



CITY OF EATON PREBLE COUNTY

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Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

City of Eaton Preble County 328 North Maple Street Eaton, Ohio 45320

To the City Council:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Eaton, Preble County, Ohio (the City), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2009, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 28, 2010. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of opining on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in more than a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the City's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and timely corrected.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider material weaknesses, as defined above.

City of Eaton
Preble County
Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control Over
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Required by Government Auditing Standards
Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We did note certain matters not requiring inclusion in this report that we reported to the City's management in a separate letter dated June 28, 2010.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of management, the audit committee, the City Council, and others within the City. We intend it for no one other than these specified parties.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

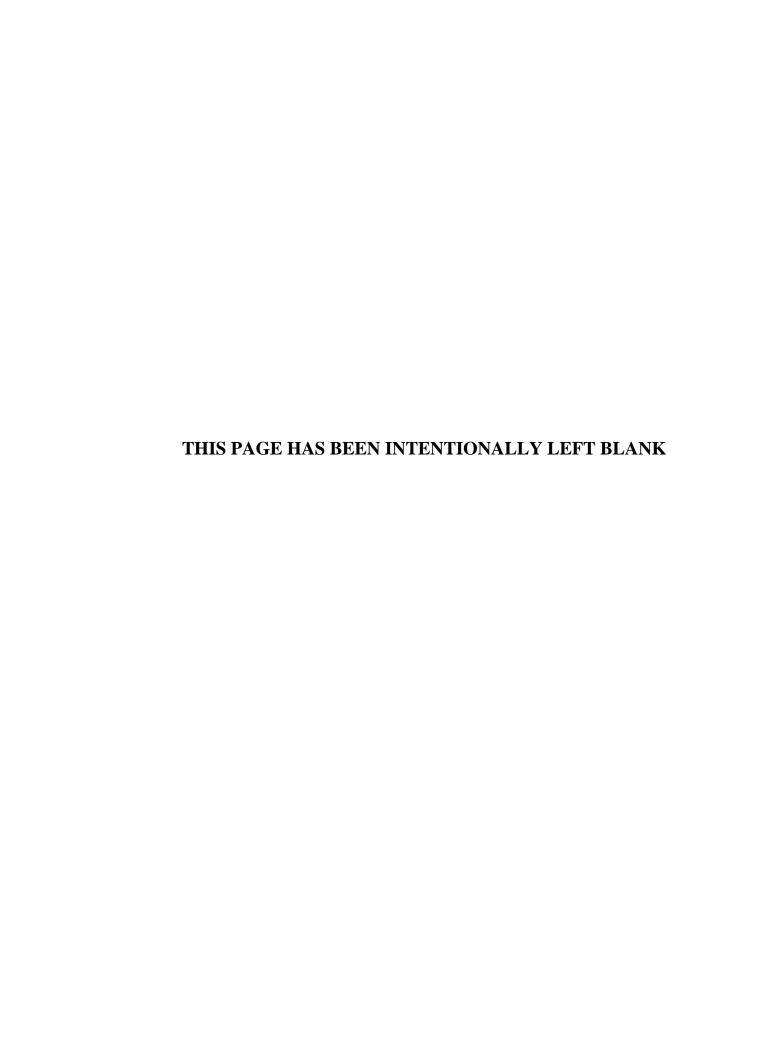
Mary Taylor

June 28, 2010

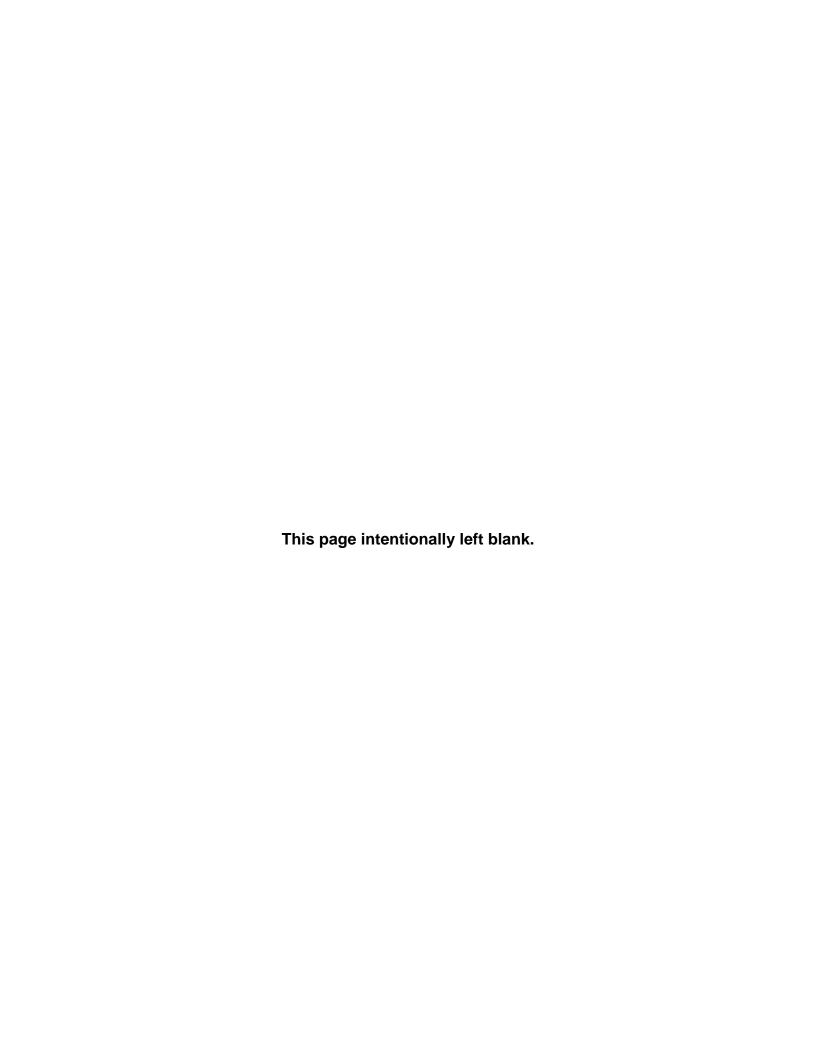
COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

Prepared By: Department of Finance Leslie H. Renner, Director







Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

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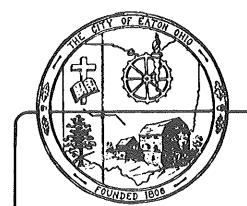
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City of Eaton

328 N. MAPLE STREET P.O. BOX 27 EATON, OHIO 45320 TELEPHONE (937) 456-4125

June 28, 2010

Honorable Mayor Members of the City Council, and Citizens of Eaton, Ohio

Ladies and Gentlemen:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Eaton, Ohio for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009 is herewith submitted. Responsibility for the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the information and data presented in the report is accurate in all material aspects and is illustrated in a manner to fairly reflect the financial position and operating results of the City for the period covered herein. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the local government's financial activities are included.

This Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is issued under the Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements-and Management's Discussion and Analysis-for State and Local Governments. Statement No. 34 was developed to make annual financial reports of state and local governments easier to understand and more useful to those who make decisions using governmental financial information.

Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the government are protected from loss, theft or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: 1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and 2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

Included in this report is an unqualified opinion rendered on the City's basic financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2009, by Auditor of State, Mary Taylor. The Auditor of State performs an independent audit and, as such, allows the reader a measure of assurance that they may rely upon the information presented in the financial statements.

As demonstrated by the statements and schedules included in the financial section of this report, the government continues to meet its responsibility for sound financial management. The reader is asked to pay close attention to management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) found on pages 3-10 for an overview and analysis of the financial position of the City.

THE CITY

William Bruce, who emigrated from Kentucky in search of desirable lands and a site for his mill, founded Eaton in 1805. He selected a site along Seven Mile Creek because of its potential for water power and platted the town into 233 lots which were recorded on February 20, 1806. The county seat of agriculturally rich Preble County, Eaton was granted the right to incorporate by the state legislature in 1836. Following the 1960 census, the town attained a population of 5,034 to gain city status. Shortly thereafter, the citizens elected a Charter Commission that proposed the Council/Manager form of government, which was adopted on May 2, 1961. Eaton has continued its growth and at the last official census in 2000, had a population of 8,133.

GOVERNMENTAL ORGANIZATION

Operating under the Council/Manager form of government, the legislative authority is vested in a five-member council. Council members are elected at-large on a nonpartisan basis to serve four-year overlapping terms, which provides continuity and stability in policy and legislative matters. Council elects annually from its members a Mayor and Vice-Mayor who serve one-year terms. The Mayor has no special powers but is given certain ceremonial responsibilities and presides at Council meetings.

The City Manager serves as the chief executive and administrative officer of the City. The Manager is responsible for all operational functions of the City and to advise Council on matters of public policy. The Charter establishes four administrative departments responsible for specific operational functions of the City. These are the Department of Public Safety, which includes the divisions of Police, Fire, Emergency Medical Services, and Building Services; the Department of Service, which includes the divisions of Public Works and Public Maintenance; the Department of Finance; and the Department of Law. The Administrative Code provides the detail of the organization of the municipal government, defines the powers and duties of each organizational unit, and determines the administrative procedures to be followed.

MUNICIPAL SERVICES

Eaton provides a full range of municipal services to its residents. The following is a summary of the services provided by each of the City's operating units.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY

Division of Police: The Division of Police consists of 13 full-time sworn officers, a data management officer and five radio dispatchers, under the direction of the Chief of Police. The division provides law enforcement related service involving the protection of lives and property within the corporation limits. During 2009 the division responded to 7,751 calls. The five dispatchers received 10,771 public safety calls, of which 1,571 were 911 calls.

Division of Fire and Division of Emergency Medical Services: The Fire and EMS Divisions are separate divisions according to the City Charter, but are operated under the direction of a single chief. Many changes have been seen in the last three years as these emergency services have become operational on a 24 hour basis. The Fire and EMS Divisions provide emergency medical response, fire protection and related services within the City and by contractual agreement to three surrounding townships. During 2009, the Fire Division responded to 892 calls, of which 22 were structure fires and 30 were other significant fires. The EMS Division responded to 2,035 calls, resulting in the transport of 1,387 patients to a facility of higher medical care.

Division of Building Services: The Building Division consists of two full-time employees including a certified building inspector and a clerk. In addition, the City has contracts for related professional services for back-up inspectors and plan review and examination. The Ohio Board of Building Standards certifies the division, which allows the City to issue permits for commercial and industrial uses and as

such has a number of contracts with area jurisdictions. In 2009, the division issued 7 permits for the construction of new single family homes, which required 46 inspections. Residential additions, garages and sheds accounted for another 59 permits and 113 inspections. There were 34 commercial/industrial permits issued for both new construction and additions which required 77 inspections. A total of 890 miscellaneous permits were issued for electrical, HVAC, sprinklers, pools, roofing, fire alarms, signs, fencing, demolitions, and certificates of occupancy which required 879 inspections. The division is also responsible for processing zoning certificates and code enforcement.

DEPARTMENT OF SERVICE

Division of Public Works: The Division of Public Works consists of 11 employees who are responsible for the operation and maintenance of the City's wastewater treatment facility, two water treatment plants and over 90 miles of water distribution and sewer collection mains. The Division provides water and sewer services to approximately 3,498 residential, commercial and industrial users. In 2009 the City pumped 424.8 million gallons of water from its operating wells and treated 411.08 million gallons of wastewater at its Class IV advanced treatment facility.

Division of Public Maintenance: The Division of Public Maintenance includes 13 full-time employees who are principally responsible for the maintenance of the City's 41 miles of roadways, 185 acres of parks and recreational areas and all municipal owned buildings. Principal functional activities include building and equipment maintenance, snow removal, street sweeping, storm sewer maintenance, mowing, street painting, pavement repair and leaf collection.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE

The Department includes the Director and three full-time clerks. Responsibilities include payroll, accounting activities, disbursements and the collection of all City funds, as well as the front service office responsibilities of maintaining the utility billing system, inputting meter readings and processing monthly service bills. The department also provides support to the City Manager in the areas of insurance administration, budget preparation and reporting. Although the City contracts with another municipality for income tax collections, the Director of Finance serves as the Income Tax Administrator and as Clerk of Council.

DEPARTMENT OF LAW

The City has an appointed full-time Law Director who serves as legal counsel to the City Manager, Council, local boards and commissions and other administrative officers of the City. The Law Director represents the City in court proceedings and is the Prosecutor in Eaton Municipal Court.

Eaton Municipal Court operations are under the direction of an elected Municipal Court Judge who appoints a Clerk of Courts who is responsible for the management of operations. In addition to the Judge and Clerk, the court employs one part-time magistrate, one full-time bailiff, three part-time bailiff/security, and six full-time deputy clerks. The court has jurisdiction in misdemeanor criminal cases, the initial stages of felony proceedings, civil actions under \$10,000, trusteeships and traffic violations. During 2009, the court handled 8,143 new and reactivated cases.

Component Unit: A component unit is an entity for which the government is considered to be financially liable. The City is not a component unit of any other entity and does not have any component units that require inclusion in the basic financial statements.

Budgeting Controls: The government maintains budgetary controls, the objective of which is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the government's governing body. Activities of the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Capital Project Funds and Enterprise Funds are included in the annual appropriated budget. The level of budgetary

control (that is, the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is established at the division (i.e., Police, Public Maintenance, and General Government) level within the General Fund and at the fund level for all other budgeted funds. The government also maintains an encumbrance accounting system as one technique of accomplishing budgetary control. Encumbered amounts do not lapse at year-end and are carried over to the following year.

ECONOMIC CONDITION

Located 7 miles south of I-70 and 25 miles west of I-75, Eaton is located near the crossroads of the industrial mid-west. Although Eaton has a small town/farming heritage, it has developed a strong industrial base and houses operations of a number of nationally and internationally known companies such as Henny Penny Corporation, Neaton Auto Products, Parker Hannifin Corporation, Silfex Incorporated, Timkin Company, and Bullen Semiconductor.

Major Initiatives

Conservative financial management was the key to 2009 as we held off on major projects. This allowed us to assess our economic position and maintain essential functions to our residents as we tried to ride out the recession. This served us well and we were still able to continue with our annual paving program and several smaller projects. Sanitary sewer lines were upgraded on West Decatur Street as part of our CDBG program and we replaced approximately 2,000 linear feet of water lines on East Somers Street.

Economic Conditions and Outlook

Looking forward into 2010, the City has plans to proceed with two major projects, both involving Issue 2 funding. The first project is the installation of sidewalks along Hillcrest Drive, connecting the sidewalk from the south part of town out to the new high school. The second project is the renovation of West Lexington Road, with the addition of sidewalk, curb and gutter. This will be a nice addition to the residents of Greenbrier Nursing Home and the assisted living facility.

Debt administration: At December 31, 2009, the City had five debt issues outstanding: two Ohio Public Works Commission Issue II interest-free loans, one for \$522,500, the other for \$393,750; bond indebtedness with U.S. Bank in the amount of \$893,623; bond indebtedness for \$328,336, also with U.S. Bank; and an OWDA loan with an outstanding balance of \$4,116,163. For further information on debt and long-term obligations, the reader is asked to refer to Note 13 found on page 43.

Cash management: Cash temporarily idle during the year was invested in demand deposits, certificates of deposit, and the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAROhio). The City's investment policy is to minimize credit and market risks while maintaining a competitive yield on its portfolio. Accordingly, deposits were either insured by federal depository insurance or collateralized.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Award: The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Eaton, Ohio for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2008. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award, recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report, whose contents conform to program standards. Such a CAFR must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. The City of Eaton, Ohio has received a Certificate of Achievement since 1985. We believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement program requirements, and we are submitting it to GFOA.

Acknowledgments: The preparation of the comprehensive annual financial report on a timely basis was made possible by the dedicated service of the entire staff of the Department of Finance and other City departments. We express our sincere appreciation for the contributions made in the preparation of this report.

In closing, without the leadership and support of the Mayor and members of Council of the City of Eaton, preparation of this report would not have been possible.

Sincerely,

David A. Daily

City Manager

Leslie H. Renner Director of Finance

Lesei H. Berner

LISTING OF PRINCIPAL CITY OFFICIALS December 31, 2009

ELECTED OFFICIALS

Mayor Gary Wagner
Vice-Mayor Ben Maffett
Council Member Dave Kirsch
Council Member Bob Brower
Council Member Andrew Siehl
Municipal Judge Paul D. Henry

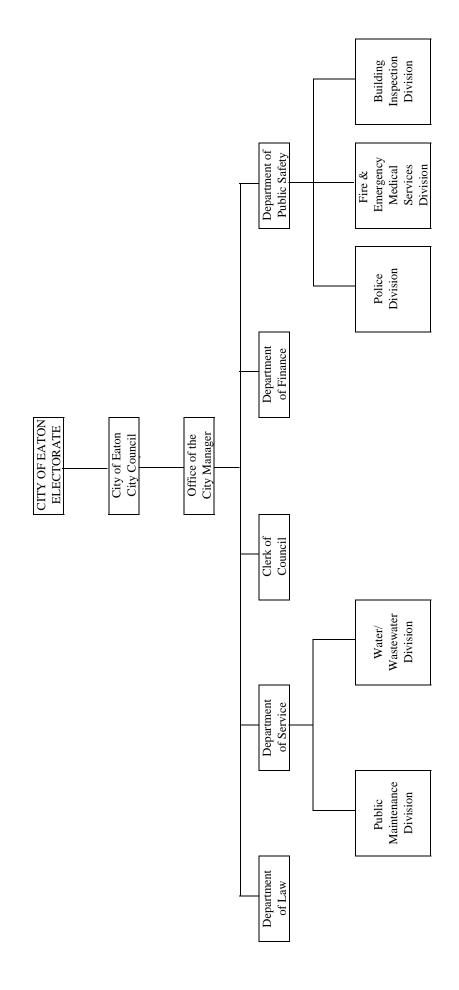
APPOINTED OFFICIALS

City Manager David A. Daily

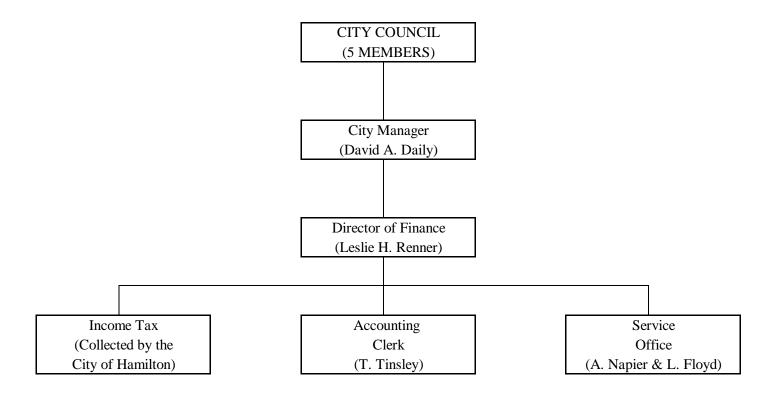
Director of Finance Leslie H. Renner

Director of Law Jill N. Allen

CITY ORGANIZATION as of December 31, 2009



DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE as of December 31, 2009



Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Eaton Ohio

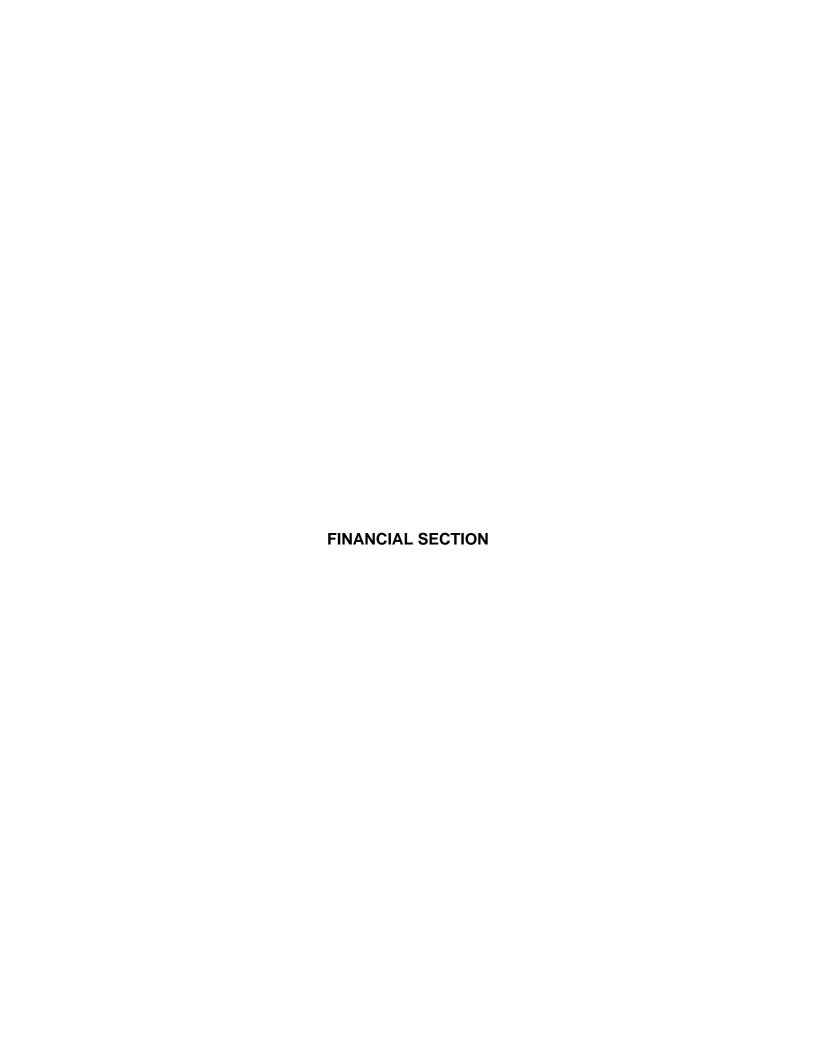
For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended
December 31, 2008

