

CITY OF NORTH CANTON
STARK COUNTY
SINGLE AUDIT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023



65 East State Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 ContactUs@ohioauditor.gov 800-282-0370

City Council
City of North Canton
145 North Main Street
North Canton, Ohio 44720

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the City of North Canton, Stark County, prepared by Perry & Associates, Certified Public Accountants, A.C., for the audit period January 1, 2023 through December 31, 2023. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

The Auditor of State is conducting an investigation, which is on-going as of the date of this report. Dependent on the outcome of the investigation, results may be reported on at a later date.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The City of North Canton is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

September 10, 2024



CITY OF NORTH CANTON STARK COUNTY

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

City of North Canton Stark County 145 North Main Street North Canton, Ohio 44720

To the City Council:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of North Canton, Stark County, (the City) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 30, 2024.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purposes of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the City's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Marietta, OH St. Clairsville, OH Cambridge, OH Wheeling, WV Vienna, WV

City of North Canton Stark County Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Perry and Associates

Certified Public Accountants, A.C.

Very Marciales CAS A. C.

Marietta, Ohio

June 30, 2024



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO THE MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE AND ON THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

City of North Canton Stark County 145 North Main Street North Canton, Ohio 44720

To the City Council:

Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program

Opinion on the Major Federal Program

We have audited the **City of North Canton's**, Stark County (the City) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on the City of North Canton's major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2023. The City of North Canton's major federal program is identified in the *Summary of Auditor's Results* section of the accompanying schedule of audit findings.

In our opinion, the City of North Canton complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on the Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance* section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

The City's Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the City's federal programs.

Marietta, OH St. Clairsville, OH Cambridge, OH Wheeling, WV Vienna, WV

City of North Canton
Stark County
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements
Applicable to the Major Federal Program and on Internal Control
Over Compliance and on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal
Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the City's compliance with the requirements of the major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the City's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of the City's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance* section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

City of North Canton
Stark County
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements
Applicable to the Major Federal Program and on Internal Control
Over Compliance and on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal
Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance (Continued)

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of this testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of North Canton, Stark County (the City) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. We issued our unmodified report thereon dated June 30, 2024. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Uniform Guidance and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records management used to prepare the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling this schedule directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Perry and Associates

Certified Public Accountants, A.C.

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Marietta, Ohio

June 30, 2024

CITY OF NORTH CANTON STARK COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

FEDERAL GRANTOR Pass Through Grantor Program / Cluster Title U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY	Federal AL Number	Pass Through Entity Identifying Number	Total Federal Expenditures
Passed Through Ohio Office of Budget and Management			
Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds (SLFRF)	21.027	N/A	\$ 885,000
Total U.S. Department of Treasury			885,000
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT Passed Through the Stark County Regional Planning Commission			
Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants (CDBG)	14.218	N/A	395,000
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			395,000
TOTAL FEDERAL AWARDS EXPENDITURES			\$ 1,280,000

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

CITY OF NORTH CANTON STARK COUNTY

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS 2 CFR 200.510(b)(6) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

NOTE A – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the City of North Canton, Stark County (the City) under programs of the federal government for the year ended December 31, 2023. The information on this Schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the City, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the City.

NOTE B – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be allowable or may be limited as to reimbursement.

NOTE C - INDIRECT COST RATE

The City has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE D - MATCHING REQUIREMENTS

Certain Federal programs require the City to contribute non-Federal funds (matching funds) to support the Federally-funded programs. The City has met its matching requirements. The Schedule does not include the expenditure of non-Federal matching funds.

CITY OF NORTH CANTON STARK COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF AUDIT FINDINGS 2 CFR § 200.515 FOR THE YEARE ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material weakness in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR §200.516(a)?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	AL #21.027, Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 750,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee under 2 CFR §200.520?	Yes

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None

City of North Canton, Ohio



Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023



JINA E. ALABACK DIRECTOR OF FINANCE

JIM BERTOVICH DEPUTY DIRECTOR OF FINANCE

PREPARED BY THE CITY FINANCE DEPARTMENT

Introductory Section









ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

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CITY OF NORTH CANTON

145 North Main Street North Canton, OH 44720

June 30, 2024

Honorable Citizens of North Canton And Members of City Council North Canton, Ohio

Transmittal Letter

The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) of the City of North Canton, Ohio (the "City") is hereby presented. This Annual Report represents the official report of the City of North Canton's operations and financial position for the year ended December 31, 2023, and has been developed to accurately detail the status of City finances to North Canton residents and elected officials, investment banks, underwriters and all other interested parties. This report includes the City's implementation of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) set forth by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data are accurate in all material respects and are reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the City. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial activities have been included. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

State statutes require the City to be subjected to an annual audit by the Auditor of State or by an independent certified public accountant approved by the Auditor of State. The firm of Perry & Associates, CPA's A.C. has performed the City audit as of December 31, 2023 and they have issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion. The Independent Auditor's Report on the basic financial statements and the combining and individual fund statements and schedules are included financial section of this report.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of a Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The MD&A can be found immediately following the Independent Auditor's Report.

As part of the City's independent audit, tests are made to determine the adequacy of the internal control structure, as well as to determine that the City has complied with applicable laws and regulations. The results of the City's independent audit for the year ended December 31, 2023 provided no instances of material weaknesses in the internal control structure or significant violations of applicable laws and regulations.

Reporting Entity

The City has reviewed its reporting entity definition in order to ensure conformance with GASB Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units" and GASB Statement No. 61, "The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus". In evaluating how to define the City for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all agencies, departments and organizations making up the City of North Canton (the primary government) and its potential component units. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the City. For the City of North Canton, this includes the departments and agencies that provide the following services: police and fire protection, parks and recreation, planning, zoning, street maintenance and repair and general administrative services. The City has one component unit: The North Canton Community Improvement Corporation that is shown as a separate discrete component unit. This component unit is included as part of the reporting entity because the primary government appoints all members of their board of trustees and is able to impose its will on the organization.

Profile of the Government

The City acquired its first existence as a recognized political entity when the Village plat was recorded on February 19, 1831 as New Berlin. As a result of sentiment against Germany during World War I, the name of the Village was changed to North Canton on January 31, 1918. The City gained formal status as a City effective January 1, 1962. The City is located in the northern half of Stark County and is approximately 7.15 square miles in size. The City's population, according to the 2020 census, was 17,842.

The City is a home-rule municipal corporation operating under the laws of the State of Ohio. The City's current charter, its municipal constitution, has been amended seven times since its original adoption on November 8, 1960. The laws of the State of Ohio prevail when conflicts exist between the charter and the State constitution and in matters where the charter is silent. The Charter provides for a "Mayor-Administrator-Council" form of government. The City's charter can only be amended by a majority vote of the City's registered voters.

Legislative authority is vested in a seven-member Council, four of which are elected from wards and three are elected at-large. Council members are elected for two year terms in the odd numbered years through a nonpartisan election process. Their term of office begins December 1. The Council holds an organizational meeting within the first three days of December each year. The Mayor presides over the meeting until President of Council is elected by the members of Council.

The Director of Law, Director of Finance and Clerk of Council are appointed by, and serve at, the pleasure of the Council. Council also appoints the three members of the City's Civil Service Commission. The Council fixes compensation of City officials and employees, and enacts legislation in the form of ordinances and resolutions relative to City services, tax levies, appropriating and borrowing monies, and other municipal purposes.

The Mayor is elected for a two year term to begin on the first day of December following the election. According to the Charter, the Mayor is the executive of the City and is responsible to the electors for enforcement of all laws and ordinances, and for control and proper operation of all administrative departments and divisions. The Mayor appoints a Director of Administration subject to confirmation by a majority vote of Council. The Director of Administration is responsible to the Mayor for the general administration of the affairs of the City.

As authorized by its charter and codes, the City provides the following broad categories of services to its citizens:

- The Department of Service includes the divisions of Streets, Sewer, Water, Engineering, and Parks.
- The Department of Safety includes the divisions of Police, Fire, Health and Sanitation, Emergency Medical Services, and Inspection and Licensing.
- The City also operates three enterprise activities: a water system, a sewer system, and garbage service. The water service is metropolitan in nature and reaches far beyond the City's incorporated boundaries.

The Council is required to adopt a permanent appropriation measure within ninety days of the beginning of the year covered by such ordinance. The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City of North Canton's financial planning and control. The budget is prepared by fund and department. Transfers between funds need special approval from Council.

North Canton Local Economy

Background

The City of North Canton is located in Northeast Ohio along the Interstate 77 corridor with convenient access to markets in Cleveland, Akron and Canton. The Akron Canton Regional Airport is located within a five-minute drive from the City's corporate limits and provides nationwide passenger and commercial airfreight services to the region. Major Airlines, such as American Airlines, Delta Airlines, Spirit Airlines, and United Airlines, provide passenger service at the facility and the passenger traffic at the airport represents approximately twenty percent of all air travel growth in Ohio. The airport continues to have approximately two million customers annually.

North Canton's location allows business and industry to take advantage of a regional academic cluster that contains six universities/colleges that offer high tech programs in biosciences, bioinformatics, fuel cells and information technology. These colleges and universities include Walsh University, Stark State College, Kent State University, University of Akron, Malone University, and University of Mount Union.

Recent Economic History

The City of North Canton was the home for the Hoover Company for over 100 years and the company employed over 4,000 persons locally at its peak. In 2007, the Hoover Manufacturing Company's parent company, the Maytag Corporation, was purchased by the Whirlpool Corporation as part of a larger acquisition package and then subsequently sold to Techtronic Industries Company Ltd. (TTI) for approximately \$107 million. TTI decided they would close the North Canton Hoover Manufacturing Plant at the end of the third quarter of 2007. At the time of TTI's announcement, the employment levels at the North Canton Hoover facility were about 800 hourly workers. The plant was officially closed on September 27, 2007.

After the closure, California based Industrial Realty Group (IRG) and Industrial Commerce Realty (ICR), national and regional real estate development companies that specialize in redevelopment of older industrial buildings, purchased the former Hoover site on January 28, 2008. The official ownership of the site is Maple Street Commerce, LLC. The City and Developer have renamed the site as the "Hoover District" to connect the past community history with the new marketing efforts to redevelop the site. City officials continue to work with IRG as each phase of the Hoover District project progresses.

Current Local Economy

The local economy of North Canton, Ohio, is experiencing a period of steady growth and diversification. Historically known for its industrial base, particularly with the Hoover Company, the city has successfully pivoted towards a more varied economic structure. The presence of higher education institutions like Walsh University has contributed significantly to the local economy by attracting students, educators, and related service industries. Additionally, the city's efforts to foster small businesses and startups through initiatives and incentives have created a robust environment for entrepreneurial activities.

North Canton has also seen an increase in investment in infrastructure and public amenities, which has further bolstered economic development. The improvement of transportation links and the revitalization of commercial areas have made the city more attractive for both residents and businesses. Real estate development has kept pace with demand, providing housing options that cater to a growing population while also promoting sustainable growth.

Moreover, North Canton is benefiting from its proximity to larger metropolitan areas like Akron and Cleveland, allowing it to leverage regional economic trends and opportunities. The local government's proactive approach to planning and economic development, coupled with community engagement, has positioned North Canton as a thriving small city with a bright economic future. This positive trajectory is supported by a diverse economic base that includes manufacturing, education, healthcare, and retail sectors.

Long-Term Financial Planning

The City's income tax ordinance provided for 0.30 percent of the first 1 percent tax rate (after paying all costs associated with the collection of the income tax) be used for capital improvements and 0.70 percent of the first 1 percent be used for general operations of the City. The remaining 0.5 percent tax rate was to be used for either general operations of the City or capital improvements. As the cost of general operations increased at a greater pace than income tax collections, the amount directed to capital improvements had been reduced to the minimum amount allowed. This minimum amount was about 20 percent of the full 1.5 percent tax. As there were fewer funds for capital projects, the City looked at other means to finance equipment purchases and road, curb and gutter improvements. These financing options included capital leasing, grants and zero interest loans. Although the City will continue to explore all financing options, the income tax ordinance was revised in 2017. This allocation is reviewed each year as the budget is prepared for the following year and can be adjusted to meet the priorities of each year's budget. For 2017 through 2023, 30 percent of the full 1.5 percent income tax rate (after paying all costs associated with the collection of the income tax) was used for capital improvements and the remaining 70 percent was used for general operations of the City. The funding plan for future capital improvements will continue to include allocations from the income tax, lease-purchase financing for equipment, and applying for grants.

Relevant Financial Policies

The City maintains several reserve funds to accumulate resources for future needs. One such fund is for the payout of earned vacation and eligible sick leave to employees who terminate employment with the City. No contributions to this fund has been necessary since 2016, as the amount in the fund is sufficient to cover anticipated termination payments. In addition, the City is accumulating a reserve for improvements to the police department firing range and Dogwood Pool.

Major Initiatives

Through the North Canton Community Improvement Corporation, the City's land-banking initiative for redevelopment began in May 2020 with the purchase of a vacant Kmart building along with 24 acres of surrounding land. Over the past few years, the City has sold the entirety of the land and secured redevelopment by following our 10 key criteria for selecting buyers or tenants:

- 1. Is there payroll density?
- 2. Is there growth in the industry or sector?
- 3. Will there be desirability of remaining land, if any?
- 4. Will the businesses or the jobs persevere in an economic downturn?
- 5. Is there substantive capital investment in facilities?
- 6. Will there be community engagement opportunities?
- 7. Is there minimal incentive assistance?
- 8. Will the business' presence create leverage opportunities?
- 9. Is the land properly zoned?
- 10. Is there a foreseeable path to generate profits that can be invested in other development projects in the City?

Since April 2023, a portion of the land is under construction by Meijer for a new \$20 million superstore opening in May 2024 that will establish over 350 new jobs. Other area development projects include a new full-service family dining restaurant, 3 new quick service restaurants, a full-service car wash, and additional retail options. These properties were purchased by the City, funded with the Economic Development Bond Anticipation Notes, for a total of \$4 million and sold for a total of \$7.3 million. Across all development projects on the sold properties, a total of approximately \$27 million in new private capital will be invested, and over 400 new jobs will be created.

The City of North Canton and the North Canton Community Improvement Corporation continue to make strategic acquisitions and sales of property for redevelopment in order to maximize North Canton's business and commercial footprint to the benefit of our community for generations to come.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of North Canton for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the year ended December 31, 2022. This was the 18th consecutive year that the government has achieved this prestigious national award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized annual comprehensive financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement Program requirements, and we are submitting it the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

I would like to thank the Mayor and Members of Council for their support for continued excellence in financial reporting and disclosure. The City would like to express its appreciation to Julian & Grube, Inc. for their assistance with the preparation of this ACFR.

This annual comprehensive financial report was prepared by the Finance Department with the efficient and dedicated services of its entire staff. I express my appreciation to each of them and to many of the City's other employees contributing to this effort.

Respectfully Submitted,

Jina E. Alaback Director of Finance



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of North Canton Ohio

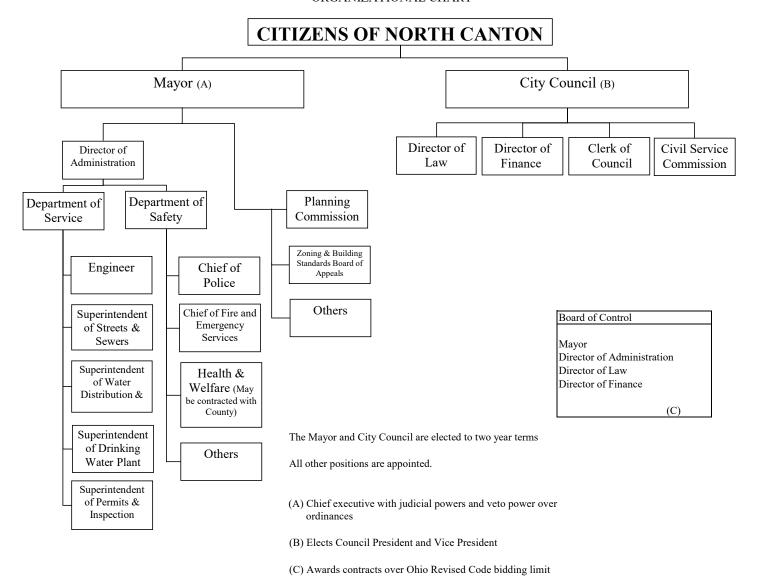
For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2022

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

CHARTER GOVERNMENT ORGANIZATIONAL CHART



LIST OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2023

ELECTED CITY OFFICIALS

MAYOR

HONORABLE STEPHAN B. WILDER

CITY COUNCIL

MATTHEW STROIA, PRESIDENT, AT-LARGE
STEPHANIE S. WERREN, VICE PRESIDENT, AT-LARGE
CHRISTINA WEYRICK, AT-LARGE
JAMIE MCCLEASTER, WARD 1
DAVID METHENEY, WARD 2
MELISSA OWENS, WARD 3
JOHN ORR, WARD 4

APPOINTED CITY OFFICIALS

DIRECTOR OF ADMINISTRATIONPATRICK A. DE ORIO

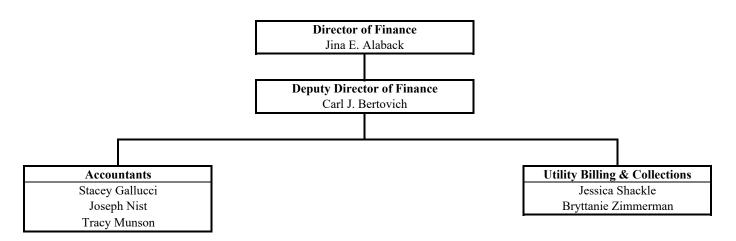
DIRECTOR OF FINANCE JINA E. ALABACK

DIRECTOR OF LAW

Wayne A. Boyer, Attorney at Krugliak, Wilkins, Griffiths & Dougherty Co, LPA

CLERK OF COUNCIL BENJAMIN YOUNG

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE ORGANIZATIONAL CHART AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2023



Financial Section









INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

City of North Canton Stark County 145 North Main Street North Canton, Ohio 44720

To the City Council:

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of North Canton, Stark County, Ohio (City), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of North Canton, Stark County, Ohio as of December 31, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General, Fire Operating Levy, and Emergency Medical Services Levy funds for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Marietta, OH St. Clairsville, OH Cambridge, OH Wheeling, WV Vienna, WV

City of North Canton Stark County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the *management's discussion* and analysis and schedules of net pension and other post-employment benefit liabilities and pension and other post-employment benefit contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

City of North Canton Stark County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, these schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual financial report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 30, 2024, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

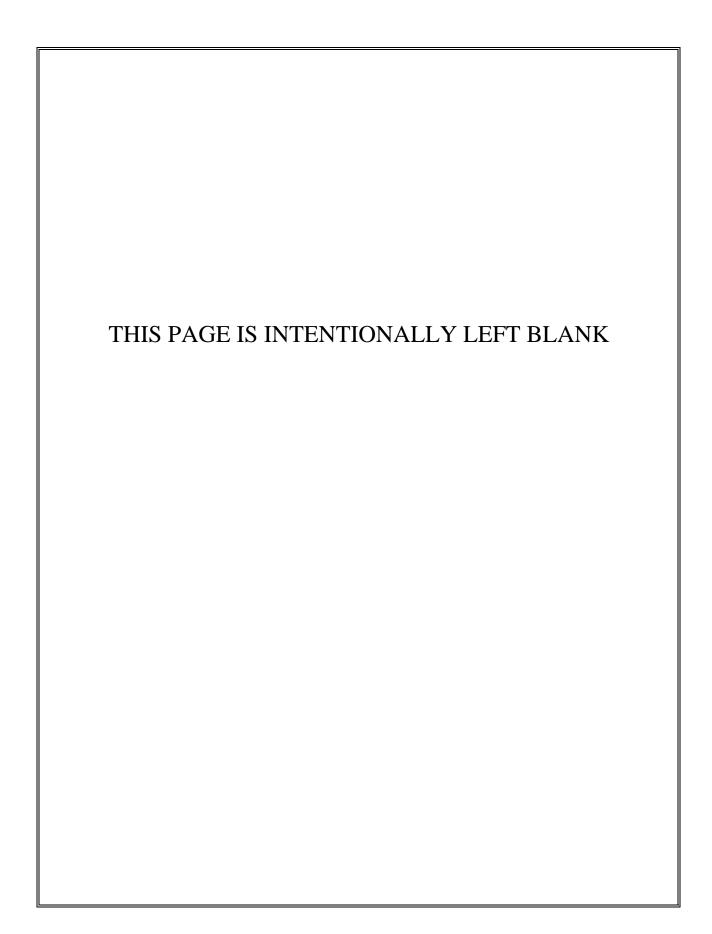
Perry and Associates

Certified Public Accountants, A.C.

Very Marcutes CAS A. C.

Marietta, Ohio

June 30, 2024



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 (UNAUDITED)

The Management's Discussion and Analysis for the City of North Canton's (the "City") financial statements provides an overview of the City's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2023. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to provide a narrative that describes the City's performance as a whole. To obtain a more detailed understanding, one should also review the transmittal letter, the notes to the basic financial statements and the basic financial statements.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2023 are as follows:

- The total net position of the City increased \$8,809,056. Net position of governmental activities increased \$7,290,013 or 15.89% from December 31, 2022's net position and business-type activities increased \$1,519,043 or 3.26% over December 31, 2022's net position.
- ➤ General revenues accounted for \$22,940,475 or 79.19% of total governmental activities revenue. Program specific revenues accounted for \$6,028,254 or 20.81% of total governmental activities revenue.
- ➤ The City had \$21,678,716 in expenses related to governmental activities; \$6,028,254 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. The remaining expenses of the governmental activities of \$15,650,462 were offset by general revenues (primarily property taxes, income taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements) of \$22,940,475.
- The general fund had revenues and other financing sources of \$18,973,034 in 2023. The expenditures and other financing uses of the general fund totaled \$16,670,725 in 2023. The net increase in the fund balance for the general fund was \$2,302,309 or 43.61%, from \$5,279,380 to \$7,581,689.
- The fire operating fund had revenues and other financing sources of \$1,476,533 in 2023. The fire operating fund had expenditures of \$1,368,301. The fund balance of the fire operating fund increased \$108,232 from \$220,442 to \$328,674.
- The emergency medical services levy fund had revenues and other financing sources of \$2,859,190 in 2023. The emergency medical services levy fund had expenditures of \$2,537,443. The fund balance of the emergency medical services levy fund increased \$321,747 from \$495,166 to \$816,913.
- The capital improvements major fund had revenues and other financing sources of \$7,563,904 and expenditures of \$3,910,981 in 2023. The fund balance for the capital improvements fund increased \$3,652,923 or 78.25%, from \$4,668,214 to \$8,321,137.
- Net position for the business-type activities, which are made up of the water, sewer, and garbage funds, increased \$1,519,043 from a net position of \$46,593,965 to \$48,113,008 in 2023.
- The water fund had \$7,390,644 in operating revenues and \$6,121,496 in operating expenses in 2023. The water fund also had nonoperating revenues of \$21,791, nonoperating expenses of \$92,947 and capital contributions of \$102,605. The net position of the water fund increased \$1,300,597 or 3.56%.
- The sewer fund had \$4,052,332 in operating revenues and \$3,624,318 in operating expenses in 2023. The sewer fund also had non-operating expenses of \$78,605. The net position of the sewer fund increased \$349,409 or 3.82%.
- The garbage fund had \$1,274,478 in operating revenues and \$1,332,508 in operating expenses in 2023. The garbage fund also had non-operating revenues of \$10,831. The net position of the garbage fund decreased \$47,199 or 8.81%.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 (UNAUDITED)

Using this Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR)

The City's annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. The statements are organized so the reader can understand the City of North Canton as a total financial and operating entity. The individual statements provide a detailed look at specific financial activities.

The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) City-wide financial statements; 2) fund financial statements; and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the City as a whole and present a long-term view of the City's finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell the reader how services were financed in the short-term, as well as the amount of funds remaining for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the City's major funds with all other non-major funds presented in total in one column.

Reporting the City as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities

One of the most important questions asked about the City's finances is, "How did the City perform financially during 2023?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities provide information concerning the City as a whole and its financial activities that will assist the reader in answering this question. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources using the accrual method of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector businesses. This method of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the City's net position and changes in the net position. The change in net position is important because it allows the reader to judge in many respects as to whether or not the City's financial position has improved or diminished over the past year. The causes of any change in financial position for the City may be related to, or the result of, many factors, some of which may be directly financial, and others which may be only indirectly related to the City's finances. Indirect financial factors include changes in the City's tax or revenue base, changes in general tax law in Ohio or the City, variations in economic conditions, the condition of the City's capital assets and other related factors which may impact revenues or expenses.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the City operation is divided into two distinct types of activities as follows:

- Governmental Activities Most of the City's programs and services are considered to be governmental activities, including
 general government, security of persons and property, public health and welfare, transportation, community environment,
 leisure time activities and basic utility services. These services are funded primarily by taxes and intergovernmental revenues
 including federal and state grants and other shared revenues.
- Business-Type Activities These services are provided on a charge for goods or services basis to recover all of the expenses
 of the goods or services provided.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like the State and other local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 (UNAUDITED)

Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the City's major funds. The City uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the City's most significant funds, not on the City as a whole. The City's major governmental funds are the general fund, the fire levy fund, the emergency medical services levy fund and the capital improvements fund. The City's major proprietary funds are the water fund, the sewer fund and the garbage fund.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on events that produce near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on the balances of spendable resources available at the end of the year. This information is useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of the governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for the City's governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund Balance Sheet and the governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains numerous individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund Balance Sheet and in the governmental Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for the major funds, which were identified earlier. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The City adopts an annual appropriation budget for its general fund and other funds. Budgetary statements and schedules have been provided for all annually budgeted funds to demonstrate compliance.

Proprietary Funds

The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its water system, sewer and garbage. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses an internal service fund to account for its self-insurance programs for medical-related employee benefits.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected on the government-wide financial statements because the resources from those funds are not available to support the City's programs. Custodial funds are the City's only fiduciary fund type. The accounting method used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for the proprietary funds.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The financial statement notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City's net pension liability/asset and net OPEB liability/asset.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 (UNAUDITED)

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

The Statement of Net Position provides the perspective of the City as a whole.

The table below provides a summary of the City's net position at December 31, 2023 compared to December 31, 2022.

	Governi	nental	l Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	То	Total			
	2023		2022	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	2023	<u>2022</u>			
<u>Assets</u>						·				
Current assets	\$ 32,039,8	93	\$ 29,417,711	\$ 13,014,843	\$ 12,231,262	\$ 45,054,736	\$ 41,648,973			
Capital assets, net	47,898,8	<u>864</u>	45,569,208	43,661,313	44,830,964	91,560,177	90,400,172			
Total assets	79,938,7	<u>'57</u>	74,986,919	56,676,156	57,062,226	136,614,913	132,049,145			
Deferred outflows of resources	<u>1</u>									
Unamortized deferred charges	36,0	70	41,284	77,547	88,759	113,617	130,043			
Pension	6,422,4	21	3,728,662	1,381,880	533,837	7,804,301	4,262,499			
OPEB	1,172,2		1,112,966	208,845	57,854	1,381,045	1,170,820			
Total deferred										
outflows of resources	7,630,6	91	4,882,912	1,668,272	680,450	9,298,963	5,563,362			
<u>Liabilities</u>										
Current liabilities	2,163,2	200	5,065,505	569,144	612,232	2,732,344	5,677,737			
Long-term liabilities:										
Due within one year	671,5	82	516,512	1,580,266	1,618,032	2,251,848	2,134,544			
Net pension liability	15,895,1	81	8,413,252	3,183,329	955,704	19,078,510	9,368,956			
Net OPEB liability	936,2	808	1,240,733	68,939	-	1,005,147	1,240,733			
Other amounts	8,928,3	83	9,366,385	4,686,367	6,231,666	13,614,750	15,598,051			
Total liabilities	28,594,5	554	24,602,387	10,088,045	9,417,634	38,682,599	34,020,021			
Deferred inflows of resources										
Property taxes	4,353,4	15	4,423,226	-	-	4,353,415	4,423,226			
Leases	31,4	63	53,671	-	-	31,463	53,671			
Pension	528,1	00	3,961,580	111,867	1,341,855	639,967	5,303,435			
OPEB	891,0	10	948,074	31,508	389,222	922,518	1,337,296			
Total deferred										
inflows of resources	5,803,9	88	9,386,551	143,375	1,731,077	5,947,363	11,117,628			
Net Position Net investment										
in capital assets	39,735,9	40	34,648,962	37,661,677	37,269,026	77,397,617	71,917,988			
Restricted	4,080,2		4,286,804	46,698	- · ·	4,126,969	4,286,804			
Unrestricted	9,354,6		6,945,127	10,404,633	9,324,939	19,759,328	16,270,066			
Total net position	\$ 53,170,9	06	\$ 45,880,893	\$ 48,113,008	\$ 46,593,965	\$ 101,283,914	\$ 92,474,858			

The net pension liability/asset is reported pursuant to Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an Amendment of GASB Statement 27." The net other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liability is reported pursuant to GASB Statement 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions." For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the City's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and OPEB, the net pension liability, and the net OPEB liability to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB and the net pension asset.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 (UNAUDITED)

Governmental Accounting Standards Board standards are national and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Prior accounting for pensions (GASB 27) and postemployment benefits (GASB 45) focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension and OPEB costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's *net pension liability/asset* or *net OPEB liability*. GASB 68 and GASB 75 take an earnings approach to pension and OPEB accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension/OPEB plans and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

GASB 68 and GASB 75 require the net pension liability/asset and the net OPEB liability to equal the City's proportionate share of each plan's collective:

- 1. Present value of estimated future pension/OPEB benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service.
- 2. Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits.

GASB notes that pension and OPEB obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" – that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension and other postemployment benefits. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the City is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of these liabilities. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer's promise is limited not by contract but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the retirement system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension/OPEB plan *as against the public employer*. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. The retirement system is responsible for the administration of the pension and OPEB plans.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability or the net OPEB liability. As explained above, changes in benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of these liabilities but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability are satisfied, these liabilities are separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

In accordance with GASB 68 and GASB 75, the City's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense and an annual OPEB expense for their proportionate share of each plan's *change* in net pension liability/asset and net OPEB liability, respectively, not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows.

Over time, net position can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At December 31, 2023, the City's assets plus deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources by \$101,283,914. At year-end, net position was \$53,170,906 and \$48,113,008 for the governmental activities and the business-type activities, respectively.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 (UNAUDITED)

Capital assets reported on the government-wide statements represent the largest portion of the City's assets. At December 31, 2023, capital assets represented 67.02% of total assets. Capital assets include land, easements and rights of way, construction in progress (CIP), land improvements, buildings, equipment, software, sewer rights, intangible right-to-use assets, and infrastructure. Net investment in capital assets at December 31, 2023, was \$39,735,940 and \$37,661,677 in the governmental activities and business-type activities, respectively. These capital assets are used to provide services to citizens and are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Assets of governmental activities increased \$4,951,838 or 6.6%. This increase can mainly be attributed to an increase in assets held for resale. The increase in capital assets was the result of new construction in progress and street programs that were purchased during the year. Liabilities of the governmental activities increase by \$3,992,167 or 16.23% which is due primarily to an increase in the net pension liability.

Assets of business-type activities decreased \$386,070 or 0.68%. This decrease was the result of a decrease in net OPEB asset. Liabilities of the business-type activities increased by \$670,411 or 7.12%. This increase was primarily due to an increase in net pension liability and net OPEB liability.

As of December 31, 2023, the City is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities.

A portion of the City's governmental net position, \$4,080,271, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. This is a decrease of \$206,533 from 2022. In the governmental activities, the remaining balance of unrestricted net position of \$9,354,695 may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

Statement of Activities

The table below shows the changes in net position for years 2023 and 2022.

Change in Net Position

	 Governmental Activities 2023		Governmental Activities 2022	Business-Type Activities 2023		Business-Type Activities 2022			2023 Total	_	2022 Total
Revenues											
Program revenues:											
Charges for services	\$ 2,138,580	\$	1,774,899	\$	12,557,925	\$	11,862,739	\$	14,696,505	\$	13,637,638
Operating grants and contributions	2,095,314		1,762,904		10,831		55,055		2,106,145		1,817,959
Capital grants and contributions	 1,794,360		1,449,570		102,605	_	249,950		1,896,965		1,699,520
Total program revenues	 6,028,254	_	4,987,373		12,671,361		12,167,744		18,699,615	_	17,155,117
General revenues:											
Taxes	15,431,943		12,738,131		-		-		15,431,943		12,738,131
Grants and entitlements	769,248		848,464		-		-		769,248		848,464
Investment earnings	1,111,005		(381,420)		-		-		1,111,005		(381,420)
Contributions and donations	5,600,000		-		-		-		5,600,000		-
Miscellaneous	 28,279	_	8,746	_	159,529		10,811	_	187,808	_	19,557
Total general revenues	 22,940,475		13,213,921		159,529	_	10,811		23,100,004	_	13,224,732
Total revenues	 28,968,729	_	18,201,294	_	12,830,890	_	12,178,555		41,799,619	_	30,379,849

--Continued

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 (UNAUDITED)

Change in Net Position - (Continued)

	Governmental	Governmental	Business-type	Business-type		
	Activities	Activities	Activities	Activities	2023	2022
	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	Total	Total
Expenses:						
General government	1,729,759	2,486,895	-	-	1,729,759	2,486,895
Security of persons and property:			-	-		
Police	5,861,829	4,612,550	-	-	5,861,829	4,612,550
Fire	1,600,308	959,325	-	-	1,600,308	959,325
Public health and welfare	3,146,064	2,447,310	-	-	3,146,064	2,447,310
Transportation	4,820,390	4,536,609	-	-	4,820,390	4,536,609
Community environment	1,390,435	1,140,853	-	-	1,390,435	1,140,853
Leisure time activities	2,104,038	1,460,583	-	-	2,104,038	1,460,583
Basic utility services	688,268	770,956	-	-	688,268	770,956
Economic development	-	27,300	-	-	-	27,300
Interest and fiscal charges	337,625	204,726	-	-	337,625	204,726
Water	-	-	6,251,504	5,012,750	6,251,504	5,012,750
Sewer	-	-	3,724,453	3,167,134	3,724,453	3,167,134
Garbage			1,335,890	1,190,997	1,335,890	1,190,997
Total expenses	21,678,716	18,647,107	11,311,847	9,370,881	32,990,563	28,017,988
Change before special items and						
transfers	7,290,013	(445,813)	1,519,043	2,807,674	8,809,056	2,361,861
Special item - sale of easement	-	467,087	-	-	-	467,087
Special item - loss on disposal of sewer rights	-	-	-	(1,064,792)	-	(1,064,792)
Transfers		(3,696,101)				(3,696,101)
Total special items and transfers		(3,229,014)		(1,064,792)		(4,293,806)
Change in net position	7,290,013	(3,674,827)	1,519,043	1,742,882	8,809,056	(1,931,945)
Net position at beginning of year	45,880,893	49,555,720	46,593,965	44,851,083	92,474,858	94,406,803
Net position at end of year	\$ 53,170,906	\$ 45,880,893	\$ 48,113,008	\$ 46,593,965	\$ 101,283,914	\$ 92,474,858

Governmental Activities

Governmental activities net position increased \$7,290,013 in 2023.

Expenses increased in all categories during the year excluding general government and basic utility services. The largest increases were in public health and welfare, security of persons and property, and transportation. General government expenses totaled \$1,729,759. General government expenses were partially funded by \$95,455 in direct charges to users of the services.

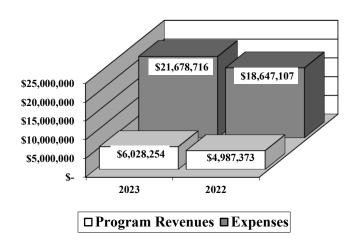
The State and federal government contributed to the City a total of \$2,106,145 in operating grants and contributions. The increase in operating grants and contributions was due to the City receiving money from the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) that was spent on basic utility services. Capital grants and contributions increased intergovernmental revenue from the State of Ohio and contributions and donations in the park development capital project fund (a nonmajor governmental fund).

General revenues totaled \$22,940,475. These revenues primarily consist of property and income tax revenue of \$15,418,631. The City also received a \$5.6 million contributions from the North Canton CIC.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 (UNAUDITED)

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State grants and entitlements. As can be seen in the graph below, the City is highly dependent upon property and income taxes as well as unrestricted grants and entitlements to support its governmental activities.

Governmental Activities - Program Revenues vs. Total Expenses



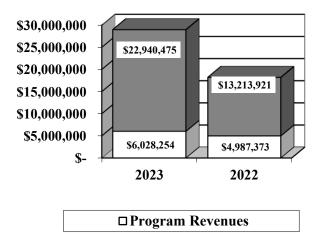
Governmental Activities

	Total Cost of Services 2023		N	Net Cost of Services 2023	Te	Total Cost of Services 2022		Net Cost of Services 2022
Program expenses:								
General government	\$	1,729,759	\$	1,623,701	\$	2,486,895	\$	2,477,813
Security of persons and property:								
Police		5,861,829		5,609,125		4,612,550		4,422,775
Fire		1,600,308		1,593,269		959,325		954,442
Public health and welfare		3,146,064		2,234,333		2,447,310		1,738,613
Transportation		4,820,390		1,119,793		4,536,609		2,838,905
Community environment		1,390,435		742,274		1,140,853		585,563
Leisure time activities		2,104,038		1,702,074		1,460,583		318,939
Economic development		-		-		27,300		8,202
Basic utility services		688,268		688,268		770,956		109,756
Interest and fiscal charges		337,625		337,625		204,726		204,726
Total Expenses	\$	21,678,716	\$	15,650,462	\$	18,647,107	\$	13,659,734

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 (UNAUDITED)

The dependence upon general revenues for governmental activities is apparent, with 72.15% of expenses supported through taxes and other general revenues in 2023.

Governmental Activities - General and Program Revenues

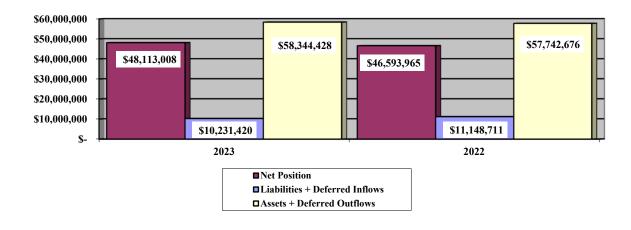


Business-Type Activities

Business-type activities include the water, sewer, and garbage enterprise funds. These programs had program revenues of \$12,671,361, expenses of \$11,311,847 and general revenues of \$159,529 for 2023. Additional discussion on the enterprise funds can be found on the subsequent pages.

The graph below shows the business-type activities assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position at December 31, 2023 and 2022.

Net Position in Business - Type Activities



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 (UNAUDITED)

Governmental Funds

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the City's net resources available for spending at year-end.

The City's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$21,289,057 which is \$6,215,974 higher than last year's total of \$15,073,083. The schedule below indicates the fund balances and the total change in fund balances as of December 31, 2023 for all major and nonmajor governmental funds.

		Fund		Fund	
	Balances			Balances	
		12/31/23	_	12/31/22	 Change
Major Funds:					
General	\$	7,581,689	\$	5,279,380	\$ 2,302,309
Fire Operating Fund		328,674		220,442	108,232
Emergency Medical Services Levy		816,913		495,166	321,747
Capital Improvements		8,321,137		4,668,214	3,652,923
Other Nonmajor Governmental Funds	_	4,240,644	_	4,409,881	 (169,237)
Total	\$	21,289,057	\$	15,073,083	\$ 6,215,974

General Fund

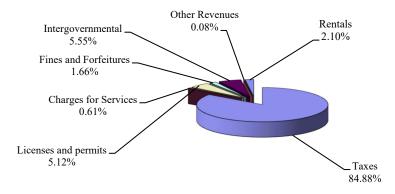
The City's general fund balance increased \$2,302.309. The table that follows assists in illustrating the revenues of the general fund.

	2023	2022		Percentage Change 11.71 % (21.96) % 16.72 % 70.10 % (2.06) % 389.61 % 6.21 % 100.00 %			
	Amount	Amount	<u>Change</u>				
Revenues							
Taxes	\$ 10,292,471	\$ 9,213,507	\$ 1,078,964	11.71 %			
Charges for services	51,903	66,505	(14,602)	(21.96) %			
Licenses and permits	648,161	555,290	92,871	16.72 %			
Fines and forfeitures	305,993	179,894	126,099	70.10 %			
Intergovernmental	590,549	602,945	(12,396)	(2.06) %			
Interest	1,076,863	(371,835)	1,448,698	389.61 %			
Rentals	241,956	227,818	14,138	6.21 %			
Contributions and donations	5,600,000	-	5,600,000	100.00 %			
Hotel motel taxes	13,312	-	13,312	100.00 %			
Other	28,279	8,746	19,533	223.34 %			
Total	\$ 18,849,487	\$ 10,482,870	\$ 8,366,617	79.81 %			

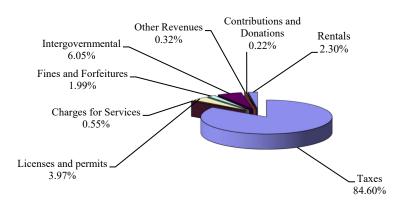
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 (UNAUDITED)

Revenues of the general fund increased \$8,366,617 or 79.81%. The largest revenue source, tax revenues, increased by \$1,078,964. This increase was the result of better income tax collections compared to the prior year and increase in property valuations. The general fund also received a \$5.6 million contribution from the North Canton CIC.

Revenues - 2023



Revenues - 2022



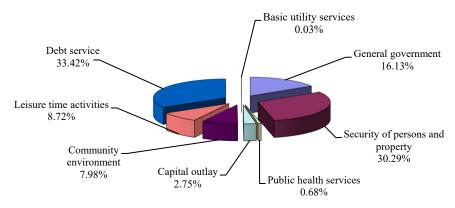
The table that follows assists in illustrating the expenditures of the general fund.

	2023 Amount	2022 <u>Amount</u>	Change	Percentage Change
Expenditures				
General government	\$ 2,806,940	\$ 2,336,523	\$ 470,417	20.13 %
Security of persons and property:				
Police	4,769,783	4,387,141	382,642	8.72 %
Public health and welfare	100,566	99,113	1,453	1.47 %
Community environment	1,367,678	1,155,337	212,341	18.38 %
Leisure time activities	1,552,304	1,262,147	290,157	22.99 %
Basic utility services	40,609	3,745	36,864	984.35 %
Capital outlay	91,806	397,600	(305,794)	(76.91) %
Debt service	4,841,039	4,839,991	1,048	0.02 %
Total	\$ 15,570,725	\$ 14,481,597	\$ 1,089,128	7.52 %

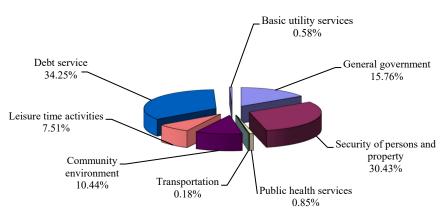
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 (UNAUDITED)

Expenditures of the general fund increased \$1,089,128 or 7.52%. The largest increases were in the areas of leisure time activity, security of persons and property - police, and general government which increased \$290,157, \$382,642 and \$470,417, respectively. The increase in general government was the result of increased spending by the Director of Administration, Director of Finance and Engineer. The increase in capital outlay is due primarily to the City entering into notes payable - financed purchase agreements. The increase in security of persons and property - police was due to an increase in wages and benefits.

Expenditures – 2023



Expenditures – 2022



Fire Operating Fund

The fire operating fund had revenues and other financing sources of \$1,476,533. The fire operating fund had expenditures of \$1,368,301. The fund balance of the fire operating fund increased \$108,232 during 2023 from \$220,442 to \$328,674. The fund balance increased due to lower expenditures compared to revenues.

Emergency Medical Services Levy

The emergency medical services levy fund had revenues and other financing sources of \$2,859,190. The emergency medical services levy fund had expenditures of \$2,537,443. The fund balance of the emergency medical services levy fund increased \$321,747 during 2023 from \$495,166 to \$816,913. The fund balance increased due to lower expenditures compared to revenues.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 (UNAUDITED)

Capital Improvements Fund

The capital improvements major fund had \$7,563,904 in revenues and other financing sources and \$3,910,981 in expenditures in 2023. The fund balance for the capital improvements fund increased \$3,652,923, from \$4,668,214 to \$8,321,137 in 2023. The increase in fund balance was primarily the result of the City receiving properties in the form of assets held for resale from the North Canton CIC during 2023. These properties will eventually be given back to the CIC.

Budgeting Highlights - General Fund

The City's budgeting process is prescribed by the Ohio Revised Code (ORC). Essentially the budget is the City's appropriations which are restricted by the amounts of anticipated revenues certified by the Budget Commission in accordance with the ORC. Therefore, the City's plans or desires cannot be totally reflected in the original budget. If budgeted revenues are adjusted due to actual activity then the appropriations can be adjusted accordingly.

Budgetary information is presented for the general fund. In the general fund, the actual revenues and other financing sources of \$18,385,189 were lower than the final budget amount by \$1,402,087. This decrease is due to the interest revenue and advances in being less than it was budgeted for.

Actual expenditures and other financing uses of \$19,299,725 were lower than the final budget amount by \$492,734. This decrease was primarily due to conservative spending in the police department, community environment, leisure time activities, and general government. Final appropriations were \$1,751,425 lower than original appropriations. The City was able to reallocate costs between departments and lower other amounts in order to stay on budget as well as decrease the City's transfers out.

Proprietary Funds

The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements for business-type activities, except in more detail. The only difference between the amounts reported as business-type activities and the amounts reported in the proprietary fund statements are interfund eliminations between proprietary funds. The only interfund activities reported in the government-wide statements are those between business-type activities and governmental activities (reported as internal balances and transfers) whereas interfund amounts between various enterprise funds are reported in the proprietary fund statements.

The City's business-type funds reported a combined net position of \$47,822,745, which is \$1,602,807 higher than last year's total of \$46,219,938.

The schedule below indicates the net position and the total change in net position as of December 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022 for all major business-type funds.

	Net Position 12/31/23	Net Position 12/31/22	Change
Major Funds:			
Water	\$ 37,829,173	\$ 36,528,576	\$ 1,300,597
Sewer	9,504,809	9,155,400	349,409
Garbage	488,763	535,962	(47,199)
Total	\$ 47,822,745	\$ 46,219,938	\$ 1,602,807

Water Fund

The water fund had \$7,390,644 in operating revenues and \$6,121,496 in operating expenses during 2023. The water fund also had \$71,156 in net nonoperating expenses and \$102,605 in capital contributions. The net position of the water fund increased \$1,300,597 from \$36,528,576 to \$37,829,173. This increase was the result of water rates being sufficient to cover the costs needing to operate the water department.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 (UNAUDITED)

Sewer Fund

The sewer fund had \$4,052,332 in operating revenues and \$3,624,318 in operating expenses during 2023. The sewer fund also had \$78,605 in nonoperating expenses. The net position of the sewer fund increased \$349,409 from \$9,155,400 to \$9,504,809. This increase is the result of City disposing of sewer rights during 2022.

Garbage Fund

The garbage fund had \$1,274,478 in operating revenues and \$1,332,508 in operating expenses in 2023. The garbage fund also had non-operating revenues of \$10,831. The net position of the garbage fund decreased \$47,199 from \$535,962 to \$488,763. The fund balance decreased due primarily to a reduction of solid waste grant funds.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At December 31, 2023, the City had \$91,560,177 (net of accumulated depreciation/amortization) invested in land, easements and right of ways, construction in progress (CIP), land improvements, buildings, equipment, software, intangible right to use assets, sewer rights, and infrastructure. Of this total, \$47,898,864 was reported in governmental activities and \$43,661,313 was reported in business-type activities. See Note 11 in the basic financial statements for additional capital asset disclosure. The table on the following page shows December 31, 2023 balances compared to December 31, 2022.

Capital Assets at December 31 (Net of Depreciation/Amortization)

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	To	Total		
	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>		
Land	\$ 8,699,439	\$ 8,699,439	\$ 1,023,702	\$ 1,023,702	\$ 9,723,141	\$ 9,723,141		
Easements and right of ways	658,336	658,336	-	-	658,336	658,336		
Construction in progress	1,408,002	59,859	1,311,232	580,183	2,719,234	640,042		
Land improvements	5,568,833	3,807,385	1,079,687	1,104,849	6,648,520	4,912,234		
Buildings	4,539,014	4,472,117	6,686,468	7,091,274	11,225,482	11,563,391		
Equipment	4,257,033	3,894,429	2,881,758	2,731,970	7,138,791	6,626,399		
Software	900	6,499	-	2,424	900	8,923		
Intangible right to use assets:								
Leased land	12,556	12,822	-	-	12,556	12,822		
Leased equipment	35,906	21,710	11,926	16,716	47,832	38,426		
SBITAs	34,941	21,710	-	16,716	34,941	38,426		
Sewer rights	-	-	2,275,282	2,556,761	2,275,282	2,556,761		
Infrastructure	22,683,904	23,936,612	28,391,258	29,723,085	51,075,162	53,659,697		
Totals	\$ 47,898,864	\$ 45,590,918	\$ 43,661,313	\$ 44,847,680	\$ 91,560,177	\$ 90,438,598		

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 (UNAUDITED)

DebtThe City had the following long-term obligations outstanding at December 31, 2023 and 2022.

