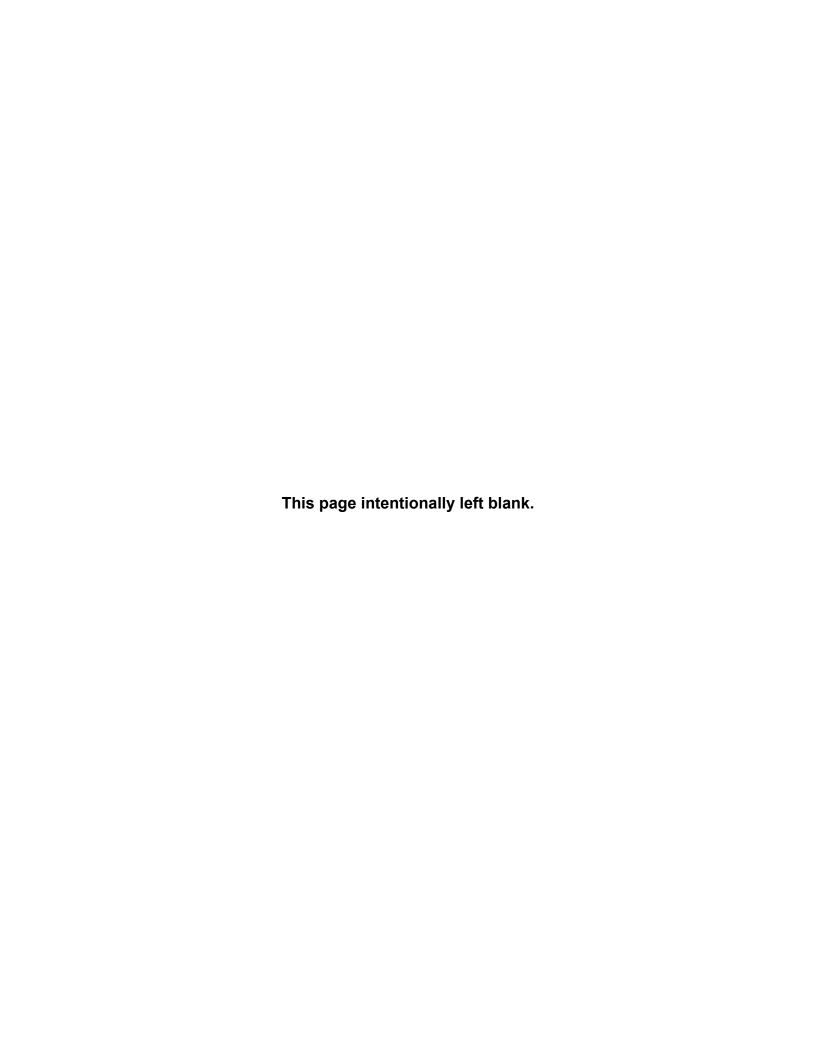




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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Village of Oak Harbor Ottawa County P.O. Box 232 Oak Harbor, Ohio 43449-0232

To the Village Council:

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Unmodified and Adverse Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the Village of Oak Harbor, Ottawa County, Ohio (the Village), which comprises the cash balances, receipts and disbursements for each governmental and proprietary fund type as of and for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Unmodified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the cash balances, receipts and disbursements for each governmental and proprietary fund type as of and for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, in accordance with the financial reporting provisions which Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(C) permit, described in Note 2.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the *Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles* section of our report, the accompanying financial statements do not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the Village, as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, or the changes in financial position or, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the years then ended.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Village, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Efficient • Effective • Transparent

Village of Oak Harbor Ottawa County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note 2 of the financial statements, the financial statements are prepared by the Village on the basis of the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(C), which is an accounting basis other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), to satisfy these requirements. The effects on the financial statements of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 2 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material and pervasive.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(C) permit. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Village's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
 include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
 statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that
 raise substantial doubt about the Village's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable
 period of time.

Village of Oak Harbor Ottawa County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 18, 2025, on our consideration of the Village's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Village's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

KEITH FABER Ohio Auditor of State

Tiffany L Ridenbaugh, CPA, CFE, CGFM

Tiffony I Ridenbaugh

Chief Deputy Auditor

November 18, 2025

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COMBINED STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (REGULATORY CASH BASIS) ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	General		Special Revenue	Capital Projects	Total
Cash receipts:					
Property and other local taxes	\$ 223,701	\$	295,181	\$ -	\$ 518,882
Municipal income tax	1,083,805		-	-	1,083,805
Intergovernmental	106,780)	227,699	168,651	503,130
Special assessments	3,155		597	-	3,752
Charges for services	190,178		-	-	190,178
Fines, licenses and permits	9,968		363	1,200	11,531
Earnings on investments	166,044	•	15,947	-	181,991
Contributions and donations	25	i	-	-	25
Other	56,980		33,979	 -	90,959
Total cash receipts	1,840,636		573,766	 169,851	 2,584,253
Cash disbursements:					
Current:					
Security of persons and property	1,098,114		123,054	-	1,221,168
Public health services	8,667		-	-	8,667
Leisure time activities	109,841		-	-	109,841
Community environment	14,704		-	-	14,704
Transportation	125,962		114,596	-	240,558
General government	252,361		11,316	-	263,677
Capital outlay	99,453		116,259	607,717	823,429
Other	31,991			 	 31,991
Total cash disbursements	1,741,093		365,225	 607,717	 2,714,035
Excess (deficiency) of receipts					
over (under) disbursements	99,543		208,541	 (437,866)	 (129,782)
Other financing receipts (disbursements)					
Loan issuance	-		_	80,302	80,302
Sale of capital assets	-		-	3,159	3,159
Transfers in	-		5,642	90,000	95,642
Transfers (out)	(95,642	.)	-	-	(95,642)
Total other financing receipts (disbursements)	(95,642	(1)	5,642	 173,461	83,461
Net change in fund cash balances	3,901		214,183	(264,405)	(46,321)
Fund cash balances, January 1	1,638,394		686,028	 600,824	 2,925,246
Fund cash balances, December 31	\$ 1,642,295	\$	900,211	\$ 336,419	\$ 2,878,925

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

COMBINED STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (REGULATORY CASH BASIS) PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	Enterprise
Operating cash receipts:	
Charges for services	\$ 6,187,314
Other operating receipts	36,558
Total operating cash receipts	6,223,872
Operating cash disbursements:	
Personal services	990,800
Employee fringe benefits	440,271
Contract services	3,171,176
Supplies and materials	174,948
Other	6,670
Travel	2,485
Total operating cash disbursements	4,786,350
Operating income	1,437,522
Non-operating receipts (disbursements):	
Debt service:	
Principal retirement	(618,390)
Interest and fiscal charges	(261,812)
Sale of capital assets	3,451
Intergovernmental	22,725
Capital outlay	(1,070,971)
Loan proceeds	4,240
Excise tax payment - electric	(98,781)
Total non-operating receipts (disbursements)	(2,019,538)
Net loss	
before capital contributions	(582,016)
Capital contributions	225,197
Net change in fund cash balances	(356,819)
Fund cash balances, January 1	5,681,595
Fund cash balances, December 31	\$ 5,324,776

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 1 - REPORTING ENTITY

The Village of Oak Harbor, Ottawa County, Ohio (the Village) is a body politic and corporate established to exercise the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The Village is directed by a six-member Council elected at large for four-year terms. The Mayor is elected to a four-year term.

The reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements of the Village are not misleading.

A. Primary Government

The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the Village. The primary government of the Village of Oak Harbor provides the following services to its citizens: general government, police protection, parks and recreation, street maintenance and repairs, and water, sewer and electric utilities.

B. Public Entity Risk Pool, Joint Ventures, and Jointly Governed Organizations

The Village participates in a public entity risk pool, several joint ventures, and two jointly governed organizations. Notes 7, 11, and 13 to the financial statements provide additional information for these entities.

The Village's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Village is financially accountable.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Village's financial statements consist of a combined statement of receipts, disbursements, and changes in fund balances (regulatory cash basis) for all governmental fund types and a combined statement of receipts, disbursements, and changes in fund balances (regulatory cash basis) for the proprietary fund type which are all organized on a fund type basis.

A. Fund Accounting

The Village uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The funds of the Village are presented below:

General Fund - The general fund accounts for and reports all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the Village for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Special Revenue Funds - These funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than capital projects. The Village had the following significant Special Revenue Funds:

Street Construction Maintenance and Repair Fund - The street construction maintenance and repair fund accounts for and reports that portion of the State gasoline tax and motor vehicle license registration fees restricted for construction, maintenance, and repaid of streets within the Village.

Police Levy Fund - The police levy fund accounts for and reports the portion of property taxes and other revenues that are restricted for providing police protection services in the Village.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Capital Projects Funds - These funds account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets. The Village had the following significant Capital Projects Funds:

Ohio Public Works Commission Fund - The Village received a grant and loan from the state for capital improvements. The proceeds are restricted for capital improvement.

Water/Wastewater Infrastructure SR 163 Fund - The water/wastewater infrastructure SR 163 fund accounts for the monies that are restricted for projects within the Village relating to water and wastewater infrastructure.

Enterprise Funds - These funds account for operations that are similar to private business enterprises, where management intends to recover the significant costs of providing certain goods or services through user charges. The Village had the following significant Enterprise Funds:

Water Fund - The water fund accounts for the provision of water treatment and distribution to the residents and commercial users located within the Village.

Electric Fund - The electric fund is used to record user charges for the cost of providing electric services to Village residents and businesses.

B. Basis of Accounting

These financial statements follow the accounting basis permitted by the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Rev. Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Admin. Code Section 117-2-03(C). This basis is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements accounting basis. The Village recognizes receipts when received in cash rather than when earned, and recognizes disbursements when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Rev. Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Admin. Code Section 117-2-03(C) permit.

C. Budgetary Process

The Ohio Revised Code requires each fund be budgeted annually.

Appropriations - Budgetary expenditures (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the fund, department and object level of control and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Village Council must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end.

Estimated Resources - Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus unencumbered cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must approve estimated resources.

Encumbrances - The Ohio Revised Code requires the Village to reserve (encumber) appropriations when individual commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are carried over, and need not be reappropriated. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are canceled, and reappropriated in the subsequent year.

A summary of 2024 budgetary activity appears in Note 4.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

D. Deposits and Investments

The Village's accounting basis includes investments as assets. This basis does not record disbursements for investment purchases or receipts for investment sales. This basis records gains or losses at the time of sale as receipts or disbursements, respectively.

The Village values certificates of deposit, federal agency securities, and U.S. Treasury securities at cost. Money market mutual funds are recorded at share values the mutual fund reports. The Village's investment in STAR Ohio is measured at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides an NAV per share that approximates fair value.

E. Capital Assets

The Village records disbursements for acquisitions of property, plant, and equipment when paid. The accompanying financial statements do not report these items as assets.

F. Accumulated Leave

Village employees earn sick and vacation time that can be used for time off. In certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment, employees are entitled to cash payments for unused leave. The financial statements do not include a liability for unpaid leave.

G. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Village must observe constraints imposed upon the use of its governmental-fund resources. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable The Village classifies assets as *nonspendable* when legally or contractually required to maintain the amounts intact. For regulatory purposes nonspendable fund balance includes unclaimed monies that are required to be held for five years before they may be utilized by the Village and the nonexpendable portion of the corpus in permanent funds.

Restricted Fund balance is *restricted* when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Committed Council can *commit* amounts via formal action (resolution). The Village must adhere to these commitments unless the Council amends the resolution. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed to satisfy contractual requirements.

Assigned Assigned fund balances are intended for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as *restricted* or *committed*. For regulatory purposes, assigned fund balance in the general fund is limited to encumbrances outstanding at year end.

Unassigned Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes amounts not included in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The Village applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

For regulatory purposes, limited disclosure related to fund balance is included in Note 15.