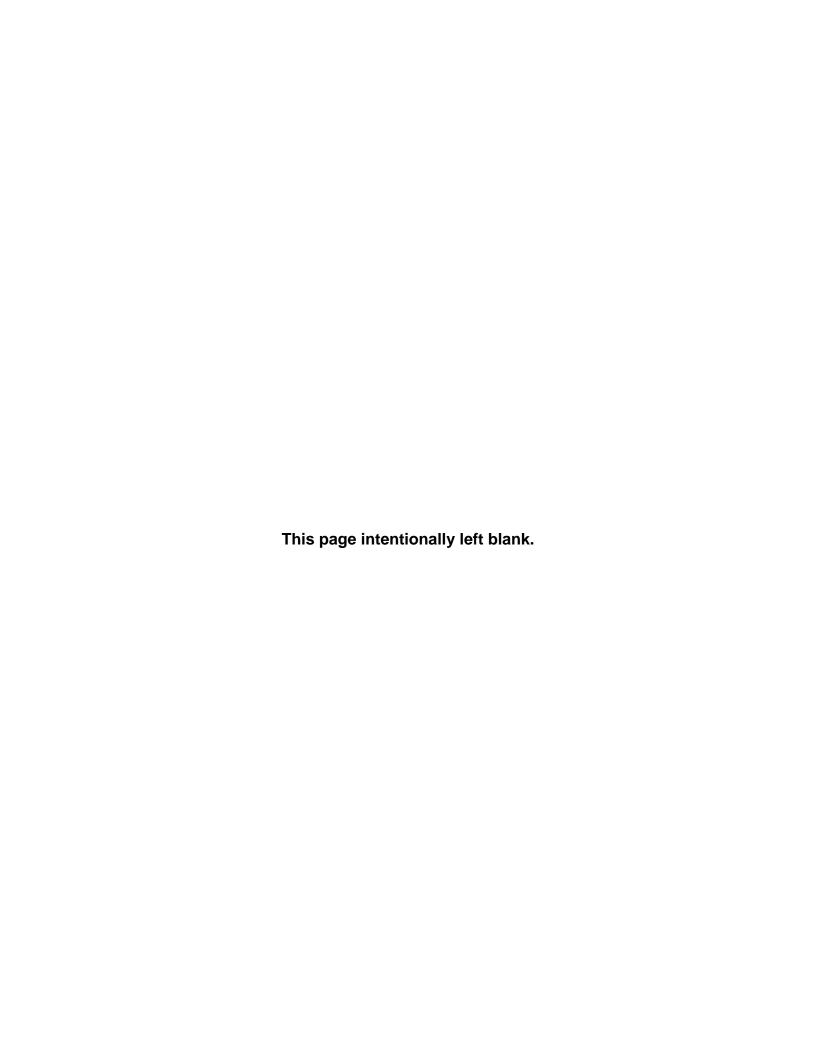
A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers A sociation of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

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President

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Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

City of Eaton Preble County 328 North Maple Street Eaton, Ohio 45320

To the City Council:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Eaton, Preble County, Ohio (the City), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2009, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Eaton, Preble County, Ohio, as of December 31, 2009, and the respective changes in financial position and where applicable, cash flows, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 28, 2010, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

Management's Discussion and Analysis and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General and Public Safety Funds are not required parts of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires. We have

City of Eaton Preble County Independent Accountants' Report Page 2

applied certain limited procedures, consisting principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measuring and presenting the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

We conducted our audit to opine on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining non-major fund statements and schedules and statistical tables provide additional information and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. We subjected the combining non-major fund statements and schedules to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. We did not subject the introductory section and statistical tables to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Taylor

June 28, 2010

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2009 (Unaudited)

The discussion and analysis of the City of Eaton's financial performance provides an overview of the City's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2009. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the City's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the transmittal letter and the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the City's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for 2009 are as follows:

- ➤ Governmental activities reported a negative net change in net assets of \$247,556, a 1.97% decrease.
- > Business-type activities reported a negative net change in net assets of \$6,448, a 0.07% decrease.
- ➤ The General Fund reported a fund balance of \$2,308,811 which represents an decrease of \$357,466, or 13.41%.
- Expenditures and other uses exceeded revenues on a budgetary basis in the General Fund by \$365,703, which decreases the unencumbered cash balance to \$2,142,105.

Using this Comprehensive Financial Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized to provide the reader with an overview of the City's condition as a whole and then proceed to provide a more detailed view of the City's operations.

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities provide the overview of the whole City, with a longer-term outlook of the City's financial condition. Major fund financial statements provide the next level of detail, providing information on short-term activities with a focus on the City's three significant funds. The remaining non-major funds are presented in total in one column.

Reporting the City as a Whole

Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

"How did the City of Eaton do financially in 2009?" The broad answer to this question can be obtained with a look at the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities. These statements include all assets and liabilities of the City using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting methods used by private-sector businesses. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenditures, regardless of when the actual cash was received or paid.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2009 (Unaudited)

These two statements report the City's net assets and the change in those assets from the prior year. Net assets can be defined as the difference between assets and liabilities, and the measurement of this difference can be used to monitor the City's financial health. Other factors must then be considered, such as the City's property tax base, the condition of the streets and other capital assets, and the growth or decline in area businesses and residential neighborhoods.

In the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, the City is divided into two kinds of activities.

- Governmental Activities Most of the City's services are reported here and include police, fire, emergency medical, public maintenance, parks and recreation, judicial, legislative, and executive.
- Business-Type Activities These services include water, sewer, refuse and parking meters.
 Service fees for these operations are charged based upon usage. The intent is that the fees are sufficient to cover the costs of operation.

Reporting the City's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements begin on page 14. Fund financial statements provide the detailed information about the General Fund, Public Safety Fund, and Capital Improvement Fund. The City uses many different funds, some of which are required by law and others are used to help segregate and control revenues intended for specific purposes. The City has two kinds of funds - "governmental" and "proprietary". The proprietary funds support the business-type activities.

Governmental Funds – Most of the City's basic services are reported in the governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances remaining at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using the modified accrual basis of accounting, which measures cash and other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources available in the near future to finance City programs. We detail the relationship between net assets of governmental activities, as reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, and governmental fund balances in a reconciliation on pages 15 and 17.

Proprietary Funds – City utility services for water, sewer and refuse are operated as enterprise funds. These are business-type activities that receive a significant portion of their funding from user charges. These funds are listed under the heading of "business-type activities" on the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities and are reported in much the same manner as the governmental funds. The reader should note that these funds are a part of the "government-wide" statements, but not a part of the "governmental funds".

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2009 (Unaudited)

Fiduciary Funds – The City is the agent for assets that are to be remitted to private organizations or other governments. The City's role is purely custodial, in that we record the receipt and subsequent remittance to the proper entity. The City's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets on page 21. We exclude these activities from the City's other financial statements because the City cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the governmental-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements begin on page 23.

The City as a Whole

The Statement of Net Assets provides a perspective of the City as a whole.

Table 1 provides a summary of the City's net assets for the year ended December 31, 2009 as compared to December 31, 2008.

TABLE 1
Statement of Net Assets, December 31

		2009			2008	
		Business-			Business-	
	Governmental	Type		Governmental	Type	
	Activities	Activities	Total	Activities	Activities	Total
Assets:	_					_
Current and Other						
Assets	\$ 7,940,543	2,907,667	10,848,210	7,993,896	3,066,493	11,060,389
Capital Assets	8,081,532	10,376,767	18,458,299	8,459,946	10,190,427	18,650,373
Total Assets	16,022,075	13,284,434	29,306,509	16,453,842	13,256,920	29,710,762
Liabilities:						
Current and Other						
Liabilities	993,707	361,637	1,355,344	1,007,620	183,590	1,191,210
Long-term Liabilities	2,712,010	4,256,586	6,968,596	2,882,308	4,400,671	7,282,979
Total Liabilities	3,705,717	4,618,223	8,323,940	3,889,928	4,584,261	8,474,189
Net Assets:						
Invested in Capital Assets,						
Net of Related Debt	5,943,323	6,260,604	12,203,927	6,106,769	5,918,787	12,025,556
Restricted	4,160,379	-	4,160,379	3,902,582	-	3,902,582
Unrestricted	2,212,656	2,405,607	4,618,263	2,554,563	2,753,872	5,308,435
Total Net Assets	\$ 12,316,358	8,666,211	20,982,569	12,563,914	8,672,659	21,236,573

The amount by which the City's assets exceeded its liabilities is called net assets. As of December 31, 2009, the City's net assets were \$20.98 million. Of this amount, \$12.20 million was invested in capital assets, net of related debt as compared to \$12.03 in 2008. Restricted net assets, those that are subject to external restrictions, increased slightly to \$4.16 million from the \$3.90 million reported in 2008. Unrestricted net assets, the amount that may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors decreased to \$4.62 million in 2009 from \$5.31 million in 2008. The business-type activities unrestricted net assets decreased from \$2.75 million in 2008 to \$2.41 million in 2009. This decrease is a

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2009 (Unaudited)

result of more depreciation being expensed along with a slight decrease in user charges in the water and sewer systems in 2009. The governmental activities unrestricted net assets decreased to \$2.21 million from \$2.55 million in 2008. This decrease is largely due to a decrease in the amount of municipal income tax collections due in part to the decline of the overall economy.

TABLE 2
Change in Net Assets, December 31

	_		2009		2008			
		Governmental	Business- Type		Governmental	Business- Type		
DEVENTES	_	Activities	Activities	Total	Activities	Activities	Total	
REVENUES:								
Program Revenues: Charges for Services	\$	1,787,866	2,943,073	4,730,939	1,717,706	3,069,431	4,787,137	
Operating Grants	Ψ	1,707,000	2,743,073	٦,/٥٥,/٥/	1,/1/,/00	3,007,731	٦,/٥/,١٥/	
and Contributions		211,925	_	211,925	53,681	-	53,681	
Capital Grants		,		,-	,		,	
and Contributions		149,939	30,000	179,939	230,000	67,712	297,712	
General Revenues:								
Property Taxes		679,375	-	679,375	809,051	-	809,051	
Municipal Income Taxes		2,771,305	-	2,771,305	3,556,558	-	3,556,558	
Grants and Contributions		202.404		000 101			1.116.006	
not Restricted		982,181	-	982,181	1,116,326	-	1,116,326	
Investment Income		22,399 300	-	22,399 300	204,656 20,540	7,701	204,656 28,241	
Gain on Sale of Capital Assets Other Revenue		62,824	-	62,824	162,287		162,287	
Total Revenue		6,668,114	2,973,073	9,641,187	7,870,805	3,144,844	11,015,649	
Total Revenue		0,000,114	2,973,073	9,041,167	7,870,803	3,144,044	11,013,049	
EXPENSES:								
General Government		2,157,151	-	2,157,151	2,226,446	-	2,226,446	
Public Safety		2,870,220	-	2,870,220	2,777,561	-	2,777,561	
Public Health		163,844	-	163,844	277,929	-	277,929	
Transportation		976,734	-	976,734	1,415,615	-	1,415,615	
Community Development		456,028	-	456,028	326,122	-	326,122	
Culture and Recreation		235,175	-	235,175	173,279	-	173,279	
Water		_	1,119,633	1,119,633	-	1,292,642	1,292,642	
Sewer		-	1,255,315	1,255,315	-	1,095,245	1,095,245	
Refuse		-	601,201	601,201	-	582,746	582,746	
Other Business-Type Activities		-	3,372	3,372	-	-	-	
Interest Expense		56,518	-	56,518	62,658	-	62,658	
Total Expenses		6,915,670	2,979,521	9,895,191	7,259,610	2,970,633	10,230,243	
Change in Net Assets		(247,556)	(6,448)	(254,004)	611,195	174,211	785,406	
Net Assets, Beginning of Year		12,563,914	8,672,659	21,236,573	11,952,719	8,498,448	20,451,167	
Net Assets, End of Year	\$	12,316,358	8,666,211	20,982,569	12,563,914	8,672,659	21,236,573	

The City's net assets decreased by \$254,004 of which \$247,556 is from governmental activities and \$6,448 is from the business-type activities. The decrease in governmental activities is largely due to a decrease in the amount of municipal income tax collections and amount of investment income earned on

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2009 (Unaudited)

the City's investments as a direct result from the downturn of the economy. The City's total expenses for governmental activities shows a decrease of \$343,940 from 2008, with the biggest reduction in Transportation, due to completion of infrastructure during 2009. In the business-type activities, charges for services saw a decrease of 4.12%. The Water Fund saw a 13.38% decrease in operating expenses as 2008 included costs for professional services engineering on the plant and tower that not paid in 2009. The Refuse Fund saw an increase of \$18,455 in operating expenses as the City is in the final stages of work on the reconstruction of a closed landfill.

Governmental Activities

The two functions that have the greatest amount of expense are Public Safety and General Government. Public Safety includes the Divisions of Police, Fire, and Emergency Medical Services. In addition to the revenue received for charges for services, which are those fees paid by the neighboring townships for fire and ambulance service, the Public Safety Division receives a .5% income tax that is voted on by the taxpayers triennially. Allowing for one-third of the municipal income tax dollars, or \$971,000, to be credited to the Public Safety program, we see that nearly 46% of the net expense of \$2,129,427 is paid by this tax levy. General Government, the next highest function, includes all administrative activities, City Council, Municipal Court, and facility maintenance. This function costs taxpayers \$1,287,592.

Business-Type Activities

Overall, the City's business-type activities generated \$2.94 million in operating revenues, which is slightly less than the cost of doing business of \$2.98 million. An increase in deprecation expense from 2008 to 2009 accounted for this deficiency.

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. Table 3 shows the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted state entitlements.

TABLE 3

<u>Total and Cost of Program Services</u>

For the Year Ended December 31

	20	09	2008		
	Total Cost	Net Cost	Total Cost	Net Cost	
	of Service	of Service	of Service	of Service	
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:					
General Government	\$ 2,157,151	(1,287,592)	2,226,446	(1,288,835)	
Public Safety	2,870,220	(2,129,427)	2,777,561	(2,114,223)	
Public Health	163,844	(147,656)	277,929	(264,182)	
Transportation	976,734	(855,795)	1,415,615	(1,215,615)	
Community Development	456,028	(71,052)	326,122	(161,519)	
Culture and Recreation	235,175	(217,900)	173,279	(151,191)	
Interest Expense	56,518	(56,518)	62,658	(62,658)	
Total Expenses	\$ 6,915,670	(4,765,940)	7,259,610	(5,258,223)	

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2009 (Unaudited)

		200)9	2008		
	_	Total Cost of Service	Net Cost of Service	Total Cost of Service	Net Cost of Service	
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES:	_					
Water	\$	1,119,633	173,957	1,292,642	59,134	
Sewer		1,255,315	(167,861)	1,095,245	104,990	
Refuse		601,201	(11,334)	582,746	806	
Other Business-Type Activities		3,372	(1,210)		1,580	
Total Expenses	\$	2,979,521	(6,448)	2,970,633	166,510	

As of the date of this report, there are no known facts or conditions that are expected to have a significant effect on the City's financial position or results of operations for either governmental activities or proprietary activities.

THE CITY'S FUNDS

The balance sheet for the City's major governmental funds is reflected on pages 14 - 15. These funds are reported using a modified accrual basis of accounting, allowing for a reasonable comparison to last year balances. Total governmental fund balances are \$6.45 million, of which \$6.28 million is unreserved. Revenues and expenditures are reflected on pages 16 - 17. The net change in the fund balances was an increase of \$142,923.

The General Fund balance decreased by \$357,466, which was a result of a decrease in property tax revenues and municipal income taxes.

Fund balance in the Public Safety Fund increased \$5,495 to \$908,402; due to management's diligence in controlling expenditures.

The Capital Improvement Fund reported a fund balance of \$2,752,040 at December 31, 2009 up from \$2,079,857. This balance increase is partly due to the close out of an Issue II fund after the completion of that project at the beginning of the year and the transfer of those funds to this fund. Also, due to the economic uncertainty, the City put all major capital projects on hold through 2009 in order to accrue more funds and to avoid a financial crisis of our own. In keeping with management's policy of providing essential services first and foremost, these projects are scheduled to begin mid-year 2010.

In 2009, Governmental funds reported expenditures of \$2,008,000 or 23.04% less than those reported in 2008. This decrease was related to the acquisition and construction of capital assets in 2008.

The proprietary funds showed a net operating income of \$68,498. The Water Fund is currently involved in a major expansion project and the Sewer Fund will be looking at a major expansion project, so we have been setting aside funds toward these projects. User fees have been increased in both the Water and Sewer Funds to pay for the debt service that will be needed for the expansion of these facilities. This is in keeping with the philosophy that a proprietary fund be treated as a business-type activity.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2009 (Unaudited)

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

There were no unexpected variances within the General Fund budget or budget to actual statements. The General Fund's actual revenues were down from 2008 with the biggest reduction in municipal income taxes and property taxes. The other sources of revenues were relatively flat in comparing to 2008.

Expenditure variances were from projects that were put on hold in 2009 due to the economic uncertainty. With that decision, the City expected the positive variance and will bring these funds forward to be budgeted in 2010 for these projects once the economy stabilizes.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND INFRASTRUCTURE

At December 31, 2009, the City has invested in land, construction in progress, infrastructure, buildings and equipment with amounts totaling \$8.08 million and \$10.38 million in governmental activities and business-type activities, respectively. Table 4 shows December 31, 2009 balances compared to December 31, 2008 amounts. Additional information regarding the City's capital assets can be found in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements in Note 8.

TABLE 4Capital Assets, December 31

2000

2000

			2009		2008			
	_		Business-		Business-			
	_	Governmental Activities	Type Activities	Total	Governmental Activities	Type Activities	Total	
Land	\$	820,439	582,108	1,402,547	820,439	582,108	1,402,547	
Construction in Progress		111,584	-	111,584	1,008,956	-	1,008,956	
Infrastructure		3,786,912	-	3,786,912	2,835,711	-	2,835,711	
Buildings and Systems		3,951,937	14,187,658	18,139,595	3,951,937	13,501,564	17,453,501	
Furniture and Equipment		4,859,962	4,104,399	8,964,361	4,963,448	3,937,168	8,900,616	
Less: Accumulated								
Depreciation	_	(5,449,302)	(8,497,398)	(13,946,700)	(5,120,545)	(7,830,413)	(12,950,958)	
Totals	\$	8,081,532	10,376,767	18,458,299	8,459,946	10,190,427	18,650,373	

Overall, capital assets decreased \$192,074 from December 31, 2008. The decrease in capital assets related primarily to the additional depreciation related to assets placed in service during 2009 and those assets transferred completed from construction of progress and placed in service.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2009 (Unaudited)

DEBT ADMINISTRATION

At December 31, 2009, the City's debt consisted of the following loan obligations:

<u>Issue</u>	Rate %	<u>Issued</u>	Maturity	Outstanding
Issue II - Downtown	0.0%	7-1-1997	1-1-2020	\$ 393,750
Issue II – Washington	0.0%	7-1-2008	1-1-2019	\$ 522,500
TIF Loan	3.56%	5-1-2005	4-20-2014	\$ 328,337
Eaton Municipal Court				
Facility Bond	4.69%	3-5-2004	3-1-2018	\$ 893,622
OWDA Loan	2.75%	1-1-2007	1-1-2027	\$ 4,116,163

Under current state statutes, the City's general obligation bonded debt issuances are subject to a legal limitation based on 10 1/2 percent of total assessed value of real and personal property. As of December 31, 2009, the City has no general obligation bonded debt.

