CITY OF BEREA CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO

REGULAR AUDIT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023



www.reacpa.com



65 East State Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 ContactUs@ohioauditor.gov 800-282-0370

Members of Council City of Berea 11 Berea Commons Berea, Ohio 44017

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the City of Berea, Cuyahoga County, prepared by Rea & Associates, Inc., for the audit period January 1, 2023 through December 31, 2023. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The City of Berea is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

July 25, 2024



City of Berea Cuyahoga County, Ohio

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Berea Cuyahoga County, Ohio 11 Berea Commons Berea, OH 44017

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Berea, Cuyahoga County, Ohio (the City) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 25, 2024.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

City of Berea
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on
Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements
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Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Rea & Associates, Inc.

Lea & Associates, Inc.

Medina, Ohio

June 25, 2024

CITY OF BEREA, OHIO



MAYOR CYRIL M. KLEEM
ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

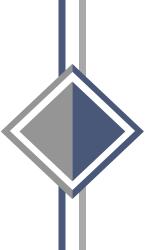
CITY OF BEREA, OHIO

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Issued by: Department of Finance Andrea D. Morris Director of Finance

> Andrew S. Palcheff, CPA Chief Budget Officer



INTRODUCTORY SECTION

City of Berea
Cuyahoga County, Ohio
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CITY OF BEREA

"The Grindstone City"

Cyril M. Kleem

Mayor

Andrea Morris Director of Finance 11 Berea Commons Berea, Ohio 44017

Phone: 440-826-5889 Fax. 440-234-5628 Website www.cityofberea.org Email amorris@cityofberea.org

June 25, 2024

Honorable Mayor Cyril M. Kleem, Members of City Council, and Citizens of Berea, Ohio

I am pleased to submit the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the City of Berea, Ohio for the year ended December 31, 2023.

The Ohio Revised Code requires that every general-purpose local government publish within six months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of audited financial statements. This report is published to fulfill that requirement for 2023.

Management assumes full responsibility for both the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

Rea and Associates, Inc. has issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on the City of Berea's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2023. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview and analysis of the basic financial statements. The MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

History of Berea

Berea earned its name by the flip of a coin on September 27, 1836. Berea grew from an agricultural area to a quarry town in 1840. John Baldwin is credited with the discovery of a lathe to cut slabs of stone into grindstone, thus making "Berea sandstone" world famous. The grindstones were used to sharpen tools for farm, home and industry. The large sandstone from Berea quarries were used in prestigious buildings in the United States and abroad. In the 1940's, grindstones were replaced with carbon grinding wheels, and cement was being used more often in construction. The City holds a "Grindstone Festival" every year to honor its past. (Berea Historical Society and "Men of Grit and Greatness" by W. F. Holzworth)

General Information

Situated in the southwest portion of Cuyahoga County, Berea is ten miles from downtown Cleveland. The City's population from the 2020 Federal Census was 18,545 residents. Total land area is approximately 6.5 square miles.

The City's immediate access to three State and U.S. highways and Interstate highways: I-71, I-80 and I-480 makes Berea an attractive location for residents and commercial enterprise. The City is served by Norfolk-Southern and CSX railroads and is adjacent to areas served by Amtrak railroad. Cleveland Hopkins International Airport, located within three miles of the City, and Burke Lakefront Airport, located within 15 miles of the City, add to the desirability of the area.

Baldwin Wallace University (formerly Baldwin Wallace College) founded in 1845, a private liberal arts college well known for its Conservatory of Music, is located in the City. Within commuting distance of the City are several public and private two-year and four-year colleges and universities, including Case Western Reserve University, Cleveland State University, Cuyahoga Community College, John Carroll University, Kent State University, Lorain County Community College, Notre Dame College, Ursuline College, Oberlin College and the University of Akron.

The City utilizes over 80 acres of City-owned park land to house a variety of recreational facilities including an outdoor municipal pool, playgrounds, and softball and football fields. The Coe Lake recreation area features paddle boats, nature trails, and an outdoor science education center along with a gazebo, pavilion, amphitheater seating and beach area. The City also boasts approximately 370 acres of the Cleveland Metroparks System. The Metroparks' Rocky River Reservation contains the Wallace and Baldwin Lakes for swimming, boating, ice skating, and fishing along with all-purpose trails for biking, jogging, hiking and physical fitness facilities. Other features of the Reservation include the Berea Falls Scenic Overlook, Music Mound, hiking trails, horseback riding trails, and the Wallace Lake, Baldwin Lake, and South Baldwin picnic areas.

Form of Government

The City of Berea operates under and is governed by the laws of the State of Ohio and its own Charter which was first adopted by the electorate in 1960. The Charter has been and may be amended by the voters from time to time. A nine-member Charter Review Committee reviews the Charter every five years. The charter provides for a mayor-council form of government. Legislative authority is vested in a seven-member council. The Council is composed of two members elected at-large and five members who are elected by wards, for two-year terms. The presiding officer is the President of Council, who is elected at-large by the electors for a two-year term. All members of Council serve in a part-time capacity.

The City's chief executive and administrative officer is the Mayor who is elected to a four-year term and serves in a full-time capacity. The Mayor may also veto legislation passed by Council. A two-thirds vote of all members of Council will override a veto.

The Berea Municipal Court provides judicial services for the City of Berea. The jurisdiction of the Court, as established by the Ohio Revised Code, encompasses the contiguous communities of Berea, Brook Park, Middleburg Heights, Strongsville, Olmsted Falls, Olmsted Township, parts of the Ohio Turnpike and Cleveland Metroparks.

Established by charter, the municipal government consists of six departments (Police, Fire, Service, Recreation, Law and Finance). In addition, the Building, Community Development, Engineering, and Housing Services departments were established by the Mayor. The Police and Fire departments are headed by the Director of Public Safety. Each department has a director, who reports directly to the Mayor. All directors work closely with the Mayor in providing the citizens of Berea with the highest quality of services while maintaining efficiency and cost effectiveness.

The Police Department enforces local, state, and federal laws in addition to protecting citizens and their property. The department takes a community oriented policing approach that has been met with great success. Numerous programs are offered to citizens and students. The department, under the direction of the Director of Public Safety and headed by the Chief of Police, consists of three bureaus. The Patrol Division oversees the staff of patrol officers. The Services Operational Division oversees Drug Abuse Resistance Education, Animal Control, Parking Control, Auxiliary, School Guards, and firearms training. The Detective Bureau oversees the City's investigative services. The Police Department is a member of the Southwest Council of Governments' Southwest Enforcement Bureau (SEB), a regional SWAT team. The SEB team is made up of 18 member communities who provide money and manpower for equipment and operations for the tactical division, bomb technicians, hostage negotiations, snipers and medics. In 2015, the City began the Community Engagement Unit (CEU). The CEU is designed to foster relationships between police and community organizations. The CEU works with at-risk youth, senior citizens, business owners and the students, faculty and staff of Baldwin Wallace University plus various civic and religious groups in the community. The department developed a program known as Safe Passages. At least eleven other cities have adopted their program and the Berea Police were recognized by the Attorney General of Ohio for the innovative program. Goals include assisting addicts in getting treatment. Safe Passages is founded on the premise that any addict may voluntarily come to the police station for assistance without fear of arrest.

The **Fire Department** provides fire suppression, emergency medical services, Hazmat response, extrication, and search and rescue, placing a strong emphasis on fire prevention, community involvement and education. The Director of Public Safety oversees the Chief of Fire who leads the department. The department has 2 fully equipped advanced-life-support rescue squads, two pumpers and a 107-foot Aerial Ladder Tower. The Fire Department is a member of the Southwest Council of Governments' Southwest Emergency Response Team (SERT). The SERT team is made up of 18 member communities, the Cleveland Metroparks, and the Northeast Ohio Regional Sewer District to provide money and manpower for equipment and operations for a hazardous response team, specialized water and land based rescue teams, a fire investigation unit and a tactical EMS team.

The Service Department is comprised of several divisions administered by a director. The City Service Division is responsible for the maintenance of all City vehicles, buildings, traffic lights and signs, public grounds, tree trimming, snow and leaf removal. The Storm Sewers and Drains Division maintain proper drainage control. The Street Paving and Repair Division handle the non-contractual maintenance of City streets. The Street Striping Division is responsible for the painting of street lines and markings. The Forestry Division oversees the forestry services and the annual tree planting. The City outsources its rubbish and recycling services. The City has its own water plant, which is also handled by the Service Department. The water plant has a supply division and a distribution division, which ensures the water supply is safe and the water lines are properly maintained. The Sewer division oversees the collection of sewage and the maintenance of the City's sewer lines. The Service Department works with the Finance Department in handling the billing and collection for the City's water department and the Northeast Ohio Regional Sewer District.

The Recreation Department provides numerous recreational activities and programs throughout the year. The City has a recreation center, which includes an indoor pool, sauna, steam room, racquetball courts, running/walking track, exercise equipment, weight room, basketball courts, and various multi-purpose rooms. The recreation center offers many classes and programs to residents and non-residents. The department also oversees the outdoor pool and paddleboats at the City's Coe Lake and handles the rental of the City's outdoor gazebo and pavilion area. Coe Lake also includes several fishing areas, gazebo, pavilion, amphitheater seating, and stage area. The Recreation Department also supervises several baseball/softball fields and maintains several playgrounds throughout the City. The Recreation Department's Youth Sports Commission helps strengthen the community bonds through youth sports programs and activities that embrace and help develop future Berea-Midpark Titans' players.

The **Law Department** advises the Mayor, Council, and all departments on legal matters concerning the City. The department prepares all contracts, legislation, and legal documents. This department's prosecutors prosecute City of Berea traffic and criminal cases in the Berea Municipal Court.

The Finance Department handles several functions administered by a director. The Finance Department is responsible for the accurate recording of all receipts and disbursements. The department issues bi-weekly payroll and maintains the capital asset system. The department compiles the annual appropriations, the tax budget, the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report, and assists the Mayor in all financial decisions. The City's computer operations are also managed through the Finance Department. This includes the maintenance of all City computer and electronic equipment. This department also handles all purchasing needed to maintain operations for all departments. In addition to overseeing these duties, the Director of Finance is also the City's Tax Administrator and utilizes the Regional Income Tax Agency to oversee the collection and distribution of the City's income tax.

The **Building Department** is responsible for interpreting and enforcing all building codes in the City and is administered by the Director of Public Service. The department also issues permits and citations, conducts site inspections, and licenses all contractors. This department is responsible for the implementation of plans and programs that promote the comprehensive and orderly development of the City.

The Community Development, Engineering, Housing and Social Services Departments oversee the community division, the engineering division and the housing and social services division. The Community Development Division works in conjunction with the Planning Commission, Board of Zoning Appeals, and the Heritage Architectural Review Board as well as works on community relations and redevelopment issues. The Engineering Division ensures that all contractors working in Berea meet the general engineering requirements of the City. This department controls the review and implementation of plans and programs relating to the City's infrastructure. The Housing and Social Services Division provides programs and assistance to older adults and numerous residents. The division handles the various senior programs, special events throughout the year, Berea Community Outreach Program, and various housing programs. The Mayor established a Veterans Outreach office to assist veterans and their family members in a supportive and community-oriented environment. The office assists veterans and their families in facing a number of challenges such as post-traumatic stress, traumatic brain injury, substance abuse, homelessness or housing concerns, disability and medical issues, unemployment, and other services.

Economic Condition and Outlook

The City of Berea is economically strong and is a highly desirable location to live, work and play. Our reputation as a business friendly destination is evidenced by corporate decisions to stay and grow here and by the new investment and jobs that have and continue to be created.

Location is one of the greatest assets of the City of Berea. As a major suburb of the City of Cleveland, its proximity to Cleveland Hopkins International Airport and easy access to three interstate highways has contributed to the City's continued economic growth.

Front Street on the City's North End Gateway was re-engineered with an overpass over CSX and Norfolk Southern railroad tracks resulting in a substantial reduction of traffic congestion due to the significant increase in train traffic. The City has purchased deteriorated property in this area and has demolished buildings in anticipation of future development in this area. This area is minutes from the Cleveland airport and IX Center, as well as major highways. The City has developed the North End Revitalization Plan to assist in the overall plan for economic development in this City's North End Gateway and main thoroughfare. This area is in transition and the City has developed a marketing plan to assist in discussions to revitalize and develop this uptown area.

The City's North End Gateway is also the location of the National Football League's, Cleveland Browns headquarters and training facility. The City and the Cleveland Browns are committed to working together to ensure the team remains a vital part of Berea's community. The City of Berea owns the Cleveland Browns headquarters and training facility and worked with the Browns to amend their lease agreement in 2019. The revised lease terms extend through 2040 with an optout clause after the end of the 2038 National Football League season. In 2016, the Browns invested over \$15 million in capital improvements. In addition, the City agreed to provide an income tax rebate to the Cleveland Browns of fifty percent of their annual growth on income tax above a \$2.6 million base annually through 2038. The income tax base amount shall increase by one-half of one percent (0.5%) each year. The rebated income tax funds can only be used towards capital improvements to the City owned facility and cannot be used towards the general operations of the Browns. The Browns agreed to provide various charitable commitments to the community, and also agreed to pay the property taxes on the building.

The City's Downtown area is home to the Baldwin Wallace College campus. In September 2018, a new 65,000 square foot mixed use project opened. This project was a result of a partnership between the City, the DiGeronimo Companies and Baldwin Wallace University. This project included 16,000 square feet of retail/commercial space below three floors of dormitory rooms. This was the first major redevelopment project in Downtown Berea in almost 20 years. This redevelopment project increased the daily downtown population by 131 students. The project increased the amount of foot traffic to the downtown businesses and connected park and recreation facilities.

Current Year Projects: In 2022, the City received \$1,572,348 under the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA). During 2023 the City held the ARPA funding for projected capital projects slated to begin in 2024.

The City completed the reconstruction of Barberry, Woodlawn, Maple and Fourth Streets. The project consisted of replacing the existing waterline, reconstructing the pavement, rehabilitating the existing sanitary sewer and storm sewer systems, and relacing the sidewalks, aprons and ADA curb ramps as needed at a cost of \$4,900,000. The City has received a \$2,465,000 grant and loan of \$493,000 from the Ohio Public Works Commission.

The City completed a road resurfacing project on Emerson Avenue in 2023, at a cost of \$400,000. The City was awarded a \$150,000 Community Development Block Grant and a \$50,000 Community Development Supplemental Grant.

Future Outlook: The future economic outlook for the City of Berea is encouraging. Despite Berea being an older community, most thought the City could not expand and grow. However, the City has seen significant changes. The City anticipates continued development in both residential and commercial areas throughout the City.

The City's North End Gateway is currently under a transformation. The City has developed a North End Revitalization Plan to assist in the overall plan for economic development at the City's North End Gateway after a \$24 million railroad overpass project was completed on the main thoroughfare through the City's north end. The City has purchased several parcels to assist in the overall revitalization plan and developed a marketing plan to revitalize and develop this uptown area. This area is minutes to the Cleveland Hopkins' International Airport as well as easy access to several interstates. The north end is the north gateway to the City and its options are endless. The City is working with developers interested in this area and anticipate some exciting improvements in the north end with future development and new businesses.

In 2024, construction will begin on a secondary Water Storage Tank at the Berea Water Treatment Plant. \$974,656 of ARPA funds and \$1,000,000 of a state grant will defray the \$2.0 million costs. This second tank will provide redundancy and additional water storage mandated by the Environmental Protection Agency.

For 2024, the City is planning the North End Sewer Flow Connection at a cost of \$850,000. This project will be fully funded by the Northeast Ohio Regional Sewer District. The project includes a new flow connection to offload flows to the Northeast Ohio Regional Sewer District's interceptor sewer.

In 2024, construction will begin on the Kiwanis Treehouse at Coe Lake. The project has a budgeted cost of \$700,000. The City received \$590,000 from the Cuyahoga County Council, a \$50,000 Community Development Supplemental Grant, and a \$30,000 donation from the Berea Kiwanis for naming rights.

For 2024, The City is planning the State Route 237 (Prospect Street) Project. The project has an expected budget of \$1,500,000. The City was awarded \$750,000 in federal funds through the Northeast Ohio Areawide Coordination Agency. The project will resurface State Route 237 (Prospect Street) from Bagley Road to Baker Street.

For 2024, The City is planning the Front Street Resurfacing Project. This project has an estimated cost of \$750,000. The City was awarded \$250,000 in local resurfacing funds through Cuyahoga County. Front Street will be resurfaced from Bagley Road to Church Street through the downtown area.

In 2024, construction will begin on the Barrett Road Pipe Bridge. The project has a budgeted cost of \$400,000. An existing pipe bridge that carries a gravity sanitary sewer line over a "valley" will be replaced.

The City implemented improved exterior maintenance plans. This has resulted in encouraging residents to make exterior improvements throughout the City and has assisted the City in offsetting

some of the effects from the decline in countywide property values due to the depressed economy. The City has also initiated several grant programs to assist seniors and low-income residents to make the necessary improvements to their homes.

Future Projects:

The Mayor has created a Planning and Development Council made up of residents and department heads to review various improvements to the City. The Council has reviewed gateways and wayfinding signage improvements, an analysis of City parks and playgrounds, as well as improvements to the historical City downtown and Coe Lake area. The Council was involved in the various park and playground improvements as well as the gateway and Coe Lake area improvements.

For 2025, the City is planning the Adrian, Anne, Pattie, and Girard Improvement Project at a cost of \$6.7 million. This project will be a replacement of the existing water line and complete pavement reconstruction. The City has received an Ohio Public Works Commission grant and loan to cover 60 percent of the cost.

For 2026, the City is planning to resurface Bagley Road at a cost of \$7,000,000. The City was awarded \$4,100,000 in federal funds and is partnering with Cuyahoga Count for the local share.

Long-Term Financial Planning

The City maintains a Fund Balance Policy. The purpose of the Fund Balance Policy is to establish a fund balance/retained earnings policy that is tailored to the needs of the City and to ensure against unanticipated events that would adversely affect the financial condition of the City and jeopardize the continuation of necessary public services. This policy was created to establish long-term goals for building and reserving the City's General Fund Balance, to commit funds for anticipated retirement payouts, and to establish a General Fund Rainy Day Fund for additional long-term stability. The City's primary goal was to begin committing funds for the retirement payouts. The City will continue to maintain the funds needed to meet anticipated retirement payouts while also working towards meeting its goal of a General Fund unassigned balance that exceeds 15 percent of annual operating expenditures and other financing uses (transfers). The third reserve was designed to reserve at least one month of annual operating expenditures and other financing uses (transfers) for a Rainy Day Committed Fund Balance.

The City has committed to maintaining a positive General Fund balance and the establishment of the reserves. The Finance Department reviews all monitory transactions on an on-going basis and works diligently to monitor revenues and reprioritize expenditures and works with the Mayor to maintain optimal balances for all fund balances, especially the General Fund.

The City developed a Six-Year Capital Plan. The capital plan looks at the City's departmental needs during this time period and the possible funding available. The plan is heavily focused on infrastructure improvements with a minimal change in total debt outstanding. The capital plan will be reviewed and updated periodically.

Other Information

GFOA Certificate of Achievement Award: The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Berea, Ohio for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award, recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized annual comprehensive financial report, whose content conforms to program standards. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. The City of Berea began preparing the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report and began submitting the report for the award nineteen years ago. The City has received the Certificate of Achievement for the last nineteen consecutive years. We believe our current annual comprehensive financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Acknowledgments: The preparation of the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report was made possible by the dedicated service of the entire staff of the Department of Finance. I would like to express my appreciation to all staff members who have contributed or assisted in its preparation. Appreciation is also expressed to all City departments for their cooperation and assistance. I would also like to acknowledge the cooperation of the team from Rea and Associates, Inc., who assisted the finance department in the preparation of the financial report and their staff for conducting a thorough audit of our finances.

In closing, I would like to thank the Mayor, the members of Berea City Council and the citizens of our fine community, for without your continued support, the preparation of this report would not have been possible.

Respectfully submitted,

Morriet

Andrea Morris, Director of Finance

CITY OF BEREA, OHIO PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS DECEMBER 31, 2023

ELECTED OFFICIALS

Mayor Cyril M. Kleem James Maxwell President of Council Council Member-at-Large Mary K. Brown Council Member-at-Large Eugene Zacharayz Council Member - Ward 1 Leon R. Dozier Sr. Council Member - Ward 2 Christopher McManis Council Member - Ward 3 Lisa Weaver Council Member - Ward 4 Erika Coble Council Member - Ward 5 Richard Skoczen

APPOINTED OFFICIALS

Director of Finance

Director of Law/Director of Public Safety

Director of Public Service

Director of Recreation & Community Services

Director of Housing, Engineering, and Planning

Andrea D. Morris

Barbara Jones

Antonio Armagno

Marty Compton

Matthew J. Madzy

CITIZENS

3



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

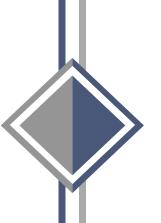
City of Berea Ohio

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2022

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



FINANCIAL SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Berea Cuyahoga County, Ohio 11 Berea Commons Berea, OH 44017

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Berea, Cuyahoga County, Ohio, (the City) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of December 31, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General and American Rescue Plan Act funds for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We have conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

City of Berea Independent Auditor's Report Page 2 of 3

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Audit Standards, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the *Management's Discussion and Analysis, and Pension and other Post-Employment Benefit schedules,* as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

City of Berea Independent Auditor's Report Page 3 of 3

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund statements and schedules, and other supplemental schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund statements and schedules, and other supplemental schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financials statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 25, 2024 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Rea & Associates, Inc.

Kea & Casociates, Inc.

Medina, Ohio June 25, 2024 This page intentionally left blank

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2023 (Unaudited)

The discussion and analysis of the City of Berea's (the City) financial performance provides an overall review of the City's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2023. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the City's performance as a whole; readers should also review the notes to the basic financial statements and financial statements to enhance their understanding of the City's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2023 are as follows:

- In total, net position increased \$0.8 million from 2022. Net position of governmental activities increased \$0.8 million. Net position of business-type activities increased \$34,698.
- Total capital assets increased slightly under \$15,000 during 2023. Capital assets of governmental activities decreased \$0.5 million and capital assets of business-type activities increased \$0.5 million.
- During the year, the City issued \$7.3 million in General Obligation Bonds to retire outstanding Bond Anticipation Notes and finance improvement projects.

Using this Annual Financial Report

This report is designed to allow the reader to look at the financial activities of the City of Berea as a whole and is intended to allow the reader to obtain a summary view or a more detailed view of the City's operations, as they prefer.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities provide information from a summary perspective showing the effects of the operations for the year 2023 and how they affected the operations of the City as a whole.

Reporting the City as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole City, presenting both an aggregate view of the City's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the City's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the City of Berea, the general fund is by far the most significant fund. Business-type funds consist of the water and sewer revenue funds.

A question typically asked about the City's finances is "How did we do financially during 2023?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities answer this question. These statements include all assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting method used by most private-sector companies. This

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2023 (Unaudited)

basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the City's *net position* and *changes in net position*. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the City as a whole, the *financial position* of the City has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the City's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio which restrict revenue growth, facility conditions, and other factors.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the City is divided into two distinct kinds of activities:

- Governmental Activities Most of the City's programs and services are reported here, including general government, security of persons and property, public health, community development, leisure time activities, public works and transportation.
- Business-Type Activities These services are provided on a charge for goods or services basis to recover all of the expenses of the goods or services provided. The City's water and sewer revenue funds are reported as business activities.

Reporting the City's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been safeguarded for specific activities or objectives. The City uses many funds to account for financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the City's most significant funds. The City's major governmental funds are the general fund, American Rescue Plan Act fund, general bond retirement fund, and general capital improvement fund.

Governmental Funds Most of the City's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance future services. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

Proprietary Funds Proprietary funds use the same basis of accounting as business-type activities; therefore, these statements will essentially match, except for the internal service fund allocations.

Fiduciary Funds Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for the fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2023 (Unaudited)

The City as a Whole

Recall that the Statement of Net Position provides the perspective of the City as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the City's net position for 2023 compared to 2022:

Table 1 Net Position

Assets 2023 2022 Change 2023 2022 Change Assets S 27,189,377 \$ 25,012,965 \$ 2,176,412 \$ 3,350,202 \$ 3,798,213 \$ (448,011) Net OPEB Asset 1.101,700 (1,101,700) 1.021,147 241,837 (241,837) Capial Assets, Net 83,411,236 83,888,023 (446,787) 37,833,895 37,372,442 461,635 Total Assets 110,600,613 109,972,688 627,925 41,184,097 41,412,492 (228,395) Deferred Outflows of Resources Pension & OPEB 11,951,031 6,584,416 5,366,615 1,021,147 319,657 701,490 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 11,951,031 4,376,534 (191,633) 271,964 249,519 22,445 Current & Other Liabilities 4,184,901 4,376,534 (191,633) 271,964 249,519 22,445 Long-Term Liabilities 4,184,901 9,109,020 (6,882,069) 975,123 852,494 122,629 Due		G	overnmental Activiti	es	B	ies	
Current & Other Assets \$ 27,189,377 \$ 25,012,965 \$ 2,176,412 \$ 3,350,202 \$ 3,798,213 \$ (448,011) Net OPEB Asset 1,101,700 (1,101,700) - 241,837 2(24,837) 2(24,837) 2(24,837) 2(24,837) 2(24,837) 2(24,837) 2(24,837) 2(24,837) 2(24,837) 2(24,837) 2(24,837) 2(24,837) 2(24,837) 2(24,837) 2(24,837) 2(24,837) 2(24,837) 2(24,837) 2(24,837) 2(24,837) 2(24,837) 2(24,837) 2(24,837) 2(24,837) 2(24,837) 2(24,837) 2(24,837) 2(24,837) 2(24,837) 2(24,837) 2(24,837) 2(24,837) 2(24,837) 2(24,837) 2(24,837) 2(24,837) 2(24,837) 2(24,837) 2(24,837) 2(24,837) 2(24,837) 2(24,837) 2(24,837) 2(24,837) 2(24,837) 2(24,837) 2(24,837) 2(24,837) 2(24,837) 2(24,945) 2(24,837) 2(24,945) 2(24,945) 2(24,951) 2(24,45) 2(24,45) 2(24,51) 2(24,51) 2(24,51) 2(24,51) 2(24,51) 2(24,51) 2(24,51)		2023	2022	Change	2023	2022	Change
Deferred Outflows of Resources Pension & OPEB 11,951,031 6,584,416 5,366,615 1,021,147 319,657 701,490 Liabilities Current & Other Liabilities 4,184,901 4,376,534 (191,633) 271,964 249,519 22,445 Long-Term Liabilities: Due Within One Year 2,226,951 9,109,020 (6,882,069) 975,123 852,494 122,629 Due In More Than One Year: Net Pension Liability 29,742,699 15,868,701 13,873,998 2,178,058 704,106 1,473,952 Net OPEB Liability 1,648,241 2,221,342 (573,101) 44,243 - 44,243 Other Amounts 21,960,805 16,723,615 5,237,190 9,574,762 9,747,401 (172,639) Deferred Inflows of Resources Property Taxes 5,098,961 4,403,508 695,453 505,112 438,635 66,477 Lease 922,174 - 922,174 - - - Property Taxes 5,098,961 4,403,508	Current & Other Assets Net OPEB Asset Capital Assets, Net	83,411,236	1,101,700 83,858,023	(1,101,700) (446,787)	37,833,895	241,837 37,372,442	(241,837) 461,453
Pension & OPEB	Total Assets	110,600,613	109,972,688	627,925	41,184,097	41,412,492	(228,395)
Liabilities Current & Other Liabilities 4,184,901 4,376,534 (191,633) 271,964 249,519 22,445 Long-Term Liabilities Due Within One Year 2,226,951 9,109,020 (6,882,069) 975,123 852,494 122,629 Due In More Than One Year: Net Pension Liability 29,742,699 15,868,701 13,873,998 2,178,058 704,106 1,473,952 Net OPEB Liability 1,648,241 2,221,342 (573,101) 44,243 - 44,243 Other Amounts 21,960,805 16,723,615 5,237,190 9,574,762 9,747,401 (172,639) Total Liabilities 59,763,597 48,299,212 11,464,385 13,044,150 11,553,520 1,490,630 Deferred Inflows of Resources Property Taxes 5,098,961 4,403,508 695,453 505,112 438,635 66,477 Leases 922,174 - 922,174 - - - Pension & OPEB 2,990,226 10,831,231 (7,841,005) 91,046 1,209,756 (11.051.021	6 594 416	5 266 615	1 021 147	210.657	701 400
Liabilities Current & Other Liabilities 4,184,901 4,376,534 (191,633) 271,964 249,519 22,445 Long-Term Liabilities: Due Within One Year 2,226,951 9,109,020 (6,882,069) 975,123 852,494 122,629 Due In More Than One Year: Net Pension Liability 29,742,699 15,868,701 13,873,998 2,178,058 704,106 1,473,952 Net OPEB Liability 1,648,241 2,221,342 (573,101) 44,243 - 44,243 Other Amounts 21,960,805 16,723,615 5,237,190 9,574,762 9,747,401 (172,639) Total Liabilities 59,763,597 48,299,212 11,464,385 13,044,150 11,553,520 1,490,630 Deferred Inflows of Resources Property Taxes 5,098,961 4,403,508 695,453 505,112 438,635 66,477 Leases 922,174 - 922,174 - - - - - - - - - - - - -							
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Due In More Than One Year: Net Pension Liability 29,742,699 15,868,701 13,873,998 2,178,058 704,106 1,473,952 Net OPEB Liability 1,648,241 2,221,342 (573,101) 44,243 - 44,243 Other Amounts 21,960,805 16,723,615 5,237,190 9,574,762 9,747,401 (172,639) Total Liabilities 59,763,597 48,299,212 11,464,385 13,044,150 11,553,520 1,490,630 Deferred Inflows of Resources Property Taxes 5,098,961 4,403,508 695,453 505,112 438,635 66,477 Leases 922,174 - 922,174 - - - - Pension & OPEB 2,990,226 10,831,231 (7,841,005) 91,046 1,209,756 (1,118,710) Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 9,011,361 15,234,739 (6,223,378) 596,158 1,648,391 (1,052,233) Net Investment in Capital Assets 61,855,208 60,572,291 1,282,917 28,366,622	Long-Term Liabilities:	4,184,901			271,964	,	22,445
Net OPEB Liability 1,648,241 2,221,342 (573,101) 44,243 - 44,243 Other Amounts 21,960,805 16,723,615 5,237,190 9,574,762 9,747,401 (172,639) Total Liabilities 59,763,597 48,299,212 11,464,385 13,044,150 11,553,520 1,490,630 Deferred Inflows of Resources Property Taxes 5,098,961 4,403,508 695,453 505,112 438,635 66,477 Leases 922,174 - 922,174 - - - - Pension & OPEB 2,990,226 10,831,231 (7,841,005) 91,046 1,209,756 (1,118,710) Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 9,011,361 15,234,739 (6,223,378) 596,158 1,648,391 (1,052,233) Net Investment in Capital Assets 61,855,208 60,572,291 1,282,917 28,366,622 27,908,924 457,698 Restricted 5,312,719 5,048,792 263,927 - - - - - - <	Due In More Than One Year:			, , , ,	,	,	,
Other Amounts 21,960,805 16,723,615 5,237,190 9,574,762 9,747,401 (172,639) Total Liabilities 59,763,597 48,299,212 11,464,385 13,044,150 11,553,520 1,490,630 Deferred Inflows of Resources Property Taxes 5,098,961 4,403,508 695,453 505,112 438,635 66,477 Leases 922,174 - 922,174 - - - - Pension & OPEB 2,990,226 10,831,231 (7,841,005) 91,046 1,209,756 (1,118,710) Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 9,011,361 15,234,739 (6,223,378) 596,158 1,648,391 (1,052,233) Net Investment in Capital Assets 61,855,208 60,572,291 1,282,917 28,366,622 27,908,924 457,698 Restricted 5,312,719 5,048,792 263,927 - - - - - Unrestricted (13,391,241) (12,597,930) (793,311) 198,314 621,314 (423,000)						704,106	
Deferred Inflows of Resources 59,763,597 48,299,212 11,464,385 13,044,150 11,553,520 1,490,630 Property Taxes 5,098,961 4,403,508 695,453 505,112 438,635 66,477 Leases 922,174 - 922,174 - - - - Pension & OPEB 2,990,226 10,831,231 (7,841,005) 91,046 1,209,756 (1,118,710) Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 9,011,361 15,234,739 (6,223,378) 596,158 1,648,391 (1,052,233) Net Investment in Capital Assets 61,855,208 60,572,291 1,282,917 28,366,622 27,908,924 457,698 Restricted 5,312,719 5,048,792 263,927 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - <t< th=""><th>•</th><th></th><th></th><th>, , ,</th><th>· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·</th><th>-</th><th></th></t<>	•			, , ,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	
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Property Taxes 5,098,961 4,403,508 695,453 505,112 438,635 66,477 Leases 922,174 - 922,174 - - - - Pension & OPEB 2,990,226 10,831,231 (7,841,005) 91,046 1,209,756 (1,118,710) Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 9,011,361 15,234,739 (6,223,378) 596,158 1,648,391 (1,052,233) Net Investment in Capital Assets 61,855,208 60,572,291 1,282,917 28,366,622 27,908,924 457,698 Restricted 5,312,719 5,048,792 263,927 - - - - Unrestricted (13,391,241) (12,597,930) (793,311) 198,314 621,314 (423,000)	Total Liabilities	59,763,597	48,299,212	11,464,385	13,044,150	11,553,520	1,490,630
Leases 922,174 - 922,174 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Pension & OPEB 2,990,226 10,831,231 (7,841,005) 91,046 1,209,756 (1,118,710) Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 9,011,361 15,234,739 (6,223,378) 596,158 1,648,391 (1,052,233) Net Investment in Capital Assets 61,855,208 60,572,291 1,282,917 28,366,622 27,908,924 457,698 Restricted 5,312,719 5,048,792 263,927 - - - - Unrestricted (13,391,241) (12,597,930) (793,311) 198,314 621,314 (423,000)	Property Taxes		4,403,508	*	505,112	438,635	66,477
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 9,011,361 15,234,739 (6,223,378) 596,158 1,648,391 (1,052,233) Net Investment in Capital Assets 61,855,208 60,572,291 1,282,917 28,366,622 27,908,924 457,698 Restricted 5,312,719 5,048,792 263,927 - - - - Unrestricted (13,391,241) (12,597,930) (793,311) 198,314 621,314 (423,000)		,	-	,	-	-	-
Net Investment in Capital Assets 61,855,208 60,572,291 1,282,917 28,366,622 27,908,924 457,698 Restricted 5,312,719 5,048,792 263,927 - - - - Unrestricted (13,391,241) (12,597,930) (793,311) 198,314 621,314 (423,000)	Pension & OPEB		10,831,231				
Restricted 5,312,719 5,048,792 263,927 - - - - Unrestricted (13,391,241) (12,597,930) (793,311) 198,314 621,314 (423,000)	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	9,011,361	15,234,739	(6,223,378)	596,158	1,648,391	(1,052,233)
Restricted 5,312,719 5,048,792 263,927 - - - - Unrestricted (13,391,241) (12,597,930) (793,311) 198,314 621,314 (423,000)							
Unrestricted (13,391,241) (12,597,930) (793,311) 198,314 621,314 (423,000)					28,366,622	27,908,924	457,698
			, ,		198 314	621 314	(423,000)

The net pension liability (NPL) is the largest single liability reported by the City at December 31, 2023 and is reported pursuant to GASB Statement 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an Amendment of GASB Statement 27*. In a prior year, the City adopted GASB Statement 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*, which significantly revised accounting for costs and liabilities related to other postemployment benefits (OPEB). For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the City's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and OPEB, the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability to the reported net position and subtracting net OPEB asset and deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2023 (Unaudited)

Governmental Accounting Standards Board standards are national and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Prior accounting for pensions (GASB 27) and postemployment benefits (GASB 45) focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension and OPEB costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's *net pension liability* or *net OPEB liability*. GASB 68 and GASB 75 take an earnings approach to pension and OPEB accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension/OPEB plans and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

GASB 68 and GASB 75 require the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability/asset to equal the City's proportionate share of each plan's collective:

- 1. Present value of estimated future pension/OPEB benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service
- 2. Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits

GASB notes that pension and OPEB obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" – that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension and other postemployment benefits. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the City is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of these liabilities. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The Ohio revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer's promise is limited not by contract but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the retirement system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension/OPEB plan as against the public employer. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. The retirement system is responsible for the administration of the pension and OPEB plans.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability or the net OPEB liability. As explained above, changes in benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of these liabilities, but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability are satisfied, these liabilities are separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2023 (Unaudited)

In accordance with GASB 68 and GASB 75, the City's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense and an annual OPEB expense for their proportionate share of each plan's *change* in net pension liability and net OPEB liability/asset, respectively, not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows.

Capital assets include land, intangibles, land improvements, buildings, building improvements, machinery and equipment, furniture and fixtures, vehicles, infrastructure and construction in progress. These capital assets are used to provide services to citizens and are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A portion of the City's net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The balance of unrestricted net position is a deficit balance.

Cash in business-type activities decreased from prior year partially due to costs for the completion of the Barberry sewer and water project. In addition, a decrease in water meter fee accounts receivable contributed to the decrease in current and other assets.

Capital assets showed a decrease in governmental activities due to depreciation exceeding additions while the addition of a leased vehicle and completion of the Barberry project accounts for an increase in business-type activities capital assets.

The City issued a Various Purpose Bond to retire the short term Bond Anticipation Note and finance improvement projects, which mainly accounts for the increase in other long term liabilities.

The fluctuations in the City's deferred outflows and deferred inflows related to pension and OPEB along with the net pension and OPEB liabilities and net OPEB asset are caused by the City's share of the OPERS' and OPF accruals reported in accordance with GASB 68 and GASB 75, which was previously discussed.

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Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2023 (Unaudited)

In order to further understand what makes up the changes in net position for the current year, the following table gives readers further details regarding the results of activities for 2023 and 2022.

