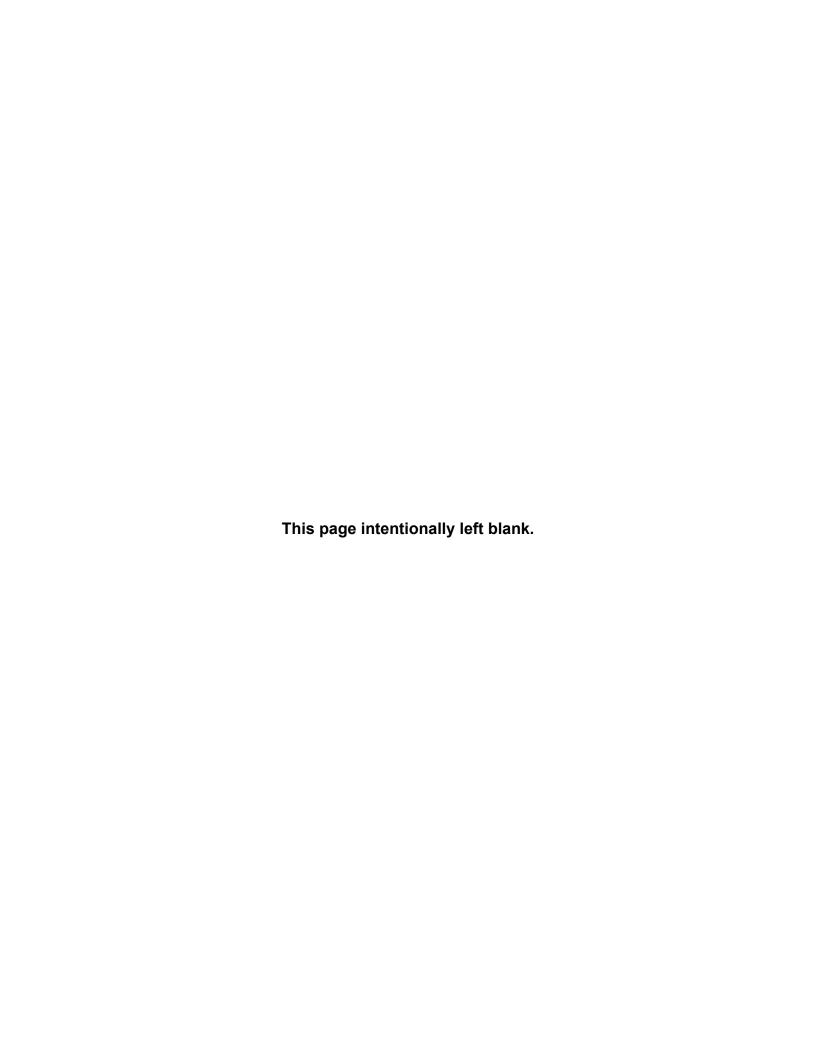




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Attachment: Annual Comprehensive Financial Report



	Assistance			
FEDERAL GRANTOR	Listing	Pass-Through	Passed-Through	Total
Pass Through Grantor	Number	Entity Identifying	Through to	Federal
Program / Cluster Title	(ALN)	Number	Subrecipients	Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT				
CDBG - Entitlement Grants Cluster:				
Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants (Direct)				
Entitlement Grant	14.218	B-19-UC-39-0006	\$ 87,647	\$ 87,647
Entitlement Grant		B-20-UC-39-0006	306,813	306,813
Entitlement Grant		B-21-UC-39-0006	828,516	828,516
Entitlement Grant		B-22-UC-39-0006	374,339	374,339
Entitlement Grant		B-23-UC-39-0006		202,336
Total CDBG - Entitlement Grants Cluster			1,597,315	1,799,651
HOME Investment Partnerships Program (Direct)				
Entitlement Grant	14.239	M-15-UC-39-0217	68,000	68,000
Entitlement Grant	14.239	M-17-UC-39-0217	68,978	68,978
Entitlement Grant	14.239	M-18-UC-39-0217	66,056	66,056
Entitlement Grant	14.239	M-19-UC-39-0217	185	185
Entitlement Grant	14.239	M-20-UC-39-0217	66,236	66,236
Entitlement Grant	14.239	M-21-UC-39-0217	30,545	30,545
Total ALN 14.239			300,000	300,000
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT			1,897,315	2,099,651
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE				
(Passed through Ohio Attorney General's Office)				
OJP FY20 Human Trafficking Task Force	16.320	2020-VT-BX-K013		189,462
· ·				•
(Passed through Ohio Attorney General's Office)				
Crime Victim Assistance - Guardian Ad Litem Program	16.575	2024-VOCA		18,958
Crime Victim Assistance - Guardian Ad Litem Program		2023-VOCA		69,476
Crime Victim Assistance - Guardian Ad Litem Program		2024-SVAA		221
Crime Victim Assistance - Guardian Ad Litem Program		2023-SVAA		2,665
Crime Victim Assistance - Prosecutor's Office - Adult		2024-VOCA		65,840
Crime Victim Assistance - Prosecutor's Office - Adult		2023-VOCA		204,187
Crime Victim Assistance - Prosecutor's Office - Adult		2016-VOCA		519
Total ALN 16.575				361,866
Drug Court Discretionary Grant Program (Direct)				
CPCT Adult Drug Court Enhancement	16.585	2019-DC-BX-0013		133,274
(Passed through Ohio Office of Criminal Justice Services)	10.500	0000 14/5 1/4 5 0505		07.705
Violence Against Women Formula Grants	16.588	2022-WF-VA5-8505		27,765
Grants to Encourage Arrest Policies and Enforcement				
of Protection Orders Program (Direct)				
Domestic Violence Grant	16.590	15JOVW-22-GG-01832-ICJR		164,164
(Passed through Ohio Office of Criminal Justice Services)				
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738	2022-JG-A01-6401		82,840
(Passed through City of Akron)				
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program - Local Soliciation	16.738	15PBJA-21-GG-01729-JAGX		20,089
Edward Byrno Momonar dublico Abbiotarios Grant Program Eduar Conductor	10.700	101 2011 21 00 011 20 01 01		20,000
Total ALN 16.738				102,929
(Passed through Ohio Office of Criminal Justice Services)				
Paul Coverdell Forensic Sciences Improvement Grant Program	16.742	2022-PC-NFS-7814		31,087
Paul Coverdell Forensic Sciences Improvement Grant Program	-	2021-PC-NFS-7814		5,187
Total ALN 16.742		-		36,274
Equitable Sharing Program (Direct)	16 000	NCIC-OH-0770000		220.000
Equitable Sharing Agreement and Certification (ESAC)	16.922	NCIC-OH-07/0000		338,086
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE				1,353,820

	Assistance			
FEDERAL GRANTOR	Listing	Pass-Through	Passed-Through	Total
Pass Through Grantor	Number	Entity Identifying	Through to	Federal
Program / Cluster Title	(ALN)	Number	Subrecipients	Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION				
(Passed through Ohio Department of Transportation)				
Highway Planning and Construction:	20.205			
SUM CVNP Ped Bridge and Trail		107797		1,423,352
SUM Valley View Rd/Olde Eight Rd		108141		340,851
SUM White Pond Drive		108200		690,000
SUM Akron-Cleveland Part 1		108453		700,000
SUM Olde Eight Resurfacing SUM CR 0017 10.68 Part 1		108454		805,000 1,003,196
SUM Cleve Mass Sidewalk		108467 112788		53,491
SUM CR 137 00.02 (Pressler Rd)		113152		634,984
SUM CR 0155 00.00 (Swartz Rd)		113176		500,000
SUM CR 0239 01.04 (Christman Rd)		113945		903,007
SUM CR 0537 00.19 Springside Dr		116457		36,780
STW 2022 CEAO Safety Studies		117252		43,092
SUM CR 0050 00.88 (S Main St)		117468		508,291
				7,642,044
(Passed through Ohio Department of Public Safety)				
Impaired Driving Enforcement Program (IDEP)	20.608			
IDEP 2024	20.000	IDEP 2024 O-00071		489
IDEP 2023		IDEP 2023 O-00096		4,804
Total ALN 20.608		.52. 2020 0 00000		5,293
Highway Safety Cluster:				
State and Community Highway Satety:	00.000			
Selective Traffic Enforcement Program (STEP)	20.600	STEP 2024 O-00071		2,750
STEP 2024 STEP 2023		STEP 2023 O-00096		28,082
Safe Communities FFY 2024		69A37523300004020OH0		15,600
Safe Communities FFY 2023		69A37522300004020OH0		55,847
Total ALN 20.600		00/10/0220000040200110		102,279
N. C. I. D. C. C. C.				
National Priority Satety Programs:	20.616	604375333000040300110		10.540
OVI Task Force FFY 2024 OVI Task Force FFY 2023	20.616	69A375223000040200HO		18,549 68,373
Total ALN 20.616		69A3752130000405DOHL		86,922
TOTAL PLEN 20.010				00,322
Total Highway Safety Cluster				189,201
(Passed through Ohio Emergency Management Agency)				
Hazardous Materials Emergency Preparedness (HMEP)	20.703	693JK32240034HMEP		44,040
Total ALN 20.703				44,040
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION				7,880,578
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE				
(Passed through Ohio Department of Education)				
Child Nutrition Cluster:		251/22/22		
School Breakfast Program	10.553	SFY 22-23		14,738
School Breakfast Program		SFY 23-24		13,650
Total ALN 10.553				28,388
National School Lunch Program	10.555	SFY 22-23		30,144
National School Lunch Program		SFY 23-24		26,555
Total ALN 10.555				56,699
Total Child Nutrition Cluster				85,087
Total Stille Hadrion Station				00,001
(Passed through Ohio Department of Job and Family Services)				
Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) Cluster:				
Food Assistance E&T	10.561	G-2223-11-6992		51,958
Food Assistance E&T		G-2425-11-6200		84,205
Food Assistance Operating		G-2223-11-6992 G-2223-11-6992		141,747
Food Assistance Food Assistance		G-2223-11-6992 G-2425-11-6200		3,009,646
Covid-19 SNAP American Rescue Plan Act		G-2425-11-6200 G-2223-11-6992		1,189,711 153,764
Total SNAP Cluster		G-2223-11-0992		4,631,031
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TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE				4,716,118

	Assistance			
FEDERAL GRANTOR	Listing	Pass-Through	Passed-Through	Total
Pass Through Grantor	Number	Entity Identifying	Through to	Federal
Program / Cluster Title	(ALN)	Number	Subrecipients	Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY				
(Passed Through Ohio Development Services Agency)				
Weatherization Assistance for Low-Income Persons	81.042	FY21-22 DOE		339,823
Weatherization Assistance for Low-Income Persons		FY22-23 DOE		292,685
Weatherization Assistance for Low-Income Persons		21-HE-130 - 2021		3,200
Weatherization Assistance for Low-Income Persons Weatherization Assistance for Low-Income Persons		21-HE-130 - 2022 22-HE-130 - 2022		345,595 22,453
Weatherization Assistance for Low-Income Persons		22-HE-130 - 2023		307,407
Weatherization Assistance for Low-Income Persons		23-HE-130 - 2023		167,233
Weatherization Assistance for Low-Income Persons		PY23 WRF		5,800
Weatherization Assistance for Low-Income Persons		PY24 WRF		7,654
Total ALN 81.042				1,491,850
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY				1,491,850
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES				
Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services (Direct)				
Valor Court Expansion and Enhancement Project	93.243	1H79TI081164-02		255,927
Total Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services (Direct)				255,927
(Passed through Ohio Department of Mental Health and Addiction Services)				
Projects for Assistance in Transition from Homelessness (PATH)				
PATH - Homelessness	93.150	2200237	7,083	7,083
PATH - Homelessness		2300415	85,023	85,023
PATH - Homelessness		2400413	57,624	57,624
PATH - Homelessness		2400414	3,762	3,762
Total ALN 93.150			153,492	153,492
(Passed through Ohio Department of Job and Family Services)				
Title IV-E Prevention Program:				
Title IV-E Prevention Services	93.472	G-2223-11-6992		11,795
Ohio Start		G-2223-11-6992		33,489
Total ALN 93.472				45,284
Promoting Safe and Stable Families:				
ESAA Reunification	93.556	G-2223-11-6992		816,612
ESAA Reunification		G-2425-11-6200		224,365
Total ALN 93.556				1,040,977
(Passad through Ohio Danartment of Joh and Family Consissa)				
(Passed through Ohio Department of Job and Family Services) Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF)				
CCMEP TANF Administration - CDJFS Lead	93.558	G-2223-11-6992	75,434	165,195
CCMEP TANF Administration - CDJFS Lead	00.000	G-2425-11-6200	22,575	22,987
CCMEP TANF Regular - CDJFS Lead		G-2223-11-6992	972,985	2,885,733
CCMEP TANF Regular - CDJFS Lead		G-2425-11-6200	421,418	532,752
Fraud Awareness		G-2223-11-6992		2,000
Kinship Caregiver		G-2223-11-6992	259,386	301,745
Benefit Bridge TANF Admin		G-2223-11-6992	57,427	334,838
Benefit Bridge TANF Reg		G-2223-11-6992	1,508,769	2,279,645
TANE Form/Callagtions		G-2223-11-6992	218,562	3,783,925
TANF Earn/Collections TANF Performance Incentives		G-2223-11-6992 G-2223-11-6992	7,397	9,579 196,311
TANF Regular		G-2223-11-6992	3,994,621	4,066,019
TANF Summer Youth		G-2223-11-6992	108,497	202,776
Total ALN 93.558			7,647,071	14,783,505
(Passad through Ohia Danader-at of lab and Family Co.				
(Passed through Ohio Department of Job and Family Services) Child Support Enforcement				
Federal Child Support	93.563	G-2223-11-6992		2,163,667
Federal Child Support	95.505	G-2425-11-6200		2,817,934
County Incentives		G-2223-11-6992		733,603
County Incentives		G-2425-11-6200		525,152
Child Support Training		G-2223-11-6992		5,050
County Support Awareness		G-2223-11-6992		1,000
Total ALN 93.563				6,246,406
(Passed through Ohio Department of Job and Family Services)				
Refugee and Entrant Assistance - State Administered Programs:				
Refugee and Entrant Assistance	93.566	G-2223-11-6992		3,179
Refugee and Entrant Assistance		G-2425-11-6200		6,506
Total ALN 93.566				9,685
(Passed through Ohio Denortment of Development)				
(Passed through Ohio Department of Development) Low Income Home Energy Assistance	93.568	HHS 2022		419,600
Low Income Home Energy Assistance	22.000	HHS 2023		323,514
Total ALN 93.568				743,114

FEDERAL GRANTOR Pass Through Grantor Program / Cluster Title	Assistance Listing Number (ALN)	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Passed-Through Through to Subrecipients	Total Federal Expenditures
(Passed through Ohio Department of Job and Family Services) Child Care and Development Fund Block Grant Cluster: Child Care Administration Child Care Non-Admin Child Care Non-Admin Total Child Care and Development Fund Block Grant Cluster	93.575	G-2223-11-6992 G-2223-11-6992 G-2425-11-6200		3,179 520,890 566,248 1,090,317
(Passed through The Supreme Court of Ohio) State Court Improvement Program Child Care Non-Admin - 2022 Child Care Non-Admin - 2023 Total ALN 93.586	93.586	21010HSCIC 21010HSCIC		116,294 32,921 149,215
(Passed through Ohio Department of Job and Family Services) Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program Title IV-B Title IV-B Administration Regional Training Center Regional Training Center Total ALN 93.645	93.645	G-2223-11-6992 G-2223-11-6992 G-2223-06-0109 G-2425-06-0056		180,499 18,050 30,186 42,649 271,384
(Passed through Ohio Department of Job and Family Services) Foster Care-Title IV-E Title IV-E Contract Services Title IV-E Contract Services Title IV-E Contract Services 75/25 Title IV-E Contract Services 75/25 Title IV-E Admin and Training 75/25 Title IV-E Admin and Training 75/25 Title IV-E Admin and Training Title IV-E Admin and Training Title IV-E Admin and Training Title IV-E Foster Care Services Regional Training Center Regional Training Center Total ALN 93.658	93.658	G-2223-11-6992 G-2425-11-6200 G-2223-11-6992 G-2425-11-6200 G-2223-11-6992 G-2425-11-6200 G-2223-11-6992 G-2425-11-6200 CY2023 G-2223-06-0109 G-2425-06-0056		16,770 25,785 2,857 316 63,530 17,541 1,896,989 422,408 7,552,054 149,042 107,512
(Passed through Ohio Department of Job and Family Services) Adoption Assistance Title IV-E Contract Services Title IV-E Contract Services Title IV-E Contract Services 75/25 Title IV-E Contract Services 75/25 Title IV-E Admin and Training Title IV-E Admin and Training Regional Training Center Regional Training Center Total ALN 93.659	93.659	G-2223-11-6992 G-2425-11-6200 G-2223-11-6992 G-2425-11-6200 G-2223-11-6992 G-2425-11-6200 G-2223-06-0109 G-2425-06-0056		42,722 62,551 136,087 42,552 4,746,890 1,052,602 24,792 37,202 6,145,398
(Passed through Ohio Department of Job and Family Services) Social Services Block Grant Title XX Base Title XX Base Title XX Transfer Title XX Transfer Regional Training Center Regional Training Center Total Social Services Block Grant	93.667	G-2223-11-6992 G-2425-11-6200 G-2223-11-6992 G-2425-11-6200 G-2223-06-0109 G-2425-06-0056	157,374 59,717 1,438,704 257,022	1,127,053 243,192 3,087,993 257,022 160 720 4,716,140
(Passed through Ohio Department of Developmental Disabilities) Social Services Block Grant - Title XX	93.667	2301OHSOSR		352,695
(Passed through Ohio Department of Mental Health and Addiction Services) Social Services Block Grant Social Services Block Grant - Title XX Social Services Block Grant - Title XX Total Social Services Block Grant Total ALN 93.667	93.667	TITLE XX FY23 TITLE XX FY24	194,560 180,967 375,527 2,288,344	194,560 180,967 375,527 5,444,362
(Passed through Ohio Department of Job and Family Services) Chafee Foster Care Independence Program Chafee Foster Care Independence Program Total ALN 93.674	93.674	G-2223-11-6992 G-2425-11-6200		453,161 126,672 579,833

FEDERAL GRANTOR Pass Through Grantor Program / Cluster Title	Assistance Listing Number (ALN)	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Passed-Through Through to Subrecipients	Total Federal Expenditures
(Passed through Ohio Department of Job and Family Services) Covid-19 Stimulus APS Covid-19 Stimulus APS Program - ARP Total ALN 93.747	93.747	G-2223-11-6992 G-2223-11-6992		37,082 1,890 38,972
(Passed through Ohio Department of Job and Family Services) State Children Health Inc Program Covid-19 State Children Health Inc Program State Children Health Inc Program Covid-19 State Children Health Inc Program Total ALN 93.767	93.767	G-2223-11-6992 G-2223-11-6992 G-2425-11-6200 G-2425-11-6200		499,834 21,190 152,969 2,141 676,134
(Passed through Ohio Department of Job and Family Services) Medical Assistance Program Medicaid 50% Medicaid 50% Medicaid 75% Medicaid 75% Medicaid Combined Medicaid Combined Medicaid Healthcheck Pass Through Medicaid Healthcheck Pass Through Medicaid Healthcheck Pass Through Medicaid NET Medicaid NET Medicaid NIET Medicaid Child Welfare Related Medicaid Child Welfare Related Medicaid Child Welfare Related Regional Training Center Regional Training Center Total Medicaid Cluster (Passed through Ohio Department of Mental Health and Addiction Services)	93.778	G-2223-11-6992 G-2425-11-6200 G-2223-11-6992 G-2425-11-6200 G-2223-11-6992 G-2425-11-6200 G-2223-11-6992 G-2425-11-6200 G-2223-11-6992 G-2425-11-6200 G-2223-11-6902 G-2425-11-6200 G-2223-10-6992 G-2425-11-6200 G-2223-10-6992 G-2425-11-6200 G-2223-10-6992	13,444 12,811 26,255 26,255	313,269 124,625 5,567,119 1,582,994 788,305 374,022 13,444 12,811 1,735,658 827,518 128,173 25,813 960 481 11,495,192
State Opiate Response - 2.0 Local Projects State Opiate Response - 3.0 Local Projects State Opiate Response - 3.0 Local Projects State Opiate Response - 3.0 Local Projects Total ALN 93.788	93.788	2300749 2300576 2400606	238,344 445,635 125,688 809,667	238,344 445,635 125,688 809,667
(Passed through Ohio Department of Mental Health & Addiction Services) Block Grants for Community Mental Health Services Block Grant Base Block Grant Base CCOE Jail Diversion CCOE Jail Diversion MHBG Competency Restoration Total ALN 93.958	93.958	FY2023 FY2024 FY2023 FY2024 FY2024	177,001 44,087 221,088	231,205 182,986 177,001 44,087 4,269 639,548
(Passed through Ohio Department of Mental Health & Addiction Services) Block Grants for Prevention and Treatment of Substance Abuse Federal Block Grant - Per Capita (Treatment) Federal Block Grant - Per Capita (Treatment) Federal Block Grant - Per Capita (Prevention) Federal Block Grant - Per Capita (Prevention) Federal Block Grant - Comm Invest (Infrastructure) Circle for Recovery Circle for Recovery Community Health Center - Intensive Outpatient Community Health Center - Intensive Outpatient Interval Brotherhood Homes Interval Brotherhood Homes Total ALN 93.959 TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES	93.959	SFY2023 SFY2024 SFY2023 SFY2024 SFY2022 2300070 2400274 2300135 2400234 2300132 2400232	1,222,101 766,201 265,102 264,730 13,101 37,677 50,000 460,108 183,042 56,682 18,894 3,337,638	1,222,101 766,201 265,102 264,730 13,101 37,677 50,000 460,108 183,042 56,682 18,894 3,337,638

FEDERAL GRANTOR Pass Through Grantor Program / Cluster Title	Assistance Listing Number (ALN)	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Passed-Through Through to Subrecipients	Total Federal Expenditures
SOCIAL SECURITY ADMINISTRATION Social Security - Survivors Insurance (Direct)	96.004	N/A		129,637
Disability Insurance/SSI Cluster Supplemental Security Income (Direct)	96.006	N/A		126,886
TOTAL SOCIAL SECURITY ADMINISTRATION				256,523
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY				<u> </u>
(Passed through Ohio Emergency Management Agency) Hazard Mitigation Grant FY22	97.039	FEMA-DR-4507-OH		9,751
(Passed through Ohio Emergency Management Agency)				
Emergency Management Performance Grants				
Emergency Management Performance Grants FY21 Covid-19 Emergency Management Performance Grants FY21	97.042	EMC-2021-EP-00002 EMC-2021-EP-00007		20,894 73,650
Emergency Management Performance Grants FY22		EMC-2022-EP-00007		164,674
Total ALN 97.042				259,218
(Passed through Ohio Department of Public Safety)				
Homeland Security Grant Program State Homeland Security Grant FY20	97.067	EMW-2020-SS-00037-S01		15,185
State Homeland Security Grant FY20 State Homeland Security Grant FY21	97.007	EMW-2021-SS-00004-S01		388,163
State Homeland Security Grant FY22		EMW-2022-SS-00058-S01		22,546
SHSP - Law Enforcement FY20		EMW-2020-SS-00037-S01		205,579
SHSP - Law Enforcement FY21 Total ALN 97.067		EMW-2021-SS-00004-S01		105,620 737,093
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY				1,006,062
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY				
Covid-19 Emergency Rental Assistance (Direct)				
Emergency Rental Assistance Total ALN 21.023	21.023		698,696 698,696	841,968 841,968
(Passed through Ohio Department of Mental Health and Addiction Services) Covid-19 Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds - Hospital Access	21.027	G-2223-11-6992		50,400
(Passed through Ohio Department of Job and Family Services) Covid-19 Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds - Medicaid Unwinding Covid-19 Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds - Medicaid Unwinding	21.027	G-2223-11-6992 G-2425-11-6200		835,003 556,863
(Passed through Ohio Office of Criminal Justice Services) Covid-19 Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds - Human Trafficking OT Covid-19 Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds - Drug Unit OT Covid-19 Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds - Staffing Retention	21.027	2022-AR-LEP-1051 2022-AR-LEP-1036 2022-AR-LEP-1022		18,181 45,609 1,886,087
Covid-19 Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds (Direct) Total ALN 21.027	21.027		8,702 8,702	79,521,685 82,913,828
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY			707,398	83,755,796
U.S. ELECTION ASSISTANCE COMMISSION				
(Passed Through Ohio Secretary of State)				
Election Security Grant Program Security and Voter Accesibility Block Grant	90.404	2020 HAVA		898
TOTAL U.S. ELECTION ASSISTANCE COMMISSION				898
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION				
(Passed through Ohio Department of Developmental Disabilities) Special Education - Grants for Infants and Families (Early Intervention Part C) Covid-19 Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA)/ARP Total ALN 84.181	84.181 84.181X	H181A200024 H181X210024		693,509 275,698 969,207
(Passed through Ohio Department of Developmental Disabilities) Covid-19 Education Stabilization Fund	84.425U	S425U210035		35,145
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION				1,004,352
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$ 17,088,268	\$ 167,776,502
The accompanying notes are an intergral part of this schedule.				

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS 2 CFR 200.510(b)(6) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

NOTE A - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of Summit County (the County) under programs of the federal government for the year ended December 31, 2023. The information on this Schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the County, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the County.

NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be allowable or may be limited as to reimbursement.

NOTE C - INDIRECT COST RATE

The County has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE D - SUBRECIPIENTS

The County passes certain federal awards received from U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, the U.S. Department of Labor, and the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services to other governments or not-for-profit agencies (subrecipients). As Note B describes, the County reports expenditures of Federal awards to subrecipients when paid in cash. As a subrecipient, the County has certain compliance responsibilities, such as monitoring its subrecipients to help assure they use these subawards as authorized by laws, regulations, and the provisions of contracts or grant agreements, and that subrecipients achieve the award's performance goals.

NOTE E - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

The County commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the County assumes it expends federal monies first.

NOTE F - MATCHING REQUIREMENTS

Certain Federal programs require the County to contribute non-Federal funds (matching funds) to support the Federally-funded programs. The County has met its matching requirements. The Schedule does not include the expenditure of non-Federal matching funds.

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS 2 CFR 200.510(b)(6) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

NOTE G - TRANSFERS BETWEEN FEDERAL PROGRAMS

During 2023, the County made allowable transfers of \$3,345,015 from the Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) (93.558) program to the Social Services Block Grant (SSBG) (93.667) program. The Schedule shows the County spent \$14,783,505 on the TANF program. The amount reported for the TANF program on the Schedule excludes the amount transferred to the SSBG program. The amount transferred to the SSBG program is included as SSBG expenditures when disbursed. The following table shows the gross amount drawn for the TANF program during 2023 and the amount transferred to the Social Services Block Grant program.

Total Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	\$ 14,783,505
Transfer to Social Services Block Grant	 (3,345,015)
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	\$ 18,128,520



65 East State Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 ContactUs@ohioauditor.gov 800-282-0370

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Summit County 175 S. Main Street Akron, Ohio 44308

To the County Council:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate discretely presented component units and remaining fund information of the Summit County, (the County) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 17, 2024.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the County's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We identified a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings as item 2023-001 that we consider to be a material weakness.

Summit County
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over
Financial Reporting and On Compliance and Other Matters
Required by Government Auditing Standards
Page 2

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

County's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the County's response to the finding identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and / or corrective action plan. The County's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

September 17, 2024



65 East State Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 ContactUs@ohioauditor.gov 800-282-0370

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE AND ON THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Summit County 175 S. Main Street Akron, Ohio 44308

To the County Council:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Summit County's, (County) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Summit County's major federal programs for the year ended FYE Date. Summit County's major federal programs are identified in the *Summary of Auditor's Results* section of the accompanying schedule of findings.

In our opinion, Summit County complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the County and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Efficient • Effective • Transparent

Summit County
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements
Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance
and on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance
Page 2

Other Matter – Federal Expenditures Not Included in the Compliance Audit

The County's basic financial statements include the operations of Summit and Medina Workforce Area Regional Council of Governments, which expended \$5,224,021 in federal awards which is not included in the County's Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards during the year ended December 31, 2023. Our compliance audit, described in the "Opinion on Each Major Federal Program," does not include the operations of Summit and Medina Workforce Area regional Council of Governments because the component unit has a separate audit of compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

The County's Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the County's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the County's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the County's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design
 and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a
 test basis, evidence regarding the County's compliance with the compliance requirements referred
 to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of the County's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in
 order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report
 on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the
 purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over
 compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a

Summit County
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements
Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance
and on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance
Page 3

federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance* section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of this testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate discretely-presented component units and remaining fund information of Summit County, (County) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. We issued our unmodified report thereon dated September 17, 2024. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Uniform Guidance and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records management used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected this schedule to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling this schedule directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

September 17, 2024

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Summit County

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS 2 CFR § 200.515 DECEMBER 31, 2023

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	Yes
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR § 200.516(a)?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Highway Planning and Construction Child Support Enforcement Foster Care – Title IV-E Adoption Assistance – Title IV-E Block Grants For Prevention and Treatment of Substance Abuse State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 3,000,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee under 2 CFR § 200.520?	No

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

Financial Statement Errors

FINDING NUMBER - 2023-001

Material Weakness

In our audit engagement letter, as required by AU-C Section 210, Terms of Engagement, paragraph .06, management acknowledged its responsibility for the preparation and fair presentation of their financial statements; this responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error as discussed in AU-C Section 210 paragraphs .A14 & .A16.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Cod. 1100 paragraph .101 states a governmental accounting system must make it possible both: (a) to present fairly and with full disclosure the funds and activities of the governmental unit in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, and (b) to determine and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions.

Errors that have been corrected on the financial statements are as follows:

- Accounts Receivable and charges for services revenue were both understated by \$6,300,031 in the Major Sewer Fund and Business Type Activities.
- Intergovernmental receipts totaling \$2,745,100 in the Major Developmental Disabilities fund were
 incorrectly recorded as other revenue rather than intergovernmental revenue. As a result,
 intergovernmental receipts totaling \$2,745,100 for Governmental Activities were incorrectly
 recorded as miscellaneous general revenues rather than operating grants and contributions.
- Accrued wages payable totaling \$744,229 was incorrectly reported in RFI rather than the Major Jobs and Family Services Fund.

Errors that have not been corrected on the financial statements are as follows:

- Due From Other Governments was understated in the Major General Fund and Governmental Activities in the amount of \$1,813,413.
- The Major General Fund assigned fund balance only included encumbrances at December 31,2023 less encumbrances included in accounts payable, due to other governments, and due to other funds for fund 1001 instead of for all funds that roll up into the Major General Fund resulting in assigned fund balance being understated by \$725,211 and unassigned fund balance being overstated by \$725,211.
- Election charges totaling \$578,952 in the General Fund were incorrectly recorded as other revenue rather than a reduction of expenditure.
- Due to Other Governments was overstated in the Major Alcohol, Drug Addiction and Mental Health fund in the amount of \$103,992.

To help ensure the County's financial statements are complete and accurate, the County should adopt policies and procedures to identify and correct errors and omissions. In addition, the County should review the financial statements and notes prior to submission for audit.

Official's Response: See the corrective action plan

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None



KRISTEN M. SCALISE CPA, CFE

Fiscal Officer

County of Summit

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN 2 CFR § 200.511(c) DECEMBER 31, 2023

Finding Number: 2023-001

Planned Corrective Action: The Major Sewer Fund accounts receivable report has been updated

to provide more accurate amounts for reporting and will also be reviewed by Fiscal Office staff. Other revenue in The Major

Developmental Disabilities Fund will be more thoroughly reviewed to identify any monies that should be classified as Intergovernmental Revenue. An incorrect formula in the accrued wages payable calculation file has been corrected. The methods of calculating and

reporting immaterial items in Due From Other Governments, assigned fund balance, election charges and Due to Other

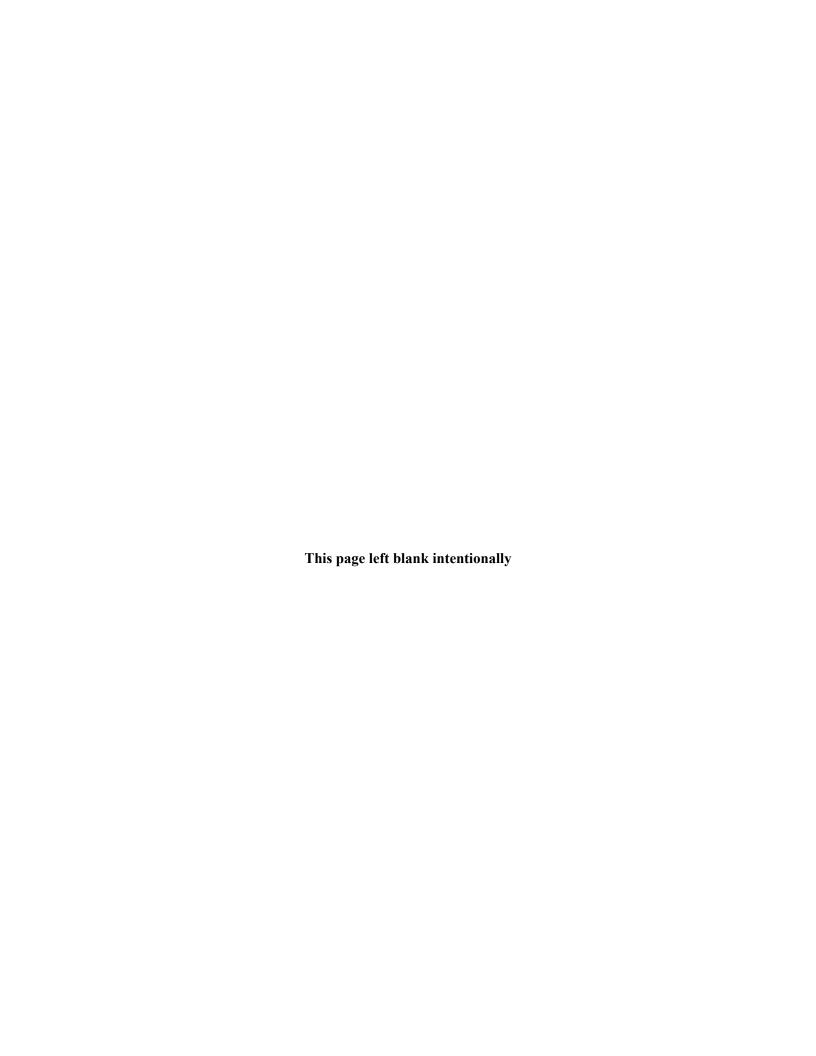
Governments have been corrected accordingly.

Anticipated Completion Date: 12/31/2024

Responsible Contact Person: Christina M. Balliet, Chief Deputy Fiscal Officer

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COUNTY OF SUMMIT, OHIO

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Kristen M. Scalise CPA, CFE COUNTY OF SUMMIT FISCAL OFFICER

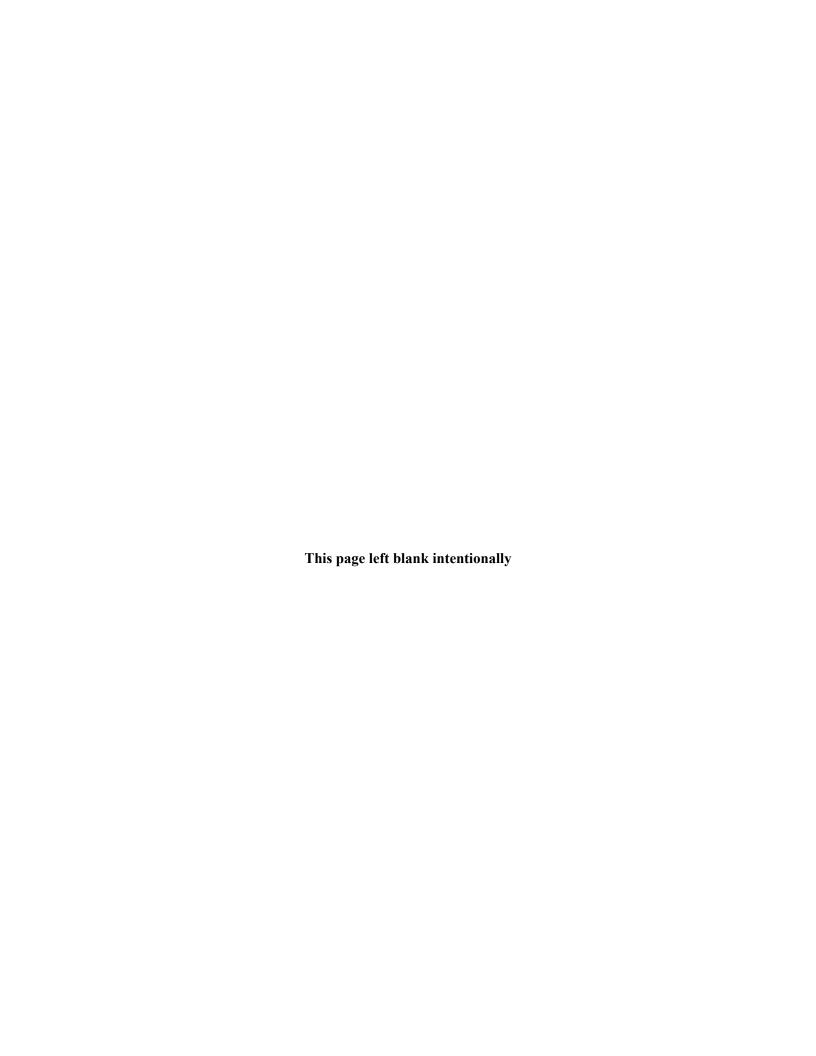
Prepared by the County of Summit Fiscal Office

Chief Deputy Fiscal Officer
Christina M. Balliet

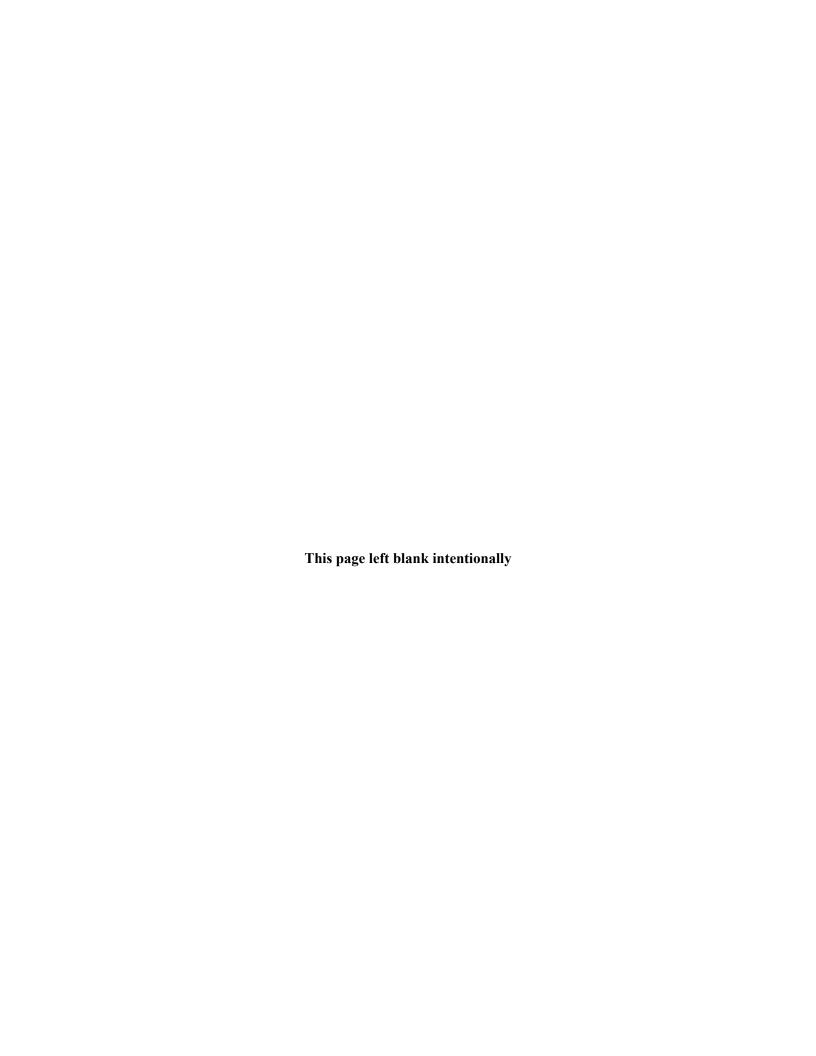
Assistant Fiscal Officer
Tom A. Borcoman

Deputy Fiscal Officer **Dawn M. Yurick, JD, CPA**

Support Services Administrator Olivia M. Perrin, CPA







COUNTY OF SUMMIT, OHIO

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT (ACFR) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

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Acknowledgments

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KRISTEN M. SCALISE CPA, CFE

Fiscal Officer County of Summit

September 17, 2024

To the Honorable County of Summit Executive, Council Members, and Citizens of the County of Summit:

As Fiscal Officer of the County of Summit, Ohio, (the County), I am pleased to present the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023. This ACFR conforms to the generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applicable to local government entities set forth by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The report has been filed with the Auditor of State pursuant to Ohio Revised Code (ORC) Section 117.38. Responsibility for the accuracy of the data presented and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including disclosures, rests with the County's management, and in particular the Fiscal Office of the County. We believe the data is accurate in all material respects and fairly reflects the County's financial position and the results of its operations. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the County's financial activities have been included.

To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the County has established a comprehensive internal control framework. Internal controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance regarding the safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and the reliability and accuracy of the financial records for preparing financial statements and maintaining accountability for assets. The concept of reasonable assurance is based on the assumption that the cost of controls should not outweigh their benefits. The accounting system encompasses appropriations, encumbrances, expenditures, revenues, payroll and capital assets and ensures the financial information generated is accurate, reliable and free of material misstatement.

In County government, internal controls are enhanced through the separation of powers. Each of the County's elected officials and agency directors is responsible for internal controls over the cash collection function within their office. Some County offices and agencies hold money in bank accounts outside the County treasury. The individual offices and agencies are responsible for the transaction activity and reconciliation of those accounts.

An independent audit involves examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. Included in this ACFR is the unmodified ("clean") opinion on the County's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2023 issued by the independent auditors, the Auditor of the State of Ohio. U.S. Office of Management and Budget Compliance Supplement requires an independent audit to be conducted annually. The audit, which includes procedures to fulfill federal Single Audit requirements, serves to maintain and strengthen the integrity of the County's accounting and budgetary controls. The Single Audit, which meets the Compliance Supplement requirements, is published under separate cover and can be obtained by sending a written request to the County of Summit Fiscal Office, 175 South Main Street, Room 400, Akron, Ohio, 44308.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements. This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The MD&A begins on page 5, immediately following the Independent Auditor's Report.

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Fax: 330.643.2622

RECORDING DIVISION 175 S. Main Street Akron, Ohio 44308

Phone: 330.643.2720

1030 E. Tallmadge Ave.

Akron, Ohio 44310 Phone: 330.643.7226 Fax: 330.643.7240

SERVICE DIVISION

TREASURER DIVISION 175 S. Main Street

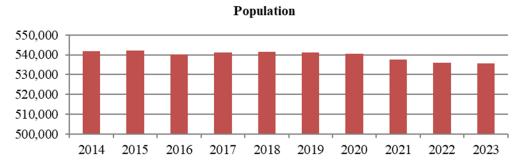
Akron, Ohio 44308 Phone: 330.643.2588 Fax: 330.643.7760



Profile of Summit County Government

Formed in 1840, the County of Summit is located in northeastern Ohio, approximately 25 miles south of Cleveland, and covers an area of 419 square miles. As of the 2020 census, the County was the fourth most populous of the 88 counties in Ohio with a population of 540,428. The County seat is the City of Akron, which is the largest municipality in the County with a 2020 population of 190,416. In addition to the City of Akron, there are 21 other cities and villages and 9 townships located within the County.

The County is in the Akron Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA) comprised of Summit and Portage Counties with a population of 702,219 according to the 2020 census. It is also in the Cleveland-Akron-Canton Combined Statistical Area (CSA) with a population of 3,633,962 according to the 2020 census, making it the 17th most populous CSA of 172 in the country.



In 1979, the voters of the County adopted a Charter establishing the first charter form of county government in the State of Ohio (State). The Charter became effective January 1, 1981. It replaced the statutory form of county government. The Charter currently provides for a County Executive and an eleven-member County Council, comprised of three members elected at large and eight members representing districts.

In addition to the County Executive and the Council, there are five elected administrative officials of the County, each of whom has independent authority within the limits of the State statutes affecting the particular office. These officials, elected to four-year terms, are the Fiscal Officer, Clerk of Courts, Engineer, Sheriff, and Prosecuting Attorney. Common Pleas Judges, including Domestic Relations, Juvenile and Probate Courts, are also elected on a county-wide basis and serve six-year terms.

The eleven-member County Council (Council) serves as the taxing authority, the contracting body and the chief administrator of public services. Council adopts and oversees the annual operating budget, approves expenditures and issues debt.

The Fiscal Officer is the County's chief fiscal officer and is responsible for maintaining accurate records of all money received by or paid out of the County treasury. As the tax assessor for all political subdivisions within the County, the Fiscal Officer is responsible for computing the tax rates and the collection of all real estate taxes and manufactured homes taxes as determined by proper tax authorities and popular vote. As the County's banker, the Fiscal Officer serves as the custodian and investment officer for County funds.

The financial statements contained within this ACFR include all funds, agencies, boards and commissions that are not legally separate and for which the County of Summit (the primary government and reporting entity) is financially accountable. The County provides many services to its citizens including tax collection and distribution, civil and criminal justice systems, public safety, health assistance, human services and road and bridge maintenance. The County also operates a sewer treatment system and other miscellaneous County services. The County does not operate schools or hospitals, nor is it responsible for refuse collection or fire safety services.

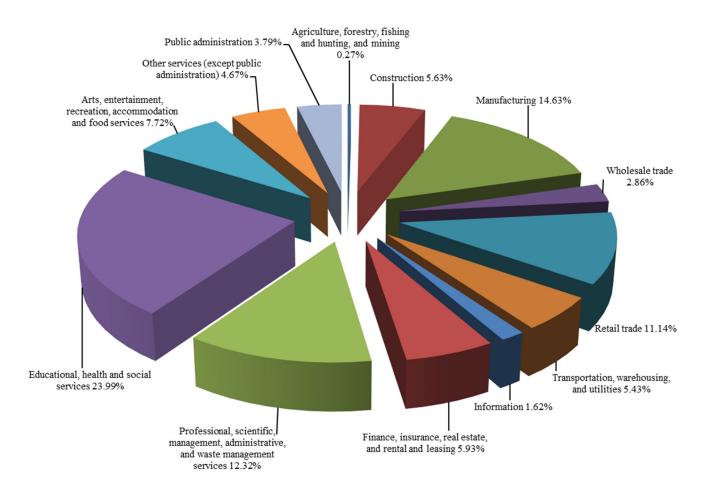
Organizations that are legally separate from the County are included as component units if the County's elected officials appoint a voting majority of the organization's governing body and (1) The County has the ability to impose its will on that organization or (2) there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the County. A complete discussion of the reporting entity is provided in Note 1 to the basic financial statements.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the County operates.

Local Economy The County is currently home to a diversified economic base, which is not as concentrated on the rubber and tire industry that prevailed in the County until the 1970s. Although the rubber industry's contributions to the economy remain substantial, the focus of that industry in the region has changed from manufacturing to research and development and administration. Industries that have been significant contributors to the growing economic diversity of the County include the fields of medicine and biomedicine, polymers, and energy.

Industry Sector



The County is the corporate headquarters for four corporations with annual revenues of more than one billion dollars each. These are FirstEnergy Corp., The Goodyear Tire & Rubber Company, Jo-Ann Stores, Inc., and Diebold Nixdorf. The World and North American Headquarters and Innovation Center of The Goodyear Tire & Rubber Company and the North and South American Technical Center for Bridgestone Americas Tire Operations, LLC are both located in the County.

The County has become a national leader in the field of plastics and polymers. Ohio ranks as the number one state in the nation for the manufacture of plastics machinery. The greater Akron region is home to the largest number of polymer and advanced materials companies in Ohio. Custom molders, captive molders, resin processors, and equipment manufacturers all call Ohio home. The Polymer Industry Cluster Initiative was founded in 2021 and is a collaboration between polymer companies and institutions in the area that focuses on further building the polymer industry in the greater Akron region.

The University of Akron's School of Polymer Science and Polymer Engineering, ranked number one in the world for polymer science and plastics engineering, is the world's largest academic polymer program and is at the heart of the area's polymer research activity. The University is home to the greatest concentration of polymer expertise. In 2010, the University opened the National Polymer Innovation Center, and subsequently created the Akron Functional Material Center, which houses the Center for Biomaterials in Medicine, to capitalize on the polymer research being conducted at the University. College faculty members have generated over 150 active patents and have licensed technologies that have been commercialized worldwide.

The Goodyear Tire & Rubber Company's (Goodyear) Global and North American Headquarters, Goodyear's Innovation Center, and the Technical Center of Bridgestone Americas Tire Operations, LLC (Bridgestone) are all located in the County. Bridgestone produces its race-tire lines in the County and recently announced that it would expand its Americas Technology Center campus with the additions of a new tire testing facility and a new vehicle dynamics racetrack. Nexen Tire America, Inc. (Nexen) relocated its U.S. headquarters to Richfield in 2021 to its recently opened state-of-art tire technology center. The Richfield technology center is one of three technical centers Nexen operates worldwide. Each of these companies is critical to polymer research and development and supports hundreds of suppliers in the region. Additionally, these companies, and the suppliers they support are responsible for employing thousands of individuals in the County and Northeast Ohio.

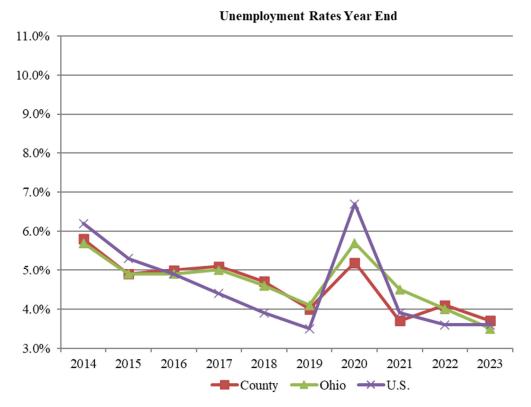
The County, the City of Akron, and private partners have focused substantial economic development efforts on expanding the historically strong medical industry in the County by promoting biomedical research and innovation. Five acute care hospitals are located in the County: Akron City Hospital and Summa Barberton Citizens Hospital, which are a part of the Summa Health System (Summa), Western Reserve Hospital, Cleveland Clinic Akron General, which is a part of the Cleveland Clinic Health System, and Children's Hospital Medical Center of Akron (Akron Children's).

Summa, a nonprofit system, is one of the largest health-care delivery systems in the State. Summa has more than 1,300 beds, more than 1,720 credentialed physicians and medical specialists, and employs more than 8,000 employees at its six facilities in the region. The second largest hospital system in the County, Cleveland Clinic Akron General, is a nonprofit system, which has grown to a 963 registered-beds, adult, tertiary care, not-for profit, teaching hospital. Today it is staffed with more than 4,000 healthcare professionals and support staff who serve a population of more than 1.2 million people throughout a five-county region.

Akron Children's Hospital, a nonprofit system, is one of the largest free-standing pediatric care centers in the U.S. and ranked among the best children's hospitals by U.S. News and World Report. Akron Children's houses a regional burn center for adults and children and a pediatric trauma center. Summa, Cleveland Clinic Akron General and Akron Children's also form a part of the network of teaching hospitals providing medical residency programs affiliated with the Northeast Ohio Medical University (NEOMED, formerly known as the Northeast Ohio Universities Colleges of Medicine and Pharmacy, or NEOUCOM).

The County entered into a public-private partnership with the City of Akron, APV Engineered Coatings, the Greater Akron Chamber of Commerce, FirstEnergy, and Pleasant Valley Corporation to redevelop the former Firestone Tire Company site. The County consolidated its Sanitary Sewer Services Department in a 50,000 square foot operations facility in the new business park. Pleasant Valley Corporation announced that it intends to build an 85,000 square foot warehouse and manufacturing facility in the business park. This facility is anticipated to bring new jobs to the area.

Like most of the counties in Ohio and across the United States, the County continues to feel the effects of the economic recession yet continues to recover. According to the Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, as of December 2023, the County's average unemployment rate decreased from 4.1 percent in 2022 to 3.7 percent as of December 2023. This ranks the County 49th against the other 88 counties in Ohio. Ohio's average unemployment rate decreased from 4.0 percent as of December 2022 to 3.5 percent as of December 2023. The national average unemployment rate of 3.6 percent remained unchanged over the prior year.

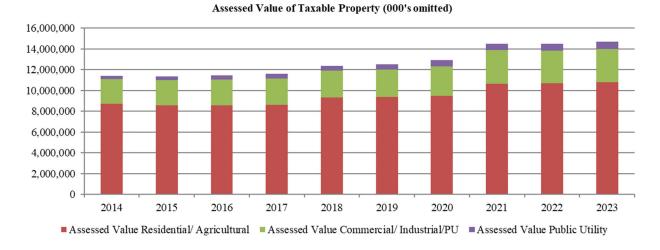


With the development of new business sectors in the County, the proportion of manufacturing activity has decreased. According to Census data, manufacturing jobs in the County represented 14.4% of total jobs in 2020, 16.3% in 2010; 23.4% in 2000; 25.9% in 1990; 30% in 1985; 32.0% in 1980; and 51.0% in 1970. While total manufacturing jobs in the County have decreased, employment in the hotel, convention, governmental, educational, polymer and health care services industries has increased. The region's economy has expanded into health care, professional, scientific and technical services, and other industries. The County's biomedical, aerospace, and research and development industries have also experienced growth.

During 2023, a sales tax of 6.75 percent was collected by the State of Ohio on sales made in the County of Summit. The tax was split as follows: 5.75 percent for the State of Ohio; 0.50 percent for the County's General Fund; and 0.50 percent for the Metro Regional Transit Authority. The County receives no direct funding through income taxes. Property taxes are a significant revenue source for the General Fund and these County agencies: Developmental Disabilities Board, Children Services Board and the Alcohol, Drug Addiction and Mental Health Services Board.

The total value of new construction was \$127.08 million in 2023, with \$89.02 million in residential/agricultural and \$36.07 million in commercial/industrial construction. In comparison, 2022 total new construction was \$148.72 million. The appraisal cycle is six years, with an update performed at the midpoint. In 2023, the County completed the six-year reappraisal which resulted in an increase in real property values for tax collection year 2024.

In the past, tangible personal property used in business (including inventory) was assessed for tax purposes. This tax has been phased out. A commercial activity tax is imposed on sales in Ohio to replace a portion of the lost revenue. Additional information can be found in Note 7 to the basic financial statements and in the statistical tables.



Financial Policies The budget must be balanced so that continuing revenues support continuing expenditures. One-time surpluses may not be used to expand continuing expenditures. Rather, they may be used for one-time expenditures, such as capital projects. County agencies are encouraged to maximize the use of state and federal revenues so as to help preserve general revenues for other needs.

Budgetary appropriations may not exceed estimated resources, with a balanced budget maintained in each fund. Department and agency budget requests are submitted in a program-based format in conjunction with strategic business plans that outline each program's performance goals for the following year. Actual performance data related to the demands, outputs, results and efficiencies of each program are part of the budget presentation. Some special revenue funds are required to maintain a balance necessary to cover operational needs for the first several pay periods of the following year in the event that a revenue stream is delayed. Agencies funded through tax levies are required to show expenditures forecasted over the life of a levy do not exceed estimated revenue collections.

The budget may be amended or supplemented at any time during the year upon formal action of County Council. Transfers of cash between funds require authorization by County Council. Appropriations lapse at the end of the year. The County Council adopted the County's 2024 operating budget on November 13, 2023. Additional information on the County's budgetary process can be found in Note 2 to the basic financial statements.

ORC § 5705.13 and ORC § 5705.29 permit the taxing authority of a political subdivision to establish reserve balance accounts and to estimate contingent expenditures. The County's Budget Stabilization fund has a balance of \$25.3 million at December 31, 2023, and is shown as unassigned in the General Fund.

The Fiscal Officer is responsible for the investment of funds in accordance with the County's investment policy as authorized by the Investment Advisory Committee and in keeping with ORC § 135.35. Specific requirements and limitations are described in Note 6 to the basic financial statements. To maximize the County's return on investment, the Fiscal Office employs a cash management program and contracts with an investment advisory firm that systematically coordinates cash management, bank relations and the investment of surplus cash. Communications with other County agencies is integral in this process. At December 31, 2023, the County had \$56.9 million cash and investments in its General Fund and \$668.6 million for the entire reporting entity. The cash and investments balance includes the designated monies previously described.

It is the County's policy to issue long-term, fixed rate debt as a supplement to current tax revenues and fund balances for financing infrastructure and capital projects. Consistent with Ohio law, long-term debt is not issued to support current operations. The County sells bond anticipation notes instead of bonds only when market conditions dictate, or as part of a multi-step construction program. The County will consider using either a competitive process or a negotiated process when issuing bonds. Debt capacity is benchmarked against means and medians for other AA rated counties of similar size and complexity as published by Standard & Poor's. The County's capital plan, debt obligations and debt capacity are evaluated together in an integrated manner, on an annual basis.

The County, in accordance with the General Fund Cash Balance Maintenance Policy, shall make all reasonable efforts to achieve and maintain an unrestricted cash balance in its General Fund, in an amount sufficient to provide liquidity to meet the operating cash flow needs of the County at any given period during the fiscal year. The amount of such reserve, if available, should be no less than the average of the past three years' total operating expenditures incurred during the first nine weeks of the fiscal year, which is approximately 17.3% of the annual operating budget.

Long-term Financial Planning The capital budgeting process utilizes a detailed five-year plan. A multi-year linkage between operating and capital budgets aids in determining the impact on future spending. Particular attention is focused on extending an asset's life. A thorough preventive maintenance program is required on each project, helping to avert major or emergency repairs.

The County, like many local governments, faces financial challenges as the economy continues its recovery. The County has initiated some significant actions to stabilize the budget in order to maintain existing reserves and guard against any further weakening in the economy. The 2024 total budget for all funds of \$674.1 million represents an increase of 1.8% compared to 2023's final adjusted budget of \$662.5 million. It is currently estimated that Summit County will finish 2024 with its \$25.3 million Budget Stabilization Fund fully intact. Throughout 2024, the County will continue to take steps to eliminate duplicated services, equipment and materials, and reduce personnel costs through attrition.

Annually, Summit County Council adopts a five-year Capital Improvement Program (CIP). This five-year program invests in the County's facilities and infrastructure, providing space for critical county programs and encouraging the growth and development of the County.

Major Initiatives The County is continuing to work on the next phase of the planned investment into the modernization and improvement of its safety communications systems. It is anticipated that the County will need to spend several million dollars on upgrades to its combined dispatch center in the coming years as well. The County is continuing to move forward with the computer aided consolidated dispatch system with the cities of Akron, Cuyahoga Falls, Fairlawn, Tallmadge, and Stow. The initial term for this agreement is a term of 10 years. As additional communities join the agreement, the cost for each community will decrease.

The County is committed to maintaining and upgrading its existing facilities to incorporate energy efficiency standards. The 2024-2029 Capital Improvement Program includes more than \$20.6 million in various facility improvements to upgrade lighting, replace heating and cooling plants, and replace roofs to improve energy efficiency. The 2024 plan directs \$12.5 million for the renovation of the job center, \$1.4 million for the Board of Developmental Disabilities facilities, \$2.1 million for improvements to the Summit County Parking Deck, \$10 million for the Summit County Public Safety Fiber and Communication Network, and more than \$11 million for various regional stormwater and surface water management projects.

Awards and Acknowledgments

Awards The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the County of Summit for its annual comprehensive financial report (ACFR) for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022. This was the thirty-seventh consecutive year that the County has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized annual comprehensive financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current ACFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

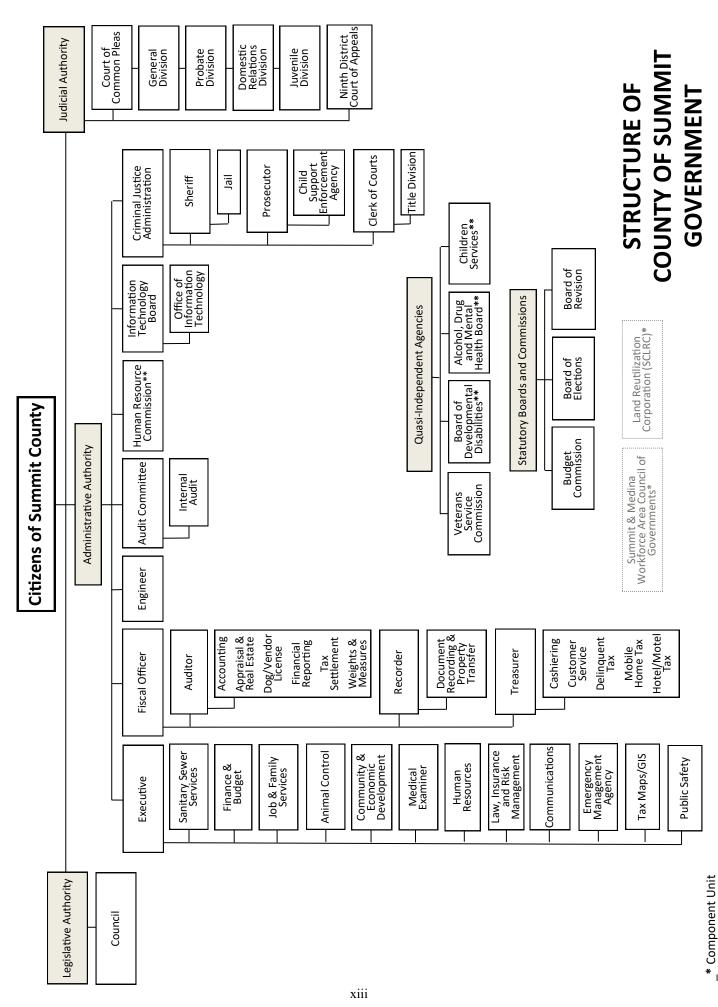
The GFOA presented an award of Distinguished Budget Presentation to the County for its annual budget for the year beginning January 1, 2023. This was the twenty-first consecutive year, and twenty-third year that the County has received this prestigious award. In order to receive this award, a governmental unit must publish a budget document that meets program criteria as a policy document, as an operations guide, as a financial plan and as a communication device. This award is valid for a period of one year only.

Acknowledgments The preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the dedicated effort of the entire Fiscal Office. I especially want to thank the Financial Reporting Department who worked diligently to continue to comply with the precise guidelines established by the GFOA's award programs. Their professionalism and commitment to excellence in financial reporting added to the quality of this ACFR. I would also like to express my appreciation to each of the County's elected officials and the various County agencies for their cooperation in the preparation of this report.

Finally, I wish to thank the citizens of the County of Summit for this opportunity to continue to improve the professionalism of financial reporting for the County.

