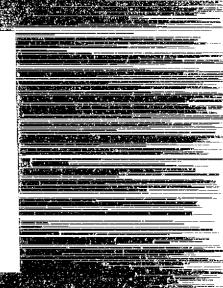
## CITY OF DELAWARE, OHIO REPORT ON AUDIT OF GENERAL-PURPOSE

REPORT ON AUDIT OF GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1998



### CITY OF DELAWARE, OHIO

REPORT ON AUDIT OF GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1998

## City of Delaware, Ohio Table of Contents

	Pages
Report of Independent Accountants	1-2
Financial Statements:	
Combined Balance SheetAll Fund Types and Account Groups	3-4
Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund BalancesAll Governmental Fund Types and Expendable Trust Funds	5 <b>-</b> 6
Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund BalancesBudget and ActualAll Governmental Fund Types (Non-GAAP-Budget Basis)	7-8
Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Retained EarningsAll Proprietary Fund Types	9
Combined Statement of Cash FlowsAll Proprietary Fund Types	10-11
Notes to the General-Purpose Financial Statements	12-31
Supplemental Schedules:	***
Combining Balance SheetEnterprise Funds	32
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Retained EarningsEnterprise Funds	33
Supplementary Information—Year 2000:	
Report on Independent Accountants on Required Supplementary Information Year 2000 Issue	34 35-36



35 North Fourth Street, 1st Floor Columbus, Ohio 43215

Telephone 614-466-4514

800-282-0370

Facsimile 614-728-7398

The Honorable City Council City of Delaware, Ohio

We have reviewed the Independent Auditor's Report of the City of Delaware, Delaware County, prepared by PriceWaterhouseCoopers LLP, for the audit period January 1, 1998 to December 31, 1998. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The City of Delaware is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

JIM RETRO

Audito of State

May 15, 2000



PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP 100 East Broad Street Suite 2100 Columbus OH 43215-3671 Telephone (614) 225 8700 Facsimile (614) 224 1044

#### Report of Independent Accountants

The Honorable City Council City of Delaware, Ohio

We have audited the accompanying general-purpose financial statements of the City of Delaware, Ohio, (the "City") as of and for the year ended December 31, 1998, as listed in the table of contents. These general-purpose financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these general-purpose financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the general-purpose financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the City as of December 31, 1998, and the results of its operations and the cash flows of its proprietary fund types for the year then ended in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming an opinion on the general-purpose financial statements of the City, taken as a whole. The combining and individual fund and account group financial statements and schedules listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the general-purpose financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the general-purpose financial statements and, in our opinion, is stated fairly, in all material respects, in relation to the general-purpose financial statements taken as a whole.

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The year 2000 supplementary information on page 35 is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, and we did not audit, and do not express an opinion on such information. Further, we were unable to apply to the information certain procedures prescribed by professional standards because the disclosure criteria specified by TB 98-1, as amended, are not sufficiently specific and, therefore, preclude the prescribed procedures from providing meaningful results. In addition, we do not provide assurance that the City, is or will become year 2000 compliant, that the City's year 2000 remediation efforts will be successful in whole, or in part, or that parties with which the City does business are or will become year 2000 compliant.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 25, 1999 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants.

August 25, 1999

City of Delaware, Ohio Combined Balance Sheet—All Fund Types and Account Groups As of December 31, 1998

							Fiduciary			To	Totak
		Governmental Fund Types	Fund Types		Proprietary Fund Types	Fund Types	Fund Types		Account Groups	(Метогап	(Memorandum Only)
			:				Ē		General		
Assets	General Fund	Special	Service	Capital	Enterprise	Internal Service	Irust and Agency	General Fixed Assets	Long-Term Obligations	8661	1661
				•	i.						
Cash and investments	\$1,686,312	\$1,686,312 \$3,840,463	\$ 21,106	\$2,222,055	\$ 8,938,558	\$1,348,671	\$ 398,388	. 69	•	\$ 18,455,553	\$ 16,569,175
Net receivables	1.498,534	615,989	•	ı	915,763	•	•	•	•	3,027,286	2,803,697
Prepaid expenses, accrued interest	23,520	8.654	,	•	36.364	•	•	ı	,	68,538	74,608
Restricted assets:		-									
Cash in City Treasury	•	•	•	ı	480,000	•	•	•	•	480,000	480,000
Cash with trustees	•		•	ı	524,288	•	•	•		524,288	518,999
Accried interest			•	,	1,359	•	•	ı	1	1,359	1,675
Due from:											
Federal gavernment	8,264		• •. =	194,312	t	•	•	٠	1	202,576	328,793
State government	10,755	680'99		564,684	•	•	•	1		641,528	156.355
County government	195,763	6/8/6	<b>.</b>	•	•	1	•	•		205,642	163,800
Municipal court	107,195	28,392	•	•			•	ŧ	1	135,587	116,362
Funds	370,526	1	1,000	•	-	•	•	ı		371,526	464,726
Inventory	•	9,252	,	1	12,446	2,096	•	ı	. <u> </u>	28,794	34,103
Deferred charge		1		•	105,694	<b>,</b>	•			105,694	113,824
Net property and equipment	• 		•	1	29,286,445	18,980	٠	26,551,077		55,856,502	52,062,066
Available in Debt Service Funds	ŧ	ì	•	•	٠	1	•	Ā	22,106	22,106	28,182
Amount to be provided for retirement	-				,						
of general long-term obligations	-	•	1	-		•	-	3	7,788,712	7.788,712	6,462,300
Total assets	\$3,900,869	\$3,900,869 \$4,575,718	\$ 22,106	\$2,981,051	\$40,300,917	\$1,374,747	\$ 398,388	\$ 26,551,077	\$ 7,810,818	169'516'18	\$ 80,378,665

Continued

City of Delaware, Ohio Combined Balance Sheet—All Fund Types and Account Groups As of December 31, 1998

							Fiduciary			Tet	Fotals
		Goverament	Governmental Fund Types		Proprietary Fund Types	Fund Types	Fund Types	Account Groups	Groups	(Memorandum Only)	dum Only)
	General	Snecial	Debt	Capital		Internal	Trust and	General	General Long-Term		
Liabilities and Fund Kquity	Fund	Resense	Service	Projects	Enterprise	Service	Ageney	Fixed Assets	Obligations	1998	1997
A ecounts payable	\$ 81,249	\$ 146,661	۰ ح	\$ 688,321	\$ 181,275	\$ 6,861	· •			\$ 1,104,367	\$ 749.851
Customer deposits	•	•	•	,	154.978	•		•	•	154.978	143,269
Accrued Babilities	568,227	90.948	•	•	571.213	110,231	•	•	2,515,818	3,911,217	3.610,228
A cerued interest payable	•	•		•	•	• · · ·	•	•	•	•	169
Actived interest payable	•	٠	•	٠	31.068	4	•		٠	31.068	32,265
Due to:		-									
Other fands	•	280,959		89,567	000"]	,	,	•	-	371.526	464,726
Others	•	•	,	7,057			٠	•		7,057	6,934
Delaware Meniconi Court	•	•	•	_1	· .	•	367,744	•		367.744	309.496
Notes payable	•		•	•	•	-	•	•	3.0 0.000	3,010,000	1,400,000
Deferred revenue	672,354	192,119	•	•			•	•		\$64,473	\$02.579
Lundfill closure obligation	•	•	•	•	372,265	<b>*</b>	,	•	•	372.265	372,265
Revenue bonds and loan payable	•	•	•	•	4,309,970	,	•		•	4,309,970	4,560,708
General ubligation bends payable	4			•		3	-		2.285,000	2,285,000	2.947,000
Total Babilities	1,321,830	710.687		784.945	5,621,769	171.872	367.744		7.810.818	16,789,665	15.403.012
Fund canity:											
Investment in general fixes assets	•	•	:	•	•	,	•	26.551,077	٠	26,551,077	23.683.099
Contibuted capital	•	•	•	•	13.733,622		٠	•	•	13,733,622	13,571,238
Relained carnings	1	•	•	,	20,945,526	1,202,875	,	,	•	22,148,401	19,759,041
Fund balances:	738 537	497 473	•	1 407 121	1	•	•	•		2,618,120	3,154,166
Reserved for prepaid expenses	23.520	2.323	•	•	٠	,	•	•	•	25,843	38,244
Reserved for louns			•	٠	Ť	,	•	đ.	i	•	-
Unreserved	2.326,992	3.380,236	22,106	288.985		-	30.644	•		6.048.963	4.769.865
Total relatived carnings/	000 000 0	3 645 031	301.66	3 194 104	30 045 536	1 202 875	30 644	•	,	30 841.327	27.721.316
fund balances	250,875.3	150.508.5 250.57.5.3	24,100	4,120,100		1,21/2,912	110.02			77711 8187	- X - 3 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1
Taint fund equity	2,579,039	2,579,039 3,865,031	22,106	2,196,106	34,679,148	1,202,875	30,644	26,351,077		71,126,026	64,975,653
Total liabilities and fund equity	\$3,900,869	\$3,900,869 \$4,575,718	\$ 22,106	\$ 2,981,051	\$ 40,300,917	\$1,374,747	\$ 398,388	\$ 26,551,077	\$ 7,810,818	\$87,915,691	\$ 80,378,665
•		Тъе ассопрат	rying notes are	e an integral p	The accompanying notes are an integral part of these general-purpose financial statements.	eral-purpose f	inancial state	ments.			

Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Fund Types and Expendable Trust Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 1998 City of Delaware, Ohio

		Governme	Governmental Funds		Fiduciary Fund Type	Total (Memorandum Only)	tal dum Only)
		Special		Capital	Expendable		
	General	Revenue	Debt Service	Projects	Trust Funds	1998	1997
Revenues:				ı		\$ 8 517 434	7 844 104
Income taxes	3,239,423	3,43,6,009	•	- 1348 733		6.050.854	4 858 750
Intergovernmental	2,409,409	261,262,1	•	\$ 4,000,000		+0,000,0 0,000,0	041,010,1 For 1901
Charges for service	796,903	389,465	1	1	\$ 36,760	1,223,008	1,283,487
Property and other taxes	1,014,169	213,191	1	t	•	1,227,360	1,261,532
Fines for municipal violations	176,954	1	•	•	•	176,954	176,342
Miscellaneous	673,071	181,275	\$ 1,291	14,424	3,890	873,951	716,172
Total revenues	10,389,991	5,274,092	1,291	2,372,657	40,590	18,078,621	16,140,387
Expenditures:							
Current							
Dublic safety	5.582.948	599	•	•	t	5,583,547	5,384,278
General covernment	3.951.549		•	123,421	2,520	4,077,490	3,818,296
A irrort and miblic works	1	1,303,544		•	t	1,303,544	1,354,115
Recreation and parks	ŕ	764,844	1	t	7,307	772,151	777,998
Public health	1	12,721	•	t	1	12,721	•
Capital outlay	216,796	591,098	1	5,043,999	1	5,851,893	3,880,483
Debt service:	ſ	1	. 1.907.000	r	ì	1,907,000	487,000
Interest and fiscal charges	•	•	201,602	ı	3	201,602	167,490
:		000000000000000000000000000000000000000	000000	0CV E21 3	0 933	10 700 048	15 860 660
Total expenditures	9,751,293	2,072,800	7,108,007	3,107,420	7,927	17,107,740	2000,000,00
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	638,698	2,601,286	(2,107,311)	(2,794,763)	30,763	(1,631,327)	270,727
	•		•				

## Continued

City of Delaware, Ohio

Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Fund Types and Expendable Trust Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 1998

•		Governmental Funds	ntal Funds		Fiduciary Fund Type	Tc	Total
	General	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Expendable Trust Fund	(Memoran 1998	(Memorandum Only) 1998 1997
Other financing sources (uses): Proceeds from notes Operating transfers in Operating transfers out Investment income	3,135,139 (3,644,171)	1,491,250 (3,423,285)	1,255,000 846,235	1,755,000 1,209,645 (310,615) 47,921	(965)	3,010,000 6,682,269 (7,378,661) 47,921	1,400,000 7,321,791 (7,752,111) 5,414
Total other financing sources sources	(509,032)	(509,032) (1,932,035) 2,101,235	2,101,235	2,701,951	(590)	2,361,529	975,094
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses	129,666	669,251	(6,076)	(92,812)	30,173	730,202	1,245,821
Fund balance, beginning of year	2,449,373	3,195,331	28,182	2,288,918	471	7,962,275	6,716,454
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 2,579,039	\$ 3,864,582	\$ 22,106	\$ 2,196,106	\$ 30,644	\$ 8,692,477	\$ 7,962,275

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these general-purpose financial statements.

Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—Budget and Actual—All Governmental Fund Types For the Year Ended December 31, 1998 (Non—GAAP Budget Basis) City of Delaware, Ohio

		General Fund	ıd	Spe	Special Revenue Funds	spun,	eC.	Debt Service Funds	ş	Сар	Capital Projects Funds	inds
			Variance			Variance			Variance			Variance
	Revised		Favorable	Revised	,	Favorable	Revised		Favorable	Revised		Favorable
	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)	Budget	Actua	(Unfavorable)	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)
Revenues:												
Income taxes	5,303,166	5,383,731	80,565	3,181,899	3,229,040	47,141	•	•	•	•	•	Ì
Intergovernmental	2,361,000	2,413,373	52,373	2,170,629	1,213,385	(957,244)	1	•	•	2,741.542	2,020,007	(721,535)
Charges for service	996,000	796,903	(199,097)	476,836	391,825	(85,011)	•	•	1	•	•	j
Property and other taxes	1.146,500	1,014,672	(131,828)	194,714	213,191	18,477	1	J		•	=	•
Fines for municipal violations	195,000	176,954	(18,046)	*	•	•	1	1	1	1	1	•
Miscellaneous	604,000	731.122	127,122	134,500	190,801	56.301	250	1.417	1,167	32,000	69.865	37.865
Total revenues	10.605.666 10.516.755	10.516.755	(88,911)	6,158,578	5,238,242	(920,336)	250	1,417	1,167	2,773,542	2,089,872	(683,670)
-												
Expenditures:												<del>-</del> -
Current:						;						
Public salety	5,933,156	5,546,505	386,651	39,000	•	39,000	•	١.		•	•	r
General government	4,460,549	4,102,075	358,474	•	•	1	•		r	234,332	175,445	28,887
Airport and public works		•	•	1,948,503	1,368,616	579,887		•	•	•	•	•
Recreation and parks	•	•	•	851,713	783,219	68,494	1			•	•	•
Income tax refund	173,250	172,588	662	•	•	•	ι	•	•	•		•
Engineering	•	;	•	ı	,	•	•	•	•	•	•	1
Public lealth	1	•	1	. 674,000	111,507	562,493	•		•	•	•	r
Capital outlay	247,293	221,448	25,845	2,268,443	851,512	1,416,931	•	1	ı	7,436,894	6,609,406	827,488
Debt service:												
Principal retirement	•	•	•	•	•	4	1,907,000	1,907,000	•	•	•	•
interest and fiscal charges		-				,	203,000	201,602	1,398	1	- -	
Total expendences	10.814.248	10.047.616	771.632	\$ 781,659	3.114.854	2.666.805	2,110,000	2.108.602	1,398	7,671,226	6,784,851	886,375
inal capations												
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	unes											1
over expendiumes	(208,582)	474,139	682,721	376.919	2,123,388	1,746,469	1,746,469 (2,109,750) (2,107,185)		365	(4.897,684)	14.694.9791	207,702

Continued

City of Delaware, Ohio Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—Budget and Actual—All Governmental Fund Types For the Year Ended December 31, 1998 (Non—GAAP Budget Basis)

		General Fund		SP	Special Revenue Funds	Funds	ď	Debt Service Funds	spur	Cap	Capital Projects Funds	unck
			Variance			Variance			Variance			Variance
	Revised		Favorable	Revised		Favorable	Revised		Favorable	Revised		Favorable
	Budget	Budget Actual (Unfavorable)	(Unfavorable)	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)
Other financing sources (uses):												
Proceeds of note issuance	ı	•	•	1	•	ı	1,255,000	1,255,000	•	2,755,000	1,755,000	(1,000,000)
Proceeds of bond issuance	•	•	Ī	ı	•	ı	•	1	,	•	1	•
Operating transfers in	3,117,335	3,118,462	1,127	1,342,750	1,491,250	148,500	850,000	846,235	(3,765)	1,816,872	(,209,645	(607,227)
Operating transfers out	(13.862.840)	(3.862.840) (3.644.171)	218,669	(3.494.080)	(3,406,608)	87.472		-		(355,419)	एं १५ र्जार	44.804
Total other financing sources (uses)	(745,505)	(745,505) (525,709)	219,796		(2.151.330) (11.915.358)	235,972	235,972 2,105,000	2,101,235	(3,765)	(3.765) 4,216,453 2,654,030	2,654,030	(1.562.423)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other												
financing uses	(954,087)	(51,570)	902,517	(1,774,411)	208,030	1,982,441	(4,750)	(5,950)	(1,200)	(681,231)	(681,231) (2,040,949)	(1,359,718)
Fund balances, beginning of year	1,601,347	1.601.347 1.601.347	*	3,147,538	3.147,538	-	27,056	27.056		2,266,315 2,266,315	2,266,315	
Fund bakinces, end of year	\$ 647,260	\$ 647,260 \$1,549,777 \$	\$ 902,517	\$1,373,127	\$3,355,568	53,355,568 \$ 1,982,441	\$ 22,306	\$ 21,106 \$	- 1	(1,200) \$ 1,585,084	\$ 225,366	\$ (1,359,718)

City of Delaware, Ohio Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Retained Earnings—All Proprietary Fund Types For the Year Ended December 31, 1998

			Tot	al
	Proprietary	Fund Types	(Memorano	ium Only)
		Internal		
	Enterprise_	Service	1998	<u> 1997</u>
Operating revenues:			-	
Charges for services	\$ 7,652,577	\$ 374,354	\$ 8,026,931	\$ 8,456,795
Total revenue	7,652,577	374,354	8,026,931	8,456,795
Operating expenses:				-
Personal services	2,024,303	85,301	2,109,604	2,092,251
Depreciation	1,304,975	4,185	1,309,160	1,251,856
Contractual services	1,221,964	1,424,546	2,646,510	2,357,825
Materials and supplies	435,225	207,875	643,100	631,256
Total operating expenses	4,986,467	1,721,907	6,708,374	6,333,188
Operating income	2,666,110	(1,347,553)	1,318,557	2,123,607
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):				
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	4,706
Interest revenue	517,380	•	517,380	503,858
Interest expense	(238,215)	-	(238,215)	(282,689)
Other, net	(442,990)		(442,990)	(250,053)
Net nonoperating revenues				•
(expenses)	(163,825)		(163,825)	(24,178)
Income before operating				
transfers	2,502,285	(1,347,553)	1,154,732	2,099,429
Operating transfers (out) in	(1,219,171)	1,915,562	696,391	(795,042)
Net income after operating transfers	1,283,114	568,009	1,851,123	1,304,387
Add depreciation on fixed assets				
acquired by contributed capital	538,238		538,238	514,002
Increase in retained earnings	1,821,352	568,009	2,389,361	1,818,389
Retained earnings, beginning of year	19,124,174	634,867	19,759,041	17,940,652
Retained earnings, end of year	\$ 20,945,526	\$ 1,202,876	\$22,148,402	\$19,759,041

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these general-purpose financial statements.