NOTE 3 - COMPLIANCE

Deficit Fund Balances

Fund balances at December 31, 2024 included the following individual fund deficits:

Community planning fund \$ 16,660 Water/wastewater infrastructure SR 163 fund 265,983

NOTE 4 - BUDGETARY ACTIVITY

Budgetary activity for the year ended December 31, 2024 follows:

Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts

	2			-P +2		
		Budgeted		Actual		
Fund Type		Receipts		Receipts		Variance
General	\$	1,789,896	\$	1,840,636	\$	50,740
Special Revenue		545,792		579,408		33,616
Capital Projects		6,724,111		343,312		(6,380,799)
Enterprise		7,371,662		6,479,485		(892,177)
Total	\$	16,431,461	\$	9,242,841	\$	(7,188,620)

Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures

	A	ppropriation	Budgetary		_
Fund Type	Authority		Expenditures		Variance
General	\$	3,423,726	\$	1,874,722	\$ 1,549,004
Special Revenue		1,228,923		372,582	856,341
Capital Projects		7,550,130		901,734	6,648,396
Enterprise		13,052,384		7,273,993	5,778,391
Total	\$	25,255,163	\$	10,423,031	\$ 14,832,132

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Monies held by the Village are classified by State statute into three categories:

Active deposits are public deposits determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the Village treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the Village treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that Council has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies held by the Village may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Federal Agricultural Mortgage Corporation, and Federal National Mortgage Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 4. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- 5. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio, and, with certain limitations including a requirement for maturity within ten years from the date of settlement, bonds and other obligations of political subdivisions of the State of Ohio, if training requirements have been met;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Certain bankers' acceptances (for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days) and commercial paper notes (for a period not to exceed two hundred seventy days) in an amount not to exceed 40 percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time if training requirements have been met; and
- 8. Written repurchase agreements in the securities described in (1) or (2) provided the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the Village, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

At year end, the Village has \$850 in undeposited cash on hand which is included as a part of fund balance.

A. Deposits

At December 31, 2024, the carrying amount of all Village deposits was \$2,844,292. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures", as of December 31, 2024, \$500,000 of the Village's bank balance of \$2,905,079 was covered by the FDIC, while \$2,405,079 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the Village will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Village has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits either be insured or protected by (1) eligible securities pledged to the Village and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose market value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured, or (2) participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total market value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of State. Although all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with Federal requirements could potentially subject the Village to a successful claim by the FDIC.

B. Investments

The fair value of these investments is not materially different than measurement value. As of December 31, the Village had the following investments:

			Investment Maturities								
Investment type	Carrying Valu		6 months or less	7 to 12 13 to 18 months months		19 to 24 months		Greater than 24 months			
FAMC	\$ 99,996	9	\$ -	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	\$	99,996
FFCB	1,151,509		263,521	12	29,837		59,936		98,040		600,175
FHLB	293,902		-		-		46,959		-		246,943
FHLMC	249,863		-	24	19,863		-		-		-
FNMA	250,000		-	25	50,000		-		-		-
U.S. Agency Bond	50,338		-		-		-		-		50,338
Negotiable CDs	558,089		134,595		-		-		99,807		323,687
U.S. Treasury Notes	1,488,170		148,389	4	19,057		93,722		182,549		1,014,453
U.S. Government Money Market	42,315		42,315		-		-		-		-
STAR Ohio	1,174,377		1,174,377				-				-
Total	\$ 5,358,559	\$	\$ 1,763,197	\$ 6	78,757	\$	200,617	\$	380,396	\$	2,335,592

The weighted average maturity of investments is 0.72 years.

Interest Rate Risk - Interest rate risk arises because potential purchasers of debt securities will not agree to pay face value for those securities if interest rates subsequently increase. The Village's investment policy addresses interest rate risk by limiting investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Credit Risk - The Village's investments were rated AA+ and Aaa by Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investor Services, respectively. Standard & Poor's has assigned STAR Ohio an AAAm money market rating. STAR Ohio must maintain the highest letter or numerical rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The Village has no investment policy dealing with investment credit risk beyond the requirements in State statutes. Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service.

Custodial Credit Risk - For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Village will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The federal agency securities are exposed to custodial credit risk in that they are uninsured, unregistered and held by the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the Village's name. The Village has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the treasurer or qualified trustee.

Concentration of Credit Risk – The Village places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the Village at December 31, 2024:

Investment type		rying Value	% of Total		
FAMC	\$	99,996	1.87		
FFCB		1,151,509	21.49		
FHLB		293,902	5.48		
FHLMC		249,863	4.66		
FNMA		250,000	4.67		
U.S. Agency Bond		50,338	0.94		
Negotiable CDs		558,089	10.41		
U.S. Treasury Notes		1,488,170	27.77		
U.S. Government Money Market		42,315	0.79		
STAR Ohio		1,174,377	21.92		
Total	\$	5,358,559	100.00		

C. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to Fund Type Balances

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments are reported in the note above to fund type balances as reported on the combined statement of receipts, disbursements, and changes in fund balances (regulatory cash basis) as of December 31, 2024:

Cash and investments per note	
Carrying amount of deposits	\$ 2,844,292
Carrying amount of investments	5,358,559
Cash on hand	850
Total	\$ 8,203,701

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Fund balance per the financial statements	
General fund	\$ 1,642,295
Special revenue funds	900,211
Capital project funds	336,419
Enterprise funds	5,324,776
Total	\$ 8,203,701

NOTE 6 - TAXES

A. Property Taxes

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility property located in the Village. Property tax revenue received during 2024 for real and public utility property taxes represents collections of 2023 taxes.

2024 real property taxes are levied after October 1, 2023, on the assessed value as of January 1, 2024, the lien date. Assessed values are established by State law at 35 percent of appraised market value. 2024 real property taxes are collected in and intended to finance 2025.

Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits later payment dates to be established.

Public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value; public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value. 2024 public utility property taxes which became a lien December 31, 2023, are levied after October 1, 2024, and are collected in 2025 with real property taxes.

The full tax rate for all Village operations for the year ended December 31, 2024, was \$11.17 per \$1,000 of assessed value. The assessed values of real property and public utility tangible property upon which 2024 property tax receipts were based are as follows:

2024

	2024			
	Co	llection Year		
Real property	\$	54,042,210		
Public utility personal property		1,117,770		
		_		
Total assessed value	\$	55,159,980		

The County is responsible for assessing property and for billing, collecting, and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Village.

B. Income Taxes

The Village levies a municipal income tax of 1.00% on substantially all earned income arising from employment, residency, or business activities within the Village as well as certain income of residents earned outside of the Village.

Employers within the Village withhold income tax on employee compensation and remit the tax to the Village either monthly or quarterly, as required. Corporations and other individual taxpayers pay estimated taxes quarterly and file a declaration annually.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 7 - RISK MANAGEMENT

Workers' Compensation coverage is provided by the State of Ohio. The Village pays the State Workers' Compensation System a premium based on a rate per \$100 of salaries. This rate is calculated based on accident history and administrative costs.

Risk Pool Membership

The Village belongs to the Ohio Plan Risk Management, Inc. (OPRM) (the Plan), an unincorporated non-profit association providing a formalized, jointly administered self-insurance risk management programs and other administrative services to Ohio governments (Members). The Plan is legally separate from its member governments.

Pursuant to Section 2744.081 of the Ohio Revised Code, the plan provides property, liability, errors and omissions, law enforcement, automobile, excess liability, crime, surety and bond, inland marine and other coverages to its members sold through fourteen appointed independent agents in the State of Ohio.

Effective November 1, 2016, the OPRM elected to participate in a property loss corridor deductible. The property corridor includes losses paid between 70% and 75%. In 2018, the casualty loss corridor was eliminated, and the property corridor was adjusted to losses paid between 65% and 70%. Effective November 1, 2019, the property loss corridor was adjusted to losses between 60% and 67.5% and remained the same through October 31, 2022. Effective November 1, 2022, the property loss corridor was eliminated. OPRM had 847 members as of December 31, 2024.

The Plan's audited financial statements conform with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, with the exception of a qualified opinion related to recording premiums and membership fees earned in full as of December 31, 2024. Those premiums and fees should be earned pro-rata over the individual coverage and membership periods of each policy. The financial statements reported the following assets, liabilities and equity at December 31, 2024.

Assets \$ 24,456,615 Liabilities (16,692,162) Members' Equity \$ 7,764,453

You can read the complete audited financial statements for OPRM at the Plan's website, www.ohioplan.org.

NOTE 8 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

Some Village employees belong to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer plan. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes this plan's benefits, which include postretirement health care and survivor and disability benefits.

The Ohio Revised Code also prescribes contribution rates. OPERS members contributed 10.00% of their gross salaries, and the Village contributed an amount equaling 14.00% of participants' gross salaries. The Village has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2024.

Ohio Police and Fire Retirement System

The Village's full-time Police Officers belong to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F). OP&F is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer plan. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes this plan's benefits, which include postretirement health care and survivor and disability benefits.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 8 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

The Ohio Revised Code also prescribes contribution rates. OP&F participants contributed 12.25% of their wages. The Village contributed to OP&F an amount equal to 19.50% of full-time police members' wages. The Village has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2024.

Social Security

Several employees contributed to Social Security. This plan provides retirement benefits, including survivor and disability benefits to participants.

Employees contributed 6.20% of their gross salaries. The Village contributed an amount equal to 6.20% of participants' gross salaries. The Village has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2024.

NOTE 9 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Both OPERS and OP&F offer cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment plans. OPERS offers a health reimbursement arrangement (HRA) allowance to benefit recipients meeting certain age and service credit requirements. The HRA is an account funded by OPERS that provides tax-free reimbursement for qualified medical expenses such as monthly post-tax insurance premiums, deductibles, co-insurance, and co-pays incurred by eligible benefit recipients and their dependents. OP&F uses a stipend-based health care model. A stipend funded by OP&F is placed in individual Health Reimbursement Accounts that retirees use to be reimbursed for health care expenses. For calendar year 2024, the portion of OPERS employer contributions allocated to health care was 0.00% for members in the traditional pension plan and 2.00% for members in the combined plan. For 2024, the portion of employer contributions OPERS allocated to health care for members in the member-directed plan was 4.00%; however, a portion of the health care rate was funded with reserves. OP&F contributes 0.50% to fund these benefits.

NOTE 10 - DEBT

Long-Term Obligations

Debt Issue	Interest Original Rate Issue Amount		C	Data of Maturity
Deot issue	Kate	188	ue Amount	Date of Maturity
Ohio Water Development Authority (OWDA) Loans:				
2007 Combined Sewer Overflow (CSO) - 4806	2.86%	\$	5,916,611	January 1, 2029
2009 Supplemental CSO - 5212	2.93%		348,916	January 1, 2029
2019 West Water Service Extension - 8546	0.00%		201,740	July 1, 2040
2022 300,000 Gallon Elevated Water Storage Tank - 9997	3.34%		390,247	January 1, 2054
2022 Lake Winds Elevated Tank Rehabilitation - 9575	0.24%		203,660	January 1, 2043
2024 SR163 Waterline Replacement - 10956	0.00%		4,240	n/a
Ohio Public Works Commission (OPWC) Loans:				
CE03R State Route 163 Waterline Replacement Phase II	0.00%		129,675	January 1, 2036
CE05X-0 Main Street Elevated Storage Tank	0.00%		162,500	June 1, 2040
CU15AA SR-105 Waterline Relocation	0.00%		80,302	n/a
AMP Ohio Loan:				
OMEGA JV5	Varies		1,572,761	February 15, 2030
General Obligation Bond:				
Capital Facilities Bond - Series 2020	Varies		4,999,000	September 1, 2060
Revenue Bonds:				
Water System Improvement Bond - Series 2020	2.50%		1,300,000	December 1, 2040
Electric System Improvement Bond - Series 2020	2.50%		900,000	December 1, 2040

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 10 - DEBT - (Continued)

The changes in the Village's long-term debt during 2024 were as follows:

	Interest Rates	Restated Balance at 1/1/24	A	dditions	R	eductions]	Balance at 12/31/24	Due in One Year
Proprietary Funds:									
Capital Facilities Bond	Varies	\$ 4,774,868	\$	-	\$	(90,421)	\$	4,684,447	\$ 92,125
Water System Imp Bond	2.50%	1,105,000		-		(65,000)		1,040,000	65,000
Electric System Imp Bond	2.50%	765,000		-		(45,000)		720,000	45,000
OMEGA JV5	Varies	493,742		-		(23,329)		470,413	-
OPWC Loan	0.00%	246,788		80,302		(14,609)		312,481	14,609
OWDA Loans	0.00% to 3.77%	2,854,077		4,240		(380,031)		2,478,286	394,938
Total Proprietary Funds		10,239,475		84,542		(618,390)		9,705,627	611,672
Total Long-Term Obligations		\$ 10,239,475	\$	84,542	\$	(618,390)	\$	9,705,627	\$ 611,672

The Ohio Water Development Authority Loans were used for improvements to the Village's water treatment and sewer treatment systems. The loans will be paid from user charges. The SR163 Waterline Replacement project was not completed as of December 31, 2024, and the amortization schedule is not currently available. Therefore, the loan amortization is not included in the schedule below. The total amount outstanding at December 31, 2024 was \$4,240.

