

LAWRENCE COUNTY PORT AUTHORITY
LAWRENCE COUNTY
SINGLE AUDIT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024



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OHIO AUDITOR OF STATE
KEITH FABER



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Board of Directors
Lawrence County Port Authority
305 N 5th St.
Ironton, OH 45638

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Lawrence County Port Authority, Lawrence County, prepared by Millhuff-Stang, CPA, Inc., for the audit period January 1, 2024 through December 31, 2024. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Lawrence County Port Authority is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

KEITH FABER
Ohio Auditor of State

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Tiffany L. Ridenbaugh".

Tiffany L. Ridenbaugh, CPA, CFE, CGFM
Chief Deputy Auditor

January 23, 2026

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Lawrence County Port Authority
Lawrence County
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Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors
Lawrence County Port Authority
305 North 5th Street
Ironton, Ohio 45638

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the business-type activities of the Lawrence County Port Authority, (the Port Authority), a component unit of Lawrence County, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Port Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the business-type activities of the Lawrence County Port Authority, Lawrence County, Ohio, as of December 31, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Port Authority, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Port Authority's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards*, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Port Authority's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Port Authority's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

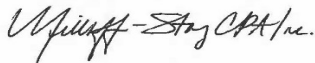
Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Port Authority's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations (CFR)* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statement themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 17, 2025 on our consideration of the Port Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Port Authority's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Port Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



Millhuff-Stang, CPA, Inc.
Wheelersburg, Ohio

September 17, 2025

Introduction

The discussion and analysis of the Lawrence County Port Authority's financial performance provides an overview of the Port Authority's financial performance as a whole for the year ended December 31, 2024. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the Port Authority's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the Port Authority's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for the year ended December 31, 2024, are as follows:

- Total assets increased \$674,677 or 10%, between 2023 and 2024. Total liabilities increased \$899,636 or 26%, between 2023 and 2024. Total net position decreased \$203,654 or 8%, between 2023 and 2024.
- Total operating revenues decreased \$1,173,045 or 23% between 2023 and 2024. Total operating expenses decreased \$1,073,504, or 21%, between 2023 and 2024.

Using this Annual Financial Report

This financial report contains the basic financial statements of the Port Authority, as well as the Management's Discussion and Analysis and notes to the basic financial statements. The basic financial statements include a statement of net position, statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position, and a statement of cash flows. As the Port Authority reports its operations using enterprise fund accounting, all financial transactions and accounts are reported as one activity, therefore the entity-wide and the fund presentation information is the same.

Statement of Net Position

The statement of net position answers the question, "How did we do financially during the year?" This statement includes all assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term, using the accrual basis of accounting and the economic resources focus, which is similar to the accounting used by private sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all revenues and expenses during the year regardless of when the cash is received or paid.

This statement reports the Port Authority's net position, however, in evaluating the overall position and financial viability of the Port Authority, non-financial information, such as the condition of the Port Authority's capital assets, will also need to be evaluated.

Table 1 provides a summary of the Port Authority's net position for 2024 and 2023.

Table 1
Net Position

	2024	Restated 2023	Change
Assets:			
Current assets	\$ 937,766	\$ 1,702,914	\$ (765,148)
Capital assets, net	2,649,706	2,408,277	241,429
Non-current assets (other than capital)	<u>3,609,320</u>	<u>2,410,924</u>	<u>1,198,396</u>
Total assets	7,196,792	6,522,115	674,677
Liabilities:			
Current liabilities	1,411,432	1,305,142	106,290
Long-term liabilities	<u>2,934,387</u>	<u>2,141,041</u>	<u>793,346</u>
Total liabilities	<u>4,345,819</u>	<u>3,446,183</u>	<u>899,636</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources:			
Unearned revenues	554,974	576,279	(21,305)
Net position:			
Net investment in capital assets	2,206,474	1,956,284	250,190
Unrestricted	<u>89,525</u>	<u>543,369</u>	<u>(453,844)</u>
Total net position	<u>\$ 2,295,999</u>	<u>\$ 2,499,653</u>	<u>\$ (203,654)</u>

The increase in total assets between 2023 and 2024 was primarily due to increase in due advances from affiliates and notes receivable. There were advances to reclamation properties in 2024. The increase in total liabilities between 2023 and 2024 is due to increase in notes payable. There were new notes payable in 2024 to City of Ironton, Lawrence County, Lawrence Economic Development Corporation and to Ironton-Lawrence County Community Action Organization, Inc. The increase in notes payable was partially offset by a decrease in contracts payable as the Authority had significant obligations on projects at the end of 2023 but were significantly lesser at the end of 2024 as those larger projects were completed during 2023 and new projects had not incurred quite as significant obligations by year-end.

Table 2 provides a summary of changes in the Port Authority's net position for 2024 and 2023.