Sincerely,

Kristen M. Scalise CPA, CFE Fiscal Officer, County of Summit



** Appointed by the County Executive with approval of County Council

ELECTED OFFICIALS DECEMBER 31, 2023

COUNTY COUNCIL

Veronica R. Sims, President
Rita S. Darrow, Vice President
Anthony L. DeVitis
Gloria J. Rodgers
John N. Schmidt
Erin L. Dickinson
John A. Donofrio
Jeffrey E. Wilhite
Christine M. Higham

COUNTY OFFICIALS

Sandra J. Kurt

Alan Brubaker

Ilene L. Shapiro

Kristen M. Scalise

Sherri Bevan Walsh

Kandy L. Fatheree

CLERK OF COURTS

ENGINEER

EXECUTIVE

FISCAL OFFICER

PROSECUTOR

SHERIFF

COMMON PLEAS COURT JUDGES

GENERAL DIVISION DOMESTIC RELATIONS DIVISION

Alison Breaux Katarina V. Cook Christine Croce Kani H. Hightower

Alison McCarty

Kelly McLaughlin PROBATE DIVISION
Kathryn Michael Elinore Marsh Stormer

Tammy O'Brien

Joy M. Oldfield JUVENILE DIVISION Susan Baker Ross Linda T. Teodosio

Mary Margaret Rowlands

Jennifer Towell



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

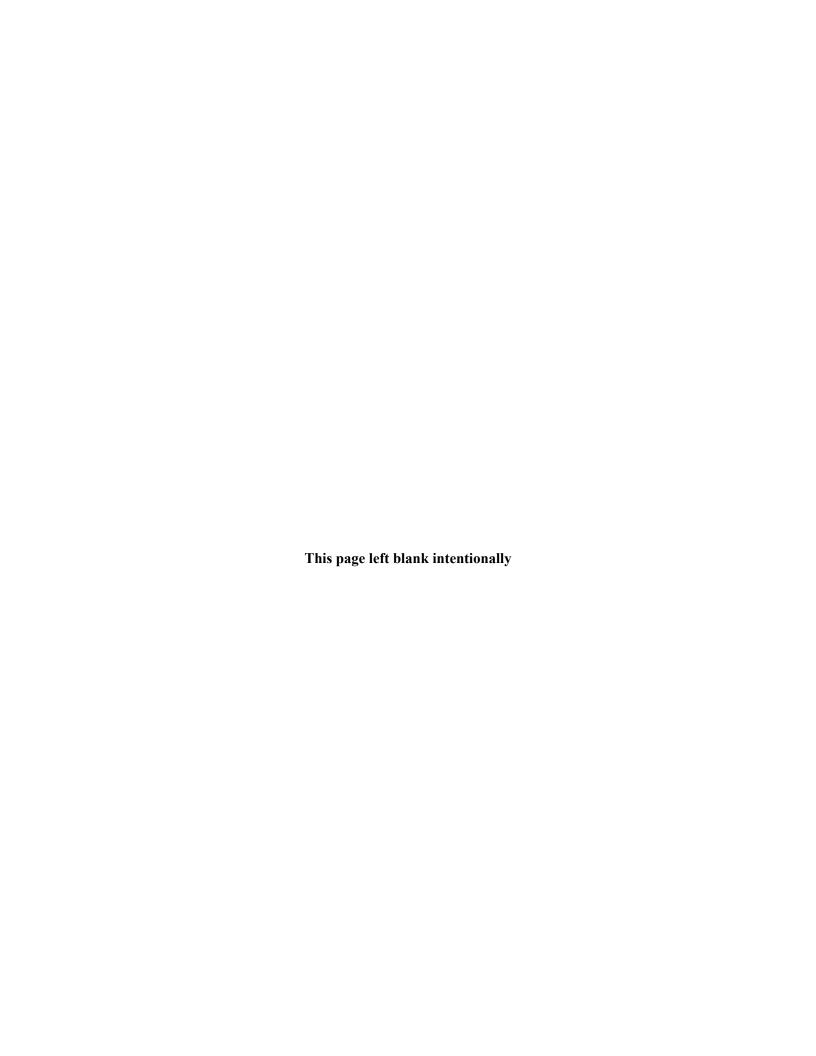
County of Summit Ohio

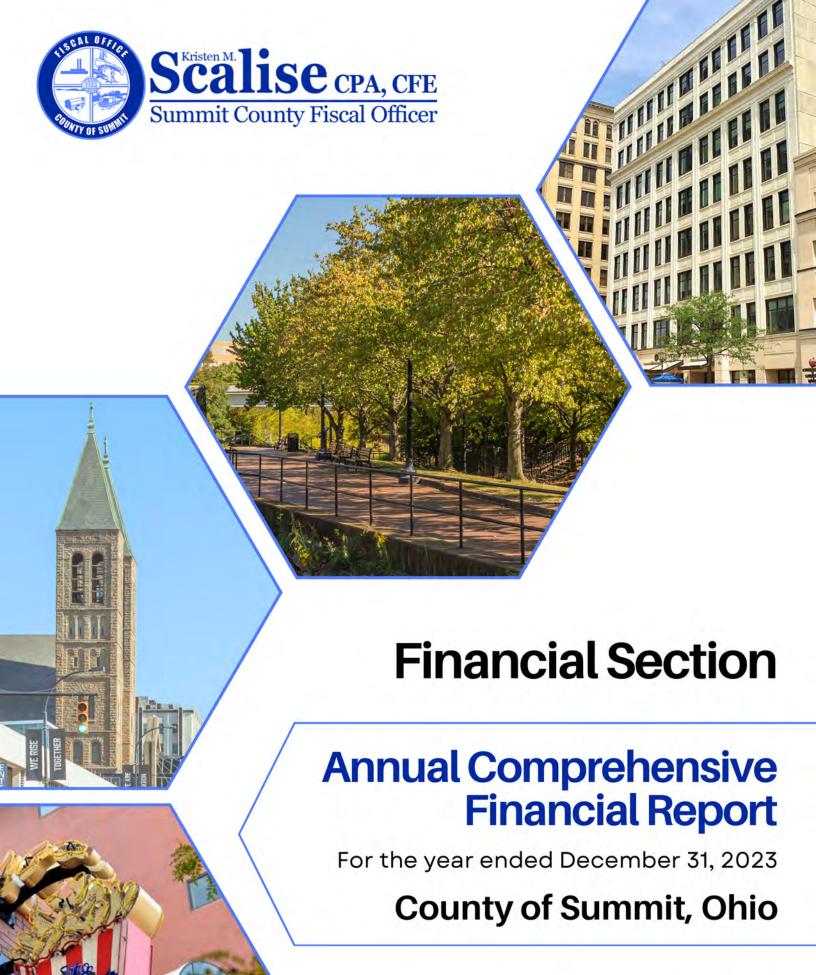
For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

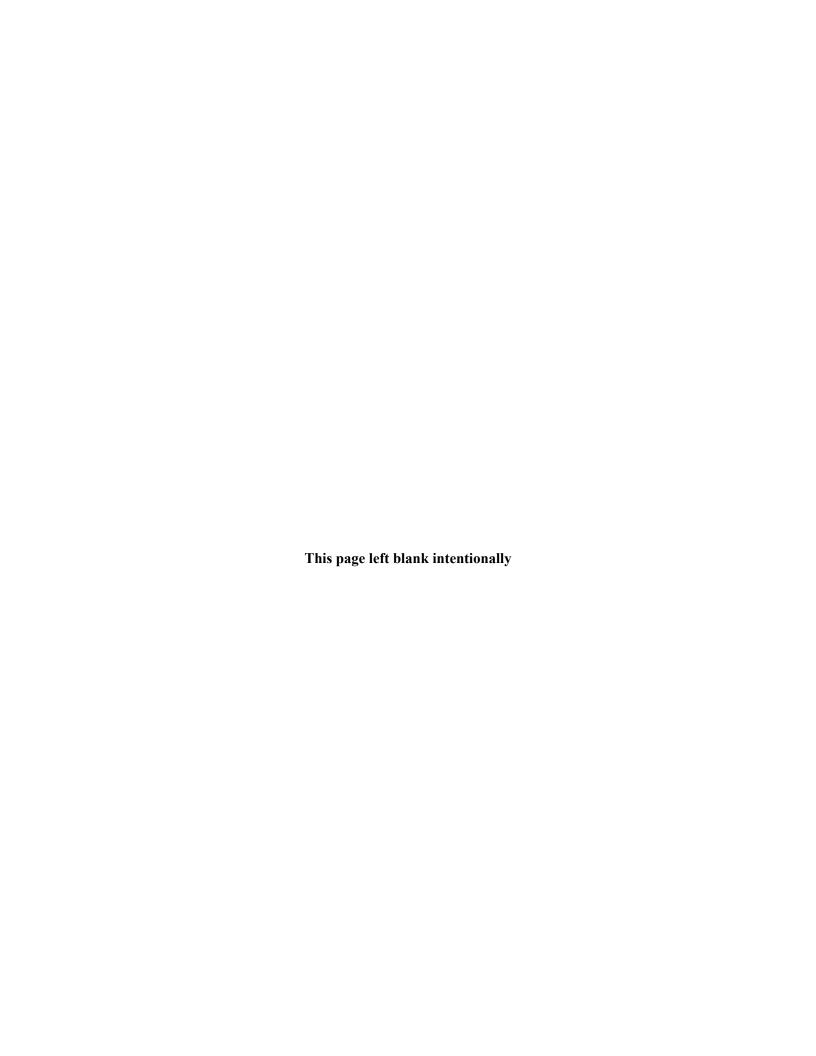
December 31, 2022

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO









65 East State Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 ContactUs@ohioauditor.gov 800-282-0370

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Summit County 175 S. Main Street Akron, Ohio 44708

To the County Council:

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate discretely presented component units and the remaining fund information of the Summit County, Ohio (County), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate discretely presented component units and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Summit County, Ohio as of December 31, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General and Job and Family Services, Children Services Board, Alcohol Drug and Mental Health, Board of Developmental Disabilities, and American Rescue Plan Act special revenue funds for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are required to be independent of the County, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Summit County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
 include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
 statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that
 raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable
 period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Summit County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, and schedules of net pension and other post-employment benefit liabilities and pension and other post-employment benefit contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and nonmajor financial statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual financial report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Summit County Independent Auditor's Report Page 4

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 17, 2024, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

September 17, 2024

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

The discussion and analysis of the County of Summit's (the "County") financial performance provides an overall review of the County's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2023. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the County's financial performance as a whole: readers should also review the transmittal letter, the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the County's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2023 are as follows:

- The assets of the County plus deferred outflows of resources exceeded its liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources at the close of the year ended December 31, 2023, by \$778,320,181 (net position).
- The County's total net position increased \$121,826,063. Net position related to governmental activities increased \$108,980,425, which represents an increase of 23.0 percent from 2022. Net position related to business-type activities increased \$12,845,638 which represents an increase of 7.0 percent from 2022.
- For governmental activities, general revenues accounted for \$292,820,315 or 48.2 percent of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services, operating grants and contributions, and capital grants and contributions accounted for \$314,341,662 or 51.8 percent of total revenues of \$607,161,977.
- The County had \$493,186,621 in expenses related to governmental activities; only \$314,341,662 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, operating grants and contributions and capital grants and contributions. General revenues (primarily taxes) of \$292,820,315 were adequate to provide for these programs by \$108,980,425.
- Among major funds, the General Fund had \$177,617,637 in revenues and other financing sources and \$173,130,110 in expenditures and other financing uses. The General Fund's fund balance increased to \$67,945,157, an increase of \$4,487,527 from 2022.
- The County's total debt decreased approximately \$8.2 million during the current year.

Using This Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR)

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the County of Summit as a financial whole or as an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The County's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) county-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the County as a whole and presents a long-term view of the County's finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell the reader how services were financed in the short term, as well as, what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the County's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the County, the General Fund is the most significant fund.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Reporting the County as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The analysis of the County as a whole begins on page 8. One of the most important questions asked about the County's finances is, "How did we do financially during 2023?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the County as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all nonfiduciary assets and liabilities using the accrual method of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This method of accounting takes into account, all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the County's net position and changes in net position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the County as a whole, the financial position of the County has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the County's tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, and other factors.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the County is divided into two distinct kinds of activities:

- Governmental Activities Most of the County's programs and services are reported here including general
 government, public safety, public works, and health and human services. These services are funded primarily by
 taxes and intergovernmental revenues including federal and state grants and other shared revenues.
- Business-Type Activities These services are provided on a charge for goods or services basis to recover all of the expenses of the goods or services provided.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the County's major funds. The County uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the County's most significant funds, not on the County as a whole. The County's major governmental funds are: General, Job & Family Services, Children Services Board, Alcohol, Drug Addiction & Mental Health, Board of Developmental Disabilities, American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) and Other Capital Improvements funds. The major proprietary fund is the Sewer Revenue fund.

Governmental Funds Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on events that produce near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on the balances of spendable resources available at the end of the year. This information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Because the focus of the governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The County maintains a multitude of individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the major funds, which were identified earlier. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The County adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund and major special revenue funds. Budgetary comparison statements and schedules have been provided to demonstrate compliance.

Proprietary Funds The County maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The County uses an enterprise fund to account for its sewer operations. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the County's various functions. The County uses internal service funds to account for its office services, medical self-insurance programs, property and casualty insurance, workers' compensation, telephone service, internal audit, geographic information systems, information technology and internal leases.

Fiduciary Funds Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County's own programs. The County's fiduciary funds are custodial funds.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other Information: In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents required supplementary information, combining and individual fund statements, schedules and statistical section.

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

The following table provides a summary of the County's net position for 2023 compared to 2022.

Table 1 Net Position

	Governmental Activities 2023	Governmental Activities 2022	Business-type Activities 2023	Business-type Activities 2022	Total <u>2023</u>	Total <u>2022</u>
Assets Current and other assets	Ф 022 202 712	e e27.555.214	e 20.711.024	e 26.242.016	e 062 004 545	e 0/2 000 220
Net OPEB asset	\$ 823,292,713 116,167	\$ 837,555,314 32,116,666	\$ 39,711,834	\$ 26,342,916 1,524,956	\$ 863,004,547 116,167	\$ 863,898,230 33,641,622
Capital assets, net	272,081,455	219,605,085	245,861,736	245,389,804	517,943,191	464,994,889
Capital assets, net	272,061,433	219,003,083	243,001,730	243,369,604	317,943,191	404,994,009
Total assets	1,095,490,335	1,089,277,065	285,573,570	273,257,676	1,381,063,905	1,362,534,741
Deferred Outflows of Resources						
Unamortized deferred loss on refunding	1,905,629	2,179,449	_	_	1,905,629	2,179,449
Pension	121,800,837	39,557,346	5,671,859	1,789,884	127,472,696	41,347,230
OPEB	18,422,492	1,076,784	861,228	-,,,,,,,,	19,283,720	1,076,784
Total deferred outflows of resources	142,128,958	42,813,579	6,533,087	1,789,884	148,662,045	44,603,463
Liabilities						
Current liabilities	27,941,958	111,553,514	31,970,852	31,001,247	59,912,810	142,554,761
Long-term liabilities:	, ,	, ,				, ,
Due in one year	22,855,654	22,406,066	1,909,723	2,558,082	24,765,377	24,964,148
Due in more than one year:						
Net pension liability	295,690,720	91,193,088	13,779,748	4,288,684	309,470,468	95,481,772
Net OPEB liability	6,210,478	-	290,685	-	6,501,163	-
Other amounts	120,144,189	119,379,503	47,784,485	47,059,692	167,928,674	166,439,195
Total liabilities	472,842,999	344,532,171	95,735,493	84,907,705	568,578,492	429,439,876
Deferred Inflows of Resources	152 552 001	165 251 244			152 552 001	165 251 244
All other amounts	173,752,991	165,371,244	255 205	5 466 440	173,752,991	165,371,244
Pension	5,941,631	114,682,618	355,385	5,466,440	6,297,016	120,149,058
OPEB	2,657,247	34,060,611	120,023	1,623,297	2,777,270	35,683,908
Total deferred inflows of resources	182,351,869	314,114,473	475,408	7,089,737	182,827,277	321,204,210
Net Position						
Net investment in capital assets	213,208,665	177,606,426	197,391,225	201,318,517	410,599,890	378,924,943
Restricted	306,019,421	407,286,561	-	-	306,019,421	407,286,561
Unrestricted (deficit)	63,196,339	(111,448,987)	(1,495,469)	(18,268,399)	61,700,870	(129,717,386)
Total net position	\$ 582,424,425	\$ 473,444,000	\$ 195,895,756	\$ 183,050,118	\$ 778,320,181	\$ 656,494,118

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

At December 31, 2023, the net pension liability is the largest single liability reported by the County. The net pension liability is reported pursuant to Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an Amendment of GASB Statement 27." The net other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liability/asset is reported pursuant to GASB Statement 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions." For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the County's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and OPEB, the net pension liability, and the net OPEB liability to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB and the net OPEB asset.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board standards are national and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Prior accounting for pensions (GASB 27) and postemployment benefits (GASB 45) focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension and OPEB costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's *net pension liability/asset* or *net OPEB liability/asset*. GASB 68 and GASB 75 take an earnings approach to pension and OPEB accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension/OPEB plans and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

GASB 68 and GASB 75 require the net pension liability/asset and the net OPEB liability/asset to equal the County's proportionate share of each plan's collective:

- 1. Present value of estimated future pension/OPEB benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service.
- 2. Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits.

GASB notes that pension and OPEB obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" – that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension and other postemployment benefits. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the County is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of these liabilities. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, the retirement systems to provide health care to eligible benefit recipients. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer's promise is limited not by contract but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the retirement system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension/OPEB plan as against the public employer. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. The retirement system is responsible for the administration of the pension and OPEB plans.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability or the net OPEB liability. As explained above, changes in benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of these liabilities but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability/asset are satisfied, these liabilities are separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

In accordance with GASB 68 and GASB 75, the County's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense and an annual OPEB expense for their proportionate share of each plan's change in net pension liability/asset and net OPEB liability/asset, respectively, not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows.

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the County, assets plus deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources by \$778,320,181 (\$582,424,425 in governmental activities and \$195,895,756 in business-type activities) at the close of the most recent year. The County's financial position improved for governmental activities and improved for business-type activities.

A large portion of all of the County's net position, \$410,599,890, reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, construction in progress, land improvements, buildings, infrastructure, intangibles, machinery and equipment, and intangible right-to-use assets), less any related debt used to acquire those assets. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A portion of the County's net position, \$306,019,421, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance, unrestricted net position, has a balance of \$61,700,870.

The County was able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position, both for the County as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental activities.

Long-term liabilities increased primarily due to increases in the net pension and net OPEB liabilities. These liabilities are outside of the control of the County. The County contributes its statutorily required contributions to the pension systems; however, it's the pension systems that collect, hold and distribute pensions to County employees, not the County. The net pension liability and net OPEB liability will fluctuate annually due to a number of factors including investment returns, actuarial assumptions used, and the County's proportionate share of net pension costs.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

As a result, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the County's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and OPEB, the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB and the net OPEB asset. Had the County not applied the requirements of GASB 68 and GASB 75, the unrestricted net position for governmental activities and business-type activities would have been as follows for 2023 and 2022:

	Governmental Activities		Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Business-Type Activities	
		2023		2022		2023		2022
Unrestricted net position (with GASB 68/GASB 75) GASB 68 calculations:	\$	63,196,339	\$	(111,448,987)	\$	(1,495,469)	\$	(18,268,399)
Add: deferred inflows related to pension		5,941,631		114,682,618		355,385		5,466,440
Add: net pension liability		295,690,720		91,193,088		13,779,748		4,288,684
Less: Deferred outflows related to pension		(121,800,837)		(39,557,346)		(5,671,859)		(1,789,884)
GASB 75 calculations:								
Add: deferred inflows related to OPEB		2,657,247		34,060,611		120,023		1,623,297
Add: net OPEB liability		6,210,478		-		290,685		-
Less: Net OPEB asset		(116,167)		(32,116,666)		-		(1,524,956)
Less: Deferred outflows related to OPEB		(18,422,492)		(1,076,784)		(861,228)		-
Unrestricted net position (without GASB 68/GASB 75)	\$	233,356,919	\$	55,736,534	\$	6,517,285	\$	(10,204,818)

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

In order to further understand what makes up the changes in net position for the current year, the following table gives readers further details regarding the results of activities for 2023 and 2022.

Table 2 Changes in Net Position

	Governmental Activities 2023	Governmental Activities 2022	Business-type Activities 2023	Business-type Activities 2022	Total 2023	Total 2022
Revenues		<u> </u>	<u></u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Program revenues:						
Charges for services and sales	\$ 53,586,887	\$ 73,747,426	\$ 58,094,726	\$ 52,500,175	\$ 111,681,613	\$ 126,247,601
Operating grants and contributions	254,851,311	207,584,510	134,308	-	254,985,619	207,584,510
Capital grants and contributions	5,903,464	2,845,044	8,011,881	2,538,517	13,915,345	5,383,561
Total program revenues	314,341,662	284,176,980	66,240,915	55,038,692	380,582,577	339,215,672
General revenues:						
Property taxes	164,063,243	157,104,956	-	-	164,063,243	157,104,956
Sales and use tax	58,769,488	57,379,968	-	-	58,769,488	57,379,968
Other taxes	16,252,355	18,626,355	-	-	16,252,355	18,626,355
Unrestricted contributions	9,852,626	4,012,396	-	-	9,852,626	4,012,396
Payment in lieu of taxes	796,209	-	-	-	796,209	-
Investment earnings	29,875,626	(8,897,349)	13,547	9,760	29,889,173	(8,887,589)
Other	13,210,768	15,086,455	556,423	698,827	13,767,191	15,785,282
Total general revenues	292,820,315	243,312,781	569,970	708,587	293,390,285	244,021,368
Total revenues	607,161,977	527,489,761	66,810,885	55,747,279	673,972,862	583,237,040
<u>Expenses</u>						
General government:						
Legislative and executive	44,364,562	46,566,334	-	-	44,364,562	46,566,334
Judicial	46,924,724	39,347,191	-	-	46,924,724	39,347,191
Public safety	93,836,340	90,651,210	-	-	93,836,340	90,651,210
Public works	28,164,119	17,104,998	-	-	28,164,119	17,104,998
Health	123,072,215	104,113,268	-	-	123,072,215	104,113,268
Human services	132,605,950	118,307,232	-	-	132,605,950	118,307,232
Recreation	14,875,099	16,017,292	-	-	14,875,099	16,017,292
Economic development	5,648,673	4,068,451	-	-	5,648,673	4,068,451
Interest and fiscal charges	3,694,939	2,475,506	-	-	3,694,939	2,475,506
Sewer			58,960,178	53,515,576	58,960,178	53,515,576
Total expenses	493,186,621	438,651,482	58,960,178	53,515,576	552,146,799	492,167,058
Excess (deficiency) before transfers	113,975,356	88,838,279	7,850,707	2,231,703	121,826,063	91,069,982
Transfers	(4,994,931)	(3,750,000)	4,994,931	3,750,000		
Change in net position	108,980,425	85,088,279	12,845,638	5,981,703	121,826,063	91,069,982
Net position at beginning of year	473,444,000	388,355,721	183,050,118	177,068,415	656,494,118	565,424,136
Net position at end of year	\$ 582,424,425	\$ 473,444,000	\$ 195,895,756	\$ 183,050,118	<u>\$ 778,320,181</u>	\$ 656,494,118

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Governmental Activities

Governmental activities increased the County's net position by \$108,980,425, thereby accounting for a 23.0 percent increase from the prior year. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

- An increase in sales tax revenue of \$1,389,520 is the direct result of increased consumer spending.
- General revenues as a whole increased \$52,252,634 (21.8 percent). This was primarily due to the increases in property taxes, investment income and unrestricted contributions.
- Program revenues as a whole increased \$27,419,582 (9.6 percent). This was primarily due to the increases in operating grants and contributions related to American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) funds.
- Program expenses as a whole increased \$54,535,139 (12.4 percent). This increase is primarily the result of an increase in pension expense. Pension expense increased approximately \$57.5 million. This increase was the result of an increase in expenses incurred at the pension system level for Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) due to a decrease in net investment income on investments compared to previous years.

Business-Type Activities

Business-type activities increased the County's net position by \$12,845,638, accounting for a 7.0 percent increase from the prior year. The key elements for this net increase were the increase in program revenues of \$11,202,223 due to higher accounts receivable related to the sewer fund.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As discussed previously, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of expendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a county's net resources available for spending at the end of the year.

As of the end of the current year, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending balances of \$551,044,530, an increase of \$66,677,461 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 10 percent of this total amount of \$59,423,173 constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for appropriation at the government's discretion within certain legal constraints and purpose restrictions. The remainder of the fund balance is reserved as nonspendable \$4,410,691; restricted \$380,238,062; committed \$68,048,267; and assigned \$38,924,337.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the County. The fund balance of the County's General Fund increased \$4,487,527 during the current year to \$67,945,157. The unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$59,504,110. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 95.7 percent of total General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 109.2 percent of that same amount. Revenues exceeded expenditures by \$115,257,738 due mainly to a decrease in expenditures that were moved to the ARPA fund during the year.

Transfers from the General Fund to other governmental and proprietary funds amounted to \$110,936,293 and are discussed in Note 18.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Job and Family Services fund balance decreased by \$802,597. The decrease in fund balance is due to an increase in the transfers out.

Children Services Board fund balance increased by \$5,066,283. This increase is primarily due to an increase in property tax revenue that made up for a decrease in intergovernmental revenue related to grants. Expenditures also increased due an increase in personal service and contract service costs.

The Alcohol, Drug Addiction and Mental Health fund balance increased by \$861,012. This increase is primarily due to an increase in property tax and intergovernmental grant revenue. Expenditures increased due to contract service cost increases in comparison to the previous year.

The Board of Developmental Disabilities fund balance increased by \$848,124. This increase in fund balance is primarily the result of increased property taxes and other revenues, and continued results from the Board ceasing to act as a service provider.

The American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) fund balance decreased by \$1,424,614. This decrease in fund balance is primarily the result of the County moving expenditures from the general fund to the ARPA fund as an allowable use of those federal funds.

The Other Capital Improvements fund balance increased \$42,159,700. This increase was the result of transfers in from the general fund to be used on various capital projects in the future.

Enterprise Funds The County's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements for business-type activities, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position for the Sewer Revenue Fund at the end of the year amounted to \$1,002,375. The increase in unrestricted net position was primarily due to increases in accounts receivable, transfers in and capital contributions related to donated sewer lines and amounts from other governments for sewer capital projects.

Budgetary Highlights

The County's budgeting process is prescribed by the Ohio Revised Code. Essentially, the budget is the County's appropriations, which are restricted by the amounts of anticipated revenues certified by the Budget Commission in accordance with the Ohio Revised Code. Therefore, the County's plans or desires cannot be totally reflected in the original budget. If budgeted revenues are adjusted due to actual activity then the appropriations can be adjusted, accordingly. All elected officials worked closely with the County Council to reduce, maintain, or hold down increases in departmental expenditures.

The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund. For calendar year 2023, the total original appropriations for the General Fund, including those for transfers out, were \$139,148,637, while the final appropriations were \$170,765,556, resulting in a net increase of \$31,616,919 or 22.7 percent. The net increase in appropriations for the General Fund was primarily due to decreases in various functional lines that were moved to be spent in the ARPA fund and increases in transfers/advances to other funds.

Final General Fund appropriations for 2023 were higher than the final 2022 appropriations by \$18,513,592 or 12.2 percent, and 2.9 percent higher than actual 2023 budgetary basis expenditures.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Variances between the final budget and actual results for the General Fund by functional classification are described as follows:

- Actual general government expenditures were \$1,467,611 or 4.0 percent lower than budgeted. All of the general government departments had positive variances. These were primarily the results of positive variances in Utilities and Rentals, Board of Elections Administration, Court of Common Pleas General Office, Probate Court General Office and Clerk of Courts General Office.
- Actual public safety expenditures were \$1,505,312 or 21.1 percent lower than budgeted, primarily due to reduced personnel costs in Sheriff General Jail and Common Pleas Court Adult Probation.
- Actual health expenditures were \$647,317 or 29.6 percent lower than budgeted, primarily due to reductions in subsidies for medically fragile children.
- Actual human services expenditures were \$735,916 or 16.5 percent lower than budgeted, primarily due to reductions in subsidies in the Veterans Service Commission.
- Actual other expenditures were \$304,207 or 7.3 percent lower than budgeted, primarily due to reduced miscellaneous costs.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets The County's investment in capital assets, for its governmental and business-type activities as of December 31, 2023 amounts to \$517,943,191 (net of accumulated depreciation/amortization). The investment in capital assets includes land, construction in progress, buildings and building improvements, land improvements, machinery and equipment, pump stations, treatment plants, sewer lines, infrastructure, intangibles, and intangible right-to-use assets.

Table 3
Capital Assets at December 31
Net of Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization

	Governmental Activities		Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total		
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	
Land	\$ 7,736,184	\$ 8,402,353	\$ 1,503,841	\$ 1,503,841	\$ 9,240,025	\$ 9,906,194	
Construction in progress	52,120,334	14,908,947	23,981,095	42,811,647	76,101,429	57,720,594	
Land improvements	11,542,873	12,330,033	-	-	11,542,873	12,330,033	
Buildings and building improvements	5 75,221,772	79,928,452	37,022,807	17,460,770	112,244,579	97,389,222	
Machinery and equipment	4,104,698	4,696,145	7,795,766	8,121,449	11,900,464	12,817,594	
Intangibles	737,470	507,763	-	-	737,470	507,763	
Infrastructure	107,946,637	94,332,483	-	-	107,946,637	94,332,483	
Intangible right-to-use assets	12,671,487	4,498,909	-	-	12,671,487	4,498,909	
Pump stations	-	-	5,099,503	5,120,912	5,099,503	5,120,912	
Treatment plants	-	-	-	20,663	-	20,663	
Sewer lines	-	-	166,246,968	166,033,120	166,246,968	166,033,120	
Intangible right to use assets	_		4,211,756	4,317,402	4,211,756	4,317,402	
Total	\$ 272,081,455	\$ 219,605,085	\$ 245,861,736	\$ 245,389,804	\$ 517,943,191	\$ 464,994,889	

The increase in total capital assets of \$52.9 million can be attributed to current year additions and accumulated depreciation/amortization exceeding current year disposals and depreciation expense/amortization. Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in Note 10 of the Notes to Financial Statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Long-term Debt At the end of the current fiscal year, the County had total bonded debt outstanding of \$88,325,000, net of the outstanding premium. The County's long-term bonded debt decreased \$7,315,000 (7.6 percent) during the current fiscal year.

Table 4 Long-term Debt

	Governmental Activities		Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total			
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022		
General Obligation Bonds OPWC Loans	\$ 88,325,000	\$ 95,640,000 -	\$ - 273,513	\$ - 302,304	\$ 88,325,000 273,513	\$ 95,640,000 302,304		
OWDA loans			6,849,585	7,751,103	6,849,585	7,751,103		
Total	\$ 88,325,000	\$ 95,640,000	\$ 7,123,098	\$ 8,053,407	\$ 95,448,098	\$ 103,693,407		

The County's outstanding uninsured general obligation bonds are currently rated "AA+" by Standard & Poor's Rating Services and "Aa1" by Moody's Investors Service. Certain of the County's general obligation bonds are insured by National Public Finance Guarantee ("National") (formerly known as Financial Guaranty Insurance Company ("FGIC")). National is currently rated "AA-" by Standard & Poor's Rating Services and "Baa2" by Moody's Investors Service, and as a result the County's underlying bond ratings take precedence as the effective rating basis. State statute limits the total amount of debt a government entity may issue. The current direct debt limitation for the County is \$365,837,237, which is significantly higher than the County's outstanding net debt.

In addition to the bonded debt, the County's other long-term obligations include compensated absences, insurance claims, legal judgments, leases payable, Subscription Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs) payable finance purchases, net pension, WPCLF, FWCC and intergovernmental loans payable. Additional information on the County's long-term debt can be found in Note 16 of this report. Notes 11, 12, 13 and 14 discuss pensions, OPEB, leases and compensated absences, respectively.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The average unemployment rate for the County for 2023 is 3.7 percent, which is lower than the rate of 4.1 percent a year ago. This rate also compares unfavorably to both the State's average unemployment rate of 3.5 percent and the national average of 3.6 percent.

Inflationary trends in the region compare favorably to national indices.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the County's budget for 2024. At the end of the 2023 fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance in the General Fund amounted to \$59,504,110.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County's finances for all those with an interest in its finances and to show the County's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the County of Summit Fiscal Office, 175 South Main Street – Suite 400, Akron, Ohio 44308-1354.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Primary Government			Component Units		
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Summit County Land Reutilization Corporation	Summit and Medina Workforce COG	
Assets:			Total	•		
Equity in pooled cash and investments Cash and investments - segregated accounts Cash with fiscal agents	\$ 552,054,665 2,065,631 4,825,836	\$ 8,027,227 - -	\$ 560,081,892 2,065,631 4,825,836	\$ 2,001,217 - -	\$ - - -	
Receivables: Sales taxes	15,409,520		15,409,520			
Real and other taxes	192,959,854	-	192,959,854	-	-	
Accounts	348,721	17,757,468	18,106,189	_	153,430	
Special assessments	1,074,510	9,398,382	10,472,892	-	-	
Accrued interest	1,738,147	-	1,738,147	27,155	-	
Accrued interest on loans	-	28,787	28,787	-	-	
Due from other governments	26,150,153	1,388,001	27,538,154	275,312	144,169	
Leases	549,542 8,383,193	170 501	549,542	8,147,174	-	
Loans Intergovernmental loans	0,303,193	170,581 7,034,930	8,553,774 7,034,930	-	-	
Due from external parties	1,618,190	7,034,730	1,618,190	-	-	
Finance purchase intergovernmental agreement	6,310,000	_	6,310,000	_	_	
Grants	· · · · · · · ·	-	· · · · -	219,074	-	
Materials and supplies inventory	628,355	1,324,804	1,953,159	-	-	
Inventory held for resale	-	-	-	2,167,958	-	
Prepayments	3,747,193	10,857	3,758,050	88,386	47,361	
Net pension asset	116.167	-	116.167	-	51,703	
Net OPEB asset Assets held for resale	116,167	-	116,167	6,253,776	-	
Other assets	-	-	-	5,143	-	
Internal balance	5,429,203	(5,429,203)		5,145	_	
Capital assets:	5,127,205	(5,125,205)				
Nondepreciable/amortizable capital assets	59,856,518	25,484,936	85,341,454	9,200	-	
Depreciable/amortizable capital assets, net	212,224,937	220,376,800	432,601,737	6,219,673	5,581,796	
Total capital assets, net	272,081,455	245,861,736	517,943,191	6,228,873	5,581,796	
Total assets	1,095,490,335	285,573,570	1,381,063,905	25,414,068	5,978,459	
D. C. L. (9 C.						
Deferred outflows of resources: Unamortized deferred charges on debt refunding	1.005.620		1.005.620			
Pension	1,905,629 121,800,837	5,671,859	1,905,629 127,472,696	-	308,785	
OPEB	18,422,492	861,228	19,283,720	_	46,693	
Total deferred outflows of resources	142,128,958	6,533,087	148,662,045	-	355,478	
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	12,955,660	19,826,293	32,781,953	564,473	421,898	
Accrued wages and benefits payable	7,033,141	319,370	7,352,511	14,429	15,797	
Due to other governments	6,631,659	11,593,533	18,225,192	6,253,776	75,736	
Accrued interest payable Deposits held and due to others	548,826 1,602	14,828 216,828	563,654 218,430	-	24,554	
Unearned revenue	771,070	210,020	771,070	32	-	
Due to fiscal agent	-	-	-	-	393,492	
Long-term liabilities:						
Due within one year	22,855,654	1,909,723	24,765,377	2,611,823	394,649	
Due in more than one year	120,144,189	47,784,485	167,928,674	5,934,523	5,578,346	
Net pension liability	295,690,720	13,779,748	309,470,468	-	475,890	
Net OPEB liability	6,210,478	290,685	6,501,163		13,928	
Total liabilities	472,842,999	95,735,493	568,578,492	15,379,056	7,394,290	
Deferred inflows of resources:						
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year	173,207,018		173,207,018			
Leases	545,973	-	545,973	7,772,640	-	
Pension	5,941,631	355,385	6,297,016		7,367	
OPEB	2,657,247	120,023	2,777,270	-	4,594	
Total deferred inflows of resources	182,351,869	475,408	182,827,277	7,772,640	11,961	
Net position:						
Net investment in capital assets	213,208,665	197,391,225	410,599,890	1,124,459	(311,179)	
Restricted for:	020.050		020.050			
Debt service Capital projects	920,858 3,020,726	-	920,858	-	-	
Road and bridges	12,636,380	-	3,020,726 12,636,380	-	-	
Health and human services	257,532,105	-	257,532,105	-	-	
Recreation	5,363,253	-	5,363,253	-	-	
Grant programs	15,446,541	-	15,446,541	-	-	
Real estate appraisal	8,610,792	-	8,610,792	-	-	
Unclaimed moneys	2,372,599	-	2,372,599	-	-	
Pension	-	-	-	-	51,703	
OPEB	116,167	-	116,167	-	-	
Other purposes		/4 40# 45**		149,653	(010.005)	
Unrestricted (deficit)	63,196,339	(1,495,469)	61,700,870	988,260	(812,838)	
Total net position	\$ 582,424,425	\$ 195,895,756	\$ 778,320,181	\$ 2,262,372	\$ (1,072,314)	

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Expenses	Charges for vices and Sales	erating Grants Contributions	pital Grants Contributions
Governmental activities:	 			
General government:				
Legislative and executive	\$ 44,364,562	\$ 20,735,486	\$ 12,488,712	\$ -
Judicial	46,924,724	6,210,810	33,188,729	-
Public safety	93,836,340	21,689,244	68,151,013	-
Public works	28,164,119	1,141,197	12,570,422	5,903,464
Health	123,072,215	811,823	37,851,321	-
Human services	132,605,950	2,908,979	83,281,848	-
Recreation	14,875,099	-	1,040,604	-
Economic development	5,648,673	89,348	6,278,662	-
Debt service:				
Interest	 3,694,939	 	 	
Total governmental activities	 493,186,621	 53,586,887	 254,851,311	5,903,464
Business-type activities:				
Sewer	 58,960,178	 58,094,726	 134,308	 8,011,881
Total business-type activities	 58,960,178	 58,094,726	 134,308	 8,011,881
Total - primary government	\$ 552,146,799	\$ 111,681,613	\$ 254,985,619	\$ 13,915,345
Component units:				

4,999,622

6,368,993

11,368,615

\$

Land reutilization corporation

Total - component units

Summit and Medina Workforce Area COG

General revenues:

Property taxes levied for:

3,183,808

3,183,808

General purposes

Children services board

Alcohol, drug, addiction & mental health

1,459,553

5,277,642

6,737,195

\$

Program Revenues

Board of developmental disabilities

Akron zoo project

Debt service

Sales and use taxes levied for:

General purposes

Other taxes:

Property transfer tax

Permissive tax

Payment in lieu of taxes

Unrestricted contributions

Investment income Miscellaneous

Total general revenues

Transfers

Total general revenues and and transfers

Change in net position

Net position at beginning of year (restated)

Net position at end of year

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

	Primary Government	:	Component Units		
Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	<u>Total</u>	Summit County Land Reutilization Corporation	Summit and Medina Workforce COG	
\$ (11,140,364)	\$ -	\$ (11,140,364)	\$ -	\$ -	
(7,525,185)	-	(7,525,185)	-	-	
(3,996,083)	-	(3,996,083)	-	-	
(8,549,036)	-	(8,549,036)	-	-	
(84,409,071)	-	(84,409,071)	-	-	
(46,415,123)	-	(46,415,123)	-	-	
(13,834,495)	-	(13,834,495)	-	-	
719,337	-	719,337	-	-	
(3,694,939)		(3,694,939)			
(178,844,959)		(178,844,959)			
	7 290 727	7 290 727			
	7,280,737	7,280,737			
<u>-</u>	7,280,737	7,280,737			
(178,844,959)	7,280,737	(171,564,222)		-	
-	-	-	(356,261)	-	
				(1,091,351)	
			(356,261)	(1,091,351)	
22,075,070	_	22,075,070	-	-	
36,902,433	-	36,902,433	-	-	
31,986,733	-	31,986,733	-	-	
48,793,332	-	48,793,332	-	-	
16,212,219	-	16,212,219	-	-	
8,093,456	-	8,093,456	-	-	
58,769,488	-	58,769,488	-	-	
9,504,246	-	9,504,246	-	-	
6,748,109	-	6,748,109	-	-	
796,209	-	796,209	-	-	
9,852,626	-	9,852,626	1,807,889	-	
29,875,626	13,547	29,889,173	43,082	-	
13,210,768	556,423	13,767,191	1,641	836,816	
292,820,315	569,970	293,390,285	1,852,612	836,816	
(4,994,931)	4,994,931				
287,825,384	5,564,901	293,390,285	1,852,612	836,816	
108,980,425	12,845,638	121,826,063	1,496,351	(254,535)	
473,444,000	183,050,118	656,494,118	766,021	(817,779)	

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2023

Section Sect			General	Fan	Job &	Children Services Board	A	lcohol, Drug Addiction & Tental Health
Cash and investments - segregated accounts 260,643 - 1,410,905 - Cash with fiscal agents Receivables: 15,409,520 - 41,940,436 37,462,468 Real and other taxes 29,902,108 41,940,436 37,462,468 Accounts 142,712 56,215 - 6 - 6 Special assessments 16,683,02 - 6 - 6 - 6 Interfund loans 4,631,184 - 6 - 6 - 6 Accrued interest 1,668,302 - 1,873,549 2,573,895 Due from other funds 48,903 - 6 1,873,549 2,573,895 Leases 549,542 - 6 - 6 - 6 Leases 549,542 - 6 - 6 - 6 Leases 1,618,190 - 7,192 - 6 - 6 Merinace purchase intergovernmental agreement 1,77,204 7,192 - 7,192 - 7 Materials and supplies inventory 577,910 216,733 243,991 51,688 Total assets \$20,353,959 2,188,541 \$9,802,437 <	Assets:					 		
Case with fisseal agents 15,409,520		\$	56,660,702	\$	1,650,111	\$ 52,555,356	\$	71,594,414
Receivables: Sales taxes 15,409,520 41,940,436 37,462,468 Real and other taxes 29,902,108 41,940,436 37,462,468 Accounts 142,712 56,215 - - Special assessments - - - - Interfund loans 4,631,184 - - - Accrued interest 1,668,302 - - - Due from other funds 48,903 - 1,873,549 2,573,895 Due from other governments 8,711,030 258,290 1,873,549 2,573,895 Leases 549,542 - - - Due from other governments 1,618,190 - - - Materials and supplies inventory 177,204 7,192 - - Prepayments 577,910 216,733 243,991 51,648 Total asets 1,610,435 1,458,212 \$1,500,926 \$1,168,482 Total sex payable \$1,610,435 1,458,212 \$1,500,926 \$4,725,750			260,643		-	1,410,905		-
Sales taxes 15,409,520 - 41,940,36 37,462,468 Real and other taxes 29,902,108 41,940,36 37,462,468 Accounts 142,712 56,215 — — Special assessments — — — — Interfund bons 4,631,184 — — — Accrued interest 1,668,302 — — — Due from other funds 48,903 25,90 1,873,549 2,573,895 Leases 549,542 — — — — Leases 1,618,190 — — — — Finance purchase intergovernmental agreement 1,618,190 — — — — Finance purchase intergovernmental agreement 1,618,190 — — — — Macrical sand supplics inventory 177,204 7,192 — — — — Prepayments 57,910 216,333 243,991 51,468 — — — — <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td>			-		-	-		-
Accounts 29,902,108 - 41,940,436 37,462,468 Accounts 142,712 56,215 - - Special assessments - - - - Interfund loans 4,631,184 - - - Accrued interest 1,668,302 - - - Due from other funds 48,903 - 1,873,549 2,573,895 Leases 549,542 -								
Special assessments					-	-		-
Pope					-	41,940,436		37,462,468
Interfund loans			142,712		56,215	-		-
Due from ther funds	1		4 621 104		=	-		=
Due from other funds					-	-		-
Due from other governments					-	-		-
Lease			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		259 200	1 972 540		2 572 905
Loans	=				238,290	1,8/3,349		2,373,893
Due from external parties 1,618,190			349,342		-	-		-
Internation of the properties of the proper			1 618 190		_	_		-
Materials and supplies inventory 177,204 7,192 - - Prepayments 577,910 216,733 243,991 51,648 Total assets \$120,357,950 \$2,188,541 \$98,024,237 \$111,682,425 Lisabilities: Accrued wages and benefits payable \$1,610,435 \$1,458,212 \$1,500,926 \$4,725,750 Accrued wages and benefits payable 2,871,786 744,229 822,439 74,442 Compensated absences payable 153,493 22,154 22,923 - Due to other governments 4935,475 176,372 153,704 202,449 Interfund loans payable - 189,289 2,750 - - Due to other funds - 189,289 2,750 - Uncarned revenue - - - - - Uncarned revenue 9,571,189 2,590,256 2,502,742 5,002,641 Poeferred inflows of resources 27,043,129 - 37,710,705 33,669,835 Delinquent property tax revenue no			1,010,170		_	_		_
Prepayments 577,910 216,733 243,991 51,648 Total assets \$ 120,357,950 \$ 2,188,541 \$ 98,024,237 \$ 111,682,425 Liabilities: \$ 1,610,435 \$ 1,458,212 \$ 1,500,926 \$ 4,725,750 Accrued wages and benefits payable 2,871,786 744,229 822,439 74,442 Compensated absences payable 153,493 22,154 22,923 74,442 Due to other governments 4,935,475 176,372 153,704 202,449 Interfund loans payable 189,289 2,750 - Due to other funds 2 - - - Unearmed revenue - - - - Unearmed revenue - - - - Total liabilities 9,571,189 2,590,256 2,502,742 5,002,641 Property taxse levied for the next fiscal year 27,043,129 37,710,705 33,669,835 Delinquent property tax revenue not available 866,388 - 3,27,10,705 3,79,263 Accrue			177.204		7.192	_		_
Total assets	**					243.991		51.648
National State	• •	\$		\$		\$	\$	
Accounts payable \$ 1,610,435 \$ 1,458,212 \$ 1,500,926 \$ 4,725,750 Accrued wages and benefits payable 2,871,786 744,229 822,439 74,442 Compensated absences payable 153,493 22,154 22,923 - Due to other governments 4,935,475 176,372 153,704 202,449 Interfund loans payable - 189,289 2,750 - Due to other funds - 189,289 2,750 - Deposits held and due to others - - - - Unearmed revenue - - - - - Total liabilities 9,571,189 2,590,256 2,502,742 5,002,641 Deferred inflows of resources: Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year 27,043,129 - 37,710,705 33,669,835 Delinquent property tax revenue not available 866,388 - - - Accrued interest not available - - - - Miscellaneous revenue not available </td <td></td> <td></td> <td>,</td> <td></td> <td>_,===,=</td> <td> , ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,</td> <td></td> <td>,,</td>			,		_,===,=	 , ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		,,
Accrued wages and benefits payable 2,871,786 744,229 822,439 74,442 Compensated absences payable 153,493 22,154 22,923 - Due to other governments 4,935,475 176,372 153,704 202,449 Interfund loans payable - - - - Due to other funds - 189,289 2,750 - Deposits held and due to others - - - - Unearned revenue - - - - - Unearned revenue - - - - - - Unearned revenue -	Liabilities:							
Compensated absences payable 153,493 22,154 22,923 - Due to other governments 4,935,475 176,372 153,704 202,449 Interfund loans payable - 189,289 2,750 - Due to other funds - 189,289 2,750 - Deposits held and due to others - - - - Unearned revenue - - - - - Total liabilities 9,571,189 2,590,256 2,502,742 5,002,641 Deferred inflows of resources: Property taxes leviced for the next fiscal year 27,043,129 - 37,710,705 33,669,835 Delinquent property tax revenue not available 2,858,730 - 4,229,731 3,792,633 Accrued interest not available 866,388 - - - - Special assessments revenue not available - - - - - - Miscellaneous revenue not available 5,465,237 - - - - <td></td> <td>\$</td> <td></td> <td>\$</td> <td></td> <td>\$ </td> <td>\$</td> <td></td>		\$		\$		\$ 	\$	
Due to other governments 4,935,475 176,372 153,704 202,449 Interfund loans payable - - - - Due to other funds - 189,289 2,750 - Deposits held and due to others - - - - Unearned revenue - - - - Total liabilities 9,571,189 2,590,256 2,502,742 5,002,641 Deferred inflows of resources: Property taxe slevied for the next fiscal year 27,043,129 - 37,710,705 33,669,835 Delinquent property tax revenue not available 2,858,730 - 4,229,731 3,792,633 Accrued interest not available 866,388 - - - Miscellaneous revenue not available - - - - Miscellaneous revenue not available 5,465,237 - - - Leases 545,973 - - - Total deferred inflows of resources 42,841,604 - 43,792,949<								74,442
Interfund loans payable								=
Due to other funds - 189,289 2,750 - Deposits held and due to others - - - - - Unearmed revenue - - - - - - Total liabilities 9,571,189 2,590,256 2,502,742 5,002,641 Deferred inflows of resources: Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year 27,043,129 - 37,710,705 33,669,835 Delinquent property tax revenue not available 2,858,730 - 4,229,731 3,792,633 Accrued interest not available 866,388 - - - Special assessments revenue not available - - - - Miscellaneous revenue not available 5,465,237 - - - Sales tax revenue not available 6,062,147 - 1,852,513 1,747,878 Leases 545,973 - - - - Total deferred inflows of resources 42,841,604 - 43,792,949 39,210,346 <			4,935,475		176,372	153,704		202,449
Deposits held and due to others - - - - - - - - -	- ·		-		-	-		-
Unearned revenue -			-		189,289	2,750		-
Deferred inflows of resources: 9,571,189 2,590,256 2,502,742 5,002,641 Deferred inflows of resources: Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year 27,043,129 - 37,710,705 33,669,835 Delinquent property tax revenue not available 2,858,730 - 4,229,731 3,792,633 Accrued interest not available 866,388 - - - Special assessments revenue not available - - - - Miscellaneous revenue not available - - - - - Sales tax revenue not available 5,465,237 - - - - Intergovernmental revenue not available 6,062,147 - 1,852,513 1,747,878 Leases 545,973 - - - - Total deferred inflows of resources 42,841,604 - 43,792,949 39,210,346 Fund balances: Nonspendable 3,127,713 223,925 243,991 51,648 Restricted - - <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>=</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>=</td>			-		=	-		=
Deferred inflows of resources: Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year 27,043,129 - 37,710,705 33,669,835 Delinquent property tax revenue not available 2,858,730 - 4,229,731 3,792,633 Accrued interest not available 866,388		_	0.571.100		2.500.256	 2 502 742		5 002 641
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year 27,043,129 - 37,710,705 33,669,835 Delinquent property tax revenue not available 2,858,730 - 4,229,731 3,792,633 Accrued interest not available 866,388 - - - Special assessments revenue not available - - - Miscellaneous revenue not available - - - Sales tax revenue not available 5,465,237 - - - Intergovernmental revenue not available 6,062,147 - 1,852,513 1,747,878 Leases 545,973 - - - - Total deferred inflows of resources 42,841,604 - 43,792,949 39,210,346 Fund balances: Nonspendable 3,127,713 223,925 243,991 51,648 Restricted - - - 51,484,555 67,417,790 Committed - - - - - Assigned 5,313,334 - -	Total habilities		9,3/1,189		2,390,236	 2,302,742		3,002,041
Delinquent property tax revenue not available 2,858,730 - 4,229,731 3,792,633 Accrued interest not available 866,388	Deferred inflows of resources:							
Accrued interest not available 866,388 - - - Special assessments revenue not available - - - - Miscellaneous revenue not available - - - - Sales tax revenue not available 5,465,237 - - - Intergovernmental revenue not available 6,062,147 - 1,852,513 1,747,878 Leases 545,973 - - - - Total deferred inflows of resources 42,841,604 - 43,792,949 39,210,346 Fund balances: Nonspendable 3,127,713 223,925 243,991 51,648 Restricted - - - 51,484,555 67,417,790 Committed - - - - - Assigned 5,313,334 - - - Unassigned (deficit) 59,504,110 (625,640) - - Total fund balances (deficit) 67,945,157 (401,715) 51,728,546 67	Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year		27,043,129		-	37,710,705		33,669,835
Special assessments revenue not available -	Delinquent property tax revenue not available		2,858,730		-	4,229,731		3,792,633
Miscellaneous revenue not available -	Accrued interest not available		866,388		-	-		-
Sales tax revenue not available 5,465,237 - - - Intergovernmental revenue not available 6,062,147 - 1,852,513 1,747,878 Leases 545,973 - - - - Total deferred inflows of resources 42,841,604 - 43,792,949 39,210,346 Fund balances: Nonspendable 3,127,713 223,925 243,991 51,648 Restricted - - - 51,484,555 67,417,790 Committed - - - - - - Assigned 5,313,334 - - - - - Unassigned (deficit) 59,504,110 (625,640) - - - Total fund balances (deficit) 67,945,157 (401,715) 51,728,546 67,469,438 Total liabilities, deferred inflows - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Special assessments revenue not available		-		-	-		-
Intergovernmental revenue not available 6,062,147 - 1,852,513 1,747,878 Leases 545,973 - - - - Total deferred inflows of resources 42,841,604 - 43,792,949 39,210,346 Fund balances: Nonspendable 3,127,713 223,925 243,991 51,648 Restricted - - - 51,484,555 67,417,790 Committed - - - - - - Assigned 5,313,334 - - - - - Unassigned (deficit) 59,504,110 (625,640) - - - - Total fund balances (deficit) 67,945,157 (401,715) 51,728,546 67,469,438 Total liabilities, deferred inflows -	Miscellaneous revenue not available		-		-	-		-
Leases 545,973 - <t< td=""><td>Sales tax revenue not available</td><td></td><td>5,465,237</td><td></td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td></t<>	Sales tax revenue not available		5,465,237		-	-		-
Fund balances: 42,841,604 - 43,792,949 39,210,346 Nonspendable 3,127,713 223,925 243,991 51,648 Restricted - - - 51,484,555 67,417,790 Committed - - - - - Assigned 5,313,334 - - - - Unassigned (deficit) 59,504,110 (625,640) - - - Total fund balances (deficit) 67,945,157 (401,715) 51,728,546 67,469,438 Total liabilities, deferred inflows - <	Intergovernmental revenue not available				-	1,852,513		1,747,878
Fund balances: Nonspendable 3,127,713 223,925 243,991 51,648 Restricted 51,484,555 67,417,790 Committed 51,484,555 67,417,790 Assigned 5,313,334 Unassigned (deficit) 59,504,110 (625,640) Total fund balances (deficit) 67,945,157 (401,715) 51,728,546 67,469,438 Total liabilities, deferred inflows					=	 =		=
Nonspendable 3,127,713 223,925 243,991 51,648 Restricted - - 51,484,555 67,417,790 Committed - - - - - Assigned 5,313,334 - - - - Unassigned (deficit) 59,504,110 (625,640) - - - Total fund balances (deficit) 67,945,157 (401,715) 51,728,546 67,469,438 Total liabilities, deferred inflows - - - - - - -	Total deferred inflows of resources		42,841,604			 43,792,949		39,210,346
Nonspendable 3,127,713 223,925 243,991 51,648 Restricted - - 51,484,555 67,417,790 Committed - - - - - Assigned 5,313,334 - - - - Unassigned (deficit) 59,504,110 (625,640) - - - Total fund balances (deficit) 67,945,157 (401,715) 51,728,546 67,469,438 Total liabilities, deferred inflows - - - - - - -	Fund halanges							
Restricted - - 51,484,555 67,417,790 Committed - - - - - Assigned 5,313,334 - - - - Unassigned (deficit) 59,504,110 (625,640) - - - Total fund balances (deficit) 67,945,157 (401,715) 51,728,546 67,469,438 Total liabilities, deferred inflows - - - - -			3 127 713		223 025	2/13 001		51 648
Committed -			3,127,713		223,923			
Assigned 5,313,334			_		_	51,464,555		07,417,790
Unassigned (deficit) 59,504,110 (625,640) - - Total fund balances (deficit) 67,945,157 (401,715) 51,728,546 67,469,438 Total liabilities, deferred inflows			5 313 334		_			_
Total fund balances (deficit) 67,945,157 (401,715) 51,728,546 67,469,438 Total liabilities, deferred inflows					(625 640)	_		_
Total liabilities, deferred inflows	chassigned (denote)	_	57,504,110		(023,040)	 		
Total liabilities, deferred inflows	Total fund balances (deficit)		67,945,157		(401,715)	51,728,546		67,469,438
of resources and fund balances <u>\$ 120,357,950</u> <u>\$ 2,188,541</u> <u>\$ 98,024,237</u> <u>\$ 111,682,425</u>			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		·
	of resources and fund balances	\$	120,357,950	\$	2,188,541	\$ 98,024,237	\$	111,682,425

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Board of Developmental Disabilities	American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA)	Other Capital Improvements	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
f 72.250.200	¢ 066.470	\$ 108.686.641	¢ 174 151 240	Φ 520 515 252
\$ 72,250,200	\$ 966,479	\$ 108,686,641	\$ 174,151,349	\$ 538,515,252
4 925 926	-	-	394,083	2,065,631
4,825,836	-	-	-	4,825,836
-	-	-	-	15,409,520
57,146,137	-	-	26,508,705	192,959,854
-	-	-	15,470	214,397
-	-	-	1,074,510	1,074,510
=	=	-	=	4,631,184
=	69,845	-	=	1,738,147
-	-	810,000	143,136	1,002,039
4,276,745	-	-	7,698,083	25,391,592
-	-	-	-	549,542
-	-	3,775,000	4,608,193	8,383,193
-	-	-	-	1,618,190
-	-	-	6,310,000	6,310,000
54,010	-	-	170,368	408,774
357,740	Φ 1.026.224	- 112 271 C11	181,296	1,629,318
\$ 138,910,668	\$ 1,036,324	\$ 113,271,641	\$ 221,255,193	\$ 806,726,979
\$ 659,740	\$ -	\$ 1,383,319	\$ 1,376,353	\$ 12,714,735
1,221,942	-	-	1,095,606	6,830,444
51,887	-	-	11,082	261,539
687,150	-	-	445,173	6,600,323
-	-	-	131,184	131,184
1 (02	-	-	810,000	1,002,039
1,602	771 070	-	-	1,602
2 622 221	771,070	1 292 210	3,869,398	771,070
2,622,321	771,070	1,383,319	3,869,398	28,312,936
51 260 765			22 422 594	172 207 019
51,360,765	-	-	23,422,584	173,207,018
5,785,372	60.945	-	2,575,225	19,241,691
-	69,845	-	1,074,510	936,233 1,074,510
-	-	2,235,000	6,310,000	8,545,000
-	-	2,233,000	0,310,000	5,465,237
3,212,904	_	<u>-</u>	5,478,409	18,353,851
3,212,704	_	_	5,476,407	545,973
60,359,041	69,845	2,235,000	38,860,728	227,369,513
	· <u></u>			
411,750	-	-	351,664	4,410,691
75,517,556	195,409	26,748,922	159,499,470	380,863,702
-	-, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -	68,048,267		68,048,267
-	-	14,856,133	18,754,870	38,924,337
-	-	-	(80,937)	58,797,533
75,929,306	195,409	109,653,322	178,525,067	551,044,530
\$ 138,910,668	\$ 1,036,324	\$ 113,271,641	\$ 221,255,193	\$ 806,726,979

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RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DECEMBER 31, 2023

Total governmental fund balances		\$ 551,044,530
Amounts reported for governmental activities on the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		263,111,139
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current- period expenditures and therefore are deferred inflows in the funds. Sales taxes receivable Real and other taxes receivable Loans receivable Intergovernmental receivable Special assessments receivable Accrued interest receivable	\$ 5,465,237 19,241,691 8,545,000 18,353,851 1,074,510 936,233	
Total		53,616,522
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds. The assets, deferred outflows/inflows and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities on the statement of net position.		5,202,297
On the statement of net position interest is accrued on outstanding bonds and loans payable, whereas in the governmental funds, interest is accrued when due.		(314,037)
Unamortized deferred amounts on refundings are not recognized in the governmental funds.		1,905,629
Unamortized premiums on bond issuances are not recognized in the governmental funds.		(9,324,827)
Net pension liability is not due and payable in the current period; therefore, the liability and related deferred inflows/outflows are not recognized in the governmental funds. Deferred outflows of resources - pension Deferred inflows of resources - pension Net pension liability Total	117,511,080 (5,640,503) (286,209,519)	(174,338,942)
Net OPEB asset/liability is not due and receivable/payable in the current per therefore, the asset/liability and related deferred inflows/outflows are not recognized in the governmental funds. Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB	17,825,320 (2,577,458)	
Net OPEB asset Net OPEB liability Total	116,167 (6,010,472)	9,353,557
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Compensated absences General obligation bonds payable	(25,432,126) (88,325,000)	
Leases payable Total	(4,074,317)	(117,831,443)
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 582,424,425
Passessi or Bo termination monthly		 202, 12 1, 123

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	General	Job & Family Services	Children Services Board	Alcohol, Drug Addiction & Mental Health
Revenues:				
Taxes:				
Property	\$ 21,673,163	\$ -	\$ 37,162,240	\$ 32,216,398
Sales and use	58,863,220	-	-	-
Other	9,504,246	-	-	-
Licenses and permits	85,412	-	-	-
Charges for services	33,268,458	-	1,312,953	-
Fines and forfeitures	248,302	70,404	-	-
Intergovernmental	20,461,181	47,754,877	27,707,097	15,367,554
Special assessments	-	-	-	-
Investment income	24,811,422	-	159,505	-
Payment in lieu of taxes	796,209	-	-	-
Other	7,739,942	761,227	999,864	26,102
Total revenues	177,451,555	48,586,508	67,341,659	47,610,054
Expenditures: Current: General government:				
Legislative and executive	26,254,157			_
Judicial	12,815,386	_	_	_
Public safety	19,839,240	_	_	_
Public works	17,037,240	_	_	_
Health	64,614	_	_	46,655,645
Human services	2,603,545	51,427,829	62,904,184	-0,033,043
Recreation	2,003,343	51,427,027	02,704,104	
Economic development				_
Capital outlay	171,663			_
Debt service:	171,003	_	_	_
Principal retirement	356,050	64,499	_	89,355
Interest	89,162	31,383	_	4,042
Total expenditures	62,193,817	51,523,711	62,904,184	46,749,042
Total expenditures	02,173,617	31,323,711	02,704,104	40,747,042
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	115,257,738	(2,937,203)	4,437,475	861,012
Other financing sources (uses):				
Sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-
Lease transaction	166,082	-	-	-
Transfers in	-	3,523,414	628,808	-
Transfers (out)	(110,936,293)	(1,388,808)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	(110,770,211)	2,134,606	628,808	<u> </u>
Net change in fund balances	4,487,527	(802,597)	5,066,283	861,012
Fund balances at beginning of year	63,457,630	400,882	46,662,263	66,608,426
Fund balances (deficit) at end of year	\$ 67,945,157	\$ (401,715)	\$ 51,728,546	\$ 67,469,438

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Board of evelopmental Disabilities	American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA)	Other Capital Improvements	Capital Governmental	
\$ 49,143,670	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 24,387,898	\$ 164,583,369
-	-	-	-	58,863,220
-	-	-	6,748,109	16,252,355
-	-	-	638,413	723,825
117,198	-	-	15,656,434	50,355,043
-	-	-	1,161,596	1,480,302
22,856,531	78,263,219	5,903,464	55,440,029	273,753,952
-	-	-	1,043,106	1,043,106
1,136	3,465,601	-	919,782	29,357,446
-	-	-	-	796,209
 2,109,109		125,664	3,512,389	15,274,297
 74,227,644	81,728,820	6,029,128	109,507,756	612,483,124
73,379,520	6,088,565 26,259,599 50,805,270 - - - - -	6,092,278	11,179,940 6,890,592 24,825,967 21,498,748 1,341,121 11,946,681 14,874,948 5,500,974 6,563,301 7,322,874 3,597,049	43,522,662 45,965,577 95,470,477 27,591,026 121,440,900 128,882,239 14,874,948 5,500,974 40,370,120 7,832,778 3,721,636
73,379,520	83,153,434	39,727,434	115,542,195	535,173,337
848,124	(1,424,614)	(33,698,306)	(6,034,439)	77,309,787
-	(2, 2, 3, 0, 1, 1)	1,832,199	(0,00 1,103)	1,832,199
_	_	-,002,177	_	166,082
_	_	74,025,807	21,544,400	99,722,429
_	_	,025,007	(27,935)	(112,353,036)
 _		75,858,006	21,516,465	(10,632,326)
848,124	(1,424,614)	42,159,700	15,482,026	66,677,461
75,081,182	1,620,023	67,493,622	163,043,041	484,367,069
\$ 75,929,306	\$ 195,409	\$ 109,653,322	\$ 178,525,067	\$ 551,044,530

