

## CITY OF UPPER ARLINGTON, OHIO

SINGLE AUDIT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024



65 East State Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 ContactUs@ohioauditor.gov 800-282-0370

City Council City of Upper Arlington, 3600 Tremont Road Upper Arlington, OH 43221

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditors' Report* of the City of Upper Arlington, Franklin County, prepared by Clark, Schaefer, Hackett & Co., for the audit period January 1, 2024 through December 31, 2024. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The City of Upper Arlington is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

KEITH FABER Ohio Auditor of State

Tiffany L Ridenbaugh, CPA, CFE, CGFM Chief Deputy Auditor

Jany I Ridenbaugh

November 10, 2025



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# CITY OF UPPER ARLINGTON, OHIO FRANKLIN COUNTY, OHIO

## SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

FEDERAL GRANTOR Pass Through Grantor Program / Cluster Title	Federal AL Number	Pass Through Entity Identifying Number	_	Provided to Subrecipients	Total Federal Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE  Passed Through Ohio Department of Natural Resources  Cooperative Forestry Assistance	10.664	n/a			25,000
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture					25,000
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  Direct Award  Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program  Equitable Sharing Program	16.607 16.922	n/a n/a	\$	<u>-</u>	2,700 234,947 237,647
Total U.S. Department of Justice					237,647
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION  Passed Through Ohio Department of Transportation Highway Planning and Construction Program  Total U.S. Department of Transportation	20.205	PID #111991			5,288,790 5,288,790
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY Direct Award:					5,266,790
COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027			-	258,166
Passed Through Ohio Department of Public Safety COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds Total U.S. Department of Treasury	21.027	2022-AR-LEP-1002		<u> </u>	147,395 <b>405,561</b>
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$	<u> </u>	\$5,956,998

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

City of Upper Arlington, Ohio Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended December 31, 2024

#### NOTE 1 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION & SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of Upper Arlington (the City) under programs of the federal government for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024. The information on this Schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements for Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the City, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the City.

#### **NOTE 2 – SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be allowable or may be limited to as to reimbursement.

#### **NOTE 3 - INDIRECT COST RATE**

The City has elected not to use the de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

#### **NOTE 4 - MATCHING REQUIREMENTS**

Certain Federal programs require the City to contribute non-Federal funds (matching funds) to support the Federally-funded programs. The City has met its matching requirements. The Schedule does not include the expenditure of non-Federal matching funds.



# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the City Council
City of Upper Arlington, Ohio:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Upper Arlington, Ohio (the "City"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 30, 2025.

#### Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

#### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Clark, Schaefer, Hackett & Co.

Columbus, Ohio June 30, 2025



# REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM; REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE; AND REPORT ON SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUDIANCE

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To City Council
City of Upper Arlington, Ohio:

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited City of Upper Arlington, Ohio's (the "City"), compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City's major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2024. The City's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2024.

#### Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (Government Auditing Standards); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

#### Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the City's federal programs.

#### Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the City's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design
  and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a
  test basis, evidence regarding City's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to
  above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the City's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order
  to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on
  internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose
  of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.
  Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not

be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

#### Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of and for the year ended December 31, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. We issued our report thereon, dated June 30, 2025, which contained unmodified opinions on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Uniform Guidance and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Clark, Schaefer, Hackett & Co.

Columbus, Ohio June 30, 2025 City of Upper Arlington, Ohio Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended December 31, 2024

#### Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

#### **Financial Statements**

Type of auditors' report issued: Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified not

considered to be material weaknesses?

None Reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

#### Federal Awards

Internal Control over major program:

Material weakness(es) identified?

• Significant deficiency(ies) identified

not considered to be material weaknesses?

None reported

Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs:

Unmodified

Any audit findings that are required to be reported in accordance

with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?

Identification of major programs:

ALN 20.205 - Highway Planning and Construction

Dollar threshold to distinguish between Type A and Type B Programs: \$750,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

Upper Arlington, Ohio Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended December 31, 2024 (continued)

#### **Section II - Financial Statement Findings**

None noted

#### Section III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None noted

# 2024

## ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT





### ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

#### **ISSUED BY:**

# CITY OF UPPER ARLINGTON, OHIO FINANCE DEPARTMENT

# Brent Lewis, CPA Finance Director

Ryan Schneider
Assistant Finance Director

Valerie Piccininni
Purchasing Administrator

Rachel Ottavi Finance Manager

Elizabeth Robinson

Accounting Assistant

Katie Fehlen
Payroll Administrator

Lisa Bolt Fiscal Technician

Melissa Schindel Examiner Lisa Keller Clerk of Court

Christina Merdich Management Analyst





## CITY OF UPPER ARLINGTON FRANKLIN COUNTY, OHIO

# ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

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June 30, 2025

To the Honorable Ukeme Awakessien Jeter and Members of City Council, And to the Citizens of the City of Upper Arlington:

The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) of the City of Upper Arlington, Ohio (City), for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024, is submitted herewith. The report has a complete set of financial statements presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by Clark Schaefer Hackett. The independent auditors' report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditors' report. The MD&A provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements and complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

The City's Finance Department is responsible for management's representations concerning the finances of the City. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal controls that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed its anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

In developing and revising the City's accounting and reporting control systems, consideration is given to the adequacy of internal controls to provide reasonable but not absolute assurance regarding the safeguarding of assets from loss, theft, or misuse and reliability of financial records for preparing the City's financial statements in conformity with GAAP and maintaining accountability for assets. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived, and the evaluation of costs and benefits require estimates and judgments by management.

As management, we believe the data presented is accurate in all material aspects and that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to acquire the maximum understanding of the City's financial activity have been included.

#### **Profile of the Government**

Upper Arlington was founded March 20, 1918. On February 8, 1941, the City of Upper Arlington was organized as a home-rule, Municipal Corporation organized under the laws of the State of Ohio. The City covers 9.77 square miles, located just northwest of downtown Columbus. The City operates under a Council-Manager form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety; public service; parks and recreation; and community development.

As required by GAAP, the accompanying financial statements include all the organizations, activities and functions in which the City (primary government) and its component unit exercise financial accountability. The City no longer

reports the Upper Arlington Community Improvement Corporation (CIC) as a discretely presented component unit, since it was approved for dissolution by the Upper Arlington City Council on April 15, 2024.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City's financial planning and control. The City complies with the requirements of the Ohio Revised Code in the adoption of the budget. Appropriations for the operation of various City departments are established through the passage of an ordinance by City Council. Budgetary control is facilitated through the maintenance of an encumbrance system for purchase orders, and through the use of the City's automated financial system. The Council is required to hold public hearings on the proposed budget and to adopt the budget by no later than December 31, at the close of the City's fiscal year.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, (e.g., General Fund), department (e.g., Police) and line item (e.g., Personal Services). The City Council may pass supplemental appropriations at any time by ordinance. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for each individual governmental fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted. The General Fund is presented in the required supplementary section, beginning on page 90. For governmental funds, other than the General Fund, with appropriated annual budgets, this comparison is presented in the governmental fund subsection of this report, which starts on page 96.

#### **Factors Affecting Financial Condition**

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the City operates.

#### **Local Economy**

Economic growth in the Columbus region remains strong, ranking as one of the fastest growing metropolitan areas in the Midwest. This regional strength is reflected in Upper Arlington, with the City experiencing continued growth. Within the business and development arena, the Economic Development Office continued its focus on efforts to attract and grow a mix of professional office and medical users to strengthen and diversify the overall business base.

In 2024, the Office continued its focus on implementation of its strategic plan, the Economic Development Blueprint, developed in 2021 to help guide efforts over the next five-10 years. The Blueprint maps out four key strategic focus areas designed to address identified gaps and challenges, blended with economic development best practices, while also being mindful of Upper Arlington's unique makeup: Business Attraction & Retention; Development/Redevelopment; Entrepreneurship/Innovation; Livability & Sustainability.

Several significant projects progressed over the course of the year, including:

- The Kingsdale redevelopment project made substantial progress, with the Kingston a seven-story building
  fronting Northwest Boulevard completed. This project includes five floors of 325 one- and two-bedroom
  apartments, eight townhomes along Northwest Boulevard, and a two-story parking garage that includes
  public parking for the Community Center.
- Also part of the Kingsdale redevelopment project, construction of the Bob Crane Community Center continued on schedule throughout 2024, with The Ohio State University Wexner Medical Center (OSUWMC) committed to lease 33,400 square feet of space on the second and third levels for an initial period of 15 years, generating in excess of \$1 million per year in rental fees and more than \$175,000 per year in income tax withholdings.
- Completion of renovations to 1480 W. Lane Avenue, a 55,000-square-feet, three-story office building now owned and occupied by OhioHealth's Neuroscience/Neurology Center.

- Substantial completion of the Barrington School daycare facility on Northwest Boulevard by the Kingsdale Shopping Center.
- The start of construction for Scioto Villas 15 high-end condominium townhomes on Fishinger Road, close to Riverside Drive.

In 2024, the combined review and inspection of commercial and residential construction projects generated a construction value of \$191 million, placing 2024 among the highest in the community's history, and helping to generate a construction value of approximately \$1.2 billion over the past five years.

#### **Long-term Financial Planning**

The City of Upper Arlington's Master Plan, first adopted in 2001—and updated and re-adopted in 2013—serves as the community's vision for its future, and comprehensively addresses a wide range of goals and considerations within the areas of land use, housing, community facilities and appearance, economic development, transportation and infrastructure, technology, sustainability, and implementation. The goal of the Master Plan is to preserve and enhance the community's quality of life, while assuring fiscal stability over the long term.

A significant portion of the City's role in reinvesting in Upper Arlington is to protect those investments already made as the community grew and took shape over the course of many decades—our underground and surface infrastructure, public facilities and parks. The City remains committed to improving its aging infrastructure through its Capital Improvement Program (CIP). The most recent Capital Improvement Program is a 10-year plan of approximately \$166 million for years 2025 through 2034.

Funds generated from a voter approved 0.5% increase in the income tax rate that took effect January 2015 are restricted to the City's Capital Improvement Program, providing a long-term, critical funding source. With this funding source in place, the City is continuing to use the adopted financial and debt policies for capital investments, which call for the Capital Improvement Program to be funded using a combination of cash and financing. The City issues general obligation bonds for financing capital improvement projects. The bonds are primarily paid with income tax receipts. In addition to the 0.5%, the City Council approved setting aside an additional 8% of the income tax to retire existing debt. For 2024, \$13.5 million of the \$48.3 million in income tax revenues can be attributed to the tax increase, representing an 8% increase from the previous year.

#### **Relevant Financial Policies**

A debt policy was adopted on September 8, 2003, to establish conditions for the use of debt and to create policies that minimize the City's debt service and issuance costs, retain the highest credit rating and maintain full and complete financial disclosure and reporting.

In addition, City financial policies dictate that a reserve will be maintained in the Unrestricted Fund Balance at a level for meeting the day-to-day obligations of the City equal to 30% of the General Fund operating budget.

#### **Major Initiatives**

For the 16th consecutive time, the City achieved exceptional financial ratings from two national agencies for two bond issuances. For an issuance of special obligation nontax revenue bonds to fund construction of the leasable office portion of the Bob Crane Community Center, S&P Global assigned its top AAA rating and Moody's Investor Service assigned the second highest rating of Aa1. S&P Global also assigned a AAA rating for the City's other outstanding nontax revenue bonds, while Moody's Investors Service affirmed the City's AAA rating on previously issued General Obligation Bonds. Both agencies opined on the City's strong operating fund balance and excellent credit profile,

highlighted by a strong tax base, above average resident incomes and ties with the Columbus metropolitan economy. Achieving the highest possible rating is an accomplishment that speaks to exceptional fiscal policies and oversight that translates to significant interest rate savings when we issue bonds to support capital projects.

In 2024, the City transitioned into the second decade of its 10-year Capital Improvement Program. This included:

- Full street reconstruction projects on sections of nine streets.
- Fishinger Road Phase 2 Improvements, completing a significant transformation of this east/west connector. The project cost of \$8.3 million has been offset by up to \$5.5 million in grant monies from MORPC's attributable funds program.
- Street maintenance work on sections of 17 streets.
- Waterline replacements on sections of Bramford and Walhaven roads, and Overdale Drive.
- Construction of a single story parking deck at the north end of the Giant Eagle parking lot at Kingsdale, to serve the Bob Crane Community Center and surrounding businesses.
- A series of safety improvements to school zone markings and curb ramps.
- The replacement of approximately 60 fire hydrants.

#### Parks capital projects included:

- The next phase of Northam Park improvements, which were completed in the Winter of 2025, featuring nine state-of-the-art clay tennis courts with an underground irrigation system, a new service building with improved storage and year-round restrooms accessible to all park users, as well as various shade structures, six pickleball courts, enhanced pathway connections, new trees and landscaping improvements.
- A master planning process for Fancyburg Park that has continued into 2025, featuring several phases of community engagement. It is anticipated that a new service facility will be constructed in 2026, with the bulk of the work undertaken in 2027-28.
- A design study for the Devon Pool toddler area, the last component to undergo renovations, with construction expected to begin immediately following the 2025 outdoor pool season.
- A new playground at Thompson Park.

Throughout 2024, the Bob Crane Community Center remained a top priority, with the facility opening in early April 2025. This centrally located facility promises to meet the health, wellness, recreational and fitness needs of our community for decades to come. At a total budget of \$85 million, funding for the Community Center has been made possible through a combination of sources:

- Up to \$55 million in income tax revenue bonds, to be repaid through Tax Increment Financing (TIF) funds, and other revenue sources generated by the new Kingsdale Development.
- A \$13 million bond issuance to finance space for the Ohio State University Wexner Medical Center.
- \$14 million in existing City cash.
- \$8 million in private funding, thanks to the Upper Arlington Community Foundation's Community Center Capital Campaign.
- A State grant of \$.45 million.

Thanks to a series of lower construction costs than budgeted, the City was able to invest in solar rooftop panels. The panels are projected to result in annual savings of more than \$50,000, and an estimated carbon offset of 215 metric tons translates to the equivalent of removing every diesel-powered vehicle owned by the City from the road each year.

In 2024, the City embarked on the "Envision Henderson" West Henderson Road Vision Plan. Led by MKSK, a local community planning and urban design firm, the study was initiated following zoning updates in 2022, within the office district centered around Arlington Centre Boulevard. The study runs from Stonehaven Drive/Chevy Chase Court on the west, to Reed Road on the east, an area that represents the last major business district within the City with potential for significant change, similar to what has occurred on Lane Avenue and at Kingsdale. The study generated extensive input, with participation from more than 800 residents and stakeholders. Feedback to concepts for improving roadway safety and aesthetics, creating a northern gateway, facilitating live + work neighborhood redevelopment opportunities, and expanding sidewalk and trail connections were all positively received. The final report and recommendations were presented to City Council over the Winter. Concurrently, to help make the emerging vision a reality, the City worked with the City of Columbus to assume ownership of this portion of the roadway, a critical first step for developing and implementing a capital investment schedule for the corridor.

The City launched an Upper Arlington Electric Aggregation Program early in 2024 for eligible households and businesses, following an extensive review and community engagement process in 2023. The City joined with the Sustainable Ohio Public Energy Council (SOPEC) to administer the program on the City's behalf. SOPEC serves many communities across Ohio, with a collective buying power representative of one of the largest customers in the State. The default rate of 7.203 cents per kWh is for the provision of electricity derived from renewable energy sources. A "Brown Energy" option is available with a price of 6.903 cents per kWh. For comparison purposes, at the time of locking in the program, the AEP Ohio standard service rate was 10.910 cents per kWh.

Efforts to advance Upper Arlington as a welcoming community continued in 2024. The Community Relations Committee (CRC) expanded its UA Welcome Series, featuring programs and events focused on welcoming and connecting new and newer residents with community resources. The 2024 CRC Innovation Small Grants Program provided grants for Leadership UA's Non-Profit Governance Workshop, the UA Culture and Artisans Fair, the High School's hUmAn Connection Festival, the Civic Association's Neighbors Night Out event, the Historical Society's History Speaks Series, and Equal UA's Porch Parties.

The City enacted amendments to its non-discrimination ordinance to include source of income protections for housing rentals. The provision prohibits landlords from discriminating against renters who rely on and report income sources other than employment income – such as child or spousal support, loan programs, Veterans benefits and social security income – when seeking to rent property. Source of income discrimination by landlords is not prohibited under the U.S. Federal Fair Housing Act of 1968 or under Ohio fair housing laws. As a result, source of income provisions are being instituted at the local level, and real estate search websites like Zillow often include source of income protection provisions as part of a community's profile. A study by the Franklin County Office of Justice and Policy Programs found that within UA's three zip codes, 19% of renters are older adults, approximately 150 households receive disability income, 550 of the community's Veterans have a disability, and 1,200 children live in single-family households that often rely on child or spousal support. This legislation will help ensure that these community members are afforded the same opportunities as individuals or families who report wage income when seeking to rent property in UA.

The Fire Division expanded resources for its nationally recognized community paramedicine program – UA CARES – with the deployment of two vehicles, each staffed by dedicated community paramedics five days a week to further the City's commitment to providing exceptional healthcare and social support. This move came in response to the growing demand for accessible healthcare and social services. UA CARES is a collaboration of efforts between Fire, EMS, and Police personnel, ensuring a swift response to urgent needs as they are identified by first responders, and providing crucial support in times of crisis.

Following a 2022-23 study, the Fire Division contracted with AP Triton, LLC to develop a strategic plan to address shifting fire and emergency medical service needs and changing risk factors, as well as the community's continued growth – especially in the City's commercial districts. The plan addresses staffing and equipment adjustments, and realignment with the division's regional partners.

#### Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded the 37th consecutive Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Upper Arlington for its annual comprehensive report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023.

To be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized annual comprehensive financial report. This report must satisfy both GAAP and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current annual comprehensive financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Additionally, the City received its 19th consecutive Award for Outstanding Achievement in Popular Annual Financial Reporting from GFOA for the 2023 Popular Annual Financial Report. The Award for Outstanding Achievement in Popular Annual Financial Reporting is a prestigious national award recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government popular reports.

In order to receive an Award for Outstanding Achievement in Popular Annual Financial Reporting, a government unit must publish a Popular Annual Financial Report, whose contents conform to program standards of creativity, presentation, understandability, and reader appeal.

An Award for Outstanding Achievement in Popular Annual Financial Reporting is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current report continues to conform to the Popular Annual Financial Reporting requirements, and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another Award.

The preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the efficient and dedicated efforts of the entire Staff of the Finance Department. We wish to express our appreciation to everyone who contributed to its preparation.

Respectfully submitted,

Brent Lewis Finance Director Steve Schoeny City Manager

8-18-



#### Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

## City of Upper Arlington Ohio

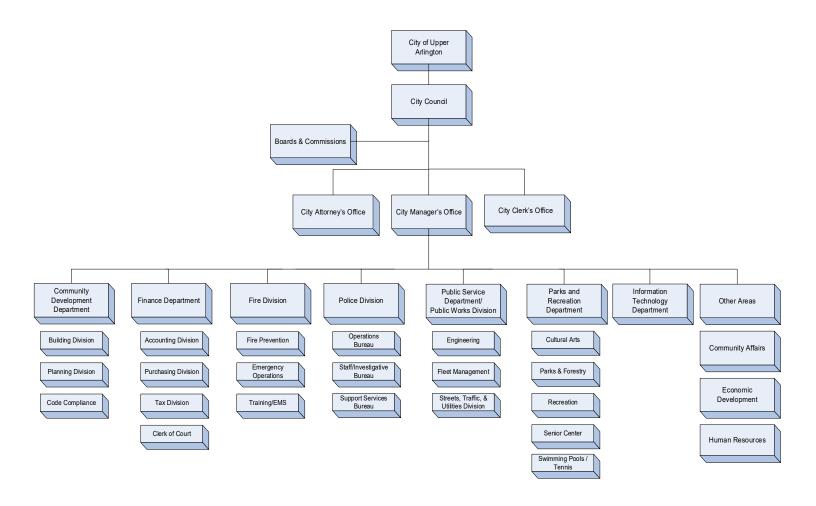
For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2023

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

#### CITY OF UPPER ARLINGTON, OHIO ORGANIZATIONAL CHART For the Year Ended December 31, 2024



# CITY OF UPPER ARLINGTON, OHIO LIST OF CITY OFFICIALS

#### December 31, 2024

#### **City Council**

President/Mayor Ukeme Awakessien Jeter
Vice President/Vice Mayor Brian C. Close
Council Member Kathy Adams
Council Member John Kulewicz
Council Member Heidi Munc

#### **Appointed Officials**

**Todd Walter** 

Council Member

City Manager Steven Schoeny
City Attorney Darren Shulman
City Clerk Krystal Gonchar

**Executive Staff** Assistant City Manager Jacolyn Thiel Finance Director **Brent Lewis** Fire Division Chief Christopher Zimmer Parks and Recreation Director Deborah McLaughlin Police Division Chief Keith Hall Gary Wilfong Public Services Director City Engineer Aaron Scott Donald Essex Human Resources Director Community Development Director Chad Gibson Community Affairs Director Emma Speight Information Technology Director Jeffrey Kasson







#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**

To the City Manager and City Council City of Upper Arlington, Ohio:

#### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Upper Arlington, Ohio (the "City"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of December 31, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government* 

Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
  procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
  in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
  opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
  expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant
  accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the
  financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, General Fund budgetary schedule, and schedules of net pension and OPEB liabilities/(assets) and pension and OPEB contributions, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and

relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical section but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 30, 2025 on our consideration of the City of Upper Arlington's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Upper Arlington internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Clark, Schaefer, Hackett & Co.

Columbus, Ohio June 30, 2025



#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024 (UNAUDITED)

As management of the City of Upper Arlington (the City), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Upper Arlington for the year ended December 31, 2024. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found at the front of this report.

#### **Financial Highlights**

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent year by \$242,737,106 (net position).
- The City's total net position increased by \$38,855,799.
- At the end of the current year, the unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$51,503,657.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This management's discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the basic financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

#### Government-wide financial statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad view of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the City's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference being reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the cash flows. Thus, revenue and expenses reported in this statement for some items will only result in cash flows for future periods (e.g., uncollected taxes, and earned-but-unused vacation leave).

The government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees or charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include public safety, general government, public services, parks and recreation, and community development. The business-type activities of the City include five enterprise activities: a sanitary sewer system, a stormwater system, a water management system, solid waste collection, and three swimming pool facilities.

#### **Fund financial statements**

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024 (UNAUDITED)

#### Governmental funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on the near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements.

By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in funds balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City of Upper Arlington maintains 32 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund, Bonded Improvement Fund, and the Infrastructure Improvement Fund, all of which are considered major funds. Data from the other 28 governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* in the supplemental section of this report.

#### **Proprietary funds**

The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its water, sanitary sewer, stormwater, swimming pools, and solid waste collection operations. *Internal service* funds are an accounting devise used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City maintains two internal service funds to recover costs and pay premiums for employee health and dental benefits; and to recover costs and pay premiums for workers' compensation benefits.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Water Surcharge, Sanitary Sewer Surcharge, Stormwater, Swimming Pools, and Solid Waste funds, which are considered to be major funds of the City. Additionally, the internal service funds are presented in the proprietary fund financial statements in one column.

#### Fiduciary funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024 (UNAUDITED)

#### **Government-wide Financial Analysis**

The table below provides a comparative summary of the City's net position at December 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023.

#### **Net Position**

Accepte	Governmental Activities 2024	Governmental Activities 2023	Business-type Activities 2024	Business-type Activities 2023	Total 2024	Total <u>2023</u>
Assets Current and other assets	\$ 195,696,091	\$ 218,644,884	\$ 12,304,598	\$ 11,537,583	\$ 208,000,689	\$ 230,182,467
Net OPEB asset	498,577	\$ 210,044,004	66,573	\$ 11,337,365	565,150	\$ 230,162,407
Capital assets, net	290,746,497	230,331,646	68,042,997	60,436,634	358,789,494	290,768,280
Total assets	486,941,165	448,976,530	80,414,168	71,974,217	567,355,333	520,950,747
Deferred Outflows of Resources						
Deferred charges	292,087	364,511	-	-	292,087	364,511
Pension and OPEB	18,139,941	24,204,552	699,407	1,152,306	18,839,348	25,356,858
Total deferred outflows of resources	18,432,028	24,569,063	699,407	1,152,306	19,131,435	25,721,369
Liabilities						
Current liabilities	19,080,698	16,789,517	1,041,102	475,074	20,121,800	17,264,591
Long-term liabilities:	1,,000,000	10,700,617	1,0 .1,102	.,,,,,	20,121,000	17,20.,031
Due in one year	9,712,693	9,876,577	177,720	155,013	9,890,413	10,031,590
Due in more than one year:			,		, ,	
Net pension liability	56,135,230	60,698,510	1,901,237	2,304,536	58,036,467	63,003,046
Net OPEB liability	3,166,227	3,668,972	-	49,517	3,166,227	3,718,489
Other amounts	213,681,799	219,199,142	1,291,376	1,336,438	214,973,175	220,535,580
Total liabilities	301,776,647	310,232,718	4,411,435	4,320,578	306,188,082	314,553,296
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Property taxes and PILOTs	20,908,218	18,249,138	-	-	20,908,218	18,249,138
Leases	9,806,902	498,032	-	-	9,806,902	498,032
Pensions and OPEB	6,720,080	5,841,760	126,380	57,162	6,846,460	5,898,922
Total deferred inflows of resources	37,435,200	24,588,930	126,380	57,162	37,561,580	24,646,092
Net Position						
Net investment in capital assets	109,023,393	84,571,130	66,714,769	59,012,449	175,738,162	143,583,579
Restricted	66,008,034	55,918,517	66,573	- -	66,074,607	55,918,517
Unrestricted (deficit)	(8,870,081)	(1,765,702)	9,794,418	9,736,334	924,337	7,970,632
Total net position	\$ 166,161,346	\$ 138,723,945	\$ 76,575,760	\$ 68,748,783	\$ 242,737,106	\$ 207,472,728

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024 (UNAUDITED)

A contributing factor to the increase in cash and investments was the issuance of bonds related to the Bonded Improvement Fund. These bond issuances increased other long-term liabilities significantly.

Capital assets, net, increased significantly in comparison with the prior year-end. This increase represents the amount in which capital asset acquisitions exceeded current year depreciation expense.

A large portion of the City's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, construction in progress, buildings, improvements other than buildings, machinery and equipment, intangible right-to-use assets and infrastructure); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding plus any significant unspent bond proceeds. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; therefore, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the City's net position represents resources that are subject to restrictions on how they may be used.

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#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024 (UNAUDITED)

#### **Governmental activities**

During 2024, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 101 (See Note 2). For the table below, the implementation has been reported as a change in accounting principle. The table below provides a comparative analysis of changes in net position for 2024 and 2023:

#### **Change in Net Position**

Revenues.	Governmental Activities 2024	Governmental Activities 2023	Business-type Activities 2024	Business-type Activities 2023	Total <u>2024</u>	Total <u>2023</u>
Program revenues:						
Charges for services and sales	\$ 4,755,238	\$ 6,324,342	\$ 8,073,812	\$ 7,866,898	\$ 12,829,050	\$ 14,191,240
Operating grants and contributions	3,212,740	3,714,934	49,611	-	3,262,351	3,714,934
Capital grants and contributions	5,439,795	4,418,211	35,425	-	5,475,220	4,418,211
Total program revenues	13,407,773	14,457,487	8,158,848	7,866,898	21,566,621	22,324,385
General revenues:						
Property and other taxes	14,680,194	12,325,648	_	_	14,680,194	12,325,648
Income taxes	48,531,752	46,138,338	_	_	48,531,752	46,138,338
Payment in lieu of taxes	4,159,248	4,232,045	_	_	4,159,248	4,232,045
Unrestricted grants and entitlements	3,561,935	3,329,335	_	_	3,561,935	3,329,335
Unrestricted investment earnings	7,458,553	7,808,717	241,628	473,783	7,700,181	8,282,500
Other	7,520,103	7,688,782	27,485	59,402	7,547,588	7,748,184
Other	7,320,103	7,000,702	27,403	39,402	7,547,566	7,740,104
Total general revenues	85,911,785	81,522,865	269,113	533,185	86,180,898	82,056,050
Total revenues	99,319,558	95,980,352	8,427,961	8,400,083	107,747,519	104,380,435
Expenses						
General government	13,398,142	13,580,578	-	-	13,398,142	13,580,578
Public Safety	21,216,445	25,366,635	-	-	21,216,445	25,366,635
Public Services	10,649,997	10,262,995	-	-	10,649,997	10,262,995
Parks and recreation	5,854,629	5,564,048	-	-	5,854,629	5,564,048
Community development	1,393,740	1,307,250	-	-	1,393,740	1,307,250
Interest	7,785,392	7,982,920	-	-	7,785,392	7,982,920
Enterprise operations						
Solid waste	-	-	3,937,560	3,716,505	3,937,560	3,716,505
Water surcharge	-	-	1,032,642	933,748	1,032,642	933,748
Sanitary sewer surcharge	_	_	1,352,368	1,099,994	1,352,368	1,099,994
Stormwater	_	_	1,046,367	1,030,162	1,046,367	1,030,162
Swimming pools	-	-	1,224,438	1,355,499	1,224,438	1,355,499
Total expenses	60,298,345	64,064,426	8,593,375	8,135,908	68,891,720	72,200,334
Excess (deficiency) before transfers	39,021,213	31,915,926	(165,414)	264,175	38,855,799	32,180,101
Transfers	(8,101,770)	(5,622,972)	8,101,770	5,622,972		<u>-</u> _
Change in net position	30,919,443	26,292,954	7,936,356	5,887,147	38,855,799	32,180,101
Net position as previously reported	138,723,945	112,430,991	68,748,783	62,861,636	207,472,728	175,292,627
Restatement - change in accounting principle	(3,482,042)		(109,379)		(3,591,421)	
Net position at beginning of year, restated	135,241,903	112,430,991	68,639,404	62,861,636	203,881,307	175,292,627
Net position at end of year					\$ 242,737,106	
net position at end of year	\$ 166,161,346	\$ 138,723,945	\$ 76,575,760	\$ 68,748,783	φ 242,/3/,100	\$ 207,472,728

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024 (UNAUDITED)

Governmental activities net position and general revenues increased during 2024. This was primarily due to a large increase in income tax revenue accompanied by large increases in unrestricted investment earnings and other.

Charges for services revenues decreased slightly while operating grants and contributions increased slightly in comparison with the prior year. Income tax revenue has increased due to an increase in business within the City. Unrestricted investment earnings have decreased slightly due to fair value adjustment decreases in 2024.

See financial highlights for explanation of significant increases in expenses.

#### **Business-type activities**

Business-type activities increased the City's net position. The key element of the increase was the current year subsidies and transfers of capital assets from governmental sources.

#### Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

**Governmental funds**. The focus of the City's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the year.

	Fu	and Balance	Fι	ınd Balance		Percentage
	Dec	ember 31, 2024	Dec	ember 31, 2023	Change	Change
General fund	\$	96,049,233	\$	77,609,673	\$ 18,439,560	23.76%
General obligation bond retirement		315,715		2,605,287	(2,289,572)	-87.88%
Bonded improvement		10,506,178		57,184,693	(46,678,515)	-81.63%
Infrastructure improvement		13,691,646		21,833,345	(8,141,699)	-37.29%
Other governmental		11,414,197		10,299,736	 1,114,461	10.82%
Total	\$	131,976,969	\$	169,532,734	\$ (37,555,765)	-22.15%

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. The increase in the General Fund was primarily the result of an increase in municipal income tax revenue and an increase in investment income, as previously mentioned.

The decrease in the General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund was primarily the result of more premiums for the bond issuance for the Community Center project being outweighed by expenditures in the current year.

The decrease in the Bonded Improvement Fund was primarily the result of capital outlay greatly outweighing the investment income received during the current year.

The decrease in the Infrastructure Improvement fund is due to expenditures outweighing the transfers and revenues collected in the current year.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024 (UNAUDITED)

#### **Proprietary funds**

The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the business-type activities of the government-wide financial statements, with the exception of the allocation of the internal service fund net position and related net income, but in more detail. Amounts at December 31, 2023 have been restated as described in Note 2.

					Res	tatement -					
				Restated	C	hange in	N	let position			
	N	let Position	N	et Position	Αc	ecounting	as	previously			Percentage
	<u>1</u>	12/31/2024	<u>1</u>	12/31/2023	I	Principle		reported	<u>(</u>	<u>Change</u>	<u>Change</u>
Solid waste	\$	2,091,962	\$	1,936,997	\$	-	\$	1,936,997	\$	154,965	8.00%
Water surcharge		24,832,321		19,220,467		(22,583)		19,243,050		5,611,854	29.20%
Sanitary sewer surcharge		18,260,453		16,939,693		(69,632)		17,009,325		1,320,760	7.80%
Stormwater		20,525,966		19,459,300		(2,471)		19,461,771		1,066,666	5.48%
Swimming pools		10,707,610		10,938,433		(14,693)	_	10,953,126	_	(230,823)	-2.11%
Total	\$	76,418,312	\$	68,494,890	\$	(109,379)	\$	68,604,269	\$	7,923,422	11.57%

The water surcharge and sanitary sewer surcharge funds saw significant increases due to capital contributions from the governmental funds for completed construction in progress.

#### **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

#### Capital assets

The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of December 31, 2024, amounts to \$358,789,494, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment, infrastructure, intangible right-to-use assets and construction in progress. The City's overall investment in capital assets, increased \$68,021,214.

#### Major capital asset events during the current year included the following:

- □ Key construction-in-progress infrastructure projects included: The City continued to invest in the 10-year capital improvements plan for its aging infrastructure. Construction, engineering and studies for street, waterline, and stormwater projects that have begun and will continue into future years include: park improvements, a community center, street maintenance and street reconstruction programs, and various other street, waterline, bridge, sewer, and stormwater projects.
- □ Key completed construction and infrastructure projects included: park renovations, street maintenance and street reconstruction programs, traffic signal replacements, and stormwater projects.

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 5 to the basic financial statements.

#### Long-term debt

At the end of the current year, the City had total debt outstanding of \$204,639,492. This includes general obligation bonds, special obligation non-tax revenue bonds, OPWC loans, direct borrowing loans, leases payable, Subscription Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs) payable, and notes payable - finance purchases. The general obligation bonds are backed by the full faith and credit of the City. The City's special obligation bonds are limited special revenue obligations of the City, payable solely from nontax revenues.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024 (UNAUDITED)

During the current year, the City's total bonded debt decreased approximately \$9.58 million.

The City has received an "Aaa" rating from Moody's and an "AAA" rating from Standard & Poor's for general obligation debt. These are the highest ratings available, and Upper Arlington is one of a small number of Ohio communities to have achieved this distinction.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 7 to the basic financial statements.

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

As previously mentioned, the City saw higher/lower than expected municipal income tax revenues during 2024. This prompted the City to increase/decrease its original General Fund revenues and other financing sources estimates as actual revenues and other financing sources exceeded expectations. In correlation with this increase/decrease, as well as additional transfers to the General Obligation Bond Retirement and the Infrastructure Improvement funds for debt payments and capital projects, the City also increased/decreased original appropriations. The City's continued practice of conservative budgeting resulted in actual expenditures being significantly higher/lower than the final estimated appropriations and financing uses.

#### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates**

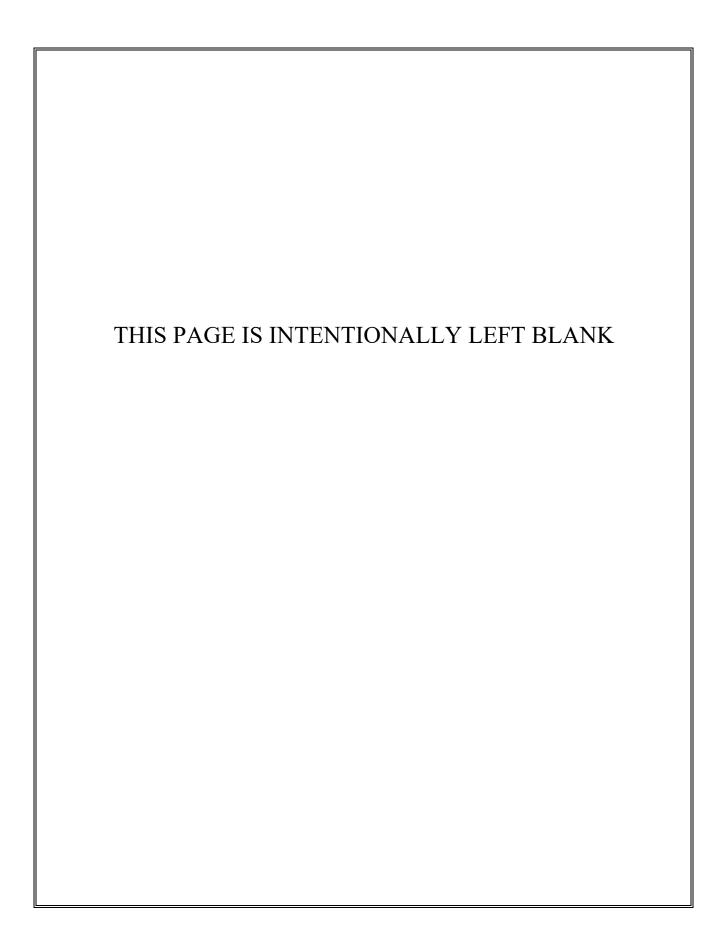
- □ In 2024, Upper Arlington's average unemployment rate was 3.7%, which is slightly higher/lower than the state's average unemployment rate of 4.40%.
- □ In 2024, the median household income in Upper Arlington was \$150,993. This amount has increased from the 2023 amount of \$144,705 and is significantly higher than the state's average of \$67,769.
- The Arlington Gateway project at the southeast corner of Lane Avenue and North Star Road made substantial progress with both businesses and residents starting to take up occupancy by the late fall of 2024. This project includes ground floor retail and restaurant uses, 225 apartments on five floors, and an additional five floors with 139,000 square feet of office space, along with structured parking. When fully occupied, it is projected that the commercial and professional office spaces will generate more than \$500,000 in annual income for the city.
- □ Throughout 2024, a significant focus was placed on the completion of the Bob Crane Community Center (BCCC) at Kingsdale, which opened for business in April 2025. More than six years in the making, the centrally located BCCC promises to meet the health, wellness, recreational and fitness needs of our community for decades to come. At a total budget of \$85 million, funding for the Community Center has been made possible through a combination of sources, including bonds, existing cash, and private donations.
  - A simple fee structure has been established for the services provided at the BCCC that is favorable to UA residents and those employed in the community, incentivizes memberships and provides a framework for possible adjustments if needed. Additional fees and policies are in place for areas such as the child watch facility, e-sports and programs. fees, rental packages and policies are also set for various spaces, including the Level 5 Event Center, gymnasiums, meeting rooms, pool, party room and e-sports. Approximately 116 part-time employees were hired to help run the BCCC.
- The Kingsdale area has gone through significant redevelopment over the past couple of years that has both generated income for the City and contributed to the construction of the BCCC. The Coventry a seven-story senior housing building with 142 independent and assisted living units, with a 6,000 square foot restaurant on the ground floor was completed by the end of summer 2023. In 2024, the Kingston which consists of five floors of 325 one- and two-bedroom apartments, two amenity courtyards, eight townhomes, and a two-story parking garage that will include public parking for the Community Center was completed.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024 (UNAUDITED)

- □ The City launched an Upper Arlington Electric Aggregation Program early in 2024 for eligible households and businesses, following an extensive review and community engagement process in 2023. The city has joined with the Sustainable Ohio Public Energy Council (SOPEC) to administer the program on the City's behalf. SOPEC serves many communities across Ohio, with a collective buying power representative of one of the largest customers in the State. The default rate of 7.203 cents per kWh is for the provision of electricity derived from renewable energy sources. A "Brown Energy" option is available with a price of 6.903 cents per kWh. For comparison purposes, at the time of locking in the program, the AEP Ohio standard service rate was 10.910 cents per kWh.
- During the current year, the unencumbered fund balance in the General Fund operating account increased \$7.2 million to a fund balance of \$42 million. The City has appropriated \$54.6 million for General Fund account operating expenditures and \$18.9 million in fund transfers the 2025 budget, which includes the 2025 budgeted revenues of \$69 million.
- ☐ Health insurance costs have stabilized after several large increases in the past couple of years resulting from inflation, increased post-COVID usage, and several large claimants. The city made minor adjustments to the plan for 2025 and continues its efforts to contain costs by requiring employed spouses to be secondary to the City's health care

#### **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Finance Director, 3600 Tremont Road, Upper Arlington, Ohio, 43221. This report is also available on the City's website at <a href="https://upperarlingtonoh.gov">https://upperarlingtonoh.gov</a>.



### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2024

	G	Sovernmental Activities	F	Business-type Activities	 Total
Assets:					
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	139,056,768	\$	11,020,971	\$ 150,077,739
Cash with fiscal and escrow agents		12,614		-	12,614
Receivables:					
Income taxes		12,305,510		-	12,305,510
Real and other taxes		14,819,209		1.047.276	14,819,209
Accounts		3,029,757		1,047,376	4,077,133
Special assessments		1,551,311		70.402	1,551,311
Accrued interest		869,859		79,402	949,261
Payment in lieu of taxes		6,728,074		-	6,728,074
Due from other governments		6,442,211		-	6,442,211
Leases Materials and supplies inventory		10,291,467		-	10,291,467
Net OPEB asset		240,435		-	240,435
Assets held for resale		498,577		66,573	565,150
Internal balance		505,725		156 940	505,725
		(156,849)		156,849	-
Capital assets:		04 594 702		1 226 572	05 921 275
Non-depreciable/amortizable capital assets Depreciable/amortizable capital assets, net		94,584,702		1,236,573	95,821,275
Total capital assets, net	-	196,161,795 290,746,497		66,806,424	 262,968,219
Total assets Total assets	-	486,941,165		68,042,997 80,414,168	 358,789,494 567,355,333
Total assets		400,941,103		00,414,100	 307,333,333
Deferred outflows of resources:					
Unamortized deferred charges on debt refunding		292,087		-	292,087
Pension		16,011,414		639,305	16,650,719
OPEB		2,128,527		60,102	 2,188,629
Total deferred outflows of resources		18,432,028		699,407	 19,131,435
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable		1,603,966		969,818	2,573,784
Contracts payable		10,219,112		-	10,219,112
Retainage payable		3,096,343		12,511	3,108,854
Accrued wages and benefits payable		1,178,193		46,086	1,224,279
Compensated absences payable		532,198		-	532,198
Due to other governments		684,202		12,687	696,889
Accrued interest payable		679,843		-	679,843
Unearned revenue		1,086,841		-	1,086,841
Long-term liabilities:					
Due within one year		9,712,693		177,720	9,890,413
Due greater than one year:					
Net Pension Liability		56,135,230		1,901,237	58,036,467
Net OPEB Liability		3,166,227		-	3,166,227
Other amounts due in more than one year		213,681,799		1,291,376	 214,973,175
Total liabilities		301,776,647		4,411,435	 306,188,082
Deferred inflows of resources:		20.000.210			20.000.210
Property taxes and PILOTs levied for the next fiscal year		20,908,218		-	20,908,218
Leases		9,806,902		-	9,806,902
Pension		3,497,546		86,334	3,583,880
OPEB	-	3,222,534		40,046	 3,262,580
Total deferred inflows of resources		37,435,200		126,380	 37,561,580
Net position:					
Net investment in capital assets		109,023,393		66,714,769	175,738,162
Restricted for:					
Capital projects		27,618,134		-	27,618,134
Street maintenance and repair		1,890,745		-	1,890,745
Law enforcement and education		2,439,364		-	2,439,364
Pension and OPEB obligations		498,577		66,573	565,150
Visitor's bureau		580,670		-	580,670
Other purposes		32,971,321		-	32,971,321
Unrestricted (deficit)		(8,860,858)		9,794,418	 933,560
Total net position	\$	166,161,346	\$	76,575,760	\$ 242,737,106

## STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

		Program Revenues							
	 Expenses		Charges for ices and Sales	_	rating Grants Contributions		pital Grants Contributions		
Governmental activities:									
General government	\$ 13,398,142	\$	525,189	\$	5,457	\$	-		
Public safety	21,216,445		633,816		300		-		
Public service	10,649,997		264,503		3,186,858		5,439,795		
Community development	1,393,740		1,774,477		-		-		
Parks and recreation	5,854,629		1,557,253		20,125		-		
Interest	7,785,392		-		-		-		
Total governmental activities	60,298,345		4,755,238		3,212,740		5,439,795		
<b>Business-type activities:</b>									
Solid Waste	3,937,560		3,936,728		49,611		-		
Water Surcharge	1,032,642		895,291		-		26,660		
Sanitary Sewer Surcharge	1,352,368		1,478,612		-		8,765		
Stormwater	1,046,367		766,837		-		-		
Swimming Pools	1,224,438		996,344		-		-		
Total business-type activities	 8,593,375		8,073,812		49,611		35,425		
Total	\$ 68,891,720	\$	12,829,050	\$	3,262,351	\$	5,475,220		

#### **General revenues:**

Property taxes levied for:

General purposes

Income taxes levied for:

General purposes

Permissive taxes for street maintenance

Hotel taxes

Payments in lieu of taxes

Grants and entitlements not restricted

to specific programs

Investment earnings

Miscellaneous

Total general revenues

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net position

Net position at beginning of year, as previously reported

Restatement - change in accounting principle

Net position at beginning of year, restated

Net position at end of year

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

G	overnmental Activities	В	usiness-type Activities		Total
ď	(12.967.406)	¢.		¢	(12.967.406)
\$	(12,867,496) (20,582,329)	\$	-	\$	(12,867,496)
			-		(20,582,329)
	(1,758,841) 380,737		-		(1,758,841) 380,737
	(4,277,251)		-		(4,277,251)
	(7,785,392)		-		(7,785,392)
	(46,890,572)		<u>-</u> _		(46,890,572)
	(40,070,372)				(40,070,372)
	-		48,779		48,779
	-		(110,691)		(110,691)
	-		135,009		135,009
	-		(279,530)		(279,530)
	-		(228,094)		(228,094)
	-		(434,527)		(434,527)
	(46,890,572)		(434,527)		(47,325,099)
	14,374,182		-		14,374,182
	48,531,752				48,531,752
	172,404		-		172,404
	133,608		_		133,608
	4,159,248		-		4,159,248
	3,561,935		_		3,561,935
	7,458,553		241,628		7,700,181
	7,520,103		27,485		7,547,588
	85,911,785		269,113		86,180,898
	(8,101,770)		8,101,770		-
	77,810,015		8,370,883		86,180,898
	30,919,443		7,936,356		38,855,799
	138,723,945		68,748,783		207,472,728
	(3,482,042)		(109,379)		(3,591,421)
	135,241,903		68,639,404		203,881,307
\$	166,161,346	\$	76,575,760	\$	242,737,106

#### BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2024

	Gen	eral	Oblig	General gation Bond tirement	In	Bonded provement Fund	rastructure provement Fund	Go	Other overnmental Funds	Gov	Total vernmental Funds
Assets:							 				
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents  Cash with fiscal and escrow agents	\$ 79,5	346,943 12,614	\$	315,715	\$	14,741,802	\$ 26,947,295	\$	14,150,060	\$ 1	35,701,815 12,614
Receivables:											
Income taxes	12,3	305,510		_		-	_		-		12,305,510
Real and other taxes	14,8	310,992		_		-	_		8,217		14,819,209
Accounts	4	112,201		_		-	2,231,237		330,605		2,974,043
Special assessments	2	218,362		_		-	36,243		1,296,706		1,551,311
Payment in lieu of taxes		-		_		-	-		6,728,074		6,728,074
Interfund loans	6,2	252,500		-		-	-		· · ·		6,252,500
Accrued interest	8	325,533		_		3,074	_		41,252		869,859
Due from other governments	1,7	27,513		_		-	3,580,856		1,133,842		6,442,211
Leases		91,467		_		_	-		-		10,291,467
Advances to other funds	3,8	398,685		_		_	_		_		3,898,685
Materials and supplies inventory		69,099		_		_	_		171,336		240,435
Assets held for resale	5	505,725		_		_	_		-		505,725
Total assets	\$ 130,8	377,144	\$	315,715	\$	14,744,876	\$ 32,795,631	\$	23,860,092	\$ 2	202,593,458
Liabilities:											
Accounts payable	\$ 4	178,068	\$	_	\$	-	\$ _	\$	694,163	\$	1,172,231
Contracts payable		-		_		2,576,992	7,634,862		7,258		10,219,112
Retainage payable		_		_		1,647,779	1,422,747		25,817		3,096,343
Accrued wages and benefits payable	1,0	98,707		_		9,683	3,984		65,819		1,178,193
Compensated absences payable	5	32,198		_		-	-		-		532,198
Interfund loans payable		-		-		-	6,100,000		152,500		6,252,500
Advances from other funds		-		-		-	2,555,350		1,343,335		3,898,685
Due to other funds		21,201		-		126	52		856		22,235
Due to other governments	6	61,661		-		2,666	1,097		18,778		684,202
Unearned revenue		-		-		-	-		1,086,841		1,086,841
Total liabilities	2,7	91,835		-	_	4,237,246	17,718,092		3,395,367	_	28,142,540
Deferred inflows of resources:											
Property taxes and PILOTs levied for the next fiscal											
year	14,1	80,144		-		-	-		6,728,074		20,908,218
Delinquent property tax revenue not available	3	321,251		-		-	-		-		321,251
Accrued interest not available	2	283,320		-		1,452	-		19,484		304,256
Special assessments revenue not available	2	218,362		-		-	36,243		1,296,706		1,551,311
Miscellaneous revenue not available	1,7	05,363		-		-	1,349,650		1,006,264		4,061,277
Income tax revenue not available	5,5	20,734		-		-	-		-		5,520,734
Leases	9,8	306,902		-		-	-		-		9,806,902
Total deferred inflows of resources	32,0	36,076				1,452	1,385,893		9,050,528		42,473,949
Fund balances:											
Nonspendable	4,4	82,040		-		-	-		171,336		4,653,376
Restricted	32,4	80,603		315,715		10,506,178	-		11,912,429		55,214,925
Committed	6,0	36,652		-		-	13,691,646		409,585		20,137,883
Assigned	1,5	46,281		-		-	-		-		1,546,281
Unassigned (deficit)	51,5	503,657				-	 		(1,079,153)		50,424,504
Total fund balances	96,0	149,233		315,715		10,506,178	13,691,646		11,414,197	1	31,976,969
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ 130,8	377,144	\$	315,715	\$	14,744,876	\$ 32,795,631	\$	23,860,092	\$ 2	202,593,458
			_		_		 				

## RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DECEMBER 31, 2024

Total governmental fund balances		\$ 131,976,969
Amounts reported for governmental activities on the		
statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		290,746,497
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-		
period expenditures and therefore are deferred inflows in the funds.		
Income taxes receivable	\$ 5,520,734	
Real and other taxes receivable	321,251	
Accounts receivable	568,393	
Intergovernmental receivable	3,492,884	
Special assessments receivable	1,551,311	
Accrued interest receivable	304,256	
Total		11,758,829
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the		
costs of insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities		
of the internal service fund are included in governmental		
activities on the statement of net position.		2,844,318
Accrued interest payable is not due and payable in the current		
period and therefore is not reported in the funds.		(679,843)
Unamortized deferred amounts on refundings are not recognized		
in the governmental funds.		292,087
The net pension liability is not available to pay in the current period		
expenditures and are not due and payable in the current period,		
respectively; therefore, the asset, liability and related deferred		
inflows/outflows are not reported in governmental funds.		
Deferred outflows of resources	16,011,414	
Deferred inflows of resources	(3,497,546)	
Net pension liability	(56,135,230)	
Total		(43,621,362)
The net OPEB liability and asset are not due and payable in the current period	l;	
therefore, liability and related deferred inflows are not reported		
in governmental funds.		
Net OPEB asset	498,577	
Deferred outflows of resources	2,128,527	
Deferred inflows of resources	(3,222,534)	
Net OPEB liability	(3,166,227)	
Total		(3,761,657)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and		
payable in the current period and therefore are not reported		
in the funds.	(204 442 704)	
Bonds and loans payable	(204,443,704)	
Unamortized bond premium	(12,561,926)	
Unamortized bond discount	204,161	
Leases payable	(9,676)	
Notes payable - finance purchase	(6,335)	
SBITAs payable	(179,777)	
Accrued vacation and sick leave	(6,397,235)	(222 224 422)
Total		 (223,394,492)
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 166,161,346

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	General	General Obligation Bond Retirement	Bonded Improvement Fund	Infrastructure Improvement Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:						
Income taxes	\$ 48,416,638	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 48,416,638
Real and other taxes	14,291,573	-	-	-	306,012	14,597,585
Charges for services	1,991,811	-	-	-	101,779	2,093,590
Licenses and permits	1,879,402	-	-	-	-	1,879,402
Fines and forfeitures	176,051	-	-	-	126,543	302,594
Intergovernmental	3,612,703	-	-	4,569,595	3,130,252	11,312,550
Special assessments	71,862	11	-	65,637	1,425,936	1,563,446
Investment income	4,695,787	-	2,773,032	-	80,961	7,549,780
Rental income	628,149	-	-	-	-	628,149
Contributions and donations	15,424	-	-	850,000	225	865,649
Payment in lieu of taxes	-	-	-	-	4,159,248	4,159,248
Other	1,018,166	4,411	-	4,808,437	230,865	6,061,879
Total revenues	76,797,566	4,422	2,773,032	10,293,669	9,561,821	99,430,510
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government	12,132,486	2,002	-	-	1,291,071	13,425,559
Public safety	22,653,994	-	-	-	251,404	22,905,398
Public services	2,565,596	-	-	-	3,278,211	5,843,807
Community development	1,485,875	-	-	-	-	1,485,875
Parks and recreation	5,300,140	-	-	-	15,000	5,315,140
Capital outlay	2,109,493	-	49,451,547	21,685,368	846,119	74,092,527
Debt service:						
Principal retirement	220,053	7,934,753	-	-	-	8,154,806
Interest	14,179	8,342,824				8,357,003
Total expenditures	46,481,816	16,279,579	49,451,547	21,685,368	5,681,805	139,580,115
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	30,315,750	(16,275,157)	(46,678,515)	(11,391,699)	3,880,016	(40,149,605)
Other financing sources (uses):						
Sale of capital assets	91,062	-	-	-	2,502,778	2,593,840
Transfers in	-	13,985,585	-	3,250,000	68,400	17,303,985
Transfers (out)	(11,967,252)				(5,336,733)	(17,303,985)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(11,876,190)	13,985,585		3,250,000	(2,765,555)	2,593,840
Net change in fund balances	18,439,560	(2,289,572)	(46,678,515)	(8,141,699)	1,114,461	(37,555,765)
Fund balances at beginning of year	77,609,673	2,605,287	57,184,693	21,833,345	10,299,736	169,532,734
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 96,049,233	\$ 315,715	\$ 10,506,178	\$ 13,691,646	\$ 11,414,197	\$ 131,976,969

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds			\$ (37,555,765)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures.  However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation/amortization expense.			
Capital asset additions	\$	67,084,724	
Current year depreciation/amortization	Ψ.	(6,616,095)	
Total		(1)1 1)11 1)	60,468,629
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, disposals, trade-ins, and donations) is to decrease net position.			(53,778)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide			
current financial resources are not reported as revenues in			
the funds.			
Income taxes		115,114	
Real and other taxes		82,609	
Special assessments		(1,479,972)	
Accounts		401,620	
Intergovernmental		778,586	
Interest		(8,909)	
Total		(0,707)	(110,952)
Repayment of bonds, notes, leases and SBITAs payable is an			
expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces			
long-term liabilities on the statement of net position.			8,154,806
long-term habilities on the statement of het position.			0,134,000
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding			
bonds and loans, whereas in governmental funds, an interest			
expenditure is reported when due.			
Change in accrued interest payable		(18,599)	
Amortization on bond premiums		673,947	
Amortization on bond discounts		(11,313)	
Amortization of refunding loss		(72,424)	
Total		(72,424)	571,611
			-,-,
The internal service fund used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the governent-			
wide statement of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and the			
related internal service fund revenue are eliminated. The net revenue			
(expense) of the internal service fund is allocated among the			010.557
governmental activities.			910,557
Contractually required pension/OPEB contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows.			
Pension			4,156,813
OPEB			64,028
Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension/OPEB liability are reported as pension/OPEB expense in the statement of activities.			
Pension			(5,389,850)
OPEB			(209,320)
Company and the statement of activities and the statement of			
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences,			
do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as			
expenditures in governmental funds. Total			(97 226)
ı Otal			 (87,336)
Change in net position of governmental activities			\$ 30,919,443

#### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2024

		I	Business-type Activit	ies - Enterprise Fund	ds		Governmental
	Solid Waste	Water Surcharge	Sanitary Sewer Surcharge	Stormwater	Swimming Pools	Total	Activities - Internal Service Funds
Assets:	- Traste	Surcharge	Surenarge	Stormwater	1 0013	Total	Service I unus
Current assets:							
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents Receivables:	\$ 1,894,213	\$ 1,953,730	\$ 3,516,844	\$ 3,257,785	\$ 398,399	\$ 11,020,971	\$ 3,354,95
Accounts Accrued interest	521,422 25,225	180,410	259,216	86,328 54,177		1,047,376 79,402	55,71
Due from other funds							22,83
Total current assets	2,440,860	2,134,140	3,776,060	3,398,290	398,399	12,147,749	3,433,50
Noncurrent assets:							
Net OPEB asset Capital assets:	1,457	5,034	18,694	14,158	27,230	66,573	
Non-depreciable/amortizable capital assets	-	514	-	-	1,236,059	1,236,573	
Depreciable/amortizable capital assets, net		23,607,633	15,323,844	18,288,408	9,586,539	66,806,424	
Total capital assets, net		23,608,147	15,323,844	18,288,408	10,822,598	68,042,997	
Total noncurrent assets	1,457	23,613,181	15,342,538	18,302,566	10,849,828	68,109,570	
otal assets	2,442,317	25,747,321	19,118,598	21,700,856	11,248,227	80,257,319	3,433,50
Deferred outflows of resources:							
Pension	31,999	52,145	170,671	128,482	256,008	639,305	
OPEB	1,250	4,319	16,506	14,457	23,570	60,102	
otal deferred outflows of resources	33,249	56,464	187,177	142,939	279,578	699,407	
iabilities:							
Current liabilities:	222.026	10.005	200.425	201.406	2.774	0.00.010	401.50
Accounts payable	323,826	42,325	298,425 12,511	301,486	3,756	969,818 12,511	431,73
Retainage payable Accrued wages and benefits payable	-	6,467	23,254	10,274	6,091	46,086	
Due to other funds	-	84	302	10,274	79	599	
Due to other governments	-	1,780	6,402	2,828	1,677	12,687	
Compensated absences payable - current	6,398	17,110	32,885	9,874	712	66,979	
General obligation bonds payable	0,398	61,595	5,263	43,883	/12	110,741	
Total current liabilities	330,224	129,361	379,042	368,479	12,315	1,219,421	431,73
Long-term liabilities:							
Compensated absences payable	9,885	23,182	48,231	4,690	412	86,400	
General obligation bonds payable	-	670,217	57,268	477,491	-	1,204,976	
Net pension liability	41,616	143,763	533,878	404,337	777,643	1,901,237	
Total long-term liabilities	51,501	837,162	639,377	886,518	778,055	3,192,613	421.77
otal liabilities	381,725	966,523	1,018,419	1,254,997	790,370	4,412,034	431,73
eferred inflows of resources:		1.567	16.061	54 575	14 121	96 224	
Pension OPEB	1,879	1,567 3,374	16,061 10,842	54,575 8,257	14,131 15,694	86,334 40,046	
otal deferred inflows of resources	1,879	4,941	26,903	62,832	29,825	126,380	
et position:							
Net investment in capital assets	_	22,876,335	15,248,802	17,767,034	10,822,598	66,714,769	
Restricted for OPEB	1,457	5,034	18,694	14,158	27,230	66,573	
Unrestricted (deficit)	2,090,505	1,950,952	2,992,957	2,744,774	(142,218)	9,636,970	3,001,76
otal net position	\$ 2,091,962	\$ 24,832,321	\$ 18,260,453	\$ 20,525,966	\$ 10,707,610	76,418,312	\$ 3,001,70
djustment to reflect the consolidation of the interna	l service funds activitie	s related to enterprise	funds.			157,448	

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

		Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds								Governmental				
	Solid Waste		Water Surcharge		Sanitary Sewer Surcharge		Stormwater		Swimming Pools		Total		Activities - Internal Service Funds	
Operating revenues: Charges for services Other operating revenues	\$	3,936,728 17,174	\$	895,291	\$	1,478,612 2,451	\$	766,837 7,860	\$	996,344	\$	8,073,812 27,485	\$	5,304,800 397,922
Total operating revenues		3,953,902		895,291		1,481,063		774,697		996,344		8,101,297		5,702,722
Operating expenses:														
Personal services		25,072		191,394		485,397		382,589		673,547		1.757.999		_
Contract services		3,914,316		100,338		366,957		138,259		213,057		4,732,927		_
Materials and supplies		5,511,510		88,656		50,102		38,235		76,317		253,310		_
Self insurance				-		50,102		50,255		70,517		233,310		4,779,231
Depreciation				623,285		445,097		474,774		259,203		1,802,359		.,,,,,231
Other				360		2,874				5,043		8,277		_
Total operating expenses		3,939,388		1,004,033		1,350,427		1,033,857		1,227,167		8,554,872	_	4,779,231
Operating income (loss)		14,514		(108,742)		130,636		(259,160)		(230,823)		(453,575)		923,491
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):														
Interest expense				(28,609)		(2,445)		(20,383)				(51,437)		_
Interest income		90,840		(20,007)		(2,115)		150,788				241,628		_
Intergovernmental		49,611				_		150,700		_		49,611		_
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		140,451		(28,609)		(2,445)		130,405				239,802		
Income (loss) before contributions		154,965		(137,351)		128,191		(128,755)		(230,823)		(213,773)		923,491
Capital contributions				5,749,205		1,192,569		1,195,421				8,137,195		
Change in net position		154,965		5,611,854		1,320,760		1,066,666		(230,823)		7,923,422		923,491
Net position at beginning of year, as previously reported		1,936,997		19,243,050		17,009,325		19,461,771		10,953,126		68,604,269		2,078,275
Restatement - change in accounting principle		-		(22,583)		(69,632)		(2,471)		(14,693)		(109,379)		-
Net position at beginning of year		1,936,997		19,220,467		16,939,693		19,459,300		10,938,433		68,494,890		2,078,275
Net position at end of year, restated	\$	2,091,962	\$	24,832,321	\$	18,260,453	\$	20,525,966	\$	10,707,610	\$	76,418,312	\$	3,001,766
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal	service f	unds activities re	elated	to enterprise fur	nds.							12,934		
Change in net position of business-type activities.				-							s	7,936,356		
change in her position of ousiness-type activities.											Φ	1,730,330		

#### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds									overnmental				
		Solid Waste	s	Water Surcharge		nitary Sewer Surcharge	9	Stormwater	5	Swimming Pools		Total	I	tivities - nternal vice Funds
Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from sales/charges for services Cash received from other operations Cash payments for personal services Cash payments for contractual services Cash payments for materials and supplies	\$	3,916,479 17,174 (3,934,613)	\$	923,785 (184,907) (58,195) (88,656)	\$	1,405,729 2,451 (504,966) (105,240) (50,102)	\$	762,535 7,860 (405,380) (174,743) (38,235)	\$	996,344 (670,624) (209,746) (76,317)	\$	8,004,872 27,485 (5,700,490) (547,924) (253,310)	\$	5,300,792 417,569 - (5,014,409)
Cash payments for other expenses				(360)		(2,874)		-		(5,298)		(8,532)		-
Net cash provided by operating activities		(960)		591,667		744,998		152,037		34,359		1,522,101		703,952
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Cash received from grants and subsidies		49,611				<u> </u>		<u>-</u>			_	49,611		
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities		49,611										49,611		
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Acquisition of capital assets Principal retirement on general obligation bonds Interest paid on general obligation bonds		- - -		(448,364) (59,303) (28,609)		(323,735) (5,067) (2,445)		(197,942) (42,249) (20,383)		- - -		(970,041) (106,619) (51,437)		- - -
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities				(536,276)		(331,247)		(260,574)				(1,128,097)		<u>-</u>
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest received Net sales of investments		76,791 12,253		- -		- -		109,902 37,029		-		186,693 49,282		<u>-</u>
Net cash provided by investing activities		89,044						146,931				235,975		
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		137,695		55,391		413,751		38,394		34,359		679,590		703,952
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	1,756,518 1,894,213	\$	1,898,339 1,953,730	\$	3,103,093 3,516,844	\$	3,219,391 3,257,785	\$	364,040 398,399	\$	10,341,381 11,020,971	\$	2,651,001 3,354,953
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:														
Operating income (loss)	\$	14,514	\$	(108,742)	\$	130,636	\$	(259,160)	\$	(230,823)	\$	(453,575)	\$	923,491
Adjustments: Depreciation		-		623,285		445,097		474,774		259,203		1,802,359		-
Changes in assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources: Accounts receivable		(69,860)		28,494		(72,883)		(4,302)		_		(118,551)		19,647
Intergovernmental receivable Due from other funds Net OPEB asset		49,611 - (1,457)		(5,034)		- (18,694)		(14,158)		(27,230)		49,611 (66,573)		(4,008)
Deferred outflows - Pension Deferred outflows - OPEB Accounts payable		(31,999) (1,250) (18,731)		8,706 5,093 42,325		99,823 24,839 261,717		121,846 24,089 (36,484)		164,740 37,012 3,721		363,116 89,783 252,548		(235,178)
Accrued wages and benefits Intergovernmental payable Retainage payable Compensated absences payable		(1,566)		1,447 (443) - 8,185		6,604 (969) 10,662 (20,557)		(2,880) (2,997) - 3,306		2,648 (512) - (32,332)		7,819 (6,487) 10,662 (25,115)		- - -
Due to other funds Net pension liability Net OPEB liability Deferred inflows - Pension Deferred inflows - OPEB		41,616 1,879		19 (4,079) (3,177) (6,075) 1,663		86 (115,590) (13,955) 4,449 3,733		(37) (179,990) (12,555) 36,884 3,701		34 (145,256) (19,830) 14,131 8,853		102 (403,299) (47,638) 49,389 17,950		-
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	(960)	\$	591,667	\$	744,998	\$	152,037	\$	34,359	\$	1,522,101	\$	703,952
Noncash Capital Financing Activities: Contributions of capital assets from governmental activities and outside entities	\$	-	\$	5,749,205	\$	1,192,569	\$	1,195,421	\$	-	\$	8,137,195	\$	-
Current year capital assets purchased on account Total Noncash Provided by Noncash Capital Financing Activities	\$		\$	5,749,205	-\$	1,192,569	\$	301,486	\$	-	\$	301,486 8,438,681	\$	-
Capital I maneing Activities	Φ		φ	2,177,403	Ф	1,174,309	φ	1,470,907	Φ		φ	0,730,001	φ	

#### STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2024

	Cus	todial
Assets:		
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	54,053
Cash in segregated accounts		10,903
Total assets		64,956
Liabilities:		
Due to other governments		3,774
Total liabilities		3,774
Net position:		
Restricted for individuals, organizations and other governments		61,182
Total net position	\$	61,182

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	 Custodial
Additions:	
From local sources:	
Licenses, permits and fees for other governments	\$ 123,129
Fines and forfeitures for other governments	82,392
Special assessments collections for other governments	 1,024,330
Total additions	 1,229,851
<b>Deductions:</b>	
Licenses, permits and fees distributions to other governments	1,129,981
Fines and forfeitures distributions to other governments	84,668
Total deductions	 1,214,649
Net change in fiduciary net position	15,202
Net position beginning of year	 45,980
Net position end of year	\$ 61,182

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

#### **NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

#### (a) Reporting Entity

The City of Upper Arlington (City) was organized on February 8, 1941 and is a home-rule, municipal corporation organized under the laws of the State of Ohio. The City operates under the Council-Manager form of government. Elected officials include seven council members.

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the City consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the City. For the City of Upper Arlington this includes the departments that provide the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety, public service, parks and recreation, and community development.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the City is financially accountable. The City is financially accountable for an organization if the City appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board, and (1) the City is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the City is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the City is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance deficits of or provide financial support to the organization; or the City is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations for which the City approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes.

The City is associated with an organization, which is defined as a Jointly Governed Organization.

The Central Ohio Interoperable Radio System (COIRS) is a jointly governed organization between the City of Dublin, City of Worthington, Delaware County, and the City of Hilliard (the "members"). The intent of the COIRS is for the members to share in providing the financial resources and infrastructure needed to operate a digital 800MHZ public safety radio system used for dispatching emergency response and law enforcement services across the member jurisdictions. The COIRS is contracted by a Governing Board consisting of the County Administrator and the city managers for each city, or their representative. Each member's ability to influence the operations of COIRS is limited to its representation on the Governing Board. Appropriations are adopted by the Governing Board who exercised control over the operation and maintenance of COIRS. Each member initially contributed radio system infrastructure assets, and annually, are assessed a required contribution based on its utilization of the system and related operating costs. The City of Dublin serves as the fiscal agent. Financial information may be obtained from the City of Dublin, 5200 Emerald Parkway, Dublin, Ohio 43017.

#### (b) Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Beginning January 1, 2003, the City changed its financial reporting to comply with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments*. Financial information of the City presented in the accompanying statements in the following format:

- Management's discussion and analysis, a part of the required supplementary information, introduces the basic financial statements and provides analytical overview of the City's financial statements.
- Basic financial statements are comprised of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the basic financial statements. The government-wide financial statements report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The statement of net position and statement of activities measure and report all the assets, liabilities, deferred inflows/outflows of resources, revenues and expenses, gains, and losses. Governmental activities are reported separately from the business-type activities. Taxes and intergovernmental revenues support governmental activities while revenues such as fees and charges support business-type activities. Interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the City and for each function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function, and therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function.

Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by programs and grants and/or contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund financial statements consist of a series of statements focusing on information about the City's major governmental funds, enterprise funds, and fiduciary funds.

Notes to the financial statements provide information that is essential to a user's understanding of the basic financial statements.

Required supplementary information (RSI) is comprised of budgetary comparison schedules and pension and OPEB trend data required by GASB.

#### (c) Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting policies and financial reporting practices of the City conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources and disclose contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds where each is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, fund equity, revenues and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. The basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures (expenses) are recognized in the accounts of the financial statements and relates to the timing of the measurements made.

The government-wide, the proprietary fund financial statements, and the custodial funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the time of related cash flows.

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The City considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term debt, claims and judgments, compensated absences, and net pension liability which are recognized as expenditures when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt are reported as other financing sources.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Non-exchange transactions, where the City receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from income tax is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are earned. Revenues from grants, entitlements and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Intergovernmental revenue is also recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the government's water, sewer, solid waste and stormwater functions and other various functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include: charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, operating grants and contributions, and capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes and unrestricted intergovernmental revenues. Unrestricted intergovernmental revenues primarily include Homestead and Rollback taxes related to the collection of property taxes in Ohio.

Amounts reported as operating revenues and operating expenses in proprietary funds generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's proprietary funds are charges for services. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of commodities, and operating and administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and nonoperating expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

*General Fund* - This fund accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund - This fund accounts for the accumulation of resources for the payment of general obligation long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

Bonded Improvement Fund - This fund accounts for issuance of bonds for the purchase of significant capital projects with useful lives of more than five years.

*Infrastructure Improvement Fund* - This fund was created to account for a seven- year capital project program. The General Fund provides an annual fund transfer to fund the program.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

*Solid Waste Fund* - This fund accounts for the receipts generated from the refuse collection fees charged to the City's residents. Disbursements are for operating costs.

Water Surcharge Fund - This fund accounts for the surcharge applied to the consumption of water by all users within the City for the purpose of paying the cost of maintaining the City's water distribution system. These monies may be used for the construction and reconstruction of the water distribution system, including the repair/replacement of fire hydrants.

Sanitary Sewer Surcharge Fund - This fund accounts for the surcharge applied to the consumption of water by all users within the City for the purpose of paying the cost of maintaining the City's sanitary sewer system. These monies may be used for enlargement or replacement of the system and construction and reconstruction of main and interceptor sewers.

Stormwater Fund - This fund accounts for all receipts from stormwater drainage service charges, permit and inspection fees, direct charges, and investment earnings for the purpose of paying the cost of operating the stormwater management utility. These monies may be used for the purchase of capital equipment and capital improvements, including the payment of principal and interest on debt issued for such purposes.

Swimming Pools Fund - This fund accounts for all receipts generated from admission to the City's two pools and the related disbursements associated with operating these pools.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

Other Special Revenue Funds - These funds are used to account for revenues derived from specific taxes, grants, or other restricted or committed revenue sources. The use and limitation of the special revenue funds are specified by City ordinance or federal and state statutes.

Other Capital Project Funds - These funds are used to account for financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned and used for acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds).

*Internal Service Funds* - These funds are used to account for financing services provided by one department to other departments of the City generally on a cost-reimbursement basis. The City's Internal Service funds report on the self-insurance program.

Custodial Funds - These funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in a trust fund. The City's custodial funds account for amounts collected and distributed on behalf of another government or organization, including fines and forfeitures received from citizens as a result of violating City laws and miscellaneous deposits of funds collected by the City and due to other governments.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

#### (d) Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Fund Balance

#### 1. Deposits and Investments

City funds are pooled and invested to improve cash management. The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand and demand deposits. The proprietary funds consider all highly liquid investments to be cash equivalents when purchased.

Federal agency securities, municipal securities, U.S. Treasuries, corporate bonds, commercial paper, and negotiable certificates of deposit are reported at fair value which is based on quoted market prices. STAR Ohio and money market accounts are reported at the net asset value (NAV) per share. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides a NAV per share that approximates fair value.

STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 79, "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants." There were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, 24 hours notice in advance of all deposits and withdrawals exceeding \$250 million is encouraged. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$250 million, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$250 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

#### 2. Receivables and Payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" for the current portion of the interfund activity or "advances to/from other funds" for the non-current portion of the interfund activity. Any residual balances outstanding between governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility property located in the City. Property tax revenue received during 2024 for real and public utility property taxes represents collections of the 2023 taxes.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

2024 real property taxes were levied after October 1, 2024 on the assessed value as of January 1, 2024, the lien date. Assessed values are established by State law at 35 percent of appraised market value. 2024 real property taxes are collected in and intended to finance 2025.

Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statue permits later payment dates to be established.

Public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value; public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value. 2024 public utility property taxes which became a lien December 31, 2023, are levied after October 1, 2024, and are collected in 2025 with real property taxes.

The full tax rate for all City operations for the year ended December 31, 2024, was \$5.89 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation. The assessed values of real property and public utility tangible property upon which 2024 property tax receipts were based are as follows:

Real property tax	\$ 2,871,128,200
Public utility tangible personal property	35,611,180
Total assessed value	\$ 2,906,739,380

The County Treasurer collects property taxes on behalf of all taxing districts within the County, including the City. The County Auditor periodically remits to the City its portion of the taxes collected. Property taxes receivable represents real and public utility property taxes and outstanding delinquencies which were measurable as of December 31, 2024, and for which there was an enforceable legal claim. In governmental funds, the portion of the receivable not levied to finance 2024 operations is offset to deferred inflows of resources – property taxes levied for the next year. On the accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue while on the modified accrual basis the revenue has been reported as deferred inflows of resources – unavailable revenue.

The City levies an income tax of 2.5% on substantially all income earned within the City. In addition, residents of the City are required to pay City income tax on income they earn outside the City. However, a credit is allowed for income taxes paid to other municipalities. Employers within the City are required to withhold income tax on employee compensation and remit this tax at least quarterly. Corporation and other individual taxpayers are required to pay their estimated tax quarterly and file a declaration annually. The City utilizes the Regional Income Tax Agency (RITA) to administer and collect taxes for the City with the guidance of the City's finance department. The income tax receivable includes both balances already filed by taxpayers and tax estimates, net of non-collectible taxes and refunds.

#### 3. Inventories

Inventories are valued at cost using the first in/first out (FIFO) method. The costs of governmental fund types inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

#### 4. Assets Held for Resale

In 2017, the City purchased 1615 Fishinger Road to help ensure the City had input concerning the future use of the property as part of the potential future development of the Kingsdale area. The City's intent is for the property to be sold to promote economic development within the City.

#### 5. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund statements. The City defines capital assets as assets with an estimated useful life in excess of five years and an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Pursuant to the implementation of GASB Statement 34, the historical costs of governmental infrastructure assets (retroactive to January 1, 1980) are included as part of the governmental capital assets reported in the government-wide statements. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the time of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities and proprietary funds are included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. In addition, assets having an estimated useful life of more than one year that are below the \$5,000 threshold and not considered repair or maintenance costs are collectively capitalized on the financial statements when the aggregate of those assets are considered significant.

Capital assets of the City are depreciated/amortized using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Description</u>	Estimated Lives
Machinery and equipment	
(Autos and trucks, computer equipment)	5 - 8 years
(Other equipment, furniture & fixtures)	10 - 25 years
Buildings	40 years
Infrastructure (water/sewer/stormwater lines)	50 years
Infrastructure (streets/lights)	15 - 30 years
Improvements	8 - 50 years
Intangible right-to-use assets	5 years

The City is reporting intangible right-to-use assets related to equipment, vehicles, and Subscription Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs). The intangible assets are being amortized in a systematic and rational manner of the shorter of the lease/subscription term or the useful life of the underlying asset.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

#### 6. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the government-wide statement of net position will report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. See Notes 11 and 12 for deferred outflows of resources related to net pension liability/asset and net OPEB liability/asset, respectively. In addition, deferred outflows of resources include a deferred charge on debt refunding. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

In addition to liabilities, both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Deferred inflows of resources include property taxes and unavailable revenue. Property taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of December 31, 2024, but which were levied to finance 2025 operations. These amounts have been recorded as a deferred inflow of resources on both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental funds balance sheet, and represents receivables which will not be collected within the available period. Unavailable revenue includes, but is not limited to, delinquent property taxes and intergovernmental grants. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available. The deferred inflow of resources for leases is related to the lease receivable and is being amortized to lease revenue in a systematic and rational manner over the term of the lease.

See Notes 11 and 12 for deferred inflows of resources related to net pension liability/asset and net OPEB liability/asset, respectively. These deferred inflows of resources are only reported on the government-wide statement of net position.

#### 7. Compensated Absences

The City recognizes a liability for compensated absences for leave time that (1) has been earned for services previously rendered by employees, (2) accumulates and is allowed to be carried over to subsequent years, and (3) is more likely than not to be used as time off or settled (for example paid in cash to the employee or payment to an employee flex spending account) during or upon separation from employment. Based on the criteria listed, three types of leave qualify for liability recognition for compensated absences - vacation, sick leave and comp time. The liability for compensated absences is reported as incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for compensated absences is recorded in the governmental funds only if the liability has matured because of employee resignations or retirements. The liability for compensated absences includes salary-related benefits, where applicable.

#### Vacation

The City's policy permits employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation benefits, which are eligible for payment at the employee's current pay rate upon separation from employment.

#### <u>Sick Leave</u>

The City's policy permits employees to accumulate earned but unused sick leave. All sick leave lapses when employees leave the employ of the City and, upon separation from service, the employee receives compensation in accordance with the severance policy. A liability for estimated value of sick leave that will be used by employees as time off and at separation is included in the liability for compensated absences.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

#### Comp Time

The City's policy permits employees to accumulate earned but unused comp time, which are eligible for payment at the employee's current pay rate upon separation from employment.

#### 8. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable unamortized bond premium or discount. Net pension/OPEB liability is also included in the long-term obligations and recalculated on an annual basis.

In the governmental fund financial statements, bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, are recognized during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### 9. Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB, and pension/OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

#### 10. Fund Balance

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the City is "bound to honor constraints on specific purposes for which amounts in the fund can be spent" in accordance with GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. The five fund classifications are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> – The nonspendable classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in a spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

<u>Restricted</u> – Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

<u>Committed</u> – The committed classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (passage of an ordinance) of the City Council. The committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City Council removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (passage of a new ordinance) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>Assigned</u> – Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the City for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted nor committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. City Council has established fund balance policies that allow the Director of Finance to assign fund balance for specific purposes. Council may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's budget.

<u>Unassigned</u> – Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report the deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts have been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The City first applies restricted resources when expenditure is incurred for purposed for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications can be used.

#### 11. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Net position restricted for other purposes primarily include resources restricted for recreation and various mayor's court activities.

The City applies restricted resources first, when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

### 12. Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue arises when monies are received before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. The unearned revenue reported represents grants received from the American Rescue Plan Act funding.

#### NOTE 2 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

### A. Change in Accounting Principles

For 2024, the City has implemented certain paragraphs from GASB Implementation Guide No. 2021-1, certain paragraphs of GASB Statement No. 99, "<u>Omnibus 2022</u>", GASB Statement No. 100, "<u>Accounting Changes and Error Corrections - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62</u>", Implementation Guide No. 2023-1 and GASB Statement No. 101, "<u>Compensated Absences</u>".

GASB Implementation Guide 2021-1 provides clarification on issues related to previously established GASB guidance. The implementation of GASB Implementation Guide 2021-1 did not have an effect on balances previously report by the City.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

### NOTE 2 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 99 is to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 99 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the City.

GASB Statement No. 100 is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 100 has an effect on the financial statements of the City.

GASB Implementation Guide 2023-1 provides clarification on issues related to previously established GASB guidance. The implementation of GASB Implementation Guide 2023-1 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the City.

GASB Statement No. 101 is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 101 has an effect on the financial statements of the City.

### **B.** Deficit Fund Balances

Fund balances at December 31, 2024 included the following individual fund deficits:

Nonmajor governmental funds	<u>Deficit</u>
Tremont Road TIF fund	\$ 47,774
West Lane - Northwest TIF fund	97,659
Kingsdale Center TIF fund	104,067
Community Fiber Optic fund	829,653

The general fund is liable for any deficit in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. The deficit fund balances resulted from adjustments for accrued liabilities.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

### NOTE 2 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

#### C. Restatement of Net Position

During 2024, there was a change in accounting principle related to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 101, "Compensated Absences". The effect of changing the accounting principle is shown in the table below.

	12/31/2023 As Previously Reported		Change in Accounting Principle		12/31/2023 As Restated
Net Position					
Governmental Activities	\$	138,723,945	\$	(3,482,042)	\$ 135,241,903
Business-Type Activities		68,748,783		(109,379)	68,639,404
Total Net Position	\$	207,472,728	\$	(3,591,421)	\$ 203,881,307
Proprietary Funds Major Funds:					
Water Surcharge	\$	19,243,050	\$	(22,583)	\$ 19,220,467
Sewer Surcharge		17,009,325		(69,632)	16,939,693
Stormwater		19,461,771		(2,471)	19,459,300
Swimming Pools		10,953,126		(14,693)	10,938,433
Solid Waste		1,936,997		-	1,936,997
Total Proprietary Funds	\$	68,604,269	\$	(109,379)	\$ 68,494,890

#### **NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS**

### Deposit and Investment Policies

The City pools its cash, except for that held by trustees, and fiscal and escrow agents, for maximum investing efficiency. Earnings on the pool are allocated to individual funds according to Chapter 221 of the Upper Arlington City Code. In management's opinion, all statutory requirements were met in distributing earnings of the pool to various funds.

The City Code, Chapter 221, Depositories and Investments, provides the City with its authorized investment instruments, which do not include derivatives. In addition, the City is prohibited from using reverse repurchase agreements and does not leverage its investment portfolio in any manner. During 2024, the City invested in STAR Ohio. Management of STAR Ohio states that its policy also prohibits investing in derivatives and/or engaging in the use of reverse repurchase agreements. Average days to maturity of the STAR Ohio portfolio at December 31, 2024 was 27.2 days.

The City purchases investments, except for certificates of deposit, only through its investment advisor, Meeder Investment Management (Meeder). Meeder is contracted by the City to make investment recommendations and must acknowledge in writing their comprehension and receipt of the City policies.

The City's investment code and practices have consistently protected the portfolio from unnecessary credit risk (safety) and market risks (liquidity) while providing a competitive yield. The investments permitted by the City Code as well as limitations on investments are described in detail below.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

### NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Investments as permitted by Chapter 221 of the Upper Arlington City Code are as follows:

- (a) U.S. Treasury Bills, Notes, and Bonds; various federal agency securities including issues of Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA), Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp. (FHLMC), Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB) and discount notes, Federal Farm Credit Bank (FFCB), and other agencies or instrumentalities of the United States. GNMA mortgage-backed, pass-through securities are considered as eligible investments of the city and are not derivative securities, as defined under ORC § 135.14(C). Eligible investments include securities that may be "called", by the issuer, prior to the final maturity date. Any eligible investment may be purchased at a premium or a discount. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities.
- (b) General obligations of the State of Ohio.
- (c) General obligations of any county, township, school district, municipal corporation, or other legally constituted taxing subdivision of Ohio, which is not at the time of such investment, in default in the payment of principal on any of its obligations, provided that all of the following apply:
  - 1. The debt is payable from the general revenues and backed by the full faith and credit of the political subdivision,
  - 2. The debt is rated at the time of purchase in the three highest classifications of at least one nationally recognized rating agency and purchased through a registered securities broker or dealer,
  - 3. The aggregate value of the bonds/obligations does not exceed twenty percent (20%) of the portfolio, and
  - 4. The City is not the sole buyer of the issue.
- (d) Certificates of deposit issued by institutions whose deposits are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). Certificates of deposit shall be collateralized using eligible securities or instruments as defined under ORC § 135.18 or 135.181. The selection of ORC § 135.18 or 135.181 for purposes of collateralization, shall be determined by the finance director. Under either method, the finance director may require an additional percentage of eligible collateral to compensate for any depreciation of market value of such pledged collateral, less any portion insured by the FDIC.
- (e) Repurchase agreements with any eligible institution mentioned in ORC § 135.03, or any eligible securities dealer pursuant to ORC § 135.14(M). Repurchase agreements transacted with eligible securities dealers shall be executed on a delivery versus payment basis. Eligible repurchase agreement collateral is restricted to securities listed in C.O. § 221.06(A), limited to final maturity dates of ten (10) years. The market value of securities subject to a repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the repurchase agreement amount by at least two (2) percent and marked to market daily. Term repurchase agreements shall be limited to a maximum of thirty (30) days.
- (f) Banker's acceptances issued by any domestic bank rated in the highest category by one of two nationally recognized rating agencies.
- (g) No load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in ORC § 135.14(B)(1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions mentioned in ORC § 135.03.
- (h) Commercial paper notes issued by an entity that is defined in ORC § 1705.01(D) and that has assets exceeding five hundred million dollars (\$500,000,000), to which notes all of the following apply:

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

### (i) NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

- 1. The notes are rated at the time of purchase in the highest classification established by at least two (2) nationally recognized standard rating services.
- 2. The aggregate value of the notes does not exceed ten (10) percent of the aggregate value of the outstanding commercial paper of the issuing corporation.
- 3. The notes mature not later than two hundred seventy (270) days after purchase.
- 4. The investment in commercial paper notes of a single issuer shall not exceed in the aggregate five (5) percent of interim moneys available for investment at the time of purchase.
- (j) Medium term notes issued by a corporation, domiciled within the United States and having assets in excess of \$500 million, provided that such medium term notes have a maximum maturity of five (5) years and are highly rated, at the time of purchase, by Standard & Poor's, Moody's, or Fitch.

If a security has a split rating, the higher of the two ratings shall be used to determine the eligibility for investment purposes. In no event shall a corporate security, at the time of purchase, be rated less than A- by Standard & Poor's or less than an A3 by Moody's.

(k) The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR OHIO), pursuant to Ohio Revised Code § 135.45.

Limitations on Investments by Chapter 221 of the Upper Arlington City Code are as follows:

- (a) Limitations on investments of any single institution or issuer:
  - 1. The City's investment with any individual issuer shall not constitute more than five percent (5%) of such issuer's total outstanding issue in banker's acceptances, commercial paper or corporate medium term notes.
  - 2. The total value of certificates of deposit, purchased from any individual financial institution, shall not exceed three percent (3%) of that institution's total time deposits, provided that such total deposits do not exceed five percent (5%) of the City's average portfolio at the time of purchase.
- (b) Limitations on the investment of interim funds:

The aggregate investments in banker's acceptances and commercial paper shall not exceed twenty five percent (25%) of the City's average portfolio, at the time of purchase.

- 1. The aggregate total of all corporate medium term notes shall not exceed fifteen percent (15%) of the average portfolio, based upon purchase cost or book value, at the time of purchase. Commercial paper and bankers' acceptances shall not be considered when calculating the maximum holdings in any single issuer.
- 2. The use of derivative securities, as defined in Ohio Revised Code §135.14(C), is expressly prohibited.
- 3. Collateralized mortgage obligations (CMOs) of any kind are expressly prohibited.
- (c) All eligible investments will mature within five (5) years from the date of settlement, unless the investment is matched to a specific obligation or debt of the City and the investment is specifically approved by the Finance Director.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

### **NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)**

(d) All of the City's deposits and investments comply with State statutes, City ordinances, and applicable bond indentures.

### **Deposits**

At December 31, 2024, the City's bank balance was \$6,435,021. \$250,000 of the bank balance was covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and the remaining was uninsured and collateralized. The City's financial institution was approved for a reduced collateral rate of 50 percent through the Ohio Pooled Collateral System. Additionally, within its general fund, the City had cash on hand with a third-party fiscal agent in the amount of \$12,614. The City also has \$26,257 in segregated accounts for its Mayor's Court that is reported in a custodial fund.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned. The City has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits either be insured or be protected by:

- 1. Eligible securities pledged to the District and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose market value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured; or
- 2. Participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total market value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of State.

### **Investments**

At year-end, the City had investments with maturities as follows:

						In	vest	ment Maturities				
Measurement/	N	<b>l</b> easurement		6 months		7 to 12		13 to 18		19 to 24	•	Greater than
Investment type	_	Value		or less		months		months		months	_	24 months
Fair Value:												
	_		_		_		_		_		_	
Corporate bond	\$	4,030,977	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,026,014	\$	3,004,963
FAMC		2,441,483		-		634,088		778,167		683,138		346,090
FFCB		27,632,169		444,422		-		-		1,108,589		26,079,158
FHLB		19,430,429		3,955,730		-		2,000,176		1,663,580		11,810,943
FMCC		119,962		119,962		-		-		-		-
FNMA		6,494,458		-		4,658,988		-		-		1,835,470
US Governmental money market		91,407		91,407		-		-		-		-
Negotiable CDs		16,342,921		855,270		2,092,146		2,850,701		1,337,046		9,207,758
US Treasury note		22,333,911		761,528		343,558		3,620,291		1,417,050		16,191,484
Amortized Cost:												
STAR Ohio		46,308,339	_	46,308,339								
Total	\$	145,226,056	\$	52,536,658	\$	7,728,780	\$	9,249,335	\$	7,235,417	\$	68,475,866

The weighted average of maturity of investments is 1.96 years.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

### **NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)**

STAR Ohio and money market accounts are reported at the net asset value (NAV) per share. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides a NAV per share that approximates fair value. All other investments are reported at fair value. The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets, for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. All of the City's investments, with the exception of STAR Ohio and money market mutual funds, are reported at fair value and are valued using significant other observable inputs (Level 2 inputs). Institutional bond quotes and evaluations based on various market and industry inputs are used in the valuation of the City's level 2 investments

*Interest Rate Risk*. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the City's investment policy generally limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

Credit Risk. The City's investment policy limits investments held to those issued by the U.S. Government or any of its agencies; STAR Ohio, and only very highly-rated money market funds, commercial paper, banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements, bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio, bonds and other obligations of any county, township, school district, municipal corporation, or other legally constituted taxing subdivision of Ohio, which is not at the time of such investment, in default in the payment of principal on any of its obligations. Additionally, the City may invest in medium term notes issued by a corporation, domiciled within the United States and having assets in excess of \$500 million provided that they are highly rated by Standard & Poor's, Moody's, or Fitch.

Concentration of Credit Risk. The City through its investment policy limits investments with any individual issuer to 5% of such issuer's total outstanding issue in banker's acceptances, commercial paper, or corporate medium notes, and limits the value of certificates of deposits to 3% of that institution's total time deposits, provided that such total deposits do not exceed 5% of the City's average portfolio at the time of purchase.

Custodial Credit Risk. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City's investments are not exposed to custodial credit risk, as defined by GASB Statement No. 40 as they are either insured, registered, held by the City, or held by an agent in the name of the City.

### Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Position

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the note above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net position as of December 31, 2024:

Cash and investments per note	
Carrying amount of deposits	\$ 4,890,382
Investments	145,226,056
Cash with fiscal agent	12,614
Cash in segregated accounts	 26,257
Total	\$ 150,155,309
Cash and investments per statement of net position	
Governmental activities	\$ 139,069,382
Business-type activities	11,020,971
Custodial funds	 64,956
Total	\$ 150,155,309

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

### NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Interest revenue credited to the General Fund as of December 31, 2024 consisted of \$4,695,787 in interest and \$(586,035) in unrealized fair value losses. Of the \$4,695,787 gain credited to the General Fund as of December 31, 2024, \$2,775,366 represents the amount assigned from other funds not entitled to earn interest per Ohio statute.

#### NOTE 4 - RECEIVABLES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

#### (a) Receivables

Receivables at December 31, 2024 consisted of income taxes, real and other taxes, special assessments, payments in lieu of taxes, accounts (billings for user charged services), accrued interest and intergovernmental receivables arising from grants, entitlements, and shared revenue. Receivables have been recorded to the extent that they are measurable at December 31, 2024.

Receivables have been separately identified on the face of the basic financial statements. All receivables are expected to be collected within the subsequent year with the exception of the opioid settlement receivable which will be collected over the course of the settlement agreements. Receivables in the amount of \$197,161 will not be received within one year.

### (b) Lease Receivable

The City is reporting leases receivable of \$10,291,467 in the general fund. For 2024, the City recognized interest revenue of \$227,291.