The City's overall legal debt margin at December 31, 2009 was \$16,679,561. See Note 13 of the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements for more detailed information on long-term debt of the City.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCE DEPARTMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, creditors, and investors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the revenues it receives. If you have any questions regarding this report or need additional information, contact Leslie Renner, Finance Director, City of Eaton, 328 North Maple Street, P.O. Box 27, Eaton, Ohio 45320.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Net Assets December 31, 2009

		Governmental	Business-Type	
	,	Activities	Activities	Total
ASSETS:	_	1100111000	1101111105	1000
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	6,149,670	2,412,558	8,562,228
Investments	_	10,001	-,,	10,001
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles):		,		,
Taxes		1,265,433	_	1,265,433
Accounts		26,575	494,564	521,139
Special Assessments		70,975	-	70,975
Accrued Interest		327	_	327
Due from Other Governments		414,562	545	415,107
Materials and Supplies Inventory		3,000	-	3,000
Capital Assets:		2,000		2,000
Capital assets not subject to depreciation:				
Land		820,439	582,108	1,402,547
Construction in Progress		111,584	-	111,584
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		7,149,509	9,794,659	16,944,168
		.,,		
Total Assets	\$	16,022,075	13,284,434	29,306,509
LIABILITIES:				
Accounts Payable	\$	163,486	296,378	459,864
Accrued Wages and Benefits		78,058	8,662	86,720
Due to Other Governments		66,987	-	66,987
Accrued Interest Payable		16,276	56,597	72,873
Unearned Revenue		668,900	-	668,900
Noncurrent Liabilities:				
Due Within One Year		426,496	206,378	632,874
Due In More Than One Year		2,285,514	4,050,208	6,335,722
Total Liabilities		3,705,717	4,618,223	8,323,940
NET ASSETS:				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		5,943,323	6,260,604	12,203,927
Restricted for:				
Public Safety		842,000	-	842,000
Indigent Driver		29,647	-	29,647
Computerization Upgrade		5,789	-	5,789
Special Projects		153,587	-	153,587
Streets and Highways		261,083	-	261,083
Capital Improvement		2,858,273	-	2,858,273
Perpetual Care:				
Nonexpendable		10,000	-	10,000
Unrestricted		2,212,656	2,405,607	4,618,263
Total Net Assets	\$	12,316,358	8,666,211	20,982,569

Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

							(Expense) Revenue	
				Program Revenue		C	hanges in Net Asset	ts
			Character for	Operating	Capital	C1	D	
Eurotions/Duomonos		E	Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Business-Type	Total
<u>Functions/Programs:</u> Governmental Activities:	_	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total
Governmental Activities: General Government	\$	2 157 151	869,559			(1 297 502)		(1,287,592)
Public Safety	Ф	2,157,151 2,870,220	737,388	3,405	-	(1,287,592) (2,129,427)		(2,129,427)
Public Salety Public Health		163,844	16,188	3,403	-			(147,656)
Transportation		976,734	10,188	-	120,939	(147,656) (855,795)		(855,795)
				195,000	,			
Community Development Culture and Recreation		456,028	160,976	,	29,000	(71,052)		(71,052)
		235,175	3,755	13,520	-	(217,900)		(217,900)
Interest Expense		56,518				(56,518)		(56,518)
Total Governmental Activities		6,915,670	1,787,866	211,925	149,939	(4,765,940)		(4,765,940)
Business-Type Activities:								
Water		1,119,633	1,293,590	-	-		173,957	173,957
Sewer		1,255,315	1,057,454	-	30,000		(167,861)	(167,861)
Refuse		601,201	589,867	-	-		(11,334)	(11,334)
Other Business-Type Activities		3,372	2,162	-	-		(1,210)	(1,210)
Total Business-Type Activities		2,979,521	2,943,073		30,000		(6,448)	(6,448)
Total	\$	9,895,191	4,730,939	211,925	179,939	(4,765,940)	(6,448)	(4,772,388)
		neral Revenue	s:					
	-	Γaxes:						
		Property Taxe						
		General Pur	rposes			526,299	-	526,299
		Cemetery				35,247	-	35,247
		Community	Development			117,829	-	117,829
		Municipal Inc	come			2,771,305	-	2,771,305
	(Grants and Con	tributions not Re	estricted to Specifi	c Programs	982,181	-	982,181
	1	nvestment Inco	ome			22,399	-	22,399
	(Gain on Sale of	Capital Assets			300	-	300
	(Other Revenue				62,824		62,824
			Total C	General Revenues		4,518,384		4,518,384
			Chai	nge in Net Assets		(247,556)	(6,448)	(254,004)
	Ne	t Assets, Begin	nning of Year			12,563,914	8,672,659	21,236,573
	Ne	t Assets, End o	of Year		5	12,316,358	8,666,211	20,982,569

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2009

	_	General Fund	Public Safety Fund	Capital Improvement Fund
ASSETS:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	2,312,976	821,154	2,573,103
Investments		-	-	-
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):				
Taxes		793,861	198,844	235,728
Accounts		22,082	3,913	-
Special Assessments		-	-	70,975
Accrued Interest		315	-	-
Due from Other Governments		185,544	1,197	7,229
Due from Other Funds		=	=	=
Materials and Supplies Inventory	-	3,000		
Total Assets	\$ _	3,317,778	1,025,108	2,887,035
LIABILITIES:				
Accounts Payable	\$	99,578	38,337	10,778
Accrued Wages and Benefits		43,915	28,428	2,702
Due to Other Governments		59,162	7,825	-
Due to Other Funds		16,207	-	-
Deferred Revenue	-	790,105	42,116	121,515
Total Liabilities	_	1,008,967	116,706	134,995
FUND BALANCES:				
Reserved for:				
Encumbrances		1,904	1,545	156,743
Materials and Supplies Inventory		3,000	-	-
Permanent Fund		=	-	-
Unreserved, Undesignated:				
General Fund		2,303,907	-	-
Special Revenue Funds		-	906,857	-
Capital Projects Fund		_	-	2,595,297
Permanent Fund	-	<u>-</u>		
Total Fund Balances	_	2,308,811	908,402	2,752,040
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	3,317,778	1,025,108	2,887,035

Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Assets of Governmental Activities December 31, 2009

Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$	6,451,285
442,437 10,001	6,149,670 10,001	Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets are different because:		
37,000	1,265,433			
580	26,575	Capital assets used in governmental		
-	70,975	activities are not financial resources and		
12	327	therefore are not reported in the funds.		8,081,532
220,592	414,562			
16,207	16,207	Other long-term assets are not available to		
	3,000	pay for current period expenditures and		
		therefore are deferred in the funds.		511,827
726,829	7,956,750			
14,793 3,013 - - 226,991 244,797	163,486 78,058 66,987 16,207 1,180,727	Long-term liabilities, including Issue II loans payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds: Issue II Loans Payable OPWC Note Payable TIF Loans Payable General Obligation Bonds Payable Accrued Interest on Long-Term Debt Compensated Absences	-	(393,750) (522,500) (328,337) (893,622) (16,276) (573,801)
507 - 10,000	160,699 3,000 10,000 2,303,907	Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$ <u>-</u>	12,316,358
413,645	1,320,502			
57,879	2,653,176			
1	1			
482,032	6,451,285			
726,829	7,956,750			

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

	_	General Fund	Public Safety Fund	Capital Improvement Fund
REVENUES:	Φ.	526.200		
Property Taxes	\$	526,299	- 071 000	1 120 720
Municipal Income Taxes		821,268	971,000	1,120,738
Intergovernmental Revenue Charges for Services		581,561 86,237	179,884 553,455	7,229
Licenses and Permits		160,176	333,433	-
Fees, Fines and Forfeitures		555,964	-	-
Special Assessments		555,504	_	24,577
Investment Income		22,073	_	24,577
Other Revenue		44,028	868	_
outer revenue	=	11,020		
Total Revenues	_	2,797,606	1,705,207	1,152,544
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:		1 220 641	25.260	142 102
General Government		1,328,641	35,369	143,183
Public Safety Public Health		1,070,133	1,593,088	-
		27,129 354 384	-	229,686
Transportation Community Development		354,384 203,977	-	229,000
Culture and Recreation		203,977	-	-
Capital Outlay		22.399	71,555	376,656
Debt Service:		22,399	71,333	370,030
Principal				65,000
Interest		_	-	05,000
interest	-			
Total Expenditures	-	3,006,663	1,700,012	814,525
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over/				
(Under) Expenditures	-	(209,057)	5,195	338,019
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets		-	300	-
Transfers In		-	-	334,164
Transfers Out	-	(148,409)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	=	(148,409)	300	334,164
Net Change in Fund Balances		(357,466)	5,495	672,183
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	-	2,666,277	902,907	2,079,857
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	2,308,811	908,402	2,752,040

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

Nonmajor Governmental	Total Governmental			
Funds	Funds			
153,076	679,375	Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$	142,923
, =	2,913,006	č		,
760,368	1,529,042	Amounts reported for governmental activities in the		
14,657	654,349	statement of activities are different because:		
1,890	162,066			
234,826	790,790	Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures.		
-	24,577	However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those		
326	22,399	assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as		
31,452	76,348	depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation		
		exceeded capital outlay in the current period.		
1,196,595	6,851,952	Capital Asset Additions		189,891
		Current Year Depreciation		(568,305)
		-		
205,594	1,712,787	Repayment of long-term debt principal is an expenditure in the		
1,008	2,664,229	governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term		
136,715	163,844	liabilities in the statement of net assets.		214,968
315,459	899,529			
113,710	317,687			
141,510	141,510	Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current		(104.120)
65,872	536,482	financial resources are not reported as revenues on the funds.		(184,138)
149,968	214,968			
58,293	58,293	Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not		
30,273	30,273	require the use of current financial resources and therefore are		
1,188,129	6,709,329	not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:		
1,100,127	0,707,327			(44.670)
		Compensated Absences Accrued Interest Payable		(44,670) 1,775
8,466	142,623	Accraca interest i ayabic	_	1,773
0,400	142,023			
		Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$	(247,556)
	300	Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	Ψ	(247,330)
148,409	482,573			
(334,164)	(482,573)			
(334,104)	(462,373)			
(105 755)	200			
(185,755)	300			
(177.000)	1.42.022			
(177,289)	142,923			
650 221	6 308 362			
659,321	6,308,362			
482,032	6,451,285			
402,032	0,431,203			

Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Funds December 31, 2009

		Water	Sewer & Sewer Disposal	Refuse	Non-Major Enterprise Fund	Total
ASSETS:	_	_				
Current Assets:						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,203,174	1,080,531	123,912	4,941	2,412,558
Receivables:						
Accounts		219,339	175,265	99,960	-	494,564
Due from Other Governments		545				545
Total Current Assets		1,423,058	1,255,796	223,872	4,941	2,907,667
Capital Assets:						
Land		532,271	30,500	19,337	-	582,108
Capital Assets, net of accumulated depreciation		6,261,167	3,533,492			9,794,659
Total Capital Assets		6,793,438	3,563,992	19,337		10,376,767
Total Assets	\$	8,216,496	4,819,788	243,209	4,941	13,284,434
LIABILITIES:						
Current Liabilities:						
Accounts Payable	\$	98,285	154,148	43,945	-	296,378
Accrued Wages and Benefits		3,740	4,209	713	-	8,662
Accrued Compensated Absences		14,920	14,892	3,212	-	33,024
Accrued Interest		56,597	-	-	-	56,597
Loan Payable	:	173,354				173,354
Total Current Liabilities		346,896	173,249	47,870		568,015
Noncurrent Liabilities:						
Accrued Compensated Absences		48,524	48,429	10,446	-	107,399
Loan Payable	:	3,942,809				3,942,809
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		3,991,333	48,429	10,446		4,050,208
Total Liabilities		4,338,229	221,678	58,316		4,618,223
NET ASSETS:						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		2,677,275	3,563,992	19,337	-	6,260,604
Unrestricted	:	1,200,992	1,034,118	165,556	4,941	2,405,607
Total Net Assets		3,878,267	4,598,110	184,893	4,941	8,666,211
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$	8,216,496	4,819,788	243,209	4,941	13,284,434

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

		W	Sewer & Sewer	D. C	Non-Major Enterprise	W . 1
ODED A MINIO DEVIENTIES	-	Water	Disposal	Refuse	Fund	Total
OPERATING REVENUES:	Ф	1 202 500	1 057 454	500.067	2.162	2 0 42 072
Charges for Services	\$	1,293,590	1,057,454	589,867	2,162	2,943,073
Total Operating Revenues		1,293,590	1,057,454	589,867	2,162	2,943,073
OPERATING EXPENSES:						
Personnel Services		256,282	287,071	55,366	2,338	601,057
Fringe Benefits		121,485	137,140	20,373	341	279,339
Contractual Services		132,304	203,415	501,041	-	836,760
Materials and Supplies		124,814	113,031	22,555	693	261,093
Utilities		90,354	162,619	1,866	-	254,839
Other Operating Expenses		774	-	-	-	774
Depreciation		288,674	352,039	-	-	640,713
1						
Total Operating Expenses		1,014,687	1,255,315	601,201	3,372	2,874,575
Operating Income (Loss)		278,903	(197,861)	(11,334)	(1,210)	68,498
NON OPERATING PENERALES (EXPENSES)						
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):		(104.046)				(104.046)
Interest Expense		(104,946)				(104,946)
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)		(104,946)				(104,946)
Income (Loss) before Operating Transfers and Contributions		173,957	(197,861)	(11,334)	(1,210)	(36,448)
Capital Contributions		-	30,000	-	-	30,000
•			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		·	·
Change in Net Assets		173,957	(167,861)	(11,334)	(1,210)	(6,448)
Net Assets, Beginning of Year		3,704,310	4,765,971	196,227	6,151	8,672,659
Net Assets, End of Year	\$	3,878,267	4,598,110	184,893	4,941	8,666,211

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

		Water	Sewer & Sewer Disposal	Refuse	Non-Major Enterprise Fund	Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:						
Cash Received from Customers	\$	1,285,974	1,066,661	589,613	2,187	2,944,435
Cash Paid for Personnel and Benefits		(371,587)	(419,920)	(74,188)	(2,679)	(868,374)
Cash Paid to Goods and Services		(305,186)	(344,297)	(522,711)	(693)	(1,172,887)
Other Operating Expenses	-	(1,024)				(1,024)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		608,177	302,444	(7,286)	(1,185)	902,150
operating retrities	=	000,177	302,111	(7,200)	(1,103)	702,130
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:						
Principal Paid on Long-Term Liabilities		(136,463)	-	-	-	(136,463)
Interest Paid		(126,098)	-	-	-	(126,098)
Acquisition of Capital Assets	-	(247,201)	(549,852)	-		(797,053)
Net Cash Used by Capital and						
Related Financing Activities	=	(509,762)	(549,852)			(1,059,614)
Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		98,415	(247,408)	(7,286)	(1,185)	(157,464)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	=	1,104,759	1,327,939	131,198	6,126	2,570,022
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$ _	1,203,174	1,080,531	123,912	4,941	2,412,558
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:						
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	278,903	(197,861)	(11,334)	(1,210)	68,498
Adjustment to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:						
Depreciation Changes in Assets and Liabilities:		288,674	352,039	-	=	640,713
Accounts Receivable		(7,936)	9,048	(255)	25	882
Due from Other Governments		320	160	-	-	480
Accounts Payable		42,035	134,769	2,752	-	179,556
Accrued Wages & Benefits		325	286	18	-	629
Accrued Compensated Absences	=	5,856	4,003	1,533	-	11,392
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$ _	608,177	302,444	(7,286)	(1,185)	902,150
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES:						
Capital Contributions through Grants	\$		30,000			30,000

Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Fund December 31, 2009

	_	Agency Fund
ASSETS: Due from Other Governments	\$	4,135
LIABILITIES: Accounts Payable	\$	4,135

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Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

NOTE 1 – DESCRIPTION OF THE CITY AND REPORTING ENTITY

The City of Eaton (the City) is a municipal corporation established under the laws of the State of Ohio, which operates under its own charter. The City was incorporated on July 1, 1961 and operates under a Council/Manager form of government. The council members are elected by separate ballot from the municipality at large for four-year terms. Council elects one of their members to serve as Mayor annually. As a council member, the Mayor has the right to vote on all issues before council. Council appoints the City Manager, Director of Finance and Director of Law. The City Manager appoints all department managers of the City.

Reporting Entity

The reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the City consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the City. For the City of Eaton, this includes public safety (police, fire and emergency rescue), highway and streets, sanitation, water distribution, parks and recreation, public improvements, community development, building and zoning, public health and welfare, and general administrative services. Council and the City Manager have direct responsibility for these activities.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the City is financially accountable. The City is financially accountable for an organization if the City appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board; and (1) the City is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the City is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the City is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the City is obligated for the debt of the organizations. Component units may also include organizations for which the City authorizes the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes, or determines the budget. There are no blended or discretely presented component units at December 31, 2009.

Mound Hill Union Cemetery is a jointly governed organization established in accordance with Ohio Revised Code Section 759.27 through 759.48 to unite in the establishment and management of the cemetery. The Board of Cemetery Trustees consists of three members; one member from the City of Eaton Council, one member from the Washington Township Board of Trustees, and the third member appointed by the other two members. The City has no significant influence on operations. This organization does not meet the reporting entity criteria of generally accepted governmental accounting principles and, accordingly, is not included in the accompanying basic financial statements. Additional information is located in Note 15.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City of Eaton have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to local governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial principles. The City also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental and business-type activities and to its proprietary funds provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The most significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

A. Basis of Presentation

The City's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net assets and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the City as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. Eliminations have been made to minimize the "doubling up" of revenues and expenses. The statements distinguish between those activities of the City that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

The statement of net assets presents the financial condition of the governmental and business-type activities of the City at year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the City's governmental activities and for the business-type activities of the City. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the City, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the City.

Fund Financial Statements

During the year, the City segregates transactions related to certain City functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the City at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

B. Measurement Focus

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the City are included on the Statement of Net Assets.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. Measurement Focus (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation that contains a brief explanation to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Like the government-wide statements, all proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of net assets. The statement of changes in fund net assets presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net assets. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the City finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

Agency funds report only assets and liabilities; therefore, do not have a measurement focus. They do, however, use the accrual basis of accounting to recognize receivables and payables.

C. Fund Accounting

The City uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the City's major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> – The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the City for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred in accordance with the Charter and legislation of the City of Eaton and/or the general laws of the State of Ohio.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Fund Accounting (Continued)

<u>Public Safety Fund</u> – The Public Safety fund accounts for 1/2% income tax revenues that is approved by the voters of the City every three years and ambulance removal fees and contracts with townships for Fire and EMS services.

<u>Capital Improvement Fund</u> – The Capital Improvement fund accounts for that portion of municipal income tax designated by Council for the purpose of improving, constructing, maintaining, and purchasing those items necessary to enhance the operation of the City.

The other governmental funds of the City account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary fund reporting focuses on changes in net assets, financial position and cash flows. Proprietary funds are classified as either enterprise or internal service. The City has no internal service funds.

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> – Enterprise funds may be used to account for any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services. The following are the City's major enterprise funds:

<u>Water Fund</u> – To account for the provision of water treatment and distribution to the residents and commercial users of the City and some residents of the County.

<u>Sewer & Sewer Disposal Fund</u> – To account for sanitary services provided to the residents and commercial users of the City.

<u>Refuse Fund</u> – To account for the collection and disposal of refuse by the City.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the City under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the City's own programs. The City has no trust funds. The agency fund accounts for receipts to be transferred to the County Law Library. The City's agency fund is custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and does not involve measurement of results of operations.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of unearned revenue and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues – Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the City, available means expected to be received within sixty days of year-end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the City receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include income taxes, property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from income taxes is recognized in the period in which the income is earned. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 4). Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the City must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the City on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at year-end: income tax, state-levied locally shared taxes (including gasoline tax), fines and forfeitures, interest, grants, fees and rentals.

Unearned Revenue/Deferred Revenue

Unearned revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of December 31, 2009, but which were levied to finance year 2009 operations, have been recorded as unearned revenue.

On the governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as deferred revenue.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Expenses/Expenditures

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments

Cash balances of the City's funds are pooled in order to provide improved cash management. For presentation on the statement of cash flows the enterprise fund portions of pooled cash and investments is considered a cash equivalent because the City is able to withdraw revenues from these funds without prior notice or penalty. All invested funds are pooled so they are available for withdrawal at any time.

During fiscal year 2009, investments of the City were limited to the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAROhio). STAROhio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the state to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAROhio is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) as an investment company, but operates in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAROhio are valued at STAROhio's share price, which is the price the investment could be sold for on December 31, 2009. The fair value of the City's investment in the STAR Ohio pool is equal to its position in the pool.

For purposes of presentation on the statement of net assets/balance sheet, investments with an original maturity of three months or less and investments of the cash management pool are considered to be cash equivalents.

F. Materials and Supplies Inventory

On government-wide financial statements, inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used.

On fund financial statements, inventories of governmental funds are stated at cost. For all funds, cost is determined on a first-in, first-out basis. Inventory in governmental funds consists of expendable supplies held for consumption. The cost of inventory items are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund types when purchased. There was no change in the supplies inventory from 2008 to 2009.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

G. Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets and in the respective funds.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The City maintains a capitalization threshold of one thousand dollars. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not. Interest incurred during the construction of enterprise capital assets is also capitalized.

All reported capital assets are depreciated except for land and construction in progress. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Useful lives for infrastructure were estimated based on the City's historical records of necessary improvements and replacement. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Buildings and Systems15-45 yearsInfrastructure20 yearsEquipment3-15 years

H. Interfund Activity

Transfers between governmental and business-type activities on the government-wide statements are reported in the same manner as general revenues.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and are eliminated from the statement of activities. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

I. Compensated Absences

The City reports compensated absences in accordance with the provisions of GASB No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences." Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

I. Compensated Absences (Continued)

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those that the City has identified as probable of receiving payment in the future. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employee wage rates at fiscal year end taking into consideration any limits specified in the City's termination policy. The City records a liability for all accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all employees. The City records a liability for accumulated unused sick leave for all employees after three years of accumulated service.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental funds, expenditures are recognized for compensated absences when the liability for the employee has matured or is due. These amounts are recorded in the account "accrued compensated absences" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid. At December 31, 2009, there was no liability recognized in the fund financial statements. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported in the fund financial statements. In proprietary funds, the entire amount of compensated absences is reported as a fund liability.

J. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, governmental fund expenditures are recorded when the liability is incurred. However, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which will be paid from governmental funds, are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they mature or are due for payment during the current year. Long-term loans are recognized as a liability on the fund financial statements when due.

K. Fund Balance Reserves

The City reserves those portions of fund balance which are legally segregated for a specific future use or which do not represent expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriation or expenditure. As a result, encumbrances and materials and supplies inventories are recorded as a reservation of fund balance.

L. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the City or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

L. Net Assets (Continued)

The City applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

M. Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the City, these revenues are charges for services for wastewater treatment, water and sewer services, and collection and disposal of refuse. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the good or service that are the primary activity of the fund.

N. Contributions of Capital

Contributions of capital in proprietary fund financial statements arise from outside contributions of capital assets or from grants or outside contributions of resources restricted to capital acquisition and construction.

O. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

NOTE 3 – CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

Protection of the City's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Company (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution, or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

State statutes require the classification of monies held by the City into three categories.

Active Monies – Those monies required to be kept in "cash" or "near-cash" statues for the immediate use of the City. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the treasury, in depository accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive Monies – Those monies not required for use within the current five-year period of designation of depositories. Inactive monies may be deposited or invested as certificate of deposit maturing no later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or as savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim Monies – Those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Ohio law permits interim monies to be invested in legal securities.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

NOTE 3 – CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The City has no deposit policy for custodial risk beyond the requirements of State statute. By Ohio law, financial institutions must collateralize all public deposits. The face value of the pooled collateral must equal at least 105 percent of public funds on deposit with that specific institution. Collateral is held by trustees including the Federal Reserve Bank and designated third party trustees of the financial institutions. At December 31, 2009, the carrying amount of the City's deposits was \$5,614,094 and the bank balance was \$5,961,191. Of the bank balance, \$1,114,295 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$4,843,326 was exposed to custodial risk and was collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institutions trust department or agent but not in the City's name.

<u>Investments</u>

Pursuant to the City Charter, the City is authorized to invest funds, in compliance with the Ohio Revised Code, in bonds or notes guaranteed by the United States, bonds or obligations of the State of Ohio, the State Treasurer's investment pool or deposits in eligible institutions. Maturities must be less than two years.

Interest rate risk – The City does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. In practice, the City manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the maximum maturity of its investment portfolio to approximately two years.

Credit Risk – Per the City's policy, investments are limited to those explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government, to STAR Ohio (rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's), or to high yield cash investments with authorized banks which pledge pooled securities as collateral.

Concentration of credit risk – The City places no limit on the amount that it may invest with any one issuer.

At December 31, 2009, the City's only investment was amounts on deposit with STAR Ohio, with a fair value of \$2,850,797, which is included in the "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents" amount on the Statement of Net Assets.

NOTE 4 – PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied against all real, public utilities and tangible (used in business) property located in the City.

Revenues from property taxes are used by the City pursuant to state statutes for General Fund operations and as a partial provision for payment of accrued police and fire pension costs.

Ohio law prohibits taxation of property from all taxing authorities in excess of 1% (10 mills) of assessed value without a vote of the people. Under current procedures, the City's Share is .460% (4.6 mills) of assessed value.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

NOTE 4 – PROPERTY TAXES (Continued)

Real property and public utility taxes collected during 2009 were levied in October 2008 on assessed values listed as of January 1, 2008, the lien date. One-half of these taxes were due in February 2009, with the remaining balance due in July 2009.

Tangible personal property taxes collected during 2009 had a lien and levy date of December 31, 2008. One-half of these taxes were due by April 30, 2009, with the remaining balance due in September 2009. Personal property revenue recognized represents those taxes levied for and due within the fiscal year, and collected within 60 days after fiscal year end.

Assessed values on real property are established by state law at 35% of appraised market value. A revaluation of all property is required to be completed no less than every six years with equalization adjustments in the third year following reappraisal. The last revaluation was completed in 2007. Public utility property taxes are assessed on tangible personal property as well as land and improvements at taxable value (approximately 88% of cost). Tangible personal property assessments are 25% of true value. The assessed value for 2007 upon which the 2008 collections were based was approximately \$157,467,660. The assessed value for 2008 upon which the 2009 collection was based was approximately \$158,852,960.

The Preble County Treasurer collects property taxes on behalf of all taxing districts including the City of Eaton. The County Auditor periodically remits to the City its portion of taxes collected. Property taxes may be paid on either an annual or semi-annual basis.

NOTE 5 – INCOME TAXES

Municipalities within the State of Ohio are permitted by state statute to levy an income tax up to a maximum rate of 1% subject to the approval of the local legislative body. Any rate in excess of 1% requires the approval of a majority of the eligible voters residing within the municipal corporation. The city income tax of 1.5% is levied, by ordinance. One percent (1%) of the tax is levied indefinitely and .5% was renewed by the voters of the City in November 2007. The .5% tax will expire December 31, 2010. This tax is applicable to substantially all income earned within the City. Employers within the City are required to withhold income tax on employee compensation and remit this withholding quarterly. Corporations, partnerships, and self-employed individual taxpayers are required to pay their estimated tax quarterly and file a declaration annually with the City. Residents of the City are required to pay City income taxes on income they earn outside the City; however, credit is allowed for all income taxes paid to other municipalities.

The City has a contract with the City of Hamilton, Ohio which collects income taxes for the City of Eaton for a fee equal to three and one-half percent (3 1/2%) of the gross income tax proceeds in any one year, with a \$2,500 minimum charge.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

NOTE 6 – RECEIVABLES

Receivables at December 31, 2009 consisted of current and delinquent property taxes, special assessments, accounts, intergovernmental grants, accrued interest on investments and interfund transactions. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for nonpayment of taxes and the stable condition of State programs. A summary of intergovernmental receivables follows:

		Amount
Governmental Activities:		
Local Government and Local Government Revenue Assistance	\$	105,636
Reimbursements		223
State Grants		50,881
Homestead and Rollback		37,709
Gasoline and Excise Tax		178,941
Motor Vehicle License Fees		39,675
Public Safety		1,197
Other	_	300
Total Governmental Activities	-	414,562
Business-Type Activities:		
Water	. <u>-</u>	525
Total Business-Type Activities	-	525
Total	\$	415,087

NOTE 7 - INTERFUND TRANSFERS AND BALANCES

Interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2009, consisted of the following:

		Transfer Out		
	-	Nonmajor		
			Governmental	
Transfer In		General Fund	Funds	Total
Capital Improvement Fund	\$	-	334,164	334,164
Nonmajor Governmental Funds		148,409		148,409
Total	\$	148,409	334,164	482,573

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

NOTE 7 - INTERFUND TRANSFERS AND BALANCES (Continued)

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations; to segregate money for anticipated capital projects; to provide additional resources for current operations or debt service; and to return money to the fund from which it was originally provided once a project is completed.

The City had no transfers that either do not occur on a regular basis or were inconsistent with the purpose of the fund making the transfer.

Interfund balances at December 31, 2009, consisted of the following amounts and represent charges for services or reimbursable expenses approved and authorized in 2009 but not made until 2010. These remaining balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods or services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting period, and (3) payments between funds are made. All are expected to be paid within one year.

	 Due From
	 General
Due To	Fund
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	\$ 16,207

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Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2009, was as follows:

		Balance 12/31/2008	Additions	Deductions	Balance 12/31/2009
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:	_	12/31/2006	Additions	Deductions	12/31/2009
Capital Assets, not being depreciated					
Land	\$	820,439	_	_	820,439
Construction in Progress	Ψ	1,008,956	53,829	(951,201)	111,584
Construction in 110g1655		1,829,395	53,829	(951,201)	932,023
Capital Assets, being depreciated					
Buildings		3,951,937	-	-	3,951,937
Infrastructure		2,835,711	951,201	-	3,786,912
Furniture and Equipment		4,963,448	136,062	(239,548)	4,859,962
• •		11,751,096	1,087,263	(239,548)	12,598,811
Less: Accumulated Depreciation					
Buildings		(1,181,465)	(111,095)	-	(1,292,560)
Infrastructure		(395,628)	(162,941)	-	(558,569)
Furniture and Equipment		(3,543,452)	(294,269)	239,548	(3,598,173)
		(5,120,545)	(568,305) *	239,548	(5,449,302)
Capital Assets, being depreciated, net		6,630,551	518,958		7,149,509
Capital Assets, net	\$	8,459,946	572,787	(951,201)	8,081,532
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES:					
Capital Assets, not being depreciated					
Land	\$	582,108			582,108
Capital Assets, being depreciated					
Buildings and Systems		13,501,564	686,094	-	14,187,658
Furniture and Equipment		3,937,168	169,616	(2,385)	4,104,399
		17,438,732	855,710	(2,385)	18,292,057
Less: Accumulated Depreciation					
Buildings and Systems		(5,079,805)	(507,959)	-	(5,587,764)
Furniture and Equipment		(2,750,608)	(161,411)	2,385	(2,909,634)
		(7,830,413)	(669,370)	2,385	(8,497,398)
Capital Assets, being depreciated, net		9,608,319	186,340		9,794,659
Capital Assets, net	\$	10,190,427	186,340		10,376,767

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

* Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

General Government	\$	85,782
Public Safety		173,495
Transportation		76,295
Community Development		162,941
Culture and Recreation	_	69,792
Total Depreciation Expense	\$	568,305

NOTE 9 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

Both the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund and the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System are reported using GASB Statement No. 27 "Accounting for Pensions by State and Local Governmental Employers". Substantially all City employees are covered by one of the two cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans, namely, the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund or the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System. Both funds provide retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries.

A. Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) administers three separate pension plans as described below:

- 1. **The Traditional Pension Plan** A cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan.
- 2. **The Member-Directed Plan** A defined contribution plan in which the member invests both member and employer contributions (employer contributions vest over five years at 20% per year). Under the Member-Directed Plan, members accumulate retirement assets equal to the value of member and (vested) employer contributions plus any investment earnings.
- 3. **The Combined Plan** A cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. Under the Combined Plan, OPERS invests employer contributions to provide a formula retirement benefit similar in nature to the Traditional Pension Plan benefit. Member contributions, the investment of which is self-directed by the members, accumulate retirement assets in a manner similar to the Member-Directed Plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits and annual cost-of-living adjustments to members of the Traditional Pension and Combined Plans. Members of the Member-Directed Plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report. Interested parties may obtain a copy by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, OH 43215-4642, or by calling 614-222-6701 or 800-222-7377.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

NOTE 9 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

A. Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (Continued)

The Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. For 2008, member and employer contribution rates were consistent across all three plans. While members in the state and local divisions may participate in all three plans, law enforcement and public safety divisions exist only within the Traditional Pension Plan. The 2008 member contribution rates were 10.0% of their annual covered salary to fund pension's obligations. The employer contribution rate was 14.0% of covered payroll. The City's contributions, representing 100% of employer contributions for the periods ended December 31, 2009, 2008, and 2007 were \$384,899, \$366,485, and \$339,772, respectively.

B. Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

The City of Eaton contributes to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined pension plan. OP&F provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by the Ohio State Legislature and are codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code. OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information for the plan. That report may be obtained by writing to OP&F, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164.

Plan members are required to contribute 10.0% of their annual covered salary, while employers are required to contribute 19.5% and 24.0% respectively for police officers and firefighters. The City's contributions to OP&F for the years ending December 31, 2009, 2008, and 2007 were \$193,978, \$185,685, and \$167,288, respectively, equal to the required contribution for each year.

NOTE 10 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) administers three separate pension plans: The Traditional Pension Plan—a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan; the Member-Directed Plan—a defined contribution plan; and the Combined Plan—a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and defined contribution plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits as well as post-retirement health care coverage to qualifying members of both the Traditional Pension and the Combined Plans. Members of the Member-Directed Plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits, including post-employment health care coverage.

In order to qualify for post-retirement health care coverage, age-and-service retirees under the Traditional Pension and Combined Plans must have 10 or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit. Health care coverage for disability benefit recipients and qualified survivor benefit recipients is available. The health care coverage provided by OPERS is considered to be an Other Post-employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement 12.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

NOTE 10 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

A. Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (Continued)

A portion of each employer's contribution to OPERS is set aside for the funding of post-retirement health care. The Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for employer contributions. In 2008, local government employer units contributed at 14.0% of covered payroll. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care was 7.00% from January 1 through March 31, 2009 and 5.5% from April 1 through December 31, 2009.

The Ohio Revised Code provides the statutory authority requiring public employers to fund post-retirement health care through their contributions to OPERS.

Actuarial Review: The following assumptions and calculations were based on OPERS' latest actuarial review, performed as of December 31, 2008.

Funding Method: An individual entry age actuarial cost method of valuation is used in determining the present value of OPEB. The difference between assumed and actual experience (actuarial gains and losses) becomes part of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Assets Valuation Method: All investments are carried at market value. For actuarial valuation purposes, a smoothed market approach is used. Under this approach, assets are adjusted to reflect 25% of unrealized market appreciation or depreciation on investment assets annually, not to exceed a 12% corridor.

Investment Return: The investment assumption rate for 2008 was 6.50%.

Active Employee Total Payroll: An annual increase of 4.00% compounded annually, is the base portion of the individual pay increase assumption. This assumes no change in the number of active employees. Additionally, annual pay increases, over and above the 4.00% base increase, were assumed to range from 0.50% to 6.30%.

Health Care: Health care costs were assumed to increase at the projected wage inflation rate plus an additional factor ranging from .50% to 3% for the next 6 years. In subsequent years (7 and beyond) health care costs were assumed to increase 4% (the projected wage inflation rate).

OPEB is advance-funded on an actuarially determined basis. The Traditional Pension and Combined Plans had 357,584 active contributing participants as of December 31, 2009. The number of active contributing participants for both plans used in the December 31, 2008, actuarial valuation was 356,388. The portion of City's contributions that were used to fund post-employment benefits was \$161,373. The amount of \$10.7 billion represents the actuarial value of OPERS' net assets available for OPEB at December 31, 2008. Based on the actuarial cost method used, the Actuarial Valuation as of December 31, 2008, reported the actuarially accrued liability and the unfunded actuarial accrued liability for OPEB at \$29.6 billion and \$18.9 billion, respectively.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

NOTE 10 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

A. Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (Continued)

The Health Care Preservation Plan (HCPP) adopted by the OPERS Retirement Board on September 9, 2004, was effective January 1, 2007. Member and employer contribution rates for state and local employers increased on January 1 of each year from 2006 to 2008. Rates for law and public safety employers increased over a six year period beginning January 1, 2006, with a final rate increase on January 1, 2011. These rate increases allowed additional funds to be allocated to the health care plan.

B. Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

The Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F) provides access to post-retirement health care coverage for any person who receives or is eligible to receive a monthly service, disability, or survivor benefit check or is a spouse or eligible dependent child of such person. An eligible dependent child is any child under the age of 18 whether or not the child is attending school or under the age of 22, if attending school full-time or on a 2/3 basis. The health care coverage provided by the retirement system is considered an Other Post-employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement No. 12. The Ohio Revised Code provides that health care cost paid from the funds of OP&F shall be included in the employer's contribution rate. The total police employer contribution is 19.5% of covered payroll and the total firefighter employer contribution rate is 24% of covered payroll.

The Ohio Revised Code provides the statutory authority allowing OP&F's Board of Trustees to provide health care coverage to all eligible individuals.

Health care funding and accounting is on a pay-as-you go basis. A percentage of covered payroll, as defined by the Board, is used to pay retiree health care expenses. The Board defined allocation was 6.75% of covered payroll in 2008 and 6.75% of covered payroll in 2009. In addition, since July 1, 1992, most retirees and survivors were required to contribute a portion of the cost of their health care coverage through a deduction from their monthly benefit payment. Beginning in 2001, all retirees and survivors have monthly health care contributions.

The number of participants eligible to receive health care benefits as of December 31, 2008, the date of the last actuarial valuation available, are 14,567 for Police and 10,750 for Firefighters. The City's annual contribution for 2009 that were used to fund postemployment benefits was \$51,846 for Police and \$12,402 for Firefighters. OP&F's total health care expenses for the year ending December 31, 2008, the date of the last actuarial valuation available, was \$96,472,398, which was net of members contributions of \$56,948,977.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

NOTE 11 – COMPENSATED ABSENCES

In accordance with GASB 16, the City accrues unpaid vacation as it is earned and certain portions of sick leave pay as payment becomes probable.

Vacation is accumulated based upon length of service as follows:

	35-40 Hr/Wk Employee
Employee Service	Hours Earned/Month
0 thru 5	8.0
5 thru 10	10.7
10 thru 15	12.0
15 thru 30	13.3
Over 30 years	16.0

Appointed employees, which include all department heads and division heads, shall receive 20 days vacation per year.

No more than the amount of vacation accrued in the previous twenty-four month period can be carried forward into the next calendar year without written consent of the City Manager. Without this approval, any excess is eliminated from the employee's leave balance. In the case of death, termination, or retirement, an employee (or his estate) is paid for the unused vacation up to a maximum of the two-year accrual. Amounts in excess of the two-year accrual are paid currently. Therefore, the entire liability as determined by the above policy is recognized for each fund.

All employees earn sick leave at the rate of 10 hours for each month of work completed and appointed employees receive 15 days sick leave per year.

It is the policy of the City that an employee with at least three years' service who terminates employment or whose employment is terminated with the City (for other than disciplinary reasons) is entitled to receive payment on the basis of one day's pay for each two days of accrued sick leave not to exceed 120 days for a maximum of 60 days paid. Sick leave is recorded as a long-term obligation, unless there is an indication that the obligation will be liquidated with expendable available financial resources within one year (e.g. announced retirement date).

As of December 31, 2009, the accrued liability for unpaid compensated absences was \$714,224 for all funds. The liability for unpaid compensated absences liability will be paid from the General Fund, the Public Safety, the Computerization Upgrade, the Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair, the State Highway Improvement, the Recreation Fund and the Fort St. Clair Fund special revenue funds, the Capital Improvement capital project fund and the Water, the Sewer and Sewer Disposal and the Refuse enterprise funds.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. During 2008, the City contracted with the Houston Casualty Insurance Company to provide conventional insurance protection.

The type of coverage and deductible for each is as follows:

Per Occurrence	<u>Deductible</u>
\$ 24,832,824	1,000
1,000,000/3,000,000	1,000
1,000,000/1,000,000	2,500
5,000,000	2,500
100,000	250
25,000	250
1,534,772	1,000
3,411,012	1,000*
	\$ 24,832,824 1,000,000/3,000,000 1,000,000/1,000,000 5,000,000 100,000 25,000 1,534,772

^{* \$500} for comprehensive, \$1,000 on collision

There have been no significant reductions in coverage as compared to the prior year. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past five years.

The City joined a workers' compensation group rating plan, which allows local governments to group the experience of employers for workers' compensation rating purposes. The City pays the State Workers' Compensation System a premium based on a rate per \$100 of salaries.

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Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

NOTE 13 – LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is a summary of long-term obligation activity by fund type for the year ended December 31, 2009:

	Balance			Balance	Due within
	12/31/2008	Additions	Retirements	12/31/2009	One Year
Governmental Activities:	_				
Compensated Absences	\$ 529,131	204,882	160,212	573,801	177,675
Issue II - Washington	550,000	-	27,500	522,500	55,000
Issue II - Downtown	431,250	-	37,500	393,750	37,500
Eaton Municipal Court					
Facility Bond	977,440	-	83,818	893,622	87,795
TIF - WJ/ Auk	394,487		66,150	328,337	68,526
	2,882,308	204,882	375,180	2,712,010	426,496
Business-Type Activities:					
Compensated Absences	129,031	36,514	25,122	140,423	33,024
OWDA Loan Payable	4,271,640		155,477	4,116,163	173,354
	4,400,671	36,514	180,599	4,256,586	206,378
	\$ 7,282,979	241,396	555,779	6,968,596	632,874

Long-term obligations of the City at December 31, 2009 are as follows:

			Final	Balance
<u>Issue</u>	Rate %	<u>Issued</u>	<u>Maturity</u>	Outstanding
Issue II – Downtown	0.0%	7-1-1997	1-1-2020	\$ 393,750
Issue II – Washington Road	0.0%	7-1-2008	1-1-2019	\$ 522,500
TIF Loan	3.56%	5-1-2005	4-20-2014	\$ 328,337
Eaton Municipal Court Facility Bond	4.69%	3-5-2004	3-1-2018	\$ 893,622
OWDA Loan	2.75%	1-1-2007	1-1-2027	\$ 4,116,163

Compensated absences are liquidated from the fund in which the employee is paid.

On July 1, 1997, the City entered into a loan agreement with the Ohio Public Works Commission (Issue II) for renovation of the City's downtown area. This loan was approved for a total of \$750,000 with a 0% interest rate. Proceeds were drawn down as funds were expended. As of December 31, 1999, the City had drawn down the entire \$750,000 of this loan. The repayment of this debt began in 2000. Annual required payments are \$37,500 and are paid out of the Capital Improvement Fund.

On March 5, 2003, the City issued bonds in the amount of \$1,375,000 for the purpose of paying costs of constructing the new Eaton Municipal Court Facility, including landscaping, utility and other site improvements, and furniture and equipment. The bonds carry an interest rate of 4.69% per annum and mature on March 1, 2018. The 2009 debt service payment, which includes interest, was \$128,651 and was paid out of the Municipal Court Special Projects Fund.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

NOTE 13 – LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

On April 20, 2004, the City borrowed \$550,000 under the State of Ohio Tax Increment Financing (TIF) program for the purpose of paying costs for the extension of Washington, Jackson and Aukerman Streets. The loan carries an interest rate of 3.56% per annum and will mature on April 20, 2014. Annual debt payments, which include interest, are \$79,610 and are paid out of the TIF Fund.