The Village was the recipient of \$605,220 in OWDA loan principal forgiveness during previous audit periods for OWDA loan 8546. The Village is required to follow the guidelines of the loan agreements. The failure to do so could result in the Village being liable for the principal forgiven. The principal outstanding above assumes the Village will fully comply with the loan guidelines and assumes full principal forgiveness.

During prior and the current year, the Village completed Phase II of the State Route 163 Waterline Replacement Project and a Main Street Elevated Storage Tank Projected financed through the Ohio Public Works Commission with 0% interest to be paid from user charges. The Waterline Relocation project was not completed as of December 31, 2024, and the amortization schedule is not currently available. Therefore, the loan amortization is not included in the schedule below. The total amount outstanding at December 31, 2024 was \$80,302.

The Omega JV5 debt relates to the purchase of Ohio Municipal Electronic Generation Agency Joint Venture (OMEGA JV5). OMEGA JV5 are distributive generation projects. OMEGA JV5 debt is composed of two series of bonds, the 2001 and the 2016 bonds. The 2001 bonds are accretion bonds with a series of balloon payments coming due around 2025. In order to not cause mass fluctuation in member rates, AMP Ohio is currently collecting ahead to be able to make those payments. As such the debt paid down will not always equal the amount of principal collected each year. An amortization schedule for the repayment of the debt is currently not available and, therefore, is not included in the schedule below. The January 1, 2024 balance was restated based on confirmation from AMP Ohio for accretion on the loan.

During 2020, the Village financed Water and Electric Systems improvements through revenue bonds totaling \$1,300,000 and \$900,000 with 2.5% interest for both. The Village also financed Capital Facilities with a general obligation bond with 1.875% interest.

During 2021, the Village incurred additional Capital Facilities bonds totaling \$1,452,167 with a variable interest rate.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 10 - DEBT - (Continued)

Principal and interest requirements to retire long-term obligations outstanding at December 31, 2024 are as follows:

Fiscal Year		Capital Facilities Bond				Water System Imp Bond						
Ending December 31,	P	rincipal		Interest	Total		Principal		Interest		Total	
2025	\$	92,125	\$	87,402	\$	179,527	\$	65,000	\$	26,000	\$	91,000
2026		93,861		85,666		179,527		65,000		24,375		89,375
2027		95,629		83,898		179,527		65,000		22,750		87,750
2028		97,429		82,096		179,525		65,000		21,125		86,125
2029		99,266		80,261		179,527		65,000		19,500		84,500
2030-2034		525,093		372,541		897,634		325,000		73,125		398,125
2035-2039		576,454		321,182		897,636		325,000		32,500		357,500
2040-2044		632,837		264,801		897,638		65,000		1,625		66,625
2045-2049		694,736		202,904		897,640		_		-		-
2050-2054		762,691		134,953		897,644		_		-		-
2055-2059		837,288		60,356		897,644		_		-		-
2060		177,038		2,490		179,528		-		-		-
Total	\$	4,684,447	\$	1,778,550	\$	6,462,997	\$	1,040,000	\$	221,000	\$	1,261,000

Fiscal Year	Elect	tric System Imp	Bond	OPWC Loans					
Ending December 31,	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total			
2025	\$ 45,000	\$ 18,000	\$ 63,000	\$ 14,609	\$ -	\$ 14,609			
2026	45,000	16,875	61,875	14,609	-	14,609			
2027	45,000	15,750	60,750	14,609	-	14,609			
2028	45,000	14,625	59,625	14,609	-	14,609			
2029	45,000	13,500	58,500	14,609	-	14,609			
2030-2034	225,000	50,625	275,625	73,045	-	73,045			
2035-2039	225,000	22,500	247,500	53,589	-	53,589			
2040-2043	45,000	1,125	46,125	32,500		32,500			
Total	\$ 720,000	\$ 153,000	\$ 873,000	\$ 232,179	\$ -	\$ 232,179			

Fiscal Year	OWDA Loans					
Ending December 31,	Principal		I	nterest		Total
2025	\$	394,938	\$	60,445	\$	455,383
2026		405,813		49,569		455,382
2027		417,002		38,381		455,383
2028		428,517		26,867		455,384
2029		233,298		15,022		248,320
2030-2034		150,880		55,383		206,263
2035-2039		160,437		45,825		206,262
2040-2044		115,595		34,667		150,262
2045-2049		81,615		22,035		103,650
2050-2054		85,951		7,336		93,287
Total	\$	2,474,046	\$	355,530	\$	2,829,576

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 11 - JOINT VENTURES AND PROJECTS

A. AMP Generating Station (AMPGS) Project

The Village is a member of American Municipal Power (AMP) and has participated in the AMP Generating Station (AMPGS) Project. This project was intended to develop a pulverized coal power plant in Meigs County, Ohio. The Village's project share was 1,000 kilowatts (kW) of a total 771,281 kW, giving the Village a 0.13 percent project share. The AMPGS Project required participants to sign "take or pay" contracts with AMP. As such, the participants are obligated to pay any costs incurred for the project. In November 2009, the participants voted to terminate the AMPGS Project due to projected escalating costs. These costs were therefore deemed impaired and participants were obligated to pay costs already incurred. In prior years, the payment of these costs was not considered probable due to AMP's pursuit of legal action to void them. As a result of a March 2014 legal ruling, the AMP Board of Trustees on April 15, 2014 and the AMPGS participants on April 16, 2014 approved the collection of the impaired costs and provided the participants with an estimate of their liability. The Village's estimated share of the impaired costs at March 31, 2014 was \$172,840. The Village received a credit of \$47,283 related to their participation in the AMP Fremont Energy Center (AFEC) Project, and another credit of \$45,225 related to the AMPGS costs deemed to have future benefit for the project participants. In addition the Village made payments totaling \$57,039 leaving an estimated net impaired cost balance of \$23,293. AMP financed these costs on its revolving line of credit. Any additional costs (including line-of-credit interest and legal fees) or amounts received related to the project will impact the Village's payments. These amounts will be recorded as they become estimable.

Since March 31, 2014 the Village has made payments of \$29,099 to AMP toward its net impaired cost estimate. Also since March 31, 2014, the Village's allocation of additional costs incurred by the project is \$2,247 and interest on its credit balance due to its payments, credited to the Village of \$1,041, resulting in a net credit balance at December 31, 2024 of \$4,600. The Village has opted to leave the credit balance with AMP to offset any additional AMPGS Project costs in the future. The Village does have a potential PHFU Liability of \$49,543 resulting in a net total potential liability of \$45,146, assuming the assets making up the PHFU (principally the land comprising the Meigs County site) have no value and also assuming the Village's credit balance would earn zero interest. Stranded costs as well as PHFU costs are subject to change, including future borrowing costs on the AMP line of credit. Activities include items such negative items as property taxes as well as positive items revenue from leases or sale of all or a portion of the Meigs County site property.

B. OMEGA JV2

The Village is a Non-Financing Participant and an Owner Participant with an ownership percentage of .55% and shares participation with thirty-five other subdivisions within the State of Ohio in the Ohio Municipal Electric Generation Agency (OMEGA JV2). Owner Participants own undivided interests, as tenants in common, in the OMEGA JV2 Project in the amount of their respective Project Shares. Purchaser Participants agree to purchase the output associated with their respective Project shares, ownership of which is held in trust for such Purchaser Participants. Pursuant to the OMEGA JV2 Agreement, the participants jointly undertook as either Financing

Participants or Non-Financing Participants and as either Owner Participants or Purchaser Participants, the acquisition, construction, and equipping of OMEGA JV2, including such portions of OMEGA JV2 as have been acquired, constructed or equipped by AMP and to pay or incur the costs of the same in accordance with the JV2 Agreement.

OMEGA JV2 is a cooperative project composed of 36 AMP member communities. The joint venture owns three gas turbine peaking generation units and 35 diesel units. The project has a subscribed capacity of 134,096 megawatts. Thirty-four of the diesel units were upgraded in 2015 with Diesel Oxidation Catalysts to meet the new RICE NESHAP rules. AMP manages the project on behalf of participants and can operate the diesel units remotely from its Energy Control Center to provide participating communities with reduced capacity costs, energy and transmission charges, and distributed generation during times of high market energy prices.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 11 - JOINT VENTURES AND PROJECTS - (Continued)

The debt was extinguished in January of 2018. The Village's net investment in OMEGA JV2 was (\$13,831) at December 31, 2024. Complete financial statements for OMEGA JV2 may be obtained from AMP or from the State Auditor's website at www.ohioauditor.gov.

The thirty-six participating subdivisions and their respective ownership share at December 31, 2024 are:

	Percent	Kw		Percent	Kw
Municipality	Ownership	Entitlement	Municipality	Ownership	Entitlement
Hamilton	23.87%	32,000	Grafton	0.79%	1,056
Bowling Green	14.32%	19,198	Brewster	0.75%	1,000
Niles	11.48%	15,400	Monroeville	0.57%	764
Cuyahoga Falls	7.46%	10,000	Milan	0.55%	737
Wadsworth	5.81%	7,784	Oak Harbor	0.55%	737
Painesville	5.22%	7,000	Elmore	0.27%	364
Dover	5.22%	7,000	Jackson Center	0.22%	300
Galion	4.29%	5,753	Napoleon	0.20%	264
Amherst	3.73%	5,000	Lodi	0.16%	218
St. Mary's	2.98%	4,000	Genoa	0.15%	199
Montpelier	2.98%	4,000	Pemberville	0.15%	197
Shelby	1.89%	2,536	Lucas	0.12%	161
Versailles	1.24%	1,660	South Vienna	0.09%	123
Edgerton	1.09%	1,460	Bradner	0.09%	119
Yellow Springs	1.05%	1,408	Woodville	0.06%	81
Oberlin	0.91%	1,217	Haskins	0.05%	73
Pioneer	0.86%	1,158	Arcanum	0.03%	44
Seville	0.80%	1,066	Custar	0.00%	4
	95.20%	127,640		4.80%	6,441
			Grand total	100.00%	134,081

Under the Village's cash basis of accounting, the equity interest in OMEGA JV2 is not reported as an asset in the accompanying cash basis financial statements.

C. OMEGA JV5

The Village is a Financing Participant with an ownership percentage of .94%, and shares participation with forty-one other subdivisions within the State of Ohio in the OMEGA JV5. Financing Participants own undivided interests, as tenants in common, without right of participation in the OMEGA JV5 Project.

Pursuant to the OMEGA JV5 Agreement (Agreement), the participants jointly undertook as Financing Participants, the acquisition, construction, and equipping of OMEGA JV5, including such portions of OMEGA JV5 as have been acquired, constructed or equipped by AMP.

OMEGA JV5 was created to construct a 42 Megawatt (MW) run-of-the-river hydroelectric plant (including 40MW of backup generation) and associated transmission facilities (on the Ohio River near the Bellville, West Virginia Locks and Dam) and sells electricity from its operations to OMEGA JV5 Participants.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 11 - JOINT VENTURES AND PROJECTS - (Continued)

Also pursuant to this Agreement, each participant has an obligation to pay its share of debt service on Beneficial Interest Certificates (Certificates) from the revenues of its electric system, subject only to the prior payment of Operating & Maintenance Expenses (O&M) of each participant's System and shall be on a parity with any outstanding and future senior electric system revenue bonds, notes or other indebtedness payable from any revenues of the System.

On dissolution of OMEGA JV5, the net assets will be shared by the financing participants on a percentage of ownership basis. Under the terms of the Agreement each participant is to fix, charge and collect rates, fees and charges at least sufficient in order to maintain a debt coverage ratio equal to 110% of the sum of OMEGA JV5 debt service and any other outstanding senior lien electric system revenue obligations. As of December 2024, Village has met its debt coverage obligation.

The Agreement provides that the failure of any JV5 participant to makes any payment due by the due date thereof constitutes a default. In the event of a default, OMEGA JV5 may take certain actions including the termination of a defaulting JV5 Participant's entitlement to Project Power. Each Participant may purchase a pro rata share of the defaulting JV5 Participant's entitlement of Project Power, which together with the share of the other non-defaulting JV5 Participants, is equal to the defaulting JV5 Participant's ownership share of the project, in kilowatts (Step Up Power) provided that the sum of any such increases shall not exceed, without consent of the non-defaulting JV5 Participant, an accumulated maximum kilowatts equal to 25% of such non-defaulting JV5 Participant's ownership share of the project prior to any such increases.