	Governmental Activities 2023	Governmental Activities 2022
General obligation bonds Various purpose notes Notes payable - financed purchase Leases payable SBITAs payable	\$ 7,154,044 577,416 47,885 29,114	\$ 3,114,516 4,314,000 691,932 34,065
Total governmental activities long-term obligations	\$ 7,808,459	\$ 8,154,513
	Business-type Activities 2023	Business-type Activities 2022
OWDA loans Intergovernmental loans OPWC loans General obligation bonds Notes payable - financed purchase Leases payable	\$ 1,223,727 2,405,718 906,006 1,404,956 152,245 12,250	\$ 1,983,199 2,637,119 963,551 1,754,484 309,305 16,921
Total business-type activities long-term obligations	\$ 6,104,902	\$ 7,664,579

See Note 15 in the basic financial statements for additional disclosures and detail regarding the City's debt activity.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

Despite the significant economic challenges presented by the great recession, the closure of the Hoover Company, and the COVID-19 pandemic, the City of North Canton has rebounded, with our local and regional economies continuing to grow in several key sectors. The educational sector is led by Walsh University and the North Canton City School District. Walsh University is the City's largest employer by number of employees, and second largest employer by income tax withholding. The University continues to thrive as a private institution offering nearly 100 academic majors and minors, with over 2,300 students enrolled and over 17,000 alumni to date. In 2018, the University opened a new 44,000 square foot signature building on its main campus known as the "Marlene and Joe Toot Global Learning Center". The University invested approximately \$20,000,000 to construct classroom and office space with a heavy emphasis on digital and high technology.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 (UNAUDITED)

The North Canton City School District is the City's largest employer by income tax withholding, second largest employer by number of employees, and has been recognized for numerous awards by the Ohio Department of Education within the last five years, including an Overall A Award on the State report card for Northwood Elementary School, a Momentum Award for Orchard Hill Intermediate School, and a Momentum Award for the School District as a whole. The School District was one of only 51 school districts in Ohio to receive this recognition. In addition to their academic success, the School District also partnered with the City to increase school safety by implementing a School Resource Officer program staffed by two City police officers. The City and the School District share the costs of these officers, increasing safety in the school buildings and the community. In late 2021, the School District broke ground on two new school buildings: the new districtwide Pre-Kindergarten-2nd Grade building on Charlotte Street NW and the districtwide 3rd-5th Grade building on East Maple Street. As of April 2023, construction is underway at both buildings. With both external structures largely complete, focus will soon be shifting to the completion of interior buildouts. Both buildings are scheduled to open in August 2023, with two additional School Resource Officers set to service the new schools.

The City is experiencing continued growth in the medical sector. In 2018, Akron Children's Hospital broke ground on a \$13,800,000 project to expand pediatric services in North Canton. The Hospital and the City signed a 10-year Industrial and Commercial Job Creation Incentive Grant Agreement for this project. The City returns a portion of new income tax generated by the facility to the Hospital to provide for further capital investments in equipment for the facility.

The City is experiencing expanded growth in the industrial sector. Diebold Nixdorf built off its millions in initial investment in North Canton for a manufacturing/assembly plant, with announced plans to expand their footprint with a \$16 million building addition and up to 500 new jobs. The first and second phases of this employee expansion, which took place in December 2022 and February 2023 respectively, accounted for approximately 250 of those estimated jobs. The third and final phase of employment expansion, which will include research & development and back-office support positions.

To accommodate the Diebold Nixdorf expansion as well as the School District's new PK- 2nd Grade building, the City is pursuing a \$3 million improvement to the Charlotte Street corridor which will include the construction of various turn lanes and a modern roundabout at the 5-way Charlotte/Portage/Willaman intersection at the west terminus of the project. The City commenced work on the Phase I of the Charlotte Street Expansion and Streetscape project in March 2023, which will include the widening of Charlotte Street between Hillcrest Avenue NW and Orchard Avenue NE; the widening of North Main Street between Viking Street NW and Charlotte Street to construct a southbound right-turn lane; and the installation of decorative sidewalks and streetlights on both sides of Charlotte Street. Economic growth in this corridor has enabled the City to secure five respective grant awards totaling over \$1.74 million in support of this project.

Beginning in 2020, the City launched a land bank initiative by acquiring more than a dozen commercial properties for the purposes of controlled redevelopment that included 30 acres around and including the bankrupt Kmart property. In April 2023, the City announced the sale of 24 acres of that property for the commercial development of four new business locations, including a new Meijer store and fuel station, Sgt. Clean Car Wash, Seven Brew Coffee, and Papa Bears. This project successfully concludes a first-of-its-kind City project estimated to yield over \$8.8 million in economic value over the next ten years. This development project has also leveraged interest for additional commercial development in the area, with at least three additional businesses planning to locate in the surrounding area.

The City's income tax revenue continues to climb as the general economy continues to improve. Income tax revenues (net of the cost of tax collection) are to be split 70 percent to the general fund and 30 percent to the capital improvements fund. Dedicating 30 percent of the City's largest revenue source to capital improvements demonstrates the City's commitment to keeping infrastructure well-maintained.

The City remains steadfast in its commitment to maintaining and enhancing the vital infrastructure that supports our community's well-being. Throughout 2023, significant strides were made in infrastructure development and upkeep, thanks to a judicious allocation of resources and strategic partnerships.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 (UNAUDITED)

Key highlights of infrastructure projects completed in 2023 include:

- 1. **Wise Avenue Reconstruction**: This crucial project, bolstered by nearly \$885,000 in ARPA federal COVID relief funding, exemplifies the City's dedication to revitalizing essential thoroughfares.
- 2. Valley Drive Waterline Replacement: Through prudent management of resources, the City leveraged \$395,000 of federal Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) funds to ensure the integrity of our water distribution system.
- 3. Charlotte Street Improvement Project: A testament to collaborative efforts, this multifaceted initiative received support from various grants, including those from the Ohio Department of Transportation, Ohio Department of Development, County Commissioners Municipal Road Fund (MRF), Ohio Public Works Commission (OPWC), and Stark County Area Transportation (SCTID).
- 4. **Annual Repaying Projects**: With an annual investment averaging \$350,000, the City prioritized the upkeep of roadways essential for safe and efficient transportation.
- 5. **Alley Repaying Initiative**: Leveraging state-of-the-art paying technology, approximately seven alleyways were rejuvenated, enhancing both functionality and aesthetics.
- 6. **Parks Improvements**: Recognizing the importance of recreational spaces, the City undertook various enhancements to elevate the visitor experience within our parks.

In alignment with our commitment to holistic asset management, the City acknowledges the significance of attending to business-type capital assets alongside governmental ones. This comprehensive approach ensures the sustained functionality and resilience of our infrastructure network.

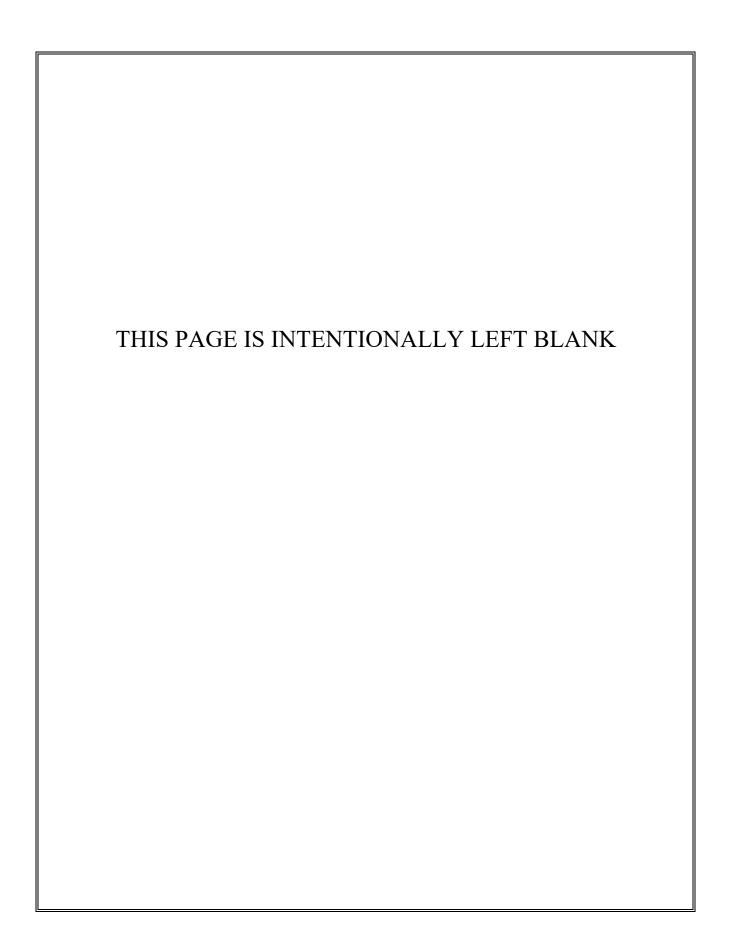
Furthermore, proactive measures were taken regarding water rate adjustments, reflecting a responsible approach to financial stewardship. The incremental 5 percent annual increase, implemented from 2022 to 2024, was guided by a thorough review of the water asset management plan. In May 2023, following this review, the City Council approved continued annual rate increases for 2025-2026, underscoring our dedication to fiscal prudence and infrastructure sustainability.

Looking ahead to 2024, the City remains poised to address pressing infrastructure needs with a forward-looking perspective. Planned projects, such as the East Maple Repaving, Woodrow/Lois Waterline Replacement, Arrowhead Well and raw waterline, curb and gutter from South Main to corporation limits, and the collaborative effort with Plain Township on the Orion Street Waterline extension, exemplify our proactive approach to infrastructure development.

The City's unwavering commitment to infrastructure investment, coupled with strategic funding partnerships and prudent financial management, lays a robust foundation for continued community prosperity and resilience.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for City officials, members of the public and others who may have an interest in the City's financial standing. It also is designed to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives from all sources, particularly the taxpayers of North Canton. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Ms. Jina E. Alaback, Director of Finance, City of North Canton, 145 North Main Street, North Canton, Ohio 44720.



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2023

		nt	Component Unit North Canton	
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Community Improvement Corporation
Assets:	£ 15.005.504	# 10.70¢ 200	Ф 26 704 004	
Equity in pooled cash and investments Cash and cash equivalents With fixed equates	\$ 15,997,794	\$ 10,796,300	\$ 26,794,094	\$ -
With fiscal agents Receivables:	-	-	-	343,273
Property taxes	4,462,367		4,462,367	
Municipal income taxes	3,113,777	_	3,113,777	_
Accounts	112,890	1,248,384	1,361,274	_
Intergovernmental	1,165,820	105,313	1,271,133	_
Special assessments	11,999	19,510	31,509	-
Leases	31,950	· -	31,950	-
Accrued interest	99,104	-	99,104	-
Hotel motel taxes	3,076	-	3,076	-
Due from component units	1,443,635	-	1,443,635	-
Materials and supplies inventory	283,067	490,422	773,489	-
Prepayments	75,930	17,953	93,883	-
Assets held for resale	5,458,513	-	5,458,513	118,800
Net pension asset	70,234	46,698	116,932	-
Internal balance	(290,263)	290,263	-	-
Capital assets:				
Non-depreciable/amortizable capital assets	10,765,777	2,334,934	13,100,711	2,346,133
Depreciable/amortizable capital assets, net	37,133,087	41,326,379	78,459,466	1,372,215
Total capital assets, net	47,898,864	43,661,313	91,560,177	3,718,348
Total assets	79,938,757	56,676,156	136,614,913	4,180,421
Deferred outflows of resources:	26.070	77.547	112.617	
Unamortized deferred charges on debt refunding	36,070	77,547	113,617	-
Pension	6,422,421	1,381,880	7,804,301	-
OPEB Total deferred outflows of resources	1,172,200 7,630,691	208,845 1,668,272	1,381,045 9,298,963	
Total deferred outflows of resources	/,030,091	1,008,272	9,298,903	
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	229,926	188,440	418,366	2,620
Contracts payable	345,911	-	345,911	-
Accrued wages and benefits payable	513,407	119,624	633,031	-
Intergovernmental payable	255,249	231,344	486,593	40,472
Due to primary government	-	-	-	1,443,635
Accrued interest payable	24,468	29,736	54,204	-
Claims payable	372,697	-	372,697	-
Unearned revenue	421,542	-	421,542	6,490
Long-term liabilities:	(71.502	1.500.266	2 251 040	25.724
Due within one year	671,582	1,580,266	2,251,848	35,724
Due in more than one year:	15,895,181	3,183,329	19,078,510	
Net pension liability Net OPEB liability	936,208	68,939	1,005,147	-
Other amounts	8,928,383	4,686,367	13,614,750	507,160
outer amounts	0,720,303	1,000,507	13,011,730	307,100
Total liabilities	28,594,554	10,088,045	38,682,599	2,036,101
Deferred inflows of resources:				
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year	4,353,415	-	4,353,415	-
Leases	31,463	-	31,463	-
Pension	528,100	111,867	639,967	-
OPEB	891,010	31,508	922,518	
Total deferred inflows of resources	5,803,988	143,375	5,947,363	
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	39,735,940	37,661,677	77,397,617	3,599,373
Capital projects	772,436	_	772,436	_
Security of persons and property - police	107,068	_	107,068	
Transportation	2,295,784	_	2,295,784	-
Basic utilities	764,645	_	764,645	-
General trust	46,502	-	46,502	-
Pension	70,234	46,698	116,932	-
Other purposes	23,602	-	23,602	-
Unrestricted	9,354,695	10,404,633	19,759,328	(1,455,053)
Total net position	\$ 53,170,906	\$ 48,113,008	\$ 101,283,914	\$ 2,144,320

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

		C	harges for	Oper	nting Grants	Con	ital Grants
	Expenses		ices and Sales		ontributions		ontributions
Governmental activities:	 						
Current:							
General government	\$ 1,729,759	\$	95,455	\$	10,603	\$	-
Security of persons and property:							
Police	5,861,829		228,203		24,501		-
Fire	1,600,308		7,039		-		-
Public health and welfare	3,146,064		839,912		71,819		-
Transportation	4,820,390		-		1,981,465		1,719,132
Community environment	1,390,435		648,161		-		-
Leisure time activities	2,104,038		319,810		6,926		75,228
Basic utility services	688,268		-		-		-
Interest and fiscal charges	 337,625		-		<u>-</u>		
Total governmental activities	 21,678,716		2,138,580		2,095,314		1,794,360
Business-type activities:							
Water	6,251,504		7,292,696		-		102,605
Sewer	3,724,453		4,000,045		-		-
Garbage	1,335,890		1,265,184		10,831		-
Total business-type activities	 11,311,847		12,557,925		10,831		102,605
Total primary government	\$ 32,990,563	\$	14,696,505	\$	2,106,145	\$	1,896,965
Component Unit:							
North Canton Community							
Improvement Corporation	\$ 9,973,505	\$	163,109	\$	5,664,306	\$	710,100

General revenues:

Property taxes levied for:

General purposes

Fire operating levy

Emergency medical services levy

Program Revenues

Storm sewer levy

Street levy

Income taxes levied for:

General purposes

Capital improvement

Hotel/motel taxes

Grants and entitlements not restricted

to specific programs

Contributions not restricted

to specific programs

Investment earnings

Miscellaneous

Total general revenues

Change in net position

Net position at beginning of year

Net position at end of year

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

	Primary Government		Component Unit
Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	North Canton Community Improvement Corporation
\$ (1,623,701)	\$ -	\$ (1,623,701)	\$ -
(5,600,105)		(5,600,125)	
(5,609,125)	-	(5,609,125)	-
(1,593,269)	-	(1,593,269)	-
(2,234,333)	-	(2,234,333)	-
(1,119,793)	-	(1,119,793)	-
(742,274)	-	(742,274)	-
(1,702,074)	-	(1,702,074)	-
(688,268)	-	(688,268)	-
(337,625)		(337,625)	
(15,650,462)		(15,650,462)	
_	1,143,797	1,143,797	_
_	275,592	275,592	_
_	(59,875)	(59,875)	_
-	1,359,514	1,359,514	-
(15,650,462)	1,359,514	(14,290,948)	
<u>-</u>			(3,435,990)
1,117,136	_	1,117,136	_
886,562	_	886,562	_
1,785,858	_	1,785,858	_
343,901	_	343,901	-
343,901	-	343,901	-
9,152,735	-	9,152,735	-
1,788,538	-	1,788,538	-
13,312	-	13,312	-
769,248	-	769,248	-
5,600,000	-	5,600,000	-
1,111,005		1,111,005	20,949
28,279	159,529	187,808	500
22,940,475	159,529	23,100,004	21,449
7,290,013	1,519,043	8,809,056	(3,414,541)
45,880,893	46,593,965	92,474,858	5,558,861
\$ 53,170,906	\$ 48,113,008	\$ 101,283,914	\$ 2,144,320

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2023

Property taxes			General	Fire Operating Levy		F	Emergency Medical Services Levy	Im	Capital provement	Other Governmental t Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
Property taxes	Assets:	-											
Municipal income taxes		\$	7,390,873	\$	398,085	\$	907,712	\$	1,487,513	\$	4,397,421	\$	14,581,604
Maccounts	Property taxes		1,068,902		928,961		1,772,120		-		692,384		4,462,367
Maccounts	Municipal income taxes		2,491,022		-		-		622,755		-		3,113,777
Part	•		905		-		111,985		, -		-		112,890
Cases	Intergovernmental		357,979		19,999		66,356		143,764		577,722		1,165,820
Marcined interest 99,104	Special assessments		11,999		, -		· -		, -		, -		11,999
Property tase 1,000 1,00	Leases		31,950		-		-		-		-		31,950
Materials and supplies inventory	Accrued interest		99,104		-		-		-		-		99,104
Prepayments 19,589	Hotel motel taxes		3,076		-		_		-		-		3,076
Prepayments	Due from component units		-		-		-		1,443,635		-		1,443,635
Section Sect	Materials and supplies inventory		79,589		-		8,896		-		194,582		283,067
Total aissets	Prepayments		60,683		6,116		4,265		-		4,866		75,930
Clabilities	Assets held for resale		-		-		-		5,458,513		-		5,458,513
Accounts payable \$ 190,992 \$ 15,413 \$ 15,510 \$ - \$ 6,292 \$ 228,207 Contracts payable - - - - 338,930 6,981 345,911 Accrued wages and benefits payable 333,354 41,587 113,335 - 25,131 513,407 Compensated absences payable 50,571 1 - - - - 50,571 Intergovernmental payable 171,552 18,527 54,623 - 10,547 255,249 Unearned revenue - - - - - 421,542 421,542 Total liabilities 746,469 75,527 183,468 338,930 470,493 1,814,887 Property tax revenue not available 2,75,227 183,468 338,930 470,493 1,814,887 Delinquent property tax revenue not available 2,874 21,235 41,929 - 17,314 108,952 Accrued inflows of resources 31,463 - - 2,23,23 - - <td>Total assets</td> <td>\$</td> <td>11,596,082</td> <td>\$</td> <td>1,353,161</td> <td>\$</td> <td>2,871,334</td> <td>\$</td> <td>9,156,180</td> <td>\$</td> <td>5,866,975</td> <td>\$</td> <td>30,843,732</td>	Total assets	\$	11,596,082	\$	1,353,161	\$	2,871,334	\$	9,156,180	\$	5,866,975	\$	30,843,732
Contracts payable 333,354 41,587 113,335 - 2,5131 314,047 Compensated absences payable 50,571 50,571 10,547 255,249 Intergovernmental payable 171,552 18,527 54,623 10,547 255,249 Uncamed revenue													
Accrued wages and benefits payable 333,354 41,587 113,335 - 25,131 513,407 Compensated absences payable 50,571 - - - - 50,571 Intergovernmental payable 171,552 18,527 54,623 - 10,547 255,249 Uneamed revenue - - - - 421,542 421,542 Total liabilities 746,669 75,527 183,468 338,930 470,493 1,814,887 Deferred inflows of resources: Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year 1,040,428 907,726 1,730,191 - 675,070 4,353,415 Delinquent property tax revenue not available 28,474 21,235 41,929 - 17,314 108,952 Accrued interest not available 53,199 - - - - - 31,463 Leases 31,463 - - - - - 31,463 Special assessments and miscellaneous not available 11,599,492	1 7	\$	190,992	\$	15,413	\$	15,510	\$	-	\$	-, -	\$	
Compensated absences payable 50,571 - - - - 50,571 Intergovernmental payable 171,552 18,527 54,623 - 10,547 255,249 Uneamed revenue - - - - - 421,542 421,542 Total liabilities 746,469 75,527 183,468 338,930 470,493 1,814,887 Deferred inflows of resources: Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year 1,040,428 907,726 1,730,191 - 675,070 4,353,415 Delinquent property tax revenue not available 28,474 21,235 41,929 - 17,314 108,952 Accrued interest not available 33,199 - - - - 33,199 Leases 31,463 - - - - - 31,463 Special assessments and miscellaneous not available 11,999 - 32,477 - - 44,476 Intergovernmental revenue not available 1,884,293 19,99	1 2		-		-		-		338,930				
Intergovernmental payable					41,587		113,335		-		25,131		
Uneamed revenue - - - - 421,542 421,542 421,542 Total liabilities 746,469 75,527 183,468 338,930 470,493 1,814,887 Deferred inflows of resources: Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year 1,040,428 907,726 1,730,191 - 675,070 4,353,415 Delinquent property tax revenue not available 28,474 21,235 41,929 - 17,314 108,952 Accrued interest not available 53,199 - - - - - - 53,199 Leases 31,463 -	1 1 2				-		-		-		-		
Deferred inflows of resources: Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year 1,040,428 907,726 1,730,191 - 675,070 4,353,415 Delinquent property tax revenue not available 28,474 21,235 41,929 - 17,314 108,952 Accrued interest not available 53,199 53,199 Leases 31,463 31,463 Special assessments and miscellaneous not available 11,999 - 32,477 44,476 Income tax revenue not available 1,858,422 464,605 - 2,323,027 Intergovernmental revenues not available 243,939 19,999 66,356 31,508 463,454 825,256 Total deferred inflows of resources 3,267,924 948,960 1,870,953 496,113 1,155,838 7,739,788 Fund balances 155,272 6,116 13,161 - 199,448 373,997 Restricted 322,558 803,752 - 3,718,975 4,845,285 Committed 980,084 8,321,137 329,202 9,630,423 Assigned 1,884,345 8,321,137 329,202 9,630,423 Assigned 1,884,345 8,321,137 329,202 9,630,423 Assigned 1,884,345 (6,981) 4,555,007 Total fund balances 7,581,689 328,674 816,913 8,321,137 4,240,644 21,289,057 Total liabilities, deferred inflows	2 1 7		171,552		18,527		54,623		-				
Deferred inflows of resources: Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year 1,040,428 907,726 1,730,191 - 675,070 4,353,415 Delinquent property tax revenue not available 28,474 21,235 41,929 - 17,314 108,952 Accrued interest not available 53,199 53,199 Leases 31,463 31,463 Special assessments and miscellaneous not available 11,999 - 32,477 444,476 Income tax revenue not available 1,858,422 464,605 - 2,323,027 Intergovernmental revenues not available 243,939 19,999 66,356 31,508 463,454 825,256 Total deferred inflows of resources 3,267,924 948,960 1,870,953 496,113 1,155,838 7,739,788 Total deferred inflows of resources 155,272 6,116 13,161 - 199,448 373,997 Restricted - 322,558 803,752 - 3,718,975 4,845,285 Committed 980,084 322,558 803,752 - 3,718,975 4,845,285 Committed 980,084 1,884,345 Unassigned (deficit) 4,561,988 (6,981) 4,555,007 Total fund balances 7,581,689 328,674 816,913 8,321,137 4,240,644 21,289,057 Total liabilities, deferred inflows					-								
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year 1,040,428 907,726 1,730,191 - 675,070 4,353,415 Delinquent property tax revenue not available 28,474 21,235 41,929 - 17,314 108,952 Accrued interest not available 53,199 - - - - 53,199 Leases 31,463 - - - - - 31,463 Special assessments and miscellaneous not available 11,999 - 32,477 - - 44,476 Income tax revenue not available 1,858,422 - - 464,605 - 2,323,027 Intergovernmental revenues not available 243,939 19,999 66,356 31,508 463,454 825,256 Total deferred inflows of resources 3,267,924 948,960 1,870,953 496,113 1,155,838 7,739,788 Fund balances: Nonspendable 155,272 6,116 13,161 - 199,448 373,997 Restricted - 322,558	Total liabilities		746,469		75,527		183,468		338,930		470,493	-	1,814,887
Delinquent property tax revenue not available 28,474 21,235 41,929 - 17,314 108,952 Accrued interest not available 53,199 - - - - 53,199 Leases 31,463 - - - - - 31,463 Special assessments and miscellaneous not available 11,999 - 32,477 - - 444,763 Income tax revenue not available 1,858,422 - - 464,605 - 2,323,027 Intergovernmental revenues not available 243,939 19,999 66,356 31,508 463,454 825,256 Total deferred inflows of resources 3,267,924 948,960 1,870,953 496,113 1,155,838 7,739,788 Fund balances: Nonspendable 155,272 6,116 13,161 - 199,448 373,997 Restricted - 322,558 803,752 - 3,718,975 4,845,285 Committed 980,084 - - 8,321,137													
Accrued interest not available 53,199 53,199 Leases 31,463 31,463 Special assessments and miscellaneous not available 11,999 - 32,477 444,476 Income tax revenue not available 11,858,422 464,605 - 2,323,027 Intergovernmental revenues not available 243,939 19,999 66,356 31,508 463,454 825,256 Total deferred inflows of resources 3,267,924 948,960 1,870,953 496,113 1,155,838 7,739,788 Fund balances: Nonspendable 155,272 6,116 13,161 - 199,448 373,997 Restricted - 322,558 803,752 - 3,718,975 4,845,285 Committed 980,084 8,321,137 329,202 9,630,423 Assigned 980,084 8,321,137 329,202 9,630,423 Assigned (deficit) 4,561,988 (6,981) 4,555,007 Total fund balances 7,581,689 328,674 816,913 8,321,137 4,240,644 21,289,057 Total fund balances 7,581,689 328,674 816,913 8,321,137 4,240,644 21,289,057									-				
Leases 31,463 - - - - - 31,463 Special assessments and miscellaneous not available 11,999 - 32,477 - - 44,476 Income tax revenue not available 1,858,422 - - 464,605 - 2,323,027 Intergovernmental revenues not available 243,939 19,999 66,356 31,508 463,454 825,256 Total deferred inflows of resources 3,267,924 948,960 1,870,953 496,113 1,155,838 7,739,788 Fund balances: Nonspendable 155,272 6,116 13,161 - 199,448 373,997 Restricted - 322,558 803,752 - 3,718,975 4,845,285 Committed 980,084 - - 8,321,137 329,202 9,630,423 Assigned 1,884,345 - - - - - 1,884,345 Unassigned (deficit) 4,561,988 - - - -					21,235		41,929		-		17,314		
Special assessments and miscellaneous not available 11,999 - 32,477 - - 44,476 Income tax revenue not available 1,858,422 - - 464,605 - 2,323,027 Intergovernmental revenues not available 243,939 19,999 66,356 31,508 463,454 825,256 Total deferred inflows of resources 3,267,924 948,960 1,870,953 496,113 1,155,838 7,739,788 Fund balances: Nonspendable 155,272 6,116 13,161 - 199,448 373,997 Restricted - 322,558 803,752 - 3,718,975 4,845,285 Committed 980,084 - - 8,321,137 329,202 9,630,423 Assigned 1,884,345 - - - - - 1,884,345 Unassigned (deficit) 4,561,988 - - - - - (6,981) 4,555,007 Total fund balances 7,581,689 328,674 816					-		-		-		-		,
Income tax revenue not available 1,858,422 - - 464,605 - 2,323,027 Intergovernmental revenues not available 243,939 19,999 66,356 31,508 463,454 825,256 Total deferred inflows of resources 3,267,924 948,960 1,870,953 496,113 1,155,838 7,739,788 Fund balances:					-		-		-		-		
Intergovernmental revenues not available 243,939 19,999 66,356 31,508 463,454 825,256 Total deferred inflows of resources 3,267,924 948,960 1,870,953 496,113 1,155,838 7,739,788 Fund balances: Nonspendable 155,272 6,116 13,161 - 199,448 373,997 Restricted - 322,558 803,752 - 3,718,975 4,845,285 Committed 980,084 - - 8,321,137 329,202 9,630,423 Assigned 1,884,345 - - - - 1,884,345 Unassigned (deficit) 4,561,988 - - - (6,981) 4,555,007 Total fund balances 7,581,689 328,674 816,913 8,321,137 4,240,644 21,289,057	•				-		32,477				-		
Fund balances: 3,267,924 948,960 1,870,953 496,113 1,155,838 7,739,788 Fund balances: Nonspendable 155,272 6,116 13,161 - 199,448 373,997 Restricted - 322,558 803,752 - 3,718,975 4,845,285 Committed 980,084 - - 8,321,137 329,202 9,630,423 Assigned 1,884,345 - - - - 1,884,345 Unassigned (deficit) 4,561,988 - - - (6,981) 4,555,007 Total fund balances 7,581,689 328,674 816,913 8,321,137 4,240,644 21,289,057 Total liabilities, deferred inflows					-				. ,				
Fund balances: Nonspendable 155,272 6,116 13,161 - 199,448 373,997 Restricted - 322,558 803,752 - 3,718,975 4,845,285 Committed 980,084 - - - 8,321,137 329,202 9,630,423 Assigned 1,884,345 - - - - - 1,884,345 Unassigned (deficit) 4,561,988 - - - - (6,981) 4,555,007 Total fund balances 7,581,689 328,674 816,913 8,321,137 4,240,644 21,289,057 Total liabilities, deferred inflows													
Nonspendable 155,272 6,116 13,161 - 199,448 373,997 Restricted - 322,558 803,752 - 3,718,975 4,845,285 Committed 980,084 - - - 8,321,137 329,202 9,630,423 Assigned 1,884,345 - - - - - - 1,884,345 Unassigned (deficit) 4,561,988 - - - - (6,981) 4,555,007 Total fund balances 7,581,689 328,674 816,913 8,321,137 4,240,644 21,289,057 Total liabilities, deferred inflows	Total deterred inflows of resources		3,267,924	_	948,960	_	1,870,953	_	496,113		1,155,838		7,739,788
Restricted - 322,558 803,752 - 3,718,975 4,845,285 Committed 980,084 - - - 8,321,137 329,202 9,630,423 Assigned 1,884,345 - - - - - 1,884,345 Unassigned (deficit) 4,561,988 - - - - (6,981) 4,555,007 Total fund balances Total liabilities, deferred inflows													
Committed 980,084 - - 8,321,137 329,202 9,630,423 Assigned 1,884,345 - - - - - 1,884,345 Unassigned (deficit) 4,561,988 - - - - (6,981) 4,555,007 Total fund balances 7,581,689 328,674 816,913 8,321,137 4,240,644 21,289,057 Total liabilities, deferred inflows	•		155,272						-				
Assigned 1,884,345 1,884,345 Unassigned (deficit) 4,561,988 (6,981) 4,555,007 Total fund balances 7,581,689 328,674 816,913 8,321,137 4,240,644 21,289,057 Total liabilities, deferred inflows			-		322,558		803,752		-				
Unassigned (deficit) 4,561,988 - - - - (6,981) 4,555,007 Total fund balances 7,581,689 328,674 816,913 8,321,137 4,240,644 21,289,057 Total liabilities, deferred inflows			,		-		-		8,321,137		329,202		
Total fund balances 7,581,689 328,674 816,913 8,321,137 4,240,644 21,289,057 Total liabilities, deferred inflows	2				-		-		-		-		
Total liabilities, deferred inflows	Unassigned (deficit)		4,561,988	_							(6,981)		4,555,007
			7,581,689		328,674		816,913		8,321,137		4,240,644		21,289,057
		\$	11,596,082	\$	1,353,161	\$	2,871,334	\$	9,156,180	\$	5,866,975	\$	30,843,732

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DECEMBER 31, 2023

Total governmental fund balances		\$ 21,289,057
Amounts reported for governmental activities on the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		47,898,864
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current- period expenditures and therefore are deferred inflows in the funds. Property taxes receivable Municipal income taxes receivable Accounts receivable Special assessments receivable	\$ 108,952 2,323,027 32,477 11,999	
Intergovernmental receivable Accrued interest receivable Total	825,256 53,199	3,354,910
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental		
activities on the Statement of Net Position.		1,041,774
An internal balance is recorded in governmental activities to reflect overpayments to the internal service fund by the business-type activities.		(290,263)
Accrued interest payable is not due and payable in the current period and therefore is not reported in the funds.		(24,468)
Unamortized deferred amounts on refundings are not recognized in the governmental funds.		36,070
Unamortized premiums on bond issuances are not recognized in the funds.		(63,182)
The net pension asset and net pension liability are not available to pay for current period expenditures and are not due and payable in the current period, respectively; therefore, the asset, liability and related deferred inflows/outflows are not reported in governmental funds. Net pension asset Deferred outflows of resources	70,234 6,422,421	
Deferred inflows of resources Net pension liability Total	(528,100) (15,895,181)	(9,930,626)
The net OPEB liability is not due and payable in the current period; therefore, the liability and related deferred inflows/outflows are not reported in governmental funds.		(2,250,020)
Deferred outflows of resources Deferred inflows of resources Net OPEB liability	1,172,200 (891,010) (936,208)	
Total		(655,018)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Compensated absences General obligation bonds payable Leases payable	(1,677,753) (7,154,044) (47,885)	
Notes payable - financed purchases SBITAs payable Total	(577,416) (29,114)	(9,486,212)
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 53,170,906
*		 ,,

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Perpent Perp			General	0	Fire perating Levy	E	Emergency Medical Services Levy	Im	Capital provement	Go	Other vernmental Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
Municipal income taxes	Revenues:												
Hotel motel naxes	Property taxes	\$	1,127,002	\$	871,318	\$	1,773,887	\$	-	\$	694,456	\$	4,466,663
Charges for services 51,903 7,039 858,771	Municipal income taxes		9,165,469		-		-		1,739,746		-		10,905,215
Fines and permits 648,161	Hotel motel taxes		13,312		-		-		-		-		13,312
Fines and forficitures 305.993 -	Charges for services		51,903		7,039		858,771		-		25,951		943,664
Interest	Licenses and permits		648,161		-		-		-		-		648,161
Interest 1,076,863	Fines and forfeitures		305,993		-		-		-		31,883		337,876
Rentals	Intergovernmental		590,549		48,176		126,503		1,481,758		2,337,567		4,584,553
Content	Interest		1,076,863		-		-		-		-		1,076,863
Other Total revenues 28,279 - - - 1,331 29,010 Total revenues 18,849,487 926,533 2,759,161 3,21,504 3,144,070 28,001,555 Expenditures Current 8 8 8 1 2,806,940 - - 12,804 2,819,744 Security of persons and property: 8 1 - 1 2,806,840 - - 12,804 2,819,744 Police 4,769,783 - - - 2,5968 4,795,751 - 1,366,483 - - 2,5968 4,795,751 - 1,366,483 - - 2,5968 4,795,751 - 1,366,483 - - 8,004 2,644,285 - 1,366,483 - - 8,004 2,644,285 - - 1,366,483 - - - 4,644,285 - - - - - - - - - - - -	Rentals		241,956		-		-		-		-		241,956
Total revenues	Contributions and donations		5,600,000		-		_		-		53,682		5,653,682
Total revenues	Other		28,279		-		_		-		1,331		29,610
Current: Concrat government 2,806,940 - - 12,804 2,819,744 General government 2,806,940 - - 12,804 2,819,744 Security of persons and property: Police 4,769,783 - - 25,968 4,795,751 Fire - 1,366,483 - - 8,094 2,644,285 Public health and welfare 100,566 - 2,535,625 - 8,094 2,644,285 Transportation - - - - - 3,235,363 3,235,363 3235,367 3235,667 8,364 1,560,668 1,560,668 4,560,608 1 - 3,609,953 106,238 3,807,997 1,200,300 2,200,300 2,200,300 106,238 3,807,997 1,200,300 2,200,300 1,200,300 3,807,997 1,200,300 3,807,997 1,200,300 3,807,997 1,200,300 3,207,807 1,200,300 3,207,807 3,207,300 1,200,300 1,200,300 3,207,807 1,200,300 1,200,300	Total revenues	_			926,533		2,759,161		3,221,504				
General government 2,806,940 - - - 12,804 2,819,744 Security of persons and property: Police 4,769,783 - - 2 25,968 4,795,751 Fire - 1,366,483 - - - - 1,366,483 Public health and welfare 100,566 - 2,535,625 - 8,094 2,644,285 Transportation 1,367,678 - - - - - 1,367,678 Community environment 1,367,678 - - - - - - - 1,367,678 Basic utility services 40,609 - - - - 8,364 1,560,688 Basic utility services 40,609 -													
Security of persons and property: Police			2.806.940		_		_		_		12.804		2.819.744
Police Fire 4,769,783 - - 25,968 4,795,751 Fire 1,366,483 - - 1,366,483 Public health and welfare 100,566 - 2,535,625 - 8,094 2,644,285 Transportation - - - - 3,235,363 3,235,363 Community environment 1,367,678 - - - 8,364 1,560,668 Basic utility services 40,609 - - - 379,921 420,530 Capital outlay 91,806 - - 3,609,953 106,238 3,807,997 Debt service: - - 3,609,953 106,238 3,807,997 Debt service: - - 3,609,953 106,238 3,807,997 Debt service: - - - 3,609,953 106,238 3,807,997 Debt service: - - - - 4,614,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 3,176,752 27,164,202 <td>e</td> <td></td> <td>2,000,7.0</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>12,00</td> <td></td> <td>2,012,7</td>	e		2,000,7.0								12,00		2,012,7
Fire 1,366,483 - - 1 1,366,483 Public health and welfare 100,566 - 2,535,625 - 8,094 2,644,285 Transportation - - - 3,235,363 3,235,363 Community environment 1,367,678 - - - 8,364 1,560,668 Basic utility services 40,609 - - 3,609,953 106,238 3,807,997 Capital outlay 91,806 - - 3,609,953 106,238 3,807,997 Debt service: - - - 3,609,953 106,238 3,807,997 Debt service: - - - - 4,751,860 Interest and fiscal charges 287,331 29 29 40,442 - 327,831 Bond issuance costs 15,570,725 1,368,301 2,537,443 3,910,981 3,776,752 27,164,202 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) - - - 66,012 Total			4 769 783		_		_		_		25 968		4 795 751
Public health and welfare 100,566 - 2,535,625 - 8,094 2,644,285 Transportation - - - - - - - - - - 3,235,363 3,235,363 3,235,363 3,235,667 Residentify - <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>1,700,705</td><td></td><td>1 366 483</td><td></td><td>_</td><td></td><td>_</td><td></td><td>23,700</td><td></td><td></td></td<>			1,700,705		1 366 483		_		_		23,700		
Transportation - - - 3,235,363 3,235,363 Community environment 1,367,678 - - - 8,364 1,560,668 Basic utility services 40,609 - - 3,609,953 106,238 3,807,997 Capital outlay 91,806 - - 3,609,953 106,238 3,807,997 Debt service: 8 1 1,789 1,789 1,94,574 - 4,751,860 Interest and fiscal charges 287,331 2.9 2.9 40,442 - 327,831 Bond issuance costs - - - - 66,012 - 66,012 Total expenditures 15,570,725 1,368,301 2,537,443 3,910,981 3,76,752 27,164,202 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 3,278,762 (441,768) 221,718 (689,477) (631,882) 1,737,353 Other financing sources (uses): Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 3,278,762			100 566		1,500,405		2 535 625		_		8 094		
Community environment 1,367,678 - - - 1,367,678 Leisure time activities 1,552,304 - - - 8,364 1,506,668 Basic utility services 40,609 - - - 3,799,21 420,530 Capital outlay 91,806 - - 3,609,953 106,238 3,807,997 Debt service: Principal retirement 4,553,708 1,789 1,789 194,574 - 4,751,860 Interest and fiscal charges 287,331 29 29 40,442 - 327,831 Bond issuance costs - - - - 66,012 - 46,012 Total expenditures 3,278,762 1,368,301 221,718 (689,477) (631,882) 1,737,353 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - <th< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>100,500</td><td></td><td>_</td><td></td><td>2,555,025</td><td></td><td>_</td><td></td><td>,</td><td></td><td></td></th<>			100,500		_		2,555,025		_		,		
Leisure time activities 1,552,304 - - - 8,364 1,560,668 Basic utility services 40,609 - - - 379,921 420,530 Copital outlay 91,806 - - 3,609,953 106,238 3,807,997 Debt service: Principal retirement 4,553,708 1,789 1,789 194,574 - 4,751,860 1,751,860 1,789 1,789 194,574 - 4,751,860 1,751,860 1,789 1,789 194,574 - 4,751,860 1,751,860 1,789 1,789 194,574 - 4,751,860 1,751,860	*		1 367 678								5,255,505		
Basic utility services 40,609 - - - 379,921 420,530 Capital outlay 91,806 - - 3,609,953 106,238 3,807,997 Debt service: Principal retirement 4,553,708 1,789 1,789 194,574 - 4,751,860 Interest and fiscal charges 287,331 29 29 40,442 - 327,831 Bond issuance costs - - - - 66,012 - 66,012 Total expenditures 15,570,725 1,368,301 2,537,443 3,910,981 3,776,752 27,164,202 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) 221,718 (689,477) (631,882) 1,737,353 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) 3,278,762 (441,768) 221,718 (689,477) (631,882) 1,737,353 Other financing sources (uses): Bonds issued - - - 4,314,000 - 4,314,000 Sale of capital assets 31,741 - 29	•				_				_		8 364		
Capital outlay 91,806 - - 3,609,953 106,238 3,807,997 Debt service: Principal retirement 4,553,708 1,789 1,789 194,574 - 4,751,860 Interest and fiscal charges 287,331 29 29 40,442 - 327,831 Bond issuance costs - - - 66,012 - 66,012 Total expenditures 15,570,725 1,368,301 2,537,443 3,910,981 3,776,752 27,164,202 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 3,278,762 (441,768) 221,718 (689,477) (631,882) 1,737,353 Other financing sources (uses): Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 3,278,762 (441,768) 221,718 (689,477) (631,882) 1,737,353 Other financing sources (uses): Bonds issued - - - 4,314,000 - 4,314,000 Sale of capital assets 31,741 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>					_		_		_				
Debt service: Principal retirement 4,553,708 1,789 1,789 194,574 - 4,751,860 Interest and fiscal charges 287,331 29 29 40,442 - 327,831 Bond issuance costs - - - - - 66,012 - 66,012 Total expenditures 15,570,725 1,368,301 2,537,443 3,910,981 3,776,752 27,164,202 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 3,278,762 (441,768) 221,718 (689,477) (631,882) 1,737,353 Other financing sources (uses): Bonds issued - - - 4,314,000 - 4,314,000 Sale of capital assets 31,741 - 2.9 28,400 12,645 72,815 Lease transaction 33,571 - - - - 33,571 Transfers out (1,100,000) - - - - - - - - <td< td=""><td>•</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>2 600 052</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	•				-		-		2 600 052				
Principal retirement 4,553,708 1,789 1,789 194,574 - 4,751,860 Interest and fiscal charges 287,331 29 29 40,442 - 327,831 Bond issuance costs - - - - 66,012 - 66,012 Total expenditures 15,570,725 1,368,301 2,537,443 3,910,981 3,776,752 27,164,202 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) 221,718 (689,477) (631,882) 1,737,353 Other financing sources (uses): Bonds issued - - - 4,314,000 - 4,314,000 Sale of capital assets 31,741 - 29 28,400 12,645 72,815 Lease transaction 33,571 - - - - 33,571 Transfers in - 550,000 100,000 - 450,000 1,100,000 Transfers out (1,100,000) - - - - 58,235 Total other financing			91,000		-		-		3,009,933		100,238		3,807,997
Interest and fiscal charges 287,331 29 29 40,442 - 327,831 Bond issuance costs 66,012 - 66,012 Cost			1 552 708		1 780		1 780		104 574				4 751 860
Bond issuance costs	•										-		
Contact Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 15,570,725 1,368,301 2,537,443 3,910,981 3,776,752 27,164,202 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures Sale (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures Other financing sources (uses): Bonds issued - - - 4,314,000 - 4,314,000 Sale of capital assets 31,741 - 29 28,400 12,645 72,815 Lease transaction 33,571 - - - - - 33,571 Transfers in - 550,000 100,000 - 450,000 1,100,000 Transfers out (1,100,000) - - - - 58,235 Total other financing sources (uses) (976,453) 550,000 100,029 4,342,400 462,645 4,478,621 Net change in fund balances 2,302,309 108,232 321,747 3,652,923 (169,237) 6,215,974 Fund balance at beginning of year 5,2	e		267,331		29		29		,		-		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 3,278,762 (441,768) 221,718 (689,477) (631,882) 1,737,353 Other financing sources (uses): Bonds issued 4,314,000 - 4,314,000 Sale of capital assets 31,741 - 29 28,400 12,645 72,815 Lease transaction 33,571 33,571 Transfers in - 550,000 100,000 - 450,000 1,100,000 Transfers out (1,100,000) (1,100,000) SBITA transaction 58,235 58,235 Total other financing sources (uses) (976,453) 550,000 100,029 4,342,400 462,645 4,478,621 Net change in fund balances 2,302,309 108,232 321,747 3,652,923 (169,237) 6,215,974 Fund balance at beginning of year 5,279,380 220,442 495,166 4,668,214 4,409,881 15,073,083			15 570 725		1 269 201		2 527 442				2 776 752		
expenditures 3,278,762 (441,768) 221,718 (689,477) (631,882) 1,737,353 Other financing sources (uses): Bonds issued - - - 4,314,000 - 4,314,000 Sale of capital assets 31,741 - 29 28,400 12,645 72,815 Lease transaction 33,571 - - - - - 33,571 Transfers in - 550,000 100,000 - 450,000 1,100,000 Transfers out (1,100,000) - - - - - - (1,100,000) SBITA transaction 58,235 - - - - - 58,235 Total other financing sources (uses) (976,453) 550,000 100,029 4,342,400 462,645 4,478,621 Net change in fund balances 2,302,309 108,232 321,747 3,652,923 (169,237) 6,215,974 Fund balance at beginning of year 5,279,380 220,442	Total expenditures		13,370,723		1,308,301		2,337,443		3,910,981		3,770,732		27,104,202
Other financing sources (uses): Bonds issued - - - - 4,314,000 - 4,314,000 Sale of capital assets 31,741 - 29 28,400 12,645 72,815 Lease transaction 33,571 - - - - - 33,571 Transfers in - - 550,000 100,000 - 450,000 1,100,000 Transfers out (1,100,000) - - - - - (1,100,000) SBITA transaction 58,235 - - - - 58,235 Total other financing sources (uses) (976,453) 550,000 100,029 4,342,400 462,645 4,478,621 Net change in fund balances 2,302,309 108,232 321,747 3,652,923 (169,237) 6,215,974 Fund balance at beginning of year 5,279,380 220,442 495,166 4,668,214 4,409,881 15,073,083													
Bonds issued - - - 4,314,000 - 4,314,000 Sale of capital assets 31,741 - 29 28,400 12,645 72,815 Lease transaction 33,571 - - - - - 33,571 Transfers in - 550,000 100,000 - 450,000 1,100,000 Transfers out (1,100,000) - - - - - - (1,100,000) SBITA transaction 58,235 - - - - 58,235 Total other financing sources (uses) (976,453) 550,000 100,029 4,342,400 462,645 4,478,621 Net change in fund balances 2,302,309 108,232 321,747 3,652,923 (169,237) 6,215,974 Fund balance at beginning of year 5,279,380 220,442 495,166 4,668,214 4,409,881 15,073,083	expenditures		3,278,762		(441,768)		221,718		(689,477)		(631,882)		1,737,353
Sale of capital assets 31,741 - 29 28,400 12,645 72,815 Lease transaction 33,571 - - - - - 33,571 Transfers in - 550,000 100,000 - 450,000 1,100,000 Transfers out (1,100,000) - - - - - (1,100,000) SBITA transaction 58,235 - - - - - 58,235 Total other financing sources (uses) (976,453) 550,000 100,029 4,342,400 462,645 4,478,621 Net change in fund balances 2,302,309 108,232 321,747 3,652,923 (169,237) 6,215,974 Fund balance at beginning of year 5,279,380 220,442 495,166 4,668,214 4,409,881 15,073,083	Other financing sources (uses):												
Lease transaction 33,571 - - - - 33,571 Transfers in - 550,000 100,000 - 450,000 1,100,000 Transfers out (1,100,000) - - - - - - (1,100,000) SBITA transaction 58,235 - - - - - 58,235 Total other financing sources (uses) (976,453) 550,000 100,029 4,342,400 462,645 4,478,621 Net change in fund balances 2,302,309 108,232 321,747 3,652,923 (169,237) 6,215,974 Fund balance at beginning of year 5,279,380 220,442 495,166 4,668,214 4,409,881 15,073,083	Bonds issued		-		-		-		4,314,000		-		4,314,000
Transfers in - 550,000 100,000 - 450,000 1,100,000 Transfers out (1,100,000) - - - - - - (1,100,000) - <	Sale of capital assets		31,741		-		29		28,400		12,645		72,815
Transfers out SBITA transaction (1,100,000) 58,235 -	Lease transaction		33,571		-		-		-		-		33,571
SBITA transaction 58,235 - - - - - 58,235 Total other financing sources (uses) (976,453) 550,000 100,029 4,342,400 462,645 4,478,621 Net change in fund balances 2,302,309 108,232 321,747 3,652,923 (169,237) 6,215,974 Fund balance at beginning of year 5,279,380 220,442 495,166 4,668,214 4,409,881 15,073,083	Transfers in		-		550,000		100,000		-		450,000		1,100,000
SBITA transaction 58,235 - - - - - - 58,235 Total other financing sources (uses) (976,453) 550,000 100,029 4,342,400 462,645 4,478,621 Net change in fund balances 2,302,309 108,232 321,747 3,652,923 (169,237) 6,215,974 Fund balance at beginning of year 5,279,380 220,442 495,166 4,668,214 4,409,881 15,073,083	Transfers out		(1,100,000)		-		-		-		-		(1,100,000)
Net change in fund balances 2,302,309 108,232 321,747 3,652,923 (169,237) 6,215,974 Fund balance at beginning of year 5,279,380 220,442 495,166 4,668,214 4,409,881 15,073,083	SBITA transaction		58,235		-		-		-		-		58,235
Fund balance at beginning of year 5,279,380 220,442 495,166 4,668,214 4,409,881 15,073,083	Total other financing sources (uses)	_	(976,453)		550,000		100,029		4,342,400		462,645		4,478,621
	Net change in fund balances		2,302,309		108,232		321,747		3,652,923		(169,237)		6,215,974
Fund balances at end of year \$\\\\\$ 7,581,689 \\\\\$ 328,674 \\\\$ 816,913 \\\\\$ 8,321,137 \\\\\$ 4,240,644 \\\\\$ 21,289,057													
	Fund balances at end of year	\$	7,581,689	\$	328,674	\$	816,913	\$	8,321,137	\$	4,240,644	\$	21,289,057

