AUDIT REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Zupka & Associates
Certified Public Accountants



65 East State Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 ContactUs@ohioauditor.gov 800-282-0370

Board of Directors DAMPE Community School 2615 Melrose Ave Cincinnati, Ohio 45206

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the DAMPE Community School, Hamilton County, prepared by Zupka & Associates, for the audit period July 1, 2022 through June 30, 2023. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The DAMPE Community School is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

October 03, 2024



DAMPE COMMUNITY SCHOOL HAMILTON COUNTY, OHIO AUDIT REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

DAMPE Community School Hamilton County 2615 Melrose Avenue Cincinnati, Ohio 45206

To the Members of the Board:

Report on the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the DAMPE Community School, Hamilton County, Ohio, (the School) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the DAMPE Community School as of June 30, 2023, and the changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* (*Government Auditing Standards*), issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the School, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

DAMPE Community School Hamilton County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
 include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
 statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that
 raise substantial doubt about the School's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable
 period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Emphasis of Matter

As described in Note 15 to the basic financial statements, the School is experiencing financial difficulties and management has a plan in regard to this matter. The basic financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

DAMPE Community School Hamilton County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and Schedules of Net Pension and Postemployment Benefit Liabilities and Pension and Postemployment Benefit Contributions, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated July 30, 2024, on our consideration of the School's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Zupka & Associates

Certified Public Accountants

Supka & Associates

July 30, 2024

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2023 (Unaudited)

The management's discussion and analysis of DAMPE Community School's (the School) financial performance provides an overall view of the School's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements and the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School's financial performance.

Key Financial Highlights of the School

Key 2023 financial highlights for the School are as follows:

- The School saw the net position decrease by \$122,165 during fiscal year 2023. The decrease is attributed to the changes in net pension/Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB) liabilities and related deferred inflows or outflows of resources. The School saw a negative cash flow of \$5,739.
- The School is required to report a net pension liability and OPEB liability of \$1,666,615 as these are components that significantly reduce the School's net position. By removing the items related to GASB 68 and GASB 75, the School would report a net position of (\$469,333).
- The accounts payable decreased by \$211,697 during the year.

Using this Annual Financial Report and Overview of Financial Statements

This annual report consists of four components: the Management Discussion and Analysis, the basic financial statements, Notes to the Basic Financial Statements and Required Supplementary Information. The basic financial statements include a Statement of Net Position, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position, and a Statement of Cash Flows.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the School's assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows, with the difference between these reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the School is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position presents information showing how the School's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. The Statement of Cash Flows presents the sources and uses of the School's cash and how it changed during the most recent fiscal year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2023 (Unaudited)

Financial Analysis

Table 1 provides a summary of the School's net position at fiscal year-end for fiscal years 2023 and 2022 (GAAP basis).

Table 1
Net Position at Year End

	2023		2022	
Assets:				
Current Assets	\$	12,037	\$	66,108
Noncurrent Assets		395,698		494,333
Total Assets		407,735		560,441
Deferred Outflows of Resources		1,245,280		729,920
Liabilities				
Current Liabilities		344,802		546,693
Long-term Liabilities				
Net Pension Liability		1,420,332		532,081
OPEB Liability		246,283		169,782
Other Long-term Liabilities		474,167		617,363
Total Liabilities		2,485,584		1,865,919
Deferred Inflows of Resources		456,185		591,031
Net Position:				
Net investment in capital assets		82,683		77,378
Restricted		-		73,011
Unrestricted		(1,371,437)		(1,316,978)
Total Net Position	\$	(1,288,754)	\$	(1,166,589)

The net pension liability (NPL) is the largest single liability reported by the School at June 30, 2023 and is reported pursuant to GASB Statement 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an Amendment of GASB Statement 27." The School also reports GASB Statement 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions," which significantly revises accounting for costs and liabilities related to other postemployment benefits (OPEB). For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the School's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and OPEB, the net pension liability and the net OPEB asset/liability to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2023 (Unaudited)

Governmental Accounting Standards Board standards are national and apply to all governments' financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Prior accounting for pensions (GASB 27) and postemployment benefits (GASB 45) focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension and OPEB costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's *net pension liability* or *net OPEB asset/liability*. GASB 68 and GASB 75 take an earnings approach to pension and OPEB accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension/OPEB plans and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

GASB 68 and GASB 75 require the net pension liability and the net OPEB asset/liability to equal the School's proportionate share of each plan's collective:

- 1. Present value of estimated future pension/OPEB benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service, and
- 2 Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits.

GASB notes that pension and OPEB obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" – that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension and other postemployment benefits. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the School is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of these liabilities. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer's promise is limited not by contract but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the retirement system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension/OPEB plan as against the public employer. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. The retirement system is responsible for the administration of the pension and OPEB plans.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2023 (Unaudited)

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability or the net OPEB liability. As explained above, changes in benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of these liabilities, but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability are satisfied, these liabilities are separately identified within the long-term liability section of the Statement of Net Position.

In accordance with GASB 68 and GASB 75, the School's statements prepared on the accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense and an annual OPEB expense for their proportionate share of each plan's *change* in net pension liability and net OPEB asset/liability, respectively, not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows.

Including the pension/OPEB items, the School saw total assets decrease by \$152,706 as the School saw the cash balance decrease with increased expenses. The School also saw the capital assets decrease with the current year depreciation. The other significant change was the intergovernmental receivable decreased with lower grants revenue related to the prior year balances.

The current liabilities decreased by \$201,891 mainly with the accounts payable dropping. The School recognized a larger net pension and OPEB liabilities for the current year as the allocation percentage changed that was assigned to the School by the retirement systems. That also helps explain why the deferred outflow of resources increased significantly since those changes are amortized over the remaining service life for each retirement system.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2023 (Unaudited)

Financial Analysis

Table 2 shows the change in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022.

Table 2 Changes in Net Position

	2023		2022	
Operating Revenues:				
State Foundation	\$	1,619,489	\$	1,791,050
Other		92,503		3,586
Total Operating Revenues		1,711,992		1,794,636
Operating Expenses:				
Fringe Benefits		535,302		391,037
Purchased Services		1,811,842		2,082,242
Materials and Supplies		12,496		27,204
Depreciation		142,824		128,803
Other		7,181		-
Total Operating Expenses		2,509,645		2,629,286
Operating (Loss)		(797,653)		(834,650)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)				
Federal and State Grants		692,589		425,404
Interest and Fiscal Charges		(17,101)		(22,521)
Total Nonoperating Revenues		675,488		402,883
Change in Net Position		(122,165)		(431,767)
Net Position, Beginning of Year		(1,166,589)		(734,822)
Net Position, End of the Year	\$	(1,288,754)	\$	(1,166,589)

The School saw the student population decrease from 216 to 193 FTE resulting in the foundation revenue decreasing \$171,561 during fiscal year 2023. Another decrease between the two years was related to purchased services that decreased by \$270,400 with fewer students resulting in services provided by the management company being adjusted based on students. The School operates the staff as contracts which in turns pushes those figures higher. The School also reported lower net pension/opeb liabilities for fiscal year 2022 that reduced the pension expenses being reported under fringe benefits which explains why the fiscal year 2023 amount was higher.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2023 (Unaudited)

Budget Highlights

Unlike other public schools located in the State of Ohio, community schools are not required to follow the budgetary provisions set forth in Ohio Rev. Code Chapter 5705, unless specifically provided by the School's contract with its Sponsor. The contract between the School and its Sponsor prescribes an annual budget requirement as part of preparing a five year forecast, which is updated on a bi-annual basis.

