



OHIO AUDITOR OF STATE
KEITH FABER



**MARIEMONT CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
HAMILTON COUNTY
JUNE 30, 2025**

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**MARIEMONT CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
HAMILTON COUNTY
JUNE 30, 2025**

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OHIO AUDITOR OF STATE KEITH FABER

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Mariemont City School District
Hamilton County
2 Warrior Way
Cincinnati, Ohio 45227

To the Board of Education:

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Mariemont City School District, Hamilton County, Ohio (District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Mariemont City School District, Hamilton County, Ohio as of June 30, 2025, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 17 to the financial statements, during 2025, the District adopted new accounting guidance in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards*, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

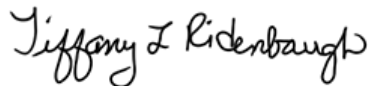
Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, required budgetary comparison schedule, and schedules of net pension and other post-employment benefit liabilities and pension and other post-employment benefit contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 4, 2026, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

KEITH FABER
Ohio Auditor of State



Tiffany L. Ridenbaugh, CPA, CFE, CGFM
Chief Deputy Auditor

June 4, 2026

Mariemont City School District, Ohio
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025
(Unaudited)

The discussion and analysis of Mariemont City School District's (the District's) financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review notes to the basic financial statements and financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2025 are as follows:

- Net position of governmental activities increased \$3,811,143 which represents a 110% increase from 2024.
- General revenues accounted for \$35,433,478 in revenue or 94% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted for \$2,124,063 or 6% of total revenues of \$37,557,541.
- The District had \$33,746,398 in expenses related to governmental activities; \$2,124,063 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenues of \$35,433,478 were also used to provide for these programs.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The *Government-wide Financial Statements* provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. *Fund financial statements* provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. The General Fund and the Bond Retirement Fund are the major funds of the District.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2025?" The Government-wide Financial Statements answer this question. These statements include *all assets and deferred outflows*, and *liabilities and deferred inflows* using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

Mariemont City School District, Ohio
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025
(Unaudited)

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in net position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the financial position has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, both financial and non-financial. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the Government-wide Financial Statements, the overall financial position of the District is presented as Governmental Activities – All of the District's programs and services are reported as Governmental Activities including instruction, support services, operation of noninstructional services, extracurricular activities, and interest and fiscal charges.

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the District's major funds is presented in the Fund Financial Statements. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds.

Governmental Funds Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual* accounting, which measures cash and all other *financial assets* that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed *short-term view* of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental *activities* (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental *funds* is reconciled in the financial statements.

Fiduciary Funds Fiduciary Funds are used to account for resources held for the benefits of parties outside the government. Fiduciary Funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs. The District does not present any fiduciary funds.

The District as a Whole

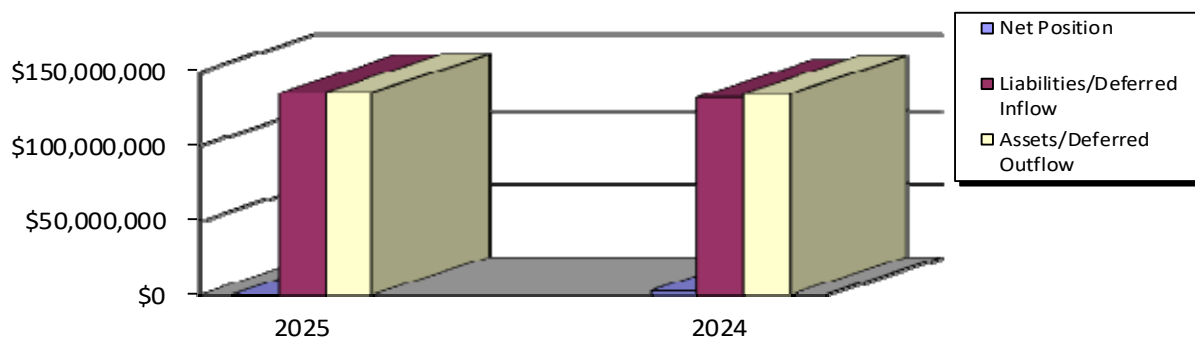
As stated previously, the Statement of Net Position looks at the District as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the District's net position for 2025 compared to 2024:

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Mariemont City School District, Ohio
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025
(Unaudited)

Table 1
Net Position

	Governmental Activities	
	2025	2024
Assets:		
Current and Other Assets	\$54,433,698	\$51,144,588
Net OPEB Asset	1,790,214	1,798,620
Capital Assets	73,299,190	75,350,901
Total Assets	129,523,102	128,294,109
Deferred Outflows of Resources:		
Deferred Charge on Refunding	1,070,429	1,119,020
OPEB	806,403	948,897
Pension	4,908,872	5,007,697
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	6,785,704	7,075,614
Liabilities:		
Other Liabilities	3,254,688	3,400,914
Long-Term Liabilities	110,895,083	109,148,357
Total Liabilities	114,149,771	112,549,271
Deferred Inflows of Resources:		
Property Taxes	16,196,201	15,472,520
OPEB	2,671,048	2,793,553
Pension	2,937,636	2,065,552
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	21,804,885	20,331,625
Net Position:		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	(6,595,365)	(5,782,433)
Restricted	17,529,477	13,682,650
Unrestricted	(10,579,962)	(5,411,390)
Total Net Position	\$354,150	\$2,488,827



Over time, net position can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2025, the District's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$354,150.

Mariemont City School District, Ohio
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024
(Unaudited)

At year-end, capital assets represented 57% of total assets. Capital assets include land, construction in progress, buildings and improvements, equipment, and vehicles. Capital assets, net of related debt to acquire the assets at June 30, 2025, were (\$6,595,365). These capital assets are used to provide services to the students and are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A portion of the District's net position, \$17,529,477 represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they must be used. The external restriction will not affect the availability of fund resources for future use.

Total assets increased from the prior year mainly due to the increase in current and other assets. Long-term liabilities increased due to changes in debt.

Table 2 shows the changes in net position for fiscal years 2025 and 2024.

Table 2
Changes in Net Position

	Governmental Activities	
	2025	2024
Revenues:		
Program Revenues		
Charges for Services	\$1,005,647	\$1,031,529
Operating Grants, Contributions	1,118,416	1,987,693
General Revenues:		
Property Taxes	28,897,147	25,033,712
Grants and Entitlements	5,144,357	5,056,072
Investment Earnings	920,349	1,064,227
Other	471,625	193,826
Total Revenues	37,557,541	34,367,059
Program Expenses:		
Instruction	18,633,817	17,805,004
Support Services:		
Pupil and Instructional Staff	3,386,922	3,504,066
School Administrative, General		
Administration, Fiscal and Business	2,992,211	2,995,191
Operations and Maintenance	3,163,090	3,353,517
Pupil Transportation	1,205,257	1,121,441
Central	213,596	178,617
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	562,038	593,777
Extracurricular Activities	1,062,162	1,076,673
Interest and Fiscal Charges	2,527,305	2,550,835
Total Program Expenses	33,746,398	33,179,121
Change in Net Position	3,811,143	1,187,938
Net Position - Beginning of Year, Restated	(3,456,993)	1,300,889
Net Position - End of Year	\$354,150	\$2,488,827

Mariemont City School District, Ohio
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025
(Unaudited)

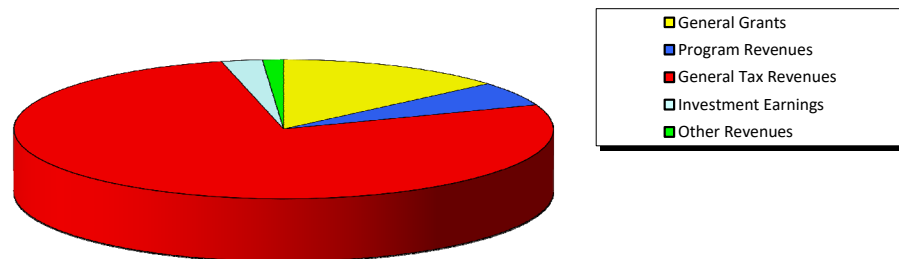
The District revenues are mainly from two sources. Property taxes levied for general, debt service and capital related purposes, and grants and entitlements comprised 91% of the District's revenues for governmental activities.

The District depends greatly on property taxes as a revenue source. The unique nature of property taxes in Ohio creates the need to routinely seek voter approval for operating funds. The overall revenues generated by a levy will not increase solely as a result of inflation. As an example, a homeowner with a home valued at \$100,000 and taxed at 1.0 mill would pay \$35.00 annually in taxes. If three years later the home were reappraised and increased to \$200,000 (and this inflationary increase in value is comparable to other property owners) the effective tax rate would become .5 mills and the owner would still pay \$35.00.

Thus Ohio districts dependent upon property taxes are hampered by a lack of revenue growth and must regularly return to the voters to maintain a constant level of service. Property taxes made up 77% of revenue for governmental activities for the District in fiscal year 2025.

Governmental Activities
Revenue Sources

	2025	Percentage
General Grants	\$5,144,357	13.70%
Program Revenues	2,124,063	5.66%
General Tax Revenues	28,897,147	76.94%
Investment Earnings	920,349	2.45%
Other Revenues	471,625	1.26%
Total Revenue Sources	<u>\$37,557,541</u>	<u>100.0%</u>



Instruction comprises 55% of governmental program expenses. Support services expenses were 32% of governmental program expenses. All other expenses including interest and fiscal charges were 13%. Interest expense was attributable to the outstanding bond and borrowing for capital projects.

Program revenues decreased from the prior year due to a decrease in operating grants and contributions. General revenues increased due to an increase in property taxes.

Governmental Activities

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. Table 3 shows, for government activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. These services are mainly supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State entitlements.

Mariemont City School District, Ohio
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025
(Unaudited)

Table 3
Governmental Activities

	Total Cost of Services		Net Cost of Services	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Instruction	\$18,633,817	\$17,805,004	(\$17,501,501)	(\$16,399,498)
Support Services:				
Pupil and Instructional Staff	3,386,922	3,504,066	(3,170,165)	(3,103,275)
School Administrative, General				
Administration, Fiscal and Business	2,992,211	2,995,191	(2,992,211)	(2,995,191)
Operations and Maintenance	3,163,090	3,353,517	(3,163,090)	(3,053,517)
Pupil Transportation	1,205,257	1,121,441	(1,166,796)	(1,080,826)
Central	213,596	178,617	(213,596)	(178,617)
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	562,038	593,777	(221,180)	(180,076)
Extracurricular Activities	1,062,162	1,076,673	(666,491)	(618,064)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	2,527,305	2,550,835	(2,527,305)	(2,550,835)
Total Expenses	<u>\$33,746,398</u>	<u>\$33,179,121</u>	<u>(\$31,622,335)</u>	<u>(\$30,159,899)</u>

The District's Funds

The District has two major governmental funds: the General Fund and the Bond Retirement Fund. Assets of these funds comprised \$48,437,831 (89%) of the total \$54,433,698 governmental funds assets.

General Fund: Fund balance at June 30, 2025 was \$18,043,242 including \$16,782,079 of unassigned balance. The District had a decrease in fund balance of \$1,395,004. The decrease was due to a transfer out from the general fund to capital project funds.

Bond Retirement: Fund balance at June 30, 2025 was \$11,308,843 an increase in fund balance of \$1,122,365 from 2024.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's Budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

The District uses site-based budgeting and the budgeting systems are designed to tightly control total site budgets but provide flexibility for site management. During the course of the year, the District revised the Budget in an attempt to deal with unexpected changes in revenues and expenditures.

For the General Fund, final budget basis revenue was \$26,714,837, compared to original budget estimates of \$26,134,369.

The District's unobligated cash balance for the General Fund was \$11,288,906.

Mariemont City School District, Ohio
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025
(Unaudited)

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2025, the District had \$73,299,190 invested in land, construction in progress, buildings and improvements, equipment, and vehicles. Table 4 shows fiscal year 2025 balances compared to fiscal year 2024:

Table 4
Capital Assets at Year End
(Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities	
	2025	2024
Land	\$1,158,482	\$1,158,482
Construction in Progress	0	411,018
Buildings and Improvements	71,258,043	72,847,017
Equipment and Vehicles	882,665	934,384
Total Net Capital Assets	<u>\$73,299,190</u>	<u>\$75,350,901</u>

Total Net Capital Assets decreased in 2025 as compared to 2024 due to disposals and depreciation expense exceeding additions within the District.

