



bhm cpa group, inc.
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

SOUTHERN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
MEIGS COUNTY

SINGLE AUDIT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025



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Board of Education
Southern Local School District
PO Box 147
Racine, Ohio 45771

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Southern Local School District, Meigs County, prepared by BHM CPA Group, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 2024 through June 30, 2025. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Southern Local School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

KEITH FABER
Ohio Auditor of State

Tiffany L. Ridenbaugh, CPA, CFE, CGFM
Chief Deputy Auditor

April 28, 2026

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SOUTHERN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

Table of Contents

<u>TITLE</u>	<u>PAGE</u>
Independent Auditor's Report.....	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis.....	4
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-Wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position.....	18
Statement of Activities	19
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	20
Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities	21
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	22
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	23
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – (Budget Basis) – General Fund	24
Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Fund	25
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Fund Net Position – Proprietary Fund	26
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Fund.....	27
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.....	28
Required Supplementary Information:	
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability	73
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability/Asset.....	75
Schedule of the District's Contributions – School Employees Retirement System of Ohio.....	77
Schedule of the District's Contributions – State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio	79
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information	81
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.....	87
Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.....	88

SOUTHERN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

Table of Contents

(continued)

<u>TITLE</u>	<u>PAGE</u>
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	89
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to the Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance.....	91
Schedule of Findings 2 CFR § 200.515	94



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Southern Local School District
Meigs County
PO Box 147
Racine, Ohio 45771

To the Board of Education:

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Southern Local School District, Meigs County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Southern Local School District, Meigs County, Ohio as of June 30, 2025, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards*, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, and schedules of net pension and other post-employment benefit liabilities and pension and other post-employment benefit contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 19, 2025, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



BHM CPA Group, Inc.
Portsmouth, Ohio
December 19, 2025

SOUTHERN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025
(Unaudited)

The discussion and analysis of the Southern Local School District's (the District) financial performance provides an overview and analysis of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole. Readers should also review our notes to the basic financial statements and the financial statements themselves to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

- < The assets and deferred outflows of Southern Local School District exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows at June 30, 2025 by \$15,054,325. Of this amount, \$16,830,410 represents net investment in capital assets and net position amounts restricted for specific purposes. The remaining deficit balance of \$1,776,085 represents unrestricted net position.
- < In total, net position of governmental activities increased by \$936,552 which represents a 6.63 percent increase from 2024.
- < General revenues accounted for \$10,238,332 or 79.55 percent of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted for \$2,631,773 or 20.45 percent of total revenues of \$12,870,105.
- < The District had \$11,933,553 in expenses related to governmental activities; only \$2,631,773 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services and sales, grants or contributions. General revenues (primarily taxes and grants and entitlements) of \$10,238,332 were sufficient to provide for the remainder of these programs.
- < The District recognizes three major governmental funds: the General Fund, Permanent Improvement Fund, and the Capital Projects Fund. In terms of dollars received and spent, the General Fund is significantly larger than all the other funds of the District combined. The General Fund had \$10,933,378 in revenues and proceeds from sale of capital assets and \$12,669,038 in expenditures and transfers out in fiscal year 2025.

Using this Annual Financial Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the Southern Local School District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities and conditions.

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other non-major funds presented in total in one column.

SOUTHERN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025
(Unaudited)

Reporting the District as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities

While this document contains information about the large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities for students, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during fiscal year 2025?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities answer this question. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in those assets. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the financial position of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs, and other factors.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, all of the District's programs and services are reported as governmental activities including instructional services, support services, operation of non-instructional services, bond service operations and extracurricular activities.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the District's major funds begins on page 11. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The District's major governmental funds are the General Fund, Permanent Improvement Fund, and Capital Projects Fund.

Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at fiscal yearend available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general governmental operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

Proprietary Fund

Proprietary funds use the same basis of accounting as business-type activities; therefore, these statements will essentially match. The District's only one fund of this type is the Self-Insurance Internal Service Fund. However, the activity of this fund is combined with the Governmental Activities on the entity-wide financial statements.

SOUTHERN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025
(Unaudited)

The School District as a Whole

Recall that the Statement of Net Position provides the perspective of the District as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the District's net position for 2025 compared to fiscal year 2024:

Table 1
Net Position at Year End

	Governmental Activities		
	2025	2024	Change
<i>Assets:</i>			
Current and Other Assets	\$14,501,153	\$14,321,896	\$179,257
Net OPEB Asset	546,057	568,659	(22,602)
Capital Assets, Net	14,447,726	14,758,806	(311,080)
<i>Total Assets</i>	<u>29,494,936</u>	<u>29,649,361</u>	<u>(154,425)</u>
<i>Deferred Outflows of Resources:</i>			
Pension	1,827,737	2,099,746	(272,009)
OPEB	309,907	370,741	(60,834)
<i>Total Deferred Outflows of Resources</i>	<u>2,137,644</u>	<u>2,470,487</u>	<u>(332,843)</u>
<i>Liabilities:</i>			
Current and Other Liabilities	1,276,970	1,501,740	(224,770)
<i>Long-Term Liabilities:</i>			
Due Within One Year	205,301	267,494	(62,193)
Due in More than One Year:			
Net Pension Liability	7,184,085	8,120,169	(936,084)
Net OPEB Liability	331,963	557,204	(225,241)
Other Amounts	4,066,748	3,494,885	571,863
<i>Total Liabilities</i>	<u>13,065,067</u>	<u>13,941,492</u>	<u>(876,425)</u>
<i>Deferred Inflows of Resources:</i>			
Property Taxes	1,748,778	1,669,165	79,613
Pension	885,682	505,490	380,192
OPEB	878,728	925,750	(47,022)
<i>Total Deferred Inflows of Resources</i>	<u>3,513,188</u>	<u>3,100,405</u>	<u>412,783</u>
<i>Net Position:</i>			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	11,676,843	11,472,571	204,272
Restricted	5,153,567	2,353,716	2,799,851
Unrestricted	(1,776,085)	1,251,664	(3,027,749)
<i>Total Net Position</i>	<u>\$15,054,325</u>	<u>\$15,077,951</u>	<u>(\$23,626)</u>

SOUTHERN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025
(Unaudited)

The net pension liability (NPL) and net other postemployment benefits liability (OPEB) are the largest liabilities reported by the District at June 30, 2025 and are reported pursuant to GASB Statement 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an Amendment of GASB Statement 27" and GASB Statement 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions." For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the District's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and OPEB, the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board standards are national and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. When accounting for pension costs, GASB Statement No. 27 focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's *net pension liability*. GASB Statement No. 68 takes an earnings approach to pension accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension systems and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

GASB 68 and GASB 75 require the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability to equal the District's proportionate share of each plan's collective:

1. Present value of estimated future pension benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service
2. Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits

GASB notes that pension and OPEB obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" – that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension and other postemployment benefits. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the District is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of these liabilities. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer's promise is limited not by contract but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the retirement system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension/OPEB plan *as against the public employer*. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. The retirement system is responsible for the administration of the pension and OPEB plans.

SOUTHERN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025
(Unaudited)

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability or the net OPEB liability. As explained above, changes in benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of these liabilities, but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability are satisfied, these liabilities are separately identified within the long-term liability section of the Statement of Net Position.

In accordance with GASB 68 and GASB 75, the District's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense and an annual OPEB expense for their proportionate share of each plan's *change* in net pension liability and net OPEB liability, respectively, not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows.

Current and other assets increased \$179,257 from fiscal year 2024 due primarily to increases in cash and cash equivalents and property tax receivable. Capital assets decreased by \$311,080, due to capital asset current year depreciation exceeding additions.

Current (other) liabilities decreased by \$224,770 or 14.97 percent, due primarily to a decrease in accounts payable with an offset of an increase in claims payable and intergovernmental payable.

Long-term liabilities decreased by \$651,655 or 5.23 percent, due primarily to the decrease in net pension liability and net OPEB liability.

The District's largest portion of net position is related to amounts of net investment in capital assets. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets themselves cannot be used to pay these liabilities.

The District's smallest portion of net position is unrestricted, and carries a deficit balance of \$1,776,085. Unrestricted net position represents resources that may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations to its students and creditors.

The remaining balance of \$5,153,567 is restricted net position. The restricted net position is subject to external restrictions on how they may be used.

SOUTHERN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025
(Unaudited)

Table 2 shows the changes in net position for fiscal year 2025 and provides a comparison to fiscal year 2024.

Table 2
Changes in Net Position

	Governmental Activities		
	2025	2024	Change
<u>Revenues:</u>			
<i>Program Revenues:</i>			
Charges for Services and Sales	\$113,890	\$113,080	\$810
Operating Grants and Contributions	2,517,883	2,916,038	(398,155)
<i>General Revenues:</i>			
Property Taxes	3,056,263	2,681,099	375,164
Unrestricted Grants and Entitlements	6,892,942	6,415,263	477,679
Investment Earnings	269,543	231,916	37,627
Gain on Sale of Capital Assets	0	5,103	(5,103)
Miscellaneous	19,584	11,179	8,405
Total Revenues	12,870,105	12,373,678	496,427
<u>Expenses:</u>			
<i>Instruction:</i>			
Regular	4,529,167	4,245,373	283,794
Special	1,614,423	1,556,777	57,646
Vocational	376,788	199,389	177,399
Student Intervention Services	123,609	0	123,609
Other	14,950	250,215	(235,265)
<i>Support Services:</i>			
Pupils	877,500	778,794	98,706
Instructional Staff	444,987	442,229	2,758
Board of Education	28,156	59,299	(31,143)
Administration	574,081	638,139	(64,058)
Fiscal	476,886	447,061	29,825
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,000,529	1,107,148	(106,619)
Pupil Transportation	628,365	619,184	9,181
Central	277,170	240,370	36,800
<i>Operation of Non-Instructional Services:</i>			
Food Services	602,726	589,205	13,521
Other	5,614	0	5,614
Extracurricular Activities	268,480	273,538	(5,058)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	90,122	151,148	(61,026)
Total Expenses	11,933,553	11,597,869	335,684
Change in Net Position	936,552	775,809	160,743
Balance as Previously Reported at June 30, 2024	15,077,951	14,302,142	775,809
Implementation of GASB 101	(960,178)	0	(960,178)
Net Position at Beginning of Year	14,117,773	14,302,142	(184,369)
 Net Position at End of Year	 \$15,054,325	 \$15,077,951	 (\$23,626)

SOUTHERN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025
(Unaudited)

The most significant program expenses for the District are Regular Instruction, Special Instruction, Operation and Maintenance of Plant, Pupils and Pupil Transportation. These programs account for 72.48 percent of the total governmental activities. Regular Instruction, which accounts for 37.95 percent of the total, represents costs associated with providing general educational services. Special Instruction, which represents 13.53 percent of the total, represents costs associated with providing educational services for handicapped, disadvantaged and other special needs students. Operation and Maintenance of Plant, which represents 8.38 percent of the total, represent costs associated with operating and maintaining the District's facilities. Pupils, which represents 7.35 percent of the total, represents costs associated with activities designed to assess and improve the wellbeing of pupils and supplement the teaching process. Pupil Transportation, which represents 5.27 percent of the total, represents costs associated with providing transportation services for students between home and school and to school activities.

As noted previously, the net position for the governmental activities increased \$936,552 or 6.63 percent. This is a change from last year when net position increased \$775,809 or 5.42 percent. Total revenues increased \$496,427 or 4.01 percent from last year and expenses increased \$335,684 or 2.89 percent from last year.

The District had a program revenue decrease of \$397,345 and an increase in general revenue of \$893,772. The decrease in program revenue is due primarily to a decrease in operating grants and contributions. The increase in general revenue is due mostly to increases in unrestricted grants and entitlements and property taxes.

The total expenses for governmental activities increased \$335,684 or 2.89 percent, primarily as the result of annual salary increases.

Governmental Activities

Over the past several fiscal years, the District has remained in stable financial condition. This has been accomplished through strong voter support and good fiscal management. The District is heavily dependent on property taxes and intergovernmental revenue and, like most Ohio schools, is hampered by a lack of revenue growth. Property taxes made up 23.75 percent and intergovernmental revenue made up 73.12 percent of the total revenue for the governmental activities in fiscal year 2025.

The Ohio Legislature passed H.B. 920 (1976) and changed the way property taxes function in the State. The overall revenue generated by a levy will not increase solely as a result of inflation. As an example, the District would receive from a home valued at \$100,000 and taxed at 1.0 mill, \$35.00 annually. If three years later the home were reappraised and the value increased to \$200,000 (and this increase in value is comparable to other property owners) the effective tax rate would become 0.5 mill and the District would still receive \$35.00 annually. Therefore, the District must regularly return to the voters to maintain a constant level of service.

SOUTHERN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025
(Unaudited)

The District's intergovernmental revenue consists primarily of school foundation basic allowance, homestead and rollback property tax allocation, and federal and state grants. During fiscal year 2025, the District received \$7,546,335 through the State's foundation program, which represents 58.63 percent of the total revenue for the governmental activities. The District relies heavily on this state funding to operate at the current levels of service.

Instruction accounts for 55.80 percent of governmental activities program expenses. Support services expenses make up 36.10 percent of governmental activities expenses. The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and charges for services and grants offsetting those services.

Table 3 shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services for fiscal year 2025 compared with fiscal year 2024. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State entitlements.

Table 3

	Net Cost of Governmental Activities			
	Total Cost of Services	Net Cost of Services	Total Cost of Services	Net Cost of Services
	2025	2025	2024	2024
<i>Program Expenses:</i>				
Instruction	\$6,658,937	\$5,255,267	\$6,251,754	\$4,653,588
Support Services	4,307,674	3,656,942	4,332,224	3,535,566
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	608,340	125,724	589,205	51,278
Extracurricular Activities	268,480	173,725	273,538	177,171
Interest and Fiscal Charges	90,122	90,122	151,148	151,148
Total Expenses	<u>\$11,933,553</u>	<u>\$9,301,780</u>	<u>\$11,597,869</u>	<u>\$8,568,751</u>

The District's Funds

The District's governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting (See Note 2 for discussion of significant accounting policies). All governmental funds had total revenues and other financing sources of \$15,450,099 and expenditures and other financing uses of \$14,900,372.

The fund balances of the total governmental funds increased by \$549,727 or 6.05 percent. The increase in fund balance for the year was most significant in the Capital Projects Fund which increased \$2,300,000 and was the result of an increase in transfers in. In the General Fund, fund balance decreased \$1,735,660 or 24.23 percent, which was due to an increase in transfers out. In the Permanent Improvement Fund, fund balance decreased \$238,787 or 24.30 percent, which was due to capital outlay expenditures for school improvements exceeding transfers in.

Budget Highlights - General Fund

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a cash basis for receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

SOUTHERN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025
(Unaudited)

During the course of fiscal year 2025, the District amended its General Fund budget, but not significantly. The District uses a modified site-based budget technique that is designed to control site budgets while providing building administrators and supervisor's flexibility for site management.

For the General Fund, the final budget basis revenue and other financing sources was \$10,932,936, representing an increase of \$294,270 or 2.77 percent from the original budget estimate of \$10,638,666. The increase was mostly the result of increased expectations for property taxes and intergovernmental revenue. The final budget basis expenditures and other financing uses were \$14,854,057 representing an increase of \$2,282,254 or 18.15 percent from the original budget basis expenditures of \$12,571,803. The increase was primarily due to increases in principal retirement and transfers out expenditure functions.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2025, the District had \$29,949,584 invested in land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture, fixtures, and equipment, and vehicles, of which all was in governmental activities. That total carries an accumulated depreciation of \$15,501,858. Table 4 shows fiscal year 2025 balances compared to fiscal year 2024.