Capital Assets

At the end of 2023, the School had a \$322,599 capital asset balance. See Note 6 for more information on the School's capital assets.

Debt

At June 30, 2023, the School had \$597,363 of outstanding long term debt. See Note 11 for more information on the School's long term debt.

Current Financial Issues

The School saw the enrollment decrease for fiscal year 2024 with the October FTE counts at 99 students compared to 193 at the end of fiscal year 2023.

Contacting the School

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the finances of the School and to show the School's accountability for the monies it receives to all vested and interested parties, as well as meeting the annual reporting requirements of the State of Ohio. Any questions about the information contained within this report or requests for additional financial information should be directed to the Treasurer of the School, 2615 Melrose Avenue, Cincinnati, Ohio 45206.

DAMPE COMMUNITY SCHOOL HAMILTON COUNTY, OHIO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

AS OF JUNE 30, 2023

Assets: Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,952
Intergovernmental receivable	9,085
Total current assets	12,037
Noncurrent assets:	
Net OPEB asset	58,099
Security deposit	15,000
Capital assets:	000 500
Depreciable capital assets Total noncurrent assets	322,599
Total honcurrent assets	395,698
Total Assets	407,735
Deferred Outflows of Resources:	
Pension	832,556
OPEB	412,724
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,245,280
Liabilities:	
Current liabilities	
Accounts payable	221,606
Current portion of long term debt	123,196
Total current liabilities	344,802
Long term liabilities	
Net Pension liability	1,420,332
OPEB liability	246,283
Other portion of long term debt	474,167
Total long term liabilities	2,140,782
Total Liabilities	2,485,584
Deferred Inflows of Resources:	
Pension	146,993
OPEB	309,192
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	456,185
Not Position:	
Net Position:	82,683
Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	•
Onresulcted	(1,371,437)
Total Net Position	\$ (1,288,754)

See accompanying Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

DAMPE COMMUNITY SCHOOL HAMILTON COUNTY, OHIO STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Operating revenues:	
Foundation payments	\$ 1,619,489
Other operating revenues	 92,503
Total operating revenues	 1,711,992
Operating expenses:	
Fringe benefits	535,302
Purchased services	1,811,842
Materials and supplies	12,496
Depreciation	142,824
Other operating expenses	 7,181
	0.500.045
Total operating expenses	 2,509,645
Operating Loss	(797,653)
Non-Operating revenues (expenses):	
Federal and State grants	692,589
Interest and Fiscal Charges	(17,101)
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	 675,488
Change in net position	(122,165)
Net position at beginning of year	(1,166,589)
Net position at end of year	\$ (1,288,754)

See accompanying Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

DAMPE COMMUNITY SCHOOL HAMILTON COUNTY, OHIO STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents

Cash flows from operating activities:	
Cash received from State of Ohio - Foundation	\$ 1,620,485
Cash received from other operating revenues	92,503
Cash payments for personal services	(243,054)
Cash payments for contract services	(2,009,359)
Cash payments for supplies and materials	1,297
Cash payments for other expenses	(7,181)
Net cash used for operating activities	(545,309)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:	
Cash received from state and federal grants	740,552
Proceeds from short term loans	5,000
Principal paid on debt obligations	(25,000)
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	720,552
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:	
Acquisition of capital assets	(50,491)
Principal paid on debt obligations	(113,390)
Interest paid on debt obligations	(17,101)
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities	(180,982)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	(5,739)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at beginning of year	8,691
Cash and Cash Equivalents at end of year	2,952
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash used for operating activities:	
Operating Loss	(797,653)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss	
to net cash used operating activities:	
Depreciation	142,824
Change in assets and liabilities:	
Decrease in intergovernmental receivable	369
Increase in OPEB asset	(22,298)
Increase in deferred outflows	(515,360)
Decrease in accounts payable	(183,097)
Decrease in deferred inflows	(134,846)
Increase in net pension liability	888,251
Increase in OPEB liability	 76,501
Total Adjustments	 109,520
Net cash used for operating activities	\$ (545,309)

See accompanying Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Non-cash transaction: The School reported \$28,600 of construction in process as accounts payable in 2022.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 1 – DESCRIPTION OF THE REPORTING ENTITY

DAMPE Community School, Hamilton County (the School) is a federal tax exempt 501(c)(3) and state nonprofit corporation established pursuant to Ohio Rev. Code Chapters 3314 and 1702 to maintain and provide a school exclusively for any educational, literary, scientific and related teaching service. The School, which is part of the State's education program, is independent of any school district. The School may sue and be sued, acquire facilities as needed, and contract for any services necessary for the operation of the School.

The School contracts with Cincinnati Charter School Collaborative (CCSC) for most of its functions (see Note 12).

The School began operations at the beginning of the 2019 school year. The School signed a contract with The Educational Resource Consultants of Ohio, Inc. (ERCO) (Sponsor) to operate for a period from July 1, 2018 through June 30, 2021, which was extended for three years to June 30, 2024. The School operates under a self-appointing, six-member Board of Directors (the Board). The School's Code of Regulations specify that vacancies that arise on the Board will be filled by the appointment of a successor director by a majority vote of the then existing directors. The Board is responsible for carrying out the provisions of the contract with the Sponsor, which include, but are not limited to, state-mandated provisions regarding student population, curriculum, academic goals, performance standards, admission standards, and qualifications of teachers. The School has one instructional/support facility, which is leased by the School. The facility is staffed with teaching personnel employed by CCSC, who provide service to 193 students.

The School is not considered a component unit for reporting purposes, in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units" and GASB Statement No. 61, "The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus".

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the School have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to a governmental nonprofit organization. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. Following are the more significant of the School's accounting policies.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

A. Basis of Presentation

The School's basic financial statements consist of a Statement of Net Position, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position, and a Statement of Cash Flows. The School uses enterprise accounting to track and report on its financial activities. Enterprise fund reporting focuses on the determination of the change in net position, net position and cash flows.

B. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Enterprise accounting uses a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets, deferred outflows of resources, all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources are included on the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position presents increases (e.g. revenues) and decreases (e.g. expenses) in net total position. The Statement of Cash Flows reflects how the School finances and meets its cash flow needs.

C. Budgetary Process

Unlike other public schools located in the State of Ohio, community schools are not required to follow budgetary provisions set forth in Ohio Revised Code Chapter 5705, unless specifically provided in the contract between the School and its Sponsor. The contract between the School and its Sponsor does prescribe an annual budget requirement in addition to preparing a five-year forecast, which is to be updated on an annual basis.

D. Cash and Investments

All monies received by the School are accounted for by the School's treasurer. All cash received is maintained in accounts in the School's name. Monies for the School are maintained in bank accounts or temporarily used to purchase short-term investments.

For presentation on the financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months that are not purchased from the pool are reported as investments.

E. Capital Assets and Depreciation/Amortization

Capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition values as of the date received. The School maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. The School does not possess any infrastructure. Furniture and equipment is depreciated on a straight-line basis over five years.

Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not. The School reports the value, net of amortization for the right to use leased asset - building under GASB 87, *Leases*, which is amortized over the lease term of five years.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

F. Intergovernmental Revenues

The School currently participates in the State Foundation Program and State Special Education Program. Revenues from these programs are recognized as operating revenues in the accounting period in which all eligibility requirements are met.

Grants and entitlements are recognized as non-operating revenues in the accounting period in which all eligibility requirements are met.

Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the School must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School on a reimbursement basis.

Amounts awarded under the items above for the year ended June 30, 2023 totaled \$2,312,078.

G. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows. Net investment in capital assets consist of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisitions, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the School or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. The School applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

H. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then. For the School, deferred outflows of resources are reported on the Statement of Net Position for pension and OPEB. The deferred outflows of resources related to pension and OPEB plans are explained in Notes 9 and 10.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. For the School, deferred inflows of resources include pension and OPEB. Deferred inflows of resources related to pension and OPEB are reported on the Statement of Net Position. (See Notes 9 and 10.)

I. Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB asset/liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB, and pension/OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension systems report investments at fair value.

J. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the certain reported amounts disclosure. Accordingly, actual results may differ from those estimates.

K. Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activities. For the School, these revenues are primarily the State Foundation program and specific charges to the students or users of the School. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the good or service that is the primary activity of the School. Revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating.

NOTE 3 – CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

At fiscal year end June 30, 2023, the carrying amount of the School's deposits was \$2,952, and the bank balance was \$80. The entire bank balance was covered by Federal Deposit Insurance.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 3 – CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (continued)

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the School's deposits may not be returned. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to at least 105% of the carrying value of the deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio Revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at Federal Reserve Banks, or at member banks of the federal reserve system, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the School. The School has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Although the securities were held by the pledging institutions' trust department and all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the School to a successful claim by the FDIC.

NOTE 4 – PURCHASED SERVICES

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, purchased services expenses were are as follows:

Professional and Technical	\$ 1,171,800
Management Fees	238,845
Fiscal fees	77,084
Property Services	70,633
Lease payments	62,592
Data processing	53,743
Sponsor Fees	47,916
Utilities	43,939
Food Service	19,941
Student Transportation	10,000
Legal	4,100
Other	 11,249
Total	\$ 1,811,842

NOTE 5 – RECEIVABLES

The School reported the following receivables at June 30, 2023:

Title VI-B Grant		\$500
Title I Grant		8,585
	Total	\$9,085

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 6 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023:

	Balance 6/30/22	Additions	Deductions	Balance 6/30/23
Capital Assets not Being Depreciated				0.00.20
Construction in Process	\$28,600	\$0	(\$28,600)	\$0
Capital Assets Being Depreciated/Amortized			, ,	
Furniture and Equipment	65,876	0	0	65,876
Right to Use Leased Asset – Building	481,782	0	0	481,782
Leasehold Improvements	0	50,491	0	50,491
Less Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization				
Furniture and Equipment	(17,098)	(17,098)	0	(34,196)
Right to Use Leased Asset – Building	(115,628)	(115,628)	0	(231,256)
Leasehold Improvements	0	(10,098)	0	(10,098)
Capital Assets, Net	\$443,532	(\$92,333)	(\$28,600)	\$322,599

NOTE 7 – SPONSORSHIP AGREEMENT

The School has entered into a sponsorship agreement with ERCO (the Sponsor), whereby, the Sponsor shall receive compensation for services provided to the School. The Sponsor shall provide the School Treasurer with fiscal oversight and administrative support related to the following:

- A. Support to ensure that the financial records of the School are maintained in the same manner as are financial records of School, pursuant to rules of the Auditor of State.
- B. Compliance with the policies and procedures regarding internal financial control of the School.
- C. Compliance with the requirements and procedures for financial audits by the Auditor of State.

During the fiscal year, the School paid the Sponsor \$47,916 in sponsorship fees.

NOTE 8 – RISK MANAGEMENT

Property and Liability - The School is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft or damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. As part of its management agreement with CCSC, CCSC has contracted with an insurance company for property and general liability insurance pursuant to the Management Agreement (see Note 12).

Director and Officer - Coverage has been purchased by the School with a \$1,000,000 aggregate limit and a \$5,000 deductible.

There was no significant reduction in coverage from the prior year. Settlement amounts have not exceeded coverage amounts in each of the past three years.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 9 -- DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability reported on the Statement of Net Position represents a liability to employees for pensions. Pensions are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension liability represents the School's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

The Ohio Revised Code limits the School's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The School cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, the School does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension.

GASB 68 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net pension liability* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in *intergovernmental payable* on the accrual basis of accounting.

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description – The School's non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 9 -- DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to Retire on or before August 1, 2017 *	Eligible to Retire on or after August 1, 2017
Full Benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially Reduced Benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

^{*} Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017, will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service; 2.2 percent for the first thirty years of service and 2.5 percent for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

An individual whose benefit effective date is before April 1, 2018, is eligible for a cost of living adjustment (COLA) on the first anniversary date of the benefit. Beginning April 1, 2018, new benefit recipients must wait until the fourth anniversary of their benefit for COLA eligibility. The COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit. A three-year COLA suspension is in effect for all benefit recipients for the years 2018, 2019, and 2020. Upon resumption of the COLA, it will be indexed to the percentage increase in the CPI-W, not to exceed 2.5 percent and with a floor of 0 percent. The Retirement Board approved at 2.5 percent COLA for calendar year 2022.

Funding Policy – Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the School is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 14.0 percent.

The School's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$128.527 for fiscal year 2023.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 9 -- DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – The School's licensed teachers and other faculty members participate in STRS Ohio, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Web site at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation is 2.2 percent of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. Eligibility changes will be phased in until August 1, 2023, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five year of service credit and age 65, or 35 years of service credit at any age.

