITY ADAMS COUNTY, OHIO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE AUTHORITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIRMENT SYSTEM LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS (1)

	2023		2022 2021		2020		2019		2018			2017		
Authority's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability/Asset	0.001964%		0.001809%		0.001508%		0.001775%		0.001809%		0.001680%		0.001790%	
Authority's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability/(Asset)	\$	12,383	\$	(56,661)	\$	(26,866)	\$	245,174	\$	235,850	\$	182,436	\$	180,796
Authority's Covered Payroll	\$	326,840	\$	282,026	\$	228,041	\$	268,136	\$	242,671	\$	237,743	\$	248,046
Authority's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability/Asset as a Percentage of its covered Payroll		3.79%		-20.09%		-11.78%		91.44%		97.19%		76.74%		72.89%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability		94.79%		128.23%		115.57%		47.80%		46.33%		54.14%		54.05%

(1) Information prior to 2017 is not available. Schedule is intended to show ten years of information, and additional years will be displayed as the information becomes available.

Amounts presented as of the Authority's measurement date, which is the prior calendar year end.

ADAMS METROPOLITAN HOUSING AUTHORITY ADAMS COUNTY, OHIO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE AUTHORITY'S CONTRIBUTIONS - OPEB OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIRMENT SYSTEM LAST NINE FISCAL YEARS (1)

	2	023	 2022	 2021	 2020	 2019	 2018	 2017	 2016		2015
Contractually Required Contribution	\$	0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 627	\$ 3,241	\$ 5,475	\$	4,795
Contributions in Relation to the Cdontraxctually Required Contribution		0	 0	 0	 0	 0	 (627)	 (3,241)	 (5,475)		(4,795)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	0	\$ 0	\$	0						
Authority Covered Payroll	\$ 3	348,193	\$ 309,021	\$ 267,143	\$ 245,157	\$ 268,643	\$ 247,059	\$ 261,471	\$ 258,561	0\$	259,067
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.25%	1.24%	2.12%		1.85%

(1) Information prior to 2015 is not available. Schedule is intended to show ten years of information, and additional years will be displayed as the information becomes available.

ADAMS METROPOLITAN HOUSING AUTHORITY ADAMS COUNTY, OHIO NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (OPERS)

Net Pension Liability

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2014-2023.

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for 2014-2016 and 2018. For 2017, the following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the expected investment return was reduced from 8.00% to 7.50%, (b) the expected long-term average wage inflation rate was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%, (c) the expected long-term average price inflation rate was reduced from 3.00% to 2.50%, (d) Rates of withdrawal, retirement and disability were updated to reflect recent experience, (e) mortality rates were updated to the RP-2014 Health Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observant period base year of 2006 and then established the base year as 2015 (f) mortality rates used in evaluating disability allowances were updated to the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality tables, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation base year of 2006 and a base year of 2015 for males and 2010 for females (g) Mortality rates for a particular calendar year for both healthy and disabled retiree mortality tables are determined by applying the MP-2015 mortality improvement scale to the above described tables. For 2019, the following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the expected investment return was reduced from 7.50% to 7.20%. For 2020, the following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the cost-of-living adjustments for post-1/7/2013 retirees were reduced from 3.00% simple through 2018 to 1.40% simple through 2020, then 2.15% simple. For 2021, the following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the cost-of-living adjustments for post-1/7/2013 retirees were reduced from 1.40% simple through 2020 to 0.50% simple through 2021, then 2.15% simple. For 2022, the following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the expected long-term average wage inflation rate was reduced from 3.25% to 2.75% (b) the cost-ofliving adjustments for post-1/7/2013 retirees were increased from 0.50% simple through 2021 to 3.00% simple through 2022, then 2.05% simple (c) the expected investment return was reduced from 7.20% to 6.90%. There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for 2023.

ADAMS METROPOLITAN HOUSING AUTHORITY ADAMS COUNTY, OHIO NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023 (CONTINUED)

OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (OPERS)

Net OPEB Liability

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2018-2023.