The City has entered into agreements for cell towers with multiple companies at varying years and terms as follows:

	Lease		Lease	
	Commencement		End	Payment
Company	Date	Years	Date	Method
Zollinger Road Verizon Cell Tower	2022	3	2025	Annual
Reed Road AT&T Cell Tower	2023	5	2028	Annual
Reed Road Verizon Cell Tower	2023	5	2028	Monthly
Reed Road T-Mobile Cell Tower	2023	5	2028	Annual
Ohio State Building Space	2024	15	2039	Monthly

Lease payments will be paid into the general fund. The following is a schedule of future lease payments under the lease agreements:

Year Ending						
December 31,	_	Principal	Principal Interest		_	Total
2025	\$	345,456	\$	499,530	\$	844,986
2026		574,466		285,240		859,706
2027		604,204		270,516		874,720
2028		559,056		254,892		813,948
2029		558,108		238,616		796,724
2030 - 2034		3,314,829		914,276		4,229,105
2035 - 2039		4,335,348		333,926		4,669,274
Total	\$	10,291,467	\$	2,796,996	\$	13,088,463

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

**NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS** 

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2024 was as follows:

Governmental activities:	Balance 12/31/23	Additions	<u>Deductions</u>	Balance 12/31/24
Capital assets, not being depreciated/amortized:				
Land	\$ 5,350,070	\$ 752,482	\$ -	\$ 6,102,552
Construction in progress	68,026,038	71,839,055	(51,382,943)	88,482,150
Total capital assets, not being				
depreciated/amortized	73,376,108	72,591,537	(51,382,943)	94,584,702
Capital assets, being depreciated/amortized:				
Buildings	18,541,968	-	-	18,541,968
Improvements other than buildings	17,417,761	2,278,204	-	19,695,965
Machinery and equipment	21,485,565	2,644,897	(503,910)	23,626,552
Infrastructure	181,932,886	40,953,029	-	222,885,915
Intangible right-to-use assets:				
Equipment	19,245	-	(2,117)	17,128
Vehicles	34,034	-	(34,034)	-
SBITAs	656,488		(65,300)	591,188
Total capital assets, being depreciated/amortized	240,087,947	45,876,130	(605,361)	285,358,716
Less: accumulated depreciation/amortization:				
Buildings	(11,827,662)	(262,230)	-	(12,089,892)
Improvements other than buildings	(4,372,387)	(350,525)	-	(4,722,912)
Machinery and equipment	(17,013,959)	(1,431,856)	450,132	(17,995,683)
Infrastructure	(49,654,601)	(4,353,839)	-	(54,008,440)
Intangible right-to-use assets:				
Equipment	(5,781)	(3,664)	2,117	(7,328)
Vehicles	(34,034)	-	34,034	-
SBITAs	(223,985)	(213,981)	65,300	(372,666)
Total accumulated depreciation/amortization	(83,132,409)	(6,616,095)	551,583	(89,196,921)
Total capital assets, being				
depreciated/amortized, net	156,955,538	39,260,035	(53,778)	196,161,795
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 230,331,646	\$111,851,572	<u>\$(51,436,721)</u>	\$ 290,746,497

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

### **NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS - (Continued)**

Depreciation/amortization expense was charged to functions/programs of governmental activities as follows:

### **Governmental activities:**

General government	\$ 438,228
Public safety	899,701
Public service	4,735,837
Parks and recreation	530,615
Community development	11,714
Total depreciation/amortization expense	\$ 6,616,095

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2024 was as follows:

Business-type activities:		Balance 12/31/23	<u>A</u>	dditions	De	ductions	_	Balance 12/31/24
Capital assets, not being depreciated/amortized: Land Construction in progress	\$	1,236,573 367,067	\$	- -	\$	- (367,067)	\$	1,236,573
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		1,603,640		<u> </u>		(367,067)		1,236,573
Capital assets, being depreciated/amortized: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Machinery and equipment Infrastructure	_	1,714,388 11,666,951 1,363,622 78,731,081		- 669,939 9,105,850		- - (84,721) -	_	1,714,388 11,666,951 1,948,840 87,836,931
Total capital assets, being depreciated/amortized		93,476,042		9,775,789		(84,721)	_	103,167,110
Less: accumulated depreciation/amortized: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Machinery and equipment Infrastructure		(189,298) (2,831,205) (1,118,383) (30,504,162)		(42,859) (228,734) (115,507) (1,415,259)		84,721		(232,157) (3,059,939) (1,149,169) (31,919,421)
Total accumulated depreciation/amortization		(34,643,048)		(1,802,359)		84,721		(36,360,686)
Total capital assets, being depreciated/amortized, net		58,832,994		7,973,430				66,806,424
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	60,436,634	\$	7,973,430	\$	(367,067)	\$	68,042,997

Depreciation/amortization expense was charged to functions/programs of business-type activities as follows:

### **Business-type activities:**

Water	\$ 623,285
Sewer	445,097
Stormwater	474,774
Pool	 259,203
Total depreciation/amortization expense	\$ 1,802,359

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

### **NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS - (Continued)**

<u>Construction Commitments</u> - The City has active construction projects as of December 31, 2024. The projects include reconstruction/maintenance of streets, waterlines, sewer lines and stormwater systems, installing sidewalks, replacing traffic signals, and various park-related projects. At year-end, the City's commitments with contractors are as follows:

			1	Amount								
		Contract	R	emaining								
Company	Amount		Amount		Amount		Amount		Amount		on	Contract
Burgess and Niple	\$	899,197	\$	113,042								
Crawford, Murphy, & Tilly		124,420		124,420								
CTL Engineering		360,607		95,726								
Decker Construction		2,477,092		214,033								
Elford		72,358,235		31,267,872								
G& G Concrete Construction		660,275		193,426								
MKSK Studios		239,083		182,265								
MSA Design		4,823,900		828,018								
Pizzuti Solutions		2,117,500		218,350								
Strawser Paving		15,994,192		3,666,280								

<u>Encumbrances</u> - Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed by all funds on a budgetary basis of accounting. On the GAAP basis of accounting, encumbrances do not constitute expenditures or liabilities. Outstanding cash basis encumbrances, net of related payables, in the governmental funds at December 31, 2024 were as follows:

	Encumbrances,			
Fund	net payables			
General	\$	1,546,281		
Bonded Improvement		2,985,846		
Infrastructure Improvement		11,917,564		
Other Governmental		2,576,797		
Total	\$	19,026,488		

### **NOTE 6 - INTERFUND ACTIVITY**

### (a) <u>Due from/to Other Funds and Interfund Loans Receivable and Payable</u>

During the course of operations, transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services and to cover costs in specific funds where revenues were not received in the fund financial statements, these receivables and payables are reported as "due from other funds" or "due to other funds" on the balance sheet, and are normally expected to be liquidated in a year or less.

"Due from/to other funds" balances at December 31, 2024 represent the premium charges payable to the BWC administration fund for the funding of worker's compensation claims totaling \$22,834.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

### **NOTE 6 - INTERFUND ACTIVITY - (Continued)**

Additionally, interfund loans receivable/payable balances in the General, Infrastructure Improvement, and Other Governmental funds include \$6,252,500 in interfund balances that are expected to be repaid within one year. See the table in 6(b) for further detail.

### (b) <u>Interfund Balances</u>

During the course of operations advances are made from the General Fund to cover costs in specific funds where revenues were not received by December 31. As mentioned in note 5(a) above, the portion of the advances expected to be repaid within a year or less are reported as "Due from/to other funds" on the balance sheet. The portion of the advances expected to be repaid in more than one year are reported as "advances from other funds" or "advances to other funds" on the balance sheet. Accordingly, a nonspendable fund balance has been established in the General Fund.

Interfund balances at December 31, 2024 as reported on the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet, consist of the following individual interfund advances:

					Balance S	Sheet
	Beginning	Advance	New	Ending	Interfund loans	Advances
Fund	balance	repayments	Advances	balance	payable/receivable	from/to
General	\$ 4,511,235	\$(2,594,150)	\$8,234,100	\$10,151,185	\$ 6,252,500	\$ 3,898,685
Infrastructure Improvement	(3,000,000)	2,444,650	(8,100,000)	(8,655,350)	(6,100,000)	(2,555,350)
Other Governmental:						
Tremont Road TIF	(104,035)	37,500	-	(66,535)	(37,500)	(29,035)
Kingsdale Center TIF	-	-	(134,100)	(134,100)	-	(134,100)
W. Lane Northwest TIF	(132,200)	12,000	-	(120,200)	(15,000)	(105,200)
Community Fiber Optic	(1,275,000)	100,000		(1,175,000)	(100,000)	(1,075,000)
Total Other Governmental	(1,511,235)	149,500	(134,100)	(1,495,835)	(152,500)	(1,343,335)
Total	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

Interfund balances between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements.

### (c) Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2024, consisted of the following, as reported in the fund financials:

Transfer to:							
Gene	eral Obligation	In	frastructure		Other		
Bor	nd Retirement	In	nprovement	Gov	ernmental		Total
	_						
\$	8,648,852	\$	3,250,000	\$	68,400	\$	11,967,252
	5,336,733				-		5,336,733
\$	13,985,585	\$	3,250,000	\$	68,400	\$	17,303,985
	Bor	5,336,733	Bond Retirement   In	General Obligation         Infrastructure           Bond Retirement         Improvement           \$ 8,648,852         \$ 3,250,000           5,336,733         -	General Obligation         Infrastructure           Bond Retirement         Improvement         Gov           \$ 8,648,852         \$ 3,250,000         \$           5,336,733         -         -	General Obligation         Infrastructure         Other           Bond Retirement         Improvement         Governmental           \$ 8,648,852         \$ 3,250,000         \$ 68,400           5,336,733         -         -	General Obligation         Infrastructure         Other           Bond Retirement         Improvement         Governmental           \$ 8,648,852         \$ 3,250,000         \$ 68,400         \$ 5,336,733

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

### **NOTE 6 - INTERFUND ACTIVITY - (Continued)**

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted for debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund as debt service payments become due, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

All transfers were made in accordance with Ohio Revised Code Sections 5705.14, 5705.15 and 5705.16 and the City's Charter.

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# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

### **NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES**

Due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 101 (see Note 3 for detail), the City has restated compensated absences as of December 31, 2023 which is reflected in the schedule below. The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities of the Governmental and Business-type Activities for the year ended December 31, 2024:

Cement obligation bonds:   Semestra   Seme	Governmental Activities:	Restated Balance 12/31/2023	Additions	Reductions	Balance 12/31/2024	Amount Due Within One Year
2014 Refunding bonds 1.5% - 3.5%   \$4,020,000   \$   \$5,5000   \$3,405,000   \$5,25,000   \$2015 Yarious purpose bonds 1.5% - 4%   \$3,222,000   \$6,0000   \$2,627,000   \$6,0000   \$2,627,000   \$6,0000   \$2,627,000   \$6,0000   \$2,627,000   \$6,0000   \$2,627,000   \$6,0000   \$2,627,000   \$6,0000   \$2,627,000   \$6,0000   \$2,627,000   \$6,0000   \$2,627,000   \$6,0000   \$2,627,000   \$6,0000   \$2,627,000   \$6,0000   \$2,627,000   \$6,0000   \$2,627,000   \$6,0000   \$2,627,000   \$6,0000   \$2,627,000   \$6,0000   \$2,627,000   \$6,0000   \$2,627,000   \$6,0000   \$2,		12/31/2023	Additions	Reductions	12/31/2024	One rear
2015 Various purpose bonds 1.5% - 4%   3.222,000   595,000   2.627,000   620,000   2016 Various purpose bonds 2.5% - 3.11%   9,790,000   (5,000)   9,785,000   5,000   2017 Various purpose bonds 3%   3,195,000   (600,000)   2,285,000   200,000   2018 Various purpose bonds 3%   3,195,000   (600,000)   2,285,000   200,000   2018 Various purpose bonds 3%   4,4%   9,495,000   (600,000)   1,945,000   625,000   2020 Various purpose bonds 1% - 4%   2,545,000   (600,000)   1,945,000   625,000   2020 Various purpose bonds 1% - 4%   6,465,000   375,000   6,000,000   370,000   2020 Various purpose bonds 1% - 4%   6,465,000   375,000   6,090,000   370,000   2020 Various purpose bonds 1% - 4%   6,465,000   5,5000   3,045,000   5,000   2020 Various purpose bonds   48,4687,664   5,363,381   79,324,283   5,484,259   5,89caid obligation non-tax revenue bonds   84,687,664   5,363,381   79,324,283   5,484,259   5,89caid obligation non-tax revenue bonds   25,465,000   6,500   25,460,000   530,000   2021 Varington non-tax revenue bonds   17,925,000   5,000   5000			_			
2015 Refunding bonds 1.5% - 4%   3.222_000   . (\$95,000)   2,627_000   620,000   2016 Various purpose bonds 2.5% - 3.11%   9.790,000   . (\$5,000)   9.785_000   5,000   2017 Various purpose bonds 3%   3.195_000   . (\$1,000)   9.490_000   5,000   2018 Various purpose bonds 3% - 4%   9.495_000   . (\$0,000)   1.945_000   52,000   2019 Various purpose bonds 2.5% - 4%   2.545_000   . (\$0,000)   1.945_000   370_000   2020A Various purpose bonds 1% - 4%   13.550_000   . (\$370_000)   13.180_000   370_000   2020A Various purpose bonds 1% - 4%   13.550_000   . (\$370_000)   3.105_000   370_000   2020A Narious purpose bonds 1% - 4%   4.466_000   . (\$595_000)   3.045_000   595_000   2022 Various purpose bonds   84.687_664   . (\$5.363_381)   79.324_283   5.484_259   2.022 Various purpose bonds   84.687_664   . (\$5.363_381)   79.324_283   5.484_259   2.016_000			\$ -	. , ,		
2016 Various purpose bonds 2,35% - 3,11%   9,790,000   - (5,000)   9,785,000   92,000   2010   2017 Various purpose bonds 3%   4%   9,495,000   - (50,000)   9,490,000   5,000   2018 Various purpose bonds 3% - 4%   2,545,000   - (600,000)   1,945,000   625,000   2020 Various purpose bonds 1% - 4%   13,550,000   - (370,000)   13,180,000   375,000   2020 Various purpose bonds 1% - 4%   6,465,000   - (375,000)   6,090,000   370,000   2020 Various purpose bonds 1% - 4%   6,465,000   - (375,000)   6,090,000   370,000   2020 Various purpose bonds   18,115,000   - (595,000)   3,045,000   595,000   2022 Various purpose bonds   18,115,000   - (585,000)   17,530,000   615,000   2020 Various purpose bonds   18,115,000   - (585,000)   17,530,000   515,000   2021 Various purpose bonds   84,687,664   - (5,363,381)   79,324,283   5,484,259   20,065,000   - (5,000)   2,460,000   2,460			-	( , ,		
2017 Various purpose bonds 3%   3,195,000   - (910,000)   2,285,000   5,000   2018 Various purpose bonds 3% - 4%   2,545,000   - (5,000)   1,945,000   5,000   2019 Various purpose bonds 2.5% - 4%   2,545,000   - (370,000)   1,945,000   375,000   2020A Various purpose bonds 1% - 4%   13,550,000   - (370,000)   13,180,000   370,000   2020A Refunding bonds 1% - 4%   6,465,000   - (375,000)   3,045,000   370,000   2020B Refunding bonds 2,33% - 1,398%   3,640,000   - (595,000)   3,045,000   595,000   2022 Various purpose bonds   18,115,000   - (585,000)   1,7530,000   615,000   10,000			-	( , ,		,
2018 Various purpose bonds 3%, -4%   9,495,000   - (5,000)   9,490,000   65,000   2019 Various purpose bonds 2.5% -4%   2,545,000   - (600,000)   1,945,000   625,000   2020 A Various purpose bonds 1% -4%   13,550,000   - (370,000)   13,180,000   375,000   2020 A Refunding bonds 1% -4%   6,465,000   - (375,000)   6,090,000   370,000   2020 B Refunding bonds 13,33% - 1,398%   3,640,000   - (585,000)   3,045,000   599,000   2022 Various purpose bonds   18,115,000   - (585,000)   17,530,000   615,000   70   70   70   70   70   70   70			-	,		
2019 Various purpose bonds 2.5% - 4%   2.545,000   - (600,000)   1,945,000   625,000   2020A Various purpose bonds 1% - 4%   6.465,000   - (375,000)   6,099,000   370,000   2020B Refunding bonds 1% - 4%   6.465,000   - (595,000)   3,045,000   595,000   2022 Various purpose bonds   18,115,000   - (885,000)   17,530,000   615,000   150,000   150,000   17,530,000   150,000   150,000   17,530,000   150,000   17,530,000   150,000   17,530,000   150,000   17,530,000   150,000   17,530,000   150,000   17,530,000   17,530,000   150,000   17,530,000   150,000   17,530,000   17,			-	( , ,		,
2020 A Various purpose bonds 1% - 4%			-	,		,
2020 A Refunding bonds   1% - 4%   6,465,000   - (375,000)   370,000   370,000   2020 B Refunding bonds   233% - 1,398%   3,640,000   - (595,000)   3,045,000   595,000   2022 Various purpose bonds   18,115,000   - (585,000)   17,530,000   615,000   500,0			-	( , ,		
2020 Refunding bonds 233% - 1.398%   3,640,000   - (595,000)   3,045,000   595,000   2022 Various purpose bonds   18,115,000   - (585,000)   17,530,000   615,000   170   17,530,000   19,755,000   325,000   17,530,000   19,755,000   17,530,000   17,50			-	( , ,	, ,	
Total general obligation bonds		6,465,000	-	(375,000)	6,090,000	
Total general obligation bonds		3,640,000	-	(595,000)	, ,	595,000
Special obligation non-tax revenue bonds:   2019 Lane Ave mixed use   development bonds II 2% - 4%   20,065,000   - (310,000)   19,755,000   325,000   2021 Arlington Gateway mixed use   development bonds 3% - 4%   25,465,000   - (5,000)   25,460,000   530,000   2022 Kingsdale Parking mixed use   development bonds   17,925,000   17,925,000   285,000   2023 Community Center - Office   11,670,000   11,670,000   25,000   25,000   25,000   2023 Community Center - Office   11,670,000   11,670,000   25,000   1,165,000	2022 Various purpose bonds	18,115,000	-	(585,000)	17,530,000	615,000
2019 Lane Ave mixed use development bonds II 2% - 4%   20,065,000   - (310,000)   19,755,000   325,000   2021 Arlington Gateway mixed use development bonds 3% - 4%   25,465,000   - (5,000)   25,460,000   530,000   2022 Kingsdale Parking mixed use development bonds   17,925,000   17,925,000   285,000   2023 Community Center - Office   11,670,000   - (315,000)   74,810,000   1,165,	Total general obligation bonds	84,687,664		(5,363,381)	79,324,283	5,484,259
2021 Arlington Gateway mixed use development bonds 3% - 4%   25,465,000   - (5,000)   25,460,000   530,000   2022 Kingsdale Parking mixed use development bonds   17,925,000   -   -   17,925,000   285,000   2023 Community Center - Office   11,670,000   -     -   11,670,000   25,000   1,165,00						
development bonds 3% - 4%         25,465,000         - (5,000)         25,460,000         530,000           2022 Kingsdale Parking mixed use development bonds         17,925,000         17,925,000         285,000           2023 Community Center - Office         11,670,000         11,670,000         25,000           Total non-tax revenue bonds         75,125,000         - (315,000)         74,810,000         1,165,000           Income Tax Revenue Bonds         50,500,000         - (2,035,000)         48,465,000         360,000           Total Income Tax Revenue Bonds         50,500,000         - (2,035,000)         48,465,000         360,000           Loans - Direct Borrowings:         - (104,584)         1,725,639         104,584           FCIB Community Fiber Network 1.7%         235,570         - (116,788)         118,782         118,782           Total loans         2,065,793         - (221,372)         1,844,421         223,366           Unamortized premium on bonds         13,235,873         - (673,947)         12,561,926            Unamortized discount on bonds         (215,474)         - 11,313         (204,161)            Total bonds and notes payable         13,020,399         - (662,634)         12,357,765            Leases payable </td <td>1</td> <td>20,065,000</td> <td>-</td> <td>(310,000)</td> <td>19,755,000</td> <td>325,000</td>	1	20,065,000	-	(310,000)	19,755,000	325,000
17,925,000   17,925,000   -   -   17,925,000   285,000   2023 Community Center - Office   11,670,000   -     11,670,000   25,000	development bonds 3% - 4%	25,465,000	-	(5,000)	25,460,000	530,000
2023 Community Center - Office         11,670,000         -         -         11,670,000         25,000           Total non-tax revenue bonds         75,125,000         -         (315,000)         74,810,000         1,165,000           Income Tax Revenue Bonds         2023 Community Center         50,500,000         -         (2,035,000)         48,465,000         360,000           Total Income Tax Revenue Bonds         50,500,000         -         (2,035,000)         48,465,000         360,000           Loans - Direct Borrowings:         -         (104,584)         1,725,639         104,584           PCIB Community Fiber Network 1.7%         235,570         -         (116,788)         118,782         118,782           Total loans         2,065,793         -         (221,372)         1,844,421         223,366           Unamortized premium on bonds         13,235,873         -         (673,947)         12,561,926         -           Unamortized discount on bonds         (215,474)         -         11,313         (204,161)         -           Total bonds and notes payable         13,020,399         -         (662,634)         12,357,765         -           Notes payable - finance purchase         20,121         -         (13,786)         6,335 <t< td=""><td></td><td>17.925.000</td><td>_</td><td>_</td><td>17.925.000</td><td>285,000</td></t<>		17.925.000	_	_	17.925.000	285,000
Total non-tax revenue bonds         75,125,000         -         (315,000)         74,810,000         1,165,000           Income Tax Revenue Bonds         50,500,000         -         (2,035,000)         48,465,000         360,000           Total Income Tax Revenue Bonds         50,500,000         -         (2,035,000)         48,465,000         360,000           Loans - Direct Borrowings:         -         (104,584)         1,725,639         104,584           PCIB Community Fiber Network 1.7%         235,570         -         (116,788)         118,782         118,782           Total loans         2,065,793         -         (221,372)         1,844,421         223,366           Unamortized premium on bonds         13,235,873         -         (673,947)         12,561,926         -           Unamortized discount on bonds         (215,474)         -         11,313         (204,161)         -           Total bonds and notes payable         13,020,399         -         (662,634)         12,357,765         -           Notes payable - finance purchase         20,121         -         (13,786)         6,335         5,875           Leases payable         12,992         -         (3,316)         9,676         3,422           SBITAs payable<			_	_		,
2023 Community Center         50,500,000         -         (2,035,000)         48,465,000         360,000           Total Income Tax Revenue Bonds         50,500,000         -         (2,035,000)         48,465,000         360,000           Loans - Direct Borrowings:         OPWC Tremont Road 0%         1,830,223         -         (104,584)         1,725,639         104,584           FCIB Community Fiber Network 1.7%         235,570         -         (116,788)         118,782         118,782           Total loans         2,065,793         -         (221,372)         1,844,421         223,366           Unamortized premium on bonds         13,235,873         -         (673,947)         12,561,926         -           Unamortized discount on bonds         (215,474)         -         11,313         (204,161)         -           Total bonds and notes payable         13,020,399         -         (662,634)         12,357,765         -           Notes payable - finance purchase         20,121         -         (13,786)         6,335         5,875           Leases payable         12,992         -         (3,316)         9,676         3,422           SBITAs payable         382,728         (202,951)         179,777         123,324	-			(315,000)		
2023 Community Center         50,500,000         -         (2,035,000)         48,465,000         360,000           Total Income Tax Revenue Bonds         50,500,000         -         (2,035,000)         48,465,000         360,000           Loans - Direct Borrowings:         OPWC Tremont Road 0%         1,830,223         -         (104,584)         1,725,639         104,584           FCIB Community Fiber Network 1.7%         235,570         -         (116,788)         118,782         118,782           Total loans         2,065,793         -         (221,372)         1,844,421         223,366           Unamortized premium on bonds         13,235,873         -         (673,947)         12,561,926         -           Unamortized discount on bonds         (215,474)         -         11,313         (204,161)         -           Total bonds and notes payable         13,020,399         -         (662,634)         12,357,765         -           Notes payable - finance purchase         20,121         -         (13,786)         6,335         5,875           Leases payable         12,992         -         (3,316)         9,676         3,422           SBITAs payable         382,728         (202,951)         179,777         123,324	Income Tax Revenue Bonds					
Total Income Tax Revenue Bonds         50,500,000         -         (2,035,000)         48,465,000         360,000           Loans - Direct Borrowings:         OPWC Tremont Road 0%         1,830,223         -         (104,584)         1,725,639         104,584           FCIB Community Fiber Network 1.7%         235,570         -         (116,788)         118,782         118,782           Total loans         2,065,793         -         (221,372)         1,844,421         223,366           Unamortized premium on bonds         13,235,873         -         (673,947)         12,561,926         -           Unamortized discount on bonds         (215,474)         -         11,313         (204,161)         -           Total bonds and notes payable         13,020,399         -         (662,634)         12,357,765         -           Notes payable - finance purchase         20,121         -         (13,786)         6,335         5,875           Leases payable         12,992         -         (3,316)         9,676         3,422           SBITAs payable         382,728         (202,951)         179,777         123,324           Pension & OPEB         64,367,482         -         (5,066,025)         59,301,457         -           Compen		50,500,000	-	(2,035,000)	48,465,000	360,000
OPWC Tremont Road 0%         1,830,223         -         (104,584)         1,725,639         104,584           FCIB Community Fiber Network 1.7%         235,570         -         (116,788)         118,782         118,782           Total loans         2,065,793         -         (221,372)         1,844,421         223,366           Unamortized premium on bonds         13,235,873         -         (673,947)         12,561,926         -           Unamortized discount on bonds         (215,474)         -         11,313         (204,161)         -           Total bonds and notes payable         13,020,399         -         (662,634)         12,357,765         -           Notes payable - finance purchase         20,121         -         (13,786)         6,335         5,875           Leases payable         12,992         -         (3,316)         9,676         3,422           SBITAs payable         382,728         (202,951)         179,777         123,324           Pension & OPEB         64,367,482         -         (5,066,025)         59,301,457         -           Compensated absences*         6,743,064         -         (345,829)         6,397,235         2,347,447	•	50,500,000				360,000
OPWC Tremont Road 0%         1,830,223         -         (104,584)         1,725,639         104,584           FCIB Community Fiber Network 1.7%         235,570         -         (116,788)         118,782         118,782           Total loans         2,065,793         -         (221,372)         1,844,421         223,366           Unamortized premium on bonds         13,235,873         -         (673,947)         12,561,926         -           Unamortized discount on bonds         (215,474)         -         11,313         (204,161)         -           Total bonds and notes payable         13,020,399         -         (662,634)         12,357,765         -           Notes payable - finance purchase         20,121         -         (13,786)         6,335         5,875           Leases payable         12,992         -         (3,316)         9,676         3,422           SBITAs payable         382,728         (202,951)         179,777         123,324           Pension & OPEB         64,367,482         -         (5,066,025)         59,301,457         -           Compensated absences*         6,743,064         -         (345,829)         6,397,235         2,347,447	Loans - Direct Borrowings:				-	
FCIB Community Fiber Network 1.7%  235,570  - (116,788)  118,782  118,782  118,782  Total loans  2,065,793  - (221,372)  1,844,421  223,366  Unamortized premium on bonds  13,235,873  - (673,947)  12,561,926  - Unamortized discount on bonds  (215,474)  - 11,313  (204,161)  - Total bonds and notes payable  13,020,399  - (662,634)  12,357,765  - Notes payable - finance purchase  20,121  - (13,786)  6,335  5,875  Leases payable  SBITAs payable  12,992  - (3,316)  9,676  3,422  SBITAs payable  SBITAs payable  64,367,482  Pension & OPEB  64,367,482  - (5,066,025)  59,301,457  - Compensated absences*  6,743,064  - (345,829)  6,397,235  2,347,447		1 830 223	_	(104 584)	1 725 639	104 584
Total loans         2,065,793         -         (221,372)         1,844,421         223,366           Unamortized premium on bonds         13,235,873         -         (673,947)         12,561,926         -           Unamortized discount on bonds         (215,474)         -         11,313         (204,161)         -           Total bonds and notes payable         13,020,399         -         (662,634)         12,357,765         -           Notes payable - finance purchase         20,121         -         (13,786)         6,335         5,875           Leases payable         12,992         -         (3,316)         9,676         3,422           SBITAs payable         382,728         (202,951)         179,777         123,324           Pension & OPEB         64,367,482         -         (5,066,025)         59,301,457         -           Compensated absences*         6,743,064         -         (345,829)         6,397,235         2,347,447			-			
Unamortized discount on bonds         (215,474)         -         11,313         (204,161)         -           Total bonds and notes payable         13,020,399         -         (662,634)         12,357,765         -           Notes payable - finance purchase         20,121         -         (13,786)         6,335         5,875           Leases payable         12,992         -         (3,316)         9,676         3,422           SBITAs payable         382,728         (202,951)         179,777         123,324           Pension & OPEB         64,367,482         -         (5,066,025)         59,301,457         -           Compensated absences*         6,743,064         -         (345,829)         6,397,235         2,347,447	·	2,065,793			1,844,421	
Unamortized discount on bonds         (215,474)         -         11,313         (204,161)         -           Total bonds and notes payable         13,020,399         -         (662,634)         12,357,765         -           Notes payable - finance purchase         20,121         -         (13,786)         6,335         5,875           Leases payable         12,992         -         (3,316)         9,676         3,422           SBITAs payable         382,728         (202,951)         179,777         123,324           Pension & OPEB         64,367,482         -         (5,066,025)         59,301,457         -           Compensated absences*         6,743,064         -         (345,829)         6,397,235         2,347,447	Unamortized premium on bands	12 225 072		(672 047)	12 561 026	
Total bonds and notes payable         13,020,399         -         (662,634)         12,357,765         -           Notes payable - finance purchase         20,121         -         (13,786)         6,335         5,875           Leases payable         12,992         -         (3,316)         9,676         3,422           SBITAs payable         382,728         (202,951)         179,777         123,324           Pension & OPEB         64,367,482         -         (5,066,025)         59,301,457         -           Compensated absences*         6,743,064         -         (345,829)         6,397,235         2,347,447	*		-			-
Notes payable - finance purchase         20,121         -         (13,786)         6,335         5,875           Leases payable         12,992         -         (3,316)         9,676         3,422           SBITAs payable         382,728         (202,951)         179,777         123,324           Pension & OPEB         64,367,482         -         (5,066,025)         59,301,457         -           Compensated absences*         6,743,064         -         (345,829)         6,397,235         2,347,447						
Leases payable       12,992       - (3,316)       9,676       3,422         SBITAs payable       382,728       (202,951)       179,777       123,324         Pension & OPEB       64,367,482       - (5,066,025)       59,301,457       -         Compensated absences*       6,743,064       - (345,829)       6,397,235       2,347,447	Total bonds and notes payable	13,020,399		(662,634)	12,357,765	
SBITAs payable         382,728         (202,951)         179,777         123,324           Pension & OPEB         64,367,482         -         (5,066,025)         59,301,457         -           Compensated absences*         6,743,064         -         (345,829)         6,397,235         2,347,447	Notes payable - finance purchase	20,121	-	(13,786)	6,335	5,875
SBITAs payable         382,728         (202,951)         179,777         123,324           Pension & OPEB         64,367,482         -         (5,066,025)         59,301,457         -           Compensated absences*         6,743,064         -         (345,829)         6,397,235         2,347,447	Leases payable	12,992	-	(3.316)	9,676	3,422
Pension & OPEB       64,367,482       - (5,066,025)       59,301,457       -         Compensated absences*       6,743,064       - (345,829)       6,397,235       2,347,447				` ' '	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Compensated absences* 6,743,064 - (345,829) 6,397,235 2,347,447	1 -		_	` ' /	*	,
·			-			2,347,447
	*		\$ -			

<sup>\*</sup>The change in compensated absences liability is presented as a net change.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

### NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - (Continued)

Business-type activities:	Restated Balance 12/31/2023	Additions	Reductions	Balance 12/31/2024	Amount Due Within One Year
-					
Water surcharge fund General obligation bonds:					
2015 Various purpose bonds 1.5% - 4%	\$ 791,115	\$ -	\$ (59,303)	\$ 731,812	\$ 61,595
Total general obligation bonds	791,115	-	(59,303)	731,812	61,595
Pension & OPEB	151,019	_	(7,256)	143,763	_
Compensated absences*	32,107	8,185	-	40,292	17,110
Total water surcharge fund	974,241	8,185	(66,559)	915,867	78,705
Sewer surcharge fund					
General obligation bonds:					
2015 Various purpose bonds 1.5% - 4%	67,598	-	(5,067)	62,531	5,263
Total general obligation bonds	67,598	-	(5,067)	62,531	5,263
Pension & OPEB	663,423	_	(129,545)	533,878	_
Compensated absences*	101,673	-	(20,557)	81,116	32,885
Total sewer surcharge fund	832,694		(155,169)	677,525	38,148
Stormwater fund					
General obligation bonds:					
2015 Various purpose bonds 1.5% - 4%	563,623	-	(42,249)	521,374	43,883
Total general obligation bonds	563,623	-	(42,249)	521,374	43,883
Pension & OPEB	596,882	-	(192,545)	404,337	-
Compensated absences*	11,258	3,306		14,564	9,874
Total stormwater fund	1,171,763	3,306	(234,794)	940,275	53,757
Swimming pools fund					
Pension & OPEB	942,729	-	(165,086)	777,643	-
Compensated absences*	33,456	-	(32,332)	1,124	712
Total swimming pools fund	976,185		(197,418)	778,767	712
Solid waste fund					
Pension & OPEB	-	41,616	-	41,616	-
Compensated absences*		16,283		16,283	6,398
Total solid waste fund	-	57,899		57,899	6,398
Total business-type activities	0 2054002	¢ (0.200	¢ ((52.040)	¢ 2.270.222	¢ 177.700
Long-term liabilities	\$ 3,954,883	\$ 69,390	\$ (653,940)	\$ 3,370,333	\$ 177,720

<sup>\*</sup>The change in compensated absences liability is presented as a net change.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

### **NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - (Continued)**

The City pays obligations related to employee compensation from the fund benefitting from their service. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension/OPEB liability. However, compensated absences and employer pension/OPEB contributions are made from the following funds; the General Fund, the Bonded Improvement Fund, the Infrastructure Improvement Fund, Other Governmental Funds, and the Water Surcharge Fund, the Sewer Surcharge Fund, the Stormwater Fund, and the Swimming Pools fund.

General Obligation Bonds and Notes are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the City. The City issues general obligation bonds and notes to provide funds for acquisition and construction of major capital equipment, infrastructure, and facilities. General obligation bonds have been issued for both governmental and business-type activities.

Special Obligation bonds are limited special revenue obligations of the City, payable solely from Nontax Revenues. Neither the general credit of the City, nor that of the State of Ohio or of any political subdivision thereof, is pledged to the payment of the principal of, or premium, if any, or interest on the Special Obligation Nontax Revenue bonds. Special Obligation bonds have been issued for governmental activities.

General Obligation Bonds:

### 2014 Refunding Bonds

On July 22, 2014, the City issued \$6,265,000 in Various Purpose Limited Tax Refunding Bonds for the purpose of currently refunding the remaining maturities of the Series 2010B Various Purpose Build America bonds.

The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$48,263. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt, which is equal to the life of the Series 2013 bonds issued. This current refunding was undertaken to reduce the combined total debt service payments by \$48,487 and resulted in an economic gain of \$44,186.

Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The final maturity stated in the issue is December 1, 2030. Payments of principal and interest are recorded as disbursements of the general obligation bond retirement fund.

### 2015 Various Purpose and Refunding Bonds

On April 14, 2015, the City issued \$24,995,000 in Various Purpose Limited Tax Bonds. The bonds were broken into the following two components based on the intended use of the proceeds: (1) 2015 Various Purpose Bonds (\$18,913,000) were issued for the purpose of retiring the Land Acquisition Bond Anticipation Notes and for acquiring, constructing, installing, and equipping capital projects and public infrastructure with related equipment, and; (2) 2015 Refunding Bonds (\$6,082,000) were issued to advance refund the callable portion of the City's outstanding 2008 Fire Station and Infrastructure Bonds. The advance refunded debt is considered defeased (in substance) and accordingly, has been removed from the statement of net position.

As mentioned above, the 2015 Various Purpose Bonds (\$18,913,000) were issued for the purpose of financing various capital improvements. These could include improvements to streets, parks, water lines, sewer lines, stormwater lines, etc. Due to the broadness in scope of the potential projects, the proceeds were deposited into the Bonded Improvement Fund. However, it is the intent of the City to repay the portion of the debt used to improve enterprise fund related assets (water lines, sewer lines, storm water line, etc.) out of the corresponding enterprise fund. Therefore, once the enterprise-related asset is completed, the capital asset will be contributed to the appropriate enterprise fund.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

### **NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - (Continued)**

The reacquisition price of the 2015 Refunding Bonds exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$736,297 for governmental-type activities. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt, which equal to the life of the 2015 Refunding Bonds issued. This refunding was undertaken to reduce the combined total debt service payments by \$349,571 and resulted in an economic gain of \$299,949.

The bond issues included serial and term bonds, in the amounts of \$22,760,000 and \$2,235,000, respectively. The bonds were issued for a twenty year period with final maturity at December 1, 2034. Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. Payments of principal and interest are recorded as disbursements of the General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund.

The \$2,235,000 term bonds maturing on December 1, 2030, are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a redemption price of 100 percent of the principal amount to be redeemed, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption, on December 1 in the year and in the respective principal amount as follows:

	Principal amount		
Fiscal year	to 1	be redeemed	
2029	\$	1,100,000	

The remaining principal amount of such Series 2015 Bonds (\$1,135,000) will be paid at stated maturity on December 1, 2030.

### 2016 Various Purpose Bonds

On December 15, 2016, the City issued \$9,825,000 in Various Purpose Limited Tax Bonds for the purpose of acquiring, constructing, installing, and equipping capital projects and public infrastructure with related equipment.

The bond issues included serial and term bonds, in the amounts of \$5,520,000 and \$4,305,000, respectively. The bonds were issued for a twenty year period with final maturity at December 1, 2036. Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. Payments of principal and interest are recorded as disbursements of the General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund.

The \$530,000 term bonds maturing on December 1, 2027, are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a redemption price of 100 percent of the principal amount to be redeemed, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption, on December 1 in the years and in the respective principal amounts as follows:

	Princ	ipal amount
Fiscal year	to be	redeemed
2026	\$	50,000

The remaining principal amount of such Series 2016 Bonds (\$480,000) will be paid at stated maturity on December 1, 2027.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

### **NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - (Continued)**

The \$3,775,000 term bonds maturing on December 1, 2036, are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a redemption price of 100 percent of the principal amount to be redeemed, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption, on December 1 in the years and in the respective principal amounts as follows:

	Principal amount		
Fiscal year	to b	e redeemed	
2033	\$	540,000	
2034		1,060,000	
2035		1 080 000	

The remaining principal amount of such Series 2016 Bonds (\$1,095,000) will be paid at stated maturity on December 1, 2036.

### 2017 Various Purpose Bonds

On January 10, 2017, the City issued \$9,280,000 in Various Purpose Limited Tax Bonds for the purpose of acquiring, constructing, installing, and equipping capital projects and public infrastructure with related equipment.

The bond issues included serial bonds, in the amounts of \$9,280,000. The bonds were issued for an eleven year period with final maturity at December 1, 2027. Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. Payments of principal and interest are recorded as disbursements of the General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund.

### 2018 Various Purpose Bonds

On December 19, 2018, the City issued \$9,515,000 in Various Purpose Limited Tax Bonds for the purpose of acquiring, constructing, installing, and equipping capital projects and public infrastructure with related equipment.

The bond issues included serial and term bonds, in the amounts of \$4,715,000 and \$4,800,000, respectively. The bonds were issued for a twenty year period with final maturity at December 1, 2038. Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. Payments of principal and interest are recorded as disbursements of the General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund.

The \$4,800,000 term bonds maturing on December 1, 2038, are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a redemption price of 100 percent of the principal amount to be redeemed, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption, on December 1 in the years and in the respective principal amounts as follows:

	Principal amount		
Fiscal year	to b	e redeemed	
2034	\$	900,000	
2035		925,000	
2036		960,000	
2037		990,000	

The remaining principal amount of such Series 2018 Bonds (\$1,025,000) will be paid at stated maturity on December 1, 2038.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

### **NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - (Continued)**

#### 2019 Various Purpose Bonds

On January 8, 2019, the City issued \$5,370,000 in Various Purpose Limited Tax Bonds for the purpose of acquiring, constructing, installing, and equipping capital projects and public infrastructure with related equipment.

The bond issues included serial bonds, in the amount of \$5,370,000. The bonds were issued for an eight year period with final maturity at December 1, 2027. Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. Payments of principal and interest are recorded as disbursements of the General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund.

### 2020A Various Purpose and Refunding Bonds

On September 16, 2020, the City issued \$25,075,000 in Various Purpose Limited Tax Bonds. The bonds were broken into the following two components based on the intended use of the proceeds: (i) 2020A Various Purpose Bonds (\$15,500,000) were issued for the purpose of acquiring, constructing, installing, and equipping capital projects and public infrastructure with related equipment, acquiring land and interests in land, and all necessary appurtenances thereto, and; (ii) 2020A Refunding Bonds (\$9,575,000) were issued for the purpose of currently refunding a portion (\$1,980,000) of the Series 2011 Capital Improvement Refunding Bonds and currently refunding a portion (\$8,220,000) of the Series 2012 Various Purpose and Lane Avenue Mixed Use Development Bonds.

The reacquisition price of the 2020A Refunding Bonds exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$33,566 for governmental-type activities. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt, which equal to the life of the 2020A Refunding Bonds issued. This refunding was undertaken to reduce the combined total debt service payments by \$958,839 and resulted in an economic gain of \$854,756.

The bond issues included serial and term bonds, in the amounts of \$15,245,000 and \$9,830,000, respectively. The bonds were issued for a twenty-nine year period with final maturity at December 1, 2049. Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. Payments of principal and interest are recorded as disbursements of the General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund.

The \$1,610,000 term bonds maturing on December 1, 2038, are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a redemption price of 100 percent of the principal amount to be redeemed, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption, on December 1 of the year and in the respective principal amount as follows:

	Principal amount		
Fiscal year	to b	e redeemed	
2037	\$	795,000	

The remaining principal amount of such Series 2020A Bonds (\$815,000) will be paid at stated maturity on December 1, 2038.

The \$1,710,000 term bonds maturing on December 1, 2040, are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a redemption price of 100 percent of the principal amount to be redeemed, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption, on December 1 of the year and in the respective principal amount as follows:

	Principal amount		
Fiscal year	to b	e redeemed	
2039	\$	840,000	

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

### **NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - (Continued)**

The remaining principal amount of such Series 2020A Bonds (\$870,000) will be paid at stated maturity on December 1, 2040.

	Princ	ipal amount
Fiscal year	to b	e redeemed
2039	\$	840,000

The \$1,815,000 term bonds maturing on December 1, 2042, are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a redemption price of 100 percent of the principal amount to be redeemed, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption, on December 1 of the year and in the respective principal amount as follows:

	Principal amount		
Fiscal year	to b	e redeemed	
2041	\$	895,000	

The remaining principal amount of such Series 2020A Bonds (\$920,000) will be paid at stated maturity on December 1, 2042.

The \$1,905,000 term bonds maturing on December 1, 2045, are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a redemption price of 100 percent of the principal amount to be redeemed, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption, on December 1 of the years and in the respective principal amounts as follows:

	Princ	ipal amount
Fiscal year	to be	redeemed
 2043	\$	615,000
2044		635,000

The remaining principal amount of such Series 2020A Bonds (\$655,000) will be paid at stated maturity on December 1, 2045.

The \$2,790,000 term bonds maturing on December 1, 2049, are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a redemption price of 100 percent of the principal amount to be redeemed, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption, on December 1 of the years and in the respective principal amounts as follows:

Princ	cipal amount
to b	e redeemed
\$	675,000
	690,000
	705,000
	to b

The remaining principal amount of such Series 2020A Bonds (\$720,000) will be paid at stated maturity on December 1, 2049.

#### 2020B Refunding Bonds

On September 16, 2020, the City issued \$4,520,000 in Various Purpose Limited Tax Refunding Bonds for the purpose currently refunding a portion (\$4,065,000) of the Series 2013 Various Purpose Refunding Bonds.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

#### **NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - (Continued)**

The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$101,136. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt, which is equal to the life of the Series 2020B bonds issued. This current refunding was undertaken to reduce the combined total debt service payments by \$347,715 and resulted in an economic gain of \$347,715.

Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The final maturity stated in the issue is December 1, 2029. Payments of principal and interest are recorded as disbursements of the general obligation bond retirement fund.

#### 2022 Various Purpose Bonds

On October 27, 2022, the City issued \$19,250,000 in Various Purpose General Obligation Bonds for the purpose of various capital projects. The bonds carry interest rates of 5.75% and have a final maturity of December 1, 2042. Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. Payments of principal and interest are recorded as disbursements of the General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund.

Special Obligation Bonds:

### 2019 Lane Avenue Mixed-Use Development II Nontax Revenue Bonds

On November 7, 2019, the City issued \$20,340,000 in Lane Avenue Mixed-Use Development II Special Obligation Nontax Revenue Bonds for the purpose of paying costs of constructing the Lane Avenue Mixed-Use Development II Project.

The bond issues included serial and term bonds, in the amounts of \$8,945,000 and \$11,395,000, respectively. The serial bonds were issued for a twenty-one year period with final maturity at December 1, 2040. Term bonds in the amount of \$3,370,000 were issued for a twenty-five year period with final maturity at December 1, 2044. Term bonds in the amount of \$8,025,000 were issued for a thirty-three year period with final maturity at December 1, 2052. Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. Payments of principal and interest are recorded as disbursements of the General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund.

The \$3,370,000 term bonds maturing on December 1, 2044, are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a redemption price of 100 percent of the principal amount to be redeemed, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption, on December 1 in the years and in the respective principal amounts as follows:

	Princ	ipal amount
Fiscal year	to b	e redeemed
2041	\$	780,000
2042		840,000
2043		860,000

The remaining principal amount of such Series 2019 Bonds (\$890,000) will be paid at stated maturity on December 1, 2044.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

### **NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - (Continued)**

The \$8,025,000 term bonds maturing on December 1, 2052, are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a redemption price of 100 percent of the principal amount to be redeemed, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption, on December 1 in the years and in the respective principal amounts as follows:

	Princ	cipal amount				
Fiscal year	to be redeemed					
2045	\$	950,000				
2046		980,000				
2047		1,005,000				
2048		1,075,000				
2049		1,110,000				
2050		1,135,000				
2051		1,210,000				

The remaining principal amount of such Series 2019 Bonds (\$560,000) will be paid at stated maturity on December 1, 2052.

#### 2021 Arlington Gateway Mixed-Use Development Nontax Revenue Bonds

On September 30, 2021, the City issued \$25,465,000 in Arlington Gateway Mixed-Use Development Special Obligation Nontax Revenue Bonds for the purpose of paying costs of constructing the Arlington Gateway MixedUse Development Project.

The bond issues included serial and term bonds, in the amounts of \$10,200,000 and \$15,265,000, respectively. The serial bonds were issued for a sixteen year period with final maturity at December 1, 2039. Term bonds in the amount of \$1,800,000 were issued for a two period with final maturity at December 1, 2041. Term bonds in the amount of \$2,905,000 were issued for a three year period with final maturity at December 1, 2044. Term bonds in the amount of \$2,085,000 were issued for a two year period with final maturity at December 1, 2046. Term bonds in the amount of 2,215,000 were issued for a two year period with final maturity at December 1, 2048. Term bonds in the amount of \$3,605,000 were issued for a three year period with final maturity at December 1, 2051. Term bonds in the amount of \$2,655,000 were issued for a three year period with final maturity at December 1, 2053. Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. Payments of principal and interest are recorded as disbursements of the General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund.

### 2022 Kingsdale Parking Bonds

On December 7, 2022, the City issued \$17,925,000 in Special Obligation Nontax Revenue Bonds for the purpose of constructing the Kingsdale Parking Garage. The bonds carry interest rates ranging from 4.50% - 5.25% and have a final maturity of December 1, 2038. Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. Payments of principal and interest are recorded as disbursements of the General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund.

### 2023 Community Center - Office Bonds

On November 30, 2023, the City issued \$11,670,000 in Special Obligation Nontax Revenue Bonds for the purpose of constructing the Community Center Office. The bonds carry interest rates ranging from 5.00% - 5.25% and have a final maturity of December 1, 2053. Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. Payments of principal and interest are recorded as disbursements of the General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

### **NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - (Continued)**

Income Tax Revenue Bonds:

### 2023 Community Center Bonds

On March 29, 223, the City issued \$50,500,000 in Income Tax Revenue Bonds for the purpose of constructing the Community Center. The bonds carry interest rates ranging from 4.00% - 5.00% and have a final maturity of December 1, 2055. Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. Payments of principal and interest are recorded as disbursements of the General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund.

The City has pledged future income tax revenues, net of specified operating expenses to repay the Series 2023 Community Center bonds. The bond issuance are payable from income tax revenues that are transferred to the General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund to make the required principal and interest payments and are payable through 2055. Annual principal and interest payments on the bond are expected to require approximately 3.17% of City income tax revenues. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bond is \$90,918,150. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total income tax revenues of the general fund were \$2,035,000, \$2,308,150, and \$48,416,638, respectively.

At December 31, 2024, there were \$2,985,125 in unspent bond proceeds.

#### OPWC Loans:

The City has entered into three debt financing arrangements through the Ohio Public Works Commission (OPWC) to finance road, water and sewer infrastructure improvement projects. The amounts due to the OPWC are payable solely from general revenues. The loan agreements function similar to a line-of-credit agreement. The OPWC loans are being repaid from the Capital Asset Management Fund and Water Surcharge Fund. The loan agreements require semi-annual payments based on the actual amount loaned. The two loans are scheduled to fully mature: January 1, 2023 (Arlington Avenue); and January 1, 2041 (Tremont Road).