Table 2 Changes in Net Position

	Go	vernmental Activi	ties	Bu	Business-Type Activi		
	2023	2022	Change	2023	2022	Change	
Revenues							
Program Revenues							
Charges for Services	\$ 5,485,650	\$ 5,048,071	\$ 437,579	\$ 2,869,276	\$ 3,192,247	\$ (322,971)	
Operating Grants	1,883,027	1,483,254	399,773	59,264	58,977	287	
Capital Grants	4,031,880	9,669,483	(5,637,603)	1,165,133	1,061,133	104,000	
Total Program Revenues	11,400,557	16,200,808	(4,800,251)	4,093,673	4,312,357	(218,684)	
General Revenues							
Property Taxes	4,905,303	4,573,917	331,386	494,181	459,359	34,822	
Income Taxes	19,618,278	18,084,206	1,534,072	-	-	-	
Grants & Entitlements	1,231,771	1,264,542	(32,771)	-	-	-	
Other Taxes	200,525	228,448	(27,923)	-	-	-	
Other	858,279	609,991	248,288				
Total General Revenues	26,814,156	24,761,104	2,053,052	494,181	459,359	34,822	
Total Revenues	38,214,713	40,961,912	(2,747,199)	4,587,854	4,771,716	(183,862)	
Program Expenses							
General Government	12,474,089	9,652,364	2,821,725	-	-	-	
Security of Persons and Property	10,821,674	9,172,216	1,649,458	-	-	-	
Public Health	221,996	103,970	118,026	-	-	-	
Leisure Time Activities	5,280,807	3,922,701	1,358,106	-	-	-	
Community Development	404,419	145,497	258,922	-	-	-	
Public Works	1,457,057	1,542,014	(84,957)	-	-	-	
Transportation	5,341,190	5,377,321	(36,131)	-	-	-	
Interest Expense	704,948	379,829	325,119	-	-	-	
Enterprise Operations							
Water	-	-	-	3,749,229	2,828,962	920,267	
Sewer				1,558,927	1,240,495	318,432	
Total Expenses	36,706,180	30,295,912	6,410,268	5,308,156	4,069,457	1,238,699	
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	1,508,533	10,666,000	(9,157,467)	(720,302)	702,259	(1,422,561)	
Transfers	(755,000)	(930,000)	175,000	755,000	930,000	(175,000)	
Change in Net Position	753,533	9,736,000	(8,982,467)	34,698	1,632,259	(1,597,561)	
Net Position Beginning of Year	53,023,153	43,287,153	9,736,000	28,530,238	26,897,979	1,632,259	
Net Position End of Year	\$ 53,776,686	\$ 53,023,153	\$ 753,533	\$ 28,564,936	\$ 28,530,238	\$ 34,698	

The City's overall net position increased from the prior year. The reasons for this overall increase are discussed in the following sections for governmental activities and business-type activities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2023 (Unaudited)

Governmental Activities

The funding for the governmental activities comes from several different sources, the most significant being the municipal income tax. Other prominent sources are property taxes, grants and entitlements, and charges for services.

The City's income tax is at a rate of 2.0 percent. Both residents of the City and non-residents who work inside the City are subject to the income tax. However if residents work in a locality that has a municipal income tax, the City provides 100 percent credit up to 1.5 percent of the amount paid to another City.

Governmental revenue is comprised of program revenue and general revenue. General revenues include grants and entitlements, such as local government funds. Governmental activities are primarily funded with the combination of property tax, income tax and intergovernmental revenues. The City monitors its sources of revenues very closely for fluctuations.

Donations for the Browns facility renovations decreased from the prior year mainly accounting for the decrease in capital grants. Income tax revenue increased due to various factors, but can primarily be attributed to economic growth and wage increases coupled with an increase in investment earnings from fluctuations in market conditions, accounting for the increase in general revenues.

The increases in expenses can be attributed to pension and OPEB which were primarily caused by market conditions of investments. Both retirement systems experienced a net loss from investing activity during the most current measurement period while in the prior measurement period, investing activity resulted in a gain. This was the most significant contributing factor to the increase in unfunded liability for both retirement plans and caused the OPERS' net OPEB asset to revert back to a net OPEB liability. These fluctuations are passed through to the City relative to their proportionate share of contributions of all members, which remained relatively constant from prior year for both retirement plans.

The largest program functions of the City are general government, which departments consist of council, mayor, finance, law, civil service, municipal buildings and fleet, development and administration and security of persons and property, which includes police and fire departments.

Business-Type Activities

Business-type activities include water and sewer operations. The revenues are generated primarily from charges for services.

OPWC grants in both the water and sewer funds account for the increase in capital grants over the prior year. Increases in expense for both the sewer and water funds can be partially attributed to the change in pension and OPEB obligations as previously discussed.

The City's Funds

Governmental Funds

As noted earlier, the City's governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual method of accounting. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2023 (Unaudited)

requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for discretionary use as they represent the portion of the fund balance which has not yet been limited to use for a particular purpose by either an external party, the City itself, or a group or individual that has been delegated authority to assign resources for use for particular purposes by the City's Council.

	Fund Balance 12/31/2023		Fι	Fund Balance 12/31/2022		Increase	
			1			(Decrease)	
General Fund	\$	7,526,503	\$	7,370,890	\$	155,613	
General Bond Retirement Fund		1,129,343		1,459,037		(329,694)	
General Capital Improvement Fund		1,375,392		1,337,456		37,936	

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City. Fund balance increased over prior year due, in part, to an increase in income tax collections exceeding expenditures and transfers out.

The American Rescue Plan Act fund had no change in fund balance.

The decrease in fund balance in the general bond retirement fund is partially due debt service payments exceeding bond proceeds and property tax revenue.

The increase in the fund balance of the general capital improvement fund is mainly due to timing of grant proceeds coupled with transfers, compared to capital outlay expenditures and debt service payments.

Proprietary Funds

The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements for the business-type activities, but in more detail.

	1	Net Position 12/31/2023		Net Position 12/31/2022		Increase (Decrease)		
Water Revenue	\$	9,261,432	\$	9,586,160	\$	(324,728)		
Sewer Revenue		19,303,504	1	8,944,078		359,426		

As previously discussed, decreases in cash and accounts receivable, increases in capital grants and changes in pension obligations affecting expenses contributed to the increase in net position in the sewer fund and the decrease in the water fund over prior year.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The City's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

During the course of 2023, the City amended its general fund budget on various occasions. All recommendations for appropriation changes come to Council from the City Finance Director. The Finance Committee of Council reviews them, and they make their recommendation to the Council as a whole.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2023 (Unaudited)

Original Budget Compared to Final Budget Original income tax revenues were increased for expected increases in collections, which also account for the increase in final appropriations over original budget.

Final Budget Compared to Actual Results Income tax collections were higher than expected contributing to actual revenues exceeding final budget. There were no significant differences between final budgeted appropriations and actual expenditures.

There were no significant variances to discuss within other financing sources and uses.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The City's governmental capital assets decreased from prior year, due to depreciation exceeding acquisitions. Major acquisitions consisted of:

- Road Improvements
- Renovations to the Cleveland Browns campus
- Barberry, Woodlawn, Maple, Fourth Improvements

Completed projects and additional construction in progress offset the majority of the depreciation and amortization in business-type activities accounting for the increase in capital assets. In addition to sewer and water improvements, the City leased a Vactor Truck during the year.

See Note 8 for additional information about the capital assets of the City.

Debt

Governmental activities issued a various purpose general obligation bond which was used to retire the Bond Anticipation Note, coupled with scheduled principal payments contributed to the decrease in in debt. Principal payments, exceeding new OPWC loans, account for the decrease in debt of business-type activities.

See Note 12 for additional details.

Contacting the City's Finance Department

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Director of Finance, Andrea D. Morris, City of Berea, 11 Berea Commons, Berea, Ohio 44017, e-mail amorris@cityofberea.org or telephone 440-826-5889. We also offer information regarding our City on our web site, www.cityofberea.org.

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City of Berea Cuyahoga County, Ohio Statement of Net Position December 31, 2023

	Primary Government					
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total			
Assets						
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$ 11,862,871	\$ 935,646	\$ 12,798,517			
Cash and Cash Equivalents in Segregated Accounts	261,673	-	261,673			
Accounts Receivable	210,175	1,306,235	1,516,410			
Intergovernmental Receivable	1,217,716	430,942	1,648,658			
Taxes Receivable Leases Receivable	10,471,146	530,326	11,001,472			
Special Assessments Receivable	922,174 851,624	-	922,174			
Loans Receivable	851,624 805,029	_	851,624 805,029			
Prepaid Items	191,793	_	191,793			
Materials and Supplies Inventory	255,176	147,053	402,229			
Assets Held for Resale	140,000	-	140,000			
Capital Assets not Being Depreciated/Amortized	14,897,187	1,455,732	16,352,919			
Capital Assets Being Depreciated/Amortized	68,514,049	36,378,163	104,892,212			
Total Assets	110,600,613	41,184,097	151,784,710			
Deferred Outflows of Resources						
Pension	10,291,431	889,058	11,180,489			
OPEB	1,659,600	132,089	1,791,689			
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	11,951,031	1,021,147	12,972,178			
Liabilities						
Accounts Payable	1,013,211	41,320	1,054,531			
Accrued Wages	432,036	36,877	468,913			
Contracts Payable	9,751	48,402	58,153			
Intergovernmental Payable	283,812	19,276	303,088			
Accrued Interest Payable	41,589	126,089	167,678			
Claims Payable	144,647	-	144,647			
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	12,788	-	12,788			
Unearned Revenue	2,247,067	-	2,247,067			
Long-Term Liabilities:						
Due Within One Year	2,226,951	975,123	3,202,074			
Due In More Than One Year:						
Net Pension Liability	29,742,699	2,178,058	31,920,757			
Net OPEB Liability	1,648,241	44,243	1,692,484			
Other Amounts Due in More Than One Year	21,960,805	9,574,762	31,535,567			
Total Liabilities	59,763,597	13,044,150	72,807,747			
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Property Taxes Levied for the Next Year	5,098,961	505,112	5,604,073			
Leases	922,174		922,174			
Pension	1,239,013	76,003	1,315,016			
OPEB Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	9,011,361	15,043 596,158	1,766,256 9,607,519			
Total Deferred inflows of Resources	7,011,301	370,136	7,007,519			
Net Position Net Investment in Capital Assets	61,855,208	28,366,622	90,221,830			
Restricted for:	01,033,200	20,300,022	70,221,630			
Debt Service	1,307,928	_	1,307,928			
Street Lighting	1,405,954	-	1,405,954			
Street Maintenance and Repair	810,704	-	810,704			
Court Operations and Capital Outlay	517,698	-	517,698			
Security Operations	486,848	-	486,848			
Drug and Alcohol Programs	31,856	-	31,856			
-			751,731			
Other Purposes	751,731	-	/31,/31			
Other Purposes Unrestricted	(13,391,241)	198,314	(13,192,927)			

Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Program Revenues							
	Expenses			harges for Services and Sales	Co	Operating Grants, ontributions and Interest		Capital Grants and ontributions
Governmental Activities								
General Government	\$ 12,	474,089	\$	2,835,668	\$	850	\$	-
Security of Persons and Property	10,	821,674		1,547,149		304,212		23,679
Public Health		221,996		-		132,387		-
Leisure Time Activities	5,	280,807		916,157		180,498		3,439,986
Community Development		404,419		29,314		224,211		-
Public Works	1,	457,057		-		-		-
Transportation	5,	341,190		157,362		1,040,869		568,215
Interest Expense		704,948						
Total Governmental Activities	36,	706,180		5,485,650		1,883,027		4,031,880
Business-Type Activities								
Water Revenue	3,	749,229		2,121,910		59,264		414,442
Sewer Revenue	1,	558,927		747,366				750,691
Total Business-Type Activities	5,	308,156		2,869,276		59,264		1,165,133
Total	\$ 42,	014,336	\$	8,354,926	\$	1,942,291	\$	5,197,013

General Revenues

Property Taxes Levied for:

General Purposes

Police and Fire Pension

Community Hospital

Debt Service

Water Improvements

Income Taxes Levied for:

General Purposes

Grants and Entitlements not Restricted to Specific Programs

Other Taxes

Investment Earnings

Miscellaneous

Total General Revenues

Transfers

Total General Revenues and Transfers

Change in Net Position

Net Position Beginning of Year

Net Position End of Year

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

 Governmental Activities	 Business-Type Activities	 Total
\$ (9,637,571)	\$ -	\$ (9,637,571)
(8,946,634) (89,609)	-	(8,946,634) (89,609)
(744,166)	_	(744,166)
(150,894)	_	(150,894)
(1,457,057)	_	(1,457,057)
(3,574,744)	-	(3,574,744)
 (704,948)	 	 (704,948)
 (25,305,623)	 <u>-</u>	 (25,305,623)
	(1.152.612)	(1.152.612)
-	(1,153,613)	(1,153,613)
 -	 (60,870)	 (60,870)
 	 (1,214,483)	 (1,214,483)
 (25,305,623)	 (1,214,483)	 (26,520,106)
2,061,508	-	2,061,508
2,061,308 860,944	-	2,061,308 860,944
98,562	_	98,562
1,884,289	_	1,884,289
-	494,181	494,181
19,618,278	-	19,618,278
1,231,771	-	1,231,771
200,525	-	200,525
593,705 264,574	-	593,705 264,574
 26,814,156	 494,181	 27,308,337
 	 	. ,
 (755,000)	 755,000	
 26,059,156	 1,249,181	 27,308,337
753,533	34,698	788,231
 53,023,153	 28,530,238	 81,553,391
\$ 53,776,686	\$ 28,564,936	\$ 82,341,622

City of Berea Cuyahoga County, Ohio Balance Sheet

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2023

	Genera	<u> </u>		erican Rescue Plan Act		eral Bond irement	In	General Capital provement	Gov	Other ernmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
Assets												
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$ 4,873		\$	2,247,067	\$ 1	,129,343	\$	399,997	\$ 3	,112,742	\$	11,762,686
Accounts Receivable		464		-		-		-		77,711		210,175
Intergovernmental Receivable		,564		-	_	120,979		6,155		669,018		1,217,716
Taxes Receivable	7,344			-	2	,086,366		-	1	,040,510		10,471,146
Special Assessments Receivable	28	,809		-		-		-		822,815		851,624
Loans Receivable		-		-		-		805,029		-		805,029
Leases Receivable	922	,174		-		-		-		-		922,174
Materials and Supplies Inventory		-		-		-		-		255,176		255,176
Assets Held for Resale		-		-		-		140,000		-		140,000
Due from Other Funds	Ф. 12.722	-	Ф.	-		- 226 600	_	24,211	Φ	-	Φ.	24,211
Total Assets	\$ 13,722	,818	\$	2,247,067	\$ 3	,336,688	\$	1,375,392	\$ 5	,977,972	\$	26,659,937
Liabilities												
Accounts Payable	\$ 910	,292	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	102,919	\$	1,013,211
Accrued Wages	375	,351		-		-		-		56,685		432,036
Contracts Payable		-		-		-		-		9,751		9,751
Intergovernmental Payable	155	,951		-		-		-		127,861		283,812
Due to Other Funds		-		-		-		-		24,211		24,211
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	12	,788		-		-		-		-		12,788
Unearned Revenue		-		2,247,067								2,247,067
Total Liabilities	1,454	,382		2,247,067				-		321,427		4,022,876
Deferred Inflows of Resources												
Property Taxes Levied for the Next Year	2,120	,750		-	1	,987,171		-		991,040		5,098,961
Delinquent Property Taxes	105	,863		-		99,195		-		49,470		254,528
Unavailable Revenue - Income Tax	1,231	,630		-		-		-		-		1,231,630
Unavailable Revenue - Other	361	,516		-		120,979		-	1	,303,130		1,785,625
Leases	922	,174		-		-		-		-		922,174
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	4,741	,933		-	2	,207,345		-	2	,343,640		9,292,918
Fund Balances												
Nonspendable	56	,007		-		_		-		255,176		311,183
Restricted		-		-	1	,129,343		_	2	,541,395		3,670,738
Committed	1,812	760		-		-		1,375,392		516,334		3,704,486
Assigned	*	,627		-		_		-				455,627
Unassigned	5,202			-		_		-		-		5,202,109
Total Fund Balance	7,526			-	1	,129,343		1,375,392	3	,312,905		13,344,143
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of												
												26,659,937

Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities December 31, 2023

Total Governmental Fund Balances		\$ 13,344,143
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial		
resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		83,411,236
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are deferred	in the funds:	
Delinquent Property Taxes	\$ 254,528	
Income Tax	1,231,630	
Intergovernmental	934,001	
Special Assessments	851,624	3,271,783
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds.		
The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities		
in the statement of net position.		409,004
Accrued interest payable is not due and payable in the current period and therefore not reported in the fun	ds.	(41,589)
The net pension liability and net OPEB liability are not due and payable in the current period, therefore,		
the liability/net OPEB asset and related deferred inflows/outflows are not reported in governmental	funds.	
Deferred Outflows - Pension	10,291,431	
Deferred Outflows - OPEB	1,659,600	
Net Pension Liability	(29,742,699)	
Net OPEB Liability	(1,648,241)	
Deferred Inflows - Pension	(1,239,013)	
Deferred Inflows - OPEB	(1,751,213)	(22,430,135)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the fur	nds:	
General Obligation Bonds	(15,315,000)	
OPWC Loans	(2,464,937)	
Revenue Bonds	(4,555,000)	
Unamortized Bond Premium	(190,562)	
Police and Fire Pension	(133,082)	
Direct Financing	(171,068)	
Compensated Absences	(1,358,107)	 (24,187,756)
Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 53,776,686

City of Berea
Cuyahoga County, Ohio
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	General	American Rescue Plan Act	General Bond Retirement	General Capital Improvement	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues						
Property Taxes	\$ 2,110,389	\$ -	\$ 1,929,265	\$ -	\$ 982,199	\$ 5,021,853
Income Taxes	19,433,906	-	-	-	-	19,433,906
Other Local Taxes	189,953	-	-	-	_	189,953
Special Assessments	12,200	-	-	-	845,009	857,209
Charges for Services	67,900	_	_	36,258	1,464,431	1,568,589
Licenses and Permits	299,306	_	_	50,000	29,314	378,620
Fines and Forfeitures	1,768,021	_	_	· -	772,107	2,540,128
Intergovernmental	1,028,696	222,027	242,607	568,215	1,599,057	3,660,602
Interest	593,705	,	,	-	10,622	604,327
Rent	-	-	_	71,104	,	71,104
Contributions and Donations	850	-	-		70,471	71,321
Miscellaneous	99,173	_	_	_	165,401	264,574
Total Revenues	25,604,099	222,027	2,171,872	725,577	5,938,611	34,662,186
Expenditures						
Current:						
General Government	10,389,870	-	83,848	-	819,754	11,293,472
Security of Persons and Property	7,093,780	-	-	-	2,064,314	9,158,094
Public Health	-	112,000	-	-	109,996	221,996
Leisure Time Activities	123,083	-	-	-	2,341,033	2,464,116
Community Development	365,167	-	-	-	24,211	389,378
Public Works	1,453,044	-	-	-	_	1,453,044
Transportation	-	_	_	-	1,305,654	1,305,654
Capital Outlay	_	110,027	_	2,968,724	1,674,600	4,753,351
Debt Service:						
Principal Retirement	4,948	_	8,965,000	183,043	77,756	9,230,747
Interest and Fiscal Charges	152	_	777,718	1,336	12,419	791,625
Total Expenditures	19,430,044	222,027	9,826,566	3,153,103	8,429,737	41,061,477
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	6,174,055		(7,654,694)	(2,427,526)	(2,491,126)	(6,399,291)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Proceeds from Sale of Assets	1,558	-	-	47,317	-	48,875
Issuance of General Obligation Bonds	-	-	7,330,000	-	-	7,330,000
Issuance of OPWC Loans	-	-	-	213,145	_	213,145
Transfers In	_	_	_	2,205,000	3,065,000	5,270,000
Transfers Out	(6,020,000)	_	(5,000)	· -	-	(6,025,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(6,018,442)		7,325,000	2,465,462	3,065,000	6,837,020
Net Change in Fund Balances	155,613	-	(329,694)	37,936	573,874	437,729
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	7,370,890		1,459,037	1,337,456	2,739,031	12,906,414
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 7,526,503	\$ -	\$ 1,129,343	\$ 1,375,392	\$ 3,312,905	\$ 13,344,143

City of Berea

Cuyahoga County, Ohio

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$	437,729
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activites,			
the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.	Φ (042.627		
Capital Asset Additions Current Year Depreciation	\$ 6,942,637 (7,389,424)		(446,787)
	(1,000,100)		(110,,01)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.			
Delinquent Property Taxes	(116,550)		
Income Tax	184,372		
Intergovernmental	75,002		210.041
Special Assessments	67,217		210,041
Repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.			
General Obligation Bonds	1,325,000		
OPWC Loans	167,777		
Revenue Bonds	380,000		
Bond Anticipation Notes	7,260,000		
Police and Fire Pension	8,855		
Direct Financing	89,115		9,230,747
Debt proceeds issued in the governmental funds that increase long-term liabilities in the statement of			
net position are not reported as revenues.			
General Obligation Bonds	(7,330,000)		
OPWC Loans	(213,145)		(7,543,145)
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, and bond premium and the			
gain/loss on refunding are amortized over the term of the bonds, whereas in governmental funds,			
an interest expenditure is reported when bonds are issued.			
Accrued Interest Payable	69,353		
Amortization of Premium on Bonds	17,324		86,677
Contractually required pension/OPEB contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds;			
however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows.			
Pension	1,957,411		1001-511
OPEB	27,153		1,984,564
Except for amount reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension/OPEB liability/asset are reported as pension/OPEB expense in the statement of activities.			
Pension	(3,629,709)		
OPEB	450,168		(3,179,541)
The internal continue fund yeard by management to about the easts of incumance to invididual funds is not			
The internal service fund used by management to charge the costs of insurance to invididual funds is not reported in the statement of activities. Governmental expenditures and related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is allocated among			
the governmental activities.			33,295
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, do not require the use of current financial resources			
and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.			
Compensated Absences			(60,047)
		¢	
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		<u> </u>	753,533

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Budgeted	l Amounts		X7 : 14	
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget	
Revenues					
Property Taxes	\$ 2,063,060	\$ 2,110,389	\$ 2,110,389	\$ -	
Income Taxes	17,778,515	18,828,515	19,233,307	404,792	
Other Local Taxes	245,000	245,000	232,327	(12,673)	
Special Assessments	20,000	20,000	12,200	(7,800)	
Charges for Services	383,100	133,100	68,997	(64,103)	
Licenses and Permits	390,001	350,001	299,306	(50,695)	
Fines and Forfeitures	87,000	52,000	48,821	(3,179)	
Intergovernmental	948,553	1,036,502	1,047,675	11,173	
Interest	225,000	475,000	534,865	59,865	
Rent	120,000	20,000	-	(20,000)	
Contributions and Donations	-	-	850	850	
Other	62,500	62,500	63,153	653	
Total Revenues	22,322,729	23,333,007	23,651,890	318,883	
Expenditures					
Current:					
General Government	8,119,167	8,872,587	8,688,715	183,872	
Security of Persons and Property	7,196,770	7,406,770	7,248,477	158,293	
Leisure Time Activities	99,071	126,516	116,617	9,899	
Community Development	366,218	387,718	369,305	18,413	
Public Works	1,529,741	1,565,376	1,545,470	19,906	
Debt Service:					
Principal Retirement	4,948	4,948	4,948	-	
Interest and Fiscal Charges	152	152	152	-	
Total Expenditures	17,316,067	18,364,067	17,973,684	390,383	
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	5,006,662	4,968,940	5,678,206	709,266	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	500	500	1,558	1,058	
Advances In	170,000	170,000	170,000	-	
Transfers In	100,000	150,000	150,000	-	
Transfers Out	(5,620,000)	(6,020,000)	(6,020,000)	<u>-</u> _	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(5,349,500)	(5,699,500)	(5,698,442)	1,058	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(342,838)	(730,560)	(20,236)	710,324	
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	4,662,574	4,662,574	4,662,574	-	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	105,255	105,255	105,255		
Fund Balance End of Year	\$ 4,424,991	\$ 4,037,269	\$ 4,747,593	\$ 710,324	

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual American Rescue Plan Act Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	 Budgeted Amounts				
	 Original		Final	 Actual	ariance with inal Budget
Revenues					
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$	112,000	\$ 112,000	\$ -
Total Revenues	 -		112,000	112,000	-
Expenditures					
Current:					
Public Health	1,423,856		1,535,856	112,000	1,423,856
Capital Outlay	110,027		110,027	110,027	-
Total Expenditures	 1,533,883		1,645,883	222,027	1,423,856
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	 (1,533,883)		(1,533,883)	(110,027)	 1,423,856
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,533,883)		(1,533,883)	(110,027)	1,423,856
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	 2,357,094		2,357,094	 2,357,094	 <u>-</u>
Fund Balance End of Year	\$ 823,211	\$	823,211	\$ 2,247,067	\$ 1,423,856

City of Berea Cuyahoga County, Ohio Statement of Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds December 31, 2023

	Enterprise Funds			Governmental Activities				
		Water Revenue		Sewer Revenue		Total	Inter	nal Service Funds
Assets								
Current Assets: Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments Cash and Cash Equivalents in Segregated Accounts	\$	326,870	\$	608,776	\$	935,646	\$	100,185 261,673
Accounts Receivable Intergovernmental Receivable Taxes Receivable		894,316 29,660 530,326		411,919 401,282		1,306,235 430,942 530,326		-
Prepaid Items Materials and Supplies Inventory		147,053		-		147,053		191,793
Total Current Assets		1,928,225		1,421,977		3,350,202		553,651
Non-Current Assets:								
Capital Assets not Being Depreciated/Amortized Capital Assets Being Depreciated/Amortized		942,194 14,626,663		513,538 21,751,500		1,455,732 36,378,163		
Total Non-Current Assets		15,568,857		22,265,038		37,833,895		
Total Assets		17,497,082		23,687,015		41,184,097		553,651
Deferred Outflows of Resources								
Pension OPEB		732,226 108,788		156,832 23,301		889,058 132,089		-
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		841,014		180,133		1,021,147		-
Liabilities								
Current Liabilities: Accounts Payable		35,245		6,075		41,320		_
Accrued Wages		29,568		7,309		36,877		-
Contracts Payable		-		48,402		48,402		-
Intergovernmental Payable		15,761		3,515		19,276		-
Accrued Interest Payable Claims Payable		92,177		33,912		126,089		144,647
Compensated Absences Payable Leases Payable		18,064		11,478 84,521		29,542 84,521		-
Direct Financing Payable		3,779		-		3,779		-
Loans Payable OPWC Loans Payable		30,592		19,404 116,373		19,404 146,965		
OWDA Loans Payable		556,558		129,354		685,912		_
General Obligation Bonds Payable		5,000				5,000		-
Total Current Liabilities		786,744		460,343		1,247,087		144,647
Long-Term Liabilities:		44.404		50 5 00		00.550		
Compensated Absences Payable - Net of Current Portion Leases Payable - Net of Current Portion		41,184		52,589 393,029		93,773 393,029		-
Direct Financing Payable - Net of Current Portion		3,887		-		3,887		-
Loans Payable - Net of Current Portion		-		126,119		126,119		-
OPWC Loans Payable - Net of Current Portion OWDA Loans Payable - Net of Current Portion		605,257 5,140,957		1,410,415 1,721,325		2,015,672 6,862,282		
General Obligation Bonds Payable - Net of Current Portion		80,000				80,000		_
Net Pension Liability		1,793,695		384,363		2,178,058		-
Net OPEB Liability		36,435		7,808		44,243		-
Total Long-Term Liabilities		7,701,415		4,095,648		11,797,063		-
Total Liabilities		8,488,159		4,555,991		13,044,150		144,647
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Property Taxes Levied for the Next Year		505,112		- - 047		505,112		-
Pension OPEB		70,956 12,437		5,047 2,606		76,003 15,043		-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		588,505		7,653		596,158		-
Net Position								
Net Investment in Capital Assets		10,150,527		18,216,095		28,366,622		409,004
Unrestricted Total Nat Position	•	(889,095)	•	1,087,409	•	198,314	•	
Total Net Position	\$	9,261,432	\$	19,303,504	\$	28,564,936	\$	409,004

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Enterprise Funds					Governmental Activities		
	Water Revenue		Sewer Revenue		Total		Internal Service Funds	
Operating Revenues Charges for Services Other	\$	2,121,910	\$	747,366	\$	2,869,276	\$	3,704,057 77,844
Total Operating Revenues		2,121,910		747,366		2,869,276		3,781,901
Operating Expenses Personal Services Contractual Services Materials and Supplies Claims Depreciation/Amortization		1,444,905 584,314 655,119 - 864,321		312,005 266,609 18,831 - 886,229		1,756,910 850,923 673,950 - 1,750,550		1,263,026 - 2,472,776
Other		8,810		7,801		16,611		12,804
Total Operating Expenses		3,557,469		1,491,475		5,048,944		3,748,606
Operating Income (Loss)		(1,435,559)		(744,109)		(2,179,668)		33,295
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses) Intergovernmental Property Tax Interest and Fiscal Charges Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)		59,264 494,181 (191,760) 361,685		(67,452) (67,452)		59,264 494,181 (259,212) 294,233		- - - -
Income (Loss) Before Capital Contributions and Transfers Capital Contributions Transfers In		(1,073,874) 414,442 355,000		(811,561) 750,691 420,296		(1,885,435) 1,165,133 775,296		33,295
Transfers Out		(20,296)		-		(20,296)		<u> </u>
Change in Net Position		(324,728)		359,426		34,698		33,295
Net Position Beginning of Year		9,586,160		18,944,078		28,530,238		375,709
Net Position End of Year	\$	9,261,432	\$	19,303,504	\$	28,564,936	\$	409,004

City of Berea

Cuyahoga County, Ohio Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

		Governmental Activities		
	Water Revenue	Sewer Revenue	Total	Internal Service Funds
Cash Flows from Operating Activities				
Cash Received from Customers	\$ 2,422,549	\$ 742,780	\$ 3,165,329	\$ 3,704,057
Cash Received from Other Operating Receipts Cash Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services	(750,458)	(15,718)	(766,176)	77,844
Cash Payments to Employees for Services and Benefits	(1,419,912)	(330,907)	(1,750,819)	-
Cash Payments for Contractual Services	(582,928)	(293,442)	(876,370)	(1,270,405)
Cash Payments for Claims	-	-	_	(2,532,361)
Other Cash Payments	(8,810)	(7,801)	(16,611)	(12,804)
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	(339,559)	94,912	(244,647)	(33,669)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities				
Intergovernmental Revenue	59,479	-	59,479	-
Property Taxes	505,930	-	505,930	-
Transfers In	345,000	400,000	745,000	
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Noncapital Financing Activities	910,409	400,000	1,310,409	-
7			, , , , , ,	
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activit		742.002	1 150 224	
Capital Grants Proceeds of OPWC Loans	414,442	743,892	1,158,334	-
Acquisition of Capital Assets	125,241 (852,731)	134,220 (833,320)	259,461 (1,686,051)	-
Transfers in for Capital Related Debt Payments	5,000	20,296	25,296	-
Transfers Out for Capital Related Debt Payments	(20,296)		(20,296)	-
Principal Payments on Debt	(576,327)	(267,569)	(843,896)	-
Interest Payments on Debt	(195,586)	(67,355)	(262,941)	
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Capital and				
Related Financing Activities	(1,100,257)	(269,836)	(1,370,093)	
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Investments	(529,407)	225,076	(304,331)	(33,669)
Cash and Investments Beginning of Year	856,277	383,700	1,239,977	395,527
Cash and Investments End of Year	\$ 326,870	\$ 608,776	\$ 935,646	\$ 361,858
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities				
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ (1,435,559)	\$ (744,109)	\$ (2,179,668)	\$ 33,295
Adjustments:				
Depreciation/Amortization	864,321	886,229	1,750,550	-
(Increase) Decrease in Assets and Deferred Outflows:				
Accounts Receivable	300,639	(4,586)	296,053	_
Prepaid Items	-	-		(3,056)
Materials and Supplies Inventory	(91,061)	-	(91,061)	-
Net OPEB Asset	201,531	40,306	241,837	-
Deferred Outflows - Pension/OPEB	(574,653)	(126,837)	(701,490)	-
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities and Deferred Inflows: Accounts Payable	(2.802)	(14.270)	(17.162)	(4 222)
Accounts rayable Accrued Wages	(2,892) 4,895	(14,270) 2,665	(17,162) 7,560	(4,323)
Intergovernmental Payable	1,246	578	1,824	-
Contracts Payable	-	(9,450)	(9,450)	-
Claims Payable	-	-	-	(59,585)
Compensated Absences Payable	41,728	15,147	56,875	-
Deferred Inflows - Pension/OPEB	(893,129)	(225,581)	(1,118,710)	-
Net Pension Liability Net OPEB Liability	1,206,940 36,435	267,012 7,808	1,473,952 44,243	-
·				
Net Cash Provided by (Used For) Operating Activities	\$ (339,559)	\$ 94,912	\$ (244,647)	\$ (33,669)

Noncash Capital Financing Activities:

The City purchased \$48,402 of capital assets on account in 2023 for the sewer fund. The City entered into a lease agreement for \$477,550 in 2023 in the sewer fund.

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds December 31, 2023

Custodia	
\$	1,499,079 287,967 2,460,841
	4,247,887
	1,443,915 2,803,972
	4,247,887
¢	

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Custodial			
Additions Licenses, Permits & Fees for Other Governments Fines & Forfeitures for Other Governments Collections for Other Governments	\$ 3,928 2,389,903 6,051,575			
Total Additions	8,445,406			
Deductions Licenses, Permits & Fees Distributions to Other Governments Fines & Forfeitures Distributions to Other Governments Distributions to Other Governments	3,928 2,389,903 6,051,575			
Total Deductions	8,445,406			
Change in Net Position	-			
Net Position Beginning of Year				
Net Position End of Year	\$ -			

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE CITY AND THE REPORTING ENTITY

The City of Berea, (the "City") is a home rule municipal corporation, established under the laws of the State of Ohio and operates under its own Charter. The current Charter, which provides for a Mayor-Council form of government, was originally adopted May 3, 1960. Elected officials include seven Council members, Council president and a Mayor.

The Reporting Entity

The reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements of the City are not misleading. The City's primary government consists of all funds and departments which are not legally separate from the City. For the City, this includes the departments that provide the following services: police and fire protection, emergency medical, street maintenance, sanitation, planning and zoning, parks and recreation, water treatment, and general administrative services.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the City is financially accountable. The City is financially accountable for an organization if the City appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the City is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the City is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the City is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance deficits of, or provide financial support to the organization; or the City is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations in which the City approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes. The City has no component units.

Jointly Governed Organizations

The City participates in several jointly governed organizations, A jointly governed organization is managed by representatives from each of the governments that create the organization, but there is no ongoing financial interest or responsibility on the part of the participating governments. Those organizations are as follows:

Southwest Council of Governments

The Southwest Council of Governments helps foster cooperation between municipalities in areas affecting health, safety, welfare, education, economic conditions and regional development. The Council's Board is comprised of one member from each of the participating entities. The Board exercises total control over the operation of the Council including budgeting, appropriating, contracting, and designating management. Budgets are adopted by the Board. Each city's degree of control is limited to its representation on the Board.

The Council has established two subsidiary organizations, the Southwest Emergency Response Team (SERT), which provides hazardous material protection and assistance, technical rescue including water rescue and land-based components, fire investigation and tactical EMS services; and the Southwest Enforcement Bureau (SEB), which provides specially trained officers to respond to incidents where special weapons and tactics are needed, including SWAT, Bomb Squad, Crisis Negotiations and Tactical

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

EMS. The Council's financial statements may be obtained by contacting the Southwest Council of Governments, Eric Dean, Fiscal Officer, 16099 Foltz Parkway, Strongsville, Ohio 44149.

Southwest Regional Communications

The Southwest Regional Communications organization is a jointly-governed organization between the City and seven other communities. Formed as a Regional Council of Governments as permitted under Ohio Revised Code Section 167.01, the intent of the organization is to establish, own, operate, maintain, and administer, a regional communications network for public safety and public service purposes for the mutual benefit of the participating communities. This organization is controlled by a governing body consisting of each participating community's mayor or his/her delegate or representative. The degree of control exercised by any member is limited to its representation on the governing board.

All members agree to contribute the sums of money on a shared basis as agreed per the requirements set forth in the Articles of Understanding. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 14 and amended by GASB Statement No. 61, the City does not have an equity interest in the organization. Financial information may be obtained by contacting Martin S. Healy, 17401 Holland Road, Brook Park, Ohio 44142, or by email at healymswcc@gmail.com.

Southwest General Health Center

The Southwest General Health Center is an Ohio nonprofit corporation providing health services. The Health Center is a jointly governed organization among the communities of Berea, Brook Park, Columbia Township, Middleburg Heights, Olmsted Falls and Strongsville.

The Health Center is governed by a Board of Trustees consisting of the following: one member of the legislative body from each of the political subdivisions, one resident from each of the political subdivisions who is not a member of the legislative body, three persons who are residents of any of the participating political subdivisions, the president and the executive vice president of the corporations, and the president and the vice president of the medical staff. The legislative body of each political subdivision elects their own member to serve on the Board of Trustees of the Health Center. The Board exercises total control over the operation of the Health Center including budgeting, appropriating, contracting and designating management. Each City's control is limited to its representation on the Board. The Southwest General Hospital special revenue fund accounts for property tax resources that are distributed to the Health Center.

Woodvale Union Cemetery

The Woodvale Union Cemetery is a body corporate and politic established to exercise the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. Woodvale Union Cemetery provides burial grounds and burial services to the public. The Cemetery is a jointly governed organization among the communities of Berea and Middleburg Heights.

The Cemetery is governed by a joint council consisting of the council members from both member communities. The joint council elects and appoints the members of the Board of Trustees. The members of the Board of Trustees consist of the following: one elected member of the legislative body from each of

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

the political subdivisions, and one appointed resident from either of the political subdivisions who is not a member of the legislative body.

The joint council exercises control over the operation of the Cemetery through budgeting, appropriating, and contracting. The Board of Trustees control daily operations of the Cemetery. Each city's control is limited to its representation on the Joint Council. In 2023, the City of Berea contributed \$52,398 for operating expenses to the Cemetery.

Northeast Ohio Public Energy Council

The City is a member of the Northeast Ohio Public Energy Council (NOPEC). NOPEC is a regional council of governments formed under Chapter 167 of the Ohio Revised Code. NOPEC was formed to serve as a vehicle for communities wishing to proceed jointly with an aggregation program for the purchase of electricity. NOPEC is currently comprised of over 240 communities who have been authorized by ballot to purchase electricity on behalf of their citizens. The intent of NOPEC is to provide electricity at the lowest possible rates while at the same time ensuring stability in prices by entering into long-term contracts with suppliers to provide electricity to the citizens of its member communities.

NOPEC is governed by a General Assembly made up of one representative from each member community. The representatives from each county then elect one person to serve on the eight-member NOPEC Board of Directors. The Board oversees and manages the operation of the aggregation program. The degree of control exercised by any participating government is limited to its representation in the General Assembly and on the Board. Financial information can be obtained by contacting Ron McVoy, the Board Chairman, at 175 South Main Street, Akron, Ohio 44308 or at the website www.nopecinfo.org.

Regional Income Tax Agency

In 1971, 38 municipalities joined together to organize a Regional Council of Governments (RCOG) to administer tax collection and enforcement concerns facing member cities and villages. The first official act of the RCOG was to form the Regional Income Tax Agency (RITA) to administer the income tax ordinances of any Ohio municipality that joins the agency through the RCOG. Today, RITA serves as the income tax collection agency for over 380 municipalities throughout the State of Ohio. Financial information may be obtained by writing to RITA, 10107 Brecksville Road, Brecksville, Ohio 44141.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

The most significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Basis of Presentation

The City's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements - The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the City as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The activity of the internal service fund is eliminated to avoid "doubling up" revenues and expenses. Other interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. The statements distinguish between those activities of the City that are governmental and those that are considered business-type.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental and business-type activities of the City at year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the City's governmental activities and for the business-type activities of the City. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the City, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental program or business activity is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the City.

