LICKING COUNTY EDUCATIONAL SERVICE CENTER

LICKING COUNTY

REGULAR AUDIT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999



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Licking County Educational Service Center



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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS

Licking County Board of Education Licking County Educational Service Center 675 Price Road Newark, Ohio 43055

We have audited the accompanying general-purpose financial statements of the Licking County Educational Service Center, Licking County, Ohio, (the Center) as of and for the year ended June 30, 1999 as listed in the table of contents. These general-purpose financial statements are the responsibility of the Center's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these general-purpose financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the general-purpose financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Licking County Educational Service Center, Licking County, Ohio, as of June 30, 1999, and the results of its operations for the year then ended in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated February 1, 2000 on our consideration of the Center's internal control structure over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants.

JIM PETRO Auditor of State

February 1, 2000

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COMBINED BALANCE SHEET ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES AND ACCOUNT GROUPS JUNE 30, 1999

	Governmental Fund Types		Acc	ount Groups		
		0	General	General	Totals	
	General	Special Revenue	Fixed Assets	Long-Term Obligations	(Memorandum Only)	
Assets and Other Debits:			7100010	<u> </u>		
Assets:						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$957,538	\$88,734	\$0	\$0	\$1,046,272	
Receivables:						
Accounts	4,695	0	0	0	\$4,695	
Intergovernmental	114,195	19,890	0	0	134,085	
Materials and Supplies Inventory	1,445	0	0	0	1,445	
Prepaid Items	15,825	2,253	0	0	18,078	
Fixed Assets	0	0	380,526	0	380,526	
Other Debits:						
Amount to be Provided from	_	_	_			
General Government Resources	0	0	0	141,210	141,210	
Total Assets and Other Debits	\$1,093,698	\$110,877	\$380,526	\$141,210	\$1,726,311	
Liabilities, Fund Equity and Other Cre	dits:					
Liabilities:	ano.					
Accounts Payable	\$1,986	\$390	\$0	\$0	\$2,376	
Accrued Salaries Payable	228,896	30,769	0	0	259,665	
Intergovernmental Payable	227,711	19,737	0	14,585	262,033	
Compensated Absences Payable	7,425	313	0	117,276	125,014	
Capital Leases Payable	0	0	0	9,349	9,349	
Total Liabilities	466,018	51,209	0	141,210	658,437	
Fund Fauity and Other Creditor						
Fund Equity and Other Credits: Investment in General Fixed Assets	0	0	380,526	0	380,526	
Fund Balances:	U	U	360,320	U	360,320	
Reserved for Encumbrances	3,172	22,155	0	0	25,327	
Reserved for Inventory	1,445	22,133	0	0	23,327 1,445	
Unreserved	623,063	37,513	0	0	660,576	
Onleserved	023,003	37,313			000,370	
Total Fund Equity and Other Credits	627,680	59,668	380,526	0	1,067,874	
Total Liabilities, Fund Equity						
and Other Credits	\$1,093,698	\$110,877	\$380,526	\$141,210	\$1,726,311	

See accompanying notes to the general purpose financial statements

COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

	Governmental		
	General	Special Revenue	Totals (Memorandum Only)
Povonuos			
Revenues: Intergovernmental	\$2,276,686	\$685,158	\$2,961,844
Interest	52,308	φουσ, 130	52,308
Tuition and Fees	592,117	0	592,117
Gifts and Donations	13,974	4,675	18,649
Charges for Services	46,544	0	46,544
Miscellaneous	60,479	0	60,479
Total Revenues	3,042,108	689,833	3,731,941
Expenditures:			
Current:			
Instruction:			
Regular	0	64,256	64,256
Special	647,203	282,270	929,473
Support Services:			
Pupils	553,561	38,098	591,659
Instructional Staff	1,125,478	178,893	1,304,371
Board of Education	10,590	0	10,590
Administration	456,475	46,134	502,609
Fiscal	73,754	3,000	76,754
Business	10,299	0	10,299
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	46,743	53,130	99,873
Pupil Transportation	13	450	463
Central	5,760	6,630	12,390
Non-Instructional Services	0	858	858
Capital Outlay Debt Service:	69,245	0	69,245
Principal Retirement	3,944	0	3,944
Interest and Fiscal Charges	1,672	0	1,672
Total Expenditures	3,004,737	673,719	3,678,456
F (B 0			
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	37,371	16,114	53,485
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	590,172	43,554	633,726
Increase in Reserve for Inventory	137	0	137
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$627,680	\$59,668	\$687,348