### Franklin County Infrastructure Bank Loan:

The City has entered into a debt financing arrangements through the Franklin County Infrastructure Bank (FCIB) to finance a community fiber network improvement project. The amount due to FCIB is payable solely from general revenues. The loan agreement function similar to a line-of-credit agreement. The loan is being repaid from the Community Fiber Optic Fund. The loan agreements require semi-annual payments with an interest rate of 1.7 percent. The loan is scheduled to fully mature October 1, 2025. In the event of default, as defined by the loan agreement, the County has the right to exercise all rights and remedies, including the rights to declare all sums due immediately.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

### **NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - (Continued)**

### Future Debt Service Requirements

Principal and interest requirements to retire long-term obligations outstanding at December 31, 2024 are follows:

Governmental Activities								
Year Ending	General (	Obligation	Special (	Obligation	Income Ta	x Revenue	Lo	ans
December 31,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Principal</u>	Interest
2025	\$ 5,484,259	\$ 2,873,000	\$ 1,165,000	\$ 3,003,767	\$ 360,000	\$ 2,226,750	\$ 223,366	\$ 1,517
2026	5,684,545	2,690,730	1,225,000	2,960,793	985,000	2,212,350	104,584	=
2027	5,850,421	2,513,633	1,305,000	2,921,942	1,045,000	2,172,950	104,584	=
2028	6,020,356	2,328,059	1,360,000	2,872,983	1,065,000	2,131,150	104,584	-
2029	5,460,408	2,133,771	1,425,000	2,821,507	1,105,000	2,099,200	104,584	-
2030 - 2034	23,609,294	7,972,820	8,550,000	13,144,395	6,060,000	9,862,250	522,920	-
2035 - 2039	15,655,000	3,997,597	11,220,000	11,116,215	8,575,000	8,443,250	522,922	-
2040 - 2044	8,115,000	1,243,675	14,345,000	8,761,963	8,405,000	6,514,500	156,877	-
2045 - 2049	3,445,000	241,050	18,160,000	5,706,612	8,230,000	4,364,500	-	-
2050 - 2054	-	-	16,055,000	1,684,550	10,045,000	2,296,750	-	-
2055		<u> </u>			2,590,000	129,500		
Total	\$ 79,324,283	\$ 25,994,335	\$ 74,810,000	\$ 54,994,727	\$48,465,000	\$42,453,150	\$ 1,844,421	\$ 1,517

	Business-Type Activities							
Year Ending	General Obligation							
December 31,	_	Principal	_	Interest		Total		
2025	\$	110,741	\$	47,171	\$	157,912		
2026		115,456		42,741		158,197		
2027		119,579		38,123		157,702		
2028		124,644		33,341		157,985		
2029		129,592		28,355		157,947		
2030 - 2034		715,705		73,911	_	789,616		
Total	\$	1,315,717	\$	263,642	\$	1,579,359		

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

### **NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - (Continued)**

Notes Payable - Finance Purchase

The City has entered into notes payable - finance purchase agreements for various vehicles. These agreements meet the criteria of a notes payable - finance purchase. Notes payable - finance purchase payments have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service expenditures in the basic financial statements. These expenditures are reflected as program/function expenditures on a budgetary basis.

Vehicles in the amount of \$80,479 have been capitalized, which is equal to the present value of the future minimum lease payment at the time of acquisition. A corresponding liability was recorded. Accumulated depreciation on the vehicles totaled \$76,704, leaving a current book value of \$3,775.

Principal and interest payments in 2024 totaled \$13,786 and \$6,464, respectively, are reported as debt service payments in the general fund.

The following is a schedule of the future minimum finance purchase required under the notes payable – finance purchases and the present value of the future minimum finance purchase payments as of December 31, 2024:

Fiscal Year Ending		
December 31,	<u>A</u>	mount
2025	\$	7,166
2026	_	475
Total minimum finance purchase payment		7,641
Less: amount representing interest		(1,306)
Present value of minimum finance purchase payments	\$	6,335

### Leases Payable

The City has entered into lease agreements for the intangible right-to-use equipment. Due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 87, the City will report an intangible capital asset and corresponding liability for the future scheduled payments under the leases. The lease payments will be paid from the general fund.

The City has entered into lease agreements for postage machine equipment at varying years and terms as follows:

	Lease		Lease	
	Commencement		End	Payment
Company	Date	Years	Date	Method
Pitney Bowes Postage Machine	2022	5	2027	Quarterly

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

### **NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - (Continued)**

The following is a schedule of future lease payments under the lease agreements:

Year Ending December 31,	P	rincipal_	_	Interest	_	Total
2025	\$	3,422	\$	265	\$	3,687
2026		3,532		156		3,688
2027		2,722		44		2,766
Total	\$	9,676	\$	465	\$	10,141

Subscriptions Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs) Payable

The City has entered into agreements for the intangible right-to-use subscription software. Due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 96, the City will report an intangible capital asset and corresponding liability for the future scheduled payments under the subscriptions. The subscription payments will be paid from the General Fund.

The City has entered into agreements for subscriptions at varying years and terms as follows:

	Commencement		End	Payment
<u>SBITA</u>	Date	Years	Date	Method
ArcGIS Desktop Subscription	2023	1.5	2024	Annual
ArcGIS Subscription	2023	1.5	2024	Annual
Central Square-RMS	2023	1.75	2024	Annual
Darktrace Subscription	2023	1.75	2024	Annual
DebtBook Platform	2023	1.75	2024	Annual
Docusign E-Signatures Business Pro	2023	1.5	2024	Annual
KnowBe4 Security	2023	1.75	2024	Annual
Microsoft 365 Enterprise	2023	2.25	2025	Annual
Nessus Professional	2023	1.25	2024	Annual
OpenGov Permitting & Licensing	2023	4.25	2027	Annual
Seamless Docs Digitize	2023	1.33	2024	Annual
Spam Titan Cloud MSRP	2023	1.75	2024	Annual
Tyler - Finance ERP	2023	1.5	2024	Annual
VLA Enterprise Office 365	2023	3	2026	Annual
VMWare Software	2023	1.25	2024	Annual

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

### **NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - (Continued)**

The following is a schedule of future subscription payments under the subscription agreements:

Year Ending						
December 31,	I	Principal	<u>I</u>	nterest	_	Total
2025	\$	123,324	\$	4,459	\$	127,783
2026		56,453		1,462		57,915
Total	\$	179,777	\$	5,921	\$	185,698

### **Debt Limitation**

The Ohio Revised Code provides that the net debt of a municipal corporation, whether or not approved by the electors, shall not exceed 10.5% of the total value of all property in the municipal corporation as listed and assessed for taxation. In addition, the unvoted net debt of municipal corporations cannot exceed 5.5% of the total taxation value of property. The assessed valuation used in determining the City's legal debt margin has been modified by House Bill 530 which became effective March 30, 2006. In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in calculating the City's legal debt margin calculation excludes tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property, and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations. The statutory limitations on debt are measured by a direct ratio of net debt to tax valuation and expressed in terms of a percentage. At December 31, 2024, the City's total debt limit was \$224,567,635 and the unvoted debt limit was \$159,870,666.

#### **NOTE 8 - RISK MANAGEMENT**

On October 1, 1997, the City established membership in the Central Ohio Risk Management Agency (CORMA) Self Insurance Pool, Inc. CORMA was formed pursuant to ORC Section 2744.081. Members consist of the cities of Upper Arlington, Westerville, Pickerington, Dublin, Powell, Grove City, Groveport, Canal Winchester, and Grandview Heights. Each member has two representatives on the Board of Trustees. This Board establishes its own budget, hires and fires personnel and determines annual rates for its members. Membership in CORMA enables the City to take advantage of any economies to be realized from an insurance pool with other cities and also provides the City with more control over claims than what is normally available with traditional insurance coverage.

As part of participating in CORMA, coverage is provided for annual aggregate umbrella/excess liability for all liability claims and property claims for the pool. Coverage is provided for general liability, law enforcement liability, public official liability, employment practices liability and automobile liability. A third-party broker, with expertise in public entity pools, markets the program, identifies coverage lines and limits, and recommends the best insurer and insurance for procurement.

The City self-administers deductible amounts and any other amounts not covered by CORMA. Claims liabilities and expenses are estimated through a case-by-case review of all claims.

Settled claims have not exceeded insurance coverage in the past three years. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage for the prior year.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

#### **NOTE 8 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)**

The City is self-insured for the employees' health care, dental, and worker's compensation claims. To account for and finance its health, dental, and worker's compensation claims, the City established the Employee Benefit Fund and the BWC Administration Fund (internal service funds). Operating funds of the City participate in the program and make payments to the Employee Benefit Fund and BWC Administration Fund based on actuarial estimates of the amounts needed to pay prior and current year claims. The City purchases specific stop loss insurance for health care claims, which exceed \$90,000 per covered individual in one year and aggregate stop loss coverage at 125% of annual expected claims. The City purchases stop loss insurance for worker's compensation claims, which exceeds \$350,000 per occurrence.

Changes in the balances of claims liabilities during the past two years are as follows:

			Не	alth/Dental/
		General		Workers
	Liability		Compensation	
Unpaid claims - January 1, 2023	\$	-	\$	560,575
Incurred claims		41,696		4,207,794
Payment of claims		(41,696)		(4,102,423)
Unpaid claims - December 31, 2023	\$	-	\$	665,946
Unpaid claims - January 1, 2024	\$	-	\$	665,946
Incurred claims		45,900		4,519,796
Payment of claims		(45,900)		(4,754,007)
Unpaid claims - December 31, 2024	\$	_	\$	431,735

A claims liability of \$431,735 (health/dental/workers compensation) in the Internal Service Fund accounts payable balance represents an estimate for incurred but unpaid claims liabilities and incurred but not reported claims liabilities.

### **NOTE 9 - JOINT OPERATING AGREEMENT**

In 2003, the City of Upper Arlington and the Upper Arlington City School District (District) entered into a joint operating agreement to provide recreational facilities at Burbank Park for the benefit of the residents of the City. Whereas, pursuant to Ohio Revised Code Section 755.16, this agreement shall establish the working partnership between the City and the District regarding joint acquisition and construction of the project, as well as its shared operation and maintenance. The agreement establishes a four (4) member operations committee consisting of the Superintendent of the School District, the City Manager, the School District's Athletic Director, and the Parks and Recreation Director of the City.

The Agreement shall exist until: One year from date of certificate of establishment (July 11, 2003), and shall automatically renew for consecutive periods of one (1) year each for so long as the project is used for public athletic and recreational uses for the benefit of the residents of the City.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

#### **NOTE 10 - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

### (a) Grants

The City receives financial assistance from federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on any of the financial statements of the individual fund types included herein or on the overall financial position of the City at December 31, 2024.

### (b) Litigation

The City is a defendant in a number of lawsuits pertaining to matters, which are incidental to performing routine governmental functions. City management is of the opinion that ultimate settlement of such claims will not result in a material adverse effect on the City's financial position as of December 31, 2024.

### **NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS**

The Statewide retirement systems provide both pension benefits and other postemployment benefits (OPEB).

### Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Net OPEB Liability (Asset)

The net pension liability (asset) and the net OPEB liability (asset) reported on the statement of net position represents a liability or asset to employees for pensions and OPEB, respectively.

Pensions and OPEB are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period.

The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) represents the City's proportionate share of each pension/OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension/OPEB liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the City's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The City cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions/OPEB are financed; however, the City does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension and OPEB.

GASB 68/75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires funding to come from these employers. All pension contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes pension costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits. In addition, health care plan enrollees pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. State statute requires the retirement systems to amortize unfunded pension liabilities within 30 years. If the pension amortization period exceeds 30 years, each retirement system's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension/OPEB liability (asset). Resulting adjustments to the net pension/OPEB liability (asset) would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

### **NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)**

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term net pension/OPEB liability (asset) on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension/OPEB contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in due to other governments on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

The remainder of this note includes the pension disclosures. See Note 12 for the OPEB disclosures.

### Plan Description - Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

Plan Description - City employees, other than full-time police and firefighters, participate in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS is a cost-sharing, multiple employer public employee retirement system which administers three separate pension plans. The traditional pension plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The member-directed plan is a defined contribution plan and the combined plan is a combination cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit/defined contribution pension plan. Effective January 1, 2022, new members may no longer select the Combined Plan, and current members may no longer make a plan change to this plan. In October 2023, the legislature approved House Bill (HB) 33 which allows for the consolidation of the combined plan with the traditional plan with the timing of the consolidation at the discretion of OPERS. As of December 31, 2023, the consolidation has not been executed. (The latest information available.) Participating employers are divided into state, local, law enforcement and public safety divisions. While members in the state and local divisions may participate in all three plans, law enforcement and public safety divisions exist only within the traditional plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits, and annual cost of living adjustments to members of the traditional and combined plans. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about OPERS' fiduciary net position that may be obtained by visiting <a href="https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml">https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml</a>, by writing to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling 800-222-7377.

Senate Bill (SB) 343 was enacted into law with an effective date of January 7, 2013. In the legislation, members in the traditional and combined plans were categorized into three groups with varying provisions of the law applicable to each group.

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### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

### NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

The following table provides age and service requirements for retirement and the retirement formula applied to final average salary (FAS) for the three member groups under the traditional and combined plans as per the reduced benefits adopted by SB 343 (see OPERS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report referenced above for additional information, including requirements for reduced and unreduced benefits):

Group	рA
-------	----

Eligible to retire prior to January 7, 2013 or five years after January 7, 2013

#### State and Local

### Age and Service Requirements:

Age 60 with 60 months of service credit or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit

#### Traditional Plan Formula:

2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 30

### **Combined Plan Formula:**

1% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 1.25% for service years in excess of 30

#### Group B

20 years of service credit prior to January 7, 2013 or eligible to retire ten years after January 7, 2013

#### State and Local

### Age and Service Requirements:

Age 60 with 60 months of service credit or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit

#### Traditional Plan Formula:

2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 30

### Combined Plan Formula:

1% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 1.25% for service years in excess of 30

#### Group C

Members not in other Groups and members hired on or after January 7, 2013

#### State and Local

### Age and Service Requirements:

Age 57 with 25 years of service credit or Age 62 with 5 years of service credit

#### Traditional Plan Formula:

2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 35 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 35

### Combined Plan Formula:

1% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 35 years and 1.25% for service years in excess of 35

Traditional plan state and local members who retire before meeting the age-and-years of service credit requirement for unreduced benefits receive a percentage reduction in the benefit amount. The amount of a member's pension benefit vests at retirement.

Final average Salary (FAS) represents the average of the three highest years of earnings over a member's career for Groups A and B. Group C is based on the average of the five highest years of earnings over a member's career.

When a traditional plan benefit recipient has received benefits for 12 months, the member is eligible for an annual cost of living adjustment (COLA). This COLA is calculated on the member's original base retirement benefit at the date of retirement and is not compounded. Members retiring under the combined plan receive a cost—of—living adjustment on the defined benefit portion of their pension benefit. For those who retired prior to January 7, 2013, the cost-of-living adjustment is 3.00%. For those retiring on or after January 7, 2013, beginning in calendar year 2019, the adjustment is based on the average percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index, capped at 3.00%.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

### **NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)**

Defined contribution plan benefits are established in the plan documents, which may be amended by the Board. Memberdirected plan and combined plan members who have met the retirement eligibility requirements may apply for retirement benefits. The amount available for defined contribution benefits in the combined plan consists of the member's contributions plus or minus the investment gains or losses resulting from the member's investment selections. Combined plan members wishing to receive benefits must meet the requirements for both the defined benefit and defined contribution plans. Member-directed participants must have attained the age of 55, have money on deposit in the defined contribution plan and have terminated public service to apply for retirement benefits. The amount available for defined contribution benefits in the member-directed plan consists of the members' contributions, vested employer contributions and investment gains or losses resulting from the members' investment selections. Employer contributions and associated investment earnings vest over a five-year period, at a rate of 20.00% each year. At retirement, members may select one of several distribution options for payment of the vested balance in their individual OPERS accounts. Options include the annuitization of the benefit (which includes joint and survivor options and will continue to be administered by OPERS), partial lump-sum payments (subject to limitations), a rollover of the vested account balance to another financial institution, receipt of entire account balance, net of taxes withheld, or a combination of these options. When members choose to annuitize their defined contribution benefit, the annuitized portion of the benefit is reclassified to a defined benefit.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

	State and Local		
	Traditional	Combined	
2024 Statutory Maximum Contribution Rate	s		
Employer	14.0 %	14.0 %	
Employee *	10.0 %	10.0 %	
2024 Actual Contribution Rates			
Employer:			
Pension **	14.0 %	12.0 %	
Post-employment Health Care Benefits **	0.0	2.0	
Total Employer	14.0 %	14.0 %	
Employee	10.0 %	10.0 %	

- \* Member contributions within the combined plan are not used to fund the defined benefit retirement allowance.
- \*\* These pension and employer health care rates are for the traditional and combined plans. The employer contributions rate for the member-directed plan is allocated 4 percent for health care with the remainder going to pension; however, effective July 1, 2022, a portion of the health care rate is funded with reserves.

Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined within the constraints of statutory limits for each division and expressed as a percentage of covered payroll.

The City's contractually required contribution for the Traditional Pension Plan, the Combined Plan and Member-Directed Plan was \$1,607,062 for 2024. Of this amount, \$128,803 is reported as due to other governments.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

### **NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)**

#### Plan Description - Ohio Police & Fire Pension Fund (OP&F)

Plan Description - City full-time police and firefighters participate in Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by OP&F. OP&F provides retirement and disability pension benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by the Ohio State Legislature and are codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code. OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information and detailed information about OP&F fiduciary net position. The report that may be obtained by visiting the OP&F website at <a href="https://www.op-f.org">www.op-f.org</a> or by writing to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164.

Upon attaining a qualifying age with sufficient years of service, a member of OP&F may retire and receive a lifetime monthly pension. OP&F offers four types of service retirement: normal, service commuted, age/service commuted and actuarially reduced. Each type has different eligibility guidelines and is calculated using the member's average annual salary. The following discussion of the pension formula relates to normal service retirement.

For members hired after July 1, 2013, the minimum retirement age is 52 for normal service retirement with at least 25 years of service credit. For members hired on or before after July 1, 2013, the minimum retirement age is 48 for normal service retirement with at least 25 years of service credit.

The annual pension benefit for normal service retirement is equal to a percentage of the allowable average annual salary. The percentage equals 2.50% for each of the first 20 years of service credit, 2.00% for each of the next five years of service credit and 1.50% for each year of service credit in excess of 25 years. The maximum pension of 72.00% of the allowable average annual salary is paid after 33 years of service credit (see OP&F Annual Comprehensive Financial Report referenced above for additional information, including requirements for Deferred Retirement Option Plan provisions and reduced and unreduced benefits).

Under normal service retirement, retired members who are at least 55 years old and have been receiving OP&F benefits for at least one year may be eligible for a cost-of-living allowance adjustment. The age 55 provision for receiving a COLA does not apply to those who are receiving a permanent and total disability benefit, surviving beneficiaries under optional plans, and statutory survivors. Members participating in the DROP program have separate eligibility requirements related to COLA.

The COLA amount for members who have 15 or more years of service credit as of July 1, 2013, and members who are receiving a pension benefit that became effective before July 1, 2013, will be equal to 3.00% of the member's base pension benefit.

The COLA amount for members who have less than 15 years of service credit as of July 1, 2013, and members whose pension benefit became effective on or after July 1, 2013, will be equal to a percentage of the member's base pension benefit where the percentage is the lesser of 3.00% or the percentage increase in the consumer price index, if any, over the twelve-month period that ends on the thirtieth day of September of the immediately preceding year, rounded to the nearest one-tenth of one percent.

Members who retired prior to July 24, 1986, or their surviving beneficiaries under optional plans are entitled to cost-of-living allowance increases. The annual increase is paid on July 1st of each year. The annual COLA increase is \$360 under a Single Life Annuity Plan with proportional reductions for optional payment plans.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

### **NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)**

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

	Police	Firefighters
2024 Statutory Maximum Contribution Rates		
Employer	19.50 %	24.00 %
Employee	12.25 %	12.25 %
2024 Actual Contribution Rates		
Employer:		
Pension	19.00 %	23.50 %
Post-employment Health Care Benefits	0.50 %	0.50 %
Total Employer	19.50 %	24.00 %
Employee	12.25 %	12.25 %

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The City's contractually required contribution to OP&F was \$2,739,061 for 2024. Of this amount, \$294,458 is reported as due to other governments.

# Net Pension Liabilities (Assets), Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability (asset) for OPERS was measured as of December 31, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. OP&F's total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2023, and was determined by rolling forward the total pension liability as of January 1, 2023, to December 31, 2023. The City's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) was based on the City's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities.

Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	OPERS -		
	Traditional	OP&F	Total
Proportion of the net pension liability/asset prior measurement date	0.063552%	0.4656239%	
Proportion of the net pension liability/asset current measurement date	0.061648%	0.4336520%	
Change in proportionate share	- <u>0.001904</u> %	- <u>0.0319719</u> %	
Proportionate share of the net pension liability Pension expense	\$ 16,139,699 1,758,410	\$41,896,768 3,829,956	\$ 58,036,467 5,588,366

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

### NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

At December 31, 2024, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	OPERS - Traditional		OP&F		Total	
Deferred outflows	Traditionar			01 61		
of resources						
Differences between						
expected and						
actual experience	\$	263,789	\$	1,345,009	\$	1,608,798
Net difference between						
projected and actual earnings						
on pension plan investments		3,257,680		4,747,782		8,005,462
Changes of assumptions	-		2,647,831			2,647,831
Changes in employer's						
proportionate percentage/						
difference between						
employer contributions		35,170		7,335		42,505
Contributions						
subsequent to the						
measurement date		1,607,062		2,739,061		4,346,123
Total deferred						
outflows of resources	\$	5,163,701	\$	11,487,018	\$	16,650,719
	OPERS - Traditional				Total	
<b>Deferred inflows</b>		_		_		
of resources						
Differences between						
expected and						
actual experience	\$	-	\$	468,567	\$	468,567
Changes of assumptions		-		636,252		636,252
Changes in employer's						
proportionate percentage/						
difference between						
employer contributions		182,843		2,296,198		2,479,041
Total deferred		102.072	_	2 401 017		2.502.062
inflows of resources	\$	182,843	\$	3,401,017	\$	3,583,860

\$4,346,123 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of/increase to the net pension liability/asset in the year ending December 31, 2025.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

### NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	(	OPERS -		
	T	raditional	OP&F	Total
Year Ending December 31:				
2025	\$	710,515	\$ 1,522,836	\$ 2,233,351
2026		1,048,296	1,723,706	2,772,002
2027		2,078,868	2,869,055	4,947,923
2028		(463,883)	(555,359)	(1,019,242)
2029		_	(218,993)	(218,993)
Thereafter		_	5,695	5,695
Total	\$	3,373,796	\$ 5,346,940	\$ 8,720,736

### **Actuarial Assumptions - OPERS**

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the values of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review or modification as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial-reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation. The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2023, using the following actuarial assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement in accordance with the requirements of GASB 67.

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results, prepared as of December 31, 2023, compared to the December 31, 2022 actuarial valuation, are presented below.

Wage inflation	
Current measurement date	2.75%
Prior measurement date	2.75%
Future salary increases, including inflation	
Current measurement date	2.75% to 10.75% including wage inflation
Prior measurement date	2.75% to 10.75% including wage inflation
COLA or ad hoc COLA	
Current measurement date	Pre 1/7/2013 retirees: 3.00%, simple
	Post 1/7/2013 retirees: 2.30%, simple
	through 2024, then 2.05% simple
Prior measurement date	Pre 1/7/2013 retirees: 3.00%, simple
	Post 1/7/2013 retirees: 3.00%, simple
	through 2023, then 2.05% simple
Investment rate of return	
Current measurement date	6.90%
Prior measurement date	6.90%
Actuarial cost method	Individual entry age

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

#### **NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)**

Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on 130% of the Pub-2010 General Employee Mortality tables (males and females) for State and Local Government divisions and 170% of the Pub-2010 Safety Employee Mortality tables (males and females) for the Public Safety and Law Enforcement divisions. Post-retirement mortality rates are based on 115% of the PubG-2010 Retiree Mortality Tables (males and females) for all divisions. Post-retirement mortality rates for disabled retirees are based on the PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree Mortality Tables (males and females) for all divisions. For all of the previously described tables, the base year is 2010 and mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2020 mortality improvement scales (males and females) to all of these tables.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended December 31, 2020.

During 2023, OPERS managed investments in three investment portfolios: the Defined Benefit portfolio, the Defined Contribution portfolio and the Health Care portfolio. The Defined Benefit portfolio contains the investment assets of the Traditional Pension Plan, the defined benefit component of the Combined Plan and the annuitized accounts of the Member-Directed Plan. Within the Defined Benefit portfolio, contributions into the plans are all recorded at the same time, and benefit payments all occur on the first of the month. Accordingly, the money-weighted rate of return is considered to be the same for all plans within the portfolio. The annual money-weighted rate of return expressing investment performance, net of investment expenses and adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested, for the Defined Benefit portfolio was a gain of 11.20% for 2023.

The allocation of investment assets within the Defined Benefit portfolio is approved by the Board as outlined in the annual investment plan. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the defined benefit pension plans. The long-term expected rate of return on defined benefit investment assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return were provided by the Board's investment consultant.

For each major asset class that is included in the Defined Benefit portfolio's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2023, these best estimates are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return (Geometric)
Fixed income	24.00 %	2.85 %
Domestic equities	21.00	4.27
Real estate	13.00	4.46
Private equity	15.00	7.52
International equities	20.00	5.16
Risk Parity	2.00	4.38
Other investments	5.00	3.46
Total	100.00 %	

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

#### **NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)**

**Discount Rate** - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.90% for the Traditional Pension Plan, Combined Plan and Member-Directed Plan. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments for the Traditional Pension Plan, Combined Plan and Member-Directed Plan was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following table presents the proportionate share of the net pension liability/asset calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 6.90%, as well as what the proportionate share of the net pension liability/asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (5.90%) or one-percentage-point higher (7.90%) than the current rate:

		1% Decrease Disco		scount Rate	1	1% Increase	
City's proportionate share			•			_	
of the net pension liability (asset):							
Traditional Pension Plan	\$	25,408,223	\$	16,139,699	\$	8,430,980	

#### Actuarial Assumptions - OP&F

OP&F's total pension liability is determined by OP&F's actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No.67, as part of their annual valuation. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing retirement plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment mortality, salary increases, disabilities, retirements, and employment terminations. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. A comprehensive experience study was performed during 2022 by OP&F's actuary and completed as of December 31, 2021. Changes in demographic and economic actuarial assumptions were made. Assumptions considered were: withdrawal rates, disability retirement, service retirement, DROP elections, mortality, percent married and forms of payment, DROP interest rate, CPI-based COLA, investment returns, salary increases and payroll growth. The changes in assumptions are being amortized over the estimated remaining useful life of the participants which was 6.03 years at December 31, 2023.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of December 31, 2023, compared to December 31, 2022, are presented below.

Valuation date	1/1/23 with actuarial liabilities rolled forward to 12/31/23
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal (level percent of payroll)
Investment rate of return	
Current measurement date	7.50%
Prior measurement date	7.50%
Projected salary increases	3.75% - 10.50%
Payroll increases	3.25% per annum, compounded annually, consisting of
	inflation rate of 2.75% plus productivity increase rate of 0.50%
Cost of living adjustments	2.20% per year

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

#### **NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)**

Healthy Mortality

Mortality for service retirees is based on the Pub-2010 Below-Median Safety Amount-Weighted Healthy Retiree mortality table with rates adjusted by 96.2% for males and 98.7% for females. All rates are projected using the MP-2021 Improvement Scale.

Disabled Mortality

Mortality for disabled retirees is based on the Pub-2010 Safety Amount-Weighted Disabled Retiree mortality table with rates adjusted by 135% for males and 97.9% for females. All rates are projected using the MP-2021 Improvement Scale.

Contingent Annuitant Mortality

Mortality for contingent annuitants is based on the Pub- 2010 Below-Median Safety Amount-Weighted Contingent Annuitant Retiree mortality table with rates adjusted by 108.9% for males and 131% for females. All rates are projected using the MP-2021 Improvement Scale.

Pre-Retirement Mortality

Mortality for active members is based on the Pub-2010 Below-Median Safety Amount-Weighted Employee mortality table. All rates are projected using the MP- 2021 Improvement Scale.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended December 31, 2021.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption (30 to 50 years) and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the underlying inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

#### **NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)**

Best estimates of the long-term expected geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in OP&F's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2023 are summarized below:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic equity	18.60 %	4.10 %
Non-US equity	12.40	4.90
Private markets	10.00	7.30
Core fixed income *	25.00	2.40
High yield fixed income	7.00	4.10
Private credit	5.00	6.80
U.S. inflation		
linked bonds *	15.00	2.10
Midstream energy infrastructure	5.00	5.80
Real assets	8.00	6.00
Gold	5.00	3.50
Private real estate	12.00	5.40
Commodities	2.00	3.50
Total	125.00 %	

Note: assumptions are geometric.

OP&F's Board of Trustees has incorporated the risk parity concept into OP&F's asset liability valuation with the goal of reducing equity risk exposure, which reduces overall Total Portfolio risk without sacrificing return and creating a more risk-balanced portfolio based on the relationship between asset classes and economic environments. From the notional portfolio perspective above, the Total Portfolio may be levered up to 1.25 times due to the application of leverage in certain fixed income asset classes.

**Discount Rate** - Total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by state statute. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the longer-term assumed investment rate of return 7.50%. Based on those assumptions, OP&F's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payment of current plan members. Therefore, a long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.50%), or one percentage point higher (8.50%) than the current rate.

				Current			
	19	1% Decrease		Discount Rate		1% Increase	
City's proportionate share				_			
of the net pension liability	\$	55,495,390	\$	41,896,768	\$	30,588,192	

<sup>\*</sup> levered 2x

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

#### **NOTE 12 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS**

Net OPEB Liability (Asset)

See Note 11 for a description of the net OPEB liability (asset).

#### Plan Description - Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

Plan Description - The Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) administers three separate pension plans: the traditional pension plan, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan; the member-directed plan, a defined contribution plan; and the combined plan, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and defined contribution plan.

OPERS maintains a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment health care trust. The 115 Health Care Trust (115 Trust or Health Care Trust) was established in 2014, under Section 115 of the Internal Revenue Code (IRC). The purpose of the 115 Trust is to fund health care for the Traditional Pension, Combined and Member-Directed plans. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, OPERS to provide health care to its eligible benefit recipients. Authority to establish and amend health care coverage is provided to the Board in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. Retirees in the Traditional Pension and Combined plans may have an allowance deposited into a health reimbursement arrangement (HRA) account to be used toward the health care program of their choice and other eligible expenses. An OPERS vendor is available to assist with the selection of a health care program.

With one exception, OPERS-provided health care coverage is neither guaranteed nor statutorily required. Ohio law currently requires Medicare Part A equivalent coverage or Medicare Part A premium reimbursement for eligible retirees and their eligible dependents.

OPERS offers a health reimbursement arrangement (HRA) allowance to benefit recipients meeting certain age and service credit requirements. The HRA is an account funded by OPERS that provides tax free reimbursement for qualified medical expenses such as monthly post-tax insurance premiums, deductibles, co-insurance, and co-pays incurred by eligible benefit recipients and their dependents.

OPERS members enrolled in the Traditional Pension Plan or Combined Plan retiring with an effective date of January 1, 2022, or after must meet the following health care eligibility requirements to receive an HRA allowance:

Age 65 or older Retirees Minimum of 20 years of qualifying service credit

Age 60 to 64 Retirees Based on the following age-and-service criteria:

- Group A 30 years of total service with at least 20 years of qualified health care service credit;
- Group B 31 years of total service credit with at least 20 years of qualified health care service credit;
- Group C 32 years of total service credit with at least 20 years of qualified health care service credit.

Age 59 or younger Based on the following age-and-service criteria:

- **Group A** 30 years of qualified health care service credit;
- **Group B** 32 years of qualified health care service credit at any age or 31 years of qualified health care service credit and at least age 52;
- **Group** C 32 years of qualified health care service credit and at least age 55.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

#### **NOTE 12 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - (Continued)**

Retirees who do not meet the requirement for coverage as a non-Medicare participant can become eligible for coverage at age 65 if they have at least 20 years of qualifying service.

Members with a retirement date prior to January 1, 2022, who were eligible to participate in the OPERS health care program will continue to be eligible after January 1, 2022, as summarized in the following table:

Group A	Group B	Group C
Age and Service Requirements  December 1, 2014 or Prior  Any Age with 10 years of service credit	Age and Service Requirements  December 1, 2014 or Prior  Any Age with 10 years of service credit	Age and Service Requirements  December 1, 2014 or Prior  Any Age with 10 years of service credit
January 1, 2015 through  December 31, 2021	January 1, 2015 through December 31, 2021	January 1, 2015 through  December 31, 2021
Age 60 with 20 years of service credit or Any Age with 30 years of service credit	Age 52 with 31 years of service credit or Age 60 with 20 years of service credit or Any Age with 32 years of service credit	Age 55 with 32 years of service credit or Age 60 with 20 years of service credit

See the Age and Service Retirement section of the OPERS ACFR for a description of Groups A, B and C.

Eligible retirees may receive a monthly HRA allowance for reimbursement of health care coverage premiums and other qualified medical expenses. Monthly allowances, based on years of service and the age at which the retiree first enrolled in OPERS coverage, are provided to eligible retirees, and are deposited into their HRA account.

The base allowance is determined by OPERS and is currently \$1,200 per month for non-Medicare retirees and \$350 per month for Medicare retirees. The retiree receives a percentage of the base allowance, calculated based on years of qualifying service credit and age when the retiree first enrolled in OPERS health care. Monthly allowances range between 51.00% and 90.00% of the base allowance for both non-Medicare and Medicare retirees.

Retirees will have access to the OPERS Connector, which is a relationship with a vendor selected by OPERS to assist retirees participating in the health care program. The OPERS Connector may assist retirees in selecting and enrolling in the appropriate health care plan.

When members become Medicare-eligible, recipients enrolled in OPERS health care programs must enroll in Medicare Part A (hospitalization) and Medicare Part B (medical).

OPERS reimburses retirees who are not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A (hospitalization) for their Part A premiums as well as any applicable surcharges (late-enrollment fees). Retirees within this group must enroll in Medicare Part A and select medical coverage, and may select prescription coverage, through the OPERS Connector. OPERS also will reimburse 50.00% of the Medicare Part A premium and any applicable surcharges for eligible spouses. Proof of enrollment in Medicare Part A and confirmation that the retiree is not receiving reimbursement or payment from another source must be submitted. The premium reimbursement is added to the monthly pension benefit.

Participants in the Member-Directed Plan have access to the Connector and have a separate health care funding mechanism. A portion of employer contributions for these participants is allocated to a retiree medical account (RMA). Members who elect the Member-Directed Plan after July 1, 2015, will vest in the RMA over 15 years at a rate of 10.00% each year starting with the sixth year of participation. Members who elected the Member-Directed Plan prior to July 1, 2015, vest in the RMA over a five-year period at a rate of 20.00% per year. Upon separation or retirement, participants may use vested RMA funds for reimbursement of qualified medical expenses.

Disclosures for the health care plan are presented separately in the OPERS financial report. Interested parties may obtain a copy by visiting <a href="https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml">https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml</a>, by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling (614) 222-5601 or 800-222-7377.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

#### **NOTE 12 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - (Continued)**

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code provides the statutory authority allowing public employers to fund postemployment health care through their contributions to OPERS. When funding is approved by OPERS Board of Trustees, a portion of each employer's contribution to OPERS is set aside to fund OPERS health care plans. Beginning in 2018, OPERS no longer allocated a portion of its employer contributions to health care for the traditional plan.

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of the earnable salary of active members. In 2024, state and local employers contributed at a rate of 14.00% of earnable salary. These are the maximum employer contribution rates permitted by the Ohio Revised Code. Active member contributions do not fund health care.

Each year, the OPERS Board determines the portion of the employer contribution rate that will be set aside to fund health care plans. For 2024, OPERS did not allocate any employer contribution to health care for members in the Traditional Pension Plan. Beginning July 1, 2022, there was a 2.00% allocation to health care for the Combined Plan which has continued through 2024. The OPERS Board is also authorized to establish rules for the retiree or their surviving beneficiaries to pay a portion of the health care provided. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected. The employer contribution as a percentage of covered payroll deposited into the RMA for participants in the member-directed plan for 2024 was 4.00%. Effective July 1, 2022, a portion of the health care rate was funded with reserves which has continued through 2024.

#### Plan Description - Ohio Police & Fire Pension Fund (OP&F)

Plan Description - The City contributes to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F) sponsored healthcare program, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined post-employment health care plan administered by a third-party provider. This program is not guaranteed and is subject to change at any time upon action of the Board of Trustees. On January 1, 2019, OP&F implemented a new model for health care. Under this new model, OP&F provides eligible retirees with a fixed stipend earmarked to pay for health care and Medicare Part B reimbursements.

OP&F contracted with a vendor who assists eligible retirees in choosing health care plans that are available where they live (both Medicare-eligible and pre-65 populations). A stipend funded by OP&F is available to these members through a Health Reimbursement Arrangement and can be used to reimburse retirees for qualified health care expenses.

Regardless of a benefit recipient's participation in the health care program, OP&F is required by law to pay eligible recipients of a service pension, disability benefit and spousal survivor benefit for their Medicare Part B insurance premium, up to the statutory maximum provided the benefit recipient is not eligible to receive reimbursement from any other source. Once OP&F receives the necessary documentation, a monthly reimbursement is included as part of the recipient's next benefit payment. The stipend provided by OP&F meets the definition of an Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75.

OP&F maintains funds for health care in two separate accounts: one account for health care benefits and one account for Medicare Part B reimbursements. A separate health care trust accrual account is maintained for health care benefits under IRS Code Section 115 trust. IRS Code Section 401(h) account is maintained for Medicare Part B reimbursements.

The Ohio Revised Code allows, but does not mandate, OP&F to provide OPEB benefits. Authority for the OP&F Board of Trustees to provide health care coverage to eligible participants and to establish and amend benefits is codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code.

OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information for the plan. The report may be obtained by visiting the OP&F website at <a href="www.op-f.org">www.op-f.org</a> or by writing to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

#### **NOTE 12 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - (Continued)**

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code provides for contribution requirements of the participating employers and of plan members to the OP&F defined benefit pension plan. Participating employers are required to contribute to the pension plan at rates expressed as percentages of the payroll of active pension plan members, currently 19.50% and 24.00% of covered payroll for police and fire employer units, respectively. The Ohio Revised Code states that the employer contribution may not exceed 19.50% of covered payroll for police employer units and 24.00% of covered payroll for fire employer units. Active members do not make contributions to the OPEB Plan.

The Board of Trustees is authorized to allocate a portion of the total employer contributions for retiree health care benefits. For 2024, the portion of employer contributions allocated to health care was 0.50% of covered payroll. The amount of employer contributions allocated to the health care plan each year is subject to the Trustees' primary responsibility to ensure that pension benefits are adequately funded.

The City's contractually required contribution to OP&F was \$64,028 for 2024. Of this amount, \$6,883 is reported as due to other governments.

### Net OPEB Liabilities (Assets), OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows or Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liability (asset) and total OPEB liability for OPERS were determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2022, rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2023, by incorporating the expected value of health care cost accruals, the actual health care payment, and interest accruals during the year. OP&F's total OPEB liability was measured as of December 31, 2023, and was determined by rolling forward the total OPEB liability as of January 1, 2023, to December 31, 2023. The City's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the City's share of contributions to the retirement plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities.

Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

	OPERS	OP&F	Total
Proportion of the net			
OPEB liability			
prior measurement date	0.063976%	0.04656239%	
Proportion of the net			
OPEB liability/asset			
current measurement date	0.062619%	0.43365200%	
Change in proportionate share	- <u>0.001357</u> %	0.38708961%	
Proportionate share of the net			
OPEB liability	\$ -	\$ 3,166,227	\$ 3,166,227
Proportionate share of the net			
OPEB asset	(565,150)	-	(565,150)
OPEB expense	(70,221)	273,063	202,842

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

#### NOTE 12 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - (Continued)

At December 31, 2024, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		OPERS		OP&F	Total	
Deferred outflows						
of resources						
Differences between expected and						
actual experience	\$	_	\$	152,257	\$	152,257
Net difference between	4		Ψ	102,207	4	102,207
projected and actual earnings						
on OPEB plan investments		339,405		233,806		573,211
Changes of assumptions		145,498		1,089,527		1,235,025
Changes in employer's						
proportionate percentage/						
difference between						
employer contributions		2,982		161,126		164,108
Contributions						
subsequent to the						
measurement date		-		64,028		64,028
Total deferred						
outflows of resources	\$	487,885	\$	1,700,744	\$	2,188,629
		OPERS		OP&F		Total
<b>Deferred inflows</b>						
ofresources						
Differences between						
expected and						
actual experience	\$	80,438	\$	581,858	\$	662,296
Changes of assumptions		242,942		2,038,974		2,281,916
Changes in employer's						
proportionate percentage/						
difference between		11.520		207.040		210.260
employer contributions Total deferred		11,520		306,848		318,368
inflows of resources	\$	334,900	\$	2,927,680	\$	3,262,580
ilitiows of fesources	Φ	334,900	Φ	2,927,000	Φ	3,202,300

\$64,028 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of/increase to the net OPEB liability in the year ending December 31, 2025.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

#### **NOTE 12 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - (Continued)**

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	OPERS OP&F			Total	
Year Ending December 31:					
2025	\$	(21,310)	\$ 75,351	\$	54,041
2026		24,705	(181,954)		(157,249)
2027		264,195	(123,764)		140,431
2028		(114,605)	(310,786)		(425,391)
2029		-	(326,620)		(326,620)
Thereafter			(423,191)		(423,191)
Total	\$	152,985	\$ (1,290,964)	\$ (	(1,137,979)

#### **Actuarial Assumptions - OPERS**

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the values of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review or modification as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of health care costs for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of coverage provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of costs between OPERS and plan members. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2022, rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2023.

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#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

#### **NOTE 12 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - (Continued)**

Waga Inflation

The actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions applied to all prior periods included in the measurement in accordance with the requirements of GASB 74:

Wage Inflation	
Current measurement date	2.75%
Prior Measurement date	2.75%
Projected Salary Increases,	
including inflation	
Current measurement date	2.75 to 10.75%
	including wage inflation
Prior Measurement date	2.75 to 10.75%
	including wage inflation
Single Discount Rate:	
Current measurement date	5.70%
Prior Measurement date	5.22%
Investment Rate of Return	
Current measurement date	6.00%
Prior Measurement date	6.00%
Municipal Bond Rate	
Current measurement date	3.77%
Prior Measurement date	4.05%
Health Care Cost Trend Rate	
Current measurement date	5.50% initial,
	3.50% ultimate in 2038
Prior Measurement date	5.50% initial,
	3.50% ultimate in 2036
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age
	, ,

Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on 130% of the Pub-2010 General Employee Mortality tables (males and females) for State and Local Government divisions and 170% of the Pub-2010 Safety Employee Mortality tables (males and females) for the Public Safety and Law Enforcement divisions. Post-retirement mortality rates are based on 115% of the PubG-2010 Retiree Mortality Tables (males and females) for all divisions. Post-retirement mortality rates for disabled retirees are based on the PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree Mortality Tables (males and females) for all divisions. For all of the previously described tables, the base year is 2010 and mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2020 mortality improvement scales (males and females) to all of these tables.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended December 31, 2020.

During 2023, OPERS managed investments in three investment portfolios: the Defined Benefit portfolio, the Defined Contribution portfolio and the Health Care portfolio. The Health Care portfolio includes the assets for health care expenses for the Traditional Pension Plan, Combined Plan and Member-Directed Plan eligible members. Within the Health Care portfolio, contributions into the plans are assumed to be received continuously throughout the year based on the actual payroll payable at the time contributions are made, and health care-related payments are assumed to occur mid-year. Accordingly, the money-weighted rate of return is considered to be the same for all plans within the portfolio. The annual money-weighted rate of return expressing investment performance, net of investment expenses and adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested, for the Health Care portfolio was a gain of 14.00% for 2023.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

#### **NOTE 12 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - (Continued)**

The allocation of investment assets within the Health Care portfolio is approved by the Board as outlined in the annual investment plan. Assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of continuing to offer a sustainable health care program for current and future retirees. The System's primary goal is to achieve and maintain a fully funded status for benefits provided through the defined benefit pension plans. Health care is a discretionary benefit. The long-term expected rate of return on health care investment assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return were provided by the Board's investment consultant.

For each major asset class that is included in the Health Care's portfolio's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2023, these best estimates are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return (Geometric)
Fixed Income	37.00 %	2.82 %
Domestic equities	25.00	4.27
Real Estate Investment Trusts (REITs)	5.00	4.68
International equities	25.00	5.16
Risk parity	3.00	4.38
Other investments	5.00	2.43
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate - A single discount rate of 5.70% was used to measure the total OPEB liability on the measurement date of December 31, 2023; however, the single discount rate used at the beginning of the year was 5.22%. Projected benefit payments are required to be discounted to their actuarial present value using a single discount rate that reflects (1) a long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments (to the extent that the health care fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and (2) a tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate are not met). This single discount rate was based on the actuarial assumed rate of return on the health care investment portfolio of 6.00% and a municipal bond rate of 3.77%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rate. Based on these assumptions, the health care fiduciary net position and future contributions were sufficient to finance health care costs through the year 2070. As a result, the actuarial assumed long-term expected rate of return on health care investments was applied to projected costs through the year 2070, and the municipal bond rate was applied to all health care costs after that date.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following table presents the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) calculated using the single discount rate of 5.70%, as well as what the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (4.70%) or one-percentage-point higher (6.70%) than the current rate:

				Current			
	1% Decrease D		Dis	Discount Rate		1% Increase	
City's proportionate share							
of the net OPEB liability/(asset)	\$	310,590	\$	(565,150)	\$	(1,290,578)	

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

#### **NOTE 12 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - (Continued)**

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rate - Changes in the health care cost trend rate may also have a significant impact on the net OPEB asset. The following table presents the net OPEB asset calculated using the assumed trend rates, and the expected net OPEB asset if it were calculated using a health care cost trend rate that is 1.00% lower or 1.00% higher than the current rate.

Retiree health care valuations use a health care cost trend assumption with changes over several years built into that assumption. The near-term rates reflect increases in the current cost of health care; the trend starting in 2024 is 5.50%. If this trend continues for future years, the projection indicates that years from now virtually all expenditures will be for health care. A more reasonable alternative is the health care cost trend will decrease to a level at, or near, wage inflation. On this basis, the actuaries project premium rate increases will continue to exceed wage inflation for approximately the next decade, but by less each year, until leveling off at an ultimate rate, assumed to be 3.50% in the most recent valuation.

	Current Health									
		Care Trend Rate								
	1%	Decrease	As	sumption	1%	Increase				
City's proportionate share										
of the net OPEB asset	\$	588,619	\$	565,150	\$	538,523				

#### Actuarial Assumptions - OP&F

OP&F's total OPEB liability as of December 31, 2023, is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of January 1, 2023, and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The total OPEB liability is determined by OP&F's actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual valuation. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing retirement plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment mortality, salary increases, disabilities, retirements, and employment terminations. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

#### **NOTE 12 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - (Continued)**

Key methods and assumptions used in the December 31, 2023, compared to the December 31, 2022 actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results, are presented below.

Valuation Date	January 1, 2023, with actuarial liabilities
	rolled forward to December 31, 2023

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal (Level Percent of Payroll)

Investment Rate of Return

Current measurement date 7.50% Prior measurement date 7.50%

Projected Salary Increases

Current measurement date 3.50% to 10.50%
Prior measurement date 3.75% to 10.50%
Payroll Growth 3.25%

Single discount rate:

Current measurement date 4.07%
Prior measurement date 4.27%
Cost of Living Adjustments 2.20% simple per year

#### Health Mortality

Mortality for service retirees is based on the Pub-2010 Below-Median Safety Amount-Weighted Healthy Retiree mortality table with rates adjusted by 96.2% for males and 98.7% for females. All rates are projected using the MP-2021 Improvement Scale.

#### Disabled Mortality

Mortality for disabled retirees is based on the Pub-2010 Safety Amount-Weighted Disabled Retiree mortality table with rates adjusted by 135% for males and 97.9% for females. All rates are projected using the MP-2021 Improvement Scale.

#### Contingent Annuitant Mortality

Mortality for contingent annuitants is based on the Pub-2010 Below-Median Safety Amount-Weighted Contingent Annuitant Retiree mortality table with rates adjusted by 108.9% for males and 131% for females. All rates are projected using the MP-2021 Improvement Scale.

#### Pre-Retirement Mortality

Mortality for active members is based on the Pub-2010 Below-Median Safety Amount-Weighted Employee mortality table. All rates are projected using the MP-2021 Improvement Scale.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended December 31, 2021.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in OP&F's Statement of Investment Policy. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as a baseline for the return expected. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

#### **NOTE 12 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - (Continued)**

Best estimates of the long-term expected geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in OP&F's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2023, are summarized below:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic equity	18.60 %	4.10 %
Non-US equity	12.40	4.90
Private markets	10.00	7.30
Core fixed income *	25.00	2.40
High yield fixed income	7.00	4.10
Private credit	5.00	6.80
U.S. inflation		
linked bonds *	15.00	2.10
Midstream energy infrastructure	5.00	5.80
Real assets	8.00	6.00
Gold	5.00	3.50
Private real estate	12.00	5.40
Commodities	2.00	3.50
Total	125.00 %	

Note: assumptions are geometric.

OP&F's Board of Trustees has incorporated the risk parity concept into OP&F's asset liability valuation with the goal of reducing equity risk exposure, which reduces overall Total Portfolio risk without sacrificing return and creating a more risk-balanced portfolio based on the relationship between asset classes and economic environments. From the notional portfolio perspective above, the Total Portfolio may be levered up to 1.25 times due to the application of leverage in certain fixed income asset classes.