In 1993, OMEGA JV5 assigned to a trustee the obligations of its participants to make payments for their respective ownership shares in the "Belleville Project," a 42 MW run-of-the-river hydroelectric generating facility on an Army Corps dam near Belleville, Ohio, an associated transmission line in Ohio and backup diesel generation owned by OMEGA JV5. AMP is responsible for operation of the Belleville Project. The hydroelectric generation associated with the Belleville Project has been operational since June 1999. The diesel generation units have been in service since 1995. OMEGA JV5 Participants have approved the retirement and sale of diesel units. The Federal Energy Regulatory Commission license for the Belleville Project runs through August 31, 2039. As of December 31, 2024, \$49,892,257 of the 2001 Belleville Beneficial Interest Certificates (2001 BICs) with a final maturity of 2030 was outstanding. The 2001 BICs are capital appreciation bonds with a final aggregate maturity amount of \$56,125,000. In addition, on February 15, 2014, AMP redeemed \$70,990,000 of the 2004 Belleville Beneficial Interest Certificates with the proceeds of a draw on the Line of Credit, which draw was evidenced by the proceeds of a note (the JV5 Note). On January 29, 2016, OMEGA JV5 caused the issuance of \$49,745,000 Belleville Beneficial Interest Refunding Certificates, Series 2016 (the 2016 BICs) to pay a portion of the outstanding balance of the JV5 Note and to pay costs of issuance. The balance of the JV5 Note has since been retired. The 2016 BICs bear interest at a variable rate, mature on February 1, 2024 and are subject to redemption and mandatory tender at the option of the holder commencing February 15, 2021. The 2001 BICs and 2016 BICs are non-recourse to AMP. As of December 31, 2024, the outstanding debt was \$49,892,257.

The Village's net investment and its share of the operating results of OMEGA JV5 are reported in the Village's Electric Operating Fund (an Enterprise Fund). The Village's net investment to date in OMEGA JV5 was \$28,172 at December 31, 2024. Complete financial statements for OMEGA JV5 can be obtained from AMP at 1111 Schrock Road, Columbus, Ohio 43229, or from the State Auditor's website at www.ohioauditor.gov.

D. Combined Hydroelectric Projects

AMP owns and operates three hydroelectric projects, the Cannelton, the Smithland and the Willow Island hydroelectric generating facilities (the Combined Hydroelectric Projects), all on the Ohio River, with an aggregate generating capacity of approximately 208 MW. Each of the Combined Hydroelectric Projects is in commercial operation and consists of run-of-the-river hydroelectric generating facilities on existing Army Corps dams and includes associated transmission facilities. AMP holds the licenses from FERC for the Combined Hydroelectric Projects.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 11 - JOINT VENTURES AND PROJECTS - (Continued)

To provide financing for the Combined Hydroelectric Projects, AMP has issued eight series of its Combined Hydroelectric Projects Revenue Bonds (the Combined Hydroelectric Bonds), in an original aggregate principal amount of \$2,254,955,000 and consisting of taxable, tax-exempt and tax advantaged obligations (Build America Bonds, Clean Renewable Energy Bonds and New Clean Renewable Energy Bonds). The Combined Hydroelectric Bonds are secured by a master trust indenture and payable from amounts received by AMP under a take-or-pay power sales contract with 79 of its Members.

As of December 31, 2024, \$1,997,499,412 aggregate principal amount of the Combined Hydroelectric Bonds were outstanding under the indenture securing the Combined Hydroelectric Bonds.

The Village has executed a take-or-pay power sales contract with AMP as a participant of the Combined Hydroelectric Projects of 500 kW or 0.24% of capacity and associated energy from the Combined Hydroelectric Projects.

E. AMP Fremont Energy Center (AFEC)

On July 28, 2011, AMP acquired from FirstEnergy Generation Corporation (FirstEnergy) the Fremont Energy Center (AFEC), then nearing completion of construction and located in Fremont, Sandusky County, Ohio. Following completion of the commissioning and testing, AMP declared AFEC to be in commercial operation as of January 20, 2012. The AMP Fremont Energy Center is a natural gas fired, combined cycle, electric power generation plant with a capacity of 512 MW (unfired)/675 MW (fired), consisting of two combustion turbines, two heat recovery steam generators and one steam turbine and condenser. AMP subsequently sold a 5.16% undivided ownership interest in AFEC to Michigan Public Power Agency and entered into a power sales contract with the Central Virginia Electric Cooperative for the output associated with a 4.15% undivided ownership interest in AFEC. The output of AFEC associated with the remaining 90.69% undivided ownership interest (the 90.69% Interest) is sold to AMP Members pursuant to a take-or-pay power sales contract with 87 of its members (the "AFEC Power Sales Contract").

To provide permanent financing for the 90.69% Interest, in 2012, AMP issued, in two series \$546,085,000 of its AMP Fremont Energy Center Project Revenue Bonds (the AFEC Bonds), consisting of taxable and tax-exempt obligations. The AFEC Bonds are net revenue obligations of AMP, secured by a master trust indenture and payable from amounts received by AMP under the AFEC Power Sales Contract. On December 20, 2017, AMP issued bonds to refund all of the callable tax-exempt AFEC Bonds issued in 2012. As of December 31, 2024, \$362,915,000 aggregate principal amount of AFEC Bonds was outstanding.

The Village has executed a take-or-pay power sales contract with AMP as a participant of the AFEC of 440 kW or 0.09% of capacity and associated energy from the AFEC.

F. Prairie State Energy Campus

On December 20, 2007, AMP acquired a 23.26% undivided ownership interest (the PSEC Ownership Interest) in the Prairie State Energy Campus (PSEC), a two-unit, supercritical coal-fired power plant designed to have a net rated capacity of approximately 1,582 MW and associated facilities in southwest Illinois. The PSEC Ownership Interest is held by AMP 368 LLC, a single-member Delaware limited liability company (AMP 368 LLC). AMP is the owner of the sole membership interest in AMP 368 LLC. Construction of the PSEC commenced in October 2007. Unit 1 of the PSEC commenced operations in the second quarter of 2012 and Unit 2 of the PSEC commenced operations in the fourth quarter of 2012.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 11 - JOINT VENTURES AND PROJECTS - (Continued)

From July 2008 through September 2010, AMP issued five series of Prairie State Energy Campus Revenue Bonds (collectively, the Initial Prairie State Bonds) to finance PSEC project costs and PSEC related expenses. The Initial Prairie State Bonds consist of tax-exempt, taxable and tax advantaged Build America Bonds issued in the original aggregate principal amount of \$1,696,800,000. On January 14, 2015 and November 30, 2017, AMP issued bonds to refund all of the callable tax-exempt Initial Prairie State Bonds issued in 2008 and 2009. As of December 31, 2024, AMP had \$1,278,980,000 aggregate principal amount of Prairie State Bonds.

AMP sells the power and energy from the PSEC Ownership Interest pursuant to a take-or-pay power sales contract with 68 Members (the Prairie State Participants). The Prairie State Bonds are net revenue obligations of AMP, secured by a master trust indenture, payable primarily from the payments to be made by the Prairie State Participants under the terms of the Prairie State Power Sales Contract.

The Village has executed a take-or-pay power sales contract with AMP as a participant of the PSEC of 995 kW or 0.27% of capacity and associated energy from the PSEC.

G. Solar Electricity Prepayment Project

In 2016, AMP entered into the NextEra PPA pursuant to the terms of which AMP agreed to purchase and a subsidiary of NextEra agreed to sell all of the power and energy generated by solar generation facilities (each, a System), each of which is located behind the meter of an AMP Member's Electric System. Under the terms of the NextEra PPA, AMP is required to prepay for twenty-five years of energy to be generated by each System at a "P90" confidence interval, meaning that, in any given year, the probability of exceeding such level of production is ninety percent (90%), and assuming a 0.5% degradation factor. Sixteen Systems with a rated capacity of approximately 58.325 MW have entered commercial operation. Amp has issued two series of Bonds consisting of the Series 2019A and 2020A in the amount of \$80,675,000 to provide financing for the project. As of December 31, 2024, AMP had \$70,795,000 aggregate principal amount of Solar Electricity Bonds.

The Village has executed a take-or-pay power sales contract with AMP as a participant of the System of 667 Kw or 1.14% of capacity and associated energy from the System.

NOTE 12 - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Management believes there are no pending claims or lawsuits.

Amounts grantor agencies pay to the Village are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor, principally the federal government. The grantor may require refunding any disallowed costs. Management cannot presently determine amounts grantors may disallow. However, based on prior experience, management believes any refunds would be immaterial.

NOTE 13 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

A. Portage Fire District

The Village is a member of Portage Fire District (the District). The District is comprised of the Village of Oak Harbor (the Village) and Salem Township (the Township). A three-member Board of Trustees governs the District. The Village and the Township each appoint one member. The third member is a citizen of the District and is approved jointly by the Village and Township. The District provides fire protection services within the District and by contract to areas outside the District. Financial information can be obtained by contacting the District Fiscal Officer at 242 West Water Street, Oak Harbor, Ohio 43449.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 13 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS - (Continued)

B. Regional Income Tax Agency

The Regional Income Tax Agency (RITA) is a regional council of governments formed to establish a central collection facility for the purpose of administering the income tax laws of the members and for the purpose of collecting income taxes on behalf of each member. RITA currently has approximately 350 members in the council of governments. Each member has one representative to the council of governments and is entitled to one vote on items under consideration. RITA is administered by a nine-member board of trustees elected by the members of the council of governments. The board exercises total control over RITA's operation including budgeting, appropriating, contracting and designating management. Each participant's degree of control is limited to its representation on the council. For 2024, the Village paid RITA \$19,609 for income tax collection services.

NOTE 14 - INTERFUND TRANSFERS

During 2024, the following transfers were made:

Fund Type	Tra	nsfers In	Transfers Out			
General Special revenue Capital projects	\$	5,642 90,000	\$	95,642 - -		
Total	\$	95,642	\$	95,642		

The above mentioned transfers from/to were used to move receipts form the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them; and to use unrestricted receipts collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

NOTE 15 - FUND BALANCES

Included in fund balance are amounts the Village cannot spend, including the balance of unclaimed monies which cannot be spent for five years. Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control.

At year end the balances of these amounts were as follows:

Fund Balances	General	pecial evenue	Capital Projects	Total
Nonspendable: Unclaimed Monies Outstanding Encumbrances	\$ 9,931 37,987	\$ 7,357	\$ 294,017	\$ 9,931 339,361
Total	\$ 47,918	\$ 7,357	\$ 294,017	\$ 349,292

The fund balance of Special Revenue funds is either restricted or committed. The fund balance of Capital Projects funds is restricted committed or assigned. These restricted, committed, and assigned amounts in the Special Revenue and Capital Projects funds would include the outstanding encumbrances. In the General Fund, outstanding encumbrances are considered assigned.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 16 - AMP REVENUE COVERAGE

To provide electric service to the citizens, the Village is a member of Ohio Municipal Electric Generation Agency (OMEGA) Joint Ventures as described in Note 11. The Village is liable for debt related to the financing of the OMEGA joint ventures. The activity is accounted for in the Village's Electric Fund, which is reported as part of the combined Enterprise Fund Type in the financial statements.

Summary financial information for the Electric Fund is presented below:

		2024
Total Fund Cash Balance	\$	2,105,480
Total Long-Term Debt	\$	1,190,413
Condensed Operating Information:		
Operating Receipts Charges for Services	\$	2 169 022
	Ф	3,168,022
Other Operating Receipts		25,451
Total Operating Receipts		3,193,473
Operating Expenses		
Personal Services		374,955
Employee Fringe Benefits		204,086
Contractual Services		2,168,649
Supplies and Materials		71,315
Travel		2,243
Total Operating Expenses		2,821,248
Operating Income		372,225
Nonoperating Disbursements		
Capital outlay		(421,793)
Principal Payments		(68,329)
Interest Payments		(79,720)
Excise tax - electric fund		(98,781)
Change in Fund Cash Balance		(296,398)
Beginning Fund Cash Balance		2,401,878
Ending Fund Cash Balance	\$	2,105,480
Control Col Flora Liferanting		2024
Condensed Cash Flows Information: Net Cash Provided by:		2024
Operating Activities	\$	372,225
1 8		
Noncapital Financing Activities		
Other Noncapital Financing Activities - excise tax		(98,781)
Capital and Related Financing Activities		
Principal Payments on Capital and Related Debt		(68,329)
Interest Payments on Capital and Related Debt		(79,720)
Payment for capital purchases		(421,793)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities		(569,842)
Net Increase		(296,398)
Beginning Fund Cash Balance		2,401,878
Ending Fund Cash Balance	\$	2,105,480

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 17 - OTHER REVENUE

Special Revenue Fund Type other receipts consist primarily of the amount received with regards to a trash service contract.