On January 1, 2007, the City entered into a loan agreement with the Ohio Water Development Authority (OWDA) for the construction of a new 1.5 million gallon water tower and the renovation of the main water treatment plant. This loan was approved for eligible project costs for an amount not to exceed \$5,247,302 at an interest rate of 2.75%, payable in semi-annual installments for 20 years. Established as a draw loan, the final loan amount was \$4,367,476. Debt payment began on July 1, 2008 with a 20 year repayment. The 2009 debt service payment, which includes interest, was \$262,561 and was paid out of the Water Fund.

As of December 31, 2009, the City's legal debt margin (the ability to issue additional principal amounts of general obligation bonded debt) was approximately \$16.68 million. Principal and interest requirements to retire long-term obligations outstanding at December 31, 2009 are as follows:

Governmental Activities	,
-------------------------	---

	_			00,0111111			
		Issue II	Issue II	Eaton Munic	cipal Court		
		Loan	Loan	Facility	Bond	TIF Loa	an
		Principal	Principal	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2010	\$	55,000	37,500	87,795	40,893	68,526	11,084
2011		55,000	37,500	91,961	36,728	70,987	8,623
2012		55,000	37,500	96,324	32,364	73,537	6,073
2013		55,000	37,500	100,895	27,794	76,178	3,432
2014		55,000	37,500	105,682	23,006	39,109	696
2015-2019		247,500	187,500	410,965	39,442	-	-
2020			18,750				
	\$	522,500	393,750	893,622	200,227	328,337	29,908

Business-Type Activities

	OWDA	Loan
	Principal	Interest
2010	\$ 173,354	112,011
2011	178,154	107,211
2012	183,087	102,278
2013	188,156	97,208
2014	193,366	91,999
2015-2019	1,050,171	376,653
2020-2024	1,203,839	222,985
2025-2028	946,036	52,742
	\$ 4,116,163	1,163,087

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

<u>|NOTE 14 – CONTINGENT LIABILITIES</u>

Under the terms of federal grants, periodic audits are required and certain expenditures may be questioned as not appropriate under the terms of the grants. Such audits could lead to reimbursements to the grantor agencies. It is the opinion of management that any questioned costs will be resolved in favor of the City and that reimbursement, if any, will not have a material effect on the City's financial position.

The City was a defendant in a number of lawsuits pertaining to matters, which are incidental to performing routine governmental and other functions. Legal counsel cannot estimate exposure, if any, in these suits. All cases are being defended vigorously by the City. It is the opinion of management and the City's legal counsel that sufficient resources will be available for the payment of such claims, if any, upon ultimate settlement.

NOTE 15 – JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Mound Hill Union Cemetery

One or more municipal corporations and the boards of township trustees of one or more townships established the Mound Hill Union Cemetery in accordance with Ohio Revised Code Sections 759.27 to 759.48 to unite in the establishment and management of a cemetery. The Board of Cemetery Trustees consists of three members; one member from the City of Eaton Council, one member from the Washington Township Board of Trustees, and the third member appointed by the other two members. The Board of Cemetery Trustees adopts appropriations and the cemetery serves as its own fiscal agent. For the year ended December 31, 2009, the City of Eaton contributed \$110,655 towards the general operation of the cemetery. The cemetery issues a publicly available stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained from Mound Union Hill Cemetery at 533 West Main Street, Eaton, Ohio 45320.

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REQUIRED	SUPPLEME	ENTARY IN	FORMATION	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budgetary (Non-GAAP) Basis
General Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

	Budgeted A	Amounts	Actual	Variance with
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget
REVENUES:				
Property Taxes	\$ 465,000	465,000	526,299	61,299
Municipal Income Taxes	940,000	940,000	834,196	(105,804)
Intergovernmental Revenue	414,000	414,000	591,236	177,236
Charges for Services	25,000	25,000	67,225	42,225
Licenses and Permits	50,000	50,000	156,673	106,673
Investment Income	26,000	26,000	25,369	(631)
Fees, Fines and Forfeitures	580,300	580,300	560,296	(20,004)
Other Revenue	130,000	130,000	170,142	40,142
Total Revenues	2,630,300	2,630,300	2,931,436	301,136
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
General Government	2,947,603	2,947,603	1,482,551	1,465,052
Public Safety	1,213,300	1,213,300	1,077,351	135,949
Public Health	27,150	27,150	27,129	21
Transportation	427,500	427,500	356,603	70,897
Community Development	294,500	294,500	205,097	89,403
Total Expenditures	4,910,053	4,910,053	3,148,731	1,761,322
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues Over/				
(Under) Expenditures	(2,279,753)	(2,279,753)	(217,295)	2,062,458
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Transfers Out	(228,055)	(228,055)	(148,408)	79,647
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(228,055)	(228,055)	(148,408)	79,647
Net Change in Fund Balance	(2,507,808)	(2,507,808)	(365,703)	2,142,105
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	2,485,243	2,485,243	2,485,243	-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	22,565	22,565	22,565	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 		2,142,105	2,142,105

See accompanying notes to the required supplemental information.

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in
Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budgetary (Non-GAAP) Basis
Public Safety Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

		Budgeted A	amounts	Actual	Variance with
	_	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget
REVENUES:	-	_			
Municipal Income Taxes	\$	1,080,000	1,080,000	983,158	(96,842)
Intergovernmental Revenue		140,000	140,000	185,212	45,212
Charges for Services		400,000	400,000	570,488	170,488
Other Revenue				867	867
Total Revenues		1,620,000	1,620,000	1,739,725	119,725
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
General Government		228,427	228,427	39,718	188,709
Public Safety		2,174,150	2,174,150	1,666,294	507,856
Total Expenditures		2,402,577	2,402,577	1,706,012	696,565
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over/					
(Under) Expenditures		(782,577)	(782,577)	33,713	816,290
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Sale of Capital Assets				300	300
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)				300	300
Net Change in Fund Balance		(782,577)	(782,577)	34,013	816,590
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		749,670	749,670	749,670	-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		32,907	32,907	32,907	<u> </u>
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$			816,590	816,590

See accompanying notes to the required supplemental information.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

Basis of Budgeting

Basis of budgeting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts. The City of Eaton's (the City) budget for all legislated funds are prepared on a cash-encumbrance basis wherein transactions are recorded when cash is received or disbursed, or when a commitment has been recorded as an encumbrance against an applicable appropriation. All annual appropriations lapse at year end to the extent they have not been expended or lawfully encumbered. Fund balances shown are unencumbered cash balances. This basis is utilized for all interim financial statements issued during the year.

The basis of budgeting differs from generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) used for the City's year-end financial statements contained in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). Under that basis of accounting, revenues are generally recognized when the obligation to the City arises; the budget basis however, recognizes revenue only when cash has been received. In the CAFR, expenditures are generally recognized in the period in which they are incurred. Under the budget basis, expenditures are recognized when cash has been disbursed or when an encumbrance has been placed against an appropriation.

General Budget Policies

By July 15, the City Manager submits an annual operating budget for all funds of the City, except for the Municipal Court agency fund, for the following fiscal year to the City Council for consideration and passage. No later than July 20, the adopted budget is submitted to the County Auditor for presentation to the County Budget Commission.

The County Budget Commission certifies its actions relative to the annual budget to the City by September 1. As part of this certification, the City receives an Official Certificate of Estimated Resources that states projected revenues by fund. On or about January 1, this certificate is amended to include any unencumbered fund balances from the preceding year. Prior to December 31, the City must revise its budget so that the total estimated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing fiscal year would not exceed the amount as stated on the Amended Official Certificate of Resources. The revised budget then serves as the basis of the annual appropriation ordinance.

An appropriation ordinance to control the level of expenditures must be legally enacted on or about January 1. The ordinance may be temporary in nature in that its effectiveness applies from the date on which it is enacted to the date on which a permanent appropriation ordinance must be passed. Ohio law requires the permanent appropriation ordinance to be passed no later than April 1, of the fiscal year for which it applies.

Expenditures may not exceed appropriations at the department (i.e., Administration, Council, Municipal Court, Public Maintenance, Police, Headquarters, Fire, EMS, Public Safety, etc.) level within the General Fund and at the fund level for all other budgeted funds.

Unencumbered appropriation balances lapse at year-end and revert to the respective funds from which they were originally appropriated, thus becoming available for future appropriation. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the next year.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

General Budget Policies (Continued)

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP basis), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

The Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – All Governmental Fund Types is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a relevant comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are:

- Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).
- ❖ Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP).
- ❖ Encumbrances are recorded as the equivalent of expenditures (budget) as opposed to reservation of fund balance (GAAP).

Reconciliation of GAAP Basis to Budgetary Basis

The adjustments necessary to convert results of operations at the end of the year on the GAAP basis to the budget basis are as follows:

	_	General Fund	Public Safety Fund
Net Change in Fund			
Balance - GAAP Basis	\$	(357,466)	5,495
Increase/(Decrease):			
Due to Revenues		133,830	34,518
Due to Expenditures		(158,982)	(34,342)
Other Financing Sources		1	-
Encumbrances	-	16,914	28,342
Net Change in Fund			
Balance - Budgetary Basis	\$	(365,703)	34,013

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Major Governmental Funds

General Fund – The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in a separate fund.

Public Safety Fund – To account for 1/2% income tax revenues that is approved by the voters of the City every three years.

Capital Improvement Fund – To account for various capital projects financed by governmental funds.

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budgetary (Non-GAAP) Basis General Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

		Budgeted A	mounts	Actual	Variance with
		Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget
REVENUES:					
Property Taxes:					
General	\$	465,000	465,000	522,109	57,109
Tangible Personal	-	-	-	4,190	4,190
Total Property Taxes	-	465,000	465,000	526,299	61,299
Municipal Income Taxes	-	940,000	940,000	834,196	(105,804)
Intergovernmental Revenue:					
Local Government Revenue		227,000	227,000	216,040	(10,960)
Homestead/Rollback		52,500	52,500	72,231	19,731
State Levied Shared Taxes		90,850	90,850	133,429	42,579
Inheritance		-	-	127,986	127,986
Cigarette Licenses		300	300	300	-
Liquor and Beer Permits		10,000	10,000	8,089	(1,911)
Police Firing Range		3,350	3,350	3,380	30
Other Grants	-	30,000	30,000	29,781	(219)
Total Intergovernmental Revenue	-	414,000	414,000	591,236	177,236
Charges for Services:					
General Government-Cable Franchise		25,000	25,000	67,171	42,171
Miscellaneous	-	<u> </u>		54	54
Total Charges for Services	-	25,000	25,000	67,225	42,225
Licenses and Permits		50,000	50,000	156,673	106,673
Investment Income		26,000	26,000	25,369	(631)
	=				
Fees, Fines and Forfeitures	-	580,300	580,300	560,296	(20,004)
Other Revenue	-	130,000	130,000	170,142	40,142
Total Revenues	-	2,630,300	2,630,300	2,931,436	301,136
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
General Government:					
Administration:					
Personal Services		495,850	495,850	479,547	16,303
Operating Expenses		1,559,253	1,559,253	225,181	1,334,072
Council:					
Personal Services		8,600	8,600	5,102	3,498
Operating Expenses		5,000	5,000	454	4,546
Municipal Court:					
Personal Services		727,000	727,000	652,019	74,981
Operating Expenses	-	151,900	151,900	120,248	31,652
Total General Government		2,947,603	2,947,603	1,482,551	1,465,052

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budgetary (Non-GAAP) Basis General Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2009 (Continued)

		Budgeted A	Amounts	Actual	Variance with
	_	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget
Public Safety:					
Police Division:		4 00 4 000	4.024.000		
Personal Services		1,036,000	1,036,000	921,763	114,237
Operating Expenses		115,600	115,600	99,073	16,527
Headquarters:					
Personal Services		61,700	61,700	56,515	5,185
		<u> </u>			 -
Total Public Safety		1,213,300	1,213,300	1,077,351	135,949
Public Health:					
Administration:					
Operating Expenses		27,150	27,150	27,129	21
Total Poblic Hoold		27.150	27.150	27 120	21
Total Public Health		27,150	27,150	27,129	21
Transportation:					
Traffic Lights:					
Operating Expenses		49,500	49,500	17,779	31,721
operating Emperiors		.,,,,,,	.,,,,,,	27,772	31,721
Public Maintenance:					
Personal Services		274,000	274,000	243,455	30,545
Operating Expenses		104,000	104,000	95,369	8,631
Total Transportation		427,500	427,500	356,603	70,897
Community Development					
Community Development: Building and Zoning:					
Personal Services		229,300	229,300	164,814	64,486
Operating Expenses		65,200	65,200	40,283	24,917
operating Emperiors		05,200		,202	
Total Building and Zoning		294,500	294,500	205,097	89,403
Total Expenditures		4,910,053	4,910,053	3,148,731	1,761,322
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over/					
(Under) Expenditures		(2,279,753)	(2,279,753)	(217,295)	2,062,458
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):		(220.055)	(220.055)	(1.40, 400)	70.647
Transfers Out		(228,055)	(228,055)	(148,408)	79,647
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(228,055)	(228,055)	(148,408)	79,647
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(228,033)	(228,033)	(146,406)	79,047
Net Change in Fund Balance		(2,507,808)	(2,507,808)	(365,703)	2,142,105
The Change in Fand Balance		(2,007,000)	(2,007,000)	(202,702)	2,1 .2,100
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		2,485,243	2,485,243	2,485,243	-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		22,565	22,565	22,565	
For I Dalamar For Lafty	¢.			2 1 42 107	2 1 4 2 1 2 7
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	<u>-</u>	-	2,142,105	2,142,105

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in
Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budgetary (Non-GAAP) Basis
Public Safety Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

	Budgeted A	amounts	Actual	Variance with
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget
REVENUES:				
Municipal Income Taxes \$	1,080,000	1,080,000	983,158	(96,842)
Intergovernmental Revenue:				
Federal Grants	-	-	3,405	3,405
Fire Contracts	85,000	85,000	101,691	16,691
Ambulance Contracts	55,000	55,000	80,116	25,116
Total Intergovernmental Revenue	140,000	140,000	185,212	45,212
Charges for Services:				
Ambulance Removal Fees	400,000	400,000	570,488	170,488
Total Charges for Services	400,000	400,000	570,488	170,488
Other Revenue			867	867
Total Revenues	1,620,000	1,620,000	1,739,725	119,725
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
General Government:				
Administration:				
Operating Expenses	228,427	228,427	39,718	188,709
Total General Government	228,427	228,427	39,718	188,709
Public Safety:				
Police Division:				
Personal Services	292,000	292,000	221,761	70,239
Operating Expenses	133,500	133,500	92,647	40,853
Headquarters:				
Personal Services	336,000	336,000	298,702	37,298
Operating Expenses	19,500	19,500	15,180	4,320
Fire Division:				
Personal Services	480,000	480,000	281,666	198,334
Operating Expenses	142,900	142,900	221,717	(78,817)
EMS Division:				
Personal Services	460,500	460,500	405,132	55,368
Operating Expenses	309,750	309,750	129,489	180,261
Total Public Safety	2,174,150	2,174,150	1,666,294	507,856
Total Expenditures	2,402,577	2,402,577	1,706,012	696,565
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over/				
(Under) Expenditures	(782,577)	(782,577)	33,713	816,290
				(Continued

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in
Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budgetary (Non-GAAP) Basis
Public Safety Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2009
(Continued)

	Budgeted	d Amounts	Actual	Variance with
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Sale of Capital Assets			300	300
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-		300	300
Net Change in Fund Balance	(782,577)	(782,577)	34,013	816,590
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	749,670	749,670	749,670	-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	32,907	32,907	32,907	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	<u>-</u>	816,590	816,590

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in
Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budgetary (Non-GAAP) Basis
Capital Improvement Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

		Budgeted A	Amounts	Actual	Variance with
	_	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget
REVENUES:	_				
Municipal Income Taxes	\$	1,114,010	1,114,010	1,132,127	18,117
Special Assessments		10,000	10,000	24,577	14,577
Other Revenue				334,164	334,164
Total Revenues		1,124,010	1,124,010	1,490,868	366,858
EXPENDITURES:					
Capital Outlay:					
Personal Services		340,000	340,000	311,230	28,770
Operating Expenses		1,449,053	1,449,053	593,572	855,481
Debt Service:					
Principal Payments		107,500	107,500	65,000	42,500
Total Expenditures		1,896,553	1,896,553	969,802	926,751
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over/					
(Under) Expenditures		(772,543)	(772,543)	521,066	1,293,609
(Chaot) Emperatures		(112,010)	(112,010)		1,2,0,000
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers Out		(1,120,000)	(1,120,000)		1,120,000
Total Other Einemaine Sources (Uses)		(1.120.000)	(1.120.000)		1 120 000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(1,120,000)	(1,120,000)		1,120,000
Net Change in Fund Balance		(1,892,543)	(1,892,543)	521,066	2,413,609
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		1,683,380	1,683,380	1,683,380	-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		209,163	209,163	209,163	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	2,413,609	2,413,609

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than amounts relating to permanent funds or for major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Indigent Driver Fund – Required by the Ohio Revised Code to account for DUI fines designated for education and training of indigent DUI offenders.

Enforcement & Education Fund – Required by the Ohio Revised Code to account for DUI fines designated for use by law enforcement agencies for officer drug and alcohol education and/or enforcement.

Law Enforcement Fund – To account for fines designated by a court of law for use by law enforcement agencies.

Computerization Upgrade Fund – To account for fees collected by the municipal court to fund computer related expenditures.

Municipal Court Special Projects Fund – To account for additional court costs which are to be used for construction and maintenance of a new Court building and other related Court services.

Drivers Interlock & Alcohol Monitoring Fund – Required by the Ohio Revised Code for the exclusive purpose of funding interlock and SCRAM for indigent defenders.

Street Construction, Maintenance & Repair Fund – The street construction, maintenance & repair funds is required by the Ohio Revised Code and accounts for the portion of the state gasoline tax and motor vehicle registration fees designated for maintenance of streets within the City.

State Highway Improvement Fund – Required by the Ohio Revised Code to account for that portion of the state gasoline and motor vehicle registration fees designated for maintenance of state highways within the City.

Cemetery Fund – To account for the joint operations with a Township of the Mound Hill Union Cemetery.

Recreation Fund – To account for monies received through charges for services for cultural and recreational events provided for public enjoyment.

Swimming Pool Fund – To account for the operations of the City owned swimming pool.

Robert's Bridge Fund – To account for funds set aside to maintain a local landmark.

Bicentennial Park Fund – To account for funds set aside to maintain Bicentennial Park.

Combining Statements – Nonmajor Governmental Funds (Continued)

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (Continued)

Fort St. Clair Fund – To account for the operation of Fort St. Clair Park that is owned by the Ohio Historical Society.

Small Cities Fund – To account for small cities block grant funds received from the State of Ohio.

FEMA Grant Fund – To account for revenues received from a one-time disaster relief grant.

Community Housing Fund – To account for grant funds from the State of Ohio for the rehabilitation of rental properties for low-to-moderate income families.

HOME Investment Fund – To account for grant funds from the State of Ohio for emergency housing assistance payments for low-to-moderate income families.

NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for the financial resources used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary or trust funds.

Issue II Fund – To account for funds received from the State of Ohio for the reconstruction of Washington/Jackson Road.

TIF Fund – To maintain and account for revenues associated with the Tax Incremental Financing for capital projects of the City.

NONMAJOR PERMANENT FUND

Permanent Fund are used to account for resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that support the City's programs.

Francis Trust Fund – To account for the donation received from Richard E. Francis. The principal amount donated is to remain intact with the interest revenue to be used for the general care and maintenance of the Mound Hill Union Cemetery.

Since there is only one nonmajor Permanent Fund, the **Francis Trust Fund,** no individual fund information is presented.