**Discount Rate** - Total OPEB liability was calculated using the discount rate of 4.07%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by state statute. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the longer-term assumed investment rate of return 7.50%. Based on those assumptions, OP&F's fiduciary net position was projected to not be able to make all future benefit payment of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term assumed rate of return on investments of 7.50% was applied to periods before December 31, 2037, and the Municipal Bond Index Rate of 3.38% was applied to periods on and after December 31, 2037, resulting in a discount rate of 4.07%.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - Net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 4.07%, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (3.07%), or one percentage point higher (5.07%) than the current rate.

		Current								
	1%	Decrease	Dis	count Rate	1% Increase					
City's proportionate share										
of the net OPEB liability	\$	3,899,913	\$	3,166,227	\$	2,548,319				

<sup>\*</sup> levered 2x

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

#### **NOTE 13 - FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATION**

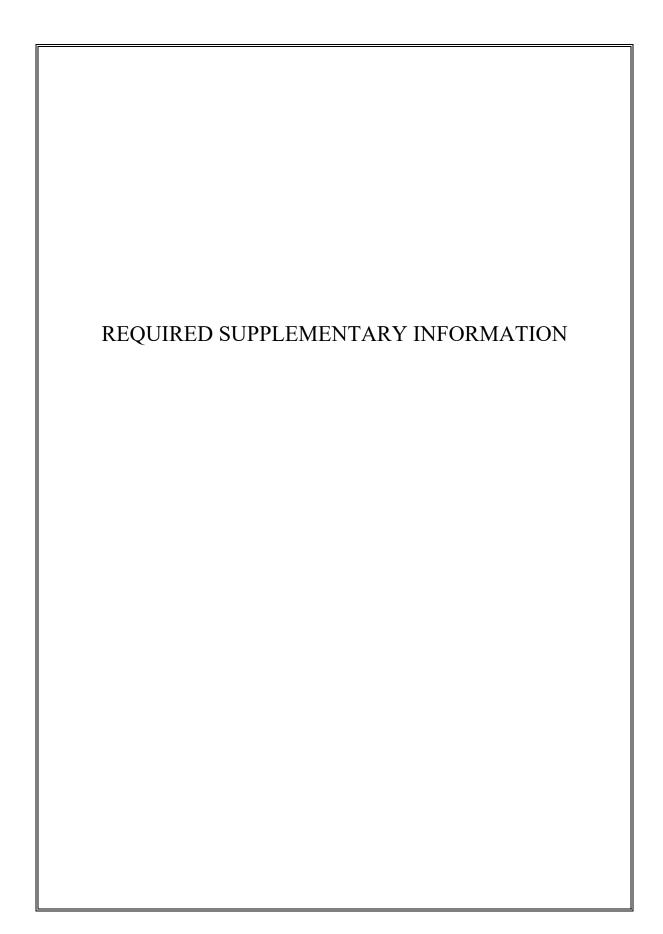
Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on specific purposes for which amounts in the fund can be spent. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented below:

Fund balance	General	General Obligation Bond Retirement	Bonded Improvement	Infrastructure Improvement	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Nonspendable:						
Inventory	\$ 69,099	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 171,336	\$ 240,435
Advances	3,898,685	-	-	-	-	3,898,685
Unclaimed monies	8,531	-	-	-	-	8,531
Asset held for resale	505,725					505,725
Total nonspendable	4,482,040				171,336	4,653,376
Restricted:						
Street maintenance	-	-	-	-	2,236,398	2,236,398
Debt service	-	315,715	-	-	-	315,715
Capital projects	27,987,261	-	10,506,178	-	5,896,287	44,389,726
Pension	4,480,728	-	-	-	-	4,480,728
Other purposes	12,614	-	-	-	219,902	232,516
Visitor's Bureau	-	-	-	-	580,670	580,670
Law enforcement & education					2,979,172	2,979,172
Total restricted	32,480,603	315,715	10,506,178		11,912,429	55,214,925
Committed:						
Emergency medical services	1,688,227	-	-	-	-	1,688,227
Civil service	60,960	-	-	-	-	60,960
Self insurance	1,072,512	-	-	-	-	1,072,512
Capital projects	-	-	-	13,691,646	316,620	14,008,266
Parks and recreation	-	-	-	-	92,965	92,965
Technology	1,136,172	-	-	-	-	1,136,172
Economic development	2,078,781					2,078,781
Total committed	6,036,652			13,691,646	409,585	20,137,883
Assigned:						
Encumbrances						
General government	1,073,352	-	-	-	-	1,073,352
Public safety	107,264	-	-	-	-	107,264
Parks and recreation	186,623	-	-	-	-	186,623
Public services	19,781	-	-	-	-	19,781
Community development	159,261					159,261
Total assigned	1,546,281					1,546,281
Unassigned (deficit)	51,503,657				(1,079,153)	50,424,504
Total fund balances	\$ 96,049,233	\$ 315,715	\$ 10,506,178	\$ 13,691,646	\$ 11,414,197	\$ 131,976,969

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

#### **NOTE 14 - COVID-19**

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March of 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Ohio's state of emergency ended in June 2021 while the national state of emergency ended in April 2023. During 2024, the City received COVID-19 funding. The City will continue to spend available COVID-19 funding consistent with the applicable program guidelines.



## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	Dudantad	A manumta	Actual Amounts	Variance with Revised Budget		
	Adopted	Amounts Revised	Budgetary	Over (Under)		
	Budget	Budget	Basis	Actual Amounts		
Budgetary Revenues:						
Income taxes	\$ 47,543,100	\$ 46,273,900	\$ 48,272,037	\$ 1,998,137		
Real and other local taxes	13,347,968	14,420,148	14,504,314	84,166		
Charges for services	1,863,500	1,863,500	1,873,583	10,083		
Licenses and permits	1,650,000	1,650,000	1,848,191	198,191		
Fines and forfeitures	175,000	175,000	175,754	754		
Intergovernmental	3,070,990	3,268,010	3,492,813	224,803		
Special assessments	3,070,990	3,200,010	71,862	71,862		
Investment earnings	1,512,000	3,512,000	4,145,828	633,828		
Rental income	1,512,000	122,000	146,071	24,071		
Miscellaneous	1,173,270	1,183,270	1,099,418	(83,852)		
Total budgetary revenues	70,457,828	72,467,828	75,629,871	3,162,043		
Total budgetary revenues	70,437,828	/2,407,828	/3,029,8/1	3,102,043		
Budgetary Expenditures: Current:						
Police:						
Personal services	9,611,900	9,611,900	9,333,489	(278,411)		
Other than personal services	2,168,576	2,130,127	1,763,679	(366,448)		
Capital outlay	533,573	551,403	548,494	(2,909)		
Total Police	12,314,049	12,293,430	11,645,662	(647,768)		
Fire:						
Personal services	10,968,800	10,968,800	10,459,291	(509,509)		
Other than personal services	738,793	733,558	657,649	(75,909)		
Capital outlay	260,000	293,000	272,275	(20,725)		
Total Fire	11,967,593	11,995,358	11,389,215	(606,143)		
Parks and Recreation:						
Personal services	3,813,900	3,813,900	3,631,471	(182,429)		
Other than personal services	2,182,586	2,180,946	1,975,948	(204,998)		
Capital outlay	505,991	539,091	536,413	(2,678)		
Total Parks and Recreation	6,502,477	6,533,937	6,143,832	(390,105)		
Board of Health:						
Other than personal services	388,600	388,600	386,579	(2,021)		
Total Board of Health	388,600	388,600	386,579	(2,021)		
Development:						
Personal services	1,172,500	1,172,500	1,064,970	(107,530)		
Other than personal services	905,024	633,492	586,103	(47,389)		
Capital outlay	5,000	5,000	3,021	(1,979)		
Total Development	2,082,524	1,810,992	1,654,094	(156,898)		
Public Service Administration:						
Personal services	1,091,600	1,196,600	1,195,648	(952)		
Other than personal services	270,903	261,584	186,464	(75,120)		
Capital outlay	285,000	279,500	273,826	(5,674)		
Total Public Service Administration	1,647,503	1,737,684	1,655,938	(81,746)		
Public Works Division:						
Personal services	1,107,700	1,077,700	919,715	(157,985)		
Other than personal services	383,082	381,658	371,260	(10,398)		
Capital outlay	954,150	956,150	952,090	(4,060)		
Public Works Division	2,444,932	2,415,508	2,243,065	(172,443)		
I GOILG ALOUND DIAIDION	2,444,932	2,413,308	2,243,003	(1/2,443)		

Continued

Variance with

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	Budgeted Adopted	Amounts Revised	Actual Amounts Budgetary	Variance with Revised Budget Over (Under)	
	Budget	Budget	Basis	Actual Amounts	
City Manager:					
Personal services	\$ 1,413,000	\$ 1,413,000	\$ 1,344,694	\$ (68,306)	
Other than personal services	614,009	689,941	518,673	(171,268)	
Total City Manager	2,027,009	2,102,941	1,863,367	(239,574)	
City Attorney:					
Personal services	803,200	803,200	606,060	(197,140)	
Other than personal services	164,746	192,032	181,700	(10,332)	
Total City Attorney	967,946	995,232	787,760	(207,472)	
City Clerk:	256.000	2.2.2.0	244.004	(25.400)	
Personal services	256,900	252,300	214,891	(37,409)	
Other than personal services	47,100	47,100	27,419	(19,681)	
Total City Clerk	304,000	299,400	242,310	(57,090)	
City Council:	120 100	150 (00	150 200	(210)	
Personal services Other than personal services	130,100 517,080	158,600	158,390	(210)	
Total City Council		515,700 674,300	355,280 513,670	(160,420)	
Total City Council	647,180	6/4,300	313,070	(100,030)	
Finance: Personal services	1 200 200	1 200 200	1 005 000	(114 110)	
Other than personal services	1,209,200 321,067	1,209,200 281,400	1,095,090 225,531	(114,110) (55,869)	
Total Finance	1,530,267	1,490,600	1,320,621	(169,979)	
Total Pinance	1,330,207	1,490,000	1,320,021	(109,979)	
Facilities Maintenance: Personal services	251 000	251 000	192 170	((0.720)	
Other than personal services	251,900 3,937,122	251,900 3,904,102	182,170 3,071,428	(69,730) (832,674)	
Total Facilities Maintenance	4,189,022	4,156,002	3,253,598	(902,404)	
Information Technology:					
Personal services	784,900	784,900	783,812	(1,088)	
Other than personal services	1,181,634	1,180,601	1,080,850	(99,751)	
Capital outlay	29,884	57,884	34,915	(22,969)	
Total Information Technology	1,996,418	2,023,385	1,899,577	(123,808)	
General Government:					
Personal services	636,000	636,000	556,291	(79,709)	
Other than personal services	2,935,873	2,922,032	2,593,080	(328,952)	
Total General Government	3,571,873	3,558,032	3,149,371	(408,661)	
Total budgetary expenditures	52,581,393	52,475,401	48,148,659	(4,326,742)	
Budgetary excess of revenues					
over expenditures	17,876,435	19,992,427	27,481,212	7,488,785	
Budgetary other financing sources (uses):					
Sale of capital assets	-	-	91,062	91,062	
Advances in	-	-	2,594,150	2,594,150	
Advances out	2.550.500		(9,934,100)	(9,934,100)	
Transfers in	3,550,500	6,200,500	3,180,668	(3,019,832)	
Transfers out Total budgetary other financing sources (uses)	(16,936,400) (13,385,900)	(25,205,500) (19,005,000)	(15,021,403) (19,089,623)	10,184,097 (84,623)	
Net change in fund balance	4,490,535	987,427	8,391,589	7,404,162	
Budgetary fund balance at beginning of year	61,600,731	61,600,731	61,600,731	_	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	3,556,193	3,556,193	3,556,193	_	
Budgetary fund balance at end of year	\$ 69,647,459	\$ 66,144,351	\$ 73,548,513	\$ 7,404,162	

#### SCHEDULES OF THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND CITY PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (OPERS) - TRADITIONAL PLAN

#### LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

								City's	
Calendar Year (1)	(	City's roportion of the Net sion Liability	Sha	City's coportionate are of the Net sion Liability		City's Covered Payroll	Sh Pens a Po	roportionate are of the Net sion Liability as ercentage of its overed Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
2024		0.061648%	\$	16,139,699	\$	11,099,900		145.40%	79.01%
2023		0.063552%	*	18,773,289	-	10,344,979		181.47%	75.74%
2022		0.063992%		5,567,563		9,253,686		60.17%	92.62%
2021		0.062671%		9,280,211		8,825,743		105.15%	86.88%
2020		0.062569%		12,367,187		9,415,146		131.35%	82.17%
2019		0.063734%		17,455,450		9,109,085		191.63%	74.70%
2018		0.065265%		10,238,813		9,155,141		111.84%	84.66%
2017		0.064067%		14,548,526		8,753,602		166.20%	77.25%
2016		0.060318%		10,477,838		7,845,468		133.55%	81.08%
2015		0.064049%		7,725,025		7,854,017		98.36%	86.45%
Calendar Year		ontractually Required ntributions	Re Co	ntributions in lation to the ontractually Required ontributions		Contribution Deficiency (Excess)		City's Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2024	\$	1,607,062	\$	(1,607,062)	\$	-	\$	11,479,014	14.00%
2023		1,553,986		(1,553,986)		-		11,099,900	14.00%
2022		1,448,297		(1,448,297)		-		10,344,979	14.00%
2021		1,295,516		(1,295,516)		-		9,253,686	14.00%
2020		1,235,604		(1,235,604)		-		8,825,743	14.00%
2019		1,318,120		(1,318,120)		-		9,415,143	14.00%
2018		1,275,271		(1,275,271)		-		9,109,079	14.00%
2017		1,190,168		(1,190,168)		-		9,155,138	13.00%
2016		1,050,432		(1,050,432)		-		8,753,600	12.00%
2015				(941,457)				7,845,475	12.00%

<sup>(1)</sup> Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the City's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### SCHEDULES OF THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND CITY PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS OHIO POLICE AND FIRE (OP&F) PENSION FUND

#### LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Calendar Year (1)	0	City's roportion f the Net ion Liability	Sha	City's oportionate re of the Net sion Liability	 City's Covered Payroll	Sh Pen a P	City's Proportionate nare of the Net sion Liability as ercentage of its overed Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
2024		0.4336520%	\$	41,896,768	\$ 12,359,545		338.98%	63.63%
2023		0.4656239%		44,229,757	12,037,555		367.43%	62.90%
2022		0.4659049%		29,107,043	11,756,641		247.58%	75.03%
2021		0.4723170%		32,198,254	11,323,462		284.35%	70.65%
2020		0.4719340%		31,791,975	11,119,173		285.92%	69.89%
2019		0.4738670%		38,680,069	10,644,341		363.39%	63.07%
2018		0.4679640%		28,721,064	10,551,438		272.20%	70.91%
2017		0.4455920%		28,223,350	9,589,115		294.33%	68.36%
2016		0.4626690%		29,763,821	9,338,241		318.73%	66.77%
2015		0.4750350%		24,608,799	7,393,927		332.82%	71.71%
Calendar Year	I	ntractually Required ntributions	Re Co	atributions in lation to the ontractually Required ontributions	 Contribution Deficiency (Excess)		City's Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
Police and Fire:								
2024	\$	2,739,061	\$	(2,739,061)	\$ -	\$	12,805,422	21.39%
2023		2,639,992		(2,639,992)	-		12,359,545	21.36%
2022		2,573,993		(2,573,993)	-		12,037,555	21.38%
2021		2,515,628		(2,515,628)	-		11,755,271	21.40%
2020		2,412,994		(2,412,994)	-		11,323,294	21.31%
2019		2,374,212		(2,374,212)	-		11,120,431	21.35%
2018		2,274,593		(2,274,593)	-		10,643,861	21.37%
2017		2,264,705		(2,264,705)	-		10,553,145	21.46%
2016		2,045,318		(2,045,318)	-		9,588,926	21.33%
2015		1,995,536		(1,995,536)	-		9,338,025	21.37%

<sup>(1)</sup> Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the City's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

#### SCHEDULES OF THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY/(ASSET) AND CITY OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (OPERS)

#### LAST EIGHT AND TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year (1) (2)	City's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability/(Asset)	City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability/(Asset)	City's Covered Payroll	City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability/(Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability/(Asset)
2024	0.062619%	\$ (565,150)	\$ 11,099,900	5.09%	107.76%
2023	0.063976%	403,381	10,344,979	3.90%	94.79%
2022	0.062736%	(1,964,988)	9,253,686	21.23%	128.23%
2021	0.062124%	(1,106,789)	8,825,743	12.54%	115.57%
2020	0.062034%	8,568,507	9,415,146	91.01%	47.80%
2019	0.062698%	8,174,208	9,109,085	89.74%	46.33%
2018	0.064600%	7,015,085	9,155,141	76.62%	54.14%
2017	0.063132%	6,376,547	8,753,602	72.84%	54.05%
Fiscal Year	Contractually Required Contributions	Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contributions	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	City's Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2024	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 11,479,014	0.00%
2023	-	-	-	11,099,900	0.00%
2022	-	-	-	10,344,979	0.00%
2021	-	-	-	9,253,686	0.00%
2020			_	8,825,743	0.00%
2019	-	-		0,023,773	0.0070
2017	-	-	-	9,415,143	0.00%
2018	- - -	- - -	-		
	- - - 91,551	- - (91,551)	- -	9,415,143	0.00%
2018	- - - 91,551 175,072	(91,551) (175,072)	- - -	9,415,143 9,109,079	0.00% 0.00%

<sup>(1)</sup> Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the City's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

<sup>(2)</sup> Information prior to 2017 is not available. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

#### SCHEDULES OF THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

## SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY AND CITY OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS OHIO POLICE AND FIRE (OP&F) PENSION FUND

#### LAST EIGHT AND TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year (1) (2)	Pr of	City's oportion the Net B Liability	Sha	City's oportionate re of the Net EB Liability	 City's Covered Payroll	SI OF a P	City's Proportionate hare of the Net PEB Liability as Percentage of its overed Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability
2024		0.4336520%	\$	3,166,227	\$ 12,359,545		25.62%	51.89%
2023		0.4656239%		3,315,108	12,037,555		27.54%	52.59%
2022		0.4659049%		5,106,719	11,756,641		43.44%	46.86%
2021		0.4723170%		5,004,273	11,323,462		44.19%	45.42%
2020		0.4719340%		4,661,634	11,119,173		41.92%	47.08%
2019		0.4738670%		4,315,286	106,443,341		4.05%	46.57%
2018		0.4679640%		26,514,185	10,551,438		251.29%	14.13%
2017		0.4455920%		21,151,269	9,589,115		220.58%	15.96%
Fiscal Year	R	tractually equired tributions	Rel Co	tributions in lation to the ntractually Required ntributions	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)		City's Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
Police and Fire:								
2024	\$	64,028	\$	(64,028)	\$ -	\$	12,805,422	0.50%
2023		61,798		(61,798)	-		12,359,545	0.50%
2022		60,188		(60,188)	-		12,037,555	0.50%
2021		58,783		(58,783)	-		11,755,271	0.50%
2020		56,617		(56,617)	-		11,323,294	0.50%
2019		55,596		(55,596)	-		11,120,431	0.50%
2018		53,222		(53,222)	-		10,643,861	0.50%
2017		52,757		(52,757)	-		10,553,145	0.50%
2016		47,946		(47,946)	-		9,588,926	0.50%
2015		46,691		(46,691)	-		9,338,025	0.50%

<sup>(1)</sup> Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the City's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

<sup>(2)</sup> Information prior to 2017 is not available. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

### NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

#### **NOTE 1 - BUDGETARY PROCESS**

The City adopts annual expenditure budgets for all governmental and proprietary fund types, with the exception of the Flexible Benefits Fund. The City Council follows procedures outlined below in establishing the expenditure budget data reported in the Municipal Program of Services Adopted Budget for 2024 - 2025.

In November, the City Manager submits to City Council an estimate of the expenditures necessary to conduct the affairs of the City for the fiscal year commencing the following January 1. Budget estimates are distributed throughout the City including newspapers and libraries. Public hearings are held to obtain taxpayers' comments.

Subsequent to January 1, and after publication of the proposed budget ordinance, the budget is legally enacted through passage of the ordinance. The budget specifies expenditure amounts by character for each activity within each fund.

No transfer of appropriations can be made without City Council action, with the exception of certain transfers within a department's appropriation, within a fund, if the amounts are less than \$10,000. Expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations at the character level. During 2024, various transfers of appropriations, supplemental appropriations, and reductions in appropriation were made in the following amounts:

	Increase/
Fund Type	Decrease
General Fund	\$ 8,605,900
Special Revenue Funds	90,700
Debt Service Fund	(300,000)
Capital Projects Funds	10,902,800
Enterprise Funds	141,700
Internal Service Funds	500,000

Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end and encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the next fiscal year.

The City's budgetary process is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).

Encumbrance accounting is employed in governmental funds. Encumbrances (e.g., purchase orders, contracts) outstanding at year-end are reported as commitments or assignments of fund balances and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be reappropriated and honored during the subsequent year.

#### NOTE 2 - GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During 2024, the City made significant amendments to its original General Fund revenue estimates and appropriations. The revenue estimate increase was highlighted by a large increase in income tax revenues and investment earnings. The increases to the original appropriations were highlighted by transfers to the General Obligation Bond Retirement, and the Infrastructure Improvement funds. Other increases were made in relation to the higher than expected expenditures.

### NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

#### **NOTE 3 - BUDGET TO GAAP RECONCILIATION**

Reconciliation of the major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are as follows:

#### **Net Change in Fund Balance**

		<b>General Fund</b>	
<b>Budget basis</b>	\$	8,391,589	
Net adjustment for revenue accruals		996,028	
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals		(198,460)	
Net adjustment for other sources/uses		5,639,950	
Funds budgeted elsewhere		1,194,072	
Adjustment for encumbrances		2,416,381	
GAAP basis	\$	18,439,560	

#### NOTE 4 - PENSIONS & OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

#### **PENSION**

OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (OPERS)

Change in benefit terms:

- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2015.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2016.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2017.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2018.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2019.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2020.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2021.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2022.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2023.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2024.

#### Change in assumptions:

- There were no changes in assumptions for 2015.
- There were no changes in assumptions for 2016.
- For 2017, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) reduction in the actuarially assumed rate of return from 8.00% down to 7.50%, (b) for defined benefit investments, decreasing the wage inflation from 3.75% to 3.25%, (c) changing the future salary increases from a range of 4.25%-10.05% to 3.25%-10.75% and (d) COLA for post 1/7/2013 retirees were changed to 3.00%, simple through 2018, then 2.15% simple.
- There were no changes in assumptions for 2018.
- For 2019, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the assumed rate of return and discount rate were reduced from 7.50% down to 7.20%.
- For 2020, COLA for post 1/7/2013 retirees were changed to 1.40%, simple through 2020, then 2.15% simple.
- For 2021, COLA for post 1/7/2013 retirees were changed to 0.50%, simple through 2021, then 2.15% simple.

### NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

#### NOTE 4 - PENSIONS & OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) - (Continued)

- For 2022, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) wage inflation was changed from 3.25% to 2.75%, (b) future salary increases, including inflation were changed from 3.25%-10.75% to 2.75%-10.75%, (c) COLA for post 1/7/2013 retirees were changed 3.00%, simple through 2022, then 2.05% simple and (d) the actuarially assumed rate of return was changed from 7.20% to 6.90%.
- For 2023, COLA for post 1/7/2013 retirees were changed to 3.00%, simple through 2023, then 2.05% simple.
- For 2024, COLA for post 1/7/2013 retirees were changed to 2.30%, simple through 2024, then 2.05% simple.

#### OHIO POLICE AND FIRE (OP&F) PENSION FUND

#### Change in benefit terms:

- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2015.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2016.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2017.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2018.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2019.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2020.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2021.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2022.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2023.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2024.

#### Changes in assumptions:

- There were no changes in assumptions for 2015.
- There were no changes in assumptions for 2016.
- There were no changes in assumptions for 2017.
- For 2018, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) reduction in the actuarially assumed rate of return from 8.25% down to 8.00%, (b) changing the future salary increases from a range of 4.25%-11.00% to 3.75%-10.50%, (c) reduction in payroll increases from 3.75% down to 3.25%, (d) reduction in inflation assumptions from 3.25% down to 2.75% and (e) Cost of Living Adjustments (COLA) were reduced from 2.60% and 3.00% simple to 2.20% and 3.00% simple.
- There were no changes in assumptions for 2019.
- There were no changes in assumptions for 2020.
- There were no changes in assumptions for 2021.
- For 2022, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the actuarially assumed rate of return was changed from 8.00% to 7.50%.
- For 2023, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the mortality rates were changed from the RP-2014 Total Employee and Healthy Annuitant mortality tables to various Pub-2010 mortality tables using the MP-2021 Improvement Scale.
- There were no changes in assumptions for 2024.

### NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

#### NOTE 4 - PENSIONS & OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) - (Continued)

#### **OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)**

OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (OPERS)

Change in benefit terms:

- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2017.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2018.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2019.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2020.
- For 2021, the following were the most significant changes in benefit terms since the prior measurement date: the Board approved several changes to the health care plan offered to Medicare and non-Medicare retirees in efforts to decrease costs and increase the solvency of the health care Plan. These changes are effective January 1, 2022 and include changes to base allowances and eligibility for Medicare retirees, as well as replacing OPERS-sponsored medical plans for non-Medicare retirees with monthly allowances, similar to the program for Medicare retirees. These changes are reflected in the December 31, 2020 measurement date health care valuation. These changes significantly decreased the total OPEB liability for the measurement date December 31, 2020.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2022.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2023.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2024.

#### Change in assumptions:

- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for 2017.
- For 2018, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) reduction in the actuarially assumed rate of return from 4.23% down to 3.85%.
- For 2019, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affect the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was increased from 3.85% up to 3.96%, (b) the investment rate of return was decreased from 6.50% percent down to 6.00%, (c) the municipal bond rate was increased from 3.31% up to 3.71% and (d) the health care cost trend rate was increased from 7.50%, initial/3.25%, ultimate in 2028 up to 10.00%, initial/3.25% ultimate in 2029.
- For 2020, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affect the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was decreased from 3.96% up to 3.16%, (b) the municipal bond rate was decreased from 3.71% up to 2.75% and (c) the health care cost trend rate was increased from 10.50%, initial/3.25%, ultimate in 2029 up to 10.50%, initial/3.50% ultimate in 2030.
- For 2021, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affect the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was increased from 3.16% up to 6.00%, (b) the municipal bond rate was decreased from 2.75% up to 2.00% and (c) the health care cost trend rate was decreased from 10.50%, initial/3.50%, ultimate in 2030 down to 8.50%, initial/3.50% ultimate in 2035.
- For 2022, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affect the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) wage inflation changed from 3.25% to 2.75%, (b) projected salary increases, including inflation changed from 3.25%-10.75% to 2.75%-10.75%, (c) the municipal bond rate was changed from 2.00% to 1.84% and (d) the health care cost trend rate was changed from 8.50% initial, 3.50% ultimate in 2035 to 5.50% initial, 3.50% ultimate in 2034.
- For 2023, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affect the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the single discount rate changed from 6.00% to 5.22%, (b) the municipal bond rate was changed from 1.84% to 4.05% and (c) the health care cost trend rate was changed from 5.50% initial, 3.50% ultimate in 2034 to 5.50% initial, 3.50% ultimate in 2036.

### NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

#### NOTE 4 - PENSIONS & OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) - (Continued)

• For 2024, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affect the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the single discount rate changed to 5.70%, (b) the municipal bond rate was changed to 3.77% and (c) the health care cost trend rate was changed to 5.50% initial, 3.50% ultimate in 2038.

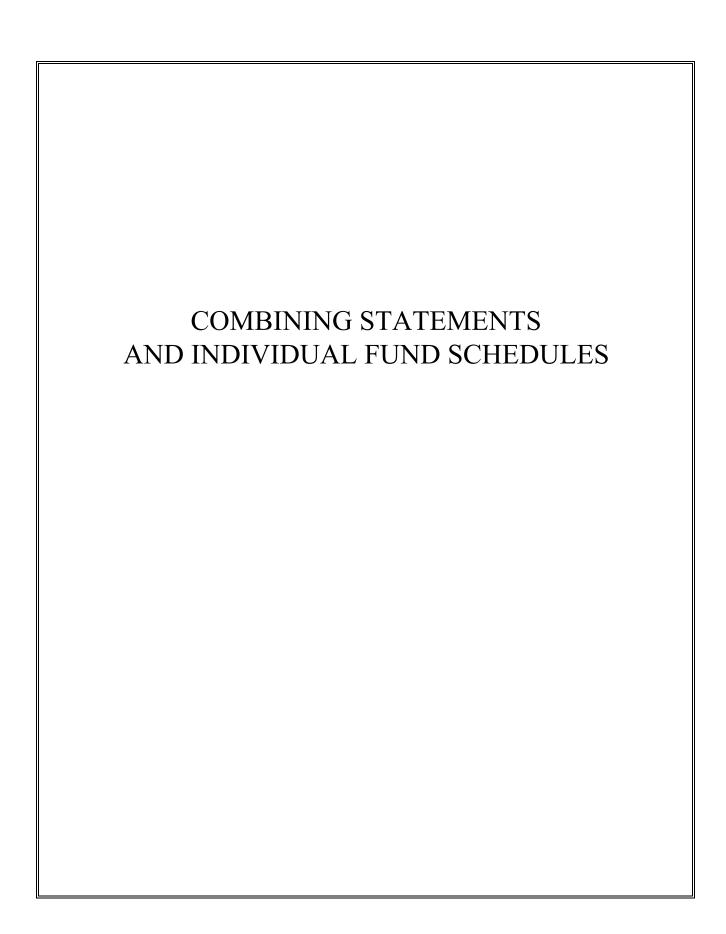
#### OHIO POLICE AND FIRE (OP&F) PENSION FUND

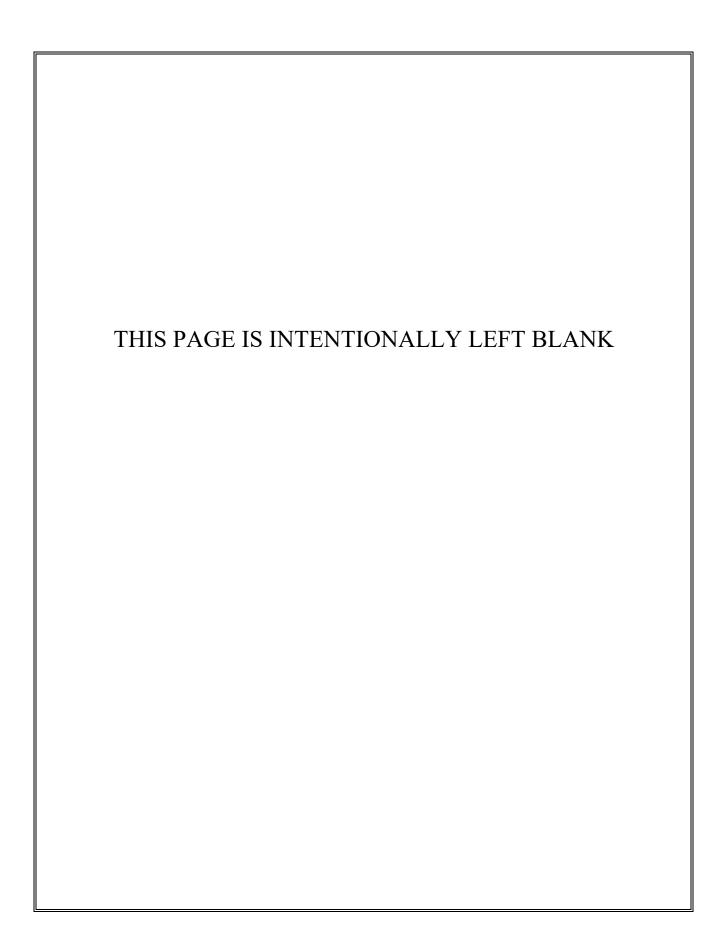
#### Change in benefit terms:

- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2017.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2018.
- For 2019, OP&F changed its retiree health care model from a self-insured health care plan to a stipend-based health care model.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2020.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2021.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2022.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2023.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2024.

#### Change in assumptions:

- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for 2017.
- For 2018, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) investment rate of return was reduced from 8.25% to 8.00%.
- For 2019, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affect the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was increased from 3.24% up to 4.66% and (b) the municipal bond rate was increased from 3.16% to 4.13%.
- For 2020, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affect the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was decreased from 4.66% up to 3.56% and (b) the municipal bond rate was decreased from 4.13% to 2.75%.
- For 2021, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affect the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was decreased from 3.56% down to 2.96% and (b) the municipal bond rate was decreased from 2.75% to 2.12%.
- For 2022, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affect the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the investment rate of return was changed from 8.00% to 7.50%, (b) the discount rate was changed from 2.96% to 2.84% and (c) the municipal bond rate was decreased from 2.12% to 2.05%.
- For 2023, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affect the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was changed from 2.84% to 4.27% and (b) the municipal bond rate was increased from 2.05% to 3.65%.
- For 2024, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affect the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was changed to 4.07% and (b) and the municipal bond rate was changed to 3.38%.





#### INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES FUND DESCRIPTIONS - MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### **General Fund**

The General Fund receives funds, which are not accounted for in any other fund of the City. The revenues are used to finance the general operations of the City. Due to legal requirements, activities of the General Fund are accounted for in the following accounts:

General Operating Account - This account is used for revenues that are not restricted as to use, and funds the general operations of the City.

Capital Asset Management Fund - Codified Ordinance Section 211.01 provides that 13 1/3% net income tax collections are to be used only for the payment of obligations incurred in connection with the City's capital improvements program or for the payment of interest and principal of bonds and notes issued by the City.

Police and Fire Pension Fund - One and six-tenths of a mill of the property tax has been set aside for the purpose of paying police and fire pensions. In accordance with state law, the funds are required to be placed in a separate account. Transfers are made to the General Operating Account to pay the cost of pensions.

Capital Equipment Fund - The City's Charter provides that one-half mill of the property tax be used for the City's capital outlay program.

Self-Insured Loss Fund - By ordinance, City Council has established this account in order to provide for a reserve to fund losses as a result of assuming the risk for general liabilities. Transfers are periodically made to the account from the General Operating Account.

Communications and Technology Fund - By ordinance, City Council has established this account in order to provide for the maintenance and upgrade of the City's communication and technology equipment and software.

Emergency Medical Services (EMS) Account - By ordinance, City Council has established this account in order to pay the cost of activities for emergency medical service supplies and capital needs for the Fire Division. The fees received are from insurance companies and Medicare for providing emergency medical services to the Community. The EMS account is shown as a special revenue fund in the budgetary statements but as a general fund account in the GAAP statements.

Civil Service Account - Established in 1995 pursuant to C.O. Section 225.04, this Fund is used to pay the expenses associated with the Civil Service Commission. The money is transferred from the General Fund and used to pay the Civil Service Commission Secretary and the cost of tests that are required for promotional examinations. For financial reporting purposes, other than budgetary, this fund is reported within the General Fund. The Civil Service account is shown as a special revenue fund in the budgetary statements but as a general fund account in the GAAP statements.

Economic Development Venture Accounts - Established by C.O. 225.06 the fund commenced in January 1999 to stimulate investment in Upper Arlington by providing incentives and maintaining an attractive economic climate for business and expansion and new business recruitment. The Economic Development Venture account is shown as a special revenue fund in the budgetary statements but as a general fund account in the GAAP statements.

Unclaimed Funds Fund - The fund accounts for monies owed to citizens that cannot be immediately located.

Payroll Clearing Fund - The fund accounts for payroll and deduction checks of employees.

### INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES FUND DESCRIPTIONS - MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### **Debt Service Fund**

#### **General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund**

The fund, a debt service fund, receives property taxes and other receipts for the retirement of debt issued by the City. The funds are used for the payment of interest and principal on outstanding debt.

#### Capital Projects Funds

#### **Bonded Improvement Fund**

Sources of revenue are the proceeds of bonds and notes issued for the purpose of undertaking the construction and repair of capital facilities including infrastructure. Funds are used to pay the cost of the improvements.

#### **Infrastructure Improvement Fund**

Created by C.O. 137.10, the Infrastructure Improvement Fund was created to account for a seven- year capital project program. The General Fund provides an annual fund transfer to fund the program.

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

#### GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

FOR	THE YEAR ENDED DEC	CEMBER 31, 2024		Variance with
	Budgeted	Amounts	<b>Actual Amounts</b>	Final Budget -
	Adopted Budget	Revised Budget	Budgetary Basis	Over (Under) Actual Amounts
Budgetary revenues:				
Income taxes	\$ 34,586,400	\$ 33,317,200	\$ 34,757,233	\$ 1,440,033
Real and other local taxes	9,181,000	10,295,100	10,379,953	84,853
Charges for services	1,863,500	1,863,500	1,873,583	10,083
Licenses and permits	1,650,000	1,650,000	1,848,191	198,191
Fines and forfeitures	175,000	175,000	175,754	754
Intergovernmental	2,569,200	2,724,300	2,950,183	225,883
Special assessments	-	-	71,862	71,862
Investment income	1,500,000	3,500,000	4,111,723	611,723
Contributions and donations	-	-	5,424	5,424
Other	1,163,270	1,163,270	994,103	(169,167)
Total budgetary revenues	52,688,370	54,688,370	57,168,009	2,479,639
Budgetary expenditures: Current:				
Police:				
Personal services	9,611,900	9,611,900	9,333,489	(278,411)
Other than personal services	2,168,576	2,130,127	1,763,679	(366,448)
Total Police	11,780,476	11,742,027	11,097,168	(644,859)
Fire:				
Personal services	10,968,800	10,968,800	10,459,291	(509,509)
Other than personal services	738,793	733,558	657,649	(75,909)
Total Fire	11,707,593	11,702,358	11,116,940	(585,418)
Parks and Recreation:				
Personal services	3,813,900	3,813,900	3,631,471	(182,429)
Other than personal services	2,182,586	2,180,946	1,975,948	(204,998)
Total Parks and Recreation	5,996,486	5,994,846	5,607,419	(387,427)
Board of Health:				
Other than personal services	388,600	388,600	386,579	(2,021)
Total Board of Health	388,600	388,600	386,579	(2,021)
Development:				
Personal services	1,172,500	1,172,500	1,064,970	(107,530)
Other than personal services	905,024	633,492	586,103	(47,389)
Total Development	2,077,524	1,805,992	1,651,073	(154,919)
Public Service Administration:				
Personal services	1,091,600	1,196,600	1,195,648	(952)
Other than personal services	270,903	261,584	186,464	(75,120)
Total Public Service Administration	1,362,503	1,458,184	1,382,112	(76,072)
Public Works Division:				
Personal services	1,107,700	1,077,700	919,715	(157,985)
Other than personal services	383,082	381,658	371,260	(10,398)
Public Works Division	1,490,782	1,459,358	1,290,975	(168,383)
City Manager:				
Personal services	1,413,000	1,413,000	1,344,694	(68,306)
Other than personal services	614,009	689,941	518,673	(171,268)
Total City Manager	2,027,009	2,102,941	1,863,367	(239,574)
City Attorney:				
Personal services	803,200	803,200	606,060	(197,140)
Other than personal services	164,746	192,032	181,700	(10,332)
Total City Attorney	967,946	995,232	787,760	(207,472)
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### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget -	
	Adopted Budget	Revised Budget	Budgetary Basis	Over (Under) Actual Amounts	
City Clerk:					
Personal services	\$ 256,900	\$ 252,300	\$ 214,891	\$ (37,409)	
Other than personal services	47,100	47,100	27,419	(19,681)	
Total City Clerk	304,000		242,310	(57,090)	
City Council:					
Personal services	130,100	158,600	158,390	(210)	
Other than personal services	20,700	20,700	10,790	(9,910)	
Total City Council	150,800	179,300	169,180	(10,120)	
Finance:					
Personal services	1,209,200	1,209,200	1,095,090	(114,110)	
Other than personal services	321,067	281,400	225,531	(55,869)	
Total Finance	1,530,267	1,490,600	1,320,621	(169,979)	
Facilities Maintenance:					
Personal services	251,900	251,900	182,170	(69,730)	
Other than personal services	3,937,122	3,904,102	3,071,428	(832,674)	
Total Facilities Maintenance	4,189,022	4,156,002	3,253,598	(902,404)	
Information Technology:					
Personal services	784,900	784,900	783,812	(1,088)	
Other than personal services	1,181,634		1,080,850	(99,751)	
Total Information Technology	1,966,534	1,965,501	1,864,662	(100,839)	
General Government:					
Personal services	636,000	636,000	556,291	(79,709)	
Other than personal services	2,885,873	2,872,032	2,549,784	(322,248)	
Total General Government	3,521,873	3,508,032	3,106,075	(401,957)	
Total budgetary expenditures	49,461,415	49,248,373	45,139,839	(4,108,534)	
Budgetary excess of revenues over expenditures	3,226,955	5,439,997	12,028,170	6,588,173	
Budgetary other financing sources (uses):					
Sale of capital assets	-	-	91,062	91,062	
Advances in	-	-	2,594,150	2,594,150	
Advances out	2 225 500	5 005 500	(9,934,100)	(9,934,100)	
Transfers in	3,235,500	5,885,500	2,865,668	(3,019,832)	
Transfers out Total budgetary other financing sources (uses)	(4,174,200)		(2,683,166)	9,935,134	
rotal oudgetary other infancing sources (uses)	(938,700)	(6,732,800)	(7,066,386)	(333,586)	
Net change in fund balance	2,288,255	(1,292,803)	4,961,784	6,254,587	
Budgetary fund balance at beginning of year	34,761,337	34,761,337	34,761,337	-	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	2,293,115	2,293,115	2,293,115	- C254.50=	
Budgetary fund balance at end of year	\$ 39,342,707	\$ 35,761,649	\$ 42,016,236	\$ 6,254,587	

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

### CAPITAL ASSET MANAGEMENT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	<b>Budgeted Amounts</b>		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Over (Under) Actual Amounts	
	Adopted Revised Budget Budget		Budgetary Basis		
<b>Budgetary revenues:</b>					
Income taxes	\$ 12,956,700	\$ 12,956,700	\$ 13,514,804	\$ 558,104	
Total budgetary revenues	12,956,700	12,956,700	13,514,804	558,104	
Budgetary excess of revenues over expenditures	12,956,700	12,956,700	13,514,804	558,104	
Budgetary other financing uses:	/a == / == ·		(0.4-4-24)		
Transfers out	(9,776,200)	(9,601,200)	(9,472,569)	128,631	
Total budgetary other financing uses	(9,776,200)	(9,601,200)	(9,472,569)	128,631	
Net change in fund balance	3,180,500	3,355,500	4,042,235	686,735	
Budgetary fund balance at beginning of year	20,368,118	20,368,118	20,368,118		
Budgetary fund balance at end of year	\$ 23,548,618	\$ 23,723,618	\$ 24,410,353	\$ 686,735	

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

## POLICE AND FIRE PENSION FUND

TORTIE	Budgeted Amounts Adopted Revised			Actual Amounts Budgetary		Variance with Final Budget - Over (Under)		
		Budget		Budget		Basis	Actu	al Amounts
Budgetary revenues:								
Real and other local taxes	\$	2,867,139	\$	2,845,088	\$	2,843,930	\$	(1,158)
Intergovernmental		351,520		373,570		372,819		(751)
Total budgetary revenues		3,218,659		3,218,658		3,216,749		(1,909)
Budgetary excess of revenues over expenditures		3,218,659		3,218,658		3,216,749		(1,909)
Budgetary other financing uses:		(2.007.000)		(2.007.000)		(2.965.669)		120 222
Transfers out		(2,986,000)		(2,986,000)		(2,865,668)		120,332
Total budgetary other financing uses		(2,986,000)		(2,986,000)		(2,865,668)		120,332
Net change in fund balance		232,659		232,658		351,081		118,423
Budgetary fund balance at beginning of year		4,071,089		4,071,089		4,071,089		<u> </u>
Budgetary fund balance at end of year	\$	4,303,748	\$	4,303,747	\$	4,422,170	\$	118,423

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

SELF-INSURED LOSS FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

TOKTIL	Budgeted Amounts				Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget -	
	Adopted			Revised	Budgetary		Over (Under)	
		Budget		Budget		Basis	Actu	al Amounts
Budgetary revenues:								
Investment income	\$	12,000	\$	12,000	\$	34,105	\$	22,105
Other		10,000		10,000		89,891		79,891
Total budgetary revenues		22,000		22,000		123,996		101,996
Budgetary expenditures:								
Current:								
General Government:								
Other than personal services		50,000		50,000		43,296		(6,704)
Total General Government		50,000		50,000		43,296		(6,704)
Net change in fund balance		(28,000)		(28,000)		80,700		108,700
Budgetary fund balance at beginning of year		1,003,600		1,003,600		1,003,600		<u>-</u>
Budgetary fund balance at end of year	\$	975,600	\$	975,600	\$	1,084,300	\$	108,700

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

CAPITAL EQUIPMENT FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

Budgeted Amounts         Actual Amounts         Final B           Adopted Budget         Revised Budgetary         Budgetary         Budgetary         Cover (Institution of the part of the p	e with
Budget ary revenues:         Budget         Budget         Basis         Actual And	
Real and other local taxes       \$ 1,299,829       \$ 1,279,960       \$ 1,280,431       \$ Intergovernmental       \$ 150,270       \$ 170,140       \$ 169,811       \$ 169,8	
Real and other local taxes       \$ 1,299,829       \$ 1,279,960       \$ 1,280,431       \$ Intergovernmental       \$ 150,270       \$ 170,140       \$ 169,811       \$ 169,8	
Intergovernmental   150,270   170,140   169,811	471
Contributions and donations         -         10,000         10,000           Total budgetary revenues         1,450,099         1,460,100         1,460,242    Budgetary expenditures:	471
Total budgetary revenues         1,450,099         1,460,100         1,460,242           Budgetary expenditures:         1,450,099         1,460,100         1,460,242	(329)
Budgetary expenditures:	1.40
	142
Police:	
Capital outlay 533,573 551,403 548,494	(2,909)
Total Police 533,573 551,403 548,494	(2,909)
Fire:	
	(20,725)
	(20,725)
10tar r ii c 200,000 273,000 272,273	20,723)
Parks and Recreation:	
Capital outlay 505,991 539,091 536,413	(2,678)
Total Parks and Recreation         505,991         539,091         536,413	(2,678)
Development	
Capital outlay 5,000 5,000 3,021	(1,979)
Total Development 5,000 5,000 3,021	(1,979)
<u> </u>	
Public Service Administration:	
Capital outlay <u>285,000</u> <u>279,500</u> <u>273,826</u>	(5,674)
Total Public Service Administration 285,000 279,500 273,826	(5,674)
Public Works Division:	
Capital outlay 954,150 956,150 952,090	(4,060)
Total Public Works Division         954,150         956,150         952,090	(4,060)
Information Technology:	(22.060)
	(22,969)
Total Information Technology         29,884         57,884         34,915	(22,969)
Total budgetary expenditures 2,573,598 2,682,028 2,621,034	(60,994)
Budgetary excess of expenditures over revenues (1,123,499) (1,221,928) (1,160,792)	61,136

Continued

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

# CAPITAL EQUIPMENT FUND (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	Budgeted Adopted Budget	ints Revised Budget	 ual Amounts Budgetary Basis	Fina Ove	iance with al Budget - er (Under) al Amounts
Budgetary other financing sources:	 	 			
Transfers in	\$ 240,000	\$ 240,000	\$ 240,000	\$	-
Total budgetary other financing sources	 240,000	240,000	 240,000		=
Net change in fund balance	(883,499)	(981,928)	(920,792)		61,136
Budgetary fund balance at beginning of year	867,862	867,862	867,862		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	1,261,698	1,261,698	1,261,698		-
Budgetary fund balance at end of year	\$ 1,246,061	\$ 1,147,632	\$ 1,208,768	\$	61,136

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

## COMMUNICATIONS AND TECHNOLOGY FUND

TORTIL	ILAK	ENDED DEC	LIVIDE	AK 31, 2024				
	Budgeted				Actual Amounts		Fina	nce with Budget -
	Adopted			Revised	Budgetary			r (Under)
		Budget		Budget		Basis	Actua	l Amounts
Budgetary revenues:								
Rental income	\$	122,000	\$	122,000	\$	146,071	\$	24,071
Total budgetary revenues		122,000		122,000		146,071		24,071
Budgetary expenditures: Current:								
Information Technology:								
City Council:		407.200		405.000		244 400		(150.510)
Other than personal services		496,380		495,000		344,490		(150,510)
Total Information Technology		496,380		495,000		344,490		(150,510)
Total budgetary expenditures		496,380		495,000		344,490		(150,510)
Budgetary excess of expenditures over revenues		(374,380)		(373,000)		(198,419)		174,581
Budgetary other financing sources:								
Transfers in		75,000		75,000		75,000		-
Total budgetary other financing sources	-	75,000		75,000		75,000		=
Net change in fund balance		(299,380)		(298,000)		(123,419)		174,581
Budgetary fund balance at beginning of year		528,725		528,725		528,725		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		1,380		1,380		1,380		
Budgetary fund balance at end of year	\$	230,725	\$	232,105	\$	406,686	\$	174,581