COMBINED STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (REGULATORY CASH BASIS) ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	General	Special Revenue	Capital Projects	Total
Cash receipts:				
Property and other local taxes	\$ 217,089	\$ 256,703	\$ -	\$ 473,792
Municipal income tax	1,095,066	-	-	1,095,066
Intergovernmental	99,959	237,718	528,789	866,466
Special assessments	-	597	-	597
Charges for services	184,815	-	-	184,815
Fines, licenses and permits	8,039	520	300	8,859
Earnings on investments	130,327	7,424	-	137,751
Contributions and donations	50	-	-	50
Other	32,869	27,765	-	60,634
Total cash receipts	1,768,214	530,727	529,089	2,828,030
Cash disbursements:				
Current:				
Security of persons and property	1,033,448	113,512	-	1,146,960
Public health services	8,793	-	-	8,793
Leisure time activities	66,432	-	-	66,432
Community environment	19,695	-	-	19,695
Transportation	125,835	179,292	-	305,127
General government	306,241	31,358	-	337,599
Capital outlay	71,693	577,148	999,532	1,648,373
Debt service:				
Interest and fiscal charges			649	649
Total cash disbursements	1,632,137	901,310	1,000,181	3,533,628
Excess (deficiency) of receipts				
over (under) disbursements	136,077	(370,583)	(471,092)	(705,598)
Other financing receipts (disbursements)			1.500	1.500
Sale of capital assets	- 2.245	5 (4 2	1,500	1,500
Transfers in	2,245	5,642	90,000	97,887
Transfers (out)	(97,887)	-	-	(97,887)
Loan proceeds			552,002	552,002
Total other financing receipts (disbursements)	(95,642)	5,642	643,502	553,502
Net change in fund cash balances	40,435	(364,941)	172,410	(152,096)
Fund cash balances, January 1	1,597,959	1,050,969	428,414	3,077,342
Fund cash balances, December 31	\$ 1,638,394	\$ 686,028	\$ 600,824	\$ 2,925,246

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

COMBINED STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (REGULATORY CASH BASIS) PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Enterprise
Operating cash receipts:	
Charges for services	\$ 5,838,522
Other operating receipts	81,077
Total operating cash receipts	5,919,599
Operating cash disbursements:	
Personal services	894,004
Employee fringe benefits	469,191
Contract services	2,996,021
Supplies and materials	182,920
Travel	2,315
Total operating cash disbursements	4,544,451
Operating income	1,375,148
Non-operating receipts (disbursements):	
Debt service:	
Principal retirement	(648,439)
Interest and fiscal charges	(269,606)
Intergovernmental	30,371
Capital outlay	(1,387,272)
Other financing uses	(10,114)
Excise tax payment - electric	(96,194)
Total non-operating receipts (disbursements)	(2,381,254)
Net change in fund cash balances	(1,006,106)
Fund cash balances, January 1	6,687,701
Fund cash balances, December 31	\$ 5,681,595

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

NOTE 1 - REPORTING ENTITY

The Village of Oak Harbor, Ottawa County, Ohio (the Village) is a body politic and corporate established to exercise the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The Village is directed by a six-member Council elected at large for four-year terms. The Mayor is elected to a four-year term.

The reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements of the Village are not misleading.

A. Primary Government

The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the Village. The primary government of the Village of Oak Harbor provides the following services to its citizens: general government, police protection, parks and recreation, street maintenance and repairs, and water, sewer and electric utilities.

B. Public Entity Risk Pool, Joint Ventures, and Jointly Governed Organizations

The Village participates in a public entity risk pool, several joint ventures, and two jointly governed organizations. Notes 7, 11, and 13 to the financial statements provides additional information for these entities.

The Village's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Village is financially accountable.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Village's financial statements consist of a combined statement of receipts, disbursements, and changes in fund balances (regulatory cash basis) for all governmental fund types and a combined statement of receipts, disbursements, and changes in fund balances (regulatory cash basis) for the proprietary fund type which are all organized on a fund type basis.

A. Fund Accounting

The Village uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The funds of the Village are presented below:

General Fund - The general fund accounts for and reports all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the Village for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Special Revenue Funds - These funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than capital projects. The Village had the following significant Special Revenue Funds:

Street Construction Maintenance and Repair Fund - The street construction maintenance and repair fund accounts for and reports that portion of the State gasoline tax and motor vehicle license registration fees restricted for construction, maintenance, and repaid of streets within the Village.

Street Levy Fund - The street levy fund accounts for and reports the property tax levy that is restricted for construction, maintenance, and repair of streets within the Village.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Capital Projects Funds - These funds account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets. The Village had the following significant Capital Projects Fund:

Park Street Water Tower Project Fund - The park street water tower project fund accounts for and reports loan and grant money for the purpose of improving, constructing, and purchasing those items necessary to enhance the operation of the Village.

Enterprise Funds - These funds account for operations that are similar to private business enterprises, where management intends to recover the significant costs of providing certain goods or services through user charges. The Village had the following significant Enterprise Funds:

Water Fund - The water fund accounts for the provision of water treatment and distribution to the residents and commercial users located within the Village.

Electric Fund - The electric fund is used to record user charges for the cost of providing electric services to Village residents and businesses.

B. Basis of Accounting

These financial statements follow the accounting basis permitted by the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Rev. Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Admin. Code Section 117-2-03(C). This basis is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements accounting basis. The Village recognizes receipts when received in cash rather than when earned, and recognizes disbursements when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Rev. Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Admin. Code Section 117-2-03(C) permit.

C. Budgetary Process

The Ohio Revised Code requires each fund be budgeted annually.

Appropriations - Budgetary expenditures (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the fund, department and object level of control and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Village Council must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end.

Estimated Resources - Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus unencumbered cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must approve estimated resources.

Encumbrances - The Ohio Revised Code requires the Village to reserve (encumber) appropriations when individual commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are carried over, and need not be reappropriated. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are canceled, and reappropriated in the subsequent year.

A summary of 2023 budgetary activity appears in Note 4.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

D. Deposits and Investments

The Village's accounting basis includes investments as assets. This basis does not record disbursements for investment purchases or receipts for investment sales. This basis records gains or losses at the time of sale as receipts or disbursements, respectively.

The Village values certificates of deposit, federal agency securities, and U.S. Treasury securities at cost. Money market mutual funds are recorded at share values the mutual fund reports. The Village's investment in STAR Ohio is measured at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides an NAV per share that approximates fair value.

E. Capital Assets

The Village records disbursements for acquisitions of property, plant, and equipment when paid. The accompanying financial statements do not report these items as assets.

F. Accumulated Leave

In certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment, employees are entitled to cash payments for unused leave. The financial statements do not include a liability for unpaid leave.

G. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Village must observe constraints imposed upon the use of its governmental-fund resources. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable The Village classifies assets as *nonspendable* when legally or contractually required to maintain the amounts intact. For regulatory purposes nonspendable fund balance includes unclaimed monies that are required to be held for five years before they may be utilized by the Village and the nonexpendable portion of the corpus in permanent funds.

Restricted Fund balance is *restricted* when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Committed Council can *commit* amounts via formal action (resolution). The Village must adhere to these commitments unless the Council amends the resolution. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed to satisfy contractual requirements.

Assigned Assigned fund balances are intended for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as *restricted* or *committed*. For regulatory purposes, assigned fund balance in the general fund is limited to encumbrances outstanding at year end.

Unassigned Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes amounts not included in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The Village applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

For regulatory purposes, limited disclosure related to fund balance is included in Note 15.

NOTE 3 - COMPLIANCE

Deficit Fund Balance

Fund balances at December 31, 2023 included the following individual fund deficit:

	<u>Deficit</u>
Capital projects fund	
Community planning fund	\$ 13,933

NOTE 4 - BUDGETARY ACTIVITY

Budgetary activity for the year ended December 31, 2023 follows:

Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts							
		Budgeted		Actual			
Fund Type		Receipts		Receipts		Variance	
General	\$	1,648,885	\$	1,770,459	\$	121,574	
Special Revenue		733,990		536,369		(197,621)	
Capital Projects		2,012,241		1,172,591		(839,650)	
Enterprise		6,254,071		5,949,970		(304,101)	
Total	\$	10,649,187	\$	9,429,389	\$	(1,219,798)	

Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures					
Appropriation		Budgetary			
Authority		Expenditures		Variance	
\$	3,249,531	\$	1,841,877	\$	1,407,654
	1,782,272		963,826		818,446
	2,440,656		1,025,123		1,415,533
	12,941,772		7,731,945		5,209,827
\$	20,414,231	\$	11,562,771	\$	8,851,460
	**************************************	Appropriation Authority \$ 3,249,531 1,782,272 2,440,656 12,941,772	Appropriation Authority \$ 3,249,531 \$ 1,782,272 2,440,656 12,941,772	Appropriation AuthorityBudgetary Expenditures\$ 3,249,531\$ 1,841,8771,782,272963,8262,440,6561,025,12312,941,7727,731,945	Appropriation Budgetary Authority Expenditures \$ 3,249,531 \$ 1,841,877 \$ 1,782,272 963,826 2,440,656 1,025,123 12,941,772 7,731,945

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Monies held by the Village are classified by State statute into three categories:

Active deposits are public deposits determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the Village treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the Village treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that Council has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies held by the Village may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Federal Agricultural Mortgage Corporation, and Federal National Mortgage Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 4. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- 5. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio, and, with certain limitations including a requirement for maturity within ten years from the date of settlement, bonds and other obligations of political subdivisions of the State of Ohio, if training requirements have been met;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Certain bankers' acceptances (for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days) and commercial paper notes (for a period not to exceed two hundred seventy days) in an amount not to exceed 40 percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time if training requirements have been met; and
- 8. Written repurchase agreements in the securities described in (1) or (2) provided the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the Village, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

At year end, the Village has \$900 in undeposited cash on hand which is included as a part of fund balance.

A. Deposits

At December 31, 2023, the carrying amount of all Village deposits was \$3,413,529. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures", as of December 31, 2023, \$500,000 of the Village's bank balance of \$3,709,150 was covered by the FDIC, while \$3,209,150 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the Village will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Village has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits either be insured or protected by (1) eligible securities pledged to the Village and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose market value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured, or (2) participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total market value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of State. Although all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with Federal requirements could potentially subject the Village to a successful claim by the FDIC.

B. Investments

The fair value of these investments is not materially different than measurement value. As of December 31, the Village had the following investments:

			Investment Maturities									
Investment type	Carrying Value		6 months or less		7 to 12 months		13 to 18 months		19 to 24 months		Greater than 24 months	
FAMC	\$	99,996	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	99,996
FFCB		823,949		-		-		199,841		129,838		494,270
FHLB		354,315		120,000		-		-		-		234,315
FHLMC		249,863		-		-		-		249,863		-
FNMA		503,914		-		-		-		250,000		253,914
U.S. Agency Bond		50,338		-		-		-		-		50,338
Negotiable CDs		808,590		384,999		-		134,595		-		288,996
US Government money market		37,684		37,684		-		-		-		-
U.S. Treasury notes		1,149,983		-		98,984		148,389		49,056		853,554
STAR Ohio		1,113,780		1,113,780			_					-
Total	\$	5,192,412	\$	1,656,463	\$	98,984	\$	482,825	\$	678,757	\$	2,275,383

The weighted average maturity of investments is 0.72 years.

Interest Rate Risk - Interest rate risk arises because potential purchasers of debt securities will not agree to pay face value for those securities if interest rates subsequently increase. The Village's investment policy addresses interest rate risk by limiting investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Credit Risk - The Village's investments were rated AA+ and Aaa by Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investor Services, respectively. Standard & Poor's has assigned STAR Ohio an AAAm money market rating. STAR Ohio must maintain the highest letter or numerical rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The Village has no investment policy dealing with investment credit risk beyond the requirements in State statutes. Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service.

Custodial Credit Risk - For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Village will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The federal agency securities are exposed to custodial credit risk in that they are uninsured, unregistered and held by the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the Village's name. The Village has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the treasurer or qualified trustee.

