



OHIO AUDITOR OF STATE
KEITH FABER



**MAYSVILLE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
MUSKINGUM COUNTY
JUNE 30, 2025**

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MUSKINGUM COUNTY
JUNE 30, 2025**

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OHIO AUDITOR OF STATE KEITH FABER



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Maysville Local School District
Muskingum County
3715 Panther Drive
Zanesville, Ohio 43701

To the Board of Education:

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Maysville Local School District, Muskingum County, Ohio (School District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the Table of Contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Maysville Local School District, Muskingum County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2025, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are required to be independent of the School District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 3 to the financial statements, during 2025, the School District adopted new accounting guidance in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards*, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, and Schedules of Net Pension and Other Post-employment Benefit Liabilities and Pension and Other Post-employment Benefit Contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

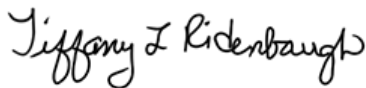
Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures of Federal Awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 26, 2026, on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

KEITH FABER
Ohio Auditor of State



Tiffany L. Ridenbaugh, CPA, CFE, CGFM
Chief Deputy Auditor

March 26, 2026

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Maysville Local School District, Ohio
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025
Unaudited

The discussion and analysis of the Maysville Local School District's financial performance provides an overall review of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for the fiscal year 2025 are as follows:

- Net position of governmental activities increased during fiscal year 2025.
- On June 14, 2024, the School District experienced a hailstorm which damaged various property items. A receivable was recognized for insurance recoveries during fiscal year 2024 in the amount of \$346,685. Additional insurance recoveries were received in January 2025. All repairs were completed by the School District in fiscal year 2025. No property was impaired during this hailstorm.
- The School District has made steps to improve their property, which include: new softball and baseball fencing, new high school and middle school bleachers, updating student parking lots, heating and cooling system improvements, adding new equipment for classrooms and school safety, and purchasing new school buses and vans.

Using this Annual Financial Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can first understand the Maysville Local School District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities and conditions.

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole School District, presenting both an aggregate view of the School District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the School District's most significant funds with all other non-major funds presented in total in one column.

Reporting the School District as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities

While this document contains information about the various funds used by the School District to provide programs and activities for students, the view of the School District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during fiscal year 2025?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

Maysville Local School District, Ohio
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025
Unaudited

These two statements report the School District's net position and changes in the position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the School District as a whole, the financial position of the School District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the School District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs, and other factors.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, all of the School District's activities are reported as governmental including instruction, support services, operation of non-instructional services, debt service, and extracurricular activities.

Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the School District's major funds begins on page 12. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the School District's major funds. The School District uses many funds to account for a multiple of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the School District's most significant funds. The School District's major governmental fund is the General Fund.

Governmental Funds Most of the School District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at fiscal year end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's general governmental operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

Proprietary Funds Proprietary funds focus on the determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position, and cash flows.

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Maysville Local School District, Ohio
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025
Unaudited

The School District as a Whole

Recall that the Statement of Net Position provides the perspective of the School District as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the School District's net position for fiscal year 2025 compared to fiscal year 2024.

Table 1 - Net Position

	Governmental Activities		
	2025	2024	Change
Assets			
Current and Other Assets	\$20,323,003	\$20,088,595	\$234,408
Net OPEB Asset	1,388,539	1,428,110	(39,571)
Capital Assets	25,218,720	25,168,987	49,733
Total Assets	46,930,262	46,685,692	244,570
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Pension	3,726,052	3,964,959	(238,907)
OPEB	628,087	714,527	(86,440)
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	4,354,139	4,679,486	(325,347)
Liabilities			
Current and Other Liabilities	3,981,372	3,692,495	288,877
Long-Term Liabilities:			
Due Within One Year	1,171,278	91,370	1,079,908
Due In More Than One Year:			
Net Pension Liability	17,930,468	19,986,963	(2,056,495)
Net OPEB Liability	773,756	1,275,887	(502,131)
Other Amounts	5,917,025	1,879,998	4,037,027
Total Liabilities	29,773,899	26,926,713	2,847,186
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Property Taxes	3,796,510	2,862,934	933,576
Pension	2,323,227	1,736,304	586,923
OPEB	2,308,312	2,476,200	(167,888)
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	8,428,049	7,075,438	1,352,611
Net Position			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	25,160,860	25,105,005	55,855
Restricted	1,767,665	1,883,466	(115,801)
Unrestricted (Deficits)	(13,846,072)	(9,625,444)	(4,220,628)
Total Net Position	<u>\$13,082,453</u>	<u>\$17,363,027</u>	<u>(\$4,280,574)</u>

New Accounting Pronouncements/Restatements

Table 1 provides a summary of the School District's net position for fiscal year 2025 compared to fiscal year 2024. For fiscal year 2025, the School District implemented GASB Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*. GASB Statement No. 100, *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections*, does not require Management Discussion and Analysis information for years prior to periods presented in the basic financial statements to be restated for changes in accounting principles.

Maysville Local School District, Ohio
Management's Discussion and Analysis
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The implementation of GASB 101 resulted in recognizing additional long-term compensated absences liabilities of \$4,831,794 at July 1, 2024. These amounts also impacted beginning net position for the cumulative effect of additional compensated absences expense (See Note 3).

The net pension liability is the largest liability reported by the School District at June 30, 2025. GASB notes that pension and OPEB obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" – that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension and other postemployment benefits. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the School District is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of these liabilities. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability or the net OPEB liability. As explained above, changes in benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of these liabilities but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required payments, State statute does not assign/identify the party responsible for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability are satisfied, these liabilities are separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

Each year, the above referenced changes impact the balance of the net position/OPEB asset/liability and the related deferred inflows and outflows.

SERS:

- During fiscal year 2025, the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability decreased for SERS. These changes primarily resulted from increased investment earnings.
- The SERS increase in deferred outflows for pension primarily results from contributions subsequent to the measurement date and the changes of assumptions, offset by the difference between expected and actual experience amounts recognized for 2025.
- The SERS decrease in deferred outflows for OPEB results from the decreases in the changes of assumptions, net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments, differences between expected and actual experiences, changes in proportion and differences between entity contributions and proportionate share of contributions, offset by contributions subsequent to the measurement date.
- The SERS increase in deferred inflows for pension primarily results from the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments recognized in 2025, offset by decreases in the changes in proportion and differences between entity contributions and proportionate share of contributions.
- The SERS increase in deferred inflows for OPEB primarily results from the increase in changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate share of contributions

Maysville Local School District, Ohio
Management's Discussion and Analysis
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recognized in 2025, offset by the differences between expected and actual experience and changes of assumptions.

STRS:

- During fiscal year 2025, the net pension/OPEB asset decreased for STRS. These changes primarily resulted from decreased investment earnings.
- The STRS decrease in deferred outflows for pension primarily results from the changes of assumptions and in proportion and differences between entity contributions and proportionate share of contributions recognized in 2025, offset by increases in differences between expected and actual experience and contributions subsequent to the measurement date.
- The STRS decrease in deferred outflows for OPEB primarily results from the changes of assumptions and net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments recognized in 2025, offset by differences between expected and actual experiences and changes in proportion and differences between entity contributions and proportionate share of contributions.
- The STRS increase in deferred inflows for pension results from the net difference between projected and actual earnings on the pension plan for 2025, offset by changes of assumptions, changes in proportion and differences between entity contributions and proportionate share of contributions, and differences between expected and actual experiences recognized.
- The STRS decrease in deferred inflows for OPEB results from the changes of assumptions, differences between expected and actual experiences, and changes in proportion and differences between entity contributions and proportionate share of contributions recognized in 2025, offset by the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments.

Total assets increased in fiscal year 2025. Current and other assets increased primarily due to an increase in property taxes receivable. In fiscal year 2025, assessed property values increased. The School District realized increased property tax collections during the second half of the fiscal year due to Muskingum County's 2024 reappraisal, which began collections in the first half of calendar year 2025. A full year of property tax valuations will be recognized in fiscal year 2026, which increased property taxes receivable. This increase in property taxes receivable was offset by decreases in cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, and prepaids. The decrease in cash and cash equivalents is due to the School District implementing new capital asset improvements in fiscal year 2024 and 2025. Accounts receivable decreased due to the insurance recoveries receivable in fiscal year 2024, as mentioned prior. Prepaids decreased in fiscal year 2025 due to large prepaid purchases in fiscal year 2024 for down payments of capital asset purchases so that the products could be ordered. Capital Assets reflected an increase due to current year capital asset additions exceeding deletions and depreciation/amortization expenses (See Note 9 for more information).

Total liabilities increased in fiscal year 2025. Current and other liabilities increased mainly due to increases in accounts payables, accrued wages and benefits payable, and intergovernmental payables. The increase in accounts payable was due to increased purchases and increases in the cost of products. Accrued wages and benefits payable and intergovernmental payable increased due to a slight increase in staff levels and increases in salaries, insurance, and increases in payroll related intergovernmental expenses. Long-term liabilities increased mainly due to the increases in due in one year and due in more than one year which are a direct result of GASB 101, *Compensated Absences*, as mentioned prior. These increases were offset by decreases in the net pension/OPEB liability, which were discussed prior.

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Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025
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Total deferred inflows of resources increased due to increases in deferred inflows of resources related to property taxes and pension which were offset by a decrease in OPEB. The reasons for these increases and decreases were discussed earlier.

Table 2 shows the changes in net position for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025, and comparisons to fiscal year ended June 30, 2024.

Table 2 - Changes in Net Position

	Governmental Activities		
	2025	2024	Change
Revenues			
Program Revenues:			
Charges for Services and Sales	\$1,191,577	\$1,351,092	(\$159,515)
Operating Grants, Contributions, and Interest	5,699,534	5,614,879	84,655
Capital Grants and Contributions	0	1,247,102	(1,247,102)
Total Program Revenues	6,891,111	8,213,073	(1,321,962)
General Revenues:			
Property Taxes	6,383,531	4,744,667	1,638,864
Grants and Entitlements	15,483,579	15,241,096	242,483
Investment Earnings/Interest	550,716	560,613	(9,897)
Gain on Sale of Capital Assets	4,050	2,000	2,050
Miscellaneous	47,493	84,218	(36,725)
Total General Revenues	22,469,369	20,632,594	1,836,775
Total Revenues	29,360,480	28,845,667	514,813
Program Expenses			
Instruction:			
Regular	10,477,011	10,833,907	(356,896)
Special	3,996,276	3,625,828	370,448
Vocational	1,275,679	758,126	517,553
Student Intervention Services	1,197,554	677,615	519,939
Support Services:			
Pupils	1,559,314	1,337,024	222,290
Instructional Staff	212,121	337,347	(125,226)
Board of Education	111,246	125,527	(14,281)
Administration	2,259,947	2,276,503	(16,556)
Fiscal	486,062	439,002	47,060
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	2,789,227	2,418,523	370,704
Pupil Transportation	1,519,664	1,458,474	61,190
Central	48,635	82,292	(33,657)
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:			
Food Service Operations	1,746,850	1,678,208	68,642
Other	7,325	3,808	3,517
Extracurricular Activities	1,117,193	1,072,999	44,194
Interest	5,156	5,604	(448)
Total Expenses	28,809,260	27,130,787	1,678,473
<i>Change in Net Position</i>	551,220	1,714,880	(1,163,660)
<i>Net Position Beginning of Year As Previously Reported</i>	17,363,027	15,648,147	1,714,880
<i>Restatement - Change in Accounting Principles</i>	(4,831,794)	0	(4,831,794)
<i>Restated Net Position Beginning of Year</i>	12,531,233	15,648,147	(3,116,914)
<i>Net Position End of Year</i>	\$13,082,453	\$17,363,027	(\$4,280,574)

Maysville Local School District, Ohio
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025
Unaudited

New Accounting Pronouncement/Restatements

Table 2 provides a summary of the School District's change in net position for fiscal year 2025 compared to 2024. The table also separately reflects the restatement for changes in accounting principles related to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*. GASB Statement No. 100, *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections* does not require Management Discussion and Analysis information for years prior to periods presented in the basic financial statements to be restated for changes in accounting principles. The 2024 information does not reflect activity related to the additional compensated absences expenses required under GASB 101, *Compensated Absences*. (See also explanation of new accounting pronouncements provided related to Net Position – Table 1 and explanation provided in Note 3.)

Net position increased in fiscal year 2025 as overall revenues and expenses both reflected increases from the prior year. Program revenues decreased due to a decrease in capital grants and contributions and a decrease in charges for services. The decrease in capital grants and contributions is related to COVID-19 grant funding being exhausted. During fiscal year 2024, COVID-19 grant funding was used for capital projects rather than operating expenses compared to the prior years; therefore, there was a decrease in capital grants and contributions mainly due to the two new elementary playgrounds purchased in fiscal year 2024. Charges for services and sales decreased due to more insurance recoveries being recognized in fiscal year 2024 compared to fiscal year 2025. The increase in program expenses is mostly due to the increase in inflation, slight increases in staff levels, and the increase in salaries and fringe benefits.

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services, sales, grants, contributions, and interest earnings offsetting those services. Table 3 shows the total cost of services and the net cost of services. In other words, it identifies the cost of those services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted entitlements.

Table 3 - Governmental Activities

	2025 Total Cost of Services	2025 Net Cost of Services	2024 Total Cost of Services	2024 Net Cost of Services
Program Expenses				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$10,477,011	\$9,669,896	\$10,833,907	\$9,995,010
Special	3,996,276	750,958	3,625,828	383,774
Vocational	1,275,679	730,249	758,126	559,613
Student Intervention Services	1,197,554	1,197,554	677,615	677,615
Support Services:				
Pupils	1,559,314	1,372,572	1,337,024	1,165,064
Instructional Staff	212,121	190,612	337,347	221,064
Board of Education	111,246	111,246	125,527	125,527
Administration	2,259,947	2,106,238	2,276,503	2,143,259
Fiscal	486,062	486,062	439,002	439,002
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	2,789,227	2,522,929	2,418,523	617,279
Pupil Transportation	1,519,664	1,513,828	1,458,474	1,452,992
Central	48,635	45,542	82,292	57,608
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:				
Food Service Operations	1,746,850	430,194	1,678,208	355,942
Other	7,325	(484)	3,808	3,398
Extracurricular Activities	1,117,193	785,597	1,072,999	714,963
Interest	5,156	5,156	5,604	5,604
Totals	<u><u>\$28,809,260</u></u>	<u><u>\$21,918,149</u></u>	<u><u>\$27,130,787</u></u>	<u><u>\$18,917,714</u></u>

Maysville Local School District, Ohio
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025
Unaudited

The dependence upon tax revenues and State subsidies for governmental activities is apparent. For 2025, only 24 percent of the governmental activities performed by the School District are supported through program revenues such as charges for services, operating grants, contributions, and interest. The remaining percent is provided through taxes and entitlements.