Eligibility changes for DB Plan members who retire with actuarially reduced benefits will be phased in until August 1, 2023, when retirement eligibility will be five years of qualifying service credit regardless of age.

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 9.53 percent of the 14 percent employer contributions into an investment account. The member determines how to allocate the member and employer money among various investment choices offered by STRS. The remaining 4.47 percent of the 14 percent employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, 12 percent of the 14 percent member rate is deposited into the member's DC account and the remaining 2 percent is applied to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age fifty and after termination of employment.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 9 -- DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

New members who choose the DC plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. New members on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit that apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy – Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. The fiscal year 2023 employer and employee contribution rate of 14 percent was equal to the statutory maximum rates. For fiscal year 2023, the full employer contribution was allocated to pension.

The School's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$48,275 for fiscal year 2023.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the School's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability - prior measurement date	0.0085367%	0.00169799%	
Proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability - current measurement date	0.0170378%	0.00224378%	
Change in proportionate share	0.0085011%	0.00054579%	
Proportionate Share of the Net			
Pension Liability	\$921,537	\$498,795	\$1,420,332
Pension Expense	\$319,793	\$121,116	\$440,909

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 9 -- DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

At June 30, 2023, the School reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources	·		
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$37,323	\$6,386	\$43,709
Net difference between projected and			
actual earnings on pension plan investments	0	17,357	17,357
Changes in proportionate share	355,086	170,817	525,903
Changes in assumptions	9,094	59,691	68,785
School contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date	128,527	48,275	176,802
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$530,030	\$302,526	\$832,556
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$6,050	\$1,908	\$7,958
Changes in assumptions	0	44,930	44,930
Changes in proportionate share	0	61,948	61,948
Net difference between projected and			
actual earnings on pension plan investments	32,157	0	32,157
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$38,207	\$108,786	\$146,993

\$176,802 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from School contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:			
2024	\$203,036	\$66,661	\$269,697
2025	152,757	35,338	188,095
2026	(45,938)	(7,121)	(53,059)
2027	53,441	50,587	104,028
Total	\$363,296	\$145,465	\$508,761

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 9 -- DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2022, are presented below:

Future Salary Increases, including inflation Inflation

3.25 percent to 13.58 percent 2.40 percent

COLA or Ad Hoc COLA

2.00%, on and after April 1, 2018, COLAs for future retirees will be delayed for three years following commencement 7.00 percent net of system expenses

Investment Rate of Return Actuarial Cost Method

Entry Age Normal (Level Percent of Payroll)

Mortality rates for 2022 were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weight Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20 percent for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35 percent for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3 percent for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8 percent for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2020.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 9 -- DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined by using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating an arithmetic weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes.

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
	_	
Cash	2.00 %	(0.45) %
US Equity	24.75	5.37
Non-US Equity Developed	13.50	6.22
Non-US Equity Emerging	6.75	8.22
Fixed Income/Global Bonds	19.00	1.20
Private Equity	11.00	10.05
Real Estate/Assets	16.00	4.87
Multi-Asset Strategies	4.00	3.39
Private Debt/Credit	3.00	5.38
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate The total pension liability for 2022 was calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent. The discount rate for 2021 was also 7.00 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.00 percent). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 9 -- DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

Sensitivity of the School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00 percent), or one percentage point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate.

	Current		
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)
School's proportionate share			
of the net pension liability	\$1,356,458	\$921,537	\$555,121

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

The total pension liability in the July 1, 2022, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.50 percent		
Projected salary increases	Varies by service from 2.5% to 8.5%		
Investment Rate of Return	7.00 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation		
Discount Rate of Return	7.00 percent		
Payroll increases	3.00 percent		
Cost-of-Living Adjustments	0% effective July 1, 2017		

Post-retirement mortality rates are based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted 110% for males, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Employee Table adjusted 95% for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Disable Annuitant Table projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2021.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 9 -- DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

STRS Ohio's investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation*	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return**
	26.00.04	6.60.04
Domestic Equity	26.00 %	6.60 %
International Equity	22.00	6.80
Alternatives	19.00	7.38
Fixed Income	22.00	1.75
Real Estate	10.00	5.75
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	1.00
Total	100.00 %	
10111	100.00	

^{*}Target allocation percentage is effective as of July 1, 2022. Target weights were phased in over a 3-month period concluding on October 1, 2022.

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00 percent as of June 30, 2022, and was also 7.00 percent as of June 30, 2021. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2022. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2022.

Sensitivity of the School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate The following table presents the School's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.00 percent, as well as what the School's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.00 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate:

	Current		
	1% Decrease Discount Rate		1% Increase
	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)
School's proportionate share			
of the net pension liability	\$753,498	\$498,795	\$283,395

^{** 10-}Year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and is net of investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS Ohio's investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 9 -- DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

Changes since measurement date Demographic assumptions were changed based on the actuarial experience study for July 1, 2015, through June 30, 2021. STRS approved a one-time 1.00% cost-of-living adjustment to eligible benefit recipients effective July 1, 2023.

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLAN

Net OPEB Asset/Liability

The net OPEB asset/liability reported on the Statement of Net Position represents a liability to employees for OPEB. OPEB is a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. OPEB are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for OPEB is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net OPEB asset/liability represents the School's proportionate share of each OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net OPEB asset/liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting these estimates annually.

The Ohio Revised Code limits the School's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The School cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which OPEB are financed; however, the School does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including OPEB.

GASB 75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because they benefit from employee services. OPEB contributions come from these employers and health care plan enrollees which pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. The Ohio revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. Any change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net OPEB asset/liability. Resulting adjustments to the net OPEB asset/liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net OPEB* asset/liability on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required OPEB contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in *intergovernmental payable* on the accrual basis of accounting.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 10 – DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLAN (continued)

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Health Care Plan Description - The School contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 75 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. SERS' Health Care Plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of most types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage. In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree, are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of 65 and therefore enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board established the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For fiscal year 2023, no allocation was made to health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2023, this amount was \$25,000. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge.

The surcharge is the amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. For fiscal year 2023, the School paid \$11,856 for the SERS surcharge.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 10 – DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLAN (continued)

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued effective January 1, 2020. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy – Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Nearly all health care plan enrollees, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, STRS Ohio did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.