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 6,215,974
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures.		
However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those		
assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as		
depreciation/amortization expense.		
Capital asset additions	\$ 5,643,422	
Current year depreciation/amortization	 (3,223,952)	
Total		2,419,470
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving		
capital assets (i.e., sales, disposals, trade-ins, and donations) is to		
decrease net position.		(89,814)
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide		
current financial resources are not reported as revenues in		
the funds.		
Delinquent property taxes	10,695	
Municipal income taxes	36,058	
Charges for services	(39,208)	
Intergovernmental	17,213	
Special assessments	8,274	
Interest	 34,142	
Total		67,174
Repayment of bond, notes, lease and SBITA principal is an expenditure in the		
governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities		
on the Statement of Net Position.		4,751,860
The issuance of long-term liabilities is recorded as an other financing		
source in the governmental funds; however, the proceeds		
increase long-term liabilities on the statement of net assets.		
General obligation bonds	(4,314,000)	
Leases payable	(33,571)	
SBITAs payable Total	 (58,235)	(4,405,806)
Total		(4,403,800)
In the Statement of Activities, interest is accrued on outstanding		
bonds and loans, whereas in governmental funds, an interest		
expenditure is reported when due.	52.200	
Accrued interest payable	52,298	
Amortization of deferred amounts on refunding	9,134	
Amortization of bond premiums	 (5,214)	56 210
Total		56,218
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities,		
such as compensated absences,		
do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore		(21 (05)
are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		(21,685)
Contractually required pension/OPEB contributions are reported as expenditures		
in governmental funds; however, the Statement of Net Position reports		
these amounts as deferred outflows.		
Pension		1,204,579
OPEB		24,866
Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in		
the net pension asset/liability and net OPEB liability/asset are reported		
as pension/OPEB expense in the Statement of Activities.		
Pension		(2,606,979)
OPEB		(100,511)
The internal service fund used by management to charge		
the costs of insurance to individual funds is not reported in		
the government-wide Statement of Activities. Governmental fund		
expenditures and the related internal service fund revenues		
are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal		
service fund is allocated among the governmental activities.		 (225,333)
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ 7,290,013

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Revenues Final Actual Negative Revenues 1,195,000 \$1,127,000 \$1,127,002 \$2 Municipal income taxes 7,845,000 \$2,76,376 \$9,178,186 (98,190) Charges for services 26,000 \$1,900 \$51,903 3 Charges for services 26,000 \$1,900 \$52,130 780 Fines and forfeitures 308,000 \$21,275 \$221,265 (10) Intergovernmental 614,000 \$565,000 \$563,144 (1.856) Rentals 308,000 \$16,230 \$59,310 (40) Intergovernmental \$11,000 \$10,230 \$50,000 (14,000) Rentals \$08,000 \$10,235 \$10,300 \$10,000 Other \$10,000 \$70,000 \$5,000,000 \$1,000,000 Other \$10,000 \$27,752 \$2,816,708 \$12,126 Courseric \$20,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 Security of person \$4,919,725 \$2,816,708 <th></th> <th> Budgeted</th> <th>Amo</th> <th></th> <th>Fi</th> <th>riance with nal Budget Positive</th>		 Budgeted	Amo		Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive		
Property taxes		Original		Final	Actual			
Municipal income taxes 7,845,000 9,276,376 9,178,186 (98,190) Charges for services 26,000 51,900 51,903 3 3 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Revenues:	 						
Charges for services 26,000 51,900 51,903 3 Licenses and permits 488,000 651,350 652,130 780 Fines and forfeitures 308,000 221,275 221,265 (10) Interest 300,000 565,000 563,144 (1,850) Rentals 308,000 146,250 243,632 97,382 Hotel/motel taxes 11,000 10,250 10,236 (14) Contributions and donations 7,000,000 7,000,000 56,000,000 (1,400,000) Other 10,000 27,750 27,620 (130) Total revenues 18,105,000 19,672,501 18,270,428 (1,402,073) Expenditures Current: Current: 2,989,351 2,816,708 172,643 Security of persons and property: Current: 2,989,351 4,737,225 182,500 Police 5,467,037 4,919,725 4,737,225 182,500 Police len	1 3	\$ 1,195,000	\$		\$	\$		
Licenses and permits 488,000 651,350 652,130 780 Fines and forfeitures 308,000 221,275 221,265 (10) Intergovernmental 614,000 595,350 595,310 (40) Interest 300,000 565,000 563,144 (1,856) Rentals 308,000 146,250 243,632 97,382 Hotel/motel taxes 11,000 10,250 10,236 (14) Contributions and donations 7,000,000 7,000,000 560,000 (1,400,000) Other 10,000 27,750 27,620 (1,402,073) Total revenues 18,105,000 19,672,501 18,270,428 (1,402,073) Expenditures: Current: Current: Security of persons and property: Police 5,467,037 4,919,725 4,737,225 182,500 Police 5,467,037 4,919,725 4,737,225 182,500 Public health and welfare 108,000		7,845,000		9,276,376	9,178,186		(98,190)	
Fines and Forfeitures								
Intergovernmental 1614,000 595,350 595,310 400 10 10 10 10 10 10		488,000					780	
Interest 300,000 565,000 563,144 (1,856) Rentals 308,000 146,250 243,632 97,382 100,000 10,250 10,235 (14) Contributions and donations 7,000,000 7,000,000 5,600,000 (1,400,000) Other 10,000 27,750 27,620 (130) Total revenues 18,105,000 19,672,501 18,270,428 (1,402,073) Total revenues Security of persons and property: Security of persons and property: Security of persons and property: Police 5,467,037 4,919,725 4,737,225 182,500 Public health and welfare 108,000 100,575 100,566 9 Community environment 1,721,675 1,430,757 1,390,721 40,036 4,919,725 1,643,822 97,529 1,200,3688 1,741,351 1,643,822 97,529 1,200,3688 1,741,351 1,643,822 97,529 1,200,3688 1,741,351 1,643,822 97,529 1,200,3688 1,741,351 1,643,822 97,529 1,200,3688 1,741,351 1,643,822 97,529 1,200,3688 1,741,351 1,643,822 97,529 1,200,3688 1,741,351 1,643,822 97,529 1,200,3688 1,741,351 1,643,822 97,529 1,200,3688 1,741,351 1,643,822 97,529 1,200,3688 1,200,3688 1,200,3688 1,200,3688 1,200,3688 1,200,3688 1,200,3688 1,200,3688 1,200,3688 1,200,3688 1,200,3688 1,200,3688 1,200,3688 1,200,3688 1,200,369 1,200,3688 1,200,3688 1,200,3688 1,200,3688 1,200,3688 1,200,3688 1,200,3688 1,200,3688 1,200,3688 1,200,369 1,200,3688		308,000					` /	
Rentals 308,000 146,250 243,632 97,382 Hote/motel taxes 11,000 10,250 10,236 (14) Contributions and donations 7,000,000 7,000,000 5,600,000 (1,400,000) Other 10,000 27,750 27,620 (130) Total revenues 18,105,000 19,672,501 18,270,428 (1,402,073) Expenditures: Current: General government 3,616,734 2,989,351 2,816,708 172,643 Security of persons and property: Police 5,467,037 4,919,725 4,737,225 182,500 Public health and welfare 108,000 100,575 10,566 9 Community environment 1,721,675 1,430,757 1,390,721 40,036 Leisure time activities 2,003,688 1,741,351 1,643,822 97,529 Debt service: Principal retirement 7,091,981 7,225,931 7,225,914 17 Interest and fiscal charges 284,769 284,769 284,769 <td>Intergovernmental</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>595,310</td> <td></td> <td></td>	Intergovernmental				595,310			
Hotel/motel taxes	Interest	300,000		565,000	563,144		(1,856)	
Contributions and donations Other 7,000,000 10,000 27,750 27,600 (130) 5,600,000 (1,400,000) 1,0000 27,750 27,600 (130) Total revenues 18,105,000 19,672,501 18,270,428 (1,402,073) Expenditures: Current: General government 3,616,734 2,989,351 2,816,708 172,643 172,643 Security of persons and property: Police 5,467,037 4,919,725 4,737,225 182,500 182,500 Public health and welfare 108,000 100,575 100,566 9 9 Community environment 1,721,675 1,430,757 1,390,721 40,036 1,643,822 97,529 Leisure time activities 2,003,688 1,741,351 1,643,822 97,529 1,722,591 1,722,729 1,722,729 Debt service: Principal retirement 7,091,981 7,225,931 7,225,914 17 1,721,675 1,722,729 1,722,729 1,722,729 Total expenditures 20,293,884 18,692,459 284,769 284,7	Rentals	308,000		146,250	243,632		97,382	
Other Total revenues 10,000 27,750 27,620 (130) Total revenues 18,105,000 19,672,501 18,270,428 (1,402,073) Expenditures: Current: General government 3,616,734 2,989,351 2,816,708 172,643 Security of persons and property: Police 5,467,037 4,919,725 4,737,225 182,500 Public health and welfare 108,000 100,575 100,566 9 Community environment 1,721,675 1,430,757 1,390,721 40,036 Leisure time activities 2,003,688 1,741,351 1,643,822 97,529 Debt service: Principal retirement 7,091,981 7,225,931 7,225,914 17 Interest and fiscal charges 284,769 284,769 284,769 284,769 244,769 492,734 Total expenditures (2,188,884) 980,042 70,703 (909,339) Other financing sources (uses): Sale of capital assets - 31,750 31,741	Hotel/motel taxes	11,000		10,250	10,236		(14)	
Total revenues	Contributions and donations	7,000,000		7,000,000	5,600,000		(1,400,000)	
Expenditures: Current:	Other	10,000		27,750	27,620			
Current: General government 3,616,734 2,989,351 2,816,708 172,643 Security of persons and property: 5,467,037 4,919,725 4,737,225 182,500 Public health and welfare 108,000 100,575 100,566 9 Community environment 1,721,675 1,430,757 1,390,721 40,036 Leisure time activities 2,003,688 1,741,351 1,643,822 97,529 Debt service: Principal retirement 7,091,981 7,225,931 7,225,914 17 Interest and fiscal charges 284,769 284,769 284,769 - Total expenditures 20,293,884 18,692,459 18,199,725 492,734 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (2,188,884) 980,042 70,703 (909,339) Other financing sources (uses): 300,000 83,025 83,020 (5) Advances in 300,000 83,025 83,020 (5) Advances out (300,000) - - - - Total othe	Total revenues	 18,105,000		19,672,501	 18,270,428		(1,402,073)	
General government 3,616,734 2,989,351 2,816,708 172,643 Security of persons and property: Police 5,467,037 4,919,725 4,737,225 182,500 Public health and welfare 108,000 100,575 100,566 9 Community environment 1,721,675 1,430,757 1,390,721 40,036 Leisure time activities 2,003,688 1,741,351 1,643,822 97,529 Debt service: Principal retirement 7,091,981 7,225,931 7,225,914 17 Interest and fiscal charges 284,769 284,769 284,769 2 Total expenditures 20,293,884 18,692,459 18,199,725 492,734 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (2,188,884) 980,042 70,703 (909,339) Other financing sources (uses): 300,000 83,025 83,020 (5) Advances in 300,000 83,025 83,020 (5) Advances out (1,250,000) (1,100,000) (1,100,000) - Total oth	Expenditures:							
Security of persons and property: Author of the persons and property: Police 5,467,037 4,919,725 4,737,225 182,500 Public health and welfare 108,000 100,575 100,566 9 Community environment 1,721,675 1,430,757 1,390,721 40,036 Leisure time activities 2,003,688 1,741,351 1,643,822 97,529 Debt service: 7 791,981 7,225,931 7,225,914 17 Principal retirement 7,091,981 7,225,931 7,225,914 17 Interest and fiscal charges 284,769 284,769 284,769 284,769 24,769 Total expenditures (2,188,884) 980,042 70,703 (909,339) Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (2,188,884) 980,042 70,703 (909,339) Other financing sources (uses): Sale of capital assets - 31,750 31,741 (9) Advances in 300,000 83,025 83,020 (5) Advances out (3	Current:							
Police 5,467,037 4,919,725 4,737,225 182,500 Public health and welfare 108,000 100,575 100,566 9 Community environment 1,721,675 1,430,757 1,390,721 40,036 Leisure time activities 2,003,688 1,741,351 1,643,822 97,529 Debt service: Principal retirement 7,091,981 7,225,931 7,225,914 17 Interest and fiscal charges 284,769 284,769 284,769 284,769 - Total expenditures 20,293,884 18,692,459 18,199,725 492,734 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (2,188,884) 980,042 70,703 (909,339) Other financing sources (uses): Sale of capital assets - 31,750 31,741 (9) Advances in 300,000 83,025 83,020 (5) Advances out (300,000) - - - - Total other financing sources (uses) (1,250,000) (985,225) (985,239) <	General government	3,616,734		2,989,351	2,816,708		172,643	
Public health and welfare 108,000 100,575 100,566 9 Community environment 1,721,675 1,430,757 1,390,721 40,036 Leisure time activities 2,003,688 1,741,351 1,643,822 97,529 Debt service: Principal retirement 7,091,981 7,225,931 7,225,914 17 Interest and fiscal charges 284,769 284,769 284,769 284,769 - Total expenditures 20,293,884 18,692,459 18,199,725 492,734 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (2,188,884) 980,042 70,703 (909,339) Other financing sources (uses): 300,000 83,025 83,020 (5) Advances in 300,000 83,025 83,020 (5) Advances out (300,000) - - - Transfers out (1,250,000) (1,100,000) (1,100,000) - Total other financing sources (uses) (1,250,000) (985,225) (985,239) (14) Net change in fund ba	Security of persons and property:							
Community environment 1,721,675 1,430,757 1,390,721 40,036 Leisure time activities 2,003,688 1,741,351 1,643,822 97,529 Debt service: Principal retirement 7,091,981 7,225,931 7,225,914 17 Interest and fiscal charges 284,769 284,769 284,769 - Total expenditures 20,293,884 18,692,459 18,199,725 492,734 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (2,188,884) 980,042 70,703 (909,339) Other financing sources (uses): Sale of capital assets - 31,750 31,741 (9) Advances in 300,000 83,025 83,020 (5) Advances out (300,000) - - - Transfers out (1,250,000) (1,100,000) (1,100,000) - Total other financing sources (uses) (1,250,000) (985,225) (985,239) (14) Net change in fund balances (3,438,884) (5,183) (914,536) (909,353) </td <td></td> <td>5,467,037</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>4,737,225</td> <td></td> <td>182,500</td>		5,467,037			4,737,225		182,500	
Leisure time activities 2,003,688 1,741,351 1,643,822 97,529 Debt service: Principal retirement 7,091,981 7,225,931 7,225,914 17 Interest and fiscal charges 284,769 284,769 284,769 284,769 - Total expenditures 20,293,884 18,692,459 18,199,725 492,734 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (2,188,884) 980,042 70,703 (909,339) Other financing sources (uses): Sale of capital assets - 31,750 31,741 (9) Advances in 300,000 83,025 83,020 (5) Advances out (300,000) - - - Transfers out (1,250,000) (1,100,000) (1,100,000) - Total other financing sources (uses) (1,250,000) (985,225) (985,239) (14) Net change in fund balances (3,438,884) (5,183) (914,536) (909,353) Fund balances at beginning of year 7,483,075 7,483,075 7,483,075 7		108,000			100,566			
Debt service: 7,091,981 7,225,931 7,225,914 17 Interest and fiscal charges 284,769 284,769 284,769 - Total expenditures 20,293,884 18,692,459 18,199,725 492,734 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (2,188,884) 980,042 70,703 (909,339) Other financing sources (uses): Sale of capital assets - 31,750 31,741 (9) Advances in 300,000 83,025 83,020 (5) Advances out (300,000) - - - Transfers out (1,250,000) (1,100,000) (1,100,000) - Total other financing sources (uses) (3,438,884) (5,183) (914,536) (909,353) Fund balances at beginning of year 7,483,075 7,483,075 7,483,075 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 175,684 175,684 175,684 -	Community environment	1,721,675		1,430,757	1,390,721		40,036	
Principal retirement 7,091,981 7,225,931 7,225,914 17 Interest and fiscal charges 284,769 284,769 284,769 - Total expenditures 20,293,884 18,692,459 18,199,725 492,734 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (2,188,884) 980,042 70,703 (909,339) Other financing sources (uses): Sale of capital assets - 31,750 31,741 (9) Advances in 300,000 83,025 83,020 (5) Advances out (300,000) - - - Transfers out (1,250,000) (1,100,000) (1,100,000) - Total other financing sources (uses) (1,250,000) (985,225) (985,239) (14) Net change in fund balances (3,438,884) (5,183) (914,536) (909,353) Fund balances at beginning of year 7,483,075 7,483,075 7,483,075 7,483,075 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 175,684 175,684 175,684 -	Leisure time activities	2,003,688		1,741,351	1,643,822		97,529	
Interest and fiscal charges 284,769 284,769 284,769 - Total expenditures 20,293,884 18,692,459 18,199,725 492,734 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (2,188,884) 980,042 70,703 (909,339) Other financing sources (uses): Sale of capital assets - 31,750 31,741 (9) Advances in 300,000 83,025 83,020 (5) Advances out (300,000) - - - Transfers out (1,250,000) (1,100,000) (1,100,000) - Total other financing sources (uses) (1,250,000) (985,225) (985,239) (14) Net change in fund balances (3,438,884) (5,183) (914,536) (909,353) Fund balances at beginning of year 7,483,075 7,483,075 7,483,075 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 175,684 175,684 175,684 -	Debt service:							
Total expenditures 20,293,884 18,692,459 18,199,725 492,734 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (2,188,884) 980,042 70,703 (909,339) Other financing sources (uses): Sale of capital assets - 31,750 31,741 (9) Advances in 300,000 83,025 83,020 (5) Advances out (300,000) - - - Transfers out (1,250,000) (1,100,000) (1,100,000) - Total other financing sources (uses) (1,250,000) (985,225) (985,239) (14) Net change in fund balances (3,438,884) (5,183) (914,536) (909,353) Fund balances at beginning of year 7,483,075 7,483,075 7,483,075 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 175,684 175,684 175,684 -	Principal retirement	7,091,981		7,225,931	7,225,914		17	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (2,188,884) 980,042 70,703 (909,339) Other financing sources (uses): Sale of capital assets - 31,750 31,741 (9) Advances in 300,000 83,025 83,020 (5) Advances out (300,000) Transfers out (1,250,000) (1,100,000) (1,100,000) - Total other financing sources (uses) (1,250,000) (985,225) (985,239) (14) Net change in fund balances (3,438,884) (5,183) (914,536) (909,353) Fund balances at beginning of year 7,483,075 7,483,075 7,483,075 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 175,684 175,684 -	Interest and fiscal charges	284,769		284,769	284,769		-	
over (under) expenditures (2,188,884) 980,042 70,703 (909,339) Other financing sources (uses): Sale of capital assets - 31,750 31,741 (9) Advances in 300,000 83,025 83,020 (5) Advances out (300,000) - - - - Transfers out (1,250,000) (1,100,000) (1,100,000) - - Total other financing sources (uses) (1,250,000) (985,225) (985,239) (14) Net change in fund balances (3,438,884) (5,183) (914,536) (909,353) Fund balances at beginning of year 7,483,075 7,483,075 7,483,075 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 175,684 175,684 175,684 -	Total expenditures	 20,293,884		18,692,459	18,199,725		492,734	
Other financing sources (uses): Sale of capital assets - 31,750 31,741 (9) Advances in 300,000 83,025 83,020 (5) Advances out (300,000) - - - Transfers out (1,250,000) (1,100,000) (1,100,000) - Total other financing sources (uses) (1,250,000) (985,225) (985,239) (14) Net change in fund balances (3,438,884) (5,183) (914,536) (909,353) Fund balances at beginning of year 7,483,075 7,483,075 7,483,075 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 175,684 175,684 175,684 -	Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
Sale of capital assets - 31,750 31,741 (9) Advances in 300,000 83,025 83,020 (5) Advances out (300,000) - - - Transfers out (1,250,000) (1,100,000) (1,100,000) - Total other financing sources (uses) (1,250,000) (985,225) (985,239) (14) Net change in fund balances (3,438,884) (5,183) (914,536) (909,353) Fund balances at beginning of year 7,483,075 7,483,075 7,483,075 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 175,684 175,684 175,684 -	over (under) expenditures	 (2,188,884)		980,042	 70,703		(909,339)	
Advances in 300,000 83,025 83,020 (5) Advances out (300,000) - - - Transfers out (1,250,000) (1,100,000) (1,100,000) - Total other financing sources (uses) (1,250,000) (985,225) (985,239) (14) Net change in fund balances (3,438,884) (5,183) (914,536) (909,353) Fund balances at beginning of year 7,483,075 7,483,075 7,483,075 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 175,684 175,684 175,684 -								
Advances out (300,000) - - - - Transfers out (1,250,000) (1,100,000) (1,100,000) - Total other financing sources (uses) (1,250,000) (985,225) (985,239) (14) Net change in fund balances (3,438,884) (5,183) (914,536) (909,353) Fund balances at beginning of year 7,483,075 7,483,075 7,483,075 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 175,684 175,684 175,684 -	Sale of capital assets	-		31,750	31,741		(9)	
Transfers out (1,250,000) (1,100,000) (1,100,000) - Total other financing sources (uses) (1,250,000) (985,225) (985,239) (14) Net change in fund balances (3,438,884) (5,183) (914,536) (909,353) Fund balances at beginning of year 7,483,075 7,483,075 7,483,075 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 175,684 175,684 175,684 -	Advances in	300,000		83,025	83,020		(5)	
Total other financing sources (uses) (1,250,000) (985,225) (985,239) (14) Net change in fund balances (3,438,884) (5,183) (914,536) (909,353) Fund balances at beginning of year 7,483,075 7,483,075 7,483,075 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 175,684 175,684 175,684 -	Advances out	(300,000)		-	-		-	
Net change in fund balances (3,438,884) (5,183) (914,536) (909,353) Fund balances at beginning of year 7,483,075 7,483,075 7,483,075 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 175,684 175,684 175,684 -	Transfers out	 (1,250,000)		(1,100,000)	 (1,100,000)			
Fund balances at beginning of year 7,483,075 7,483,075 7,483,075 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 175,684 175,684 175,684 -	Total other financing sources (uses)	 (1,250,000)		(985,225)	(985,239)		(14)	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated 175,684 175,684 175,684 -	Net change in fund balances	(3,438,884)		(5,183)	(914,536)		(909,353)	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated 175,684 175,684 175,684 -	Fund balances at beginning of year	7,483.075		7,483.075	7,483.075		_	
	0 0 .						_	
- 1,21,30,0 ψ 1,000,010 ψ 0,711,220 ψ (707,300)	Fund balance at end of year	\$ 4,219,875	\$	7,653,576	\$ 6,744,223	\$	(909,353)	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) FIRE OPERATING LEVY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

		Budgeted	ints		Fina	ance with al Budget ositive	
	0	riginal		Final	Actual		egative)
Revenues:		_			 _		
Real and other taxes	\$	963,000	\$	871,325	\$ 871,318	\$	(7)
Charges for services		4,000		7,025	7,049		24
Intergovernmental		24,000		48,200	 48,176		(24)
Total revenues		991,000	-	926,550	 926,543		(7)
Expenditures: Current:							
Security of persons and property		1,722,138		1,421,127	1,384,102		37,025
Total expenditures		1,722,138		1,421,127	1,384,102		37,025
Excess of expenditures over revenues		(731,138)		(494,577)	 (457,559)		37,018
Other financing sources:							
Transfers in		550,000		550,000	550,000		-
Total other financing sources		550,000		550,000	550,000		
Net change in fund balances		(181,138)		55,423	92,441		37,018
Fund balances at beginning of year		253,456		253,456	253,456		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		25,388		25,388	25,388		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	97,706	\$	334,267	\$ 371,285	\$	37,018

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES LEVY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Property taxes	\$ 1,891,700	\$ 1,773,900	\$ 1,773,887	\$ (13)
Charges for services	666,000	833,075	833,075	-
Intergovernmental	121,300	126,525	126,503	(22)
Total revenues	2,679,000	2,733,500	2,733,465	(35)
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Public health and welfare	2,808,401	2,638,008	2,529,069	108,939
Total expenditures	2,808,401	2,638,008	2,529,069	108,939
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	(129,401)	95,492	204,396	108,904
Other financing sources:				
Sale of capital assets	-	25	29	4
Transfers in	100,000	100,000	100,000	-
Total other financing sources	100,000	100,025	100,029	4
Net change in fund balances	(29,401)	195,517	304,425	108,908
Fund balance at beginning of year	515,976	515,976	515,976	-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	56,001	56,001	56,001	-
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 542,576	\$ 767,494	\$ 876,402	\$ 108,908

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2023

			Busine	ss-type Activit	ies - E	nterprise Fund	ls		Governmental Activities -		
		Water		Sewer		Garbage		Total		Internal rvice Fund	
Assets:		vv atei		Sewei		Garbage		Total	36	vice i unu	
Current assets:											
Equity in pooled cash and investments Receivables:	\$	7,155,473	\$	3,016,152	\$	624,675	\$	10,796,300	\$	1,416,190	
Accounts		786,974		455,334		6,076		1,248,384		-	
Special assessments		138		19,372		2.700		19,510		-	
Intergovernmental Materials and supplies inventory		102,605 480,423		9,999		2,708		105,313 490,422		-	
Prepayments		14,328		2,602		1,023		17,953		<u> </u>	
Total current assets		8,539,941		3,503,459		634,482		12,677,882		1,416,190	
Noncurrent assets:											
Net pension asset		34,017		11,347		1,334		46,698		-	
Capital assets:		2 1 60 450		165 475				2 224 024			
Non-depreciable capital assets Depreciable/amortizable capital assets, net		2,169,459		165,475		-		2,334,934		-	
Total capital assets, net		32,233,609 34,403,068		9,092,770 9,258,245				41,326,379 43,661,313			
•	-				_		_				
Total noncurrent assets		34,437,085		9,269,592		1,334		43,708,011			
Total assets		42,977,026		12,773,051		635,816		56,385,893		1,416,190	
Deferred outflows of resources:											
Unamortized deferred charges on debt refunding		77,547		-		-		77,547		-	
Pension		1,001,005		335,291		45,584		1,381,880		-	
OPEB		152,117		50,741		5,987		208,845			
Total deferred outflows of resources		1,230,669		386,032		51,571		1,668,272			
Liabilities:											
Current liabilities:											
Accounts payable		79,822		6,795		101,823		188,440		1,719	
Accrued wages and benefits payable		91,694		26,675		1,255		119,624		-	
Intergovernmental payable Accrued interest payable		43,219 28,538		187,072 1,198		1,053		231,344 29,736		-	
General obligation bonds payable		28,338 351,876		1,198		-		351,876		_	
OWDA loans payable		777,453		9,770				787,223			
OPWC loans payable		100,932		14,968		_		115,900		_	
Intergovernmental loans payable		-		244,671		_		244,671		_	
Claims and judgements payable		-		· -		-		-		372,697	
Leases payable		5,428		-		-		5,428		-	
Notes payable - financed purchase		75,168		-		-		75,168		-	
Total current liabilities		1,554,130		491,149		104,131		2,149,410		374,416	
Long-term liabilities:											
General obligation bonds payable		1,214,811		-		-		1,214,811		-	
OWDA loans payable		376,403		60,101		-		436,504		-	
OPWC loans payable		662,884		127,222		-		790,106		-	
Notes payable - financed purchase		77,077		- 161.047		-		77,077		-	
Intergovernmental loans payable		6 822		2,161,047		-		2,161,047		-	
Leases payable Net pension liability		6,822 2,318,859		773,538		90,932		6,822 3,183,329		-	
Net OPEB liability		50,218		16,752		1,969		68,939			
Total long-term liabilities		4,707,074		3,138,660		92,901		7,938,635			
Total liabilities		6,261,204		3,629,809		197,032		10,088,045		374,416	
Deferred inflows of resources:				· ·		· ·	-	· · · · ·		-	
Pension		94,761		16,276		830		111,867		-	
OPEB		22,557		8,189		762		31,508			
Total deferred inflows of resources		117,318		24,465		1,592	_	143,375		-	
Net position:											
Net investment in capital assets		31,021,211		6,640,466		-		37,661,677		-	
Restricted for pension Unrestricted		34,017 6 773 945		11,347		1,334		46,698		1 041 774	
	•	6,773,945	•	2,852,996	•	487,429		10,114,370	•	1,041,774	
Total net position		37,829,173		9,504,809	\$	488,763		47,822,745	\$	1,041,774	
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of the internal	l service	tund activities	related	to enterprise fu	ınds.		_	290,263			
Net position of business-type activities							\$	48,113,008			

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

		В	usine	ss-type Activit	ies - F	Enterprise Fund	ls		Governmental	
		Water		Sewer		Garbage		Total		ctivities - Internal vice Funds
Operating revenues:		5 10 1 0 5 2	Φ.	2.024.056	ф	1.265.104	Φ.	10 015 110	•	2.166.665
Charges for services	\$	7,124,973	\$	3,924,956	\$	1,265,184	\$	12,315,113	\$	2,166,665
Tap-in fees		167,723		75,089		0.204		242,812		1 800
Other operating revenues Total operating revenues		97,948		52,287 4,052,332		9,294 1,274,478		159,529		1,800 2,168,465
Total operating revenues		7,390,644		4,032,332	_	1,2/4,4/8		12,717,454		2,108,403
Operating expenses:										
Personal services		2,215,158		779,550		99,434		3,094,142		-
Contract services		1,254,499		2,047,027		1,180,057		4,481,583		550,181
Materials and supplies		773,570		29,164		53,017		855,751		-
Claims expense		-		-		-		-		1,927,381
Depreciation/amortization		1,878,269		768,577				2,646,846		-
Total operating expenses		6,121,496		3,624,318		1,332,508		11,078,322		2,477,562
Operating income (loss)		1,269,148		428,014		(58,030)		1,639,132		(309,097)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):										
Interest and fiscal charges		(92,947)		(78,605)		-		(171,552)		-
Gain on disposal of capital assets		21,791		-		-		21,791		-
Intergovernmental						10,831		10,831		
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		(71,156)		(78,605)		10,831		(138,930)		-
Income (loss) before capital										
contributions		1,197,992		349,409		(47,199)		1,500,202		(309,097)
Capital contributions		102,605						102,605		
Change in net position		1,300,597		349,409		(47,199)		1,602,807		(309,097)
Net position at beginning of year		36,528,576		9,155,400		535,962				1,350,871
Net position at end of year	\$	37,829,173	\$	9,504,809	\$	488,763			\$	1,041,774
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of interr	nal service f	und activities re	lated t	o enterprise fun	nds			(83,764)		
Change in not necition of hydrone to the city							¢.	1.510.042		
Change in net position of business-type activities	es						\$	1,519,043		

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

			Go	Governmental				
	Water		Sewer	Garbage		Total		ctivities - Internal rvice Fund
Cash flows from operating activities:			 	 				
Cash received from customers	\$ 7,017,	974	\$ 3,784,117	\$ 1,264,017	\$	12,066,108	\$	-
Cash received from interfund services		-	-	-		-		2,166,665
Cash received from tap-in fees	167,	723	75,089	-		242,812		-
Cash received from other operations	97,	948	52,287	9,294		159,529		1,800
Cash payments for personal services	(2,213.		(761,335)	(93,683)		(3,068,653)		_
Cash payments for contractual services	(1,247,	471)	(2,015,608)	(1,179,048)		(4,442,127)		(550,471)
Cash payments for materials and supplies	(808,		(30,034)	(53,036)		(891,841)		-
Cash payments for claims	(000,	-	(= =,== =)	(,)		(0, 1,0 11)		(1,607,637)
Cush payments for claims			 -	 _		-		(1,007,037)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	3,013,	768	 1,104,516	 (52,456)		4,065,828		10,357
Cook flows from nonconital financing activities								
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:				10.721		10.721		
Cash received from grants and subsidies			 	 18,721	-	18,721	-	-
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities			 	 18,721		18,721		-
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:								
Sale of capital assets	24,	000	-	-		24,000		-
Acquisition of capital assets	(1,422,	224)	(57,180)	-		(1,479,404)		-
Notes payable - financed purchase proceeds		-	-	-		-		-
Principal payments - bonds	(349,	528)	-	-		(349,528)		-
Principal payments - OWDA loans	(750,	028)	(9,444)	-		(759,472)		-
Principal payments - OPWC loans	(50,	061)	(7,484)	-		(57,545)		-
Principal payments - intergovernmental loans	•	_	(231,401)	_		(231,401)		_
Principal payments - leases payable	(4.	671)		_		(4,671)		_
Principal payments - notes payable - financed purchase	(157,		_	_		(157,060)		
Interest and fiscal charges - bonds	, ,	577)	_	_		(50,577)		_
Interest and fiscal charges - OWDA loans	, ,	567)	(2,308)	_		(66,875)		_
Interest and fiscal charges - intergovernmental loans	(- ,	-	(76,459)	_		(76,459)		_
Interest and fiscal charges - leases	(401)	-	_		(401)		_
Interest and fiscal charges - notes payable - financed purch	,	856)	 	 				
Net cash used in capital and related								
financing activities	(2,832,	973)	 (384,276)	 		(3,209,393)		-
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	180,	795	720,240	(33,735)		875,156		10,357
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	6,974,	678	2,295,912	658,410		8,017,163		1,405,833
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 7,155,	473	\$ 3,016,152	\$ 624,675	\$	10,796,300	\$	1,416,190

- - Continued

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds									Governmental	
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	Water		Sewer		Garbage		<u>Total</u>		Activities - Internal Service Fund		
Operating income (loss)	\$	1,269,148	\$	428,014	\$	(58,030)	\$	1,639,132	\$	(309,097)	
Adjustments:											
Depreciation/amortization		1,878,269		768,577		-		2,646,846		-	
Changes in assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows:											
Accounts receivable		(107,147)		(138,752)		(1,167)		(247,066)		-	
Special assessments receivable		148		(2,087)		-		(1,939)		-	
Materials and supplies inventory		(41,727)		(851)		-		(42,578)		-	
Prepayments		(3,436)		(761)		(1,023)		(5,220)		-	
Net pension asset		29,557		7,641		551		37,749		-	
Net OPEB asset		266,293		79,536		7,895		353,724		-	
Deferred outflows - Pension		(601,795)		(212,112)		(34,136)		(848,043)		-	
Deferred outflows - OPEB		(110,490)		(35,465)		(5,036)		(150,991)		-	
Accounts payable		(52,700)		(2,496)		2,013		(53,183)		(290)	
Accrued wages and benefits		2,156		12,502		131		14,789		-	
Intergovernmental payable		5,002		8,385		359		13,746		-	
Net pension liability		1,599,379		558,644		69,602		2,227,625		-	
Net OPEB liability		50,218		16,752		1,969		68,939		-	
Deferred inflows - Pension		(900,763)		(301,365)		(27,860)		(1,229,988)		-	
Deferred inflows - OPEB		(268,344)		(81,646)		(7,724)		(357,714)		-	
Claims payable		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		-		319,744	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	3,013,768	\$	1,104,516	\$	(52,456)	\$	4,065,828	\$	10,357	

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Cı	ıstodial
Assets: Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	5,299
Total assets		5,299
Net position: Restricted for individuals, organizations and other governments		5,299
Total net position	\$	5,299

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Custodial
Additions: Licenses, permits and fees for other governments Other custodial fund collections	\$ 2,199 21,595
Total additions	 23,794
Deductions: Other custodial fund disbursements	 21,595
Total deductions	21,595
Net change in fiduciary net position	2,199
Net position beginning of year	 3,100
Net position end of year	\$ 5,299

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE CITY

The City was incorporated as a village in 1831 and became a city in 1962. The City of North Canton (the "City") is a charter municipal corporation, incorporated under the laws of the State of Ohio. The City operates under a "Mayor-Administrator-Council" form of government. Elected officials include seven council members and a mayor.

Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "<u>Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units</u>" and GASB Statement No. 61, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus</u>". The reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the City consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the City. For the City of North Canton this includes the departments that provide the following services: police, fire, emergency medical, parks and recreation, water and sewer, rubbish collection, street construction, maintenance and repair and general administrative services.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the City is financially accountable. The City is financially accountable for an organization if the City appoints a voting majority of the organization's Governing Board and (1) the City is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; (2) the City is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; (3) the City is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance deficits of or provide financial support to the organization; or (4) the City is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations for which the City approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes. Certain organizations are also included as component units if the nature and significance of the relationship between the primary government and the organization is such that exclusion by the primary government would render the primary governments financial statements incomplete or misleading. The City has one discretely presented component unit.

Community Improvement Corporation (CIC) - The City of North Canton Community Improvement Corporation was formed pursuant to Ordinance 103-80 passed October 28, 1980. The CIC was designated as the not-for-profit agency of the City for industrial, commercial, distribution and research development. The membership of the CIC was expanded in 2005 and now includes the Mayor, Director of Administration, Director of Finance, President of Council, Chairperson of Council's Community and Economic Development Committee, one additional member appointed by Council and two members appointed by the Mayor. The CIC is also dependent on the City for financial support and is therefore presented as a component unit of the City. Financial statements can be obtained from the Director of Finance, Community Improvement Corporation, 145 North Main Street, North Canton, Ohio 44720.

The City participates in three jointly governed organizations: the Stark Council of Governments, the Stark County Combined General Health District and the Regional Income Tax Agency (RITA). These organizations are described in Note 19 of the Basic Financial Statements.

Information in the following notes to the basic financial statements is applicable to the primary government. Information relative to the component unit is presented in Note 22.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

A. Basis of Presentation

The City's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities, and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-Wide Financial Statements - The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the City as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the City that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities. The activity of the internal service fund is eliminated to avoid "doubling up" revenues and expenses.

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial condition of the governmental and business-type activities of the City at year end. The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the City's governmental activities and for the business-type activities of the City. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the City, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental program is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the City. The City does not eliminate interfund services provided and used when consolidating activities.

Fund Financial Statements - During the year, the City segregates transactions related to certain City functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the City at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The internal service fund is presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statements. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

B. Fund Accounting

The City uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The City's funds are classified as either governmental, proprietary or fiduciary.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Governmental Funds - Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets plus deferred outflows less liabilities plus deferred inflows is reported as fund balance. The following are the City's major governmental funds:

General fund - The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Fire Operating Levy fund - The fire operating levy fund accounts for property taxes that are restricted for the partial operation of the fire department.

Emergency medical services levy fund - The emergency medical services levy fund accounts for property taxes levied that are restricted for the partial operation of the emergency medical service department.

Capital improvement fund - The capital improvement fund accounts for City income tax revenue that is committed and bond proceeds that are restricted for various capital projects.

Other governmental funds of the City are used to account for (a) financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets and (b) specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to an expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

Proprietary Funds - Proprietary fund reporting focuses on the determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position and cash flows. Proprietary funds are classified as either enterprise or internal service.

Enterprise Funds - Enterprise funds may be used to account for any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services. The City's major enterprise funds are:

Water fund - This fund accounts for the treatment and provision of water to the residents and commercial users of the City and certain residents of the County.

Sewer fund - This fund accounts for the sanitary sewer services provided to the residents and commercial users of the City and certain residents of the County.

Garbage fund - This fund accounts for the garbage and recycling service provided by a successful bidder for the residential users of the City.

Internal service fund - The internal service fund accounts for the financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the City on a cost reimbursement basis. The City's only internal service fund accounts for a self-insurance program for employee medical/surgical benefits.

Fiduciary Funds - Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private purpose trust funds and custodial funds. Trust funds are distinguished from custodial funds by the existence of a trust agreement or equivalent arrangements that have certain characteristics. Custodial funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in a trust fund. The City's custodial funds are the permit fee fund and the North Ridge development fund.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus

Government-Wide Financial Statements - The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All non-fiduciary assets, all deferred outflows of resources, all liabilities and all deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the City are included on the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Activities presents increases (e.g. revenues) and decreases (e.g. expenses) in total net position.

Fund Financial Statements - All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets, current deferred outflows of resources, current liabilities and current deferred inflows of resources generally are included on the Balance Sheet. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Like the government-wide statements, all proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets, all deferred outflows of resources, all liabilities and all deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of these funds are included on the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total assets. The Statement of Cash Flows provides information about how the City finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

Fiduciary Funds - The fiduciary funds are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting; proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred inflows, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues - Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions - Revenues resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, are recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year. For the City, available means expected to be received within thirty-one days of year end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the City receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include income taxes, property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from income taxes is recognized in the period in which the income is earned. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 5). Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the City must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the City on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at year end: income tax, State-levied locally shared taxes (including gasoline tax and motor vehicle license fees), fines and forfeitures, interest, grants and rentals.

Unearned Revenues - The City defers revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not earned. Unearned revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as unearned revenue. Unearned revenue consists primarily of deposits held for various programs and grants.

<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> - In addition to assets, the government-wide statement of net position will report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. See Notes 12 and 13 for deferred outflows of resources related to net pension liability/asset and net OPEB liability/asset, respectively. In addition, deferred outflows of resources include a deferred charge on debt refunding. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

In addition to liabilities, both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Deferred inflows of resources include property taxes and unavailable revenue. Property taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of December 31, 2023, but which were levied to finance 2024 operations. These amounts have been recorded as a deferred inflow of resources on both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental funds balance sheet, and represents receivables which will not be collected within the available period. Unavailable revenue includes, but is not limited to, delinquent property taxes and intergovernmental grants. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available. The deferred inflow of resources for leases is related to the lease receivable and is being amortized to lease revenue in a systematic and rational manner over the term of the lease.

See Notes 12 and 13 for deferred inflows of resources related to net pension liability/asset and net OPEB liability/asset, respectively. These deferred inflows of resources are only reported on the government-wide statement of net position.

Expenses/Expenditures - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

E. Budgetary Process

All funds, except custodial funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the alternate tax budget, the Certificate of Estimated Resources, and the appropriations resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The alternate tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The Certificate of Estimated Resources establishes a limit on the amount Council may appropriate. The appropriations resolution is Council's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by Council. The legal level of control has been established by Council at the fund function level for all funds. Budgetary modification may only be made by resolution of the City Council at the legal level of control. Budgetary statements are presented beyond that legal level of control for information purposes only.

The Certificate of Estimated Resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the Finance Director. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the Certificate of Estimated Resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the amended Certificate of Estimated Resources in effect at the time final appropriations were passed by Council.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation resolution for that fund that covered the entire year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by Council during the year.

F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the City is pooled. Monies for all funds, including the proprietary funds, are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through City records. Interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and investments".

Funding of the Community Improvement Corporation (CIC) is included on the financial statements as "cash and cash equivalents with escrow agent".

Investments were limited to Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FFCB) securities, Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB) securities, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC) securities, Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA) securities, negotiable certificates of deposit, U.S. Treasury notes, U.S. government money market and State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio).

The City invested in STAR Ohio. STAR Ohio (the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio), is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 79, "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants." The City measures its investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides an NAV per share that approximates fair value.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

For 2023, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, 24 hours notice in advance of all deposits and withdrawals exceeding \$100 million is encouraged. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$250 million, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$250 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value which is based on quoted market prices. Nonparticipating investment contracts, such as repurchase agreements and non-negotiable certificates of deposit, are reported at cost.

Investment procedures are restricted by the provisions of the Ohio Revised Code. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during 2023 amounted to \$1,076,863, which includes \$788,957 assigned from other City funds.

Investments with an original maturity of three months or less and investments of the cash management pool are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents.

G. Prepayments

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond December 31, 2023, are recorded as prepayments using the consumption method by recording a current asset for the prepaid amount at the time of the purchase and the expenditure/expense in the year in which services are consumed. At year end, because prepayments are not available to finance future governmental fund expenditures, a nonspendable fund balance is recorded by an amount equal to the carrying value of the asset on the fund financial statements.

H. Inventory

Inventories are presented at cost on a first-in, first-out basis and are expended/expensed when used. Inventory consists of expendable supplies. On the fund financial statements, reported material and supplies inventory is equally offset by a nonspendable fund balance which indicates that it does not constitute available spendable resources even though it is a component of net current assets.

I. Capital Assets

Governmental capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide Statement of Net Position, but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the enterprise funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide Statement of Net Position and in the respective funds.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and deductions during the year. The City was able to estimate the historical cost for the initial reporting of infrastructure by back trending (i.e., estimating the current replacement cost of the infrastructure to be capitalized and using an appropriate price-level index to deflate the cost to the acquisition year or estimated acquisition year). Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition values as of the date received. Capital assets received in a service concession arrangement are reported at acquisition value. The City's capitalization threshold is \$5,000. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not. Interest incurred during the construction of capital assets utilized by the enterprise funds is also capitalized.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

All reported capital assets except land, easements and right of ways and construction in progress are depreciated/amortized. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Useful lives for infrastructure were estimated based on the City's historical records or necessary improvements and replacement. Depreciation/amortization is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Governmental	Business-Type
Activities	Activities
Estimated Lives	Estimated Lives
20 years	10 - 40 years
20 - 50 years	20 - 50 years
10 - 15 years	3 - 15 years
10 - 15 years	3 - 15 years
5 - 50 years	5 years
20 - 50 years	40 years
n/a	10 years
	Activities Estimated Lives 20 years 20 - 50 years 10 - 15 years 10 - 15 years 5 - 50 years 20 - 50 years

The City is reporting intangible right-to-use assets related to land, equipment and Subscription Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs). The intangible assets are being amortized in a systematic and rational manner of the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset.

The City's infrastructure consists of a streets subsystem, a storm sewers subsystem, a bridge subsystem, and water and sewer lines including infrastructure acquired before December 31, 1980.

J. Interfund Balances

On the fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund loans receivables/payables". Receivables and payables resulting from negative cash balances are classified as "due to/due from other funds". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the Statement of Net Position, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances. At December 31, 2023, there were interfund balances outstanding.

K. Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the City will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The City records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all employees with more than one year of service.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those the City has identified as probable of receiving payment in the future. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employees' wage rates at year end, taking into consideration any limits specified in the City's termination policy. The City records a liability for accumulated unused sick leave for employees after one year of service with the City.

On governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures to the extent payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. These amounts are recorded in the account "compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid and only if they have matured (i.e. unused reimbursable leave still outstanding following an employee's resignation or retirement). The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

L. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary funds financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds are recognized as a liability on the governmental fund financial statements when due. Net pension/OPEB liability should be recognized in the governmental funds to the extent that benefit payments are due and payable and the pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is not sufficient for payment of those benefits.

M. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amount of loans receivable.

<u>Restricted</u> - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints are placed on the use of resources that are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (ordinance) of City Council (the highest level of decision making authority). Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless City Council removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

<u>Assigned</u> - Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the City for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted nor committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by policies (resolutions) of City Council, which includes giving the Director of Finance the authority to constrain monies for intended purposes.

<u>Unassigned</u> - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is only used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The City applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) fund balance is available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

N. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets plus deferred outflows of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets or related debt also should be included in this component of net position. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. None of the restricted net position on the government-wide Statement of Net Position is restricted by enabling legislation.

The City applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

O. Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the City, these revenues are for water, sewer, garbage and recycling and self-insurance programs. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the goods or services that are the primary activity of the funds. All revenues and expenses not meeting these definitions are reported as non-operating.

P. Contributions of Capital

Contributions of capital in governmental activities and proprietary fund financial statements arise from outside contributions of capital assets, tap-in fees to the extent they exceed the cost of the connection to the system, from grants or outside contributions of resources restricted to capital acquisition and construction, or from other funds within the City.

Q. Internal Activity

Transfers between governmental and business-type activities on the government-wide statements are reported in the same manner as general revenues. Internal allocations of overhead expenses from one function to another or within the same function are eliminated on the statement of activities. Interfund payments for services provided and used are not eliminated.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

R. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

S. Unamortized Bond Premiums, Unamortized Accounting Loss and Bond Issuance Costs

Bond premiums are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method. Bond premiums are presented as an addition to the face amount of the bonds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

On the governmental fund financial statements, bond premiums are recognized in the current period. The reconciliation between the bonds face value and the amount reported on the Statement of Net Position is presented in Note 15.

For advance refundings resulting in the defeasance of debt, the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt is deferred and amortized as a component of interest expense. This accounting gain or loss is amortized over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter, and is presented as a deferred outflow of resources.

Bond issuance costs are expensed when they occur.

T. Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability, net pension asset, net OPEB asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related pensions/OPEB, and pension/OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

U. Fair Value Measurements

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Change in Accounting Principles

For 2023, the City has implemented GASB Statement No. 94, "Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements", GASB Statement No. 96, "Subscription Based Information Technology Arrangements", certain questions and answers of GASB Implementation Guide 2021-1 and certain paragraphs of GASB Statement No. 99, "Omnibus 2022".

GASB Statement No. 94 is to improve financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public partnership arrangements (PPPs). As used in this Statement, a PPP is an arrangement in which a government (the transferor) contracts with an operator (a governmental or nongovernmental entity) to provide public services by conveying control of the right to operate or use a nonfinancial asset, such as infrastructure or other capital asset (the underlying PPP asset), for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 94 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the City.

GASB Statement No. 96 provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). This Statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset—an intangible asset—and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. To the extent relevant, the standards for SBITAs are based on the standards established in Statement No. 87, Leases, as amended. These changes were incorporated in the City's 2023 financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

GASB Implementation Guide 2021-1 provides clarification on issues related to previously established GASB guidance. The implementation of GASB Implementation Guide 2021-1 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the City.

GASB Statement No. 99 is to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 99 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the City.

B. Deficit Fund Balances

Fund balances at December 31, 2023 included the following individual fund deficit:

Deficit

Nonmajor governmental funds

Municipal Road Fund

\$ 6,981

The general fund is liable for any deficit in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. The deficit fund balance resulted from adjustments for accrued liabilities.

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Monies held by the City are classified by State Statute into three categories:

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the City Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that Council has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits in interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal or interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, and Government National Mortgage Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio, and with certain limitations including a requirement for maturity within ten years from the date of settlement, bonds and other obligations of political subdivisions of the State of Ohio, if training requirements have been met;
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in items (1) or (2) above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool, the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio); and,
- 8. Certain bankers' acceptances for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days) and commercial paper notes (for a period not to exceed two hundred seventy days) in an amount not to exceed 40 percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time if training requirements have been met.

The City may also invest any monies not required to be used for a period of six months or more in the following:

- 1. Bonds of the State of Ohio;
- 2. Bonds of any municipal corporation, village, county, township, or other political subdivision of this State, as to which there is no default of principal, interest or coupons; and,
- 3. Obligations of the City.

Protection of the deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by the financial institutions participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. Except as noted above, an investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the City, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the treasurer or qualified trustee or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

A. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At December 31, 2023, the carrying amount of all City deposits was \$3,428,078. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures", as of December 31, 2023, \$3,274,106 of the City's bank balance of \$3,526,858 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below, while \$252,752 was covered by the FDIC and the remaining was either covered by the Ohio Pooled Collateral System or exposed to custodial credit risk as described below.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the City will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits either be insured or protected by (1) eligible securities pledged to the City's and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose market value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured, or (2) participation in the OPCS, a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total market value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of State. For 2023, the City's financial institutions were approved for a reduced collateral rate of 50 percent through the OPCS. Although all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with Federal requirements could potentially subject the City to a successful claim by the FDIC.

B. Investments

As of December 31, 2023, the City had the following investments and maturities:

			Investment Maturities									
Measurement/	M	easurement	6	months or		7 to 12		13 to 18		19 to 24	G	reater than
Investment type	_	Value	_	less	_	months	_	months	_	months		24 months
Fair value:												
FFCB	\$	2,395,174	\$	-	\$	480,390	\$	118,578	\$	1,048,898	\$	747,308
FHLB		3,839,091		254,607		1,123,718		-		1,579,367		881,399
FHLMC		1,468,448		-		-		378,837		271,623		817,988
FNMA		1,073,584		-		-		-		1,073,584		-
U.S. Treasury notes		941,251		698,586		-		242,665		-		-
Negotiable CDs		7,062,248		2,121,430		1,095,938		478,763		869,891		2,496,226
U.S government money market		702,922		702,922		-		-		-		-
Amortized cost:												
STAR Ohio		5,887,397		5,887,397	_		_					
Total	\$	23,370,115	\$	9,664,942	\$	2,700,046	\$	1,218,843	\$	4,843,363	\$	4,942,921

The weighted average of maturity of investments is 1.06 years.

The City's investments in federal agency securities (FFCB, FHLB, FHLMC and FNMA), negotiable CD's, and U.S. Treasury notes are valued using quoted prices in markets that are not considered to be active, dealer quotations or alternative pricing sources for similar assets or liabilities for which all significant inputs are observable, either directly or indirectly (Level 2 inputs).

Interest Rate Risk: As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to State law, the City's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

Credit Risk: The City's investments in federal agency securities, were rated AA+ and Aaa by Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investor Services, respectively. Standards & Poor's has assigned the U.S. Government money market and STAR Ohio an AAAm rating. The City limits its investments to those authorized by State statute.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The federal agency securities are exposed to custodial credit risk in that they are uninsured, unregistered and held by the counterparty's trust department or agent, but not in the City's name. The City has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the Director of Finance or qualified trustee.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The City places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the City at December 31, 2023:

Measurement/	M	easurement	
<u>Investment type</u>		Value	% of Total
Fair value:			
FFCB	\$	2,395,174	10.25%
FHLB		3,839,091	16.43%
FHLMC		1,468,448	6.28%
FNMA		1,073,584	4.59%
U.S. Treasury notes		941,251	4.03%
Negotiable CD's		7,062,248	30.22%
U.S. government money market		702,922	3.01%
Amortized cost:			
STAR Ohio		5,887,397	<u>25.19</u> %
Total	\$	23,370,115	100.00%

C. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Position

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the note above to cash and investments as reported on the Statement of Net Position as of December 31, 2023:

Cash and investments per note	
Carrying amount of deposits	\$ 3,428,078
Investments	23,370,115
Cash on hand	 1,200
Total	\$ 26,799,393
Cash and Investments per Statement of Net Position	
Governmental activities	\$ 15,997,794
Business-type activites	10,796,300
Custodial funds	 5,299
Total	\$ 26,799,393

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

NOTE 5 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility property located in the City. Taxes collected from real property taxes (other than public utility) in one calendar year are levied in the preceding calendar year on the assessed value as of January 1 of that preceding year, the lien date. Assessed values are established by the County Auditor at 35 percent of appraised market value. All property is required to be revaluated every six years. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits later payment dates to be established.

Public utility real taxes collected in one calendar year are levied in the preceding calendar year on assessed values determined as of December 31 of the second year proceeding the tax collection year, the lien date. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value. 2023 public utility property taxes became a lien December 31, 2022, are levied after October 1, 2023, and are collected in 2024 with real property taxes. Public utility property taxes are payable on the same dates as real property taxes described previously.

The County Treasurer collects property taxes on behalf of all taxing districts in the County, including the City of North Canton. The County Auditor periodically remits to the City its portion of the taxes collected. Property taxes receivable represents real property taxes, public utility taxes and outstanding delinquencies which are measurable as of December 31, 2023 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. In the governmental funds, the current portion receivable has been offset by a deferred inflow of resources since the current taxes were not levied to finance 2023 operations and the collection of delinquent taxes has been offset by a deferred inflow of resources since the collection of the taxes during the available period is not subject to reasonable estimation. On a full accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue while on a modified accrual basis the revenue is deferred.

The full tax rate for all City operations for the year ended December 31, 2023 was \$7.40 per \$1,000 of assessed value. The assessed values of real and tangible personal property upon which 2023 property tax receipts were based are as follows:

Real property

Residential/agricultural	\$ 390,965,860
Commercial/industrial/mineral	107,589,420
Public utility	14,728,550
Total assessed value	\$ 513,283,830

NOTE 6 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at December 31, 2023, consisted primarily of municipal income taxes, property and other taxes and intergovernmental receivables arising from grants, entitlements, and shared revenues, special assessments, accrued interest on investments and accounts (billings for utility service).

An allowance for doubtful accounts in the amount of \$54,919 has been recorded for accounts that are expected to be uncollectible. All receivables except for delinquent property taxes and special assessments are expected to be collected within one year. Property taxes, although ultimately collectible, include some portion of delinquencies that will not be collected within one year.

Special assessments expected to be collected in more than one year amount to \$31,509. At December 31, 2023, the amount of delinquent special assessments was \$14,441.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

NOTE 6 - RECEIVABLES - (Continued)

A. Intergovernmental Receivable

A summary of intergovernmental receivables follows:

Governmental activities:

Local government	\$	205,079
Homestead and rollback		193,239
Street construction, maintenance and repair		507,100
Miscellaneous	_	260,402
Total governmental activities	\$	1,165,820
Business-type activities:		
Water	\$	102,605
Garbage	_	2,708
Total business-type activities	\$	105,313

B. Municipal Income Taxes

The City levies a municipal income tax of 1.5 percent on all income earned within the City as well as on income of residents earned outside of the City. In the latter case, the City allows a credit of 100 percent on the income earned outside of the City and paid to another municipality. Employers within the City are required to withhold income tax on employee earnings and remit the tax to the City either on a monthly basis or quarterly basis, depending on the tax liability. Corporations and other individual taxpayers are required to pay their estimated tax at least quarterly and file a final return annually.

According to the City's Income Tax Ordinance, income tax revenues are to be allocated as follows: (1) Such part thereof as shall be necessary to defray all costs of collection, administration and enforcement of the entire tax imposed by this Ordinance, (2) the balance of the one percent shall be allocated as follows: three-tenths to the Capital Improvement Fund and seven-tenths for general operating purposes, for uses, in each case, as determined by Council and (3) the remaining one-half percent so imposed shall be allocated for general municipal operations and capital improvements in amounts and for uses, in each case, as determined by Council. Additional increases in the income tax rate would require voter approval.

C. Leases Receivable

The City is reporting leases receivable of \$31,950 in the general fund. For 2023, the City recognized lease revenue of \$22,209, which is reported in rental income, and interest revenue of \$1,265.

The City has entered into lease agreements for building space with multiple companies at varying years and terms as follows:

	Lease		Lease	
	Commencement		End	Payment
Leases	Date	Years	Date	Method
1204 N. Main Street	2021	4	2025	Monthly
1206 N. Main St. Suite 119 & 120	2022	3	2025	Monthly

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

NOTE 6 - RECEIVABLES - (Continued)

Lease payments will be paid into the general fund. The following is a schedule of future lease payments under the lease agreements:

Year End						
December 31,	_ <u>F</u>	Principal	<u>Ir</u>	nterest	_	Total
2024	\$	22,874	\$	646	\$	23,520
2025		9,076		65		9,141
Total	\$	31,950	\$	711	\$	32,661

NOTE 7 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. During 2023, the City contracted with U.S. Specialty Insurance for the following coverages:

Commercial General Liability & Employee Benefits:	
Each Occurrence	\$1,000,000
Damage to Rented Premises	\$100,000
Medical Expense	\$10,000
Personal and Advertising Injury	\$1,000,000
General Aggregate	\$3,000,000
Products - Comp/Op Aggregate	\$3,000,000
Stop Gap	\$1,000,000
Automobile:	
Combined Single Limit	\$1,000,000
Comprehensive/Collision Deductible	\$1,000
Umbrella Liability:	
Each Occurrence	\$5,000,000
Aggregate	\$5,000,000
Blanket Property - Building/Contents	\$67,649,923
Law Enforcement Liability	\$1,000,000
Public Officials Liability	\$1,000,000
Employment Practices Liability	\$1,000,000
Employee Dishonesty	\$100,000

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There has not been a significant reduction in coverage from the prior year.

The City pays the State Workers' Compensation System a premium based on a rate per \$100 of salaries. This rate is calculated based on accident history and administrative costs. The City is part of the group rating plan through the Ohio Association of Public Treasurers with Sedgwick as the Third Party Administrator (TPA).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

NOTE 7 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)

The City has elected to provide employee medical/surgical benefits through a self-insured program. The City maintains a self-insurance internal service fund to account for and finance its uninsured risks of loss in this program. This plan is offered to employees as a traditional preferred provider option (PPO) or a high-deductible health savings account (HSA). The traditional PPO plan provides a medical/surgical plan with a \$500 single/\$1,000 family deductible for in-network providers and \$2,000 single/\$4,000 family in-network out-of-pocket, with claims paid at 90% in-network and 70% out-of-network. The deductible doubles for out-of-network providers, and the out-of-pocket is \$3,500 single/\$7,000 family for out-of-network providers. The high-deductible HSA PPO plan has a \$1,500 single/\$3,000 family deductible, and \$6,000 single/\$12,000 family out-of-network out-of-pocket maximum, with claims paid at 100% in-network after deductible. Medical Mutual serves as the City's third-party administrator to review, process and pay all claims on behalf of the City.

The City purchases stop-loss coverage for claims in excess of \$60,000 per employee per year and an aggregate of \$1,000,000. The City pays 89%, and employees pay 11% of monthly COBRA rates into the self-insurance internal service fund for total monthly premium:

	Traditional PPO	High-deductible HSA
Single	\$ 743	\$ 660
Employee/Child(ren)	\$1,342	\$1,191
Employee/Spouse	\$1,564	\$1,389
Family	\$2,232	\$1,981

The City also contributes half of the annual deductible to any employee's HSA account. This premium is paid by the fund that pays the salary of the employee and is based on historical cost information.

The claims liability of \$372,697 reported in the internal service fund at December 31, 2023 is estimated by a third party administrator and is based on the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 10, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues", as amended by GASB Statement No. 30, "Risk Financing Omnibus", which requires that a liability for unpaid claims costs, including estimates of costs relating to incurred but not reported claims, be reported. The estimate was not affected by incremental claim adjustment expenses and does not include other allocated or unallocated claim adjustment expenses.

Changes in the fund's claims liability amounts in 2023 and 2022 are:

	Balance at			Balance
	Beginning	Current Year	Claims	at End
	of Year	Claims	Payments	of Year
2022	\$ 52,953	\$ 1,927,381	\$ (1,607,637)	\$ 372,697
2022	159,242	1,116,648	(1,222,937)	52,953

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

NOTE 8 - GOLF COURSE OPERATING MANAGEMENT AGREEMENT

In July 2003, the City acquired the premises known as The Fairways (formerly Arrowhead Country Club) for \$4.2 million. This area, approximately 105 acres, includes a golf course, clubhouse and pool.

In January 2020, the City entered into a management agreement with North Canton Golf, LLC (NCG) to manage Arrowhead for a five year period expiring January 31, 2025. Under the agreement, the City provided NCG with initial funding of \$50,000 for operations and pay a base management fee of \$6,000 per month. NCG will be entitled to earn an incentive management fee that is 50% of the net operating income.

The assets involved in the agreement are as follows:

	Governmental Activities		
Asset:			
Land	\$ 1,780,214		
Buildings	2,466,290		
Land improvements	1,250,020		
Equipment	176,749		
Subtotal	5,673,273		
Less: accumulated depreciation	(1,987,459)		
Total	\$ 3,685,814		

NOTE 9 - CONTRACTUAL COMMITMENTS

The City had the following contractual commitments outstanding at December 31, 2023:

	Contract	Amount	Amount	
Vendor	Amount	Expended	Outstanding	
Stark County Engineer	\$ 200,000	\$ -	\$ 200,000	
Wenger Excavating Inc	18,580	-	18,580	
Superior Paving/Materials Inc	592,638	-	592,638	
Core & Main LP	87,065	(34,997)	52,068	
Northstar Asphalt Inc	80,000	-	80,000	
Ct Consultants Inc	164,875	(71,840)	93,035	
Bells Custom Concrete LLC	15,000	-	15,000	
Bennett& Williams Environmental Consultants Inc	25,000	(21,702)	3,298	
GPD Group	60,086	(10,808)	49,278	
Lampion Companies LLC	265,188	(109,467)	155,721	
Loukas Engineering	15,880	(11,600)	4,280	
Ohm Advisors	9,700	(7,312)	2,388	
Ray Bertolini Trucking Co Inc	447,500	(10,266)	437,234	
Total Contractual Commitments	\$ 1,981,512	\$ (277,992)	\$ 1,703,520	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

NOTE 10 - OTHER COMMITMENTS

The City utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year end may be reported as part of restricted, committed, or assigned classifications of fund balance. At year end, the City's commitments for encumbrances in the governmental funds were as follows:

	7	ear End
<u>Fund</u>	Enc	umbrances
General fund	\$	34,239
Emergency medical service levy fund		15,800
Capital improvement fund		602,824
Other governmental		309,829
Total	\$	962,692

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

NOTE 11 - CAPITAL ASSETS

A. Governmental Activities

Governmental capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2023, was as follows:

Governmental activities:	Balance 12/31/22	Additions	<u>Deductions</u>	Balance 12/31/23
Capital assets, not being depreciated/amortized:	<u>12/31/22</u>	Tidditions	<u>Deductions</u>	12,31,23
Land	\$ 8,699,439	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8,699,439
Easements and rights-of-way	658,336	ф - -		658,336
Construction in progress	59,859	1,348,143		1,408,002
Total capital assets, not being depreciated/amortized	9,417,634	1,348,143	-	10,765,777
Capital assets, being depreciated/amortized:				
Land improvements	5,582,771	2,088,925	(49,934)	7,621,762
Buildings	11,149,836	352,954	(804,650)	10,698,140
Equipment	10,794,375	1,149,567	(481,440)	11,462,502
Software	163,666	-	-	163,666
Intangible right-to-use assets:				
Land	13,087	-	-	13,087
Equipment	34,690	33,571	-	68,261
SBITAs	-	58,235	-	58,235
Infrastructure - streets subsystem	47,448,518	612,027	-	48,060,545
Infrastructure - storm sewers subsystem	11,527,922	-	-	11,527,922
Infrastructure - bridge subsystem	203,000			203,000
Total capital assets, being depreciated/amortized	86,917,865	4,295,279	(1,336,024)	89,877,120
Less: accumulated depreciation/amortization:				
Land improvements	(1,775,386)	(326,228)	48,685	(2,052,929)
Buildings	(6,677,719)	(285,232)	803,825	(6,159,126)
Equipment	(6,899,946)	(699,223)	393,700	(7,205,469)
Software	(157,167)	(5,599)	-	(162,766)
Intangible right-to-use assets:				
Land	(265)	(266)	-	(531)
Equipment	(12,980)	(19,375)	-	(32,355)
SBITAs	-	(23,294)	-	(23,294)
Infrastructure - streets subsystem	(28,464,670)	(1,614,905)	-	(30,079,575)
Infrastructure - storm sewers subsystem	(6,596,683)	(246,755)	-	(6,843,438)
Infrastructure - bridge subsystem	(181,475)	(3,075)		(184,550)
Total accumulated depreciation/amortization	(50,766,291)	(3,223,952)	1,246,210	(52,744,033)
Total capital assets, being depreciated/amortized, net	36,151,574	1,071,327	(89,814)	37,133,087
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 45,569,208	\$ 2,419,470	\$ (89,814)	\$ 47,898,864

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

NOTE 11 - CAPITAL ASSETS - (Continued)

Depreciation/amortization expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

General government	\$	253,891
Police		160,367
Fire		160,724
Public health and welfare		60,388
Transportation		1,911,609
Community environment		470
Leisure time activities		424,838
Basic utility services	_	251,665
Total depreciation/amortization expense - governmental activities	\$	3,223,952

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

NOTE 11 - CAPITAL ASSETS - (Continued)

A. Business-Type Activities

Business-type activities capital asset activity for 2023 is as follows.

	Balance			Balance
Business-type activities:	12/31/22	Additions	<u>Deductions</u>	12/31/23
Capital assets, not being depreciated/amortized:				
Land	\$ 1,023,702	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,023,702
Construction in progress	580,183	731,049		1,311,232
Total capital assets, not being depreciated/amortized	1,603,885	731,049		2,334,934
Capital assets, being depreciated/amortized:				
Land improvements	1,521,139	24,999	-	1,546,138
Buildings	18,591,239	-	-	18,591,239
Equipment	9,859,877	686,676	(166,897)	10,379,656
Software	46,778	-	-	46,778
Intangible right-to-use assets:				
Equipment	21,507	-	-	21,507
Sewer rights	2,838,240	-	-	2,838,240
Infrastructure - water lines	42,452,879	-	-	42,452,879
Infrastructure - sewer lines	16,743,383	36,680		16,780,063
Total capital assets, being depreciated/amortized	92,075,042	748,355	(166,897)	92,656,500
Less: accumulated depreciation/amortization:				
Land improvements	(416,290)	(50,161)	-	(466,451)
Buildings	(11,499,965)	(404,806)	-	(11,904,771)
Equipment	(7,127,907)	(534,679)	164,688	(7,497,898)
Software	(44,354)	(2,424)	-	(46,778)
Intangible right-to-use assets:				
Equipment	(4,791)	(4,790)	-	(9,581)
Sewer rights	(281,479)	(281,479)	-	(562,958)
Infrastructure - water lines	(19,499,441)	(949,465)	-	(20,448,906)
Infrastructure - sewer lines	(9,973,736)	(419,042)		(10,392,778)
Total accumulated depreciation/amortization	(48,847,963)	(2,646,846)	164,688	(51,330,121)
Total capital assets, being depreciated/amortized, net	43,227,079	(1,898,491)	(2,209)	41,326,379
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 44,830,964	\$ (1,167,442)	\$ (2,209)	\$ 43,661,313

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

NOTE 11 - CAPITAL ASSETS - (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to the business-type activities as follows:

 Water
 \$ 1,878,269

 Sewer
 768,577

Total depreciation expense - business-type activities: \$ 2,646,846

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

The Statewide retirement systems provide both pension benefits and other postemployment benefits (OPEB).

Net Pension Liability/Asset and Net OPEB Liability

The net pension liability/asset and the net OPEB liability reported on the statement of net position represents a liability or asset to employees for pensions and OPEB, respectively.

Pensions and OPEB are a component of exchange transactions – between an employer and its employees – of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions and OPEB are provided to an employee – on a deferred-payment basis – as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension liability/asset and the net OPEB liability represent the City's proportionate share of each pension/OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension/OPEB liability/asset calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost-of-living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

The Ohio Revised Code limits the City's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The City cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions/OPEB are financed; however, the City does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension and OPEB.

GASB 68/75 assumes the liability/asset is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires funding to come from these employers. All pension contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes pension costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits. In addition, health care plan enrollees pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. State statute requires the retirement systems to amortize unfunded pension liabilities within 30 years. If the pension amortization period exceeds 30 years, each retirement system's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension/OPEB liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension/OPEB liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, the retirement systems to provide health care to eligible benefit recipients.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term net pension/OPEB liability/asset on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension/OPEB contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in intergovernmental payable on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

The remainder of this note includes the pension disclosures. See Note 13 for the OPEB disclosures.

Plan Description - Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

Plan Description - City employees, other than full-time police and firefighters, participate in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS is a cost-sharing, multiple employer public employee retirement system which administers three separate pension plans. The traditional pension plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The member-directed plan is a defined contribution plan and the combined plan is a combination cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit/defined contribution pension plan. Participating employers are divided into state, local, law enforcement and public safety divisions. While members in the state and local divisions may participate in all three plans, law enforcement and public safety divisions exist only within the traditional plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits, and annual cost of living adjustments to members of the traditional and combined plans. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about OPERS' fiduciary net position that may be obtained by visiting https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml, by writing to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling 800-222-7377.

Senate Bill (SB) 343 was enacted into law with an effective date of January 7, 2013. In the legislation, members in the traditional and combined plans were categorized into three groups with varying provisions of the law applicable to each group.

The following table provides age and service requirements for retirement and the retirement formula applied to final average salary (FAS) for the three member groups under the traditional and combined plans as per the reduced benefits adopted by SB 343 (see OPERS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report referenced above for additional information, including requirements for reduced and unreduced benefits):

Group A
Eligible to retire prior to
January 7, 2013 or five years
0 7 5 0010

after January 7, 2013

State and Local

Age and Service Requirements:

Age 60 with 60 months of service credit or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit

Traditional Plan Formula:

2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 30

Combined Plan Formula:

1% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 1.25% for service years in excess of 30

Group B

20 years of service credit prior to January 7, 2013 or eligible to retire ten years after January 7, 2013

State and Local

Age and Service Requirements:

Age 60 with 60 months of service credit or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit

Traditional Plan Formula:

2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 30

Combined Plan Formula:

1% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 1.25% for service years in excess of 30

Group C

Members not in other Groups and members hired on or after January 7, 2013

State and Local

Age and Service Requirements:

Age 57 with 25 years of service credit or Age 62 with 5 years of service credit

Traditional Plan Formula:

2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 35 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 35

Combined Plan Formula:

1% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 35 years and 1.25% for service years in excess of 35

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Final average Salary (FAS) represents the average of the three highest years of earnings over a member's career for Groups A and B. Group C is based on the average of the five highest years of earnings over a member's career.

Members who retire before meeting the age and years of service credit requirement for unreduced benefits receive a percentage reduction in the benefit amount. The amount of a member's pension benefit vests upon receipt of the initial benefit payment. The options for Public Safety and Law Enforcement permit early retirement under qualifying circumstances as early as age 48 with a reduced benefit.

When a traditional plan benefit recipient has received benefits for 12 months, the member is eligible for an annual cost of living adjustment (COLA). This COLA is calculated on the base retirement benefit at the date of retirement and is not compounded. Members retiring under the combined plan receive a cost—of—living adjustment on the defined benefit portion of their pension benefit. For those who retired prior to January 7, 2013, the cost-of-living adjustment is 3.00%. For those retiring on or after January 7, 2013, beginning in calendar year 2019, the adjustment is based on the average percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index, capped at 3.00%.

Defined contribution plan benefits are established in the plan documents, which may be amended by the Board. Memberdirected plan and combined plan members who have met the retirement eligibility requirements may apply for retirement benefits. The amount available for defined contribution benefits in the combined plan consists of the member's contributions plus or minus the investment gains or losses resulting from the member's investment selections. Combined plan members wishing to receive benefits must meet the requirements for both the defined benefit and defined contribution plans. Member-directed participants must have attained the age of 55, have money on deposit in the defined contribution plan and have terminated public service to apply for retirement benefits. The amount available for defined contribution benefits in the member-directed plan consists of the members' contributions, vested employer contributions and investment gains or losses resulting from the members' investment selections. Employer contributions and associated investment earnings vest over a five-year period, at a rate of 20.00% each year. At retirement, members may select one of several distribution options for payment of the vested balance in their individual OPERS accounts. Options include the annuitization of the benefit (which includes joint and survivor options and will continue to be administered by OPERS), partial lump-sum payments (subject to limitations), a rollover of the vested account balance to another financial institution, receipt of entire account balance, net of taxes withheld, or a combination of these options. When members choose to annuitize their defined contribution benefit, the annuitized portion of the benefit is reclassified to a defined benefit.

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

State and Local

	Traditional	Combined
2023 Statutory Maximum Contribution Rates	s	
Employer	14.0 %	14.0 %
Employee *	10.0 %	10.0 %
2023 Actual Contribution Rates		
Employer:		
Pension **	14.0 %	12.0 %
Post-employment Health Care Benefits **	0.0	2.0
Total Employer	14.0 %	14.0 %
Employee	10.0 %	10.0 %

- * Member contributions within the combined plan are not used to fund the defined benefit retirement allowance.
- ** These pension and employer health care rates are for the traditional and combined plans. The employer contributions rate for the member-directed plan is allocated 4 percent for health care with the remainder going to pension; however, effective July 1, 2022, a portion of the health care rate is funded with reserves.

Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll.

The City's contractually required contribution for the Traditional Pension Plan, the Combined Plan and Member-Directed Plan was \$757,453 for 2023. Of this amount, \$122,496 is reported as intergovernmental payable.

Plan Description - Ohio Police & Fire Pension Fund (OP&F)

Plan Description - City full-time police and firefighters participate in Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by OP&F. OP&F provides retirement and disability pension benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by the Ohio State Legislature and are codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code. OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information and detailed information about OP&F fiduciary net position. The report may be obtained by visiting the OP&F website at www.op-f.org or by writing to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164.

Upon attaining a qualifying age with sufficient years of service, a member of OP&F may retire and receive a lifetime monthly pension. OP&F offers four types of service retirement: normal, service commuted, age/service commuted and actuarially reduced. Each type has different eligibility guidelines and is calculated using the member's average annual salary. The following discussion of the pension formula relates to normal service retirement.

For members hired after July 1, 2013, the minimum retirement age is 52 for normal service retirement with at least 25 years of service credit. For members hired on or before after July 1, 2013, the minimum retirement age is 48 for normal service retirement with at least 25 years of service credit.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

The annual pension benefit for normal service retirement is equal to a percentage of the allowable average annual salary. The percentage equals 2.50% for each of the first 20 years of service credit, 2.00% for each of the next five years of service credit and 1.50% for each year of service credit in excess of 25 years. The maximum pension of 72.00% of the allowable average annual salary is paid after 33 years of service credit (see OP&F Annual Comprehensive Financial Report referenced above for additional information, including requirements for Deferred Retirement Option Plan provisions and reduced and unreduced benefits).

Under normal service retirement, retired members who are at least 55 years old and have been receiving OP&F benefits for at least one year may be eligible for a cost-of-living allowance adjustment. The age 55 provision for receiving a COLA does not apply to those who are receiving a permanent and total disability benefit, statutory survivors and annuity beneficiaries. Members participating in the DROP program have separate eligibility requirements related to COLA.

The COLA amount for members who have 15 or more years of service credit as of July 1, 2013, and members who are receiving a pension benefit that became effective before July 1, 2013, will be equal to 3.00% of the member's base pension benefit.

The COLA amount for members who have less than 15 years of service credit as of July 1, 2013, and members whose pension benefit became effective on or after July 1, 2013, will be equal to a percentage of the member's base pension benefit where the percentage is the lesser of 3.00% or the percentage increase in the consumer price index, if any, over the twelve-month period that ends on the thirtieth day of September of the immediately preceding year, rounded to the nearest one-tenth of one percent.

Members who retired prior to July 24, 1986, or their surviving beneficiaries under optional plans are entitled to cost-of-living allowance increases. The annual increase is paid on July 1st of each year. The annual COLA increase is \$360 under a Single Life Annuity Plan with proportional reductions for optional payment plans.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

	Police	Firefighters			
2023 Statutory Maximum Contribution Rates					
Employer	19.50 %	24.00 %			
Employee	12.25 %	12.25 %			
2023 Actual Contribution Rates					
Employer:					
Pension	19.00 %	23.50 %			
Post-employment Health Care Benefits	0.50 %	0.50 %			
Total Employer	19.50 %	24.00 %			
Employee	12.25 %	12.25 %			

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The City's contractually required contribution to OP&F was \$749,622 for 2023. Of this amount, \$93,617 is reported as intergovernmental payable.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Net Pension Liabilities/Assets, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability and net pension asset for OPERS was measured as of December 31, 2022, and the total pension liability or asset used to calculate the net pension liability or asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. OP&F's total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2022, and was determined by rolling forward the total pension liability as of January 1, 2022, to December 31, 2022. The City's proportion of the net pension liability or asset was based on the City's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities.

Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

			OPERS -		
	OPERS -	OPERS -	Member-		
	Traditional	Combined	Directed	OP&F	Total
Proportion of the net pension liability/asset prior measurement date	0.02640200%	0.05025100%	0.02743000%	0.11319670%	
Proportion of the net pension liability/asset					
current measurement date	0.02698400%	<u>0.04888900</u> %	<u>0.02180900</u> %	<u>0.11693220</u> %	
Change in proportionate share	<u>0.00058200</u> %	- <u>0.00136200</u> %	- <u>0.00562100</u> %	<u>0.00373550</u> %	
Proportionate share of the net					
pension liability	\$ 7,971,084	\$ -	\$ -	\$11,107,426	\$ 19,078,510
Proportionate share of the net					
pension asset	-	(115,226)	(1,706)	-	(116,932)
Pension expense	1,339,271	14,773	(165)	1,743,521	3,097,400

At December 31, 2023, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	OPERS - raditional	OPERS - Combined	Member- Directed	OP&F	Total
Deferred outflows					
of resources					
Differences between expected and					
actual experience	\$ 264,766	\$ 7,083	\$ 4,906	\$ 166,606	\$ 443,361
Net difference between projected and actual earnings					
on pension plan investments	2,272,011	41,994	801	1,617,110	3,931,916
Changes of assumptions	84,208	7,625	110	1,001,853	1,093,796
Changes in employer's proportionate percentage/difference between employer contributions	141,156	_	_	686,997	828,153
Contributions subsequent to the	,	27.401	17.107	,	,
measurement date	712,765	27,491	17,197	749,622	1,507,075
Total deferred	 	 	 	 	
outflows of resources	\$ 3,474,906	\$ 84,193	\$ 23,014	\$ 4,222,188	\$ 7,804,301

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

						OPERS -			
	OPERS - OPERS -			Member-					
	Tra	ditional	C	ombined		Directed		OP&F	Total
Deferred inflows									
of resources									
Differences between									
expected and									
actual experience	\$	-	\$	16,470	\$	-	\$	253,061	\$ 269,531
Changes of assumptions		-		-		-		216,592	216,592
Changes in employer's									
proportionate percentage/									
difference between									
employer contributions		105,290		-		-		48,554	153,844
Total deferred									
inflows of resources	\$	105,290	\$	16,470	\$	-	\$	518,207	\$ 639,967

\$1,507,075 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of/increase to the net pension liability/asset in the year ending December 31, 2024.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	OPERS - OPERS - Member-									
	Traditional		Combined		Directed		OP&F		Total	
Year Ending December 31:										
2024	\$	318,368	\$	1,708	\$	816	\$	447,760	\$	768,652
2025		556,731		7,725		871		708,254		1,273,581
2026		668,764		10,715		889		761,035		1,441,403
2027		1,112,988		18,083		1,005		1,026,794		2,158,870
2028		-		(56)		573		10,515		11,032
Thereafter		-		2,057		1,663		1		3,721
Total	\$	2,656,851	\$	40,232	\$	5,817	\$	2,954,359	\$	5,657,259

Actuarial Assumptions - OPERS

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the values of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review or modification as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial-reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation. The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2022, using the following actuarial assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement in accordance with the requirements of GASB 67.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results, prepared as of December 31, 2022, compared to the December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation, are presented below.

Wage inflation

Current measurement date 2.75%
Prior measurement date 2.75%

Future salary increases, including inflation

Current measurement date 2.75% to 10.75% including wage inflation Prior measurement date 2.75% to 10.75% including wage inflation

COLA or ad hoc COLA

Prior measurement date

Current measurement date Pre 1/7/2013 retirees: 3.00%, simple

Post 1/7/2013 retirees: 3.00%, simple through 2022, then 2.05% simple Pre 1/7/2013 retirees: 3.00%, simple Post 1/7/2013 retirees: 3.00%, simple

through 2022, then 2.05% simple

Investment rate of return

Current measurement date 6.90%
Prior measurement date 6.90%
Actuarial cost method Individual entry age

Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on 130% of the Pub-2010 General Employee Mortality tables (males and females) for State and Local Government divisions and 170% of the Pub-2010 Safety Employee Mortality tables (males and females) for the Public Safety and Law Enforcement divisions. Post-retirement mortality rates are based on 115% of the PubG-2010 Retiree Mortality Tables (males and females) for all divisions. Post-retirement mortality rates for disabled retirees are based on the PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree Mortality Tables (males and females) for all divisions. For all of the previously described tables, the base year is 2010 and mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2020 mortality improvement scales (males and females) to all of these tables.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended December 31, 2020.

During 2022, OPERS managed investments in three investment portfolios: the Defined Benefit portfolio, the Health Care portfolio and the Defined Contribution portfolio. The Defined Benefit portfolio contains the investment assets of the Traditional Pension Plan, the defined benefit component of the Combined Plan and the annuitized accounts of the Member-Directed Plan. Within the Defined Benefit portfolio, contributions into the plans are all recorded at the same time, and benefit payments all occur on the first of the month. Accordingly, the money-weighted rate of return is considered to be the same for all plans within the portfolio. The annual money-weighted rate of return expressing investment performance, net of investment expenses and adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested, for the Defined Benefit portfolio was a loss of 12.1% for 2022.

The allocation of investment assets within the Defined Benefit portfolio is approved by the Board as outlined in the annual investment plan. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the defined benefit pension plans. The long-term expected rate of return on defined benefit investment assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return were provided by the Board's investment consultant.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

For each major asset class that is included in the Defined Benefit portfolio's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2022, these best estimates are summarized in the following table:

		Weighted Average Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Real Rate of Return (Geometric)
Fixed income	22.00 %	2.62 %
Domestic equities	22.00	4.60
Real estate	13.00	3.27
Private equity	15.00	7.53
International equities	21.00	5.51
Risk Parity	2.00	4.37
Other investments	5.00	3.27
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability/asset was 6.90%, post-experience study results, for the Traditional Pension Plan, the Combined Plan and Member-Directed Plan. The discount rate used to measure total pension liability prior to December 31, 2022 was 6.90%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments for the Traditional Pension Plan, Combined Plan and Member-Directed Plan was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability/Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following table presents the proportionate share of the net pension liability/asset calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 6.90%, as well as what the proportionate share of the net pension liability/asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (5.90%) or one-percentage-point higher (7.90%) than the current rate:

	Current						
	1% Decrease		Dis	count Rate	1% Increase		
City's proportionate share		_		_			
of the net pension liability (asset):							
Traditional Pension Plan	\$	11,940,420	\$	7,971,084	\$	4,669,311	
Combined Plan		(60,133)		(115,226)		(158,889)	
Member-Directed Plan		(1,090)		(1,706)		(2,181)	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - OP&F

OP&F's total pension liability as of December 31, 2022, is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of January 1, 2022, and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The total pension liability is determined by OP&F's actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual valuation. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing retirement plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment mortality, salary increases, disabilities, retirements and employment terminations. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Experience study assumptions were performed by OP&F's prior actuary and completed as of December 31, 2016. Changes in demographic and economic actuarial assumptions were made. Assumptions considered were: withdrawal rates, disability retirement, service retirement, DROP elections, mortality, percent married and forms of payment, DROP interest rate, CPI-based COLA, investment returns, salary increases and payroll growth. The changes in assumptions are being amortized over the estimated remaining useful lives of the participants which was 5.81 years at December 31, 2022.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of December 31, 2022, compared to December 31, 2021, are presented below.

Valuation date 1/1/22 with actuarial liabilities rolled forward to 12/31/22 Actuarial cost method

Investment rate of return

Current measurement date Prior measurement date Projected salary increases

Payroll increases

Cost of living adjustments

Entry age normal (level percent of payroll)

7.50% 7.50% 3.75% - 10.50%

3.25% per annum, compounded annually, consisting of inflation rate of 2.75% plus productivity increase rate of 0.50% 2.20% per year simple

Health Mortality

Mortality for service retirees is based on the Pub-2010 Below-Median Safety Amount-Weighted Healthy Retiree mortality table with rates adjusted by 96.2% for males and 98.7% for females. All rates are projected using the MP-2021 Improvement Scale.

Disabled Mortality

Mortality for disabled retirees is based on the Pub-2010 Safety Amount-Weighted Disabled Retiree mortality table with rates adjusted by 135% for males and 97.9% for females. All rates are projected using the MP-2021 Improvement Scale.

Contingent Annuitant Mortality

Mortality for contingent annuitants is based on the Pub- 2010 Below-Median Safety Amount-Weighted Contingent Annuitant Retiree mortality table with rates adjusted by 108.9% for males and 131% for females. All rates are projected using the MP-2021 Improvement Scale.

Pre-Retirement Mortality

Mortality for active members is based on the Pub-2010 Below-Median Safety Amount-Weighted Employee mortality table. All rates are projected using the MP- 2021 Improvement Scale.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended December 31, 2021.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption (30 to 50 years) and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the underlying inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

Best estimates of the long-term expected geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in OP&F's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2022 are summarized below:

	Target	Long Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return **
Cash and cash equivalents	0.00 %	0.00 %
Domestic equity	18.60	4.80
Non-US equity	12.40	5.50
Private markets	10.00	7.90
Core fixed income *	25.00	2.50
High yield fixed income	7.00	4.40
Private credit	5.00	5.90
U.S. inflation		
linked bonds *	15.00	2.00
Midstream energy infrastructure	5.00	5.90
Real assets	8.00	5.90
Gold	5.00	3.60
Private real estate	12.00	5.30
Commodities	2.00	3.60
Total	125.00 %	

Note: assumptions are geometric.

OP&F's Board of Trustees has incorporated the risk parity concept into OP&F's asset liability valuation with the goal of reducing equity risk exposure, which reduces overall Total Portfolio risk without sacrificing return and creating a more risk-balanced portfolio based on the relationship between asset classes and economic environments. From the notional portfolio perspective above, the Total Portfolio may be levered up to 1.25 times due to the application of leverage in certain fixed income asset classes.

Discount Rate - The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%. A discount rate of 7.50% was used in the previous measurement date. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the longer-term assumed investment rate of return 7.50%. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, a long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

^{*} levered 2x

^{**} Numbers are net of expected inflation.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.50%), or one percentage point higher (8.50%) than the current rate.

		Current						
	1	1% Decrease Discount Rate		1	% Increase			
City's proportionate share								
of the net pension liability	\$	11.652.837	\$	11.107.426	\$	8,160,124		

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS

Net OPEB Liability

See Note 12 for a description of the net OPEB liability.

Plan Description - Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

Plan Description - The Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) administers three separate pension plans: the traditional pension plan, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan; the member-directed plan, a defined contribution plan; and the combined plan, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and defined contribution plan.

OPERS maintains a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment health care trust. The 115 Health Care Trust (115 Trust or Health Care Trust) was established in 2014, under Section 115 of the Internal Revenue Code (IRC). The purpose of the 115 Trust is to fund health care for the Traditional Pension, Combined and Member-Directed plans. Medicare-enrolled retirees in the Traditional Pension and Combined plans may have an allowance deposited into a health reimbursement arrangement (HRA) account to be used toward the health care program of their choice selected with the assistance of an OPERS vendor. Non-Medicare retirees have converted to an arrangement similar to the Medicare-enrolled retirees and are no longer participating in OPERS provided self-insured group plans.

With one exception, OPERS-provided health care coverage is neither guaranteed nor statutorily required. Ohio law currently requires Medicare Part A equivalent coverage or Medicare Part A premium reimbursement for eligible retirees and their eligible dependents.

OPERS offers a health reimbursement arrangement (HRA) allowance to traditional pension plan and combined plan benefit recipients meeting certain age and service credit requirements. The HRA is an account funded by OPERS that provides tax free reimbursement for qualified medical expenses such as monthly post-tax insurance premiums, deductibles, co-insurance, and co-pays incurred by eligible benefit recipients and their dependents.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

OPERS members enrolled in the Traditional Pension Plan or Combined Plan retiring with an effective date of January 1, 2022, or after must meet the following health care eligibility requirements to receive an HRA allowance:

Medicare Retirees Medicare-eligible with a minimum of 20 years of qualifying service credit

Non-Medicare Retirees Non-Medicare retirees qualify based on the following age-and-service criteria:

Group A 30 years of qualifying service credit at any age;

Group B 32 years of qualifying service credit at any age or 31 years of qualifying service credit and minimum age 52;

Group C 32 years of qualifying service credit and minimum age 55; or,

A retiree from groups A, B or C who qualifies for an unreduced pension, but a portion of their service credit is not health care qualifying service, can still qualify for health care at age 60 if they have at least 20 years of qualifying health care service credit

Retirees who don't meet the requirement for coverage as a non-Medicare participant can become eligible for coverage at age 65 if they have at least 20 years of qualifying service.

Members with a retirement date prior to January 1, 2022 who were eligible to participate in the OPERS health care program will continue to be eligible after January 1, 2022.

Eligible retirees may receive a monthly HRA allowance for reimbursement of health care coverage premiums and other qualified medical expenses. Monthly allowances, based on years of service and the age at which the retiree first enrolled in OPERS coverage, are provided to eligible retirees, and are deposited into their HRA account.

Retirees will have access to the OPERS Connector, which is a relationship with a vendor selected by OPERS to assist retirees participating in the health care program. The OPERS Connector may assist retirees in selecting and enrolling in the appropriate health care plan.

When members become Medicare-eligible, recipients enrolled in OPERS health care programs must enroll in Medicare Part A (hospitalization) and Medicare Part B (medical).

OPERS reimburses retirees who are not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A (hospitalization) for their Part A premiums as well as any applicable surcharges (late-enrollment fees). Retirees within this group must enroll in Medicare Part A and select medical coverage, and may select prescription coverage, through the OPERS Connector. OPERS also will reimburse 50.00% of the Medicare Part A premium and any applicable surcharges for eligible spouses. Proof of enrollment in Medicare Part A and confirmation that the retiree is not receiving reimbursement or payment from another source must be submitted. The premium reimbursement is added to the monthly pension benefit.

The heath care trust is also used to fund health care for member-directed plan participants, in the form of a Retiree Medical Account (RMA). At retirement or separation, member directed plan participants may be eligible for reimbursement of qualified medical expenses from their vested RMA balance.

The Ohio Revised Code permits but does not require OPERS to provide health care to its eligible benefit recipients. Authority to establish and amend health care coverage is provided to the Board in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code.

Disclosures for the health care plan are presented separately in the OPERS financial report. Interested parties may obtain a copy by visiting https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml, by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling (614) 222-5601 or 800-222-7377.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code provides the statutory authority allowing public employers to fund postemployment health care through their contributions to OPERS. When funding is approved by OPERS Board of Trustees, a portion of each employer's contribution to OPERS is set aside to fund OPERS health care plans. Beginning in 2018, OPERS no longer allocated a portion of its employer contributions to health care for the traditional plan.

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of the earnable salary of active members. In 2023, state and local employers contributed at a rate of 14.00% of earnable salary and public safety and law enforcement employers contributed at 18.10%. These are the maximum employer contribution rates permitted by the Ohio Revised Code. Active member contributions do not fund health care.

Each year, the OPERS Board determines the portion of the employer contribution rate that will be set aside to fund health care plans. For 2023, OPERS did not allocate any employer contribution to health care for members in the Traditional Pension Plan and beginning July 1, 2022, there was a 2.00% allocation to health care for the Combined Plan. The OPERS Board is also authorized to establish rules for the retiree or their surviving beneficiaries to pay a portion of the health care provided. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected. The employer contribution as a percentage of covered payroll deposited into the RMA for participants in the member-directed plan for 2023 was 4.00%; however, effective July 1, 2022, a portion of the health care rate was funded with reserves.

Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The City's contractually required contribution was \$11,461 for 2023. Of this amount, \$1,853 is reported as intergovernmental payable.

Plan Description - Ohio Police & Fire Pension Fund (OP&F)

Plan Description – The City contributes to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F) sponsored healthcare program, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined post-employment health care plan administered by a third-party provider. This program is not guaranteed and is subject to change at any time upon action of the Board of Trustees. On January 1, 2019, OP&F implemented a new model for health care. Under this new model, OP&F provides eligible retirees with a fixed stipend earmarked to pay for health care and Medicare Part B reimbursements.