See Note 6 to the Basic Financial Statements for further details on the District's capital assets.

Debt

At June 30, 2025, the District had \$81,247,848 in debt outstanding, \$1,506,895 due within one year. Table 5 summarizes total debt outstanding.

Table 5
Outstanding Debt at Year End

	2025	2024
General Obligation Bonds Payable:		
Refunding Bonds 2019	\$26,480,000	\$26,615,000
Capital Appreciation Bonds 2019 - principal	69,816	69,816
Capital Appreciation Bonds 2019 - interest	282,864	190,278
Lease Revenue Bonds 2019	39,260,000	39,890,000
Certificate of Participation	730,000	840,000
Permanent Improvement Bonds 2010 QSCB	11,135,000	11,135,000
Refunding Bonds - 2015	525,000	1,030,000
Premium and Discount on Bonds	2,459,483	2,606,038
Notes Payable	305,685	66,500
Total Outstanding Debt at Year End	<u>\$81,247,848</u>	<u>\$82,442,632</u>

See Notes 7 to the Basic Financial Statements for further details on the District's obligations.

Mariemont City School District, Ohio
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025
(Unaudited)

Economic Outlook

The Ohio Department of Education explains the school funding model in Ohio as follows:

The funding of K-12 public schools in Ohio is a joint effort between the state and local school districts. Since the 1970s through FY 2009, with the exception of a few years, Ohio's funding formula was foundation based by means of which a per pupil amount determined by the General Assembly as the per-pupil resource for provision of a basic adequate education was multiplied by the number of pupils to determine the base funding of the school districts. From this product, the local share of the basic adequate amount or the charge off was subtracted to arrive at the state share of the base funding. Additional funding was also provided for services targeted to categories of pupils such as handicapped, vocational, gifted, and economically disadvantaged as well as some adjustments and funding guarantees.

The 2010-11 biennial budget (Am.Sub. HBI of the 128th General Assembly) established another new funding formula called the Evidence-Based Model (EBM). Am. Sub. HB 153 of the 129th General Assembly repealed the EBM and implemented a temporary funding formula, the Bridge Formula, for the 12-13 school year as a new funding formula was developed. The State revised the funding model in June, 2013 and adopted HB 59, the FY 14 and FY 15 biennium budget which again changed our funding formula, but not our funding. In June 2015, Ohio's Governor signed HB64, the state biennium budget bill for FY 16 and FY 17. This made further changes to the funding formula.

Given the uncertainty of the school funding formula and the economic conditions within the State, the level at which the State will fund schools in the future remains uncertain. State Funding was reduced by \$400,000 in FY20 and FY21 due to the coronavirus pandemic. The District remains concerned about the instability of the state economy and the political ramifications of changing the funding formula every two years. We plan carefully and prudently to provide resources to meet the needs of our students but the uncertainty of state funding challenges our planning.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Treasurer at Mariemont City School District, 2 Warrior Way, Cincinnati, OH 45227.

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Mariemont City School District, Ohio
Statement of Net Position
June 30, 2025

	Governmental Activities
Assets:	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$17,594,455
Restricted Cash and Investments	180,645
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agent	8,073,573
Receivables (Net):	
Taxes	28,537,998
Accounts	6,895
Interest	20,904
Intergovernmental	5,983
Prepays	13,245
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	1,158,482
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	72,140,708
Net OPEB Asset	1,790,214
Total Assets	129,523,102
Deferred Outflows of Resources:	
Deferred Charge on Refunding Pension	1,070,429
OPEB	4,908,872
	806,403
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	6,785,704
Liabilities:	
Accounts Payable	91,509
Accrued Wages and Benefits	2,947,485
Accrued Interest Payable	208,249
Unearned Revenue	7,445
Long-Term Liabilities:	
Due Within One Year	2,140,300
Due In More Than One Year:	
Net Pension Liability	22,436,185
Net OPEB Liability	861,855
Other Amounts	85,456,743
Total Liabilities	114,149,771
Deferred Inflows of Resources:	
Property Taxes	16,196,201
OPEB	2,671,048
Pension	2,937,636
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	21,804,885
Net Position:	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	(6,595,365)
Restricted for:	
Debt Service	11,331,235
Capital Projects	4,062,445
District Managed Activities	166,889
Food Service	13,165
Federal Grants	1,892
Net OPEB Asset	1,790,214
Other Purposes	163,637
Unrestricted	(10,579,962)
Total Net Position	\$354,150

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Mariemont City School District, Ohio
Statement of Activities
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

		Program Revenues		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
	Expenses	Charges for Services and Sales	Operating Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities:				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$15,119,837	\$306,716	\$340,575	(\$14,472,546)
Special	3,387,704	52,446	428,332	(2,906,926)
Vocational	0	0	1,787	1,787
Other	126,276	2,460	0	(123,816)
Support Services:				
Pupil	2,276,891	0	182,640	(2,094,251)
Instructional Staff	1,110,031	0	34,117	(1,075,914)
General Administration	12,853	0	0	(12,853)
School Administration	2,227,134	0	0	(2,227,134)
Fiscal	728,094	0	0	(728,094)
Business	24,130	0	0	(24,130)
Operations and Maintenance	3,163,090	0	0	(3,163,090)
Pupil Transportation	1,205,257	0	38,461	(1,166,796)
Central	213,596	0	0	(213,596)
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	562,038	248,354	92,504	(221,180)
Extracurricular Activities	1,062,162	395,671	0	(666,491)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	2,527,305	0	0	(2,527,305)
Totals	<u>\$33,746,398</u>	<u>\$1,005,647</u>	<u>\$1,118,416</u>	<u>(31,622,335)</u>

General Revenues:

Property Taxes Levied for:

General Purposes	24,160,884
Debt Service Purposes	2,376,778
Capital Projects Purposes	2,359,485
Grants and Entitlements, Not Restricted	5,144,357
Unrestricted Contributions	15,000
Investment Earnings	920,349
Other Revenues	456,625

Total General Revenues 35,433,478

Change in Net Position 3,811,143

Net Position - Beginning of Year, as previously report 2,488,827

Change in Accounting Principle (5,945,820)

Net Position - Beginning of Year, as adjusted or restat (3,456,993)

Net Position - End of Year \$354,150

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Mariemont City School District, Ohio
Balance Sheet
Governmental Funds
June 30, 2025

	General	Bond Retirement	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets:				
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$11,720,773	\$2,330,270	\$3,543,412	\$17,594,455
Restricted Cash and Investments	180,645	0	0	180,645
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agent	0	8,073,573	0	8,073,573
Receivables (Net):				
Taxes	23,634,566	2,461,188	2,442,244	28,537,998
Accounts	2,388	0	4,507	6,895
Interest	20,904	0	0	20,904
Intergovernmental	279	0	5,704	5,983
Prepays	13,245	0	0	13,245
Total Assets	<u>35,572,800</u>	<u>12,865,031</u>	<u>5,995,867</u>	<u>54,433,698</u>
Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable	79,510	0	11,999	91,509
Accrued Wages and Benefits	2,947,485	0	0	2,947,485
Compensated Absences	79,386	0	0	79,386
Unearned Revenue	0	0	7,445	7,445
Total Liabilities	<u>3,106,381</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>19,444</u>	<u>3,125,825</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources:				
Property Taxes	14,409,566	1,556,188	1,542,244	17,507,998
Grants and Other Taxes	0	0	5,704	5,704
Investment Earnings	13,611	0	0	13,611
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>14,423,177</u>	<u>1,556,188</u>	<u>1,547,948</u>	<u>17,527,313</u>
Fund Balances:				
Nonspendable	13,245	0	0	13,245
Restricted	0	11,308,843	4,434,179	15,743,022
Assigned	1,247,918	0	0	1,247,918
Unassigned	16,782,079	0	(5,704)	16,776,375
Total Fund Balances	<u>18,043,242</u>	<u>11,308,843</u>	<u>4,428,475</u>	<u>33,780,560</u>
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Fund Balances	<u>\$35,572,800</u>	<u>\$12,865,031</u>	<u>\$5,995,867</u>	<u>\$54,433,698</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Mariemont City School District, Ohio
Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balance to
Net Position of Governmental Activities
June 30, 2025

Total Governmental Fund Balance	\$33,780,560
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Amounts reported for governmental activities in the
statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial
resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

Capital assets used in the operation of Governmental Funds	73,299,190
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Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-
period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.

Delinquent Property Taxes	1,311,797	
Interest	13,611	
Intergovernmental	5,704	
		1,331,112

In the statement of net position interest payable is accrued when
incurred; whereas, in the governmental funds interest is
reported as a liability only when it will require the use of
current financial resources.

(208,249)

Some liabilities reported in the statement of net position do not
require the use of current financial resources and, therefore,
are not reported as liabilities in governmental funds.

Compensated Absences	(6,269,809)
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Deferred charge on refunding associated with long-term liabilities
that are not reported in the funds.

1,070,429

Deferred outflows and inflows or resources related to pensions and OPEB
are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not
reported in the funds.

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	4,908,872	
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	(2,937,636)	
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	806,403	
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	(2,671,048)	
		106,591

Long-term liabilities and net OPEB assets are not available to pay for
current period expenditures and are not due and payable in the
current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

Net OPEB Asset	1,790,214	
Net Pension Liability	(22,436,185)	
Net OPEB Liability	(861,855)	
Other Amounts	(81,247,848)	
		(102,755,674)

Net Position of Governmental Activities	<u>\$354,150</u>
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See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Mariemont City School District, Ohio
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures
and Changes in Fund Balance
Governmental Funds
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

	General	Bond Retirement	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:				
Property and Other Taxes	\$23,945,530	\$2,379,832	\$2,361,156	\$28,686,518
Tuition and Fees	361,623	0	0	361,623
Investment Earnings	822,741	86,982	6,400	916,123
Intergovernmental	5,342,054	290,438	624,576	6,257,068
Extracurricular Activities	44,401	0	342,119	386,520
Charges for Services	0	0	242,138	242,138
Other Revenues	353,192	0	133,032	486,224
Total Revenues	30,869,541	2,757,252	3,709,421	37,336,214
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	13,346,934	0	38,736	13,385,670
Special	3,679,490	0	272,034	3,951,524
Other	126,276	0	0	126,276
Support Services:				
Pupil	2,356,906	0	182,640	2,539,546
Instructional Staff	1,196,778	0	23,592	1,220,370
General Administration	12,853	0	0	12,853
School Administration	2,453,305	6,669	0	2,459,974
Fiscal	756,525	25,423	0	781,948
Business	24,130	0	0	24,130
Operations and Maintenance	3,226,668	0	6,797	3,233,465
Pupil Transportation	1,198,584	0	0	1,198,584
Central	215,246	0	0	215,246
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	0	0	538,926	538,926
Extracurricular Activities	670,229	0	396,220	1,066,449
Capital Outlay	448,987	0	0	448,987
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	278,395	640,000	630,000	1,548,395
Interest and Fiscal Charges	29,288	962,795	1,545,645	2,537,728
Total Expenditures	30,020,594	1,634,887	3,634,590	35,290,071
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	848,947	1,122,365	74,831	2,046,143
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	769	0	0	769
Issuance of Long-Term Capital-Related Debt	407,580	0	0	407,580
Transfers In	0	0	2,652,300	2,652,300
Transfers (Out)	(2,652,300)	0	0	(2,652,300)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(2,243,951)	0	2,652,300	408,349
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,395,004)	1,122,365	2,727,131	2,454,492
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	19,438,246	10,186,478	1,701,344	31,326,068
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$18,043,242	\$11,308,843	\$4,428,475	\$33,780,560

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Mariemont City School District, Ohio
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes
in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

Net Change in Fund Balance - Total Governmental Funds \$2,454,492

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the
statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital asset additions as expenditures.
However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is
allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation
expense. This is the amount of the difference between capital
asset additions and depreciation in the current period.

Capital assets used in governmental activities	153,507	
Depreciation Expense	(2,205,218)	
		(2,051,711)

Governmental funds report district pension and OPEB contributions as
expenditures. However in the Statement of Activities, the cost
of pension and OPEB benefits earned net of employee contributions are
reported as pension and OPEB expense.