OPEB Asset/Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

The net OPEB asset/liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total OPEB asset/liability used to calculate the net OPEB asset/liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset/liability was based on the School's share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability - prior measurement date	0.0089709%	0.00167987%	
Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability - current measurement date Change in proportionate share	0.0175414% 0.0085705%	0.00224378% 0.0005639%	
Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability/(Asset) OPEB Expense (Income)	\$246,283 \$49,665	(\$58,099) (\$9,672)	\$188,184 \$39,993

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 10 – DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLAN (continued)

At June 30, 2023, the School reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$2,072	\$844	\$2,916
Changes of assumptions	39,175	2,475	41,650
Net difference between projected and			
actual earnings on pension plan investments	1,280	1,013	2,293
Changes in proportionate share	351,035	2,974	354,009
School contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date	11,856	0	11,856
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$405,418	\$7,306	\$412,724
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$157,541	\$8,726	\$166,267
Changes in assumptions	101,101	41,197	142,298
Changes in proportionate share	0	627	627
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$258,642	\$50,550	\$309,192

\$11,856 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from School contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB asset/liability in the year ending June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:			
2024	\$16,965	(\$12,518)	\$4,447
2025	17,378	(12,316)	5,062
2026	22,568	(5,404)	17,164
2027	26,675	(2,512)	24,163
2028	18,700	(3,498)	15,202
Thereafter	32,634	(6,996)	25,638
Total	\$134,920	(\$43,244)	\$91,676

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 10 – DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLAN (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

The total OPEB liability is determined by SERS' actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2022 are presented below:

Wage Inflation 2.40 percent

Future Salary Increases, including inflation 3.25 percent to 13.58 percent

Investment Rate of Return 7.00 percent net of investments expense, including inflation

Municipal Bond Index Rate:

Measurement Date 3.69 percent
Prior Measurement Date 1.92 percent

Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation

Measurement Date4.08 percentPrior Measurement Date2.27 percentMedical Trend Assumption7.00 to 4.40 percent

Health Care Cost Trent Rate

Medicare5.125 to 4.40 percentPre-Medicare6.75 to 4.40 percent

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 10 – DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLAN (continued)

For 2022, mortality rates among healthy retirees were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20 percent for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35 percent for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3 percent for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8 percent for females. Mortality rates for contingent survivors were based on PUB-2010 General Amount Weighted Below Median Contingent Survivor mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 105.5 percent for males and adjusted 122.5 percent for females. Mortality rates for actives is based on PUB-2010 General Amount Weighted Below Median Employee mortality table.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2020.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the actuarial five-year experience study. The most recent study covers fiscal years 2015 through 2020, and was adopted by the Board in 2021. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long- term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return, 7.00 percent, by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major assets class, as used in the June 30, 2020 five-year experience study, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Cash	2.00 %	(0.45) %
US Equity	24.75	5.37
Non-US Equity Developed	13.50	6.22
Non-US Equity Emerging	6.75	8.22
Fixed Income/Global Bonds	19.00	1.20
Private Equity	11.00	10.05
Real Estate/Assets	16.00	4.87
Multi-Asset Strategies	4.00	3.39
Private Debt/Credit	3.00	5.38
Total	100.00 %	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 10 – DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLAN (continued)

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2022 was 4.08 percent. The discount rate used to measure total OPEB liability prior to June 30, 2022, was 2.27 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and the System at the contribution rate of 1.50 percent of projected covered payroll each year, which includes a 1.50 percent payroll surcharge and no contributions from the basic benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current System members by SERS actuaries. The Municipal Bond Index Rate is used in the determination of the SEIR for both the June 30, 2022 and the June 30, 2021 total OPEB liability. The Municipal Bond Index rate is the single rate that will generate a present value of benefit payments equal to the sum of the present value determined by the long-term expected rate of return, and the present value determined by discounting those benefits after the date of depletion. The Municipal Bond Index Rate is 3.69 percent at June 30, 2022 and 1.92 percent at June 30, 2021.

Sensitivity of the School's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate. The following table presents the net OPEB liability of SERS, what SERS' net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (3.08%) and higher (5.08%) than the current discount rate (4.08%). Also shown is what SERS' net OPEB liability would be based on health care cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (6.00% decreasing to 3.40%) and higher (8.00% decreasing to 5.40%) than the current rate (7.00% decreasing to 4.40%).

	1% Decrease (3.08%)	Current Discount Rate (4.08%)	1% Increase (5.08%)		
School's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$305,887	\$246,283	\$198,166		
	1% Decrease (6.00% decreasing to 3.40%)	Current Trend Rate (7.00% decreasing to 4.40%)	1% Increase (8.00% decreasing to 5.40%)		
School's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$189,928	\$246,283	\$319,891		

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 10 – DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLAN (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions – STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the June 30, 2022, actuarial valuation are presented below:

Projected salary increases Varies by service from 2.5% to 8.5%

Investment Rate of Return 7.00 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation

Payroll Increases 3 percent

Cost-of-Living Adjustments 0.0 percent, effective July 1, 2017 (COLA)

Blended Discount Rate of Return 7.00 percent

Health Care Cost Trends

Medical

Pre-Medicare 7.50 percent initial, 3.94 percent ultimate
Medicare -68.78 percent initial, 3.94 percent ultimate

Prescription Drug

Pre-Medicare 9.00 percent initial, 3.94 percent ultimate
Medicare -5.47 percent initial, 3.94 percent ultimate

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

For healthy retirees the post-retirement mortality rates are based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table adjusted 110 percent for males, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020; pre-retirement mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Employee Table adjusted 95 percent for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Disabled Annuitant Table projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2021.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 10 – DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLAN (continued)

STRS's investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation*	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return**
D (1 F 1)	26.00.0/	((0 , 0/
Domestic Equity	26.00 %	6.60 %
International Equity	22.00	6.80
Alternatives	19.00	7.38
Fixed Income	22.00	1.75
Real Estate	10.00	5.75
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	1.00
Total	100.00 %	

^{*}Target allocation percentage is effective July 1, 2022. Target weights were phased in over a 3-month period concluding October 1, 2022.

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.00 percent as of June 30, 2022, and was also 7.00 percent as of June 30, 2021. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes STRS Ohio continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was not projected to be sufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on health care plan investments of 7.00% was used to measure the total OPEB asset as of June 30, 2022.

Sensitivity of the School's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount and Health Care Cost Trend Rate The following table represents the net OPEB asset as of June 30, 2022, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.00 percent, as well as what the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.00 percent) than the current assumption. Also shown is the net OPEB asset as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates.

	Current						
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase				
	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)				
School's proportionate share							
of the net OPEB asset	(\$53,711)	(\$58,099)	(\$61,858)				

^{**10-}Year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS Ohio's investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 10 – DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLAN (continued)

		Current						
	1% Decrease	1% Increase						
School's proportionate share								
of the net OPEB asset	(\$60,263)	(\$58,099)	(\$55,368)					

Benefit Term Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date Salary increase rates were updated based on the actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2021 and were changed from age based to service based. Healthcare trends updated to reflect emerging claims and recoveries experience.