Fund Financial Statements - During the year, the City segregates transactions related to certain City functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the City at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental and proprietary fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The internal service fund is presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statements. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

Fund Accounting

The City uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds - Governmental funds are those funds through which most governmental functions are typically financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance. The following are the City's major governmental funds:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

General Fund - The general fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund also accounts for the activities related to the municipal income tax levy collections passed by ordinance in November 1992. One-fourth of income tax revenues are collected in the municipal income tax fund and are designated for water, sewer, recreation, debt and capital expenditures. These funds cannot be spent for any other reason. The allocation (which may exclude any particular purpose mentioned in any one year) to the five areas is designated annually during the budgeting process approved by Council. The general fund balance is available to the City for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the Charter of the City of Berea and/or the general laws of Ohio.

American Rescue Plan Act Fund - The American Rescue Plan Act fund is used to provide local and state governments with economic resources to assist in the economic, public health and societal recovery from the COVID-19 pandemic.

General Bond Retirement Fund - The general bond retirement fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of general long-term principal, interest, and related costs, other than those paid by proprietary funds.

General Capital Improvement Fund - The general capital improvement fund is used to account for financial resources designated for the acquisition or major repair of infrastructure or capital assets.

The other governmental funds of the City account for grants and other resources to which the City is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources.

Proprietary Funds - Proprietary fund reporting focuses on the determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position and cash flows. Proprietary funds are classified as either enterprise or internal service.

Enterprise Funds - Enterprise funds may be used to account for any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods and services. The following are the City's major enterprise funds.

Water Revenue Fund - The water revenue fund is used to account for the operation of the water treatment plant and distribution of water to the residents and commercial users of the City and some residents of the county.

Sewer Revenue Fund - The sewer revenue fund is used to account for the operations of the sewage collection operations.

Internal Service Funds - The internal service funds are used to account for the financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the City on a cost reimbursement basis. The City's three internal service funds account for funds reserved to finance a self insurance program for hospitalization benefits and a self insurance program for property and liability losses and to account for the payment of worker's compensation insurance.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Fiduciary Funds - Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and custodial funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the City under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the City's own programs. The City's only fiduciary funds are custodial funds that account for regional sewer collections, collection of fines for the law library, Ohio Board of Building Standards fees, municipal court collections for the Metropark and municipal court collections.

Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements - The government-wide financial statements are prepared using a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and deferred outflows of resources and all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the City are included on the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Activities presents increases (e.g. revenues) and decreases (e.g. expenses) in total net position.

Fund Financial Statements - All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and deferred outflows of resources and current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Like the government-wide statements, all proprietary and fiduciary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and deferred outflows of resources and all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of fund net position. The statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net position. The statement of cash flows for proprietary funds provide information about how the City finances and meets the cash flow needs of the proprietary activities.

Fiduciary funds present a statement of changes in fiduciary net position which reports additions to and deductions from custodial funds.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting; proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred inflows/outflows of resources and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Revenues - Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year. For the City, available means expected to be received within sixty days of year-end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the City receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include income taxes, property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from income taxes is recognized in the period in which the income is earned. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 6). Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the City must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the City on a reimbursement basis. On the modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at year-end: income tax, admissions tax, cable TV franchise fees, state-levied locally shared taxes (including gasoline tax and motor vehicle license fees), fines and forfeitures, interest, grants and entitlements, and rentals.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources In addition to assets, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the City, deferred outflows of resources are reported on the government-wide statement of net position for pension and OPEB. The deferred outflows of resources related to pension and OPEB are explained in Notes 9 and 10.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period and will not be recognized until that time. For the City, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes, leases, pension, OPEB and unavailable revenue. Property taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of December 31, 2023, but which were levied to finance 2024 operations. These amounts have been recorded as a deferred inflow on both the government-wide statement of net position and governmental fund financial statements. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental funds balance sheet, and represents receivables which will not be collected within the available period. For the City, unavailable revenue may include delinquent property taxes, income taxes, intergovernmental grants, and miscellaneous revenues. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available. The details of these unavailable revenues are identified on the reconciliation of governmental fund balances to net position of governmental activities. Deferred inflows of resources related to pension and OPEB are reported on the government-wide statement of net position. (See Notes 9 and 10)

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the City is pooled. Each fund's pooled cash and investments represents the balance on hand as if each fund maintained its own cash and investment account. Interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments" on the financial statements. For purpose of the statement of cash flows, the proprietary funds' share of equity in pooled certificates of deposit are considered to be cash equivalents.

The City has segregated bank accounts for monies held separate from the City's central bank account. These interest bearing depository accounts are presented on the Statement of Fund Net Position, Proprietary Funds and the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position as "Cash in Segregated Accounts" since they are not required to be deposited into the City's treasury.

During 2023, the City invested in STAR Ohio. STAR Ohio (the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio), is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 79, Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants. The City measures their investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides an NAV per share that approximates fair value.

For 2023, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, 24 hours advance notice for deposits and withdrawals of \$100 million or more is appreciated. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$250 million per day.

Investment procedures and interest allocations are restricted by provisions of the Ohio Constitution, the Ohio Revised Code and the Berea Municipal Code. Interest in the general fund during 2023 amounted to \$593,705, which includes \$467,844 assigned from other City funds. All investment income, including changes in the fair value of investments, are recognized as revenue in the operating statements.

Investments of the cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the City are presented on the financial statements as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments." Investments with an original maturity of more than three months that are not made from the pool are reported as "Investments."

Material & Supplies Inventory

Inventories are valued at cost using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Assets Held for Resale

Assets held for resale are stated at the net realizable value. Donations of assets held for resale are recognized as revenue and reported as unrestricted donations on the Statement of Activities.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Capital Assets

General capital assets are capital assets which are associated with and generally arise from governmental activities. They generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. General capital assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net position and in the respective funds.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition value as of the date received. Intangible assets are recorded at cost. The City maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. The City's infrastructure consists of roads, storm sewers, sanitary sewers, water lines, bridges, traffic signals, and sidewalks and includes infrastructure acquired prior to December 31, 1980. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not. All capital assets are depreciated except for land, intangibles and construction in progress. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Useful lives for infrastructure were estimated based on the City's historical records of necessary improvements and replacement.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Years
Land Improvements	10 - 50
Buildings	40
Building Improvements	7 - 50
Machinery and Equipment	2 - 20
Furniture and Fixtures	7 - 10
Vehicles	3 - 20
Infrastructure	10 - 50

The City is reporting an intangible right to use asset related to leased equipment. This intangible asset is being amortized in a systematic and rational manner over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset.

Interfund Balances

On the fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "Due to/Due from Other Funds."

Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the City will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The City records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all employers with more than one year of service.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those employees that the City has identified as probable of receiving payment in the future. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employees' wage rates at year end, taking into consideration any limits specified in the City's termination policies.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

In governmental funds, the liability for unpaid compensated absences is the amount that is normally expected to be paid using expendable available financial resources. These amounts are recorded in the account "matured compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated unpaid leave is paid.

Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability/asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension/OPEB, and pension/OPEB expense; information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current fiscal year. Net pension/OPEB liability should be recognized in the governmental funds to the extent that benefit payments are due and payable and the pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is not sufficient for payment of those benefits.

Fund Balance

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, the City classifies its fund balance based on the purpose for which the resources were received and the level of constraint placed on the resources. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable – The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amount of loans receivable, as well as property acquired for resale, unless the use of the

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

proceeds from the collection of those receivables or from the sale of those properties is restricted, committed or assigned.

Restricted – Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Committed – The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (ordinance or resolution, as both are equally binding) of City Council. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City Council removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance or resolution, as both are equally binding) it employed to previously commit those amounts. In contrast to fund balance that is restricted by enabling legislation, the committed fund balance classification may be redeployed for other purposes with appropriate due process. Constraints imposed on the use of committed amounts are imposed by the City Council, separate from the authorization to raise the underlying revenue; therefore, compliance with these constraints is not considered to be legally enforceable. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned – Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the City for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by City Council. State statute authorizes the Finance Director to assign fund balance for purchases on order provided such amounts have been lawfully appropriated. The City Council may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget.

Unassigned – Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. General fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed or assigned.

The City applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

The City's fund balance policy establishes the unassigned fund balance at no less than 5 percent of annual operating expenditures and other financing uses and transfers.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets, consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets or related debt also should be included in this component of net position. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Restricted for other purposes is primarily made up of restrictions for guarantee deposits and contract retainers. At December 31, 2023, there was no net position restricted by enabling legislation.

The City applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the City, these revenues are charges for services for water and sewer services, and the self-insurance programs. Operating expenses are necessary costs that have been incurred in order to provide the good or service that is the primary activity of the fund. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating.

Contributions of Capital

Contributions of capital in proprietary fund financial statements arise from outside contributions of capital assets, or from grants or outside contributions of resources restricted to capital acquisition and construction. In the government-wide financial statements, capital contributions are recorded as capital grants and contributions.

Interfund Activity

Transfers between governmental and business-type activities on the government-wide statements are reported in the same manner as general revenues.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds.

Repayment from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the City Administration and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither of these occurred in 2023.

Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Budgetary Data

All funds, except custodial funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated, however, only governmental funds are required to be reported. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriations resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount Council may appropriate. The appropriations resolution is Council's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by Council. The legal level of control has been established by Council at the object level (personal services and other) within each department in the general fund and at the object level (personal services and other) for all other funds. Budgetary modifications may only be made by resolution of the City Council at the legal level of control.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the Director of Finance. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statement reflect the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statement reflect the amounts on the final amended certificate of estimated resources issued during 2023.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation resolution for that fund that covered the entire year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by Council during the year.

Implementation of New Accounting Principles

For the year ended December 31, 2023, the City has implemented GASB Statement No. 93, paragraphs 13 and 14, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates, GASB Statement No. 94, Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Available Payment Arrangements, GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements, and certain provisions of GASB Statement No. 99, Omnibus 2022.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

GASB Statement No. 93, paragraphs 13 and 14, provide an exception to the lease modifications guidance in GASB Statement No. 87, as amended, for certain lease contracts that are amended solely to replace an IBOR as the rate upon which variable payments depend. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 93 paragraphs 13 and 14, did not have an effect on the financial statements of the City.

GASB Statement No. 94 improves financial reporting by establishing the definitions of public-private and public-public partnership arrangements and availability payment arrangements as well as provides uniform guidance on accounting and financial reporting for transactions that meet the definitions. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 94 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the City.

GASB Statement No. 96 improves financial reporting by establishing a definition for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) and providing uniform guidance for accounting and financial reporting for transactions that meet that definition. The statement also enhances the relevance and reliability of the financial statements by requiring a government to report a subscription asset and subscription liability for a SBITA and discloses essential information about the arrangement. The note disclosures also allow the users to understand the scale and important aspects of the SBITA activities and evaluate the obligations and assets resulting from the SBITAs. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 96 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the City.

GASB Statement No. 99 enhances comparability in accounting and financial reporting and improves the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. The implementation of certain provisions of GASB Statement No. 99 that relate to extension of LIBOR, accounting for SNAP distributions, disclosures of nonmonetary transactions, and pledges of future revenues by pledging governments, did not have an effect on the financial statements of the City.

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Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

NOTE 3 – FUND BALANCE

Fund balance can be classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in governmental funds.

The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented as follows:

	General	American Rescue Plan Act	General Bond Retirement	General Capital Improvement	Other Governmental Funds	Total
Nonspendable for:	General	Act	Retirement	Improvement	1 unus	Total
Inventory	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 255,176	\$ 255,176
Unclaimed Monies	56,007	-	-	-	-	56,007
Total Nonspendable	56,007	-			255,176	311,183
Restricted for:						
Bond Retirement	-	-	1,129,343	-	-	1,129,343
Street Repair and Improvement	-	-	-	-	248,019	248,019
Retainers and Deposits	-	-	-	-	532,444	532,444
Security Operations and Programs	-	-	-	-	50,739	50,739
Street Lighting	-	-	-	-	583,139	583,139
Community Improvement	-	-	-	-	60,885	60,885
Drug and Alcohol Programs	-	-	-	-	500,759	500,759
Court Operations and Capital Outlay					565,410	565,410
Total Restricted		-	1,129,343		2,541,395	3,670,738
Committed for:						
Retirements	1,252,215	-	-	-	-	1,252,215
Income Tax	443,194	-	-	-	-	443,194
Recreational Programs	-	-	-	-	25,939	25,939
Security Operations and Programs	-	-	-	-	59,038	59,038
Court Operations and Capital Outlay	117,351	-	-	-	-	117,351
General Capital Improvement	-	-	-	1,375,392	-	1,375,392
Safety Equipment	-	-	-	-	394,195	394,195
Recreation Capital Improvement	-	-	-	-	15,919	15,919
Neighborhood Capital Improvement					21,243	21,243
Total Committed	1,812,760			1,375,392	516,334	3,704,486
Assigned for:						
General Government	9,910	-	_	-	-	9,910
Public Safety	3,280	-	_	-	-	3,280
Subsequent Year Appropriations	442,437					442,437
Total Assigned	455,627	-		-		455,627
Unassigned	5,202,109	_	-	-	-	5,202,109
Total Fund Balance	\$ 7,526,503	\$ -	\$ 1,129,343	\$ 1,375,392	\$ 3,312,905	\$ 13,344,143

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

NOTE 4 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While the City is reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law, is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual are presented for the general fund and major special revenue funds on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget.

The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are as follows:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).
- 2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP).
- 3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget) rather than a restriction, commitment or assignment of fund balance (GAAP).
- 4. Some funds are included in the general fund (GAAP), but have separate legally adopted budgets (budget).

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statements to the budgetary basis statements for the general fund.

Net Change in Fund Balance

	General Fund		American Rescue Plan Act Fund	
GAAP Basis	\$	155,613	\$	
Net Adjustment for Revenue Accruals		(46,676)		(110,027)
Net Adjustment for Expenditure Accruals		7,724		-
Funds Budgeted Elsewhere **		(26,794)		-
Adjustment for Encumbrances		(110,103)		
Budget Basis	\$	(20,236)	\$	(110,027)

^{**} As part of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate special revenue funds are considered part of the general fund on a GAAP basis. This includes the animal control, municipal court and unclaimed monies funds.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the City into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet the current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the City Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that Council has identified as not required for use within the current two-year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Protection of the City's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by the financial institutions participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

Interim monies may be invested or deposited in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal or interest by the United States:
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in the first two bullets of this section and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions, and
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Certain banker's acceptances and commercial paper notes in an amount not to exceed 40 percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time and for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days and two hundred seventy days, respectively; and,
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate note interests rated in either of the two highest classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the City, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the treasurer or qualified trustee or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

Cash on Hand - At December 31, 2023 the City had \$11,575 in undeposited cash on hand, which is included as part of "Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments."

Deposits - At year-end, \$2,280,309 of the City's bank balance of \$3,120,955 was uninsured but collateralized. Although the securities were held by the pledging financial institutions' trust department in the City's name and all statutory requirements for the investment of money had been followed, noncompliance with Federal requirements could potentially subject the City to a successful claim by the FDIC.

Custodial Credit Risk Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party.

The City has no deposit policy for custodial risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits either be insured or protected by:

- Eligible securities pledged to the City and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose market value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured; or
- Participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS required the total market value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of State.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Segregated Cash - The municipal court bond fund and health insurance accounts are maintained separately from the City's deposits. The carrying amount of the deposits are reported as "Cash in Segregated Accounts" and "Cash and Cash Equivalents in Segregated Accounts," respectively.

Investments - The City has a formal investment policy. The objective of the policy shall be the preservation of capital and protection of principal while earning investment interest. Safety of principal is the primary objective of the investment program. All investments are in an internal investment pool.

The City's investments at year end were as follows:

S&P Global		Measurement				
Ratings	Investment	Amount	0-12	13-36	Over 36	% Total
AAAm	Net Asset Value (NAV): STAR Ohio Fair Value:	\$ 8,255,608	\$ 8,255,608	\$ -	\$ -	67.36%
***	Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	4,000,367	1,325,739	1,948,878	725,750	32.64%
	,	\$ 12,255,975	\$ 9,581,347	\$1,948,878	\$ 725,750	100.0%

*** Fully insured under FDIC

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets. Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs. Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The above table identifies the City's recurring fair value measurements as of December 31, 2023. The City's fair value investments are valued using methodologies that incorporate market inputs such as benchmark yields, reported trades, broker/dealer quotes, issuer spreads, two-sided markets, benchmark securities, bids, offers, and reference data including market research publications. Market indicators and industry and economic events are also monitored which could require the need to acquire further market data (Level 2 inputs).

Interest Rate Risk - As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value of losses caused by rising interest rates, the City's investment policy requires that operating funds be invested primarily in short-term investments maturing within 5 years from the date of purchase, and that the City's investment portfolio be structured so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations and/or long-term debt payments. The stated intent of the policy is to avoid the need to sell securities prior to maturity.

Credit Risk - The credit risk of the City's investments is in the table above. Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service.

STAR Ohio is an investment pool operated by the Ohio State Treasurer. It is unclassified since it is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. Ohio law requires STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The weighted average of maturity of the portfolio held by STAR Ohio as of December 31, 2023, is 46 days.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Concentration of Credit Risk - The City places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer. The investment percentages are listed above.

NOTE 6 – RECEIVABLES

Receivables at December 31, 2023 consisted of municipal income taxes, property and other taxes, intergovernmental receivables arising from entitlements and shared revenues, leases, special assessments, loans, due from other funds and accounts (billings for utility service). No allowance for doubtful accounts has been recorded because uncollectible amounts are expected to be insignificant.

Special assessments, delinquent special assessments and delinquent property taxes will primarily be collected in more than one year.

Income Taxes

The City levies and collects an income tax of 2 percent on all income earned within the City, as well as on income of residents earned outside the City. In the latter case, the City allows a credit of 100 percent up to 1-1/2 percent of the tax paid to another municipality, not to exceed the amount owed. Employers within the City are required to withhold income tax on employee earnings and remit the tax at least quarterly to the Regional Income Tax Agency, who administers the City's income tax collections. Corporations and other individual taxpayers are also required to pay their estimated tax at least quarterly and file a final return annually.

The City, by ordinance, allocates income tax revenues and expenditures for collecting, administering, and enforcing the tax to the general fund (75 percent) and to the municipal income tax fund (25 percent). The income tax revenues collected in the municipal income tax fund are designated for water, sewer, recreation, debt, and capital expenditures. The funds cannot be spent for any other reason. The allocation to the four areas is designated annually during the budgetary process approved by Council. The municipal income tax fund has been combined with the general fund for GAAP and budgetary-basis for reporting purposes. On the accrual basis, income tax revenue was \$19,618,278 in the governmental activities. At year end, the municipal income tax fund had \$443,194 in committed funds, for financial statement purposes, that will be allocated to other funds as approved by the municipal income tax levy.

Property Taxes

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility property located in the City. Property tax revenue received during 2023 for real and public utility property taxes represents collections of the 2022 taxes.

2023 real property taxes were levied after October 1, 2023 on the assessed value as of January 1, 2023, the lien date. Assessed values are established by State law at 35 percent of appraised market value. 2023 real property taxes are collected in and intended to finance 2024.

Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statue permits later payment dates to be established.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value; public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value. 2023 public utility property taxes which became a lien December 31, 2022, are levied after October 1, 2023, and are collected in 2024 with real property taxes.

The full tax rate for all City operations for the year ended December 31, 2023, was \$16.80 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation. The assessed values upon which 2023 property tax receipts were based are as follows:

Category		Assessed Value		
Real Property Public Utilities - Personal		\$ 479,570,390 15,978,810		
Total	\$	495,549,200		

The County Fiscal Officer collects property taxes on behalf of all taxing districts within the County, including the City. The County Auditor periodically remits to the City its portion of the taxes collected. Property taxes receivable represents real and public utility property taxes and outstanding delinquencies which were measurable as of December 31, 2023, and for which there was an enforceable legal claim. In governmental funds, the portion of the receivable not levied to finance 2023 operations is offset to deferred inflows of resources – property taxes levied for the next year. On the accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue while on the modified accrual basis the revenue has been reported as deferred inflows of resources – unavailable revenue.

Loans Receivable

The City is reporting a long-term loan receivable related to the Eastland Road Construction project. During 2005, the Cities of Berea, Middleburg Heights and Brook Park, along with Cuyahoga County, entered into an agreement that involves various improvements between Bagley Road and State Route 237. As part of this agreement, the City has entered into a loan agreement with the Ohio Public Works Commission (OPWC) in the amount of \$1,900,900 to help fund some of the construction costs. Although the City of Berea is obligated for the entire loan, the agreement between the cities obligates the City of Middleburg Heights (43 percent) and the City of Brook Park (34 percent) to make semi-annual debt service payments to the City of Berea to help make the annual debt service payments to OPWC.

As of December 31, 2023, there is a long-term OPWC loan payable by the City in the amount of \$1,140,539 (See Note 12). A corresponding long-term loan receivable has been reported in the City's financial statements in the amount of \$805,029, which represents the combined amount owed by the City of Middleburg Heights and the City of Brook Park to the City. These loans are classified as loans receivable on the balance sheet, considered collectible in full, and are expected to be collected in more than one year.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

A summary of future payments to be received is as follows:

	Governmental		
	A	ctivities	
2024	\$	73,184	
2025	Ψ	,	
		73,184	
2026		73,184	
2027		73,184	
2028		73,184	
2029-2033		365,925	
2034		73,184	
Total	\$	805,029	

Lease Receivable

In December 2023, the City entered into an amended lease agreement with T-Mobile Central LLC for permission to use a cell towel at 124 Lincoln Street. The annual rent payable under the lease, per annum, varies with 15 percent increases every five years. The City is reporting a lease receivable in the governmental-type funds. This amount represents the discounted future lease payments. This discount is being amortized using the interest method. Payments are made monthly. Interest revenue for the lease during the year was \$5,815.

A summary of future payments to be received is as follows:

	Governmental Activities				
	<u>P</u>	rincipal		<u>Interest</u>	
2024	\$	10,706	\$	32,839	
2025		11,096		32,450	
2026		11,500		32,046	
2027		11,918		31,627	
2028		12,352		31,194	
2029-2033		104,546		145,841	
2034-2038		166,069		121,877	
2039-2043		245,790		85,347	
2044-2048		348,197		32,611	
Total	\$	922,174	\$	545,832	

NOTE 7 - INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS

Interfund Balances

Interfund receivables and payables can result from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, or (3) payments between funds are made.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Interfund Receivables/Payables

The account balances reported in the fund financial statements for "due from other funds" and "due to other funds" as of December 31, 2023 include \$24,211 due to the capital improvement fund from the CDBG fund to reimburse for project costs.

Interfund Transfers

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that the statute or budget requires to expend them; to move unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations; to provide additional resources for current operations or debt service; to segregate money for anticipated capital projects; and to return money to the fund from which it was originally provided once a project is completed.

In 1992, the voters authorized the municipal income tax levy. Proceeds from the levy are recorded in the general fund, for financial statement purposes, and can be transferred out for water, sewer, recreation, debt and capital expenditures as approved annually by Council. These funds cannot be spent for any other reason. The following transfers out were made from the general fund to reallocate income tax money:

Fund	Amount
Recreation Fund	\$ 1,350,000
General Capital Improvement Fund	1,905,000
Safety Capital Improvement Fund	275,000
Recreation Capital Improvement Fund	80,000
Neighborhood Capital Improvement Fund	785,000
Water Revenue Fund	350,000
Sewer Revenue Fund	400,000
Total	\$ 5,145,000

In addition, the general fund transferred \$175,000 to the street maintenance and repair fund, \$150,000 to the fire pension fund, \$150,000 to the police pension fund, \$300,000 to the capital improvement fund and \$100,000 to the neighborhood improvement fund. The general bond retirement fund transferred \$5,000 to the water revenue fund to pay debt issues relating to water improvements. The City has a voted debt levy that can be used for any type of debt. The water revenue fund transferred \$20,296 to the sewer revenue fund to pay debt issues related to water improvements.

In 2023, the internal transfers between entity-wide activities included cash transfers of \$755,000 from governmental activities to business-type activities.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in capital assets during 2023 follows:

	Balance 1/1/23	Additions	Reductions	Balance 12/31/23
Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated				
Land	\$ 12,370,511	\$ 98,702	\$ -	\$ 12,469,213
Intangible Right of Way	2,183,636	· -	-	2,183,636
Construction in Progress	1,090,662	1,370,804	(2,217,128)	244,338
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	15,644,809	1,469,506	(2,217,128)	14,897,187
Capital Assets Being Depreciated				
Land Improvements	22,400,589	314,585	_	22,715,174
Buildings	14,525,873	· -	_	14,525,873
Building Improvements	40,063,550	3,221,904	(89,611)	43,195,843
Machinery and Equipment	6,788,494	111,572	(33,276)	6,866,790
Furniture and Fixtures	1,860,208	· -	-	1,860,208
Vehicles	4,798,961	584,214	(70,992)	5,312,183
Infrastructure:			, ,	
Bridges	11,435,911	_	-	11,435,911
Roads	60,409,768	3,457,984	(730,952)	63,136,800
Sidewalks	1,793,411	-	(29,684)	1,763,727
Traffic Signals	4,238,674		<u> </u>	4,238,674
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	168,315,439	7,690,259	(954,515)	175,051,183
Accumulated Depreciation				
Land Improvements	(10,393,375)	(1,110,844)	-	(11,504,219)
Buildings	(11,262,140)	(338,082)	-	(11,600,222)
Building Improvements	(17,553,155)	(1,542,294)	89,611	(19,005,838)
Machinery and Equipment	(6,036,671)	(208,020)	33,276	(6,211,415)
Furniture and Fixtures	(1,781,301)	(26,651)	-	(1,807,952)
Vehicles	(3,110,328)	(436,275)	70,992	(3,475,611)
Infrastructure:				
Bridges	(5,532,133)	(420,898)	-	(5,953,031)
Roads	(41,021,226)	(3,080,541)	730,952	(43,370,815)
Sidewalks	(1,395,231)	(84,530)	29,684	(1,450,077)
Traffic Signals	(2,016,665)	(141,289)		(2,157,954)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(100,102,225)	(7,389,424)	954,515	(106,537,134)
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	68,213,214	300,835		68,514,049
Governmental Activities Capital				
Assets, Net	\$ 83,858,023	\$ 1,770,341	\$ (2,217,128)	\$ 83,411,236

City of Berea Cuyahoga County, Ohio Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Balance 1/1/23	Additions	Reductions	Balance 12/31/23
Business-Type Activities				
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated/Amortized				
Land	\$ 93,181	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 93,181
Intangible Right of Way	1,154,237	-	-	1,154,237
Construction in Progress	1,312,414	1,594,800	(2,698,900)	208,314
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated/Amortized	2,559,832	1,594,800	(2,698,900)	1,455,732
Capital Assets Being Depreciated/Amortized				
Land Improvements	995,301	-	_	995,301
Buildings	4,941,378	_	_	4,941,378
Building Improvements	2,382,086	85,514	_	2,467,600
Machinery and Equipment	5,671,216	54,140	(23,920)	5,701,436
Furniture and Fixtures	49,252	· -	_	49,252
Vehicles	187,973	_	_	187,973
Infrastructure:				
Water Lines	14,656,258	1,268,442	(260,460)	15,664,240
Storm Sewers	17,530,029	817,183	(12,401)	18,334,811
Sanitary Sewers	14,751,206	613,274	(191,366)	15,173,114
Intangible Right-to-Use Equipment		477,550		477,550
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated/Amortized	61,164,699	3,316,103	(488,147)	63,992,655
Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization				
Land Improvements	(973,630)	(2,386)	_	(976,016)
Buildings	(3,248,739)	(120,112)	-	(3,368,851)
Building Improvements	(1,300,278)	(102,631)	_	(1,402,909)
Machinery and Equipment	(4,234,984)	(152,205)	23,920	(4,363,269)
Furniture and Fixtures	(49,252)	_	, <u> </u>	(49,252)
Vehicles	(185,483)	(2,490)	-	(187,973)
Infrastructure:	, ,	, ,		
Water Lines	(4,767,630)	(500,291)	260,460	(5,007,461)
Storm Sewers	(6,929,297)	(434,490)	12,401	(7,351,386)
Sanitary Sewers	(4,662,796)	(427,986)	191,366	(4,899,416)
Intangible Right-to-Use Equipment		(7,959)		(7,959)
Total Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization	(26,352,089)	(1,750,550)	488,147	(27,614,492)
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated/Amortized, Net	34,812,610	1,565,553		36,378,163
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$37,372,442	\$ 3,160,353	\$ (2,698,900)	\$37,833,895

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

	Depreciation		
Security of Persons and Property	\$	438,899	
Leisure Time Services		2,277,553	
Public Works		13,885	
Transportation		3,616,263	
General Government		1,042,824	
Total Depreciation Expense	\$	7,389,424	

NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

The Statewide retirement systems provide both pension benefits and other postemployment benefits (OPEB).

Net Pension Liability/Net OPEB Liability (Asset)

Pensions and OPEB are a component of exchange transactions – between an employer and its employees — of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period.

The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) represents the City's proportionate share of each pension/OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the City's obligation for the liability to annually required payments. The City cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions/OPEB are financed; however, the City does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension and OPEB.

GASB 68/75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires funding to come from these employers. All pension contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes pension costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits. In addition, health care plan enrollees pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. State statute requires the retirement systems to amortize unfunded pension liabilities within 30 years. If the pension amortization period exceeds 30 years, each retirement system's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension/OPEB liability (asset). Resulting adjustments to the net pension/OPEB liability (asset) would be effective when

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

the changes are legally enforceable. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net pension liability* and *net OPEB liability (asset)* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension/OPEB contributions outstanding at the end of the year is included in intergovernmental payable on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

The remainder of this note includes the pension disclosures. See Note 10 for the OPEB disclosures.

Plan Description – Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

Plan Description – City employees, other than full-time police and firefighters, participate in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS is a cost-sharing, multiple employer public employee retirement system which administers three separate pension plans. The traditional pension plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The member-directed plan is a defined contribution plan and the combined plan is a combination cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit/defined contribution pension plan. Effective January 1, 2022, new members may no longer select the Combined Plan, and current members may no longer make a plan change to this plan. Participating employers are divided into state, local, law enforcement and public safety divisions. While members in the state and local divisions may participate in all three plans, law enforcement and public safety divisions exist only within the traditional plan. Substantially all employee members are in OPERS' traditional plan; therefore, the following disclosure focuses on the traditional pension plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits, and annual cost of living adjustments to members of the traditional and combined plans. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about OPERS' fiduciary net position that may be obtained by visiting https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml, by writing to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling 800-222-7377.

Senate Bill (SB) 343 was enacted into law with an effective date of January 7, 2013. In the legislation, members in the traditional and combined plans were categorized into three groups with varying provisions of the law applicable to each group. The following table provides age and service requirements for retirement and the retirement formula applied to final average salary (FAS) for the three member groups under the traditional and combined plans as per the reduced benefits adopted by SB 343 (see OPERS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report referenced above for additional information, including requirements for reduced and unreduced benefits):

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Group A Eligible to retire prior to January 7, 2013 or five years after January 7, 2013	Group B 20 years of service credit prior to January 7, 2013 or eligible to retire ten years after January 7, 2013	Group C Members not in other Groups and members hired on or after January 7, 2013
State and Local	State and Local	State and Local
Age 60 with 60 months of service credit or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age and Service Requirements: Age 60 with 60 months of service credit or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age and Service Requirements: Age 57 with 25 years of service credit or Age 62 with 5 years of service credit
Traditional Plan Formula: 2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 30	Traditional Plan Formula: 2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 30	Traditional Plan Formula: 2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 35 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 35

Final average Salary (FAS) represents the average of the three highest years of earnings over a member's career for Groups A and B. Group C is based on the average of the five highest years of earnings over a member's career.

Members who retire before meeting the age and years of service credit requirement for unreduced benefits receive a percentage reduction in the benefit amount. The amount of a member's pension benefit vests upon receipt of the initial benefit payment.

When a benefit recipient has received benefits for 12 months, the member is eligible for an annual cost of living adjustment (COLA). This COLA is calculated on the base retirement benefit at the date of retirement and is not compounded. For those who retired prior to January 7, 2013, the cost-of-living adjustment is 3 percent. For those retiring on or after January 7, 2013, beginning in calendar year 2019, the adjustment is based on the average percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index, capped at 3 percent.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

	State	
	and Local	
2023 Statutory Maximum Contribution Rates		
Employer	14.0 %	
Employee	10.0 %	
2023 Actual Contribution Rates		
Employer:		
Pension	14.0 %	
Post-employment Health Care Benefits	0.0	
Total Employer	14.0 %	
Employee	10.0 %	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The City's contractually required contribution was \$977,571 for 2023. Of this amount, \$112,156 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

Plan Description – Ohio Police & Fire Pension Fund (OP&F)

Plan Description – Full-time police and firefighters participate in Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by OP&F. OP&F provides retirement and disability pension benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by the Ohio State Legislature and are codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code. OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information and detailed information about OP&F fiduciary net position. The report that may be obtained by visiting the OP&F website at www.op-f.org or by writing to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164.

Upon attaining a qualifying age with sufficient years of service, a member of OP&F may retire and receive a lifetime monthly pension. OP&F offers four types of service retirement: normal, service commuted, age/service commuted and actuarially reduced. Each type has different eligibility guidelines and is calculated using the member's average annual salary. The following discussion of the pension formula relates to normal service retirement.

For members hired after July 1, 2013, the minimum retirement age is 52 for normal service retirement with at least 25 years of service credit. For members hired on or before after July 1, 2013, the minimum retirement age is 48 for normal service retirement with at least 25 years of service credit.

The annual pension benefit for normal service retirement is equal to a percentage of the allowable average annual salary. The percentage equals 2.5 percent for each of the first 20 years of service credit, 2.0 percent for each of the next five years of service credit and 1.5 percent for each year of service credit in excess of 25 years. The maximum pension of 72 percent of the allowable average annual salary is paid after 33 years of service credit (see OP&F Annual Comprehensive Financial Report referenced above for additional information, including requirements for Deferred Retirement Option Plan provisions and reduced and unreduced benefits).

Under normal service retirement, retired members who are at least 55 years old and have been receiving OP&F benefits for at least one year may be eligible for a cost-of-living allowance adjustment. The age 55 provision for receiving a COLA does not apply to those who are receiving a permanent and total disability benefit, statutory survivors and annuity beneficiaries. Members participating in the DROP program have separate eligibility requirements related to COLA.

The COLA amount for members who have 15 or more years of service credit as of July 1, 2013, and members who are receiving a pension benefit that became effective before July 1, 2013, will be equal to 3.0 percent of the member's base pension benefit.

The COLA amount for members who have less than 15 years of service credit as of July 1, 2013, and members whose pension benefit became effective on or after July 1, 2013, will be equal to a percentage of the member's base pension benefit where the percentage is the lesser of 3.0 percent or the percentage

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

increase in the consumer price index, if any, over the twelve-month period that ends on the thirtieth day of September of the immediately preceding year, rounded to the nearest one-tenth of one percent.

Members who retired prior to July 24, 1986, or their surviving beneficiaries under optional plans are entitled to cost-of-living allowance increases. The annual increase is paid on July 1st of each year. The annual COLA increase is \$360 under a Single Life Annuity Plan with proportional reductions for optional payment plans.

Funding Policy – The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

	Police	Firefighters
2023 Statutory Maximum Contribution Rates		
Employer	19.50 %	24.00 %
Employee	12.25 %	12.25 %
2023 Actual Contribution Rates		
Employer:		
Pension	19.00 %	23.50 %
Post-employment Health Care Benefits	0.50	0.50
Total Employer	19.50 %	24.00 %
Employee	12.25 %	12.25 %

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The City's contractually required contribution to OP&F was \$1,146,027 for 2023.

In addition to current contributions, the City pays installments on a specific liability the City incurred when the State of Ohio established the statewide pension system for police and fire fighter in 1967. As of December 31, 2023, the specific liability of the City was \$133,082 payable in semi-annual payments through the year 2035.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability for OPERS was measured as of December 31, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. OP&F's total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2022, and was determined by rolling forward the total pension liability as of January 1, 2022, to December 31, 2022. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

D (Cd MAD : T117)	 OPERS	 OP&F	 Total
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability:	0.0422520/	0.20116420/	
Current Measurement Period	0.043372%	0.2011642%	
Prior Measurement Period	 0.044960%	 0.2026613%	
Change in Proportion	 -0.001588%	 -0.0014971%	
Proportionate Share of the Net			
Pension Liability	\$ 12,812,108	\$ 19,108,649	\$ 31,920,757
Pension Expense	\$ 1,610,200	\$ 2,246,540	\$ 3,856,740

Other than contributions made subsequent to the measurement date and differences between projected and actual earnings on investments; deferred inflows/outflows of resources are recognized in pension expense beginning in the current period, using a straight line method over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions, determined as of the beginning of the measurement period. Net deferred inflows/outflows of resources pertaining to the differences between projected and actual investment earnings are similarly recognized over a closed five year period. At December 31, 2023, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		OPERS	OP&F	Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources	'		 _	 _
Net Difference between Projected and Actual				
Earnings on Pension Plan Investments	\$	3,651,852	\$ 2,781,982	\$ 6,433,834
Differences between Expected and				
Actual Experience		425,565	286,619	712,184
Changes of Assumptions		135,350	1,723,534	1,858,884
Changes in Proportionate Share and				
Differences in Contributions		37,196	14,793	51,989
City Contributions Subsequent				
to the Measurement Date		977,571	1,146,027	 2,123,598
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	5,227,534	\$ 5,952,955	\$ 11,180,489
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Differences between Expected and				
Actual Experience	\$	-	\$ 435,352	\$ 435,352
Changes of Assumptions		-	372,614	372,614
Changes in Proportionate Share and				
Differences in Contributions		167,676	339,374	 507,050
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	167,676	\$ 1,147,340	\$ 1,315,016

\$2,123,598 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending December 31, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Year Ending December 31:	OPERS		 OP&F	Total		
2024	\$	419,470	\$ 311,831	\$	731,301	
2025		798,966	869,582		1,668,548	
2026		1,074,917	988,129		2,063,046	
2027		1,788,934	1,544,519		3,333,453	
2028		-	(54,473)		(54,473)	
Total	\$	4,082,287	\$ 3,659,588	\$	7,741,875	

Actuarial Assumptions – OPERS

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review or modification as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation. The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2022, using the following key actuarial assumptions and methods applied to all periods included in the measurement in accordance with the requirements of GASB 67:

	OPERS Traditional Plan
Wage Inflation	2.75 percent
Future Salary Increases,	2.75 to 10.75 percent
including inflation	including wage inflation
COLA or Ad Hoc COLA:	
Pre-January 7, 2013 Retirees	3.00 percent, simple
Post-January 7, 2013 Retirees	3.00 percent, simple through 2023,
	then 2.05 percent, simple
Investment Rate of Return	6.90 percent
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age

Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on 130 percent of the Pub-2010 General Employee Mortality tables (males and females) for State and Local Government divisions. Post-retirement mortality rates are based on 115 percent of the PubG-2010 Retiree Mortality Tables (males and females). Post-retirement mortality rates for disabled retirees are based on the PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree Mortality Tables (males and females). For all of the previously described tables, the base year is 2010 and mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2020 mortality improvement scales (males and females) to all of these tables.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended December 31, 2020.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

During 2022, OPERS managed investments in three investment portfolios: the Defined Benefit portfolio, the Health Care portfolio, and the Defined Contribution portfolio. The Defined Benefit portfolio contains the investment assets for the Traditional Pension Plan, the defined benefit component of the Combined Plan and the annuitized accounts of the Member-Directed Plan. Within the Defined Benefit portfolio contributions into the plans are all recorded at the same time, and benefit payments all occur on the first of the month. Accordingly, the money-weighted rate of return is considered to be the same for all plans within the portfolio. The annual money-weighted rate of return expressing investment performance, net of investment expenses and adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested, for the Defined Benefit portfolio was a loss of 12.10 percent for 2022.