District pension contributions	2,430,974	
Cost of benefits earned net of employee contributions - Pensions	(1,179,201)	
District OPEB contributions	61,600	
Cost of benefits earned net of employee contributions - OPEB	498,906	
		1,812,279

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide
current financial resources are not reported as revenues in
the funds.

Delinquent Property Taxes	210,628	
Interest	4,226	
Intergovernmental	5,704	
		220,558

Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the
governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term
liabilities in the statement of net position. 1,548,395

In the statement of activities interest expense is accrued when incurred;
whereas, in governmental funds an interest expenditure is reported
when due. 5,045

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the
use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as
expenditures in governmental funds.

Compensated Absences	224,287	
Amortization of Bond Premium	147,369	
Amortization of Deferred Charge on Refunding	(48,591)	
Amortization of Bond Discount	(814)	
Bond Accretion	(92,586)	
		229,665

Proceeds from debt issues are an other financing source in the funds,
but a debt issue increases long-term liabilities in the statement
of net position. (407,580)

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities \$3,811,143

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Mariemont City School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

Note 1 – Description of the District

The District was chartered by the Ohio State Legislature. In 1853 state laws were enacted to create local Boards of Education. Today, the District operates under current standards prescribed by the Ohio State Board of Education as provided in division (D) of Section 3301.07 and Section 119.01 of the Ohio Revised Code.

The District operates under a locally elected five member Board form of government and provides educational services as mandated by state and/or federal agencies. This Board controls the District's instructional and support facilities staffed by 65 non-certificated personnel and 141 certificated full time teaching and administrative personnel to provide services to students and other community members. The District is the 15th largest in Hamilton County (among 22 Districts) in terms of enrollment. It currently operates 2 elementary schools, 1 junior high school (grades 7-8), and 1 high school (grades 9-12).

Reporting Entity

The reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, which consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. This includes general operations, food service, preschool and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the School approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes. The District has no component units.

The District is associated with three jointly governed organizations. These organizations are:

Jointly Governed Organizations:

Hamilton Clermont Cooperative Information Technology Center
Great Oaks Career Campuses
Greater Cincinnati Insurance Consortium

These organizations are presented in Note 11.

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

Mariemont City School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities. The District has no business-type activities.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus, which differs from the manner in which the governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Therefore, the governmental fund financial statements include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The financial statements for governmental funds are a balance sheet, which generally includes only current assets, current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances, which reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources.

Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid management by segregating transactions related to certain District functions or activities. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The various funds of the District are grouped into the categories governmental and fiduciary.

Mariemont City School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds focus on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and deferred outflows, and liabilities and deferred inflows is reported as fund balance. The following are the School District's major governmental funds:

General Fund - The general fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Bond Retirement Fund - A fund provided for the retirement of bonds and notes and loans. All revenue derived from general or special levies, either within or exceeding the ten-mill limitation, which is levied for debt charges on bonds, notes, or loans, shall be paid into this fund.

The other governmental funds of the District account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary Funds report on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private purpose trust funds and custodial funds. Trust funds are distinguished from custodial funds by the existence of a trust agreement or equivalent arrangements that have certain characteristics. Custodial funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in a trust fund. The District does not have any fiduciary funds.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues – Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year-end. Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which

Mariemont City School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes available as an advance, grants, and other taxes.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenditures/expenses) until then. For the District, deferred outflows of resources includes a deferred charge on refunding, pension, and other post employment benefits. These amounts are reported on government-wide statement of net position. The deferred outflows of resources related to pension, and OPEB plans are explained in Notes 8 and 9.

The District reports a deferred inflow of resources which represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenues) until that time. For the District, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes, grants and other taxes, OPEB, pension, and investment earnings. Property taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2025, but which were levied to finance year 2026 operations. These amounts have been recorded as deferred inflows on both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements. Grants and other taxes, and investment earnings are recorded as deferred inflows only on the governmental fund financial statements. Deferred inflows of resources related to pension and OPEB plans are reported on the government-wide statement of net position. For more pension and OPEB related information, see Notes 8 and 9.

Expenses/Expenditures

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the operating statement as an expense with a like amount reported as donated commodities revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and investments" on the financial statements.

Mariemont City School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

Except for non-participating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value which is based on quoted market prices. (If a quoted market price is not available, the methods and significant assumptions used to estimate the fair value of investments must be disclosed.) Non-participating investment contracts such as repurchase agreements and non-negotiable certificates of deposit are reported at cost.

STAR Ohio (the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio), is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 79, "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants." The District measures their investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides an NAV per share that approximates fair value.

There were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, 24 hours advance notice is appreciated for deposits and withdrawals of \$25 million or more. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$100 million per day, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$100 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

Following Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. During fiscal year 2025, \$822,741 was credited to the general fund, \$86,982 was credited to the Bond Retirement Fund, and \$6,400 was credited to other governmental funds.

Restricted Assets

Restricted assets in the general fund represent cash and cash equivalents set aside to establish a budget stabilization reserve as required by State statute.

	Capital Acquisition	Budget Stabilization
Set Aside Cash Balance as of June 30, 2024	\$0	\$180,645
Current Year Set-Aside Requirements	371,208	0
Qualified Disbursements	0	0
Current year Offsets	(371,208)	0
Set Aside Reserve Balance as of June 30, 2025	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$180,645</u>
Set-Aside Cash as of June 30, 2025	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$180,645</u>

Effective July 1, 2011, the textbook reserve requirement was eliminated; therefore, no balance or other information is presented.

Inventory

Inventory is stated at the lower of cost or market. Cost is determined on a first-in, first-out basis. Inventory consists of donated food, purchased food, and school supplies held for resale and are expensed when used.

Mariemont City School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2025 are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of purchase and expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the government-wide financial statements but are not reported in the governmental fund financial statements. All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The School District maintains a capitalization threshold of three thousand dollars. The School District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

When capital assets are purchased, they are capitalized and depreciated in the government-wide statements. Capital assets are reported as expenditures of the current period in the governmental fund financial statements.

All reported capital assets except land and construction in progress are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Estimated Lives</u>
Buildings and Improvements	20-50 years
Furniture and Equipment	5-15 years
Vehicles	8-10 years

Compensated Absences

The District recognizes a liability for compensated absences for leave time that (1) has been earned for services previously rendered by employees, (2) accumulates and is allowed to be carried over to subsequent years, and (3) is more likely than not to be used as time off or settled during or upon separation from employment. Based on the criteria listed, two types of leave qualify for liability recognition for compensated absences – vacation and sick leave. The liability for compensated absences is reported as incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for compensated absences is recorded in the governmental funds only if the liability has matured because of employee resignations or retirements. The liability for compensated absences includes salary-related benefits, where applicable.

The District's policies regarding compensated absences are determined by the state laws and/or negotiated agreements. In summary, the policies are as follows:

Mariemont City School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

<u>Vacation</u>	<u>Certified</u>	<u>Administrators</u>	<u>Non-Certificated</u>
How Earned	Not Eligible	25 days	10-20 days for each service year, depending on length of service
Maximum Accumulation	Not Applicable	25 days	20 days
Vested	Not Applicable	25 days	20 days
Termination Entitlement	Not Applicable	Paid upon termination	Paid upon termination
<u>Sick Leave</u>			
How Earned	1 1/4 days per month of employment (15 days per year)	1 1/4 days per month of employment (15 days per year)	1 1/4 days per month of employment (15 days per year)
Maximum Accumulation	230 days	Contract days	230 days
Vested	As Earned	As Earned	As Earned
Termination Entitlement	Per contract	Per contract	Per contract

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. For governmental fund financial statements, a liability is recorded only for the portion of unpaid compensated absences that has matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

Accrued Liabilities And Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, payables and accrued liabilities that will be paid from governmental funds are reported on the governmental fund financial statements regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, compensated absences and contractually required pension contributions that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the fiscal year. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements when due. Net pension/OPEB liability should be recognized in the governmental funds to the extent that benefit payments are due and payable and the pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is not sufficient for payment of those benefits.

Mariemont City School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB, and pension/OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets plus deferred outflows of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The District applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Unamortized Bond Issuance Costs/Bond Premium And Discount

On government-wide financial statements, bond issuance costs are recognized in the current period.

Bond premiums are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds. Bond premiums are presented as an addition to the face amount of the bonds.

On the governmental financial statements, issuance costs and bond premiums are recognized in the current period.

Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable – the nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The “not in spendable form” criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amount of loans receivable, as well as property acquired for resale, unless the use of the proceeds from the collection of those receivables or from the sale of those properties is restricted, committed, or assigned.

Mariemont City School District
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Restricted – is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Committed – The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the School District Board of Education. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the School District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned – Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the School District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the School District Board of Education.

Unassigned – Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The School District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Note 3 - Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments

The District maintains a cash and investment pool used by all funds. Each fund type portion of this pool is displayed on the combined balance sheet as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments".

State Statute requires the classification of monies held by the District into three categories:

Active Monies - Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive Monies – Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current two year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposits accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

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Interim Monies – Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies that are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including pass book accounts.

Interim monies held by the District can be deposited or invested in the following securities:

1. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States.
2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligation or security issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, and Government National Mortgage Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities.
3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days.
4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio, and with certain limitations including a requirement for maturity within ten years from the date of settlement, bonds and other obligations of political subdivisions of the State of Ohio, if training requirements have been met.
5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.
6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions.
7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio).
8. Certain bankers' acceptances for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days) and commercial paper notes (for a period not to exceed two hundred seventy days) in an amount not to exceed 40 percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time if training requirements have been met.

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by the financial institutions participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

Mariemont City School District
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Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited. Except as noted above, an investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

The following information classifies deposits and investments by categories of risk as defined in GASB Statement No. 3, "Deposits with Financial Institutions, Investments and Reverse Repurchase Agreements" and amended by GASB Statement No. 40 "Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures"

Deposits

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the District will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. As of June 30, 2025, \$5,343,539 of the District's bank balance of \$5,593,539 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and collateralized.

The District has no deposit policy for custodial risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits either be insured or be protected by:

Eligible securities pledged to the District and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose market value at all times shall be at least 105% of the deposits being secured; or

Participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total market value of the securities pledged to be 102% of the deposits being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of State.

Investments

As of June 30, 2025, the District had the following investments:

	Fair Value	Fair Value Hierarchy	Weighted Average Maturity (Years)
Money Market Funds	\$8,206,409	N/A	0.00
Star Ohio	9,604,266	N/A	0.08
Federal Home Loan Bank	521,527	Level 2	3.50
Federal Home Loan Mortgage-Discount Note	393,864	Level 2	2.37
U.S. Treasury Note	555,264	Level 2	4.67
Negotiable CDs	1,449,923	Level 2	1.60
Total Investments	<u>\$20,731,253</u>		
Portfolio Weighted Average Maturity			0.43

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets. Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs. Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The above table identifies the District's recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2025. As discussed further in Note 2, STAR Ohio is reported at its share price (Net Asset value per share). All other investments of the District are valued using quoted market prices.

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Interest Rate Risk - In accordance with the investment policy, the District manages its exposure to declines in fair value by limiting the maximum maturity of investments in its portfolio to five years.

Credit Risk – It is the District’s policy to limit its investments that are not obligations of the U.S. Government or obligations explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. Government to investments which have a credit quality rating of the top 2 ratings by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The District’s investments in STAR Ohio were rated AAAM by Standard & Poor’s. Federal Home Loan Bank was rated AA+ by Standard and Poor’s ratings and Aaa by Moody’s Investors Service. Money Market Funds and Negotiable CDs were not rated.

Concentration of Credit Risk – Concentration of credit risk is defined as the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government’s investment in a single issuer. The District is required to disclose the amount of investments with any one issuer that represent five percent or more of total investments. Of the District’s total investments, 45% is in STAR Ohio, 3% is in Federal Home Loan Bank, 2% is in Federal Home Loan Mortgage-Discount Note, 3% is in U.S. Treasury Notes, 7% is in Negotiable CDs and less than 40% is in Money Market Funds.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a failure of a counter party, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District’s investment securities are registered in the name of the District.