See accompanying notes to the general purpose financial statements

COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGET BASIS) ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

	General Fund		Special Revenue Funds			Totals (Memorandum Only)			
	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues:									
Intergovernmental	\$2,264,569	\$2,264,569	\$0	\$712,028	\$665,618	(\$46,410)	\$2,976,597	\$2,930,187	(\$46,410)
Interest	53,662	53,662	0	0	0	0	53,662	53,662	0
Tuition and Fees	546,154	546,154	0	0	0	0	546,154	546,154	0
Gifts and Donations	13,974	13,974	0	4,675	4,675	0	18,649	18,649	0
Charges for Services	46,544	46,544	0	0	0	0	46,544	46,544	0
Miscellaneous	60,479	60,479	0	0	0	0	60,479	60,479	0
Total Revenues	2,985,382	2,985,382	0	716,703	670,293	(46,410)	3,702,085	3,655,675	(46,410)
Expenditures:									
Current:									
Instruction:									
Regular	27,142	604	26,538	74,955	70,061	4,894	102,097	70,665	31,432
Special	838,200	686,589	151,611	325,352	306,449	18,903	1,163,552	993,038	170,514
Support Services:									
Pupils	648,149	598,567	49,582	45,745	45,591	154	693,894	644,158	49,736
Instructional Staff	1,283,589	1,193,377	90,212	234,719	179,880	54,839	1,518,308	1,373,257	145,051
Board of Education	20,373	10,608	9,765	0	0	0	20,373	10,608	9,765
Administration	555,774	465,212	90,562	58,623	49,108	9,515	614,397	514,320	100,077
Fiscal	83,122	73,212	9,910	3,000	3,000	0	86,122	76,212	9,910
Business	12,000	11,043	957	0	0	0	12,000	11,043	957
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	67,081	46,047	21,034	57,775	53,426	4,349	124,856	99,473	25,383
Pupil Transportation	2,013	13	2,000	450	450	0	2,463	463	2,000
Central	13,250	5,760	7,490	7,948	6,630	1,318	21,198	12,390	8,808
Non-Instructional Services	0	0	0	1,383	858	525	1,383	858	525
Capital Outlay	143,854	69,244	74,610	0	0	0	143,854	69,244	74,610
Total Expenditures	3,694,547	3,160,276	534,271	809,950	715,453	94,497	4,504,497	3,875,729	628,768
Excess of Revenues Under									
Expenditures	(709,165)	(174,894)	(534,271)	(93,247)	(45,160)	(140,907)	(802,412)	(220,054)	582,358
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	702,962	702,962	0	71,002	71,002	0	773,964	773,964	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	208,637	208,637	0	22,245	22,245	0	230,882	230,882	0_
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$202,434	\$736,705	(\$534,271)	\$0	\$48,087	(\$140,907)	\$202,434	\$784,792	\$582,358

See accompanying notes to the general purpose financial statements

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 1999

1. REPORTING ENTITY

The Licking County Educational Service Center (the "Educational Service Center") is located in Newark, Ohio, the county seat. The Educational Service Center provides supervisory, special education, administrative, and other services to Johnstown-Monroe, Licking Heights, Lakewood, Licking Valley, North Fork, Northridge, and Southwest Licking Local School Districts, Granville Exempted Village School District, Newark and Heath City School Districts, and the Licking County Joint Vocational School District. The Educational Service Center furnishes leadership and consulting services designed to strengthen the school districts in areas they are unable to finance or staff independently.

The Licking County Educational Service Center operates under a locally-elected Board form of government consisting of five members elected at-large for staggered four year terms. The Educational Service Center has 33 support staff employees and 46 certified teaching personnel that provide services to the school districts.

The reporting entity is composed of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to insure that the financial statements of the Educational Service Center are not misleading.

A. Primary Government

The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the Educational Service Center. For the Licking County Educational Service Center, this includes general operations and student related activities.

B. Component Units

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the Educational Service Center is financially accountable. The Educational Service Center is financially accountable for an organization if the Educational Service Center appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) The Educational Service Center is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) The Educational Service Center is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the Educational Service Center is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the Educational Service Center is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the Educational Service Center in that the Educational Service Center approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. No separate government units meet the criteria for inclusion as a component unit.

The Educational Service Center is associated with four organizations, two of which are defined as jointly governed organizations, one as a joint venture, and one as a group purchasing pool. These are the Licking County Joint Vocational School District, the Metropolitan Educational Council, Licking Area Computer Association, and the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan. These organizations are presented in Notes 15, 16, and 17 to the general purpose financial statements.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Educational Service Center have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the Educational Service Center's accounting policies are described below.

A. Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The Educational Service Center uses funds and account groups to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain Educational Service Center functions or activities.

A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts recording cash and other financial resources, together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special restrictions or limitations. An account group is a financial reporting device designed to provide accountability for certain assets and liabilities that are not recorded in the funds because they do not directly affect net expendable available financial resources.

For financial statement presentation purposes, the various funds of the Educational Service Center are grouped into the following generic fund types under the broad fund category governmental.

Governmental Fund Types

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the Educational Service Center are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of the Educational Service Center's expendable financial resources and the related current liabilities are accounted for through governmental funds. The following are the Educational Service Center's governmental fund types:

General Fund

The General fund is the operating fund of the Educational Service Center and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General fund balance is available to the Educational Service Center for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditure for specified purposes.

Account Groups:

To make a clear distinction between fixed assets related to specific funds and those of general government, and between long-term liabilities related to specific funds and those of a general nature, the following account groups are used:

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

A. Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting (Continued)

Account Groups: (Continued)

General Fixed Assets Account Group

This account group is established to account for all fixed assets of the Educational Service Center.

General Long-Term Obligations Account Group

This account group is established to account for all long-term debt of the Educational Service Center.

B. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types and expendable trust funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e. revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e. expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is followed for the governmental funds. Under this basis, revenues are recognized in the accounting period when they become both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current fiscal year or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year. The available period for the Educational Service Center is sixty days after year end.

In applying the susceptible to accrual concept under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are deemed both measurable and available: investment earnings, tuition, fees, and grants.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than on expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Principal and interest on general long-term obligations are recorded as fund liabilities when due or when amounts have been accumulated in a debt service fund for payments to be made early in the following year. The costs of accumulated unpaid vacation and sick leave are reported as fund liabilities in the period in which they will be liquidated with available financial resources rather than in the period earned by employees. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Budgetary Process

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of Section 3317.11 of the Ohio Revised Code and entails preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The Educational Service Center legally adopts its budget on or before July 1. Included in the budget are the estimated resources and expenditures for each fund. Upon review by the Educational Service Center's Board, the annual appropriation resolution is adopted. After the start of the fiscal year, the estimated resources are revised to include the actual beginning of the fiscal year fund balance and accepted by the Board. Both the estimated resources and appropriations may be amended or supplemented throughout the year as circumstances warrant.

In the first quarter of each fiscal year, the Educational Service Center summarizes and certifies its budget on forms furnished by the State Department of Education, together with such other information as the State Department of Education may require. The summarized budget consists of three parts. Part (A) includes entitlement funding from the State for the cost of salaries, employer's retirement contributions, and travel expenses of supervisory teachers approved by the State Department of Education. Part (B) includes the cost of all other lawful expenditures of the Educational Service Center. Part (C) includes the adopted appropriation resolution of the Educational Service Center. The State Department of Education reviews the budget and certifies to each local board of education under the supervision of the Educational Service Center the amount from part (B) that is to be apportioned to their district.

Appropriations

The annual appropriation resolution is legally enacted by the Educational Service Center at the fund, function, and object level of expenditures, which are the legal levels of budgetary control. Prior to the passage of the annual appropriation measure, the Educational Service Center may pass a temporary appropriation measure to meet the ordinary expenses of the Educational Service Center. The appropriation resolution, by fund, must be within the estimated resources, and the total of expenditures and encumbrances may not exceed the appropriation totals at any level of control. Any revisions that alter the total of any fund appropriation, or alter any total function appropriations within a fund, or alter object appropriations within functions, must be approved by the Educational Service Center.

The Educational Service Center may pass supplemental fund appropriations so long as the total appropriations by fund do not exceed the amounts set forth in the budget approved by the State Department of Education. The budget figures which appear in the statements of budgetary comparisons represent the final appropriation amounts, including all supplemental appropriations. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds, consistent with statutory provisions.

Encumbrances

As part of formal budgetary control, purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded as the equivalent of expenditures on the non-GAAP budgetary basis in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation and to determine and maintain legal compliance. On the GAAP basis, encumbrances outstanding at year end are reported as a reservation of fund balance for subsequent-year expenditures for governmental funds.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Budgetary Process (Continued)

Lapsing of Appropriations

At the close of each fiscal year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriation. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and are not reappropriated.

D. Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, cash received by the Educational Service Center is pooled. Monies for all funds, including proprietary funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through Educational Service Center records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "cash and cash equivalents" on the balance sheet.