Concentration of Credit Risk – The Village places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the Village at December 31, 2023:

Investment type	Car	rying Value	% of Total
FAMC	\$	99,996	1.93
FFCB		823,949	15.87
FHLB		354,315	6.82
FHLMC		249,863	4.81
FNMA		503,914	9.70
U.S. Agency Bond		50,338	0.97
Negotiable CDs		808,590	15.57
U.S. Government money market		37,684	0.73
U.S. Treasury notes		1,149,983	22.15
STAR Ohio		1,113,780	21.45
Total		5,192,412	100.00

C. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to Fund Type Balances

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments are reported in the note above to fund type balances as reported on the combined statement of receipts, disbursements, and changes in fund balances (regulatory cash basis) as of December 31, 2023:

Cash and investments per note	
Carrying amount of deposits	\$ 3,413,529
Carrying amount of investments	5,192,412
Cash on hand	900
Total	\$ 8,606,841

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Fund balance per the financial statements	
General fund	\$ 1,638,394
Special revenue funds	686,028
Capital projects funds	600,824
Enterprise funds	5,681,595
Total	\$ 8,606,841

NOTE 6 - TAXES

A. Property Taxes

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility property located in the Village. Property tax revenue received during 2023 for real and public utility property taxes represents collections of 2022 taxes.

2023 real property taxes are levied after October 1, 2022, on the assessed value as of January 1, 2023, the lien date. Assessed values are established by State law at 35 percent of appraised market value. 2023 real property taxes are collected in and intended to finance 2024.

Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits later payment dates to be established.

Public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value; public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value. 2023 public utility property taxes which became a lien December 31, 2022, are levied after October 1, 2023, and are collected in 2024 with real property taxes.

The full tax rate for all Village operations for the year ended December 31, 2023, was \$11.17 per \$1,000 of assessed value. The assessed values of real property and public utility tangible property upon which 2023 property tax receipts were based are as follows:

2022

		2023
	Colle	ection Year
Real property	\$	53,279,140
Public utility personal property		1,002,580
Total assessed value	\$	54,281,720

B. Income Taxes

The Village levies a municipal income tax of 1.00% on substantially all earned income arising from employment, residency, or business activities within the Village as well as certain income of residents earned outside of the Village.

Employers within the Village withhold income tax on employee compensation and remit the tax to the Village either monthly or quarterly, as required. Corporations and other individual taxpayers pay estimated taxes quarterly and file a declaration annually.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

NOTE 7 - RISK MANAGEMENT

Workers' Compensation coverage is provided by the State of Ohio. The Village pays the State Workers' Compensation System a premium based on a rate per \$100 of salaries. This rate is calculated based on accident history and administrative costs.

Risk Pool Membership

The Village belongs to the Ohio Plan Risk Management, Inc. (OPRM) (the Plan) unincorporated non-profit association providing a formalized, jointly administered self-insurance risk management program and other administrative services to Ohio governments (Members). The Plan is legally separate from its member governments.

Pursuant to Section 2744.081 of the Ohio Revised Code, the plan provides property, liability, errors and omissions, law enforcement, automobile, excess liability, crime, surety and bond, inland marine and other coverages to its members sold through fourteen appointed independent agents in the State of Ohio.

Effective November 1, 2016, the OPRM elected to participate in a property loss corridor deductible. The property corridor includes losses paid between 70% and 75%. In 2018, the casualty loss corridor was eliminated and the property corridor was adjusted to losses paid between 65% and 70%. Effective November 1, 2019, the property loss corridor was adjusted to losses between 60% and 67.5% and has remain unchanged. OPRM had 801 members as of December 31, 2023.

The Plan's audited financial statements conform with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, with the exception of a qualified opinion related to recording premiums and membership fees earned in full as of December 31, 2023. Those premiums and fees should be earned pro-rata over the individual coverage and membership periods of each policy. The financial statements reported the following assets, liabilities and equity at December 31, 2023.

Assets \$ 23,113,696 Liabilities (16,078,587) Members' Equity \$ 7,035,109

You can read the complete audited financial statements for OPRM at the Plan's website, www.ohioplan.org.

NOTE 8 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

Some Village employees belong to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer plan. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes this plan's benefits, which include postretirement health care and survivor and disability benefits.

The Ohio Revised Code also prescribes contribution rates. OPERS members contributed 10.00% of their gross salaries, and the Village contributed an amount equaling 14.00% of participants' gross salaries. The Village has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2023.

Ohio Police and Fire Retirement System

The Village's full-time police officers belong to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F). OP&F is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer plan. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes this plan's benefits, which include postretirement health care and survivor and disability benefits.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

NOTE 8 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

The Ohio Revised Code also prescribes contribution rates. OP&F participants contributed 12.25% of their wages. The Village contributed to OP&F an amount equal to 19.50% of full-time police members' wages. The Village has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2023.

Social Security

Several employees contributed to Social Security. This plan provides retirement benefits, including survivor and disability benefits to participants.

Employees contributed 6.20% of their gross salaries. The Village contributed an amount equal to 6.20% of participants' gross salaries. The Village has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2023.

NOTE 9 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Both OPERS and OP&F offer cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment plans. OPERS offers a health reimbursement arrangement (HRA) allowance to benefit recipients meeting certain age and service credit requirements. The HRA is an account funded by OPERS that provides tax-free reimbursement for qualified medical expenses such as monthly post-tax insurance premiums, deductibles, co-insurance, and co-pays incurred by eligible benefit recipients and their dependents. OP&F uses a stipend-based health care model. A stipend funded by OP&F is placed in individual Health Reimbursement Accounts that retirees use to be reimbursed for health care expenses. For calendar year 2023, the portion of OPERS employer contributions allocated to health care was 0.00% for members in the traditional pension plan and 2.00% for members in the combined plan. For 2023, the portion of employer contributions OPERS allocated to health care for members in the member-directed plan was 4.00%; however, a portion of the health care rate was funded with reserves. OP&F contributes 0.50% to fund these benefits.

NOTE 10 - DEBT

Long-Term Obligations

	Interest		Original	
Debt Issue	Rate	Iss	ue Amount	Date of Maturity
Ohio Water Development Authority (OWDA) Loans:				
2007 Combined Sewer Overflow (CSO) - 4806	2.86%	\$	5,916,611	January 1, 2029
2009 Supplemental CSO - 5212	2.93%		348,916	January 1, 2029
2011 CSO Basin Improvements - 5953	3.36 - 3.77%		976,324	January 1, 2023
2019 West Water Service Extension - 8546	0.00%		201,740	July 1, 2040
2022 300,000 Gallon Elevated Water Storage Tank - 9997	3.34%		390,896	January 1, 2054
2022 Lake Winds Elevated Tank Rehabilitation - 9575	0.24%		203,660	January 1, 2043
Ohio Public Works Commission (OPWC) Loans:				
CE03R State Route 163 Waterline Replacement Phase II	0.00%		129,675	January 1, 2036
CE05X-0 Main Street Elevated Storage Tank	0.00%		162,500	July 1, 2040
AMP Ohio Loan:				
OMEGA JV5	Varies		1,572,761	February 15, 2030
General Obligation Bond:				
Capital Facilities Bond - Series 2020	Varies		4,999,000	September 1, 2060
Revenue Bonds:				
Water System Improvement Bond - Series 2020	2.50%		1,300,000	December 1, 2040
Electric System Improvement Bond - Series 2020	2.50%		900,000	December 1, 2040

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

NOTE 10 - DEBT - (Continued)

The Changes in the Village's long-term debt during 2023 were as follows:

	Interest Rates	Restated Balance at 1/1/23	 dditions	R	eductions	Balance at 12/31/23	Due in One Year
Proprietary Funds:							
Capital Facilities Bond	Varies	\$ 4,863,620	\$ -	\$	(88,752)	\$ 4,774,868	\$ 90,421
Water System Imp Bond	2.50%	1,170,000	-		(65,000)	1,105,000	65,000
Electric System Imp Bond	2.50%	810,000	-		(45,000)	765,000	45,000
OMEGA JV5	Varies	468,769	-		(23,329)	445,440	-
OPWC Loan	0.00%	90,772	162,500		(6,484)	246,788	14,609
OWDA Loans	0.00% to 3.77%	2,884,449	389,502		(419,874)	2,854,077	380,033
Total Proprietary Funds		10,287,610	552,002		(648,439)	10,191,173	595,063
Total Long-Term Obligations		\$ 10,287,610	\$ 552,002	\$	(648,439)	\$ 10,191,173	\$ 595,063

The Ohio Water Development Authority Loans were used for improvements to the Village's water treatment and sewer treatment systems. The loans will be paid from user charges.

The Village was the recipient of \$605,220 in OWDA loan principal forgiveness during previous audit periods for OWDA loan 8546. The Village is required to follow the guidelines of the loan agreements. The failure to do so could result in the Village being liable for the principal forgiven. The principal outstanding above assumes the Village will fully comply with the loan guidelines and assumes full principal forgiveness.

During 2015, the Village completed Phase II of the State Route 163 Waterline Replacement Project financed through the Ohio Public Works Commission totaling \$129,676 with 0% interest to be paid from user charges. During 2023 the Village completed a Main Street Elevated Storage Tank Projected financed through the Ohio Public Works Commission totaling \$162,500 with 0% interest to be paid from user charges.

The Omega JV5 debt relates to the purchase of Ohio Municipal Electronic Generation Agency Joint Venture (OMEGA JV5). OMEGA JV5 are distributive generation projects. OMEGA JV5 debt is composed of two series of bonds, the 2001 and the 2016 bonds. The 2001 bonds are accretion bonds with a series of balloon payments coming due around 2025. In order to not cause mass fluctuation in member rates, AMP Ohio is currently collecting ahead to be able to make those payments. As such the debt paid down will not always equal the amount of principal collected each year. An amortization schedule for the repayment of the debt is currently not available and, therefore, is not included in the schedule below. The January 1, 2023 balance was restated based on confirmation from AMP Ohio.

During 2020, the Village financed Water and Electric Systems improvements through revenue bonds totaling \$1,300,000 and \$900,000 with 2.5% interest for both. The Village also financed Capital Facilities with a general obligation bond with 1.875% interest.

During 2021, the Village incurred additional Capital Facilities bonds totaling \$1,452,167 with a variable interest rate.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

NOTE 10 - DEBT - (Continued)

Principal and interest requirements to retire long-term obligations outstanding at December 31, 2023 are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Capital Facilities Bond					Water System Imp Bond							
Ending December 31,	P	rincipal		Interest		Total		Principal		Interest		Total	
2024	\$	90,421	\$	89,105	\$	179,526	\$	65,000	\$	27,625	\$	92,625	
2025		92,125		87,402		179,527		65,000		26,000		91,000	
20256		93,861		85,666		179,527		65,000		24,375		89,375	
2027		95,629		83,898		179,527		65,000		22,750		87,750	
2028		97,429		82,096		179,525		65,000		21,125		86,125	
2029-2033		515,384		382,250		897,634		325,000		81,250		406,250	
2034-2038		565,795		331,841		897,636		325,000		40,625		365,625	
2039-2043		621,137		276,502		897,639		130,000		4,875		134,875	
2044-2048		681,889		215,750		897,639		-		-		-	
2049-2053		748,588		149,055		897,643		-		-		-	
2054-2058		821,805		75,837		897,642		-		-		-	
2059-2060		350,805		8,253		359,058		_		-		<u> </u>	
Total	\$	4,774,868	\$	1,867,655	\$	6,642,523	\$	1,105,000	\$	248,625	\$	1,353,625	

Fiscal Year	Electi	ric System Imp	Bond	OPWC Loans					
Ending December 31,	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total			
2024	\$ 45,000	\$ 19,125	\$ 64,125	\$ 14,609	\$ -	\$ 14,609			
2025	45,000	18,000	63,000	14,609	-	14,609			
2026	45,000	16,875	61,875	14,609	-	14,609			
2027	45,000	15,750	60,750	14,609	-	14,609			
2028	45,000	14,625	59,625	14,609	-	14,609			
2029-2033	225,000	56,250	281,250	73,045	-	73,045			
2034-2038	225,000	28,125	253,125	60,073	-	60,073			
2039-2043	90,000	3,375	93,375	40,625		40,625			
Total	\$ 765,000	\$ 172,125	\$ 937,125	\$ 246,788	\$ -	\$ 246,788			

Fiscal Year	OWDA Loans									
Ending December 31,		Principal		Interest		Total				
2024	\$ 380,033		\$	64,184	\$	444,217				
2025		394,939		60,444		455,383				
2026		405,814		49,569		455,383				
2027		417,003		38,380		455,383				
2028		428,516		26,867		455,383				
2029-2033		353,283		60,045		413,328				
2034-2038		158,405		47,857		206,262				
2039-2043		133,757		37,027		170,784				
2044-2048		78,955		24,695		103,650				
2049-2053		93,177		10,473		103,650				
2054		10,195		170		10,365				
Total	\$	2,854,077	\$	419,711	\$	3,273,788				

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

NOTE 11 - JOINT VENTURES AND PROJECTS

A. AMP Generating Station (AMPGS) Project

The Village is a member of American Municipal Power (AMP) and has participated in the AMP Generating Station (AMPGS) Project. This project was intended to develop a pulverized coal power plant in Meigs County, Ohio. The Village's project share was 1,000 kilowatts (kW) of a total 771,281 kW, giving the Village a 0.13 percent project share. The AMPGS Project required participants to sign "take or pay" contracts with AMP. As such, the participants are obligated to pay any costs incurred for the project. In November 2009, the participants voted to terminate the AMPGS Project due to projected escalating costs. These costs were therefore deemed impaired and participants were obligated to pay costs already incurred. In prior years, the payment of these costs was not considered probable due to AMP's pursuit of legal action to void them. As a result of a March 2014 legal ruling, the AMP Board of Trustees on April 15, 2014 and the AMPGS participants on April 16, 2014 approved the collection of the impaired costs and provided the participants with an estimate of their liability. The Village's estimated share of the impaired costs at March 31, 2014 was \$172,840. The Village received a credit of \$47,283 related to their participation in the AMP Fremont Energy Center (AFEC) Project, and another credit of \$45,225 related to the AMPGS costs deemed to have future benefit for the project participants. In addition the Village made payments totaling \$57,039 leaving an estimated net impaired cost balance of \$23,293. AMP financed these costs on its revolving line of credit. Any additional costs (including line-of-credit interest and legal fees) or amounts received related to the project will impact the Village's payments. These amounts will be recorded as they become estimable.