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds December 31, 2009

		Special Revenue Funds	Capital Project Funds	Permanent Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
ASSETS:					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	384,558	57,879	-	442,437
Investments		-	-	10,001	10,001
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):		27.000			27.000
Taxes		37,000	-	-	37,000
Accounts		580	-	-	580
Accrued Interest		-	-	12	12
Due from Other Governments		220,592	-	-	220,592
Due from Other Funds	_	16,207	<u>-</u>		16,207
Total Assets	\$	658,937	57,879	10,013	726,829
LIABILITIES:					
Accounts Payable	\$	14,781	_	12	14,793
Accrued Wages and Benefits	,	3,013	_	_	3,013
Deferred Revenue	_	226,991			226,991
Total Liabilities	_	244,785		12	244,797
FUND BALANCE:					
Reserved for:					
Encumbrances		507	-	-	507
Permanent Fund		-	-	10,000	10,000
Unreserved:				,	,
Undesignated	_	413,645	57,879	1	471,525
Total Fund Balance	_	414,152	57,879	10,001	482,032
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$_	658,937	57,879	10,013	726,829

Combining Balance Sheet
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
December 31, 2009

		Indigent Driver	Enforcement & Education	Law Enforcement	Computerization Upgrade
ASSETS:					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	30,227	4,156	6,073	12,495
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):					
Taxes		-	-	-	-
Accounts		-	-	-	-
Due from Other Governments		-	-	-	-
Due from Other Funds	-	714	25		6,075
Total Assets	\$ _	30,941	4,181	6,073	18,570
LIABILITIES:					
Accounts Payable	\$	580	-	-	-
Accrued Wages and Benefits		-	-	-	192
Deferred Revenue	_	-			-
Total Liabilities	_	580			192
FUND BALANCE:					
Reserved for:					
Encumbrances		-	-	-	-
Unreserved	-	30,361	4,181	6,073	18,378
Total Fund Balance	_	30,361	4,181	6,073	18,378
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ _	30,941	4,181	6,073	18,570

Recreation	Cemetery	State Highway Improvement	Street Construction, Maintenance & Repair	Drivers Interlock & Alcohol Monitoring	Municipal Court Special Projects Fund
20,454	-	8,440	101,658	3,550	69,769
-	37,000	-	-	-	-
-	- 1,754	16,396	202,219	223	-
				300	9,093
20,454	38,754	24,836	303,877	4,073	78,862
889	-	-	8,570	-	-
311	38,754	228 14,118	2,119 174,119	<u>-</u>	- -
1,200	38,754	14,346	184,808		
19,254	<u>-</u>	10,490	212 118,857	4,073	78,862
19,254	<u> </u>	10,490	119,069	4,073	78,862
20,454	38,754	24,836	303,877	4,073	78,862
(Continued					

Combining Balance Sheet
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
December 31, 2009
(Continued)

		Swimming Pool	Robert's Bridge	Bicentennial Park	Fort St. Clair
ASSETS:	_				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	7,075	413	1,096	24,758
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):					
Taxes		-	-	-	-
Accounts		-	-	-	580
Due from Other Governments		-	-	-	-
Due from Other Funds	-			-	
Total Assets	\$	7,075	413	1,096	25,338
LIABILITIES:					
Accounts Payable	\$	151	-	-	4,591
Accrued Wages and Benefits		-	-	-	163
Deferred Revenue	-	<u> </u>			
Total Liabilities		151			4,754
FUND BALANCE:					
Reserved for:					
Encumbrances		-	-	-	295
Unreserved		6,924	413	1,096	20,289
Total Fund Balance		6,924	413	1,096	20,584
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	7,075	413	1,096	25,338

Small Cities	FEMA Grant	Community Housing	Home Investment	Total Special Revenue Funds
_	_	69,833	24,561	384,558
		~,~~	_ :,- : -	201,220
-	-	-	-	37,000
-	-	-	-	580
-	-	-	-	220,592
				16,207
		69,833	24,561	658,937
			·	
-	-	-	-	14,781
-	-	-	-	3,013
				226,991
-				244,785
				507
-	-	69,833	24,561	507 413,645
		09,833	24,301	413,043
_	_	69,833	24,561	414,152
			21,501	111,132
_	_	69,833	24,561	658,937
		07,055	2 :,5 5 1	000,757

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds December 31, 2009

	1	Issue II	TIF	Total Capital Projects Funds
ASSETS:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	-	57,879	57,879
		<u> </u>		
Total Assets	\$	_	57,879	57,879
Total Assets	Ψ		37,077	37,077
FUND BALANCE:				
Unreserved		_	57,879	57,879
Total Fund Balance			57,879	57,879
Total Fund Datance		<u>-</u>	31,619	31,619
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$		57,879	57,879
Total Liabilities and Fund Dalance	D		31,019	31,019

Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

		Special Revenue Funds	Capital Project Funds	Permanent Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
REVENUES:					
Property Taxes	\$	35,247	117,829	-	153,076
Intergovernmental Revenue		760,368	-	-	760,368
Charges for Services		14,657	-	-	14,657
Licenses and Permits		1,890	-	-	1,890
Fees, Fines and Forfeitures		234,826	-	-	234,826
Investment Income		-	-	326	326
Other Revenue	-	31,452			31,452
Total Revenues	=	1,078,440	117,829	326	1,196,595
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
General Government		176,530	29,064	-	205,594
Public Safety		1,008	-	-	1,008
Public Health		136,390	-	325	136,715
Transportation		315,459	-	-	315,459
Community Development		113,710	-	-	113,710
Culture and Recreation		141,510	-	-	141,510
Capital Outlay		59,580	6,292	-	65,872
Debt Service:					
Principal		83,818	66,150	-	149,968
Interest	_	44,833	13,460		58,293
Total Expenditures	_	1,072,838	114,966	325	1,188,129
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues Over/					
(Under) Expenditures	-	5,602	2,863	1	8,466
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers In		148,409	-	-	148,409
Transfers Out	_		(334,164)		(334,164)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	148,409	(334,164)		(185,755)
Net Change in Fund Balances		154,011	(331,301)	1	(177,289)
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	_	260,141	389,180	10,000	659,321
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ _	414,152	57,879	10,001	482,032

Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and
Changes in Fund Balance
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

	_	Indigent Driver	Enforcement & Education	Law Enforcement	Computerization Upgrade
REVENUES:					
Property Taxes	\$	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental Revenue		-	-	-	-
Charges for Services		-	-	-	-
Licenses and Permits		-	-	-	-
Fees, Fines and Forfeitures		14,706	1,482	3,925	84,431
Other Revenue	_	<u> </u>		-	-
Total Revenues	_	14,706	1,482	3,925	84,431
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
General Government		-	-	-	75,924
Public Safety		-	-	1,008	-
Public Health		18,286	7,449	-	-
Transportation		-	-	-	-
Community Development		-	-	-	-
Culture and Recreation		-	-	-	-
Capital Outlay		-	-	-	314
Debt Service:					
Principal		-	-	-	-
Interest	_	<u> </u>			
Total Expenditures	_	18,286	7,449	1,008	76,238
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues Over/					
(Under) Expenditures	_	(3,580)	(5,967)	2,917	8,193
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers In	_				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_				
Net Change in Fund Balance		(3,580)	(5,967)	2,917	8,193
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	_	33,941	10,148	3,156	10,185
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$_	30,361	4,181	6,073	18,378

Municipal Court Special Projects Fund	Drivers Interlock & Alcohol Monitoring	Street Construction, Maintenance & Repair	State Highway Improvement	Cemetery	Recreation
_	_	_	_	35,247	_
-	-	360,670	29,244	32,744	-
-	-	10,902	-	-	3,755
-	-	1,890	-	-	-
126,209	4,073	-	-	-	-
		67			
126,209	4,073	373,529	29,244	67,991	3,755
-	_	-	_	_	-
-	-	-	_	-	-
-	-	-	-	110,655	-
-	-	286,453	29,006	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	- 70.150
29,266	-	-	-	-	78,158 -
27,200					
83,818	-	-	-	-	-
44,833					
157,917		286,453	29,006	110,655	78,158
(31,708)	4,073	87,076	238	(42,664)	(74,403)
_	-	_	_	42,664	78,745
				42,664	78,745
(31,708)	4,073	87,076	238	-	4,342
110,570		31,993	10,252		14,912
78,862	4,073	119,069	10,490		19,254
					(Continued)

Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and
Changes in Fund Balance
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2009
(Continued)

		Swimming Pool	Robert's Bridge	Bicentennial Park	Fort St. Clair
REVENUES:	_				~
Property Taxes	\$	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental Revenue		-	-	-	-
Charges for Services		-	-	-	-
Licenses and Permits		-	-	-	-
Fees, Fines and Forfeitures		-	-	-	-
Other Revenue	•	<u>-</u>		-	31,385
Total Revenues		<u>-</u> _			31,385
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
General Government		-	-	-	-
Public Safety		-	-	-	-
Public Health		-	-	-	-
Transportation		-	-	-	-
Community Development		-	-	-	-
Culture and Recreation		18,301	-	425	44,626
Capital Outlay		-	-	-	-
Debt Service:					
Principal		-	-	-	-
Interest		<u>-</u>	-	-	
Total Expenditures		18,301		425	44,626
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues Over/					
(Under) Expenditures		(18,301)		(425)	(13,241)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers In		20,000		-	7,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		20,000			7,000
Net Change in Fund Balances		1,699	-	(425)	(6,241)
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		5,225	413	1,521	26,825
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	6,924	413	1,096	20,584

Small Cities	FEMA Grant	Community Housing	Home Investment	Total Special Revenue Funds
				25.247
29,000	- 113,710	90,000	105,000	35,247 760,368
27,000	-	-	103,000	14,657
_	_	_	_	1,890
_	_	_	_	234,826
<u> </u>				31,452
29,000	113,710	90,000	105,000	1,078,440
-	-	20,167	80,439	176,530
-	-	-	-	1,008
-	-	-	-	136,390 315,459
-	113,710	-	-	113,710
-	113,/10	-	-	141,510
30,000	-	-	-	59,580
_	_	_	_	83,818
<u> </u>				44,833
30,000	113,710	20,167	80,439	1,072,838
(1,000)	<u>-</u>	69,833	24,561	5,602
	<u>-</u>			148,409
				148,409
(1,000)	-	69,833	24,561	154,011
1,000				260,141
		69,833	24,561	414,152

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

		Issue II	TIF	Total Capital Projects Funds
REVENUES:	_			
Property Taxes	\$ _		117,829	117,829
Total Revenues	-	<u>-</u>	117,829	117,829
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
General Government		-	29,064	29,064
Capital Outlay		6,292	-	6,292
Debt Service:				
Principal		-	66,150	66,150
Interest	-	-	13,460	13,460
Total Expenditures	-	6,292	108,674	114,966
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues Over/				
(Under) Expenditures	-	(6,292)	9,155	2,863
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Transfers Out	-	(334,164)		(334,164)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	(334,164)	-	(334,164)
Net Change in Fund Balance		(340,456)	9,155	(331,301)
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	-	340,456	48,724	389,180
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	<u>-</u>	57,879	57,879

Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities - Agency Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

		Balance 12/31/2008	Additions	Deductions	Balance 12/31/2009
State Patrol Transfer Fund					
Assets:					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	-	52,289	52,289	-
Due from Other Governments		4,276	4,135	4,276	4,135
Total assets	\$	4,276	56,424	56,565	4,135
Liabilities:					
Accounts Payable	\$	4,276	56,424	56,565	4,135
•					
Total Liabilities	\$	4,276	56,424	56,565	4,135
	Ψ	.,_, =			-,120

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in
Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budgetary (Non-GAAP) Basis
Indigent Driver Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with
	 Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget
REVENUES: Fees, Fines and Forfeitures	\$ 5,000	5,000	14,307	9,307
EXPENDITURES: Public Health:				
Operating Expenses	 41,207	41,207	20,288	20,919
Change in Fund Balance	(36,207)	(36,207)	(5,981)	30,226
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	 36,207	36,207	36,207	-
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ -	-	30,226	30,226

CITY OF EATON PREBLE COUNTY, OHIO

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in
Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budgetary (Non-GAAP) Basis
Enforcement & Education Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

		Budgeted A	Amounts	Actual	Variance with
		Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget
REVENUES: Fees, Fines and Forfeitures	\$	1,500	1,500	1,543	43
EXPENDITURES: Public Safety:					
Operating Expenses		11,561	11,561	7,449	4,112
Change in Fund Balance		(10,061)	(10,061)	(5,906)	4,155
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	_	10,061	10,061	10,061	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$			4,155	4,155

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in
Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budgetary (Non-GAAP) Basis
Law Enforcement Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with
	 Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget
REVENUES:				
Fees, Fines and Forfeitures	\$ -	-	3,925	3,925
EXPENDITURES:				
Public Safety:				
Operating Expenses	 3,157	3,157	1,008	2,149
Change in Fund Balance	(3,157)	(3,157)	2,917	6,074
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	 3,157	3,157	3,157	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ -	-	6,074	6,074

CITY OF EATON PREBLE COUNTY, OHIO

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in
Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budgetary (Non-GAAP) Basis
Computerization Upgrade Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

		Budgeted A	Amounts	Actual	Variance with
		Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget
REVENUES:					
Fees, Fines and Forfeitures	\$	93,000	83,000	85,187	2,187
Total Revenues	_	93,000	83,000	85,187	2,187
EXPENDITURES:					
General Government:					
Personal Services		24,300	24,300	23,604	696
Operating Expenses	=	72,539	62,539	52,926	9,613
Total Expenditures	_	96,839	86,839	76,530	10,309
Change in Fund Balance		(3,839)	(3,839)	8,657	12,496
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	_	3,839	3,839	3,839	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	-		12,496	12,496

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budgetary (Non-GAAP) Basis Municipal Court Special Projects Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

		Budgeted Amounts			Variance with
		Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget
REVENUES:	·				
Fees, Fines and Forfeitures	\$	135,000	125,000	127,399	2,399
Total Revenues	_	135,000	125,000	127,399	2,399
EXPENDITURES:					
General Government:					
Operating Expenses		106,592	96,592	29,266	67,326
Debt Service:					
Principal Payments		83,820	83,820	83,818	2
Interest		44,875	44,875	44,833	42
Total Expenditures	_	235,287	225,287	157,917	67,370
Net Change in Fund Balance		(100,287)	(100,287)	(30,518)	69,769
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	_	100,287	100,287	100,287	-
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	<u>-</u>		69,769	69,769

CITY OF EATON PREBLE COUNTY, OHIO

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in
Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budgetary (Non-GAAP) Basis
Drivers Interlock & Alcohol Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

	Budgeted Amounts		Amounts	Actual	Variance with
		Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget
REVENUES:	·				
Fees, Fines and Forfeitures	\$_	<u>-</u>		3,550	3,550
Total Revenues	_	<u>-</u>		3,550	3,550
EXPENDITURES:					
General Government:					
Personal Services		-	-	-	-
Operating Expenses		_	-	-	_
	_				
Total Expenditures	_				
Net Change in Fund Balance		-	-	3,550	3,550
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		-	-	-	-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		-	-	-	-
	_				
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ _			3,550	3,550

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budgetary (Non-GAAP) Basis Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

		Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with
	_	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget
REVENUES:	_				
Intergovernmental	\$	365,000	355,000	360,802	5,802
Charges for Services		-	-	10,945	10,945
Licenses and Permits		-	-	1,890	1,890
Other Revenue	_		<u> </u>	67	67
Total Revenues	· -	365,000	355,000	373,704	18,704
EXPENDITURES:					
Transportation					
Personal Services		269,000	269,000	257,324	11,676
Operating Expenses	-	107,753	97,753	27,984	69,769
Total Expenditures	-	376,753	366,753	285,308	81,445
Net Change in Fund Balance		(11,753)	(11,753)	88,396	100,149
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		11,547	11,547	11,547	-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	-	206	206	206	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	-		100,149	100,149

CITY OF EATON PREBLE COUNTY, OHIO

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in
Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budgetary (Non-GAAP) Basis
State Highway Improvement Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

		Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with
		Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget
REVENUES:					
Intergovernmental	\$	27,500	27,500	29,254	1,754
EXPENDITURES:					
Transportation:					
Personal Services		32,300	32,300	28,999	3,301
Operating Expenses		3,385	3,385		3,385
Total Expenditures		35,685	35,685	28,999	6,686
Change in Fund Balance		(8,185)	(8,185)	255	8,440
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	_	8,185	8,185	8,185	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	-	-	8,440	8,440

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in
Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budgetary (Non-GAAP) Basis
Cemetery Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

		Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with
	_	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget
REVENUES:	_			_	
Property Taxes	\$	50,500	50,500	62,940	12,440
Intergovernmental		4,100	4,100	5,052	952
Total Revenues		54,600	54,600	67,992	13,392
EXPENDITURES:					
Public Health:					
Operating Expenses		110,655	110,655	110,655	
Total Expenditures		110,655	110,655	110,655	<u> </u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over/					
(Under) Expenditures		(56,055)	(56,055)	(42,663)	13,392
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers In		56,055	56,055	42,663	(13,392)
Net Change in Fund Balance		-	-	-	-
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>		
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	<u>-</u> _	<u>-</u>		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in
Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budgetary (Non-GAAP) Basis
Recreation Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

	_	Budgeted A	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES:	_		<u> </u>		
Charges for Services	\$	2,500	2,500	3,755	1,255
Total Revenues		2,500	2,500	3,755	1,255
EXPENDITURES:					
Culture and Recreation:					
Personal Services		68,800	56,800	53,357	3,443
Operating Expenses		49,738	41,738	24,727	17,011
Total Expenditures		118,538	98,538	78,084	20,454
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over/					
(Under) Expenditures		(116,038)	(96,038)	(74,329)	21,709
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers In		100,000	80,000	78,745	(1,255)
Net Change in Fund Balance		(16,038)	(16,038)	4,416	20,454
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		16,038	16,038	16,038	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$			20,454	20,454

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in
Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budgetary (Non-GAAP) Basis
Swimming Pool Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

	Budgeted Amounts			Actual	Variance with
		Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget
REVENUES:	_				
Total Revenues	\$	-	-	-	-
EXPENDITURES:					
Culture and Recreation:					
Operating Expenses	-	25,277	25,277	18,203	7,074
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over/					
(Under) Expenditures		(25,277)	(25,277)	(18,203)	7,074
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers In	-	20,000	20,000	20,000	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(5,277)	(5,277)	1,797	7,074
		(=,=)	(-,,	-,	.,
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		5,277	5,277	5,277	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	_	-	7,074	7,074

CITY OF EATON PREBLE COUNTY, OHIO

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in
Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budgetary (Non-GAAP) Basis
Roberts Bridge Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

		Budgeted A	mounts	Actual	Variance with
		Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget
REVENUES:	¢.				
Total Revenues	\$	-	-	-	-
EXPENDITURES:					
Culture and Recreation:					
Operating Expenses		413	413		413
Net Change in Fund Balance		(413)	(413)	-	413
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		413	413	413	<u>-</u>
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	-	-	413	413

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in
Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budgetary (Non-GAAP) Basis
Bicentennial Park Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

		Budgeted A	mounts	Actual	Variance with
		Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget
REVENUES:					
Other Revenue	\$	-	-	-	-
EXPENDITURES: Culture and Recreation: Operating Expenses		1,521	1,521	425	1,096
Net Change in Fund Balance		(1,521)	(1,521)	(425)	1,096
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	_	1,521	1,521	1,521	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	-	-	1,096	1,096

CITY OF EATON PREBLE COUNTY, OHIO

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in
Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budgetary (Non-GAAP) Basis
Fort St. Clair Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

		Budgeted A	Amounts	Actual	Variance with
	_	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget
REVENUES:	_				
Other Revenue	\$	29,700	18,200	31,724	13,524
Total Revenues	-	29,700	18,200	31,724	13,524
EXPENDITURES:					
Culture and Recreation:					
Personal Services		61,950	28,450	23,738	4,712
Operating Expenses	-	46,447	38,447	20,190	18,257
Total Expenditures	-	108,397	66,897	43,928	22,969
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over/					
(Under) Expenditures		(78,697)	(48,697)	(12,204)	36,493
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers In	-	50,000	20,000	7,000	(13,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	50,000	20,000	7,000	(13,000)
Net Change in Fund Balance		(28,697)	(28,697)	(5,204)	23,493
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	-	28,697	28,697	28,697	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$			23,493	23,493

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in
Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budgetary (Non-GAAP) Basis
Small Cities Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

		Budgeted A	mounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget
		Original	Final		
REVENUES: Intergovernmental Revenue	\$	29,000	29,000	29,000	-
EXPENDITURES: Capital Outlay	_	30,000	30,000	30,000	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(1,000)	(1,000)	(1,000)	-
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		1,000	1,000	1,000	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	-	-	_	-

CITY OF EATON PREBLE COUNTY, OHIO

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in
Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budgetary (Non-GAAP) Basis
FEMA Grant Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

		Budgeted A	Amounts	Actual	Variance with
		Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget
REVENUES:					
Intergovernmental Revenue	\$	130,995	113,710	113,710	-
EXPENDITURES:					
Public Safety:					
Operating Expenses	-				
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over/					
(Under) Expenditures		130,995	113,710	113,710	-
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers-Out	-	(130,995)	(113,710)	(113,710)	
Net Change in Fund Balance					
Net Change in Fund Barance		-	-	_	_
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	-				
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	-			

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in
Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budgetary (Non-GAAP) Basis
Community Housing Improvement Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

		Budgeted A	mounts	Actual	Variance with
		Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget
REVENUES:					
Intergovernmental Revenue	\$	217,000	56,000	90,000	34,000
EXPENDITURES:					
Transportation:					
Operating Expenses	_	217,000	56,000	20,167	35,833
Net Change in Fund Balance		-	-	69,833	69,833
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year					
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	<u>-</u> _	-	69,833	69,833

CITY OF EATON PREBLE COUNTY, OHIO

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in
Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budgetary (Non-GAAP) Basis
Home Investment Partnership Grant Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

		Budgeted A	Amounts	Actual	Variance with
		Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget
REVENUES: Intergovernmental Revenue	\$	283,000	105,000	105,000	-
EXPENDITURES: General Government:					
Operating Expenses	_	283,000	105,000	80,439	24,561
Net Change in Fund Balance		-	-	24,561	24,561
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	_	<u>-</u>			_
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	<u>-</u> _		24,561	24,561