Table 4

Capital Assets & Accumulated Depreciation at Year End

	Governmental Activities	
	2025	2024
<i>Nondepreciable Capital Assets:</i>		
Land	\$651,600	\$651,600
<i>Depreciable Capital Assets:</i>		
Land Improvements	2,070,712	1,781,925
Buildings and Improvements	23,098,487	23,098,487
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	3,157,766	2,823,664
Vehicles	971,019	971,019
<i>Total Capital Assets</i>	<u>29,949,584</u>	<u>29,326,695</u>
<i>Less Accumulated Depreciation:</i>		
Land Improvements	1,154,857	1,088,052
Buildings and Improvements	11,584,059	10,953,173
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	2,073,722	1,896,417
Vehicles	689,220	630,247
<i>Total Accumulated Depreciation</i>	<u>15,501,858</u>	<u>14,567,889</u>
<i>Capital Assets, Net</i>	<u><u>\$14,447,726</u></u>	<u><u>\$14,758,806</u></u>

See Note 9 to the basic financial statements for more information on capital assets.

SOUTHERN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025
(Unaudited)

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2025, the District had the following debt outstanding.

Table 5

Outstanding Debt, Governmental Activities at Year End		
<u>Purpose</u>	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
2010 School Improvement Bonds	\$2,715,000	\$2,875,000
2017 Lighting Loan	0	36,360
Total	<u>\$2,715,000</u>	<u>\$2,911,360</u>

See Note 14 to the basic financial statements for more information on debt.

Current Issues

Beginning in Fiscal Year 2022, Ohio adopted the Fair School Funding Plan (FSFP). Funding is driven by a base cost methodology that incorporates four components identified as necessary to the education process. The base cost is currently calculated for two years using a statewide average from historical actual data. The new system weighs a district's expenses to come up with the base per-pupil funding amount. The four component areas are Direct Classroom Instruction, Instructional and Student Support, Building Leadership and Operations, and Leadership and Accountability. As mentioned previously, this formula relies upon a calculation of base cost to educate a student that is unique to each district. This calculation uses "district educated" enrollment and student demographics to determine costs. Once the base cost is calculated, a local per pupil share is calculated based upon the district's capacity to pay. A state share percentage of the base cost is then determined based upon the remaining portion of the total base cost. Additional funding is added for students with disabilities, economic disadvantaged students, gifted students, English learners, career technical education, transportation, and student success and wellness. The FSFP is a formula that is phased in and includes guarantees. HB96 did not increase base cost inputs, but did provide a base cost supplement. It included a criteria-based pupil growth supplement, performance supplement payments, changed DPIA funding calculations to a weighted formula, and implemented a carry-over balance threshold. There are many financial uncertainties regarding property tax reform, state funding, and all other operating revenues and sources throughout this forecast. The District assumes increases to valuation of real property resulting in revenue increases to General Property Tax (Real Estate), PUPP, and State Share of Local Property Tax collections. Unrestricted funds received through the State Foundation Program are projected to increase. All Other Operating Revenue decreases, but then holds steady. Restricted funding decreases due to formula changes. Administration will closely monitor and adjust forecasted years as needed to make upcoming operating decisions. Additional changes to enrollment, district wealth (valuation/median income/income index), and changes in the projected formula would have an effect on the forecast.

SOUTHERN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025
(Unaudited)

For Southern Local, general property taxes account for nearly 16.16% of our total general fund revenue. Meigs County will have a triennial update in 2025 and a reappraisal in 2028. The District received real estate valuations (2024) from the county auditor and Residential, Agricultural and Class II values have increased. The District's project continued valuation increases Tax Year 2025-2029 in Residential and Agricultural, but slight decreases in Class II Tax Year 2025-2029. The 1991 Current Expense 4.0 will expire with Tax Year 2028 and will be up for renewal. Historically, the District has had an excellent total collection rate and it is projected that the District's property tax collections will remain steady using the historical averages and assumes that collection rates will remain consistent.

Public Utility Personal Property represent 6.88% overall percentage of total revenue for the District's general fund. In collection year 2024, the actual gross collection rate was 98.6%, the District is projecting 100% based on past years collection rates. In 2004, the General Assembly eliminated the general tangible tax paid by business on equipment and inventory. Recently signed HB15, a recent energy reform bill, reduces the tax assessment values on certain TPP owned by public utilities. This change was designed to encourage the development of new energy infrastructure in Ohio. Beginning Tax Year 2027, the valuation growth is scaled back due to this change. Tangible personal property taxes are based on the commercial, industrial, and public utility base of the District and the effective tax rate applied. Tax Year 2024 valuations increased and the forecast projects slight valuation increases each year. The 1991 Current Expense 4.0 will expire with tax year 2028 and will be up for renewal. If not renewed, the District will experience a reduction in PUPP revenue.

Beginning in Fiscal Year 2022, Ohio adopted the Fair School Funding Plan (FSFP). The FSFP determines that state's unrestricted grant-in-aid by calculating the 'base cost' for educating a typical student in Ohio. This funding is driven by a base cost methodology that incorporates the four components identified as necessary to the education process. The four component areas are Direct Classroom Instruction, Instructional and Student Support, Building and Leadership and Operations, and Leadership and Accountability. The Base Cost is currently calculated for two years (biennium budget) using statewide average from historical actual data (Fiscal Year 2022). The Fair School Funding Plan relies upon a calculation of base cost to educate a student that is unique to each district. The calculation uses enrollment and student demographics to determine cost for teachers, other staff, supplies, etc. Once the base cost is calculated, a local per pupil share is calculated based upon the district's capacity to pay. A state share percentage of the base cost is then determined based upon the remaining portion of total base cost. The District does not currently receive any Temporary Transitional Aid Guarantee. The calculated state base funding in addition to Casino, Pre-School, Transportation, and Special Ed. Transportation funding make up the total unrestricted state funding amount. HB96 continues years five and six of the FSFP phase in with guarantees, ensuring that no district receives less aid than it received in Fiscal Year 2021. Based cost inputs were not increased, but a base cost supplement has been added. For Fiscal Year 2026, the District's calculate per pupil base cost is \$9,412.

Restricted aid is the portion of state per pupil funding that must be classified as restricted for specific purposes. Currently, restricted funds represent 8.60% of total general fund revenue. Of particular note for the District is the economic disadvantaged category (DPIA). Fiscal Year 2021, the K-12 qualified (5yrs) and is participating in the Community Eligibility Provision (CEP) which influenced the amount of DPIA funding the district received. HB96 now requires ODEW, for Fiscal Year 2026 and Fiscal Year 2027, to calculate a District's disadvantaged pupil impact aid by using a weighted number of economically disadvantaged students equal to the sum of ; (a) the number of economically disadvantaged students reported for the District for Fiscal Year 2025, as of June 1, 2025 multiplied by 75% for Fiscal Year 2026 and 65% for Fiscal Year 2027, and (b) the number of directly certified economically disadvantaged students for the fiscal year multiplied by 25% for Fiscal Year 2026 and 35% for Fiscal Year 2027. The District's calculated Economic Disadvantaged percentage for Fiscal Year 2026 is 89.17%. DPIA funding is significant to the District.

SOUTHERN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025
(Unaudited)

Other funding components that are restricted are Success/Wellness, Career and Technical Education (CTE), English Language Learner (ELL), and Gifted. Success/Wellness funding now appears in restricted effective Fiscal Year 2022 and is no longer in a special revenue fund. Administration will monitor this funding and make adjustments as needed.

Around 2.29% of overall revenue comes from this category. State law grants relief in the form of a ten percent reduction in real property tax bills. In addition, a two and one-half percent rollback is granted to residential property taxes. Tax relief is also granted to qualified elderly and disabled homeowners based on their income. The state reimburses the District for the loss of real property taxes because of the rollback and homestead programs. Funding is calculated based upon the projected property valuations. All other revenue account for 3.85% of total revenue and included tuition received by the district for non-residents students educated by the District, interest on investments, Ohio Medicaid School Program, and other smaller sources of revenue. The FSFP includes per pupil funding for any open enrollment in students that the District is educating. Other sources account for 1.49% of total revenue and included proceeds from sales of notes, state emergency loans and advancements, operating transfers-in, all other financing sources like sale and loss of assets, and refund of prior year expenditures.

Expenditure Overview

Personnel services represent the salaries and wages to certified staff, classified staff, administrative staff, exempt staff, substitutes, tutors, and board members. It also includes extended time, severance pay, supplemental contracts, leave bonuses, one time and waive payments, and overtime. All employees are paid on a bi-weekly basis. Salaries are significant to the District budget, making up of 43.63% of general fund spending. The District has negotiated agreements in effect for both certified and classified unions for the period of July 1, 2025-June 30, 2028. The District estimates include moderate step and base increases based on current negotiations and in relationship with insurance adjustments and financial conditions. The District assumes projected severance pay on line 5.05 (Operating Transfers-Out) in Other Financing Uses. Future teacher and staff turnover/retirements are hard to predict. The District must align its hiring to the FSFP model that uses staff-to-pupil ratios. Personnel Services will need to be monitored by administration and the board in order to hold expenditures within budget availability. Base Cost for each district is calculated using statewide average costs applied against staffing ratios and minimum service levels and enrolled ADM. Changes in the projected formula funding and the lack of attention to staffing ratios would have an effect on the District. Lastly, Federal Funding such as Title, Title II-A, Title V-B, and IDEA continue to decrease, as salaries increase, shifting expenses to the general fund. In addition, other funded positions and personnel services from ARP ESSER will return to the general fund. The trend is expected to continue.

Benefits represent 24.73% of general fund spending. Components for this line include insurance, retirement, and other salary driven fringe benefits. Total annual projected cost for all components in Fiscal Year 2026 is \$3,001,192 and increases to \$4,152,064 in Fiscal Year 2030. This increase is attributed to salary driven fringe benefits, pension reform, insurance rate increases, negotiated agreement changes, open enrollment, the decrease of federal grant funds, and other funded benefits shifting expenses to the general fund. Currently, all full-time employees pay 12% of their medical/prescription premium and the District 88%. Negotiated agreements for both certified and classified unions include health insurance plan options; they are a PPO and HDHP with an associated health savings account, including prescription drug coverage. The District assumes an average yearly increase of 10% of the medical/prescription plans. Currently, insurance related costs account for approximately 69% of the total employee benefit costs. Fiscal Year 2026, the District's cost for single PPO is \$14,478.12 and \$32,122.68 for family. The District cost for single HDHP is \$12,643.32 and \$28,052.04 for family. Management and Labor must maintain efforts to discuss continued changes to insurance plan design and employee healthcare costs. This assumption must be monitored; additional increases will be material to the forecast. Outside the health plan, the District has a vision, dental,

SOUTHERN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025
(Unaudited)

and life insurance program for employees. The board pays 100% of the premium for those insurance offerings. Lastly, Retirement (STRS and SERS-14%), Medicare contributions, Workers Compensation, and Unemployment are driven by salary and projected increases are forecasted.

Purchase Services is wide ranging from expenses for professional and technical services, property services, travel/meeting/professional development expenses, communications, utilities services, tuition and other similar payments, and any other contracted purchased service. (CCP, Career Technical Education, CBDD, Excess-costs, Threshold Cost Set-Aside, etc.) The Fair School Funding Plan funds only district educated enrollment thereby reducing tuition costs for open enrollment out, community schools, STEM, and scholarships starting in Fiscal Year 2022. The district is no longer expensing tuition to pay for these students. The financial forecast reflects the difference between the past formula enrolled compared to actual districts educated. Special Education/Intervention services are another large expenditure in this category. It includes speech services, occupational therapy, transportation, tuition, intervention, legal fees, travel/professional development, excess costs, and other misc. services. These costs continue to increase due to the needs of our students. As a reminder, Fiscal Year 2022, the forecast report reflects a significant decrease due to COVID-19, service agreement savings, utility savings, purchase services taken out of the forecast and assigned to Fund 507 (ESSER), and formula changes. Beginning Fiscal Year 2023, the District has forecasted the return of expenses to the general fund. Overall, purchased services currently represent 16.35% of total expenditures and are projected to grow. Going forward the District must monitor this area and the projected increase in expenses.

The need for supplies and materials continues for instructional improvement by a more constant amount due to the District's need and a return of expenses to the general fund. This line item consists of instructional supplies including education workbook/textbooks, computer software/supplies, custodian/maintenance supplies, bus supplies: including fuel and other general supplies. Expenses return to the general fund from other funds. Inflationary trends drive costs for these expenses and the forecast assumes that will continue. Capital outlay expenditures are identified and planned. The District conducts a yearly needs meeting to plan for the upcoming year and future expenses. Inflationary trends drive costs for these expenses and the forecast assumes that will continue. Financial forecasted years project textbook replacements throughout. Prior fiscal years saw a decrease due to COVID-19 and the use of other funds. The District conducts a yearly needs meeting to plan for the upcoming year and future expenses.

In Fiscal Year 2017, the District entered into an energy efficiency service agreement with e\Energy Optimizers for cost savings. In Fiscal Year 2020, the District completed a Chiller and Controls Project. Fiscal Year 2025 the District retired these debts. Other objects and other use expenses will continue. Transfers out to cover deficits is of great importance and concern to the district, in addition, the District forecasts transfers out to Capital Improvement and Classroom Facilities Maintenance Funds for infrastructure and operational costs, to the severance fund for future retirements, and advances to cover federal funds.

The District projects Fiscal Year 2026 through Fiscal Year 2030 the District will experience "overspending". Seeing deficits in future years is not uncommon given the uncertainty and major factors that can impact the financial forecast including: future state budgets, local economic factors, state and federal mandates, enrollments, etc... Unexpected and emergency expenditures can also affect the remaining years of the forecasted numbers. However, the District must focus on recognizing how these conditions relate to current operations, identify futures year's deficits, engage sin planning for those prior to their arrival, and eliminate the projected deficits.

SOUTHERN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025
(Unaudited)

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional information contact Christi Hendrix, Treasurer at Southern Local School District, PO Box 147, Racine, OH 45771 or email christi.hendrix@southernlocal.net.