During fiscal year 1999, investments were limited to STAR Ohio and repurchase agreements. STAROhio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurers' Office which allows governments within the state to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAROhio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the investment company act of 1940. Investments in STAROhio are valued at STAROhio's share price which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 1999. Repurchase agreements are reported at cost.

Following Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 1999 amounted to \$52,308, which includes \$12,308 assigned from other Educational Service Center Funds.

For the purposes of presentation on the combined balance sheet, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the Educational Service Center are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months that are not purchased from the pool are reported as investments.

E. Inventory of Supplies

Inventories are stated at cost. Cost is determined on a first-in, first-out basis. The costs of inventory items are recorded as expenditures when purchased. Reported supplies inventory is equally offset by a fund balance reserve which indicates that it does not constitute available spendable resources even though it is a component of net current assets.

F. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 1999, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method by recording a current asset for the prepaid amount and reflecting the expenditure in the year in which services are consumed.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

G. Fixed Assets and Depreciation

General fixed assets are not capitalized in the funds used to acquire or construct them. Instead, capital acquisition and construction costs are reflected as expenditures in governmental funds, and the related assets are reported in the general fixed assets account group. All fixed assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The Educational Service Center maintains a capitalization threshold of two hundred dollars.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized.

Assets in the general fixed assets account group are not depreciated. The Educational Service Center does not have any infrastructure.

H. Intergovernmental Revenues

For governmental funds, intergovernmental revenues, such as entitlements and grants awarded on a non-reimbursement basis, are recorded as receivables and revenues when measurable and available. Reimbursement type grants are recorded as receivables and revenues when the related expenditures are incurred. The Educational Service Center had no reimbursable grants recorded as receivables during fiscal year 1999.

The Educational Service Center currently participates in several State and Federal programs, categorized as follows:

Entitlements

General Fund

State Foundation Program

Non-Reimbursable Grants Special Revenue Funds

Media Center Satellite

Education Management Information Systems

Eisenhower

Entry Year

Drug-Free Schools

Preschool

Handicapped Preschool

Grants and entitlements amounted to approximately 47 percent of the Educational Service Center's operating revenue during the 1999 fiscal year.

I. Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave components are derived from negotiated agreements and state laws. Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the Educational Service Center will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The Educational Service Center records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all employees with more than three months of service.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

I. Compensated Absences (Continued)

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those the Educational Service Center has identified as probable of receiving payment in the future. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employees' wage rates at fiscal year end, taking into consideration any limits specified in the Educational Service Center's termination policy. The Educational Service Center records a liability for accumulated unused sick leave for classified and certified employees after 11 years of current service with the Educational Service Center.

The current portion of unpaid compensated absences is the amount expected to be paid using available expendable resources. These amounts are recorded in the account "compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated unpaid leave are paid. The remainder is reported in the general long-term obligations account group.

J. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities are reported as obligations of the funds regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, compensated absences and contractually required pension contributions are reported as a liability in the general long-term obligations account group to the extent that they will not be paid with current available expendable financial resources. Payments made more than sixty days after year end are considered not to have been paid using current available financial resources. Capital leases are reported as a liability of the general long-term obligations account group until due.

K. Interfund Transactions

Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues and expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures in the fund that is reimbursed.

Nonrecurring or nonroutine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers. The Education Service Center had no Interfund transactions in fiscal year 1999.

L. Fund Balance Reserves

The Educational Service Center reserve those portions of fund equity which are legally segregated for a specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriation or expenditure. Unreserved fund balance indicates that a portion of fund equity which is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund equity reserves have been established for encumbrances and inventories of supplies.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

M. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

N. Total Columns on General Purpose Financial Statements

Total columns on the general purpose financial statements are captioned "Total - (Memorandum Only)" to indicate that they are presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in these columns do not present financial position and results of operations in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Neither is such data comparable to a consolidation. Interfund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

3. PRIOR YEAR RESTATEMENTS

The incorrect carrying value of compensated absences in fiscal year 1998 resulted in the following restatement of account group balances:

Amount at 6/30/98	Restated Amount	

\$111,462

\$109,122

4. BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

General Long -Term Obligation Group

While the Educational Service Center is reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balances/retained earnings on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual-All Governmental Fund Types is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are that:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
- 2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).
- 3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures for all funds (budget basis) rather than as a reservation of fund balance for governmental fund types (GAAP basis).

4. BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (Continued)

The following tables summarize the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP and budgetary basis statements by fund type.