			To	tal
	<b>Proprietary</b>	Fund Types	(Memoran	dum Only)
	<del></del>	Internal		
	_Enterprise_	Service	1998	1997
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Operating income	\$ 2,666,110	\$ (1,347,553)	\$ 1,318,557	\$ 2,123,607
Adjustments to reconcile operating		, , , ,		
income to net cash provided				
by operating activities:				
Depreciation	1,304,975	4,185	1,309,160	1,251,856
Deferred charge amortization	8,130	_	8,130	8,130
Increase (decrease) due to				
changes in operating assets				
and liabilities:				
Net receivables	(124,223)	_	(124,223)	(44,286)
Accounts payable	24,087	(15,409)	8,678	73,747
Accrued liabilties	(21,762)	25,339	3,577	21,665
Inventory	(706)_		(706)	7.264
Net cash provided by (used				
in) operating activities	3,856,611	(1,333,438)	2,523,173	3,441,983
Cash flows from noncapital				
financing activities:				
Operating transfers (out) in	(1,219,171)	1,915,562	696,391	(795,042)
Net cash (used in) provided				
by noncapital financing				
activities	(1,219,171)	1,915,562	696,391	(795,042)

#### Continued

#### City of Delaware, Ohio Combined Statement of Cash Flows—All Proprietary Fund Types For the Year Ended December 31, 1998

			To	tal
	<b>Proprietary</b>	Fund Types	(Memoran	dum Only)
		Internal		
	Enterprise	Service	1998	<u>1997</u>
Cash flows from capital and				
related financing activities:				
Purchases of property, plant and				
equipment	\$ (1,535,126)	\$ -	\$ (1,535,126)	\$ (1,105,154)
Interest paid	(240,103)	-	(240,103)	(284,486)
Principal payments on bonds,			, ,	
notes and loans	(405,738)	_	(405,738)	(398,185)
Other	(442,991)	_	(442,991)	(245,348)
Net cash used in capital and		<del> </del>		
related financing activities	(2,623,958)		(2,623,958)	(2,033,173)
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Interest received	517,380	<u> </u>	517,380	503,858
Increase in cash and investments	530,862	582,124	1,112,986	1,117,626
Cash and investments, beginning of year	9,411,984	766,547	10,178,531	9,060,905
Cash and investments, end of year	\$ 9,942,846	\$ 1,348,671	\$11,291,517	\$10,178,531

During 1998 and 1997, contributed fixed assets with fair market values of \$700,623 and \$1,375,982, respectively, were acquired by the Enterprise Funds.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these general-purpose financial statements.

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The City of Delaware, Ohio (the "City") is an incorporated municipality under the laws of the state of Ohio. Its charter was adopted November 6, 1951, and established the Council/Manager form of government. The City presently provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety, airport and public works, recreation and parks, engineering, public health and water and sewer enterprise activities.

The accompanying general-purpose financial statements include all the organizations, activities and functions in which the City (the primary government) is considered to be financially accountable. The Delaware Municipal Court's (the "Court") activities are included within these general-purpose financial statements as required by Governmental Accounting Standard No. 14, The Financial Reporting Entity. The City includes the Court's cash balance and liability to others within its agency funds (\$367,744 at December 31, 1998), and the City's share of Court fines collected and operating expenditures in the General Fund.

The Court serves as the Court of record and has jurisdiction within Delaware County. The City is responsible for financing Court operations and has recorded Court operating expenditures in the General Fund. The City, however, has no ability to select or influence Court management and cannot dictate budget and other fiscal matters. The Court is presided over by a separately elected judge who has the authority to select and appoint all officials of the Court and to direct the Court's activity.

The accounting policies and financial reporting practices of the City conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of its significant accounting policies:

Basis of presentation—Fund Accounting. The accounting system is operated on a fund basis. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures or expenses. The various funds are summarized by type in the general-purpose financial statements. The City uses the following fund types and account groups:

#### ♦ Governmental funds

General fund—The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The fund balance of the General Fund is available to the City for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the City's Charter and Code and the general laws and regulations of the State of Ohio.

Special revenue funds—Special Revenue Funds are used to account for revenues derived from specific taxes, grants or other restricted revenue sources. The uses and limitations of each Special Revenue Fund are specified by City ordinances or federal or state statutes.

Debt service funds—Debt Service Funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs.

Capital project funds—Capital Project Funds are used to account for financial resources used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those being financed by Proprietary Funds).

#### Proprietary funds

Enterprise funds—Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The intent is for user charges to finance services provided to the general public on a continuing basis.

Internal service funds—Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department of the City to other departments of the City on a cost-reimbursement basis.

#### Fiduciary funds

Trust and agency funds—Trust and Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by a governmental unit in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units and/or other funds. Expendable Trust Funds are accounted for and reported as Governmental Funds. Agency Funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve the measurement of results of operations.

#### Account groups

General fixed assets account group—This Account Group reflects the costs of fixed assets of the City other than those accounted for in the Proprietary Funds.

General long-term obligations account group—This Account Group reflects all unmatured long-term indebtedness of the City that is not a specific liability of a Proprietary or Trust Fund.

#### City of Delaware, Ohio Notes to the General-Purpose Financial Statements December 31, 1998

Basis of accounting. The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All Governmental Funds and Expendable Trust Funds are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

All Proprietary Funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the balance sheet. Fund equity (i.e., net total assets) is segregated into contributed capital and retained earnings components. Proprietary Fund operating statements present increases (e.g., revenues) and decreases (e.g., expenses) in net total assets.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is followed by the Governmental Funds, Expendable Trust and Agency Funds. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual (i.e., both measurable and available). Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures are recorded when the liability is incurred, other than principal and interest on long-term debt, which are recorded when due, and the noncurrent portion of compensated absences, which is recorded in the General Long-Term Obligations Account Group.

The following revenue sources are deemed to be both measurable and available: interest earnings, income tax withholdings, hotel taxes, rents, billings for services and materials, and certain intergovernmental revenues.

Property taxes measurable as of December 31, 1998, but which are not intended to finance 1998 operations, are recorded as deferred revenues.

Fines and miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received because they are not measurable and available until received.

Proprietary type funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting (i.e., revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred).

Budgetary data. The City's budget is adopted and modified as follows:

- 1. Prior to November 15, the City Manager submits to City Council an estimate of the expenditures necessary to conduct the affairs of the City for the fiscal year commencing the following January 1.
- 2. Budget estimates are distributed throughout the City (including newspapers and libraries), and public hearings are held to obtain taxpayers' comments.
- 3. Prior to January 1 and after publication of the proposed budget ordinances, the budget is legally enacted by ordinance.
- 4. Supplemental appropriations and transfers of appropriations between funds and departments must be approved by City Council.

Expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations at the department level. Unencumbered
appropriations lapse at year-end, and encumbered appropriations are reported as expenditures
in the current year.

Expenditures did not exceed appropriations at the legal level of control.

Appropriations exceeded Certified Estimated Resources in the following funds:

- Street Maintenance and Repair Fund
- Community Development Block Grant Fund
- Sewer Construction Fund

The City Manager estimates the budgeted revenues presented in the combined statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances—budget and actual, in conjunction with the annual budgeting process. However, this estimate is not included or required in the budget ordinance.

The City's budgetary process is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis other than generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). To provide a meaningful comparison of results with the budget, the results of operations are presented in the combined statements of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances—budget and actual—all governmental fund types on the budgetary basis.

The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are as follows:

- Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
- Expenditures are recorded when encumbered (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).

Encumbrances. Encumbrance accounting is employed in the Governmental Funds. Under encumbrance accounting, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve a portion of the applicable appropriation. Encumbrances are reported as reservations of fund balances in the Governmental Funds since they are neither an expenditure nor a liability.

#### City of Delaware, Ohio Notes to the General-Purpose Financial Statements December 31, 1998

Cash and investments. For purposes of reporting Proprietary Fund cash flows, the proprietary funds' equity in pooled cash and investments is considered to be cash and cash equivalents, since they are available to the Proprietary Funds on demand.

Property, plant and equipment—governmental funds. Fixed assets purchased for general governmental purposes are recorded as expenditures in the Governmental Funds and capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) in the General Fixed Assets Account Group. Contributed fixed assets are recorded at fair market value at the time received.

Fixed assets consisting of certain improvements other than buildings—including roads, bridges, curbs and gutters, streets and sidewalks, drainage systems and lighting systems—have not been capitalized. These assets normally are immovable and of value only to the City. Therefore, stewardship for capital expenditures can be satisfied without recording these assets.

Dispositions are accounted for as reductions of the capitalized cost (and related accumulated depreciation for Proprietary Fund fixed assets). Any proceeds associated with such disposition are reflected as other financing sources in Governmental Funds. The gain or loss (net of proceeds) is charged to operations of Proprietary Funds.

No depreciation has been provided on general fixed assets nor has interest on construction in progress been capitalized.

Property and equipment—proprietary funds. Property and equipment acquired by the Proprietary Funds are stated at cost (or estimated historical cost), including interest capitalized during construction where applicable. The original cost of the water and sewer distribution systems was not available. Accordingly, such costs were estimated using standard industry assumptions as determined by an outside consultant. Contributed fixed assets are recorded at fair market value at the time received. Depreciation has been provided using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Estimated
	Lives (Years)
Auto and trucks	5-8
Machinery, equipment, furniture and fixtures	10-25
Buildings	25
Sewers and water mains	25-100

Contributed capital. Contributions of capital assets recorded in the Proprietary Funds are credited directly to contributed capital. These include endowments, donations, plant and equipment donated by developers and other governments and Proprietary Fund capital assets purchased with Governmental Fund revenues. Depreciation on contributed fixed assets is allocated to contributed capital.

#### City of Delaware, Ohio Notes to the General-Purpose Financial Statements December 31, 1998

Insurance. The City is insured with private carriers for most risks including property damage, personal injury, bodily injury and public official liability. Uninsured judgments and claims are recorded when it is probable that either an asset has been impaired or a liability has been incurred and the amount of loss can be reasonably estimated. The City is self-insured for employee medical and dental coverage up to a stop-loss limit. These medical and dental activities are accounted for in an Internal Service Fund.

Compensated absences. City employees are granted vacation and sick leave in amounts which vary by length of service. Other compensated absences are calculated based on paid contract provisions. In the event of termination, employees are reimbursed for vested vacation, sick leave, and other compensated absences at the employee's current wage.

Vested vacation, sick leave, and other compensated absences accumulated by employees paid from Governmental Funds has been recorded in the General Long-Term Obligations Account Group. Vested vacation, sick leave, and other compensated absences accumulated by employees paid from Proprietary Funds is recorded as an expense and liability of the related Proprietary Fund when earned by the employee.

Payment of vacation, sick leave, and other compensated absences is dependent upon many factors; therefore, timing of future payments is not readily determinable. However, management believes that payment of vacation, sick leave, and other compensated absences will not have a materially adverse impact on the availability of the City's cash balances.

Comparative data. Financial totals data for the prior year have been presented in certain of the accompanying general-purpose financial statements in order to provide an understanding of overall changes in the City's financial position and operations. However, comparative data (i.e., presentation of prior year totals by fund type) have not been presented in the general-purpose financial statements, since their inclusion would make the statements unduly complex and difficult to read.

Total columns on combined financial statements. Total columns on the combined financial statements are captioned "Memorandum Only" to indicate that they are presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in these columns do not present financial position, results of operations or changes in financial position in conformity with GAAP nor is such data comparable to a consolidation. Interfund eliminations have not been made in aggregating this data.