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

## UNCLAIMED FUNDS FUND

TOK II	IL ILAKI	SINDED DEC	LIVIDLI	. 31, 2024				
	Budgeted Amounts			Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget -		
	Ac	dopted	R	Revised		getary	Over	· (Under)
	B	udget	B	udget	B	Sasis	Actua	l Amounts
Budgetary revenues:								
Other	\$	1,000	\$	1,000	\$	717	\$	(283)
Total budgetary revenues		1,000	-	1,000		717		(283)
Budgetary expenditures: Current:								
Finance:								
Other than personal services		1,000		1,000		-		(1,000)
Total Finance		1,000		1,000				(1,000)
Total budgetary expenditures		1,000		1,000				(1,000)
Net change in fund balance		-		-		717		717
Budgetary fund balance at beginning of year Budgetary fund balance at end of year	\$	7,814 7,814	-\$	7,814 7,814	\$	7,814 8,531	\$	717

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) TOTAL GENERAL FUND ACCOUNTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	Rudgeted	<b>Budgeted Amounts</b>		Variance with Final Budget -	
	Adopted	Revised	Actual Amounts Budgetary	Over (Under)	
	Budget	Budget	Basis	Actual Amounts	
Budgetary revenues:					
Income taxes	\$ 47,543,100	\$ 46,273,900	\$ 48,272,037	\$ 1,998,137	
Real and other local taxes	13,347,968	14,420,148	14,504,314	84,166	
Charges for services	1,863,500	1,863,500	1,873,583	10,083	
Licenses and permits	1,650,000	1,650,000	1,848,191	198,191	
Fines and forfeitures	175,000	175,000	175,754	754	
Intergovernmental	3,070,990	3,268,010	3,492,813	224,803	
Special assessments	-	5,200,010	71,862	71,862	
Investment income	1,512,000	3,512,000	4,145,828	633,828	
Rental income	122,000	122,000	146,071	24,071	
Other	1,173,270	1,183,270	1,099,418	(83,852)	
Total budgetary revenues	70,457,828	72,467,828	75,629,871	3,162,043	
Budgetary expenditures:					
Current:					
Police:					
Personal services	0.611.000	0.611.000	0.222.490	(279.411)	
	9,611,900	9,611,900	9,333,489	(278,411)	
Other than personal services	2,168,576	2,130,127	1,763,679	(366,448)	
Capital outlay	533,573	551,403	548,494	(2,909)	
Total Police	12,314,049	12,293,430	11,645,662	(647,768)	
Fire:					
Personal services	10,968,800	10,968,800	10,459,291	(509,509)	
Other than personal services	738,793	733,558	657,649	(75,909)	
Capital outlay	260,000	293,000	272,275	(20,725)	
Total Fire	11,967,593	11,995,358	11,389,215	(606,143)	
Parks and Recreation:					
Personal services	3,813,900	3,813,900	3,631,471	(182,429)	
Other than personal services	2,182,586	2,180,946	1,975,948	(204,998)	
Capital outlay	505,991	539,091	536,413	(2,678)	
Total Parks and Recreation	6,502,477	6,533,937	6,143,832	(390,105)	
Board of Health					
Other than personal services	388,600	388,600	386,579	(2,021)	
Total Board of Health	388,600	388,600	386,579	(2,021)	
Development:					
Personal services	1,172,500	1,172,500	1,064,970	(107,530)	
Other than personal services	905,024	633,492	586,103	(47,389)	
Capital outlay	5,000	5,000	3,021	(1,979)	
Total Development	2,082,524	1,810,992	1,654,094	(156,898)	
Public Service Admin:					
Personal services	1,091,600	1,196,600	1,195,648	(952)	
Other than personal services	270,903	261,584	186,464	(75,120)	
Capital outlay	285,000	279,500	273,826	(5,674)	
Total Public Service Admin	1,647,503	1,737,684	1,655,938	(81,746)	
Public Works:					
Personal services	1,107,700	1,077,700	919,715	(157,985)	
	383,082				
Other than personal services		381,658	371,260	(10,398)	
Capital outlay	954,150	956,150	952,090	(4,060)	
Total Public Works	2,444,932	2,415,508	2,243,065	(172,443)	
City Manager:			104450	460 <b>2</b> 0 7	
Personal services	1,413,000	1,413,000	1,344,694	(68,306)	
Other than personal services	614,009	689,941	518,673	(171,268)	
Total City Manager	2,027,009	2,102,941	1,863,367	(239,574)	

Variance with

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) TOTAL GENERAL FUND ACCOUNTS (CONTINUED)

	Budgeted	l Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Over (Under) Actual Amounts	
	Adopted Budget	Revised Budget	Budgetary Basis		
City Attorney:					
Personal services	\$ 803,200	\$ 803,200	\$ 606,060	\$ (197,140)	
Other than personal services	164,746	192,032	181,700	(10,332)	
Total City Attorney	967,946	995,232	787,760	(207,472)	
City Clerk:					
Personal services	256,900	252,300	214,891	(37,409)	
Other than personal services	47,100	47,100	27,419	(19,681)	
Total City Clerk	304,000	299,400	242,310	(57,090)	
City Council:					
Personal services	130,100	158,600	158,390	(210)	
Other than personal services	517,080	515,700	355,280	(160,420)	
Total City Council	647,180	674,300	513,670	(160,630)	
Finance:					
Personal services	1,209,200	1,209,200	1,095,090	(114,110)	
Other than personal services	321,067	281,400	225,531	(55,869)	
Total Finance	1,530,267	1,490,600	1,320,621	(169,979)	
Facilities Maintenance:					
Personal services	251,900	251,900	182,170	(69,730)	
Other than personal services	3,937,122	3,904,102	3,071,428	(832,674)	
Total Facilities Maintenance	4,189,022	4,156,002	3,253,598	(902,404)	
Information Technology:					
Personal services	784,900	784,900	783,812	(1,088)	
Other than personal services	1,181,634	1,180,601	1,080,850	(99,751)	
Capital outlay	29,884	57,884	34,915	(22,969)	
Total Information Technology	1,996,418	2,023,385	1,899,577	(123,808)	
General Government:	50.5.000	50.5.000		(=0,=00)	
Personal services	636,000	636,000	556,291	(79,709)	
Other than personal services Total General Government	2,935,873	2,922,032	2,593,080	(328,952)	
1 otal General Government	3,571,873	3,558,032	3,149,371	(408,661)	
Total budgetary expenditures	52,581,393	52,475,401	48,148,659	(4,326,742)	
Budgetary excess of revenues over expenditures	17,876,435	19,992,427	27,481,212	7,488,785	
Budgetary other financing sources (uses):					
Sale of capital assets	=	-	91,062	91,062	
Advances in	-	-	2,594,150	2,594,150	
Advances out	-	-	(9,934,100)	(9,934,100)	
Transfers in	3,550,500	6,200,500	3,180,668	(3,019,832)	
Transfers out	(16,936,400)	(25,205,500)	(15,021,403)	10,184,097	
Total budgetary other financing sources (uses)	(13,385,900)	(19,005,000)	(19,089,623)	(84,623)	
Net change in fund balance	4,490,535	987,427	8,391,589	7,404,162	
Budgetary fund balance at beginning of year	61,600,731	61,600,731	61,600,731	-	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	3,556,193	3,556,193	3,556,193	- 7 40 4 1 CC	
Budgetary fund balance at end of year	\$ 69,647,459	\$ 66,144,351	\$ 73,548,513	\$ 7,404,162	

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

## GENERAL OBLIGATION BOND RETIREMENT FUND

	Budgeted Adopted Budget	Amounts  Revised  Budget	Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis	Variance with Final Budget - Over (Under) Actual Amounts
Budgetary revenues: Special assessments Miscellaneous Total budgetary revenues	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ 11 4,411 4,422	\$ 11 4,411 4,422
Budgetary expenditures: Current: Finance:				
Other than personal services Total Finance	16,795,300 16,795,300	16,495,300 16,495,300	16,437,634 16,437,634	(57,666) (57,666)
Total budgetary expenditures	16,795,300	16,495,300	16,437,634	(57,666)
Budgetary excess of expenditures over revenues	(16,795,300)	(16,495,300)	(16,433,212)	62,088
<b>Budgetary other financing sources:</b> Transfers in	14,272,800	14,272,800	14,143,640	(129,160)
Total budgetary other financing sources	14,272,800	14,272,800	14,143,640	(129,160)
Net change in fund balance	(2,522,500)	(2,222,500)	(2,289,572)	(67,072)
Budgetary fund balance at beginning of year Budgetary fund balance at end of year	2,605,287 \$ 82,787	\$ 382,787	\$ 2,605,287 \$ 315,715	\$ (67,072)

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

BONDED IMPROVEMENT FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

TOK III	Budgeted Amounts					Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget -	
	Adopted Budget			Revised Budget		Budgetary Basis	Over (Under) Actual Amounts		
Budgetary revenues:									
Investment income	\$	600,000	\$	2,600,000	\$	2,898,030	\$	298,030	
Total budgetary revenues		600,000	-	2,600,000	-	2,898,030		298,030	
Budgetary expenditures: Current:									
Parks and Recreation:									
Personal services		76,700		76,700		5,851		(70,849)	
Capital outlay		46,752,951		47,124,540		47,078,891		(45,649)	
Total Parks and Recreation		46,829,651		47,201,240		47,084,742		(116,498)	
Public Service Administration:									
Personal services		400,700		400,700		382,742		(17,958)	
Total Public Service Administration		400,700		400,700		382,742		(17,958)	
Public Works									
Capital outlay		13,694,603		13,687,327		13,481,920		(205,407)	
Total Public Works		13,694,603		13,687,327		13,481,920		(205,407)	
Total Lucito Works		13,071,003		13,007,327	_	13,101,720	-	(203,107)	
Total budgetary expenditures		60,924,954		61,289,267		60,949,404		(339,863)	
Net change in fund balance	(	(60,324,954)		(58,689,267)		(58,051,374)		637,893	
Budgetary fund balance at beginning of year		18,241,846		18,241,846		18,241,846		_	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		47,319,254		47,319,254		47,319,254		-	
Budgetary fund balance at end of year	\$	5,236,146	\$	6,871,833	\$	7,509,726	\$	637,893	

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

## INFRASTRUCTURE IMPROVEMENT FUND

rok in	E TEAK ENDED DEC	ENIDER 31, 2024		Variance with	
	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual Amounts	Final Budget -	
	Adopted Budget	Revised Budget	Budgetary Basis	Over (Under) Actual Amounts	
Budgetary revenues:					
Intergovernmental	\$ 5,937,000	\$ 5,937,000	\$ 2,408,717	\$ (3,528,283)	
Special assessments	-	-	65,637	65,637	
Contributions and donations	2 000 000	=	850,000	850,000	
Other Total budgetary revenues	2,000,000 7,937,000	5 027 000	2,577,200	2,577,200	
Total budgetary revenues	7,937,000	5,937,000	5,901,554	(35,446)	
Budgetary expenditures: Current:					
Parks and Recreation:					
Personal services	51,100	86,100	52,519	(33,581)	
Capital outlay	15,601,461	24,128,212	23,876,320	(251,892)	
Total Parks and Recreation	15,652,561	24,214,312	23,928,839	(285,473)	
Public Service Administration:					
Personal services	267,200	132,200	88,382	(43,818)	
Total Public Service Administration	267,200	132,200	88,382	(43,818)	
г.					
Finance: Capital outlay		1,000	145	(855)	
Total Finance		1,000	145	(855)	
Total T mance	<u>-</u> _	1,000	143	(633)	
Public Works					
Capital outlay	12,242,033	11,533,560	9,895,009	(1,638,551)	
Total Public Works	12,242,033	11,533,560	9,895,009	(1,638,551)	
Total budgetary expenditures	28,161,794	35,881,072	33,912,375	(1,968,697)	
Budgetary excess of expenditures over revenues	(20,224,794)	(29,944,072)	(28,010,821)	1,933,251	
Budgetary other financing sources (uses):					
Advances in	_	8,100,000	8,100,000	-	
Advances out	-	(2,750,000)	(2,444,650)	305,350	
Transfers in	3,250,000	3,250,000	3,250,000	-	
Total budgetary other financing sources (uses)	3,250,000	8,600,000	8,905,350	305,350	
Net change in fund balance	(16,974,794)	(21,344,072)	(19,105,471)	2,238,601	
Budgetary fund balance at beginning of year	12,023,718	12,023,718	12,023,718	_	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	13,053,394	13,053,394	13,053,394	-	
Budgetary fund balance at end of year	\$ 8,102,318	\$ 3,733,040	\$ 5,971,641	\$ 2,238,601	

### INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES FUND DESCRIPTIONS - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

### SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specific purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The term *proceeds of specific revenue sources* establishes that one or more specific restricted or committed revenues should be the foundation for a special revenue fund. The following are the special revenue funds which the City operates:

### Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

### Tax Incentive Review Fund

Created by C.O. 225.07, the fund receives deposits of fees required when agreements are entered into under Section 3735 of the Ohio Revised Code. These fees are used exclusively for the purpose of performing the duties of the Tax Incentive Review Board.

### **Street Maintenance and Repair Fund**

The Ohio Revised Code Sections 4501.04 and 5735.27 requires this separate fund to account for receipts from the licensing of motor vehicles and receipts from fuels taxes. The funds are used for the construction, maintenance and repaid of the City's streets.

### **Law Enforcement Fund**

Established pursuant to Ohio Revised Section 2981.13, the fund accounts for the deposit of monies received from the seizure of tangible property relinquished in accordance with the Contraband Seizure Forfeiture Act. Funds are used solely for law enforcement purposes.

### **Tree Planting Fund**

Established pursuant to C.O. Section 158.05 to receive money given to the Tree Commission, the fund's expenditures are to be made for the furtherance of tree planting and care and related arboricultural activities, subject to appropriations made by City Council.

### **Enforcement Education Fund**

Established in 1995 pursuant to C.O. Section 225.03, the revenue of this fund derived from Operating a Motor Vehicle Intoxicated (OVI) convictions, is used to pay the costs incurred in both enforcing and informing the public of the laws governing operation of a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol.

### Mayor's Court Computer Fund

Established in 1995 pursuant to C.O. Section 171.05, the Mayor's Court collects a \$3.00 fee on each case. Revenues are to be used to pay the cost of computerization of the Mayor's Court and for computerized legal research services.

### Mayor's Court Special Project Fund

Established in 2013 pursuant to C.O. Section 171.08, the Mayor's Court collects a \$10.00 fee on each case as allowed by Ohio Revised Code 1901.26(B)(1). Revenues are to be used to pay the cost of special projects of the court including, but not limited to, the acquisition of additional facilities or rehabilitation of existing facilities, the acquisition of equipment, the hiring and training of staff, community service programs, mediation or dispute resolution services, the employment of magistrates, the training and education of magistrates and other related services.

### Local Fiscal Recovery Fund

This fund accounts for additional State and Federal emergency relief grants to address the continued impact of the Coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic.

### OneOhio Opioid Settlement Fund

This fund is used to account for opioid settlement proceeds that are restricted for public health and welfare programs.

### Neighborhood Lighting Fund

This fund is used to account for the maintenance of neighborhood lights of which a yearly maintenance fee is charged.

### Clerk of Court Fund

Enacted by C.O. 171.06, the Clerk of Court Fund was created to account for fees established by the Rules of Court. The revenue is to be used to pay the cost of computerization of the Clerk of Court's office. The current fee s \$3.00

### Upper Arlington Visitor's Bureau Fund

Established in 2013 pursuant to C.O. Section 202, this fund collected 50% of the 3% hotel/motel excise tax levied in accordance with Ohio Revised Code Section 5379.09. Revenues are to be used solely to make contributions to convention and visitors' bureaus operating within Franklin County as directed by City Council.

## INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES FUND DESCRIPTIONS - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

### CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Capital projects funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets. Capital projects funds exclude those types of capital-related outflows financed by proprietary funds or for assets that will be held in trust for individuals, private organizations, or other

### Nonmajor Capital Project Funds

### **Tax Increment Financing (TIF) Districts**

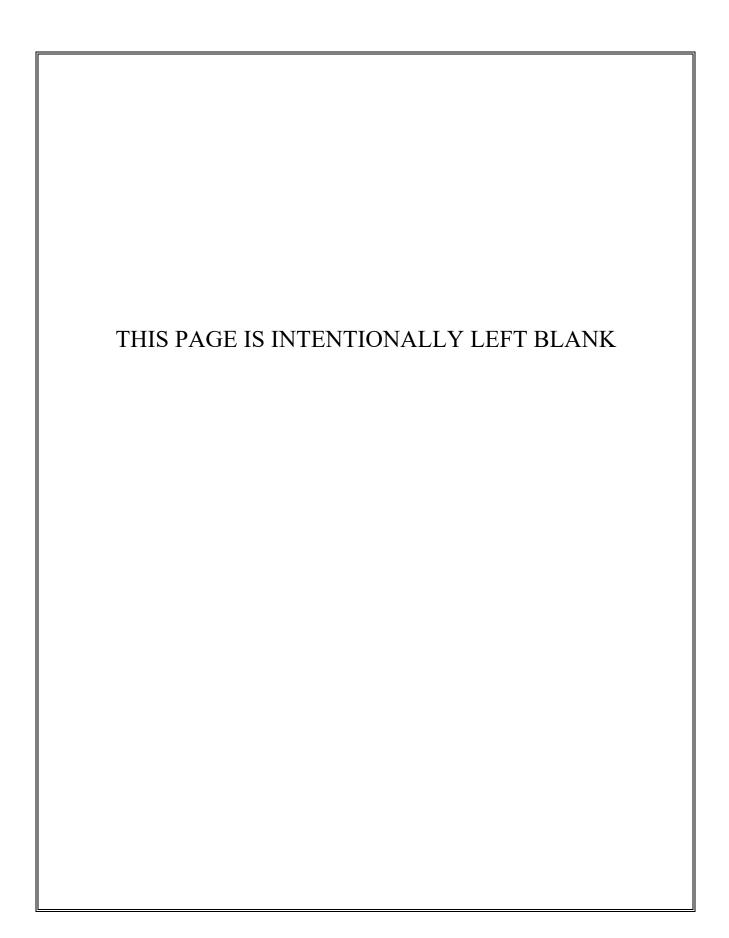
The City, pursuant to the Ohio Revised Code and City ordinances, has established nine tax increment financing (TIF) districts. A TIF represents a geographic area wherein property values created after the commencement data of the TIF are exempt, in whole or in part, from property taxes. Owner of such property, however, must pay amounts equal to the property taxes, known as "service fees", as though the TIF had not been established. These "service fees" will then repay the City for capital outlay expenditures relating to public improvements within or adjacent to the TIF area. Property values existing before the commencement date of a TIF continue to be subjected to property taxes. The City has created the following capital project funds to account for its twelve TIFs: Arlington Centre TIF, Tremont Road TIF, Lane Avenue Mixed Use TIF Fund, Lane Avenue TIF Fund, Arlington Crossing TIF Fund, Horizon TIF Fund, Kingsdale West TIF Fund, Kingsdale Core TIF Fund, Riverside North TIF Fund, Riverside South TIF Fund, West Lane Northwest TIF Fund, Lane Avenue II TIF Fund, Kingsdale Center TIF Fund, and Gateway TIF Fund.

### **Estate Tax Capital Projects Fund**

Created by C.O. 137.12, this fund is used to account for estate tax revenues in excess of \$2.1 million for the purpose of capital needs.

### Community Fiber Optic Fund

This fund was established in 2015 and accounts for the installation and repayment of the construction for the Upper Arlington fiber optic network. The fiber optic network will serve the Upper Arlington School District, the Upper Arlington Libraries and the City government as well as provide fiber to the Ohio State University Medical building. The network will also provide accessibility to fiber for local businesses.



### COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	Nonmajor cial Revenue Funds	 Nonmajor Capital Projects	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
Assets:					
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$ 7,829,748	\$ 6,320,312	\$	14,150,060	
Receivables:					
Real and other taxes	8,217	=		8,217	
Accounts	330,605	-		330,605	
Special assessments	-	1,296,706		1,296,706	
Payment in lieu of taxes	-	6,728,074		6,728,074	
Accrued interest	41,252	-		41,252	
Due from other governments	1,125,000	8,842		1,133,842	
Materials and supplies inventory	 171,336	 -		171,336	
Total assets	\$ 9,506,158	\$ 14,353,934	\$	23,860,092	
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$ 694,163	\$ -	\$	694,163	
Contracts payable	-	7,258		7,258	
Retainage payable	25,817	-		25,817	
Accrued wages and benefits payable	65,819	-		65,819	
Interfund loans payable	-	152,500		152,500	
Advances from other funds	-	1,343,335		1,343,335	
Due to other funds	856	-		856	
Due to other governments	18,778	-		18,778	
Unearned revenue	1,086,841	-		1,086,841	
Total liabilities	 1,892,274	1,503,093		3,395,367	
Deferred Inflows of Resources:					
Property taxes and PILOTs levied for the next fiscal year	-	6,728,074		6,728,074	
Accrued interest not available	19,484	-		19,484	
Special assessments revenue not available	-	1,296,706		1,296,706	
Miscellaneous revenue not available	997,422	8,842		1,006,264	
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,016,906	8,033,622		9,050,528	
Fund Balances:					
Nonspendable	171,336	-		171,336	
Restricted	6,016,142	5,896,287		11,912,429	
Committed	409,500	85		409,585	
Unassigned (deficit)		(1,079,153)		(1,079,153)	
Total fund balances	6,596,978	4,817,219		11,414,197	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows					
of resources and fund balance	\$ 9,506,158	\$ 14,353,934	\$	23,860,092	

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Nonmajor Capital Projects	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
Revenues:	¢ 206.012	¢	¢ 206.012		
Real and other taxes	\$ 306,012 101,779	\$ -	\$ 306,012		
Charges for services Fines and forfeitures	126,543	-	101,779 126,543		
Intergovernmental	3,112,918	17,334	3,130,252		
E	3,112,918	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Special assessments Investment income	80,961	1,425,936	1,425,936		
Contributions and donations	225	-	80,961 225		
	223	4,159,248	4,159,248		
Payment in lieu of taxes Other	35,349	195,516			
Total revenues			230,865		
Total revenues	3,763,787	5,798,034	9,561,821		
<b>Expenditures:</b>					
Current:					
General government	6,056	1,285,015	1,291,071		
Public safety	251,404	-	251,404		
Public service	3,278,211	-	3,278,211		
Parks and recreation	15,000	-	15,000		
Capital outlay	-	846,119	846,119		
Total expenditures	3,550,671	2,131,134	5,681,805		
Excess of revenues over expenditures	213,116	3,666,900	3,880,016		
Other financing sources (uses):					
Sale of capital assets	2,502,778	-	2,502,778		
Transfers in	-	68,400	68,400		
Transfers out	(92,500)	(5,244,233)	(5,336,733)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	2,410,278	(5,175,833)	(2,765,555)		
Net change in fund balances	2,623,394	(1,508,933)	1,114,461		
Fund balances at beginning of year	3,973,584	6,326,152	10,299,736		
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 6,596,978	\$ 4,817,219	\$ 11,414,197		

### COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2024

	x Incentive Review		Street aintenance nd Repair	E1	Law nforcement	Tree Planting		Tree Planting Education		Mayor's Cour Computer	
Assets:											
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	\$	1,946,341	\$	2,704,888	\$	92,965	\$	20,701	\$	46,145
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles):											
Real and other taxes	-		-		-		-		-		-
Accounts	100,377		-		-		-		-		-
Accrued interest	-		27,425		9,152		-		-		-
Due from other governments	-		1,125,000		-		-		-		-
Materials and supplies inventory	 -		171,336		-		-		_		
Total assets	\$ 100,377	\$	3,270,102	\$	2,714,040	\$	92,965	\$	20,701	\$	46,145
Liabilities:											
Accounts payable	\$ _	\$	36,701	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	\$	_
Retainage payable	-		_		-		-		-		_
Accrued wages and benefits payable	-		52,277		13,365		-		-		_
Due to other funds	_		680		174		-		_		_
Due to other governments	_		14,392		4,336		-		_		_
Unearned revenue	_		_		-		-		_		_
Total liabilities	-		104,050		17,875		-		-		-
Deferred inflows of resources											
Accrued interest not available	_		12,954		4,322		-		_		-
Miscellaneous revenue not available	21,830		745,364		· -		_		_		_
Total deferred inflows of resources	21,830	_	758,318		4,322		-		_		
Fund balances:											
Nonspendable	_		171,336		_		_		_		_
Restricted	78,547		2,236,398		2,691,843		-		20,701		46,145
Committed	-		-		-		92,965		· -		-
Total fund balances	78,547		2,407,734		2,691,843		92,965		20,701		46,145
Total liabilities, deferred inflows											
of resources and fund balance	\$ 100,377	\$	3,270,102	\$	2,714,040	\$	92,965	\$	20,701	\$	46,145

or's Court ial Project	ocal Fiscal Recovery	OneOhio Opioid	ghborhood Lighting	Cler	k of Court	Upper Arlington Visitor's	al Nonmajor cial Revenue Funds
\$ 172,905	\$ 1,795,937	\$ 141,355	\$ 314,297	\$	21,761	\$ 572,453	\$ 7,829,748
_	_	_	_		_	8,217	8,217
-	_	223,169	7,059		_	-	330,605
-	-	-	4,675		-	-	41,252
-	-	-	-		-	-	1,125,000
 _	 	 _	 		-	 -	 171,336
\$ 172,905	\$ 1,795,937	\$ 364,524	\$ 326,031	\$	21,761	\$ 580,670	\$ 9,506,158
\$ -	\$ 657,462	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ _	\$ 694,163
-	25,817	-	-		-	-	25,817
-	-	-	177		-	-	65,819
-	-	-	2		-	-	856
-	-	-	50		-	-	18,778
 -	 1,086,841	 	 -		-	 	 1,086,841
 	 1,770,120	 	 229			 	 1,892,274
_	-	_	2,208		-	-	19,484
 -	-	 223,169	 7,059		-	 	 997,422
	 	 223,169	 9,267		-	 -	 1,016,906
_	-	_	-		_	-	171,336
172,905	25,817	141,355	-		21,761	580,670	6,016,142
 -	 -	 -	 316,535		-	 	 409,500
 172,905	 25,817	 141,355	 316,535		21,761	 580,670	 6,596,978
\$ 172,905	\$ 1,795,937	\$ 364,524	\$ 326,031	\$	21,761	\$ 580,670	\$ 9,506,158

COMBINING STATE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	Tax Incentive Review	Street Maintenance Repair	Law Enforcement	Tree Planting	Enforcement Tree Planting Education	
Revenues:						
Real and other taxes	\$ -	\$ 172,404	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Charges for services	336	-	-	38,200	-	-
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-	570	5,622
Intergovernmental	-	2,171,473	-	-	-	-
Investment income	-	78,025	-	-	-	-
Contributions and donations	-	-	-	225	-	-
Other		5,366		19,900		
Total Revenues	336	2,427,268		58,325	570	5,622
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government	1,270	-	-	-	-	-
Public safety	-	-	242,507	-	767	-
Public service	-	2,326,005	-	-	-	-
Parks and recreation	-	-	-	15,000	-	-
Total Expenditures	1,270	2,326,005	242,507	15,000	767	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	(934)	101,263	(242,507)	43,325	(197)	5,622
Other financing sources (uses):						
Sale of capital assets	_	_	2,502,778	_	-	-
Transfers out	_	_	-	_	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	-		2,502,778	-	-	-
Net change in fund balance	(934)	101,263	2,260,271	43,325	(197)	5,622
Fund balance at beginning of year	79,481	2,306,471	431,572	49,640	20,898	40,523
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 78,547	\$ 2,407,734	\$ 2,691,843	\$ 92,965	\$ 20,701	\$ 46,145

Mayor's Court Special Projects		Fiscal ry Fund	Neighborhood Lighting		Clerk			Visitor's Bureau	OneOhio Opioid Fund			al Nonmajor cial Revenue Funds
\$	_	\$ -	\$	_	\$	_	\$	133,608	\$	_	\$	306,012
	-	-		63,243		-		-		-		101,779
	18,730	-		-		5,622		-		95,999		126,543
	-	941,445		-		-		-		-		3,112,918
	-	-		2,936		-		-		-		80,961
	-	-		-		-		-		-		225
		 		10,083								35,349
	18,730	 941,445		76,262		5,622	-	133,608		95,999		3,763,787
	4,336	-		_		450		_		-		6,056
	-	-		-		-		-		8,130		251,404
	-	915,628		36,578		-		-		-		3,278,211
		-		-		-						15,000
	4,336	 915,628		36,578		450		-		8,130	-	3,550,671
	14,394	 25,817		39,684		5,172		133,608		87,869		213,116
	_	-		_		_		_		-		2,502,778
	-	-		_		-		(92,500)		-		(92,500)
	-	 -		-		-		(92,500)		-		2,410,278
	14,394	25,817		39,684		5,172		41,108		87,869		2,623,394
	158,511			276,851		16,589		539,562		53,486		3,973,584
\$	172,905	\$ 25,817	\$	316,535	\$	21,761	\$	580,670	\$	141,355	\$	6,596,978

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

TAX INCENTIVE REVIEW FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

TOKTI	Budgeted Amounts					Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget -	
	Adopted Budget		Revised Budget		Budgetary Basis		Over (Under) Actual Amounts		
Budgetary expenditures: Current:									
Finance:	¢	1,270	\$	1,270	\$	1,270	\$		
Other than personal services Total Finance	<b>.</b>	1,270	<b>D</b>	1,270	<b>D</b>	1,270	Φ		
Total budgetary expenditures		1,270		1,270		1,270			
Net change in fund balance		(1,270)		(1,270)		(1,270)		-	
Budgetary fund balance at beginning of year		1,270		1,270		1,270		-	
Budgetary fund balance at end of year	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

# STREET MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

TOK II	IE TEAK ENDED DEC	EMBER 31, 2024		Variance with		
	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual Amounts	Final Budget -		
	Adopted Budget	Revised Budget	Budgetary Basis	Over (Under) Actual Amounts		
Budgetary revenues:						
Intergovernmental	\$ 2,250,000	\$ 2,250,000	\$ 2,320,587	\$ 70,587		
Investment income	15,000	15,000	61,640	46,640		
Other	8,000	8,000	5,366	(2,634)		
Total budgetary revenues	2,273,000	2,273,000	2,387,593	114,593		
Budgetary expenditures:						
Current:						
Public Service Administration:						
Personal services	510,500	510,500	528,092	17,592		
Other than personal services	504,295	500,694	375,683	(125,011)		
Total Public Service Administration	1,014,795	1,011,194	903,775	(107,419)		
Public Works Division:						
Personal services	984,200	1,074,100	992,788	(81,312)		
Other than personal services	489,480	481,723	359,703	(122,020)		
Total Public Works Division	1,473,680	1,555,823	1,352,491	(203,332)		
Total budgetary expenditures	2,488,475	2,567,017	2,256,266	(310,751)		
Net change in fund balance	(215,475)	(294,017)	131,327	425,344		
Budgetary fund balance at beginning of year	1,654,071	1,654,071	1,654,071	-		
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	141,775	141,775	141,775	=		
Budgetary fund balance at end of year	\$ 1,580,371	\$ 1,501,829	\$ 1,927,173	\$ 425,344		

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

## LAW ENFORCEMENT FUND

TOKTI	Ade	Budgeted opted	Amounts Revised Budget		Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis		Variance with Final Budget - Over (Under) Actual Amounts	
Budgetary revenues:								
Investment income	\$	7,000	\$	7,000	\$	18,039	\$	11,039
Total budgetary revenues		7,000		7,000		18,039		11,039
Budgetary expenditures: Current: Police:								
Personal services		254,000		254,000		234,947		(19,053)
Other than personal services		20.000		20,000		234,947		(20,000)
Total Police		274,000		274,000		234,947		(39,053)
Total budgetary expenditures		274,000		274,000		234,947		(39,053)
Budgetary excess of expenditures over revenues		(267,000)		(267,000)		(216,908)		50,092
Budgetary other financing sources: Sale of capital assets		130,000		130,000		2,502,778		2,372,778
	-		-			, ,	-	
Total budgetary other financing sources		130,000		130,000		2,502,778		2,372,778
Net change in fund balance		(137,000)		(137,000)		2,285,870		2,422,870
Budgetary fund balance at beginning of year		453,163		453,163		453,163		-
Budgetary fund balance at end of year	\$	316,163	\$	316,163	\$	2,739,033	\$	2,422,870

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

TREE PLANTING FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

TOK III	Budgeted Amounts					Actual Amounts		ance with l Budget -
		dopted Budget	Revised Budget		Budgetary Basis		Over (Under) Actual Amounts	
Budgetary revenues:								
Charges for services	\$	15,000	\$	15,000	\$	38,200	\$	23,200
Contributions and donations		-		-		225		225
Other		-		-		19,900		19,900
Total budgetary revenues		15,000		15,000		58,325		43,325
Budgetary expenditures: Current:								
Parks and Recreation:								
Other than personal services		18,373		15,000		15,000		-
Total Parks and Recreation		18,373		15,000		15,000		=
Total budgetary expenditures		18,373		15,000		15,000		
Net change in fund balance		(3,373)		-		43,325		43,325
Budgetary fund balance at beginning of year		46,267		46,267		46,267		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		3,373		3,373		3,373		-
Budgetary fund balance at end of year	\$	46,267	\$	49,640	\$	92,965	\$	43,325

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

ENFORCEMENT EDUCATION FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

TOK II.	IL ILAKI	ENDED DEC	LIVIDLI	1 31, 2024				
	<b>Budgeted Amounts</b>				Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget -	
	Adopted		Revised		Buc	dgetary	Ove	r (Under)
	B	Budget	Budget		Basis		Actual Amounts	
Budgetary revenues:								
Fines and forfeitures	\$	2,500	\$	2,500	\$	570	\$	(1,930)
Total budgetary revenues		2,500	-	2,500		570		(1,930)
Budgetary expenditures: Current:								
Police:								
Other than personal services		2,500		2,500		767		(1,733)
Total Police		2,500		2,500		767		(1,733)
Total budgetary expenditures		2,500		2,500		767		(1,733)
Net change in fund balance		-		-		(197)		(197)
Budgetary fund balance at beginning of year		20,848	-	20,848		20,848		
Budgetary fund balance at end of year	\$	20,848	\$	20,848	\$	20,651	\$	(197)

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

## MAYOR'S COURT COMPUTER FUND

TOKTI	Budgeted Amounts					Actual Amounts		ance with
	Adopted Budget		Revised Budget		Budgetary Basis		Final Budget - Over (Under) Actual Amounts	
Budgetary revenues:								
Fines and forfeitures	\$	8,000	\$	8,000	\$	5,718	\$	(2,282)
Total budgetary revenues		8,000		8,000		5,718		(2,282)
Budgetary expenditures: Current:								
Finance:								
Other than personal services		12,600		12,600		-		(12,600)
Total Finance		12,600		12,600				(12,600)
Total budgetary expenditures		12,600		12,600				(12,600)
Net change in fund balance		(4,600)		(4,600)		5,718		10,318
Budgetary fund balance at beginning of year		40,010		40,010		40,010		<u>-</u> _
Budgetary fund balance at end of year	\$	35,410	\$	35,410	\$	45,728	\$	10,318

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

# MAYOR'S COURT SPECIAL PROJECT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

TOK THE	LEAK	ENDED DEC	LIVIDER	31, 2024				
	<b>Budgeted Amounts</b>				Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget -	
	Adopted Budget		Revised Budget		Bu	dgetary	Ove	r (Under)
					Basis		Actual Amounts	
Budgetary revenues:								
Fines and forfeitures	\$	25,000	\$	25,000	\$	19,050	\$	(5,950)
Total budgetary revenues		25,000		25,000		19,050		(5,950)
Budgetary expenditures: Current:								
Finance:								
Other than personal services		19,500		19,500		4,336		(15,164)
Total Finance		19,500		19,500		4,336		(15,164)
Total budgetary expenditures		19,500		19,500		4,336		(15,164)
Net change in fund balance		5,500		5,500		14,714		9,214
Budgetary fund balance at beginning of year Budgetary fund balance at end of year	\$	156,791 162,291	\$	156,791 162,291	\$	156,791 171,505	\$	9,214

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

LOCAL FISCAL RECOVERY FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

		Budgeted	Amou	ints	Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget -	
		Adopted Budget		Revised Budget		Budgetary Basis		(Under) Amounts
Budgetary expenditures: Current: Fire:								
Other than personal services	\$	1,403,728	\$	1,403,728	\$	1,403,728	\$	_
Total Fire	_	1,403,728		1,403,728	_	1,403,728		-
Public Works:								
Other than personal services		1,046,500		1,046,500		1,046,500		-
Total Public Works		1,046,500		1,046,500		1,046,500		-
Total budgetary expenditures		2,450,228		2,450,228		2,450,228		
Net change in fund balance		(2,450,228)		(2,450,228)		(2,450,228)		-
Budgetary fund balance at beginning of year, restated		1,046,500		1,046,500		1,046,500		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		1,403,728		1,403,728		1,403,728		_
Budgetary fund balance at end of year	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

ONEOHIO OPIOID FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

TOK II		Budgeted		,	Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget -	
	Adopted Budget		Revised Budget		Budgetary Basis		Over (Under) Actual Amounts	
Budgetary revenues:								
Fines and forfeitures	\$	-	\$	-	\$	87,249	\$	87,249
Other		13,700		13,700		8,750		(4,950)
Total budgetary revenues		13,700		13,700		95,999		82,299
Budgetary expenditures: Current:								
Police:								
Other than personal services		13,700		12,500		8,150		(4,350)
Total Police		13,700		12,500		8,150		(4,350)
Total budgetary expenditures		13,700		12,500		8,150		(4,350)
Net change in fund balance		-		1,200		87,849		86,649
Budgetary fund balance at beginning of year		52,306		52,306		52,306		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		1,200		1,200		1,200		-
Budgetary fund balance at end of year	\$	53,506	\$	54,706	\$	141,355	\$	86,649

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

NEIGHBORHOOD LIGHTING FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

TOK III	LILAK	ENDED DEC	LIVIDEI	X 31, 202 <del>4</del>					
	<b>Budgeted Amounts</b>					Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget -	
	Adopted		Revised		Bı	ıdgetary		r (Under)	
	I	Budget	Budget		Basis		Actual Amounts		
Budgetary revenues:									
Charges for services	\$	63,000	\$	63,000	\$	63,243	\$	243	
Other	•	4,000	,	4,000	,	10,083	•	6,083	
Total budgetary revenues		67,000		67,000		73,326		6,326	
Budgetary expenditures:									
Current:									
Public Service Administration:									
Personal services		33,200		33,200		17,555		(15,645)	
Other than personal services		90,311		90,311		19,451		(70,860)	
Total Public Service Administration		123,511		123,511		37,006		(86,505)	
Total budgetary expenditures		123,511		123,511		37,006		(86,505)	
Net change in fund balance		(56,511)		(56,511)		36,320		92,831	
Budgetary fund balance at beginning of year		281,292		281,292		281,292		-	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		811		811		811		-	
Budgetary fund balance at end of year	\$	225,592	\$	225,592	\$	318,423	\$	92,831	

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

## CLERK OF COURT FUND

TOK THE	LEAKL	MULD DEC	LIVIDLI	31, 2027				
	<b>Budgeted Amounts</b>					Actual Amounts		nce with Budget -
	Ac	lopted	Revised		Bu	dgetary	Over	(Under)
	Budget		Budget		Basis		Actual Amounts	
Budgetary revenues:								
Fines and forfeitures	\$	8,000	\$	8,000	\$	5,718	\$	(2,282)
Total budgetary revenues		8,000		8,000		5,718		(2,282)
Budgetary expenditures: Current:								
Finance:								
Other than personal services		8,000		8,800		8,652		(148)
Total Finance		8,000		8,800		8,652		(148)
Total budgetary expenditures		8,000		8,800		8,652		(148)
Net change in fund balance		-		(800)		(2,934)		(2,134)
Budgetary fund balance at beginning of year Budgetary fund balance at end of year	\$	20,136 20,136	\$	20,136 19,336	\$	20,136 17,202	\$	(2,134)

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

# UPPER ARLINGTON VISITOR'S BUREAU FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

TOKTIL	Budgeted Budget		l Amounts Revised Budget		Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis		Variance with Final Budget - Over (Under) Actual Amounts	
Budgetary revenues:								
Real and other taxes	\$	100,000	\$	100,000	\$	133,000	\$	33,000
Total budgetary revenues		100,000		100,000		133,000		33,000
Budgetary excess of revenues over expenditures		100,000		100,000		133,000		33,000
Budgetary other financing uses:		(02.500)		(02.500)		(02.500)		
Transfers out		(92,500)		(92,500)		(92,500)		-
Total budgetary other financing uses		(92,500)		(92,500)		(92,500)		
Net change in fund balance		7,500		7,500		40,500		33,000
Budgetary fund balance at beginning of year		531,953		531,953		531,953		-
Budgetary fund balance at end of year	\$	539,453	\$	539,453	\$	572,453	\$	33,000

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

# EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

TORTH	L ILIKE	NOLD DEC	LIVIDI	AC 31, 2021				ance with
	Budgeted Amounts					ial Amounts	Final Budget -	
	Adopted		Revised		В	udgetary	Over (Under)	
	B	udget		Budget	Basis		Actual Amounts	
Budgetary revenues:								
Charges for services	\$	625,000	\$	150,000	\$	170,950	\$	20,950
Total budgetary revenues		625,000		150,000		170,950	Ψ	20,950
		,						
Budgetary expenditures:								
Current:								
Fire:								
Other than personal services		2,063,355		2,059,383		2,003,522		(55,861)
Total Fire		2,063,355		2,059,383		2,003,522		(55,861)
T 4.11 - 1 - 4	,	2.062.255		2.050.202		2 002 522		(55.0(1)
Total budgetary expenditures		2,063,355		2,059,383		2,003,522		(55,861)
Budgetary excess of expenditures over revenues	(1	1,438,355)		(1,909,383)		(1,832,572)		76,811
Budgetary other financing sources (uses):								
Advances in	1	1,550,000		1,760,000		1,700,000		(60,000)
Transfers in		-		-		59,031		59,031
Transfers out		(535,600)		(435,600)		(435,548)		52
Total budgetary other financing sources (uses)		1,014,400		1,324,400		1,323,483		(917)
Net change in fund balance		(423,955)		(584,983)		(509,089)		75,894
Budgetary fund balance at beginning of year		283,264		283,264		283,264		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		418,355		418,355		418,355		
Budgetary fund balance at end of year	\$	277,664	\$	116,636	\$	192,530	\$	75,894

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

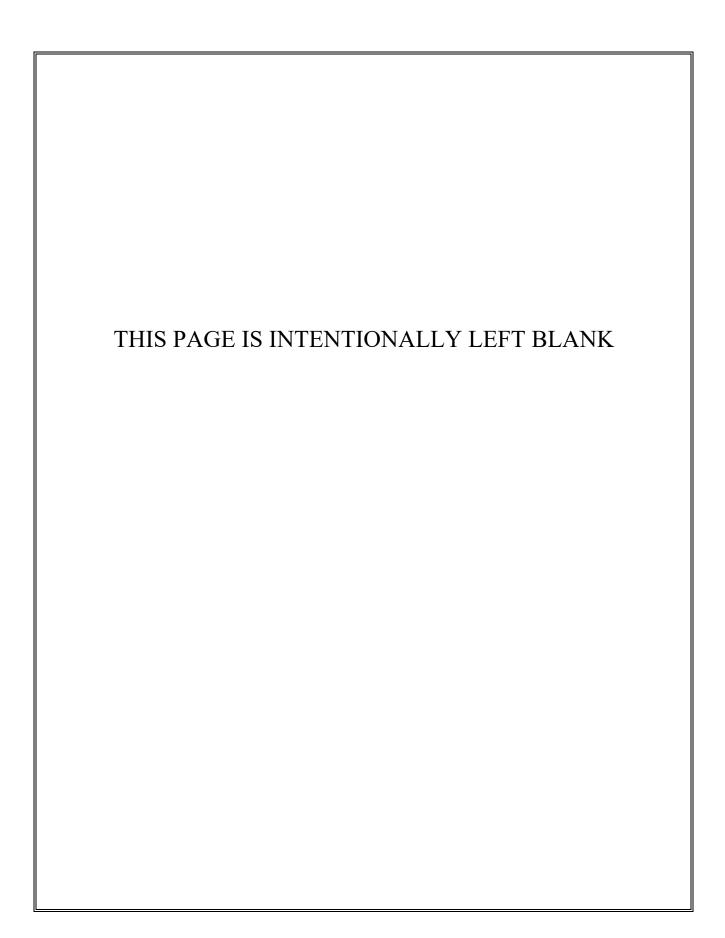
## CIVIL SERVICE FUND

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual Amounts		iance with al Budget -
	Adopted Budget		Revised Budget		Budgetary Basis		Over (Under) Actual Amounts	
Budgetary expenditures: Current:								
General Government:	¢	20.000	¢.	20,000	Ф	11.040	¢.	(10.160)
Other than personal services Total General Government	2	30,000	\$	30,000	\$	11,840 11,840	\$	(18,160)
Total General Government		30,000		30,000		11,040		(10,100)
Total budgetary expenditures		30,000		30,000		11,840		(18,160)
Net change in fund balance		(30,000)		(30,000)		(11,840)		18,160
Budgetary fund balance at beginning of year		72,800		72,800		72,800		-
Budgetary fund balance at end of year	\$	42,800	\$	42,800	\$	60,960	\$	18,160

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

# ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT VENTURE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	Budgeted		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Over (Under) Actual Amounts	
	Adopted Budget	Revised Budget	Budgetary Basis		
Budgetary expenditures: Current:					
City Manager: Other than personal services Total City Manager	\$ 362,100 362,100	\$ 362,100 362,100	\$ 31,370 31,370	\$ (330,730) (330,730)	
Total budgetary expenditures	362,100	362,100	31,370	(330,730)	
Budgetary excess of expenditures over revenues	(362,100)	(362,100)	(31,370)	330,730	
Budgetary other financing sources:					
Transfers in Total budgetary other financing sources	250,000 250,000	250,000 250,000	250,000 250,000		
Net change in fund balance	(112,100)	(112,100)	218,630	330,730	
Budgetary fund balance at beginning of year Budgetary fund balance at end of year	1,860,151 \$ 1,748,051	1,860,151 \$ 1,748,051	1,860,151 \$ 2,078,781	\$ 330,730	



#### COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2024

	Arlington Centre TIF		Trei	Tremont Road Lane Avenue TIF Mixed Use TIF		Lane Avenue TIF		
Assets:	· <u> </u>					_		
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	116,976	\$	18,761	\$	738,354	\$	304,984
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles): Special assessments		_		_		_		_
Payment in lieu of taxes		25,760		40,534		1,040,372		97,100
Due from other governments		-		-		-		-
Total assets	\$	142,736	\$	59,295	\$	1,778,726	\$	402,084
Liabilities:								
Contracts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Interfund loans payable		-		37,500		-		-
Advances from other funds		-		29,035		-		
Total liabilities				66,535				
Deferred inflows of resources								
Property taxes and PILOTs levied for the next fiscal year		25,760		40,534		1,040,372		97,100
Special assessments revenue not available		-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous revenue not available		-				-		
Total deferred inflows of resources		25,760		40,534		1,040,372		97,100
Fund balances:								
Restricted		116,976		-		738,354		304,984
Committed		_		-		_		-
Unassigned (deficit)		-		(47,774)		-		-
Total fund balances		116,976		(47,774)		738,354		304,984
Total liabilities, deferred inflows								
of resources and fund balance	\$	142,736	\$	59,295	\$	1,778,726	\$	402,084

Crossing TIF Horizon TIF	
\$ 1,068,523 \$ 1,053,912 \$	395,386 \$ 668,801
101,972 458,416	56,956 1,818,042
8,342	500 -
\$ 1,178,837 \$ 1,512,328 <b>\$</b>	452,842 \$ 2,486,843
\$ - \$ - \$	- \$ -
	<u>-</u>
	<u> </u>
101,972 458,416	56,956 1,818,042
· -	-
8,342 -	500 -
110,314 458,416	57,456 1,818,042
1,068,523 1,053,912	395,386 668,801
	<u> </u>
1,068,523 1,053,912	395,386 668,801
\$ 1,178,837 \$ 1,512,328 \$	452,842 \$ 2,486,843