OP&F contracted with a vendor who assists eligible retirees in choosing health care plans that are available where they live (both Medicare-eligible and pre-65 populations). A stipend funded by OP&F is available to these members through a Health Reimbursement Arrangement and can be used to reimburse retirees for qualified health care expenses.

Regardless of a benefit recipient's participation in the health care program, OP&F is required by law to pay eligible recipients of a service pension, disability benefit and spousal survivor benefit for their Medicare Part B insurance premium, up to the statutory maximum provided the benefit recipient is not eligible to receive reimbursement from any other source. Once OP&F receives the necessary documentation, a monthly reimbursement is included as part of the recipient's next benefit payment. The stipend provided by OP&F meets the definition of an Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75.

OP&F maintains funds for health care in two separate accounts: one account for health care benefits and one account for Medicare Part B reimbursements. A separate health care trust accrual account is maintained for health care benefits under IRS Code Section 115 trust. IRS Code Section 401(h) account is maintained for Medicare Part B reimbursements.

OP&F maintains funds for health care in two separate accounts: one account for health care benefits and one account for Medicare Part B reimbursements. A separate health care trust accrual account is maintained for health care benefits under IRS Code Section 115 trust. IRS Code Section 401(h) account is maintained for Medicare Part B reimbursements.

OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information for the plan. The report may be obtained by visiting the OP&F website at www.op-f.org or by writing to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Funding Policy – The Ohio Revised Code provides for contribution requirements of the participating employers and of plan members to the OP&F defined benefit pension plan. Participating employers are required to contribute to the pension plan at rates expressed as percentages of the payroll of active pension plan members, currently 19.50% and 24.00% of covered payroll for police and fire employer units, respectively. The Ohio Revised Code states that the employer contribution may not exceed 19.50% of covered payroll for police employer units and 24.00% of covered payroll for fire employer units. Active members do not make contributions to the OPEB Plan.

The Board of Trustees is authorized to allocate a portion of the total employer contributions for retiree health care benefits. For 2023, the portion of employer contributions allocated to health care was 0.50% of covered payroll. The amount of employer contributions allocated to the health care plan each year is subject to the Trustees' primary responsibility to ensure that pension benefits are adequately funded.

The OP&F Board of Trustees is also authorized to establish requirements for contributions to the health care plan by retirees and their eligible dependents or their surviving beneficiaries. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected.

The City's contractually required contribution to OP&F was \$17,982 for 2023. Of this amount, \$2,246 is reported as intergovernmental payable.

Net OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows or Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liability and total OPEB liability for OPERS were determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2021, rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2022, by incorporating the expected value of health care cost accruals, the actual health care payment, and interest accruals during the year. OP&F's total OPEB liability was measured as of December 31, 2022, and was determined by rolling forward the total OPEB liability as of January 1, 2022, to December 31, 2022. The City's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the City's share of contributions to the retirement plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities.

Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

		OPERS		OP&F	Total
Proportion of the net OPEB liability/asset prior measurement date Proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.	02714400%	0.1	1319670%	
current measurement date	0.	02737800%	0.1	1693220%	
Change in proportionate share	0.	00023400%	0.0	00373550%	
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability OPEB expense	\$	172,624 (172,613)	\$	832,523 191,659	\$ 1,005,147 19,046

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

At December 31, 2023, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

Deferred outflows of resources Differences between expected and actual experience \$ 49,680 \$ 49,680 Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments 342,836 71,409 414,245 Changes of assumptions 168,605 414,878 583,483 Changes in employer's proportionate percentage/ difference between employer contributions 22 304,172 304,194 Contributions subsequent to the measurement date 11,461 17,982 29,443 Total deferred outflows of resources \$ 522,924 \$ 858,121 \$ 1,381,045 Deferred inflows of resources OPERS OP&F Total Deferred cand actual experience expected and actual experience \$ 43,059 \$ 164,158 \$ 207,217 Net difference between expected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments - - - - Changes of assumptions 13,873 680,936 694,809 694,809 Changes in employer's proportionate percentage/ difference between employer contributions 9,381 11,111 20,492		 OPERS	OP&F		Total	
Differences between expected and actual experience \$ - \$ 49,680 \$ 49,680 Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments 342,836 71,409 414,245 Changes of assumptions 168,605 414,878 583,483 Changes in employer's proportionate percentage/difference between employer contributions 22 304,172 304,194 Contributions subsequent to the measurement date 11,461 17,982 29,443 Total deferred outflows of resources \$ 522,924 \$ 858,121 \$ 1,381,045 Deferred inflows of resources 5 522,924 \$ 858,121 \$ 1,381,045 Deferred and actual experience \$ 43,059 164,158 207,217 Net difference between expected and actual experience \$ 43,059 \$ 164,158 \$ 207,217 Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments -	Deferred outflows					
expected and actual experience \$ - \$ 49,680 \$ 49,680	of resources					
Actual experience \$ - \$ 49,680 \$ 49,680	Differences between					
Net difference between	expected and					
projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments Changes of assumptions Changes in employer's proportionate percentage/ difference between employer contributions Subsequent to the measurement date Total deferred outflows of resources Deferred inflows of resources Differences between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Changes in employer's proportionate percentage/ difference between employer contributions 11,461 17,982 29,443 Total deferred OPERS OPERS OP&F Total Deferred inflows of resources Differences between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments Changes of assumptions Changes in employer's proportionate percentage/ difference between employer contributions 9,381 11,111 20,492 Total deferred	actual experience	\$ -	\$	49,680	\$	49,680
on OPEB plan investments Changes of assumptions Changes in employer's proportionate percentage/ difference between employer contributions Contributions subsequent to the measurement date Total deferred outflows of resources Differences between expected and actual experience projected and actual earmings on OPEB plan investments Changes of assumptions Changes in employer's proportionate percentage/ difference between expected and actual earmings on OPEB plan investments Changes of assumptions Changes in employer's proportionate percentage/ difference between employer contributions 9,381 11,111 20,492 Total deferred	Net difference between					
Changes of assumptions 168,605 414,878 583,483 Changes in employer's proportionate percentage/ difference between employer contributions 22 304,172 304,194 Contributions subsequent to the measurement date 11,461 17,982 29,443 Total deferred outflows of resources \$ 522,924 \$ 858,121 \$ 1,381,045 Deferred inflows of resources Differences between expected and actual experience \$ 43,059 \$ 164,158 \$ 207,217 Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments - - - - Changes of assumptions 13,873 680,936 694,809 694,809 Changes in employer's proportionate percentage/difference between employer contributions 9,381 11,111 20,492 Total deferred -	projected and actual earnings					
Changes in employer's proportionate percentage/ difference between employer contributions 22 304,172 304,194 Contributions subsequent to the measurement date 11,461 17,982 29,443 Total deferred outflows of resources \$522,924 \$858,121 \$1,381,045 Deferred inflows of resources Differences between expected and actual experience \$43,059 \$164,158 \$207,217 Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments Changes of assumptions 13,873 680,936 694,809 Changes in employer's proportionate percentage/ difference between employer contributions 9,381 11,111 20,492 Total deferred	on OPEB plan investments	342,836		71,409		414,245
proportionate percentage/ difference between employer contributions Contributions subsequent to the measurement date Total deferred outflows of resources Deferred inflows of resources Differences between expected and actual experience projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments Changes of assumptions Changes in employer's proportionate percentage/ difference between employer contributions Page 11,461	Changes of assumptions	168,605		414,878		583,483
difference between employer contributions Contributions subsequent to the measurement date Total deferred outflows of resources Deferred inflows of resources Differences between expected and actual experience projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments Changes of assumptions Changes in employer's proportionate percentage/difference between employer contributions Total deferred 22 304,172 304,194 304,194 29,443 Total 17,982 29,443 Total 0PERS OP&F Total OPERS OP&F Total OPERS OP&F Total 14,158 \$ 207,217 Total deferred 13,873 680,936 694,809 Total deferred 9,381 11,111 20,492 Total deferred	Changes in employer's					
employer contributions Contributions subsequent to the measurement date Total deferred outflows of resources OPERS OPERS OPERS OPERS OPERS Total Deferred inflows of resources Differences between expected and actual experience projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments Changes of assumptions Changes in employer's proportionate percentage/ difference between employer contributions Total deferred 2 304,172 304,194 304,194 29,443 Total 11,461 17,982 29,443 Total OPERS OP&F Total OPERS OP&F Total 14,158 207,217 A 20,492 Total deferred	proportionate percentage/					
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date 11,461 17,982 29,443 Total deferred outflows of resources \$ 522,924 \$ 858,121 \$ 1,381,045 OPERS OP&F Total Deferred inflows of resources Differences between expected and actual experience \$ 43,059 \$ 164,158 \$ 207,217 Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	difference between					
subsequent to the measurement date 11,461 17,982 29,443 Total deferred outflows of resources \$ 522,924 \$ 858,121 \$ 1,381,045 OPERS OP&F Total Deferred inflows of resources Differences between expected and actual experience \$ 43,059 \$ 164,158 \$ 207,217 Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	employer contributions	22		304,172		304,194
measurement date 11,461 17,982 29,443 Total deferred outflows of resources \$ 522,924 \$ 858,121 \$ 1,381,045 OPERS OP&F Total Deferred inflows of resources Differences between expected and actual experience \$ 43,059 \$ 164,158 \$ 207,217 Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	Contributions					
Total deferred outflows of resources Solution	subsequent to the					
outflows of resources OPERS OP&F Total Deferred inflows of resources Differences between expected and actual experience Projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments Changes of assumptions Changes in employer's proportionate percentage/ difference between employer contributions Total OPERS OP&F Total 104,158 207,217 104,158 10	measurement date	11,461		17,982		29,443
OPERS OP&F Total Deferred inflows of resources Differences between expected and actual experience \$ 43,059 \$ 164,158 \$ 207,217 Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments Changes of assumptions 13,873 680,936 694,809 Changes in employer's proportionate percentage/ difference between employer contributions 9,381 11,111 20,492 Total deferred	Total deferred					
Deferred inflows of resources Differences between expected and actual experience \$ 43,059 \$ 164,158 \$ 207,217 Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments Changes of assumptions Changes in employer's proportionate percentage/ difference between employer contributions 9,381 11,111 20,492 Total deferred	outflows of resources	\$ 522,924	\$	858,121	\$	1,381,045
Deferred inflows of resources Differences between expected and actual experience \$ 43,059 \$ 164,158 \$ 207,217 Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments Changes of assumptions Changes in employer's proportionate percentage/ difference between employer contributions 9,381 11,111 20,492 Total deferred						
Of resources Differences between expected and actual experience \$ 43,059 \$ 164,158 \$ 207,217 Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		OPERS		OP&F		Total
Differences between expected and actual experience \$ 43,059 \$ 164,158 \$ 207,217 Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	Deferred inflows					
expected and actual experience \$ 43,059 \$ 164,158 \$ 207,217 Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	of resources					
actual experience \$ 43,059 \$ 164,158 \$ 207,217 Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	Differences between					
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments Changes of assumptions 13,873 680,936 694,809 Changes in employer's proportionate percentage/ difference between employer contributions 9,381 11,111 20,492 Total deferred	expected and					
projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments Changes of assumptions Changes in employer's proportionate percentage/ difference between employer contributions 9,381 11,111 20,492 Total deferred	actual experience	\$ 43,059	\$	164,158	\$	207,217
on OPEB plan investments Changes of assumptions Changes in employer's proportionate percentage/ difference between employer contributions 9,381 11,111 20,492 Total deferred	Net difference between					
Changes of assumptions 13,873 680,936 694,809 Changes in employer's proportionate percentage/ difference between employer contributions 9,381 11,111 20,492 Total deferred	projected and actual earnings					
Changes in employer's proportionate percentage/ difference between employer contributions 9,381 11,111 20,492 Total deferred	on OPEB plan investments	-		-		-
proportionate percentage/ difference between employer contributions 9,381 11,111 20,492 Total deferred	Changes of assumptions	13,873		680,936		694,809
difference between employer contributions 9,381 11,111 20,492 Total deferred	Changes in employer's					
employer contributions 9,381 11,111 20,492 Total deferred	proportionate percentage/					
Total deferred	difference between					
	1 •	9,381		11,111		20,492
inflows of resources <u>\$ 66,313</u> <u>\$ 856,205</u> <u>\$ 922,518</u>						

\$29,443 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of/increase to the net OPEB liability in the year ending December 31, 2024.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	OPERS	OP&F		Total	
Year Ending December 31:					
2024	\$ 47,493	\$	111,202	\$	158,695
2025	125,130		110,512		235,642
2026	106,908		(18,536)		88,372
2027	165,619		(7,623)		157,996
2028	-		(59,257)		(59,257)
Thereafter			(152,364)		(152,364)
Total	\$ 445,150	\$	(16,066)	\$	429,084

Actuarial Assumptions - OPERS

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the values of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review or modification as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of health care costs for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of coverage provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of costs between OPERS and plan members. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2021, rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2022.

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Waga Inflation

The actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions applied to all prior periods included in the measurement in accordance with the requirements of GASB 74:

Wage Inflation	
Current measurement date	2.75%
Prior Measurement date	2.75%
Projected Salary Increases,	
including inflation	
Current measurement date	2.75 to 10.75%
	including wage inflation
Prior Measurement date	2.75 to 10.75%
	including wage inflation
Single Discount Rate:	
Current measurement date	5.22%
Prior Measurement date	6.00%
Investment Rate of Return	
Current measurement date	6.00%
Prior Measurement date	6.00%
Municipal Bond Rate	
Current measurement date	4.05%
Prior Measurement date	1.84%
Health Care Cost Trend Rate	
Current measurement date	5.50% initial,
	3.50% ultimate in 2036
Prior Measurement date	5.50% initial,
	3.50% ultimate in 2034
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age Normal

Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on 130% of the Pub-2010 General Employee Mortality tables (males and females) for State and Local Government divisions and 170% of the Pub-2010 Safety Employee Mortality tables (males and females) for the Public Safety and Law Enforcement divisions. Post-retirement mortality rates are based on 115% of the PubG-2010 Retiree Mortality Tables (males and females) for all divisions. Post-retirement mortality rates for disabled retirees are based on the PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree Mortality Tables (males and females) for all divisions. For all of the previously described tables, the base year is 2010 and mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2020 mortality improvement scales (males and females) to all of these tables.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended December 31, 2020.

During 2022, OPERS managed investments in three investment portfolios: the Defined Benefit portfolio, the Health Care portfolio and the Defined Contribution portfolio. The Health Care portfolio includes the assets for health care expenses for the Traditional Pension Plan, Combined Plan and Member-Directed Plan eligible members. Within the Health Care portfolio, contributions into the plans are assumed to be received continuously throughout the year based on the actual payroll payable at the time contributions are made, and health care-related payments are assumed to occur mid-year. Accordingly, the money-weighted rate of return is considered to be the same for all plans within the portfolio. The annual money-weighted rate of return expressing investment performance, net of investment expenses and adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested, for the Health Care portfolio was a loss of 15.6% for 2022.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

The allocation of investment assets within the Health Care portfolio is approved by the Board as outlined in the annual investment plan. Assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of continuing to offer a sustainable health care program for current and future retirees. The System's primary goal is to achieve and maintain a fully funded status for benefits provided through the defined benefit pension plans. Health care is a discretionary benefit. The long-term expected rate of return on health care investment assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return were provided by the Board's investment consultant.

For each major asset class that is included in the Health Care's portfolio's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2022, these best estimates are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return (Geometric)
Fixed Income	34.00 %	2.56 %
Domestic equities	26.00	4.60
Real Estate Investment Trusts (REITs)	7.00	4.70
International equities	25.00	5.51
Risk parity	2.00	4.37
Other investments	6.00	1.84
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate - A single discount rate of 5.22% was used to measure the total OPEB liability on the measurement date of December 31, 2022; however, the single discount rate used at the beginning of the year was 6.00%. Projected benefit payments are required to be discounted to their actuarial present value using a single discount rate that reflects (1) a long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments (to the extent that the health care fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and (2) a tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate are not met). This single discount rate was based on the actuarial assumed rate of return on the health care investment portfolio of 6.00% and a municipal bond rate of 4.05%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rate. Based on these assumptions, the health care fiduciary net position and future contributions were sufficient to finance health care costs through the year 2054. As a result, the actuarial assumed long-term expected rate of return on health care investments was applied to projected costs through the year 2054, and the municipal bond rate was applied to all health care costs after that date.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following table presents the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the single discount rate of 5.22%, as well as what the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (4.22%) or one-percentage-point higher (6.22%) than the current rate:

	Current						
	1% Decrease		Discount Rate		1% Increase		
City's proportionate share							
of the net OPEB liability/(asset)	\$	587,532	\$	172,624	\$	(169,744)	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rate - Changes in the health care cost trend rate may also have a significant impact on the net OPEB liability. The following table presents the net OPEB liability calculated using the assumed trend rates, and the expected net OPEB liability if it were calculated using a health care cost trend rate that is 1.00% lower or 1.00% higher than the current rate.

Retiree health care valuations use a health care cost trend assumption with changes over several years built into that assumption. The near-term rates reflect increases in the current cost of health care; the trend starting in 2023 is 5.50%. If this trend continues for future years, the projection indicates that years from now virtually all expenditures will be for health care. A more reasonable alternative is the health care cost trend will decrease to a level at, or near, wage inflation. On this basis, the actuaries project premium rate increases will continue to exceed wage inflation for approximately the next decade, but by less each year, until leveling off at an ultimate rate, assumed to be 3.50% in the most recent valuation.

	Current Health						
	Care Trend Rate						
	1%	Decrease	Assumption		19	6 Increase	
City's proportionate share							
of the net OPEB liability	\$	161,804	\$	172,624	\$	184,802	

Actuarial Assumptions - OP&F

OP&F's total OPEB liability as of December 31, 2022, is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of January 1, 2022, and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The total OPEB liability is determined by OP&F's actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual valuation. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, salary increases, disabilities, retirements and employment terminations. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results, are presented below.

Valuation Date	January 1, 2022, with actuarial liabilities
	rolled forward to December 31, 2022
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal (Level Percent of Payroll)
Investment Rate of Return	
Current measurement date	7.50%
Prior measurement date	7.50%
Projected Salary Increases	3.75% to 10.50%
Payroll Growth	3.25%

Single discount rate:

Current measurement date 4.27%
Prior measurement date 2.84%
Cost of Living Adjustments 2.20% simple per year

Health Mortality

Mortality for service retirees is based on the Pub-2010 Below-Median Safety Amount-Weighted Healthy Retiree mortality table with rates adjusted by 96.2% for males and 98.7% for females. All rates are projected using the MP-2021 Improvement Scale.

Disabled Mortality

Mortality for disabled retirees is based on the Pub-2010 Safety Amount-Weighted Disabled Retiree mortality table with rates adjusted by 135% for males and 97.9% for females. All rates are projected using the MP-2021 Improvement Scale.

Contingent Annuitant Mortality

Mortality for contingent annuitants is based on the Pub- 2010 Below-Median Safety Amount-Weighted Contingent Annuitant Retiree mortality table with rates adjusted by 108.9% for males and 131% for females. All rates are projected using the MP-2021 Improvement Scale.

Pre-Retirement Mortality

Mortality for active members is based on the Pub-2010 Below-Median Safety Amount-Weighted Employee mortality table. All rates are projected using the MP- 2021 Improvement Scale.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended December 31, 2021.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in OP&F's Statement of Investment Policy. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as a baseline for the return expected. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Best estimates of the long-term expected geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in OP&F's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2022, are summarized below:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return **
Cash and cash equivalents	0.00 %	0.00 %
Domestic equity	18.60	4.80
Non-US equity	12.40	5.50
Private markets	10.00	7.90
Core fixed income *	25.00	2.50
High yield fixed income	7.00	4.40
Private credit	5.00	5.90
U.S. inflation		
linked bonds *	15.00	2.00
Midstream energy infrastructure	5.00	5.90
Real assets	8.00	5.90
Gold	5.00	3.60
Private real estate	12.00	5.30
Commodities	2.00	3.60
Total	125.00 %	

Note: assumptions are geometric.

OP&F's Board of Trustees has incorporated the risk parity concept into OP&F's asset liability valuation with the goal of reducing equity risk exposure, which reduces overall Total Portfolio risk without sacrificing return and creating a more risk-balanced portfolio based on the relationship between asset classes and economic environments. From the notional portfolio perspective above, the Total Portfolio may be levered up to 1.25 times due to the application of leverage in certain fixed income asset classes.

Discount Rate - For 2022, the total OPEB liability was calculated using the discount rate of 4.27%. For 2021, the total OPEB liability was calculated using the discount rate of 2.84%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by state statute. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the longer-term assumed investment rate of return 7.50%. Based on those assumptions, OP&F's fiduciary net position was projected to not be able to make all future benefit payment of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term assumed rate of return on investments of 7.50% was applied to periods before December 31, 2035 and the Municipal Bond Index Rate of 3.65% was applied to periods on and after December 31, 2035, resulting in a discount rate of 4.27%.

^{*} levered 2x

^{**} Numbers are net of expected inflation.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - Net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 4.27%, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (3.27%), or one percentage point higher (5.27%) than the current rate.

		Current						
	19	% Decrease	Discount Rate		1% Increase			
City's proportionate share								
of the net OPEB liability	\$	1,025,174	\$	832,523	\$	669,876		

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rate - The total OPEB liability is based on a medical benefit that is a flat dollar amount; therefore, it is unaffected by a health care cost trend rate. An increase or decrease in the trend rate would have no effect on the total OPEB liability.

NOTE 14 - OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

A. Compensated Absences

City employees are granted vacation and sick leave in varying amounts. In the event of separation, an employee is paid for accumulated vacation and sick leave at various rates.

Fulltime Employees will be credited with accrued vacation:

Exempt Employees and Utility Workers and Service Union Employees

Each full-time employee shall earn and be entitled to paid vacation in accordance with the following schedule:

	<u>Annual</u>	Bi-Weekly
0 through 4 years	80 hours	3.08 hours
5 years through 9 years	120 hours	4.62 hours
10 years through 14 years	160 hours	6.16 hours
15 years through 19 years	200 hours	7.70 hours
> than 19 years	240 hours	9.23 hours

Vacation Payout. Employees shall be paid quarterly for any vacation leave to their credit if their current vacation balance exceeds two (2) years accumulating at their current rate of pay.

OPBA Police, OPBA Dispatch, FOP Sergeants and Lieutenants and IAFF Union Employees

Vacation leave is earned at rates which vary depending upon length of service. Current policy credits vacation leave on January 1 of each year for all full time employees. Vacation accumulation may not exceed three weeks accrual at year end. Any unused excess is eliminated from the employee's leave balance. In case of death, termination, lay-off, or retirement, an employee (or his estate) is paid for his unused vacation to a maximum of three weeks carry-over from the previous year plus any current year accrual.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

NOTE 14 - OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS - (Continued)

Sick leave is earned for all full time employees at the rate of 4.6 hours per pay with the exception of full time employees of emergency medical services who receive 6.15 hours per pay. Employees hired on or before August 1, 2006 shall: 1) be paid for 50% of all sick time accumulated on or before the pay date ends August 6, 2011, as certified by the Director of Finance, that is not subsequently used; and, 2) shall receive an additional amount equal to 25% of all unused sick time accumulated after the pay period ending August 6, 2011, as certificated by the Director of Finance, up to a maximum payment of 240 hours. Employees hired after August 1, 2006 shall be paid for 25% of the total number of accumulated but unused sick hours earned by the employee, as certified by the Finance Director, up to a maximum payment equal to 240 hours.

B. Insurance

The City provides \$50,000 basic term life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance to its full-time employees, and one times salary for administrative employees, through Medical Mutual of Ohio.

NOTE 15 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Debt Issued	Interest Rate	Original Issue Amount	Date of Maturity
	interest Kate	issue Amount	<u> Wiaturity</u>
Governmental activities:			
General obligation bonds			
Series 2016 Refunding	2.00 - 4.00	1,233,180	December 1, 2026
Real Estate Acquisition - Series 2020	1.76	2,900,000	December 1, 2034
Series 2023 1 & 2 bonds	5	4,314,000	December 1, 2037
Business-type activities:			
OWDA loans - direct borrowing			
Water treatment plant improvement 2003	3.65	6,789,904	July 1, 2024
Water treatment plant improvement 2004	3.76	3,022,687	July 1, 2025
Water treatment backwash tank 2005	3.25	1,670,933	January 1, 2026
Portage St./W. Park sanitary sewer 2010	3.43	173,849	January 1, 2030
Intergovernmental loans - direct borrowing			
Sewer rights - City of Canton #6699	3.38	n/a	n/a
Sewer rights - City of Canton #6556	3.39	n/a	n/a
OPWC loans - direct borrowing			
Booster pump station 2007	0	1,020,904	January 1, 2028
Applegrove waterline 2008	0	419,088	January 1, 2039
North Main St. waterline 2010	0	320,335	January 1, 2032
Water Tower #1 exterior painting	0	398,000	January 1, 2033
Lynbrook sanitary sewer	0	299,354	January 1, 2033
Other long-term liabilities			
Raw waterline - Series 2011A	2.00 - 5.50	915,000	December 1, 2030
Frank/Applegrove waterline - Series 2011A	2.00 - 5.50	600,000	December 1, 2030
Series 2016 Refunding	2.00 - 4.00	3,691,820	December 1, 2030

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

NOTE 15 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

The changes in governmental activities long-term obligations during the year were as follows.

	Balance 12/31/2022	Issued	Retired	Balance 12/31/2023	Amounts Due in One Year
Governmental activities:	12,31,2022	155404	rtomou	12/31/2023	in one rear
General obligation bonds					
Series 2023 Bonds	\$ -	3,298,000	-	\$ 3,298,000	-
Series 2023 Bonds	-	1,016,000	-	1,016,000	-
Series 2016 Refunding	750,516	-	(95,472)	655,044	98,124
Real Estate Acquisition - Series 2020	2,364,000		(179,000)	2,185,000	182,000
Total GO bonds	3,114,516	4,314,000	(274,472)	7,154,044	280,124
Various purpose notes					
Various purpose notes - Series 2022	4,314,000		(4,314,000)		
Total notes payable	4,314,000		(4,314,000)		
Other long-term liabilities					
Unamortized premiums on bonds	72,316	-	(9,134)	63,182	-
Compensated absences	1,656,068	553,375	(481,119)	1,728,324	228,895
Notes payable - financed purchase	691,932	-	(114,516)	577,416	119,652
Leases payable	34,065	33,571	(19,751)	47,885	13,797
SBITAs payable	-	58,235	(29,121)	29,114	29,114
Net pension liability	8,413,252	7,481,929	-	15,895,181	-
Net OPEB liability	1,240,733	103,685	(408,210)	936,208	
Total governmental activities	\$ 19,536,882	\$ 12,544,795	\$ (5,650,323)	\$ 26,431,354	\$ 671,582

On April 19, 2016, the City issued a total of \$4,925,000 in Series 2016 Refunding Bonds to advance refund \$1,220,000 of the Series 2011A governmental activities General Obligation Bonds, \$2,660,000 in the Series 2007 Water Bonds and \$1,080,000 in the water General Obligation Bonds. The refunded debt is considered defeased (in-substance) and accordingly, has been removed from the statement of net position. The refunding bonds are comprised of current interest bonds, par value \$4,925,000. Principal and interest payments are made from the water fund and are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The refunding bonds carry interest rates ranging from 2.00-4.00% and have a final maturity date of December 1, 2030.

The reacquisition price of the Series 2016 bonds exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$250,432. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt, which equal to the life of the Series 2016 issued. This advance refunding was undertaken to reduce the combined total debt service payments by \$617,846 and resulted in an economic gain of \$550,842.

On April 3, 2020, the City issued a total of \$2,900,000 in Series 2020 Real Estate Acquisition Bonds to purchase land for the future site of a Safety Service Center.

On May 10, 2022, the City issued \$4,314,000 in bond anticipation notes for economic development. The notes have been financed on a long-term basis prior to the issuance of the financial statements. See Note 24 for details on note issuance.

On May 2, 2023, the City issued \$4,314,000 in Economic Development Nontax Revenue Bonds to refund the previous notes. The bonds carry an interest rate of 5.00% and have a final maturity date of December 1, 2037.

The compensated absences liability will be paid out of the general fund.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

NOTE 15 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

Notes payable - financed purchase: During 2022, the City entered into agreements for the purchase of salt dome equipment and land on Orion St. The payments for the salt dome equipment will be paid from the capital improvement fund and the payments for the land purchase will be paid from the general fund.

<u>Leases payable</u>: The City has entered into lease agreements for the use of right to use land and equipment. Due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 87, the City will report an intangible capital asset and corresponding liability for the future scheduled payments under the leases. The lease payments will be paid from the general fund, the EMS operating fund, and the fire operating fund (a nonmajor governmental fund).

The City has entered into lease agreements for copier equipment and land at varying years and terms as follows:

	Lease		Lease	
	Commencement		End	Payment
Leases	Date	Length	Date	Method
Postage Machine Lease	2020	5 years	2025	Quarterly
Masonic Temple Ground Lease	2021	50 years	2071	Annually
Utilities Copier Lease	2019	63 months	2025	Monthly
Finance Copier Lease	2019	63 months	2024	Monthly
Building/Engineering Copier Lease	2020	63 months	2025	Monthly
Police/Fire/EMS Copier Lease	2018	63 months	2024	Monthly

<u>Net pension liability and net OPEB liability</u>: See Notes 12 and 13 for details. The City pays obligation related to employee compensation, the net pension liability and net OPEB liability from the fund benefitting from their service which, for governmental activities, is primarily the general fund and for business-type activities is primarily the water and sewer funds.

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

NOTE 15 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

The changes in business-type activities long-term obligations during the year were as follows.

		ance /2022		Issued	_	Retired	Balance 2/31/2023		nounts Due One Year
Business-type activities:									
OWDA loans - direct borrowing									
Water treatment plant improvement	\$	920,256	\$	-	\$	(451,807)	\$ 468,449	\$	468,449
Water treatment plant improvement		608,447		-		(195,310)	413,137		202,721
Water treatment backwash tank		375,181		-		(102,911)	272,270		106,283
Portage St./W. Park sanitary		79,315			_	(9,444)	69,871		9,770
Total OWDA loans	1,	983,199			_	(759,472)	 1,223,727		787,223
Intergovernmental loans - direct borrowing									
Sewer rights - City of Canton 2022 - 2031	2,	637,119		_	_	(231,401)	 2,405,718		244,671
Total intergovernmental loans	2,	637,119			_	(231,401)	 2,405,718		244,671
OPWC loans - direct borrowing									
Booster pump station		255,228		_		(25,522)	229,706		51,045
Applegrove waterline		223,508		_		(6,981)	216,527		13,970
North Main St. waterline		136,141		_		(8,008)	128,133		16,017
Water Tower #1 exterior painting		199,000		_		(9,550)	189,450		19,900
Lynbrook sanitary sewer		149,674			_	(7,484)	 142,190		14,968
Total OPWC loans		963,551				(57,545)	906,006	_	115,900
General obligation bonds									
Series 2016 Refunding		664,484		-		(84,528)	579,956		86,876
Series 2016 Refunding	1,	090,000		_		(265,000)	825,000		265,000
Total general obligation bonds	1,	754,484	_	<u>-</u>	_	(349,528)	 1,404,956		351,876
Unamortized premiums on bonds		185,119		-		(23,388)	161,731		-
Notes payable - financed purchase		309,305		-		(157,060)	152,245		75,168
Leases payable		16,921		-		(4,671)	12,250		5,428
Net pension liability		955,704		2,227,625		-	3,183,329		-
Net OPEB liability			_	68,939	_	<u>-</u>	 68,939		<u>-</u>
Total business-type activities	\$ 8,	805,402	\$	2,296,564	\$	(1,583,065)	\$ 9,518,901	\$	1,580,266

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

NOTE 15 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

OWDA Loans - In January 2003, the City was approved for a construction loan through the Water Supply Revolving Loan Fund, which is administered by the Ohio Environmental Protection Agency, for the purpose of funding the improvements and upgrades to the City's Water Treatment Plant. The loan, which is administered by the Ohio Water Development Authority, is at a rate of 3.65 percent and is to be repaid over 20 years. The total amount of the loan, including capitalized interest, was \$7.2 million. In January, 2004, the City received a construction loan through the Water Supply Revolving Loan Fund for the purpose of funding the expansion to the City's Water Treatment Plant. The loan is at a rate of 3.76 percent and is to be repaid over 20 years. The total amount of the loan was for \$3.0 million, repayments began in 2005. In July 2005, the City received a construction loan through the Water Supply Revolving Loan Fund for the purpose of funding the expansion to the City's Water Treatment Plant. The loan is at a rate of 3.25 percent for \$1.7 million and is to be repaid over 20 years. These loans are considered direct borrowings. Direct borrowings have terms negotiated directly between the City and the lender and are not offered for public sale. In the event of default, the OWDA may declare the full amount of the then unpaid original loan amount to be immediately due and payable and/or require the City to pay any fines, penalties, interest, or late charges associated with the default. The City has pledged future water and sewer revenues to repay OWDA loans. The loans are payable solely from water and sewer fund revenues and are payable through 2026. Annual principal and interest payments on the loans are expected to require 16.10% of net revenues and 7.94% of total revenues. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the loans is \$1,278,274. Principal and interest paid for the current year were \$824,039, total net revenues were \$4,344,088 and total revenues were \$11,442,976.

<u>Intergovernmental Loans Payable</u> - In 2022, the City entered into a contractual agreement with the City of Canton for the use of the Water Reclamation Facility that is in the area and will be shared between the City of Canton, Stark County and the City of North Canton and that City residents are able to tap into. The plant will be a capital asset of the City of Canton. The total amount collectively owed to the City of Canton as of December 31, 2023 is \$2,405,718. This amount has been recorded on the City's books as a long-term liability in the sewer enterprise fund. An amount has been recorded as sewer rights in the City sewer enterprise fund capital assets. These amounts will be amortized over the useful life of the asset to the City of Canton.

<u>OPWC Loans</u> - The Ohio Public Works Commission (OPWC) loans are for the construction of a booster pump station, the Applegrove waterline, the North Main St. waterline, water tower #1 exterior painting and the Lynbrook sanitary sewer. These loans are zero interest loans and the booster pump station and the North Main Street waterline will be repaid over 20 years while the Applegrove waterline will be repaid over 30 years. The water tower #1 exterior painting and the Lynbrook sanitary sewer loans are still open and do not have a repayment schedule. These loan liabilities except the Lynbrook sanitary sewer loan are reflected in the water fund which received the proceeds. These loans are payable solely from water fund revenues. The Lynbrook sanitary sewer loan liability is reflected in the sewer fund which received the proceeds. This loan is payable solely from sewer fund revenues.

These loans are considered direct borrowings. Direct borrowings have terms negotiated directly between the City and the lender and are not offered for public sale. In the event of default, the OPWC may (1) charge an 8% default interest rate from the date of the default to the date of the payment and charge the City for all costs incurred by the OPWC incurring the default, (2) in accordance with Ohio Revised Code 164.05, direct the county treasurer of the county in which the City is located to pay the amount of the default from funds that would otherwise be appropriated to the City from such county's undivided local government fund pursuant to ORC 5747.51-5747.53, or (3) at its discretion, declare the entire principal amount of loan then remaining unpaid, together with all accrued interest and other charges, become immediately due and payable.

<u>General Obligation Bonds</u> - On March 23, 2011, the City issued \$3,315,000 in Series 2011A Various Purpose General Obligation Bonds. In business-type activities, \$915,000 in bonds was used to retire bond anticipation notes maturing on March 25, 2011 and \$600,000 in bonds was used for the Frank/Applegrove waterline. During 2016, \$1,080,000 of these bonds were refunded by the Series 2016 Refunding Bonds.

<u>Notes payable - financed purchase</u>: During 2022, the City entered into an agreement for the purchase of a valve turning truck and other equipment. The payments for this purchase will be paid from the water fund.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

NOTE 15 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

<u>Leases payable</u>: The City has entered into lease agreements for the intangible right-to-use equipment. Due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 87, the City will report an intangible capital asset and corresponding liability for the future scheduled payments under the leases. The lease payments will be paid from the water fund.

The City has entered into lease agreements for copier equipment at varying years and terms as follows:

	Lease		Lease		
	Commencement		End	Payment	
<u>Leases</u>	Date	Length	Date	Method	
Water Treatment Copier Lease	2021	63 months	2027	Quarterly	
Service Center Copier Lease	2020	63 months	2025	Annually	

Principal and interest requirements to retire the outstanding debt at December 31, 2023, are as follows:

	Total Governmental					Total Governmental						
Year Ending		General Obligation Bonds					Notes Payable - Financed Purchase					
December 31,	_1	Principal	_	Interest	Total		Total Principal		Interest		_	Total
2024	\$	280,124	\$	295,457	\$	575,581	\$	119,652	\$	18,206	\$	137,858
2025		526,428		288,329		814,757		123,481		14,377		137,858
2026		521,212		268,202		789,414		16,785		9,632		26,417
2027		540,864		248,177		789,041		17,268		9,149		26,417
2028		566,820		278,834		845,654		17,764		8,653		26,417
2029-2033		2,853,596		797,743		3,651,339		96,782		35,303		132,085
2034-2038		1,865,000		230,056		2,095,056		111,518		20,567		132,085
2039-2041						<u>-</u>		74,166		5,085		79,251
Total	\$	7,154,044	\$	2,406,798	\$	9,560,842	\$	577,416	\$	120,972	\$	698,388

	Total Governmental											
		Leases Payable										
Year End December 31,		Principal		Interest	Total							
2024	\$	13,795	\$	1,244	\$	15,039						
2025		6,793		932		7,725						
2026		6,668		735		7,403						
2027		6,870		532		7,402						
2028		1,851		375		2,226						
2029 - 2033		733		1,767		2,500						
2034 - 2038		851		1,649		2,500						
2039 - 2043		988		1,512		2,500						
2044 - 2048		1,148		1,352		2,500						
2049 - 2053		1,334		1,166		2,500						
2054 - 2058		1,549		951		2,500						
2059 - 2063		1,800		700		2,500						
2064 - 2068		2,091		409		2,500						
2069 - 2072		1,414		87	_	1,501						
Total	\$	47,885	\$	13,411	\$	61,296						

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

NOTE 15 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

V F 1	Ohio Public Works Commission -			OWDA Loans -			
Year Ending		Direct Borrowing	T 4 1	Direct Borrowing			
December 31,	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	Total	<u>Principal</u>	Interest Total		
2024	\$ 115,900	\$ -	\$ 115,900	\$ 787,223 \$	36,813 \$ 824,036		
2025	115,901	-	115,901	330,290	12,438 342,728		
2026	115,901	-	115,901	66,679	2,539 69,218		
2027	115,901	-	115,901	10,820	1,264 12,084		
2028	90,378	-	90,378	11,194	889 12,083		
2029-2033	274,399	-	274,399	17,521	604 18,125		
2034-2039	77,626		77,626		_		
Total	\$ 906,006	<u> - </u>	\$ 906,006	<u>\$ 1,223,727</u> <u>\$</u>	54,547 \$ 1,278,274		
Total Business-Type Activities			Total Bu	siness-Type Activities			
Year Ending	General Obligation Bonds			Intergovernmental Loans			
December 31,	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest Total		
2024	\$ 351,876	\$ 56,198	\$ 408,074	\$ 244,671	\$ 68,833 \$ 313,504		
2025	366,572	42,123	408,695	258,470	61,304 319,774		
2026	357,788	27,460	385,248	272,815	53,354 326,169		
2027	75,136	13,149	88,285	287,727	44,966 332,693		
2028	82,180	55,788	137,968	303,224	36,122 339,346		
2029-2032	171,404	10,331	181,735	1,038,811	50,478 1,089,289		
Total	\$ 1,404,956	\$ 205,049	\$ 1,610,005	\$ 2,405,718	<u>\$ 315,057</u> <u>\$ 2,720,775</u>		
	Total E	Business-Type A	ctivities	Total Bu	usiness-Type Activities		
Year Ending	Notes P	ayable - Finance	d Purchase	L	eases Payable		
December 31,	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest Total		
2024	\$ 75,168	\$ 7,856	\$ 83,024	\$ 5,428	\$ 302 \$ 5,730		
2025	77,077	3,867	80,944	3,094	166 3,260		
2026	-	1,958	1,958	3,188	68 3,256		
2027	<u>-</u>			540	2542		
Total	\$ 152,245	\$ 13,681	\$ 165,926	\$ 12,250	<u>\$ 538</u> <u>\$ 12,788</u>		

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

NOTE 15 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

Notes Payable - Short Term

Changes in the City's note activity for the year ended December 31, 2023, were as follows:

	Balance				Balance
	12/31/2022	Issued		Retired	12/31/2023
Governmental fund notes Various purpose notes - series 2022	\$ 2,717,500	\$	- \$	(2,717,500)	\$ -
Total Governmental Fund Notes	\$ 2,717,500	\$	<u>-</u> \$	(2,717,500)	\$ -

All notes were backed by the full faith and credit of the City. The note liability is reflected in the fund which received the proceeds. The notes were issued in anticipation of long-term bond financing and will be refinanced when such bonds are issued.

On June 3, 2022, the issued Series 2022 bond anticipation notes in the amount of \$7,031,500 for the purpose of economic development. Of this amount, \$4,314,000 has been replaced by debt that extends at least one year beyond the balance sheet date. The notes have an interest rate of 1.4% and will matured on May 9, 2023. At December 31, 2023, there were no further obligations outstanding.

Conduit Debt

From time to time, the City has issued Industrial Revenue Bonds to provide assistance to private-sector entities for the acquisition and construction of industrial and commercial facilities deemed to be in the public interest. The bonds are secured by the property financed and are payable solely from payments received on the underlying mortgage loans; ownership of the acquired facilities transfers to the private-sector entity served by the bond issuance. Neither the City, the State, nor any political subdivision thereof is obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements. As of December 31, 2023, there were two series of Industrial Revenue Bonds outstanding, with an aggregate principal amount payable of \$14,180,700.

Legal Debt Margin

The Ohio Revised Code provides that the net debt of a municipal corporation, whether or not approved by the electors, shall not exceed 10.5% of the total value of all property in the municipal corporation as listed and assessed for taxation. In addition, the unvoted net debt of municipal corporations cannot exceed 5.5% of the total taxation value of property. The assessed valuation used in determining the City's legal debt margin has been modified by House Bill 530 which became effective March 30, 2006. In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in calculating the City's legal debt margin calculation excludes tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property, and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations. The statutory limitations on debt are measured by a direct ratio of net debt to tax valuation and expressed in terms of a percentage. At December 31, 2023, the City's total debt margin was \$46,740,758 and the unvoted debt margin was \$21,076,567.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

NOTE 16 - INTERFUND ACTIVITY

The general fund transfers monies to other funds for general operations. The other funds from which employee wages are paid transfer monies to the general fund to pay for sick and vacation leave.

		Fire	En	ergency	N	onmajor			
Transfer from		Levy	_	Levy	Gov	<u>ernmental</u>	_	Total	
Major fund									
General	\$	550,000	\$	100,000	\$	450,000	\$	1,100,000	

Transfers between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between governmental funds and business-type activities are presented as transfers on the Statement of Activities.

NOTE 17 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

The Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (non-GAAP budgetary basis) presented for the general fund and any major special revenue funds are presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget.

The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (a) Revenues and other financing sources are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures and other financing uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to restricted, assigned or committed fund balance for that portion of outstanding encumbrances not already recognized as an account payable (GAAP basis);
- (d) Advances-in and advances-out are operating transactions (budget basis) as opposed to Balance Sheet transactions (GAAP basis);
- (e) Investments are reported at fair value (GAAP basis) rather than cost (budget basis); and,
- (f) Some funds are included in the general fund (GAAP basis), but have separate legally adopted budgets (budget basis).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

NOTE 17 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING - (Continued)

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statements (as reported in the fund financial statements) to the budgetary basis statements for all governmental funds for which a budgetary basis statement is presented:

Net Change in Fund Balance

	Ge	neral Fund	 ire ng Fund	S	ency Medical Services evy Fund
Budget basis	\$	(914,536)	\$ 92,441	\$	304,425
Net adjustment for revenue accruals		578,400	10		25,696
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals		2,592,858	(11,019)		(39,684)
Net adjustment for other financing sources/uses		10,000	-		-
Funds budgeted elsewhere		(169,369)	-		-
Adjustment for encumbrances		204,956	 26,800		31,310
GAAP basis	\$	2,302,309	\$ 108,232	\$	321,747

Certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate special revenue funds are considered part of the general fund on a GAAP basis. This includes the income tax fund, the compensated absences fund and the unclaimed monies fund.

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

NOTE 18 - FUND BALANCE

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of resources in the governmental funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented below.

Fund balance	General	Fire Operating Levy Fund	Emergency Medical Services Levy Fund	Capital Improvement Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
Nonspendable:							
Materials and supplies inventory Prepaids	\$ 79,589 60,683	\$ - 6,116	\$ 8,896 4,265	\$ - -	\$ 194,582 4,866	\$ 283,067 75,930	
Unclaimed monies	15,000	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u> _	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	15,000	
Total nonspendable	155,272	6,116	13,161		199,448	373,997	
Restricted:							
Security of persons and property police	-	-	-	-	107,068	107,068	
Security of persons and property fire	-	322,558	803,752	-	-	1,126,310	
Public health and welfare	-	-	-	-	23,602	23,602	
Transportation	-	-	-	-	2,035,034	2,035,034	
Utility services	-	-	-	-	734,333	734,333	
General trust	-	-	-	-	46,502	46,502	
Capital Improvements					772,436	772,436	
Total restricted		322,558	803,752		3,718,975	4,845,285	
Committed:							
Capital improvements	-	-	-	8,321,137	329,202	8,650,339	
Compensated absences	980,084					980,084	
Total committed	980,084			8,321,137	329,202	9,630,423	
Assigned:							
Community environment	63,395	-	-	-	-	63,395	
Security of persons and property police	23,919	-	-	-	-	23,919	
Leisure time activity	21,781	-	-	-	-	21,781	
Subsequent year appropriation	1,775,250					1,775,250	
Total assigned	1,884,345					1,884,345	
Unassigned (deficit)	4,561,988				(6,981)	4,555,007	
Total fund balances	\$ 7,581,689	\$ 328,674	\$ 816,913	\$ 8,321,137	\$ 4,240,644	\$ 21,289,057	

NOTE 19 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Stark Council of Governments

The City participates in the Stark Council of Governments (the "Council") which is a statutorily created political subdivision of the State. The Council is jointly governed among Stark County and its municipalities and townships which direct the operations of the Stark County Metropolitan Narcotics Unit and the Stark County Crime Laboratory. Of the 27 Board Members, the City has one appointed member. Each member's control over the operation of the Council is limited to its representation on the Board. The Board exercises total authority over the operation of the Council including budgeting, appropriation, contracting, and designating management. The City does not have an equity interest in the Council. The Council is not accumulating significant financial resources or experiencing fiscal stress which would cause additional financial benefit to or burden on the City. The City did not contribute any funds to the Council in 2022. Complete financial statements can be obtained from the Stark Council of Governments, P.O. Box 21451 Canton, Ohio 44701-1451.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

NOTE 19 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS - (Continued)

Stark County Combined General Health District

The City participates in the Stark County Combined General Health District (the "Health District") which is a statutorily created political subdivision of the State. The Health District is jointly governed by Stark County townships, villages, the City of Louisville, and the City of North Canton. Of the 7 Board Members, the City has one appointed member. The Board is made up of various professionals who are equally representative of the general health district. The Board exercises total authority over the operation of the Health District including budgeting, appropriation, contracting, and designating management. The City does not have an equity interest in the Health District. The Health District is not accumulating significant financial resources or experiencing fiscal stress which would cause additional financial benefit to or burden on the City. The City contributed \$100,566 to the Health District in 2023. Complete financial statements can be obtained from the Stark County Combined General Health District, 3951 Convenience Circle NW, Canton, Ohio 44718.

Regional Income Tax Agency (RITA)

In 1971, 38 municipalities joined together to organize a Regional Council of Governments (RCOG) under the authority of Chapter 167 of the Ohio Revised Code to administer tax collection and enforcement concerns facing the cities and villages. The purpose of the RCOG is to foster cooperation between the municipalities through sharing facilities for their common benefit. This includes the establishment of a central collection facility for the purpose of administering the income tax laws of the various municipal corporations who are members of the RCOG and for the purpose of collecting income taxes on behalf of each member municipality, doing all things allowed by law to accomplish such purpose. The first official act of the RCOG was to form RITA.Today, RITA serves as the income tax collection agency for over 300 municipalities and JEDD/JEDZ/ENTPZ districts throughout the State of Ohio.