Changes in assumptions: For 2018, the single discount rate changed from 4.23% to 3.85%. For 2019, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the expected investment return was reduced from 6.50% to 6.00% (b) In January 2019, the Board adopted changes to health care coverage for Medicare and pre-Medicare retirees. It will include discontinuing the PPO plan for pre-Medicare retirees and replacing it with a monthly allowance to help participants pay for a health care plan of their choosing. The base allowance for Medicare eligible retirees will be reduced. The specific effect of these changes on the net OPEB liability and OPEB expense are unknown at this time (c) the single discount rate changed from 3.85% to 3.96%. For 2020, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the single discount rate changed from 3.96% to 3.16%. For 2021, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the single discount rate changed from 3.16% to 6.00% (b) the municipal bond rate changed from 2.75% to 2.00% (c) the health care cost trend rate changed from 10.50% initial and 3.50% ultimate in 2030 to 8.50% initial and 3.50% ultimate in 2035. For 2022, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the expected long-term average wage inflation rate was reduced from 3.25% to 2.75%. (b) the municipal bond rate changed from 2.00% to 1.84% (c) the health care cost trend rate changed from 8.50% initial and 3.50% ultimate in 2035 to 5.50% initial and 3.50% ultimate in 2034. For 2023, the following changes in assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the single discount rate changed from 6.00% to 5.22% (b) the municipal bond rate changed from 1.84% to 4.05% (c) the health care cost trend rate changed from 5.50% initial and 3.50% ultimate in 2034 to 5.50% initial and 3.50% ultimate in 2036.

Submission Type: Audited/Single Audit

	Project Total	14.896 PIH Family Self-Sufficiency Program	14.871 Housing Choice Vouchers	Subtotal	ELIM	Total
111 Cash - Unrestricted	\$224,650		\$121,053	\$345,703		\$345,703
112 Cash - Restricted - Modernization and Development						
113 Cash - Other Restricted	\$26,828	\$402	\$45,696	\$72,926		\$72,926
114 Cash - Tenant Security Deposits	\$22,602			\$22,602		\$22,602
115 Cash - Restricted for Payment of Current Liabilities			\$6,452	\$6,452		\$6,452
100 Total Cash	\$274,080	\$402	\$173,201	\$447,683		\$447,683
121 Accounts Receivable - PHA Projects						
122 Accounts Receivable - HUD Other Projects	\$16,352			\$16,352	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	\$16,352
124 Accounts Receivable - Other Government						
125 Accounts Receivable - Miscellaneous					•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	
126 Accounts Receivable - Tenants	\$16,764			\$16,764		\$16,764
126.1 Allowance for Doubtful Accounts -Tenants	-\$6,500			-\$6,500	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	-\$6,500
126.2 Allowance for Doubtful Accounts - Other	-\$1,350			-\$1,350		-\$1,350
127 Notes, Loans, & Mortgages Receivable - Current	\$9,557			\$9,557		\$9,557
128 Fraud Recovery						
128.1 Allowance for Doubtful Accounts - Fraud						
129 Accrued Interest Receivable						
120 Total Receivables, Net of Allowances for Doubtful Accounts	\$34,823	\$0	\$0	\$34,823		\$34,823
131 Investments - Unrestricted						
132 Investments - Restricted						
135 Investments - Restricted for Payment of Current Liability						
142 Prepaid Expenses and Other Assets	\$6,033		••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	\$6,033		\$6,033
143 Inventories			•••••••		······	
143.1 Allowance for Obsolete Inventories						
144 Inter Program Due From			•••••••		·····	
145 Assets Held for Sale			Ī			