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 66,677,461
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as		
depreciation/amortization expense.	Ф (5.564.272)	
Capital asset additions Current year depreciation/amortization	\$ 65,564,272 (17,689,499)	
Total		47,874,773
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, disposals, trade-ins, and donations) is to decrease net assets.		(3,676,981)
		, , , ,
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in		
the funds.		
Sales taxes	(93,732)	
Real and other taxes	(520,126)	
Intergovernmental revenues	(2,494,045)	
Charges for services	(5,939)	
Special assessments	(16,944)	
Investment income	467,552	
Other Total	(2,726,035)	(5,389,269)
		(-,,
Proceeds of leases are reported as an other financing source in the governmental funds, however, in the statement of activities, they are not reported as revenues as they		
increase the liabilities on the statement of net position.		(166,082)
Repayment of bond and lease principal is an expenditure in the		
governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term		
liabilities on the statement of net position.		7,832,778
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds and loans, whereas in governmental funds, an interest		
expenditure is reported when due.	***	
Change in accrued interest payable	30,981	
Amortization of deferred amounts on refunding	(273,820) 756,800	
Amortization of bond premiums Total	/30,800	513,961
Contractually required pension contributions are reported as expenditu in governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports		
amounts as deferred outflows.		
Pension		23,649,211
Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in	the not	
pension liability and net OPEB liability/asset are reported as pension expense in the statement of activities.		
Pension		(36,333,141)
OPEB		10,330,232
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities,		
such as compensated absences, do not require the use		
of current financial resources and therefore are not		
reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		(953,917)
Internal service funds used by management to charge		
the costs to individual funds is not reported in		
the government-wide statement of activities. Governmental fund		
expenditures and the related internal service fund revenues		
are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal		
service funds are allocated among the governmental activities.		 (1,378,601)
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ 108,980,425

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts				Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	Or	riginal		Final	Actual		Negative)
Revenues:		8			 		
Taxes:							
Property	\$ 2	2,715,895	\$	20,264,066	\$ 20,452,056	\$	187,990
Sales and use	5	4,658,506		56,886,781	58,562,699		1,675,918
Other	1	1,901,765		9,627,170	9,421,533		(205,637)
Charges for services	1	5,353,247		15,229,379	15,629,973		400,594
Licenses and permits		38,000		38,000	38,273		273
Fines and forfeitures		373,348		366,047	382,715		16,668
Intergovernmental	1	4,225,080		20,884,247	21,813,237		928,990
Investment income		3,534,374		14,754,465	14,981,017		226,552
Other		6,374,025		5,428,125	6,139,617		711,492
Total revenues	12	9,174,240		143,478,280	147,421,120		3,942,840
Expenditures:							
Current:							
General government:							
Legislative and executive	2	6,527,202		21,107,479	20,560,194		547,285
Judicial		8,770,203		15,364,890	14,444,564		920,326
Public safety		5,185,159		7,317,972	5,812,660		1,505,312
Health		2,488,186		2,188,767	1,541,450		647,317
Human services		7,979,193		4,472,021	3,736,105		735,916
Other		3,893,694		4,183,678	3,879,471		304,207
Total expenditures		4,843,637		54,634,807	49,974,444		4,660,363
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures	(5,669,397)		88,843,473	 97,446,676		8,603,203
Other financing sources (uses):							
Transfers in		2,356,000		6,356,000	5,950,000		(406,000)
Transfers (out)		4,305,000		(111,475,374)	(111,203,346)		272,028
Advances in	(-,505,000)		8,500,000	8,500,000		272,026
Advances (out)		_		(4,655,375)	(4,655,375)		_
Total other financing sources (uses)		1,949,000)		(101,274,749)	 (101,408,721)		(133,972)
Total other financing sources (uses)		1,949,000)		(101,274,749)	 (101,400,721)		(133,972)
Net change in fund balances	(7,618,397)		(12,431,276)	(3,962,045)		8,469,231
Fund balances at beginning of year - restated		8,795,797		8,795,797	8,795,797		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		4,921,337		4,921,337	 4,921,337		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	6,098,737	\$	1,285,858	\$ 9,755,089	\$	8,469,231

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) JOB AND FAMILY SERVICES FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	 Budgeted	Amo	unts			riance with nal Budget Positive
	Original		Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:						
Fines and forfeitures	\$ 145,000	\$	145,000	\$ 71,478	\$	(73,522)
Intergovernmental	45,692,706		42,301,928	48,028,552		5,726,624
Other	1,250,000		7,117,364	607,040		(6,510,324)
Total revenues	47,087,706		49,564,292	 48,707,070		(857,222)
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Human services	54,294,490		53,479,146	51,349,743		2,129,403
Total expenditures	54,294,490		53,479,146	 51,349,743		2,129,403
Excess of expenditures over revenues	 (7,206,784)		(3,914,854)	 (2,642,673)		1,272,181
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in	-		3,523,414	3,523,414		-
Transfers (out)	 <u>-</u>		(1,388,808)	 (1,388,808)		-
Total other financing sources (uses)	 		2,134,606	2,134,606		
Net change in fund balances	(7,206,784)		(1,780,248)	(508,067)		1,272,181
Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of year	(168,895)		(168,895)	(168,895)		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	2,026,190		2,026,190	2,026,190		-
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year	\$ (5,349,489)	\$	77,047	\$ 1,349,228	\$	1,272,181

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) CHILDREN SERVICES BOARD FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Budgeted	Amo	unts			riance with
	Original		Final	Actual	(Positive Negative)
Revenues:						
Property taxes	\$ 40,118,706	\$	37,417,445	\$ 37,062,309	\$	(355,136)
Charges for services	9,300,890		3,034,658	1,312,953		(1,721,705)
Intergovernmental	17,439,169		26,207,214	27,686,811		1,479,597
Other	 2,325,222		2,320,092	 365,518		(1,954,574)
Total revenues	 69,183,987		68,979,409	 66,427,591		(2,551,818)
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Human services	72,133,916		71,664,822	65,806,729		5,858,093
Total expenditures	72,133,916		71,664,822	65,806,729		5,858,093
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	 (2,949,929)		(2,685,413)	 620,862		3,306,275
Other financing sources:						
Transfers in	_		628,808	628,808		_
Total other financing sources	-		628,808	628,808		-
Net change in fund balances	(2,949,929)		(2,056,605)	1,249,670		3,306,275
Fund balances at beginning of year - restated	42,390,340		42,390,340	42,390,340		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	 3,995,769		3,995,769	 3,995,769		
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 43,436,180	\$	44,329,504	\$ 47,635,779	\$	3,306,275

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) ALCOHOL, DRUG ADDICTION & MENTAL HEALTH FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	 Budgeted	Amo	ounts		Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive
	Original		Final	Actual	(1	Negative)
Revenues:						
Property taxes	\$ 35,799,126	\$	32,374,962	\$ 32,130,329	\$	(244,633)
Intergovernmental	10,475,553		14,279,851	14,675,066		395,215
Other	422,549		422,549	26,102		(396,447)
Total revenues	46,697,228		47,077,362	46,831,497		(245,865)
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Health	62,568,568		61,613,814	52,207,039		9,406,775
Total expenditures	62,568,568		61,613,814	52,207,039		9,406,775
Net change in fund balances	(15,871,340)		(14,536,452)	(5,375,542)		9,160,910
Fund balances at beginning of year	57,867,070		57,867,070	57,867,070		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	9,792,668		9,792,668	 9,792,668		
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 51,788,398	\$	53,123,286	\$ 62,284,196	\$	9,160,910

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) BOARD OF DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITIES FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts						riance with nal Budget Positive
		Original		Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:					 	-	
Property taxes	\$	54,608,837	\$	49,385,531	\$ 49,012,378	\$	(373,153)
Charges for services		-		-	113,609		113,609
Intergovernmental		1,273,047		18,089,475	22,605,335		4,515,860
Investment income		-		-	1,100		1,100
Other		11,529,948		526,690	2,009,210		1,482,520
Total revenues		67,411,832		68,001,696	73,741,632		5,739,936
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Health		92,983,751		95,281,498	86,574,165		8,707,333
Total expenditures		92,983,751		95,281,498	 86,574,165		8,707,333
Net change in fund balances		(25,571,919)		(27,279,802)	(12,832,533)		14,447,269
Fund balances at beginning of year		51,880,396		51,880,396	51,880,396		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		17,591,247		17,591,247	 17,591,247		_
Fund balance at end of year	\$	43,899,724	\$	42,191,841	\$ 56,639,110	\$	14,447,269

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AMERICAN RESCUE PLAN ACT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:							
Investment income	\$		\$	3,803,265	\$ 3,222,529	\$	(580,736)
Total revenues				3,803,265	 3,222,529		(580,736)
Expenditures:							
Current:							
General government:							
Legislative and executive		-		6,088,565	6,088,565		-
Judicial		-		26,259,599	26,259,599		-
Public safety		38,252		50,805,270	50,834,820		(29,550)
Total expenditures		38,252		83,153,434	83,182,984		(29,550)
Net change in fund balances		(38,252)		(79,350,169)	(79,960,455)		(610,286)
Fund balances at beginning of year		80,387,462		80,387,462	80,387,462		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		38,252		38,252	38,252		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	80,387,462	\$	1,075,545	\$ 465,259	\$	(610,286)

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2023

,	Business-type Activities	Governmental Activities -			
	Sewer Revenue	Internal Service Funds			
Assets:	Kevenue	Service Funus			
Current assets: Equity in pooled cash and investments Receivables:	\$ 8,027,227	\$ 13,539,413			
Accounts Special assessments	17,757,468 9,398,382	134,324			
Accrued interest on loans	28,787	-			
Due from other governments	1,388,001	758,561			
Loans	170,581	-			
Intergovernmental loan	7,034,930	210.591			
Materials and supplies inventory Prepayments	1,324,804 10,857	219,581 2,117,875			
Total current assets	45,141,037	16,769,754			
Noncurrent assets: Capital assets:					
Nondepreciable/amortizable capital assets	25,484,936	-			
Depreciable/amortizable capital assets, net	220,376,800	8,970,316			
Total capital assets, net	245,861,736	8,970,316			
Total assets	291,002,773	25,740,070			
Deferred outflows of resources: Pension	5,671,859	4,289,757			
OPEB	861,228	597,171			
Total deferred outflows of resources	6,533,087	4,886,928			
Liabilities: Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	19,826,293	240,925			
Accrued wages and benefits payable	319,370	202,697			
Due to other governments	11,593,533	31,336			
Interfund loans payable	4,500,000	-			
Accrued interest payable	14,828	234,789			
Deposits held and due to others Compensated absences payable - current	216,828 362,476	299,600			
FWCC payable - current	5,141	-			
OWDA loans payable - current	495,418	-			
OPWC loans payable - current	28,791	-			
WPCLF loans payable - current Leases payable - current	350,292 552,394	49,636			
Claims payable - current	332,394	4,792,871			
Notes payable - finance purchase - current	-	220,587			
Intergovernmental loans payable - current SBITA payable - current	115,211	1,955,118			
Total current liabilities	38,380,575	8,027,559			
Long-term liabilities:					
Compensated absences payable	861,221	711,832			
FWCC loans payable	884,993	-			
OWDA loans payable OPWC loans payable	6,354,167 244,722	-			
WPCLF loans payable	34,450,862	-			
Claims payable	-	1,179,350			
Leases payable Intergovernmental loans payable	3,655,963	72,509			
SBITA payable	1,332,557	6,300,531			
Net pension liability	13,779,748	9,481,201			
Net OPEB liability	290,685	200,006			
Total long-term liabilities	61,854,918	17,945,429			
Total liabilities	100,235,493	25,972,988			
Deferred inflows of resources:	255 205	201 125			
Pension OPEB	355,385 120,023	301,125 79,791			
Total deferred inflows of resources	475,408	380,916			
Net position:					
Net investment in capital assets	197,391,225	371,935			
Unrestricted (deficit)	(566,266)	3,901,159			
Total net position	196,824,959	\$ 4,273,094			
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of the internal service funds activities related to enterprise funds	(929,203)				

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Business-type Activities	Governmental Activities -			
	Sewer	Internal			
	Revenue	Service Funds			
Operating revenues:	Ф 50.004. 73 6	ф 00.01 2.422			
Charges for services	\$ 58,094,726	\$ 80,913,433			
Other operating revenues	556,423	275,407			
Total operating revenues	58,651,149	81,188,840			
Operating expenses:					
Personal services	11,629,605	7,599,883			
Contract services	32,603,968	5,019,745			
Materials and supplies	4,841,916	771,955			
Claims expense	-	74,019,195			
Depreciation/amortization	8,437,538	2,632,323			
Other	218,224	285,277			
Total operating expenses	57,731,251	90,328,378			
Operating income (loss)	919,898	(9,139,538)			
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):					
Interest	(643,231)	(487,265)			
Loss on sale of capital assets	(100,527)	-			
Investment income	13,547	93,526			
Intergovernmental	134,308	33,831			
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(595,903)	(359,908)			
Income (loss) before contributions and					
transfers	323,995	(9,499,446)			
Transfer in	4,994,931	7,635,676			
Capital contributions	8,011,881				
Change in net position	13,330,807	(1,863,770)			
Net position at beginning of year	183,494,152	6,136,864			
Net position at end of year	\$ 196,824,959	\$ 4,273,094			
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of the internal s					
funds activities related to enterprise funds	(485,169)				
Change in net position of business-type activities	\$ 12,845,638				

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Business-Type Activities -	Governmental Activities -			
	Sewer	Internal			
Cook the section of the section of	Revenue	Service Funds			
Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from sales/charges for services	¢ 50,005,622	\$ 80.405,802			
Cash received from other operations	\$ 50,005,622 644,961	,,			
-	(11,656,370)	314,500 (6,933,406)			
Cash payments for personal services Cash payments for contractual services	(31,542,255)	(5,999,082)			
Cash payments for materials and supplies	(4,756,981)	* ' '			
	(4,730,981)	(745,747)			
Cash payments for claims	(429,520)	(74,970,050)			
Cash payments for other expenses	(438,520)	(331,863)			
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	2,256,457	(8,259,846)			
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:					
Cash received from grants and subsidies	134,308	33,831			
Cash received from transfers in	4,994,931	7,635,676			
Cash received from interfund loans	7,791,460	-			
Cash used in repayment of interfund loans	(11,791,460)				
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	1,129,239	7,669,507			
Cash flows from capital and related					
financing activities:					
Acquisition of capital assets	(4,597,293)	(586,683)			
Principal retirement on debt	(4,097,611)	(2,304,787)			
Interest and fiscal charges on debt	(644,152)	(252,812)			
Issuance of loans	3,590,689	-			
Capital contributions	4,107,343				
Not each yeard in comital and related					
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	(1,641,024)	(3,144,282)			
initially work to the control of the	(1,0.11,02.1)	(5,111,202)			
Cash flows from investing activities:	10.717	00.504			
Interest received	13,547	93,526			
Net cash provided by investing activities	13,547	93,526			
Net change in cash and					
cash equivalents	1,758,219	(3,641,095)			
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	6,269,008	17,180,508			
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 8,027,227	\$ 13,539,413			
casa and cusa equivalents at end of year	<u> </u>	<u> </u>			

- - Continued

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

		siness-Type ctivities -	Governmental Activities - Internal			
		Sewer				
]	Revenue	Se	rvice Funds		
Reconciliation of Operating income (loss) to Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities						
Operating income (loss)	\$	919,898	\$	(9,139,538)		
Adjustments:						
Depreciation/amortization		8,437,538		2,632,323		
Changes in assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred	ed inflo	ws:				
Materials and supplies inventory		(24,052)		(44,430)		
Accounts receivable		(6,047,509)		(75,089)		
Due from other governments		150,835		(715,554)		
Special assessments receivable		(2,183,881)		-		
Due from other funds		497		322,105		
Intergovernmental loan receivable		52,279		-		
Loans receivable		27,217		-		
Prepayments		(5,412)		(250,748)		
Net OPEB asset		1,524,956		966,092		
Deferred outflows - pension		(3,881,975)		(2,818,409)		
Deferred outflows - OPEB		(861,228)		(421,941)		
Accounts payable		4,305,455		(2,459,929)		
Accrued wages and benefits		8,999		16,168		
Compensated absences payable		75,190		33,489		
Due to other funds		(65,842)		(10,427)		
Due to other governments		(3,343,927)		(5,691)		
Deposits held and due to others		(1)		-		
Net pension liability		9,491,064		6,764,233		
Net OPEB liability		290,685		200,006		
Claims payable		-		816,114		
Deferred inflows - pension		(5,111,055)		(3,116,600)		
Deferred outflows - OPEB		(1,503,274)		(952,020)		
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	2,256,457	\$	(8,259,846)		

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Custodial
Assets:	
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 85,952,487
Cash and investments - segregated accounts	15,665,010
Receivables:	
Real and other taxes	767,941,340
Accrued interest	31,148
Total assets	869,589,985
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	623,915
Due to other governments	63,112,212
Due to external parties	1,618,190
Total liabilities	65,354,317
Deferred inflows of resources:	
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year	675,980,182
Total deferred inflows of resources	675,980,182
Net position:	
Restricted for individuals, organizations and other governments	128,255,486
Total net position	\$ 128,255,486

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Custodial
Additions:	
Intergovernmental	\$ 42,675,732
Amounts received as fiscal agent	62,487,092
Licenses, permits and fees for other governments	141,311,755
Fines and forfeitures for other governments	32,780,338
Property tax collection for other governments	783,399,051
Payment in lieu of taxes collections for other governments	617,997
Other taxes collections for other governments	14,943,411
Investment income	47,605
Other custodial fund collections	46,564
Total additions	1,078,309,545
Deductions:	
Distributions as fiscal agent	72,290,880
Licenses, permits and fees distributions to other governments	141,771,446
Fines and forfeitures distributions to other governments	32,830,865
Property tax distributions to other governments	785,976,160
Payment in lieu of taxes distributions to other governments	617,997
Other taxes distributions to other governments	15,419,331
Intergovernmental distributions to other governments	43,440,260
Other custodial fund disbursements	123,858
Total deductions	1,092,470,797
Net change in fiduciary net position	(14,161,252)
Net position beginning of year	142,416,738
Net position end of year	\$ 128,255,486

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Note 1. Reporting Entity

The County of Summit (the "County") is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the Constitution and laws of the State of Ohio (the "State"). The County was formed by an enabling act of the Ohio State Legislature in 1840. The County operates under a council-executive form of government, as provided by its charter, which is also known as a Home Rule Charter. Per the Charter, there are 11 elected County Council members and a County Executive. The County Fiscal Officer is the chief fiscal officer. In addition, there are four other elected administrative officials, each of whom is independent as set forth in Ohio Law. These officials are the Clerk of Courts, Engineer, Prosecutor, and Sheriff. There are also ten Common Pleas Court Judges, two Domestic Relations Court Judges, one Juvenile Court Judge, and one Probate Court Judge.

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component unit and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the County consists of funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the County. For the County of Summit, this includes the Children Services Board (CSB), Board of Developmental Disabilities (BDD), Alcohol, Drug Addiction & Mental Health Services Board (ADAMHS), Job & Family Services (JFS), and all departments and activities that are directly operated by the elected County officials.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the County is financially accountable. The County is financially accountable for an organization if the County appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the County is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the County is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or (3) the County is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the County is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations for which the County approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes or whose relationship with the County is such that to exclude their activity would be misleading. Based on the criteria described, the County has three component units. The component unit columns in the basic financial statements identify the financial data of two of the County's component units and the component units are also presented in Notes 24 and 25 to the basic financial statements.

The Summit County Land Reutilization Corporation (SCLRC) is legally separate from the County. The SCLRC is a county land reutilization corporation that was formed on June 4, 2012 when the Summit County Council authorized the incorporation of the SCLRC under Chapter 1724 of the Ohio Revised Code through resolution number 2012-214 as a not-for-profit corporation under the laws of the State of Ohio. The purpose of the SCLRC is to strengthen neighborhoods in the County by returning vacant and abandoned properties to productive use. The Corporation has been designated as the County's agent to further its mission to reclaim, rehabilitate and reutilize vacant, abandoned, tax foreclosed and other real property in the County under Chapter 5722 of the Ohio Revised Code.

Pursuant to Section 1724.03 (B) of the Ohio Revised Code, the Board of Directors of the SCLRC shall be composed of seven members including, (1) the County Fiscal Officer, (2) the County Executive, (3) a member of the County Council, (4) one representative of the City of Akron, as the municipal corporation in Summit County with the largest population, based on the population according to the most recent federal decennial census, (5) one representative of a township with a population of greater than ten thousand based on the population according to the most recent federal decennial census, (6) two additional members selected by the Fiscal Officer, Executive and Council Representative. The County appoints a majority of the SCLRC Board and the County is able to impose its will on the SCLRC. The SCLRC qualifies as a discretely presented component unit and is presented in Note 24 to the basic financial statements. Separately issued financial statements can be obtained from the Summit County Land Reutilization Corporation, 400 South Portage Path, Akron, Ohio 44320.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

The Summit and Medina Workforce Area Council of Governments (SAMWA COG) is legally separate from the County. The SAMWA COG is a council of governments that was formed on November 1, 2016 when, pursuant to Chapter 167 of the Ohio Revised Code, the necessary intergovernmental agreement was filed with the Ohio Auditor of State. The purpose of the SAMWA COG is to administer the public workforce development system in Local Workforce Area 2. The SAMWA COG receives and administers funds designated for Workforce Area 2 from the federal government under the Workforce Innovation Opportunities Act and from the State of Ohio under the Ohio Works Incentive Program and Workforce Innovation Fund.

Pursuant to Section 167.02 of the Ohio Revised Code and the Intergovernmental Agreement forming the SAMWA COG, the Board of Directors of the SAMWA COG shall be composed of the County Executive on behalf of Summit County and one Medina County Commissioner elected by the Medina County Commissioners. The SAMWA COG Directors appoint the members of the Workforce Development Board, pursuant to 29 USC Section 3122, who are then responsible to monitor performance of the workforce development system. The County is able to impose its will on the SAMWA COG and thus it qualifies as a discretely presented component unit and is presented in Note 25 to the basic financial statements. Separately issued financial statements can be obtained from the Summit and Medina Workforce Area Council of Governments, 175 S. Main St., Suite 207, Akron, Ohio 44308.

The Summit County Transportation Improvement District (SCTID) is a body politic and corporate, created to foster intergovernmental and public-private cooperation to facilitate infrastructure improvements, which result in job creation or retention. The SCTID was specifically created pursuant to Chapter 5540 of the Ohio Revised Code, as amended. The SCTID has an independent board of directors consisting of five voting members appointed by the County Executive and confirmed by Council and two non-voting members appointed by the President of the Ohio Senate and Speaker of the Ohio House of Representatives. The County appoints a majority of the board of the SCTID and is able to impose its will on the SCTID. The SCTID qualifies as a discretely presented component unit, however it has not been presented in the financial statements or note disclosures as it is considered immaterial.

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

The financial statements of the County have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the County's accounting policies are described below.

The County's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the County as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The activity of the internal service funds is eliminated to avoid "doubling up" revenues and expenses. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. The statements distinguish between those activities of the County that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental and business-type activities for the County at year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the County's governmental activities and for the business-type activities of the County. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the County, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the County.

Fund Financial Statements

During the year, the County segregates transactions related to certain County functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the County at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Internal service funds are combined and the totals are presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statements. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

Fund Accounting

The County uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the County are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance. The following are the County's major governmental funds:

General - This fund accounts for the general operating revenues and expenditures of the County not recorded elsewhere. The general fund balance is available to the County for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio. The primary revenue sources are property taxes, sales and use tax, charges for services, intergovernmental revenues and investment income.

Job & Family Services – This fund accounts for various federal and state grants as well as transfers from the General fund used to provide public assistance to general relief recipients, medical assistance and certain public social services.

Children Services Board - This fund accounts for countywide property tax levy, federal and state grants, and reimbursements used for County child care programs. State law restricts the expenditure of these resources to programs designed to aid children from troubled families. Major expenditures are for foster homes, emergency shelters, medical costs, counseling and parental training.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Alcohol, Drug Addiction & Mental Health Services - This fund accounts for countywide property tax levy and federal and state grants that are extended primarily to pay the costs of contracts with local mental health agencies which provide services to the public at large including mental health and alcohol and drug programs.

Board of Developmental Disabilities - This fund accounts for a countywide property tax levy, federal and state grants, and reimbursements used for care and services for the mentally and developmentally disabled.

American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) - This fund accounts for federal funding as part of the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act. This funding provides additional funding for state and local governments to use for revenue replacement for the provision of government services to the extent of the reduction in revenue due to the COVID-19 public health emergency; COVID-19 expenditures including assistance to small businesses, households, hard-hit industries and economic recovery; premium pay for essential workers or investments in water, sewer and broadband infrastructure.

Other Capital Improvements - To account for activity associated with construction and/or renovation of various county buildings and other projects. Bonds, grants and transfers provide the source of financing.

The other governmental funds of the County account for grants and other resources to which the County is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources.

Proprietary Funds Proprietary fund reporting focuses on the determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position and cash flows. Proprietary funds are classified as either enterprise or internal service.

Enterprise Funds - These funds are used to account for operations that provide services, which are financed primarily by user charges, or activities where periodic measurement of income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control or other purposes. These funds account for the provision of sewer services to external users throughout the County. All activities necessary to provide such services, including capital projects and debt financed by user charges, are accounted for in these funds. Sewer Revenue funds are reported as major funds of the County.

Internal Service Funds – Internal service funds account for the financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the County on a cost-reimbursement basis. The County's internal service funds are: Office Services, Medical Self-Insurance, Property and Casualty Insurance, Workers' Compensation, Telephone Services, Internal Audit, Geographic Information Systems, Information Technology and Internal Leases.

Fiduciary Funds Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension and other employee benefit trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and custodial funds. The County only maintains custodial funds. Custodial funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in a trust fund. The County's custodial funds account for assets held by the County for political subdivisions in which the County acts as fiscal agent, which include Metro Parks, District Health, Development Finance Authority and for taxes, State-levied shared revenues and fines and forfeitures collected and distributed to other political subdivisions.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the County are included on the Statement of Net Position.

Fund Financial Statements All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets, current deferred outflows of resources, current liabilities and current deferred inflows of resources generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements, therefore, include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds. Like the government-wide statements, all proprietary fund types are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of net position. The statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net position. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the County finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

Fiduciary funds present a statement of changes in fiduciary net position which reports additions to and deductions from custodial funds.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements, proprietary and fiduciary funds are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred inflows of resources and deferred outflows of resources, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues – **Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions** Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. The availability period used for the recognition of revenue is sixty days.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the County receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include sales and use taxes, property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from sales taxes is recognized in the period in which the taxable sale takes place. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. (See Note 7) Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the County must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the County on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at year-end: sales and use tax (See Note 8), investment income, federal and state grants and subsidies, state-levied locally shared taxes (including motor vehicle license fees and gasoline taxes), fees and rentals.

Deferred Inflows of Resources and Deferred Outflows of Resources A deferred inflow of resources is an acquisition of net assets by the County that is applicable to a future reporting period. A deferred outflow of resources is a consumption of net assets by the County that is applicable to a future reporting period. For the County, deferred outflows of resources include a deferred charge on refunding reported in the government-wide statement of net position for deferred charges on refunding and for pension and OPEB. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The deferred outflows of resources related to pension and OPEB plans are explained in Notes 11 and 12.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net asset that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. For the County, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes, pension, OPEB and unavailable revenue. Property taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of December 31, 2023, but which were levied to finance 2023 operations. These amounts have been recorded as a deferred inflow on both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental funds balance sheet, and represents receivables which will not be collected within the available period. For the County, unavailable revenue includes delinquent property taxes, special assessments, charges for services, fines and forfeitures, and intergovernmental grants. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available. Deferred inflows of resources related to pension and OPEB plans are reported on the government-wide statement of net position. (See Notes 11 and 12)

Expenses/Expenditures On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

Budgetary Data

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources and the appropriations resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources and the appropriations resolution are subject to amendment throughout the year with the legal restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources, as certified. All funds, other than custodial funds, are required by law to be budgeted and appropriated. The legal level of budgetary control is at the object level within each department. Although statutory law requires that all funds be budgeted, it is not necessary to do so if the County Budget Commission does not anticipate any cash activity for certain funds. Budgetary modifications may only be made by resolution of County Council.

Tax Budget A budget of estimated revenues and expenditures is submitted to the County of Summit Fiscal Officer, by July 20 of each year, for the period January 1 to December 31 of the following year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Estimated Resources The County Budget Commission reviews estimated revenues and determines if the budget substantiates a need to levy all or part of previously authorized taxes. The Commission certifies its actions to the County by September 1. As part of this certification, the County receives the official certificate of estimated resources, which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to December 31, the County must revise its budget so that the total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing fiscal year will not exceed the amount available as stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as the basis for the annual appropriation measure. On or about January 1, the certificate is amended to include any unencumbered cash balances from the preceding year. The certificate may be amended further during the year if the County of Summit Fiscal Officer determines, and the Budget Commission agrees, that an estimate needs to be increased or decreased.

The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the amended certificate when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the final amended certificate issued during 2023.

Appropriations A temporary resolution to control expenditures may be passed on or around January 1 of each year for the period January 1 to March 31. An annual appropriation resolution must be passed by April 1 of each year for the period January 1 to December 31. Each County department, in conjunction with the Department of Finance & Budget, prepares a budget that is approved by County Council. Throughout the year modifications and amendments to the original budget must be processed by the Department of Finance & Budget and approved through legal resolution by County Council. Each revised budget includes all modifications and supplemental appropriations that were necessary during the year. The County maintains budgetary control by fund, function, organizational unit, and object class and does not permit expenditures/expenses and encumbrances to exceed appropriations.

Lapsing Of Appropriations At the close of each year, unencumbered appropriations in annually budgeted funds revert to the respective fund from which they were appropriated and become subject to future appropriation. As required by State of Ohio law, the Delinquent Tax Assessment Collection fund must rollover the unexpended appropriations at the end of the year.

Deposits and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the County is pooled. Monies for all funds, including proprietary funds, are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the County's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments" on the financial statements. The County has segregated bank accounts for monies held separate from the County's central bank account. These monies are presented in the financial statements as "Cash and Investments - Segregated Accounts" since they are not required to be deposited into the County treasury.

The County utilizes a jointly governed organization Northeast Ohio Network (NEON), see Note 19, to service mentally disabled and developmentally disabled residents within the County. The balance in this account is presented as "Cash With Fiscal Agent" and represents the monies held for the County.

Investments were limited to a Cooperative Agreement, Federal Farm Credit Bank (FFCB) securities, Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB) securities, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC) securities, Federal Mortgage Associate Corporation (FMAC) securities, Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA) securities, Israel Savings Bonds, Summit County LRC securities, Summit County Finance Authority securities, US Treasury notes, US Government money market accounts and STAR Ohio.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

STAR Ohio (the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio), is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 79, "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants." The County measures its investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides an NAV per share that approximates fair value.

There were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, 24 hours notice in advance of all deposits and withdrawals exceeding \$100 million is encouraged. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$250 million, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$250 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

The County has the ability and the intent to hold all investments to maturity. County policy requires interest earned on investments to be credited to the General Fund except where there is a legal requirement that the interest income follow the principal. Any increase or decrease in fair value is reported as a component of interest income. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during 2023 amounted to \$24,811,422, which includes \$24,171,795 assigned from other County funds.

Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments includes all liquid deposits and investments with maturity of three months or less when deposited or purchased.

Materials and Supplies Inventory

On government-wide financial statements, inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used.

On fund financial statements, inventories of governmental funds are stated at cost while inventories of proprietary funds are stated at the lower of cost or market. For all funds, cost is determined on a first-in, first-out basis. The cost of inventory items is recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund types when consumed. Inventories of the enterprise fund are expensed when used.

Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond December 31, 2023, are recorded as prepaid items, using the allocation method by recording a current asset for the prepaid amount and reflecting the expenditure in the year in which services are consumed. Prepaid items of governmental funds are recognized when incurred (purchases method).

Capital Assets and Depreciation/Amortization

Capital assets, including property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets, are those assets, which are associated with and generally arise from governmental activities. Capital assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. Capital assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements, except for internal service funds, which are reported in both. Capital assets utilized by the enterprise fund are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net position and in the fund financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

In the case of the initial capitalization of general infrastructure assets, associated with governmental activities, the County chose to include all such items regardless of their acquisition date or amount. The County was able to estimate the historical cost for the initial reporting of these assets by estimating the current replacement cost of the infrastructure to be capitalized and using a price index to adjust the cost to the acquisition or estimated acquisition year. Capital assets, including infrastructure, are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost). Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. Capital assets are defined as assets with an individual cost of \$10,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. The County's infrastructure consists of roads, bridges, culverts and similar items. Improvements are capitalized, while the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All capital assets are depreciated or amortized except for land and construction in progress. Improvements are depreciated/amortized over the useful lives of the related capital assets. Useful lives for infrastructure were estimated based on the County's historical records of necessary improvements and replacement. Depreciation/amortization is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Description</u>	Governmental Activities Estimated Lives	Business-Type Activities Estimated Lives
Land improvements	15 years	N/A years
Buildings and improvements	40 years	35 - 40 years
Machinery and Equipment	3 - 7 years	3 - 25 years
Intangibles	3 years	N/A
Infrastructure	20 - 50 years	N/A
Pump Stations	N/A	25 years
Treatment Plants	N/A	25 - 35 years
Sewer Lines	N/A	75 years
Intangible right-to-use assets	5 - 20 years	5 - 20 years

The County is reporting intangible right-to-use assets related to equipment, vehicles, office space and Subscription Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs). The intangible assets are being amortized in a systematic and rational manner of the shorter of the lease/subscription term or the useful life of the underlying asset.

Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "Due To/From Other Funds", "Interfund Loans Receivable/Payable" and "Due to/from External Parties". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the statement of net position, except for any net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Compensated Absences

The liability for compensated absences is based on the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences" as interpreted by Interpretation No. 6 of the GASB, "Recognition and Measurement of Certain Liabilities and Expenditures in Governmental Fund Financial Statements". Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the County will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is based on the County's past experience of making termination payments.

The entire compensated absence liability is recorded on the government-wide financial statements. For governmental funds, the County records a liability for accumulated, unused, vacation time when earned for all employees with more than one year of service. The County records a liability for accumulated, unused, sick leave for eligible employees in the period in which the employee becomes eligible to receive payment. The current portion of unpaid compensated absences is the expected amount to be paid using expendable available resources, and is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, as a result of resignations or retirements. These amounts are recorded in the account "compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid. The non-current portion of the liability is not reported. In the proprietary funds, compensated absences are expensed when earned. The entire amount of compensated absences is reported as a fund liability.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

County payables accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported in the proprietary fund financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources and are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims, judgments and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds, leases and long-term loans are recognized as a liability in the governmental fund financial statements when due. Net pension/OPEB liability should be recognized in the governmental funds to the extent that they are due and payable and the pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is not sufficient for payment of those benefits.

Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB asset/liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB, and pension/OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amounts of loans receivable, as well as property acquired for resale, unless the use of the proceeds from the collection of those receivables or from the sale of those properties is restricted, committed, or assigned.

Restricted Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditor (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Committed The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of County Council. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the County Council removes or changes the specific use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Constraints imposed on the use of committed amounts are imposed by County Council, separate from the authorization to raise the underlying revenue; therefore, compliance with these constraints is not considered to be legally enforceable. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the County for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balances represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by policies of the County Commission. The County Council has by resolution authorized the fiscal officer to assign fund balance. The County Council may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget.

Unassigned Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The County applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets plus deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets or related debt are also included in this component of net position. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the County or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the goods or services that are the primary activity of the fund. All revenues and expenses not meeting these definitions are classified as Nonoperating.

Contributions of Capital

Contributions of capital in the proprietary fund financial statements arise from outside contributions of capital assets, tap-in fees to the extent they exceed the cost of the connection to the system, or from grants or outside contributions of resources restricted to capital acquisition and construction from governmental activities.

Interfund Activity

During the normal course of operations, the County has numerous transactions between funds. These transactions include charges for services provided by one fund to other funds and transfers, which represent transfers of resources from a fund receiving revenue to a fund through which those resources will be expended. Transfers are recorded as other financing sources (uses) in governmental funds and transfers in (out) in the proprietary funds.

Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Grants and other Intergovernmental Revenues

Local Government fund revenues are recorded as receivables and revenues when measurable and available. Assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement are recorded as intergovernmental receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs. Federal and state reimbursement type grants for the acquisition or construction of capital assets are recorded as receivables and contributed capital when the related expenses are incurred. All other federal and state type grants are recorded as receivables and revenues when the related expenditures/expenses are incurred.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Note 3. Accountability and Compliance

A. Change in Accounting Principles

For 2023, the County has implemented GASB Statement No. 94, "Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements", GASB Statement No. 96, "Subscription Based Information Technology Arrangements", certain questions and answers of GASB Implementation Guide 2021-1 and certain paragraphs of GASB Statement No. 99, "Omnibus 2022".

GASB Statement No. 94 is to improve financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public partnership arrangements (PPPs). As used in this Statement, a PPP is an arrangement in which a government (the transferor) contracts with an operator (a governmental or nongovernmental entity) to provide public services by conveying control of the right to operate or use a nonfinancial asset, such as infrastructure or other capital asset (the underlying PPP asset), for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 94 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the County.

GASB Statement No. 96 provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). This Statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset—an intangible asset—and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. To the extent relevant, the standards for SBITAs are based on the standards established in Statement No. 87, Leases, as amended. These changes were incorporated in the County's 2023 financial statements.

GASB Implementation Guide 2021-1 provides clarification on issues related to previously established GASB guidance. The implementation of GASB Implementation Guide 2021-1 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the County.

GASB Statement No. 99 is to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 99 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the County.

B. Deficit Fund Balances/Net Positions

Fund balances/net positions at December 31, 2023 included the following individual fund deficits:

	<u>Deficit</u>
Nonmajor governmental fund CSEA	\$ 64,883
Internal service funds	
Office services	162,064
Hospital benefits	545,286
Telephone services	279,172
Internal audit	460,668
Graphic information systems	453,928
Information technology	1,423,454

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

The general fund is liable for any deficit in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. The deficit fund balances resulted from adjustments for accrued liabilities.

Note 4. Fund Balance

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources. The constraints placed on the fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented below.

Fund balance	General		Job and Family Services		Children Services Board	Alcohol, Drug Addiction and Mental Health		Board of Developmental Disabilities				Other Capital Improvements	Go	Other vernmental Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
Nonspendable: Materials and supplies inventory Prepayments Unclaimed monies		177,204 577,910 2,372,599	\$ 7,19 216,73	33	\$ - 243,991		,648	\$	54,010 357,740	\$	- - -	\$ - - -	\$	170,368 181,296	\$	408,774 1,629,318 2,372,599
Total nonspendable		3,127,713	223,92	25	243,991	51	,648		411,750	-	-			351,664		4,410,691
Restricted: Children services Mental health Health Social services Engineer services Debt service Emergency Mgmt Capital projects Real estate assessments Delinquent tax assessment collect. Akron Zoo Project Total restricted	_	- - - - - - - - -			51,484,555	67,417	- - - - - - - -		5,517,556		195,409	26,748,922		77,278,422 39,716,195 14,966,652 9,425,846 1,167,631 - 7,815,745 6,021,050 3,107,929 59,499,470	1:	51,484,555 67,417,790 52,795,978 39,911,604 14,966,652 9,425,846 1,167,631 26,748,922 7,815,745 6,021,050 3,107,929 80,863,702
Committed:										-		· <u></u>				
Capital projects Total committed		-		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	=		68,048,267 68,048,267	_			68,048,267 68,048,267
Assigned: Legislative and executive programs Judicial programs Public safety programs Health programs Human services programs Other purposes Capital projects Total assigned		715,949 255,564 823,663 1,541,453 1,072,233 904,472 5,313,334		- - - - - -	- - - - - - -		- - - - - -		- - - - - -		-	14,856,133 14,856,133		- - - - - 18,754,870		715,949 255,564 823,663 1,541,453 1,072,233 904,472 33,611,003 38,924,337
Unassigned (deficit)	59	9,504,110	(625,64	10)	-		-		-		-	-		(80,937)	:	58,797,533
Total fund balances	\$ 6	7,945,157	\$ (401,71	5)	\$ 51,728,546	\$ 67,469	,438	\$ 75	5,929,306	\$	195,409	\$ 109,653,322	\$ 1	78,525,067		51,044,530

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Note 5. Budgetary Basis of Accounting

While reporting financial position, results of operations and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual are presented in the basic financial statements for the General Fund and Major Special Revenue Funds. The major differences for those funds between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).
- 2. Expenditures/Expenses are recorded when paid in cash (budget) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP).
- 3. Outstanding year-end encumbrances are treated as expenditures/expenses (budget) rather than as restricted or assigned fund balance for governmental fund types (GAAP).
- 4. Some funds are included in the General Fund (GAAP), but have separate legally adopted budgets.

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year from the Non-GAAP Budget Basis to the GAAP Basis for the governmental funds are as follows:

Net Change in Fund Balance General and Major Special Revenue

		Major Governmental Funds									
	'		Job and		Children				Board of		
	General		<u>Family</u>	Se	rvices Board		<u>ADAMH</u>		<u>DD</u>		<u>ARPA</u>
Budget basis	\$ (3,962,045)	\$	(508,067)	\$	1,249,670	\$	(5,375,542)	\$	(12,832,533)	\$	(79,960,455)
Net adjustment for revenue accruals	6,155,756		(120,562)		914,068		778,557		486,012		78,506,291
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals	3,818,022		(473,707)		(256,417)		(2,328,273)		280,861		-
Net adjustment for other sources/uses	(3,678,544)		-		-		-		-		-
Funds budgeted elsewhere	(3,158,996)		-		-		-		-		-
Adjustment for encumbrances	5,313,334		299,739		3,158,962	_	7,786,270		12,913,784		29,550
GAAP basis	\$ 4,487,527	\$	(802,597)	\$	5,066,283	\$	861,012	\$	848,124	\$	(1,424,614)

Note 6. Deposits and Investments

The County maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all fund types, general, special revenue, debt service, capital projects, enterprise, internal service, and fiduciary. Each fund type's portion of the pool is presented on the financial statements as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments."

Protection of the County's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by the financial institution's participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits - Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the County will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Ohio law requires that deposits either be insured or protected by (1) eligible securities pledged to the County and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose fair value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured, or (2) participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total fair value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of State.

At December 31, 2023, the carrying value of the County's deposits was \$132,328,528 and the bank balance was \$144,795,002. The difference in the carrying amount and the bank balance were items in transit. Of the bank balance:

\$1,804,100 was covered by the FDIC.

\$142,990,902 was collateralized through participation in the OPCS. The County's financial institutions were collateralized County deposits at either 50, 100 or 102 percent through the OPCS. Although all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with Federal requirements could potentially subject the County to a successful claim by the FDIC.

Investments – The County Council and the County Investment Advisory Board has approved its investment policy and has filed the policy with the Auditor of State, pursuant to Ohio Revised Code 135.35. The County is authorized to invest in U.S. Treasury Bills; Notes; Bonds; various federal agency securities including issues of the Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA), Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC), Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB), Federal Farm Credit Bank (FFCB), Student Loan Marketing Association (SLMA), Government National Mortgage Association (GNMA), and other agencies or instrumentalities of the United States. Eligible investments include securities that may be purchased at premium or a discount.

All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of the federal government agencies or instrumentalities. Commercial paper and banker acceptances rated in the highest category by a nationally recognized rating agency and must mature within 180 days. Commercial paper and corporate notes, if invested in, must mature within 270 days. The County may invest in Certificates of deposits from eligible institutions and no-load money market funds rated in the highest category by a nationally recognized rating agency. The County may invest in debt interests rated at the time of purchase in the three highest categories by two nationally recognized standard rating services and issued by foreign nations diplomatically recognized by the United States governments. The debt interests must be backed by the full faith and credit of that foreign nation, there is no prior history of default, and the debt interest matures not later than five years after purchase. The County may also invest in repurchase agreements and securities lending agreements and the State Treasurer's Investment pool.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited by the County investment policy. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited by the County investment policy. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the County, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

Interest Rate Risk – The fair value of securities in the County's portfolio will increase or decrease based upon changes in the general level of interest rates. Maintaining adequate liquidity so that current obligations can be met without a sale of securities and diversification of assets will minimize the effects of the fair value fluctuations.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Credit Risk – Credit risk will be minimized by diversifying assets by the issuer and ensuring that required minimum credit quality ratings exist prior to the purchase of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances and maintaining adequate collateralization of CD's pursuant to the method as determined by the Chief Fiscal Officer. The County's investment in various federal agencies; FNMA, FHLMC, FHLB and FFCB were rated AAA by both Standard and Poor's and Moody's Investor Services.

As of December 31, 2023, the County had the following investments:

			Investment Maturities										
Measurement/	M	easurement	6	months or		7 to 12		13 to 18		19 to 24	(reater than	Portfolio
<u>Investment type</u>	_	Value	-	less		months		months		months	_	24 months	Percentage
Fair value:													
Cooperative agreement	\$	2,000,000	\$	2,000,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	0.37%
FFCB		91,067,823		12,907,430		8,276,815		21,161,272		5,372,542		43,349,764	17.00%
FHLB		50,611,885		6,897,266		7,355,820		-		-		36,358,799	9.45%
FHLMC		47,935,490		4,903,930		13,087,630		8,059,380		21,884,550		-	8.95%
FMAC		9,026,535		2,500,000		-		-		-		6,526,535	1.68%
FNMA		31,468,655		3,441,620		10,630,590		2,359,100		15,037,345		-	5.87%
Israel savings bond		4,433,015		1,495,065		-		967,690		1,970,260		-	0.83%
Summit County LRC securities		1,666,666		1,666,666		-		-		-		-	0.31%
Summit County Dev. FA securities		2,279,026		-		-		-		-		2,279,026	0.43%
US Treasury notes		101,884,886		11,459,260		5,372,520		4,731,650		160,725		80,160,731	19.02%
US Government money market		5,183,611		5,183,611		-		-		-		-	0.97%
Amortized cost:													
STAR Ohio		188,145,020		188,145,020		<u> </u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>			<u>35.12</u> %
Total	\$	535,702,612	\$	240,599,868	\$	44,723,375	\$	37,279,092	\$	44,425,422	\$	168,674,855	100.00%

The County categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by GAAP. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The County's investments in money market mutual funds are valued using quoted market prices in active markets (Level 1 inputs). The County's investments in U.S. Treasury Notes, U.S. Agency securities, and foreign government bonds are valued using quoted prices in markets that are not considered to be active, dealer quotations or alternative pricing sources for similar assets or liabilities for which all significant inputs are observable, either directly or indirectly (Level 2 inputs).

Custodial Credit Risk – For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the County will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The County's custodial credit risk policy is stated in the Investments policy described above.

Concentration of Credit Risk – The County places no limit on the amount the County may invest in any one issuer. See the investment concentration percentages in the table above.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

A reconciliation of cash and investments as shown on the financial statements is as follows:

Cash and investments per note	
Carrying amount of deposits	\$ 132,328,528
Investments	535,702,612
Cash on hand	 559,716
Total	\$ 668,590,856
Cash and investments per statement of net position	
Governmental activities	\$ 558,946,132
Business-type activities	8,027,227
Custodial funds	 101,617,497
Total	\$ 668,590,856

Cash with Fiscal Agent – In addition to deposits and investments, the County has uninsured and uncollateralized cash in the amount of \$4,825,836 being held by NEON, a jointly governed organization (See Note 19).

Cash Deficits – Certain disbursements for accounts within various funds have been made from the "Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments" account in excess of their individual equities. The balance of these amounts has been reported in the balance sheet and the statement of fiduciary net position as "Due To/From External Parties."

Note 7. Property Taxes

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility property located in the County. Property tax revenue received during 2023 for real and public utility property taxes represents collections of the 2022 taxes.

Real property taxes for 2023 were levied after October 1, 2023 on the assessed value as of January 1, 2023, the lien date. Assessed values are established by State law at 35 percent of appraised market value. 2023 real property taxes are collected in and intended to finance 2024.

Public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value; public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value. 2023 public utility property taxes which became a lien December 31, 2022, are levied after October 1, 2023, and are collected in 2024 with real property taxes.

The assessed value upon which the 2022 taxes collected in 2023 was \$14,693,489,480. The full tax rate for all County operations applied to real property for fiscal year ended December 31, 2023, was \$14.10 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation. The assessed values of real and tangible personal property upon which 2023 property tax receipts were based are as follows:

Real Property	\$ 14,002,180,740
Public Utility	691,308,740
Total Assessed Value	<u>\$ 14,693,489,480</u>

Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due January 20; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due January 20 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, state statute permits earlier or later payment dates to be established.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

The County Fiscal Officer collects property taxes on behalf of all taxing districts within the County. The County Fiscal Officer - Auditor's Division periodically remits to the taxing districts their portions of the taxes collected. Collection of the taxes and remittance of them to the taxing districts are accounted for in various funds of the County.

Property taxes receivable represents delinquent taxes and outstanding real property and public utility taxes, which were measurable at December 31, 2023. Total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable amounts. However, since these revenue collections to be received during the available period are not subject to reasonable estimation at December 31, nor are they intended to finance 2023 operations, the receivable is offset by a credit to Deferred Inflow of Resources.

Note 8. Sales and Use Tax

For the purpose of providing additional revenues, the County has levied a tax at the rate of one-half of one percent upon certain retail sales and upon the storage, use, or consumption of tangible personal property within the County. This levy is in addition to the five and three quarters percent statewide sales tax levy. Vendor collections of the tax are paid to the State Treasurer by the twenty-third day of the month following collection. The State Tax Commissioner certifies to the Ohio Department of Budget and Management (OBM) the amount of the tax to be returned to the County. The Tax Commissioner's certification must be made within forty-five (45) days after the end of each month. The OBM then has five (5) days in which to draw the warrant payable to the County.

Proceeds of the tax are credited entirely to the General Fund. Amounts that have been collected by the State and are to be received within sixty days of year-end are accrued as revenue, as measurable and available. A receivable is recognized at year-end for amounts that will be received from sales, which occurred during 2022. On a full accrual basis, the full amount of the receivable is recognized as revenue. On a modified accrual basis, the amount of the receivable that will be received outside of the available period is a deferred inflow of resources. As of December 31, 2023, sales tax revenues reported in the General Fund amounted to approximately \$58.9 million.

Note 9. Receivables

Receivables at December 31, 2023 consisted of taxes, accounts (billing for user charged services, including unbilled utility services), special assessments, accrued interest, loans and intergovernmental receivables arising from grants, entitlements, and shared revenues. The County has implemented GASB No. 38 "Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures" which modifies disclosure requirements related to the summary of significant accounting policies. The County of Summit presents receivables on the statement of net position and the balance sheet as disaggregated major components; therefore, full note disclosure is not required. Special assessments, accrued interest, and intergovernmental receivables are deemed collectible in full. Delinquent accounts receivable may be certified and collected as a special assessment, subject to foreclosure for nonpayment. The County has \$8,666,028 in current special assessments at December 31, 2023, of that amount \$2,676,950 is delinquent and an allowance has been provided.

The County applies the provisions of GASB No. 6 in accounting for and reporting special assessments and related transactions. The County's special assessments are secured by liens on assessed properties and are also backed by the full faith and credit of the County. Accordingly, they are accounted for and reported in the government-wide financial statement as governmental or business-type activities based on the purpose of the assessment. Long-term special assessments expected to be collected in more than one year amount to \$1,806,864 in the Business-type activities column.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

In prior years the County issued debt for various sewer projects that involve Summit, Stark and Portage counties and other local communities. Stark and Portage counties, the City of Akron and the Village of Silver Lake have agreed to repay a portion of the debt for these projects. The County has recorded an intergovernmental loan receivable at December 31, 2023 in the amount of \$55,085.

The County sold the Hudson Water System to the City of Akron in December, 2006 for \$6,454,845. The value of the system shall be held as a credit for the County and shall be used by the County to purchase certain sewer infrastructure owned by the City. As of December 31, 2023, the balance is still outstanding and has been recorded as intergovernmental loans receivable.

The County sold the portion of the sanitary sewer system located within the City of Norton to the City of Barberton in January, 2016 for \$1,750,000. The County has recorded an intergovernmental loan receivable at December 31, 2023 in the amount of \$525,000.

During 2016, the County entered into a lease with the City of Akron for the city's portion of the 800 Mhz Radio System Upgrade. The County issued general obligation bonds for the project and the City of Akron is paying for their portion through a lease with the County. The County has recorded this financed purchase intergovernmental agreement at December 31, 2023 in the amount of \$6,310,000.

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Note 10. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2023 was as follows:

		Balance at 12/31/2022		Additions/ Transfers		Deletions/ Transfers	Balance at 12/31/2023		
Governmental Activities:									
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated/Amor	rtized:								
Land	\$	8,402,353	\$	201,823	\$	(867,992)	\$	7,736,184	
Construction in progress		14,908,947		46,402,348		(9,190,961)		52,120,334	
Total assets not being depreciated		23,311,300		46,604,171		(10,058,953)		59,856,518	
Depreciable/Amortizable Capital Assets:		, ,		, ,		() , , ,		, ,	
Land improvements		20,501,957		1,227,167		(14,553)		21,714,571	
Buildings and building improvements		196,432,116		3,872,331		(5,982,517)		194,321,930	
Machinery and equipment		38,272,868		1,349,027		(1,350,213)		38,271,682	
Intangibles		5,104,518		838,950		(159,162)		5,784,306	
Infrastructure		208,094,764		20,680,775		(1,909,016)		226,866,523	
Intangible right-to-use assets:						, , ,			
Equipment		348,808		234,039		(68,593)		514,254	
Vehicles		287,722				-		287,722	
Office space		4,461,732		_		-		4,461,732	
SBITAs		-		10,859,674		-		10,859,674	
Total Depreciable/Amortizable Capital				<u> </u>				<u> </u>	
Assets		473,504,485		39,061,963		(9,484,054)		503,082,394	
Less Accumulated Depreciation/Amortizatio	n:	·	-						
Land improvements		(8,171,924)		(2,014,327)		14,553		(10,171,698)	
Buildings and building improvements		(116,503,664)		(7,068,866)		4,472,372		(119,100,158)	
Machinery and equipment		(33,576,723)		(1,919,277)		1,329,016		(34,166,984)	
Intangibles		(4,596,755)		(609,243)		159,162		(5,046,836)	
Infrastructure		(113,762,281)		(5,788,974)		631,369		(118,919,886)	
Intangible right-to-use assets:									
Equipment		(115,477)		(165,990)		68,593		(212,874)	
Vehicles		(15,024)		(56,603)		-		(71,627)	
Office space		(468,852)		(468,852)		-		(937,704)	
SBITAs		-		(2,229,690)		-		(2,229,690)	
Total Accumulated				<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>					
Depreciation/Amortization		(277,210,700)		(20,321,822)		6,675,065		(290,857,457)	
Depreciable/Amortizable Capital Assets,								<u> </u>	
Net		196,293,785		18,740,141		(2,808,989)		212,224,937	
Governmental Activities Capital									
Assets, Net	\$	219,605,085	\$	65,344,312	\$	(12,867,942)	\$	272,081,455	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Balance at 12/31/2022		Additions/ Transfers		 Deletions/ Transfers	Balance at 12/31/2023		
Business-Type Activities:					 			
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated/Amor	rtized:							
Land	\$	1,503,841	\$	-	\$ -	\$	1,503,841	
Construction in progress		42,811,647		1,962,620	(20,793,172)		23,981,095	
Total assets not being depreciated		44,315,488		1,962,620	(20,793,172)		25,484,936	
Depreciable/Amortizable Capital Assets:								
Buildings and building improvements		64,914,564		22,420,493	-		87,335,057	
Machinery and equipment		46,559,835		371,181	(140,000)		46,791,016	
Pump stations		25,085,675		636,171	-		25,721,846	
Treatment plants		3,084,826		-	(1,237,767)		1,847,059	
Sewer lines		281,290,430		3,904,538	-		285,194,968	
Intangible right-to-use assets:								
Equipment		621,989		353,441	(118,266)		857,164	
Vehicles		183,090		154,725	(57,455)		280,360	
Office space		4,160,900			 		4,160,900	
Total Depreciable/Amortizable Capital								
Assets		425,901,309		27,840,549	 (1,553,488)		452,188,370	
Less Accumulated Depreciation/Amortizatio	n:				 _			
Buildings and building improvements		(47,453,794)		(2,858,456)	-		(50,312,250)	
Machinery and equipment		(38,438,386)		(617,000)	60,136		(38,995,250)	
Pump stations		(19,964,763)		(657,580)	-		(20,622,343)	
Treatment plants		(3,064,163)		-	1,217,104		(1,847,059)	
Sewer lines		(115,257,310)		(3,690,690)	-		(118,948,000)	
Intangible right-to-use assets:								
Equipment		(240,243)		(212,602)	118,266		(334,579)	
Vehicles		(86,200)		(79,076)	57,455		(107,821)	
Office space		(322,134)		(322,134)	<u>-</u>		(644,268)	
Total Accumulated								
Depreciation/Amortization		(224,826,993)		(8,437,538)	1,452,961		(231,811,570)	
Depreciable/Amortizable Capital Assets,					 			
Net		201,074,316		19,403,011	(100,527)		220,376,800	
Governmental Activities Capital								
Assets, Net	\$	245,389,804	\$	21,365,631	\$ (20,893,699)	\$	245,861,736	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Depreciation/amortization expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

	Amount		
Governmental activities:		_	
Legislative and executive	\$	1,481,541	
Judicial		1,653,934	
Public safety		6,288,607	
Public works		6,340,548	
Health		1,032,412	
Economic development		3,768	
Human services		757,173	
Recreation		131,516	
Internal service funds		2,632,323	
Total depreciation/amortization expense	\$	20,321,822	
Business-type activities:			
Sewer	\$	8,437,538	

As of December 31, 2023, construction in progress for various capital projects of the County consisted of the following:

	Construction	Remaining			
Projects	in Progress	Commitments			
Governmental Activities					
Renovate Grand Jury Room	\$ 826,928	\$ 453,877			
Jail HVAC and Plumbing Improvements	9,317,545	6,510,549			
Virtual Courtroom	4,067,288	932,713			
Jail Case Management System	643,159	360,247			
Consolidated Dispatch Facility Phase 2	10,783,559	1,929,066			
ERP System Implementation (Munis)	4,293,791	3,313,410			
Summit County Broadband Phase 2	8,507,023	8,989,883			
Ohio Building Repairs	-	962,216			
UA Public Safety Projects	2,041,152	1,695,246			
Lighting Upgrade Project	2,251,165	486,080			
Ohio Building Renovations	373,918	7,541,368			
Jail Showers	541,570	1,390,032			
Courthouse and Safety Building HVAC	69,973	5,117,927			
CBCF Pipe Relining Project	151,465	48,917			
Granger Rd Bridge	199,159	1,577,597			
Swartz Rd	871,304	156,721			
White Pond Rd	1,121,866	203,617			
Valley View Rd	670,669	182,800			
Akron-Cleveland Rd	1,159,352	292,676			
Cleveland-Massillon Rd	3,015,368	356,572			
Olde Eight Rd	1,214,081	-			
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 52,120,334	\$ 42,501,514			

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Projects	Construction in Progress	Remaining Commitments			
Business-type Activities	<u> mrrogress</u>				
Wolcott Drive Improvement	\$ -	\$ 50,000			
Crow-Berkshire Sewer Rehab	236,839	400,535			
Akron Cleveland Road Sanitary Sewer Extension	16,686	168,018			
Pump Station 36 Force Main Replacement	140,394	7			
Hines Hill Trunk Sewer Replacement	452,793	180,858			
Pump Station 6 Replacement	302,010	2,090			
Hudson SSO Area J Elimination	519,235	142,400			
Hudson SSO Area K Elimination	555,207	242,749			
Hudson SSO Area L Elimination	268,288	159,048			
Broadledge Road Sanitary Sewer Rehab	29,621	51,709			
PS 123 and Forcemain	314,480	535,361			
Valley View Homeowners Association	-	96,000			
Chittendon Rd/Boston Commons Sewer Ext.	19,890	2,510			
Peninsula Collection and Treatment System	116,786	487,855			
Stow Gorge	143,457	52,766			
PS 17 and Forcemain	71,472	17,683			
Wyoga Lake Inverness Trunk Rehab & Replacement	25,879	2,570			
Baumberger Road Phase I	264,195	88,518			
Pump Station 19 Replacement	698,427	30,303			
Plant 25 Digester, Fuel Tank, Clarifier, Sludge PS Rehab	768,638	7,788			
Sanitary Sewer Replacement and Rehabilitation	67,035	7,084			
Pump Station 29 and Force Main Improvements	130,932	11,102			
Copley Township Sewer System	-	677,040			
Fleet Maintenance Facility	13,831,800	521,263			
Clinton Sanitary Sewer Improvement	855,432	213,265			
Zelray Park Wastewater Improvements	360,898	211			
Turkeyfoot Lake Sanitary Sewer Improvements	1,052,728	262,324			
Reninger Road Sanitary Improvements	887,420	449,091			
Vanderhoof Road Pump Station	577,306	65,092			
PS 62, 63, and 82 Improvements	557,486	81,947			
PS 48 Forcemain Improvements	8,900	900			
Old Home Ditch Sewer	162,000	-			
Hillstock Trunk Rehab	119,417	3,267			
PS 30 Meter Vault, Manhole, Air Release Valve Improv.	400,032	67,800			
GP 250 Upgrade	25,412	111,874			
Sunrise Blvd E., West Ave., Pearl Ave Reconstruction	-	75,000			
Herbert Street and Meadowridge Road	-	75,000			
Herbert Street and Fenton Ave.	-	75,000			
Fenton Ave. and Dick Street		75,000			
Total Business-type Activities	\$ 23,981,095	\$ 5,491,029			

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Note 11. Defined Benefit Pension Plans

The Statewide retirement systems provide both pension benefits and other postemployment benefits (OPEB).

Net Pension Liability and Net OPEB Liability/Asset

The net pension liability and the net OPEB liability/asset reported on the statement of net position represents a liability or asset to employees for pensions and OPEB, respectively.

Pensions and OPEB are a component of exchange transactions – between an employer and its employees – of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions and OPEB are provided to an employee – on a deferred-payment basis – as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension liability and the net OPEB liability/asset represent the County's proportionate share of each pension/OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension/OPEB liability/asset calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost-of-living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

The Ohio Revised Code limits the County's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The County cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions/OPEB are financed; however, the County does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension and OPEB.

GASB 68/75 assumes the liability/asset is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires funding to come from these employers. All pension contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes pension costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits. In addition, health care plan enrollees pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. State statute requires the retirement systems to amortize unfunded pension liabilities within 30 years. If the pension amortization period exceeds 30 years, each retirement system's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension/OPEB liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension/OPEB liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, the retirement systems to provide health care to eligible benefit recipients.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term net pension/OPEB liability/asset on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension/OPEB contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in due to other governments on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

The remainder of this note includes the pension disclosures. See Note 12 for the OPEB disclosures.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Plan Description - Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

Plan Description - County employees, participate in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS is a cost-sharing, multiple employer public employee retirement system which administers three separate pension plans. The traditional pension plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The member-directed plan is a defined contribution plan and the combined plan is a combination cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit/defined contribution pension plan. Participating employers are divided into state, local, law enforcement and public safety divisions. While members in the state and local divisions may participate in all three plans, law enforcement and public safety divisions exist only within the traditional plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits, and annual cost of living adjustments to members of the traditional and combined plans. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about OPERS' fiduciary net position that may be obtained by visiting https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml, by writing to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling 800-222-7377.