The allocation of investment assets with the Defined Benefit portfolio is approved by the Board of Trustees as outlined in the annual investment plan. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the defined benefit pension plans. The long-term expected rate of return on defined benefit investment assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected real rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation. Best estimates of geometric rates of return were provided by the Board's investment consultant. For each major class that is included in the Defined Benefit portfolio's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2022, these best estimates are summarized below:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return (Geometric)
Fixed Income	22.00%	2.62%
Domestic Equities	22.00	4.60
Real Estate	13.00	3.27
Private Equity	15.00	7.53
International Equities	21.00	5.51
Risk Parity	2.00	4.37
Other investments	5.00	3.27
Total	100.00%	

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability for the current year was 6.9 percent. The discount rate for the prior year was 7.2 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefits payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate The following table presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 6.9 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (5.9 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (7.9 percent) than the current rate:

		Current						
	1	% Decrease	Discount Rate		1	% Increase		
City's Proportionate Share of the								
Net Pension Liability	\$	19,192,110	\$	12,812,108	\$	7,505,091		

Actuarial Assumptions - OP&F

OP&F's total pension liability as of December 31, 2022, is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of January 1, 2022, and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The total pension liability is determined by OP&F's actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual valuation. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment mortality, salary increases, disabilities, retirements and employment terminations. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Assumptions considered are: withdrawal rates, disability retirement, service retirement, DROP elections, mortality, percent married and forms of the payment, DROP interest rate, CPI-based COLA, investment returns, salary increases and payroll growth.

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results, prepared as of January 1, 2022, are presented below.

Valuation Date	January 1, 2022, with actuarial liabilities rolled forward to December 31, 2022
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Investment Rate of Return	7.50 percent
Projected Salary Increases	3.75 percent to 10.50 percent
Payroll Growth	3.25 percent per annum,
	compounded annually, consisting of
	Inflation rate of 2.75 percent plus
	productivity increase rate of 0.50 percent
Cost of Living Adjustments	2.20 percent simple per year

For 2022, the mortality for service retirees is based on the Pub-2010 Below-Median Safety Amount-Weighted Healthy Retiree mortality table with rates adjusted to 96.20 percent for males and 98.70 percent for females. All rates are projected using the MP-2021 Improvement Scale.

For 2022, mortality for disabled retirees is based on the Pub-2010 Safety Amount-Weighted Disabled Retiree mortality table with rates adjusted by 135 percent for males and 97.9 percent for females. All rates are projected using the MP-2021 Improvement Scale.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

For 2022, mortality for contingent annuitants is based on the Pub- 2010 Below-Median Safety Amount-Weighted Contingent Annuitant Retiree mortality table with rates adjusted by 108.9 percent for males and 131 percent for females. All rates are projected using the MP-2021 Improvement Scale.

For 2022, Mortality for active members is based on the Pub-2010 Below-Median Safety Amount-Weighted Employee mortality table. All rates are projected using the MP- 2021 Improvement Scale.

For 2021, mortality for non-disabled participants is based on the RP-2014 Total Employee and Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables rolled back to 2006, adjusted according to the rates in the following table, and projected with the Buck Modified 2016 Improvement Scale. Rates for surviving beneficiaries are adjusted by 120 percent.

Age	Age Police		
67 or less	77 %	68 %	
68-77	105	87	
78 and up	115	120	

For 2021, mortality for disabled retirees is based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Tables rolled back to 2006, adjusted according to the rates in the following table, and projected with the Buck Modified 2016 Improvement Scale.

Age	Police	Fire
59 or less	35 %	35 %
60-69	60	45
70-79	75	70
80 and up	100	90

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended December 31, 2021.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block

method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption (30 to 50 years) and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the underlying inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

Best estimates of the long-term expected geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in OP&F's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2022, are summarized below:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
B	10.60 0/	4.00 .07
Domestic Equity	18.60 %	4.80 %
Non-US Equity	12.40	5.50
Private Markets	10.00	7.90
Core Fixed Income *	25.00	2.50
High Yield Fixed Income	7.00	4.40
Private Credit	5.00	5.90
U.S. Inflation Linked Bonds*	15.00	2.00
Midstream Energy Infrastructure	5.00	5.90
Real Assets	8.00	5.90
Gold	5.00	3.60
Private Real Estate	12.00	5.30
Commodities	2.00	3.60
Total	125.00 %	
Notes Assumetions are assumethis		

Note: Assumptions are geometric.

OP&F's Board of Trustees has incorporated the risk parity concept into OP&F's asset liability valuation with the goal of reducing equity risk exposure, which reduces overall Total Portfolio risk without sacrificing return, and creating a more risk-balanced portfolio based on their relationship between asset classes and economic environments. From the notional portfolio perspective above, the Total Portfolio may be levered up to 1.25 times due to the application of leverage in certain fixed income asset classes.

Discount Rate The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earning were calculated using the longer-term assumed investment rate of return of 7.50 percent. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, a long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact, the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.50 percent), or one percentage point higher (8.50 percent) than the current rate.

		Current						
	1% Decrease		Discount Rate		1% Increase			
City's Proportionate Share of the								
Net Pension Liability	\$	25,207,995	\$	19,108,649	\$	14,038,262		

^{*} levered 2.5x

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS

Net OPEB Liability

See Note 9 for a description of the net OPEB liability.

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

Plan Description – The Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) administers three separate pension plans: the traditional pension plan, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan; the member-directed plan, a defined contribution plan; and the combined plan, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and defined contribution plan. Substantially all employee members are in OPERS' traditional plan; therefore, the following disclosure focuses on the traditional pension plan.

OPERS maintains a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment health care trust. The 115 Health Care Trust (115 Trust or Health Care Trust) was established in 2014, under Section 115 of the Internal Revenue Code (IRC). The purpose of the 115 Trust is to fund health care. Medicare-enrolled retirees may have an allowance deposited into a health reimbursement arrangement (HRA) account to be used toward the health care program of their choice selected with the assistance of an OPERS vendor. Non-Medicare retirees have converted to an arrangement similar to the Medicare-enrolled retirees, and are no longer participating in OPERS provided self-insured group plans.

With one exception, OPERS-provided health care coverage is neither guaranteed nor statutorily required. Ohio law currently requires Medicare Part A equivalent coverage or Medicare Part A premium reimbursement for eligible retirees and their eligible dependents.

OPERS offers a health reimbursement arrangement (HRA) allowance to benefit recipients meeting certain age and service credit requirements. The HRA is an account funded by OPERS that provides tax free reimbursement for qualified medical expenses such as monthly post-tax insurance premiums, deductibles, co-insurance, and co-pays incurred by eligible benefit recipients and their dependents.

OPERS members retiring with an effective date of January 1, 2022, or after must meet the following health care eligibility requirements to receive an HRA allowance:

Medicare Retirees Medicare-eligible with a minimum of 20 years of qualifying service credit

Non-Medicare Retirees Non-Medicare retirees qualify based on the following age-and-service criteria:

Group A 30 years of qualifying service credit at any age;

Group B 32 years of qualifying service credit at any age or 31 years of qualifying service credit and minimum age 52;

Group C 32 years of qualifying service credit and minimum age 55; or,

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

A retiree from groups A, B or C who qualifies for an unreduced pension, but a portion of their service credit is not health care qualifying service, can still qualify for health care at age 60 if they have at least 20 years of qualifying health care service credit.

Retirees who don't meet the requirement for coverage as a non-Medicare participant can become eligible for coverage at age 65 if they have at least 20 years of qualifying service.

Members with a retirement date prior to January 1, 2022, who were eligible to participate in the OPERS health care program will continue to be eligible after January 1, 2022.

Eligible retirees may receive a monthly HRA allowance for reimbursement of health care coverage premiums and other qualified medical expenses. Monthly allowances, based on years of service and the age at which the retiree first enrolled in OPERS coverage, are provided to eligible retirees, and are deposited into their HRA account.

Retirees will have access to the OPERS Connector, which is a relationship with a vendor selected by OPERS to assist retirees participating in the health care program. The OPERS Connector may assist retirees in selecting and enrolling in the appropriate health care plan.

When members become Medicare-eligible, recipients enrolled in OPERS health care programs must enroll in Medicare Part A (hospitalization) and Medicare Part B (medical).

OPERS reimburses retirees who are not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A (hospitalization) for their Part A premiums as well as any applicable surcharges (late-enrollment fees). Retirees within this group must enroll in Medicare Part A and select medical coverage, and may select prescription coverage, through the OPERS Connector. OPERS also will reimburse 50 percent of the Medicare Part A premium and any applicable surcharges for eligible spouses. Proof of enrollment in Medicare Part A and confirmation that the retiree is not receiving reimbursement or payment from another source must be submitted. The premium reimbursement is added to the monthly pension benefit.

The Ohio Revised Code permits but does not require OPERS to provide health care to its eligible benefit recipients. Authority to establish and amend health care coverage is provided to the Board in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code.

Disclosures for the health care plan are presented separately in the OPERS financial report. Interested parties may obtain a copy by visiting https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml, by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling (614) 222-5601 or 800-222-7377.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code provides the statutory authority allowing public employers to fund postemployment health care through their contributions to OPERS. When funding is approved by OPERS Board of Trustees, a portion of each employer's contribution to OPERS is set aside to fund OPERS health care plans. Beginning in 2018, OPERS no longer allocated a portion of its employer contributions to health care.

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of the earnable salary of active members. In 2023, state and local employers contributed at a rate of 14.0 percent of earnable salary and public safety and law enforcement employers contributed at 18.1 percent. These are the maximum employer

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

contribution rates permitted by the Ohio Revised Code. Active member contributions do not fund health care.

Each year, the OPERS Board determines the portion of the employer contribution rate that will be set aside to fund health care plans. For 2023, OPERS did not allocate any employer contribution to health care for members. The OPERS Board is also authorized to establish rules for the retiree or their surviving beneficiaries to pay a portion of the health care provided. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected.

Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The City's contractually required contribution was \$0 for 2023.

Ohio Police & Fire Pension Fund (OP&F)

Plan Description – The City contributes to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F) sponsored healthcare program, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined post-employment health care plan administered by a third-party provider. This program is not guaranteed and is subject to change at any time upon action of the Board of Trustees. On January 1, 2019, OP&F implemented a new model for health care. Under this new model, OP&F provides eligible retirees with a fixed stipend earmarked to pay for health care and Medicare Part B reimbursements.

OP&F contracted with a vendor who assists eligible retirees in choosing health care plans that are available where they live (both Medicare-eligible and pre-65 populations). A stipend funded by OP&F is available to these members through a Health Reimbursement Arrangement and can be used to reimburse retirees for qualified health care expenses.

Regardless of a benefit recipient's participation in the health care program, OP&F is required by law to pay eligible recipients of a service pension, disability benefit and spousal survivor benefit for their Medicare Part B insurance premium, up to the statutory maximum provided the benefit recipient is not eligible to receive reimbursement from any other source. Once OP&F receives the necessary documentation, a monthly reimbursement is included as part of the recipient's next benefit payment. The stipend provided by OP&F meets the definition of an Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75.

OP&F maintains funds for health care in two separate accounts: one account for health care benefits and one account for Medicare Part B reimbursements. A separate health care trust accrual account is maintained for health care benefits under IRS Code Section 115 trust. IRS Code Section 401(h) account is maintained for Medicare Part B reimbursements.

The Ohio Revised Code allows, but does not mandate, OP&F to provide OPEB benefits. Authority for the OP&F Board of Trustees to provide health care coverage to eligible participants and to establish and amend benefits is codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code.

OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information for the plan. The report may be obtained by visiting the OP&F website at www.op-f.org or by writing to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Funding Policy – The Ohio Revised Code provides for contribution requirements of the participating employers and of plan members to the OP&F defined benefit pension plan. Participating employers are required to contribute to the pension plan at rates expressed as percentages of the payroll of active pension plan members, currently 19.5 percent and 24 percent of covered payroll for police and fire employer units, respectively. The Ohio Revised Code states that the employer contribution may not exceed 19.5 percent of covered payroll for police employer units and 24 percent of covered payroll for fire employer units. Active members do not make contributions to the OPEB Plan.

The Board of Trustees is authorized to allocate a portion of the total employer contributions for retiree health care benefits. For 2023, the portion of employer contributions allocated to health care was 0.5 percent of covered payroll. The amount of employer contributions allocated to the health care plan each year is subject to the Trustees' primary responsibility to ensure that pension benefits are adequately funded.

The OP&F Board of Trustees is also authorized to establish requirements for contributions to the health care plan by retirees and their eligible dependents or their surviving beneficiaries. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected.

The City's contractually required contribution to OP&F was \$27,153 for 2023. Of this amount, \$3,380 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

Net OPEB Liability (Asset), OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liability and total OPEB liability for OPERS were determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2021, rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2022, by incorporating the expected value of health care cost accruals, the actual health care payment, and interest accruals during the year. OP&F's total OPEB liability was measured as of December 31, 2022, and was determined by rolling forward the total OPEB liability as of January 1, 2022, to December 31, 2022. The City's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the City's share of contributions to the retirement plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

	OPERS	OP&F		Total	
Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability:					
Current Measurement Period	0.041276%		0.2011642%		
Prior Measurement Period	 0.042895%	-	0.2026613%		
Change in Proportion	 -0.001619%		-0.0014971%		
Proportionate Share of the Net					
OPEB Liability	\$ 260,253	\$	1,432,231	\$	1,692,484
OPEB Expense	\$ (612,508)	\$	41,338	\$	(571,170)

At December 31, 2023, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

		OPERS	 OP&F	 Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources	·			
Net Difference between Projected and Actual				
Earnings on OPEB Plan Investments	\$	516,871	\$ 122,843	\$ 639,714
Differences between Expected and				
Actual Experience		-	85,467	85,467
Changes of Assumptions		254,195	713,748	967,943
Changes in Proportionate Share and				
Differences in Contributions		5,604	65,808	71,412
City Contributions Subsequent				
to the Measurement Date			27,153	27,153
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	776,670	\$ 1,015,019	\$ 1,791,689
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Differences between Expected and				
Actual Experience	\$	64,918	\$ 282,410	\$ 347,328
Changes of Assumptions		20,917	1,171,447	1,192,364
Changes in Proportionate Share and				
Differences in Contributions		1,038	225,526	 226,564
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	86,873	\$ 1,679,383	\$ 1,766,256

\$27,153 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction/addition of the net OPEB liability in 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending December 31:	 OPERS OP&		OP&F		Total
2024	\$ 90,298	\$	(97,687)	\$	(7,389)
2025	188,632		(70,950)		117,682
2026	161,176		(65,357)		95,819
2027	249,691		(39,588)		210,103
2028	-		(126, 134)		(126, 134)
Thereafter	 		(291,801)		(291,801)
Total	\$ 689,797	\$	(691,517)	\$	(1,720)

Actuarial Assumptions – OPERS

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the values of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review or modification as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of health care costs for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of coverage provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of costs between OPERS and plan members. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2021, rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2022. The actuarial valuation used the following key

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

actuarial assumptions and methods applied to all prior periods included in the measurement in accordance with the requirements of GASB 74:

	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Wage Inflation	2.75 percent	2.75 percent
Projected Salary Increases,	2.75 to 10.75 percent	2.75 to 10.75 percent
	including wage inflation	including wage inflation
Single Discount Rate	5.22 percent	6.00 percent
Investment Rate of Return	6.00 percent	6.00 percent
Municipal Bond Rate	4.05 percent	1.84 percent
Health Care Cost Trend Rate	5.50 percent, initial	5.50 percent, initial
	3.50 percent, ultimate in 2036	3.50 percent, ultimate in 2034
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age	Individual Entry Age

Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on 130 percent of the Pub-2010 General Employee Mortality tables (males and females) for State and Local Government divisions. Post-retirement mortality rates are based on 115 percent of the PubG-2010 Retiree Mortality Tables (males and females). Post-retirement mortality rates for disabled retirees are based on the PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree Mortality Tables (males and females). For all of the previously described tables, the base year is 2010 and mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2020 mortality improvement scales (males and females) to all of these tables.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended December 31, 2020.

During 2022, OPERS managed investments in three investment portfolios: the Defined Benefit portfolio, the Health Care portfolio and the Defined Contribution portfolio. The Health Care portfolio includes the assets for health care expenses for eligible members. Within the Health Care portfolio, if any contributions are made into the plans, the contributions are assumed to be received continuously throughout the year based on the actual payroll payable at the time contributions are made. Health care-related payments are assumed to occur mid-year. Accordingly, the money-weighted rate of return is considered to be the same for all plans within the portfolio. The annual money-weighted rate of return expressing investment performance, net of investment expenses and adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested, for the Health Care portfolio was a loss of 15.6 percent for 2022.

The allocation of investment assets within the Health Care portfolio is approved by the Board of Trustees as outlined in the annual investment plan. Assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of continuing to offer a sustainable health care program for current and future retirees. OPERS' primary goal is to achieve and maintain a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the defined pension plans. Health care is a discretionary benefit. The long-term expected rate of return on health care investment assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation. Best estimates of geometric rates of return were provided by the Board's investment consultant. For each major asset class that is included in the Health Care's portfolio's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2022, these best estimates are summarized in the following table:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return (Geometric)
Fixed Income	34.00%	2.56%
Domestic Equities	26.00	4.60
Real Estate Investment Trust	7.00	4.70
International Equities	25.00	5.51
Risk Parity	2.00	4.37
Other Investments	6.00	1.84
Total	100.00%	

Discount Rate A single discount rate of 5.22 percent was used to measure the OPEB liability on the measurement date of December 31, 2022; however, the single discount rate used at the beginning of the year was 6 percent. Projected benefit payments are required to be discounted to their actuarial present value using a single discount rate that reflects (1) a long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments (to the extent that the health care fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and (2) tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate are not met). This single discount rate was based on an expected rate of return on the health care investment portfolio of 6.00 percent and a municipal bond rate of 4.05 percent (Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index"). The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rate. Based on these assumptions, the health care fiduciary net position and future contributions were sufficient to finance health care costs through 2054. As a result, the actuarial assumed long-term expected rate of return on health care investments was applied to projected costs through the year 2054, and the municipal bond rate was applied to all health care costs after that date.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate The following table presents the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the single discount rate of 5.22 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (4.22 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (6.22 percent) than the current rate:

			•	Current		
	1%	Decrease	Discount Rate		1% Increase	
City's Proportionate Share of the						
Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	885,783	\$	260,253	\$	(255,911)

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rate Changes in the health care cost trend rate may also have a significant impact on the net OPEB liability or asset. The following table presents the net liability or asset calculated using the assumed trend rates, and the expected net OPEB liability or asset if it were calculated using a health care cost trend rate that is 1.0 percent lower or 1.0 percent higher than the current rate.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Retiree health care valuations use a health care cost-trend assumption that changes over several years built into the assumption. The near-term rates reflect increases in the current cost of health care; the trend starting in 2023 is 5.50 percent. If this trend continues for future years, the projection indicates that years from now virtually all expenditures will be for health care. A more reasonable alternative is the health plan cost trend will decrease to a level at, or near, wage inflation. On this basis, the actuaries project premium rate increases will continue to exceed wage inflation for approximately the next decade, but by less each year, until leveling off at an ultimate rate, assumed to be 3.50 percent in the most recent valuation.

				Current		
	1%	Decrease	Trend Rate		1% Increase	
City's Proportionate Share of the						
Net OPEB Liability	\$	243,941	\$	260,253	\$	278,613

Actuarial Assumptions – OP&F

OP&F's total OPEB liability as of December 31, 2022, is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of January 1, 2022, and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The total OPEB liability is determined by OP&F's actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual valuation. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, salary increases, disabilities, retirements and employment terminations. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results, are presented below.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Valuation Date January 1, 2022, with Actuarial Liabilities

Rolled Forward to December 31, 2022

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal Investment Rate of Return 7.50 Percent

Projected Salary Increases 3.75 Percent to 10.50 Percent

Payroll Growth 3.25 Percent

Blended Discount Rate:

Current Measurement Date 4.27 Percent
Prior Measurement Date 2.84 Percent

Cost of Living Adjustments 2.20 Percent Simple per Year

Projected Depletion Year of

OPEB Assets 2036

For 2022, mortality for service retirees is based on the Pub-2010 Below-Median Safety Amount-Weighted Healthy Retiree mortality table with rates adjusted by 96.2 percent for males and 98.7 percent for females. All rates are projected using the MP-2021 Improvement Scale.

For 2022, mortality for disabled retirees is based on the Pub-2010 Safety Amount-Weighted Disabled Retiree mortality table with rates adjusted by 135 percent for males and 97.9 percent for females. All rates are projected using the MP-2021 Improvement Scale.

For 2022, mortality for contingent annuitants is based on the Pub- 2010 Below-Median Safety Amount-Weighted Contingent Annuitant Retiree mortality table with rates adjusted by 108.9 percent for males and 131 percent for females. All rates are projected using the MP-2021 Improvement Scale.

For 2022, mortality for active members is based on the Pub-2010 Below-Median Safety Amount-Weighted Employee mortality table. All rates are projected using the MP- 2021 Improvement Scale.

For 2021, mortality for non-disabled participants is based on the RP-2014 Total Employee and Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables rolled back to 2006, adjusted according to the rates in the following table, and projected with the Buck Modified 2016 Improvement Scale. Rates for surviving beneficiaries are adjusted by 120 percent.

Age	Police	Fire
67 or less	77 %	68 %
68-77	105	87
78 and up	115	120

For 2021, mortality for disabled retirees is based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Tables rolled back to 2006, adjusted according to the rates in the following table, and projected with the Buck Modified 2016 Improvement Scale.

Age	Police	Fire
59 or less	35 %	35 %
60-69	60	45
70-79	75	70
80 and up	100	90

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended December 31, 2021.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in the Statement of Investment Policy. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expected. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted averaged of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes.

Best estimates of the long-term expected geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in OP&F's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2022, are summarized below:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	18.60 %	4.80 %
Non-US Equity	12.40	5.50
Private Markets	10.00	7.90
Core Fixed Income *	25.00	2.50
High Yield Fixed Income	7.00	4.40
Private Credit	5.00	5.90
U.S. Inflation Linked Bonds*	15.00	2.00
Midstream Energy Infrastructure	5.00	5.90
Real Assets	8.00	5.90
Gold	5.00	3.60
Private Real Estate	12.00	5.30
Commodities	2.00	3.60
Total	125.00 %	

Note: Assumptions are geometric.

OP&F's Board of Trustees has incorporated the risk parity concept into OP&F's asset liability valuation with the goal of reducing equity risk exposure, which reduces overall Total Portfolio risk without sacrificing return, and creating a more risk-balanced portfolio based on the relationship between asset classes and economic environments. From the notional portfolio perspective above, the Total Portfolio may be levered up to 1.2 times due to the application of leverage in certain fixed income asset classes.

Discount Rate For 2022, the total OPEB liability was calculated using the discount rate of 4.27 percent. For 2021, the total OPEB liability was calculated using the discount rate of 2.84 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contribution from employers and from members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the longer-term assumed investment rate of return of 7.5 percent. Based on those assumptions, OP&F's fiduciary net position was projected to not be able to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, for 2022, the long-term assumed rate of return on investments of 7.50 percent was applied to periods before December 31, 2035, and the Municipal Bond Index Rate of 3.65 percent was applied to periods on and after December 31, 2035, resulting in a discount rate of 4.27 percent. For 2021, a municipal bond rate of 2.05 percent at

^{*} levered 2.5x

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

December 31, 2021, was blended with the long-term rate of 7.5 which resulted in a blended discount rate of 2.84. The municipal bond rate was determined using the Bond Buyers General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index Rate.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate Net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 4.27 percent, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (3.27 percent), or one percentage point higher (5.27 percent) than the current rate.

				Current		
	19	6 Decrease	Discount Rate		1% Increase	
City's Proportionate Share of the						
Net OPEB Liability	\$	1,763,658	\$	1,432,231	\$	1,152,421

NOTE 11 - COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave components are derived from negotiated agreements, City ordinances and State laws. Vacation leave is earned at varying rates depending upon length of service and standard work week. Vacation leave is vested in the employee on January 1 of each year. Vacation time not taken by the end of the calendar year will be paid to the employee in the preceding January at the prior year's rate.

For all employees, except for service union laborers and firefighters, sick leave is earned at the rate of four and one sixteenths hours per bi-weekly pay period. Service union laborers and Water Plant union laborers earn sick leave at the rate of five hours per bi-weekly pay period for 40 hour work week employees, and sick leave is earned at the rate of four and thirty-one tenths hours per bi-weekly pay period for 37.5 hour work week employees. Firefighters earn sick leave at the rate of 24 hours, which equals one tour of duty, per month. Each employee with 10 - 20 years of service with the City is paid for one-third of the employee's earned unused sick leave, not to exceed 360 hours, or 17 tours of duty for firefighters, upon separation from the City. Each employee with 20 or more years of service with the City is paid for one-third of the employee's full balance of earned unused sick leave, limited to 63 tours for firefighters, and 1,512 hours for the Fire Chief and Assistant Fire Chief, upon separation from the City. Payments upon retirement for union employees will be paid over three years. The full balance may be transferred to another governmental agency if not taken upon separation.

Firefighters with 20 or more years of service with the City may elect to sell back up to 12 tours of duty of accumulated sick leave in any one calendar year. Firefighters will be paid at their current pay rate multiplied by one-third of the total number sick leave hours sold back. Service union laborers with 20 or more years of service with the City may elect to sell back up to 128 hours of accumulated sick leave in any one calendar year. Service union laborers will be paid at their current pay rate multiplied by one-third of the total number sick leave hours sold back.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

NOTE 12 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The original issue date, maturity date, interest rate and original issuance amount for each of the City's long-term obligations follows:

	Original Issue Date	Maturity Date	Interest Rate	Original Issue Amount
General Obligation Bonds				
2015 Various Purpose Bonds	2015	2035	2.00%-4.00%	6,870,000
2016 Various Purpose Refunding Bonds	2016	2026	4.00-4.25%	2,875,000
2020 Various Purpose Refunding Bonds	2020	2030	1.32%	1,860,000
2022 Various Purpose Refunding Bonds	2022	2033	1.98%	2,790,000
2023 Various Purpose Improvement Bonds	2023	2037	3.47%	7,330,000
2022 Revenue Bonds	2022	2035	3.58%	4,935,000
OPWC Loans				
Sewer - Rocky River Project	2005	2025	0.00%	370,069
Sewer - North End Pump Station	2007	2027	0.00%	710,000
Sewer - Westbridge Drive	2013	2045	0.00%	600,000
Sewer - Fair Street	2016	2037	0.00%	294,000
Sewer - Fair Street Phase 2	2018	2039	0.00%	161,411
Sewer - Kraft Street	2019	2041	0.00%	354,959
Sewer - Barberry, Woodlawn, Maple & Fourth	2023	2043	0.00%	134,220 *
Water - Beech Street	2011	2031	0.00%	102,500
Water - Fair Street	2016	2037	0.00%	73,500
Water - Fair Street Phase 2	2018	2039	0.00%	80,706
Water - Kraft Street	2019	2041	0.00%	305,265
Water - Barberry, Woodlawn, Maple & Fourth	2023	2043	0.00%	125,241 *
Governmental Activities - Eastland Road	2009	2029	0.00%	1,900,900
Governmental Activities - Westbridge Drive	2012	2032	0.00%	202,650
Governmental Activities - Fair Street	2016	2037	0.00%	367,500
Governmental Activities - West Center Street	2017	2039	0.00%	423,500
Governmental Activities - Fair Street Phase 2	2018	2039	0.00%	142,195
Governmental Activities - Kraft Street	2019	2041	0.00%	705,000
Governmental Activities - Barberry, Woodlawn, Maple & Fourth	2023	2043	0.00%	213,145 *
OWDA Loans				
Sewer - Sanitary Sewers	2004	2034	4.66%	1,200,000
Sewer - South Rocky River Sewers	2005	2036	3.75%	713,940
Sewer - Sewer Improvements	2008	2024	4.28%	345,251
Sewer - Beech Street Sewer	2011	2022	3.49%	123,902
Sewer - Hickory Drive Sewer Phase 2	2015	2035	2.91%	275,963
Sewer - Fair Street Reconstruction Phase 1	2017	2037	2.52%	364,014
Sewer - North End Sewer Rehabilitation	2020		1.93%	*
				(continued)

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Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Original Issue	Maturity Date	Interest Rate	Original Issue Amount
OWDA Loans				
Water - Waterline Repacement	2006	2027	4.42%	\$ 1,156,254
Water - Waterline Repacement	2007	2038	4.17%	1,109,436
Water - WTP Improvement Phase 1	2007	2028	3.25%	1,930,593
Water - Waterline Improvements	2008	2038	4.78%	1,105,020
Water - WTP Improvement Phase 2	2009	2030	3.70%	3,802,756
Water - Water System Improvements	2011	2042	3.49%	915,008
Water - Water Meters	2016	2037	2.46%	1,710,056
Water - Fair Street Reconstruction Phase 1	2017	2037	2.52%	336,013
Direct Financing with Pledged Assets				
Governmental Activities - Equipment/Vehicles	2018	2025	2.84%	167,680
Governmental Activities - Police Cameras and Equipment	2020	2025	3.29%	223,040
Governmental Activities - Lifepak	2020	2024	1.36%	32,406
Governmental Activities - Dodge Ram	2021	2024	3.47%	14,511
Water - Various Equipment/Vehicles	2018	2025	2.84%	25,056

^{*}The total loan (project) is not yet 100% complete.

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Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

A schedule of changes in long-term obligations of the City during 2023 follows:

	Balance 1/1/23			Balance 12/31/23	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities					
General Obligation Bonds:					
2015 Various Purpose Bonds	\$ 4,805,000	\$ -	\$ (345,000)	\$ 4,460,000	\$ 355,000
2016 Refunding Bonds	595,000	-	(145,000)	450,000	145,000
2020 Refunding Bonds	1,420,000	-	(230,000)	1,190,000	235,000
2022 Refunding Bonds	2,490,000	-	(280,000)	2,210,000	215,000
2023 Various Purpose Bonds		7,330,000	(325,000)	7,005,000	340,000
Total General Obligation Bonds	9,310,000	7,330,000	(1,325,000)	15,315,000	1,290,000
Revenue Bonds:					
2022 Revenue Bonds	4,935,000		(380,000)	4,555,000	380,000
Direct Placements:					
Bond Anticipation Notes					
1.15% Various Improvement Notes	7,260,000		(7,260,000)		
Direct Borrowing:					
OPWC Loans Payable	2,419,569	213,145	(167,777)	2,464,937	167,777
Direct Financing:					
2018 Equipment and Vehicles	75,898	-	(24,595)	51,303	25,293
2020 Police Cameras and Equipment	164,544	-	(53,082)	111,462	54,829
2020 Lifepak	13,105	-	(6,490)	6,615	6,615
2021 Vehicle	6,636		(4,948)	1,688	1,688
Total Direct Financing	260,183		(89,115)	171,068	88,425
Other Long Term Obligations:					
Net Pension Liability	15,868,701	13,873,998	-	29,742,699	-
Net OPEB Liability	2,221,342	-	(573,101)	1,648,241	-
Unamortized Bond Premiums	207,886	-	(17,324)	190,562	17,324
Compensated Absences	1,298,060	230,477	(170,430)	1,358,107	274,335
Police and Fire Pension Liability	141,937		(8,855)	133,082	9,090
Total Other Long Term Obligations	19,737,926	14,104,475	(769,710)	33,072,691	300,749
Total Governmental Activities	al Governmental Activities \$ 43,922,678		\$ (9,991,602)	\$ 55,578,696	\$ 2,226,951

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Balance 1/1/2023		Additions		Reductions		Balance 12/31/2023		Due Within One Year	
Business-Type Activities										
General Obligation Bonds:										
2015 Various Purpose Bonds	\$	90,000	\$	-	\$	(5,000)	\$	85,000	\$	5,000
Direct Borrowings:										
OWDA Loans		8,217,046		-		(668,852)		7,548,194		685,912
OPWC Loans	2,050,141			259,461		(146,965)		2,162,637		146,965
Loan Payable		164,927				(19,404)		145,523		19,404
Total Direct Borrowings	10,432,114			259,461 (835,22)		(835,221)	9,856,354			852,281
Direct Financing:										
2018 Equipment and Vehicles		11,341				(3,675)		7,666		3,779
Lease Payable:										
Vehicle				477,550				477,550		84,521
Other Long Term Obligations:										
Net Pension Liability		704,106		1,473,952		-		2,178,058		-
Net OPEB Liability		-		44,243		-		44,243		-
Compensated Absences		66,440		62,437		(5,562)		123,315		29,542
Total		770,546		1,580,632		(5,562)		2,345,616		29,542
Total Business-Type Activities	\$ 11,304,001		\$	2,317,643	\$	\$ (849,458)		12,772,186	\$	975,123

General Obligation Bonds - General obligations bonds are direct obligations of the City for which its full faith and credit are pledged for repayment. The general obligation bonds will be retired from the general bond retirement fund and water revenue fund. The general obligation bonds outstanding as of December 31, 2023 are to be repaid from both voted and unvoted property taxes levied on all taxable property located within the City, municipal income taxes, and transfers from the water revenue fund for exempt properties. Exempt properties include organizations exempt from taxation, such as colleges and churches, as well as property outside the City's jurisdiction who are provided water services from the City. The City assesses these exempt properties through a surcharge on their water bills to pay for the debt.

On March 24, 2015, the City issued \$6,870,000 in Various Purpose General Obligation Bonds at an average interest rate of 3.24 percent with a premium of \$346,478. These bonds will be used to retire existing bond anticipation notes and will mature in 2035.

On August 18, 2016, the City issued current refunding general obligation bonds. The proceeds of the bonds were used to refund \$2,775,000 of the City's outstanding 2006 Various Purpose Bonds. The issuance resulted in a difference between the cash flows required to service the old debt and the cash flows required to service the new debt of \$177,163. The issuance resulted in an economic gain of \$180,310.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

On November 12, 2020, the City issued current refunding general obligation bonds. The proceeds of the bonds were used to refund \$1,780,000 of the City's outstanding 2010 Various Purpose Bonds. The issuance resulted in a difference between the cash flows required to service the old debt and the cash flows required to service the new debt of \$220,711. The issuance resulted in an economic gain of \$210,073. As of December 31, 2023 \$1,180,000 of these bonds are considered defeased, (which mature on December 1, 2023 through December 1, 2030).

On March 16, 2022, the City issued refunding general obligation bonds. The proceeds of the bonds were used to refund \$2,750,000 of the City's outstanding 2013 Various Purpose Bonds. The issuance resulted in a difference between the cash flows required to service the old debt and the cash flows required to service the new debt of \$161,247. The issuance resulted in an economic gain of \$312,627. As of December 31, 2023 \$2,210,000 of these bonds are considered defeased, (which mature on December 1, 2023 through December 1, 2033).

On January 10, 2023 the City issued \$7,330,000 in Various Purpose General Obligation Bonds at an interest rate of 3.47 percent. These bonds will be used to retire existing bond anticipation notes and finance various improvement projects. The bonds will mature in 2037.

Revenue Bonds - On September 8, 2022, the City issued \$4,935,000 in Building Improvement Revenue Bonds with an interest rate of 3.58 percent maturing in 2035. These bonds will be used to retire existing bond anticipation notes and finance building improvements for the Cleveland Brown's organization.

The City has pledged future non-tax revenues to repay bond principal and interest of \$4,555,000 and \$1,059,852, respectively. Net available revenues of \$242,607 are available to repay principal and interest payments due in 2024.

OWDA Loans - The Ohio Water Development Authority (OWDA) loans will be paid from user charges from the appropriate enterprise fund.

In the event of default, as defined by each OWDA loan agreement, the lender may declare the full amount of the unpaid amount immediately due and payable and require the City to pay any fines or penalties incurred with interest.

OPWC Loan - The Ohio Public Works Commission (OPWC) loans are zero percent loans and paid from the general capital improvement fund, which includes resources related to loans receivable (See Note 6) and the water and sewer enterprise funds.

The City has pledged future net customer revenue to repay \$7,548,194 and \$2,162,637 in OWDA and OPWC loans, respectively. Current year principal and interest payments, as a percentage of net customer revenues, on all OWDA and OPWC loans were 124 percent. The percentage is expected to decrease in the future as expansion projects begin operation in years to come. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on all OWDA and OPWC loans is \$8,887,467 and \$2,162,637, respectively, which includes the principal and interest payments on completed projects. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total net available revenues were \$764,014 and \$327,207, respectively for the water fund and \$315,520 and \$542,120, respectively for the sewer fund.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

In the event of default, as defined by each OPWC loan agreement, the amount of default will be subject to 8 percent interest on all amounts due from date of default. Additionally, the Lender may declare all amounts immediately due and payable or require the City Treasurer to pay the amounts due from funds appropriated to the county's undivided local government fund. The lender will also be entitled to collect any cost incurred in the event of default.

Loans Payable – During 2008, the City entered into an agreement with the City of Olmsted Falls, Ohio for a joint construction project on Lindberg/Westlawn Road. As part of this agreement, the City agreed to make annual debt service payments to the City of Olmsted Falls to cover annual debt service payments from a loan the City of Olmsted Falls entered into with OPWC in order to provide funding for the project.

Notes Payable - In 2022, the City issued \$7,260,000 in various purpose bond anticipation notes to retire maturing notes, purchase vehicles and equipment for various departments and improvement and construction projects. The notes were paid by the general bond retirement fund in 2023.

Direct Financing - In the event of a default, Lessor may declare an amount equal to all remaining lease payments in effect when the event of default occurs together with interest be immediately due and payable or request the City to promptly return the asset to the Lessor and/or allow Lessor to disable the asset and take immediate possession of and remove it or sell, lease or otherwise dispose of any assets financed under the leases and demand payment of all out-of-pocket costs and expenses incurred by Lessor as a result of the event of default.