Note 4 - Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis. Second half distributions occur in a new fiscal year. Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible personal (used in business) property located in the District. Real property taxes are levied after April 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1, the lien date. Public utility property taxes attached as a lien on December 31 of the prior year, were levied April 1 and are collected with real property taxes. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at thirty-five percent of appraised market value. All property is required to be revalued every six years. Public utility property taxes are assessed on tangible personal property at eighty-eight percent of true value (with certain exceptions) and on real property at thirty-five percent of true value. Tangible personal property taxes are levied after April 1 on the value listed as of December 31 of the current year. Tangible personal property tax is assessed on equipment and inventory held by businesses. Tangible property is assessed at twenty-five percent of true value (as defined). In 2015, each business was eligible to receive a \$10,000 exemption in assessed value, which was reimbursed by the State.

Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. In 2025, if paid annually, payment was due by January 20th. If paid semi-annually, the first payment (at least 1/2 amount billed) was due January 20th with the remainder due June 20th.

The County Auditor remits portions of the taxes collected to all taxing Districts with periodic settlements of Real and Public Utility property taxes in February and August and Tangible Personal property taxes in June and October. The District records billed but uncollected property taxes as receivables at their estimated net realizable value.

Mariemont City School District
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Accrued property taxes receivable represent delinquent taxes outstanding and real property, personal property and public utility taxes that are measurable at June 30, 2025. Property tax advances available at year end and delinquent property taxes collected within 60 days are included as a receivable and tax revenue as of June 30, 2025. All other tax receivables are recorded with an offset credit to deferred revenue, because although measurable, they are intended to finance the next fiscal year's operations. Property taxes include amounts levied against real, public utility and tangible personal (business) property.

The assessed value, by property classification, upon which taxes collected in 2025 were based are as follows:

	Amount
Real Property	\$521,695,390
Tangible Personal Property	16,146,970
Total	<u>\$537,842,360</u>

Note 5 – Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2025 consisted of taxes, accounts, interest and intergovernmental. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose of the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State Programs, and the current year guarantee of Federal Funds.

Note 6 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities				
<i>Capital Assets, not being depreciated:</i>				
Land	\$1,158,482	\$0	\$0	\$1,158,482
Construction in Progress	411,018	0	411,018	0
<i>Capital Assets, being depreciated:</i>				
Buildings and Improvements	89,539,253	482,985	0	90,022,238
Equipment	2,042,804	71,076	0	2,113,880
Vehicles	135,835	10,464	10,500	135,799
Totals at Historical Cost	<u>93,287,392</u>	<u>564,525</u>	<u>421,518</u>	<u>93,430,399</u>
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Buildings and Improvements	16,692,236	2,071,959	0	18,764,195
Equipment	1,141,435	124,395	0	1,265,830
Vehicles	102,820	8,864	10,500	101,184
Total Accumulated Depreciation	<u>17,936,491</u>	<u>2,205,218</u>	<u>10,500</u>	<u>20,131,209</u>
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	<u>\$75,350,901</u>	<u>(\$1,640,693)</u>	<u>\$411,018</u>	<u>\$73,299,190</u>

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Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$2,157,717
Special	400
Support Services:	
Operations and Maintenance	3,340
Pupil Transportation	6,673
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	23,112
Extracurricular Activities	13,976
Total Depreciation Expense	<u>\$2,205,218</u>

Note 7 - Long-Term Liabilities

In 2012, the District issued \$1,995,000 of certificates of participation. The purpose of the certificates was to provide general, ongoing permanent improvements consisting of building renovations, improvements and repair. The bond issue is a general obligation of the school district for which the full faith and credit of the school district is pledged for repayment.

In 2011, the District issued \$39,800,000 of general obligation bonds. The purpose of the bonds was to provide general, ongoing permanent improvements consisting of building renovations, improvements and repair. The bond issue is a general obligation of the school district for which the full faith and credit of the school district is pledged for repayment.

In 2005, the District issued \$5,124,989 in general obligation refunding bonds to provide resources that were placed in an irrevocable trust for the purpose of providing resources for all future debt service payments of \$4,382,067 of general obligations bonds. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability has been removed from the governmental activities column of the statement of net position. The 2015 refunding bonds refunded 2005 bonds and the 2015 bonds will fully mature in fiscal year 2026.

In 2019, the District issued \$42,980,000 in Port of Greater Cincinnati Development Authority Tax Revenue Bonds. The proceeds will be used to renovate and build a new educational wing at the high school. The debt will be paid in full in 2056.

Refunding

On July 16, 2019 the District issued \$27,569,816 in bonds with an interest rate between 2.00% and 5.00%, which was used to partially refund \$27,570,000 of the outstanding 2010 bonds with an interest rate between 5.90% and 6.55%. The net proceeds of \$27,569,816 (after payment of underwriting fees, insurance and other issuance costs) were used to purchase U.S. government securities. Those securities were deposited into an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide all future debt service payments on the bond issues. As a result, \$27,570,000 of the 2010 bonds are considered to be defeased and the related liability for those bonds have been removed from the Statement of Net Position.

The District refunded 2010 bonds to reduce its total debt service payments by \$4,542,943 and to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present value of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$3,122,791.

Mariemont City School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

The following changes occurred in long-term liabilities during the year ended June 30, 2025:

	Beginning Balance - Restated	Additions	Deductions	Ending Balance	Due In One Year
Governmental Activities:					
General Obligation Bonds:					
Certificate of Participation - 2012	\$840,000	\$0	(\$110,000)	\$730,000	\$110,000
Permanent Improvement Bonds - 2010 - QSCB	11,135,000	0	0	11,135,000	0
Refunding Bonds - 2015	1,030,000	0	(505,000)	525,000	525,000
Premium on Refunding Bonds - Series 2015	55,770	0	(27,883)	27,887	0
Discount on Issuance - COP 2012	(4,919)	814	0	(4,105)	0
Lease Revenue Bonds - Series 2019	39,890,000	0	(630,000)	39,260,000	660,000
Premium on Bonds - Series 2019	947,578	0	(100,756)	846,822	0
Discount on Issuance - Series 2019	(575,451)	0	0	(575,451)	0
Refunding Bonds - Principal- 2019	26,615,000	0	(135,000)	26,480,000	110,000
Refunding Bonds - Premium - 2019	2,402,828	0	(18,730)	2,384,098	0
Discount on Issuance - 2019	(219,768)	0	0	(219,768)	0
Capital Appreciation - Principal - 2019	69,816	0	0	69,816	0
Capital Appreciation - Interest - 2019	190,278	92,586	0	282,864	0
Subtotal Bonds	82,376,132	93,400	(1,527,369)	80,942,163	1,405,000
Notes Payable	66,500	407,580	(168,395)	305,685	101,895
Compensated Absences	6,541,922	0	(192,727) *	6,349,195	633,405
Subtotal Bonds & Other Amounts	88,984,554	500,980	(1,888,491)	87,597,043	2,140,300
Net Pension Liability	24,658,868	0	(2,222,683)	22,436,185	0
Net OPEB Liability	1,450,755	0	(588,900)	861,855	0
Total Governmental Activities	\$115,094,177	\$500,980	(\$4,700,074)	\$110,895,083	\$2,140,300

*-net change

Bonds will be paid from the Bond Retirement fund and the Permanent Improvement fund and notes payable and certificates of participation will be paid from the General Fund.

There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability and net OPEB liability; however, employer pension and OPEB contributions are made from the fund benefitting from their service.

The following is a summary of the District's future annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation certificates/bonds and notes payable:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	General Obligation Bonds and Lease Revenue Bond			CAB Bonds		
	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total
2026	\$1,405,000	\$2,470,271	\$3,875,271	\$0	\$0	\$0
2027	12,125,000	2,402,320	14,527,320	0	0	0
2028	850,000	1,456,288	2,306,288	69,816	1,688,984	1,758,800
2029	1,765,000	2,298,575	4,063,575	0	0	0
2030	1,855,000	2,215,137	4,070,137	0	0	0
2031-2035	11,195,000	9,773,548	20,968,548	0	0	0
2036-2040	11,790,000	7,725,808	19,515,808	0	0	0
2041-2045	13,040,000	5,746,936	18,786,936	0	0	0
2046-2050	12,550,000	3,365,670	15,915,670	0	0	0
2051-2055	9,430,000	1,398,300	10,828,300	0	0	0
2056	2,125,000	42,500	2,167,500	0	0	0
Total	\$78,130,000	\$38,895,353	\$117,025,353	\$69,816	\$1,688,984	\$1,758,800

Mariemont City School District
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Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Notes Payable		
	Principal	Interest	Total
2026	\$101,895	\$0	\$101,895
2027	101,895	0	101,895
2028	101,895	0	101,895
Totals	<u>\$305,685</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$305,685</u>

Note 8 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans

The Statewide retirement systems provide both pension benefits and other postemployment benefits (OPEB).

Net Pension Liability/Net OPEB Liability (Asset)

Pensions and OPEB are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions/OPEB are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period.

The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) represent the District’s proportionate share of each pension/OPEB plan’s collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension/OPEB plan’s fiduciary net position. The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting these estimates annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the District’s obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions/OPEB are financed; however, the District does receive the benefit of employees’ services in exchange for compensation including pension and OPEB.

GASB 68/75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires funding to come from these employers. All pension contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes pension costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits. In addition, health care plan enrollees pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. State statute requires the retirement systems to amortize unfunded pension liabilities within 30 years. If the pension amortization period exceeds 30 years, each retirement system’s board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension/OPEB liability (asset). Resulting adjustments to the net pension/OPEB liability (asset) would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients.

Mariemont City School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
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The remainder of this note includes the required pension disclosures. See Note 9 for the required OPEB disclosures.

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description

District non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to Retire on or before August 1, 2017 *	Eligible to Retire on or after August 1, 2017
Full Benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially Reduced Benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

* Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017, will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service; 2.2 percent for the first thirty years of service and 2.5 percent for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

An individual whose benefit effective date is before April 1, 2018, is eligible for a cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) on the first anniversary date of the benefit. New benefit recipients must wait until the fourth anniversary of their benefit for COLA eligibility. The COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit. The COLA is indexed to the percentage increase in the CPI-W, not to exceed 2.5 percent and with a floor of 0 percent. A three-year COLA suspension was in effect for all benefit recipients for the years 2018, 2019, and 2020. The Retirement Board approved a 2.5 percent COLA for calendar year 2024.

Funding Policy

Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 14.0 percent. For fiscal year 2025, the Retirement Board did not allocate any employer contribution to the Health Care Fund.

Mariemont City School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$517,286 for fiscal year 2025. Of this amount \$497 is reported as accrued wages and benefits.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description

District licensed teachers and other faculty members participate in STRS Ohio, a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information, and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Web site at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan, and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307.

The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. The calculation is 2.2 percent of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of credited service. Effective August 1, 2023, any member can retire with unreduced benefits with 34 years of services credit at any age; or five years of service credit and age 65. Effective June 1, 2025 - July 1, 2027, any member can retire with unreduced benefits with 33 years of service credit at any age; or five years of service credit and age 65. Effective on or after August 1, 2027, any member can retire with unreduced benefits with 34 years of service credit at any age; or five years of service credit and age 65.

In April 2017, the Retirement Board made the decision to reduce COLA granted on or after July 1, 2017, to 0 percent upon a determination by its actuary that it was necessary to preserve the fiscal integrity of the retirement system. Benefit recipients' base benefit and past cost-of living increases are not affected by this change. Effective July 1, 2022, an ad-hoc COLA of 3 percent of the base benefit was granted to eligible benefit recipients to begin on the anniversary of their retirement benefit in fiscal year 2023 as long as they retired prior to July 1, 2018. Effective July 1, 2023, a permanent 1 percent COLA of the base benefit was granted to eligible benefit recipients to begin on the anniversary of their retirement benefit in fiscal year 2024 as long as they retired prior to July 1, 2019.

Eligibility changes for DB Plan members who retire with actuarially reduced benefits effective August 1, 2023, can retire with 29 years of service credit at any age; or five years of service credit and age 60. Effective June 1, 2025 - July 1, 2027, retirement eligibility for reduced benefits is 28 years of service credit at any age; or five years of service credit and age 60. Effective on or after August 1, 2027, retirement eligibility for reduced benefits is 29 years of service credit at any age; or five years of service credit and age 60.

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 11.09 percent of the 14 percent employer contributions into an investment account. The member determines how to allocate the member and employer money among various investment choices offered by STRS. The remaining 2.91 percent of the 14 percent employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

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The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, 12 percent of the 14 percent member rate is deposited into the member's DC account and the remaining 2 percent is applied to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age fifty and after termination of employment.