SOUTHERN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT*Statement of Net Position**June 30, 2025*

	Governmental Activities
<u>Assets:</u>	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$9,004,833
Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agent	1,403,921
Property Taxes Receivable	3,939,647
Intergovernmental Receivable	130,587
Materials and Supplies Inventory	22,165
Net OPEB Asset	546,057
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	651,600
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	13,796,126
<i>Total Assets</i>	<u>29,494,936</u>
<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources:</u>	
Pension	1,827,737
OPEB	309,907
<i>Total Deferred Outflows of Resources</i>	<u>2,137,644</u>
<u>Liabilities:</u>	
Accounts Payable	43,213
Accrued Wages and Benefits	825,474
Intergovernmental Payable	150,469
Accrued Interest Payable	16,139
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	1,638
Claims Payable	240,037
<i>Long-Term Liabilities:</i>	
Due within One Year	205,301
<i>Due in More Than One Year:</i>	
Net Pension Liability	7,184,085
Net OPEB Liability	331,963
Other Amounts Due in More Than One Year	4,066,748
<i>Total Liabilities</i>	<u>13,065,067</u>
<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources:</u>	
Property Taxes	1,748,778
Pension	885,682
OPEB	878,728
<i>Total Deferred Inflows of Resources</i>	<u>3,513,188</u>
<u>Net Position:</u>	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	11,676,843
<i>Restricted for:</i>	
Debt Service	905,319
Capital Outlay	3,043,931
Set Asides	301,593
Net OPEB Asset	546,057
Other Purposes	356,667
Unrestricted	(1,776,085)
<i>Total Net Position</i>	<u>\$15,054,325</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

SOUTHERN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Statement of Activities

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

		Program Revenues		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
	Expenses	Charges for Services and Sales	Operating Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
<u>Governmental Activities:</u>				
<i>Instruction:</i>				
Regular	\$4,529,167	\$16,890	\$232,218	(\$4,280,059)
Special	1,614,423	0	976,186	(638,237)
Vocational	376,788	0	59,485	(317,303)
Student Intervention Services	123,609	0	113,709	(9,900)
Other	14,950	0	5,182	(9,768)
<i>Support Services:</i>				
Pupils	877,500	0	40,202	(837,298)
Instructional Staff	444,987	0	38,634	(406,353)
Board of Education	28,156	0	0	(28,156)
Administration	574,081	0	18,189	(555,892)
Fiscal	476,886	0	3,982	(472,904)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,000,529	0	160,139	(840,390)
Pupil Transportation	628,365	0	362,528	(265,837)
Central	277,170	0	27,058	(250,112)
<i>Operation of Non-Instructional Services:</i>				
Food Services	602,726	7,195	475,421	(120,110)
Other	5,614	0	0	(5,614)
Extracurricular Activities	268,480	89,805	4,950	(173,725)
<i>Debt Service:</i>				
Interest and Fiscal Charges	90,122	0	0	(90,122)
<i>Total Governmental Activities</i>	<u>\$11,933,553</u>	<u>\$113,890</u>	<u>\$2,517,883</u>	<u>(9,301,780)</u>
 <u>General Revenues:</u>				
<i>Property Taxes Levied for:</i>				
General Purposes				2,673,378
Debt Service				333,233
Capital Outlay				49,652
Grants and Entitlements not Restricted to Specific Programs				6,892,942
Investment Earnings				269,543
Miscellaneous				19,584
<i>Total General Revenues</i>				<u>10,238,332</u>
Change in Net Position				936,552
Net Position - Beginning of Year, as previously reported				15,077,951
Change in Accounting Principle (GASB 101), See Note 3				<u>(960,178)</u>
Net Position - Beginning of Year				<u>14,117,773</u>
<i>Net Position at End of Year</i>				<u>\$15,054,325</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

SOUTHERN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

*Balance Sheet
Governmental Funds
June 30, 2025*

	General	Permanent Improvement	Capital Projects	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
<u>Assets:</u>					
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$4,634,820	\$743,931	\$2,300,000	\$1,024,489	\$8,703,240
Property Taxes Receivable	3,447,763	0	0	491,884	3,939,647
Intergovernmental Receivable	21,982	0	0	108,605	130,587
Materials and Supplies Inventory	5,924	0	0	16,241	22,165
Interfund Receivable	4,137	0	0	0	4,137
<u>Restricted Assets:</u>					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	301,593	0	0		301,593
Total Assets	\$8,416,219	\$743,931	\$2,300,000	\$1,641,219	\$13,101,369
<u>Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances:</u>					
<u>Liabilities:</u>					
Accounts Payable	\$35,681	\$0	\$0	\$7,532	\$43,213
Accrued Wages and Benefits	727,995	0	0	97,479	825,474
Interfund Payable	0	0	0	4,137	4,137
Intergovernmental Payable	146,481	0	0	3,988	150,469
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	1,638	0	0	0	1,638
Total Liabilities	911,795	0	0	113,136	1,024,931
<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources:</u>					
Property Taxes	2,075,848	0	0	296,156	2,372,004
Unavailable Revenue	0	0	0	64,870	64,870
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	2,075,848	0	0	361,026	2,436,874
<u>Fund Balances:</u>					
Nonspendable	5,924	0	0	16,241	22,165
Restricted	301,593	0	0	1,201,196	1,502,789
Assigned	1,687,665	743,931	2,300,000	0	4,731,596
Unassigned (Deficit)	3,433,394	0	0	(50,380)	3,383,014
Total Fund Balances	5,428,576	743,931	2,300,000	1,167,057	9,639,564
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$8,416,219	\$743,931	\$2,300,000	\$1,641,219	\$13,101,369

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

SOUTHERN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
*Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to
Net Position of Governmental Activities
June 30, 2025*

Total Governmental Funds Balances	\$9,639,564
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***Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of
Net Position are different because:***

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	14,447,726
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Some of the District's receivables will be collected after fiscal year-end, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds. These receivables consist of:

Property taxes	623,226	
Intergovernmental	<u>64,870</u>	
Total		688,096

Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. These liabilities consist of:

General obligation bonds	(2,715,000)	
Premium on bonds	(88,650)	
Discount on bonds	32,767	
Accrued interest	(16,139)	
Compensated absences	<u>(1,501,166)</u>	
Total liabilities that are not reported in the funds		(4,288,188)

The net pension liability is not due and payable in the current period; therefore, the liability and related deferred inflows/outflows are not reported in the governmental funds:

Deferred Outflows - Pension	1,827,737	
Deferred Outflows - OPEB	309,907	
Deferred Inflows - Pension	(885,682)	
Deferred Inflows - OPEB	(878,728)	
Net OPEB Asset	546,057	
Net Pension Liability	(7,184,085)	
Net OPEB Liability	<u>(331,963)</u>	
Total		(6,596,757)

An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of insurance activities to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position.

	<u>1,163,884</u>
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<i>Net Position of Governmental Activities</i>	<u>\$15,054,325</u>
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See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

SOUTHERN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Governmental Funds
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

	General	Permanent Improvement	Capital Projects	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
<u>Revenues:</u>					
Property Taxes	\$2,657,245	\$0	\$0	\$379,101	\$3,036,346
Intergovernmental	7,975,141	0	0	1,575,619	9,550,760
Interest	266,866	0	0	2,677	269,543
Tuition and Fees	16,890	0	0	0	16,890
Extracurricular Activities	1,475	0	0	88,330	89,805
Gifts and Donations	1,009	0	0	4,450	5,459
Customer Sales and Services	0	0	0	7,195	7,195
Miscellaneous	13,646	0	0	5,938	19,584
<i>Total Revenues</i>	<u>10,932,272</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>2,063,310</u>	<u>12,995,582</u>
<u>Expenditures:</u>					
<i>Current:</i>					
<i>Instruction:</i>					
Regular	3,988,229	0	0	225,087	4,213,316
Special	1,360,957	0	0	289,647	1,650,604
Vocational	371,123	0	0	2,860	373,983
Student Intervention Services	49,703	0	0	95,559	145,262
Other	12,116	0	0	7,144	19,260
<i>Support Services:</i>					
Pupils	818,571	0	0	50,978	869,549
Instructional Staff	390,392	0	0	37,721	428,113
Board of Education	28,156	0	0	0	28,156
Administration	555,661	0	0	10,190	565,851
Fiscal	444,833	0	0	16,430	461,263
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	846,798	0	0	264,664	1,111,462
Pupil Transportation	543,077	0	0	8,529	551,606
Central	257,468	0	0	31,987	289,455
Operation of Non-Instructional/Shared Services	4,230	0	0	562,715	566,945
Extracurricular Activities	180,514	0	0	93,614	274,128
Capital Outlay	2,700	288,787	0	0	291,487
<i>Debt Service:</i>					
Principal Retirement	351,360	0	0	160,000	511,360
Interest and Fiscal Charges	12,826	0	0	82,335	95,161
<i>Total Expenditures</i>	<u>10,218,714</u>	<u>288,787</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>1,939,460</u>	<u>12,446,961</u>
<i>Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures</i>	<u>713,558</u>	<u>(288,787)</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>123,850</u>	<u>548,621</u>
<u>Other Financing Sources (Uses):</u>					
Transfers In	0	50,000	2,300,000	103,411	2,453,411
Transfers Out	(2,450,324)	0	0	(3,087)	(2,453,411)
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	1,106	0	0	0	1,106
<i>Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)</i>	<u>(2,449,218)</u>	<u>50,000</u>	<u>2,300,000</u>	<u>100,324</u>	<u>1,106</u>
<i>Net Change in Fund Balances</i>	<u>(1,735,660)</u>	<u>(238,787)</u>	<u>2,300,000</u>	<u>224,174</u>	<u>549,727</u>
<i>Fund Balances at Beginning of Year</i>	<u>7,164,236</u>	<u>982,718</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>942,883</u>	<u>9,089,837</u>
<i>Fund Balances at End of Year</i>	<u><u>\$5,428,576</u></u>	<u><u>\$743,931</u></u>	<u><u>\$2,300,000</u></u>	<u><u>\$1,167,057</u></u>	<u><u>\$9,639,564</u></u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

SOUTHERN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
*Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes
in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025*

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$549,727
<i>Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:</i>	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlay in the current period.	(309,751)
Governmental funds only report the disposal of capital assets to the extent proceeds are received from the sale. In the Statement of Activities, a gain or loss is reported for each disposal.	(1,329)
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. These revenues consist of:	
Property taxes	19,917
Intergovernmental	<u>(145,394)</u>
Total	(125,477)
Repayment of bonds, loans, and capital lease principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.	511,360
In the Statement of Activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due.	1,047
Some items reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities consist of:	
Amortization of premium on bonds	6,333
Amortization of discount on bonds	(2,341)
Compensated absences payable	<u>(64,844)</u>
Total	(60,852)
Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the Statement of Activities reports these amounts as deferred inflows of resources.	859,699
Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension liability are reported as pension expense in the Statement of Activities.	(386,989)
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds. The net revenue of the internal service fund is reported as governmental activities.	<u>(100,883)</u>
<i>Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities</i>	<u><u>\$936,552</u></u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

SOUTHERN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes
In Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis)
General Fund
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final	Actual	
<u>Revenues:</u>				
Property Taxes	\$2,589,108	\$2,657,165	\$2,657,165	\$0
Intergovernmental	7,776,455	7,974,779	7,974,779	0
Interest	235,262	266,866	266,866	0
Tuition and Fees	20,976	16,890	16,890	0
Extracurricular Activities	2,200	1,475	1,475	0
Gifts and Donations	100	1,009	1,009	0
Miscellaneous	11,765	13,646	13,646	0
<i>Total Revenues</i>	<u>10,635,866</u>	<u>10,931,830</u>	<u>10,931,830</u>	<u>0</u>
<u>Expenditures:</u>				
<i>Current:</i>				
<i>Instruction:</i>				
Regular	4,650,692	4,603,298	3,959,192	644,106
Special	1,667,334	1,618,216	1,361,991	256,225
Vocational	210,944	389,530	370,228	19,302
Student Intervention Services	110,609	125,196	49,703	75,493
Other	21,749	24,447	14,892	9,555
<i>Support Services:</i>				
Pupils	1,075,729	896,419	821,147	75,272
Instructional Staff	409,839	421,355	388,262	33,093
Board of Education	67,638	67,088	45,752	21,336
Administration	668,312	671,612	575,412	96,200
Fiscal	496,300	499,929	454,999	44,930
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,630,801	1,588,542	1,078,501	510,041
Pupil Transportation	700,509	605,233	529,619	75,614
Central	318,087	308,237	261,605	46,632
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	4,500	5,736	4,230	1,506
Extracurricular Activities	207,575	207,577	181,139	26,438
Capital Outlay	27,132	7,132	2,700	4,432
<i>Debt Service:</i>				
Principal Retirement	63,802	351,360	351,360	0
Interest and Fiscal Charges	10,851	12,826	12,826	0
<i>Total Expenditures</i>	<u>12,342,403</u>	<u>12,403,733</u>	<u>10,463,558</u>	<u>1,940,175</u>
<i>Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures</i>	<u>(1,706,537)</u>	<u>(1,471,903)</u>	<u>468,272</u>	<u>1,940,175</u>
<u>Other Financing Sources (Uses):</u>				
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	2,800	1,106	1,106	0
Transfers Out	(229,400)	(2,450,324)	(2,450,324)	0
<i>Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)</i>	<u>(226,600)</u>	<u>(2,449,218)</u>	<u>(2,449,218)</u>	<u>0</u>
<i>Excess of Revenues Over/ (Under)</i> <i>Expenditures and Other Financing Sources (Uses)</i>	<u>(1,933,137)</u>	<u>(3,921,121)</u>	<u>(1,980,946)</u>	<u>1,940,175</u>
<i>Fund Balance at Beginning of Year</i>	<u>6,882,213</u>	<u>6,882,213</u>	<u>6,882,213</u>	<u>0</u>
<i>Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated</i>	<u>16,079</u>	<u>16,079</u>	<u>16,079</u>	<u>0</u>
<i>Fund Balance at End of Year</i>	<u>\$4,965,155</u>	<u>\$2,977,171</u>	<u>\$4,917,346</u>	<u>\$1,940,175</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

SOUTHERN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Statement of Net Position

Proprietary Fund

June 30, 2025

	Governmental Activities
	Internal Service
<u>Assets:</u>	
<i>Current Assets:</i>	
Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agent	\$1,403,921
<i>Total Current Assets</i>	1,403,921
<u>Liabilities:</u>	
<i>Current Liabilities:</i>	
Claims Payable	240,037
<u>Net Position:</u>	
Unrestricted	\$1,163,884

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

SOUTHERN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

*Statement of Revenues,
Expenses and Change in Fund Net Position
Proprietary Fund
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025*

	<u>Governmental Activities</u>
	<u>Internal Service</u>
<u>Operating Revenues:</u>	
Charges for Services	<u>\$1,932,799</u>
<i>Total Operating Revenues</i>	<u>1,932,799</u>
<u>Operating Expenses:</u>	
<u>Purchased Services</u>	668,946
Claims	<u>1,364,736</u>
<i>Total Operating Expenses</i>	<u>2,033,682</u>
<i>Change in Net Position</i>	(100,883)
<i>Net Position at Beginning of Year</i>	<u>1,264,767</u>
<i>Net Position at End of Year</i>	<u><u>\$1,163,884</u></u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

SOUTHERN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Statement of Cash Flows

Proprietary Fund

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

	Governmental Activities Internal Service
<u>Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents:</u>	
<u>Cash Flows from Operating Activities:</u>	
Cash Received from Interfund Charges	\$1,932,799
Cash Payments for Goods and Services	(668,946)
Cash Payments for Claims	(1,317,990)
<i>Net Cash from Operating Activities</i>	(54,137)
<i>Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents</i>	(54,137)
<i>Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year</i>	1,458,058
<i>Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year</i>	\$1,403,921
<u>Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash from Operating Activities:</u>	
Operating Income (Loss)	(\$100,883)
<u>Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash from Operating Activities:</u>	
<i>Increase in Liabilities:</i>	
Claims Payable	46,746
Total Adjustments	46,746
<i>Net Cash from Operating Activities</i>	(\$54,137)
See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.	

SOUTHERN LOCAL DISTRICT
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY

Description of the District

Southern Local District, Meigs County (the District), is organized under Article VI, Sections 2 and 3 of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. The District operates under a locally-elected Board form of government consisting of five members elected at-large for staggered four-year terms. The District provides educational services as authorized by State and/or local guidelines. As of June 30, 2025 the District is staffed by 61 certificated employees and 37 classified employees. The District provides services to approximately 649 students. The District currently operates one elementary school (grades kindergarten to eighth) and one high school (grades ninth to twelfth).