Excess of Revenues Over/(Under) Expenditures Governmental Fund Types

	<u>General</u>	Special <u>Revenue</u>
GAAP Basis	\$37,371	\$16,114
Adjustments: Revenue Accruals Expenditure Accruals Prepaids Encumbrances	(56,726) 49,469 15,825 (220,833)	(19,540) (3,340) 2,253 (40,647)
Budget Basis	<u>(\$174,894)</u>	(\$45,160)

5. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the Educational Service Center into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the Educational Service Center Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Educational Service Center has identified as not required for use within the current two year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit, or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Protection of School District's deposits is provided by The Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

5. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States treasury notes, bills, bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the federal national mortgage association, federal home loan bank, federal farm credit bank, federal home loan mortgage corporation, government national mortgage association, and student loan marketing association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) of this section and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that the investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (Star Ohio); and
- 7. Certain bankers' acceptances and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred and eighty days in an amount not to exceed twenty five percent of the interim moneys available for investment at any one time.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payments for investments may be made upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the treasurer or qualified trustee or, if the securities are not represented by certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

The following information classifies deposits and investments by categories of risk as defined in GASB Statement 3, "Deposits with Financial Institutions, (including Repurchase Agreements), and Reverse Repurchase Agreements".

Deposits: At fiscal year end, the carrying amount of the Educational Service Center's deposits was (\$117,491) and the bank balance was \$60,251. All of the bank balance was covered by federal depository insurance.

5. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Investments: The Educational Service Center's investments are categorized below to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the Educational Service Center at fiscal year end. Category 1 includes investments that are insured or registered or for which the securities are held by the Educational Service Center or its agent in the Educational Service Center's name. Category 2 includes uninsured and unregistered investments which are held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the Educational Service Center's name. Category 3 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or agent but not in the Educational Service Center's name. STAR Ohio is an unclassified investment since it is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

The Educational Service Center's investment in STAR Ohio, an investment pool operated by the Ohio State Treasurer, is an unclassified investment since it is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

	Category 1	Category 2	Category 3	Carrying Amount	Fair Value
STAR Ohio	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$307,233	\$307,233
Repurchase Agreement	0	0	856,530	856,530	856,530
Total			\$856,530	\$1,163,763	\$1,163,763

The classification of cash and cash equivalents and investments on the combined financial statements is based on criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 9. A reconciliation between the classifications of cash and investments on the combined financial statements and the classification per GASB Statement 3 is as follows:

	Cash and Cash Equivalents/Deposits	Investments
GASB Statement 9 Investments:	\$1,046,272	\$0
Repurchase Agreement	(856,530)	856,530
STAR Ohio	(307,233)	307,233
GASB Statement 3	(\$117,491)	\$1,163,763

6. STATE FUNDING

The Educational Service Center is funded by the State Department of Education for the cost of Part (A) of their budget. This funding is provided from State resources.

Part (B) of the budget is provided by the school districts to which the Educational Service Center provides services and by the State Department of Education. Each school district's portion is determined by multiplying the average daily membership of the school district (the total number of students enrolled) by \$6.50. This amount is deducted by the State Department of Education from that school district's resources provided under the State's Foundation Program. The Department of Education's portion is determined by multiplying the sum of the average daily memberships of all of the school district's served by the Educational Service Center by \$34. This amount is provided from State resources.

If additional funding is needed for the Educational Service Center, and if a majority of the Boards of Education of the school districts served by the Educational Service Center approve, the cost of Part (B) of the budget can be increased. The portion that is in excess of the original funding calculation is shared by all of the school districts served by the Educational Service Center through additional reductions in their resources provided through the State Foundation Program. The State Board of Education initiates and supervises the procedure under which the school district's approve or disapprove the additional apportionment.

7. RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 1999, consisted of excess costs, printing services, miscellaneous reimbursements, and intergovernmental grants. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the stable condition of State programs, and the current fiscal year guarantee of federal funds.