Net Pension and OPEB Liabilities – There are no repayment schedules for the net pension liability and net OPEB liability; however, employer pension and OPEB contributions are primarily made from the general fund and the sewer and water revenue funds. For additional information related to the net pension liability and net OPEB liability see Notes 9 and 10.

Other Long-Term Obligations - The compensated absences liability will be paid from the general fund, the recreation fund, the street construction, maintenance and repair fund, the probation services fund, and the water and sewer revenue funds. Direct financing are paid from the general fund, general capital improvement fund and water revenue fund.

The police and fire pension liability will be paid by voted property taxes levied on all taxable property located within the City from the police pension and fire pension special revenue funds.

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Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Principal and interest requirements to retire the long-term debt obligations outstanding at December 31, 2023 are as follows:

Governmental Activities

	General Obli	gation Bonds	Revenue	Bonds	OPWC (1)	Direct Financing		
Year	Principal	Principal Interest Principal Interest		Principal	Principal	Interest		
2024	\$ 1,290,000	\$ 474,222	\$ 380,000	\$ 163,206	\$ 167,777	\$ 88,425	\$ 5,261	
2025	1,340,000	441,972	380,000	149,590	167,777	82,643	2,601	
2026	1,300,000	407,372	380,000	135,975	167,777	-	-	
2027	1,160,000	371,488	380,000	122,359	167,777	-	-	
2028	1,195,000	337,571	380,000	108,744	167,777	-	-	
2029 - 2033	5,815,000	1,134,347	1,900,000	339,489	833,817	-	-	
2034 - 2038	3,215,000	266,365	755,000	40,488	493,905	-	-	
2039 - 2041					85,185			
							-	
Total	\$15,315,000	\$ 3,433,337	\$ 4,555,000	\$1,059,851	\$ 2,251,792	\$ 171,068	\$ 7,862	

(1) OPWC loans issued in 2023 have not been fully drawn down, thus there are no amortization schedules available. The net balance of the loans drawn totaling \$213,145 are reported as long term obligations due in more than one year and are not included in the above maturity schedule.

Business-Type Activities

	OWI	OA(1)	OPWC (2)	Loan	General Obli	gation Bond	Direct F	inancing
Year	Principal	Interest	Principal	Principal	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2024	\$ 685,912	\$ 261,259	\$ 146,965	\$ 19,404	\$ 5,000	\$ 3,213	\$ 3,779	\$ 218
2025	690,887	231,164	146,961	19,404	5,000	3,063	3,887	110
2026	703,326	205,920	146,961	19,404	5,000	2,900	-	-
2027	694,756	179,998	128,461	19,404	5,000	2,727	-	-
2028	619,045	155,391	128,461	19,404	5,000	2,551	-	-
2029 - 2033	2,243,778	486,991	500,303	48,503	40,000	9,375	-	-
2034 - 2038	1,401,913	150,185	452,222	-	20,000	1,200	-	-
2039 - 2043	168,431	13,492	213,334	-	-	-	-	-
2044 - 2045			39,508					
Total	\$7,208,048	\$ 1,684,400	\$1,903,176	\$145,523	\$ 85,000	\$ 25,029	\$ 7,666	\$ 328

- (1) OWDA loans issued in 2022 have not been fully drawn down, thus there are no amortization schedules available. The net balance of the loans drawn totaling \$340,146 are reported as long term obligations due in more than one year and are not included in the above maturity schedule.
- (2) OPWC loans issued in 2023 have not been fully drawn down, thus there are no amortization schedules available. The net balance of the loans drawn totaling \$259,461 are reported as long term obligations due in more than one year and are not included in the above maturity schedule.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

NOTE 13 – LEASES

The City entered into a 60 month lease as Lessee for the use of a GapVax Truck. As of December 31, 2023, the value of the lease liability is \$477,550. The City is required to make annual fixed payments of \$113,723. The lease has an interest rate of 5.95 percent. The value of the right-to-use asset as of December 31, 2023, is \$477,550 with accumulated amortization of \$7,959 in the sewer enterprise fund. The City has the option to purchase the truck for \$1.00.

The future lease payments required are as follows:

Business-Type Activities

Lease Payable										
Year	I	Principal	I	nterest						
		_								
2024	\$	84,521	\$	29,202						
2025		89,690		24,033						
2026		95,174		18,549						
2027		100,994		12,730						
2028		107,171		6,553						
		_								
	\$	477,550	\$	91,067						

NOTE 14 - RISK MANAGEMENT

Property and Liability Insurance

The City maintains comprehensive insurance coverage with private carriers for real property, building contents, vehicles, and general liability risks including public officials' liability. The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During 2023, the City contracted with Public Entities Pool of Ohio for claims in excess of coverage provided by the fund for all risk of loss. Under this program, the general liability and property losses are covered to \$10,000 and \$50,000 respectively. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. There has not been a significant reduction in coverage from the prior year.

The City maintains a property and liability insurance internal service fund to account for and finance its uninsured and insured risk of loss. The general fund, recreation and street maintenance special revenue funds and the water revenue and sewer revenue enterprise funds participate in the program and make payments to the property and liability insurance internal service fund based on estimates of the amounts needed to pay prior year and current year claims. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three years. There has not been a significant reduction in coverage from the prior year.

The City has no claims liability at December 31, 2023 or 2022.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Medical Benefits

The City has elected to provide employee medical, surgical, prescription drug, dental, and vision benefits. The City maintains a self-insurance internal services fund to account for this program. The plan provides medical/surgical coverage with certain deductibles, co-pays and maximum benefits as noted in the plan. The dental/vision benefits are also subject to certain deductibles, co-pays and maximum benefits as noted in the plan. The prescription drug plan utilizes a \$10 generic, \$20 preferred brand name, \$35 non-preferred brand name deductible per prescription. The plan is administered by United Healthcare/UMR and overseen by The Fedeli Group. All claims are reviewed by United Healthcare/UMR and the City before claims are paid by the City. All of the above limitations are subject to certain guidelines and restrictions.

The City pays into the self-insurance internal service fund \$1,804.00 for family coverage and \$582 for single coverage per month. The premium is charged to the fund that records the salary expenditure of the covered employee. The premium is based upon historical cost data provided by the insurance carriers. Employees contribute 8 percent of the prior year's actual costs for health insurance through a payroll deduction. Employees contributed \$177.64 for family coverage or \$72.50 for single coverage for medical, dental and vision.

The claims liability reported in the medical benefits internal service fund at December 31, 2023 is based on the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 30 which requires that a liability for unpaid claims cost, including estimates of cost relating to incurred but not reported claims, be reported. The estimate was not affected by incremental claim adjustment expenses and does not include unallocated claim adjustment expenses. Changes in the medical benefits internal service fund's claims liability amount in 2022 and 2023 were as follows and typically are retired within three months of year end:

	Balance	Current	Claim	Balance
	January 1 Year Claims		Payments	December 31
2022	\$ 194,584	\$ 2,325,113	\$ 2,315,465	\$ 204,232
2023	\$ 204,232	\$ 2,472,776	\$ 2,532,361	\$ 144,647

Workers' Compensation

The City participates in the Workers' Compensation Retrospective Rating Plan for its workers compensation coverage. The City maintains a Workers Compensation internal service fund to account for this program, whereby various departments contribute premiums which are used to pay claim settlements and purchase specified insurance policies.

NOTE 15 – CONTINGENCIES

Litigation

The City of Berea is a party to several legal proceedings seeking damages or injunctive relief generally incidental to its operations and pending projects. In those cases where a loss is probable and measurable, a liability has been recognized. It is the opinion of the City that the ultimate disposition of various claims and legal proceedings will not have a material effect, if any, on the financial position of the City.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Grants

The disbursement of funds received under federal and state grants generally require compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any potential disallowed claims resulting from such an audit could become a liability of the City. However, City management believes any such disallowed claims would be immaterial on the overall financial position of the City at December 31, 2023.

Settlement Monies

Ohio has reached settlement agreements with various distributors of opioids, which are subject to the OneOhio memorandum of understanding. The original settlement was reached in 2021 with annual payments anticipated through 2038. For 2023, distributions of \$11,375 are reflected as intergovernmental revenue in the OneOhio Special Revenue Fund.

NOTE 16 – COMMITMENTS

Encumbrance Commitments

The City utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year end may be reported as part of restricted, committed or assigned classifications of fund balance. At year end, the City's commitments for encumbrances in the general, general capital improvement and other governmental funds were \$18,719, \$130,091 and \$107,665, respectively.

Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

Last Ten Years

	2023	2022	2021	2020
Ohio Public Employees' Retirement System (OPERS)				
City's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.043372%	0.044960%	0.043912%	0.048847%
City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 12,812,108	\$ 3,911,702	\$ 6,502,411	\$ 9,654,941
City's Covered Payroll	\$ 6,723,150	\$ 6,525,650	\$ 6,184,064	\$ 6,872,686
City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	190.57%	59.94%	105.15%	140.48%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	75.74%	92.62%	86.88%	82.17%
Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OPF)				
City's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.201164%	0.202661%	0.204052%	0.208932%
City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 19,108,649	\$ 12,661,105	\$ 13,910,415	\$ 14,074,776
City's Covered Payroll	\$ 5,504,869	\$ 5,159,331	\$ 5,051,929	\$ 5,142,188
City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	347.12%	245.40%	275.35%	273.71%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	62.90%	75.03%	70.65%	69.89%

Note: The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date, which is the prior fiscal year.

 2019	 2018	 2017	 2016	 2015		2014
0.049841%	0.048450%	0.049453%	0.047988%	0.050309%		0.050309%
\$ 13,650,439	\$ 7,600,919	\$ 11,229,825	\$ 8,312,127	\$ 6,067,828	\$	5,930,776
\$ 6,731,914	\$ 6,402,750	\$ 6,404,008	\$ 5,972,592	\$ 6,167,933	\$	5,968,754
202.77% 74.70%	118.71% 84.66%	175.36% 77.25%	139.17% 81.08%	98.38% 86.45%		99.36% 86.36%
0.208528%	0.204259%	0.220524%	0.208076%	0.199826%		0.199826%
\$ 17,021,395	\$ 12,536,313	\$ 13,967,769	\$ 13,385,675	\$ 10,351,794	\$	9,732,129
\$ 4,705,273	\$ 4,469,975	\$ 4,747,571	\$ 4,246,290	\$ 3,978,838	\$	3,980,738
361.75% 63.07%	280.46% 70.91%	294.21% 68.36%	315.23% 66.77%	260.17% 72.20%		244.48% 73.00%

Cuyahoga County, Ohio

Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the City's Contributions - Pension
Last Ten Years

	 2023	2022	 2021	2020
Ohio Public Employees' Retirement System (OPERS)				
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 977,571	\$ 941,241	\$ 913,591	\$ 865,769
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	 (977,571)	(941,241)	(913,591)	(865,769)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ _
City's Covered Payroll	\$ 6,982,650	\$ 6,723,150	\$ 6,525,650	\$ 6,184,064
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%
Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OPF)				
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 1,146,027	\$ 1,159,595	\$ 1,088,312	\$ 1,066,623
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	 (1,146,027)	 (1,159,595)	 (1,088,312)	 (1,066,623)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$
City's Covered Payroll	\$ 5,430,691	\$ 5,504,869	\$ 5,159,331	\$ 5,051,929
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	21.10%	21.06%	21.09%	21.11%

 2019	 2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
\$ 962,176	\$ 942,468	\$ 832,358	\$ 768,481	\$ 716,711	\$ 740,152
 (962,176)	 (942,468)	 (832,358)	 (768,481)	 (716,711)	 (740,152)
\$ _	\$ _	\$ _	\$ 	\$ _	\$ _
\$ 6,872,686	\$ 6,731,914	\$ 6,402,750	\$ 6,404,008	\$ 5,972,592	\$ 6,167,933
14.00%	14.00%	13.00%	12.00%	12.00%	12.00%
\$ 1,085,687	\$ 995,530	\$ 944,340	\$ 1,003,574	\$ 892,732	\$ 836,257
 (1,085,687)	 (995,530)	 (944,340)	 (1,003,574)	 (892,732)	 (836,257)
\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$
\$ 5,142,188	\$ 4,705,273	\$ 4,469,975	\$ 4,747,571	\$ 4,246,290	\$ 3,978,838
21.11%	21.16%	21.13%	21.14%	21.02%	21.02%

Cuyahoga County, Ohio

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) Last Seven Years (1)

	2023	2022	2021	2020
Ohio Public Employees' Retirement System (OPERS)				
City's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	0.041276%	0.042895%	0.041927%	0.046651%
City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ 260,253	\$ (1,343,537)	\$ (746,963)	\$ 6,443,715
City's Covered Payroll	\$ 6,723,150	\$ 6,525,650	\$ 6,184,064	\$ 6,872,686
City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	3.87%	-20.59%	-12.08%	93.76%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	94.79%	128.23%	115.57%	47.80%
Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OPF)				
City's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	0.201164%	0.202661%	0.204052%	0.208932%
City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ 1,432,231	\$ 2,221,342	\$ 2,161,965	\$ 2,063,774
City's Covered Payroll	\$ 5,504,869	\$ 5,159,331	\$ 5,051,929	\$ 5,142,188
City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	26.02%	43.05%	42.79%	40.13%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	52.59%	46.86%	45.42%	47.08%

⁽¹⁾ Although this schedule is intended to reflect information for ten years, information prior to 2017 is not available.

Note: The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date, which is the prior fiscal year.

 2019	 2018	 2017
0.047766%	0.046800%	0.047728%
\$ 6,227,559	\$ 5,082,150	\$ 4,820,690
\$ 6,731,914	\$ 6,402,750	\$ 6,404,008
92.51%	79.37%	75.28%
46.33%	54.14%	54.04%
0.208528%	0.204259%	0.220524%
\$ 1,898,968	\$ 11,573,046	\$ 10,467,778
\$ 4,705,273	\$ 4,469,975	\$ 4,747,571
40.36%	258.91%	220.49%
46.57%	14.13%	15.96%

Cuyahoga County, Ohio

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the City's Contributions - OPEB Last Ten Years

	 2023	2022	 2021	 2020
Ohio Public Employees' Retirement System (OPERS)				
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	 	 	 	
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$
City's Covered Payroll (1)	\$ 6,982,650	\$ 6,723,150	\$ 6,525,650	\$ 6,184,064
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OPF)				
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 27,153	\$ 27,524	\$ 25,797	\$ 25,260
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	 (27,153)	 (27,524)	 (25,797)	 (25,260)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$
City's Covered Payroll	\$ 5,430,691	\$ 5,504,869	\$ 5,159,331	\$ 5,051,929
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%

⁽n/a) Beginning in 2016, OPERS used one trust fund as the funding vehicle for all health care plans; therefore, information prior to 2016 is not presented.

 2019	 2018	 2017	 2016	 2015		2014
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 64,028	\$ 128,080	n/a		n/a
	 	(64,028)	 (128,080)	n/a		n/a
\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	n/a		n/a
\$ 6,872,686	\$ 6,731,914	\$ 6,402,750	\$ 6,404,008	n/a		n/a
0.00%	0.00%	1.00%	2.00%	n/a		n/a
\$ 25,711	\$ 23,526	\$ 22,350	\$ 24,139	\$ 20,831	\$	19,894
 (25,711)	 (23,526)	 (22,350)	 (24,139)	 (20,831)	_	(19,894)
\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$	
\$ 5,142,188	\$ 4,705,273	\$ 4,469,975	\$ 4,747,571	\$ 4,246,290	\$	3,978,838
0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%		0.50%

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

NOTE 1 - NET PENSION LIABILITY

Changes in Assumptions - OPERS

Amounts reported beginning in 2022 incorporate changes in assumptions used by OPERS in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation. These new assumptions compared with those used in prior years are presented below:

_	2022	2019	2018 and 2017	2016 and prior
Wage Inflation	2.75%	3.25%	2.75%	2.75%
Future Salary Increases,				
including wage inflation	2.75% to 10.75%	3.25% to $10.75%$	3.25% to $10.75%$	4.25% to 10.05%
COLA or Ad Hoc COLA:				
Pre-January 7, 2013 Retirees	3.00%, simple	3.00%, simple	3.00%, simple	3.00%, simple
Post-January 7, 2013 Retirees	see below	see below	see below	see below
Investment Rate of Return	6.90%	7.20%	7.50%	8.00%
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual	Individual	Individual	Individual
	Entry Age	Entry Age	Entry Age	Entry Age

The assumptions related to COLA or Ad Hoc COLA for Post-January 7, 2013, retirees are as follows:

2022	3.00%, simple through 2022,
	then 2.05%, simple
2021	0.50%, simple through 2021,
	then 2.15%, simple
2020	1.40%, simple through 2020,
	then 2.15%, simple
2017 - 2019	3.00%, simple through 2018,
	then 2.15%, simple
2016 and prior	3.00%, simple through 2018,
	then 2.80%, simple
	5.50% to 5.00%

Changes in Benefit Terms – OPERS

There were no significant changes in benefit terms.

Changes in Assumptions – OP&F

For 2022, the single discount rate changed from 8.00 percent to 7.50 percent.

For 2018, the single discount rate changed from 8.25 percent to 8.00 percent.

Changes in Benefit Terms - OP&F

There were no significant changes in benefit terms.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

NOTE 2 - NET OPEB LIABILITY (ASSET)

Changes in Assumptions - OPERS

Amounts reported incorporate changes in key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability as presented as follows:

<u>Assumption</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Wage Inflation	2.75%	2.75%	3.25%	3.25%	3.25%	3.25%
Discount Rate	5.22%	6.00%	6.00%	3.16%	3.96%	3.85%
Municipal Bond Rate	4.05%	1.84%	2.00%	2.75%	3.71%	3.31%
Health Care Cost Trend Rate	5.50%	5.50%	8.50%	10.50%	10.00%	7.50%

For calendar year 2019, the investment rate of return decreased from 6.50 percent to 6.00 percent.

Changes in Benefit Terms – OPERS

On January 15, 2020, the Board approved several changes to the health care plan offered to Medicare and non-Medicare retirees in efforts to decrease costs and increase the solvency of the health care plan. These changes are effective January 1, 2022, and include changes to base allowances and eligibility for Medicare retirees, as well as replacing OPERS-sponsored medical plans for non-Medicare retirees with monthly allowances, similar to the program for Medicare retirees. These changes are reflected in 2021.

Changes in Assumptions – OP&F

Amounts reported incorporate changes in key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability as presented as follows:

Assumption	<u>2023</u>	<u> 2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Blended Discount Rate	4.27%	2.84%	2.96%	3.56%	4.66%	3.24%
Municipal Bond Rate	3.65%	2.05%	2.12%	2.75%	4.13%	3.16%

Changes in Benefit Terms – OP&F

Beginning January 1, 2019 OP&F changed its retiree health care model to a stipend-based health care model. A stipend funded by OP&F will be placed in individual Health Reimbursement Accounts that retirees will use to be reimbursed for health care expenses.

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COMBINING STATEMENTS AND INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES

THE FOLLOWING COMBINING STATEMENTS
AND SCHEDULES INCLUDE NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS,
PROPRIETARY FUNDS AND
FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Combining Statements – Nonmajor Funds

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

The Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific sources that are legally restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes. With the implementation of GASB No. 54, the municipal court special revenue fund has been classified with the general fund for GAAP reporting purposes. However, this fund has its own legally adopted budget. As a result, an Individual Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual has been presented for this fund. The title of each special revenue fund is descriptive of the activities accounted for therein. The special revenue funds are:

Municipal Court Fund

To account for funds received and expended by the Berea Municipal Court. This fund is classified with general fund for GAAP reporting purposes.

Recreation Fund

To account for fees collected and income tax levied for the purpose of paying the costs of acquiring, constructing, improving, operating or maintaining the City's recreational facilities and programs.

State Highway Fund

To account for that portion of the State gasoline tax and motor vehicle registration fees designated for maintenance of State highways within the City.

Street Maintenance Fund

To account for that portion of the State gasoline tax and motor vehicle registration fees designated for street maintenance and repair.

Contract Retainer Fund

To account for monies withheld from payments on construction contracts, to ensure compliance regarding the project, with the City.

Guarantee Deposits Fund

To account for the deposits made by builders to ensure compliance with building codes.

Fire Pension Fund

To accumulate property taxes levied for the payment of current employer contributions for fire disability and pension benefits and the accrued liability.

Police Pension Fund

To accumulate property taxes levied for the payment of current employer contributions for police disability and pension benefits and the accrued liability.

Safe Students Fund

To account for revenues received from school districts, grants and donations for school resource officers, training and equipment needs for the safety of students.

Combining Statements – Nonmajor Funds

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Public Safety Fund

To account for revenues received from Cuyahoga County and other potential grantors and donors for operating and capital expenditures relating to public safety, including the community engagement unit.

Safe Passages Fund

To account for monies received, including donations and grants, for operating costs of the safe passages program which operates to facilitate rehabilitation opportunities for those individuals addicted to opiates.

Street Lighting Fund

To account for special assessments levied to pay the costs of street lighting in certain areas of the City.

Community Hospital Fund

To account for a special property tax levied to provide resources to support a health care facility.

Community Development Block Grant Fund

To account for revenues received from the federal government and expenditures incurred as prescribed under the Community Development Block Grant Program. There is no budget reported for this fund.

Municipal Vehicle Tax Levy Fund

To account for the additional motor vehicle registration fees designated for maintenance and repair to streets within the City.

OneOhio Opioid Settlement Fund

To account for revenue and expenditures related to the OneOhio settlement with national opioid distributors.

Law Enforcement Fund

To account for monies seized from criminals by law enforcement officials in the course of their work and restricted, by State statute, for expenditures that would enhance the police department.

Municipal Court Health Insurance Fund

To account for court costs used to fund the cost of health insurance coverage for court employees.

Probation Services Fund

To account for court fees, restricted for the operation of the Court Probation Program.

Indigent Driver Alcohol Treatment Fund

To account for the resources obtained from DUI fines and designated, by state statute, for a state approved alcohol treatment program.

DUI Education Fund

To account for court fees obtained from DUI cases and restricted by State statute, for expenditures that would enhance DUI education.

Combining Statements – Nonmajor Funds

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Theft Diversion Fund

To account for court costs used to fund the cost of theft diversion programs.

Court Computer Fund

To account for court fees, restricted for the use and maintenance of the computers within the Berea Municipal Court, Clerk of Courts Office.

Court Computer Research Fund

To account for court fees, restricted for the use and maintenance of the computers within the Berea Municipal Court, Judge's Office.

Court Special Projects Fund

To account for court fees, restricted for the use of special projects within the Berea Municipal Court.

Indigent Defendant Alcohol Monitoring Fund

To account for court costs used to fund a portion of the costs of indigent defendant alcohol monitoring.

Municipal Court Magistrates Fund

To account for court costs used to fund a portion of the costs of magistrates program established by the Berea Municipal Court.

Combining Statements – Nonmajor Funds

Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds

Capital Projects funds are established to account for financial resources to be used for the construction or acquisition of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds).

Safety Capital Improvement Fund

To account for revenue earmarked for improvements to the Police and Fire Department and the acquisition of capital equipment.

Recreation Capital Improvement Fund

To account for monies borrowed or earmarked for capital improvements for recreational purposes.

Court Capital Improvement Fund

To account for monies received and expended for the construction of a municipal court building.

Neighborhood Improvement Fund

To collect revenues related to housing and building code inspections and expend the funds on improvements within the neighborhood for such things as sidewalks, signage, buildings, property improvements, etc.

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds December 31, 2023

	 Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
Assets Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments Accounts Receivable Intergovernmental Receivable Taxes Receivable Special Assessments Receivable Materials and Supplies Inventory Total Assets	\$ 2,356,250 75,376 567,878 1,040,510 822,815 255,176 5,118,005	\$ 756,492 2,335 101,140 - - - 859,967	\$	3,112,742 77,711 669,018 1,040,510 822,815 255,176 5,977,972	
	 , ,	<u> </u>			
Liabilities Accounts Payable Accrued Wages Contracts Payable Intergovernmental Payable Due to Other Funds Total Liabilities	\$ 88,118 42,419 - 121,642 24,211 276,390	\$ 14,801 14,266 9,751 6,219 - 45,037	\$	102,919 56,685 9,751 127,861 24,211 321,427	
Deferred Inflows of Resources Property Taxes Levied for the Next Year Delinquent Property Taxes Unavailable Revenue - Other Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	 991,040 49,470 1,205,630 2,246,140	97,500 97,500		991,040 49,470 1,303,130 2,343,640	
Fund Balances Nonspendable Restricted Committed Total Fund Balance	 255,176 2,255,322 84,977 2,595,475	 286,073 431,357 717,430		255,176 2,541,395 516,334 3,312,905	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 5,118,005	\$ 859,967	\$	5,977,972	

City of Berea
Cuyahoga County, Ohio
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds			Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
Revenues							
Property Taxes	\$	982,199	\$	-	\$	982,199	
Special Assessments		845,009		-		845,009	
Charges for Services		913,374		551,057		1,464,431	
Licenses and Permits		-		29,314		29,314	
Fines and Forfeitures		736,790		35,317		772,107	
Intergovernmental		1,575,378		23,679		1,599,057	
Investment Income		10,622		-		10,622	
Contributions and Donations		70,471		-		70,471	
Miscellaneous		163,518		1,883		165,401	
Total Revenues		5,297,361		641,250		5,938,611	
Expenditures							
Current:							
General Government		819,754		-		819,754	
Security of Persons and Property		2,064,314		-		2,064,314	
Public Health		109,996		-		109,996	
Leisure Time Activities		2,341,033		-		2,341,033	
Community and Economic Development		24,211		-		24,211	
Transportation		1,305,654		-		1,305,654	
Capital Outlay		-		1,674,600		1,674,600	
Debt Service							
Principal Retirement		8,855		68,901		77,756	
Interest and Fiscal Charges		5,937		6,482		12,419	
Total Expenditures	-	6,679,754		1,749,983		8,429,737	
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(1,382,393)		(1,108,733)		(2,491,126)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers In		1,825,000		1,240,000		3,065,000	
Net Change in Fund Balances		442,607		131,267		573,874	
Fund Balances Beginning of Year		2,152,868		586,163		2,739,031	
Fund Balances End of Year	\$	2,595,475	\$	717,430	\$	3,312,905	

	 creation Fund	Н	State ighway Fund	Ma	Street intenance Fund	_	Contract Retainer Fund		Guarantee Deposits Fund
Assets Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments Accounts Receivable Intergovernmental Receivable Taxes Receivable Special Assessments Receivable Materials and Symphics Investors	\$ 70,529 20,662 -	\$	22,228 - 36,126 -	\$	76,441 - 445,509 - 255,176	\$	223,217	\$	309,227
Materials and Supplies Inventory Total Assets	\$ 91,191	\$	58,354	\$	777,126	\$	223,217	\$	309,227
Liabilities Accounts Payable Accrued Wages Intergovernmental Payable Due to Other Funds Total Liabilities	\$ 27,441 22,169 12,859 - 62,469	\$	- - - -	\$	5,220 12,931 7,300 - 25,451	\$	-	\$	- - - -
Deferred Inflows of Resources Property Taxes Levied for the Next Year Delinquent Property Taxes Unavailable Revenue - Other Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	 2,783 2,783		24,084 24,084		297,006 297,006		- - -		- - - -
Fund Balances Nonspendable Restricted Committed Total Fund Balances (Deficit)	 25,939 25,939		34,270 - 34,270		255,176 199,493 - 454,669		223,217 - 223,217		309,227
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 91,191	\$	58,354	\$	777,126	\$	223,217	\$	309,227 (continued)

	1	Fire Pension Fund	Police Pension Fund		Safe Students Fund		Public Safety Fund		Safe Passages Fund	
Assets Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$	58,222	\$	49,208	\$	59,038	\$	1.136	\$	6,033
Accounts Receivable Intergovernmental Receivable	,	27,216	*	27,216	*	-	*	-	*	-
Taxes Receivable Special Assessments Receivable		468,846		468,846		-		-		-
Materials and Supplies Inventory				<u> </u>						
Total Assets	\$	554,284	\$	545,270	\$	59,038	\$	1,136	\$	6,033
Liabilities										
Accounts Payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Accrued Wages Intergovernmental Payable Due to Other Funds		48,191		48,779		- - -		- - -		- - -
Total Liabilities		48,191		48,779						
Deferred Inflows of Resources										
Property Taxes Levied for the Next Year		446,555		446,555		-		-		-
Delinquent Property Taxes Unavailable Revenue - Other		22,291 27,216		22,291 27,216		-		-		-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		496,062		496,062		-				-
Fund Balances										
Nonspendable		-		-		-		- 1 126		-
Restricted Committed		10,031		429 -		59,038		1,136		6,033
Total Fund Balances (Deficit)		10,031		429		59,038		1,136		6,033
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of										
Resources and Fund Balances	\$	554,284	\$	545,270	\$	59,038	\$	1,136	\$	6,033 (continued)

	 Street Lighting Fund		Community Hospital Fund		Community Development Block Grant Fund		Municipal Vehicle Tax Fund		neOhio Opioid ttlement Fund
Assets Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$ 638,596	\$	-	\$	60,885	\$	11,166	\$	13,911
Accounts Receivable Intergovernmental Receivable	-		4,510		24,211		3,090		-
Taxes Receivable Special Assessments Receivable Materials and Supplies Inventory	822,815		102,818		-		-		-
Total Assets	\$ 1,461,411	\$	107,328	\$	85,096	\$	14,256	\$	13,911
Liabilities									
Accounts Payable Accrued Wages	\$ 55,457	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Intergovernmental Payable	-		-		-		-		-
Due to Other Funds	 				24,211		-		-
Total Liabilities	 55,457				24,211				-
Deferred Inflows of Resources			.=						
Property Taxes Levied for the Next Year Delinquent Property Taxes	-		97,930 4,888		-		-		-
Unavailable Revenue - Other	822,815		4,510		-		-		-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	822,815		107,328				-		-
Fund Balances									
Nonspendable Restricted	- 592 120		-		- 60.99 5		14 256		12 011
Committed	583,139		-		60,885		14,256		13,911
Total Fund Balances (Deficit)	583,139		-		60,885		14,256		13,911
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of		_		_					
Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 1,461,411	\$	107,328	\$	85,096	\$	14,256	\$	13,911
									(continued)

	Law Enforcement Fund		Municipal Court Health Insurance Fund		Probation Services Fund		Indigent Driver Alcohol Treatment Fund		DUI Education Fund	
Assets Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments Accounts Receivable Intergovernmental Receivable Taxes Receivable Special Assessments Receivable Materials and Supplies Inventory Total Assets	\$	21,891	\$	13,790 5,578 - - - - 19,368	\$	1,729 15,299 - - - - - 17,028	\$	400,908 1,926 - - - - 402,834	\$	3,768
Liabilities Accounts Payable Accrued Wages Intergovernmental Payable Due to Other Funds	\$	- - -	\$	- - - -	\$	6,515 3,058	\$	- - -	\$	- - - -
Total Liabilities Deferred Inflows of Resources Property Taxes Levied for the Next Year Delinquent Property Taxes Unavailable Revenue - Other		- - -		- - - -		9,573		- - -		- - - -
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources Fund Balances Nonspendable Restricted Committed		21,891		19,368		7,455		402,834		3,768
Total Fund Balances (Deficit) Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	21,891	\$	19,368 19,368	\$	7,455	\$	402,834	\$	3,768 3,768 (continued)

	Di	Theft version Fund	Court omputer Fund	Co R	Court omputer esearch Fund	S P	Court Special Projects Fund	De A Mo	digent efendant alcohol onitoring Fund
Assets Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments Accounts Receivable Intergovernmental Receivable Taxes Receivable Special Assessments Receivable	\$	277 3,487 -	\$ 110,954 8,650	\$	10,069 2,569 -	\$	71,004 9,011 -	\$	79,491 755 -
Materials and Supplies Inventory			 						
Total Assets	\$	3,764	\$ 119,604	\$	12,638	\$	80,015	\$	80,246
Liabilities Accounts Payable Accrued Wages Intergovernmental Payable Due to Other Funds	\$	- - - -	\$ - - - -	\$	- - - -	\$	- - - -	\$	- - - -
Total Liabilities			 						
Deferred Inflows of Resources Property Taxes Levied for the Next Year Delinquent Property Taxes Unavailable Revenue - Other Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		- - - -	- - - -		- - - -		- - - -		- - - -
Fund Balances Nonspendable Restricted Committed		3,764	- 119,604 -		12,638		80,015		80,246
Total Fund Balances (Deficit)		3,764	119,604		12,638		80,015		80,246
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	3,764	\$ 119,604	\$	12,638	\$	80,015	\$	80,246 (continued)

	Ma	Municipal Court Magistrates Fund		
Assets Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments Accounts Receivable Intergovernmental Receivable Taxes Receivable Special Assessments Receivable Materials and Supplies Inventory	\$	42,532 7,439 - - -	\$	2,356,250 75,376 567,878 1,040,510 822,815 255,176
Total Assets	\$	49,971	\$	5,118,005
Liabilities Accounts Payable Accrued Wages Intergovernmental Payable Due to Other Funds Total Liabilities	\$	804 1,455 2,259	\$	88,118 42,419 121,642 24,211 276,390
Deferred Inflows of Resources Property Taxes Levied for the Next Year Delinquent Property Taxes Unavailable Revenue - Other Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		- - - -		991,040 49,470 1,205,630 2,246,140
Fund Balances Nonspendable Restricted Committed Total Fund Balances (Deficit)		47,712 - 47,712		255,176 2,255,322 84,977 2,595,475
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	49,971	\$	5,118,005

City of Berea
Cuyahoga County, Ohio
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Recreation Fund	State Street Highway Maintenance Fund Fund		Contract Retainer Fund	Guarantee Deposits Fund	
Revenues		_				
Property Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Special Assessments	-	-	-	-	-	
Charges for Services	913,374	-	-	-	-	
Fines and Forfeitures	-	72.092	012 445	-	-	
Intergovernmental	-	73,983	912,445	-	-	
Investment Income Contributions and Donations	70.471	2,579	8,043	-	-	
Miscellaneous	70,471		<u> </u>	104,761	57,000	
Total Revenues	983,845	76,562	920,488	104,761	57,000	
Expenditures Current:						
General Government	-	-	-	96,432	63,000	
Security of Persons and Property	-	-	-	-	-	
Public Health	-	-	-	-	-	
Leisure Time Activities	2,341,033	-	-	-	-	
Community and Economic Development	-	-	-	-	-	
Transportation	-	80,000	1,040,654	-	-	
Debt Service						
Principal Retirement	-	-	-	-	-	
Interest and Fiscal Charges						
Total Expenditures	2,341,033	80,000	1,040,654	96,432	63,000	
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,357,188)	(3,438)	(120,166)	8,329	(6,000)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers In	1,350,000		175,000			
Net Change in Fund Balances	(7,188)	(3,438)	54,834	8,329	(6,000)	
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	33,127	37,708	399,835	214,888	315,227	
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 25,939	\$ 34,270	\$ 454,669	\$ 223,217	\$ 309,227	
					(continued)	

Cuyahoga County, Ohio
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Fire Pension Fund		Police Pension Fund		Safe Students Fund	Public Safety Fund		Safe Passages Fund	
Revenues Property Taxes	\$ 440	,624 \$	\$ 440,624	4 S		\$		\$	
Special Assessments	\$ 440	,024	\$ 440,624	+ 5	-	3	-	\$	-
Charges for Services		_		-	-		_		_
Fines and Forfeitures		_		_	_		_		_
Intergovernmental	54	,577	54,577	7	195,408		_		_
Investment Income		-		-	-		_		_
Contributions and Donations		_		_	-		_		-
Miscellaneous		-		-	-		-		-
Total Revenues	495	,201	495,201		195,408		_		-
Expenditures									
Current:									
General Government		-		-	-		-		-
Security of Persons and Property	661	,528	637,896	5	150,000		-		-
Public Health		-	•	-	-		-		-
Leisure Time Activities		-		-	-		-		-
Community and Economic Development		-		-	-		-		-
Transportation		-		-	-		-		-
Debt Service		274	6.501						
Principal Retirement		,274	6,581		-		-		-
Interest and Fiscal Charges	1	,524	4,413	<u> </u>					
Total Expenditures	665	,326	648,890		150,000				
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(170	,125)	(153,689	<u>)</u>	45,408				
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Transfers In	150	,000_	150,000	<u> </u>			-		
Net Change in Fund Balances	(20	,125)	(3,689	9)	45,408		-		-
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	30	,156	4,118	3	13,630		1,136		6,033
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 10	,031	\$ 429	\$	59,038	\$	1,136	\$	6,033
		=						(0	continued)

Cuyahoga County, Ohio
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Street Lighting Fund	Community Hospital Fund	Community Development Block Grant Fund	Municipal Vehicle Tax Fund	OneOhio Opioid Settlement Fund	
Revenues						
Property Taxes	\$ -	\$ 100,951	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Special Assessments	845,009	-	-	-	-	
Charges for Services Fines and Forfeitures	-	-	-	-	-	
Intergovernmental	-	9,045	224,211	39,757	11,375	
Investment Income	-	9,043	224,211	39,737	11,575	
Contributions and Donations	_	_	_	_	_	
Miscellaneous	_	_	_	_	_	
Total Revenues	845,009	109,996	224,211	39,757	11,375	
Expenditures						
Current:						
General Government	-	-	-	-	-	
Security of Persons and Property	614,716	-	-	=	-	
Public Health	-	109,996	-	-	-	
Leisure Time Activities	-	-	-	-	-	
Community and Economic Development	-	=	24,211	-	-	
Transportation	-	-	150,000	35,000	-	
Debt Service						
Principal Retirement	-	-	-	-	-	
Interest and Fiscal Charges						
Total Expenditures	614,716	109,996	174,211	35,000		
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	230,293	<u>-</u>	50,000	4,757	11,375	
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers In						
Net Change in Fund Balances	230,293	-	50,000	4,757	11,375	
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	352,846	<u>-</u>	10,885	9,499	2,536	
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 583,139	\$ -	\$ 60,885	\$ 14,256	\$ 13,911	
					(continued)	

City of Berea
Cuyahoga County, Ohio
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Law Enforcement Fund	rcement Insurance Servi		Indigent Driver Alcohol Treatment Fund	DUI Education Fund
Revenues					
Property Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Special Assessments	-	=	-	-	-
Charges for Services	-	-	-	-	-
Fines and Forfeitures	-	70,153	192,309	52,798	1,858
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-	-
Investment Income	-	-	-	-	-
Contributions and Donations	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	1,757				
Total Revenues	1,757	70,153	192,309	52,798	1,858
Expenditures					
Current:					
General Government	-	58,714	202,902	18,455	-
Security of Persons and Property	174	-	-	-	-
Public Health	-	-	-	-	-
Leisure Time Activities	-	-	-	-	-
Community and Economic Development	-	-	-	-	-
Transportation	-	-	-	-	-
Debt Service					
Principal Retirement	-	=	-	-	-
Interest and Fiscal Charges					
Total Expenditures	174	58,714	202,902	18,455	
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	1,583	11,439	(10,593)	34,343	1,858
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers In		- _		- _	
Net Change in Fund Balances	1,583	11,439	(10,593)	34,343	1,858
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	20,308	7,929	18,048	368,491	1,910
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 21,891	\$ 19,368	\$ 7,455	\$ 402,834	\$ 3,768 (continued)