Since March 31, 2014 the Village has made payments of \$29,099 to AMP toward its net impaired cost estimate. Also since March 31, 2014, the Village's allocation of additional costs incurred by the project is \$2,171 and interest on its credit balance due to its payments, credited to the Village of \$762, resulting in a net credit balance at December 31, 2023 of \$4,397. The Village has opted to leave the credit balance with AMP to offset any additional AMPGS Project costs in the future. The Village does have a potential PHFU Liability of \$49,543 resulting in a net total potential liability of \$45,146, assuming the assets making up the PHFU (principally the land comprising the Meigs County site) have no value and also assuming the Village's credit balance would earn zero interest. Stranded costs as well as PHFU costs are subject to change, including future borrowing costs on the AMP line of credit. Activities include items such negative items as property taxes as well as positive items revenue from leases or sale of all or a portion of the Meigs County site property.

B. OMEGA JV2

The Village is a Non-Financing Participant and an Owner Participant with an ownership percentage of .55% and shares participation with thirty-five other subdivisions within the State of Ohio in the Ohio Municipal Electric Generation Agency (OMEGA JV2). Owner Participants own undivided interests, as tenants in common, in the OMEGA JV2 Project in the amount of their respective Project Shares. Purchaser Participants agree to purchase the output associated with their respective Project shares, ownership of which is held in trust for such Purchaser Participants. Pursuant to the OMEGA JV2 Agreement, the participants jointly undertook as either Financing

Participants or Non-Financing Participants and as either Owner Participants or Purchaser Participants, the acquisition, construction, and equipping of OMEGA JV2, including such portions of OMEGA JV2 as have been acquired, constructed or equipped by AMP and to pay or incur the costs of the same in accordance with the JV2 Agreement.

OMEGA JV2 is a cooperative project composed of 36 AMP member communities. The joint venture owns three gas turbine peaking generation units and 35 diesel units. The project has a subscribed capacity of 134,096 megawatts. Thirty-four of the diesel units were upgraded in 2015 with Diesel Oxidation Catalysts to meet the new RICE NESHAP rules. AMP manages the project on behalf of participants and can operate the diesel units remotely from its Energy Control Center to provide participating communities with reduced capacity costs, energy and transmission charges, and distributed generation during times of high market energy prices.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

NOTE 11 - JOINT VENTURES AND PROJECTS - (Continued)

The debt was extinguished in January of 2018. The Village's net investment in OMEGA JV2 was \$(10,834) at December 31, 2023. Complete financial statements for OMEGA JV2 may be obtained from AMP or from the State Auditor's website at www.ohioauditor.gov.

The thirty-six participating subdivisions and their respective ownership share at December 31, 2023 are:

	Percent	Kw		Percent	Kw
Municipality	Ownership	Entitlement	Municipality	Ownership	Entitlement
Hamilton	23.87%	32,000	Grafton	0.79%	1,056
Bowling Green	14.32%	19,198	Brewster	0.75%	1,000
Niles	11.48%	15,400	Monroeville	0.57%	764
Cuyahoga Falls	7.46%	10,000	Milan	0.55%	737
Wadsworth	5.81%	7,784	Oak Harbor	0.55%	737
Painesville	5.22%	7,000	Elmore	0.27%	364
Dover	5.22%	7,000	Jackson Center	0.22%	300
Galion	4.29%	5,753	Napoleon	0.20%	264
Amherst	3.73%	5,000	Lodi	0.16%	218
St. Mary's	2.98%	4,000	Genoa	0.15%	199
Montpelier	2.98%	4,000	Pemberville	0.15%	197
Shelby	1.89%	2,536	Lucas	0.12%	161
Versailles	1.24%	1,660	South Vienna	0.09%	123
Edgerton	1.09%	1,460	Bradner	0.09%	119
Yellow Springs	1.05%	1,408	Woodville	0.06%	81
Oberlin	0.91%	1,217	Haskins	0.05%	73
Pioneer	0.86%	1,158	Arcanum	0.03%	44
Seville	0.80%	1,066	Custar	0.00%	4
	95.20%	127,640		4.80%	6,441
			Grand total	100.00%	134,081

Under the Village's cash basis of accounting, the equity interest in OMEGA JV2 is not reported as an asset in the accompanying cash basis financial statements.

C. OMEGA JV5

The Village is a Financing Participant with an ownership percentage of .94%, and shares participation with forty-one other subdivisions within the State of Ohio in the OMEGA JV5. Financing Participants own undivided interests, as tenants in common, without right of participation in the OMEGA JV5 Project.

Pursuant to the OMEGA JV5 Agreement (Agreement), the participants jointly undertook as Financing Participants, the acquisition, construction, and equipping of OMEGA JV5, including such portions of OMEGA JV5 as have been acquired, constructed or equipped by AMP.

OMEGA JV5 was created to construct a 42 Megawatt (MW) run-of-the-river hydroelectric plant (including 40MW of backup generation) and associated transmission facilities (on the Ohio River near the Bellville, West Virginia Locks and Dam) and sells electricity from its operations to OMEGA JV5 Participants.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

NOTE 11 - JOINT VENTURES AND PROJECTS - (Continued)

Also pursuant to this Agreement, each participant has an obligation to pay its share of debt service on Beneficial Interest Certificates (Certificates) from the revenues of its electric system, subject only to the prior payment of Operating & Maintenance Expenses (O&M) of each participant's System and shall be on a parity with any outstanding and future senior electric system revenue bonds, notes or other indebtedness payable from any revenues of the System.

On dissolution of OMEGA JV5, the net assets will be shared by the financing participants on a percentage of ownership basis. Under the terms of the Agreement each participant is to fix, charge and collect rates, fees and charges at least sufficient in order to maintain a debt coverage ratio equal to 110% of the sum of OMEGA JV5 debt service and any other outstanding senior lien electric system revenue obligations. As of December 2023, Village has met its debt coverage obligation.

The Agreement provides that the failure of any JV5 participant to makes any payment due by the due date thereof constitutes a default. In the event of a default, OMEGA JV5 may take certain actions including the termination of a defaulting JV5 Participant's entitlement to Project Power. Each Participant may purchase a pro rata share of the defaulting JV5 Participant's entitlement of Project Power, which together with the share of the other non-defaulting JV5 Participants, is equal to the defaulting JV5 Participant's ownership share of the project, in kilowatts (Step Up Power) provided that the sum of any such increases shall not exceed, without consent of the non-defaulting JV5 Participant, an accumulated maximum kilowatts equal to 25% of such non-defaulting JV5 Participant's ownership share of the project prior to any such increases.

In 1993, OMEGA JV5 assigned to a trustee the obligations of its participants to make payments for their respective ownership shares in the "Belleville Project," a 42 MW run-of-the-river hydroelectric generating facility on an Army Corps dam near Belleville, Ohio, an associated transmission line in Ohio and backup diesel generation owned by OMEGA JV5. AMP is responsible for operation of the Belleville Project. The hydroelectric generation associated with the Belleville Project has been operational since June 1999. The diesel generation units have been in service since 1995. OMEGA JV5 Participants have approved the retirement and sale of diesel units. The Federal Energy Regulatory Commission license for the Belleville Project runs through August 31, 2039. As of December 31, 2023, \$47,243,614 of the 2001 Belleville Beneficial Interest Certificates (2001 BICs) with a final maturity of 2030 was outstanding. The 2001 BICs are capital appreciation bonds with a final aggregate maturity amount of \$56,125,000. In addition, on February 15, 2014, AMP redeemed \$70,990,000 of the 2004 Belleville Beneficial Interest Certificates with the proceeds of a draw on the Line of Credit, which draw was evidenced by the proceeds of a note (the JV5 Note). On January 29, 2016, OMEGA JV5 caused the issuance of \$49,745,000 Belleville Beneficial Interest Refunding Certificates, Series 2016 (the 2016 BICs) to pay a portion of the outstanding balance of the JV5 Note and to pay costs of issuance. The balance of the JV5 Note and the 2016 BICs has since been retired. As of December 31, 2023, the outstanding debt was \$47,243,614

The Village's net investment and its share of the operating results of OMEGA JV5 are reported in the Village's Electric Operating Fund (an Enterprise Fund). The Village's net investment to date in OMEGA JV5 was \$28,172 at December 31, 2023. Complete financial statements for OMEGA JV5 can be obtained from AMP at 1111 Schrock Road, Columbus, Ohio 43229, or from the State Auditor's website at www.ohioauditor.gov.

D. Combined Hydroelectric Projects

AMP owns and operates three hydroelectric projects, the Cannelton, the Smithland and the Willow Island hydroelectric generating facilities (the Combined Hydroelectric Projects), all on the Ohio River, with an aggregate generating capacity of approximately 208 MW. Each of the Combined Hydroelectric Projects is in commercial operation and consists of run-of-the-river hydroelectric generating facilities on existing Army Corps dams and includes associated transmission facilities. AMP holds the licenses from FERC for the Combined Hydroelectric Projects.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

NOTE 11 - JOINT VENTURES AND PROJECTS - (Continued)

To provide financing for the Combined Hydroelectric Projects, AMP has issued eight series of its Combined Hydroelectric Projects Revenue Bonds (the Combined Hydroelectric Bonds), in an original aggregate principal amount of \$2,254,955,000 and consisting of taxable, tax-exempt and tax advantaged obligations (Build America Bonds, Clean Renewable Energy Bonds and New Clean Renewable Energy Bonds). The Combined Hydroelectric Bonds are secured by a master trust indenture and payable from amounts received by AMP under a take-or-pay power sales contract with 79 of its Members. As of December 31, 2023, \$2,059,888,824 aggregate principal amount of the Combined Hydroelectric Bonds were outstanding under the indenture securing the Combined Hydroelectric Bonds.

The Village has executed a take-or-pay power sales contract with AMP as a participant of the Combined Hydroelectric Projects of 500 kW or 0.24% of capacity and associated energy from the Combined Hydroelectric Projects.

E. AMP Fremont Energy Center (AFEC)

On July 28, 2011, AMP acquired from FirstEnergy Generation Corporation (FirstEnergy) the Fremont Energy Center (AFEC), then nearing completion of construction and located in Fremont, Sandusky County, Ohio. Following completion of the commissioning and testing, AMP declared AFEC to be in commercial operation as of January 20, 2012. The AMP Fremont Energy Center is a natural gas fired, combined cycle, electric power generation plant with a capacity of 512 MW (unfired)/675 MW (fired), consisting of two combustion turbines, two heat recovery steam generators and one steam turbine and condenser. AMP subsequently sold a 5.16% undivided ownership interest in AFEC to Michigan Public Power Agency and entered into a power sales contract with the Central Virginia Electric Cooperative for the output associated with a 4.15% undivided ownership interest in AFEC. The output of AFEC associated with the remaining 90.69% undivided ownership interest (the 90.69% Interest) is sold to AMP Members pursuant to a take-or-pay power sales contract with 87 of its members (the "AFEC Power Sales Contract").