Table 2
Changes in Position

	2024	2023	Change
Operating revenues:			
Grants/reimbursement contracts	3,448,496	\$ 4,785,032	\$ (1,336,536)
Service fees	122,403	144,608	(22,205)
Rent income	33,130	40,977	(7,847)
In-kind contributions	153,831	133,194	20,637
Contributions and other income	180,856	7,950	172,906
Total operating revenues	<u>3,938,716</u>	<u>5,111,761</u>	<u>(1,173,045)</u>
Operating expenses:			
Professional fees	61,410	64,822	(3,412)
Consultants/contractual	3,656,715	4,806,207	(1,149,492)
Space costs	169,296	148,625	20,671
Insurance	57,940	45,492	12,448
Equipment lease and maintenance	8,692	12,979	(4,287)
Depreciation	138,916	133,344	5,572
Amortization	9,283	9,283	-
Other	46,389	1,393	44,996
Total operating expenses	<u>4,148,641</u>	<u>5,222,145</u>	<u>(1,073,504)</u>
Non-operating revenues/(expenses):			
Interest Income	30,760	24,779	5,981
Interest Expense	(24,489)	(27,698)	3,209
Total non-operating revenues/(expenses)	<u>6,271</u>	<u>(2,919)</u>	<u>9,190</u>
Change in net position	(203,654)	(113,303)	(90,351)
Beginning net position	<u>\$ 2,499,653</u>	<u>2,612,956</u>	<u>(113,303)</u>
Ending net position	<u>\$ 2,295,999</u>	<u>\$ 2,499,653</u>	<u>\$ (203,654)</u>

The decrease in total operating revenues between 2023 and 2024 was primarily due to a decrease in grants awarded to the Port Authority. The most significant projects in 2023 were the Biomass and Sandusky Road projects. These were completed in 2024, and lesser funds received for them as compared to the prior year. The decrease in total operating expenses between 2023 and 2024 was due to contracts related to the state grants, which also relate to the previously mentioned projects.

Capital Assets

At December 31, 2024, the Port Authority had a total of \$3,941,582 invested in capital assets less accumulated depreciation/amortization of \$1,291,876 resulting in total capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization, of \$2,649,706. Depreciation and amortization expenses for the year totaled \$138,915 and \$8,761, respectively. See Note 3 of the notes to the basic financial statements for more detailed information on the Port Authority's capital assets.

Debt Administration

The Port Authority finances construction in progress primarily through the issuance of debt. At December 31, 2024, debt outstanding was \$1,888,435. See Note 11 of the notes to the basic financial statements for more detailed information on the Port Authority's debt obligations.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Port Authority's finances and to show the Port Authority's accountability for the money it receives spends and invests. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to Dr. Bill Dingus, Executive Director of Lawrence Economic Development Corporation, 216 Collins Avenue, South Point, Ohio 45680 or Kelly Adkins, CFO of Ironton-Lawrence County Area Community Action Organization, Inc., 305 N. 5th Street, Ironton, Ohio 45638

Lawrence County Port Authority
Statement of Net Position
December 31, 2024

Assets:

Current Assets:

Cash	\$ 187,887
Lease receivable	21,882
Grants receivable	727,997
	937,766

Capital Assets:

Land	340,587
Buildings	1,936,858
Equipment	1,313,713
Right of Use Asset	350,424
Accumulated depreciation/amortization	(1,291,876)
	2,649,706

Other long-term assets:

Capitalized costs	8,948
Due from affiliates	2,417,106
Notes receivable	650,174
Lease receivable - net of current position	533,092
	3,609,320

Total assets	\$ 7,196,792
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Liabilities:

Current liabilities:

Accounts payable	\$ 71,398
Contracts payable	495,239
Current portion due to affiliates	126,276
Accrued expenses	10,919
Current portion of notes payable	707,600
	1,411,432

Long-term liabilities:

Notes payable, net of current portion	1,180,835
Due to affiliates, net of current portion	1,753,552
	2,934,387

Total liabilities	4,345,819
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Deferred Inflows of Resources:

Leases	554,974
Total deferred inflows of resources	554,974

Net position:

Net investment in capital assets	2,206,474
Unrestricted net position	89,525
Total net position	2,295,999

Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position	\$ 7,196,792
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The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Lawrence County Port Authority
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position
Year Ended December 31, 2024

Operating revenues:

Grants and reimbursement contracts	\$ 3,448,496
Service fees	122,403
Rent income	33,130
Contributions	180,856
In-kind contributions	153,831
Total operating revenues	3,938,716

Operating expenses:

Professional fees	61,410
Consultants/contractual	3,656,715
Space costs	169,296
Insurance	57,940
Equipment lease and maintenance	8,692
Depreciation and amortization	148,199
Other	46,389
Total operating expenses	4,148,641

Operating loss (209,925)

Non-operating revenues/(expenses):

Interest Income	30,760
Interest Expense	(24,489)
Total non-operating revenues/(expenses)	6,271

Change in net position (203,654)

Net position at beginning of year 2,499,653

Net position at end of year \$ 2,295,999

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Lawrence County Port Authority
Statement of Cash Flows
Year Ended December 31, 2024