Senate Bill (SB) 343 was enacted into law with an effective date of January 7, 2013. In the legislation, members in the traditional and combined plans were categorized into three groups with varying provisions of the law applicable to each group.

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

The following table provides age and service requirements for retirement and the retirement formula applied to final average salary (FAS) for the three member groups under the traditional and combined plans as per the reduced benefits adopted by SB 343 (see OPERS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report referenced above for additional information, including requirements for reduced and unreduced benefits):

Groi	ın	Δ
TH OL	uv.	(1)

Eligible to retire prior to January 7, 2013 or five years after January 7, 2013

State and Local

State and Local

Age and Service Requirements:

Age 60 with 60 months of service credit or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit

Traditional Plan Formula:

2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 30

Combined Plan Formula:

1% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 1.25% for service years in excess of 30

Public Safety

Age and Service Requirements:

Age 48 with 25 years of service credit or Age 52 with 15 years of service credit

Law Enforcement

Age and Service Requirements:

Age 52 with 15 years of service credit

Public Safety and Law Enforcement

Traditional Plan Formula:

2.5% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 25 years and 2.1% for service years in excess of 25

January 7, 2013 or eligible to retire ten years after January 7, 2013

20 years of service credit prior to

Age and Service Requirements:

Age 60 with 60 months of service credit or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit

Traditional Plan Formula:

2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 30

Combined Plan Formula:

1% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 1.25% for service years in excess of 30

Public Safety

Age and Service Requirements:

Age 48 with 25 years of service credit or Age 52 with 15 years of service credit

Law Enforcement

Age and Service Requirements:

Age 48 with 25 years of service credit or Age 52 with 15 years of service credit

Public Safety and Law Enforcement

Traditional Plan Formula:

2.5% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 25 years and 2.1% for service years in excess of 25

Group C

Members not in other Groups and members hired on or after January 7, 2013

State and Local

Age and Service Requirements:

Age 57 with 25 years of service credit or Age 62 with 5 years of service credit

Traditional Plan Formula:

2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 35 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 35

Combined Plan Formula:

1% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 35 years and 1.25% for service years in excess of 35

Public Safety

Age and Service Requirements:

Age 52 with 25 years of service credit or Age 56 with 15 years of service credit

Law Enforcement

Age and Service Requirements:

Age 48 with 25 years of service credit or Age 56 with 15 years of service credit

Public Safety and Law Enforcement

Traditional Plan Formula:

2.5% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 25 years and 2.1% for service years in excess of 25

Final average Salary (FAS) represents the average of the three highest years of earnings over a member's career for Groups A and B. Group C is based on the average of the five highest years of earnings over a member's career.

Members who retire before meeting the age and years of service credit requirement for unreduced benefits receive a percentage reduction in the benefit amount. The amount of a member's pension benefit vests upon receipt of the initial benefit payment. The options for Public Safety and Law Enforcement permit early retirement under qualifying circumstances as early as age 48 with a reduced benefit.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

When a traditional plan benefit recipient has received benefits for 12 months, the member is eligible for an annual cost of living adjustment (COLA). This COLA is calculated on the base retirement benefit at the date of retirement and is not compounded. Members retiring under the combined plan receive a cost—of—living adjustment on the defined benefit portion of their pension benefit. For those who retired prior to January 7, 2013, the cost-of-living adjustment is 3.00%. For those retiring on or after January 7, 2013, beginning in calendar year 2019, the adjustment is based on the average percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index, capped at 3.00%.

Defined contribution plan benefits are established in the plan documents, which may be amended by the Board. Member-directed plan and combined plan members who have met the retirement eligibility requirements may apply for retirement benefits. The amount available for defined contribution benefits in the combined plan consists of the member's contributions plus or minus the investment gains or losses resulting from the member's investment selections. Combined plan members wishing to receive benefits must meet the requirements for both the defined benefit and defined contribution plans. Member-directed participants must have attained the age of 55, have money on deposit in the defined contribution plan and have terminated public service to apply for retirement benefits. The amount available for defined contribution benefits in the member-directed plan consists of the members' contributions, vested employer contributions and investment gains or losses resulting from the members' investment selections. Employer contributions and associated investment earnings vest over a five-year period, at a rate of 20.00% each year. At retirement, members may select one of several distribution options for payment of the vested balance in their individual OPERS accounts. Options include the annuitization of the benefit (which includes joint and survivor options and will continue to be administered by OPERS), partial lump-sum payments (subject to limitations), a rollover of the vested account balance to another financial institution, receipt of entire account balance, net of taxes withheld, or a combination of these options. When members choose to annuitize their defined contribution benefit, the annuitized portion of the benefit is reclassified to a defined benefit.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

	State ar	nd Local		
	Traditional	Combined	Public Safety	Law Enforcement
2023 Statutory Maximum Contribution Rate				
Employer	14.0 %	14.0 %	18.1 %	18.1 %
Employee *	10.0 %	10.0 %	**	***
2023 Actual Contribution Rates				
Employer:				
Pension ****	14.0 %	12.0 %	18.1 %	18.1 %
Post-employment Health Care Benefits ***	* 0.0	2.0	0.0	0.0
Total Employer	14.0 %	14.0 %	18.1 %	18.1 %
Employee	10.0 %	10.0 %	12.0 %	13.0 %

- * This rate is determined by OPERS' Board and has no maximum rate established by ORC.
- ** This rate is also determined by OPERS' Board, but is limited by ORC to not more than 2 percent greater than the Public Safety rate.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll.

The County's contractually required contribution for the Traditional Pension Plan, the Combined Plan and Member-Directed Plan was \$25,516,687 for 2023. Of this amount, \$1,037,127 is reported as due to other governments.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – County licensed teachers and other faculty members participate in STRS Ohio, a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information, and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Web site at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan, and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307.

The DB Plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective Aug. 1, 2015, the calculation is 2.20% of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. Eligibility changes will be phased in until Aug. 1, 2023, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five years of service credit and age 65, or 34 years of service credit at any age.

Eligibility changes for DB Plan members who retire with actuarially reduced benefits will be phased in until Aug. 1, 2023 when retirement eligibility will be five years of qualifying service credit and age 60, or 30 years of service credit regardless of age.

The DC Plan allows members to place all of their member contributions and 11.09% of the 14.00% employer contributions into an investment account. The member determines how to allocate the member and employer money among various investment choices offered by STRS Ohio. The remaining 2.91% of the 14.00% employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, 12.00% of the 14.00% percent member rate is deposited into the member's DC account and the remaining 2.00% is applied to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50 and after termination of employment.

New members who choose the DC plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. New members on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit that apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy – Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. The 2023 employer and employee contribution rate of 14.00% was equal to the statutory maximum rates. For 2023, the full employer contribution was allocated to pension.

The County's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$116,335 for 2023. Of this amount, \$13,569 is reported as due to other governments.

Net Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability and net pension asset for OPERS was measured as of December 31, 2022, and the total pension liability or asset used to calculate the net pension liability or asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. STRS's total pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The County's proportion of the net pension liability or asset was based on the County's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities.

Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	OPERS - Traditional	STRS	Total
Proportion of the net pension liability/asset prior measurement date	1.08256400%	0.00582239%	
Proportion of the net pension liability/asset current measurement date	1.04327600%	0.00597300%	
Change in proportionate share	-0.03928800%	<u>0.00015061</u> %	
Proportionate share of the net			
pension liability	\$ 308,184,187	\$ 1,286,281	\$ 309,470,468
Pension expense	39,549,650	36,684	39,586,334

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

At December 31, 2023, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		OPERS -					
	_1	raditional		STRS	Total		
Deferred outflows							
of resources							
Differences between							
expected and	_		_				
actual experience	\$	10,236,585	\$	46,895	\$	10,283,480	
Net difference between							
projected and actual earnings							
on pension plan investments		87,842,180		-		87,842,180	
Changes of assumptions		3,255,748		105,933		3,361,681	
Changes in employer's							
proportionate percentage/							
difference between							
employer contributions		387,214		22,996		410,210	
Contributions							
subsequent to the							
measurement date		25,516,687		58,458		25,575,145	
Total deferred							
outflows of resources	\$	127,238,414	\$	234,282	\$	127,472,696	
	(OPERS -					
	T	raditional		STRS		Total	
Deferred inflows						_	
of resources							
Differences between							
expected and							
actual experience	\$	_	\$	2,853	\$	2,853	
Net difference between	•		-	_,,,,,	•	_,	
projected and actual earnings							
on pension plan investments		_		3,853		3,853	
Changes of assumptions		_		79,739		79,739	
Changes in employer's				15,135		75,755	
proportionate percentage/							
difference between							
employer contributions		6,196,968		13,603		6,210,571	
Total deferred		0,170,700		15,005		0,210,071	
inflows of resources	\$	6,196,968	\$	100,048	\$	6,297,016	
		2,220,200		100,010	_	5,=> 1,010	

\$25,575,145 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending December 31, 2024.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

		OPERS -		
]	Traditional	STRS	Total
Year Ending December 31:				
2024	\$	7,457,877	\$ (10,359)	\$ 7,447,518
2025		19,179,423	(43,298)	19,136,125
2026		25,856,231	132,047	25,988,278
2027		43,031,228	 (2,614)	 43,028,614
Total	\$	95,524,759	\$ 75,776	\$ 95,600,535

Actuarial Assumptions - OPERS

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the values of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review or modification as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial-reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation. The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2022, using the following actuarial assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement in accordance with the requirements of GASB 67.

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results, prepared as of December 31, 2022, compared to the December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation, are presented below.

Wage inflation	
Current measurement date	2.75%
Prior measurement date	2.75%
Future salary increases, including inflation	
Current measurement date	2.75% to 10.75% including wage inflation
Prior measurement date	2.75% to 10.75% including wage inflation
COLA or ad hoc COLA	
Current measurement date	Pre 1/7/2013 retirees: 3.00%, simple
	Post 1/7/2013 retirees: 3.00%, simple
	through 2022, then 2.05% simple
Prior measurement date	Pre 1/7/2013 retirees: 3.00%, simple
	Post 1/7/2013 retirees: 3.00%, simple
	through 2022, then 2.05% simple
Investment rate of return	
Current measurement date	6.90%
Prior measurement date	6.90%
Actuarial cost method	Individual entry age

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on 130% of the Pub-2010 General Employee Mortality tables (males and females) for State and Local Government divisions and 170% of the Pub-2010 Safety Employee Mortality tables (males and females) for the Public Safety and Law Enforcement divisions. Post-retirement mortality rates are based on 115% of the PubG-2010 Retiree Mortality Tables (males and females) for all divisions. Post-retirement mortality rates for disabled retirees are based on the PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree Mortality Tables (males and females) for all divisions. For all of the previously described tables, the base year is 2010 and mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2020 mortality improvement scales (males and females) to all of these tables.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended December 31, 2020.

During 2022, OPERS managed investments in three investment portfolios: the Defined Benefit portfolio, the Health Care portfolio and the Defined Contribution portfolio. The Defined Benefit portfolio contains the investment assets of the Traditional Pension Plan, the defined benefit component of the Combined Plan and the annuitized accounts of the Member-Directed Plan. Within the Defined Benefit portfolio, contributions into the plans are all recorded at the same time, and benefit payments all occur on the first of the month. Accordingly, the money-weighted rate of return is considered to be the same for all plans within the portfolio. The annual money-weighted rate of return expressing investment performance, net of investment expenses and adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested, for the Defined Benefit portfolio was a loss of 12.1% for 2022.

The allocation of investment assets within the Defined Benefit portfolio is approved by the Board as outlined in the annual investment plan. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the defined benefit pension plans. The long-term expected rate of return on defined benefit investment assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return were provided by the Board's investment consultant.

For each major asset class that is included in the Defined Benefit portfolio's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2022, these best estimates are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	TargetAllocation	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return (Geometric)
Fixed income	22.00 %	2.62 %
Domestic equities	22.00	4.60
Real estate	13.00	3.27
Private equity	15.00	7.53
International equities	21.00	5.51
Risk Parity	2.00	4.37
Other investments	5.00	3.27
Total	100.00 %	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability/asset was 6.90%, post-experience study results, for the Traditional Pension Plan, the Combined Plan and Member-Directed Plan. The discount rate used to measure total pension liability prior to December 31, 2022 was 6.90%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments for the Traditional Pension Plan, Combined Plan and Member-Directed Plan was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability/Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate

- The following table presents the proportionate share of the net pension liability/asset calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 6.90%, as well as what the proportionate share of the net pension liability/asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (5.90%) or one-percentage-point higher (7.90%) than the current rate:

	Current					
	1	% Decrease	Di	iscount Rate	1	% Increase
County's proportionate share						
of the net pension liability (asset):						
Traditional Pension Plan	\$	461,649,630	\$	308,184,187	\$	180,528,479

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuation compared with June 30, 2022 are presented below:

	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022
Inflation	2.50%	2.50%
Projected salary increases	Varies by service from 2.50%	8.50% at age 20 to
	to 8.50%	2.50% at age 65
Investment rate of return	7.00%, net of investment expenses, including inflation	7.00%, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Discount rate of return	7.00%	7.00%
Payroll increases	3.00%	3.00%
Cost-of-living adjustments (COLA)	0.00%	0.00%

For the June 30, 2023, actuarial valuation, post-retirement mortality rates for healthy retirees are based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted 110% for males, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020; pre-retirement mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Employee Table adjusted 95% for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Disable Annuitant Table projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

For the June 30, 2022, actuarial valuation, post-retirement mortality rates for healthy retirees are based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted 110% for males, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020; pre-retirement mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Employee Table adjusted 95% for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Disable Annuitant Table projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2023, valuation were adopted by the board from the results of an actuarial experience study for July 1, 2015, through June 30, 2021. The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022, valuation were adopted by the board from the results of an actuarial experience study for July 1, 2011, through June 30, 2016. An actuarial study is done on a quinquennial basis.

STRS Ohio's investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation *	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return **
Domestic Equity	26.00 %	6.60 %
International Equity	22.00	6.80
Alternatives	19.00	7.38
Fixed Income	22.00	1.75
Real Estate	10.00	5.75
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	1.00
Total	100.00 %	

^{*} Final target weights reflected at October 1, 2022.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00% as of June 30, 2023. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with the rates. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Based on those assumptions, STRS Ohio's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2023. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00% was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2023.

^{** 10-}year annualized geometric nominal returns include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and is net of investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS Ohio's investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Sensitivity of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following table presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.00%, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.00%) or one-percentage-point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

		Current				
	19⁄	6 Decrease	Dis	count Rate	1%	Increase
County's proportionate share						
of the net pension liability	\$	1,978,017	\$	1,286,281	\$	701,263

Note 12. Defined Benefit OPEB Plans

Net OPEB Liability/Asset

See Note 11 for a description of the net OPEB liability/asset.

Plan Description - Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

Plan Description - The Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) administers three separate pension plans: the traditional pension plan, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan; the member-directed plan, a defined contribution plan; and the combined plan, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and defined contribution plan.

OPERS maintains a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment health care trust. The 115 Health Care Trust (115 Trust or Health Care Trust) was established in 2014, under Section 115 of the Internal Revenue Code (IRC). The purpose of the 115 Trust is to fund health care for the Traditional Pension, Combined and Member-Directed plans. Medicare-enrolled retirees in the Traditional Pension and Combined plans may have an allowance deposited into a health reimbursement arrangement (HRA) account to be used toward the health care program of their choice selected with the assistance of an OPERS vendor. Non-Medicare retirees have converted to an arrangement similar to the Medicare-enrolled retirees, and are no longer participating in OPERS provided self-insured group plans.

With one exception, OPERS-provided health care coverage is neither guaranteed nor statutorily required. Ohio law currently requires Medicare Part A equivalent coverage or Medicare Part A premium reimbursement for eligible retirees and their eligible dependents.

OPERS offers a health reimbursement arrangement (HRA) allowance to traditional pension plan and combined plan benefit recipients meeting certain age and service credit requirements. The HRA is an account funded by OPERS that provides tax free reimbursement for qualified medical expenses such as monthly post-tax insurance premiums, deductibles, co-insurance, and co-pays incurred by eligible benefit recipients and their dependents.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

OPERS members enrolled in the Traditional Pension Plan or Combined Plan retiring with an effective date of January 1, 2022, or after must meet the following health care eligibility requirements to receive an HRA allowance:

Medicare Retirees Medicare-eligible with a minimum of 20 years of qualifying service credit

Non-Medicare Retirees Non-Medicare retirees qualify based on the following age-and-service criteria:

Group A 30 years of qualifying service credit at any age;

Group B 32 years of qualifying service credit at any age or 31 years of qualifying service credit and minimum age 52;

Group C 32 years of qualifying service credit and minimum age 55; or,

A retiree from groups A, B or C who qualifies for an unreduced pension, but a portion of their service credit is not health care qualifying service, can still qualify for health care at age 60 if they have at least 20 years of qualifying health care service credit

Retirees who don't meet the requirement for coverage as a non-Medicare participant can become eligible for coverage at age 65 if they have at least 20 years of qualifying service.

Members with a retirement date prior to January 1, 2022 who were eligible to participate in the OPERS health care program will continue to be eligible after January 1, 2022.

Eligible retirees may receive a monthly HRA allowance for reimbursement of health care coverage premiums and other qualified medical expenses. Monthly allowances, based on years of service and the age at which the retiree first enrolled in OPERS coverage, are provided to eligible retirees, and are deposited into their HRA account.

Retirees will have access to the OPERS Connector, which is a relationship with a vendor selected by OPERS to assist retirees participating in the health care program. The OPERS Connector may assist retirees in selecting and enrolling in the appropriate health care plan.

When members become Medicare-eligible, recipients enrolled in OPERS health care programs must enroll in Medicare Part A (hospitalization) and Medicare Part B (medical).

OPERS reimburses retirees who are not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A (hospitalization) for their Part A premiums as well as any applicable surcharges (late-enrollment fees). Retirees within this group must enroll in Medicare Part A and select medical coverage, and may select prescription coverage, through the OPERS Connector. OPERS also will reimburse 50.00% of the Medicare Part A premium and any applicable surcharges for eligible spouses. Proof of enrollment in Medicare Part A and confirmation that the retiree is not receiving reimbursement or payment from another source must be submitted. The premium reimbursement is added to the monthly pension benefit.

The heath care trust is also used to fund health care for member-directed plan participants, in the form of a Retiree Medical Account (RMA). At retirement or separation, member directed plan participants may be eligible for reimbursement of qualified medical expenses from their vested RMA balance.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, OPERS to provide health care to its eligible benefit recipients. Authority to establish and amend health care coverage is provided to the Board in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code.

Disclosures for the health care plan are presented separately in the OPERS financial report. Interested parties may obtain a copy by visiting https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml, by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling (614) 222-5601 or 800-222-7377.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code provides the statutory authority allowing public employers to fund postemployment health care through their contributions to OPERS. When funding is approved by OPERS Board of Trustees, a portion of each employer's contribution to OPERS is set aside to fund OPERS health care plans. Beginning in 2018, OPERS no longer allocated a portion of its employer contributions to health care for the traditional plan.

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of the earnable salary of active members. In 2023, state and local employers contributed at a rate of 14.00% of earnable salary and public safety and law enforcement employers contributed at 18.10%. These are the maximum employer contribution rates permitted by the Ohio Revised Code. Active member contributions do not fund health care.

Each year, the OPERS Board determines the portion of the employer contribution rate that will be set aside to fund health care plans. For 2023, OPERS did not allocate any employer contribution to health care for members in the Traditional Pension Plan and beginning July 1, 2022, there was a 2.00% allocation to health care for the Combined Plan. The OPERS Board is also authorized to establish rules for the retiree or their surviving beneficiaries to pay a portion of the health care provided. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected. The employer contribution as a percentage of covered payroll deposited into the RMA for participants in the member-directed plan for 2023 was 4.00%; however, effective July 1, 2022, a portion of the health care rate was funded with reserves.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description - The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements elimination date was postponed indefinitely. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy - Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Nearly all health care plan enrollees, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14.00% of covered payroll. For 2023, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Net OPEB Liabilities/Assets, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows or Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liability and total OPEB liability for OPERS were determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2021, rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2022, by incorporating the expected value of health care cost accruals, the actual health care payment, and interest accruals during the year. STRS's total OPEB asset was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total OPEB asset used to calculate the net OPEB asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The County's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the County's share of contributions to the retirement plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities.

Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

	OPERS	STRS	Total
Proportion of the net OPEB liability/asset prior measurement date Proportion of the net OPEB liability	1.06926000%	0.00582239%	
current measurement date	1.03108100%	0.00597300%	
Change in proportionate share	- <u>0.03817900</u> %	0.00015061%	
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 6,501,163	\$ -	\$ 6,501,163
Proportionate share of the net		(116 167)	(116 167)
OPEB asset OPEB expense	(11,075,214)	(116,167) (11,742)	(116,167) (11,086,956)

At December 31, 2023, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	OPERS		STRS		Total
Deferred outflows					
of resources					
Differences between					
expected and					
actual experience	\$	-	\$	182	\$ 182
Net difference between					
projected and actual earnings					
on OPEB plan investments		12,911,538		207	12,911,745
Changes of assumptions		6,349,834		17,109	6,366,943
Changes in employer's					
proportionate percentage/					
difference between					
employer contributions		4,602		248	4,850
Total deferred					
outflows of resources	\$	19,265,974	\$	17,746	\$ 19,283,720

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	OPERS		STRS		Total	
Deferred inflows of resources						
Differences between expected and						
actual experience	\$	1,621,642	\$	17,718	\$	1,639,360
Changes of assumptions		522,487		76,646		599,133
Changes in employer's proportionate percentage/difference between						
employer contributions		531,918		6,859		538,777
Total deferred						
inflows of resources	\$	2,676,047	\$	101,223	\$	2,777,270

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	OPERS		STRS		Total	
Year Ending December 31:						
2024	\$	1,685,360	\$	(39,783)	\$	1,645,577
2025		4,640,988		(16,122)		4,624,866
2026		4,026,238		(6,000)		4,020,238
2027		6,237,341		(8,185)		6,229,156
2028		-		(7,510)		(7,510)
Thereafter				(5,877)		(5,877)
Total	\$	16,589,927	\$	(83,477)	\$	16,506,450

Actuarial Assumptions - OPERS

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the values of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review or modification as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of health care costs for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of coverage provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of costs between OPERS and plan members. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2021, rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2022.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

The actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions applied to all prior periods included in the measurement in accordance with the requirements of GASB 74:

2.75%
2.75%
2.75 to 10.75%
including wage inflation
2.75 to 10.75%
including wage inflation
5.22%
6.00%
6.00%
6.00%
4.05%
1.84%
5.50% initial,
3.50% ultimate in 2036
5.50% initial,
3.50% ultimate in 2034
Individual Entry Age Normal

Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on 130% of the Pub-2010 General Employee Mortality tables (males and females) for State and Local Government divisions and 170% of the Pub-2010 Safety Employee Mortality tables (males and females) for the Public Safety and Law Enforcement divisions. Post-retirement mortality rates are based on 115% of the PubG-2010 Retiree Mortality Tables (males and females) for all divisions. Post-retirement mortality rates for disabled retirees are based on the PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree Mortality Tables (males and females) for all divisions. For all of the previously described tables, the base year is 2010 and mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2020 mortality improvement scales (males and females) to all of these tables.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended December 31, 2020.

During 2022, OPERS managed investments in three investment portfolios: the Defined Benefit portfolio, the Health Care portfolio and the Defined Contribution portfolio. The Health Care portfolio includes the assets for health care expenses for the Traditional Pension Plan, Combined Plan and Member-Directed Plan eligible members. Within the Health Care portfolio, contributions into the plans are assumed to be received continuously throughout the year based on the actual payroll payable at the time contributions are made, and health care-related payments are assumed to occur mid-year. Accordingly, the money-weighted rate of return is considered to be the same for all plans within the portfolio. The annual money-weighted rate of return expressing investment performance, net of investment expenses and adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested, for the Health Care portfolio was a loss of 15.6% for 2022.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

The allocation of investment assets within the Health Care portfolio is approved by the Board as outlined in the annual investment plan. Assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of continuing to offer a sustainable health care program for current and future retirees. The System's primary goal is to achieve and maintain a fully funded status for benefits provided through the defined benefit pension plans. Health care is a discretionary benefit. The long-term expected rate of return on health care investment assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return were provided by the Board's investment consultant.

For each major asset class that is included in the Health Care's portfolio's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2022, these best estimates are summarized in the following table:

		Weighted Average
		Long-Term Expected
	Target	Real Rate of Return
Asset Class	Allocation	(Geometric)
Fixed Income	34.00 %	2.56 %
Domestic equities	26.00	4.60
Real Estate Investment Trusts (REITs)	7.00	4.70
International equities	25.00	5.51
Risk parity	2.00	4.37
Other investments	6.00	1.84
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate - A single discount rate of 5.22% was used to measure the total OPEB liability on the measurement date of December 31, 2022; however, the single discount rate used at the beginning of the year was 6.00%. Projected benefit payments are required to be discounted to their actuarial present value using a single discount rate that reflects (1) a long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments (to the extent that the health care fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and (2) a tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate are not met). This single discount rate was based on the actuarial assumed rate of return on the health care investment portfolio of 6.00% and a municipal bond rate of 4.05%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rate. Based on these assumptions, the health care fiduciary net position and future contributions were sufficient to finance health care costs through the year 2054. As a result, the actuarial assumed long-term expected rate of return on health care investments was applied to projected costs through the year 2054, and the municipal bond rate was applied to all health care costs after that date.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Sensitivity of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following table presents the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the single discount rate of 5.22%, as well as what the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (4.22%) or one-percentage-point higher (6.22%) than the current rate:

				Current			
	1% Decrease		Dis	Discount Rate		1% Increase	
County's proportionate share							
of the net OPEB liability/(asset)	\$	22,126,998	\$	6,501,163	\$	(6,392,702)	

Sensitivity of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rate - Changes in the health care cost trend rate may also have a significant impact on the net OPEB liability. The following table presents the net OPEB liability calculated using the assumed trend rates, and the expected net OPEB liability if it were calculated using a health care cost trend rate that is 1.00% lower or 1.00% higher than the current rate.

Retiree health care valuations use a health care cost trend assumption with changes over several years built into that assumption. The near-term rates reflect increases in the current cost of health care; the trend starting in 2023 is 5.50%. If this trend continues for future years, the projection indicates that years from now virtually all expenditures will be for health care. A more reasonable alternative is the health care cost trend will decrease to a level at, or near, wage inflation. On this basis, the actuaries project premium rate increases will continue to exceed wage inflation for approximately the next decade, but by less each year, until leveling off at an ultimate rate, assumed to be 3.50% in the most recent valuation.

			Cui	rent Health		
	Care Trend Rate					
	1% Decrease		Assumption		1% Increase	
County's proportionate share		_				
of the net OPEB liability	\$	6,093,689	\$	6,501,163	\$	6,959,797

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2023, actuarial valuation, compared with June 30, 2022, are presented below:

June 3	0, 2023	June 30, 2022		
2.50%		2.50%		
Varies by servic	e from 2.50%	8.50% at age 20	to	
to 8.50%		2.50% at age 65		
7.00%, net of inv	estment	7.00%, net of inv	estment	
expenses, inclu	ding inflation	expenses, inclu	ding inflation	
3.00%		3.00%		
0.00%		0.00%		
7.00%		7.00%		
N/A		N/A		
Initial	Ultimate	Initial	Ultimate	
7.50%	4.14%	7.50%	3.94%	
-10.94%	4.14%	-68.78%	3.94%	
-11.95%	4.14%	9.00%	3.94%	
1.33%	4.14%	-5.47%	3.94%	
	2.50% Varies by servic to 8.50% 7.00%, net of invexpenses, include 3.00% 0.00% 7.00% N/A Initial 7.50% -10.94%	Varies by service from 2.50% to 8.50% 7.00%, net of investment expenses, including inflation 3.00% 0.00% 7.00% N/A Initial Ultimate 7.50% 4.14% -10.94% 4.14%	2.50% 2.50% Varies by service from 2.50% 8.50% at age 20 or 2.50% at age 65 or 2.50% at age 65 or 2.50%, net of investment expenses, including inflation and 3.00% or 3.00% or 3.00% or 2.50% or 3.00% or 3.0	

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

For the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023, healthy mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted 110% for males, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020; pre-retirement mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted 95% for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020. Rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Disabled Annuitant Table projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020.

For the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, healthy mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted 110% for males, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020; pre-retirement mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted 95% for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020. Rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Disabled Annuitant Table projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2023, valuation were adopted by the board from the results of an actuarial experience study for July 1, 2015, through June 30, 2021. The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022, valuation were adopted by the board from the results of an actuarial experience study for July 1, 2011, through June 30, 2016. An actuarial experience study is done on a quinquennial basis.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation*	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return **				
Domestic Equity	26.00 %	6.60 %				
International Equity	22.00	6.80				
Alternatives	19.00	7.38				
Fixed Income	22.00	1.75				
Real Estate	10.00	5.75				
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	1.00				
Total	100.00 %					

^{*} Final target weights reflected at October 1, 2022.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.00% as of June 30, 2023. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed STRS Ohio continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2023. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on health care fund investments of 7.00% was applied to all periods of projected health care costs to determine the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2023.

Sensitivity of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount and Health Care Cost Trend Rate - The following table represents the net OPEB asset as of June 30, 2023, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.00%, as well as what the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current assumption. Also shown is the net OPEB asset as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates.

			(Current		
	1%	Decrease	Disc	count Rate	1%	Increase
County's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	\$	98,320	\$	116,167	\$	131,709
	1% Decrease		Current Trend Rate		1% Increase	
County's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	\$	132,430	\$	116,167	\$	96,577

^{**10-}year annualized geometric nominal returns include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and is net of investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS Ohio's investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Note 13. Leases and Subscription Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs)

Leases Receivable

The County is reporting leases receivable of \$549,542 in the general fund. For 2023, the County recognized lease revenue of \$63,101, which is reported in other revenue and interest revenue of \$17,205.

The County has entered into the following lease agreements as lessor for cell tower land and office space with the years and terms as follows:

	Lease		Lease	
	Commencement		End	Payment
Lease Type	Date	Years	Date	Method
Cell tower	1995	50	2045	Annual
Office space	2021	6	2027	Monthly
Office space	2019	4	2023	Monthly
Office space	2019	5	2024	Monthly

Lease payments will be paid into the general fund. The following is a schedule of future lease payments under the lease agreements:

Year Ending							
December 31,	<u>Principal</u>		Interest		Total		
2024	\$	38,248	\$	16,285	\$	54,533	
2025		22,433		15,477		37,910	
2026		23,116		14,794		37,910	
2027		20,187		14,123		34,310	
2028		18,958		13,552		32,510	
2029 - 2033		103,798		58,752		162,550	
2034 - 2038		120,573		41,977		162,550	
2039 - 2043		140,060		22,490		162,550	
2044 - 2045		62,169	_	2,851	_	65,020	
Total	\$	549,542	\$	200,301	\$	749,843	

Leases Payable

The County has entered into lease agreements for the intangible right-to-use equipment, vehicles, and office space. Due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 87, the County will report an intangible capital asset and corresponding liability for the future scheduled payments under the leases. The lease payments will be paid from the general fund, the Alcohol, Drug Addiction, & Mental Health fund, the Job and Family Services fund, Child Support Enforcement Agency nonmajor special revenue fund, the Office Services internal service fund, and the Sewer enterprise fund. Lease payments are reflected as debt service expenditures in the financial statements and as functional expenditures in the budgetary statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

The County has entered into various lease agreements as lessee for the intangible right-to-use equipment, vehicles, and office space at varying years and terms as follows:

	Lease		Lease	
	Commencement		End	Payment
Lease Type	Date	Years	Date	Method
Equipment	2019	5	2024	Quarterly
Equipment	2017 - 2023	5	2022 - 2027	Monthly
Vehicles	2018 - 2022	5	2023 - 2027	Monthly
Office space	2016	20	2035	Annual
Office space	2014 - 2020	5 - 20	2024 - 2038	Monthly

The following is a schedule of future lease payments under the lease agreements:

	Gov	ernmental Act	Busin	ness-Type Acti	vities	
Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	<u>Total</u>	Principal	Interest	Total
2024	\$ 555,581	\$ 116,123	\$ 671,704	\$ 552,394	\$ 128,180	\$ 680,574
2025	435,341	102,112	537,453	460,955	111,578	572,533
2026	343,517	91,405	434,922	402,694	96,443	499,137
2027	310,992	82,525	393,517	416,501	82,637	499,138
2028	236,186	74,553	310,739	337,417	68,322	405,739
2029 - 2033	1,217,529	267,832	1,485,361	1,750,658	189,322	1,939,980
2034 - 2038	1,097,316	74,082	1,171,398	287,738	5,278	293,016
Total	\$ 4,196,462	\$ 808,632	\$ 5,005,094	\$ 4,208,357	\$ 681,760	\$ 4,890,117

SBITAs Payable

The County has entered into agreements for the intangible right-to-use subscription software. Due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 96, the County will report an intangible capital asset and corresponding liability for the future scheduled payments under the subscriptions. The subscription payments will be paid from the general fund.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

The County has entered into agreements for subscriptions at varying years and terms as follows:

	Commencement		End	Payment
<u>SBITA</u>	Date	Years	Date	Method
Binary Defense	2023	3	2025	Annual
CDW-G	2023	2	2024	Annual
Dell	2023	2	2024	Annual
Naviant, Inc	2023	3	2025	Annual
Optiv Security Inc	2023	4	2026	Annual
Quadient	2023	2	2024	Annual
Tyler Technologies	2023	9	2031	Annual
Tyler Technologies	2023	5	2027	Annual
Tyler Technologies	2023	2	2024	Annual
Zix	2023	2	2024	Annual

The following is a schedule of future SBITA payments under the subscription agreements:

	Gove	Governmental Activities							
Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Total						
2024	\$ 1,955,118	\$ 251,104	\$ 2,206,222						
2025	1,097,269	191,637	1,288,906						
2026	934,878	158,262	1,093,140						
2027	803,301	129,827	933,128						
2028	827,734	105,394	933,128						
2029 - 2031	2,637,349	162,037	2,799,386						
Total	\$ 8,255,649	\$ 998,261	\$ 9,253,910						

Note 14. Compensated Absences

Vacation is accumulated at varying rates ranging from two to six weeks per year depending on length of service. Accumulated vacation may be carried over into the next year. However, the maximum amount allowed to carry forward is three times the employee's annual accrual rate, which is based on years of service. However, unused vacation at the time of retirement or termination of employment cannot exceed three times the annual accrual rate. This maximum payment of accumulated vacation time would be equal to 600 hours. All employees earn sick leave at the rate of 4.6 hours for each 80 hours of work completed. Sick leave vests with 10 years service at age 60, 25 years service at age 55 or 30 years service at any age. Although the sick leave vests as noted above, the County records a liability for sick leave for all employees with service time of more than 12.2 years. Employees are paid at one-half of the accumulated sick time up to a maximum payment equal to 720 hours with the exception of four Sheriff bargaining units paid up to 70 percent with no maximum. All sick leave and vacation payments are made at employees current wage rates.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Note 15. Commitments

The County utilized encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year end may be reported as part of restricted, committed or assigned classifications of fund balance. At year end, the County's commitments for encumbrances in the governmental funds were as follows:

Fund	Amount
General	\$ 6,165,288
Job and Family Services	299,739
Children Services Board	3,158,962
Alcohol, Drug, Addiction and Mental Health	7,786,270
Board of Developmental Disabilities	12,913,784
American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA)	29,550
Other Capital Improvements	17,885,926
Other Governmental Funds	 28,112,873
Total	\$ 76,352,392

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Note 16. Long Term Debt Obligations

The original issue date, interest rate and original issue amount for each of the County's bonds, long-term notes and loans are as follows:

	Original	Interest	Original
	Issue Date	Rate	Issue Amount
Governmental Activities:			_
General Obligation Bonds			
Series 2013 Bonds - Current Refund 2002	1/30/2013	1.25 - 4.50	2,854,754
Series 2013 Bonds - Advance Refund 2003		1.25 - 4.50	14,605,000
Series 2016 Bonds - Various Purpose Improvement	9/15/2016	2.75 - 4.00	21,320,000
Series 2019 Bonds - DFA	11/14/2019	3.102	6,700,000
Series 2021 Bonds - Current Refund 2010	11/3/2021	1.40	7,855,000
Series 2021 Bonds - Advance Refund Goodyear	11/3/2021	1.81	10,455,000
Series 2021 Bonds - Current Refund Bridgestone	11/3/2021	1.445	4,540,000
Series 2022 Bonds - Various Purpose Improvement	8/10/2022	4.00 - 5.00	52,945,000
OWDA Loans			
Plants 26 & 45 Abandonment Q533	2002	0.20	1,303,027
Pump Station #26 Abandonment Q330	2011	5.25	414,628
Howe Rd Sewer Repair Q611	2011	4.97	541,813
Season Rd Pump Station Force Main	2011	3.84	337,330
Greensburg/Massillon Rd Q923	2011	3.84	401,401
Sanitary Sewer Project Q944	2011	3.77	252,657
Master Meter/Telemetry System	2012	3.25	391,804
Manhole Rehabilitation	2012	3.25	134,144
Kenneth/Samira San Sewer Improv	2013	4.75	751,781
Warner Road Trunk Line & Force Main	2013	3.84	442,426
Force Main Repair PS #006	2016	2.44	1,079,152
Pump Station #48 Q831	2016	3.31	298,922
Massillon Rd Sewer Q951	2016	2.78	466,407
Wastewater System WRRSP	2016	0.35	1,812,355
Wastewater Treatment Plant #36 (A)	2021	3.39	3,225,585
Wastewater Treatment Plant #36 (B)	2021	2.01	451,550
Indian Creek Exposed San Sewer Q180	2022	1.73	599,266
Cleveland-Massillon & Rothrock Rd Sewer Q537	2022	1.67	326,502
OPWC Loans			•
Whitefriars Drive	2013	N/A	575,818

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt and other obligations of the governmental activities for the year ended December 31, 2023:

Governmental Activities:	Balance 12/31/2022	Additions	Reductions	Balance 12/31/2023	A	Amount Due Within One Year
General Obligation Bonds						
Series 2013 Bonds Current Refund 2002	\$ 1,370,000	\$ -	\$ (1,370,000)	\$ -	\$	-
Series 2016 Bonds Various Purpose Imp	14,300,000	-	(1,285,000)	13,015,000		1,335,000
Series 2019 Bonds DFA	5,600,000	-	(395,000)	5,205,000		405,000
Series 2021 Bonds Current Refund 2010	7,055,000	-	(820,000)	6,235,000		860,000
Series 2021 Bonds Advance Refund Goodyear	10,305,000	-	(1,065,000)	9,240,000		1,085,000
Series 2021 Bonds Current Refund Bridgestone	4,065,000	-	(490,000)	3,575,000		490,000
Series 2022 Bonds Various Purpose Imp	52,945,000	-	(1,890,000)	51,055,000		2,205,000
Bond Premiums	 10,081,627	 	 (756,800)	 9,324,827		
Total general obligation bonds	 105,721,627	 <u> </u>	 (8,071,800)	 97,649,827		6,380,000
Other Long-Term Obligations						
Compensated Absences	25,902,872	9,654,356	(8,852,131)	26,705,097		8,951,497
Insurance Claims	5,156,107	75,786,164	(74,970,050)	5,972,221		4,792,871
Lease Payable	4,560,438	216,390	(580,366)	4,196,462		555,581
Notes payable - finance purchase	444,525	-	(223,938)	220,587		220,587
SBITA payable	-	10,272,991	(2,017,342)	8,255,649		1,955,118
Net pension liability	91,193,088	204,505,675	(8,043)	295,690,720		-
Net OPEB liability	 <u>-</u>	 6,210,478	 <u>-</u>	 6,210,478		
Total other long-term obligations	 127,257,030	 306,646,054	 (86,651,870)	347,251,214		16,475,654
Total governmental activities						
long-term obligations	\$ 232,978,657	\$ 306,646,054	\$ (94,723,670)	\$ 444,901,041	\$	22,855,654

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt and other obligations of the business-type activities for the year ended December 31, 2023:

	D. I			D. I	Amount Due
Business-type activities:	Balance 12/31/2022	Additions	Reductions	Balance 12/31/2023	Within One Year
Business-type activities:	12/31/2022	Additions	Reductions	12/31/2023	Olle Teal
OWDA Loans - Direct Borrowing					
Pump Station #26 Abandonment Q330	\$ 188,052	\$ -	\$ (27,428)	\$ 160,624	\$ 28,884
Howe Rd Sewer Repair Q611	248,046	-	(33,204)	214,842	34,875
Master Meter/Telemetry System	183,574	-	(23,758)	159,816	24,537
Manhole Rehabilitation	62,851	-	(8,134)	54,717	8,400
Season Rd Pump Station Force Main	166,144	-	(18,111)	148,033	18,812
Greensburg/Massillon Rd Q923	197,699	-	(21,550)	176,149	22,387
Kenneth/Samira San Sewer Improv	356,982	-	(52,738)	304,244	55,273
Warner Road Trunk Line & Force Main	234,141	-	(25,522)	208,619	26,512
Plants 26 & 45 Abandonment Q533	33,214	-	(33,214)	-	-
Sanitary Sewer Project Q944	137,072	-	(13,056)	124,016	13,553
Force Main Repair PS#006	718,051	-	(60,782)	657,269	62,274
Pump Station #48 Q831	213,822	-	(14,780)	199,042	15,273
Massillon Rd Sewer Q951	333,484	-	(22,651)	310,833	23,284
Wastewater System WRRSP	343,690	-	(228,926)	114,764	114,764
Wastewater Treatment Plant #36 (A)	2,992,374	-	(244,638)	2,747,736	-
Wastewater Treatment Plant #36 (B)	416,139	-	(27,223)	388,916	-
Indian Creek Exposed San Sewer Q180	599,266	-	(29,595)	569,671	30,110
Cle-Massillon & Rothrock Rd Sewer Q537	326,502	_	(16,208)	310,294	16,480
				- <u></u> -	
Total OWDA Loans	7,751,103	-	(901,518)	6,849,585	495,418
OPWC Loans - Direct Borrowing					
Whitefriars Drive	302,304	-	(28,791)	273,513	28,791
					
Total OPWC loans	302,304	-	(28,791)	273,513	28,791
					
Other Long-Term Obligations					
WPCLF - Temporary - Direct Borrowings	34,229,095	2,874,519	(2,302,460)	34,801,154	350,292
FWCC - Temporary - Direct Borrowings	228,392	716,170	(54,428)	890,134	5,141
Leases Payable	4,397,976	428,070	(617,689)	4,208,357	552,394
Intergovernmental Loans Payable	1,560,397	-	(112,629)	1,447,768	115,211
Compensated Absences	1,148,507	416,568	(341,378)	1,223,697	362,476
Net pension liability	4,288,684	9,491,064	-	13,779,748	-
Net OPEB liability	<u>-</u>	290,685	<u>-</u> _	290,685	
Total other long-term obligations	45,853,051	14,217,076	(3,428,584)	56,641,543	1,385,514
Total business-type activities	\$ 53,906,458	\$14,217,076	\$(4,358,893)	\$ 63,764,641	\$1,909,723

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

The following is a summary of the County's future annual debt service requirements for long-term debt. The OWDA loans for the Wastewater Treatment Plan #36 A&B have not been finalized and is, therefore, are not reflected in schedules below.

		Governmental Activities						
Year Ending		Gei	nera	l Obligation	Boı	nds		
December 31,	_	Principal	_	Interest		Total		
2024	\$	6,380,000	\$	3,350,468	\$	9,730,468		
2025		6,765,000		3,160,638		9,925,638		
2026		6,960,000		2,969,975		9,929,975		
2027		7,150,000		2,773,549		9,923,549		
2028		7,380,000		2,556,054		9,936,054		
2029-2033		25,865,000		9,297,148		35,162,148		
2034-2038		13,715,000		5,528,274		19,243,274		
2039-2043		14,110,000		1,998,000		16,108,000		
Total	\$	88,325,000	\$	31,634,106	\$	119,959,106		

	Business-type Activities								
Year Ending			О	WDA Loan	S		Ol	PWC Loans	
December 31,	_	Principal	_	Interest		Total	_	Principal	
2024	\$	495,418	\$	102,212	\$	597,630	\$	28,791	
2025		394,313		89,563		483,876		28,791	
2026		408,510		76,636		485,146		28,791	
2027		423,275		63,205		486,480		28,791	
2028		438,623		49,256		487,879		28,791	
2029-2033		1,108,840		107,888		1,216,728		129,558	
2034-2038		353,363		23,166		376,529		-	
2039-2043		90,591		1,553		92,144		_	
Total	\$	3,712,933	\$	513,479	\$	4,226,412	\$	273,513	

The general obligation bonds will be paid with property taxes in the General and Debt Service funds and general taxes in the Motor Vehicle and Gas Tax fund. The Ohio Water Development Authority (OWDA) and the Ohio Public Works Commission (OPWC) loans will be paid from revenues derived by the County from the operation of the sewer system, with the exception of the OPWC loan related to the Whitefriars Drive project, which will be repaid from special assessments from property owners.

OWDA loans and loans through the Water Pollution Control Loan Fund (WPCLF) are direct borrowings that have terms negotiated directly between the County and the OWDA and are not offered for public sale. In the event of default, the OWDA may declare the full amount of the then unpaid original loan amount to be immediately due and payable and/or require the County to pay any fines, penalties, interest, or late charges associated with the default.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

OPWC loans are direct borrowings that have terms negotiated directly between the County and the OPWC and are not offered for public sale. In the event of default, the OPWC may (1) charge an 8% default interest rate from the date of the default to the date of the payment and charge the County for all costs incurred by the OPWC in curing the default, (2) in accordance with Ohio Revised Code 164.05, direct the county treasurer of the county in which the County is located to pay the amount of the default from funds that would otherwise be appropriated to the County from such county's undivided local government fund pursuant to ORC 5747.51-5747.53, or (3) at its discretion, declare the entire principal amount of loan then remaining unpaid, together with all accrued interest and other charges, become immediately due and payable.

The compensated absences liability will be paid from the funds from which the employees' salaries are paid. This includes all the funds except Akron Zoo Project, Debt Service and Other Capital Improvements. The claims and judgments liabilities will be paid from the Medical Self-Insurance and Workers' Compensation Funds. At December 31, 2023, there were \$4,086,000 of Medical Self-Insurance claims and \$1,886,221 of workers' compensation claims that are considered current and due within one year, which are reported as Insurance Claims. The financed purchase obligations will be paid from the Hospitalization and Telephone Services Funds. The net pension liability and net OPEB liability would normally be paid from the funds from which the employees' salaries are paid which includes includes all the funds except Akron Zoo Project, Debt Service and Other Capital Improvements. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension plan against a public employer. At December 31, 2023, there was \$0 of net pension liability and net OPEB liability that is considered current and due within one year.

During 2013, the County issued \$17,585,000 in general obligation refunding bonds at interest rates varying from 1.25 percent to 4.50 percent. Proceeds were used to refund \$15,105,000 of 2003 various purpose bonds and \$3,450,000 of 2002 various purpose bonds to achieve interest cost savings. The bonds were issued at a \$2,091,158 premium and issuance costs were \$270,007. On December 31, 2023, none of the defeased bonds are outstanding.

During 2016, the County issued \$12,955,000 in general obligation refunding bonds at interest rates varying from 1.50 percent to 2.00 percent. Proceeds were used to refund \$13,200,000 of 2004 various purpose bonds to achieve interest cost savings. On December 31, 2016, none of the defeased bonds were outstanding. During 2016, the County issued an additional \$21,320,000 in general obligation bonds at interest rates varying from 2.75 to 4.00 percent. The proceeds of the bonds were used to finance the upgrade of the 800 MHz Regional Radio System, Elevator Improvements in the County Safety Building, and the establishment of the Summit County Board of Elections Early Voting Center. Final maturity of the bonds is December 1, 2036.

During 2019, the Summit County Port Authority, now known as the Development Finance Authority (DFA), along with the County issued \$6,700,000 of general obligation bonds. The proceeds of the bonds were used to refinance existing bonds and long term debt related to the redevelopment of the 47 North Main Street building. The County is responsible for the principal and interest payments. Final maturity of the bonds is December 1, 2034.

During 2021, the County issued \$7,855,000 in general obligation refunding bonds at an interest rate of 1.40 percent Proceeds were used to refund \$7,794,508 of 2010 various purpose bonds to achieve interest cost savings. On December 31, 2023, none of the defeased bonds are outstanding. Final maturity of the bonds is December 1, 2030.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

During 2021, the Summit County Port Authority, now known as the Development Finance Authority (DFA) issued \$10,455,000 in revenue refunding bonds at an interest rate of 1.81 percent and \$4,540,000 in revenue refunding bonds at an interest rate of 1.445 percent to achieve interest cost savings. The proceeds of the revenue refunding bonds were used to refinance the 2012 bonds issued to finance part of the development of the international technical center and headquarters of Bridgestone America Tire Operations, LLC and to refinance the 2010 bonds issued as part of a cooperative agreement between the DFA, the County and the City of Akron for the purpose of acquiring, constructing, installing, equipping or improving the Goodyear Tire and Rubber Company Global and North American Headquarters building, respectively. The County is responsible for the principal and interest payments. Final maturity of the issue of the \$10,455,000 of revenue refunding bonds is December 31, 2031 and final maturity of the issue of the \$4,540,000 of revenue refunding bonds is December 31, 2031. As of December 31, 2023, no amounts of the 2012 defeased bonds are outstanding.

During 2022, the County issued \$52,945,000 in general obligation bonds, with interest rates from 4.00 percent to 5.00 percent. The proceeds from the bonds will be used to finance various county projects including, but not limited to, the new Joint Dispatch Facility to provide 911 services within various communities throughout the County, improvements to the County Jail, and improvements to the County Courthouse and Safety building. Final maturity of the bonds is December 1, 2043.

The County entered into an agreement with the City of Hudson to acquire its sanitary sewer system during 2016. The County has recorded an intergovernmental payable at December 31, 2023 in the amount of \$1,447,768.

In addition to the above loans presented in the foregoing schedule, the County has entered into an agreement with OWDA for a loan from the Water Pollution Control Loan Fund (WPCLF) for a project within the County. In 2009, the County entered into an agreement with OWDA for a loan from the Fresh Water Contribution Capital (FWCC) program and OPWC. These projects are still under construction and funds received thus far are for reimbursement of expenses incurred. Therefore, the County's liability for these loans, as of December 31, 2023, are the amounts forwarded to the County as of this date. These payments are made on a "temporary" amortization schedule provided by the WPCLF, FWCC and OPWC. These liabilities are not reflected within the accompanying summary of the County's future annual debt service requirements for long-term debt. These "temporary" amortization schedules are based on the estimated total amount of funds to be borrowed by the County even though only a portion may have been received at December 31, 2023. The County also pays interest on these temporary loans. Upon completion WPCLF, FWCC and OPWC will present the County with a one-time adjustment for any amounts on the temporary amortization schedule that will be applied to the County's next payment. Permanent amortization schedules are then compiled and all future debt payments by the County will be based on that schedule. At December 31, 2023, the loan liability for WPCLF amounted to \$34,801,154 with scheduled payments of \$350,292 due in 2024 and the loan liability for FWCC amounted to \$890,134 with scheduled payments of \$5,141 due in 2024.

Financed Purchases

Financed purchase agreements are direct borrowings that have terms negotiated directly between the County and the vendor. The capital assets being acquired by the agreement transfer ownership to the County at the end of the agreement term. The County has two financed purchase agreements in place:

During 2017 the County entered into a financed purchase agreement with Key Government Finance, Inc. in the amount of \$1,464,361 for the upgrade of the County's Voice Over Internet Protocol Phone System. The agreement was issued with a 2.15 percent interest rate with final payment due on July 19, 2024. Principal and interest payments are made from the information technology internal service fund.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

During 2019 the County entered into a financed purchase agreement with De Lage Landen Public Finance, LLC the amount of \$10,757 for office equipment. Principal and interest payments are made from the office services internal service fund.

Principal and interest requirements to retire the financed purchase agreement as of December 31, 2023 are as follows:

Year	Governmental Activities						
Ending	Financed Purchas						
December 31,	Principal		Interest		Total		
2024	\$	220,587	\$	3,600	\$	224,187	
Total	\$	220,587	\$	3,600	\$	224,187	

The Ohio Revised Code provides that the net principal amount of unvoted general obligation debt of the County, excluding exempt debt, may not exceed one percent of the total assessed valuation of all property in the County. The Code further provides that the total voted and unvoted net debt of the County less the same exempt debt shall never exceed a sum equal to three percent of the first \$1,000,000 and not in excess of \$300,000,000 plus two and one-half percent of such valuation in excess of \$300,000,000.

The effects of the debt limitations described above at December 31, 2023, are an overall debt margin of \$317,877,208 and an unvoted debt margin of \$98,974,866.

The County has pledged the proceeds from special assessments to repay the OPWC loan related to Whitefriars Drive. These special assessments are levied against benefiting property owners and are projected to produce 100 percent of the debt service requirements. In the event that a property owner would fail to pay the assessment, payment would be made by the County. For 2023, principal payments totaled \$28,791. At December 31, 2023, the outstanding balance of the OPWC loan was \$273,513 and payments are scheduled to be made through the year 2033.

Note 17. Conduit Debt Obligations

The County has issued Industrial Development Revenue Bonds (IDRB) to provide financial assistance to private sector entities for the acquisition and construction of industrial and commercial facilities deemed to be in the public interest. The bonds are secured by the property financed and are payable solely from payments received on the underlying mortgage loans. Upon repayment of the bonds, ownership of the acquired facilities transfers to the private-sector entity served by the bond issuance.

As of December 31, 2023, there were eighty-three series of IDRBs outstanding. During 2023, no new IDRBs were issued. The aggregate remaining principal amount payable for the eighty-two issued prior to 2008 could not be determined; however, their original issue amounts totaled \$447,641,000. Industrial Development Revenue Bonds are not obligations of the County and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements.

The County has issued Health Care Facility Revenue Bonds (HCFRB) to provide financial assistance to private sector entities for the acquisition, construction and improvements of health care facilities deemed to be in the public interest. The bonds are secured by the property financed and are payable solely from payments received on the underlying mortgage loans. Upon repayment of the bonds, ownership of the acquired facilities transfers to the private-sector entity served by the bond issuance.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

As of December 31, 2023, there were three HCFRBs outstanding. During 2023, no new HCFRBs were issued. The aggregate remaining principal amount payable was \$9,115,000 and the original issue amounts totaled \$16,875,000 for the three HCFRBs. Health Care Facility Revenue Bonds are not obligations of the County and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements.

Note 18. Internal Balances

Interfund loans receivable/payable balances at December 31, 2023, consist of the following individual fund receivables and payables:

			I otal	
	Other	Interfund		
	Governmental	Sewer	loans receivable	
General	\$ 131,184	\$4,500,000	\$ 4,631,184	

Due to/from other funds balances at December 31, 2023, consist of the following individual fund receivables and payables:

	Job and	Children		Total Due from other funds	
	Family	Services	Other		
	<u>Services</u>	Board	Governmental		
General	\$ 46,153	\$ 2,750	\$ -	\$ 48,903	
Other capital improvements	-	-	810,000	810,000	
Other governmental	143,136			143,136	
Total due to other funds	\$ 189,289	\$ 2,750	\$ 810,000	\$ 1,002,039	

Due to/from external parties at December 31, 2023, consisted of the following as reported on the fund statements \$1,618,190 due from custodial funds to the general fund.

The balances between funds result mainly from (1) interfund goods and services provided or reimbursable expenditures, (2) costs for operation of internal service funds, and (3) payments made between funds. These balances also include any amounts associated with negative cash balances that will be collected in the subsequent year. Amounts between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide statements. Amounts between governmental activities and business-type activities are reported as "internal balance" on the statement of net position.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2023, consisted of the following:

	Transfers In					_	
	Job and	Children	Other				
	Family	Services	Capital	Other			
Transfers Out	Services	Board	<u>Improvements</u>	Governmental	Sewer	Service	Total
General	\$ 3,523,414	\$ -	\$ 74,025,807	\$ 20,756,465	\$ 4,994,931	\$ 7,635,676	\$ 110,936,293
Job and Family Services	-	628,808	-	760,000	-	-	1,388,808
Other governmental	_			27,935			27,935
Total	\$ 3,523,414	\$ 628,808	\$ 74,025,807	\$ 21,544,400	\$ 4,994,931	\$ 7,635,676	\$ 112,353,036

The transfers from General Fund to Job & Family Services and Internal Services represent required subsidies, and transfers to Nonmajor Governmental cover local matches on grants and capital expenditures. The transfers from Job & Family Services to Children Services Board and the Children Support Enforcement other governmental fund present matching funds for the Title XX/TANF program. The transfers within the Nonmajor Governmental funds represent the closing out of grant funds.

Note 19. Jointly Governed Organizations

Akron-Canton Regional Airport

The Akron-Canton Regional Airport is a 50% jointly governed organization by the County of Summit and Stark County. An eight-member board of trustees oversees the operation of the Regional Airport. Each county appoints four board members. The board exercises total authority for the day-to-day operations of the Regional Airport. These include budgeting, appropriating, contracting and designating management. Management at the Airport prepares its own Annual Financial Report, which is audited separately. The County of Summit has no financial responsibility for any of the Airport's liabilities. Complete financial statements may be obtained from the Akron-Canton Regional Airport, North Canton, Ohio 44720-1598.

North East Ohio Network (NEON)

North East Ohio Network is a Council of Governments that is a jointly governed organization among fourteen counties. The Council is made up of the superintendents of each county's Board of Developmental Disabilities. The Council exercises total authority for the day-to-day operations of the organization. These include budgeting, appropriating, contracting and designating management. Revenues are generated by fees and State grants. The Council does not have any outstanding debt. The County has no financial responsibility for any of the Council's liabilities. Complete financial statements may be obtained from NEON, 5121 Mahoning Avenue, Suite 102, Austintown, Ohio 44515.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Summit Area Regional Council of Governments (SAR COG)

The Summit Area Regional Council of Governments (SAR COG) is a Council of Governments that is a jointly governed organization between the City of Tallmadge, the City of Cuyahoga Falls, the City of Fairlawn, the City of Stow, and the County. The SAR COG was created to operate a consolidated primary Public Safety Answering Point (PSAP) for participating political subdivisions through which they dispatch emergency calls to public safety forces. The SAR COG shall be responsible for the ongoing operation, staffing, funding and governance of the PSAP according to its bylaws adopted March 28, 2022. The SAR COG has an independent board of trustees consisting of one voting member which shall be the Chief Elected Official of each participating political subdivision. The County serves as fiscal agent for the SAR COG. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 14 as amended by GASB Statement No. 61, the County does not have any equity interest in the SAR COG. Complete financial statements may be obtained from Summit Emergency Communications Center, 630 North Avenue, Tallmadge, Ohio 44278.

Note 20. Risk Management

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft, damage and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. The County has insurance coverage with various companies. Settled claims have not materially exceeded coverage in any of the last three years and there was no significant reduction in coverage from the prior year.

The County participates in the State Worker's Compensation Retrospective Rating and Payment Option Plan. This plan involves the payment of a minimum premium for administrative services and stop-loss coverage plus the actual claim costs for employees injured during 2023. At December 31, 2023, the County recorded a claims liability of \$1,886,221 in its Workers' Compensation Fund. This is the latest information provided by the State of Ohio Bureau of Workers' Compensation. At December 31, 2023, \$7,459,383 of Workers' Compensation Fund Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments was held to fund this liability.

The County offers its employees an alternative form of health insurance coverage, for which the County is self-insured. All claim liabilities related to this coverage are reported in the Medical Self-Insurance Fund. The County's health-care benefits are administered by Medical Mutual, which provides claims reviews and processing. The County maintains specific stop-loss coverage with a commercial insurance company for claims in excess of \$500,000 individually with no aggregate stop loss coverage in 2023. Claims expenses and liabilities are recognized when it is probable a loss has occurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. These losses include an estimate of claims that have been incurred but not paid and incurred but not reported. Incurred but not paid claims of \$4,086,000 have been accrued as a liability at December 31, 2023.

At December 31, 2023, the amount of the workers' compensation and health insurance liability was \$5,972,221 which is the County's best estimate based on available information. Changes in the self-insurance claims liability accounts were as follows:

	Balance at Beginning		C	Current Year		Balance		
			Claims and		Claims			at End
		of Year		Estimates	Payments		of Year	
2023	\$	5,156,107	\$	75,786,164	\$	(74,970,050)	\$	5,972,221
2022		5.090,950		67,043,564		(66,978,407)		5,156,107

At December 31, 2023, \$3,403,338 of Medical Self-Insurance Fund Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments was held for the purpose of funding the County's \$4,086,000 liability for health self-insurance.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Note 21. Pollution Remediation

The County entered into an agreement with the City of Hudson to acquire its sanitary sewer system during 2016. The Ohio Environmental Protection Agency (OEPA) issued two consent orders related to the system and the estimate of the liability for those orders is \$4.5 million. It is anticipated that construction of the sanitary sewer solution will begin during the fourth quarter of 2024. This estimate has been recorded as an accounts payable in the statements. This estimate is subject to revision because of price increases or reductions, changes in technology, or changes in applicable laws or regulations.

On June 8, 2018, the OEPA issued final findings and orders to the County's Department of Sanitary Sewer Services (DSSS) due to a critical failure of the force main for Pump Station #123 located in the City of Hudson. The critical failure resulted in diverting and storing the wastewater flow in existing storage tanks. A second unrelated sanitary sewer overflow occurred at Pump Station #53 located in the City of Stow due to a disruption in electric power. Due to this disruption the pump station was rendered inoperable. There was no emergency generator at this pump station since electrical service was provided by a connection from the Fishcreek Wastewater Treatment Plant to the pump station. This connection was the point of failure and the cause of the loss of power at the pump station. Both violations have been combined into a single order. The remaining requirement is that DSSS must implement a Supplemental Environmental Project (SEP) to prepare and submit permit applications for the replacement and relocation of the Hines Hill Tank. The remaining estimate of the engineering cost is \$277,577. This estimate has been recorded as an accounts payable in the financial statements. This estimate is subject to revision because of price increases or reductions, changes in technology, or changes in applicable laws or regulations.

On September 24, 2021, the United States EPA and DSSS entered into a final agreement on Administrative Order of Consent (AOC) for noncompliance with the Clean Water Act (CWA) and the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit issued for Wastewater Treatment Plant #25 (Fishcreek). The AOC contains requirements related to the final discharge effluent violations at Fishcreek, the presence of algae in the treatment systems at the plant, and repeated sanitary sewer overflows (SSO) at pump stations tributary to Fishcreek. The effluent violations estimated liability is \$7.5 million. The SSO estimated liability is \$7,248,300. This estimate has been recorded as an accounts payable in the statements. This estimate is subject to revision because of price increases or reductions, changes in technology, or changes in applicable laws or regulations.

Note 22. Contingencies

Grants

The County received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies.

Other such audits could be undertaken by federal and state granting agencies and result in the disallowance of claims and expenditures; however, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims or expenditures will not have a material effect on the overall financial position of the County at December 31, 2023.

Litigation

The County is currently, and from time to time, subject to claims and suits arising in the normal course of providing services and conducting business. Management intends to vigorously defend the County and believes that these claims and litigation will not have a material adverse effect on the County's operations or financial position.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Asset Retirement Obligations

Ohio Revised Code Section 6111.44 requires the County to submit any changes to their sewage treatment system to the Ohio Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) for approval. Through this permitting process, the County would be responsible to address any public safety issues associated with their sewage treatment facility and the permit would specify the procedures required to dispose of all or part of the sewage treatment plant. At this time, the County does not have an approved permit from Ohio EPA to dispose of all or part of their sewage treatment plant. Due to the lack of specific legal requirements for retiring the sewage treatment plant, the County has determined that the amount of the asset retirement obligation cannot be reasonably determined.