Instructional programs comprise the largest portion of total governmental program expenses and support services are the second largest portion, since the School District's purpose is to instruct and support its students in order to prepare them for a positive future. The larger remaining amounts are for food services and extracurricular activities, which relate to a student's growth and well-being.

The School District Funds

The School District's funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds had an overall decrease in fund balance for fiscal year 2025 due to increases in salaries and benefits, decreases in food service cash balances, and capital improvement purchases and upgrades.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The School District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund. During the course of fiscal 2025, the School District's General Fund appropriations increased resulting from inflation and the cost of doing business along with increases in operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, and extracurricular activities expenditures. The School District has been spending monies on land, building, and athletic improvements in order to maintain and improve the School District's capital assets. The fiscal year ended with final appropriations exceeding actual expenditures. Budget basis actual revenue plus other financing sources exceeded the original and final revenue estimates. The difference between final revenue estimates and actual revenue was mainly due to intergovernmental revenues being higher than anticipated plus insurance recoveries due to the hailstorm in June 2024. The School District's ending General Fund budgetary balance was \$9,958,912.

Capital Assets and Long-Term Obligations

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2025, the School District invested in land, construction in progress, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, vehicles, and intangible right to use lease of copiers and a subscription of professional development software. See Note 9 for more detailed information on the School District's capital assets. Table 4 shows fiscal year 2025 balances compared to fiscal year 2024.

Maysville Local School District, Ohio
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025
Unaudited

Table 4 - Capital Assets at June 30, 2025
(Net of Depreciation)

	Government Activities	
	2025	2024
Land	\$729,742	\$729,742
Construction in Progress	6,499	0
Land Improvements	4,130,681	4,336,898
Buildings and Improvements	16,298,331	16,820,291
Furniture and Equipment	2,859,489	2,431,645
Vehicles	938,987	786,429
Intangible Right to Use - Lease and Subscription	254,991	63,982
Totals	\$25,218,720	\$25,168,987

Long-Term Obligations

At June 30, 2025, the School District had lease and subscription payables outstanding.

Table 5 - Outstanding Long-Term Obligations, at Fiscal Year End

	Government Activities	
	2025	2024
Lease Payable	\$39,374	\$63,982
Subscription Payable	11,987	0
Totals	\$51,361	\$63,982

See Note 15 for more detailed information about the School District's long-term obligations. The net pension/OPEB liabilities under GASB 68 and GASB 75 are also reported as long-term obligations that have been previously disclosed within the management's discussion and analysis.

Economic Factors

The School District has experienced increases in net position during fiscal years 2018 through 2025. The School District's net position increased during fiscal year 2025 due mainly to revenues exceeding expenses and increases in property taxes due to the Muskingum County property tax reappraisal.

Based on the most recent Board-adopted five-year forecast, Maysville Local School District is projecting revenues to exceed expenditures for fiscal years 2026 and 2027; however, deficit spending is projected for fiscal years 2028 and 2029. The Board does not anticipate any layoffs to occur in the upcoming years. As staff retire in the next few years, the Board may not replace vacant positions unless deemed necessary. The Board of Education and Administration of the School District must maintain careful financial planning and prudent fiscal management in order to maintain the financial stability of the School District.

Contacting the School District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Lewis Sidwell, Treasurer at Maysville Local School District, 3715 Panther Drive, Zanesville, Ohio 43701. You may also e-mail the treasurer at lew.sidwell@maysvillelocal.org.

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Maysville Local School District, Ohio

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2025

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$12,238,986
Cash and Cash Equivalents in Segregated Accounts	8,659
Accounts Receivable	116,252
Accrued Interest Receivable	62,779
Intergovernmental Receivable	592,650
Prepaid Items	91,623
Inventory Held for Resale	5,752
Materials and Supplies Inventory	9,817
Property Taxes Receivable	7,196,485
Net OPEB Asset	1,388,539
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	736,241
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	24,482,479
<i>Total Assets</i>	<u>46,930,262</u>
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Pension	3,726,052
OPEB	628,087
<i>Total Deferred Outflows or Resources</i>	<u>4,354,139</u>
Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	170,858
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable	3,124,646
Contracts Payable	6,499
Intergovernmental Payable	665,818
Unearned Revenue	1,475
Employee Withholding Payable	1,299
Claims Payable	10,777
Long-Term Liabilities:	
Due Within One Year	1,171,278
Due In More Than One Year:	
Net Pension Liability	17,930,468
Net OPEB Liability	773,756
Other Amounts	5,917,025
<i>Total Liabilities</i>	<u>29,773,899</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Property Taxes	3,796,510
Pension	2,323,227
OPEB	2,308,312
<i>Total Deferred Inflows of Resources</i>	<u>8,428,049</u>
Net Position	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	25,160,860
Restricted for:	
Student Managed Activities	59,261
District Managed Student Activities	103,135
Preschool Activities	157,517
Local, State, and Federal Grants	59,213
OPEB Plan	1,388,539
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(13,846,072)
<i>Total Net Position</i>	<u><u>\$13,082,453</u></u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Maysville Local School District, Ohio

Statement of Activities

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025

		Program Revenues		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
	Expenses	Charges for Services and Sales	Operating Grants, Contributions, and Interest	Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$10,477,011	\$401,488	\$405,627	(\$9,669,896)
Special	3,996,276	18,527	3,226,791	(750,958)
Vocational	1,275,679	0	545,430	(730,249)
Student Intervention Services	1,197,554	0	0	(1,197,554)
Support Services:				
Pupils	1,559,314	38,157	148,585	(1,372,572)
Instructional Staff	212,121	0	21,509	(190,612)
Board of Education	111,246	0	0	(111,246)
Administration	2,259,947	131,663	22,046	(2,106,238)
Fiscal	486,062	0	0	(486,062)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	2,789,227	227,535	38,763	(2,522,929)
Pupil Transportation	1,519,664	0	5,836	(1,513,828)
Central	48,635	0	3,093	(45,542)
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:				
Food Service Operations	1,746,850	39,643	1,277,013	(430,194)
Other	7,325	2,968	4,841	484
Extracurricular Activities	1,117,193	331,596	0	(785,597)
Interest	5,156	0	0	(5,156)
<i>Total Primary Government</i>	<u>\$28,809,260</u>	<u>\$1,191,577</u>	<u>\$5,699,534</u>	<u>(21,918,149)</u>
General Revenues				
Property Taxes Levied for:				
General Purposes				6,236,933
Permanent Improvement				146,598
Grants and Entitlements not Restricted				
to Specific Programs				15,483,579
Investment Earnings/Interest				550,716
Gain on Sale of Capital Asset				4,050
Miscellaneous				47,493
<i>Total General Revenues</i>				<u>22,469,369</u>
<i>Change in Net Position</i>				<u>551,220</u>
<i>Net Position Beginning of Year</i>				
<i>As Previously Reported</i>				17,363,027
<i>Restatement - See Note 3</i>				<u>(4,831,794)</u>
<i>Restated Net Position Beginning of Year</i>				<u>12,531,233</u>
<i>Net Position End of Year</i>				<u><u>\$13,082,453</u></u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Maysville Local School District, Ohio

*Balance Sheet
Governmental Funds
June 30, 2025*

	General	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets			
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$10,231,040	\$1,395,837	\$11,626,877
Cash and Cash Equivalents in Segregated Accounts	0	8,659	8,659
Accounts Receivable	52,253	63,999	116,252
Interfund Receivable	279,293	1,490	280,783
Intergovernmental Receivable	290,593	302,057	592,650
Accrued Interest Receivable	0	62,779	62,779
Prepaid Items	50,495	41,128	91,623
Inventory Held for Resale	0	5,752	5,752
Materials and Supplies Inventory	6,429	3,388	9,817
Property Taxes Receivable	7,029,802	166,683	7,196,485
<i>Total Assets</i>	<u>\$17,939,905</u>	<u>\$2,051,772</u>	<u>\$19,991,677</u>
Liabilities			
Accounts Payable	\$154,248	\$16,610	\$170,858
Accrued Wages and Benefits	2,782,711	341,935	3,124,646
Contracts Payable	6,499	0	6,499
Interfund Payable	1,490	279,293	280,783
Intergovernmental Payable	609,257	56,561	665,818
Unearned Revenue	0	1,475	1,475
Employee Withholding Payable	1,299	0	1,299
<i>Total Liabilities</i>	<u>3,555,504</u>	<u>695,874</u>	<u>4,251,378</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Property Taxes	3,708,135	88,375	3,796,510
Unavailable Revenue	723,584	70,715	794,299
<i>Total Deferred Inflows of Resources</i>	<u>4,431,719</u>	<u>159,090</u>	<u>4,590,809</u>
Fund Balances			
Nonspendable	56,924	44,516	101,440
Restricted	0	327,076	327,076
Committed	96,501	23,120	119,621
Assigned	127,831	1,055,798	1,183,629
Unassigned (Deficit)	9,671,426	(253,702)	9,417,724
<i>Total Fund Balances</i>	<u>9,952,682</u>	<u>1,196,808</u>	<u>11,149,490</u>
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	<u>\$17,939,905</u>	<u>\$2,051,772</u>	<u>\$19,991,677</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Maysville Local School District, Ohio
*Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to
the Statement of Net Position
June 30, 2025*

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$11,149,490
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Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because of the following:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	25,218,720
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Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are reported as deferred inflows of resources - unavailable revenue in the funds:

Delinquent Property Taxes	688,359	
Intergovernmental	31,363	
Investment Earnings/Interest	10,773	
Tuition and Fees	51,795	
Contributions and Donations	12,009	794,299

An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.	601,332
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Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, not reported in the funds:

Lease Payable	(39,374)	
Subscription Payable	(11,987)	
Compensated Absences Payable	(7,036,942)	(7,088,303)

The net pension and net OPEB asset/liability is not due and payable in the current period; therefore, the asset, liability and related deferred inflows/ outflows are not reported in the governmental funds:

Net OPEB Asset	1,388,539	
Deferred Outflows - Pension	3,726,052	
Deferred Outflows - OPEB	628,087	
Net Pension Liability	(17,930,468)	
Net OPEB Liability	(773,756)	
Deferred Inflows - Pension	(2,323,227)	
Deferred Inflows - OPEB	(2,308,312)	(17,593,085)

Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$13,082,453
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See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Maysville Local School District, Ohio
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances
Governmental Funds
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

	General	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues			
Property Taxes	\$6,213,957	\$145,587	\$6,359,544
Intergovernmental	18,264,427	2,909,160	21,173,587
Investment Earnings/Interest	0	574,545	574,545
Tuition and Fees	341,440	252,376	593,816
Extracurricular Activities	47,747	284,024	331,771
Rent	1,129	0	1,129
Charges for Services	156,938	49,412	206,350
Contributions and Donations	4,770	76,135	80,905
Miscellaneous	47,493	0	47,493
<i>Total Revenues</i>	<u>25,077,901</u>	<u>4,291,239</u>	<u>29,369,140</u>
Expenditures			
Current:			
Instruction:			
Regular	10,789,371	496,714	11,286,085
Special	2,911,654	998,442	3,910,096
Vocational	1,291,152	64,219	1,355,371
Student Intervention Services	1,022,146	0	1,022,146
Support Services:			
Pupils	1,308,310	158,980	1,467,290
Instructional Staff	219,632	20,126	239,758
Board of Education	111,246	0	111,246
Administration	2,256,266	139,959	2,396,225
Fiscal	477,544	13,304	490,848
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	3,010,104	99,378	3,109,482
Pupil Transportation	1,355,852	345,686	1,701,538
Central	45,479	3,156	48,635
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:			
Food Service Operations	0	1,610,188	1,610,188
Other Non-Instructional Services	0	7,325	7,325
Extracurricular Activities	1,196,805	327,148	1,523,953
Capital Outlay	6,499	69,306	75,805
Debt Service:			
Principal Retirement	29,963	0	29,963
Interest	5,156	0	5,156
<i>Total Expenditures</i>	<u>26,037,179</u>	<u>4,353,931</u>	<u>30,391,110</u>
<i>Excess of Revenues Under Expenditures</i>	<u>(959,278)</u>	<u>(62,692)</u>	<u>(1,021,970)</u>
Other Financing Sources			
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	4,050	0	4,050
Insurance Recoveries	59,699	0	59,699
Inception of a Subscription	17,342	0	17,342
<i>Total Other Financing Sources</i>	<u>81,091</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>81,091</u>
<i>Net Change in Fund Balances</i>	<u>(878,187)</u>	<u>(62,692)</u>	<u>(940,879)</u>
<i>Fund Balances Beginning of Year</i>	<u>10,830,869</u>	<u>1,259,500</u>	<u>12,090,369</u>
<i>Fund Balances End of Year</i>	<u>\$9,952,682</u>	<u>\$1,196,808</u>	<u>\$11,149,490</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Maysville Local School District, Ohio
*Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes
in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025*

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		(\$940,879)
<i>Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because</i>		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation/amortization expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation/amortization in the current period.		
Capital Asset Additions	1,919,060	
Current Year Depreciation/Amortization	<u>(1,869,327)</u>	49,733
Governmental funds only report the disposal of capital assets to the extent proceeds are received from the sale. In the Statement of Activities, a gain or loss is reported for each disposal. This is the amount of the gain on sale of capital assets:		
capital assets.		
Gain on Sale of Capital Assets	4,050	
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	<u>(4,050)</u>	0
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds:		
Delinquent Property Taxes	23,987	
Intergovernmental	(83,396)	
Investment Earnings/Interest	(23,821)	
Contributions and Donations	12,009	
Tuition and Fees	<u>(1,188)</u>	(72,409)
Repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.		
Lease	24,608	
Subscription	<u>5,355</u>	29,963
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Compensated Absences Payable		(297,762)
Some capital assets were financed through subscriptions. In governmental funds, a subscription arrangement is considered a source of financing, but in the Statement of Net Position the subscription obligation is reported as a liability.		(17,342)
The internal service fund used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the district-wide Statement of Activities. Governmental fund expenditures and the related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is allocated among the governmental activities.		25,243
Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds; however, the Statement of Net Position reports these amounts as deferred outflows.		
Pension	2,005,644	
OPEB	<u>56,473</u>	2,062,117
Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension/OPEB liability/asset are reported as pension expense in the Statement of Activities.		
Pension	(774,979)	
OPEB	<u>487,535</u>	<u>(287,444)</u>
<i>Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities</i>		<u><u>\$551,220</u></u>
See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements		