Cash flows from operating activities:

Cash from grants and reimbursement contracts	\$ 4,101,064
Cash from service fees	122,403
Cash from rental income	33,130
Cash from contributions and other income	180,856
Cash payments for goods and services	<u>(4,434,134)</u>
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>3,319</u>

Cash flows from investing activities:

Purchase of equipment	<u>(389,105)</u>
Net cash used in investing activities	<u>(389,105)</u>

Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:

Advances to/from affiliates	(708,219)
Advances for notes receivable	<u>(300,000)</u>
Net cash used in noncapital financing activities	<u>(1,008,219)</u>

Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:

Cash from proceeds of borrowings	1,288,000
Cash from lease and other interest	30,760
Principal paid on debt	(13,898)
Cash payment for interest	<u>(24,489)</u>
Net cash provided by capital and related financing activities	<u>1,280,373</u>

Net change in cash	\$ (113,632)
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Cash at beginning of year	<u>301,519</u>
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Cash at end of year	<u>\$ 187,887</u>
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Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash provided by operating activities:

Operating loss	\$ (209,925)
Depreciation and amortization	148,199
Changes in assets and liabilities:	
Decrease in grants receivable	652,568
(Decrease) in accounts/contracts payable and accrued expenses	<u>(587,523)</u>
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>\$ 3,319</u>

Supplemental disclosure:

Non-cash in-kind contributions	<u>\$ 153,831</u>
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The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Lawrence County Port Authority was established to exercise the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio pursuant to the authority of Section 4582.21 to 4582.59 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Port Authority was created on December 2, 2004, by the Lawrence County Commissioners. The purpose of the Port Authority is to be involved in the activities that enhance, foster, aid, provide, or promote transportation, economic development, housing, recreation, education, governmental operations, culture, or research within Lawrence County. The Port Authority provides services that are enumerated in Sections 4582.21 to 4582.59 of the Ohio Revised Code. These services included but are not limited to the power to purchase, construct, reconstruct, enlarge, improve, equip, develop, sell, exchange, lease, convey other interest in, and operate Port Authority facilities to accomplish these activities.

The Port Authority is statutorily created as a separate and distinct political subdivision of the State. The Authority was governed by a five-member Board of Directors appointed by the Lawrence County Commissioners. As of June 1, 2013, the Port Authority entered into an agreement where the Ironton Port Authority merged into the Lawrence County Port Authority. This merger resulted in the Lawrence County Port Authority going from a five-member board to a nine-member Board of Directors that is appointed by the Lawrence County Commissioners. Lawrence County Port Authority did not receive any assets or liabilities as a result of this merger. However, the Port Authority will eventually receive certain excluded assets, as defined in the transfer agreement from the City of Ironton at a future date. The Port Authority is a component unit of Lawrence County, Ohio. Ironton – Lawrence County Area Community Action Organization, Inc. is the fiscal agent for the Port Authority. Ironton – Lawrence County Area Community Action Organization, Inc. and Lawrence Economic Development Corporation provides administrative staff and services for the Port Authority for no fee. These services are recorded as in-kind contributions in the financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to local governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (the "GASB") is the standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles, which are primarily set forth in the GASB's Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards (GASB Codification).

A. *Reporting Entity*

The accompanying basic financial statements comply with the provisions of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America in that the financial statements include all organizations, activities, functions and component units for which the Port Authority (the primary government) is financially accountable. The Port Authority is financially accountable for an organization if it has (1) the ability to appoint a voting majority of another entity's governing body and to impose its will on that entity, (2) the potential for that entity to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on others, and (3) the entity's fiscal dependency on others.

Based on the foregoing, the Port Authority's financial reporting entity has no component units.

The Port Authority participates in a joint venture, Old Engineer Property, LLC. The joint venture is presented in Note 14.

B. *Basis of Presentation*

The Port Authority operates a self-supporting governmental enterprise and uses accounting policies applicable to governmental enterprise funds. All transactions are accounted for in a single enterprise fund.

C. Measurement Focus

The enterprise fund is accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the Port Authority are included on the statement of net position. The statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net position. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the Port Authority finances and meets the cash flow needs of its enterprise activity.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. The Port Authority's financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the Port Authority receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include grant revenue received by the Port Authority. Grant revenue is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted. Under the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

E. Budgetary Process

Ohio Revised Code Section 4582.39 requires the Port Authority annually to prepare a budget. No further approvals or actions are required under section 4582 of the Ohio Revised Code.

F. Cash

The Port Authority maintains a cash management program whereby cash is deposited with a banking institution in Lawrence County. The agreements restrict activity to certain deposits. The deposits are stated at cost, which approximate market value. Investments procedures are restricted by the provision of the Ohio Revised Code. For the purpose of the Statement of Cash Flows, the Port Authority considers all high liquid investments with maturities of less than three months (including restricted assets) to be cash equivalents.

