# **REGULAR AUDIT**

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023-2022



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Village Council Village of Rushville 3198 Market Street P.O. Box 9 Rushville, Ohio 43150

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Village of Rushville, Fairfield County, prepared by Wilson, Phillips & Agin, CPA's, Inc., for the audit period January 1, 2022 through December 31, 2023. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Village of Rushville is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

August 08, 2024



# VILLAGE OF RUSHVILLE FAIRFIELD COUNTY FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023-2022

# **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

Table of Contents	(i)
Independent Auditors' Report	1-3
Financial Statements	
Combined Statement of Cash Receipts, Cash Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Cash Balances - All Governmental Fund Types For the Year Ended December 31, 2023	4
Combined Statement of Cash Receipts, Cash Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Cash Balances - All Proprietary Fund Types For the Year Ended December 31, 2023	5
2023 Notes to the Financial Statements	6
Combined Statement of Cash Receipts, Cash Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Cash Balances - All Governmental Fund Types For the Year Ended December 31, 2022	13
Combined Statement of Cash Receipts, Cash Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Cash Balances - All Proprietary Fund Types For the Year Ended December 31, 2022	14
2022 Notes to the Financial Statements	15
Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance and on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting Based on an Audit of Financial Statement Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards.	23
Schedule of Findings	25
Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	28



## WILSON, PHILLIPS & AGIN, CPA'S, INC. 1100 BRANDYWINE BLVD. BUILDING G ZANESVILLE, OHIO 43701

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Village of Rushville Fairfield County P.O. Box 9 Rushville, Ohio 43150

To the Village Council:

#### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

#### **Unmodified and Adverse Opinions**

We have audited the financial statements of Village of Rushville, Fairfield County, Ohio (the Village) which comprises the cash balances, receipts and disbursements for each governmental and proprietary fund type combined total as of and for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements.

### **Unmodified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting**

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the cash balances, receipts and disbursements for each governmental fund type combined total as of and for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, in accordance with the financial reporting provisions which Ohio Revise Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(C) permit, described in Note 2

### Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the *Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles* section of our report, the accompanying financial statements do not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of Village of Rushville, Fairfield County as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, or changes in financial position thereof for the years then ended.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards general accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor Responsibilities for the Audit of Financial Statements* section of our report. We are required to be independent of Village of Rushville, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note 2 of the financial statements, the financial statements are prepared by Village of Rushville on the basis of the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(C), which is an accounting basis other than accounting principles general accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), to satisfy these requirements. The effects on the financial statements of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 2 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material and pervasive.

#### **Emphasis of Matter**

As described in Note 11 to the financial statements for 2022, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the Village. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(C) permit. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Village of Rushville's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining. On a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
  appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the
  Village's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Village's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Independent Auditors' Report Page Three

# Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 11, 2024, on our consideration of Village of Rushville's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Village's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

*Wilson, Phillips & Agin, CPA's, Inc.* Zanesville, Ohio June 11, 2024

# COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES - ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	G	eneral	Special Revenue		(Mei	Totals norandum Only)
Cash Receipts:						
Property Tax and Other Local Taxes	\$	11,439	\$	733	\$	12,172
Intergovernmental		11,439		17,246		28,685
Fines, Licenses and Permits		1,225		-		1,225
Earnings on Investments		663		-		663
Miscellaneous		11,687				11,687
Total Cash Receipts		36,453		17,979		54,432
Cash Disbursements:						
Current:						
Security of Persons and Property		6,277		_		6,277
Public Health Services		691		_		691
Community Environment		291		_		291
Basic Utility Service		-		10,720		10,720
Transportation		159		22,303		22,462
General Government		36,831		,		36,831
Capital Outlay		4,024		4,024		8,048
Debt Service:		,				
Principal Retirement		152		773		925
Interest and Fiscal Charges		90		90		180
Total Cash Disbursements		48,515		37,910		86,425
<b>Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements</b>		(12,062)		(19,931)		(31,993)
Other Financing Receipts (Disbursements)						
Other Debt Proceeds		4,024		4,024		8,048
Transfer Out		(313)		-		(313)
<b>Total Other Financing Receipts (Disbursements)</b>		3,711		4,024		7,735
Net Change in Fund Cash Balance		(8,351)		(15,907)		(24,258)
Fund Cash Balance, January 1		30,800		54,787	-	85,587
Fund Cash Balance, December 31	\$	22,449	\$	38,880	\$	61,329

# COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCE - ALL PROPRIETARY AND FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	P1	coprietary
	Е	nterprise
Operating Cash Receipts:		
Charges for Services	\$	350,610
Total Operating Cash Receipts		350,610
Operating Cash Disbursements:		
Personal Services		62,640
Fringe Benefits		9,318
Contractual Service		170,227
Supplies and Materials		42,258
<b>Total Operating Cash Disbursements</b>		284,443
Operating Income		66,167
Non-Operating Cash Receipts (Disbursements):		
Loans Issued		32,187
Capital Outlay		(32,187)
Principal Retirement		(64,128)
Interest and Other Fiscal Charges		(11,154)
Total Non-Operating Cash Receipts (Disbursements)		(75,282)
Income (Loss) before Capital Contributions,		
Special Item, Extraordinary Item, Transfers		
and Advances		(9,115)
Other Financing Receipts (Disbursements)		
Transfer In		10,529
Transfers Out		(10,216)
<b>Total Other Financing Receipts</b>		313
Net Change in Fund Cash Balance		(8,802)
Fund Cash Balances, January 1		170,059
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$	161,257

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2023

#### 1. REPORTING ENTITY

### **Description of the Entity**

The constitution and laws of the State of Ohio establish the rights and privileges of the Village of Rushville, Fairfield County, (the Village) as a body corporate and politic. A publicly-elected sevenmember Council directs the Village. The Village provides general government, water and sewer utilities and road maintenance.

The Village participates in public entity risk pool. Note 6 to the financial statements provides additional information for this entity.

The Village's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Village is financially accountable.

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### Basis of Presentation

The Village's financial statements consist of a combined statement of receipts, disbursements and changes in fund balance (regulatory cash basis) for all governmental fund types, and a combined statement of receipts, disbursements and changes in fund balance (regulatory cash basis) for all proprietary fund types which are organized on a fund type basis.

# Fund Accounting

The Village uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The funds of the Village are presented below:

#### **Governmental Funds**

### **General Fund**

The General fund is the operating fund. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

### **Special Revenue Funds**

These funds are used to account for proceeds from specific sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specific purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The Village had the following significant Special Revenue Funds.

Street Construction, maintenance and Repair Fund - This fund receives gasoline tax and motor vehicle tax money for constructing, maintaining and repairing Village streets.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2023

### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Enterprise Funds**

These funds account for operations that are similar to private business enterprises where management intends that the significant costs of providing certain goods or services will be recovered through user charges. The Village had the following significant Enterprise Funds:

Water Fund – This fund receives charges for services from residents to cover water service costs.

Sewer Fund - This fund receives charges for services from residents to cover sewer service costs.

#### Basis of Accounting

These financial statements follow the accounting basis permitted by the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code 117-2-03(C). This basis is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements accounting basis. The Village recognizes receipts when received in cash rather than when earned, and recognizes disbursements when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code 117-2-03(C) permit.

#### **Budgetary Process**

The Ohio Revised Code requires that each fund (except certain Agency Funds) be budgeted annually.

### **Appropriations**

Budgetary expenditures (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the fund, function or object level of control, and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Village Council must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. The County Budget Commission must also approve the annual appropriation measure. Appropriations lapse at year end.

#### **Estimated Resources**

Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must approve estimated resources.

#### **Encumbrances**

The Ohio Revised Code requires the Village to reserve (encumber) appropriations when commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are carried over, and need not be reappropriated in the subsequent year.

A summary of 2023 budgetary activity appears in Note 3.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2023

### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Deposits and Investments**

The Village's accounting basis includes investment as assets. This basis does not record disbursement for investment purchases or receipts for investment sales. This basis records gains or losses at the time of sale as receipts or disbursements, respectively.

### Property, Plant, and Equipment

Acquisition of property, plant and equipment are recorded as disbursements when paid. These items are not reflected as assets on the accompanying financial statements.

#### Accumulated Leave

In certain circumstances, such as leaving employment, employees are entitled to cash payments for unused leave. The financial statements do not include a liability for unpaid leave.

#### Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Village must observe constraints imposed upon the use of its governmental-fund resources. The classifications are as follows:

**Nonspendable** – The Village classifies assets as *nonspendable* when legally or contractually required to maintain the amounts intact. For regulatory purposes, nonspendable fund balance includes unclaimed monies that are required to be held for five years before they may be utilized by the Village and the nonspendable portion of the corpus in permanent funds.

**Restricted** – Fund balance is *restricted* when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

**Committed** – Council can *commit* via formal action (resolution). The Village must adhere to these commitments unless council amends the resolution. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed to satisfy contractual requirements.

**Assigned** – Assigned fund balances are intended for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as *restricted* or *committed*. Governmental funds other than general fund report all fund balances as *assigned* unless they are restricted or committed. In the general fund, *assigned* 

**Unassigned** – Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

The Village applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classification could be used.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2023

# 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

For regulatory purposes, limited disclosure related to fund balance is included in Note 10.