Each member municipality appoints its own delegate to the RCOG, including electing members to the RITA Board of Trustees. Regardless of the population or tax collections of member municipalities, each member of the RCOG has an equal say in the operations of RITA.

NOTE 20 - LITIGATION

The City of North Canton is a party to legal proceedings. The City management is of the opinion that ultimate disposition of these claims and legal proceedings will not have a material effect, if any, on the financial condition of the City.

NOTE 21 - TAX ABATEMENTS

The City had two Community Reinvestment Areas, Main Street CRA and Valley View CRA. These CRA programs were created by ordinance as authorized in Ohio Revised Code Sections 3735.65-70. The CRAs provided an incentive for new residential, commercial, or industrial development or rehabilitation in designated areas. A property tax exemption on 100% of the increase in assessed valuation resulting from improvements was given on residential properties. The residential tax exemption varied from 10 to 15 years, based on the type of dwelling and the cost of remodeling or construction. For commercial and industrial properties, those exemptions were negotiated on a case-by-case bases in advance of the commencement of construction or remodeling. An ordinance to repeal both CRAs was passed by City Council in 2016; however, abatements granted prior to the repeal are still in place. The amount of property taxes that were reduced during 2023 as a result of tax abatement agreements were approximately \$100,000.

NOTE 22 - NORTH CANTON COMMUNITY IMPROVEMENT CORPORATION

The City of North Canton Community Improvement Corporation (the "CIC") was formed pursuant to Ordinance 103-80 passed October 28, 1980 and incorporated as a corporation not-for-profit under Title XVII, Chapters 1702 and 1724 of the Ohio Revised Code for the purpose to advance, encourage, and promote industrial, economic, commercial and civic development of the City of North Canton. The CIC has been designated as the City of North Canton's agent for industrial and commercial distributions and research development.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

NOTE 22 - NORTH CANTON COMMUNITY IMPROVEMENT CORPORATION - (Continued)

The City of North Canton (the "City") is a charter municipal corporation incorporated under the laws of the State of Ohio. In accordance with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units* and GASB Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus*, the City's financial statements include all organizations, activities and functions which comprise the primary government and those legally separate entities for which the City is financially accountable. The CIC is discretely presented as a component unit of the City of North Canton. Financial accountability is defined as the appointment of a voting majority of the unit's board and either 1) the City's ability to impose its will over the unit, or 2) the possibility that the unit will provide a financial benefit or impose a financial burden to the City. The CIC is a legally separate entity and is reported by the City as a discretely presented component unit in its basic financial statements. The CIC does not include any other units in its presentation.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The basic financial statements (BFS) of the CIC have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

The CIC's significant accounting policies are described below.

A. Basis of Accounting

The basic financial statements of the CIC are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting in conformity with GAAP.

B. Basis of Presentation

The CIC's basic financial statements consist of a statement of net position, a statement of revenues, expenses, changes in net position and a statement of cash flows.

The CIC distinguishes operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the CIC's principal ongoing operation. The principal operating revenues of the CIC are contributions from the City. Operating expenses for the CIC primarily include purchased services and depreciation expense on capital assets purchased by the CIC. All revenues and expenses not meeting these definitions are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses. Nonoperating revenues consist of interest income.

C. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, all cash in the CIC's checking and savings accounts with a maturity of less than three months is considered to be cash and cash equivalents. All monies received by the CIC are deposited in a demand deposit account.

D. Capital Assets and Depreciation

All capital assets are capitalized at cost and updated for additions and reductions during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market value on the date donated. The CIC maintains a capitalization threshold of \$500. The CIC does not have any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized.

All capital assets except land are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method. Land improvements, buildings and equipment are depreciated over five to forty years.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

NOTE 22 - NORTH CANTON COMMUNITY IMPROVEMENT CORPORATION - (Continued)

E. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets plus deferred outflows of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation reduced by the outstanding balance of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. The CIC has no restricted net position.

The CIC applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

G. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

The CIC has recognized certain expenses and long-term obligations due, but unpaid as of December 31, 2023. These expenses and long-term obligations are reported as accrued liabilities in the accompanying financial statements.

F. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

H. Assets Held for Resale

During 2023, the City of North Canton transferred property to the CIC that is being held for resale. The CIC sold the property in March of 2024 for development. The associated assets have been reported at lower of cost or market.

I. Contributions of Capital

Contributions of capital in the basic financial statements arise from outside contributions of capital assets and assets held for resale provided by the City of North Canton for the use of CIC activities or resale of properties.

Deposits

At December 31, 2023, the carrying amount of the CIC's deposits was \$343,273. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures", as of December 31, 2023, \$294,771 of the bank balance of \$344,911 was covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation and the remaining \$44,771 was either covered by the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS) or exposed to custodial credit risk as described below.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the CIC will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The CIC has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits either be insured or protected by (1) eligible securities pledged to the CIC's and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose market value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured, or (2) participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total market value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of State. Although all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with Federal requirements could potentially subject the Corporation to a successful claim by the FDIC.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

NOTE 22 - NORTH CANTON COMMUNITY IMPROVEMENT CORPORATION - (Continued)

Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2023, was as follows:

	Balance 12/31/22	Additions	Deductions	Balance 12/31/23
	12/31/22	Additions	Deductions	12/31/23
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land	\$ 2,555,464	\$ 1,541,319	\$ (1,750,650)	\$ 2,346,133
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	2,555,464	1,541,319	(1,750,650)	2,346,133
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Land improvements	44,200	-	-	44,200
Buildings	993,375	713,181	(286,750)	1,419,806
Equipment	444,000		(444,000)	
Total capital assets, being depreciated	1,481,575	713,181	(730,750)	1,464,006
Less: accumulated depreciation:				
Land improvements	(44,200)	-	-	(44,200)
Buildings and improvements	(30,676)	(26,581)	9,666	(47,591)
Equipment	(155,400)		155,400	
Total accumulated depreciation	(230,276)	(26,581)	165,066	(91,791)
Total capital assets, net	\$ 3,806,763	\$ 2,227,919	\$ (2,316,334)	\$ 3,718,348

Litigation

The CIC is involved in no material litigation as either plaintiff or defendant.

Long-term Obligations

The changes in governmental activities long-term obligations during the year were as follows.

	Balance 12/31/2022		_	Issued	<u>d</u>		Retired		Balance 12/31/2023		ounts Due One Year
Governmental activities - direct borrowings:											
Mortgage payable - 1023 N. Main St.	\$	126,635	\$		-	\$	(7,660)	\$	118,975	\$	7,928
Mortgage payable - 6507 Wise Ave. NW											
& Whipple Ave. NW		382,078			-		(23,111)		358,967		23,921
Mortgage payable - 6631 Wise Ave. NW		68,676	_		_		(3,734)		64,942		3,875
Total governmental activities	\$	577,389	\$		_	\$	(34,505)	\$	542,884	\$	35,724

On February 16, 2021, the CIC entered into a mortgage payable for \$140,000 to purchase property at 1023 N. Main St., North Canton. The mortgage has an interest rate of 3.55% and a final maturity date of February 16, 2036.

On February 24, 2021, the CIC entered into a mortgage payable for \$422,400 to purchase property at 6507 Wise Ave. NW and property on Whipple Ave NW. The mortgage has an interest rate of 3.55% and a final maturity date of February 24, 2036.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

NOTE 22 - NORTH CANTON COMMUNITY IMPROVEMENT CORPORATION - (Continued)

On January 31, 2022, the CIC entered into a mortgage payable for \$72,000 to purchases property at 6631 Wise Ave. NW. The mortgage has an interest rate of 3.85% and a final maturity date of January 28, 2037.

These mortgages are considered direct borrowings. Direct borrowings have terms negotiated directly between the CIC and the lender and are not offered for public sale.

Principal and interest requirements to retire the outstanding debt at December 31, 2023 are as follows.

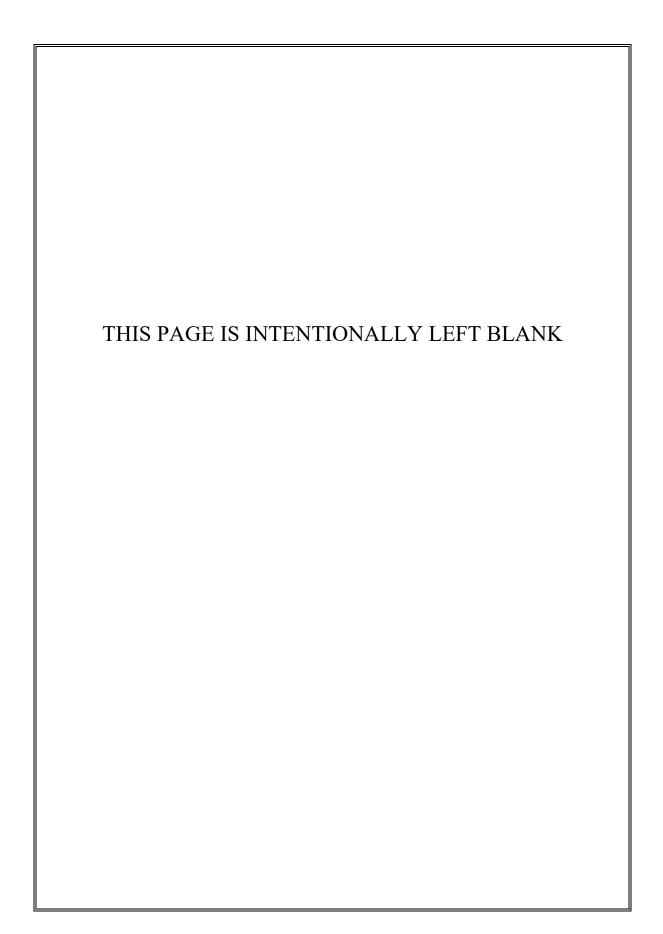
		l otal											
Year Ending		Mortgages Payable											
December 31,	P	rincipal	_	Interest	<u>Total</u>								
2024	\$	35,724	\$	19,200	\$	54,924							
2025		37,098		17,826		54,924							
2026		38,469		16,456		54,925							
2027		39,890		15,034		54,924							
2028		41,324		13,600		54,924							
2029-2033		230,864		43,753		274,617							
2034-2037		119,515		5,306	_	124,821							
Total	\$	542,884	\$	131,175	\$	674,059							

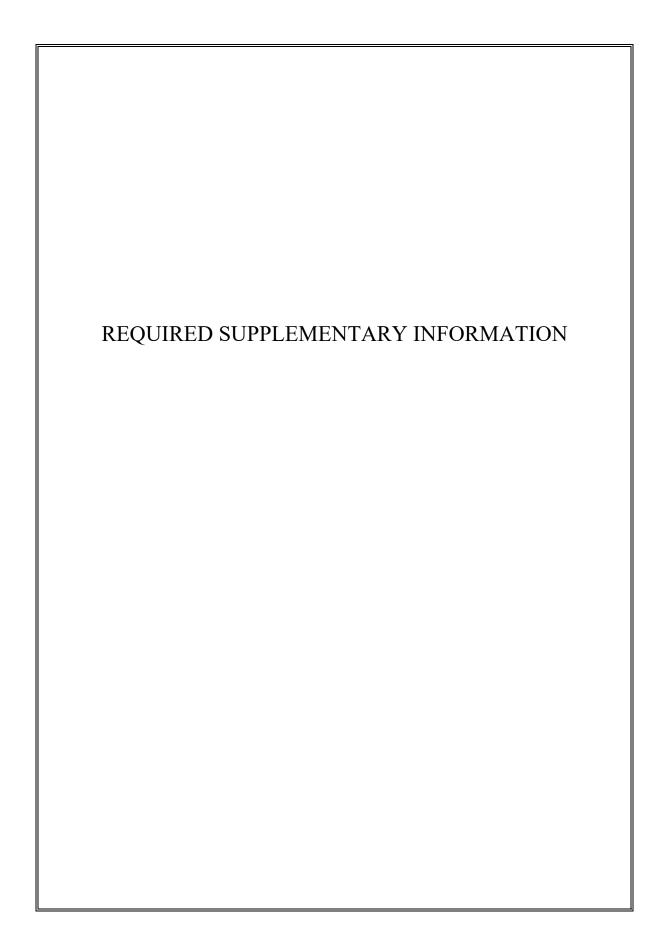
Due to Primary Government

During 2022, the City of North Canton advanced the CIC \$1,149,378 for the purchase of property. The CIC transferred \$5,600,000 to the City in April of 2023, which included the repayment of the advance. During 2023, the City transferred \$5,894,257 to the CIC due to the reissuance of bond anticipation notes. \$1,443,635 is recorded as "due to primary governments" on the basic financial statements.

NOTE 23 - COVID-19

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March of 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Ohio's state of emergency ended in June 2021 while the national state of emergency ended in April 2023. During 2023, the City received COVID-19 funding. The City will continue to spend available COVID-19 funding consistent with the applicable program guidelines.





SCHEDULES OF THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY/NET PENSION ASSET OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (OPERS)

LAST TEN YEARS

	2023			2022		2021		2020
Traditional Plan:								
City's proportion of the net pension liability		0.026984%		0.026402%		0.027717%		0.023053%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	7,971,084	\$	2,297,081	\$	4,104,285	\$	4,556,582
City's covered payroll	\$	4,348,221	\$	3,848,979	\$	4,200,693	\$	3,095,071
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		183.32%		59.68%		97.70%		147.22%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		75.74% 96.629				86.88%		82.17%
Combined Plan:								
City's proportion of the net pension asset		0.048889%		0.050251%		0.055492%		0.050324%
City's proportionate share of the net pension asset	\$	115,226	\$	197,992	\$	160,184	\$	104,938
City's covered payroll	\$	229,093	\$	229,093	\$	226,207	\$	242,364
City's proportionate share of the net pension asset as a percentage of its covered payroll Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage		50.30%		86.42%		70.81%		43.30%
of the total pension asset	137.14%			169.88%		157.67%	145.28%	
Member Directed Plan:								
City's proportion of the net pension asset		0.021809%		0.027430%		0.030597%		0.030872%
City's proportionate share of the net pension asset	\$	1,706	\$	4,980	\$	5,578	\$	1,167
City's covered payroll	\$	171,970	\$	171,970	\$	168,270	\$	199,010
City's proportionate share of the net pension asset as a percentage of its covered payroll		0.99%		2.90%		3.31%		0.59%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension asset		126.74%		171.84%		188.21%		118.84%

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the City's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

 2019	 2018		2017		2016		2015	 2014				
0.027004%	0.028288%		0.280710%		0.030226%		0.031691%	0.031691%				
\$ 7,395,848	\$ 4,437,839	\$	6,374,447	\$	5,235,523	\$	3,822,289	\$ 3,735,956				
\$ 3,624,036	\$ 3,826,369	\$	3,617,467	\$	3,503,758	\$	3,935,808	\$ 3,898,908				
204.08%	115.98%		176.21%		149.43%		97.12%	95.82%				
74.70%	84.66%		77.25%		81.08%		86.45%	86.36%				
0.055653%	0.071714%		0.658650%		0.074670%		0.075345%	0.075345%				
\$ 62,234	\$ 97,627	\$	36,658	\$	36,337	\$	29,010	\$ 7,906				
\$ 238,021	\$ 293,700	\$	256,375	\$	271,733	\$	264,817	\$ 254,254				
26.15%	33.24%		14.30%		14.30%		14.30%		13.37%		10.95%	3.11%
126.64%	137.28%		116.55%		116.90%		114.83%	104.56%				
0.021849%	0.019983%		0.016979%		0.020418%		n/a	n/a				
\$ 498	\$ 697	\$	71	\$	78		n/a	n/a				
\$ 124,890	\$ 142,380	\$	88,142	\$	113,708		n/a	n/a				
0.40%	0.49%		0.08%		0.07%		n/a	n/a				
113.42%	124.46%		103.40%		103.40%		n/a	n/a				

SCHEDULES OF THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY OHIO POLICE AND FIRE (OP&F) PENSION FUND

LAST TEN YEARS

	2023		2022	 2021	 2020
City's proportion of the net pension liability	0.11693220%		0.11319670%	0.10399570%	0.10665340%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 11,107,426	\$	7,071,875	\$ 7,089,480	\$ 7,184,743
City's covered payroll	\$ 3,188,600	\$	3,008,274	\$ 3,034,346	\$ 2,298,107
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	348.35%		235.08%	233.64%	312.64%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	62.90%		75.03%	70.65%	69.89%

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the City's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

 2019	 2018	 2017	2017 2016			2015	 2014	
0.10369100%	0.09438800%	0.08695100%		0.09668200%		0.07778590%	0.07778590%	
\$ 8,463,925	\$ 5,793,004	\$ 5,507,346	\$	6,219,582	\$	4,029,634	\$ 3,788,418	
\$ 2,438,943	\$ 2,251,083	\$ \$ 1,983,744		1,825,891 \$		1,835,351	\$ 1,689,819	
347.03%	257.34%	277.62%		340.63%		219.56%	224.19%	
63.07%	70.91%	68.36%		66.77%		72.20%	73.00%	

SCHEDULES OF THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CITY PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (OPERS)

LAST TEN YEARS

	2023			2022		2021	2020		
Traditional Plan:						_			
Contractually required contribution	\$	712,765	\$	608,751	\$	538,857	\$	588,097	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(712,765)		(608,751)		(538,857)		(588,097)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$		\$		
City's covered payroll	\$	5,091,179	\$	4,348,221	\$	3,848,979	\$	4,200,693	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		14.00%		14.00%		14.00%		14.00%	
Combined Plan:									
Contractually required contribution	\$	27,491	\$	32,073	\$	32,073	\$	31,669	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(27,491)		(32,073)		(32,073)		(31,669)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$		\$		
City's covered payroll	\$	229,092	\$	229,093	\$	229,093	\$	226,207	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		12.00%		14.00%	14.00%			14.00%	
Member Directed Plan:									
Contractually required contribution	\$	17,197	\$	17,197	\$	17,197	\$	16,827	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(17,197)		(17,197)		(17,197)		(16,827)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$		\$		
City's covered payroll	\$	171,970	\$	171,970	\$	171,970	\$	168,270	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		10.00%		10.00%		10.00%		10.00%	

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

 2019		2018	 2017	 2016	 2015	 2014
\$ 433,310	\$	509,885	\$ 497,428	\$ 434,096	\$ 420,451	\$ 472,297
(433,310)		(509,885)	(497,428)	(434,096)	(420,451)	(472,297)
\$ _	\$	_	\$ 	\$ _	\$ _	\$
\$ 3,095,071	\$	3,642,036	\$ 3,826,369	\$ 3,617,467	\$ 3,503,758	\$ 3,935,808
14.00%		14.00%	13.00%	12.00%	12.00%	12.00%
\$ 33,931	\$	33,323	\$ 38,181	\$ 30,765	\$ 32,608	\$ 31,778
(33,931)		(33,323)	(38,181)	(30,765)	(32,608)	(31,778)
\$ 	\$		\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$
\$ 242,364	\$	238,021	\$ 293,700	\$ 256,375	\$ 271,733	\$ 264,817
14.00%		14.00%	13.00%	12.00%	12.00%	12.00%
\$ 19,901	\$	12,489	\$ 14,238	\$ 10,577	\$ 13,645	
 (19,901)		(12,489)	(14,238)	(10,577)	(13,645)	
\$ 	\$		\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	
\$ 199,010	\$	124,890	\$ 142,380	\$ 88,142	\$ 113,708	
10.00%		10.00%	10.00%	12.00%	12.00%	

SCHEDULES OF THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CITY PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS OHIO POLICE AND FIRE (OP&F) PENSION FUND

LAST TEN YEARS

	2023			2022		2021		2020	
Police:									
Contractually required contribution	\$	403,199	\$	383,577	\$	384,768	\$	400,120	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(403,199)		(383,577)		(384,768)		(400,120)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	
City's covered payroll	\$	2,122,100	\$	2,018,826	\$	2,025,095	\$	2,105,895	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		19.00%		19.00%		19.00%		19.00%	
Fire:									
Contractually required contribution	\$	346,423	\$	231,047	\$	218,186	\$	165,235	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(346,423)		(231,047)		(218,186)		(165,235)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$		\$		
City's covered payroll	\$	1,474,140	\$	983,179	\$	928,451	\$	703,128	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		23.50%		23.50%		23.50%		23.50%	

2019	 2018	2017	2016	2015	 2014
\$ 303,046	\$ 320,993	\$ 311,340	\$ 286,727	\$ 274,092	\$ 297,289
 (303,046)	 (320,993)	 (311,340)	(286,727)	 (274,092)	(297,289)
\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$
\$ 1,594,979	\$ 1,689,437	\$ 1,638,632	\$ 1,509,089	\$ 1,442,589	\$ 1,564,679
19.00%	19.00%	19.00%	19.00%	19.00%	19.00%
\$ 176,134	\$ 143,926	\$ 111,544	\$ 90,076	\$ 63,608	\$ 32,344
(176,134)	 (143,926)	 (111,544)	 (90,076)	 (63,608)	 (32,344)
\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$
\$ 749,506	\$ 612,451	\$ 474,655	\$ 383,302	\$ 270,672	\$ 137,634
23.50%	23.50%	23.50%	23.50%	23.50%	23.50%

SCHEDULES OF THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY/ NET OPEB ASSET OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (OPERS)

LAST SEVEN YEARS

	 2023	 2022	 2021	 2020
City's proportion of the net OPEB liability/asset	0.027378%	0.027144%	0.028645%	0.024166%
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability/(asset)	\$ 172,624	\$ (850,192)	\$ (510,335)	\$ 3,337,952
City's covered payroll	\$ 4,749,284	\$ 4,250,042	\$ 4,595,170	\$ 3,536,445
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability/asset as a percentage of its covered payroll	3.63%	20.00%	11.11%	94.39%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability/asset	94.79%	128.23%	115.57%	47.80%

Note: Information prior to 2017 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the City's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

 2019	 2018	 2017				
0.027648%	0.029240%	0.028650%				
\$ 3,604,647	\$ 3,175,249	\$ 2,893,697				
\$ 4,004,947	\$ 4,262,449	\$ 3,961,984				
90.00%	74.49%	73.04%				
46.33%	54.14%	54.05%				

SCHEDULES OF THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY OHIO POLICE AND FIRE (OP&F) PENSION FUND

LAST SEVEN YEARS

	 2023	 2022	 2021	_	2020
City's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.11693220%	0.11319670%	0.10399570%		0.10665340%
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 832,523	\$ 1,240,733	\$ 1,101,851	\$	1,053,494
City's covered payroll	\$ 3,188,600	\$ 3,008,274	\$ 3,034,346	\$	2,298,107
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	26.11%	41.24%	36.31%		45.84%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	52.59%	46.86%	45.42%		47.08%

Note: Information prior to 2017 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the City's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

	2019	 2018	2017			
	0.10369100%	0.09438800%		0.08695100%		
\$	944,266	\$ 5,347,886	\$	4,127,368		
\$	2,438,943	\$ 2,251,083	\$	1,983,744		
	38.72%	237.57%		208.06%		
	46.57%	14.13%		15.96%		

SCHEDULES OF THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CITY OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (OPERS)

LAST TEN YEARS

	2023		 2022		2021	2020	
Contractually required contribution	\$	11,461	\$ 6,879	\$	6,879	\$	6,731
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(11,461)	 (6,879)		(6,879)		(6,731)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$ <u>-</u>	\$		\$	
City's covered payroll	\$	5,492,241	\$ 4,749,284	\$	4,250,042	\$	4,595,170
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		0.21%	0.14%		0.16%		0.15%

 2019		2018	 2017	 2016	 2015	 2014
\$ 7,960	\$	8,447	\$ 42,296	\$ 79,240	\$ 77,784	\$ 82,759
 (7,960)		(8,447)	 (42,296)	 (79,240)	 (77,784)	 (82,759)
\$ 	\$		\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$
\$ 3,536,445	\$	4,004,947	\$ 4,262,449	\$ 3,961,984	\$ 3,889,199	\$ 4,200,625
0.23%		0.21%	0.99%	2.00%	2.00%	1.97%

SCHEDULES OF THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CITY OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS OHIO POLICE AND FIRE (OP&F) PENSION FUND

LAST TEN YEARS

	2023 2022			2021	2020	
Police:	 					
Contractually required contribution	\$ 10,611	\$	10,094	\$ 10,125	\$	10,529
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 (10,611)		(10,094)	 (10,125)		(10,529)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$		\$ _	\$	
City's covered payroll	\$ 2,122,100	\$	2,018,826	\$ 2,025,095	\$	2,105,895
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	0.50%		0.50%	0.50%		0.50%
Fire:						
Contractually required contribution	\$ 7,371	\$	5,849	\$ 4,916	\$	4,642
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 (7,371)		(5,849)	 (4,916)		(4,642)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$		\$ 	\$	
City's covered payroll	\$ 1,474,140	\$	983,179	\$ 928,451	\$	703,128
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	0.50%		0.50%	0.50%		0.50%

2019		 2018	 2017	 2016	2015	 2014
\$	7,975	\$ 8,193	\$ 7,749	\$ 7,408	\$ 7,760	\$ 51,825
	(7,975)	 (8,193)	 (7,749)	 (7,408)	 (7,760)	 (51,825)
\$		\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ -
\$	1,594,979	\$ 1,689,437	\$ 1,638,632	\$ 1,509,089	\$ 1,442,589	\$ 1,564,679
	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%
\$	3,516	\$ 3,748	\$ 3,062	\$ 2,373	\$ 1,917	\$ 1,413
	(3,516)	 (3,748)	 (3,062)	 (2,373)	 (1,917)	 (1,413)
\$		\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$
\$	749,506	\$ 612,451	\$ 474,655	\$ 383,302	\$ 270,672	\$ 137,634
	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

PENSION

OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (OPERS)

Changes in benefit terms:

- ¹ There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2014.
- ^a There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2015.
- ¹ There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2016.
- ⁿ There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2017.
- ^o There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2018.
- $\ ^{\square}$ There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2019.
- ^a There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2020.
- $\ ^{\square}$ There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2021.
- $\ ^{\square}$ There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2022.
- ⁿ There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2023.

Changes in assumptions:

- ⁿ There were no changes in assumptions for 2014.
- There were no changes in assumptions for 2015.
- ⁿ There were no changes in assumptions for 2016.
- ^a For 2017, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) reduction in the actuarially assumed rate of return from 8.00% down to 7.50%, (b) for defined benefit investments, decreasing the wage inflation from 3.75% to 3.25% and (c) changing the future salary increases from a range of 4.25%-10.05% to 3.25%-10.75%.
- ⁿ There were no changes in assumptions for 2018.
- ^a For 2019, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the assumed rate of return and discount rate were reduced from 7.50% down to 7.20%.
- ⁿ There were no changes in assumptions for 2020.
- ⁿ There were no changes in assumptions for 2021.
- For 2022, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) wage inflation was changed from 3.25% to 2.75%, (b) future salary increases, including inflation were changed from 3.25%-10.75% to 2.75%-10.75%, (c) COLA for post 1/7/2013 retirees were changed from 0.50%, simple through 2021, then 2.15% simple to 3.00%, simple through 2022, then 2.05% simple and (d) the actuarially assumed rate of return was changed from 7.20% to 6.90%.
- There were no changes in assumptions for 2023.

(Continued)

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

PENSION

OHIO POLICE AND FIRE (OP&F) PENSION FUND

Changes in benefit terms:

- ¹ There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2014.
- ^a There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2015.
- ⁿ There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2016.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2017.
- ^o There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2018.
- ^a There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2019.
- ⁿ There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2020.
- ⁿ There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2021.
- ^a There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2022.
- ⁿ There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2023.

Changes in assumptions:

- There were no changes in assumptions for 2014.
- ⁿ There were no changes in assumptions for 2015.
- ^o There were no changes in assumptions for 2016.
- □ There were no changes in assumptions for 2017.
- ^a For 2018, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) reduction in the actuarially assumed rate of return from 8.25% down to 8.00%, (b) changing the future salary increases from a range of 4.25%-11.00% to 3.75%-10.50%, (c) reduction in payroll increases from 3.75% down to 3.25%, (d) reduction in inflation assumptions from 3.25% down to 2.75% and (e) Cost of Living Adjustments (COLA) were reduced from 2.60% and 3.00% simple to 2.20% and 3.00% simple.
- ^o There were no changes in assumptions for 2019.
- ⁿ There were no changes in assumptions for 2020.
- ⁿ There were no changes in assumptions for 2021.
- ^a For 2022, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the actuarially assumed rate of return was changed from 8.00% to 7.50%.
- ^a For 2023, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the mortality rates were changed from the RP-2014 Total Employee and Healthy Annuitant mortality tables to various Pub-2010 mortality tables using the MP-2021 Improvement Scale.

(Continued)

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (OPERS)

Changes in benefit terms:

- ^o There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2017.
- ⁿ There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2018.
- ¹ There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2019.
- ¹ There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2020.
- For 2021, the following were the most significant changes in benefit terms since the prior measurement date: the Board approved several changes to the health care plan offered to Medicare and non-Medicare retirees in efforts to decrease costs and increase the solvency of the health care Plan. These changes are effective January 1, 2022 and include changes to base allowances and eligibility for Medicare retirees, as well as replacing OPERS-sponsored medical plans for non-Medicare retirees with monthly allowances, similar to the program for Medicare retirees. These changes are reflected in the December 31, 2020 measurement date health care valuation. These changes significantly decreased the total OPEB liability for the measurement date December 31, 2020.
- ^a There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2022.
- ^a There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2023.

Changes in assumptions:

- ^a There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for 2017.
- ^a For 2018, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) reduction in the actuarially assumed rate of return from 4.23% down to 3.85%.
- For 2019, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affect the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was increased from 3.85% up to 3.96%, (b) The investment rate of return was decreased from 6.50% percent down to 6.00%, (c) the municipal bond rate was increased from 3.31% up to 3.71% and (d) the health care cost trend rate was increased from 7.50%, initial/3.25%, ultimate in 2028 up to 10.00%, initial/3.25% ultimate in 2029.
- For 2020, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affect the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was decreased from 3.96% up to 3.16%, (b) the municipal bond rate was decreased from 3.71% up to 2.75% and (c) the health care cost trend rate was increased from 10.50%, initial/3.25%, ultimate in 2029 up to 10.50%, initial/3.50% ultimate in 2030.
- For 2021, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affect the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was increased from 3.16% up to 6.00%, (b) the municipal bond rate was decreased from 2.75% up to 2.00% and (c) the health care cost trend rate was decreased from 10.50%, initial/3.50%, ultimate in 2030 down to 8.50%, initial/3.50% ultimate in 2035.
- For 2022, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affect the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) wage inflation changed from 3.25% to 2.75%, (b) projected salary increases, including inflation changed from 3.25%-10.75% to 2.75%-10.75%, (c) the municipal bond rate was changed from 2.00% to 1.84% and (d) the health care cost trend rate was changed from 8.50% initial, 3.50% ultimate in 2035 to 5.50% initial, 3.50% ultimate in 2034.
- For 2023, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affect the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the single discount rate changed from 6.00% to 5.22%, (b) the municipal bond rate was changed from 1.84% to 4.05% and (c) the health care cost trend rate was changed from 5.50% initial, 3.50% ultimate in 2034 to 5.50% initial, 3.50% ultimate in 2036.

(Continued)

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

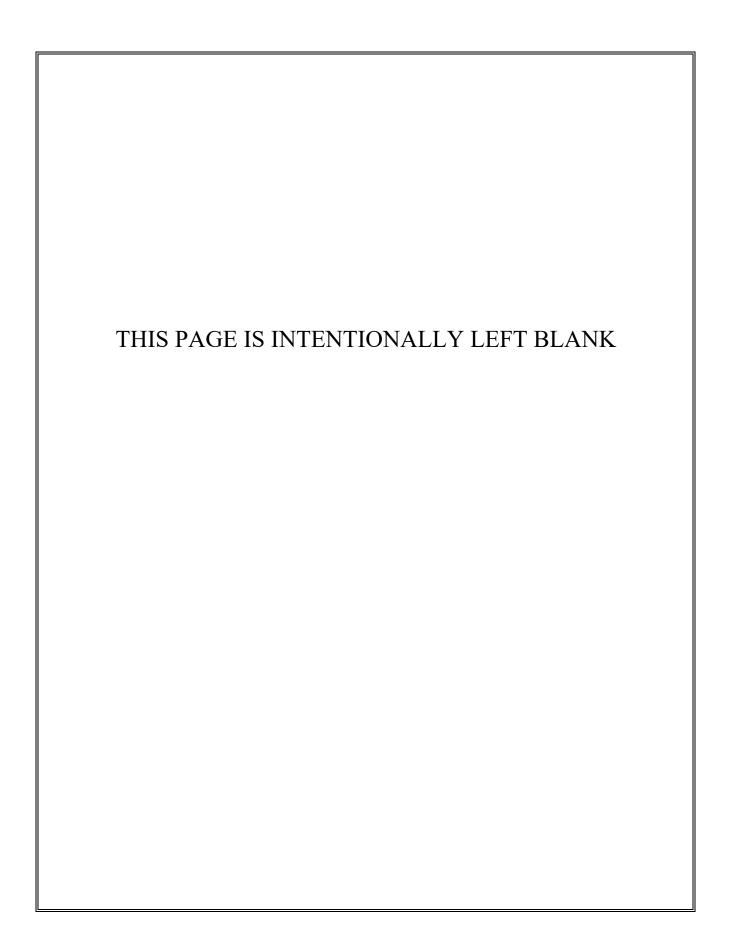
OHIO POLICE AND FIRE (OP&F) PENSION FUND

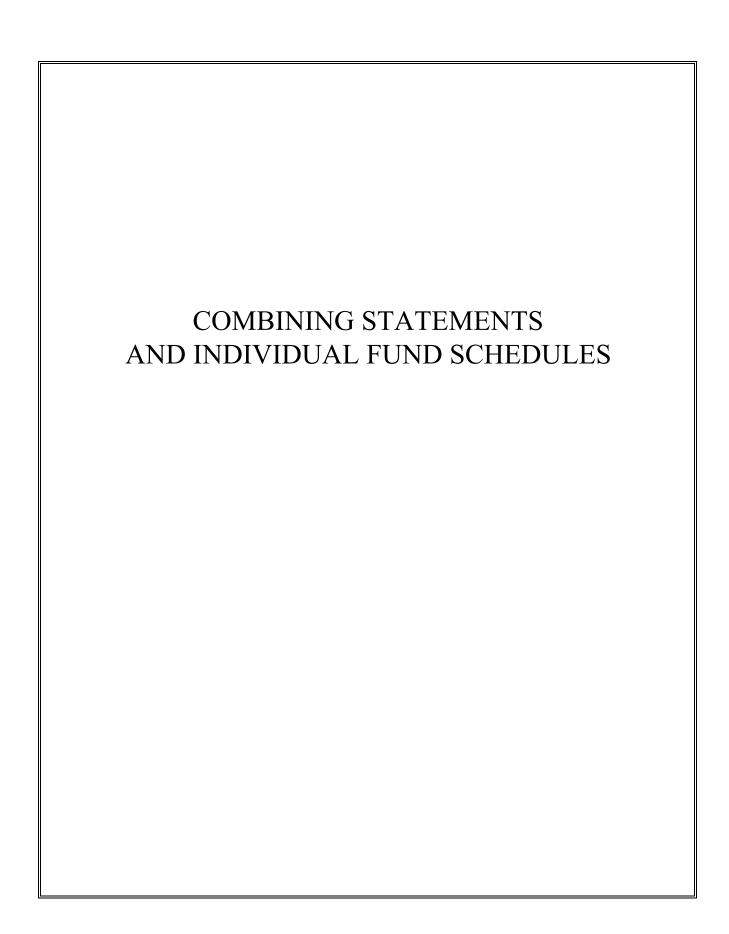
Changes in benefit terms:

- ¹ There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2017.
- ⁿ There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2018.
- ^a For 2019, OP&F changed its retiree health care model from a self-insured health care plan to a stipend-based health care model.
- ⁿ There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2020.
- ¹⁰ There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2021.
- ^o There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2022.
- $\ ^{\square}$ There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2023.

Changes in assumptions:

- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for 2017.
- For 2018, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) DROP interest rate was reduced from 4.50% to 4.00%, (b) CPI-based COLA was reduced from 2.60% to 2.20%, (c) investment rate of return was reduced from 8.25% to 8.00%, (d) salary increases were reduced from 3.75% to 3.25% and (e) payroll growth was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%.
- For 2019, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affect the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was increased from 3.24% up to 4.66%.
- ^a For 2020, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affect the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was decreased from 4.66% up to 3.56%.
- ^a For 2021, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affect the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was decreased from 3.56% down to 2.96%.
- ^a For 2022, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affect the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the investment rate of return was changed from 8.00% to 7.50% and (b) the discount rate was changed from 2.96% to 2.84%.
- ^a For 2023, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affect the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was changed from 2.84% to 4.27% and (b) the mortality rates were changed from the RP-2014 Total Employee and Healthy Annuitant mortality tables to to various Pub-2010 mortality tables using the MP-2021 Improvement Scale.





INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES FUND DESCRIPTIONS - MAJOR FUNDS

GENERAL FUND

The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Major Special Revenue Funds

Fire Operating Levy Fund

This fund accounts for property taxes levied for the partial operation of the fire department.

Emergency Medical Services Levy Fund

The emergency medical services levy fund accounts for property taxes levied that are restricted for the partial operation of the emergency medical service department.

Major Capital Projects Fund

Capital Improvement Fund

The capital improvement fund accounts for City income tax revenue that is committed and bond proceeds that are restricted for various capital projects.

Major Enterprise Funds

Water Fund

This fund accounts for the treatment and provision of water to the residents and commercial users of the City and certain residents of the County.

Sewer Fund

This fund accounts for the sanitary sewer services provided to the residents and commercial users of the City and certain residents of the County.

Garbage Fund

This fund accounts for the garbage and recycling service provided by a successful bidder for the residential users of the City.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Budgeted	l Amounts		Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Property taxes	\$ 1,195,000	\$ 1,127,000	\$ 1,127,002	\$ 2
Municipal income taxes	7,845,000	9,276,375	9,178,186	(98,189)
Charges for services	26,000	51,900	51,903	3
Licenses and permits	488,000	651,350	652,130	780
Fines and forfeitures	308,000	221,275	221,265	(10)
Intergovernmental	625,000	595,350	595,310	(40)
Interest	300,000	565,000	563,144	(1,856)
Rentals	308,000	146,250	243,632	97,382
Hotel motel taxes	-	10,250	10,236	(14)
Contributions and donations	7,000,000	7,000,000	5,600,000	(1,400,000)
Other	10,000	27,750	27,620	(130)
Total revenues	18,105,000	19,672,500	18,270,428	(1,402,072)
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General Government				
Legislative and Executive:				
Director of Administration:				
Personal services	667,283	495,854	473,670	22,184
Other operating	99,617	79,074	79,167	(93)
Total director of administration	766,900	574,928	552,837	22,091
Director of Finance:				
Personal services	444,583	431,594	412,640	18,954
Other operating	25,800	16,725	16,662	63
Total director of finance	470,383	448,319	429,302	19,017
Electronic Data Processing:				
Other operating	378,925	443,100	443,061	39
Total electronic data processing	378,925	443,100	443,061	39
Director of Law:				
Other operating	267,400	174,075	174,060	15
Total director of law	267,400	174,075	174,060	15
City Council:				
Personal services	104,500	98,593	97,931	662
Other operating	44,269	27,596	27,486	110
Total city council	148,769	126,189	125,417	772

Continued

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
Civil Service Commission					
Personal services	\$ 10,007	\$ 5,291	\$ 4,958	\$ 333	
Other operating	2,738	1,763	1,730	33	
Total civil service commission	12,745	7,054	6,688	366	
Land and Buildings:					
Personal services	134,117	96,367	90,490	5,877	
Other operating	482,370	363,470	363,379	91	
Total land and buildings	616,487	459,837	453,869	5,968	
Department of Engineering:					
Personal services	209,650	207,810	198,730	9,080	
Other operating	129,650	113,939	113,830	109	
Total department of engineering	339,300	321,749	312,560	9,189	
Other General Government					
Other operating	615,825	434,100	318,914	115,186	
Total other general government	615,825	434,100	318,914	115,186	
Total General Government	3,616,734	2,989,351	2,816,708	172,643	
Security of Persons and Property:					
Police:					
Personal services	3,318,031	2,841,295	2,718,925	122,370	
Other operating	474,903	435,820	435,596	224	
Total police	3,792,934	3,277,115	3,154,521	122,594	
Dispatch:					
Personal services	960,266	912,445	876,190	36,255	
Other operating	24,850	19,800	19,757	43	
Total dispatch	985,116	932,245	895,947	36,298	
School Patrol:					
Personal services	510,587	514,215	490,722	23,493	
Other operating	23,400	18,300	18,200	100	
Total school patrol	533,987	532,515	508,922	23,593	
Street lighting:					
Other operating	155,000	177,850	177,835	15	
Total street lighting	155,000	177,850	177,835	15	
Total Security of Persons and Property	5,467,037	4,919,725	4,737,225	182,500	

Continued

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget	
	Original	Original Final		Positive (Negative)	
Public Health and Welfare:					
County Health Department:					
Other operating	\$ 108,000	\$ 100,575	\$ 100,566	\$ 9	
Total county health department	108,000	100,575	100,566	9	
Total Public Health and Welfare	108,000	100,575	100,566	9	
Community Environment: Building:					
Personal services	96,150	62,675	60,877	1,798	
Other operating	632,400	933,375	933,252	123	
Total building	728,550	996,050	994,129	1,921	
Economic Development					
Personal services	168,875	153,947	115,869	38,078	
Contract services	824,250	280,760	280,723	37	
Total economic development	993,125	434,707	396,592	38,115	
Total Community Environment	1,721,675	1,430,757	1,390,721	40,036	
Leisure Time Activities: Dogwood Shelter:					
Other operating	60,585	39,885	39,836	49	
Total dogwood shelter	60,585	39,885	39,836	49	
•		37,003	37,030		
Swimming Pool:					
Other operating	96,385	62,335	62,269	66	
Total swimming pool	96,385	62,335	62,269	66	
Parks Department:					
Personal services	642,454	575,692	553,624	22,068	
Other operating	376,708	329,283	329,082	201	
Total parks department	1,019,162	904,975	882,706	22,269	
				Cti1	

Continued

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Variance with

(9)

(5)

(14)

(909,369)

(909, 369)

	Budgeted Amounts			Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
Civic Center:					
Other operating	\$ 187,085	\$ 101,785	\$ 101,675	\$ 110	
Total civic center	187,085	101,785	101,675	110	
Golf Course:					
Other operating	640,471	632,371	557,336	75,035	
Total golf course	640,471	632,371	557,336	75,035	
Total Leisure Time Activities	2,003,688	1,741,351	1,643,822	97,529	
Debt Service:					
Debt service	7,091,981	7,225,931	7,225,914	17	
Bond issuance costs	284,769	284,769	284,769		
Total debt service	7,376,750	7,510,700	7,510,683		
Total expenditures	20,293,884	18,692,459	18,199,725	492,717	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditrues	(2,188,884)	980,041	70,703	(909,355)	
Other financing sources (uses):					

300,000

(300,000) (1,250,000)

(1,250,000)

(3,438,884)

7,483,075

4,219,875

175,684

31,750

83,025

(1,100,000)

7,483,075

7,653,575

\$

175,684

(985,225)

(5,184)

31,741

83,020

(1,100,000)

(985,239)

(914,536)

7,483,075

175,684 6,744,223

Sale of capital assets

Total other financing sources (uses)

Net change in fund balance

Fund balance at end of year

Fund balance at beginning of year

Prior year encumbrances appropriated

Advances in

Advances out

Transfers out

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) FIRE OPERATING LEVY FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Variance with

37,017

37,017

	Budgeted Amounts			Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues:					
Property taxes	\$ 963,000	\$ 871,325	\$ 871,318	\$ (7)	
Charges for services	4,000	7,025	7,049	24	
Intergovernmental	24,000	48,200	48,176	(24)	
Total revenues	991,000	926,550	926,543	(7)	
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Security of Person and Property:					
Fire:					
Personal services	1,305,220	1,009,407	972,559	36,848	
Other operating	416,918	411,719	411,543	176	
	1,722,138	1,421,126	1,384,102	37,024	
Total expenditures	1,722,138	1,421,126	1,384,102	37,024	
Excess of expenditures over revenues	(731,138)	(494,576)	(457,559)	37,017	
Other financing sources:					
Transfers in	550,000	550,000	550,000		

550,000

(181, 138)

253,456

25,388

97,706

\$

550,000

55,424

253,456

334,268

\$

25,388

550,000

92,441

253,456

371,285

\$

25,388

Total other financing sources

Fund balance at beginning of year

Prior year encumbrances appropriated

Net change in fund balance

Fund balance at end of year

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES LEVY FUND

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Property taxes	\$ 1,891,700	\$ 1,773,900	\$ 1,773,887	\$ (13)
Charges for services	666,000	833,075	833,075	-
Intergovernmental	121,300	126,550	126,503	(47)
Total revenues	2,679,000	2,733,525	2,733,465	(60)
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Public Health and Welfare:				
Personal services	2,476,758	2,298,589	2,189,849	108,740
Other operating	331,643	339,419	339,220	199
Total expenditures	2,808,401	2,638,008	2,529,069	108,939
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	(129,401)	95,517	204,396	108,879
Other financing sources:				
Sale of capital assets	-	25	29	4
Transfers in	100,000	100,000	100,000	-
Total other financing sources	100,000	100,025	100,029	4
Net change in fund balance	(29,401)	195,542	304,425	108,883
Fund balance at beginning of year	515,976	515,976	515,976	_
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	56,001	56,001	56,001	
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 542,576	\$ 767,519	\$ 876,402	\$ 108,883

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT FUND

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
	Original	<u>Final</u>	Actual		
Revenues:					
Municipal income taxes	\$ 1,725,000	\$ 1,725,000	\$ 1,725,000	\$ -	
Intergovernmental		1,616,175	1,369,502	(246,673)	
Total revenues	1,725,000	3,341,175	3,094,502	(246,673)	
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Capital Outlay:					
Other operating	3,807,434	9,950,515	9,950,424	91	
Total capital outlay	3,807,434	9,950,515	9,950,424	91	
Debt service				-	
Principal retirement	95,475	95,475	95,475	-	
Interest and fiscal charges	28,175	28,100	28,100	-	
Bond issuance costs	-	66,012	66,012	-	
Total debt service	123,650	189,587	189,587		
Total expenditures	3,931,084	10,140,102	10,140,011	91	
Excess of expenditures over revenues	(2,206,084)	(6,798,927)	(7,045,509)	(246,582)	
Other financing sources:					
Bond issuance	-	4,314,000	4,314,000	-	
Sale of capital assets	-	28,400	28,400	-	
Total other financing sources		4,342,400	4,342,400		
Net change in fund balance	(2,206,084)	(2,456,527)	(2,703,109)	(246,582)	
Fund balance at beginning of year	1,186,548	1,186,548	1,186,548	-	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	2,206,084	2,206,084	2,206,084		
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 1,186,548	\$ 936,105	\$ 689,523	\$ (246,582)	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND EQUITY - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

WATER FUND

	Budgete	d Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Operating revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 7,700,000	\$ 7,005,100	\$ 7,017,974	\$ 12,874
Tap-in fees	50,000	167,750	167,723	(27)
Other	20,000	98,000	97,948	(52)
Total operating revenues	7,770,000	7,270,850	7,283,645	12,795
Operating expenses:				
Personal services	2,431,039	2,326,030	2,231,399	94,631
Other operating	6,713,799	4,685,841	4,685,148	693
Total operating expenses	9,144,838	7,011,871	6,916,547	95,324
Operating income (loss)	(1,374,838)	258,979	367,098	108,119
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):				
Sale of capital assets	-	24,000	24,000	-
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	(1,214,325)	(1,200,525)	(1,200,503)	22
Interest and fiscal charges	(101,025)	(114,750)	(114,742)	8
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(1,315,350)	(1,291,275)	(1,291,245)	30
Loss before				
transfers	(2,690,188)	(1,032,296)	(924,147)	108,149
Transfers in	-	81,300	81,279	(21)
Transfers out		(81,300)	(81,279)	21
Net change in fund equity	(2,690,188)	(1,032,296)	(924,147)	108,149
Fund equity at beginning of year	5,610,740	5,610,740	5,610,740	-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	1,363,938	1,363,938	1,363,938	
Fund equity at end of year	\$ 4,284,490	\$ 5,942,382	\$ 6,050,531	\$ 108,149

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND EQUITY - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) $\mathbf{SEWER} \ \mathbf{FUND}$

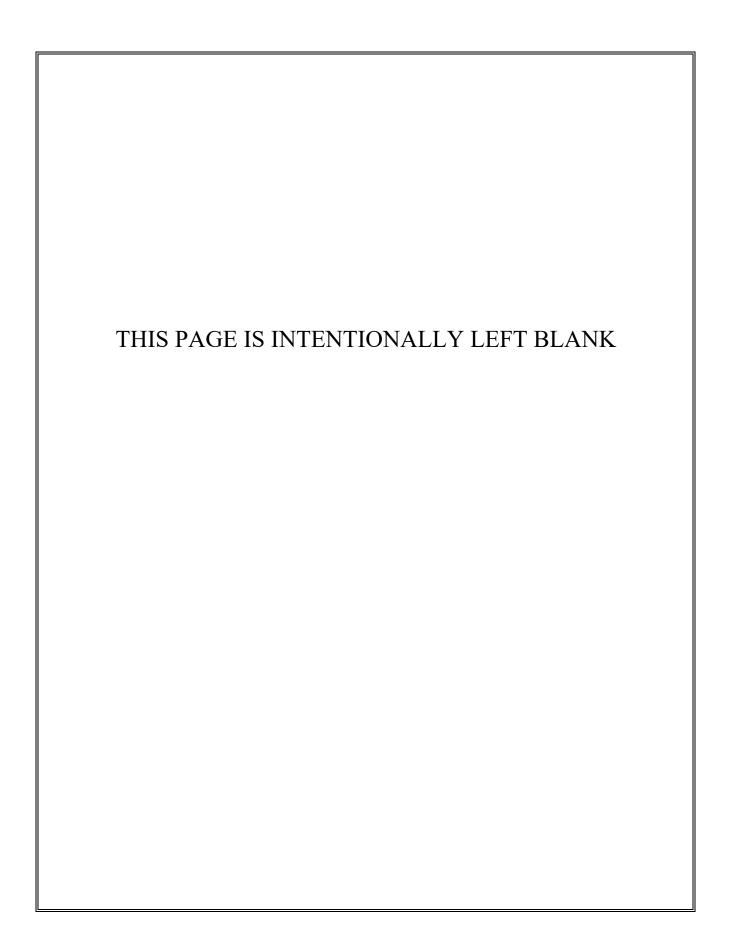
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Variance with **Budgeted Amounts Final Budget** Positive (Negative) Original Final Actual **Operating revenues:** Charges for services 4,304,000 3784100 \$ 3,784,117 \$ 17 \$ Tap-in fees 75,100 40,500 75,089 (11)23,500 52,300 52,287 Other (13)Total operating revenues 4,368,000 3,911,500 3,911,493 (7) **Operating expenses:** Personal services 930,711 802,359 767,378 34,981 Other operating 3,291,974 2,410,934 2,410,675 259 35,240 Total operating expenses 4,222,685 3,213,293 3,178,053 Operating income 145,315 698,207 733,440 35,233 Nonoperating revenues (expenses): Debt service: Principal retirement (24,425)(24,425)(24,425)Interest and fiscal charges (2,325)(2,309)(2,309)Total nonoperating expenses (26,750)(26,734)(26,734)Income before transfers 118,565 671,473 706,706 35,233 Transfers out (81,300)Net change in fund equity 671,473 706,706 35,233 37,265 Fund equity at beginning of year 2,259,377 2,259,377 2,259,377 Prior year encumbrances appropriated 36,535 36,535 36,535 \$ Fund equity at end of year 2,333,177 2,967,385 3,002,618 \$ 35,233

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND EQUITY - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

GARBAGE FUND

	Budgeted Amounts					Fina	ance with Il Budget	
		Original		Final	Actual		Positive (Negative)	
Operating revenues:								
Charges for services	\$	1,206,000	\$	1,264,000	\$	1,264,017	\$	17
Other				9,300		9,294		(6)
Total operating revenues		1,206,000		1,273,300		1,273,311		11
Operating expenses:								
Personal services		103,686		98,329		94,410		3,919
Other operating		1,250,950		1,232,150		1,232,084		66
Total operating expenses		1,354,636		1,330,479		1,326,494		3,985
Operating loss		(148,636)		(57,179)		(53,183)		3,996
Nonoperating revenues:								
Intergovernmental		50,000		21,425		18,721		(2,704)
Total nonoperating revenues		50,000		21,425		18,721		(2,704)
Net change in fund equity		(98,636)		(35,754)		(34,462)		1,292
Fund equity at beginning of year		657,924		657,924		657,924		_
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		486		486		486		
Fund equity at end of year	\$	559,774	\$	622,656	\$	623,948	\$	1,292



INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES FUND DESCRIPTIONS - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specific purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The term *proceeds of specific revenue sources* establishes that one or more specific restricted or committed revenues should be the foundation for a special revenue fund. The following are the special revenue funds which the City operates:

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Computer Fund

This fund accounts for fees charged to any case processed through Mayor's Court for computer services that are restricted for the operation of the court system.