Note 23. Subsequent Events

In February 2024, the County entered into an agreement with the Ohio Water Development Authority through the Water Pollution Control Loan Fund in an amount not to exceed \$2,115,000 and an amount not to exceed \$1,200,000 from available American Rescue Plan Act funds to finance Project Q-165-1 for the Akron-Cleveland Road Sanitary Sewer Extension.

In April 2024, the County entered into an agreement with the Ohio Water Development Authority through the Water Pollution Control Loan Fund in an amount not to exceed \$8,800,000 to finance project Q-453 for the construction of Fishcreek Wastewater Treatment Plant No. 25.

Note 24. Summit County Land Reutilization Corporation

A. Description of the Entity

The Summit County Land Reutilization Corporation (the Corporation) is a county land reutilization corporation that was formed on June 4, 2012 when the Summit County Council authorized the incorporation of the Corporation under Chapter 1724 of the Ohio Revised Code through resolution number 2012-214 as a not-for-profit corporation under the laws of the State of Ohio. The purpose of the Corporation is to strengthen neighborhoods in Summit County (the County) by returning vacant, abandoned and blighted properties to productive use. The Corporation has been designated as the County's agent to further its mission to reclaim, rehabilitate, and reutilize vacant, abandoned, tax foreclosed and other real property in the County by exercising the powers of the County under Chapter 5722 of the Ohio Revised Code.

Pursuant to Section 1724.03 (B) of the Ohio Revised Code, the Board of Directors of the Corporation is composed of seven members including, (1) the County Fiscal Officer, (2) the County Executive, (3) a member of the County Council, (4) one representative of the municipal corporation in the County with the largest population, based on the population according to the most recent federal decennial census, (5) one representative of a township with a population of greater than ten thousand based on the population according to the most recent federal decennial census, and (6) two additional members selected by the Fiscal Officer, Executive and Council Representative.

The Corporation is dedicated to strategically acquiring abandoned, blighted and tax delinquent property through the Board of Revision, Sheriff's Sale, Bank Real Estate Owned, third parties, through donations and any other means allowable by law. The Corporation then strives to put the properties back to productive use.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

The reporting entity for the Corporation is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the Corporation and any other organizations that would need to be included to ensure the financial statements of the Corporation are not misleading.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the Corporation is financially accountable. The Corporation is financially accountable for an organization if the Corporation appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board; and 1) the Corporation is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or 2) the Corporation is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the Corporation is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the Corporation is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations for which the Corporation authorizes the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes, or determines the budget. The Corporation does not have any component units. The Corporation is a component unit of Summit County, Ohio.

B. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The basic financial statements of the Corporation have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The Corporation's significant accounting policies are described below.

Basis of Presentation

The Corporation's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the Corporation as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government. These statements usually distinguish between those activities of the Corporation that are governmental and those that are business-type. The Corporation, however, does not have any business-type activities.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the Corporation at year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the Corporation's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the Corporation, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental program is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the Corporation.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Measurement Focus

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and deferred outflows of resources and all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the Corporation are included on the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Activities presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net position.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded on the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues – Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the Corporation receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include grants, entitlements and donations. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the Corporation must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the Corporation on a reimbursement basis.

Expenses

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

Budgetary Process

The Corporation is not bound by the budgetary laws prescribed by the Ohio Revised Code for purely governmental entities. The Board of Directors of the Corporation adopts an annual budget prior to the beginning of the fiscal year. Appropriations and subsequent amendments are approved by the Board of Directors during the year as required.

Federal Income Tax

Pursuant to Section 115(1) of the Internal Revenue Code, income derived by the Corporation is excluded from gross income for federal income purposes.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

All monies received by the Corporation are deposited in demand deposit accounts. The Corporation had no investments during the year or at the end of the year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond the current year, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method by recording a current asset for the prepaid amount at the time of purchase and reflecting the expense in the year in which the services are consumed.

Inventory Held for Resale

Assets held for resale represent properties purchased by, donated to, or otherwise acquired by the Corporation. These properties are valued based upon a combination of the purchase price plus any costs of maintenance, rehabilitation, or demolition of homes on the properties. The Corporation holds the properties until the property is sold to a new owner.

Capital Assets

General capital assets are capital assets which are associated with and generally arise from governmental activities. General capital assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition values as of the date received. The Corporation maintains a capitalization threshold of \$1,000. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All reported capital assets, except for land and construction in progress, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

DescriptionEstimated Useful LifeBuildings and Improvements30 YearsFurniture and Fixtures4 YearsVehicles4 Years

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

Compensated Absences

The Corporation reports compensated absences in accordance with the provisions of GASB No. 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences. Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those the Corporation has identified as probable of receiving payment in the future. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employees' wage rate at year end, taking into consideration any limits specified in the Corporation's termination policy.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. The Corporation had restricted net position at December 31, 2023 of \$149,653 for grants awarded but not yet paid. The Corporation applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for which restricted and unrestricted amounts are available.

Intergovernmental Revenue

The Corporation receives operating income through Summit County. This money represents the penalties and interest on current unpaid and delinquent property taxes once these taxes are paid. Pursuant to ORC 321.263, these penalty and interest monies are collected by the County when taxes are paid and then are paid to the Corporation upon the Corporation's written request.

Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

C. Deposits and Investments Deposits

At December 31, 2023, the carrying amount of the Corporation's deposits was \$2,001,217 and the bank balance was \$2,001,217.

- 1. \$250,000 was covered by Federal depository insurance, by collateral held by the Corporation, or by collateral held by the Corporation's agent in the name of the Corporation; and
- 2. \$1,751,217 was collateralized with collateral held by the pledging institutions' trust department in the Corporation's name.

D. Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liabilities consist of compensated absences, bonds payable and notes payable. Changes in long term debt for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023 are as follows:

	Restated Balances January 1	Additions	Reductions	Balances December 31	Due Within One Year
Compensated Absences Bonds Payable Notes Payable	\$ 69,662 3,670,371 3,854,275	\$ 37,285 -	\$ (106,947) (515,956) (275,000)	3,154,415 3,579,275	\$ - 524,167 275,000
Pollution Remediation Total Long Term Liabilities	\$ 9,771,339	\$ 37,285	(364,375) \$ (1,262,278)	1,812,656 \$ 8,546,346	1,812,656 \$ 2,611,823

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

E. Capital Assets

A summary of changes in capital assets during 2023 follows:

	Balances January 1	Additions	Retirements	Balances December 31
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES Capital assets not being depreciated Construction in progress	\$ -	\$ 9,200	\$ -	\$ 9,200
Total capital assets not being depreciated		9,200	-	9,200
Capital assets being depreciated				
Buildings	6,594,261	108,330	-	6,702,591
Furniture and fixtures	291,604	34,738	-	326,342
Vehicles	1,750	-	-	1,750
Total capital assets being				
depreciated	6,887,615	143,068	-	7,030,683
Less accumulated depreciation for				
Buildings	(442,861)	(186,561)	-	(629,422)
Furniture and fixtures	(115,559)	(64,279)	-	(179,838)
Vehicles	(1,750)	-	-	(1,750)
Total accumulated depreciation	(560,170)	(250,840)	-	(811,010)
Total capital assets being				
depreciated, net	6,327,445	(107,772)	-	6,219,673
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES CAPITAL ASSETS, NET	\$ 6,327,445	\$ (98,572)	\$ -	\$ 6,228,873

Depreciation expense of \$250,840 has been included in expenses in the statement of activities.

F. Transactions with Summit County

Pursuant to and in accordance with Section 321.261 (B) of the Ohio Revised Code, the Corporation has been authorized by the Summit County Council to receive 5 percent of all collections of delinquent real property, personal property, and manufactured and mobile home taxes that are deposited into the County's Delinquent Tax Assessment Collection fund and will be available for appropriation by the Corporation to fund operations. In July 2019, the Corporation entered into an agreement to purchase the Ohio Means Job Center. In 2020, the Corporation issued special revenue bonds to the County.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

G. Risk Management

The Corporation is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The Corporation maintains comprehensive insurance coverage with independent third parties for real property, building, vehicle, general liability and professional liability insurance. There were no settled claims from these risks that have exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the past years, nor has insurance coverage been significantly reduced from the prior year.

H. Employee Benefits

Compensated Absences

The Corporation employees earn vacation leave at varying rates based upon length of service. Employees earn vacation depending upon length of service. Annual vacation eligibility is as of the anniversary of employment and unused vacation may be carried over indefinitely. Vacation leave is accrued at the rate for County of Summit employees, set forth in the Codified Ordinances of Summit County, except that earned vacation shall be made available upon the successful completion, and favorable performance review, of a six-month probationary period as determined by the Executive Director. After six months of service with the Summit County Land Reutilization Corporation, an employee will be credited with vacation earned during the first six months of employment. New employees with no prior public service are eligible for paid vacation only after six months of employment. If a new employee with no prior service credit terminates employment before serving six months of employment, he/she will receive no vacation pay out. Otherwise, when an employee terminates employment, he or she will receive the balance of unused, earned vacation time. Employees earn sick leave at the rate of 4.6 hours per 80 hours worked with no maximum accumulation. No sick leave is paid out at termination, but upon retirement, employees receive 25 percent of their sick leave balance not to exceed 240 hours.

Health Insurance Benefits

The Corporation makes available to all full-time employees comprehensive major medical/hospitalization health care insurance. Participating employees may elect coverage (i.e. single, family, etc.) as provided under the offered plan(s). Eligible employees may elect applicable coverage. Employee participation costs, as may be applicable, shall be made through payroll deduction.

Retirement Benefits

The Summit County Land Reutilization Corporation's 401K plan was created January 1, 2018. The 401K plan allows higher employee contributions and employer match with a three year vesting schedule to encourage employee retention.

I. Prior Period Restatement

Opening net position of the Corporation was restated at January 1, 2023, by \$2,177,031 to report a liability for pollution remediation of three Brownfield parcels. The pollution remediation liability estimate of \$2,191,110 is based upon professional remediation clean up projections. The Corporation incurred expenses of \$14,079 in 2022 for various pollution remediation tests to determine the nature of the contaminants and how to remediate the parcels. The Corporation has been awarded three Ohio Department of Development Brownfield Remediation Grants in the amount of \$2,191,110 to assist with the remediation. In 2023, the Corporation began pollution remediation efforts on all three parcels and projects that all three parcels will be remediated by December 31, 2024.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Note 25. Summit and Medina Workforce Area Council of Governments

A. Description of the Entity

The Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act of 2014 (WIOA) is a federally funded program that provides employment and job training services to eligible adults, dislocated workers and youth. The United States Department of Labor (DOL) is the federal agency responsible for the program. The Ohio Department of Job and Family Services (ODJFS) is the oversight agency for the State of Ohio. The ODJFS has designated Summit and Medina Counties as Local Workforce Area 2 (Area 2) for the purposes of providing services under WIOA.

The WIOA envisions a workforce development system that is focused on job seekers, businesses and the needs of regional economics, and requires workforce development boards and chief elected officials to design and govern the system regionally, aligning workforce policies and services with regional economics and supporting service delivery strategies tailored to those needs. Area 2 administers Summit and Medina County workforce development activities.

Summit and Medina Workforce Area Council of Governments (the SAMWA COG) was established in accordance with Ohio Revised Code 167 to provide the governance structure for the Area 2 to carry out its mandated functions of planning, contracting and assessing workforce development programs and to more clearly establish that local elected officials have ultimate responsibility for the WIOA funds.

Summit and Medina Counties are the sole members of the SAMWA COG. Each county has a single seat of representation on the SAMWA COG's Area 2 Workforce Development Board. The primary representative serving in these seats shall be one of the Medina County Commissioners and the Summit County Executive.

The Summit County Department of Job and Family Services (SCDJFS), an agency that is under the governance of the Summit County Council, serves as the fiscal agent. The fiscal agent is responsible for receiving and disbursing WIOA funds. Funds flow from the State to SCDJFS and are passed on to the SAMWA COG members.

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations, ensuring that the basic financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the Board consists of the general fund, departments, and boards that are not legally separate from the SAMWA COG. The SAMWA COG has no component units.

The SAMWA COG's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the SAMWA COG is financially accountable.

B. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the SAMWA COG have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to local governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the SAMWA COG's accounting policies are described below.

Basis of Presentation

The SAMWA COG's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Government-wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the SAMWA COG as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government. These statements usually distinguish between those activities of the SAMWA COG that are governmental and those that are considered business-type. The SAMWA COG, however, does not have business-type activities.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the SAMWA COG at year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the SAMWA COG's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the SAMWA COG, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental program self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the SAMWA COG.

Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and deferred outflows of resources and all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the SAMWA COG are included on the statement of net position. The statement of activities presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net position.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the SAMWA COG receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include grants, entitlements and donations. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the SAMWA COG must provide resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources provided to the SAMWA COG on a reimbursement basis.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Deferred Inflows of Resources and Deferred Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Expenses

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

Budgetary Process

The SAMWA COG is not bound by the budgetary laws prescribed by the Ohio Revised Code for governmental entities.

The budgetary process that is followed by the SAMWA COG is for control purposes and is set forth in its Control Policies. The annual organizational budget must be completed at least thirty days prior to the end of the preceding fiscal year, and approved by the Board of Directors no later than the end of the preceding fiscal year. In the absence of an annual organizational budget, the Executive Director lacks the authority and the official capacity to make any financial decisions for the organization.

Capital Assets

The SAMWA COG does not own any capital assets. All capital assets used by the SAMWA COG are owned by either Summit or Medina County.

Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those the SAMWA COG has identified as probable of receiving payment in the future. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employees' wage rate at year end, taking into consideration any limits specified in the SAMWA COG's termination policy.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability/asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB, and pension/OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements. *Net Position*

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The SAMWA COG applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

C. Receivables

Receivables at December 31, 2023, consisted of intergovernmental receivables and accounts receivable. Intergovernmental receivables represent amounts owed to the SAMWA COG from the Ohio Department of Jobs and Family Services for grant funds earned but not received. Accounts receivable represent amounts owed to the SAMWA COG from non-government agency and for Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) receipts due the SAMWA COG from government agency MOU Partners. All receivables are considered fully collectible and expected to be received within one year.

D. Compensated Absences

Vacation is accumulated at varying rates ranging from two to five weeks per year depending on length of service. Accumulated vacation may be carried over into the next year. However, the maximum amount allowed to carry forward is three times the employee's annual accrual rate, which is based on years of service. However, unused vacation at the time of retirement or termination of employment cannot exceed three times the annual accrual rate.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

This maximum payment of accumulated vacation time would be equal to 600 hours. All employees earn sick leave at the rate of 4.6 hours for each 80 hours of work completed. Sick leave vests with 10 years' service at age 60, 25 years' service at age 55 or 30 years' service at any age. Although the sick leave vests as noted above, the SAMWA COG records a liability for sick leave for all employees with service time of more than 14 years. Employees are paid at one-half of the accumulated sick time up to a maximum payment equal to 720 hours. All sick leave and vacation payments are made at employees current wage rates.

E. Defined Benefit Pension Plans

The Statewide retirement systems provide both pension benefits and other postemployment benefits (OPEB).

Net Pension Liability/Asset and Net OPEB Liability

The net pension liability/asset and the net OPEB liability reported on the statement of net position represents a liability or asset to employees for pensions and OPEB, respectively.

Pensions and OPEB are a component of exchange transactions – between an employer and its employees – of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions and OPEB are provided to an employee – on a deferred-payment basis – as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension liability/asset and the net OPEB liability represent the COG's proportionate share of each pension/OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension/OPEB liability/asset calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost-of-living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

The Ohio Revised Code limits the COG's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The COG cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions/OPEB are financed; however, the COG does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension and OPEB.

GASB 68/75 assumes the liability/asset is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires funding to come from these employers. All pension contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes pension costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits. In addition, health care plan enrollees pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. State statute requires the retirement systems to amortize unfunded pension liabilities within 30 years. If the pension amortization period exceeds 30 years, each retirement system's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension/OPEB liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension/OPEB liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, the retirement systems to provide health care to eligible benefit recipients.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term net pension/OPEB liability/asset on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension/OPEB contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in intergovernmental payable on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

The remainder of this note includes the pension disclosures. See Section F for the OPEB disclosures.

Plan Description - Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

Plan Description - COG employees, participate in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS is a cost-sharing, multiple employer public employee retirement system which administers three separate pension plans. The traditional pension plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The member-directed plan is a defined contribution plan and the combined plan is a combination cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit/defined contribution pension plan. Participating employers are divided into state, local, law enforcement and public safety divisions. While members in the state and local divisions may participate in all three plans, law enforcement and public safety divisions exist only within the traditional plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits, and annual cost of living adjustments to members of the traditional and combined plans. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about OPERS' fiduciary net position that may be obtained by visiting https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml, by writing to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling 800-222-7377.

Senate Bill (SB) 343 was enacted into law with an effective date of January 7, 2013. In the legislation, members in the traditional and combined plans were categorized into three groups with varying provisions of the law applicable to each group.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

The following table provides age and service requirements for retirement and the retirement formula applied to final average salary (FAS) for the three member groups under the traditional and combined plans as per the reduced benefits adopted by SB 343 (see OPERS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report referenced above for additional information, including requirements for reduced and unreduced benefits):

Group A						
ble to	retire prior					

Eligi January 7, 2013 or five years after January 7, 2013

State and Local

Age and Service Requirements:

Age 60 with 60 months of service credit or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit

Traditional Plan Formula:

2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 30

Combined Plan Formula:

1% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 1.25% for service years in excess of 30

20 years of service credit prior to January 7, 2013 or eligible to retire ten years after January 7, 2013

State and Local

Age and Service Requirements:

Age 60 with 60 months of service credit or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit

Traditional Plan Formula:

2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 30

Combined Plan Formula:

1% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 1.25% for service years in excess of 30

Group C

Members not in other Groups and members hired on or after January 7, 2013

State and Local

Age and Service Requirements:

Age 57 with 25 years of service credit or Age 62 with 5 years of service credit

Traditional Plan Formula:

2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 35 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 35

Combined Plan Formula:

1% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 35 years and 1.25% for service years in excess of 35

Final average Salary (FAS) represents the average of the three highest years of earnings over a member's career for Groups A and B. Group C is based on the average of the five highest years of earnings over a member's career.

Members who retire before meeting the age and years of service credit requirement for unreduced benefits receive a percentage reduction in the benefit amount. The amount of a member's pension benefit vests upon receipt of the initial benefit payment. The options for Public Safety and Law Enforcement permit early retirement under qualifying circumstances as early as age 48 with a reduced benefit.

When a traditional plan benefit recipient has received benefits for 12 months, the member is eligible for an annual cost of living adjustment (COLA). This COLA is calculated on the base retirement benefit at the date of retirement and is not compounded. Members retiring under the combined plan receive a cost-of-living adjustment on the defined benefit portion of their pension benefit. For those who retired prior to January 7, 2013, the cost-of-living adjustment is 3.00%. For those retiring on or after January 7, 2013, beginning in calendar year 2019, the adjustment is based on the average percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index, capped at 3.00%.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Defined contribution plan benefits are established in the plan documents, which may be amended by the Board. Member-directed plan and combined plan members who have met the retirement eligibility requirements may apply for retirement benefits. The amount available for defined contribution benefits in the combined plan consists of the member's contributions plus or minus the investment gains or losses resulting from the member's investment selections. Combined plan members wishing to receive benefits must meet the requirements for both the defined benefit and defined contribution plans. Member-directed participants must have attained the age of 55, have money on deposit in the defined contribution plan and have terminated public service to apply for retirement benefits. The amount available for defined contribution benefits in the member-directed plan consists of the members' contributions, vested employer contributions and investment gains or losses resulting from the members' investment selections. Employer contributions and associated investment earnings vest over a five-year period, at a rate of 20.00% each year. At retirement, members may select one of several distribution options for payment of the vested balance in their individual OPERS accounts. Options include the annuitization of the benefit (which includes joint and survivor options and will continue to be administered by OPERS), partial lump-sum payments (subject to limitations), a rollover of the vested account balance to another financial institution, receipt of entire account balance, net of taxes withheld, or a combination of these options. When members choose to annuitize their defined contribution benefit, the annuitized portion of the benefit is reclassified to a defined benefit.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

	State and Local
2023 Statutory Maximum Contribution Rates	
Employer	14.0 %
Employee *	10.0 %
2023 Actual Contribution Rates	
Employer:	
Pension ****	14.0 %
Post-employment Health Care Benefits ****	0.0
Total Employer	14.0 %
Employee	10.0 %

- * This rate is determined by OPERS' Board and has no maximum rate established by ORC.
- ** This employer health care rate is for the traditional and combined plans. The employer contribution for the member-directed plan is 4.00%.

Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll.

The COG's contractually required contribution for the Traditional Pension Plan, the Combined Plan and Member-Directed Plan was \$61,558 for 2023. Of this amount, \$10,540 is reported as due to other governments.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Net Pension Liabilities/Assets, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability and net pension asset for OPERS was measured as of December 31, 2022, and the total pension liability or asset used to calculate the net pension liability or asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The COG's proportion of the net pension liability or asset was based on the COG's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities.

Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

					OP	ERS -	
	(OPERS -	C	PERS -	Me	mber-	
	T1	raditional	C	ombined	Dir	ected	Total
Proportion of the net pension liability/asset prior measurement date	0.	00119800%	0.0	02484400%	0.00	498100%	
Proportion of the net pension liability/asset	0	0017110007	0.0	21951000/	0.00	2592000/	
current measurement date	0.	00161100%	0.0	02185100%	0.00	<u>258200</u> %	
Change in proportionate share	0.	00041300%	-0.0	00299300%	-0.00	239900%	
Proportionate share of the net							
pension liability	\$	475,890	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 475,890
Proportionate share of the net							
pension asset		-		(51,501)		(202)	(51,703)
Pension expense		140,340		6,603		(20)	146,923

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

At December 31, 2023, the COG reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

			OPERS -					
	OPERS - OPERS -		Me	ember-				
	T1	aditional	Co	mbined	Di	rected		Total
Deferred outflows				_				
of resources								
Differences between expected and								
actual experience	\$	15,807	\$	3,165	\$	581	\$	19,553
Net difference between projected and actual earnings								
on pension plan investments		135,644		18,769		96		154,509
Changes of assumptions		5,027		3,404		17		8,448
Changes in employer's proportionate percentage/								
employer contributions		64,717		_		_		64,717
Contributions subsequent to the		04,717						04,717
measurement date		52,455		9,103		_		61,558
Total deferred		•		,				
outflows of resources	\$	273,650	\$	34,441	\$	694	\$	308,785

	OPERS -			
	Co	mbined		
Deferred inflows				
of resources				
Differences between				
expected and				
actual experience	\$	7,367		
Total deferred				
inflows of resources	\$	7,367		

\$61,558 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from COG contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of/increase to the net pension liability/asset in the year ending December 31, 2024.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	_					ERS -		
	C	PERS -	О	PERS -	Me	ember-		
	Tr	aditional	Co	mbined	Dir	rected	Total	
Year Ending December 31:						_		_
2024	\$	66,966	\$	764	\$	97	\$	67,827
2025		47,857		3,455		105		51,417
2026		39,926		4,791		106		44,823
2027		66,446		8,077		117		74,640
2028		-		(30)		67		37
Thereafter		-		914		202		1,116
Total	\$	221,195	\$	17,971	\$	694	\$	239,860

Actuarial Assumptions - OPERS

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the values of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review or modification as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial-reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation. The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2022, using the following actuarial assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement in accordance with the requirements of GASB 67.

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results, prepared as of December 31, 2022, compared to the December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation, are presented below.

Future salary increases, including inflation	
Current measurement date	2.75% to 10.75% including wage inflation
Prior measurement date	2.75% to 10.75% including wage inflation
COLA or ad hoc COLA	
Current measurement date	Pre 1/7/2013 retirees: 3.00%, simple
	Post 1/7/2013 retirees: 3.00%, simple
	through 2023, then 2.05% simple
Prior measurement date	Pre 1/7/2013 retirees: 3.00%, simple
	Post 1/7/2013 retirees: 3.00%, simple
	through 2022, then 2.05% simple
Investment rate of return	
Current measurement date	6.90%
Prior measurement date	6.90%
Actuarial cost method	Individual entry age

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on 130% of the Pub-2010 General Employee Mortality tables (males and females) for State and Local Government divisions and 170% of the Pub-2010 Safety Employee Mortality tables (males and females) for the Public Safety and Law Enforcement divisions. Post-retirement mortality rates are based on 115% of the PubG-2010 Retiree Mortality Tables (males and females) for all divisions. Post-retirement mortality rates for disabled retirees are based on the PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree Mortality Tables (males and females) for all divisions. For all of the previously described tables, the base year is 2010 and mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2020 mortality improvement scales (males and females) to all of these tables.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended December 31, 2020.

During 2022, OPERS managed investments in three investment portfolios: the Defined Benefit portfolio, the Health Care portfolio and the Defined Contribution portfolio. The Defined Benefit portfolio contains the investment assets of the Traditional Pension Plan, the defined benefit component of the Combined Plan and the annuitized accounts of the Member-Directed Plan. Within the Defined Benefit portfolio, contributions into the plans are all recorded at the same time, and benefit payments all occur on the first of the month. Accordingly, the money-weighted rate of return is considered to be the same for all plans within the portfolio. The annual money-weighted rate of return expressing investment performance, net of investment expenses and adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested, for the Defined Benefit portfolio was a loss of 12.1% for 2022.

The allocation of investment assets within the Defined Benefit portfolio is approved by the Board as outlined in the annual investment plan. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the defined benefit pension plans. The long-term expected rate of return on defined benefit investment assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return were provided by the Board's investment consultant.

For each major asset class that is included in the Defined Benefit portfolio's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2022, these best estimates are summarized in the following table:

		Weighted Average
		Long-Term Expected
	Target	Real Rate of Return
Asset Class	Allocation	(Geometric)
Fixed income	22.00 %	2.62 %
Domestic equities	22.00	4.60
Real estate	13.00	3.27
Private equity	15.00	7.53
International equities	21.00	5.51
Risk Parity	2.00	4.37
Other investments	5.00	3.27
Total	100.00 %	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability/asset was 6.90%, post-experience study results, for the Traditional Pension Plan, the Combined Plan and Member-Directed Plan. The discount rate used to measure total pension liability prior to December 31, 2022 was 6.90%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments for the Traditional Pension Plan, Combined Plan and Member-Directed Plan was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the COG's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability/Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following table presents the proportionate share of the net pension liability/asset calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 6.90%, as well as what the proportionate share of the net pension liability/asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (5.90%) or one-percentage-point higher (7.90%) than the current rate:

			(Current		
	1% Decrease		Disc	count Rate	1% Increase	
COG's proportionate share		_		_		_
of the net pension liability (asset):						
Traditional Pension Plan	\$	712,868	\$	475,890	\$	278,767
Combined Plan		(26,877)		(51,501)		(71,016)
Member-Directed Plan		(129)		(202)		(258)

F. Defined Benefit OPEB Plans

Net OPEB Liability

See Note Section E for a description of the net OPEB liability.

Plan Description – Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

Plan Description - The Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) administers three separate pension plans: the traditional pension plan, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan; the member-directed plan, a defined contribution plan; and the combined plan, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and defined contribution plan.

OPERS maintains a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment health care trust. The 115 Health Care Trust (115 Trust or Health Care Trust) was established in 2014, under Section 115 of the Internal Revenue Code (IRC). The purpose of the 115 Trust is to fund health care for the Traditional Pension, Combined and Member-Directed plans. Medicare-enrolled retirees in the Traditional Pension and Combined plans may have an allowance deposited into a health reimbursement arrangement (HRA) account to be used toward the health care program of their choice selected with the assistance of an OPERS vendor. Non-Medicare retirees have converted to an arrangement similar to the Medicare-enrolled retirees and are no longer participating in OPERS provided self-insured group plans.

With one exception, OPERS-provided health care coverage is neither guaranteed nor statutorily required. Ohio law currently requires Medicare Part A equivalent coverage or Medicare Part A premium reimbursement for eligible retirees and their eligible dependents.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

OPERS offers a health reimbursement arrangement (HRA) allowance to traditional pension plan and combined plan benefit recipients meeting certain age and service credit requirements. The HRA is an account funded by OPERS that provides tax free reimbursement for qualified medical expenses such as monthly post-tax insurance premiums, deductibles, co-insurance, and co-pays incurred by eligible benefit recipients and their dependents.

OPERS members enrolled in the Traditional Pension Plan or Combined Plan retiring with an effective date of January 1, 2022, or after must meet the following health care eligibility requirements to receive an HRA allowance:

Medicare Retirees Medicare-eligible with a minimum of 20 years of qualifying service credit

Non-Medicare Retirees Non-Medicare retirees qualify based on the following age-and-service criteria:

Group A 30 years of qualifying service credit at any age;

Group B 32 years of qualifying service credit at any age or 31 years of qualifying service credit and minimum age 52;

Group C 32 years of qualifying service credit and minimum age 55; or,

A retiree from groups A, B or C who qualifies for an unreduced pension, but a portion of their service credit is not health care qualifying service, can still qualify for health care at age 60 if they have at least 20 years of qualifying health care service credit

Retirees who don't meet the requirement for coverage as a non-Medicare participant can become eligible for coverage at age 65 if they have at least 20 years of qualifying service.

Members with a retirement date prior to January 1, 2022 who were eligible to participate in the OPERS health care program will continue to be eligible after January 1, 2022.

Eligible retirees may receive a monthly HRA allowance for reimbursement of health care coverage premiums and other qualified medical expenses. Monthly allowances, based on years of service and the age at which the retiree first enrolled in OPERS coverage, are provided to eligible retirees, and are deposited into their HRA account.

Retirees will have access to the OPERS Connector, which is a relationship with a vendor selected by OPERS to assist retirees participating in the health care program. The OPERS Connector may assist retirees in selecting and enrolling in the appropriate health care plan.

When members become Medicare-eligible, recipients enrolled in OPERS health care programs must enroll in Medicare Part A (hospitalization) and Medicare Part B (medical).

OPERS reimburses retirees who are not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A (hospitalization) for their Part A premiums as well as any applicable surcharges (late-enrollment fees). Retirees within this group must enroll in Medicare Part A and select medical coverage, and may select prescription coverage, through the OPERS Connector. OPERS also will reimburse 50.00% of the Medicare Part A premium and any applicable surcharges for eligible spouses. Proof of enrollment in Medicare Part A and confirmation that the retiree is not receiving reimbursement or payment from another source must be submitted. The premium reimbursement is added to the monthly pension benefit.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

The heath care trust is also used to fund health care for member-directed plan participants, in the form of a Retiree Medical Account (RMA). At retirement or separation, member directed plan participants may be eligible for reimbursement of qualified medical expenses from their vested RMA balance.

The Ohio Revised Code permits but does not require OPERS to provide health care to its eligible benefit recipients. Authority to establish and amend health care coverage is provided to the Board in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code.

Disclosures for the health care plan are presented separately in the OPERS financial report. Interested parties may obtain a copy by visiting https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml, by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling (614) 222-5601 or 800-222-7377.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code provides the statutory authority allowing public employers to fund postemployment health care through their contributions to OPERS. When funding is approved by OPERS Board of Trustees, a portion of each employer's contribution to OPERS is set aside to fund OPERS health care plans. Beginning in 2018, OPERS no longer allocated a portion of its employer contributions to health care for the traditional plan.

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of the earnable salary of active members. In 2023, state and local employers contributed at a rate of 14.00% of earnable salary and public safety and law enforcement employers contributed at 18.10%. These are the maximum employer contribution rates permitted by the Ohio Revised Code. Active member contributions do not fund health care.

Each year, the OPERS Board determines the portion of the employer contribution rate that will be set aside to fund health care plans. For 2023, OPERS did not allocate any employer contribution to health care for members in the Traditional Pension Plan and beginning July 1, 2022, there was a 2.00% allocation to health care for the Combined Plan. The OPERS Board is also authorized to establish rules for the retiree or their surviving beneficiaries to pay a portion of the health care provided. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected. The employer contribution as a percentage of covered payroll deposited into the RMA for participants in the member-directed plan for 2023 was 4.00%; however, effective July 1, 2022, a portion of the health care rate was funded with reserves.

Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The COG's contractually required contribution was \$1,517 for 2023. Of this amount, \$260 is reported as due to other governments.

Net OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows or Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liability and total OPEB liability for OPERS were determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2021, rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2022, by incorporating the expected value of health care cost accruals, the actual health care payment, and interest accruals during the year. The COG's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the COG's share of contributions to the retirement plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

	(OPERS
Proportion of the net		
OPEB liability/asset		
prior measurement date	0.0	00204100%
Proportion of the net		
OPEB liability		
current measurement date	0.0	00220900%
Change in proportionate share	0.0	00016800%
Proportionate share of the net		
OPEB liability	\$	13,928
Proportionate share of the net		
OPEB expense		(12,627)

At December 31, 2023, the COG reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		OPERS
Deferred outflows		
of resources		
Net difference between		
projected and actual earnings		
on OPEB plan investments	\$	27,664
Changes of assumptions		13,604
Changes in employer's		
proportionate percentage/		
difference between		
employer contributions		3,908
Contributions		
subsequent to the		
measurement date		1,517
Total deferred		
outflows of resources	\$	46,693
		OPERS
Deferred inflows		OI LIE
of resources		
Differences between		
expected and		
actual experience	\$	3,475
Changes of assumptions	4	1,119
Total deferred		-,>
inflows of resources	\$	4,594

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

\$1,517 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from COG contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of/increase to the net OPEB liability in the year ending December 31, 2024.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	OPERS				
Year Ending December 31:					
2024	\$	8,421			
2025		10,173			
2026		8,626			
2027		13,362			
Total	\$	40,582			

Actuarial Assumptions - OPERS

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the values of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review or modification as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of health care costs for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of coverage provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of costs between OPERS and plan members. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2021, rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2022.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

The actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions applied to all prior periods included in the measurement in accordance with the requirements of GASB 74:

Projected Salary Increases,	
including inflation	
Current measurement date	2.75 to 10.75%
	including wage inflation
Prior Measurement date	2.75 to 10.75%
	including wage inflation
Single Discount Rate:	
Current measurement date	5.22%
Prior Measurement date	6.00%
Investment Rate of Return	
Current measurement date	6.00%
Prior Measurement date	6.00%
Municipal Bond Rate	
Current measurement date	4.05%
Prior Measurement date	1.84%
Health Care Cost Trend Rate	
Current measurement date	5.50% initial,
	3.50% ultimate in 2036
Prior Measurement date	5.50% initial,
	3.50% ultimate in 2034
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age Normal

Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on 130% of the Pub-2010 General Employee Mortality tables (males and females) for State and Local Government divisions and 170% of the Pub-2010 Safety Employee Mortality tables (males and females) for the Public Safety and Law Enforcement divisions. Post-retirement mortality rates are based on 115% of the PubG-2010 Retiree Mortality Tables (males and females) for all divisions. Post-retirement mortality rates for disabled retirees are based on the PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree Mortality Tables (males and females) for all divisions. For all of the previously described tables, the base year is 2010 and mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2020 mortality improvement scales (males and females) to all of these tables.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended December 31, 2020.

During 2022, OPERS managed investments in three investment portfolios: the Defined Benefit portfolio, the Health Care portfolio and the Defined Contribution portfolio. The Health Care portfolio includes the assets for health care expenses for the Traditional Pension Plan, Combined Plan and Member-Directed Plan eligible members. Within the Health Care portfolio, contributions into the plans are assumed to be received continuously throughout the year based on the actual payroll payable at the time contributions are made, and health care-related payments are assumed to occur mid-year. Accordingly, the money-weighted rate of return is considered to be the same for all plans within the portfolio. The annual money-weighted rate of return expressing investment performance, net of investment expenses and adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested, for the Health Care portfolio was a loss of 15.6% for 2022.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

The allocation of investment assets within the Health Care portfolio is approved by the Board as outlined in the annual investment plan. Assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of continuing to offer a sustainable health care program for current and future retirees. The System's primary goal is to achieve and maintain a fully funded status for benefits provided through the defined benefit pension plans. Health care is a discretionary benefit. The long-term expected rate of return on health care investment assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return were provided by the Board's investment consultant.

For each major asset class that is included in the Health Care's portfolio's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2022, these best estimates are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Allocation	(Geometric)
Fixed Income	34.00 %	2.56 %
Domestic equities	26.00	4.60
Real Estate Investment Trusts (REITs)	7.00	4.70
International equities	25.00	5.51
Risk parity	2.00	4.37
Other investments	6.00	1.84
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate - A single discount rate of 5.22% was used to measure the total OPEB liability on the measurement date of December 31, 2022; however, the single discount rate used at the beginning of the year was 6.00%. Projected benefit payments are required to be discounted to their actuarial present value using a single discount rate that reflects (1) a long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments (to the extent that the health care fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and (2) a tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate are not met). This single discount rate was based on the actuarial assumed rate of return on the health care investment portfolio of 6.00% and a municipal bond rate of 4.05%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rate. Based on these assumptions, the health care fiduciary net position and future contributions were sufficient to finance health care costs through the year 2054. As a result, the actuarial assumed long-term expected rate of return on health care investments was applied to projected costs through the year 2054, and the municipal bond rate was applied to all health care costs after that date.

Sensitivity of the COG's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following table presents the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the single discount rate of 5.22%, as well as what the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (4.22%) or one-percentage-point higher (6.22%) than the current rate:

			(Current		
	1%	Decrease	1% Increase			
COG's proportionate share				_		_
of the net OPEB liability/(asset)	\$	47,405	\$	13,928	\$	(13,696)

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Sensitivity of the COG's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rate - Changes in the health care cost trend rate may also have a significant impact on the net OPEB liability. The following table presents the net OPEB liability calculated using the assumed trend rates, and the expected net OPEB liability if it were calculated using a health care cost trend rate that is 1.00% lower or 1.00% higher than the current rate.

Retiree health care valuations use a health care cost trend assumption with changes over several years built into that assumption. The near-term rates reflect increases in the current cost of health care; the trend starting in 2023 is 5.50%. If this trend continues for future years, the projection indicates that years from now virtually all expenditures will be for health care. A more reasonable alternative is the health care cost trend will decrease to a level at, or near, wage inflation. On this basis, the actuaries project premium rate increases will continue to exceed wage inflation for approximately the next decade, but by less each year, until leveling off at an ultimate rate, assumed to be 3.50% in the most recent valuation.

			Curr	ent Health					
		Care Trend Rate							
	1%	1% Decrease Assumption				Increase			
COG's proportionate share									
of the net OPEB liability	\$	13,055	\$	13,928	\$	14,911			

G. Long-Term Obligations

Changes in long-term obligations during the year ended December 31, 2023 consisted of the following:

	Balances						Balances	Dι	ue Within
	 January 1	1	Additions	F	Reductions	D	ecember 31	C	One Year
Compensated Absences	\$ 73,437	\$	61,232	\$	(54,649)	\$	80,020	\$	60,799
Leases payable	6,222,150		-		(329,175)		5,892,975		333,850
Net Pension Liability	104,231		371,659		-		475,890		-
Net OPEB Liability	 -		13,928		-		13,928		
Total Long Term Liabilities	\$ 6,399,818	\$	446,819	\$	(383,824)	\$	6,462,813	\$	394,649

H. Risk Management

The SAMWA COG is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During 2023, the SAMWA COG maintained suitable insurance coverage. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in three years.

I. Contingencies

The SAMWA COG receives financial assistance from federal and State agencies in the form of grants. Disbursing grant funds generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims through December 31, 2023 will not have a material adverse effect on the SAMWA COG. The SAMWA COG was not a defendant in any lawsuits at year end.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

J. Commitments

The SAMWA COG utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year end may be reported as part of restricted, committed or assigned classifications of fund balance if not reflected as payables. At year end, the SAMWA COG's commitments for encumbrances were \$214,266.

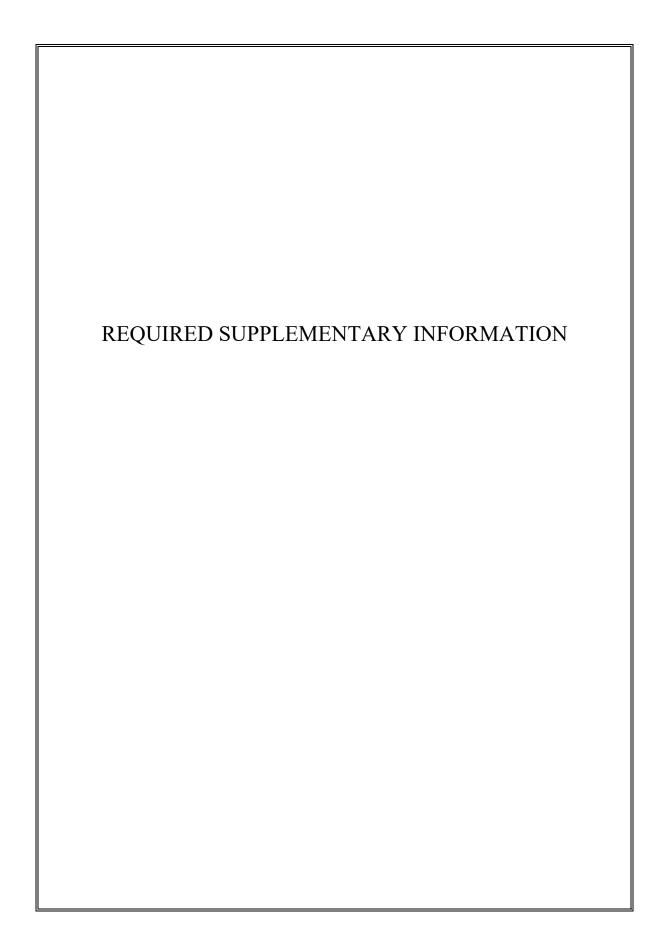
K. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for governmental activities for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023, was as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	12/31/2022	Additions	Disposals	12/31/2023
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets, being amortized:				
Intangible right to use:				
Leased buildings	6,565,924			6,565,924
Total capital assets, being amortized	6,565,924			6,565,924
Less: accumulated amortization:				
Intangible right to use:				
Leased buildings	(492,064)	(492,064)		(984,128)
Total accumulated amortization	(492,064)	(492,064)		(984,128)
Total capital assets, being				
amortized, net	6,073,860	(492,064)		5,581,796
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 6,073,860	\$ (492,064)	\$ -	\$ 5,581,796

Note 26. - Covid-19

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March of 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Ohio's state of emergency ended in June 2021 while the national state of emergency ended in April 2023. During 2023, the County received COVID-19 funding. The County will continue to spend available COVID-19 funding consistent with the applicable program guidelines.



SCHEDULES OF THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE COUNTY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (OPERS)

LAST TEN YEARS

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Traditional Plan:	<u> </u>	_	_	_	_
County's proportion of the net pension liability	1.043276%	1.082564%	1.129636%	1.093660%	1.124604%
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 308,184,187	\$ 94,187,448	\$ 167,274,499	\$ 216,169,317	\$ 308,006,235
County's covered payroll	\$ 161,950,014	\$ 158,060,950	\$ 160,443,514	\$ 154,565,100	\$ 153,137,493
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	190.30%	59.59%	104.26%	139.86%	201.13%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	75.74%	92.62%	86.88%	82.17%	74.70%

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the County's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

2018	2017	2016	2016 2015	
1.132268%	1.150053%	1.162249%	1.184623%	1.184623%
\$ 177,630,898	\$ 261,157,501	\$ 201,316,144	\$ 142,878,773	\$ 139,651,618
\$ 142,822,448	\$ 141,664,275	\$ 138,263,168	\$ 138,634,437	\$ 135,574,069
124.37%	184.35%	145.60%	103.06%	103.01%
84.66%	77.25%	81.08%	86.45%	86.36%

SCHEDULES OF THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE COUNTY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

LAST TEN YEARS

		2023	2022		2021		2020		2019	
County's proportion of the net pension liability	0.00597300%		0.00582239%		0.00591598%		0.00583202%		0.00577766%	
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	1,286,281	\$	1,294,325	\$	756,411	\$	1,411,141	\$	1,277,695
County's covered-employee payroll	\$	776,257	\$	742,657	\$	358,693	\$	345,007	\$	680,979
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		165.70%		174.28%		210.88%		409.02%		187.63%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		80.02%		78.88%		87.78%		75.48%		77.40%

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the County's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

	2018		2017		2016	2015			2014
C	0.00622576%	C	0.00711250% 0.		00690110% 0.0		.00692490%	C	0.00818330%
\$	1,368,905	\$	1,689,592	\$	2,310,003	\$	1,913,840	\$	1,990,462
\$	742,807	\$	746,856	\$	\$ 749,214		782,511	\$	971,762
	184.29%		226.23%		308.32%		244.58%		204.83%
	77.30%		75.30%		66.80%		72.10%		74.10%

SCHEDULES OF THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF COUNTY PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (OPERS)

LAST TEN YEARS

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Traditional Plan:					
Contractually required contribution	\$ 25,516,687	\$ 22,673,002	\$ 22,128,533	\$ 22,462,092	\$ 21,639,114
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(25,516,687)	(22,673,002)	(22,128,533)	(22,462,092)	(21,639,114)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
County's covered payroll	\$ 182,262,050	\$ 161,950,014	\$ 158,060,950	\$ 160,443,514	\$ 154,565,100
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%

2018	2017	2016	2015	2014			
\$ 21,439,249	\$ 19,468,246	\$ 17,887,978	\$ 17,441,663	\$ 17,474,328			
(21,439,249)	(19,468,246)	(17,887,978)	(17,441,663)	(17,474,328)			
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -			
\$ 153,137,493	\$ 142,822,448	\$ 141,664,275	\$ 138,263,168	\$ 138,634,437			
14.00%	13.63%	12.63%	12.61%	12.60%			

SCHEDULES OF THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF COUNTY PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

LAST TEN YEARS

	2023		2022		2021		2020		2019	
Contractually required contribution	\$	116,335	\$	108,676	\$	103,972	\$	100,435	\$	48,301
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(116,335)		(108,676)		(103,972)		(100,435)		(48,301)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	_	\$	_	\$		\$		\$	
County's covered payroll	\$	830,964	\$	776,257	\$	742,657	\$	717,393	\$	345,007
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		14.00%		14.00%		14.00%		14.00%		14.00%

2018		2017		 2016		2015	2014		
\$	95,337	\$	103,993	\$ 104,522	\$	104,890	\$	105,639	
	(95,337)		(103,993)	 (104,522)		(104,890)		(105,639)	
\$		\$	_	\$ _	\$		\$		
\$	746,856	\$	749,214	\$ 782,511	\$	776,963	\$	812,608	
	14.00%		14.00%	14.00%		13.50%		13.00%	

SCHEDULES OF THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE COUNTY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY/NET OPEB ASSET OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (OPERS)

LAST SEVEN YEARS

	_	2023	 2022	_	2021	_	2020	 2019
County's proportion of the net OPEB liability/asset		1.031081%	1.069260%		1.113465%		1.079849%	1.112228%
County's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability/(asset)	\$	6,501,163	\$ (33,490,861)	\$	(19,837,269)	\$	149,155,201	\$ 145,008,276
County's covered payroll	\$	161,950,014	\$ 158,060,950	\$	160,443,514	\$	154,565,100	\$ 153,137,493
County's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability/asset as a percentage of its covered payroll		4.01%	21.19%		12.36%		96.50%	94.69%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability/asset		94.79%	128.23%		115.57%		47.80%	46.33%

Note: Information prior to 2017 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the County's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

2018		2017
1.1199	33%	1.131956%
\$ 121,616,	474 \$	114,331,403
\$ 142,822,	448 \$	141,664,275
85.	15%	80.71%
54.	14%	54.05%

SCHEDULES OF THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE COUNTY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY/ASSET STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

LAST SEVEN YEARS

		2023		2022		2021		2020		2019
County's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.00597300%		0	0.00582239%		0.00591598%		.00583202%	0.	00577766%
County's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	\$	(116,167)	\$	(150,761)	\$	(124,734)	\$	(102,498)	\$	(95,692)
County's covered-employee payroll	\$	776,257	\$	742,657	\$	358,693	\$	345,007	\$	680,979
County's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		14.97%		20.30%		34.77%		29.71%		14.05%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		168.52%		230.73%		174.73%		182.13%		174.70%

Note: Information prior to 2017 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the County's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

	2018		2017
0.	.00622576%	0.	00711251%
\$	(100,000)	\$	277,504
\$	742,807	\$	746,856
	13.46%		37.16%
	176.00%		47.10%

SCHEDULES OF THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF COUNTY OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (OPERS)

LAST TEN YEARS

	 2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Contractually required contribution	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 <u>-</u>	<u> </u>	-,	 <u> </u>	<u>-</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$
County's covered payroll	\$ 182,262,050	\$ 161,950,014	\$ 158,060,950	\$ 160,443,514	\$ 154,565,100
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

2018		 2017		2016		2015	2014		
\$	1,428,224	\$ 2,833,285	\$	2,863,054	\$	3,223,642	\$	6,721,851	
	(1,428,224)	 (2,833,285)		(2,863,054)		(3,223,642)		(6,721,851)	
\$		\$ 	\$		\$		\$		
\$	153,137,493	\$ 142,822,448	\$	141,664,275	\$	138,263,168	\$	138,634,437	
	0.93%	1.98%		2.02%		2.33%		4.85%	

SCHEDULES OF THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF COUNTY OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

LAST TEN YEARS

	 2023	 2022	 2021	 2020	 2019
Contractually required contribution	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 	 <u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u>-</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$
County's covered payroll	\$ 830,964	\$ 776,257	\$ 742,657	\$ 717,393	\$ 345,007
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

2018		2017		 2016		2015	2014		
\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	3,913	
				 				(3,913)	
\$		\$		\$ 	\$		\$		
\$	746,856	\$	749,214	\$ 782,511	\$	776,963	\$	812,608	
	0.00%		0.00%	0.00%		1.00%		1.00%	

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

PENSION

OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (OPERS)

Changes in benefit terms:

- ⁿ There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2014.
- ^a There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2015.
- ^a There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2016.
- ^a There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2017.
- ^a There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2018.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2019.
- ^a There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2020.
- ^o There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2021.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2022.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2023.

Changes in assumptions:

- There were no changes in assumptions for 2014.
- There were no changes in assumptions for 2015.
- ⁿ There were no changes in assumptions for 2016.
- For 2017, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) reduction in the actuarially assumed rate of return from 8.00% down to 7.50%, (b) for defined benefit investments, decreasing the wage inflation from 3.75% to 3.25% and (c) changing the future salary increases from a range of 4.25%-10.05% to 3.25%-10.75%.
- There were no changes in assumptions for 2018.
- ^a For 2019, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the assumed rate of return and discount rate were reduced from 7.50% down to 7.20%.
- There were no changes in assumptions for 2020.
- There were no changes in assumptions for 2021.
- For 2022, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) wage inflation was changed from 3.25% to 2.75%, (b) future salary increases, including inflation were changed from 3.25%-10.75% to 2.75%-10.75%, (c) COLA for post 1/7/2013 retirees were changed from 0.50%, simple through 2021, then 2.15% simple to 3.00%, simple through 2022, then 2.05% simple and (d) the actuarially assumed rate of return was changed from 7.20% to 6.90%.
- ⁿ There were no changes in assumptions for 2023.

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

PENSION

STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms:

- ⁿ There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2014-2016.
- ^a For 2017, STRS decreased the Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) to zero effective July 1, 2017.
- There were no changes in assumptions for 2018.
- There were no changes in assumptions for 2019.
- ⁿ There were no changes in assumptions for 2020.
- There were no changes in assumptions for 2021.
- There were no changes in assumptions for 2022.
- There were no changes in assumptions for 2023.

Changes in assumptions:

- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for 2014-2016.
- For 2017, the following changes of assumption affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the long term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75% to 7.45%, (b) the inflation assumption was lowered from 2.75% to 2.50%, (c) the payroll growth assumption was lowered to 3.00%, (d) total salary increases rate was lowered by decreasing the merit component of the individual salary increases, in addition to a decrease of 0.25% due to lower inflation (e) the healthy and disabled mortality assumptions were updated to the RP-2014 mortality tables with generational improvement scale MP-2016 and (f) rates of retirement, termination and disability were modified to better reflect anticipated future experience.
- There were no changes in assumptions for 2018.
- There were no changes in assumptions for 2019.
- There were no changes in assumptions for 2020.
- ^a For 2021, the following changes of assumption affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the long-term
- Grow 2022, the following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) projected salary increases changed from 12.50% at age 20 to 2.50% at age 65 to 8.50% at age 20 to 2.50% at age 65 and (b) post-retirement mortality rates were changed from RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Tables to Pub-2010 Teacher Health Annuitant Mortality Tables.
- ⁿ There were no changes in assumptions for 2023.

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (OPERS)

Changes in benefit terms:

- ⁿ There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2017.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2018.
- ⁿ There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2019.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2020.

For 2021, the following were the most significant changes in benefit terms since the prior measurement date: the Board approved several changes to the health care plan offered to Medicare and non-Medicare retirees in efforts to decrease costs and increase the solvency of the health care Plan. These changes are effective January 1, 2022 and include changes to base allowances and eligibility for Medicare retirees, as well as replacing OPERS-sponsored medical plans for non-Medicare retirees with monthly allowances, similar to the program for Medicare retirees. These changes are reflected in the December 31, 2020 measurement date health care valuation. These changes significantly decreased the total OPEB liability for the measurement date December 31, 2020.

- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2022.
- ^a There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2023.

Changes in assumptions:

- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for 2017.
- For 2018, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) reduction in the actuarially assumed rate of return from 4.23% down to 3.85%.
- ^a For 2019, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affect the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was increased from 3.85% up to 3.96%, (b) The investment rate of return was decreased from 6.50% percent down to 6.00%, (c) the municipal bond rate was increased from 3.31% up to 3.71% and (d) the health care cost trend rate was increased from 7.50%, initial/3.25%, ultimate in 2028 up to 10.00%, initial/3.25% ultimate in 2029.
- For 2020, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affect the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was decreased from 3.96% up to 3.16%, (b) the municipal bond rate was decreased from 3.71% up to 2.75% and (c) the health care cost trend rate was increased from 10.50%, initial/3.25%, ultimate in 2029 up to 10.50%, initial/3.50% ultimate in 2030.
- For 2021, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affect the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was increased from 3.16% up to 6.00%, (b) the municipal bond rate was decreased from 2.75% up to 2.00% and (c) the health care cost trend rate was decreased from 10.50%, initial/3.50%, ultimate in 2030 down to 8.50%, initial/3.50% ultimate in 2035.
- For 2022, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affect the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) wage inflation changed from 3.25% to 2.75%, (b) projected salary increases, including inflation changed from 3.25%-10.75% to 2.75%-10.75%, (c) the municipal bond rate was changed from 2.00% to 1.84% and (d) the health care cost trend rate was changed from 8.50% initial, 3.50% ultimate in 2035 to 5.50% initial, 3.50% ultimate in 2034.
- For 2023, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affect the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the single discount rate changed from 6.00% to 5.22%, (b) the municipal bond rate was changed from 1.84% to 4.05% and (c) the health care cost trend rate was changed from 5.50% initial, 3.50% ultimate in 2034 to 5.50% initial, 3.50% ultimate in 2036.

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms:

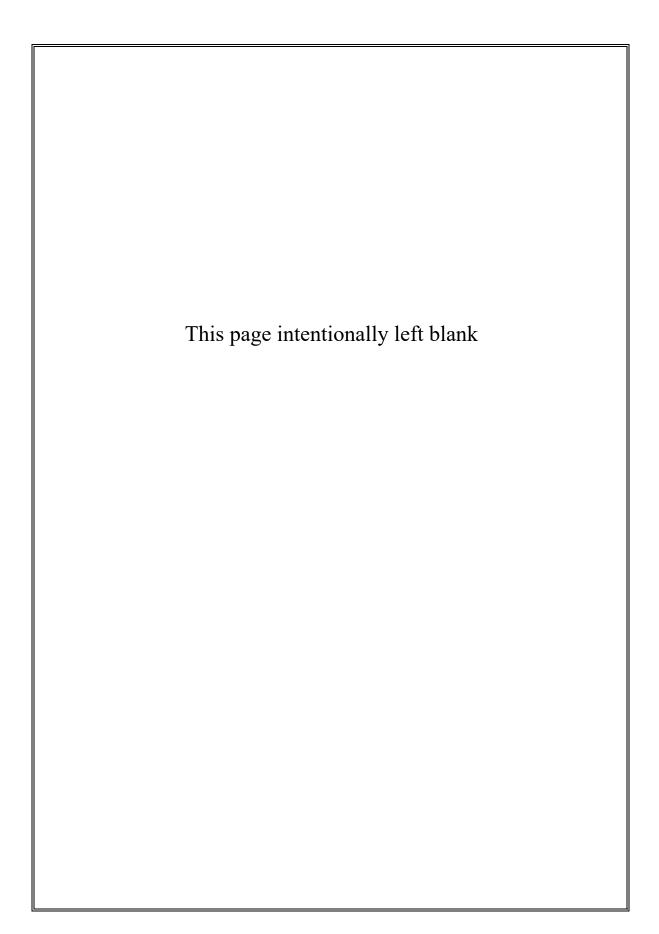
- For 2017, STRS reduced the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients from 2.1% to 1.9% per year of service. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements were discontinued for certain survivors and beneficiaries and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 2019.
- For 2018, STRS increased the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients from 1.9% to 1.944% per year of service effective January 1, 2019. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased January 1, 2019 and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 1, 2020.
- For 2019, STRS increased the subsidy percentage from 1.944% to 1.984% effective January 1, 2020. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1% for the Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed to January 1, 2021.
- ^a For 2020, the non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2021 from 1.984% to 2.055% per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2021. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1% for the AMA Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.
- For 2021, the non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2022 from 2.055% to 2.100%. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2022. The Medicare Part D subsidy was updated to reflect it is expected to be negative in CY2022. The Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.
- For 2022, the non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased from 2.100% to 2.200%.
- For 2023, there were no change in assumptions.

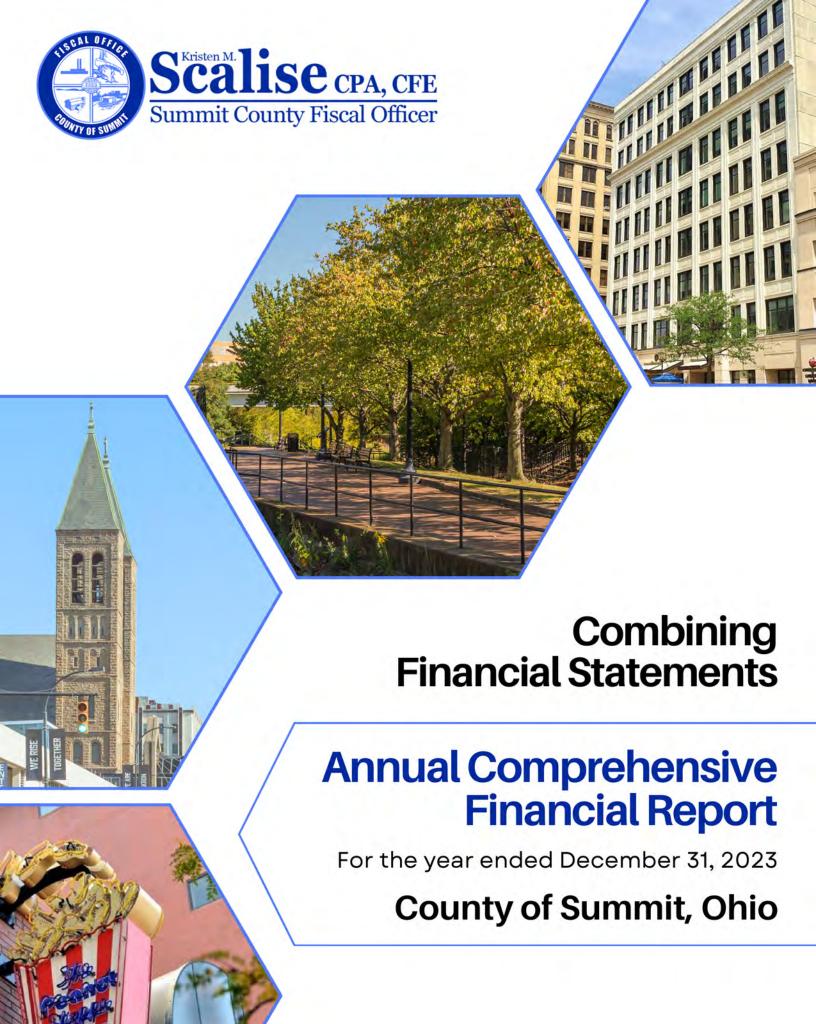
Changes in assumptions:

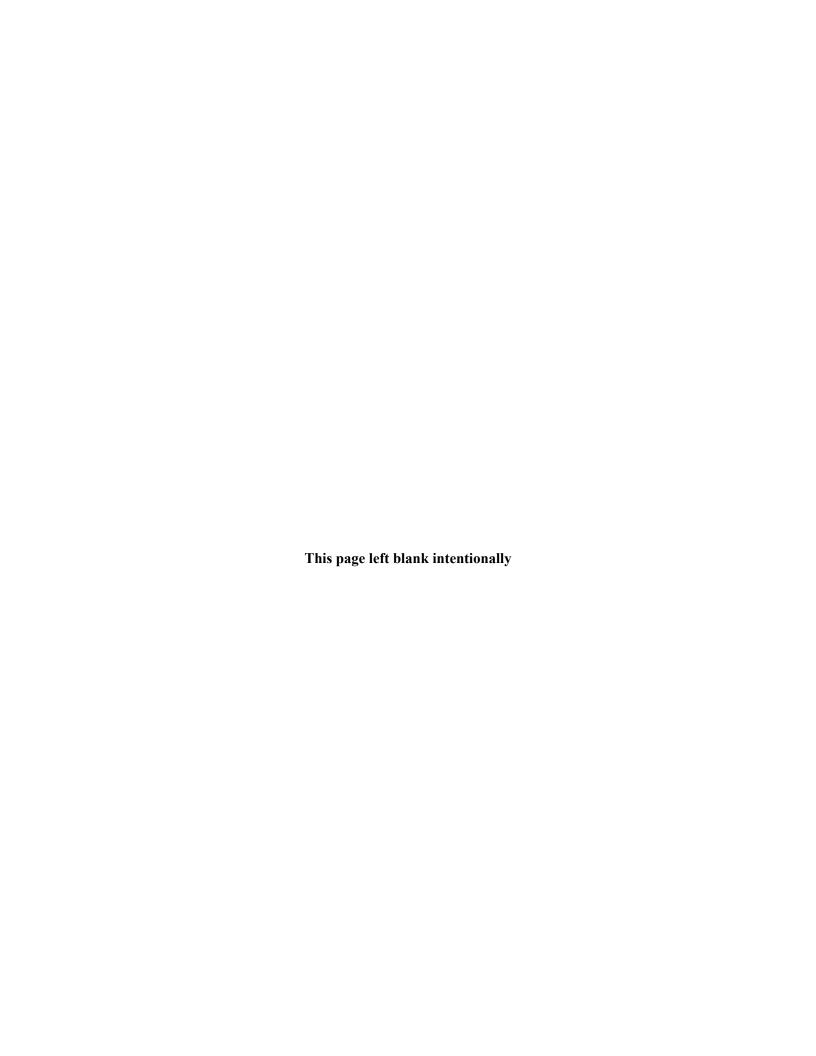
- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2016.
- For 2017, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was increased from 3.26% to 4.13% based on the methodology defined under GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB), (b) the long term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75% to 7.45%, (c) valuation year per capita health care costs were updated, and the salary scale was modified, (d) the percentage of future retirees electing each option was updated based on current data and the percentage of future disabled retirees and terminated vested participants electing health coverage were decreased and (e) the assumed mortality, disability, retirement, withdrawal and future health care cost trend rates were modified along with the portion of rebated prescription drug costs.
- For 2018, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability/asset since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was increased from the blended rate of 4.13% to the long-term expected rate of return of 7.45% based on the methodology defined under GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB) and (b) decrease in health care cost trend rates from 6.00%-11.00% initial; 4.50% ultimate down to Medical Pre-Medicare 6.00% and Medicare 5.00% initial; 4.00% ultimate and Prescription Drug Pre-Medicare 8.00% and Medicare (5.23%) initial; 4.00% ultimate.
- For 2019, health care cost trend rates were changed to the following: medical pre-Medicare from 6.00% initial 4.00% ultimate down to 5.87% initial 4.00% ultimate; medical Medicare from 5.00% initial 4.00% ultimate down to 4.93% initial 4.00% ultimate; prescription drug pre-Medicare from 8.00% initial 4.00% ultimate down to 7.73% initial 4.00% ultimate and (5.23%) initial 4.00% ultimate up to 9.62% initial 4.00% ultimate.
- For 2020, health care cost trend rates were changed to the following: medical pre-Medicare from 5.87% initial 4.00% ultimate down to 5.00% initial 4.00% ultimate; medical Medicare from 4.93% initial 4.00% ultimate down to -6.69% initial 4.00% ultimate; prescription drug pre-Medicare from 7.73% initial 4.00% ultimate down to 6.50% initial 4.00% ultimate; prescription drug Medicare from 9.62% initial 4.00% ultimate up to 11.87% initial 4.00% ultimate.