#### 3. BUDGETARY ACTIVITY

Budgetary activity for the year ended December 31, 2023 is as follows:

2023	Budg	reted	VS.	Actual	Receipts
2020	Duus	cicu	7 13 .	1 x cuai	receipes

	Budgeted	Actual	
Fund Type	Receipts	Receipts	Variance
General	\$ 40,756	\$ 40,477	\$ (279)
Special Revenue	17,025	22,003	4,978
Enterprise	337,524	393,326	55,802
Total	\$ 395,305	\$ 455,806	\$ 60,501

2023 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures

	Appropriation	Budgetary	_
Fund Type	Authority	Expenditures	Variance
General	\$ 56,460	\$ 49,533	\$ 6,927
Special Revenue	41,216	37,987	3,229
Enterprise	424,276	403,095	21,181
Total	\$ 521,952	\$ 490,615	\$ 31,337

Contrary to ORC 5705.41(D), the Village made expenditures prior to certification.

### 4. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

To improve cash management, cash received by the Village is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits and investments. A summary of the Village's deposits and investment accounts are as follows:

	2023
Cash Management Pool:	_
Demand Deposits	\$ 147,086
Certificates of Deposit	75,500
Total Carrying Amounts of Deposits and Investments held in Pool	\$ 222,586

The Village does not use a separate payroll clearing account. The expenditures included in the accompanying financial statements reflect net payroll plus all remitted payroll withholdings. At December 31, 2023, the Village is holding \$0 in unremitted employee payroll withholdings.

**Deposits**: Deposits are either insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation or collateralized through the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2023

#### 5. PROPERTY TAX

Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 preceding the October 1 date for which the Council adopted rates. The State Board of Tax Equalization adjusts these rates for inflation. Property taxes are also reduced for applicable homestead and rollback deductions. The financial statements include homestead and rollback amounts the State pays as Intergovernmental Receipts. Payments are due to the County by December 31. If the property owner elects to make semiannual payment, the first half is due by December 31. The second half payment is due the following June 20.

The County is responsible for assessing property, and for billing, collecting, and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Village.

#### 6. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Village is a member of the Public Entities Pool of Ohio (The Pool). The Pool assumes the risk of loss up to the limits of the Village's policy. The Pool covers the following risks:

- General liability and casualty
- Public official's liability
- Cyber
- Law enforcement liability
- Automobile liability
- Vehicles
- Property
- Equipment breakdown

The Pool reported the following summary of assets and actuarially-measured liabilities available to pay those liabilities as of December 31 (latest information available):

	2022
Cash and investments	\$42,310,794
Actuarial liabilities	15,724,479

#### 7. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

The Village's full-time employees belong to the Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) of Ohio. OPERS is a cost-sharing, multiple employer plan. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes the plan benefits, which include postretirement healthcare, and survivor and disability benefits.

The Ohio Revised Code also prescribes contribution rates. For 2023, OPERS members contributed 10.0% of their gross wages and the Village contributed an amount equal to 14.0% of participant's gross salaries. The Village has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2023.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2023

### 7. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Social Security

Several Village employees contributed to social security. This plan provides retirement benefits, including survivor and disability benefits to participants.

Employees contributed 6.2 percent of their gross salaries. The Village contributed an amount equal to 6.2 percent of participants' gross salaries. The Village has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2023.

#### 8. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

OPERS offers a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment plan. OPERS offers a health reimbursement arrangement (HRA) allowance to benefit recipients meeting certain age and service credit requirements. The HRA is an account funded by OPERS that provides tax-free reimbursement for qualified medical expenses such as monthly post-tax insurance premiums, deductibles, co-insurance, and co-pays incurred by eligible benefit recipients and their dependents. For calendar year 2023, the portion of employer contributions allocated to health care was 0 percent for members in the traditional pension plan and 2 percent for members in the combined plan. For 2023, the portion of employer contributions allocated to heal care for members in the member-directed plan was 4.0 percent; however, a portion of the health care rate was funded with reserves.

2023

#### 9. DEBT

Debt outstanding at December 31, 2023 was as follows:

	2023	
	Principal	%
Ohio Water Development Authority Loan #3670	\$ 498,150	1.50
Ohio Water Development Authority Loan #4933	180,762	1.50
Ohio Public Works Commission Loan CQ33H	1,242	0.00
Ohio Public Works Commission Loan CT45J	4,801	0.00
Vinton County National Bank	38,712	6.75
Total	\$ 723,667	

The Ohio Public Works Commission (OPWC) loan CQ33H relates to the Main Street resurfacing project. The loan will be repaid in semiannual installments of \$311, over 20 years. The loan is collateralized by permissive motor vehicle receipts. This will be paid through the Permissive Motor Vehicle Fund.

The Ohio Public Works Commission (OPWC) loan CT45J relates to the wastewater treatment plant improvements. The loan will be repaid in semiannual installments of \$267 over 20 years. The loan is collateralized by water/sewer receipts. The Village has agreed to set utility rates sufficient to cover OPWC debt service requirements. This will be paid through the Other Enterprise Service Fund.