New members who choose the DC plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. New members on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit to apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy

Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. The 2025 employer and employee contribution rate of 14 percent was equal to the statutory maximum rates. For 2025, the full employer contribution was allocated to pension.

The District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$1,913,688 for fiscal year 2025. Of this amount \$318,948 is reported as accrued wages and benefits.

Net Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2024, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

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	SERS	STRS	Total
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability:			
Current Measurement Date	0.08358530%	0.09438032%	
Prior Measurement Date	0.08584220%	0.09248062%	
Change in Proportionate Share	<u>-0.00225690%</u>	<u>0.00189970%</u>	
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$4,275,887	\$18,160,298	\$22,436,185
Pension Expense	\$286,183	\$893,018	\$1,179,201

At June 30 2025, reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	SERS	STRS	Total
<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$163,250	\$1,143,624	\$1,306,874
Changes of assumptions	38,251	836,926	875,177
Changes in proportionate share and difference between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	0	295,847	295,847
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>517,286</u>	<u>1,913,688</u>	<u>2,430,974</u>
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>\$718,787</u>	<u>\$4,190,085</u>	<u>\$4,908,872</u>
<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$0	\$9,945	\$9,945
Changes of assumptions	0	629,965	629,965
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	267,454	1,561,416	1,828,870
Changes in proportionate share and difference between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	<u>256,369</u>	<u>212,487</u>	<u>468,856</u>
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>\$523,823</u>	<u>\$2,413,813</u>	<u>\$2,937,636</u>

\$2,430,974 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date was recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2026. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30:	SERS	STRS	Total
2026	(\$338,964)	(\$1,060,895)	(\$1,399,859)
2027	162,852	1,674,214	1,837,066
2028	(67,564)	(453,587)	(521,151)
2029	<u>(78,646)</u>	<u>(297,148)</u>	<u>(375,794)</u>
Total	<u>(\$322,322)</u>	<u>(\$137,416)</u>	<u>(\$459,738)</u>

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Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations. Future benefits for all current plan members were projected through 2137.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2024, and compared with June 30, 2023, are presented below:

	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2023
Inflation	2.40%	2.40%
Future Salary Increases, including inflation COLA or Ad Hoc COLA	3.25% to 13.58% 2.0%, on or after April 1, 2018, COLAs for future retirees will be delayed for three years following commencement	3.25% to 13.58% 2.00%, on or after April 1, 2018, COLAs for future retirees will be delayed for three years following commencement
Investment Rate of Return	7.00% net of system expenses	7.00% net of system expenses
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal (Level Percent of Payroll)	Entry Age Normal (Level Percent of Payroll)

Mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weight Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20 percent for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35 percent for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3 percent for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8 percent for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended June 30, 2020.

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined by using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' Statement of Investment Policy. ORC 3309.15 and the SERS Board-adopted Investment Policy govern investment activity. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate

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of return has been determined by calculating a weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes. As of June 30, 2024:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return (geometric)
Cash	3.00 %	0.97 %
US Equity	22.00	4.68
Non-US Equity Developed	12.00	4.96
Non-US Equity Emerging	6.00	5.66
Fixed Income/Global Bonds	18.00	2.38
Private Equity	14.00	7.10
Real Estate	13.00	3.64
Infrastructure	7.00	4.80
Private Debt/Private Credit	5.00	5.86
Total	<u>100.00 %</u>	

Discount Rate

The total pension liability for 2024 was calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent. The discount rate determination did not use a municipal bond rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employers would contribute the actuarially determined contribution rate of projected compensation over the remaining 20-year amortization period of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability. The actuarially determined contribution rate for fiscal year 2024 was 14 percent. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.00 percent). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability. The annual money-weighted rate of return, calculated as the internal rate of return on pension plan investments, for fiscal year 2024 was 9.31 percent.

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00 percent), or one percentage point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease (6.00%)	Current Discount Rate (7.00%)	1% Increase (8.00%)
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$6,541,515	\$4,275,887	\$2,368,350

Changes Between the Measurement Date and the Report Date

The pension information is measured as of June 30, 2024 (measurement date) and used for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025 (reporting date). There were no changes between the measurement date and the reporting date.

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Actuarial Assumptions – STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the June 30, 2024, actuarial valuation compared to those used in the June 30, 2023, actuarial valuation are presented below:

	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2023
Inflation	2.50%	2.50%
Salary increases	From 2.50% to 8.50% based on service	From 2.50% to 8.50% based on service
Investment Rate of Return	7.00 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation	7.00% net of investments expense, including inflation
Discount Rate of Return	7.00 percent	7.00%
Payroll Increases	3.00 percent	3.00%
Cost-of-Living Adjustments (COLA)	0.0%, effective July 1, 2017	0.0%, effective July 1, 2017

Post-retirement mortality rates are based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted 110 percent for males, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Employee Table adjusted 95 percent for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Disable Annuitant Table projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2024, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015, through June 30, 2021. An actuarial experience study is done on a quinquennial basis.

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation *	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return **
Domestic Equity	26.00%	6.90%
International Equity	22.00	7.70
Alternatives	19.00	9.10
Fixed Income	22.00	4.50
Real Estate	10.00	5.10
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.40
Total	100.00%	

* Final target weights reflected at October 1, 2022.

** 10 year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.4 percent, and is net of investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00 percent as of June 30, 2024. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that member and employer

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contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2024. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2024.

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.00 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.00 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.00%)	Current Discount Rate (7.00%)	1% Increase (8.00%)
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$29,295,744	\$18,160,298	\$8,741,625

Changes Between the Measurement Date and the Report Date

At the April 2025 STRS Board meeting, they approved the following change:

1. Beginning July 1, 2025, approve a 1.5% cost-of-living increase be paid to eligible benefit recipients on their anniversary date in fiscal year 2026; and
2. Temporarily make thirty-two years of service credit the minimum requirement for unreduced benefits and adjust the years of service credit required for reduced retirement benefits to twenty-seven or more years of service credit at any age for the period effective June 1, 2025 through May 1, 2030, then temporarily make thirty-three years of service credit the minimum requirement for unreduced benefits and adjust the years of service credit required for reduced retirement benefits to twenty-eight or more years of service credit at any age from June 1, 2030 through May 1, 2032, with a return to a minimum of thirty-four years of service credit (twenty-nine years or more for reduced retirement benefits) effective June 1, 2032 going forward.

Any effect on the net pension liability is unknown.

Note 9 - Defined Benefit OPEB Plans

See Note 8 for a description of the net OPEB liability (asset).

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Health Care Plan Description

The District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 75 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. SERS' Health Care Plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of most types of

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purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage. The following types of credit purchased after January 29, 1981, do not count toward health care coverage eligibility: military, federal, out-of-state, municipal, private school, exempted, and early retirement incentive credit. In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree, are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of 65 and therefore enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

The Health Care program is financed through a combination of employer contributions, recipient premiums, investment returns, and any funds received on behalf of SERS' participation in Medicare programs. The System's goal is to maintain a health care reserve account with a 20-year solvency period in order to ensure that fluctuations in the cost of health care do not cause an interruption in the program. However, during any period in which the 20-year solvency period is not achieved, the System shall manage the Health Care Fund on a pay-as-you-go basis.

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board established the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

Funding Policy

State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For fiscal year 2025, no allocation was made to health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2025, this amount was \$30,000. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2025, the District's surcharge obligation was \$61,600.

The surcharge, added to the allocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$61,600 for fiscal year 2025.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description

The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription

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drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Health care premiums were reduced by a Medicare Part B premium credit beginning in 2023. the Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Medicare Part D is a federal program to help cover the costs of prescription drugs for Medicare beneficiaries. This program allows STRS Ohio to recover part of the cost for providing prescription coverage since all eligible STRS Ohio health care plans include creditable prescription drug coverage.

Funding Policy

Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. All benefit recipients pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.

Net OPEB Liabilities (Assets), OPEB Expense (Income), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2024, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset) was based on the District's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability/Asset:			
Current Measurement Date	0.08462040%	0.09438032%	
Prior Measurement Date	0.08806090%	0.09248062%	
Change in Proportionate Share	-0.00344050%	0.00189970%	
Proportionate Share of the:			
Net OPEB Liability	\$861,855	\$0	\$861,855
Net OPEB (Asset)	\$0	(\$1,790,214)	(\$1,790,214)
OPEB Expense	(\$120,000)	(\$378,906)	(\$498,906)

At June 30 2025, reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

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	SERS	STRS	Total
<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$0	\$77,824	\$77,824
Changes of assumptions	369,908	220,350	590,258
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	4,208	0	4,208
Changes in proportionate share and difference between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	65,219	7,294	72,513
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	61,600	0	61,600
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>\$500,935</u>	<u>\$305,468</u>	<u>\$806,403</u>
<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$929,303	\$192,929	\$1,122,232
Changes of assumptions	395,905	807,375	1,203,280
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	0	76,866	76,866
Changes in proportionate share and difference between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	256,928	11,742	268,670
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>\$1,582,136</u>	<u>\$1,088,912</u>	<u>\$2,671,048</u>

\$61,600 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date was recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability (adjustment to net OPEB asset) in the year ending June 30, 2026. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30:	SERS	STRS	Total
2026	(\$264,521)	(\$273,126)	(\$537,647)
2027	(186,697)	(121,548)	(308,245)
2028	(147,273)	(154,843)	(302,116)
2029	(135,484)	(144,142)	(279,626)
2030	(134,217)	(116,826)	(251,043)
Thereafter	(274,609)	27,041	(247,568)
Total	<u>(\$1,142,801)</u>	<u>(\$783,444)</u>	<u>(\$1,926,245)</u>

Actuarial Assumptions – SERS

The total OPEB liability is determined by SERS' actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

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Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2024, compared with June 30, 2023, are presented below:

	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2023
Inflation	2.40%	2.40%
Future Salary Increases, including inflation	3.25% to 13.58%	3.25% to 13.58%
Investment Rate of Return	7.00% net of investment expense	7.00% net of investment expense
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal (Level Percent of Payroll)	Entry Age Normal (Level Percent of Payroll)
Fiduciary Net Position is Projected to be Depleted	2059	2048
Municipal Bond Index Rate:		
Measurement Date	3.93%	3.86%
Prior Measurement Date	3.86%	3.69%
Single Equivalent Interest Rate,		
Measurement Date	4.88%	4.27%
Prior Measurement Date	4.27%	4.08%
Health Care Cost Trend Rate:		
Medical Trend Assumption		
Measurement Date	7.00% to 4.40%	6.75% to 4.40%
Prior Measurement Date	6.75% to 4.40%	7.00% to 4.40%

Mortality rates among healthy retirees were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20 percent for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35 percent for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3 percent for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8 percent for females. Mortality rates for contingent survivors were based on PUB-2010 General Amount Weighted Below Median Contingent Survivor mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 105.5 percent for males and adjusted 122.5 percent for females. Mortality rates for actives is based on PUB-2010 General Amount Weighted Below Median Employee mortality table. Mortality rates are projected using a fully generational projection with Scale MP-2020.

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The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended June 30, 2020.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the actuarial five-year experience study. The most recent study covers fiscal years 2016 through 2020, and was adopted by the Board on April 15, 2021. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a long-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return, 7.00 percent, by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes. As of June 30, 2024:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return (geometric)
Cash	3.00 %	0.97 %
US Equity	22.00	4.68
Non-US Equity Developed	12.00	4.96
Non-US Equity Emerging	6.00	5.66
Fixed Income/Global Bonds	18.00	2.38
Private Equity	14.00	7.10
Real Estate	13.00	3.64
Infrastructure	7.00	4.80
Private Debt/Private Credit	5.00	5.86
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2024, was 4.88 percent. The discount rate used to measure total OPEB liability prior to June 30, 2024, was 4.27 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and the System at the contribution rate of 1.50 percent of projected covered payroll each year, which includes a 1.50 percent payroll surcharge and no contributions from the basic benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be depleted in 2059 by SERS' actuaries. The Fidelity General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index Rate was used in the determination of the single equivalent interest rate for both the June 30, 2023, and the June 30, 2024, total OPEB liability. The Municipal Bond Index Rate is the single rate that will generate a present value of benefit payments equal to the sum of the present value determined by the long-term expected rate of return, and the present value determined by discounting those benefits after the date of depletion. The Municipal Bond Index Rate was 3.93 percent at June 30, 2024, and 3.86 percent at June 30, 2023.