To provide permanent financing for the 90.69% Interest, in 2012, AMP issued, in two series \$546,085,000 of its AMP Fremont Energy Center Project Revenue Bonds (the AFEC Bonds), consisting of taxable and tax-exempt obligations. The AFEC Bonds are net revenue obligations of AMP, secured by a master trust indenture and payable from amounts received by AMP under the AFEC Power Sales Contract. On December 20, 2017, AMP issued bonds to refund all of the callable tax-exempt AFEC Bonds issued in 2012. As of December 31, 2023, \$378,790,000 aggregate principal amount of AFEC Bonds was outstanding.

The Village has executed a take-or-pay power sales contract with AMP as a participant of the AFEC of 440 kW or 0.09% of capacity and associated energy from the AFEC.

F. Prairie State Energy Campus

On December 20, 2007, AMP acquired a 23.26% undivided ownership interest (the PSEC Ownership Interest) in the Prairie State Energy Campus (PSEC), a two-unit, supercritical coal-fired power plant designed to have a net rated capacity of approximately 1,582 MW and associated facilities in southwest Illinois. The PSEC Ownership Interest is held by AMP 368 LLC, a single-member Delaware limited liability company (AMP 368 LLC). AMP is the owner of the sole membership interest in AMP 368 LLC. Construction of the PSEC commenced in October 2007. Unit 1 of the PSEC commenced operations in the second quarter of 2012 and Unit 2 of the PSEC commenced operations in the fourth quarter of 2012.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

NOTE 11 - JOINT VENTURES AND PROJECTS - (Continued)

From July 2008 through September 2010, AMP issued five series of Prairie State Energy Campus Revenue Bonds (collectively, the Initial Prairie State Bonds) to finance PSEC project costs and PSEC related expenses. The Initial Prairie State Bonds consist of tax-exempt, taxable and tax advantaged Build America Bonds issued in the original aggregate principal amount of \$1,696,800,000. On January 14, 2015 and November 30, 2017, AMP issued bonds to refund all of the callable tax-exempt Initial Prairie State Bonds issued in 2008 and 2009. As of December 31, 2023, AMP had \$1,315,450,000 aggregate principal amount of Prairie State Bonds.

AMP sells the power and energy from the PSEC Ownership Interest pursuant to a take-or-pay power sales contract with 68 Members (the Prairie State Participants). The Prairie State Bonds are net revenue obligations of AMP, secured by a master trust indenture, payable primarily from the payments to be made by the Prairie State Participants under the terms of the Prairie State Power Sales Contract.

The Village has executed a take-or-pay power sales contract with AMP as a participant of the PSEC of 995 kW or 0.27% of capacity and associated energy from the PSEC.

G. Solar Electricity Prepayment Project

In 2016, AMP entered into the NextEra PPA pursuant to the terms of which AMP agreed to purchase and a subsidiary of NextEra agreed to sell all of the power and energy generated by solar generation facilities (each, a System), each of which is located behind the meter of an AMP Member's Electric System. Under the terms of the NextEra PPA, AMP is required to prepay for twenty-five years of energy to be generated by each System at a "P90" confidence interval, meaning that, in any given year, the probability of exceeding such level of production is ninety percent (90%), and assuming a 0.5% degradation factor. Sixteen Systems with a rated capacity of approximately 58.325 MW have entered commercial operation. Amp has issued two series of Bonds consisting of the Series 2019A and 2020A in the amount of \$80,675,000 to provide financing for the project. As of December 31, 2023, AMP had \$73,155,000 aggregate principal amount of Solar Electricity Bonds.

The Village has executed a take-or-pay power sales contract with AMP as a participant of the System of 667 Kw or 1.14% of capacity and associated energy from the System.

NOTE 12 - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Management believes there are no pending claims or lawsuits.

Amounts grantor agencies pay to the Village are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor, principally the federal government. The grantor may require refunding any disallowed costs. Management cannot presently determine amounts grantors may disallow. However, based on prior experience, management believes any refunds would be immaterial.

NOTE 13 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

A. Portage Fire District

The Village is a member of Portage Fire District (the District). The District is comprised of the Village of Oak Harbor (the Village) and Salem Township (the Township). A three-member Board of Trustees governs the District. The Village and the Township each appoint one member. The third member is a citizen of the District and is approved jointly by the Village and Township. The District provides fire protection services within the District and by contract to areas outside the District. Financial information can be obtained by contacting the District Fiscal Officer at 242 West Water Street, Oak Harbor, Ohio 43449.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

NOTE 13 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS - (Continued)

B. Regional Income Tax Agency

The Regional Income Tax Agency (RITA) is a regional council of governments formed to establish a central collection facility for the purpose of administering the income tax laws of the members and for the purpose of collecting income taxes on behalf of each member. RITA currently has approximately 350 members in the council of governments. Each member has one representative to the council of governments and is entitled to one vote on items under consideration. RITA is administered by a nine-member board of trustees elected by the members of the council of governments. The board exercises total control over RITA's operation including budgeting, appropriating, contracting and designating management. Each participant's degree of control is limited to its representation on the council. For 2023, the Village paid RITA \$22,453 for income tax collection services.

NOTE 14 - INTERFUND TRANSFERS

During 2023, the following transfers were made:

Fund Type	Tra	ns fers In	Transfers Out			
General Special revenue Capital projects	\$	2,245 5,642 90,000	\$	97,887 - -		
Total	\$	97,887	\$	97,887		

The above mentioned transfers from/to were used to move receipts form the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them; and to use unrestricted receipts collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations. Nonroutine transfers from the General Fund were in compliance with Ohio Revised Code to account for unclaimed monies budgeted in a separate fund but reported in the General fund for financial reporting purposes.

NOTE 15 - FUND BALANCES

Included in fund balance are amounts the Village cannot spend, including the balance of unclaimed monies which cannot be spent for five years. Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control.

At year end the balances of these amounts were as follows:

Fund Balances	General		Special Revenue		Capital Projects		Total	
Nonspendable: Unclaimed Monies	\$	9,931	\$	-	\$	-	\$	9,931
Outstanding Encumbrances		111,853		62,516		24,942		199,311
Total	\$	121,784	\$	62,516	\$	24,942	\$	209,242

The fund balance of Special Revenue funds is either restricted or committed. The fund balance of Capital Projects funds is restricted, committed, or assigned. These restricted, committed and assigned amounts in the Special Revenue and Capital Projects funds would include the outstanding encumbrances. In the General Fund, outstanding encumbrances are considered assigned.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

NOTE 16 - AMP REVENUE COVERAGE

To provide electric service to the citizens, the Village is a member of Ohio Municipal Electric Generation Agency (OMEGA) Joint Ventures as described in Note 11. The Village is liable for debt related to the financing of the OMEGA joint ventures. The activity is accounted for in the Village's Electric Fund, which is reported as part of the combined Enterprise Fund Type in the financial statements.

Summary financial information for the Electric Fund is presented below:

		2023
Total Fund Cash Balance	\$	2,401,878
Total Long-Term Debt	\$	1,210,440
Condensed Operating Information:		
Operating Receipts		
Charges for Services	\$	3,018,250
Other Operating Receipts	Ψ	52,887
Total Operating Receipts		3,071,137
Total Operating Receipts		3,071,137
Operating Expenses		
Personal Services		307,034
Employee Fringe Benefits		193,144
Contractual Services		2,063,564
Supplies and Materials		54,963
Travel		2,315
Total Operating Expenses		2,621,020
Operating Income		450,117
Nonoperating Disbursements		
Capital outlay		(46 807)
•		(46,897)
Principal Payments Interest Payments		(68,329)
Excise tax - electric fund		(80,845)
		(96,194) 157,852
Change in Fund Cash Balance		
Beginning Fund Cash Balance	<u> </u>	2,244,026
Ending Fund Cash Balance	\$	2,401,878
Condensed Cash Flows Information:		2023
Net Cash Provided by:		
Operating Activities	\$	450,117
Noncapital Financing Activities		
Other Noncapital Financing Activities - excise tax		(96,194)
Capital and Related Financing Activities		
Principal Payments on Capital and Related Debt		(68,329)
Interest Payments on Capital and Related Debt		(80,845)
Payment for capital purchases		(46,897)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities		(196,071)
Net Increase		157,852
Beginning Fund Cash Balance		2,244,026
Ending Fund Cash Balance	\$	2,401,878

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65 East State Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 ContactUs@ohioauditor.gov 800-282-0370

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Village of Oak Harbor Ottawa County P.O. Box 232 Oak Harbor, Ohio 43449-0232

To the Village Council:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), the financial statements of the cash balances, receipts, and disbursements for each governmental and proprietary fund type as of and for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 and the related notes to the financial statements of the Village of Oak Harbor, Ottawa County, Ohio (the Village), and have issued our report thereon dated November 18, 2025, wherein we noted the Village followed financial reporting provisions Ohio Rev. Code § 117.38 and Ohio Admin. Code § 117-2-03(C) permit.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Village's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Village's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We identified a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings as item 2024-001 that we consider to be a material weakness.

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Village of Oak Harbor
Ottawa County
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Required by Government Auditing Standards
Page 2

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Village's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matter that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings as item 2024-002.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Village's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

KEITH FABER Ohio Auditor of State

Jiffany J. Ridenbaugh
Tiffany L. Ridenbaugh, CPA, CFE, CGFM
Chief Deputy Auditor

November 18, 2025

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

FINDING NUMBER 2024-001

Material Weakness - Financial Reporting

In our audit engagement letter, as required by AU-C Section 210, *Terms of Engagement*, paragraph .06, management acknowledged its responsibility for the preparation and fair presentation of their financial statements; this responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error as discussed in AU-C Section 210 paragraphs .A14 & .A16.

In 2024, Ohio Public Works Commission Fund intergovernmental receipts, loan proceeds and capital outlay disbursements were increased in the amounts of \$144,895, \$80,302 and \$225,197 respectively in order to properly account for Ohio Public Works Commission activity paid directly to the vendor(s) on behalf of the Village. As part of these adjustments, actual receipts and budgetary expenditures were also increased by the same amount in order to bring the amounts reported in the Budgetary Activity note to the financial statements in line with actual amounts

These errors were not identified and corrected prior to the Village preparing its financial statements and notes to the financial statements due to deficiencies in the Village's internal controls over financial statement monitoring. The failure to adequately monitor financial statements and notes to the financial statements could allow for misstatements to occur and go undetected. The accompanying financial statements and notes to the financial statements have been adjusted to reflect these changes. In addition to the adjustments noted above, we also identified additional misstatements and ranging from \$3,901 to \$88,343 that we have brought to the Village's attention.

The Village should adopt policies and procedures, including a final review of the financial statements and notes to the financial statements by the Fiscal Officer and Village Council to help identify and correct errors and omissions.

FINDING NUMBER 2024-002

Noncompliance Citation

Ohio Rev. Code § 5705.10(I) requires that money paid into any fund shall be used only for the purposes for which such fund is established.

Therefore, a negative fund cash balance in any fund indicates that money from another fund or funds has been used to pay the obligations of the fund carrying the deficit balance.

Due to deficiencies in the Villag's internal controls, the Community Planning Fund and Water/Wastewater Infrastructure SR 163 Fund had deficit fund balances of \$16,660 and \$265,983, respectively, at December 31, 2024. The Community Planning Fund also had a deficit fund balance of \$13,933 at December 31, 2023. Negative fund balances could result in the use of restricted receipts for unallowable purposes.

Procedure(s) and control(s), such as the management and/or Village Council's periodic review of reports that show cash fund balances, and budgeted versus actual receipts and disbursements, should be implemented to identify those funds that may potentially develop a negative balance.

Village of Oak Harbor Ottawa County Schedule of Findings Page 2

FINDING NUMBER 2024-002 (Continued)

Advances or transfers should be made for these funds or appropriations modified to prevent a negative cash balance. The Village should refer to Ohio Compliance Supplement (OCS) Chapter 1 and/or Auditor of State Bulletin 97-003 for information regarding the accounting treatment and approval process for advances.

Officials' Response:

We did not receive a response from Officials to the findings reported above.



VILLAGE OF OAK HARBOR

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Danna McClanahan Fiscal Officer

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Status	Additional Information			
2022-001	Finding was first reported during the audit of the 2017 financial statements. Material weakness for errors in financial reporting. Not corrected and reissued as Finding 2024-001 in this report.		This matter was not corrected due to deficiencies in the Village's internal controls over financial reporting. The Village will make provisions to remedy inconsistencies in the future.			

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VILLAGE OF OAK HARBOR

OTTAWA COUNTY

AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 12/2/2025

65 East State Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370