The Ohio Water Development Authority (OWDA) loan 3670 relates to water distribution system. The loan will be repaid in semiannual installments of \$26,915 over 30 years. The loan is collateralized by water/sewer receipts. The Village has agreed to set utility rates sufficient to cover OWDA debt service requirements. This will be paid through the Enterprise Debt Service Reserve Fund.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2023

# 9. DEBT (Continued)

The Ohio Water Development Authority (OWDA) loan 4933 relates to the sewer extension project. The loan will be repaid in semiannual installments of \$6,204 over 30 years. The loan is collateralized by water/sewer receipts. The Village has agreed to set utility rates sufficient to cover OWDA debt service requirements. This will be paid through the Other Enterprise Service Fund.

The Vinton National Bank loan relates to the purchase of a truck in 2023. The loan will be repaid in monthly installments of \$604 over seven years. The loan is collateralized by water/sewer receipts. The Village has agreed to set utility rates sufficient to cover Vinton National Bank debt service requirements. This will be paid through by the General, Street, Water and Sewer Funds.

Amortization of the above debt, including interest, is scheduled as follows:

Year Ending	O]	PWC	OPWC		OWDA		OWDA			VCN
December 31	CC	Q33H	CT45J		3670		4933		Bank	
2024	\$	621	\$ 533	5	53,831	5	12,408		\$	7,250
2025		621	533		53,831		12,408			7,250
2026		-	533		53,831		12,408			7,250
2027		-	533		53,831		12,408			7,250
2028		-	533		53,831		12,408			7,250
2029-2033		-	2,136		269,152		62,040			11,886
2034-2038		-	-		-		62,040			-
2039-2043		-	-		_		18,606			-
	\$	1,242	\$ 4,801	5	5 538,307	5	5 204,726		\$	48,136

#### 10. FUND BALANCES

Included in fund balance are amounts the Village cannot spend, including the balance of unclaimed monies, which cannot be spent for five years and the expendable corpus of the permanent funds. Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilities effective cash planning and control. At year end, the balances of those amounts were as follows:

			Sp	ecial		
Fund Balances	Ge	eneral	Rev	venue	7	Γotal
Nonspendable:						
Corpus	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Outstanding Encum.		705		77		782
Total	\$	705	\$	77	\$	782

The fund balance of special revenue funds is either restricted or committed. The fund balance of debt service funds and capital projects funds are restricted, committed, or assigned. The fund balance of permanent funds that is not part of the nonspendable corpus is either restricted or committed. These restricted, committed and assigned amounts in the special revenue, debt service, capital projects and permanent funds would include the outstanding encumbrances. In the general fund, outstanding encumbrances are considered assigned.

# COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES - ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

		Governmental	ypes			
		General		pecial evenue	(Mer	Totals norandum Only)
Cash Receipts: Property Tax and Other Local Taxes	\$	10,475	\$	673	\$	11,148
Intergovernmental	Φ	11,457	Ф	17,525	Ф	28,982
Special Assessments		-		16,313		16,313
Fines, Licenses and Permits		1,228		-		1,228
Earnings on Investments		454		-		454
Miscellaneous		12,447				12,447
<b>Total Cash Receipts</b>		36,061		34,511		70,572
Cash Disbursements:						
Current:						
Security of Persons and Property		3,288		-		3,288
Public Health Services		499		-		499
Leisure Time Activities		500		-		500
Community Environment		587		- 01 774		587
Basic Utility Service		-		21,774		21,774
Transportation General Government		38,946		19,701 1,550		19,701 40,496
Debt Service:		38,940		1,330		40,490
Principal Retirement		_		311		311
<b>Total Cash Disbursements</b>		43,820		43,336		87,156
<b>Excess of Recipts Over (Under) Disbursements</b>		(7,759)		(8,825)		(16,584)
Other Financing Receipts (Disbursements)						
Transfer Out		(159)		<u>-</u>		(159)
<b>Total Other Financing Receipts (Disbursements)</b>		(159)		-		(159)
Net Change in Fund Cash Balances		(7,918)		(8,825)		(16,743)
Fund Cash Balance, January 1		38,718		63,612		102,330
Fund Cash Balance, December 31	\$	30,800	\$	54,787	\$	85,587

# COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCE - ALL PROPRIETARY AND FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Proprietary	
	Е	nterprise
Operating Cash Receipts:	-	
Charges for Services	\$	266,526
Total Operating Cash Receipts		266,526
Operating Cash Disbursements:		
Personal Services		48,260
Fringe Benefits		7,633
Contractual Service		170,748
Supplies and Materials		29,383
Other		52
<b>Total Operating Cash Disbursements</b>		256,076
Operating Income		10,450
Non-Operating Cash Disbursements:		
Principal Retirement		60,515
Interest and Other Fiscal Charges		12,593
Total Non-Operating Cash Disbursements		73,108
Income (Loss) before Capital Contributions,		
Special Item, Extraordinary Item, Transfers		
and Advances		(62,658)
Other Financing Receipts (Disbursements)		
Transfer In		159
Total Other Financing Receipts		159
Net Change in Fund Cash Balance		(62,499)
Fund Cash Balances, January 1		232,559
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$	170,060