Enforcement and Education Fund

This fund accounts for revenues received from fines levied when arrests are made for driving under the influence of alcohol. This money is restricted for education of officers and members of the community.

Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair Fund

This fund accounts for the portion of state gasoline tax and motor vehicle registration fees that are restricted for the maintenance of the streets within the City.

Storm Sewer Levy Fund

This fund accounts for property taxes levied that are restricted to maintain, improve or construct storm sewers within the City.

Street Levy Fund

This fund accounts for property taxes levied that are restricted to subsidize improvement of streets within the City.

Municipal Road Fund

This fund accounts for the portion of permissive motor vehicle license tax levied by the County that is allocated to the City that is restricted for street repair.

General Trust Fund

This fund accounts for donations to the City that are restricted by the donors to be used for specific purposes.

Law Enforcement Trust Fund

This fund accounts for money collected from federal forfeitures that is restricted for specific law enforcement purposes.

Continuing Professional Education Fund

This fund accounts for grant money received from the State of Ohio that is restricted for Peace Officer training.

OneOhio Opioid Settlement Fund

This fund is used to account for opiod settlement proceeds that are restricted for public health and welfare.

Required Deposits Fund

To account for monies put on deposit with the City in accordance with various City ordinances.

COVID-19 Relief Fund

This fund accounts for financial resources provided by the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA).

INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES FUND DESCRIPTIONS - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

The following funds are included in the general fund (GAAP basis), but have separate legally adopted budgets (budget basis):

Compensated Absences Fund

This fund accounts for the accumulation of resources for accumulated sick leave and vacation leave, upon the termination of employment of employees in the City.

Unclaimed Monies Fund

This fund is used to account for resources that are unclaimed monies that have not been distributed. The fund balance of this fund is nonspendable.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

Capital project funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets. Capital project funds exclude those types of capital-related outflows financed by proprietary funds or for assets that will be held in trust for individuals, private organizations, or other governments. The following is a description of all nonmajor capital project funds:

Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund

Indoor Firearms Training Range Improvement Fund

This fund accounts for transfers that are committed to improve the indoor firearms range for the police department.

Park Development Fund

This fund accounts for grants and donations that are restricted to improve the City's parks.

Dogwood Pool Fund

This fund accounts for twenty percent of seasonal net operating funds that are committed to improve the Dogwood Pool.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2023

		Nonmajor cial Revenue Funds		Nonmajor pital Projects Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Assets: Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	3,323,652	\$	1,073,769	\$	4,397,421
Receivables:	Ψ	3,323,032	Ψ	1,075,707	Ψ	7,577,721
Property taxes		692,384		_		692,384
Intergovernmental		549,853		27,869		577,722
Materials and supplies inventory		194,582		-		194,582
Prepayments		4,866				4,866
Total assets	\$	4,765,337	\$	1,101,638	\$	5,866,975
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	6,292	\$	-	\$	6,292
Contracts payable		6,981		-		6,981
Accrued wages and benefits payable		25,131		-		25,131
Due to other governments		10,547		-		10,547
Unearned revenue		421,542				421,542
Total liabilities		470,493				470,493
Deferred inflows of resources:						
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year		675,070		-		675,070
Delinquent property tax revenue not available		17,314		-		17,314
Intergovernmental revenues not available		463,454				463,454
Total deferred inflows of resources		1,155,838				1,155,838
Fund Balances:						
Nonspendable		199,448		-		199,448
Restricted		2,946,539		772,436		3,718,975
Committed		-		329,202		329,202
Unassigned (deficit)		(6,981)				(6,981)
Total fund balances		3,139,006		1,101,638		4,240,644
Total liabilities, deferred inflows						
of resources and fund balance	\$	4,765,337	\$	1,101,638	\$	5,866,975

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Revenues:				
Property taxes	\$ 694,456	\$ -	\$ 694,456	
Charges for services	-	25,951	25,951	
Fines and forfeitures	31,883	-	31,883	
Intergovernmental	2,288,418	49,149	2,337,567	
Contributions and donations	27,603	26,079	53,682	
Other	1,331		1,331	
Total revenues	3,043,691	101,179	3,144,870	
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government	12,804	-	12,804	
Security of persons and property:				
Police	25,968	-	25,968	
Public health and welfare	8,094	-	8,094	
Transportation	3,235,363	-	3,235,363	
Leisure time activity	8,364	-	8,364	
Basic utility services	379,921	-	379,921	
Capital outlay	<u> </u>	106,238	106,238	
Total expenditures	3,670,514	106,238	3,776,752	
Excess of expenditures				
over revenues	(626,823)	(5,059)	(631,882)	
Other financing sources:				
Sale of capital assets	12,645	-	12,645	
Transfers in	450,000		450,000	
Total other financing sources	462,645		462,645	
Net change in fund balances	(164,178)	(5,059)	(169,237)	
Fund balances at beginning of year	3,303,184	1,106,697	4,409,881	
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 3,139,006	\$ 1,101,638	\$ 4,240,644	

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2023

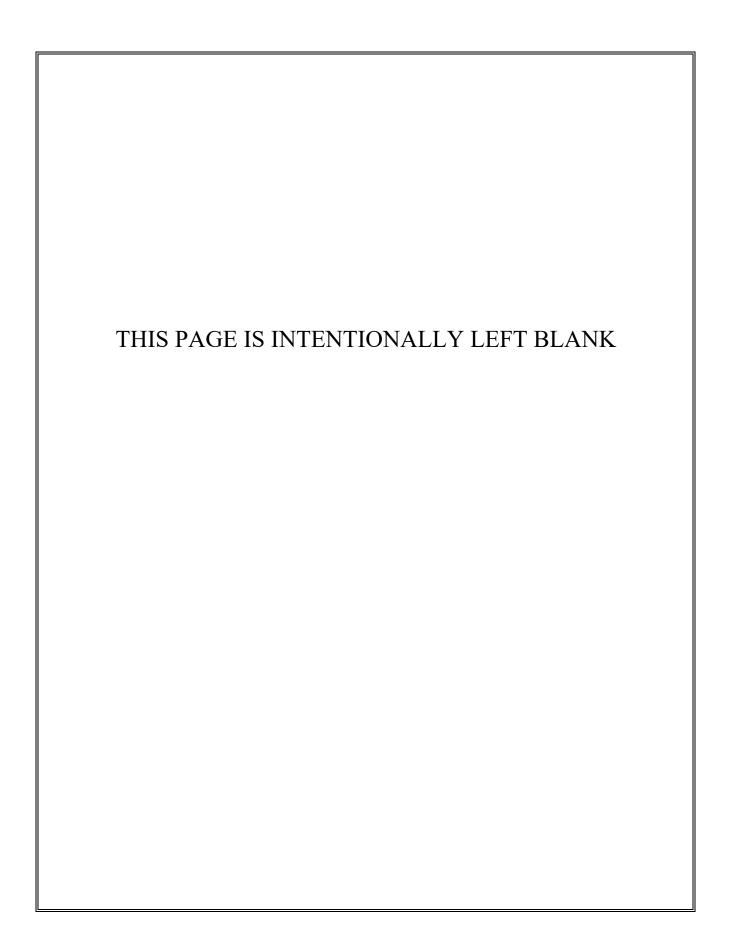
		forcement Education	M	Street onstruction, aintenance nd Repair		Storm Sewer Levy		Street Levy
Assets: Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	37,397	\$	1,765,396	\$	734,464	\$	224,353
Receivables:	φ	31,391	φ	1,705,590	φ	734,404	φ	224,333
Property taxes		-		-		346,192		346,192
Intergovernmental		25		507,110		21,359		21,359
Materials and supplies inventory		-		194,582		-		-
Prepayments				4,570		296		
Total assets	\$	37,422	\$	2,471,658	\$	1,102,311	\$	591,904
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	_	\$	5,411	\$	131	\$	_
Contracts payable		-		-		-		-
Accrued wages and benefits		-		25,131		-		-
Due to other governments		-		10,547		-		-
Unearned revenue								
Total liabilities				41,089		131		
Deferred inflows of resources:								
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year		-		-		337,535		337,535
Delinquent property tax revenue not available		-		-		8,657		8,657
Nonexchange transactions	-			420,736		21,359		21,359
Total deferred inflows of resources				420,736		367,551		367,551
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable				199,152		296		-
Restricted		37,422		1,810,681		734,333		224,353
Unassigned (deficit)								
Total fund balances		37,422		2,009,833		734,629		224,353
Total liabilities, deferred inflows								
of resources and fund balance	\$	37,422	\$	2,471,658	\$	1,102,311	\$	591,904

unicipal Road	General Trust	Law Enforcement Trust		Pro	ntinuing fessional ucation
\$ -	\$ 46,502	\$	61,111	\$	8,535
-	-		-		-
-	-		-		-
 	 <u> </u>				
\$ -	\$ 46,502	\$	61,111	\$	8,535
\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
6,981	-		-		-
-	-		-		-
 6,981					
-	-		-		-
-	-		-		-
-	-		-		-
-	_		-		-
(6.091)	46,502		61,111		8,535
(6,981) (6,981)	 46,502		61,111		8,535
\$ 	\$ 46,502	\$	61,111	\$	8,535

- - Continued

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2023

	OneOhio Opioid Settlement		Required Deposits		COVID-19 Relief		Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	
Assets:	¢.	24.252	\$	140.255	e	272 197	e	2 222 652
Equity in pooled cash and investments Receivables:	\$	24,352	3	149,355	\$	272,187	\$	3,323,652
Property taxes		_		_		_		692,384
Intergovernmental		-		_		-		549,853
Materials and supplies inventory		-		-		-		194,582
Prepayments								4,866
Total assets	\$	24,352	\$	149,355	\$	272,187	\$	4,765,337
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	750	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,292
Contracts payable		-		-		-		6,981
Accrued wages and benefits		-		-		-		25,131
Due to other governments		-		-		-		10,547
Unearned revenue				149,355		272,187		421,542
Total liabilities		750		149,355		272,187		470,493
Deferred inflows of resources:								
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year		-		-		-		675,070
Delinquent property tax revenue not available		-		-		-		17,314
Nonexchange transactions								463,454
Total deferred inflows of resources								1,155,838
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable		-		-		-		199,448
Restricted		23,602		-		-		2,946,539
Unassigned (deficit)		-						(6,981)
Total fund balances		23,602		-		-		3,139,006
Total liabilities, deferred inflows		- 1 0 - -		440.05-		252.40-		4 = 4 = 00 =
of resources and fund balance	\$	24,352	\$	149,355	\$	272,187	\$	4,765,337



COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

		orcement Education	Cons Mai	Street struction, ntenance I Repair	Storm Sewer Levy		Street Levy
Revenues:	·					-	
Property taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 347,228	\$	347,228
Fines and forfeitures		2,143		-	-		-
Intergovernmental		-		1,093,005	42,653		42,625
Contributions and donations		-		-	-		-
Other				1,331	 _		
Total revenues		2,143		1,094,336	 389,881		389,853
Expenditures:							
Current:							
General government		-		-	-		-
Security of persons and property:							
Police		-		-	-		-
Public health and welfare		-		1 266 021	-		-
Transportation		-		1,366,831	=		436,963
Leisure time activities		-		-	270.021		-
Basic utility services				1 266 921	 379,921		426,062
Total expenditures				1,366,831	 379,921		436,963
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures		2,143		(272,495)	 9,960		(47,110)
Other financing sources:							
Sale of capital assets		-		12,645	-		-
Transfers in		<u>-</u>		450,000	<u>-</u>		
Total other financing sources				462,645			
Net change in fund balances		2,143		190,150	9,960		(47,110)
Fund balances at beginning of							
year		35,279		1,819,683	 724,669		271,463
Fund balances (deficit) at end of year	\$	37,422	\$	2,009,833	\$ 734,629	\$	224,353

N	Iunicipal Road	 General Trust	Law Enforcement Trust
\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
	-	-	9,391
	205,866	- 27.602	-
	-	27,603	-
	205,866	27,603	9,391
	-	12,804	-
	_	5,355	1,344
	-	6,811	-
	546,569	-	-
	-	8,364	-
	546,569	 33,334	1,344
	<u> </u>		
	(340,703)	 (5,731)	8,047
	-	-	-
		 -	
	(340,703)	(5,731)	8,047
	333,722	 52,233	53,064
\$	(6,981)	\$ 46,502	\$ 61,111

- - Continued

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Pro	ntinuing fessional ucation	(neOhio Opioid ttlement	 OVID-19 Relief		Total Nonmajor Cial Revenue Funds
Revenues:							
Property taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	694,456
Fines and forfeitures		-		20,349	-		31,883
Intergovernmental		19,269		-	885,000		2,288,418
Contributions and donations		-		-	-		27,603
Other					 		1,331
Total revenues		19,269		20,349	 885,000		3,043,691
Expenditures:							
Current:							12.004
General government		-		-	-		12,804
Security of persons and property:		10.260					25.060
Police		19,269		1 202	-		25,968
Public health and welfare		-		1,283	-		8,094
Transportation		-		-	885,000		3,235,363
Leisure time activities		-		-	-		8,364
Basic utility services		10.260		1 202	 - 005,000		379,921
Total expenditures		19,269		1,283	885,000		3,670,514
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures		-	-	19,066	 -		(626,823)
Other financing sources:							10.645
Sale of capital assets		-		-	-		12,645
Transfers in					 		450,000
Total other financing sources					 	-	462,645
Net change in fund balances		-		19,066	-		(164,178)
Fund balances at beginning of							
year		8,535		4,536	 <u>-</u>		3,303,184
Fund balances (deficit) at end of year	\$	8,535	\$	23,602	\$ _	\$	3,139,006

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) COMPUTER FUND

		Budgeted	Amount	s			Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	0	riginal	F	inal	Ac	tual		nive ative)	
Expenditures:									
Current:									
General Government:									
Computer:									
Other operating	\$	4,000	\$		\$		\$	-	
Total expenditures		4,000							
Net change in fund balance		(4,000)		-		-		-	
Fund balance at beginning of year									
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year	\$	(4,000)	\$	_	\$	_	\$		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) ENFORCEMENT AND EDUCATION FUND

		Budgeted	Amoun	ts		Final	nce with Budget
	0	riginal		Final	 Actual		sitive gative)
Revenues:							
Fines and forfeitures	\$	3,000	\$	2,125	\$ 2,118	\$	(7)
Total revenues		3,000		2,125	 2,118		(7)
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Security of Persons and Property:							
Police:		4.000					
Other operating		4,000			 		
		4,000		<u>-</u>	 		<u> </u>
Total expenditures		4,000			 		
Net change in fund balance		(1,000)		2,125	2,118		(7)
Fund balance at beginning of year		35,279		35,279	 35,279		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	34,279	\$	37,404	\$ 37,397	\$	(7)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) **STREET CONSTRUCTION, MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR FUND** FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues:					
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,048,000	\$ 1,090,900	\$ 1,090,877	\$ (23)	
Other	2,000	1,350	1,331	(19)	
Total revenues	1,050,000	1,092,250	1,092,208	(42)	
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Transportation:					
Personal services	718,417	708,807	682,896	25,911	
Other operating	1,065,072	748,554	748,243	311	
Total expenditures	1,783,489	1,457,361	1,431,139	26,222	
Excess expenditures over					
revenues	(733,489)	(365,111)	(338,931)	26,180	
Other financing sources:					
Sale of capital assets	-	12,650	12,645	(5)	
Transfers in	600,000	450,000	450,000	-	
Total other financing sources	600,000	462,650	462,645	(5)	
Net change in fund balance	(133,489)	97,539	123,714	26,175	
Fund balance at beginning of year	1,508,614	1,508,614	1,508,614	-	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	128,089	128,089	128,089		
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 1,503,214	\$ 1,734,242	\$ 1,760,417	\$ 26,175	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) STORM SEWER LEVY FUND

		Budgeted	Amoui	nts			Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	<u>Original</u>		Final		Actual		(Negative)	
Revenues:								
Property taxes	\$	387,200	\$	347,225	\$	347,228	\$	3
Intergovernmental		48,800		42,650		42,653		3
Total revenues		436,000		389,875		389,881		6
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Basic Utility Services:								
Storm Sewers:								
Other operating		432,532		391,100		391,019		81
Total expenditures		432,532		391,100		391,019		81
Net change in fund balance		3,468		(1,225)		(1,138)		87
Fund balance at beginning of year		721,958		721,958		721,958		_
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		3,732		3,732		3,732		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	729,158	\$	724,465	\$	724,552	\$	87

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) STREET LEVY FUND

		Budgeted	Amoui			Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)	
Revenues:								
Property taxes	\$	387,200	\$	347,250	\$	347,228	\$	(22)
Intergovernmental		48,800		42,625		42,625		
Total revenues		436,000		389,875		389,853		(22)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Transportation:								
Streets, Sidewalks, and Maintenance:								
Other operating		455,799		441,142		441,130		12
Total expenditures		455,799		441,142		441,130		12
Net change in fund balance		(19,799)		(51,267)		(51,277)		(10)
Fund balance at beginning of year		265,831		265,831		265,831		_
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		9,799		9,799		9,799		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	255,831	\$	224,363	\$	224,353	\$	(10)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) MUNICIPAL ROAD FUND

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	<u>Original</u>		Final		Actual		(Negative)	
Revenues:								
Intergovernmental	\$	240,000	\$	205,900	\$	205,866	\$	(34)
Total revenues		240,000		205,900		205,866		(34)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Transportation:								
Streets, Sidewalks, and Maintenance:								
Other operating		240,000		539,600		539,588		12
Total expenditures		240,000		539,600		539,588		12
Net change in fund balance		-		(333,700)		(333,722)		(22)
Fund balance at beginning of year		333,722		333,722		333,722		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	333,722	\$	22	\$		\$	(22)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL TRUST FUND

		Budgeted	nts			Variance with Final Budget Positive		
		Original		Final		Actual		gative)
Revenues:								
Contributions and donations Total revenues	\$	26,000 26,000	\$	27,650 27,650	\$	27,603 27,603	\$	(47) (47)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Other General Government		22 200		22 201		22 201		
Other operating Total other general government		22,290 22,290		22,291		22,291		-
Total other general government		22,270		22,271		22,271		
Total General Government		22,290		22,291		22,291		
Security of Persons and Property:								
Police:								
Other operating		2,283		4,508		4,488		20
Total police		2,283		4,508		4,488		20
School Patrol:								
Other operating		11,931		7,656		7,644		12
Total school patrol		11,931		7,656		7,644		12
Fire:								
Other operating		3,646		7,846		7,834		12
Total fire		3,646		7,846		7,834		12
Total Security of Persons and Property		17,860		20,010		19,966		44
Public Health and Welfare: E.M.S.:								
Other operating		8,041		7,240		7,240		
Total E.M.S.		8,041		7,240		7,240		
Total Public Health and Welfare		8,041		7,240		7,240		
Leisure Time Activities:								
Park Maintenance: Other operating		8,959		0.050		0.050		
Total Park maintenance	-	8,959		9,059		9,059		-
Park Department:		220		0.400		0.455		2
Other operating Total Park department		230		8,480 8,480		8,477 8,477	-	3
Total Lark department		230		0,400		0,477		
Total Leisure Time Activities		9,189		17,539		17,536		3
Economic Development:								
Other operating		20,853		12,803		12,803		
Total Economic development		20,853		12,803		12,803		-
Total expenditures		78,233		79,883		79,836		47
Net change in fund balance		(52,233)		(52,233)		(52,233)		-
Fund balance at beginning of year		_		<u>-</u>		_		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		52,233		52,233		52,233		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	-

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) LAW ENFORCEMENT TRUST FUND

		Budgeted	Amour			Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)	
Revenues:								
Fines and forfeitures	\$	1,000	\$	9,400	\$	9,391	\$	(9)
Total revenues		1,000		9,400		9,391		(9)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Security of Persons and Property:								
Police:								
Other operating		40,484		35,484		35,484		-
Total expenditures		40,484		35,484		35,484		
Net change in fund balance		(39,484)		(26,084)		(26,093)		(9)
Fund balance at beginning of year		17,580		17,580		17,580		_
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		35,484	-	35,484		35,484		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	13,580	\$	26,980	\$	26,971	\$	(9)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) CONTINUING PROFESSIONAL EDUCATION FUND

FOR THE YEAR	ENDED	DECEMBER	31.	2023

		Budgeted	Amoun			Variance with Final Budget		
	Original		Final		Actual		Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:								
Intergovernmental	\$	10,500	\$	19,275	\$	19,269	\$	(6)
Total revenues		10,500		19,275		19,269		(6)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Security of Persons and Property:								
Police:								
Personal services		10,500		19,275		19,269		6
Total Police		10,500		19,275		19,269		6
Total expenditures		10,500		19,275		19,269		6
Net change in fund balance		-		-		-		-
Fund balance at beginning of year		8,535		8,535		8,535		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	8,535	\$	8,535	\$	8,535	\$	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) ONE OHIO OPIOID SETTLEMENT FUND

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	<u>Original</u>		Final		Actual		(Negative)	
Revenues:								
Fines and forfeitures	\$	5,000	\$	20,350	\$	20,349	\$	(1)
Total revenues		5,000		20,350		20,349		(1)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General Government:								
Income Tax:								
Other operating	\$	9,500	\$	1,300	\$	1,283	\$	17
Total Income Tax		9,500		1,300		1,283		17
Total General Government		9,500		1,300		1,283		17
Net change in fund balance		(4,500)		19,050		19,066		16
Fund balance at beginning of year		4,536		4,536		4,536		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	36	\$	23,586	\$	23,602	\$	16

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) REQUIRED DEPOSITS FUND

		Budgeted	Amou	amounts			Variance Final Bu Positi		
	Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)		
Revenues:									
Other	\$	17,000	\$	32,000	\$	31,367	\$	(633)	
Total revenues		17,000		32,000		31,367		(633)	
Net change in fund balance		17,000		32,000		31,367		(633)	
Fund balance at beginning of year		117,988		117,988		117,988			
Fund balance at end of year	\$	134,988	\$	149,988	\$	149,355	\$	(633)	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) COVID-19 RELIEF FUND

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
	Original	Final	Actual		
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Transportation:					
Streets:					
Other operating	\$ 1,157,200	\$ 885,012	\$ 885,000	\$ 12	
Total expenditures	1,157,200	885,012	885,000	12	
Net change in fund balance	(1,157,200)	(885,012)	(885,000)	12	
Fund balance at beginning of year	1,157,187	1,157,187	1,157,187	<u> </u>	
Fund balance at end of year	\$ (13)	\$ 272,175	\$ 272,187	\$ 12	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) COMPENSATED ABSENCES FUND

	Budgete	d Amounts		Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Security of Persons and Property:				
Police:		77.2 00		*
Personal services	\$ 562,250	\$ 77,300	\$ 77,246	\$ 54
Total Police	562,250	77,300	77,246	54
Fire:				
Personal services	151,300	-	-	-
Total Fire	151,300	<u> </u>		-
Total Security of Persons and Property.	713,550	77,300	77,246	54
Public Health and Welfare:				
Personal services	80,625			
Total public health and welfare	80,625			
Basic Utilities Services: Water:				
Personal services	93,750	90,850	39,504	51,346
Total Water	93,750	90,850	39,504	51,346
Storm Sewer:				
Personal services	_	1,150	1,105	45
Total Storm Sewer .	-	1,150	1,105	45
Total Basic Utility Services	93,750	92,000	40,609	51,391
Leisure Time Activities:				
Park Department:				
Personal services	104,075	-	-	-
Total Leisure Time Activities	104,075			
Total expenditures	992,000	169,300	117,855	51,445
Net change in fund balance	(992,000)	(169,300)	(117,855)	51,445
Fund balance at beginning of year	1,148,510	1,148,510	1,148,510	
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 156,510	\$ 979,210	\$ 1,030,655	\$ 51,445

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) UNCLAIMED MONIES FUND

		Budgeted	Amoun			Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)	
Revenues:								
Other	\$	8,000	\$	1,000	\$	659	\$	(341)
Total revenues		8,000		1,000		659		(341)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General Government:								
Other		1,100		1,625		1,602		23
Total expenditures		1,100		1,625		1,602		23
Net change in fund balance		6,900		(625)		(943)		(318)
Fund balance at beginning of year		15,943		15,943		15,943		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	22,843	\$	15,318	\$	15,000	\$	(318)

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Trai	Indoor Firearms Training Range Improvement		Park velopment	Dog	gwood Pool		Total Nonmajor vital Projects Funds
Assets:						_	·	_
Equity in pooled cash and investments Receivables:	\$	224,000	\$	744,567	\$	105,202	\$	1,073,769
Intergovernmental				27,869				27,869
Total assets	\$	224,000	\$	772,436	\$	105,202	\$	1,101,638
Fund Balances:								
Restricted	\$	-	\$	772,436	\$	-	\$	772,436
Committed		224,000				105,202		329,202
Total fund balances		224,000		772,436		105,202		1,101,638
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balance	\$	224,000	\$	772,436	\$	105,202	\$	1,101,638

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Train	r Firearms ing Range rovement	Park Development		D	ogwood Pool	Capi	Total onmajor ital Projects Funds
Revenues:								
Charges for services	\$	-	\$	-	\$	25,951		25,951
Intergovernmental		-		49,149		-		49,149
Contributions and donations				26,079				26,079
Total revenues				75,228		25,951		101,179
Expenditures: Capital outlay		_		99,769		6,469		106,238
Capital Gallay		-	-	77,107		0,100		100,230
Total expenditures				99,769		6,469		106,238
Net change in fund balances		-		(24,541)		19,482		(5,059)
Fund balances at beginning of year		224,000		796,977	-	85,720		1,106,697
Fund balances at end of year	\$	224,000	\$	772,436	\$	105,202	\$	1,101,638

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) INDOOR FIREARMS TRAINING RANGE IMPROVEMENT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

		Budgeted	l Amou	nts			Final	ice with Budget
	Original		Final		Actual		Positive (Negative)	
Fund balance at beginning of year	\$	224,000	\$	224,000	\$	224,000	\$	
Fund balance at end of year	\$	224,000	\$	224,000	\$	224,000	\$	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) PARK DEVELOPMENT FUND

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues:					
Intergovernmental	\$ 300,000	\$ 104,300	\$ 21,280	\$ (83,020)	
Contributions and donations	50,000	26,200	26,204	4	
Total revenues	350,000	130,500	47,484	(83,016)	
Expenditures:					
Capital Outlay:					
Other operating	1,366,158	364,608	364,607	1	
Total capital outlay	1,366,158	364,608	364,607	1	
Total expenditures	1,366,158	364,608	364,607	1	
Excess of expenditures					
over revenues	(1,016,158)	(234,108)	(317,123)	(83,015)	
Other financing sources (uses):					
Advances in	300,000	-	-	-	
Advances out	-	(83,025)	(83,019)	6	
Total other financing sources (uses)	300,000	(83,025)	(83,019)	6	
Net change in fund balance	(716,158)	(317,133)	(400,142)	(83,009)	
Fund balance at beginning of year	613,714	613,714	613,714	-	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	266,158	266,158	266,158		
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 163,714	\$ 562,739	\$ 479,730	\$ (83,009)	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) **DOGWOOD POOL FUND**

	 Budgeted	Amoun			Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	 Original	Final		Actual		(Negative)	
Revenues:							
Charges for services Total revenues	\$ 	\$	25,950 25,950	\$	25,951 25,951	\$	1
Total revenues	 <u>-</u>		23,930		23,931	-	1
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Capital Outlay: Other operating	_		28,675		28,669		6
Total capital outlay	 -		28,675		28,669		6
m at the			20.655		20.660		
Total expenditures	 		28,675		28,669		6
Excess of expenditures							
over revenues	 		(2,725)		(2,718)		7
Other financing sources:							
Transfers in	 20,000						-
Total other financing sources	 20,000		-		-		-
Net change in fund balance	20,000		(2,725)		(2,718)		7
Fund balance at beginning of year	 85,720		85,720		85,720		
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 105,720	\$	82,995	\$	83,002	\$	7

INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES FUND DESCRIPTIONS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS

ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Enterprise funds are used to account for the financing of costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis that are financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

To account for the financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the City on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Internal Service Fund

Insurance Fund

This fund accounts for the financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the City on a cost reimbursement basis. The City's internal service fund accounts for a self-insurance program for employee medical/surgical benefits.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND EQUITY - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) INSURANCE FUND

		Budgeted	Amou			Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)	
Operating Revenues:								
Charges for services Other	\$	2,233,000	\$	2,166,650 1,800	\$	2,166,665 1,800	\$	15
Total operating revenues		2,233,000		2,168,450		2,168,465		15
Operating Expenses: Current: Security of Persons and Property: Police: Oother operating		2,233,000		2,169,725		2,159,780		9,945
Total operating expenses		2,233,000		2,169,725		2,159,780		9,945
Operating income/ change in fund equity		-		(1,275)		8,685		9,960
Fund equity at beginning of year		1,405,833		1,405,833		1,405,833		
Fund equity at end of year	\$	1,405,833	\$	1,404,558	\$	1,414,518	\$	9,960

INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES FUND DESCRIPTIONS - FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Custodial Funds

Custodial funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in a trust fund. The following are is the City's custodial fund:

Permit Fee Fund

This fund accounts for a permit fee collected by the City for the State of Ohio.

North Ridge Development

This fund accounts for activity related to the North Ridge Development.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Per	mit Fee
Assets: Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	5,299
Total assets		5,299
Net position: Restricted for individuals, organizations and other governments		5,299
Total net position	\$	5,299

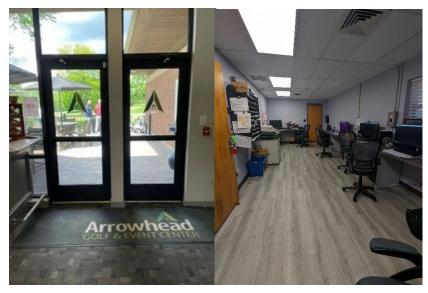
COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Permit Fee			elopment	Total
Additions:					
Licenses, permits and fees for other governments	\$	2,199	\$	-	\$ 2,199
Other custodial fund collections				21,595	 21,595
Total additions		2,199		21,595	 23,794
Deductions:					
Other custodial fund disbursements				21,595	 21,595
Total deductions				21,595	 21,595
Net change in fiduciary net position		2,199		-	2,199
Net position beginning of year		3,100		<u>-</u>	 3,100
Net position end of year	\$	5,299	\$		\$ 5,299

Statistical Section







STATISTICAL SECTION TABLE OF CONTENTS

This part of the City of North Canton's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

<u>Contents</u>	<u>Page</u>
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	174-185
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue sources, the property tax and the income tax.	186-193
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	194-200
Demographic and Economic Information These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place and to provide information that facilitates comparisons of financial information over time and among governments.	202-206
Operating Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	208-211

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the annual comprehensive financial reports for the relevant year.

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	2023		2022	2021	2020
Governmental Activities					
Net investment in capital assets	\$	39,735,940	\$ 34,648,962	\$ 36,942,454	\$ 35,218,442
Restricted for:					
Capital projects		772,436	796,977	357,389	542,847
Computer systems			-	19,539	22,395
Security of persons and property - police		107,068	96,878	106,956	114,414
Security of persons and property - fire		-	-	-	-
Public health and welfare		-	-	1,375	1,375
Transportation		2,295,784	2,578,334	2,519,642	1,437,641
Basic utilities		764,645	757,846	744,883	490,091
General trust		46,502	52,233	70,515	59,902
Mayors Court			-	-	-
Pension		70,234	-	-	-
Other purposes		23,602	4,536	-	435
Unrestricted		9,354,695	6,945,127	8,792,967	11,754,275
Total governmental activities net position	\$	53,170,906	\$ 45,880,893	\$ 49,555,720	\$ 49,641,817
Business-type Activities					
Net investment in capital assets	\$	37,661,677	\$ 37,269,026	\$ 36,927,021	\$ 36,569,863
Restricted for:					
Pension		46,698	-	-	-
Unrestricted		10,404,633	 9,324,939	 7,924,062	 5,413,523
Total business-type activities net position	\$	48,113,008	\$ 46,593,965	\$ 44,851,083	\$ 41,983,386
Total Primary Government					
Net investment in capital assets	\$	77,397,617	\$ 71,917,988	\$ 73,869,475	\$ 71,788,305
Restricted		4,126,969	4,286,804	3,820,299	2,669,100
Unrestricted		19,759,328	 16,270,066	 16,717,029	 17,167,798
Total primary government net position	\$	101,283,914	\$ 92,474,858	\$ 94,406,803	\$ 91,625,203

Source: City financial records.

⁽¹⁾ Amounts have been restated to reflect a restatement.

⁽²⁾ Amounts have been restated to reflect a restatement related to GASB Statement No. 68 & 71.

⁽³⁾ Amounts have been restated to reflect a restatement related to GASB Statement No. 84

 2019	 2018 (3)		2017		2016		2015	 2014 (2)
\$ 35,953,375	\$ 35,525,631	\$	33,955,258	\$	32,868,204	\$	31,398,690	\$ 31,628,172
376,695	44,788		219,188		368,468		302,578	713,158
22,395	25,800		30,484		20,593		7,856	2,243
104,700	91,861		86,654		70,044		57,373	46,564
-	_		194,168		278,879		150,299	211,861
1,375	3,229		217,191		1,375		1,370	530,811
1,193,603	1,338,449		1,548,496		1,473,127		1,183,270	1,580,377
385,399	437,168		655,354		760,292		875,885	430,153
58,523	117,353		212,165		225,669		221,262	194,378
-	-		23,280		10,424		7,357	10,269
-	-		-		-		-	-
-	-		-		-		-	-
 6,075,448	 2,752,106		8,132,845		7,877,344		8,810,236	 6,443,087
\$ 44,171,513	\$ 40,336,385	\$	45,275,083	\$	43,954,419	\$	43,016,176	\$ 41,791,073
\$ 35,380,099	\$ 33,212,578	\$	31,587,314	\$	29,398,761	\$	28,680,671	\$ 27,533,121
4,268,157	5,056,950		6,794,126		7,896,552		7,300,889	7,074,176
\$ 39,648,256	\$ 38,269,528	\$	38,381,440	\$	37,295,313	\$	35,981,560	\$ 34,607,297
 	 							 - 1,001,-21
\$ 71,333,474	\$ 68,738,209	\$	65,542,572	\$	62,266,965	\$	60,079,361	\$ 59,161,293
2,142,690	2,058,648		3,186,980		3,208,871		2,807,250	3,719,814
 10,343,605	7,809,056		14,926,971		15,773,896		16,111,125	13,517,263
\$ 83,819,769	\$ 78,605,913	\$	83,656,523	\$	81,249,732	\$	78,997,736	\$ 76,398,370

CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	2023		2022			2021	2020		
Program Revenues:									
Governmental activities									
Charges for services:									
General government	\$	95,455	\$	7,822	\$	647	\$	5,968	
Security of persons and property:									
Police		228,203		176,256		179,954		183,754	
Fire		7,039		2,335		2,372		3,360	
Public health and welfare		839,912		705,620		642,006		637,295	
Community environment		648,161		555,290		359,718		316,466	
Leisure time activities		319,810		327,576		258,248		49,121	
Subtotal - charges for services		2,138,580		1,774,899		1,442,945		1,195,964	
Operating grants and contributions									
General government		10,603		1,260		_		451,604	
Security of persons and property:									
Police		24,501		13,519		6,392		465,324	
Fire		-		2,548		152,366		401,201	
Public health and welfare		71,819		3,077		32,237		288,195	
Transportation		1,981,465		1,043,068		1,113,938		1,011,935	
Leisure time activities		6,926		19,134		2,557		-	
Economic development				19,098		11,286		13,499	
Basic utility services		-		661,200		-		-	
Subtotal - operating grants and contributions		2,095,314		1,762,904		1,318,776		2,631,758	
Capital grants and contributions									
Transportation		1,719,132		654,636		1,079,863		2,952,203	
Leisure time activities		75,228		794,934		-		342,493	
Economic development		-		-		505,556		-	
Subtotal - capital grants and contributions		1,794,360		1,449,570		1,585,419		3,294,696	
1 &		<u> </u>		, , , , , , , , , , , ,		<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>			
Total governmental activities program revenues		6,028,254		4,987,373		4,347,140		7,122,418	
Business-type activities:									
Charges for services:									
Water		7,292,696		6,902,933		6,795,291		6,589,633	
Sewer		4,000,045		3,738,531		3,548,569		3,527,128	
Garbage		1,265,184		1,221,275		1,163,989		1,128,095	
Subtotal - charges for services		12,557,925		11,862,739		11,507,849		11,244,856	
Operating grants and contributions:									
Garbage		10,831		55,055		34,730		48,638	
Subtotal - operating grants and contributions		10,831		55,055		34,730		48,638	
Capital grants and contributions:									
Water		102,605		249,950		68,747		188,608	
Subtotal - capital grants and contributions		102,605		249,950		68,747		188,608	
Total business-type activities program revenues		12,671,361		12,167,744		11,611,326		11,482,102	
Total primary government	\$	18,699,615	\$	17,155,117	\$	15,958,466	\$	18,604,520	
romi primary government	Ψ	10,077,013	Ψ	11,100,111	Ψ	15,750,700	Ψ	10,007,020	

2019	2019 2018			2017		2017		2016	2015			2014	
\$ 19,82	1 \$	122,045	\$	420,751	\$	448,431	\$	349,591	\$	389,409			
			•		-		-		*				
210,362		20,792		18,316		17,508		17,119		13,069			
3,740		1,600		-		-		100		430			
636,31:		637,739		624,130		580,315		470,156		551,809			
369,09		346,327		325,414		352,345		467,586		397,787			
191,602		161,288		143,365		85,268		134,058		301,977			
1,430,933	<u> </u>	1,289,791		1,531,976		1,483,867		1,438,610		1,654,481			
1,263	3	872		2		8,887		6		5			
16,91	1	572		16,113		5,500		2,080		2,608			
3,374		56,346		3,391		9		38,934		16,854			
340		36		1,449		140		26,693		54,123			
1,061,985		878,454		767,210		961,922		784,987		780,991			
8,762		12,471		-		1,768		-		1,282			
-,,,,,,	-	,.,-		_		-,,,,,,		_		-,			
	_	_		-		_		_		702			
1,092,633	5	948,751		788,165		978,226		852,700		856,565			
181,61	1	786,219		192,500		_		1,127,854		994,073			
375,000		30,000		-		_		1,127,001		-			
2,2,00	_	-		_		_		65,920		2,331,548			
556,61	1	816,219		192,500		-		1,193,774		3,325,621			
3,080,18	1	3,054,761		2,512,641		2,462,093		3,485,084		5,836,667			
6,907,153	3	7,112,496		7,009,035		7,065,818		6,818,684		6,404,161			
3,527,129		3,004,204		3,024,104		3,048,897		2,910,360		2,830,415			
1,030,729	9	978,744		975,832		927,769		895,826		897,523			
11,465,01	1	11,095,444		11,008,971		11,042,484		10,624,870		10,132,099			
43,449	a.	50.064		62,960		76 277		66 227		56,867			
43,449		59,964 59,964		62,960		76,277 76,277		66,227 66,227		56,867			
43,44	/	39,904		02,900		70,277		00,227		30,807			
	<u>-</u>									-			
	<u>-</u>					<u> </u>		-		-			
11,508,460	<u> </u>	11,155,408		11,071,931		11,118,761		10,691,097		10,188,966			
\$ 14,588,64	1 \$	14,210,169	\$	13,584,572	\$	13,580,854	\$	14,176,181	\$	16,025,633			

(Continued)

CHANGES IN NET POSITION (CONTINUED) LAST TEN YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	2023		2022		2021	2020
Expenses:						
Governmental Activities						
General government	\$	1,729,759	\$	2,486,895	\$ 1,852,191	\$ 2,375,057
Security of persons and property:						
Police		5,861,829		4,612,550	4,187,909	4,566,197
Fire		1,600,308		959,325	883,297	716,472
Public health and welfare		3,146,064		2,447,310	2,056,123	2,373,811
Transportation		4,820,390		4,536,609	3,752,186	3,108,705
Community environment		1,390,435		1,140,853	1,391,347	583,626
Leisure time activities		2,104,038		1,460,583	863,713	860,473
Economic development		-		27,300	9,270	12,933
Basic utility services		688,268		770,956	363,001	506,068
Interest and fiscal charges		337,625		204,726	 144,560	 207,598
Total governmental activities expenses		21,678,716		18,647,107	 15,503,597	 15,310,940
Business-type activities:						
Water	\$	6,251,504	\$	5,012,750	\$ 5,021,009	\$ 5,054,397
Sewer		3,724,453		3,167,134	2,630,900	3,161,180
Garbage		1,335,890		1,190,997	 1,121,213	1,105,483
Total business-type activities expenses		11,311,847		9,370,881	8,773,122	 9,321,060
Total primary government						
program expenses	\$	32,990,563	\$	28,017,988	\$ 24,276,719	\$ 24,632,000
Net (Expense) Revenue						
Governmental activities		(15,650,462)		(13,659,734)	(11,156,457)	(8,188,522)
Business-type activities		1,359,514		2,796,863	2,838,204	2,161,042
Total primary government		<u>,,-</u>		,,	 ,,	 , . <u>, </u>
net expense	\$	(14,290,948)	\$	(10,862,871)	\$ (8,318,253)	\$ (6,027,480)

	2019		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014
\$	1,618,201	\$	1,841,378	\$	2,139,358	\$	1,858,413	\$	1,820,019	\$	1,797,198
	1,451,731		4,069,125		3,623,736		3,639,343		3,346,255		3,026,167
	634,018		980,977		610,936		750,133		637,260		561,489
	685,161		1,959,758		1,812,729		1,600,200		1,584,397		1,660,454
	4,338,738		2,654,652		2,808,748		2,182,339		3,180,380		1,936,292
	620,455		579,143		559,672		520,582		541,360		442,474
	1,080,159		912,839		702,842		674,203		754,631		867,399
	-		-		-		· <u>-</u>		313,143		1,110,772
	619,636		567,192		553,272		1,006,385		516,290		615,934
	43,539		46,714		50,163		77,397		80,997		85,052
	11,091,638		13,611,778		12,861,456		12,308,995		12,774,732		12,103,231
\$	5,686,769	\$	5,730,748	\$	5,472,143	\$	5,577,703	\$	5,321,422	\$	5,261,976
	3,454,932		3,316,532		3,584,577		3,169,297		3,017,885		2,626,109
	1,043,913		1,011,766		1,006,131		947,836		922,038		991,279
	10,185,614		10,059,046		10,062,851		9,694,836		9,261,345		8,879,364
\$	21,277,252	\$	23,670,824	\$	22,924,307	\$	22,003,831	\$	22,036,077	\$	20,982,595
Ψ	21,277,232	Ψ	23,070,021	Ψ	22,72 1,307	Ψ	22,003,031	Ψ	22,030,077	Ψ	20,702,373
	(8,011,457)		(10,557,017)		(10,348,815)		(9,846,902)		(9,289,648)		(6,266,564)
	1,322,846		1,096,362		1,009,080		1,423,925		1,429,752		1,309,602
\$	(6,688,611)	\$	(9,460,655)	\$	(9,339,735)	\$	(8,422,977)	\$	(7,859,896)	\$	(4,956,962)
	(3,000,011)		(2,100,000)		(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		(3, .==,> , 1)		(1,007,070)		(.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,

(Continued)

CHANGES IN NET POSITION (CONTINUED) LAST TEN YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	2023		2022		2021		2020
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position							
Governmental activities							
Taxes:							
Property and other local taxes levied for:							
General purposes	\$	1,117,136	\$	1,052,124	\$	926,835	\$ 927,485
Fire operating levy		886,562		170,494		169,852	169,535
Emergency medical services levy		1,785,858		852,473		849,260	847,673
Storm sewer levy		343,901		340,989		339,704	339,070
Street levy		343,901		340,989		339,704	339,399
Municipal income taxes levied for:							
General purposes		9,152,735		8,369,760		6,779,234	6,753,195
Capital improvement		1,788,538		1,611,302		1,206,905	2,724,129
Hotel / motel		13,312		-		-	-
Grants and entitlements not restricted to							
Specific programs		769,248		848,464		802,466	709,899
Contributions not restricted to specific programs		5,600,000		-		-	-
Interest		1,111,005		(381,420)		(393,036)	586,196
Miscellaneous		28,279		8,746		49,436	262,245
Special item - sale of easement		-		467,087		-	-
Transfers				(3,696,101)		<u>-</u>	 <u>-</u>
Total governmental activities		22,940,475		9,984,907		11,070,360	 13,658,826
Business-type activities							
Miscellaneous	\$	159,529	\$	10,811	\$	29,493	\$ 174,088
Special item - loss on disposal of sewer rights				(1,064,792)		-	-
Transfers				-		-	-
Total business-type activities		159,529		(1,053,981)		29,493	 174,088
Total primary government	\$	23,100,004	\$	8,930,926	\$	11,099,853	\$ 13,832,914
Change in Net Position							
Governmental activities	\$	7,290,013	\$	(3,674,827)	\$	(86,097)	\$ 5,470,304
Business-type activities		1,519,043		1,742,882		2,867,697	2,335,130
Total primary government	\$	8,809,056	\$	(1,931,945)	\$	2,781,600	\$ 7,805,434

Source: City financial records.