Accounting and financial reporting for proprietary funds. The City has elected not to apply Financial Accounting Standards Board Statements and Interpretations issued after November 30, 1989, to its Proprietary Fund activities.

#### 2. Change in Accounting Principles

For 1998, the City has implemented GASB Statement No. 31, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools." This statement establishes accounting and reporting guidelines for government investments and investment pools. Certain investments which were reported at cost in previous years are now reported at market value.

The City also implemented GASB Statement No. 32, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans" for its deferred compensation plan through the Ohio Public Employees Deferred Compensation Plan (OPEDCP). On September 1, 1998, the OPEDCP created a trust for the assets of the plan for which the City has no fiduciary responsibility. Therefore, the balance of the OPEDCP is no longer presented as part of the City's financial statements.

#### 3. Cash and Investments

The City pools all individual fund cash balances for investment purposes, except for investments with fiscal agents and funds established to comply with restrictive enterprise fund bond covenants.

Deposits. At December 31, 1998, the carrying amount of the City's deposits was \$472,841, and the bank balance was \$847,222. Of the bank balance, \$244,967 was covered by federal depository insurance, \$379,888 was covered by collateral held in the pledging banks' trust department in the City's name and \$222,367 was covered by public deposit collateral pools and not held in the City's name.

Investments. The City carries its investments at market value. The Ohio Revised Code authorizes the City to invest in repurchase agreements, securities of the federal government, securities of eligible financial institutions and certain other securities which mature within two years from purchase date. It is management's policy to invest in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio, managed by the Treasurer of the State of Ohio), the NCC Trust (a moneymarket-type investment managed by National City Bank and used for the City's restricted trust monies) and repurchase agreements. The City's investments are categorized below to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the City at year-end. Category 1 includes investments that are insured or registered or for which the securities are held by the City or its agent in the City's name. Category 2 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the broker's or dealer's trust department or agent in the City's name. Category 3 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the broker or dealer, or by its trust department or agent but not in the City's name.

		1	Cate	gorv 2		3		Carrying Amount		Market Value
Government securities NCC trust	\$ 4	461,048	\$	-	. \$	63,240	<u>\$</u>	461,048 63,240	\$	461,048 63,240
		461.048			-	63,240		524,288		524,288
In addition, the City has the following investments which are not categorized:									-	
Investments in STAR Ohio		<del></del> -						18,462,712		18,462,712
Total investments							\$	18,987,000	\$	18,987,000

City of Delaware, Ohio Notes to General-Purpose Financial Statements December 31, 1998

# I. Receivables

Receivables at December 31, 1998 consist of the following:

				Property				Customer	Ď	Other Service	Gross		Allowance for	t for		
	Inco	Income Taxes		Taxes	Hote	Hotel Taxes		Charges	٦	Charges	Receivables	1	Uncollectibles	ples		Net
General	<del>69</del>	696,335	<del>د</del> م	672,353	<b>↔</b>	3,835	€*)	104,415	€	70,713	\$ 1,547,651		\$ 49	49,117	<b>∽</b>	1,498,534
Special revenue		417,801		192,119		•		8,630		•	618,550	0	**	5,561		612,989
Enterprise:																
Water		•		ı		•		480,868		2,197	483,065	ς.	₩.	84,414		398,651
Sewer		٠		1		•		469,541		1,257	470,798	90	77	77,616		393,182
Other enterprise		1		•			1	165,076		650	165,726	اود	4	41,796		123,930
Total enterprise				-		1	1	1,115,485		4,104	1,119,589	ام	203	203,826		915,763
Total	S	\$ 1,114,136	∽	864,472	S	3,835	ω	1,228,530	8	74,817	\$ 3,285,790	٥	\$ 258	258,504	<b>\$</b>	\$ 3,027,286

#### 5. Due From Other Governments

At December 31, 1998, intergovernmental receivables were as follows:

	_	General Fund		Special Revenue	Capital Projects		Total
Due from:							
Federal government:							
Federal Aviation Administration	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 194,312	\$	194,312
Office of Community Oriented		-	_				_
Policing Services (COPS)		<u>-</u>	-	-	-		-
Community Police Block Grant		8,264		-			8,264
State government:							
License fees and gasoline taxes		-		56,034	-		56,034
Local government funds		10,755		-	-		10,755
State revenue sharing		-		-	· -		
Ohio Department of Trans. Airport		-		-	- 73,684		73,684
Ohio Department of Development		-		10,055	491,000		501,055
Local government:							
Delaware County (reimbursement							
for personal services)		122,355		-	-		122,355
Local government funds - County		73,408		-	-		73,408
License fees and gasoline taxes		-		9,879	-		9,879
Municipal court		107.195		28.392	 <u> </u>	-	135.587
	\$	321,977	<u>\$</u>	104,360	\$ 758,996	<u>\$</u>	1,185,333

#### 6. Interfund Receivables and Payables

Interfund balances at December 31, 1998 consist of the following individual fund receivables and payables:

	_R	ecejvable_	 Payable
General	\$	370,526	
Special Revenue: Rental Rehab Community Police Block Grant Fire/EMS income tax Police and Fire pension		·	\$ 2,425 - 278,534 -
Debt Service		1,000	
Capital Projects: Federal Aviation Administration airport expansion			89,567
Enterprise: Sewer	<u> </u>		 1,000
	\$	371,526	\$ 371,526

#### 7. Property and Equipment

A summary of Proprietary Fund type property, plant and equipment at December 31, 1998 is as follows:

			 Enter	pris	e				
	_	Water	 Sewer	_E	Other Interprise		Total	_	nternal Service
Land	\$	445,462	\$ 2,500	\$	442,649	\$	890,611	\$	-
Buildings		5,618,066	11,181,072		20,919		16,820,057		-
Improvements other than buildings		10,338,657	15,758,548		-		26,097,205		-
Machinery and equipment		936,517	971,857		1,232,933		3,141,307		74,061
Construction in progress	_	604,594	 437,359			_	1,041,953		
		17,943,296	28,351,336		1,696,501	=	47,991,133		74,061
Less accumulated depreciation	_	6,678,561	 11.075.444		950,683		18,704,688		55.081
Net property and equipment	\$	11.264,735	\$ 17,275,892	\$	745,818	\$	29,286,445	\$	18.980

Construction in progress of the Water Fund consists primarily of \$297,069 expended to install ground wells at the treatment plant and \$245,669 for installing water lines. Construction in progress of the Sewer Fund consists primarily of \$127,544 for the downtown sewer rehabilitation and \$127,948 for installation of an electronic metering system at that sewer plant.

A summary of changes in general fixed assets follows:

	Balance January 1, 1998	1998 Additions	1998 Deletions	Balance December 31, 1998
General fixed assets:			-	
Land	\$ 1,090,061		-	\$ 1,090,061
Buildings and improvements	10,910,219	\$ 1,213,938	· •	12,124,157
Machinery and equipment	5,760,915	538,879	\$ 80,627	6,219,167
Construction in progress	5,921,905	2,192,304	996,517	7,117,692
	\$23,683,100	\$ 3,945,121	\$ 1,077,144	\$ 26,551,077

General fixed asset construction in progress consists primarily of \$6,931,602 for the expansion of the airport runway.

As of December 31, 1998, the City had committed to approximately \$500,000 under construction contracts to complete these projects.

#### 8. General Long-Term Obligations and Notes Payable

A summary of long-term obligations and notes payable for the year ended December 31, 1998 is as follows:

Fund Type/Account Group	Balance January 1, 1998	1998Additions	1998 Deletions	Balance December 31, 1998
General long-term obligations:				
Accrued liabilities:			_	
Compensated absences	\$ 1,711,289	129,779	· -	\$ 1,841,068
Past service pension obligation				
for police and firemen (Note 10)	357,691		\$ 3,933	353,758
Pension buyout obligation for				
PERS (Note 10)	229,502	\$ 91,490	-	320,992
Notes payable for fire station	1,400,000	-	145,000	1,255,000
Notes payable for Downtown				
Streetscape Phase I	-	1,755,000	-	1,755,000
General obligation bonds, at				
3.0% to 5.4%	2,792,000	<del></del>	507,000	2.285,000
Total general long-term	_		_	
obligations	6,490,482	1.976.269	655.933	7.810.818
Enterprise:				
Sewer:				
Mortgage revenue bonds, at				
4.3% to 6.0%	4,510,000	-	200,000	4,310,000
OWDA loan, at 5.3%	50,738	-	50,738	-
Water:				
General obligation bonds,				
at 5.3%	155.000		155,000	-
Total enterprise fund debt	4.715.738		405,738	4.310.000
Total notes payable and long-term				
obligations	\$11,206,220	\$ 1,976,269	\$ 1,061,671	\$12,120,818

Additions and deletions of accrued vacation and sick leave are shown net since it is impracticable for the City to determine these amounts separately.

#### City of Delaware, Ohio Notes to General-Purpose Financial Statements December 31, 1998

In conjunction with the issuance of the Sewer Mortgage Revenue Bonds, the City entered into a trust agreement with a commercial bank. The trust agreement requires the City to hold restricted assets for the cost of constructing and replacing property and equipment and repaying debt. Restricted assets relating to the Sewer Mortgage Revenue Bonds consisted of the following at December 31, 1998:

Restricted assets held by the City:	
Replacement and Improvement Fund	\$ 480,000
Restricted assets held by the trustee:	
Bond Reserve Fund	461,015
Bond Principal/Interest Fund	38,043
	499,058
Accrued interest receivable on	
investments held by the trustee	25,230
•	
Total restricted assets	\$ 1,004,288

In addition, the Indentures of Mortgage for the Sewer Fund require the City to pledge net revenues (defined in the agreement as revenues less operating and maintenance expenses) and restricted assets of the Sewer Fund for the payment of principal and interest on the bonds when due. Additionally, the Indenture of Mortgage for the Sewer Fund requires the City to pledge fixed assets of the Sewer Fund as collateral for the payment of principal and interest. Pursuant to these pledges, substantially all retained earnings of the Sewer Fund are restricted.

The Indentures of Mortgage for the Sewer Fund require the City to charge rates for utility service which would produce net income (as defined by the agreement) sufficient to service the Sewer Mortgage Revenue Bond. In the opinion of management, the City has complied with all Revenue Bond covenants.