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### 1. REPORTING ENTITY

#### **Description of the Entity**

The constitution and laws of the State of Ohio establish the rights and privileges of the Village of Rushville, Fairfield County, (the Village) as a body corporate and politic. A publicly-elected seven-member Council directs the Village. The Village provides general government, water and sewer utilities and road maintenance.

The Village participates in public entity risk pool. Note 6 to the financial statements provides additional information for this entity.

The Village's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Village is financially accountable.

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### **Basis of Presentation**

The Village's financial statements consist of a combined statement of receipts, disbursements and changes in fund balance (regulatory cash basis) for all governmental fund types, and a combined statement of receipts, disbursements and changes in fund balance (regulatory cash basis) for all proprietary fund types which are organized on a fund type basis.

# Fund Accounting

The Village uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The funds of the Village are presented below:

#### **Governmental Funds**

### **General Fund**

The General fund is the operating fund. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

### **Special Revenue Funds**

These funds are used to account for proceeds from specific sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specific purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The Village had the following significant Special Revenue Funds.

Street Construction, maintenance and Repair Fund - This fund receives gasoline tax and motor vehicle tax money for constructing, maintaining and repairing Village streets.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022

### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Enterprise Funds**

These funds account for operations that are similar to private business enterprises where management intends that the significant costs of providing certain goods or services will be recovered through user charges. The Village had the following significant Enterprise Funds:

Water Fund – This fund receives charges for services from residents to cover water service costs.

Sewer Fund - This fund receives charges for services from residents to cover sewer service costs.

### Basis of Accounting

These financial statements follow the accounting basis permitted by the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code 117-2-03(C). This basis is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements accounting basis. The Village recognizes receipts when received in cash rather than when earned, and recognizes disbursements when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code 117-2-03(C) permit.

#### **Budgetary Process**

The Ohio Revised Code requires that each fund (except certain Agency Funds) be budgeted annually.

### **Appropriations**

Budgetary expenditures (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the fund, function or object level of control, and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Village Council must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. The County Budget Commission must also approve the annual appropriation measure. Appropriations lapse at year end.

#### **Estimated Resources**

Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must approve estimated resources.

#### **Encumbrances**

The Ohio Revised Code requires the Village to reserve (encumber) appropriations when commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are carried over, and need not be reappropriated in the subsequent year.

A summary of 2022 budgetary activity appears in Note 3.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022

### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Deposits and Investments**

The Village's accounting basis includes investment as assets. This basis does not record disbursement for investment purchases or receipts for investment sales. This basis records gains or losses at the time of sale as receipts or disbursements, respectively.

### Property, Plant, and Equipment

Acquisition of property, plant and equipment are recorded as disbursements when paid. These items are not reflected as assets on the accompanying financial statements.

#### Accumulated Leave

In certain circumstances, such as leaving employment, employees are entitled to cash payments for unused leave. The financial statements do not include a liability for unpaid leave.

#### Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Village must observe constraints imposed upon the use of its governmental-fund resources. The classifications are as follows:

**Nonspendable** – The Village classifies assets as *nonspendable* when legally or contractually required to maintain the amounts intact. For regulatory purposes, nonspendable fund balance includes unclaimed monies that are required to be held for five years before they may be utilized by the Village and the nonspendable portion of the corpus in permanent funds.

**Restricted** – Fund balance is *restricted* when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

**Committed** – Council can *commit* via formal action (resolution). The Village must adhere to these commitments unless council amends the resolution. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed to satisfy contractual requirements.

**Assigned** – Assigned fund balances are intended for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as *restricted* or *committed*. Governmental funds other than general fund report all fund balances as *assigned* unless they are restricted or committed. In the general fund, *assigned* 

**Unassigned** – Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

The Village applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classification could be used.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022

# 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

For regulatory purposes, limited disclosure related to fund balance is included in Note 10.

#### 3. BUDGETARY ACTIVITY

Budgetary activity for the year ended December 31, 2022 is as follows:

2022 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts

-			
	Budgeted Actual		
Fund Type	Receipts	Receipts	Variance
General	\$ 37,191	\$ 36,061	\$ (1,130)
Special Revenue	31,437	34,511	3,074
Enterprise	267,631	266,685	(946)
Total	\$ 336,259	\$ 337,257	\$ 998

2022 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures

	Appropriation	Budgetary	
Fund Type	Authority	Expenditures	Variance
General	\$ 53,092	\$ 43,979	\$ 9,113
Special Revenue	59,722	43,336	16,386
Enterprise	373,111	329,184	43,927
Total	\$ 485,925	\$ 416,499	\$ 69,426

Contrary to ORC 5705.41(D), the Village made expenditures prior to certification. Contrary to ORC 5705.39, the Village had a fund where appropriations exceeded estimated resources.