Maysville Local School District, Ohio
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes
in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis)
General Fund
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final		
Revenues				
Property Taxes	\$4,743,530	\$5,534,861	\$5,510,308	(\$24,553)
Intergovernmental	17,909,857	17,869,342	18,010,900	141,558
Tuition and Fees	244,400	244,400	352,271	107,871
Rent	1,000	1,000	1,129	129
Charges for Services	172,000	172,000	156,938	(15,062)
Contributions and Donations	5,000	5,000	4,770	(230)
Miscellaneous	138,959	138,959	68,438	(70,521)
<i>Total Revenues</i>	<u>23,214,746</u>	<u>23,965,562</u>	<u>24,104,754</u>	<u>139,192</u>
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	10,224,741	10,285,354	9,915,767	369,587
Special	2,920,695	2,920,695	2,884,150	36,545
Vocational	1,080,742	1,101,252	1,241,960	(140,708)
Student Intervention Services	713,351	848,351	1,022,146	(173,795)
Other	622,493	732,493	783,432	(50,939)
Support Services:				
Pupils	1,049,185	1,084,185	1,261,145	(176,960)
Instructional Staff	247,887	249,887	233,011	16,876
Board of Education	132,424	138,424	111,410	27,014
Administration	2,053,439	2,293,439	2,322,446	(29,007)
Fiscal	477,008	512,008	482,320	29,688
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	2,467,178	2,913,239	3,015,604	(102,365)
Pupil Transportation	1,388,874	1,660,005	1,352,642	307,363
Central	26,571	26,571	45,479	(18,908)
Extracurricular Activities	480,855	822,540	852,303	(29,763)
Capital Outlay	0	107,000	103,000	4,000
<i>Total Expenditures</i>	<u>23,885,443</u>	<u>25,695,443</u>	<u>25,626,815</u>	<u>68,628</u>
<i>Excess of Revenues Under Expenditures</i>	<u>(670,697)</u>	<u>(1,729,881)</u>	<u>(1,522,061)</u>	<u>207,820</u>
Other Financing Sources (Use)				
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	0	3,800	4,050	250
Insurance Recoveries	0	406,384	406,384	0
Advances Out	0	(200,000)	(200,000)	0
<i>Total Other Financing Sources (Use)</i>	<u>0</u>	<u>210,184</u>	<u>210,434</u>	<u>250</u>
<i>Net Change in Fund Balance</i>	<u>(670,697)</u>	<u>(1,519,697)</u>	<u>(1,311,627)</u>	<u>208,070</u>
<i>Fund Balance Beginning of Year</i>	<u>10,619,525</u>	<u>10,619,525</u>	<u>10,619,525</u>	<u>0</u>
<i>Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated</i>	<u>651,014</u>	<u>651,014</u>	<u>651,014</u>	<u>0</u>
<i>Fund Balance End of Year</i>	<u><u>\$10,599,842</u></u>	<u><u>\$9,750,842</u></u>	<u><u>\$9,958,912</u></u>	<u><u>\$208,070</u></u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Maysville Local School District, Ohio

Statement of Fund Net Position

Internal Service Fund

June 30, 2025

	Self- Insurance
Current Assets	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$612,109
Current Liabilities	
Claims Payable	10,777
Net Position	
Unrestricted	\$601,332

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Maysville Local School District, Ohio
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position
Internal Service Fund
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

	Self- Insurance
Operating Revenues	
Charges for Services	\$258,639
Operating Expenses	
Purchased Services	13,757
Claims	219,639
Total Operating Expenses	233,396
Operating Income	25,243
Net Position Beginning of Year	576,089
Net Position End of Year	\$601,332
See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements	

Maysville Local School District, Ohio

Statement of Cash Flows

Internal Service Fund

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

	Self- Insurance
Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities	
Cash Received from Transactions with Other Funds	\$258,639
Cash Payments for Services	(12,905)
Cash Payments for Claims	(222,834)
<i>Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities</i>	22,900
<i>Cash and Cash Equivalents Beginning of Year</i>	589,209
<i>Cash and Cash Equivalents End of Year</i>	\$612,109
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	
Operating Income	\$25,243
Changes in Assets and Liabilities	
Decrease in Accounts Receivable	2,454
Decrease in Prepaid Items	852
Decrease in Claims Payable	(5,649)
<i>Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities</i>	\$22,900
See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements	

Maysville Local School District, Ohio
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

Note 1 – Description of the School District and Reporting Entity

Maysville Local School District (the "School District") is organized under Article VI, Sections 2 and 3 of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. The School District operates under a locally-elected Board form of government consisting of five members elected at-large for staggered four-year terms. The School District provides educational services as authorized by State statute and federal guidelines.

Maysville Local School District was established in 1956 through the consolidation of the Springfield-Bell Local School District and the South Zanesville Local School District. The School District serves an area of approximately 66 square miles. It is located in Muskingum County and includes a portion of the City of Zanesville, the Village of East Fultonham, and the Townships of Newton and Springfield. It is staffed by 109 classified employees, 133 certificated full-time teaching personnel, and 14 administrative employees who provide services to 1,708 students (including preschool and open enrollment students) and other community members. The School District currently operates two instructional buildings, one administrative/blended learning building, and one garage.

Reporting Entity

A reporting entity is composed of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the School District consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For Maysville Local School District, this includes general operations, food service, preschool, and student related activities of the School District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the School District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes, and there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government. The School District has no component units.

The School District participates in four jointly governed organizations and four purchasing pools. These organizations are the Licking Area Computer Association, Mid-East Career and Technology Centers, Coalition of Rural and Appalachian Schools, the Ohio Coalition of Equity and Adequacy of School Funding, the Better Business Bureau of Central Ohio Incorporated - Workers' Compensation Program, the Ohio School Benefits Cooperative, META Solutions, and Ohio Mid-Eastern Regional Educational Service Agency Cooperative Purchasing Program. These organizations are presented in Notes 20 and 21 to the general purpose financial statements.

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and

Maysville Local School District, Ohio
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

financial reporting principles. The more significant of the School District's accounting policies are described in Note 2.

Basis of Presentation

The School District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The activity of the internal service fund is eliminated to avoid doubling up revenues and expenses. The statements usually distinguish between those activities of the School District that are governmental (primarily supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues) and those that are considered business-type activities (primarily supported by fees and charges). The School District has no business-type activities.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the School District at fiscal year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department, and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants, and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program, and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the School District. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School District.

Fund Financial Statements During the fiscal year, the School District segregates transactions related to certain School District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the School District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The internal service fund is presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statements.

Fund Accounting

The School District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. There are two categories of funds: governmental and proprietary.

Governmental Funds Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance. The School District's only major governmental fund is the General Fund.

Maysville Local School District, Ohio
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

General Fund The General Fund accounts for and reports all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the School District for any purpose, provided it is expended and transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

The other governmental funds of the School District account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted, committed, or assigned to a particular purpose.

Proprietary Fund Types Proprietary fund reporting focuses on the determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position, and cash flows. Proprietary funds are classified as enterprise or internal service; the School District has no enterprise funds.

Internal Service Fund The Internal Service Fund accounts for the financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the School District on a cost reimbursement basis. The School District's only internal service fund accounts for the operation of the School District's self-insurance program for vision and dental claims.

Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and deferred outflows of resources and all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the School District are included on the statement of net position. The statement of activities presents increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net position.

Fund Financial Statements All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and deferred outflows of resources and current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Like the government-wide statements, all proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and deferred outflows of resources and all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of fund net position.

For proprietary funds, the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund net position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net position. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the School District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements and the statements presented for the proprietary fund are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified

Maysville Local School District, Ohio
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
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accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, in the recording of deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the School District, available means expected to be received within 60 days of fiscal year-end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the School District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On the accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 7). Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the School District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year end: property taxes available as an advance, investment income/interest, tuition and fees, grants, extracurricular, rent, charges for services, contributions and donations.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources In addition to assets, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the School District, deferred outflows of resources are reported on the government-wide statement of net position for pension and OPEB plans. The details of these unavailable revenues are identified on the Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position found on page 17. The deferred outflows of resources related to pension and OPEB plans are explained in Notes 11 and 12.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period and will not be recognized until that time. For the School District, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes, pension and OPEB plans, and unavailable revenue. Property taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2025, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2026 operations. These amounts have been recorded as a deferred inflow on both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental funds balance sheet and represents receivables which will not be collected within the available period. For the School District, unavailable revenue includes delinquent property taxes, intergovernmental, investment earnings/interest, tuition and fees, and contributions and donations. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available. Deferred inflows of resources related to pension and OPEB plans are reported on the government-wide statement of net position. (See Notes 11 and 12)

Maysville Local School District, Ohio
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For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

Expenses/Expenditures On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, cash received by the School District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through School District records. Interest in the pool is presented as equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents on the financial statements.

During fiscal year 2025, the School District's investments were limited to negotiable certificates of deposit, money market mutual funds, and federal agency securities (including both Federal Home Loan Bank and Federal Farm Credit Bank Notes).

Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, the School District reports investments at fair value, which is based on quoted market prices. Nonparticipating investment contracts, such as money market accounts, are reported at cost.

Following Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of Investment Earnings/Interest. Investment Earnings/Interest credited to the Permanent Improvement Capital Projects Fund during fiscal year 2025 amounted to \$574,545, which includes \$479,945 assigned from other School District funds.

The School District has a segregated bank account for the District Managed Activities that is held separate from the School District's central bank account. This depository account is presented as "Cash in Segregated Accounts" since it is not deposited into the School District treasury.

Investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School District are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months not purchased from the pool are reported as investments.

Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2025, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and an expenditure/expense is reported in the fiscal year in which services are consumed.

Inventory

Inventories are presented at cost on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed/expended when used. Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption and purchased and donated food held for resale.

Maysville Local School District, Ohio
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Capital Assets

The School District's only capital assets are general capital assets. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets (except for intangible right to use lease assets which are discussed below) are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the fiscal year. The School District was able to estimate the historical cost for the initial reporting of capital assets by back trending (i.e., estimating the current replacement cost of the assets to be capitalized and using an appropriate price-index to deflate the costs to the acquisition year or estimated acquisition year). Donated assets are recorded at their acquisition values as of the date received. The School District maintained a capitalization threshold of \$5,000 until November 14, 2024, when the School District approved a threshold of \$10,000. The School District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized.

All reported capital assets, except land and construction in progress, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Estimated Lives</u>
Land Improvements	15-20 years
Buildings and Improvements	20-40 years
Furniture and Equipment	5-20 years
Vehicles	8 years

The School District is reporting intangible right to use assets related to lease and subscription assets. The lease assets include equipment and represent nonfinancial assets which are being utilized for a period of time through leases from another entity. Subscription assets represent intangible right to use assets related to the use of another party's IT software. These intangible right to use assets are being amortized in a systematic and rational manner over the shorter of the lease/subscription term or the useful life of the underlying asset.

Internal Activity

Transfers within governmental activities are eliminated on the government-wide statements.

Internal allocations of overhead expenses from one program to another or within the same program are eliminated on the Statement of Activities. Payments for interfund services provided and used are not eliminated.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/ uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

Maysville Local School District, Ohio
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
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Compensated Absences

For the School District, compensated absences includes leave for which employees may receive cash payments when the leave is used for time off or receive cash payments for unused leave upon termination employment. These payments could occur during employment or upon termination of employment. Compensated absences generally do not have a set payment schedule. The School District does not offer noncash settlements. This School District uses a first-in first-out assumption for compensated absences.

Liabilities should be recognized for leave that has not been used if the leave is attributable to services already rendered, the leave accumulates and is allowed to be carried over to subsequent years, and the leave is more likely than not to be used for time off or otherwise paid in cash. For the School District, this leave includes sick and vacation time. However, the School District also has certain compensated absences that are dependent upon the occurrence of sporadic events that affect a relatively small proportion of employees. A liability for these types of leave is recognized when the leave commences. For the School District, this type of leave includes bereavement leave, military leave, personal leave, on-the-job injury leave, and court leave. Holiday leave taken on a specific date, not at the discretion of the employee, is recognized as a liability when used. The liability for compensated absences includes salary-related payments, where applicable.

Liabilities for compensated absences are recognized in financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus for leave that has not been used and leave that has been used but not yet paid or settled.

On governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as a liability and expenditure to the extent payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements.

Leases and SBITAs

The School District serves as a lessee in a various noncancellable lease. At the commencement of a lease, the School District initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized in a systematic and rational manner over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset. Lease assets are reported with other capital assets and lease liabilities are reported with long-term obligations on the statement of net position.

The School District is reporting Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs) for various noncancellable IT software contracts. The subscription asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the subscription liability, adjusted for subscription payments made at the commencement of the subscription term, plus certain initial implementation costs. The School District also had several subscriptions that were paid before the commencement date. Subsequently, the subscription asset is amortized in a systematic and rational manner over the shorter of the subscription term or the useful life of the underlying IT asset. Subscription assets are reported with other capital assets on the Statement of Net Position.

Maysville Local School District, Ohio
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
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Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current fiscal year. Net pension/OPEB liability should be recognized in the governmental funds to the extent that benefit payments are due and payable and the pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net pension is not sufficient for payment of those benefits. Leases and subscriptions are recognized as liabilities on the governmental fund financial statements when due.

Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB, and pension/OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable: The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

Restricted: The restricted fund balance category includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by State constitution or external resource providers. Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation (School District Board of Education resolutions).

Committed: The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action (resolution) of the School District Board of Education. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the School District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for the use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned: Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the School District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. These amounts are assigned by the School

Maysville Local School District, Ohio
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
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District Board of Education. In the General Fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the School District Board of Education or by State statute. State statute authorizes the School District's Treasurer to assign fund balance for purchases on order provided such amounts have been lawfully appropriated.

Unassigned: The unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report deficit balances.

The School District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first, followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which the amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between all other elements in a statement of financial position. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Of the restricted net position, none has resulted from enabling legislation. The School District applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available. Restricted Net Position for an OPEB plan represents the corresponding restricted asset amounts held in trust by the OPEB plan for future benefits.

Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. During fiscal year 2025, no extraordinary or special items occurred.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Budgetary Process

All funds, except custodial funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the appropriation resolution, and the certificate of estimated resources, which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amounts that the Board of Education (Board) may appropriate. The appropriation resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at a level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of control has been established by the Board of Education at

Maysville Local School District, Ohio
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

the fund level. The Treasurer has been authorized to allocate Board appropriations to the function and object level.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the fiscal year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the School District Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statement reflect the amounts in the certificate when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statement reflect the amounts in the final amended certificate of estimated resources in effect at the time the final appropriations were passed by the Board.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the fiscal year, with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated revenues. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the fiscal year.

Note 3 – Changes in Accounting Principles and Restatement of Net Position

Changes in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2025, the School District implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences* and GASB Statement No. 102, *Certain Risk Disclosures*.

GASB 101 will result in a liability for compensated absences that more appropriately reflects when a government incurs such an obligation. In addition, the model can be applied consistently to any type of compensated absence and will eliminate potential comparability issues between governments that offer different types of leave.

GASB 102 will provide users of government financial statements with essential information about risks related to a government's vulnerabilities due to certain concentrations or constraints. GASB 102 requirements apply only to note disclosure and do not have any effect on beginning net position/fund balance. The School District evaluated their concentrations and constraints but did not have any events that required disclosure.

Restatement of Net Position

For the School District, GASB Statement No. 101 increased the compensated absences liability and updated the cumulative effects of compensated absences related expenses on beginning net position. This change in accounting principle is separately displayed by reporting unit in the accompanying financial statements.

Maysville Local School District, Ohio
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
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Note 4 – Fund Deficits

The following funds had deficit fund balances as of June 30, 2025:

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u>	<u>Deficits</u>
Food Service	\$210,630
21st Century	3,968
Title VI-B	20,735
Title I	12,324
Title II-A	31

The deficits are the result of the recognition of payables in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, as well as short-term interfund loans from the General Fund needed for operations until the receipt of grant monies. The General Fund provides transfers to cover deficit balances; however, this is done when cash is needed rather than when accruals occur.

Note 5 – Budgetary Basis of Accounting

While the School District is reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) for the General Fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP (modified accrual) basis are as follows:

1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).
3. Prepaid items are reported on the balance sheet (GAAP basis), but not on the budgetary basis.
4. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures for all funds (budget basis) rather than as a commitment or assignment of fund balance for governmental fund types (GAAP basis).
5. Budgetary revenues and expenditures of the public school support fund are reclassified to the General Fund for GAAP Reporting.
6. Unreported cash and negative cash advances to other funds are reported on the GAAP Basis, but not on budgetary basis.
7. Advances are operating transactions (budget basis) as opposed to balance sheet transactions (GAAP basis).

The following tables summarize the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP and budgetary basis statement for the General Fund:

Maysville Local School District, Ohio
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
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Net Change in Fund Balance

GAAP Basis	(\$878,187)
Net Adjustment for Revenue Accruals	(661,717)
Net Adjustment for Expenditure Accruals	477,828
Beginning:	
Prepaid Items	315,864
Unrecorded Cash	1,015
Negative Cash Advances	(74,654)
Ending:	
Prepaid Items	(50,495)
Unrecorded Cash	(1,299)
Negative Cash Advances	62,446
Advances Out	(200,000)
To reclassify excess of revenues and other sources of financial resources over expenditures and other uses of financial resources into financial statement fund types	(1,015)
Adjustment for Encumbrances	(301,413)
Budget Basis	<u><u>(\$1,311,627)</u></u>

Note 6 – Deposits and Investments

Monies held by the School District are classified by State statute into three categories.

Active monies are public monies determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the School District treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Protection of School District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by the financial institutions participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

Interim monies held by the School District can be deposited or invested in the following securities:

Maysville Local School District, Ohio
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1. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligation or security issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, and Government National Mortgage Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio, and with certain limitations including a requirement for maturity within ten years from the date of settlement, bonds and other obligations of political subdivisions of the State of Ohio, if training requirements have been met;
5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio); and
8. Certain bankers' acceptances (for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days) and commercial paper notes (for a period not to exceed two hundred seventy days) in an amount not to exceed 40 percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time if training requirements have been met. The investment in commercial paper notes of a single issuer shall not exceed in the aggregate five percent of interim money available for investment at the time of purchase.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian. At fiscal year-end, the School District had no undeposited cash on hand.

Investments Investments are reported at fair value. As of June 30, 2025, the School District had the following investments:

Maysville Local School District, Ohio
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Measurement/Investment	Measurement Amount	Maturity	Ratings	Percentage of Total Investment
Fair Value - Level One Input:				
Money Market Mutual Funds	<u>\$4,644,479</u>	Less than one year	Aaa-mf	49.94%
Fair Value - Level Two Inputs:				
Federal Home Loan Bank Notes	251,259	Less than five years	AA+	2.70%
Federal Farm Credit Bank Notes	2,496,508	Less than five years	AA+	26.85%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	<u>1,907,771</u>	Less than four years	not rated	20.51%
Total Fair Value - Level Two Inputs	<u>4,655,538</u>			
Total	<u><u>\$9,300,017</u></u>			

The School District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets. Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The above chart identifies the School District's recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2025. The money market mutual funds are measured at fair value and are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs). The School District's remaining investments measured at fair value are valued using methodologies that incorporate market inputs such as benchmark yields, reported trades, broker/dealer quotes, issuer spreads, two-sided markets, benchmark securities, bids, offers and reference data including market research publications. Market indicators and industry and economic events are also monitored, which could require the need to acquire further market data (Level 2 inputs).

Interest Rate Risk The School District's investment policy addresses interest rate risk to the extent that it allows the Treasurer to invest funds to a maximum maturity of five years. The Treasurer cannot make investments which he/she does not reasonably believe can be held until the maturity date. The stated intent of the policy is to avoid the need to sell securities prior to maturity. State statute requires that an investment mature within five years from the date of purchase, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District, and that an investment must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

Credit Risk The credit ratings are by Standard's and Poor for all of the School District's securities listed above. The School District has no investment policy dealing with credit risk beyond the requirements of State statutes. Ohio law requires that the money market mutual funds be rated in the highest category at the time of purchase by at least one nationally recognized statistical rating organization.

Concentration of Credit Risk The School District places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer.

Note 7 – Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the School District's fiscal year runs from July through June. First-half tax collections are received by the School District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second-half tax distributions occur in the first-half of the following fiscal year.

Maysville Local School District, Ohio
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Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility property (used in business) located in the School District. Real property tax revenue received in calendar 2025 represents collections of calendar year 2024 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2025 were levied after April 1, 2024, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2024, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at thirty-five percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenue received in calendar 2025 represents collections of calendar year 2024 taxes. Public utility real property taxes received in calendar year 2025 became a lien December 31, 2023, were levied after April 1, 2024, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at thirty-five percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The School District receives property taxes from Muskingum County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2025, are available to finance fiscal year 2025 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property and public utility property taxes which were measurable as of June 30, 2025, and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 were levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reflected as revenue at fiscal year end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred inflow of resources for property taxes.

The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2025, was \$2,711,616. \$2,649,878 was available to the General Fund and \$61,738 was available to the Permanent Improvement Fund. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2024, was \$1,990,888. \$1,946,229 was available to the General Fund and \$44,659 was available to the Permanent Improvement Fund.

On an accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis the revenue has been reported as deferred inflow of resources – unavailable revenue.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2025 taxes were collected are:

	2024 Second-Half Collections		2025 First-Half Collections	
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
Real Estate	\$213,838,060	91.12%	\$297,203,620	93.05%
Public Utility Personal	20,826,600	8.88%	22,185,830	6.95%
Total Assessed Value	<u>\$234,664,660</u>	<u>100.00%</u>	<u>\$319,389,450</u>	<u>100.00%</u>
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$37.45		\$37.45	

Maysville Local School District, Ohio
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Note 8 – Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2025, consisted of property taxes, interfund, accounts (tuition and fees and contributions and donations), accrued interest, and intergovernmental. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs, and the current year guarantee of federal funds. All receivables, except property taxes, are expected to be received within one year. Property taxes, although ultimately collectible, include some portion of delinquencies that will not be collected within one year. The delinquent property taxes amounted to \$688,359 as of June 30, 2025.

A summary of intergovernmental receivables are as follows:

	<u>Amounts</u>
<u>Governmental Activities</u>	
21st Century	\$119,169
Title I	69,509
Preschool	10,802
School Employees Retirement System Refund	30,472
State Foundation Adjustments	68,965
IDEA-B Special Education	97,428
Medicaid Reimbursements	179,540
Title IV-A	5,114
Miscellaneous Refunds and Reimbursements	11,651
Total	<u><u>\$592,650</u></u>

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Note 9 – Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025, was as follows:

	Balance June 30, 2024	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2025
Nondepreciable Capital Assets				
Land	\$729,742	\$0	\$0	\$729,742
Construction in Progress	0	6,499	0	6,499
Total Nondepreciable Capital Assets	729,742	6,499	0	736,241
Depreciable Capital Assets				
Tangible Assets				
Land Improvements	6,247,361	66,323	0	6,313,684
Buildings and Improvements	37,502,436	463,915	0	37,966,351
Furniture and Equipment	4,798,118	791,721	(20,120)	5,569,719
Vehicles	2,462,196	339,730	(145,617)	2,656,309
Total Tangible Assets	51,010,111	1,661,689	(165,737)	52,506,063
Intangible Right to Use Assets				
Lease of Copiers	119,003	0	0	119,003
Subscription of Software	0	250,872	0	250,872
Total Intangible Assets	119,003	250,872	0	369,875
Total Depreciable/Amortizable Capital Assets	51,129,114	1,912,561	(165,737)	52,875,938
Less Accumulated Depreciation/ Amortization				
Accumulated Depreciation				
Land Improvements	(1,910,463)	(272,540)	0	(2,183,003)
Buildings and Improvements	(20,682,145)	(985,875)	0	(21,668,020)
Furniture and Equipment	(2,366,473)	(363,877)	20,120	(2,710,230)
Vehicles	(1,675,767)	(187,172)	145,617	(1,717,322)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(26,634,848)	(1,809,464)	165,737	(28,278,575)
Intangible Right to Use Accumulated Amortization				
Lease of Copiers	(55,021)	(24,608)	0	(79,629)
Subscription of Software	0	(35,255)	0	(35,255)
Total Accumulated Amortization	(55,021)	(59,863)	0	(114,884)
<i>Total Accumulated Depreciation/ Amortization</i>	(26,689,869)	(1,869,327) *	165,737	(28,393,459)
<i>Total Depreciable/Amortizable Capital Assets, Net</i>	24,439,245	43,234	0	24,482,479
<i>Capital Assets, Net</i>	\$25,168,987	\$49,733	\$0	\$25,218,720

*Depreciation/amortization expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

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	<u>Depreciation</u>	<u>Amortization</u>	<u>Total</u>
Instruction:			
Regular	\$519,463	\$59,863	\$579,326
Special	180,439	0	180,439
Vocational	106,155	0	106,155
Intervention	63,417	0	63,417
Support Services:			
Pupils	40,244	0	40,244
Instructional Staff	10,596	0	10,596
Administration	122,600	0	122,600
Fiscal	13,590	0	13,590
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	90,826	0	90,826
Pupil Transportation	211,321	0	211,321
Food Service Operations	207,856	0	207,856
Extracurricular Activities	242,957	0	242,957
Total	<u>\$1,809,464</u>	<u>\$59,863</u>	<u>\$1,869,327</u>

Note 10 – Risk Management

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2025, the School District contracted with Liberty Mutual Insurance through the Young Insurance Agency, for property, electronic equipment, commercial articles, valuable papers, crime insurance, general liability insurance, fleet insurance, and builder's risk insurance. Coverage provided is as follows:

Building and Contents-replacement cost	\$92,980,640
General Liability:	
Per occurrence	1,000,000
General Aggregate	2,000,000
Personal and Advertising Injury Limit	1,000,000
Fleet Insurance	1,000,000
Uninsured/Underinsured Motorists	1,000,000
Commercial Umbrella Liability each occurrence	5,000,000
Commercial Umbrella Liability General Aggregate	5,000,000
Products/Completed Operations Aggregate Limit	5,000,000

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from last year.

During fiscal year 2025, the School District participated in the Better Business Bureau of Central Ohio Incorporated - Workers' Compensation Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool (Note 21) in the Group Retrospective Rating Program. The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the School District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating members is calculated as one experience, and a common premium rate is applied to all members in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Participation in the GRP is limited to members who can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Sheakley provides administrative, cost control, and actuarial services to the GRP.

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Dental and vision insurance was offered to employees through a Self-Insurance Internal Service Fund. Monthly premiums are paid to the fiscal agent, who in turn pays the claims on the School District's behalf. The claims liability of \$10,777 reported in the Internal Service Fund at June 30, 2025, is based on an estimate provided by the third-party administrator. The estimate was not affected by incremental claim adjustment expenses and does not include other allocated or unallocated claim adjustment expenses. The School District purchased an aggregate stop-loss coverage policy that covers individual claims in excess of \$100,000 annually.

Changes in claims activity for the past two fiscal years are as follows:

	Balance at Beginning of Fiscal Year	Current Year Claims	Claim Payments	Balance at Fiscal End of Year
2024	\$34,936	\$241,227	\$259,737	\$16,426
2025	16,426	217,185 (1)	222,834	10,777
(1) Claims Expense		\$219,639		
- Stop Loss Receivable from prior year		(2,454)		
		<u>\$217,185</u>		

Note 11 – Defined Benefit Pension Plans

The Statewide retirement systems provide both pension benefits and other postemployment benefits (OPEB).

Net Pension Liability/Net OPEB Liability (Asset)

The net pension liability and the net OPEB liability (asset) reported on the statement of net position represent liabilities to employees for pensions and OPEB, respectively. Pensions/OPEB are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions/OPEB are provided to an employee on a deferred-payment basis as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) represents the School District's proportionate share of each pension/OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting these estimates annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the School District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The School District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions/OPEB are financed; however, the School District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension and OPEB.

GASB 68/75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires funding to come from these employers. All pension contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes pension costs paid in the

Maysville Local School District, Ohio
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form of withholdings from employees). The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits. In addition, health care plan enrollees pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. State statute requires the retirement systems to amortize unfunded pension liabilities within 30 years. If the pension amortization period exceeds 30 years, each retirement system's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension/OPEB liability (asset). Resulting adjustments to the net pension/OPEB liability (asset) would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a *net OPEB asset* or long-term *net pension/OPEB liability* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually required pension/OPEB contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in *intergovernmental payable* on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting. The remainder of this note includes the required pension disclosures. See Note 12 for the required OPEB disclosures.