The following tables summarize the City's future bond, note and loan debt service requirements as of December 31, 1998:

Year Ending December 31,		General Lon General Obligation Bonds	g-Term Debt Interest
1999	. \$	530,000	\$ 120,675
2000	- 	555,000	93,645
2001		585,000	64,507
2002		615.000	33,210
Total	\$	2.285,000	\$ 312,037
	_		Sewer Fund
Year Ending December 31,		Revenue Bonds	<u>Interest</u>
1999	· \$	210,000	\$ 246,515
2000		225,000	236,015
2001		235,000	224,540
2002		245,000	212,320
2003-2012		260,000	199,335
2004-2012	<u>-</u> <u>-</u>	3,135,000	1.002.825
Total	\$	4,310,000	\$ 2,121,550

The various general obligation bond indentures contain no Sinking Fund requirements or significant bond indenture limitations and restrictions.

All general obligation bonds are backed by the full faith and credit of the City. However, it is the City's policy to pay debt service for the Enterprise Funds' debt from the revenues of those funds. Accordingly, such debt is reported in those funds. Any deficiency will be paid from the City's General Fund.

The loan payable to the Ohio Water Development Authority (OWDA) is a revenue obligation incurred to help finance the construction of a sewage treatment plant and is to be repaid from charges for services. The loan is unsecured and does not pledge any fixed assets of the Sewer Fund or require the application of the City's general resources for repayment. However, the loan agreement requires the City to charge utility rates which would produce net income sufficient to service debt of the loan payable. During 1998, this loan was paid.

The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides that the net general obligation debt of a municipal corporation, whether or not approved by the electors, shall not exceed 10.5% of the total value of all property in the municipal corporation as listed and assessed for taxation. In addition, the unvoted net debt of municipal corporations cannot exceed 5.5% of the total taxation value of property. The statutory limitations on debt are measured by a direct ratio of net debt to tax valuation and expressed in terms of a percentage. At December 31, 1998, the City's total net debt and unvoted net debt were approximately 2.7% of the total assessed value of all property within the City.

As of December 31, 1998, the City had no debt approved by the voters or Council which had not been issued.

The aggregate amount of the City's unvoted debt is also subject to overlapping debt restrictions with Delaware County and the Delaware City School District. As of December 31, 1998, these entities have complied with the requirement that overlapping debt must not exceed 1% (10 mills) of the assessed property value.

In prior years, the City defeased certain sewer revenue bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the defeased bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the City's financial statements. At December 31, 1998, \$1,710,000 of bonds outstanding are considered defeased.

#### 9. Contributed Capital

Property, plant and equipment acquired from grants, donation or entitlements are recorded as contributed capital. A summary of changes in contributed capital follows:

		Enterprise		
	Sewer	Water	Other Enterprise	Total
Balance at January 1, 1998	\$ 9,904,299	\$ 3,499,582	\$ 167,357	\$ 13,571,238
Additions	382,529	318,093	-	700,622
Depreciation	(454.183)	(71.455)	(12.600)	(538,238)
Balance at December 31, 1998	\$ 9,832,645	\$ 3,746,220	\$ 154,757	\$13,733,622

#### 10. Defined Benefit Pension Plans and Postemployment Benefits

Plan Description. Police and firemen are covered by the Police and Firemen's Disability and Pension Fund of Ohio ("Police and Fire"). Substantially all other City employees are covered by the Public Employees Retirement System of Ohio ("PERS"). Police and Fire and PERS (the "Systems") are both statewide, cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans which provide pension and disability benefits to qualified participants, and death benefits to qualified beneficiaries. Benefits are established by state statute. Police and Fire and PERS each issue a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The Police and Fire report may be obtained by writing to the Police and Firemen's Disability and Pension Fund of Ohio, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164 or by calling (614) 228-3781. The PERS report may be obtained by writing to Public Employees Retirement System of Ohio, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642 or by calling (614) 466-2085.

Funding policy. Contributions to the Systems are established by the ORC and are based on percentages of employees' salaries. In addition to paying the employer's share as required by the ORC, the City also pays a portion of the employee's share. Contribution rates for the Systems at December 31, 1998 were as follows:

	Employe	ee Share		
		Paid by	Employer	
	Paid by City	<u>Employees</u>	Share	Total
Police and Fire:	·			
Police patrol	10.00%	0.00%	19.50%	29.50%
Police sergeants	10.00%	0.00%	0.00%	10.00%
Police management	8.50%	1.50%	19.50%	29.50%
Firefighters	10.00%	0.00%	24.00%	34.00%
Fire management	8.50%	1.50%	24.00%	34.00%
PERS	<b>8.50</b> %	0.00%	13.55%	22.05%

The City's contributions for the year ended December 31, 1998, and for each of the two preceding years is as follows:

	<u>_</u>	Police and Fire			PERS	
Year Ended December 31	EmployeeShare	Employer Share	Total	Employee Share	Employer Share	Total
1996	263,892	572,707	836,599	389,180	620,400	1,009,580
1997	278,618	605,229	883,847	422,883	673,956	1,096,839
1998	301,392	655,247	956,639	455,332	726,150	1,181,482

In addition to the retirement benefits described above, the Systems provide postretirement health care benefits.

#### City of Delaware, Ohio Notes to General-Purpose Financial Statements December 31, 1998

Police and Fire provides postemployment health care benefits to all qualified retirees or benefit recipients. The employer's contributions are financed on a pay-as-you-go basis. Currently, 6.5 percent of covered payroll, the Board-defined allocation, is used to pay retiree health care expenses. At December 31, 1997, the total number of benefit recipients eligible for OPEB through Police and Fire was 11,239 for Police and 9,025 for Firefighters.

PERS provides postretirement health care coverage to age and service retirees with ten or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit and to primary survivor recipients of such retirees. Health care coverage for disability recipients is available. The health care coverage provided by the retirement system is considered an Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement No. 12. A portion of each employer's contribution to PERS is set aside for the funding of postretirement health care based on authority granted by State statute. The 1998 employer contribution rate was 13.55 percent of covered payroll for employees not engaged in law enforcement; 5.11 percent was the portion that was used to fund health care for the year 1998. Effective January 1, 1998 4.2 percent of each employer contribution will be used to fund health care.

For 1998, benefits were funded on a pay-as-you go basis. Prior to 1998, benefits were advanced funded using the entry age normal cost method. OPEB are financed through employer contributions and investment earnings. The contributions allocated to retiree healthcare along with investment income on allocated assets and periodic adjustments in health care provision are expected to be sufficient to sustain the program indefinitely, During 1998, OPEB expenditures made by PERS were \$440,596,663. As of December 31, 1998, the unaudited estimated net assets available for further OPEB payments were \$9,447,325,318. At December 31, 1998, the total number of benefit recipients eligible for OPEB through PERS was 115,579.

City employees covered under PERS may elect to take an early retirement either four or five years before regular retirement age. This early retirement option is available until the year 2000. At the time of early retirement, the City agrees to buyout the pension costs for the period remaining until regular retirement. PERS allows the City to pay the buyout amount in either a lump-sum payment or to make equal annual payments over the period. The City has elected to spread the buyout costs over the period. As of December 31, 1998, \$320,992 of the buyout liability is included in the General Long-Term Obligations Account Group and \$102,005 is included in accrued liabilities for the Enterprise Funds.

The City also makes semiannual payments to Police and Fire for its portion of past service costs determined at the time Police and Fire was established. All payments to date have been budgeted and paid from the General Fund. Payment from the General Fund is financed through an operating transfer from the Special Revenue Fund. The Special Revenue Fund receives property tax revenues equal to .6 mills, which are designated for the payment of pension liabilities. The unpaid balance of \$353,758 is included in the General Long-Term Obligations Account Group and is to be amortized in annual installments, including interest, of \$19,144 per year through May 2035. The liability for past service costs subsequent to the time PERS was established was assumed by the state; therefore, it is not a liability of the City.

#### 11. Self-Insurance Fund

The City provides medical and dental coverage for its employees and is self-insured up to a stop loss limit for the cost of providing this coverage. Under the self-insurance program, the Self-Insurance Fund (an internal service fund) provides coverage for up to a maximum of \$35,000 in any one year for each employee. The City purchases commercial insurance for claims in excess of coverage provided by the Self-Insurance Fund.

All funds of the City participate in the program and make payments to the Self-Insurance Fund based on a per-employee charge. These monies are recorded as a charge for service in the Self-Insurance Fund and as an expenditure or expense, as applicable, in the disbursing fund.

The following is a summary of payments made to the Self-Insurance Fund by fund type:

General	\$ 873,621
Special revenue	163,926
Enterprise:	
Sewer	99,009
Water	107,217
Other enterprise	49,143
Total enterprise	255,369
Internal service	14,640
Total employer contributions	1,307,556
Employee contributions	55,588
Cobra contributions	936
Total	\$ 1,364,080

The claims liability is accrued if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Changes in the Self-Insurance Fund's claims liability in 1997 and 1998 were:

	Balance Beginning of Year		Current Year Claims		Claims Payments	Balance End of Year	
1997 1998	\$	108,491 129,860	\$	1,037,447 1,142,434	\$ (1,016,078) (1,120,816)	\$	129,860 151,428

#### 12. Income Taxes

The City collects an income tax of one and six-tenths percent of Delaware taxable income, defined as gross wages and salaries before any deductions and profits. Filing is mandatory for all residents.

Employers within the City are required to withhold tax on all employees working in the City and remit those monies on either a quarterly or monthly schedule. Employers are required to reconcile those withholdings on an annual basis.

#### 13. Property Taxes

Property taxes include amounts levied against real, public utility and tangible (used in business) property located in the City. Real property taxes collected during 1998 had lien and levy dates of January 1, 1997. One half of this tax was due February 10, 1998, with the remaining balance due on July 10, 1998. Tangible personal property taxes had lien and levy dates of January 1, 1998. This tax was due on April 30, 1998.

Assessed values on real property are established by state law at 35 percent of appraised market value. A re-evaluation of all property is required to be completed no less than every six years. The last re-evaluation was completed in 1996. Tangible personal property assessments are 25 percent of true value (true values are based on cost and established by the state of Ohio). The assessed value, upon which the 1998 levy was based, was approximately \$350 million. The assessed value for 1998, upon which the 1998 levy will be based, is approximately \$367 million.