Submission Type: Audited/Single Audit

	Project Total	14.896 PIH Family Self-Sufficiency Program	14.871 Housing Choice Vouchers	Subtotal	ELIM	Total
150 Total Current Assets	\$314,936	\$402	\$173,201	\$488,539		\$488,539
161 Land	\$379,202			\$379,202		\$379,202
162 Buildings	\$10,871,429			\$10,871,429		\$10,871,429
163 Furniture, Equipment & Machinery - Dwellings	\$256,843			\$256,843		\$256,843
164 Furniture, Equipment & Machinery - Administration	\$76,447		\$18,543	\$94,990		\$94,990
165 Leasehold Improvements						
166 Accumulated Depreciation	-\$9,641,533		-\$17,158	-\$9,658,691		-\$9,658,691
167 Construction in Progress	\$360,980			\$360,980		\$360,980
168 Infrastructure						
160 Total Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	\$2,303,368	\$0	\$1,385	\$2,304,753		\$2,304,753
171 Notes, Loans and Mortgages Receivable - Non-Current						
172 Notes, Loans, & Mortgages Receivable - Non Current - Past Due						
173 Grants Receivable - Non Current						
174 Other Assets						
176 Investments in Joint Ventures						
180 Total Non-Current Assets	\$2,303,368	\$0	\$1,385	\$2,304,753		\$2,304,753
200 Deferred Outflow of Resources	\$242,028		\$66,052	\$308,080		\$308,080
290 Total Assets and Deferred Outflow of Resources	\$2,860,332	\$402	\$240,638	\$3,101,372		\$3,101,372
311 Bank Overdraft						
312 Accounts Payable <= 90 Days	\$32,466		\$12,526	\$44,992		\$44,992
313 Accounts Payable >90 Days Past Due						
321 Accrued Wage/Payroll Taxes Payable	\$7,477		\$1,545	\$9,022		\$9,022
322 Accrued Compensated Absences - Current Portion	\$2,876		\$1,983	\$4,859		\$4,859

Submission Type: Audited/Single Audit

	Project Total	14.896 PIH Family Self-Sufficiency Program	14.871 Housing Choice Vouchers	Subtotal	ELIM	Total
324 Accrued Contingency Liability						
325 Accrued Interest Payable						
331 Accounts Payable - HUD PHA Programs						
332 Account Payable - PHA Projects						
333 Accounts Payable - Other Government	\$36,247			\$36,247		\$36,247
341 Tenant Security Deposits	\$22,602			\$22,602		\$22,602
342 Unearned Revenue		\$402		\$402		\$402
343 Current Portion of Long-term Debt - Capital Projects/Mortgage Revenue						
344 Current Portion of Long-term Debt - Operating Borrowings						
345 Other Current Liabilities			\$6,452	\$6,452		\$6,452
346 Accrued Liabilities - Other						
347 Inter Program - Due To						
348 Loan Liability - Current						
310 Total Current Liabilities	\$101,668	\$402	\$22,506	\$124,576		\$124,576
351 Long-term Debt, Net of Current - Capital Projects/Mortgage Revenue						
352 Long-term Debt, Net of Current - Operating Borrowings						
353 Non-current Liabilities - Other	\$26,828		\$45,475	\$72,303		\$72,303
354 Accrued Compensated Absences - Non Current	\$75,338		\$25,651	\$100,989		\$100,989
355 Loan Liability - Non Current						
356 FASB 5 Liabilities						
357 Accrued Pension and OPEB Liabilities	\$498,924		\$136,163	\$635,087		\$635,087
350 Total Non-Current Liabilities	\$601,090	\$0	\$207,289	\$808,379		\$808,379
300 Total Liabilities	\$702,758	\$402	\$229,795	\$932,955		\$932,955
400 Deferred Inflow of Resources	\$3,410		\$931	\$4,341		\$4,341

Submission Type: Audited/Single Audit

	Project Total	14.896 PIH Family Self-Sufficiency Program	14.871 Housing Choice Vouchers	Subtotal	ELIM	Total
508.4 Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$2,303,368	\$0	\$1,385	\$2,304,753		\$2,304,753
511.4 Restricted Net Position	\$0	\$0	\$221	\$221		\$221
512.4 Unrestricted Net Position	-\$149,204	\$0	\$8,306	-\$140,898		-\$140,898
513 Total Equity - Net Assets / Position	\$2,154,164	\$0	\$9,912	\$2,164,076		\$2,164,076
600 Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Equity - Net	\$2,860,332	\$402	\$240,638	\$3,101,372		\$3,101,372