A summary of the principal items of intergovernmental receivables follows:

	Amount
General Fund:	
CAFS	\$ 12,117
Excess Costs	102,078
Total General Fund	114,195
Special Revenue Funds:	
Eisenhower Grant	\$ <u>19,890</u>
Total Special Revenue Funds	19,890
Grand Total	\$ <u>134,085</u>

8. FIXED ASSETS

A summary of the changes in general fixed assets during fiscal year 1999 follows:

	Balance at6/30/98	Additions	<u>Deductions</u>	Balance at 6/30/99
Equipment and				
Furniture	\$318,453	\$56,959	\$10,197	\$365,215
Vehicles	15,311	0	0	15,311
Total	\$333,764	<u>\$56,959</u>	\$10,197	\$380,526

9. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Educational Service Center is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; employee injuries and natural disasters. During fiscal year 1999, the Educational Service Center contracted with Nationwide Insurance for property insurance, data processing equipment, and general liability insurance and contacted with Ohio Casualty Group for inland marine and automobile coverage. Coverages provided by Nationwide Insurance and the Ohio Casualty Group are as follows:

Personal Property Data Processing Equipment (\$250 Deductible)	\$375,700 132,000
General Liability	
Per Occurrence	2,000,000
Aggregate Limit	5,000,000
Inland Marine Coverage (\$100 Deductible)	40,000
Automobile Liability (\$500 Deductible)	1,000,000
Uninsured Motorists (\$500 Deductible)	1,000,000

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years.

For fiscal year 1999, the School District participated in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool (Note 17). The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the School District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of the GRP. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "Equity Pooling Fund". This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Gates McDonald & Co. provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

10. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

A. School Employees Retirement System

The Licking County Educational Service Center contributes to the School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS), a cost-sharing multiple employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan. SERS provides basic retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by State statute per Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 45 North Fourth Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215.

10. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

A. School Employees Retirement System (Continued)

Plan members are required to contribute 9 percent of their annual covered salary and the Licking County Educational Service Center is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current rate is 14 percent of the annual covered payroll. A portion of the Education Service Center's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits; for fiscal year 1999, 7.7 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. For fiscal year 1998, 9.02 percent was used to fund pension obligations. The contribution requirements of plan members and employees are established and may be amended, up to statutory maximum amounts, by the SERS retirement board. The Educational Service Center's required contributions for pension obligations to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 1999, 1998, and 1997 were \$45,979, \$46,163, and \$47,670 respectively; 100 percent has been contributed for the fiscal years 1998 and 1997. \$2,610 representing the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 1999, is recorded as a liability within the respective funds and the general long-term obligations account group.

B. State Teachers Retirement System

The Licking County Educational Service Center contributes to the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS), a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement system. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death and survivor benefits to members and beneficiaries. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. STRS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for STRS. That report may be obtained by writing to the State Teachers Retirement System, 275 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215.

For fiscal year ended June 30, 1999, plan members were required to contribute 9.3 percent of their annual covered salaries. The Licking County Educational Service Center is required to contribute 14 percent; 6 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. For fiscal year 1998, the portion used to fund pension obligations was 10.5 percent. Contribution rates are established by STRS, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employees. The Educational Service Center's required contributions for pension obligations to STRS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 1999, 1998, and 1997 were \$165,730, \$165,730, and \$174,402, respectively; the full 1999 pension payment was not paid until August 1999 and is recorded as a liability within the respective funds. The full pension obligations were paid for fiscal years 1998 and 1997.

11. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The Educational Service Center provides comprehensive health care benefits to retired teachers and their dependents through the State Teachers Retirement System (STRS), and to retired non-certified employees and their dependents through the School Employees Retirement System (SERS). Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs, and reimbursement of monthly medicare premiums. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the Systems based on authority granted by State statute. Both systems are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis.

11. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

All STRS benefit recipients and sponsored dependents are eligible for health care coverage. The STRS board has statutory authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Most benefit recipients pay a portion of the health care cost in the form of a monthly premium. By law, the cost of coverage paid from STRS funds shall be included in the employer contribution rate, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For fiscal year ended June 30, 1999, the STRS Board allocated employer contributions equal to 8 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Reserve Fund, an increase from 3.5 percent for fiscal year 1998. For the Educational Service Center, this amount equaled \$8,090 during fiscal year 1999. STRS pays health care benefits from the Health Care Reserve Fund. At June 30,1998 (the latest information available) the balance in the Fund was \$2,156 million. For the year ended June 30, 1998, net health care costs paid by STRS were \$219,224,000 and STRS had 91,999 eligible benefit recipients.

For SERS, coverage is made available to service retirees with ten or more fiscal years of qualifying service credit, disability, and survivor benefit recipients. Members retiring on or after August 1, 1989, with less than twenty-five years of service credit must pay a portion of their premium for health care. The portion is based on years of service up to a maximum of 75 percent of the premium.