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description – School District non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to Retire on or before August 1, 2017 *	Eligible to Retire on or after August 1, 2017
Full Benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially Reduced Benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

* Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017, will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service; 2.2 percent for the first thirty years of service and 2.5 percent for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

An individual whose benefit effective date is before April 1, 2018, is eligible for a cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) on the first anniversary date of the benefit. New benefit recipients must wait until the fourth anniversary of their benefit for COLA eligibility. The COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit. The COLA is indexed to the percentage increase in the CPI-W, not to exceed 2.5 percent and with a floor of 0 percent. A three-year COLA suspension was in effect for all benefit recipients for the years 2018, 2019, and 2020. The Retirement Board approved a 2.5 percent COLA for calendar year 2024.

Maysville Local School District, Ohio
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Funding Policy – Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 14.0 percent. For fiscal year 2025, the Retirement Board did not allocate any employer contribution to the Health Care Fund.

The School District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$482,979 for fiscal year 2025. Of this amount, \$60,160 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – The School District licensed teachers and other faculty members participate in STRS Ohio, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information, and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Web site at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans: a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan, and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307.

The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. The calculation is 2.2 percent of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of credited service. Effective August 1, 2023, any member can retire with unreduced benefits with 34 years of service credit at any age, or five years of service credit and age 65. Effective June 1, 2025 - July 1, 2027, any member can retire with unreduced benefits with 33 years of service credit at any age; or five years of service credit and age 65. Effective on or after August 1, 2027, any member can retire with unreduced benefits with 34 years of service credit at any age, or five years of service credit and age 65.

In April 2017, the Retirement Board made the decision to reduce COLA granted on or after July 1, 2017, to 0 percent upon a determination by its actuary that it was necessary to preserve the fiscal integrity of the retirement system. Benefit recipients' base benefit and past cost-of-living increases are not affected by this change. Effective July 1, 2022, an ad-hoc COLA of 3 percent of the base benefit was granted to eligible benefit recipients to begin on the anniversary of their retirement benefit in fiscal year 2023 as long as they retired prior to July 1, 2018. Effective July 1, 2023, a permanent 1 percent COLA of the base benefit was granted to eligible benefit recipients to begin on the anniversary of their retirement benefit in fiscal year 2024, as long as they retired prior to July 1, 2019.

Eligibility changes for DB Plan members who retire with actuarially reduced benefits effective August 1, 2023, can retire with 29 years of service credit at any age, or five years of service credit and age 60. Effective June 1, 2025 - July 1, 2027, retirement eligibility for reduced benefits is 28 years of service credit at any age; or five years of service credit and age 60. Effective on or after August 1, 2027, retirement eligibility for reduced benefits is 29 years of service credit at any age, or five years of service credit and age 60.

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The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 11.09 percent of the 14 percent employer contributions into an investment account. The member determines how to allocate the member and employer money among various investment choices offered by STRS. The remaining 2.91 percent of the 14 percent employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, 12 percent of the 14 percent member rate is deposited into the member's DC account, and the remaining 2 percent is applied to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50 and after termination of employment.

New members who choose the DC plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. New members on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit to apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy – Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. The 2025 employer and employee contribution rate of 14 percent was equal to the statutory maximum rates. For 2025, the full employer contribution was allocated to pension.

The School District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$1,522,665 for fiscal year 2025. Of this amount, \$366,360 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2024, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the School District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

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	<u>SERS</u>	<u>STRS</u>	
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability:			
Current Measurement Date	0.0751593%	0.07320395%	
Prior Measurement Date	<u>0.0755380%</u>	<u>0.07342996%</u>	
Change in Proportionate Share	<u>-0.0003787%</u>	<u>-0.00022601%</u>	
			<u>Total</u>
Proportionate Share of the Net			
Pension Liability	\$3,844,846	\$14,085,622	\$17,930,468
Pension Expense	\$251,837	\$523,142	\$774,979

At June 30, 2025, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	<u>SERS</u>	<u>STRS</u>	<u>Total</u>
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$146,793	\$887,026	\$1,033,819
Changes of assumptions	34,395	649,143	683,538
Changes in Proportionate Share and Difference between School District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	0	3,051	3,051
School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>482,979</u>	<u>1,522,665</u>	<u>2,005,644</u>
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>\$664,167</u>	<u>\$3,061,885</u>	<u>\$3,726,052</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$0	\$7,713	\$7,713
Changes of assumptions	0	488,618	488,618
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	240,493	1,211,077	1,451,570
Changes in Proportionate Share and Difference between School District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	<u>137,502</u>	<u>237,824</u>	<u>375,326</u>
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>\$377,995</u>	<u>\$1,945,232</u>	<u>\$2,323,227</u>

\$2,005,644 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension, resulting from School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2026. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

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	SERS	STRS	Total
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:			
2026	(\$265,796)	(\$984,453)	(\$1,250,249)
2027	180,830	1,265,226	1,446,056
2028	(41,124)	(385,154)	(426,278)
2029	(70,717)	(301,631)	(372,348)
Total	<u>(\$196,807)</u>	<u>(\$406,012)</u>	<u>(\$602,819)</u>

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations. Future benefits for all current plan members were projected through 2137.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2024, are presented below:

Inflation	2.4 percent
Future Salary Increases, including inflation	3.25 percent to 13.58 percent
COLA or Ad Hoc COLA	2.0 percent, on or after April 1, 2018, COLAs for future retirees will be delayed for three years following commencement
Investment Rate of Return	7.00 percent net of System expenses
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal (Level Percent of Payroll)

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Mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weight Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017, with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20 percent for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35 percent for females. Mortality among disabled members was based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017, with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3 percent for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8 percent for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended June 30, 2020.

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined by using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes. As of June 30, 2024:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	3.00 %	0.97 %
US Equity	22.00	4.68
Non-US Equity Developed	12.00	4.96
Non-US Equity Emerging	6.00	5.66
Fixed Income/Global Bonds	18.00	2.38
Private Equity	14.00	7.10
Real Estate/Real Assets	13.00	3.64
Infrastructure	7.00	4.80
Private Debt/Private Credit	5.00	5.86
Total	<u>100.00 %</u>	

Discount Rate The total pension liability for 2024 was calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent. The discount rate determination did not use a municipal bond rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate that employers would contribute the actuarially determined contribution rate of projected compensation over the remaining 20-year amortization period of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability. The actuarially determined contribution rate for fiscal year 2024 was 14 percent. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.00 percent). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability. The annual money-weighted rate of return, calculated as the internal rate of return on pension plan investments, for fiscal year 2024 was 9.31 percent.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00 percent), or one percentage point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate.

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	1% Decrease (6.00%)	Current Discount Rate (7.00%)	1% Increase (8.00%)
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$5,882,083	\$3,844,846	\$2,129,603

Actuarial Assumptions – STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the June 30, 2024, actuarial valuation are presented as follows:

Inflation	2.50 percent
Salary increases	From 2.5 percent to 8.5 percent based on service
Investment Rate of Return	7.00 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Discount Rate of Return	7.00 percent
Payroll Increases	3.00 percent
Cost-of-Living Adjustments (COLA)	0.0 percent, effective July 1, 2017

Post-retirement mortality rates are based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted 110 percent for males, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Employee Table adjusted 95 percent for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Disable Annuitant Table projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2024, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015, through June 30, 2021. An actuarial experience study is done on a quinquennial basis.

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

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<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Target Allocation *</u>	<u>Long-Term Expected Rate of Return **</u>
Domestic Equity	26.00%	6.90%
International Equity	22.00	7.70
Alternatives	19.00	9.10
Fixed Income	22.00	4.50
Real Estate	10.00	5.10
Liquidity Reserves	<u>1.00</u>	2.40
Total	<u>100.00%</u>	

* Final target weights reflected at October 1, 2022.

** 10 year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.4 percent, and is net of investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00 percent as of June 30, 2024. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2024. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2024.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate The following table presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.00 percent, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.00 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate:

	<u>1% Decrease (6.00%)</u>	<u>Current Discount Rate (7.00%)</u>	<u>1% Increase (8.00%)</u>
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$22,722,578	\$14,085,622	\$6,780,243

Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the School Employees Retirement System or the State Teachers Retirement System have an option to choose Social Security or the School Employees Retirement System/State Teachers Retirement System. As of June 30, 2025, no members of the Board of Education elected Social Security. The Board's liability would be 6.2 percent of wages paid.

Note 12 – Defined Benefit OPEB Plans

See Note 11 for a description of the net OPEB liability (asset).

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Health Care Plan Description - The School District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 75 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. SERS' Health Care Plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of most types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage. The following types of credit purchased after January 29, 1981, do not count toward health care coverage eligibility: military, federal, out-of-state, municipal, private school, exempted, and early retirement incentive credit. In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree, are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of 65 and, therefore, enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report, which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

The Health Care program is financed through a combination of employer contributions, recipient premiums, investment returns, and any funds received on behalf of SERS' participation in Medicare programs. The System's goal is to maintain a health care reserve account with a 20-year solvency period in order to ensure that fluctuations in the cost of health care do not cause an interruption in the program. However, during any period in which the 20-year solvency period is not achieved, the System shall manage the Health Care Fund on a pay-as-you-go basis.

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board established the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For fiscal year 2025, no allocation was made to health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2025, this amount was \$30,000. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2025, the School District's surcharge obligation was \$56,473.

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The surcharge, added to the allocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The School District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$56,473 for fiscal year 2025, and this amount is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing Health Plan for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs, and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Health care premiums were reduced by a Medicare Part B premium credit beginning in 2023. The Plan is included in the report of STRS, which can be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Medicare Part D is a federal program to help cover the costs of prescription drugs for Medicare beneficiaries. This program allows STRS Ohio to recover part of the cost for providing prescription coverage since all eligible STRS Ohio health care plans include creditable prescription drug coverage.

Funding Policy – Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. All benefit recipients pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.

OPEB Liabilities (Asset), OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2024, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability (asset) was determined by an independent actuarial valuation as of that date. The School District's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset) was based on the School District's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

	<u>SERS</u>	<u>STRS</u>	
Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset):			
Current Measurement Date	0.0759704%	0.07320395%	
Prior Measurement Date	<u>0.0774464%</u>	<u>0.07342996%</u>	
Change in Proportionate Share	<u>-0.0014760%</u>	<u>-0.00022601%</u>	
Proportionate Share of the:			<u>Total</u>
Net OPEB Liability	\$773,756	\$0	\$773,756
Net OPEB Asset	\$0	\$1,388,539	\$1,388,539
OPEB Expense	(\$171,910)	(\$315,625)	(\$487,535)

At June 30, 2025, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

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	<u>SERS</u>	<u>STRS</u>	<u>Total</u>
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$0	\$60,363	\$60,363
Changes of assumptions	332,095	170,910	503,005
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	3,778	0	3,778
Changes in Proportionate Share and Difference between School District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	2,790	1,678	4,468
School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>56,473</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>56,473</u>
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>\$395,136</u>	<u>\$232,951</u>	<u>\$628,087</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$834,308	\$149,636	\$983,944
Changes of assumptions	355,435	626,222	981,657
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	0	59,620	59,620
Changes in Proportionate Share and Difference between School District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	<u>278,116</u>	<u>4,975</u>	<u>283,091</u>
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>\$1,467,859</u>	<u>\$840,453</u>	<u>\$2,308,312</u>

\$56,473 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2026. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	<u>SERS</u>	<u>STRS</u>	<u>Total</u>
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:			
2026	(\$280,829)	(\$215,115)	(\$495,944)
2027	(196,381)	(94,185)	(290,566)
2028	(150,576)	(119,800)	(270,376)
2029	(132,062)	(111,273)	(243,335)
2030	(130,925)	(90,078)	(221,003)
Thereafter	<u>(238,423)</u>	<u>22,949</u>	<u>(215,474)</u>
Total	<u>(\$1,129,196)</u>	<u>(\$607,502)</u>	<u>(\$1,736,698)</u>

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

The total OPEB liability is determined by SERS' actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential

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modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2024, are presented below:

	<u>June 30, 2024</u>
Inflation	2.40 percent
Future Salary Increases, including inflation	3.25 percent to 13.58 percent
Investment Rate of Return	7.00 percent net of investment expense
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal (Level Percent of Payroll)
Fiduciary Net Position is Projected to be Depleted	2059
Municipal Bond Index Rate:	
Measurement Date	3.93 percent
Prior Measurement Date	6
Single Equivalent Interest Rate,	
Measurement Date	4.88 percent
Prior Measurement Date	4.27 percent
Health Care Cost Trend Rate	
Medical Trend Assumption	
Measurement Date	7.00 to 4.40 percent
Prior Measurement Date	6.75 to 4.40 percent

Mortality rates among healthy retirees were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017, with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20 percent for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35 percent for females. Mortality among disabled members was based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017, with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3 percent for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8 percent for females. Mortality rates for contingent survivors were based on PUB-2010 General Amount Weighted Below Median Contingent Survivor mortality table projected to 2017, with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 105.5 percent for males and adjusted 122.5 percent for females. Mortality rates for actives are based on PUB-2010 General Amount Weighted Below Median Employee mortality table. Mortality rates are projected using a fully generational projection with Scale MP-2020.

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The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2020.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the actuarial five-year experience study. The most recent study covers fiscal years 2016 through 2020, and was adopted by the Board on April 15, 2021. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a long-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense, and inflation) were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return, 7.00 percent, by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

The SERS health care plan follows the same asset allocation and long-term expected real rate of return for each major asset class as the pension plan, see Note 11.