Reporting Entity

A reporting entity is composed of the primary government, component units, and other organizations included to ensure that the basic financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the District consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For Southern Local District, this includes general operations, food service, and student-related activities.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes. The District has no component units.

The District participates in the Metropolitan Educational Technology Association, and the Coalition of Rural and Appalachian Schools, which are defined as jointly governed organizations; the Ohio School Comp A Program of OSBA & OASBO Group Rating Plan, which is defined as insurance purchasing pool; and the Jefferson Health Plan, Self-Insurance Plan, which is defined as a claims servicing pool. These organizations are presented in Notes 20, 21 and 22 to the basic financial statements.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the Southern Local District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standards-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

A. Basis of Presentation

The District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

SOUTHERN LOCAL DISTRICT
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Government-wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government. The activity of the internal service fund is eliminated to avoid “doubling up” revenues and expenses. These statements usually distinguish between those activities of the District that are governmental in nature and those that are considered business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental receipts, or other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services. The District, however, has no business-type activities.

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the District at fiscal year-end. The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the District’s governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department, and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program; grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program; and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Fund Financial Statements

During the fiscal year, the District segregates transactions related to certain District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The internal service fund is presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statements.

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid management by segregating transactions related to certain functions or activities. A fund is a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. The District classifies each fund as either governmental or proprietary.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the District are financed. Governmental funds focus on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance.

SOUTHERN LOCAL DISTRICT
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The following are the District's major governmental funds:

General Fund- This fund is the operating fund of the District and is used to account for all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The General Fund is available to the District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Permanent Improvement Fund - This fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of capital facilities.

Capital Projects Fund - This fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for capital projects to the District's facilities.

Other governmental funds of the District are used to account for (a) financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for principal and interest and (b) specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to an expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

Proprietary Fund

The proprietary fund focus is on the determination of the change in net position, financial position and cash flows and is classified as internal service. The internal service fund accounts for the financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the District, or to other governments, on a cost reimbursement basis. The only internal service fund of the District accounts for a self-insurance program which provides medical and prescription drug benefits to employees.

C. Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows associated with the operation of the District are included on the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Activities presents increases (e.g., revenues) and decreases (e.g., expenses) in total net position.

Fund Financial Statements

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities and deferred inflows generally are included on the Balance Sheet. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Like the government-wide statements, the proprietary fund is accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of this fund are included on the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Changes in Fund Net Position presents increases (i.e. revenues) and decreases (i.e. expenses) in net total assets. The Statement of Cash Flows provides information about how the District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activity.

SOUTHERN LOCAL DISTRICT
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred revenue, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. “Measurable” means the amount of the transaction can be determined, and “available” means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes and grants, entitlements, and donations. On the accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 7). Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal yearend: property taxes available as an advance, investment earnings, tuition, grants, fees, and rentals.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statements of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the District, deferred outflows of resources are reported on the government-wide Statement of Net Position for deferred charges on refunding and for pension/OPEB. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The deferred outflows of resources related to pension/OPEB are explained in Notes 11 and 12.

SOUTHERN LOCAL DISTRICT
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

In addition to liabilities, the Statements of Net Position report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. For the District, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes, pension, and unavailable revenue. Property taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2025, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2026 operations. These amounts have been recorded as a deferred inflow on both the government-wide Statement of Net Position and governmental fund financial statements. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental funds Balance Sheet, and represents receivables which will not be collected within the available period. For the District, unavailable revenue includes delinquent property taxes, intergovernmental grants, and miscellaneous revenues. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available. Deferred inflows of resources related to pension/OPEB are reported on the government-wide Statement of Net Position. (See Notes 11 and 12).

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension systems report investments at fair value.

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2025, but which were levied to finance year 2026 operations, and other revenues received in advance of the fiscal year for which they were intended to finance, have been recorded as a deferred inflow. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met, and delinquent property taxes due at June 30, 2025, are recorded as a deferred inflow in the governmental funds.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have been reported as a deferred inflow.

Expenses/Expenditures

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled. Monies for all funds except the private purpose trust funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents".

During fiscal year 2025, investments were limited to certificates of deposit, which are reported at cost.

Following Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the General Fund during fiscal year 2025 amounted to \$266,866 which includes \$97,655 assigned from other District funds.

SOUTHERN LOCAL DISTRICT
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The District utilizes the Jefferson Health Plan to account for the self-insurance internal service fund. This interest bearing depository account is presented in the financial statements as “cash and cash equivalents with fiscal agents” and represents deposits.

Investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months not purchased from the pool are reported as investments.

F. Inventory

Inventories are presented at cost on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used. Inventories consist of materials and supplies held for consumption and donated and purchased food.

G. Capital Assets

The District’s only capital assets are general assets. General capital assets are those assets specifically related to governmental activities. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the fiscal year. The District was able to estimate the historical cost for the initial reporting of certain assets by back trending (i.e., estimating the current replacement cost of the asset to be capitalized and using an appropriate price-level index to deflate the cost to the acquisition year or estimated acquisition year).

Donated fixed assets are recorded at their acquisition values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$1,000. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset’s life are not.

All reported capital assets, except land and construction in progress, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Estimated Lives</u>
Land Improvements	50 years
Buildings and Improvements	8 - 75 years
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	5 - 50 years
Vehicles	15 - 20 years

SOUTHERN LOCAL DISTRICT
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

H. Compensated Absences

The District reports compensated absences in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 101, "Compensated Absences."

Vacation and compensatory time benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is more likely than not that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination payment method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is more likely than not that the benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is based on the District's past experience of making termination payments.

On the governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures to the extent payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. These amounts are reported as "matured compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who will receive the payment are paid.

I. Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, compensated absences, and special termination benefits that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment in the current year. Bonds and other long-term liabilities that will be paid from governmental funds are recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements when due.

J. Pensions/OPEB

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

K. Interfund Assets and Liabilities

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans or interfund services provided and used are classified as "interfund receivables/payables". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column of the Statement of Net Position.

L. Bond Premiums and Discounts

On government-wide financial statements bond discounts and premiums are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds. Bond premiums are presented as an addition of the face amount of bonds payable.

Bond discounts on the capital appreciation bonds are deferred and accreted over the term of the bonds. Bond discounts are presented as a reduction to the face amount of the bonds.

SOUTHERN LOCAL DISTRICT
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

On the governmental fund financial statements, bond premiums, and bond discounts are recognized in the current period.

M. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the Statement of Net Position. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net position are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Net position restricted for other purposes include resources restricted for food service operations, athletic and music activities, and federal and state grants restricted to expenditure for specified purposes.

Net position restricted for other purposes are primarily from federal and state grants reported in the Special Revenue Funds. Of the District's \$5,153,567 in total restricted net position, none are restricted by enabling legislation.

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

N. Fund Balance Reserves

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report aggregate amounts for five classifications of fund balances based on the constraints imposed on the use of these resources. Fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

Nonspendable – amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in a spendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because either (a) constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions, charter requirements or enabling legislation; or (b) constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

Committed – amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal ordinances or resolutions of the Board of Education – the District's highest level of decision making authority. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Education removes the specified use by taking the same type of action as when imposing the commitment. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned – amounts constrained by the District's "intent" to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The Board of Education, Superintendent and Treasurer have the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. Assigned fund balances include all remaining amounts (except negative balances) that are reported in governmental funds, other than the General Fund, that are not classified as non-spendable and are neither restricted nor committed.

Unassigned – this is the residual classification for the General Fund. It is also used to report negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

SOUTHERN LOCAL DISTRICT
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available, the District considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When expenditures are incurred for which committed, assigned or unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the Board of Education has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

O. Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary fund. For the District, these revenues are charges for services for the self-insurance program. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the self-insurance service that is the primary activity of that fund. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating.

P. Interfund Transactions

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

Interfund transfers within the governmental activities are eliminated on the governmental-wide statements.

Q. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. During fiscal year 2025, the District reported no such items in the financial statements.

R. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

S. Budgetary Process

All funds are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the appropriation resolution, and the certificate of estimated resources, which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amounts that the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriation resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and set annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at a level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of control has been established by the Board of Education at the fund level, except for the General Fund which has been established at the object level. The Treasurer maintains budgetary information at the fund, function, and object level and has the authority to allocate appropriations to the function and object level.

SOUTHERN LOCAL DISTRICT
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the fiscal year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statement are based on estimates made before the end of the prior fiscal year. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statement reflect the amounts in the amended certificate in effect when final appropriations for the fiscal year were passed.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the fiscal year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated revenues. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior fiscal years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the fiscal year.

NOTE 3 - IMPLEMENTATION OF NEW ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES AND RESTATEMENT OF PRIOR NET POSITION/FUND BALANCE

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025, the District has implemented GASB Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 16. This statement establishes classification criteria in paragraphs 2 through 7 for standards of governmental accounting and financial reporting for compensated absences along with the associated salary-related payments that include certain defined contribution pensions and defined contribution other postemployment benefits.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025, the District has implemented GASB Statement No. 102, "Certain Risk Disclosure". GASB Statement No. 102 improves financial reporting by providing users with timely information regarding certain concentrations or constraints and related events that have occurred or have begun to occur that make a government vulnerable to a substantial impact. As a result, users will have better information with which to understand and anticipate certain risks to a government's financial condition. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 102 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

Change to or within the Financial Reporting Entity

For fiscal year 2025, the Capital Projects fund presentation was changed from nonmajor to major. The Capital Projects fund had a zero beginning balance, therefore, there was no restatement of beginning fund balance.

Adjustments to and Restatements of Beginning Balances

During fiscal year 2025, the implementation of GASB Statement No. 101 resulted in restatements of beginning net position, as follows:

	<u>Governmental Activities</u>
Net Position as Previously Reported at June 30, 2024	\$15,077,951
Implementation of GASB 101	(960,178)
Net Position as Restated at June 30, 2024	<u>\$14,117,773</u>

NOTE 4 – BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While the District is reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balances on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) presented for the General Fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget.

SOUTHERN LOCAL DISTRICT
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

NOTE 4 – BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING - (Continued)

The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are that:

1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).
3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget basis) rather than as a restricted, committed or assigned fund balance (GAAP basis).
4. Advances In and Advances Out are operating transactions (budget basis) as opposed to balance sheet transactions (GAAP basis).
5. Unreported and prepaid items represent amounts received but not included as revenues on the budget basis operating statements. These amounts are included as revenues on the GAAP basis operating statement.

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP and budgetary basis statements for the General Fund.

<u>Net Change in Fund Balance</u>	
GAAP Basis	(\$1,735,660)
<i>Adjustments:</i>	
Revenue Accruals and Other Financing Sources	(442)
Expenditure Accruals and Other Financing Uses	(221,640)
Encumbrances	<u>(23,204)</u>
Budget Basis	<u><u>(\$1,980,946)</u></u>

NOTE 5 – FUND DEFICITS

At June 30, 2025, the following funds had deficit fund balances:

<u>Fund</u>	<u>Deficit</u>
<i>Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds:</i>	
Food Service	\$29,677
Early Childhood	7,360
Title I	11,004
Title II-A	2,339

The deficits are the result of the application of generally accepted accounting principles and the requirement to accrue liabilities when incurred. The General Fund is liable for any deficit in these funds and provides transfers to cover deficit fund balances in special revenue funds; however, this is done when cash is needed rather than when accruals occur.

SOUTHERN LOCAL DISTRICT
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

NOTE 6 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand,

including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit, or by savings accounts, including passbook accounts.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- (1) United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- (2) Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligation or security issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- (3) Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least 2 percent and be marked to market daily, and the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- (4) Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- (5) No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions; and
- (6) The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio).
- (7) Commercial paper and bankers' acceptances (if authorized by the Board of Education).

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligation, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

SOUTHERN LOCAL DISTRICT
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

NOTE 6 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Deposits with Financial Institutions

Deposits: Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the District may not be able to recover deposits on collateral securities that are the possession of an outside party. As of June 30, 2025, all of the District's bank balance of \$9,126,282 was either covered by Federal Deposit Insurance or collateral was held by the pledging banks trust department not in the District's name.

The District has no deposit policy for custodial risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits be either insured or be protected by:

Eligible securities pledged to the District and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose market value at all times shall be at least 105 % of the deposits being secured; or

Participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total market value of the securities pledged to be 102% of the deposits being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of State.

The District's only financial institution is enrolled in the OPCS.

NOTE 7 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District's fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible personal property (used in business) located in the District. Real property tax revenue received in calendar year 2025 represents collections of calendar year 2024 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2025 were levied after April 1, 2024, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2024, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenue received in calendar year 2025 represents collections of calendar year 2024 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2025 became a lien December 31, 2023, were levied after April 1, 2024 and are collected in calendar year 2025 with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The District receives property taxes from Meigs County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2025, are available to finance fiscal year 2025 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

SOUTHERN LOCAL DISTRICT
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

NOTE 7 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property, and tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2025, and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal yearend. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred revenue. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2025, was \$1,567,643 and is recognized as revenue: \$1,371,915 in the General Fund, \$25,279 in the Classroom Facilities Fund, and \$170,449 in the Bond Retirement Fund.