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Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates

The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate. The following table presents the net OPEB liability of SERS, what SERS' net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (3.88%) and higher (5.88%) than the current discount rate (4.88%). Also shown is what SERS' net OPEB liability would be based on health care cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (6.00% decreasing to 3.40%) and higher (8.00% decreasing to 5.40%) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease (3.88%)	Current Discount Rate (4.88%)	1% Increase (5.88%)
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$1,149,253	\$861,855	\$633,478
	1% Decrease (6.00% decreasing to 3.40%)	Current Trend Rate (7.00% decreasing to 4.40%)	1% Increase (8.00% decreasing to 5.40%)
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$582,582	\$861,855	\$1,228,937

Changes Between the Measurement Date and the Report Date

The OPEB information is measured as of June 30, 2024 (measurement date) and used for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025 (reporting date). There were no changes between the measurement date and the reporting date.

Actuarial Assumptions – STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the June 30, 2024, actuarial valuation compared to the prior year are presented below:

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Mariemont City School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2023
Projected salary increases	Varies by service from 2.50% to 8.50%	Varies by service from 2.50% to 8.50%
Investment Rate of Return	7.00%, net of investment expenses, including inflation	7.00%, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Payroll Increases	3.00%	3.00%
Discount Rate of Return	7.00%	7.00%
Health Care Cost Trends		
Medical		
Pre-Medicare	7.50% initial 3.94% ultimate	7.50% initial 4.14% ultimate
Medicare	(112.22%) initial 3.94% ultimate	(10.94%) initial 4.14% ultimate
Prescription Drug		
Pre-Medicare	8.00% initial 3.94% ultimate	(11.95%) initial 4.14% ultimate
Medicare	(15.14%) initial 3.94% ultimate	1.33% initial 4.14% ultimate

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

Healthy retirees post-retirement mortality rates are based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted 110 percent for males, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020; pre-retirement mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Employee Table adjusted 95 percent for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Disabled Annuitant Table projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2024, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015, through June 30, 2021. An actuarial experience study is done on a quinquennial basis.

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

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Mariemont City School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Target Allocation *</u>	<u>Long-Term Expected Rate of Return **</u>
Domestic Equity	26.00%	6.90%
International Equity	22.00	7.70
Alternatives	19.00	9.10
Fixed Income	22.00	4.50
Real Estate	10.00	5.10
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.40
Total	<u>100.00%</u>	

* Final target weights reflected at October 1, 2022.

** 10 year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.4 percent, and is net of investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actual rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.00 percent as of June 30, 2024. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed STRS continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2024. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on health care plan investments of 7.00 percent was applied to all periods of projected health care costs to determine the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2024.

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount and Health Care Cost Trend Rate

The following table represents the net OPEB asset as of June 30, 2024, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.00 percent, as well as what the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.00 percent) than the current assumption. Also shown is the net OPEB asset as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates.

	<u>1% Decrease (6.00%)</u>	<u>Current Discount Rate (7.00%)</u>	<u>1% Increase (8.00%)</u>
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	(\$1,455,563)	(\$1,790,214)	(\$2,081,434)

	<u>1% Decrease</u>	<u>Current Trend Rate</u>	<u>1% Increase</u>
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	(\$2,101,106)	(\$1,790,214)	(\$1,416,327)

Mariemont City School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

Changes Between the Measurement Date and the Report Date

At the May 2025 STRS Board meeting, the Board approved the following change: Increasing the health care subsidy for twenty-seven years of service to the maximum subsidy minus the subsidy for three years of service for anyone who retires between August 1, 2023, and July 1, 2032, effective June 1, 2025 through July 1, 2032. After that the maximum subsidy for Healthcare Plan participants who retire August 1, 2032 or later will align with the eligibility for unreduced pensions, and all others eligible for subsidies receive one less year of subsidy for each year below the minimum years of service required to receive unreduced subsidy at any age. Any effect on the net OPEB asset is unknown.

Note 10 - Contingent Liabilities

School Foundation

District foundation funding is based on the annualized full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment of each student. The Department of Education & Workforce (DEW) is legislatively required to adjust/reconcile funding as enrollment information is updated by schools throughout the State, which can extend past the fiscal year end. As of the date of these financial statements, DEW has finalized the fiscal year 2025 foundation funding adjustments. Management has determined that the resulting adjustment is not material to the financial statements.

Grants

The District receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal, state and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on any of the financial statements of the individual fund types included herein or on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2025.

Litigation

Currently, no litigation is pending against the District.

Note 11 - Jointly Governed Organizations

HAMILTON CLERMONT COOPERATIVE INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY CENTER

The Hamilton Clermont Cooperative Information Technology Center (HCC) is a governmental jointly governed organization among two county consortium of school districts. The organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member districts. Each of the governments of these schools supports HCC based upon a per pupil charge dependent upon the software package utilized. HCC is governed by a Board of Directors consisting of the superintendents and treasurers of member school districts. The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to its representation on the Board.

Mariemont City School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

GREAT OAKS CAREER CAMPUSES

The Great Oaks Career Campuses (Great Oaks), a jointly governed organization, is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a Board, consisting of one representative from each of the participating school district's elected board. The Board possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority as a separate body politic and corporate, established by the Ohio Revised Code. Great Oaks was formed for the purpose of providing vocational education opportunities to the students of the member school districts, which includes the students of the District. The District has no ongoing financial interest in nor responsibility for Great Oaks. To obtain financial information, write to Great Oaks, at 3254 East Kemper Road, Cincinnati, Ohio 45241.

GREATER CINCINNATI INSURANCE CONSORTIUM

The District is a member of the Greater Cincinnati Insurance Consortium (GCIC) which is a group insurance consortium. The Consortium is a jointly governed organization with member governmental entities and provides a wide range of group insurance benefits to each member schools employees and dependents and designated beneficiaries. The purpose of the consortium is to establish and maintain a fund to provide and/or purchase health insurance, dental insurance, life insurance and other insurance benefits to employees, their dependents and designated beneficiaries. The consortium is governed by a Board of Directors made up from one representative of each school district/service center.

Note 12 - Risk Management

The District maintains comprehensive insurance coverage with private carriers for real property, building contents, vehicles and general liability insurance. Vehicle policies include liability coverage for bodily injury and property damage. Payments have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three years. There has been no significant decline in coverage from the prior year.

Note 13 – Fund Balances

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of resources in the government funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented below:

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Mariemont City School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

Fund Balances	General	Bond Retirement Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total
Nonspendable on:				
Prepays	\$13,245	\$0	\$0	\$13,245
Total Nonspendable	13,245	0	0	13,245
Restricted for:				
Art Connection Grant	0	0	6,506	6,506
Instrumental Music	0	0	110,196	110,196
Vending Machine	0	0	59,200	59,200
Title III	0	0	1,892	1,892
Food Service	0	0	13,165	13,165
Student Activity	0	0	56,693	56,693
Scholarship	0	0	97,931	97,931
Bond Retirement	0	11,308,843	0	11,308,843
Permanent Improvement	0	0	1,588,596	1,588,596
Capital Projects	0	0	2,500,000	2,500,000
Total Restricted	0	11,308,843	4,434,179	15,743,022
Assigned to:				
Budgetary Resources	1,175,336	0	0	1,175,336
Encumbrances	72,582	0	0	72,582
Total Assigned	1,247,918	0	0	1,247,918
Unassigned (Deficit)	16,782,079	0	(5,704)	16,776,375
Total Fund Balance	\$18,043,242	\$11,308,843	\$4,428,475	\$33,780,560

Note 14 - Interfund Transactions

Interfund transactions at June 30, 2025, consisted of the following transfers in and out:

	Interfund		Transfers	
	Receivable	Payable	In	Out
General Fund	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$2,652,300
Other Governmental Funds	0	0	2,652,300	0
Total All Funds	\$0	\$0	\$2,652,300	\$2,652,300

Interfund balance/transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budget authorizations; to segregate and to return money to the fund from which it was originally provided once a project is completed.

Mariemont City School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

Note 15– Tax Abatements entered Into By Other Governments

Other governments entered into property tax abatement agreements with property owners under the Ohio Community Reinvestment Area (“CRA”) program with the taxing districts of the District. The CRA program is a directive incentive tax exemption program benefiting property owners who renovate or construct new buildings. Under this program, the other governments designated areas to encourage revitalization of the existing housing stock and the development of new structures. Within the taxing districts of the District, other municipalities have entered into such agreements. Under these agreements the District’s property taxes were reduced by approximately \$141,368. The District is not receiving any amounts from this other government in association with the forgone property tax revenue.

Note 16 – Related Party Disclosures

The District has evaluated its financial transactions, arrangements, and relationships in accordance with the requirements of the U.S. Department of Education (34 CFR §668.23(d)(1)) and Auditor of State Technical Bulletin 2025-001, which extend beyond the disclosure requirements of GASB Codification Section 2250, Related Party Transactions.

Management has determined that, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025, the District had no related party relationships, related entities, related party transactions, or related party outstanding balances that are required to be disclosed. Accordingly, no related party disclosures are presented in these financial statements.

Note 17 – Implementation of New Accounting Principles

New Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2025, the District implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences, GASB Statement No. 102, Certain Risk Disclosures, and GASB Implementation Guide No. 2025-1.

GASB Statement No. 102 addresses the variety of risks that state and local governments face that could negatively affect the level of service they provide or their ability to meet obligations as they come due. Although governments are required to disclose information about their exposure to some of those risks, essential information about other risks that are prevalent among state and local governments is not routinely disclosed because it is not explicitly required. The objective of this Statement is to provide users of government financial statements with essential information about risks related to a government’s vulnerabilities due to certain concentrations or constraints. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 102 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Implementation Guide No. 2025-1 includes providing clarity on a range of accounting issues for state and local governments. These topics under GASB Implementation Guide No. 2025-1 provisions were implemented and did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 101 sets out to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending

Mariemont City School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

certain previously required disclosures. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 101 had the following effect on net position as reported June 30, 2024, by opinion unit affected:

	Government-Wide
	Governmental
	Activities
Net Position-Beginning of Year, as Previously Presented	\$2,488,827
Change in Accounting Principle- Adoption of GASB 101	(5,945,820)
Net Position-Beginning of Year, as Restated or Adjusted	(\$3,456,993)

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Mariemont City School District
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
School Employees Retirement System of Ohio
Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

Year	District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	District's Covered Payroll	District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
2025	0.08358530%	\$4,275,887	\$3,502,914	122.07%	78.52%
2024	0.08584220%	4,743,224	3,405,586	139.28%	76.06%
2023	0.09247590%	5,001,816	3,454,500	144.79%	75.82%
2022	0.09086610%	3,352,696	3,135,971	106.91%	82.86%
2021	0.08822550%	5,835,420	3,093,486	188.64%	68.55%
2020	0.08912670%	5,332,607	3,050,481	174.81%	70.85%
2019	0.09079720%	5,200,124	2,948,385	176.37%	71.36%
2018	0.08599810%	5,138,197	2,846,900	180.48%	69.50%
2017	0.09112490%	6,669,502	2,830,000	235.67%	62.98%
2016	0.09186140%	5,241,701	3,534,090	148.32%	69.16%

(1) Amounts presented as of the District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

Mariemont City School District
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the District's Contributions for Net Pension Liability
School Employees Retirement System of Ohio
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Year	District's Contractually Required Contribution	District's Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contributions	District's Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	District's Covered Payroll	District's Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2025	\$517,286	(\$517,286)	\$0	\$3,694,900	14.00%
2024	490,408	(490,408)	0	3,502,914	14.00%
2023	476,782	(476,782)	0	3,405,586	14.00%
2022	483,630	(483,630)	0	3,454,500	14.00%
2021	439,036	(439,036)	0	3,135,971	14.00%
2020	433,088	(433,088)	0	3,093,486	14.00%
2019	411,815	(411,815)	0	3,050,481	13.50%
2018	398,032	(398,032)	0	2,948,385	13.50%
2017	398,566	(398,566)	0	2,846,900	14.00%
2016	396,200	(396,200)	0	2,830,000	14.00%

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

Mariemont City School District
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio
Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