Cuyahoga County, Ohio
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Theft Diversion Fund	Court Computer Fund	Court Computer Research Fund	Court Special Projects Fund	Defendant Alcohol Monitoring Fund
Revenues					
Property Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Special Assessments	-	-	-	-	-
Charges for Services	-	-	-	-	-
Fines and Forfeitures	48,748	115,744	34,700	116,382	11,092
Intergovernmental	=	=	=	-	-
Investment Income Contributions and Donations	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-	-
Total Revenues	48,748	115,744	34,700	116,382	11,092
Expenditures					
Current:					
General Government	50,476	132,868	34,176	87,877	3,183
Security of Persons and Property	-	, -	-		
Public Health	-	-	-	-	-
Leisure Time Activities	-	-	-	-	-
Community and Economic Development	=	=	-	-	-
Transportation	-	-	-	-	-
Debt Service					
Principal Retirement	=	=	-	-	-
Interest and Fiscal Charges					
Total Expenditures	50,476	132,868	34,176	87,877	3,183
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,728)	(17,124)	524	28,505	7,909
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers In			<u>-</u>		
Net Change in Fund Balances	(1,728)	(17,124)	524	28,505	7,909
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	5,492	136,728	12,114	51,510	72,337
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 3,764	\$ 119,604	\$ 12,638	\$ 80,015	\$ 80,246
					(continued)

City of Berea
Cuyahoga County, Ohio
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Ma	unicipal Court gistrates Fund	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds		
Revenues					
	\$		\$	092 100	
Property Taxes	Þ	-	Ф	982,199 845,009	
Special Assessments Charges for Services		-		913,374	
Fines and Forfeitures		93,006			
		93,006		736,790	
Intergovernmental		-		1,575,378	
Investment Income Contributions and Donations		-		10,622	
Miscellaneous		-		70,471	
Miscellaneous				163,518	
Total Revenues		93,006		5,297,361	
Expenditures					
Current:					
General Government		71,671		819,754	
Security of Persons and Property		-		2,064,314	
Public Health		_		109,996	
Leisure Time Activities		_		2,341,033	
Community and Economic Development		_		24,211	
Transportation		_		1,305,654	
Debt Service				1,505,05	
Principal Retirement		_		8,855	
Interest and Fiscal Charges		_		5,937	
Total Expenditures		71,671		6,679,754	
Тош Ехрепанитез		/1,0/1		0,079,734	
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		21,335		(1,382,393)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers In				1,825,000	
Net Change in Fund Balances		21,335		442,607	
Fund Balances Beginning of Year		26,377		2,152,868	
Fund Balances End of Year	\$	47,712	\$	2,595,475	

City of Berea Cuyahoga County, Ohio Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds December 31, 2023

	Safety Capital Improvement Fund		ecreation Capital provement Fund	Capital		Neighborhood Improvement Fund		Total Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	
Assets Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments Accounts Receivable Intergovernmental Receivable Total Assets	\$	413,699 - 3,640 417,339	\$ 15,919 - 97,500 113,419	\$	283,738 2,335 - 286,073	\$	43,136	\$	756,492 2,335 101,140 859,967
Liabilities Accounts Payable Accrued Wages Contracts Payable Intergovernmental Payable	\$	13,393 - 9,751 -	\$ - - -	\$	- - -	\$	1,408 14,266 - 6,219	\$	14,801 14,266 9,751 6,219
Total Liabilities		23,144	 				21,893		45,037
Deferred Inflows of Resources Unavailable Revenue - Other		<u>-</u>	 97,500						97,500
Fund Balances Restricted Committed		394,195	 15,919		286,073		21,243		286,073 431,357
Total Fund Balances (Deficit)		394,195	 15,919		286,073		21,243		717,430
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	417,339	\$ 113,419	\$	286,073	\$	43,136	\$	859,967

City of Berea
Cuyahoga County, Ohio
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Safety Capital provement Fund	ecreation Capital provement Fund	Court Capital provement Fund	•	ghborhood provement Fund	Total Nonmajor ital Projects Funds
Revenues Charges for Services Licenses and Permits Fines and Forfeitures Intergovernmental Miscellaneous	\$ 551,057 - - 23,679	\$ - - - -	\$ 35,317	\$	29,314 - - 1,883	\$ 551,057 29,314 35,317 23,679 1,883
Total Revenues	 574,736	 	 35,317		31,197	 641,250
Expenditures Capital Outlay Debt Service Principal Retirement Interest and Fiscal Charges	 469,186 59,572 5,665	287,758 9,329 817	32,461		885,195	1,674,600 68,901 6,482
Total Expenditures	 534,423	 297,904	 32,461		885,195	1,749,983
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	 40,313	 (297,904)	2,856		(853,998)	 (1,108,733)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers In	 275,000	80,000	 		885,000	 1,240,000
Net Change in Fund Balances	315,313	(217,904)	2,856		31,002	131,267
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	 78,882	 233,823	 283,217		(9,759)	 586,163
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 394,195	\$ 15,919	\$ 286,073	\$	21,243	\$ 717,430

INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

	Final Budget			Actual		iance with al Budget
_						_
Revenues		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		2 1 1 0 2 0 0		
Property Taxes	\$	2,110,389	\$	2,110,389	\$	-
Income Taxes		18,828,515		19,233,307		404,792
Other Local Taxes		245,000		232,327		(12,673)
Special Assessments		20,000		12,200		(7,800)
Charges for Services		133,100		68,997		(64,103)
Licenses and Permits		350,001		299,306		(50,695)
Fines and Forfeitures		52,000		48,821		(3,179)
Intergovernmental		1,036,502		1,047,675		11,173
Interest		475,000		534,865		59,865
Rent		20,000		-		(20,000)
Contributions and Donations		-		850		850
Other		62,500		63,153		653
Total Revenues		23,333,007		23,651,890		318,883
Expenditures						
Current:						
Security of Persons and Property:						
Police Department:						
Personal Services		3,556,148		3,481,311		74,837
Other		868,134		822,918		45,216
Total Police Department		4,424,282		4,304,229		120,053
Fire:						
Personal Services		2,815,158		2,802,477		12,681
Other		167,330		141,771		25,559
Total Fire Department		2,982,488		2,944,248		38,240
Total Security of Persons and Property		7,406,770		7,248,477		158,293
Leisure Time Services:						
Municipal Signage:						
Other		14,000		12,850		1,150
Public Grounds:						
Personal Services		18,000		16,986		1,014
Other		94,516		86,781		7,735
Total Public Grounds		112,516		103,767		8,749
Total Leisure Time Services		126,516		116,617		9,899
Community Development:						
Building Department:						
Personal Services		199,667		195,245		4,422
Other	_	30,826	_	26,879		3,947
Total Building Department		230,493		222,124		8,369
					(0	continued)

	Final Budget		Variance with Final Budget
Engineering Department: Personal Services Other	\$ 138,852 18,373	\$ 133,461 13,720	\$ 5,391 4,653
Total Engineering Department Total Community Development	157,225 387,718	147,181 369,305	10,044 18,413
Public Works:			
Storm Sewers and Drains: Other	1,735	847	888
Refuse Collection and Disposal: Personal Services	1.500	1 027	462
Other	1,500 1,390,000	1,037 1,384,998	463 5,002
Total Refuse Collections and Disposal	1,391,500	1,386,035	5,465
Total Relase Concentions and Bioposal		1,500,055	2,103
Leaf Collection: Other	22,141	18,616	3,525
Snow Removal:			
Other	150,000	139,972	10,028
Total Snow Removal	150,000	139,972	10,028
Total Public Works	1,565,376	1,545,470	19,906
General Government: Council:			
Personal Services	152,485	152,134	351
Other	17,000	8,131	8,869
Total Council	169,485	160,265	9,220
Mayor:			
Personal Services	195,504	195,456	48
Other	4,100	3,610	490
Total Mayor	199,604	199,066	538
Finance:	202 (11	224 227	• • • •
Personal Services	323,611	321,307	2,304
Other Total Finance	6,600 330,211	5,999 327,306	2,905
10tal l'Illance	330,211	327,300	2,903
Law:			
Personal Services	304,588	304,336	252
Other	15,750	14,485	1,265
Total Law	320,338	318,821	1,517
			(continued)

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Civil Service Commission:			
Other	\$ 5,000	\$ 4,464	\$ 536
Public Safety:			
Personal Services	42,259	41,825	434
Other	1,250	887	363
Total Public Safety	43,509	42,712	797
Municipal Fleet and Equipment:			
Personal Services	500	259	241
Other	296,200	277,921	18,279
Total Municipal Fleet and Equipment	296,700	278,180	18,520
Municipal Building:			
Personal Services	1,041,611	996,088	45,523
Other	435,580	430,454	5,126
Total Municipal Building	1,477,191	1,426,542	50,649
Service Administration:			
Personal Services	121,915	120,476	1,439
Other	39,237	36,395	2,842
Total Service Administration	161,152	156,871	4,281
Planning and Development:			
Other	11,200	10,753	447
Administration:			
Personal Services	2,687,571	2,641,160	46,411
Other	3,170,626	3,122,575	48,051
Total Administration	5,858,197	5,763,735	94,462
Total General Government	8,872,587	8,688,715	183,872
Debt Service:			
Principal Retirement	4,948	4,948	_
Interest and Fiscal Charges	152	152	-
Total Debt Service	5,100	5,100	
Total Expenditures	18,364,067	17,973,684	390,383
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	4,968,940	5,678,206	709,266
			(continued)

	Final Budget		Actual		riance with nal Budget
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Proceeds from Sale of Assets	\$ 5	\$ 000	1,558	\$	1,058
Advances In	170,0	000	170,000		-
Transfers In	150,0	000	150,000		-
Transfers Out	(6,020,0	000)	(6,020,000)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(5,699,5	500)	(5,698,442)		1,058
Net Change in Fund Balance	(730,5	560)	(20,236)		710,324
Fund Balance (Deficit) Beginning of Year	4,662,5	574	4,662,574		-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	105,2	255	105,255		
Fund Balance (Deficit) End of Year	\$ 4,037,2	269 \$	4,747,593	\$	710,324

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues Fines and Forfeitures Other	\$ 1,665,000 75,000	\$ 1,711,040 29,423	\$ 46,040 (45,577)
Total Revenues	1,740,000	1,740,463	463
Expenditures Current: General Government: Municipal Court: Personal Services Other	1,401,426 177,755	1,373,477 172,000	27,949 5,755
Total Expenditures	1,579,181	1,545,477	33,704
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	160,819	194,986	(33,241)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Advances Out	(170,000)	(170,000)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(9,181)	24,986	34,167
Fund Balance (Deficit) Beginning of Year Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	10,313 3,624	10,313 3,624	<u>-</u>
Fund Balance (Deficit) End of Year	\$ 4,756	\$ 38,923	\$ 34,167

Cuyahoga County, Ohio
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes
in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual
American Rescue Plan Act Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues			
Intergovernmental	\$ 112,000	\$ 112,000	\$ -
Expenditures Current: Public Health:			
Personal Services	112,000	112,000	-
Other	1,423,856		1,423,856
Total Public Health	1,535,856	112,000	1,423,856
Capital Outlay	110,027	110,027	
Total Expenditures	1,645,883	222,027	1,423,856
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,533,883)	(110,027)	1,423,856
Fund Balance (Deficit) Beginning of Year	2,357,094	2,357,094	
Fund Balance (Deficit) End of Year	\$ 823,211	\$ 2,247,067	\$ 1,423,856

	Final Budget Actual		Variance with Final Budget
Revenues			
Property Taxes	\$ 1,929,265	\$ 1,929,265	\$ -
Intergovernmental	242,607	242,607	
Total Revenues	2,171,872	2,171,872	
Expenditures			
Current:			
General Government:			
Other	160,000	83,848	76,152
Debt Service:			
Principal Retirement	8,970,000	8,970,000	-
Interest and Fiscal Charges	802,461	777,718	24,743
Total Expenditures	9,932,461	9,831,566	100,895
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(7,760,589)	(7,659,694)	100,895
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Issuance of General Obligation Bonds	7,330,000	7,330,000	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(430,589)	(329,694)	100,895
Fund Balance (Deficit) Beginning of Year	1,459,036	1,459,036	
Fund Balance (Deficit) End of Year	\$ 1,028,447	\$ 1,129,342	\$ 100,895

	Final		Variance with
	Budget	Actual	Final Budget
Revenues			
Intergovernmental	\$ 434,751	\$ 631,279	\$ 196,528
Charges for Services	10,000	36,258	26,258
Fees, Licenses and Permits	50,000	50,000	-
Rent	30,000	71,104	41,104
Other	183,185	192,930	9,745
Total Revenues	707,936	981,571	273,635
Expenditures			
Capital Outlay			
Other	3,644,903	3,278,579	366,324
Debt Service:			
Principal Retirement	183,832	183,043	789
Interest and Fiscal Charges	1,336	1,336	
Total Expenditures	3,830,071	3,462,958	367,113
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(3,122,135)	(2,481,387)	640,748
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Proceeds from Sale of Assets	130,000	94,447	(35,553)
Proceeds of OPWC Loans	213,145	213,145	-
Transfers In	2,355,000	2,355,000	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	2,698,145	2,662,592	(35,553)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(423,990)	181,205	605,195
Fund Balance (Deficit) Beginning of Year	7,664	7,664	-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	81,035	81,035	
Fund Balance (Deficit) End of Year	\$ (335,291)	\$ 269,904	\$ 605,195

	Final Budget		
Revenues			
Charges for Services	\$ 900,000	\$ 917,710	\$ 17,710
Contributions and Donations	85,000	79,759	(5,241)
Total Revenues	985,000	997,469	12,469
Expenditures			
Current:			
Leisure Time Services:			
Personal Services	1,250,108	1,242,924	7,184
Other	1,122,845	1,106,208	16,637
Total Expenditures	2,372,953	2,349,132	23,821
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,387,953)	(1,351,663)	36,290
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Transfers In	1,350,000	1,350,000	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(37,953)	(1,663)	36,290
Fund Balance (Deficit) Beginning of Year	49,462	49,462	-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	6,654	6,654	
Fund Balance (Deficit) End of Year	\$ 18,163	\$ 54,453	\$ 36,290

	Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget	
Revenues						
Intergovernmental	\$	74,500	\$	73,830	\$	(670)
Investment Income		1,000		2,579		1,579
Total Revenues		75,500		76,409		909
Expenditures						
Current:						
Transportation:						
Other		80,000		80,000		
Net Change in Fund Balance		(4,500)		(3,591)		909
Fund Balance (Deficit) Beginning of Year		25,818		25,818		
Fund Balance (Deficit) End of Year	\$	21,318	\$	22,227	\$	909

	Final Budget				ance with al Budget
Revenues					
Intergovernmental	\$	913,700	\$	910,567	\$ (3,133)
Investment Income		2,500		8,043	 5,543
Total Revenues		916,200		918,610	 2,410
Expenditures					
Current:					
Transportation:					
Personal Services		839,372	813,060		26,312
Other		326,626		320,734	 5,892
Total Expenditures		1,165,998		1,133,794	 32,204
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(249,798)		(215,184)	 34,614
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers In		175,000		175,000	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(74,798)		(40,184)	34,614
Fund Balance (Deficit) Beginning of Year		114,981		114,981	-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		1,599		1,599	
Fund Balance (Deficit) End of Year	\$	41,782	\$	76,396	\$ 34,614

		Final Budget				Variance with Final Budget		
Revenues Other	\$	\$ 100,000		104,761	\$	4,761		
Expenditures Current: General Government: Other		200,000		96,432		103,568		
Net Change in Fund Balance	(100,000)		8,329		108,329		
Fund Balance (Deficit) Beginning of Year		214,890		214,890				
Fund Balance (Deficit) End of Year	\$	114,890	\$	223,219	\$	108,329		

	 Final Budget		Actual		ance with
Revenues Other	\$ 52,000	\$	57,000	\$	5,000
Expenditures Current: General Government: Other	 75,000		63,000		12,000
Net Change in Fund Balance	(23,000)		(6,000)		17,000
Fund Balance (Deficit) Beginning of Year	 315,227		315,227		
Fund Balance (Deficit) End of Year	\$ 292,227	\$	309,227	\$	17,000

	Final Budget				Variance with Final Budget	
Revenues Property Taxes	\$	440,624	\$ 440,624		\$	
Intergovernmental	<u>Ψ</u>	54,577	Ψ	54,577	Ψ ————————————————————————————————————	
Total Revenues		495,201		495,201		
Expenditures Current: Security of Persons and Property: Other		666,238		664,926		1,312
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(171,037)		(169,725)		1,312
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers In		150,000		150,000		
Net Change in Fund Balance		(21,037)		(19,725)		1,312
Fund Balance (Deficit) Beginning of Year		77,946		77,946		
Fund Balance (Deficit) End of Year	\$	56,909	\$	58,221	\$	1,312

	Final Budget		Actual		Variance wit Final Budge	
			-			
Revenues						
Property Taxes	\$	440,624	\$	440,624	\$	-
Intergovernmental		54,577		54,577	ī	
Total Revenues		495,201		495,201		
Expenditures						
Current:						
Security of Persons and Property:						
Other		646,661		644,838		1,823
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(151,460)		(149,637)		1,823
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers In		150,000		150,000		
Net Change in Fund Balance		(1,460)		363		1,823
Fund Balance (Deficit) Beginning of Year		48,845		48,845		
Fund Balance (Deficit) End of Year	\$	47,385	\$	49,208	\$	1,823

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues Intergovernmental	\$ 165,000	\$ 195,408	\$ 30,408
Expenditures			
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	165,000	195,408	30,408
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers Out	(150,000)	(150,000)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	15,000	45,408	30,408
Fund Balance (Deficit) Beginning of Year	13,630	13,630	
Fund Balance (Deficit) End of Year	\$ 28,630	\$ 59,038	\$ 30,408

	<u>F</u>	 Actual	Variance with Final Budget		
Revenues	\$		\$ 	\$	
Expenditures Current:					
Security of Persons and Property:					
Personal Services		1,000	 		1,000
Net Change in Fund Balance		(1,000)	-		1,000
Fund Balance (Deficit) Beginning of Year		1,136	 1,136		
Fund Balance (Deficit) End of Year	\$	136	\$ 1,136	\$	1,000

	Final udget	 Actual	Variance with Final Budget	
Revenues	\$ 	\$ 	\$	
Expenditures Current: Security of Persons and Property: Other	 6,000	<u> </u>		6,000
Net Change in Fund Balance	(6,000)	-		6,000
Fund Balance (Deficit) Beginning of Year	 6,033	 6,033		
Fund Balance (Deficit) End of Year	\$ 33	\$ 6,033	\$	6,000

	 Final Budget	Actual			riance with nal Budget	
Revenues						
Special Assessments	 745,000	\$	845,009	\$	100,009	
Expenditures						
Current:						
Security of Persons and Property:						
Personal Services	75,000		-	75,000		
Other	 756,000		609,874		146,126	
Total Expenditures	 831,000		609,874	-	221,126	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(86,000)		235,135		321,135	
Fund Balance (Deficit) Beginning of Year	395,493		395,493		-	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	 4,918		4,918			
Fund Balance (Deficit) End of Year	\$ 314,411	\$	635,546	\$	321,135	

	Final Budget		Actual	Variand Final I	
Revenues					
Property Taxes	\$	100,951	\$ 100,951	\$	-
Intergovernmental		9,045	 9,045		
Total Revenues		109,996	 109,996		
Expenditures					
Current:					
Public Health and Welfare:					
Other		109,996	 109,996		-
Net Change in Fund Balance		-	-		-
Fund Balance (Deficit) Beginning of Year			 		
Fund Balance (Deficit) End of Year	\$		\$ 	\$	

Cuyahoga County, Ohio
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes
in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual
Community Development Block Grant Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget	
Revenues Intergovernmental	\$ 200,000	\$ 200,000	\$ -	
Expenditures				
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	200,000	200,000		
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers Out	(150,000)	(150,000)		
Net Change in Fund Balance	50,000	50,000	-	
Fund Balance (Deficit) Beginning of Year	10,885	10,885		
Fund Balance (Deficit) End of Year	\$ 60,885	\$ 60,885	\$ -	

Cuyahoga County, Ohio
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes
in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual
Municipal Vehicle Tax Levy Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Final Budget		 Actual		iance with al Budget
Revenues Intergovernmental	\$	39,000	\$ 39,775	\$	775
Expenditures Current:					
Transportation: Other		45,000	 35,000		10,000
Net Change in Fund Balance		(6,000)	4,775		10,775
Fund Balance (Deficit) Beginning of Year		6,393	 6,393		
Fund Balance (Deficit) End of Year	\$	393	\$ 11,168	\$	10,775

Cuyahoga County, Ohio
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes
in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual
OneOhio Opioid Settlement Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Final Budget		 Actual	Variance w Final Bud	
Revenues Intergovernmental	\$	7,000	\$ 11,375	\$	4,375
Expenditures Current: Security of Persons and Property: Other	<u>.</u>	2,500	 _		2,500
Net Change in Fund Balance		4,500	11,375		6,875
Fund Balance (Deficit) Beginning of Year		2,536	 2,536		-
Fund Balance (Deficit) End of Year	\$	7,036	\$ 13,911	\$	6,875

	Final Budget				Actual		ance with
Revenues Other	\$	1,100	\$	1,757	\$ 657		
Expenditures Current: Security of Persons and Property: Other		20,000		174	19,826		
Net Change in Fund Balance		(18,900)		1,583	20,483		
Fund Balance (Deficit) Beginning of Year		20,308		20,308	 		
Fund Balance (Deficit) End of Year	\$	1,408	\$	21,891	\$ 20,483		

Cuyahoga County, Ohio
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes
in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual
Municipal Court Health Insurance Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Final Budget		 Actual		iance with al Budget
Revenues Fines and Forfeitures		64,000	\$ 69,562	\$	5,562
Expenditures Current: General Government: Other		64,000	58,714		5,286
Net Change in Fund Balance		-	10,848		10,848
Fund Balance (Deficit) Beginning of Year		2,942	 2,942		
Fund Balance (Deficit) End of Year	\$	2,942	\$ 13,790	\$	10,848

	<u> </u>	Final Budget	 Actual	Variance with Final Budget	
Revenues					
Fines and Forfeitures	\$	194,000	\$ 194,753	\$	753
Expenditures Current: General Government:					
Personal Services		197,825	197,294		531
Other		2,281	 2,281		
Total Expenditures		200,106	 199,575		531
Net Change in Fund Balance		(6,106)	(4,822)		1,284
Fund Balance (Deficit) Beginning of Year		6,551	 6,551		
Fund Balance (Deficit) End of Year	\$	445	\$ 1,729	\$	1,284

Cuyahoga County, Ohio
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes
in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual
Indigent Driver Alcohol Treatment Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

		Final Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget	
Revenues	•	- 0.000	•		Φ.	2.252
Fines and Forfeitures	_\$	50,000	\$	53,252	\$	3,252
Expenditures						
Current:						
General Government:						
Other		120,000		34,714		85,286
Net Change in Fund Balance		(70,000)		18,538		88,538
Fund Balance (Deficit) Beginning of Year		349,939		349,939		_
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		16,173		16,173		
Fund Balance (Deficit) End of Year	\$	296,112	\$	384,650	\$	88,538

	Final Budget				Variance with Final Budget	
Revenues Fines and Forfeitures	\$	1,024	\$	1,858	\$	834
Expenditures Current: Security of Persons and Property:		2.500				2.500
Other Net Change in Fund Balance		2,500 (1,476)		1,858		3,334
Fund Balance (Deficit) Beginning of Year		1,909		1,909		
Fund Balance (Deficit) End of Year	\$	433	\$	3,767	\$	3,334

	Final Budget		 Actual	Variance with Final Budget	
Revenues Fines and Forfeitures	\$	50,200	\$ 50,286	\$	86
Expenditures Current: General Government: Personal Services		50,535	50,476		59_
Net Change in Fund Balance		(335)	(190)		145
Fund Balance (Deficit) Beginning of Year		467	467		
Fund Balance (Deficit) End of Year	\$	132	\$ 277	\$	145

				Actual		iance with al Budget	
Revenues Fines and Forfeitures	\$ 98,000			115,326	\$	17,326	
	Ψ	70,000		113,320	Ψ	17,320	
Expenditures							
Current:							
General Government:							
Other		145,000		134,357		10,643	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(47,000)		(19,031)		27,969	
Fund Balance (Deficit) Beginning of Year		121,207		121,207		_	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		7,288		7,288			
Fund Balance (Deficit) End of Year	\$	81,495	\$	109,464	\$	27,969	

Cuyahoga County, Ohio
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes
in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual
Court Computer Research Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

		Final Budget	 Actual	Variance with Final Budget		
Revenues Fines and Forfeitures		34,000	\$ 34,581	\$	581	
Expenditures Current:	_\$.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	 			
General Government: Other		40,000	34,176		5,824	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(6,000)	405		6,405	
Fund Balance (Deficit) Beginning of Year Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		9,541 123	9,541 123		<u>-</u>	
Fund Balance (Deficit) End of Year	\$	3,664	\$ 10,069	\$	6,405	

Cuyahoga County, Ohio
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes
in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual
Court Special Projects Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Final Budget			Actual	Variance with Final Budget		
Revenues							
Fines and Forfeitures	\$	100,000	\$	115,720	\$	15,720	
Expenditures							
Current:							
General Government:		125.000		02.005		21.002	
Other		125,000		93,997		31,003	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(25,000)		21,723		46,723	
Fund Balance (Deficit) Beginning of Year		44,180		44,180		_	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		3,157		3,157			
Fund Balance (Deficit) End of Year	\$	22,337	\$	69,060	\$	46,723	

Cuyahoga County, Ohio
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes
in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual
Indigent Defendant Alcohol Monitoring Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

		Final Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget		
Revenues Fines and Forfeitures	\$	10,000	\$	11,473	\$	1,473	
Thes and Followings	Ψ	10,000	Ψ	11,175	Ψ	1,173	
Expenditures							
Current:							
General Government:							
Other		25,000		5,643		19,357	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(15,000)		5,830		20,830	
Fund Balance (Deficit) Beginning of Year		68,698		68,698		-	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		2,503		2,503			
Fund Balance (Deficit) End of Year	\$	56,201	\$	77,031	\$	20,830	

Cuyahoga County, Ohio
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes
in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual
Municipal Court Magistrates Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Final Budget	 Actual	iance with al Budget
Revenues Fines and Forfeitures	\$ 75,500	\$ 92,159	\$ 16,659
Expenditures Current: General Government: Personal Services	 79,929	 70,698	9,231
Net Change in Fund Balance	(4,429)	21,461	25,890
Fund Balance (Deficit) Beginning of Year	 21,071	 21,071	 -
Fund Balance (Deficit) End of Year	\$ 16,642	\$ 42,532	\$ 25,890

Cuyahoga County, Ohio
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes
in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual
Safety Capital Improvement Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	 Final Budget Actual				iance with al Budget
Revenues					
Intergovernmental	\$ 50,000	\$	20,039	\$	(29,961)
Charges for Services	 500,000		551,057		51,057
Total Revenues	 550,000		571,096		21,096
Expenditures					
Capital Outlay:					
Other	623,625		543,222		80,403
Debt Service					
Principal Retirement	59,572		59,572		-
Interest and Fiscal Charges	 5,665		5,665		-
Total Debt Service	 65,237		65,237		
Total Expenditures	 688,862		608,459		80,403
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	 (138,862)		(37,363)		101,499
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers In	 275,000		275,000		
Net Change in Fund Balance	136,138		237,637		101,499
Fund Balance (Deficit) Beginning of Year	28,779		28,779		-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	 62,501		62,501		
Fund Balance (Deficit) End of Year	\$ 227,418	\$	328,917	\$	101,499

Cuyahoga County, Ohio
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes
in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual
Recreation Capital Improvement Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Final Budget Ac			Actual	ance with 1 Budget
Revenues					
Contributions and Donations	\$	44,527	\$	44,527	\$
Expenditures					
Capital Outlay:					
Other		304,829		291,458	 13,371
Debt Service					
Principal Retirement		9,329		9,329	-
Interest and Fiscal Charges		817		817	-
Total Debt Service		10,146		10,146	
Total Expenditures		314,975		301,604	 13,371
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(270,448)		(257,077)	 13,371
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers In		80,000		80,000	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(190,448)		(177,077)	13,371
Fund Balance (Deficit) Beginning of Year		189,295		189,295	-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		3,700		3,700	
Fund Balance (Deficit) End of Year	\$	2,547	\$	15,918	\$ 13,371

Cuyahoga County, Ohio
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes
in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual
Court Capital Improvement Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget		
Revenues Fines and Forfeitures	\$ 34,000	\$ 34,704	\$	704	
Expenditures Capital Outlay: Other	 150,000	 33,192		116,808	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(116,000)	1,512		117,512	
Fund Balance (Deficit) Beginning of Year Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	 280,972 523	280,972 523		-	
Fund Balance (Deficit) End of Year	\$ 165,495	\$ 283,007	\$	117,512	

Cuyahoga County, Ohio
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes
in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual
Neighborhood Improvement Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Final Budget			Actual	ance with
Revenues					
Licenses and Permits Other	\$	27,100 2,400	\$	29,314 1,883	\$ 2,214 (517)
Total Revenues		29,500		31,197	 1,697
Expenditures Capital Outlay:					
Personal Services		618,476		606,448	12,028
Other		317,361		289,115	 28,246
Total Expenditures		935,837		895,563	 40,274
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(906,337)		(864,366)	 41,971
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers In		885,000		885,000	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(21,337)		20,634	41,971
Fund Balance (Deficit) Beginning of Year		17,068		17,068	_
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		5,192		5,192	
Fund Balance (Deficit) End of Year	\$	923	\$	42,894	\$ 41,971

Combining Statements -Internal Service Funds

These funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department to other departments of the City, on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Medical Benefits Fund

To account for the operation of the City's self-insurance program for employee health benefits.

Property/Liability Insurance Fund

To account for the operation of the City's self-insurance program for property and liability insurance.

Workers Compensation Fund

To account for the payment of the City's workers compensation insurance.

City of Berea
Cuyahoga County, Ohio
Combining Statement of Fund Net Position
Internal Service Funds December 31, 2023

	Medical Property/Liability Benefits Insurance Fund Fund		Insurance Compensation			Totals
Assets Current Assets: Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments Cash and Cash Equivalents in Segregated Accounts Prepaid Items Total Current Assets	\$ 261,673	\$	20,154	\$	80,031 - 191,793 271,824	\$ 100,185 261,673 191,793 553,651
Liabilities Current Liabilities: Claims Payable	 144,647					 144,647
Net Position Unrestricted Total Net Position	\$ 117,026 117,026	\$	20,154 20,154	\$	271,824 271,824	\$ 409,004 409,004

City of Berea
Cuyahoga County, Ohio
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position
Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	 Medical Property/Liability Benefits Insurance Co Fund Fund		Workers mpensation Fund	 Totals	
Operating Revenues Charges for Services Other	\$ 3,037,408 20,470	\$	429,844 7,302	\$ 236,805 50,072	\$ 3,704,057 77,844
Total Operating Revenues	 3,057,878		437,146	286,877	 3,781,901
Operating Expenses					
Contractual Services	604,601		415,219	243,206	1,263,026
Claims	2,467,875		4,901	-	2,472,776
Other	 12,804		<u> </u>	 	12,804
Total Operating Expenses	 3,085,280		420,120	243,206	 3,748,606
Change in Net Position	(27,402)		17,026	43,671	33,295
Net Position Beginning of Year	 144,428		3,128	 228,153	 375,709
Net Position End of Year	\$ 117,026	\$	20,154	\$ 271,824	\$ 409,004

City of Berea
Cuyahoga County, Ohio
Combining Statement of Cash FlowInternal Service Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

		Medical Benefits Fund	Property/ Liability Insurance Fund		Workers Compensation Fund		Total Internal Service Funds	
Cash Flows From Operating Activities Cash Received from Customers Other Cash Receipts Cash Payments for Contractual Services	\$	3,037,408 20,470 (606,248)	\$	429,844 7,302 (417,895)	\$	236,805 50,072 (246,262)	\$	3,704,057 77,844 (1,270,405)
Cash Payments for Claims Other Cash Payments		(2,527,460) (12,804)		(4,901)		<u>-</u>		(2,532,361) (12,804)
Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities		(88,634)		14,350		40,615		(33,669)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Investments		(88,634)		14,350		40,615		(33,669)
Cash and Investments Beginning of Year		350,307		5,804		39,416		395,527
Cash and Investments End of Year	\$	261,673	\$	20,154	\$	80,031	\$	361,858
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities								
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(27,402)	\$	17,026	\$	43,671	\$	33,295
Adjustments: (Increase) Decrease in Assets: Prepaids		-		-		(3,056)		(3,056)
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities: Accounts Payable Claims Payable	_	(1,647) (59,585)		(2,676)		- -		(4,323) (59,585)
Total Adjustments		(61,232)		(2,676)		(3,056)		(66,964)
Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities	\$	(88,634)	\$	14,350	\$	40,615	\$	(33,669)

Combining Statements – Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the City as an agent for individuals, private organizations, and/or other governments.

Custodial Funds

Regional Sewer Fund

To account for the collection of revenues to be remitted to the Northeast Ohio Regional Sewer District.

State Highway Patrol Fund

To account for the resources obtained from state highway fines and designated, by state statute, for expenditures that would enhance the law library.

Ohio Board of Building Standards Fund

To account for state building fees collected from builders and disbursed to the State Board of Building Standards.

Metroparks Fund

To account for the collection and distribution of revenue received from the municipal court for the Metroparks.

Municipal Court Fund

To account for the collection and distribution of revenue associated with the operations of the Berea Municipal Court.

Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Custodial Funds December 31, 2023

	Regional Sewer Fund		State Highway Patrol Fund		Ohio Board of Building Standards Fund		Metroparks Fund	
Assets Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments Cash and Cash Equivalents in Segregated Accounts Accounts Receivable	\$	1,458,932 - 2,460,841	\$	619 - -	\$	122	\$	39,406
Total Assets		3,919,773		619		122		39,406
Liabilities Accounts Payable Due to Other Governments		1,443,915 2,475,858		- 619		- 122		39,406
Total Liabilities		3,919,773		619		122		39,406
Net Position Unrestricted Total Net Position	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>

Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Custodial Funds December 31, 2023

	Municipal Court Fund	 Total
Assets Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments Cash and Cash Equivalents in Segregated Accounts Accounts Receivable Total Assets	\$ 287,967 	\$ 1,499,079 287,967 2,460,841 4,247,887
Liabilities Accounts Payable Due to Other Governments Total Liabilities	287,967 287,967	 1,443,915 2,803,972 4,247,887
Net Position Unrestricted Total Net Position	\$ -	\$ <u>-</u>

City of Berea
Cuyahoga County, Ohio
Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position
Custodial Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Regional Sewer Fund		State Highway Patrol Fund		Building Standards Fund		Metroparks Fund	
Additions	\$		¢.		\$	2 029	¢	
Licenses, Permits & Fees for Other Governments Fines & Forfeitures for Other Governments	Þ	-	Э	2,397	Ф	3,928	\$	8,222
Collections for Other Governments	6,	051,575		-		-		,
Total Additions	6,	051,575		2,397		3,928		8,222
Deductions								
Licenses and Permits and Fees Distributions to Other Governments		-		-		3,928		-
Fines and Forfeitures Distributions to Other Governments		-		2,397		-		8,222
Distributions to Other Governments	6,	051,575						
Total Deductions	6,	051,575		2,397		3,928		8,222
Change in Net Position		-		-		-		-
Net Position Beginning of Year		-						
Net Position End of Year	\$		\$		\$		\$	

City of Berea Cuyahoga County, Ohio Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Custodial Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	N	Iunicipal Court Fund	Total		
Additions Licenses, Permits & Fees for Other Governments Fines & Forfeitures for Other Governments	\$	2,379,284	\$	3,928 2,389,903	
Collections for Other Governments		<u> </u>		6,051,575	
Total Additions		2,379,284		8,445,406	
Deductions Licenses and Permits and Fees Distributions to Other Governments Fines and Forfeitures Distributions to Other Governments Distributions to Other Governments		2,379,284		3,928 2,389,903 6,051,575	
Total Deductions		2,379,284		8,445,406	
Change in Net Position		-		-	
Net Position Beginning of Year				-	
Net Position End of Year	\$	_	\$		

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Supplemental Schedules Entity-Wide Accrual Statements Reporting with GASB 68 and GASB 75 and without GASB 68 and GASB 75

Background:

The net pension liability (NPL) is the largest single liability reported by the City at December 31, 2023 and is reported pursuant to GASB Statement 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an Amendment of GASB Statement 27. In a prior year, the City adopted GASB Statement 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, which significantly revised accounting for costs and liabilities related to other postemployment benefits (OPEB). For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the City's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and OPEB, the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability to the reported net position and subtracting net OPEB asset and deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board standards are national and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Prior accounting for pensions (GASB 27) and postemployment benefits (GASB 45) focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension and OPEB costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's *net pension liability* or *net OPEB liability*. GASB 68 and GASB 75 take an earnings approach to pension and OPEB accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension/OPEB plans and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

GASB 68 and GASB 75 require the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability/asset to equal the City's proportionate share of each plan's collective:

- 1. Present value of estimated future pension/OPEB benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service
- 2. Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits

GASB notes that pension and OPEB obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" – that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension and other postemployment benefits. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the City is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of these liabilities. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The Ohio revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer's promise is limited not by contract but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the retirement system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension/OPEB plan as against the public employer. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. The retirement system is responsible for the administration of the pension and OPEB plans.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability or the net OPEB liability. As explained above, changes in benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of these liabilities, but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability are satisfied, these liabilities are separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

In accordance with GASB 68 and GASB 75, the City's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense and an annual OPEB expense for their proportionate share of each plan's *change* in net pension liability and net OPEB liability/asset, respectively, not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows.