G. Capital Assets

Capital assets utilized by the Port Authority are reported on the statement of net position. All capital assets are capitalized at cost, unless donated. Donated capital assets are reported at their acquisition values as of the date received. Improvements are capitalized. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over estimated useful lives ranging from three to forty years. The Authority maintained a capitalization threshold of \$5,000 through September 30, 2024. For capitalized assets recognized on or after October 1, 2024, the Authority utilized a capitalization threshold of \$10,000.

Amortization of intangible right to use leased assets is computed using the straight-line method over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset.

H. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the Port Authority or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. The Port Authority applies restricted resources when

an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

The Port Authority did not have any restricted net position for 2024.

I. Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from primary activities. For the Port Authority, these revenues are grants, contributions, and fees. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the goods or services that are the primary activity of the Port Authority. Revenues and expenses not meeting these definitions are reported as nonoperating.

J. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

K. Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. For the Port Authority, deferred inflows of resources include the present value of future lease payments.

NOTE 2 - CASH

Deposits

For the year ended December 31, 2024, the carrying amount of the Port Authority's deposits was \$187,887 and the depository balance was \$223,512. The Port Authority's deposits at year-end consisted entirely of deposits with one financial institution. There was no uninsured balance in excess of \$250,000 Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insured amounts at December 31, 2024.

NOTE 3 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2024, was as follows:

	Balance at 12/31/2023	Additions	Disposals	Balance at 12/31/2024
Capital assets not being depreciated/amortized				
Land	\$ 340,587	\$ -	\$ -	340,587
Capital assets being depreciated/amortized				
Buildings	1,936,858	-	-	1,936,858
Equipment	924,608	389,105	-	1,313,713
Right of Use Asset	350,424	-	-	350,424
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization				
Building	(479,346)	(61,484)	-	(540,830)
Equipment	(650,253)	(77,431)	-	(727,684)
Right of Use Asset	(14,601)	(8,761)	-	(23,362)
Capital assets, net	<u>\$ 2,408,277</u>	<u>\$ 241,429</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 2,649,706</u>

Right to Use Asset

The Port Authority is the lessee in a lease with the City of Ironton for the building at the Wolohan Lumber site. The lease began in March 2022 and is scheduled to end in April 2121. Under the lease agreement, the lessee is required to pay the cost of taxes, insurance, utilities, maintenance, and repair of the property. The Port Authority has recognized a right to use asset of \$350,424. In accordance with GASB 87, the Port Authority is amortizing the asset over the lesser of the lease term of 99 years or the useful life of the underlying asset of the building, therefore, the building is amortized over 40 years. The amortization for the year ended totaled \$8,761. Accumulated amortization totaled \$23,362 as of December 31, 2024. The estimated amortization for the next 37 years is \$8,761 per year.

NOTE 4 – DUE FROM AFFILIATES

Changes in due from affiliates of the Port Authority during the year ended December 31, 2024, consisted of the following:

	<u>Balance at 12/31/2023</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Payments</u>	<u>Reclass</u>	<u>Balance at 12/31/2024</u>
Old Engineers Property, LLC	\$ 278,793	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 278,793
Reclamation Properties	1,223,904	914,409	-	-	2,138,313
Proctors Landing	343,308	6,866	-	(350,174)	-
	<u>\$ 1,846,005</u>	<u>\$ 921,275</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (350,174)</u>	<u>\$ 2,417,106</u>

All of the due from affiliates is considered non-current assets on December 31, 2024.

NOTE 5 – NOTES RECEIVABLE

Changes in notes receivable of the Port Authority during the year ended December 31, 2024, consisted of the following:

	<u>Balance at 12/31/2023</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Payments</u>	<u>Reclass</u>	<u>Balance at 12/31/2024</u>
Proctors Landing	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 350,174	\$ 350,174
Applewood Apartments LP	-	300,000	-	-	300,000
	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 300,000</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 350,174</u>	<u>\$ 650,174</u>

In 2016, the Port Authority entered into a note receivable for \$300,000 with Proctors Landing bearing interest at 2% per annum, compounded annually. The entire unpaid principal and interest are due and payable in March 2049. Accrued interest payable totaled \$50,174 as of December 31, 2024. During 2024, Proctors Landing due from affiliate was reclassified to notes receivable.

In 2024, the Port Authority entered into a note receivable for a maximum amount of \$300,000 with Applewood Family Apartments LP bearing interest at 2% per annum, compounded annually. As of December 31, 2024, the balance due totaled \$300,000. The entire unpaid principal and interest are due and payable in July 2050. There was no accrued interest payable as of December 31, 2024.