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2024 was 4.88 percent. The discount rate used to measure total OPEB liability prior to June 30, 2024, was 4.27 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and the System at the contribution rate of 1.50 percent of projected covered payroll each year, which includes a 1.50 percent payroll surcharge and no contributions from the basic benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be depleted in 2059 by SERS' actuaries. The Fidelity General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index Rate was used in the determination of the single equivalent interest rate for both the June 30, 2023, and the June 30, 2024, total OPEB liability. The Municipal Bond Index Rate is the single rate that will generate a present value of benefit payments equal to the sum of the present value determined by the long-term expected rate of return, and the present value determined by discounting those benefits after the date of depletion. The Municipal Bond Index Rate was 3.93 percent at June 30, 2024, and 3.86 percent at June 30, 2023.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate. The following table presents the net OPEB liability of SERS, what SERS' net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (3.88%) and higher (5.88%) than the current discount rate (4.88%). Also shown is what SERS' net OPEB liability would be based on health care cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (6.00% decreasing to 3.40%) and higher (8.00% decreasing to 5.40%) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease (3.88%)	Current Discount Rate (4.88%)	1% Increase (5.88%)
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$1,031,775	\$773,756	\$568,723

	1% Decrease (6.00% decreasing to 3.40%)	Current Trend Rate (7.00% decreasing to 4.40%)	1% Increase (8.00% decreasing to 5.40%)
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$523,029	\$773,756	\$1,103,313

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Actuarial Assumptions – STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the June 30, 2024, actuarial valuation compared to the prior year are presented below:

	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2023
Projected salary increases	Varies by service from 2.5 percent to 8.5 percent	Varies by service from 2.5 percent to 8.5 percent
Investment Rate of Return	7.00 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation	7.00 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Payroll Increases	3 percent	3 percent
Discount Rate of Return	7.00 percent	7.00 percent
Health Care Cost Trends		
Medical		
Pre-Medicare	7.50 percent initial 3.94 percent ultimate	7.50 percent initial 4.14 percent ultimate
Medicare	-112.22 percent initial 3.94 percent ultimate	-10.94 percent initial 4.14 percent ultimate
Prescription Drug		
Pre-Medicare	8.00 percent initial 3.94 percent ultimate	-11.95 percent initial 4.14 percent ultimate
Medicare	-15.14 percent initial 3.94 percent ultimate	1.33 percent initial 4.14 percent ultimate

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

Healthy retirees post-retirement mortality rates are based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted 110 percent for males, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020; pre-retirement mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Employee Table adjusted 95 percent for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Disabled Annuitant Table projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2024, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015, through June 30, 2021. An actuarial experience study is done on a quinquennial basis.

The STRS health care plan follows the same asset allocation and long-term expected real rate of return for each major asset class as the pension plan, see Note 11.

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.00 percent as of June 30, 2024. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed STRS continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2024. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on health care plan investments of 7.00 percent was applied to all periods of projected health care costs to determine the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2024.

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Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount and Health Care Cost Trend Rate The following table represents the net OPEB asset as of June 30, 2024, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.00 percent, as well as what the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.00 percent) than the current assumption. Also shown is the net OPEB asset as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates.

	1% Decrease (6.00%)	Current Discount Rate (7.00%)	1% Increase (8.00%)
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	(\$1,128,974)	(\$1,388,539)	(\$1,614,417)

	1% Decrease	Current Trend Rate	1% Increase
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	(\$1,629,675)	(\$1,388,539)	(\$1,098,542)

Note 13 – Employee Benefits

Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Employees who qualify earn 12 to 24 days of vacation per fiscal year, depending upon length of service. All employees who qualify for vacation time can accrue up to a maximum of the immediately preceding two years, plus the prorated portion of earned but unused vacation time of the current year. The School District pays accumulated, unused vacation hours to employees who qualify for vacation time upon termination of employment at the employee's current rate of pay. Teachers, administrators, and staff who work less than 260 days per year do not earn vacation time.

Teachers, administrators, and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated up to a maximum of 249 days for all personnel. Upon retirement, payment is made for one-fourth of accrued, but unused sick leave credit to a maximum of 62 days.

Life Insurance

The School District provides life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance to most employees through Sun Life Financial in the amount of \$25,000 for all employees enrolled.

Note 14 – Interfund Balances

Interfund balances at June 30, 2025, consist of the following individual fund receivables and payables:

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	<u>Receivable</u>	<u>Payable</u>
Major Fund:		
General Fund	<u>\$279,293</u>	<u>\$1,490</u>
Other Nonmajor Governmental Funds:		
Food Service	0	200,000
Other Grants	454	29,053
Preschool	1,036	0
21st Century	0	42,993
Title I	0	6,418
Early Childhood Special Education	0	829
Total Other Nonmajor Governmental Funds	<u>1,490</u>	<u>279,293</u>
Total All Funds	<u><u>\$280,783</u></u>	<u><u>\$280,783</u></u>

Interfund balances are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorization; to segregate and to return money to the fund from which it was originally provided once a project is completed. This occurred between the General Fund and the 21st Century Special Revenue Fund. Also, the General Fund made an advance (short-term loan) to the Food Service Special Revenue Fund. Loans were also made to the Other Grants, 21st Century, Title I, and Early Childhood Special Education Special Revenue Funds were made to cover actual cash deficits until federal and other monies are received.

Note 15 – Long-Term Obligations

The changes in the School District's long-term obligations during fiscal year 2025 were as follows:

	<u>Outstanding 7/1/2024</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deductions</u>	<u>Outstanding 06/30/2025</u>	<u>Due in One Year</u>
Net Pension Liability:					
SERS	\$4,173,866	\$0	\$329,020	\$3,844,846	\$0
STRS	<u>15,813,097</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>1,727,475</u>	<u>14,085,622</u>	<u>0</u>
Total Net Pension Liability	19,986,963	0	2,056,495	17,930,468	0
Net OPEB Liability -					
SERS	1,275,887	0	502,131	773,756	0
Lease Payable - Copiers	63,982	0	24,608	39,374	26,442
Subscription Payable - Software	0	17,342	5,355	11,987	5,770
Compensated Absences Payable	<u>6,739,180</u>	<u>297,762</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>7,036,942</u>	<u>1,139,066</u>
Total Long-Term Obligations	<u><u>\$28,066,012</u></u>	<u><u>\$315,104</u></u>	<u><u>\$2,588,589</u></u>	<u><u>\$25,792,527</u></u>	<u><u>\$1,171,278</u></u>

Increases and decreases to compensated absences are presented net in the above table.

The School District's overall legal debt margin was \$28,745,051, with an unvoted debt margin of \$319,389 at June 30, 2025.

Maysville Local School District, Ohio
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

There are no repayment schedules for the net pension/OPEB liabilities; however, employer pension contributions are made from the following funds: General Fund and the Food Service, Latchkey, Preschool, 21st Century, Title VI-B, Title I, and Early Childhood Special Education Special Revenue Funds. For additional information related to the net pension/OPEB liabilities, see Notes 11 and 12.

Lease Payable - The School District has an outstanding agreement to lease copiers. The future lease payments were discounted based on the interest rate implicit in the lease or using the School District's incremental borrowing rate. This discount is being amortized using the interest method over the life of the lease. This lease will be paid from the General Fund. A summary of the remaining principal and interest amounts for the lease are as follows:

Year	Principal	Interest	Total
2026	\$26,442	\$1,976	\$28,418
2027	12,932	258	13,190
Total	<u>\$39,374</u>	<u>\$2,234</u>	<u>\$41,608</u>

Subscriptions Payable – The School District has an outstanding contract to use a SBITA vendor's IT software for a professional development software. The future subscription payments were discounted based on the School District's incremental borrowing rate. This discount is being amortized using the interest method over the life of the subscription. This subscription will be paid from the General Fund. A summary of the principal and interest amounts for the remaining subscription is as follows:

Year	Principal	Interest
2026	\$5,770	\$930
2027	6,217	482
	<u>\$11,987</u>	<u>\$1,412</u>

Note 16 – Related Party Transactions

During fiscal year 2025, the Foxfire Intermediate School paid the Sponsor \$57,639 for the sponsorship fee. As of June 30, 2025, there were no amounts owed by the Intermediate School to the Sponsor.

During fiscal year 2025, the Foxfire High School paid the Sponsor \$99,299 for the sponsorship fee, supplies, utilities, and transportation. As of June 30, 2025, there were no outstanding expenses owed to the Sponsor.

Note 17 – Set-Asides

The School District is required by State statute to annually set-aside in the General Fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by fiscal year-end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the fiscal year must be held in cash at fiscal year-end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future fiscal years.

The following cash basis information describes the change in the fiscal year-end set-aside amounts for capital improvements. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

Maysville Local School District, Ohio
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

	Capital Improvements Reserve
Set-aside Reserve Balance as of June 30, 2024	\$0
Current Year Set-aside Requirement	422,410
Current Year Offsets	(614,702)
Qualifying Disbursements	(330,020)
Total	(\$522,312)
Set-aside Balance Carried Forward to Future Fiscal Years	\$0

The School District had qualifying disbursements and offsets during the fiscal year that reduced the set-aside amount below zero. The excess in the capital maintenance set-aside may not be carried forward to reduce the set-aside requirement in future fiscal years.

Note 18 – Significant Commitments

Encumbrances

Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. At fiscal year-end, the amount of encumbrances expected to be honored upon performance by the vendor in the next fiscal year were as follows:

Governmental Funds:	
General Fund	\$301,413
Permanent Improvement Fund	103,780
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	64,473
Total	\$469,666

Contractual Commitments

As of June 30, 2025, the School District had a contractual commitment with APG Architects for design fees for capital improvement projects in the amount of \$103,000. As of June 30, 2025, the School District had paid \$6,499 to APG Architects.

Note 19 – Fund Balances

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in governmental funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented as follows:

Maysville Local School District, Ohio
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

Fund Balances	General	Other Governmental Funds	Total
<u>Nonspendable:</u>			
Prepaid Items	\$50,495	\$41,128	\$91,623
Materials and Supplies			
Inventory	6,429	3,388	9,817
<i>Total Nonspendable</i>	<u>56,924</u>	<u>44,516</u>	<u>101,440</u>
<u>Restricted for:</u>			
Student Managed Activities	0	59,261	59,261
District Managed Student Activities	0	101,075	101,075
Preschool Activities	0	157,517	157,517
Local, State, and Federal Grants	0	9,223	9,223
<i>Total Restricted</i>	<u>0</u>	<u>327,076</u>	<u>327,076</u>
<u>Committed to:</u>			
Scholarships	0	12,190	12,190
Latchkey Program	0	10,930	10,930
Capital Improvements	96,501	0	96,501
<i>Total Committed</i>	<u>96,501</u>	<u>23,120</u>	<u>119,621</u>
<u>Assigned to:</u>			
Public School Support	30,987	0	30,987
Purchases on Order	96,844	0	96,844
Capital Improvements	0	1,055,798	1,055,798
<i>Total Assigned</i>	<u>127,831</u>	<u>1,055,798</u>	<u>1,183,629</u>
Unassigned (Deficit):	<u>9,671,426</u>	<u>(253,702)</u>	<u>9,417,724</u>
<i>Total Fund Balances</i>	<u>\$9,952,682</u>	<u>\$1,196,808</u>	<u>\$11,149,490</u>

Note 20 – Jointly Governed Organizations

Licking Area Computer Association

The School District is a participant in the Licking Area Computer Association (LACA), which is a computer consortium. LACA is an association that services 18 school districts, educational service centers, community schools, and non-public schools within the boundaries of Licking, Muskingum, Fairfield, Perry, and Knox Counties. The organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member school districts. The governing board of LACA consists of the superintendents from all participating districts. The continued existence of LACA is not dependent on the School District's continued participation and no equity interest exists. The LACA constitution states that any school district withdrawing from the Association prior to dissolution forfeits their claim to the Association's capital assets. The School District's total payments to LACA for computer services for fiscal year 2025 were \$117,805. Financial information may be obtained from LACA at 150 South Quentin Road, Newark, Ohio 43055.

Mid-East Career and Technology Centers

The Mid-East Career and Technology Center is a jointly governed organization providing vocational education services to its fourteen member school districts. The Center is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a Board consisting of one member from each of the participating school district's boards. The board possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. The continued existence of the Center is not dependent on the School District's continued participation and no equity interest exists. During fiscal year 2025, the School District made no contributions to the Center. To obtain financial information write to the Mid-East Career and Technology Center, Nanette Nolder, Treasurer, at 400 Richards Road, Zanesville, Ohio 43701.

Coalition of Rural and Appalachian Schools

The Coalition of Rural and Appalachian Schools (CORAS) is a jointly governed organization composed of 133 school districts and other educational institutions in the 32-county region of Ohio designated as Appalachia. The CORAS is operated by a nineteen-member board composed of one elected and one appointed (one appointed seat is empty) from each of the eight regions into which the 32 Appalachian counties are divided, one dean appointment from the Ohio University College of Education, and three ex-officio members. The board exercises total control over the operations of the CORAS including budgeting, appropriating, contracting, and designating management. Each participant's control is limited to its representation on the board. The CORAS provides various in-service training programs for school district administrative personnel; gathers data regarding the level of education provided to children in the region; cooperates with other professional groups to assess and develop programs designed to meet the needs of member districts; and provides staff development programs for school district personnel. The CORAS is not dependent on the continued participation of the School District, and the School District does not maintain an equity interest in or financial responsibility for the CORAS. During fiscal year 2025, the School District did not make a contribution to the CORAS. Financial information may be obtained from the Coalition of Rural and Appalachian Schools at 322 Patton Hall, Ohio University, Athens, Ohio 45701.

Ohio Coalition of Equity and Adequacy of School Funding

The Ohio Coalition of Equity and Adequacy of School Funding is organized as a council of governments pursuant to Chapter 167 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Coalition was organized to challenge the constitutionality of the Ohio school funding system. The purpose of the Coalition is to bring about greater equity and adequacy of public school funding in Ohio. The Coalition is governed by a Steering Committee of school district representatives. Though most of the members are superintendents, some treasurers, board members, and administrators also serve. Several persons serve as ex officio members. The Committee exercised total control over the operations of the Coalition including budgeting, appropriating, contracting, and designating management. Each participant's control is limited to its representation on the board. The membership of the coalition includes over 500 school districts throughout the State of Ohio. Member school districts, joint vocational schools, and educational service centers pay annual dues and supplemental dues based on their pupil enrollment. The Coalition is not dependent on the continued participation of the School District, and the School District does not maintain an equity interest or financial responsibility for the Coalition. During fiscal year 2025, the School District paid \$3,582 to the Coalition. The fiscal agent for the Coalition is the Muskingum Valley Educational Service Center. Financial information may be obtained from the Ohio Coalition of Equity and Adequacy of School Funding at 50 South Young Street, Suite M-102, Columbus, Ohio 43215.