On a full accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis the revenue has been deferred.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2025 taxes were collected are:

	2024 Second Half Collections		2025 First Half Collections	
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
Agricultural/Residential and Other Real Estate	\$106,754,980	85.37%	\$98,392,150	77.28%
Public Utility Personal	18,295,700	14.63%	28,919,450	22.72%
Total Assessed Value	<u>\$125,050,680</u>	<u>100.00%</u>	<u>\$127,311,600</u>	<u>100.00%</u>
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$30.20		\$30.20	

NOTE 8- RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2025, consisted of taxes, accounts, interfund, and intergovernmental grants. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs, and the current year guarantee of federal funds. Except for property taxes, all receivables are expected to be collected within one year. Property taxes, although ultimately collectible, include some portion of delinquencies that will not be collected within one year. A summary of principal items of intergovernmental receivables follows:

<u>Governmental Activities:</u>	<u>Amounts</u>
General Fund	\$21,982
<i>Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds:</i>	
Early Childhood	\$47,539
Agriculture Education 5th Quarter	2,479
Title VI-B	22,615
Title I	23,108
Drug Grant	2,964
Title II-A	9,623
Miscellaneous Federal Grants	277
<i>Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds</i>	<u>108,605</u>
Total	<u>\$130,587</u>

SOUTHERN LOCAL DISTRICT
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

NOTE 9 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025, was as follows:

Asset Category	Balance at June 30, 2024	Additions	Deductions	Balance at June 30, 2025
<i>Nondepreciable Capital Assets:</i>				
Land	\$651,600	\$0	\$0	\$651,600
<i>Depreciable Capital Assets:</i>				
Land Improvements	1,781,925	288,787	0	2,070,712
Buildings and Improvements	23,098,487	0	0	23,098,487
Furniture and Equipment	2,823,664	371,814	(37,712)	3,157,766
Vehicles	971,019	0	0	971,019
Total Depreciable Capital Assets	28,675,095	660,601	(37,712)	29,297,984
Total Capital Assets	29,326,695	660,601	(37,712)	29,949,584
<i>Accumulated Depreciation:</i>				
Land Improvements	(1,088,052)	(66,805)	0	(1,154,857)
Buildings and Improvements	(10,953,173)	(630,886)	0	(11,584,059)
Furniture and Equipment	(1,896,417)	(213,688)	36,383	(2,073,722)
Vehicles	(630,247)	(58,973)	0	(689,220)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(14,567,889)	(970,352)	36,383	(15,501,858)
Total Net Capital Assets	\$14,758,806	(\$309,751)	(\$1,329)	\$14,447,726

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

<i>Instruction:</i>	
Regular	\$562,745
Special	56,395
Vocational	5,764
Other	6,893
<i>Support Services:</i>	
Pupils	31,426
Instructional Staff	28,488
Administration	14,719
Fiscal	14,117
Operations and Maintenance	75,336
Pupil Transportation	97,418
Central	25,275
Operation of Non-Instructional Service:	47,457
Extracurricular Activities	4,319
Total Depreciation Expense	\$970,352

SOUTHERN LOCAL DISTRICT
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

NOTE 10 - RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Property and Liability

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District holds commercial property and liability insurance. The types and amounts of coverage provided by the Reed & Baur (SORSA) are as follows:

Description	Amount
<i>Property (\$2,500 Deductible):</i>	
Building and Contents - Replacement Cost	\$350,000,000
Boiler and Machinery Breakdown	350,000,000
Equipment Inland Marine (\$500 Deductible)	
Miscellaneous Equipment	15,353
Miscellaneous School Property - Floater Band Uniforms/Athletic Equipment/ Musical Equipment/Cameras and Audio Visual	50,000 each
Dwelling Under Construction - Vocational Class	100,000
<i>Crime (\$500 Deductible):</i>	
Employee Theft Dishonesty	1,000,000
Forgery of Alteration	1,000,000
Inside the Premises - Theft of Money & Securities	1,000,000
Inside the Premises - Robbery/Safe Burglary	1,000,000
Outside the Premises	1,000,000
Money Orders or Fraudulent Impersonation	1,000,000
Computer Fraud	250,000
<i>Automobile Liability (Vehicle Comp/Coll \$1000/Bus Comp/Coll \$2,000):</i>	
Bodily Injury and Property Damage Limit - Combined Single Limit	15,000,000
Medical Payments - Each Person	10,000
Uninsured/Underinsured Motorist	1,000,000
<i>General Liability (No Deductible):</i>	
Bodily Injury and Property Damage Limit - Combined Single Limit	15,000,000
Aggregate Limit	3,000,000
Damage to Premises Rented to you	1,000,000
Medical Expense	10,000
Products - Completed Operations Aggregate	3,000,000
Crisis Management and Public Relations Expense - each crisis event limit	300,000
Aggregate Limit	300,000
Public Relations Expense:	
Resulting From A Crisis Event	50,000
Resulting From An Adverse Event	25,000
Public Relations Expense Resulting From Adverse Event	2,500
Employee Benefits Liability Each Occurance (\$1,000 Deductible)	1,000,000
Aggregate Limit (\$1,000 Deductible)	2,000,000
Counseling Professional Liability Each Occurance (\$1,000 Deductible)	1,000,000
Aggregate Limit (\$1,000 Deductible)	3,000,000
Sexual Misconduct and Molestation Liability Each Occurrence (\$5,000 Deductible)	1,000,000
Aggregate Limit (\$5,000 Deductible)	1,000,000
Law Enforcement Liability Each Occurance (\$1,000 Deductible)	1,000,000
Aggregate Limit (\$1,000 Deductible)	3,000,000
Employers' - Stop Gap - Bodily Injury: (No Deductible) Each Occurrence	15,000,000
Aggregate Limit	1,000,000
School Leaders Errors and Omissions Injury Limit Each Occurrence (\$5,000 Deductible)	1,000,000
Aggregate Limit (\$5,000 Deductible)	3,000,000

SOUTHERN LOCAL DISTRICT
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

NOTE 10 - RISK MANAGEMENT- (Continued)

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There has been no significant decrease in insurance coverage from last year.

B. Workers' Compensation

For fiscal year 2025, the District participated in the Ohio School Comprehensive-A Program of OSBA & OASBO Group Rating Plan (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool (Note 21). The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating Districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all Districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Participation in the GRP is limited to Districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Sedgwick, Inc. provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

C. Medical/Surgical and Prescription Drug Insurances

Medical/surgical and prescription drug insurance is offered through a self-insurance internal service fund. The District pays 88% of the monthly insurance premium for either family or single coverage. The employee shall pay 12% of the monthly insurance premium. The District is a member of a claims servicing pool in which monthly premiums are paid to the fiscal agent who in turn pays the claims on the District's behalf. The District's stop loss amount per person is \$50,000 for fiscal year 2025. The claims liability of \$240,037 reported in the internal service fund at June 30, 2024, is based on an estimate provided by the third-party administrator and the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 30 which requires that a liability for unpaid claims costs, including estimates of costs relating to incurred but not reported claims, be reported. The estimate was not affected by the incremental claims adjustment expenses and does not include other allocated or unallocated claim adjustment expenses.

Changes in the fund's claims liability amount in 2025 were:

Fiscal Year	Balance at Beginning of Year	Current Year Claims	Claims Payments	Balance at End of Year
2024	\$251,688	\$796,377	\$854,774	\$193,291
2025	193,291	1,364,736	1,317,990	240,037

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

Net Pension Liability

Pensions are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period.

The net pension liability represents the District's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

SOUTHERN LOCAL DISTRICT
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – (Continued)

Ohio Revised Code limits the District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, the District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension.

GASB 68 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net pension liability (asset)* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in *intergovernmental payable* on both the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting.

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description – District non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to Retire on or before August 1, 2017*	Eligible to Retire on or after August 1, 2017
Full Benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially Reduced Benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit Age 55 with 25 years of services credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

* Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017, will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on year of service; 2.2 percent for the first thirty years of service and 2.5 percent for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

SOUTHERN LOCAL DISTRICT
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – (Continued)

An individual whose benefit effective date is before April 1, 2018 is eligible for a cost of living adjustment (COLA) on the first anniversary date of the benefit. New benefit recipients must wait until the fourth anniversary of their benefit for COLA eligibility. The COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit. A three-year COLA suspension was in effect for all benefit recipients for the years 2018, 2019, and 2020. The COLA is indexed to the percentage increase in the CPI-W, not to exceed 2.5 percent and with a floor of 0 percent. The Retirement Board of Trustees approved a 2.5 percent cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) for eligible retirees and beneficiaries for 2025.

Funding Policy – Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 14 percent. For fiscal year 2025, the Retirement Board did not allocate any employer contributions to the Health Care Fund.

The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$195,792 for fiscal year 2025. Of this amount, none was reported as an intergovernmental payable.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – District licensed teachers and other faculty members participate in STRS Ohio, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Web site at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307.

The DB Plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. The calculation is 2.2% of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of credited service. Effective Aug. 1, 2023, any member can retire with unreduced benefits with 34 years of service credit at any age; or five years of service credit and age 65. Effective June 1, 2025 - July 1, 2027, any member can retire with unreduced benefits with 33 years of service credit at any age; or five years of service credit and age 65. Effective on or after Aug. 1, 2027, any member can retire with unreduced benefits with 34 years of service credit at any age; or five years of service credit and age 65.

Eligibility changes for DB Plan members who retire with actuarially reduced benefits effective Aug. 1, 2023, can retire with 29 years of service credit at any age; or five years of service credit and age 60. Effective June 1, 2025 - July 1, 2027, retirement eligibility for reduced benefits is 28 years of service credit at any age; or five years of service credit and age 60. Effective on or after Aug. 1, 2027, retirement eligibility for reduced benefits is 29 years of service credit at any age; or five years of service credit and age 60.

SOUTHERN LOCAL DISTRICT
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – (Continued)

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 11.09 percent of the 14 percent employer contributions into an investment account. The member determines how to allocate the member and employer money among various investment choices offered by STRS. The remaining 2.91 percent of the 14 percent employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, 12 percent of the 14 percent member rate goes to the DC Plan and the remaining 2 percent is applied to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity after termination of employment at age 50 or later.

New members who choose the DC plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. New members on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit that apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy – Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025, plan members were required to contribute 14 percent of their annual covered salary. The District was required to contribute 14 percent; the entire 14 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The fiscal year 2025 contribution rates were equal to the statutory maximum rates.

The District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$641,057 for fiscal year 2025. Of this amount, \$108,078 was reported as an intergovernmental payable.

SOUTHERN LOCAL DISTRICT
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – (Continued)

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2024, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share:

	SERS	STRS	Total
<i>Proportion of the Net Pension Liability:</i>			
Current Measurement Date	0.03215210%	0.02878819%	
Prior Measurement Date	0.03300260%	0.02923902%	
Change in Proportionate Share	<u>-0.00085050%</u>	<u>-0.00045083%</u>	
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$1,644,772	\$5,539,313	\$7,184,085
Pension Expense	\$127,117	\$425,849	\$552,966

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources represent the effect of changes in the net pension liability due to the difference between projected and actual investment earnings, differences between expected and actual actuarial experience, changes in assumptions and changes in the School District's proportion of the collective net pension liability. The deferred outflows and deferred inflows are to be included in pension expense over current and future periods. The difference between projected and actual investment earnings is recognized in pension expense using a straight line method over a five year period beginning in the current year. Deferred outflows and deferred inflows resulting from changes in sources other than differences between projected and actual investment earnings are amortized over the average expected remaining service lives of all members (both active and inactive) using the straight line method. Employer contributions to the pension plan subsequent to the measurement date are also required to be reported as a deferred outflow of resources.

SOUTHERN LOCAL DISTRICT
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – (Continued)

At June 30, 2025, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	<u>SERS</u>	<u>STRS</u>	<u>Total</u>
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Differences between Expected and Actual Experience	\$62,796	\$348,833	\$411,629
Changes of Assumptions	14,714	255,282	269,996
Changes in Proportion and Differences between			
Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions	0	309,263	309,263
Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date	<u>195,792</u>	<u>641,057</u>	<u>836,849</u>
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u><u>\$273,302</u></u>	<u><u>\$1,554,435</u></u>	<u><u>\$1,827,737</u></u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between Expected and Actual Experience	\$0	\$3,034	\$3,034
Net Difference between Projected and Actual Earnings			
on Pension Plan Investments	102,878	476,271	579,149
Changes of Assumptions	0	192,154	192,154
Changes in Proportion and Differences between			
Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions	<u>38,552</u>	<u>72,793</u>	<u>111,345</u>
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u><u>\$141,430</u></u>	<u><u>\$744,252</u></u>	<u><u>\$885,682</u></u>

SOUTHERN LOCAL DISTRICT
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – (Continued)

\$836,849 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from College contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2026. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30:	SERS	STRS	Total
2026	(\$84,539)	(\$206,782)	(\$291,321)
2027	66,371	655,251	721,622
2028	(15,499)	(156,296)	(171,795)
2029	(30,253)	(123,047)	(153,300)
	<u>(\$63,920)</u>	<u>\$169,126</u>	<u>\$105,206</u>

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

SOUTHERN LOCAL DISTRICT
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – (Continued)

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2024, compared with June 30, 2023, are presented below:

	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2023
Inflation	2.40 percent	2.40 percent
Future Salary Increases, including inflation	3.25 percent to 13.58 percent	3.25 percent to 13.58 percent
COLA or Ad Hoc COLA	2.0 percent, on or after April 1, 2018, COLAs for future retirees will be delated for three years following commencement	2.0 percent, on or after April 1, 2018, COLAs for future retirees will be delated for three years following commencement
Investment Rate of Return	7.00 percent net of investment expenses	7.00 percent net of investment expenses
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal (Level Percent of Payroll)	Entry Age Normal (Level Percent of Payroll)

Mortality rates for 2024 and 2023 were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weight Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20 percent for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35 percent for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3 percent for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8 percent for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally. Mortality among contingent survivors were based upon the PUB-2010 General Amount Weighted Below Median Contingent Survivor mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 105.5 percent for males and adjusted 122.5% for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2020.

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. ORC 3309.15 and the Board-adopted Investment Policy govern investment activity at SERS. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted averaged of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major assets class are summarized in the following table:

SOUTHERN LOCAL DISTRICT
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – (Continued)

<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Target Allocation</u>	<u>Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return</u>
Cash	3.00 %	0.97 %
US Equity	22.00	4.68
Non-US Equity Developed	12.00	4.96
Non-US Equity Emerging	6.00	5.66
Fixed Income/Global Bonds	18.00	2.38
Private Equity	14.00	7.10
Real Estate/Real Assets	13.00	3.64
Infrastructure	7.00	4.80
Private Debt/Private Credit	5.00	5.86
	<u>100.00 %</u>	
Total		

Discount Rate The total pension liability for 2024 was calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent. The discount rate determination did not use a municipal bond rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employers would contribute the actuarially determined contribution rate of projected compensation over the remaining 20-year amortization period of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability. The actuarially determined contribution rate of fiscal year 2024 was 14 percent. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long term assumed investment rate of return, 7.00 percent. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability. The annual money-weighted rate of return, calculated as the internal rate of return on pension plan investments, for fiscal year 2024 was 9.31 percent.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00 percent), or one percentage point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate.

	<u>1% Decrease</u>	<u>Current Discount Rate</u>	<u>1% Increase</u>
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$2,516,273	\$1,644,772	\$911,015

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the June 30, 2024, actuarial valuation compared to those used in the June 30, 2023, actuarial valuation are presented below:

SOUTHERN LOCAL DISTRICT
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – (Continued)

	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2023
Inflation	2.50 percent	2.50 percent
Projected salary increases	8.50 percent at age 20 to 2.50 percent at age 65	8.50 percent at age 20 to 2.50 percent at age 65
Investment Rate of Return	7.0 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation	7.0 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Discount Rate of Return	7.0 percent	7.0 percent
Payroll Increases	3.0 percent	3.0 percent
Cost-of-Living Adjustments (COLA)	0.0 percent	0.0 percent

Post-Retirement mortality rates for 2024 and 2023 are based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted 110% for males, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Employee Table adjusted 95% for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Disable Annuitant Table projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2024, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2021.

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation*	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return**
Domestic Equity	26.00 %	6.90 %
International Equity	22.00	7.10
Alternatives	19.00	9.10
Fixed Income	22.00	4.50
Real Estate	10.00	5.10
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.40
Total	<u>100.00 %</u>	

* Final target weights reflected at October 1, 2022

** 10 year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.4 percent, and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30 year period, STRS Ohio's investment consultant indicate that the above target allocation should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without new value added by management.

SOUTHERN LOCAL DISTRICT
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – (Continued)

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00 percent as of June 30, 2024, and was 7.00 percent as of June 30, 2023. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs of future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members, are not included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2024. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2024.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.00 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.00 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate:

	<u>1% Decrease</u>	<u>Current Discount Rate</u>	<u>1% Increase</u>
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$8,935,882	\$5,539,313	\$2,666,399

Assumption and Benefit Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date – The discount rate remained at 7.00 percent for June 30, 2024 valuation.

Retirement rates were extended to younger ages intended to ensure that the ranges in retirement eligibility impacted participants at such ages.

Demographic assumptions were changed based on the actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2021.

NOTE 12 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Net OPEB Liability

OPEB is a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. OPEB are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period.

The net OPEB liability represents the District's proportionate share of each OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net OPEB liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting these estimates annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which OPEB are financed; however, the District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including OPEB.