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#### COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2024

	Riverside North TIF		Riverside South TIF		W. Lane Northwest TIF		Lane Avenue II TIF	
Assets: Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	19,947	\$	224,430	\$	22,541	\$	1,265,563
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles):	Þ	19,947	Þ	224,430	Э	22,341	Ф	1,205,505
Special assessments		-		-		-		1,123,305
Payment in lieu of taxes		2,890		44,860		18,116		1,254,262
Due from other governments		<u>-</u> _		<del></del>		<u>-</u>		
Total assets	\$	22,837	\$	269,290	\$	40,657	\$	3,643,130
Liabilities:								
Contracts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Interfund loans payable		-		-		15,000		-
Advances from other funds						105,200		
Total liabilities						120,200		
Deferred inflows of resources								
Property taxes and PILOTs levied for the next fiscal year		2,890		44,860		18,116		1,254,262
Special assessments revenue not available		-		-		-		1,123,305
Miscellaneous revenue not available						-		=_
Total deferred inflows of resources		2,890		44,860		18,116		2,377,567
Fund balances:								
Restricted		19,947		224,430		_		1,265,563
Committed		-		-		-		_
Unassigned (deficit)		-		-		(97,659)		-
Total fund balances		19,947		224,430		(97,659)		1,265,563
Total liabilities, deferred inflows								
of resources and fund balance	\$	22,837	\$	269,290	\$	40,657	\$	3,643,130

Kingsdale Center TIF		Gateway TIF		Estate Tax Improvement			ommunity iber Optic	Total Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds		
\$	30,033	\$	39,411	\$	85	\$	352,605	\$	6,320,312	
	173,401		-		_		_		1,296,706	
	´ -		1,768,794		_		-		6,728,074	
	-		-		-		_		8,842	
\$	203,434	\$	1,808,205	\$	85	\$	352,605	\$	14,353,934	
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	7,258	\$	7,258	
	-		-		-		100,000		152,500	
	134,100				-		1,075,000		1,343,335	
	134,100						1,182,258		1,503,093	
			1,768,794						6,728,074	
	173,401		1,700,794		-		-		1,296,706	
	173,401		_		_		_		8,842	
	173,401		1,768,794			-			8,033,622	
			, ,						-,,-	
	-		39,411		_		-		5,896,287	
	-		-		85		-		85	
	(104,067)		<u> </u>				(829,653)		(1,079,153)	
	(104,067)		39,411		85		(829,653)		4,817,219	
Φ.	202.424	Φ.	1 000 205	•	0.5	Φ.	252 605		14.252.024	
\$	203,434	\$	1,808,205	\$	85	\$	352,605	\$	14,353,934	

#### COMBINING STATE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

		Arlington Centre TIF		Tremont Road TIF		Lane Avenue Mixed Use TIF		Lane Avenue TIF	
Revenues:									
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Special assessments		-		-		-		-	
Payment in lieu of taxes		24,924		41,182		1,240,616		111,364	
Other		_				-			
Total revenues	-	24,924		41,182		1,240,616		111,364	
Expenditures:									
General government		242		336		557,262		254	
Capital outlay			-			-			
Total expenditures	-	242		336		557,262		254	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over (under) expenditures		24,682		40,846		683,354		111,110	
Other financing sources (uses):									
Transfers in		-		-		-		-	
Transfers out		(50,000)				(583,000)		(250,000)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	(50,000)				(583,000)		(250,000)	
Net change in fund balance		(25,318)		40,846		100,354		(138,890)	
Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of year		142,294		(88,620)		638,000		443,874	
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year	\$	116,976	\$	(47,774)	\$	738,354	\$	304,984	

Arlington Crossing TIF		_H	Horizon TIF		gsdale West TIF	Kingsdale Core TIF		
\$	16,367	\$	-	\$	967	\$	-	
	100,033		480,384		55,082		819,424	
	116,400		480,384		56,049		819,424	
	1,975		7,939		583		455,027	
	1,975		7,939		583		455,027	
	114,425		472,445		55,466		364,397	
	(405,000) (405,000)	_	(750,000) (750,000)		(100,000) (100,000)		(519,553) (519,553)	
	(290,575)		(277,555)		(44,534)		(155,156)	
-\$	1,359,098 1,068,523	\$	1,331,467 1,053,912	\$	439,920 395,386	\$	823,957 668,801	
Ψ	1,000,323	Ψ	1,000,712	Ψ	373,300	Ψ	000,001	

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# COMBINING STATE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	le North IF	Riverside South TIF		W. Lane Northwest TIF		Lane Avenue II TIF	
Revenues:							
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Special assessments	-		-		-		68,164
Payment in lieu of taxes	2,798		43,407		17,528		1,222,506
Other	 -		_		_		-
Total revenues	2,798		43,407		17,528		1,290,670
Expenditures:							
General government	27		422		143		250,272
Capital outlay	 -			-			
Total expenditures	27		422		143		250,272
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures	 2,771		42,985		17,385		1,040,398
Other financing sources (uses):							
Transfers in	-		-		-		-
Transfers out	 (1,800)		(100,000)		-		(963,700)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (1,800)		(100,000)				(963,700)
Net change in fund balance	971		(57,015)		17,385		76,698
Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of year	18,976		281,445		(115,044)		1,188,865
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year	\$ 19,947	\$	224,430	\$	(97,659)	\$	1,265,563

Kingsdale Center TIF Fund		Gateway TIF		Estate Tax Improvement		Community Fiber Optic		al Nonmajor l Projects Funds
\$	_	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	17,334
	914,447		443,325	-		-		1,425,936
	-		-	-		-		4,159,248
	-		-	-		195,516		195,516
	914,447		443,325	 -		195,516		5,798,034
	1,402		9,131	_		_		1,285,015
	754,562		38,556	9,450		43,551		846,119
	755,964		47,687	9,450		43,551		2,131,134
	158,483		395,638	 (9,450)		151,965		3,666,900
	-		_	_		68,400		68,400
	(1,023,182)		(377,700)	_		(120,298)		(5,244,233)
	(1,023,182)		(377,700)	 		(51,898)		(5,175,833)
	(864,699)		17,938	(9,450)		100,067		(1,508,933)
	760,632		21,473	9,535		(929,720)		6,326,152
\$	(104,067)	\$	39,411	\$ 85	\$	(829,653)	\$	4,817,219

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

ARLINGTON CENTRE TIF FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

TOKTILL	Budgeted Adopted Budget	1	nts Revised Budget	Bu	l Amounts dgetary Basis	Final E Over (	ce with Budget - Under) Amounts
	 - Langer		<u> </u>		24010	11000001	
Budgetary revenues:							
Payment in lieu of taxes	\$ 24,900	\$	24,900	\$	24,924	\$	24
Total budgetary revenues	24,900		24,900		24,924		24
Budgetary expenditures: Current:							
Finance:							
Other than personal services	 1,000		1,000		242		(758)
Total Finance	 1,000		1,000		242		(758)
Total budgetary expenditures	 1,000		1,000		242		(758)
Budgetary excess of revenues over expenditures	 23,900		23,900		24,682		782
Budgetary other financing uses:							
Transfers out	 (50,000)		(50,000)		(50,000)		
Total budgetary other financing uses	(50,000)		(50,000)		(50,000)		
Net change in fund balance	(26,100)		(26,100)		(25,318)		782
Budgetary fund balance at beginning of year	 142,294		142,294		142,294		
Budgetary fund balance at end of year	\$ 116,194	\$	116,194	\$	116,976	\$	782

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

### TREMONT ROAD TIF FUND

Budgeted Amounts  Adopted Revised Budget Budget	Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis	Variance with Final Budget - Over (Under) Actual Amounts
Budgetary revenues:		
Payment in lieu of taxes \$ 39,200 \$ 39,200	\$ 41,182	\$ 1,982
Total budgetary revenues 39,200 39,200	41,182	1,982
Budgetary expenditures: Current:		
Finance:	226	(1.164)
Other than personal services 1,500 1,500	336	(1,164)
Total Finance 1,500 1,500	336	(1,164)
Total budgetary expenditures	336	(1,164)
Budgetary excess of revenues over expenditures 37,700 37,700	40,846	3,146
Budgetary other financing uses:		
Advances out (37,500) (37,500)	(37,500)	-
Total budgetary other financing uses (37,500) (37,500)	(37,500)	
Net change in fund balance 200 200	3,346	3,146
Budgetary fund balance at beginning of year 15,415 15,415	15,415	-
Budgetary fund balance at end of year \$ 15,615 \$ 15,615	\$ 18,761	\$ 3,146

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

## LANE AVENUE MIXED USE TIF FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

TOKTIL	Budgeted Adopted Budget	,	Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis	Variance with Final Budget - Over (Under) Actual Amounts
Budgetary revenues: Payment in lieu of taxes	\$ 1,260,000	\$ 1,260,000	\$ 1,240,616	\$ (19,384)
Total budgetary revenues	1,260,000	1,260,000	1,240,616	(19,384)
Budgetary expenditures: Current: Finance:				
Capital outlay	563,300	563,300	557,262	(6,038)
Total Finance	563,300	563,300	557,262	(6,038)
Total budgetary expenditures	563,300	563,300	557,262	(6,038)
Budgetary excess of revenues over expenditures	696,700	696,700	683,354	(13,346)
Budgetary other financing uses Advances out	(583,000)	(583,000)	(583,000)	_
Total budgetary other financing uses	(583,000)	(583,000)	(583,000)	
Net change in fund balance	113,700	113,700	100,354	(13,346)
Budgetary fund balance at beginning of year Budgetary fund balance at end of year	\$ 751,700	\$ 751,700	\$ 738,354	\$ (13,346)

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

### LANE AVENUE TIF FUND

TOKTIII	Budgeted Adopted Budget	,	Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis	Variance with Final Budget - Over (Under) Actual Amounts
Budgetary revenues:	Ф 111 400	ф. 111 400	ф 111.2 <i>С</i> 4	Φ (26)
Payment in lieu of taxes Total budgetary revenues	\$ 111,400 111,400	\$ 111,400 111,400	\$ 111,364 111,364	\$ (36) (36)
Budgetary expenditures: Current:				
Finance: Other than personal services	2,500	2,500	254	(2,246)
Total Finance	2,500	2,500	254	(2,246)
Total budgetary expenditures	2,500	2,500	254	(2,246)
Budgetary excess of revenues over expenditures	108,900	108,900	111,110	2,210
<b>Budgetary other financing uses</b>				
Advances out	(250,000)	(250,000)	(250,000)	
Total budgetary other financing uses	(250,000)	(250,000)	(250,000)	
Net change in fund balance	(141,100)	(141,100)	(138,890)	2,210
Budgetary fund balance at beginning of year	443,874	443,874	443,874	-
Budgetary fund balance at end of year	\$ 302,774	\$ 302,774	\$ 304,984	\$ 2,210

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

## ARLINGTON CROSSING TIF FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

TOK III	Budgeted Adopted Budget	•	Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis	Variance with Final Budget - Over (Under) Actual Amounts
Budgetary revenues: Intergovernmental Payment in lieu of taxes Total budgetary revenues	\$ - 139,700 139,700	\$ - 139,700 139,700	\$ 16,367 100,033 116,400	\$ 16,367 (39,667) (23,300)
Budgetary expenditures: Current: Finance: Other than personal services Total Finance	5,200 5,200	<u>5,200</u> 5,200	1,975 1,975	(3,225) (3,225)
Total budgetary expenditures  Budgetary excess of revenues over expenditures	5,200	5,200	1,975	(3,225)
Budgetary other financing uses Transfers out Total budgetary other financing uses	(405,000) (405,000)	(405,000) (405,000)	(405,000) (405,000)	
Net change in fund balance  Budgetary fund balance at beginning of year	(270,500) 1,359,098	(270,500) 1,359,098	(290,575) 1,359,098	(20,075)
Budgetary fund balance at end of year	\$ 1,088,598	\$ 1,088,598	\$ 1,068,523	\$ (20,075)

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

HORIZON TIF FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

TOKTILE	Budgeted Amounts					Actual Amounts		nce with Budget -
		Adopted Budget		Revised Budget	Budgetary Basis		Over (Under) Actual Amounts	
Budgetary revenues:								
Payment in lieu of taxes	\$	448,100	\$	448,100	\$	480,384	\$	32,284
Total budgetary revenues		448,100		448,100		480,384		32,284
Budgetary expenditures: Current:								
Finance:		0.400		0.700		7.020		(7(1)
Other than personal services		8,400		8,700		7,939		(761)
Total Finance	-	8,400		8,700	-	7,939		(761)
Total budgetary expenditures		8,400		8,700		7,939		(761)
Budgetary excess of revenues over expenditures		439,700		439,400		472,445	-	33,045
Budgetary other financing uses:								
Advances out		(750,000)		(750,000)		(750,000)		
Total budgetary other financing uses		(750,000)		(750,000)		(750,000)		<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balance		(310,300)		(310,600)		(277,555)		33,045
Budgetary fund balance at beginning of year		1,331,467		1,331,467		1,331,467		_
Budgetary fund balance at end of year	\$	1,021,167	\$	1,020,867	\$	1,053,912	\$	33,045

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

### KINGSDALE WEST TIF FUND

Budgete Adopted Budget		Amounts  Revised Budget	Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis	Variance with Final Budget - Over (Under) Actual Amounts
Budgetary revenues:	ø	ø	¢ 077	¢ 067
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 967	\$ 967
Payment in lieu of taxes Total budgetary revenues	55,000 55,000	55,000 55,000	55,082 56,049	1,049
Total budgetary revenues	33,000	33,000	30,049	1,049
Budgetary expenditures: Current:				
Finance:	000		<b>500</b>	(2.1.5)
Other than personal services	800	800	583	(217)
Total Finance	800	800	583	(217)
Total budgetary expenditures	800	800	583	(217)
Budgetary excess of revenues over expenditures	54,200	54,200	55,466	1,266
Budgetary other financing uses:				
Transfers out	(100,000)	(100,000)	(100,000)	
Total budgetary other financing uses	(100,000)	(100,000)	(100,000)	
Net change in fund balance	(45,800)	(45,800)	(44,534)	1,266
Budgetary fund balance at beginning of year	439,920	439,920	439,920	-
Budgetary fund balance at end of year	\$ 394,120	\$ 394,120	\$ 395,386	\$ 1,266

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

KINGSDALE CORE TIF FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

TOK TILL	Amounts Revised	Actual Amounts Budgetary	Variance with Final Budget - Over (Under)	
	Budget	Budget	Basis	Actual Amounts
Budgetary revenues:				
Payment in lieu of taxes	\$ 1,306,600	\$ 820,000	\$ 819,424	\$ (576)
Total budgetary revenues	1,306,600	820,000	819,424	(576)
Budgetary expenditures: Current:				
Finance:				
Other than personal services	668,600	668,600	455,027	(213,573)
Total Finance	668,600	668,600	455,027	(213,573)
Total budgetary expenditures	668,600	668,600	455,027	(213,573)
Budgetary excess of revenues over expenditures	638,000	151,400	364,397	212,997
Budgetary other financing uses:				
Transfers out	(519,600)	(519,600)	(519,553)	47
Total budgetary other financing uses	(519,600)	(519,600)	(519,553)	47
Net change in fund balance	118,400	(368,200)	(155,156)	213,044
Budgetary fund balance at beginning of year	823,957	823,957	823,957	=
Budgetary fund balance at end of year	\$ 942,357	\$ 455,757	\$ 668,801	\$ 213,044

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

RIVERSIDE NORTH TIF FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

1 OK 111	Budgeted Adopted Budget		Amounts Revised Budget		Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis		Variance with Final Budget - Over (Under) Actual Amount	
Budgetary revenues:	¢.	2 800	¢	2 800	¢	2.709	¢	(2)
Payment in lieu of taxes Total budgetary revenues	\$	2,800 2,800	\$	2,800 2,800	\$	2,798 2,798	\$	(2)
Budgetary expenditures: Current:								
Finance: Other than personal services Total Finance		100 100		100		27 27		(73) (73)
Total budgetary expenditures		100		100		27		(73)
Budgetary excess of revenues over expenditures		2,700		2,700		2,771		71
Budgetary other financing uses:								
Transfers out Total budgetary other financing uses		(1,800) (1,800)		(1,800) (1,800)		(1,800) (1,800)		
Net change in fund balance		900		900		971		71
Budgetary fund balance at beginning of year Budgetary fund balance at end of year	\$	18,976 19,876	\$	18,976 19,876	\$	18,976 19,947	\$	71

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

### RIVERSIDE SOUTH TIF FUND

T OK THE	Budgeted Adopted Budget		l Amounts Revised Budget		Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis		Variance with Final Budget - Over (Under) Actual Amounts	
Budgetary revenues:	¢	42,400	¢	42 400	¢	42 407	¢	7
Payment in lieu of taxes Total budgetary revenues	\$	43,400	\$	43,400	\$	43,407 43,407	\$	7
Budgetary expenditures: Current:								
Finance: Other than personal services Total Finance		1,100 1,100		1,100 1,100		422 422		(678) (678)
Total budgetary expenditures		1,100		1,100		422		(678)
Budgetary excess of revenues over expenditures		42,300		42,300		42,985		685
Budgetary other financing uses:								
Transfers out Total budgetary other financing uses		(100,000) (100,000)		(100,000)		(100,000)		-
Net change in fund balance		(57,700)		(57,700)		(57,015)		685
Budgetary fund balance at beginning of year Budgetary fund balance at end of year	\$	281,445 223,745	\$	281,445 223,745	\$	281,445 224,430	\$	685

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) WEST LANE - NORTHWEST TIF FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

TOKTILL	Budgeted Adopted Budget		ŕ		Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis		Variance with Final Budget - Over (Under) Actual Amounts	
Budgetary revenues:	¢	17,500	\$	17 500	¢	17.529	\$	20
Payment in lieu of taxes Total budgetary revenues	\$	17,500	•	17,500 17,500	\$	17,528 17,528	<b>.</b>	28
Budgetary expenditures: Current: Finance:								
Other than personal services Total Finance		500 500		500 500		143 143		(357) (357)
Total budgetary expenditures		500		500		143		(357)
Budgetary excess of revenues over expenditures		17,000		17,000		17,385		385
Budgetary other financing uses: Advances out Total budgetary other financing uses		(12,000) (12,000)		(12,000) (12,000)		(12,000) (12,000)		<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balance		5,000		5,000		5,385		385
Budgetary fund balance at beginning of year Budgetary fund balance at end of year	\$	17,156 22,156	\$	17,156 22,156	\$	17,156 22,541	\$	385

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

LANE AVENUE II TIF FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

Va										
	Budgeted	Amounts	<b>Actual Amounts</b>	Final Budget -						
	Adopted	Revised	Budgetary	Over (Under)						
	Budget	Budget	Basis	Actual Amounts						
Budgetary revenues:										
Payment in lieu of taxes	\$ 1,237,500	\$ 1,237,500	\$ 1,237,506	\$ 6						
Special assessments	50,800	50,800	53,164	2,364						
Total budgetary revenues	1,288,300	1,288,300	1,290,670	2,370						
Budgetary expenditures: Current:										
Finance:										
Other than personal services	350,000	350,000	250,272	(99,728)						
Total Finance	350,000	350,000	250,272	(99,728)						
Total budgetary expenditures	350,000	350,000	250,272	(99,728)						
Budgetary excess of revenues over expenditures	938,300	938,300	1,040,398	102,098						
Budgetary other financing sources uses										
Transfers out	(963,700)	(963,700)	(963,700)	-						
Total budgetary other financing sources	(963,700)	(963,700)	(963,700)							
Net change in fund balance	(25,400)	(25,400)	76,698	102,098						
Budgetary fund balance at beginning of year	1,188,865	1,188,865	1,188,865	-						
Budgetary fund balance at end of year	\$ 1,163,465	\$ 1,163,465	\$ 1,265,563	\$ 102,098						

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

### KINGSDALE CENTER TIF FUND

	Budgeted	,	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget -	
	Adopted Budget	Revised Budget	Budgetary Basis	Over (Under) Actual Amounts	
Budgetary revenues:					
Payment in lieu of taxes	\$ 1,158,500	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Special assessments	923,600	923,600	914,447	(9,153)	
Total budgetary revenues	2,082,100	923,600	914,447	(9,153)	
Budgetary expenditures: Current:					
Finance:					
Personal services	-	3,000	1,402	(1,598)	
Other than personal services	130,000	14,000		(14,000)	
Total Finance	130,000	17,000	1,402	(15,598)	
Public Service Division:					
Capital outlay	750,000	750,600	750,562	(38)	
Total Public Service Division	750,000	750,600	750,562	(38)	
Total budgetary expenditures	880,000	767,600	751,964	(15,636)	
Budgetary excess of revenues over expenditures	1,202,100	156,000	162,483	6,483	
Budgetary other financing sources (uses):					
Advances in	-	134,100	134,100	=	
Advances out	(1,023,300)	(1,023,300)	(1,023,182)	118	
Total budgetary other financing sources (uses)	(1,023,300)	(889,200)	(889,082)	118	
Net change in fund balance	178,800	(733,200)	(726,599)	6,601	
Budgetary fund balance at beginning of year	6,632	6,632	6,632	-	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	750,000	750,000	750,000	=	
Budgetary fund balance at end of year	\$ 935,432	\$ 23,432	\$ 30,033	\$ 6,601	

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

### GATEWAY TIF FUND

TOK THE	ILAKL	NDED DEC	EMIDE.	K 31, 2024			Vari	ance with
		Budgeted	Amou	nts	Actua	al Amounts		l Budget -
		lopted udget	I	Revised Budget	Budgetary Basis		Over (Under) Actual Amounts	
Budgetary revenues:								
Payment in lieu of taxes	\$	672,500	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Special assessments		443,300		443,300		443,325		25
Other				27,600		<u>-</u>		(27,600)
Total budgetary revenues		1,115,800		470,900		443,325		(27,575)
Budgetary expenditures: Current:								
Public Service Division:								
Other than personal services		=		38,700		38,646		(54)
Total Public Service Division				38,700		38,646		(54)
Finance:								
Personal services		-		200		131		(69)
Other than personal services		470,800		20,800		9,000		(11,800)
Total Finance		470,800		21,000		9,131		(11,869)
Total budgetary expenditures		470,800		59,700		47,777		(11,923)
Budgetary excess of revenues over expenditures		645,000		411,200		395,548		(15,652)
Budgetary other financing uses:								
Transfers out		(202,700)		(377,700)		(377,700)		-
Total budgetary other financing uses		(202,700)		(377,700)		(377,700)		-
Net change in fund balance		442,300		33,500		17,848		(15,652)
Budgetary fund balance at beginning of year		21,563		21,563		21,563		
Budgetary fund balance at end of year	\$	463,863	\$	55,063	\$	39,411	\$	(15,652)

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

### ESTATE TAX CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

TOKTI	Budgeted Amounts					al Amounts	Variance with Final Budget -	
	Adopted Budget		Revised Budget		Budgetary Basis		Over (Under) Actual Amounts	
Budgetary expenditures: Current:								
Public Service Division:								
Capital outlay	\$	25,373	\$	25,288	\$	25,288	\$ -	
Total Public Service Division		25,373		25,288		25,288		
Total budgetary expenditures		25,373		25,288		25,288		
Net change in fund balance		(25,373)		(25,288)		(25,288)	-	
Budgetary fund balance at beginning of year		-		-		-	-	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		25,373		25,373		25,373	-	
Budgetary fund balance at end of year	\$	-	\$	85	\$	85	\$ -	

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

### COMMUNITY FIBER OPTIC FUND

TOK III	Budgeted Amounts Adopted Revised					Actual Amounts		ance with I Budget -
	Adopted Budget			Kevised Budget	В	udgetary Basis	Over (Under) Actual Amounts	
		- Juaget		Juaget	-	Dusis	71000	1 mounts
Budgetary revenues:								
Miscellaneous	\$	195,500	\$	195,500	\$	195,516	\$	16
Total budgetary revenues		195,500		195,500		195,516		16
Budgetary expenditures: Current:								
Information Technology:								
Capital outlay		115,000		115,000		47,181		(67,819)
Total Information Technology		115,000		115,000		47,181		(67,819)
Total budgetary expenditures		115,000		115,000		47,181		(67,819)
Budgetary excess of revenues over expenditures		80,500		80,500		148,335		67,835
Budgetary other financing sources (uses):								
Advances out		(220,300)		(220,300)		(220,298)		2
Transfers in		68,400		68,400		68,400		-
Total budgetary other financing sources (uses)		(151,900)		(151,900)		(151,898)		2
Net change in fund balance		(71,400)		(71,400)		(3,563)		67,837
Budgetary fund balance at beginning of year		345,280		345,280		345,280		-
Budgetary fund balance at end of year	\$	273,880	\$	273,880	\$	341,717	\$	67,837

#### INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES FUND DESCRIPTIONS - ENTERPRISE FUNDS

#### **Solid Waste Fund**

Revenues are generated from the refuse collection fees charged to the City's residents. Expenses are for operating costs.

#### **Water Surcharge Fund**

For the purpose of paying the cost of maintaining the City's water distribution system, a surcharge is applied to the consumption of water by all users within the City. Established pursuant to C.O. Section 137.07, funds may be used for the construction and reconstruction of the water distribution system, including the repair/replacement of fire hydrants.

#### Sanitary Sewer Surcharge Fund

For the purpose of paying the cost of maintaining the City's sanitary sewer system, a surcharge is applied to the consumption of water by all users within the City. Established pursuant to C.O. Section 137.06, funds may be used for enlargement or replacement of the system and construction and reconstruction of main and interceptor sewers.

#### Stormwater Fund

Pursuant to C.O. Section 937.13, all revenues from stormwater drainage service charges, permit and inspection fees, direct charges and investment earnings are deposited into this fund. Funds are used to pay the operating expenses of the stormwater management utility, including the purchase capital equipment, and capital improvements, including the payment of principal and interest on debt issued for such purposes.

#### **Swimming Pools Fund**

Pursuant to C.O. Section 225.01, the fund was established by a management agreement between the City and the Upper Arlington Board of Education (Board). Revenues are generated from admission to the Pool. Expenses are for operating costs and capital equipment.

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

### SOLID WASTE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget -	
	Adopted	Revised	Budgetary	Over (Under)	
	Budget	Budget	Basis	Actual Amounts	
Budgetary operating revenues:					
Charges for services	\$ 3,800,000	\$ 3,800,000	\$ 3,916,479	\$ 116,479	
Other operating revenues	131,250	131,250	17,174	(114,076)	
Total budgetary operating revenues	3,931,250	3,931,250	3,933,653	2,403	
Budgetary operating expenses: Current: Solid Waste:					
Personal services	37,200	37,200	39,460	2,260	
Other than personal services	4,419,058	4,406,033	4,279,662	(126,371)	
Total budgetary operating expenses	4,456,258	4,443,233	4,319,122	(124,111)	
Operating loss	(525,008)	(511,983)	(385,469)	126,514	
<b>Budgetary nonoperating revenues</b>					
Intergovernmental	-	-	49,611	49,611	
Interest income	20,000	20,000	76,791	56,791	
Total budgetary nonoperating revenues	20,000	20,000	126,402	106,402	
Net change in fund net position	(505,008)	(491,983)	(259,067)	232,916	
Budgetary fund position at beginning of year	1,449,715	1,449,715	1,449,715	-	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	344,058	344,058	344,058		
Budgetary fund position at end of year	\$ 1,288,765	\$ 1,301,790	\$ 1,534,706	\$ 232,916	

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

## WATER SURCHARGE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	Budgeted Amounts Adopted Revised Budget Budget		Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis	Variance with Final Budget - Over (Under) Actual Amounts
Budgetary operating revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 792,000	\$ 792,000	\$ 923,785	\$ 131,785
Total budgetary operating revenues	792,000	792,000	923,785	131,785
Budgetary operating expenses: Current: Public Works Division:				
Personal services	146,100	173,200	184,423	11,223
Other than personal services	885,977	919,926	769,476	(150,450)
Total budgetary operating expenses	1,032,077	1,093,126	953,899	(139,227)
Operating loss	(240,077)	(301,126)	(30,114)	271,012
Budgetary nonoperating expenses				
Transfers out	(88,000)	(88,000)	(87,912)	88
Total budgetary nonoperating expenses	(88,000)	(88,000)	(87,912)	88
Net change in fund net position	(328,077)	(389,126)	(118,026)	271,100
Budgetary fund position at beginning of year Prior year encumbrances appropriated	1,771,115 125,777 \$ 1,568,815	1,771,115 125,777 \$ 1,507,766	1,771,115 125,777 \$ 1,778,866	\$ 271,100
Budgetary fund position at end of year	φ 1,300,813	φ 1,307,700	φ 1,//o,o00	\$ 2/1,100

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

## SANITARY SEWER SURCHARGE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	Budgeted Amounts Adopted Revised Budget Budget		Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis	Variance with Final Budget - Over (Under) Actual Amounts
Budgetary operating revenues: Charges for services	\$ 1,175,000	\$ 1,175,000	\$ 1,436,940	\$ 261,940
Other operating revenues	1,500	1,500	2,451	951
Total budgetary operating revenues	1,176,500	1,176,500	1,439,391	262,891
Budgetary operating expenses: Current:				
Public Works Division:				
Personal services	534,200	566,400	513,638	(52,762)
Other than personal services	1,486,754	1,468,450	1,214,696	(253,754)
Total budgetary operating expenses	2,020,954	2,034,850	1,728,334	(306,516)
Operating loss	(844,454)	(858,350)	(288,943)	569,407
Budgetary nonoperating expenses				
Transfers out	(7,600)	(7,600)	(7,512)	88
Total budgetary nonoperating expenses	(7,600)	(7,600)	(7,512)	88
Net change in fund net position	(852,054)	(865,950)	(296,455)	569,495
Budgetary fund position at beginning of year	3,007,691	3,007,691	3,007,691	-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	88,754	88,754	88,754	<u> </u>
Budgetary fund position at end of year	\$ 2,244,391	\$ 2,230,495	\$ 2,799,990	\$ 569,495

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

## STORMWATER FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	Budgeted Amounts			Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget -		
	Adopted Budget		Revised Budget		Budgetary Basis		Over (Under) Actual Amounts	
Budgetary operating revenues:								
Charges for services	\$	753,000	\$	753,000	\$	762,535	\$	9,535
Other operating revenues						7,860	-	7,860
Total budgetary operating revenues		753,000		753,000		770,395		17,395
<b>Budgetary operating expenses:</b> Current:								
Public Works Division:								
Personal services		466,300		479,700		402,829		(76,871)
Other than personal services		1,285,573		826,677		724,637		(102,040)
Total budgetary operating expenses		1,751,873		1,306,377		1,127,466		(178,911)
Operating loss		(998,873)		(553,377)		(357,071)		196,306
Budgetary nonoperating revenues (expenses)								
Interest income		40,000		40,000		109,902		69,902
Transfers out		(62,700)		(62,700)		(62,632)		68
Total budgetary nonoperating revenues (expenses)		(22,700)		(22,700)		47,270		69,970
Net change in fund net position		(1,021,573)		(576,077)		(309,801)		266,276
Budgetary fund position at beginning of year		2,565,638		2,565,638		2,565,638		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		729,973		729,973		729,973		-
Budgetary fund position at end of year	\$	2,274,038	\$	2,719,534	\$	2,985,810	\$	266,276

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) SWIMMING POOLS FUND

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual Amounts		iance with al Budget -	
	Adopted Budget		Revised Budget		Budgetary Basis		Over (Under) Actual Amounts		
<b>Budgetary operating revenues:</b>									
Charges for services	\$	1,013,800	\$	1,013,800	\$	996,344	\$	(17,456)	
Total budgetary operating revenues		1,013,800		1,013,800		996,344		(17,456)	
<b>Budgetary operating expenses:</b>									
Current:									
Parks and Recreation:									
Personal services		698,100		728,100		670,368		(57,732)	
Other than personal services		375,561		349,855		291,361		(58,494)	
Total operating budgetary expenses		1,073,661		1,077,955		961,729		(116,226)	
Net change in fund net position		(59,861)		(64,155)		34,615		98,770	
Budgetary fund position at beginning of year		344,087		344,087		344,087		-	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		18,961		18,961		18,961		-	
Budgetary fund position at end of year	\$	303,187	\$	298,893	\$	397,663	\$	98,770	

#### INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES FUND DESCRIPTIONS - INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

#### **Employee Benefits Fund**

Pursuant to Codified Ordinances Section 137.05, monies are deposited into the fund for the purpose of paying the cost of employee benefits, including but not limited to health care, prescriptions, dental care, life insurance, and long and short-term disability benefits. Revenues come from the proportionate cost of employee benefits contained in the operating budgets of departments of other funds, third party reimbursements and refunds for employee benefits.

#### **BWC Administration Fund**

Pursuant to Codified Ordinances Section 137.05, monies are deposited into the fund for the purpose of paying the cost of and pay claims for workers' compensation benefits of the employees of the City. Revenues come from the proportionate cost of employee benefits contained in the operating budgets of departments of other funds, third party reimbursements and refunds for employee benefits.

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2024

	Employee Benefits Fund			BWC ministration Fund	Total		
Assets:							
Current assets:							
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,014,910	\$	1,340,043	\$	3,354,953	
Receivables:							
Accounts		55,714		-		55,714	
Due from other funds				22,834		22,834	
Total assets		2,070,624		1,362,877		3,433,501	
Liabilities:							
Current liabilities:							
Accounts payable		324,000		107,735		431,735	
Total liabilities		324,000		107,735		431,735	
Net position:							
Unrestricted		1,746,624		1,255,142		3,001,766	
Total net position	\$	1,746,624	\$	1,255,142	\$	3,001,766	

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	]	Employee Benefits Fund	Adı	BWC ministration Fund	Total
Operating revenues:					
Charges for services	\$	4,962,794	\$	342,006	\$ 5,304,800
Miscellaneous		397,922		-	397,922
Total operating revenues		5,360,716		342,006	 5,702,722
Operating expenses: Claims expense Total operating expenses		4,850,808 4,850,808		(71,577) (71,577)	 4,779,231 4,779,231
Operating income/change in net position		509,908		413,583	 923,491
Net position at beginning of year		1,236,716		841,559	 2,078,275
Net position at end of year	\$	1,746,624	\$	1,255,142	\$ 3,001,766

### COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	]	Employee Benefits Fund	Adı	BWC ministration Fund	Total
Cash flows from operating activities:					
Cash received from sales/charges for services	\$	4,962,794	\$	337,998	\$ 5,300,792
Cash received from other operations		417,569		-	417,569
Cash payments for materials and supplies		(4,799,862)		(214,547)	 (5,014,409)
Net cash provided by operating activities		580,501		123,451	 703,952
Net change in cash and					
cash equivalents		580,501		123,451	703,952
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		1,434,409		1,216,592	2,651,001
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	2,014,910	\$	1,340,043	\$ 3,354,953
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:					
Operating income	\$	509,908	\$	413,583	\$ 923,491
Changes in assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources:					
Accounts receivable		19,647		-	19,647
Due from other funds		-		(4,008)	(4,008)
Accounts payable		50,946		(286,124)	 (235,178)
Net cash provided by					
operating activities	\$	580,501	\$	123,451	\$ 703,952

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) EMPLOYEE BENEFITS FUND

	<b>Budgeted Amounts</b>				Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget -	
	Adopted Budget		Revised Budget		Budgetary Basis			er (Under)
							Actual Amounts	
Budgetary operating revenues:								
Charges for services	\$	5,157,000	\$	5,157,000	\$	4,962,794	\$	(194,206)
Other		500,000		500,000		417,569		(82,431)
Total budgetary operating revenues		5,657,000		5,657,000		5,380,363		(276,637)
Budgetary operating expenses:								
Current:								
Finance:								
Personal services		3,808,000		4,288,000		3,740,519		(547,481)
Other than personal services		1,133,243		1,153,243		1,101,839		(51,404)
Total budgetary operating expenses		4,941,243		5,441,243		4,842,358		(598,885)
Net change in fund net position		715,757		215,757		538,005		322,248
Budgetary fund position at beginning of year		1,401,166		1,401,166		1,401,166		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		33,243		33,243		33,243		<u> </u>
Budgetary fund position at end of year	\$	2,150,166	\$	1,650,166	\$	1,972,414	\$	322,248

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) BWC ADMINISTRATION FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	Budgeted Amounts				Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget -	
		Adopted	Revised		В	udgetary		r (Under)
		Budget		Budget	Basis		Actual Amounts	
<b>Budgetary operating revenues:</b>								
Charges for services	\$	300,000	\$	300,000	\$	337,998	\$	37,998
Total budgetary operating revenues		300,000		300,000		337,998		37,998
Budgetary operating expenses:								
Current:								
Finance:								
Personal services		135,000		135,000		84,743		(50,257)
Other than personal services		153,000		153,000		142,754		(10,246)
Total budgetary operating expenses		288,000		288,000		227,497		(60,503)
Net change in fund net position		12,000		12,000		110,501		98,501
Budgetary fund position at beginning of year	_	1,216,592	_	1,216,592		1,216,592	Ф.	- 00.501
Budgetary fund position at end of year	\$	1,228,592	\$	1,228,592	\$	1,327,093	\$	98,501

## CITY OF UPPER ARLINGTON FRANKLIN COUNTY OHIO

### INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES FUND DESCRIPTIONS - FIDUCIARY FUNDS

## **Mayor's Court Fund**

The fund receives fines and forfeitures from citizens as a result of violating City laws.

## **Revolving Fund**

The fund accounts for miscellaneous deposits of funds collected by the City and due to other governments.

## CITY OF UPPER ARLINGTON, OHIO FRANKLIN COUNTY, OHIO

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2024

	Re	evolving	May	or's Court	 Total
Assets:					
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	54,053	\$	-	\$ 54,053
Cash in segregated accounts		-		10,903	10,903
Total assets		54,053		10,903	 64,956
Liabilities:					
Due to other governments		-		3,774	3,774
Total liabilities		-		3,774	 3,774
Net position:					
Restricted for individuals, organizations and other governments		54,053		7,129	61,182
Total net position	\$	54,053	\$	7,129	\$ 61,182

## CITY OF UPPER ARLINGTON, OHIO FRANKLIN COUNTY, OHIO

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS

	R	evolving	May	or's Court	 Total
Additions:					_
Licenses, permits and fees for other governments	\$	123,129	\$	-	\$ 123,129
Fines and forfeitures for other governments		-		82,392	82,392
Special assessments collections for other governments		1,024,330		-	1,024,330
Total additions		1,147,459		82,392	1,229,851
<b>Deductions:</b>					
Licenses, permits and fees distributions to other governments		1,129,981		-	1,129,981
Fines and forfeitures distributions to other governments				84,668	 84,668
Total deductions		1,129,981		84,668	1,214,649
Net change in fiduciary net position		17,478		(2,276)	15,202
Net position beginning of year		36,575		9,405	45,980
Net position end of year	\$	54,053	\$	7,129	\$ 61,182



## City of Upper Arlington Franklin County, Ohio

Statistical Section Table of Contents

This part of the City's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health. These tables are presented in accordance with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 44, *Economic Condition Reporting: The Statistical Section*.

Contents	<b>Tables</b>
Financial Trends  These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	1-4
Revenue Capacity	
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue sources, the property tax and the income tax.	5-15
<b>Debt Capacity</b> These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	16-19
Demographic and Economic Information	
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place and to provide information that facilitates comparisons of financial information over time and among governments.	20
Operating Information	
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	21-23

City of Upper Arlington, Ohio Net Position by Component Last Ten Years (accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Year									
		<u>2024</u>		<u>2023</u>		<u>2022</u>		<u>2021</u>		<u>2020</u>
Governmental Activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$	109,023	\$	84,571	\$	81,605	\$	73,467	\$	69,394
Restricted for:										
Capital projects		27,618		48,818		33,876		34,130		29,484
Debt service		-		-		-		-		413
Street maintenance & repair		1,891		1,985		1,456		2,689		2,491
Law enforcement and education (public safety)		2,439		237		252		526		666
Economic development				-		-		-		-
Pension obligations		499		4,172		3,977		3,839		3,537
Visitor's bureau		581		539						
Other purposes		32,971		168		535		512		635
Unrestricted		(8,861)		(1,766)		(9,270)		(21,961)		(30,839)
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	\$	166,161	\$	138,724	\$	112,431	\$	93,202	\$	75,781
Business-type activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$	66,715	\$	59,013	\$	54,350	\$	52,192	\$	49,812
Restricted	Þ	67	Þ	39,013	Þ	34,330	Э	52,192	Э	49,812
Unrestricted		9,794		9,736		8,512		7,670		5.979
Total Business-Type Activities Net Position	\$	76,576	\$	68,749	\$	62,862	\$	59,862	\$	55,791
Total Business-Type Activities Net Fosition	<u> </u>	70,370	<b></b>	08,749	•	02,802	<u> </u>	39,802	<u> </u>	33,791
Primary Government										
Net investment in capital assets	\$	175,738	\$	143,584	\$	135,955	\$	125,659	\$	119,206
Restricted										
Capital projects		27,618		48,818		33,876		34,130		29,484
Debt service		-		-		-		-		413
Street construction, maintenance & repair		1,891		1,985		1,456		2,689		2,491
Law enforcement and education		2,439		237		252		526		666
Economic development				-		-		-		-
Pension obligations		566		4,172		3,977		3,839		3,537
Visitor's bureau		581		539		-		-		-
Other purposes		32,971		168		535		512		635
Unrestricted		933		7,970		(758)		(14,291)		(24,860)
Total Primary Government Net Position	\$	242,737	\$	207,473	\$	175,293	\$	153,064	\$	131,572

Source:

City of Upper Arlington Finance Department

					Year						
	<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>		<u>2017</u>		<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>			
\$	62,875	\$	56,030	\$	50,937	\$	44,989	\$	41,505		
	28,212		27,543		26,143		20,585		5,882		
	654		935		597		686		466		
	2,255		1,894		1,796		1,814		1,733		
	814		799		801		919		922		
	-		-		-		-		509		
	2,835		2,622		2,215		1,673		1,143		
	463		474		532		456		540		
	(32,013)		(44,336)		(39,793)		4,227		20,540		
\$	66,095	\$	45,961	\$	43,228	\$ 75,349		\$	73,240		
\$	49,838	\$	46,220	\$	43,064	\$	34,284	\$	31,740		
Φ.	5,237	Φ.	4,495 50,715	Φ.	4,356	Φ.	4,544	Φ.	3,444		
\$	55,075	\$	50,715	\$	47,420	\$	38,828	\$	35,184		
\$	112,713	\$	102,250	\$	94,001	\$	79,273	\$	73,245		
Ф	112,/13	Ф	102,230	Ф	94,001	Ф	19,213	Ф	13,243		
	28,212		27,543		26,143		20,585		5,882		
	654		935		597		686		466		
	2,255		1,894		1,796		1,814		1,733		
	814		799		801		919		922		
	-		-		-		-		509		
	2,835		2,622		2,215		1,673		1,143		
	463		- 474	532			456		540		
	(26,776)		(39,841)		(35,437)		8,771		23,984		
\$	121,170	\$	96,676	\$	90,648	\$	114,177	\$	108,424		

City of Upper Arlington, Ohio Changes in Net Position, Last Ten Years (accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Year									
		2024		2023		2022		<u>2021</u>		<u>2020</u>
Expenses										
Governmental Activities:										
General Government	\$	13,398	\$	13,580	\$	12,838	\$	8,220	\$	11,179
Public Safety		21,216		25,367		21,818		20,368		22,238
Public Services		10,650		10,263		6,006		5,577		7,747
Parks and Recreation		5,855		5,564		4,099		2,719		4,358
Community Development		1,394		1,307		837		584		1,289
Interest on long-term debt		7,785		7,983		4,130		3,757		3,040
Total Governmental Activities Expenses		60,298		64,064		49,728		41,225		49,851
Business-Type activities:										
Solid Waste		3,938		3,717		2,877		2,821		2,877
Water		1,033		934		943		954		1,029
Sewer		1,352		1,100		1,306		997		1,194
Stormwater		1,046		1,030		1,011		882		982
Swimming pool		1,225		1,355		988		626		710
Total Business-Type Activities Expenses		8,594		8,136		7,125	-	6,280		6,792
Total Primary Government Expenses	\$	68,892	\$	72,200	\$	56,853	\$	47,505	\$	56,643
Program Revenues Governmental Activities: Charges for services:										
General Government	\$	525	\$	1,641	\$	2,457	\$	1,965	\$	217
Public Safety	Ψ	634	Ψ	1,009	Ψ	970	Ψ.	886	Ψ	727
Public Services		264		251		237		233		388
Parks and Recreation		1,557		1,897		1,431		1.016		488
Community Development		1,774		1,526		1,803		-,		1,242
Operating grants and contributions		3,213		3,715		2,423		2,333		5,744
Capital grants and contributions		5,440		4,418		1,545		270		565
Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues		13,407		14,457		10,866		6,703		9,371
Business-Type Activities: Charges for services:										
Solid Waste		3,937		3,995		3,006		3,027		2,992
Water		895		873		798		800		806
Sewer		1,479		1,256		1,289		1,244		1,244
Stormwater		767		767		765		766		763
Swimming pools		996		976		900		770		199
Operating grants and contributions		50		-		-		3		
Capital grants and contributions		35		_		_		-		_
Total Business-Type Activities Program Revenues		8,159	_	7,867	_	6,758	_	6,610		6,004
Total Primary Government Program Revenues	\$	21,566	\$	22,324	\$	17,624	\$	13,313	\$	15,375
									_	

		Year			
<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>		<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
\$ 13,076	\$ 11,267	\$ 11,299	\$	10,491	\$ 10,043
1,819	22,223	19,472		18,922	16,812
8,323	7,400	7,265		6,688	5,524
5,102	4,345	4,363		3,657	3,233
1,263	1,002	1,015		912	864
 3,040	 2,103	 2,335		1,855	 1,857
 32,623	 48,340	 45,749		42,525	 38,333
2,862	2,852	2,042		2,153	2,063
804	697	854		881	741
1,279	1,289	1,069		869	636
931	723	726		610	560
 1,254	 1,155	 835		440	 775
 7,130	 6,716	5,526	4,953		 4,775
\$ 39,753	\$ 55,056	\$ 51,275	\$	47,478	\$ 43,108
\$ 1,294 1,063 1,226	\$ 1,231 1,129 1,630	\$ 1,251 815 528	\$	1,214 1,021 373	\$ 1,256 1,169 556
1,321	1,283	1,288		1,240	1,308
2,351	1,173	1,130		1,117	1,047
2,501	1,737	1,976		1,847	1,905
 481	 221	 1,944		536	 2,085
10,237	8,404	8,932		7,348	9,326
3,008	2,985	2,276		2,457	2,006
723	466	484		541	447
1,138	869	875		959	834
766	767	755		759	737
792	758	712		600	541
-	-	-		-	-
 - 425	 	 		5.016	 4.565
 6,427	 5,845	 5,102		5,316	 4,565
\$ 16,664	\$ 14,249	\$ 14,034	\$	12,664	\$ 13,891

City of Upper Arlington, Ohio Changes in Net Position, Last Ten Years - (Continued) (accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

						Year			
	<u>2024</u>			<u>2023</u>		<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>		<u>2020</u>
Net(Expense)Revenue									
Governmental Activities	\$	(46,891)	\$	(49,607)	\$	(38,862)	\$	(34,522)	\$ (40,480)
Business-Type Activities		(435)		(269)		(367)		330	(788)
Total Primary Government Net Expense	\$	(47,326)	\$	(49,876)	\$	(39,229)	\$	(34,192)	\$ (41,268)
General Revenues and Other Changes in									
Net Position									
Governmental Activities:									
Taxes									
Income taxes		48,532		46,138		42,876		36,687	31,494
Property taxes		14,374		12,326		12,116		11,475	10,377
Intergovernmental (1)		7,893		7,561		6,404		5,933	5,485
Unrestricted investment earnings		7,459		7,809		(1,760)		(494)	1,817
Miscellaneous		7,654		7,689		2,081		2,038	2,397
Transfers		(8,102)		(5,623)		(3,627)		(3,695)	 (1,404)
Total governmental activities		77,810		75,900		58,090		51,944	 50,166
Business-type activities:									
Investment earnings		242		474		(344)		1	100
Miscellaneous		27		59		83		44	1
Transfers		8,102		5,623		3,627		3,695	1,404
Total Business-Type Activities		8,371		6,156		3,366		3,740	1,505
Total Primary Government	\$	86,181	\$	82,056	\$	61,456	\$	55,684	\$ 51,671
Change in Net Position									
Governmental activities		30,919		26,293		19,228		17,422	9,686
Business-type activities		7,936		5,887		2,999		4,070	717
Total Primary Government Change in Net Position	\$	38,855	\$	32,180	\$	22,227	\$	21,492	\$ 10,403

#### Note:

#### Sources

City of Upper Arlington Finance Department

<sup>(1)</sup> For comparison purposes, payments in lieu of taxes (current year) and estate tax revenue (prior years) have been included with intergovernmental revenue.