Note 21 – Purchasing Pools

Better Business Bureau of Central Ohio Incorporated - Workers' Compensation Program

The School District participated in a group retrospective rating program in calendar year 2019 and calendar year 2020 as established under Section 4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Better Business Bureau of Central Ohio Incorporated - Workers' Compensation Program, an insurance purchasing pool established through the Better Business Bureau of Ohio, Incorporated. The Program's business and affairs are conducted by the President and CEO of the Better Business Bureau. During fiscal year 2025, the School District paid an enrollment fee of \$896 to the Program to cover the costs of administering the program (See Note 10).

Ohio School Benefits Cooperative

The School District participates in the Ohio School Benefits Cooperative, a claims servicing and group purchasing pool comprised of thirty nine members. The Ohio School Benefits Cooperative (OSBC) is created and organized pursuant to and as authorized by Section 9.833 of the Ohio Revised Code. OSBC is governed by a nine-member Board of Directors, all of whom must be school district and/or educational service center administrators. The Muskingum Valley Educational Service Center serves as the fiscal agent for OSBC. OSBC is an unincorporated, non-profit association of its members which was created for the purpose of enabling members of the Plan to maximize benefits and/or reduce costs of medical, prescription drug, vision, dental, life, and/or other group insurance coverage for their employees, and the eligible dependents and designated beneficiaries of such employees.

Participants pay an initial \$500 membership fee to OSBC. OSBC offers two options to participants. Participants may enroll in the joint insurance purchasing program for medical, prescription drug, vision dental, and/or life insurance. A second option is available for self-insured participants that provides for the purchase of stop loss insurance coverage through OSBC's third-party administrator. Medical Mutual/Antares is the Administrator of the OSBC. On November 1, 2005, the School District elected to participate in the self-insured purchasing program for medical, prescription drug, dental, and vision coverage.

META Solutions

The School District participates in META Solutions, a purchasing pool. META Solutions was created pursuant to Chapter 167 of the Ohio Revised Code. META Solutions is a purchasing pool created to aid school districts with purchasing services and products at discounted rates. META Solutions operates under a Board of Directors consisting of twelve members. The Board of Directors is made up of representatives from member school districts. The Board of Directors exercises total control over the operation of META Solutions, including budgeting, appropriating, contracting, and designating management. The School District made no contributions during fiscal year 2025. META memberships became free effective July 1, 2017. Financial information can be obtained from META Solutions at 100 Executive Drive, Marion, Ohio 43302.

Ohio Mid-Eastern Regional Educational Service Agency Cooperative Purchasing Program (OME-RESA)

The School District participates in the Ohio Mid-Eastern Regional Educational Service Agency Cooperative Purchasing Program (OME-RESA), a purchasing pool. OME-RESA is a separate regional council of governments pursuant to State statutes. OME-RESA operates under the direction of a Board, which possesses its own taxing authority, consisting of one representative from each of the participating

Maysville Local School District, Ohio
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

school district's elected boards. The Board also exercised total control over the operations of OME-RESA including budgeting, appropriating, contracting, and designating management. Each participant's control is limited to its representation on the Board. OME-RESA provides educational management information and cooperative purchasing services to member districts. The School District only participates in the cooperative purchasing program of OME-RESA in order to purchase food at reduced rates. During fiscal year 2025, the School District's fee was waived. The Jefferson County Educational Service Center serves as the fiscal agent and receives funding from the Ohio Department of Education and Workforce. Financial information may be obtained from OME-RESA at 2230 Sunset Boulevard, Suite 2, Steubenville, Ohio 43952.

Note 22 – Contingencies

Grants

The School District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2025.

School Foundation

School District foundation funding is based on the annualized full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment of each student. The Ohio Department of Education and Workforce (DEW) is legislatively required to adjust/reconcile funding as enrollment information is updated by schools throughout the State, which can extend past the fiscal year end. As of the date of this report, DEW adjustments for fiscal year 2025 have been finalized. The impact of the FTE adjustments are not significant to the School District.

Litigation

The School District is currently not a party to any material legal proceedings.

Note 23 – COVID-19

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March 2020, due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Ohio's state of emergency ended in June 2021, while the national state of emergency ended in April 2023. During fiscal year 2025, the School District received COVID-19 funding. The School District will continue to spend available COVID-19 funding consistent with the applicable program guidelines.

Note 24 – Subsequent Event

On July 1, 2025, the School District entered into a financed purchase agreement for five school buses from Hill International Trucks through Santander Bank in the amount of \$682,985 with an interest rate of 4.882 percent.

Maysville Local School District, Ohio
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
School Employees Retirement System of Ohio
*Last Ten Fiscal Years **

	2025	2024	2023	2022
School District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.0751593%	0.0755380%	0.0805357%	0.0810005%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$3,844,846	\$4,173,866	\$4,355,998	\$2,988,685
School District's Covered Payroll	\$3,137,571	\$3,038,757	\$2,904,821	\$2,920,700
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	122.54%	137.35%	149.96%	102.33%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	78.52%	76.06%	75.82%	82.86%

* Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the School District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year-end.

See accompanying notes to required supplementary information

2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
0.0801847%	0.0838181%	0.0902630%	0.0895916%	0.0970485%	0.0965744%
\$5,303,585	\$5,014,984	\$5,169,529	\$5,352,900	\$7,103,055	\$5,510,629
\$2,809,964	\$2,874,237	\$2,905,800	\$2,995,957	\$3,005,071	\$2,901,886
188.74%	174.48%	177.90%	178.67%	236.37%	189.90%
68.55%	70.85%	71.36%	69.50%	62.98%	69.16%

Maysville Local School District, Ohio
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability
School Employees Retirement System of Ohio
*Last Nine Fiscal Years (1) **

	2025	2024	2023
School District's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability	0.0759704%	0.0774464%	0.0821152%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$773,756	\$1,275,887	\$1,152,903
School District's Covered Payroll	\$3,137,571	\$3,038,757	\$2,904,821
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	24.66%	41.99%	39.69%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	44.50%	30.02%	30.34%

(1) Although this schedule is intended to reflect information for ten years, information prior to 2017 is not available. An additional column will be added each fiscal year.

* Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the School District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year-end.

See accompanying notes to required supplementary information

2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
0.0839295%	0.0834776%	0.0859411%	0.0912432%	0.0911711%	0.0980030%
\$1,588,435	\$1,814,241	\$2,161,238	\$2,531,333	\$2,446,793	\$2,793,448
\$2,920,700	\$2,809,964	\$2,874,237	\$2,905,800	\$2,995,957	\$3,005,071
54.39%	64.56%	75.19%	87.11%	81.67%	92.96%
24.08%	18.17%	15.57%	13.57%	12.46%	11.49%

Maysville Local School District, Ohio
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio
*Last Ten Fiscal Years **

	2025	2024	2023	2022
School District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.073203950%	0.073429960%	0.073144310%	0.073818436%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$14,085,622	\$15,813,097	\$16,260,072	\$9,438,351
School District's Covered Payroll	\$10,241,829	\$10,001,779	\$9,545,421	\$9,173,693
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	137.53%	158.10%	170.34%	102.88%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	82.50%	80.00%	78.90%	87.80%

* Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the School District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year-end.

See accompanying notes to required supplementary information

2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
0.075930080%	0.078166990%	0.080468900%	0.082180010%	0.086374070%	0.085569810%
\$18,372,378	\$17,286,160	\$17,693,304	\$19,522,038	\$28,912,005	\$23,648,993
\$9,154,943	\$9,197,400	\$9,185,293	\$9,053,314	\$9,093,564	\$8,847,457
200.68%	187.95%	192.63%	215.63%	317.94%	267.30%
75.50%	77.40%	77.30%	75.30%	66.80%	72.10%

Maysville Local School District, Ohio
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB (Asset) Liability
State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio
*Last Nine Fiscal Years (1) **

	2025	2024	2023
School District's Proportion of the Net OPEB (Asset) Liability	0.07320395%	0.07342996%	0.07314431%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB (Asset) Liability	(\$1,388,539)	(\$1,428,110)	(\$1,893,950)
School District's Covered Payroll	\$10,241,829	\$10,001,779	\$9,545,421
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB (Asset) Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	-13.56%	-14.28%	-19.84%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	158.00%	168.50%	230.70%

(1) Although this schedule is intended to reflect information for ten years, information prior to 2017 is not available. An additional column will be added each fiscal year.

* Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the School District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year-end.

See accompanying notes to required supplementary information

2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
0.073818436%	0.075930080%	0.078166990%	0.080468900%	0.082180010%	0.086374070%
(\$1,556,402)	(\$1,334,470)	(\$1,294,632)	(\$1,293,052)	\$3,206,361	\$4,619,308
\$9,173,693	\$9,154,943	\$9,197,400	\$9,185,293	\$9,053,314	\$9,093,564
-16.97%	-14.58%	-14.08%	-14.08%	35.42%	50.80%
174.70%	182.10%	174.70%	176.00%	47.10%	37.30%

Maysville Local School District, Ohio
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the School District Contributions
School Employees Retirement System of Ohio
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Net Pension Liability				
Contractually Required Contribution	\$482,979	\$439,260	\$425,426	\$406,675
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	<u>(482,979)</u>	<u>(439,260)</u>	<u>(425,426)</u>	<u>(406,675)</u>
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
School District Covered Payroll (1)	\$3,449,850	\$3,137,571	\$3,038,757	\$2,904,821
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	<u>14.00%</u>	<u>14.00%</u>	<u>14.00%</u>	<u>14.00%</u>
Net OPEB Liability				
Contractually Required Contribution (2)	\$56,473	\$51,066	\$55,091	\$52,433
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	<u>(56,473)</u>	<u>(51,066)</u>	<u>(55,091)</u>	<u>(52,433)</u>
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	<u>1.64%</u>	<u>1.63%</u>	<u>1.81%</u>	<u>1.81%</u>
Total Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (2)	<u>15.64%</u>	<u>15.63%</u>	<u>15.81%</u>	<u>15.81%</u>

(1) The School District's covered payroll is the same for Pension and OPEB.

(2) Includes Surcharge

See accompanying notes to required supplementary information

<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
\$408,898	\$393,395	\$388,022	\$392,283	\$419,434	\$420,710
<u>(408,898)</u>	<u>(393,395)</u>	<u>(388,022)</u>	<u>(392,283)</u>	<u>(419,434)</u>	<u>(420,710)</u>
<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
\$2,920,700	\$2,809,964	\$2,874,237	\$2,905,800	\$2,995,957	\$3,005,071
<u>14.00%</u>	<u>14.00%</u>	<u>13.50%</u>	<u>13.50%</u>	<u>14.00%</u>	<u>14.00%</u>
\$55,798	\$54,905	\$67,033	\$62,363	\$50,876	\$48,110
<u>(55,798)</u>	<u>(54,905)</u>	<u>(67,033)</u>	<u>(62,363)</u>	<u>(50,876)</u>	<u>(48,110)</u>
<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
<u>1.91%</u>	<u>1.95%</u>	<u>2.33%</u>	<u>2.15%</u>	<u>1.70%</u>	<u>1.60%</u>
<u>15.91%</u>	<u>15.95%</u>	<u>15.83%</u>	<u>15.65%</u>	<u>15.70%</u>	<u>15.60%</u>

Maysville Local School District, Ohio
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the School District Contributions
State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Net Pension Liability				
Contractually Required Contribution	\$1,522,665	\$1,433,856	\$1,400,249	\$1,336,359
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	<u>(1,522,665)</u>	<u>(1,433,856)</u>	<u>(1,400,249)</u>	<u>(1,336,359)</u>
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
School District Covered Payroll (1)	\$10,876,179	\$10,241,829	\$10,001,779	\$9,545,421
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	<u>14.00%</u>	<u>14.00%</u>	<u>14.00%</u>	<u>14.00%</u>

Note: Although the covered payroll for the net OPEB liability is the same as the net pension liability, there were no OPEB related required contributions for 2016-2025 as STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to postemployment health care. There is no required supplementary information to present related to the statutorily established employer contribution requirements for the net OPEB liability.

(1) The School District's covered payroll is the same for Pension and OPEB.

See accompanying notes to required supplementary information

<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
\$1,284,317	\$1,281,692	\$1,287,636	\$1,285,941	\$1,267,464	\$1,273,099
<u>(1,284,317)</u>	<u>(1,281,692)</u>	<u>(1,287,636)</u>	<u>(1,285,941)</u>	<u>(1,267,464)</u>	<u>(1,273,099)</u>
<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
\$9,173,693	\$9,154,943	\$9,197,400	\$9,185,293	\$9,053,314	\$9,093,564
<u>14.00%</u>	<u>14.00%</u>	<u>14.00%</u>	<u>14.00%</u>	<u>14.00%</u>	<u>14.00%</u>

Maysville Local School District, Ohio
Notes to Required Supplementary Information
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

Net Pension Liability

Changes in Benefit Terms/Assumptions – SERS

Beginning in fiscal year 2018, on each anniversary of the initial retirement, the allowance of all retirees and survivors may be increased by the annual rate of increase in the CPI-W measured as of the June preceding the beginning of the applicable calendar year. The annual rate of increase shall not be less than 0 percent nor greater than 2.5 percent. The COLA was suspended for 2018-2020. Prior to 2018, an assumption of 3 percent was used. For 2021, the cost-of-living adjustment was reduced from 2.5 percent to 2 percent. For 2023 and 2024, the cost-of-living adjustment was increased from 2 percent to 2.5 percent.

Amounts reported in 2022 incorporate changes in assumptions used by SERS in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation. These assumptions, compared with those used in prior years, are presented below:

	Fiscal Year 2022	Fiscal Years 2021-2017	Fiscal Year 2016 and Prior
Wage Inflation	2.4 percent	3.00 percent	3.25 percent
Future Salary Increases, including inflation	3.25 percent to 13.58 percent	3.50 percent to 18.20 percent	4.00 percent to 22.00 percent
Investment Rate of Return	7.0 percent net of system expenses	7.50 percent net of investments expense, including inflation	7.75 percent net of investments expense, including inflation

Beginning in 2022, amounts reported use mortality rates based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weight Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20 percent for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35 percent for females. Mortality among disabled members was based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017, with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3 percent for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8 percent for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

Amounts reported for 2017 through 2021 use mortality rates that are based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five-year age setback for both males and females. Amounts reported for fiscal year 2016 and prior use mortality assumptions that are based on the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table set back one year for both men and women. Special mortality tables were used for the period after disability retirement.