SOUTHERN LOCAL DISTRICT
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

NOTE 12 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS– (Continued)

GASB 75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because they benefit from employee services. OPEB contributions come from these employers and health care plan enrollees which pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. The Ohio revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. Any change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net

OPEB liability. Resulting adjustments to the net OPEB liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *OPEB liability (asset)* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in intergovernmental payable on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Health Care Plan Description - The District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 75 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. SERS' Health Care Plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of most types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage. The following types of credit purchased after January 29, 1981 do not count toward health care coverage eligibility: military, federal, out-of-state, municipal, private school, exempted and early retirement incentive credit. In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree, are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of 65 and therefore enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board established the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For fiscal year 2025, no allocation of covered payroll was made to health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2025, this amount was \$30,000. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2025, the District's surcharge obligation was \$22,850.

SOUTHERN LOCAL DISTRICT
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

NOTE 12 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS– (Continued)

The surcharge, added to the allocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$22,850 for fiscal year 2025.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements was discontinued effective January 1, 2020. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy – Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Nearly all health care plan enrollees, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.

Net OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability(asset) was measured as of June 30, 2024, and the total OPEB liability(asset) used to calculate the net OPEB liability(asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the District's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share:

	SERS	STRS	Total
<i>Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability:</i>			
Current Measurement Date	0.03259350%	0.02878819%	
Prior Measurement Date	0.03382230%	0.02923902%	
Change in Proportionate Share	<u>-0.00122880%</u>	<u>-0.00045083%</u>	
 Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability/(Asset)	\$331,963	(\$546,057)	(\$214,094)
OPEB Expense (Gain)	(\$46,782)	(\$119,195)	(\$165,977)

SOUTHERN LOCAL DISTRICT
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

NOTE 12 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS— (Continued)

At June 30, 2025, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Differences between Expected and Actual Experience	\$0	\$23,738	\$23,738
Net Difference between Projected and Actual Investment on OPEB Investments	1,622	0	1,622
Changes of Assumptions	142,476	67,216	209,692
Changes in Proportion and Differences between Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions	48,739	3,266	52,005
District Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date	22,850	0	22,850
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>\$215,687</u>	<u>\$94,220</u>	<u>\$309,907</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between Expected and Actual Experience	\$357,946	\$58,845	\$416,791
Net Difference between Projected and Actual Investment on OPEB Investments	0	23,444	23,444
Changes of Assumptions	152,490	246,272	398,762
Changes in Proportion and Differences between Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions	32,473	7,258	39,731
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>\$542,909</u>	<u>\$335,819</u>	<u>\$878,728</u>

\$22,850 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2026. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30:	SERS	STRS	Total
2025	(\$80,927)	(\$84,443)	(\$165,370)
2026	(53,554)	(37,370)	(90,924)
2027	(45,161)	(47,799)	(92,960)
2028	(47,194)	(44,449)	(91,643)
2029	(44,250)	(36,123)	(80,373)
Thereafter	(78,986)	8,585	(70,401)
	<u>(\$350,072)</u>	<u>(\$241,599)</u>	<u>(\$591,671)</u>

SOUTHERN LOCAL DISTRICT
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

NOTE 12 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS– (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

The total OPEB liability is determined by SERS' actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2024, compared with June 30, 2023, are presented below:

	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2023
Inflation	2.40 percent	2.40 percent
Future Salary Increases, including inflation		
Wage Increases	3.25 percent to 13.58 percent	3.25 percent to 13.58 percent
Investment Rate of Return	7.00 percent net of investment expenses	7.00 percent net of investment expenses
Municipal Bond Index Rate:		
Measurement Date	3.93 percent	3.86 percent
Prior Measurement Date	3.86 percent	3.69 percent
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation		
Measurement Date	4.88 percent	4.27 percent
Prior Measurement Date	4.27 percent	4.08 percent
Medical Trend Assumption		
Medicare	7.00 to 4.40 percent	6.75 to 4.40 percent
Pre-Medicare	7.00 to 4.40 percent	6.75 to 4.40 percent

SOUTHERN LOCAL DISTRICT
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

NOTE 12 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS– (Continued)

For 2024 and 2023, mortality rates among healthy retirees were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20 percent for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35 percent for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3 percent for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8 percent for females. Mortality rates for contingent survivors were based on PUB-2010 General Amount Weighted Below Median Contingent Survivor mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 105.5 percent for males and adjusted 122.5 percent for females. Mortality rates for actives is based on PUB-2010 General Amount Weighted Below Median Employee mortality table.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2020.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the actuarial five-year experience study. The most recent study covers fiscal years 2016 through 2020, and was adopted by the Board on April 15, 2021. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return, 7.00 percent, by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as used in the June 30, 2020 five-year experience study, are summarized as follows:)

<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Target Allocation</u>	<u>Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return</u>
Cash	3.00 %	0.97 %
US Equity	22.00	4.68
Non-US Equity Developed	12.00	4.96
Non-US Equity Emerging	6.00	5.66
Fixed Income/Global Bonds	18.00	2.38
Private Equity	14.00	7.10
Real Estate/Real Assets	13.00	3.64
Infrastructure	7.00	4.80
Private Debt/Private Credit	5.00	5.86
Total	<u>100.00 %</u>	

SOUTHERN LOCAL DISTRICT
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

NOTE 12 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS– (Continued)

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2024 was 4.88 percent. The discount rate used to measure total OPEB liability prior to June 30, 2023 was 4.27 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and the System at the state statute contribution rate of 1.50 percent of projected covered employee payroll each year, which includes a 1.50 percent payroll surcharge and no contributions from the basic benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be depleted in 2059 by SERS' actuaries. The Fidelity General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index Rate was used in the determination of the single equivalent interest rate for both the June 30, 2023 and the June 30, 2024 total OPEB liability. The Municipal Bond Index rate is the single rate that will generate a present value of benefit payments equal to the sum of the present value determined by the long-term expected rate of return, and the present value determined by discounting those benefits after the date of depletion. The Municipal Bond Index Rate is 3.93 percent at June 30, 2024 and 3.86 percent at June 30, 2023.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate. The following table presents the net OPEB liability of SERS, what SERS' net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (3.88 percent) and higher (5.88 percent) than the current discount rate (4.88 percent). Also shown is what SERS' net OPEB liability would be based on health care cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (5.00 percent decreasing to 3.40 percent) and higher (7.00 percent decreasing to 5.40 percent) than the current rate (6.00 percent to 4.40 percent).

	Current		
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$442,661	\$331,963	\$243,999

	Current		
	1% Decrease	Trend Rate	1% Increase
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$224,395	\$331,963	\$473,353

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the June 30, 2024, actuarial valuation and the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuation are presented below:

SOUTHERN LOCAL DISTRICT
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

NOTE 12 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – (Continued)

	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2023
Projected salary increases	Varies by service from 2.50 percent to 8.50 percent	Varies by service from 2.50 percent to 8.50 percent
Investment Rate of Return	7.0 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation	7.0 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Discount Rate of Return	7.0 percent	7.0 percent
Health Care Cost Trends		
Medical		
Pre-Medicare	7.50 percent initial, 3.94 percent ultimate	7.50 percent initial, 4.14 percent ultimate
Medicare	-112.22 percent initial, 3.94 percent ultimate	-10.94 percent initial, 4.14 percent ultimate
Prescription Drug		
Pre-Medicare	8.00 percent initial, 3.94 percent ultimate	11.95 percent initial, 4.14 percent ultimate
Medicare	-15.14 percent initial, 3.94 percent ultimate	1.33 initial, 4.14 percent ultimate

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

For healthy retirees post-retirement mortality rates are based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted 110% for males, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020; pre-retirement mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Employee Table adjusted 95% for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Disable Annuitant Table projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2024; valuation is based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2021.

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

SOUTHERN LOCAL DISTRICT
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

NOTE 12 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – (Continued)

<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Target Allocation*</u>	<u>Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return**</u>
Domestic Equity	26.00 %	6.90 %
International Equity	22.00	7.10
Alternatives	19.00	9.10
Fixed Income	22.00	4.50
Real Estate	10.00	5.10
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.40
Total	<u>100.00 %</u>	

* Final target weights reflected at October 1, 2022

** 10 year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.4 percent, and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30 year period, STRS Ohio's investment consultant indicate that the above target allocation should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without new value added by management.

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.00 percent as of June 30, 2024, and was 7.00 percent as of June 30, 2023. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes STRS Ohio continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was not projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan assets of 7.00 percent was used to measure the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2024.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability/Asset to Changes in the Discount and Health Care Cost Trend Rate The following table represents the net OPEB liability/asset as of June 30, 2023, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.00 percent, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.00 percent) than the current assumption. Also shown is the net OPEB liability/asset as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates.

	<u>1% Decrease</u>	<u>Current Discount Rate</u>	<u>1% Increase</u>
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset	(\$443,980)	(\$546,057)	(\$634,886)
		<u>Current Trend Rate</u>	<u>1% Increase</u>
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset	(\$640,886)	(\$546,057)	(\$432,013)

SOUTHERN LOCAL DISTRICT
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

NOTE 12 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – (Continued)

Assumption Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date – The discount rate remained unchanged at 7.00 percent for June 30, 2024 valuation.

Benefit Term Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date - Healthcare trends were updated to reflect emerging claims and recoveries experience as well as benefit changes effective January 1, 2025. The longer Medicare Trends for years 2027 and 2028 reflect the assumed impact of the expiration of current Medicare Advantage Contract on December 31, 2028.

NOTE 13 – EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

A. Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees earn (10 to 25) ten to twenty-five days of vacation per fiscal year, depending upon length of service. Classified employees are permitted to carry over a maximum of (5) five unused vacation days per twelve months to a maximum of (20) twenty accumulated unused vacation days total. Accumulated, unused vacation time is paid to classified employees and administrators per negotiated agreement and contract language upon termination of employment. Teachers do not earn vacation time.

Teachers, administrators, and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of (1.25) one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated up to a maximum of (260) two hundred sixty days for all personnel.

Certified-Three (3) days of personal leave per school year will be granted to all teachers. A bargaining unit member may carry over up to two (2) unused personal leave days into the following year. Unused personal leave days, of any increment, not carried over shall be converted to sick leave days. No bargaining unit member may have more than five (5) personal days during one year. Any bargaining unit member who used zero (0) personal leave days during the year shall be paid two hundred forty dollars (\$240.00). Any bargaining unit member who has used one (1) day of personal leave shall be paid one hundred sixty dollars (\$160.00). Any bargaining unit member who has used two (2) days of personal leave shall be paid eighty dollars (\$80.00). Payments for non-use of personal leave shall be made no later than June 30th.

Classified-All bargaining unit personnel shall be permitted three unrestricted personal leave days per year. Up to two (2) days may be carried over from one year to the next for a maximum of five (5) days. Personal day bonuses to be paid at the last payroll of June according to the following scale; 0 days missed \$150, 1 day missed \$100, 2 days missed \$50.00. At the end of each year, personal leave usage shall be reviewed.

Upon retirement, classified personnel receive twenty-five percent of the number of unused days of sick leave accumulated not to exceed (40) forty days for employees with (10) ten years or less of service, twenty-five percent of the number of unused days of sick leave accumulated not to exceed (50) fifty days for employees with over (10) ten years but less than (20) twenty years of service, and twenty-five percent of the number of unused days of sick leave accumulated not to exceed (60) sixty days for over 20 years of service.

Upon retirement, certified personnel receive twenty-five percent of the number of unused days of sick leave accumulated to a maximum of (45) forty-five days having (10) ten years or less service, twenty-five percent of the number of unused days of sick leave accumulated to a maximum of (60) sixty days having over (10) ten years but less than (20) twenty years of service, twenty-seven percent of the number of unused days of sick leave accumulated to a maximum of (70) seventy days having over (20) twenty years of service but less than (30) thirty, and thirty percent of the number of unused days of sick leave accumulated to a maximum of (80) eighty days having over (30) thirty years or more of service.

SOUTHERN LOCAL DISTRICT
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

NOTE 13 – EMPLOYEE BENEFITS– (Continued)

B. Insurance

The District provides health, dental, and life insurance to most employees. It provides term life insurance through MEC/META Metropolitan Educational Council One America/American United Life Insurance Company, dental insurance coverage through SEOVEC Dental Consortium-Delta Dental, vision insurance through Vision Service Plan, and health/prescription plan through The Jefferson Health Plan-Anthem. The cost of premiums for the coverage is \$583.08 (\$48.59) month for dental, and \$147.72 (\$12.31 month) family and \$65.28 (\$5.44 month) single for vision, and for 20/40/60 (Medical/RX) health \$30,981.60 (\$2,581.80 month) for family and \$13,963.80 (\$1,163.65 month) for single , and for HDHP (Medical/RX) health \$27,055.44 (\$2,254.62 month) for family and \$1,2194.16 (\$1,016.18 month) for single and \$.085 basic and \$.015 ADcD per \$1,000 (\$4.00 month during July 1, 2024– June 30, 2025) for Life.

NOTE 14 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The changes in the District’s long-term obligations during fiscal year 2025 were as follows:

	Restated Principal Outstanding at June 30, 2024	Additions	Deductions	Principal Outstanding at June 30, 2025	Amount Due In One Year
<i>Governmental Activities:</i>					
Recovery Zone Economic Development Bonds 7.10%	\$1,820,000	\$0	\$0	\$1,820,000	\$0
Qualified School Construction Bonds 6.60%	1,055,000	0	160,000	895,000	165,000
Discount in Serial Bonds	(35,108)	0	(2,341)	(32,767)	0
Premiums on Serial Bonds	94,983	0	6,333	88,650	0
Energy Efficiency Loan	36,360	0	36,360	0	0
Total General Obligation Bonds	2,971,235	0	200,352	2,770,883	165,000
Net Pension Liability:					
STRS	6,296,605	0	757,292	5,539,313	0
SERS	1,823,564	0	178,792	1,644,772	0
Total Net Pension Liability	8,120,169	0	936,084	7,184,085	0
Net OPEB Liability:					
SERS	557,204	0	225,241	331,963	0
Total Net OPEB Liability	557,204	0	225,241	331,963	0
Lease-Purchase Agreement	315,000	0	315,000	0	0
Compensated Absences	1,436,322	64,844	0	1,501,166	40,301
Total Governmental Activities Long-Term Liabilities	<u>\$13,399,930</u>	<u>\$64,844</u>	<u>\$1,676,677</u>	<u>\$11,788,097</u>	<u>\$205,301</u>

School Facilities Improvement Bonds – On November 16, 2010, the District issued serial bonds, capital appreciation bonds, recovery zone economic development bonds, and qualified school construction bonds for the purpose of constructing school facilities (in particular a new high school) under the Ohio School Facilities Commission Classroom Facilities Assistance Program; renovating, improving, and constructing additions to existing school facilities, including improvements to school technology; furnishing and equipping the same and landscaping and improving the sites thereof. The bonds will be repaid from the Bond Retirement Debt Service Fund from a levy approved by the voters of the District at an election held on August 3, 2010.

SOUTHERN LOCAL DISTRICT
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

NOTE 14 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS- (Continued)

As part of the issue, \$1,820,000 in Recovery Zone Economic Development Bonds (RZEDs) (Series 2010B Current Interest Term Bonds) and \$2,000,000 in Qualified School Construction Bonds (QSCBs) (Series 2010C Current Interest Term Bonds) were issued in accordance with the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (ARRA). The District has elected to treat the Series 2010B Bonds as “build America bonds” under Section 54AA(d) of the Code and has designated them as “recovery zone economic developments bonds” under Section 1400U-2(b) of the Code in order to receive the Series 2010B Direct Payments from the Treasury. The District has designated the Series 2010C Bonds as Qualified School Construction Bonds under Section 54F of the Code and has irrevocably elected under Section 643(f) of the Code to receive the Direct Payments from the Treasury. Holders of these bonds will not be entitled to receive any tax credits with respect thereto.