NOTE 6 - DUE TO AFFILIATES

Changes in due to affiliates of the Port Authority during the year ended December 31, 2024, consisted of the following:

	<u>Balance at</u> <u>12/31/2023</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Payments</u>	<u>Balance at</u> <u>12/31/2024</u>
Ironton Lawrence County Area Community Action Organization, Inc.	\$ 445,336	\$ 272,279	\$ (40,630)	\$ 676,985
City of Ironton	500,000	-	-	500,000
Lawrence County	500,000	-	-	500,000
Lawrence Economic Development Corporation	202,843	-	-	202,843
	<u>\$ 1,648,179</u>	<u>\$ 272,279</u>	<u>\$ (40,630)</u>	<u>\$ 1,879,828</u>

At December 31, 2024, \$1,753,552 of the \$1,879,828 balance due to affiliates is considered non-current.

NOTE 7 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Ironton-Lawrence County Area Community Action Organization, Inc. provided \$153,831 of in-kind contributions to Lawrence County Port Authority in 2024 for consulting services in providing administrative services.

NOTE 8 - RISK MANAGEMENT

Lawrence County Port Authority is exposed to various risk of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties.

Settled claims have not exceeded the Port Authority's commercial insurance coverage for any of the past three years: there have been no claims. There has been no significant reduction in coverage in relation to the prior year.

NOTE 9 - CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT RISK

Lawrence County Port Authority's primary assets consist of land, capital assets and lease receivables located in Lawrence County, Ohio. Lawrence County Port Authority's primary source of income has been private and state loans, state and federal grants used in the remedial development of industrial property that is ultimately sold at fair market value. The purpose of Lawrence County Port Authority's sale of industrial property is to promote the creation of industrial related jobs in Lawrence County and property sales are typically made at or below cost. Lawrence County Port Authority has been totally dependent on local and state loans, and state and federal funds for its continued existence.

NOTE 10 - CONTINGENCIES

The Port Authority has received federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agency or their designee. These audits could lead to a request for reimbursement to the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under terms of the grant. Based upon prior experience, the Board of Directors believes such disallowance, if any, will be immaterial. Lawrence County Port Authority is not a defendant in any lawsuit.

NOTE 11 - NOTES PAYABLE

Changes in note obligations of the Port Authority during the year ended December 31, 2024, consisted of the following:

	<u>Balance at 12/31/2023</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Payments</u>	<u>Balance at 12/31/2024</u>	<u>Due in One Year</u>
Peoples Bank	\$ 203,248	\$ -	\$ (7,593)	\$ 195,655	\$ 7,782
Ohio Valley Bank	244,085	-	(6,305)	237,780	6,804
Ironton Lawrence County Area Community Action Organization, Inc. (ILCAO)	167,000	520,000	-	687,000	443,014
City of Ironton	-	222,000	-	222,000	-
Lawrence County	-	222,000	-	222,000	-
Lawrence Economic Development Corporation	-	324,000	-	324,000	250,000
	<u>\$ 614,333</u>	<u>\$ 1,288,000</u>	<u>\$ (13,898)</u>	<u>\$ 1,888,435</u>	<u>\$ 707,600</u>

On March 18, 2021, the Port Authority entered into a loan agreement with Citizens Deposit Bank (now Peoples Bank). The Loan Agreement is for \$224,063 for twenty years and is collateralized by an open-end mortgage on the property. The terms of the note provide among other things, for repayment in equal monthly installments including principal at 4.0% initial interest, The note matures in April 2041.

On December 16, 2022, the Port Authority entered into a loan agreement with The Ohio Valley Bank. The loan agreement is for \$250,000 for twenty years and is collateralized by assignment of leases and rents. The terms of the noted provide among other things for repayment in equal monthly payments including principal and initial interest which is indexed at the 5 year treasury index plus 3.125%. The note matures in December 2042.

On September 18, 2023, the Port Authority entered into a loan agreement with Ironton-Lawrence County Community Action Organization, Inc. (ILCAO). The loan agreement is for \$167,000 for five years with 0% interest. The note matures with a balloon payment in September 2028.

On July 19, 2024, the Port Authority entered into a loan agreement with Lawrence Economic Development Corporation (LEDC). The loan agreement is for \$250,000 with 0% interest. The note is payable on demand.

On May 1, 2024, the Port Authority entered into a loan agreement with LEDC. The loan agreement is for \$74,000 for five years with 0% interest. The note matures with a ballon payment in April 2029.

On April 18, 2024, the Port Authority entered into a loan agreement with ILCAO. The loan agreement is for \$520,000 with 0% interest. The note is payable upon collection of grant reimbursements by the Port Authority.

On May 1, 2024, the Port Authority entered into a loan agreement with City of Ironton. The loan agreement is for \$222,000 for five years with 0% interest. The note matures with a ballon payment in April 2029.

On May 1, 2024, the Port Authority entered into a loan agreement with Lawrence County. The loan agreement is for \$222,000 for five years with 0% interest. The note matures with a ballon payment in April 2029.