#### 4. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

To improve cash management, cash received by the Village is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits and investments. A summary of the Village's deposits and investment accounts are as follows:

	2022
Cash Management Pool:	_
Demand Deposits	\$ 180,147
Certificates of Deposit	75,500
Total Carrying Amounts of Deposits and Investments held in Pool	\$ 255,647

The Village does not use a separate payroll clearing account. The expenditures included in the accompanying financial statements reflect net payroll plus all remitted payroll withholdings. At December 31, 2022, the Village is holding \$0 in unremitted employee payroll withholdings.

**Deposits**: Deposits are either insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation or collateralized through the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### 5. PROPERTY TAX

Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 preceding the October 1 date for which the Council adopted rates. The State Board of Tax Equalization adjusts these rates for inflation. Property taxes are also reduced for applicable homestead and rollback deductions. The financial statements include homestead and rollback amounts the State pays as Intergovernmental Receipts. Payments are due to the County by December 31. If the property owner elects to make semiannual payment, the first half is due by December 31. The second half payment is due the following June 20.

The County is responsible for assessing property, and for billing, collecting, and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Village.

#### 6. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Village is a member of the Public Entities Pool of Ohio (The Pool). The Pool assumes the risk of loss up to the limits of the Village's policy. The Pool covers the following risks:

- General liability and casualty
- Public official's liability
- Cyber
- Law enforcement liability
- Automobile liability
- Vehicles
- Property
- Equipment breakdown

The Pool reported the following summary of assets and actuarially-measured liabilities available to pay those liabilities as of December 31:

	2022
Cash and investments	\$42,310,794
Actuarial liabilities	15,724,479

#### 7. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

The Village's full-time employees belong to the Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) of Ohio. OPERS is a cost-sharing, multiple employer plan. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes the plan benefits, which include postretirement healthcare, and survivor and disability benefits.

The Ohio Revised Code also prescribes contribution rates. For 2022, OPERS members contributed 10.0% of their gross wages and the Village contributed an amount equal to 14.0% of participant's gross salaries. The Village has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2022.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022

### 7. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Social Security

Several Village employees contributed to social security. This plan provides retirement benefits, including survivor and disability benefits to participants.

Employees contributed 6.2 percent of their gross salaries. The Village contributed an amount equal to 6.2 percent of participants' gross salaries. The Village has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2022.

#### 8. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

OPERS offers cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment plans, which include multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage, deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement and Medicare Part B premium reimbursements, to qualifying benefit recipients. OPERS contributes 2 percent of the employer contribution to fund these benefits. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for OPERS members in the traditional pension plan and combined plan was 0 percent during calendar year 2022. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for OPERS members in the member-directed plan was 4.0 percent during calendar year 2022.

Effective January 1, 2022, OPERS discontinued the group plans currently offered to non-Medicare retires and re-employed retirees. Instead, eligible non-Medicare retirees will select an individual plan. OPERS will provide a subsidy or allowance via an HRA allowance to those retirees who meet health care eligibility requirements. Retirees will be able to seek reimbursement for plan premiums and other qualified medical expenses.

### 9. DEBT

Debt outstanding at December 31, 2022 was as follows:

	2022	
	Principal	%
Ohio Water Development Authority Loan #3670	\$ 543,993	1.50
Ohio Water Development Authority Loan #4933	190,350	1.50
Ohio Public Works Commission Loan CQ33H	1,863	0.00
Ohio Public Works Commission Loan CT45J	5,334	0.00
Vinton County National Bank	6,945	4.10
Total	\$ 748,485	

The Ohio Public Works Commission (OPWC) loan CQ33H relates to the Main Street resurfacing project. The loan will be repaid in semiannual installments of \$311, over 20 years. The loan is collateralized by permissive motor vehicle receipts. This will be paid through the Permissive Motor Vehicle Fund.

The Ohio Public Works Commission (OPWC) loan CT45J relates to the wastewater treatment plant improvements. The loan will be repaid in semiannual installments of \$267 over 20 years. The loan is collateralized by water/sewer receipts. The Village has agreed to set utility rates sufficient to cover OPWC debt service requirements. This will be paid through the Other Enterprise Service Fund.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### 9. DEBT (Continued)

The Ohio Water Development Authority (OWDA) loan 3670 relates to water distribution system. The loan will be repaid in semiannual installments of \$26,915 over 30 years. The loan is collateralized by water/sewer receipts. The Village has agreed to set utility rates sufficient to cover OWDA debt service requirements. This will be paid through the Enterprise Debt Service Reserve Fund.