Submission Type: Audited/Single Audit

	Project Total	14.896 PIH Family Self-Sufficiency Program	14.871 Housing Choice Vouchers	Subtotal	ELIM	Total
70300 Net Tenant Rental Revenue	\$325,211			\$325,211		\$325,211
70400 Tenant Revenue - Other	\$10,737			\$10,737		\$10,737
70500 Total Tenant Revenue	\$335,948	\$0	\$0	\$335,948	\$0	\$335,948
70600 HUD PHA Operating Grants	\$739,564	\$42,945	\$1,005,625	\$1,788,134		\$1,788,134
70610 Capital Grants	\$320,980			\$320,980		\$320,980
70710 Management Fee						
70720 Asset Management Fee						
70730 Book Keeping Fee						
70740 Front Line Service Fee						
70750 Other Fees						
70700 Total Fee Revenue				\$0	\$0	\$0
70800 Other Government Grants						
71100 Investment Income - Unrestricted	\$81			\$81		\$81
71200 Mortgage Interest Income						
71300 Proceeds from Disposition of Assets Held for Sale						
71310 Cost of Sale of Assets						
71400 Fraud Recovery			\$130	\$130		\$130
71500 Other Revenue	\$43,592			\$43,592		\$43,592
71600 Gain or Loss on Sale of Capital Assets						
72000 Investment Income - Restricted						
70000 Total Revenue	\$1,440,165	\$42,945	\$1,005,755	\$2,488,865	\$0	\$2,488,865
91100 Administrative Salaries	\$188,196		\$61,258	\$249,455		\$249,455
91200 Auditing Fees	\$6,463		\$1,627	\$8,090		\$8,090
91300 Management Fee						
91310 Book-keeping Fee						

Submission Type: Audited/Single Audit

	Project Total	14.896 PIH Family Self-Sufficiency Program	14.871 Housing Choice Vouchers	Subtotal	ELIM	Total
91400 Advertising and Marketing						
91500 Employee Benefit contributions - Administrative	\$162,740		\$45,841	\$208,581		\$208,581
91600 Office Expenses	\$64,764		\$27,117	\$91,881		\$91,881
91700 Legal Expense	\$2,488		\$225	\$2,713		\$2,713
91800 Travel	\$3,469		\$1,547	\$5,016		\$5,016
91810 Allocated Overhead						
91900 Other	\$30,505		\$12,011	\$42,516		\$42,516
91000 Total Operating - Administrative	\$458,625	\$0	\$149,626	\$608,252	\$0	\$608,252
92000 Asset Management Fee						
92100 Tenant Services - Salaries		\$34,470		\$34,470		\$34,470
92200 Relocation Costs						
92300 Employee Benefit Contributions - Tenant Services		\$5,875		\$5,875		\$5,875
92400 Tenant Services - Other		\$2,600		\$2,600		\$2,600
92500 Total Tenant Services	\$0	\$42,945	\$0	\$42,945	\$0	\$42,945
93100 Water	\$146,886			\$146,886		\$146,886
93200 Electricity	\$23,825			\$23,825		\$23,825
93300 Gas	\$2,330			\$2,330		\$2,330
93400 Fuel						
93500 Labor						
93600 Sewer						
93700 Employee Benefit Contributions - Utilities						
93800 Other Utilities Expense						
93000 Total Utilities	\$173,041	\$0	\$0	\$173,041	\$0	\$173,041
94100 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations - Labor	\$73,966			\$73,966		\$73,966
94200 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations - Materials and Other	\$112,803		\$163	\$112,966		\$112,966