For 2021, the following changes of assumption affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the long-term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.45% to 7.00%, (b) the discount rate of return was reduced from 7.45% to 7.00% and (c) health care cost trend rates were changed to the following: medical Medicare from -6.69% initial - 4.00% ultimate down to -16.18% initial - 4.00% ultimate; prescription drug Medicare from 11.87% initial - 4.00% ultimate up to 29.98% initial - 4.00% ultimate.

- For 2022, the following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) projected salary increases changed from 12.50% at age 20 to 2.50% at age 65 to 8.50% at age 20 to 2.50% at age 65, (b) post-retirement mortality rates were changed from RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Tables to Pub-2010 Teacher Health Annuitant Mortality Tables and (c) health care cost trend rates were changed to the following: medical pre-Medicare from 5.00% initial 4.00% ultimate to 7.50% initial 3.94% ultimate, Medicare -16.18% initial 4.00% ultimate to -68.78% initial 3.94% ultimate; prescription drug pre-Medicare from 6.50% initial 4.00% ultimate to 9.00% initial 3.94% ultimate, Medicare 29.98% initial 4.00% ultimate to -5.47% initial 3.94% ultimate.
- For 2023, the following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) health care cost trend rates were changed to the following: medical pre-Medicare from 7.50% initial 3.94% ultimate to 7.50% initial 4.14% ultimate, Medicare -68.78% initial 3.94% ultimate to -10.94% initial 4.14% ultimate; prescription drug pre-Medicare from 9.00% initial 3.94% ultimate to -11.95% initial 4.14% ultimate, Medicare -5.47% initial 3.94% ultimate to 1.33% initial 4.14% ultimate







INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES FUND DESCRIPTIONS - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources and activities of the County that are not to be accounted for in other specified funds.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Budget	Variance with		
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
Revenues		<u> </u>	-	
Taxes				
Property	\$ 22,715,895	\$ 20,264,066	\$ 20,452,056	\$ 187,990
Sales and Use	54,658,506	56,886,781	58,562,699	1,675,918
Other	11,901,765	9,627,170	9,421,533	(205,637)
Licenses and Permits	38,000	38,000	38,273	273
Charges for Services	15,353,247	15,229,379	15,629,973	400,594
Fines and Forfeitures	373,348		382,715	16,668
Intergovernmental	14,225,080	20,884,247	21,813,237	928,990
Investment Income	3,534,374		14,981,017	226,552
Other	6,374,025		6,139,617	711,492
Total Revenues	129,174,240		147,421,120	3,942,840
Expenditures				
General Government - Legislative and Executive				
Council				
Personal Services	1,091,815	860,201	838,686	21,515
Professional Services	2,500	2,500	1,727	773
Internal Charge Back	13,100	13,100	13,100	-
Supplies	6,500	6,500	5,334	1,166
Travel/Continuing Education	17,500	17,500	9,678	7,822
Contract Services	21,500	21,500	20,627	873
Rentals	1,200	1,200	836	364
Advertising and Printing	5,000	5,000	4,761	239
Other	5,000	5,000	4,706	294
Equipment	2,500	2,500	150	2,350
Total Council	1,166,615	935,001	899,605	35,396
Executive - General Administration				
Personal Services	1,111,448	1,275,134	1,273,916	1,218
Internal Charge Back	15,000	10,497	8,070	2,427
	12,500	12,500	11,431	1,069
Supplies Travel/Continuing Education	5,000	5,000		513
Contract Services			4,487	175
	4,000	4,000	3,825	690
Advertising and Printing	15,000	16,736	16,046	
Other	3,000		2,767	233
Total Executive - General Administration	1,165,948	1,326,867	1,320,542	6,325
Executive - Finance & Budget				
Personal Services	818,400	879,444	879,444	-
Professional Services	20,000	39,000	39,000	-
Internal Charge Back	14,000	14,000	12,228	1,772
Supplies	57,000	51,632	37,700	13,932
Contract Services	3,000	3,349	2,069	1,280
Advertising and Printing	1,000	1,000	542	458
Other	2,000	2,000	1,992	8
Total Executive - Finance & Budget	915,400	990,425	972,975	17,450
Executive - Administrative				
Personal Services	3,232,476	2,753,825	2,752,066	1,759
Professional Services	8,003	2,733,823	2,732,000	1,/39
Internal Charge Back	53,000	52,000	49,228	2,772
Supplies	249,100		255,813	13
Travel/Continuing Education	1,000		5.017	202
Motor Vehicle Fuel/Repair	6,300		5,917	383
Contract Services	813,646		952,645	965
Other	1,000			-
Equipment	4,500		4,500	
Total Executive - Personnel	4,369,025	4,026,061	4,020,169	5,892

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Budgeted	l Amounts		Variance with
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
Executive - Department of Law				
Personal Services	\$ 704,700	\$ 697,337	\$ 697,337	\$ -
Professional Services	62,830	62,830	62,589	241
Internal Charge Back	14,800	14,800	14,800	-
Supplies	3,000	3,000	2,999	1
Contract Services	1,000	1,000	773	227
Total Executive - Department of Law	786,330	778,967	778,498	469
TOTAL AND A S				
Utilities and Rentals Utilities	3,615,684	3,617,584	3,501,082	116,502
Rentals	503,400		487,380	
Total Utilities and Rentals	4,119,084	513,000 4,130,584	3,988,462	25,620 142,122
		.,,,,,,,,		
Fiscal Officer - Operation				
Personal Services	5,173,600	5,357,326	5,356,448	878
Internal Charge Back	115,000	115,000	113,858	1,142
Supplies	95,000	102,560	94,230	8,330
Travel/Continuing Education	6,000	6,000	4,999	1,001
Motor Vehicle Fuel/Repair	5,000	6,024	6,024	-
Contract Services	350,508	340,386	335,632	4,754
Advertising and Printing	32,000	33,310	25,052	8,258
Other	13,000	13,000	11,861	1,139
Total Fiscal Officer - Operation	5,790,108	5,973,606	5,948,104	25,502
Human Resources Commission - Administration Personal Services	200.500	212.597	211 020	759
	209,500	,	211,838	/39
Internal Charge Back	3,700	3,700	3,700	-
Supplies	500	500	419	81
Travel/Continuing Education	2,000	2,000	1,009	991
Advertising and Printing	500	500	-	500
Other	600	600	491	109
Total Human Resources Commission - Administration	216,800	219,897	217,457	2,440
Board of Elections Administration				
Personal Services	5,057,300	476,304	328,115	148,189
Professional Services	1,266	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	-	1.0,10
Internal Charge Back	62,749	2,694	2,694	_
Supplies	150,477	6,860	6,860	_
Travel/Continuing Education	10,000	152	151	1
Motor Vehicle Fuel/Repair	2,300	518	518	1
Contract Services	· ·			494
	850,000	280,637	280,143	
Rentals	50,000	140	139	1
Advertising and Printing	50,000	7,810	7,810	-
Other Total Board of Elections - Administration	6,334,092	20,532 795,647	20,425 646,855	107
Total Board of Elections - Administration	0,334,072	175,041	040,033	140,772
Consumer Affairs				
Other	20,000	2,115	2,115	
Total Consumer Affairs	20,000	2,115	2,115	
Economic Development				
Personal Services	542,900	531,343	497,010	34,333
Internal Charge Back	22,800	22,800	7,886	14,914
e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e				
Supplies The Alexander File of	14,000	14,000	5,025	8,975
Travel/Continuing Education	10,000	10,000	2,120	7,880
Motor Vehicle Fuel/Repair	1,200	1,200	1,200	-
Other	9,400	9,400	8,523	877
Subsidies/Shared Revenue	310,000	293,100	270,000	23,100
Total Economic Development	910,300	881,843	791,764	90,079

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Budgete	Budgeted Amounts		Variance with
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
Executive Human Resources	422.200	A 540.502	£ 740.702	0 1
Personal Services	\$ 422,200	\$ 749,783	\$ 749,782	\$ 1
Professional Services	24,800	9,817	7,027	2,790
Internal Charge Back	17,600	17,600	17,081	519
Supplies	6,000	6,000	4,548	1,452
Travel/Continuing Education	2,000	2,000	1,675	325
Contract Services	33,900	34,266	30,795	3,471
Advertising and Printing	1,500	1,500	1,000	500
Other Total Executive Human Resources	500 508,500	500 821,466	279 812,187	9,279
A., J'4 E	·			
Audit Fees Other	225,000	225,000	161,461	63,539
Total Audit Fees	225,000	225,000	161,461	63,539
Total General Government - Legislative and Executive	26,527,202	21,107,479	20,560,194	547,285
-	20,627,202	21,107,177	20,000,17	0.7,200
General Government - Judicial Court of Appeals				
Internal Charge Back	14,000	3,094	2,396	698
Supplies	26,400	11,296	11,296	-
Travel/Continuing Education	12,300	8,735	2,339	6,396
Contract Services	26,000	9,135	9,135	0,570
Other	28,000	7,259	7,259	_
Total Court of Appeals	106,700	39,519	32,425	7,094
Court of Common Pleas - Attorney and Jury Fees				
Professional Services	6,025,000	45,888	21,735	24,153
Contract Services	111,425	18,975	9,713	9,262
Total Court of Common Pleas - Attorney and Jury Fees	6,136,425	64,863	31,448	33,415
Court of Common Pleas - General Office				
Personal Services	8,408,700	908,247	677,768	230,479
Professional Services	18,000	3,345	256	3,089
Internal Charge Back	154,700	16,096	16,096	-
Supplies	35,000	368	330	38
Travel/Continuing Education	25,000	1,368	1,272	96
Other	60,000	5,390	5,211	179
Total Court of Common Pleas - General Office	8,701,400	934,814	700,933	233,881
Court of Common Pleas - Grand Jury				
Other	69,000	20,495	3,260	17,235
Total Court of Common Pleas - Grand Jury	69,000	20,495	3,260	17,235
Probate Court - General Office				
Personal Services	2,323,600	396,331	210,605	185,726
Professional Services	2,000	2,000	-	2,000
Internal Charge Back	59,900	7,027	7,027	-
Supplies	26,880	7,377	1,594	5,783
Motor Vehicle Fuel/Repair	6,000	6,000	-	6,000
Contract Services	41,600	8,014	2,951	5,063
Utilities	600	600	-	600
Advertising and Printing	1,500	1,165	-	1,165
Total Probate Court - General Office	2,462,080	428,514	222,177	206,337
Domestic Relations Court General Office				
Personal Services	3,045,900	245,429	244,375	1,054
Professional Services	6,500	1,041	· -	1,041
Internal Charge Back	42,000	8,414	6,591	1,823
Supplies	17,100	2,111	1,984	127
Contract Services	62,900	1,797	101	1,696
Advertising and Printing	2,000	1,370	-	1,370
Other	3,100	36	_	36
Total Domestic Relations Court General Office	3,179,500	260,198	253,051	7,147
Tom Domestic Relations Court General Office	3,179,300	200,176	233,031	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Budgeted	l Amounts		Variance with	
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget	
Juvenile Court - General Office					
Personal Services	\$ 2,092,500	\$ 212,817	\$ 202,686	\$ 10,131	
Internal Charge Back	156,800	16,483	16,914	(431)	
Supplies	122,809	11,692	10,668	1,024	
Travel/Continuing Education	2,000	333	333	· <u>-</u>	
Contract Services	401,600	80,740	80,647	93	
Other	25,000	2,652	2,651	1	
Total Juvenile Court - General Office	2,800,709	324,717	313,899	10,818	
Clerk of Courts - General Office					
Personal Services	2,510,100	358,654	188,098	170,556	
Professional Services	220,000	131,985	82,991	48,994	
Internal Charge Back	74,200	32,013	32,013	.0,>>.	
Supplies	95,294	37,132	5,487	31,645	
Travel/Continuing Education	20,000	15,400	900	14,500	
Contract Services	46,900	18,432	200	18,232	
Rentals	8,000	4,022	1,996	2,026	
Advertising and Printing	7,900	4,127	1,770	4,127	
Other	338,900	93,718	16,570	77,148	
Equipment Total Clerk of Courts - Legal	22,100 3,343,394	12,749 708,232	895 329,150	11,854 379,082	
Total Clerk of Courts - Legal	3,343,394	708,232	329,130	379,082	
Prosecutor Administration	7.152.500	(1(02((15.021	0.5	
Personal Services	7,153,500	616,026	615,931	95	
Internal Charge Back	117,000	15,821	15,820	1	
Supplies	74,531	15,015	15,015	-	
Motor Vehicle Fuel/Repair	10,000	1,846	1,846	-	
Contract Services	112,400	43,378	37,084	6,294	
Other	168,400	25,861	25,836	25	
Subsidies/Shared Revenue	116,700		<u> </u>		
Total Prosecutor Administration	7,752,531	717,947	711,532	6,415	
Indigent Defense					
Professional Services	_ _	8,465,000	8,464,055	945	
Total County/Municipal Courts		8,465,000	8,464,055	945	
County/Municipal Courts					
Personal Services	787,000	78,948	61,112	17,836	
Other	120,364	10,543	10,512	31	
Total County/Municipal Courts	907,364	89,491	71,624	17,867	
Public Defender					
Contract Services	3,311,100	3,311,100	3,311,010	90	
Total Public Defender	3,311,100	3,311,100	3,311,010	90	
Total General Government - Judicial	38,770,203	15,364,890	14,444,564	920,326	
Public Safety					
Sheriff General Office					
Personal Services	9,881,000	1,281,528	1,281,454	74	
Internal Charge Back	177,100	31,864	20,618	11,246	
Supplies	263,042	22,179	17,241	4,938	
Travel/Continuing Education	1,000	1,000		1,000	
Motor Vehicle Fuel/Repair	350,000	86,201	86,201	-	
Contract Services	343,600	71,574	74,070	(2,496)	
Other	115,000	28,179	27,987	192	
Subsidies/Shared Revenue	250,000	443	401	42	
Equipment	85,000	47,216	43,233	3,983	
Total Sheriff General Office	11,465,742	1,570,184	1,551,205	18,979	
10th Shelli General Office	11,403,/42	1,370,164	1,331,203	10,7/9	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

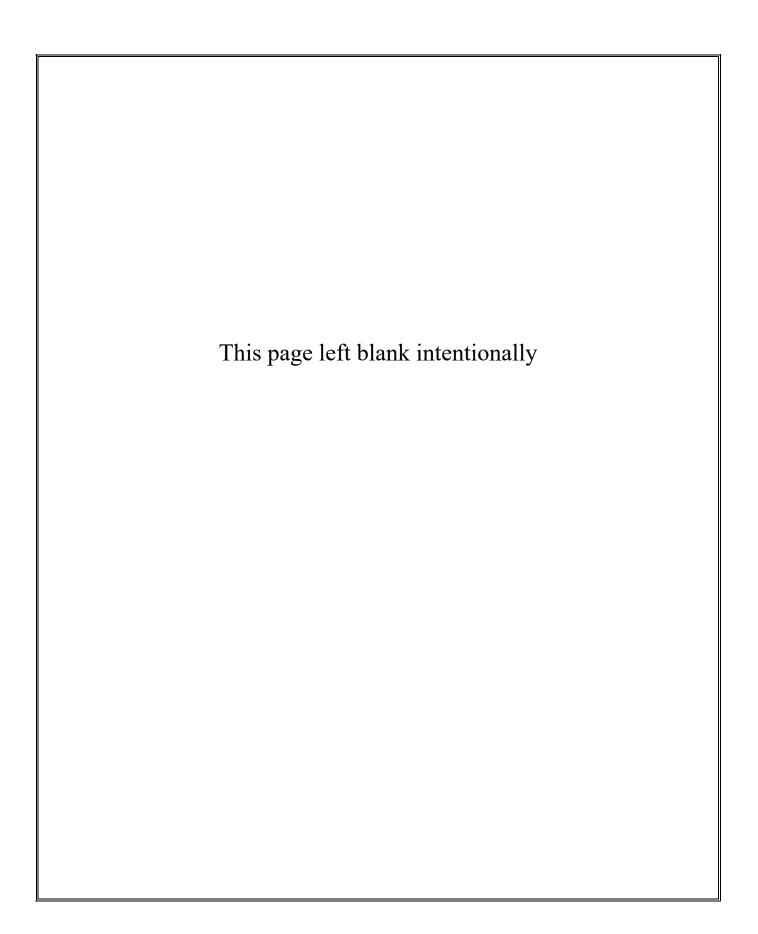
	Budgeted	Budgeted Amounts					
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget			
Sheriff - General Jail							
Personal Services	\$ 20,040,700	\$ 2,052,854	\$ 1,443,938	\$ 608,916			
Internal Charge Back	71,600	17,406	9,372	8,034			
Supplies	474,000	89,536	87,905	1,631			
Travel/Continuing Education	1,000	1,000	76	924			
Motor Vehicle Fuel/Repair	100,000	62,346	62,346	-			
Contract Services	3,353,200	780,795	748,577	32,218			
Other	360,000	83,653	79,769	3,884			
Equipment	165,000	60,034	43,579	16,455			
Total Sheriff - General Jail	24,565,500	3,147,624	2,475,562	672,062			
Sheriff Marine Patrol							
Personal Services	35,600	42,562	42,339	223			
Other	8,400	9,122	9,122	-			
Total Sheriff Marine Patrol	44,000	51,684	51,461	223			
Court Security							
Personal Services	722 100	77,391	77 201				
	723,100		77,391	7.015			
Supplies	12,000	7,015	-	7,015			
Travel/Continuing Education	100		-				
Other	13,500	7,120	-	7,120			
Equipment	10,000	5,395	3,285	2,110			
Total Court Security	758,700	96,921	80,676	16,245			
Medical Examiner							
Personal Services	2,537,700	179,489	179,489	-			
Professional Services	50,000	780	· -	780			
Internal Charge Back	12,000	4,228	3,816	412			
Supplies	181	-,	-,	-			
Motor Vehicle Fuel/Repair	2,000	1,819	238	1,581			
Rentals	1,200	324	324	1,501			
Other	5,600	324	324	_			
Total Medical Examiner	2,608,681	186,640	183,867	2,773			
Summit County Alternative Corrections Contract Services	6.954.700						
	6,854,700						
Total Summit County Alternative Corrections	0,834,700						
Juvenile Court Detention Home							
Personal Services	3,110,100	402,600	340,053	62,547			
Internal Charge Back	2,000	1,028	216	812			
Supplies	199,173	4,403	4,399	4			
Contract Services	278,200	59,171	59,158	13			
Other	4,000	1,367	1,343	24			
Subsidies/Shared Revenue	235,700	320,979	320,979	-			
Total Juvenile Court Detention Home	3,829,173	789,548	726,148	63,400			
Common Pleas Court - Adult Probation							
Personal Services	2,753,000	770,970	233,171	537,799			
Internal Charge Back	36,000	7,349	6,110	1,239			
<u>e</u>		7,349	271				
Supplies Travel/Continuing Education	19,363			25			
Travel/Continuing Education	5,000	439	16	423			
Other	150,000	100,670	100,395	275			
Subsidies/Shared Revenue Total Common Pleas Court - Adult Probation	2,963,363	182,651 1,062,375	339,963	182,651 722,412			
- San Common Floas Court - Hualt Houston	2,703,303	1,002,373	337,703	122,712			
Juvenile Court Clerk		200 202	200 202				
Personal Services	2,075,100	200,583	200,583	-			
Internal Charge Back	16,600	5,940	2,322	3,618			
Travel/Continuing Education	1,000	193	170	23			
Other	2,600	2,600	2,539	61			
Total Juvenile Court Clerk	2,095,300	209,316	205,614	3,702			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
Public Safety - General Fund				
Personal Services	\$ -	\$ 195,180	\$ 194,483	\$ 697
Professional Services	-	3,000	-	3,000
Internal Charge Back	-	1,000	50	950
Supplies	-	1,500	1,446	54
Travel/Continuing Education	-	1,000	889	111
Contract Services	-	1,000	296	70-
Other		1,000	1,000	
Total Public Safety - General Fund		203,680	198,164	5,516
Total Public Safety	55,185,159	7,317,972	5,812,660	1,505,312
Health				
Medically Fragile Children's Aid				
Subsidies/Shared Revenue	2,478,186	2,178,767	1,541,450	637,31
Vital Statistics				
Subsidies/Shared Revenue	10,000	10,000	-	10,000
Total Health	2,488,186	2,188,767	1,541,450	647,317
Human Services				
Veterans Service Commission				
Personal Services	1,511,200	1,647,442	1,559,893	87,549
Professional Services	139,400	162,163	140,113	22,050
Internal Charge Back	31,600	23,400	15,891	7,50
Supplies	90,884	11,000	10,468	53
Travel/Continuing Education	35,000	35,000	33,848	1,15
Motor Vehicle Fuel/Repair	15,000	15,000	4,924	10,07
Contract Services	81,400	122,121	73,778	48,34
Advertising and Printing	100,000	40,000	38,091	1,90
Other	100,000	89,600	69,868	19,73
Subsidies/Shared Revenue	1,182,200	1,182,200	677,098	505,10
Equipment	118,500	93,500	61,538	31,96
Total Veterans Service Commission	3,405,184	3,421,426	2,685,510	735,91
Human Services				
Subsidies/Shared Revenue	4,574,009	1,050,595	1,050,595	
Total Human Services	4,574,009	1,050,595	1,050,595	
Total Human Services	7,979,193	4,472,021	3,736,105	735,910
	1,979,193	4,472,021	3,730,103	/33,910
Other Insurance/Pension/Taxes				
Professional Services	2,000	2,000	2,000	
Contract Services	40,000	238,445	212,173	26,27
Insurance	880,000	1,085,261	1,085,261	20,27
				222.15
Other	777,500	1,558,560	1,325,408	233,15
Subsidies/Shared Revenue	536,600	1,299,412	1,254,629	44,78
Total Insurance/Pension/Taxes	2,236,100	4,183,678	3,879,471	304,20
Miscellaneous				
Materials	867,163	-	-	
Agriculture	185,000	-	-	
Supplies	433,531	-	-	
Soil and Water	171,900	-	-	
Total Miscellaneous	1,657,594	-		
Total Other	3,893,694	4,183,678	3,879,471	304,20
Total Expenditures	134,843,637	54,634,807	49,974,444	4,660,363
Total Expenditures Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	134,843,637	54,634,807	49,974,444	4,660,363

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Budgeted	Amou	ints			Va	riance with
	 Original	Final		Actual		Final Budget	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 						
Transfers In	\$ 2,356,000	\$	6,356,000	\$	5,950,000	\$	(406,000)
Transfers Out	(4,305,000)		(111,475,374)		(111,203,346)		272,028
Advances In	-		8,500,000		8,500,000		-
Advances Out	-		(4,655,375)		(4,655,375)		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,949,000)		(101,274,749)		(101,408,721)		(133,972)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(7,618,397)		(12,431,276)		(3,962,045)		8,469,231
Fund Balance - Beginning - Restated	8,795,797		8,795,797		8,795,797		
Prior Year Encumbrance Appropriations	 4,921,337		4,921,337		4,921,337		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 6,098,737	\$	1,285,858	\$	9,755,089	\$	8,469,231



NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

OTHER NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

The following nonmajor funds are included with the General Fund for GAAP reporting purposes as they do not have a restricted or committed revenue

Building Standards, Public Safety (PS) Operation, Certificate of Title Administration, Engineer Community Rotary, Fiscal Office - Taxes and Operations, Prosecutor Municipal Contracts, Sheriff Rotary, Sheriff IV-D Process Serving and Veterans Monument and Donations.

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

The special revenue funds are used to account for proceeds or specific revenue sources (other than special assessments, expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. Following is a description of all nonmajor special revenue funds

Engineer-Motor Vehicle and Gas Tax

This fund accounts for revenue derived from taxes on motor vehicle licenses and gasoline. By state law, expenditures are restricted to road and bridges, for maintenance and minor construction. The townships reimburse the County its expenditures for work done on township roads and bridges. This also includes drainage maintenance and surface water management.

Real Estate Assessment

This fund accounts for monies from Auditor's fees to assess real property within the County for tax valuation purposes as required by law.

Delinquent Tax Assessment Collection

This fund accounts for 5% of all certified delinquent taxes and assessments collected by the County Fiscal Office on any tax duplicate. The funds shall be used by the County Fiscal Office and County Prosecutor, solely in connection with the collection of delinquent taxes and assessments.

Governmental Grants

This fund accounts for federal, state and local grants received from various granting agencies for the administration and operation of following: Local Government, Police Traffic Services, Psycho-Diagnostic Services, Child Care Food Programs, Adult Probation Programs, Hazardous Materials Programs and various employment projects, funding for group homes for juvenile delinquency prevention and similar programs. The Community Development Block Grant Program fund is used for various housing rehabilitation and similar projects within the County. Each individual grant is accounted for in a separate subfund for compliance and reporting purposes.

Other Special Revenue

This fund accounts for smaller special revenue funds operated by the County and subsidized in part by fees, local and state monies as well as other miscellaneous sources such as Animal Control, Courts Computerization, Medical Examiner's Lab Fund, Courts Special Projects, Concealed Weapons Administration, Domestic Violence Trust, 911 Wireless Services and Law Library. Each individual fund is accounted for in a separate subfund for compliance and reporting purposes.

Child Support Enforcement

This fund accounts for the collection of fees restricted as to use for the administration of the Child Support Enforcement Agency and court operated support enforcement activities.

Akron Zoo Project

The primary revenue source is a special property tax levy approved by County voters. Per an agreement with the Akron Zoological Park, a non-profit agency, the County collects the revenue that is used for the purpose of operations and capital expenditures at the Akron Zoo.

Emergency Management Agency

This fund accounts for federal, state and local grants received from various granting agencies for the administration and operations of Homeland Security and Disaster relief within the County. Each individual grant is accounted for in a separate subfund.

Opiate Law Suit Settlements

This fund accounts for lawsuit settlement proceeds obtained from Summit and Cuyahoga Counties selection as bellwether plaintiffs in United States Federal Court against opiate manufacturers and distributors. Proceeds will be used to address opiate abatement priority areas of treatment, harm reduction, system coordination, and evidence-based prevention and education.

Emergency Rental Assistance (ERA)

This fund accounts for monies received from the United States Treasury to assist households that are unable to pay rent or utilities under the Consolidated Appropriations Act of 2021 and the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

DEBT SERVICE FUND

The debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, long-term debt principal, interest and related costs.

General Obligation Bond Retirement

This fund accounts for and report restricted tax levies that are utilized for the repayment of general obligation bonds and notes of the County.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

The capital projects funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by enterprise funds or special revenue funds).

General Capital Improvements

This fund accounts for costs of various projects and certain purchases of capital equipment. The primary financing source consistat of proceeds from the sale of land, buildings, and other County owned assets.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL BUILDING STANDARDS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

		Final			Variance with		
D.		Budget		Actual	Final Budget		
Revenues	Ф	4.105.600	Ф	2 544 710	¢.	((50,001)	
Charges for Services Other	\$	4,195,600	\$	3,544,719	\$	(650,881)	
Total Revenues		4,400		2,442 3,547,161		(1,958) (652,839)	
Total Revenues		4,200,000		3,347,101		(032,039)	
Expenditures							
Public Safety							
Personal Services		3,079,976		2,695,451		384,525	
Internal Charge Back		96,914		96,914		-	
Supplies		30,000		13,879		16,121	
Travel/Continuing Education		10,000		1,510		8,490	
Motor Vehicle Fuel/Repair		15,386		7,165		8,221	
Contract Services		256,789		246,483		10,306	
Rentals		80,000		62,613		17,387	
Advertising and Printing		4,000		1,514		2,486	
Other		200,844		153,242		47,602	
Total Public Safety		3,773,909		3,278,771		495,138	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures		426,091		268,390		(157,701)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers Out		(1,950,000)		(1,950,000)		-	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(1,950,000)		(1,950,000)		-	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(1,523,909)		(1,681,610)		(157,701)	
Fund Balance - Beginning		4,855,721		4,855,721			
Prior Year Encumbrance Appropriations		69,055		69,055			
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	3,400,867	\$	3,243,166	\$	(157,701)	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL PUBLIC SAFETY (PS) OPERATION FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget		
Revenues	 				
Charges for Services	\$ 1,012,000	\$ 2,660,203	\$	1,648,203	
Total Revenues	1,012,000	2,660,203		1,648,203	
Expenditures					
Public Safety					
Personal Services	601,314	486,497		114,817	
Internal Charge Back	43,808	4,073		39,735	
Supplies	6,573	-		6,573	
Contract Services	3,981,048	1,552,566		2,428,482	
Rentals	65,830	55,188		10,642	
Other	534,804	77,056		457,748	
Equipment	352,979	51,946		301,033	
Capital Outlay	73,200	-		73,200	
Total Public Safety	5,659,556	2,227,326		3,432,230	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(4,647,556)	432,877		5,080,433	
Fund Balance - Beginning	2,003,239	2,003,239			
Prior Year Encumbrance Appropriations	 327,608	 327,608			
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Ending	\$ (2,316,709)	\$ 2,763,724	\$	5,080,433	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL CERTIFICATE OF TITLE ADMINISTRATION FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

		Final	A atrial		riance With
	-	Budget	 Actual	F11	nal Budget
Revenues					
Charges for Services	\$	4,000,000	\$ 3,843,947	\$	(156,053)
Total Revenues		4,000,000	3,843,947		(156,053)
Expenditures					
General Government - Legislative and Executive					
Personal Services		2,585,186	2,479,813		105,373
Internal Charge Back		45,300	41,752		3,548
Professional Services		28,800	21,326		7,474
Supplies		125,000	109,695		15,305
Travel/Continuing Education		10,000	7,103		2,897
Motor Vehicle Fuel/Repair		4,000	-		4,000
Contract Services		29,000	21,582		7,418
Rentals		63,700	62,930		770
Advertising and Printing		8,000	3,626		4,374
Other		140,000	140,000		-
Equipment		8,800	2,944		5,856
Capital Outlay		127,200	126,464		736
Total General Government - Legislative and Executive		3,174,986	3,017,235		157,751
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures		825,014	 826,712		1,698
Other Financing Uses					
Transfers Out		(4,000,000)	(4,000,000)		-
Total Other Financing Uses		(4,000,000)	(4,000,000)		-
Net Change in Fund Balance		(3,174,986)	(3,173,288)		1,698
Fund Balance - Beginning		8,671,209	8,671,209		
Prior Year Encumbrance Appropriations		14,921	14,921		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	5,511,144	\$ 5,512,842	\$	1,698

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL ENGINEER COMMUNITY ROTARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Final Budget Actual			Variance with Il Final Budget		
Revenues	 					
Charges for Services	\$ 150,000	\$	-	\$	(150,000)	
Other	 =		109,084		109,084	
Total Revenues	 150,000		109,084		(40,916)	
Expenditures						
Public Works						
Engineer Community Rotary						
Contract Services	 200,000		90,000		110,000	
Total Public Works	 200,000		90,000		110,000	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(50,000)		19,084		69,084	
Fund Balance - Beginning	501,682		501,682			
Prior Year Encumbrance Appropriations	 65,089		65,089			
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 516,771	\$	585,855	\$	69,084	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL FISCAL OFFICE - TAXES AND OPERATIONS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

		Final Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget	
Revenues		Budget		Actual	1 1116	ai Duaget
Taxes						
Property	\$	210,000	\$	265,480		55,480
Charges for Services	*	404,600	•	238,448		(166,152)
Investment Income		78,500		38,906		(39,594)
Other		550,000		45,371		(504,629)
Total Revenues		1,243,100		588,205		(654,895)
Expenditures						
General Government - Legislative and Executive						
Fiscal Officer Operations Delinquent Taxes						
Personal Services		253,259		150,988		102,271
Contract Services		115,822		60,036		55,786
Internal Charge Back		180,000		149,339		30,661
Supplies		30,545		9,140		21,405
Travel/Continuing Education		22,000		19,490		2,510
Advertising & Printing		326,500		55,389		271,111
Equipment		25,000		549		24,451
Rentals		23,000		22,077		923
Other		313,730		100,171		213,559
Total General Government - Legislative and Executive		1,289,856		567,179		722,677
Public Safety						
Sheriff Foreclosure Task Force						
Personal Services		85,979		85,917		62
Total Public Safety		85,979		85,917		62
Total Expenditures		1,375,835		653,096		722,739
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures		(132,735)		(64,891)		67,844
Other Financing Uses						
Transfers Out		(30,000)				30,000
Total Other Financing Uses		(30,000)		-		30,000
Net Change in Fund Balance		(162,735)		(64,891)		97,844
Fund Balance - Beginning		1,522,315		1,522,315		
Prior Year Encumbrance Appropriations		150,049		150,049		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	1,509,629	\$	1,607,473	\$	97,844

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL PROSECUTOR MUNICIPAL CONTRACTS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

		Final		A . 1		riance with
D		Budget		Actual	F1	nal Budget
Revenues	_		_		_	,,,,,,
Intergovernmental	\$	752,000	\$	328,200	\$	(423,800)
Other		392,000		81,840		(310,160)
Total Revenues	-	1,144,000		410,040		(733,960)
Expenditures						
General Government - Judicial						
Prosecutor Municipal Contracts						
Personal Services		431,028		431,028		-
Contract Services		208,000		208,000		_
Total General Government - Judicial		639,028		639,028		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures		504,972		(228,988)		(733,960)
Other Financing Sources						
Transfers In		-		57,215		57,215
Total Other Financing Sources		-		57,215		57,215
Net Change in Fund Balance		504,972		(171,773)		(676,745)
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Beginning		(611,786)		(611,786)		
Prior Year Encumbrance Appropriations		32,000		32,000		
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Ending	\$	(74,814)	\$	(751,559)	\$	(676,745)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL SHERIFF ROTARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

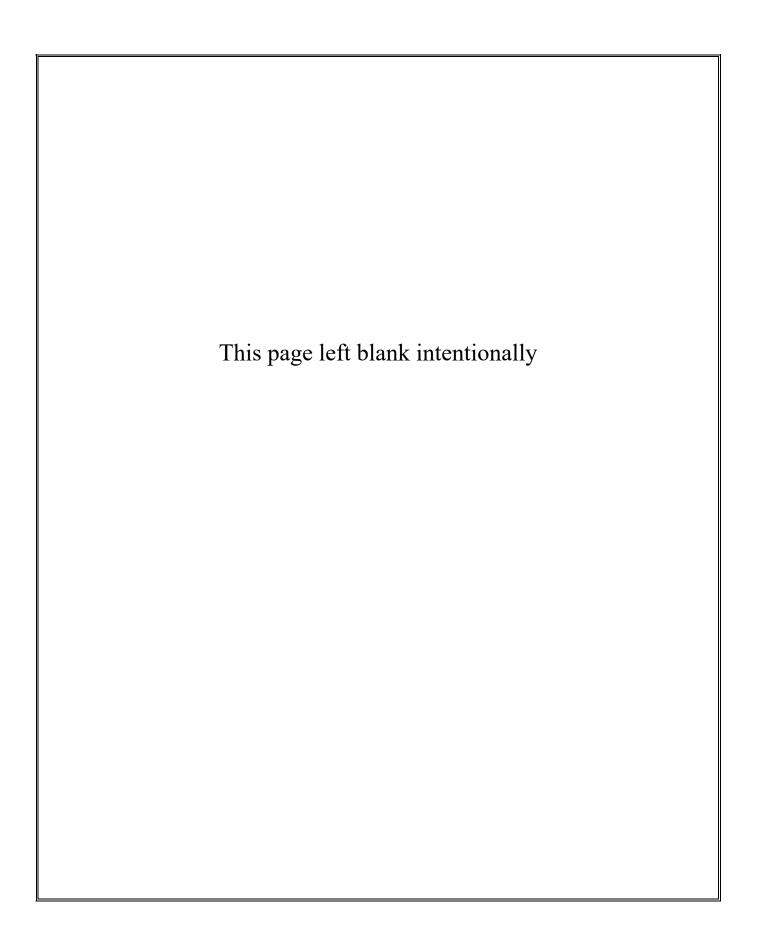
		Final		Variance with		
_		Budget	 Actual	F	inal Budget	
Revenues						
Charges for Services	\$	9,300,000	\$ 8,545,204	\$	(754,796)	
Other	-	560,000	 3,350		(556,650)	
Total Revenues		9,860,000	 8,548,554		(1,311,446)	
Expenditures						
Public Safety						
Personal Services		7,795,078	7,228,301		566,777	
Internal Charge Back		28,000	20,157		7,843	
Supplies		75,363	39,467		35,896	
Travel/Continuing Education		1,000	-		1,000	
Motor Vehicle Fuel/Repair		436,167	375,024		61,143	
Contract Services		143,700	135,051		8,649	
Insurance		190,947	190,947		-	
Other		156,260	127,847		28,413	
Equipment		127,500	58,047		69,453	
Capital		457,096	439,224		17,872	
Total Public Safety		9,411,111	8,614,065		797,046	
Net Change in Fund Balance		448,889	(65,511)		(514,400)	
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Beginning - Restated		(556,083)	(556,083)			
Prior Year Encumbrance Appropriations		113,947	113,947			
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Ending	\$	6,753	\$ (507,647)	\$	(514,400)	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL SHERIFF IV-D PROCESS SERVING FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Final					Variance with		
		Budget		Actual	Fii	nal Budget		
Revenues		_		_				
Charges for Services	\$	323,900	\$	412,973	\$	89,073		
Intergovernmental		334,961		468,816		133,855		
Other		1,001,000		988,413		(12,587)		
Total Revenues		1,659,861		1,870,202		210,341		
Expenditures								
Public Safety								
Personal Services		1,946,921		1,531,746		415,175		
Supplies		125,000		113,423		11,577		
Contract Services		25,200		2,445		22,755		
Other		12,000		-		12,000		
Equipment		167,198		45,785		121,413		
Capital		84,000		-		84,000		
Total Public Safety		2,360,319		1,693,399		666,920		
Judicial								
Personal Services		72,563		71,447		1,116		
Supplies		365		-		365		
Total Judicial		72,928		71,447		1,481		
Total Expenditures		2,433,247		1,764,846		668,401		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures		(773,386)		105,356		878,742		
Other Financing Sources								
Transfers In		209,839		209,839		_		
Total Other Financing Sources		209,839		209,839		-		
Net Change in Fund Balance		(563,547)		315,195		878,742		
Fund Balance - Beginning - Restated		1,497,050		1,497,050				
Prior Year Encumbrance Appropriations		1,611		1,611				
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	935,114	\$	1,813,856	\$	878,742		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL VETERANS MONUMENT AND DONATIONS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Revenues	Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget	
Other	\$		\$	8,622	\$	8,622
Total Revenues		-		8,622		8,622
Expenditures						
Human Services						
Veterans Monument Fund						
Other		15,000		15,000		-
Total Human Services		15,000		15,000		=
Total Expenditures		15,000		15,000		-
Net Change in Fund Balance		(15,000)		(6,378)		8,622
Fund Balance - Beginning		57,994		57,994		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	42,994	\$	51,616	\$	8,622



COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Sp	Nonmajor ecial Revenue Funds		Nonmajor Debt Service Fund	Nonmajor pital Projects Fund	tal Nonmajor overnmental Funds
Assets:		444450000		10.00.	10 = 2 < < = 1	.=
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	144,178,829	\$	10,235,846	\$ 19,736,674	\$ 174,151,349
Cash and investments - segregated accounts		394,083		-	=	394,083
Receivables:		4 6 0 7 2 2 2 6		40.454.50		• • • • • • • •
Real and other taxes		16,052,226		10,456,479	-	26,508,705
Accounts		15,470		-	-	15,470
Special assessments		1,074,510		-	-	1,074,510
Due from other funds		143,136		-	-	143,136
Due from other governments		7,196,791		501,292	-	7,698,083
Loans		4,608,193		-	-	4,608,193
Finance purchase intergovernmental agreement		-		6,310,000	-	6,310,000
Materials and supplies inventory		170,368		-	-	170,368
Prepayments		181,296		-	 -	181,296
Total Assets	\$	174,014,902	\$	27,503,617	\$ 19,736,674	\$ 221,255,193
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	558,512	\$	-	\$ 817,841	\$ 1,376,353
Accrued wages and benefits payable		933,362		-	162,244	1,095,606
Compensated absences payable		11,082		-	-	11,082
Due to other governments		443,454		-	1,719	445,173
Interfund loan payable		131,184		-	-	131,184
Due to other funds		-		810,000	-	810,000
Total Liabilities		2,077,594		810,000	981,804	 3,869,398
Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year		13,965,784		9,456,800	_	23,422,584
Deliquent property tax revenue not available		1,575,546		999,679	-	2,575,225
Special assessments revenue not available		1,074,510		, _	-	1,074,510
Miscellaneous revenue not available		_ ·		6,310,000	_	6,310,000
Intergovernmental revenue not available		4,977,117		501,292	-	5,478,409
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		21,592,957		17,267,771	 -	38,860,728
Fund balances:						
Nonspendable		351,664		_	_	351,664
Restricted		150,073,624		9,425,846	_	159,499,470
Assigned		130,073,021			18,754,870	18,754,870
Unassigned (deficit)		(80,937)		<u>-</u>	 -	(80,937)
Total Fund Balances		150,344,351		9,425,846	18,754,870	 178,525,067
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of			_			
Resources & Fund Balances	\$	174,014,902	\$	27,503,617	\$ 19,736,674	\$ 221,255,193

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Nonmajor Debt Service Fund	Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues:				
Taxes:				
Property	\$ 16,308,262	\$ 8,079,636	\$ -	\$ 24,387,898
Other	6,748,109	-	-	6,748,109
Licenses and permits	638,413	-	-	638,413
Charges for services	15,656,434	-	-	15,656,434
Fines and forfeitures	1,161,596	-	-	1,161,596
Intergovernmental	52,754,530	2,685,499	-	55,440,029
Special assessments	1,043,106	-	-	1,043,106
Investment income	919,782	-	-	919,782
Other	3,472,438	5,250	34,701	3,512,389
Total Revenues	98,702,670	10,770,385	34,701	109,507,756
Expenditures: Current:				
General government:				
Legislative and executive	11,026,982		152,958	11,179,940
Judicial	6,890,592	_	132,736	6,890,592
Public safety	24,825,967			24,825,967
Public works	21,498,748	_	_	21,498,748
Health	1,341,121	_	_	1,341,121
Human services	11,946,681	_	_	11,946,681
Recreation	14,874,948			14,874,948
Economic development	5,500,974	_	_	5,500,974
Capital outlay	3,300,774		6,563,301	6,563,301
Debt service:	_	-	0,303,301	0,303,301
Principal retirement	7,874	7,315,000	_	7,322,874
Interest and fiscal charges	6,476	3,590,573	-	3,597,049
Total Expenditures	97,920,363	10,905,573	6,716,259	115,542,195
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	782,307	(135,188)	(6,681,558)	(6,034,439)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers in	8,720,667	-	12,823,733	21,544,400
Transfers out	(27,935)			(27,935)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	8,692,732		12,823,733	21,516,465
Net Change in Fund Balance	9,475,039	(135,188)	6,142,175	15,482,026
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	140,869,312	9,561,034	12,612,695	163,043,041
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 150,344,351	\$ 9,425,846	\$ 18,754,870	\$ 178,525,067

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2023

	,	gineer-Motor hicle and Gas Tax		Real Estate	A	inquent Tax ssessment Collection	Go	overnmental Grants
Assets:								
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	13,604,645	\$	7,845,489	\$	6,099,593	\$	15,342,600
Cash and investments - segregated accounts		-		-		-		100,563
Receivables:		-10.004						
Real and other taxes		510,896		-		-		
Accounts		8,345		-		-		7,125
Special assessments		1,074,510		-		-		-
Due from other funds		-		-		-		143,136
Due from other governments		5,669,911		-		-		808,482
Loans		-		-		-		4,608,193
Materials and supplies inventory		148,750		-		-		-
Prepayments		10,938	_	13,140				90,349
Total assets		21,027,995	\$	7,858,629	\$	6,099,593	\$	21,100,448
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	309,304	\$	873	\$	-	\$	100,063
Accrued wages and benefits payable		266,464		11,173		69,165		324,497
Compensated absences payable		8,916		-		-		2,166
Due to other governments		293,450		17,698		9,378		61,348
Interfund loans payable		-		-		-		103,891
Total liabilities		878,134		29,744		78,543		591,965
Deferred inflows of resources								
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year		-		-		-		-
Delinquent property tax revenue not available		-		-		-		-
Special assessments revenue not available		1,074,510		-		-		-
Intergovernmental revenue not available		3,949,011		-		-		348,328
Total deferred inflows of resources		5,023,521		=		-		348,328
Fund balances:								
Nonspendable		159,688		13,140		-		90,349
Restricted		14,966,652		7,815,745		6,021,050		20,069,806
Unassigned (deficit)		-		-		-		-
Total fund balances		15,126,340		7,828,885		6,021,050		20,160,155
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balance	\$	21,027,995	\$	7,858,629	\$	6,099,593	\$	21,100,448

	her Special Revenue		Emergency anagement Agency	En	ild Support forcement Agency		Akron Zoo Project		Opiate		Emergency Rental Assistance (ERA)		tal Nonmajor ecial Revenue Funds
\$	5,595,172 293,520	\$	1,193,804	\$	121,855	\$	3,107,929	\$	77,335,867	\$	13,931,875	\$	144,178,829 394,083
	-		_		-		15,541,330		-		-		16,052,226
	-		-		-		-		-		-		15,470
	-		-		-		-		-		-		1,074,510
	-		-		-		-		-		-		143,136
	2,620		-		36,000		679,778		-		-		7,196,791
	-		-		-		-		-		-		4,608,193
	15,097		-		6,521		-		-		-		170,368
	57,336		-		9,533		-		-		-		181,296
\$	5,963,745	\$	1,193,804	\$	173,909	\$	19,329,037	\$	77,335,867	\$	13,931,875	\$	174,014,902
\$	101,021	\$	9,999	\$		\$		\$	37,252	\$		\$	558,512
Φ	41,024	Φ	14,018	φ	207,021	Φ	_	Φ	31,232	Ф	-	Φ	933,362
	41,024		14,016		207,021		_		_		_		11,082
	7,192		2,156		31,771				20,193		268		443,454
	27,293		2,130		51,//1				20,175		200		131,184
	176,530		26,173		238,792		-		57,445		268	_	2,077,594
							12.065.704						12 065 704
	-		-		-		13,965,784		-		-		13,965,784
	-		-		-		1,575,546		-		-		1,575,546 1,074,510
	-		-		-		679,778		-		-		
	<u>-</u>					-	16,221,108						4,977,117 21,592,957
	<u>-</u> _				- _		10,221,108		- _			_	21,392,937
	72,433		-		16,054		-		-		-		351,664
	5,714,782		1,167,631		-		3,107,929		77,278,422		13,931,607		150,073,624
	-				(80,937)								(80,937)
	5,787,215		1,167,631		(64,883)	_	3,107,929		77,278,422	_	13,931,607		150,344,351
\$	5,963,745	\$	1,193,804	\$	173,909	\$	19,329,037	\$	77,335,867	\$	13,931,875	\$	174,014,902

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Property		Engineer-Motor Vehicle and Gas Tax	Real Estate Assessment	Delinquent Tax Assessment Collection	Governmental Grants
Property					
Other Licenses and permits 6,748,109 - - - Licenses and permits 1,149 7,762,484 4,775,305 375,122 Fines and forfeitures 95,880 - - 28,895,861 Intergovernmental 12,862,370 - - 28,895,861 Special assessments 1,043,106 - - - - Investment income 142,381 - - - 705,883 Total Revenues 21,359,559 7,762,484 4,800,480 29,980,690 Expenditures: Current: General government: Legislative and executive - 6,406,280 3,108,825 931 Judicial - - 1,244,155 3,440,763 Public safety - - 1,244,155 3,440,763 Public safety - - - 2,705,556 Public works 21,339,027 - - - -		¢	¢	¢	¢
Charges for services	± •		5 -	5 -	\$ -
Charges for services 1,149 7,762,484 4,775,305 375,122 Fines and forfeitures 95,880 - - 3,764 Intergovernmental 12,862,370 - - 28,895,861 Special assessments 1,043,106 - - - Investment income 142,381 - - 60 Other 466,564 - 25,175 705,883 Total Revenues 21,359,559 7,762,484 4,800,480 29,980,690 Expenditures: Current:		6,/48,109	-	-	-
Fines and forfeitures 95,880 - - 3,764 Intergovernmental 12,862,370 - 28,895,861 Special assessments 1,043,106 - - - Other 466,564 - 25,175 705,883 Total Revenues 21,339,559 7,762,484 4,800,480 29,980,690 Expenditures: Current: General government: Legislative and executive - 6,406,280 3,108,825 931 Judicial - - - 1,244,155 3,440,763 Public safety - - - 2,2296,556 Public works 21,339,027 - - 2,2296,556 Health - - - - - Recreation - - - - - Exercities - - - - - Debt services - - - - <		1 1 1 0	7.7(2.404	4 555 205	275 122
Director 1,2862,376			7,762,484	4,7/5,305	
Novement income 142,381			=	=	
Investment income 142,381 - - 60 Other 466,564 - 25,75 705,88 Total Revenues 21,359,559 7,762,484 4,800,480 29,980,690 Expenditures: Current: Current: 1,244,155 3,40,763			=	=	28,895,861
Other 466,564 - 25,175 705,883 Total Revenues 21,359,559 7,762,484 4,800,480 29,980,690 Expenditures: Current: Current: Cegislative and executive - 6,406,280 3,108,825 931 Judicial - 6,406,280 3,108,825 931 Public works 21,339,027 - - 97,656 Public works 21,339,027 - - - - Health - <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>=</td><td>=</td><td>-</td></t<>			=	=	-
Total Revenues 21,359,559 7,762,484 4,800,480 29,980,690 Expenditures: Current: General government: 3,108,825 931 Legislative and executive - 6,406,280 3,108,825 931 Judicial - - 1,244,155 3,440,763 Public safety - - - 22,296,556 Public works 21,339,027 - - 97,656 Health - - - 97,656 Health - - - - 97,656 Health - - - - 97,656 Health - - - - - - Recreation -<			-	-	
Expenditures: Current: General government: Legislative and executive - 6,406,280 3,108,825 931 Judicial - - 1,244,155 3,440,763 Public safety - - 1,244,155 3,440,763 Public works 21,339,027 - - 222,296,556 Public works 21,339,027 - - 97,656 Heath - - - 97,656 Heath - - - - 97,656 Heath -					
Current: General government: - 6,406,280 3,108,825 931 Judicial - - 1,244,155 3,440,763 Public safety - - - 22,296,556 Public works 21,339,027 - - 97,656 Health - - - 30,000 Human services - - - 30,000 Human services - - - - 30,000 Human services - <	Total Revenues	21,359,559	7,762,484	4,800,480	29,980,690
General government: Legislative and executive 6,406,280 3,108,825 931 Judicial - 6,406,280 3,108,825 3,440,763 Public safety - - 1,244,155 3,440,763 Public works 21,339,027 - - 97,656 Health - - - 30,000 Human services - - - - Recreation - - - - - Economic development - <td>Expenditures:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Expenditures:				
Legislative and executive - 6,406,280 3,108,825 931 Judicial - - 1,244,155 3,440,763 Public safety - - - 22,296,556 Public works 21,339,027 - - 97,656 Health - - - 30,000 Human services - - - - - Recreation - <td< td=""><td>Current:</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	Current:				
Judicial - 1,244,155 3,440,763 Public safety - - 22,296,556 Public works 21,339,027 - - 97,656 Health - - - 30,000 Human services - - - - Recreation - - - - - Economic development - </td <td>General government:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	General government:				
Public safety - - 22,296,556 Public works 21,339,027 - - 97,656 Health - - - 30,000 Human services - - - - - Recreation -	Legislative and executive	-	6,406,280	3,108,825	931
Public works 21,339,027 - - 97,656 Health - - - 30,000 Human services - - - - Recreation - - - - - Economic development - - - 5,500,974 Debt service: -	Judicial	-	-	1,244,155	3,440,763
Health Human services Human services Recreation - - - 30,000 Human services Recreation -	Public safety	-	-	-	22,296,556
Human services	Public works	21,339,027	-	-	97,656
Recreation - - - - - - - - - - 5,500,974 - - 5,500,974 Debt service: - - - 5,500,974 -<	Health	-	-	-	30,000
Economic development - - - 5,500,974 Debt service: Principal retirement - - - - Interest and fiscal charges 5,766 - - - Total Expenditures 21,344,793 6,406,280 4,352,980 31,366,880 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 14,766 1,356,204 447,500 (1,386,190) Other Financing Sources (Uses) - - - - 7,011,160 Transfers (out) - - - - - - Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) - - - 7,011,160 Change in fund balance 14,766 1,356,204 447,500 5,624,970 Fund balances at beginning of year 15,111,574 6,472,681 5,573,550 14,535,185	Human services	_	-	-	· <u>-</u>
Debt service: Principal retirement - <	Recreation	_	-	-	-
Debt service: Principal retirement - <	Economic development	-	-	-	5,500,974
Interest and fiscal charges 5,766 - <t< td=""><td><u>*</u></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	<u>*</u>				
Interest and fiscal charges 5,766 - <t< td=""><td>Principal retirement</td><td>-</td><td>=</td><td>=</td><td>-</td></t<>	Principal retirement	-	=	=	-
Total Expenditures 21,344,793 6,406,280 4,352,980 31,366,880 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 14,766 1,356,204 447,500 (1,386,190) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers (out) - - - - 7,011,160 Transfers (out) - - - - 7,011,160 Change in fund balance 14,766 1,356,204 447,500 5,624,970 Fund balances at beginning of year 15,111,574 6,472,681 5,573,550 14,535,185		5,766	=	=	=
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 14,766 1,356,204 447,500 (1,386,190) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in - - - - 7,011,160 Transfers (out) - - - - - - Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) - - - - 7,011,160 Change in fund balance 14,766 1,356,204 447,500 5,624,970 Fund balances at beginning of year 15,111,574 6,472,681 5,573,550 14,535,185			6,406,280	4,352,980	31,366,880
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 14,766 1,356,204 447,500 (1,386,190) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in - - - - 7,011,160 Transfers (out) - - - - - - Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) - - - - 7,011,160 Change in fund balance 14,766 1,356,204 447,500 5,624,970 Fund balances at beginning of year 15,111,574 6,472,681 5,573,550 14,535,185	Excess (Deficiency) of				
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in - - - 7,011,160 Transfers (out) - - - - - Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) - - - - 7,011,160 Change in fund balance 14,766 1,356,204 447,500 5,624,970 Fund balances at beginning of year 15,111,574 6,472,681 5,573,550 14,535,185		14 766	1 356 204	447 500	(1.386.100)
Transfers in - - - 7,011,160 Transfers (out) - - - - Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) - - - - 7,011,160 Change in fund balance 14,766 1,356,204 447,500 5,624,970 Fund balances at beginning of year 15,111,574 6,472,681 5,573,550 14,535,185	Revenues Over (Onder) Expenditures	14,700	1,330,204	447,300	(1,360,190)
Transfers (out) - - - - Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) - - - - 7,011,160 Change in fund balance 14,766 1,356,204 447,500 5,624,970 Fund balances at beginning of year 15,111,574 6,472,681 5,573,550 14,535,185	Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) - - - 7,011,160 Change in fund balance 14,766 1,356,204 447,500 5,624,970 Fund balances at beginning of year 15,111,574 6,472,681 5,573,550 14,535,185	Transfers in	-	-	-	7,011,160
Change in fund balance 14,766 1,356,204 447,500 5,624,970 Fund balances at beginning of year 15,111,574 6,472,681 5,573,550 14,535,185	Transfers (out)				
Fund balances at beginning of year 15,111,574 6,472,681 5,573,550 14,535,185	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)				7,011,160
	Change in fund balance	14,766	1,356,204	447,500	5,624,970
	Fund balances at beginning of year	15,111,574	6,472,681	5,573,550	14,535,185

Other Special Revenue	Emergency Management Agency	Child Support Enforcement Agency	Akron Zoo Project	Opiate	Emergency Rental Assistance (ERA)	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 16,308,262	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 16,308,262
-	-	-	-	-	-	6,748,109
638,413	-	1 525 (22	-	-	-	638,413
1,216,752	-	1,525,622	-	-	-	15,656,434
1,061,952	1 549 260	7.0(0.252	1.055.420	-	-	1,161,596
532,367	1,548,260	7,860,252	1,055,420	-	-	52,754,530
-	-	-	-	-	777.241	1,043,106
2 242 976	20.965	10.001	-	-	777,341	919,782
2,243,876 5,693,360	20,865 1,569,125	9,395,875	17,363,682		74 777,415	3,472,438 98,702,670
		2,022,022			,	
1,510,946	-	-	-	-	-	11,026,982
2,205,674	-	-	=	-	=	6,890,592
1,184,108	1,345,303	-	-	-	-	24,825,967
62,065	-	-	-	-	-	21,498,748
1,311,121	-	-	-	-	-	1,341,121
-	-	9,851,108	-	1,664,599	430,974	11,946,681
-	-	-	14,874,948	-	-	14,874,948
-	-	-	-	-	-	5,500,974
-	-	7,874	-	-	-	7,874
		710		<u> </u>		6,476
6,273,914	1,345,303	9,859,692	14,874,948	1,664,599	430,974	97,920,363
(580,554)	223,822	(463,817)	2,488,734	(1,664,599)	346,441	782,307
800,000	149,507	760,000	-	-	-	8,720,667
(27,935)	, -	· -	-	-	-	(27,935)
772,065	149,507	760,000	-		-	8,692,732
191,511	373,329	296,183	2,488,734	(1,664,599)	346,441	9,475,039
5,595,704	794,302	(361,066)	619,195	78,943,021	13,585,166	140,869,312
\$ 5,787,215	\$ 1,167,631	\$ (64,883)	\$ 3,107,929	\$ 77,278,422	\$ 13,931,607	\$ 150,344,351

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL JOB & FAMILY SERVICES FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	 Budgeted	Amou	ints		Va	riance With
	 Original		Final	 Actual	Fi	inal Budget
Revenues						
Fines and Forfeitures	\$ 145,000	\$	145,000	\$ 71,478	\$	(73,522)
Intergovernmental	45,692,706		42,301,928	48,028,552		5,726,624
Other	 1,250,000		7,117,364	 607,040		(6,510,324)
Total Revenues	 47,087,706		49,564,292	 48,707,070		(857,222)
Expenditures						
Human Services						
Personal Services	27,202,100		28,056,830	26,893,906		1,162,924
Purchased Services	18,383,500		18,608,431	18,343,071		265,360
Contract Services	29,780		6,000	6,000		-
Operations	6,682,700		6,807,885	6,106,766		701,119
Travel/Continuing Education	937,189		-	-		
Motor Vehicle Fuel/Repair	1,059,221		-	-		-
Total Human Services	 54,294,490		53,479,146	 51,349,743		2,129,403
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures	 (7,206,784)		(3,914,854)	 (2,642,673)		1,272,181
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers In	-		3,523,414	3,523,414		-
Transfers Out	 		(1,388,808)	(1,388,808)		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 		2,134,606	 2,134,606		-
Net Change in Fund Balance	(7,206,784)		(1,780,248)	(508,067)		1,272,181
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Beginning	(168,895)		(168,895)	(168,895)		
Prior Year Encumbrance Appropriations	 2,026,190		2,026,190	 2,026,190		
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Ending	\$ (5,349,489)	\$	77,047	\$ 1,349,228	\$	1,272,181

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL CHILDREN SERVICES BOARD FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Budgeted	Amo	unts		Va	riance With
	 Original		Final	Actual	F	inal Budget
Revenues	 					
Property Taxes	\$ 40,118,706	\$	37,417,445	\$ 37,062,309	\$	(355,136)
Charges for Services	9,300,890		3,034,658	1,312,953		(1,721,705)
Intergovernmental	17,439,169		26,207,214	27,686,811		1,479,597
Other	2,325,222		2,320,092	365,518		(1,954,574)
Total Revenues	 69,183,987		68,979,409	 66,427,591		(2,551,818)
Expenditures						
Human Services						
Personal Services	35,082,848		35,082,847	32,522,111		2,560,736
Supplies	247,700		324,157	232,968		91,189
Materials	35,000		35,000	18,625		16,375
Travel/Continuing Education	670,700		830,858	784,800		46,058
Contract Services	33,390,824		32,418,978	29,799,250		2,619,728
Other	1,859,694		2,142,358	1,848,048		294,310
Medical Assistance	320,000		320,000	219,916		100,084
Equipment	527,150		500,624	372,613		128,011
Motor Vehicle Fuel/Repair	-		10,000	8,398		1,602
Total Expenditures	 72,133,916		71,664,822	65,806,729		5,858,093
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures	 (2,949,929)		(2,685,413)	 620,862		3,306,275
Other Financing Sources						
Transfers In	-		628,808	628,808		-
Total Other Financing Sources	 		628,808	 628,808		-
Net Change in Fund Balance	(2,949,929)		(2,056,605)	1,249,670		3,306,275
Fund Balance - Beginning - Restated	42,390,340		42,390,340	42,390,340		
Prior Year Encumbrance Appropriations	 3,995,769		3,995,769	3,995,769		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 43,436,180	\$	44,329,504	\$ 47,635,779	\$	3,306,275

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL ALCOHOL, DRUG ADDICTION & MENTAL HEALTH FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts				Va	riance With	
		Original		Final	Actual	Fi	nal Budget
Revenues							
Property Taxes	\$	35,799,126	\$	32,374,962	\$ 32,130,329	\$	(244,633)
Intergovernmental		10,475,553		14,279,851	14,675,066		395,215
Other		422,549		422,549	26,102		(396,447)
Total Revenues		46,697,228		47,077,362	46,831,497		(245,865)
Expenditures							
Health							
Personal Services		2,603,765		2,614,765	2,467,984		146,781
Professional Services		33,500		35,625	31,880		3,745
Supplies		39,357		39,357	24,114		15,243
Travel/Continuing Education		132,457		143,685	139,280		4,405
Contract Services		59,529,939		58,546,584	49,342,036		9,204,548
Utilities		10,182		10,182	9,278		904
Insurance		60,729		62,629	61,152		1,477
Rentals		94,984		95,316	95,266		50
Advertising and Printing		7,500		7,500	6,432		1,068
Other		4,655		4,705	4,383		322
Equipment		51,500		53,466	 25,234		28,232
Total Health		62,568,568		61,613,814	 52,207,039		9,406,775
Net Change in Fund Balance		(15,871,340)		(14,536,452)	(5,375,542)		9,160,910
Fund Balance - Beginning		57,867,070		57,867,070	57,867,070		
Prior Year Encumbrance Appropriations		9,792,668		9,792,668	9,792,668		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	51,788,398	\$	53,123,286	\$ 62,284,196	\$	9,160,910