City of Berea
Cuyahoga County, Ohio
Supplemental Schedule
Schedule of Net Position - Including GASB 68 and GASB 75
December 31, 2023

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Assets			
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$ 12,124,54	14 \$ 935,646	\$ 13,060,190
Accounts Receivable	210,1	1,306,235	1,516,410
Intergovernmental Receivable	1,217,7	430,942	1,648,658
Taxes Receivable	10,471,14	16 530,326	11,001,472
Leases Receivable	922,1		922,174
Special Assessments Receivable	851,62	- 24	851,624
Loans Receivable	805,02	29 -	805,029
Prepaid Items	191,79	-	191,793
Materials and Supplies Inventory	255,1	76 147,053	402,229
Assets Held for Resale	140,0	- 00	140,000
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets	14,897,13	37 1,455,732	16,352,919
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	68,514,04		104,892,212
Total Assets	110,600,6	41,184,097	151,784,710
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Pension	10,291,43		11,180,489
OPEB	1,659,60	00 132,089	1,791,689
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	11,951,0	1,021,147	12,972,178
Liabilities			
Accounts Payable	1,013,2	1 41,320	1,054,531
Accrued Wages	432,03		468,913
Contracts Payable	9,7:	51 48,402	58,153
Intergovernmental Payable	283,8	19,276	303,088
Accrued Interest Payable	41,58	39 126,089	167,678
Claims Payable	144,64	-	144,647
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	12,73	-	12,788
Unearned Revenue Long-Term Liabilities:	2,247,00	-	2,247,067
Due Within One Year	2,226,9	975,123	3,202,074
Due In More Than One Year:			
Net Pension Liability	29,742,69		31,920,757
Net OPEB Liability	1,648,24		1,692,484
Other Amounts Due in More Than One Year	21,960,8	9,574,762	31,535,567
Total Liabilities	59,763,59	13,044,150	72,807,747
Deferred Inflows of Resources	.		T (0.4.0T2
Property Taxes Levied for the Next Fiscal Year	5,098,9	*	5,604,073
Leases	922,1		922,174
Pension OPEB	1,239,0 1,751,2		1,315,016 1,766,256
			-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	9,011,30	596,158	9,607,519
Net Position			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	61,855,20	28,366,622	90,221,830
Restricted for:			
Debt Service	1,307,92	- 28	1,307,928
Street Lighting	1,405,9		1,405,954
Street Maintenance and Repair	810,70	-	810,704
Court Operations and Capital Outlay	517,69	- 8	517,698
Security Operations	486,84	-	486,848
Drug and Alcohol Programs	31,8:	-	31,856
Other Purposes	751,73	-	751,731
Unrestricted	(13,391,24	198,314	(13,192,927)

City of Berea
Cuyahoga County, Ohio
Supplemental Schedule
Schedule of Net Position - Excluding GASB 68 and GASB 75
December 31, 2023

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities				
Assets						
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$ 12,124,544	\$ 935,646	\$ 13,060,190			
Accounts Receivable	210,175	1,306,235	1,516,410			
Intergovernmental Receivable	1,217,716	430,942	1,648,658			
Taxes Receivable	10,471,146	530,326	11,001,472			
Leases Receivable	922,174	-	922,174			
Special Assessments Receivable	851,624	-	851,624			
Loans Receivable	805,029	-	805,029			
Prepaid Items	191,793	-	191,793			
Materials and Supplies Inventory	255,176	147,053	402,229			
Assets Held for Resale	140,000	-	140,000			
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets	14,897,187	1,455,732	16,352,919			
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	68,514,049	36,378,163	104,892,212			
Total Assets	110,600,613	41,184,097	151,784,710			
Deferred Outflows of Resources						
Pension OPEB	-	-	-			
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources						
Liabilities Accounts Payable	1,013,211	41,320	1,054,531			
Accrued Wages	432,036	36,877	468,913			
Contracts Payable	9,751	48,402	58,153			
Intergovernmental Payable	283.812	19,276	303,088			
Accrued Interest Payable	41,589	126,089	167,678			
Claims Payable	144,647	120,009	144,647			
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	12,788	-	12,788			
Unearned Revenue	2,247,067	_	2,247,067			
Long-Term Liabilities:	2,247,007	_	2,247,007			
Due Within One Year	2,226,951	975,123	3,202,074			
Due In More Than One Year:	2,220,751	773,123	3,202,074			
Net Pension Liability	_	_	_			
Net OPEB Liability	_	_	_			
Other Amounts Due in More Than One Year	21,960,805	9,574,762	31,535,567			
Total Liabilities	28,372,657	10,821,849	39,194,506			
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Property Taxes Levied for the Next Fiscal Year	5,098,961	505,112	5,604,073			
Leases	922,174	-	922,174			
Pension	-	-	-			
OPEB		·				
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	6,021,135	505,112	6,526,247			
Net Position						
Net Investment in Capital Assets	61,855,208	28,366,622	90,221,830			
Restricted for:						
Debt Service	1,307,928	-	1,307,928			
Street Lighting	1,405,954	-	1,405,954			
Street Maintenance and Repair	810,704	-	810,704			
Court Operations and Capital Outlay	517,698	-	517,698			
Security Operations	486,848	-	486,848			
Drug and Alcohol Programs	31,856	-	31,856			
Other Purposes	751,731	-	751,731			
Unrestricted	9,038,894	1,490,514	10,529,408			
Total Net Position	\$ 76,206,821	\$ 29,857,136	\$ 106,063,957			

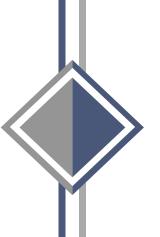
City of Berea
Cuyahoga County, Ohio
Supplemental Schedule
Schedule of Activities - Including GASB 68 and GASB 75
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

			Program Revenues			(Expense) Revenue hanges in Net Position	
	Expenses	Charges for Services and Sales	Operating Grants, Contributions and Interest	Capital Grants, Contributions and Interest	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Governmental Activities							
General Government	\$ 12,474,089	\$ 2,835,668	\$ 850	\$ -	\$ (9,637,571)	\$ -	\$ (9,637,571)
Security of Persons and Property	10,821,674	1,547,149	304,212	23,679	(8,946,634)	-	(8,946,634)
Public Health	221,996	-	132,387	-	(89,609)	-	(89,609)
Leisure Time Services	5,280,807	916,157	180,498	3,439,986	(744,166)	-	(744,166)
Community Development	404,419	29,314	224,211	-	(150,894)	-	(150,894)
Public Works Transportation	1,457,057 5,341,190	157,362	1,040,869	568,215	(1,457,057) (3,574,744)	-	(1,457,057)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	704,948	137,302	1,040,809	308,213	(704,948)	-	(3,574,744) (704,948)
interest and Fiscar Charges	704,740				(704,540)		(704,240)
Total Governmental Activities	36,706,180	5,485,650	1,883,027	4,031,880	(25,305,623)		(25,305,623)
Business-Type Activities							
Water Revenue	3,749,229	2,121,910	59,264	414,442	-	(1,153,613)	(1,153,613)
Sewer Revenue	1,558,927	747,366		750,691		(60,870)	(60,870)
Total Business-Type Activities	5,308,156	2,869,276	59,264	1,165,133		(1,214,483)	(1,214,483)
Total Primary Government	\$ 42,014,336	\$ 8,354,926	\$ 1,942,291	\$ 5,197,013	(25,305,623)	(1,214,483)	(26,520,106)
		General Revenues: Property Taxes Levie	ed for:				
		General Purposes			2,061,508	-	2,061,508
		Police and Fire Per Community Hospi			860,944 98,562	-	860,944 98,562
		Debt Service	itai		1,884,289	_	1,884,289
		Water Improveme			-	494,181	494,181
		Income Taxes Levie	d for:				
		General Purposes			19,618,278	-	19,618,278
		Grants and Entitlemento Specific Program			1,231,771		1,231,771
		Other Taxes	ilis		200,525	-	200,525
		Investment Earnings	:		593,705	-	593,705
		Miscellaneous			264,574		264,574
		Total General Reven	nues		26,814,156	494,181	27,308,337
		Transfers			(755,000)	755,000	
		Total General Reven	nues and Transfers		26,059,156	1,249,181	27,308,337
		10.ui Generui Keven	ines una 11unsjers		20,039,130	1,277,101	21,300,331
		Change in Net Posit	ion		753,533	34,698	788,231
		Net Position Beginn	ing of Year		53,023,153	28,530,238	81,553,391
		Net Position End of	Year		\$ 53,776,686	\$ 28,564,936	\$ 82,341,622

City of Berea
Cuyahoga County, Ohio
Supplemental Schedule
Schedule of Activities - Excluding GASB 68 and GASB 75
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

			Program Revenues			(Expense) Revenue hanges in Net Position	
	Expenses	Charges for Services and Sales	Operating Grants, Contributions and Interest	Capital Grants, Contributions and Interest	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Governmental Activities General Government Security of Persons and Property Public Health Leisure Time Services Community Development Public Works Transportation Interest and Fiscal Charges	\$ 12,419,159 9,706,976 221,996 5,267,653 399,084 1,457,057 5,334,330 704,948	\$ 2,835,668 1,547,149 - 916,157 29,314 - 157,362	\$ 850 304,212 132,387 180,498 224,211 - 1,040,869	\$ - 23,679 - 3,439,986 - - 568,215	\$ (9,582,641) (7,831,936) (89,609) (731,012) (145,559) (1,457,057) (3,567,884) (704,948)	\$ - - - - - - -	\$ (9,582,641) (7,831,936) (89,609) (731,012) (145,559) (1,457,057) (3,567,884) (704,948)
Total Governmental Activities	35,511,203	5,485,650	1,883,027	4,031,880	(24,110,646)		(24,110,646)
Business-Type Activities Water Revenue Sewer Revenue	3,772,105 1,596,219	2,121,910 747,366	59,264	414,442 750,691	<u>-</u>	(1,176,489) (98,162)	(1,176,489) (98,162)
Total Business-Type Activities	5,368,324	2,869,276	59,264	1,165,133		(1,274,651)	(1,274,651)
Total Primary Government	\$ 40,879,527	\$ 8,354,926	\$ 1,942,291	\$ 5,197,013	(24,110,646)	(1,274,651)	(25,385,297)
		General Revenues: Property Taxes Levic General Purposes Police and Fire Per Community Hospi Debt Service Water Improvemer Income Taxes Levice	nsion tal		2,061,508 860,944 98,562 1,884,289	- - - - 494,181	2,061,508 860,944 98,562 1,884,289 494,181
		General Purposes Grants and Entitleme to Specific Prograr Other Taxes Investment Earnings Miscellaneous	ents not Restricted		19,618,278 1,231,771 200,525 593,705 264,574	- - - -	19,618,278 1,231,771 200,525 593,705 264,574
		Total General Reven	ues		26,814,156	494,181	27,308,337
		Transfers			(755,000)	755,000	
		Total General Reven	ues and Transfers		26,059,156	1,249,181	27,308,337
		Change in Net Positi	ion		1,948,510	(25,470)	1,923,040
		Net Position Beginni Excluding GASB 6			74,258,311	29,882,606	104,140,917
		Net Position End of	Year		\$ 76,206,821	\$ 29,857,136	\$ 106,063,957

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STATISTICAL SECTION

Statistical Section

This part of the City of Berea, Ohio's annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

<u>Contents</u>	Page(s)
Financial Trends	
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	S-2 - S-11
Revenue Capacity	
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source; the property tax and the municipal income tax.	S-12 - S-21
Debt Capacity	
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	S-22 - S-29
Economic and Demographic Information	
These schedules offer economic and demographic indicators to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	S-30 - S-31
Operating Information	
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the service the City provides and the activities it performs.	S-32 - S-39

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the annual comprehensive financial reports for the relevant year.

NOTES:

During 2019, the City implemented GASB 84. Prior year revenues and expenses have not been adjusted to reflect this change.

With the implementation of GASB 75 in 2018, the calculation of OPEB expense has changed; however, government-wide expenses for 2017 and prior years were not restated to reflect this change.

With the implementation of GASB 68 in 2015, the calculation of pension expense has changed; however, government-wide expenses for 2014 and prior years were not restated to reflect this change.

City of Berea, Ohio
Net Position By Component Last Ten Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

		2023		2022		2021		Restated 2020
Governmental Activities								
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	61,855,208	\$	60,572,291	\$	53,688,110	\$	56,711,603
Restricted:								
Capital Projects		-		-		-		-
Debt Service		1,307,928		1,614,013		-		-
Street Lighting		1,405,954		1,111,334		962,112		763,009
Street Maintenance and Repair		810,704		654,258		628,677		806,923
Court Operations and Capital Outlay		517,698		491,498		491,017		571,906
Security Operations		486,848		442,738		485,284		31,227
Drug and Alcohol Programs		31,856		43,915		23,806		564,879
Other Purposes *		751,731		691,036		506,848		473,875
Unrestricted		(13,391,241)		(12,597,930)		(13,498,701)		(16,837,416
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	\$	53,776,686	\$	53,023,153	\$	43,287,153	\$	43,086,006
Business Type - Activities								
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	28,366,622	\$	27,908,924	\$	27,432,023	\$	27,536,818
Restricted:		, ,		, ,		, ,		, ,
Renewal and Replacement		_		_		_		_
Unrestricted		198,314		621,314		(534,044)		(1,962,106
Total Business-Type Activities Net Position	\$	28,564,936	\$	28,530,238	\$	26,897,979	\$	25,574,712
Primary Government								
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	90,221,830	\$	88,481,215	\$	81,120,133	\$	84,248,421
Restricted	*	5,312,719	•	5,048,792	-	3,097,744	•	3,211,819
Unrestricted		(13,192,927)	_	(11,976,616)		(14,032,745)		(18,799,522)
Total Primary Government Net Position	\$	82,341,622	\$	81,553,391	\$	70,185,132	\$	68,660,718

	Restated 2019				Restated 2017		Restated 2016		2015		Restated 2014
				_		_					-
\$	59,498,197	\$	60,306,385	\$	61,240,064	\$	60,290,157	\$	52,594,409	\$	55,271,913
	_		-		-		95,998		-		-
	-		-		-		-		2,983,819		2,973,127
	723,586		838,318		927,517		1,000,015		980,414		969,411
	596,873		416,385		514,761		509,831		468,849		445,028
	555,764		1,246,931		772,984		464,471		1,756,269		1,667,683
	16,506		45,798		48,674		98,668		75,583		107,601
	580,307		659,638		657,029		609,676		541,728		468,872
	569,816		499,751		70,985		19,064		18,276		187,931
	(17,307,898)		(22,845,852)		(20,129,273)		(2,804,391)		(5,512,168)		(7,909,245)
\$	45,233,151	\$	41,167,354	\$	44,102,741	\$	60,283,489	\$	53,907,179	\$	54,182,321
\$	28,028,357	\$	27,589,952	\$	25,155,850	\$	25,111,856	\$	25,256,979	\$	23,457,040
	-,,		. , ,		, ,		, ,		-,,		-,, -
	(2,518,976)		(1,826,341)		101,453 (602,320)		22,905 (324,507)		- 699,079		2,431,856
	(2,310,770)		(1,020,311)	_	(002,320)		(32 1,307)		077,077		2,131,030
\$	25,509,381	\$	25,763,611	\$	24,654,983	\$	24,810,254	\$	25,956,058	\$	25,888,896
\$	87,526,554	\$	87,896,337	\$	86,395,914	s	95 402 012	\$	77 051 200	\$	79 729 052
Ф	3,042,852	Ф	3,706,821	Ф	3,093,403	Ф	85,402,013 2,820,628	Ф	77,851,388 6,824,938	Ф	78,728,953 6,819,653
	(19,826,874)		(24,672,193)		(20,731,593)		(3,128,898)		(4,813,089)		(5,477,389)
							<u> </u>				

City of Berea, Ohio

Changes in Net Position Last Ten Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

		2023		2022		2021		2020
Program Revenues								
Governmental Activities:								
Charges for Services:								
General Government	\$	2,835,668	\$	2,726,862	\$	2,519,779	\$	2,231,148
Security of Persons and Property		1,547,149		1,478,460		1,304,772		1,175,545
Public Health		_		-		_		-
Leisure Time Services		916,157		808,838		611,770		313,118
Community Development		29,314		33,911		32,048		37,251
Transportation		157,362		-		101,000		255,281
Subtotal - Charges for Services	-	5,485,650		5,048,071		4,569,369		4,012,343
Operating Grants and Contributions:	-					77		7- 7
General Government		850		_		_		68,745
Security of Persons and Property		304,212		155,804		136,586		895,336
Public Health		132,387		11,504		199,369		419,924
Leisure Time Services		180,498		113,988		36,272		176,603
Community Development		224,211		203,750				-
Transportation		1,040,869		998,208		1,067,038		948,734
Subtotal - Operating Grants and Contributions		1,883,027		1,483,254		1,439,265		2,509,342
Capital Grants and Contributions:		1,005,027		1,405,254		1,437,203		2,307,342
Security of Persons and Property		23,679		20,345		27,008		120,966
Leisure Time Services		3,439,986		9,073,060		62,876		713,052
Community Development		5,457,760		<i>5</i> ,075,000		02,670		/13,032
Transportation		568,215		576.078		435,999		457,097
Subtotal - Capital Grants and Contributions		4,031,880		9,669,483		525,883		1,291,115
Subtotal - Capital Grants and Contributions		4,031,880		9,009,463		323,883		1,291,113
Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues		11,400,557		16,200,808		6,534,517		7,812,800
Business-Type Activities:								
Charges for Services:								
Water		2,121,910		2,447,250		2,542,203		2,700,808
Sewer		747,366		744,997		748,841		752,247
Operating Grants and Contributions		,		, ,, ,		,-		,
Water		59,264		58,977		61,608		6,001
Sewer								35,019
Capital Grants and Contributions								,
Water		414,442		273,094		76,155		_
Sewer		750,691		788,039		336,659		399,048
Total Business-Type Activities Program Revenues		4,093,673		4,312,357		3,765,466		3,893,123
	_		_		_		_	
Total Primary Government Program Revenues	\$	15,494,230	\$	20,513,165	\$	10,299,983	\$	11,705,923
Expenses								
Governmental Activities:								
General Government	\$	12,474,089	\$	9,652,364	\$	8,269,997	\$	10,965,105
Security of Persons and Property	Ψ	10,821,674	Ψ	9,172,216	Ψ	8,917,688	Ψ	9,342,118
Public Health		221,996		103,970		298,697		387,208
Leisure Time Services		5,280,807		3,922,701		2,922,322		4,034,089
Community Development		404,419		145,497		890,627		396,234
Public Works		1,457,057		1,542,014		1,428,106		1,484,294
Transportation				5,377,321		4,760,428		
Iransportation Interest and Fiscal Charges		5,341,190 704,948		3,377,321		374,366		4,802,649 597,622
Ç								
Total Governmental Activities Expenses	-	36,706,180		30,295,912		27,862,231		32,009,319

With the implementation of GASB 84 in 2019, revenues and expenses have changed; however, government-wide expenses for 2018 and prior years were not restated to reflect this change.

With the implementation of GASB 75 in 2018, the calculation of OPEB expense has changed; however, government-wide expenses for 2017 and prior years were not restated to reflect this change.

With the implementation of GASB 68 in 2015, the calculation of pension expense has changed; however, government-wide expenses for 2014 and prior years were not restated to reflect this change.

2019		2018		2017			Restated 2016		2015	2014		
\$	3,276,562	\$	3,714,419	\$	2,927,888	\$	2,907,910	\$	2,884,065	\$	2,678,278	
Ψ	1,213,185	Ψ	1,148,978	Ψ	1,194,563	Ψ	1,169,955	Ψ	1,136,291	Ψ	1,166,634	
	-		-				-		4,203		7,848	
	823,413		772,094		566,981		691,324		700,292		643,457	
	42,596		73,551		29,295		37,322		41,245		32,363	
	30,000		109,894		455,406		392,551		246,661		256,028	
	5,385,756		5,818,936		5,174,133		5,199,062		5,012,757		4,784,608	
			27,000		04 102		129 625		10.000		10.000	
	130,471		27,000 118,718		94,102 305,754		138,625 137,757		10,000 89,870		10,000 107,585	
	9,285		9,609		13,518		31,443		15,708		22,263	
	10,000		7,007		5,156		2,206		4,500		22,203	
	-		_		-		4,000		4,861		_	
	1,004,689		684,304		905,236		826,739		791,526		804,587	
	1,154,445		839,631		1,323,766		1,140,770		916,465		944,435	
	56,518		655,243		-		-		-		-	
	-		1,050,000		124,474 100,000		7,374,955		1,191,998		-	
	1,040,605		191,948		2,972,276		158,233 734,723		345,893		-	
	1,040,003		1,296,861 3,194,052		3,196,750		8,267,911		1,537,891		-	
	7,637,324		9,852,619		9,694,649		14,607,743	-	7,467,113	-	5,729,043	
	2,662,207		2,536,461		2,835,081		2,741,241		2,507,159		2,496,104	
	847,301		668,593		766,578		775,627		791,863		743,737	
	144,225		63,182		75,449 -		74,695		75,620		74,177	
	470,804		652,508		338,134		254,996		7,343		_	
	741,593		1,804,830		345,401		354,777		5,278		-	
	4,866,130		5,725,574		4,360,643		4,201,336		3,387,263		3,314,018	
\$	12,503,454	\$	15,578,193	\$	14,055,292	\$	18,809,079	\$	10,854,376	\$	9,043,061	
\$	11,044,960	\$	9,747,695	\$	9,846,448	\$	8,331,714	\$	7,664,155	\$	8,291,476	
	279,373		9,650,672		8,841,071		8,565,299		7,359,179		6,753,040	
	98,426		97,319		117,192		118,279		151,785		151,971	
	4,896,558		4,649,331		4,521,353		3,340,337		2,919,372		3,223,496	
	525,712		393,983		554,587		388,886		353,620		514,483	
	1,290,056		1,248,969		1,272,715		1,266,920		1,247,527		1,243,488	
	4,361,420		5,308,281		4,001,193		3,649,374		3,420,711		3,965,988	
	779,809		736,910		627,337		648,626		582,951		478,972	
	23,276,314		31,833,160		29,781,896		26,309,435		23,699,300		24,622,914	
											(continued)	

City of Berea, Ohio Changes in Net Position Last Ten Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

		2023		2022		2021		2020
Business-Type Activities								
Water	\$	3,749,229	\$	2,828,962	\$	2,406,016	\$	3,293,656
Sewer		1,558,927		1,240,495		1,125,335		1,411,702
Total Business-Type Activities Expenses		5,308,156		4,069,457		3,531,351		4,705,358
Total Primary Government Program Expenses		42,014,336		34,365,369		31,393,582		36,714,677
Net (Expense)/Revenue								
Governmental Activities		(25,305,623)		(14,095,104)		(21,327,714)		(24,196,519)
Business-Type Activities		(1,214,483)		242,900		234,115		(812,235)
Total Primary Government Net Expense		(26,520,106)		(13,852,204)		(21,093,599)		(25,008,754)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities Taxes:								
Property and Other Local Taxes Levied For:	Φ.	2.061.500	ф	1 017 401	Ф	1 001 070	Ф	1 020 221
General Purposes	\$	2,061,508	\$	1,917,421	\$	1,901,870	\$	1,820,231
Other Purposes *		2,843,795		2,656,496		2,580,570		2,471,933
Municipal Income Taxes levied for: General Purposes		19,618,278		18,084,206		16,072,370		15 405 414
Grants and Entitlements not Restricted to		19,016,276		18,084,200		10,072,370		15,485,414
Specific Programs		1,231,771		1,264,542		1,077,249		1,012,000
Other Taxes		200,525		228,448		224,259		277,843
Investment Income		593,705		15,051		(7,712)		176,621
Miscellaneous		264,574		594,940		270,255		1,155,402
Unrestricted Donations				-				-
Transfers		(755,000)		(930,000)		(590,000)		(520,000)
Extraordinary Item		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		
Total Governmental Activites		26,059,156		23,831,104		21,528,861		21,879,444
Business-Type Activities								
Property Taxes levied for:		10.1.10.1		450.050		100 150		404.004
Water Improvements		494,181		459,359		499,152		484,084
Transfers Miscellaneous		755,000		930,000		590,000		520,000
Miscenaneous				<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>		43,412
Total Business-Type Activities		1,249,181		1,389,359		1,089,152		1,047,496
Total Primary Government General Revenues								
and Other Changes in Net Position		27,308,337		25,220,463		22,618,013		22,926,940
Change in Net Position								
Governmental Activities		753,533		9,736,000		201,147		(2,317,075)
Business-Type Activities		34,698		1,632,259		1,323,267		235,261
Total Primary Government Change in Net Position	\$	788,231	\$	11,368,259	\$	1,524,414	\$	(2,081,814)

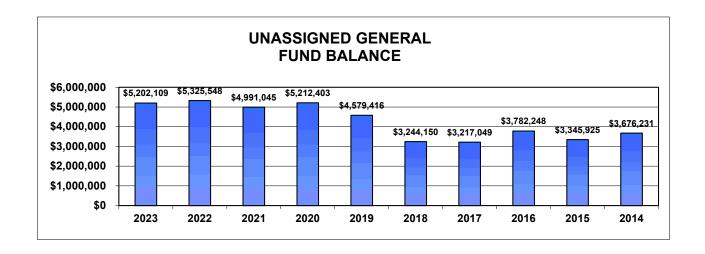
^{*} Includes Police and Fire Pension and Debt Service

							Restated				
	2019		2018		2017		2016		2015	2014	
	_										
\$	4,380,281	\$	4,260,794	\$	3,577,909	\$	4,875,037	\$	3,976,228	\$	2 705 202
Ф	1,298,255	Ф	1,421,578	Ф	1,077,872	Ф	1,053,185	Ф	954,252	Э	3,705,293 946,637
	-,-,-,-,				-,,		-,,,,,,,,,,		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
	5,678,536		5,682,372		4,655,781		5,928,222		4,930,480		4,651,930
	28,954,850		37,515,532		34,437,677		32,237,657		28,629,780		29,274,844
	(15,638,990)		(21,980,541)		(20,087,247)		(11,701,692)		(16,232,187)		(18,893,871)
	(812,406)		43,202		(295,138)		(1,726,886)		(1,543,217)		(1,337,912)
	(16,451,396)		(21,937,339)		(20,382,385)		(13,428,578)		(17,775,404)		(20,231,783)
\$	1,775,765	\$	1,619,709	\$	1,601,003	\$	1,582,799	\$	1,723,505	\$	1,547,123
	2,385,938		2,180,142		2,154,612		2,133,441		2,101,086		2,297,347
	13,810,887		14,039,940		12,904,124		13,048,547		11,813,246		11,050,350
	984,079		799,109		829,061		833,594		988,566		1,068,337
	259,625		295,898		250,729		307,904		336,730		284,641
	502,171		37,474		66,491		206,755		101,924		119,998
	702,151		264,660		203,802		96,362		51,988		51,552
	(91,000)		(605,000)		785,000 (590,000)		(131,400)		(1,160,000)		(1,163,000)
	-		-		-		-		-		(174,900)
	20,329,616		18,631,932		18,204,822		18,078,002		15,957,045		15,081,448
	467,176		456,895		453,634		449,682		450,379		449,104
	91,000		605,000		590,000		131,400		1,160,000		1,163,000
	<u> </u>		3,531						<u> </u>		
	558,176		1,065,426		1,043,634		581,082		1,610,379		1,612,104
	20,887,792		19,697,358		19,248,456		18,659,084		17,567,424		16,693,552
	4,690,626		(3,348,609)		(1,882,425)		6,376,310		(275,142)		(3,812,423)
	(254,230)		1,108,628		748,496		(1,145,804)		67,162		274,192
\$	4,436,396	\$	(2,239,981)	\$	(1,133,929)	\$	5,230,506	\$	(207,980)	\$	(3,538,231)

City of Berea, Ohio

Fund Balances, Governmental Funds
Last Ten Years
(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2023	2022	2021	2020	
General Fund					
Nonspendable	\$ 56,007	\$ 60,063	\$ 57,232	\$	53,476
Committed	1,812,760	1,893,409	1,663,786		1,525,231
Assigned	455,627	91,870	35,112		52,690
Unassigned	 5,202,109	 5,325,548	 4,991,045		5,212,403
Total General Fund	 7,526,503	 7,370,890	6,747,175		6,843,800
All Other Governmental Funds					
Nonspendable	255,176	164,964	129,579		216,295
Restricted	3,670,738	3,683,401	2,019,384		2,118,888
Committed	1,891,726	1,696,918	2,470,839		3,150,944
Unassigned	 	 (9,759)	 (4,357,829)		(4,209,720)
Total All Other Governmental Funds	 5,817,640	 5,535,524	 261,973		1,276,407
Total Governmental Funds	\$ 13,344,143	\$ 12,906,414	\$ 7,009,148	\$	8,120,207



2019		Restated 2018			Restated 2017 2016				2015	2014	
\$	51,432	\$	57,180	\$	61,395	\$	63,365	\$	70,707	\$	79,707
Ф	1.211.984	Ф	1,629,589	Ф	1,299,960	Ф	1,341,207	Ф	989,402	Ф	906,735
	196,788		58,246		134,385		104,751		122,676		16,501
	4,579,416		3,244,150		3,217,049		3,782,248		3,345,925		3,676,231
	6,039,620		4,989,165		4,712,789		5,291,571		4,528,710		4,679,174
	120,520		139,272		154,335		191,624		152,760		140,227
	1,962,142		2,509,159		2,031,231		1,747,703		5,817,924		5,628,560
	1,676,947		2,302,698		3,685,650		2,806,089		9,776,259		2,568,923
	(4,331,012)		(4,250,640)		(3,956,306)		(4,093,608)		<u> </u>		(10,775)
	(571,403)		700,489		1,914,910		651,808		15,746,943		8,326,935
\$	5,468,217	\$	5,689,654	\$	6,627,699	\$	5,943,379	\$	20,275,653	\$	13,006,109

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds
Last Ten Years
(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2022	2022	2021	2020
	2023	2022	2021	2020
Revenues				
Property and Other Taxes	\$ 5,211,806	\$ 5,025,498	\$ 4,521,987	\$ 4,458,650
Municipal Income Taxes	19,433,906	18,054,215	16,487,783	14,922,547
Special Assessments	857,209	742,506	744,882	718,762
Charges for Services	1,568,589	1,406,117	1,178,538	841,230
Licenses and Permits	378,620	390,470	379,349	387,853
Fines and Forfeitures	2,540,128	2,295,255	2,149,956	1,942,014
Intergovernmental	3,660,602	3,416,165	2,922,935	3,980,767
Interest	604,327	17,315	(3,141)	182,055
Contributions and Donations	71,321	134,219	81,847	40,751
Other	335,678	712,393	387,355	1,257,942
Total Revenues	34,662,186	32,194,153	28,851,491	28,732,571
Expenditures				
Current:				
General Government	11,293,472	10,433,909	10,593,343	8,640,104
Security of Persons and Property	9,158,094	8,663,383	8,000,208	7,682,239
Public Health	221,996	103,970	298,697	387,208
Leisure Time Services	2,464,116	2,260,161	1,921,285	2,176,172
Community Development	389,378	320,381	333,236	310,215
Public Works	1,453,044	1,529,297	1,414,194	1,468,633
Transportation	1,305,654	1,166,416	1,385,318	913,231
Capital Outlay	4,753,351	4,125,602	3,173,848	2,602,393
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	9,230,747	8,614,826	9,047,825	9,269,636
Interest and Fiscal Charges	791,625	375,373	555,824	794,872
Total Expenditures	41,061,477	37,593,318	36,723,778	34,244,703
Excess of Revenues Over				
(Under) Expenditures	(6,399,291)	(5,399,165)	(7,872,287)	(5,512,132)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Proceeds from Sale of Assets	48,875	23,051	1,485	1,882
Inception of Direct Financing Agreement	-	-	14,511	255,446
Issuance of General Obligation Bonds	7,330,000	-	-	-
Issuance of Refunding Bonds	-	2,790,000	-	1,860,000
Issuance of Revenue Bonds	-	4,935,000	-	-
Premium on Debt Issuance	-	-	75,232	106,551
Payment to Refunding Bond Escrow Agent	-	(2,781,620)	-	(1,819,639)
Issuance of Notes	-	7,260,000	7,260,000	7,760,000
Inception of Lease	-	-	-	-
Issuance of Loans	213,145	-	-	519,882
Transfers In	5,270,000	4,176,000	3,585,000	3,839,000
Transfers Out	(6,025,000)	(5,106,000)	(4,175,000)	(4,359,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	6,837,020	11,296,431	6,761,228	8,164,122
Extraordinary Item				
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 437,729	\$ 5,897,266	\$ (1,111,059)	\$ 2,651,990
Debt Service as a Percentage of Noncapital Expenditures	29%	35%	27%	31%

With the implementation of GASB 84 in 2019, revenues and expenditures have changed; however, revenues and expenditures for 2018 and prior years were not restated to reflect this change.

			Restated		
2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
4,396,511	\$ 4,042,641	\$ 4,035,283	\$ 4,029,967	\$ 4,108,059	\$ 4,013,444
14,350,327	13,857,990	13,169,693	12,964,761	11,522,435	11,823,354
665,452	664,686	672,143	697,250	690,267	687,958
			· ·		
1,333,506	1,255,271	1,211,063	1,170,989	1,090,799	1,046,221
551,847	660,432	425,217	469,101	501,837	359,641
2,695,457	3,072,449	2,891,810	2,771,839	2,561,010	2,536,488
2,930,422	4,723,726	4,983,408	2,821,548	2,383,109	2,083,875
504,253	42,009	77,112	222,633	115,730	134,515
20,307	9,843	891,834	55,275	28,411	51,111
803,849	370,120	325,119	185,120	175,675	159,448
28,251,931	28,699,167	28,682,682	25,388,483	23,177,332	22,896,055
8,117,671	8,092,820	7,848,082	7,098,947	7,218,501	7,183,125
7,938,766	7,622,174	7,150,207	7,169,095	6,873,297	6,354,515
98,426	97,319	117,192	118,279	151,785	151,971
2,682,186	2,562,905	2,246,657	2,182,361	2,138,513	2,034,896
360,376	367,898	470,334	365,529	372,423	291,721
1,273,974	1,229,101	1,247,725	1,238,247	1,217,697	1,215,079
903,695	1,041,911	966,075	707,046	902,569	925,472
5,027,011	6,758,246	7,583,352	15,329,450	4,687,901	4,152,414
9,479,513	9,677,601	8,114,869	12,136,653	8,488,251	5,466,560
871,233	855,135	722,211	766,722	613,929	486,428
36,752,851	38,305,110	36,466,704	47,112,329	32,664,866	28,262,181
(8,500,920)	(9,605,943)	(7,784,022)	(21,723,846)	(9,487,534)	(5,366,126)
24,714	16,552	63,142	13,240		2,722
24,/14	10,332	03,142	13,240	_	2,122
-	-	-	2,875,000	6,748,000	-
-	-	-	2,873,000	0,740,000	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
124,537	107,790	111,472	107,690	373,578	42,965
124,337	107,790	111,4/2	(2,775,000)	373,376	42,903
9.025.000	9 550 000	200,000	,	10.705.500	7 467 500
8,035,000	8,550,900	8,200,900	6,642,500	10,795,500	7,467,500
197 222	167,680	52,168	657,954	-	-
186,232	272,654	630,660	1,588	2 426 000	2 2 4 7 4 1 0
4,041,800	3,839,000	3,704,824	3,594,800	3,426,000	3,347,410
(4,132,800)	(4,444,000)	(4,294,824)	(3,726,200)	(4,586,000)	(4,510,410)
8,279,483	8,510,576	8,468,342	7,391,572	16,757,078	6,350,187
					(174,900)
(221,437)	\$ (1,095,367)	\$ 684,320	\$ (14,332,274)	\$ 7,269,544	\$ 809,161
32%	32%				

Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments (Per \$1,000 of Assessed Valuation) Last Ten Years

			City of Berea			Berea
Collection		Special	Water	Debt		School
<u>Year</u>	General	Revenue	Revenue	Service	<u>Total</u>	District
2023	7.95	3.00	1.40	4.45	16.80	81.90
2022	7.95	3.00	1.40	4.45	16.80	81.90
2021	7.95	3.00	1.40	4.45	16.80	81.90
2020	7.95	3.00	1.40	4.45	16.80	81.90
2019	7.95	3.00	1.40	4.45	16.80	82.10
2018	7.95	3.00	1.40	4.45	16.80	82.20
2017	7.95	3.00	1.40	4.45	16.80	82.20
2016	7.95	3.00	1.40	4.45	16.80	82.20
2015	7.95	3.00	1.40	4.45	16.80	78.00
2014	7.95	3.00	1.40	4.45	16.80	78.70

Source: Cuyahoga County Fiscal Officer

Notes:

The rates presented for a particular calendar year are the rates that, when applied to the assessed values presented in the Assessed Value Table, generated the property tax revenue billed in that year. The City's basic property tax rate may be increased only by a majority vote of the City's residents.

Charter millage is consistently applied to all types of property.

The real property tax rates for the voted levies of the overlapping taxing districts are reduced so that inflationary increases in value do not generate additional revenue.

Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply to property owners within the City.

 Cleveland Metropolitan Park District, Cuyahoga Community College District, Cleveland-Cuyahoga Port Authority, Cuyahoga County Library and Cuyahoga County Services.

Olmsted Falls School District	Polaris <u>JVSD</u>	Cuyahoga Co & Special Taxing Districts (1)
106.90	3.09	26.13
106.90	3.09	26.13
106.90	3.09	26.13
106.90	3.09	26.13
99.70	3.09	24.33
100.00	3.09	23.93
100.00	3.09	23.93
100.40	3.09	23.43
102.20	2.40	23.43
102.20	2.40	23.43

Assessed Valuation and Estimated Actual Values of Taxable Property

Last Ten Years

		Real P	ropert	у	Tangible Personal Property					
						Public	Utility			
Collection Year	Assessed Value		Estimated Actual Value			Assessed Value	Estimated Actual Value			
2023	\$	479,570,390	\$	1,370,201,114	\$	15,978,810	\$	18,157,739		
2022		468,370,070		1,338,200,200		15,390,630		17,489,352		
2021		411,862,290		1,176,749,400		14,460,260		16,432,114		
2020		409,493,080		1,169,980,229		12,915,300		14,676,477		
2019		393,733,580		1,124,953,086		11,832,970		13,446,557		
2018		368,945,630		1,054,130,371		10,757,950		12,224,943		
2017		361,784,080		1,033,668,800		9,572,450		10,877,784		
2016		360,410,630		1,029,744,657		8,980,160		10,204,727		
2015		370,843,110		1,059,551,743		8,714,150		9,902,443		
2014		373,633,920		1,067,525,486		8,242,980		9,367,023		

Real property is reappraised every six years with a State mandated update of the current market value in the third year following each reappraisal.

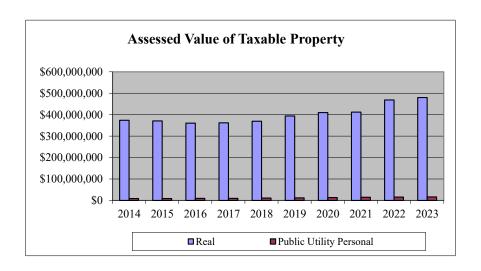
The assessed value of real property (including public utility real property) is 35 percent of estimated true value. The assessed value of public utility personal property ranges from 25 percent of true value for railroad property to 88 percent for electric transmission and distribution property.

The tangible personal property values associated with each year are the values that, when multiplied by the applicable rates, generated the property tax revenue billed in that year. For real property, the amounts generated by multiplying the assessed values by the applicable rates would be reduced by the 10%, $2\ 1/2\%$ and homestead exemptions before being billed.