Maturities of indebtedness during each of the five years and thereafter subsequent to December 31, 2024, are as follows:

		Principal		Interest
2025	\$	707,600	\$	25,166
2026		15,436		24,317
2027		16,338		23,416
2028		184,294		22,459
2029		536,309		21,443
2030-2034		109,132		89,635
2035-2039		145,916		52,851
2040-2042		173,410		8,927
		\$ 1,888,435		\$ 268,214

On April 23, 2013, the Port Authority, Lawrence Economic Development Corporation and the KYOVA Interstate Planning Commission (“the Commission”) entered into a loan agreement with the Ohio Department of Transportation to construct a crane foundation as part of the sheet pile dock staging facility used for transferring goods from barges to road. This loan is payable solely from and secured by a pledge of the Commission’s Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality Improvement Program ODOT Sub-Allocation. The loan does not constitute a debt or pledge of the faith and credit of the Port Authority, and accordingly has not been reported in the accompanying financial statements. The note was paid in full during 2024.

In March 2016, the Port Authority authorized the issuance and sale of revenue bonds in an amount not to exceed \$8,500,000 for the purpose of developing certain Port Authority facilities. In April 2016, the Port Authority entered into a lease agreement with Precision Paint Systems, LLC for the use of the aforementioned facilities. The bonds are payable from and secured by a pledge of the rental and other revenues pursuant to the aforementioned lease. These bonds do not constitute a debt or pledge of the faith and credit of the Port Authority, and accordingly has not been reported in the accompanying financial statements. At December 31, 2024, the outstanding balance on the note was \$3,479,728.

NOTE 12 – LEASES

Operating Lease – Short Term

The Port Authority entered into a property lease with River City Depot, LLC in March 2014 to provide for property for the Depot Restaurant. The original lease term ended in March 2020 and was renewed for a period of five years at a monthly rate of \$1,000 per month. The renewed lease term ended in March 2024. Thereafter, the lease was considered month-to-month. Rent payments received for 2024 totaled \$12,000.

Direct Financing Leases

The Port Authority is the lessor in a direct financing lease with the Ironton Lawrence County Area CAO for property at the former Ohio University Building at Hanging Rock, Ohio. The lease began in March 2021 and is scheduled to end in March 2041. Under the lease agreement, the lessee has a bargain option to purchase the leased property at the end of the lease term and, during the term of the lease, is required to pay the cost of taxes, insurance, utilities, maintenance, and repair of the property. The Port Authority recognized a lease receivable of \$197,690 that is equal to the future minimum lease payments to be received. The unearned portion of the lease is reported as a deferred inflow of resources.

The following represents the future minimum lease payments to be received by the Port Authority at December 31, 2024:

	Year	Amount
	2025	\$ 16,402
	2026	16,402
	2027	16,402
	2028	16,402
	2029	16,402
	2030-2034	82,010
	2035-2039	82,010
	2040-2041	21,866
Total future minimum lease payments		267,896
Less: interest		(70,206)
Net minimum lease receivable		\$ 197,690

The Port Authority is the lessor in a lease with the Ironton Lawrence County Area Community Action Organization for property at North 7th Street, Ironton, Ohio. The lease began in December 2022 and is scheduled to end in December 2042. Under the lease agreement, the lessee has option to purchase the leased property at the end of the lease term at \$1 and, during the term of the lease, is required to pay the cost of taxes, insurance, utilities, maintenance, and repair of the property. The Port Authority recognized a lease receivable of \$357,284 that is equal to the present value of future minimum lease payments to be received. The unearned portion of the lease is reported as a deferred inflow of resources.

The following represents the future minimum lease payments to be received by the Port Authority at December 31, 2024:

	Year	Amount
	2025	\$ 28,320
	2026	28,320
	2027	28,320
	2028	28,320
	2029	28,320
	2030-2034	141,600
	2035-2039	141,600
	2040-2042	84,990
Total future minimum lease payments		509,790
Less: interest		(152,506)
Net minimum lease receivable		\$ 357,284

NOTE 13 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Port Authority evaluates events and transactions occurring subsequent to the date of the financial statements for matters requiring recognition or disclosure in the financial statements.

In January 2025, the Port Authority signed a grant agreement with the State of Ohio that awards the Port Authority \$5,000,000 for the Wayne National Forest Welcome Center project.

In February 2025, the Ohio Department of Natural Resources signed a grant agreement that awards the Port Authority \$750,000 to construct a park and recreation or conservation facility referred to as the GRIT Chesapeake Community Center.

NOTE 14 – JOINT VENTURE

The Port Authority is a member of the Old Engineer Property LLC (the Company), which is a limited liability company organized pursuant to Ohio Revised Code Chapter 1705 to acquire, own, hold, develop, manage, lease and sell real property and associated personal property commonly known as the “Old County Engineer Property” and “Lawrence County Children’s Home.” The Company operates as a partnership with the Port Authority holding a 25% partnership interest. The other members include the Ironton-Lawrence County Area Community Action Agency, Inc. and Lawrence Economic Development Corporation. The members have an ongoing financial responsibility to the Company and contribute cash and/or property to the capital of the Company when called for by the Company’s management committee. The Port Authority did not pay any capital contributions to the Company for the year ended December 31, 2024. Complete financial statements of the joint venture can be obtained from the Ironton-Lawrence County Community Action Agency, Inc. at 305 North 5th Street, Ironton, Ohio 45638.