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL BOARD OF DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITIES FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Budgeted	Amo	unts		Variance With	
	 Original		Final	Actual	F	inal Budget
Revenues	 					
Property Taxes	\$ 54,608,837	\$	49,385,531	\$ 49,012,378	\$	(373,153)
Charges for Services	-		-	113,609		113,609
Intergovernmental	1,273,047		18,089,475	22,605,335		4,515,860
Other	11,529,948		526,690	2,009,210		1,482,520
Investment Income	-		-	1,100		1,100
Total Revenues	 67,411,832		68,001,696	73,741,632		5,739,936
Expenditures						
Health						
Personal Services	29,981,582		31,379,339	30,175,438		1,203,901
Supplies	475,570		718,725	680,366		38,359
Travel/Continuing Education	315,400		344,804	322,065		22,739
Contract Services	56,130,591		59,170,432	54,864,063		4,306,369
Utilities	1,066,956		-	-		-
Insurance	3,000		-	-		-
Rentals	130,023		6,500	6,370		130
Advertising and Printing	160,000		176,758	168,496		8,262
Other	4,234,351		3,321,141	315,174		3,005,967
Equipment	58,000		58,000	32,825		25,175
Capital	428,278		34,809	9,368		25,441
Miscellaneous	-		70,990	-		70,990
Total Health	 92,983,751		95,281,498	86,574,165		8,707,333
Net Change in Fund Balance	(25,571,919)		(27,279,802)	(12,832,533)		14,447,269
Fund Balance - Beginning	51,880,396		51,880,396	51,880,396		
Prior Year Encumbrance Appropriations	 17,591,247		17,591,247	17,591,247		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 43,899,724	\$	42,191,841	\$ 56,639,110	\$	14,447,269

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL AMERICAN RESCUE PLAN ACT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Budgete	d Amounts		Variance with	
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget	
Revenues					
Investment Income	\$ -	\$ 3,803,265	\$ 3,222,529	\$ (580,736)	
Total Revenues		3,803,265	3,222,529	(580,736)	
Expenditures					
General Government - Legislative and Executive					
Executive - General Administration					
Contract Services		450	450		
Total Executive - General Administration		450	450		
Executive - Board of Elections					
Personal Services	-	4,661,926	4,661,926	-	
Internal Charge Back	-	77,004	77,004	-	
Supplies	-	113,140	113,140	-	
Travel/Continuing Education	-	9,848	9,848	-	
Motor Vehicle Fuel/Repair	-	1,897	1,897	-	
Contract Services	-	1,012,500	1,012,500	-	
Rentals	-	49,860	49,860	-	
Advertising and Printing	-	67,190	67,190	-	
Other		94,750	94,750		
Total Executive - Board of Elections		6,088,115	6,088,115		
Total General Government - Legislative and Executive		6,088,565	6,088,565		
General Government - Judicial					
Various Courts					
Personal Services	-	23,880,179	23,880,179	-	
Professional Services	-	140,241	140,241	-	
Internal Charge Back	-	458,547	458,547	-	
Supplies	-	222,388	222,388	-	
Travel/Continuing Education	-	39,118	39,118	-	
Contract Services	-	890,718	890,718	-	
Rentals	-	12,522	12,522	-	
Advertising and Printing	-	4,738	4,738	-	
Other	-	601,797	601,797	-	
Equipment		9,351	9,351		
Total Variance Courts		26,259,599	26,259,599		
Total General Government - Judicial		26,259,599	26,259,599		
Public Safety					
Sheriff					
Personal Services	-	35,849,061	35,849,061	-	
Internal Charge Back	-	308,382	308,382	-	
Supplies	-	377,837	377,837	-	
Travel/Continuing Education	-	100	100	-	
Motor Vehicle Fuel/Repair	-	421,306	421,306	-	
Contract Services	38,252	13,083,716	13,113,266	(29,550)	
Rentals	-	876	876	-	
Other	-	592,073	592,073	-	
Equipment Total Sheriff	38,252	171,919 50,805,270	171,919 50,834,820	(29,550)	
Total Public Safety	38,252	50,805,270	50,834,820	(29,550)	
Total Expenditures	38,252	83,153,434	83,182,984	(29,550)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(38,252)	(79,350,169)	(79,960,455)	(610,286)	
Fund Balance - Beginning	80,387,462	80,387,462	80,387,462		
Prior Year Encumbrance Appropriations	38,252	38,252	38,252		
** *					

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL ENGINEER-MOTOR VEHICLE AND GAS TAX FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Final		Variance With
	Budget	Actual	Final Budget
Revenues			
Taxes - Other	\$ 7,276	,600 \$ 6,752,430	\$ (524,170)
Fines and Forfeitures		,500 106,273	(49,227)
Intergovernmental	11,802		747,924
Investment Income	2,074		(1,935,610)
Special Assessments		,000 1,026,438	376,438
Other		,522 539,105	436,583
Total Revenues	22,060		(948,062)
Expenditures			
Public Works			
Personal Services	10,302		891,288
Internal Charge Back		,200 412,261	119,939
Supplies		,842 425,569	20,273
Materials	1,274	,641 1,196,351	78,290
Travel/Continuing Education	51	,600 33,337	18,263
Ditch Maintenance	2,846	,783 1,139,595	1,707,188
Contract Services	1,040	,775 742,893	297,882
Utilities	141	,937 130,398	11,539
Rentals	27	,600 7,003	20,597
Advertising and Printing	11	,559 8,947	2,612
Other		,484 628,798	33,686
Equipment		,001 83,017	7,984
Capital	10,548		3,210,300
Total Public Works	27,977		6,419,841
Debt Service			
Debt Service	6	,000 5,766	234
Total Debt Service		,000 5,766	234
Total Expenditures	27,983	,448 21,563,373	6,420,075
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over (Under) Expenditures	(5,922	,704) (450,691)	5,472,013
Other Financing Uses			
Transfers Out	(995	,722) -	995,722
Total Other Financing Uses		,722) -	995,722
Net Change in Fund Balance	(6,918	,426) (450,691)	6,467,735
Fund Balance - Beginning	7,516	,668 7,516,668	
Prior Year Encumbrance Appropriations	3,396	,120 3,396,120	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 3,994	,362 \$ 10,462,097	\$ 6,467,735

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL REAL ESTATE ASSESSMENT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Final Budget		Actual		riance With nal Budget
Revenues					
Charges for Services	\$ 7,100,000	\$	7,734,568	\$	634,568
Total Revenues	7,100,000		7,734,568		634,568
Expenditures					
General Government - Legislative and Executive					
Personal Services	4,849,052		4,437,391		411,661
Professional Services	1,043		1,043		-
Internal Charge Back	1,950,000		1,290,356		659,644
Supplies	45,000		21,465		23,535
Contract Services	623,470		536,721		86,749
Travel/Continuing Education	15,000		6,855		8,145
Motor Vehicle Fuel/Repair	25,000		17,478		7,522
Advertising and Printing	123,664		87,751		35,913
Other	308,000		222,624		85,376
Equipment	31,660		17,031		14,629
Rentals/Leases	61,400		60,877		523
Total General Government - Legislative and Executive	8,033,289		6,699,592		1,333,697
Net Change in Fund Balance	(933,289)		1,034,976		1,968,265
Fund Balance - Beginning	6,125,193		6,125,193		
Prior Year Encumbrance Appropriations	137,955		137,955		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 5,329,859	\$	7,298,124	\$	1,968,265

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL DELINQUENT TAX ASSESSMENT COLLECTION FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

		Final Budget		Actual	Variance With Final Budget	
		<u> </u>				<u> </u>
Revenues	Φ.	5 221 5 22	•	4 000 001	Φ.	(2.400.001)
Charges for Services	\$	7,221,722	\$	4,820,831	\$	(2,400,891)
Other		7 221 722		210		210
Total Revenues		7,221,722		4,821,041		(2,400,681)
Expenditures						
General Government - Legislative and Executive						
Personal Services		2,262,771		1,081,990		1,180,781
Internal Charge Back		190,489		97,632		92,857
Supplies		41,565		1,110		40,455
Travel/Continuing Education		34,536		2,261		32,275
Contract Services		49,166		6,390		42,776
Refunds		25,000		16,350		8,650
Interest on Voided Certificate		-		4,381		(4,381)
Advertising and Printing		15,936		1,254		14,682
Other		149,415		102,249		47,166
Equipment		18,837		11,011		7,826
Settlement		2,201,309		1,807,889		393,420
Total General Government - Legislative and Executive		4,989,024		3,132,517		1,856,507
General Government - Judicial						
Personal Services		1,250,784		863,397		387,387
Internal Charge Back		45,577		6,433		39,144
Supplies		18,428		4,989		13,439
Travel/Continuing Education		2,927		-		2,927
Contract Services		626,948		322,460		304,488
Rentals/Leases		9,739		8,317		1,422
Advertising and Printing		307,989		78,750		229,239
Other		292,307		135,874		156,433
Equipment		3,615		-		3,615
Refunds		173,999		56,539		117,460
Total General Government - Judicial		2,732,313		1,476,759		1,255,554
Total Expenditures		7,721,337		4,609,276		3,112,061
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures		(499,615)		211,765		711,380
Other Financing Uses						
Transfers Out		(188,477)		_		188,477
Total Other Financing Uses		(188,477)				188,477
Net Change in Fund Balance		(688,092)		211,765		899,857
Fund Balance - Beginning		5,380,045		5,380,045		
Prior Year Encumbrance Appropriations		224,549		224,549		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	4,916,502	\$	5,816,359	\$	899,857

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL GOVERNMENTAL GRANTS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget
Revenues			
Charges for Services	\$ 435,953	\$ 334,228	\$ (101,725)
Fines and Forefeitures Intergovernmental	6,199	3,950	(2,249)
Investment Income	71,841,086	31,231,282 55	(40,609,804) 55
Other	474,999	622,571	147,572
Total Revenues	72,758,237	32,192,086	(40,566,151)
Expenditures			
General Government - Legislative and Executive			
Supplies	2,991	931	2,060
Contract Services	9,231	931	9,231
Total General Government - Legislative and Executive	12,222	931	11,291
General Government - Judicial			
Personal Services	4,757,785	2,584,395	2,173,390
Professional Services Supplies	188,581	163,193 57,866	25,388 75,362
Travel/Continuing Education	133,228 79,505	13,604	65,901
Contract Services	1,627,640	848,232	779,408
Other	703,415	225,902	477,513
Equipment	32,510	26,730	5,780
Total General Government - Judicial	7,522,664	3,919,922	3,602,742
Public Safety			
Personal Services	24,275,540	11,492,397	12,783,143
Professional Services Internal Charge Back	15,000 28,353	19,415	15,000 8,938
Supplies	509,967	132,934	377,033
Travel/Continuing Education	401,693	120,349	281,344
Motor Vehicle Fuel/Repair	22,879	7,708	15,171
Contract Services	6,864,608	3,587,015	3,277,593
Other	292,375	84,486	207,889
Equipment Materials	268,230 86,689	152,265 59,867	115,965 26,822
Miscellaneous	18,861,471	18,488,446	373,025
Total Public Safety	51,626,805	34,144,882	17,481,923
Public Works			
Personal Services	96,594	95,254	1,340
Other	1,500	- 05.254	1,500
Total Public Works	98,094	95,254	2,840
Health	20.000	20.000	
Contract Services Total Health	30,000	30,000	
Economic Development	2 202 420	1.072.442	1 210 070
Personal Services Internal Charge Back	2,293,420 6,000	1,073,442 1,417	1,219,978 4,583
Supplies	3,200	1,120	2,080
Travel/Continuing Education	33,243	3,935	29,308
Motor Vehicle Fuel/Repair	6,000	-	6,000
Contract Services	3,281,059	1,732,245	1,548,814
Advertising and Printing Other	2,000 401,061	1,246 127,720	754 273,341
Equipment	1,164	127,720	1,164
Operation	3,803,073	1,224,267	2,578,806
Miscellaneous	6,303,978	3,057,955	3,246,023
Total Economic Development	16,134,198	7,223,347	8,910,851
Total Expenditures	75,423,983	45,414,336	30,009,647
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	, <u>.</u>	/** ***	/40 ## ·
Over (Under) Expenditures	(2,665,746)	(13,222,250)	(10,556,504)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		# ********	
Transfers In Transfers Out	371,814	7,011,160	6,639,346
Advances in	(140,000)	102 902	140,000
Other Financing Sources	-	103,892 50,969	103,892 50,969
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	231,814	7,166,021	6,934,207
Net Change in Fund Balance	(2,433,932)	(6,056,229)	(3,622,297)
Fund Balance - Beginning - Restated	670,252	670,252	
Prior Year Encumbrance Appropriations	6,912,425	6,912,425	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 5,148,745	\$ 1,526,448	\$ (3,622,297)
	,,	, ,===,	. (-),/)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL OTHER SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Final		Variance With
Revenues	Budget	Actual	Final Budget
Licenses and Permits	\$ 952,000	\$ 624,680	\$ (327,320)
Charges for Services	1,923,700	1,318,106	(605,594)
Fines and Forfeitures	310,000	281,260	(28,740)
Intergovernmental	539,009	529,747	(9,262)
Other	2,908,000	2,132,037	(775,963)
Total Revenues	6,632,709	4,885,830	(1,746,879)
Expenditures			
General Government - Legislative and Executive	1 205 544	550.005	
Personal Services	1,295,766	559,995	735,771
Internal Charge Back Supplies	213 7,518	7,518	213
Travel/Continuing Education	2,678	2,678	
Contract Services	240,411	169,760	70,651
Rentals	29,965	29,965	-
Advertising and Printing	4,514	4,513	1
Other	113,439	4,180	109,259
Total General Government - Legislative and Executive	1,694,504	778,609	915,895
General Government - Judicial			
Personal Services	662,091	595,797	66,294
Professional Services	16,400	706	15,694
Internal Charge Back	553,400	547,767	5,633
Supplies The Control of the Control	124,300	75,532	48,768
Travel/Continuing Education Contract Services	47,500	42,278	5,222
Other	828,200 733,136	372,588 535,939	455,612 197,197
Equipment	265,800	114,415	151,385
Capital	315,000	114,415	315,000
Total General Government - Judicial	3,545,827	2,285,022	1,260,805
Public Safety			
Personal Services	290,221	174,250	115,971
Supplies	161,144	86,988	74,156
Travel/Continuing Education	1,640	-	1,640
Motor Vehicle Fuel/Repair	50,000	49,999	1
Contract Services	501,665	298,196	203,469
Other	41,509	40,000	1,509
Equipment	203,000	187,183	15,817
Miscellaneous Total Public Safety	120,000	52,448 889,064	67,552 480,115
II14h			
Health Personal Services	1,083,526	901,059	182,467
Professional Services	113,600	113,600	102,407
Internal Charge Back	17,700	17,916	(216)
Supplies	94,000	93,952	48
Travel/Continuing Education	500	399	101
Motor Vehicle Fuel/Repair	1,800	1,660	140
Contract Services	206,300	198,683	7,617
Insurance	3,000	749	2,251
Advertising and Printing Other	3,000	3,000	-
	3,100 8,900	3,100 8,400	500
Equipment Total Health	1,535,426	1,342,518	192,908
Total Expenditures	8,144,936	5,295,213	2,849,723
тош ехрепиштеѕ	8,144,930	3,293,213	2,049,723
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,512,227)	(409,383)	1,102,844
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Transfers In	350,000	800,000	450,000
Transfers Out	(127,935)	(27,935)	100,000
Advances In Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	222.065	27,292	27,292
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	222,065	799,357	577,292
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,290,162)	389,974	1,680,136
Fund Balance - Beginning - Restated	4,714,465	4,714,465	
Prior Year Encumbrance Appropriations	98,048	98,048	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 3,522,351	\$ 5,202,487	\$ 1,680,136

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL CHILD SUPPORT ENFORCEMENT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

		Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget		
	-	Budget	 Actual		mai Budget	
Revenues						
Charges For Services	\$	1,600,000	\$ 1,525,622	\$	(74,378)	
Intergovernmental		7,470,462	7,824,252		353,790	
Other		1,258,538	10,001		(1,248,537)	
Total Revenues		10,329,000	9,359,875		(969,125)	
Expenditures						
Human Services						
Personal Services		8,798,208	8,094,873		703,335	
Internal Charge Back		208,000	207,949		51	
Supplies		60,000	34,625		25,375	
Travel/Continuing Education		20,000	10,388		9,612	
Motor Vehicle Fuel/Repair		10,000	-		10,000	
Equipment		46,663	26,637		20,026	
Contract Services		1,218,106	1,157,812		60,294	
Other		604,506	542,279		62,227	
Total Human Services		10,965,483	10,074,563		890,920	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures		(636,483)	 (714,688)		(78,205)	
Other Financing Sources						
Transfers In		760,000	760,000		-	
Total Other Financing Sources		760,000	760,000		-	
Net Change in Fund Balance		123,517	45,312		(78,205)	
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Beginning		(180,163)	(180,163)			
Prior Year Encumbrance Appropriations		59,618	 59,618			
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Ending	\$	2,972	\$ (75,233)	\$	(78,205)	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL AKRON ZOO PROJECT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Final		Variance With		
	 Budget	 Actual	Final Budget		
Revenues	 _	 		_	
Property Taxes	\$ 14,191,797	\$ 16,271,174	\$	2,079,377	
Intergovernmental	1,055,695	1,055,695		-	
Other	100,000	-		(100,000)	
Total Revenues	15,347,492	17,326,869		1,979,377	
Expenditures					
Recreation					
Contract Services	15,214,300	14,874,948		339,352	
Total Recreation	15,214,300	14,874,948		339,352	
Net Change in Fund Balance	133,192	2,451,921		2,318,729	
Fund Balance - Beginning	 	 <u>-</u> _			
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 133,192	\$ 2,451,921	\$	2,318,729	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Final		Variance With		
	 Budget	 Actual		Final Budget	
Revenues					
Intergovernmental	\$ 3,301,977	\$ 1,762,976	\$	(1,539,001)	
Other	 	 20,864		20,864	
Total Revenues	 3,301,977	 1,783,840		(1,518,137)	
Expenditures					
Public Safety					
Personal Services	617,464	451,382		166,082	
Internal Charge Back	32,195	12,389		19,806	
Supplies	28,004	14,046		13,958	
Travel/Continuing Education	23,410	13,132		10,278	
Contract Services	561,894	125,031		436,863	
Materials	2,082,242	951,073		1,131,169	
Subsidized/Shared Revenue	81	-		81	
Other	393,542	153,923		239,619	
Equipment	 400,375	 290,228		110,147	
Total Public Safety	4,139,207	2,011,204		2,128,003	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	 (837,230)	 (227,364)		609,866	
Other Financing Sources					
Transfers In	148,617	149,507		890	
Total Other Financing Sources	148,617	 149,507		890	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(688,613)	(77,857)		610,756	
Fund Balance - Beginning	557,394	557,394			
Prior Year Encumbrance Appropriations	 261,047	261,047			
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 129,828	\$ 740,584	\$	610,756	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL OPIATE LAWSUIT SETTLEMENTS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget	
Revenues				
Fines and forfeitures	\$ 131,643	\$ -	\$ (131,643)	
Total Revenues	131,643		(131,643)	
Expenditures				
Human Services				
Contract Services	78,944,521	7,995,649	70,948,872	
Total Human Services	78,944,521	7,995,649	70,948,872	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(78,812,878)	(7,995,649)	70,817,229	
Fund Balance - Beginning	78,812,878	78,812,878		
Prior Year Encumbrance Appropriations	131,643	131,643		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 131,643	\$ 70,948,872	\$ 70,817,229	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL EMERGENCY RENTAL ASSISTANCE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Final Budget	Actual		ariance With inal Budget
Revenues				
Investment Income	\$ 196,735	\$ 711,722	\$	514,987
Other	_	74		74
Total Revenues	196,735	711,796		515,061
Expenditures				
Human Services	005.760	1.40.064		662.504
Personal Services	805,768	142,264		663,504
Subsidies/Shared Revenue	 38,147,369	699,704		37,447,665
Total Human Services	 38,953,137	 841,968		38,111,169
Net Change in Fund Balance	(38,756,402)	(130,172)		38,626,230
Fund Balance - Beginning	5,672,083	5,672,083		
Prior Year Encumbrance Appropriations	 8,324,345	8,324,345		
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Ending	\$ (24,759,974)	\$ 13,866,256	\$	38,626,230

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL GENERAL OBLIGATION BOND RETIREMENT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

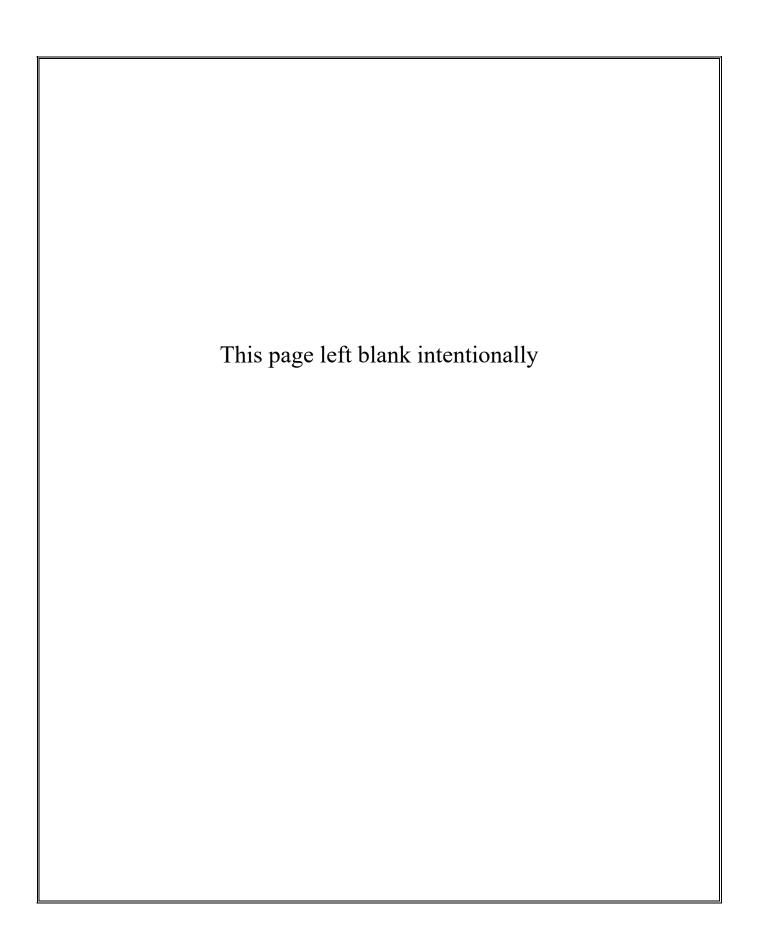
	Final			Variance With		
	 Budget		Actual	Final Budget		
Revenues	_	,	_			
Property Taxes	\$ 8,188,428	\$	8,023,130	\$	(165,298)	
Intergovernmental	1,900,141		1,889,891		(10,250)	
Other	-		63,884		63,884	
Total Revenues	 10,088,569		9,976,905		(111,664)	
Expenditures						
Other	113,477		22,150		91,327	
Debt Service:						
Principal	7,450,000		7,450,000		-	
Interest	3,579,323		3,579,323		-	
Total Expenditures	 11,142,800		11,051,473		91,327	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,054,231)		(1,074,568)		(20,337)	
Fund Balance - Beginning	10,121,145		10,121,145			
Prior Year Encumbrance Appropriations	 1,900		1,900			
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 9,068,814	\$	9,048,477	\$	(20,337)	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL OTHER CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

		Final		1		Variance With		
_		Budget		Actual	F	Final Budget		
Revenues	Φ.	571 000	Φ.		Φ.	(551,000)		
Charges for Services	\$	571,880	\$	-	\$	(571,880)		
Intergovernmental		6,158,549		5,903,463		(255,086)		
Other		416,277		260,664		(155,613)		
Total Revenues		7,146,706		6,164,127		(982,579)		
Expenditures								
Public Works								
Contract Services		10,697		8,055		2,642		
Capital		10,761,921		10,885,403		(123,482)		
Ditch Maintenance		3,093,351		2,514,638		578,713		
Total Public Works	<u> </u>	13,865,969		13,408,096		457,873		
Capital Outlay								
Contract Services		5,859,205		3,940,384		1,918,821		
Capital		64,801,353		34,914,365		29,886,988		
Equipment		7,142,005		6,839,451		302,554		
Total Capital Outlay		77,802,563		45,694,200		32,108,363		
Total Expenditures	_	91,668,532		59,102,296		32,566,236		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures		(84,521,826)		(52,938,169)		31,583,657		
Other Financing Sources								
Sale of capital assets		1,832,199		1,832,199		-		
Transfers In		21,222,358		74,025,806		52,803,448		
Other Financing Sources		20,203,206		-		(20,203,206)		
Total Other Financing Sources		43,257,763		75,858,005		32,600,242		
Net Change in Fund Balance		(41,264,063)		22,919,836		64,183,899		
Fund Balance - Beginning		31,674,574		31,674,574				
Prior Year Encumbrance Appropriations		36,206,305		36,206,305				
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	26,616,816	\$	90,800,715	\$	64,183,899		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL GENERAL CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Final		Variance With Final Budget	
	 Budget	Actual		
Revenues				
Intergovernmental	\$ 505,816	\$ -	\$	(505,816)
Other	 2,160,268	 34,701		(2,125,567)
Total Revenues	 2,666,084	 34,701		(2,631,383)
Expenditures				
Capital Outlay				
Personal Services	401,537	393,237		8,300
Professional Services	71,302	71,302		-
Internal Charge Back	7,035	7,683		(648)
Supplies	1,253	124		1,129
Travel/Continuing Education	7,846	3,055		4,791
Advertising and Printing	8,122	8,122		-
Other	6,000	2,528		3,472
Equipment	395,720	317,926		77,794
Capital	14,343,963	9,027,879		5,316,084
Total Capital Outlay	 15,242,778	9,831,856		5,410,922
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	 (12,576,694)	 (9,797,155)		2,779,539
Other Financing Sources				
Transfers In	5,163,500	12,823,733		7,660,233
Total Other Financing Sources	5,163,500	12,823,733		7,660,233
Net Change in Fund Balance	(7,413,194)	3,026,578		10,439,772
Fund Balance - Beginning	8,156,245	8,156,245		
Prior Year Encumbrance Appropriations	 5,085,816	 5,085,816		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 5,828,867	\$ 16,268,639	\$	10,439,772



PROPRIETARY FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENTS - INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

The internal service funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the government and to other government units, on a cost reimbursement basis.

Office Services

This fund accounts for centralized interoffice and outgoing mail services for all County departments and printing, reproduction and paper supplies. Charges are on a cost reimbursement basis.

Workers' Compensation

To provide self-insurance to the County through a retrospective rating plan with the State of Ohio for workers compensation.

Hospital Benefits

This fund accounts for medical and prescription benefits for the County. The primary source of revenue is monthly fees and any baalnce on hand is held until used.

Property & Casualty Insurance

This fund accounts for property and casualty insurance claims for the County. The primary source of revenue is monthly fees and any balance on hand is held until used.

Telephone Services

This fund accounts for communication services for all County Departments. Charges are on a cost reimbursements basis.

Internal Audit

This fund accounts for internal audit services to all County departments. Charges are on a cost reimbursement basis.

Geographic Information Systems

This fund accounts for geographic information systems services to all County departments. Charges are on a cost reimbursement basis.

Information Technology

This fund account for information technology services to all County departments. Charges are on a cost reimbursement basis.

Internal Leases

This fund accounts leases in between County departments. Charges are on a cost reimbursement basis.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FUND NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Office Services	Workers Compensation	Hospital Benefits	Property & Casualty Insurance
Assets:	Office Services	Compensation	Hospital Beliefits	msurance
Current assets:				
Equity in pool cash and investments Receivables:	3,943	7,459,383	3,403,338	675,230
Accounts	_	_	65,532	68,252
Due from other governments	8,616	-	749,945	-
Materials and supplies inventory	115,946	-	-	-
Prepayments	100,000		<u> </u>	=
Total current assets	228,505	7,459,383	4,218,815	743,482
Noncurrent assets:			00.5	
Depreciable/amortizable capital assets	246,671		896	
Total noncurrent assets	246,671	-	896	-
Total assets	475,176	7,459,383	4,219,711	743,482
Deferred outflows of resources:				
Pension	761,568	242,430	377,211	83,945
OPEB	72,828	35,429	57,276	13,166
Total deferred outflows of resources	834,396	277,859	434,487	97,111
Liabilities:				
Current liabilities:	100.000	6.464		
Accounts payable	100,000	6,464	75	4.727
Accrued wages and benefits payable Accrued interest payable	7,640 306	16,095	19,729	4,727
Due to other governments	1,295	2,474	3,037	728
Compensated absences payable - current	15,349	11,863	32,269	7,890
Leases payable - current	49,636	-	-	-
Claims payable - current	-	706,871	4,086,000	-
Notes payable - finance purchase - current	-	- -	2,451	-
SBITA payable - current			<u> </u>	
Total current liabilities	174,226	743,767	4,143,561	13,345
Long-term liabilities:				
Compensated absences payable	36,468	28,186	76,670	18,745
Claims payable - long term	-	1,179,350	-	-
Leases payable	72,509	-	-	-
SBITA payable - long-term Net pension liability	1,152,948	566,869	916,431	203,942
Net OPEB liability	24,321	11,958	19,332	4,302
Total long-term liabilities	1,286,246	1,786,363	1,012,433	226,989
Total liabilities	1,460,472	2,530,130	5,155,994	240,334
Deferred inflows of resources:				
Pension	2,807	2,006	35,364	37,285
OPEB	8,357	5,361	8,126	1,956
Total deferred inflows of resources	11,164	7,367	43,490	39,241
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets	124,526		(1,555)	<u>-</u>
Unrestricted (deficit)	(286,590)	5,199,745	(543,731)	561,018
Total net position	(162,064)	5,199,745	(545,286)	561,018

Telephone Services	Internal Audit	Geographic Information Systems	Information Technology	Internal Leases	Total
4,783	135,904	6,222	13,707	1,836,903	13,539,413
540	-	-	-	-	134,324
-	-	-	-	-	758,561
-	-	-	103,635	-	219,581
		<u> </u>	2,017,875		2,117,875
5,323	135,904	6,222	2,135,217	1,836,903	16,769,754
			8 722 740		8,970,316
			8,722,749 8,722,749		8,970,316
			8,722,749		8,970,310
5,323	135,904	6,222	10,857,966	1,836,903	25,740,070
110,097	348,409	300,707	2,065,390	_	4,289,757
9,743	52,903	42,965	312,861	_	597,171
119,840	401,312	343,672	2,378,251		4,886,928
20,522	-	6,673	107,191	-	240,925
3,989	19,124	16,558	114,835	-	202,697
-	-	-	234,483	-	234,789
648	2,940	2,544	17,670	-	31,336
-	18,597	17,167	196,465	-	299,600
-	-	-	-	-	49,636
-	=	-	-	-	4,792,871
218,136	-	-	-	-	220,587
	-	-	1,955,118		1,955,118
243,295	40,661	42,942	2,625,762		8,027,559
_	44,186	40,787	466,790	-	711,832
_	- -	-	-	_	1,179,350
-	-	-	-	-	72,509
-	-	-	6,300,531	-	6,300,531
155,890	846,459	687,449	4,951,213	-	9,481,201
3,289	17,856	14,502	104,446	<u> </u>	200,006
159,179	908,501	742,738	11,822,980	- -	17,945,429
402,474	949,162	785,680	14,448,742		25,972,988
_	41,274	10,651	171,738		301,125
1,861	7,448	7,491	39,191	- -	79,791
1,861	48,722	18,142	210,929		380,916
(218,136)	-	-	467,100	-	371,935
(61,036)	(460,668)	(453,928)	(1,890,554)	1,836,903	3,901,159
(279,172)	(460,668)	(453,928)	(1,423,454)	1,836,903	4,273,094

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

				Workers			roperty & Casualty
	Office Services			mpensation	Hos	spital Benefits	Insurance
Operating revenues:							
Charges for services	\$	541,539	\$	710,641	\$	71,255,248	\$ 2,049,407
Other operating revenues		150,000		-		102,403	-
Total operating revenues		691,539		710,641		71,357,651	 2,049,407
Operating expenses:							
Personal services		451,060		474,928		727,884	148,430
Contract services		88,042		81,858		923,935	1,859,194
Materials and supplies		381,045		494		21,597	58,358
Claims expense		-		1,826,351		72,192,844	-
Depreciation/amortization		129,115		-		2,153	-
Other		-		676		188,472	26,477
Total operating expenses		1,049,262		2,384,307		74,056,885	2,092,459
Operating income (loss)		(357,723)		(1,673,666)		(2,699,234)	(43,052)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):							
Interest and fiscal charges		(4,362)		-		(1,578)	-
Investment income		-		-		93,526	-
Intergovernmental		-		17,494		-	15,141
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		(4,362)		17,494		91,948	15,141
Net income (loss) before							
transfers		(362,085)		(1,656,172)		(2,607,286)	(27,911)
Transfers in		85,000					 300,000
Change in net position		(277,085)		(1,656,172)		(2,607,286)	272,089
Net position at beginning of year		115,021		6,855,917		2,062,000	288,929
Net position at end of year	\$	(162,064)	\$	5,199,745	\$	(545,286)	\$ 561,018

Telephone Services		Internal Audit		Geographic Information Systems		nformation Technology	Inte	ernal Leases	Total
\$	931,934	\$	205,289	\$	706,156	\$ 4,513,219	\$	-	\$ 80,913,433
-		-				 23,004			 275,407
	931,934		205,289		706,156	 4,536,223		-	 81,188,840
	121,506		665,711		627,574	4,382,790		-	7,599,883
	478,862		5,502		304,545	1,277,807		-	5,019,745
	4,484		7,326		5,327	129,031		164,293	771,955
	-		-		-	-		-	74,019,195
	219,872		-		-	2,281,183		-	2,632,323
	-		10,996		48,365	10,291		-	285,277
	824,724		689,535		985,811	8,081,102		164,293	90,328,378
	107,210		(484,246)		(279,655)	(3,544,879)		(164,293)	(9,139,538)
	(6,737)		-		-	(474,588)		-	(487,265)
	-		-		-	-		-	93,526
			-					1,196	33,831
	(6,737)				-	 (474,588)		1,196	 (359,908)
	100,473		(484,246)		(279,655)	(4,019,467)		(163,097)	(9,499,446)
			553,031		210,450	4,487,195		2,000,000	7,635,676
	100,473		68,785		(69,205)	467,728		1,836,903	(1,863,770)
\$	(379,645) (279,172)	\$	(529,453) (460,668)	\$	(384,723) (453,928)	\$ (1,891,182) (1,423,454)	\$	1,836,903	\$ 6,136,864 4,273,094

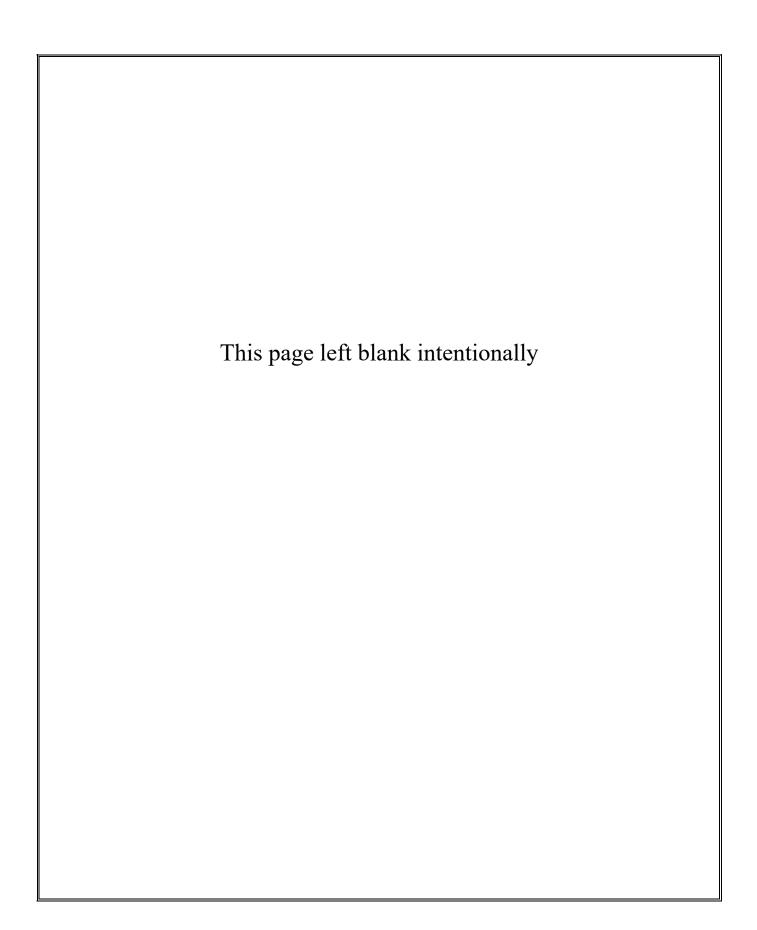
COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

		Office Services		Hospital Benefits		Property & asualty Ins.	Workers' Compensation		
Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from charges for services	\$	565,390	\$	70,493,132	\$	1,981,155	\$	919,465	
Cash received from other operations	ų.	150,000	Ψ	141,496	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	
Cash payments for personal services		(279,594)		(705,332)		(171,102)		(497,974)	
Cash payments for contractual services		(51,765)		(772,704)		(1,883,025)		(76,009)	
Cash payments for materials and supplies		(401,364)		(21,597)		(58,358)		(494)	
Cash payments for claims Cash payments for other expenses		-		(73,731,313) (191,486)		(67,723)		(1,238,737) (677)	
				(=>=,)		(01,120)		(4,1)	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		(17,333)	_	(4,787,804)		(199,053)		(894,426)	
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:									
Cash received from grants and subsidies		-		-		15,141		17,494	
Cash received from transfers in		85,000				300,000			
Net provided by noncapital									
financing activities		85,000				315,141		17,494	
Cash flows from capital and related									
financing activities:									
Acquisition of capital assets Principal retirement debt		(63,507)		(1,086)		-		-	
Interest payments on debt		(4,392)		(1,578)		-		-	
Not each yeard in comital and related									
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities		(67,899)		(2,664)		_		_	
		(07,022)		(2,001)	_				
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest received		_		93,526		_		_	
interest received				75,520					
Net cash provided by investing activities				93,526					
Net change in cash and									
cash equivalents		(232)		(4,696,942)		116,088		(876,932)	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		4,175		8,100,280		559,142		8,336,315	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	3,943	\$	3,403,338	\$	675,230	\$	7,459,383	
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:									
Operating income (loss)	\$	(357,723)	\$	(2,699,234)	\$	(43,052)	\$	(1,673,666)	
Adjustments:									
Depreciation/amortization		129,115		2,153		-		-	
Changes in assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources:									
Materials and supplies inventory		(73,173)		-		-		-	
Accounts receivable		(8.202)		(6,297)		(68,252)		0.249	
Due from other governments Due from other funds		(8,292) 32,143		(716,726)		-		9,348 199,476	
Prepayments		-		151,156		-		-	
Net OPEB asset		36,455		104,755		31,318		56,453	
Deferred outflows - Pension		(712,925)		(227,955)		(44,927)		(169,941)	
Deferred outflows - OPEB		(68,868)		(39,281)		(11,707)		(31,264)	
Accounts payable Accrued wages and benefits		89,320 174		(1,760,974) (1,189)		(65,077) 182		5,849 4,950	
Compensated absences payable		3,546		(2,774)		3,086		(51,403)	
Due to other funds		(448)		(1,949)		(864)		(1)	
Due to other governments		55		(8,451)		29		760	
Net open liability		1,050,425		621,825		115,866		408,106	
Net OPEB liability Claims payable		24,321		19,332 228,500		4,302		11,958 587,614	
Deferred inflows - Pension		(131,177)		(345,935)		(87,996)		(197,314)	
Deferred inflows - OPEB		(30,281)		(104,760)		(31,961)		(55,351)	
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	(17,333)	\$	(4,787,804)	\$	(199,053)	\$	(894,426)	

During 2023, Office Services entered into a lease agreement for \$51,227.

During 2023, Information Technology entered into SBITA agreements for \$10,859,674.

Telephone Services		Internal Audit		Geographic Info Systems			nformation Technology		Internal Leases		Total
\$	1,021,996	\$	205,289	\$	706,156	\$	4,513,219	\$	-	\$	80,405,802
	- (107.041)		(654.264)		- (564,000)		23,004		-		314,500
	(127,041) (666,199)		(654,264) (5,502)		(564,888) (297,872)		(3,933,211) (2,246,006)		-		(6,933,406) (5,999,082)
	(000,199)		(7,326)		(5,327)		(86,988)		(164,293)		(745,747)
	_		(7,520)		(3,327)		(00,700)		(101,200)		(74,970,050)
	-		(11,389)		(48,519)		(12,069)		-		(331,863)
	228,756		(473,192)		(210,450)		(1,742,051)		(164,293)		(8,259,846)
	_		_		_		_		1,196		33,831
			553,031		210,450		4,487,195		2,000,000		7,635,676
			553,031		210,450		4,487,195		2,001,196		7,669,507
							(586,683)				(586,683)
	(222,852)		_		_		(2,017,342)		-		(2,304,787)
	(6,737)		-		-	_	(240,105)	-	-	_	(252,812)
	(229,589)						(2,844,130)				(3,144,282)
											93,526
											93,526
	(833)		79,839		-		(98,986)		1,836,903		(3,641,095)
	5,616		56,065		6,222		112,693		-		17,180,508
\$	4,783	\$	135,904	\$	6,222	\$	13,707	\$	1,836,903	\$	13,539,413
\$	107,210	\$	(484,246)	\$	(279,655)	\$	(3,544,879)	\$	(164,293)	\$	(9,139,538)
	219,872		-		-		2,281,183		-		2,632,323
							20.742				(44.420)
	(F 40)		-		-		28,743		-		(44,430)
	(540) 116		<u>-</u>		-		-		-		(75,089) (715,554)
	90,486		-		-		-		-		(715,554) 322,105
	,		-		_		(401,904)		-		(250,748)
	2,450		99,789		66,595		568,277		-		966,092
	(106,759)		(221,267)		(186,158)		(1,148,477)		-		(2,818,409)
	(9,743)		(46,232)		(17,837)		(197,009)		-		(421,941)
	(182,726)		(046)		6,673		(552,994)		-		(2,459,929)
	3,750		(946) (773)		2,389 4,016		6,858 77,791		-		16,168 33,489
	(162)		(484)		(576)		(5,943)		-		(10,427)
	612		(142)		365		1,081		-		(5,691)
	149,001		565,820		500,162		3,353,028		-		6,764,233
	3,289		17,856		14,502		104,446		-		200,006
	_		-		-		-		-		816,114
	(30,697) (17,403)		(305,825) (96,742)		(253,359) (67,567)		(1,764,297) (547,955)		<u>-</u>		(3,116,600) (952,020)



COMBINING FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the County in a trustee capacity, or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and/or other funds. The following is the County's fiduciary fund type.

CUSTODIAL FUNDS

Custodial funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in a trust fund. These funds do not account for the County's own source revenue. The following is a description of the County's custodial funds.

Undivided/Subdivision Holding

To account for the collection of all taxes (including real estate), forfeited land sales and fines until they are distributed to the appropriate subdivision.

Custodial Checking

To account for the following activities: (a) Clerk of Courts Legal and Title receipts, (b) Probate court related receipts, (c) Juvenile court related receipts, (d) Sheriff civil receipts.

Development Finance Authority

To account for all monies held for the Summit County Development Finance Authority as custodian and process the accounting transactions as the administrative agent for the Development Finance Authority.

Metro Parks

To account for all monies held for Summit Metro Parks as custodian and process the accounting transactions as the administrative agent for the Metro

District Health

To account for all monies held for District Health as custodian and process the accounting transactions as the administrative agent for District Health.

Other Custodial Funds

To maintain and account for resources and uses from various sources by the county as custodian. Some of these funds are as follows: Public Defender, Tax Certificate Redemption, Social Services Advisory Board, Special Emergency Planning, and Soil and Water Conservation.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2023

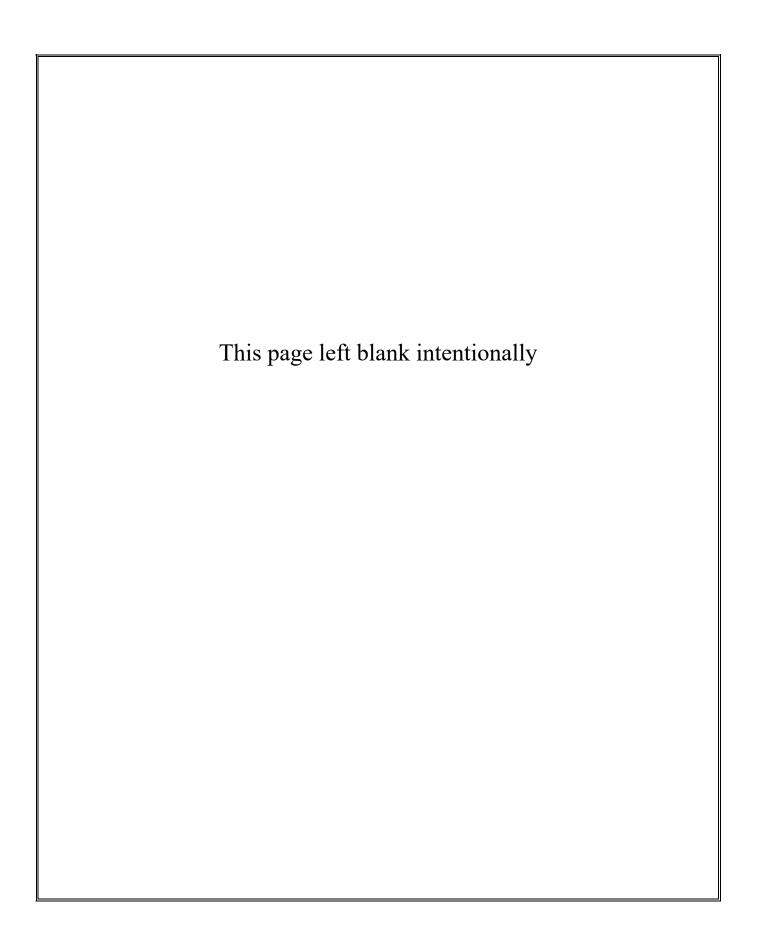
	Undivided/ Subdivision Holding	Custo	odial Checking	velopment ce Authority	Metro Parks		
Assets: Equity in pooled cash and investments Cash and investments - custodial funds Receivables:	\$ 48,279,409	\$	15,665,010	\$ 151,455 -	\$	14,585,802	
Real and other taxes Accrued interest	 741,308,734		- -	 - -		26,632,606 31,148	
Total assets	 789,588,143		15,665,010	 151,455		41,249,556	
Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to other governments Due to external parties	 46,376,709 24,190		- 16,047,916 -	6,800		371,603 199,123	
Total liabilities	 46,400,899		16,047,916	 6,800		570,726	
Deferred inflows of resources: Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year	652,104,831			 <u>-</u>		23,875,351	
Total deferred inflows of resources	 652,104,831			 		23,875,351	
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	 698,505,730		16,047,916	 6,800		24,446,077	
Net position: Restricted for individuals, organizations and other governments	91,082,413		(382,906)	 144,655		16,803,479	
Total net position	\$ 91,082,413	\$	(382,906)	\$ 144,655	\$	16,803,479	

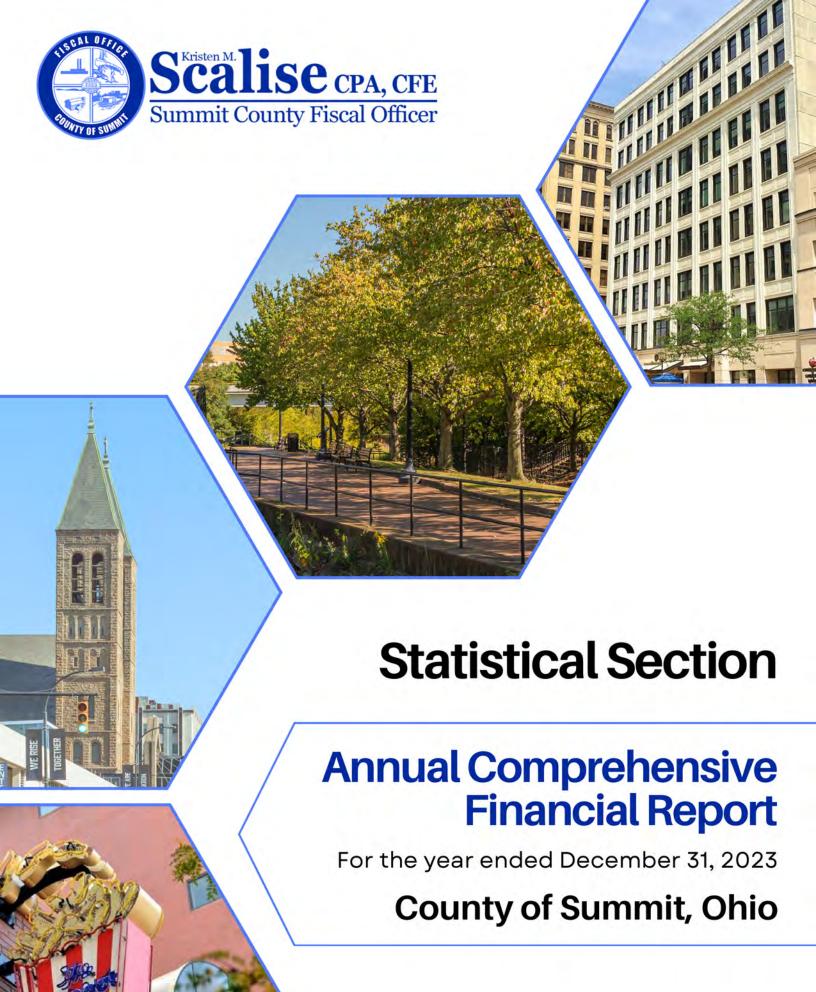
D	istrict Health	Otl	ner Custodial	Total Custodial Funds				
\$	22,390,002	\$	545,819	\$	85,952,487			
	-		-		15,665,010			
	=		-		767,941,340			
			-		31,148			
	22,390,002		545,819		869,589,985			
	155,039		97,273		623,915			
	448,098		33,566		63,112,212			
			1,594,000		1,618,190			
	603,137		1,724,839		65,354,317			
					675,980,182			
	<u> </u>				675,980,182			
	603,137		1,724,839	741,334,499				
	21,786,865		(1,179,020)	128,255,486				
\$	21,786,865	\$	(1,179,020)	\$	128,255,486			

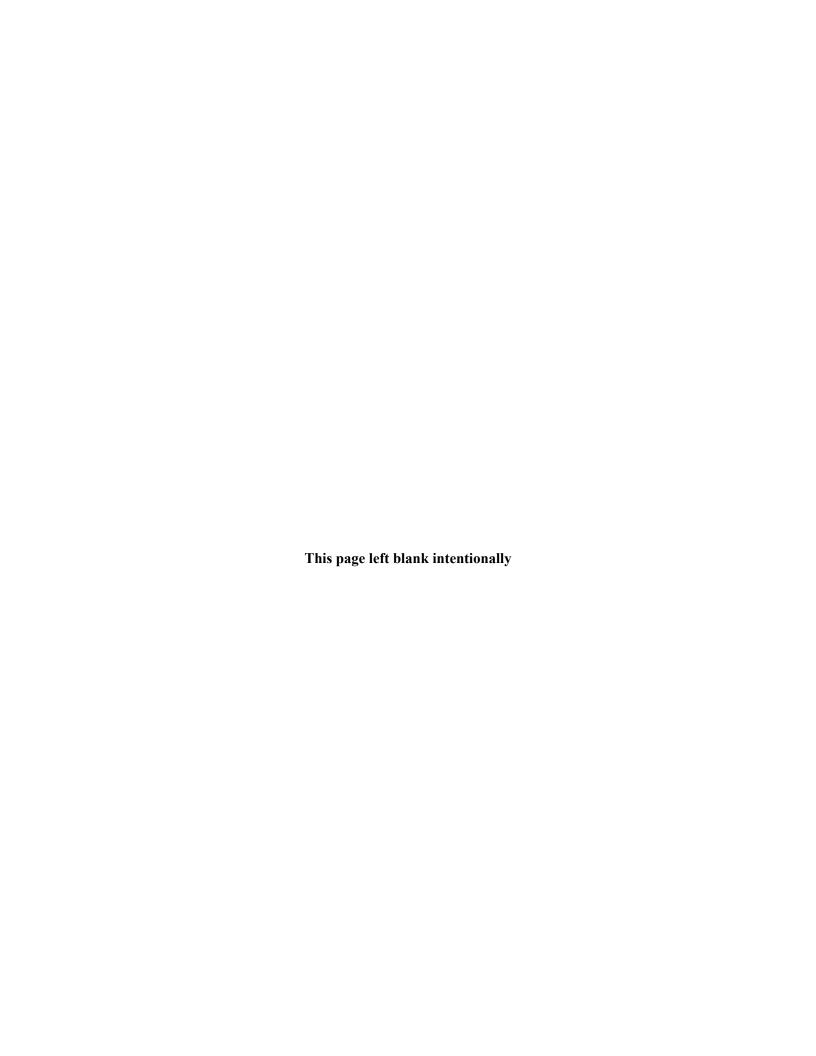
COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

		Undivided/ Subdivision Holding	Cust	odial Checking		evelopment nce Authority	Metro Parks	
Additions:	ф	40 (55 500	Φ.		ф		Ф	
Intergovernmental	\$	42,675,732	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Amounts received as fiscal agent		-		120 451 002		1,793,933		27,637,962
Licenses, permits and fees for other governments		2,853,363		138,451,002		-		-
Fines and forfeitures for other governments		2,603		32,777,735		-		-
Property tax collection for other governments		783,399,051		-		-		-
Payment in lieu of taxes collections for other governments		617,997		-		-		-
Other taxes collections for other governments		14,943,411		-		-		-
Investment income		47,605		-		-		-
Other custodial fund collections	-	=		=		-		-
Total additions		844,539,762		171,228,737		1,793,933		27,637,962
Deductions:								
Distributions as fiscal agent		_		_		9,002,905		29,261,109
Licenses, permits and fees distributions to other governments		2,937,538		138,833,908		-		
Fines and forfeitures distributions to other governments		53,130		32,777,735		_		_
Property tax distributions to other governments		785,976,160		-		_		_
Payment in lieu of taxes distributions to other governments		617,997		_		_		_
Other taxes distributions to other governments		15,419,331		_		_		_
Intergovernmental distributions to other governments		43,440,260		_		_		_
Other custodial fund disbursements		<u> </u>						
Total deductions		848,444,416		171,611,643		9,002,905		29,261,109
Net change in fiduciary net position		(3,904,654)		(382,906)		(7,208,972)		(1,623,147)
Net position beginning of year		94,987,067		<u>-</u>		7,353,627		18,426,626
Net position end of year	\$	91,082,413	\$	(382,906)	\$	144,655	\$	16,803,479

Di	strict Health	Oti	her Custodial	Total Custodial Funds				
\$	_	\$	_	\$	42,675,732			
Ψ	25,957,289	Ψ	7,097,908	Ψ	62,487,092			
	-		7,390		141,311,755			
	_				32,780,338			
	_		_		783,399,051			
	_		_		617,997			
	_		_		14,943,411			
	-		_		47,605			
	-		46,564		46,564			
	25,957,289		7,151,862		1,078,309,545			
	25,672,520		8,354,346		72,290,880			
	-		-		141,771,446			
	-		-		32,830,865			
	-		-		785,976,160			
	-		-		617,997			
	-		-		15,419,331			
	-		-		43,440,260			
	_		123,858		123,858			
	25,672,520		8,478,204		1,092,470,797			
	284,769		(1,326,342)		(14,161,252)			
	21,502,096		147,322	142,416,738				
\$	21,786,865	\$	(1,179,020)	\$	128,255,486			







STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the County's annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

<u>Financial Trends</u> <u>Tables 1 - 5</u>

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity Tables 6 - 9

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.

<u>Debt Capacity</u> <u>Tables 10 - 13</u>

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information

Tables 14 - 16

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place.

Operating Information Tables 17-18

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.

Sources: Unless otherwise indicated, the information in these schedules is derived from the annual comprehensive financial reports for the relevant year.

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN YEARS

(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	Restated			Restated
	 2014	 2015	 2016	2017
Governmental Activities		 		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 201,929,966	\$ 204,188,961	\$ 195,080,854	\$ 202,524,777
Restricted for:				
Debt Service	4,199,472	4,944,784	3,692,903	2,756,979
Capital Projects	5,674,423	6,668,434	10,454,055	11,191,998
Road and Bridges	9,445,710	9,911,316	11,064,845	11,451,466
Health and Human Services	156,950,567	148,742,860	144,026,765	141,171,962
Recreation	1,299,969	1,262,988	1,596,882	1,686,249
Grant Programs	16,150,207	16,965,863	17,248,028	17,267,855
Real Estate Appraisal	14,137,054	9,856,369	9,936,697	7,743,248
Unclaimed Money	1,548,788	1,819,517	2,728,907	2,932,737
OPEB	-	-	-	-
Unrestricted (deficit)	(78,276,347)	(69,955,705)	(78,715,453)	(221,902,709)
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	\$ 333,059,809	\$ 334,405,387	\$ 317,114,483	\$ 176,824,562
Business-type Activities				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	153,334,911	155,724,982	162,417,063	168,564,218
Unrestricted (deficit)	33,230,145	37,112,370	34,937,662	24,547,342
Total Business-type Activities Net Position	\$ 186,565,056	\$ 192,837,352	\$ 197,354,725	\$ 193,111,560
Primary Government				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	355,264,877	359,913,943	357,497,917	371,088,995
Restricted	209,406,190	200,172,131	200,749,082	196,202,494
Unrestricted (deficit)	(45,046,202)	(32,843,335)	(43,777,791)	(197,355,367)
Total Primary Government Net Position	\$ 519,624,865	\$ 527,242,739	\$ 514,469,208	\$ 369,936,122

(Continued)

Note - Due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 68, year 2014 has been restated to reflect changes. However, we are unable to restate numbers for years prior to 2014 due to information not being available. Due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 75, year 2017 has been restated to reflect changes. However, we are unable to restate numbers for years prior to 2017 due to information not being available. Due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 84, year 2019 has been restated to reflect changes. However, we are unable to restate numbers for years prior to 2019 due to information not being available.