Submission Type: Audited/Single Audit

	Project Total	14.896 PIH Family Self-Sufficiency Program	14.871 Housing Choice Vouchers	Subtotal	ELIM	Total
94300 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations Contracts	\$137,694		\$1,448	\$139,142		\$139,142
94500 Employee Benefit Contributions - Ordinary Maintenance	\$63,790			\$63,790		\$63,790
94000 Total Maintenance	\$388,253	\$0	\$1,611	\$389,864	\$0	\$389,864
95100 Protective Services - Labor						
95200 Protective Services - Other Contract Costs						
95300 Protective Services - Other						
95500 Employee Benefit Contributions - Protective Services						1
95000 Total Protective Services	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
96110 Property Insurance	\$45,552			\$45,552		\$45,552
96120 Liability Insurance			\$2,582	\$2,582		\$2,582
96130 Workmen's Compensation						
96140 All Other Insurance						
96100 Total insurance Premiums	\$45,552	\$0	\$2,582	\$48,134	\$0	\$48,134
96200 Other General Expenses			\$537	\$537		\$537
96210 Compensated Absences	\$16,717			\$16,717		\$16,717
96300 Payments in Lieu of Taxes	\$15,217			\$15,217		\$15,217
96400 Bad debt - Tenant Rents	\$33,736			\$33,736		\$33,736
96500 Bad debt - Mortgages						
96600 Bad debt - Other						
96800 Severance Expense						
96000 Total Other General Expenses	\$65,670	\$0	\$537	\$66,207	\$0	\$66,207
96710 Interest of Mortgage (or Bonds) Payable						
96720 Interest on Notes Payable (Short and Long Term)						
96730 Amortization of Bond Issue Costs						

Submission Type: Audited/Single Audit

	Project Total	14.896 PIH Family Self-Sufficiency Program	14.871 Housing Choice Vouchers	Subtotal	ELIM	Total
96700 Total Interest Expense and Amortization Cost	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
96900 Total Operating Expenses	\$1,131,141	\$42,945	\$154,356	\$1,328,442	\$0	\$1,328,442
97000 Excess of Operating Revenue over Operating Expenses	\$309,024	\$0	\$851,399	\$1,160,423	\$0	\$1,160,423
97100 Extraordinary Maintenance	\$1,459			\$1,459		\$1,459
97200 Casualty Losses - Non-capitalized	\$3,600			\$3,600		\$3,600
97300 Housing Assistance Payments			\$893,831	\$893,831		\$893,831
97350 HAP Portability-In						
97400 Depreciation Expense	\$344,412		\$905	\$345,317		\$345,317
97500 Fraud Losses						
97600 Capital Outlays - Governmental Funds						
97700 Debt Principal Payment - Governmental Funds						
97800 Dwelling Units Rent Expense						
90000 Total Expenses	\$1,480,612	\$42,945	\$1,049,093	\$2,572,650	\$0	\$2,572,650
10010 Operating Transfer In						
10020 Operating transfer Out						
10030 Operating Transfers from/to Primary Government						
10040 Operating Transfers from/to Component Unit						
10050 Proceeds from Notes, Loans and Bonds						
10060 Proceeds from Property Sales						
10070 Extraordinary Items, Net Gain/Loss						
10080 Special Items (Net Gain/Loss)						
10091 Inter Project Excess Cash Transfer In	\$60,000			\$60,000	-\$60,000	\$0
10092 Inter Project Excess Cash Transfer Out	-\$60,000			-\$60,000	\$60,000	\$0
10093 Transfers between Program and Project - In						

Submission Type: Audited/Single Audit

	Project Total	14.896 PIH Family Self-Sufficiency Program	14.871 Housing Choice Vouchers	Subtotal	ELIM	Total
10094 Transfers between Project and Program - Out						1
10100 Total Other financing Sources (Uses)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
10000 Excess (Deficiency) of Total Revenue Over (Under) Total Expenses	-\$40,447	\$0	-\$43,338	-\$83,785	\$0	-\$83,785
11020 Required Annual Debt Principal Payments	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0		\$0
11030 Beginning Equity	\$2,194,611	\$0	\$53,250	\$2,247,861		\$2,247,861
11040 Prior Period Adjustments, Equity Transfers and Correction of Errors	\$0			\$0		\$0
11050 Changes in Compensated Absence Balance						
11060 Changes in Contingent Liability Balance						
11070 Changes in Unrecognized Pension Transition Liability						
11080 Changes in Special Term/Severance Benefits Liability						
11090 Changes in Allowance for Doubtful Accounts - Dwelling Rents						
11100 Changes in Allowance for Doubtful Accounts - Other						
11170 Administrative Fee Equity			\$9,692	\$9,692		\$9,692
11180 Housing Assistance Payments Equity			\$221	\$221		\$221
11190 Unit Months Available	1704		3456	5160		5160
11210 Number of Unit Months Leased	1547		2204	3751		3751
11270 Excess Cash	\$134,749			\$134,749		\$134,749
11610 Land Purchases	\$0			\$0		\$0
11620 Building Purchases	\$224,685			\$224,685		\$224,685
11630 Furniture & Equipment - Dwelling Purchases	\$0			\$0		\$0
11640 Furniture & Equipment - Administrative Purchases	\$0			\$0		\$0
11650 Leasehold Improvements Purchases	\$0			\$0		\$0
11660 Infrastructure Purchases	\$0			\$0		\$0
13510 CFFP Debt Service Payments	\$0			\$0		\$0
13901 Replacement Housing Factor Funds	\$0			\$0		\$0