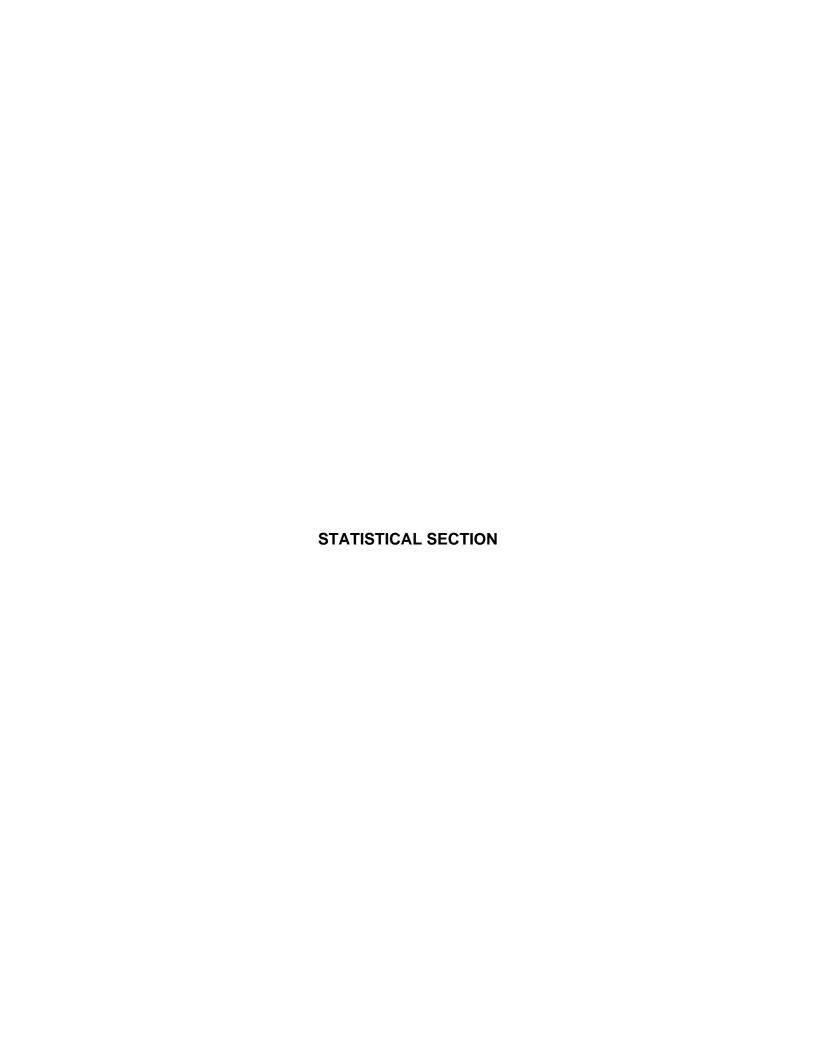
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in
Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budgetary (Non-GAAP) Basis
Issue II Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

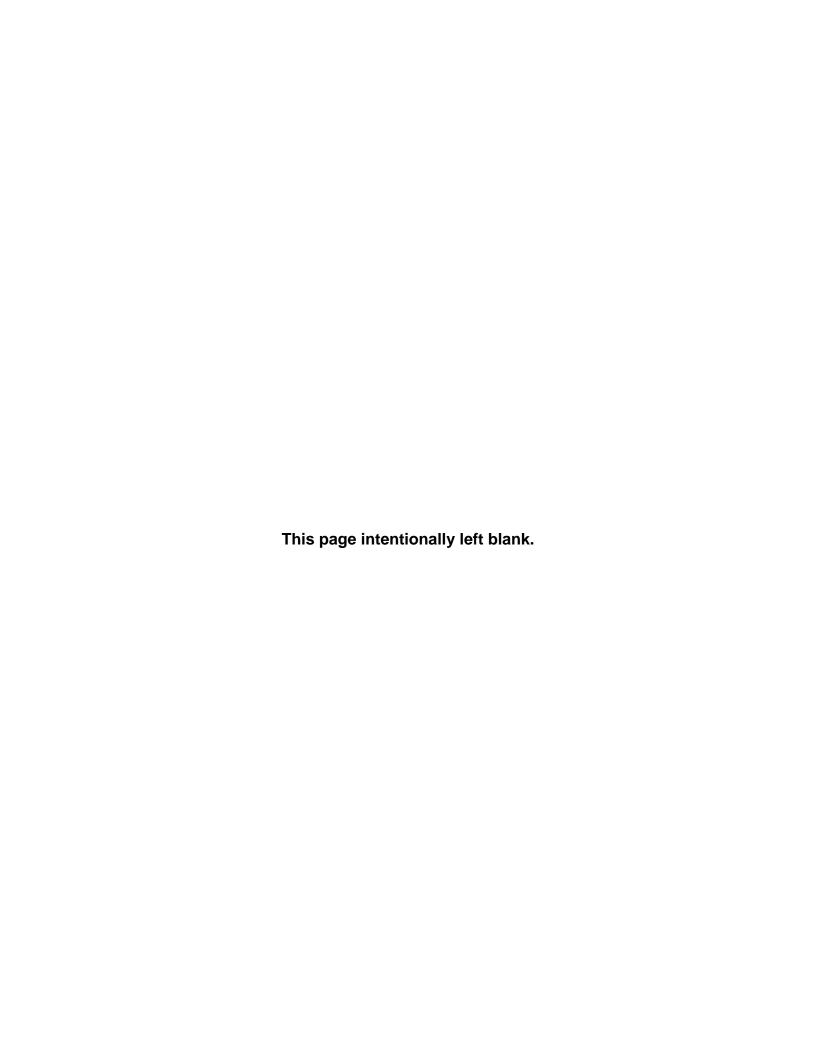
		Budgeted A	Amounts	Actual	Variance with
	-	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget
REVENUES:	-				
Intergovernmental Revenue	\$	400,000	-	-	-
EXPENDITURES:					
Capital Outlay:					
Operating Expenses		1,527,460	8,070	8,070	-
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over/					
(Under) Expenditures		(1,127,460)	(8,070)	(8,070)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Loan Proceeds		333,365	335,365	335,365	-
Transfers In		1,120,000	-	-	-
Advances Out		(332,773)	(334,163)	(334,163)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		1,120,592	1,202	1,202	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(6,868)	(6,868)	(6,868)	-
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		1,185	1,185	1,185	-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		5,683	5,683	5,683	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	-	-	-	-

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in
Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budgetary (Non-GAAP) Basis
TIF Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

		Budgeted A	mounts	Actual	Variance with
		Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget
REVENUES:					
Property Taxes	\$_	75,000	117,800	117,829	29
Total Revenues	-	75,000	117,800	117,829	29
EXPENDITURES:					
Capital Outlay:					
Operating Expenses		44,410	87,210	29,064	58,146
Debt Service:					
Principal Payments		66,150	66,150	66,150	-
Interest	_	13,165	13,165	13,460	(295)
Total Expenditures	-	123,725	166,525	108,674	57,851
Net Change in Fund Balance		(48,725)	(48,725)	9,155	57,880
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	_	48,725	48,725	48,725	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$			57,880	57,880

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Statistical Tables

This part of the City's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Contents

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the

City's financial position has changed over time.

Revenue CapacityS-10 – S-15
These schedules contain information to help the reader understand and assess the

factors affecting the City's ability to generate its most significant local revenue sources, the property tax and income tax.

Debt Capacity S-16 – S-18

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Economic and Demographic Information S-19 – S-20

These schedules offer economic and demographic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place and to provide information that facilitates comparisons of financial information over time and among governments.

Operating Information S-21-S-23

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.

Sources Note:

Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year. The City implemented GASB Statement 34 in 2002; schedules presenting government-wide information include information beginning in that year.

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CITY OF EATON
PREBLE COUNTY, OHIO

Net Assets by Component, Last Eight Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

		2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002
Governmental Activities: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	↔	5,943,323	6,106,769	5,169,206	4,931,849	5,002,316	3,550,036	3,016,949	4,003,628
Debt Service					٠	10,388	29,968	٠	ı
Special Revenue		1,292,106	1,310,038	1,672,796	1,285,819	1,237,373	1,044,279	1,071,313	382,501
Capital Projects		2,858,273	2,582,544	2,695,609	2,737,759	2,147,810	2,267,020	2,392,615	1,694,187
Nonexpendable		10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000
Unrestricted	I	2,212,656	2,554,563	2,405,108	1,708,875	1,054,211	1,829,189	1,920,539	2,099,002
Total governmental activities net assets	∽	12,316,358	12,563,914	11,952,719	10,674,302	9,462,098	8,730,492	8,411,416	8,189,318
Business-Type Activities: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	∽	6,260,604	5,918,787	5,225,983	5,112,690	4,982,708	4,797,377	4,487,336	4,089,355
Unrestricted	I	2,405,607	2,753,872	3,272,465	2,888,212	2,220,903	1,732,586	1,273,897	1,291,933
Total business-type activities net assets	9	8,666,211	8,672,659	8,498,448	8,000,902	7,203,611	6,529,963	5,761,233	5,381,288
Primary Government Transacted in consist according dasht	¥	12 202 027	755 500 01	10.205.180	10.044.530	20 08 20 0	0 247	200 703 1	8 002 083
Restricted)	4,160,379	3,902,582	4,378,405	4,033,578	3,405,571	3,351,267	3,473,928	2,086,688
Unrestricted	I	4,618,263	5,308,435	5,677,573	4,597,087	3,275,114	3,561,775	3,194,436	3,390,935
	9	20,982,569	21,236,573	20,451,167	18,675,204	16,665,709	15,260,455	14,172,649	13,570,606

Note: The City began to report accrual information when it implemented GASB Statement 34 in fiscal year 2002.

Changes in Net Assets, Last Eight Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

		2009	2008	2007
Expenses:	_			
Governmental Activities:				
General Government	\$	2,157,151	2,226,446	2,450,191
Public Safety		2,870,220	2,777,561	2,580,232
Public Health		163,844	277,929	154,688
Transportation		976,734	1,415,615	1,249,885
Community Development		456,028	326,122	349,374
Culture and Recreation		235,175	173,279	86,872
Interest on Long-Term Debt		56,518	62,658	70,438
Total Governmental Activities Expenses		6,915,670	7,259,610	6,941,680
Business-Type Activities:				
Water		1,119,633	1,292,642	1,003,774
Sewer		1,255,315	1,095,245	993,485
Refuse		601,201	582,746	620,992
Other Business-Type Acivities		3,372	-	17
Total Business-Type Activities Expenses		2,979,521	2,970,633	2,618,268
Total Primary Government Expenses	\$	9,895,191	10,230,243	9,559,948
Program Revenues: Governmental Activities: Charges for Services:				
General Government	\$	869,559	937,611	1,054,233
Public Safety	Ψ	737,388	657,378	711,487
Public Health		16,188	13,747	11,191
Transportation		-	-	-
Community Development		160,976	105,295	114,901
Culture and Recreation		3,755	3,675	3,900
Total Charges for Services		1,787,866	1,717,706	1,895,712
Operating Grants and Contributions:				
Public Safety		3,405	5,960	7,000
Transportation		-	5,700	7,000
Community Development		195,000	29,308	295,751
Culture and Recreation		13,520	18,413	14,030
Total Operating Grants and Contributions		211,925	53,681	316,781
Total Operating Grants and Contributions		211,923	33,081	310,761
Capital Grants and Contributions:				
Public Safety		_	-	_
Public Health		_	-	_
Transportation		120,939	200,000	_
Community Development		29,000	30,000	31,000
Culture and Recreation		-	-	-
Total Capital Grants and Contributions		149,939	230,000	31,000
Total Governmental Activities		1.,,,,,,,		21,300
Program Revenues		2,149,730	2,001,387	2,243,493

	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002
,	2 202 227	1 941 644	2 100 969	1 947 496	1 707 012
	2,292,327 2,499,063	1,841,644 2,391,588	2,109,868 2,171,369	1,847,486 2,180,635	1,787,812 2,069,768
4	149,790	137,836	171,062	148,194	155,547
	1,140,312	954,615	450,405	967,800	986,280
	562,329	338,883	683,209	208,519	193,767
	105,966	127,088	196,266	268,863	169,256
	72,797	77,514	73,212	52,923	-
_	6,822,584	5,869,168	5,855,391	5,674,420	5,362,430
	0,022,301	2,002,100	3,033,371	3,071,120	3,302,130
	799,655	962,433	674,554	749,140	751,735
	997,632	927,580	797,216	759,188	743,713
	481,251	475,803	462,213	506,051	489,692
	120	12,147	15,589	27,636	30,644
2	2,278,658	2,377,963	1,949,572	2,042,015	2,015,784
	9,101,242	8,247,131	7,804,963	7,716,435	7,378,214
	0.50.454	7 00.01 3	7.0.101	0.4.5.400	044.005
	869,171	798,013	768,181	846,408	814,805
	123,144	130,849	130,667	165,807	206,305
	9,101	11,668	9,019	8,144	18,195
	337,472	207,122	230,617	159,612	137,191
	16,509	8,805	44,288	38,077	69,716
	1,355,397	1,156,457	1,182,772	1,218,048	1,246,212
	,,				
	4,825	1,000	-	-	-
	-	-	-	10,463	-
	220,869	-	-	-	-
	19,489	16,602	14,931	17,990	25,100
	245,183	17,602	14,931	28,453	25,100
	511,305	117,365	29,654	-	-
	-	-	-	19,602	-
	127,565	129,064	257,542	-	-
	35,000	37,000	36,828	176,562	111,073
		137,719		-	-
	673,870	421,148	324,024	196,164	111,073
	2,274,450	1,595,207	1,521,727	1,442,665	1,382,385
					(Continued)

Changes in Net Assets, Last Eight Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) (Continued)

(Collin	iucu)			
		2009	2008	2007
Business-Type Activities:	_	·		
Charges for Services:				
Water		1,293,590	1,351,776	1,385,725
Sewer		1,057,454	1,132,523	1,136,155
Refuse		589,867	583,552	579,618
Other Business-Type Acivities		2,162	1,580	1,116
Total Charges for Services		2,943,073	3,069,431	3,102,614
Capital Grants and Contributions: Water		-	-	_
Sewer		30,000	67,712	-
Total Capital Grants and Contributions		30,000	67,712	_
Total Business-Type Activities				
Program Revenues		2,973,073	3,137,143	3,102,614
Total Primary Government		2,773,073	3,137,143	3,102,014
Program Revenues		5,122,803	5,138,530	5,346,107
N.4 (Ferrance)/Demonstra				
Net (Expense)/Revenue: Governmental Activities		(4.765.040)	(5.259.222)	(4 600 107)
Business-Type Activities		(4,765,940)	(5,258,223)	(4,698,187) 484,346
		(6,448)	166,510	404,340
Total Primary Government		(4.552.200)	(5.004.540)	(4.040.044)
Net (Expense)/Revenue		(4,772,388)	(5,091,713)	(4,213,841)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Assets: Governmental Activities:				
Taxes:				
Property Taxes, Levied for:				
General Purposes		526,299	555,204	591,086
Cemetery		35,247	42,871	50,337
Community Development		117,829	210,976	19,026
Municipal Iincome		2,771,305	3,556,558	3,810,742
Grants and Contributions not				
Restricted to Specific Programs		982,181	1,116,326	985,586
Investment Income		22,399	204,656	435,262
Gain (Loss) on Sale of Capital Assets		300	20,540	1,251
Other Revenue		62,824	162,287	83,314
Total General Revenues,				
Governmental Activities		4,518,384	5,869,418	5,976,604
Business-Type Activities:				
Gain on Sale of Capital Assets			7,701	13,200
Total General Revenues,				
Business-Type Activities			7,701	13,200
Change in Net Assets:				
Governmental Activities		(247,556)	611,195	1,278,417
Business-Type Activities		(6,448)	174,211	497,546
Total Change in Net Assets,				
Primary Government	\$	(254,004)	785,406	1,775,963

Note: The City began to report accrual information when it implemented GASB Statement 34 in fiscal year 2002.

2006	2005	2004	2003	2002
1,336,688 1,138,587	1,245,084 1,231,520	1,099,204 959,627	1,052,010 803,960	812,272 813,870
513,757	527,259	491,855	492,123	479,400
3,245 2,992,277	3,014,611	<u>17,627</u> 2,568,313	22,405	27,645
2,992,211	5,014,011	2,308,313	2,370,496	2,133,167
- 92 672	- 27,000	2,828	51,462	17,131
83,672 83,672	37,000 37,000	147,161 149,989	51,462	96,450 113,581
	37,000	110,000	31,102	113,301
3,075,949	3,051,611	2,718,302	2,421,960	2,246,768
5 250 200	4 (4(010	4 2 40 020	2.964.635	2 (20 152
5,350,399	4,646,818	4,240,029	3,864,625	3,629,153
(4,548,134) 797,291	(4,273,961) 673,648	(4,333,664) 768,730	(4,231,755) 379,945	(3,980,045) 230,984
	073,046	708,730	317,743	230,964
(3,750,843)	(3,600,313)	(3,564,934)	(3,851,810)	(3,749,061)
702,920	593,900	608,928	572,948	581,914
57,589	64,072	68,162	62,689	-
- 2 912 240	- 2 242 517	2 052 405	2 800 462	- 2 400 120
3,812,240	3,343,517	3,053,495	2,809,463	2,498,138
828,139	788,963	846,990	918,067	814,859
329,882 2,748	181,468	62,328	59,086	78,132 (41,144)
26,820	33,647	12,837	31,600	19,672
5,760,338	5,005,567	4,652,740	4,453,853	3,951,571
				500
				7 00
				500
1,212,204	731,606	319,076	222,098	(28,474)
797,291	673,648	768,730	379,945	231,484
2,009,495	1,405,254	1,087,806	602,043	203,010
2,009,495	1,405,254	1,087,806	602,043	203,010

CITY OF EATON
PREBLE COUNTY, OHIO
Fund Balances, Governmental Funds,
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

		2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002		2000
General Fund:										ı	
Reserved	∻	4,904	21,816	12,200	3,737	5,493	5,105	5,105	15,882		3,000
Unreserved	ļ	2,303,907	2,644,461	2,541,303	1,901,458	1,247,574	1,352,774	1,832,260	2,534,598		2,463,678
Total General Fund	↔	2,308,811	2,666,277	2,553,503	1,905,195	1,253,067	1,357,879	1,837,365	2,550,480	2,624,151	2,466,678
All Other Governmental Funds											
Reserved	↔	168,795	219,566	203,587	239,943	62,526	315,577	376,349	145,280	81,877	77,712
Unreserved, reported in:											
Special Revenue Funds		1,320,502	1,134,813	1,503,283	951,162	998,100	840,195	764,079	305,750	496,590	385,635
Debt Service Fund					•	10,388	29,968				
Capital Projects Fund		2,653,176	2,287,706	2,261,002	2,357,206	2,040,796	2,430,576	2,142,362	1,502,068	1,141,169	664,147
Permanent Fund	ļ	1	1	1	25	1	1	1	1	1	1
Total All Other Governmental Funds \$ 4,142,474	\$	4,142,474	3,642,085	3,967,872	3,548,336	3,111,810	3,616,316	3,282,790	1,953,098	1,719,636	1,127,494
Total Governmenntal Funds	\$	\$ 6,451,285	6,308,362	6,521,375	5,453,531	4,364,877	4,974,195	5,120,155	4,503,578	4,343,787	3,594,172

CITY OF EATON
PREBLE COUNTY, OHIO
Changes in Fund Balance, Governmental Funds,
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

f	Į	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001	2000
Kevenues:											
Property Taxes	S	679,375	809,051	660,449	760,509	657,972	675,172	635,637	581,914	608,408	577,453
Municipal Income Taxes		2 913 006	3 585 896	3 703 958	3 782 344	3 331 069	3 016 876	2 859 663	2 663 915	3 049 209	2 984 205
T. t.		1 500 040	1 560 100	1 220 144	1 225 060	1 221 407	1 276 623	1 172 456	1,000,1	014 572	1,00,100
mergovernmental revenue		1,329,042	1,000,123	1,229,744	1,333,000	1,331,407	1,270,022	1,17,430	1,020,739	516,515	1,144,41/2
Charges for Services		654,349	545,956	756,303	540,843	174,829	84,439	78,689	108,628	98,104	50,464
Licenses and Permits		162,066	107,074	159,949	133,518	157,333	160,156	163,977	138,471	220,970	201,297
Fees. Fines and Forfeitures		790,790	916.650	1.034,110	857.555	718,834	724.765	813,335	830.729	825,475	760.857
Cassial Assessments		775 70	33 671	05 144	ALL 55	71 670	60 280	69 740	60.087	67 415	10 203
Special Assessments		77,0,7	7,0,77	7,144	55,774	71,079	09,380	08,/40	180,60	0/,413	10,393
Investment Income		22,399	204,656	435,262	329,882	181,468	62,329	29,086	78,132	156,717	219,105
Other Revenue		76,348	180,699	83,314	63,890	76,430	97,516	27,466	122,702	78,046	41,420
Total Revenues	ı l	6,851,952	7,933,776	8,198,233	7,859,383	6,701,021	6,167,255	5,880,049	5,614,317	6,018,917	5,989,666
Expendiules											
Current:											
General Government		1,712,787	1,884,405	1,851,892	1,694,048	1,606,632	1,774,623	1,534,544	1,507,695	1,471,988	1,337,974
Public Safety		2,664,229	2,597,045	2,425,488	2,367,151	2,231,878	1,955,748	2,137,702	1,796,840	1,767,507	1,748,473
Public Health		163,844	277,929	154,688	149,790	137,836	27,129	148,193	155,547	139,717	130,404
Transportation		899,529	1,313,280	1,030,897	1,126,438	910,360	516,551	550,809	480,413	481,053	475,059
Community Development		317,687	208,361	238.791	457.345	239,624	619,470	157,179	138,655	147,659	142,737
Culture and Recreation		141.510	101.737	88,466	70,664	91.786	145,853	128,657	156,221	157.287	169.411
Camital Outlay		536.482	2 088 793	1 099 687	692 281	1 906 490	1 659 692	1 881 144	1 217 587	1 072 541	1 456 289
Debt Service:		100,000	1,000,1	1,00,000	101,100	1,000,1	1,0,000,	1,100,1	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	1,0,1	1,00,00
Principal		214 968	181 377	175 538	140.450	107 131	103 977	009 69	37 500	37 500	18.750
Interest		58,293	64,402	70,260	75,310	78,602	70,673	32,244			
Total Expenditures	ı	6.709.329	8.717.329	7.135.707	6.773.477	7.310.339	6.873.716	6.640.072	5.490.458	5.275.252	5.479.097
	ı						2 (2)	1 060 060		10160116	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	!	142,623	(783,553)	1,062,526	1,085,906	(609,318)	(706,461)	(760,023)	123,859	743,665	510,569
•	I										
Other Financing Sources(Uses)			!					!			
Sale of Capital Assets		300	20,540	5,318	2,748		10,501	1,600	35,932	5,950	6,929
General Long-Term Debt Issued		1	550,000	1	1	1	550,000	1,375,000		1	
Transfers In		482,573	659,194	88,434	91,028	561,727	584,637	124,425	106,635	90,568	372,187
Transfers Out	ı	(482,573)	(659,194)	(88,434)	(91,028)	(561,727)	(584,637)	(124,425)	(106,635)	(90,568)	(372,187)
Total Other Financing											
Sources/(Uses)	I	300	570,540	5,318	2,748	1	560,501	1,376,600	35,932	5,950	9,929
Net Changes in Fund Balances	ı	142,923	(213,013)	1,067,844	1,088,654	(609,318)	(145,960)	616,577	159,791	749,615	520,498
Debt service as a percentage of											
noncapital expenditures		4.19%	3.58%	3.76%	3.32%	3.41%	3.25%	1.96%	0.79%	0.78%	0.39%

Income Tax by Payer Type and Income Tax Rate
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(cash basis of accounting)

	Ind	lividual	Total			Income
Year	Withholding	Non-Withholding	Individual	Corporate	Total	Tax Rate
2000	2,417,616.00	172,206.00	2,589,822.00	563,626.00	3,153,448.00	1.50%
2000	2,469,226.00	168,490.00	2,637,716.00	529,828.00	3,167,544.00	1.50%
2002	2,434,807.00	168,986.00	2,603,793.00	216,681.00	2,820,474.00	1.50%
2003	2,547,464.00	266,974.00	2,814,438.00	186,669.00	3,001,107.00	1.50%
2004	2,570,271.00	243,090.00	2,813,361.00	194,438.00	3,007,799.00	1.50%
2005	2,768,063.00	239,968.00	3,008,031.00	348,846.00	3,356,877.00	1.50%
2006	2,873,181.00	242,559.00	3,115,740.00	523,392.00	3,639,132.00	1.50%
2007	3,073,442.00	247,607.00	3,321,049.00	518,758.00	3,839,807.00	1.50%
2008	3,068,385.00	290,357.00	3,358,742.00	409,133.00	3,767,875.00	1.50%
2009	2,670,771.00	294,683.00	2,965,454.00	210,341.00	3,175,795.00	1.50%

Source: City of Eaton, Ohio, Finance Department

The City income tax of 1.5% is levied, by ordinance. One percent (1%) of the tax is levied indefinitely and .5% was renewed by the voteres of the City in November 2007. The .5% tax will expire December 31, 2010. This tax is applicable to substantially all income earned within the City. Employers within the City are required to withhold income tax on employee compensation and remit this withholding quarterly. Corporations, partnerships, and self-employed individual taxpayers are required to pay their estimated tax quarterly and file a declaration annually with the City. Residents of the City are required to pay City income taxes on income they earn outside the City; however, credit is allowed for all income taxes paid to other municipalities.