Year	District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	District's Covered Payroll	District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
2025	0.09438032%	\$18,160,298	\$12,936,857	140.38%	82.55%
2024	0.09248062%	19,915,644	11,826,514	168.40%	80.02%
2023	0.09363223%	20,814,564	12,845,314	162.04%	78.88%
2022	0.09503931%	12,151,630	11,286,343	107.67%	87.78%
2021	0.09420378%	22,793,963	11,946,514	190.80%	75.48%
2020	0.09593071%	21,214,500	11,335,286	187.15%	77.40%
2019	0.09438653%	20,753,479	10,749,686	193.06%	77.30%
2018	0.09258323%	21,993,344	10,124,400	217.23%	75.30%
2017	0.09306456%	31,151,513	9,717,857	320.56%	66.80%
2016	0.09091043%	25,124,984	9,409,714	267.01%	72.10%

(1) Amounts presented as of the District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

Mariemont City School District
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the District's Contributions for Net Pension Liability
State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Year	District's Contractually Required Contribution	District's Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contributions	District's Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	District's Covered Payroll	District's Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2025	\$1,913,688	(\$1,913,688)	\$0	\$13,669,200	14.00%
2024	1,811,160	(1,811,160)	0	12,936,857	14.00%
2023	1,655,712	(1,655,712)	0	11,826,514	14.00%
2022	1,798,344	(1,798,344)	0	12,845,314	14.00%
2021	1,580,088	(1,580,088)	0	11,286,343	14.00%
2020	1,672,512	(1,672,512)	0	11,946,514	14.00%
2019	1,586,940	(1,586,940)	0	11,335,286	14.00%
2018	1,504,956	(1,504,956)	0	10,749,686	14.00%
2017	1,417,416	(1,417,416)	0	10,124,400	14.00%
2016	1,360,500	(1,360,500)	0	9,717,857	14.00%

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

Mariemont City School District
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability
School Employees Retirement System of Ohio
Last Nine Fiscal Years (1) (2)

Year	District's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability	District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	District's Covered Payroll	District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability
2025	0.08462040%	\$861,855	\$3,502,914	24.60%	44.50%
2024	0.08806090%	1,450,755	3,405,586	42.60%	30.02%
2023	0.09444520%	1,326,020	3,454,500	38.39%	30.34%
2022	0.09328590%	1,765,512	3,135,971	56.30%	24.08%
2021	0.08933400%	1,941,520	3,093,486	62.76%	18.17%
2020	0.09076500%	2,282,549	3,050,481	74.83%	15.57%
2019	0.09128700%	2,532,548	2,948,385	85.90%	13.57%
2018	0.08698680%	2,334,497	2,846,900	82.00%	12.46%
2017	0.09200178%	2,622,391	2,830,000	92.66%	11.49%

(1) The schedule is intended to show information for the past 10 years and the additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available. Information prior to 2017 is not available.

(2) Amounts presented as of the District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

Mariemont City School District
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the District's Contributions for Net OPEB Liability
School Employees Retirement System of Ohio
Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

Year	District's Contractually Required Contribution (2)	District's Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contributions	District's Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	District's Covered Payroll	District's Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2025	\$61,600	(\$61,600)	\$0	\$3,694,900	1.67%
2024	57,652	(57,652)	0	3,502,914	1.65%
2023	62,912	(62,912)	0	3,405,586	1.85%
2022	61,104	(61,104)	0	3,454,500	1.77%
2021	58,040	(58,040)	0	3,135,971	1.85%
2020	46,902	(46,902)	0	3,093,486	1.52%
2019	67,970	(67,970)	0	3,050,481	2.23%
2018	60,387	(60,387)	0	2,948,385	2.05%
2017	46,108	(46,108)	0	2,846,900	1.62%
2016	45,079	(45,079)	0	2,830,000	1.59%

(1) Includes surcharge.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

Mariemont City School District
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB (Asset)/Liability
State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio
Last Nine Fiscal Years (1) (2)

Year	District's Proportion of the Net OPEB (Asset)/Liability	District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB (Asset)/Liability	District's Covered Payroll	District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB (Asset)/Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB (Asset)/Liability
2025	0.09438032%	(\$1,790,214)	\$12,936,857	(13.84%)	158.01%
2024	0.09248062%	(1,798,620)	11,826,514	(15.21%)	168.52%
2023	0.09363223%	(2,424,450)	12,845,314	(18.87%)	230.73%
2022	0.09503931%	(2,003,826)	11,286,343	(17.75%)	174.73%
2021	0.09420378%	(1,655,631)	11,946,514	(13.86%)	182.13%
2020	0.09593071%	(1,588,842)	11,335,286	(14.02%)	174.74%
2019	0.09438653%	(1,516,695)	10,749,686	(14.11%)	176.00%
2018	0.09258323%	3,612,256	10,124,400	35.68%	47.10%
2017	0.09306456%	4,977,117	9,717,857	51.22%	37.30%

(1) The schedule is intended to show information for the past 10 years and the additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available. Information prior to 2017 is not available.

(2) Amounts presented as of the District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

Mariemont City School District
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the District's Contributions for Net OPEB (Asset)/Liability
State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Year	District's Contractually Required Contribution	District's Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contributions	District's Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	District's Covered Payroll	District's Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2025	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$13,669,200	0.00%
2024	0	0	0	12,936,857	0.00%
2023	0	0	0	11,826,514	0.00%
2022	0	0	0	12,845,314	0.00%
2021	0	0	0	11,286,343	0.00%
2020	0	0	0	11,946,514	0.00%
2019	0	0	0	11,335,286	0.00%
2018	0	0	0	10,749,686	0.00%
2017	0	0	0	10,124,400	0.00%
2016	0	0	0	9,717,857	0.00%

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

Mariemont City School District, Ohio
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

	General Fund			
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance from Final Budget
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$20,225,557	\$22,525,213	\$22,525,530	\$317
Tuition and Fees	83,727	76,025	93,248	17,223
Investment Earnings	673,094	870,635	749,636	(120,999)
Intergovernmental	4,796,352	5,290,117	5,341,775	51,658
Extracurricular Activities	39,939	28,614	44,481	15,867
Other Revenues	315,700	264,047	351,600	87,553
Total Revenues	26,134,369	29,054,651	29,106,270	51,619
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	12,011,780	14,308,834	13,211,714	1,097,120
Special	3,287,756	3,916,485	3,616,191	300,294
Other	113,630	135,360	124,981	10,379
Support Services:				
Pupil	2,142,469	2,552,181	2,356,494	195,687
Instructional Staff	1,122,233	1,336,841	1,234,340	102,501
General Administration	11,686	13,920	12,853	1,067
School Administration	2,241,906	2,670,634	2,465,865	204,769
Fiscal	687,815	819,348	756,525	62,823
Business	21,938	26,134	24,130	2,004
Operations and Maintenance	3,108,446	3,702,885	3,418,969	283,916
Pupil Transportation	1,093,491	1,302,603	1,202,727	99,876
Central	201,896	240,506	222,065	18,441
Extracurricular Activities	615,257	732,915	676,719	56,196
Capital Outlay	24,773	29,511	27,248	2,263
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	160,682	191,410	176,734	14,676
Interest and Fiscal Charges	26,415	31,467	29,054	2,413
Total Expenditures	26,872,173	32,011,034	29,556,609	2,454,425
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(737,804)	(2,956,383)	(450,339)	2,506,044
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	690	1,263	769	(494)
Transfers (Out)	(2,411,409)	(2,872,551)	(2,652,300)	220,251
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(2,410,719)	(2,871,288)	(2,651,531)	219,757
Net Change in Fund Balance	(3,148,523)	(5,827,671)	(3,101,870)	2,725,801
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year (includes prior year encumbrances appropriated)	14,390,776	14,390,776	14,390,776	0
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$11,242,253	\$8,563,105	\$11,288,906	\$2,725,801

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Mariemont City School District, Ohio
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information
For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

Note 1 – Budgetary Process

All funds, except custodial funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the appropriations resolution and the certificate of estimated resources which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount that the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriation resolution is Board's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by Board. The legal level of control has been established by Board at the fund level. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the School District Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the final amended certificate of estimated resources issued during the fiscal year 2025.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation resolution for that fund that covered the entire year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by Board during the year.

While the District is reporting financial position, results of operations and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The Combined Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are as follows:

1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).
3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures for all funds (budget basis) rather than as an assignment of fund balance for governmental fund types and expendable trust funds (GAAP basis).
4. Some funds are reported as part of the general fund (GAAP basis) as opposed to the general fund being reported alone (budget basis).

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis to the budgetary basis for the General Fund.

Mariemont City School District, Ohio
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information
For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

Net Change in Fund Balance

	<u>General</u>
GAAP Basis	(\$1,395,004)
Revenue Accruals	(1,763,271)
Expenditure Accruals	611,204
Issuance of Capital Leases	(407,580)
Encumbrances	<u>(147,219)</u>
Budget Basis	<u><u>(\$3,101,870)</u></u>

Note 2 - Net Pension Liability

School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Changes in Benefit Terms:

2025: Effective August 1, 2024, HB 33 established a Contribution-Based Benefit Cap (CBBC). Under this provision, a member's retirement allowance (and any survivor benefit derived from that allowance) will be limited if the calculated benefit under the statutory formula exceeds the CBBC amount.

2023-2024: There were no changes in benefit terms since the prior measurement period.

2022: Cost of Living Adjustments (COLA) increased from 0.50% to 2.50%.

2020-2021: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for this fiscal year.

2019: With the authority granted the Board under Senate Bill 8, the Board has enacted a three year COLA delay for future benefit recipients commencing benefits on or after April 1, 2018.

2018: SERS changed from a fixed 3.00% annual increase to a Cost of Living Adjustments (COLA) based on the changed in the Consumer Price Index Index (CPI-W), with a cap of 2.50% and a floor of 0.00%.

2014-2017: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for these fiscal years.

Changes in Assumptions:

2023-2025: The following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date:

- (1) Cost of Living Adjustments (COLA) was increased from 2.00% to 2.50% for calendar years 2025, 2024 and 2023.

2022: The following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date:

- (1) The assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.00% to 2.40%,
- (2) Payroll growth assumption was reduced from 3.50% to 1.75%,
- (3) Assumed real wage growth was increased from 0.50% to 0.85%,
- (4) Cost of Living Adjustments (COLA) was reduced from 2.50% to 2.00%,
- (5) The discount rate was reduced from 7.50% to 7.00%,
- (6) Rates of withdrawal, compensation, participation, spouse coverage assumption, retirement, and disability were updated to reflect recent experience, and,
- (7) Mortality among active members, service retirees and beneficiaries, and disabled members were

Mariemont City School District, Ohio
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information
For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

updated.

2018-2021: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for these fiscal years.

2017: The following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date:

- (1) The assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%,
- (2) Payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.50%,
- (3) Assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75% to 0.50%,
- (4) Rates of withdrawal, retirement and disability were updated to reflect recent experience,
- (5) Mortality among active members was updated to RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females,
- (6) Mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries was updated to the following RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates,
- (7) Mortality among disabled members was updated to RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement, and
- (8) The discount rate was reduced from 7.75% to 7.50%.

2014-2016: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for these fiscal years.

State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Changes in Benefit Terms:

2025: In March 2024, the Board adopted a change in the service retirement eligibility requirements for both unreduced and actuarially reduced benefits. This change is effective for retirements beginning June 1, 2024. The change allows for unreduced retirement at 34 years of service indefinitely (was previously set to increase to 35 years beginning August 1, 2029). The change also allows for an actuarially reduced retirement at any age with 29 years of service.

2019-2024: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for these fiscal years.

2018: STRS decreased the Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) to zero.

2014-2017: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for these fiscal years.

Changes in Assumptions:

2025: Retirement rates were extended to younger ages intended to ensure that the ranges in retirement eligibility impacted participants at such ages. Demographic assumptions were changed based on the actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2021.

2024: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for this fiscal year.

2023: The following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date:

- (1) Post-retirement mortality rates are based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Healthy Annuitant Mortality

Mariemont City School District, Ohio
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information
For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

Table:

- a. Adjusted 110.0% for males, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020
- (2) Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Employee Table:
 - a. Adjusted 95.0% for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020
- (3) Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Disable Annuitant Table:
 - a. Projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020
- (4) Projected salary increases changed from 2.50% to 12.50% to 2.50% to 8.50%

2022: There were changes in assumptions since the prior measurement date, which the discount rate was adjusted to 7.00% from 7.45%.