Ohio law prohibits taxation of property from all taxing authorities in excess of 1 percent of assessed value without a vote of the people. Under current procedures, the City's share is .36 percent (3.63 mills) of assessed value. Increases in the property tax rate are restricted only by voter willingness to approve such increases.

The County Treasurer collects property taxes on behalf of all taxing districts in the county, including the City of Delaware, Ohio. The County Auditor periodically remits to the City its portion of the taxes collected. Property taxes may be paid on either an annual or semiannual basis.

#### 14. Segments of Enterprise Activities

Significant financial data for the five services provided by the City which are intended to be financed by user charges for the year ended December 31, 1998 were as follows:

	<u>Water</u>	Sewer	Refuse	Golf Course	Parking Lots	Total
Operating revenues	\$ 3,352,216	\$ 2,808,007	\$ 1,291,058	\$ 169,924	\$ 31.372	\$ 7.652,577
Operating expenses:			•			
Depreciation	416,457	819,472	59,358	8,251	1,437	1,304,975
Other	1,380,327	1,286,388	864,422	120,136	30,219	3,681,492
	1,796,784	2.105,860	923,780	128,387	31,656	4,986,467
Operating income	1,555,432	702,147	367,278	41,537	(284)	2,666,110
Operating transfers out	(469,583)	(461,095)	(283,184)	(5,309)	-	(1,219,171)
Net income (loss) after operating transfers	1,226,585	(97,254)	117,569	36,498	(284)	1,283,114
Total assets	16,865,777	21,681,132	1,278,401	244,337	231,270	40,300,917
Net working capital	5,223,241	3,980,233	707,325	83,187	12,676	10,006,662
Debt	-	4,309,970	-	•	<del>"</del>	4,309,970
Total Fund equity	16,462,935	17,039,543	714,151	234,655	227,864	34,679,148
Property, plant and equipment additions	2,239,955	892,717	113,677	23,024	14,370	3,283,743
Capital contributions	389,549	836,712	-	-	**	1,226,261

#### 15. Budget Basis of Accounting

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations and fund balances at end of the year on the GAAP basis to the budget basis are as follows:

	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Sources Over					
	(Ui	ider) Expendit Special	tures and Othe Debt	<u>r Uses</u> Capital		
	General	Revenue	Service	<u>Projects</u>		
GAAP basis	\$ 129,666	\$ 669,251	\$ (6,076)	\$ (92,812)		
Increase (decrease):	\$ 125,000	4 00,,201	(0,0.0)	¢ (>=,01=)		
Due to revenues:						
Received in cash during 1998 but						
accrued at December 31, 1997	1,753,114	675,410	1,000	420,770		
Accrued at December 31, 1998	- <b>-,,</b>		<b>-,-</b>			
but not yet received in cash	(1,844,031)	(735,255)	· -	(758,996)		
Due to encumbrances:	(, , ,	` , ,		. , ,		
Recognized as expenditures in						
1997 budget	137,422	258,994	_	2,757,750		
Expenditures of amounts	·	·				
encumbered for the year ended						
December 31, 1997	(224,777)	(482,472)	-	(1,907,121)		
Due to expenditures:				•		
Paid in cash during 1998, accrued						
at December 31, 1997	(1,176,296)	(375,239)	-	(398,631)		
Accrued at December 31, 1998, not						
yet encumbered	1,321,830	429,728	-	695,378		
Due to transfers in recorded for						
GAAP purposes	(16,677)	_		_		
Due to transfers out recorded for						
GAAP purposes	٠ ـ	16,677	-	-		
Other	(131,821)	(249,064)	(874)	(2,757,287)		
Budget basis	\$ (51,570)	\$ 208,030	\$ (5,950)	\$ (2,040,949)		

Assets	<u>Water</u>	Sewer	Refuse	Golf Course	Parking Lots	Total Enterprise
Cash and investments	\$ 5,178,544	\$ 2,882,945	\$ 771,765	\$ 89,221	\$ 16,083	\$ 8,938,558
Net receivables	398,651	393,183	123,929		-	915,763
Accrued interest and prepaid						
expenses	<u>12,778</u>	16,989	5,435	1,162	-	36,364
Restricted assets:	-			ē.		
Cash in City Treasury		480,000	-	7		480,000
Cash and investments with						
Trustees	-	524,288	-		-	524,288
Accrued interest	-	1,359		-		1,359
Due from:			-			
Other funds	-	-	-	-	-	-
Inventory	11,069	783	-	594	-	12,446
Deferred charge	-	105,694	-	-	•	105,694
Net fixed assets	11,264,735	<u>17,275,891</u>	377,272	153,360	215,187	29,286,445
Total assets	\$ 16,865,777	\$21,681,132	\$ 1,278,401	\$ 244,337	\$ 231,270	\$ 40,300,917
Liabilities and Fund Equity						
Accounts payable	32,934	75,711	68,959	264	3,407	181,275
Customer deposits	154,978	-	-	-	-	154,978
Accrued liabilties	214,930	223,841	123,024	9,548	-	571,343
Accrued interest payable	-	31,068	-	-	· -	31,068
Payables from restricted assets:						
Accrued interest payable	-	-	-	-	-	-
Due to:			•			
Other funds	-	1,000		-		1,000
Others	-	-	-	-	-	-
Landfill closure obligation	-	-	372,265	<b>-</b> .	-	372,265
Revenue bonds and loan payable		4.309,970		<u> </u>		4,309,970
Total liabilities	402,842	4,641,590	564,248	9.812	3,407	5,621,899
Fund equity:				÷	=	
Contributed capital	3,746,220	9,832,645	43,050	111,707	-	13,733,622
Retained earnings	12,716.715	7.206,898	671,101	122,948	227.864	20,945,526
Total fund equity	16,462,935	17,039,543	714,151	234,655	227,864	34,679,148
Total liabilities and fund						
equity	\$ 16,865,777	\$ 21,681,133	\$ 1,278,399	\$ 244,467	\$ 231,271	\$ 40,301,047

### City of Delaware, Ohio Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Retained Earnings—Enterprise Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 1998

	Water	Sewer	Refuse	Golf Course	Parking Lots	Total Enterprise
Operating revenues:				_	-	
Charges for service	\$ 3.352.216	\$ 2.808,007	\$ 1,291,058	\$ 169,924	\$ 31,372	\$ 7.652.577
Total revenue	3,352,216	2,808,007	1.291.058	169,924	31,372	7.652.577
Operating expenses:			÷ -			
Personal services	855,065	759,443	340,642	69,153	_	2,024,303
Depreciation	416,457	819,472	59,358	8,251	1,437	1,304,975
Contractual services	262,330	391,656	515,386	22,373	30,219	1,221,964
Materials and supplies	262,932	135,289	8.394	28.610	<del>.</del>	435,225
Total operating expenses	1.796.784	2,105,860	923,780	128,387	31.656	4.986.467
Operating income	1.555.432	702,147	367.278_	41.537	(284)	2,666,110
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):						
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-	_	
Interest income	265,223	213,229	38,928	-		517,380
Interest expense	(7,447)	(230,768)	-	_•	-	(238,215)
Other, net	(117,040)	(320,733)	(5,487)	270	-	(442,990)
Total nonoperating revenue,						
(expense)	140.736	(338.272)	33.441	270_		(163.825)
Income (loss) before						
operating transfers	1,696,168	363,875	400,719	41,807	(284)	2,502,285
		·			- ,	
Operating transfers out	(469,583)	<u>(461,095)</u>	(283,184)	(5,309)		(1,219,171)
Net income (loss) after	1.006.505	(0=000)	117 50 5	26.400	(004)	1002114
operating transfers	1.226.585	(97.220)	117,535	36.498	(284)	1,283,114
Add depreciation on fixed assets						
acquired by contributed	,		10.000			
capital	71.455	454.183	12.600	<del>-</del>		538,238
Increase in retained earnings	1,298,040	356,963	130,135	36,498	(284)	1,821,352
Retained earnings, beginning of year	_11.418.675	6.849.935	540,966	86.450	228.148_	_19.124.174
Retained earnings, end of year	\$12,716,715	\$ 7,206,898	\$ 671,101	\$ 122,948	\$ 227,864	\$20,945,526



PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP 100 East Broad Street Suite 2100 Columbus OH 43215-3671 Telephone (614) 225 8700 Facsimile (614) 224 1044

#### Report of Independent Accountants on Required Supplementary Information

Our report on the audit of the general-purpose financial statements of the City of Delaware, Ohio (the "City") as of December 31, 1998 and for the year then ended is presented in the first section of this document. Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming an opinion on the general-purpose financial statements taken as a whole. The year 2000 supplementary information on page 35 is not a required part of the basic financial statements but in a supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, and we did not audit, and do not express an opinion on such information. Further, we were unable to apply to the information certain procedures prescribed by professional standards because the disclosure criteria specified by TB 98-1, as amended, are not sufficiently specified and, therefore, preclude the prescribed procedures from providing meaningful results. In addition, we do not provide assurance that the City is or will become year 2000 compliant, that the City does business are or will become year 2000 compliant

August 25, 1999

Pricewstulome Cooper LLP

#### Year 2000 Issue

#### 1. Approach

The City of Delaware (the "City") has decentralized the Year 2000 Project. The City has an overall project officer to coordinate city-wide issues, with each department responsible for the execution of its own Year 2000 efforts. The following approach has been adopted:

Development of a plan. This phase included awareness presentations at each department, and development of each department's plans.

Inventorying and assessments. Each department's team is documenting all systems which could be affected by Year 2000, including those that could have embedded micro-processors. The teams then conduct business risk assessments. For those systems where a failure would impact the department's ability to perform its key processes, the project team is conducting a thorough analysis of the system. This includes contacting vendors and testing. Those systems with problems are then identified for the remediation stage.

Remediation. This includes both the development and execution of a strategy for remediation.

Testing and redeployment. Information systems will be tested to ensure they are Year 2000-ready.

Validation. This step is critical to determining if the most important systems have been identified and investigated. This step will include comparing inventories with other municipalities and conducting empirical analysis.

Contingency plans. The City will develop contingency plans for systems where a failure would have a significant impact on the City's ability to conduct business. These include both business continuity plans and, where the potential impact is severe enough, emergency response plans.

#### 2. Status

The City started preparing for the Year 2000 in 1998. A strategy for building a compliant information system infrastructure was developed, along with plans for fixing over thirteen major systems. Today, the infrastructure is nearly completed, and some of the City's most critical systems have been converted, including the financial payroll systems, water, wastewater, and all dispatching. Conversion of the remaining system is in progress.