Changes in Assumptions - STRS

Beginning with fiscal year 2022, amounts reported incorporate changes in assumptions and changes in benefit terms used by STRS in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation. These new assumptions compared with those used in fiscal years 2018 through 2021 and fiscal year 2017 and prior are presented below:

Maysville Local School District, Ohio
Notes to Required Supplementary Information
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

	<u>Fiscal Year 2022</u>	<u>Fiscal Years 2021-2018</u>	<u>Fiscal Year 2017 and Prior</u>
Inflation	2.50 percent	2.50 percent	2.75 percent
Projected salary increases	Varies by Service from 2.5 percent to 8.5 percent	12.50 percent at age 20 to 2.50 percent at age 65	12.25 percent at age 20 to 2.75 percent at age 70
Investment Rate of Return	See Below	See Below	See Below
Payroll Increases	3 percent	3 percent	3.5 percent
Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA)	0.0 percent, effective July 1, 2017	0.0 percent, effective July 1, 2017	2 percent simple applied as follows: for members retiring before August 1, 2013, 2 percent per year; for members retiring after August 1, 2013, or later, COLA commences on fifth anniversary of retirement date.

Investment rate of return:

Beginning with Fiscal Year 2022	7.00 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Fiscal Years 2018 through 2021	7.45 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Fiscal Year 2017 and prior	7.75 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation

Beginning with fiscal year 2022, post-retirement mortality rates are based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted 110 percent for males, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Employee Table adjusted 95 percent for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Disable Annuitant Table projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020.

Beginning with fiscal year 2018, post-retirement mortality rates for healthy retirees were based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates, thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

For fiscal year 2017 and prior actuarial valuations, mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table (Projection 2022—Scale AA) for Males and Females. Males' ages are set back two years through age 89 and no setback for age 90 and above. Females younger than age 80 are set back four years, one year setback from age 80 through 89, and no setback from age 90 and above.

Maysville Local School District, Ohio
Notes to Required Supplementary Information
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

Changes in Benefit Term – STRS Pension

For 2024 and 2025, demographic assumptions were changed based on the actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015, through June 30, 2021.

For fiscal year 2023, the Board approved a one-time 3 percent COLA effective on the anniversary of a benefit recipient's retirement date for those eligible during fiscal year 2023 and eliminated the age 60 requirement to receive unreduced retirement that was scheduled to go into effect August 1, 2026.

Net OPEB Liability

Changes in Assumptions – SERS

Beginning with fiscal year 2022, amounts reported incorporate changes in assumptions and changes in benefit terms used by SERS in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation. These new assumptions, compared with those used in fiscal year 2021 and prior, are presented below:

	<u>Fiscal Year 2022</u>	<u>Fiscal Year 2021 and Prior</u>
Inflation	2.40 percent	3.00 percent
Future Salary Increases, including inflation		
Wage Increases	3.25 percent to 13.58 percent	3.50 percent to 18.20 percent
Investment Rate of Return	7.00 percent net of investment expense, including inflation	7.50 percent net of investment expense, including inflation

Amounts reported incorporate changes in key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability as presented below:

Municipal Bond Index Rate:

Fiscal year 2025	3.93 percent
Fiscal year 2024	3.86 percent
Fiscal year 2023	3.69 percent
Fiscal year 2022	1.92 percent
Fiscal year 2021	2.45 percent
Fiscal year 2020	3.13 percent
Fiscal year 2019	3.62 percent
Fiscal year 2018	3.56 percent
Fiscal year 2017	2.92 percent

Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation

Fiscal year 2025	4.88 percent
Fiscal year 2024	4.27 percent
Fiscal year 2023	4.08 percent
Fiscal year 2022	2.27 percent
Fiscal year 2021	2.63 percent
Fiscal year 2020	3.22 percent
Fiscal year 2019	3.70 percent
Fiscal year 2018	3.63 percent
Fiscal year 2017	2.98 percent

Maysville Local School District, Ohio
Notes to Required Supplementary Information
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

Changes in Assumptions – STRS

For fiscal year 2018, the discount rate was increased from 3.26 percent to 4.13 percent based on the methodology defined under GASB *Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB)*, and the long-term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75 percent to 7.45 percent. Valuation year per capita health care costs were updated, and the salary scale was modified. The percentage of future retirees electing each option was updated based on current data, and the percentage of future disabled retirees and terminated vested participants electing health coverage was decreased. The assumed mortality, disability, retirement, withdrawal, and future health care cost trend rates were modified along with the portion of rebated prescription drug costs.

For fiscal year 2019, the discount rate was increased from the blended rate of 4.13 percent to the long-term expected rate of return of 7.45.

For fiscal year 2022, the discount rate was decreased from 7.45 percent to the long-term expected rate of return of 7.00.

For fiscal year 2023, the projected salary increases were changed from age-based to service-based. Healthcare trends were updated to reflect emerging claims and recovery experience.

Changes in Benefit Terms – STRS OPEB

For fiscal year 2018, the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was reduced from 2.1 percent to 1.9 percent per year of service. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements were discontinued for certain survivors and beneficiaries, and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 2020.

For fiscal year 2019, the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was increased from 1.9 percent to 1.944 percent per year of service, effective January 1, 2019. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2019, and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 1, 2020.

For fiscal year 2020, there was no change to the claims costs process. Claim curves were trended to the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020, to reflect the current price renewals. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage increased effective January 1, 2020, from 1.944 percent to 1.984 percent per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium increased effective January 1, 2020. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021, to 2.1 percent for the Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed to January 1, 2021.

For fiscal year 2021, there was no change to the claims costs process. Claim curves were updated to reflect the projected fiscal year ending June 30, 2021, premium based on June 30, 2020, enrollment distribution. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage increased effective January 1, 2021, from 1.984 percent to 2.055 percent per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium increased effective January 1, 2021. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021, to 2.1 percent for the AMA Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.

Maysville Local School District, Ohio
Notes to Required Supplementary Information
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

For fiscal year 2022, there was no change to the claims costs process. Claim curves were updated to reflect the projected fiscal year ending June 30, 2022, premium based on June 30, 2021, enrollment distribution. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2022, from 2.055 percent to 2.1 percent per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2022. The Medicare Part D Subsidy was updated to reflect that it is expected to be negative in calendar year 2022. The Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.

For fiscal year 2023, healthcare trends were updated to reflect emerging claims and recovery experience.

For fiscal year 2024, healthcare trends were updated to reflect emerging claims and recovery experience as well as benefit changes effective January 1, 2024.

For fiscal year 2024, healthcare trends were updated to reflect emerging claims and recovery experience as well as benefit changes effective January 1, 2025. The larger Medicare trends for fiscal years 2027 and 2028 reflect the assumed impact of the expiration of the current Medicare Advantage contract on December 31, 2028.

**MAYSVILLE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
MUSKINGUM COUNTY**

**SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025**

FEDERAL GRANTOR Pass-Through Grantor Program Title	Assistance Listing Number	Pass Through Entity Identifying Number	Total Federal Receipts	Total Federal Disbursements
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE				
Passed through Ohio Department of Education and Workforce:				
Child Nutrition Cluster:				
Non-Cash Assistance:				
National School Lunch Program	10.555	2024/2025	\$83,171	\$83,171
Cash Assistance:				
School Breakfast Program	10.553	2024/2025	464,096	464,096
National School Lunch Program	10.555	2024/2025	706,339	706,339
Cash Assistance Subtotal			<u>1,170,435</u>	<u>1,170,435</u>
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			<u>1,253,606</u>	<u>1,253,606</u>
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			1,253,606	1,253,606
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION				
Passed through Ohio Department of Education and Workforce:				
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010A	2025	308,315	316,343
		2024	84,219	82,340
Total Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies			<u>392,534</u>	<u>398,683</u>
Special Education Cluster:				
Special Education Grants to States	84.027A	2025	381,668	381,642
		2024	79,864	79,864
Total Special Education Grants to States			<u>461,532</u>	<u>461,506</u>
Special Education Preschool Grants	84.173A	2025	0	829
Total Special Education Preschool Grants to States			<u>0</u>	<u>829</u>
Total Special Education Cluster			461,532	462,335
Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers	84.287C	2025	330,831	356,978
		2024	161,179	92,067
Total Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers			<u>492,010</u>	<u>449,045</u>
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367A	2025	56,402	56,402
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367A	2024	14,319	14,319
Total Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants			<u>70,721</u>	<u>70,721</u>
Student Support & Academic Enrichment Program	84.424A	2025	30,953	30,953
Student Support & Academic Enrichment Program	84.424A	2024	4,696	0
Total Student Support & Academic Enrichment Program			<u>35,649</u>	<u>30,953</u>
COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School Relief Fund	84.425D	2023	0	0
COVID-19 ARP ESSER Fund	84.425U	2023	9,469	8,861
COVID-19 ARP Homeless Fund	84.425W	2023	0	0
Total COVID-19 ESSER and ARP Funds			<u>9,469</u>	<u>8,861</u>
Total U.S. Department of Education			<u>1,461,915</u>	<u>1,420,598</u>
Total Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures			<u>\$2,715,521</u>	<u>\$2,674,204</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this Schedule.

**MAYSVILLE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
MUSKINGUM COUNTY**

**NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS
2 CFR § 200.510(b)(6)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025**

NOTE A – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of Maysville Local School District, Muskingum County, Ohio (the School District) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2025. The information on this Schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the School District.

NOTE B – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be allowable or may be limited as to reimbursement.

NOTE C – INDIRECT COST RATE

The School District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE D - SUBRECIPIENTS

The School District did not provide funds to sub-recipients during the audit period.

NOTE E - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

The School District commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the School District assumes it expends federal monies first.

NOTE F – FOOD DONATION PROGRAM

The School District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the entitlement value. The School District allocated donated food commodities to the respective programs that benefitted from the use of those donated food commodities.

OHIO AUDITOR OF STATE KEITH FABER



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Maysville Local School District
Muskingum County
3715 Panther Drive
Zanesville, Ohio 43701

To the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Maysville Local School District, Muskingum County, Ohio (the School District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 26, 2026 wherein we noted the School District adopted new accounting guidance in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the School District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

KEITH FABER
Ohio Auditor of State



Tiffany L. Ridenbaugh, CPA, CFE, CGFM
Chief Deputy Auditor

March 26, 2026



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**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS
APPLICABLE TO THE MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER
COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE**

Maysville Local School District
Muskingum County
3715 Panther Drive
Zanesville, Ohio 43701

To the Board of Education:

Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program

Opinion on the Major Federal Program

We have audited Maysville Local School District's, Muskingum County, Ohio (School District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on Maysville Local School District's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2025. Maysville Local School District's major federal program is identified in the *Summary of Auditor's Results* section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings.

In our opinion, Maysville Local School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2025.

Basis for Opinion on the Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance* section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

The School District's management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the School District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the School District's compliance with the requirements of the major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of the School District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance* section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of this testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

KEITH FABER
Ohio Auditor of State



Tiffany L. Ridenbaugh, CPA, CFE, CGFM
Chief Deputy Auditor

March 26, 2026

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**MAYSVILLE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
MUSKINGUM COUNTY**

**SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS
2 CFR § 200.515
JUNE 30, 2025**

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR § 200.516(a)?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Child Nutrition Cluster – AL# 10.553 and 10.555
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 750,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee under 2 CFR § 200.520?	Yes

**2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS**

None

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None

4. OTHER – FINDINGS FOR RECOVERY

We identified the following issue related to Finding for Recovery. This issue did not impact our GAGAS or Single Audit Compliance and Controls reports.

**MAYSVILLE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
MUSKINGUM COUNTY**

**SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS
2 CFR § 200.515
JUNE 30, 2025
(Continued)**

FINDING NUMBER 2025-001

Finding for Recovery – Repaid Under Audit

Ohio Rev. Code § 117.24 requires the Auditor of State to determine whether “public money has been illegally expended, any public money collected has not been accounted for, any public money due has not been collected, or any public property has been converted or misappropriated. . .” Those determinations in an audit report constitute “findings for recovery.” Ohio Rev. Code § 9.24(H)(3).

Ohio Rev. Code § 3313.25(B)(1) states a treasurer shall not be held liable for a loss of public funds when the treasurer has performed all official duties required of the treasurer with reasonable care, but shall be liable only when a loss of public funds results from the treasurer's negligence or other wrongful act.

On April 12, 2024, the Auditor of State issued Technical Bulletin 2024-003 warning of payment re-direct schemes and business e-mail compromise schemes that were impacting governments. The bulletin sets clear standards and guidance to governments and public employees to avoid falling victim to a payment re-direct scheme, including ways to identify a payment re-direct scheme. The bulletin includes that a failure to follow the guidance may result in a public employee or officer being considered negligent and having a finding for recovery issued against the officer or employee for the loss of public funds.

In October 2025, a cybercriminal gained access to a teacher's e-mail account and sent a request to change the teacher's direct deposit. This was a payment re-direct scheme. The payroll clerk in the Maysville Local School District updated the teacher's direct deposit and made payment to the cybercriminal impersonating the teacher, resulting in the loss of \$1,861.95. The payroll clerk did not independently verify the bank information before making changes to the teacher's direct deposit.

The Treasurer received Technical Bulletin 2024-003 via e-mail on April 12, 2024, and opened it the same day.

Prior to accepting the changes to the payment information, none of the Bulletin's recommended steps were taken to independently verify that the request was legitimate. In addition, the Treasurer had not adopted a policy or implemented training for employees in his office and in other School District offices to recognize vendor re-direct schemes. Failure to implement the guidance constitutes negligence under Ohio Rev. Code § 3313.25.

In accordance with the foregoing facts and pursuant to Ohio Rev. Code Chapter 117, a Finding for Recovery for public monies illegally expended is hereby issued against Treasurer, Lewis Sidwell, and his public official bond issued through Travelers Casualty and Surety Company of America joint and severally, in the amount of \$1,861.95 to be paid in favor of the Maysville Local School District's General Fund.

The Treasurer should implement policies and training of staff and other School District employees to better recognize vendor re-direct schemes and other cybercrimes in accordance with Auditor of State Bulletin 2024-003 Payment Re-Direct and Business Email Compromise Schemes.

On March 16, 2026 the School District received payment in the amount of \$861.95 from Liberty Mutual Insurance Group. On March 17, 2026, the School District's Treasurer, Lewis Sidwell, repaid the remaining \$1,000. These repayments were recorded in the School District's General Fund via receipt #81446. The Finding is considered repaid in full.

Officials' Response: Maysville had an unwritten policy in place and our payroll clerk followed our policy and verbally verified the change in person with the teacher.

OHIO AUDITOR OF STATE KEITH FABER



MAYSVILLE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

MUSKINGUM COUNTY

AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 3/31/2026

65 East State Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215
Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370

This report is a matter of public record and is available online at
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