NOTE 11 – OTHER LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The School has no long-term obligations that meet the GASB definition of a direct borrowing. The following are the long-term obligations outstanding for the School as of June 30, 2023 was as follows:

	Balance			Balance	Due Within
Description	06/30/22	Additions	Deletions	06/30/23	One Year
EEG Loan	\$267,500	\$0	\$0	\$267,500	\$0
CCSC Loan	70,000	0	20,000	50,000	0
Building Lease	393,253	0	113,390	279,863	123,196
Net Pension Liabil	ity				
SERS	314,979	606,558	0	921,537	0
STRS	217,102	281,693	0	498,795	0
Net OPEB Liability	y				
SERS	169,782	76,501	0	246,283	0
Total	\$1,432,616	\$964,752	\$133,390	\$2,263,978	\$123,196

On May 26, 2020, the Board received promissory notes from Educational Empowerment Group, LLC (EEG) and Cincinnati Charter School Collaborative, LLC (CCSC) for the amounts of \$350,000 and \$70,000 respectively. The Board paid \$0 on the EEG Promissory Note in 2023 but \$20,000 on the CCSC loan.

The School has a lease agreement with the facility that runs through August 31, 2025. The liability is reported under GASB 87, *Leases*, that requires the recognition of the liability on the financial statements.

Buildin	ole	
Principal	Interest	Total
\$123,196	\$11,209	\$134,405
133,625	4,813	138,438
23,042	144	23,186
\$279,863	\$16,166	\$296,029
	Principal \$123,196 133,625 23,042	\$123,196 \$11,209 133,625 4,813 23,042 144

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 11 – OTHER LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)

The School reports a portion of the unfunded net pension liability with the two retirement systems as described in Note 9.

The School reports a portion of the unfunded net OPEB liability with the one retirement system as described in Note 10. The School reports a portion of the net OPEB asset for the another retirement system.

NOTE 12 - AGREEMENT WITH CINCINNATI CHARTER SCHOOL COLLABORATIVE

Effective July 1, 2020, the School entered into a management agreement (Agreement) with the Cincinnati Charter School Collaborative (CCSC), which is an educational consulting and management company. The term of the Agreement with CCSC is for two years and will renew for one additional, successive two (2) year terms unless one party notifies the other party no later than six months prior to the term expiration date of its intention to not renew the Agreement. Substantially all functions of the School have been contracted to CCSC. CCSC is responsible and accountable to the School's Board of Directors for the administration and operation of the School. The School is required to pay CCSC a monthly continuing fee of 16 percent of the School's "qualified gross revenues," defined in the Agreement as, all revenues and income received by the School except for charitable contributions. The continuing fee is paid to CCSC based on the qualified gross revenues.

The School had purchased services for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, to CCSC, of \$1,294,778. CCSC will be responsible for procuring the educational program at the School, which include but are not limited to, salaries and benefits of all personnel, curriculum materials, textbooks, library books, computers and other equipment, software, supplies, building payments, maintenance, capital, and insurance which are then invoiced to the school or reimbursed to CCSC.

NOTE 13 – CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The School received financial assistance from federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability.

B. School Funding

School foundation funding is based on the annualized full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment of each student. However, there is an important nexus between attendance and enrollment for Foundation funding purposes. Community schools must provide documentation that clearly demonstrates students have participated in learning opportunities. The ODE is legislatively required to adjust/reconcile funding as enrollment information is updated by schools throughout the State, which can extend past the fiscal year end.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 13 – CONTINGENCIES (continued)

Under Ohio Rev. Code Section 3314.08, ODE may also perform a FTE Review subsequent to the fiscal year end that may result in an additional adjustment to the enrollment information as well as claw backs of Foundation funding due to a lack of evidence to support student participation and other matters of noncompliance. ODE performed such a review on the School for fiscal year 2023.

ODE adjustments for fiscal year 2023 have been finalized. The School has reported a payable of \$627.

In addition, the School's contract with their sponsor, Educational Resource Consultants of Ohio, require payment based on revenue received from the State. The School will pay the additional sponsor fee during fiscal year 2024.

C. Pending Litigation

The School is not involved in any litigation that, in the opinion of management, would have a material effect on the financial statements.

NOTE 14 -CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE

For fiscal year 2023, the School implemented GASB Statement No. 96, "Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements". GASB Statement 96 requires the recognition of certain subscription assets and liabilities for multi-year technology arrangements without a cancellation clause that the School has control over. The implementation of this standard had no effect on beginning net position as the School had no technology agreements that met the requirements.

NOTE 15 - MANAGEMENT PLAN

Several factors have caused the School to experience fiscal distress. The School's cash balance at June 30, 2023 was \$2,952. Additionally, the School has significant liabilities at June 30, 2023 which has resulted in a deficit net position of (\$1,288,754). Overcoming this deficit may be difficult without significant increases in student enrollment and related revenues in order to pay off outstanding liabilities and cover ongoing operating costs. Management intends to eliminate these deficits by increasing enrollment, reevaluating staffing levels and applying for grant funds.

DAMPE Community School Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability School Employees Retirement System of Ohio Last Four Fiscal Years (1)

		2023		2022		2021		2020
The School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	0.0	0170378%	0.	.0085367%	C	0.0058461%	0	.0002132%
The School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$	921,537	\$	314,979	\$	386,673	\$	12,756
The School's Covered Payroll	\$	688,114	\$	319,671	\$	170,319	\$	48,037
The School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		133.92%		98.53%		227.03%		26.55%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		75.82%		82.86%		68.55%		70.85%

⁽¹⁾ Information prior to 2020 is not available. Schedule is intended to show ten years of information and additional information will be displayed as it become available.

Amount presented as of the School's measurement date, which is the prior fiscal year.

DAMPE Community School Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio Last Four Fiscal Years (1)

	2023		2022		2021			2020
The School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	0.00	0224378%	0.0	0169799%	0.0	0216992%	0.0	0124147%
The School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$	498,795	\$	217,102	\$	525,044	\$	274,544
The School's Covered Payroll	\$	289,979	\$	187,786	\$	261,879	\$	145,750
The School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		172.01%		115.61%		200.49%		188.37%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		78.90%		87.80%		75.50%		77.40%

⁽¹⁾ Information prior to 2020 is not available. Schedule is intended to show ten years of information and additional information will be displayed as it become available.

Amount presented as of the School's measurement date, which is the prior fiscal year.

DAMPE Community School Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the School's Pension Contributions School Employees Retirement System of Ohio Last Five Fiscal Years (1)

	2023		2022		2021		2020		2019
Contractually Required Contributions	\$	176,483	\$	90,831	\$	44,754	\$	22,993	\$ 6,485
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution		(176,483)		(90,831)		(44,754)		(22,993)	(6,485)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$ -
The School's Covered Payroll	\$:	1,336,992	\$	688,114	\$	319,671	\$	170,319	\$ 48,037
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		13.20%		13.20%		14.00%		13.50%	13.50%

⁽¹⁾ Information prior to 2019 is not available. Schedule is intended to show ten years of information and additional information will be displayed as it become available.