The department project teams are evaluating department-specific systems. The majority of their work involves identifying and assessing systems with embedded micro-chips. The teams have completed inventories and are well along in assessing Year 2000 impacts to these systems. Remediation and testing well follow the assessments.

#### City of Delaware, Ohio Required Supplementary Information December 31, 1998

#### 3. Cost

A large part of the Year 2000 efforts involve the upgrade or replacement of systems; therefore, cost which specifically address the Year 2000 problem cannot be isolated. Total expenditures and budgets for upgrade and replacements, which management estimates will make the City Year 2000-compliant, are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Actual or <u>Budgeted</u>
1999	390,000
2000	60,000
	\$450,000



88 East Broad Street P.O. Box 1140 Columbus, Ohio 43216-1140

Telephone614-466-4514 800-282-0370

Facsimile 614-466-4490

CITY OF DELAWARE

DELAWARE COUNTY

#### **CLERK'S CERTIFICATION**

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

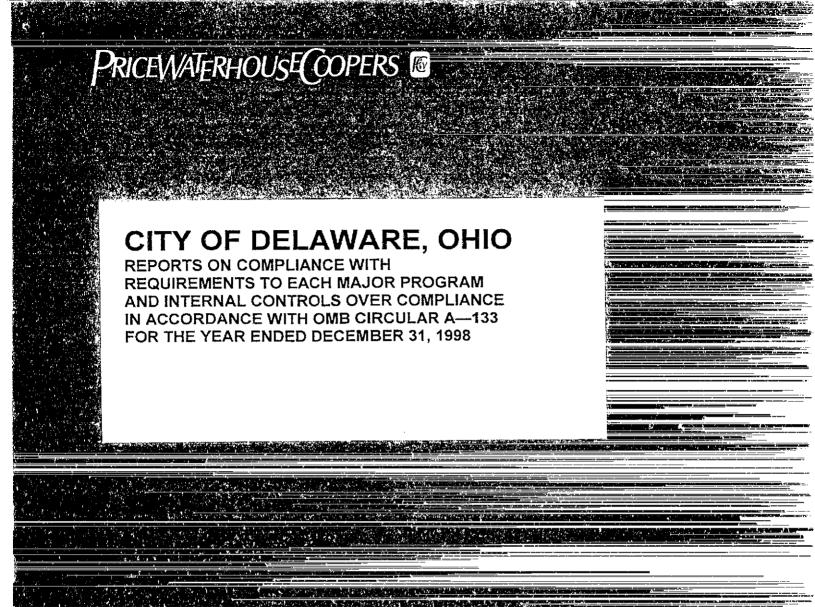
By: Susan Babbitt

Date: MAY 25, 2000



Office of the Auditor of State of Ohio Jim Petro, Auditor of State 88 E. Broad Street Columbus, Ohio 43216-1140 (800) 282-0370

E-mail Address: petro@auditor.state.oh.us http://www.auditor.state.oh.us



### CITY OF DELAWARE, OHIO

REPORTS ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND INTERNAL CONTROLS OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A—133 FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1998

## City of Delaware, Ohio Table of Contents

	Pages
Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Program and Internal Control over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A—133	_ I-2
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	3
Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	4
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	5_7



PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP 100 East Broad Street Suite 2100 Columbus OH 43215-3671 Telephone (614) 225 8700 Facsimile (614) 224 1044

Report On Compliance With Requirements Applicable To Each Major Program And Internal Control Over Compliance In Accordance With OMB Circular A-133

The Honorable City Council City of Delaware, Ohio

#### Compliance

We have audited the compliance of City of Delaware (the "City") with the types of compliance requirements described in the U. S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 1998. The City's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the City's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 1998.



#### Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on the internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

We noted certain matters involving the internal control over compliance and with its operation that we consider to be reportable conditions. Reportable conditions involve matters coming to our attention relating to significant deficiencies in the design or operation of the internal control over compliance that, in our judgment, could adversely affect the City's ability to administer a major federal program in accordance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. Reportable conditions are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 98-1.

A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants that would be material in relation to a major federal program being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be a reportable condition and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all reportable conditions that are also considered to be a material weakness. However, we believe none of the reportable conditions described above is a material weakness.

#### Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Pucewaterhouse Coopen UP

We have audited the general-purpose financial statements of the City as of and for the year ended December 31, 1998, and have issued our report thereon dated August 25, 1999. Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming an opinion on the general-purpose financial statements taken as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by OMB Circular A-133 and is not a required part of the general-purpose financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the general purpose financial statements and, in our opinion, is stated fairly, in all material respects, in relation to the general purpose financial statements taken as a whole.

This report is intended for the information and use of City Council, City management, the Auditor of the State of Ohio, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

August 25, 1999

### City of Delaware, Ohio Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended December 31, 1998

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	CFDA Number	Pass-Through Grantors' Number	Expenditures
Federal Aviation Administration			
Direct Program: Airport Improvement Program	20.106	AIP-3-39-0032-07 AIP-3-39-0032-08 AIP-3-39-0032-09	\$ 1.826.766
U.S. Department of Justice			
Direct Programs:  Community Oriented Policing Services  (COPS) Fast Grant	16.726	95-CF-WX-2599	8,310
Local Law Enforcement Block Grants Program	16.592	97-LB-VX-3305 96-LB-VX-1455	1,081
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development		·	9,391
Passes through State of Ohio Department of Development, Office of Local Government Services:		-	
Community Housing Improvement Program Community Development Block Grant	14.228 14.218	AC-98-112-1 AF-97-112-1	12,721 4,357
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			17,078 \$ 1,853,235

#### City of Delaware, Ohio Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards December 31, 1998

#### 1. General

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents the activity of all federal financial assistance programs of the City of Delaware, Ohio (the City). The City's reporting entity is defined in Note 1 to the City's general-purpose financial statements. Expenditures of federal awards received directly from federal agencies, as well as federal awards passed through other government agencies, is included on the schedule.

#### 2. Basis of Accounting

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented using the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is described in Note 1 to the City's general-purpose financial statements.

### Section I—Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements	
Type of auditor's report issued:	Unqualified
Internal control over financial reporting:  Material weakness(es) identified?  Reportable condition(s) identified  not considered to be material weaknesses?	yesXnone reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	yes Xno
Federal Awards	
Internal Control over major programs:  Material weakness(es) identified?  Reportable condition(s) identified  not considered to be material weaknesses?	yesnoXyesnone reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unqualified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Circular A-133, Section .510(a)?	X yes no
Identification of major programs:	
CFDA Number(s) Name of I	Federal Program or Cluster
20.106 Federal Aviation A	dministration - Airport Improvement Program
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:	\$300,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	X ves no

#### City of Delaware, Ohio Management Comments and Recommendations December 31, 1998

#### Section II—Financial Statement Findings

No Matters Reported

#### Section III—Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

Information on the federal program:

98-1

CFDA Number

Number of federal program

20.106

Federal Aviation Administration – Airport Improvement Program

Passed through the Federal Aviation Administration grant #AIP-3-39-0032-09

Criteria - Cash Management

Circular A-110 Section .22(b) states "Cash advances to recipient's organizations shall be limited to the minimum amounts needed and be timed to be in accordance with the actual, immediate cash requirement of the recipient organization in carrying out the purpose of the approved program or project." We also contacted the regional assistant manager of the FAA, who stated the City is allowed three days between receipt and disbursement.

#### Condition:

Federal programs at the City are reimbursed after the costs have been incurred and invoices have been received. Invoices are sent directly to the City's consultant on the airport project, who prepare a reimbursement request for amounts incurred to date. The consultant then sends the reimbursement request along with the invoices to the City. The airport manager will review the invoices and then co-sign the reimbursement request and send the form back to the consultant. At this time, the consultant files the request with the government. Concurrently, the airport manager will send the invoices to the assistant engineer for approval of invoices. After the assistant engineer approves the invoices they are sent to the finance department to be paid. The possibility of a large lag time between the filing of reimbursement request and payment of invoices theoretically exists and based on our testing it did occur. Per City personnel, since the reimbursements are wire transfers the City has no knowledge of receipt of wire transfer. We noted in our testing that one invoice was reimbursed ten days prior to payment of invoice.

#### Questioned Costs:

No material amount noted.

#### Context:

We tested twelve invoices for a total dollar amount of \$1,664,368 of federal funded expenditures. The total federal dollars expended for this program was \$1,826,766 for 82% coverage. All other programs are funded on a reimbursement basis, per the finance director. We noted one invoice for \$509,389 that was paid ten days after the receipt of federal funds.

#### City of Delaware, Ohio Management Comments and Recommendations December 31, 1998

#### Effect:

The City could potentially have federal money in their possession for longer periods than allowed by the cash management requirements.

#### Cause:

The City does not have a procedure in place to prevent a recurrence of condition specified above.

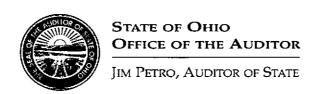
#### Recommendation:

In order to ensure future compliance, the City should implement new procedures pertaining to reimbursement requests filed with the FAA. We propose the following procedural change. The airport manager should not sign off on the reimbursement request until the Finance Director receives all the invoices that relate to that reimbursement request. The Finance Director should send to the airport manager a signed notification of receipt of such invoice. The airport manager should attach that approval to his copy. He should then sign the reimbursement request and send it to the consultant. Also, the City should direct that the consultant fax a confirmation to the City on the day the reimbursement request was filed noting that such reimbursement request has been duly filed with the FAA. As the City writes checks every Friday the longest lag time between receipt of confirmation from the consultant of the filing of the request and payment of such invoice would be five days.

#### Management's Response:

In response to the management concern regarding the FAA grant reimbursements, The City of Delaware acknowledges the following:

- Reimbursement requests were prepared by the consultant for invoices received an approved for processing by their office.
- 2. On occasion, the receipt of funds from FAA for a given reimbursement request might precede payment of the invoices by the City of Delaware.
- 3. It is our beliefs that the reimbursement requests and invoices were submitted by the consultant with an expectation that payment of the invoices would precede or closely follow any receipt of funds from FAA.
- 4. In order to assure that reimbursement requests will be processed after the payment of invoices has occurred; The City of Delaware has established new procedures to more closely monitor the payment of invoices being requested by a given reimbursement request and to hold the request until it is confirmed that a check has been issued for every invoice included in the request or to request that the reimbursement request is revised to match the invoices, which are approved for payment.