Source: Ohio Department of Taxation

(1) Cuyahoga County Fiscal Officer

		Total		
 Assessed Value		Estimated Actual Value	Ratio	Total Direct Tax Rate (1)
\$ 495,549,200	\$	1,388,358,853	35.69	16.80
483,760,700		1,355,689,552	35.68	16.80
426,322,550		1,193,181,514	35.73	16.80
422,408,380		1,184,656,706	35.66	16.80
405,566,550		1,138,399,643	35.63	16.80
379,703,580		1,066,355,314	35.61	16.80
371,356,530		1,044,546,584	35.55	16.80
369,390,790		1,039,949,384	35.52	16.80
379,557,260		1,069,454,186	35.49	16.80
381,876,900		1,076,892,508	35.46	16.80



Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Years

	Total		Current	Percent of Current Tax Collections	Dal	inquent	т	otal	of To	entage tal Tax ections		cumulated standing	Delin	ntage of inquent es to
	Tax		Tax	to Tax		Tax	_	otai Tax		Tax		elinquent		es to otal
Year	Levy	Co	llections (1)	Levy		lections		ections		y (2)		Taxes		Levy
1 Cai	 Levy		nections (1)	Levy		icctions	Con	cettons		(y (2)	-	Taxes	Tax	Levy
2023	\$ 6,212,313	\$	6,004,800	96.66%	\$	190,481	\$ 6,1	195,281	99	73%	\$	279,742	4.5	50%
2022	6,138,348		5,759,085	93.82		189,591	5,9	948,676	90	5.91		408,041	6.	65
2021	5,518,865		5,237,249	94.90		124,139	5,3	361,388	9'	7.15		653,203	11	.84
2020	5,414,097		5,122,899	94.62		138,131	5,2	261,030	9'	7.17		414,496	7.	66
2019	5,189,600		5,048,301	97.28		135,581	5,1	183,882	99	9.89		291,880	5.	62
2018	4,852,805		4,697,807	96.81		103,289	4,8	801,096	98	3.93		241,169	4.	97
2017	4,823,222		4,702,417	97.50		115,653	4,8	818,070	99	9.89		260,740	5.	41
2016	4,776,087		4,606,276	96.44		140,313	4,7	746,589	9	9.38		267,600	5.	60
2015	4,904,908		4,650,168	94.81		166,405	4,8	816,573	98	3.20		274,176	5.	59
2014	4,960,785		4,589,981	92.53		155,960	4,7	745,941	9:	5.67		340,201	6.	86

Source: Cuyahoga County Fiscal Officer

⁽¹⁾ State reimbursement of rollback and homestead exemptions are included.

⁽²⁾ The County information does not provide the applicable year when a delinquency is collected. Thus the "total collections" represent the total collections for the year instead of total collections of a particular tax year. As a result "total collection as a percent of a total levy" can exceed 100% in any particular year. The City is currently working with the County to obtain delinquent taxes by collection year. The County maintains all of this information, thus the City is reliant on the County to develop the accounting procedures and system capabilities to provide this information.

Principal Taxpayers - Real Estate Tax 2023 and 2014

	2	023
		Percentage
	Real Property	Of Real
_	Assessed	Assessed
Taxpayer	Valuation (1)	Valuation
City of Berea	\$ 8,185,170	1.71%
Cleveland Electric Illuminating Co.	8,097,170	1.69%
Baldwin-Wallace	7,036,980	1.47%
Tower in the Park LTD	5,079,660	1.06%
Columbia Gas	5,023,040	1.05%
Stone Ridge Apartments	4,534,050	0.95%
American Transmission System	2,841,510	0.59%
West Valley Plaza	2,744,710	0.57%
Berea Properties Company	2,567,270	0.54%
Integrity Properties	2,390,970	0.50%
Total	\$ 48,500,530	10.13%
Total Assessed Valuation	\$ 479,570,390	
	2	014
		Percentage
	Real Property	Of Real
	Assessed	Assessed
Taxpayer	Valuation (1)	Valuation
Classical Electric Illegation Co	¢ (42(200	1.720/
Cleveland Electric Illuminating Co.	\$ 6,436,390	1.72%
Tower in the Park LTD	3,684,810	0.99%
West Valley Plaza	2,859,440	0.77% 0.68%
Berea Properties Company Echo Berea Associates, LLC	2,545,980 2,497,510	0.67%
OHI Asset II LLC	2,375,840	0.64%
KCM LLC.	1,992,980	0.53%
Berea Square CO., LLC	1,682,280	0.45%
680 North LLC	1,674,750	0.45%
Columbia Gas	1,669,820	0.45%
Columbia Gas	1,007,020	0.73/0
Total	\$ 27,419,800	7.35%
Total Assessed Valuation	\$ 373,633,920	

Source: County Fiscal Officer

⁽¹⁾ The amounts presented represent the assessed values upon which 2023 and 2014 collection: were based.

Principal Taxpayers - Municipal Tax 2023 and 2014

	2023						
Taxpayer		Tax	Percentage of Tax Collected				
Cleveland Browns Football	\$	5,963,230	34.23%				
Baldwin Wallace College	Ψ	1,002,481	5.75%				
Berea City School District		416,341	2.39%				
Voss Industries		262,253	1.51%				
City of Berea		242,157	1.39%				
Group Management Inc		231,383	1.33%				
Ohio Guidestone		223,534	1.28%				
ColoMatrix Corp		214,992	1.23%				
Ohio Turnpike Commission		188,500	1.08%				
TMG Performance Products LLC		143,534	0.82%				
Total	\$	8,888,405	51.01%				
Total Tax Collected			\$ 17,420,612				
	-	2	014				
_			Percentage of				
Taxpayer	_	Tax					
Cleveland Browns Football	\$	Tax 2,901,365	Percentage of				
Cleveland Browns Football Baldwin Wallace College	\$	Tax	Percentage of Tax Collected				
Cleveland Browns Football	\$	Tax 2,901,365	Percentage of Tax Collected 25.85%				
Cleveland Browns Football Baldwin Wallace College	\$	Tax 2,901,365 827,928	Percentage of Tax Collected 25.85% 7.38%				
Cleveland Browns Football Baldwin Wallace College Berea City School District	\$	Tax 2,901,365 827,928 471,578	Percentage of Tax Collected 25.85% 7.38% 4.20%				
Cleveland Browns Football Baldwin Wallace College Berea City School District Guidestone OHNH EMP LLC City of Berea	\$	Tax 2,901,365 827,928 471,578 220,809	Percentage of Tax Collected 25.85% 7.38% 4.20% 1.97%				
Cleveland Browns Football Baldwin Wallace College Berea City School District Guidestone OHNH EMP LLC City of Berea Ohio Turnpike Commission	\$	Tax 2,901,365 827,928 471,578 220,809 217,488	Percentage of Tax Collected 25.85% 7.38% 4.20% 1.97% 1.94%				
Cleveland Browns Football Baldwin Wallace College Berea City School District Guidestone OHNH EMP LLC City of Berea Ohio Turnpike Commission Standby Screw Machine Products	\$	Tax 2,901,365 827,928 471,578 220,809 217,488 191,730 143,910 134,664	Percentage of Tax Collected 25.85% 7.38% 4.20% 1.97% 1.94% 1.71%				
Cleveland Browns Football Baldwin Wallace College Berea City School District Guidestone OHNH EMP LLC City of Berea Ohio Turnpike Commission	\$	Tax 2,901,365 827,928 471,578 220,809 217,488 191,730 143,910	Percentage of Tax Collected 25.85% 7.38% 4.20% 1.97% 1.94% 1.71% 1.28%				
Cleveland Browns Football Baldwin Wallace College Berea City School District Guidestone OHNH EMP LLC City of Berea Ohio Turnpike Commission Standby Screw Machine Products	\$	Tax 2,901,365 827,928 471,578 220,809 217,488 191,730 143,910 134,664	Percentage of Tax Collected 25.85% 7.38% 4.20% 1.97% 1.94% 1.71% 1.28% 1.20%				
Cleveland Browns Football Baldwin Wallace College Berea City School District Guidestone OHNH EMP LLC City of Berea Ohio Turnpike Commission Standby Screw Machine Products Eaton Aeroquip LLC	\$	Tax 2,901,365 827,928 471,578 220,809 217,488 191,730 143,910 134,664 116,305	Percentage of Tax Collected 25.85% 7.38% 4.20% 1.97% 1.94% 1.71% 1.28% 1.20% 1.04%				

Source: Regional Income Tax Agency

Principal Employers 2023 and 2014

		23
Employer	Number of Employees	Percentage of Total City Employment
Baldwin Wallace College	2,569	18.24%
Cleveland Browns Football	704	5.00%
Berea City School District	569	4.04%
Group Management Service LLC	549	3.90%
Ohio Guidestone	422	3.00%
City of Berea	300	2.13%
Voss Industries	254	1.80%
AJ Aristocrat Berea OPCO LLC	241	1.71%
OHNH EMP LLC	195	1.38%
Ohio Turnpike	167	1.19%
•		
Total	5,970	42.39%
Total Employment within the City	14,088 (1)
	20.	14
	Number of	Percentage of Total City
Employer	Employees	Employment
Baldwin Wallace College	3,148	30.17%
OHNH EMP LLC	715	6.85%
Berea City School District	646	6.19%
Cleveland Browns Football	640	6.13%
Guidestone	550	5.27%
Amerimark Direct LLC	317	3.04%
City of Berea	293	2.81%
Standby Screw Machine Products	182	1.74%
Eaton Aeroquip LLC	155	1.49%
Corsa Performance	116	1.11%
Total	6,762	64.80%
Total Employment within the City	10,435	
1 3		

Source: Regional Income Tax Agency

(1) Total employment within the City represents 2022. 2023 was not available.

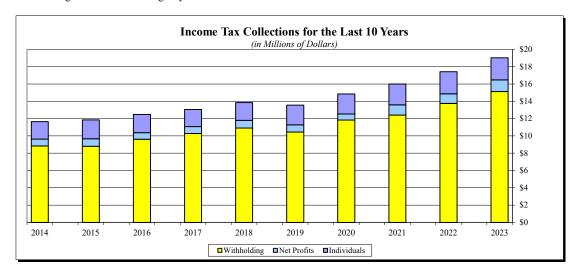
City of Berea, Ohio

Income Tax Revenue Base and Collections Last Ten Years

Tax Year	Tax Rate	Total Tax Collected	Taxes from Withholding	Percentage of Taxes from Withholding	Taxes From Net Profits	Percentage of Taxes from Net Profits
2023	2.00%	\$ 19,040,392	\$ 15,135,798	79.49%	\$ 1,349,193	7.09%
2022	2.00	17,420,612	13,767,126	79.03	1,108,658	6.36
2021	2.00	15,999,073	12,418,600	77.62	1,174,965	7.34
2020	2.00	15,113,053	11,846,054	78.38	693,878	4.59
2019	2.00	13,549,844	10,453,851	77.15	835,998	6.17
2018	2.00	13,861,048	10,916,826	78.76	885,405	6.39
2017	2.00	13,066,877	10,288,504	78.74	798,743	6.11
2016	2.00	12,484,319	9,610,022	76.98	770,752	6.17
2015	2.00	11,855,447	8,802,385	74.25	875,618	7.39
2014	2.00	11,647,041	8,840,177	75.90	803,005	6.89

Note: The City is prohibited by statute from presenting information regarding individual taxpayers.

Source: Regional Income Tax Agency



I	Taxes From ndividuals	Percentage of Taxes from Individuals
\$	2,555,401	13.42%
	2,544,828	14.61
	2,405,509	15.04
	2,321,246	15.36
	2,259,995	16.68
	2,058,817	14.85
	1,971,799	15.09
	2,103,545	16.85
	2,177,444	18.36
	2,003,858	17.20

Ratio of Outstanding Debt to Total Personal Income and Debt Per Capita Last Ten Years

	Governmental Activities											
Year		General Obligation Debt		Revenue Bonds		Direct Financing		Notes Payable		Loan Payable		OPWC
2023	\$	15,505,562	\$	4,555,000	\$	171,068	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,464,937
2022		9,517,886		4,935,000		260,183		7,260,000		-		2,419,569
2021		10,548,690		-		353,743		7,260,000		80,000		2,587,346
2020		11,565,422		-		429,836		7,760,000		120,000		2,911,401
2019		12,479,800		-		350,695		8,035,000		160,000		2,462,046
2018		13,353,062		-		521,740		8,295,000		200,000		2,396,798
2017		14,581,324		-		500,034		8,200,900		200,000		2,247,697
2016		15,799,586		-		618,176		6,642,500		-		1,922,038
2015		16,850,848		-		66,600		10,795,500		-		2,025,628
2014		10,679,632		-		128,370		7,467,500		-		2,083,284

Source: City Financial Records

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to financial statements.

⁽¹⁾ See the schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics for personal income and population data.

				Business-Ty	/pe Acti								
General Obligation Debt		Direct Financing		Loan Payable		otes yable		Leases Payable	OWDA and OPWC	Total Primary Government	Total Personal Income	Percentage of Personal Income(1)	Per Capita(1)
\$ 85,000	\$	7,666	\$	145,523	\$	-	\$	477,550	\$ 9,710,831	\$33,123,137	\$ 553,192,702	5.99%	\$ 1,773
90,000		11,341		164,927		-		-	10,267,187	34,926,093	553,192,702	6.31%	1,870
95,000		14,915		184,331		-		-	10,730,753	31,854,778	531,759,330	5.99%	1,718
100,000		18,390		203,735		-		-	11,373,184	34,481,968	538,727,112	6.40%	1,835
105,000		25,641		213,437		-		-	11,656,140	35,487,759	533,594,466	6.65%	1,907
110,000		40,326		232,840		-		-	12,165,927	37,315,693	462,718,855	8.06%	1,954
115,000		26,342		252,244	(500,000		-	12,667,753	39,391,294	462,718,855	8.51%	2,063
120,000		-		271,648		-		-	12,283,126	37,657,074	462,718,855	8.14%	1,972
122,000		32,233		291,052		-		-	11,287,518	41,471,379	462,718,855	8.96%	2,172
-		63,111		320,157	1,1	160,000		-	11,856,305	33,758,359	462,718,855	7.30%	1,768

Pledged Revenue Coverage Water and Sewer OPWC and OWDA Loans Last Ten Years

		Direct	Net		De	bt Service	
Year	 Charges for Services	Operating xpenses (1)	Revenues Available	Principal		Interest	Coverage
2023	\$ 2,869,276	\$ 1,999,949	\$ 869,327	\$ 815,817	\$	263,717	124.18%
2022	3,192,247	905,883	2,286,364	844,540		312,320	50.60%
2021	3,291,044	669,486	2,621,558	812,361		263,715	41.05%
2020	3,496,467	2,108,374	1,388,093	730,706		409,368	82.13%
2019	3,509,508	3,271,946	237,562	745,290		342,503	(227.98%)
2018	3,208,585	3,467,823	(259,238)	741,700		376,932	(210.78%)
2017	3,601,659	1,821,441	1,780,218	661,511		356,774	57.20%
2016	3,516,868	3,410,888	105,980	593,298		354,339	(894.17%)
2015	3,299,022	1,491,418	1,807,604	543,327		391,262	51.70%
2014	3,239,841	2,297,266	942,575	471,851		246,788	76.24%

Source: City Financial Records

- (1) Direct operating expenses do not include depreciation and amortization expense.
- (2) 10 years of information will be presented when it is available.

Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita Last Ten Years

						Ratio of Net	
			Gross	Debt Service	Net	Bonded Debt	Net Bonded
	(1)	Assessed	Bonded	Monies	Bonded	to Assessed	Debt Per
Year	Population	Valuation(2)	Debt(3)	Available	Debt	Valuation	Capita
2023	18,682	\$ 495,549,200	\$ 15,590,562	\$ 1,307,928	\$ 14,282,634	2.88%	\$ 764.51
2022	18,682	483,760,700	16,867,886	1,614,013	15,253,873	3.15	816.50
2021	18,545	426,322,550	17,903,690	-	17,903,690	4.20	965.42
2020	18,788	422,408,380	19,425,422	-	19,425,422	4.60	1,033.93
2019	18,609	405,566,550	20,619,800	-	20,619,800	5.08	1,108.06
2018	19,093	379,703,580	22,013,962	-	22,013,962	5.80	1,152.99
2017	19,093	371,356,530	22,897,224	-	22,897,224	6.03	1,199.25
2016	19,093	369,390,790	22,562,086	-	22,562,086	6.08	1,181.69
2015	19,093	379,557,260	27,768,348	2,878,542	24,889,806	6.56	1,303.61
2014	19,093	381,876,900	19,307,132	2,812,637	16,494,495	4.32	863.90

(1) Source: U.S. Bureau of Census

(2) Source: Cuyahoga County Fiscal Officer

(3) Includes all general obligation bonded debt and bond anticipation notes and premiums.

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Computation of Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt December 31, 2023

Jurisdiction	Governmental Activities Debt Outstanding	Percentage Applicable to City (1)	Amount Applicable to City		
Direct					
City of Berea	\$ 22,696,567	100.00%	\$	22,696,567	
Total Direct Debt	22,696,567			22,696,567	
Overlapping					
Berea City School District	105,475,000	27.29%		28,784,128	
Olmsted Falls School District	26,182,346	4.56%		1,193,915	
Polaris Career Center	870,000	8.07%		70,209	
Cuyahoga Community College	183,840,000	1.40%		2,573,760	
Cuyahoga County	228,740,000	1.40%		3,202,360	
Total Overlapping Debt	545,107,346			35,824,372	
Grand Total	\$ 567,803,913		\$	58,520,939	

Source: Ohio Municipal Advisory Council City Financial Records

⁽¹⁾ Percentages were determined by dividing each overlapping subdivision's assessed valuation within the City by its total assessed valuation

City of Berea, Ohio
Legal Debt Margin Last Ten Years

	 2023	 2022	 2021	 2020
Total Assessed Property Value	\$ 495,549,200	\$ 483,760,700	\$ 426,322,550	\$ 422,408,380
Overall Legal Debt Limit				
(10 ½ % of Assessed Valuation)	 52,032,666	 50,794,874	 44,763,868	 44,352,880
Debt Outstanding:				
General Obligation Bonds and Notes	15,590,562	 16,867,886	 17,903,690	 19,425,422
Total Gross Indebtedness Less:	15,590,562	16,867,886	17,903,690	19,425,422
General Obligation Bonds and Notes	-	-	-	-
Amount Available in Debt Service Fund	 (1,307,928)	 (1,614,013)	 	
Total Net Debt Applicable to Debt Limit	 14,282,634	 15,253,873	 17,903,690	 19,425,422
Legal Debt Margin Within 10 ½ % Limitations	\$ 37,750,032	\$ 35,541,001	\$ 26,860,178	\$ 24,927,458
Legal Debt Margin as a Percentage of the Debt Limit	72.55%	69.97%	60.00%	56.20%
Unvoted Debt Limitation (5 ½ % of Assessed Valuation)	 27,255,206	 26,606,839	 23,447,740	 23,232,461
Total Gross Indebtedness	15,590,562	16,867,886	17,903,690	19,425,422
Less: General Obligation Bonds and Notes			_	_
Amount Available in Debt Service Fund	 (1,307,928)	 (1,614,013)	 <u> </u>	 <u> </u>
Net Debt Within 5 ½ % Limitations	 14,282,634	 15,253,873	 17,903,690	 19,425,422
Unvoted Legal Debt Margin Within 5 ½ % Limitations	\$ 12,972,572	\$ 11,352,966	\$ 5,544,050	\$ 3,807,039
Unvoted legal Debt Margin as a Percentage of the Unvoted Debt Limitation	47.60%	42.67%	23.64%	16.39%

Source: City Financial Records

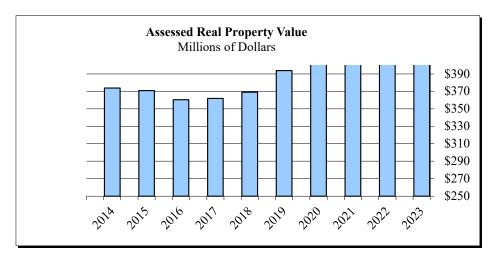
 2019	 2018	 2017	 2016	 2015	 2014
\$ 405,566,550	\$ 379,703,580	\$ 371,356,530	\$ 369,390,790	\$ 379,557,260	\$ 381,876,900
 42,584,488	 39,868,876	 38,992,436	 38,786,033	 39,853,512	40,097,075
 20,619,800	 22,013,962	 22,897,224	 22,562,086	27,768,348	18,147,132
20,619,800	22,013,962	22,897,224	22,562,086	27,768,348	18,147,132
- -	- -	 <u>-</u>	 - -	(7,000,000) (2,878,542)	 (2,812,637)
20,619,800	 22,013,962	22,897,224	 22,562,086	 17,889,806	15,334,495
\$ 21,964,688	\$ 17,854,914	\$ 16,095,212	\$ 16,223,947	\$ 21,963,706	\$ 24,762,580
51.58%	44.78%	41.28%	41.83%	55.11%	61.76%
 22,306,160	 20,883,697	 20,424,609	 20,316,493	 20,875,649	 21,003,230
20,619,800	22,013,962	22,897,224	22,562,086	27,768,348	18,147,132
 - -	 - -	 <u>-</u>	 <u>-</u>	 (7,000,000) (2,878,542)	 (2,812,637)
20,619,800	 22,013,962	22,897,224	 22,562,086	 17,889,806	15,334,495
\$ 1,686,360	\$ (1,130,265)	\$ (2,472,615)	\$ (2,245,593)	\$ 2,985,843	\$ 5,668,735
7.56%	-5.41%	-12.11%	-11.05%	14.30%	26.99%

Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Years

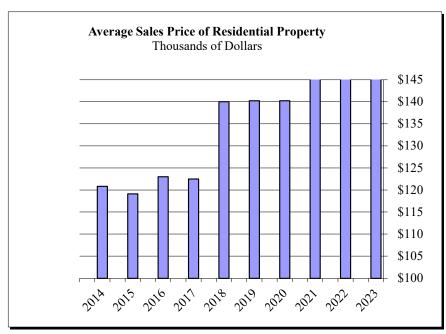
Year	Population (1)	otal Personal Income (5)	I	ersonal ncome Capita (1)	Но	fedian usehold ome (1)	Median Age (1)
2023	18,682	\$ 553,192,702	\$	29,611	\$	60,417	36.1
2022	18,682	553,192,702		29,611		60,417	36.1
2021	18,545	531,759,330		28,674		60,292	36.1
2020	18,788	538,727,112		28,674		59,511	37.4
2019	18,609	533,594,466		28,674		59,229	37.1
2018	19,093	462,718,855		24,235		50,278	37.1
2017	19,093	462,718,855		24,235		50,278	37.1
2016	19,093	462,718,855		24,235		50,278	37.1
2015	19,093	462,718,855		24,235		50,278	37.1
2014	19,093	462,718,855		24,235		50,278	37.1

County rate.

- (1) Source: U. S. Census
- (2) Source: Ohio Department of Education(3) Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics(4) Source: Cuyahoga County Auditor
- (5) Computation of per capita personal income multiplied by population



Educational Attainment: Bachelor's Degree or Higher (1)	School Enrollment (2)	Cuyahoga County Unemployment Rate (3)	I Re	rage Sales Price of esidential operty (4)	Total Assessed Real Property Value (4)
3,350	5,330	4.1%	\$	191,900	\$ 479,570,390
3,350	5,330	4.1%		180,300	468,370,070
3,350	5,366	4.1%		180,300	411,862,290
3,350	6,114	6.8%		140,200	409,493,080
3,350	6,114	3.6%		140,200	393,733,580
3,350	6,198	4.0%		140,000	368,945,630
3,350	6,379	4.9%		122,500	361,784,080
3,350	6,537	5.3%		123,000	360,416,630
3,350	6,736	4.0%		119,100	370,843,110
3,350	6,910	6.0%		120,821	373,633,920



City of Berea, Ohio
Full-Time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function/Program
Last Ten Years

Function/Program	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
General Government					
Council	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0
Finance	5.0	5.0	4.5	4.0	4.5
Law	5.0	5.0	4.5	4.5	4.5
Administration	22.0	22.0	17.0	20.0	17.5
Engineer	1.5	1.5	2.5	3.0	3.5
Court	25.0	25.0	29.0	31.0	32.5
Public Building	0.5	0.5	0.5	2.0	3.5
Security of Persons and Property					
Police	35.0	32.0	33.0	31.0	30.0
Police - Auxiliary	6.0	4.5	3.5	4.0	4.0
Police - Dispatchers/Office	2.0	2.5	2.0	2.0	2.5
Police - Animal Wardens	-	-	-	-	0.5
Police - School guards/Parking Control	5.0	5.0	4.5	1.0	1.0
Fire	24.0	23.0	23.0	23.0	24.0
Leisure Time Services					
Recreation - Admin	19.5	19.5	15.0	14.0	15.0
Recreation - Programs	5.0	5.0	10.0	10.5	17.5
Recreation - Pools	23.0	23.0	10.5	13.0	25.5
Jitney	4.0	4.0	4.0	6.0	4.0
Transportation					
Service	32.0	26.5	33.5	28.0	37.5
Basic Utility Services					
Water	13.0	16.0	13.5	15.0	15.0
Totals:	232.5	225.0	215.5	217.0	247.5

Source: City Payroll Department W2 Audit Listing

Method: Using 1.0 for each full-time employee and 0.50 for each part-time and seasonal employee at year end.

2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0
4.5	5.0	4.5	4.5	4.5
4.5	4.0	4.0	3.5	2.0
20.5	13.5	19.0	10.5	11.0
3.0	3.0	3.0	3.5	3.5
33.0	31.0	30.0	28.0	30.5
3.0	4.5	2.5	2.0	2.0
32.5	32.0	31.0	28.0	30.0
3.0	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5
2.5	2.5	2.5	4.0	7.0
0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
1.5	1.0	1.5	1.5	1.5
23.0	23.0	23.0	23.0	22.0
15.0	15.5	16.0	15.5	16.5
15.0	14.0	14.0	13.5	14.5
27.5	25.0	23.0	24.5	21.5
4.0	4.0	4.5	3.0	3.0
39.5	36.0	30.0	33.0	30.0
13.5	17.5	13.5	12.5	12.5
251.0	240.5	231.0	219.5	221.0

Operating Indicators by Function/Program Last Ten Years

Function/Program		2023	2022			2021		2020
General Government								
Council and Clerk(1)								
Number of Ordinances Passed		38		47		64		50
Number of Resolutions Passed		20		23		17		13
Finance Department(2)								
Number of checks/ vouchers issued		3,138		3,194		3,078		2,982
Amount of checks written (Accounts Payable - in thousands)	\$	-	\$	18,943	\$	17,984	\$	17,761
General Fund Interest earnings (cash basis)	\$	175,266	\$	175,266	\$	64,453	\$	110,377
Number of Journal Entries issued		443		443		452		420
Number of Budget Adjustments issued		2		3		5		5
Agency Ratings - Moody's Financial Services	Φ.	AA2	Φ.	AA2	Φ.	AA2	Φ	AA2
General Fund Receipts (cash basis in thousands)		19,165,121		17,814,279	\$	16,268	\$	15,504
General Fund Expenditures (cash basis in thousands)	\$	18,974,061	\$	17,534,421	\$	16,168	\$	15,191
General Fund Cash Balances (in thousands)	\$	3,162	\$	2,971	\$	2,691	\$	2,590
Municipal Court(3)								
Total Civil/Small claims cases filed		3,118		2,646		2,100		2,135
Number of Berea civil/small claims cases		637		548		412		235
Total Criminal cases filed		1,674		2,596		1,689		1,552
Number of Berea felony cases		51		62		59		47
Number of Berea misdemeanor cases		280		300		239		220
Civil Service(4)								
Number of police entry tests administered		1		1		1		1
Number of fire entry tests administered		1		-		-		1
Number of police promotional tests administered		-		-		-		2
Number of fire promotional tests administered		-		-		-		4
Number of hires of Police Officers from certified lists		1		1		2		2
Number of hires of Fire/Medics from certified lists		-		-		-		-
Number of promotions from police certified lists Number of promotions from fire certified lists		-		-		-		-
Security of Persons & Property								
Police(5)		14055		14.627		15.604		14045
Total Calls for Services		14,955		14,637		15,604		14,045
Number of traffic citations issued		1,767		1,669		1,445		578
Number of parking citations issued		2,150		2,394		2,256		1,340
Number of criminal arrests Animal Warden service calls responded to per annual report		916 205		1,042 191		813 198		829
Police Dept. Auxiliary hours worked		203		191		196		-
DUI Arrests		121		74		49		29
Motor Vehicle Accidents		232		261		221		194
Property damage accidents/Self reported traffic accidents		51		61		63		42
Fire(6)								
EMS Calls		2,398		2,499		2,486		2,259
Ambulance Billing Collections (net)	\$	591,436	\$	557,690	\$	526,108	\$	476,434
Fire Calls	Ψ	41	Ψ	337,030	Ψ	73	Ψ	580
Fires with Loss		16		15		22		7
Fires with Losses exceeding \$10K		9		11		4		3
Fire Losses \$	\$	10,000	\$	10,000	\$	261,000	\$	400,000
	-	. ,	-	637	-	,		,

	2019		2018		2017		2016		2015	2014		
	67 26		50 22		45 16		66 34		70 15		75 17	
\$ \$	3,478 17,104 187,955 462	\$ \$	3,526 17,155 216,569 474 3	\$ \$	3,405 17,475 143,802 525 7	\$ \$	3,445 23,116 193,312 515 8	\$ \$	3,316 16,619 129,245 417 6	\$ \$	3,389 17,269 128,796 304 6	
\$ \$ \$	3 AA2 14,505 14,398 2,276	\$ \$ \$	AA2 14,516 14,256 2,170	\$ \$ \$	AA2 13,400 13,523 1,910	\$ \$ \$	AA2 13,158 13,121 1,981	\$ \$ \$	AA2 12,808 12,665 1,996	\$ \$ \$	AA2 12,160 12,043 1,853	
	3,085 539 1,745 71 352		2,629 506 2,074 69 456		2,578 502 1,880 66 472		2,030 399 2,145 53 401		2,762 566 2,364 38 387		2,908 589 2,316 30 385	
	- - 1		1 - - -		- - - -		1 - -		- - - -		1 - 2	
	1 - - 1		3		3 - - -		2		4 1 1 1		1 2 4	
	16,764 1,556 1,397 1,343 71 82 312 80		16,791 1,636 2,137 1,637 137 119 265 74		17,228 1,734 1,806 1,470 126 1,948 176 293 60		18,144 1,598 2,519 1,374 222 2,102 137 276 89		16,219 989 1,135 750 664 2,096 65 231 106		9,202 1,523 1,608 1,176 349 2,128 97 327 101	
\$	2,320 470,410 663 10	\$	2,170 445,712 600 25	\$	2,226 417,486 616 19	\$	2,742 453,662 615 10	\$	1,919 410,456 617 11	\$	1,916 427,296 565 43	
\$	525,000 387	\$	500,000 411	\$	7 500,000 389	\$	7 750,000 244	\$	6 351,500 180	\$	5,300 300 (continued)	

Operating Indicators by Function/Program Last Ten Years

Function/Program	_	2023		2022		2021		2020
Lainera Time Comitee								
Leisure Time Services Recreation(2)								
Outdoor swimming pool receipts	\$	113,263	\$	104,722	\$	83,272	\$	
Membership receipts	\$	205,746	\$ \$	177,157	\$	178,010	\$	114,595
Program fees	\$	203,740	\$ \$	185,665	\$ \$	135,510	\$	114,393
(Includes indoor and outdoor rec programs)	φ	219,744	Ф	165,005	Ф	133,310	Ф	113,207
P. 1111 - D								
Building Department(7)						1 105		1 205
Construction Permits Issued		1,472		1,502		1,487	Φ.	1,397
Estimated Value of Construction	\$	39,269,545	\$	33,061,944		35,057,775	\$	43,080,947
Amount of Revenue generated from permits	\$	266,107	\$	271,708	\$	269,971	\$	276,837
Number of contract registrations issued		995		858		172		879
Amount of Revenue generated from contract registrations	\$	83,200	\$	79,750	\$	78,925	\$	75,625
Number of rental inspections performed*		-		-		-		-
Number of point of sale inspections		63		63		63		63
Engineer Contracted Services(8)								
Dollar amount of Construction overseen by Engineer	\$	-	\$	2,297,695	\$	1,053,856	\$	2,709,044
Transportation(8,10)								
Street Improvements - asphalt overlay (linear feet)		11,540		10,074		13,402		6,520
Street Repair (Curbs, aprons, berms, asphalt) (hours)		5,388		15,960		5,160		10,570
Municipal Signs (hours)		2,538		1,976		1,304		3,075
Paint Striping (hours)		360		384		440		64
Street Cleaning (hours)		856		736		552		228
Snow & Ice Removal regular hours		712		1,544		448		1,714
Snow & Ice Removal overtime hours		432		1,436		729		1,116
Sewer Crew (hours)		2,976		2,816		3,816		7,323
Leaf collection (hours)		1,872		1,694		1,814		1,813
Number of Trees Planted per year		26		60		-,		83
Tons of snow melting salt purchased (Nov-Mar)		1,302		1,401		885		885
Cost of salt purchased	\$	-,	\$	-,	\$	112,999	\$	174,259
Water Department(9)								
Average Water Rate per 1000 gallons of water used	\$	4.09	\$	4.09	\$	4.09	\$	4.09
Wastewater Department(9)								
Average Wastewater Rates per 1000 gallons of water used	\$	11.98	\$	11.98	\$	11.98	\$	11.98
Average daily flow (Millions of gallons per day)	Ф	1.80	φ	1.80	Φ	1.80	φ	1.80

- Source: City of Berea Council
- Source: City of Berea Finance Department
- Source: Berea Municipal Court
- Source: City of Berea Law Department
- Source: Berea Police Department
- 2 3 4 5 6 **Source:** Berea Fire Department
- Source: City of Berea Building Department *2008 includes reinspections of single & multifamily homes
- 8 9 Source: City of Berea Service Department
- Source: City of Berea Water Department
 - Based on Regular Residential Minimum Consumption
- 10 Source: City of Berea Payroll Department

	2019		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014
\$	115,488	\$	103,402	\$	112,627	\$	108,372	\$	97,645	\$	87,834
\$	206,663	\$	187,600	\$	184,641	\$	163,084	\$	171,594	\$	173,949
\$	207,314	\$	254,162	\$	241,764	\$	237,832	\$	228,339	\$	172,533
	1,529		1,667		1,335		1,453		1,439		1,235
\$	49,333,707	\$	87,363,903	\$	22,673,883	\$	27,238,831	\$	19,280,049	\$	14,571,224
\$	417,357	\$	524,372	\$	324,689	\$	361,469	\$	386,808	\$	175,946
	447		613		390		574		579		513
\$	90,875	\$	61,875	\$	80,625	\$	67,500	\$	70,750	\$	64,125
	· -		-		· -		735		289		587
	63		414		414		382		254		344
\$	2,709,044	\$	5,171,216	\$	4,734,175	\$	4,237,877	\$	3,433,017	\$	2,071,675
	15,787		10,510		10,510		10,510		10,510		10,560
	10,297		16,862		16,907		14,245		14,778		14,831
	2,507		2,945		2,028		2,524		2,656		2,223
	16		381		243		198		561		448
	398		602		694		710		838		733
	5,960		2,925		2,275		1,429		2,452		3,004
	1,186		1,206		782		624		544		1,099
	4,978		4,771		4,824		4,737		5,647		6,291
	1,342		1,991		2,025		1,907		2,000		1,836
	86		181		48		55		-		78
	1,484		1,498		3,733		3,014		3,048		4,900
\$	121,946	\$	101,079	\$	40,056	\$	125,742	\$	155,555	\$	149,046
\$	4.09	\$	4.09	\$	4.09	\$	4.09	\$	4.09	\$	4.09
\$	11.98	\$	11.98	\$	11.28	\$	10.65	\$	9.57	\$	8.63
Ψ	1.80	Ψ	1.80	Ψ	1.80	Ψ	1.90	Ψ	2.00	Ψ	2.00
	1.00		1.00		1.00		1.90		2.00		2.00

City of Berea, Ohio
Capital Assets Statistics by Function/Program Last Ten Years

Function/Program	2023	2022	2021	2020
General Government				
Number of Buildings	4	4	4	4
Square footage of Buildings:				
City Hall/Municipal Court	20,900	20,900	20,900	20,900
Water Plant	19,100	19,100	19,100	19,100
Service Garage	25,400	25,400	25,400	25,400
Recreation Center	33,000	33,000	33,000	33,000
Administrative Vehicles	8	8	8	8
Inspection Vehicles	4	4	4	4
Municipal Court Vehicles	1	1	1	1
Police				
Stations	1	1	1	1
Square footage of station	9,700	9,700	9,700	9,700
Vehicles	28	28	28	28
Fire				
Stations	1	1	1	1
Square footage of station	7,900	7,900	7,900	7,900
Vehicles:				
Aerial Tower	1	1	1	1
Pumpers	2	2	2	2
Rescue Ambulances	2	2	2	2
Utility	1	1	1	1
Staff vehicles	2	2	2	2
Recreation				
Number of Parks	5	5	5	5
Number of Pools	2	2	2	2
Number of Racquetball Courts	1	1	1	1
Number of Basketball Courts	3	3	3	3
Number of Baseball Diamonds	4	4	4	4
Number of Soccer Fields	3	3	3	3
Number of Playground Areas	6	6	6	6
Number of Vehicles	5	5	5	5
Other Public Works				
Streets (miles)	73.4	73.4	73.4	73.4
Service Vehicles	40	40	40	40
Wastewater				
Sanitary Sewers (miles)	75.5	75.5	75.5	75.5
Storm Sewers (miles)	90.5	90.5	90.5	90.5
Vehicles	2	2	2	2
Water Department				
Water Lines (miles)	84.0	84.0	84.0	84.0
Vehicles	8	8	8	8

Source: City of Berea Service Department

2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
4	4	4	4	4	4
20,900	20,900	20,900	20,900	17,000	17,000
19,100	19,100	19,100	19,100	19,100	19,100
25,400	25,400	25,400	25,400	25,400	25,400
33,000	33,000	33,000	33,000	33,000	33,000
8	8	8	8	10	10
4	4	4	4	4	4
1	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1	1
9,700	9,700	9,700	9,700	9,700	9,700
28	28	28	28	28	28
1	1	1	1	1	1
7,900	7,900	7,900	7,900	7,900	7,900
1	1	1	1	1	1
2	2	2	2	2	2
2	2	2	2	2	2
1	1	1	1	1	1
2	2	2	2	2	2
5	5	5	5	5	5
2	2	2	2	2	2
1	1	1	1	1	1
3	3 4	3 4	3	3 4	3 4
4 3	3	3	4 3	3	4
6	6	6	6	6	3 5
5	5	5	5	4	4
73.4	73.4	73.4	73.4	73.4	73.4
40	40	40	40	35	35
75.5	75.5	75.5	75.5	75.5	75.5
90.5	90.5	90.5	90.5	90.5	90.5
2	2	2	2	2	2
84.0	84.0	84.0	84.0	84.0	84.0
84.0 8	84.0 8	84.0 8	84.0 8	84.0 6	84.0 6
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CITY OF BEREA

CUYAHOGA COUNTY

AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 8/6/2024

65 East State Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370