NOTE 15 – CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES AND RESTATEMENT OF PREVIOUSLY REPORTED BALANCES

For 2024, the Authority implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 100, “Accounting Changes and Error Corrections”.

GASB Statement No. 100 prescribes accounting and financial reporting for (1) each category of accounting change and (2) error corrections. Statement 100 also addresses how accounting changes and error corrections should be displayed in financial statements, disclosed in notes, and presented in required supplementary information and supplementary information.

The Authority previously reported a lease receivable that ultimately did not meet the requirements of GASB Statement No. 87. Although this error did not affect previously reported net position, it was noted that leases receivable and deferred inflows of resources were overstated by \$259,926 at December 31, 2023 and was corrected as of January 1, 2024.

Lawrence County Port Authority
Lawrence County
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal AL Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
<u>U.S. Department of Transportation</u>			
Direct from the Federal Government			
Federal Transit Cluster:			
Buses and Bus Facilities Formula, Competitive, and Low or No Emissions Programs - OH-2019-005	20.526	N	\$1,441
COVID-19 Federal Transit Formula Grants - OH-2021-030	20.507	N	53,327
Federal Transit Formula Grants - OH-2023-033	20.507	N	809,395
Buses and Bus Facilities Formula, Competitive, and Low or No Emissions Programs - OH-2023-033	20.526	N	<u>114,042</u>
Total Federal Transit Cluster			<u>978,205</u>
Total U.S. Department of Transportation			978,205
<u>U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development</u>			
Direct from the Federal Government			
Continuum of Care Program - OH0434L5E072211	14.267	N	18,349
Continuum of Care Program - OH0434L5E072312	14.267	N	<u>20,316</u>
			38,665
Pass Through from Ironton-Lawrence County Area CAO, Inc.			
Continuum of Care Program - OH0188L5EO72215	14.267	N/A	33,849
Continuum of Care Program - OH0188L5EO72316	14.267	N/A	<u>108,179</u>
			<u>142,028</u>
Total Continuum of Care Program			<u>180,693</u>
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			<u>180,693</u>
Total Federal Awards Expenditures			<u><u>\$1,158,898</u></u>

N/A - not applicable

N - direct award

See the accompanying notes to the schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

Lawrence County Port Authority
Lawrence County
Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
2 CFR 200.510(b)(6)
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE 1 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures (Schedule) includes the federal award activity of Lawrence County Port Authority under programs of the federal government for the year ended December 31, 2024.

The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Since the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Lawrence County Port Authority, it is not intended to and does not present Lawrence County Port Authority's net position, change in net position, or cash flows.

NOTE 2 – SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

(b) Lawrence County Port Authority has elected not to use the 10 percent de minimus indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

(c) Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

NOTE 3 – DOT FEDERAL TRANSIT – FORMULA GRANTS

Cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Transportation are commingled with State grants. It is assumed federal monies are expended first.

NOTE 4 – MATCHING REQUIREMENTS

Certain Federal programs require the Lawrence County Port Authority to contribute non-federal funds (matching funds) to support the federally funded programs. The Lawrence County Port Authority has met its matching requirements. The schedule does not include the expenditures of non-federal matching funds.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors
Lawrence County Port Authority
305 North 5th Street
Ironton, Ohio 45638

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), the financial statements of the business-type activities of the Lawrence County Port Authority, Lawrence County, Ohio (the Port Authority) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Port Authority's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 17, 2025.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Port Authority's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Port Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Port Authority's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We identified a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2024-001, that we consider to be a material weakness.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

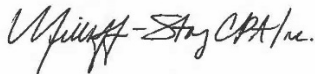
As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Port Authority's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Port Authority's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the Port Authority's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The Port Authority's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.



Millhuff-Stang, CPA, Inc.
Wheelersburg, Ohio

September 17, 2025

**Report on Compliance For Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance
Required by the Uniform Guidance**

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors
Lawrence County Port Authority
305 North 5th Street
Ironton, Ohio 45638

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited compliance of the Lawrence County Port Authority, Lawrence County, Ohio (the Port Authority) with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on the Port Authority's major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2024. The Port Authority's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the Port Authority complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2024.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Port Authority and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Port Authority's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the Port Authority's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the Port Authority's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the Port Authority's compliance with the requirements of the major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the Port Authority's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of the Port Authority's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Port Authority's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Lawrence County Port Authority

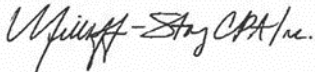
Report on Compliance For Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Page 3

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.