Ranking of Top Ten Income Tax Withholders Current Year and Nine Years Ago

2009		2000	
Taxpayer	Rank	Taxpayer	Rank
Henny Penny Corporation	1	Neaton Auto Products	1
Neaton Auto Products Mfg. Inc.	2	Henny Penny Corporation	2
Silfex	3	Parker Hannifin	3
Preble County Auditor	4	Preble County Auditor	4
Eaton Community Schools	5	Eaton Community Schools	5
Parker Hannifin	6	Bullen Ultrasonics Inc.	6
International Paper	7	Weyerhaeuser Company	7
Wal Mart Associates, Inc.	8	Maxxim Medical Inc.	8
City of Eaton	9	Emerson Power Transmission Co.	9
Eaton Medical Transport	10	City of Eaton	10
Combined percentage of Total Income Taxes	49.69%	Combined percentage of Total Income Taxes	46.21%

Source: City of Eaton, Ohio Finance Department

Due to legal restriction and confidentiality requirements, the City cannot disclose the amount of withholdings by taxpayer. The City chose not to disclose percentages and number of filers by income level because the City does not requires all taxpayers to file a return, therefore it does not have, nor can it obtain, this type of information.

CITY OF EATON
PREBLE COUNTY, OHIO
Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property,
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Assessed Value as a Percent	of Estimated	Actual Value	35.59%	35.61%	29.15%	31.05%	33.42%	32.70%	32.74%	32.65%	32.24%	32.69%
al	Estimated	Actual	\$ 446,360,421	\$ 442,235,764	\$ 595,622,561	\$ 576,643,926	\$ 528,259,148	\$ 524,431,416	\$ 515,026,862	\$ 511,151,875	\$ 489,353,786	\$ 474,491,175
Total		Assessed	\$ 158,852,960	\$ 157,467,660	\$ 173,600,700	\$ 179,048,330	\$ 176,545,917	\$ 171,483,270	\$ 168,595,250	\$ 166,868,890	\$ 157,780,890	\$ 155,111,530
Total	Direct Tax	Rate	4.60%	4.60%	4.60%	4.60%	4.60%	4.60%	4.60%	4.60%	4.60%	4.60%
llities ²	Estimated	Actual	\$ 4,956,250	\$ 5,066,307	\$ 5,011,727	\$ 5,610,989	\$ 5,752,080	\$ 5,765,159	\$ 6,052,045	\$ 6,171,943	\$ 5,926,523	\$ 8,461,364
Public Utilities ²		Assessed	4,361,500	4,458,350	4,410,320	4,937,670	5,061,830	5,073,340	5,325,800	5,431,310	5,215,340	7,446,000
			↔	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	S	↔
al Property ²	Estimated	Actual	· ·	· \$	\$ 166,770,720	\$ 158,466,880	\$ 113,933,868	\$ 151,232,600	\$ 148,717,360	\$ 153,053,960	\$ 166,339,920	\$ 154,449,040
Personal		Assessed	· ·	- \$	\$ 20,846,340	\$ 29,712,540	\$ 28,483,467	\$ 37,808,150	\$ 37,179,340	\$ 38,263,490	\$ 41,584,980	\$ 38,612,260
rty ¹	Estimated	Actual	441,404,171	437,169,457	423,840,114	412,566,057	408,573,200	367,433,657	360,257,457	351,925,971	317,087,343	311,580,771
Prope			↔	↔	↔	↔	↔	↔	↔	↔	\$	↔
Real Property ¹		Assessed	\$ 154,491,460	\$ 153,009,310	\$ 148,344,040	\$ 144,398,120	\$ 143,000,620	\$ 128,601,780	\$ 126,090,110	\$ 123,174,090	\$ 110,980,570	\$ 109,053,270
	Collection	Year	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001	2000
	Tax	Year	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001	2000	1999

Source: Preble County Auditor

¹ The estimated actual values for real estate property were derived by 35% of the assessed values of real estate property.

² The estimated actual values for personal property and public utility were derived from an average rate of the assessed values (the average rate consists of varying rates for manufacturing equipment, inventory and other equipment) for the ten fiscal years presented.

CITY OF EATON
PREBLE COUNTY, OHIO
Property Tax Levies and Collections,
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended Jecember 31,		Total Tax Levy	Current Tax Collections	Percent of Current Tax Collections to Tax Levy	Delinquent Tax Collections	Total Tax Collections	Percent of Total Tax Collections to Tax Levy	Outstanding Delinquent Taxes	Percent of Delinquent Taxes to Total Tax Levy
2009	↔	564,294	540,010	95.70%	16,563	556,573	98.63%	24,284	4.30%
2008		546,655		95.73%	24,094	547,425	100.14%	23,324	4.27%
2007		612,558		95.41%	16,826	601,270	98.16%	28,114	4.59%
2006		605,615		95.73%	14,483	594,264	98.13%	25,834	4.27%
2005		452,213	436,027	96.42%	13,637	449,664	99.44%	24,032	5.31%
2004		474,130		95.65%	29,614	483,106	101.89%	19,150	4.04%
2003		441,177		96.04%	20,344	444,055	100.65%	28,126	6.38%
2002		414,749		93.62%	11,627	399,908	96.42%	31,004	7.48%
2001		375,462		97.29%	9,639	374,930	%98.66	31,520	8.39%
2000		360,950		97.56%	12,615	364,755	101.05%	30,988	8.59%

Source: Preble County Auditor

Note: The County does not identify delinquent collections by the year for which the tax was levied.

Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates, (rate per \$1,000 of assessed value)

		City Direct Rates	8		verlapping Rate	es
Fiscal Year	General Fund	Pension Trust Funds	Total Direct Rate	Eaton School District	Preble County	Total Tax Rate
2009	4.00	0.60	4.60	38.30	9.13	52.03
2008	4.00	0.60	4.60	38.30	8.13	51.03
2007	4.00	0.60	4.60	38.30	8.13	51.03
2006	4.00	0.60	4.60	38.30	8.13	51.03
2005	4.00	0.60	4.60	38.30	7.78	50.68
2004	4.00	0.60	4.60	38.30	7.78	50.68
2003	4.00	0.60	4.60	38.60	7.78	50.98
2002	4.00	0.60	4.60	38.60	7.88	51.08
2001	4.00	0.60	4.60	33.10	8.07	45.77
2000	4.00	0.60	4.60	35.78	8.07	48.45

Source: Preble County Auditor

Notes: The rates presented for a particular calendar year are the rates that, when applied to the

assessed values presented in the Assessed Value Table, generated the property tax revenue billed in that year. The City's basic property tax rate may be increased only by a majority

vote of the City's residents.

Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply to property owners within the City.

Principal Property Tax Payers, Current Year and Nine Years Ago

			2009				2000	
<u>Taxpayer</u>	_	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value	-	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value
Neaton Auto Products	\$	4,230,020	1	2.66%	\$	12,056,260	2	7.77%
Dayton Power & Light		3,650,320	2	2.30%		21,372,450	1	13.78%
Henny Penny Corporation		3,043,670	3	1.92%		8,176,940	3	5.27%
WalMartReal Estate Business Trust		2,273,320	4	1.43%				
Durbin Eaton Property LLC		1,899,260	5	1.20%		2,043,600	8	1.32%
Continental 51 Fund		1,497,360	6	0.94%		2,157,590	7	1.39%
Preble County Youth Foundation		1,368,240	7	0.86%				
Maronda Homes, Inc		1,366,030	8	0.86%				
Miami Valley Psychologists		1,272,010	9	0.80%		1,159,140	10	0.75%
Bullen Semiconductor Corp		1,127,460	10	0.71%		2,990,130	6	1.93%
Parker Appliance Company						7,450,620	4	4.80%
United Telephone Company of Ohio						1,205,390	9	0.78%
Maxxim Medical						4,896,340	5	3.16%
Total	\$	21,727,690		13.68%		63,508,460		40.94%
Total assessed valuation of City	\$	158,852,960			\$	155,111,530		

Source: Preble County Auditor's Office

A. Property assessed at 35 percent of fair market value.

CITY OF EATON

PREBLE COUNTY, OHIO

Computation of Legal Debt Margin

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001	2000
Total assessed valuation	\$ 158,852,960	157,425,460	173,600,700	179,048,330	176,545,917	171,483,270	168,595,250	166,868,890	157,780,890	155,111,530
Overall debt limitation 10 1/2% of assessed valuation	16,679,561	16,529,673	18,228,074	18,800,075	18,537,321	18,005,743	17,702,501	17,521,233	16,566,993	16,286,711
Gross indebtedness Less: Debt outside limitations	6,254,372	6,624,817	6,142,727	2,160,092 2,160,092	2,330,542 2,330,542	2,407,673	1,961,650	863,355	1,089,631	1,299,184
Debt within 10 1/2% limitation Less: Debt Service Fund balance		1 1	1 1	1 1	10,388	- 29,968			1 1	1 1
Net debt within 10 1/2% limitation		1	1	•	(10,388)	(29,968)			1	1
Legal debt margin within 10 1/2% limitation	\$ 16,679,561	16,529,673	18,228,074	18,800,075	18,547,709	18,035,711	17,702,501	17,521,233	16,566,993	16,286,711
Unvoted debt limitation 5 1/2% of assessed valuation	\$ 8,736,913	8,658,400	9,548,039	9,847,658	9,710,025	9,431,580	9,272,739	9,177,789	8,677,949	8,531,134
Gross indebtedness authorized by Council Less: Debt outside limitations	6,254,372 6,254,372	6,624,817 6,624,817	6,142,727 6,142,727	2,160,092 2,160,092	2,330,542 2,330,542	2,407,673	1,961,650	863,355	1,089,631	1,299,184
Debt within 5 1/2% limitation Less: Bond Retirement Fund balance				1 1	10,388	- 29,968			1 1	
Net debt within 5 1/2% limitation	1	1	1	1	(10,388)	(29,968)	1	1	1	1
Legal debt margin within 5 1/2% limitation	\$ 8,736,913	8,658,400	9,548,039	9,847,658	9,720,413	9,461,548	9,272,739	9,177,789	8,677,949	8,531,134

Source: City of Eaton, Finance Department

PREBLE COUNTY, OHIO
Ratio of Outstanding Debt by Type
Last Ten Fiscal Years CITY OF EATON

		2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001	2000
Governmental Activities (1) General Obligation Bonds Payable Issue II Loan Payable Tax Incremental Financing Loan Payable	⇔	893,622 916,250 328,337	977,440 981,250 394,487	1,057,461 468,750 458,343	1,133,857 506,250 519,985	1,206,792 543,750 550,000	1,276,423 581,250 550,000	1,342,900 618,750	656,250	693,750	731,250
Total Governmental Activities	8	2,138,209	2,353,177	1,984,554	2,160,092	2,300,542	2,407,673	1,961,650	656,250	693,750	731,250
Business-Type Activities ⁽¹⁾ OWDA Loan Payable	↔	4,116,163	4,271,640	4,158,173		•	•		207,105	395,881	567,934
Total Primary Government	\$	6,254,372	6,624,817	6,142,727	2,160,092	2,300,542	2,407,673	1,961,650	863,355	1,089,631	1,299,184
Population ⁽²⁾ City of Eaton Outstanding Debt per Capita	↔	8,133 769	8,133 815	8,133 755	8,133	8,133 283	8,133 296	8,133 241	8,133 106	8,133 134	8,133 160
Income ⁽³⁾ Personal (in thousands) Percentage of Personal Income		160,556 3.90%	162,392 4.08%	226,390 2.71%	216,387	216,387	208,668	194,289	187,189	189,035 0.58%	194,070 0.67%

- Sources:

 (1) City of Eaton, Finance Department
 (2) U.S. Bureau of Census
 (3) U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, Regional FACT Sheets.
 (a) Per Capita Income is only available by County. The Personal Income amount is a calculation.
 (b) 2008 & 2009 www.city-data.com

Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt December 31, 2009

	Net Debt outstanding	Percentage Applicable to City of Eaton	Amount Applicable to City of Eaton
City of Eaton	\$ 6,254,372	100.0%	\$ 6,254,372
Preble County	\$ 4,687,614	19.8%	\$ 927,528

Source: City of Eaton, Finance Department and Preble County Auditor

Note: The percentage of Preble County overlapping debt applicable to the City of Eaton is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the county's taxable assessed value that is within the City's boundaries and dividing it by the county's total taxable assessed value.

Demographic Statistics December 31, 2009

	_	1970	1980	1990	2000
Population		6,070	6,839	7,396	8,133
Personal Income (in thousands)	\$	20,274	46,799	82,184	136,399
Per capita income	\$	3,340	6,843	11,112	16,771
Unemployment rate - State of Ohio Unemployment rate - Preble County Unemployment rate - City of Eaton		5.40% 4.10% (1)	8.50% 7.10% (1)	5.70% 5.90% (1)	4.00% 3.80% (1)
Number of dwelling units		2,193	2,840	2,920	3,274
Persons per household		2.76	2.48	2.45	2.37
Median age		34.80	32.40	33.40	38.10
Percentage owner-occupied dwelling units		67%	64%	69%	67.3%
Median family income	\$	8,246	17,905	28,773	42,241
Family income distribution:					
\$0 - 9,999		816	876	174	91
\$10,000 - 14,999		555 260	482	177	122
\$15,000 - 24,999		268	723	453	204
\$25,000 and over	-	51	612	1,228	1,729
Total families	=	1,690	2,693	2,032	2,146
Education distribution/grades years complet	ed:				
0 - 8		1,001	699	465	335
9 - 11		609	690	781	775
12		1,340	1,979	2,432	2,533
13 - 15		319	484	859	1,211
16 or more		291	385	323	559
High school graduates		1,950	2,848	3,614	4,303

Source: 2000 Federal Census

Note: Annual information for demographic statistics is not available. Therefore, information from the Federal census is presented.

(1) - Unemployment information for City of Eaton not available due to statistics not computed for local governments of lesser population.

Principal Employers, Current Year and Nine Years Ago

	2009	_	2000	_
Employer	Employees	<u>Rank</u>	Employees	<u>Rank</u>
Neaton Auto Products Mfg, Inc	739	1	579	2
Henny Penny Corp	513	2	523	3
Preble County	369	3	340	4
Wal-Mart Associates Inc	245	4	*	
Eaton Community Schools	234	5	*	
Silfex, FKA Bullen Semiconductor, Inc.	203	6	*	
Parker Hannifin	200	7	665	1
International Paper, FKA Weyerhauser	104	8	120	6
City of Eaton	71	9	64	
Bullen Ultrasonics Inc	48	10	*	
Browning Manufacturing			130	5
Total	2,726		2,421	

Source: City of Eaton, Finance Department

Note: Total employment figures are not availble.

^{* -} Not all information for 2000 employment figures is available.

CITY OF EATON

PREBLE COUNTY, OHIO
Full-Time City Government Employees by Function/Program
Last Ten Fiscal Years

				Full-time-Ec	Full-time-Equivalent Employees as of December 3	loyees as of D	ecember 31			
	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001	2000
Function/Program										
General Government	12	12	12	13	12	13	11	11	11	10
Municipal Court	10	12	12	12	12	13	12	12	11	11
Police	14	14	14	14	14	15	15	15	13	14
Fire & Emergency Medical	5	5	5	3	3	3	2	2	2	2
Public Safety/Dispatch	9	9	9	9	7	9	7	7	7	7
Water & Sewer	11	11	10	11	12	12	12	12	10	6
Public Maintenance	13	14	13	12	12	13	13	13	12	12
Total	71	74	72	71	72	75	72	72	99	65

Source: City of Eaton, Finance Department

Capital Assets and Infrastructure Statistics by Function
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001	2000
Governmental Activities General Government Area (square acres)	3,994	3,938	3,938	3,938	3,938	3,884	3,820	3,820	3,820	3,820
Public Safety Fire protection and emergency rescue: Number of stations Number of firemen and EMS personnel (volunteer)	2 2 24	2 46	2 41	2 58	2 65	2 65	2 65	2 88	2 53	2 54
Police protection: Number of stations Number of sworn police officers	1 14	1 14	1 4	1 14	1 14	1 4	1 14	1 13	1 13	1 13
Transportation Miles of streets Number of street lights	43 616	43	43	43 590	43	43 568	42 568	41 566	41 545	41 545
Community Development Buildings: Permits issued Valuation of construction	100	76 \$5,430,805	120 \$23,972,847	133 \$10,670,057	137 \$8,594,911	118 \$15,118,269	134 \$34,133,502	130	107 \$772,985	104 \$6,703,976
Culture and Recreation Number of parks Numer of tennis courts Number of baseball diamonds Number of swimming pools	9 5 10 10	9 5 10	9 5 10	9 5 10 1	9 5 10	9 3 10	9 6 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	9 3 10	4 °C °C 1	4 °C °C 1
Business-Type Activities Water Number of consumers Average daily production (gallons) Miles of water mains	3,493 1,163,727 55	3,511 1,123,337 55	3,515 1,305,822 55	3,486 1,292,306 55	3,461 1,277,794 55	3,418 1,217,244 55	3,373 1,364,369 55	3,352 1,400,766 55	3,336 861,460 55	3,336 862,295 55
Sewer Miles of storm sewers Miles of sanitary sewers	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18

Source: City of Eaton, Finance Department

CITY OF EATON

PREBLE COUNTY, OHIO
Operating Indicators by Function
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001	2000
Governmental Activities General Government: Municipal Court cases	8,143	9,768	10,658	9,141	9,303	9,025	11,736	12,961	14,721	13,060
Public Safety: Police calls	7,751	6,770	7,052	8,035	9,723	10,767	11,318	11,298	10,324	10,524
Fire calls EMS calls	892 892 2,035	1,252 2,152	892 2,066	462 1,873	427 427 1,965	480 1,884	2,026 2,026	518 2,093	539 2,220	514 2,112
Community Development: # of permits issued # of inspections	990	437	603	618	609	678	643	692 1,465	705	798
Business-Type Activities Water: Average daily production # of new service connections	1,163,727	1,123,337	1,305,822	1,292,306	1,277,794	1,217,243	1,364,369	1,400,766	1,587,664	1,465,720
Sewer: Average daily treatment # of new service connections	1,126,233	1,264,600	1,328,634	1,587,900	1,502,104	1,357,567	1,555,942 42	1,620,104	1,506,337	1,383,290

Source: City of Eaton, Finance Department



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

CITY OF EATON

PREBLE COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED JULY 13, 2010