Table 1 (Continued)

 2018	Restated 2019	2020	2021	2022	 2023
\$ 181,512,838	\$ 183,034,842	\$ 190,803,011	\$ 188,524,836	\$ 177,606,426	\$ 213,208,665
3,414,088	3,880,487	4,172,493	2,745,393	8,482,349	920,858
14,680,981	22,497,466	24,863,449	25,376,592	46,520,971	3,020,726
13,987,155	15,417,729	16,144,488	19,535,035	19,346,259	12,636,380
126,799,826	238,144,075	263,601,045	274,427,130	292,149,431	257,532,105
1,638,396	1,440,001	1,764,493	3,010,437	2,985,378	5,363,253
17,471,915	17,658,603	16,961,931	18,914,438	23,579,489	15,446,541
8,207,104	7,875,871	7,793,888	9,867,081	11,296,874	8,610,792
3,208,861	3,208,861	3,054,648	2,580,152	2,925,810	2,372,599
-	-	-	-	-	116,167
(241,344,280)	(295,373,761)	(288,983,780)	 (156,625,373)	(111,448,987)	63,196,339
\$ 129,576,884	\$ 197,784,174	\$ 240,175,666	\$ 388,355,721	\$ 473,444,000	\$ 582,424,425
179,026,919	184,311,296	193,011,946	194,545,277	201,318,517	197,391,225
18,746,725	3,077,336	(1,626,381)	 (17,476,862)	(18,268,399)	 (1,495,469)
\$ 197,773,644	\$ 187,388,632	\$ 191,385,565	\$ 177,068,415	\$ 183,050,118	\$ 195,895,756
		 _			
360,539,757	367,346,138	383,814,957	383,070,113	378,924,943	410,599,890
189,408,326	310,123,093	338,356,435	356,456,258	407,286,561	306,019,421
 (222,597,555)	 (292,296,425)	(290,610,161)	 (174,102,235)	 (129,717,386)	61,700,870
\$ 327,350,528	\$ 385,172,806	\$ 431,561,231	\$ 565,424,136	\$ 656,494,118	\$ 778,320,181

CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN YEARS

(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2014	2015	2016	2017
Expenses				_
Governmental Activities:				
General Government:				
Legislative & Executive	\$ 35,419,925	\$ 40,366,670	\$ 36,892,850	\$ 41,824,328
Judicial	32,451,372	32,843,171	35,679,634	41,057,971
Public Safety	80,277,391	80,328,308	89,980,544	100,039,211
Public Works	20,466,963	14,585,564	23,986,968	23,882,814
Health	114,401,601	117,171,995	118,577,038	128,828,379
Human Services	96,096,950	98,139,111	106,613,566	109,273,081
Recreation	8,241,914	8,507,341	8,675,999	8,828,143
Economic Development	7,282,857	4,310,043	3,241,146	3,931,728
Interest	928,623	2,744,406	2,887,942	3,187,675
Total Governmental Activities Expenses	395,567,596	398,996,609	426,535,687	460,853,330
Business-type Activities:	45 450 501	42.024.540	40.652.202	46 600 620
Sewer T. (1D)	45,472,521	42,024,540	48,653,303	46,699,620
Total Business-type Activities Expenses	45,472,521	42,024,540	48,653,303	46,699,620
Total Primary Government Expenses	441,040,117	441,021,149	475,188,990	507,552,950
Program Revenues				
Governmental Activities:				
Charges for Services and Sales	60,231,379	59,766,574	59,502,537	66,241,571
Operating Grants and Contributions	135,944,380	136,899,323	143,008,342	149,906,247
Capital Grants and Contributions	4,264,766	3,251,809	1,157,014	3,387,874
Total Governmental Activities Program Revenue	200,440,525	199,917,706	203,667,893	219,535,692
Business-type Activities:	200,110,323	177,717,700	203,007,093	217,555,672
Charges for Services:				
Sewer	44,457,692	44,590,141	46,134,294	44,528,976
Operating Grants and Contributions	29,744	1,089,446	351,156	38,841
Capital Grants and Contributions	1,403,981	2,392,414	7,039,202	2,668,126
Total Business-type Activites Program Revenue	45,891,417	48,072,001	53,524,652	47,235,943
Total Primary Government Program Revenue	246,331,942	247,989,707	257,192,545	266,771,635
Net (Expenses)/Revenue				
Governmental Activities	(195,127,071)	(199,078,903)	(222,867,794)	(241,317,638)
Business-type Activities	418,896	6,047,461	4,871,349	536,323
Total Primary Government Net Expense	(194,708,175)	(193,031,442)	(217,996,445)	(240,781,315)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position				
Governmental Activities:				
Taxes				
Property Taxes	122,721,722	124,447,106	124,718,946	128,513,708
Sales Tax	42,868,670	44,788,369	46,657,507	45,820,525
Other Taxes	10,661,827	11,046,058	11,667,199	12,573,270
Payment in lieu of taxes	-	-	-	-
Unrestricted Contributions	13,795,959	13,216,708	12,948,159	15,046,256
Investment Earnings	2,414,972	2,751,379	2,589,983	2,984,182
Miscellaneous	3,489,256	4,182,814	6,481,260	4,320,915
Transfers	(4,909)	(7,953)	513,836	-
Total Governmental Activities	195,947,497	200,424,481	205,576,890	209,258,856
Business-type Activities	150.061	454.050	122.150	100 150
Investment Earnings	158,964	164,053	132,179	109,458
Miscellaneous	42,771	52,829	27,681	78,794
Transfers	4,909	7,953	(513,836)	-
Total Business-type Activities	206,644	224,835	(353,976)	188,252
Total Primary Government	196,154,141	200,649,316	205,222,914	209,447,108
Change in Not Desition				
Change in Net Position	020 426	1 245 570	(17 200 004)	(22.050.702)
Governmental Activities Business-type Activities	820,426 625,540	1,345,578	(17,290,904)	(32,058,782)
Total Primary Government	\$ 1,445,966	\$ 7,617,874	4,517,373 \$ (12,773,531)	724,575 \$ (31,334,207)
10mi i ilimi y Government	Ψ 1,773,700	ψ /,01/,0/4	Ψ (12,773,331)	Ψ (31,337,207)

(Continued)

Table 2 (Continued)

CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN YEARS

(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2018		2019		2020		2021		2022		2023
\$	42,872,722	\$	48,908,667	\$	46,700,307	\$	33,827,248	\$	46,566,334	\$	44,364,562
	43,736,407		44,749,575		35,597,069		26,619,292		39,347,191		46,924,724
	99,645,427		111,914,352		141,676,625		56,146,479		90,651,210		93,836,340
	19,346,027		23,557,641		16,252,474		20,830,665		17,104,998		28,164,119
	146,940,699		112,254,910		122,649,286		113,256,865		104,113,268		123,072,215
	116,444,573		129,748,998		134,432,892		104,066,500		118,307,232		132,605,950
	9,075,372		9,125,561		9,542,321		10,460,291		16,017,292		14,875,099
	4,749,510		11,318,338		19,532,934		3,424,509		4,068,451		5,648,673
	2,575,511		2,657,382		2,448,132		2,228,715		2,475,506		3,694,939
	485,386,248		494,235,424		528,832,040		370,860,564		438,651,482		493,186,621
	46,570,193		61,973,769		46,292,629		63,398,472		53,515,576		58,960,178
	46,570,193		61,973,769		46,292,629		63,398,472		53,515,576		58,960,178
_	531,956,441	_	556,209,193		575,124,669		434,259,036	_	492,167,058	_	552,146,799
	68,721,136		70,038,855		72,469,718		74,642,975		73,747,426		53,586,887
	144,251,609		156,965,264		241,824,485		185,082,762		207,584,510		254,851,311
	4,198,988		738,914		3,978,859		2,032,558		2,845,044		5,903,464
	217,171,733		227,743,033		318,273,062		261,758,295		284,176,980		314,341,662
	46,788,877		46,633,245		45,799,009		46,357,278		52,500,175		58,094,726
	1,546,597		1,099		939,730		51,502		-		134,308
	2,511,088		2,966,933		3,355,053		2,269,273		2,538,517		8,011,881
	50,846,562		49,601,277		50,093,792		48,678,053		55,038,692		66,240,915
_	268,018,295	_	277,344,310	_	368,366,854		310,436,348	_	339,215,672	_	380,582,577
	(2(0.214.515)		(2((,402,201)		(210.559.079)		(100 102 2(0)		(154 474 502)		(170 044 050)
	(268,214,515)		(266,492,391)		(210,558,978)		(109,102,269)		(154,474,502)		(178,844,959)
	4,276,369 (263,938,146)		(12,372,492) (278,864,883)		3,801,163 (206,757,815)		(14,720,419) (123,822,688)		1,523,116 (152,951,386)		7,280,737 (171,564,222)
=	(203,730,140)		(270,004,003)		(200,737,613)		(123,022,000)		(132,731,300)		(171,504,222)
	130,225,377		129,749,035		153,588,082		156,777,889		157,104,956		164,063,243
	45,358,935		47,672,289		49,456,841		54,855,907		57,379,968		58,769,488
	13,362,727		16,042,834		16,538,928		18,796,636		18,626,355		16,252,355
	-		- 10,0 .2,00		-		-		-		796,209
	16,828,752		14,427,625		18,404,026		15,947,871		4,012,396		9,852,626
	4,962,950		10,442,682		7,148,364		826,287		(8,897,349)		29,875,626
	10,228,096		116,304,738		7,814,229		10,077,734		15,086,455		13,210,768
	-		29,990		-		-		(3,750,000)		(4,994,931)
_	220,966,837		334,669,193		252,950,470	_	257,282,324		239,562,781		287,825,384
	105,188		128,741		1,289		65,951		9,760		13,547
	280,527		1,888,729		194,481		337,318		698,827		556,423
			(29,990)				<u>-</u>		3,750,000		4,994,931
	385,715		1,987,480		195,770		403,269		4,458,587		5,564,901
_	221,352,552		336,656,673		253,146,240		257,685,593		244,021,368		293,390,285
	(45.045.55**		(0.154.006		10.001.105		140 100 05-		05 000 257		100.000.12-
	(47,247,678)		68,176,802		42,391,492		148,180,055		85,088,279		108,980,425
•	4,662,084	e	(10,385,012)	e	3,996,933	¢	(14,317,150)	\$	5,981,703	\$	12,845,638
\$	(42,585,594)	\$	57,791,790	\$	46,388,425	\$	133,862,905	Þ	91,069,982	Þ	121,826,063

PROGRAM REVENUES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM

LAST TEN YEARS

(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2014	2015	2016	2017
Program Revenues				
Governmental Activities:				
Charges for Services and Sales				
General Government				
Legislative and Executive	\$ 26,580,151	\$ 22,447,020	\$ 21,828,783	\$ 22,276,353
Judicial	9,204,101	10,851,883	10,377,252	11,290,261
Public Safety	17,993,462	20,286,120	20,325,135	21,840,877
Public Works	1,206,857	1,397,358	1,213,653	1,493,087
Health	2,938,706	2,706,262	3,094,053	5,047,553
Human Services	2,001,069	1,794,746	2,378,212	3,797,639
Recreation	88,731	98,231	134,494	261,812
Economic Development	218,302	184,954	150,955	233,989
Total Charges for Services and Sales	60,231,379	59,766,574	59,502,537	66,241,571
Operating Grants and Contributions				
General Government				
Legislative and Executive	793,973	324,166	320,513	179,835
Judicial	3,126,564	3,838,151	4,236,778	4,456,888
Public Safety	17,544,092	20,675,580	19,137,959	19,902,283
Public Works	10,964,415	10,668,983	11,833,732	12,597,654
Health	38,193,257	30,107,845	37,446,186	37,249,474
Human Services	57,865,712	66,664,363	66,222,337	71,893,730
Recreation	993,638	993,822	991,113	983,797
Economic Development	6,462,729	3,626,413	2,819,724	2,642,586
Total Operating Grants and Contributions	135,944,380	136,899,323	143,008,342	149,906,247
Capital Grants and Contributions				
Public Safety	-	-	200,945	76,318
Public Works	4,264,766	3,251,809	956,069	3,311,556
Total Capital Grants and Contributions	4,264,766	3,251,809	1,157,014	3,387,874
Total Governmental Activities Program Revenue	200,440,525	199,917,706	203,667,893	219,535,692
Business-type Activities:				
Charges for Services				
Sewer	44,457,692	44,590,141	46,134,294	44,528,976
Operating Grants and Contributions				
Sewer	29,744	1,089,446	351,156	38,841
Capital Grants and Contributions				
Sewer	1,403,981	2,392,414	7,039,202	2,668,126
Total Business-type Activites Program Revenue	 45,891,417	48,072,001	53,524,652	47,235,943
Total Primary Government Program Revenue	\$ 246,331,942	\$ 247,989,707	\$ 257,192,545	\$ 266,771,635

(Continued)

Table 3 (Continued)

PROGRAM REVENUES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN YEARS

(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

 2018	 2019	 2020	 2021	2022	2023
\$ 23,445,040	\$ 22,773,125	\$ 25,290,699	\$ 23,477,858	\$ 25,823,214	\$ 20,735,486
11,012,774	11,139,120	9,116,813	10,929,919	8,257,440	6,210,810
21,082,389	23,879,264	24,663,289	24,603,849	24,427,753	21,689,244
1,948,440	2,004,457	1,719,658	2,627,586	2,131,998	1,141,197
5,998,110	4,730,015	5,194,143	6,481,328	5,785,806	811,823
4,646,859	4,754,087	5,216,211	5,746,739	6,254,014	2,908,979
333,870	323,925	367,793	555,880	830,097	-
253,654	434,862	901,112	219,816	237,104	89,348
68,721,136	70,038,855	72,469,718	 74,642,975	73,747,426	53,586,887
221 400	06.124	(07.292	152 021	(200 442	12 499 712
231,409	96,124	607,382	153,831	6,389,442	12,488,712
4,170,582	5,525,785	5,998,694	7,087,702	9,613,254	33,188,729
22,951,918	22,847,441	73,276,929	28,439,660	47,351,082	68,151,013
12,759,453	15,707,901	9,837,699	14,016,532	13,253,350	12,570,422
29,487,713	34,132,996	47,687,274	37,092,180	30,183,255	37,851,321
69,364,019	73,840,579	85,811,398	94,358,839	96,172,472	83,281,848
985,184	973,168	971,131	1,234,394	1,060,658	1,040,604
 4,301,331	 3,841,270	 17,633,978	 2,699,624	 3,560,997	 6,278,662
144,251,609	156,965,264	241,824,485	185,082,762	207,584,510	254,851,311
3,681,736	498,993	458,568	513,263	848,227	-
517,252	239,921	3,520,291	1,519,295	1,996,817	5,903,464
4,198,988	738,914	3,978,859	2,032,558	2,845,044	5,903,464
217,171,733	227,743,033	318,273,062	261,758,295	284,176,980	314,341,662
46,788,877	46,633,245	45,799,009	46,357,278	52,500,175	59,663,367
1,546,597	1,099	939,730	51,502	-	134,308
 2,511,088	 2,966,933	 3,355,053	 2,269,273	 2,538,517	 8,011,881
50,846,562	49,601,277	50,093,792	48,678,053	55,038,692	67,809,556
\$ 268,018,295	\$ 277,344,310	\$ 368,366,854	\$ 310,436,348	\$ 339,215,672	\$ 382,151,218

Table 4

FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN YEARS

(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2014		2015		 2016	2017	
General Fund		_		_	_		
Nonspendable	\$	1,977,851	\$	2,375,952	\$ 3,058,483	\$	3,410,513
Assigned		4,217,079		5,453,820	3,678,872		3,444,228
Unassigned		44,958,390		45,448,146	41,991,520		42,292,371
Total General Fund		51,153,320		53,277,918	48,728,875		49,147,112
All Other Governmental Funds							
Nonspendable		1,323,415		1,365,251	2,273,051		2,469,486
Restricted		187,834,742		181,043,014	183,515,065		174,128,852
Committed		-		-	-		-
Assigned		917,389		855,363	2,589,920		2,501,542
Unassigned (deficit)		(1,261,994)		(730,590)	(910,955)		-
Total All Other Governmental Funds		188,813,552		182,533,038	187,467,081		179,099,880
Total Governmental Funds	\$	239,966,872	\$	235,810,956	\$ 236,195,956	\$	228,246,992

(Continued)

^{* 2019} amounts were restated to reflect the implementation of GASB Statement No. 84.

Table 4 (Continued)

FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN YEARS

(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

 2018	 2019*	2020	2021	2022		2023
\$ 3,654,144	\$ 3,624,288	\$ 3,428,378	\$ 3,139,540	\$	3,301,686	\$ 3,127,713
 6,109,145 43,518,551	5,579,688 51,844,686	 12,863,341 60,815,190	9,849,641 64,511,207		10,767,551 49,388,393	 5,313,334 59,504,110
 53,281,840	61,048,662	77,106,909	77,500,388		63,457,630	67,945,157
3,101,921	3,651,824	3,940,498	4,183,443		5,093,720	1,282,978
166,978,322	283,745,376	304,253,984	316,589,036		404,219,738	380,863,702
-	-	-	-		-	68,048,267
1,221,103	2,598,256	7,835,553	9,449,386		12,612,695	33,611,003
(1,184,467)	(1,184,467)	(1,323,869)	(638,588)		(1,016,714)	(706,577)
170,116,879	288,810,989	314,706,166	329,583,277		420,909,439	483,099,373
\$ 223,398,719	\$ 349,859,651	\$ 391,813,075	\$ 407,083,665	\$	484,367,069	\$ 551,044,530

CHANGES IN FUNDS BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN YEARS

(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2014		2015	 2016	2017
Revenues					
Taxes:					
Property	\$ 123,96	0,889 \$, ,	\$ 125,260,176	\$ 127,901,109
Sales and Use	42,71	5,777	44,713,963	46,460,370	46,381,443
Other	10,66		11,046,058	11,667,199	12,573,270
Licenses and Permits	82	9,390	796,684	841,148	810,609
Charges for Services	51,29	0,353	50,886,406	49,004,447	49,908,532
Fines and Forefietures	2,06	4,205	2,459,231	2,145,544	1,740,000
Intergovernmental	157,04	2,271	158,150,107	157,080,942	165,532,899
Special Assessments	52	7,749	533,487	561,214	606,742
Investment Income	2,31	8,782	2,696,728	2,581,801	2,910,265
Payment in lieu of taxes		-	-	-	-
Other	3,69	0,570	4,305,537	6,147,241	4,395,917
Total Revenues	395,10	1,813	400,533,429	401,750,082	412,760,786
Expenditures					
General Government:					
Legislative and Executive	33,21	0 8/10	38,301,220	34,731,705	35,097,393
Judicial	31,27		32,497,930	32,218,848	33,757,814
Public Safety	77,86		77,690,467	80,921,486	80,566,621
Public Works	20,78		19,730,549	17,828,722	19,849,566
Health	112,10		114,527,223	111,892,494	118,770,292
Human Services	94,04		96,839,734	101,945,910	102,204,967
Recreation		2,466	8,380,912	8,445,934	8,547,020
			4,248,703		
Economic Development		2,607	4,248,703	3,110,123	3,630,995
Intergovernmental		5,700	1 (7(400	- - 166 977	2 047 527
Other		2,823	1,676,499	5,166,877	2,047,527
Capital Outlay	1,01	7,844	1,242,365	19,694,615	5,618,361
Debt Service:	5.00	0.645	5 071 110	17 412 107	((70 004
Principal I.C.		8,645	5,971,119	17,413,187	6,678,824
Interest and Fiscal Charges		9,630	2,957,741	 3,244,470	 3,360,370
Total Expenditures	395,58	5,959	404,064,462	 436,614,371	 420,129,750
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Sale of Capital Assets	3	3,012	14,070	-	-
Lease transaction		5,246	-	11,923,222	-
Issuance of Debt		_	-	27,600,000	-
Premium on Debt Issuance		_	_	2,202,946	_
Payments to Escrow Agents		_	_	(6,401,000)	_
Transfers In	6,30	1,655	7,550,032	10,638,562	10,058,214
Transfers Out		9,229)	(8,188,985)	(10,714,441)	(10,638,214)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		9,316)	(624,883)	 35,249,289	 (580,000)
<i>E</i> ()	((-))	 	 (===)===)
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ (82	3,462) \$	(4,155,916)	\$ 385,000	\$ (7,948,964)
Debt Service as a Percentage of					
Noncapital Expenditures		2.1%	2.3%	4.9%	2.5%
Tronsupriar Emporariates		2.170	2.570	1.570	2.5 / 0
					(Continued)

CHANGES IN FUNDS BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN YEARS

Table 5 (Continued)

(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2018		2019		2020		2021		2022		2023
\$	129,505,057	\$	131,714,412	\$	147,277,199	\$	151,993,466	\$	160,191,805	\$	164,583,369
	45,049,514		47,300,009		49,258,825		54,646,261		57,118,892		58,863,220
	13,362,727		16,042,834		16,538,928		18,796,636		18,626,355		16,252,355
	836,561		851,424		734,817		706,504		802,667		723,825
	50,151,969		50,628,518		50,819,856		51,843,084		50,754,659		50,355,043
	1,585,394		2,364,129		1,535,414		1,372,805		1,563,040		1,480,302
	165,945,431		170,607,646		263,780,183		203,010,893		214,791,746		273,753,952
	911,278		1,018,263		982,734		985,878		730,703		1,043,106
	4,802,195		10,330,385		7,338,348		869,147		(9,212,103)		29,357,446
	-		-		-		-		-		796,209
	9,053,098		113,929,738		7,929,255		10,212,708		15,211,455		15,274,297
	421,203,224		544,787,358		546,195,559		494,437,382		510,579,219		612,483,124
	36,029,165		37,020,273		39,047,401		39,100,674		40,584,100		43,522,662
	33,986,268		35,475,851		34,167,756		37,174,648		43,150,286		45,965,577
	85,299,541		86,071,744		120,907,116		86,090,406		88,440,458		95,470,477
	16,395,278		22,028,017		21,984,932		21,937,790		24,391,417		27,591,026
	120,282,417		100,159,224		112,033,637		106,089,015		107,516,356		121,440,900
	102,704,186		108,377,453		120,729,373		125,992,860		125,776,529		128,882,239
	8,697,121		8,747,829		8,908,175		9,005,246		14,814,515		14,874,948
	4,433,341		10,702,816		18,191,290		2,702,195		3,965,671		5,500,974
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	1,839,970		1,913,223		14,828,437		27,994,726		6,503,970		-
	6,626,344		4,125,509		3,292,977		13,974,541		23,123,976		40,370,120
	6,469,095		6,650,000		6,910,000		6,594,130		7,432,665		7,832,778
	2,838,771		2,936,408		2,675,294		5,798,398		2,586,075		3,721,636
	425,601,497		424,208,347		503,676,388		482,454,629		488,286,018		535,173,337
									<u> </u>		
	_		-		-		-		_		1,832,199
	-		-		-		-		304,301		166,082
	-		6,700,000		-		22,850,000		52,945,000		· -
	-		-		-		2,699,996		7,055,902		-
	-		-		-		(22,149,508)		-		-
	7,772,380		10,883,394		15,052,493		24,616,515		31,446,027		99,722,429
	(8,222,380)		(11,731,961)		(15,618,240)		(24,729,166)		(36,761,027)		(112,353,036)
	(450,000)		5,851,433		(565,747)		3,287,837		54,990,203		(10,632,326)
\$	(4,848,273)	\$	126,430,444	\$	41,953,424	\$	15,270,590	\$	77,283,404	\$	66,677,461
Ψ	(7,070,273)	Ψ	120,730,777	Ψ	71,733,74	Ψ	13,270,370	Ψ	77,203,707	Ψ	00,077,701
	2.2%		2.3%		2.0%		2.6%		2.2%		2.5%

ASSESSED AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN YEARS (AMOUNTS IN 000's)

		Real Property		Tangible Personal Property									
Tax	Assess	ed Value			Public	Uti	lity			Total			
Collection	Residential/	Commercial/	Estimated	Α	Assessed	Е	Estimated	Assessed		Estimated		I	Direct
Year	Agricultural	Industrial/PU	Actual Value		Value	Ac	tual Value	 Value	A	Actual Value	Ratio	Ta	ax Rate
2014	\$ 8,728,439	\$ 2,386,148	\$ 31,755,962	\$	315,994	\$	359,084	\$ 11,430,581	\$	32,115,046	35.59%	\$	12.70
2015	8,555,707	2,470,735	31,504,120		352,584		400,664	11,379,026		31,904,784	35.67%		12.70
2016	8,587,223	2,465,135	31,578,168		390,603		443,867	11,442,961		32,022,035	35.73%		12.70
2017	8,633,819	2,541,124	31,928,409		459,159		521,771	11,634,102		32,450,180	35.85%		12.70
2018	9,346,630	2,560,465	34,020,273		483,320		549,228	12,390,415		34,569,501	35.84%		12.70
2019	9,400,576	2,642,536	34,408,893		491,101		558,069	12,534,214		34,966,962	35.85%		12.70
2020	9,476,658	2,841,020	35,193,368		598,955		680,630	12,916,633		35,873,998	36.01%		13.70
2021	10,667,560	3,208,308	39,645,335		641,652		729,150	14,517,519		40,374,486	35.96%		13.70
2022	10,703,220	3,159,992	39,609,179		652,809		741,828	14,516,021		40,351,007	35.97%		14.10
2023	10,797,424	3,204,756	40,006,231		691,309		785,578	14,693,489		40,791,809	36.02%		14.10

Property is assessed every year. The assessed value of real property (including public utility real property) is 35 percent of estimated true value. Personal property tax is assessed on all tangible personal property used in business in Ohio. The assessed value of public utility personal property ranges from 25 percent of true value for railroad property to 88 percent for electric transmission and distribution property. Other tangible personal property is assessed at 12.5 percent for everything including inventories.

The tangible personal property values associated with each year are the values that, when multiplied by the applicable rates, generated the property tax revenue billed in that year. For real property, the amounts generated by multiplying the assessed values by the applicable rates would be reduced by the 10%, 2 1/2% and homestead exemption before being billed.

The Direct Tax Rate shown in this table only includes County Units as listed in the Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments table.

PROPERTY TAX RATES – DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS LAST TEN YEARS

(PER \$1,000 OF ASSESSED VALUATION)

Di(G, W.)	2014	2015	2016	2017	20	018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
<u>Direct (County Units)</u>	¢ 1.61	¢ 1.61	e 1.50	e 1.50	e.	1.46	e 1.46	e 154	¢ 154	0 1 (2	e 1.62
General Fund.					\$	1.46		\$ 1.54			\$ 1.63
Bond Retirement.	0.59	0.59	0.68	0.68		0.74	0.74	0.66	0.66	0.57	0.57
Board of Developmental Disabilities	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50		4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50
Children Services	2.25	2.25	2.25	2.25		2.25	2.25	3.25	3.25	3.25	3.25
Mental Health	2.95	2.95	2.95	2.95		2.95	2.95	2.95	2.95	2.95	2.95
Akron Zoological Park	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80		0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80	1.20	1.20
Total Direct Rates	12.70	12.70	12.70	12.70		12.70	12.70	13.70	13.70	14.10	14.10
School Districts											
Akron CSD	79.56	79.56	79.56	79.56		79.56	79.56	79.56	79.56	79.56	79.56
Barberton CSD	68.83	70.21	69.86	69.99		70.15	70.30	70.23	67.36	67.71	63.40
Copley-Fairlawn CSD	64.49	64.06	63.67	63.67		63.67	63.67	63.67	63.67	63.67	66.37
Coventry LSD	79.34	80.23	79.43	79.23		77.98	77.79	77.47	74.83	75.45	71.32
Cuyahoga Falls CSD	69.89	69.96	69.91	69.95		74.66	73.89	83.71	82.45	82.55	80.01
Green LSD	46.22	45.80	45.63	45.39		43.85	44.77	42.36	41.04	41.03	41.88
Hudson CSD	89.01	88.43	88.43	88.43		93.40	92.53	92.48	92.43	92.38	96.88
Manchester LSD	69.89	69.88	69.86	69.85		69.71	69.70	78.41	76.97	77.01	74.01
Mogadore LSD	82.73	81.28	87.86	86.28		85.69	86.30	85.95	86.27	85.96	86.84
Nordonia Hills CSD	68.92	68.94	68.77	68.79		68.80	68.43	75.43	75.12	75.14	74.59
Norton CSD	65.69	65.69	65.69	65.69		55.00	63.53	63.40	62.87	62.86	62.27
Portage Lakes JVSD	4.35	4.35	4.35	4.35		4.35	4.35	4.35	4.35	4.35	4.35
Revere LSD	63.13	63.44	63.24	65.49		64.59	64.30	64.00	63.30	63.48	60.77
Springfield LSD	56.88	55.92	56.23	56.95		55.95	56.04	55.96	54.37	54.27	51.70
Stow - Munroe Falls CSD	53.47	53.66	53.58	55.34		54.10	53.87	53.84	51.47	51.49	53.53
Tallmadge CSD	71.66	72.41	72.27	77.03		75.35	75.09	82.23	80.46	80.03	77.92
Twinsburg CSD	66.23	65.80	66.10	65.83		71.62	72.01	72.15	71.64	69.74	72.36
Woodridge LSD	61.71	61.50	64.98	64.65		62.24	69.95	67.43	64.61	64.43	59.12
Out of County School Districts											
Aurora CSD	80.84	80.78	80.68	79.11		84.99	84.69	84.63	84.48	84.32	90.12
Cuyahoga Valley JVSD	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00		2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Highland LSD	75.30	75.30	75.30	75.30		77.70	77.70	77.00	77.00	74.70	73.30
Jackson LSD	52.80	52.70	51.60	51.10		51.00	48.80	47.70	47.40	46.10	46.00
Maplewood JVSD	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00		4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00
Medina JVSD	3.05	3.05	3.05	3.05		3.05	3.05	3.05	3.05	3.05	3.05
Northwest LSD	56.00	56.00	55.20	55.10		55.00	54.40	53.30	52.40	51.40	51.10
Stark Area JVSD	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00		2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Corporations											
Akron	10.30	10.30	10.30	10.50		10.50	10.50	10.50	10.50	10.50	10.50
Barberton	4.25	4.25	4.25	4.25		4.25	4.25	4.25	4.25	4.25	4.25
Boston Heights	6.10	6.10	6.10	6.10		6.10	6.10	6.10	6.10	6.10	6.10
Clinton	16.34	16.34	16.34	16.34		16.34	16.34	16.34	16.34	16.34	20.84
Cuyahoga Falls	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00		11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00
Fairlawn	2.70	2.70	2.70	2.70		2.70	2.70	2.70	2.70	2.70	2.70
Green	2.40	2.40	2.40	2.40		2.40	2.40	2.40	2.40	2.40	2.40
Hudson	7.76	7.79	7.73	8.31		7.55	7.27	6.47	6.47	6.47	6.47
Lakemore	4.80	4.80	9.05	9.05		9.05	9.05	9.05	9.55	9.55	9.55
Macedonia	8.90	8.90	8.90	8.90		8.90	7.90	7.90	7.90	7.90	7.90
Mogadore	2.15	2.15	2.15	2.15		2.15	2.15	2.15	2.15	2.15	5.65
Munroe Falls	7.45	3.20	3.20	5.20		8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	9.80
New Franklin	14.65	14.65	14.65	12.15		12.15	12.15	12.15	12.15	12.15	12.15
Northfield	7.48	7.48	7.48	7.48		7.48	7.48	7.48	7.48	7.48	7.48
Norton	9.50	9.50	9.50	9.50		9.50	9.50	9.50	9.50	10.50	10.50
Peninsula	7.12	7.12	7.12	7.12		7.12	7.12	7.12	7.12	7.12	7.12
Reminderville	5.20	5.20	5.20	5.20		5.20	5.20	5.20	5.20	5.20	5.20
Richfield	2.10	2.10	2.10	2.10		2.10	2.10	2.10	2.10	2.10	2.10
Silver Lake	13.75	13.75	13.75	13.75		13.75	13.75	13.75	13.75	13.75	13.75
Stow	9.50	9.50	9.50	9.50		9.50	9.50	9.50	9.50	9.50	9.50
Tallmadge	6.15	6.15	6.15	6.15		6.15	6.15	6.15	6.15	6.15	6.15
Twinsburg.	2.06	2.13	2.05	2.05		1.93	1.91	1.91	0.80	3.00	3.00

(Continued)

PROPERTY TAX RATES – DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS LAST TEN YEARS

(PER \$1,000 OF ASSESSED VALUATION)

	2014 2015 2016 2017		2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023		
Townships											
Bath	\$ 16.40	\$ 16.40	\$ 16.90) \$	16.90	\$ 17.65	\$ 17.65	\$ 17.65	\$ 17.65	\$ 17.65	\$ 18.25
Boston	7.98	7.98	7.9	3	7.98	7.98	7.98	7.98	7.98	7.98	7.98
Copley	16.90	16.90	16.90)	16.90	16.90	16.90	19.90	20.10	20.10	21.93
Coventry	13.45	13.45	15.5	5	15.55	18.55	18.55	19.05	19.05	19.05	21.05
Northfield Center	14.15	17.15	17.1:	5	17.15	17.15	17.15	17.51	17.51	17.51	19.51
Richfield	11.10	12.30	12.50)	12.50	13.50	13.50	13.50	13.50	14.05	13.75
Sagamore Hills	11.18	11.18	11.13	3	11.18	11.93	11.93	12.93	12.93	12.93	14.43
Springfield	18.90	18.90	18.90)	18.90	18.90	18.90	20.65	22.15	22.15	20.55
Twinsburg	14.61	14.61	14.6	1	17.37	17.37	17.37	20.17	20.17	20.17	20.17
Boston Township/Peninsula Village	0.48	0.48	0.43	3	0.48	0.48	0.48	0.48	0.48	0.48	0.48
Other Units											
North Hills Water District	0.50	0.50	0.50)	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50
Richfield Joint Recreational District		1.75	1.7:	5	1.75	1.66	1.66	1.53	1.46	1.46	1.31
Summit Metro Parks	1.46	1.46	1.4	5	1.46	1.46	1.46	1.46	1.46	2.00	2.00
Union Cemetery Assoc. of Boston Twp	1.00	1.00	1.0)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Valley Fire District	8.80	8.80	8.8)	8.80	8.80	8.80	8.80	8.80	8.80	8.80
Akron Summit Library	2.11	2.10	2.62	2	2.60	2.56	2.56	2.52	1.90	1.90	1.90
Barberton Public Library	1.37	1.37	1.9	5	1.95	1.95	1.95	1.95	1.95	1.95	1.95
Cuyahoga Falls Public Library	1.90	1.90	1.90)	1.90	1.90	1.90	1.90	1.90	1.90	1.90
Stow-Munroe Falls Public Library	2.00	2.00	2.0)	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Twinsburg Library District	2.00	2.00	2.00)	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Out of County Other Units											
Canal Fulton Public Library	2.00	2.00	2.00)	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Stark County Library	1.70	1.70	1.70)	1.70	1.70	1.70	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00

Note: The rates presented for a particular calendar year are the rates that, when applied to the assessed values presented in the Assessed Value Table, generated the property tax revenue billed in that year.

The County's basic property tax rate may be increased only by a majority vote of the County's residents.

Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply to property owners within the County.

PRINCIPAL TAXPAYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

December 31, 2023 December 31, 2014 Percentage of Percentage of Total Assessed Assessed Total Assessed Assessed Value Rank Valuation Value Rank Valuation Name of Taxpayer Ohio Edison Co/First Energy 240,038,360 1 1.63% 193,045,500 1 1.69% American Transmission 218,331,060 2 1.49% 51,622,900 3 0.45% 2 0.51% East Ohio Gas Co/Dominion East Ohio 132,408,930 3 0.90% 58,433,080 Nexus Gas 83,035,230 4 0.57% Akron Romig Road LLC 65,946,740 5 0.45% Children's Hospital Medical Center 49,791,080 6 0.34% 0.25% 30,177,810 0.26% Albrecht Incorporated 36,047,240 7 4 City of Akron, Ohio 35,035,040 8 0.24% Akron General Medical Center/Akron General Hosj 27,239,780 9 0.19% Chapel Hill Associates LLC 15,987,400 10 0.11% Mall at Summit LLC 14,228,580 5 0.12% CHM Akron LLC 10,232,780 6 0.09% 7 Green Cross General Hospital 9,772,400 0.09% Wyndham Ridge Ltd 7,819,040 8 0.07% 9 0.07% Busson, Bernard B. 7,485,740 0.06%Cleveland Electric Illuminating 7,142,850 10 3.41% \$ 903,860,860 6.17% \$ 389,960,680

Real property taxes paid in 2023 are based on January 1, 2022 Real property taxes paid in 2014 are based on January 1, 2013

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS (1) REAL AND PUBLIC UTILITY TAXES LAST TEN YEARS

Collected within the

Tax		Fiscal Yea	r of the Levy	_	Total Collec	ction to Date	_			
Collection	Current	Current	Percent of Current	Delinquent		As a Percentage	Accumulative			
Year	Tax Levy	Collection	Levy Collected	Collection (2)	Collection	Of Current Levy	Delinquency			
2014	\$ 160,325,755	\$ 153,973,099	96.0%	\$ 6,352,656	\$ 160,325,755	100.0%	\$ 14,494,070			
2015	159,175,693	153,455,726	96.4%	5,719,966	159,175,692	100.0%	14,204,139			
2016	160,082,351	154,906,314	96.8%	5,176,037	160,082,351	100.0%	13,653,833			
2017	162,516,517	156,882,060	96.5%	5,634,457	162,516,517	100.0%	14,319,144			
2018	166,057,334	160,545,513	96.7%	5,511,821	166,057,334	100.0%	15,113,709			
2019	167,984,461	162,340,803	96.6%	5,643,658	167,984,461	100.0%	12,858,981			
2020	186,106,504	174,702,708	93.9%	11,403,797	186,106,505	100.0%	19,745,498			
2021	191,907,765	181,582,224	94.6%	10,325,541	191,907,765	100.0%	22,841,434			
2022	206,620,315	197,161,469	95.4%	9,458,845	206,620,315	100.0%	22,195,304			
2023	208,805,330	199,980,355	95.8%	8,824,975	208,805,330	100.0%	21,998,946			

⁽¹⁾ Includes Homestead/Rollback taxes assessed locally, but distributed through the State and reported as Intergovernmental Revenue.

Source: County of Summit Fiscal Office, Tax Settlement

⁽²⁾ The County currently does not identify delinquent tax collections by tax year. As the County transitions to a new tax collection reporting system, the County will report this information as soon as it is able to do so (within 1-3 years).

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN YEARS

	2014	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	2017	2018	2019	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2023</u>
Governmental Activities										
General Obligation Bonds (a)	\$ 65,097,754	\$ 59,143,757	\$ 74,969,754	\$ 68,394,754	\$ 62,179,754	\$ 62,474,754 \$	55,564,754 \$	49,671,116	\$ 95,640,000	\$ 88,325,000
Bond Premiums	3,964,198	3,513,180	3,762,890	3,340,460	2,918,028	2,523,106	2,131,978	3,724,079	10,081,627	9,324,826
Capital Appreciation Bonds	386,797	298,772	216,282	138,977	66,532	-	-	-	-	-
Accreted Interest	642,757	549,852	439,272	310,554	163,153	-	-	-	-	-
Leases Payable	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,560,438	4,196,462
Financed Purchases	109,473	67,312	30,614	1,468,456	1,268,345	1,178,484	871,519	660,293	444,525	220,587
SBITAs payable	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,255,649
Business-Type Activites										
General Obligation Bonds	31,447,246	27,476,246	23,165,246	18,745,246	14,380,246	9,820,246	5,050,246	63,884	-	-
Bond Premiums	1,318,766	1,130,569	759,840	607,510	455,180	302,850	150,520	1,382	-	-
OWDA Loans	7,527,283	7,394,617	9,925,885	9,271,009	7,331,203	6,163,145	4,943,425	7,698,258	7,751,103	6,849,585
OPWC Loans	837,219	660,434	603,292	489,007	403,072	388,676	374,281	331,095	302,304	273,513
ODD Loans	29,458	29,458	29,458	29,458	29,458	29,458	29,458	-	-	-
WPCLF Loans	5,944,488	9,038,731	5,790,936	6,984,379	6,154,638	13,549,590	23,127,819	30,840,895	34,229,094	34,801,154
FWCC Loans	228,489	272,494	-	-	-	-	895,527	981,350	228,392	890,134
Leases Payable	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,397,976	4,208,357
Total Primary Government	117,533,928	109,575,422	119,693,469	109,779,810	95,349,609	96,430,309	93,139,527	93,972,352	157,635,459	157,345,267
Percentage of Personal Income (b)	0.49%	0.45%	0.48%	0.44%	0.36%	0.35%	0.32%	0.31%	0.48%	0.47%
Per Capita (b)	217	202	222	203	176	178	172	175	294	294

Note: Details regarding the county's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

⁽a) Amounts have been revised from prior years to properly report the balance of all governmental activities general obligation bonds outstanding.(b) See Table 14 for personal income and population data.

RATIOS OF NET GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING LAST TEN YEARS

	Go	vernmental Bono	ded Debt Outstar	nding	Business Bonded Debt Outstanding					
	General		Capital		General					
Fiscal	Obligation	Bond	Appreciation	Accreted	Obligation	Bond				
Year	Bonds	Premiums	Bonds	Interest	Bonds	Premiums				
2014	\$ 65,097,754	\$ 3,964,198	\$ 386,797	\$ 642,757	\$ 31,447,246	\$ 1,318,766				
2015	59,143,757	3,513,180	298,772	549,852	27,476,246	1,130,569				
2016	74,969,754	3,762,890	216,282	439,272	23,165,246	759,840				
2017	68,394,754	3,340,460	138,977	310,554	18,745,246	607,510				
2018	62,179,754	2,918,028	66,532	163,153	14,380,246	455,180				
2019	62,474,754	2,523,105	-	-	9,820,246	302,850				
2020	55,564,754	2,131,978	-	-	5,050,246	150,520				
2021	49,671,116	3,724,079	-	-	63,884	1,382				
2022	95,640,000	10,081,627	-	-	-	-				
2023	88,325,000	9,324,826	-	-	-	- (Continued)				

Note: Details regarding the county's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

- (a) See Table 6 for property value data.
- (b) See Table 14 for population data.
- (c) Amounts have been revised from prior years to properly report the balance of all Governmental and Business Bonded Debt outstanding.

Table 11 (Continued)

RATIOS OF NET GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING LAST TEN YEARS

Fiscal Year	Total Primary Government	Less Debt Service Net Position	Net Primary Government	Ratio to Estimated Actual Value of Property (a)	Net Bonded Debt Per Capital _(b)		
2014	\$ 102,857,518	\$ 4,199,472	\$ 98,658,046	0.31%	\$ 182		
2015	92,112,376	4,944,784	87,167,592	0.27%	161		
2016	103,313,284	3,692,903	99,620,381	0.31%	184		
2017	91,537,501	2,756,979	88,780,522	0.27%	164		
2018	80,162,893	3,414,088	76,748,805	0.22%	142		
2019	75,120,955	3,880,487	71,240,468	0.20%	132		
2020	62,897,498	4,172,493	58,725,005	0.16%	109		
2021	53,460,461	2,745,393	50,715,068	0.13%	94		
2022	105,721,627	8,482,349	97,239,278	0.24%	181		
2023	97,649,826	920,858	96,728,968	0.19%	181		

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Table 12

COMPUTATION OF DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING DEBT ATTRIBUTABLE TO GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITES AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2023

	(Debt Dutstanding	Percentage Applicable To County (1)	Portion of Direct and Overlapping Debt Within County
Direct:				
County of Summit	\$	97,649,826	100.00%	\$ 97,649,826
Overlapping:				
Cities Wholly Within County		183,938,251	100.00%	183,938,251
Villages Wholly Within County		14,718,900	100.00%	14,718,900
Townships Wholly Within County		20,075,000	100.00%	20,075,000
School Districts Wholly Within County		445,611,344	100.00%	445,611,344
Akron Metro Regional Transit Authority		=	100.00%	-
Miscellaneous Disticts Wholly Within County		6,065,000	100.00%	6,065,000
Norton City		2,497,975	99.94%	2,496,476
Akron-Summit County Library District		=	99.50%	-
Stow-Munroe Falls City School District		1,835,000	99.15%	1,819,403
Tallmadge City School District		46,556,613	98.73%	45,965,344
Springfield L School District		24,310,000	98.09%	23,845,679
Tallmadge City		1,620,000	96.75%	1,567,350
Mogadore Village		480,000	71.42%	342,816
Portage Lakes Career Center Jt. Voc. School Distric	1	715,000	99.58%	711,997
Northwest L School District		7,572,093	23.43%	1,774,141
Aurora City School District		10,200,000	5.11%	521,220
Wayne Public Library District		850,000	1.99%	16,915
Highland L School District		64,215,000	0.96%	616,464
Jackson L School District		24,235,000	0.81%	196,304
Total Overlapping		855,495,176		 750,282,604
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt	\$	953,145,002		\$ 847,932,430

⁽¹⁾ Percentages determined by dividing the amount of assessed valuation of the political subdivision located within the boundries of the County by the total assessed valuation of the subdivisions.

Sources: Debt outstanding for overlapping governments, taken from Ohio Municipal Advisory Council (OMAC), as of January 1, 2024

County of Summit Fiscal Office

(Continued)

$\begin{array}{c} \text{COMPUTATION OF LEGAL DEBT MARGIN} \\ \text{LAST TEN YEARS} \end{array}$

	2014	2015	2016	2017
Assessed Valuation of County	\$ 11,430,580,490	\$ 11,379,026,220	\$ 11,442,962,080	\$ 11,634,102,030
Gross County Debt Outstanding	\$ 111,871,491	\$ 104,864,358	\$ 115,140,125	\$ 104,363,384
Less Exempted Debt:				
OWDA Loans	(7,527,283)	(7,394,617)	(9,925,885)	(9,271,009)
OPWC Loans	(837,219)	(660,434)	(603,292)	(489,007)
ODD Loans	(29,458)	(29,458)	(29,458)	(29,458)
WPCLF Loans	(5,944,488)	(9,038,731)	(5,790,936)	(6,984,379)
FWCC	(228,489)	(272,494)	-	-
Sewer System Improvements	(32,766,012)	(27,476,246)	(23,165,246)	(18,745,246)
Series 2004 Bonds AR	(491,000)	-	-	-
Series 2010 Bonds - Bridgestone	(7,195,000)	(6,835,000)	(6,465,000)	(6,090,000)
Series 2012 Bonds - Goodyear	(15,815,000)	(15,160,000)	(14,485,000)	(13,785,000)
Series 2016 Bonds	-	-	(10,635,000)	(10,110,000)
Series 2019 Bonds - DFA	-	-	-	-
Series 2021 Bonds - Goodyear				
Series 2021 Bonds - Bridgestone				
Series 2022 Bonds - Various Purpose				
Amount Available in Debt Service Fund	 (4,199,472)	 (4,944,784)	 (3,692,903)	 (2,756,979)
Total Subject to Direct Debt Limitation	 36,838,070	33,052,594	 40,347,405	 36,102,306
Debt Limitation (1)				
Direct Debt Limitation	284,264,512	282,975,656	284,574,052	289,352,551
Less: Net Indebtedness	(36,838,070)	(33,052,594)	(40,347,405)	(36,102,306)
Direct Debt Margin	\$ 247,426,442	\$ 249,923,062	\$ 244,226,647	\$ 253,250,245
Debt Margin as a Percentage of Debt Limit	87.04%	88.32%	85.82%	87.52%
Unvoted Debt Limitation				
(1% of County Assessed Valuation)	114,305,805	113,790,262	114,429,621	116,341,020
Less: Net Indebtedness	(36,838,070)	(33,052,594)	(40,347,405)	(36,102,306)
Unvoted Debt Margin	\$ 77,467,735	\$ 80,737,668	\$ 74,082,216	\$ 80,238,714
Unvoted Debt Margin as a Percentage				
of the Unvoted Debt Limit	67.77%	70.95%	64.74%	68.97%

⁽¹⁾ The Ohio Revised Code provides that the net principal amount of unvoted general obligation debt of the County, excluding exempt debt may not exceed 1% of the total assessed valuation of all property in the County, and that the principal amount of both voted and unvoted general obligation debt of the County, excluding the exempt debt may not exceed a sum equal to \$6,000,000, plus 2.5% of the assessed valuation in excess of \$300,000,000. These two limitations are referred to as the "direct debt limitations" and may be amended from time to time by the General Assembly.

Table 13 (Continued)

COMPUTATION OF LEGAL DEBT MARGIN LAST TEN YEARS

	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
\$	12,390,415,750	\$ 12,534,213,600	\$ 12,916,633,410	\$ 14,517,519,470	\$ 14,516,021,160	\$ 14,693,489,480
\$	90,708,056	\$ 92,425,869	\$ 89,985,514	\$ 89,586,598	\$ 138,150,894	\$ 131,139,386
	(7,331,203)	(6,163,145)	(4,943,427)	(7,698,258)	(7,751,103)	(6,849,585)
	(403,072) (29,458)	(388,676) (29,458)	(374,281) (29,458)	(331,095)	(302,304)	(273,513)
	(6,154,638)	(13,549,590)	(23,127,821)	(30,840,895)	(34,229,095)	(34,801,154)
	(14,380,246)	(9,820,246)	(895,527) (5,050,246)	(981,350) (63,884)	(228,392)	(890,134)
	(5.705.000)	(5.210.000)	(4,000,000)	- -	-	-
	(5,705,000) (13,065,000)	(5,310,000) (12,315,000)	(4,900,000) (11,540,000)	(855,000)	-	-
	(9,510,000)	(8,895,000)	(8,270,000)	(7,630,000)	(6,980,000)	(6,310,000)
	-	(6,700,000)	(6,350,000)	(5,980,000)	(5,600,000)	(5,205,000)
				(10,455,000)	(10,305,000)	(9,240,000)
				(4,540,000)	(4,065,000)	(3,575,000)
					(11,930,607)	(6,609,125)
_	(3,414,088)	 (3,880,487)	 (4,172,493)	 (2,745,393)	 (8,482,349)	 (9,425,846)
_	30,715,351	 25,374,267	 20,332,261	17,465,723	 48,277,044	47,960,029
	308,260,394	311,855,340	321,415,835	361,437,987	361,400,529	365,837,237
	(30,715,351)	(25,374,267)	(20,332,261)	(17,465,723)	(48,277,044)	(47,960,029)
\$	277,545,043	\$ 286,481,073	\$ 301,083,574	\$ 343,972,264	\$ 313,123,485	\$ 317,877,208
	90.04%	91.86%	93.67%	95.17%	86.64%	86.89%
	123,904,158	125,342,136	129,166,334	145,175,195	145,160,212	146,934,895
	(30,715,351)	(25,374,267)	(20,332,261)	(17,465,723)	(48,277,044)	(47,960,029)
\$	93,188,807	\$ 99,967,869	\$ 108,834,073	\$ 127,709,472	\$ 96,883,168	\$ 98,974,866
	75.21%	79.76%	84.26%	87.97%	66.74%	67.36%

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN YEARS

Per Capita Fiscal Personal Personal			Darganal	Civilian Labor Force	Unemployed	Unemployment Rate				
Year	Population (1)	Income (3)		Income	In County (2)	in County (2)	County (2)	Ohio (2)	U.S. ₍₂₎	
	(1)	(3)			<u> </u>		J (2)	(2)	(2)	
2014	541,943	\$ 44,024	\$	23,858,498,632	271,600	15,700	5.8%	5.7%	6.2%	
2015	541,968	44,761		24,258,142,000	272,900	13,500	4.9%	4.9%	5.3%	
2016	540,300	46,071		24,969,081,000	271,500	13,700	5.0%	4.9%	4.9%	
2017	541,228	46,382		25,060,119,000	274,100	13,900	5.1%	5.0%	4.4%	
2018	541,318	49,168		26,611,223,000	274,900	12,500	4.7%	4.6%	3.9%	
2019	541,013	51,036		27,657,447,000	272,300	11,700	4.0%	4.1%	3.5%	
2020	540,428	53,580		28,976,895,000	268,000	13,800	5.2%	5.7%	6.7%	
2021	537,633	56,821		30,618,857,000	263,700	9,800	3.7%	4.5%	3.9%	
2022	535,882	60,771		32,672,387,000	263,200	10,800	4.1%	4.0%	3.6%	
2023	535,733	62,207		33,335,804,000	273,800	14,600	3.7%	3.5%	3.6%	

Source: (1) U.S. Census Bureau. 2020 data was updated to reflect the actual data reported in the 2020 U.S. Census that was unavailable at the time the 2020 ACFR was completed.

Note: Civilian Labor Force is the sum of employment and unemployment, based on unrounded data. It comprises civilians 16 years of age and over who are working or seeking work. It excludes military personnel, persons in institutions, those studying or keeping house full-time, persons who are retired or unable to work, and volunteer workers.

The Unemployment Rates are averages for the year.

⁽²⁾ Office of Workforce Development-Labor Market Information. (Not seasonally adjusted)

⁽³⁾ U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

Table 15

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS (1) CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

		2023		2014				
			Percentage of		Percentage of			
			Total County			Total County		
Name of Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment		
Summa Health	7,940	1	3.06%	11,000	1	4.19%		
Akron Children's Hospital	6,500	2	2.51%	3,380	3	1.29%		
Amazon.com, Inc.	4,500	3	1.74%					
Cleveland Clinic Akron General	4,200	4	1.62%					
Akron Public Schools	3,758	5	1.45%	2,645	7	1.01%		
Summit County	3,086	6	1.19%	2,622	8	1.00%		
Goodyear Tire & Rubber Co.	2,905	7	1.12%	3,000	4	1.14%		
University of Akron	2,500	8	0.96%	2,900	6	1.11%		
Signet	1,980	9	0.76%	2,969	5	1.13%		
City of Akron	1,828	10	0.71%	1,828	9	0.70%		
FirstMerit Corp.				1,385	10	0.53%		
Akron General Health System				3,742	2	1.43%		
Total	39,197	i	15.12%	35,471	i	13.53%		
Total Employed in County (2)	259,200			262,227				

⁽¹⁾ Greater Akron Chamber of Commerce and other publicly available information.

⁽²⁾ Ohio Job & Family Services, Office of Workforce Development-Labor Market Information.

COUNTY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/ACTIVITY LAST TEN YEARS

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
General Government - Legislative and Executive	ve									
County Council	14	14	15	15	15	15	13	13	14	11
Executive	175	175	177	191	185	180	183	183	184	200
Fiscal Office	157	154	145	157	153	149	134	134	138	129
Human Resources Commission	5	5	5	5	5	4	4	4	4	3
Board of Elections	186	195	263	135	155	39	40	40	40	152
General Government - Judicial										
Court of Common Pleas	93	92	86	90	96	79	98	98	107	106
Law Library	4	4	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	2
Probate Court	36	35	34	36	38	35	31	31	32	33
Domestic Relations Court	37	37	38	36	37	34	35	35	35	40
Juvenile Court	23	21	20	20	20	18	19	19	19	20
Clerk of Courts	51	48	43	42	40	38	37	37	37	29
Prosecutor	96	94	97	92	97	96	98	98	103	87
County/Municipal Courts	36	37	37	33	34	31	31	31	30	20
Public Safety										
Sheriff	418	419	420	411	410	402	363	363	349	329
Building Regulations	29	27	28	27	31	30	31	31	34	30
Medical Examiner	19	19	17	17	18	20	19	19	20	20
Adult Probation	68	70	69	63	74	75	51	51	48	51
Psycho-Diagnostic Clinic	5	5	7	6	4	4	4	4	4	10
Juvenile Probation	185	174	160	154	157	131	140	140	137	129
Emergency Management Agency	5	5	5	6	6	7	8	8	6	9
Public Works										
Motor Vehicle and Gas Tax	103	104	100	99	106	99	103	103	100	99
Sewer	131	133	135	134	136	138	122	122	130	134
Water	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Health										
Alcohol, Drug Addiction & Mental Health	20	21	23	21	19	21	21	21	22	21
Dog and Kennel	12	12	14	13	13	12	13	13	12	9
Board of Developmental Disabilities	580	536	499	430	269	272	299	299	306	300
Economic Development										
Community Development	8	8	8	8	10	11	9	9	9	5
Human Services										
Veteran's Services Commission	24	25	22	20	21	20	20	20	21	18
Job & Family Services	375	364	382	377	388	361	341	341	352	326
Children Services Board	337	330	341	327	343	351	339	339	335	300
Child Support Enforcement Agency	120	117	116	117	114	114	112	112	113	108
Emergency Rental Assistance	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	0
Totals	3,352	3,280	3,309	3,085	2,997	2,789	2,721	2,721	2,745	2,730

Method: Using 1 for each full time employee at December 31.

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/ACTIVITY LAST TEN YEARS

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
General Government - Legislative and Executive County Council										_
Number of Regular Council Meetings Number of Special Council Meetings	21 3	22 1	21 1	21 2	21 1	21	23	21 2	21	20 3
Number of Regular Committee Meetings	20	20	20	19	19	19	21	19	19	18
Number of Special Committee Meetings	1	1	-	- 17	- 17	- 19	-	- 19	0	0
Number of Resolutions Passed	581	561	566	540	537	481	424	393	384	383
Executive	501	501	200	5.10	55,	.01	.2.	3,3	50.	303
Number of Budget Adjustments Approved	247	222	180	282	166	152	104	148	132	102
Number of Buildings Maintained	181	180	181	166	165	163	163	163	163	165
Square Footage of Buildings Maintained Fiscal Office	2,444,524	2,434,300	2,440,921	2,029,646	2,019,846	1,985,910	1,985,910	1,985,910	1,985,910	2,031,570
Number of Checks Written	68,454	66,775	66,774	61,455	61,597	55,861	40,022	36,381	36,831	43,044
Number of Parcels Billed	255,484	262,505	261,991	261,996	261,591	261,411	260,845	260,975	261,013	261,441
Number of Parcels Collected (1)	237,566	235,954	239,634	236,943	239,027	231,470	238,410	239,666	241,265	236,997
Average Return on Portfolio	0.810%	1.020%	1.170%	1.330%	1.670%	1.940%	1.450%	0.750%	0.950%	1.72%
Agency Ratings - Standard and Poors	AA+	AA+	AA+	AA+	AA+	AA+	AA+	AA+	AA+	AA+
Agency Ratings - Moody's Financial Services Board of Elections	Aaa	Aaa	Aaa	Aaa	Aaa	Aaa	Aaa	Aaa	Aaa	Aaa
Number of Registered Voters	358,116	340,585	361,104	363,117	373,181	360,988	379,950	368,438	371,860	372,216
Number of Voters - Last General Election	139,643	151,527	263,521	114,387	217,036	108,168	283,707	75,153	203,176	194,677
Percentage of Voters	38.99%	44.49%	72.98%	31.50%	58.16%	29.96%	74.67%	20.40%	54.63%	52.30%
General Government - Judicial										
Court of Common Pleas										
Number of Criminal Cases Filed	4,517	4,524	4,821	4,964	4,763	4,978	4,144	5,117	4,922	5954
Law Library	04.40=	04.440								
Number of Volumes in Collection	81,187	81,139	81,124	80,509	50,897	42,666	22,125	16,542	10,345	5,981
Volumes Circulated Reference Questions Answered by Staff	9,680 1,232	7,062 1,180	4,656 1,085	4,978 1,013	4,934 976	6,060 913	1,446 577	1,431 583	1,280 687	1,138 736
Computer Database Usage by Patrons	1,802	1,509	1,902	1,013	2,273	2,348	776	341	483	730
Probate Court	1,002	1,509	1,902	1,932	2,213	2,340	770	341	703	/21
Number of Civil Probate Cases Filed	186	195	145	190	143	176	138	179	210	169
Domestic Relations Court										
New Domestic Cases Filed	3,432	3,814	3,877	35,330	3,423	3,548	3,531	3,477	3,456	3,353
Reactivated Cases	1,778	1,854	1,841	1,685	1,670	1,918	1,601	2,359	1,921	1,867
Cases terminated	5,412	5,346	6,087	5,766	5,016	5,336	4,912	5,755	5,542	5,143
Magistrate Hearings	8,460	9,100	9,300	9,200	9,200	9,500	8,691	9,106	9,218	9,724
Juvenile Court										
Number of Civil Juvenile Cases Filed	5,534	1,226	3,596	3,397	3,172	2,766	2,157	2,881	2,899	2,825
Number of Delinquent Cases Filed	6,055	4,874	2,567	2,145	2,918	2,636	2,067	2,251	2,239	2,387
Prosecutor	252	274	106	1.42	155	272	212	204	122	221
Number of Prosecutor Opinions Requested Number of Legal Files Handled	253 203	274 217	196 215	143 225	155 189	273 197	213 178	204 282	132 193	231 253
Public Safety	203	217	213	223	109	197	170	202	193	233
Sheriff										
Average Daily Jail Census	639	636	680	717	747	710	486	535	627	575
Prisoners Booked	11,318	11,563	12,603	11,667	11,389	10,948	5,841	6,189	9,319	8,327
Prisoners Released	11,333	11,496	12,581	11,852	11,474	11,060	6,091	6,144	9,459	8,381
Number of Citations Issued	11,974	9,929	8,538	6,830	6,459	6,959	11,369	8,157	7,325	9,575
Building Regulations										
Residential Construction Permits Issued	273	320	464	475	482	370	341	22,806	4,419	8,538
Commercial Construction Permits Issued	80	103	111	120	130	121	128	6,258	2,902	4,296
Medical Examiner	2.260	2 555	2.562	2.565	2 425	2.660	4.055	4.540	4 120	2.001
Number of Cases Investigated	3,369	3,757	3,562	3,567	3,427	3,668	4,075	4,549	4,130	
Number of SCME Coses	709	801	776 -	608	508	555	632	674	638	
Number of SCME Cases Adult Probation	-	-	-	760	634	702	797	904	824	806
New Probation Case Referrals	3,201	3,491	3,273	2,810	2,711	2,402	1,956	2,433	2,530	3,613
Average Offender Caseload by Year	3,786	3,995	4,337	4,346	4,577	3,890	3,324	3,229	3,104	3,414
Emergency Management Agency	2,700	-,,,,	.,557	.,5 .0	.,. , ,	-,0,0	-,021	-,,	2,201	-,
Number of Emergency Responses	10	20	25	36	32	35	21	17	28	22
Number of Training Session Held	51	77	72	62	65	78	30	46	124	63

(Continued)

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/ACTIVITY LAST TEN YEARS

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Public Works										
Motor Vehicle and Gas Tax										
Miles of Roads Resurfaced (center line)	15.04	14.05	15.02	19.45	18.15	18.64	19.27	17.06	14.80	20
Sewer										
Number of Sewer Customers	44,938	45,580	47,493	47,796	50,894	48,757	49,032	49,435	49,718	50,090
Number of Sewer Tap-ins	347	437	488	470	551	382	320	534	403	469
Average Daily Sewage Treated (million gallons)	8.35	7.73	7.078	7.75	8	8	8.2287	7.928	7.7509	7
Health										
Dog and Kennel										
Number of Dog Licenses Issued	41,520	39,752	40,232	39,996	39,996	37,695	35,711	34,114	31,796	30,416
Number of Animal Adoptions	1,813	1,779	1,751	1,503	1,604	1,917	376	647	956	1,154
Developmental Disabilities										
Average Daily Membership Enrolled:										
Early Intervention & Preschool	841	1,044	1,210	1,407	1,482	1,598	1,482	n/a	n/a	n/a
Employed at Weaver Industries	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	n/a	n/a	n/a
Employed in Community	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	n/a	n/a	n/a
Adult Day Array Services -Summit DD Operated	548	506	457	314	121	12	0	n/a	n/a	n/a
Adult Day Array Services -Private Provider	1,175	1,211	1,445	1,692	1,831	1,875	1,831	n/a	n/a	n/a
Adult Day Supported Emp -Sum DD Operated	211	286	213	98	2	-	-	n/a	n/a	n/a
Adult Day Supported Emp -Private Provider	208	218	308	273	142	85	142	n/a	n/a	n/a
Human Services										
Veteran's Services Commission										
Number of Clients Served	1,557	1,264	8,431	8,084	9,592	8,468	7,702	8,472	6,952	7,158
Amount of Benefits Paid to County Residents	1,077,526	835,488	987,580	740,461	892,347	837,958	555,430	356,774	531,624	637,138
Job & Family Services										
Average Client Count - Food Stamps	83,282	79,365	77,188	76,983	70,700	70,755	76,908	79,343	78,871	73,145
Average Client Count - Day Care	4,742	4,575	4,787	5,068	4,476	7,293	2,920	2,605	2,623	2,913
Average Client Count - WIA	1,341	886	2,969	2,468	1,544	1,248	846	307	146	317
Average Client Count - Job Placement	529	437	1,201	977	1,009	995	702	166	144	180
Average Client Count - Rent Assistance	226	216	316	304	345	590	1,534	181	230	425
Child Support Enforcement Agency										
Average Number of Active Support Orders	45,704	45,579	45,012	44,309	43,695	42,141	40,937	39,643	36,755	36,180
Percentage Collected	71.95%	73.83%	72.79%	72.83%	73.10%	73.26%	73.50%	74.43%	71.41%	72

⁽¹⁾ Collections maybe higher due to delinquent collection

Sources: Various Summit County Departments

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/ACTIVITY LAST TEN YEARS

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
General Government - Legislative and Executive										
County Council										
Copiers	0	0	0	2	2	2	2	3	2	1
Executive										
Vehicles	16	14	14	14	14	52	47	63	64	64
Copiers	2	2	4	4	4	17	19	10	10	10
Fiscal Office										
Vehicles	8	7	7	18	19	18	18	18	18	18
Copiers	12	11	19	19	20	20	17	17	18	20
Clerk of Courts-Title										
Vehicles	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Copiers	3	2	4	4	4	4	4	4	5	5
Board of Elections										
Number of Voting Machines - Optical Scanner	529	529	529	529	529	529	529	529	529	500
Number of Voting Machines - Automarks	250	250	250	250	250	268	268	268	268	220
Vehicles	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Copiers	4	4	6	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
General Government - Judicial										
Court of Appeals										
Copiers	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Court of Common Pleas										
Copiers	5	5	7	7	8	6	6	6	12	7
X-Ray Machines	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Probate Court										
Vehicles	4	4	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Copiers	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Domestic Relations Court										
Copiers	5	5	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Juvenile Court										
Vehicles	26	24	25	22	25	25	25	21	18	16
Copiers	1	1	2	11	13	13	13	13	13	13
Clerk of Courts-Legal										
Copiers	8	6	6	6	6	7	7	6	7	7
Prosecutor										
Vehicles	10	10	13	11	11	11	11	11	11	7
Copiers	5	2	0	12	12	12	12	12	12	14
Public Safety										
Sheriff										
Vehicles	187	177	177	179	163	164	170	160	192	217
Copiers	16	16	16	18	18	18	17	17	17	17
Building Regulations										
Vehicles	13	14	16	16	16	10	10	16	16	16
Copiers	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2
Medical Examiner										
Vehicles	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Copiers	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
X-Ray Machine	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Adult Probation										
Vehicles	8	8	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Copiers	3	4	4	4	6	6	6	5	12	4
Emergency Management Agency										
Vehicles	11	11	13	13	14	13	13	13	13	13
X-Ray Machine	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
•										

(Continued)

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/ACTIVITY LAST TEN YEARS

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Public Works										
Motor Vehicle and Gas Tax										
Vehicles	104	121	117	121	104	121	116	108	107	105
Copiers	6	7	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Sewer										
Vehicles	107	104	100	93	82	97	102	114	108	101
Sewer Lines (miles)	967.55	969.35	971.2	974.23	1003	1006.61	1009.46	1015.56	1020.23	1022.83
Wastewater Treatment Plants Operated	10	10	10	10	6	6	6	5	5	5
Pump Stations Operated	113	112	112	112	101	113	113	115	117	116
Treatments Capacity (thousands of gallons)	13.183	13.183	13.183	13.183	12.832	12.832	12.832	12.332	12.332	12.332
Health										
Dog and Kennel										
Vehicles	4	4	4	4	5	5	5	5	2	2
Alcohol, Drug Addiction and Mental Health										
Copiers	0	0	0	0	2	2	2	2	2	2
Developmental Disabilities Board										
Vehicles	111	113	102	96	47	37	9	9	9	7
Copiers	39	45	44	44	55	47	40	40	40	11
Economic Development										
Vehicles	9	2	2	0	0	0	0	7	7	8
Copiers	1	3	2	1	1	1	1	2	2	2
Human Services										
Veteran's Services Commission										
Vehicles	5	4	3	3	4	4	4	4	4	5
Copiers	3	3	3	3	4	4	4	4	4	4
Job & Family Services										
Vehicles	14	17	14	14	12	10	10	10	10	10
Copiers	14	19	17	32	44	51	52	45	35	41
Children Services Board										
Vehicles	12	14	10	11	11	13	14	16	13	12
X-Ray Machine	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Child Support Enforcement Agency										
Vehicles	4	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Copiers	3	3	3	0	0	11	11	10	10	3

Source: Summit County Fiscal Office

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

This report was prepared by the following members of the County of Summit Fiscal Office:

Christina M. Balliet, Deputy Fiscal Officer Tom A. Borcoman, Assistant Fiscal Officer Dawn M. Yurick, JD, CPA, Deputy Fiscal Officer Olivia M. Perrin, CPA, Deputy Fiscal Officer Diane Dekovich, Director of Administration Dominic Chiarappa, Assistant Director of Administration

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SUMMIT COUNTY

AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 9/26/2024

65 East State Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370