Millhuff-Stang, CPA, Inc.
Wheelersburg, Ohio

September 17, 2025

Lawrence County Port Authority
Lawrence County
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs
2 CFR Section 200.515
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

Section I – Summary of Auditor’s Results

<i>Financial Statements</i>		
Type of report the auditor issued on whether the financial statements audited were prepared in accordance with GAAP:		Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting:		
	Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes
	Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	None reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?		No
<i>Federal Awards</i>		
Internal control over major program(s):		
	Material weakness(es) identified?	No
	Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	None reported
Type of auditor’s report issued on compliance for major programs:		Unmodified
Any auditing findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?		No
Identification of major program(s):		Federal Transit Cluster (AL #20.507 and 20.526)
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:		Type A: >\$750,000 Type B: All Others
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		No

Section II – Financial Statement Findings

Finding Number 2024-001 – Material Weakness – Financial and Federal Schedule Reporting

A monitoring system by the Port Authority should be in place to prevent or detect misstatements for the accurate presentation of the financial statements and federal schedule.

During testing, we noted that the Port Authority had misclassifications and misstatements in capital asset balances. We noted that the Port Authority included land improvement items in the land classification on the financial statements and accompanying note disclosures. Although corrected within the capital asset accounting records, this correction was not translated into the annual financial report. Further, with the correction within the accounting records, the Port Authority corrected depreciation balances; however, these corrections also were not brought forward to the financial report.

Additionally, we noted errors in lease receivable balances and related deferred inflows of resources and a misclassification of contracts payable, as well as various errors identified within note disclosures.

Certain errors were deemed material and were corrected in the financial statements. Other errors were deemed immaterial by both the auditors and management and correction was waived. Modifications were made to correct note disclosure errors.

During testing of the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, we noted various errors, including not identifying programs as clusters where appropriate, errors in reporting of Assistance Listing Numbers within clusters, errors in reporting of expenses, and inclusion of programs under old Assistance Listing numbers where new numbers had been assigned by the federal government. These corrections were made to the schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

Lawrence County Port Authority
Lawrence County
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs
2 CFR Section 200.515
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

Finding Number 2024-001 – Material Weakness – Financial and Federal Schedule Reporting (Continued)

The Port Authority should implement additional operating and monitoring procedures to ensure that transactions are properly recorded and reported and that identified errors are timely identified and properly resolved as well as to ensure that note disclosures are properly presented.

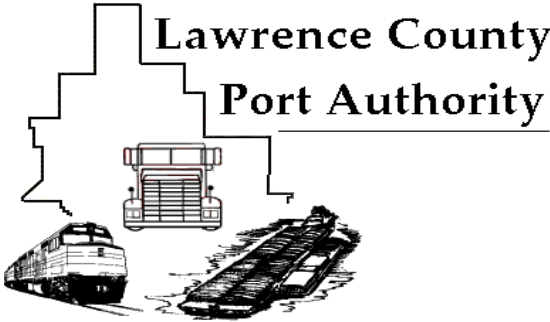
Client Response:

See accompanying corrective action plan.

Section III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs
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None

Administrative Office
 216 Collins Ave
 South Point, OH 45680
 740-377-4550
 740-377-2091 (fax)

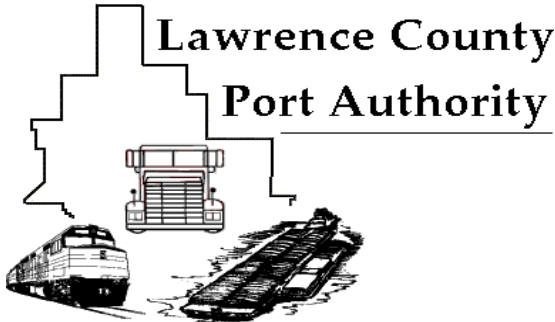


Financial Office 305 N. 5th Street
 Ironton, OH 45638
 740-532-3534 ext 236
 740-532-5489 (fax)

Lawrence County Port Authority
Lawrence County
Corrective Action Plan
2 CFR Section 200.511(c)
For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2024

Finding Number	Planned Corrective Action	Anticipated Completion Date	Responsible Contact Person
2024-001	We will review our processes with internal staff and consultants to ensure transactions are appropriately recorded and reported.	Immediately	Kelly Adkins, CFO

Administrative Office
 216 Collins Ave
 South Point, OH 45680
 740-377-4550
 740-377-2091 (fax)



Financial Office 305 N. 5th Street
 Ironton, OH 45638
 740-532-3534 ext 236
 740-532-5489 (fax)

Lawrence County Port Authority
Lawrence County
Schedule of Prior Audit Findings
2 CFR Section 200.511(b)
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Fully Corrected?	Not Corrected, Partially Corrected; Significantly Different Corrective Action Taken; or Finding No Longer Valid; <i>Explain</i>
Finding 2023-001	Material Weakness – Financial Reporting	No	Reissued as finding 2024-001

OHIO AUDITOR OF STATE KEITH FABER



LAWRENCE COUNTY PORT AUTHORITY

LAWRENCE COUNTY

AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 2/5/2026

65 East State Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215
Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370

This report is a matter of public record and is available online at
www.ohioauditor.gov