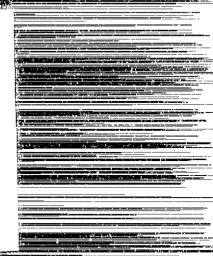
Office of the Auditor of State of Ohio Jim Petro, Auditor of State 88 E. Broad Street Columbus, Ohio 43216-1140 (800) 282-0370

E-mail Address: petro@auditor.state.oh.us http://www.auditor.state.oh.us



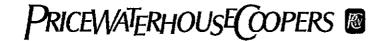
# DELAWARE MUNICIPAL COURT

REPORT ON AUDIT OF STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CASH BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1998



## DELAWARE MUNICIPAL COURT

REPORT ON AUDIT OF STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CASH BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1998



PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP 100 East Broad Street Suite 2100 Columbus OH 43215-3671 Telephone (614) 225 8700 Facsimile (614) 224 1044

#### Report of Independent Accountants

Honorable Michael Hoague Judge of the Delaware Municipal Court

In our opinion, the accompanying statement of cash receipts, disbursements and cash balances of the divisions of the Delaware Municipal Court (the "Court") presents fairly, in all material respects, the results of operations of divisions of the Delaware Municipal Court for the year ended December 31, 1998 on the basis of accounting described in Note 2. This financial statement is the responsibility of the Court's management; our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial statement based on our audit. We conducted our audit of this statement in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States which require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain a reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for the opinion expressed above.

As described in Note 2, the Court's policy is to prepare its financial statement on the basis of cash receipts and disbursements; consequently, revenues are recognized when received rather than when earned, and expenditures are recognized when paid rather than when the obligations are incurred. Accordingly, the accompanying financial statement is not intended to present financial position, results of operations or cash flows in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated August 25, 1999 on our consideration of the Court's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with laws and regulations.

August, 25 1999

Pricewaterhouse Cooper LLA

Delaware Municipal Court Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Cash Balances For the Year Ended December 31, 1998 By Division

		-								
	Criminal	Civil	Bond	Rent	Probation	Witness/ Jury	Home Monitor	1998 Total (Memorandum		1997 Total (Memorandum
	Division	Division	Division	Division	NV Ston	Livision	MVISION	ORIV	1	Campy I
Cash and certificate of deposit at January 1	\$ 208.693	\$ 18.689	\$ 76.674	•	\$ 1.276	4,154	01 \$	\$ 309,496	امر	270,149
Cash receipts;										
Highway Pairol fines	116,187	1	•	•	•	•	•	116,187		111.141
City fines	196,314	•	•	•	1	ı	•	196,314		193,525
State costs	910,466	•	•	1	ı		•	910,466		8()5,924
City costs	93,931	101,865	•	•	•	1	•	195,796		175,678
Special project fund	203,672	•	•	•	1	•	•	203,672		154,670
Other	3,694	ı	•	•	•	•	•	3,694		3,226
Source of RevenueState:		,								- 4 - 1
Highway Patrol fines	116,640	•	•	,	•	•	•	116,640	_	113,886
Public Defender	167,097	•	•	•	1	ı	•	167,097	_	166,340
Victim of Crimes	136,709	•	•	•	•	•	•	136,709	_	136,067
Seat Belt and other state fines	94,338		•	•	•	1	1	94,338		66.540
Wildlife and Watercraft	18,085		•	•	,	•	1	18,045		22.97
Other	8,280		•	•	•	ţ	•	8,280	_	5,490
Source of Revenue—County:										
Highway Patrol fines	25,759		•	•	•	Ī	,	25,739		25.198
Public Defender reimbursements	•	•	1	1	1	•	•		==.	137
County fines	197,727	•	•	•	đ	•	1	127,1791	<b>.</b> .	215,097
Bridges	367,399	•	•	1	•	·	•	367,399	_	158,138
County costs witness/jury costs	14,127	•	•	•	•	Ĭ	1	14,127		8,363
Source of Revenue-Villages:			;					. 07	_	1000 0000
Bonds	•	•	578,628	•	1	į	•	470'9/C		487,303
Judements		77,532	•	•	٠		•	77,532		88.088
Denocite and tenders	•	26,127	•	•	•	,	1	720,127	_	19,753
Other	56,348	18,422	1		36.603	44,919		156,292	-y	132,024
Total receipts:	\$ 2,726,773	\$ 223,946	\$ 578,628	· ·	\$ 36,603	\$ 44.919	Ş	\$ 3,610,869		\$ 3,088,766
	l.			:						

Delaware Municipal Court Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Cash Balances For the Year Ended December 31, 1998 By Division

	Criminal Division	Civil	Bond Division	Rent Escrow Division	Probation Division	Witness/ Jury Division	Home Monitor Division	1998 Total (Memorandum Only)		1997 Total (Memorandum Only)
Cash disbursements: To the City of Delaware, Ohio for:										
Fines	\$ 305,895			٠.	•	· •	i 69	\$ 305,895	<del>⇔</del>	303,773
Costs	990,365	\$ 94,554	\$ 25,487	•	,	•	i	1,110,406		995,529
Special project fund	200,622	i	1	•	1	1	•	200,622		140.580
Oilher	4,329	1	į	•	•	4	1	4,329		7,404
To the State of Ohio Treasurer for:										-
Fines	225,579	•	•		•	ŧ	1	225,579		201,983
Public Defender	165,720	•	•	1	•	•	1	165,720		166,471
Victim of crimes	135,601	•		•	•	•	•	135,60		136,121
To the Delaware County Auditor for:								- <del></del>		•
Fines	582,482	1	ı	•	•	•	•	582,482		396,507
Other	6,789							6,789		- - - - -
To other agencies-villages:										
Bond refunds		•	547,366	•	,	t	ı	547,366		463,496
Judgement payments	•	79,190	1	•	•	•	1	26,190		83,788
Deposits and tenders	•	25,645	•	1	•		٠	25,645		28,774
Interest Bonds	•	•	380		•	•	•	380		360
Other	55,583	26,040	•	•	35,868	45.126		162,617		119,594
Total Disbursements	2,672,965	225,429	573,233	1	35,868	45,126		3,552,621		3,049,419
Excess (deficiency) of receipts over disbursements	53,808	(1,483)	5,395		735	(207)	1	58,248		39,347
Cash and certificates of deposit at December 31 (Note 3)	\$ 262,501	\$ 17,206	\$ 82,069	S	\$ 2,011	\$ 3,947	01 \$	\$ 367,744	اد	309,496

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

#### Delaware Municipal Court Notes to Financial Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Cash Balances December 31, 1998

#### 1. Financial Reporting Entity

Delaware Municipal Court (the "Court") was created by the State Legislature of the State of Ohio under Section 1901.01 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Court has jurisdiction within the limits of Delaware County, Ohio (the County). The Court is a component unit of the City of Delaware, Ohio.

The Court's financial statement presents the agency funds of the divisions of the Court: criminal, civil and small claims, bond, rent escrow, probation, witness/jury, and home monitor. The operating expenses of the Court are funded by the General Fund of the city of Delaware, Ohio, and are not included in this report.

#### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of accounting. The Court prepares the financial statement on the basis of cash receipts and disbursements. Under this accounting method, revenues are recognized when received in cash, and expenditures are recognized when paid. This accounting method is not intended to be in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

Total columns on the financial statement. Total columns on the statement of cash receipts, disbursements and cash balances are captioned "Memorandum Only" to indicate that they are presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in these columns do not present results of operations in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, nor are such data comparable to a consolidation. Cash transfers between the divisions have not been eliminated in compiling this data.

#### 3. Cash and Certificates of Deposit

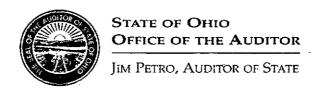
At December 31, 1998, the carrying amount of the Court's total cash and certificates of deposit was \$367,744, and the bank balance was \$367,334. Of the bank balance, \$144,967 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$222,367 was covered by collateral held by third-party trustees in collateral pools of depository institutions pursuant to Section 135.181 of the Ohio Revised Code.

Delaware Municipal Court Notes to Financial Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Cash Balances December 31, 1998

The Ohio Revised Code authorizes the Court to invest in repurchase agreements not exceeding 30 days, securities of the federal and state governments, debt securities of eligible financial institutions and certain other securities that mature within two years from purchase date. It is management's policy to deposit funds in certificates of deposit of federally insured financial institutions.

	Carrying Value (Approximates <u>Market)</u>
Certificates of deposit	\$ 20,000
Cash deposits	347,744
Total cash and certificates of deposit	\$ 367.744

All cash and certificates of deposit held by the Court are payable to other governments or to individuals.



Office of the Auditor of State of Ohio
Jim Petro, Auditor of State
88 E. Broad Street
Columbus, Ohio 43216-1140
(800) 282-0370
E-mail Address: petro@auditor.state.oh.us
http://www.auditor.state.oh.us



## DELAWARE MUNICIPAL COURT

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS'
REPORT ON LEGAL COMPLIANCE
AND THE INTERNAL CONTROL
STRUCTURE
FOR THE YEAR ENDED
DECEMBER 31, 1998

## DELAWARE MUNICIPAL COURT

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS'
REPORT ON LEGAL COMPLIANCE
AND THE INTERNAL CONTROL
STRUCTURE
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PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP 100 East Broad Street

Suite 2100

Columbus OH 43215-3671 Telephone (614) 225 8700 Facsimile (614) 224 1044

## Independent Accountants' Report on Compliance and on Internal Control Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

The Honorable Michael Hoague
Judge of the Delaware Municipal Court

We have audited the financial statements of Delaware Municipal Court for the year ended December 31, 1998 and have issued our report thereon dated August 25, 1999. We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

#### **Compliance**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Delaware Municipal Court's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

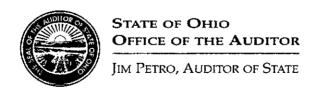
#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Delaware Municipal Court's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

This report is intended for the information of the Court's management and the Auditor of the State of Ohio. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Pucewaterhandoopan Ltl

August 25, 1999



Office of the Auditor of State of Ohio Jim Petro, Auditor of State 88 E. Broad Street Columbus, Ohio 43216-1140 (800) 282-0370

E-mail Address: petro@auditor.state.oh.us http://www.auditor.state.oh.us