2019-2021: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for these fiscal years.

2018: The following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date:

- (1) The long term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75% to 7.45%,
- (2) The inflation assumption was lowered from 2.75% to 2.50%,
- (3) The payroll growth assumption was lowered to 3.00%,
- (4) Total salary increases rate was lowered by decreasing the merit component of the individual salary increases, in addition to a decrease of 0.25% due to lower inflation,
- (5) The healthy and disabled mortality assumptions were updated to the RP-2014 mortality tables with generational improvement scale MP-2016, and
- (6) Rates of retirement, termination and disability were modified to better reflect anticipated future experience.

2014-2017: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for these fiscal years.

Note 3 - Net OPEB (Asset)/Liability

School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Changes in Benefit Terms:

2025: The SERS Board increased the minimum compensation used for determining the health care surcharge from \$25,000 to \$30,000.

2024: Effective January 1, 2024, the non-Medicare disability health care subsidy amounts will change to reflect amounts equal to that of service retirees by years of service.

2017-2023: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for these fiscal years.

Changes in Assumptions:

2025: Amounts reported for the fiscal year incorporate changes in key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability as presented below:

- (1) Discount Rate:
 - Prior Measurement Date 4.27%

Mariemont City School District, Ohio
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information
For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

- | | |
|------------------|-------|
| Measurement Date | 4.88% |
|------------------|-------|
- (2) Municipal Bond Index Rate:
- | | |
|------------------------|-------|
| Prior Measurement Date | 3.86% |
| Measurement Date | 3.93% |
- (3) Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation:
- | | |
|------------------------|-------|
| Prior Measurement Date | 4.27% |
| Measurement Date | 4.88% |
- (4) Health care trend rates were updated.
- (5) Fiduciary Net Position projected depletion changed from 2048 to 2059.

2024: Amounts reported for the fiscal year incorporate changes in key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability as presented below:

- (1) Discount Rate:
- | | |
|------------------------|-------|
| Prior Measurement Date | 4.08% |
| Measurement Date | 4.27% |
- (2) Municipal Bond Index Rate:
- | | |
|------------------------|-------|
| Prior Measurement Date | 3.69% |
| Measurement Date | 3.86% |
- (3) Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation:
- | | |
|------------------------|-------|
| Prior Measurement Date | 4.08% |
| Measurement Date | 4.27% |
- (4) The assumption for percent of pre-Medicare eligible retirees who choose the Wraparound plan increased from 10% to 20%.
- (5) The health care trend assumption on retiree premiums was updated to not apply trend to the \$35 surcharge.
- (6) The morbidity factors were updated based on the Society of Actuaries' June 2013 research report Health Care Costs—From Birth to Death by Dale Yamamoto and from the ASOP 6 practice note developed by the American Academy of Actuaries.
- (7) An assumption was added to assume that 15% of pre-65 retirees who waive will elect coverage upon Medicare eligibility.

2023: Amounts reported for the fiscal year incorporate changes in key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability as presented below:

- (1) Discount Rate:
- | | |
|------------------------|-------|
| Prior Measurement Date | 2.27% |
| Measurement Date | 4.08% |
- (2) Municipal Bond Index Rate:
- | | |
|------------------------|-------|
| Prior Measurement Date | 1.92% |
| Measurement Date | 3.69% |
- (3) Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation:
- | | |
|------------------------|-------|
| Prior Measurement Date | 2.27% |
| Measurement Date | 4.08% |
- (4) Health care trend rates were updated.

2022: Amounts reported for the fiscal year incorporate changes in key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability as presented below:

- (1) Discount Rate:
- | | |
|------------------------|-------|
| Prior Measurement Date | 2.63% |
| Measurement Date | 2.27% |

Mariemont City School District, Ohio
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information
For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

- (2) Investment Rate of Return:
 - Prior Measurement Date 7.50%
 - Measurement Date 7.00%
- (3) Assumed Rate of Inflation:
 - Prior Measurement Date 3.00%
 - Measurement Date 2.40%
- (4) Payroll Growth Assumption:
 - Prior Measurement Date 3.50%
 - Measurement Date 1.75%
- (5) Assumed Real Wage Growth:
 - Prior Measurement Date 0.50%
 - Measurement Date 0.85%
- (6) Municipal Bond Index Rate:
 - Prior Measurement Date 2.45%
 - Measurement Date 1.92%
- (7) Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation:
 - Prior Measurement Date 2.63%
 - Measurement Date 2.27%
- (8) Rates of withdrawal, retirement and disability were updated to reflect recent experience.
- (9) Rate of health care participation for future retirees and spouses was updated to reflect recent.
- (10) Mortality among active members was updated to the following:
 - a. PUB-2010 General Amount Weighted Below Median Employee mortality table.
- (11) Mortality among service retired members was updated to the following:
 - a. PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20% for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35% for females.
- (12) Mortality among beneficiaries was updated to the following:
 - a. PUB-2010 General Amount Weighted Below Median Contingent Survivor mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 105.5% for males and adjusted 122.5% for females.
- (13) Mortality among disabled member was updated to the following:
 - a. PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3% for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8% for females.
- (14) Mortality rates are projected using a fully generational projection with Scale MP-2020.

2021: Amounts reported for the fiscal year incorporate changes in key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability as presented below:

- (1) Discount Rate:
 - Prior Measurement Date 3.22%
 - Measurement Date 2.63%
- (2) Municipal Bond Index Rate:
 - Prior Measurement Date 3.13%
 - Measurement Date 2.45%
- (3) Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation:
 - Prior Measurement Date 3.22%
 - Measurement Date 2.63%

Mariemont City School District, Ohio
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information
For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

2020: Amounts reported for the fiscal year incorporate changes in key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability as presented below:

- (1) Discount Rate:
 - Prior Measurement Date 3.70%
 - Measurement Date 3.22%
- (2) Municipal Bond Index Rate:
 - Prior Measurement Date 3.62%
 - Measurement Date 3.13%
- (3) Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation:
 - Prior Measurement Date 3.70%
 - Measurement Date 3.22%

2019: Amounts reported for the fiscal year incorporate changes in key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability as presented below:

- (1) Discount Rate:
 - Prior Measurement Date 3.63%
 - Measurement Date 3.70%
- (2) Municipal Bond Index Rate:
 - Prior Measurement Date 3.56%
 - Measurement Date 3.62%
- (3) Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation:
 - Prior Measurement Date 3.63%
 - Measurement Date 3.70%

2018: Amounts reported for the fiscal year incorporate changes in key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability as presented below:

- (1) Discount Rate:
 - Fiscal Year 2018 3.63%
 - Fiscal Year 2017 2.98%
- (2) Municipal Bond Index Rate:
 - Fiscal Year 2018 3.56%
 - Fiscal Year 2017 2.92%
- (3) Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation:
 - Fiscal Year 2018 3.63%
 - Fiscal Year 2017 2.98%

2017: The following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date:

- (1) The assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%,
- (2) Payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.50%,
- (3) Assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75% to 0.50%,
- (4) Rates of withdrawal, retirement and disability were updated to reflect recent experience,
- (5) Mortality among active members was updated to RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females,
- (6) Mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries was updated to the following RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates, and

Mariemont City School District, Ohio
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information
For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

- (7) Mortality among disabled members was updated to RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Changes in Benefit Terms:

2025: Healthcare trends were updated to reflect emerging claims and recoveries experience as well as benefit changes effective January 1, 2025. The larger Medicare trends for Years 2027 and 2028 reflect the assumed impact of the expiration of current Medicare Advantage contract on December 31, 2028.

2024: Healthcare trends were updated to reflect emerging claims and recoveries experience as well as benefit changes effective January 1, 2024. The change in the subsidy percentage and the base amount for all retiree Non-Medicare Eligible (NME) participants, from 2.2% per year in last year's valuation to 2.5% per year, capped at 75%, as well as the unfreezing of the NME subsidy, the removal of the 6% cap on the year over year subsidy increase for Medicare Eligible (ME) participants, the changes in deductible and office visits copays for Aetna's Medicare Advantage plan, and updates in the medical and PBM vendor contracts. In addition, there were benefit changes related to the change in eligibility for unreduced Pension benefits.

2023: Salary increase rates were updated based on the actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2021 and were changed from age based to service based. Healthcare trends were updated to reflect emerging claims and recoveries experience.

2022: The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2022 from 2.055% to 2.100%. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2022. The Medicare Part D subsidy was updated to reflect it is expected to be negative in CY2022. The Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.

2021: There was no change to the claims costs process. Claim curves were updated to reflect the projected fiscal year end 2021 premium based on June 30, 2020 enrollment distribution. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2021 from 1.984% to 2.055% per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2021. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1% for the AMA Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.

2020: There was no change to the claims costs process. Claim curves were trended to the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020 to reflect the current price renewals. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2020 from 1.944% to 1.984% per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2020. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1% for the Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed to January 1, 2021.

2019: The subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was increased from 1.900% to 1.944% per year of service effective January 1, 2019. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2019 and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 1, 2020. The Board is extending the current Medicare Part B partial reimbursement program for one year. Under this program, benefit recipients currently enrolled in the STRS Ohio Health Care Program and Medicare Part B receive \$29.90 per month to reimburse a portion of the Medicare Part B premium. The reimbursement was set to be reduced to \$0 beginning January 1, 2020.

Mariemont City School District, Ohio
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information
For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

This impacts about 85,000 benefit recipients.

2018: The subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was reduced from 2.10% to 1.90% per year of service. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements were discontinued for certain survivors and beneficiaries and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 1, 2019.

2017: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for this fiscal year.

Changes in Assumptions:

2025: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for this fiscal year.

2024: Healthcare trends were updated to reflect emerging claims and recoveries experience as well as benefit changes effective January 1, 2024. The change in the subsidy percentage and the base amount for all retiree Non-Medicare Eligible (NME) participants, from 2.2% per year in last year's valuation to 2.5% per year, capped at 75%, as well as the unfreezing of the NME subsidy, the removal of the 6% cap on the year over year subsidy increase for Medicare Eligible (ME) participants, the changes in deductible and office visits copays for Aetna's Medicare Advantage plan, and updates in the medical and PBM vendor contracts. In addition, there were benefit changes related to the change in eligibility for unreduced Pension benefits.

2023: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for this fiscal years.

2022: There were changes in assumptions since the prior measurement date, which the discount rate was adjusted to 7.00% from 7.45%.

2021: There were changes in assumptions during the measurement year, which decreased the total OPEB liability by approximately \$0.26 billion. The assumption changes included changes in healthcare costs and trends.

2020: There were changes in assumptions during the measurement year, which increased the total OPEB liability by approximately \$0.04 billion. The assumption changes included changes in healthcare costs and trends.

2019: The discount rate was increased from the blended rate of 4.13% to the long-term expected rate of return of 7.45% based on the methodology defined under GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB). Valuation year per capita health care costs were updated.

2018: The discount rate was increased from 3.26% to 4.13% based on the methodology defined under GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB) and the long term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75% to 7.45%. Valuation year per capita health care costs were updated, and the salary scale was modified. The percentage of future retirees electing each option was updated based on current data and the percentage of future disabled retirees and terminated vested participants electing health coverage were decreased. The assumed mortality, disability, retirement, withdrawal and future health care cost trend rates were modified along with the portion of rebated prescription drug costs.

Mariemont City School District, Ohio
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information
For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

2017: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for this fiscal year.

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65 East State Street
Columbus, Ohio 43215
ContactUs@ohioauditor.gov
800-282-0370

**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER
FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS
REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS**

Mariemont City School District
Hamilton County
2 Warrior Way
Cincinnati, Ohio 45227

To the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Mariemont City School District, Hamilton County, Ohio (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 4, 2026. We also noted the District adopted new accounting guidance in Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 101, *Compensated Absences*.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

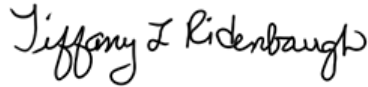
Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

KEITH FABER
Ohio Auditor of State



Tiffany L. Ridenbaugh, CPA, CFE, CGFM
Chief Deputy Auditor

June 4, 2026

OHIO AUDITOR OF STATE KEITH FABER



MARIEMONT CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

HAMILTON COUNTY

AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 6/18/2026

65 East State Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215
Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370

This report is a matter of public record and is available online at
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