After the allocation for basic benefits, the remainder of the employer's 14 percent contribution is allocated to providing health care benefits. For fiscal year ended June 30, 1999, employer contributions to fund health care benefits were 6.30 percent of covered payroll, an increase from 4.98 percent for fiscal year 1998. In addition, SERS levies a surcharge to fund health care benefits equal to 14 percent of the difference between a minimum pay and the member's pay, pro-rated for partial service credit. For fiscal year 1999, the minimum pay has been established at \$12,400. For the Educational Service Center, the amount contributed to health care benefits, including the surcharge, during the 1999 fiscal year equaled \$47,459.

The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate, provides for maintenance of the asset target level for the health care fund. The target level for the health care reserve is 125 percent of the annual health care expenses. Expenses for health care at June 30, 1998, (the latest information available) were \$111,900,575 and the target level was \$139.9 million. At June 30, 1998 SERS had net assets available for payment of health care benefits of \$160.3 million. SERS has approximately 50,000 participants currently receiving health care benefits.

12. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

A. Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave components are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified and administration employees earn twenty to twenty-five days of vacation per fiscal year, depending on length of service. Accumulated, unused vacation time is paid to classified employees and administrators upon termination of employment. Teachers do not earn vacation time.

Teachers, administrators, and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of fifteen days per year. Sick leave may be accumulated up to a maximum of 192 days for all personnel. Upon retirement, payment is made for one-fourth of accrued, but unused sick leave credit to a maximum of 46 days.

12. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (Continued)

B. Health Care Benefits

The Educational Service Center provides health and major medical insurance for all eligible employees through United Health Care of Ohio. The Service Center pays monthly premiums of up to \$260 maximum per person. Premiums are paid from the same funds that pay the employees' salaries. The Educational Service Center also provides prescription drug insurance to its employees through the same insurance carrier. The Educational Service Center pays the total premium for dental coverage which is provided through Coresource, Inc. Premiums for this coverage are \$26.30 one individual, \$46.83 for an employee with children, \$48.06 for an employee and spouse, and \$68.59 for an employee with a spouse and children. The Educational Service Center also provides life insurance through Metropolitan Life Insurance Company at a cost of \$5.00 per employee per month.

13. CAPITAL LEASES

The Education Service Center entered into a capitalized lease for a copier. The lease meets the criteria of a capital lease as defined by the Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No 13 "Accounting for Leases", which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers benefits and risks of ownership to the leasee. Capital lease payments are reflected as debt service expenditures in the General Purpose Financial Statements for the governmental funds. The items acquired by lease have been capitalized in the General Fixed Asset Account Group in the Amount of \$16,970, which is equal to the present value of the future minimum lease payments at the time of acquisition. A corresponding liability was recorded in the General Long Term Obligations Account Group. Principal payments in 1999 totaled \$3,944.

Future minimum lease payments through 2001 are as follows:

<u>Year</u>	Amount
2000	\$5,616
2001	<u>5,148</u>
Total	10,764
(Less: Amounts Representing Interest)	<u>(1,415)</u>
Present Value of Net Minimum Lease Payments	<u>\$9,349</u>

14. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The changes in the Educational Service Center's long-term obligations during fiscal year 1998 were as follows:

Outstanding6/30/98	Additions	Reductions	Outstanding 6/30/99	
Capital Lease	\$13,293	\$0	\$3,944	\$9,349
Pension Obligations	\$12,048	\$14,585	\$12,048	\$14,585
Compensated Absences	83,781	53,502	20,007	117,276
Total All Long-Term Obligations	\$109,122	\$68,087	\$35,999	<u>\$141,210</u>

Pension obligations and compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries are paid. The capital lease is paid from the general fund.

15. JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

A. Licking County Joint Vocational School District

The Licking County Joint Vocational School is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a Board consisting of three representatives from the Licking County Educational Service Center, two from the Newark City School District, one from the Heath City School District, and one from the Granville Exempted Village School District, which possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. To obtain financial information write to the Licking County Joint Vocational School, Shirley Dupps, who serves as Treasurer, at 150 Price Road, Newark, Ohio 43055.

B. Metropolitan Educational Council

The Educational Service Center participates in the Metropolitan Educational Council (MEC), a jointly governed organization. The organization is composed of over 100 members which includes school districts, joint vocational schools, educational service centers, and libraries covering 24 counties in Central Ohio. The MEC helps its members purchase services, food, supplies, and other items at a discounted rate. The governing board of MEC is composed of either the superintendent, a designated representative or a member of the board of education for each participating school district in Franklin County (18 school districts) and one representative from each county. Each year, the participating school districts pay a membership fee to MEC to cover the costs of administering the program. Financial information may be obtained from the Metropolitan Educational Council, Denise Music, who serves as fiscal officer, at 6100 Channingway Blvd., Suite 604, Columbus, Ohio 43232.