The Ohio Water Development Authority (OWDA) loan 4933 relates to the sewer extension project. The loan will be repaid in semiannual installments of \$6,204 over 30 years. The loan is collateralized by water/sewer receipts. The Village has agreed to set utility rates sufficient to cover OWDA debt service requirements. This will be paid through the Other Enterprise Service Fund.

The Vinton National Bank loan relates to the purchase of a tractor and implements for installation, repairs, and maintenance of the water and sewer systems. The loan will be repaid in quarterly installments of \$1,647 over five years. The loan is collateralized by water/sewer receipts. The Village has agreed to set utility rates sufficient to cover Vinton National Bank debt service requirements. This will be paid through by the Water and Sewer Funds.

Amortization of the above debt, including interest, is scheduled as follows:

Year Ending	OPV	VC	O	PWC	(	OWDA	(	OWDA	VCN
December 31	CQ3	3H	C	T45J		3670		4933	Bank
2023	\$	621	\$	533	\$	53,831	\$	12,408	\$ 7,108
2024		621		533		53,831		12,408	-
2025		621		533		53,831		12,408	-
2026		-		533		53,831		12,408	-
2027		-		533		53,831		12,408	-
2028-2032		-		2,669		269,155		62,040	-
2033-2037		-		-		53,828		62,040	-
2038-2042				-		-		31,014	
	\$ 1.	,863	\$	5,334	\$	592,138	\$	217,134	\$ 7,108

# 10. FUND BALANCES

Included in fund balance are amounts the Village cannot spend, including the balance of unclaimed monies, which cannot be spent for five years and the expendable corpus of the permanent funds. Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilities effective cash planning and control. At year end, the balances of those amounts were as follows:

	Special					
Fund Balances	Ger	neral	Rev	enue	To	otal
Nonspendable:						
Corpus	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Outstanding Encum.		-		-		-
Total	\$		\$		\$	

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### 10. FUND BALANCES

The fund balance of special revenue funds is either restricted or committed. The fund balance of debt service funds and capital projects funds are restricted, committed, or assigned. The fund balance of permanent funds that is not part of the nonspendable corpus is either restricted or committed. These restricted, committed and assigned amounts in the special revenue, debt service, capital projects and permanent funds would include the outstanding encumbrances. In the general fund, outstanding encumbrances are considered assigned.

#### 11. COVID-19

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Ohio's state of emergency ended in June 2021, while the national state of emergency continues. During 2022, the Village did receive COVID-19 funding. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the ensuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the Village. The impact on the Village's future operating costs, revenues, and any recovery from emergency funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated.

The Village received \$16,313 in 2022 from the American Rescue Plan.

### WILSON, PHILLIPS & AGIN, CPA'S, INC. 1100 BRANDYWINE BLVD. BUILDING G ZANESVILLE, OHIO 43701

# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS.

Village of Rushville Fairfield County P. O. Box 9 Rushville, Ohio 43150

To the Village Council:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards general accepted in the United States and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standard* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the cash balances, receipts, and disbursements for each governmental fund and proprietary fund type combined total as of and for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements of Village of Rushville, Fairfield County (the Village) and have issued our report thereon dated June 11, 2024, wherein we noted the Village followed financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(C) permit. We also noted the financial impact of COVID-19 and the ensuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the Village.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Village of Rushville's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses and significant deficiency.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Village's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying schedule of finding as items 2023-003 to be a material weakness.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying schedule of findings as item 2023-001 to be a significant deficiency.

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by Government Auditing Standards Page Two

### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Village of Rushville's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed one instance of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings as item 2023-002.

## Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Village's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Wilson, Phillips & Agin, CPA's, Inc. Zanesville, Ohio June 11, 2024

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

# FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

#### FINDING NUMBER 2023-001

# Significant Deficiency - Financial Reporting

All local offices should maintain an accounting system and accounting records sufficient to enable the public office to identify, assemble, analyze, classify, record and report its transactions, maintain accountability for the related assets, document compliance with finance-related legal and contractual requirements and prepare financial statements.

The Village Officer's Handbook provides suggested accounts classifications. These accounts classify receipts by fund and source (Taxes or charges for services, for example) and classify disbursements by fund, program (general government, for example) or object (personal services, for example). Using these classifications and the aforementioned accounting records will provide the Village with information required to monitor compliance with the budget, and prepare annual reports in the format required by the Auditor of State.

The Village did not properly post and classify all expenditures. The following reclassifications were made.

#### Reclassifications:

• In 2023, a reclassification from Interest and Fiscal Charges to Principal Retirement in the amount of \$808 for the Enterprise Debt Service Fund to show debt payments properly.

The reclassifications with which the Village Official's agree are reflected in the accompanying financial statements and posted to the accounting records, where applicable.