The principal (sinking fund deposits) and interest requirements to maturity for the RZEDs are as follows:

<u>Recovery Zone Economic Development Bonds</u>				
Fiscal Year				
Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Subsidy	Total
2026	\$0	\$129,220	(\$58,149)	\$71,071
2027	0	129,220	(58,149)	71,071
2028	0	129,220	(58,149)	71,071
2029	0	129,220	(58,149)	71,071
2030	0	129,220	(58,149)	71,071
2031-2035	945,000	485,818	(218,619)	1,212,199
2035-2039	875,000	116,617	(52,478)	939,139
Totals	<u>\$1,820,000</u>	<u>\$1,248,535</u>	<u>(\$561,842)</u>	<u>\$2,506,693</u>

The principal (sinking fund deposits) and interest requirements to maturity for the QSCBs are as follows:

<u>Qualified School Construction Bonds</u>				
Fiscal Year				
Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Subsidy	Total
2026	\$165,000	\$53,625	(\$45,175)	\$173,450
2027	175,000	42,405	(35,723)	181,682
2028	180,000	30,690	(25,854)	184,836
2029	185,000	18,645	(15,707)	187,938
2030	190,000	6,270	(5,282)	190,988
Totals	<u>\$895,000</u>	<u>\$151,635</u>	<u>(\$127,741)</u>	<u>\$918,894</u>

SOUTHERN LOCAL DISTRICT
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

NOTE 14 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

The Series 2010B Current Interest Term Bonds matured on December 1, 2038, are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a redemption price of 100% of the principal amount to be redeemed, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption, on December 1 in the years and in the respective principal amounts as follows:

<u>Year (December 1)</u>	<u>Principal Amount to be Redeemed</u>
2030	\$170,000
2031	175,000
2032	190,000
2033	200,000
2034	210,000
2035	230,000
2036	240,000
2037	250,000
Total	<u><u>\$1,665,000</u></u>

The remaining principal amount of \$155,000 will be paid at stated maturity on December 1, 2038.

The Series 2010C Current Interest Term Bonds matured on December 1, 2029, are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a redemption price of 100% of the principal amount to be redeemed, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption, on December 1 in the years and in the respective principal amounts as follows:

<u>Year (December 1)</u>	<u>Principal Amount to be Redeemed</u>
2026	\$165,000
2027	175,000
2028	180,000
2029	185,000
Total	<u><u>\$705,000</u></u>

The remaining principal amount of \$190,000 will be paid at stated maturity on December 1, 2029.

The Current Interest Bonds maturing after December 1, 2022, are subject to redemption at the option of the District, either in whole or in part, in such order of maturity as the District shall determine, on any date on or after December 1, 2022, at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount redeemed plus, in each case, accrued interest to the date fixed for redemption.

As part of the ARRA act of 2009, issuers of these bonds are eligible to receive direct payments from the federal government which offset interest payments on the bonds. As an alternate, bonds may be issued as tax credit bonds under which bond holders receive federal tax credits in lieu of interest as a means to significantly reduce the issuer's interest cost. The District, under agreement with the federal government, has chosen to receive a forty-five percent semi-annual direct payment from the federal government to help offset interest expense on the Recovery Zone Economic Development Bonds. Direct payments for the Qualified School Construction Bonds are equal to the applicable credit rate (5.56%) determined under Section 54A (b) (3) of the Code.

SOUTHERN LOCAL DISTRICT
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

NOTE 14 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

The bonds are subject to extraordinary optional redemption at the option of the District, either in whole or in part, in such order of maturity as the District shall determine on any date at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount redeemed, plus accrued interest to the date fixed for redemption, in the event that the direct payments from the federal government cease or are in an amount less than 45 percent of the corresponding interest payable on the Series 2010B Bonds.

To the extent that less than 100% of the available project proceeds of the Series 2010C Bonds are expended for qualified purposes by November 30, 2014, (or if an extension of such expenditure period has been received by the District from the Secretary of the Treasury or the IRS, by the close of the extended period), the District shall be required to redeem the nonqualified Series 2010C Bonds within 90 days after the end of such period. Redemption of the nonqualified Series 2010C Bonds shall be at a price equal to the sum of the principal amount being redeemed plus accrued interest thereon to the redemption date.

Also as part of the total bond issuance, \$5,000 in current interest, tax-exempt serial bonds and \$124,996 in capital appreciation bonds were issued. These bonds were fully retired during fiscal year 2018. The capital appreciation bonds for this issue matured December 1, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, and 2017. These bonds were purchased at a substantial discount at the time of issuance. At maturity all compounded interest is paid and the bond holder receives the face value of the bond. As the value of the bond increases, the accretion is reflected as a liability. The maturity amount of outstanding capital appreciation bonds was \$525,000.

As part of the entire debt issuance, the District, pursuant to Section 3317.18, Ohio Revised Code, and Section 3301-8-01, Ohio Administrative Code, participated in the Ohio Credit Enhancement Program, and was assigned a long-term rating of AA from Standard & Poor's for the bond issuance. In the event the District is unable to make sufficient debt service payments and the payment will not be made by a credit enhancement facility, the department of education will make the sufficient payment.

Energy Efficiency Service Agreement - The District entered into an agreement with Energy, USA to provide services and work designed to improve the facilities. The District paid 50 percent at the start of the project and financed the remaining 50 percent, \$114,583 for 120 months. This obligation was paid off during fiscal year 2025.

Sick leave benefits will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries are paid. These funds include the General Fund and Food Service, Title VIB, and Title I Special Revenue Funds.

The District's overall debt margin was \$8,687,161 with an unvoted debt margin of \$127,312 at June 30, 2025.

SOUTHERN LOCAL DISTRICT
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

NOTE 15 – OTHER LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Changes in the other long-term obligations of the District during the 2025 fiscal year were as follows:

	Issue Date	Interest Rate	Principal Outstanding at June 30, 2024	Additions	Deductions	Principal Outstanding at June 30, 2025	Amount Due In One Year
<u><i>Governmental Activities:</i></u>							
Lease-Purchase Agreement	2020	2.46%	315,000	0	315,000	0	0
Total Governmental Activities							
Other Long-Term Obligations			<u>\$315,000</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$315,000</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>

In May 2020, Southern Local District entered into a lease-purchase financing agreement with Zions Bancorporation, N.A.. The two-party agreement entered into a contract to lease the property to the District, including existing and new improvements made to the property. To facilitate the building improvements to the property called for within the agreement, the District received \$500,000 from Zions Bancorporation, N.A. to provide the financing for the installation of a complete new heating/cooling system for the entire campus. Upon final payment of all scheduled lease payments, ownership reverts back to the District. The District paid off the obligation during fiscal year 2025.

NOTE 16 – INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Transfers made during fiscal year 2025 were as follows:

	Transfer In	Transfer Out
General	\$0	\$2,450,324
Permanent Improvement	50,000	0
Capital Projects	2,300,000	0
<i>Nonmajor Funds:</i>		
Food Service	69,452	0
Student Activities	0	3,087
Facilities Maintenance	30,000	0
Athletic Programs	3,959	0
Total Non-Major Funds	<u>103,411</u>	<u>3,087</u>
Total	<u>\$2,453,411</u>	<u>\$2,453,411</u>

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them, to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, and (2) move unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

SOUTHERN LOCAL DISTRICT
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

NOTE 17 – FUND BALANCES

Fund balance is classified as non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the government funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental fund and all other governmental funds are presented below:

As of June 30, 2025, fund balances are composed of the following:

	General	Permanent Improvement	Capital Projects	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
<i>Nonspendable:</i>					
Materials and Supplies	\$5,924	\$0	\$0	\$16,241	\$22,165
<i>Total Nonspendable</i>	<u>5,924</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>16,241</u>	<u>22,165</u>
<i>Restricted:</i>					
Athletic Programs	0	0	0	57,919	57,919
Facilities Maintenance	0	0	0	231,809	231,809
Student Activities	0	0	0	33,729	33,729
Local Grants	0	0	0	18,186	18,186
State Grants	0	0	0	1,278	1,278
Federal Grants	0	0	0	4,580	4,580
Debt Service	0	0	0	853,695	853,695
Set Asides	301,593	0	0	0	301,593
<i>Total Restricted</i>	<u>301,593</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>1,201,196</u>	<u>1,502,789</u>
<i>Assigned:</i>					
<i>Encumbrances:</i>					
Support Services	23,204	0	0	0	23,204
Capital Improvements	0	743,931	2,300,000	0	3,043,931
Future Appropriations	1,664,461	0	0	0	1,664,461
<i>Total Assigned</i>	<u>1,687,665</u>	<u>743,931</u>	<u>2,300,000</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>4,731,596</u>
<i>Unassigned (Deficit)</i>	<u>3,433,394</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>(50,380)</u>	<u>3,383,014</u>
Total Fund Balance	<u><u>\$5,428,576</u></u>	<u><u>\$743,931</u></u>	<u><u>\$2,300,000</u></u>	<u><u>\$1,167,057</u></u>	<u><u>\$9,639,564</u></u>

SOUTHERN LOCAL DISTRICT
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

NOTE 18- STATUTORY SET-ASIDES

The District is required by State statute to annually set aside, in the General Fund, an amount based on a statutory formula for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the fiscal year must be held in cash at fiscal year-end. These amounts must be carried forward and used for the same purposes in the future years.

The following changes occurred in the District's set-aside reserve accounts during fiscal year 2025:

	<u>Capital Improvements</u>
Set Aside Balance June 30, 2024	\$168,414
Current Year Set Aside Requirement	159,733
Current Year Qualifying Disbursements	<u>(26,554)</u>
Total	<u>301,593</u>
Set Aside Reserved Balance as of June 30, 2025	<u>\$301,593</u>
Total Restricted Assets	<u>\$301,593</u>

NOTE 19 – ENCUMBRANCE COMMITMENTS

At June 30, 2025, the District had encumbrance commitments in the Governmental Funds as follows:

<u>Fund</u>	
General	<u>\$23,204</u>
Total Encumbrances	<u>\$23,204</u>

NOTE 20 – JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

A. Metropolitan Educational Technology Association (META)

META Solutions is a jointly governed organization as a regional council of governments pursuant to State statutes. META Solutions develops, implements, and supports the technology and instructional needs of member districts including financial accounting services, educational management information services, and cooperative purchasing services. META Solutions membership consists of 151 public schools, 11 educational service centers, 13 career technology centers, and more than 150 non-public chartered schools. Non-public charter schools are considered associate members, receive services based on contractual agreements, and are not eligible for seats on the board of directors. Each member district pays an annual fee for services provided by META Solutions. META Solutions is governed by a 13-member board of directors made up of Superintendents and School Business Officials selected from the 175 full-member public Districts. The board of directors approves the budget and finances of META Solutions. The continued existence of META Solutions is not dependent on the District's continued participation and no equity interest exists. Financial statements for META Solutions can be obtained from the META Solutions office, 2100 Citygate Drive, Columbus, Ohio 43219.

SOUTHERN LOCAL DISTRICT
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

NOTE 20 – JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS - (Continued)

B. Coalition of Rural and Appalachian Schools

The Coalition of Rural and Appalachian Schools (CORAS), is a professional development and advocacy organization composed of member superintendents from 120 school districts and other educational institutions in Ohio's 32 Appalachian counties, from the shores of Lake Erie to the suburbs of Cincinnati, across 39% of the state's footprint. Despite the unique disparities we face, we strive to make a positive difference in our communities by improving the quality of our educational systems. CORAS mission is to advocate for and support the public schools of Appalachia Ohio in the continuous improvement of educational opportunities available to all the region's children.

School districts in counties neighboring Appalachia, institutions of higher education, and related organizations may become members of the Coalition. CORAS is under the governance structure of a Regional Council of Governments and is funded through membership dues and partnership support from the Ohio University Gladys W. and David H. Patton College of Education.

NOTE 21 – INSURANCE PURCHASING POOL

Ohio School Comp-A Program of OSBA and OASBO

Ohio SchoolComp is a comprehensive program of OASBO and OSBA designed to meet the risk management needs of Ohio's public school districts, by providing unique services to assist school districts in controlling their WC and Unemployment Compensation costs. As a state funded employer, districts can utilize alternative rating/premium discount programs available through the Ohio SchoolComp program which is administered by Sedgwick. Services include claims management, cost containment strategies, client education, coordination of ancillary services, safety consultation, customized reporting, industrial commission hearing representation, manual classification review and premium savings opportunities. The District has chosen to participate in the comprehensive program for 2025. Each year, the participating districts pay an enrollment fee to cover the costs of administering the program.

NOTE 22 - CLAIMS SERVICING POOL

The District participates in the Jefferson Health Plan, a claims servicing pool composed of over 250 public employer member organizations. The Plan's business and affairs are conducted by a nine member Board of Directors elected by plan members. The member pays a monthly premium based on their claims history and a monthly administration fee. All participating members retain their risk. The Plan acts solely as the claims servicing agent.

NOTE 23 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2025.

SOUTHERN LOCAL DISTRICT
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

NOTE 23 – CONTINGENCIES - (Continued)

B. Litigation

The District is currently not a party to any material legal proceedings.

C. School Foundation

School district Foundation funding is based on the annualized full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment of each student. The Ohio Department of Education (ODE) is legislatively required to adjust/reconcile funding as enrollment information is updated by schools throughout the State, which can extend past the fiscal year end. As of the date of this report, ODE adjustments for fiscal year 2024 are finalized. As a result, the net impact of the FTE adjustments on the fiscal year 2025 financial statements was insignificant.

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SOUTHERN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability
Last Ten Measurement Periods

	2025	2024	2023	2022
<u>School Employees Retirement System of Ohio</u>				
District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.03215210%	0.03300260%	0.03320480%	0.03346200%
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$1,644,772	\$1,823,564	\$1,795,974	\$1,234,651
District's Covered Payroll	\$1,346,229	\$1,309,714	\$1,249,714	\$1,212,171
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of it's Covered Payroll	122.18%	139.23%	143.71%	101.85%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	78.52%	76.06%	75.82%	82.86%
<u>State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio</u>				
District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.02878819%	0.02923902%	0.02725157%	0.02589199%
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$5,539,313	\$6,296,605	\$6,058,058	\$3,310,524
District's Covered Payroll	\$4,202,243	\$3,912,793	\$3,476,486	\$3,011,764
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of it's Covered Payroll	131.82%	160.92%	174.26%	109.92%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	82.50%	80.00%	78.88%	87.80%

Amounts presented as of the District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
0.02944420%	0.02934880%	0.02969730%	0.03103950%	0.0321140%	0.0331220%
\$1,947,501	\$1,755,990	\$1,700,819	\$1,854,542	\$2,350,470	\$1,889,956
\$1,166,400	\$1,132,286	\$1,102,457	\$1,001,457	\$997,136	\$1,428,710
166.97%	155.08%	154.28%	185.18%	235.72%	132.28%
68.55%	70.85%	71.36%	69.50%	62.98%	69.16%
0.02628478%	0.02563229%	0.02603871%	0.02628406%	0.02671891%	0.02335092%
\$6,359,981	\$5,668,427	\$5,725,328	\$6,243,835	\$8,943,625	\$7,293,577
\$3,199,371	\$3,052,836	\$3,001,271	\$2,872,457	\$2,780,579	\$3,015,943
198.79%	185.68%	190.76%	217.37%	321.65%	241.83%
75.48%	77.40%	77.31%	75.30%	66.80%	72.10%

SOUTHERN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability/Asset
Last Nine measurement periods (1)

	2025	2024	2023	2022
<u>School Employees Retirement System of Ohio</u>				
District's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability	0.03259350%	0.03382230%	0.03381090%	0.03414860%
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$331,963	\$557,204	\$474,709	\$646,290
District's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$1,346,229	\$1,309,714	\$1,249,714	\$1,212,171
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of it's Covered-Employee Payroll	24.66%	42.54%	37.99%	53.32%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	44.50%	30.02%	30.34%	24.08%
<u>State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio</u>				
District's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability	0.02878819%	0.02923902%	0.02725157%	0.02589199%
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset	\$546,057	\$568,659	\$705,634	\$545,911
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
District's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$4,202,243	\$3,912,793	\$3,476,486	\$3,011,764
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of it's Covered-Employee Payroll	(12.99%)	(14.53%)	(20.30%)	(18.13%)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	158.00%	168.50%	230.73%	174.70%

(1) Information prior to 2017 is not available.