			Year		
<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
\$ (22,386) (703) (23,089)	\$	(39,936) (871) (40,807)	\$ (36,817) (424) (37,241)	\$ (35,177) 363 (34,814)	\$ (29,007) (210) (29,217)
29,292 10,127 5,365 2,023 684 (4,971)		29,730 10,172 5,308 1,237 323 (4,108)	25,448 10,602 3,813 735 470 (9,654)	23,946 10,503 4,841 564 687 (3,255)	22,863 9,819 5,219 526 363 (905)
\$ 92 4,971 5,063 47,583	\$	42,662 58 4,108 4,166 46,828	\$ 31,414 28 9,654 9,682 41,096	\$ 37,286 25 3,255 3,280 40,566	\$ 37,885 20 905 925 38,810
\$ 20,134 4,360 24,494	\$	2,726 3,295 6,021	\$ (5,403) 9,258 3,855	\$ 2,109 3,643 5,752	\$ 8,878 715 9,593

City of Upper Arlington, Ohio Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

						Year			
	<u>2024</u>		<u>2023</u>		<u>2022</u>		<u>2021</u>		<u>2020</u>
General fund									
Nonspendable	\$	4,482	\$	4,327	\$	1,584	\$	2,339	\$ 3,350
Restricted		32,480		28,198		25,131		20,607	18,542
Committed		6,037		4,140		3,436		3,032	2,655
Assigned		1,546		2,122		4,326		8,303	1,785
Unassigned		51,504		38,823		30,985		25,002	28,254
Total General Fund	\$	96,049	\$	77,610	\$	65,462	\$	59,283	\$ 54,586
All other governmental funds									
Nonspendable	\$	171	\$	246	\$	185	\$	216	\$ 296
Restricted		22,735		73,843		45,843		37,530	28,564
Committed		14,101		22,256		11,769		11,666	8,706
Unassigned (deficit)		(1,079)		(1,134)		(1,285)		(1,418)	(1,633)
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$	35,928	\$	95,211	\$	56,512	\$	47,994	\$ 35,933

Sources:

City of Upper Arlington Finance Department

				Year				
<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>		<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>		
\$	3,951 17,136 2,227 2,007 21,860 47,181	\$	3,378 15,512 1,778 2,286 18,260 41,214	\$ 3,324 14,524 1,489 2,023 17,410 38,770	\$ 3,148 13,173 1,320 4,281 17,561 39,483	\$	3,586 1,568 10,314 617 18,799 34,884	
\$	242 32,054 8,042 (2,365)	\$	151 20,456 8,307 (2,028)	\$ 126 19,115 9,152 (2,026)	\$ 131 18,426 11,253 (1,886)	\$	67 16,452 15,504 (1,592)	
\$	37,973	\$	26,886	\$ 26,367	\$ 27,924	\$	30,431	

City of Upper Arlington, Ohio Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Year									
	<u>2024</u>			<u>2023</u>		<u>2022</u>		<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	
Revenues										
Taxes	\$	63,014	\$	57,397	\$	54,235	\$	47,541	\$	41,885
Intergovernmental (1)		15,472		11,239		10,084		8,288		11,937
Licenses and permits		1,879		1,990		2,090		1,882		1,514
Charges for services		2,094		2,448		2,383		1,917		1,287
Fines and forfeits		303		267		215		216		196
Investment earnings		7,550		7,899		(2,107)		(350)		2,076
Miscellaneous		9,118		12,967		2,411		1,826		2,330
Total Revenues		99,430		94,207		69,311		61,320		61,225
Expenditures										
General Government		13,426		13,189		11,821		9,979		10,018
Public Safety		22,905		21,245		19,700		19,575		18,873
Public Services		5,844		6,206		4,926		4,487		4,061
Parks and Recreation		5,315		4,954		4,541		3,985		3,623
Community Development		1,485		1,261		1,143		1,172		1,138
Capital outlay		74,093		47,727		41,900		24,703		25,426
Debt services										
Principal		8,155		7,190		5,428		5,320		6,272
Interest		8,357		7,087		3,863		3,254		3,211
Other charges				1,248		554		822		173
Total Expenditures		139,580		110,107		93,876		73,297		72,795
Excess of Revenues Over(Under)										
Expenditures		(40,150)		(15,900)		(24,565)		(11,977)		(11,570)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Transfers in		17,304		17,784		16,713		14,051		10,605
Transfers out		(17,304)		(17,784)		(16,713)		(14,051)		(10,605)
Bonds/Notes issued		-		62,170		37,175		25,465		15,500
Refunding bonds and escrow transfer		-		-		-		-		14,095
Premium on bonds/notes issued		-		4,332		1,817		3,047		2,030
Discount on bonds/notes issued		-		-		-		-		_
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent		-		-		_		-		(14,782)
Sale of capital assets		2,594		245		270		223		91
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		2,594		66,747		39,262		28,735		16,934
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	(37,556)	\$	50,847	\$	14,697	\$	16,758	\$	5,364
Debt Service as a Percentage of Noncapital Expenditures		22.78%		33.13%		23.37%		23.97%		25.60%

Sources

City of Upper Arlington Finance Department

Note

(1) For comparison purposes, payments in lieu of taxes is included with intergovernmental revenu

	Year									
	<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>		<u>2017</u>		<u>2016</u>		<u>2015</u>	
\$	40,977	\$	38,563	\$	37,563	\$	35,778	\$	31,989	
-	8,164	•	7,092	-	6,990	*	7,232	•	10,425	
	2,765		1,360		1,244		1,213		1,181	
	2,129		2,063		1,930		2,014		2,102	
	362		328		362		463		398	
	2,001		1,190		779		533		510	
	2,085		2,133		1,729		1,083		1,561	
	58,483		52,729		50,597		48,316		48,166	
	11,170		10,210		9,940		9,819		9,637	
	18,406		17,688		17,010		15,991		15,547	
	4,164		3,857		3,756		3,915		2,788	
	3,879		3,708		3,539		3,265		2,963	
	977		898		867		814		844	
	21,518		16,622		20,054		20,839		12,562	
			. =				• 040			
	5,236		4,701		5,159		3,810		7,375	
	2,494		2,122		2,194		1,720		1,577	
	659		152		212		171		288	
	68,503		59,958		62,731		60,344		53,581	
	(10,020)		(7,229)		(12,134)		(12,028)		(5,415)	
	(,)		(,,==,)		(,		(,)		(=,:==)	
	10,020		10,343		11,749		7,052		5,053	
	(10,020)		(10,343)		(11,749)		(7,052)		(5,292)	
	25,710		9,515		9,280		13,335		18,800	
	· -		_		· -		· -		6,082	
	1,347		484		458		171		2,064	
	(177)		-		-		-		-	
	-		-		-		-		(6,760)	
	195		186		126		613		221	
	27,075		10,185		9,864		14,119		20,168	
\$	17,055	\$	2,956	\$	(2,270)	\$	2,091	\$	14,753	
	21.74%		19.18%		21.55%		16.86%		29.08%	

City of Upper Arlington, Ohio Governmental Activities Tax Revenues by Source Last Ten Years (accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

<u>Year</u>	Income <u>Tax</u>		1 1		Estate <u>Tax</u>		Motor Fuel <u>Tax</u>		Hotel <u>Tax</u>		<u>Total</u>	
2024	\$	48,532	\$	14,374	\$	-	\$	2,005	\$	134	\$	65,045
2023		46,138		12,326		-		1,968		492		60,924
2022		42,876		12,116		-		1,740		110		56,842
2021		36,687		11,475		-		1,824		348		50,334
2020		31,494		10,377		-		1,952		177		44,000
2019		29,292		10,127		-		1,414		260		41,093
2018		29,730		10,172		1		1,173		247		41,323
2017		25,448		10,602		3		1,204		268		37,525
2016		23,946		10,503		8		1,177		277		35,911
2015		22,863		9,818		65		1,215		259		34,220

Source:

City of Upper Arlington Finance Department

City of Upper Arlington, Ohio Principal Property Taxpayers Current and Nine Years Ago (amounts expressed in thousands)

% of Total Assessed Assessed	Assessed	% of Total Assessed
Valuation (1) Valuation	v aluation	<u>Valuation</u>
Public Utilities		
Ohio Power Company \$ 20,000,020 0.68%	\$ 12,407,190	0.73%
Columbia Gas of Ohio Inc. 11,211,490 0.38%	4,109,090	0.24%
AEP Ohio Transmission 7,436,060 0.25%	7,719,660	0.45%
Real Estate		
First Community Village 17,268,720 0.59%	11,020,320	0.65%
Berkley House LLC 17,117,100 0.58%	2,530,220	0.15%
Continental Kingdale Acquisitions 16,523,860 0.56%		
KSL Land Owner 8,155,010 0.28%		
GGRE Son Central II Arlington LLC 6,561,530 0.22%	4,116,010	0.24%
Orthopaedic Medical Properties LLC 5,798,460 0.20%	4,729,210	0.28%
Shops on Lane R2G Owner LLC 5,526,720 0.19%		
Centro NP Greentree SC LLC 4,582,030 0.16%		
Kenbrook Village Company 4,431,290 0.15%	3,043,600	0.18%
Scioto Country Club Inc. 3,873,100 0.13%	4,026,050	0.24%
Echo/Contenental Kingsdale LLC 3,606,610 0.12%		
Tremont Center Company 3,380,760 0.12%	2,220,290	0.13%
National Church Residences 3,162,880 0.11%	2,634,110	0.15%
Compass Homes 2,744,630 0.09%		
Mackenzie Village LLC 2,602,600 0.09%		
Investment Land Holdings II 2,537,460 0.09%		
Shapphire Propco LLC 2,205,630 0.08%		
Upper Arlington Center 2,186,590 0.07%		
DO-AN Investments LTD 2,107,980 0.07%		
Upper Arlington Medical LP 1,876,570 0.06%		
LD DI Asset Co LLC 1,858,150 0.06%		
CBC Companies Inc. 1,802,240 0.06%		
Echo/Continental	9,464,210	0.56%
Lane Avenue 450 LLC	7,659,000	0.45%
Lane Avenue Redevelopment	7,087,510	0.42%
Lane Avenue Enterprises	3,465,010	0.20%
Centro NP Greentree SC LLC	3,176,260	0.19%
Lane Avenue Office Building LLC	2,433,550	0.14%
Tree of Life Chrisitian Ministries LLC	2,057,610	0.12%
Huntington National Bank	1,856,670	0.11%
ALL OTHERS 2,773,156,760 94.61%	1,607,323,510	94.37%
TOTAL ASSESSED VALUATION \$ 2,931,714,250 100.00%	\$ 1,703,079,080	100.00%

City of Upper Arlington, Ohio Property Tax Rates Direct and Overlapping Governments Last Ten Years

											Overlapping Rates							
				City of	f Up	per Ar	ling	ton			Franklin County							
<u>Year</u>	_	erating <u>(illage</u>	Se	Debt rvice illage	I Pe	lice & Fire ension illage	Eq	Capital uipment <u>Tillage</u>	(	otal City illage		erating <u>illage</u>	Š	ecialty ervice <u>illage1</u>	P	letro arks illage	Total County <u>Millage</u>	
2024	\$	3.90	\$	-	\$	1.49	\$	0.50	\$	5.89	\$	1.47	\$	17.95	\$	0.95	\$ 20.37	
2023		3.90		-		1.49		0.50		5.89		1.47		17.35		0.95	19.77	
2022		3.90		-		1.49		0.50		5.89		1.47		17.35		0.95	19.77	
2021		3.90		-		1.57		0.50		5.97		1.47		17.35		0.95	19.77	
2020		3.90		-		1.57		0.50		5.97		1.47		16.70		0.95	19.12	
2019		3.90		0.20		1.57		0.50		6.17		1.47		16.70		0.95	19.12	
2018		3.90		0.20		1.57		0.50		6.17		1.47		16.70		0.75	18.92	
2017		3.90		0.25		1.57		0.50		6.22		1.47		16.70		0.75	18.92	
2016		3.90		0.50		1.68		0.50		6.58		1.47		16.25		0.75	18.47	
2015		3.90		0.50		1.68		0.50		6.58		1.47		16.25		0.75	18.47	

### Notes:

(1) Specialty service includes: Children Services, ADAMH Board, MR & DD, Zoological Park, Office on Aging

A 1		D (
Over	lanning	Kates

	Columl	bus	State	Upper A	Arli	ington Schools Library			ary				
Se	Debt ervice illage	Co	Fotal lumbus State <u>Iillage</u>	Operating <u>Millage</u>	Se	Debt ervice <u>illage</u>	Total School <u>Millage</u>	-	erating <u>lillage</u>	Li	Total brary <u>fillage</u>	D Ove	Total irect & erlapping <u>Rates</u>
\$	0.32	\$	0.32	\$ 112.76	\$	7.70	\$ 120.46	\$	3.00	\$	3.00	\$	150.04
	0.32		0.32	112.76		7.70	120.46		3.00		3.00		149.44
	0.47		0.47	114.76		6.50	121.26		3.00		3.00		150.39
	0.47		0.47	107.86		6.50	114.36		2.00		2.00		142.57
	0.52		0.52	107.86		6.50	114.36		2.00		2.00		141.97
	-		-	107.86		6.90	114.76		2.00		2.00		142.05
	-		-	107.86		6.90	114.76		2.00		2.00		141.85
	-		-	107.86		6.90	114.76		2.00		2.00		141.90
	-		-	104.11		1.90	106.01		2.00		2.00		133.06
	-		-	104.11		1.85	105.96		2.00		2.00		133.01

City of Upper Arlington, Ohio Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Years

Year		Rea	l Property			,	Fotal Taxable	Total Direct	Estimated Actual	Assessed Value as a
Ended	Residential	(	Commercial	P	ublic Utility		Assessed	Tax	Taxable	Percentage of
December 31	<b>Property</b>		<b>Property</b>		<b>Property</b>		<u>Value</u>	Rate	<u>Value</u>	Actual Value
2024	\$ 2,660,787,330	\$	232,391,330	\$	38,535,590	\$	2,931,714,250	\$ 5.89	\$ 8,376,326,429	35.00%
2023	2,654,360,570		216,767,630		35,611,180		2,906,739,380	5.89	8,304,969,657	35.00%
2022	2,105,305,470		198,356,390		34,473,270		2,338,135,130	5.89	6,680,386,086	35.00%
2021	2,097,420,680		199,838,370		32,716,140		2,329,975,190	5.97	6,657,071,971	35.00%
2020	2,077,725,560		187,765,010		30,895,510		2,296,386,080	5.97	6,561,103,086	35.00%
2019	1,750,096,450		156,007,890		28,626,100		1,934,730,440	6.17	5,527,801,257	35.00%
2018	1,739,970,960		156,768,900		27,231,410		1,923,971,270	6.17	5,497,060,771	35.00%
2017	1,740,706,620		161,580,020		25,185,610		1,927,472,250	6.22	5,507,063,571	35.00%
2016	1,546,531,670		139,964,160		24,528,820		1,711,024,650	6.58	4,888,641,857	35.00%
2015	1,539,456,620		139,457,060		24,165,400		1,703,079,080	6.58	4,865,940,229	35.00%

City of Upper Arlington, Ohio Principal Employers Ranked by Number of Employees Last Ten Years

	2024		2023		2	022	20	021	2020		
•		Percentage of Total City		Percentage of Total City		Percentage of Total City		Percentage of Total City		Percentage of Total City	
Employer	Employees	Employment	Employees	Employment	<b>Employees</b>	Employment	<b>Employees</b>	Employment	Employees	Employment	
UA Board of Education	1,448	8.8%	1,430	8.6%	1,427	8.6%	1,339	8.1%	1,276	7.7%	
The Ohio State University	927	5.6%	918	5.6%	953	5.8%	679	4.1%	502	3.0%	
ESC Council of Governments	686	4.1%	664	4.0%	-	0.0%	-	0.0%	-	0.0%	
National Church Residences	612	3.7%	617	3.7%	754	4.6%	768	4.6%	833	5.0%	
City of Upper Arlington	595	3.6%	560	3.4%	518	3.1%	518	3.1%	439	2.7%	
Insperity PEO Services	568	3.4%	-	0.0%	-	0.0%	-	0.0%	-	0.0%	
Scioto Country Club	555	3.4%	537	3.2%	518	3.1%	452	2.7%	426	2.6%	
Giant Eagle	515	3.1%	534	3.2%	520	3.1%	528	3.2%	532	3.2%	
State of Ohio ODOT	410	2.5%	404	2.4%	-	0.0%	-	0.0%	-	0.0%	
Whole Foods Market	347	2.1%	333	2.0%	341	2.1%	273	1.7%	255	1.5%	
Orthopedic One	223	1.3%	236	1.4%	256	1.5%	239	1.4%	284	1.7%	
Nationwide Mutual Insurance	215	1.3%	214	1.3%	-	0.0%	-	0.0%	-	0.0%	
Wellington School	262	1.6%	202	1.2%	147	0.9%	253	1.5%	-	0.0%	
AEP Service	216	1.3%	-	0.0%	-	0.0%	-	0.0%	-	0.0%	
CBC Companies	-	0.0%	-	0.0%	-	0.0%	176	1.1%	212	1.3%	
Kroger	-	0.0%	-	0.0%	206	1.2%	-	0.0%	235	1.4%	
First Community Village	-	0.0%	-	0.0%	-	0.0%	-	0.0%	-	0.0%	
Total	7,579	45.80%	6,649	40.00%	5,640	34.00%	5,225	31.50%	4,994	30.10%	

Total City Employees (2) 19,586 (1) 19,586 19,326 16,256 16,534

	2019		2018		2	017	2	016	2015	
		Percentage of Total City		Percentage of Total City		Percentage of Total City		Percentage of Total City		Percentage of Total City
<b>Employer</b>	<b>Employees</b>	Employment	<b>Employees</b>	Employment	Employees	<b>Employment</b>	<b>Employees</b>	<b>Employment</b>	Employees	Employment
UA Board of Education	1,131	6.8%	809	4.5%	854	4.9%	852	4.6%	849	5.0%
National Church Residences	746	4.5%	409	2.3%	396	2.3%	454	2.5%	232	1.4%
The Ohio State University	544	3.3%	497	2.8%	472	2.7%	525	2.8%	325	1.9%
Giant Eagle	554	3.4%	115	0.6%	143	0.8%	143	0.8%	143	0.9%
Scioto Country Club	467	2.8%	227	1.3%	221	1.3%	228	1.2%	200	1.2%
City of Upper Arlington	523	3.2%	250	1.4%	206	1.2%	220	1.2%	216	1.3%
Whole Foods Market	270	1.6%	-	0.0%	-	0.0%	-	0.0%	-	0.0%
Wellington School	_	0.0%	125	0.7%	124	0.7%	124	0.7%	130	0.8%
Orthopedic One	223	1.3%	180	1.0%	177	1.0%	172	0.9%	186	1.1%
CBC Companies	236	1.4%	215	1.2%	212	1.2%	200	1.1%	202	1.2%
Kroger	-	0.0%	108	0.6%	112	0.6%	107	0.6%	99	0.6%
First Community Village	178	1.1%	173	1.0%	176	1.0%	239	1.3%	231	1.4%
Total	4,872	29.40%	3,108	17.60%	3,093	17.70%	3,264	17.70%	2,813	16.80%
Total City Employees	17,797		17,961		17,567		18,423		16,823	

Sources: City of Upper Arlington Finance Department Regional Income Tax Authority

Notes: (1) Total City Employees for 2024 was not yet available (2) Estimated

City of Upper Arlington, Ohio Income Tax Statistics Income Averages for Upper Arlington Tax Years 2023-2014 Last Ten Years

Tax Year	Income Range Tax Year	Individual Resident Filers	Percent of Filers	Local Taxable Income		Percent of Taxable Income
2023	0-19,999	2,406	19.8%	\$	18,030,395	0.9%
2023	20,000-49,999	1,449	11.9%	Ψ	50,081,429	2.5%
2023	50,000-74,999	1,094	9.0%		68,013,548	3.3%
2023	75,000-99,999	1,063	8.8%		92,625,656	4.5%
2023	Over 100,000	5,781	47.6%		1,849,457,101	90.5%
	Total	11,793		\$	2,078,208,129	
2022	0-19,999	2,536	20.9%	\$	18,890,472	0.9%
2022	20,000-49,999	1,523	12.5%		52,170,141	2.6%
2022	50,000-74,999	1,222	10.1%		75,716,455	3.7%
2022	75,000-99,999	1,154	9.5%		100,321,330	4.9%
2022	Over 100,000	5,711	47.0%		1,796,958,387	87.9%
	Total	12,146		\$	2,044,056,785	
2021	0-19,999	2,695	22.2%	\$	19,857,757	1.0%
2021	20,000-49,999	1,725	14.2%		59,645,619	2.9%
2021	50,000-74,999	1,311	10.8%		81,613,500	4.0%
2021	75,000-99,999	1,151	9.5%		100,075,251	4.9%
2021	Over 100,000	5,472	45.1%		1,745,027,519	85.4%
	Total	12,354		\$	2,006,219,646	
2020	0-19,999	2,654	21.9%	\$	18,582,989	0.9%
2020	20,000-49,999	1,542	12.7%		53,687,401	2.6%
2020	50,000-74,999	1,222	10.1%		75,867,177	3.7%
2020	75,000-99,999	1,033	8.5%		90,323,503	4.4%
2020	Over 100,000	5,790	47.7%		1,727,001,489	84.5%
	Total	12,241		\$	1,965,462,559	
2019	0-19,999	2,477	20.4%	\$	17,906,331	0.9%
2019	20,000-49,999	1,543	12.7%		53,079,270	2.6%
2019	50,000-74,999	1,161	9.6%		72,350,581	3.5%
2019	75,000-99,999	1,015	8.4%		88,597,152	4.3%
2019	Over 100,000	5,943	48.9%		1,748,778,978	85.6%
	Total	12,139		\$	1,980,712,312	

Sources: Regional Income Tax Authority

Tax Year	Income Range Tax Year	Individual Resident Filers	Percent of Filers	Local Taxable Income		Percent of Taxable Income
2018	0-19,999	2,689	21.8%	\$	19,276,369	1.0%
2018	20,000-49,999	1,694	13.7%	Ψ	58,619,445	2.9%
2018	50,000-74,999	1,264	10.2%		78,391,660	3.9%
2018	75,000-99,999	1,108	9.0%		96,909,039	4.8%
2018	Over 100,000	6,023	48.8%		1,699,126,330	84.7%
	Total	12,778		\$	1,952,322,843	
2017	0-19,999	2,986	22.4%	\$	21,017,521	1.1%
2017	20,000-49,999	1,858	14.0%		63,682,573	3.3%
2017	50,000-74,999	1,307	9.8%		81,083,773	4.2%
2017	75,000-99,999	1,210	9.1%		105,040,606	5.5%
2017	Over 100,000	5,940	44.7%		1,651,689,904	85.9%
	Total	13,301		\$	1,922,514,377	
2016	0-19,999	3,188	23.4%	\$	23,500,651	1.2%
2016	20,000-49,999	1,985	14.6%		68,620,900	3.6%
2016	50,000-74,999	1,350	9.9%		83,844,581	4.4%
2016	75,000-99,999	1,230	9.0%		106,799,533	5.7%
2016	Over 100,000	5,855	43.0%		1,607,422,427	85.0%
	Total	13,608		\$	1,890,188,092	
2015	0-19,999	2,756	22.4%	\$	20,555,204	1.2%
2015	20,000-49,999	1,761	14.3%		61,052,036	3.4%
2015	50,000-74,999	1,195	9.7%		74,422,516	4.2%
2015	75,000-99,999	1,201	9.8%		104,291,144	5.9%
2015	Over 100,000	5,400	43.9%		1,518,995,981	85.4%
	Total	12,313		\$	1,779,316,881	
2014	0-19,999	2,884	23.1%	\$	21,594,351	1.3%
2014	20,000-49,999	1,876	15.1%		64,481,885	3.9%
2014	50,000-74,999	1,268	10.2%		78,878,817	4.8%
2014	75,000-99,999	1,235	9.9%		107,265,158	6.5%
2014	Over 100,000	5,200	41.7%		1,372,204,630	83.4%
	Total	12,463		\$	1,644,424,841	

City of Upper Arlington, Ohio Income Tax Statistics Local Taxes Paid by Upper Arlington Residents for Tax Years 2023 -2014 Last Ten Years

Tax Year	Taxes Paid by Upper Arlington Residents %		%	axes credited to other nunicipalities	%	Total Local Income tax Paid by Residents		
2023	\$	13,798,780	31.2%	\$ 30,384,691	68.8%	\$ 44,183,471		
2022		12,844,768	30.3%	29,588,897	69.7%	42,433,665		
2021		9,881,868	23.6%	32,061,996	76.4%	41,943,864		
2020		8,305,591	19.7%	33,763,316	80.3%	42,068,907		
2019		7,916,450	18.6%	34,611,983	81.4%	42,528,433		
2018		7,967,418	19.1%	33,775,836	80.9%	41,743,254		
2017		5,720,716	12.2%	41,300,186	87.8%	47,020,902		
2016		7,657,599	15.9%	40,507,619	84.1%	48,165,218		
2015		6,775,590	17.9%	31,016,747	82.1%	37,792,337		
2014		4,317,783	15.7%	23,231,790	84.3%	27,549,573		

Source: Regional Income Tax Agency, Brecksville, Ohic

#### **Notes:**

- (1) Income reported represents income taxable at the local level. Local taxable income excludes some revenue sources taxable at the federal level, such as pensions investment earnings, and capital gains.
- (2) While the City imposes a 2.5% income tax on its residents (effective January 1, 2015), a credit of up to 2.5% is allowed for income earned outside the City. Thus, the City's actual income tax collections are substantially less than 2.5% of local taxable income. In addition local taxable income includes income tax received from non-resident individuals who work within the jurisdiction, and are not required to file an annual return.
- (3) Differences in amounts reported as local tax collected by Upper Arlington residents and "Taxes from Individuals" amounts reported in Table 11 result from timing differences in collection and distribution of tax by the Regional Income Tax Agency (RITA), along with payments by non-resident individuals who remit payments payments for taxes from work performed inside the City

City of Upper Arlington, Ohio Income Tax Revenue Base and Collections (Cash Basis) Last Ten Years (amounts expressed in thousands)

Collection Year	Tax Rate	 otal Tax ollected	Taxes From thholding	Percentage of Taxes From Withholding	J	Taxes From Profits	Percentage of Taxes From Net Profits	Taxes From lividuals	Percentage of Taxes From Individuals
2024	2.5%	\$ 48,272	\$ 32,526	67%	\$	5,425	11%	\$ 10,321	21%
2023	2.5%	44,829	28,362	63%		5,617	13%	10,850	24%
2022	2.5%	41,136	25,455	62%		5,820	14%	9,861	24%
2021	2.5%	35,944	21,206	59%		5,294	15%	9,444	26%
2020	2.5%	30,628	18,616	61%		4,682	15%	7,330	24%
2019	2.5%	29,722	17,885	60%		3,883	13%	7,954	27%
2018	2.5%	28,737	17,047	59%		3,835	13%	7,855	27%
2017	2.5%	26,108	16,136	62%		3,209	12%	6,763	26%
2016	2.5%	25,262	15,275	60%		2,957	12%	7,030	28%
2015	2.5%	21,491	13,644	63%		2,108	10%	5,739	27%

#### Sources:

<sup>1.</sup> City of Upper Arlington Finance Department

City of Upper Arlington, Ohio Special Assessment Billings and Collections Last Ten Years

Year	A	Assessment Billings	Assessment Collections		
2024 2023 2022 2021 2020 2019 2018 2017	\$	3,343,914 1,316,504 538,418 471,767 482,406 416,807 274,537 269,049	\$	3,109,720 1,281,873 504,367 442,169 454,809 393,088 262,354 257,173	
2016 2015		257,677 263,168		247,258 250,319	

City of Upper Arlington, Ohio Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Years (amounts expressed in thousands)

Year	Total Tax			Collected within the Year of the Levy			Total	Out	standing		
Ended December 31	L	evy for <u>Year</u>	<u>A</u>	mount	Percentage of Levy		nquent nount	Total Collected	Percentage of Levy		linquent <u>Faxes</u>
2024	\$	16,009	\$	15,709	98.1%	\$	263	\$ 15,972	99.8%	\$	321
2023		13,167		12,867	97.7%		217	13,084	99.4%		239
2022		13,255		13,000	98.1%		233	13,233	99.8%		235
2021		13,064		12,683	97.1%		199	12,882	98.6%		265
2020		11,624		11,416	98.2%		162	11,578	99.6%		188
2019		11,558		11,227	97.1%		182	11,409	98.7%		175
2018		11,670		11,473	98.3%		226	11,699	100.2%		167
2017		10,926		10,084	92.3%		243	10,327	94.5%		599
2016		11,068		10,819	97.8%		215	11,034	99.7%		193
2015		11,092		10,659	96.1%		335	10,994	99.1%		201

#### Sources

<sup>1.</sup> Franklin County, Ohio Auditor's Office

City of Upper Arlington, Ohio Enterprise Funds Summary Data Last Ten Years (accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Year									
		<u>2024</u>		<u>2023</u>		<u>2022</u>		<u>2021</u>		<u>2020</u>
Water Surcharge Fund										
Assets	\$	25,747	\$	20,141	\$	18,856	\$	19,102	\$	19,406
Net Position		24,832		19,220		17,868		18,006		18,161
Operating Revenue		895		873		798		800		806
Operating (Expense)		(1,004)		(905)		(904)		(925)		(1,000)
Non-operating		. , ,		, ,		. ,		` /		
Interest expense		(28)		(31)		(32)		(30)		(35)
Capital contributions		5,749		1,438		-		-		176
Transfers in		-		-		_		_		_
Changes in net position		5,612		1,375		(138)		(155)		(53)
Surcharge rate on commodity		15%		15%		15%		15%		15%
Santiary Sewer Surcharge Fund										
Assets	\$	19,119	\$	17,542	\$	13,555	\$	13,488	\$	10,569
Net Position	•	18,260	•	17,009	•	12,715	•	12,721	•	9,572
Operating Revenues		1,481		1,263		1,290		1,246		1,246
Operating (Expense)		(1,350)		(1,100)		(1,293)		(997)		(1,203)
Non-operating		( ) )		( ) )		( ) )		()		( ) )
Interest expense		(2)		(3)		(3)		(2)		(3)
Other, net		-		-		-		-		-
Capital contributions		1,193		4,134		_		2,902		440
Changes in net position		1,322		4,294		(6)		3,149		480
Surcharge rate on commodity		23%		23%		23%		23%		23%
Stormwater Fund										
Assets	\$	21,701	\$	20,420	\$	20,417	\$	17,317	\$	16,763
Net Position	•	20,526	•	19,462	•	19,363	•	16,208	•	15,533
Operating Revenue		775		769		767		767		763
Operating (Expense)		(1,034)		(1,010)		(978)		(862)		(963)
Non-operating		(-,)		(-,)		(-, -)		(==)		(, ,,
Investment income		151		310		(237)		(2)		70
Interest expense		(20)		(22)		(23)		(22)		(25)
Other, net		(20)		(22)		(23)		(22)		(23)
Capital contributions		1,195		51		3,627		793		787
Changes in net position		1,067		98		3,156		674		632
Annual residential rate	\$	45	\$	45	\$	45	\$	45	\$	45

		Year				
<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>		
\$ 19,570 18,214 723 (757)	\$ 16,887 15,399 465 (665)	\$ 17,232 15,632 484 (821)	\$ 16,168 14,722 541 (856)	\$ 14,865 14,265 447 (718)		
(37) 2,886	(38) 5	(40) 1,445	(23) 795	(22) 117		
2,815	(233)	1,068	457	(176)		
10%	10%	10%	10%	10%		
\$ 10,042 9,092 1,138 (1,261)	\$ 9,835 9,156 869 (1,294)	\$ 5,932 5,318 875 (1,076)	\$ 6,019 5,722 959 (801)	\$ 5,822 5,629 834 (634)		
(3) - 62 (64)	(3) 4,266 3,838	(2) - - (203)	(26) (39) - 93	(1) - - 199		
18%	18%	18%	18%	18%		
\$ 16,016 14,901 765 (898)	\$ 15,775 14,688 767 (699)	\$ 15,836 14,769 755 (698)	\$ 13,989 12,836 760 (546)	\$ 10,767 10,205 737 (498)		
63 (27)	41 (27)	20 (31)	19 (62)	17 (49) (13)		
309 212	(163) (81)	1,993 2,039	2,460 2,631	549 743		
\$ 45	\$ 45	\$ 45	\$ 45	\$ 45		

City of Upper Arlington, Ohio Enterprise Funds Summary Data - Continued Last Ten Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	Year									
		2024		<u>2023</u>		2022	<u>2021</u>		<u>2020</u>	
Swimming Pools Fund										
Assets	\$	11,248	\$	11,446	\$	11,773	\$	11,944	\$	12,110
Net Position		10,708		10,953		11,334		11,420		11,278
Operating Income		996		976		900		770		199
Operating (Expense)		(1,227)		(1,356)		(986)		(628)		(711)
Non-operating										
Other, net		-		-		-		-		-
Capital contributions		-		-		-		-		-
Changes in net position		(231)		(380)		(86)		142		(512)
Cost of a resident family membership (family of four)	\$	320.00	\$	304.00	\$	286.00	\$	260.00	\$	260.00
Solid Waste Fund										
Assets	\$	2,442	\$	2,281	\$	1,721	\$	1,578	\$	1,332
Net Position		2,092		1,937		1,445		1,343		1,090
Operating Income		3,954		4,045		3,086		3,068		2,992
Operating (Expense)		(3,939)		(3,716)		(2,877)		(2,821)		(2,876)
Non-operating		, ,								
Investment income		91		163		(107)		3		30
Other, net		50		-		-		3		-
Transfers in		-		-		-		-		-
Changes in net position		156		492		102		253		146
Cost of a single trash sticker	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Annual base charge per unit	\$	300.50	\$	300.50	\$	227.00	\$	227.00	\$	227.00

Source: City of Upper Arlington Finance Department

					Year					
	<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>		<u>2017</u>		<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>		
\$	12,655 11,790 792 (1,252)	\$	11,141 10,536 758 (1,156)	\$	11,365 10,934 712 (836)	\$	5,239 5,042 600 (440)	\$	5,187 4,882 541 (720)	
	1,714 1,254		(398)		- (124)		- - 160		(55) - (234)	
\$	260.00	\$	260.00	\$	220.00	\$	220.00	\$	220.00	
\$	1,078 944 3,008 (2,861)	\$	1,257 768 2,985 (2,852)	\$	802 618 2,276 (2,042)	\$	549 376 2,457 (2,153)	\$	239 67 2,006 (2,063)	
	29 - - 176		17 - - 150		8 - - 242		5 - - 309		3 - 240 186	
\$ \$	- 227.00	\$ \$	- 227.00	\$ \$	2.90 64.00	\$ \$	2.90 64.00	\$ \$	2.90 40.00	

187

370

3,510

City of Upper Arlington, Ohio Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Years (amounts expressed in thousands, except percentage of personal income and per capita amount)

**General Bonded** Other Governmental **Debt Outstanding Activities Debt** General Special **Notes Payable** Non-Tax **Income Tax** Obligation Assessment Finance Revenue Revenue **SBITAs Year Bonds Total** Bonds **Purchase Bonds Bonds** Loans Leases 2024 \$ 83,334 83,334 \$ \$ 6 \$ 180 \$ 79,706 \$ 51,917 10 1,844 2023 84,688 84,688 13 383 75,125 50,500 13 2,066 2022 91,050 91,050 63,730 39 2,285 2,503 2021 76,970 76,970 45,805 134 86,630 2020 86,630 21,138 2,770 2019 76,283 76,283 21,182 2,932 2018 79,496 79,496 3,144 2017 70,634 70,634 135 3,354

#### Notes:

2016

2015

(1) See the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics on table 20 for personal income and population data.

260

380

#### Sources:

City of Upper Arlington Finance Department

65,813

61,358

65,813

61,358

## **Business-Type Activities**

Ob	General Obligation <u>Bonds</u>		<u>Loans</u>	Total Primary overnment	Percentage of Personal <u>Income (1)</u>	Per <u>Capita (1)</u>		
\$	1,316	\$	-	\$ 218,313	7.45%	\$	6,167	
	1,423		_	214,211	7.45%		5,949	
	1,525		9	158,638	5.87%		4,371	
	1,625		28	127,065	5.27%		3,593	
	1,723		57	112,318	4.54%		3,182	
	1,818		66	102,281	4.45%		2,904	
	1,909		85	84,634	3.84%		2,321	
	1,998		104	76,225	3.83%		2,198	
	2,264		123	72,157	3.80%		2,094	
	726		177	63,011	3.41%		1,843	

City of Upper Arlington, Ohio General Bonded Debt Outstanding as a Percentage of Estimated Actual Taxable Value of Property and per Capita Last Ten Years (amounts expressed in thousands, except per capita amount)

Year	В	eneral onded Debt standing	Availabl Servic Restricte	mounts e in Debt e Fund d only for Payments		Total	Percentage of Estimated Actual Taxable Value of Property		Per Sapita
2024	\$	84,650	\$	_	\$	84,650	2.91%	\$	2,391
2023	*	86,111	*	_	4	86,111	3.68%	4	2,391
2022		92,575		-		92,575	3.97%		2,551
2021		78,595		-		78,595	3.42%		2,222
2020		88,353		_		88,353	4.57%		2,503
2019		78,101		-		78,101	4.06%		2,217
2018		81,405		-		84,650	4.39%		2,423
2017		72,632		-		72,632	3.77%		2,095
2016		68,077		-		68,077	3.98%		1,975
2015		62,084		-		62,084	3.65%		1,816

Source: City of Upper Arlington Finance Department

Notes: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

- (1) Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.
- (2) See Table 8 for taxable property value data.
- (3) Population and personal income data can be found in Table 20.
- (4) General bonded debt outstanding Includes general obligation bonds and notes, Build America and Recovery Zone bonds, and business-type activities general obligation bonds.

City of Upper Arlington, Ohio Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt As of December 31, 2024

Governmental Unit	Estimated Principal Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable to Upper Arlington <sup>1</sup>	Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt
Direct City of Upper Arlington	\$ 216,997,257	100.00%	\$ 216,997,257
City of Opper Armigion	\$ 210,997,237	100.0076	\$ 210,997,237
Overlapping			
Franklin County	81,223,216	5.79%	4,702,824
Columbus City School District	291,752,586	0.02%	58,351
Dublin City School District	335,125,000	0.50%	1,675,625
Upper Arlington City School District	190,235,552	98.07%	186,564,006
Columbus State Community College	178,035,000	5.79%	10,308,227
Solid Waste Authority of Central Ohio	45,065,000	5.52%	2,487,588
Subtotal, overlapping debt	1,121,436,354		205,796,621
Total direct and overlapping debt	\$ 1,338,433,611		\$ 422,793,878

Source: Auditor, Franklin County; Settlement Division

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the city. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of the City of Upper Arlington. This process recognizes that, when considering the city's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt, of each overlapping government.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> For debt repaid with property taxes, the percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of another governmental unit's taxable assessed value that is within the city's boundaries and dividing it by each unit's total taxable assessed value.

City of Upper Arlington, Ohio Legal Debt Margin Information, Last Ten Years (accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Year					
	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	
Overall debt limit	\$ 305,208 \$	245,504 \$	244,647 \$	244,647 \$	241,121	
Total net debt applicable to limit	80,640	86,111	92,575	78,595	76,190	
Legal debt margin	224,568	159,393	152,072	166,052	164,931	
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	26.42%	35.08%	37.84%	31.60%	31.60%	
Unvoted Debt limit	\$ 159,871 \$	128,597 \$	128,149 \$	128,149 \$	126,301	
Total net debt applicable to limit	-	-	-	78,595	121,995	
Legal debt margin	159,871	128,597	128,149	49,554	4,306	
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	61.33%	96.59%	

Overall (Voted and Unvoted) Debt Limitation: Total assessed value	\$2,906,739
Debt limit (10 1/2% of total assessed value)	305,208
Debt applicable to limit:	
General obligation bonds and notes	80,640 (1)
Less: Amount set aside for repayment of	
general obligation debt	<u> </u>
Total net debt applicable to limit	80,640
Legal debt margin	\$ 224,568

Source: City of Upper Arlington Finance Department

#### Notes

(1) Excludes accretion on deep discount debt per state law.

					Year				
	<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>		<u>2017</u>		<u>2016</u>		<u>2015</u>
\$	203,147	\$	202,017	\$	202,385	\$	179,658	\$	178,823
	72,215		73,459		68,742		63,893		39,080
	130,932		128,558		133,643		115,765		139,743
	35.55%		36.36%		33.97%		35.56%		21.85%
\$	106,410	\$	105,818	\$	106,011	\$	94,106	\$	93,669
	92,185		72,734		67,677		62,563		37,620
	14,225		33,084		38,334		31,543		56,049
	86.63%		68.73%		63.84%		66.48%		40.16%
			oted Debt I Il assessed v					\$	2,906,739
Debt limit (5 1/2% of total assessed value) Debt applicable to limit:							d value)		159,871
General obligation bonds and notes Less: Debt outside limitations									-
			Debt withi	n li	mitation		•		-
					it set aside fo oligation debt		payment of		-
		Las	Total net d	lebt	applicable to	o lii		\$	159,871
Legal debt margin for unvoted debt							Φ	139,0/1	

## City of Upper Arlington, Ohio Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Years (amounts expressed in thousands)

			Personal Income (amounts	(	Per Capita			Unemple	oyment
		(	expressed	P	ersonal	Median	School	Local	State
<b>Year</b>	Population (1)	<u>in</u>	thousands)	Inc	come (1)	Age (1)	Enrollment (2)	<b>Rate (3)</b>	Rate (4)
2024	35,403	\$	2,928,855	\$	82,729	40.3	6,614	3.7%	4.4%
2023	36,010		2,876,263		79,874	40.3	6,392	2.7%	3.6%
2022	36,295		2,700,784		74,412	39.4	6,191	3.1%	4.1%
2021	35,364		2,410,516		68,163	39.4	6,228	2.8%	5.1%
2020	35,299		2,473,224		70,065	40.6	6,097	4.8%	8.1%
2019	35,223		2,298,266		65,249	40.9	6,174	2.7%	4.1%
2018	34,943		2,111,431		60,425	41.4	6,134	3.1%	4.6%
2017	34,675		1,987,952		57,331	42.1	6,093	4.0%	4.9%
2016	34,465		1,897,850		55,066	42.2	5,935	3.3%	5.0%
2015	34,191		1,845,288		53,970	42.8	5,894	4.4%	5.2%

#### Sources:

- 1. U.S. Census Bureau, American Fact Finder.
- 2. Ohio Department of Education, Enrollment by District.
- 3. U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Local Area Unemployment Statistics
- 4. U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, State and Local Unemployment Rates

## City of Upper Arlington, Ohio Full-time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function Last Ten Years

Full-time Equivalent Employees as of December 31

_	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Function					
Public Safety					
Police	60.5	60.5	58.5	58.6	58.2
Fire	62.0	59.0	59.0	58.0	58.0
General Government	37.5	36	34.2	33.2	33.5
Public Services	52.7	52.2	52.1	52.1	52.1
Parks and Recreation (1)	66.6	63.5	63.3	61.2	61.2
Community Development	9.8	9.8	9.8	9.8	9.8
Total	289.1	281.0	276.9	272.9	272.8

	Full-time Equivalent Employees as of December 31						
	2019	2018	2017	<u>2016</u>	2015		
Function							
Public Safety							
Police	58.2	55.8	63.0	63.0	63.0		
Fire	58.0	57.0	57.0	57.0	57.0		
General Government	33.5	33.7	38.1	37.7	36.5		
Public Services	51.4	50.9	43.8	42.2	41.2		
Parks and Recreation (1)	59.2	59.0	55.4	55.1	54.4		
Community Development	8.8	7.8	7.8	7.8	8.8		
Total	269.1	264.2	265.1	262.8	260.9		

Notes:

(1) Includes seasonal employees for parks and recreation programs and swimming pools

Source:

City of Upper Arlington Finance Department

## City of Upper Arlington, Ohio Capital Asset Statistics Last Ten Years

_	Year					
Function	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	
Public Safety - Police						
Number of police stations	1	1	1	1	1	
Number of police cruisers	17	17	17	18	18	
Public Safety - Fire						
Number of fire stations	2	2	2	2	2	
Number of fire engines	3	3	3	3	3	
Number of medics	4	4	4	4	4	
Public Services						
Miles of roads	365	346	346	346	346	
Number of traffic signals	54	53	56	51	51	
Number of streetlights	1,914	1,842	1,842	1,811	1,811	
Parks and Recreation						
Number of parks	24	23	23	23	23	
Acres of parkland	184	183	183	183	183	
Number of swimming pools	3	3	3	3	3	
Number of tennis courts	21	21	21	21	21	
Number of senior centers	1	1	1	1	1	
Utilities						
Number of fire hydrants	1,948	1,934	2,026	1,979	1,979	
Number of catch basins	5,164	5,024	4,286	3,416	3,416	
Miles of sanitary sewer	165	165	165	162	162	

## Sources:

1. City of Upper Arlington departments

Year								
<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>				
1	1	1	1	1				
18	15	15	15	15				
	•	•	•	•				
2 3	2 3	2	2	2				
		2	2 3 3	3 3				
4	4	4	3	3				
346	346	346	346	356				
51	51	52	52	51				
1,811	1,811	1,727	1,581	1,491				
23	23	23	26	28				
183	183	183	186	170				
3	3	3	2	2				
21	21	21	21	21				
1	1	1	1	1				
1	1	1	1	1				
1,979	1,979	1,965	1,958	1,958				
3,416	3,416	3,416	3,400	3,400				
162	162	146	145	145				

### City of Upper Arlington, Ohio Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Years

2,778

3,832

2,923

4,360

3,117

4,718

2,634

4,108

**Operating Indicators by Function** 2024 2023 2022 2021 <u>2020</u> **Function General Government** 101 80 Number of probation cases (Adults) 87 68 123 Number of traffic cases 1,781 2,341 1,989 1,886 1,450 Number of fleet management repairs 1,034 1,008 1,059 998 947 **Public Services** 24,453 Roadway repairs-surface (sq. ft.) 34,514 54,844 34,495 37,374 Street cleaning-leaf collection (cu. Yds.) 18,527 17,223 23,309 19,697 20,423 Street cleaning-snow removal (hours) 630 1,029 2,402 2,231 1,309 Parks and Recreation Number of registrations for programs 15,593 18,333 14,648 12,005 9.310 1,030 Number of programs/classes 1,336 1,341 1,164 729 Number of trees planted (less removed trees) 201 351 354 210 (21)Community Development 3,587 3,463 3,785 619 619 Number of permits issued 6,122 Number of inspections conducted 5,882 5,920 8,280 6,000 Number of code investigations 495 464 423 360 531 Utilities 189 130 201 454 115 Number of fire hydrant repairs (water) 70 134 240 155 Number of catch basin repairs (stormwater) 117 Number of manhole repairs (sewer) 40 27 49 6 Solid Waste 9,855 9,729 10,913 Number of refuse collected (tons) 10,173 10,512

2,460

3,690

#### Sources:

Number of yard waste collected (tons)

Number of recyclables collected (tons)

<sup>1.</sup> City of Upper Arlington departments

Operating 1	Indicators	by	Function

<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
167 2,782	199 2,697	271 2,711	368 3,151	291 2,802
1,277	1,310	1,172	1,158	1,182
53,503 20,539	47,277 23,792	35,448 17,765	23,558 22,053	25,312 20,838
2,730	2,642	2,400	772	2,997
28,778 1,930	25,690 1,721	22,263 1,770	20,411 1,672	13,551 966
1,930	305	274	194	123
655 6,113	650 5,868	724 5,100	596 3,039	514 2,374
825	647	658	691	735
167 260	81 119	179 299	66 114	154 195
3	4	-	3	2
9,970	9,013	4,547	5,570	5,526
2,537 4,255	1,964 4,531	119 4,143	306 4,747	100 4,652



## FINANCE DEPARTMENT

3600 Tremont Road, Upper Arlington, OH 43221 614-583-5921 | **upperarlingtonoh.gov** 







## **CITY OF UPPER ARLINGTON**

### **FRANKLIN COUNTY**

#### **AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION**

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 11/20/2025

65 East State Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370