DAMPE Community School Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the School's Pension Contributions State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio Last Five Fiscal Years (1)

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Contractually Required Contributions	\$ 44,220	\$ 40,597	\$ 26,290	\$ 36,663	\$ 20,405
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(44,220)	(40,597)	(26,290)	(36,663)	(20,405)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
The School's Covered Payroll	\$ 315,857	\$ 289,979	\$ 187,786	\$ 261,879	\$ 145,750
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%

⁽¹⁾ Information prior to 2019 is not available. Schedule is intended to show ten years of information and additional information will be displayed as it become available.

DAMPE Community School Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the School's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability/(Asset) School Employees Retirement System of Ohio Last Four Fiscal Years (1)

	2023		2022		2021		2020	
The School's Proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability	0.	0175414%	0	.0089709%	(0.0057736%	C	0.0003720%
The School's Proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$	246,283	\$	169,782	\$	125,479	\$	9,353
The School's Covered Payroll	\$	688,114	\$	319,671	\$	170,319	\$	48,037
The School's Proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		35.79%		53.11%		73.67%		19.47%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability		30.34%		24.08%		18.17%		15.57%

⁽¹⁾ Information prior to 2020 is not available. Schedule is intended to show ten years of information and additional information will be displayed as it become available.

Amount presented as of the School's measurement date, which is the prior fiscal year.

DAMPE Community School Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the School's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability/(Asset) State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio Last Four Fiscal Years (1)

	2023	2022	2021	2020
The School's Proportionate share of the Net OPEB (Asset)	0.00224378%	0.00169799%	0.00216992%	0.00124100%
The School's Proportionate share of the Net OPEB (Asset)	\$ (58,099)	\$ (35,801)	\$ (38,137)	\$ (20,554)
The School's Covered Payroll	\$ 289,979	\$ 187,786	\$ 261,879	\$ 145,750
The School's Proportionate share of the Net OPEB (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	-20.04%	-19.06%	-14.56%	-14.10%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB (Asset)	230.70%	174.73%	182.10%	174.70%

⁽¹⁾ Information prior to 2020 is not available. Schedule is intended to show ten years of information and additional information will be displayed as it become available.

Amount presented as of the School's measurement date, which is the prior fiscal year.

DAMPE Community School Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the School's OPEB Contributions School Employees Retirement System of Ohio Last Five Fiscal Years (1)

	2023		2022		2021		2020		2019	
Contractually Required Contributions (2)	\$	11,856	\$	12,070	\$	-	\$	2,324	\$	1,186
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution		(11,856)		(12,070)				(2,324)		(1,186)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	-	\$		\$		\$		\$	
The School's Covered Payroll	\$ 1	,336,992	\$	688,114	\$	319,671	\$	170,319	\$	48,037
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Payroll		0.89%		1.75%		0.00%		1.36%		2.47%

⁽¹⁾ Information prior to 2019 is not available. Schedule is intended to show ten years of information and additional information will be displayed as it become available.

(2) Includes Surcharge

DAMPE Community School Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the School's OPEB Contributions State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio Last Five Fiscal Years (1)

	2	2023 2022		2	021	2(020	2019		
Contractually Required Contributions	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution		-				-		-		<u>-</u>
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	_	\$		\$		\$		\$	-
The School's Covered Payroll	\$ 3	15,857	\$ 2	89,979	\$ 1	87,786	\$ 2	61,879	\$	145,750
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Payroll	0.	00%	0.0	00%	0.	00%	0.0	00%		0.00%

⁽¹⁾ Information prior to 2019 is not available. Schedule is intended to show ten years of information and additional information will be displayed as it become available.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 1 - Net Pension Liability

School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Changes in Benefit Terms:

2019-2023: There were no changes to the benefit terms.

Changes in Assumptions:

2022: The SERS Board adopted the following assumption changes:

-Cost of living adjustment was increased from 2% to 2.5%.

2021: The SERS Board adopted the following assumption changes:

- -Assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.00 percent to 2.40 percent
- -Payroll Growth Assumption was reduced from 3.50 percent to 1.75 percent
- -Assumed real wage growth was increased from 0.50 percent to 0.85 percent
- -Rates of withdrawal, retirement and disability were updated to reflect recent experience.
- -Mortality among active members was updated to RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females.
- -Mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries was updated to the following: PUB-2010 General Amount Weighted Below Median Employee mortality table. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020.
- -Mortality among service retired members was updated to the following:

PUB-2010 General Employee Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20% for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35% for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

-Mortality among contingent survivors was updated to the following:

PUB-2010 General Amount Weighted Below Median Contingent Survivor mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 105.5% for males and adjusted 122.5% for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

-Mortality among disabled members was updated to the following:

PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3% for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8% for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying

the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

2019-2020: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for these fiscal years.

State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Changes in Benefit Terms:

2019-2023: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for these fiscal years.

Changes in Assumptions:

2022: Demographic assumptions were reviewed and adopted by the Board on February 17, 2022 as part of an experience study performed covering the period from July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2021 with changes going into effect June 30, 2022.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 1 - Net Pension Liability (continued)

2021: The investment return rate was decreased from 7.45% to 7.00%.

2019-2020: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for this fiscal year.

Note 2 - Net OPEB (Asset)/Liability

School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Changes in Benefit Terms:

2019-2023: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for these fiscal years.

Changes in Assumptions:

2023:

- Municipal Bond Index Rate:

Fiscal year 2023 3.69 percent Fiscal year 2022 1.92 percent

2022:

-This discount rate changed from 2.27% to 4.08%

2021:

- -This discount rate changed from 2.63% to 2.27%
- -The investment rate of return was reduced from 7.50% to 7.00%
- -Assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.00% to 2.40%
- -The investment rate of return was reduced from 7.50%
- -Payroll Growth Assumption was reduced from 3.50% to 1.75%
- -Assumed real wage growth was increased from 0.50% to 0.85%
- -Rates of withdrawal, retirement and disability were updated to reflect recent experience.
- -Rate of health care participation for future retirees and spouses was updated to reflect recent experience.
- Mortality among active members was updated to the following:
 - -PUB-2010 General Amount Weighted Below Median Employee mortality table.
- -Mortality among service retired members was updated to the following:
 - -PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20% for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35% for females.
- -Mortality among beneficiaries was updated to the following:
 - -PUB-2010 General Amount Weighted Below Median Contingent Survivor mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 105.5% for males and adjusted 122.5% for females.
- -Mortality among disabled member was updated to the following:
 - -PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 year and adjusted 103.3% for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8% for females.
- -Mortality rates are projected using a fully generational projection with Scale MP-2020.
- -Municipal Bond Index Rate:

Fiscal year 2022 1.92 percent Fiscal year 2021 2.45 percent

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 2 - Net OPEB (Asset)/Liability (Continued)

-Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation

Fiscal year 2022 2.27 percent Fiscal year 2021 2.63 percent

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB asset/liability at June 30, 2022 was 2.27 percent. The discount rate used to measure total OPEB liability prior to June 30, 2021 was 2.63 percent.