Amounts presented as of the District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
0.03041260%	0.02996910%	0.03004560%	0.03143780%	0.03143780%
\$660,965	\$753,660	\$833,546	\$843,708	\$896,094
\$1,166,400	\$1,132,286	\$1,102,457	\$1,001,457	\$997,136
56.67%	66.56%	75.61%	84.25%	89.87%
18.17%	15.37%	13.57%	12.46%	11.49%
0.02628478%	0.02563229%	0.02603871%	0.02628406%	0.02628406%
\$461,954	\$424,532	\$418,416	\$0	\$0
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,025,507	\$1,405,678
\$3,199,371	\$3,052,836	\$3,001,271	\$2,872,457	\$2,780,579
(14.44%)	(13.91%)	(13.94%)	35.70%	50.55%
182.13%	174.74%	176.00%	47.10%	37.30%

SOUTHERN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
Schedule of the District's Contributions
School Employees Retirement Systems of Ohio
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2025	2024	2023
<u>Pension</u>			
Contractually Required Contributions	\$195,792	\$188,472	\$183,360
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contributions	<u>(195,792)</u>	<u>(188,472)</u>	<u>(183,360)</u>
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	<u><u>\$0</u></u>	<u><u>\$0</u></u>	<u><u>\$0</u></u>
 District Covered-Employee Payroll	 \$1,398,514	 \$1,346,229	 \$1,309,714
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%
 <u>OPEB</u>			
Contractually Required Contributions (1)	\$0	\$0	\$0
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contributions	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	<u><u>\$0</u></u>	<u><u>\$0</u></u>	<u><u>\$0</u></u>
 District Covered-Employee Payroll	 \$1,398,514	 \$1,346,229	 \$1,309,714
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

(1) Excludes surcharge amount.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
\$174,960	\$169,704	\$163,296	\$152,859	\$148,832	\$140,204	\$139,599
(174,960)	(169,704)	(163,296)	(152,859)	(148,832)	(140,204)	(139,599)
<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
\$1,249,714	\$1,212,171	\$1,166,400	\$1,132,286	\$1,102,457	\$1,001,457	\$997,136
14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	13.50%	13.50%	14.00%	14.00%
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$23,499	\$5,512	\$0	\$0
<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>(23,499)</u>	<u>(5,512)</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
\$1,249,714	\$1,212,171	\$1,166,400	\$1,132,286	\$1,102,457	\$1,001,457	\$997,136
0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	2.08%	0.50%	0.00%	0.00%

SOUTHERN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
Schedule of the District's Contributions
State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2025	2024	2023
<u>Pension</u>			
Contractually Required Contributions	\$641,057	\$588,314	\$547,791
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contributions	<u>(641,057)</u>	<u>(588,314)</u>	<u>(547,791)</u>
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	<u><u>\$0</u></u>	<u><u>\$0</u></u>	<u><u>\$0</u></u>
 District Covered-Employee Payroll	 \$4,578,979	 \$4,202,243	 \$3,912,793
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%
 <u>OPEB</u>			
Contractually Required Contributions	\$0	\$0	\$0
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contributions	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	<u><u>\$0</u></u>	<u><u>\$0</u></u>	<u><u>\$0</u></u>
 District Covered-Employee Payroll	 \$4,578,979	 \$4,202,243	 \$3,912,793
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
\$486,708	\$421,647	\$447,912	\$427,397	\$420,178	\$402,144	\$389,281
(486,708)	(421,647)	(447,912)	(427,397)	(420,178)	(402,144)	(389,281)
<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
\$3,476,486	\$3,011,764	\$3,199,371	\$3,052,836	\$3,001,271	\$2,872,457	\$2,780,579
14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
\$3,476,486	\$3,011,764	\$3,199,371	\$3,052,836	\$3,001,271	\$2,872,457	\$2,780,579
0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

SOUTHERN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

NOTE 1 – SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF OHIO

Pension

Changes in benefit terms:

2014-2017: There were no changes in benefit terms for the period.

2018: The following were the most significant changes in benefit terms:

- The cost-of-living adjustment was changed from a fixed 3.00% to a cost-of-living adjustment that is indexed to CPI-W not greater than 2.5% with a floor of 0% beginning January 1, 2018.
- Under HB 49, the Board enacted a three-year COLA suspension for benefit recipients in calendar year 2018, 2019 and 2020.

2019: The following were the most significant changes in benefit terms:

- Under Senate Bill 8, the Board enacted a three-year COLA delay for future benefit recipients commencing benefits on or after April 1, 2018.

2020-2025: There were no changes in benefit terms for the period.

Changes in assumptions:

2014-2016: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions.

2017: The following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected total pension liability since the prior measurement date:

- Assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%
- Payroll Growth Assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.50%
- Assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75% to 0.50%
- Rates of withdrawal, retirement and disability were updated to reflect recent experience.
- Mortality among active members was updated to the following:
 - RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females. The above rates represent the base rates used.
- Mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries was updated to the following:
 - RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates.

2018-2021: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions.

2022: The following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected total pension liability since the prior measurement date:

- Assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.00% to 2.4%
- Payroll Growth Assumption was reduced from 3.5% to 3.25%

SOUTHERN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

NOTE 1 – SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF OHIO (Continued)

- Mortality among active members was updated to the following:
 - PUB 2010 General Employee Amount Weighted Below Medium Healthy Retiree Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-forward for both males and females. The above rates represent the base rates used.
- Mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries was updated to the following:
 - PUB 2010 General Employee Amount Weighted Below Medium Healthy Retiree Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 105.5% of male rates, and 122.5% of female rates.
 -

2023: The following changes were made to the actuarial assumptions as identified:

- Cost-of-Living Adjustments was increased from 2.00% to 2.50% for calendar year 2023.

2024: The following changes were made to the actuarial assumptions as identified:

- Cost-of-Living Adjustments was increased from 2.00% to 2.50% for calendar year 2024.

2025: The following changes were made to the actuarial assumptions as identified:

- Cost-of-Living Adjustments was increased from 2.00% to 2.50% for calendar year 2025.

Other Postemployment Benefits

Changes in benefit terms:

2017-2025: There were no changes in benefit terms for the period.

Changes in assumptions:

2017: The following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected total pension liability since the prior measurement date:

- Assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%
- Payroll Growth Assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.50%
- Assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75% to 0.50%
- Rates of withdrawal, retirement and disability were updated to reflect recent experience.
- Mortality among active members was updated to the following:
 - RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females.
- Mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries was updated to the following:
 - RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates.
- Mortality among disabled members was updated to the following:
 - RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

SOUTHERN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

NOTE 1 – SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF OHIO (Continued)

2018: The following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected total pension liability since the prior measurement date:

- Discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2017 was 3.63 percent.
- Discount rate used to measure total OPEB liability prior to June 30, 2017 was 2.98 percent.

2019-2021: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions.

2022: The following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected total pension liability since the prior measurement date:

- Assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.00% to 2.4%
- Payroll Growth Assumption was reduced from 3.5% to 1.75%
- Mortality among active members was updated to the following:
 - PUB 2010 General Employee Amount Weighted Below Medium Healthy Retiree Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-forward for both males and females. The above rates represent the base rates used.
- Mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries was updated to the following:
 - PUB 2010 General Employee Amount Weighted Below Medium Healthy Retiree Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 105.5% of male rates, and 122.5% of female rates.

2023: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions.

2024: The following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected total pension liability since the prior measurement date:

- The assumption for percent of pre-Medicare eligible retirees who chose the Wraparound plan increased from 10% to 20%.
- The health care trend assumption on retiree premiums was updated to not apply trend to the \$35 surcharge.
- An assumption was added to assume that 15% of pre-65 retirees who waive will elect coverage upon Medicare eligibility.

2025: The health care trend assumption was updated.

NOTE 2 - STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF OHIO

Pension

Changes in benefit terms:

2017-2025: There were no changes in benefit terms for the period.

SOUTHERN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

NOTE 2 - STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF OHIO (Continued)

Changes in assumptions:

2018: The following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected total pension liability since the prior measurement date:

- Long term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75% to 7.45%,
- Inflation assumption was lowered from 2.75% to 2.50%,
- Payroll growth assumption was lowered to 3.00%,
- Total salary increases rate was lowered by decreasing the merit component of the individual salary increases, in addition to a decrease of 0.25% due to lower inflation.
- Healthy and disabled mortality assumptions were updated to the following:
 - RP-2014 mortality tables with generational improvement scale MP-2016. Rates of retirement, termination and disability were modified to better reflect anticipated future experience.

2019-2021: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions.

2022: Long term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.45% to 7.00%.

2023: Projected salary increases beginning rate changed from 12.50% to 8.50%.

2024-2025: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions.

Other Postemployment Benefits

Changes in benefit terms:

2017: There were no changes in benefit terms for the period.

2018: The following were the most significant changes in benefit terms:

- The subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was reduced from 2.1% to 1.9% per year of service.
- Medicare Part B premium reimbursements were discontinued for certain survivors and beneficiaries
- All remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 2019.
- Subsequent to the current measurement date, the date for discontinuing remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements is extended to January 2020.

SOUTHERN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

NOTE 2 - STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF OHIO (Continued)

2019: The following were the most significant changes in benefit terms:

- The subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was increased from 1.9% to 1.944% per year of service effective January 1, 2019.
- The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2019.
- All remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 2021.

2020: The following were the most significant changes in benefit terms:

- The subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was increased from 1.944% to 1.984% per year of service effective January 1, 2020.
- The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2020.
- Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1% for the Medicare Plan.
- Medicare Part B monthly reimbursements elimination date was postponed to January 1, 2021.

2021: The following were the most significant changes in benefit terms:

- The subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was increased from 1.984% to 2.055% per year of service effective January 1, 2021.
- The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2021.
- Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1% for the Medicare Plan.
- Medicare Part B monthly reimbursements elimination date was postponed indefinitely.

2022 - 2025: There were no changes in benefit terms for the period.

Changes in assumptions:

2017: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions.

2018: The following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected total pension liability since the prior measurement date:

- Discount rate was increased from 3.26% to 4.13%
- Long term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75% to 7.45%.
- Valuation year per capita health care costs were updated, and the salary scale was modified.
- The percentage of future retirees electing each option was updated
- The percentage of future disabled retirees and terminated vested participants electing health coverage were decreased.
- The assumed mortality, disability, retirement, withdrawal and future health care cost trend rates were modified along with the portion of rebated prescription drug costs.

SOUTHERN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

NOTE 2 - STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF OHIO (Continued)

2019: The following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected total pension liability since the prior measurement date:

- Discount rate was increased from the blended rate of 4.13% to the long-term expected rate of return of 7.45%
- Valuation year per capita health care costs were updated

2020-2021: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions.

2022: Discount rate was reduced from 7.45% to 7.00%.

2023: The following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected total pension liability since the prior measurement date:

- Projected salary increases beginning rate changed from 12.50% to 8.50%.
- Health care cost trend rates were modified for medical and prescription drug costs.

2024-2025: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions.

SOUTHERN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

FEDERAL GRANTOR <i>Pass Through Grantor</i> Program / Cluster Title	Federal AL Number	Pass Through Entity Identifying Number	Total Federal Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE <i>Passed Through Ohio Department of Education</i>			
Child Nutrition Cluster:			
Non-Cash Assistance (Food Donation)	10.555	N/A	\$ 24,450
Cash Assistance:			
School Breakfast Program	10.553	N/A	179,538
COVID-19 National School Lunch Program	10.555	N/A	16,982
National School Lunch Program	10.555	N/A	287,789
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			<u>508,759</u>
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			<u>508,759</u>
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION <i>Passed Through Ohio Department of Education</i>			
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	N/A	234,417
Special Education Cluster (IDEA):			
Special Education Grants to States	84.027	N/A	173,205
Special Education Preschool Grants	84.173	N/A	4,333
Total Special Education Cluster			<u>177,538</u>
Rural Education	84.358	N/A	8,981
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	N/A	32,977
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	N/A	24,033
Education Stabilization Fund:			
American Rescue Plan-Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ARP ESSER)	84.425U	N/A	409,726
Total U.S. Department of Education			<u>887,672</u>
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			<u><u>\$1,396,431</u></u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

SOUTHERN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS
2 CFR 200.510(b)(6)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

NOTE A – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of Southern Local School District (the District) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2025. The information on this Schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the District.

NOTE B – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

NOTE C – INDIRECT COST RATE

The District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE D - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

The District commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the District assumes it expends federal monies first.

NOTE E – FOOD DONATION PROGRAM

The District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the fair value. The District allocated donated food commodities to the respective program that benefitted from the use of those donated food commodities.



**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER
FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS
REQUIRED BY *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS***

Southern Local School District
Meigs County
PO Box 147
Racine, Ohio 45771

To the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Southern Local School District, Meigs County, Ohio (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 19, 2025.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.



BHM CPA Group Inc.
Portsmouth, Ohio
December 19, 2025



**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS
APPLICABLE TO THE MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER
COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE**

Southern Local School District
Meigs County
PO Box 147
Racine, Ohio 45771

To the Board of Education:

Report on Compliance for The Major Federal Program

Opinion on The Major Federal Program

We have audited Southern Local School District's, Meigs County, Ohio (the District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on the Southern Local School District's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2025. Southern Local School District's major federal program is identified in the *Summary of Auditor's Results* section of the accompanying schedule of findings.

In our opinion, the Southern Local School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2025.

Basis for Opinion on the Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance* section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

The District's Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of the major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. *A material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance* section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of this testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "BHM CPA Group". The letters are stylized and cursive.

BHM CPA Group, Inc.
Portsmouth, Ohio
December 19, 2025

SOUTHERN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Schedule of Findings

2 CFR § 200.515

June 30, 2025

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Program's Compliance Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under 2CFR § 200.516(a)?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Education Stabilization Fund AL # 84.425U
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$750,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee under 2 CFR § 200.520?	Yes

**2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS**

None

3. FINDINGS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None

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OHIO AUDITOR OF STATE KEITH FABER



SOUTHERN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

MEIGS COUNTY

AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 5/12/2026

65 East State Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215
Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370

This report is a matter of public record and is available online at
www.ohioauditor.gov