	2019		2018	 2017	 2016		2015		2014
\$	888,465	\$	872,168	\$ 811,683	\$ 787,147	\$	735,637	\$	710,411
	161,693		171,411	158,730	155,937		156,092		151,838
	808,486		857,106	793,789	779,929		781,171		760,211
	323,537		342,874	317,592	312,171		317,120		313,045
	323,534		342,873	317,589	312,162		317,098		313,008
	5,652,354		5,734,156	5,885,948	5,956,308		6,064,347		5,822,946
	2,212,770		2,118,837	2,539,225	1,459,218		1,213,821		1,096,040
	-		-	-	-		-		-
	744,167		476,600	641,490	659,166		695,530		1,766,623
	676,448		293,553	143,590	102,615		70,740		61,894
	55,131		108,911	59,843	71,487		43,195		91,727
	-		, -	, -			, <u>-</u>		_
	-		-	-	189,005		120,000		65,000
	11,846,585		11,318,489	11,669,479	10,785,145		10,514,751		11,152,743
\$	55,882	\$	62,596	\$ 77,047	\$ 78,833	\$	64,511	\$	87,661
	-		-	-	(189,005)		(120,000)		(65,000)
	55,882	-	62,596	77,047	(110,172)	-	(55,489)	-	22,661
\$	11,902,467	\$	11,381,085	\$ 11,746,526	\$ 10,674,973	\$	10,459,262	\$	11,175,404
									
\$	3,835,128	\$	761,472	\$ 1,320,664	\$ 938,243	\$	1,225,103	\$	4,886,179
	1,378,728		1,158,958	 1,086,127	 1,313,753		1,374,263		1,332,263
\$	5,213,856	\$	1,920,430	\$ 2,406,791	\$ 2,251,996	\$	2,599,366	\$	6,218,442

FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	2023		 2022	2021		 2020
General Fund						
Nonspendable	\$	155,272	\$ 112,150	\$	88,456	\$ 121,044
Committed		980,084	1,148,510		5,925,809	6,045,140
Assigned		1,884,345	3,345,459		1,897,787	2,166,377
Unassigned		4,561,988	 673,261		1,409,118	 3,736,042
Total general fund	\$	7,581,689	\$ 5,279,380	\$	9,321,170	\$ 12,068,603
All Other Governmental Funds						
Nonspendable	\$	218,725	\$ 169,604	\$	301,144	\$ 295,025
Restricted		4,845,285	4,646,165		4,081,973	3,064,448
Committed		8,650,339	4,977,934		5,671,619	6,871,187
Unassigned (deficit)		(6,981)	 			 (45,989)
Total all other governmental funds	\$	13,707,368	\$ 9,793,703	\$	10,054,736	\$ 10,184,671
Total governmental funds	\$	21,289,057	\$ 15,073,083	\$	19,375,906	\$ 22,253,274

Source: City financial records.

⁽¹⁾ Amounts have been restated to reflect a restatement related to GASB Statement No. 84

 2019		2018 (1)		2017		2016	 2015	2014	
\$ 124,210 5,312,810 272,798 5,454,822	\$	118,328 5,108,426 298,783 4,449,575	\$	70,950 4,703,664 427,008 3,721,998	\$	61,766 4,358,353 222,789 3,000,044	\$ 36,379 4,791,066 771,645 1,674,309	\$	24,071 3,949,413 1,793,923 828,334
\$ 11,164,640	\$	9,975,112	\$	8,923,620	\$	7,642,952	\$ 7,273,399	\$	6,595,741
\$ 347,410 2,396,037 2,183,484 (13,374)	\$	306,559 2,602,722 2,154,679 (530,495)	\$	271,938 2,945,276 3,159,736 (9,500)	\$	364,284 2,819,372 4,044,728	\$ 286,638 2,660,012 5,605,860	\$	24,383 3,421,318 4,637,231
\$ 4,913,557	\$	4,533,465	\$	6,367,450	\$	7,228,384	\$ 8,552,510	\$	8,082,932
\$ 16,078,197	\$	14,508,577	\$	15,291,070	\$	14,871,336	\$ 15,825,909	\$	14,678,673

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

		2023		2022		2021		2020
Revenues								
Taxes	\$	15,385,190	\$	12,513,155	\$	10,932,651	\$	11,381,510
Charges for services		943,664		789,812		724,397		652,495
Licenses and permits		648,161		555,290		359,718		316,466
Fines and forfeitures		337,876		188,202		186,993		199,489
Intergovernmental		4,584,553		3,842,347		3,585,022		6,409,041
Interest		1,076,863		(371,835)		(396,331)		596,009
Rentals		241,956		227,818		208,195		48,626
Contributions and donations		5,653,682		165,441		79,405		208,281
Other		29,610		23,017		36,685		339,512
Total revenues		28,901,555		17,933,247		15,716,735		20,151,429
Expenditures								
Current:								
General government		2,819,744		2,359,238		2,189,200		2,550,514
Security of persons and property:								
Police		4,795,751		4,411,197		4,234,414		3,815,159
Fire		1,366,483		805,299		832,931		879,516
Public health and welfare		2,644,285		2,448,994		2,240,607		2,091,818
Transportation		3,235,363		1,885,442		1,399,845		1,620,188
Community environment		1,367,678		1,155,337		1,447,866		584,534
Leisure time activities		1,560,668		1,289,498		1,043,917		974,026
Economic development		-		27,300		9,270		12,933
Basic utility services		420,530		374,423		220,353		304,332
Capital outlay		3,807,997		4,301,154		4,628,409		7,989,340
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		4,751,860		4,908,410		4,665,820		362,168
Interest and fiscal charges		327,831		138,422		185,996		73,990
Bond issuance costs		66,012		31,500		25,625		73,613
Total expenditures		27,164,202		24,136,214		23,124,253		21,332,131
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		1,737,353		(6,202,967)		(7,407,518)		(1,180,702)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Sale of capital assets		72,815		-		-		55,779
Notes issuance		-		4,314,000		4,500,000		4,400,000
Notes payable - financed purchase		-		815,158		· · ·		-
Bonds issued		4,314,000		-		-		2,900,000
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent		-		-		-		-
Premium on bond issuance		-		-		30,150		-
Lease transaction		33,571		-		-		-
SBITA transaction		58,235		-		-		-
Transfers in		1,100,000		2,721,750		2,078,921		1,050,000
Transfers out		(1,100,000)		(6,417,851)		(2,078,921)		(1,050,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)		4,478,621		1,433,057		4,530,150		7,355,779
Special item								
Sale of easement				467,087		-		
Net change in fund balances	\$	6,215,974	\$	(4,302,823)	\$	(2,877,368)	\$	6,175,077
Capital expenditures	\$	5,643,422	\$	3,723,256	\$	4,245,085	\$	9,326,243
	*	- /,	7	- ,. == ,== 0	~	, , , , , ,	7	. ,
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures		23.60%		24.72%		25.70%		3.63%
Source: City financial records.								

2019		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014
\$ 10,587,143	\$	10,538,135	\$	10,481,211	\$	8,996,634	\$	9,509,514	\$	9,042,284
669,883	Ф	722,089	Þ	667,432	Φ	582,091	Ф	598,194	Þ	756,126
369,095		346,327		325,414		352,345		467,586		397,787
240,824		68,077		319,908		352,343		279,305		283,297
2,333,695		1,647,571		1,584,149		1,639,257		2,635,791		5,886,372
677,989		269,411		144,194		105,255		61,649		63,556
135,731		163,844		204,375		186,421		203,316		181,267
386,120		44,065		6,499		10,787		54,421		11,417
60,481		117,611		87,808		76,339		87,825		137,983
15,460,961		13,917,130		13,820,990		12,301,897		13,897,601		16,760,089
1,714,820		1,748,457		1,904,224		1,771,834		1,677,122		1,706,095
3,523,667		3,309,333		3,242,360		3,219,499		3,234,260		3,269,463
484,900		528,205		466,266		464,986		529,909		504,635
1,907,818		1,816,815		1,644,628		1,678,460		1,566,294		1,658,889
1,386,728		1,224,303		1,186,241		1,317,497		1,572,808		937,326
615,389		561,002		514,138		539,291		557,799		447,225
850,062		704,490		505,092		560,245		616,280		754,214
-		701,150		-		500,215		313,143		1,706,120
479,015		587,327		502,788		823,967		307,912		467,576
2,709,947		3,997,984		3,210,397		2,728,298		2,341,247		2,458,593
172,483		165,558		165,721		181,673		145,831		159,427
46,512		52,623		59,401		58,120 28,732		86,423		91,075
13,891,341		14,696,097		13,401,256		13,372,602		12,949,028		14,160,638
1,569,620		(778,967)		419,734		(1,070,705)		948,573		2,599,451
-		-		-		-		56,601		-
-		-		-		-		-		-
-		-		-		-		-		-
-		-		-		1,233,180		-		-
-		-		-		(1,337,277)		-		-
-		-		-		132,829		-		-
-		-		-		-		22,062		-
-		-		-		-		-		-
650,000		600,000		877,578		1,207,600		2,138,757		1,679,400
(650,000)		(600,000)		(877,578)		(1,120,200)		(2,018,757)		(1,564,400)
-		-		-		116,132		198,663		115,000
		<u>-</u> _								
\$ 1,569,620	\$	(778,967)	\$	419,734	\$	(954,573)	\$	1,147,236	\$	2,714,451
\$ 2,332,653	\$	4,674,920	\$	3,394,861	\$	3,466,510	\$	2,108,678	\$	3,497,103
1.89%		2.18%		2.25%		2.42%		2.14%		2.35%

ASSESSED VALUATION AND ESTIMATED TRUE VALUES OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN YEARS

							Tangible Pers	sonal l	Property
			Real Property				Public	у	
		Assesse							
Collection Year			E	stimated actual value	As	ssessed value	Estimated actual value		
2023	\$	390,965,860	\$ 107,589,420	\$	1,424,443,657	\$	14,728,550	\$	16,736,989
2022		386,664,130	108,470,990		1,414,671,771		14,095,330		16,017,420
2021		334,576,970	100,907,930		1,244,242,571		10,486,980		11,917,023
2020		331,258,360	100,805,430		1,234,467,971		10,486,430		11,916,398
2019		328,591,470	98,185,670		1,219,363,257		8,478,330		9,634,466
2018		304,844,140	88,783,290		1,124,649,800		8,113,160		9,219,500
2017		301,311,680	85,356,080		1,104,765,029		7,717,590		8,769,989
2016		298,057,720	82,961,920		1,088,627,543		8,295,930		9,427,193
2015		274,041,110	76,738,380		1,002,227,114		8,417,570		9,565,420
2014		272,828,380	73,169,260		988,564,686		8,412,870		9,560,080

Source: County Auditor.

Real property is reappraised every six years with a State mandated update of the current market value in the third year following each appraisal.

The assessed value of real property (including public utility real property) is 35 percent of estimated true value. The assessed value of public utility personal property ranges from 25 percent of true value for railroad property to 88 percent for electric transmission and distribution property.

The tangible personal property values associated with each year are the values that, when multiplied by the applicable rates, generated the property tax revenue billed in that year. For real property, the amounts generated by multiplying the assessed values by the applicable rates would be reduced by the 10 percent, 2 1/2 percent and homestead exemptions before being billed.

Total

A	Assessed value		stimated actual value	Ratio	 Direct Tax Rate
\$	513,283,830	\$	1,441,180,646	35.62%	\$ 7.40
	509,230,450		1,430,689,192	35.59%	7.40
	445,971,880		1,256,159,594	35.50%	7.40
	442,550,220		1,246,384,369	35.51%	7.40
	435,255,470		1,228,997,723	35.42%	7.40
	401,740,590		1,133,869,300	35.43%	7.40
	394,385,350		1,113,535,017	35.42%	7.40
	389,315,570		1,098,054,736	35.46%	7.40
	359,197,060		1,011,792,535	35.50%	7.40
	354,410,510		998,124,765	35.51%	7.40

PROPERTY TAX RATES - DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS (PER \$1,000 OF ASSESSED VALUATION) LAST TEN YEARS

		2023		2022	2021		2020	
Unvoted Millage Operating	\$	2.4000	\$	2.4000	\$	2.4000	\$	2.4000
Voted Millage								
2005 Storm Sewer		1.0000		1.0000		1.0000		1.0000
2005 Street Improvement		1.0000		1.0000		1.0000		1.0000
1982 & 2011 Ambulance & E.M.S.		2.5000		2.5000		2.5000		2.5000
1983 Fire		0.5000		0.5000		0.5000		0.5000
Total Voted Millage		5.0000		5.0000		5.0000		5.0000
Total Millage	\$	7.4000	\$	7.4000	\$	7.4000	\$	7.4000
Overlapping Rates By Taxing District								
North Canton City School District								
Residential/Agricultural Real	\$	38.5581	\$	39.9878	\$	44.5508	\$	41.2439
Commercial/Industrial and Public Utility Real		49.2079		50.2808		52.5056		48.8563
General Business and Public Utility		85.6000		86.9000		86.6000		85.1000
Stark County								
Residential/Agricultural Real		7.3450		7.3714		8.2811		8.0589
Commercial/Industrial and Public Utility Real		8.6069		8.5505		9.0091		8.8684
General Business and Public Utility		11.5000		11.5000		11.5000		11.5000
Plain Township								
Residential/Agricultural Real		0.9492		0.9552		0.1000		0.1000
Commercial/Industrial and Public Utility Real		1.0208		1.0380		0.1000		0.1000
General Business and Public Utility		1.1000		1.1000		0.1000		0.1000
Special Taxing Districts (1)								
Residential/Agricultural Real		1.6186		1.6260		1.8949		1.9040
Commercial/Industrial and Public Utility Real		1.8780		1.8651		1.9879		1.9931
General Business and Public Utility		2.5000		2.5000		2.5000		2.5000

Source: County Auditor

Notes: The rates presented for a particular calendar year are the rates that, when applied to the assessed values presented in the Assessed Value Table, generated the property tax revenue billed in that year. The City's basic property tax rate may be increased only by a majority vote of the City's residents.

The real property tax rates for the voted levies of the overlapping taxing districts are reduced so that inflationary increases in value do not generate additional revenue.

The City has no charter millage.

Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply to property owners within the City.

(1) North Canton Library, Stark County Park District

	2019		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014
\$	2.4000	\$	2.4000	\$	2.4000	\$	2.4000	\$	2.4000	\$	2.4000
	1.0000		1.0000		1.0000		1.0000		1.0000		1.0000
	1.0000		1.0000		1.0000		1.0000		1.0000		1.0000
	2.5000		2.5000		2.5000		2.5000		2.5000		2.5000
	0.5000		0.5000		0.5000		0.5000		0.5000		0.5000
	5.0000		5.0000		5.0000		5.0000		5.0000		5.0000
\$	7.4000	\$	7.4000	\$	7.4000	\$	7.4000	\$	7.4000	\$	7.4000
\$	43.3701	\$	40.2684	\$	40.4147	\$	40.5638	\$	43.6119	\$	46.6432
-	49.7442	*	47.7678	*	48.0005	4	48.4004	*	50.7375	*	52.0007
	85.1000		78.7000		78.7000		78.7000		78.8000		78.8000
	8.0803		8.6772		8.7202		8.7441		9.2924		9.3007
	8.7898		9.6375		9.6085		9.6342		10.0762		10.0757
	11.5000		11.5000		11.5000		11.5000		11.5000		11.5000
	0.1000		0.1000		0.1000		0.1000		0.1000		0.1000
	0.1000		0.1000		0.1000		0.1000		0.1000		0.1000
	0.1000		0.1000		0.1000		0.1000		0.1000		0.1000
	1.9108		2.0939		2.1053		2.1141		2.2986		2.3009
	1.9538		2.1779		2.1814		2.1970		2.3222		2.3612
	2.5000		2.5000		2.5000		2.5000		2.5000		2.5000

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN YEARS

Percent of Current Tax Collections Total Tax Current Tax To Tax **Delinquent Tax Total Tax** Year Levy Collections (1) Levy Collections Collections 2023 \$ 4,776,970 \$ 99.19% \$ 38,704 \$ 4,776,970 4,738,266 2022 3,107,317 3,035,960 97.70% 44,078 3,080,038 2021 2,919,202 98.72% 45,917 2,965,119 2,957,006 2020 98.51% 53,918 2,928,064 2,917,747 2,874,146 2019 2,868,103 2,832,383 98.75% 55,318 2,887,701 2018 2,772,585 2,721,797 98.17%43,590 2,765,387 2017 2,721,835 2,671,910 98.17%56,332 2,728,242 2016 2,670,331 2,652,176 99.32% 40,889 2,693,065 2015 55,306 2,638,480 2,619,406 2,583,174 98.62%2014 2,599,998 2,621,720 2,546,037 97.11% 53,961

Source: County Auditor

Note: The County does not identify delinquent collections by the year for which the tax was levied.

⁽¹⁾ State reimbursements of rollback and homestead exemptions are included.

Percent of Total Tax Collections To Tax Levy	Ou	cumulated tstanding quent Taxes	Percentage of Delinquent Taxes to Total Tax Levy			
100.00%	\$	38,704	0.81%			
99.12%		44,078	1.42%			
100.27%		45,917	1.55%			
100.35%		53,918	1.85%			
100.68%		36,615	1.28%			
99.74%		79,448	2.87%			
100.24%		90,935	3.34%			
100.85%		73,862	2.77%			
100.73%		73,862	2.82%			
99.17%		67,039	2.56%			

PRINCIPAL TAXPAYERS REAL ESTATE TAX CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

		2023	
Taxpayer	 Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total District Real Estate Assessed Value
McKinley Development Leasing Co LTD	\$ 7,109,940	1	1.43%
Maple Street IO LLC	6,455,480	2	1.29%
Versailles Gardens LTD	5,974,610	3	1.20%
West Tuscarawas Property Management, LLC	3,569,780	4	0.72%
Albrecht Incorporated	2,753,770	5	0.55%
Sanctuary Grande Senior Living LLC	2,712,500	6	0.54%
Mullinax Ford of North Canton	2,480,840	7	0.50%
Waterford at St. Luke	2,392,220	8	0.48%
Berlin Commons LTD	2,350,790	9	0.47%
Maple Street Commerce LLC	2,229,280	10	0.45%
Total	\$ 38,029,210		7.63%
Total Assessed Valuation	\$ 498,555,280		
		2014	

Taxpayer	 Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total District Real Estate Assessed Value
McKinley Development Leasing Co. Ltd.	\$ 6,006,050	1	1.74%
Versailles Gardens, Ltd.	4,983,860	2	1.44%
Waterford at St. Luke	2,174,930	3	0.63%
Albrecht Incorporated	2,169,780	4	0.63%
Maple Street Commerce LLC	1,888,480	5	0.55%
Berlin Commons, Ltd.	1,867,810	6	0.54%
Williamsburg Apartments, Ltd.	1,853,000	7	0.54%
Euro Development, Ltd.	1,491,590	8	0.43%
Mullinax Ford	1,347,510	9	0.39%
Creekside Residential Partners LLC.	1,340,510	10	0.39%
Total	\$ 25,123,520		7.28%
Total Assessed Valuation	\$ 345,997,640		

Source: Stark County, Ohio, Auditor's Office

INCOME TAX REVENUE BASE AND COLLECTIONS (CASH BASIS) LAST TEN YEARS

Tax Year	Tax Rate	Total Tax Collected	Taxes from Withholding	Percentage of Taxes from Withholdings	Taxes from Net Profits	Percentage of Taxes from Net Profits	Taxes from Individuals	Percentage of Taxes from Individuals
2023	1.50%	\$ 10,903,185	\$ 6,955,904	63.80%	\$ 1,613,184	14.80%	\$ 2,334,097	21.41%
2022	1.50%	9,660,365	6,237,170	64.56%	1,085,472	11.24%	2,337,723	24.20%
2021	1.50%	8,120,614	5,605,189	69.02%	438,021	5.39%	2,077,404	25.58%
2020	1.50%	8,854,196	5,453,833	61.60%	1,509,558	17.05%	1,890,805	21.35%
2019	1.50%	7,880,299	5,533,723	70.22%	688,131	8.73%	1,776,032	22.54%
2018	1.50%	8,018,750	5,299,170	66.08%	956,307	11.93%	1,763,273	21.99%
2017	1.50%	7,915,117	5,033,628	63.60%	931,535	11.77%	1,949,954	24.64%
2016	1.50%	6,750,861	4,654,728	68.95%	612,423	9.07%	1,483,710	21.98%
2015	1.50%	7,108,368	4,727,504	66.51%	625,329	8.80%	1,755,535	24.70%
2014	1.50%	6,851,412	4,586,042	66.94%	614,229	8.96%	1,651,141	24.10%

Source: The City of North Canton through the Regional Income Tax Agency (RITA).

Note: The City is prohibited by statute from presenting information regarding individual taxpayers.

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN LAST TEN YEARS

	 2023		2022	 2021	 2020
Total Assessed Property Value	\$ 513,283,830	\$	509,230,450	\$ 445,971,880	\$ 442,550,220
Overall Legal Debt Limit (10 1/2 % of assessed valuation)	 53,894,802		53,469,197	 46,827,047	 46,467,773
Debt Outstanding					
Various Improvement Note	_		4,314,000	4,500,000	4,400,000
Governmental General Obligation Bonds	7,154,044		3,114,516	3,385,988	3,651,808
Water System Bonds	1,404,956		1,754,484	2,094,012	2,426,192
OPWC Loans	906,006		963,551	1,195,351	1,311,251
OWDA Loans	1,223,727		1,983,199	2,715,897	3,422,768
Intergovernmental Loans	 2,405,718		2,637,119	 1,406,649	1,481,422
Total gross indebtedness	 13,094,451		14,766,869	 15,297,897	 16,693,441
Less:					
Various Improvement Note	-		4,314,000	4,500,000	4,400,000
Water System Bonds	1,404,956		1,754,484	2,094,012	2,426,192
OPWC Loans	906,006		963,551	1,195,351	1,311,251
OWDA Loans	1,223,727		1,983,199	2,715,897	3,422,768
Intergovernmental Loans	 2,405,718	-	2,637,119	 1,406,649	 1,481,422
Total net debt applicable to debt limit	 7,154,044		3,114,516	 3,385,988	 3,651,808
Legal debt margin within 10 1/2 % limitation	\$ 46,740,758	\$	50,354,681	\$ 43,441,059	\$ 42,815,965
Legal debt margin as a percentage					
of the debt limit	86.73%		94.18%	92.77%	92.14%
Unvoted Debt Limitation	28,230,611		28,007,675	24,528,453	24,340,262
(5 1/2 % of assessed valuation)			<u> </u>	 <u> </u>	
Total gross indebtedness	13,094,451		14,766,869	15,297,897	16,693,441
Less: Various Improvement Note	-		4,314,000	4,500,000	4,400,000
Water System Bonds	1,404,956		1,754,484	2,094,012	2,426,192
OPWC Loans	906,006		963,551	1,195,351	1,311,251
OWDA Loans	1,223,727		1,983,199	2,715,897	3,422,768
Intergovernmental Loans	 2,405,718		2,637,119	 1,406,649	 1,481,422
Net debt within 5 1/2 % limitations	 7,154,044		3,114,516	3,385,988	 3,651,808
Unvoted legal debt margin within					
5 1/2 % limitations	\$ 21,076,567	\$	24,893,159	\$ 21,142,465	\$ 20,688,454
Unvoted legal debt margin as a percentage					
of the unvoted debt limitation	74.66%		88.88%	86.20%	85.00%

Source: City financial records.

	2019	 2018	 2017	 2016	 2015	 2014
\$	435,255,470	\$ 401,740,590	\$ 394,385,350	\$ 389,315,570	\$ 359,197,060	\$ 354,410,510
	45,701,824	 42,182,762	 41,410,462	 40,878,135	 37,715,691	 37,213,104
	1,113,976	- 1,281,492	- 1,441,356	- 1,601,660	1,765,000	- 1,910,000
	2,751,024	3,078,508	3,388,644	3,683,340	4,075,000	4,335,000
	1,311,251	1,427,151	1,543,051	1,658,951	1,774,851	1,890,751
	4,104,725	4,762,646	5,397,382	6,009,749	6,600,537	7,170,509
	1,549,668	 1,637,538	 1,627,081	 1,330,599	 1,108,156	 528,923
	10,830,644	 12,187,335	 13,397,514	14,284,299	 15,323,544	15,835,183
	-	-	-	-	-	-
	2,751,024	3,078,508	3,388,644	3,683,340	4,075,000	4,335,000
	1,311,251	1,427,151	1,543,051	1,658,951	1,774,851	1,890,751
	4,104,725	4,762,646	5,397,382	6,009,749	6,600,537	7,170,509
	1,549,668	 1,637,538	 1,627,081	 1,330,599	 1,108,156	 528,923
	1,113,976	 1,281,492	 1,441,356	 1,601,660	 1,765,000	 1,910,000
\$	44,587,848	\$ 40,901,270	\$ 39,969,106	\$ 39,276,475	\$ 35,950,691	\$ 35,303,104
	97.56%	96.96%	96.52%	96.08%	95.32%	94.87%
	23,939,051	22,095,732	21,691,194	 21,412,356	 19,755,838	 19,492,578
	10,830,644	12,187,335	13,397,514	14,284,299	15,323,544	15,835,183
	-	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
	2,751,024	3,078,508	3,388,644	3,683,340	4,075,000	4,335,000
	1,311,251	1,427,151	1,543,051	1,658,951	1,774,851	1,890,751
	4,104,725	4,762,646	5,397,382	6,009,749 1,330,599	6,600,537	7,170,509
-	1,549,668	 1,637,538	 1,627,081	 1,330,399	 1,108,156	 528,923
	1,113,976	 1,281,492	 1,441,356	1,601,660	 1,765,000	1,910,000
\$	22,825,075	\$ 20,814,240	\$ 20,249,838	\$ 19,810,696	\$ 17,990,838	\$ 17,582,578
	95.35%	94.20%	93.36%	92.52%	91.07%	90.20%

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN YEARS

	Go	vernmental Acti	Business-Type Activities					
Year	Notes Payable	Leases/ SBITA Payable	Notes/ Bonds Payable	Notes Payable	Leases/ SBITA Payable			
2023	\$ 577,416	\$ 76,999	\$ 7,217,226	\$ 152,245	\$ 12,250			
2022	5,005,932	34,065	3,186,832	309,305	16,921			
2021	4,500,000	47,777	3,467,438	-	-			
2020	4,400,000	-	3,742,392	-	-			
2019	-	-	1,215,076	-	-			
2018	-	4,967	1,393,230	-	-			
2017	-	10,661	1,563,732	-	-			
2016	-	16,078	1,737,945	-	-			
2015	-	21,231	1,820,684	-	-			
2014	-	-	1,970,753	-	-			

Source: City financial records.

Note: Population and personal income data are presented on the demographic and economic statistics table later in the Annual Report.

Business-Type Activities - (continued)

Notes/ Bonds Payable	OWDA Loans	In	ntergovern- mental Loans	OPWC Loans	 Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income	(Per Capita
\$ 1,566,687	\$ 1,223,727	\$	2,405,718	\$ 906,006	\$ 14,138,274	0.0175087	\$	310
1,939,603	1,983,199		2,637,119	963,551	16,076,527	2.20%		393
2,302,519	2,715,897		1,406,649	1,079,451	15,519,731	2.28%		407
2,658,087	3,422,768		1,481,422	1,311,251	17,015,920	3.07%		527
3,006,307	4,104,725		1,549,668	1,311,251	11,187,027	2.00%		651
3,357,179	4,762,646		1,637,538	1,427,151	12,582,711	2.31%		723
3,690,703	5,397,382		1,627,081	1,543,051	13,832,610	2.53%		794
4,011,543	6,009,749		1,330,599	1,658,951	14,764,865	2.99%		847
4,119,859	6,600,537		1,108,156	1,774,851	15,445,318	3.01%		883
4,382,866	7,170,509		528,923	1,890,751	15,943,802	3.23%		915

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2023

Jurisdiction	Governmental Activities Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable (1)	Amount Applicable to City		
Direct - City of North Canton General obligation bonds, notes payable - financed purchase, and leases payable	\$ 7,871,641 7,871,641	100.00%	\$ 7,871,641 7,871,641		
Overlapping debt: North Canton City School District Jackson Local School District Stark County	61,827,000 24,325,000 11,630,089 97,782,089	43.86% 0.24% 5.05%	27,117,322 58,380 587,319 27,763,021		
Total direct and overlapping debt	\$ 105,653,730		\$ 35,634,662		

Source: Ohio Municipal Advisory Council (OMAC)

⁽¹⁾ Percentages were determined by dividing each overlapping subdivision's assessed valuation within the City by its total valuation.

WATER DEBT LOAN PLEDGED REVENUE COVERAGE WATER FUND LAST TEN YEARS

		Direct	 		~ .		
Year	Operating Revenues	Operating openses (1)	et Available Revenues	 Principal	Service	Interest	Coverage
1 cui	 revenues	 tpenses (1)	 revenues	 		Interest	Coverage
2023	\$ 7,390,644	\$ 4,243,227	\$ 3,147,417	\$ 750,028	\$	64,567	3.86
2022	6,913,744	2,835,405	4,078,339	723,570		88,383	5.02
2021	6,824,784	3,133,136	3,691,648	698,049		124,014	4.49
2020	6,726,958	4,810,730	1,916,228	673,429		138,525	2.36
2019	6,955,813	3,749,586	3,206,227	649,679		162,277	3.95
2018	7,164,119	3,815,355	3,348,764	626,769		185,186	4.12
2017	7,060,554	3,603,353	3,457,201	604,667		171,906	4.45
2016	7,139,007	3,737,053	3,401,954	583,345		228,614	4.19
2015	6,876,229	3,323,178	3,553,051	562,778		249,175	4.38
2014	6,470,000	3,110,809	3,359,191	542,938		269,016	4.14

⁽¹⁾ Operating expenses do not include depreciation/amortization.

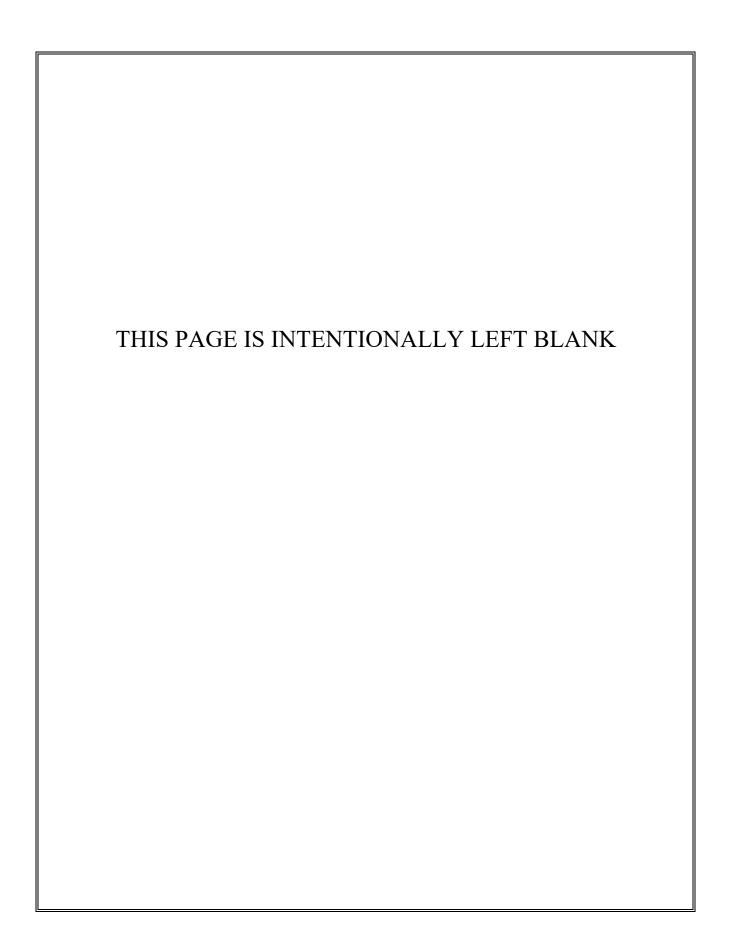
Source: Office of the City Director of Finance.

SEWER DEBT LOAN PLEDGED REVENUE COVERAGE SEWER FUND LAST TEN YEARS

	Operating	(Direct Operating	Ne	et Available		Debt S			
Year	Revenues		xpenses (1)		Revenues	es Principal			nterest	Coverage
2023	\$ 4,052,332	\$	2,855,741	\$	1,196,591	\$	9,444	\$	2,308	101.82
2022	3,738,531		2,461,177		1,277,354		9,128		2,956	105.71
2021	3,548,569		2,120,878		1,427,691		8,822		3,261	118.16
2020	3,559,866		3,097,044		462,822		8,528		3,556	38.30
2019	3,534,144		3,020,134		514,010		8,242		3,841	42.54
2018	3,015,177		2,843,791		171,386		7,967		4,117	14.18
2017	3,049,564		3,101,903		(52,339)		7,700		3,834	(4.54)
2016	3,054,541		2,781,567		272,974		7,443		4,641	22.59
2015	2,917,326		2,599,327		317,999		7,194		4,890	26.32
2014	2,849,831		2,213,954		635,877		6,953		5,130	52.63

⁽¹⁾ Operating expenses do not include depreciation.

Source: Office of the City Director of Finance.



DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN YEARS

Year	Population (1)	Total Personal Income (5)						Median Age (1)	Educational Attainment: Bachelor's Degree or Higher (1)
2023	17,687	\$	807,499,985	\$	45,655	\$	69,132	44.4	38.8%
2022	17,842		729,345,276		40,878		62,303	43.0	36.0%
2021	17,842		680,404,670		38,135		60,473	41.9	36.3%
2020	17,176		554,561,512		32,287		62,128	40.7	36.7%
2019	17,176		559,662,784		32,584		59,389	42.1	36.6%
2018	17,400		545,020,200		31,323		57,003	42.1	34.7%
2017	17,422		547,451,506		31,423		55,874	44.0	35.3%
2016	17,441		494,487,232		28,352		52,210	42.0	36.1%
2015	17,490		513,209,070		29,343		52,530	42.5	33.3%
2014	17,433		494,260,416		28,352		50,728	41.0	35.4%

⁽¹⁾ Source: U.S. Census

⁽²⁾ Ohio Department of Education

⁽³⁾ Source: Ohio Department of Job and Family Services. The unemployment rate for the City is unavailable; therefore, the unemployment rate of the County provides the most accurate reflection of the City.

⁽⁴⁾ Source: County Auditor

⁽⁵⁾ Computation of per capita personal income multiplied by population

School Enrollment (2)	Stark County Unemployment Rate (3)	Average Sales Price of Residential Property (4)	Т	Total Assessed Property Value
4,439	3.3%	\$ 257,500	\$	513,283,830
4,100	3.8%	320,420		509,230,450
4,331	3.5%	190,518		445,971,880
4,253	4.9%	203,399		442,550,220
4,282	4.4%	179,300		435,255,470
4,272	5.2%	157,100		401,740,590
4,332	5.0%	158,696		394,385,350
4,427	5.2%	158,693		389,315,570
4,496	5.2%	124,869		359,197,060
4,515	5.7%	136,700		354,410,510

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS BY TOTAL INCOME TAX WITHHOLDING CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

		2023
Employer	Description	Rank
North Canton City Schools	Education	1
Diebold Nixdorf Inv.	Manufacturing	2
Walsh University	Education	3
Trubridge Inc	Insurance	4
Aultman Medical Group	Medical	5
Myers Controlled Power LLC	Manufacturing	6
City Of North Canton	Government	7
Childrens Hospital Medical Center	Medical	8
State Of Ohio ODOT Payroll Deductions	Government	9
Vitran Express Inc.	Transportation	10
		2014

Employer	Description	Rank
North Canton Board of Education	North Canton City Schools	1
Walsh University	University	2
St. Lukes Home for the Aged	Nursing Care Home	3
Trubridge Inc.	Insurance Agents	4
City of North Canton	Local Government	5
Myers Control Power LLC	Design Building Mfg	6
Mullinax Ford	Car Dealership	7
Auditor of Stark County	County Government	8
Aultman Hospital Association	Medical Center	9
Aultman Health Services Association	Health Services	10

Source: Income Tax Department and the Regional Income Tax Agency (RITA)

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS BY NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

		2023	
Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment
Walsh University	1,200	1	11.66%
North Canton City Schools	869	2	8.44%
Diebold Nixdorf Inc	504	3	4.90%
The Tamarkin Company	405	4	3.93%
Trubridge Inc	351	5	3.41%
Childrens Hospital Medical Cen	345	6	3.35%
Myers Controlled Power Llc	254	7	2.47%
Windsor Medical Center Inc	241	8	2.34%
St Luke Lutheran Home For The	224	9	2.18%
City Of North Canton	170	10	1.65%
Total	2,924		44.33%
Total City Employment	10,294		
		2014	
			Percentage of Total City
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment
Walsh University	1,637	1	7.88%
North Canton Board of Education	1,026	2	4.94%
Employ-Temp Staffing Services	571	3	2.75%
St. Lukes Home for the Aged	394	4	1.90%
Trubridge Inc.	330	5	1.59%
People 2.0 Global Inc.	330	6	1.59%
YMCA of Central Stark County	320	7	1.54%
Tamarkin Company	306	8	1.47%
City of North Canton	247	9	1.19%
Northeast Professional Home Care Inc.	231	10	1.11%
Total	5,392		25.94%
Total City Employment	20,787		

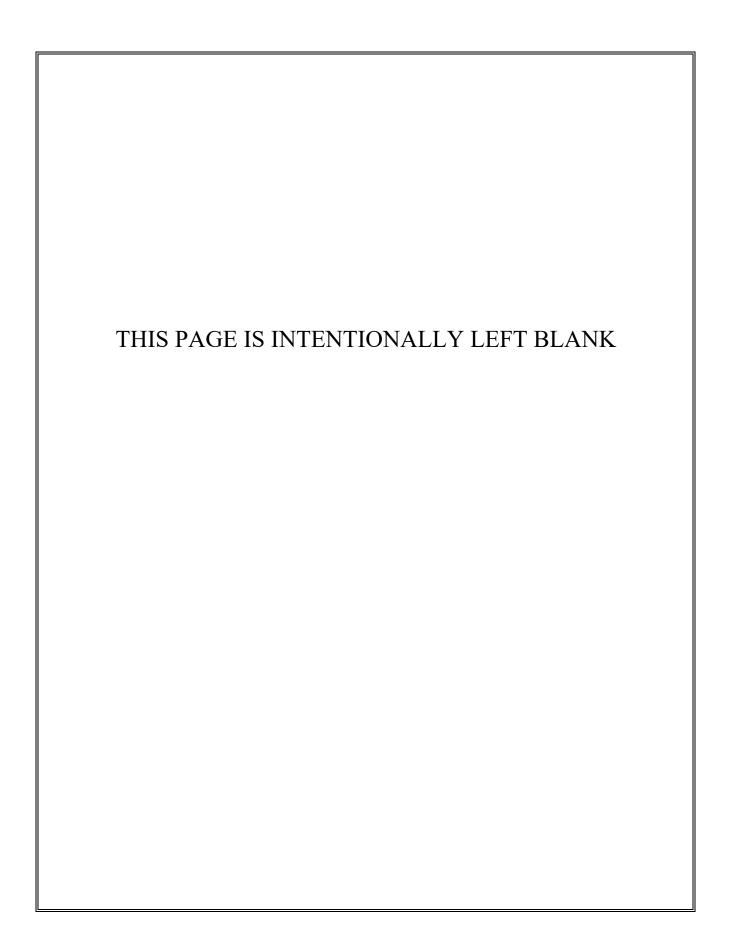
Source: 2022 - Data from Regional Income Tax Agency; 2013 - W2's from the City Tax Department.

FULL-TIME-EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENTAL EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN YEARS

Function/Program	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
General Government										
Council	4.00	4.00	4.50	4.50	4.00	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50
Mayor's office	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	1.50	1.00	1.00	1.50
Law	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Finance	5.00	5.00	4.00	4.00	3.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00
Tax	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	1.00
Administration	8.50	6.50	5.00	5.00	4.50	3.00	3.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
City hall maintenance	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Engineer	4.00	4.00	3.00	5.00	6.00	6.50	5.50	5.50	5.50	5.50
Security of Persons and Property										
Police - administration	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	1.00
Police - officers	27.00	28.00	26.00	26.00	25.50	25.00	24.00	24.50	24.00	24.50
Police - crossing guards	2.50	3.00	4.00	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.00
Dispatchers/Chief Dispatcher	9.50	9.00	8.50	10.00	9.00	9.00	8.50	8.50	8.50	8.50
Fire Inspectors	3.00	2.00	2.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Public Health Services										
Fire Fighters/Emergency										
Medical Services	28.50	25.00	25.50	24.50	26.50	26.50	26.00	26.00	25.00	37.00
Leisure Time Activities										
Municipal Pool	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	24.50
Civic Center	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.50	0.50
Recreation	3.00	2.00	2.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	2.00	2.00
Park Maintenance	3.00	3.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	3.00	4.00
Community Development										
Permits & Inspections	0.00	0.50	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.50	4.00	4.00	6.00	6.00
Economic Development	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.50	0.50	0.50
Transportation										
Street M&R	6.00	6.00	5.00	3.50	4.00	4.00	5.00	5.00	6.00	8.50
Basic Utility Services										
Water Administration	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.50	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
Water Distribution	8.00	9.00	9.00	8.00	9.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	11.00
Water Treatment Plant	10.00	9.00	9.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.50
Sewer Collection	7.00	5.00	5.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	4.00	4.00	3.00	3.00
Total	131.50	123.50	117.00	117.50	119.50	119.50	121.50	120.00	125.00	169.00

Source: City Payroll Department Payroll Register

Method: Using 1.0 for each full-time employee and 0.50 for each part-time and seasonal employee.



CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN YEARS

Function/Program	2023	2022	2021	2020
General Government				
Square footage occupied	31,517	31,517	31,517	31,517
Vehicles	-	-	-	-
Police				
Stations	1	1	1	1
Square footage of building	11,960	11,960	11,960	11,960
Vehicles	15	15	15	15
Fire				
Stations	1	1	1	1
Square footage of building	8,989	8,989	8,989	8,989
Vehicles	13	11	11	10
Emergency Medical Service				
Stations	1	1	1	1
Square footage of building	9,399	9,399	9,399	9,399
Vehicles	5	5	5	4
Recreation				
Number of parks	11	11	11	11
Number of pools	2	2	2	2
Number of tennis courts	9	9	9	9
Number of pickleball courts	10	10	4	4
Number of basketball courts	7	7	7	7
Number of park shelters	10	10	10	9
Vehicles	15	15	12	12
Public Service Department				
Streets (miles)	94.48	94.48	94.48	94.48
Vehicles	20	21	19	20
Water Department				
Water lines (miles)	160.00	160.00	160.00	160.00
Square footage of water treatment plant	32,125	32,125	32,125	32,125
Vehicles	18	24	25	25
Wastewater				
Sanitary sewers (miles)	80.81	80.81	80.81	80.81
Storm sewers (miles)	73.08	73.08	73.08	73.08
Vehicles	4	4	4	4

Source: City of North Canton departments

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OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN YEARS

Function/Program	2023	2022	2021	2020
General Government				
Number of ordinances passed	80	81	72	79
Number of planning commission agenda items	8	22	27	12
Number of zoning board of appeals agenda items	4	8	8	5
Number of checks/vouchers issued	2,756	2,586	2,603	2,558
Interest earnings for fiscal year (cash basis)	\$563,144	\$331,071	\$273,950	\$361,177
General fund receipts (cash basis in thousands)	\$20,111	\$18,318	\$13,835	\$9,328
General fund expenditures (cash basis in thousands)	\$20,820	\$16,540	\$16,183	\$8,118
General fund cash balances (in thousands)	\$6,949	\$7,613	\$2,986	\$5,334
Income Tax Department				
Number of individual returns	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Number of business returns	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Annual number of reconciliation of withholding processed	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Building Department Indicators				
Construction permits issued	1,845	1,075	1,506	1,391
Estimated value of construction	\$ 109,071,503	\$ 81,893,651	\$ 27,769,358	\$ 49,340,387
Inspections conducted	1,640	1,993	2,024	2,432
Security of Persons & Property Police				
Total calls for services	15,861	16,483	16,617	15,854
Traffic violations	826	1,142	873	800
Motor vehicle accidents	464	445	419	317
Written warnings	2,735	3,349	2,829	2,756
Total criminal arrests	321	384	377	321
Fire/Emergency Medical Services				
EMS calls	3,121	2,910	2,738	2,311
EMS transports	2,134	1,879	1,864	1,586
Ambulance billing collections	\$812,203	\$689,899	\$674,689	\$564,304
Fire calls	748	667	565	499
Fire safety inspections	2,368	2,030	2,440	2,089
Leisure Time Activities				
Recreation	4.550		2 400	2.7/2
Swimming pool memberships	4,550	4,555	3,488	2,563
Civic center rentals	10	73	103	95
Dogwood shelter rentals	236	263	219	153
Transportation Asphalt resurfacing (miles)	6.94	7.75	10.6	15.98
Asphalt usage for pothole repairs (tons)	1801	993	381	240
Salt usage (tons)	1,211	3,985	2,477	2,798
Liquid de-icer used (gallons)	7,160	28,704	16,315	18,791
Cost of salt purchased	\$153,437	\$191,150	\$200,601	\$12,250
Water Department				
Number of customers	9,161	9,424	9,429	9,490
Annual water collections	\$6,846,179	\$5,904,461	\$6,321,254	\$6,452,086
Water main breaks	7	23	7	12
Number of wells	9	9	9	9
Gallons of water treated (millions of gallons)	1,058	976	980	1,022
Wastewater Department				
Residential sewer rate (flat monthly rate)	\$36.70	\$33.50	\$33.50	\$32.32
Number of customers	6,051	6,098	6,423	6,569
Source: City of North Canton departments				

_	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
	85	74	108	83	85	95
	20	11	11	9	7	20
	5	28	17	4	6	-
	2,434	2,561	2,434	2,813	3,079	3,016
	\$450,834	\$421,757	\$173,283	\$95,905	\$60,586	\$58,067
	\$7,984	\$7,460	\$7,224	\$7,613	\$7,370	\$8,078
	\$8,439	\$6,800	\$6,219	\$6,774	\$8,033	\$7,592
	\$4,124	\$4,580	\$3,920	\$2,915	\$1,839	\$2,285
	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	7,723	7,930
	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1,366	1,327
	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1,249	1,397
	1,518	1,094	813	782	252	627
\$	35,566,956	\$ 23,553,956	\$ 24,568,448	\$ 23,219,555	\$ 71,120,103	\$ 26,491,592
	2,242	1,889	1,516	1,252	1,121	917
	19,487	18,967	19,896	18,929	17,922	16,746
	1,480	1,538	2,165	4,386	1,546	1,571
	443	519	523	533	529	546
	3,703	3,482	4,537	2,032	3,847	3,912
	277	340	378	345	348	406
	2,683	2,683	2,664	2,426	2,152	2,416
	1,849	1,924	1,854	1,718	1,631	1,510
	\$614,738	\$652,389	\$586,089	\$557,457	\$552,430	\$496,107
	509 1,926	556 2,300	494 413	437 555	573 995	430 980
	1,920	2,300	413	333	993	980
	2,722	2,824	2,617	2,386	2,304	1,033
	156	96	119	55	55	46
	359	369	379	265	267	265
	11.48	20.03	13.68	0	0	2.92
	40	35	30	368	292	0
	3,113	2,567	2,372	1,700	2,500	4,600
	12,432 \$231,108	10,609 \$99,372	7,864 \$118,474	N/A \$230,575	N/A \$330,421	N/A \$258,200
	\$231,108	\$99,372	\$110,474	\$230,373	\$330,421	\$258,290
	9,230	8,981	9,337	9,043	8,993	8,970
	\$6,845,135 16	\$7,026,667 11	\$7,113,175 7	\$6,972,033 12	\$6,806,063 19	\$6,229,831
	9	9	9	9	9	14 9
	1,128,500	991	972	955	998	1,029
	\$32.32	\$26.83	\$26.83	\$26.83	\$25.41	\$25.41
	6,454	6,283	6,422	6,379	6,356	6,342

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CITY OF NORTH CANTON

STARK COUNTY

AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 9/24/2024

65 East State Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370