ADAMS METROPOLITAN HOUSING AUTHORITY ADAMS COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

Federal Grantor/ Pass Through Grantor/ Program/Title	Assistance Listing Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development		1
Direct Programs		
Public and Indian Housing	14.850	\$ 723,084
Housing Voucher Cluster:		
Section 8 Housing Choice Vouchers	14.871	1,005,625
Total Housing Voucher Program		1,005,625
Public Housing Capital Fund	14.872	337,460
Family Self-Sufficiency Program	14.896	42,945
Total Direct Programs		2,109,114
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development		2,109,114
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS		\$ 2,109,114

See accompanying note to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

ADAMS METROPOLITAN HOUSING AUTHORITY ADAMS COUNTY, OHIO NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 1: BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the Adams Metropolitan Housing Authority under programs of the Federal government for the year ended September 30, 2023. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because of Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Adams Metropolitan Housing Authority, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of Adams Metropolitan Housing Authority.

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the GAAP basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

NOTE 3: **INDIRECT COST RATE**

Adams Metropolitan Housing Authority has elected not to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Adams Metropolitan Housing Authority Adams County 401 East Seventh Street Manchester, Ohio 45144

To the Director and Board of Commissioners

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), the financial statements of the Adams Metropolitan Housing Authority, Adams County, (the Authority) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated April 1, 2024.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Authority's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Authority's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

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Adams Metropolitan Housing Authority Adams County Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Authority's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Authority's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

BHM CPA Group

BHM CPA Group, Inc. Piketon, Ohio April 1, 2024



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO THE MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Adams Metropolitan Housing Authority Adams County 401 East Seventh Street Manchester, Ohio 45144

To the Director and Board of Commissioners

Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program

Opinion on the Major Federal Program

We have audited Adams Metropolitan Housing Authority's, Adams County, (Authority) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on Adams Metropolitan Housing Authority's major federal program for the year ended September 30, 2023. Adams Metropolitan Housing Authority's major federal program is identified in the *Summary of Auditor's Results* section of the accompanying schedule of findings.

In our opinion, Adams Metropolitan Housing Authority complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended September 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on the Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Authority and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Authority's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

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Adams Metropolitan Housing Authority Adams County Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to the Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance Page 2

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

The Authority's Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the Authority's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the Authority's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the Authority's compliance with the requirements of the major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design
 and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a
 test basis, evidence regarding the Authority's compliance with the compliance requirements
 referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the
 circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of the Authority's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in
 order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report
 on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the
 purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control over
 compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Adams Metropolitan Housing Authority Adams County

Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to the Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Page 3

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance* section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of this testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

BHM CPA Group

BHM CPA Group, Inc. Piketon, Ohio April 1, 2024

Adams Metropolitan Housing Authority Schedule of Findings 2 CFR § 200.515 September 30, 2023

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material weakness in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR § 200.516(a)?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Housing Choice Voucher Cluster, ALN 14.871
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A/B Programs	Type A: > \$750,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee under 2 CFR § 200.520?	No

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None

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ADAMS METROPOLITAN HOUSING AUTHORITY

ADAMS COUNTY

AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 5/2/2024

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370