2020: Amounts reported for the fiscal year incorporate changes in key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability as presented below:

(1) Discount Rate:

Prior Measurement Date 3.22% Measurement Date 2.63%

(2) Municipal Bond Index Rate:

Prior Measurement Date 3.13% Measurement Date 2.45%

(3) Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation:

Prior Measurement Date 3.22% Measurement Date 2.63%

2019: Amounts reported for the fiscal year incorporate changes in key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability as presented below:

(1) Discount Rate:

Prior Measurement Date 3.70% Measurement Date 3.22%

(2) Municipal Bond Index Rate:

Prior Measurement Date 3.62% Measurement Date 3.22%

(3) Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation:

Prior Measurement Date 3.70% Measurement Date 3.22%

State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Changes in Benefit Terms:

2021-2023: No changes in benefits terms.

2020: The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1% for the Medicare plan. The Medicare Plan B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed to January 1, 2021.

2019: The subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was increased from 1.944 percent to 1.984 percent per year of service effective January 1, 2020. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2020.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 2 - Net OPEB (Asset)/Liability (Continued)

Changes in Assumptions:

2023: Projected salary increases changed from 12.50% at age 20 to 2.50% at age 65, to, varies by service from 2.50% to 8.50%. The health care cost trend rates were modified.

2022: Demographic assumptions were reviewed and adopted by the Board on February 17, 2022 as part of an experience study performed covering the period from July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2021 with changes going into effect June 30, 2022.

2021: The investment rate of return decreased from 7.45 percent to 7.00 percent. The blended discount rate was also decreased from 7.45 percent to 7.00 percent. Health care cost trend rates changed from 9.62 percent to -16.18 percent initially and a 4.00 percent ultimate rate to 11.87 percent to 29.98 percent initial, 4 percent ultimate.

2019-2020: No changes in assumptions.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

DAMPE Community School Hamilton County 2615 Melrose Avenue Cincinnati, Ohio 45206

To the Members of the Board:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the DAMPE Community School, Hamilton County, Ohio, (the School) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated July 30, 2024, wherein we noted the School is experiencing financial difficulties and management has a plan in regard to this matter.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the School's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses that we considered a significant deficiency as item **2023-001**.

DAMPE Community School
Hamilton County
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting
and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial
Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards
Page 2

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matters that is required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards and which is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses as item **2023-002**.

School's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standardsrequires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the School's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses. The Schools responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the responses.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Zupka & Associates

Certified Public Accountants

rephr & associates

July 30, 2024

DAMPE COMMUNITY SCHOOL HAMILTON COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

Finding No. 2023-001 - Significant Deficiency - Financial Reporting

Condition/Criteria

During our review, the following errors were identified and subsequently corrected in the financial statements:

- 1. Fringe benefits expense was understated by \$149,951.
- 2. Beginning net position was overstated by \$179,879.
- 3. Deferred inflows-pension was understated by \$1,860.
- 4. Deferred outflows-pension and deferred outflows-OPEB were overstated by \$322,231 and \$5,739, respectively.
- 5. Ending net position was overstated by \$329,830.

Additionally, other immaterial misstatements were identified that did not require adjustments or reclassifications to the financial statements:

Cause/Effect

A lack of controls over financial reporting can result in errors and irregularities that may go undetected and decrease the reliability of financial data at year end.

Recommendation

We recommend that the School implement additional controls and procedures related to financial reporting that enables management to identify, prevent, detect, and correct potential misstatements in the financial statements and disclosures.

School's Response

We contract with a firm to compile our financial statements and review those statements upon completion. In the future we will do a much more detailed review and work with the firm to make sure the possibility of errors is reduced.

DAMPE COMMUNITY SCHOOL HAMILTON COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Finding No. 2023-002 - Non-Compliance - Accounting for Management Company Expenses

Statement of Condition/Criteria

Ohio Revised Code Section 3314.024(A) states, "A management company that receives more than twenty percent of the annual gross revenues of a community school shall provide a detailed accounting including the nature and costs of goods and services it provides to the community school. This information shall be reported using the categories and designations set forth in divisions (B) and (C) of this section, as applicable."

Ohio Revised Code Section 3314.024(C) states, "The expenses set forth in division (B) of this section shall be disaggregated according to the following designations, as applicable:

- 1. Regular instruction;
- 2. Special instruction;
- 3. Vocational instruction;
- 4. Other instruction;
- 5. Support services;
- 6. Noninstructional activities."

In order to meet these requirements, management companies may elect to have the Auditor of State (or contracting IPAs) audit this information at the management company or may provide independently audited financial statements and a statement showing the direct and allocated indirect (e.g., overhead) expenses for each school it manages. The companies should present this statement in a combining or consolidating format (i.e., present a column for each school). If a management company does not have audited financial statements or the audited financial statements do not present combining or consolidating columns for each of its schools, or if the management company's auditor does not provide opinion-level assurance on the combining or consolidating columns presenting each school, the Auditor of State will accept an agreed upon procedures (AUP) report per AICPA Clarified Attestation Standards Section 215.

Cause/Effect

Cincinnati Charter School Collaborative, the School's management company, received more than 20 percent of the School's annual gross revenue for fiscal year 2023. Due to deficiencies in the School's internal controls over compliance, the School's management company did not provide audited financial statements, presenting combining or consolidating columns for each of its schools, or an agreed-upon procedures (AUP) report. Additionally, a management company note was not presented in the financial statements in accordance with Section (C) above. Without this information, the School cannot gain the necessary assurances regarding the details of the management company expenses related to monies paid to the management company by the School as reported in the notes to the basic financial statements.

Recommendation

We recommend that the School obtain the necessary audit or AUP report.

Management's Response

The School will request that the management company provide audited financial statements, presenting combined or consolidating columns for each of its schools, or an agreed-upon procedures report, to meet the reporting requirements in future periods.

DAMPE COMMUNITY SCHOOL HAMILTON COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

The prior audit report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, included a significant deficiency and a non-compliance finding.

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Status	Additional Information
2022-001	Significant Deficiency - Financial Reporting	Not Corrected	Repeated as
			Finding 2023-001
2022-002	Non-Compliance - Accounting for	Not Corrected	Repeated as
	Management Company Expenses		Finding 2023-002

Management letter recommendations have been corrected, repeated, or procedures instituted to prevent occurrences in this audit period.



DAMPE COMMUNITY SCHOOL

HAMILTON COUNTY

AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 10/15/2024

65 East State Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370