We recommend the Village utilize available authoritative resources to appropriately classify and record all expenditure transactions.

Client Response: We received no response from the client.

#### **FINDING NUMBER 2023-002**

# Noncompliance - Certification of Funds

Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.41(D) prohibits a subdivision or taxing authority from making any contract or ordering any expenditure of money unless a certificate signed by the fiscal officer is attached thereto. The fiscal officer must certify that the amount required to meet any such contract or expenditure has been lawfully appropriated and is in the treasury, or is in the process of collection to the credit of an appropriate fund free from any previous encumbrance.

There are several exceptions to the standard requirement stated above that a fiscal officer's certificate must be obtained prior to a subdivision or taxing authority entering into a contract or order involving the expenditure of money. The main exceptions are: "then and now" certificates, blanket certificates and super blanket certificates, which are provided for in Sections 5705.41(D) (1) and 5705.41(D)(3), respectively, of the Ohio Revised Code.

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

# FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

#### FINDING NUMBER 2023-002 (Continued)

- If the fiscal officer can certify that both at the time that the contract or order was made ("then") and at the time that the fiscal officer is completing the certification ("now"), that sufficient funds were available or in the process of collection, to the credit of a proper fund, properly appropriated and free from any previous encumbrance, the Village can authorize the drawing of a warrant for the payment of the amount due. The Village has 30 days from the receipt of the "then and now" certificate to approve payment by ordinance or resolution. Amounts less than \$3,000 may be paid by the fiscal officer without a resolution or ordinance upon completion of the "then and now" certificate, provided that the expenditure is otherwise lawful. This does not eliminate any otherwise applicable requirement for approval of the expenditures by the Village.
- Blanket Certificates. Fiscal officers may prepare "blanket" certificates if the Village has approved their use and established maximum amounts.
- Super Blanket Certificates. The Village may also make expenditures and contracts for any amount from a
  specific line item appropriation account in a specified fund upon certification of the fiscal officer for most
  professional services, fuel, oil, food items, and any other specific recurring and reasonable predictable
  operation expense. This certification is not to extend beyond the current year. More than one so-called
  "super blanket" certificate may be outstanding at a particular time for any line item appropriation.

The Village did not certify the availability of funds prior to the purchase commitment for 25% of expenditures tested. For these item the Village also did not prepare blanket certificates, super blankets certificates or then and now certificates in accordance with the Ohio Revised Code. Failure to properly certify the availability of funds can result in overspending funds and negative cash fund balances.

We recommend the Village certify purchases to which Section 5705.41(D) applies. The most convenient certification method is to use purchase orders that include the certification language 5705.41(D) requires to authorize disbursements. The Fiscal Officer should sign the certification at the time the Village incurs a commitment and only when the requirements of 5705.41(D) are satisfied. The Fiscal Officer should post approved purchase commitments to the proper code, to reduce available appropriations.

**Client Response:** We received no response from the client.

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

# FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

#### **FINDING NUMBER 2023-003**

### Material Weakness - Posting of Budget

The Village should have internal controls in place to reasonably assure that budgetary accounts are integrated into the financial accounting system. This means designing an accounting system to provide ongoing and timely information on unrealized budgetary receipts and appropriations.

In 2023 and 2022, the Fiscal Officer did not accurately post budgeted receipts and any amendments made to them. Variances existed between the certificate of estimated resources and the amount posted to the accounting system.

	Amo	Amount Per Last Amount Posted Amended To Accounting		ount Posted		
	A			To Accounting		
Fund		Certificate		System	V	ariance
General (2023)	\$	40,756	\$	37,756	\$	3,000
American Rescue (2022)		16,249		16,313		(64)
Other Special Revenue (2022)		-		1,551		(1,551)

Because the information entered into the accounting system was inaccurate, Village management was unable to effectively monitor budgetary activity throughout the year. Adjustments were made to the budgetary activity reported in Note 3 to the financial statements in order to accurately present budgeted receipts as certified by the County Budget Commission.

We recommend the Fiscal Officer record only estimated receipts from the Certificate of Estimated Resources and any amendments to the accounting system.

Client Response: We received no response from the client.

# SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Fully Corrected	Not Corrected, Partially Corrected Significantly Different Corrective Action Taken; or Finding No Longer Valid; Explain:
2021-001	Material Weakness Financial Reporting	No	Not Corrected; Reported as Finding 2023-001
2021-002	Noncompliance ORC 5705.41(D) expenditures not properly certified	No	Not Corrected; Reported as Finding 2023-002
2021-003	Material Weakness Budgetary Postings	No	Not Corrected; Reported as Finding 2023-003



# **VILLAGE OF RUSHVILLE**

### **FAIRFIELD COUNTY**

#### **AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION**

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 8/20/2024

65 East State Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370