16. JOINT VENTURE

Licking Area Computer Association

The ESC is a participant among thirteen schools in a joint venture to operate the Licking Area Computer Association (LACA). The organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology, with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment, to administrative and instructional functions among member districts. LACA is governed by a board of directors consisting of one superintendent or his/her designee from each of the participating members. The district has an equity interest that is explicit and not measurable in that the joint venture agreement stipulates that the participants will share in net obligations or asset liquidations in a ratio proportionate to their last twelve months' financial contributions and likewise shall participate in proceeds from sale of assets upon liquidation. LACA is not accumulating significant financial resources and is not experiencing fiscal stress that may cause an additional financial benefit to or burden on members in the future.

The Licking County Joint Vocational School District is the fiscal agent for LACA. Financial statements for LACA can be obtained from Licking Area Computer Association 195 Union Street, Suite C-2 Newark, Ohio 43055.

17. GROUP PURCHASING POOL

Ohio School Board Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan

The Educational Service Center participates in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The GRP's business and affairs are conducted by a three member Board of directors consisting of the President, the President-Elect and the Immediate Past President of the OSBA. The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the program. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

18. CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The Educational Service Center received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the Educational Service Center at June 30, 1999.

B. Litigation

The Licking County Educational Service Center is currently not party to any pending litigation.

19. IN-KIND CONTRIBUTIONS

The Educational Service Center is provided space by the Licking County Commissioners as required by the Ohio Revised Code at no charge. They also provide the Service Center with utility services except phone services at no charge. The value of the contributions cannot be reasonably determined.

20. SCHOOL FUNDING DECISION

On March 24, 1997, the Ohio Supreme Court rendered a decision declaring certain portions of the Ohio school funding plan unconstitutional. The Court stayed the effect of its ruling for one year to allow the State's legislature to design a plan to remedy the perceived defects in the system. Declared unconstitutional was the State's "school foundation program", which provides significant amounts of monetary support to this Educational Service Center. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 1999, the Educational Service Center received \$1,001,448 of foundation support for its General Fund.

Since the Supreme Court ruling, numerous pieces of legislation have been passed by the Ohio General Assembly in an attempt to address the issues identified by the Court. The Court of Common Pleas in Perry County has reviewed the new laws and, in a decision issued on February 26, 1999, determined they are not sufficiently responsive to the constitutional issues raised under the "thorough and efficient" clause of the Ohio Constitution. The State has appealed the decision made by the Court of Common Pleas to the Ohio Supreme Court. At this time, the Ohio Supreme Court has not rendered an opinion on this issue. The decision of the Court of Common Pleas in Perry County has been stayed by the Ohio Supreme Court, and, as such, school districts are still operating under the laws that the Common Pleas Court declared unconstitutional.

As of the date of these financial statements, the Educational Service Center is unable to determine what effect, if any, this ongoing litigation will have on its future State funding under this program and on its financial operations.

21. YEAR 2000

The year 2000 issue is the result of shortcomings in many electronic data processing systems and other equipment that may adversely affect the government's operations as early as 1999.

The Education Service Center uses the State of Ohio Uniform Accounting System software for its financial reporting, and payroll and employee benefits. The State is responsible for remediating these systems.

The State of Ohio distributes a substantial sum of money to the Education Service Center in the form of "Foundation" payments. Further the State processes a significant amount of financial and non-financial information about the Education Service Center through EMIS. The State is responsible for remediating these systems.

To the best of management's knowledge and belief, as of February 1, 2000 the Center experienced no interruption of operations or services related to the Year 2000 issue. However, because of the unprecedented nature of the Year 2000 issue, matters may yet arise, and parties with whom the Center does business may also experience Year 2000 readiness issues that are as yet, unknown.

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REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Licking County Board of Education Licking County Educational Service Center 675 Price Road Newark, Ohio 43055

We have audited the financial statements of the Licking County Educational Service Center, Licking County, Ohio, (the Center) as of and for the year ended June 30, 1999, and have issued our report thereon dated February 1, 2000. We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Center's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Center's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Licking County Board of Education Licking County Educational Service Center Report on Compliance and on Internal Control Required by Government Auditing Standards Page 2

This report is intended for the information and use of the audit committee, management, and the Board of Education, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

JIM PETRO Auditor of State

February 1, 2000



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LICKING COUNTY EDUCATIONAL SERVICE CENTER LICKING COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED MARCH 7, 2000